Index to the Supplement

TO

THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE

FROM

JULY TO DECEMBER 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 27 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RETURNS OF JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

No. I.

Abstract of Joint-stock Companies.

	COMPANIES DIVIDED INTO SHARES.			COMPANIES LIMITED BY GUARANTEE, *i.e.*, POSSESSING NO CAPITAL PAID UP.	
	Number of companies.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Number of companies.	Number of members.
		Rs.	Rs.		
Working at close of 1891-92	324	15,56,08,475	11,64,81,728		
Registered during 1892-93	20	39,33,000	......		
Capital increased during 1892-93	7	6,00,000	......		
Capital decreased during 1892-93	...	......	......		
Ceased to work during 1892-93	19	1,12,45,000	36,27,905		
Working at close of 1892-93	325	14,88,96,475	11,91,06,513		

No. II.

Joint-stock Companies registered during the year 1892-93.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
				Rs.	Rs.	
		I.—BANKING, LOAN, AND INSURANCE COMPANIES.				
		(a) Banking and Loan Companies.				
728	22nd August 1892	Bagirhat Loan Co., Ld. ...	Lending money	10,000		Chandra Kanta Dass' Place, Bagirhat.
743	23rd Feb. 1893	Madaripur Loan Office, Ld. ...	Banking business ...	20,000		
			Total of Banking and Loan Cos.	30,000		
		(b) Insurance Companies.				
		II.—TRADING COMPANIES.				
		(a) Merchants and Traders.				
729	1st Sept. 1892	Himalayan Trading Co., Ld. ...	General trade	50,000		
732	22nd " "	Bengal Fisheries, Ld.	Fishing in the Bay of Bengal and fish merchants.	2,50,000		No. 47, Ezra Street, Calcutta
				3,00,000		
		(b) Navigation.				
		(c) Railways and Tramways.				
		(d) Co-operative Associations.				
		(e) Shipping, Landing, and Warehousing.				
			Total of Trading Cos. ...	3,00,000		
		III.—MILLS AND PRESSES.				
		(a) Cotton Mills.				
		(b) Jute Mills.				
725	1st August 1892	Soorah Jute Mills Co., Ld. ...	Spinning and weaving jute, &c.	7,00,000		No. 12, Mallik Street, Burrabazar, Calcutta (since removed to 14-[illegible] Clive Row).
				7,00,000		
		(c) Mills for Cotton, Jute, Wool, Silk, Hemp, &c.				
741	25th Jan. 1893	Oriental Hosiery Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Manufacturing thread from cotton, wool, or silk and other knitted articles.	2,00,000		
				2,00,000		
		(d) Cotton and Jute Screws and Presses.				
		(e) Other Mills and Presses.				
727	5th August 1892	Berhampore Shambhu Mill Co., Ld.	Manufacturing oil, soorkee and flour.	25,000		Doyanagore, Berhampore, Murshidabad.
733	22nd Oct. "	Cachar Saw Mill and Trading Co., Ld.	Saw and other mills for manufacturing bones, oil, and flour.	50,000		
74	10th March 1893	Calcutta Roller Flour Mills Co., Ld.	Manufacturing flour, oil, &c.	1,50,000		
				2,25,000		
			Total of Mills and Presses	11,25,000		

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
				Rs.	Rs.	
		IV.—TEA AND OTHER PLANTING COMPANIES.				
		(a) Tea.				
739	29th Dec. 1892	Central Dooars Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivate tea, &c. ...	4,00,000		No. 31, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.
742	4th Feb. 1893	Tilkah Tea Co., Ld.	Cultivate tea	40,000		No 1A, Lal Bazar Street, Calcutta.
				4,40,000		
		(b) Coffee and Cinchona.				
		(c) Others.				
			Total of Planting Cos.	4,40,000		
		V.—MINING AND QUARRYING.				
		(Coal).				
730	2nd Sept. 1892	South Burrakur Coal Co., Ld.	Mining coal	5,00,000		No. 5 Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
731	17th " "	Baraboni Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto	2,00,000		No. 18, Swallow Lane, Calcutta.
735	8th Dec. "	Burma Coal Co., Ld.	Ditto	7,50,000		No. 12, Mission Row Calcutta.
				14,50,000		
			Total of Mining and Quarrying Cos.	14,50,000		
		VI.—ICE MANUFACTURING.				
721	6th April 1892	Dacca Ice Co., Ld.	Manufacturing ice ...	3,000		
				3,000		
			Total of Ice Manufacturing Cos.	3,000		
		VII.—SUGAR MANUFACTURING.				
		VIII.—BREWERIES.				
		IX.—OTHERS.				
722	18th April 1892	Indian Match Factory, Ld. ...	Manufacturing matches.	70,000		No. 66, College Street Calcutta.
726	2nd August "	Driscoll's Patent Life and Property Saving Apparatus Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto and selling life-buoys, &c.	2,00,000		No. 6, Church Lane, Calcutta.
734	2nd Nov. "	Indian Ærating Gas Factories, Ld.	Manufacturing carbonic acid gas.	2,00,000		
738	28th Dec. "	"Ruby" Patent Mica Non-Conducting Boiler Composition Syndicate, Ld.	......	1,10,000		
740	7th Jan. 1893	National Union Fund Co., Ld.	Provide for payment of a lump sum of money to the heirs of a deceased shareholder.	5,000		No. 4, Nobokumar Raha's Lane, Calcutta.
			Total of other Cos. ...	5,85,000		

No. III.

Companies limited by guarantee registered during the year 1892-93.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Number of members.	Situation of registered office.
		Nil.			

No. IV.

Joint-stock Companies that have increased their capital during the year 1892-93.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Date of increase.	Previous capital.		Present capital.		Difference.	
				Nominal.	Paid up.	Nominal.	Paid up.	Nominal.	Paid up.
		I.—Banking Loan and Insurance Companies.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
		(a) Banking and Loan Companies.							
		(b) Insurance Companies.							
		II.—Trading Companies.							
		(a) Merchants and Traders.							
606	16th May 1890	Tangra Tannery and Manure Co., Ld.	25th June 1892	50,000	50,000	1,00,000	50,000	50,000	
		(b) Navigation.							
		(c) Railways and Tramways.							
		(d) Co-operative Associations.							
		(e) Shipping, Landing and Warehousing.							
		III.—Mills and Presses.							
		(a) Cotton Mills.							
		(b) Jute Mills.							
		(c) Mills for Cotton, Jute, Wool, Silk, Hemp, &c.							
		(d) Cotton and Jute Screws and Presses.							
		(e) Other Mills and Presses.							
590	28th Jan. 1890	Bengal Paper Mills Co., Ld.	5th May 1892	7,00,000	6,96,250	8,00,000	6,96,250	1,00,000	
727	5th Aug. 1892	Berhampore Shambhu Mill Co., Ld.	30th Jan. 1893	25,000	...	50,000	...	25,000	
		IV.—Tea and other Planting Companies.							
		(a) Tea.							
604	14th May 1890	Gairkhata Tea Co., Ld. ...	27th Apr. 1892	2,00,000	1,60,000	2,50,000	1,60,000	50,000	
580	15th Aug. 1889	Anjuman Tea Co., Ld. ...	4th Jan. 1893	1,50,000	90,000	2,25,000	90,000	75,000	
		(b) Coffee and Cinchona.							
		(c) Others.							
		V.—Mining and Quarrying.							
631	30th Sept. 1890	Patkoom Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	7th May 1892	1,00,000	86,675	1,50,000	86,675	50,000	
657	29th Nov. 1890	Palgunj Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	2nd and 10th Sept. 1892.	50,000	50,000	3,00,000	50,000	2,50,000	
		VI.—Ice Manufacturing.							
		VII.—Sugar Manufacturing.							
		VIII.—Breweries.							
		IX.—Others.						6,00,000	

No. V.

Joint-stock Companies that have reduced their capital during the year 1892-93.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Date of reduction.	Previous capital.		Present capital.		Difference.	
				Nominal.	Paid up.	Nominal.	Paid up.	Nominal.	Paid up.
			Nil.						

No. VI.

Joint-stock Companies that, having ceased to work, have gone into liquidation or have been finally dissolved (or otherwise become defunct) during the year 1892-93.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Date of going into liquidation.	Date of final dissolution.
			Rs.	Rs.		
		I.—BANKING, LOAN, AND INSURANCE COMPANIES.				
		(a) Banking and Loan Companies.				
684	11th April 1891	Chóta Nagpur Bank, Ld. ...	2,00,000	...	......	Defunct.
		(b) Insurance Companies.				
547	9th Nov. 1887	Reliance Marine Insurance Office, Ld.	20,00,000	52,500	21st July 1892	
577	3rd July 1889	Indian Imperial Marine Insurance, Co., Ld.	30,00,000	3,75,000	15th Dec. 1892	
		II.—TRADING COMPANIES.				
		(a) Merchants and Traders.				
		(b) Navigation.				
203	12th July 1866	Burmah Steam Tug Co., Ld. ...	3,00,000	1,89,000	25th June 1889	24th Aug. 1892.
446	24th Aug. 1882	Orissa Coasting Steam Navigation Co., Ld.	4,00,000	2,84,975	......	Defunct.
		(c) Railways and Tramways.				
581	28th Aug. 1889	Patna Tramway Co., Ld. ...	2,00,000	...	......	Do.
		(d) Co-operative Associations.				
		(e) Shipping, Landing and Warehousing.				
515	1st July 1885	Goyana Boat Co., Ld. ...	20,000	...	......	Do.
		III.—MILLS AND PRESSES.				
		(a) Cotton Mills.				
		(b) Jute Mills.				
		(c) Mills for Cotton, Jute, Wool, Silk, Hemp, &c.				
		(d) Cotton and Jute Screws and Presses.				
		(e) Other Mills and Presses.				
		IV.—TEA AND OTHER PLANTING COMPANIES.				
		(a) Tea.				
532	12th July 1886	Chapaguri Tea Co., Ld. ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	6th Feb. 1892	10th June 1892.
385	10th April 1879	Munjha Tea Co., Ld. ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	28th Dec. 1891	27th June ,,
304	27th Nov. 1874	Chota Nagpur Tea Co., Ld. ...	2,50,000	2,50,000	2nd July 1892	
291	28th July ,,	Teendareea Co., Ld. ...	1,35,000	1,35,000	14th July ,,	9th Sept. ,,
417	27th July 1881	Chenga Tea Co., Ld. ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	14th Dec. 1890	24th Sept. ,,
442	5th July 1882	Mesai Tea Co., Ld. ...	2,50,000	2,50,000	23rd Jan. 1892	7th Oct. ,,
352	23rd March 1877	Dhunsiri Tea Co., Ld. ...	1,60,000	1,60,000	4th Nov. ,,	
158	20th July 1864	Moran Tea Co., Ld. ...	6,00,000	4,80,000	2nd Dec. ,,	
		(b) Coffee and Cinchona.				
		(c) Others.				
		V.—MINING AND QUARRYING.				
697	4th Aug. 1891	Nowdeah Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	1,00,000	...	22nd April 1892	
652	7th Nov. 1890	Mining and Prospecting Co., Ld.	4,50,000	1,43,450	22nd July ,,	
632	30th Sept. ,,	Dhadka Mining Co., Ld. ...	10,00,000	10,00,000	8th Aug. ,,	
691	25th May 1891	Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	1,00,000	...	11th Jan. 1893	21st Feb, 1893.
622	4th Sept. 1890	Pat-Pat Gold Mining Co., Ld. ...	10,30,000	7,41,840	24th Feb. ,,	
666	23rd Jan. 1891	Padres Hill Mining Co., Ld. ...	6,00,000	...	4th March ,,	
642	11th Oct. 1890	Sonakhan Gold and Mining Co., Ld.	8,00,000	...	9th March ,,	
644	17th Oct. ,,	Baghmundi Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	4,00,000	...	25th Aug. 1891	29th March ,,
658	3rd Jan. 1891	Cossye River Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	50,000	...	......	Defunct.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Date of going into liquidation.	Date of final dissolution.
			Rs.	Rs.		
		VI.—Ice Manufacturing.				
		VII.—Sugar Manufacturing.				
		VIII.—Breweries.				
		IX.—Others.				
543	5th Aug. 1887	Bengal Science and Art Union, Ld.	1,50,000	6,140	......	Defunct.
391	6th June 1879	Kanknarrah Lime Factory Co., Ld.	10,000	9,320	19th Sept. 1890	28th March 1893.
		Total ...	1,12,45,000	36,28,905		

No. VII.

Companies limited by guarantee that, having ceased to work, have gone into liquidation or have been finally dissolved (or otherwise become defunct) during the year 1892-93.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Number of members.	Date of going into liquidation.	Date of final dissolution.
		Nil.			

No. VIII.

List of Joint-stock Companies at work on 31st March 1893.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
				Rs.	Rs.	
		I.—Banking, Loan, and Insurance.				
		(a) *Banking or Loan Companies.*				
221	7th April 1869	Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.	Banking business ...	2,25,00,000	2,25,00,000	No. 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.
225	13th June 1870	Faridpur Loan Office, Ld. ...	,, ,, ...	20,000	19,820	Faridpur town.
226	25th Mar. 1871	Tippera Loan Office, Ld. ...	,, ,, ...	1,00,000	95,990	Gangagunge, Comilla, Tippera.
268	23rd Sept. 1873	Mymensingh Loan Office, Ld.	,, ,, ...	1,00,000	80,400	Mymensingh town.
270	17th Nov. ,,	Barisal Loan Office, Ld. ...	,, ,, ...	20,000	18,000	Barisal town.
301	5th Nov. 1874	Bogra Loan Office, Ld. ...	,, ,, ...	20,000	12,500	Bogra town.
326	26th Sept. 1875	Nasirabad Loan Office, Ld....	,, ,, ...	50,000	28,050	Nasirabad town, Mymensingh.
333	12th April 1876	Jesore Loan Co., Ld. ...	Lending money ...	1,20,000	1,00,000	Jessore town.
336	26th June ,,	Sahar-Serpur Loan Office, Ld.	,, ,, ...	20,000	16,170	Serpur town, Mymensingh.
342	29th July ,,	Munshiganj Loan Office, Ld.	,, ,, ...	20,000	12,010	Munshiganj, Dacca.
399	26th Feb. 1880	Hindu Union Bank, Ld. ...	Banking business ...	20,000	1,530	Jamalpur, Monghyr.
401	29th Mar. ,,	Dacca Loan Office, Ld. ...	Lending money ...	2,00,000	1,39,060	No. 25, Islampur, Dacca.
418	13th Aug. 1881	Sylhet Loan Co., Ld. ...	,, ,, ...	20,000	6,690	Sylhet town.
467	21st Feb. 1883	Chota Nagpur Banking Association, Ld.	Banking business ...	20,000	20,000	Hazaribagh.
478	8th Aug. ,,	Pabna Bank, Ld. ...	Lending money ...	20,000	15,000	Raghabpore, Pabna.
484	19th Sept. ,,	Kishoreganj Loan Office, Ld.	,, ,, ...	50,000	32,370	Kishoreganj, Mymensingh.
509	2nd Mar. 1885	Noakhali Loan Office, Ld. ...	,, ,, ...	20,000	9,750	Noakhali, Sadar.
537	12th Feb. 1887	Tangail Loan Office, Ld. ...	,, ,, ...	50,000	26,270	Tangail, Mymensingh.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
		I.—BANKING, LOAN, AND INSURANCE—concld.		Rs.	Rs.	
		(a) *Banking or Loan Companies*—concld.				
540	27th July 1887	Ghatail Sammiloni Dhan Bhandar Co., Ld.	Lending money ...	20,000	18,050	Ghatail station, Gopalpore, Mymensingh.
542	4th Aug. "	Kurigram Loan Office, Ld. ...	" " ...	20,000	20,000	Madhyapara, Kurigram.
546	15th Sept. "	Khulna Loan Co., Ld. ...	" " ...	15,000	15,000	Khulna town.
553	2nd May 1888	Digh Pait Milit Dhan Bhandar Co., Ld.	" " ...	1,00,000	18,390	Digh Pait, Jamalpur, Mymensingh.
574	23rd May 1889	Jalpaiguri Banking and Trading Corporation, Ld.	Banking business ...	1,00,000	11,424	Jalpaiguri.
597	24th Mar. 1890	Bankipore Loan Office, Ld.	Lending money ...	50,000	18,350	Bankipore, Patna.
663	13th Jan. 1891	Umballa Bank, Ld. ...	Banking business ...	2,00,000	......	No. 6, Strand Road, Calcutta.
728	22nd Aug. 1892	Bagirhat Loan Co., Ld. ...	Lending money ...	10,000	......	Chandra Kanta Dass' Place, Bagirhat.
743	23rd Feb. 1893	Madaripur Loan Office, Ld.	Banking business ...	20,000		
				2,39,05,000	2,32,34,824	
		(b) *Insurance Company.*				
545	5th Sept. 1887	Triton Insurance Co., Ld. ...	Insurance business	22,50,000	4,50,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
				22,50,000	4,50,000	
			Total of Banking, Loan and Insurance Companies.	2,61,55,000	2,36,84,824	
		II.—TRADING COMPANIES.				
		(a) *Merchants and Traders.*				
90	1st April 1863	R. Scott Thomson and Co., Ld.	Carrying on business of chemists and druggists.	5,00,000	4,67,000	No. 15, Government Place, Calcutta.
274	18th Dec. 1873	Agricultural Phosphates Co., Ld.	Manufacturing Phosphates.	1,00,000	85,000	No. 7, Church Lane, Calcutta.
383	20th Mar. 1879	Narail Trading Co., Ld. ...	General trade and lending money.	20,000	6,668	Narail, Jessore.
411	7th Feb. 1881	Pingna Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,00,000	57,125	Pingna, Mymensingh.
440	31st May 1882	Co-operative Pharmacy Co., Ld.	Business of chemists and druggists.	50,000	29,940	No. 54, Sobha Bazar Street, Calcutta.
523	4th Feb. 1886	Great Eastern Hotel Wine and General Purveying Co., Ld.	Business of hotel-keeping and general dealers.	12,00,000	12,00,000	Nos. 1, 2, and 3, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
549	8th Dec. 1887	Indian Tea Supply Co., Ld.	Dealer in Indian teas.	3,00,000	3,00,000	No. 25, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
556	15th June 1888	H. Dear and Co., Ld. ...	Mercantile business	6,00,000	6,00,000	No. 5/8, Clive Street, Calcutta.
564	29th Nov. "	Bihar Commercial Co., Ld....	General trade ...	20,000	......	
568	20th Feb. 1889	Chota Nagpur Carrying Co., Ld.	Carrying passengers and goods from Ranchi.	20,000	7,904	Hazaribagh.
570	5th Mar. "	Kayastha Trading Co., Ld....	General trade ...	20,000	8,800	Dumraon, Shahabad.
584	7th Nov. "	Jessop and Co., Ld. ...	Brass and iron founders.	9,00,000	9,00,000	No. 93, Clive Street, Calcutta.
591	4th Feb. 1890	Rajshahi Dhanes Co., Ld. ...	General trade ...	20,000	1,463	Lalore, Rajshahi.
594	24th " "	Calcutta Skating and Amusement Club, Ld.	Amusements ...	1,00,000	......	No. 135, Canning Street, Calcutta.
605	16th May "	Tangra Tannery and Manure Co., Ld.	Tanning hides and crushing bones.	1,00,000	50,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
671	11th Feb. 1891	O. Hanlon and Co., Ld. ...	Manufacturing paint and other oleoginous substance.	10,000	10,000	No. 5, Lyon's Range, Calcutta.
674	24th " "	Bengal Timber Trading Co., Ld.	Trading in timber	1,00,000	55,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
692	29th May "	"Hitabadi" Printing and Publishing Co., Ld.	Printing and publishing newspaper.	25,000	......	No. 63, Bechu Chaterjee's Street, Calcutta.
694	24th June "	Panari Trading Corporation, Ld.	Farming business ...	2,00,000	......	
696	24th July "	Nagra Timber Co., Ld. ...	To work in timber...	40,000	40,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
698	8th Aug. "	Elysium Dramatic Co., Ld....	To establish a theatre in the heart of the town.	3,00,000	80,247	No. 14, Goa Bagan Street, Calcutta.
702	10th Sept. "	Tangail Trading Co., Ld. ...	General trade ...	50,000	910	Tangail, Mymensingh.
703	14th " "	Kinmond and Co., Ld. ...	Engineers, contractors, and builders.	10,000	7,000	No. 14, Old Court House Lane, Calcutta.
708	5th Dec. "	Bihar Trading Co., Ld. ...	General trade ...	20,000	4,350	Bankipore, Patna.
710	11th " "	John King and Co., Ld ...	Engineers and contractors.	3,00,000	3,00,000	Victoria Engine Works, Howrah.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
		II.—TRADING COMPANIES—*concld.*		Rs.	Rs.	
		(*a*) *Merchants and Traders*—concld.				
714	2nd Jan. 1892	Khulna Trading Co., Ld. ...	General trade ...	50,000	1,072	Khulna, Sadar.
716	18th Jan. "	Kurigram Model Co., Ld. ...	Stamp vendors and general traders.	20,000	......	
720	25th Mar. "	Oriental Trading Co., Ld. ...	Trade in timber ...	30,000	......	No. 187, Darmahatta Street, Calcutta.
729	1st Sept. "	Himalayan Trading Co., Ld.	General trade ...	50,000	......	
732	22nd " "	Bengal Fisheries, Ld. ...	Fishing in the Bay of Bengal and fish merchants.	2,50,000	......	No. 47, Ezra Street, Calcutta.
				55,05,000	42,12,479	
		(*b*) *Navigation.*				
456	8th Nov. 1882	Calcutta Steam Navigation Co., Ld.	Navigating in Bengal.	8,40,000	8,40,000	No. 38, Strand Road, Calcutta.
620	14th Aug. 1890	India General Steam Navigation Co., Ld.	Conveying goods and passengers.	80,00,000	70,74,400	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
705	3rd Oct. 1891	Eastern Steam Navigation Co., Ld.	Navigating business	3,00,000	......	
				91,40,000	79,14,400	
		(*c*) *Railways and Tramways.*				
386	10th April 1879	Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway Co., Ld.	Constructing and working steam tramway.	17,50,000	17,50,000	No. 5-8, Clive Street, Calcutta.
425	30th Jan. 1882	Deoghur Railway Co., Ld. ...	Constructing railway from Baidyanath to Deoghur.	2,75,000	2,75,000	No. 7, Hastings Street, Calcutta.
492	18th Feb. 1884	Tarkessur Railway Co., Ld.	Constructing railway from Seoraphuli to Tarkessur.	17,50,000	17,50,000	No. 38, Strand Road, Calcutta.
567	15th Feb. 1889	Rangoon Steam Tramway Co., Ld.	Constructing tramway in Rangoon.	7,50,000	6,00,000	No. 5-8, Clive Street, Calcutta.
613	23rd June 1890	Bengal Provincial Railway Co., Ld.	Constructing railway from Tarkessur to Mogra.	8,00,000	2,02,179	No. 300, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.
				53,25,000	45,77,179	
		(*d*) *Co-operative Associations.*				
250	13th Feb. 1873	Asansol E. I. R. Co-operative Society, Ld.	Providing wines and spirits for the railway employés.	10,000	10,000	Durand Road, E. R. R.
263	25th May "	Buxar Co-operative Society, Ld.	Selling wines, beer, and oilman's stores.	4,000	4,000	No. 2, Buxar Road, Buxar.
439	30th May 1882	Northern Bengal Railway Co-operative Supply Association, Ld.	Supplying stores for the railway employés.	11,400	11,400	Saidpur, N. B. R.
548	30th Nov. 1887	Asansol Railway Co-operative Ice and Ærated Water Supply, Ld.	Supplying ice and ærated water for the railway employés.	16,000	16,000	Icehouse Tank Road, Asansol.
617	4th Aug. 1890	Jamalpore Co-operative Association, Ld.	Trade in co-operative stores.	8,000	4,000	Jamalpur, E. I. R.
695	10th July 1891	South Sylhet Supply Society, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	12,000	......	Matigunge, South Sylhet.
				61,400	45,400	
		(*e*) *Shipping, Landing, and Warehousing.*				
114	7th Aug. 1863	Calcutta Landing and Shipping Co., Ld.	Landing and shipping cargo.	5,00,000	4,20,000	No. 24, Strand Road, Calcutta.
120	15th Sept. "	Howrah Docking Co., Ld. ...	Improvement of existing docks and building and working other.	8,00,000	8,00,000	No. 5, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.
661	23rd Dec. 1890	Cargo Boat Co., Ld. ...	Landing and shipping.	50,000	10,000	No. 134, Canning Street, Calcutta.
				13,50,000	12,30,000	
			Total of Trading Companies.	2,13,81,400	1,79,79,458	
		III.—MILLS AND PRESSES.				
		(*a*) *Cotton Mills.*				
128	9th Oct. 1863	Goosery Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	Manufacturing cotton, twist and cloth, &c.	15,00,000	15,00,000	No. 104, Clive Street, Calcutta.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
		III.—MILLS AND PRESSES—*contd.*		Rs.	Rs.	
		(a) Cotton Mills—concld.				
244	7th Aug. 1872	Bowreah Cotton Mills Co., Ld.*	Spinning and weaving cotton.	18,00,000	18,00,000	No 5, Mission Row, Calcutta.
307	18th Dec. 1874	Dunbar Cotton Mill, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto, &c.	14,00,000	11,09,500	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
354	19th April 1877	Empress of India Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	Manufacturing cotton.	8,75,000	8,75,000	No. 55, Canning Street, Calcutta.
566	5th Jan. 1889	Calcutta Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	Spinning cotton, &c.	5,00,000	4,91,500	No. 57, Cotton Street, Calcutta.
600	18th April 1890	Bengal Spinning and Weaving Co., Ld.	Spinning and weaving cotton, &c.	10,00,000	62,499	No. 2, Amratala Street, Calcutta.
				70,75,000	58,38,499	
		(b) Jute Mills.				
259	21st April 1873	Budge-Budge Jute Mills Co., Ld.	Manufacturing jute, hemp, &c.	18,00,000	14,40,000	No. 7, Clive Row, Calcutta.
334	12th „ 1876	Gauripur Co., Ld.	Manufacturing gunny bags.	12,00,000	12,00,000	No. 5, Lyon's Range, Calcutta.
361	28th Sept. 1877	Kamarhatty Co., Ld. ...	Manufacturing and weaving jute, &c.	8,00,000	4,00,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
405	5th Oct. 1880	Union Jute Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto	12,00,000	9,00,000	No. 39, Strand Road, Calcutta.
461	30th Dec. 1882	Kanknarrah Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto	14,00,000	8,26,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
585	28th Nov. 1889	Sibpur Jute Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Spinning and weaving jute, &c.	10,00,000	10,00,000	No. 19, Radha Bazar, Street, Calcutta.
619	8th Aug. 1890	Central Jute Mills Co , Ld....	Ditto ditto	7,00,000	6,99,250	No. 7, Clive Row, Calcutta.
625	18th Sept. „	Howrah Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto	26,25,000	26,25,000	Nos. 2 & 3, Clive Row, Calcutta.
627	24th „ „	Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto	14,00,000	14,00,000	No. 5, Mission Row, Calcutta.
718	16th March 1892	Hooghly Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto	37,80,000	13,59,600	No. 5-8, Clive Street, Calcutta.
725	1st Aug. „	Soorah Jute Mills Co., Ld....	Ditto ditto	7,00,000	......	No. 14-2, Clive Row, Calcutta.
				1,66,05,000	1,18,49,850	
		(c) Mills for Cotton, Jute, Wool, Silk, Hemp, &c.				
415	20th June 1881	Bengal Silk Co., Ld. ...	Spinning and weaving silk.	3,50,000	3,50,000	No. 25, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
741	25th Jan. 1893	Oriental Hosiery Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Manufacturing thread from cotton, wool or silk, and other knitted articles.	2,00,000	......	No. 5, Garstin's Place, Calcutta.
				5,50,000	3,50,000	
		(d) Cotton and Jute Screws and Presses.				
213	16th Sept. 1867	Nasmyth's Patent Press Co., Ld.	Pressing cotton, jute &c.	4,00,000	4,00,000	No. 10, Clive Row, Calcutta.
257	10th April 1873	Calcutta Hydraulic Press Co., Ld.	Pressing and screwing cotton, jute and jute cuttings.	1,70,000	1,70,000	No. 7, Clive Row, Calcutta.
280	25th Feb. 1874	Watson's Patent Press Co., Ld.	Pressing and selling jute, jute cuttings, &c.	3,00,000	3,00,000	No. 100, Clive Street, Calcutta.
282	23rd April „	Ramkistopore Press Co., Ld.	Pressing and screwing cotton, jute, &c.	1,30,000	1,30,000	No. 14, Old Court House Lane, Calcutta.
287	13th July „	Riverside Press Co. (Watson's Patent) Ld.	Ditto ditto	3,00,000	2,99,800	No. 1, Lal Bazar, Calcutta.
290	24th „ „	Strand Bank Press Co. (Watson's Patent), Ld.	Pressing jute, hides, &c.	2,50,000	2,50,000	No. 3, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.
382	17th March 1879	Chitpur Hydraulic Pressing Co., Ld.	Pressing cotton, jute, and other materials..	4,00,000	4,00,000	No. 14-2, Clive Row, Calcutta.
420	20th Sept. 1881	Canal Press Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto	2,40,000	2,40,000	No. 7, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
443	25th July 1882	Camperdown Pressing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto	5,00,000	4,30,000	Ditto ditto.
480	13th Aug. 1883	India Pressing Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto	1,50,000	1,50,000	No. 3, Pollock Street, Calcutta.
610	18th June 1890	New Agra Pressing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto	70,000	56,000	No. 7, Mission Row, Calcutta.
				29,10,000	28,25,800	

* Registered afresh on the 3rd June 1892.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
		III.—MILLS AND PRESSES—*concld.*		Rs.	Rs.	
		(*c*) *Other Mills and Presses.*				
182	21st April 1865	Calcutta Central Press Co., Ld.	Printing, &c. ...	75,000	70,700	No. 5, Council House Street, Calcutta.
444	28th July 1882	Titaghur Paper Mills Co., Ld.	Manufacturing paper.	10,00,000	10,00,000	No. 136, Canning Street, Calcutta.
569	23rd Feb. 1889	Dehing Saw Mills Co., Ld....	Saw millers ...	1,00,000	40,700	No. 39, Cotton Street, Calcutta.
583	22nd Oct. "	Sissi Saw Mills and Trading Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	Debrughur, Assam.
587	18th Dec. "	Calcutta Flour Mills Co., Ld.	Milling and preparing flour.	1,50,000	1,50,000	No. 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
590	28th Jan. 1890	Bengal Paper Mill Co., Ld.	Manufacturing paper.	8,00,000	6,96,250	No. 103, Clive Street, Calcutta.
709	9th Dec. 1891	Dacca Steam Mill Co., Ld....	Manufacturing oil, &c.	30,000	......	......
717	10th Feb. 1892	Imperial Paper Mills Co., Ld.	Manufacturing paper.	12,00,000	3,00,250	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
727	5th Aug. "	Berhampore Shambhu Mill Co., Ld.	Manufacturing oil, soorky and flour.	50,000	......	Doyanagore, Berhampore, Murshidabad.
733	22nd Oct. 1892	Cachar Saw Mill and Trading Co., Ld.	Saw and other mills for manufacturing oil, flour, &c.	50,000	......	......
744	10th March 1893	Calcutta Roller Flour Mills Co., Ld.	Manufacturing flour, oil, &c.	1,50,000	......	......
				38,05,000	24,57,900	
				3,09,45,000	2,33,22,049	
		IV.—TEA AND OTHER PLANTING COMPANIES.				
		(*a*) *Tea.*				
39	23rd Nov. 1859	Bengal Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivation of tea	10,00,000	9,48,520	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
40	21st Feb. 1860	Balasun Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
63	7th Aug. 1861	East India Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	10,00,000	10,00,000	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
68	18th Dec. "	Sylhet Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,50,000	1,49,633	Bustee, Gorakhpur.
78	13th May 1862	Ramghur Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	10,00,000	4,50,000	No. 16, Strand Road, Calcutta.
81	20th Nov. "	Soom Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	3,00,000	3,00,000	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
86	9th Mar. 1863	Punkabaree Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,50,000	2,18,342	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
89	31st " "	Dehra Doon Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	20,00,000	8,78,000	Dehra Doon.
100	2nd May "	Central Cachar Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	10,00,000	10,00,000	No. 3, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
103	6th " "	Bishnauth Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	11,00,000	8,25,000	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
111	15th July "	Eastern Cachar Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	7,00,000	7,00,000	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
137	12th Dec. "	Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	8,00,000	6,54,300	No. 3, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
139	4th Jan. 1864	Durrung Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	5,00,000	4,65,000	No. 4, Fairlie, Place, Calcutta.
144	20th Feb. "	Tukvar Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	12,00,000	7,34,300	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
207	24th Jan. 1867	Kuttal Tea Co., Ld. ...	Dtto ditto ...	1,00,000	1,00,000	No. 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
212	8th Aug. "	Chandypore Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,50,000	2,50,000	No. 2, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.
218	15th " 1868	New Mutual Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivation of tea &c.	1,20,000	1,17,750	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
220	19th Jan. 1869	Arcuttipore Tea Co., Ld. ...	Manufacturing tea	3,00,000	3,00,000	No. 7, Church Lane, Calcutta.
227	30th May 1871	Cutlacherra Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,70,000	2,50,000	No. 12, Mission Row, Calcutta.
233	15th Nov. "	Singell Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	6,25,000	6,25,000	No. 38, Strand Road, Calcutta.
234	4th Dec. "	Indian Terai Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
237	23rd Mar. 1872	Hoolungooree Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	4,00,000	4,00,000	No. 7, Clive Row Calcutta.
238	4th April "	Central Terai Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	4,00,000	4,00,000	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
242	15th July "	Dessai and Parbuttiah Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,80,000	1,80,000	No. 100, Clive Street, Calcutta.
251	27th Feb. 1873	Holta Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	3,50,000	3,50,000	No. 5, New China Bazar Street Calcutta.

Number of the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
		IV.—TEA AND OTHER PLANTING COMPANIES—*contd.*		Rs.	Rs.	
		(*a*) *Tea*—contd.				
265	23rd July 1873	Kalacherra Tea Co., Ld. ...	Manufacturing tea	2,75,000	2,75,000	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
271	26th Nov. "	Singbulli and Murmah Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	4,00,000	3,00,000	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
276	31st Dec. "	Puttareah Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivation of tea	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 1-2, Clive Ghat Street, Calcutta.
278	10th Jan. 1874	Springside Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,68,000	1,68,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
281	5th Mar. "	Mothola Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,50,000	1,38,000	No. 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.
292	7th Aug. "	Joonktolla Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	80,000	80,000	No. 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.
293	1st Sept. "	Burkhola Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,70,000	2,70,000	No. 5-8 Clive Street, Calcutta.
294	15th " "	Tingling Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
300	9th Oct. "	Phœnix Tea Co. (of Cachar), Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	6,25,000	5,35,000	No. 5, Lyon's Range, Calcutta.
306	5th Dec. "	Lackatoorah Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,25,000	2,25,000	No. 7, Church Lane, Calcutta.
311	26th Feb. 1875	Second Mutual Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	2,35,500	2,03,000	No 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
312	6th Mar. "	M'm Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,60,000	1,59,000	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
313	20th " "	Geille Tea Co , Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	5,00,000	4,00,000	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
314	25th " "	Hoolmaree Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,20,000	1,20,000	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
316	1st May "	Sapakati Tea Co., Ld. ...	Manufacturing tea	88,000	88,000	No. 5, Lyon's Range, Calcutta.
317	5th " "	Rajabaree Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
321	21st June "	Grob Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	6,00,000	5,00,000	No 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
330	25th Jan. 1876	North-Western Cachar Tea Co., Ld.	Cultivation of tea	2,76,000	2,76,000	No. 14, Clive Row, Calcutta.
331	21st Feb. "	Runglee Rungliot Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,40,000	1,40,000	No. 6, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.
341	25th July "	Amluckie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivation and manufacture of tea.	4,46,500	4,45,700	No. 12, Mission Row, Calcutta.
345	31st Aug. "	Cachar Native Jointstock Co., Ld.	Cultivation of tea ...	1,00,000	53,675	Silchar, Cachar.
347	20th Nov. "	Teesta Valley Tea Co , Ld....	Ditto ditto ...	3.50,000	3,20,000	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
349	5th Jan. 1877	Dehing Co., Ld.	Cultivation and manufacture of tea	10,00,000	9,00,000	No. 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.
356	2nd May "	Good Hope Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivation of tea ...	1,15,000	1,00,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
359	16th July "	Hotewar Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	56,000	56,000	Dorando in Chota Nagpur.
364	10th Jan. 1878	Singtom Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivation and manufacture of tea	1,60,000	1,60,000	No. 7, Clive Row, Calcutta.
365	19th Mar. "	Bahadurpore Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	20,000	17,639	Silchar, Cachar.
368	12th July "	Hindu Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivation of tea ...	35,000	24,500	Darjeeling.
373	27th Sept. "	Loobah Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	7,00,000	5,45,300	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
377	16th Jan. 1879	Longview Tea Co , Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	3,44,000	3,44,000	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
378	16th " "	Darjeeling Tea and Cinchona Association, Ld.	Cultivation of tea and cinchona.	2 00,000	2,00,000	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
384	25th Mar. "	Kettela Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivation of tea ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	No 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
390	29th May "	Jalpaiguri Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	50,000	50,000	Jalpaiguri.
392	8th Aug. "	Washabarie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
397	5th Feb. 1880	Karnafuli Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	3,60 000	3,00,000	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
398	14th " "	Nahartoli Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,60,000	1,60,000	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
410	7th " 1881	Ringtong Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	3,00,000	2,00,000	No. 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
413	30th Mar. "	Sungma Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,30,000	1,17,000	No. 1, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
414	12th April "	Khobong Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	3,25,000	3,25,000	No. 5, New China Bazar Street, Calcutta.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
		IV.—TEA AND OTHER PLANTING COMPANIES—*contd.*		Rs.	Rs.	
		(*a*) *Tea*—contd.				
427	15th Feb. 1882	Rungamattee Tea Co., Ld.	Cultivation of tea ...	3,50,000	3,50,000	No. 14, Clive Street, Calcutta.
428	24th ,, ,,	Lower Darjeeling Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,10,000	1,10,000	No. 5-8, Clive Street, Calcutta.
431	14th Mar. ,,	Baintbarie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,60,000	1,60,000	No. 7, Church Lane, Calcutta.
432	21st ,, ,,	Tingri Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	5,25,000	5,23,500	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
437	25th April ,,	Ellenbarie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivation and manufacture of tea.	1,50,000	1,50,000	No. 14, Clive, Street, Calcutta.
448	5th Sept. ,,	Pashok Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,50,000	2,20,000	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
453	28th ,, ,,	Northern Bengal Tea Corporation, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,00,000	85,400	Jalpaiguri.
458	2nd Dec. ,,	Gurjang Jhora Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	50,000	50,000	Ditto.
460	29th ,, ,,	Phoolbarrie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	5,12,000	5,12,000	No. 7, Hare Street, Calcutta.
464	17th Feb. 1883	Bagracote Tea Co., Ld. ...	......	4,00,000	4,00,000	No. 10, Hare Street, Calcutta.
466	19th ,, ,,	Baintgoorie Tea Co. (Duars), Ld.	......	1,70,000	1,70,000	Ditto.
468	1st Mar. ,,	Needeem Tea Co., Ld. ...	......	3,00,000	3,00,000	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
474	11th July ,,	Bor Pukhurie Tea Co., Ld.	Cultivation of tea ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
475	12th ,, ,,	Gyabarie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
476	12th ,, ,,	Second Fallodhi Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	Ditto.
479	9th Aug. ,,	Mohurgong Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ..	1,60,000	1,60,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
486	28th Nov. ,,	Bargong Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,50,000	1,45,500	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
494	27th Mar. 1884	Matelli Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
498	28th May ,,	Kaliti Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	80,000	80,000	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
499	18th July ,,	Selim Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	15,00,000	*9,50,500	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
500	19th ,, ,,	Tezpore and Gogra Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	6,50,000	5,98,800	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
501	14th Aug. ,,	Iringmarrah Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,60,000	1,60,000	No. 100, Clive Street, Calcutta.
505	3rd Jan. 1885	Manabarrie Tea Co., Ld. ..	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 14, Clive Street, Calcutta.
507	10th Feb. ,,	Nogadhoolie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,76,000	1,76,000	No. 100, Clive Street, Calcutta.
508	23rd ,, ,,	Hopetown Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	1,00,000	1,00,000	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
510	21st Mar. ,,	Hope Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	3,60,000	3,60,000	No. 14, Clive Street, Calcutta.
513	16th May 1885	Arya Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	36,575	36,160	Darjeeling.
514	26th ,, ,,	New Cinnatolliah Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	10,000	10,000	No. 3, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
516	22nd Dec. ,,	Mandakata Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	Ditto.
517	22nd ,, ,,	Chincoorie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	Ditto.
518	29th ,, ,,	Killcott Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 7, Hare Street, Calcutta.
519	5th Jan. 1886	Chulsa Tea Co. (Duars), Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	4,00,000	4,00,000	No. 10, Hare Street, Calcutta.
520	5th ,, ,,	Zurantee Tea Co. (Duars), Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,60,000	1,60,000	Ditto.
522	16th ,, ,,	Kallinugger and Khoreel Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	3,00,000	3,00,000	No. 3, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
524	20th Feb. ,,	Bannockburn Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivate tea, &c. ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 5, Lyon's Range, Calcutta.
526	18th March ,,	Jaipur Tea Estates, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 103, Clive Street, Calcutta.
530	26th June ,,	Shakomato Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,50,000	2,50,000	No. 4, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
531	8th July ,,	Singlo Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	12,00,000	12,00,000	No. 5-8, Clive Street, Calcutta.
533	29th ,, ,,	Chalouni Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 14, Clive Street, Calcutta.
550	25th Feb. 1888	Jetinga Valley Tea Co., Ld.	Cultivate tea ...	3,00,000	3,00,000	No. 3, Mission Row, Calcutta.
554	5th June ,,	Okayti Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto, &c. ...	2,00,000	1,00,000	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
558	17th July ,,	New Glencoe Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivate tea ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
559	2nd Aug. ,,	Carron Tea Co.	Ditto ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	No. 14, Clive Street, Calcutta
560	23rd ,, ,,	Nagaissuree Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	2,40,000	2,40,000	Ditto.

* By oversight shown as 14,50,500 in 1891-92.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
		IV.—TEA AND OTHER PLANTING COMPANIES—*concld.*		Rs.	Rs.	
		(*a*) *Tea*—concld.				
562	27th Sept. 1888	Gungaram Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivate tea, &c. ...	1,00,000	1,00,000	No. 14, Clive Street, Calcutta.
563	7th Nov. "	Kumai Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	2,00,000	1,96,000	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
572	27th March 1889	Huldibaree Tea Association, Ld. ...	Cultivate tea ...	3,00,000	1,56,813	No. 30, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.
573	27th " "	Sath Bhaia Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	1,00,000	93,750	Ditto.
576	24th June "	New Chumta Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	1,00,000	1,00,000	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
579	6th Aug. "	Hantapara Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivate tea, &c. ...	2,00,000	*81,500	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
580	15th " "	Anjuman Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivate tea ...	2,25,000	90,000	Jalpaiguri.
582	25th Sept. "	Chengmari Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivate tea, &c. ...	5,00,000	3,37,382	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
595	25th Feb. 1890	Negali Tea Co., Ld.	Cultivate tea ...	1,00,000	42,500	No. 30, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
596	21st March "	Kumlai Tea Association, Ld.	Ditto ...	1,60,000	1,60,000	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
601	3rd April "	Kisna Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	8,00,000	3,00,000	No. 8, Clive Street, Calcutta.
603	3rd May "	Jaigon Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
604	14th " "	Gairkhata Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	2,50,000	1,60,000	No. 7, Church Lane, Calcutta.
609	9th June "	Jhirighat Native Tea Co. Ld.	Ditto ...	20,000	18,000	Silchar, Cachar.
610	21st " "	Tyroon Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	1,00,000	1,00,000	No. 12, Mission Row, Calcutta.
615	19th July "	Lohagur Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	2,10,000	2,10,000	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
628	25th Sept. "	Altadanga Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	30,000	23,455	Jalpaiguri.
633	30th " "	Nadia Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	60,000	22,513	Amla, Nadia.
647	3rd Nov. 1891	Moortee Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	2,00,000	1,05,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
675	9th March "	Belgachi Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	1,50,000	...	No. 30, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.
678	23rd " "	Dhupguri Tea Co. Ld. ...	Ditto ...	1,30,000	82,800	No. 3, Mission Row, Calcutta.
683	10th April "	Atal Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	No. 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
686	22nd " "	Jaboka Tea Co., Ld. ...	Cultivate tea, &c. ...	5,00,000	4,50,000	No. 5-8, Clive Street, Calcutta.
687	5th May "	Pahargoomeah Tea Association, Ld.	Ditto ...	2,00,000	1,99,245	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
693	8th June "	Chamurchi Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	75,000	38,000	Jalpaiguri.
704	24th Sept. "	Killing Valley Tea Association, Ld.	Ditto ...	80,000	...	No. 5, Lyon's Range, Calcutta.
706	23rd Oct. "	Nurbong Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	1,80,000	1,80,000	No. 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
713	31st Dec. "	Glenburn Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	1,70,000	...	No. 7, Clive Row, Calcutta.
715	16th Jan. 1892	Monabari Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	1,60,000	48,000	No. 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.
739	29th Dec. "	Central Duars Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	4,00,000	...	No. 31, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.
742	4th Feb. "	Tilkah Tea Co., Ld.	Cultivate tea ...	40,000	...	No. 1A, Lal Bazar Street, Calcutta.
				4,24,58,575	3,55,94,477	
		(*b*) *Coffee and Cinchona.*				
		(*c*) *Others.*				
322	29th June 1875	Sylhet Cultivating Co., Ld....	Agriculture ...	20,000	17,275	Panchas, Sylhet.
630	30th Sept. 1890	Patkoom Indigo and Trading Co., Ld.	Planting indigo ...	2,25,000	2,25,000	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
637	6th Oct. "	Ramnugger Indigo Concern, Ld.	Ditto ...	1,40,000	1,40,000	No. 22, Strand Road Calcutta.
				3,85,000	3,82,275	
			Total of Planting Companies.	4,28,43,575	3,59,76,752	
		V.—MINING AND QUARRYING.				
		(*Coal.*)				
20	24th July 1858	Bengal Coal Co., Ld. ...	Mining coal ...	24,00,000	24,00,000	No. 2, Garstin's Place, Calcutta.
112	1st Aug. 1863	Equitable Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	8,00,000	8,00,000	No. 1-2, Clive Ghat Street, Calcutta.

* By oversight shown as 2,00,000 last year.

Number on the register.	Date of Registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of registered office.
		V.—MINING AND QUARRYING —*concld.* (*Coal*)—concld.		Rs.	Rs.	
255	8th April 1873	Raneegunge Coal Association, Ld.	Mining coal ...	9,00,000	8,25,000	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
262	16th May "	New Birbhum Coal Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	7,20,000	7,20,000	No. 103, Clive Street, Calcutta.
320	19th June 1875	Burrakur Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	3,00,000	3,00,000	No. 39, Strand Road, Calcutta.
592	8th Feb. 1890	Damuda Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	4,00,000	4,00,000	No. 1, Garstin's Place, Calcutta.
660	18th Dec. "	Bengal Nagpur Coal Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	2,25,000	1,96,900	No. 21, Canning Street, Calcutta.
670	10th Feb. 1891	Borrea Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	5,00,000	4,28,800	No. 136, Canning Street, Calcutta.
679	26th March "	Manbhum Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	1,00,000	40,000	No. 38, Strand Road, Calcutta.
730	2nd Sept. 1892	South Burrakur Coal Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	5,00,000	......	No. 5, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
731	17th " "	Baraboni Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	2,00,000	......	No. 18, Swallow Lane, Calcutta.
735	6th Dec. "	Burma Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	7,50,000	......	No. 12, Mission Row, Calcutta.
				77,95,000	61,10,700	
		Others.				
339	30th June 1876	Rajmahal Stone Co., Ld. ...	Quarrying stone ...	2,50,000	2,50,000	No. 13, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.
381	15th Feb. 1879	Bengal Stone Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ...	80,000	80,000	No. 100, Clive Street, Calcutta.
477	14th July 1883	Arakan Petroleum Oil Co., Ld.	Refining and manufacturing petroleum.	4,00,000	3,80,650	No. 5, Mission Row, Calcutta.
614	27th June 1890	Kharsowan Gold Syndicate, Ld.	Prospecting and mining.	2,00,000	1,65,000	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
618	8th Aug. "	Western Bengal Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	5,50,000	5,13.000	No. 7, Church Lane, Calcutta.
621	30th " "	Bengal Gold and Silver Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	12,00,000	12,00,000	Ditto.
623	4th Sept. "	Sonapet Proprietary Gold Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	17,24,000	17,24,000	No. 136, Canning Street, Calcutta.
629	27th " "	Dumra Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	5,55,500	4,04,000	No. 5, Lyon's Range, Calcutta.
631	30th " "	Patkoom Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ..	1,50,000	86,675	No. 4, Clive Row, Calcutta.
634	3rd Oct. "	Eastern Ranchi Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	2,00,000	......	No. 19, Radha Bazar, Calcutta.
639	8th " "	Western Patkoom Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	12,12,000	12,12,000	No. 5, Lyon's Range, Calcutta.
643	16th " "	Sonagiri Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,10,000	......	No. 135, Canning Street, Calcutta.
650	5th Nov. "	Excelsoir Land and Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,50,000	......	No. 60, Cross Street, Calcutta.
657	29th " "	Palganj Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	3,00,000	3,00,000	No. 5-8, Clive Street, Calcutta.
658	11th Dec. "	Mount Ophir Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,50,000	......	No. 3, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.
664	21st Jan. 1891	Cossye River Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,00,000	......	No. 22, Canning Street, Calcutta.
665	22nd " "	Sonepur Syndicate, Ld. ..	Ditto ditto ...	60,000	47,438	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
666(*a*)	24th " "	Juggetpore Syndicate, Ld....	Ditto ditto ...	1,00,000	34,650	Ditto.
667	28th " "	Borobhoom Co., Ld. ..	Ditto ditto ...	32,000	32,000	No. 28, Strand, Calcutta.
668	6th Feb. "	Beru Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,00,000	......	No. 6, New China Bazar, Calcutta.
669	9th " "	Burma Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	50,000	......	No. 3, Wellesley Place, Calcutta.
672	11th " "	Dhatu Prospecting and Mining Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,00,000	......	No. 73, New China Bazar, Calcutta.
673	24th " "	Sonapahar Gold Prospecting and Mining Co.,* Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	6,00,000	4,73,410	No. 5, New China Bazar, Calcutta.
676	10th March "	Pachete Trading Corporation, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	5,00,000	4,00,000	Ditto.
677	21st " "	Rajdoha Mining Co., Ld. ..	Ditto ditto ...	25,00,000	7,26,550	No. 8, Clive Street, Calcutta.
680	30th " "	Seraikela Mining Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	5,00,000	......	No. 5, New China Bazar Street, Calcutta.
681	31st " "	Metala Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditt ditto ...	2,20,000	......	No. 2, Radha Bazar Lane, Calcutta.
682	6th April "	Singhbhum Mining and Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	1,00,000	......	No. 14, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.
68 9	13th May "	Jherriah-Katras Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	3,00,000	81,150	No. 38, Strand Calcutta.
699	13th Aug. "	Kallyanpur-Behar Gold Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ...	9,00,000	......	No. 6, New China Bazar, Calcutta.
				1,33,93,500	81,10,523	
			Total of Mining & Quarrying Cos.	2,11,88,500	1,42,21,223	

* By oversight shown as "Syndicate" in 1891-92.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of office, registered o
		VI.—ICE MANUFACTURING.		Rs.	Rs.	
367	9th July 1878	Bengal Ice Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Manufacturing ice ...	5,00,000	4,95,000	No. 103, Clive Street, Calcutta.
389	28th May 1879	Jamalpore Ice Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto	10,000	7,120	Jamalpur, E. I. R.
481	14th Aug. 1883	Crystal Ice Supply Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	2,00,000	2,00,000	No. 103, Clive Street, Calcutta.
656	22nd Nov. 1890	Oriental Ice Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	1,00,000	44,300	No. 4, Hathee Bagan Road, Intally.
721	6th April 1892	Dacca Ice Co., Ld.	Ditto ...	3,000	......	
			Total of Ice Manufacturing Cos.	8,13,000	7,46,420	
		VII.—SUGAR MANUFACTURING.				
319	11th June 1875	Carew and Co., Ld.	Manufacturing sugar, rum and other articles.	16,00,000	16,00,000	No. 25, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.
			Total of Sugar Manufacturing Cos.	16,00,000	16,00,000	
		VIII.—BREWERIES.				
		IX.—OTHERS.				
470	14th March 1883	Bengal Telephone Co., Ld....	Constructing telephone lines.	10,00,000	8,80,000	No. 7, Council House Street, Calcutta.
586	3rd Dec. 1889	Mohes Chunder Land Reclamation and Agricultural Improvement Co., Ld.	Promoting agricultural improvements, &c.	2,50,000	2,50,000	Nos. 1 & 5, Mohes Chunder Chaudhuri's Lane, Bhawanipur.
593	22nd Feb. 1890	Pioneer Glass Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Manufacturing glass	3,00,000	1,28,200	No. 3, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.
635	3rd Oct. ,,	Bengal Tarpaulin Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Manufacturing tarpaulins.	50,000	......	......
651	6th Nov. ,,	"Peshwa" Floating Syndicate, Ld.	To float the wreck steamer *Peshwa*.	50,000	......	No. 219, Old China Bazar Street, Calcutta.
654	13th ,, ,,	Thompson's Carriage Co., Ld.	Carriage service in Calcutta.	5,000	......	No. 7, Government Place North, Calcutta.
676(a)	13th March 1891	Pneumatic Husking (Schumacher's Patent) Syndicate Ld.	Milling and preparing paddy.	40,000	33,650	No. 3, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta.
676(b)	13th ,, ,,	Calcutta Hackney Carriage Co., Ld.	Carriage service in Calcutta.	1,50,000	......	No. 10, Clive Street, Calcutta.
685	20th April ,,	Garden Reach Land Syndicate Co., Ld.	Traffic in lands and houses in Calcutta and suburbs.	8,00,000	2,52,813	No. 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.
700	17th Aug. ,,	Indian Metals Mnaufacturing Co., Ld.	Manufacturing brass, copper, &c.	2,00,000	......	......
707	27th Oct. ,,	Thomson's Ink and Chemical Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Manufacturing and selling ink.	50,000	15,825	No. 69, New China Bazar, Calcutta.
711	11th Dec. ,,	Family Relief Fund Co., Ld.	Relieving and maintaining the family of a deceased member.	50,000	6,000	Town Barisal.
712	12th ,, ,,	India General Gas Co., Ld.	Manufacturing gas	4,00,000	......	Bankipore, Patna.
719	23rd March 1892	Bengal Safety Match Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Manufacturing safety matches.	40,000	9,299	No. 15, Pollock Street, Calcutta.
722	18th April ,,	Indian Match Factory, Ld....	Manufacturing matches.	70,000	......	No. 66, College Street, Calcutta.
726	2nd Aug. ,,	Driscoll's Patent Life and Property Saving Apparatus Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Manufacturing and selling life-buoys, &c.	2,00,000	......	No. 6, Church Lane, Calcutta.
734	2nd Nov. ,,	Indian Ærating Gas Factories, Ld.	Manufacturing carbonic acid gas.	2,00,000	......	......
738	28th Dec. ,,	"Ruby" Patent Mica Non-conducting Boiler Composition Syndicate, Ld.	Manufacturing mica engine packing and lubricants.	1,10,000	......	......
740	7th Jan. 1893	National Union Fund Co., Ld.	Provide for payment of a lump sum of money to the heirs of a deceased shareholder.	5,000	......	No. 4, Nobokumar Raha's Lane, Calcutta.
			Total of Other Companies.	39,70,000	15,75,787	

No. IX.

List of Companies limited by guarantee at work on the 31st March 1893.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of company.	Objects of company.	Number of members.	Situation of registered office.
		Nil.			

No. X.

Statement of Fees realised during the year 1892-93.

Name of Company.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Jherria-Katras Syndicate, Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Manbhum Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Arya Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Chota Nagpur Banking Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Garden Reach Land Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Jalpaiguri Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
New Mutual Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Second Mutual Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Jotinga Valley Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Durrabhar Co., Ld.	For recording special resolution ...	79	5 0 0	
Bengal Safety Match Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Kuttal Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Joonktolee Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Phœnix Tea Co. of Cachar, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Deoghur Railway Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Dacca Ice Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto memorandum of association.	40	40 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto articles of association.	40	5 0 0	
East India Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Northern Bengal Tea Corporation, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Monabarie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bannockburn Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Killcott Tea Co , Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Phoolbarrie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Saphkati Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Asansol East Indian Railway Co-operative Society, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Gurjang Jhora Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto proceedings of annual meeting.	74	5 0 0	
Northern Bengal Tea Corporation, Ld.	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Rangoon Steam Tramway Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	8 0 0	
Ditto ditto. ...	For copying memorandum and articles of association.	220(e)	10 8 0	
Burkhola Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Singell Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Singbulli and Murmah Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bishnath Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	

NAME OF COMPANY.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Kettela Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Tingri Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Calcutta Hospital Nurses' Institution	Ditto ditto list of governing body.	...	......	5 0 0
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For certificate of incorporation ...	220(e)	3 0 0	
Okayti Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Reliance Marine Insurance Office Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bihar Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Hong-Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Tyroon Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Gobra Tannery Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For copying shareholders' list ...	220(e)	0 8 0	
Mufassal Bone-crushing and Manure Co., Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Calcutta Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Khobong Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Rungamattee Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Okayti Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Runglee Rungliot Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Holta Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Nowdeah Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Mufassal Bone-crushing and Manure Co., Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Cargo Boat Co., Ld.	For filing and registering balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Gurjang Jhora Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Nowdeah Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	For recording special resolutions ...	79	10 0 0	
Goosery Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ...	79	5 0 0	
Atal Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Tingling Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Kharsowan Gold Syndicate, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
R. Scott, Thomson & Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	10 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Mining and Prospecting Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Grob Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Needeem Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Kalacherra Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Washabarrie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Kumlai Tea Association, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Loobah Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Gairkhata Tea Co., Ld. ..	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto increase of capital.	57	30 0 0	
Second Fallodhi Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Provincial Railway Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto articles of association	40	5 0 0	
Shakomato Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Jalpaiguri Banking and Trading Corporation, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Bengal Ice Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Central Terai Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Mining and Prospecting Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	2 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For copying two certificates of incorporation.	220(e)	6 0 0	
Cutlacherra Co., Ld. ...	For filing and registering balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Barisal Loan Office Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Union Pressing Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Amluckie Tea Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Paper Mill Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto increase of capital.	57	50 0 0	
Bargong Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Geille Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Mining and Prospecting Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Oriental Trading Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	

NAME OF COMPANY.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Bengal Provincial Railway Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Mining and Prospecting Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For copying memoranda and articles of association.	220(e)	11 0 0	
H. Dear & Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Patkoom Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto increase of capital.	57	25 0 0	
Anjuman Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5 0 0	
Pahargoomiah Tea Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Singlo Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Lower Darjeeling Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pahargoomiah Tea Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For copying special resolution ...	220(e)	0 4 0	
Raniganj Coal Association, Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For copying memorandum of association.	220(e)	4 0 0	
Arcuttipore Tea Co., Ld. ..	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Tarkessur Railway Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Balasun Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Rajdoha Mining Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Raniganj Coal Association, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Bor Pukhuri Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Paper Mill Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Thomson's Ink and Chemical Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Central Terai Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Jaigon Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pashok Tea Co. Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Nahartoli Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Hantapara Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Calcutta Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Chamurchi Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Anjuman Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Balasun Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Gyabaree Tea Co., Ld	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Jaipur Tea Estates, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Calcutta Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	10 0 0	
Karnafuli Association, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Darjeeling Tea and Cinchona Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
District Charitable Society ...	Ditto ditto proceedings of meetings.	...	...	5 0 0
Indian Match Factory, Ld. ...	For registering memoranda of association.	40	110 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For registering articles of association ...	40	5 0 0	
Pachete Trading Corporation, Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Triton Insurance Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Teesta Valley Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Ramkistopore Press Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Kisna Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Jaboka Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Durrung Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Hindu Union Bank, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Altadanga Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Bankipore Loan Office, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Indian Match Factory, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	

Name of Company.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Faridpur Loan Office, Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Calcutta Christian Schools' Society	For searching	...	...	1 0 0
Dunbar Cotton Mill, Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Spinning and Weaving Co. Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Gold and Silver Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pingna Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Tippera Loan Office, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pabna Bank, Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto	48	5 0 0	
Calcutta Hydraulic Press Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Padre's Hill Mining Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	64	5 0 0	
Agricultural Phosphates Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Budge-Budge Jute Mills Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Dhupguri Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Nurbong Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Altadanga Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto	48	5 0 0	
Ghatail Sammiloni Dhan Bhandar Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pabna Bank, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Jalpaiguri Banking and Trading Corporation, Ld.	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5 0 0	
Bowreah Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	For registering memoranda of association.	40	655 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto articles of association ...	40	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto liquidators' consent ...	43	5 0 0	
Jamalpur Co-operative Association Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Teesta Valley Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Indian Tea Supply Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Kaliti Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Kumai Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Chengmari Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Eastern Cachar Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Western Bengal Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bowreah Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Howrah Docking Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pahargoomeah Tea Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution	79	5 0 0	
Bowreah Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto agreement ...	28	5 0 0	
Pahargoomeah Tea Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Rajmahal Stone Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Chapaguri Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheets ...	74	10 0 0	
Khulna Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Central Chota Nagpur Syndicate, Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Jutput Gold Mining Co., Ld. ...	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Chamurchi Tea Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Darjeeling and Kurseong Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Kallinagar and Khoreel Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Central Cachar Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Mandakata Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
New Cinnatolliah Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Chincooree Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Chandypore Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Sonakhan Gold and Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of the registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	

NAME OF COMPANY.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Dacca Loan Office, Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Khulna Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Arya Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Indian Tea Supply Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Jalpaiguri Tea Co., Ld. ..	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5 0 0	
Iringmarrah Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Nadia Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Nagra Timber Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Bengal Timber Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Bengal Stone Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Watson's Patent Press Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Hindu Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Anjuman Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Family Benefit Fund.	Ditto ditto list of Directors.	...	...	5 0 0
Northern Bengal Tea Corporation, Ld.	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5 0 0	
Tangra Tannery and Manure Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto increase of capital.	57	25 0 0	
Agricultural Phosphates Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto new regulation ...	76	5 0 0	
Nagadhoolie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Munjha Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto liquidators' final report.	187	5 0 0	
Nagra Timber Co., Ld, ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Agricultural Phosphates Co., Ld. ...	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Bogra Loan Office, Ld.... ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Kishoreganj Loan Office, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Chota Nagpur Carrying Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Phœnix Tea Co. (of Cachar), Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Mymensingh Loan Office, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Family Relief Fund Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Tangail Loan Office, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association.	Ditto ditto annual report ...	...	...	5 0 0
Raniganj Coal Association, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Chota Nagpur Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution	79	5 0 0	
Bengal Provincial Railway Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Bengal Timber Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Coal Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Armenian Association of Calcutta ...	Ditto ditto rules and annual report.	...	...	10 0 0
Pioneer Glass Manufacturing Co., Ld.	For searching	220(e)	3 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For copying memoranda and articles of association.	220(e)	10 0 0	
Bogra Loan Office, Ld. ...	For filing and recording shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Himalayan Trading Co., Ld. ...	For registering memoranda of association.	40	100 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For registering articles of association ...	40	5 0 0	
Nadia Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Family Relief Fund Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Pioneer Glass Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto agreement ...	28	5 0 0	
Union Society	For registering memoranda of association.	...	...	50 0 0
Ditto	Ditto notice of situation of registered office.	...	...	5 0 0
Bengal-Nagpur Coal Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Tangail Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Lohagur Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Chota Nagpur Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Tindaria Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution	79	10 0 0	
Calcutta Cotton Mill Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	79	10 0 0	
Kurigram Model Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	79	5 0 0	
Gurjang Jhora Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	

Name of Company.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Elysium Dramatic Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Dacca Loan Office, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Nadia Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5 0 0	
Tangra Tannery and Manure Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Indian Match Factory, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto new regulations.	76	5 0 0	
Lohardaga Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld,	Ditto ditto notice of removal of the registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Ambikanagore Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	64	5 0 0	
Ranchi Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	64	5 0 0	
Reliance Marine Insurance Office, Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Sath Bhaia Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Kallyanpur Bihar Gold Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Mining and Prospecting Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Tangail Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Kurigram Model Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	64	5 0 0	
Tippera Loan Office, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution,	79	5 0 0	
Pioneer Glass Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Calcutta Hackney Carriage Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Sahar-Serpur Loan Office, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Needeem Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Kumlai Tea Association, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Chengmari Tea Co , Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Dhadka Mining Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto notice of removal.	64	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Central Jute Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Hopetown Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	10 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	10 0 0	
Selim Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Dehing Saw Mills Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Kinmond & Co., Ld.	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Howrah Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Seebpore Jute Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Borobhoom Co., Ld.	For filing and recording shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Nagpur Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Anjuman Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5 0 0	
Burrakur Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Great Eastern Hotel Wine and General Purveying Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
New Birbhum Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolutions.	79	10 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto new regulation...	76	5 0 0	
Western Patkoom Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
New Agra Pressing Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bagirhat Loan Co., Ld. ...	For registering memoranda of association.	40	40 0 0	
Burmah Steam Tug Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording liquidators' account.	186	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto final return ...	187	5 0 0	
Nasmyth's Patent Press Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Elysium Dramatic Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Soorah Jute Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Bowreah Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Kamarhatty Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Kanknarrah Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Eastern Cachar Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Kaliti Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Kumai Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Grob Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Kalacherra Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Washabarrie Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Loobah Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
H. Dear & Co., Ld.	For searching	220(e)	4 0 0	
Ditto	For copying four certificates of incorporation.	220(e)	12 0 0	

Name of Company.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
East India Tea Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Nagra Timber Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Jessore Loan Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For copying memoranda and articles of association.	220(e)	5 0 0	
Noakhali Loan Office, Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Soorah Jute Mills Co., Ld. ...	For registering memoranda of association.	40	425 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto agreement	28	5 0 0	
Nasirabad Loan Office, Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Eastern Ranchi Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Driscoll's Patent Life and Property Saving Apparatus Manufacturing Co., Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	175 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto articles of association ...	40	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Calcutta Flour Mills Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Co-operative Pharmacy Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
"Hitabadi" Printing and Publishing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Berhampore Shambhu Mill Co., Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	60 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Borobhoom Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Pioneer Glass Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto agreement ...	28	5 0 0	
Pneumatic Husking (Schumacher's Patent) Syndicate, Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Central Jute Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Mount Ophir Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	For filing and recording an agreement ...	28	5 0 0	
Rajdoha Mining Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Bengal Coal Co., Ld.	For filing and recording shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Burmah Merchant Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
District Charitable Society ...	For filing and recording notice of removal of registered office.	...	...	5 0 0
Hooghly Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Chitpur Hydraulic Pressing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bagirhat Loan Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Lohagur Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Hotewar Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Imperial Paper Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Palganj Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolutions.	79	10 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto notice of increase of capital.	57	175 0 0	
South Burrakur Coal Co., Ld. ...	For registering memoranda of association.	40	325 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto articles of association ..	40	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For filing and recording notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Bengal-Nagpur Coal Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Killing Valley Tea Association, Ld.	For filing and recording an agreement ...	28	5 0 0	
Imperial Paper Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Titaghur Paper Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Teendareea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto liquidators' account.	186	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditt ditto liquidators' final return.	187	5 0 0	
Hong-Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Palganj Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto notice of increase of capital.	57	25 0 0	
[illegible]ysium Dramatic Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	15 0 0	
Union Pressing Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Empress of India Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Palganj Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto an agreement ...	28	5 0 0	

Name of Company.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
Baraboni Coal Co., Ld. ...	For registering memorandum of association.	40	175	0	0	
Ditto ditto	For filing and recording notice of situation of registered office.	64	5	0	0	
Buxar Co-operative Society, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Calcutta Hydraulic Press Co., Ld....	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Bengal Fisheries, Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	200	0	0	
Ditto	Ditto articles of association ...	40	5	0	0	
Ditto	For filing and registering notice of situation of registered office.	64	5	0	0	
Patkoom Indigo and Trading Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Baraboni Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto an agreement ...	28	5	0	0	
Killing Valley Tea Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Soorah Jute Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto articles of association.	40	5	0	0	
Chenga Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto liquidators' final report.	187	5	0	0	
South Burrakur Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto an agreement ...	28	5	0	0	
Indian Imperial Marine Insurance Office, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Cachar Saw Mill and Trading Co., Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	100	0	0	
Digh Pait Milit Dhana Bhandar Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Northern Bengal Railway Co-operative Supply Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Elysium Dramatic Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5	0	0	
Rangoon Steam Tramway Co., Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1	0	0	
Sylhet Loan Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Rangoon Steam Tramway Co., Ld.	For copying shareholders' list ...	220(e)	1	0	0	
Tingri Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording notice of removal of registered office.	64	5	0	0	
Canal Press Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Camperdown Pressing Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Mesai Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Altadanga Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5	0	0	
Kayastha Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Indian Ærating Gas Factories, Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	175	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto articles of association ...	40	5	0	0	
Cachar Native Joint-stock Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Jhirighat Native Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5	0	0	
Dhunsiri Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto extraordinary resolution.	176	5	0	0	
Jalpaiguri Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5	0	0	
John King & Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Arakan Petroleum Oil Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Killing Valley Tea Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of situation of registered office.	64	5	0	0	
Calcutta Central Press Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Seraikela Mining Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Howrah Mills Co., Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1	0	0	
Zurantee Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto	220(e)	1	0	0	
Thompson's Carriage Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording notice of removal of registered office.	64	5	0	0	
Sylhet Cultivating Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Second Fallodhi Tea Co. Ld. ...	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	79	5	0	0	
Kinmond & Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5	0	0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5	0	0	
Moran Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolutions.	79	15	0	0	
Burma Coal Co., Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	450	0	0	
Ditto	Ditto articles of association ...	40	5	0	0	
Ditto	For filing and recording notice of situation of registered office.	64	5	0	0	
Bengal Provincial Railway Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5	0	0	
Bengal Nagpur Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5	0	0	
India General Steam Navigation Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	10	0	0	

NAME OF COMPANY.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
India General Steam Navigation Co., Ld.	For filing and recording shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Sakhi Samiti (Charitable Branch) ...	For registering memoranda and rules ...	...	...	55 0 0
Indian Imperial Marine Insurance Co., Ld.	For filing and recording special resolution (extra).	176	5 0 0	
Mutual Hindu Family Pension Fund	For registering memoranda and rules ...	...	...	55 0 0
Ditto ditto ...	For filing notice of situation of registered office.	...	...	5 0 0
Mining and Prospecting Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
"Ruby" Patent Mica Non-conducting Boiler Composition Syndicate, Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	130 0 0	
Central Duars Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto.	40	275 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto articles of association. ...	40	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For filing and recording notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Joonktollee Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolutions.	79	10 0 0	
Mothola Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	79	10 0 0	
Dhatu Mining and Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Pingna Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution,	79	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto new regulations...	76	5 0 0	
New Birbhum Coal Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	10 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Nadia Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto proceedings of meeting.	74	5 0 0	
Bannockburn Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Anjuman Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolutions.	79	10 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto notice of increase of capital.	57	40 0 0	
Pioneer Glass Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Strand Bank Press Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto	64	5 0 0	
Pneumatic Husking (Schumacher's Patent) Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto	64	5 0 0	
Bengal Spinning and Weaving Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Driscoll's Patent Life and Property Saving Apparatus Manufacturing Co., Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Mohes Chunder Land Reclamation and Agriculture Improvement Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet, 1891.	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list, 1891.	48	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet, 1892.	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list, 1892.	48	5 0 0	
National Union Fund Co., Ld. ...	For registering memoranda of association.	40	40 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto articles of association ...	40	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For filing and recording notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Bahadurpore Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Cachar Saw Mill and Trading Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto articles of association.	40	5 0 0	
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto extraordinary resolution.	176	5 0 0	
Bihar Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Chaitanya Library and Beadon Square Literary Club.	Ditto ditto annual list and rules.	...	...	10 0 0
Bengal Science and Art Union, Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Zurantee Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Sissi Saw Mills and Trading Co., Ld.	For filing and recording notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Berhampore Shambhu Mill Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Bihar Trading Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list	48	5 0 0	
Oriental Hosiery Manufacturing Co., Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	175 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto articles of association ...	40	5 0 0	
Kurigram Loan Office Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal-Nagpur Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Berhampore Shambhu Mill Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto increase of capital.	57	40 0 0	
Northern Bengal Tea Corporation, Ld.	Ditto ditto proceedings of special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Chamurchi Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto	79	5 0 0	
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	For searching	220(e)	2 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	For copying extraordinary resolution ...	220(e)	1 0 0	
Sylhet Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	

NAME OF COMPANY.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	
Pat-Pat Gold Mining Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Kharsawan Gold Syndicate, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Baraboni Coal Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto articles of association.	40	5 0 0	
Sylhet Tea Co., Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Patkoom Indigo and Trading Co., Ld.	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Indian Ærating Gas Factories, Ld.	Ditto	220(e)	1 0 0	
Tilkah Tea Co., Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	80 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto articles of association.	40	5 0 0	
Ditto	For filing and recording notice of situation of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Indian Ærating Gas Factories, Ld.	For copying memoranda of association.	220(e)	1 8 0	
Ringtong Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list,	48	5 0 0	
Calcutta Flour Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Burma Coal Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto an agreement ...	28	5 0 0	
Watson's Patent Press Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Calcutta Trades' Association ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Khulna Loan Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Rajshahi Dhanes Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Science and Art Union, Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Rungamattee Tea Co., Ld. ...	For filing and recording special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Thomson's Ink and Chemical Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Silk Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pat-Pat Gold Mining Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Jessop & Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Goosery Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Union Jute Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Khulna Trading Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Eastern Ranchi Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Ramgurh Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Sonapet Proprietary Gold Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ..	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Seebpur Jute Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Anjuman Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Howrah Mills Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Soorah Jute Mills Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Jalpaiguri Banking and Trading Corporation, Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Garden Reach Land Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pneumatic Husking (Schumacher's Patent) Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Kanknarrah Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Kamarhatty Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Imperial Paper Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Indian Patent Stone Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto liquidators' final return.	187	5 0 0	
Madaripur Loan Office, Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	40 0 0	
Ditto ditto	For registering articles of association ...	40	5 0 0	
Gourepore Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet ...	74	10 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders list.	48	5 0 0	
Oriental Hosiery Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of situation of the registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Dunbar Cotton Mill, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pat-Pat Gold Mining Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto special resolutions.	79	10 0 0	
Dhupguri Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	

Name of Company.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Sonerpur Syndicate, Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Juggetpore Syndicate, Ld	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Dittn ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Mohurgong Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Rungamattee Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Burrakur Coal Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Damuda Coal Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Matelli Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Equitable Coal Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Sington Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Cachar Native Joint-stock Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto	48	5 0 0	
Jhirighat Native Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto	48	5 0 0	
Padres Hill Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Gourepore Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto	79	5 0 0	
Palganj Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Atal Tea Co., Ld.	Dtto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Tingling Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Springside Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Sylhet Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pneumatic Husking (Schumacher's Patent) Syndicate, Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Bagirhat Loan Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Calcutta Steam Navigation Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Carew & Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Pabna Bank, Ld.	Ditto ditto notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Patkoom Indigo and Trading Co., Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Singell Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Rangoon Steam Tramway Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Soom Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Oriental Ice Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	10 0 0	
Sonakhan Gold and Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
Calcutta Roller Flour Mills Co., Ld.	For registering memoranda of association.	40	150 0 0	
Riverside Press Co. (Watson's Patent), Ld.	For filing and recording balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Dhupguri Tea Co. Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto	48	5 0 0	
Sonapahar Gold Prospecting and Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Selim Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Singlo Tea Co., Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Kalyanpur Bihar Gold Mining Co., Ld.	For filing and recording notice of removal of registered office.	64	5 0 0	
Carron Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Nagaisuree Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Good Hope Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Punkabaree Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Singbulli and Murmah Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Metala Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	For searching	220(e)	1 0 0	
Kharsawan Gold Syndicate, Ld.	For filing and recording special resolutions.	79	15 0 0	
Empress of India Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Hoolungooree Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Telephone Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Dehing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Mothola Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Sungma Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
New Glencoe Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Longview Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
India Pressing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Kallyanpur Bihar Gold Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	

NAME OF COMPANY.	Purpose for which fee was paid.	Section of the Act under which realised.	Amount.	Fees realised under Act XXI of 1860.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Kallyanpur Bihar Gold Mining Co., Ld.	For filing and recording new regulation ...	76	5 0 0	
Chalouni Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Ellenbarrie Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
North-Western Cachar Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Gungaram Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Manabarrie Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Buxar Co-operative Society, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Manabarrie Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	48	5 0 0	
Bengal Safety Match Manufacturing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Bengal Spinning and Weaving Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	10 0 0	
Hong-Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Manabarrie Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto ditto ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Borrea Coal Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Hooghly Mills Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Chota Nagpur Gold and Mining Co., Ld.	For searching	220(c)	1 0 0	
Sonapet Proprietary Gold Mining Co., Ld.	Ditto	220(c)	1 0 0	
Sapakati Tea Co., Ld.	For filing and registering balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Tezpore and Gogra Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Dessai and Parbuttiah Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet. ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Mim Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Indian Terai Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Chulsa Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Zurantee Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Baintgooree Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Bagracote Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Chitpur Hydraulic Pressing Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Tuckvar Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Strand Bank Press Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Phœnix Tea Co. (of Cachar), Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Calcutta Cotton Mills Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	10 0 0	
Rungamattee Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	48	5 0 0	
Kanknarrah Lime Factory Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto liquidators' final return.	187	5 0 0	
Jetenga Valley Tea Co., Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Dhatu Prospecting and Mining Syndicate, Ld.	For searching	220(c)	1 0 0	
Baghmundi Gold Prospecting Syndicate, Ld.	For filing and recording liquidators' final return.	187	5 0 0	
Munshiganj Loan Office, Ld. ...	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Chota Nagpur Banking Association, Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet .	74	5 0 0	
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto shareholders' list.	48	5 0 0	
Holta Tea Co., Ld.	Ditto ditto balance sheet ...	74	5 0 0	
Ditto	Ditto ditto special resolution.	79	5 0 0	
			8,317 12 0	216 0 0

The 26*th April* 1893.

PRATAPA CHANDRA GHOSHA,

Registrar of Companies.

RESOLUTION ON THE INLAND EMIGRATION REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1892.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT, EMIGRATION No. 343T.—G.

Darjeeling, the 30th June 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Report of the Superintendent of Emigration, Calcutta, on Inland Emigration for the year 1892.

1. Dr. Macleod's Report on Inland Emigration, which has been submitted with punctuality, gives an account of the recruitment of contractors' and sardari coolies to the labour districts on the lines usually followed in these reports. A special feature of the present report is the introduction of a section dealing with free emigration, which brings together a considerable amount of useful information collected by District Officers on a subject ordinarily beyond the reach of official statistics.

Recruitment.

2. Under the licensed contractors' system of recruitment, there were 7 licensed contractors in 1892, against 6 in the previous year. In 1892, 31 recruiters licensed on behalf of these contractors, registered 4,712 immigrants as compared with 8,754 immigrants registered in the previous year by 47 recruiters. Under the certificated garden sardars' system, 3,609 sardars and 163 sardarnis registered 13,408 immigrants, the corresponding numbers in 1891 being 10,859 immigrants registered by 1,733 sardars and 61 sardarnis. In last year's Resolution, the Lieutenant-Governor observed the tendency towards an expansion of the contract system, accompanied by a falling off in the number of garden sardars. The figures given above seem to indicate a tendency to revert to the sardari form of recruitment as a means of obtaining labour for the labour districts. The reasons which have induced garden managers to double the number of sardars employed are not very apparent, and the Lieutenant-Governor will be glad to receive any further information which the Superintendent may be able to supply on this subject. The system of free emigration, authorized by section 7 of the Inland Emigration Act I of 1882 is reported to have been extensively resorted to, and is said to have been liable to many abuses. This subject has largely engaged the attention of Government during the past year, and the adoption of executive measures for the prevention of malpractices in the recruitment of free emigrants has been recognized as a necessity. Revised rules under Act I (B.C.) of 1889 dealing with the question have been drafted, and are now under the consideration of the Government of India.

Statistics.

3. The following statements show in a concise form the chief statistics of the despatch to Assam, Sylhet, and Cachar of emigrants under the contract, sardari, and free systems:—

Emigrants embarked.

CLASS.	AT GOALUNDO FOR—								At Dhubri for Assam.		Grand Total.	
	Assam.		Sylhet.		Cachar.		Total.					
	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.
Contractors'	6,121	3,329	193	170	1,067	663	7,381	4,162	Nil	Nil	7,381	4,162
Sardari	5,655	8,067	600	1,258	2,525	3,343	8,780	12,668	1,668	1,455	10,448	14,123
Free	11,532	15,822	5,387	7,277	1,478	2,705	18,397	25,904	17,740	23,062*	36,137	34,400†

* This number includes 14,566 emigrants embarked at Goalundo for Assam, landed at Dhubri *en route*, and re-embarked at Dhubri.

† From the total, 48,966, has been deducted; 14,566 re-embarked at Dhubri.

Emigrants Disembarked.

Class.	*Viâ* Goalundo at final landing stations in—								*Viâ* Dhubri at final landing station in Assam.		Grand Total.	
	Assam.		Sylhet.		Cachar.		Total.					
	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.
Contractors'	6,111	3,324	193	170	1,012	656	7,316	4,150	Nil.	Nil	7,316	4,150
Sardari	5,623	8,012	609	1,255	2,496	3,316	8,718	12,583	1,668	1,448	10,386	14,031
Free	......	15,804	11,458	7,377	3,119	2,703	14,577	25,884	17,740	23,007*	32,317	34,325†

* This number includes the emigrants from Goalundo who were embarked at Dhubri.
† From the total, 48,891, has been deducted the number re-embarked at Dhubri.

Comparing these figures with the figures for recruitment given in the preceding paragraph, the following statement traces the history of coolies recruited under the contractors' and sardari systems from the time of their recruitment until their disembarkation:—

Class.	Emigrants recruited.		Emigrants embarked.		Emigrants disembarked.	
	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.
Contractors' ...	8,754	4,712	7,381	4,162	7,316	4,150
Sardari ...	10,859	13,408	10,448	14,123	10,386	14,031
Total ...	19,613	18,120	17,829	18,285	17,702	18,181

The total number of emigrants registered in 1892, under the emigration Act I of 1882 was 18,120 against 19,613 in 1891. The total number embarked, including those registered in the previous year, but not embarked until the year under review, was 18,285 as compared with 17,829 in 1891, while the number disembarked was 18,181 against 17,702 in 1891. Between registration and embarkation the total number of casualties was 836 or 4·6 per cent., against 1,352 or 6·8 per cent. of the previous year. During the passage the casualties among contractors' coolies were 12 and among sardari coolies (making allowance for 3 births which occurred) 95, the percentage being 0·2 and 0·6 respectively, against 0·8 and 0·5 in 1891. Among the 34,400 free emigrants shown in the statements above to have been embarked, 81 casualties occurred. The figures for free emigrants are, however, known to be inaccurate, and the Superintendent has no doubt that a much larger number of free emigrants was imported than has been ascertained.

Health.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor observes with satisfaction that the Medical Inspector of Emigrants again reports favourably on the licensed contractors' depôts in Calcutta. Dr. McConnell states that the depôt buildings were kept in good and serviceable condition by the contractors, and that great attention has been paid to conservancy and general sanitation. No complaint was made to the Inspector as regards either the quantity or the quality of the food supplied to the emigrants, and the water-supply is said to be excellent. The percentages of sickness and mortality to total population were 2·3 per cent. and 5·7 per mille respectively, as compared with 2·7 per cent. and 2·1 per mille in the preceding year. Thus, although the percentage of sickness was slightly less, the mortality was considerably higher than in 1891. Of the 27 deaths, 9 were due to cholera, and 13 were of infants or young children.

5. The Embarkation Agent and Medical Inspector at Goalundo has given a satisfactory account of the depôts for the accommodation of emigrants at that place. As regards the arrangements at Dhubri, information is furnished to the Assam Administration and is not available for the present report.

6. Of the 3,329 contractors' coolies embarked for Assam, 4 died between Goalundo and Assam, while 5 deaths occurred among the 833 embarked for Sylhet and Cachar. These figures compare favourably with those of the previous year.

7. On the other hand the figures of mortality among sardari emigrants who travelled *viâ* Goalundo do not compare so favourably with those of 1891. Of these, 12,815 left the districts of recruitment in charge of certificated garden sardars. During the journey to Goalundo 11 died, the total number of casualties, including desertions and those left behind, being 113. Prior to embarkation 30 more casualties and 2 births occurred, leaving 12,677 emigrants to embark, of whom 12,668 actually embarked before the close of the year. Among the 8,067 who embarked for Assam, 58 casualties occurred, the percentage being 0·71 against 0·56 in the previous year; 43 emigrants died from cholera and 8 from other causes, making a death-rate of 0·63 against 0·53 in 1891. Of the 4,601 sardari emigrants embarked for Sylhet and Cachar, 6 deserted and 24 died, the total casualties being 30. Of the 24 deaths 19 were due to cholera. The percentage of mortality was 0·52 compared with 0·88 in 1891.

8. It is stated that 25,904 free emigrants embarked at Goalundo against 18,397 in 1891. Of these, 20 are reported to have died between Goalundo and Assam, none between Goalundo and Sylhet, and only 2 between Goalundo and Cachar. These returns, however, are of doubtful accuracy and can scarcely be accepted as representing the real facts.

9. All sardari emigrants and free emigrants, who do not avail themselves of the Goalundo route, proceed direct to Dhubri for embarkation for the labour districts in Assam. The number of sardari emigrants who adopted the Dhubri route was 1,457. Of these 9 died on the journey to Dhurbi, and at Dhubri 3 more deaths occurred. Other casualties occurred, and a number of emigrants remained undisposed of at the close of the previous year, so that altogether 1,455 actually embarked. During the voyage 7 deaths, all due to cholera, occurred, giving a death-rate of 0·48. The percentage of mortality among the 23,062 free emigrants who embarked at Dhubri is said to have been 0·23 only.

Administrative.

10. The Superintendent alludes in his report to three administrative measures which were carried out during the year. The first two of these related to the amendment of the rules with a view to ensuring the supply of warm clothing to emigrants while travelling to the labour districts, and to facilitating the vaccination of unprotected emigrants. The third measure referred to was the issue of an important notification by the Government of Madras, extending, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the provisions of the Inland Emigration Act I of 1882 to the district of Ganjam with effect from the 1st of April 1892.

Departmental.

11. Dr. R. Macleod, who was confirmed in the appointment of Superintendent of Emigration on 29th March 1892, held charge of the duties of that office throughout the year. The thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor are due to him for the present report, and for the efficient manner in which he has looked after the interests of emigrants during the year.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. H. RISLEY,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER, BENGAL, FOR THE YEAR 1892.

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT—SANITATION.

Dated Darjeeling, the 1st July 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 2223S.

READ—

The Report of the Sanitary Commissioner, Bengal, for the year 1892.

Read also—

The Report for the year 1891, and the Resolution recorded upon it.

Vital statistics.

1. The Sanitary Commissioner of Bengal may be compared to a skilled workman labouring with indifferent tools which break in the using. Few of his deductions have hitherto been accepted without the reservation that the figures on which they are based were unreliable. It cannot be said that the figures with which the Sanitary Commissioner deals in the report under review are free from error, but a decided improvement is visible in the registration of vital statistics during the year, due chiefly to the change of system introduced from 1st January 1892, by which the work of registration was conducted entirely by the agency of the Police, and births were registered for the first time, not only in urban, but also in rural areas. The appendices to the report contain therefore, for the first time, figures for births and deaths in each registration circle, and the Lieutenant-Governor desires to call the attention of all local bodies to these interesting and valuable statements in which, however, the shortcomings of many circles are clearly demonstrated.

Registration of births. Towns.

2. The number of towns in which births were registered in 1892 was 145, with a population of 2,768,381, as compared with 141 towns having a population of 2,716,424 in the previous year. The number of births recorded was 70,088, giving a ratio of 25·31 per mille of the population, against 58,317, or a ratio of 21·46 per mille, in the previous year. After making every allowance for the fact that towns (though many of these areas hardly deserve the title) always show a smaller birth-rate than rural areas, on account of the larger proportion of males which they contain, it is impossible to doubt that these figures are far below the mark. The highest results were returned by the towns of Siwan, Jamui, and Sasaram, in all of which the recorded birth-rate exceeded 40 per mille, and 19 other town areas, of which 9 are in the Patna Division and only 4 in Bengal, give a rate of 35 per mille or more: in 1891 only 10 towns exceeded this rate. The good results obtained in Siwan (47·71) show clearly how great an improvement can be effected by the exercise of care and attention on the part of the local authorities, and the Lieutenant-Governor expects that this care and attention shall be accorded: no municipality will be considered to be working satisfactorily in which so important a branch of the administration is neglected. In 5 towns, viz., Nasirabad, Darjeeling, Jessore, Nalchiti, and Jhalokati, the rate recorded was below 10 per mille, and in 36 towns it ranged between 10 and 20 per mille. In the towns of Baruipur, Birnagar, Jessore, Mohespur, Chanduria, Sherpur, Kurseong, Muktagacha, and Malda, the number of births recorded during the year was below 100, while in Nalchiti only 14 births were recorded and in Jhalokati only 11. This means that registration in these towns was practically neglected.

Ditto. Rural areas.

3. The total number of births recorded in rural areas was 1,911,872, giving a birth-rate of 28·27 per thousand, which, though naturally better than the result in town areas, is still doubtless inaccurate. Out of the 558 rural circles which profess to register births, only 27 have returned birth-rates exceeding 40 per mille. In the rural circles of Serampore, Barrackpore, and Patna, the number of births registered during the year was below 100, while in that of Nawabganj only 22

infants are said to have been born. The absurdity of such figures is patent on the face of them, and it is aggravated by the fact that they occur in places which, though within reach of intelligent supervision, can never have received it.

Births according to sex.

4. In both town and rural areas together, the male births numbered 1,032,902, and the female births 949,058, being 108 male births to every 100 female births, against a ratio of 110 in the previous year. These figures confirm the indication afforded by the previous paragraph, viz., that the deficiency is greatest in the registration of the births of female infants. The census figures for 1891 show that in that year the proportion of female children living to every 1,000 male infants under five years of age was 1,086. Assuming, for the sake of argument, that the mortality among infants of both sexes is equal up to that age, and that the registration of male births in 1892 was correct, these figures lead to the inference that there was a deficiency in the registration of female births of 17 per cent., and that the true number was not 949,058, but 1,115,534. This correction, if accurate, raises the birth-rate for both sexes to 30·5 per mille—a figure still low, but nearer the truth than 28·15.

5. Compared with the statistics elsewhere, the birth-rate in Bengal was lower than in any Province in India, with the exception of Madras and Burma, as the following figures will show:—

Bengal	28·15	Punjab	38·16
Madras	25·1	Central Provinces ...	38·39
Bombay	34·57	Assam	31·05
North-West Provinces...	36·17	Burma	23·07

True birth-rate.

These ratios show how deficient birth registration is in Bengal relatively to other Provinces, and of its absolute deficiency there can be as little doubt. The Bengal Census Report of 1881 showed, with much apparent probability, that the birth-rate of the Province was "not less than 45 per mille," and this conclusion was confirmed by the conclusions of an English statistician, Mr. Hardy, to whom the census figures and the vital statistics of the Province were submitted in London. After introducing the necessary corrections deduced from a careful examination of a small body of reliable figures, Mr. Hardy evolved a birth-rate of 47·9 per mille. If this conclusion is accepted, the birth registration of 1892 was nearly 20 per mille below the truth.

Registration of deaths.

6. In 1892 the total number of deaths registered throughout the Lower Provinces, in town and rural areas together, was 2,247,275 as compared with 1,896,261 in 1891, giving an annual death-rate of 31·92 and 26·94 respectively. From the statistics given in paragraph 4 of the Sanitary Commissioner's report, it appears that the highest death-rate recorded is 49·48 per mille in the Punjab, and the rates in the other Provinces were as follow:—Assam 34·21, the Central Provinces 34·14, the North-West Provinces 34·11, and Bombay 32·50, while Madras and Burma show only 22·3 and 18·83. The true rate for Bengal, estimated by Mr. Bourdillon in 1881, was "about 34 per mille," and by Mr. Hardy 39·9, being 41·7 for males and 38·0 for females. The sex ratios recorded in Bengal in 1892 were 34·15 and 29·72 per mille respectively. The figures in paragraph 4 go to show that in Bengal the number of female births exceeds that of males, and in consequence the number of deaths should be in excess also, especially as a considerable proportion of the males born in Bengal die outside the Province. The proved longevity of females is a factor to be counted with on the other side of the argument; but, even after giving full weight to this consideration, it is clear that the deaths of females are badly reported.

Deaths in towns.

7. The recorded death-rate in urban circles increased from 27·28 to 33·57, and that in rural circles from 26·93 to 31·85. In towns the figures recorded ranged between 59·31 at Muzaffarpur and 14·52 in Tangail. In no less than 41 out of the 145 towns there was a falling off in the number of deaths reported. In 60 towns, as against 34 in 1891, the rate was above 35, while in the towns of Madaripur,

Dinapore, South Subarban, Serajganj, Muktagacha, Vishunpur, Darjeeling, Cossipore-Chitpur, Nalchiti, Kishorganj, and Tangail the recorded death-rate was below 20 per thousand, which shows unmistakeably that the work of registration in those towns was very much neglected.

Deaths in rural areas.

8. The districts whose rural areas show the highest mortality are Backergunge (43·88), Balasore (43·78), Jessore (42·30), Darjeeling (41·73), Rajshahi (40·99). Nine others, viz., Champaran, Palamau, Cuttack, Puri, Muzaffarpur, Lohardaga, Monghyr, Pabna, and Nadia, have rates above 35 per mille, and in 16 more they exceed 30 per mille. In most of these districts the higher death-rates denote increased mortality, but in some it is doubtless due to better registration. Balasore, Cuttack, and Puri suffered severely from cholera, as did Muzaffarpur, Backergunge, and Nadia to a less extent. Fever was very fatal in Rajshahi, Jalpaiguri, and Jessore, while the position on the list of Darjeeling is due to a combination of fever and dysentery. Turning to smaller units than the district, some rural areas have reported a mortality which should have been noticed by the Sanitary Commissioner. In 90 instances the rates reported are between 40 and 50 per mille, and in 21 others they exceeded 50 per thousand. The worst cases are those mentioned in the margin, and the figures represent so heavy a mortality that the Lieutenant-Governor must ask for a further report showing to what the high death-rate was due in each case, and what steps were taken to abate the ravages of diseases both at the time or since.

Rural area.	District.	Rate.
Darjeeling	Darjeeling	72·23
Khetlal	Bogra	66·34
Kalupol	Nadia	65·37
Matbari	Backergunge	65·26
Semaria	Hazaribagh	61·33
Salkopa	Jessore	59·10
Golachipa	Backergunge	56·03
Ranka	Palamau	55·66
Kotchandpur	Jessore	55·53
Manullabazar	Murshidabad	55·48
Barhanuddin Havildar ...	Backergunge	54·95
Chandbali	Balasore	54·08
Dumaria	Khulna	54·04
Hardi or Lawria	Champaran	53·24
Gorabazar	Murshidabad	52·92
Basudebpur	Balasore	52·12
Hattia	Noakhali	51·87
Tundwa	Hazaribagh	51·83
Singur	Hooghly	51·68
Aul	Cuttack	50·59
Lalpur	Rajshahi	50·06

Infant mortality.

9. The insanitary conditions, according to Western ideas, under which native children are brought into the world, and the constitutional weakness of infants born of parents frequently immature, cause year by year a lamentable mortality among infants under one year old. In 1892 the death-rate was higher than usual, being 168·29 per mille, against 132·95 in 1891, and 113·52, the average of the quinquennium 1887—91: part of the increase is doubtless due to better registration.

Death-rate from various causes.

10. The following statement shows separately the death-rate from the principal diseases during the year, compared with that of the previous year and the quinquennium 1887—91:—

Causes of death.	In 1892, per mille.			In 1891, per mille.			In 1887—91, per mille.		
	Urban.	Rural.	Combined.	Urban.	Rural.	Combined.	Urban.	Rural.	Combined.
Cholera	5·05	3·62	·68	4·54	3·20	3·26	3·33	2·30	2·34
Small-pox	·48	·31	·31	·48	·22	·23	·32	·12	·13
Fever	18·57	23·01	22·84	12·55	19·21	18·94	10·45	16·61	16·37
Dysentery and diarrhœa	2·87	·59	·68	2·67	·52	·61	2·51	·62	·69
Injury	·44	·39	·39	·47	·41	·41	·44	·40	·40
Other causes ...	6·13	3·91	4·00	6·54	3·35	3·47	5·62	3·10	3·20
All causes	33·57	31·85	31·92	27·28	26·93	26·94	22·69	23·18	23·16

The most noticeable aspect of these figures is the increased mortality due to cholera and fever. The causes assigned are the excessively insanitary condition of the towns, and in rural areas defective drainage and bad drinking water, and, no doubt, these are the true causes. They are susceptible of remedy with money and systematic effort. How the money is to be provided, and what the sanitary organization should be for rural areas, are points to which reference will presently be made; here the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor would say that as sanitary improvements are expensive and not always acceptable to the people, it behoves all local authorities to concentrate their efforts on that improvement which is never unacceptable, never misunderstood, and never ineffectual in preventing disease. That improvement is the provision of good drinking water: other expensive sanitary measures can wait.

Cholera.

11. During the year 259,398 deaths from cholera were recorded, against 229,575 in 1891, which again was the worst year since 1876: the average of the five years 1887—91 was 165,172. It is probable that the excess is largely due to improved registration, but at the same time there is no doubt that there was a real increase of the disease in 1892, due in many districts to the deficient rainfall in the earlier months of the year, which caused wells and tanks everywhere to run dry and drove the people to drink impure water. The disease visited every district and attacked altogether, with more or less severity, 24,553 villages. The prevalence of cholera during every month of the year, its seasonal incidence, and its comparative prevalence in each district in Bengal in 1892, have been illustrated by the Sanitary Commissioner in a series of carefully prepared and interesting diagrams. The most remarkable feature in the cholera history of the year is the excessive mortality in the Orissa Division, which was comparatively free from the disease in 1891, and the immunity of Purnea, Rangpur, and Jalpaiguri, which suffered severely in that year. The ratio of deaths from cholera in the Balasore district, where it was very clearly attributable not to pilgrim infection, but to the deficiency of water, was no less than 15·0 per thousand; in Puri it was 11·30, and in Cuttack it was 10·98. The districts which suffered least were Purnea, Dinajpur, Bogra, Rangpur, Malda, Darjeeling, and Jalpaiguri, where the registered mortality was 282, 298, 160, 593, 336, 132, and 408 respectively. The extracts from the Civil Surgeons' reports given by the Sanitary Commissioner throw no new light on the etiology of the disease, though, in the graphic report of Dr. Kelly, the Civil Medical Officer of the Sonthal Parganas, the genesis of the disease in several striking cases is clearly demonstrated. The localities affected were invariably found to be in an insanitary condition, the water-supply impure and insufficient, and the inhabitants frequently predisposed to disease, being enfeebled by exposure and scanty and unwholesome food.

Small-pox.

12. The mortality from small-pox during 1892 is the highest on record since 1882. The total number of deaths reported to have occurred from this disorder was 22,359 or ·31 per mille, against 16,193 or ·23 per mille in 1891, and an average ratio of ·14 per mille for the nine years 1882 to 1890. As in 1891, the disease was most prevalent in Puri, Cuttack, Lohardaga, and Midnapore, where vaccination is said to have not made much progress owing to the strong prejudices of the people. The largest number of deaths occurred among children under six years of age. The floating population of Calcutta continued to enjoy great immunity from the disease. A great development of vaccination is anticipated by the Sanitary Commissioner from the new arrangements sanctioned during the year, by which the Civil Surgeon has now full control over these operations in each district: it is obviously too soon yet for the scheme to have had any great effect.

Fever.

13. Fevers prevailed to a very large extent during the year under review, and proved more fatal than in any year within the past decade. The recorded mortality from this cause was 1,607,716, or a ratio of 22·84 per mille of the population under registration, against 1,333,395, or a ratio of 18·94 per mille in 1891, and the Sanitary Commissioner points out that the death-rate is steadily increasing, for

it was 15·17 per thousand for the last ten years and 16·37 for the last five. The high death-rate of 1892, which is nearly three-fourths of the entire death-rate of the province, is again attributed chiefly to impeded drainage and bad water-supply. The districts in which the mortality was highest were Rajshahi (37·13), Jessore (34·17), Jalpaiguri (33·37), Rangpur (31·38), Dinajpur (30·95), Malda (30·72), Palamau (29·49), Monghyr (29·15), Purnea (28·43), Champaran (27·93), Bhagalpur (27·49), Darjeeling (27·02), Hazaribagh (26·63), Backergunge (26·36), Muzaffarpur (26·29), and Nadia (25·84). The first six of these districts and Nadia were the seven most fever-striken districts in 1891 also. In Cuttack (14·84), Saran (14·01), Balasore (14·21), Singhbhum (13·24), Howrah (12·98), and Puri (6·71), the mortality was lowest. The comparative freedom of Orissa from fever is most providential, since, as has already been pointed out, this Division suffers severely from cholera and small-pox. The lowest mortality from fever, in the past as in previous years, occurred in the month of June, from which time it gradually rose till it reached its maximum during the drying up of the rains in November.

Fever mortality in the Terai.

14. The high rate of fever mortality in the Jalpaiguri and Darjeeling Terai has been brought out prominently in the present report, as desired in the Resolution for 1891, and the statistics furnished, especially those for the Darjeeling Terai, which have been carefully prepared and for which the thanks of Government are due to Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel E. G. Russell, the Civil Surgeon of Darjeeling, afford an interesting study of the comparative unhealthiness of the Terai and non-Terai regions. In the case of Jalpaiguri the statistics, owing to defective registration, are unreliable, and the Lieutenant-Governor hesitates to accept the conclusion drawn by the Civil Medical Officer, Dr. Ashe, that "the Duars enjoyed a greater immunity from fever." That fever is terribly prevalent in the Terai, the region of malaria, is indisputable, and the following figures furnished by Dr. Russell for the Darjeeling district show this conclusively:—

Name of subdivision.	Deaths per 1,000 from fever in 1892.
Darjeeling—non-Terai	20·8
Kurseong—Midway	26·1
Siliguri—Terai	41·7

Not the least important of the statistics submitted by Dr. Russell are those which show the mortality from fever as compared with that from other causes in the various tea-gardens in the Terai. The extraordinarily high death-rates from fever in certain gardens seem to point to the necessity for closer supervision in regard to the wants of the labourers employed on them, and the attention of the Deputy Commissioners of Jalpaiguri and Darjeeling will be specially drawn to the facts and figures in paragraph 38 of the Sanitary Commissioner's Report. The matter attracted the notice of the Lieutenant-Governor some time since, and orders have already issued prescribing the regular submission of death reports from all tea estates as well as other registering circles: the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that a careful discharge of this important duty will justify the concessions which Sir Charles Elliott allowed the tea-planters of the Western Duars in respect of the appointment of chaukidars.

Mortality from other causes.

15. The mortality from dysentery and diarrhœa, injury, and other causes was 48,491, 27,704, and 281,607 respectively, against 43,183, 29,283, and 244,692 in 1891. As usual, Darjeeling suffered most from dysentery and diarrhœa, Balasore, Puri, Howrah, and Lohardaga coming next.

Expenditure on urban sanitation.

16. The total amount expended by municipalities on sanitation during 1892, exclusive of the amount spent on the maintenance of roads, whose connection with sanitation

is sometimes very slender, was Rs. 14,78,714, against Rs. 13,37,569 in 1891, showing a total advance of Rs. 1,41,145. The figures are given below:—

Head of Expenditure.	Total expenditure.		Difference.	
	1892.	1891.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
On conservancy, including latrine	3,82,229	3,46,410	35,819	...
Ditto establishment ...	3,76,588	3,54,051	22,537	...
,, Drainage	98,600	94,732	3,868	...
,, Water-supply	1,50,641	1,12,027	38,614	...
,, Disposal of the dead ...	6,774	6,923	......	149
,, Markets and slaughter-houses	16,734	13,190	3,544	...
,, Vaccination	18,200	17,510	690	...
,, Treatment of the sick ...	2,56,752	2,41,032	15,720	...
Other sanitary works ...	,72,196	1,51,694	20,502	...
Total ...	14,78,714	13,37,569	1,41,145	...
On construction, maintenance and repair of roads	5,03,115	4,52,322	50,793	...
Total, including roads ...	19,81,829	17,89,891	1,91,938	...

Out of nearly 15 lakhs of rupees spent on sanitation, only a lakh and a half are shown against water-supply. That does not seem to Sir Antony MacDonnell to be an adequate or satisfactory allotment; and he trusts that Municipal Commissioners will take this matter into their serious consideration. In his opinion, by far the most important object of municipal administration is the provision of a good water-supply for the people of the town.

17. The town in which the largest proportion of municipal income was devoted to original sanitary works was Faridpur (48·64), while, on the other hand, in 44 municipalities nothing at all was spent under this head. The town in which the largest portion of municipal income was devoted to sanitary works of an annually recurring nature was Nasirabad (67·05) and the lowest place is taken by Joynagar (4·41).

Rural sanitation.

18. In Appendix IV is given a list of sanitary works executed in towns and rural areas by District Boards and Municipalities, and by private individuals. The total cost of the works undertaken and completed by the several local bodies is said to be Rs. 3,34,658, while that of those in progress is estimated at Rs. 62,874. The total amount spent by private individuals on sanitary works was Rs. 3,19,469, the most important work undertaken being the construction of water-works at Nasirabad in the Mymensingh district by Raja Surja Kanta Acharjya, Bahadur, at a cost of Rs. 1,42,764. On the subject of rural sanitation Dr. Gregg remarks as follows:—

"Rural sanitation is unknown in these provinces. No attention whatever is paid to conservancy or water-supply, and stagnant ponds are allowed to exhale miasma everywhere. The people are cleanly enough as regards their persons and the interior of their houses, but the surroundings of their villages are often appallingly filthy. This has been and continues to be pointed out to them as the cause of their unhealthiness, but it seems to be of no use talking, and of still less use writing pamphlets for their guidance; they are perfectly happy, though unhealthy, in the midst of their insanitary surroundings, and will not voluntarily exert themselves in the slightest to attend to the most simple sanitary precautions. Wells are dug for them and tanks are excavated, but they will not set them apart for special purposes, and obstinately use the water of the same tank for washing their persons and bathing their bodies, and washing their clothes and bathing and watering their cattle, and cleaning their utensils, and for drinking and culinary purposes. So long as this utter disregard continues, there must be a large amount of sickness, disease and death in our villages. Doubtless an improvement in this as in other respects will take place with the spread and advancement of education, but until then no real reform can, I am afraid, be effected unless the panchayat or village headmen are vested with authority to prosecute residents for non-compliance with sanitary regulations. It is manifestly beyond the powers of District or Local Boards to carry such measures into execution."

If this be a true description of the sanitary condition of Bengal villages, as it undoubtedly is, and if the District and Local Boards are impotent to deal with the situation, as they confessedly are, then the time has come to strengthen the hands of these bodies and provide that village organisation without which rural sanitation is beyond our reach. The sanitary question in Bengal, in its various phases of silting-up deltaic rivers, obstructed drainage, uncleanly towns and unhealthy villages, is the pressing question of the day, and the solution will not grow easier by being postponed.

19. To the great subject of drainage the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor will make no further reference here, though he will not overlook it; but in regard to village sanitation he wishes to say that the time has surely come to call into existence those village Unions which were specially devised in the Local Self-Government Act to deal with such simple matters as the provision of pure drinking-water for the villagers and the maintenance of the village site in a cleanly state. In every other Province of the Empire action has been taken in this direction; in Bengal alone no adequate effort has yet been made to promote rural sanitation.

20. It is true that the funds at the disposal of District Committees and Local Boards are, at present, not always adequate to meet existing requirements. The case of primary education may be specially instanced as illustrating the deficiency of existing funds. And it would be wrong to expect these funds to supply the money necessary for more than the experimental beginnings of a scheme of village sanitation. It seems also hopeless to expect that adequate assistance can be given from Provincial Funds, which are strained to meet Provincial responsibilities, as will appear from the budget estimates laid before the Bengal Legislative Council last March. If anything real and effectual, then, is to be done for the sanitation of Bengal villages, it will not do merely to call Village Unions into existence, indispensable a measure though this may be; we must also devise means to provide these Unions with the wherewithal to work.

The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor does not on this occasion offer to the public any scheme for providing the necessary funds for an efficient system of village sanitation for Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, though he hopes to take an early opportunity of putting forth certain considerations by which public opinion may be directed into channels likely to lead to some tangible and practical results. His object is to place before the public the urgent necessity which exists for action, and to invite criticism as to the direction in which action can best be taken both in regard to the provision of funds and to the general character of the sanitary improvements to be effected. On both points he has indeed formed some provisional views; but these are liable to alteration with reference to the opinions with which he expects to be favoured on this important question.

22. Owing to the frequent absence of some of the members on tour, the Sanitary Board was not able to hold more than one formal meeting during the year. Much business was, however, done in an informal way. The most important subjects which came under their consideration were the drainage and water-supply of the town of Pabna, and the drainage of the towns of Dinajpur and Jamalpur. Rough estimates were also prepared of schemes for draining the towns of Meherpur and Bettiah. A survey for the drainage of the town of Serampore has been completed, and similar schemes for the towns of Burdwan and Monghyr are being worked out. A survey of the town of Howrah for the same purpose is still in progress. Besides these projects, the Sanitary Board helped in the preparation of drainage schemes for Bally and Uttarpara, and gave their advice to municipalities on various projects, notably on the large scheme for the supply of filtered water to the town of Arrah. In fact the number of projects for water-supply and drainage proposed by Municipal Commissioners and District Boards became so numerous during the year that the Lieutenant-Governor found it necessary to define the duties of the Sanitary Board with regard to the preparation of such projects, and precise instructions on the subject have been issued. If any large plan of rural sanitation is to be undertaken, as has been now

The Sanitary Board.

suggested, Sir Antony MacDonnell thinks that it will be desirable to broaden the constitution of the Sanitary Board, and bring it more into touch with local bodies.

Inspections.

23. The Sanitary Commissioner inspected 35 municipalities during the year against 48 in the previous year, and on 10 out of these 35 Municipalities he wrote inspection reports. A statement has been furnished by him showing the amount of inspection done by the Deputy Sanitary Commissioners and the Deputy Superintendents of Vaccination. Some of these officers failed to reach the standard of inspection prescribed by the Government of India in reviewing the report for 1889, but the omission is justified in each case.

Conclusion.

24. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor has perused with satisfaction the remarks recorded by the Sanitary Commissioner on the work performed by Mr. G. C. Stawell, the Engineer to the Sanitary Board, and by his Personal Assistant, Mr. A. A. Price, and other subordinates. The thanks of Government are due to Dr. Gregg for the punctuality with which his report has been submitted, and for the good work he has accomplished in spite of the ill-health from which he suffered for nearly five months of the year.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

No. 4109R.C.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Road Cess.

Dated Calcutta, the 29th June 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 198L.F., dated the 10th June 1893, submitting an abstract of receipts and expenditure of the several District Road Committees in Bengal for the quarter ending 31st March 1893.

RESOLUTION.—The Lieutenant-Governor directs that the accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the several District Road Committees in Bengal for the fourth quarter of the year 1892-93 be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and circulated to the officers concerned.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution, together with a copy of the abstract of receipts and expenditure, be published in the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette.*

Ordered also, that a copy of this Resolution and of the abstract referred to, be forwarded to the Commissioners of the Rajshahi, Bhágalpur, Chittagong, and Chota Nagpur Divisions; to the Superintending Engineers of the Northern and Western Circles; to the Inspector of Works, Eastern Circle; and to the Financial Department of this Government, for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. J. JOHNSTONE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DISTRIC

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the several District Ro

REC

Districts.		Balance in Treasury on 1st January 1893.	Provincial Rates. Cess on lands.	Cess on mines and railways.	One per cent. road cess.	Total.	Interest on arrears of road cess collections.	Public Works. Road tolls.	Ferry tolls.	Total.	Irrigation. Canal tolls.	Rent of serais and staging-bungalows.	Fees, fines and forfeitures.	Miscellaneous.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.
Cess Districts.	Darjeeling ...	2,748 4 9	11,542 8 4	37 0 6	......	11,579 8 10	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,000 [illegible]
	Hazaribagh ...	16,234 11 7	29,528 10 0	2,637 14 8	......	32,166 8 8	15 10 2	......	......	......	......	191 0 0	18 8 0	3 [illegible]
	Lohardaga ...	7,149 1 5	25,408 14 11	......	......	25,408 14 11	0 2 4	......	......	......	......	15 8 0	167 14 0	17 [illegible]
	Manbhum ...	5,286 12 7	9,612 5 7	677 6 6	......	10,289 12 1	7 14 7	......	......	......	......	533 4 3	2 2 0	......
	Palamau ...	7,847 8 3	12,303 9 11	2 4 0	......	12,305 13 11	59 1 5	......	......	......	......	47 8 0	54 11 8	11 [illegible]
	Total ...	39,286 6 7	88,396 0 9	3,354 9 8	......	91,750 10 5	82 12 6	......	......	......	......	789 4 3	243 3 8	1,031 1[illegible]
Non-cess Districts.	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	6,429 5 6	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
	Sonthal Parganas ...	15,236 4 3	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	217 12 0	......	68 7
	Singhbhum ...	9,068 10 3	2,986 15 2	10 1 1	......	2,997 0 3	......	......	......	......	......	4 0 0	92 14 0	9 1[illegible]
	Total ...	30,734 4 0	2,986 15 2	10 1 1	......	2,997 0 3	......	......	......	......	......	221 12 0	92 14 0	78 [illegible]
Grand Total ...		70,020 10 7	91,385 15 11	3,364 10 9	......	94,747 10 8	82 12 6	......	......	......	......	1,011 0 3	336 1 8	1,110 [illegible]

EXP

Districts.		Refunds. Cess.	Other receipts.	Total.	Provincial Rates. Establishment and contingencies of office of collection.	Administration. Establishment and contingencies of Committee's office.	Percentage cost of establishment for offices of account and control.	Total.	Stationery. Stationery and printing.	Pu[blic Works]. Original works.	Repairs.	Establishment.	Tools and plant.	Toll and ferry establishment and contingencies.	Establishment of Divi[sional] ...
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	
Cess Districts.	Darjeeling ...	......	......	......	320 12 7	266 14 4	......	266 14 4	60 3 6	......	2,037 1 5	109 0 0	......	...	
	Hazaribagh ...	......	32 15 0	32 15 0	251 9 9	330 4 0	......	330 4 0	0 4 6	715 0 1	23,685 3 1	2,014 2 0	266 0 0	...	
	Lohardaga ...	......	......	......	353 0 9	112 10 6	......	112 10 6	5 2 0	458 7 10	12,962 4 7	1,884 4 0	308 7 9	...	
	Manbhum ...	......	......	......	1,393 15 7	342 6 6	......	342 6 6	106 3 8	128 0 0	7,460 11 11	1,940 0 0	......	...	
	Palamau ...	......	......	......	228 7 3	177 1 0	335 0 0	512 1 0	23 7 0	17 4 6	3,665 15 11	513 6 2	143 0 0	...	
	Total ...	......	32 15 0	32 15 0	2,547 13 11	1,229 4 4	335 0 0	1,564 4 4	195 4 8	1,318 12 5	49,811 4 11	6,460 12 2	717 7 9	...	
Non-cess Districts.	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	......	......	......	......	13 12 0	......	13 12 0	......	1,689 1 0	8,851 15 0	1,960 7 2	......	...	
	Sonthal Parganas ...	......	......	......	......	258 0 0	......	258 0 0	20 12 0	10,706 15 3	21,262 9 2	2,157 11 6	73 3 3	...	
	Singhbhum ...	......	10 0 0	10 0 0	......	137 9 6	......	137 9 6	8 15 6	2,021 8 0	4,158 10 0	777 4 0	......	...	
	Total ...	......	10 0 0	10 0 0	......	409 5 6	......	409 5 6	29 11 6	14,417 8 3	34,273 2 2	4,895 6 8	73 3 3	...	
Grand Total ...		......	42 15 0	42 15 0	2,547 13 11	1,638 9 10	335 0 0	1,973 9 10	225 0 2	15,736 4 8	84,084 7 1	11,356 2 10	790 11 0	...	

FORT WILLIAM,
The 23rd May 1893.

OAD FUND.

ommittees for the Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893.

PTS.

...NEOUS. Total.	Grant from Government.	Suspense Account. Advance.	Suspense Account. Deposit.	Suspense Account. Total.	Provident Fund receipts.	Savings Bank investment withdrawals.	Total receipts.	Balance of imprest in hands of Engineers and others decreased.	Balance of uncashed cheques increased.	Total receipts, including balance.	Outlay.	Balance in Treasury on 31st March 1893.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1,000 0 0	95 14 1	1,812 3 10	......	1,812 3 10	......	...	14,457 10 9	......	1,628 9 11	18,864 9 5	8,548 5 8	10,316 3 9
213 2 3	567 12 0	4,427 6 9	......	4,427 6 9	35 15 0	...	37,426 6 10	1 8 0	12,553 11 7	66,236 6 0	29,263 13 1	36,972 8 11
200 6 0	117 2 9	114 0 3	173 0 0	287 0 3	......	...	26,013 10 3	......	4,551 15 7	37,714 11 3	16,800 10 9	20,914 0 6
537 6 3	250 0 0	188 8 7	50 0 0	238 8 7	164 1 0	...	11,487 10 6	......	......	16,774 7 1	12,925 8 9	3,848 14 4
113 6 11	......	102 9 10	201 0 0	303 9 10	......	...	12,782 0 1	......	155 6 1	20,784 14 5	5,721 11 6	15,063 2 11
2,064 5 5	1,030 12 10	6,644 13 3	424 0 0	7,068 13 3	200 0 0	...	1,02,197 6 5	1 8 0	18,889 11 2	1,60,375 0 2	73,260 1 9	87,114 14 5
......	22,014 0 0	......	......	......	......	...	22,014 0 0	......	8,214 10 8	36,658 0 2	12,515 3 2	24,142 13 0
286 3 3	40,208 0 0	15,243 12 11	......	15,243 12 11	......	...	55,738 0 2	......	4,387 3 3	75,361 7 8	44,994 1 5	30,367 6 3
106 10 0	......	1,722 12 3	211 10 0	1,934 6 3	49 15 6	...	5,988 0 0	......	......	14,156 10 3	8,843 7 2	5,313 3 1
392 13 3	62,222 0 0	16,966 9 2	211 10 0	17,178 3 2	49 15 6	...	82,840 0 2	......	12,601 13 11	1,26,176 2 1	66,352 11 9	59,823 6 4
2,457 2 8	63,252 12 10	23,611 6 5	635 10 0	24,247 0 5	249 15 6	...	1,85,037 6 7	1 8 0	31,491 9 1	2,86,551 2 3	1,39,612 13 6	1,46,9?8 4 9

TURE.

...RKS. Total.	IRRIGATION. Canal toll establishment and contingencies.	Miscellaneous. Staging-bungalow establishment and contingencies.	Miscellaneous. Staging-bungalow petty construction and repairs.	Miscellaneous. Miscellaneous.	Miscellaneous. Provident Fund contributions.	Total.	Contributions to Provincial Government.	Suspense Account. Advance.	Suspense Account. Deposit.	Suspense Account. Total.	Provident Fund withdrawals.	Savings Bank investment deposits.	Total expenditure.	Balance of imprest in hands of Engineer and other increased.	Balance of uncashed cheques decreased.	Total outlay.
Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
146 1 5	...	......	......	......	......	......	...	5,754 5 10	......	5,754 5 10	...	......	8,548 5 8	...	......	8,548 5
680 5 2	...	47 6 0	42 11 5	—38 2 0	12 3 0	64 2 5	...	1,835 13 3	......	1,835 13 3	...	68 7 0	29,263 13 1	...	......	29,263 13 1
613 8 2	...	38 8 0	258 5 4	27 8 0	......	324 5 4	...	......	392 0 0	392 0 0	...	......	16,800 10 9	...	......	16,800 10 9
328 11 11	...	......	784 14 1	......	54 11 0	839 9 1	...	250 0 0	250 0 0	500 0 0	...	164 1 0	12,874 15 9	7 7 0	43 2 0	12,925 8 9
339 10 7	...	158 0 0	45 1 3	21 0 5	......	294 1 8	...	414 0 0	......	414 0 0	...	......	5,721 11 6	...	......	5,721 11 6
108 5 3	...	223 14 0	1,131 0 1	10 6 5	66 14 0	1,432 2 6	...	8,254 3 1	642 0 0	8,896 3 1	...	232 8 0	73,209 8 9	7 7 0	43 2 0	73,260 1 9
501 [illegible] 2	...	......	......	......	......	......	...	......	......	......	...	......	12,515 3 2	...	......	12,515 3 2
256 [illegible] 2	...	427 5 3	1 2 0	......	......	428 7 3	...	8,746 7 0	1,340 0 0	10,086 7 0	...	......	44,994 1 5	...	......	44,994 1 5
567 6 0	...	86 15 11	165 10 6	155 7 6	16 10 6	424 12 5	...	1,101 0 0	120 0 0	1,221 0 0	...	40 15 6	8,809 10 11	...	33 12 3	8,843 7 2
159 4 4	...	514 5 2	166 12 6	155 7 6	16 10 6	853 3 8	...	9,847 7 0	1,460 0 0	11,307 7 0	...	40 15 6	66,318 15 6	...	33 12 3	66,352 11 9
967 9 7	...	738 3 2	1,297 12 7	165 13 11	83 8 6	2,285 6 2	...	18,101 10 1	2,102 0 0	20,203 10 1	...	282 7 6	1,39,528 8 3	7 7 0	76 14 3	1,39,612 13 6

O. T. BARROW,

Accountant-General, Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 1st *July* 1893.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.			
BURDWAN DIVN.			
1	Burdwan July 1, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	3·62 11·66 3·97 6·63	Weather—cloudy and showery. Cultivation going on. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 13 per rupee. Kalna ... ... 10 to 13 per rupee. Katwa ... ... 12½ per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 12 per rupee.
2	Bankura „ 1, '93 Vishnupur ...	7·40 6·28	Weather—seasonable. Sowing and transplanting of *aman* going on. Prospects good. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11¼ per rupee. Vishnupur ... ... 11 per rupee.
3	Birbhum „ 1, '93 Rampur Hát ...	5·31 2·46	Weather—cloudy with occasional sunshine. Sowing of paddy still going on, and fields are being prepared for transplanting paddy seedlings. Price of common rice 12 to 14 seers per rupee.
4	Midnapore „ 1, '93	6·88	Exceedingly heavy rainfall at the beginning of the week, but fair weather towards the close. The seedlings have been destroyed in many places, but the damage is not permanent, and transplanting is now going on vigorously. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 per rupee. Contai ... ... 13 per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 11 per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 8½ per rupee.
5	Hooghly „ 1, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	5·49 12·71 10·6	Heavy rain in early part of week; since then ordinary monsoon weather with light rain. *Aman* cultivation in full swing. In very low lands it has been retarded by excess of water, and the seedlings have been swamped and in some cases jeopardised. A few more dry days will, however, bring them through. Jute and *aus* doing well. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 10 to 12½ per rupee.
6	Howrah „ 1, '93 Ulubaria ...	7·96 11·96	Weather—wet; drier towards the end of the week. The seedling paddy has been considerably damaged by the late excessive rain. All lands in the south of the district are under water, and a spell of dry weather is greatly desired. Sugarcane and jute doing well. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 9½ to 11 seers per rupee.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.			
7	24-Parganas „ 1, '93	7·80	Weather—cloudy and rainy. *Aus* and jute seedlings on low lands have been destroyed in consequence of the recent unusually heavy fall of rain. It has also retarded sowing and transplantation of *aman*. Prospects not favourable. Condition of cattle good. No want of fodder and water. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Ch. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11½ 0 per rupee. Barasat ... ... 10 0 per rupee. Basirhat ... ... 11 0 per rupee. Diamond Harbour ... ... 10 10 per rupee.
8	Nadia „ 1, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ...	4·87 13·04 5·52 2·48	Weather—wet and cool. More damage done to paddy on low lands by the rain of the week. On the other hand, the crops on ordinary lands have benefited by it. Prospects on the whole excellent except in Kushtia, where the rain has been heaviest. Prices slightly risen owing to difficulty of transit.
9	Khulna „ 1, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	4·46 14·42 10·32	Weather—cloudy and rainy. The rainfall has been excessive in many parts of the district, and has caused damage to *aus* and *aman* paddy on low lands. It has also retarded ploughing, sowing and weeding. Coarse rice is selling at 9 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder sufficient.
10	Jessore „ 1, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	3·64 5·29 4·73 6·25 7·72	Weather—cloudy and rainy. *Aman* and *aus* on high lands doing well, but those on low lands submerged under rain-water. Prospects of indigo and jute fair. Supply of fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices of rice have risen a little.
11	Murshidabad „ 1, '93	5·57	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Sowing of *aman* paddy nearly finished. Harvesting of indigo continues. The recent rain is said to have done some injury to the paddy crops and has greatly damaged indigo. Fodder available for cattle. Common rice sells at 10¼ seers per rupee.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*				
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong July 1, '93	10·04	Heavy and incessant rain during the first part of the week, and fitful rain during the latter part. *Aus* sowing is still going on, but the excessive rain has damaged the plants. Condition of cattle generally good and supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali „ 1, '93	9·21	Weather—rainy. Heavy rain has considerably damaged the paddy plants and has retarded the sowing and transplanting operations. The fields being under water, scarcity of fodder is felt. Common rice is selling at 10½ seers per rupee.
	14	Tippera „ 1, '93	5·89	Weather—seasonable. Crops doing well. Prospects favourable. Prices stationary.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts. June, 30 '93	9·78	Weather—rainy and cloudy throughout the week. *Jum* paddy progressing. Ploughing in low lands for winter rice continues. The *bhadoi* crop has suffered considerably owing to continual heavy fall of rain and flood. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice being sold at 8 seers per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacce July, 1, '93	3·32	Weather—rainy throughout the week. Rain abundant in all the subdivisions. Harvesting of early rice commenced. Prospects of standing crops generally favourable. Recent rain has damaged the crops on low land to some extent. Fodder available. No cattle-disease. Common rice selling at from 9 to 12 seers per rupee.
	17	Faridpur „ 1, '93	3·79	Weather—unsettled. All standing crops that are strong and high enough to withstand the continuous rain are doing well, but great damage has been done to crops on low lands. Common rice sells at from10 to 12 seers per rupee. Cattle are doing well except in two thanas, and get fodder.
		Goalundo ...	7·61	
		Madaripur ...	8·75	
	18	Barkergunge ...	...	Report not received.
	19	Mymensingh „ 1, '93	2·06	Weather—cloudy and rainy. State and the prospects of *aus* and jute good. Common rice sells at 13 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good, and supply of fodder and water sufficient.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur „ 1, '93	3·62	Weather—cloudy and rainy with occasional breaks. Standing crops doing very well. Transplantation of *haimanti* continues. Price of rice at Sadar 13 seers per rupee; that at Thakurgaon has a tendency to rise. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water plentiful.
		Thakurgaon ...	3·42	
	21	Rajshahi „ 1, '93	6·76	Weather—very wet; the rain is incessant and heavy beyond all precedent. The crops on the very low lands are said to be destroyed, being submerged by the heavy falls of rain, which seem to be increasing instead of abating. Uninterrupted sunshine for many days is wanted very badly. Crops on high lands are flourishing. Water and fodder ample. There is no cattle-disease. Rice selling at from 10 to 14 seers per rupee.
		Nator ...	3·11	
		Naugaon ...	3·99	
	22	Rangpur „ 1, '93	3·33	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* and jute are being cut; *aman* is being transplanted. Prospects of all crops favourable. Price of rice unchanged.
		Kurigaon ...	2·59	
		Gaibanda ...	5·73	
		Nilphamari ...	1·35	
	23	Bogra „ 1, '93	4·18	Weather—rainy. Preparation of lands for *aman* goes on. The heavy rain has in some parts caused inconvenience. Prospects of standing crops fair. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
		Sherpur ...	2·13	
		Noukhila ...	3·85	
	24	Pabna „ 1, '93	4·79	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects of jute and sugarcane and of *aus* on high land continue good. Cutting of jute and *aus* has commenced. Price of rice at Sirajganj and Pabna stationary. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	25	Darjeeling „ 1, '93	15·51	Weather—unusually rainy. *In the hills:*—Indian-corn, *phaphur* and potatoes being harvested. *Sama, kangni, chota marua* and *bhadoi dhan* coming to perfection. *Bara marua* and *aghani dhan* being transplanted. *In the Terai:*—Lands being ploughed for *haimanti dhan*. Standing crops in good condition. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 }
		Siliguri ...	3·45	
	23	Jalpaiguri „ 1, '93	5·57	Weather—hot and rainy. Transplantation of *haimanti* paddy commenced. Rain during the week has done good to *bhadoi* and jute; prospects of the latter crop good. Common rice sells at 11½ seers per rupee at head-quarters and 7 to 8 seers at Alipur. No want of fodder and water.

No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.				
BHAGALPUR DIVN.				
27	Monghyr	July 1, '93	2·00	Weather—hot and cloudy with intervals of rain. *Bhadoi* sowings almost finished. *Cheena*, indigo and sugarcane doing well. No cattle-disease save stray cases of small-pox at Kharakpur. Sufficient fodder and water. Prices of common rice:— Sadar ... ... 13 to 15 Srs. per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 15 Srs. per rupee. Jamui ... ... 13½ Srs. per rupee.
	Begusarai	...	2·60	
	Jamui	...	2·75	
28	Bhagalpur	„ 1, '93	1·27	Weather—hot and cloudy. Transplantting winter rice in progress, and prospects favourable everywhere except in the Supaul subdivision, where rice seedlings are said to be dying for waut of rain. Price of common rice 13 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
	Banka	...	2·89	
	Madhipura	...	2·55	
	Supaul	...	0·34	
29	Purnea	„ 1, '93	2·11	Weather—very cloudy, wet and cool. Prospects of *bhadoi* and *aghani* excellent Weeding and transplanting going on. Indigo manufacture going on satisfactorily. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices stationary.
	Kishanganj		8·98	
	Araria		2·71	
30	Malda	„ 1, '93	2·82	Weather—generally cloudy with constant rain. The rainfall has benefited *bhadoi* crops on high lands, but continued rain may injuriously affect the low land paddy where weeding operations have been much retarded. Lands are being prepared for winter rice. Price of coarse rice varies from 11 to 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply ample.
	Chanchal	...	2·04	
	Shibganj	...	3·81	
	Gajol	...	2·20	
31	Sonthal Parganas	„ 1, 93	4·50	Another week of rain. Planting of paddy and weeding of Indian-corn going on. Fair weather now needed. Some damage has been done by excessive rain. Sugarcane doing well. Price of rice rather lower.
	Deoghur	...	3·12	
	Godda	...	2·80	
	Pakur	...	4·76	
	Rajmahal	...	1·95	
PATNA DIVISION.				
32	Patna	„ 1, '93	1·85	Weather—cloudy and hot. Transplantation of *marua* nearly completed. *Makai* being weeded in some places. Transplantation of paddy seedlings in progress. Prices of common rice:— Sadar ... ... 15½ Srs. per rupee. Barh ... ... 13 Srs. per rupee. Bihar ... ... 16½ Srs. per rupee. Dinapore ... ... 13 Srs. per rupee.
	Barh	...	2·32	
	Bihar	...	1·02	
	Dinapur	...	1·22	
33	Gaya	„ 1, 93	1·18	Weather—seasonable; very little rain in latter part of week. Agricultural operations in full swing and prospects favourable. Price of rice somewhat high in Aurangabad, but from 14 to 15 seers per rupee elsewhere. Supply of fodder and water ample.
	Jahanabad	...	1·77	
	Aurangabad	...	1·60	
	Nawada	...	2·96	
34	Shahabad	„ 1, '93	2·89	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of all crops good. Fodder and water abundant. Prices stationary.
	Buxar	...	1·72	
	Bhabhua	...	3·33	
	Sassram	...	1·77	
35	Darbhanga	„ 1, '93	5·09	Weather—cloudy and frequent heavy showers towards latter part of the week. Rainfall uneven but sufficient in places for purposes of cultivation. Transplanting of *marua* now commenced. Paddy and indigo greatly benefited by the rain. *Makai* doing well. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Prices remain stationary.
	Madhubani	...	2·13	
	Samastipur	...	2·22	
36	Muzaffarpur	„ 1, '93	3·52	Weather—hot and cloudy. Sowing of *bhadoi* crop going on. The recent rainfall has done much good to standing crops. Sowing of paddy has commenced. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary. No disease among cattle.
	Hajipur	...	1·34	
	Sitamarhi	...	3·63	

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
	BIHAR—*concld.*		
	Patna Division—concld.		
37	Saran July, 1, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	0·93 1·28 5·91	Weather—seasonable. Prospects good. *Bhadoi* crops coming up well, and rice being transplanted. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Chapra ... ... 13 } Siwan ... ... 12 } per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 13 }
38	Champaran „ 1, '93	5·09	Weather—cloudy with occasional sunshine. Paddy is being sown and transplanted. Sowing of *makai* nearly at an end. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
	ORISSA.		
	Orissa Divn.		
39	Cuttack „ 1, '93	2·50	Weather—cloudy with occasional light showers. Sowing of *sarad* in progress. *Beali* crop doing well. Supply of fodder and water is ample. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 13 2 } Jajpur ... ... 15 12 to 18 6 } Kendrapara ... ... 15 12 to 18 6 } per rupee. Banki ... .. 15 8 }
40	Puri June 29, '93 Khurda ...	0·57 1·19	Weather—cloudy. Sowing going on. *Beali* being weeded. State of miscellaneous crops good. Rice sells from 11 seers 13 chitaks to 14 seers 7 chitaks per rupee.
41	Balasore July 1, '93	3·76	Weather—finer than it has been. There have been extensive floods in the north of the district the effects of which are not yet known. Some 14 annas of the *beali* rice crop has been sown, but some portion of this has been damaged by the heavy rain.
	CHOTA NAGPUR.		
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
	Chota Nagpur Divn.		
42	Hazaribagh July, 1, '93 Giridi ...	6·59 5·06	Weather—seasonable. Sowings still in progress. Transplanting of *marua* commenced in places. All crops promise well. Fodder and water abundant. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Head-quarters ... ... 9 to 14 } Giridi ... ... 9 to 12½ } per rupee.
43	Lohardaga „ 1, '93	4·99	Weather—seasonable. Ploughing and sowing of winter rice continue. Prospect of *bhadoi* continues favourable. Common rice selling at 13 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
44	Palamau ...	...	Report not received.
45	Singhbhum „ 1, '93	8·47	The rains have set in regularly now. Condition of all crops good. Price of common rice ranges from 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Cattle-disease reported from some villages in the Kolhan.
46	Manbhum „ 1, '93 Gobindpur ...	6·63 6·32	Heavy rain in early part of week. A few days' bright sunshine much wanted. Seedlings suffering from excessive moisture. Prices stationary. Fodder ample. Water-supply more than sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 4th July, 1893.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*retail*) *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the*

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum, (Sorghum Vulgare.) Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.*	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
	BENGAL.															
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
	Burdwan Division.															
1	Burdwan ...	13 8	13 8	11 0½	...	...	...	9 4	9 12	10 14	11 4	11 4	12 15		...	...
2	Bankura ...	13 8	13 5	10 0	...	18 0	...	9 8	10 0	11 0	11 4	11 0	13 8		...	...
3	Birbhum ...	12 0	12 0	10 8	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 3	12 12	12 12	12 0	...	...	...
4	Midnapore ...	11 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	11 8	11 14	12 0	...	...	...
5	Hooghly ...	11 12	11 13	12 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
6	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 12	9 5	8 10	10 10	10 8	13 5	...	...	...
	Presidency Division.															
	Calcutta	13 4	13 4	11 7	17 12	17 12	14 8	8 3	8 3	7 14	10 10	10 10	10 12	20 0	20 0	15 3
7	24-Parganas ...	11 4	11 0	11 4	20 0	20 0	15 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	11 0	11 0	11 8	16 0	17 0	...
8	Nadia .	14 8	14 8	12 0	21 0	...	18 13	8 12	8 12	10 5	10 11	11 0	11 7	...	...	...
9	Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 2	10 10	10 12	10 0	12 14	13 0	...	...	...
10	Jessore ...	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 4	...	...	9 4	9 8	9 8	10 8	11 0	13 0	...	...	...
11	Murshidabad ...	12 0	13 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 0	10 0	9 0	11 0	11 4	12 8	...	...	...
	Chittagong Division.															
12	Chittagong ...	10 0	10 0	10 8	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	8 8	11 12	12 0	10 14	...	...	...
13	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 0	9 13	10 8	11 6	11 8	11 8	...	...	...
14	Tippera ...	10 0	11 0	10 0	...	...	...	8 12	8 0	8 6	10 12	10 12	10 10½	...	...	...
15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		8 14	10 0	...	...	...
	Dacca Division.															
16	Dacca ...	12 0	12 0	10 8	...	...	...	9 0	10 8	10 0	10 0	11 0	13 0	...	...	...
17	Faridpur ...	17 0	17 0	14 0	20 0	20 0	18 0	7 0	7 0	11 0	9 8	10 8	12 0	...	...	...
18	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	9 9	7 4	9 12	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
19	Mymensingh ...	9 8	9 8	9 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	11 0	11 0	13 0	...	...	...
	Rajshahi Division.															
20	Dinajpur ...	12 0	13 3	10 8	16 0	20 0	16 0	9 0	9 6	9 8	12 0	12 0	10 8	...	...	...
21	Rajshahi ...	13 8	13 8	12 0	24 0	24 0	19 8	9 12	9 12	9 12	10 14	10 14	10 8	...	...	...
22	Rangpur	13 0	12 0	10 0	...	...	...	10 0	8 14	10 6	11 0	11 0	11 10	...	...	...

* Present return not received.

† The decrease is due to scarcity and high price of rice prevailing in the half year under report.

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 11½ seers, and Raniganj 11 seers.

B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.

C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Contai 9 seers, Tamluk 11 seers, and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks.

E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Serampore (at Bhaddreswar) 11½ seers and Jahanabad 10 seers 10 chitaks.

F At Ulubaria the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

G In the mufassal marts the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Chetla Hát 11 seers 7 chitaks, Barasat 10 seers 10 chitaks, Magrahát 10 seers 10 chitaks, and Baduria 11 seers.

H In the mufassal marts the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Bahadurkhali 10½ seers, Chuadanga 10 seers, Meherpur 10½ seers, and Ranagnat 10½ seers.

In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Bagerhat 8 seers and Satkhira 10 seers.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*) Present return.	Bajra: Next preceding return.	Bajra: Corresponding return of last year.	Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*) Present return.	Marua: Next preceding return.	Marua: Corresponding return of last year.	Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*) Present return.	Kangni: Next preceding return.	Kangni: Corresponding return of last year.	Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer aristinum.*) Present return.	Gram: Next preceding return.	Gram: Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	18 0	15 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	18 0	15 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 8	14 8	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	12 4	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	11 13	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	10 0	16 0	16 0	14 4
...	...	...	...	...	...	6 0	6 0	8 8	20 0	20 0	14 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 12	21 4	15 9¾
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	15 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	20 0	17 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	9 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	12 0	11 6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 8	14 0	14 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	11 0	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 4	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	12 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	15 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	16 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 0	13 0	11 13

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus Indicus.*)			Firewood.		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	16 8	106 0	106 0	100 0
...	17 0	...	11 8	11 0	17 0	280 0	320 0	280 0
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	10 3	200 0	200 0	180 0
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	11 0	240 0	240 0	120 0
...	...	...	13 6	13 5	11 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	12 10	12 10	10 10	105 0	105 0	106 0
20 0	20 0	...	20 0	20 0	15 8	91 6	85 0	85 0
16 0	...	16 0	21 0	21 0	18 0	100 0	100 0	100 0
...	...	...	23 12	23 12	17 8½	128 0	128 0	...
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	12 4	160 0	160 0	160 0
...	...	...	22 0	20 0	18 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	18 0	20 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	106 0	106 0	110 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	12 0	11 4	7 6	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...		240 0	240 0
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	15 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Musuri. 8 0	8 0	...	Mug. 10 0	10 8	...	80 0	80 0	80 0
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	21 8	24 0	14 0	160 0	160 0	160 0
...	...	...	21 4	21 8	18 8	240 0	240 0	240 0
...	...	...	9 8	8 0	9 0	100 0	120 0	80 0

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 30th June, 1893.

BENGAL.

Retail and wholesale prices of salt:

Salt. Present return. (S. Ch.)	Salt. Next preceding return. (S. Ch.)	Salt. Corresponding return of last year. (S. Ch.)	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return. (Rs. A. P.)	Wholesale. Next preceding return. (Rs. A. P.)	Wholesale. Corresponding return of last year. (Rs. A. P.)	Districts.	Number.	Division
A 11 11	11 10	11 10	3 7 0	3 6 0	3 4 8	Burdwan	1	Burdwan Division.
B 10 0	10 8	10 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	Bankura.	2	Burdwan Division.
C 11 0	11 0	10 4	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 14 0	Birbhum.	3	Burdwan Division.
D 10 12	11 7	11 0	3 11 6	3 7 0	3 12 0	Midnapore.	4	Burdwan Division.
E 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 12 0	Hooghly.	5	Burdwan Division.
F 10 10	10 10	10 10⅜	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	Howrah.	6	Burdwan Division.
[illegible] 7	10 7	11 4	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 4 6	Calcutta.		Presidency Division.
G [illegible] 0	11 0	11 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 5 0	24-Parganas.	7	Presidency Division.
H [illegible] 7	10 8	10 10	3 8 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Nadia.	8	Presidency Division.
I [illegible] 8	10 8	9 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	Khulna.	9	Presidency Division.
J [illegible]	10 0	9 2	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Jessore.	10	Presidency Division.
K [illegible]	10 8	10 8	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 7 0	Murshidabad.	11	Presidency Division.
L [illegible]	10 0	9 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 0	Chittagong.	12	Chittagong Division.
M [illegible]	9 6	8 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 4 0	Noakhali.	13	Chittagong Division.
N [illegible]	10 13¼	10 5	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 14 0	Tippera.	14	Chittagong Division.
[illegible]	8 0	8 0		4 8 0	4 12 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15	Chittagong Division.
O [illegible]	10 0	10 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 11 0	Dacca.	16	Dacca Division.
P [illegible]	[illegible] 4	11 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	Faridpur.	17	Dacca Division.
Q [illegible]	10 10	10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Backergunge.	18	Dacca Division.
R [illegible]	[illegible] 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	Mymensingh.	19	Dacca Division.
[illegible]	[illegible] 8	10 4	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	Dinajpur.	20	Rajshahi Division.
S [illegible]	9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 9	3 10 8	Rajshahi.	21	Rajshahi Division.
T [illegible]	[illegible] 8	10 7	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	Rangpur.	22	Rajshahi Division.

Average wages per month:

Districts.	Unskilled labour—able-bodied agricultural labourer. Present return. (Rs. A.)	Unskilled. Next preceding return. (Rs. A.)	Unskilled. Corresponding return of last year. (Rs. A.)	Syce or horse-keeper. Present return. (Rs. A.)	Syce. Next preceding return. (Rs. A.)	Syce. Corresponding return of last year. (Rs. A.)	Skilled labour—common mason, carpenter, or blacksmith. Present return. (Rs. A.)	Skilled. Next preceding return. (Rs. A.)	Skilled. Corresponding return of last year. (Rs. A.)
Burdwan	7 8	7 0	8 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	10 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0
Bankura.	5 0 to 6 8	6 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 7 8	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	10 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0
Birbhum.	6 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 7 8	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0
Midnapore.	7 0	7 0	7 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 12 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0
Hooghly.	9 6	7 8	9 13-6	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	8 0 to 30 0	8 0 to 30 0	8 0 to 30 0
Howrah.	7 8	9 6	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	12 0 to 20 0	12 0 to 20 0	12 0 to 20 0
Calcutta.	Cooly. 9 0; Agri. labourer 6 8	Cooly. 9 0; Agri. labourer 6 8	Cooly. 9 0; Agri. labourer 6 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	15 0 to 15 8	15 0	15 0
24-Parganas.	9 0 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	15 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0
Nadia.	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0
Khulna.	7 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 6	7 8	7 0 to 9 0	7 0 to 9 0	8 0	10 0 to 30 0	10 0 to 30 0	10 0 to 20 0
Jessore.	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	5 0 to 7 0	10 0 to 20 0	10 0 to 20 0	10 0 to 20 0
Murshidabad.	3 12	3 12	3 12	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	8 0 to 10 0	8 0 to 20 0	7 8
Chittagong.		9 0	11 0		7 8	8 0		12 0 to 14 0	13 0
Noakhali.	5 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 10 0	5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 7 0	10 0 to 15 0	8 0 to 15 0	6 0 to 15 0
Tippera.	7 0 to 10 0	7 8 to 10 0	7 0 to 9 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	8 0 to 15 0
Chittagong Hill Tracts.		12 0	12 0		12 0	...		20 0	20 0 to 25 0
Dacca.	5 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	7 0 to 15 0	8 0 to 20 0	8 0 to 20 0
Faridpur.	10 0	10 0	9 6	6 0 to 9 0	6 0 to 9 0	7 0 to 8 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 20 0
Backergunge.	6 0	6 0	6 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	13 8 to 15 0	13 8	13 8 to 15 0
Mymensingh.	7 8	7 0 to 10 0	7 0 to 10 0	8 0	6 0 to 7 0	7 0 to 8 0	10 0 to 15 0	12 0 to 25 0	12 0 to 30 0
Dinajpur.	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	10 0 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0
Rajshahi.	5 0 to 7 8	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 6 0	5 0 to 6 0	5 0 to 6 0	7 8 to 16	7 8 to 16 0	7 8 to 16 0
Rangpur.		6 0 to 7 8	7 0		6 0 to 10 0	8 0		15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 20 0

J [In] the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jhenida 9 seers 9 chitaks, Magura 10 seers, Narail 9 seers 10 chitaks, and Bangaon 10 seers 11 chitaks.
K [In] the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kandi 10½ seers and Jangipur 10 seers.
L [At] Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 6 seers per rupee.
M [At] Fenny the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
N [In] the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Brahmanbaria 9 seers 2 chitaks and Chandpur 9 seers.
O [In] the mufassal marts the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madanganj 10 seers, Manikganj 9 seers 13 chitaks, Munshirhát 10 seers, and Mirkadim 10 seers.
P At Madaripur and Goalundo the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 10¼ seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 10 seers.
R In the Kagmari, Netrakona, Kishorganj, and Jamalpur subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
S In the subdivi[sio]ns the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nator 9 seers and Naugaon 9 seers 9 chitaks.
T In Gaibanda [an]d Nilphamari the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	DISTRICTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			JOWAR OR CHOLUM. (Sorghum Vulgare.)		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL—continued.																
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Rajshahi Division—concld.																
23	Bogra ...	13 5	10 15	12 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 9	9 12	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
24	Pabna .	17 4	17 10	13 8	22 8	22 8	...	6 0	6 0	6 12	10 4	11 10	12 4	...	...	...
25	Darjeeling	8 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	5 8	5 0	5 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	...	...	...
26	Jalpaiguri	13 0	12 0	11 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	8 0	8 8	6 0	11 8	12 0	10 0	...	...	...
BIHAR.																
Bhagalpur Division.																
27	Monghyr ...	14 8 to 16 0	14 8 to 16 2	14 3	21 0 to 23 0	21 0 to 23 0	13 10	8 0 to 10 0	8 0 to 10 0	9 7	12 0 to 13 8	12 0 to 13 8	11 0	17 8	17 8	...
28	Bhagalpur ...	15 2	15 2	13 14	21 7	20 3	16 6	12 10	11 14	10 1	13 14	13 14	11 6	...	...	...
29	Purnea (Kasba)*	14 0	14 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	9 0	13 0	12 0	10 0	...	...	...
30	Malda (English Bazar).	13 8	14 0	12 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	9 8	12 8	12 8	11 0	...	...	...
31	Sonthal Parganas.	11 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	14 0	14 0	12 8	...	...	...
Patna Division.																
32	Patna ...	16 8 14 0	Red. 16 0 White. 14 0	14 8 13 8	21 0	19 0	18 8	10 0	10 0	10 8	15 8	15 8	12 0	22 0	23 0	19 8
33	Gaya ...	13 12	14 0	12 8	20 4	20 0	16 8	9 8	9 8	10 0	13 0	13 4	11 8	18 4	20 0	13 8
34	Shahabad* ...	...	13 0	14 0	...	18 0	16 0	..	8 0	8 0		13 0	10 8	...	...	...
35	Darbhanga ...	12 0	13 3	13 3	18 14	18 11	17 10	12 9	11 0	10 0	14 0	14 0	12 0	...	...	...
36	Muzaffarpur ...	13 0	14 0	13 0	19 0	19 0	18 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	13 0	13 0	11 0	...	...	...
37	Saran ...	14 8	14 0	13 12	21 4	20 8	17 12	10 0	9 0	8 8	13 0	13 4	11 6	...	...	...
38	Champaran ...	13 0	13 0	12 8	22 8	22 8	17 0	8 8	8 8	9 0	13 8	13 8	12 8	...	...	...
ORISSA.																
Orissa Division.																
39	Cuttack ...	10 8	13 2	9 3	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	8 8	13 2	13 2	11 2	...	...	...
40	Puri ...	8 2	10 8	8 2	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 8	11 13	13 2	10 8	...	...	...
41	Balasore ...	11 0	11 0	10 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																
Chota Nagpur Division.																
42	Hazaribagh ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	18 0	16 0	16 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	12 0	12 0	12	...	...	...
43	Lohardaga ...	11 0 8 0	Red. 11 8 White. 9 0 to 10 0	10 0 7 12 to 9 0	16 0	16 0	12 0 to 13 0	10 0 to 11 0	10 0 to 10 8	12 0	12 0 to 13 0	12 0 to 13 0	13 0 to 15 0	...	...	...
44	Palamau* ...		14 10	12 6	...	20 4	20 4	...	11 4	13 8	...	13 8	14 1	...	...	...
45	Singhbhum ...	10 0	10 0	14 0	...	...	...	9 0	8 0	13 0	11 0	10 0	16 0	...	...	...
46	Manbhum	13 4	13 0	11 8	...	...	...	8 0 to 9 0	11 0	10 8	12 0 to 13 0	12 0 to 13 0	14 0	...	...	...

* Present return not received.

U At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 11½ seers per rupee.
V At Alipur the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
W In the Begusarai and Jamui subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
X In Banka, Madhipura and Supaul the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Y In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Kishanganj 10½ seers and Araria 10 seers.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Deoghur 10½ seers, Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, and Rajmahal 10 seers.
a In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Barh 11 seers, Bihar 10½ seers, and Dinapore 9¾ seers.

CALCUTTA,
The 4th July, 1893.

S OF 80 TOLAHS.

A OR CUMBU. (...isetum typhoideum.)		MARUA OR RAGI. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET. (*Setaria italica.*)			GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	13 5	15 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	17 0	16 8
...	...	11 0	11 0	11 0.	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 8
...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 8	13 10	20 0 to 23 0	20 0 to 23 0	16 13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 8	20 8	15 12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 0	20 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	16 0	17 0	18 0	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	22 0	22 0	17 8	21 0	21 0	18 8
...	...	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	15 0	19 0	19 0	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 0	16 0
...	...	20 12	21 0	17 10	13 2	13 8	10 0	19 12	20 0	17 10
...	...	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	20 0	19 0	17 0
...	13 0	18 0	20 0	20 0	17 0	16 0	13 0	21 0	20 0	18 0
...	...	23 8	24 0	18 8	...	...	...	20 4	20 4	16 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 11	(Kalai.) 19 11	15 12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 12	17 2	13 13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0 / 16 0	(Chhola.) 12 0 / (Biri.) 16 0	... / 13 0
...	...	22 0	22 0	23 0	...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 8
...	...	24 0 to 25 0	25 0	30 0	...	...	...	12 0 to 13 0	13 0	12 0 to 13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	21 5	14 1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0
0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	14 0

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			Firewood.	
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0
...	...	...	22 0	22 8	17 4	200 0	200 0
11 0	11 0	10 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	10 0	9 0	8 0	200 0	200 0
21 0 to 23 0	21 0 to 23 0	15 12	19 0 to 20 0	19 0 to 21 0	17 5	160 0	160 0
22 11	22 11	15 2	20 3	20 3	17 10	126 8	126 4
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0	320 0	320 0
...	...	...	12 0	11 0	...	100 0	160 0
20 0	19 0	12 0	23 0	23 0	15 0	200 0	200 0
21 0	21 0	18 0	23 0	23 0	21 0	130 0	130 0
20 4	...	15 8	20 0	20 0	18 0	160 0	160 0
	20 0	16 0		20 0	16 0		160 0
20 6	20 12	17 0	21 9	21 8	19 0	176 0	176 0
19 0	19 0	17 8	20 0	21 0	19 0	160 0	160 0
20 0	19 8	17 10	22 8	21 8	20 0	180 0	180 0
20 4	20 4	17 8	20 0	20 0	19 0	160 0	160 0
...	...	...	19 11	18 6	13 2	80 0	80 0
...	...	...	15 12	17 2	13 13	80 0	80 0
...	...	...	10 12	10 12	10 12	160 0	160 0
16 0	16 0	16 0	17 0	16 0	14 8	240 0	240 0
18 0	16 0	18 0	Big. 13 8 Small. 19 0	Big. 13 8 Small. 19 0	Big. 12 0 Small. 15 0	140 0	160 0
	21 15	18 9		33 10	20 4		...
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	14 0	100 0	100 0
18 0	18 0	...	17 0	17 0	15 0	...	...

1290*b*

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 30th June, 1893—(concluded).

Salt: Present return.	Salt: Next preceding return.	Salt: Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt: Present return.	Wholesale Salt: Next preceding return.	Wholesale Salt: Corresponding return of last year.	Average wages per month. Unskilled labour—Able-bodied agricultural labourer: Present return.	Unskilled: Next preceding return.	Unskilled: Corresponding return of last year.	Syce or Horse-keeper: Present return.	Syce: Next preceding return.	Syce: Corresponding return of last year.	Skilled labour—Common Mason, Carpenter, or Blacksmith: Present return.	Skilled: Next preceding return.	Skilled: Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	Division.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.			
															BENGAL—*continued*.		
9 14	8 0	9 9	4 5 4	4 10 8	4 0 0		7 8	7 8		5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0		10 0 to 20 0	10 0 to 20 0	Bogra.	23	Rajshahi Division—*contd.*
U 10 0	9 12	9 12	3 9 6	3 10 0	3 12 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 6 8	5 0 to 6 8	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	7 0 to 20 0	7 0 to 20 0	7 0 to 20 0	Pabna.	21	
8 0	8 0	8 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	7 0	7 0	7 8 to 8 0	8 0 to 9 0	8 0 to 10 0	8 0 to 10 0	12 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 22 0	Darjeeling.	25	
V 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 0	9 0	9 0	12 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	Jalpaiguri.	26	
															BIHAR.		
W 10 8 to 11 0	10 8 to 11 0	11 0	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 10 0	4 11 to 5 10	2 12	3 12 to 5 1[illegible]	3 0 to 4 0	2 0	4 0 to 5 0	7 8 to 11 4	3 0 to 5 0	4 4 to 15 0	Monghyr.	27	Bhagalpur Division.
X 10 11	10 11	10 11	3 12 0	3 9 6	3 12 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 5 0	5 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0	4 0 to 5 0	8 0 to 12 0	8 0 to 10 0	10 0 to 16 0	Bhagalpur.	28	
Y 10 0	10 0	11 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 11 to 5 10	4 11 to 5 10	4 11 to 5 10	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0	8 0 to 15 0	8 0 to 14 0	10 0 to 15 0	Purnea.	29	
10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	7 0	7 8	7 8	5 0	5 0	5 0	8 0 to 12 0	8 0 to 12 0	8 0 to 12 0	Malda.	30	
Z 10 8	10 8	10 0	3 10 3	3 10 3	3 10 3	4 0 to 5 0	3 12 to 4 0	3 12 to 4 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	Sonthal Parganas.	31	
a 11 4	11 4	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 11 to 5 10	4 8 to 5 0	4 8 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	7 0 to 8 0	7 0 to 8 0	7 8 to 11 4	Patna.	32	Patna Division.
b 9 12	9 12	10 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	2 8 to 3 8	3 0 to 5 0	3 0 to 5 0	3 0 to 5 0	5 8 to 8 0	5 8 to 8 0	5 8 to 8 0	Gaya.	33	
	10 0	11 0		4 0 0	3 14 0		4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0		4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 4		3 0 to 10 8	3 0 to 10 8	Shahabad.	34	
c 10 4	10 4	10 4	3 14 0	3 13 0	3 8 0		3 12	3 12 to 5 10		3 0 to 4 0	4 0 to 5 0		4 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 0	Darbhanga.	35	
d 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	3 12 to 5 10	3 12 to 5 10	3 12 to 5 10	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	5 10 to 9 6	5 10 to 9 6	5 10 to 9 6	Muzaffarpur.	36	
e 10 8	10 4	10 8	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 to 7 8	3 12 to 7 8	3 12 to 7 8	4 0 to 7 0	4 0 to 7 0	4 0 to 7 0	5 10 to 10 0	5 10 to 10 0	5 10 to 10 0	Saran.	37	
f 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 10 0		3 12 to 4 0	3 12 to 4 0		4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0		5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 8 0	Champaran.	38	
															ORISSA.		
g 10 12	10 12	9 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	4 6 0	5 10	5 10	5 10	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 6	Cuttack.	39	Orissa Division.
10 8	11 0	11 8	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 8 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	7 8 to 10 0	Puri.	40	
h 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0		4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0		4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0		7 0 to 10 0	7 0 to 10 0	Balasore.	41	
															CHOTA NAGPUR.		
i 9 0	9 0	9 0	4 4 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	5 0	4 4	4 4	6 0	5 0	5 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Hazaribagh.	42	Chota Nagpur Division.
9 0	9 4	9 0	4 2 6	4 2 0	4 4 0	3 12	3 12 to 4 11	3 12	4 0 to 6 0	6 0	4 0 to 6 0	5 10 to 9 6	5 10 to 11 4	3 12 to 9 6	Lohardaga.	43	
	8 7	7 15	...	...	...		3 0	3 12		4 0	3 0 to 5 0		7 8	7 8 to 11 4	Palamau.	44	
9 0	9 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	15 0	12 0	12 0	Singhbhum.	45	
j 10 10	10 10	9 14	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 14 0	4 11 to 5 10	5 2-6	5 2-6	5 0 to 6 0	6 0	6 0	11 4 to 22 8	10 5 to 18 12	10 5 to 18 12	Manbhum.	46	

b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jahanabad 10 seers, Aurangabad 10 seers, and Nawada 9 seers.
c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madhubani 11 seers and Samastipur 10 seers.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Hajipur 10½ seers and Sitamarhi 11 seers.
e In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Siwan 10 seers 14 chitaks and Gopalganj (Mirganj) 11 seers 13 chitaks.
f At Bettiah the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
g In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jajpur 8 seers, Kendrapara 9 seers, and Banki 11½ seers.
h At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
i At Giridih the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
j At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt

Number.	MARTS.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice common.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 3 6	2 4 6	2 4 6	2 8 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 3	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 7 3
2	Sirajganj ...	3 6 0	2 12 0	3 3 0	...	...	...	6 5 0	6 5 0	5 6 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	3 2 0
3	Dacca ...	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	4 7 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 0 0
4	Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 1 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	3 10 0	3 2 0
5	Chittagong	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 8 0	3 5 6	3 4 0	3 10 10
6	Patna ...	2 7 6 2 14 0	Red. 2 8 0 White. 2 14 0	2 12 0 2 15 4	1 14 6	2 1 6	2 2 7	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 11	2 9 9	2 9 9	3 5 4
7	Balasore ...	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	2 14 0
8	Puri ...	4 12 0	3 12 0	4 13 0	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 5 4	3 4 0	3 0 0	3 13 0
9	Cuttack ...	3 10 0	3 0 0	4 4 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 8 0

CALCUTTA,
The 4th July, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND

Jowar or Cholum. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)			Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
2 0 [illegible]	2 0 0	2 5 9	...	...	2 14 9
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
[illegible] 13 0	1 11 9	2 0 9	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

OF 40 SEERS.

Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1 13 0	1 13 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

in the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 30th June, 1893.

Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			Firewood.			Salt.			Marts.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 8 0	2 8 0	2 8 10	2 0 0	2 0 0	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 5 9	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 4 6	Calcutta.
3 8 0	3 0 0	2 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	Sirajganj.
2 14 0	2 12 0	2 12 0	...	...	...	2 1 0	2 1 0	2 10 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 11 0	Dacca.
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	3 4 0	3 4 0	4 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 0 0	Narayanganj.
3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 5 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 0	Chittagong.
1 14 6	1 14 6	2 2 7	1 14 6	1 14 6	2 4 0	1 11 9	1 11 9	1 14 5	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	Patna.
2 14 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 8 0	2 5 0	2 15 0	...	...	...	2 8 0	2 5 0	2 15 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 8 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 2 0	3 0 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	4 6 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 1st of July 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 25th June.	Monday, 26th June.	Tuesday, 27th June.	Wednesday, 28th June.	Thursday, 29th June.	Friday, 30th June.	Saturday, 1st.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	0·15	0·20	0·14	...	...	...	...	3	0·49	3·24	Nil	0·42	29·54
		Khurda ...	...	0·19	1·00	...	...	0·61				3·51		0·32	
		Banpur ...	...	0·16	0·30	...	0·53	0·20				2·10		0·44	
		False Point ...	1·14	0·20	0·63	0·05	...	1·04	...	4	3·06	4·88	Nil	1·26	46·22
		Gop ...										?		?	
		Satpara ...	...	0·20								?		?	
		Pipli ...	0·25	0·17	0·67	...	0·03	0·50				?		?	
		Raspur ...	0·06	0·04	0·67	...	0·12	1·19				?		?	
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore	0·75	0·70			0·18					3·31		0·30	
		Banki ...	0·16	0·18	1·09	...	0·22					3·79		1·08	
		Cuttack ...	0·75	0·20	0·87	...	0·08					3·81		0·53	
		Kendrapara ...	0·38	0·04	0·82	0·02	...	0·60	0·06	3	1·92	3·42	0·06	0·58	41·04
		Jajpur ...	1·75	0·49	0·91	...	...	...	0·04	3	3·19	3·64	0·04	0·51	*38·00
		Dharmsala ...	0·25	0·67			1·74					?		?	
		Salipore ...	0·15	0·40	0·70			1·38				?		?	
		Pal Lahara ...	...	0·10	...	...	0·30	0·50	0·20	4	1·10	?	0·20	?	
		Nayagarh ...	0·11	0·06	0·50	...	1·34								
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	2·10	0·40	0·95	...	...	...	0·51	4	3·96	?	0·51	?	22·42
		Chandbali ...	1·03	0·83	1·04	...	...	...	...	3	2·90	2·98	...	0·29	30·90
		Bhadrak ...	1·75	0·13	1·00	...	1·00	...	0·30	4	3·18	3·25	0·30	0·43	33·88
		Soro ...	1·50	1·00	0·60	...	...	...	...	3	3·10	2·09	...	0·37	30·32
		Balasore ...	0·52	1·56	1·25	0·02	0·03	0·62	0·06	4	3·76	3·08	0·06	0·44	31·73
		Jellasore ...										2·14		0·17	
		Baripodah ...	0·49	2·31	0·59	1·15	2·28	...	1·78	6	8·60	3·43	1·78	0·35	33·45
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore	Contai ...	0·84	1·70	0·83	0·20	...	...	0·05	4	3·62	2·69	0·05	0·23	30·18
		Tamluk ...	0·40	1·80	3·10	...	...	...	...	3	5·30	2·34	Nil	0·16	28·72
		Midnapore ...	0·75	2·05	4·08	...	...	...	...	3	6·88	2·11	Nil	0·21	28·49
		Ghatal ...	...	1·06	4·21	...	...	...	...	2	5·27	2·02	Nil	0·19	31·30
		Kukrahaty ...	1·08	1·82	1·95	0·10	...	0·02	...	4	4·97	?	Nil	?	25·27
		Garhbeta ...	...	0·40	1·75	2·35	...	...	...	3	4·50	?	Nil	?	30·28
		Panskura ...	0·11	3·32	2·37	...	...	...	...	3	5·80	?	Nil	?	23·41
		Dantoon ...	0·43	0·62	1·96	...	...	...	...	3	3·01	?	Nil	?	27·54
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	0·54	1·89	0·35	0·77	...	0·17	0·10	6	3·82	2·88	·10	0·45	23·76
		Diamond Harbour ...	2·62	3·18	0·42	0·10	...	0·11	0·11	6	6·54	2·50	0·11	0·29	24·80
		Canning Town	0·34	4·80	0·82	0·30	0·75	1·58	...	6	8·59	?	Nil	?	42·81
		Alipore (Observatory.)	0·90	3·91	2·14	0·01	0·02	0·32	...	4	7·30	2·35	Nil	0·28	37·61
		Barrackpore ...	1·30	2·05	2·09	...	0·06	0·12	...	4	5·62	2·22	Nil	0·47	27·00
		Dum-Dum ...	1·36	4·50	1·84	...	...	0·30	...	4	8·00	1·87	Nil	0·26	32·78
		Barasat ...	0·68	3·20	1·41	...	...	0·68	0·35	5	6·52	1·92	0·35	0·44	26·62
		Basirhat ...	1·53	4·63	0·44	...	2·89	0·27	0·18	6	9·94	2·36	0·18	0·16	31·52
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	0·94	3·70	2·81	...	0·03	0·48	...	4	7·96	2·18	Nil	0·30	37·11
		Mohesreka ...	2·56	1·71	4·20	0·01	...	0·07	...	3	8·55	1·80	Nil	0·13	27·23
		Ulubaria ...	2·13	3·40	2·60	0·20	0·05	0·10	0·07	5	8·55	?	0·07	?	27·60
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	0·71	2·92	2·21	...	...	0·51	...	4	6·35	1·98	Nil	0·36	31·35
		Hooghly ...	0·90	2·57	1·84	...	...	0·18	...	4	5·49	2·15	Nil	0·35	23·93
		Jahanabad ...	1·24	2·30	4·19	...	...	...	2·36	4	10·09	2·24	2·36	0·21	33·08
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	1·13	1·51	1·90	...	...	0·51	...	4	5·05	1·64	Nil	0·13	28·50
		Krishnagar ...	0·76	2·51	0·82	0·01	0·03	0·74	...	4	4·87	1·94	Nil	0·04	24·83
		Chuadanga ...	0·42	0·36	1·37	0·11	0·02	0·33	0·13	6	2·94	1·28	0·13	0·03	23·38
		Meherpore ...	1·50	0·67	0·75	...	0·30	1·50	0·06	5	4·78	1·52	0·06	0·20	24·42
		Kushtia ...	0·34	0·57	3·35	0·18	0·03	6·75	0·12	6	11·34	2·29	0·12	0·19	38·49
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	2·25	3·40	0·54	0·18	0·30	2·63	1·10	7	10·40	2·40	1·10	0·27	27·04
		Bagerhat ...	1·05	3·72	1·22	2·14	0·87	0·21	...	6	9·21	3·13	Nil	0·55	36·86
		Khulna ...	1·65	1·31	0·70	0·30	...	0·42	0·08	5	4·46	2·40	0·08	0·26	27·87
		Nakipur ...	0·83	3·25	0·09	0·24	...	0·96	0·24	5	5·61	?	0·24	?	26·83
		Rampal ...	1·40	0·50	0·10	0·32	...	1·19	0·50	6	3·92	?	0·50	?	22·66
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·56	1·29	0·68	0·31	1·34	0·08	0·54	6	4·80	1·88	0·54	0·04	10·29
		Jessore ...	0·12	2·15	0·55	0·28	...	0·03	0·51	5	5·64	2·11	0·51	0·23	27·64
		Jhenidah ...	0·42	2·21	0·87	0·12	...	0·11	0·40	6	4·13	1·90	0·40	0·19	25·53
		Magura ...	0·62	0·81	1·28	0·06	...	0·08	0·02	3	2·87	2·40	0·02	0·25	29·95
		Bangaon ...	1·58	1·50	1·07	0·35	0·03	0·10	0·74	6	5·37	2·08	0·74	0·15	21·79
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	1·75	1·89	4·53	...	...	...	...	3	8·08	1·81	Nil	0·20	28·23
		Burdwan ...	0·21	1·12	1·14	0·01	...	0·56	0·58	5	3·62	2·50	0·58	0·30	26·15
		Katwa ...	1·32	0·66	0·90	...	...	0·96	0·10	5	3·94	1·64	0·10	0·17	20·68
		Raniganj ...	1·33	1·50	2·10	...	...	0·96	...	4	5·89	2·16	Nil	0·19	19·74
		Mankur ...	0·26	0·42	2·06	...	...	0·34	...	4	3·08	?	Nil	?	20·96
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	2·05	0·50	3·18	...	...	1·64	0·03	4	7·40	2·73	0·03	0·22	26·79
		Vishnupur ...	0·27	1·46	4·07	...	0·04	0·34	0·06	4	6·24	2·75	0·06	0·36	29·11
		Maliara ...	0·40	0·56	1·91	...	...	3·42	...	4	6·29	2·10	Nil	0·30	20·04
		Khatra ...	1·40	3·52	3·23	0·18	...	...	0·15	5	8·48	3·01	0·15	0·36	37·30
		Indas ...	1·39	0·29	1·89	...	...	0·13	0·27	5	3·88	?	0·27	?	26·57
		Kotalpur ...	0·50	2·06	3·32	...	...	...	...	3	5·88	?	Nil	?	25·39
		Onda ...	4·00	1·32	...	...	2·40	2·50	...	4	10·42	?	Nil	?	28·83
		Gangajalghati	1·27	1·45	3·37	...	...	1·85	...	4	7·94	?	Nil	?	26·83
		Raipur ...	1·75	1·55	1·80	...	...	...	...	3	5·10	?	Nil	?	35·33
		Sonamukhi ...	0·60	0·48	2·51	...	0·26	0·28	...	5	4·13	?	Nil	?	23·79
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	0·62	0·47	1·15	...	...	2·84	0·23	5	5·31	3·09	0·23	0·47	21·47
		Hetampore ...	0·42	0·43	0·36	...	...	1·56	...	4	2·97	2·48	Nil	0·18	17·64
		Rampur Hat ...	0·72	0·56	0·61	...	0·25	1·81	0·61	6	4·56	2·42	0·61	0·25	18·63
		Bolpur ...	0·27	0·50	1·07	...	...	1·25	0·15	5	3·24	?	0·15	?	18·87
		Murari ...	2·10	0·92	0·44	0·20	...	...	0·10	5	3·76	?	0·10	?	22·54
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	1·03	0·33	0·56	...	...	0·73	0·15	5	2·80	1·91	0·15	0·22	17·07
		Berhampore ...	1·55	1·02	0·48	0·03	...	1·70	0·79	5	5·57	1·79	0·79	0·03	30·13
		Lalbagh ...	0·87	0·80	0·52	0·09	...	0·40	1·45	5	4·13	1·84	1·45	0·12	28·59
		Azimganj ...	0·78	0·55	0·50	0·04	0·20	0·14	1·65	6	3·86	2·33	1·65	0·12	27·02
		Jangipur ...	2·35	1·46	0·23	0·09	1·56	2·93	0·03	5	8·65	2·12	0·03	0·13	31·39
		Lalgola ...										2·09		0·33	
		Akhriganj ...	1·70	0·45	0·34	0·12	0·90	1·08	1·37	7	5·96	?	1·37	?	32·42
		Patkabari	2·10	0·99	1·00	...	...	0·40	2·40	5	6·85	?	2·40	?	
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·74	0·89	1·03	0·14	0·18	1·29	2·52	7	4·79	1·95	0·52	0·14	31·50
		Sirajganj ...	0·74	0·37	0·19	0·18	0·01	3·24	0·45	6	5·18	2·14	0·45	0·26	29·57
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	0·25	0·25	0·11	0·54	0·53	2·35	0·05	6	4·08	2·30	0·05	0·33	18·54
		Nowkhilla ...	0·47	0·19	0·60	0·44	2·10	1·97	...	5	5·23	2·32	Nil	0·32	24·01
		Bogra ...	0·52	0·15	0·15	0·82	0·87	3·60	0·06	6	6·17	3·44	0·06	0·29	28·42
		Panchbibi ...	1·06	0·18	...	0·26	0·30	1·70	1·20	6	4·70	2·61	1·20	0·08	20·28
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	1·49	0·34	0·44	0·24	0·04	1·06	3·15	6	6·76	2·21	3·15	0·20	20·21
		Nator ...	0·32	0·20	0·46	0·30	0·57	2·33	0·15	7	4·33	2·45	0·15	0·35	25·76
		Naugaon ...	1·25	0·02	0·12	...	2·25	2·73	0·35	5	6·72	4·56	0·35	0·57	24·92
		Lalpore ...	0·90	1·90	0·46	0·90	1·25	...	...	5	5·41	?	Nil	?	
		Manda ...	0·41	0·70	0·63	0·81	0·51	2·23	0·96	7	6·15	?	0·96	?	

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 1st of July 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 25th June.	Monday, 26th June.	Tuesday, 27th June.	Wednesday, 28th June.	Thursday, 29th June.	Friday, 30th June.	Saturday, 1st.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
North Bengal—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	0·60	0·55	0·19	0·60	0·01	0·62	0·25	6	2·82	2·55	0·25	0·25	20·98	14·68
		Chanchal ...	0·35	0·45	0·20	0·47	...	0·57	...	5	2·04	3·38	Nil	0·45	12·53	15·49
		Gajol ...	1·10	0·11	0·24	0·37	0·02	0·45	0·11	6	2·40	?	0·11	?		?
		Sibganj ...	1·20	1·80	0·15	0·30	0·11	0·71	0·05	6	4·32	?	0·05	?	23·66	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	0·75	0·35	0·05	0·42	0·40	1·40	1·16	6	4·43	2·25	1·16	0·26	22·35	16·59
		Churaman ...	0·69	0·58	0·11	0·27	...	0·35	...	5	2·00	3·10	Nil	0·07	19·85	15·96
		Raiganj ...	0·25	1·70	0·50	0·96	0·20	0·31	0·40	7	4·32	3·18	0·40	0·26	20·83	18·14
		Dinajpur ...	0·14	0·74	0·17	1·76	0·37	0·25	0·19	7	3·62	3·98	0·19	0·99	21·62	21·50
		Balurghat ...	0·56	0·12	0·03	0·20	...	0·26	0·58	5	1·75	3·85	0·58	0·05	20·59	17·89
		Thakurgaon ...	0·35	0·27	...	...	2·80	...	0·83	4	4·25	?	0·83	?	21·37	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	0·80	1·08	...	...	0·70	1·68	0·30	5	4·56	2·59	0·30	0·50	22·67	21·42
		Rangpur ...	0·61	0·56	0·07	...	0·36	1·20	0·45	5	3·34	3·88	0·45	0·76	25·91	26·48
		Peerganj ...	0·27	0·34	...	0·28	0·29	3·57	0·77	6	5·56	?	0·77	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	0·50	0·34	0·05	0·13	0·70	1·51	0·55	6	3·80	4·38	0·55	0·62	30·28	31·90
		Gobindgunge	0·50	0·59	0·05	...	0·94	5·65	0·12	5	7·85	?	0·12	?	29·71	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	0·37	0·34	0·07	...	0·57	0·19	0·32	5	1·86	6·78	0·32	0·54	19·80	34·96
		Ulipore ...	...	...	...	...	0·24	2·26	0·47	3	2·97	?	0·47	?	23·92	?
		Sundergunge...	...	...	...	...	1·09	2·00	0·36	3	3·45	?	0·36	?	18·95	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·14	0·06	0·06	0·01	1·45	0·35	3·50	4	5·57	6·59	3·50	0·61	23·11	36·06
		Alipore Dooar	...	...	0·59	0·21	1·34	1·23	2·75	5	6·03	?	2·75	?	26·29	?
		Fallacotta ...	...	0·73	...	...	1·82	1·15	4·60	4	8·30	?	4·60	?	27·00	?
		Debiganj ...	0·60	0·15	...	0·18	0·98	1·05	0·56	6	3·52	?	0·56	?	33·51	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	...	0·12	0·40	1·44	3·20	0·20	2·36	6	7·72	?	2·36	?	52·48	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	1·77	0·08	0·19	0·16	0·28	0·50	0·37	6	3·35	7·16	0·37	0·42	31·47	37·56
		Kuch Bihar ...	1·18	...	0·50	0·06	2·25	0·10	0·44	5	4·53	7·87	0·44	1·03	27·35	43·72
		Mickliganj ...	1·18	...	0·11	...	1·85	0·23	0·83	5	4·20	8·27	0·83	0·99	23·91	37·01
		Mathabhanga	0·73	0·03	0·32	...	0·83	0·10	2·76	5	4·77	8·13	2·76	0·73	26·45	40·77
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	0·26	...	2·11	2·08	6·12	1·75	15·10	6	27·42	12·38	15·10	0·86	56·27	58·99
		Siliguri ...	...	0·09	0·08	0·08	2·68	0·34	2·90	3	6·17	6·94	2·90	0·59	32·10	33·89
		Darjeeling ...	1·34	0·22	6·47	4·44	2·06	0·33	1·06	7	15·92	6·21	1·06	0·61	29·87	28·51
		Kalimpong ...	1·87	0·07	9·50	3·53	1·59	0·06	1·57	5	18·19	5·89	1·57	0·43	29·34	21·84
		Kurseong ...	1·26	0·05	1·11	4·09	3·40	0·45	0·41	6	10·77	?	0·41	?	40·81	?
		Pedong ...	1·17	0·26	3·72	3·40	1·20	0·20	1·63	7	11·67	?	1·63	?	24·18	?
East Bengal	Chittagong...	Cox's Bazar ...	4·95	3·26	2·30	0·12	0·12	0·04	0·38	6	11·17	8·11	0·38	1·13	85·73	30·81
		Chittagong ...	3·95	4·48	0·56	0·43	0·03	0·11	0·12	6	10·04	4·97	0·12	0·40	64·80	29·99
		Kutubdia ...	3·45	6·31	3·40	1·80						?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	3·08	8·25	2·60	1·45	...	0·20	...	5	15·58	?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...	2·30	2·95	1·32	0·13	0·35	0·11				?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	1·63	3·34	1·44	0·17	0·13	...	0·54	6	7·25	?	0·54	?		?
		Chandpur ...	2·08	0·30	1·60	0·62	0·25					?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·54	3·24	0·53	0·56	1·00	0·61	...	6	6·48	3·39	Nil	0·31	40·29	23·42
		Bundarban ...	0·16	2·31	3·32	4·30	4·32	1·50	4·29	7	20·20	?	4·29	?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	1·31	2·65	1·95	0·90	0·72	0·43	0·51	7	8·47	4·70	0·51	0·43	91·54	26·82
		Pirojpur ...	0·35	3·13	0·68	3·37	2·30	0·47	...	6	10·32	4·49	Nil	0·48	41·61	19·87
		Barisal ...	0·81	1·82	1·42	1·58	0·32	0·12	0·35	7	6·42	3·73	0·35	0·71	40·13	20·67
		Gournaddi ...	2·35	1·55	1·12	1·16	0·17	0·14	...	6	6·49	?	Nil	?	33·29	?
		Bhola ...	0·31	3·14	1·38	0·78	1·38	0·10	...	6	7·30	4·32	Nil	0·20	33·76	25·02
		Daulatkhan ...	1·47	2·41	2·39	0·34	1·19	0·11	0·04	6	7·95	?	0·04	?	32·61	?
		Bauphal ...	1·37	2·70	1·37	0·73	0·97	0·07				?		?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	1·56	2·18	2·61	2·36	0·20	...	0·10	6	9·21	5·54	0·10	0·58	42·90	30·75
		Fenny ...	2·25	6·55	3·00	2·45	0·88	0·35	0·55	7	16·03	4·60	0·55	0·34	47·98	33·40
		Harishpore ...	3·06	3·77	2·90	1·06						?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	0·83	2·05	1·26	2·94	1·14	0·06				?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	1·51	1·35	1·20	0·74	1·40	0·16	0·87	7	7·32	2·81	0·87	0·27	29·98	17·59
		Faridpur ...	0·11	1·15	0·82	0·29	0·12	1·00	0·30	7	3·79	2·53	0·30	0·14	37·50	17·54
		Goalundo ...	0·57	1·34	2·35	0·25	...	2·68	0·63	6	7·82	2·43	0·63	0·20	35·80	15·56
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	0·55	1·40	0·43	0·64	0·25	...	...	5	3·27	3·18	Nil	0·35	19·24	20·12
		Dacca ...	0·30	0·60	0·55	0·54	0·04	1·20	0·09	5	3·32	2·73	0·09	0·29	27·73	17·57
		Narayanganj...	0·46	0·92	0·64	0·81	0·71	...	0·12	6	3·66	4·07	0·12	0·31	24·11	17·43
		Manikganj ...	0·57	0·89	1·34	0·17	0·10	3·11	0·21	7	6·39	1·87	0·21	0·06	24·41	13·78
		Joydebpore ...	0·40	0·23	0·33	0·47	0·03	0·11	0·21	6	1·78	?	0·21	?	20·68	?
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	...	0·86	0·15	0·57	...	...	0·43	4	2·01	2·36	0·43	0·23	31·34	18·96
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	0·61	2·05	0·52	1·55	0·05	0·32	0·79	6	5·89	3·68	0·79	0·43	31·51	23·67
		Chandpore ...	0·84	1·86	0·51	1·20	0·28	0·29	0·15	7	5·13	3·60	0·15	0·40	27·05	20·10
		Brahmanbaria	0·50	0·10	0·36	0·85	0·07					2·35		0·14		20·22
		Ramchandrapore ...	0·04	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·13	?	Nil	?	14·55	?
		Nasirnagar ...	1·10	...	0·10							?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	1·25	1·05	1·20	1·50	...	...	0·10	5	5·10	?	0·10	?	23·90	?
		Kasba ...	0·60	0·70	0·55	0·68	0·15	0·05	...	5	2·73	?	Nil	?	25·45	?
		Laksham ...		2·00	1·5	1·10						?		?		?
	Mymensingh...	Kishorganj ...	0·61	0·22	0·39	...	...	0·07	1·05	4	2·34	2·78	1·05	0·32	34·06	23·96
		Atia (*Tangail*)	0·42	0·23	0·62	...		1·96	...	4	3·23	2·94	Nil	0·10	28·55	16·68
		Mymensingh ...	0·23	0·05	0·17	0·43	0·54	0·02	0·62	5	2·06	3·75	0·62	0·42	29·33	24·96
		Jamalpur	0·62	0·11	0·12	0·39	0·14	2·45	0·08	6	3·91	3·28	0·08	0·70	27·13	19·24
		Netrakona ...	0·49	...	...	1·42	0·22	1·02	0·42	5	3·57	5·70	0·42	0·45	33·19	27·83
		Subornakhali	0·60	0·47	0·09	...	0·14	...	...	3	1·30	?	Nil	?	30·55	?
		Durgapore ...	...	...	0·90	2·50	1·50	2·10				?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	0·40	0·25	...	0·20	0·91	0·80	0·06	5	2·62	?	0·06	?	5·27	?
		Dewanganj ...	0·30	...	...	1·80	0·90					?		?		?
North Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	2·34	...	0·16	0·16	6·32	0·80	6·15	6	15·93	3·51	6·15	0·29	28·73	19·49
		Araria ...	0·05	0·38	0·05	0·03	2·20	0·68	2·40	4	5·79	3·42	2·40	0·29	17·48	16·17
		Purnea ...	0·33	0·04	0·28	0·69	0·64	0·13	2·07	6	4·18	2·76	2·07	0·22	10·33	14·54
		Gondwara (Korah)	0·33	0·77	0·11	0·14	...	1·18	0·71	6	3·87	?	0·71	?	19·47	?
		Barsoe ...	0·70	0·30	1·60	0·65	0·70	...	...	5	3·95	?	Nil	?	24·22	?
		Forbesganj ...	0·55	0·32	...	0·22	1·35	0·33	0·23	6	3·00	?	0·23	?	11·71	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	...	0·40	3·50	0·30	7·00	4	11·20	?	7·00	?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	0·90	...	0·15	0·62	0·88	...	1·00	5	3·55	2·26	1·00	0·16	6·61	11·04
		Bongaon (Syfabad).		0·60	0·55							?		?		?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	0·34	...	0·14	0·08	2	0·56	2·32	0·08	0·15	3·46	11·57
		Protabganj ...	...	0·11	...	...	0·80	...	0·42	3	1·33	?	0·42	?	4·24	?
		Bhagalpur ...	0·50	0·27	0·29	0·15	0·06	...	...	4	1·27	1·99	1·27	0·18	11·56	9·40
		Banka ...	0·31	1·20	0·72	0·07	0·02	...	0·74	4	3·00	2·67	0·74	0·47	18·10	9·38
		Colgong ...	0·25	0·03	0·16	0·17	0·21	...	0·11	5	0·96	?	0·11	?	11·89	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	0·21	...	0·16	0·13	...	0·80	0·05	4	1·35	2·27	0·05	0·13	6·79	8·73
		Darbhanga ...	...	0·13	0·03	0·17	0·49	3·89	0·38	5	5·09	2·36	0·38	0·15	9·23	9·20
		Madhubani ...	0·78	...	0·17	0·69	...	0·71				2·57		0·18		10·27
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	1	0·50	?	Nil	?		?
		Roshera ...	0·15	...	0·10	0·20	0·50	0·40	...	5	1·35	?	Nil	?	5·39	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 1st of July 1893—concld.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 25th June.	Monday, 26th June.	Tuesday, 27th June.	Wednesday, 28th June.	Thursday, 29th June.	Friday, 30th June.	Saturday, 1st.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rain fall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	2·26	...	...	0·08	0·09	4·39	0·02	2	6·75	1·84	0·02	0·11	11·90	9·9
		Muzaffarpur	0·22	0·55	0·34	0·12	0·23	1·14	0·01	5	2·31	1·98	0·01	0·09	4·91	9·8
		Hajipur ...	...	0·18	0·62	0·54	...	0·04	0·02	3	1·40	1·63	0·02	0·23	8·96	7·6
		Paru ...	0·30	...	0·81	0·37	...	0·19				?		?		
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)										?		?		
		Siuhar ...	0·60	1·18	...	0·04	...	0·60	...	3	2·42	?	Nil	?		?
		Pupri ...										?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	1·42	1·36	0·04	0·12	0·29	1·83	0·03	5	5·09	2·51	0·03	0·45	13·39	9·9
		Bettiah ...	0·29	0·16	0·29	...	0·09	2·54	...	4	3·19	2·85	Nil	0·39	8·30	9·7
		Bagaha ...	1·96	0·16	0·34	...	0·07	...	...	3	2·53	?	Nil	?	12·19	?
		Burhurwa ...	...	0·08	0·16	0·11	0·31	0·08	0·03	3	0·17	?	0·03	?	[illegible]·24	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj	...	1·30	6·11	0·84	0·39	0·04	1·55	5	3·93	2·92	1·55	0·28	10·67	7·6
		Siwan ...	0·05	0·02	0·19	0·79	0·01	0·03	1·77	3	2·86	2·04	1·77	0·16	6·31	7·8
		Chupra ...	0·06	0·02	0·37	0·46	0·01	0·01	...	2	0·93	2·46	Nil	0·06	8·01	7·9
		Sreepore ...										?		?		?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Annuar ...	...	0·27	0·44	0·70	...	...	...	3	1·41	?	Nil	?	?	?
		Buxar ...	0·45	0·11	0·63	0·05	0·03	...	0·23	4	1·56	2·02	0·26	0·17	5·22	5·0
		Dehri ...	0·07	0·70	0·38	0·04	...	0·38	...	4	1·77	1·70	Nil	0·36	9·49	5·7
		Bhabhua ...	...	0·52	1·89	0·19	...	1·70	0·01	4	4·31	2·73	0·01	0·33	8·86	5·6
		Sasaram ...	...	0·40	0·95	0·12	...	0·59	...	4	1·97	2·46	Nil	0·51	7·08	5·3
		Arrah ...	0·87	0·72	0·16	0·12	...	0·61	1·20	6	3·68	2·45	1·20	0·30	11·47	7·1
		Mohania ...	0·70	...	0·60	...	...	0·30	1·29	4	2·89	?	1·29	?		?
		Khiri ...	1·60	2·20	0·30	...	...	1·75	...	4	5·85	?	Nil	?	10·34	?
		Agenon ...										?		?		?
		Ramnagar ...	0·27	0·11	0·45	...	...	...	1·85	4	2·68	?	1·85	?	7·71	?
		Koath ...	0·20	...	0·23	...	...	1·48	...	3	1·91	?	Nil	?	9·30	?
		Sikroul ...	0·60	...	0·33	...	...	0·59	0·20	4	1·72	?	0·20	?		?
		Bassowan ...	0·62	0·26	0·78	...	...	0·27	...	4	1·93	?	Nil	?	7·09	?
		Monaharpur	0·40	1·58	0·60	...	...	1·68	0·08	4	4·34	?	0·08	?		?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	0·02	0·76	0·63	0·04	...	1·25	...	3	2·71	2·30	Nil	0·35	7·04	7·2
		Gaya ...	...	0·32	0·22	0·04	...	...	...	2	1·18	2·66	Nil	0·45	9·31	7·3
		Nawadah ...	...	2·30	0·40	0·02	...	...	0·02	2	2·83	2·24	0·02	0·40	10·25	6·5
		Jahanabad ...	0·22	1·02	0·53	...	...	...	...	3	1·77	1·70	Nil	0·21	10·15	6·0
		Arwal ...	...	1·47	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·47	?	Nil	?	5·52	?
		Daudnagar ...	1·19	1·95	0·18	...	...	...	...	3	3·32	?	Nil	?	8·08	?
		Sherghati ..	0·35	1·25	0·70	0·50						?		?		?
		Rajauli ...	...	0·80	1·36	...	...	...	0·83	3	2·99	?	0·83	?		?
		Pakri Barawan	0·65	0·26	0·15							?		?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	0·03	0·23	0·67	0·75	...	0·17	0·03	4	1·85	2·28	0·03	0·15	11·11	8·4
		Dinapore ...	...	0·08	0·68	0·37	...	...	0·04	2	1·17	2·46	0·04	0·25	10·06	7·7
		Behar ...	0·78	0·06	0·18	...	...	1·51	0·61	4	3·14	2·04	0·61	0·30	15·50	7·9
		Barh ...	0·45	...	0·10	0·60	...	0·23	...	4	1·38	1·64	Nil	0·33	9·92	6·4
		Bickram ..	0·21	0·05	0·73	0·27	...	...	0·30	5	2·46	?	0·30	?	10·58	?
		Hilsa ...	0·20	2·52	0·20	0·28	...	...	0·23	5	3·43	?	0·23	?		?
	Monghyr ..	Begusarai ...	0·27	...	0·24	0·15	0·25	2·67	...	5	3·58	1·69	Nil	0·07	13·97	7·7
		Monghyr ...	0·93	0·38	0·27	0·03	...	...	0·39	4	2·00	2·11	0·39	0·38	9·66	8·2
		Jamui ...	1·13	0·25	0·32	0·27	...	1·26	0·16	6	3·39	2·56	0·16	0·36	10·46	7·8
		Goori ..	...	...	1·59							?		?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	0·30	2·50	0·48	...	2·13	...	4	5·41	?	Nil	?	18·98	?
		Chahai Bamda	1·62	1·20	1·25	0·37	...	0·10	0·13	6	4·67	?	0·13	?	20·09	?
		Chupreon ...										?		?		?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	0·45	0·75	0·22	0·30	0·07	0·14	...	5	1·93	3·24	Nil	0·27	13·64	13·3
		Godda ...	0·37	0·41	1·37	0·01	...	0·03	0·04	3	2·23	2·01	0·04	0·24	9·23	9·2
		Pakour ...	0·55	0·64	1·91	0·89	...	0·05	...	4	3·14	2·55	Nil	0·39	23·36	13·6
		Naya Dumka	2·42	0·76	0·78	0·03	...	0·42	0·09	4	4·50	2·25	0·09	0·25	22·44	11·6
		Deoghur ...	1·35	0·58	0·53	0·39	0·02	0·07	...	4	2·94	2·78	Nil	0·45	17·02	10·7
		Jamtara ...	0·12	1·03	1·52	0·54	...	0·31	0·35	6	3·87	2·33	0·35	0·43	20·62	10·6
		Belbodda ..	0·40	0·23	...	...	...	0·98	...	3	1·61	?	Nil	?	18·21	?
		Nanihat ...										?		?		?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (Giridih).	0·49	1·13	1·59	0·59	...	1·31	0·72	6	5·83	2·00	0·72	0·20	22·12	9·7
		Hazaribagh	0·03	1·43	2·46	0·46	...	0·32	0·17	5	4·87	2·19	0·17	0·44	18·57	8·9
		Semtaguran ..										2·27		0·54		10·1
		Mahudi Hills										2·52		0·29		10·2
		Jhumra Hill										3·83		0·60		12·[illegible]
		Barhi ...	0·24	0·91	0·31	0·15	...	0·20	1·50	6	3·31	?	1·50	?	13·53	?
		Chatra ...	0·45	1·08	2·45	0·12	...	...	0·18	5	4·28	?	0·18	?	13·85	?
		Karagdeha ..	0·55	1·87	1·47	0·12	...	0·04	1·65	5	5·70	?	1·65	?	12·79	?
		Ramgar ...	...	...	2·10		1·86					?		?		?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	0·40	1·07	2·05	0·50					1·59	2·53		0·35		9·9
		Ranchi ...	0·05	1·10	3·20	0·25	...	0·53	...	4	5·13	2·70	Nil	0·21	17·24	10·8
		Silli ...	...	0·30	0·70							?		?		?
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj).										2·40		0·37		7·1
		Balumath ...	2·76	1·76	4·44	0·35						?	0·05	?	11·75	?
		Husainabad	0·57	0·75	1·63	0·56	...	...	0·05	3	3·05	?		?		?
		Garhwa	4·50	1·15	1·40	0·21						?		?		?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	0·13	0·75	4·17	0·13	0·01	3·28	...	5	8·47	2·37	Nil	0·15	21·57	10·6
		Chakardharpur.	0·59	3·70	0·70	0·29	1·40					?		?		?
		Ghatsila ...	1·73	1·00	4·00	0·10		0·70				?		?		?
		Baharagura	1·05	0·50	5·30							?		?		?
		Gailkeira ...	0·70	2·20	0·50	...	2·20	...	...	4	5·60	?	Nil	?	20·77	?
		Kalikapur ...	2·21	1·26	8·68	0·16	...	0·14	0·05	5	12·50	?	0·05	?	32·90	?
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	1·46	1·13	1·95	0·23	...	1·86	...	5	6·63	2·64	Nil	0·19	27·94	10·6
		Gobindpur ...	1·03	1·53	1·93	1·45	...	1·53	0·05	5	7·52	2·05	0·05	0·28	22·19	8·7
		Raghunathpore	0·39	2·15	1·08	0·40	...	0·88	...	5	4·90	?	Nil	?	14·80	?
		Barahabhum	1·50	0·92	3·10	0·10	...	...	...	4	5·62	?	Nil	?	26·65	?
		Jhalda ..	0·35	1·43	...	...	0·66	...	...	3	2·44	?	Nil	?	15·91	?
		Chas ..	...	1·24	2·41	0·05	...	...	...	3	3·70	?	Nil	?	18·05	?
		Pandra ...	0·57	1·23	1·83	1·05	...	1·11	0·22	6	5·51	?	0·22	?	20·66	?

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 4th July* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M. SATURDAY, THE 1ST OF JULY 1893.

THE weather during the week in Bengal, as well as over the north of the Bay, has been influenced by the depression which, at the end of the previous week, had developed in South-West Bengal and moved into East Bengal. It remained stationary in East Bengal from the 24th to the 25th, the first day of the present week, and then, after a slight increase of intensity, began to move to the west. On the 26th the centre was between Jessore and Faridpur; on the 27th between Ranchi and Hazaribagh; and on the 28th, owing to its westward motion and the rapid recovery of pressure, all trace of it had disappeared. During these days the weather in Lower Bengal and the north of the Bay was necessarily unsettled, as the depth of the depression was considerable, defect being about ·3 inch in the area of lowest pressure. But though the depression was practically in one position for about four days, and gradients were steep over the Bay, the increase of wind velocity was inconsiderable.

The quantity of rain, however, was unusually large in places, and except during the latter half of the week, when only very partial showers fell in Orissa and South-West Bengal, the rainfall was general in all districts. The heaviest rainfall occurred in East and South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur during the formation and passage of the depression. In Singhbhum and Manbhum especially the falls were very heavy, and the average for the whole of Chota Nagpur is two and a half times the normal.

During the westward motion of the depression pressure changes were unusually large, and by the 28th the distribution of pressure was slightly above the normal except in part of Chota Nagpur and Bihar. The rise of pressure continued almost till the end of the week. During the latter half there was excess of between ·1 inch and ·15 inch in Lower Bengal and the north of the Bay, so that gradients were not so steep as usual, and a period of calm weather commenced, especially in the south and east of the Bay.

During these last three days ordinary monsoon weather prevailed in Bengal. The usual wind circulation obtained, general though not heavy rain was falling except in the south-western districts and also in the extreme north-east. In the former rain had almost stopped, while in the latter it was at times excessive. On Saturday, the 1st of July, Buxa reported 15·1 inches, and earlier in the week Kalimpong received 9·5 inches in the course of one day. The total fall for the week in Buxa is 27·42, in Kalimpong 18·19, and in Darjeeling 15·92 inches.

Pressure was below the normal everywhere in the early part of the week by amounts varying up to ·3 inch. The rise commenced on the 26th in the extreme east, continued very rapidly in the eastern half of the province on the 27th, and over the whole province, but especially in Chota Nagpur, on the 28th. The rise went on slowly almost till the end of of the week. Owing to the large defect in the early part of the week, mean pressure for the week is below the normal by about ·02 inch.

Temperature was fairly high in Assam, North Bengal and part of North Bihar in the early part of the week, but in the other districts it remained steadily below the normal. The means for the week in the large divisions are all below the normal. Defect is small in Assam, and between 1° and 2° in North Bengal and North Bihar. In the other districts it varies from 3° in Orissa to nearly 5° in Chota Nagpur.

Rainfall has been general and at times heavy in all districts except Orissa and part of South-West Bengal. East Bengal and Chota Nagpur on an average have received more than 6 inches, South-West Bengal and North Bengal more than 4 inches, North Bihar 3·38 inches, and Orissa and South Bihar between 2 and 3 inches. The fall in Orissa is deficient by 0·5 inch, and in the other districts there is excess of variable amounts up to nearly 4 inches in Chota Nagpur and South-West Bengal.

As in the last week, a large proportion of the rain has fallen during thunder-storms, and amounts are in consequence more variable than is usual soon after the beginning of the monsoon. The very heavy falls, besides those mentioned above, are Kishanganj 15·93, Kaliaganj 11·2, Kushtia 11·34, Onda 10·42, Kurseong 10·77, Pedong 11·57, Cox's Bazar 11·17, Pirojpur 10·32, and Kalikapur 12·5 inches.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 1st of July 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature. Highest observed during week.	Temperature. Lowest observed during week.	Temperature. Averages for week. Of highest of each day.	Temperature. Averages for week. Of lowest of each day.	Temperature. Averages for week. Of mean for each day.	Temperature. Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Rainfall. Of week. Average.	Rainfall. Of week. Normal average.	Rainfall. Of week. Variation.	Rainfall. Rainy days. Average number in week.	Rainfall. Rainy days. Normal average number in week.	Rainfall. Rainy days. Variation.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Average.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Normal average.	Rainfall. Since 16th May 1893. Average.	Rainfall. Since 16th May 1893. Normal average.
Orissa	91·5	73·1	86·4	77·7	82·1	—2·9	2·74	3·24	—0·50	3·57	3·03	+0·54	0·25	0·25	22·81	10·97
South-West Bengal ...	91·7	73·4	86·5	77·5	81·9	—3·6	6·02	2·21	+3·81	4·69	3·34	+1·35	0·28	0·24	27·00	12·88
North Bengal	92·6	74·1	87·1	76·4	81·7	—1·5	4·22	4·07	+ ·15	5·56	3·62	+1·94	0·71	0·44	23·15	23·03
East Bengal	87·2	73·3	83·5	76·1	79·7	—3·5	6·05	3·76	+2·29	5·80	4·08	+1·72	0·31	0·38	36·26	23·13
North Bihar	93·2	74·2	89·7	77·9	83·8	—1·2	3·87	2·47	+1·40	4·06	2·79	+1·27	0·07	0·22	10·63	10·46
South Bihar	92·4	75·8	88·8	78·0	83·5	—3·1	2·58	2·24	+0·34	3·95	2·92	+1·03	1·43	0·32	12·59	8·25
Chota Nagpur	89·9*	69·4*	83·5*	72·6*	78·0*	—4·8*	6·21	2·50	+3·71	4·86	3·54	+1·32	0·13	0·34	19·13	9·87
Assam	94·0	74·8	87·8	76·7	82·2	—0·2										

* Daltonganj not included.

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 4th July 1893.

C. Little,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 25th June to 1st July 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature. Daily mean.	Temperature. Maximum.	Temperature. Range.	Temperature. Minimum.	Temperature. Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Temperature. Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Hygrometry. Vavour tension at 10 A.M.	Hygrometry. Dew point at 10 A.M.	Hygrometry. Humidity at 10 A.M.	Rainfall, past 24 hours.
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
June ...	25th ...	29·442	81·7	87·5	11·7	75·8	81·1	79·5	·987	78·8	93	0·86
" ...	26th ...	·388	79·1	82·9	7·6	75·3	78·3	78·0	·956	77·8	99	5·86
" ...	27th ...	·527	81·7	87·0	10·7	76·3	81·6	79·0	·953	77·9	89	1·60
" ...	28th ...	·665	83·1	89·5	12·9	76·6	84·6	81·5	1·036	80·3	87	...
" ...	29th ...	·707	82·1	84·9	5·6	79·3	83·6	81·5	1·049	80·7	91	0·04
" ...	30th ...	·743	82·1	86·8	9·5	77·3	84·6	81·5	1·036	80·3	87	0·23
July ...	1st ...	·731	82·9	88·0	10·2	77·8	85·4	81·3	1·015	79·7	83	0·01

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·600
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	81·8
The extreme variation of temperature	14·2
The maximum temperature	89·5
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	90
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 25th June to 1st July 1893	8·60

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. Gilliland,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India,
The 3rd July 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 25th June to 1st July 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Temperature. Maximum.	Temperature. Range.	Temperature. Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension.	Hygrometry. Dew point.	Hygrometry. Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
June	25th	154·5	1·9	29·391	80·5	86·2	9·8	76·4	78·2	0·937	77·3	90	WNW and W by S	169	0·84	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p.
„	26th	113·7	Nil	·364	78·8	79·7	4·2	75·5	77·7	·937	77·3	95	WSW and SSW	207	5·51	Cloudy, o, g, d, p.
„	27th	147·0	3·8	·499	80·5	85·7	8·8	76·9	78·1	·932	77·1	90	SSW and S	207	0·07	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d.
„	28th	144·6	2·3	615	82·5	86·9	7·9	79·0	80·2	·998	79·2	90	S by W and SSW	105	0·02	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d.
„	29th	104·3	Nil	·674	81·4	83·8	5·1	78·7	79·6	·986	78·8	92	SSW and calm	59	0·27	Cloudy, o, g, d, p.
„	30th	141·4	0·4	·689	82·1	84·1	6·6	77·5	78·4	·932	77·1	84	SSW and calm	71	0·05	Chiefly cloudy, o, d.
July	1st	144·0	6·9	·690	83·4	87·1	8·7	78·4	78·7	·919	76·7	80	SSW and SW by S	163	Nil	Partially cloudy.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·560
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·518
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	15·3
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	94·3
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	81·3
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	84·1
The extreme variation of temperature	11·6
The maximum temperature	87·1
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	18
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	89
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	84
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 25th June to 1st July 1893	6·76
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	2·76
The total fall from 1st January to 1st July 1893	49·78
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	21·96

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph, nd from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the hermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the ew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet bove the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, ormerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in he Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast ; g, gloomy ; d, drizzling rain ; p, passing temporary showers.

N. B.—In the weekly report from 28th May to 3rd June, read 7·8 for 7· as number of hours of bright sunshine on the 31st May 1893.

ETEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 3rd July 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Vital statistics of the **Districts of Bengal for the month of May 1893.**

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births: Number registered.	Births: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Cholera: Number registered.	Cholera: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox: Number registered.	Small-pox: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever: Number registered.	Fever: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa: Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury: Number registered.	Injury: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes: Number registered.	Other causes: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes: Number registered.	Total of all causes: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years: Number registered.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan ...	Burdwan	1,391,880	5,283	45·48	10	·08	31	·24	1,901	16·32	70	·60	29	·24	864	7·44	2,905	24·96	2,603	22·44	
	Bankura	1,069,668	3,836	42·96	5	·04	8	·08	1,156	12·96	21	·12	26	·24	484	5·40	1,700	18·96	1,797	20·04	
	Birbhum	797,835	3,254	45·84	5	·07	...	...	1,142	17·16	8	·12	17	·24	633	9·48	1,805	27·12	1,640	24·60	
	Midnapore	2,631,516	9,045	41·16	151	·60	62	·24	3,502	15·96	134	·60	74	·24	914	4·08	4,841	21·96	4,508	20·52	
	Hooghly including Serampore	1,076,710	3,636	40·68	79	·84	2	·01	1,627	18·12	113	1·20	42	·36	505	5·52	2,368	26·28	1,866	20·76	
	Howrah	721,211	2,378	39·48	127	2·04	...	...	690	11·40	175	2·88	39	·60	401	6·60	1,432	23·76	1,098	18·24	
Presidency ...	24-Parganas																				*Return not received up to date.*
	Nadia	1,644,108	7,521	54·84	15	·10	1	·007	2,905	21·12	27	·12	75	·48	612	4·44	3,635	26·52	3,343	24·36	
	Jessore	1,888,827	6,039	38·28	18	·10	...	...	3,210	20·28	5	·02	86	·48	368	2·28	3,687	23·40	3,624	22·92	
	Murshidabad	1,250,946	5,045	48·36	2	·01	...	...	3,021	28·92	12	·01	50	·36	370	3·48	3,455	33·12	2,398	22·92	
	Khulna	1,177,652	2,969	30·24	44	·36	...	...	1,576	15·96	9	·08	70	·60	373	3·72	2,072	21·09	1,962	19·92	
Rajshahi ...	Dinajpur	1,555,835	5,462	42·12	...	...	1	·007	3,320	25·56	2	·01	37	·24	202	1·44	3,562	27·36	3,181	24·48	
	Rajshahi	1,313,336	5,046	46·08	3	·02	6	·04	4,282	39·12	4	·03	47	·36	319	2·88	4,661	42·48	2,878	26·28	
	Rangpur	2,065,464	5,840	33·96	4	·01	1	·004	3,960	22·92	7	·03	46	·24	270	1·56	4,288	24·84	5,124	29·76	
	Bogra	817,494	2,336	34·20	...	...	9	·12	1,264	18·48	2	·02	38	·48	262	3·84	1,575	23·04	1,322	19·32	
	Pabna	1,362,393	4,627	40·68	4	·02	85	·72	3,153	27·72	25	·12	41	·36	174	1·44	3,482	30·60	2,490	21·84	
	Darjeeling																				*Ditto ditto.*
	Jalpaiguri	681,332	2,054	36·12	41	·72	...	...	2,013	35·40	39	·60	10	·12	46	·72	2,149	37·80	2,256	39·72	
Dacca ...	Dacca	2,420,656	6,914	34·20	700	3·36	86	·36	3,571	17·64	136	·60	79	·36	848	4·20	5,420	26·76	3,122	15·36	
	Faridpur	1,797,320	6,144	40·92	178	1·08	8	·04	3,158	21·00	24	·12	73	·48	559	3·72	4,000	26·64	2,524	16·80	
	Backergunge	2,153,965	6,447	35·88	411	2·28	...	...	4,202	23·40	61	·24	119	·60	1,403	7·80	6,196	34·44	4,725	26·28	
	Mymensingh																				*Ditto ditto.*
Chittagong ...	Chittagong	1,290,167	4,580	42·48	46	·36	20	·12	2,529	23·52	40	·36	86	·72	180	1·56	2,910	27·00	2,576	23·88	
	Noakhali	1,009,693	3,971	47·16	92	1·08	6	·06	1,983	23·52	16	·12	80	·84	236	2·76	2,413	28·44	2,299	27·24	
	Tippera	1,782,935	5,552	37·32	190	1·20	7	·05	2,325	15·60	16	·09	75	·48	495	3·24	3,108	20·88	2,535	17·04	
Patna ...	Patna	1,769,004	3,850	26·04	98	·60	77	·48	2,628	17·76	100	1·32	84	·48	668	4·44	3,754	25·44	3,673	24·84	
	Gaya	2,138,331	5,066	28·32	15	·08	299	1·56	3,607	20·16	28	·12	105	·48	456	2·52	4,510	25·20	4,381	24·48	
	Shahabad																				*Complete return not yet received.*
	Muzaffarpur	2,711,445	7,518	33·24	100	·36	2	·008	5,963	26·28	107	·36	139	·60	699	3·00	7,010	30·96	5,880	25·92	
	Darbhanga	2,801,955	6,082	26·04	2	·008	6	·02	5,620	24·09	123	·48	85	·36	556	2·28	6,392	27·36	6,568	28·08	
	Saran	2,467,477	6,914	33·60	36	·12	14	·06	2,769	13·44	211	·96	96	·36	1,979	9·60	5,105	24·72	4,305	20·88	
	Champaran	1,859,465	5,021	32·40	...	...	18	·10	3,067	19·68	19	·12	65	·36	891	5·64	4,060	26·16	3,883	24·96	
Bhagalpur ...	Monghyr	2,036,021	4,395	25·80	4	·01	82	·48	3,428	20·16	25	·12	90	·48	412	2·40	4,041	23·76	5,083	29·88	
	Bhagalpur	2,032,696	4,659	27·48	21	·12	282	1·56	3,962	23·28	39	·12	59	·24	411	2·40	4,774	28·08	4,896	28·80	
	Purnea	1,944,658	4,918	36·24	...	...	8	·04	4,116	25·32	8	·04	27	·16	82	·50	4,241	26·16	4,955	30·48	
	Malda	814,919	2,952	43·44	1	·01	...	...	2,589	38·04	3	·03	11	·12	127	1·80	2,731	40·20	1,574	23·16	
	Sonthal Parganas																				*Ditto ditto.*
Orissa ...	Cuttack																				*Return not received up to date.*
	Puri	944,998	3,284	41·64	11	·12	273	3·36	341	4·32	144	1·80	49	·60	891	11·28	1,709	21·60	2,806	35·52	
	Balasore	994,625	4,528	54·60	25	·24	7	·08	775	9·24	185	2·16	44	·48	759	9·12	1,795	21·60	3,294	39·72	
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	1,164,321	3,771	38·76	2	·01	97	·96	1,946	20·04	42	·38	58	·48	349	3·48	2,494	25·68	2,063	27·36	
	Lohardaga	1,128,885	4,455	47·28	...	...	45	·36	1,191	12·60	128	1·32	...	...	735	7·80	2,099	22·20	2,473	26·28	
	Palamau																				*Complete return not yet received.*
	Singhbhum	545,488	1,977	43·44	2	·63	38	·84	580	12·72	29	·60	30	·60	164	3·60	843	18·48	817	17·88	
	Manbhum	1,193,328	4,300	43·20	4	·03	161	1·56	1,427	14·28	20	·12	22	·12	410	4·08	2,044	20·52	2,553	25·56	
	Total ...	58,448,576	181,697	37·20	2,446	·48	1,742	·24	100,499	20·52	2,269	·36	2,203	·36	20,107	4·08	129,266	26·52	119,675	24·48	
Average of corresponding month of previous five years ...			Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		23,386	4·80	1,429	·24	75,616	15·48	2,895	·48	2,195	·36	14,154	2·88	119,675	24·48	...	...	
Difference + or —			......		−20,940	−4·32	+313	Equal	+24,883	+5·04	−626	−·12	+8	Equal	+5,953	+1·20	+9,591	+2·04	...	...	

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.

Vital Statistics of Towns in Bengal with a population of 20,000 and over during the month of May 1893.

DISTRICTS.		TOWNS.	Population under registration.	BIRTHS. Number registered.	BIRTHS. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	DEATHS. Cholera. Number registered.	Cholera. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox. Number registered.	Small-pox. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever. Number registered.	Fever. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury. Number registered.	Injury. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes. Number registered.	Other causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes. Number registered.	Total of all causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Number registered.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Remarks.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan ...	1	Burdwan	34,477	63	21·84	...	...	...	...	47	16·32	7	2·40	2	·60	19	6·60	75	26·04	64	22·20	
Midnapore ...	2	Midnapore	32,264	90	33·36	...	...	...	...	34	12·60	6	2·16	...	...	12	4·44	52	19·32	95	35·28	
Hooghly ...	3	Hooghly and Chinsura	33,060	65	23·52	48	17·40	...	...	40	14·40	15	5·40	...	...	22	7·92	125	45·36	83	30·12	
	4	Serampore	35,952	68	22·56	5	1·56	...	...	41	13·68	11	3·60	2	·60	13	4·32	72	24·00	84	27·96	
Howrah ...	5	Howrah	116,606	150	15·36	63	6·48	...	...	74	7·56	30	3·00	1	·09	37	3·72	205	21·00	159	16·32	
24-Parganas...	6	Cossipore-Chitpur ...	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Return not received up to date.
	7	Maniktala	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	8	Barnagore	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	9	South Suburban ...	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	10	Khorda or South Barrackpore.	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	11	Naihati	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	12	Nawabganj	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Nadia ...	13	Krishnagar	25,500	79	37·08	...	...	...	...	38	17·88	2	·84	2	·84	6	2·76	48	22·56	35	16·44	
	14	Santipur	30,437	83	32·64	...	...	...	...	51	20·04	...	...	...	...	3	1·08	54	21·24	34	13·32	
Murshidabad	15	Murshidabad City ...	35,576	40	15·48	2	·60	...	...	63	21·24	5	1·68	1	·24	7	2·28	78	26·28	77	25·92	
	16	Berhampore	23,515	32	16·32	...	...	...	...	22	11·16	...	...	1	·48	3	1·44	26	13·20	30	19·80	
Rajshahi ...	17	Rampur Boalia ...	21,407	59	33·00	...	...	...	...	43	24·00	1	·48	2	1·08	1	·48	47	26·28	45	25·20	
Pabna ...	18	Sirajganj	23,267	45	23·16	1	·48	...	...	38	19·56	2	·96	1	·48	...	...	42	21·60	24	12·36	
Dacca ...	19	Dacca	83,633	144	20·64	18	2·52	1	·12	72	10·32	14	1·92	2	·24	38	5·40	145	20·76	142	20·28	
Chittagong ...	20	Chittagong	24,069	56	27·84	7	3·48	...	...	32	15·84	4	1·92	...	...	5	2·40	48	23·88	65	32·40	
Patna	*21	Patna City	165,192	287	20·66	73	5·28	4	·02	235	17·04	65	4·68	18	1·20	108	7·80	503	36·48	303	21·96	
	22	Bihar	47,723	133	33·36	...	...	3	·72	47	11·76	12	3·00	2	·48	21	5·28	85	21·94	83	20·76	
	23	Dinapore	44,419	41	11·04	...	...	...	...	54	9·12	7	1·80	1	·24	19	5·04	61	16·44	67	18·60	
Gaya ...	24	Gaya*	80,383	182	27·12	1	·12	3	·36	210	31·52	2	·24	...	...	30	4·44	246	36·72	239	35·64	
Shahabad ...	25	Arrah	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Complete return not received up to date.
	26	Sasaram	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Muzaffarpur	27	Muzaffarpur	49,192	117	28·44	1	·24	...	...	77	18·72	13	3·12	7	1·68	23	6·00	123	30·90	144	35·04	
	28	Hajipur	21,487	71	39·60	...	...	...	...	29	16·08	3	1·56	3	1·56	27	15·00	62	34·56	55	30·60	
Darbhanga ...	29	Darbhanga	73,561	156	25·44	1	·12	...	...	82	13·32	42	6·84	2	·24	49	7·92	176	28·68	287	46·80	
Saran	30	Chapra	57,332	92	19·20	1	·12	...	...	36	7·44	25	5·16	5	·96	33	6·84	100	20·88	77	16·08	
Champaran ...	31	Bettiah	23,280	66	34·68	...	...	...	...	29	15·24	3	1·56	...	...	15	7·80	47	24·72	94	49·44	
Monghyr ...	32	Monghyr	57,077	131	27·48	4	·84	1	·12	45	9·36	9	1·80	6	1·20	60	12·48	125	26·28	113	23·64	
Bhagalpur ...	33	Bhagalpur	69,106	262	45·48	...	...	63	14·40	141	24·48	18	3·12	...	...	39	6·72	281	48·72	150	26·04	
Cuttack ...	34	Cuttack	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Return not received up to date.
Puri ...	35	Puri	28,794	67	27·84	1	·36	1	·36	9	3·72	5	2·04	2	·72	33	13·32	50	20·76	76	31·56	
Balasore ...	36	Balasore	20,775	73	42·12	1	·48	...	...	10	5·76	3	1·68	4	2·28	10	5·76	28	16·08	58	33·48	
Lohardaga ...	37	Ranchi	20,306	77	45·48	...	...	3	1·68	21	12·36	3	1·68	...	...	16	9·36	43	25·32	26	15·36	
		Total ...	1,277,910	2,735	25·68	227	2·04	99	·84	1,600	15·00	307	2·88	64	·60	650	6·00	2,947	27·60	2,718	25·44	
		Average of the corresponding month of previous five years.	...	Complete average figures of past five years are not be available.		629	5·88	90	·84	1,065	9·96	253	2·28	51	·36	630	5·88	2,718	25·44	...	...	
		Difference + or − ...	...	...	...	−402	−3·84	+9	Equal	+535	+5·04	+54	+·60	+13	+·24	+20	+·12	+229	+2·16	...	...	

Office of Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal,
The 1st July 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Supplementary Vital Statistics of Districts and of Towns for April 1893 received too late for publication with the figures of that month on the 3rd June 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births: Number registered.	Births: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Cholera: Number registered.	Cholera: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox: Number registered.	Small-pox: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever: Number registered.	Fever: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa: Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury: Number registered.	Injury: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes: Number registered.	Other causes: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes: Number registered.	Total of all causes: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years: Number registered.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Presidency ...	24-Parganas	1,822,033	4,505	28·56	147	·84	16	·09	1,887	11·88	75	·36	83	·48	302	1·80	2,510	15·84	3,259	20·64
Dacca	Mymensingh*	......	......	......	...	...	...	...	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Patna	Shahabad	2,068,337	4,894	28·44	...	...	55	·24	3,101	18·00	23	·12	54	·24	444	2·52	3,677	21·36	3,536	20·52
Bhagalpur	Sonthal Parganas	1,754,196	2,292	15·60	24	·12	57	·36	1,769	12·00	15	·09	12	·07	166	1·08	2,043	13·92	2,642	18·00
	Total ...	5,709,566	11,691	24·48	171	·24	128	·24	6,757	14·16	113	·12	149	·24	912	1·80	8,230	17·28	9,437	19·80
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		1,126	2·28	94	·12	7,067	14·76	179	·36	147	·24	824	1·68	9,437	19·80	...	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−955	−2·04	+34	+·12	−310	−·60	−66	−·24	+2	Equal	+88	+·12	−1,207	−2·52	...	...
	Total for the Province minus the figures for the district of Mymensingh, which have not yet been received.	66,915,897	183,760	32·88	3,539	·60	2,097	·36	94,252	16·80	2,491	·36	1,821	·24	20,102	3·60	124,302	22·20	153,817	27·48
	Average of the corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		29,319	5·16	1,945	·24	98,928	22·44	3,731	·60	1,770	·24	18,124	3·24	153,817	27·48	...	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−25,780	−4·56	+152	+·12	−4,676	−5·64	−1,240	−·24	+51	Equal	+1,978	+·36	−29,515	−5·28	...	...
Districts.	*Towns.*																			
24-Parganas ...	Cossipore-Chitpur	31,423	57	21·72	2	·72	...	...	15	5·64	1	·36	...	...	11	4·20	29	11·04	76	28·92
	Maniktala	32,865	24	8·76	1	·36	...	...	21	7·56	3	1·08	2	·72	...	...	27	9·84	53	19·32
	Barnagore	34,278	42	14·64	18	6·24	...	...	24	8·40	7	2·40	2	·60	23	8·04	74	25·80	78	27·24
	South Suburban	69,642	78	13·44	8	·48	...	...	49	8·40	8	1·32	1	·12	14	2·40	75	12·84	60	10·32
	Khordaha	35,647	44	14·76	16	5·28	2	·60	27	9·00	1	·24	...	...	8	·96	49	16·44	66	22·20
	Naihati	29,724	45	18·48	10	3·96	...	...	19	7·56	3	1·20	...	...	5	1·92	37	14·88	68	27·36
	Nawabganj	20,980	41	23·40	24	13·68	...	...	28	15·96	4	2·28	...	...	5	2·76	61	34·80	52	29·64
Shahabad ...	Arrah	46,905	129	33·00	...	...	...	...	77	19·68	9	2·28	1	·24	16	4·08	103	26·28	69	17·64
	Sasaram	22,713	67	35·28	...	...	...	...	50	26·40	...	...	2	·96	8	4·20	60	31·68	78	41·16
	TOTAL ...	324,177	527	19·44	74	2·64	2	·07	310	11·40*	36	1·32	8	·24	85	3·12	515	18·96	600	22·20
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		167	6·12	9	·24	301	11·04	37	1·32	9	·24	77	2·76	600	22·20	...	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−93	−3·48	−7	−·17	+9	+·35	−1	Equal	−1	Equal	+8	+·36	−85	−3·24	...	...
	Total of towns with a population of 20,000 and over.	1,649,273	3,313	24·00	226	1·56	72	·48	1,763	12·72	318	2·28	54	·36	718	5·16	3,151	22·92	3,444	24·96
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		693	5·04	131	·84	1,545	11·16	283	2·04	52	·36	740	5·28	3,444	24·96	...	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−467	−3·48	−59	−·36	+218	+1·56	+35	+·24	+2	Equal	−22	−·12	−293	−2·04	...	...

* Return not received up to date.

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 24th June 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 24th June 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 25th June 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	142	20,450	283	Return for the week does not appear to have been received in this office.		
Jute	5	2,125	44			
Firewood	56	31,650	471			
Other articles	644	1,45,800	2,074			
Total ...	847	2,00,025	2,872	...	...	...

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 1st July 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 1st July 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 2nd July 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	121	33,700	484	135	49,350	775
Jute	12	5,200	87	4	1,700	13
Firewood	63	41,780	603	73	30,750	438
Other articles	868	2,38,680	3,457	784	2,10,855	3,016
Total ...	1,064	3,19,360	4,631	996	2,92,655	4,242

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 17th June 1893, *on* 777 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	166,706	77,610 0 0	5,20,646 0	91,630 0 0	10,780 0 0	1,80,020 0 0	27,708	24,147	51,8[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	215	100 0 0	670 0	118 0 0	†1 0 0	219 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 23 weeks of half-year *	4,158,753	19,66,501 0 0	1,64,06,699 0	21,32,702 0 0	3,56,429 0 0	44,55,692 0 0	640,090	649,652	1,2[illegible]
Total for 24 weeks ...	4,325,459	20,44,171 0 0	1,69,27,345 0	22,24,332 0 0	3,67,209 0 0	46,35,712 0 0	676,798	673,799	1,350,[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	155,415	71,052 0 0	4,34,427 0	74,325 0 0	11,747 0 0	1,57,124 0 0	31,039	23,040	54,0[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	200	91 0 0	559 0	96 0 0	†1 0 0	188 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	4,085,401	19,69,303 0 0	1,41,29,946 0	19,06,232 0 0	3,36,241 0 0	42,11,777 0 0	669,784	684,921	1,354,7[illegible]

* Audited up to week ending 22nd April 1893.
† Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 17th June 1893, *on* 125 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	29,542	10,540 0 0	57,135 0	2,890 0 0	30 0 0	13,460 0 0	4,119	1,553	5,67[illegible]
Or per mile of railway ...	236	84 0 0	457 0	23 0 0	1 0 0	108 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 23 weeks of half-year*	742,785	2,52,566 0 0	15,09,326 0	94,431 0 0	2,670 0 0	3,49,667 0 0	84,414	46,152	130,56[illegible]
Total for 24 weeks ...	772,327	2,63,106 0 0	15,66,461 0	97,321 0 0	2,700 0 0	3,63,127 0 0	88,533	47,705	1,36,2[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	30,010	11,144 0 0	32,252 0	2,378 0 0	50 0 0	13,572 0 0	4,119	1,553	5,67[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year. ...	240	89 0 0	258 0	19 0 0	......	108 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	740,427	2,63,661 0 0	14,34,558 0	86,977 0 0	2,140 0 0	3,52,787 0 0	89,280	48,491	137,77[illegible]

* Audited up to week ending 22nd April 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 17th June 1893, *on* 86 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.*	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	15,394	4,830 0 0	14,251 0	1,270 0 0	190 0 0	6,290 0 0	2,487	737	3,2[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	179	56 0 0	166 0	15 0 6	2 0 0	73 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 23 weeks of half-year*	412,048	1,26,605 0 0	343,114 0	31,410 0 0	3,788 0 0	1,61,803 0 0	57,210	17,189	74,3[illegible]
Total for 24 weeks ...	427,442	1,31,435 0 0	3,57,365 0	32,680 0 6	3,978 0 0	1,68,093 0 6	59,697	17,926	77,6[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,411	5,359 0 0	12,196 0	1,077 0 0	54 0 0	6,490 0 0	2,527	737	3,2[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	202	62 0 0	142 0	12 0 0	1 0 0	75 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	405,952	1,30,085 0 0	3,69,417 0	23,954 0 6	3,694 0 0	1,57,733 0 6	60,600	17,690	78,2[illegible]

* Audited up to week ending 22nd April 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 17th June 1893, on 756 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	MDS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open	99,700	38,540	3,50,010	51,210	12,090	1,01,840	13,168	17,112	30,280 *
Or per mile of railway	131·88	50·98	462·98	67·74	15·99	134·71	......	......	......
For previous 23 weeks of half-year*	2,320,325	9,81,850	1,10,70,337	15,99,366	3,05,390	28,86,606	312,246	446,847	759,093
Total for 24 weeks ...	2,420,025	10,20,390	1,14,20,347	16,50,576	3,17,480	29,88,446	325,414	463,959	789,373
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 755 miles open	88,082	36,279	3,56,776	43,207	8,353	87,839	13,553	20,080	33,633
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	116·66	48·05	472·55	57·23	11·06	116·34	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,309,654	10,04,624	98,53,427	14,63,609	2,97,122	27,65,355	296,876	516,392	813,268

* Includes audited figures up to 29th April 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 17th June 1893	13,148	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	10,943	0	0
Increase	2,205	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 17th June 1893	257	12	10
Corresponding period of 1892	214	9	2
Increase	43	3	8
Receipts from 1st January to 17th June 1893	2,89,694	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	2,89,115	0	0
Increase	579	0	0

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 5th July 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 28 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF INDUSTRY, SCIENCE, AND ART, QUEEN'S DOMAIN, HOBART, TASMANIA, 1894-95.

No. 2407Mis.

THE following is published for general information.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT, Mis. *The 11th July*, 1893.	H. H. RISLEY, *Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.*

No. $\frac{1896}{47}$.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Revenue and Agricultural Department (Exhibitions), dated Simla, the 16th June 1893.

Read the following :—

Prospectus of the International Exhibition of Industry, Science, and Art, Queen's Domain, Hobart, Tasmania, 1894-95.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF INDUSTRY, SCIENCE, AND ART, QUEEN'S DOMAIN, HOBART, TASMANIA, 1894-95, UNDER THE IMMEDIATE PATRONAGE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF TASMANIA.

PRESIDENT:

THE HON. WM. MOORE, M.L.C.

(*President of the Legislative Council.*)

DIRECTORS:

Messrs. Abbott, Francis.
Bennison, Thomas.
Crisp, George.
Davis, John Geo., M.H.A.
Evans, Captain J. W.
Fisher, E. M.
Gibson, W. G.
Hon. Chas. Grant, M.L.C.
Messrs. Hall, James.
Holdsworth, Charles.
Messrs. Kennedy, Malcolm.
Morton, Alexander.
Hon. W. Moore, M.L.C.
Messrs. Mulcahy, Edw., M.H.A.
Murrell, John.
Piesse, Fredk. Wm.
Reynolds, Thos. Augustus.
Simmons, Rev. J. W.
Syme, John Wemyss.
Walch, Charles E.

BANKERS:
The Commercial Bank of Tasmania, Limited.

SOLICITOR:
Mr. Russell Young.

ARCHITECT:
Mr. Thos. Searell, F.R.V.IA., M.S.A.

CONTRACTORS:
Messrs. J. & R. Duff.

GENERAL MANAGER:
Jules Joubert.

HON. TREASURERS:
T. Bennison.
E. M. Fisher.

AUDITORS:
Peter Facy.
R. J. Ellis.

SECRETARY:
Thos. C. Just.

OFFICES:
Public Buildings, Macquarie Street, Hobart.

PROSPECTUS.

It has been decided to hold an International Exhibition in Hobart during the summer of 1894-95, and the Government of Tasmania has been pleased to grant their official patronage to the undertaking.

The proposal has been taken up by the people of Tasmania and the adjacent Colonies with such general approval that the necessary capital has been most readily subscribed.

The City of Hobart is most favourably situated. The Colony of Tasmania has a population of 150,000, and with the neighbouring Colonies the total population numbers about 4,000,000 inhabitants. Launceston and other centres are within a few hours by rail. The Australian Colonies are easy of access by steam, and the tourists' routes to all places of interest radiate from Hobart.

The objects of the Exhibition are to promote and foster industry, science, and art by inciting the inventive genius of our people to a further improvement in arts and manufactures, as well as to stimulate commercial enterprise by inviting all nations to exhibit their products both in the raw and finished state. Samples of the products, for which this and the other Australasian Colonies have become famous, will be exhibited with a view to increase the development of their natural resources.

Similar and more varied exhibits may be expected from Great Britain, the Continent of Europe, America, India, Canada, the Cape, and other Colonies, to which the Government of Tasmania have forwarded an official invitation to grant their substantial support to the undertaking.

A Fine Art Section will form an important and attractive department of the Exhibition. For the accommodation of the art treasures and historical objects a special block of the building will be reserved, and the most ample precautions will be taken for the security of valuable property lent for the purposes of the Exhibition.

Two sections, *viz.*, the Women's Industrial and the Artisan Section, will be particular features. Special arrangements will be made for the management of these.

The site which has been granted by the Government for the Exhibition buildings covers about eleven acres. It is one of exceptional beauty and convenience, being that portion of the Queen's Domain adjoining the Battery and the Central Railway Station.

The buildings which it is proposed to erect will be constructed according to plans prepared by competent architects. The ornamental flower plots, shrubberies, fountains, etc., will be enclosed in the Exhibition grounds, where musical promenades and other entertainments will be provided for the enjoyment of visitors.

The situation of the Exhibition buildings is specially convenient of access for Exhibitors by means of the lines of rail which can be made use of day or night for the passage of railway trucks. Heavy goods can be delivered at a minimum cost and with the least possible amount of risk. In addition to this, the port of Hobart offers a cheap and ready means for the receiving and delivery of all sea-borne goods.

It is intended to afford full postal, telephonic, telegraphic, and banking facilities within the Exhibition buildings, so that all necessary business may be conducted by Exhibitors and others without leaving the premises.

The whole arrangements are in the hands of a powerful Directorate, and everything will be done to facilitate the work of Exhibitors, and minimise their outlay.

REGULATIONS FOR EXHIBITORS.

1. An International Exhibition of Industry, Science, and Art, under the immediate patronage of the Government of Tasmania, will be held in Hobart in 1894-95.

2. The Exhibition will be opened on the 15th day of November 1894, and will continue open during the day and evening for a period of about six months.

3. The principal objects to be exhibited are comprised in the accompanying classification, which must not be considered to be exhaustive.

4. Certificates of merit will be awarded by competent juries in every section, special certificates being given for exhibits showing superlative merit.

5. Charge will be made for space, except in special cases, to be determined by the Directors. The charge for space inside the building will be 2*s.* per square foot, with a minimum charge of £2 10*s.* Space in main avenues will be charged extra according to position; and wall space, which must be mentioned when making application, will be charged according to location. In all cases the amount of space money must accompany the Application Form, and no exhibits can be admitted unless all payments for space have been made. Spaces not occupied within fourteen days previous to the opening of the Exhibition will be otherwise allotted, and all payments made in respect thereof absolutely forfeited. Exhibitors will have to pay all expenses of conveying, delivering, arranging, fixing, and removing their exhibits, and also the cost of the erection of all fixtures, screens, and counters when required; and they must personally, or by a representative, superintend the transmission, reception, unpacking, installation, and (at the close of the Exhibition) the removal of their goods. The Executive Committee reserve to themselves the right of doing whatever may be considered necessary at the expense of the Exhibitor, unless this regulation is strictly complied with. Should any goods be deposited in the Exhibition premises during the absence of the Exhibitor or his representative, the Directors will not be responsible for any loss or damage from whatsoever cause arising.

6. Motive power, steam, gas, or water, will be supplied by the Directors at cost price and subject to certain regulations. Exhibitors requiring such motive power must fill up the Special Application Form which has been prepared for that section, and which will be supplied on application. Exhibitors requiring counters, shafting, pulleys, and belting must supply them at their own expense.

7. Schedules and Applications for Space may be had from the Secretary or any of the Official Agents. These must be filled up and returned on or before the 1st of September 1894 to ensure the exhibits being entered in the Official Catalogue.

8. The nature of the articles which it is proposed to exhibit must be fully specified in the Form of Application for Space, and no article which is not clearly described in the Application Form will be allowed in the Exhibition without the special permission of the Directors.

9. The Directors reserve the right to refuse any exhibit without stating any reason for so doing.

10. Foreign and Colonial Commissioners or Official Agents are invited to communicate with the Secretary. The Directors will place at their disposal all information, plans, or documents that may be useful to them.

11. Applicants for space from countries in which no Commissioner or Official Agents have been appointed will correspond direct with the Secretary.

12. The Directors will endeavour to obtain from the various railways, carriers, and steamship companies special terms for the conveyance of Exhibitors' goods to and from the Exhibition, and these arrangements will be communicated to intending Exhibitors.

13. All packages containing goods for the Exhibition must have painted on two sides the distinctive mark ◇ I.E.T 1894. ◇ with the name and address of the Exhibitor. Labels for this purpose will be supplied to each Exhibitor applying for same.

14. Packages from foreign countries must likewise have painted on two sides the distinctive mark ◇ I. E. T. 1894. FOREIGN. ◇ They must also be marked in such a way as to show distinctly the name of the Exhibitor and the country from whence they came.

15. No case, counter, platform, screen, or partition, must (without special permission) exceed the following dimensions:—

Show cases and partitions ...	...	...	10ft. above the floor.
Counters ...	...	...	... 2ft. 6in. " "
Platforms ...	...	...	... 1ft. " "

16. Exhibitors may erect railings around their stands, and provide canopies, subject to approval; in every instance these railings and canopies must be within the area of the space allotted. In the case of machinery in motion, it is imperative that it be sufficiently railed.

17. The flooring must not be cut, altered, removed, or strengthened, except by sanction of the Executive Committee, and at the expense of the Exhibitor.

18. No Exhibitor will be permitted to display exhibits in such a manner as to obstruct the light, or project beyond the space allotted, or impede the view along the open spaces, or occasion injury or inconvenience to other Exhibitors.

19. In order to ensure uniformity of decoration, no Exhibitor will be allowed to put up flags, banners, or other kind of decoration without permission; and for covering counters, screens, or partitions a uniform material will be selected, which may be bought by Exhibitors at the building.

20. All signs or name boards, which must be new and clean and of approved size, must be placed to the satisfaction of the Executive Committee, and must in no case interfere with the lighting. They must be black or maroon with gold letters.

21. All hand-bills, circulars, etc., connected with exhibits, and intended for gratuitous distribution in the Exhibition, must be printed at the Exhibition by the party to whom that special privilege has been granted by the Directors.

22. Cases must be unpacked immediately on arrival, under the supervision of the officers of Her Majesty's Customs, and all empty cases removed by the Exhibitors or their Agents. The Directors cannot accept any responsibility with reference to empty cases, which must be at once removed from the buildings at the expense of the Exhibitors.

23. Exhibitors will be required to provide all necessary attendance, and to keep their stands and exhibits properly cleaned and in good order during the whole period of the Exhibition. The Directors reserve the right to impose a penalty for a breach of this regulation, and to order the removal of any attendant whose behaviour they consider unseemly.

24. No Exhibitor will be allowed to transfer any portion of the space allotted to him, or to allow any other than his own duly admitted exhibits to be placed thereon, except by permission of the Directors.

25. All goods must be exhibited in the name of the individual or firm signing the Application form.

26. Exhibitors are requested to mark the selling price of all articles exhibited for the information of visitors, to whom they may explain their exhibits; but they will in all cases be forbidden, unless special permission in writing has been obtained from the Directors, to invite or to allow visitors to purchase goods for removal at the time of purchase, the Exhibition being intended for the purpose of display. Orders can be taken within the Exhibition, but goods must be delivered from establishments outside. Special regulations will be made for perishable articles or goods manufactured in the Exhibition.

27. No exhibit, or part thereof, can be removed before the close of the Exhibition without the special permission of the Executive Committee. Exhibits not removed within fifteen days after the close of the Exhibition will be warehoused at the cost and risk of the owners, and whatever may remain after three months will be sold by auction, and the proceeds applied to defray expenses.

28. No goods will be received prior to the 1st of September 1894 without the special permission of the Directors, nor after the 1st of November, but arrangements may be made for motors, heavy machinery, boilers, or any exhibit requiring under-building.

29. Special care will be required in cases where fire or gas is used by Exhibitors, and a responsible officer will be appointed to carry out the injunctions of the management in this respect. Exhibitors will require to effect their own insurance on their exhibits.

30. No explosives, or any substance which, in the judgment of the Directors are dangerous, will be admitted, but they may be represented by models.

31. Spirits, oils, corrosive substances, and generally all substances which might spoil other articles or inconvenience the public, can only be exhibited in solid and suitable vessels.

32. The Directors reserve to themselves the right of examining or testing any of the exhibits. If any damage or injury shall be occasioned during the Exhibition by any exhibited machine, implement, or article to any visitor or other person, then the Exhibitor to whom such machine, implement, or article may belong shall be responsible for in the first instance, and shall besides indemnify and hold harmless the said Directors from or against all actions, suits, expenses, and claims on account or in respect of any such damage or injury which may be so caused.

33. No article exhibited may be copied, photographed, drawn, or reproduced in any manner without the special permission of the Exhibitor and of the Directors.

34. Photo. passes will be issued to Exhibitors whose exhibits will need daily persons attention, and to a reasonable number of attendants. If these passes be used by any but those to whom they are issued, they will be immediately cancelled.

35. The Directors reserve to themselves the sole right of compiling and printing a Catalogue of Exhibits under regulations which will be duly notified.

36. The Directors do not undertake any responsibility for damage or loss, however caused.

37. The right to alter, amend, add to, or cancel any of these rules is reserved by the Directors.

38. All who become Exhibitors shall be held by so doing to signify their compliance with the whole of these regulations, together with such other regulations as the Directors may issue from time to time.

39. The Directors reserve the right to remove the exhibits and cancel the admission ticket of any one who does not conform with the regulations.

40. The Directors reserve the power to remove any exhibit from one part of the building to another should it in their judgment be incongruous or out of place.

CLASSIFICATION OF EXHIBITS.

The following are the headings of the Classification :—

GROUP I.—Fine Arts (including Photography, Engravings, etc.).
" II.—Music and Musical Instruments.
" III.—Education and Apparatus for Physical Training.
" IV.—Furniture, Decoration, Fancy Goods.
" V.—Pottery and Glass.
" VI.—Jewellery, Clocks, Watches, and other Time-keepers.
" VII.—Paper, Printing, Bookbinding, and Stationery.
" VIII.—Textile Fabrics, Leather, India-rubber Goods, Clothing.
" IX.—Food, including Drinks.
" X.—Chemistry, Apparatus and Processes, Philosophical Instruments.
" XI.—Electricity.
" XII.—Gas and Lighting other than Electricity.
" XIII.—Heating and Cooking Apparatus.
" XIV.—Cutlery, Ironmongery, Firearms, Military Weapons.
" XV.—Road Carriages, Bicycles, Tricycles, Ambulance.
" XVI.—Machinery, Machine Tools, Hydraulic Machines, and Machines for raising Heavy Weights; Elements of Machines; Furnaces.
" XVII.—Prime Movers, and means of distributing their Power; Railway Plant.
" XVIII.—Naval Architecture and Engineering.
" XIX.—Civil Engineering, Construction, and Architecture, Sanitary Appliances, Aeronautics, etc.
" XX.—Mining and Metallurgy, Minerals, Quarrying and Fuel.
" XXI.—Agriculture, Horticulture, Arboriculture.
" XXII.—Fisheries.
" XXIII.—Women's Industries.
" XXIV.—Artisan Section.

N. B.—In Groups I, XXIII, and XXIV the space will be free. In all other groups the charge will be at the minimum rate of 2*s.* per foot.

GROUP I.

Fine Arts.

Class 1.—Sculpture.
Class 2.—Oil paintings.
Class 3.—Water-colour drawings.
Class 4.—Etchings and engravings.
Class 5.—Works in black and white.
Class 6.—Architectural drawings.
Class 7.—Photographs.
Class 8.—Archæology.
Class 8½.—Philatology.

GROUP II.

Music and Musical Instruments.

Class 9.—Organs, harmoniums.
Class 10.—Pianofortes.
Class 11.—Harps.
Class 12.—Ancient, rare, and valuable instruments.
Class 13.—Solo, orchestral, and military instruments.
Class 14.—Musical apparatus and instrument
Class 15.—Books on methods of teaching music.
Class 16.—Music, engraving, and printing.

GROUP III.

Education and Apparatus for Physical Training.

Class 17.—*Creches and Infant Schools.*—Apparatus and fittings; games, toys, Kindergarten amusements; models and appliances for teaching; examples of school work.

Class 18.—*Primary and Secondary Schools.*—Apparatus and fittings; models and appliances for teaching; text-books, diagrams, and examples; specimens of school work.

Class 19.—*Science and Technical School Appliances.*—Apparatus and fittings for elementary trade; teaching in schools-apparatus and models for science instruction in schools; diagrams, copies, text-books, apparatus, and examples used in schools for teaching handicrafts; models, plans, and designs for the fitting up of workshops and technical schools; specimens of work done in schools.

Class 20.—*Art, teaching.*—Apparatus, models, and fittings for art instruction; diagrams, copies, text-books; specimens of drawing, painting, modelling, designing.

Class 21.—*Schools for the Blind, Deaf and Dumb.*—Books, apparatus, and examples of teaching; specimens of work.

Class 22.—*Physical Training and Sports.*—Gymnastic apparatus for exercise, drill, etc.; apparatus for cricket, football, tennis, golf, curling, etc.

GROUP IV.

Furniture, Decoration, Fancy Goods.

Class 23.—*Furniture and Upholstery.*—Household furniture; office and library furniture; church furniture; inlaid and carved furniture; upholstery; the nursery and accessories.

Class 24.—*House Decoration applied to Rooms.*—Decorated and furnished rooms; japanned-ware; cornices, brackets, screens, picture-frames, mirrors, parquet flooring, and wood-panelling; wooden overmantels.

Class 25.—*Wall Coverings.*—Wall papers; leather and canvas embossed wall coverings; wall tapestry.

Class 26.—*Artistic and Ornamental Metal Work.*—Artistic and ornamental metal work for house decorations and furnishings; ornamental overmantels.

Class 27.—*Marble Furniture.*—Marble furniture, staircases, overmantels; marble wall decoration.

Class 28.—*Basket Work and Basket Furniture.*—Basket chairs, tables, and sofas; baskets for travelling purposes; baskets for house use; clothes baskets; and all other basket-ware.

Class 29.—*Umbrellas, Parasols and Walking-sticks.*

Class 30.—*Stained Glass for Window Decoration*—Stained and enamelled, cut and engraved, window glass.

Class 31.—*Fancy Articles for House Decoration.*

Class 32.—*Brushes and Combs.*—Toilet brushes; combs of all kinds; toilet cases and bags; brushes for household use; stable and horse brushes; brooms; boot-brushing machines.

Class 33.—*Trunks and Portmanteaux*—Trunks and portmanteaux of all kinds; bags for travelling, outdoor, and household use; patent fastenings for trunks and bags.

GROUP V.

Pottery and Glass.

Class 34.—*Bricks, Tiles, Earthenware, Terra Cotta and Stoneware Architectural Pottery.*—Fire-clay goods, crucibles, pots, furnaces, chemical stoneware, plain and enamelled encaustic tiles, stoneware.

Class 35.—*Porcelain Majolica Artistic Pottery.*—Pottery, porcelain, China earthenware for table or toilet use and for decorations; Majolica, Wedgwood, and Palissy ware; artistic pottery of all kinds.

Class 36.—*Crown, Sheet, and Plate Glass.*—Glass used in construction and for mirrors; window glass; plate glass.

Class 37.—*Bottle and Table Glass.*—Bottles and bottle Glass; patent stoppers and patent bottles for aërated waters; chemical and pharmaceutical glassware, vials, and bottles; table glass of all kinds; cut and engraved glass.

Class 38.—*Artistic Glass for House Decoration, Plaques, etc.*—Decorative glass of all kinds; painted glass; cameo and intaglio in glass.

GROUP VI.

Jewellery, Clocks, Watches, etc.

Class 39.—*Jewellery and Personal Ornaments.*—Gold and silver jewellery and ornaments, inlaid, filigree; diamond jewellery; gems and precious stones; rings and chains.

Class 40.—*Gold and Silver Work.*—Goldsmiths' and silversmiths' work, both ancient and modern; shields, trophies, flasks, and cups, and other samples of work; medals, dies, gold leaf.

Class 41.—*Clocks.*—Chronometers, astronomical clocks, church and turret clocks, clocks of ancient design, clocks for household and general use; hour glasses, sun dials, metronomes, watchmen's clocks.

Class 42.—*Time Signals.*—Methods of controlling clocks; apparatus for the distribution and signalling of time.

Class 43.—*Watches and Chronometers.*—Machine and hand-made watches; examples illustrative of the stages of manufacture of watches and chronometers; keyless chronographs; repeating, calendar, and other forms of watches.

GROUP VII.

Paper, Printing, and Stationery.

Class 44.—*Paper, and Materials for Manufacture of Paper.*—Paper of all kinds, wrapping, writing, drawing, printing, mounting boards, millboards, papier maché, imitation of leather and wood, etc.; tracing paper, tracing cloth.

Class 45.—*Letter-press and other Printing.*—Specimens of printed and illustrated books; samples of type-printing by hand and machine; lithographic printing, colour printing, copper-plate printing; specimens of ruling; specimens of commercial book printing and billheads; posters and printing of same.

Class 46.—*Book-binding.*—Book-binding in every form; samples of special designs for bindings; bound books, account books, etc.

Class 47.—*Artist's Materials and Instruments.*—Easels, stools, palettes, palette knives, drawing boards, drawing instruments, pencils, brushes, colours and varnishes, water-bottles; new inventions in connection with the same.

Class 48.—*Writing Materials and Stationery.*—Stationery for the desk; stationers' articles, pens, pencils, inkstands; playing cards; typewriters, manifold writers, copying presses, sealing-wax.

GROUP VIII.

Textile Fabrics, Leather, India-rubber Goods, Clothing.

Class 49.—*Raw Materials.*—Cotton, flax, jute, hemp, wool, silk.

Class 50.—*Textile Materials.*—Woven fabrics, wire cloth, sieve cloth, asbestos fibre (spun and woven), mats and matting, cotton yarns, sheetings and shirtings, cotton fabrics, dyed and printed cottons and muslins, linen yarns and threads, linen fabrics manufactured from jute, yarns, bagging, carpetting, rugs.

Floorcloth, oilcloth, linoleum, yarns and worsteds, wool fabrics, broadcloth, coatings, flannel, blankets, rugs and shawls, merinoes, cashmere, serges, dress goods of wool and cotton mixture, tweeds and other woollen materials.

Carpets of all kinds; felted goods; printed and embossed woollen cloths; silk and silk fabrics of all kinds.

Class 51.—*Gutta percha, India-rubber.*—Gutta-percha and India-rubber goods and manufactures; waterproof clothing.

Class 52.—*Leather and Shoe-making.*—Leather of all kinds (except driving bands for engines); boots and shoes; trunks and bags; fancy leather work.

Class 53.—*Dyeing and Tanning Materials.*

Class 54.—*Felt-making and Hat-making.*—Materials used in manufacture of straw, felt, and silk hat-making; process of hat-making shown in operation; manufactured hats or caps of all kinds.

Class 55.—*Lace-making.*—Laces of all kinds; manufactures of lace by machinery or hand.

Class 56.—*Costumes for all Ages and Climates.*—Costumes of all kinds; clothing, ladies' mantles, capa, gloves, millinery furs, and skins; men's and youths' clothing of all kinds.

Class 57.—*Sewing Machines, Knitting Machines, Weaving Machines not requiring power.*

GROUP IX.

Food, including Drinks.

Class 58.—*Grain and Raw Materials.*—Samples of grain of all kinds; casts of vegetables, grass seeds, and other seeds; flour, oatflour, oatmeal, and all other meals; pearl barley, etc.

Class 59.—*Manufactured Articles of Food.*—Bread, biscuits, cakes, and confectionery; mustard, gelatine, isinglass, starch, arrowroot, sugar, syrups.

Class 60.—*Preserved Food, including Fish Products.*—Tinned meat; smoked, salted, compressed animal food; honey; tinned, dried, and compressed fruits and vegetables; food for infants; food for invalids; concentrated foods of all kinds.

Class 61.—*Beer, Wines, and Spirits.*—Beer, ale, and porter in casks or bottled; colonial, foreign, and English wines, whisky, brandy, liqueurs, gin, rum, cordials, bitters, cider, perry; other fruit wines; apparatus for manufacture of same in coopers' works, stills, etc.

Class 62.—*Aërated Waters, Mineral Waters.*—Soda and aërated waters; natural mineral water; manufactured mineral waters.

Class 63.—*Coffee, Chocolate, Tea, Apparatus used in the Process of Infusion.*

Class 64.—*Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes, Machinery and Appliances for Manufacture of same.*

GROUP X.

CHEMISTRY AND APPARATUS; PROCESSES AND APPLIANCES CONNECTED WITH APPLIED CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS.

Class 65.—*Inorganic Products, Acids and Alkalies.*—Mineral, sulphuric, nitric, hydrochloric acids; ammonia and other alkalies, potassium, sodium, magnesium; printing and writing inks; bleaching agents, salts, white lead; paints and pigments, phosphorus, sulphur, selenium, bromine, iodine, kelp, charcoal; disinfectants; yeast and baking powders.

Class 66.—*Organic Products, Coal and Wood, Tar Products, Oils, Soaps, Varnishes.*—Creosote, wood spirit, pyroligneous acids, oils from mineral, animal, and vegetable sources; refined oils; lubricating oils; candles, soaps, and detergents; varnishes, resins, dyes and colours, yellow, red prussiate of potash, Prussian blue, cyanide of potassium.

Class 67.—*Chemical Apparatus.*—Chemical apparatus of all kinds; balances, scales, and graduated beams; laboratory fittings and instruments and apparatus.

Class 68.—*Pharmaceutical Products*, including perfumes of all kinds.

Class 69.—*Optical Apparatus.*—Optical and thermotic instruments and apparatus; lenses and prisms; spectacles and eye glasses; field and opera glasses.

Class 70.—*Instruments (except Naval).*—Astronomical instruments and accessories, transits, equatorials, etc.; instruments for surveying; levelling instruments and apparatus; meteorological instruments; thermometers, barometers, hygrometers; rain-gauges, maps, weather bulletins; mathematical machines, calculating machines, viameters, pedometers; weights, measures, and weighing machines; biological instruments; spectroscopes and accessories for spectrum analysis.

Class 71.—*Photographic Apparatus.*—Processes, gelatine, bromide, plate-making; printing processes, silver, carbon, woodbury-type, platinotype, etc.; cameras, shutters, changing boxes, slides, tents, lamps, etc.

GROUP XI.

ELECTRICITY.

Class 72.—*Generators.*—Dynamos, primary and secondary batteries; thermo-electric battery.

Class 73.—*Conductors.*—Submarine cables and apparatus for laying them; aërial wires and underground cables, insulators, and poles; insulating and coating materials; joints and connections, pipes, tubes, troughs, electric light leads.

Class 74.—*Testing and Measuring Apparatus.*—Galvanometers, magnetometers, dynamometers, voltmeters, current meters.

Class 75.—*Telegraphic and Telephonic Apparatus.*—Needle instruments, A. B. C. instruments, sound instruments, Morse instruments, type printers, relays, duplex and quadruplex apparatus, keys, recording instruments, automatic transmitters, electric bells, indicators, telephones and fittings, microphones, lightning-conductors and protectors.

Class 76.—*Electric-lighting Apparatus.*—Lamps, resistance coils, cutouts, safety catches, switches, fittings for lamps.

Class 77.—*Distribution or Utilisation of Power.*—Electric railways, electric motors, boats, tricycles, and other conveyances driven by electricity; systems of distribution; domestic electric lighting applied to apartments.

Class 78.—*Electric Signalling.*—Fire and burglar alarm; railway, ship, and time tables; water level and wind indicators; tell-tales, electric clocks, and chronoscopes.

Class 79.—*Electro-Thermic Apparatus.*

GROUP XII.

GAS AND LIGHTING (OTHER THAN ELECTRICITY).

Class 80.—*Coal and other Gas.*—Manufacture, purification, storage, and distillation of coal gas; treatment of residue; water gas, oil gas, carburetted air.

Class 81.—*Tests and Photometrical Apparatus.*—Chemical tests, standards of light, measurement of light.

Class 82.—*Burners and Fittings.*—Gas fittings; burners for illuminating gas, globes and brackets, reflectors, and other methods of imparting greater light; gas meters, regulators, governors; methods of lighting gas.

Class 83.—*Candle Holders* and fittings of all kinds.

Class 84.—*Lamps for Oil and Spirits.*—Lamps for burning oil; safety lamps, firemen's lamps, railway lamps.

GROUP XIII.

HEATING AND COOKING APPARATUS.

Class 85.—*Stoves for Coal, Gas, or Oil; Grates, Ranges, Heating Apparatus, etc.*

Class 86.—*Cooking and Pantry Utensils.*—Tinware and enamel-ware used in cooking and storing food.

GROUP XIV.

CUTLERY AND IRONMONGERY, FIREARMS, MILITARY WEAPONS.

Class 87.—*Cutlery and Hand-tools.*—Hand-tools and instruments of every description used by artificers; cutlery for table use; knives, penknives, scissors, razors and implements sold by cutlers.

Class 88.—*Surgical Instruments and Appliances.*

Class 89.—*Hardware and Hollow-ware.*—Metal hollow-ware, screws, nails, spikes, bolts, locks, and latches; hinges; pulleys for house fittings; window and door furniture, plumbers and gasfitters' hardware; ship's hardware; saddler's hardware; harness fittings.

Class 90.—*Galvanised Ironwork and Wirework.*

Class 91.—*Pewter and Britannia Metal, German Silver, Nickel wares, Bronze, Solder.*

Class 92.—*Ordnance, Small Arms and Weapons; also Sporting Guns.*—Heavy guns and means of working them; gun carriages and accessories; siege, field, and mountain guns; machine and automatic guns; shell and shot, fuses and detonators; guns, rifles, and pistols; swords, bayonets, gunpowder, and ammunition.

GROUP XV.

ROAD CARRIAGES, BICYCLES, TRICYCLES, AMBULANCE.

Class 93.—*Road Carriages and Accessories.*—Pleasure and travelling carriages; cabs, omnibuses, hearses, trucks, and carts; carriage lamps; carriage fittings; methods and means of propulsion; perambulators.

Class 94.—*Bicycles, Tricycles and Accessories.*—Cycles of every description, and fittings for same.

Class 95.—*Saddlery and Harness.*—Horse clothing, whips, spurs; means and methods of breaking in horses; disengaging appliances, for run-away horses; horse-shoes; methods of roughing horses; horse clippers; grooming apparatus.

Class 96.—*Ambulance.*—Ambulance carriages, stretchers; aid to sick and wounded in war; aid to sick and wounded in peace; furniture and fittings for sick-room; bath chairs.

GROUP XVI.

MACHINERY, MACHINE TOOLS, HYDRAULIC MACHINES, AND MACHINES FOR RAISING WEIGHTS; ELEMENTS OF MACHINES; FURNACES.

Class 97.—*Metal-working Machines.*—Machinery for the manufacture of rivets, nails, bolts screws, tacks, pins, and needles; machines for planing, drilling, slotting' turning, shaping, boring, punching, stamping, and cutting-metal; wheel cutting and dividing machines; emery wheels, drills, gauges, and dies.

Class 98.—*Steam Hammers.*—Steam, trip, and other hammers; anvils, forges, bellows.

Class 99.—*Wood-working Machines.*—Machines for planing, sawing, turning, veneering, and grooving; machines for tonguing, cutting, moulding, stamping, carving, cask-making, cask-cutting.

Class 100.—*Stone-working Machines.*—Machines for sawing, planing, dressing, shaping, and polishing stones; sand blast, grindstones.

Class 101.—*Watch-making Machinery.*—Lathes and mandrils; wheel-cutting engines; machine tools used in the manufacture of watches and watch cases; also hand-tools and gauges.

Class 102.—*Machines for Coining Metals.*—Drop-die and stamping machines.

Class 103.—*Textile Machinery.*—Machines for the manufacture of silk goods, cotton goods, woollen goods, carpets, tapestry, jute, linen goods; lace machines; embroidery, hair, and ribbon machines; leather, boot, and shoe-making machines; machines for making buttons, rope, twine, and miscellaneous fibrous materials; floor-cloth, kemptulicon, wire cloth, and netting machines; India-rubber and asbestos machines.

Class 104.—*Washing Machines.*—Machines for washing, scouring, ironing, drying cleaning, and dyeing.

Class 105.—*Paper-making Machinery.*—Washing, beating and bleaching machines; agitators, strainers, moulds.

Class 106.—*Printing Machinery.*—Type-casting machines and apparatus for stereotyping and electrotyping; type-setting, printing, stamping, embossing, and lithographic machines; book-binding machines; paper-folding machines; paper and card-cutting machines; paper-box machines; envelope machines; wall-paper printing machines; steel pen and pencil machines.

Class 107.—*Machinery used in the Manufacture of Glass and Pottery.*—Bricks, pottery, drain-pipes, tiles, and artificial stone machines; furnaces, moulds, and blow-pipes for making glass and glassware; machines for grinding, cutting, and polishing glass.

Class 108.—*Cranes and Other Lifting Apparatus, Hydraulic Machines and Presses.*—Pumps and apparatus for lifting and moving liquids (air or gas); blowers and ventilators; hydraulic engines, accumulators, cranes, jacks, presses, elevators, lifts; pile-driving machines.

Class 109.—*Sugar and Sweetmeat Machinery.*—Sugar-refining machinery; sweetmeat-making machines.

Class 110.—*Baking and Machinery.*—Bread and biscuit or pie machinery of all kinds.

Class 111.—*Machines for the Manufacture of Aërated Waters.*—Machinery of all kinds for the manufacture of soda and aërated waters; bottling and corking apparatus; ice-making machines.

Class 112.—*Fire-engines and Fire-apparatus.*—Steam fire-engines; hand, chemical, compressed air fire-engines; hose, ladders, fire-escapes

Class 113.—*Weighing Machines for Commercial Purposes.*—Beam and scale machines; machines for weighing trucks and carts; weighing machines of all kinds (other than chemical and other scientific balances).

Class 114.—*Furnaces for Manufacturing Purposes.*—Furnaces and moulding machines; bloom-squeezers; blowing fans; apparatus for casting metal, 'Bessimer, Siemens, Martin, and other processes.

Class 115.—*Machine, Tools, and Apparatus for Mining and Extractive Arts.*—Rock drills; well and shaft boring machines; machines and apparatus for working and hauling coal; coal-washing machines; machines used for crushing, grinding, sorting, and dressing; breakers, stamps, mills, pans, screens, sieves, gigs, amalgamators, and concentrators.

Class 116.—*Machines and Apparatus for Chemical Manufactures.*—Electroplating; paint and powder mills; soap and candle-making machinery; plant for manufacturing sulphuric and other acids.

GROUP XVII.

Prime Movers and Means of Distributing their power; Railway Plant.

Class 117.—*Steam Engines and Boilers.*—Boilers; fixed and portable steam engines; methods and means of preventing corrosion and incrustation.

Class 118.—*Gas and Hot Air Engines, Compressed Air Engines.*—Gas engines; hot air engines; air compressors; compressed air engines; vapour engines.

Class 119.—*Turbines, Water-wheels, Hydraulic Rams, Windmills.*—Means of utilising wave power, hydraulic rams, water-pressure engines, windmills, solar engines.

Class 120.—*Means of Transmitting Power and Accessories of Engines and Boilers.*—Belting, pulleys, shafts, gearing, clutches, fire-feeders, smoke-consuming apparatus, valves and valve gear, steam joints, governors, injectors, pumps, bearings, lubricators, indicators, gauges.

Class 121.—*Rails, Switches, Signalling Apparatus for Rail or Tramways.*—Crossings, turntables, communications in trams and with trams, modes of water-supply, signals and points, fixed and rolling-stock for tramways.

Class 122.—*Brakes, Hand and Automatic.*—Screw, chain, compressed air, vacuum, steam, electrical.

Class 123.—*Atmospheric Railways and Portable Railways.*—Rope railways and tramways; pneumatic railways.

GROUP XVIII.

Naval Architecture and Engineering.

Class 124.—*Ship and Boat building.*—Models of ships and vessels of all kinds; also of boats for commerce or pleasure.

Class 125.—*Construction.*—Materials used in the construction of wood, iron, or steel vessels, armour plating, submarine armour, sternpost, etc.

Class 126.—*Ship's Fittings.*—Masts, sails, canvas and rope, wire rigging, anchors, and chains, boat-lowering apparatus, pumping and ventilating apparatus, winches and capstans, steering gear, indicators and engine-room telegraphs, compasses, sextants, quadrants, repeating circles, ships' logs, instruments connected with ships and machinery.

Class 127.—*Marine Propulsion.*—Marine engines, full size and in models, from their first introduction to the present time; propellers, paddles, hydraulic propulsion, shafting and gear.

Class 128.— *Life-saving Apparatus.*—Life-boats, life-rafts, deck-seats, belts, and life-saving clothing of all kinds.

Class 129.—*Armament*—Heavy guns and fittings; torpedoes, torpedo catchers, machine guns.

GROUP XIX.

Civil Engineering, Construction and Architecture, Sanitary Appliances, Aeronautics.

Class 130.— *Road-sweeping Machines.*—Rollers; apparatus for removing mud or snow; water-carts, etc.; construction and maintenance of roads and trees.

Class 131.—*Bridges and Viaducts.*—Models, plans, apparatus used in construction; submarine construction.

Class 132.— *Docks and Harbours.*—Plans and designs, diving apparatus, dredging machines, pile drivers, caissons; hydraulic apparatus for working docks.

Class 133.—*Light-houses.*—Models and plans of light-houses.

Class 134.—*House Construction and Building Materials (other than Stone).*—Fire-proof structures; materials for sanitary house construction, roofs, walls, damp courses, solid floors, cements, damp-proof wall coverings.

Class 135.—*Water-supply and Sewerage.*—Meters, filters, water fittings, house drains; their construction and ventilation; water and earth closets; ventilators, lavatories, baths, and bath fittings.

Class 136.—*Military Engineering.*—Models of bridges and fortifications, intrenching tools, field kitchens, field telegraphs, camp and bivouacking appliances, military clothing and accoutrements, transport arrangements, explosives for demolitions, submarine mine cases, and relative electrical apparatus, aeronautics.

GROUP XX.

Mining and Metallurgy, Minerals, Quarrying, and Fuel.

Class 137.—*Coal.*—Anthracite and bituminous, with samples showing thickness of seam; bitumen, kerosine, and other oil shales; pressed coal and coke.

Class 138.—*Building and other Stone.*—Rough, hewn, sawn, or polished stones; white, black, or coloured marbles, granite, and other ornamental stones in blocks or slabs; lithographic stones; hones, grindstones, whetstones.

Class 139.—*Iron, Lead, Copper Ore, etc.*—Iron ores, copper and lead ores.

Class 140.—*Pig-iron, Wrought-iron, and Steel.*—Iron and steel in pig, ingot, bars, plates, and sheets.

Class 141.—*Lead, Copper, Zinc, Tin and Brass in Process of Manufacture.*—Lead, graphite, copper in cakes, tiles, ingots, bars; tin, zinc, antimony, bismuth, brass, gun metal.

Class 142.—*Gold, Silver, Platinum.*—Samples of reef and alluvial gold and silver ores; gems and precious stones; collections of minerals.

N.B.—Machinery and appliances used in the production or manufacture of the above will be placed in the Machinery section.

GROUP XXI.

Agriculture, Horticulture, and Arboriculture.

Class 143.—*Field Implements.*—Ploughs, cultivators, harrows, rollers, presses, spades, forks, hoes, draining tools, sowing machines for grain and other farm seeds, manual distributors, reapers, mowers, binders, root thinners and raisers, potato-planters.

Class 144.—*Barn and Farmyard Implements*—Traction and other agricultural engines; threshing machines; winnowers, grain and seed cleaners and dressers; hay and straw elevators; trussers, compressors, root and chaff-cutters, grist mills, crop dryers, sheep dippers; barn requisites.

Class 145.—*Dairy and Poultry Farm appliances and Bee-keeping.*—Complete working dairies; dairy appliances, implements and utensils, cream separators, churns, cheesemaking apparatus, incubators, apiarian appliances.

Class 146.—*Farm and Dairy Produce.*—All grain, roots and seeds; dairy produce, butter, cheese, preservatives, colouring.

Class 147.—*Agricultural Construction.*—Models, plans, and designs for farm buildings; silos, rick stands, byre and stable fittings and requisites; field and other gates, hurdles, fencings, etc.

Class 148.—*Manures, Cattle, Food, etc.*—Artificial manures, cattle and poultry foods, sheep dips, materials, processes, etc.

Class 149.—*Horticulture and Floriculture*—Ornamental trees, shrubs, coniferæ, flowers, ferns; illustrations of and materials used in floral designs, etc.; hot-houses, conservatories, vineries, garden implements, vases, flower pots, etc.; borderings for walks and flower beds, park seats, chairs, garden statuary, fountains, rustic arbours, houses, chairs, bridges, etc.

Class 150.—*Arboriculture.*—Timber and trunks of trees, abnormal growths; specimens of barks, leaves, flowers and seeds, ship timber, shingles, laths, staves; wood for street paving; ornamental woods used in design and furniture; dye woods; preservation of timber; illustrations of planting and protecting forests; collections, illustrations, and descriptions of destructive insects.

GROUP XXII.

Fisheries, including Natural History bearing thereon.

Class 151.—Nets, rods, tackles, weirs, dams, passes; fish-breeding ponds and sluices; vessels for transporting ova and spawn; fish culture.

GROUP XXIII.

Women's Industry.

Class 152.—*Needlework and Knitting.*—Plain needlework; ladies' and children's underclothing; white embroidery on muslin and linen; plain knitting, fancy knitting, art embroidery.

Class 153.— *Mechanical Work.*—Straw and basket work; brush-making; filigree work; feather dressing; spinning, glove-making, flower-making, toy-making; fishing tackle and fly dressing; book-binding.

Class 154.—*Decorative Work and Furnishings, Carving on Wood, etc.*—Wall decorations; curtains, furniture screens, carved fret or painted work, brass work.

Class 155.—*Painting, Drawing and Engraving.*—Painting on fabrics, china, glass; missal painting; Christmas card and fan painting; wood and steel engraving; lithography; designs for wall and floor coverings; designs for art embroidery, etc.

GROUP XXIV.

ARTISAN SECTION.

Class 156.—Specimens of handicraft of all kinds of works executed by artisans, apprentices and pupils of Technical schools; models, drawings, carvings, castings, etc., etc.

DONATION OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA SCINDIA BAHADUR OF GWALIOR FOR PRIZES.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT, EDUCATION—No. 414T.-G.

Darjeeling, the 7th July 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Letter from the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, No. 3206, dated the 6th June 1893.

The Director of Public Instruction reports that, in addition to the donation of Rs. 500 for the foundation of a prize for the benefit of the First Arts students of the Presidency College, which was acknowledged in the Government Resolution of the 17th March 1893, His Highness the Maharaja Scindia Bahadur of Gwalior has now made a further donation of Rs. 1,000, to be invested in 4 per cent. Government securities, for the award of annual prizes to the students of the institutions named below:—

(1) Rupees 500 for an annual medal or prize to the student of the Sanskrit College who, on passing the First Arts examination, stands next in order of merit to those who obtain scholarships or other prizes;

(2) Rupees 300 for an annual prize to a student of the Medical College, Calcutta, who obtains the highest marks at the preliminary M. B. Examination and does not get any other prize;

(3) Rupees 200 for an annual prize to the student of the Campbell Medical School, Sealdah, who stands at the head of the first class.

2. The acknowledgments of Government are again due to his Highness the Maharaja Scindia for his liberal donation and for the interest he has displayed in educational institutions in Calcutta.

3. The heads of the respective institutions will be appointed administrators of the funds.

4. His Honour approves the proposal made by the Director of Public Instruction that in the case of the Medical College and the Campbell Medical School the donations should, for the present, be placed in the Government Savings Bank till such time as the interest accrued shall cover the premium at which Government promissory notes now sell, and thus enable the Comptroller-General to make the necessary investment.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction and to the Accountant-General, Bengal, for information; also that the Government of India, Foreign Department, be requested to forward a copy, with the permission of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council, to His Highness the Maharaja Scindia Bahadur of Gwalior.

Ordered also that a copy of this Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette.*

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 8th July 1893.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.					
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan Kalna Katwa Raniganj	July 8, '93	5·92 6·05 1·14 3·20	Weather—cloudy and showery. Transplantation of *aman* seedlings going on. Fine weather and sun wanted. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 13 Kalna ... ... 10 to 13 Katwa ... ... 12 Raniganj ... ... 12 } per rupee.
	2	Bankura Vishnupur	„ 8, '93 ...	0·83 3·03	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* rice going on briskly. Prospects good. Common rice selling at 11¼ seers per rupee at Sadar and 11 seers at the Vishnupur market.
	3	Birbhum Rampur Hát	„ 8, '93 ...	3·14 4·06	Weather—rainy and cloudy. Transplanting of paddy seedlings going on. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice 12 to 14 seers per rupee.
	4	Midnapore	„ 8, '93	0·70	There has been considerable but not excessive rain. The Sadar report says: "The cultivation of *haimanti* paddy is still continuing. Owing to the heavy rain some of the seedlings have been destroyed, and in some places they are still submerged under water." The report from Ghatal contains only the following remark regarding the damage caused by the floods:—"The *haimanti* paddy is in good condition in places not affected with flood." The report from Tamluk says: "In some places paddy crop has been damaged by constant rain and flood; low lands are submerged by water." There are no remarks on the subject from Contai. It is not possible yet to state fully how far the prospects are affected by the floods, but it is probable that considerable damage has been caused in Ghatal and Tamluk. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 Contai ... ... 12 Tamluk ... ... 10 Ghatal ... ... 8½ to 11 } per rupee.
	5	Hooghly Serampore Jahanabad	„ 8, '93	2·00 3·09 4·59	Ordinary monsoon weather. Progress of *aman* delayed in a considerable part of the district by excess of rain, the lands being too deep in water for transplantation, and in some cases the seedlings also are flooded. Jute and *aus*, however, are generally doing very well. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 12 Serampore ... ... 10½ to 11½ Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 12½ } per rupee.
	6	Howrah Ulubaria	„ 8, '93 ...	2·64 2·32	Weather—seasonable. Sowing of paddy has been resumed. A good deal of that formerly sown has been destroyed. Owing to excess of water prospects of paddy not very favourable. Jute doing well. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 9½ to 11 seers per rupee.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.		24-Parganas	„ 8, '93	2·35	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* is delayed by excess of water. Prospects bad in the south of district. Prospects of *aus* crop in north of district very good and that of jute fair. Sufficient water and fodder. No cattle-disease reported. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11½ Barasat ... ... 10½ Basirhat ... ... 11 Diamond Harbour ... ... 10-10 chs. } per rupee.
	8	Nadia Kushtia Meherpur Chuadanga Ranaghat	„ 8, '93	1·54 8·83 2·75 2·33 2·44	Weather—cool and showery. Prospects of crops good on the whole. In Kushtia the excessive rain has caused considerable damage. Price of rice has slightly risen.
	9	Khulna Bagerhat Satkhira	„ 8, '93	2·46 4·86 8·82	Weather—rainy. Ploughing and sowing have been retarded in some places owing to excessive rain; but prospects are still good. Prices are rising. Coarse rice is now selling at 9 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder plentiful.
	10	Jessore Jhenida Narail Bangaon	„ 8, '93	3·43 2·83 1·69 3·05	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Rain has caused damage to the *aus* and *aman* paddy and jute on low lands. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices of rice have slightly risen. Rivers rising rapidly.
	11	Murshidabad	„ 8, '93	1·45	Weather—rainy. The recent heavy rain has considerably damaged the paddy on low lands. Sugarcane and mulberry are not doing well for the same reason. Transplantation of *aman* still going on. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Coarse rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong	July 8, '93	8·31	Weather—unsettled and wet. Transplantation of *aus* is going on. The plants on the low lands have been damaged by the late heavy rain, but not those on the high lands. Condition of cattle generally good and supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	" 8, '93	5·59	Weather—showery. Early *aus* being reaped. Condition of late *aus* not favourable owing to overflooding of fields. State of *aman* not bad. Water is sufficient, but fodder scarce. Cattle-disease reported from all stations. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee.
	14	Tippera	" 8, '93	7·33	Weather—cool, cloudy; rain almost constant. *Aus* being reaped. State of crops fair in Chandpur and Brahmanbaria. Heavy loss of rice expected in Sadar subdivison near the Goomti (north bank) from floods.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	June, ...	...	Report not received.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca	July, 8, '93	2·79	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects of standing crops generally good. Early rice has sustained some damage on account of the late incessant rain. Harvesting going on. Common rice selling at from 9 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	.. 8, '93	2·41 3·59 3·29	Weather—seasonable. Standing crops will do fairly well if rivers do not rise too quickly, but damage has been done by the heavy rain of the last three weeks. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee at Faridpur, 10½ seers at Madaripur, and 12 seers at Goalundo. Condition of cattle reported good generally, but cattle-disease still prevails in two thanas.
	18	Backergunge Pirojpur Patuakhali Bhola	" 8, '93	6·86 5·06 3·30 3·80	Continuous rain. State and prospects of crops fair, but the *aus* has been considerably damaged in some places by the heavy rain. Common rice sells at from 9 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	" 8, '93	6·60	Weather—cloudy and rainy. State and prospects of rice and jute crops are good. Harvesting of *aus* commenced. Transplantation of *aman* paddy going on. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good and supply of fodder sufficient.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	" 8, '93 ...	6·60 12·31	Weather—rainy and cloudy. Prospects of standing crops good. Transplantation of *haimanti* in progress. Price of rice at Sadar 11¾ seers per rupee; that at Thakurgaon 10 to 12 seers. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder and drinking-water sufficient.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	" 8, '93	1·38 6·37 7·23	Weather—seasonable, somewhat less rainy than last week. *Aus*, *aman*, and jute are said to have been injured in places by the late heavy rain. It is impossible to say how much iujury has been done; but the present fine weather should help to restore the plants not irretrievably injured. There is no cattle-disease. Water and fodder supplies ample. Rice selling from 10 to 14 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Kurigaon Gaibanda Nilphamari	" 8, '93	6·26 10·42 10·75 7·48	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. *Aus* and jute are being cut. *Aman* being transplanted. Prospects continue favourable.
	23	Bogra Sherpur Naukhila	" 8, '93	8·41 5·81 5·56	Weather—rainy. *Aman* is being transplanted. Prospects unchanged. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	" 8, '93	2·92	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Rivers rising. Too much rain is injuring the standing crops. Price of common rice at Pabna 12 seers per rupee, and at Sirajganj Rs. 3-12 to Rs. 4 per maund. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	" 8, '93 ...	8·62 7·33	Weather—rainy. *In the hills*:—*Bhutta*, *phaphur*, *kangni*, *shama* and potatoes are being harvested. *Bhadoi* and *chota marua* progressing favourably. *Aghani* paddy and *bara marua* are being transplanted. *In the Terai*:—Ploughing for *haimanti* paddy going on; jute and *bhadoi* doing well. Foot-and-mouth disease of cattl ereported from Siliguri. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 }
	26	Jalpaiguri	" 8, '93	14·00	Weather—rainy. Transplantation of *haimanti* paddy going on. Prospects of *bhadoi* and jute still good. Common rice sells at 10 seers 8 chitaks per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
Bhagalpur Divn. 27	Monghyr July 8, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	5·87 7·61 4·78	Weather—cloudy with heavy rainfall throughout the week; alternately hot and cold. *Bhadoi* thriving well in high lands. Low land crops have been submerged. *Makai* has suffered much owing to the excessive rain. Indigo reaped. No cattle-disease. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 15 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 14½ } Jamui ... ... 13 }
28	Bhagalpur " 8, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ...	8·76 4·54 8·10 8·23	Weather—rainy. The heavy rain of last week has done some harm to the Indian-corn and *marua* in the Sadar and Banka subdivisions, but has been very beneficial in North Bhagalpur. Price of common rice, 13 seers 14 chittaks per rupee.
29	Purnea " 8, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	11·87 13·44 10·00	Heavy rain and almost continuously cool weather. *Bhadoi* and jute doing splendidly. Transplantation of *aghani* in progress, but retarded by the excessive quantity of water lying about and some seedlings drowned. Floods have done damage in the west, and indigo produce has been much injured by the constant rain. Price of rice stationary at 12 seers per rupee.
30	Malda " 8, '93 Chanchal ... Shibganj ... Gajol ...	2·53 3·08 3·68 2·49	Weather—rainy and wet with little intervals of sunshines. Transplanting of winter rice in progress. *Bhadoi* paddy coming into maturity. Sudden rise of the river has slightly damaged this crop in Nawabgunj thana. Price of coarse rice 11 to 15 seers per rupee. Sufficient fodder and water.
31	Sonthal Parganas " 8, 93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	6·18 1·25 3·58 3·28 6·81 2·73	Rain every day. Transplanting now going on. Heavy rain is doing some damage to *bhadoi* crops. Prospects of *janera* unfavourable. Price of rice is varying from 12 to 13 seers per rupee.
Patna Division. 32	Patna " 8, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapur ...	5·76 3·23 3·90 0·90	Weather—cloudy and rainy. The excessive rain has done some damage to *bhadoi* crops. *Marua* and paddy seedlings have also been slightly damaged by a kind of insect called *jhangurwa*, which is now said to be disappearing. Transplantation of *marua* almost completed. Paddy transplantation still going on. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15½ } Bihar ... ... 16¼ } per rupee. Barh ... ... 13 } Dinapore ... ... 13 }
33	Gaya " 8, '93 Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ... Nawada ...	0·27 0·81 2·11 1·95	Weather—seasonable. *Bhadoi* sowings approaching completion. Prospects favourable. Fodder and water-supply ample. Common rice sells at from 13 to 15 seers per rupee.
34	Shahabad " 8, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ...	5·21 2·22 4·21	Weather—cloudy with thunderstorm and heavy rain. Prospects of *aghani* and *bhadoi* excellent. Sugarcane also promising.
35	Darbhanga " 8, '93 Madhubani ... Samastipur ...	3·19 3·89 3·02	Weather—cloudy with frequent showers. *Makai* doing well. Transplanting of *marua* and paddy commenced in places. Prospects of indigo favourable. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices remain stationary.
36	Muzaffarpur " 8, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	2·81 1·74 8·64	Weather—cloudy. Sowing of *bhadoi* and paddy crops going on. Standing crops doing well. Transplantation of paddy in progress. Dakha disease among cattle in Belsund thana; otherwise general state of cattle satisfactory. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Prices almost stationary.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*				
PATNA DIVISION—*concld.*	37	Saran July, 8, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	3·24 5·29 2·31	Weather—seasonable. The first *general* rain fell on the night of the 7th. Prospects of crops very good. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Chapra ... ... 13 } Siwan ... ... 12 } per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 13 }
	38	Champaran „ 8, '93	9·59	Weather—fairly cool for the time of year. Rain nearly every night; days generally fine. Transplantation of paddy going on. *Makai* being weeded. Prices nearly stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.				
ORISSA DIVN.	39	Cuttack „ 8, '93	2·00	Weather—cloudy with occasional light showers. Sowing of *sarad* in progress. *Beali* doing well. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 13 2 } Jajpur ... ... 15 12 to 18 6 } Kendrapara ... ... 14 0 to 18 6 } per rupee. Banki ... ... 15 0 }
	40	Puri „ 6, '93 Khurda ... Banpur ...	0·87 3·69 1·19	Weather—cloudy. Lands are being sown. *Beali* being weeded. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Prices of rice stationary.
	41	Balasore „ 8, '93	1·71	Weather—seasonable. Paddy seedlings being transplanted. Prices of rice :— Srs. Balasore ... ... 13 } Bhadrak ... ... 14 } per rupee.
CHOTA NAGPUR.				
South-West Frontier Agency.				
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN.	42	Hazaribagh July, 8, '93 Giridi ...	6·90 2·86	Weather—seasonable. Sowing still in progress. Indian-corn injured by excessive rain. Other crops doing well. Fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Head-quarters ... ... 9 to 14 } Giridi ... ... 9 to 12 } per rupee.
	43	Lohardaga „ 8, '93	3 ·7	Weather—seasonable. Ploughing and sowing of winter rice continue. Prospect of *bhadoi* crops continues good. Common rice selling at 13 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
	44	Palamau „ 7, '93	3·30	Heavy showers. Rain in all parts of the district. Sowing of paddy and *bhadoi* crops is in progress, but some damage has been caused by the heavy rain to paddy and *bhadoi* crops which were already sown. Cattle disease prevalent in a few places. Water and fodder sufficient. Prices stationary.
	45	Singhbhum „ 8, '93	1·17	Weather—seasonable. State of all crops good. Cattle-disease reported from some villages in the Kolhan.
	46	Manbhum „ 8, '93 Gobindpur ...	2·23 2·94	Weather—cloudy and occasionally fair. Sowing still going on. Transplantation commenced. Prospects of *jonar* bad. Price of rice 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 10th July, 1893.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STOCKS OF RICE IN AND AROUND CALCUTTA.

Names of Marts.	Stock in hand as compiled on—												
	1st week of July 1892.	1st week of August 1892.	1st week of Sept. 1892.	1st week of Oct. 1892.	1st week of Nov. 1892.	1st week of Dec. 1892.	1st week of Jan. 1893.	1st week of Feb. 1893.	1st week of March 1893.	1st week of April 1893.	1st week of May 1893.	1st week of June 1893.	1st week of July 1893.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Baliaghata	9,62,000	8,39,000	6,74,000	4,96,500	4,39,000	3,16,000	3,34,000	4,05,000	6,19,000	9,04,000	13,32,000	11,73,000	10,31,000
Ultadanga	65,800	65,900	70,900	65,100	57,300	57,800	65,200	78,700	99,500	1,06,500	1,15,000	1,17,500	1,19,700
Chitpur, Golabaree, Kumartooly, Hatkhola, and Culpi Ghat.	7,20,400	6,56,300	6,41,400	5,63,300	5,64,800	5,40,700	5,64,700	7,01,900	6,54,500	6,46,600	6,43,000	6,06,000	6,65,300
Pathuriaghatta, Posta, and Jorabagan.	3,000	4,000	3,700	3,000	2,500	2,000	3,000	8,000	3,500	3,000	2,000	2,500	3,000
Tollygunge, Chetla, Kidderpore, and Munshigunj.	1,12,100	1,43,400	96,500	93,600	51,100	40,600	87,900	1,14,200	1,46,400	1,56,700	1,55,300	1,70,200	1,53,300
21 Minor bazars (estimated) ...	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000
Other retail shops, 3,129 in number (estimated).	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000
Baidyabati, Nowabganj, Bhadreshwar, and Chandernagore.	26,062	61,125	51,250	35,908	31,125	40,037	63,961	69,800	76,380	6,662	5,319	42,577	28,275
Total ...	23,79,362	22,59,725	20,27,750	17,45,408	16,35,825	14,87,137	16,08,761	18,67,600	20,89,280	23,13,462	27,42,619	26,61,777	24,90,575
On Railway premises on both sides of the river.	5,239 (on 3rd July 1892.)	1,322 (on 3rd August 1892.)	11,336 (on 3rd Sept. 1892.)	17,216 (on 8th Oct. 1892.)	9,774 (on 3rd Nov. 1892.)	24,557 (on 3rd Dec. 1892.)	35,589 (on 3rd Jan. 1893.)	32,791 (on 3rd Feb. 1893.)	22,643 (on 3rd March 1893.)	23,773 (on 3rd April 1893.)	10,934 (on 3rd May 1893.)	11,512 (on 3rd June 1893.)	8,865 (on 3rd July 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Port Commissioners' returns.	27,288 (1st to 3rd July 1892.)	25,889 (1st to 3rd August 1892.)	18,308 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1892.)	27,678 (6th to 8th Oct. 1892.)	13,606 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1892.)	38,882 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	47,638 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	40,930 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)	41,298 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	25,720 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	21,378 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)	19,601 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	13,314 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Canal returns	21,650 (1st to 3rd July 1892.)	17,415 (1st to 3rd August 1892.)	27,069 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1892.)	24,097 (6th to 8th Oct. 1892.)	15,777 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1892.)	16,296 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	1,30,459 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	1,20,600 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)	1,99,575 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	76,791 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	34,169 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)	7,615 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	14,625 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)
Grand total of Stocks ...	24,33,539	23,04,351	20,84,463	18,14,399	16,74,982	15,66,872	18,22,447	20,61,921	23,52,796	24,39,746	28,09,100	27,00,505	25,27,379
Probable stock available for exportation by sea.	13¾ lakhs	12¼ lakhs	10¼ lakhs	7¾ lakhs	6¼ lakhs	5 lakhs	7¾ lakhs	10 lakhs	13 lakhs	13¾ lakhs	17¼ lakhs	16¼ lakhs	14¾ lakhs

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT,
The 10th July, 1893.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Provinc[e]

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	Representative stations.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. AIR PRESSURE. Highest, 8 A.M. barometer reading.	Lowest, 8 A.M., barometer reading.	Mean, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, Lat. 45°.	Variation from normal mean.	WIND. Mean direction at 8 A.M.	Mean velocity in miles daily.	TEMPERATURE. Highest of month.	Lowest of month.	Mean daily maximum temperature.	Mean daily minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.	Variation from normal mean.	HUMIDIT[Y]. Mean, 8 A.M., humidity.	Variation from …
ORISSA.	Puri	Puri	29·771	29·534	29·648	29·694	—	S57°W	335	91·7	76·6	88·2	80·2	84·2	—	84	
		Gopalpur	29·760	29·544	29·646	29·607	+·049	S29°W	336	91·7	75·8	87·9	79·2	83·6	−0·7	83	
		False Point	29·787	29·517	29·653	29·615	+·056	S40°W	358	91·5	71·6	88·0	79·0	83·5	−2·1	82	
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·716	29·454	29·572	29·594	+·047	S41°W	102	97·1	74·3	91·1	78·9	85·0	−3·2	77	+[illegible]
	Balasore	Balasore	29·724	29·431	29·596	29·590	+·057	S38°W	188	95·4	72·8	88·5	77·6	83·1	−2·7	90	-
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·634	29·308	29·509	29·603	+·058	S11°W	114	98·3	72·2	90·0	77·4	83·8	−3·7	84	-
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	29·774	29·402	29·631	29·598	+·052	S35°W	111	91·6	75·2	87·7	78·1	82·9	−2·2	87	+[illegible]
		Saugor Island	29·775	29·422	29·629	29·598	+·048	S24°W	481	91·2	77·0	87·7	80·3	84·0	−2·4	87	[illegible]
	Howrah	......															
	Hooghly	......															
	Nadia	Krishnagar	29·744	29·324	29·598	29·593	+·051	S14°E	155	96·2	70·7	90·0	77·5	83·7	−2·4	84	-
	Khulna	......															
	Jessore	Jessore	29·774	29·346	29·626	29·606	+·038	S16°E	118	93·5	71·4	88·7	77·9	83·3	−2·0	90	+[illegible]
	Burdwan	Burdwan	29·631	29·317	29·554	29·599	+·056	S14°W	114	96·1	73·2	89·6	78·7	84·2	−2·7	84	+[illegible]
		Raniganj	29·443	29·113	29·303	29·585	+·045	S13°E	85	97·7	?	91·3	?	?	?	89	-
	Bankura	Bankura	29·459	29·144	29·329	29·576	+·052	S2°W	97	95·6	72·1	90·8	77·4	84·1	−3·6	85	-
	Birbhum	......															
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	29·719	29·335	29·579	29·594	+·043	S27°E	104	95·2	74·8	89·2	77·9	83·6	−2·0	92	+[illegible]
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna	Sirajganj	29·757	29·364	29·618	29·614	+·038	S46°E	96	92·1	73·7	87·7	76·7	82·2	−0·8	92	-
	Bogra	Bogra	29·731	29·390	29·592	29·605	+·056	S60°E	102	94·2	72·2	88·7	76·2	82·4	−1·2	89	-
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia	29·709	29·325	29·574	29·593	+·052	S30°E	155	94·1	73·2	88·3	76·3	82·4	−1·4	87	-
	Malda	Malda	29·710	29·362	29·566	29·597	—	S40°E	86	97·1	75·5	89·5	77·4	83·5	—	89	-
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·682	29·347	29·545	29·620	+·039	S87°E	113	97·1	72·7	88·0	76·9	82·5	−0·4	89	-
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·697	29·360	29·554	29·630	+·026	S89°E	94	92·8	71·7	87·6	75·9	81·8	−0·3	89	-
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·562	29·226	29·410	29·647	+·049	S89°E	78	93·9	72·6	87·7	75·0	81·4	+0·7	87	-
	Kuch Bihár	......															
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	23·006	22·775	22·908	—	+·023	S67°E	147	66·6	52·6	63·7	54·8	59·3	−0·7	97	+[illegible]
	Sikkim	Gnatong	19·222	18·932	19·082	—	—	N68°W	56	55·9	28·6	51·8	35·1	43·5	—	90	-
EAST BENGAL.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·765	29·370	29·633	29·667	+·035	S40°E	123	92·2	73·1	84·5	75·9	80·2	−1·1	91	+[illegible]
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagri					Observations not received.										
	Backergunge	Barisal	29·793	29·356	29·659	29·617	+·036	S2°E	95	93·8	70·9	87·2	76·8	82·0	−0·8	89	-
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29·770	29·352	29·647	29·637	+·031	S31°E	161	91·5	73·8	84·9	76·8	80·9	−0·8	88	-
	Faridpur	Faridpur	29·745	29·336	29·628	29·621	+·037	S24°E	144	91·5	72·9	86·5	77·3	81·8	−1·1	92	-
	Dacca	Dacca	29·794	29·358	29·643	29·613	+·029	S29°E	181	93·1	74·7	87·4	77·7	82·6	−1·1	91	+[illegible]
	Tippera	Comilla	29·794	29·370	29·555	29·638	+·038	S59°E	165	94·3	73·3	86·3	76·0	81·2	−1·2	95	-
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·755	29·385	29·624	29·635	+·037	S52°E	149	91·2	74·6	86·5	76·9	81·7	−0·7	90	-
NORTH BIHAR.	Purnea	Purnea	29·671	29·346	29·520	29·604	+·050	N66°E	63	102·3	73·2	91·1	77·5	84·3	−0·5	85	-[illegible]
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·611	29·308	29·472	29·585	+·051	N81°E	61	101·8	74·0	90·8	77·2	84·1	−1·2	85	-
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·615	29·323	29·473	29·591	+·042	S72°E	182	101·0	74·2	91·6	78·0	84·8	−0·9	81	-[illegible]
	Muzaffarpu	Muzaffarpur	29·593	29·301	29·457	29·587	—	S83°E	190	103·7	74·2	93·8	78·3	86·1	—	84	-
	Champaran	Motihari	29·542	29·244	29·402	29·582	+·046	N77°E	181	101·2	68·8	92·2	76·9	84·5	−1·2	81	
	Saran	Chapra	29·574	29·273	29·442	29·574	+·050	S63°E	181	103·8	74·6	93·2	78·4	85·8	−2·2	83	-
SOUTH BIHAR.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·371	29·058	29·247	29·549	+·029	S41°E	168	105·4	73·0	94·5	78·4	86·5	−1·6	78	-
		Buxar	29·486	29·187	29·370	29·561	+·036	N76°E	194	106·5	74·3	93·8	78·2	86·0	−3·2	79	-
		Arrah	29·553	29·253	29·419	29·550	+·047	S81°E	89	103·4	75·0	93·7	78·9	86·3	−2·8	82	-
	Gaya	Gaya	29·366	29·030	29·234	29·560	+·037	S45°E	154	107·6	72·3	95·6	78·4	87·0	−2·7	80	+[illegible]
	Patna	Bankipore	29·582	29·266	29·437	29·570	+·036	S87°E	174	104·5	75·2	93·6	78·2	85·8	−2·8	79	+[illegible]
	Monghyr	......															
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·268	28·943	29·136	29·578	+·052	S18°E	115	98·7	74·3	89·5	76·9	83·2	−3·4	84	
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·760	27·391	27·637	29·573	+·030	S35°W	252	98·7	68·8	86·9	72·4	79·7	−4·7	84	+[illegible]
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·648	27·238	27·520	29·572	+·033	S47°W	206	95·0	65·4	86·1	71·2	78·7	−5·4	82	-
	Palamau	Daltonganj	28·965	28·609	28·837	29·486?	—	S[illegible]	137	108·3	75·0	95·0	78·9	87·0	—	73	-
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	28·997	28·661	28·881	29·584	+·070	S38°W	55	98·8	73·7	90·7	76·7	83·7	−5·1	83	-
	Manbhum	......															
ASSAM	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·528	29·207	29·393	29·680	+·045	N79°E	52	94·1	70·4	88·0	76·0	82·0	−1·3	91	+[illegible]
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29·711	29·362	29·569	29·637	+·041	N67°E	146	90·2	72·3	84·6	75·6	80·1	−1·2	91	+[illegible]
	Cachar	Silchar	29·741	29·343	29·613	29·668	+·033	N45°E	52	94·0	70·3	88·1	75·2	81·6	−0·8	90	+[illegible]

...gal for the month of June 1893.

Cloud. Variation from normal mean, 8 A.M.	Rainfall.	District Observations. Rainfall. Of month. Mean of district.	Normal mean.	Variation from mean.	Number of rainy days.	Normal mean number of rainy days.	Since 16th May 1893. Mean of district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean number of rainy days.	Normal mean number of rainy days.	District.
— — +0·9	2·37 6·07 5·82	4·84	8·42	−3·58	9·50	9·32	22·80	10·33	+12·47	13·50	11·53	Puri.
+0·7	6·32		9·56			10·09		11·59			13·20	Cuttack.
—	14·49		8·40			10·14		10·89			13·61	Balasore.
—	20·70	16·99	9·46	+7·53	13·75	10·76	29·68	11·41	+18·27	19·50	14·02	Midnapore.
+0·9 +1·5	25·65 10·36	19·55	10·18	+9·37	13·86	12·35	29·18	12·74	+16·44	19·53	16·29	24-Parganas.
		22·68	9·47	+13·21	14·50	12·27	32·18	11·75	+20·43	20·00	15·84	Howrah.
		19·18	9·42	+9·76	15·00	12·07	28·97	11·77	+17·20	20·33	15·90	Hooghly.
—	17·25	20·72	9·72	+11·00	17·60	12·28	27·99	13·09	+14·90	21·60	16·39	Nadia.
		20·04	13·23	+6·81	18·67	15·20	30·18	16·17	+14·01	23·67	19·34	Khulna.
−0·3	15·94	15·71	11·77	+3·94	16·80	13·73	24·00	15·04	+8·96	21·40	18·14	Jessore.
+0·8 —	11·17 15·23	14·93	8·76	+6·17	15·00	11·27	23·53	11·16	+12·37	18·75	14·59	Burdwan.
—	19·80	20·24	10·34	+9·90	16·25	12·42	28·25	12·35	+15·90	21·25	15·88	Bankura.
		13·73	10·64	+3·09	16·67	11·79	18·88	12·70	+6·18	20·34	15·09	Birbhum.
−0·2	23·13	20·46	9·13	+11·33	18·40	11·59	25·66	12·21	+13·45	22·07	15·70	Murshidabad.
—	16·16	17·97	11·15	+6·82	19·50	13·33	30·05	14·85	+15·20*	24·50	18·06	Pabna.
—	18·99	15·37	12·77	+2·60	17·00	13·31	22·49	17·28	+5·21	21·75	18·30	Bogra.
—	20·01	17·94	11·20	+6·74	17·00	12·49	25·41	14·69	+10·72	21·33	16·63	Rajshahi.
—	14·63	12·66	11·86	+0·80	18·50	11·63	16·63	14·63	+2·00	22·00	14·67	Malda.
—	16·82	16·57	13·62	+2·95	19·40	13·00	20·58	17·73	+2·85	23·60	16·77	Dinajpur.
—	22·03	19·80	21·30	−1·50	19·25	15·64	24·26	28·39	−4·13	23·75	21·69	Rangpur.
—	15·91	15·33	28·42	−13·09	18·00	19·40	19·61	35·86	−16·25	21·00	25·98	Jalpaiguri.
		21·93	31·75	−9·82	21·50	20·06	26·19	40·25	−14·06	26·25	27·32	Kuch Bihar.
+0·7	27·32	26·56	29·11	−2·55	22·00	20·77	31·91	35·90	−3·99	26·75	27·85	Darjeeling.
—	22·84											Sikkim.
+0·6	37·36	44·24	29·63	+14·61	19·50	18·33	69·52	34·60	+34·92	30·50	23·21	Chittagong.
		28·38	18·91	+9·47	23·00	20·05	49·27	23·07	+26·20	35·00	25·35	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
—	24·42	25·43	19·20	+6·23	20·75	17·72	39·55	22·93	+16·62	27·25	22·43	Backergunge.
—	31·10	34·46	27·32	+7·14	22·00	17·65	44·67	31·85	+12·82	29·00	22·80	Noakhali.
—	23·32	21·26	12·55	+8·71	19·67	14·92	33·43	16·64	+16·79	24·00	19·68	Faridpur.
+1·0	18·50	15·98	13·25	+2·73	17·00	15·02	23·94	17·14	+6·80	22·75	20·22	Dacca.
—	20·35	19·42	16·45	+2·97	18·25	16·64	28·46	20·71	+7·75	24·50	21·88	Tippera.
—	21·36	20·64	17·60	+3·04	18·60	16·29	30·02	22·16	+7·86	23·40	22·13	Mymensingh.
−2·6	8·14	15·15	13·17	+1·98	16·33	11·39	15·31	16·60	−1·29	16·06	14·39	Purnea.
—	10·08	7·89	8·37	−0·48	11·75	9·40	9·48	10·32	−0·84	14·50	11·85	Bhagalpur.
0	7·91	6·02	8·03	−2·01	10·00	8·55	6·73	9·31	−2·58	11·33	10·29	Darbhanga.
—	5·74	8·05	7·42	+0·63	9·00	7·98	8·58	8·72	−0·14	10·67	9·84	Muzaffarpur.
—	11·55	9·19	8·19	+1·00	10·50	8·71	10·83	9·47	+1·36	13·00	10·76	Champaran.
—	7·15	6·34	6·42	−0·08	10·67	7·51	7·23	7·51	−0·28	13·34	9·02	Saran.
— — —	9·21 6·56 8·53	7·24	5·20	+2·04	12·40	6·89	8·11	6·04	+2·07	14·60	7·96	Shahabad.
−0·5	8·28	7·88	5·63	+2·25	11·75	6·84	9·19	6·95	+2·24	15·00	8·15	Gaya.
+0·3	11·05	11·12	6·24	+4·88	11·25	7·21	11·57	7·59	+3·98	13·00	8·72	Patna.
—	17·69	16·12	6·43	+9·69	15·00	8·05	16·18	7·89	+8·29	15·33	9·72	Monghyr.
+1·2	15·66	15·02	8·95	+6·07	18·60	11·28	18·99	11·28	+7·64	21·93	14·08	Sonthal Parganas.
—	14·25	15·07	8·17	+6·90	17·67	10·41	18·86	9·69	+9·17	22·92	12·62	Hazaribagh.
—	10·63	12·13	8·24	+3·89	18·00	11·63	13·77	10·11	+3·66	20·50	14·30	Lohardaga.
—	14·90	10·63	6·04	+4·59	13·00	7·95	10·91	7·09	+3·82	15·00	9·48	Palamau.
		14·65	8·30	+6·35	15·00	11·55	21·57	10·72	+10·85	21·00	15·02	Singhbhum.
		19·06	8·08	+10·98	19·00	11·28	25·09	9·61	+15·48	21·00	13·60	Manbhum.
−0·4	10·51											Sibsagar.
+1·2	17·59											Goalpara.
+0·2	24·12											Cachar.

Table of Rainfall* recorded at stati[ons]

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·56	0·74	0·28	...	...	0·15
		Khurda ...	...	...	0·68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·10	0·16	0·80	0·60	0·37	...	...
		Banpur ...	...	...	0·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	2·46	1·20	0·20	...	...
		False Point ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	0·70	0·35	0·57	0·13	...
		Gop ...				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·20	0·70	0·47	0·30	...	...	...
		Satpara ...	1·65	1·37	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·26	0·13	2·98	0·85			
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·88	0·17	0·40	0·75	0·35	...	...	
		Ranpur ...				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·24	1·31	0·52	2·04	0·20	0·23	
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	...	0·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·10	0·36	...	1·20	0·30	...	...	0·90
		Banki ...	...	0·23	0·83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·42	0·06	1·54	0·99	0·28	...	
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...	0·36	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	0·08	1·36	0·88		...	...
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	0·16	...	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	0·34	1·07	0·35	0·04	...	...
		Jajpur ...	...	0·36	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	1·62	0·19	0·11	0·23	1·40	1·18	0·17	0·70	0·13
		Dharmsalla ...	0·50	0·22	...	1·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·37	...	0·29	1·60	0·50	2·53	0·37	...	
		Salipur ...	...	...	...	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	0·08
		Pal Lahara ...	1·80	0·13	0·08	...	...	...	...	0·18	...	...									
		Nayagarh ...									...	...									
	Balasore ...	Akhyapada ...	...	0·73	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	0·21	1·76	0·74	0·25	0·52	...
		Chandbali ...	...	0·55		...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·85	0·54	0·40	...	...	0·30
		Bhadrak ...	...	0·55	...	...	0·71	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·42	...	0·57	2·63	0·42	0·03	0·83	...
		Soro ...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·30	...	...	2·40	0·71	0·41	...	0·07	...
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	...	0·59	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·15*	...	0·22	1·14	0·72	0·33	0·06	0·11
		Jellasore ...	...	...	0·49	...	1·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	...	0·20	1·10	0·96	0·58	0·10	...
		Baripada ...	1·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·29	...	...	0·29	0·51	1·31	0·26	1·29	0·31
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	...	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·94	...	0·06	1·20	0·54	0·59	0·44	...
		Tamluk ...	0·40	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	1·50	0·41	1·17	0·10	1·39
		Midnapore ...	0·06	0·52	...	0·44	...	...	...	...	0·80	...	...	0·62	...	...	0·32	0·70	0·80	...	0·76
		Ghatal ...	0·05	0·22	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	0·86	0·29	1·50	...	0·61
		Kukrahaty ...	0·88	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	2·04	0·50	1·10	1·10	...
		Garhbeta ...	0·52	...	...	...	0·41	...	0·83	...	...	...	...	1·38	...	...	0·16	0·93	2·05	...	...
		Panskura ...	0·05	...	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·60	...	...	0·50	0·82	0·75	...	0·75
		Dantoon ...	1·33	0·15	0·14	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·18	...	...	0·69	0·96	1·03	...	...
	24-Parganas...	Saugor Island	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	0·05	...	0·09	0·67	0·56	0·97	1·37	0·02
		Diamond Harbour.	0·97	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·70	0·54	1·80	...	0·08
		Canning Town	1·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	...	...	...	1·35	0·28	0·52	2·29	1·56	0·74
		Alipore (Jail)*	0·14	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·18	0·48	0·66	0·39	0·84
		Barrackpore...	0·12	1·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	1·54	0·85	0·12	0·39
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·67	0·56	1·03	0·85	0·10
		Barasat ...	...	1·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·99	0·08	1·12	0·54	0·96
		Basirhat ...	0·64	0·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·65	...	...	0·11	...	0·16	0·41	1·08	0·50	3·75
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	0·24	0·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·03	0·91	0·25	0·67	0·28
		Mohesreka ...	0·45	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	...	...	0·32	0·27	0·16	0·75	1·29
		Ulubaria ...	0·18	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	0·28	0·20	1·26	0·26	1·06
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	0·25	0·98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	1·13	0·82	0·31	0·36
		Hooghly ...	0·16	0·32	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	0·15	0·52	1·31	0·27	1·61
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·18	...	...	0·06	1·23	0·96	0·04	0·11
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	0·25	0·22	0·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·15	...	...	0·43	0·68	0·38	0·61
		Krishnagar ...	...	0·16	...	...	1·25	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·01	2·56	0·11	0·04	0·59	0·20	0·19
		Chuadanga ...	1·46	0·23	...	...	0·85	0·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·68	1·05	0·15	0·43
		Meherpur ...	2·35	0·11	0·35	...	...	1·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	0·30	1·80	0·23
		Kushtia ...	0·05	0·08	0·25	...	1·07	0·90	...	...	0·39	...	...	0·25	0·22	0·08	...	0·05	0·68	0·55	0·56
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	0·56	0·58	...	...	0·79	...	...	...	...	1·20	0·28	0·15	0·05	...	0·08	...	0·40	0·50	0·25
		Bagerhat ...	2·11	0·98	...	...	0·75	0·04	...	...	0·52	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·31	1·30	0·18	0·12
		Khulna ...	0·50	0·41	0·33	...	0·80	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·39	...	0·26	...	0·43	0·52	0·12	1·00
		Nakipur ...	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·80	0·37	136	0·71	0·26
		Rampal ...	0·65	0·30	...	...	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	0·40	1·82	...	...	...	1·31	0·32	...
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·64	0·02	...	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·47	1·54	0·08
		Jessore ...	0·43	0·75	...	...	0·94	0·09	...	...	...	0·02	0·13	...	0·18	...	...	0·73	0·64	1·03	0·21
		Jhenidah ...	0·24	0·10	...	...	0·11	0·01	...	...	...	...	0·18	0·06	0·05	...	...	0·12	2·68	0·89	1·98
		Magura ...	0·47	0·02	0·87	...	0·40	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·17	0·08	...	...	0·36	0·30	4·35
		Bangaon ...	0·10	0·30	...	...	0·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·17	0·72	0·13	0·37
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	0·59	...	0·37
		Burdwan ...	0·25	...	...	...	0·02	...	0·25	...	...	...	0·06	1·94	...	...	0·05	0·35	0·33	0·55	0·29
		Katwa ...	0·61	...	...	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	0·32	0·07	0·35	0·04	0·25
		Raniganj ...	1·92	0·65	...	...	0·05	...	...	0·15	0·65	...	0·71	1·01	...	...	0·59	0·27	1·70	0·13	0·06
		Mankur ...	...	0·46	...	...	...	...	0·35	...	...	...	...	1·68	...	0·46	1·65	0·25	0·31	0·19	0·21
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	0·08	...	...	0·24	...	...	0·29	...	0·05	...	1·33	1·08	...	...	0·29	0·20	0·80	0·03	...
		Vishnupur ...	1·25	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	0·06	...	0·16	1·57	...	0·10	0·13	0·30	1·75	...	0·04
		Maliara ...	2·25	0·36	...	0·27	0·49	...	0·01	...	1·96	...	0·05	1·21	...	...	0·25	0·17	1·01	...	0·19
		Khatra ...	0·24	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	...	0·28	...	0·29	0·32	...	...	0·60	0·52	1·30	0·11	0·09
		Indas ...	1·93	...	...	...	...	...	0·43	...	...	...	0·51	1·05	...	...	0·35	0·54	1·10	...	1·25
		Kotalpur ...	1·38	...	...	...	0·45	...	0·64	...	...	...	...	0·42	...	...	...	0·35	1·65	...	0·29
		Anda ...	0·19	...	...	...	...	0·15	0·20	0·40	...	...	1·40	...	0·53	0·42	0·30	0·70	...	0·40	0·37
		Gangajalghati	3·83	0·22	...	0·84	0·41	...	0·46	...	...	...	0·12	0·95	...	...	0·29	0·40	1·70	...	...
		Raipur ...	0·39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·55	...	...	0·80	...	...	0·95	0·55	0·48	...	...
		Sonamukhi ...	0·86	...	...	0·48	...	...	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·98	...	...	1·42	0·50	1·04	...	...
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	2·44	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·02	...	...	0·48	...	0·34	2·88	0·31	0·22	0·58	1·15
		Hetampur ...	1·03	...	0·03	...	...	...	0·51	...	0·03	...	0·07	0·75	...	2·50	...	0·50	0·51	0·82	0·11
		Rampur Hât	1·03	...	0·29	...	...	0·25	0·03	...	...	...	...	0·37	...	...	0·51	0·52	0·45	0·31	
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·31	...	...	...	...	0·85	...	0·16	1·24	...	0·40	0·60	
		Murarai ...	2·60	0·78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·48	...	...	...	1·00	0·72	0·80	0·52	
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	1·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	...	...	0·95	0·65	0·58	0·23	
		Berhampore...	2·32	...	...	...	0·15	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	4·04	...	...	1·01	0·23	0·13	1·18	
		Lalbagh ...	2·80	...	0·56	...	0·49	0·32	...	...	...	...	0·23	1·58	...	0·68	0·42	0·07	0·46	0·68	
		Azimganj ...	3·10	0·25	0·32	...	0·46	0·04	0·02	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	0·20	1·60	0·20	0·55	1·15	
		Jangipur ...	4·21	0·48	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·92	0·54	0·35	...	2·38	0·47	0·37	1·11	
		Lalgola ...	2·06	1·00	1·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·03	...	...	...	0·25	0·70	0·60	0·70	
		Akhriganj ...	1·16	0·08	0·13	...	...	0·30	0·04	0·05	...	...	3·06	0·33	...	0·25	0·03	...	...	1·00	
		Patkabari ...	3·20	...	0·20								...	0·30	...	0·20	0·50	0·60	0·10	0·20	
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·14	...	0·06	...	0·08	0·11	0·49	0·55	...	0·48	...	...	0·92	...	...	0·06	0·49	0·20	
		Sirajganj ...	1·03	0·13	2·10	...	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	1·64	0·26	0·41	...	0·18	...	0·13	0·02	
	Bogra ...	Sherpur ...	0·69	0·05	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	0·60	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·17	
		Nowkhilla ...	1·29	...	0·42	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	3·95	1·85	...	...	...	...	0·86	0·98	
		Bogra ...	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·45	...	...	2·80	0·15	...	1·15	...	...	0·45	0·85	
		Panchbibi ...	...	0·28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·00	0·02	0·55	0·45	...	0·06	0·34	0·54	1·38	
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	2·95	...	0·23	...	...	...	0·18	...	...	...	2·26	0·12	...	0·30	...	0·90	0·47	1·28	
		Nator ...	0·20	0·06	0·04	...	...	...	...	1·84	...	...	...	0·90	...	0·44	0·03	...	0·98	0·86	
		Naogaon ...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·45	...	...	...	2·40	0·62	1·83	
		Lalpur ...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	...	...	...	0·42	...	0·10	...	...	0·22	0·70	...	
		Manda ...	0·12	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·90	0·74	...	0·24	0·70	...	0·75	2·70	0·28	

...ngal in June 1893.

23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May 1893 to 31st May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 31st May.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
...	0·07	0·15	0·20	0·14	...	...	...	7	8·25	2·37	7·98	0·74	20·54	9·44	Puri ...	Puri ...	ORISSA.
...	...	...	0·19	1·00	...	...	0·61	11	10·84	5·41	9·50	1·00	15·51	11·57	Khurda.		
...	0·06	...	0·16	0·30	...	0·53	0·20	9	9·17	5·78	7·17	2·46	9·14	8·98	Banpur.		
0·12	0·28	1·14	0·20	0·63	0·05	...	1·04	11	9·00	5·79	9·01	1·14	46·01	11·32	False Point.		
...	...								?		?			?	*Gop.*		
			0·20						?		?			?	*Satpara.*		
0·04	...	0·17	0·67	...	0·03	0·50	...	8	?	3·99	?	0·88	19·62	?	*Pipli*		
...	0·03	0·06	0·04	0·67	...	0·12	1·19		?		?			?	Ranpur.		
...	1·00	0·75	0·70	...	...	0·18	...	11	8·11		7·23	1·20		8·64	Jagatsingpur.	Cuttack.	
...	0·05	0·16	0·18	1·09	...	0·22	0·38	12	11·38	6·63	10·28	1·54	11·80	11·75	Banki.		
0·06		0·75	0·20	0·87	...	0·08			11·55		11·52			14·32	Cuttack.		
0·27	0·26	0·38	0·04	0·82	0·02	...	0·60	11	9·05	5·36	8·87	1·07	40·98	10·85	Kendrapara.		
0·46	0·28	1·75	0·49	0·91	...	...	...	16	10·37	10·12	9·88	1·75	37·96	12·36	Jajpur.		
0·30	0·61	0·25	0·67	...	...	1·74	...	15	?	10·09	?	1·90	31·68	?	*Dharmsala.*		
0·02	...	0·15	0·40	0·70					?		?			?	*Salipur.*		
		...	0·10	...	...	0·30	0·50		?		?			?	Pal Lahara.		
															Nayagarh.		
0·80	0·90	2·10	0·40	0·95	...	...	...	15	?	9·76	?	2·10	21·91	?	Akhyapada ...	Balasore.	
0·53	0·35	1·03	0·83	1·04	...	...	...	11	9·47	7·16	7·78	1·04	31·40	10·14	Chandbali.		
0·36	0·50	1·75	0·13	1·00	...	...	...	15	10·05	10·77	8·91	2·62	33·58	11·97	Bhadrak.		
1·00	1·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	9·53	11·38	6·78	2·40		9·83	Soro.		
2·10	2·56	0·52	1·56	1·25	0·02	0·03	0·32	14	10·35	13·85	8·71	2·56	32·31	11·40	Balasore.		
1·50	4·50								9·00		7·97			9·66	Jellasore.		
5·59	0·71	0·40	2·31	0·50	1·15	2·28	...	16	12·41	21·28	10·24	5·59	31·67	12·35	Baripada.		
2·33	1·85	0·84	1·70	0·83	0·20	...	...	14	10·50	12·78	9·51	2·33	30·13	11·52	Contai ...	Midnapore ...	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
3·50	0·70	0·40	1·80	3·10	...	...	...	14	9·95	17·27	9·26	3·50	28·72	11·46	Tamluk.		
6·35	2·10	0·75	2·05	4·08	...	...	...	15	10·80	21·00	8·82	6·35	28·49	10·76	Midnapore.		
6·25	0·24	...	1·06	4·21	...	...	...	12	11·78	16·92	10·24	6·25	31·39	11·88	Ghatal.		
3·10	0·94	1·08	1·82	1·95	0·10	...	0·02	14	?	15·75	?	3·10	25·27	?	*Kukrahaty.*		
8·00	...	...	0·40	1·75	2·35	...	...	13	?	20·28	?	8·00	30·28	?	*Garhbeta.*		
3·06	0·83	0·11	3·32	2·37	...	...	...	14	?	13·97	?	3·32	23·41	?	Panskura.		
3·00	3·08	0·43	0·62	1·96	...	...	...	14	?	16·57	?	3·08	27·54	?	Dantoon.		
1·00	1·03	0·54	1·89	0·35	0·77	...	0·17	12	11·95	10·36	10·04	1·89	23·66	12·20	Saugor Island.	24-Parganas.	
2·75	0·70	2·62	3·18	0·42	0·10	...	0·11	12	12·30	15·61	9·87	3·18	24·69	11·83	Diamond Harbour.		
3·14	5·05	0·34	4·80	0·82	0·30	0·75	1·58	18	?	29·88	?	5·05	42·81	?	*Canning Town.*		
3·78	2·13	0·90	3·91	2·14	0·01	0·02	0·32	15	12·40	25·65	10·37	3·91	37·61	12·73	Alipore (Jail).		
2·32	1·35	1·30	2·05	2·09	...	0·06	0·12	15	11·95	18·61	10·60	3·51	27·00	12·76	Barrackpore.		
4·55	2·29	1·36	4·59	1·84	...	...	0·30	13	12·35	23·06	9·94	4·55	32·78	12·68	Dum-Dum.		
3·38	0·58	0·68	3·20	1·41	...	...	0·08	13	12·30	18·60	9·54	3·38	25·67	13·21	Barasat.		
4·30	0·69	1·53	4·63	0·44	...	2·89	0·27	17	13·20	26·30	10·88	4·63	32·34	14·59	Basirhat.		
2·67	3·94	0·94	3·70	2·81	...	0·03	0·48	15	12·60	27·27	9·91	3·94	37·11	12·05	Howrah ...	Howrah.	
3·89	0·38	2·56	1·71	4·20	0·01	...	0·07	14	11·93	18·08	9·03	4·20	27·23	11·44	Mohesreka.		
2·36	1·22	2·13	3·40	2·60	0·20	0·05	0·10	15	?	17·35	?	3·40	27·53	?	*Uluberia.*		
4·76	2·11	0·71	2·92	2·21	...	...	0·51	16	12·00	21·67	9·74	4·76	31·35	11·74	Serampore ...	Hooghly.	
3·36	0·71	0·90	2·57	1·84	...	...	0·18	17	12·10	17·36	9·16	3·36	23·93	11·75	Hooghly.		
2·14	0·29	1·24	2·30	4·19	...	...	...	12	12·11	18·51	9·35	4·19	31·62	11·83	Jahanabad.		
2·95	0·38	1·13	1·51	1·90	...	...	0·51	17	11·95	20·82	9·63	3·52	28·50	12·37	Ranaghat ...	Nadia.	
0·71	0·15	0·76	2·51	0·82	0·01	0·03	0·74	17	11·95	17·25	8·81	2·56	24·83	11·35	Krishnagar.		
1·95	1·27	0·42	0·56	1·37	0·11	0·02	0·33	17	12·10	17·60	9·24	4·05	23·85	13·58	Chuadanga.		
1·55	0·75	1·50	0·67	0·75	...	0·30	1·50	18	11·95	18·92	9·72	3·75	24·36	12·90	Meherpur.		
7·50	0·70	0·34	0·57	3·35	0·18	0·03	6·75	19	13·45	28·99	11·21	7·50	38·37	15·26	Kushtia.		
3·09	0·58	2·25	3·40	0·54	0·18	0·30	2·63	18	14·35	19·33	12·50	3·40	25·94	15·50	Satkhira ...	Khulna.	
5·00	0·42	1·05	3·72	1·22	2·14	0·87	0·21	19	15·42	24·13	14·25	5·00	36·86	17·45	Bagerhat.		
3·76	2·25	1·65	1·31	0·70	0·30	...	0·43	19	15·84	16·67	12·93	3·76	27·76	15·55	Khulna.		
3·20	1·28	0·83	3·25	0·09	0·24	...	0·96	15	?	21·77	?	6·50	26·39	?	*Nakipur.*		
1·30	1·20	1·40	0·50	0·10	0·32	...	1·10	17	?	12·74	?	1·40	22·16	?	*Rampal.*		
1·90	0·06	0·56	1·29	0·68	0·31	1·34	0·08	15	14·26	12·33	11·21	1·99	18·75	13·96	Narail ...	Jessore.	
1·53	0·24	0·12	2·15	0·55	0·28	...	0·03	18	14·95	15·94	12·74	3·06	25·13	16·12	Jessore.		
0·80	0·87	0·42	2·21	0·87	0·12	...	0·11	18	14·26	16·21	12·75	3·06	25·13	16·10	Jhenidah		
1·83	0·13	0·02	0·81	1·28	0·06	...	0·08	16	13·42	18·73	11·77	4·93	29·93	15·63	Magura.		
2·09	1·10	1·58	1·50	1·07	0·35	0·03	0·10	17	11·75	15·32	10·37	4·06	21·05	13·40	Bangaon		
3·12	0·46	1·75	1·80	4·53	...	...	...	12	10·21	19·46	8·43	4·53	28·23	10·59	Kalna ...	Burdwan.	
1·38	1·60	0·21	1·12	1·14	0·01	...	0·56	16	11·95	11·17	8·30	1·94	25·57	11·01	Burdwan.		
2·35	0·13	1·32	0·66	0·90	...	...	0·96	14	11·63	13·86	9·02	3·75	20·58	12·64	Katwa.		
0·11	0·74	1·33	1·50	2·10	...	...	0·96	18	11·30	15·23	8·38	2·10	19·74	10·36	Raniganj.		
1·26	0·29	0·26	0·42	2·06	...	...	0·34	17	?	12·17	?	2·06	20·96	?	*Mankur.*		
5·83	0·05	2·05	0·50	3·18	...	...	1·64	13	12·40	19·80	9·35	5·83	26·76	11·40	Bankura ...	Bankura.	
5·95	0·10	0·27	1·46	4·07	...	0·04	0·34	16	12·45	18·66	10·55	5·95	29·05	12·77	Vishnupur.		
0·27	0·09	0·40	0·56	1·91	...	...	3·42	18	11·91	15·50	10·30	3·42	20·04	12·30	Maliara.		
12·08	4·32	1·40	3·52	3·23	0·18	...	...	18	12·91	27·01	11·19	12·08	37·15	13·20	Khatra.		
3·00	3·35	1·30	0·29	1·89	...	...	0·13	15	?	13·78	?	3·00	26·30	?	*Indus.*		
4·15	0·09	0·50	2·06	3·32	...	...	...	14	?	16·99	?	4·15	25·39	?	*Kotalpur.*		
0·12	...	4·00	1·53	...	...	2·40	2·50	19	?	20·88	?	4·15	28·83	?	*Anda.*		
1·80	0·46	1·27	1·45	3·37	...	...	1·85	19	?	20·05	?	3·83	26·83	?	*Gangajalghati.*		
10·08	2·65	1·75	1·55	1·80	...	...	...	13	?	23·88	?	10·08	35·32	?	*Raipur.*		
1·09	0·63	0·60	0·48	2·51	...	0·26	0·28	17	?	14·42	?	2·51	23·79	?	*Sonamukhi.*		
0·35	0·14	0·62	0·47	1·15	...	...	2·84	18	12·55	16·81	10·47	2·88	21·24	12·65	Suri	Birbhum.	
0·07	0·07	0·42	0·43	0·56	...	...	1·56	14	11·20	11·64	11·42	2·50	17·64	13·44	Hetampur.		
0·30	0·02	0·72	0·56	0·61	...	0·25	1·81	18	11·02	12·74	10·02	2·51	17·75	12·02	Rampur Hát.		
0·28	0·25	0·27	0·50	1·07	...	...	1·35	14	?	11·21	?	3·30	18·32	?	*Bolpore.*		
1·12	...	2·10	0·22	0·44	0·20	...	...	15	?	17·74	?	4·00	22·44	?	*Morarai*		
1·40	0·60	1·03	0·33	0·56	...	...	0·73	15	13·07	12·06	9·54	1·66	16·92	12·54	Kandi ...	Murshidabad.	
3·67	0·55	1·55	1·02	0·48	0·03	...	1·70	17	11·70	23·13	9·27	4·04	29·34	12·36	Berhampore.		
2·82	0·35	0·87	0·80	0·52	0·09	...	0·40	20	11·00	21·03	8·18	3·32	27·14	11·48	Lalbagh.		
1·18	0·50	0·78	0·55	0·59	0·04	0·20	0·14	21	11·50	19·30	9·53	4·70	25·48	12·74	Azimganj.		
0·45	...	2·35	1·46	0·23	0·09	1·56	2·93	19	11·37	26·80	8·72	4·21	31·27	11·72	Jangipur.		
3·00	...								10·88		9·55			12·97	Laigola.		
6·35	0·34	1·70	0·45	0·34	0·12	0·90	1·08	15	?	23·57	?	6·35	28·58	?	*Akhriganj.*		
2·25	0·20	2·10	0·95	1·00	...	...	0·40		?		?			?	*Patkabari.*		
4·92	1·32	0·74	0·89	1·03	0·14	0·18	1·29	20	14·10	19·78	10·90	4·92	30·98	14·43	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	NORTH BENGAL.
0·33	1·13	0·74	0·37	0·19	0·18	0·01	3·24	19	12·55	16·16	11·40	3·24	29·12	15·27	Sirajganj.		
0·35	0·10	0·25	0·25	0·11	0·54	0·53	2·35	18	12·93	11·02	12·42	2·90	18·40	17·34	Sherpur ...	Bogra.	
0·21	0·08	0·47	0·19	0·06	0·44	2·10	1·97	16	13·86	17·89	12·89	3·95	24·01	16·66	Nowkhilla.		
1·65	0·02	0·52	0·15	0·15	0·82	0·87	3·60	18	14·53	18·90	14·27	3·60	28·36	19·01	Bogra.		
0·34	0·06	1·06	0·18	...	0·26	0·30	1·70	16	11·93	13·67	11·48	2·50	19·08	16·07	Panchbibi.		
2·44	0·85	1·40	0·34	0·44	0·24	0·04	1·06	20	12·10	20·80	9·65	3·15	26·06	12·73	Boalia ...	Rajshahi.	
0·66	0·00	0·32	0·20	0·46	0·35	0·57	2·33	17	11·50	14·06	10·25	2·33	25·61	13·79	Nato		
0·35	...	1·25	0·02	0·12	...	2·25	2·73	14	13·86	18·07	13·09	2·73	24·57	17·53	*Naogaon.*		
0·88	0·20	0·90	1·90	0·46	0·90	1·25	...	16	?	13·63	?	2·40		?	*Lalpur.*		
0·11	0·50	0·41	0·70	0·53	0·81	0·51	2·23	21	?	16·40	?	2·70	21·10	?	*Manda.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Stat[ions]

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	0·62	0·13	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·70	0·18	...	1·35	0·65	0·29	0·19	1·60
		Chanchal ...	0·05	0·15	0·42	...	...	...	0·72	...	...	0·24	0·06	0·07	...	0·53	0·16	0·83	0·81	1·15
		Gajol ...	...	0·4		...	...						...	...	...	0·91	0·30	...	...	0·65
		Sibganj ...	0·91	...	0·58	...	...	0·18	...	...	...	...	0·27	1·55	...	...	0·35	...	1·25	2·50
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur	...	0·76	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	0·33	...	1·28	...	...	...	0·76	0·79	1·95
		Churamon ...	...	0·02	0·41	...	...	...	0·16	...	0·12	0·03	0·34	0·55	...	0·74	0·86	1·83	0·78	1·27
		Raiganj ...	0·23	...	0·73	...	...	...	1·70	...	0·11	0·50	...	0·30	...	...	0·54	1·79	1·50	1·46
		Dinajpur ...	0·11	...	0·50	...	...	...	0·15	0·26	0·15	0·05	0·52	3·18	0·09	...	0·24	0·26	1·24	1·46
		Baloorghat ...	0·12	...	0·71	...	...	...	...	0·72	0·13	...	0·78	0·69	...	1·25	1·34	0·20	0·69	1·75
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	0·39	...	...	...	...	0·22	0·10	4·75	4·48	2·42	...	...	0·76	1·58	0·43	0·58
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*).	0·15	0·50	0·13	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	0·65	1·29	0·90	1·47	...	...	0·17	0·70	1·60
		Rangpur ...	0·57	0·21	0·96	...	...	...	...	1·29	1·14	1·17	1·92	6·22	0·61	...	...	0·61	0·03	0·41
		Peergunge ...	1·76	0·37	0·50	...	...	...	0·23	0·85	0·45	0·42	2·08	5·57	0·25	...	...	...	1·06	1·38
		Kurigaon ...	0·25	1·15	1·64	...	...	...	...	1·03	0·37	0·62	6·71	4·69	0·02	...	...	0·20	...	0·03
		Gobindpur ...	2·13	0·10	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·83	1·12	1·60	0·24	0·36	...	0·23	0·41	0·26
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	1·20	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	1·16	1·57	0·71	3·41	0·74	0·10	...	1·24	0·15	1·50	0·57
		Ulipur ...	0·93	0·50	0·68	...	...	...	...	0·62	...	0·85	1·30	5·69	...	...	...	...	...	0·45
		Sundergunge	...	0·34	0·39	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·44	1·20	1·30	0·50	...	...	...	...	0·44
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	1·08	4·85	1·15	...	...	...	0·14	0·02	0·99	0·12	0·82	0·19	0·44	0·14	0·11	2·53	0·01	0·20
		Alipore Duar	0·30	2·28	...	...	...	...	3·10	0·05	2·39	2·08	0·98	...	...	1·39	0·31	0·57	0·44	...
		Falacotta ...	1·02	2·40	0·34	...	...	...	1·68	0·42	0·21	1·30	1·22	0·45	...	2·35	0·19	1·73	...	
		Debiganj ...	0·19	0·80	0·25	...	...	...	...	2·04	4·15	11·00	2·26	2·43	...	0·06	0·54	0·57	0·19	0·93
		Bhagatpur (*Nagrakatta*).	8·10	1·65	0·43	...	...	1·35	0·36	0·99	1·63	1·06	0·26	...	...	3·90	0·11	1·03	1·36	0·30
	Kuch Bihar ...	Dinhatta ...	3·03	0·38	2·34	0·02	...	...	1·32	0·66	2·43	0·95	2·88	0·76	0·55	..	0·50	0·24	1·16	1·04
		Kuch Bihar ...	0·27	0·95	1·03	0·40	...	...	0·90	0·59	1·24	1·85	3·75	0·47	0·64	...	1·49	1·80	0·31	0·43
		Mickliganj ...	0·29	1·99	0·48	...	...	...	...	1·59	1·12	3·09	3·93	1·02	...	0·18	0·49	1·30	0·19	0·80
		Mathabhanga	0·76	1·56	1·12	...	...	...	...	1·87	2·11	4·12	2·13	0·33	...	...	0·76	1·10	0·06	0·59
	Sikkim ...	Gnatong ...	1·82	0·99	0·39	0·56	0·30	0·22	0·06	0·64	0·50	0·47	0·94	0·40	0·41	0·35	0·26	1·83	0·08	0·48
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	4·37	5·72	0·13	...	1·21	...	1·00	...	1·30	1·49	0·13	0·03	0·07	0·03	0·99	0·74	1·08	0·55
		Siliguri ...	1·63	0·97	0·67	0·10	...	0·19	1·23	...	2·39	0·48	1·72	0·11	0·50	0·51	0·60	1·27	1·48	0·07
		Darjeeling ...	1·06	0·09	0·17	...	0·13	0·02	0·13	0·62	0·15	0·33	0·89	0·07	...	0·21	...	0·81	0·12	0·18
		Kalimpong ...	0·60	0·53	0·29	...	...	0·49	0·17	...	0·86	0·87	0·33	...	...	0·14	...	0·67	0·24	0·04
		Kurseong ...	1·40	0·80	0·38	...	...	0·16	0·29	...	1·10	1·16	0·58	0·02	0·24	1·80	0·09	0·67	0·65	1·11
	British Bhutan	Pedong ...	0·88	0·53	0·04	...	0·18	0·03	0·19	0·02	0·70	0·14	0·25	...	...	0·12	0·07	0·26	0·06	0·23
		Mongpoo ...	1·45	0·47	0·03	0·13	0·07	...	0·29	1·23	0·17	1·01	0·05	...	...	0·20	0·13	0·39	1·03	0·03
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	1·30	0·21	0·50	0·02	0·03	...	...	0·02	0·92	0·01	...	...	0·03	...	...	0·20	0·66	1·10
		Chittagong ...	1·55	0·29	0·19	0·01	0·17	...	0·82	0·01	0·30	...	...	...	..	0·01	0·66	0·11	1·27	1·51
		Kutubdia ...	0·55	0·36	0·04	...	0·10	...	...	...	0·21		...	...	...	...	0·84	0·33	0·50	2·52
		Satkanya ...	...	0·20	0·18	0·10	0·15	...	...	...	0·45	1·15	0·45	...	...	0·45	1·34	...	0·09	0·64
		Kodala ...																		
		Fenoa ...	0·90	0·82	0·59	0·38	...	...	1·51											
		Mirsarai ...	0·15	0·99	0·50	0·08	0·88	...	0·03	...	1·36	0·15	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	0·40	3·10
		Chandpore ...				0·10	0·09	...	...	0·12	0·79		...	...	...	...	0·85	0·30	0·23	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·29	0·35	0·49	0·09	0·82	...	...	...	1·58	...	...	...	0·14	0·22	3·06	1·45	0·25	0·79
		Bandarban ...	0·10	0·46	0·12	0·19	0·38	0·12	...	...	3·02	0·08	0·13	0·02	0·97	...	2·69			0·16
		Demagiri ...																		
	Backergunge...	Patuakhali ...	..	0·15	0·82	...	2·11	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·88	...	...	0·32	0·06	0·40	0·71	0·95
		Pirojpur ...	0·73	0·40	0·19	...	0·82	...	...	...	0·65		...	0·17	...	...	0·09	0·09	1·81	0·88
		Barisal ...	1·20	1·80	0·81	...	0·70	...	...	...	0·10	0·52	0·42	0·63	...	0·60	...	0·35	0·62	0·56
		Gournaddi ...	1·18	...	1·50	...	0·32	0·18	...	...	0·38	...	...	0·06	...	0·43	...	0·54	0·18	1·56
		Bhola ...	0·72	0·10	0·98	...	0·98	...	...	...	0·41	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	0·18	1·21	1·12
		Doulatkhan ...	1·06	...	0·41	...	1·76	...	...	...	...	0·82	...	1·11	...	0·75	0·29	0·22	1·37	2·70
		Bauphal ...	...	...	0·17	...	0·85	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	0·37	...	0·17	3·13	1·50
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·99	0·12	0·69	...	0·93	...	...	...	0·83	0·64	0·18	0·10	...	...	0·60	0·92	1·42	2·56
		Fenny ...	1·00	0·02	1·15	...	0·15	...	...	...	0·25	0·25	0·52	...	...	...	0·15	...	1·30	5·25
		Harishpur ...	2·66	...	0·52	...	0·80	...	...	0·03	0·85	0·13	0·27	...	...	...	0·19	0·40	2·85	3·74
		Ramganj ...	2·14	0·19	0·39	...	0·42	...	...	...	...	0·64	1·62	...	...	0·67	0·19	2·00	0·83	2·50
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	0·39	0·59	0·04	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·98	...	0·73	0·56	0·59
		Faridpur ...	1·27	0·93	0·16	...	0·03	0·92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·31	0·19	0·27		0·97
		Goalundo ...	0·45	0·30	0·85	...	0·67	0·60	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	0·73	...	...	0·15	0·44
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj	0·99	0·10	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·06	0·04	...	...	0·28	0·33	...	0·29	1·44
		Dacca ...	0·34	...	0·03	...	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	0·18	...	0·07	...	...	0·30	0·71
		Narainganj	1·61	0·26	0·03	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	0·06	0·53	...	...	0·21	0·76	...	0·32	1·14
		Manikganj	1·67	0·02	0·48	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·09	0·39
		Joydebpur ...	0·30	0·05	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·01	...	0·06	...	...	0·05	0·27	0·12	1·45
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	2·62	0·10	0·86	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·62	...	1·69	...	0·82	1·32	...	0·62	1·10
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	2·41	0·15	0·29	...	0·80	...	...	...	...	0·69	0·70	0·05	...	0·02	0·26	0·03	0·80	1·53
		Chandpur ...	2·37	1·71	0·63	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·70	...	2·20	0·12	0·40	0·76	1·69
		Brahmanbaria	0·93	0·03	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	1·65	...	0·22	0·88
		Ramchandrapur.	1·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	0·04	1·19
		Nasirnagar ...	0·60	...	0·75								...	2·05	...	1·10	0·75	...	...	1·19
		Daudkandi ...	1·25	...	...								...	0·25	...	1·25	...	0·95	1·05	1·25
		Kasba ...	3·20	0·12	0·74	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·10	...	...	...	1·08	0·15	...	0·25	0·33
		Laksham ...	2·80	0·77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·86	...	...	...	...	0·75	1·70	...
	Mymensingh...	Kishoreganj	0·45	...	1·95	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	1·11	1·47	2·48	...	...	0·22	0·22	...	0·45
		Atia (*Tangail*)	0·33	...	0·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·28	...	...	...	...	...	0·85	0·25
		Mymensingh	0·13	0·12	2·63	...	0·05	0·14	...	1·53	...	0·29	1·24	0·75	1·03	0·14	...	0·12	1·28	0·90
		Jamalpur ...	2·66	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	6·30	0·91	0·64	...	...	...	0·81	2·61
		Netrokona ...	...	...	2·80	0·72	1·19	...	...	0·91	...	...	3·42	...	0·35	...	...	...	1·11	1·79
		Subarnakhali	1·66	0·12	1·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·50	0·02	0·50	0·52	...	...	0·23	0·34
		Durgapur ...	...	1·80	2·30	...	...	...	1·00	0·75	0·40	0·90	5·00	0·25	...	...	...	3·40	0·50	1·10
		Sherpur Town	0·45	...	1·28	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	...	6·31	0·70	0·50	...	...	...	1·49	1·55
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	1·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	7·50	5·35	...	...	...	...	0·50	1·50	1·30
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	1·90	...	...	...	...	1·50	1·40	1·86	1·14	1·56	0·16	...	0·32	0·57	0·81	0·58
		Araria ...	1·80	0·30	0·85	...	...	...	...	0·09	1·70	2·70	0·17	0·25	...	...	...	1·60	0·40	0·28
		Purnea ...	0·16	0·18	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·99	..	0·04	...	...	0·21	1·3	0·64	0·48
		Gondwara (*Korah*).	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·49	6·40	0·54	...	1·67	...	1·24	0·35	1·14	0·13
		Barsoe ...	...	0·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·75	0·27	...	0·20	0·40	3·70	0·80	1·60	1·00
		Forbesgunj ...	0·35	0·26	1·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·93	...	...	...	...	0·74	0·40	0·25	0·16
		Kaliaganj ...	0·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·00	2·00	...	1·90	...	...	...	2·50	0·50	0·40
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	0·20	0·35
		Bongaon (Syfabad).				...	...	...	0·23	0·85	0·45	0·42	1·50							
		Supaul ...	0·97	...	0·76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·38	...	0·15
		Protabganj ...	...	...	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	1·18	...	
		Bhagalpur ...	0·40	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·24	...	0·31	...	0·04	0·06	0·46	0·95	0·34
		Banka ...	0·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·41	0·59	2·20	...	0·66	1·32	0·26
		Kolgong ...	0·95	0·05	0·13	...	...	...	0·16	...	...	0·02	...	1·98	...	...	0·42	0·39	0·89	0·28

n Bengal in May 1893—*continued.*

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May to 30th June 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 30th June.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
1·10	1·97	0·32	0·04	0·60	0·55	0·19	0·60	0·01	0·62	19	11·80	14·63	11·14	1·97	20·73	13·63	Malda ...	Malda ...	NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*
·03	2·11	0·32	...	0·35	0·45	0·20	0·47	...	0·57	18	11·46	10·69	12·58	2·11	12·53	15·62	Chanchal.		
·51	1·60	0·36	...	1·10	0·11	0·24	0·37	0·2	0·45		?		?			?	*Gajol.*		
1·85	2·50	0·25	...	1·20	1·80	0·15	0·30	0·11	0·71	19	?	19·00	?	2·50	23·61	?	*Sibganj.*		
·65	2·90	0·27	0·13	0·75	0·35	0·05	0·32	0·40	1·40	18	13·67	15·41	12·80	2·90	21·19	16·59	Mohadebpur ...	Dinajpur.	
...	4·00	0·05	0·04	0·69	0·58	0·11	0·27	...	0·35	18	11·50	16·15	11·87	4·00	19·85	14·97	Churamon.		
·50	4·44	0·15	0·08	0·25	1·70	0·50	0·96	0·20	0·31	21	12·43	19·10	14·38	4·44	20·43	18·08	Raiganj.		
·12	3·30	0·03	0·47	0·14	0·74	0·17	1·76	0·37	0·25	22	14·00	16·30	16·50	3·30	21·43	21·33	Dinajpur.		
·87	0·66	3·95	0·05	0·56	0·12	0·03	0·20		0·26	18	13·38	15·91	12·53	3·95	20·01	17·75	Baloorghat.		
...	0·56	...	...	0·35	0·27	...	...	2·80	...	15	?	19·81	?	4·73	20·54	?	*Thakurgaon*		
·50	3·63	0·22	...	0·89	1·08	...	...	0·70	1·68	19	13·63	16·61	15·99	3·63	22·37	21·16	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*).	Rangpur.	
·26	3·14	0·17	0·07	0·61	0·56	0·07	...	0·36	1·29	19	15·35	21·99	19·51	6·22	25·46	26·26	Rangpur.		
·16	2·85	0·60	0·80	0·27	0·38	...	0·28	0·29	3·57	23	?	25·15	?	5·57	......	?	Purnea.		
·97	2·15	0·?1	0·34	0·50	0·36	0·05	0·13	0·70	1·31	20	16·50	22·96	23·49	4·69	29·73	31·23	Kurigram.		
·43	2·50	1·82	...	0·50	0·59	0·05	...	0·94	5·65	20	?	22·86		5·65	23·59	?	Gobindpur.		
...	2·88	...	...	0·37	0·34	0·07	...	0·57	0·19	19	17·08	17·64	26·19	3·41	19·48	34·87	Bagdogra. (*Nilphamari.*)		
1·89	3·48	0·85	0·12	...	...	...	...	0·24	2·26	15	?	19·98	?	5·69	23·45	?	*Ulipur*		
·60	2·80	0·19	0·32	...	...	...	...	1·09	2·00	16	?	12·67	?	2·80		?	Sundergunge.		
...	...	0·20	0·04	0·14	0·06	0·06	0·01	1·45	0·35	18	19·40	15·33	28·42	4·85	19·61	35·86	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri.	
...	...	0·46	...	...	...	0·50	0·21	1·34	1·23	16	?	17·91	?	3·10	23·45	?	*Alipore Duar.*		
...	...	0·68	...	...	0·73	...	...	1·82	1·15	17	?	18·27	?	2·40	22·4	?	*Falacotta.*		
...	0·80	...	0·10	0·60	0·15	...	0·18	0·98	1·05	20	?	31·06	?	4·15	32·95	?	*Debiganj.*		
·15	0·92	1·20	0·96	...	0·12	0·40	1·44	3·20	0·20	24	?	31·41	?	8·10	51·12	?	*Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta).*		
·14	1·10	0·04	0·12	1·77	0·98	0·19	0·16	0·28	0·50	23	20·00	23·76	39·03	3·03	31·10	39·43	Dinhatta ...	Kuch Bihar.	
·20	0·49	0·27	0·12	1·18	...	0·50	0·06	2·25	0·10	24	2?·50	22·10	36·84	3·75	26·91	44·84	Kuch Bihar.		
...	0·78	...	0·19	1·18	...	0·11	...	1·85	0·23	20	19·33	21·61	28·25	3·93	23·08	36·51	Mickliganj.		
·06	0·51	0·10	0·31	0·73	0·03	0·32	...	0·83	0·10	19	20·42	20·26	31·87	4·12	23·60	40·21	Matabhanga.		
·05	0·72	0·71	0·22	0·51	0·78	0·93	2·57	1·67	1·05	28	?	22·84		2·57	27·63		Gnatong ...	Sikkim.	
...	...	...	0·12	0·26	...	2·11	2·08	6·12	1·75	21	23·35	33·56	45·2?	6·12	41·17	58·36	Buxa ...	Darjeeling.	
·28	...	0·30	0·25		0·09	0·08	·08	2·68	0·34	22	20·13	19·27	27·77	2·68	29·20	33·80	Siliguri.		
·60	0·54	0·16	0·20	1·34	0·22	6·47	4·44	2·06	0·33	24	20·85	27·32	24·00	6·47	28·81	28·34	Darjeeling.		
·43	0·64	0·17	0·14	1·87	0·07	9·50	3·53	1·75	0·06	21	18·75	26·07	19·43	9·50	28·44	23·07	Kalimpong.		
·70	1·75	0·58	0·17	1·26	0·05	1·11	4·09	3·4?	0·45	24	?	30·80	?	5·12	40·40	?	Kurseong.		
·50	1·23	0·27	0·74	1·17	0·26	3·72	3·49	1·?0	0·20	22	?	19·94	?	3·72	22·55	?	Pedong ...	British Bhutan	
·68	0·26	0·17	1·16	0·19	0·67	2·46	3·27	3·?5	0·88	23	?	23·30	?	3·27			Mongpoo.		
7·07	4·26	6·02	7·35	4·95	3·2?	2·30	0·12	0·12	0·04	18	19·26	55·44	34·31	8·35	85·35	39·40	Cox's Bazar ...	Chittagong ...	EAST BENGAL.
4·60	8·27	4·22	5·30	3·95	4·84	0·56	0·43	0·03	0·11	21	17·40	44·04	24·94	5·30	64·68	29·70	Chittagong.		
3·50	3·89	6·30	6·28	3·45	6·?0	3·40	1·80				?		?			?	*Kutubdia.*		
4·30	5·10	4·25	7·50	3·08	8·25	2·60	1·45	...	0·20	21	?	46·43	?	8·25	66·43	?	*Satkanya.*		
																	Kodala.		
·65	5·05			2·30	2·95	1·32	0·13	0·35	0·11		?		?			?	Fenoa.		
·25	4·57			1·63		1·44	0·17	0·13	...		?		?			?	Mirsarai.		
·30	5·05	5·00	2·08	2·08	0·34	1·60	0·62	0·25			?		?			?	Chandpore.		
·28	4·47	1·75	2·16	0·54	3·24	0·53	0·56	1·00	0·61	23	20·05	28·38	18·91	4·47	49·27	23·07	Rangamati ...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	
4·30	4·32	1·50	4·29	0·16	2·31	3·32	4·30	4·32	1·50		?		?			?	*Bandarban* ...		
																	Demagiri.		
·50	1·36	5·35	1·14	1·31	2·65	1·95	0·90	0·72	0·43	19	18·17	24·12	22·36	5·35	41·03	26·73	Patuakhali ...	Backergunge.	
·38	0·48	6·50	0·40	0·35	3·15	0·68	3·37	2·30	0·47	20	16·58	26·46	16·43	6·50	41·61	19·65	Pirojpur.		
...	0·55	3·70	2·95	0·81	1·82	1·42	1·58	0·32	0·12	23	17·15	24·61	16·50	3·98	39·78	20·38	Barisal.		
·73	0·15	2·24	2·18	2·35	1·55	1·12	1·16	0·17	0·14	21	?	21·12	?	2·35	33·29	?	*Gournaddi.*		
·38	0·93	5·51	0·45	0·32	3·14	1·38	0·78	1·58	0·10	21	18·97	24·52	21·40	5·51	35·76	24·95	Bhola.		
·17	1·22	3·87	0·46	1·47	2·41	2·39	0·34	1·19	0·11	22	?	27·98	?	3·87	42·57	?	*Doulatkhan.*		
·29	1·17	5·88	0·50	1·37	2·70	1·37	0·73	0·97	0·07	18	?	24·67	?	5·88	37·34	?	*Bauphal.*		
·35	3·13	3·28	0·53	1·56	2·18	2·61	2·56	0·20	...	23	18·15	31·10	26·07	4·31	41·90	30·61	Noakhali ...	Noakhali.	
·25	4·10	3·10	0·67	2·25	6·55	3·0?	2·45	0·88	0·35	21	17·15	37·81	25·56	6·55	47·43	33·08	Fenny.		
				3·06	3·77	2·90	1·06	0·78			?		?			?	*Harishpur.*		
·06	0·49	3·84	0·23	0·83	2·05	1·26	2·94	1·14	0·06	21	?	26·88	?	3·84	40·05	?	*Ramganj.*		
·45	1·83	1·90	0·56	1·51	1·35	1·20	0·74	1·40	0·16	19	16·15	18·36	13·30	2·93	29·11	17·13	Madaripur	Faridpur.	
·25	2·06	3·02	1·00	0·11	1·15	0·82	0·29	0·12	1·00	20	14·40	23·32	12·49	4·52	37·80	17·28	Faridpur.		
·70	1·25	3·10	0·42	0·57	1·34	2·35	0·25	...	2·68	20	14·21	2?·09	11·86	3·21	33·37	15·60	Goalundo.		
·06	1·50	1·69	0·8?	0·55	1·40	0·43	0·64	0·25	...	18	16·33	12·41	15·84	1·69	19·24	19·97	Munshiganj ...	Dacca.	
·74	7·70	0·54	0·39	0·30	0·60	0·55	0·54	0·04	1·20	16	15·50	18·73	13·37	7·70	27·64	17·33	Dacca.		
·81	2·69	2·36	0·61	0·46	0·92	0·64	0·81	0·71	...	18	15·25	17·31	13·96	2·69	24·69	17·54	Narainganj.		
·56	1·20	0·62	0·46	0·67	0·89	1·34	0·17	1·10	3·11	16	13·00	15·47	9·84	3·56	24·20	13·71	Manikganj		
·40	3·25	0·35	1·12	0·40	0·23	0·33	0·47	0·03	0·11	15	?	10·54	?	3·25	20·47	?	*Joydebpur.*		
·32	3·16	3·20	0·48	...	0·86	0·15	0·57	...	...	17	15·53	21·75	14·44	3·20	30·91	18·54	Agartola ...	Hill Tippera.	
·22	3·40	2·27	0·50	0·61	2·05	0·58	1·55	0·05	0·32	19	17·35	19·82	19·13	3·40	30·79	23·47	Comilla ...	Tippera.	
·38	0·58	1·80	0·24	0·84	1·86	0·51	1·20	0·28	0·29	22	18·00	19·67	16·77	2·37	26·90	20·77	Chandpur.		
·58	5·25	1·68	0·75	0·50	0·10	0·36	0·85	0·07	...	15	15·68	16·44	15·46	5·25	25·22	19·95	Brahmanbaria.		
·50	2·50	2·30	0·30	0·04	0·09	...	...	...	...	6	?	9·26	?	2·50	14·55	?	*Ramchandrapur.*		
·90	0·95	0·80	0·85	1·10	...	0·10					?		?			?	*Nasirnagar.*		
·05	2·10	2·50	0·75	1·25	1·05	1·20	1·30	...	...		?		?			?	*Daudkandi.*		
·05	4·25	1·70	0·62	0·60	0·70	0·55	0·68	0·15	0·95	18	?	19·00	?	4·25	25·45	?	*Kasba.*		
·83	0·90	3·05	1·05		2·00	1·5	1·10				?		?			?	*Laksham.*		
·81	1·40	1·42	1·03	0·61	0·22	0·39	...	...	0·07	18	16·84	20·72	19·07	5·81	33·01	23·64	Kishoreganj.	Mymensingh.	
·11	5·07	0·11	0·94	0·42	0·23	0·62	...		1·96	14	12·74	13·75	13·16	5·07	28·55	16·39	Atia (*Tangail*).		
·71	2·85	0·34	0·77	0·23	0·05	0·17	0·43	0·54	0·02	23	18·25	21·36	19·00	3·77	28·71	24·83	Mymensingh.		
·45	1·65	0·11	0·39	0·62	0·11	0·12	0·39	0·14	2·45	20	14·3?	22·60	14·99	6·39	27·05	19·02	Jamalpur.		
·51	2·95	1·55	0·40	0·40	...	...	1·42	0·22	1·04	18	19·25	24·76	21·78	3·42	32·77	26·93	Netrokona.		
·29	1·58	0·39	1·42	0·60	0·47	0·09	...	0·14	...	17	?	20·49	?	5·50	30·55	?	*Subornakhali.*		
·00	5·00	...	...	...	...	0·90	2·50	1·50	2·10	18	?	35·70	?	5·00	42·05	?	*Durgapur.*		
·92	1·12	0·58	0·23	0·40	0·25	...	0·20	0·91	0·80	19	?	19·50	?	6·31	25·21	?	*Sherepur Town?*		
·70	3·90	0·70	0·30	...	...	...	1·80	0·90	...	13	?	26·25	?	7·50	30·60	?	*Dewanganj.*		
·17	0·45	...	...	2·34	...	0·16	0·16	6·32	0·80	19	13·32	23·52	15·33	6·32	22·58	19·23	Kishanganj ...	Purnea ...	NORTH BIHAR.
·12	0·20	...	...	0·05	0·38	0·05	0·03	2·20	0·68	16	9·89	14·78	12·71	2·70	15·08	16·12	Araria.		
·02	1·05	0·03	...	0·33	0·04	0·28	0·69	0·64	0·13	14	10·95	8·14	11·46	1·30	8·26	14·39	Purnea.		
·40	0·10	0·33	...	0·33	0·77	0·11	0·14	...	0·81	17	?	17·15	?	6·40	18·76	?	*Gondwara (Korah).*		
·90	0·10	...	0·35	0·70	0·30	1·60	6·65	0·70	...	19	?	23·47	?	7·90	24·22	?	*Barsoe.*		
...	...	...	0·10	0·55	0·32	...	0·22	1·35	0·33	16	?	11·25	?	2·93	11·48	?	*Forbesganj.*		
·10	...	...		...	...	...	0·40	3·50	0·30	13	?	15·00	?	3·50	16·00	?	*Kaliaganj.*		
·12	...	...	...	0·50	... 0·60	0·15 0·05	0·62	0·88	...	10	9·20	3·95	8·66	0·90	5·61	10·95	Madhipura ...	Bhagalpur.	
											?		?			?	Bongaon. (Syfabad).		
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	0·34	...	0·14	6	9·50	2·74	9·33	0·97	3·38	11·50	Supaul.		
·12	1·79	0·62	...	...	0·11		...	0·89	...	5	?	3·82	?	1·18	3·82	?	*Protabganj*		
·56	0·96	0·54	0·04	0·05	0·27	0·29	0·15	0·06	...	16	9·30	10·08	7·71	1·91	11·56	9·30	Bhagalpur.		
·77	2·55	0·74	0·05	0·31	1·20	0·72	0·07	0·02	...	15	9·95	14·78	7·78	2·20	17·36	9·51	Banka.		
			...	0·25	0·06	0·16	0·17	0·21	...	17	?	[illegible]	?	2·55	11·78		*Kolgong.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Station[s]

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
NORTH BIHAR—concld.	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	0·60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	...	...	...	0·42	...	...	0·15
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	0·55	...	0·37	0·02	0·32	...	0·33	...
		Madhubani ...	...	0·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·49	0·08	...	0·09	0·02	0·06	...	0·05
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Roshera ...	0·40	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·76	...	...	...	0·21	0·32	...	...
	Muzaffarpur	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	0·32	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	1·95	0·24	...	0·29	...	...	0·07	...	...
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	0·94	...	0·02	0·02	...	0·03
		Hajipur ...	0·25	0·45	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	...	1·53	...	0·18	0·02	0·01	2·13
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	0·43	...	1·82	...	...	...	...
		Mahua (Chitwara).				...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
		Siuhar ...				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·30	0·85						...	...
		Pupri ...				...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·61	1·12	2·82	...	1·19	0·23	0·02	...	...	...
		Bettiah ...	...	0·33	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	1·13	0·50	0·28	...	1·08	0·05	0·06	...	...	...
		Bagaha ...	0·83	1·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·43	...	0·63	...	2·52	...	0·02	...	...	...
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	0·24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·43	0·55	...	1·42	0·08	...	...	...	...
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·41	0·28	...	1·36	...	...	0·02	...	0·17
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·54	0·60	...	0·55	...	0·11	...	...	0·33	0·11
		Chapra ...	0·19	0·25	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·26	0·50	...	0·27	...	0·30	...	...	2·93
		Sreepore ...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	1·90	...	...									
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	0·26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·11	0·12	0·10
		Debri ...	1·15	1·48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·92	...	0·24	...	1·24	0·15
		Bhabhua ...	0·49	0·59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	0·04	...	0·04	...	0·29	0·06
		Sasaram ...	0·36	1·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·26	...	...	...	0·73
		Arrah ...	0·37	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·68	0·04	0·17	2·16	0·12
		Mohaniah ...	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	0·05
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	0·70	...	...	0·50	0·90
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·24
		Ramnagar ...	1·50	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·17	0·63
		Koath ...	1·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	...	...	...	0·64	...	...	0·40	...	...	1·03
		Sikroul ...	0·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bassawan ...	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	0·42	...	...	...	...	0·13	...	...	0·12
		Manaharpur	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·35	...		
	Gaya ...	Aurungabad...	0·95	1·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	0·16
		Gaya ...	0·22	1·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·72	0·93	...	...	0·94
		Nawada ...	0·63	0·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·68	0·10	0·12	0·02	0·24	...	0·60	0·18
		Jahanabad ...	0·50	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·29	...	...	...	0·58	...	0·10	0·25
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	0·16	...	...	0·42
		Daudnagar ...	0·45	0·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	0·14	0·07
		Sherghati ...	1·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·42	...	...	...	...	...	0·15
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	0·70	1·27
		Pakri Barawan.	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·12	...	...	...	1·62	0·45
	Patna ...	Patna ...	0·72	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	...	...	...	...	1·27	...	0·09	...	...	3·74
		Dinapore ...	1·95	0·19	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	0·05	0·07	0·02	0·40	3·02
		Bihar ...	0·60	0·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·48	...	0·41	0·48	0·41	2·73
		Barh ...	2·36	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·31	...	...	0·14	...	0·16	...	...	2·38
		Bickram ...	1·50	0·07	0·22	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	0·25	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·37
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·42	...	0·16	0·14	...	1·93
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	1·98	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·28	0·16	...	2·21	...	0·64	0·57	0·12	1·36
		Monghyr ...	1·46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	1·46	...	0·81
		Jamui ...	0·60	0·11	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·42	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	1·14	0·43	1·07
		Gogri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·22	...	...	...	0·96	1·53	...	1·17
		Sheikpura ...	1·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	2·90	1·40	2·25
		Chahai Bamda	1·08	0·45	...	...	...	...	...	1·59	...	0·87	0·06	1·81	...	0·90	0·23	0·55	0·83	0·49	1·37
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21*	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	0·05	0·17	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	0·44	0·15	...	...	0·59	0·30	0·18	1·75	0·31
		Godda ...	1·40	0·92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·90	0·60	0·33	0·77	0·30	0·50	...	0·84	0·62
		Pakour ...	0·94	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·46	0·98	0·76	0·15	0·67	1·08	0·49	3·36
		Naya Dumka	1·20	...	...	0·04	...	...	0·29	0·01	0·15	...	0·20	0·48	0·01	...	1·10	0·43	2·73	0·67	1·86
		Deoghur ...	2·20	0·07	0·02	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	0·14	2·45	0·05	0·08	0·09	0·06	1·17	0·16	0·80
		Jamtara ...	1·25	0·18	...	...	...	...	0·47	0·32	0·48	...	0·09	0·42	...	0·29	2·24	0·33	0·92	0·52	1·34
		Belbadda ...	1·18	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·39	...	...	0·55	...	...	...	1·50	0·41	1·20	0·50	0·30
		Nanihat ...	2·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	0·54	2·37	1·03	0·85
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (Giridi).	0·47	0·18	...	...	...	...	0·54	0·15	0·06	...	0·16	0·25	0·29	1·83	2·12	0·11	1·83	1·06	...
		Hazaribagh ...	1·76	2·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·87	...	...	0·13	1·29	0·02	0·12	0·08	0·60	0·58	1·29
		Semtagurah ...	1·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·42	0·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mahudi Hills	1·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·49	...	...	0·80	0·10	...	0·55	0·50	0·09
		Jhoomrah Hills	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	1·00	...	...	...	0·10	1·20	0·20	0·50	0·30	0·50	0·60
		Barhi ...	1·15	1·78	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·83	...	...	0·37	...	0·47	...	...	0·30	...	...
		Chatra ...	1·50	1·21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	...	0·03	0·34	0·10	0·09	1·80
		Karagdeha ...	1·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·67	0·37	...	...	0·02	0·39	0·37	1·05	0·39	...
		Ramghar ...	...	1·03	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·86	...	...	...	...	...	1·11	...	...	1·25	2·72
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	0·22	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	0·06	...	...	0·77	1·56	0·16	1·07	0·25	0·68	...
		Ranchi ...	1·85	0·20	...	0·49	...	...	...	...	1·18	0·44	...	...	0·64	0·22	0·20	0·57	1·47	0·47	...
		Silli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·90	...	...	...	0·68	0·45	...	0·60	0·45	...	3·90	5·45
		Sirguja ...	0·84	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·60	0·50	0·80	0·15	0·23	0·60
		Jashpur ...	1·05	0·18	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	2·16	...	...	...	2·31	1·10	0·42	1·53	...	0·18	0·58
		Gangpur ...	3·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·30	...	...	...	...	0·75	0·50	1·53	0·25	1·02
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltonganj).	0·03	0·92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	0·22	...	0·06	0·35	0·35	0·53	0·46
		Balumat ...	0·80	0·60	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	1·30	...	...	0·45	0·20	...	0·13	0·71	0·48	0·30
		Hoseinabad ...	3·60	0·76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·57	...	...	0·64	0·20	...	0·40
		Garwah ...	0·45	1·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·47	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·18
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	0·02	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·66	...	0·21	0·32	1·33	1·38	0·10
		Chakradharpur.	0·03	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	0·18	1·42	...	0·01	0·40	...	0·15	0·48	0·39	0·63	...	0·60
		Ghatsila ...	0·58	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·12	...	0·28	...	2·60	...	...	1·50	0·60	0·21	...
		Baharagura	0·45	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	0·41	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·64	1·05	0·07	...	0·04
		Gailkura ...	0·40	2·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	0·20	0·50	0·54	0·24	0·20
		Kalikapur ...	0·26	0·14	0·02	...	0·12	...	...	0·50	2·36	0·10	0·89	...	...	...	0·91	0·78	0·16	0·20	0·26
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	0·27	0·10	...	0·75	0·18	...	...	0·20	0·70	0·36	0·34	0·15
		Gobindpur ...	...	8·22	...	...	...	...	0·24	0·05	0·18	...	0·08	0·52	...	1·07	0·40	0·12	0·89	0·59	0·90
		Raghunathpur.	0·35	0·30	...	0·19	0·29	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	0·32	...	...	0·75	0·15	...	0·43	0·17
		Barrabhum ...	...	0·30	...	0·47	...	...	...	0·03	1·70	...	0·74	...	...	...	0·52	1·40	1·10	...	...
		Jhalda ...	0·63	...	0·50	...	...	0·26	...	0·24	...	0·02	...	1·77	0·17	0·29	0·27	1·60	0·07	...	1·77
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	0·93	0·10	0·42	0·85	1·87	0·13
		Pandra ...	2·73	0·42	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·45	...	0·03	0·03	1·02	...	0·13	0·04	0·90	1·25	0·13
	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	Keonjhar ...																			
		Anundpur ...	...	0·92	...	...	0·62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	1·10	0·83	0·55	...	...
		Talcher ...	0·95	1·63	...	...	0·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·07	0·70	0·25	0·07	0·40	...	...
		Narsingpur ...	0·12	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·56	0·38	...	0·14	...	0·16
		Angul ...	0·86	0·52	0·21	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·43	0·74	0·90	0·43	...	...
		Dhenkanal ...	...	0·35	...	...	0·46	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·80	0·06	0·90	0·44	0·12	0·11	0·23	...
		Bispara ...																			
		Kunjabongar																			
		Baramba ...	0·11	0·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·56	...	1·00	1·54	...	0·46	...

Bengal in June 1893—*concluded.*

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May 1893 to 31st May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 31st May.	Station.	District.	Meteorological Division.
0·90	...	1·72	0·21	...	0·16	0·13	...	0·80	11	8·16	6·19	7·58	1·72	6·74	8·69	Tajpur ...	Darbhanga.	North Bihar—*concluded.*
...	...	0·88	...	0·13	0·03	0·17	0·49	3·89	12	8·32	7·91	7·92	3·89	8·85	9·12	Darbhanga.		
...	...	0·49	0·78	...	0·17	0·69	...	0·71	7	9·16	3·95	8·39	0·78	4·58	10·13	Madhubaani.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50		?		?			?	*Bahera.*		
1·40	...	0·63	0·15	...	0·10	0·20	0·50	0·40	13	?	5·39	?	1·40	5·39	?	*Roshera.*		
...	...	1·20	2·26	...	...	0·08	0·09	4·30	7	8·68	11·11	8·03	4·30	11·88	9·38	Sitamarhi ...	Muzaffarpur.	
...	...	...	0·22	0·55	0·04	0·12	0·23	1·14	8	8·15	4·38	7·53	1·14	4·90	8·91	Muzaffarpur.		
0·93	...	...	...	0·18	0·63	0·54	...	0·04	13	7·11	8·65	6·69	2·13	8·94	7·87	Hajipur.		
...	...	...	0·30	...	0·81	0·37		0·10		?		?			?	*Paru.*		
										?		?			?	*Mahua* (Chitwarra.)		
...	...	0·20	0·60	1·18	...	0·04	...	0·60		?		?			?	*Siuhar.*		
										?		?			?	*Papri.*		
...	...	0·30	1·42	1·36	0·04	0·12	0·29	1·83	11	8·94	11·55	7·89	2·82	13·36	9·28	Motihari ...	Champaran.	
...	...	...	0·20	0·16	0·20	...	0·09	2·54	10	8·47	6·84	8·49	2·54	8·30	9·66	Bettia.		
...	...	0·62	1·96	0·16	0·34	...	0·07	...	9	?	10·15	?	2·52	12·10	?	*Bagaha.*		
...	...	0·06	...	0·08	0·16	0·11	0·31	0·08	7	?	3·52	?	1·42	4·21	?	*Burhurwa.*		
...	...	3·57	...	1·00	0·11	0·84	0·39	0·04	10	7·83	8·30	6·43	3·57	9·12	7·67	Gopalganj ...	Saran.	
...	0·21	0·02	0·05	0·02	0·19	0·79	0·01	0·03	9	7·80	3·56	6·81	0·79	4·54	7·91	Siwan.		
0·23	0·23	0·07	0·06	0·02	0·37	0·46	0·01	0·01	13	6·90	7·15	6·02	2·93	8·01	6·96	Chapra.		
...	...	...	...	0·27	0·44	0·70	...	...		?		?			?	Sereepore.		
0·35	...	...	0·45	0·11	0·66	0·05	0·03	...	10	7·55	4·66	4·96	1·25	4·96	5·61	Buxar ...	Shahabad ...	South Bihar.
0·18	0·35	0·10	0·07	0·70	0·38	0·04	...	0·58	14	6·71	9·21	4·65	1·49	9·49	5·82	Dehri.		
0·12	0·40	0·21	...	0·52	1·89	0·19	...	1·70	12	6·15	7·96	5·26	1·89	8·83	5·85	Bhabhua.		
0·14	0·30	...	...	0·49	0·95	0·12	...	0·50	12	6·70	6·62	5·17	1·57	7·08	5·82	Sasaram.		
0·12	...	...	0·87	0·72	0·16	0·12	...	0·61	14	7·35	7·73	5·95	2·16	10·17	7·09	Arrah.		
0·60	...	...	0·70	...	0·60	...	...	0·30	6	?	4·09	?	1·50	4·49	?	*Mohaniah.*		
...	...	...	1·60	2·20	0·30	...	...	1·75	9	?	10·20	?	2·20		?	*Khiri.*		
0·30	0·47	0·35								?		?			?	*Ageaon.*		
0·70	...		0·27	0·11	0·45	...	...	...	10	?	5·86	?	1·50	5·86	?	*Ramnagar.*		
0·52	0·08	0·68	0·20	...	0·23	...	...	1·48	12	?	9·30	?	1·48	9·30	?	*Koath.*		
0·83	0·43	...	0·06	...	0·36	...	...	0·50		?		?			?	*Sikroul.*		
1·95	0·05	...	0·62	0·26	0·78	...	...	0·27	11	?	7·09	?	1·95	7·09	?	*Bassowan.*		
			0·40	1·58	0·60	...	...	1·68		?		?			?	*Manaharpur.*		
0·57	0·14	...	0·03	0·76	0·63	0·04	...	1·25	10	6·68	6·52	5·82	1·25	7·04	7·10	Aurungabad ...	Gaya.	
...	1·00	0·18	...	0·92	0·22	0·04	...	...	11	7·65	8·28	6·16	1·60	9·31	7·50	Gaya.		
0·22	0·12	0·03		2·30	0·49	0·02	...	...	14	6·75	8·08	5·45	2·30	10·23	6·85	Nawada.		
1·63	...	...	0·22	1·02	0·53	...	...	...	12	6·20	8·62	5·06	1·93	10·15	6·32	Jahánabad.		
0·80	...	2·15	...	1·47	...	...	...	...	6	?	3·84	?	1·47	6·52	?	*Arwal.*		
0·22	0·15	0·23	1·19	1·95	0·18	...	...	...	13	?	8·08	?	1·95	8·08	?	*Daudnagar.*		
...	...	0·40	0·35	0·25	0·70	0·50				?		?			?	*Sherghati.*		
0·29	1·70	...	...	0·80	1·36	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Rajauli.*		
1·15	...	...	0·65	0·26	0·15					?		?			?	*Pakri Barawan.*		
0·03	...	0·10	0·03	0·20	0·67	0·75	...	0·17	10	7·40	11·02	6·88	3·74	11·08	8·39	Patna ...	Patna.	
0·65	0·09	...	...	0·08	0·68	0·37	...	...	9	7·45	9·72	6·52	3·62	10·38	7·69	Dinapore.		
1·28	...	...	0·78	0·06	0·18	...	...	1·51	13	7·15	14·49	6·48	3·48	14·89	7·86	Bihar.		
0·50	...	1·17	0·45	...	0·10	0·60	...	10·23	13	6·85	9·26	5·08	2·38	9·92	6·43	Barh.		
2·65	...	...	0·21	0·95	0·73	0·27	...	...	12	?	9·11	?	2·65	10·28	?	*Bickram.*		
2·65	0·20	...	0·20		0·20	0·28	...	...	11	?	9·40	?	2·65	9·40	?	*Hilsa.*		
0·33	...	1·61	0·27	...	0·24	0·15	0·25	2·67	18	7·70	13·97	6·24	2·67	13·97	7·66	Begusarai ...	Monghyr.	
1·40	...	...	0·93	0·38	0·27	0·03	...	...	11	8·15	9·27	6·55	1·46	9·27	8·19	Monghyr.		
0·34	0·03	0·41	1·13	0·25	0·32	0·27	...	1·26	16	8·30	10·11	6·49	1·26	10·30	7·83	Jamui.		
4·12	...	...	...	...	1·59	...	...	...	7	?	11·80	?	4·12	11·80	?	*Gogri.*		
1·00	...	0·12	...	0·30	2·50	0·48	...	2·13	13	?	18·08	?	2·90	18·08	?	*Sheikpura.*		
0·30	0·04	1·17	1·62	1·20	1·25	0·37	...	0·10	20	?	18·10	?	1·81	19·96	?	*Chahai Banda.*		
										?		?			?	Chupreon.		
2·33	...	0·16	0·45	0·75	0·22	0·33	0·67	0·14	18	10·27	9·75	10·46	2·33	13·64	13·29	Rajmahal ...	Sonthal Parganas.	
1·00	0·62	0·02	0·37	0·41	1·37	0·01	...	0·03		10·06		6·81			9·12	Godda.		
2·71	0·29	1·38	0·55	0·64	1·01	0·89	...	0·05	19	12·85	19·65	10·50	3·36	23·36	13·52	Pakour.		
1·34	0·23	0·43	2·43	0·76	0·78	0·03	...	0·42	19	11·89	17·69	8·86	2·73	22·35	11·00	Naya Dumka.		
0·51	0·15	0·10	1·35	0·58	0·53	0·39	0·02	0·07	16	10·25	12·25	8·46	2·45	17·02	10·19	Deoghur.		
0·12	0·27	0·07	0·12	1·03	1·52	0·54	...	0·31	21	12·43	15·73	8·60	2·24	20·27	10·54	Jamtara.		
7·35	...	0·60	0·40	0·23	...	...	...	0·98	15	?	16·45	?	7·35	18·21	?	*Belbadda.*		
2·76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	?	13·60	?	2·76		?	*Nanihat.*		
0·08	0·40	0·77	0·49	1·13	1·59	0·59	...	1·31	21	11·16	18·06	8·20	2·12	21·40	9·70	Pachamba (*Giridi*) ...	Hazaribagh ...	Chota Nagpur.
0·03	1·21	0·31	0·03	1·43	2·46	0·46	...	0·32	16	10·45	15·66	7·12	2·46	18·40	8·62	Hazaribagh.		
										10·83		7·61			9·09	Semtagurah.		
0·48	0·63	0·50								9·42		7·57			9·03	Mahudi Hills.		
1·40	0·10	...	0·90	2·10	0·50	...	1·10	...	16	10·70	11·50	10·34	2·10	16·20	11·98	Jhoomrah Hill.		
...	0·56	0·58	0·24	0·91	0·31	0·15	...	0·20	15	?	8·80	?	1·78	12·03	?	*Barhi.*		
0·10	1·34	0·68	0·45	1·08	2·45	0·12	...	...	15	?	12·66	?	2·45	13·67	?	*Chatra.*		
0·06	0·45	0·71	0·55	1·87	1·47	0·12	...	0·04	15	?	10·91	?	1·87	13·14	?	*Karagdeha.*		
...	...	0·63	...	...	2·10		1·86			?		?			?	*Kamghar.*		
...	0·30	0·39	0·40	1·07	2·05	0·50	...	0·15	17	10·86	10·13	7·83	2·05	10·50	9·62	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga.	
0·09	0·58	0·25	0·05	1·10	3·20	0·25	...	0·53	19	12·40	14·33	8·65	3·20	17·24	10·60	Ranchi.		
			...	0·30	0·70					?		?			?	*Silli.*		
0·09	0·62	0·34	0·75	1·62	3·20	...	...	1·18	14	?	11·74		3·20	14·84		Sirguja.		
0·35	0·15	0·13	0·45	1·32	1·97	1·15	...	1·00	19	?	17·54		2·31	18·49		Jashpur.		
...	0·03	0·07	0·90	0·20	2·00	1·04	...	...	12	?	13·33		3·44	15·06		Gangpur.		
0·05	0·01	0·88	1·13	1·19	2·53	0·98	...	...	13	7·95	10·63	6·04	2·53	10·91	7·69	Palamau. (*Daltongunj*).	Palamau.	
0·80	0·32	2·40	2·96	1·74	4·44	0·35	...	...	17	?	18·34	?	4·41	19·51	?	*Balumat.*		
0·03	...	0·25	0·07	0·73	1·63	0·55	...	...	12	?	10·98	?	3·00	11·70	?	*Hoseinabad.*		
...	0·06	0·25	1·50	1·15	1·40	0·21	...	...	11	?	9·84	?	2·52	9·84	?	*Garwah.*		
0·09	0·17	0·52	0·13	0·75	4·17	0·13	0·01	3·28	15	11·55	14·65	8·30	4·17	21·57	10·72	Chaibassa ...	Singhbhum.	
0·20	1·13	0·70	0·59	3·70	0·70	0·29	1·49	...	17	?	13·30	?	3·70	17·45	?	*Chakradharpur.*		
1·39	2·84	4·00	1·73	1·00	4·00	0·10	...	0·70	17	?	22·96	?	4·00	31·08	?	*Ghatsila.*		
...	5·62	2·15	1·05	0·50	0·30					?		?			?	*Baharagura.*		
0·35	2·20	1·40	0·70	2·20	0·50	...	2·20	...	16	?	12·39	?	2·20	17·63	?	Gallikura.		
0·57	2·20	2·05	2·21	1·26	8·68	0·16	...	0·14	22	?	25·44	?	8·68	34·06	?	Kalikapur.		
...	1·76	8·00	1·46	1·13	1·95	0·23	...	1·86	19	12·05	21·60	6·68	8·00	27·94	10·59	Purulia ...	Manbhum.	
...	0·38	...	1·03	1·53	1·93	1·45	...	1·53	19	10·50	16·52	7·84	2·41	22·24	8·63	Gobindpur.		
...	0·33	...	0·39	2·15	1·08	0·40	...	0·88	18	?	10·34	?	2·15	14·80	?	*Raghunathpur.*		
...	2·50	4·50	1·50	0·92	3·10	0·10	...	...	14	?	19·50	?	4·50	26·65	?	*Barrabhum.*		
0·83	0·92	...	0·35	1·43	...	...	0·66	...	15	?	11·78	?	1·77	15·91	?	*Jhalda.*		
...	1·46	0·62	...	1·24	2·41	0·95	...	...	13	?	13·98	?	2·41	18·05	?	*Chas.*		
0·02	0·13	0·01	0·57	1·23	1·33	1·05	...	1·11	17	?	13·90	?	2·73	20·44	?	*Pandra.*		
0·11	...	0·65	1·38	0·08	1·10	...	0·20	...	11	?	8·12	?	1·38	14·77	?	Keonjhur ...	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	
...	0·03	0·71	1·00	0·80	0·35	0·14	0·08	0·52	16	?	9·81	?	1·63	15·41	?	Anandapur.		
...	...	0·50	0·18	0·98	0·03	0·95	0·46	...	12	?	5·99	?	1·56	9·59	?	Talcher.		
...	0·03	0·21	0·52	0·60	0·61	0·38	1·66	0·02	15	?	9·60	?	1·68	14·67	?	Narsingpur.		
		0·70	0·23	0·56	0·59	1·51	0·04	0·03	14	?	7·39	?	1·51	17·75	?	Angul.		
												?			?	Dhenkanal.		
												?			?	Bispara.		
												?			?	Kaunjabongar.		
...	...	...	0·14	0·51	0·76	...	1·42	0·59	13		8·26	?	1·54	12·94	?	Baramba.		

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1893.

The meteorological elements varied from the normal to an unusual extent, and of these irregularities the most noteworthy are—

1. Mean pressure for the month is uniformly above the normal over the whole province by about ·05 inch. Notwithstanding this large excess, the monsoon current during the latter half of the month was very strong as judged by the heavy rainfall.
2. The rainfall has been very irregularly distributed, and was largely due to local thunderstorms, which caused excessive rainfall over limited areas.
3. The days were much more cloudy than usual, and day temperatures are much below the normal, especially in the western districts. Mean minimum temperature, though below the normal, is only slightly so.

At the beginning of the month south-west monsoon conditions were fairly general in all districts, having followed the cyclonic storm at the end of May. Fine weather began over the Bay about the beginning of the month, and by the 4th was general over Bengal. With the exception of a few local thunderstorms, this settled weather with high, though not excessive, temperature continued till nearly the middle of the month, when a disturbance in the Bay caused the renewal of monsoon weather. This disturbance seems to have been due to the very high pressure which then prevailed in the north of the Bay and over Bengal, because at all the coast stations in Madras and Burma pressure continued practically normal except on the day when the centre of the disturbance was near the coast of the Circars, and there was then a very rapid fall. But that the intensity of the disturbance was dependent largely on this relatively high-pressure area in the north is shown by the rapid loss of intensity that occurred, when pressure over Bengal and the north of the Bay began to give way.

The first signs of the disturbance appeared on the 8th in the south-east of the Bay, but weather was not generally disturbed till the 12th, when pressure readings were very uniform round the coast and a diffused depression covered the Bay. The depression steadily developed, wind velocity increased daily at Diamond Island, but pressure changes continued small everywhere. The depth of the depression and the intensity of the disturbance were to a large extent due to the very high and increasing pressure in Bengal and the north of the Bay, and on the 12th, when the low-pressure area was shown over almost the whole of the Bay, the lowest readings were very little under 29·65 inches. These pressures were all above the normal values. On the 13th the distribution was almost the same, there being a slight fall in the south and a slow rise in the north of the Bay, but on the 14th the fall became brisk in Madras and the Circars, and the area of lowest pressure appeared much nearer the west coast. This was followed on the 15th by a very rapid fall in the Circars, and some time during the night the depression crossed the coast between Cocanada and Vizagapatam. By the time the centre reached the coast the depression was becoming much more diffused owing to the high pressure in the north beginning to give way, and at the same time it was filling up. Under these conditions the stormy weather moderated very rapidly, but for two or three days afterwards strong winds and a rough sea prevailed along the west coast as far south as Masulipatam.

While the depression was still over the sea, showery weather was being experienced in many parts of Bengal; but as the rainfall was due to local thunderstorms, it was scattered and irregular. On the 13th in Orissa and on the 13th and 14th in most of the other districts the showers were neither so heavy nor so general. After the depression crossed the coast and moved into Central India, winds became southerly in Bengal and ordinary monsoon weather was general except in North Bihar, where rainfall was still scattered. This monsoon weather continued with little change till the 19th, when a period of unsettled conditions began in Lower Bengal, and led to the unusually heavy rainfall, which was the chief feature of the weather in the latter part of the month. Pressure oscillations were unusually large and gave rise to thunderstorms of great local intensity. There was a rapid fall of pressure on the 19th and 20th, followed by an equally rapid rise on the 21st and 22nd, when the distribution was almost normal. To understand the great irregularity of the rainfall during these days reference must be made to the tables, when it will be seen that very heavy falls were recorded at some places, while at the neighbouring rain-measuring stations amounts were only light or moderate.

These changes led up to a depression which appeared in South-West Bengal on the 23rd, and which, owing to the continued decrease of pressure in East Bengal, covered the whole of Lower Bengal on the 24th with its centre about midway between Burrisal and Comilla. There was then defect of a quarter of an inch in East Bengal, and the cyclonic circulation caused by the depression extended over the whole province. Very heavy rain fell in Lower Bengal on the 23rd, but though it was general on the 24th, amounts were much smaller. The eastward motion of the low-pressure area then stopped, and after remaining stationary for a day, it began to move with moderate rapidity, but with little change of intensity towards the west, crossing Lower Bengal and Chota Nagpur. On the 26th the centre was between Jessore and Faridpur, on the 27th between Ranchi and Hazaribagh, and on the 28th after a rapid rise of pressure it had practically ceased to affect weather in Bengal. Though the depression remained in almost the same position for four days, and gradients were steep over the Bay, the increase of wind velocity was inconsiderable.

The quantity of rain, however, was unusually large in places, and, except in Orissa and South-West Bengal, just at the end of the month, the general rainfall continued. During the passage of the depression across Chota Nagpur the rainfall was very heavy, especially in Singbhum and Manbhum, and for that period the average fall in Chota Nagpur was two and-a-half times the normal. Owing to the rapid recovery of pressure, conditions were normal on the 28th, and the rise continuing there was soon a considerable excess. Ordinary monsoon weather continued, however, till the end of the month, and almost general rain fell in all districts. At the same time gradients became less steep in the Bay, and a period of comparatively calm weather began.

Pressure.—The chief peculiarity in connection with pressure has been the large excess which has generally prevailed before the formation of a depression. Just before a disturbance begins pressure is generally more uniform than usual, but this may be due to a relatively low distribution in the south or to relatively high readings in the north. The latter arrangement was very noticeable before the disturbance, which led to general monsoon weather in the middle of the month. Owing to these high readings the means for the month are above the normal at all stations by fairly uniform amounts. The largest excess is ·058″ at Midnapore, and the smallest ·03″ at Dacca and Hazaribagh.

Temperature—Has been steadily below the normal, especially during the day, throughout almost the whole month. During the first half of the month, when almost cloudless weather was general, rather high readings were recorded in the northern districts. The means in North and East Bengal and Bihar were above the normal by small amounts at the end of the first week, and also in East Bengal up to the middle of the month, but after that low temperatures prevailed except in the extreme north, where there was an occasional small excess. As stated above, the defect in maximum was much greater than in minimum temperature owing to the densely-clouded skies. The mean defect in the former is about 6° in Chota Nagpur, 4° in South-West Bengal and Orissa, and about 2° in the other districts, while in minimum temperature defect is under 1° in all districts except Chota Nagpur.

The difference between the mean for the month and the normal varies from —0·6° in North Bengal to —5·1° in Chota Nagpur.

Rainfall.—Owing to the local character of the rainfall, it is difficult to give a correct idea of the amount except by taking the means for the various districts or subdivisions, and even these show much variation. In Orissa the mean fall is slightly below the normal, in North Bihar exactly normal, and in North Bengal a tenth of an inch above, while in the other districts there is a large excess. In South Bihar the mean excess is 3·76, in East Bengal 6·12, in Chota Nagpur 6·81, and in South-West Bengal 8·4 inches. A large proportion of the rainfall occurred during the last week, and the excessive character of the falls in Lower Bengal, Chota Nagpur and South Bihar is due to the depression which formed in South-West Bengal, and after moving eastward, returned across Lower Bengal and passed through Chota Nagpur.

For the falls at the various stations reference must be made to the tables, but the more striking of the irregularities may be noted. In three separate areas in Lower Bengal the falls were between 20 and 30 inches, while intermediate between them there was a considerable tract in parts of which the fall was little over 10 and never over 15 inches. These areas contain portions of different districts. Those of the heavier rainfall included part of the 24-Parganas, Howrah and Midnapore, Singhbhum and Manbhum, also parts of Faridpur, Rajshahi, and Murshidabad. The lighter falls occurred in Burdwan and part of Birbhum. In Orissa the total fall varied from 2·4 inches in the south to about 15 inches in the north, but in East Bengal it varied from 55·4 at Cox's Bazar to less than 10 inches at Ramchandrapur in Tippera. In North Bengal the falls were generally between 15 and 25 inches, the chief exceptions being—Buxar 33·56, Kurseong 30·8, Bhagalpur and Debiganj in the Jalpaiguri district over 31, and Darjeeling 27·32 inches. In the greater part of Bihar the falls were between 5 and 10 inches.

As compared with the normal, the areas of deficiency are the south of Orissa, North Bihar, and the northern districts of North Bengal, where defect ranges up to 15 inches. Elsewhere there is excess, generally of less than 10 inches, but in some of the parts where falls were heaviest, excess reaches almost 20 inches and at Cox's Bazar exceeds it.

The following table gives a condensed view of the rainfall of the various divisions of Bengal in June and in each of the previous months of the present year as compared with the normal values for the same period. The figures given represent the actual falls expressed as a percentage of the normal falls, and it will be seen that almost without exception the rainfall has been above the normal since the commencement of the year, and that for the six months the percentage varies from 115 in North Bengal and North Bihar to 247 in Orissa:—

Metreorological Divisions.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Actual rainfall of first six months of 1893 expressed as a percentage of the normal fall for the period.
Orissa	422	309	238	89	607	99	247
South-West Bengal	120	464	160	115	225	183	199
North Bengal	104	377	145	213	96	100	115
East Bengal	80	291	123	149	207	134	156
North Bihar	170	357	134	208	84	100	115
South Bihar	115	602	188	255	171	156	180
Chota Nagpur	155	585	226	151	212	185	212

The following table gives full data for the comparison of the actual and normal rainfall of the month of June for all the districts of the Province. The figures are derived from the average and actual rainfall of rain-recording stations in each district, due allowance being made for the area which each represents :—

Percentage Table for June 1893.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for June.	Actual district rainfall for June 1893.	Percentage of actual to normal rainfall.	Percentage excess (+), deficit (−).
Orissa ...	Puri	7·89	3·56	45	— 55
	Cuttack	9·12	7·42	81	— 19
	Balasore	8·25	11·58	140	+ 40
South-West Bengal	Midnapore	9·59	18·95	198	+ 98
	24-Parganas	9·83	20·95	213	+113
	Howrah	9·45	21·76	230	+130
	Hooghly	9·75	18·95	194	+ 94
	Burdwan	9·23	13·90	151	+ 51
	Bankura	9·56	19·88	208	+108
	Birbhum	9·10	13·16	145	+ 45
	Nadia	9·62	20·95	218	+118
	Khulna	12·44	20·04	161	+ 61
	Jessore	12·10	15·66	129	+ 29
	Murshidabad	9·05	21·07	233	+133
East Bengal ...	Chittagong	26·32	47·84	182	+ 82
	Backergunge	18·66	25·40	136	+ 36
	Noakhali	24·18	32·44	134	+ 34
	Faridpur	12·61	20·96	166	+ 66
	Dacca	12·91	16·24	131	+ 31
	Tippera	17·21	18·75	109	+ 9
	Mymensingh	17·42	21·05	121	+ 21
North Bengal ...	Pabna	11·32	17·97	159	+ 59
	Bogra	13·11	16·10	123	+ 23
	Rajshahi	10·26	18·05	176	+ 76
	Malda	10·60	12·66	119	+ 19
	Dinajpur	13·25	16·57	125	+ 25
	Rangpur	21·49	20·32	95	— 5
	Kuch Bihar	32·75	21·91	67	— 33
	Jalpaiguri	29·12	15·33	53	— 47
	Darjeeling	24·02	27·32	114	+ 14
North Bihar ...	Purnea	12·98	14·83	114	+ 14
	Bhagalpur	8·42	8·79	104	+ 4
	Darbhanga	8·00	5·87	73	— 27
	Muzaffarpur	7·08	7·76	110	+ 10
	Champaran	8·31	8·86	107	+ 7
	Saran	6·39	6·24	98	— 2
South Bihar ...	Shahabad	5·30	7·07	138	+ 38
	Gaya	5·52	7·83	142	+ 42
	Patna	5·95	11·85	199	+ 99
	Monghyr	6·38	10·55	165	+ 65
	Sonthal Parganas	8·59	15·29	178	+ 78
Chota Nagpur ...	Hazaribagh	7·90	16·46	208	+108
	Lohardaga	8·44	10·45	124	+ 24
	Palamau	6·04	10·63	176	+ 76
	Singhbhum	8·01	14·65	183	+ 83
	Manbhum	8·42	20·58	243	+143

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the month of June 1893 :—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.							
	Highest observed during month.	Lowest observed during month.	Averages for month.			Average mean of month above or below normal mean of month.	Of month.			Rainy days.			Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in month.	Normal average number in month.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	97·1	71·6	88·7	79·0	83·9	−2·2	8·72	8·79	−0·07	11·92	9·90	+2·02	27·94	10·97
South-West Bengal	98·6	70·7	89·4	78·2	83·7	−2·6	18·54	10·14	+8·40	16·02	12·29	+3·73	26·94	12·78
North Bengal	97·1	71·7	88·2	76·3	82·3	−0·6	17·65	17·57	+0·08	18·92	14·71	+4·21	23·34	22·84
East Bengal	94·3	70·9	86·2	76·8	81·5	−1·0	24·28	18·16	+6·12	19·28	16·67	+2·61	36·27	22·39
North Bihar	103·8	68·8	92·1	77·7	84·9	−1·2	8·70	8·70	0	11·45	8·89	+2·56	9·62	10·40
South Bihar	107·6	72·3	93·4	78·2	85·8	−2·7	10·50	6·74	+3·76	13·90	8·40	+5·50	12·09	8·27
Chota Nagpur	98·8*	65·4*	87·9*	73·4*	80·7*	−5·1	14·79	7·98	+6·81	[illegible]·22	10·67	+6·55	18·56	9·00
Assam	94·1	70·3	86·9*	75·6	81·2	−1·1								

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 11th July 1893.

C. LITTLE,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract of the results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory in the month of June 1893.

	Inches.	Date.	Hour.
The mean pressure of the month	29·597		
The average pressure of June from 24 years' registers ...	29·549		
The highest pressure in the month	29·765	9th	10
The lowest pressure in the month	29·316	26th	16
The range of pressure	0·449		
	Hours.		
The total number of hours of bright sunshine during the month	123·6		
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine ...	403·4		
	°		
The mean temperature of the month	83·1		
The average temperature of June from 24 years' registers ...	85·0		
The highest temperature in the month	91·9	3rd.	
The lowest temperature in the month	75·4	1st.	
The range of temperature during the month	16·5		
The mean daily range of temperature	9·5		
The greatest range of temperature in one day	13·6	12th.	
	Per cent.		
The mean humidity of the month	86		
The average humidity of June from 24 years' registers ...	81		
	Inches.		
The mean vapour tension of the month	0·973		
The average vapour tension of June from 9 years' registers ...	0·998		
The mean cloud proportion of the month	7·67		
The average cloud proportion of June from 16 years' registers ...	7·04		
The total rainfall of the month	25·65		
The total rainfall indicated by a Beckley's self-registering rain-gauge (mouth of the gauge about 52 feet above the ground)	?		
The average fall of June from 48 years' registers ...	12·08		
The greatest fall in 24 hours	8·46	20th.	
	Days.		
The number of rainy days in the month	19		
The average number of rainy days in June from 24 years' registers	19		
	°		
The mean maximum equilibrium temperature of solar radiation during the month	140·8		
The mean difference of sun and air temperatures	53·2		
The greatest sun temperature	157·4	12th.	
The greatest excess of sun over air temperature	68·3	25th.	
The mean temperature of the nocturnal radiation thermometer on woollen cloth	76·3		
The mean depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature at 4 feet above the ground	1·9		
The greatest depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature	4·2	9th.	
	Miles.		
The mean movement of the wind per day	108·7		
The greatest movement of the wind in one day	241·0	27th.	
The greatest movement of the wind in one hour	18·0	27th, 10 to 11 and 11 to Noon.	

The number of hours with winds from each of the 8 points—

N. 11, N.E. 4, E. 29, S.E. 64, S. 230, S.W. 225, W. 62, N.W. 38, Calm 57.

The results of observations at the Alipore Observatory are not rigorously comparable with the registers of past years (at the Park Street Observatory). The barometer is about 3 feet higher at Alipore, and, other things being equal, reads therefore ·003 lower. The diurnal range of temperature is also greater at Alipore, and the mean temperature apparently about 0·5 higher; and, finally, the thermometer which furnished the record of temperature at the Surveyor-General's Office during 20 years and upwards is found to read 0·6 higher than the Kew standard thermometer, which is the standard of reference at the present Observatory.

J. H. GILLILAND,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA;

Calcutta, the 10th July 1893.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·675	29·630	—	SW	312	90·2	7th July	77·6	4 & 5 July	87·9	80·4	84·1
		Gopalpore ...	29·677	29·638	+·064	SW	333	87·7	3, 4, & 7 ,,	75·8	4 & 5 ,,	87·1	77·7	82·3
		False Point ...	29·677	29·640	+·070	SWly	298	87·9	3 & 5 ,,	74·6	4th ,,	86·5	78·7	82·6
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·600	29·623	+·060	SW		91·7	4th ,,	74·8	5th ,,	89·3	77·9	83·6
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·617	29·619	+·058	SW	196	89·4	2 & 3 ,,	73·8	5th ,,	87·3	77·0	82·1
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·526	29·621	+·059	SW	115	92·3	3rd ,,	74·1	4th ,,	88·4	76·8	82·7
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·650	29·617	+·061	SWly	120	87·6	3rd ,,	73·7	5th ,,	85·8	77·1	81·4
		Saugor Island	29·657	29·627	+·067	SWly	470	87·7	2 & 3 ,,	78·0	3, 5, 6 ,,	86·2	79·0	82·6
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·615	29·610	+·059	Sly	163	89·3	3rd ,,	75·7	5th ,,	86·7	77·6	82·2
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·648	29·623	+·053	Sly	107	90·5	3rd ,,	74·4	5th ,,	87·4	76·7	82·1
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29·571	29·617	+·062	S	119	90·6	3rd ,,	76·2	4 & 5 ,,	87·0	78·3	82·7
		Raniganj ...	29·317	29·602	+·046	SW	76	91·7	3rd ,,	74·9	4 to 7 ,,	88·7	76·3	83·5
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·342	29·591	+·054	SEly	87	90·1	3rd ,,	75·6	5th ,,	87·4	77·5	82·5
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·590	29·605	+·041	S	139	87·1	2nd ,,	76·3	5th ,,	85·2	78·7	81·9
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·631	29·627	+·042	Sly	109	86·6	8th ,,	74·7	4 & 6 ,,	85·0	76·2	80·6
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·598	29·611	+·057	SE	104	88·2	2, 6, 8 ,,	74·2	6th ,,	86·9	75·5	81·2
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·590	29·609	+·057	Sly	219	88·1	8th ,,	75·6	4, 5, 6 ,,	85·7	76·7	81·2
	Malda	Malda ...	29·562	29·594	—	SE	104*	90·6	5th ,,	75·5	3rd ,,	87·6	77·4	82·5
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·536	29·613	+·020	E	92	90·1	4th ,,	75·2	4th ,,	86·8	77·1	82·0
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·547	29·624	+·012	E	79	88·8	5 & 6 ,,	74·7	4th ,,	86·2	76·4	81·3
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri ...	29·395	29·633	+·051	Variable	86	88·9	3rd ,,	73·6	4th ,,	86·4	74·8	80·6
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	22·891	—	+·007	Variable	90*	66·1	4 & 5 ,,	54·1	6th ,,	64·1	55·9	69·0
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	19·0·9	—	—	Variable	58*	56·9	6th ,,	35·1	5 & 6 ,,	53·0	37·0	45·1
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·668	29·703	+·063	SE	129	88·7	2nd ,,	74·1	2 & 4 ,,	82·5	75·4	79·0
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·687	29·645	+·063	SEly	141	88·3	2nd July	74·9	5 & 6 ,,	83·9	76·8	80·4
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·688	29·678	+·056	SW	191	85·5	3rd ,,	74·8	6th ,,	82·8	76·2	79·6
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·661	29·655	+·063	Sly	148	86·5	2 & 3 ,,	74·9	3rd ,,	85·2	76·8	81·0
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·665	29·635	+·043	Sly		88·1	8th ,,	75·2	5th ,,	85·7	77·6	81·6
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·681	29·664	+·055	Sly	178	86·9	3rd ,,	74·8	3, 4, 5 ,,	84·1	76·0	80·1
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·629	29·630	+·034	SEly	135	86·7	2nd ,,	74·6	4 & 6 ,,	84·3	75·9	80·1
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·519	29·597	+·031	Variable	69	90·2	5th ,,	74·2	4th ,,	86·5	77·1	81·8
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·469	29·582	+·033	Calm	48	90·7	2nd ,,	73·5	4th ,,	87·9	76·2	82·1
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·467	29·568	+·028	Variable	154	88·9	2nd ,,	76·2	7th ,,	87·0	77·8	82·4
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·459	29·590	—	ESE	138	89·7	6th ,,	76·7	7th ,,	87·1	77·6	82·4
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·395	29·576	+·030	ENE	179	91·2	6th ,,	74·9	5th ,,	88·3	76·4	82·3
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·445	29·579	+0·57	Ely	140	92·3	6th ,,	74·6	7 & 8 ,,	88·9	77·6	83·3
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·264	29·567	+·036	Sly	35	91·3	6th ,,	74·0	7th ,,	88·4	77·2	82·9
		Buxar ...	29·388	29·581	+·049	Ely	121	89·5	2nd ,,	74·3	7th ,,	87·9	76·5	82·2
		Arrah ...	29·430	29·571	+·055	Variable	60	92·4	6th ,,	74·5	7th ,,	90·0	77·6	83·8
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·241	29·566	+·029	E	129	92·4	6th ,,	76·8	3 & 5 ,,	90·5	78·0	84·3
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·436	29·570	+·023	E	138	90·5	2nd ,,	77·2	4th ,,	87·9	78·0	83·6
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka	29·145	29·591	+·044	Sly	56*	88·1	2nd ,,	72·8	7th ,,	86·2	75·8	81·1
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·651	29·597	+·041	SSW	183	84·2	2 & 4 ,,	70·8	4 & 7 ,,	82·5	72·1	77·3
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·528	29·585	+·030	SW	170	85·0	2nd ,,	69·4	5th ,,	82·6	71·3	77·0
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa ...	28·592	29·598	+·069	SWly	40*	90·4	4th ,,	74·2	4 & 5 ,,	87·4	75·8	81·6
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·388	29·676	+·032	SWly		89·6	2nd ,,	74·5	4th ,,	87·8	75·5	81·7
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·567	29·636	+·031	Variable	147	86·2	2nd ,,	73·8	4th ,,	83·1	75·6	79·4
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·632	29·637	+·049	Calm		89·5	6th ,,	73·8	4th ,,	84·7	75·4	80·0

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 10
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.*, from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 8th of July 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. Rainfall. Of week. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Since 16th May 1893. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	DISTRICT.
—	82·8	88	6·9	0·87		2·32		3·01		2·93			13·45		Puri.
—1·0	81·4	87	2·9	1·38											
—0·7	82·1*	86*	8·4	1·70											
—1·0	82·1	79	7·6	1·92		2·71		2·98		3·31			14·32		Cuttack.
—1·5	80·6	91	5·6	1·58		2·20		3·13		2·54			13·18		Balasore.
—1·6	80·4	89	5·6	1·03	1·52	2·61	3·25	3·18	1·53	2·81	—1·28	36·23	14·11	+22·12	Midnapore.
—1·9	80·6	89	9·7	2·35	3·78	2·39	4·43	3·76	3·89	2·73	+1·16	32·90	15·23	+17·67	24-Parganas.
—1·9	81·8	90	9·7	4·17											
					1·79	2·49	3·50	4·05	1·79	2·71	—0·92	33·97	14·40	+19·57	Howrah.*
					2·49	2·37	4·00	3·60	3·28	2·70	+0·58	32·20	14·33	+17·87	Hooghly.
—2·0	80·5	86	9·3	1·54	2·49	2·80	3·80	3·58	2·46	2·92	—0·46	29·13	16·05	+13·08	Nadia.
					5·07	2·96	6·33	4·44	5·46	3·32	+2·14	35·64	19·10	+16·54	Khulna.
—3·3	80·9	91	9·7	3·43	2·88	2·33	5·00	3·03	3·32	2·50	+0·82	27·38	17·38	+10·35	Jessore.
—2·5	79·8	87	9·7	5·92	4·06	2·11	3·50	3·10	4·23	2·35	+1·88	28·84	13·56	+15·28	Burdwan.
—1·9	79·3?	91	3·9	3·20											
—2·1	79·5	90	8·7	0·83	2·25	2·70	3·75	3·94	2·31	3·10	—0·79	30·57	15·21	+15·36	Bankura.
					2·12	2·59	3·33	3·95	2·40	2·89	—0·49	21·10	15·18	+5·92	Birbhum.
—2·3	78·9?	96	9·9	1·45	3·05	3·07	5·00	3·90		3·23			15·34		Murshidabad.
—2·3	78·3	93	10·0	11·52	7·22	3·09	4·50	3·73	7·71	3·29	+4·42	37·78	18·06	+19·72	Pabna.
—1·8	79·2	93	8·7	5·75	5·22	3·34	5·50	3·97	5·55	3·60	+1·95	28·04	20·71	+7·33	Bogra.
—2·7	80·6	91	8·3	1·33	3·49	3·18	4·67	3·74	4·71	3·55	+1·16	30·12	17·88	+12·24	Rajshahi.
—	80·3	92	7·6	2·53	3·08	3·53	5·50	4·26	3·21	3·88	—0·67	19·64	18·12	+1·52	Malda.
—1·7	79·8	90	9·1	5·98	7·72	3·54	6·17	4·15	8·19	3·88	+4·31	25·67	21·38	+7·29	Dinajpur.
—1·9	79·3	92	3·7	6·26	8·60	4·11	5·75	3·68	4·95	4·71	+0·24	33·27	32·81	+0·46	Rangpur.
—1·4	78·1	92	8·6	13·79	14·00	8·44	7·00	4·95	17·50	9·05	+8·45	37·11	45·63	—8·52	Jalpaiguri.
					12·72	5·75	6·75	4·51	4·51	6·54	—2·03	40·03	46·52	—6·49	Kuch Bihar.
—1·5	59·4	97	9·4	8·62	9·11	10·17	7·00	6·09	6·09	10·79	—4·70	46·02	45·96	+0·06	Darjeeling.
—	47·0	91	8·3	5·05											Sikkim.
—1·9	78·1	93	8·9	?		6·06		4·96		6·83			40·97		Chittagong.
					12·80	3·83	5·00	5·30	12·80	4·14	+8·66	62·07	27·25	+34·82	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
—1·0	80·7	88	9·9	7·34	4·81	4·24	6·25	4·75	5·03	4·70	+0·33	44·59	27·35	+17·24	Backergunge.
—1·6	79·4	92	5·1	5·59	7·38	5·00	6·50	5·03	7·71	5·55	+2·16	52·38	37·18	+15·20	Noakhali.
—1·7	79·8	90	8·6	2·41	2·73	2·70	4·67	3·37	3·33	2·90	+0·43	36·72	19·59	+17·13	Faridpur.
—2·1	80·3	91	9·1	3·21	3·00	3·31	4·50	4·02	3·11	3·56	—0·45	35·05	20·53	+14·52	Dacca.
—1·8	79·1*	96*	8·7	7·79		2·87		4·01		3·17			23·61		Tippera.
—2·1	78·5	94	9·1	6·60	8·85	3·13	6·00	3·93	8·78	3·53	+5·25	39·12	25·68	+13·44	Mymensingh.
—2·5	80·2	92	7·3	11·42	11·89	4·98	10·00	4·33	15·43	5·25	+10·18	30·73	21·72	+9·01	Purnea.
—2·1	80·2	92	10·0	8·76	8·09	3·04	5·25	3·73	8·61	3·28	+5·33	18·02	13·17	+4·85	Bhagalpur.
—1·8	79·5	91	8·4	3·19	4·67	3·63	4·67	3·42	5·16	3·78	+1·38	11·86	13·03	—1·17	Darbhanga.
—	79·5	92	8·1	2·81	4·22	3·47	5·33	3·38	4·24	3·61	+0·63	12·82	12·31	+0·51	Muzaffarpur.
—1·0	80·3	88	8·0	9·59	6·63	3·64	5·00	3·22	6·64	4·06	+2·58	17·49	13·18	+4·31	Champaran.
—1·9	80·0	92	9·1	3·24	3·46	3·44	4·00	3·25	4·57	3·61	+0·96	11·77	11·00	+0·77	Saran.
—0·9	81·6	91	8·1	2·17											
—2·0	79·4	91	9·3	2·87		2·41		3·24		2·74			8·45		Shahabad.
—0·7	80·5	89	4·6	5·21											
—0·9	82·0	80	6·6	*0·27?	1·50	2·68	2·25	3·26	1·81	3·03	—1·22	11·02	9·70	+1·32	Gaya.
—2·2	81·2	88	9·4	5·76	4·52	3·20	3·50	3·70	4·69	3·46	+1·23	16·18	10·86	+5·32	Patna.
					6·17	3·14	5·00	3·85	6·35	3·41	+2·94	17·54	11·12	+6·42	Monghyr.
—2·4	78·5	92	7·7	5·38	5·95	3·12	5·50	3·95	6·03	3·46	+2·57		14·49		Sonthal Parganas.
—2·3	74·8	91	10·0	4·95		3·23		4·09		3·66			13·35		Hazaribagh.
—2·0	75·0	91	8·6	3·72		2·64		3·98		2·94			12·97		Lohardaga.
						2·46		3·00		2·83			9·56		Palamau.
—2·8	70·2	87	9·0	1·17	1·17	2·23	4·00	3·90	1·17	2·38	—1·21	25·24	13·09	+12·15	Singhbhum.
					2·65	2·28	5·00	3·50	2·68	2·52	+0·16	27·21	12·00	+15·21	Manbhum.
—2·2	77·8	94	7·8	3·73											Assam.
—2·9	77·2	95	8·7	10·22											
—3·1	77·6	94	9·6	7·00											

* Total of 6 days.

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 8th of July 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 2nd.	Monday, 3rd.	Tuesday, 4th.	Wednesday, 5th.	Thursday, 6th.	Friday, 7th.	Saturday, 8th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
Orissa ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	0·11	0·06	0·70	...	...	2	0·87	1·75	0·87	2·17	21·41	[illegible]
		Khurda ...	0·10	...	2·30	0·48	0·15					2·17		2·49		[illegible]
		Banpur ...	...	...	1·20		0·25					2·50		2·94		[illegible]
		False Point ...	...	...	0·34	0·41	0·30	0·59	...	4	1·70	2·86	1·70	4·12	47·92	[illegible]
		Gop ...		1·99	0·10							?		?		?
		Satpara ...	...	...	0·25	0·06						?		?		?
		Pipli ...	...	...	1·10	0·38	0·42					?		?		?
		Ranpur ...	...	...	0·98	1·02	0·41					?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore	...	1·35	0·09	0·12						2·04		2·34		[illegible]
		Banki ...	...	0·33	0·79	1·44						3·68		4·76		[illegible]
		Cuttack ...	...	...	1·33							2·48		3·01		[illegible]
		Kendrapara ...	0·22	0·03	1·59	2·90	0·07	...	0·39	4	5·20	2·24	5·26	2·82	46·24	[illegible]
		Jajpur ...	...	0·75	0·20	0·48	0·06	...	0·41	4	1·90	3·09	1·94	3·60	39·90	[illegible]
		Dharmsala ...	0·70	0·20	0·62	0·27						?		?		?
		Salipore ...	...	...	1·14	1·80						?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Nayagarh ...			0·50	0·46						?		?		
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	0·40	0·30	0·16	0·47	0·11	0·45	6	1·87	?	2·40	?	24·31	?
		Chandbali ...	...	0·14	0·40	0·20	0·03	...	...	3	0·77	1·75	0·77	2·04	31·67	[illegible]
		Bhadrak ...	...	0·20	...	0·28	0·30	...	...	3	0·78	2·18	1·08	2·61	34·66	[illegible]
		Soro ...	...	0·77	...	1·20	0·10					1·93		2·30		[illegible]
		Balasore ...	...	0·13	0·08	1·05	0·45	...	...	3	1·71	2·36	1·77	2·80	33·44	[illegible]
		Jellasore ...										2·16		2·33		[illegible]
		Baripodah ...	0·92	1·83	1·69	...	...	...	0·18	4	4·62	2·81	6·40	3·16	38·07	[illegible]
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	1·19	0·16	0·80	0·73	0·11	0·08	...	5	3·07	2·87	3·12	3·10	33·25	[illegible]
		Tamluk ...	...	0·36	1·00	0·36	0·20	...	...	4	1·92	1·52	1·92	1·68	30·64	[illegible]
		Midnapore ...	...	0·30	0·31	0·09	...	...	...	2	0·70	2·81	0·70	3·02	29·19	[illegible]
		Ghatal ...	0·03	0·16	0·06	0·01	...	0·12	...	2	0·38	3·24	0·38	3·43	31·77	[illegible]
		Kukrahaty ...	0·67	0·04	1·00	0·21	0·10	...	0·13	5	2·15	?	2·15	?	27·42	?
		Garhbeta ...	0·02	0·41	0·90	0·50	0·16	0·10	...	5	2·09	?	2·09	?	32·37	?
		Panskura ...	...	0·06	0·12	0·23	...	0·20	0·03	3	0·64	?	0·64	?	24·05	?
		Dantoon ...	...	0·98	0·96	0·69						?		?		?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	0·94	0·78	0·49	0·42	1·31	0·12	6	4·06	2·93	4·16	3·38	27·82	[illegible]
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	0·07	0·70	0·42	0·42	...	0·10	4	1·71	2·65	1·82	2·94	26·51	[illegible]
		Canning Town	0·52	...	0·58	1·22	2·22	0·09	...	4	4·63	?	4·63	?	47·44	?
		Alipore (Observatory).	...	0·32	0·84	0·94	0·22	...	0·03	4	2·35	2·34	2·35	2·62	30·96	[illegible]
		Barrackpore...	...	0·40	0·42	1·81	0·45	...	...	4	3·08	2·01	3·08	2·48	30·08	[illegible]
		Dum-Dum ...	...	1·35	0·78	0·50	0·88	...	...	4	3·51	2·35	3·51	2·61	36·29	[illegible]
		Barasat ...	...	1·80	0·90	1·31	1·04	...	...	4	5·05	2·15	5·40	2·59	31·07	[illegible]
		Basirhat ...	...	0·72	1·43	1·68	2·58	...	0·32	5	6·73	2·30	6·91	2·46	39·25	[illegible]
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	0·75	0·79	0·67	0·35	...	0·08	4	2·64	2·44	2·64	2·74	30·75	[illegible]
		Mohesreka ...	...	0·08	0·15	0·23	0·45	...	0·03	3	0·94	2·55	0·94	2·68	28·17	[illegible]
		Uluberia ...	...	1·22	0·10	0·73	0·10	0·05	0·05	4	2·25	?	2·32	?	29·85	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	0·38	0·39	1·15	0·66	...	...	4	2·58	2·26	2·58	2·62	33·93	[illegible]
		Hooghly ...	...	0·56	0·22	0·56	0·66	...	...	4	2·00	2·11	2·00	2·46	25·93	[illegible]
		Jahanabad ...	...	1·84	0·31	0·08	...	0·45	0·21	4	2·80	2·80	5·25	3·01	36·87	[illegible]
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	0·87	0·05	0·47	0·54	0·24	0·61	5	2·78	2·27	2·78	2·40	31·28	[illegible]
		Krishnagar ...	...	0·91	0·04	0·02	0·03	0·18	0·36	3	1·54	2·86	1·54	2·90	20·37	[illegible]
		Chuadanga ...	...	1·58	...	...	0·75	...	0·26	3	2·59	2·92	2·72	2·95	26·57	[illegible]
		Meherpore ...	0·05	0·72	...	0·27	0·15	...	0·50	4	1·69	2·80	1·75	3·00	26·11	[illegible]
		Kushtia ...	...	1·10	0·03	0·23	0·60	1·40	0·03	4	3·39	3·13	3·51	3·32	41·88	[illegible]
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	0·41	0·11	1·50	3·07	1·00	0·50	6	6·59	2·98	7·60	3·25	33·63	[illegible]
		Bagerhat ...	0·68	1·11	0·23	0·51	2·12	1·33	0·18	7	6·16	3·32	6·16	3·87	43·02	[illegible]
		Khulna ...	0·50	0·55	0·41	0·08	0·40	0·14	0·38	6	2·46	2·57	2·54	2·83	30·30	[illegible]
		Nakipur ...	...	...	0·79	0·73	1·46	...	0·39	4	3·37	?	3·61	?	30·20	?
		Rampal ...	1·30	1·50	1·10	2·50	1·30	1·40	0·50	7	9·60	?	10·10	?	32·26	?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	0·37	0·25	0·10	0·35	0·25	0·45	6	1·77	1·96	2·31	2·00	21·06	[illegible]
		Jessore ...	...	0·08	0·10	0·11	0·89	0·79	0·86	6	3·43	2·42	3·94	2·65	31·07	[illegible]
		Jhenidah ...	0·10	1·55	0·04	0·14	0·40	0·85	0·04	15	3·21	2·28	3·61	2·47	28·74	[illegible]
		Magura ...	0·55	1·85	0·02	0·05	0·85	0·30	0·16	5	3·78	2·23	3·80	2·48	33·73	[illegible]
		Bangaon ...	...	0·52	0·48	0·69	1·12	...	...	3	2·21	2·77	2·95	2·92	24·00	[illegible]
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	3·30	...	1·00	1·75	...	...	3	6·05	2·29	6·05	2·40	34·28	[illegible]
		Burdwan ...	0·04	1·85	0·36	3·14	0·48	0·03	0·02	4	5·92	2·17	6·50	2·56	32·07	[illegible]
		Katwa ...	...	0·13	...	0·10	0·77	0·04	0·04	3	1·08	1·98	1·18	2·15	21·76	[illegible]
		Raniganj ...	...	1·72	...	0·32	0·68	0·48	...	4	3·20	1·98	3·20	2·17	22·94	[illegible]
		Mankur ...	0·19	0·79	...	0·71	0·54	0·55	0·23	6	3·01	?	3·01	?	23·97	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	0·19	0·03	0·41	0·15	0·04	0·01	3	0·83	2·32	0·86	2·54	27·62	[illegible]
		Vishnupur ...	...	0·59	0·05	1·52	0·56	0·40	...	4	3·03	2·75	3·09	3·11	32·14	[illegible]
		Maliara ...	0·07	1·27	...	0·60	0·09	1·14	...	3	3·17	3·00	3·17	3·30	23·21	[illegible]
		Khatra ...	0·32	...	0·68	0·15	...	0·50	0·32	5	1·97	3·10	2·12	3·46	39·27	[illegible]
		Indas ...	...	0·57	1·34	0·85	0·33	...	...	4	3·09	?	3·36	?	29·05	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	0·83	2·50	0·63	...	...	...	3	3·96	?	3·96	?	29·35	?
		Onda ...	...	1·00	0·32	1·00	0·40	...	...	4	2·72	?	2·72	?	31·35	?
		Gangajalghati	0·24	1·20	...	0·85	...	0·20	...	4	2·40	?	2·40	?	29·32	?
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	1·18	...	...	...	1	1·18	?	1·18	?	36·50	?
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	2·83	0·07	0·28	...	2	3·18	?	3·18	?	26·97	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	0·02	0·51	0·02	0·08	1·16	0·80	0·55	4	3·14	2·39	3·37	2·86	24·61	[illegible]
		Hetampore ...	...	0·07	...	0·02	0·37	0·27	0·01	2	0·74	2·43	0·74	2·61	18·38	[illegible]
		Rampur Hat...	...	0·34	0·05	0·05	1·20	0·44	0·41	4	2·49	2·95	3·10	3·20	20·86	[illegible]
		Bolpur ...	0·40	0·30	...	...	1·02	1·00	0·77	5	3·49	?	3·64	?	22·36	?
		Murari ...	1·80	0·80	1·70	...	0·80	0·80	...	5	5·90	?	6·00	?	28·44	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	1·93	...	0·12	1·00	...	0·75	4	3·80	2·86	3·95	3·08	20·87	[illegible]
		Berhampore...	0·03	0·39	0·04	0·25	0·40	...	0·25	4	1·45	2·85	2·24	2·88	31·58	[illegible]
		Lalbagh ...	...	0·13	0·35	0·64	0·67	0·01	0·24	5	2·04	2·91	3·49	3·03	30·63	[illegible]
		Azimganj ...	...	0·74	0·40	0·60	0·51	...	0·18	5	2·43	2·64	4·08	2·74	29·45	[illegible]
		Jangipur ...	1·65	0·91	1·05	0·07	0·13	0·06	0·89	5	4·76	3·64	4·79	3·77	36·06	[illegible]
		Lalgola ...	1·20	1·20	0·20	0·30	0·39	0·30	0·30	7	3·80	3·54		3·87		
		Akhriganj ...	...	1·50	0·47	0·11	0·21	0·06	1·85	5	4·20	?	5·57	?	36·02	
		Patkabari ...	...	0·70	...	...	...	...	0·30	2	1·00	?	3·40	?		
North Bengal.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	1·57	0·05	...	0·21	0·70	0·39	4	2·92	3·20	3·44	3·34	34·42	[illegible]
		Sirajganj ...	...	7·34	2·73	0·14	0·48	0·83	...	5	11·52	2·97	11·97	3·23	41·09	[illegible]
	Bogra ..	Sherepore ...	...	2·25	0·85	...	0·31	0·40	0·10	5	3·91	3·32	3·96	3·65	22·45	[illegible]
		Nowkhilia ...	0·07	1·57	0·47	0·26	1·22	0·70	0·23	5	4·52	2·64	4·52	2·96	28·53	[illegible]
		Bogra ...	2·75	0·90	0·70	0·05	0·35	0·35	0·65	6	5·75	3·76	5·81	4·05	34·17	[illegible]
		Panchbibi ...	2·00	1·25	0·56	0·60	1·18	0·07	1·04	6	6·70	3·63	7·90	3·71	26·98	
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	0·21	0·23	0·43	0·04	...	0·47	4	1·38	3·28	4·53	3·48	30·59	[illegible]
		Nator ...	...	2·80	0·47	0·07	0·55	0·23	0·28	5	4·40	3·67	4·55	4·02	30·16	[illegible]
		Naugaon ...	1·60	1·35	0·64	...	0·70	...	0·45	5	4·70	2·59	5·05	3·16	29·62	[illegible]
		Lalpore ...	0·50		0·18			0·10				?		?		[illegible]
		Manda ...	1·81	0·96	0·06	...	...	2·35	...	3	6·18	?	7·14	?		[illegible]

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 8th of July 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 2nd.	Monday, 3rd.	Tuesday, 4th.	Wednesday, 5th.	Thursday, 6th.	Friday, 7th.	Saturday, 8th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
...TH BENGAL—concld.	Malda ...	Maida ...	0·72	0·38	0·42	0·03	0·31	0·09	0·58	5	2·53	3·34	2·78	3·59	23·51	17·02
		Chanchal ...	0·40	0·64	0·80	...	0·85	0·39	0·55	6	3·63	3·72	3·63	4·17	16·16	19·21
		Gajol ...	1·34	0·56	0·48	0·15	0·69	0·53	...	6	3·66	?	3·77	?		?
		Sibganj ...	1·40	1·09	0·25	...	0·18	0·45	...	5	3·37	?	3·42	?	27·03	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	0·87	1·21	0·65	...	0·84	...	0·73	5	4·39	2·83	5·46	3·09	26·65	19·42
		Churaman ...	0·72	1·91	1·10	...	...	1·11	0·76	5	5·69	3·38	5·69	3·45	25·45	18·44
		Raiganj ...	1·29	1·80	3·36	1·00	1·50	0·37	1·63	7	10·86	3·79	11·26	4·05	31·69	21·93
		Dinajpur ...	1·17	0·62	1·20	1·42	1·29	0·32	0·48	7	6·60	4·04	6·79	5·03	28·22	25·54
		Balurghat ...	1·72	0·90	0·94	...	0·69	0·14	0·57	6	4·96	3·67	5·54	3·72	25·55	21·56
		Thakurgaon ...	3·17	1·14	4·85	1·56	0·76	0·77	1·72	7	13·97	?	14·80	?	35·34	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	1·12	2·80	4·15	...	0·49	1·05	0·50	6	10·11	3·14	10·41	3·64	32·78	24·56
		Rangpur ...	2·06	1·44	1·78	...	0·08	0·30	0·51	5	6·26	5·13	6·71	5·89	32·17	31·61
		Peerganj ...	1·17	0·58	1·46	0·61	0·93	1·41	1·18	7	7·34	?	8·11	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	5·10	0·60	2·05	0·06	0·45	1·09	0·63	6	10·08	3·55	10·63	4·17	40·36	35·45
		Gobindgunge	...	0·87	0·64	...	0·15	0·02	0·22	5	2·80	?	2·92	?	32·51	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	1·85	0·99	3·48	...	0·65	0·56	0·42	6	7·95	4·60	8·27	5·14	27·75	39·56
		Ulipore ...	1·65	2·74	0·48	...	0·12	0·86	1·20	6	7·05	?	7·52	?	30·97	?
		Sundergunge...	1·40	3·12	0·32	...	0·60	0·91				?		?		?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·06	1·92	1·55	3·14	0·45	1·42	4·86	7	14·00	8·44	17·50	9·05	37·11	44·59
		Alipore Dooar	...	3·56	1·12	1·53	0·21	2·35	1·90	6	10·67	?	13·42	?	36·87	?
		Fallacotta ...	2·35	2·05	0·90	2·30	0·15	2·39	3·10	7	13·45	?	18·05	?	40·45	?
		Debiganj ...	2·50	1·50	3·13	0·10	0·80	0·81	1·96	7	10·80	?	11·36	?	44·31	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	1·68	5·60	0·57	1·40	2·50	0·58	0·74	7	13·07	?	15·43	?	65·55	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	0·67	1·78	1·93	0·16	0·74	0·53	1·21	7	7·02	3·81	7·31	4·23	38·40	43·37
		Kuch Bihar ...	1·40	2·35	1·35	0·66	0·13	2·35	3·56	7	11·80	6·55	12·24	7·58	39·15	52·27
		Mickliganj ...	3·66	2·68	2·08	1·08	0·33	2·11	3·50	7	15·44	5·86	16·27	6·85	39·35	42·87
		Mathabhanga	0·63	2·57	3·74	0·35	...	2·56	6·76	6	16·61	6·80	19·37	7·53	43·06	47·57
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	0·73	4·38	2·43	1·70	2·83	1·76	2·80	7	16·63	15·34	31·73	16·29	72·90	74·24
		Siliguri ...	0·40	1·88	1·12	0·17	0·52	0·46	1·21	7	5·76	10·84	8·66	11·43	37·86	44·73
		Darjeeling ...	1·77	1·08	0·88	0·22	1·38	1·23	1·96	7	8·02	8·08	9·68	8·69	38·49	36·59
		Kalimpong ...	0·24	1·53	0·25	0·50	1·30	0·66	0·74	7	5·43	6·41	7·00	6·84	34·77	28·25
		Kurseong ...	0·38	1·40	1·00	1·00	1·61	1·40	0·79	7	7·58	?	7·99	?	48·39	?
		Pedong ...	0·43	0·50	0·25	0·50	1·55	0·33	0·38	7	3·94	?	5·57	?	28·12	?
... BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	1·75	0·02	1·30	0·75	0·95	0·17	...	5	4·94	8·11	5·32	9·24	90·67	47·92
		Chittagong ...	1·51	1·34	3·38	1·09	0·90	0·04				4·02		4·42		34·01
		Kutubdia ...	0·85									?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	0·25	1·31	2·34	0·50	0·84					?		?		?
		Kodala ...	0·69	1·39		1·64	0·10					?		?		?
		Fenoa ...	0·69	1·39	1·89	2·06	0·76	0·04	0·09	5	6·92	?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	1·30	0·65	2·35	1·05	0·87					?		?		?
		Chandpur ...	0·94	3·83	7·26	0·58	0·62	0·05	0·12	5	12·80	3·83	12·80	4·14	62·07	27·25
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...										?		?		?
		Bundarban ...														
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	0·17	0·72	0·56	0·95	0·26	0·13	0·01	6	2·80	4·65	3·31	5·08	94·34	31·47
		Pirojpur ...	1·71	0·25	0·17	2·03	0·30	0·60	0·61	7	5·67	4·10	5·67	4·58	47·28	23·97
		Barisal ...	...	0·19	0·47	3·24	2·22	0·36	0·38	6	6·86	3·33	7·21	4·07	46·39	25·03
		Gournaddi ...	1·77	1·22	0·53	1·28	2·35	0·30	0·55	7	8·00	?	8·00	?	41·29	?
		Bhola ...	0·24	1·30	1·13	0·03	0·10	0·08	0·12	6	3·90	4·83	3·90	5·03	39·66	25·85
		Daulatkhan ...	0·11	1·08	3·08	0·60	0·17	0·08	0·25	6	5·37	?	5·41	?	37·98	?
		Bauphal ...	0·50	1·50	0·15	1·38	...	...	...	4	2·03	?	2·03	?	39·37	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·20	2·96	1·33	0·24	0·25	0·36	0·05	6	5·59	5·14	5·69	5·72	47·59	35·89
		Fenny ...	0·50	2·30	4·10	0·16	1·50	0·39	0·20	7	9·06	5·04	9·61	5·38	57·04	38·44
		Harishpore ...		0·09	1·55	1·57						?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	0·13	0·72	0·64	0·80						?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	0·83	0·12	0·47	0·84	0·28	0·20	6	2·83	2·59	3·70	2·86	32·81	20·18
		Faridpur ...	0·08	1·02	0·12	0·03	0·70	0·44	0·02	4	2·41	3·01	2·71	3·15	40·00	20·55
		Goalundo ...	0·09	1·37	...	0·62	0·50	0·38	...	4	2·96	2·51	3·59	2·71	38·76	18·07
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	2·15	0·63	0·11	0·88	0·04	...	4	3·81	3·56	3·81	3·91	23·05	23·68
		Dacca ...	0·80	...	0·28	1·06	0·44	0·21	...	5	2·79	2·70	2·88	2·99	30·52	20·27
		Narayanganj...	...	0·56	0·66	0·26	0·76	0·26	0·07	5	2·57	4·33	2·69	4·64	27·38	21·76
		Manikganj ...	0·01	1·31	0·60	0·09	0·71	0·10	...	4	2·82	2·66	3·03	2·72	27·23	16·44
		Joydebpore ...	0·05	1·45	2·81	0·87	0·34	0·26	0·05	5	5·83	?	6·04	?	26·51	?
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	...	2·77	0·88	...	...	...	0·28	3	3·93	2·53	4·36	2·76	35·27	21·49
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	0·17	1·50	3·50	1·92	0·03	0·12	0·09	5	7·33	3·18	5·12	3·61	38·91	26·85
		Chandpore ...	0·32	0·98	2·33	0·11	0·24	0·11	0·10	7	4·19	3·57	4·34	3·97	31·24	23·67
		Brahmanbaria	0·35	3·71	3·75	...	0·19					2·20		2·34		22·42
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	4·00	1·00	0·10	...	1·00	...	4	6·00	?	6·00	?	20·55	?
		Nasirnagar ...	0·40	3·75								?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	...	1·14	0·90	0·20	0·15					?		?		?
		Kasba ...	...	0·50	3·05	...	...	0·40	0·12	4	4·07	?	4·07	?	20·52	?
		Laksham ...	0·87	1·90	4·10	...	0·77	0·82	...	5	8·46	?	8·56	?	30·38	?
	Mymensingh..	Kishorganj ...	0·76	2·25	2·82	...	0·74	2·06	0·48	6	9·11	3·04	10·16	3·36	43·17	27·00
		Atia (*Tangail*)	0·76	7·24	0·15	...	2·68	...	0·85	5	11·68	2·30	11·68	2·40	40·23	19·08
		Mymensingh ...	0·17	3·15	1·06	0·16	0·54	0·72	0·80	7	6·63	3·38	7·22	3·80	35·93	28·34
		Jamalpur ..	1·44	2·10	1·27	1·45	0·39	0·45	0·12	7	7·22	2·50	7·30	3·20	34·55	21·74
		Netrakona ...	...	3·38	0·91	0·88	1·16	...	0·82	5	7·15	4·42	7·57	4·87	40·34	32·25
		Subornakhaliy	...	4·37	0·24	...	0·74	0·30	0·10	5	6·44	?	6·44	?	30·09	?
		Durgapore ...	0·10	4·00	6·40	0·50	1·20	1·50	0·70	7	14·40	?	15·30	?	57·35	?
		Sherepore Town	0·60	1·70	2·25	0·12	1·97	2·02	0·28	7	8·94	?	9·00	?	14·21	?
		Dewanganj ...	1·65	2·50	2·37	...		0·40				?		?		?
BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	0·59	2·03	2·12	0·40	1·35	0·50	3·38	7	10·37	6·15	16·32	6·44	39·10	25·64
		Araria ...	0·47	...	6·15	0·20	0·10	2·40	4·55	6	13·87	5·10	16·27	5·39	31·35	21·27
		Purnea ...	0·51	0·96	3·26	0·60	1·59	2·88	1·62	7	11·42	3·69	13·40	3·91	21·75	18·23
		Gondwara (Korah)	2·35	2·77	1·50	0·11	2·20	...	...	5	8·93	?	9·64	?	28·40	?
		Barsoe ...	1·00	3·20	0·60	0·90	1·40	1·50	0·10	7	8·70	?	8·70	?	32·92	?
		Forbesganj ...	0·37	0·41	3·44	0·20	0·76	1·61	2·55	7	9·34	?	9·57	?	21·05	?
		Kaliaganj ...	2·20	1·00	4·50	0·15	1·20	...	1·50	6	1·55	?	17·55	?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	1·40	0·68	4·50	...	0·52	1·03	0·05	5	8·78	3·32	0·78	3·68	15·39	14·36
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	0·42	3·14			0·43	0·33				?		?		?
		Supaul ...	2·00	...	3·60	1·55	0·26	1·00	0·11	6	9·21	3·59	9·29	3·74	12·67	15·16
		Protabganj ...	1·14	0·35	5·00	...	...	2·17	1·47	5	10·13	?	10·55	?	14·37	?
		Bhagalpur ...	1·76	1·27	2·71	0·05	0·32	2·38	0·08	5	8·76	2·25	10·03	2·43	20·32	11·65
		Banka ...	...	0·73	0·58	1·55	1·94	1·81	...	5	5·61	2·81	6·65	3·28	23·71	12·39
		Colgong ...	0·12	0·72	1·75	0·09	0·07	1·26	0·15	5	4·16	?	4·27	?	16·05	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	0·45	...	1·72	...	...	1·95	0·05	3	4·17	3·45	4·22	3·58	10·96	12·18
		Darbhanga ...	0·27	0·38	0·71	0·05	0·15	0·02	0·71	6	3·19	4·03	3·57	4·18	12·42	13·23
		Madhubani ...	0·37	0·10	0·66	...	0·01	0·21	4·26	5	6·61	3·41	7·66	3·59	12·24	13·68
		Bahera ...	...	...	1·32	...	0·50	0·34	...	3	2·16	?	2·16	?		?
		Roshera ...	0·83	2·04	...	...	...	0·70	0·06	3	3·63	?	3·63	?	9·02	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 8th of July 1893—concld.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 2nd.	Monday, 3rd.	Tuesday, 4th.	Wednesday, 5th.	Thursday, 6th.	Friday, 7th.	Saturday, 8th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BIHAR —concluded.	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	3·25	0·20	0·87	...	...	...	0·50	4	4·82	3·64	4·84	3·75	16·72	
		Muzaffarpur	0·13	0·10	0·44	0·71	0·49	0·40	0·32	7	2·59	3·50	2·60	3·68	7·50	
		Hajipur ...	0·22	0·70	0·60	...	0·16	3·56	0·02	5	5·26	3·17	5·28	3·40	14·22	
		Paru ...										?		?		
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)										?		?		
		Sinhar ...	1·60	...	0·75	...	...	...	2·75	3	5·10	?	5·10	?		
		Pupri ...										?		?		
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	1·93	0·04	0·73	0·34	...	0·19	6·36	5	9·59	3·72	9·63	4·17	22·08	
		Bettiah ...	0·40	0·21	1·50	...	...	0·27	1·28	5	3·06	3·55	3·64	3·94	11·96	
		Bagaha ...	0·57	1·04	0·08	0·02	0·02	...	0·01	3	2·34	?	2·34	?	14·44	
		Burhurwa ...	...	0·28	0·15	0·28	...	0·09	1·01	4	1·81	?	1·84	?	6·05	
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	0·15	0·26	0·23	0·08	...	...	2·17	4	2·89	3·82	4·44	4·10	13·56	
		Siwan ...	0·05	1·57	1·86	...	0·41	0·37	...	4	4·26	3·19	6·03	3·35	10·57	
		Chapra ...	0·08	0·10	0·31	...	...	1·62	1·13	4	3·24	3·31	3·24	3·37	11·25	
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Sreepore ...	0·50	...	0·90	...	...	1·70	0·40	4	3·50	?	3·50	?	?	
		Annuar ...	1·04	...	0·55	0·25	0·11	0·88	0·04	5	2·87	2·36	3·13	2·53	8·09	
		Buxar ...	0·08	0·03	0·08	...	0·34	1·52	0·12	3	2·17	2·28	2·17	2·64	11·66	
		Dehri ...	0·32	1·91	0·21	0·08	0·68	3·31	0·02	5	6·51	2·29	6·52	2·62	15·37	
		Bhabhua ...	0·64	0·85	0·11	1·85	0·65					2·16		2·07		
		Sasaram ...	...	0·07	0·02	...	2·32	1·67	0·80	3	4·88	2·94	6·08	3·24	16·35	
		Arrah ...	1·60	1·10	...	0·60	1·11					?		?		
		Mohanea ...	0·20	0·59	5·30	...	1·10	...	...	4	7·10	?	7·10	?	17·44	
		Khiri ...	...	...	0·24	...	1·37	3·37	...	3	4·98	?		?		
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	0·33	1·65	0·25	3	2·23	?	4·08	?	9·94	
		Ramagar ...	1·00	...	1·16	...	...	1·32	0·12	4	3·80	?	3·80	?	13·10	
		Koath ...	...	0·60	0·20	0·90	0·40	0·53	0·23	6	2·86	?	3·06	?		
		Sikroul ...	0·76	1·32	...	0·72	1·05	...	0·94	5	4·79	?	4·79	?	11·88	
		Bassowan ...	0·28	0·10	0·27	0·17	0·25	1·09	...	6	2·16	?	2·24	?		
		Monaharpur														
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	0·07	0·38	0·23	0·06	0·13	0·71	0·03	5	2·40	2·60	2·40	2·95	9·44	
		Gaya ...	...	0·30	0·22	...	...	0·05	...	1	0·27	2·35	0·27	2·81	9·58	
		Nawadah ...	...	...	0·56	1·05	0·02	0·05	...	3	1·98	3·12	2·02	3·52	12·23	
		Jahanabad ...	0·58	...	0·22	0·01	...	1·21	0·54	4	2·56	2·64	2·56	2·85	12·71	
		Arwal ...	...	...	1·45	...	...	0·70	...	2	2·15	?	2·15	?	7·67	
		Daudnagar ...	0·80	0·16	...	...	0·38	1·73	0·29	5	3·36	?	3·36	?	11·44	
		Sherghati ...	0·42	0·17	1·20	...	...	0·30	...	4	2·09	?	2·92	?		
		Rajauli ...	...	0·72	0·71							?		?		
		Pakri Barawan														
	Patna ...	Patna ...	0·09	0·04	1·05	0·43	0·04	3·87	0·24	4	5·76	3·15	5·79	3·30	16·87	
		Dinapore ...	...	0·12	0·61	0·04	0·09	3·13	1·42	4	5·41	2·93	5·45	3·17	15·47	
		Bihar ...	...	0·50	1·28	...	...	0·91	...	3	2·69	3·21	3·30	3·51	18·19	
		Barh ...	...	1·00	2·00	...	...	1·20	...	3	4·20	3·51	4·20	3·84	14·12	
		Bickram ...	0·13	...	...	...	...	1·98	1·50	3	3·61	?	3·91	?	14·19	
		Hilsa ...	0·40	1·45	0·95	...	...	0·80	0·14	5	3·74	?	3·97	?		
	Monghyr ..	Begusarai ...	...	0·53	4·09	0·07	0·17	3·90	0·12	5	8·88	3·30	8·88	3·37	22·85	
		Monghyr ...	...	0·71	1·96	0·10	0·57	2·44	0·09	5	5·87	3·26	6·26	3·64	15·54	
		Jamui ...	0·43	0·84	2·09	...	...	0·23	0·16	5	3·75	2·85	3·91	3·21	14·21	
		Gogri ...	...	0·91	3·47	1·15	0·93	1·20	...	5	7·66	?	8·41	?	19·21	
		Shaikpura ...	...	0·75	3·00	...	...	...	0·40	3	4·15	?	4·15	?	22·23	
		Chakai Bamda	0·94	0·37	0·55	0·22	0·60	0·10	...	6	2·78	?	2·91	?	23·87	
		Chupreon ...										?		?		
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	0·45	0·85	0·52	...	0·77	2·07	1·06	6	5·72	3·72	5·72	3·90	19·36	
		Godda ...	1·15	0·28	0·45	...	1·63	3·85	...	5	7·36	2·71	7·40	2·95		
		Pakour ...	4·13	1·41	0·77	...	0·45	2·28	0·17	6	9·21	3·58	9·21	3·97	32·57	
		Naya Dumka	0·41	0·86	0·19	0·82	0·71	2·23	0·96	7	6·18	3·05	6·27	3·30	28·02	
		Deoghur	0·07	0·28	0·24	0·66	0·53	0·19	0·51	5	1·88	3·38	1·88	3·83	18·00	
		Jamtara ...	...	0·15	...	0·65	1·82	2·75	...	4	5·37	2·28	5·72	2·71	25·09	
		Belbodda ...	...	1·05	...	0·21	1·61	...	0·75	4	3·62	?	3·62	?	21·83	
		Nanihat ...	0·51	0·36	0·42	...	1·81	2·11	...	5	5·21	?	5·21	?		
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (Giridih).	...	0·50	0·23	...	0·10	...	0·13	4	0·96	2·48	1·68	2·71	23·08	
		Hazaribagh ...	0·10	1·26	1·39	0·83	0·51	0·30	0·56	7	4·95	3·48	5·12	3·92	23·52	
		Semtaguran	2·04	0·80	1·04	0·56	...	0·91	...	5	5·35	3·20	5·46	3·74		
		Mahudi Hills										3·14		3·43		
		Jhumra Hill										3·91		4·51		
		Farhi ...	0·46	0·21	0·39	0·38	0·27	0·45	...	6	2·16	?	3·66	?	15·69	
		Chatra ...	0·48	1·12	0·62	0·30	0·09	0·70	0·04	5	3·35	?	2·53	?	16·29	
		Karagdeha ...	...	1·17	0·47	0·03	0·53	...	...	3	1·20	?	2·85	?	13·99	
		Ramgar ...	...	4·80	2·21	0·68						?		?		
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	0·64	0·89	...	...	0·36				2·39		2·74		
		Ranchi ...	...	0·38	1·71	1·20	0·38	...	...	4	3·67	2·92	3·67	3·13	20·91	
		Silli ...	1·00	0·90		2·10	0·40					?		?		
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj).										2·46		2·83		
		Palumath ...	0·06	1·72	2·30	...	0·39					?		?		
		Husainabad	0·10	0·13	1·80	...	0·30					?		?		
		Garhwa	0·12	0·30	0·33	0·19	0·57					?		?		
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	0·55	0·35	...	0·14	0·13	4	1·17	2·23	1·17	2·38	22·74	
		Chakardharpur.	...	0·76	0·04	0·07	...	0·02	...	1	0·89	?	0·89	?	11·69	
		Ghatsila ...	...	0·20	0·50	...	0·47	0·73	...	4	1·90	?	1·90	?	32·98	
		Baharagura	...	0·70	0·90	...	0·35					?		?		
		Gailkeira ...	...	1·70	0·60	...	0·70	...	...	3	3·60	?	3·00	?	23·77	
		Kalikapur ...	0·96	0·65	0·45	...	...	0·27	0·06	4	2·39	?	2·44	?	35·29	
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	0·27	0·15	0·30	0·18	0·87	0·46	...	6	2·23	2·34	2·23	2·53	30·17	
		Gobindpur ...	...	0·33	0·07	1·58	0·91	0·12	0·06	4	3·07	2·22	3·12	2·50	25·26	
		Raghunathpore.	0·70	0·50	0·07	1·53	1·75	0·30	0·10	6	4·75	?	4·75	?	19·55	
		Barahabhum	...	1·21	...	0·10	0·18	0·43	0·05	4	0·97	?	0·97	?	27·03	
		Jhalda ...	0·21	0·82	1·15	0·15	...	0·10	...	5	2·43	?	2·43	?	18·34	
		Chas ...	0·33	0·33	...	0·82	0·29	...	...	4	1·95	?	1·95	?	20·00	
		Pandra ...	...	0·30	0·36	0·05	0·74	0·74	0·01	4	2·20	?	2·42	?	22·86	

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 4th July* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 8TH OF JULY 1893.

ORDINARY monsoon weather has prevailed throughout the week, except that during the latter half rainfall was becoming more partial in Orissa and South-West Bengal. The rainfall in the northern districts has been general and in some places heavy, so that the averages for North Bengal and North Bihar are between two and three inches above the normal.

At the beginning of the week pressure was in excess by more than a tenth of an inch in Lower Bengal and the west of Bihar, while readings were practically normal in North Bengal and Assam. A low pressure area lay along the foot of the Himalayas, and winds were westerly in all districts. With these westerly winds rain fell in Bihar and North Bengal in fairly large amounts on the 2nd, but on the two following days it was much heavier in East and North Bengal, though as before there was greater irregularity than usual. From the 2nd to the 4th pressure continued to fall, at first more rapidly in the northern districts, but afterwards in Lower Bengal, where, at the beginning of the week, there was considerable excess. The steady fall during these days resulted in the normal distribution on the 5th, after which pressure rose briskly till the end of the week, the change beginning in the north-east and spreading south-westwards. While the brisk rise of pressure was confined to Assam and North Bengal, that is on the 6th, gradients were steeper than usual from east to west, and steady south-east winds were blowing over the greater part of Bengal. This must have led to the much heavier rain in North Bengal and North Bihar on the 7th and 8th, as on those days pressure was above the normal by nearly a tenth of an inch.

Pressure fell moderately to briskly during the first four days of the week, the change beginning in the north-east and spreading slowly towards the south-west. During the latter half the upward change followed the same course as the fall which preceded it, and the distribution at the end of the week was almost the same as at the beginning. The means for the week are above the normal by amounts generally ranging between ·04 inch and ·06 inch.

Temperature has again been steadily below the normal, the greater defect occurring by day owing to the very cl udy weather which has prevailed. Mean defect for the larger divisions varies from 1·5° in South Bihar to 4·2° in Orissa.

Rainfall has been almost continuous in all districts except Orissa and South-West Bengal, but more especially in East and North Bengal and North Bihar, all of which districts have received considerably more than the average for the week. During the two previous weeks the local character of the rainfall has been noted, and during the present week some very heavy local falls have again been recorded, owing to the occurrence of thunder-storms. These heavy falls have been almost all in East and North Bengal and Bihar. In Orissa, Chota Nagpur and South-West Bengal the average fall is very nearly normal, but in the other districts there is a large excess—in South Bihar of 1·62, East Bengal 2·15, North Bihar 2·77, and North Bengal 3·25 inches.

Falls of more than 15 inches in the course of the week fell at Mickliganj and Mathabhanga in Kuch Bihar and Buxa in the Darjeeling district, and more than 10 inches at the following places:—Sirajganj, Raiganj, Bhawaniganj, Kurigaon, Jalpaiguri, Alipore (Duar), Fallacotta, Debiganj, Bhogatpur (Nagrakatta), Kuch Bihar, Rangamatia, Atia, Araria, Purnea and Pratapganj.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 8th of July 1893:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.						RAINFALL.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			* Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	91·7	73·8	87·6	78·3	83·0	—4·2	2·15	2·40	—0·25	3·00	3·11	—0·11	2·40	2·90	24·96	13·37
South-West Bengal ...	92·3	73·7	87·0	77·6	82·3	—2·1	2·89	2·60	+0·29	4·17	3·71	+0·46	3·17	2·84	29·89	15·48
North Bengal	90·6	73·6	86·4	76·3	81·3	—2·0	7·32	4·07	+3·25	5·72	4·06	+1·66	8·03	4·51	30·47	27·10
East Bengal	88·7	74·1	84·1	76·4	80·3	—1·7	5·81	3·66	+2·15	5·55	4·26	+1·29	6·12	4·04	42·07	26·79
North Bihar	92·3	73·5	87·5	77·1	82·4	—1·8	6·57	3·80	+2·77	5·15	3·59	+1·56	7·54	4·02	17·20	14·26
South Bihar	92·4	74·0	88·5	77·2	82·9	—1·5	4·47	2·85	+1·62	4·27	3·60	+0·67	5·90	3·17	17·06	11·10
Chota Nagpur	90·4*	69·4*	84·2*	73·1*	78·6*	—2·4*	2·71	2·79	+0·12	4·57	3·90	+0·67	3·04	3·13	22·04	12·66
Assam	89·6	73·8	85·2	75·5	80·4	—2·7										

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 11th July 1893.

C. LITTLE,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 2nd to 8th July 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°	•	Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
July	2nd	145·8	2·9	29·685	83·0	87·7	8·0	79·7	79·8	0·974	78·4	86	SW and SW by W	198	0·30	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, p.
,,	3rd	123·4	Nil	·647	82·1	84·7	6·8	77·9	79·3	·967	78·2	88	WSW and SW ...	174	0·10	Cloudy, o, g, d, p.
,,	4th	150·2	1·8	·570	81·0	85·7	10·5	75·2	78·2	·930	77·0	88	WSW and SW ...	78	1·17	Cloudy, o, g, d, p.
,,	5th	142·5	1·3	·527	80·6	83·5	8·3	75·2	78·1	·930	77·0	89	SW by W and SSW	90	0·55	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p.
,,	6th	140·7	0·6	·616	81·4	85·2	9·0	76·2	79·0	·962	78·1	89	SSE ...	95	0·20	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, p.
,,	7th	145·8	3·8	·669	83·0	86·7	8·0	78·7	80·1	·992	79·0	88	SSE ...	66	Nil	Chiefly cloudy, o, t.
,,	8th	144·0	3·1	·691	82·5	86·8	8·7	78·1	78·8	·936	77·2	84	SSE ...	37	0·03	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, t, d.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·629
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·552
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	13·5
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	94·0
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	81·9
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·7
The extreme variation of temperature	12·5
The maximum temperature	87·7
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	14
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	87
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	85
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 2nd to 8th July 1893	2·35
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	2·86
The total fall from 1st January to 8th July 1893	52·13
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	24·82

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph, and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; d, drizzling rain; p, passing, temporary showers; t, thunder.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 10th July 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Abstract of the Results of the Barometric and Thermometric Observations taken at 10 a.m. at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, in the month of June 1893.

		Inches.	Date.
The mean pressure at 10 A.M. during the month	... ...	29·647	
The mean temperature at 10 A.M. during the month	... ...	85°·3	
The highest temperature during the month	... ...	94·0	4th, 5th and 11th to 13th
The lowest temperature during the month	... ...	75·3	23rd and 26th.
The absolute range of temperature during the month	... ...	18·7	
The mean daily range of temperature during the month	...	11·9	
The greatest range of temperature in one day during the month	...	16·7	12th.
		%	
The mean 10 A.M. humidity during the month	... ...	82	
		Inches.	
The mean 10 A.M. vapour tension during the month	... ...	·985	
The total rainfall of the month	... ...	28·69	
The greatest fall in 24 hours	... ...	8·50	20th.
The number of rainy days in the month	... ...	15	

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 10th July 1893.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 2nd to 8th July 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature. Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	Rainfall, past 24 hours.
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
July ...	2nd ...	29·711	83·9	89·0	10·2	78·8	83·6	80·0	·977	78·5	85	...
" ...	3rd ...	·688	81·9	85·9	8·1	77·8	82·6	79·5	·968	78·2	87	0·35
" ...	4th ...	·593	81·8	88·0	12·4	75·6	82·6	79·5	·968	78·2	87	0·80
" ...	5th ...	·553	81·6	88·0	12·8	75·2	80·6	78·5	·950	77·6	91	1·08
" ...	6th ...	·662	81·6	88·0	12·8	75·2	81·6	79·5	·982	78·7	91	...
" ...	7th ...	·692	83·7	89·0	10·7	78·3	86·6	81·5	1·009	79·5	80	0·03
" ...	8th ...	·733	83·3	88·7	10·9	77·8	85·1	81·5	1·030	80·1	85	...

		Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	... ...	29·662
		°
The mean temperature of the seven days	... ...	82·5
The extreme variation of temperature	... ...	13·8
The maximum temperature	... ...	89·0
		%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	... ...	87
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 2nd to 8th July 1893	... ...	2·26

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 10th July 1893.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR 1893-94.

Areas leased for irrigation up to end of May 1893.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilised.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	Details of areas leased. Five years, all crops.	Five years, kharif.	Annual leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Sugar-cane.	Bhadoi.	Hot-weather.	Total.	GRAND TOTAL.	Rainfall, 1893-94. During month.	Up to end of month.	Rainfall, 1892-93. During month.	Up to end of month.	REMARKS.
			C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	
ORISSA	Cuttack	Taldanda, 1st reach	1,342	147	......	......	......	......	2,479	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,479	36·10	36·70	0·80	0·80	
		Ditto, 2nd "	566	147													34·15	34·25	1·90	1·90	
		Machgaon	766	......	......	......	65	......	2,700	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,700	31·80	31·80	0·45	0·45	
		Kendrapara	1,067	280	279	1*	1,339	......	25,352	......	......	......	......	......	......	25,352	35·50	35·90	1·23	1·23	
		Gobri	372·82	42	20	48	52	......	769	......	......	......	......	......	......	769	40·12	40·94	0·54	0·54	
		Do. Extension	648	38	22	9	29	......	775	......	......	......	......	......	......	775	No	gauge.	No	gauge.	
		Pattamundi	885	72	34	28	57	......	2,400	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,400	34·85	36·05	......	......	
		High Level, Range I	608	......	......	......	......	......	866	......	......	......	......	......	......	866	20·97	24·20	1·37	1·37	
		Ditto, ditto II	727·16	......	......	42	27	......	288	......	42	......	......	......	42	330	......	......	......	......	
		Jajpur Canal	700	......	......	......	......	......	1,381	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,381	......	......	......	......	
	Balasore	High Level, Range III	727·16	......	......	116	120	......	12,059	......	......	96	......	......	96	12,155	14·12	14·99	1·80	3·22	
		Total	......	......	......	244	1,689	......	49,069	......	42	96	......	......	138	49,207	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	......	152,157	......	28	191	......	......	219	152,376	......	......	......	......	
SOUTH-WESTERN.	Midnapore	Midnapore	1,411	82	......	......	......	......	48,558	......	......	......	......	......	......	48,558	10·44	12·34	3·40	5·08	9 days discharging.
		Panchkura	522	9	......	......	......	......	6,546	......	......	......	......	......	......	6,546	15·17	15·55	4·45	6·44	5 days discharging.
	Howrah	Tidal Reaches, Ranges I & II	......	......	......	......	......	......	763	......	......	......	......	......	......	763	......	......	......	......	
		Total	......	......	......	......	......	......	55,867	......	......	......	......	......	......	55,867	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	......	66,772	......	......	......	......	......	......	66,772	......	......	......	......	
SONE	Shahabad	Western Main	4,342	932	101	473	882	14,398	......	......		......	......	420	420	14,818	1·69	1·75	0·15	0·15	
		Buxar	1,226	207	15	2,164	4,158	53,590	......	......	......	......	......	1,549	1,549	55,139					
		Arrah	2,000	642	501	10,896	11,033†	109,500	......	......	......	......	......	8,017	8,017	117,517	3·52	3·58	0·34	0·34	
	Patna and Gaya.	Eastern Main	1,466	......	......	36	......	2,099	......	......	......	......	......	23	23	2,122	1·99	3·41	0·20	0·20	
		Patna				1,766	......	55,941	......	......	......	......	......	1,632	1,632	57,573					
		Total	......	......	......	15,336	16,073	235,528	......	......	......	......	......	11,641	11,641	247,169	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	190,238	......	......	......	......	......	12,208	12,208	202,446	......	......	......	......	
		Grand Total	......	......	......	15,579	17,762	235,528	104,936	......	42	96	......	11,641	11,779	352,243	......	......	......	......	
		Grand Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	190,238	218,929	......	28	191	......	12,208	12,427	421,594	......	......	......	......	

* The area shown in the return for April 1893 was wrong, and is corrected by the Executive Engineer.
† Last year's return included by mistake 8,814 acres on account of sugar-cane in five years' lease, which was not under irrigation until after the 25th June.

CALCUTTA,
The 11th July 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 8th July 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 8th July 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 9th July 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	205	39,250	546	137	41,825	614
Jute	8	4.075	56	8	4,600	37
Firewood	130	77,825	1,141	172	1,11,075	1,663
Other articles	837	1,77,745	2.380	731	1,79,670	2,681
Total ...	1,180	2,98,895	4,123	1,048	3,37,170	4,995

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Statement of Goods Traffic in Staples carried during the four weeks ending 27th May 1893, as compared with the same period of 1892.

Staples.	1892.		1893.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
Coke	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cotton, raw	48,315	38,623	14,719	10,896	...	...	33,594	27,727
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European	8,187	7,337	5,879	4,919	...	...	2,308	2,418
2.—Indian	17,631	8,633	18,290	10,067	659	1,374	...	...
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European	1,60,174	1,79,429	1,33,646	1,57,256	...	...	26,528	22,173
2.—Indian	7,983	5,052	11,158	6,538	3,175	1,486	...	...
Drugs and chemicals—								
1.—Intoxicating other than opium	694	435	815	359	121	...	...	76
2.—Non-intoxicating	7,731	8,022	8,097	6,713	366	...	...	1,309
Dyes and tans—								
1.—Indigo	439	381	585	764	146	383	...	...
2.—Myrabolams	13,921	3,443	15,752	3,610	1,831	167	...	...
3.—Aniline dyes	209	269	258	212	49	...	...	57
4.—Cutch	2,735	1,002	4,260	1,872	1,525	870	...	...
5.—Paints and colours	5,645	2,838	9,803	3,959	4,158	1,121	...	...
6.—Others	3,995	1,945	3,463	1,638	...	...	532	307
Grains—								
1.—Wheat	29,07,091	8,58,274	8,38,308	3,20,629	...	...	20,68,783	5,37,645
2.—Rice	5,18,619	87,269	3,91,057	56,640	...	...	1,27,562	30,629
3.—Jawar and bajra	32,711	5,052	6,422	1,143	...	...	26,289	3,909
4.—Gram	1,59,783	46,424	1,20,673	52,810	...	6,386	39,110	...
5.—Indigo seed	5,972	1,513	5,811	1,462	...	...	161	51
6.—Seeds other than oil-seeds	74,749	31,044	56,933	30,899	...	...	17,816	145
7.—Others	3,90,172	1,08,805	3,10,151	85,320	...	...	80,021	23,485
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle	26,323	15,593	32,558	24,067	6,235	8,474	...	...
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.	14,789	9,700	15,149	7,095	360	...	...	2,605
Horns	1,170	811	878	570	...	...	292	241
Jute—								
1.—Raw	7,752	3,292	23,726	6,767	15,974	3,475	...	...
2.—Gunnybags and cloth	1,69,668	84,190	1,40,485	78,981	...	...	29,183	10,209
Lac—								
1.—Stick	7,851	2,495	8,763	3,216	912	721	...	...
2.—Shell-lac	9,183	7,150	9,089	7,168	...	18	94	...
Leather—								
1.—Unmanufactured	1,568	3,114	1,158	1,902	...	...	410	1,212
2.—Manufactured	3,501	3,539	3,516	3,731	15	192	...	...
Liquors—								
1.—Beer	8,132	3,940	8,732	5,135	600	1,195	...	...
2.—Wines	2,779	4,194	2,368	3,888	...	...	411	306
3.—Spirits	934	1,396	1,772	2,189	838	793	...	...
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought	3,850	4,734	3,670	4,238	...	...	180	496
2.—Brass, unwrought	3,309	1,751	3,626	1,662	317	...	...	89
3.—Brass and copper, wrought	11,509	5,524	15,406	7,798	3,897	2,274	...	...
4.—Iron	1,43,450	62,883	2,27,788	93,552	84,338	30,669	...	...
5.—Tin	2,530	2,354	3,201	2,654	671	300	...	...
6.—Others	8,535	6,282	9,619	6,006	1,084	...	...	276
Oils—								
1.—Castor	3,186	983	4,713	1,407	1,527	424	...	...
2.—Kerosine	62,747	30,545	74,079	32,573	11,332	2,028	...	...
3.—Others	9,393	3,879	10,462	4,650	1,069	771	...	...
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed	13,09,761	4,58,640	13,18,196	4,02,018	8,435	...	...	56,622
2.—Rape and mustard	3,71,387	1,10,089	7,49,187	1,41,938	3,77,800	31,849	...	...
3.—Til or jinjili	8,191	2,357	8,986	2,262	795	...	...	95
4.—Castor	1,24,667	28,381	1,44,076	35,084	19,409	6,703	...	...
5.—Poppy	1,10,379	37,161	1,45,928	53,394	35,549	16,233	...	...
6.—Others	6,572	1,290	11,202	2,049	4,630	859	...	...
Opium	34,049	22,931	45,500	28,655	11,451	5,724	...	...
Paper and pasteboard	9,557	5,649	9,551	5,968	...	319	6	...
Provisions—								
1.—Ghee	21,475	13,536	21,279	13,171	...	...	196	365
2.—Dried fruits and nuts	23,480	21,252	21,555	20,240	...	...	1,925	1,012
3.—Coconnuts	5,050	2,574	2,868	1,379	...	...	2,182	1,195
4.—Turmeric	18,806	12,445	15,984	11,185	...	...	2,822	1,260
5.—Others	60,907	30,635	51,516	21,652	...	...	9,391	8,983
Salt	4,30,760	1,02,275	5,37,141	96,482	1,06,381	...	...	5,793
Saltpetre, &c.—								
1.—Saltpetre	64,688	27,110	61,098	22,215	...	...	3,590	4,895
2.—Borax	1,629	1,196	1,729	988	100	...	...	208
3.—Other saline substances	39,785	8,992	29,488	8,692	...	...	10,297	300
Silk, raw—								
1.—Foreign	2	9	4	14	2	5	...	...
2.—Indian	1,225	1,187	2,162	1,085	937	...	...	102
Silk piece-goods—								
1.—Foreign	11	31	6	18	...	...	5	13
2.—Indian	208	305	392	372	184	67	...	...
Spices—								
1.—Pepper	3,430	4,276	2,451	1,985	...	...	979	2,291
2.—Other	19,301	11,270	19,230	15,265	...	3,995	71	...
Sugar—								
1.—Drained	32,552	12,838	22,837	8,314	...	...	9,715	4,524
2.—Undrained	4,80,558	73,819	4,86,629	87,827	6,071	14,008	...	...
Stone and lime	2,93,057	38,014	4,50,318	58,200	1,57,261	20,195	...	...
Tea—								
1.—Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.—Indian	941	930	1,287	886	346	...	...	44
Timber, &c.—								
1.—Timber	91,143	14,538	79,841	12,364	...	...	11,302	2,174
2.—Firewood	32,507	2,864	37,213	2,859	4,706	...	...	5
Tobacco	1,37,922	57,919	1,91,829	79,314	53,907	21,395	...	...
Umbrellas	1,484	2,062	863	1,009	...	...	621	1,053
Wool—								
1.—Raw	2,569	1,522	1,385	897	...	...	1,184	625
2.—Piece-goods—								
a.—European	638	818	...	...	...	...	638	818
b.—Indian	1,349	1,467	1,131	1,013	...	...	218	454
3.—Shawls	3	1	...	...	...	...	3	1
All other articles of merchandise	5,48,740	2,05,354	5,99,967	1,71,243	51,227	...	...	34,111
Total	91,57,696	29,74,786	76,29,667	23,66,941	...	...	15,28,029	6,07,845
Military stores	10,035	23,087	7,080	3,949	...	...	2,355	20,038
Coal—								
1.—For public	35,29,335	5,53,829	43,81,500	6,67,974	8,52,165	1,14,145	...	...
2.— „ Railway	4,94,178	44,612	5,45,232	58,420	51,054	13,808	...	...
Railway Materials—								
1.—For construction and revenue	7,04,832	71,659	7,63,905	34,577	59,073	...	...	37,082
Live-stock	...	5,073	...	5,101	...	28	...	...
Total	1,38,96,076	36,73,046	1,33,27,984	31,34,062	...	...	5,68,092	5,36,984

T. Simpson, *Assistant Auditor.*

Traffic Audit Office, Goods Division, Jamalpur, *the 7th July* 1823.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 13 days of June 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the period ...	552,268*	5,90,467 10 0*	43,83,745 20	10,45,215 1 0	34,515 13 0	16,70,198 8 0	1,35,792½	205,104¼	340,896¾
Per mile of railway	......	366 10 2	......	649 0 0	21 6 11	1,037 1 1	......	......	......
For previous 24 weeks of half-year	7,085,804	75,66,368 12 0	7,31,54,881 0	1,67,46,585 7 0	3,39,854 4 0	2,46,52,008 7 0	1,844,584½	2,862,358¼	4,706,943
Total for $25\frac{6}{7}$ weeks ...	7,638,072	81,56,836 6 0	7,75,38,626 20	1,77,91,800 8 0	3,73,370 1 0	2,63,22,206 15 0	1,980,376¾	3,067,462½	5,047,839¼
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding last 13 days of previous year	494,347½	4,75,015 1 2	46,11,251 10	8,94,723 6 1	−54,456 8 8	13,15,281 14 7	125,212½	183,529	308,741½
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	......	294 15 2	......	555 8 11	−33 13 0	816 11 1	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 26 weeks of previous year	7,646,893	79,79,168 10 1	7,71,10,393 0	1,85,55,596 7 1	4,58,336 9 2	2,69,93,101 10 4	1,994,131½	3,115,241	5,109,372½

* The increase is chiefly due to movements of pilgrims; also abnormal pilgrim traffic to Baidyanath and Raneegunge.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 13 days of June 1893, on 22¾ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the period ...	29,598	7,957 5 0	9,185 10	356 14 0	15 0 0	8,329 3 0	1,634	148	1,782
Per mile of railway	......	357 10 1	......	16 0 8	0 10 9	374 5 6	......	......	......
For previous 24 weeks of half-year	*543,195	*1,41,881 1 0	†2,70,104 10	†9,390 6 0	‡553 0 0	1,51,824 7 0	21,361	2,515	23,876
Total for $25\frac{6}{7}$ weeks ...	572,793	1,49,838 6 0	2,79,289 20	9,747 4 0	568 0 0	1,60,153 10 0	22,995	2,663	25,658
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding last 13 days of previous year ...	32,706	7,971 9 2	12,940 0	485 11 0	238 9 6	8,695 13 8	1,525	125	1,650
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ..	......	358 4 4	......	21 13 3	10 11 7	390 13 2	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 26 weeks of previous year ...	576,703	1,47,927 4 2	4,51,852 0	14,564 3 3	601 2 0	1,63,092 9 5	23,030	2,897	25,927

* Added number of passengers 160 and deducted Rs. 103 }
† Deducted maunds 18 and added „ 5 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures to week ending 27th May 1893,
‡ Added „ 302 } including supplemental for 31st March 1893.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 13 days of June 1893, on 161⅜ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the period ...	35,647*	*23,738 6 0	93,886 30	14,810 12 0	95 0 0	38,644 2 6	11,485	4,871	16,356
Per mile of railway	......	147 1 3	......	91 12 3	0 9 5	239 6 11	......	......	......
For previous 24 weeks of half-year	†455,314	†3,34,410 5 0	‡17,08,755 20	‡2,17,798 2 0	§7,597 0 0	5,59,805 7 0	137,306½	77,340	214,646½
Total for $25\frac{6}{7}$ weeks ...	490,961	3,58,148 11 0	18,02,642 10	2,32,608 14 0	7,693 0 0	5,98,449 9 6	148,791½	82,211	231,002½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding last 13 days of previous year ...	29,658	19,943 9 7	72,675 10	14,141 12 0	3,128 13 3	37,214 2 10	11,065	4,696½	15,761½
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	......	123 9 1	......	87 9 11	19 6 2	230 9 2	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 26 weeks of previous year	439,459	3,37,132 11 10	11,27,700 30	2,12,443 6 2	5,992 8 0	5,55,568 10 0	165,238	59,701½	224,939½

* The increase is chiefly due to movements of pilgrims.
† Added number of passengers 20 and Rs. 330 }
‡ Ditto maunds 55,245 and deducted „ 1,331 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures to week ending 27th May 1893,
§ Ditto „ 6,418 } including supplemental for 31st March 1893.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 13 *days of June* 1893, *on* 777 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for 13 days ...	333,941	1,46,310 0 0	9,24,290 0	1,65,130 0 0	95,960 0 0	4,07,400 0 0	52,000	45,213	97,2[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	430	188 0 0	1,189 0	213 0 0	†98 0 0	409 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 24 weeks of half-year *	4,328,760	20,40,131 0 0	1,73,27,498 0	22,23,296 0 0	3,72,506 0 0	46,35,933 0 0	677,930	673,186	1,351,1[illegible]
Total for 26 weeks ...	4,662,701	21,86,441 0 0	1,82,51,698 0	23,88,426 0 0	4,68,466 0 0	50,43,333 0 0	729,930	718,429	1,448,3[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding 12 days of previous year ...	331,179	1,25,710 0 0	8,59,994 0	1,47,019 0 0	1,17,382 0 0	3,90,111 0 0	48,227	40,177	88,4[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	426	162 0 0	1,107 0	189 0 0	†135 0 0	486 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	4,416,580	20,95,013 0 0	1,40,89,940 0	20,53,252 0 0	4,53,623 0 0	46,01,888 0 0	746,439	696,985	1,443,4[illegible]

* Audited up to week ending 13th May 1893.
† Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 13 *days of June* 1893, *on* 125 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for 13 days ...	55,965	19,750 0 0	72,574 0	4,890 0 0	450 0 0	25,090 0 0	8,100	2,395	10,4[illegible]
Or per mile of railway ...	447	158 0 0	581 0	39 0 0	4 0 0	201 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 24 weeks of half-year*	775,848	2,64,401 0 0	15,75,864 0	98,025 0 0	2,633 0 0	3,65,059 0 0	88,813	47,479	136,2[illegible]
Total for 26 weeks ...	831,813	2,84,151 0 0	16,48,438 0	1,02,915 0 0	3,083 0 0	3,90,149 0 0	96,913	49,874	146,78[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding 12 days of previous year	51,494	17,994 0 0	90,472 0	4,670 0 0	461 0 0	23,125 0 0	7,381	2,344	10,[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	412	144 0 0	724 0	37 0 0	4 0 0	185 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	791,921	2,81,655 0 0	15,25,030 0	91,647 0 0	2,610 0 0	3,75,912 0 0	96,661	50,835	147,4[illegible]

* Audited up to week ending 13th May 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 13 *days of June* 1893, *on* 86 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for 13 days ...	34,434	9,630 0 0	13,860 0	1,580 0 0	100 0 0	11,310 0 0	4,800	1,178	5,9[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	400	112 0 0	161 0	19 0 0	1 0 0	132 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 24 weeks of half-year*	425,913	1,31,951 0 0	360,646 0	32,726 0 0	4,201 0 0	1,68,878 0 0	59,697	17,926	77,6[illegible]
Total for 26 weeks ...	460,347	1,41,581 0 0	3,74,506 0	34,306 0 0	4,301 0 0	1,80,188 0 0	64,497	19,104	83,6[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding 12 days of previous year	39,169	9,406 0 0	16,427 0	1,605 0 0	872 0 0	11,973 0 0	4,338	1262	5,6[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	455	110 0 0	191 0	19 0 0	10 0 0	139 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	445,121	1,39,581 0 0	3,85,844 0	25,559 0 0	4,566 0 0	1,69,706 0 0	64,938	18,952	83,8[illegible]

* Audited up to week ending 13th May 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the last 13 days of June 1893, on 756 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
al traffic for the period on 756 iles open	174,550	76,470	7,07,350	89,090	24,560	1,90,120	24,329	31,028	55,357
per mile of railway	230·89	101·15	935·65	117·84	32·49	251·48	......	......	......
r previous 24 weeks of half-year*	2,423,041	10,24,005	1,15,24,619	16,43,377	3,26,010	29,93,392	326,076	467,515	793,591
Total for 25 6/7 weeks ...	2,599,591	11,00,475	1,22,31,969	17,32,467	3,50,570	31,83,512	350,405	498,543	848,948
COMPARISON.									
al for corresponding period previous year on 755 miles open†	177,643	61,957	7,58,331	88,615	23,350	1,67,952	19,439	33,175	52,614
mile of corresponding week previous year	235·29	82·06	1,004·41	109·46	30·93	222·45	......	......	......
al to corresponding date of previous year	2,487,297	10,66,581	1,06,11,758	15,46,254	3,20,472	29,33,307	316,315	549,567	865,882

* Includes audited figures up to 13th May 1893.

† Includes supplementary figures.

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta. 12th July 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.] No. 29 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

CENSUS OF BENGAL, 1891.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—CENSUS.

Darjeeling, the 12th July 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Report on the Census of Bengal taken on the 26th February 1891, by C. J. O'Donnell, Esq., M.A., C.S.

The Report on the Census of the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta, by H. F. T. Maguire, Esq., C.S.

The third complete census of the Lower Provinces of Bengal was taken on the night of the 26th February 1891 with entire success, and shows the population of the Provinces within the Lieutenant-Governorship of Bengal,

including the Feudatory States, to have been on that date 74,643,366 persons, of whom 37,236,485 were males and 37,406,881 females. The Provincial Superintendent of Census, Mr. C. J. O'Donnell, has now submitted his Report on this great undertaking, and the Lieutenant-Governor, who has perused it with interest, desires to place on record the following observations upon some of the more important points with which it deals.

2. The Report is contained in three volumes, forming numbers III, IV and V of the Imperial Census Series (volumes I and II of the same series being concerned with the Census of Assam). The first of these volumes comprises the Report proper, in the second are given the Imperial Tables, while the last is devoted to statistics of castes and tribes. For statistical purposes the territorial unit in these volumes is the district, but in order to place on record the statistics for smaller areas, the Lieutenant-Governor has caused to be published a selection of the tables showing details for each thana of a district, and the census reports submitted by District Officers are also in course of publication. When these operations are concluded, a mass of statistical information will be available, which cannot fail to be of the greatest utility. The Report itself falls naturally into two parts, viz., Chapters I to V, which describe the proceedings preliminary to the Census and the actual operations undertaken, and Chapters VI to XVI, which give the results and enter into a statistical examination of them.

3. In December 1889, a Census Conference sat at Agra, to which were deputed as delegates from the various provinces of India most of the officers who had conducted the Census of 1881, and as soon as the conclusions and recommendations of that Conference had been published, the preliminary arrangements for the enumeration to take place a year later were set on foot.

Preliminary operations.

4. The first step to be taken was the correction of the two great Registers A, and B, which were originally devised by Mr. Beverley in 1871, and were rightly designated by him as the basis of the whole Census fabric. Of these the first is a register of the survey areas or *mauzas* into which the whole Province is mapped out, and contains lists of the residential villages in each *mauza*: register B, on the other hand, is the converse of register A, and is a register of inhabited villages, with a column to show the survey *mauzas* in which each is situate. The work of completing and correcting these registers occupied the hot weather and rains of 1890, and was carried out almost entirely by police agency. Meanwhile District Officers were busy preparing lists of fitting persons to take up the work of enumerator and supervisor. Each district was divided into a number of charges, usually conterminous with the thanas, each of which was again broken up into circles under supervisors, and these again into blocks, each of which was as far as possible made over to one enumerator. The number of supervisors and enumerators in 1891 was much greater than in 1881, the numbers in the former year being 26,507 and 324,645 as against 13,942 and 207,683 in the latter year: the policy of the Census Superintendent was to work with small blocks and small circles, and this was rendered possible on the present occasion by the permission accorded by Government to utilize the services of police officers, a concession which was almost entirely withheld in 1881: as a matter of fact, the average number of houses in a block was 36 only. Simultaneously with the organisation of the machinery in the mufassal, the translation and preparation of the Census schedules, the "instructions to enumerators" and other forms was going on in Calcutta. These forms were printed in six different languages, viz., English, Bengali, Kaithi-Hindi, Uriya, Nepali-Hindi and the Nagri-Hindi of Chutia Nagpur. The total number of schedules printed was 22,779,507, and of other forms 2,649,198 or a grand total of 25,428,705. The expedient of making up the schedules into books of 60, 30, 20, and 10 schedules each, certainly brought about some economy in the expenditure of forms, and the Superintendent has embodied in his report recommendations for a still further progress in the same direction at the next Census, and has recorded in his office a careful statement showing the number of enumeration books of each size actually used in each thana, which cannot fail to be of use in future.

5. In addition to the arrangements for the ordinary house-to-house census, it also became the duty of the Superintendent to make special arrangements for the enumeration of cantonments, cooly lines and jails, to organise the counting

of the moving population on boats and sea-going ships, in railway trains and on roads, besides such special gatherings as fairs and wedding parties, and these were all accomplished with success. The Lieutenant-Governor has read with pleasure that, in this part of his duty, Mr. O'Donnell, like his predecessor in 1881, received willing and valuable assistance from the managers and officials of railways, the agents of steamer companies, and unofficial employers of labour throughout the Province, and Sir Antony MacDonnell gladly takes this opportunity of thanking them for services rendered often at considerable personal inconvenience.

The actual enumeration.

6. As in 1881, the enumeration of the people consisted of two processes, viz., the preliminary record and the final checking. The former operation was carried out by the enumerators at leisure between the 15th January and the 15th February, and thus ample time was allowed for the examination of their work by supervisors and other superior officers; but, as a matter of fact, the first fortnight was chiefly occupied by experiments, and few entries were made in the schedules till after the first of February. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with Mr. O'Donnell that the additions and erasures which are necessarily implied by too early a preliminary record justify his arguments in favour of a later commencement. In a few special cases, chiefly backward and jungly tracts, like the Tributary States of Orissa and Chutia Nagpur and parts of the non-regulation districts of Bengal, the preliminary counting began earlier, and the final check was not carried out by night. Modified schedules of a much simpler character than those in ordinary use were employed in the Hill Tracts of Chittagong, Hill Tippera and Sikkim.

7. One great step in advance was taken at this Census, which had not before been generally attempted in Bengal, and which in fact formed a third or final process in the completion of the actual enumeration. This was the rough totalling of their enumeration books on the morning of the 27th February by the enumerators who were collected in a central spot for that purpose under the superintendence of their supervisor. Careful arrangements were made for the addition of the block, circle and charge totals so obtained, and in many districts the organisation was so good that the district totals were in the hands of the Magistrate within 48 hours of the actual enumeration. Moreover the general accuracy of the work was so great that between the preliminary provincial total so arrived at, and that which was ascertained at the close of the detailed abstraction, there was only a deficiency of 305,716, or 4 per mille. The most accurate work was done in Cuttack, where the error was only 291 in a population of 1,937,671, and in Rajshahi, where it amounted to 456 in a total of 1,313,336. The variation in 1881, when the preliminary total was compiled in district offices and not by the enumerators, was 9·8 per mille. Mr. O'Donnell recommended that this preliminary abstraction should comprise more than the simple totals of the sexes, but the Census Commissioner did not sanction the proposal: the recommendation is repeated in the report, but the Lieutenant-Governor does not consider it necessary to pass any orders upon the suggestion, which will doubtless be fully considered when the time comes for making arrangements for the Census of 1901.

The compilation of the tables.

8. The schedule of 1891 demanded practically the same information as that of 1881, but there has been a great difference in the manner in which this information has been combined for the published Census tables. Details of occupation in combination with age were extracted in 1891, but not attempted ten years previously. The heaviest and most vexatious tasks, however, were the extraction of details of education combined with caste, and of marriage combined with age and caste.

9. An entirely new departure was also taken in the establishment of offices at district head-quarters for the abstraction of the figures from the schedules and their subsequent tabulation. In 1881 there were three offices—at Calcutta, at Dinapore, and at Cuttack; the Agra Conference recommended the establishment of an office at the head-quarters of each Division, but the Census Superintendent in 1891, with the powerful support of the Census Commissioner, obtained permission from the Lieutenant-Governor to open offices at the head-quarters of each district. Mr. O'Donnell urges that the experiment has

been successful, but the Lieutenant-Governor is unable to accept this opinion without some qualification. It is true that a great deal of the work done by the clerks in the Calcutta offices in 1881 was very bad and entailed much costly checking and correction, but from reports which have reached him since the operations were completed, and from admissions made by Mr. O'Donnell himself, it is manifest to the Lieutenant-Governor that work in several district offices in 1891 was very badly done also. The new plan is certainly much cheaper, since it saves house rent, travelling allowance, freight on schedules, and the deputation of an expensive superior establishment; but, on the other hand, the diffusion of the work renders difficult the exercise of control by the Provincial Superintendent, and—a most important consideration—throws additional labour and responsibility upon the already overworked District Officer. For these reasons, the Lieutenant-Governor, while admitting that Mr. O'Donnell administered the district system as well as it could be done, and while cordially acknowledging the devotion of almost all District Officers in discharging this heavy additional duty, is inclined to think that on a future occasion the experiment of divisional offices under a small separate staff should have a trial.

10. Abstraction, or the transfer of figures from the actual enumeration books to twelve abstracting sheets in which the block was the unit, was commenced everywhere about the 8th of April 1891, and was concluded almost without exception by the 31st July. Tabulation, that is, the transfer of the block totals from the abstraction sheets into twenty-six totalling registers, was the second stage of the operations, and commenced on different dates in different offices, according to the accuracy of the antecedent abstraction or the rapidity with which errors in it were corrected. "It was at first intended," to quote from the report, "that tabulation should be completed by the middle of August, but only one district, Noakhali, was able to work within this limit of time, followed closely by Bogra. Most districts completed tabulation by the end of September, but a few dragged on to the end of the year."

11. On these two operations, which were carried out according to fixed scales of work, Mr. O'Donnell has a good deal to say, chiefly of a technical character, which the Lieutenant-Governor will not discuss in this place, but which will doubtless prove useful to the census officer ten years hence; but the arguments employed in favour of less haste in future in conducting abstraction and tabulation are very sensible. The basis of the scheme on this occasion was the completion of the work of abstraction in four months, or 100 working days, and to secure this end, great efforts were necessary in several districts where it was difficult to procure skilled labour. "The general opinion of District Officers," in which the Superintendent records his complete concurrence, "was that abstraction was pressed on much too quickly, and that thorough supervision was impossible, except by a demand on the time of District Officers and other gazetted subordinates, which it seems inadvisable to repeat."

The cost of the Census.

12. The fourth chapter of Mr. O'Donnell's Report deals with the cost of the Census. The total allotment made by the Government of India was eight lakhs of rupees, of which a lakh and a half were intended to cover the cost of actual enumeration, and six and a half lakhs that of compiling the resulting statistics. The saving effected on the allotment for enumeration was as much as Rs. 68,871. Very large savings were made under the heads of "Establishment" and "Paper and Printing;" the first being secured by the refusal to entertain Census clerks before the Census, so that nearly all preliminary work was done by the ordinary district staff and by the wholesale employment of the police, whose assistance was invaluable. The second was effected by the most rigorous scrutiny of indents for forms and by the diminished cost of paper, while the employment of larger machinery enabled the Press to turn out its work more cheaply. Excluding Calcutta, the cost of enumeration in 1891 was only Rs. 1,096 per million of population, as against Rs. 2,525 in 1881. Great variations in the cost of the Census were observed in different districts, the expenditure on enumeration per 100,000 of the population ranging from Rs. 278 in Darjeeling and Rs. 198 in Jalpaiguri, to Rs. 41 in Muzaffarpur, Rs. 45 in Champaran, and Rs. 49 in Dinajpur, the provincial average being Rs. 69.

13. The second and largest branch of expenditure was connected with the abstraction and tabulation of the Census schedules in the district offices.

Excluding Calcutta, as well as Kuch Bihar and Hill Tippera, the Administration of which States bore the entire cost of compilation, and making allowance for the municipal contributions and other recoveries, the Census statistics of a population of 73,245,496 persons were abstracted and tabulated at a cost of Rs. 6,20,000, so that the saving on the allotment made by the Census Commissioner was Rs. 30,000. Mr. O'Donnell's conclusion is that the allotments for abstraction were generally found to be ample, but that in tabulation they were very frequently exceeded, not because they were insufficient, but because the clerks in many offices combined to resist the tasks required of them, and so to prolong the period of their employment. His suggestions for future retrenchment in these operations do not call for present orders.

14. The Lieutenant-Governor considers the savings of nearly a lakh of rupees to be proof of the firm control maintained over expenditure by the Census Superintendent; but from information which has reached him from various quarters, Sir Antony MacDonnell is disposed to think that a little more liberality, while it would not have detracted from the credit due to Mr. O'Donnell, would have made the Census machinery work more smoothly. Serious inconvenience was caused in several districts by the rigid economy enforced in the supply of enumeration books. Sufficient allowance seems hardly to have been made in some instances for local difficulties, and the want of competent clerks, and funds for preliminary expenditure were not always adequate. It is not usual for the Government to look askance at economy of expenditure, and Sir Antony MacDonnell is far from under-estimating the Superintendent's devotion to this part of his duties. But it is to be remembered that if private persons did not largely assist the Government on these occasions by the gratuitous loan of their services, the cost of a Census in India would be enormous. Illiberality of treatment deters unofficial persons from helping us in time of need, and the Lieutenant-Governor therefore thinks that the claims to be recouped reasonable expenses, put forward by such private persons who have devoted time and trouble to the service of Government, should not be scrutinized in a grudging spirit. The Lieutenant-Governor takes this opportunity of recording his cordial acknowledgments of the invaluable assistance which private individuals have gratuitously given the Government on this occasion.

Census Legislation.

15. The chapter on Census Legislation, which is the fifth of Mr. O'Donnell's Report, the Lieutenant-Governor leaves for consideration when the arrangements for the next Census are under discussion.

The results of the Census.

16. The second part of the Superintendent's Report, dealing with the results of the Census, commences with his sixth chapter, which contains a statement of the actual population discovered by the Census, and a succinct but graphic account of the country in which they live. Mr. O'Donnell has abandoned the usual arrangement by which the Lower Provinces of Bengal are portioned out into administrative Divisions; and for the purpose of examination, looking chiefly to their geographical and ethnological characteristics, he has broken up the traditional provinces of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, and has re-arranged the districts of Bengal into the following great groups: (I) Northern Bengal, consisting of (*a*) the plains portion of the Rajshahi Division with parts of Malda and Purnea, and (*b*) Darjeeling, the Western Duars and Kuch Bihar. (II) Eastern Bengal, comprising the Dacca and Chittagong Divisions and the Khulna district, divided into (*a*) the inland districts, (*b*) the littoral districts, and (*c*) the Sunderbuns, besides the Chittagong Hills and the State of Hill Tippera. Western Bengal (III) includes the districts of (*a*) the Presidency and (*b*) Burdwan Divisions, and (*c*) the metropolitan towns. North Bihar (IV) including the sub-Himalayan tract, South Bihar (V) the southern area bordering on the Chutia Nagpur Division. Orissa (VI) and Chutia Nagpur (VII) each fall naturally into two parts—that under the direct control of the Lieutenant-Governor, and that under the Chiefs of the Tributary States, to which has been added the British district of the Sonthal Parganas. This arrangement certainly groups the population upon an intelligent and instructive system, while the figures which are contained in the statements appended to the report enable an examination of the figures to be conducted upon the old lines.

The distribution of the population.

17. The population is distributed as follows over the great natural divisions of the Province described above:—

	Area.	Population.	Density.
Northern Bengal	21,836	10,002,671	456·6
Eastern Bengal	34,238	16,007,257	467·1
Western Bengal	22,994	14,388,337	622·7
Total Bengal Proper ...	79,068	40,398,265	510·3
North Bihar	19,118	12,901,025	674·8
South "	16,421	8,364,125	509·3
Total Bihar ...	35,539	21,265,150	595·8
Orissa	24,240	5,744,062	232·8
Chutia Nagpur	48,489	7,266,347	149·8
Grand Total ...	187,336	74,673,824	398·3

The above figures show that the Bengali population proper amounts to 54·09 per cent. of the total, and that it covers an area of 42·2 per cent. of the province; that the Biharis amount to 28·47 per cent. of the population and inhabit 18·9 per cent. of the area of the province; that the Uriyas, with a country covering 12·9 per cent. of the area of Bengal, are 7·69 per cent. of the population. Finally, the inhabitants of Chutia Nagpur, who are mostly aboriginals living in a thinly-populated tract, are 9·73 per cent. of the whole, and are scattered over an area which is equivalent to 25·9 per cent. of the whole country.

18. The figures for North Bihar are phenomenal. This tract contains no great cities, except Patna (165,192) and Gaya (80,383), and is in all respects a purely rural country; yet it carries a population of 674·8 to the square mile, and some of its districts show such wonderful figures as 930 (Saran), 902 (Muzaffarpur), and 840 (Darbhanga). Next in the list of sub-provinces comes Western Bengal, with a density of 622·7 per square mile, but this is largely due to the inclusion of Calcutta and the Suburbs with the towns of Howrah and Bally, and if these are excluded, the population of the sub-province amounts only to 508 to the square mile. How these figures compare with those recorded in other provinces of the Empire will be seen from the the statistics below, which are taken from Table I of the Imperial Census Tables—

	Area.	Population.	Density per square mile.
Bengal* ...	151,543	71,346,987	470·8
Assam ...	49,004	5,476,833	111·7
Bombay ...	125,144	18,901,123	151·
Burma ...	171,430	7,605,560	44·3
Central Provinces ...	86,501	10,784,294	124·6
Madras ...	141,189	35,630,440	252·3
North-Western Provinces ...	107,503	46,905,085	436·4
Punjab ...	110,667	20,866,847	188·5

Some of the district figures have been quoted above: the density ranges from 1,264 to the square mile in Howrah to 20 in the Hill Tracts of Chittagong. Altogether eleven districts have an average population of 700 or more to the square mile, as against ten in 1881. The two lists given in the margin show the comparative density at the two periods, and they also demonstrate clearly the general advance in density in these districts which were already over-populated.

1891.		1881.	
Howrah ...	1,264	Howrah ...	1,130
Saran ...	930	Saran ...	869
Muzaffarpur ...	902	Muzaffarpur ...	859
Hooghly ...	880	Patna ...	845
24-Parganas ...	867	Hooghly ...	828
Dacca ...	865	Darbhanga ...	789
Patna ...	852	24-Parganas ...	771
Darbhanga ...	840	Dacca ...	756
Faridpur ...	793	Faridpur ...	719
Pabna ...	741	Pabna ...	710
Tippera ...	716		

* Excluding Feudatory States, &c.

19. The seventh chapter of Mr. O'Donnell's Report deals with a subject of very great administrative importance, viz., the variation of the population, district by district, since 1881, and he rightly describes the chapter as one of the most important in the volume. The district figures are discussed with care and minuteness, and extracts are given from the reports of many district officers, which the Lieutenant-Governor has read with interest. These are, however, too numerous for notice here, and His Honour must content himself with referring to some of the most important among them, as well as the figures for areas larger than the district.

Increase and decrease of the population.

20. The Census Superintendent has followed the same arrangement of areas which has already been referred to in previous paragraphs. He has also, with commendable industry, carried still further the investigations into increase and decrease which were very fully discussed in Chapter V of the Bengal Census Report for 1881. Mr. O'Donnell has shown in a small table for every district the variation, actual and proportionate, in the number of persons actually enumerated in the district in 1881 and in 1891, and he has also ascertained, by a judicious use of the birthplace statistics, what may be called the corrected population for each district. From the recorded total have been deducted the figures for all persons enumerated in the district who were born elsewhere; on the other hand there have been added the numbers of those who, though born in the district, have been enumerated elsewhere, the result being the population actually born in the district. From this operation two important results emerge: it is possible to recognize very clearly in what districts population is increasing or decreasing, irrespective of outside influences, and it is not less easy to see to what localities immigrants resort and what tracts are being depleted by emigration.

21. When people are prosperous and live in a healthy climate, population usually increases. But it is not always safe to infer prosperity from an increase in population: the inference, however, in the case of Eastern Bengal would not be incorrect. An examination of the figures shows very clearly that, during the ten years which elapsed between 1881 and 1891, the districts of this sub-province have, without exception, made great strides in material prosperity and in numbers. Not long before the Census of 1881 their prosperity was rudely checked, and great loss of life and vast damage to property were caused by the cyclone and storm-wave of October 1876: but even in 1881 the ravages of that terrible calamity had been largely repaired, and the advance which had then commenced has been so well sustained, hat between that year and 1891 there was an increase of 10 per cent. or more in every district of the Dacca and Chittagong Divisions, the progress being greatest in those which had suffered most severely in 1876, viz., Noakhali, Chittagong, Backergunge, and Tippera. Not far behind these districts come the Tributary States of Chutia Nagpur and the districts of the Chutia Nagpur Division, with the exception of Hazaribagh. The non-Aryan races are said by Mr. O'Donnell to be extremely prolific, and the fine climate of this tract, and the simple habits of its people, all tend to the preservation of life and the rapid reproduction of the species. Nevertheless, these facts do not sufficiently account for the recorded increase, and it seems impossible to doubt that much of it is due, especially in the Tributary States, as in the contiguous Tributary States of Orissa, to more accurate enumeration, and in some extent to immigration. The same explanation alone suits the great increase in Darjeeling of 28·1 per cent. in the number of women. As soon as the figures of 1881 were published, it was suspected that there had been in this district a great concealment in the number of women, and the suspicion is now verified. The district of Malda, which, during the decade, has enjoyed a season of uninterrupted prosperity, has also increased 14·4 per cent. on the population of 1881. Saran, which is the most densely populated rural district in the province, and which was described by Mr. Beverley in 1872 as incapable of sustaining any further burden on the soil, shows an advance in its net population of 13·3 per cent.: Howrah, which is essentially an urban district, has an increase of 17·2 per cent., which the Census Superintendent is unable to credit. No districts give a net decrease except Birbhum (4 per cent.), Rajshahi (3·1), and Burdwan and Rangpur (1 per cent. each). In all these districts fever has been continuously prevalent.

22. The general results for the larger areas of Mr. O'Donnell's classification are as follow:—

	Variation in net population.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.
I.—Northern Bengal—			
Plains districts ...	+ 2·9	+ 1·7	+ 2·3
Hills and Terai ...	+ 7·6	+ 5·8	+ 6·76
II.—Eastern Bengal—			
Inland districts (a) ...	+ 10·7	+ 11·9	+ 12·3
Littoral districts (b) ...	+ 18·9	+ 16·4	+ 17·7
Hilly tracts ...		Not available.	
III.—Western Bengal—			
Presidency districts ...		Not available.	
Burdwan districts ...	+ 4·3	+ 2·4	+ 3·3
Calcutta ...	+ 16·4	+ 12·4	14·4
IV.—North Bihar ...	+ 6·4	+ 8·0	+ 7·2
V.—South Bihar (c) ...	− 1·8	+ 3·1	+ ·6
VI.—Orissa ...	+ 9·2	+ 11·3	+ 10·2
VII.—Chutia Nagpur (d) ...	+ 14·9	+ 14·3	+ 14·6

23. The statistics of gross population display, as might have been expected, greater variation, for whereas in respect of net population there were seventeen districts which showed an advance of 10 per cent. or more, and only four which returned an absolute decrease, the varying tide of migration has added so eccentric a factor to the natural progress of population, that while fifteen tracts show an advance in gross population, the number of tracts in which numbers have actually fallen off is seven, viz. Kuch Bihar (3·9), Birbhum (3·8), Jessore (2·5), Rangpur (1·6), Rajshahi (1·2), Nadia (1·1), and Burdwan (0·1). The districts of Eastern Bengal again take a prominent place, as the figures in the margin will show, clearly proving that the favourable conditions of life in those districts have invited settlers as well as stimulated natural increase. In Howrah and the 24-Parganas, "the Middlesex of Bengal," the attractions of the metropolis and of the great mills and factories which gird it about account for the increase: in Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri the very high figures are attributable to the development of the tea industry, the more accurate census being in Darjeeling an additional explanation. Malda and Bogra are two prosperous tracts in the generally stagnant area of the Rajshahi Division, while the prospect of virgin soil at easy rates of rent, and the facilities afforded by the new railway, have flooded the Sonthal Parganas, Manbhum, and the Chutia Nagpur States with immigrants.

	Increase of gross population.
Darjeeling ...	43·2
Chota Nagpur States	20·9
Noakhali ...	28·0
Tippera ...	17·9
Howrah ...	17·5
Jalpaiguri ...	17·3
Dacca ...	14·5
Malda ...	14·4
Chittagong ...	13·8
Mymensingh ...	13·4
Backergunge ...	13·2
Manbhum ...	12·9
24-Parganas ...	12·5
Sonthal Parganas ...	11·8
Bogra ...	11·2

24. Focussing all the province in one general view, it seems that only in one large tract, viz., Eastern Bengal, has there been a general and marked advance of the gross population, viz., 13·5 per cent. Orissa and Chutia Nagpur, it is true, yield an increase of 10·2 and 12·2 per cent. respectively: but this is due, to an indefinite but large extent, to better enumeration. Bihar, thanks to the development of the sub-Himalayan tract and to the advance in the marvellous district of Saran, has been able to withstand the loss of population in its southern zone from fever and the heavy drain of emigration, and shows a gross increase

(a) Excluding Jessore.
(b) Excluding Khulna.
(c) Including Monghyr and Bhagalpur.
(d) Including the Sonthal Parganas.

of 4·7 per cent. On the other hand, in Northern Bengal, excluding the hilly tracts, every district but Malda and Bogra has either retrograded or remained stationary, and the general advance is only 2·5 per cent. Lastly, Western and Metropolitan Bengal, owing to the persistent fever which throughout the decade has clung to the districts of that sub-province, has a percentage of increase, excluding the metropolitan towns, of only 3 per cent.

Emigration and Immigration.

25. The Report leaves no room for doubt that since 1881 the habit of emigration, chiefly of a temporary character only, has increased to some extent among the people of these provinces. The pressure on the soil in some districts, the facilities of railway communication, and the increased cost of living everywhere, have induced an emigration which was unknown ten years ago. Excluding those who had passed out of India and could not be traced, the balance of migration to and from other provinces against Bengal in 1881 was 147,001, whereas in 1891 as many as 821,998 persons had left Bengal, as against 506,423 who had come in, leaving a balance against the Lower Provinces of 315,575 persons, or more than double the loss of population ten years before. For this great drain Assam is mainly responsible, that province containing at the time of the census 418,360 persons born in Bengal, of whom 190,774 were emigrants from Chutia Nagpur. The distribution of the emigrants from Bengal is given below—

North-Western Provinces and Oudh	206,018	Madras	10,923
Assam	418,360	Punjab	7,654
Central Provinces ...	55,741	Bombay and Sindh ...	11,218
		Burma	112,084

26. The migration beyond the province is of course small compared to the movement of population within the province itself. Impressed with the greatness of the latter movement, Mr. O'Donnell doubts whether "any nation in the Old World is within its own limits in a more constant state of movement or more ready to change its homes." The Lieutenant-Governor has no information before him as to the volume of this migratory movement in European countries, but in Bengal the facts do not seem to warrant the significance which Mr. O'Donnell attaches to them, nor to show any very appreciable difference from what was already well known on the subject. In 1881, after excluding all those persons, the districts of whose birth had not been recorded, and all those enumerated in Bengal who were born outside the Province, there were found in Bengal 68,467,933 persons who had been born within its limits: to these may be added 615,286 persons born in Bengal and found elsewhere, so that the number of Bengal-born persons in that year, excluding those whose returns were indefinite, was 69,083,219. Of this number, only 3,428,867, or 4·96 per cent., were enumerated in districts other than that in which they were born, and 615,286 (or ·88 per cent.) were found in other provinces. The inter-district and inter-provincial migration of the people in 1881 then was measured by 5·84 per cent. of the total Bengal-born population. In 1891 the number of persons in Bengal, of whose birthplaces we have information, was 73,848,719, and those Bengal-born persons who were found elsewhere numbered 821,998, so that the total of natives of Bengal in 1891 was 74,670,717. Of this number 3,775,582, or 5·05 per cent., were found in districts other than that of their birth, and, as already stated, 821,998, or 1·1 per cent., were enumerated outside the province. The migration of the people in 1891 then is measured by 6·15 per cent. on the total Bengal-born population, or ·31 more than in 1881. The increase is not more than a very moderate response to the increased facilities of communication which have come into existence during the decade; while taken absolutely, the migration is not of a magnitude to call for any special notice, or to justify the Superintendent's description of it. If it be remembered that the boundaries of districts and of provinces are often merely conventional lines, the dwellers on both sides of which are practically the same people, intermarrying freely, and passing without stint backwards and forwards on business or pleasure, it would seem that the movement recorded is really inconsiderable, and that the statement of the Census Superintendent of 1881, that the natives of these provinces are "above all things a domestic and stay-at-home people," is nearer the mark than the later statement now under notice.

27. In many districts, of course, which march with provincial boundaries, there is a considerable immigrant population, and a considerable number of its natives are found elsewhere: so, also, where there are special attractions, a district shows a large immigrant population, or conversely, where the pressure on the soil is great or the climate unhealthy, the proportion of emigrants is large. These ratios are worked out district by district in Mr. O'Donnell's Report, in a series of tables for each sub-province of his classification. In eight districts the immigrants amount to 10 per cent. or more of the population, and in twenty others the ratio is 5 per cent. or more. Only three districts show a percentage of more than 10 of emigrants to the total born in the district, but in twenty-two others the ratio is between 5 and 10 per cent. The districts with the largest proportion of emigrants and immigrants are given in the two lists in the margin.

Immigration.		*Emigration.*	
Calcutta ...	66·3	Hooghly ...	15·9
Darjeeling ...	61·0	Saran ...	15·2
Hill Tippera ...	24·2	Lohardaga ...	11·7
Jalpaiguri ...	21·6		
Tributary States—Chutia Nagpur...	17·3		
Howrah ...	15·3		
Champaran ...	13·3		
Malda ...	10·5		

Urban population.

28. Bengal, as judged by the relative proportions of its urban and rural population, remains as much as ever an agricultural country of small villages and hamlets. The total figures of urban population in 1881 and 1891 unfortunately cannot be fairly compared, since the meaning of the term was differently construed in the two years. In 1881 every municipality, whatever its population, was reckoned as a town, as was every village or group of villages with more than 5,000 inhabitants, provided that it was really urban in character, while in 1891 that term only included those places to which Government has seen fit to extend municipal legislation. There is, therefore, an apparent decrease in the urban population of 203,811; but comparing the population of existing municipal areas with the population of the same places in 1881, there has been an increase of 304,236 persons, or 9·36 per cent., in the decade. This increase is far from universal, so that Bengal as yet knows nothing of that indraught to the great cities which is so prominent a feature of European sociology. Where the urban population has increased, there has always been a specific cause, such as the development of railway communications, as in Mokameh and Jamalpur, Lohardaga and Daltonganj, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, and Chapra, coupled sometimes with the attractions of climate, as in Darjeeling; the development of trade, as in Jalpaiguri, Dacca, Chittagong, and Narainganj, or a purely fortuitous and temporary influx of pilgrims as in Puri.

29. The number of villages with less than 200 inhabitants is 54 per cent. of the whole, and an interesting table shows what proportion of the total population in each geographical division lives in villages of different sizes. As might have been expected from the universal fertility of the country, the agricultural habits of the people, and their long freedom from war and rapine, Bengal has comparatively speaking fewer large towns than any other of the great Indian provinces. Mr. O'Donnell writes:—

"The Lower Provinces contain 37 towns with more than 20,000 inhabitants, the number in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh being precisely the same, and in the Madras Presidency only one less. In Bombay 21 towns exceed this population, and in the Punjab 23. In the proportion of great towns to total provincial population the rank of these great administrative divisions is the reverse of that in which they have been detailed above, the Punjab taking the first place and Bengal the last. The only point in which the Lower Provinces can claim any urban superiority lies in the fact that Calcutta, as befits its metropolitan position, is the largest city in the Empire, with a population, including its immediate suburbs, of 879,154 souls, Bombay with 821,764 inhabitants being a close second, Madras coming a rather distant third with 452,518 people within its municipal limits. The two former great Indian capitals have the distinction of exceeding in population every city in the British Empire except London, whilst only Liverpool, Manchester, and Birmingham surpass Madras. The only capitals in Europe that possess a larger population than Calcutta are Paris, Berlin, and St. Petersburgh; in Asia, Tokio; and in the rest of the world four great cities of the United States of America."

Europeans and Eurasians.

30. The numbers and distribution of the European and Eurasian population are matters of interest not only to the Administration, but to the general public. The numbers at the present census and the last appear to have been as follows:—

	British-born subjects.	Other Europeans.	Eurasians.	Total.
1881	10,583	13,638	14,705	38,926
1891	9,198	13,575	15,162	37,935
Difference ...	—1,385	—63	+457	—991

The decrease among the Europeans has been entirely in Calcutta, where the English-born fell from 5,923 in 1881 to 4,225 in 1891—a result so unexpected that the Superintendent hazards the conjecture that some of the forms for Europeans in Calcutta have been mislaid and their contents omitted from calculation. Rather more than half of the 22,773 Europeans, viz. 11,914, are found in Calcutta, the only other districts which have more than 1,000 Europeans being the 24-Parganas (2,010), Patna (1,662), and Darjeeling (1,049), their prominence being due to the cantonments they contain. Howrah, with 826 is not far behind.

31. The figures for the Eurasian population are full of significance, and it is to be regretted that it is not possible to place implicit confidence in them. It is well known that there exists among certain classes of them a tendency to record themselves as pure Europeans, and this must to a certain, though indefinable, extent impair the value of the returns. Nevertheless the fact that Europeans have not increased during the decade, even after making every allowance for possible errors in the Calcutta census, gives some ground for the belief that the Eurasian returns are fairly reliable. Their inclination, as is well known, is to cluster in colonies in the older towns of the province, so that Calcutta returns 9,818, or 64·7 per cent. of the whole number, Howrah, with its mills and railway workshops, shows 810, Chittagong contains 575, Patna 570, Burdwan 382, Monghyr 343. Their increase during the decade has only been 3·1 per cent., and the figures given by Mr. O'Donnell go to show that, contrary to the general opinion, they are not prolific. Moreover, his statistics confirm the conviction that the poverty and the habits of those who form a large percentage of the community are inimical to health and longevity. Out of every 20,000 persons in England of each sex, 1,380 males and 1,501 females are over 50 years of age; in the total population of the Lower Provinces, which is almost entirely native, the proportions are 1,032 males and 1,191 females, while among Eurasians the figures are for males 923 and for females 1,151.

The religions of the people.

32. The statistics of religious belief have at each preceding census afforded information of great interest, and the enumeration of 1891 is no exception to the rule. In 1872 it was demonstrated, for the first time, that the stronghold of Muhammadanism was not, as had till then been supposed, the great and ancient city of Patna and the old Moghul province of Bihar, but the swamps and rice-fields of Eastern Bengal: in 1881 a considerable advance of Hindus was displayed, which was attributed to the inclusion in that category of many members of aboriginal or semi-aboriginal tribes, while the Report of 1891 gives good ground for the conclusion that the feature of the past ten years has been the great development of Islam. Mr. O'Donnell has discussed the subject with care, and has shown conclusively, by the aid of statistical tables, that throughout the province during the past decade the Muhammadans have gained steadily on the Hindus, while in Bengal Proper, during the nineteen years which have elasped since the census of 1872, the deficiency of half a million of Muhammadans has been wiped out, and has been replaced by an excess of one million and-a-half. The Census Superintendent attributes this result less to conversion than to the fecundity of the Muhammadan population, and his remarks merit quotation:—

"On the other hand, the Muhammadan faith, like the Sikh, opens its arms to every comer and receives him on terms of the broadest equality, if the profession he actually pursues is not an essentially degrading one. All the agricultural castes—the Chandal, Kaibartta or Chasa—on joining Musalmansim develops into a Shaikh, and it depends only on his wordly wealth to what rank he may aspire in seeking a bride for himself or a husband for his daughter. It is a matter of history that the republican character of the domestic constitution of Musalman society won innumerable converts in Eastern Bengal when the Moghul supremacy was first established in that region a few centuries ago. It would be strange if it did not still exert

a strong attraction, and the great growth of the faith would seem to bear witness to this opinion, which, however, it is impossible to prove statistically. It is known that a powerful Muhammadan propaganda is at work, and that the preaching of the ubiquitous Mullahs and Mirs is directed not only to instil the precepts of a higher life, according to the doctrines of the Koran, on Musalmans, but to gain new followers for its teachings. That converts should result seem natural, but, however this may be, it is certain that the great growth of Musalmansim in Bengal Proper is connected rather with physical than doctrinal forces. The Musalman with his more varied and nutritious dietary is probably a more vigorous man than the Hindu. Moreover, the universal practice of widow marriage, which the Bengali Hindu holds in abhorrence, adds very largely to the reproductive class amongst Muhammadan women. On the other hand, ill-assorted marriages are far more common amongst Hindus, men well advanced in years being united to girl-wives who in the natural course of human life are left widows, debarred from further maternity at a comp aratively early age. Musalmans also, particularly in Eastern Bengal, are polygamists whenever they have the means to support a second wife, generally a widow, married as often as a convenient unpaid domestic drudge as for the sake of the children she usually bears her master."

33. The actual figures for the different religions in 1881 and 1891, their ratio in 10,000 of the population, and their variation during the decade, are shown in the statement below:—

Religions.	1891.		1881.		Variation.	
	Number.	Ratio in 10,000.	Number.	Ratio in 10,000.	Number.	Ratio.
Hindus	47,821,468	6,407	45,452,826	6,536	+ 2,368,662	— 129
Jains	7,270	1	1,609	·2	+ 5,661	+ ·8
Brahmos	2,546	0·3	788	·1	+ 1,758	+ ·2
Musalmans	23,658,347	3,170	21,704,724	3,121	+ 1,953,623	+ 49
Buddhists	194,717	26	155,809	22	+ 38,908	+ 4
Sikhs	417	·05	549	·07	— 132	— ·02
Christians	192,484	26	128,135	18	+ 64,349	+ 8
Jews	1,448	·1	1,059	·1	+ 389	...
Parsis	179	·02	156	·02	+ 23	...
Animistic	2,753,061	369	2,055,822	297	+ 697,239	+ 72
Minor	32	·004	...	...	...	...
Not returned	11,397	1	35,404	6	— 24,007	— 5
Total ...	74,643,366	10,000	69,536,861	10,000	+ 5,106,505	...

34. It has been stated that the census figures of 1872 first showed how strictly localised the religions of the province were, and the localisation of religion is as distinct as ever. In every district of Orissa more than 90 per cent. of the population are Hindus, while Bihar is only slightly less Hindu, since in every district of the Patna and Bhagalpur Divisions, except Purnea, they number 85 per cent. or more. No district is so exclusively Muhammadan as these are Hindu, the highest proportion of Muhammadans being reached in Bogra (80·62), while in Rajshahi (78·72), Noakhali (75·30), Pabna (73·31), and Chittagong (71·69) they exceed 70 per cent., and the other districts of Eastern Bengal without exception have a Muhammadan population of more than 60 per cent. Animistic religions are of course most largely represented in the Orissa and Chutia Nagpur Divisions and in the districts bordering on them.

35. The Chutia Nagpur Division is also conspicuous for the great increase of Christians which it shows. Christianity, though the number of its adherents is still comparatively small, being 128,135 in all, or 26 in every 10,000 of the general population, has throughout the Lower Provinces made greater progress, relatively speaking, during the last decade than any other religion, the advance being 50·21 per cent.; but in the Chutia Nagpur Division the increase has been 122·6 per cent., the numbers having advanced from 40,373 in 1881 to 89,654 in 1891. Mr. O'Donnell's report examines the distribution of this increase among the various denominations of the Christian religion, and his observations will be read with interest by the friends of missionary enterprise in India. The recorded figures have, however, to be received with considerable reservations, and a comparison of figures for denominations at the time of the two censuses is extremely difficult, on account of considerable differences of description at the two periods.

36. Like his predecessor in 1881, Mr. O'Donnell has devoted much trouble and time to the extraction of the ages of the population, and, like him, has been compelled to confess

The ages of the people.

that the result is entirely incommensurate with the labour and expense involved. In 1881 age-periods were for the first time compiled in detail in India, and were worked out on two abstraction sheets. In 1891 four abstraction sheets were used to record the ages of the whole population, of which two (Nos. I and XI) formed the basis of check for all the work of abstraction, and were therefore corrected with the utmost care. The cost of preparing these great tables has been estimated by Mr. O'Donnell at about two and three-quarter lakhs of rupees, or more than one-half of the total cost of abstraction, and the Lieutenant-Governor notes with sympathy the Superintendent's disheartening conclusion that the greater part of this large sum was absolutely thrown away. So strong is Mr. O'Donnell's conviction on this point that he has proposed that in future the age-tables of only a part—perhaps six millions of the population—should be abstracted, typical circles, both urban and rural, being selected for treatment. No orders are required upon this proposal now, but the Lieutenant-Governor has no doubt that it will receive the fullest consideration before the census of 1901 is undertaken.

37. For the reasons stated above, it would be unprofitable to examine at any length the voluminous age-tables which are contained both in the statistical volumes of the Report and in the letter-press of Mr. O'Donnell's first volume, and in any case such interest as they possess is purely statistical. The errors in recording the ages of the population which were observed in 1881 are repeated in 1891 with very slight variations, so much so that the Superintendent of the Census just taken quotes *in extenso* the observations of his predecessor as exactly applicable to the figures before him A great effort was made by the Agra Conference to remove one prolific source of error, by directing that children under one year of age should be described simply as "infant," instead of by the number of months of age—a device which in 1881 is believed to have resulted in large numbers of infants of less than 12 months being returned as of the corresponding number of years. This change, however, seems to have been quite unsuccessful, and the figures again present the absurd spectacle not only in Bengal, but all over India, of more children alive between the ages of 5 to 9 than those of 0 to 4; while in the first five years of life the fourth is most largely represented, followed in succession by the first fifth, third, and second, in that order. Again, too, the phenomenon reappears of large numbers of ages returned at the round numbers, multiples of 5 and 10; and the Superintendent, carrying his investigations beyond the quinquennial periods to groups for each year of life, has shown that certain favourite ages—12, 16, 22, 32, and 42—have been returned by an altogether disproportionate number of the population. The fact is that the vast majority of the people are still so illiterate, and their inaccuracy as regards their ages so universal, that the collection of trustworthy age statistics is for the present a hopeless task in Bengal.

38. After the census of 1881, the figures then obtained were referred to a distinguished English statistician, Mr. Hardy, who, by the aid of a small number of accurately recorded life statistics from the North-Western Provinces, elaborately corrected the chaotic figures presented to him. Mr. O'Donnell has applied the conclusions so obtained to the returns of the late census, and has redistributed the age figures over 10,000 of the population in all the great natural divisions of the country, producing statistics which, if they do not carry to the Lieutenant-Governor's mind complete conviction of their accuracy, bear testimony to the industry of the writer, who has based upon them conclusions as to the fecundity and longevity of the different religions and races in different parts of the province, which are at least plausible and ingenious. Out of the mists and uncertainties of these statistics, however, there emerge two conclusions of practical importance, which are at least *vraisemblable.* It is stated that in the Lower Provinces the true birth-rate is 47·9 per thousand (49·7 for males and 46·0 for females), and the death-rate 39·9 per thousand, being 41·7 for males and 38·0 for females. These ratios, based upon the conclusions of the European statistician already referred to, differ but slightly from those arrived at by Mr. Bourdillon in 1881, who deduced from the figures of that census a birth-rate of "not less than 45 per mille" and a death-rate of "about 34 per mille." These results go far to demonstrate, if further demonstration be needed, how exceedingly imperfect are the present vital statistics, which, according to the

report of the Sanitary Commissioner for 1892, yielded in that year a Provincial birth-rate of 28·15 and a death-rate of 31·92 per mille.

Sex and marriage.

39. Not less interesting than the question of the ages of the people are those of their sex and conjugal condition, which are discussed at length in Chapter XI of Mr. O'Donnell's Report (Volume III). At the census of 1872 no attempt was made to publish statistics of civil condition except as an experiment for a few towns, and even then they were not shown in connection with age. In 1881 civil condition, religion and age were shown in combination, and details of the single, married and widowed of each sex were given for every religion in nine age-groups. In 1891 the same statistics were shown again; but a great step in advance was taken in the abstraction of these figures not only for religions, but for castes. The results obtained at either census were practically identical, and this fact affords strong evidence of the general accuracy of both; but the statistics for marriage in each caste have enabled Mr. O'Donnell to make a deduction which, though already brought to notice by Mr. Risley, C.I.E., in 1887, has now been statistically established for the first time, and is among the most interesting results of the present census, viz., the great extent to which widow-marriage is practised among the Hindu population. This conclusion is opposed to Brahminical teaching and to the supposed customs of the people; but the figures, supported by the conclusions independently formed by Mr. Risley, leave little room for doubt on the subject.

40. The proportion of the sexes varies greatly in different parts of the Lower Provinces and in different religions. In 1881 the Provincial Superintendent remarked that the accuracy of a census in India varied with the excess of females over males, the measure of accuracy being the degree of excess; of course the generalization was only a rough one. Every census ought to be more accurate than that which preceded it, and accordingly, while in 1881 there were all over the Province 1,011 females to every 1,000 males, in 1891 the proportion had risen to 1,032. In all the other great provinces of India, except Madras, the ratio of females to males has also increased: in Madras the women to every 10,000 men are two less than in 1881. It is also to be observed that in Bengal and Madras alone do the women outnumber the men, the proportions for other provinces being as follow: Bombay 957, North-Western Provinces and Oudh 923, and the Punjab 854. The ratios in the two latter provinces are appreciably affected by the large number of troops enumerated therein.

41. The Census Superintendent has the following observations on the distribution of females. They are quoted with the view of inviting further examination of the question by persons interested in such enquiries—

"It thus appears that the excess of females is found only in the western moiety of the Lower Provinces, that is, west of a line drawn north and south from Darjeeling to Calcutta, and that it is most marked in Bihar, which touches on the North-Western Provinces, where women generally, and particularly those of marriageable age, viz., from five to twenty years of age, are singularly few. On the other hand, both in Northern and Eastern Bengal there is a deficit of females, there being only 966 persons of that sex to 1,000 males in each of these sub-provinces. As will appear in the Chapter on Castes and Tribes, this line of cleavage, marked by so important a physiologic distinction as sex predominance, corresponds exactly with the ethnical frontier which divides the races of Mongoloid origin to the east from those of Negritic descent on the west of the Bhagirathi. The deficiency of females in Northern Bengal is to some extent perhaps due to the large cold-weather immigration of men from Bihar, mostly Hindus, and so far counterbalances their excess in Bihar, but it is entirely insufficient to account for the great difference in sex proportion. Amongst Musalmans the sexes are in more nearly equal ratio. The low proportion of Hindu women in Eastern Bengal can hardly be in any degree due to immigration of males. Amongst Musalmans another influence reducing the number of females is indicated by the extremely small number of old women in that community. The prolificness of the Eastern Musalmans is proverbial, and has been proved in detail in the Chapter on Age, but it is bought at the price of a heavy female mortality and short lives amongst women. Whilst among Hindus out of 10,000 women 1,283 exceed 50 years of age, there are only 781 Musalman women of that age in an equal population. In Western Bengal there is an excess of women. Although nearly every district in this area receives a large immigration population, it is mostly derived from the Chutia Nagpur tribes, who, unlike the Bihari and Uriya, rarely leave their womenfolk at home. The great similarity of the proportions of the sexes at every age in both North and South Bihar for both Hindus and Musalmans is a striking evidence of the excellence of compilation in the Census offices of that province."

42. The proportion of single, married, and widowed of either sex in 10,000 of the population at each census is shown in the following table for the different provinces:—

PROVINCE.	SINGLE.				MARRIED.				WIDOWED.			
	Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.	
	1891.	1881.	1891.	1881.	1891.	1881.	1891.	1881.	1891.	1881.	1891.	1881.
Bengal Proper	5,068	5,010	3,113	2,912	4,556	4,600	4,571	4,604	376	388	2,316	2,483
Bihar	4,102	3,988	2,865	2,757	5,392	5,551	5,328	5,444	506	460	1,807	1,796
Orissa	5,214	5,024	3,489	3,378	4,432	4,658	4,476	4,571	354	317	2,035	2,050
Chutia Nagpur	5,095	4,866	3,935	3,727	4,535	4,851	4,553	4,860	370	281	1,512	1,412
Feudatory States ...	5,339	5,154	4,125	3,860	4,282	4,537	4,279	4,576	379	308	1,596	1,563
Total ..	4,755	4,671	3,105	2,971	4,827	4,930	4,829	4,900	418	398	2,066	2,127

43. The figures for males yield no very remarkable results, but it is a significant fact that since 1881 the general age of males at marriage has increased considerably, and that there are now a larger portion of the unmarried, both bachelors and widowers, than formerly. Mr. O'Donnell has ascribed these phenomena to the increased cost of living and to the greater weight now accorded to prudential considerations, to which must be added the fact that the population of Chutia Nagpur and Orissa, where males marry later than anywhere else, has increased very largely during the decade. Whatever be the cause, the above table shows there are now 103 fewer married men (not 97, as Mr. O'Donnell says) and 71 fewer married women in 10,000 of each sex than there were ten years ago. Infant-marriage among boys exists to an appreciable extent only among the Hindus of Bihar and Chutia Nagpur, and to a less degree among the Musalmans of the former province, being least common among the people of Orissa, both Hindu and Animistic. In Bengal Proper men marry later than in any part of the province, the percentage of unmarried males between 15 and 20 years of age being 70·5 in that sub-province and 74·3 in Orissa, as compared with 34·7 in Bihar and 47·5 in Chutia Nagpur; and the correctness of Mr. O'Donnell's inference that the age of marriage is fixed by local rather than by religious or social usage is proved by the fact that amongst Musulmans between 15 and 20 years of age as many as 67·8 per cent. are unmarried in Bengal against 51·4 in Bihar.

44. The facts elicited as regards female marriage are full of interest, and they show that custom in regard to the marriage of females is much more influential and much more divergent than is the case with males. If infant-marriage be, in regard to females, defined as the marriage of children under twelve years of age, then infant-marriage is almost universal in these Provinces, except in Orissa and Chutia Nagpur. But if the ten years' age-limit be taken, then Mr. O'Donnell finds that infant-marriage, that is, the marriage of children less than ten years of age, although far more common among girls than among boys, is less prevalent among females than some have believed—in fact, like the predominance of females noticed above, it is practically speaking only found in the western half of the Province. Musalmans do not follow the practice, for in no part of Bengal is the percentage of the married among Muhammadan girls under ten years of age higher than 8·66, and the general average is much less. The percentages for Hindus in different parts of the Province are marginally stated.

North Bihar	...	17·73
Western Bengal	...	11·54
South Bihar	...	10·84
Chutia Nagpur	...	8·29
Eastern Bengal	...	6·92
Northern "	...	6·78
Orissa	...	1·93

It is established, further, that with some exceptions the earliness of female marriage varies inversely with the respectability of the caste or tribe, the lowest castes, who do not seclude their females, marrying off their daughters at the earliest age, while the better classes, by whom seclusion is practised, are able on that account to delay till a later period the choice of a husband. In the next place, the local rather than the religious or social variation in the age at marriage of females is more strongly marked than in the case of males. Girls married under ten years of age hardly exist except in North Bihar. The average age of marriage for girls all over the province is eleven years, but the Hindu girl of Orissa is married at thirteen years and four months, while the Dravidian girl in Chutia Nagpur marries at fourteen, and in Orissa at fourteen and-a-half years of age.

45. Lastly, to quote Mr. O'Donnell's words, the census statistics establish the fact that "young widows, an object of pity in all times and countries, are very few except among the Hindus of Bengal Proper. Everywhere else the Hindu widow remarries as freely as the Musulmani, in fact as freely as the non-Hindu tribes of the Western Hill districts;" and he sums up the conclusions at which he has arrived in the synoptical table quoted in the margin: "It shows how very widespread is this custom. It is in fact condemned only by the priestly, writer and soldier castes, and by some traders in all sub-provinces, by the Nabusakhs or pure Sudras in Bengal Proper, and in a less degree by a few Hinduized tribes, such as the Chandal, Kochh, and Kaiburtta, who are trying to raise themselves in the Hindu scale by a more exact observance of Hindu ordinances." This opinion coincides with the opinion independently expressed by Mr. Risley, who, after a careful examination of the whole subject, writes as follows:—

THE AREAS IN WHICH WIDOW-MARRIAGE PREVAILS.

Widow-marriage universal.		Percentage of widows amongst women aged 15 to 39 years.
Orissa ...	... The Animistic ...	5·61
Chutia Nagpur ...	,, ,, ...	7·07
Widow-marriage practised by all classes except a few of the highest Hindu castes.		
North Bihar ...	Hindus ...	9·08
Orissa ...	,, ...	9·85
Eastern Bengal ...	Musalmans ...	9·86
North Bihar ...	,, ...	10·06
South ,, ...	Hindus ...	10·33
,, ,, ...	Musalmans ...	10·54
Northern Bengal ...	,, ...	11·96
Chutia Nagpur ...	Hindus ...	12·14
Western Bengal ...	Musalmans ...	15·75
Widow-marriage forbidden except by Musalmans and the lowest Hindu castes.		
Northern Bengal ...	Hindus ...	23·04
Eastern ,, ...	,, ...	23·45
Western ,, ...	,, ...	24·12

"In Bihar a fairly liberal tendency seems to prevail. All castes except Brahmans, Rajputs, Babhans, and Kayasths, and certain castes belonging to the Baniya class, which are not properly native to Bihar, permit widows to marry again by the form known as *sagai*. * * * * In Chutia Nagpur the castes which are, or pretend to be, of Bihar origin, follow the Bihar rules in the matter of widow-marriage. The aboriginal tribes, Santhals, Bhumij, Mundas, Oraons, and Hos, permit widows to marry again. * * * * The tendency to imitate the usages of the higher castes, which has been remarked in Bihar and Chutia Nagpur, operates much more strongly in Bengal Proper and Orissa. * * * *

"The present attitude of the Hindu community towards the recent proposals to recognize and extend the practice of widow-marriage may, I think, be briefly stated somewhat to the following effect. The most advanced class of educated men sympathise in a general way with the movement, but their sympathy is clouded by the apprehension that any considerable addition to the number of marriageable women would add to the existing difficulty and expense of getting their daughters married Below these we find a very numerous class of men who are educated enough to appreciate the prohibition of widow-marriage supposed to be contained in certain texts, and who have no desire to go behind that or any similar injunction in support of which tolerably ancient authority can be quoted. Then come the great mass of the uneducated working classes, with rather vague notions as to the Shastras, but strong in their reverence for Brahmans and keen to appreciate points of social precedence. To them widow-marriage is a badge of social degradation, a link which connects those who practise it with Doms, Boonas, Bagdis and 'low people' of various kinds. Lastly, at the bottom of society, as understood by the average Hindu, we find a large group of castes and tribes of which the lower section is represented by pure aborigines practising adult-marraige and widow-remarriage, while the upper section consists of castes of doubtful origin, most of whom, retaining widow-marriage, have taken to infant-marriage, while some have got so far as to throw off sub-castes distinguished by their abstention from widow-marriage."

46. The truth is that the practice of widow-remarriage is more prevalent in Bengal than is generally supposed, and—a most important consideration—the practice has apparently spread considerably since 1881. The statement in the margin, prepared from the table given at page 100, Volume I of the Census Report for 1881, and Table VIII-B of Volume IV of the census of 1891, compares the proportion of widows in every 10,000 Hindu females in four age-groups of the child-bearing period at each census. The great decrease in the proportion of widows is very striking, and, as might be expected, the decrease is most marked

Ages.	Number of widows in 10,000 Hindu females of each age.		
	1881.	1891.	Difference.
15—19 ...	791	654	—137
20—24 ...	1,136	1,032	—104
25—29 ...	1,661	1,583	— 78
30—39 ...	2,828	2,796	— 32
Total four periods	2,040	1,718	—322

at the most marriageable ages, though it exists at all child-bearing ages. These results must be due to one or more of three causes—*first*, there must have been a decrease in the comparative number of infant-marriages of girls, as the widows in the first period are so much fewer than in 1881; *secondly*, there may have been a general increase in the practice of widow-marriage; and, *lastly*, there may have been a great addition to Hinduism from those tribes and castes who do not practise infant-marriage, and allow the marriage of widows. To what extent each of these influences has been at work it is impossible to say: probably each has contributed its share; but bearing in mind the extreme conservatism of Hindu society, the efforts of some sections of the community to raise their social position by encouraging infant-marriage and forbidding the remarriage of the widowed, and the almost imperceptible progress which any social reform of this magnitude can make in so short a period as ten years, the Lieutenant-Governor is disposed to think that the third of the suggested influences may have been the most potent.

47. The statistics on which Mr. O'Donnell's general conclusions are based have been worked out in great detail for each caste and tribe, and have been exhibited in a series of elaborate tables. In dealing with the question of marriage by caste, however, the Census Superintendent appears to have fallen into a serious error; for he has included under the title of sub-caste not only the sub-castes properly so called, but also the exogamous sections of a caste and its hypergamous groups. Thus Mr. Risley's enquiries have established the fact that in the great Bihar caste of Babhans (which according to the local proverb contains as many subdivisions as there are sorts of rice) there are no sub-castes; yet Mr. O'Donnell has returned 675. The same may be said of the Rajputs, of whom 634 sub-castes are reported from the Patna Division alone. Again, the Bagdis, a Western Bengal caste, although they have, so far as is known, only 14 sub-castes (which are enumerated by Mr. Risley), have a large number of sections: Mr. O'Donnell has reported the existence of 120 sub-castes of Bagdi, most of which it is almost certain are really exogamous sections. As the statistics on which Mr. (O'Donnell's conclusions are based are preserved in manuscript, the Lieutenant-Governor has directed that they may be made over to Mr. Risley for use in the preparation of the revised edition of his "Castes and Tribes of Bengal," when the figures now given will be examined and incorporated after correction.

Education.

48. The tendency to elaboration in the information collated at each successive census has been conspicuously displayed in the statistics of education prepared from the census figures of 1891. Not only have they been worked out for both sexes and for all religions, as in 1881, but they include the elements of age and caste, and they record the ability or inability of the population to read and write English, and the castes of those who have attained this proficiency. For the purpose of testing the accuracy of the figures obtained at the census, an obvious standard is available in the figures of the Department of Education. In 1881 the Superintendent of Census and the Director of Public Instruction exchanged congratulations upon a general accord in the two sets of figures, which argued the accuracy of both. On the present occasion in place of accord there is an excessive divergence both from the census figures of 1881 and the departmental figures of the year 1890-91; but the Census Superintendent stoutly maintains the accuracy of his statistics, and in consequence impugns the correctness of those supplied by the Department. It appears that according to the census the number of male pupils in British territory in 1891 was 883,990 against 992,559 in 1881 and 1,358,169, as returned by the Director of Public Instruction for 1890-91. A reference to the results obtained in other provinces shows that everywhere except in Madras the same phenomena occur; and Mr. O'Donnell cites this fact as some evidence of the probable correctness of his compilation. The Lieutenant-Governor has no reason to doubt the accuracy of the totalling operations; but he cannot accept as correct the facts recorded in the schedules, without also concluding that there exists among the officials of the Department of Public Instruction, not only in Bengal, but in every province but one of the Empire, a conspiracy to supply false returns to Government. Rather than adopt such a conclusion, the Lieutenant-Governor prefers to think that by some fault of translation, or some misunderstanding of the instructions,

enumerators have very largely understated the number of persons falling under the category of "learners." It has been suggested that the enumerators put a somewhat strict intepretation on the expression "learning," and on the one hand, returned as illiterate all the young children, and those who attend school irregularly are taught little and learn still less, and that, on the other hand, they returned as literate those who could read and write, although they were still scholars, and should have been returned as "learning."

49. Taking the figures as they stand, however, the following statement gives an abstract of the statistics for every 10,000 of each of the two principal religions:—

Hindus.						Musulmans.					
Males.			Females.			Males.			Females.		
Learning	Literate.	Illiterate.	Learning.	Literate.	Illiterate.	Learning.	Literate.	Illiterate.	Learning.	Literate.	Illiterate.
295	1,004	8,701	10	36	9,954	178	553	9,269	4	9	9,987

These figures afford ample food for reflection. As regards males, they show that 60 per cent. more Hindus are "learning" than Musalmans, and that the Hindus who can read and write are proportionately nearly twice as numerous as the Muhammadans. Among females ten Hindus are learning to every four Musalmanis, and the proportion of Hindus who can read and write is just four times as high as that of Musalmanis. The totals of illiterates are unnecessarily swollen by the inclusion of children and infants: in the Report on the Census of 1881 the Superintendent eliminated all children below five years of age, and worked out the proportion of learners, literates and illiterates in the remainder of the population, and the Lieutenant-Governor would have been glad had Mr. O'Donnell followed the same plan. As it is, it is impossible to institute a comparison between his carefully-prepared tables and those of the Census of 1881. The statistics of literacy are of the most satisfactory description. "The number of men in British territory who can read and write has increased from 1,955,177 to 2,948,794, or exactly ·50 per cent., while for women the progress has been still larger, viz. from 60,567 to 109,684, or by 80·9 per cent." For males the increase appears in every district without exception, and the same is the case with females, except in those districts where it is almost certain that there was an excess in the returns of 1881. The largest increase appears in Bihar, the Patna Division having an advance of 85·4 per cent., and that of Bhagalpur an increase of 87·7 per cent.

50. An elaborate statement compares, district by district, the educational statistics of the sub-provinces, and Mr. O'Donnell's conclusions are these:—

"1. Western Bengal is the best educated division of the Lower Provinces, being closely followed by Eastern Bengal, which would excel it but for the great contingent of pupils and literate found in the metropolitan towns within the former area.

"2. In the Lieutenant-Governorship, including its tributaries, the proportion of Hindu literates is roundly double that of Musulmans.

"3. In Eastern Bengal, which is a stronghold of Islam, this proportion is still more unfavourable to Musulmans, Hindu literates exceeding them threefold.

"4. On the other hand, in the great Hindu countries of Orissa and Bihar, the small Muhammadan communities quite hold their own in the field of education, whilst in South Bihar they have decidedly the advantage."

Great as has been the advance of Bihar, it is a significant fact that the number of literate and pupil Hindus in Patna and Muzaffarpur, the two best educated districts in that sub-province, only brings them to the level of the most backward districts of Northern Bengal, which holds the lowest place among the divisions of Bengal Proper. On the other hand, a statement of the pupils and literates of different ages shows that great progress has been made in recent years in Bihar, since it is the only sub-province, besides Western Bengal, in which the proportion of males between the ages of 15 and 25 years able to read and write is greater than that of the literate over 25 years of age. In the progress of education lies the best hope of the prosperity of the Biharis. By the admixture of Hindus and Muhammadans, and the competition thereby engendered, the progress of education among the latter has been stimulated.

51. The statistics of knowledge of English now collected for the first time yield some interesting results; before they can be turned to any practical use, the figures of the next census must be awaited. Excluding students, who number 160,643, there are 158,414 males in the Lower Provinces able to read and write English, of whom 141,842 are other than Europeans, Eurasians, or Native Christians: of these, 80,108, or rather more than half, come from the metropolitan area. The number of women who can speak English, subject to the same limitations as above, is only 2,927. From a consideration of the educational statistics of Bengal during the last twenty years, the Lieutenant-Governor would have thought that Mr. O'Donnell's statistics of English-knowing people were under the mark, but assuming them to be correct, it would seem to follow that the number of natives of Bengal directly accessible to the influences of Western thought communicated through the medium of English is less than one half per cent. of the population. Those more or less directly accessible to such or similar influences conveyed through the medium of the vernacular languages and English combined are a little over 4 per cent. of the inhabitants. But, probably, many more are indirectly influenced. What the figures will be ten years hence, or in how many years Bengal will attain to the extension of English speech which prevails in Madras, it is useless to speculate.

Languages.

52. The value of the statistics of language obtained at the census of 1891, like that of the figures for castes and tribes, is almost entirely ethnological. The inclusion of this information in the census schedule and its reproduction in the tables seems to be somewhat of an anachronism and a survival, and although the process involved an inconsiderable degree of trouble and expense, it seems questionable whether it should be undertaken again. In 1878 the Committee which met to arrange for the census of 1881 recommended as the best way of ascertaining the nationalty of each individual, the collection and compilation of figures for birth-place and mother-tongue, intending that from a combination of the two should be deduced the nationality of every individual. But the Government of India rightly recognised the difficulty of such a combination, and disapproved the proposal, directing that the two sets of figures should be separately shown. At the Agra Census Conference of 1889 the suggestion was made that information as to mother-tongue should not be asked, but the majority of the members were of opinion that for purposes of comparison with the figures of 1881, and as a check on the returns of caste and tribe in 1891, the statistics might be collected again. The figures show that Bengali is the parent-tongue of more than half the population, and Hindi that of more than one-third, Uriya being spoken by rather more than 6 per cent. of them, and the minor languages by about three millions, or nearly 4 per cent. Wherever in any district or province there is a considerable number of persons speaking a foreign language, the phenomenon has been investigated, and a satisfactory explanation given, which is almost always immigration or the importation of foreign wives.

Infirmities.

53. As in 1881, the infirmities of the people, which were deemed of sufficient importance for record in the census schedule, were insanity, total blindness, deaf-mutism and leprosy, and the following table gives succinctly the principal results of the census in regard to them:—

INFIRMITIES.	NUMBERS.				PROPORTION IN 10,000 OF THE POPULATION.						NUMBER OF AFFLICTED FEMALES TO 100 AFFLICTED MALES.	
	Males.		Females.		Males.		Females.		Both sexes.			
	1881.	1891.	1881.	1891.	1881.	1891.	1881.	1891.	1881.	1891.	1881.	1891.
Insane	18,336	15,274	12,339	10,354	5	4	3	2	4	3	67·62	67·78
Blind	47,086	37,366	50,264	36,114	13	10	14	10	14	10	107·51	96·64
Deaf-mute	52,833	43,455	32,662	26,710	15	11	9	7	12	9	61·82	61·46
Lepers	42,283	34,716	14,240	11,674	12	9	4	3	8	6	33·67	33·62
Total afflicted ...	160,538	130,811	109,565	84,852	45	34	30	22	38	28	68·24	64·10

There has been a large decrease in all infirmities since 1881, but the extreme similarity of the proportion of females to males among the afflicted in both years (except in the case of blindness) seems to prove the accuracy of the

returns: moreover, every other province in the Empire shows a similar decrease, except in regard to blindness in the Punjab, and deaf-mutism in Madras, the North-Western Provinces and the Punjab. The position of Bengal with reference to other provinces of India is concisely explained by Mr. O'Donnell in the following passage:—

"Insanity is now most prevalent in Bengal, which takes the place held by the Punjab in 1881. Mental disease seems to be phenomenally rare in the North-Western Provinces, but the records of both censuses appear to establish the accuracy of the figures. It is a noticeable fact in this connection, as appears later on, that in Bihar, whose inhabitants nearly resemble those of the North-Western Provinces in physique and social characteristics, the same practical absence of insanity exists. As in 1881, the Punjab and the North-Western Provinces, although their relative position is reversed, suffer most from blindness, a fact due probably to the dust-storms that prevail during the hot season, and consequent ophthalmia. In Bihar, especially in the torrid area south of the Ganges, the same frequency of blindness is observed. In 1881 there were twice as many deaf and dumb in the Lower Provinces in proportion to population as in any other province, except Bombay. In 1891 the Punjab takes the first place, but this affliction is still comparatively prevalent in Bengal. In regard to the dreaded disease of leprosy, Bengal, although it shows a large diminution, still holds the first place by a long interval. Taking all infirmities together, Bengal, which nearly approached the highest Indian average (in Bombay) in 1881, is now low in the scale of the afflicted, being more exempt than any other province, except Madras."

At the present census statistics of infirmities were compiled by castes, and Mr. O'Donnell has discussed the results; but the numbers of the afflicted are so small that it is difficult to found any useful generalization upon the figures.

Insanity.

54. Insanity is most common in Bengal Proper, rare in Bihar, and almost unknown in the areas peopled by races of Dravidian descent. The decrease in the total recorded as compared with 1881 is most probably due to the more careful exclusion of idiots. The great mass of the insane are returned as between 20 and 45 years of age, the period when acquired mania is most common in all countries. The castes and races which show the largest proportion of insanes are Malos, Kochhs, and Baishnabs. The Census Superintendent, looking at the areas where insanity is most and least prevalent, makes the suggestion that much of it is due to the use of toxic drugs, a theory which finds some support from the fact that the sect or caste of Baishnab, who are understood to indulge in the use of such drugs, is so largely represented among the insane.

Blindness.

55. The report shows clearly that the castes which suffer most from blindness are those whose trade keeps them continually in a smoky atmosphere, *e.g.*, potters, washermen and blacksmiths, while those who work much in the open air enjoy great immunity. The disease is also comparatively common among the tribes of the eastern frontier and the low and semi-Hinduized tribes of Western Bengal, Chutia Nagpur and South Bihar, the cause probably being unclean habits of life. Of the blind, 41 per cent. of the men and 53 per cent. of the women are returned as more than 50 years of age.

Deaf-mutism.

56. Deaf-mutism is again shown to be most prevalent in those tracts where cretinism is common, *i.e.*, the lower slopes of the Himalayas from Champaran to Kutch Bihar, and the districts watered by snow-fed streams from the same source. There is a decrease of 25 per cent. since 1881 in the proportion of deaf-mutes to the population, which is probably due to a more careful exclusion of those who are dumb but not deaf. The Maghs and Malos of the eastern frontier again take a high place, and other castes afflicted above the average are the Goalas and Baishnabs of Northern Bengal, and the Kamars, Sunris, Tantis, Koiris, Kahars, and Kurmis of Bihar.

Leprosy.

57. In regard to leprosy, a disorder to which so much attention has lately been directed, it is found that the total number of lepers, both male and female, has declined, but the disease is prevalent in the same areas as in 1881. This decrease probably connotes a more careful discrimination by the enumerators between mere leucoderma or white leprosy and the true tubercular and corrosive disease. One district officer suggests that the decrease in the number of lepers returned is due to a widespread rumour that all lepers were to be formally deported to asylums. No caste or district is exempt from this terrible disease; Kuch Bihar and the districts of Western Bengal suffer most severely, followed

closely by those of the Orissa Division, while in the Chutia Nagpur Tributary States the disease is almost unknown. The Bediyas of Western and the Kshatryas of Northern Bengal suffer most severely, while a high proportion is also recorded for the Bauris, Khairas, Sunris, and Khatris of Western Bengal, the Malos of Eastern Bengal, and the Kamars of North Bihar. The caste statistics enable the Superintendent to refute the theory suggested in 1881, that there was considerable concealment of female lepers, and it seems to be established that this disease attacks males more frequently than females.

Castes, tribes, and races.

58. In respect of the treatment of statistics of castes, tribes, and races, the report of 1891 differs greatly from that of 1881. In 1881 the opinion was entertained that it did not come within the proper domain of the Census Superintendent's work to attempt any exhaustive treatment of so large a subject. Mr. O'Donnell, on the other hand, has devoted much time and labour to discussing the views of Messrs. Nesfield, Risley, and others on many intricate anthropological questions. Upon these matters the Lieutenant-Governor does not propose to enter, being of the opinion that their interest is ethnological rather than statistical. Since the Census Report for 1881 was written, Mr. Risley has published his "Castes and Tribes of Bengal," which, though it has not in the provisional edition supplied a workable classification of castes and an index of sub-castes as was hoped when he first undertook the task, has placed before the public a great mass of information with which Mr. O'Donnell's statistics may with much advantage be compared by experts in ethnological investigations.

59. An interesting table in Mr. O'Donnell's Chapter XV gives in juxtaposition the totals of the different castes at the three census periods—1872, 1881 and 1891, and it shows clearly a very marked agreement between the figures of the three enumerations, allowance being made for the growth of the population in each decade. The paragraphs which discuss and explain the variations of each caste are full of interest, and Mr. O'Donnell seems to the Lieutenant-Governor to show successfully that wherever there has been a real decrease in the number of any caste it can be traced either to the fact that its chief home is in an unhealthy part of the province, or to its members forbidding widow-marriage. The first explanation accounts for the great diminution in the numbers of Sadgops and Kaibarttas, who chiefly inhabit the fever-stricken Burdwan Division, while the second applies to Brahmans, Kayasths and Baniyas. Both influences have combined to reduce by 15·6 per cent., since 1872, the numbers of the great caste or tribe of Kochh, who not only inhabit the most unhealthy part of the Lower Provinces, but are also dominated at the present time by an extreme desire to raise themselves in the social scale of Hinduism—a desire which has led them to adopt with zeal the practice of infant-marriage of girls and to forbid widow-marriage.

Occupations.

60. The collection of statistics of employment has at all times and in all countries proved to be a fruitful source of labour and expense, giving quite incommensurate results. Mr. O'Donnell states that an elaborate industrial census of the German Empire was undertaken in recent times, which cost nearly a million of marks, and was no nearer statistical accuracy than the census of Bengal itself. In 1881 Mr. Bourdillon reported that the compilation of these statistics was the most tedious, complicated and delicate task in the whole of the operations of the census, and he calculated that to it must be debited at least one-third of all the labour, time and money expended upon the preparation of the census tables, while at the same time the result was of very little value. Mr. O'Donnell's experience is the same; but one serious disadvantage under which he laboured has been counterbalanced by one great advantage which did not exist in 1881. In 1881 the classification of occupations adopted for the census of Great Britain was adopted by the Government of Bengal under the orders of the Supreme Government, but the results were so unsatisfactory that Sir Ashley Eden authorised the preparation of additional tables for the Lower Provinces, based upon a classification more in accordance with the actual facts of native life. In 1891 the English system was rejected and a more appropriate classification substituted for it. But orders passed after the Agra Conference had the unfortunate effect of obscuring the occupations of women and of lessening the value of the information collected on the subject. In 1881 the enumerator was told to enter the occupation of all women who actually worked, and to enter all others as unoccupied; in 1891 his orders were these: "In the case of children and

women who do not work, enter the occupation of the head of their family or of the person who supports them, but do not leave this column unfilled for any one, even an infant." The obvious intention, viz., to ascertain the number of persons dependent on each industry, was an excellent one, but the result has been disappointing, since the real facts as to female occupations in 1891 were not recorded, and it has become impossible to institute any comparison with the figures of 1881. The extent of this inconvenience is clearly set forth in the following extract from the report:—

"The immediate result of the above-quoted order was to absolutely obliterate all female occupations. It may be assumed that practically all males over 15 years of age, entered as subsisting by a profession or trade, actually work at it, but no such presumption exists in the case of women, and it is consequently impossible to discriminate between workers and dependents, say, between a lady doctor and a doctor's wife, a female landholder in her own right and a landlord's daughter, and so on. Had this uncertainty extended only to the professional or even to the commercial classes, the loss would not have been great, as we know that their women-folk are generally dependent. It is when we come to consider the great agricultural and industrial orders that the extent of the information thrown away is really felt. It is a known fact that a very large section of women of the peasant class in Bihar work in the fields in a manner that the wife of the Bengali agriculturist rarely does. The occupation returns of 1881 showed as many as 1,154,101 working agriculturists of the female sex in Bihar, against 413,972 in a population twice as numerous in Bengal Proper. Few facts would be more interesting than to determine whether these numbers have relatively changed in the past decade. There is reason to believe that poverty and an excessive population are forcing the male population of Bihar to seek the means of livelihood elsewhere, whilst their women-folk are left to till the fields at home. On the other hand, the growth of wealth in Eastern Bengal and the extension of caste ideas amongst the aboriginal races of the Western districts are causing the women of Bengal Proper to withdraw more and more from an active share in the employments of peasant life. The class of ordinary day-labourers receives from women a considerable contingent, which numbered as many as 1,101,216 in Bihar in 1881, and only 172,113 in Bengal Proper in that year. How many of the 4,169,959 female day-labourers, returned in the whole Province in 1891, are actual workers, and how these workers are distributed in the different provinces and districts, does not appear in the tables appended to this report. The number of female mill-hands employed in the jute and cotton factories of Calcutta and Howrah was a matter worth ascertaining, but the actual workers are necessarily confused with the house-wives, who have no connection with these industries, except through their fathers or husbands. There is a large body of women-barbers in Bengal, but they have disappeared amidst the crowds of barbers' wives, daughters, and mothers, most of whom do not follow that occupation. In Nadia some hundreds of women used to make the earthenware figures the district is famous for. It would be interesting to determine whether this trade is passing further into female hands or the reverse. It is believed that the number of Hindu priestesses is smaller than it formerly was. The number of school-mistresses is undoubtedly increased, but they are indistinguishable from the possibly illiterate women-folk of schoolmasters, and so the degree of advance in this important guide to the development of female education is unknown. Whether the number of female medical practitioners and vaccinators is appreciably increasing is a matter of doubt, yet these and a dozen other similar questions, which the old method of enumerating occupations would fairly accurately answer, have been left in utter uncertainty, when every girl and every woman is entered under the occupation of the man who supports her."

61. In these circumstances it would serve no useful purpose to scrutinise the occupations of females. The statistics of male occupations are disorganised to a less extent, and the report contains several elaborate tables setting forth the leading points ascertained by the enumerators. Taking the figures for what they are worth, the following table gives the totals of the seven great classes by sex in the Lower Provinces:—

Occupations.	British Territory.				Feudatory States.	
	Urban.		Rural.		Males.	Females.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.		
Class A— Government	73,657	37,077	310,247	281,276	21,646	17,786
Class B— Pasture and agriculture	328,016	255,205	22,408,157	22,546,455	1,122,119	1,094,644
Class C— Personal services	238,752	184,306	1,070,878	1,007,815	35,095	31,707
Class D— Preparation and supply of material substances	565,605	302,234	4,000,632	4,220,405	161,336	162,469
Class E— Commerce, transport, and storage	225,031	139,754	898,557	764,848	19,979	14,797
Class F— Professions	127,110	96,954	580,644	584,092	21,311	17,751
Class G— Indefinite and independent	346,963	331,432	4,379,960	4,830,245	220,164	218,113
Total ...	1,905,224	1,538,652	33,658,075	34,245,036	1,601,500	1,556,347

62. The pursuits of the inhabitants of Bengal are shown to be as largely agricultural as before. Among the rural population as many as 65·61 per cent. are employed in agriculture, and even in towns the percentage is as high as 16·77. In villages the indefinite class comes next with 12·01 per cent., followed by those engaged in preparing food and drink, who amount to 4·54 per cent. of the total. In the towns naturally the disproportion is not so marked; pressing closely on the 16·77 per cent. employed in agriculture, follow 15·56 per cent. in the indefinite class, 12·54 per cent. employed in personal, household and sanitary service, and 10·19 per cent. who supply food and drink; manufactures, commerce, transport and the liberal professions all return a proportion of more than 5 per cent. Much was expected from the statistics of occupations connected with interest in land, to which attention was drawn more than twenty years ago by Sir G. Campbell; but it was found that the terms employed were so numerous, and that the same terms bore in different areas meanings so discrepant that nothing but very wide grouping was possible. So again at the late census the attempt was for the first time made to ascertain what number of persons, and of what pursuits, supplement their earnings by profits derived from some interest in land. The results form Imperial Table XVIIC., and are reported to be fairly correct for twenty-one districts, well distributed over the province.

63. The whole of the operations of the census, with the exception of those relating to the census of Calcutta, were from the first conducted by Mr. O'Donnell, and the Lieutenant-Governor cordially acknowledges the ability and assiduity which he has brought to bear upon his important duties, and the general success with which his task has been discharged. A great mass of valuable information has been collected with economy and despatch, and the results have been set forth in a careful, painstaking and interesting report. Sir Antony MacDonnell has read with pleasure the testimony which the Census Superintendent bears to the willing help rendered to him by district officials not only in carrying out the elaborate arrangements which preceded the actual enumeration, but in supervising the compilation of the district figures when the enumeration was completed. These additional duties cast a heavy burden on many overworked District Officers, and the Lieutenant-Governor desires once more to express his acknowledgments to them for the loyalty with which these duties were discharged: he has already acknowledged the obligations of the Government to the numerous non-official persons who have also assisted in this great work. Mr. Lewis, the Superintendent of Government Printing, Bengal, is again mentioned in terms of praise for the excellence and rapidity with which the Press performed the heavy task involved in the preparation and despatch of myriads of enumeration books and compilation forms to many districts. The Assistant Superintendent of Census Operations, whose services have also been brought specially to the notice of Government, has already been rewarded by promotion to an appointment in Assam.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 15th July 1893.

No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
BURDWAN DIVN.				
1	Burdwan	July 15, '93	5·53	Ordinary monsoon weather. *Aman* is being transplanted. *Aus* and jute oing well. Fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 14 } Kalna ... ... 9¾ to 13 } Katwa ... ... 12 } per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 12 }
	Kalna	...	1·84	
	Katwa	...	1·05	
	Raniganj	...	1·07	
2	Bankura	" 15, '93	3·47	Weather—cloudy with occasional light showers. Transplantation of *aman* going on. Common rice is selling at— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11¼ } per rupee. Vishnupur ... ... 11¼ }
	Vishnupur	...	2·62	
3	Birbhum	" 15, '93	6·16	Ordinary monsoon weather prevails. Frequent showers. Transplanting of paddy seedlings in progress. Sugarcane not flourishing owing to continued rain. Price of common rice 12 to 15 seers per rupee.
	Rampur Hát	...	2·59	
4	Midnapore	...		Report not received.
5	Hooghly	" 15, '93	1·80	Weather—hot with occasional showers. The damage done to the paddy seedlings by floods has not apparently been serious or very extensive. Some jute on the lower lands may also have been injured, but the extent of such damage also is inconsiderable. All crops now progressing favourably and prospects generally very good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 12 } Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ } per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 12 }
	Serampore	...	0·13	
	Jahanabad	...	1·20	
6	Howrah	" 15, '93	4·37	Weather—seasonable. The late abnormal rain has destroyed the seedlings and retarded agricultural operations. New seedlings are coming up on high lands. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 10 to 11 seers per rupee.
	Ulubaria	...	1·70	
PRESIDENCY DIVN.				
7	24-Parganas	" 15, '93	1·25	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional light showers. Transplantation of *aman* going on except in some parts of the Diamond Harbour subdivision where the lands are still flooded. Prospects somewhat improved since last week. No complaints of want of fodder and water. No cattle-disease prevalent. Price of common rice varies from 10 to 11½ seers per rupee.
8	Nadia	" 15, '93	1·91	Weather—close and damp. Prospects on the whole fair. Transplantation of *aman* rice going on. Dry weather wanted.
	Kushtia	...	3·71	
	Meherpur	...	1·55	
	Chuadanga	...	3·95	
	Ranaghat	...	2·62	
9	Khulna	" 15, '93	3·23	Weather—bright and rainy alternately. Some damage reported from Bagerhat owing to incessant rain, elsewhere prospects improved by the occasional cessation of the rain. Coarse rice sells at 9 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder for cattle sufficient.
	Bagerhat	...	3·00	
	Satkhira	...	1·97	
10	Jessore	" 15, '93	0·77	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. Paddy on high lands progressing well. Transplantation of *aman* going on. Manufacture of indigo has commenced. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease reported from Salkhya in Magura and Monirampur in the Sadar subdivision. Price of rice has risen.
	Jhenida	...	1·39	
	Magura	...	2·19	
	Narail	...	1·70	
	Bangaon	...	1·08	
11	Murshidabad	" 15, '93	1·30	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops on the whole good, but the recent rain is said to have done some damage to the paddy crops. Fodder available for cattle. Coarse rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

Division	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong	July 15, '93	0·51	Weather—unsettled. Transplanting of *aus* is still going on. Prices steady. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	„ 15, '93	3·41	Weather—cloudy with occasional rain. *Aus* is being reaped, but the state of the crop is not good. *Aman* is being transplanted. Fodder not sufficient; water available. Cattle-disease reported from all stations. Price of rice stationary.
	14	Tippera	„ 15, '93	1·57	Weather—cloudy and rain almost every day. Harvesting of *aus* paddy is vigorously being pushed on. Loss of early sowing of paddy owing to flood for unusual downpour of rain is still being reported. Price of rice and other articles of food is on the increase.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	„ 13, '93	2·47	Weather—cloudy throughout the week with occasional showers of rain. *Jum* paddy plants progressing. Ploughing in low lands continues, and seeds are being sown in nurseries. Common rice being sold at 8 seers per rupee. No cattle-disease reported.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca	„ 15, '93	3·03	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of *aus* and jute going on. Rivers are rising gradually. Common rice selling at from 9 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	„ 15, '93	1·32 0·92 2·08	Weather—seasonable. Standing crops partially damaged by the sudden rising of the rivers. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee at Faridpur, 11 seers at Madaripur, and 12 seers at Goalundo. Condition of cattle reported good generally, but cattle-disease still prevails in two thanas in Madaripur.
	18	Backergunge Pirojpur Patuakhali Bhola	„ 15, '93	1·94 2·20 2·53 0·81	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops fair, but *aus* has considerably been damaged in some places. *Aman* has been sown or transplanted to the extent of 4 annas up to date. Common rice is being sold from 9 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	„ 15, '93	8·07	Weather—generally cloudy with constant rain. Probable outturn of *aus* paddy is 10 annas. Heavy rain may injure the *aus* and jute to some extent in the low lands. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	„ 8, '93 ...	3·67 13·42	Weather—rainy and cloudy with occasional breaks. Standing crops doing very well. Outturn of *bhadoi* and jute expected to be 16 annas. Transplantation of *haimanti* in full swing. Prices of rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11½ } per rupee. Thakurgaon ... ... 10 to 12 } Cattle in good condition. Fodder and drinking water plentiful.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	„ 15, '93	3·09 0·80 5·83	Weather—seasonable with a tendency towards excessive moisture. Complete sunshine for several days is much needed. Jute is giving a poor outturn; and *aus* and *aman* are being affected by excessive moisture. Water and fodder-supply ample. No cattle-disease has been reported anywhere. Price of rice varies from 10 to 14 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Gaibanda Nilphamari Kurigaon	„ 15, '93	5·81 4·60 14·06 12·92	Ordinary monsoon weather. Transplantation of *aman* in progress; somewhat retarded by heavy rain. Prospects favourable. Common rice 11 to 13 seers per rupee.
	23	Bogra	„ 15, '93	3·05	Weather—unsettled. Standing crops are reported to have suffered somewhat from the heavy rain. Transplantation of *aman* is going on. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	„ 15, '93	3·86	Weather—cloudy and rainy. *Aus* and jute on low lands are being cut. Fair weather now needed for the standing crops. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee at Pabna and Rs. 3-14 to Rs. 4 per maund at Sirajganj. Fodder and water-supply ample.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	„ 15, '93 ...	6·48 10·63	Weather—rainy up to Thursday (13th); since fairly fine. *In the hills:—Bhutta, kangni, phaphur* and potatoes being harvested. *Bhadoi* and *chota marua* progressing favourably. *Bara marua* and *aghani dhan* being transplanted. *In the Terai:*—Transplanting of *haimanti* paddy commenced. Jute and *bhadoi* doing well. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 }
	26	Jalpaiguri	„ 15, '93	6·90	Weather—rainy and hot. *Bhadoi* paddy has in some places become fit for being harvested. Prospect of jute favourable. Transplantation of *haimanti* paddy going on. Price of rice stationary. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.				
BHAGALPUR DIVN.	27	Monghyr July 15, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	3·08 6·23 0·79	Cloudy weather continues, with intervals of excessive heat. High land crops in excellent condition. Low land crops suffering from excessive rainfall. Poor outturn of *makai* and *marua* expected. Continued sunshine needed. Paddy transplantation commenced. Indigo—plenty of plant but little produce owing to rain. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Prices stationary.
	28	Bhagalpur „ 15, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ...	7·22 4·26 6·60	Weather—clear with clouds and showers every now and then. Rain in north very beneficial. There has been too much rain in the Sadar and south, where *makai* and *marua* have been damaged to the extent of 6 annas. Transplantation of rice in progress. Common rice 13 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
	29	Purnea „ 15, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	5·40 13·24 9·69	Constant heavy rain. *Bhadoi* and jute damaged in parts by excess of water, elsewhere doing well. *Aghani* seedlings also damaged. Low lands too full of water for transplantation. Seedlings not fit for transplantation on high lands. Indigo outturn very bad owing to excessive rain and floods. Prices stationary.
	30	Malda „ 15, '93 Chanchal ... Shibganj ...	4·66 4·38 4·20	Weather—cloudy and wet. Rainfall was unprecedented throughout the week. Rivers rising fast. *Bhadoi* paddy on low lands has in consequence been slightly damaged in some places. Winter rice being transplanted. Price of common rice 11 to 15 seers per rupee. No want of fodder.
	31	Sonthal Parganas „ 15, 93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	3·71 3·50 4·61 3·27 4·78 8·82	Weather—rain every afternoon; mornings generally fine. Transplanting nearly finished; promises well in Dumka and Pakur. Indian-corn in great danger. Sugarcane doing well in Jamtara, but prospects poor in other respects from excess of rain.
PATNA DIVISION.	32	Patna „ 15, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapur ...	5·00 5·08 3·62 8·19	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Transplantation of *marua* completed. Paddy seedlings look well. The continued rain has somewhat injured the low land crops where weeding operations have been much retarded. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15¼ per rupee. Barh ... ... 13 per rupee. Bihar ... ... 16¼ per rupee. Dinapore ... ... 13 per rupee.
	33	Gaya „ 15, '93 Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ... Nawada ...	5·31 7·10 4·00 1·31	Weather—rainy. The rain has been too much in places and thus damaged the *bhadoi* crops somewhat. Prices as before. Common rice selling from 13 to 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply ample.
	34	Shahabad „ 15, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	3·46 1·64 5·38 2·10	Heavy and frequent rain. *Bhadoi* promises well. Sowing of *aghani* nearly completed. A spell of drier weather is wanted to check the growth of weeds.
	35	Darbhanga „ 15, '93 Samastipur ...	3·49 4·25	Weather—cloudy and rainy. *Makai* is doing well. Transplantation of paddy and *marua* in progress. Prospects of sugarcane favourable. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Prices stationary.
	36	Muzaffarpur „ 15, '93 Hajipur ...	4·41 5·55	Weather—cloudy throughout the week. Transplantation of paddy and *marua* nearly completed. Prospect of *makai* not favourable in Hajipur owing to excessive rainfall. State of standing crops in the Sadar subdivision good. Cases of *dakha*, a disease among cattle, prevailing in some places in the mufassal. Eighteen deaths from this disease reported from Minapur elaka. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
PATNA DIVISION—*concld.*			
37	Saran July, 15, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	3·71 1·89 3·81	Weather—seasonable. A break in the rains wanted for indigo and *bhadoi* crops. Prospects of crops very good at present. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Chapra ... ... 13 Srs. Siwan ... ... 12¼ Srs. Gopalganj ... ... 13 Srs. } per rupee.
38	Champaran „ 15, '93	8·27	Heavy rain daily. Paddy being sown and transplanted. *Makai* being weeded. Indigo suffering from the heavy rain. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVN.			
39	Cuttack „ 15, '93	...	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. Sowing and transplantation of *sarad* in progress. *Beali* doing well. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Sadar ... ... 10 Srs. 8 c. to 14 Srs. 7 c. Kendrapara ... ... 13 Srs. 10 c. to 18 Srs. 6 c. Jajpur ... ... 15 Srs. 12 c. to 18 Srs. 6 c. Banki ... ... 15 Srs. 12 c. } per rupee.
40	Puri „ 13, '93 Khurda ... Banpur ...	0·21 1·75 2·27	Weather—cloudy and hot. *Sarad* being sown and *beali* weeded. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Price of rice 13 seers 2 chitaks to 17 seers 1 chitak per rupee.
41	Balasore „ 15, '93	1·79	Weather—fine but close, followed by rain yesterday (14th). Paddy seedlings being still transplanted. Prices of rice:— Balasore ... ... 13 Srs. Bhadrak ... ... 14 Srs. } per rupee.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN.			
42	Hazaribagh July, 15, '93 Giridi ...	3·39 2·29	Weather—seasonable. Sowing and transplanting in progress. Indian-corn damaged by excessive rain. Other crops doing well. Fodder abundant. Prices of common rice:— Head-quarters ... ... 9 to 14 Srs. Giridi ... ... 9 to 12 Srs. } per rupee.
43	Lohardaga „ 15, '93	7·71	Weather—rainy and cloudy. Sowing of winter rice finished. Transplanting commenced. Prospect of *bhadoi* continues good. Common rice selling at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau „ 14, '93	3·18	Weather—showery but close at times. Heavy showers reported from all parts. *Bhadoi* crops being sown. Some damage to *bhadoi* reported from parts. Transplantation of winter rice not commenced as yet. Cattle-disease reported from some thanas. Water and fodder abundant. Prices slightly falling.
45	Singhbhum „ 15, '93	0·82	Weather—seasonable. Condition of all crops good. Price of rice ranges from 9 to 12 seers per rupee. Cattle-disease reported from some villages in the Kolhan.
46	Manbhum „ 15, '93 Gobindpur ...	3·48 1·84	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation going on. Prospects so far good. Price of rice 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water very sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 18th July, 1893.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·636	29·591	—	SWly	261	91·2	9th July	77·6	14th July	90·0	8[illegible]	85·0
		Gopalpore ...	29·633	29·594	+·047	SWly	288	89·2	12th "	76·3	12th "	87·9	77·3	82·6
		False Point ...	29·629	29·592	+·050	W	285	89·5	13th "	76·1	15th "	87·8	78·7	83·3
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·554	29·577	+·045	SWly	67	92·7	10th "	76·8	13 & 14 "	90·6	78·0	84·3
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·564	29·566	+·036	SW	126	91·4	13th "	77·7	12 & 15 "	89·4	78·6	84·0
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·482	29·576	+·046	SW	87	92·3	13 & 14 "	78·1	9, 12, 15 "	90·6	78·4	84·5
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·604	29·571	+·039	SW	72	89·6	13th "	77·2	15th "	87·9	79·2	83·6
		Saugor Island	29·603	29·572	+·041	SWly	333	89·2	9th "	79·5	15th "	88·1	81·3	84·7
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·571	29·566	+·035	SEly	109	92·3	13th "	77·7	14 & 15 "	89·6	78·3	84·0
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·597	29·577	+·023	SEly	77	91·5	12th "	78·4	9 & 14 "	89·2	79·0	84·1
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29·529	29·574	+·040	Sly	75	92·6	13th "	77·7	13th "	90·1	79·3	84·7
		Raniganj ...	29·304	29·585	+·053	SWly	54	93·7	12th "	76·8	12 & 15 "	91·1	77·4	84·3
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·309	29·557	+·041	Calm.	64	92·1	12 & 13 "	76·6	14th "	91·0	77·9	84·5
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·552	29·567	+·018	SEly	89	89·6	10,13,14 "	78·8	9 & 13 "	88·4	79·4	83·9
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·584	29·580	+·013	SEly	80	89·1	10th "	76·7	13 & 14 "	87·0	77·9	82·4
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·561	29·573	+·033	SEly	67	90·2	10th "	76·2	12 & 13 "	87·7	77·1	82·5
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·548	29·567	+·029	SWly	131	90·1	13 & 15 "	75·6	13 & 15 "	87·9	77·3	82·6
	Malda	Malda ...	29·527	29·559	—	Sly	53	89·6	10 & 14 "	76·5	11 & 13 "	87·1	77·7	82·4
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·498	29·573	—·005	Variable	54	89·6	14th "	76·2	10 & 11 "	85·4	77·4	81·4
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·508	29·585	—·011	SEly	41	88·8	15th "	74·7	10 to 12 "	83·7	76·3	80·0
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri ...	29·353	29·591	+·025	Ely	53	88·4	14 & 15 "	75·0	10th "	85·0	75·9	80·5
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	22·861	—	—·030	Variable	129	66·1	15th "	55·1	9th "	63·8	56·5	60·2
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	18·995	—	—	Variable	9?	53·4	12th "	36·4	9th "	51·4	38·0	44·7
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·606	29·640	+·027	SE	130	85·7	9 & 10 "	75·1	9, 11, 12 "	84·6	75·7	80·1
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...						Observations not received.						
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·635	29·593	+·037	Calm	96	88·8	11th July	76·8	13th "	88·0	78·1	83·1
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·625	29·615	+·019	SE	161*	85·0	11th "	74·3	11th "	84·3	76·9	80·6
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·612	29·606	+·031	S	136	88·5	10th "	77·4	13th "	87·1	79·2	83·1
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·614	29·584	+·009	SEly	213	89·6	11th "	77·2	13 & 14 "	88·9	79·1	84·0
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·636	29·619	+·028	E	180	87·4	9 & 15 "	76·7	9, 11, 13 & 15th July	86·8	77·0	81·9
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·588	29·598	+·010	SEly	109	89·2	10th "	75·6	13th "	86·2	77·2	81·8
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·479	29·558	+·005	Calm	16	90·2	15th "	75·2	9 & 13 "	86·9	76·5	81·7
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·436	29·548	+·020	Calm & Ely	24	89·7	12th "	76·0	9 & 12 "	87·8	77·1	82·5
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·435	29·554	+·008	ESE	73	88·9	15th "	76·2	12th "	86·8	78·1	82·4
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·425	29·556	—	ESE	45	88·7	10th "	76·2	9th "	86·8	78·0	82·4
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·364	29·545	+·011	Ely	72	90·2	10th "	74·9	11th "	87·8	76·0	82·0
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·416	29·549	+0·39	Wly	79	91·3	10th "	76·6	9th "	87·8	78·4	83·1
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·238	29·539	+·021	SWly	?	91·8	10th "	77·0	9 & 15 "	88·9	78·6	83·8
		Buxar ...	29·356	29·549	+·029	Wly	90	90·5	10th "	76·3	14 & 15 "	88·0	77·6	82·8
		Arrah ...	29·304	29·534	+·030	Sly	44	92·4	10th "	77·0	15th "	89·8	78·9	84·4
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·220	29·546	+·021	E & W	146	94·5	10th "	75·8	15th "	90·6	77·4	84·0
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·409	29·542	+·007	W	81	90·0	12th "	76·7	10th "	88·1	78·3	83·2
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka	29·111	29·553	+·024	SWly	54	90·6	12th "	75·8	12th "	87·5	77·0	82·3
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·627	29·563	+·033	NWly	174	86·2	15th "	72·3	15th "	85·0	72·8	78·9
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·504	29·548	+·031	Wly	147	86·0	11th "	69·9	14th "	84·6	71·2	77·9
	Palamau													
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa ...	28·849	29·551	+·042	SWly	?	91·4	11th "	76·2	9, 12, 15 "	90·3	76·9	83·7
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·335	29·622	—·002	SWly		90·6	10 & 13 "	76·0	10th "	88·0	77·1	82·6
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·522	29·591	+·002	Variable	68	84·2	14 & 15 "	74·8	10 to 12 "	82·0	76·1	79·0
	Caçhar	Silchar ...	29·579	29·634	+·018	Calm		89·5	9 & 15 "	76·2	9 & 15 "	88·0	77·1	82·6

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.*, from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 15th of July 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. Of week. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Since 16th May 1893. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	DISTRICT.
—	83.7	81	5.6	0.31		2.81		3.38		5.74			15.26		Puri.
+0.1	81.8	86	4.0	1.40											(Puri.)
0	82.7	83	7.4	1.69											(Puri.)
+0.4	83.0	76	6.3	1.30		2.69		3.30		6.00			17.01		Cuttack.
+1.1	81.6	89	3.7	2.71		3.26		3.56		5.80			16.44		Balasore.
+0.9	83.2	84	4.1	0.12	0.59	3.40	1.75	3.63	2.12	6.21	−4.09	36.82	17.51	+19.31	Midnapore.
+0.2	82.4	86	9.1	1.25	1.08	2.90	2.14	3.77	4.97	5.72	−0.75	33.98	18.22	+15.76	24-Parganas.
+0.3	83.6	88	9.1	0.71											(24-Parganas.)
					2.71	3.00	2.50	4.02	4.50	5.71	−1.21	36.68	17.40	+19.28	Howrah.
					1.71	2.55	2.00	3.73	4.39	5.25	−0.23	33.91	16.88	+17.03	Hooghly.
+0.2	82.7	85	8.1	1.91	3.41	2.09	4.00	3.19	5.87	5.01	+0.86	32.54	18.14	+14.40	Nadia.
					2.78	2.35	3.67	3.68	8.24	5.67	+2.57	38.42	21.45	+16.97	Khulna.
−0.2	83.1	91	8.0	0.77	1.41	2.16	3.20	3.11	4.73	4.66	+0.07	29.14	19.54	+9.60	Jessore.
−0.1	82.2	86	9.1	5.53	2.72	2.44	3.50	3.54	6.95	4.79	+2.16	31.56	16.00	+15.56	Burdwan.
+0.4	81.0	90	3.1	1.47											
+0.8	81.3	87	8.1	3.47	3.63	3.04	4.25	3.78	5.84	6.14	−0.30	34.10	18.25	+15.85	Bankura.
					4.33	2.71	4.67	3.85	6.73	5.69	+1.13	25.43	17.89	+7.54	Birbhum.
−0.3	80.8	95	9.6	1.30	1.97	2.17	3.09	3.24		5.40			17.51		Murshidabad.
−1.1	79.9	96	9.6	2.60	3.23	1.90	5.00	3.08	10.94	5.19	+5.75	41.01	19.96	+21.05	Pabna.
−1.1	81.5	90	5.9	2.28	1.84	2.56	4.25	3.04	7.39	6.16	+1.23	29.88	23.27	+6.61	Bogra.
−1.0	82.1	89	8.0	3.05	4.56	2.28	3.33	3.08	9.27	5.83	+3.44	34.68	20.16	+14.52	Rajshahi.
—	81.7	93	7.3	4.66		2.82	5.20	3.16		6.70			20.94		Malda.
−3.1	79.6	92	9.7	4.36	3.56	2.62	5.20	3.37	11.75	6.52	+5.23	32.23	24.00	+8.23	Dinajpur.
−4.3	79.6	92	3.7	5.81	9.48	3.03	6.00	2.75	14.43	7.74	+6.69	42.75	35.84	+6.91	Rangpur.
−2.2	78.1	93	8.4	7.32	6.90	5.52	7.00	4.00	24.40	14.57	+9.83	30.61	51.15	−21.14	Jalpaiguri.
						3.55		3.36		10.09			50.07		Kuch Bihar.
−2.0	59.8	98	10.0	6.48		9.10		5.36		19.89			55.06		Darjeeling.
—	48.0	94	9.3	8.42											Sikkim.
−1.1	79.4	91	8.3	0.52	5.58	6.71	5.00	4.85	12.46	13.54	−1.08	87.60	47.68	+39.92	Chittagong.
					3.16	3.79	6.00	4.70	15.96	7.93	+8.03	65.23	31.04	+34.19	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+0.5	81.8	90	10.0	1.94	1.89	3.52	3.50	4.61	6.92	8.22	−1.30	46.48	30.87	+15.61	Backergunge.
−0.7	80.2	90	3.7	3.41	3.78	5.05	5.50	4.74	11.40	10.60	+0.80	56.16	42.23	+13.93	Noakhali.
+0.3	81.6	90	8.0	1.32	1.56	2.12	3.00	3.35	4.89	5.02	−0.13	38.28	21.71	+13.57	Faridpur.
−0.1	82.1	88	8.3	2.56	2.40	2.40	4.00	3.34	5.60	6.05	−0.45	37.54	23.02	+14.52	Dacca.
−0.2	80.1	95	8.1	1.87		2.97		3.77		6.14			26.58		Tippera.
−1.4	79.2	94	9.4	8.07	5.25	2.58	5.60	3.34	14.03	6.11	+7.92	44.37	28.26	+16.11	Mymensingh.
−2.9	79.7	92	5.9	4.30	5.96	2.45	6.33	3.33	21.39	7.70	+13.69	36.69	24.17	+12.52	Purnea.
+2.1	81.4	91	9.7	7.22	5.27	2.03	5.00	3.08	13.88	5.31	+8.57	23.29	15.20	+8.09	Bhagalpur.
−2.4	80.2	92	8.0	3.49	3.65	2.40	5.67	2.54	8.81	6.18	+2.63	15.51	15.43	+0.08	Darbhanga.
—	79.8	94	8.6	4.41	4.68	2.43	6.33	2.54	8.92	6.04	+2.88	17.50	14.74	+2.76	Muzaffarpur.
−2.8	79.7	92	9.1	8.27	7.89	2.90	6.50	2.32	14.53	6.96	+7.57	25.38	16.08	+9.30	Champaran.
−1.8	81.1	91	10.0	3.75	3.60	2.45	5.33	3.02	8.17	6.06	+2.11	15.37	13.45	+1.92	Saran.
+0.2	82.2	84	3.4	1.74											
−1.4	80.6	90	8.3	2.38	2.83	2.43	4.40	3.33		5.17			10.88		Shahabad.
−0.3	81.1	90	4.6	2.46											
−1.5	81.5	90	5.7	5.31	4.73	2.41	5.25	2.97	6.54	5.44	+1.10	15.75	12.11	+3.64	Gaya.
−2.5	81.9	88	9.9	5.00	5.43	2.26	6.06	2.86	10.12	5.72	+4.40	21.61	13.12	+8.49	Patna.
					3.36	1.07	3.00	3.27	9.71	5.38	+4.33	20.90	13.09	+7.81	Monghyr.
−1.1	81.4	88	5.6	3.71	3.63	2.58	4.67	3.51	9.66	6.04	+3.62		17.07		Sonthal Parganas.
−0.4	77.0	85	10.0	4.07		2.67		4.13		6.33			16.03		Hazaribagh.
+0.1	78.0	?	5.0	7.71	4.99	2.69	5.00	4.46		5.63			15.66		Lohardaga.
						3.21		3.80		6.04			12.77		Palamau.
+0.9	80.5	85	8.4	0.82	0.82	2.82	2.00	3.75	1.99	5.20	−3.21	26.06	15.91	+10.15	Singhbhum.
					3.23	2.93	5.00	3.88	5.91	5.45	+0.46	30.44	14.93	+15.31	Manbhum.
−2.6	80.4	91	8.0	3.26											Assam.
−4.4	77.6	95	9.3	10.20											(Assam.)
−1.1	79.6	93	9.9	5.36											(Assam.)

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of he sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 15th of July 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 9th.	Monday, 10th.	Tuesday, 11th.	Wednesday, 12th.	Thursday, 13th.	Friday, 14th.	Saturday, 15th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
Orissa ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	0·21	...	0·10	...	2	0·31	2·33	1·18	4·50	21·72	13·54
		Khurda ...	0·13	...	...	1·47	0·02	1·91				2·91		5·40		16·69
		Banpur ...										2·67		5·61		13·19
		False Point ...	...	...	...	1·24	0·07	...	0·38	2	1·69	3·31	3·39	7·43	49·61	17·59
		Gop ...										?		?		?
		Satpara ...										?		?		?
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	0·75						?		?		?
		Raspur ...	0·28	...	...	0·17	0·03	0·60				?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore			0·7	0·14						2·44		4·78		13·14
		Banki ...	...	...	...	0·11	0·39					2·18		6·94		17·02
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·80	0·23	3	1·13	3·09	3·13	6·10		19·88
		Kendrapara ...	0·83	...	0·59	0·32	...	...	1·24	4	2·98	2·85	8·24	5·67	49·22	15·95
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	0·13	0·48	...	0·15	3	8·76	2·87	2·70	6·47	40·06	18·37
		Dharmsala ...			0·20							?		?		?
		Salipore ...										?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Nayagarh ...										?		?		
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	0·13	...	1·05	...	0·11	3	1·29	?	3·69	?	25·69	?
		Chandbali ...	...	0·18	0·18	...	...	0·30	0·60	4	1·26	2·86	2·03	4·90	32·93	14·97
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	...	0·53	...	0·19	...	2	0·63	2·79	1·71	5·40	35·29	16·96
		Soro ...										3·47		5·47		15·33
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	0·01	0·01	...	1·77	1	1·79	3·64	3·56	6·44	35·23	17·53
		Jellasore ...										4·06		6·39		15·92
		Baripodah ...										2·71		5·87		17·83
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	0·02	...	...	0·11	...	...	0·05	1	0·18	3·53	3·30	6·13	33·43	18·00
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	0·10	1·30	...	0·20	3	1·60	2·91	3·52	4·59	32·24	16·09
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	1	0·10	3·05	0·80	6·07	29·29	16·58
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	0·26	2	0·49	4·12	0·87	7·55	32·26	19·36
		Kukrahaty ...										?		?		?
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	0·10	1·71	0·13	...	3	1·94	?	4·03	?	34·31	?
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	0·08	...	0·81	1·54	2	2·43	?	3·07	?	26·48	?
		Dantoon ...										?		?		?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	0·63	1	0·71	4·05	4·87	7·43	28·53	19·48
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	·	...	0·21	...	...	0·04	1	0·25	4·26	2·07	7·20	26·76	19·00
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·56	1	0·56	?	5·19	?	48·00	?
		Alipore (Observatory).	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·53	0·70	2	1·25	3·22	3·60	5·84	41·21	18·36
		Barrackpore...	...	0·08	...	...	...	0·14	0·45	2	0·67	2·34	3·75	4·82	30·75	17·13
		Dum-Dum ...	0·70	...	...	...	0·50	0·21	0·83	4	2·24	2·11	5·75	4·72	38·53	17·24
		Barasat ...	...	...	0·83	...	...	...	0·42	2	1·25	2·05	6·65	4·64	32·32	16·59
		Basirhat ...	...	0·11	...	...	0·44	...	0·64	3	1·19	2·92	8·10	5·38	40·44	19·83
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	0·65	0·37	3·35	3	4·37	2·67	7·01	5·41	44·12	17·25
		Mohesreka ...	0·10	...	...	...	0·91	...	0·03	2	1·04	3·33	1·98	6·01	29·21	17·51
		Ulubaria ...	0·10	0·08	...	...	1·42	0·67	0·07	3	2·34	?	4·66	?	32·19	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	0·09	...	...	...	0·04	0·14	2·99	2	3·26	3·32	5·84	10·94	37·19	22·45
		Hooghly ...	0·44	...	...	...	0·01	...	0·85	2	1·30	2·21	3·30	4·67	27·23	16·17
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	0·29	0·25	0·03	...	2	0·57	3·13	5·82	6·14	37·44	18·03
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	0·71	...	...	0·26	0·80	1·08	1·15	5	4·00	2·42	6·78	4·82	35·28	17·16
		Krishnagar ...	0·26	...	...	...	1·20	0·38	0·07	3	1·91	1·80	3·45	4·70	28·28	16·18
		Chuadanga ...	0·02	0·07	...	2·10	1·76	0·90	0·94	4	5·79	2·30	8·51	5·25	32·36	19·01
		Meherpore ...	...	...	...	...	1·05	0·55	0·60	3	2·20	1·82	3·95	4·82	28·31	17·61
		Kushtia ...	0·18	...	...	0·80	1·30	0·70	0·15	5	3·13	2·12	6·64	5·44	45·01	20·61
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	0·43	...	0·04	...	...	0·06	0·70	2	1·23	2·62	8·92	5·87	34·86	21·10
		Bagerhat ...	0·70	0·41	...	...	0·38	1·92	0·48	5	3·89	2·44	10·05	6·31	46·91	23·27
		Khulna ...	0·45	...	...	...	0·21	0·17	2·40	4	3·23	1·99	5·77	4·82	33·53	20·28
		Nakipur ...	0·27	0·48	...	0·44	1·50	0·15	0·43	6	3·27	?	6·88	?	33·47	?
		Rampal ...										?		?		?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·03	...	...	...	0·97	0·12	0·50	3	1·62	1·97	3·93	3·97	22·68	18·06
		Jessore ...	...	...	0·11	...	...	0·49	0·17	3	0·77	2·24	4·71	4·89	31·84	20·48
		Jhenidah ...	...	...	0·04	0·36	0·10	...	0·30	3	0·80	2·16	4·41	4·63	29·54	20·73
		Magura ...	...	...	0·65	0·98	0·10	0·04	0·21	4	1·98	2·35	5·78	4·83	35·71	20·48
		Bangaon ...	0·10	...	...	...	0·98	0·05	0·75	3	1·88	2·10	4·83	5·02	25·88	16·68
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	0·35	...	...	...	0·87	0·62	0·23	4	2·07	1·86	8·12	4·35	36·35	14·82
		Burdwan ...	0·02	...	...	...	4·56	0·60	0·35	3	5·53	2·12	12·03	4·68	37·60	15·40
		Katwa ...	...	...	...	...	0·49	0·52	0·78	3	1·79	2·19	2·97	4·34	23·55	16·99
		Raniganj ...	...	...	0·02	0·34	0·17	0·54	0·40	4	1·47	3·60	4·67	5·77	24·41	16·08
		Mankur ...	...	...	...	...	1·10	2·73	0·50	3	4·33	?	7·34	?	28·30	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	0·26	...	0·08	0·19	1·95	0·52	0·47	5	3·47	3·08	4·33	5·62	31·09	17·03
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	0·70	1·12	0·80	0·67	4	3·29	2·90	6·38	6·01	35·43	18·39
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	0·30	1·83	1·79	...	3	3·92	3·19	7·09	6·49	27·13	18·28
		Khatra ...	...	0·52	...	1·29	0·28	0·12	1·22	5	3·43	2·99	5·55	6·45	42·70	19·23
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	0·68	0·14	0·06	2	0·88	?	4·24	?	30·54	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	3·40	0·35	...	2	3·75	?	7·71	?	33·10	?
		Onda ...	...	...	...	0·20	0·50	0·70		3	1·40	?	4·12	?	32·95	?
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	2·00	1·45	...	1·40	3	4·85	?	7·34	?	34·17	?
		Raipur ...	...	...	0·71	0·23	0·28	0·36	...	4	1·58	?	2·76	?	38·03	?
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	0·72	0·33	0·10	3	1·15	?	4·33	?	28·12	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	0·01	...	3·55	0·77	0·53	1·18	0·12	5	6·16	3·57	9·53	6·43	30·77	18·61
		Hetampore ...	0·06	...	0·92	0·25	0·20	0·56	0·04	3	1·13	3·32	1·87	5·03	19·51	18·78
		Rampur Hat...	0·34	0·34	0·91	...	0·15	1·48	2·48	6	5·70	1·44	8·80	4·64	26·55	16·44
		Bolpur ...	0·36	...	...	...	0·72	...	...	2	1·08	?	4·72	?	23·44	?
		Murari ...	...	0·36	...	...	1·70	0·20	2·40	4	4·06	?	10·66	?	33·10	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	0·09	...	...	0·15	0·06	0·09	1	0·39	2·92	4·34	6·00	21·26	17·89
		Berhampore ...	0·35	...	...	0·01	...	0·05	0·29	2	1·33	2·23	3·54	5·11	32·88	17·40
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	0·05	...	0·79	0·31	2	1·15	1·85	4·64	4·88	31·78	16·29
		Azimganj ...	0·06	...	...	0·10	0·30	1·28	0·11	4	1·85	1·93	5·93	4·06	31·30	17·40
		Jangipur ...	0·02	1·73	1·93	0·19	0·96	...	0·50	5	5·33	1·67	10·12	5·44	41·39	17·04
		Lalgola ...	0·20	...	...	0·20	0·20	...	1·20	4	1·80	2·41		6·28		18·98
		Akhriganj ...	...	0·38	...	...	1·47	0·61	0·37	4	2·83	?	8·40	?	39·45	?
		Patkabari ...	0·90	...	...	...	0·10	0·65	0·10	4	1·75	?	5·15	?		?
North Bengal.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·22	...	...	2·94	0·18	0·40	0·12	5	3·86	1·60	7·30	5·03	38·28	19·45
		Sirajganj ...	0·26	0·07	0·16	1·01	0·06	0·31	0·73	5	2·60	2·10	14·57	5·33	43·69	20·43
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	0·05	...	0·08	...	0·16	0·12	0·30	3	0·71	2·72	4·67	6·37	23·16	23·57
		Nowkhilla ...	...	0·23	0·98	...	1·10	0·43	0·29	4	2·13	2·02	6·65	4·98	30·66	21·37
		Bogra ...	0·34	0·05	0·90	0·32	0·24	0·15	0·08	5	2·28	2·74	8·09	6·79	36·45	25·64
		Panchbibi ...	0·55	0·29	0·35	...	0·70	0·34	...	5	2·23	2·75	10·13	6·46	29·21	23·47
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	0·08	0·04	...	0·03	1·64	0·57	0·73	3	3·09	2·63	7·62	6·11	33·68	18·68
		Nator ...	...	0·16	...	...	0·13	3·20	1·08	4	4·37	2·28	9·12	6·30	34·73	19·79
		Naugaon ...	...	...	4·90	...	0·48	0·65	...	3	6·03	1·93	11·08	5·09	35·65	22·03
		Lalpore ...	...	0·22	...	...	0·22	0·82	0·46	4	1·72	?		?		?
		Manda ...	0·49	0·75	1·21	...	0·74	0·11	...	5	2·30	?	9·44	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 15th of July 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 9th.	Monday, 10th.	Tuesday, 11th.	Wednesday, 12th.	Thursday, 13th.	Friday, 14th.	Saturday, 15th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	0·32	...	1·20	0·44	1·65	0·27	0·78	6	4·66	2·71	7·44	6·30	28·17	19·73
		Chanchal ...	2·03	0·36	0·45	0·47	0·49	0·03	0·07	5	3·90	2·93	2·93	7·53		23·14
		Gajol ...	0·24	0·35	1·57	0·75	0·82	0·60	0·51	7	8·48	?	12·25	?	29·06	?
		Siliganj ...	...	0·35	0·95	1·65	0·82	0·24	0·90	6	4·91	?	8·33	?		?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	0·24	0·10	0·63	...	1·40	0·11	...	5	2·48	2·38	7·94	5·47	29·13	21·80
		Churaman ...	0·93	0·32	0·21	0·38	...	0·08	0·93	5	2·85	2·73	8·45	6·18	28·30	21·17
		Raiganj ...	0·41	1·05	...	...	1·30	1·45	0·53	5	4·74	2·42	16·00	6·47	36·43	24·35
		Dinajpur ...	0·11	1·25	1·14	0·16	0·18	0·83	...	6	3·67	2·56	10·46	7·59	31·89	28·10
		Balurghat ...	...	0·97	0·86	0·98	0·46	0·07	0·72	5	4·06	3·03	9·69	6·75	29·61	24·59
		Thakurgaon ...	0·71	7·04	0·92	...	2·26	1·69	0·25	6	12·87	?	27·67	?	48·21	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	0·82	0·40	0·79	0·55	1·16	1·87	...	6	5·59	2·15	16·00	5·79	38·37	26·71
		Rangpur ...	0·63	1·53	1·98	0·34	1·33	...	...	5	5·81	4·21	12·52	10·10	37·98	35·82
		Peerganj ...	0·33	0·80	0·37	1·01	1·50	0·16	...	6	4·17	?	12·28	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	0·61	5·51	2·26	1·21	1·61	...	...	5	11·20	3·62	21·83	7·79	51·56	39·07
		Gobindgunge	1·79	0·32	0·44	0·32	0·57	0·29	0·05	6	3·69	?	6·61	?	36·20	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	4·35	4·60	0·99	2·11	1·03	0·51	0·73	7	14·32	2·93	22·59	8·07	42·07	32·49
		Ulipore ...	...	1·15	0·85	2·44	1·15	...	...	4	5·59	?	13·11	?	36·56	?
		Sundergunge...	0·03	0·67	0·69	1·04	1·82	0·38	...	5	4·54	?		?		?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	1·44	2·32	0·46	0·79	0·21	0·77	0·91	7	6·90	5·52	24·40	14·57	44·01	50·92
		Alipore Dooar	1·17	4·18	3·24	2·30	0·09	1·72	...	5	12·90	?	26·33	?	49·77	?
		Fallacotta ...	0·35	3·35	2·30	0·55	...	0·20	1·00	6	7·75	?	25·80	?	48·20	?
		Debiganj ...	0·33	8·60	0·32	1·30	0·60	0·56	0·20	7	12·11	?	23·47	?	56·42	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	0·06	0·54	0·70	1·88	1·34	1·72	0·54	6	6·86	?	22·29	?	72·41	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	1·27	9·14	1·54	3·93	0·03	...	...	5	15·91	2·81	23·30	7·04	54·40	46·18
		Kuch Bihar ...	1·04	6·00	3·72	2·14	...	0·78				4·60		12·18		56·87
		Mickliganj ...	0·90	6·23	2·00	1·36	...	1·50	...	5	11·99	3·20	28·26	10·05	51·34	46·07
		Mathabhanga	2·21	6·85	4·35	2·25	0·20	0·53	0·42	7	16·79	3·59	36·16	11·12	59·85	51·16
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	1·45	1·69	2·10	0·97	0·93	0·90	0·20	7	8.24	12·51	39·97	28·71	81·14	86·75
		Siliguri ...	0·25	2·02	2·46	3·98	0·25	0·23	0·04	6	9·23	8·72	17·91	20·15	47·09	53·45
		Darjeeling ...	0·46	0·73	1·25	0·80	1·78	1·01	0·45	7	6·48	6·76	16·16	15·45	44·97	43·35
		Kalimpong ...	0·06	0·25	1·05	0·55	0·06	0·48	0·37	5	2·82	8·40	9·82	15·24	37·59	36·65
		Kurseong ...	0·26	0·56	3·86	2·68	0·40	2·00	0·08	6	9·84	?	17·83	?	58·23	?
		Pedong ...	0·95	0·34	0·76	0·16	0·44	0·95	0·74	7	4·34	?	9·91	?	32·46	?
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	0·12	0·34	0·81	4·48	1·04	1·15	1·64	7	9·64	9·14	14·96	18·38	100·31	57·06
		Chittagong ...	...	0·11	0·03	0·16	0·08	...	0·13	3	0·51	4·28	8·94	8·70	73·62	38·29
		Kutubdia ...	...	0·19	1·73							?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	...	0·18	0·50	0·60	...	0·11	0·16	5	1·55	?	7·34	?	74·37	?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...			0·20	0·40	1·32					?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	0·43	1·18	0·98	0·56	0·76	0·14	0·20	7	4·31	?		?		?
		Chandpur ...	...	0·20	0·06	0·53			0·30			?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	0·58	1·11	0·47	0·14	0·34	0·52	6	3·16	3·79	15·96	7·93	65·23	31·04
		Bundarban ...	0·21	0·26	0·08	1·33	0·06					?		?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	1·11	0·04	0·65	...	0·72	...	0·15	4	2·67	4·45	5·98	9·53	97·01	35·92
		Pirojpur ...	1·21	...	...	0·38	...	...	0·43	3	2·02	2·64	7·69	7·22	49·30	26·61
		Barisal ...	0·59	0·19	0·48	0·08	0·54	..	0·06	4	1·94	3·18	9·15	7·25	48·33	28·21
		Gournaddi ...	0·12	0·17	...	0·11	0·53	2·26				?		?		?
		Bhola ...	...	...	0·21	...	0·40	...	0·30	3	0·91	3·79	4·81	8·82	40·57	33·64
		Daulatkhan ...	..	...	1·95	...	1·35	...	0·11	3	3·41	?	8·82	?	41·39	?
		Bauphal ...	...	...	0·50	0·29	0·28					?		?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·19	0·06	0·21	0·98	0·90	0·13	0·94	6	3·41	4·48	9·10	10·20	57·00	40·37
		Fenny ...	0·15	1·50	0·50	1·70	0·05	...	0·25	5	4·15	5·61	13·76	10·99	61·19	44·05
		Harishpore ...	0·12	0·56	2·13	0·80	0·22					?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	0·20	0·05	0·07	...	0·23					?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	0·69	...	...	...	0·82	0·18	0·74	4	2·43	2·36	6·13	5·12	35.24	22·44
		Faridpur ...	0·09	...	...	0·38	0·73	0·01	0·11	3	1·32	2·00	4·03	5·15	41·32	22·55
		Goalundo ...	...	...	0·50	0·32	0·10	...	...	3	0·92	2·09	4·51	4·80	39·68	20·16
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	...	...	0·09	0·48	1·60	0·17	3	2·34	2·93	6·15	6·84	25·30	26·61
		Dacca ...	0·40	...	...	...	1·42	0·55	0·57	4	3·03	2·42	5·91	5·41	33·55	22·69
		Narayanganj...	0·35	...	...	0·46	0·13	1·14	0·38	5	2·46	2·47	5·15	7·11	29·84	24·23
		Manikganj ...	0·10	...	...	0·07	0·40	1·33	0·24	4	2·13	2·14	5·16	4·86	29·36	18·58
		Joydebpore ...	0·75	0·10	...	0·38	0·59	0·02	0·04	4	1·88	?	7·92	?	28·39	?
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	...	...	...	...	1·98	0·36	0·06	2	2·40	2·61	6·76	5·37	37·67	24·10
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	0·05	1·06	0·15	0·14	0·14	...	0·03	4	1·57	3·59	9·69	7·20	40·48	30·44
		Chandpore ...	0·50	...	0·60	0·10	1·62	0·40	0·29	6	3·51	3·10	7·85	7·07	34·75	26·77
		Brahmanbaria	0·35			2·45						2·56		4·90		24·98
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	0·02	1	0·03	?	6·03	?	20·58	?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	...	...	0·15	1·60					?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	0·56	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	2	1·31	?	3·80	?	27·60	?
		Kasba ...	...	...	...	...	2·10	...	...	1	2·10	?	6·17	?	31·62	?
		Laksham ...	0·10	0·55	0·91							?		?		
	Mymensingh...	Kishorganj ...	...	...	...	0·74	0·95	0·21	0·59	4	2·49	2·34	12·65	5·70	45·66	29·34
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	0·13	0·12	...	0·54	0·74	0·07	4	1·60	1·94	13·28	4·34	41·83	21·02
		Mymensingh...	0·23	0·05	1·07	2·12	2·08	1·97	0·55	6	8·07	2·86	15·29	6·66	44·00	31·20
		Jamalpur ...	0·11	0·40	0·25	0·13	0·39	1·80	0·27	7	3·35	2·98	10·65	6·18	37·70	24·72
		Netrakona ...	0·75	2·55	3·21	1·95	1·31	0·43	0·26	7	10·76	2·77	18·33	7·64	51·10	35·02
		Subornakhali	...	0·10	0·28	...	0·06	1·78	1·52	4	3·74	?	10·18	?	40·73	?
		Durgapore ...	...	1·90	4·20	6·39	0·60	2·32	0·45	6	15·77	?	31·07	?	73·12	?
		Sherpore Town	0·07	0·60	0·30	0·45	0·11	0·31	0·10	6	1·94	?	10·34	?	16·15	?
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	1·33	0·78	0·35	0·17				?		?		?
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	4·95	2·12	1·09	1·02	0·18	0·84	0·21	7	10·41	3·12	26·93	9·56	40·51	28·76
		Araria ...	0·35	0·48	0·25	1·46	0·20	...	0·42	6	3·16	2·80	19·43	8·19	34·51	24·07
		Purnea ...	0·90	0·15	0·04	1·60	0·54	0·46	0·52	6	4·33	2·16	17·79	6·07	26·05	20·39
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	...	...	1·50	1·62	1·10	0·64	...	4	4·86	?	14·50	?	33·26	?
		Barsoe ...	0·40	...	...	2·30	...	0·50	0·30	4	3·50	?	12·20	?	36·42	?
		Forbesganj ...	0·35	0·40	0·05	3·05	0·52	1·90	...	5	6·27	?	15·84	?	27·32	?
		Kaliaganj ...	1·50	1·02	1·00	2·00	...	3·00	1·70	6	10·22	?	27·77	?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	1·05	0·10	2·75	0·82	0·20	...	1·60	6	6·52	2·18	16·30	5·86	21·91	16·74
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	1·55	0·97	...	1·67	...	...	0·31	4	4·50	?		?		?
		Supaul ...	1·90	0·15	0·69	0·96	0·22	...	0·80	6	4·72	1·97	14·01	5·71	17·39	17·13
		Protabganj ...	...	...	2·11	2·17	2·25	...	2·24	4	8·77	?	19·32	?	23·14	?
		Bhagalpur ...	3·20	...	...	2·11	0·76	1·05	0·01	4	7·22	2·09	17·25	4·52	22·41	13·74
		Banka ...	...	0·97	...	0·85	0·63	0·15	...	4	2·60	1·83	8·95	5·11	25·54	14·22
		Colgong ...	2·75	0·07	...	2·30	1·14	1·75	0·18	5	8·19	?	12·46	?	24·24	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	1·58	...	0·72	0·25	0·50	1·55	5	4·60	2·60	8·82	6·18	15·56	14·78
		Darbhanga ...	0·39	0·23	0·12	1·37	0·39	0·21	0·70	7	3·49	2·30	7·06	6·48	15·91	15·53
		Madhubani ...	0·01	0·65	0·19	0·76	0·31	...	0·94	5	2·86	2·29	10·52	5·88	15·10	15·97
		Bahera ...	0·80	0·15	...	1·00	0·55	0·85	...	5	3·35	?	5·81	?		?
		Roshera ...	0·80	0·80	0·60	2·52	0·35	0·57	0·28	7	5·92	?	9·55	?	14·94	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 15th of July 1893—concld.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 9th.	Monday, 10th.	Tuesday, 11th.	Wednesday, 12th.	Thursday, 13th.	Friday, 14th.	Saturday, 15th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BIHAR —concluded.	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	0·16	0·79	0·92	1·09	0·25	2·21	0·52	7	5·94	2·30	10·78	6·05	22·66	15·44
		Muzaffarpur	1·22	0·75	0·16	0·16	1·45	0·37	1·47	7	5·58	2·56	8·18	6·24	13·08	15·21
		Hajipur ...	0·06	1·25	0·01	0·53	0·12	0·12	0·43	5	2·52	2·44	7·80	5·84	16·74	13·54
		Paru ...										?		?		?
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)										?		?		?
		Siuhar ...	...	0·10	1·70	1·10	1·30	...	1·10	5	5·30	?	10·40	?		?
		Pupri ...										?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	1·19	0·92	2·27	0·19	2·15	0·76	0·79	7	8·27	2·39	17·89	6·56	31·25	15·41
		Bettiah ...	0·65	0·86	1·54	...	1·10	2·06	1·30	6	7·51	3·41	11·17	7·35	19·47	16·60
		Bagaha ...	2·24	...	1·23	1·93	0·60	1·90	1·47	6	8·47	?	10·81	?	22·91	?
		Burhurwa ...	0·02	0·48	0·35	...	0·03	0·70	0·56	4	3·14	?	4·98	?	9·19	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	0·93	0·68	0·03	...	2·30	0·73	...	4	4·67	2·63	9·11	6·73	18·23	14·13
		Siwan ...	0·21	...	0·22	0·68	0·19	0·64	0·48	6	2·42	2·22	8·45	5·57	12·99	13·39
		Chapra ...	0·18	1·41	0·22	...	0·05	0·28	1·57	5	3·71	2·51	6·95	5·88	14·96	12·83
		Sreepore ...										?		?		?
		Annuar ...	2·50	1·18	...	0·20	0·40	0·50	1·56	6	6·34	?	9·84	?	?	?
		Basantpur ...	0·92	...	0·50	0·83	...	1·30	0·50	5	7·05		?		?	
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	0·45	0·04	...	0·12	0·11	1·02	0·84	5	2·38	2·29	4·91	4·82	10·47	10·25
		Dehri ...	0·36	0·07	...	...	0·36	0·23	0·72	4	1·74	2·24	4·38	4·88	13·40	10·31
		Bhabhua ...	0·80	0·37	...	0·20	1·14	0·35	1·19	6	4·05	2·93	6·67	5·55	19·42	11·08
		Sasaram ...	...	0·80	...	...	...	...	0·43	2	1·23	2·42	3·90	5·09		10·41
		Arrah ...	0·37	0·30	0·08	0·01	1·28	1·10	1·61	5	4·75	2·29	7·99	5·53	21·10	12·35
		Mohanea ...	...	...	0·70	0·20	...	2·10				?		?		?
		Khiri ...	...	0·37	...	0·30	...	0·40	1·30	4	2·37	?	9·47	?	19·81	?
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	1·21	1·35	...	2	2·56	?	7·54	?		?
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	0·33	0·13	2·90	...	3	3·30	?	7·47	?	13·33	?
		Koath ...	0·27	...	...	...	...	1·31	0·14	3	1·74	?	5·54	?	14·84	?
		Sikroul ...										?		?		?
		Bassowan ...	...	...	0·95	0·17	0·73	1·23	2·07	5	5·15	?	9·94	?	17·03	?
		Mousharpur	0·20	0·19	...	...	...	0·16	0·93	4	1·48	?	3·72	?		?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	1·86	...	0·31	0·29	0·66	1·00	5	4·12	2·32	6·56	5·27	13·56	12·04
		Gaya ...	1·45	0·76	...	...	0·68	0·98	1·44	5	5·31	2·23	5·58	5·04	14·89	12·16
		Nawadah ...	...	0·69	0·29	0·16	0·12	0·16	0·40	6	1·82	2·28	3·82	5·75	14·05	12·30
		Jahanabad ...	0·14	1·86	0·43	...	2·92	2·33	...	5	7·68	2·84	10·24	5·60	20·39	11·88
		Arwal ...	...	0·97	...	...	...	2·62	0·56	3	4·15	?	6·30	?	11·82	?
		Daudnagar ...	...	0·13	...	...	0·41	0·23				?		?		?
		Sherghati ...	...	0·25	0·40	0·70	...	0·50				?		?		?
		Rajauli ...	1·10	0·70	0·40	0·28	0·35	0·09	...	5	2·92	?	5·84	?		?
		Pakri Barawan	0·60	1·15	0·42	0·30	0·40	...	0·16	6	3·12	?		?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	0·11	2·00	...	0·48	0·08	0·71	1·62	5	5·00	2·09	10·79	5·39	21·87	13·73
		Dinapore ...	1·87	1·04	0·21	1·39	0·13	0·76	4·08	7	8·48	2·33	13·93	5·51	23·55	13·00
		Bihar ...	0·15	1·76	...	0·10	0·70	0·48	0·75	6	3·94	2·23	7·24	5·74	22·13	13·34
		Barh ...	0·52	2·10	0·60	0·16	0·50	0·41	...	6	4·29	2·38	8·49	6·22	18·41	12·35
		Bickram ...	0·13	2·36	0·53	0·35	0·86	0·39	0·03	6	4·65	?	8·56	?	18·84	?
		Hilsa ...	2·26	0·45	2·40	...	0·29	0·50	...	5	5·81	?	9·78	?		?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	0·90	0·62	...	0·52	...	2·51	0·63	5	5·18	1·62	14·06	4·99	28·03	12·63
		Monghyr ...	0·26	0·32	0·08	1·22	1·10	0·10	...	5	3·08	1·88	9·34	5·52	18·61	13·43
		Jamui ...	0·11	...	0·10	0·19	0·65	...	0·77	5	1·82	2·41	5·73	5·62	16·03	13·0
		Gogri ...	...	...	...	4·16	...	1·82	...	2	5·98	?	14·39	?	25·19	?
		Shaikpura ...	...	1·13	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·13	?	5·28	?	23·36	?
		Chahai Bamda	0·02	0·02	0·02	1·50	0·30	...	0·20	3	2·06	?	4·97	?	24·93	?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Chupreon ...										?		?		?
		Rajmahal ...	3·94	0·18	0·07	0·79	0·71	0·03	0·67	5	6·39	2·89	12·11	6·88	25·75	19·97
		Godda ...	0·15	0·01	...	0·18	0·42	0·17	0·10	5	1·03	2·20	8·43	5·15		14·14
		Pakour ...	0·12	0·53	1·27	...	0·41	0·31	0·40	6	3·04	2·73	12·25	6·70	35·61	19·87
		Naya Dumka	0·03	...	0·09	0·21	1·76	0·22	1·40	4	3·71	2·40	9·98	5·70	32·33	16·50
		Deoghur ...	0·27	0·03	...	1·92	0·58	0·18	3·69	5	6·67	2·32	8·55	6·15	25·57	16·07
		Jamtara ...	...	...	0·05	0·12	0·35	0·38	0·05	3	0·95	2·95	6·67	5·66	26·94	15·79
		Belbodda ...	0·29	...	...	...	...	0·17	...	2	0·46	?	4·08	?	22·29	?
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	1·48	...	...	1·60	2	3·08	?	8·29	?		?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (Giridih).	0·12	...	...	0·74	1·30	0·15	0·09	4	2·40	3·15	4·08	5·86	25·48	15·27
		Hazaribagh ...	...	0·25	1·16	0·21	0·07	0·07	2·31	4	4·07	2·47	9·19	6·30	27·50	14·59
		Semtaguran ...										2·50		6·24		15·88
		Mahudi Hills										2·13		5·55		15·47
		Jhumra Hill										3·10		7·61		19·02
		Barhi ...	1·29	...	0·19	0·19	0·25	0·19	1·31	6	3·42	?	7·08	?	19·11	?
		Chatra ...	1·90	1·26	0·11	0·09	0·40	0·42	0·61	6	4·79	?	7·32	?	20·99	?
		Karagdeha ...	...	...	0·39	0·72	...	0·13	0·41	4	1·65	?	4·50	?	15·64	?
		Ramgar ...	...	0·30	...	...	...	2·20	1·22	3	3·72	?	12·09	?	25·35	?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	0·64	...	0·52	1·66	0·25	4	3·07	3·25	4·78	5·90	15·28	15·54
		Ranchi ...	0·19	...	1·80	0·93	0·59	1·41	1·99	6	6·91	2·53	10·58	5·66	27·82	16·13
		Silli ...	...	1·50		1·40						?		?		?
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...										3·21		6·04		12·77
		Balumath ...	...	0·07	3·38	0·45	1·30					?		?		?
		Husainabad	0·16	1·15	1·06	...	0·25					?		?		?
		Garhwa ...	...	0·27	...	...	0·72					?		?		?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	0·21	...	...	0·55	0·02	0·03	0·01	2	0·82	2·82	1·99	5·20	23·56	15·91
		Chakardharpur.	...	0·08	1·13	0·22	...	0·07	0·00	2	1·59	?	2·48	?	13·26	?
		Ghatsila ...	...	...	...	0·26	0·09	0·08	1·00	2	1·43	?	3·33	?	34·41	?
		Baharagura	...	...	0·40							?		?		?
	Manbhum ...	Gailkeira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	1	0·55	?	3·55	?	24·32	?
		Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·16	1	2·16	?	4·60	?	37·45	?
		Purulia ...	0·12	...	0·20	...	0·65	0·26	2·25	5	3·48	3·03	5·71	5·56	33·65	16·02
		Gobindpur ...	0·42	...	1·08	0·10	0·06	0·11	1·20	5	2·97	2·82	6·09	5·32	28·23	13·82
		Raghunathpore.	...	0·23	0·20	...	0·09	...	0·75	3	1·27	?	6·02	?	20·83	?
		Barahabhum	0·60	0·10	0·09	...	0·10	...	0·72	4	1·61	?	2·58	?	29·23	?
		Jhalda ...	...	0·05	0·12	1·69	...	0·05	...	2	1·91	?	4·34	?	20·25	?
		Chas ...	0·45	...	...	0·10	0·37	...	0·60	4	1·52	?	3·47	?	21·52	?
		Pandra ...	...	...	0·01	0·21	0·42	0·03	0·45	3	1·12	?	3·54	?	26·40	?

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the* 18*th July* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 15TH OF JULY 1893.

THE chief feature of the weather during the past week has been the light rainfall in the south-western districts and even over the whole of Lower Bengal as compared with the heavier falls in the northern districts.

At the beginning of the week there was, relatively to the normal, a high pressure area over the north-west of the Bay and the adjoining districts, and this may have caused the partial stoppage of monsoon weather in Orissa and parts of Chota Nagpur and South-West Bengal. The effect on the pressure distribution was seen in the greater uniformity over the Bay and Lower Bengal, but in the north of the province gradients were somewhat steeper than usual. At the same time comparatively light winds were blowing, and rainfall was almost entirely confined to North Bengal and Bihar. On the second day of the week pressure began to fall briskly, westerly winds spread over Bihar, and very heavy rain fell in some of the northern districts, but especially in Rangpur, Jalpaiguri, and Kuch Bihar. There was still excess of nearly a tenth of an inch over the whole province, but as the brisk fall of pressure continued, a shallow depression formed along the foot of the hills, and the westerly circulation of winds with the heavier rain in the northern districts continued. During the early part of the week the comparatively clear skies in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, and Lower Bengal led to slightly excessive temperature in these districts, but in the north, where heavy rain was falling, there was still comparatively cool weather. By the middle of the week the pressure distribution was nearly normal, gradients were steeper over the Bay, and rainfall was becoming more general even in Orissa. On the 13th there was very little change except that local storms began in the southern districts owing to a shallow depression which formed over South Bengal and the north of the Bay. This intensified slightly during the last two days of the week, and led to an irregularly cyclonic circulation of winds. Rainfall during these days was less heavy in the northern districts of North Bengal, but it became general in South-West and East Bengal, and continued with little change in Bihar and Chota Nagpur.

Pressure.—Changes have never been large. From being above the normal by amounts between ·1 inch and ·15 inch, readings steadily fell till they were slightly below the normal in the middle of the week. There was then practically normal distribution for a day or two, after which there was a further slow fall which resulted in a shallow depression over Lower Bengal and the north of the Bay. The mean difference from the normal for the week varies from —·011 inch in North Bengal to +·05 inch in part of Orissa and South-West Bengal.

Temperature.—As rainfall partially ceased in the south of the province during the early part of the week, temperature rose slowly, and there was a slight excess in all districts, except Assam, North Bengal, and Bihar. During the last half of the week this area of slightly excessive temperature gradually contracted, and by the 15th there was defect everywhere, greatest in Bihar, where it averaged about 3°. The means are practically normal in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, and Lower Bengal; in Bihar there is defect of rather more than 1°, in North Bengal of 2°, and in Assam of nearly 3°.

Rainfall as stated above has been light and scattered in Orissa and parts of South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur, moderately heavy in East Bengal, and much heavier than usual in North Bengal and Bihar. The heaviest falls occurred in Kuch Bihar and parts of the adjacent districts on the 10th, when several places reported amounts between 6 and 10 inches. The total fall for the week at Mathabhanga is 16·79, at Dinhatta 15·91, Bagdogra (Nilphamari) 14·32, and Kuch Bihar 13·68 inches. The irregularity in the distribution of the rainfall continues, and in all districts, except Orissa, occasional heavy showers have been recorded. In South-West Bengal falls for the week vary between 0·1 inch at Midnapore and 6·16 inches at Suri (Birbhum); in North Bengal between 0·71 inch at Bogra and 16·79 inches at Mathabhanga; in East Bengal between 0·9 inch at Goalundo and Bhola (Backergunge) and 9·64 inches at Cox's Bazar; in North Bihar between 2·5 inches at Hajipur and 10·41 inches at Kishenganj; in South Bihar between 0·95 inch at Jamtara (Sonthal Parganas) and 7·68 inches at Jahanabad; and in Chota Nagpur between 0·82 inch at Chaibassa and 6·91 inches at Ranchi. From these limits it will be seen that falls have been more uniform in North Bengal than in any of the other districts.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 15th of July 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	92·7	76·1	89·1	78·5	83·8	+0·3	1·20	2·95	−1·75	2·27	3·42	−1·15	3·60	5·85	26·16	16·33
South-West Bengal ...	93·7	76·6	89·6	78·9	84·3	+0·2	2·18	2·60	−0·42	2·95	3·54	−0·59	5·35	5·44	32·07	18·08
North Bengal	90·2	74·7	86·3	77·1	81·7	−2·1	6·25	2·89	+3·36	4·97	3·16	+1·81	14·28	7·40	36·72	20·99
East Bengal	89·6	74·3	86·6	77·6	82·1	−0·4	3·19	3·30	−0·11	4·14	3·90	+0·24	9·31	7·34	45·26	30·09
North Bihar	91·3	74·9	87·3	77·3	82·3	−1·5	5·04	2·47	+2·57	5·72	2·80	+2·92	12·58	6·49	22·24	16·73
South Bihar	94·5	75·8	88·8	78·0	83·4	−1·1	3·85	2·34	+1·51	4·86	3·23	+1·63	9·75	5·51	20·91	13·44
Chota Nagpur	91·4*	69·9*	86·6*	73·6*	80·1*	+0·2*	3·39	2·82	+0·57	3·90	4·08	−0·18	6·43	5·95	25·43	15·48
Assam	96·6	74·8	86·0	76·8	81·4	−2·7										

* Daltonganj not included.

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 18th July 1893.

C. Little,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 9th to 15th July 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.					Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vavour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
July ...	9th ...	29·750	84·8	91·0	12·4	78·6	87·1	81·9	1·023	79·9	79	...
,, ...	10th ...	·692	84·4	90·0	11·2	78·8	87·1	81·0	·977	78·5	76	...
,, ...	11th ...	·652	84·9	90·0	10·2	79·8	88·4	83·5	1·083	81·7	80	...
,, ...	12th ...	·602	86·0	93·0	14·0	79·0	88·6	83·5	1·080	81·6	80	...
,, ...	13th ...	·583	83·9	9[illegible]·0	12·2	77·8	85·6	81·5	1·022	79·9	84	0·86
,, ...	14th ...	·528	83·2	87·5	8·7	78·8	84·4	80·5	·989	78·9	84	1·10
,, ...	15th ...	·543	84·0	90·3	12·7	77·6	84·8	81·0	1·008	79·5	84	0·24

				Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	...	...	...	29·621
				°
The mean temperature of the seven days	...	...	...	84·5
The extreme variation of temperature	...	...	...	15·4
The maximum temperature	...	...	...	93·0
				%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days		...	...	81
				Inches.
The total fall of rain from 9th to 15th July 1893		...	...	1·70

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. Gilliland,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India,
The 17th July 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 9th to 15th July 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
July	[illegible]	147·5	7·1	29·687	83·9	88·4	9·4	79·0	80·3	0·989	78·9	85	S by W, S and SSW	80	Nil	Partially cloudy, o, ⌂.
„	10th	142·0	0·4	·641	84·2	88·6	8·6	80·0	80·3	·982	78·7	84	SSW ...	133	„	Chiefly cloudy, o.
„	11th	147·0	2·6	·576	84·4	88·6	7·9	80·7	80·9	1·008	79·5	85	SSW ...	122	„	Chiefly cloudy, o.
„	12th	151·8	4·3	·562	84·6	89·7	9·5	80·2	81·2	1·015	79·7	84	SW and SSW ...	81	„	Chiefly cloudy, o, g.
„	13th	143·5	1·7	·535	83·0	88·5	10·3	78·2	79·9	0·981	78·6	87	Calm and variable	31	0·39	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p, t.
„	14th	137·3	0·3	·502	81·6	84·6	6·2	78·4	79·5	·981	78·6	91	Calm and variable	11	0·82	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, p, t.
„	15th	150·2	5·1	·511	81·9	88·0	10·7	77·3	79·3	·968	78·2	89	Calm and variable	45	0·36	Partially cloudy, o, t, d, p.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·573
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·543
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	21·5
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	93·7
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	83·4
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·8
The extreme variation of temperature	12·4
The maximum temperature	89·7
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	10
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	86
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	85
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 9th to 15th July 1893	1·57
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	2·69
The total fall from 1st January to 15th July 1893	53·70
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	27·51

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph, and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; d, drizzling rain; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; ⌂, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 17th July 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major Works for the month of May 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

CANALS.	TOLLAGE, 1893-94.		TOLLAGE, 1892-93.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
Orissa Circle.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Taldanda Canal System	2,667 0 4	2,740 5 10	205 5 9	3,627 13 4
Kendrapara ditto	1,359 2 0	10,303 14 2	4,065 10 2	6,617 12 10
High Level, Range I	......	1,374 8 3	......	783 10 9
Ditto, " II	......	271 11 0	......	170 4 3
Ditto, " III	......	149 12 6	0 13 6	80 11 0
Jajpur Canal ...	......	23 13 10	......	11 2 0
Total Orissa Circle ...	4,026 2 4	14,864 1 7	4,271 13 5	11,291 6 2
South-Western Circle.				
Midnapore Canal ...	6,189 13 3	14,820 1 3	9,769 8 0	17,462 6 6
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	4,121 2 0	9,929 2 9	6,090 2 3	12,885 7 9
Total South-Western Circle... ...	10,310 15 3	24,749 4 0	15,859 10 3	30,347 14 3
Sone Circle.				
Patna Canal System ...	150 0 0	3,531 11 3	4,787 1 3	4,937 1 3
Arrah ditto ...	2,528 3 0	5,610 14 0	743 5 6	4,859 15 3
Buxar ditto ...	610 10 6	1,822 8 3	739 0 3	2,390 12 6
Total Sone Circle ...	3,288 13 6	10,965 1 6	6,269 7 0	12,187 13 0
GRAND TOTAL ...	17,625 15 1	50,578 7 1	26,400 14 8	53,827 1 5

Government Transport Service.

CANAL.	TOLLAGE, 1893-94.						TOLLAGE, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.
Orissa Circle.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.
High Level ...	2	...	66 10 9	1,405	1,540	1,723 9 0	...	...	1,225 0 0	497	655	1,768 5 0
Total Orissa Circle	2	...	66 10 9	1,405	1,540	1,723 9 0	...	...	1,225 0 0	497	655	1,768 5 0

Total Navigation Receipts.

CANALS.	EARNINGS, 1893-94.		EARNINGS, 1892-93.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Orissa Canals ...	4,092 13 1	16,587 10 7	5,496 13 5	13,059 11 2
Midnapore Canal ...	6,189 13 3	14,820 1 3	9,769 8 0	17,462 6 6
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	4,121 2 0	9,929 2 9	6,090 2 3	12,885 7 9
Sone Canals ...	3,288 13 6	10,965 1 6	6,269 7 0	12,187 13 0
Total ...	17,692 9 10	52,302 0 1	27,625 14 8	55,595 6 5

CALCUTTA,
The 18th July 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Minor Works and Navigation for the month of May 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals.	Tollage, 1893-94.		Tollage, 1892-93.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...	17,762 1 9	38,285 5 9	16,963 7 0	35,068 11 9
Tolly's Nala ...	5,296 0 0	11,262 10 6	5,836 13 0	11,428 12 9
Total ...	23,058 1 9	49,548 0 3	22,800 4 0	46,497 8 6
Orissa Coast Canal ...	5,211 4 9	12,365 3 3	4,716 5 6	10,419 10 3
Nadia Rivers ...	6,552 2 6	13,818 5 6	5,860 0 6	11,725 7 0
Grand Total ...	34,821 9 0	75,731 9 0	33,316 10 0	68,642 9 9

Calcutta,
The 18th July 1893.

G. C. Maconchy,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 15th July 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 15th July 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 16th July 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	277	55,855	716	121	34,325	485
Jute	26	16,175	143	6	1,975	23
Firewood	148	1,06,875	1,635	85	53,000	827
Other articles	888	1,73,560	2,612	754	1,78,550	2,481
Total ...	1,339	3,52,465	5,106	966	2,67,850	3,816

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the first 8 *days of July* 1893, *on* 1,610⅓ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the period ...	357,334*	4,13,146 7 0*	24,08,940 20	5,43,096 9 0	19,856 2 0	9,76,099 2 0	88,081	118,422½	206,503½
Or per mile of railway	......	256 8 6	......	337 3 7	12 5 3	606 1 4	......	......	......
For previous weeks of half-year	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total for 1 1/7 weeks ...	357,334	4,13,146 7 0	24,08,940 20	5,43,096 9 0	19,856 2 0	9,76,099 2 0	88,081	118,...	206,503½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding 9 days of previous year	382,800½	3,24,552 13 8	29,57,749 30	6,49,170 5 2	20,959 13 0	9,94,682 15 10	93,379	133,692	227,071
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	......	201 8 4	......	403 1 5	13 0 3	617 10 0	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 1 2/7 weeks of previous year	382,800½	3,24,552 13 8	29,57,749 30	6,49,170 5 2	20,959 13 0	9,94,682 15 10	93,379	133,692	227,071

* Increase is chiefly due to movements of pilgrims proceeding to Juggernath.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the first 8 *days of July* 1893, *on* 22¼ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the period ...	19,362*	4,715 15 0*	4,105 30	178 6 0	16 0 0	4,910 5 0	1,028	94	1,122
Or per mile of railway	......	211 15 3	......	8 0 3	0 11 6	220 11 0	......	......	......
For previous weeks of half-year	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total for 1 1/7 weeks ...	19,362	4,715 15 0	4,105 30	178 6 0	16 0 0	4,910 5 0	1,028	94	1,122
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding 9 days of previous year ...	40,152	9,669 8 1	10,639 30	389 0 0	8 6 6	10,066 14 7	1,176	78	1,254
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	......	434 9 4	......	17 7 9	0 6 1	452 7 2	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 1 2/7 weeks of previous year ...	40,152	9,669 8 1	10,639 30	389 0 0	8 6 6	10,066 14 7	1,176	78	1,254

* The decrease is due to figures for the corresponding period of 1892 having included traffic on account of "Ooltarath Jatra."

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the first 8 *days of July* 1893, *on* 161⅔ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the period ...	23,095	14,910 14 0	43,703 20	6,671 2 0	40 0 0	21,622 0 0	7,027½	3,202½	10,230
Or per mile of railway	......	92 6 2	......	41 5 4	0 3 11	133 15 5	......	......	......
For previous weeks of half-year	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total for 1 1/7 weeks ...	23,095	14,910 14 0	43,703 20	6,671 2 0	40 0 0	21,622 0 0	7,027½	3,202½	10,230
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding 9 days of previous year	21,343½	13,919 7 2	52,459 10	7,841 14 0	57 0 9	21,818 5 11	8,001	3,460	11,461
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	......	86 3 10	......	48 9 5	0 5 8	135 2 11	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 1 2/7 weeks of previous year	21,343½	13,919 7 2	52,459 10	7,841 14 0	57 0 9	21,818 5 11	8,001	3,460	11,461

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the first 8 days of July 1893, on 777 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	MDS. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for first 8 days ...	230,790	89,650 0 0	7,24,660 0	96,650 0 0	12,280 0 0	1,98,430 0 0	31,075	27,603	58,678
Or per mile of railway ...	297	115 0 0	933 0	125 0 0	*2 0 0	*242 0 0	......	......	......
For previous weeks of half-year ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total for 1 week ...	230,790	89,500 0 0	7,24,660 0	96,650 0 0	12,280 0 0	1,98,430 0 0	31,075	27,603	58,678
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding 9 days of previous year ...	238,827	90,991 0 0	5,12,576 0	88,034 0 0	14,225 0 0	1,93,250 0 0	35,345	34,666	70,011
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	307	117 0 0	660 0	113 0 0	*2 0 0	*232 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	238,827	90,991 0 0	5,12,576 0	88,034 0 0	14,225 0 0	1,93,250 0 0	35,345	34,666	70,011

* Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the first 8 days of July 1893, on 125 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	MDS. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for first 8 days ...	42,200	13,830 0 0	41,330 0	3,020 0 0	80 0 0	16,930 0 0	4,700	1,821	6,521
Or per mile of railway ...	338	111 0 0	331 0	24 0 0	......	*135 0 0	......	......	......
For previous weeks of half-year	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total for 1 week ...	42,200	13,830 0 0	41,330 0	3,020 0 0	80 0 0	16,930 0 0	4,700	1,821	6,521
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding 9 days of previous year	48,703	13,837 0 0	44,445 0	2,847 0 0	61 0 0	16,745 0 0	5,296	2,031	7,327
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	390	111 0 0	356 0	23 0 0	......	134 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	48,703	13,837 0 0	44,445 0	2,847 0 0	61 0 0	16,745 0 0	5,296	2,031	7,327

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the first 8 days of July 1893, on 86 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	MDS. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for first 8 days ...	19,890	5,500 0 0	12,450 0	1,030 0 0	130 0 0	6,660 0 0	2,851	843	3,694
Or per mile of railway	231	64 0 0	145 0	12 0 0	1 0 0	77 0 0	......	......	......
For previous weeks of half-year	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total for 1 week ...	19,890	5,500 0 0	12,450 0	1,030 0 0	130 0 0	6,660 0 0	2,831	843	3,694
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding 9 days of previous year	19,491	6,270 0 0	13,131 0	913 0 0	117 0 0	7,300 0 0	3,430	844	4,274
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	227	73 0 0	153 0	11 0 0	1 0 0	85 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	19,491	6,270 0 0	13,131 0	913 0 0	117 0 0	7,300 0 0	3,430	844	4,274

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 19th July 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 30 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RANCHI ZENANA HOSPITAL.

No. 2420Med., dated Calcutta, the 24th July 1893.

From—J. A. BOURDILLON, Esq., Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Municipal Dept.,
To—The Commissioner of the Chota Nagpur Division.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 60Mis., dated the 8th July 1893, with which you forward a copy of a letter No. A., dated the 23rd June 1893, from the Honorary Secretary to the Dufferin Fund Committee, Ranchi Branch, reporting that Kumar Jagat Mohun Nath Sahi Deo, brother of the Maharaja of Chota Nagpur, has made a donation of Rs. 1,750 to the Fund on the occasion of the late visit of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor to Ranchi. The amount is intended to defray part of the cost of building a zenana hospital to be attached to the charitable dispensary at that station.

2. In reply, I am directed to say that the Lieutenant-Governor accepts the donation, and to request that you will be so good as to convey to the donor an expression of His Honour's thanks for his liberality and public spirit. This letter will be published in the *Calcutta Gazette.*

THE following report is published for general information.

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE JUTE SCREW AND WAREHOUSES IN CALCUTTA FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

No. 16A.J., dated Calcutta, the 13th July 1893.

From—J. G. RITCHIE, ESQ., Offg. Chairman of the Corporation of Calcutta,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department.

I HAVE the honour to submit the following report, under section 30 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1883, on the jute and screw warehouses in Calcutta for the year ending 31st March 1893.

2. At the close of the last year there were 105 sanctioned warehouses on the register, and 8 new warehouses were established during the year. These make up a total of 113. Of these, the license of No. 3, Circular Tallygunge Road, was cancelled during the year for default of payment of license fee. A complete list of the remaining 112, arranged according to the Acts under which they were originally licensed, is appended to this report.

3. Twelve applications were received during the year under report as will be seen in the statement below:—

No.	Locality.	Nature of application.	REMARKS.
1	135, Baliaghata Road	For construction of additional godowns.	Papers sent to Engineer for action.
2	13, Hurro Chunder Mullick's Street	For storing jute in the godowns.	Sanctioned.
3	59 and 60, Durmahatta Street ...	Ditto ...	Sanction refused, there being insufficient cart passage.
4	140-1 to 140-6, ditto ...	Ditto ...	Plans returned for correction.
5	6, Chitpur Bridge Approach ...	Ditto ...	Sanctioned.
6	23, Hurro Chunder Mullick's Street	For addition and alteration to his license godown.	Papers sent to the Road Department for action.
7	29-1, Canal West Road	For storing jute ...	Sanctioned.
8	12, Gailiffe Street	Ditto ...	Do.
9	2, Noyan Soor's Lane	For construction of a new godown.	Do.
10	15, Kassi Mitter's Ghât Street ...	For assorting jute ...	Provisionally sanctioned.
11	136, Durmahatta Street	For construction of a new godown.	Sanctioned.
12	55, Gourecbaree Lane	Ditto ...	Plans returned for correction.

The construction of the godowns at Nos. 2, Noyan Soor's Lane, 15, Kassi Mitter's Ghât Street, and 136, Durmahatta Street, not being thoroughly completed, no license was granted to the owners during the year under report.

4. During the year applications for Nos. 17 and 18, Hurro Chunder Mullick's Street, and 7 and 7-1, Hurro Chunder Mullick's Street, which had been under consideration last year, were sanctioned, and license granted to the respective owners on their depositing the usual license fee.

5. License was also granted to owners of warehouses at No. 7, Dhunnia Bagan Road, and 140-7 to 140-14, Durmahatta Street. These had been sanctioned last year.

6. There were 17 prosecutions instituted during the year against persons infringing the Jute Act, of which 1 case was withdrawn, in 2 cases fresh summonses were ordered to be applied for, and in the remaining 14 cases, including the 2 before mentioned, fresh summons cases, the parties were convicted and fined. The following is a detail of fines inflicted on the offenders:—

			Rs. A.	Rs. A.
One case fine inflicted ...	...	...	......	30 0
Seven cases do. at 10 each	...	...	10 0	
With cost in one case ...	...	...	0 8	
				70 8
One case fine inflicted at 5	...	...	5 0	
With cost ...	...	...	0 8	
				5 8
One case fine inflicted at 2	...	...	2 0	
With cost ...	...	...	0 8	
				2 8
One case fine inflicted at 15 ...		...	15 0	
With cost ...	...	...	0 8	
				15 8
Three cases fine inflicted at 15 each ..		...	45 0	
With cost 8 annas ...	...	...	1 8	
				46 8
	Total	...	......	170 8

7. The total amount realised during the year ending 31st March 1893 is shown in the following statement:—

			Rs. A. P.
License fees ...	...	...	28,358 4 9
Mutation fee and miscellaneous	...	...	10 0 0
Fines and cost of summons	...	...	110 8 0
	Total	...	28,478 12 9

8. During the year there was one case of a small fire in a licensed godown at No. 172, Aheereetollah Street. No part of the building caught fire, and only several bales of jute were burnt down. The damage is estimated at about Rs. 300.

9. The annexed statement shows the receipts and disbursements of the Jute Warehouse Fund during 1892-93.

Abstract Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Jute Warehouse Fund for the year 1892-93.

DR. CR.

RECEIPTS.	Amount.	Total.	DISBURSEMENTS.	Amount.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
To license-fees for Jute Warehouses.	28,358 4 9		By 80 per cent. of the receipts paid to the Commissioner of Police.	23,246 10 4	
Fines under the Act ... ... } Miscellaneous receipts ... }	120 8 0		,, 20 per cent. transferred to Inspection Fund.	5,695 12 2	
		28,478 12 9			28,942 6 6
To balance at the commencement of the year— In the Bank of Bengal ...	......	672 0 1	,, balance at the close of the year— In the Bank of Bengal ...	......	208 6 4
Total ...	......	29,150 12 10	Total ...	......	29,150 12 10
To 20 per cent. of the receipts from Jute Warehouse license-fees.	......	5,695 12 2	By Jute Warehouse Inspection Establishment.	3,336 15 0	
			Miscellaneous contingencies ...	59 3 9	
					3,396 2 9
To balance at the commencement of the year—			Contribution to General Fund ...	......	2,299 9 5
In the Bank of Bengal ...	5,068 11 3		Balance at the close of the year— In the Bank of Bengal ...	6,781 3 3	
Less as shown above ...	672 0 1		Less as shown above ...	208 6 4	
	4,396 11 2				6,572 12 11
Less due to General Fund ...	4,372 4 2		Less due to General Fund ...	6,561 5 7	
,, to Collector, Income-tax	24 7 0		,, to Collector, Income-tax	11 7 4	
	4,396 11 2				6,572 12 11
Total ...	......	5,695 12 2	Total	......	5,695 12 2

Complete list of the Jute Warehouses licensed in Calcutta for the year 1892-93.

No.	Name of street and number of premises.	Name of license-holder.	Annual assessment.	Annual license-fee.
	Licensed under Sections 4—6, Act II (B.C.) of 1872.			
			Rs.	Rs.
1	Aheereetollah Street ...	Korum Chand	1,200	200
2	169, ditto	Kissen Chand Bhoom Sing ...	3,000	300
3	170, ditto	Ditto	1,368	200
4	172, ditto	Sristydhur Dey	1,200	200
5	87 to 87-53, Durmahatta Street	Ram Narain, Agent ...	9,000	900
6	195, ditto ...	Sreedhur Mondol	480	50
7	138-39, ditto ...	Ditto ...	360	50
8	7, Doorga Churn Mookerjee's Street.	Peary Mohun Biswas ...	360	50
9	4, Hurro Chunder Mullick's St.	Prolhad Chundra Shaw ...	800	100
10	6, ditto	Mokoondo Soondery Dassee ...	912	100
11	14, ditto	Gobin Chand Dutt ...	1,860	200
12	23, ditto	Radha Romon Shaw ...	900	100
13	27, ditto	Chunder Seekur, Radhica Lall Shaw.	600	100
14	28, ditto	Benode Behary Khan ...	720	100
15	28 Jorabagan Street ...	Rameshur Aitch	984	100
16	31 to 31-4, Manick Bose's Ghat Street.	Sreemotee Nobinkissoree Dassee	900	100
17	8, Noyan Soor's Ghat Lane ..	Gooroogobind Shaw & others ...	1,300	200
18	57, Strand Road	Judoonath Shaw Chowdhury ...	1,740	200
19	6, Sobha Bazar Street ...	Bamacharan Ghose ...	960	100
20	7, ditto	Chunder Seekur Sreekánto Shaw Pramanic.	960	100
21	12, ditto	Sarodaprasad Soor ...	600	100
22	71-1, ditto	Deno Nath Shaw	720	100
23	73, ditto	Dhuniram, Kassinath Shaw ...	2,580	300
24	91-92, ditto	Sreedhur Mondol	1,800	200
25	98-2, ditto	Juggobundhoo, Sarat Chunder Shaw.	3,000	300
	Licensed under Section 7, Act II (B.C.) of 1872.			
26	20, Bonomally Sircar's Street ...	Gooroo Churn Paul & others ...	420	50
27	206, Chitpore Road ...	Kanie Lall Khan	1,350	200
28	247-48, ditto	Messrs. Finlay, Muir & Co. ...	21,000	2,000
29	16, Hurro Chunder Mollick's L.	Moharaj Anundo Mohun Shaw...	900	100
30	26-27, Jorabagan Street ...	Peary Mohun Dutt ...	1,476	200
31	26-27, H-I-A, Strand Road ...	Secretary, I. G. S. N. Co., "Ld."	3,078	400
32	3 to 3-3, Sobha Bazar Street ...	Lolit Mohun Shaw & others ...	7,920	800
33	10, ditto	Jullodhur Shaw & others ...	1,344	200
34	95-96, ditto	Juggat Mohun Shaw ...	2,400	300
35	98, ditto	Sitanath Shaw Chowdhury ...	3,000	300
	Licensed under Act II of 1872 as amended by Act II of 1875.			
36	144, Durmahatta Street ...	Secretary to the Port Commrs...	4,800	500
37	45, Durgachurn Mookerji's Street, & 202-1, Chitpore Road.	Umbica Churn Mitter ...	1,800	200
38	24, Hurro Chunder Mullick's L.	Khetter Mohun Biswas ...	300	50
39	36, Manick Bose's Ghât Street...	Sreemuty Kaminee Dassee ...	1,536	200
40	7, Noyan Soor's Ghât Lane ...	Shumbhoonath and Gobindnath Chowdhury.	1,000	100
41	67-2 and 67-31-H-1, Strand Rd.	Messrs. Stanley & Co.	31,916	2,000
42	67-27-H-1-B, ditto ...	Secretary, I. G. S. N. Co., "Ld."	3,078	400
43	100, Sobha Bazar Street ...	Sreedhur, Sham Dass Mondol ...	1,500	200

No.	Name of street and number of premises.	Name of license-holder.	Annual assess-ment.	Annual license fee.
	Licensed under Section 6, Act V (B.C.) of 1879.			
			Rs.	Rs.
44	76-2, 80 & 80-1, Durmahatta St.	Behary Lall Pyne... ...	3,300	400
45	143 and 143-1, ditto ...	Gooroogobind Shaw ...	9,000	900
46	202, ditto ...	Gobind Chand Dutt and another	4,000	400
47	5, Doorga Churn Mookerjee's St.	Jugul Kissore Agurwalla ...	1,380	200
48	6, ditto ...	Dyal Chand Shaw ...	808	100
49	5, Hurro Chunder Mullick's St.	Juggobundhoo, Soshee Mohun Shaw Pramanick... ...	1,440	200
50	16, ditto ...	Gooroo Churn Shaw ...	960	100
51	9, Noyan Soor's Ghât Lane ...	Nobin Chunder Coondoo ...	1,200	200
52	46, Manick Bose's Ghât Street	Nittanund Shaw	1,632	200
53	1, Noyan Soor's Ghât Lane ...	S. M. Sabeetry Soondary Dassee	840	100
54	62, Nimtollah Ghât Street ...	Managing Agent, India Pressing Company, "Ld."	12,000	1,200
55	5, Sobha Bazar Street ...	Bissumbhur Mullick ...	2,500	300
56	90, ditto ...	Debnath Shaw and others ...	2,400	300
	Licensed under Section 6, Act IV (B.C.) of 1883.			
57	13-6, Hurro Ch. Mullick's St. ...	Bissonath, Luchmeenath Pramanick.	960	100
58	82, Nimtollah Ghât Street ...	Joodoonath Shaw Chowdhury...	2,400	300
59	67-9, Strand Road ...	Messrs. Macneill & Co. ...	6,600	700
60	5, Aheereetollah Street ...	Thansing, Korum Chand ...	1,800	200
61	98-1, Sobha Bazar Street ...	Juggobundhoo, Sarat Chunder Shaw Chowdhury.	900	100
62	11, Hurro Ch. Mullick's Street	Dwarka Nath Shaw ...	900	100
63	44, Manick Bose's Ghât Street	Debendro Deb Dass ...	1,680	200
64	135, Durmahatta Street ...	Bhim Churn, Soroop Ch. Roy...	3,600	400
65	58, Nimtollah Ghât Street ...	Managing Agent, India Pressing Company, "Ld."	4,860	500
66	178 to 178-4, Upper Chitpore Road, and 2 to 2-2, Ramkanto Bose's Street.	Messrs. Finlay, Muir & Co. ...	3,240	400
67	67-9-H-1, Strand Road ...	Managing Agents, I. G. S. N. Co., "Ld."	4,452	500
68	42-43, Doorga C. Mookerjee's St.	Dinobundhoo, Pranbundhoo Shah	4,320	500
69	78-79, Sobha Bazar Street ...	Mothoorakant Shaw Chowdhury	2,520	300
70	135, Ballighatta Road ...	Messrs. George Henderson & Co.	1,200	120
71	1, Budree Dass Temple Street...	Gopeemohun Roy... ...	960	96
72	2, ditto ditto ...	Fokeer Chand Sickdar ...	540	54
73	19, ditto ditto ...	Hurrish Chunder Dutt ...	300	50
74	25, ditto ditto ...	Tran Nath Banerjee ...	480	50
75	24-A, Canal West Road ...	Lolitmohun, Brindabun Shaw...	720	72
76	25, ditto ...	Do. do. ...	540	54
77	29, ditto ...	Gopeemohun Roy ...	1,310	131
78	31, ditto ...	Mohima Chunder Coondoo ...	840	84
79	32, ditto ...	Do. do.	720	72
80	35-4-1, ditto ...	Taraprosunno Roy ...	980	98
81	35-5, ditto ...	Deepchand and Hurro Chunder Coondoo.	1,200	120
82	37-1, ditto ...	Hurish Chunder Dutt ...	480	50
83	39-2, ditto ...	Do. do. ...	1,200	120
84	39-3, ditto ...	Kally Sunker & Tarucknath Coondoo.	600	60
85	39-1, ditto ...	Soorji Coomar & Gooroochurn Shaw.	720	72
86	1, Chitpore Bridge Road ...	George Henderson and Co. ...	1,400	140
87	308, Upper Circular Road ...	Manager, E. B. S. Railway ...	6,000	600
88	1, Gailiffe Street	George Henderson and Co. ...	9,600	960
89	1-1, ditto	Ditto ditto ...	1,800	180
90	9, Garden Reach Road ...	Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co. ...	2,880	288
91	6, Gooripara Road... ...	Messrs. Bird & Co. ...	2,000	200
92	6, Budreedass Temple Street ...	Sonaton Dey	480	50

No.	Name of street and number of premises.	Name of license-holder.	Annual assessment.	Annual license fee.
			Rs.	Rs.
93	56-57, Gouribari Lane ...	Ramkristo Pattuck & Parbotty Churn Roy.	573	57-4-9
94	4, Budreedass Temple Street ...	Aukhoy Coomar Mozoomdar ...	1,020	102
95	58, Gouribari Lane ...	Hurish Chunder Dutt ...	720	72
96	93-94, Sobha Bazar Street ...	Laul Behary Sadkhan ...	720	100
97	67-5, Strand Road ...	I. G. S. N. Company, "Limited"	5,400	600
98	19, Hurro Ch. Mullick's Street	Nilmadhub Shaw and others ...	2,160	300
99	97, Sobha Bazar Street ...	Sitanath Shaw Chowdhry ...	420	50
100	24, Budreedas Temple Street ...	Gooroo Churn Shaw ...	600	60
101	72, Sobha Bazar Street ...	Judoonath Pramanick ...	1,800	200
102	17-1 & 18, Manick Bose's Ghât Street.	Monmathanath Dutt ...	600	100
103	12, Hurro Chunder Mullick's St.	Brojolall Roy and another ...	3,480	400
104	77, Durmahatta Street ...	Behary Lall Pyne ...	1,080	200
105	140-7 to 140-14, Durmahatta St.	S. M. Monmohiney Dassee ...	1,140	200
106	7 & 7-1, Hurro Chunder Mullick's Street.	Jogendra Nath Chuckerbutty ...	648	100
107	7, Dhunia Bagan Lane ...	Raye Churn Shaw ...	450	50
108	29-1, Canal West Road ...	Goopee Mohan Roy ...	960	96
109	13, Hurro Chunder Mullick's St.	Augore Nath Mozoomdar ...	1,171	200
110	6, Chitpore Bridge approach ...	Abhoy Churn Ghattock ...	180	50
111	12, Gailiffe Street ...	Nilmadhub Sickdar and Jadub Chunder Sickdar.	480	50
112	17 and 18, Hurro Chunder Mullick's Street.	Radharamon Shaw ...	972	100

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 22nd July 1893.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.			
BURDWAN DIVN.			
1	Burdwan July 22, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	2·83 3·97 3·56 2·15	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* and *aman* being transplanted. Jute doing well. Water and fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 12 per rupee. Kalna ... ... 9¾ to 13 per rupee. Katwa ... ... 12 per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 12 per rupee.
2	Bankura „ 22, '93	2·08	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* continues. Prospects fair. Price of common rice has slightly fallen. It is now 11 seers and 14 chitaks per rupee at the Bankura market and 11½ seers at Vishnupur.
3	Birbhum „ 22, '93 Rampur Hât ...	5·04 5·29	Showers throughout the week. Weather very favourable for agriculture. Transplanting of paddy seedlings still going on briskly. Price of common rice 10 to 15 seers per rupee.
4	Midnapore „ 22, '93	1·96	Weather—hot with occasional showers of rain. Transplanting going on. Prospects of sugarcane, mulberry and indigo at Ghatal not good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 per rupee. Contai ... ... 12 per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 11 per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 11 per rupee.
5	Hooghly „ 22, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	3·16 4·36 2·19	Weather—showery : seasonable. Any serious damage to crops is limited to a few low-lying villages, and as the rainfall is now moderate, it is hoped that even in those the water may drain off in time for the *aman* to be planted. Otherwise all prospects are good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 10 to 11 per rupee.
6	Howrah „ 22, '93 Ulubaria ...	2·48 3·11	Ordinary monsoon weather. A good deal of land in the Ulubaria subdivision is still under water, and the prospects of the crops there are not favourable. It is hoped that the north of the district will be drained in time to allow of fresh transplanting. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 10 to 11 seers per rupee.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.			
7	24-Parganas „ 22, '93	3·29	Weather—cloudy and warm with constant showers. Transplantation of *aman* going on except in thana Bankipur in the Diamond Harbour subdivision, where the accumulated rain-water has not yet subsided. Prospects not very favourable at present. There is no present lack of fodder and water. No cattle-disease reported. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 10½ per rupee. Barasat ... ... 9 per rupee. Basirhat ... ... 10 per rupee. Diamond Harbour ... ... 10½ per rupee.
8	Nadia „ 22, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	3·89 2·43 3·72 2·20 4·79	Weather—wet and fairly cool. Prospects of paddy crops very fair. Paddy on high lands is doing very well. Prices stationary.
9	Khulna „ 22, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	2·22 3·66 7·25	Weather—showery with breaks of bright sun. There was heavy rain in the Satkhira subdivision and fields have again been flooded. In Bagerhat jute has been damaged by excessive rain, and transplanting of winter paddy is being retarded on account of constant rain. On the whole prospects are not good. Coarse rice sells at 9 or 10 seers per rupee.
10	Jessore „ 22, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	1·10 1·45 1·10 2·92 2·25	Weather—cloudy with occasional light showers. Rivers rising slowly. Prospects of paddy on high lands good. *Aman* and jute grown on low lands have suffered. Harvesting of jute and manufacture of indigo going on. Cattle-disease reported from Salkya, Manirampur, and Keshabpur. Prices stationary.
11	Murshidabad „ 22, '93	2·69	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional rain. Harvesting of *bhadoi* has commenced. The recent rain is said to have done some injury to the paddy crops, mulberry and sugarcane. Fodder available for cattle. Coarse rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong	July 22, '93	2·67	Weather—fitful. Transplanting of *aus* is nearly over. Prospects fair. Prices rising. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	" 22, '93	5·36	Weather—cloudy with occasional rain. Harvesting of *aus* paddy commenced. *Aman* is being transplanted. State of crop not favourable. Scarcity of fodder is felt and mortality among cattle reported from several stations. Water available. Common rice selling at 10½ seers per rupee.
	14	Tippera	" 22, '93	2·09	Weather—seasonable. Prospects improved owing to fall in floods. *Aus* much damaged. A total loss expected in some places. *Aman* thriving.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	" 21, '93	1·90	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers and sunshine. *Jum* paddy progressing. Prospects not good. Ploughing in low lands continues. Common (very coarse) rice being sold at 8 seers per rupee. No cattle-disease reported.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca	" 22, '93	1·67	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of *aus* and jute going on. Rivers rising rapidly. Common rice selling at from 9 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	" 22, '93	0·79 1·69 2·08	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* has failed in most parts of the district, and there is very little *aman* on the low lands, but it is doing well on high lands. Jute has been damaged also and is reported to be stunted. Common rice sells at 10 to 11 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle reported good generally, but there is cattle-disease in thana Palong. At this season of the year cattle must be short of fodder in many places.
	18	Backergunge Pirojpur Patuakhali Bhola	" 22, '93	3·24 3·07 6·80 5·80	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops fair, but *aus* has been damaged in some places by the flood. *Aman* has been sown or transplanted to the extent of 8 annas on the average Common rice is being sold from 9 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	" 22, '93	1·47	Weather—rainy and cloudy. About 4 annas of jute has been cut. Excessive rain may damage the crop on low lands to some extent. Outturn of *aus* paddy is about 10 annas. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient. Condition of cattle good.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	" 22, '93 ...	1·02 2·21	Weather—hot, cloudy and rainy at times. Prospects of standing crops very good. Transplantation of winter rice is being vigorously pushed on. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water sufficient. Prices of rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 14½ } per rupee. Thakurgaon ... ... 10 to 12 } per rupee.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	" 22, '93	Figures not given. 4·90 5·35	Weather—seasonable. The week has not been so wet as last week; and the crops have so far improved, but still absolutely dry weather for many days is required. *Aman* transplanting is drawing to a close. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water-supply ample. Price of rice varies from 10 to 12 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Gaibanda Nilphamari Kurigaon	" 22, '93	1·46 2·02 1·64 0·07	Weather—sultry with occasional showers. *Aus* and jute being cut. *Aman* being transplanted. Prospects favourable.
	23	Bogra Sherpur Naukhila	" 22, '93	2·00 2·05 1·95	Weather—unsettled and showery. Transplantation of *aman* going on. Prospects of standing crops unaltered. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	" 22, '93	2·35	Weather—cloudy and showery. Rivers falling. *Aus* and jute are being cut. Common rice sells at 11½ seers per rupee at Pabna and Rs. 3-12 to Rs. 4 per maund at Sirajganj. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	" 22, '93 ...	3·44 3·48	There has been a break in the rainfall. *In the hills*:—*Bhutta, kangni, shama*, potatoes and *phaphar* being still harvested. *Bhadoi* and *chota marua* progressing favourably. *Bara marua* and *aghani* paddy being transplanted. *In the Terai*:—Transplanting of *haimanti* paddy continues. Prospects of *bhadoi* and jute good. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 } per rupee.
	26	Jalpaiguri	" 22, '93	6·67	Weather—hot and cloudy. Steeping of jute and harvesting of *bhadoi* commenced. Prospect of the latter crop good. Transplantation of *haimanti* in progress. Price of rice stationary. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease.

PRICES-CURRENT (*RETAIL*) OF FOOD-GRAINS, FIREWOOD AND SALT IN THE HEAD-QUARTERS STATION BAZARS OF THE DISTRICTS OF BENGAL DURING THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 15TH JULY 1893.

PRICES-CURRENT (*retail*) *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the*

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Division	Number.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (*Sorghum Vulgare.*) Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL.			S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Burdwan Division.	1	Burdwan ...	13 8	13 8	11 12	...	...	...	9 4	9 4	10 8	11 4	11 4	12 13⅓	...	...	...
	2	Bankura ...	13 4	13 8	10 0	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	10 0	11 4	11 4	12 8	...	...	...
	3	Birbhum ...	12 0	12 0	10 10	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 8	12 0	12 12	12 0	...	...	...
	4	Midnapore ...	11 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	11 8	11 8	11 8	...	...	...
	5	Hooghly ...	11 12	11 12	12 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	...	...	...
	6	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 12	8 14	10 12	10 10	13 1	...	...	...
Presidency Division.		Calcutta ...	12 8	13 4	11 6	17 3	17 12	14 6	8 0	8 3	8 0	10 5	10 10	11 0	20 0	20 0	14 4
	7	24-Parganas ...	11 4	11 4	11 8	20 0	20 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	11 0	11 0	11 8	16 0	16 0	...
	8	Nadia ...	14 8	14 8	12 0	21 0	21 0	18 9	8 8	8 12	10 5	10 6	10 11	11 4	...	...	...
	9	Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	9 2	10 8	9 0	10 0	11 8	...	...	...
	10	Jessore ...	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	13 4	...	8 8	9 4	10 0	10 0	10 8	13 0	...	...	...
	11	Murshidabad ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	11 0	11 0	12 8	...	...	...
Chittagong Division.	12	Chittagong ...	10 0	10 0	10 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 8	8 0	11 8	11 12	9 13	...	...	...
	13	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	10 0	10 0	11 4	11 6	11 0	...	...	...
	14	Tippera ...	9 8	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	8 6	10 0	10 12	10 13½	...	...	...
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 0	9 0	10 0	...	...	...
Dacca Division.	16	Dacca ...	12 0	12 0	10 8	...	...	...	9 8	9 0	10 0	10 8	10 0	12 0	...	...	...
	17	Faridpur ...	16 0	17 0	14 0	18 0	20 0	...	8 0	7 0	10 0	10 12	9 8	11 8	...	...	...
	18	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	7 4*	9 4	9 12	11 0	...	...	...
	19	Mymensingh ...	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	11 8	11 0	13 0	...	...	...
Rajshahi Division	20	Dinajpur ...	13 4	12 0	10 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	9 4	9 0	8 10	11 8	12 0	10 8	...	...	...
	21	Rajshahi ...	15 0	13 8	12 0	24 0	24 0	19 8	9 12	9 12	9 12	10 8	10 14	10 8	...	...	...
	22	Rangpur ...	12 0	13 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	9 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	...	...	...

* *Shakorkora* (*atab*) rice was shown in last year's return, now *ushna* rice is shewn ; hence the difference.
† The decrease is due to scarcity and high price of rice prevailing in the half year under report.
A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 11½ seers, and Raniganj 10½ seers.
B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Contai 8 seers, Tamluk 11 seers, and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks.
E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Serampore 11¼ seers and Jahanabad 10 seers 10½ chitaks.
F At Ulubaria the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
G Retail prices of salt in the principal marts in the interior of the district are :—Chetla Hát 11 seers 7 chitaks, Barasat 10 seers 10 chitaks, Magrahát 10 seers 10 chitaks, and Baduria 11 seers.
H In the subdivisisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Bahadurkhali 10½ seers, Chuadanga 10 seers, Meherpur 10½ seers and Ranaghat 10¼ seers.
I In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Bagerhat 8 seers and Satkhira 10 seers.

EERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay, or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 0	18 0	15 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	18 0	15 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 8	14 8	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	10 12	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 8	16 0	16 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	6 0	6 0	8 8	20 0	20 0	14 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 12	21 12	14 14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	11 0	13 5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	18 0	17 0
...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11 4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	9 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 0	13 0	12 5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 12	13 8	14 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	12 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	15 0	12 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	16 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	17 0	12 12

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus Indicus.*)			Firewood.		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	16 8	108 0	106 0	100 0
...	...	...	12 0	11 8	16 0	280 0	280 0	220 0
...	...	...	18 0	20 0	12 0	160 0	200 0	160 0
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	11 0	240 0	240 0	120 0
...	...	...	13 6	13 6	11 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	12 10	12 10	10 10	105 0	105 0	106 0
20	20 0	...	20 0	20 0	15 0	90 0	91 6	85 0
16 0	16 0	16 0	21 0	21 0	18 0	100 0	100 0	100 0
...	...	...	23 12	23 12	17 4½	128 0	128 0	...
...	...	...	11 7	11 0	11 0	160 0	160 0	160 0
...	...	...	23 0	22 0	17 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	106 0	110 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	7 8	12 0	7 8	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	240 0
...	...	...	17 12	19 0	15 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Musuri dál. 8 4	8 0	...	Mug. 10 0	10 0	...	80 0	80 0	80 0
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	22 8	21 8	14 0	160 0	160 0	140 0
...	...	...	20 12	21 4	18 6	240 0	240 0	240 0
...	...	...	8 0	9 8	9 0	100 0	100 0	100 0

No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.				
Bhagalpur Divn.				
27	Monghyr Begusarai Jamui	July 22, '93	1·83 3·84 5·76	Weather—cloudy with successive showers of rain. Prospects of *bhadoi* crops on high lands very good. Paddy transplantation commenced. Condition of cattle generally good. Plenty of fodder. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11½ to 15 per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 14 per rupee. Jamui ... ... 13 per rupee.
28	Bhagalpur Banka Madhipura Supaul	„ 22, '93	1·65 1·98 1·89 2·56	Weather—rainy. The heavy rain has done a great deal of damage to *makai* and *marua*; otherwise prospects are good and the usual agricultural operations are going on. Common rice 13 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
29	Purnea Kishanganj Araria	„ 22, '93	2·13 1·34 0·42	Weather—cloudy and muggy without much rain. The break in the rains has done much good to *bhadoi* and *aghani*, the prospects of which are now good except in flooded localities. Prices stationary.
30	Malda	„ 22, '93	3·90	Cloudy and rainy weather continues. *Bhadoi* paddy on high lands doing well, but the lowland crop has been slightly damaged by flood in thanas Nowabganj, Shibganj, Kaliachak, and Khorba. Winter rice is being transplanted. Price of coarse rice 11 to 15 seers per rupee. Fodder sufficient for cattle.
31	Sonthal Parganas Deoghur Godda Jamtara Pakur Rajmahal	„ 22, '93	1·85 5·22 1·24 2·21 4·36 2·92	Weather—cloudy and seasonably rainy. Prospects of *bhadoi* crops poor on account of heavy rain and want of sunshine. Transplantation of paddy in full progress. Water and fodder plenty.
Patna Division.				
32	Patna Bihar Dinapur Barh	„ 22, '93	3·00 3·02 7·33 1·32	Weather—cloudy. Standing crops are being damaged by the heavy rain. Transplantation of rice is being delayed for the same reason. Prospect of maize not very favourable. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 per rupee. Bihar ... ... 16½ per rupee. Dinapore ... ... 13 per rupee. Barh ... ... 13 per rupee.
33	Gaya Jahanabad Aurangabad Nawada	„ 22, '93	6·20 8·76 3·27 3·02	Weather—very rainy. The heavy rain has damaged the *bhadoi* crops considerably in many parts of the district. Paddy being transplanted. Fodder and water-supply ample. Prices stationary.
34	Shahabad Buxar Bhabhua Sasaram	„ 22, '93	7·08 3·71 5·43 1·92	Weather—cloudy skies with strong north-westerly winds and heavy rain. The rainfall has been excessive and has damaged the *bhadoi* crops. *Aghani* is germinating, and in some localities transplanting has begun. All other crops promise well, and fodder is abundant.
35	Darbhanga Samastipur Madhubani	„ 22, '93	3·21 3·15 1·65	Weather—cloudy and rainy at the close of the week. *Bhadoi* prospects very favourable. Transplanting of *marua* and paddy in progress. Flood is subsiding. Some damage is reported to have been done to paddy and *makai* in tracts lying on river banks. Cattle in good condition. Prices stationary.
36	Muzaffarpur Hajipur Sitamarhi	„ 22, '93	3·14 2·47 1·81	Weather—hot but occasionally cloudy. *Bhadoi* crops, especially *makai*, affected to some extent by continued rain. A few days' sunshine urgently needed. Transplantation of paddy still going on. Prospects favourable. Indigo *mahai* going on. *Dukha* disease among cattle still prevailing in Janarh in Kutrin thana, but no deaths reported. Water and fodder sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—*concld.* 37	Saran July, 22, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	2·54 2·32 4·57	Weather—showery almost the whole week. All standing crops doing well. Weeding of *makai* impeded by constant showers. A break in the rains would be beneficial for this crop and indigo. Transplantation of paddy going on. Water and fodder abundant. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Chapra ... ... 13 } Siwan ... ... 12¼ } per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 13 }
38	Champaran „ 22, '93	5·57	Weather—cloudy with occasional sunshine. Sowing of paddy nearly finished and transplantation yet going on. Outturn of indigo has been reduced by the heavy rain, and consequent flooding of indigo lands. Prices nearly stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn. 39	Cuttack „ 22, '93	0·99	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. Sowing and transplantation of *sarad* in progress. *Beali* doing well. Fodder-supply sufficient. Price of rice stationary.
40	Puri „ 20, '93 Khurda ...	0·45 5·20	Weather—cloudy. *Sarad* thriving well. *Beali* is being weeded. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Rice sells at from 12 seers to 17 seers 1 chitak per rupee.
41	Balasore „ 22, '93	8·69	Weather—cloudy, and very heavy rain on Thursday (20th) but apparently only local. Transplanting of paddy nearly finished. Prospect of 12 annas crop. Prices of rice :— Srs. Balasore ... ... 13 } Bhadrak ... ... 15 } per rupee. Chandbali ... ... 12 }
CHOTA NAGPUR. *South-West Frontier Agency.*			
Chota Nagpur Divn. 42	Hazaribagh July, 22, '93 Giridi ...	10·01 6·92	Weather—seasonable. Transplanting of rice and *marua* still in progress. Indian-corn seriously injured by excessive rain. Other crops doing well. Fodder abundant. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Head-quarters ... ... 9 to 14 } per rupee. Giridi ... ... 9 to 12 }
43	Lohardaga „ 22, '93	2·67	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of winter rice continues. Prospects of *bhadoi* good. Common rice selling at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
44	Palamau „ ...	...	Report not received.
45	Singhbhum „ 22, '93	4·34	Weather—seasonable. All crops doing well. Prices stationary. Cattle-disease reported from some villages in the Kolhan.
46	Manbhum „ 22, '93 Gobindpur ...	7·08 10·03	Weather—fair from yesterday (21st). Transplantation vigorously going on. Prospects so far good. Prospects of Indian-corn and some pulses bad. Price of rice 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water very sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT., *The 25th July*, 1893.

H. H. RISLEY, *Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.*

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th July, 1893.

			WHOLESALE PRICES PER MAUND OF 40 SEERS.			AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.											
Salt.			Salt.			Unskilled labour—Able-bodied agricultural labourer.			Syce or horse-keeper.			Skilled labour—Common mason, carpenter, or blacksmith.			Districts.	Number.	
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
															BENGAL.		
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.			
A 11 11	11 11	11 4	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 6 9	7 8	7 0	8 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	10 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0	Burdwan	1	Burdwan Division.
B 10 5	10 0	10 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	5 0 to 6 8	6 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 7 8	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	10 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0	Bankura.	2	
C 11 0	11 0	10 14	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 10 6	6 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 7 8	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	Birbhum.	3	
D 10 12	10 12	11 0	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 12 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 12 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	Midnapore.	4	
E 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 12 0	9 6	7 8	9 13-6	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	8 0 to 30 0	8 0 to 30 0	8 0 to 30 0	Hooghly.	5	
F 10 10	10 10	10 10½	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	7 8	9 6	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	12 0 to 20 0	12 0 to 20 0	12 0 to 20 0	Howrah.	6	
10 8	10 7	11 4	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 5 0	Cooly. 9 0; Agri. labourer 6 8	9 0; 6 8	9 0; 6 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	15 0 to 15 8	15 0	15 0	Calcutta.		Presidency Division.
G 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 4 0	9 0 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	15 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	24-Parganas.	7	
H 11 6½	11 7	10 10½	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	Nadia.	8	
I 9 2	10 8	9 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	7 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 6	7 8	7 0 to 9 0	7 0 to 9 0	8 0	10 0 to 30 0	10 0 to 30 0	10 0 to 20 0	Khulna.	9	
J 9 14	9 14	9 2	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	5 0 to 7 0	10 0 to 20 0	10 0 to 20 0	10 0 to 20 0	Jessore.	10	
K 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 12	3 12	3 12	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	8 0 to 10 0	8 0 to 20 0	7 8	Murshidabad.	11	
L 9 8	10 0	9 4	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 2 0		9 0	11 0		7 8	8 0		12 0 to 14 0	13 0	Chittagong.	12	Chittagong Division.
M 9 7	10 0	9 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 4 0	5 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 10 0	5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 7 0	10 0 to 15 0	8 0 to 15 0	6 0 to 15 0	Noakhali.	13	
N 10 13½	10 13½	10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	7 0 to 10 0	7 8 to 10 0	7 0 to 9 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	8 0 to 15 0	Tippera.	14	
8 0	8 0	8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 12 0		12 0	12 0		12 0	...		20 0	20 0 to 25 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15	
O 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 11 0	5 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	7 0 to 15 0	8 0 to 20 0	8 0 to 20 0	Dacca.	16	Dacca Division.
P 10 4	10 4	10 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	10 0	10 0	9 6	6 0 to 9 0	6 0 to 9 0	7 0 to 8 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 20 0	Faridpur.	17	
Q 10 0	10 10	10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	13 8 to 15 0	13 8	13 8 to 15 0	Backergunge.	18	
R 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	7 8	7 0 to 10 0	7 0 to 10 0	8 0	6 0 to 7 0	7 0 to 8 0	10 0 to 15 0	12 0 to 25 0	12 0 to 30 0	Mymensingh.	19	
10 0	10 0	10 4	3 12 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	10 0 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0	Dinajpur.	20	Rajshahi Division.
S 9 9	9 9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 8	3 10 8	5 0 to 7 8	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 6 0	5 0 to 6 0	5 0 to 6 0	7 8 to 16 0	7 8 to 16 0	7 8 to 16 0	Rajshahi.	21	
T 8 8	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	7 0	6 0 to 7 8	7 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 10 0	8 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 20 0	Rangpur.	22	

J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jhenida 9 seers 9 chitaks, Magura 10 seers, Narail 9 seers 10 chitaks, and Bangaon 10 seers 11 chitaks.
K At Kandi the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
L At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
M At Fenny Hát the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
N In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Chandpur 9 seers and Brahmanbaria 9 seers 2 chitaks.
O Retail prices of salt in the principal marts in the interior of the district are :—Madanganj 10 seers, Manikganj 9 seers 13 chitaks, Munshirhát 10 seers, and Mirkadim 10 seers.
P In Goalundo and Madaripur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 10¼ seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 9 seers.
R In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kishorganj 8 seers, Kagmari 10 seers, Netrakona 10 seers, and Jamalpur 10 seers.
S In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nator 9 seers and Naugaon 9 seers 9 chitaks.
T In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kurigaon 8 seers, Nilphamari 10 seers, and Gaibanda 10 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	Division	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (Sorghum Vulgare). Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
			S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
BENGAL—*continued.*																	
23	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*	Bogra ...	13 8	13 5	12 0	...	...	...	9 12	9 0	9 12	11 10	12 0	11 4	...	...	...
24	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*	Pabna	17 4	17 4	13 8	20 10	22 8	...	6 0	6 0	6 12	11 4	10 14	12 0			...
25	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*	Darjeeling	8 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	5 0	5 8	5 0	10 0	9 8	8 8	...	...	...
26	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*	Jalpaiguri	13 0	13 0	11 0	12 0	12 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	11 0	11 8	10 0			...
BIHAR.																	
27	Bhagalpur Division.	Monghyr ...	15 12	14 8 to 16 0	13 0	21 0	21 0 to 23 0	13 5	10 0	8 0 to 10 0	9 0	12 0	12 0 to 13 8	10 0	...	17 8	15 0
28	Bhagalpur Division.	Bhagalpur ...	15 2	15 2	13 14	20 3	21 7	15 2	11 14	12 10	9 12	13 14	13 14	10 11		...	...
29	Bhagalpur Division.	Purnea (Kasba)	16 0	14 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	13 0	11 0			...
30	Bhagalpur Division.	Malda (English Bazar).	14 0	13 8	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	12 8	12 8	10 8	...		...
31	Bhagalpur Division.	Sonthal Parganas.	11 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	14 0	14 0	11 8	...		...
32	Patna Division.	Patna ...	16 8 / 14 0	Red. 16 8 / White. 14 0	15 0 / 14 0	21 0	21 0	18 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	15 8	15 8	12 8	23 0	22 0	18 8
33	Patna Division.	Gaya ...	13 12	13 12	12 8	20 4	20 4	16 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	13 0	13 0	11 12	18 4	18 4	13 8
34	Patna Division.	Shahabad ...	13 0	14 0	13 0	15 0	18 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	13 0	14 0	11 0	...	...	...
35	Patna Division.	Darbhanga ...	12 9	12 0	12 10	19 11	18 14	17 10	12 5	12 9	10 0	13 11	14 0	12 1	...	...	...
36	Patna Division.	Muzaffarpur ...	14 8	13 0	13 0	19 0	19 0	17 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	13 0	13 0	12 0	...	...	...
37	Patna Division.	Saran ...	15 4	14 8	13 8	21 0	21 4	17 12	10 0	10 0	8 4	13 0	13 0	11 0	...	...	...
38	Patna Division.	Champaran ...	14 0	13 0	12 0	23 0	22 8	17 0	8 8	8 8	9 0	13 4	13 8	12 8	...	...	...
[OR]ISSA.																	
39	Orissa Division.	Cuttack ...	11 13	10 8	9 13	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	8 8	14 7	13 2	11 11	...		...
40	Orissa Division.	Puri ...	8 8	8 2	9 3	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 8	13 0	11 13	11 13		...	...
41	Orissa Division.	Balasore ...	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	14 8	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																	
42	Chota Nagpur Division.	Hazaribagh ...	12 4	12 0	12 0	16 0	18 0	15 0	7 8	7 0	8 0	12 4	12 0	12 8	...	...	...
43	Chota Nagpur Division.	Lohardaga ...	10 0 / 8 0 to 9 0	Red. 11 0 / White. 8 0	9 8 to 10 0 / 7 8 to 8 8	16 0	16 0	12 0	10 0 to 11 0	10 0 to 11 0	11 0 to 12 0	12 0 to 13 8	12 0 to 13 0	13 0 to 14 8	...	...	...
44	Chota Nagpur Division.	Palamau ...	13 8	12 6	11 4	21 15	...	15 12	12 15	11 13	12 15	14 10	12 6	13 8	...	...	...
45	Chota Nagpur Division.	Singhbhum ...	11 0	10 0	13 8	...	...	...	8 0	9 0	12 0	10 0	11 0	15 0	...	...	...
46	Chota Nagpur Division.	Manbhum	13 4	13 4	11 8	...	...	...	8 8	8 0 to 9 0	10 0	11 0 to 12 8	12 0 to 13 0	13 0	...	...	...

* The price of salt at Motihari has risen considerably on account of the rains.
U At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 11¼ seers per rupee.
V At Siliguri the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
W At Alipur the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
X In Begusarai and Jamui subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Y In Banka, Madhipura, and Supaul subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are—Kishanganj 10½ seers and Araria 10 seers.
a In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Deoghur 10½ seers, Godda 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, Rajmahal 10 seers.
b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Barh 11 seers, Bihar 10½ seers, and Dinapore 9½ seers.

CALCUTTA,
The 25th July, 18?3.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Coracana.*)			Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 4	16 0	16 8
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11 8	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	16 0	13 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	14 13	16 0	13 10	2 31	20 0 to 23 0	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 3	20 3	15 2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 0*	20 0	15 0
16 0	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	16 0	17 0	17 0	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	22 0	22 0	18 0	21 0	21 0	18 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	15 0	19 0	19 0	17 4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	19 0	16 0
...	...	...	20 13	20 12	17 10	13 2	13 2	17 10	19 12	19 12	16 8
...	...	...	...	20 0	...	...	...	...	19 0	20 0	17 0
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	20 0	16 0	17 0	13 0	22 0	21 0	17 8
...	...	...	23 8	23 8	18 8	...	...	...	20 12	20 4	16 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(Kalai.) 19 11	19 11	16 1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 12	15 12	13 13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(Chhola.) 12 0 (Biri.) 16 0	12 0 / 16 0	12 0 / 13 0
...	...	...	22 8	22 0	23 0	...	...	...	16 0	15 0	13 0
...	...	...	26 0	24 0 to 25 0	29 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0 to 13 0	12 0 to 13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		21 15	15 8	13 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	13 0
16 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	14 8

INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE. (*Zea Mays.*)			ARHAR OR THUR, CADJAN PEA. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			FIREWOOD.		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0	90 0
...	...	...	24 0	22 0	17 4	200 0	200 0	200 0
16 0	11 0	11 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	130 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 0	200 0	200 0	160 0
24 3	21 0 to 23 0	15 0	23 1	19 0 to 20 0	16 0	126 0 to 168 0	160 0	120 0
22 11	22 11	15 2	21 7	20 3	17 10	126 8	126 8	164 0
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	15 0	320 0	320 0	320 0
...	...	...	11 0	12 0	...	80 0	100 0	120 0
20 0	20 0	12 0	23 0	23 0	15 0	200 0	200 0	200 0
21 0	21 0	17 0	24 0	23 0	21 0	130 0	130 0	130 0
...	20 4	...	20 0	20 0	19 0	180 0	160 0	160 0
18 8	20 0	...	18 0	20 0	17 0	120 0	140 0	140 0
20 12	20 6	17 0	21 5	21 9	18 11	176 0	176 0	176 0
19 0	19 0	17 8	21 0	20 0	19 0	160 0	160 0	160 0
21 8	20 0	16 8	22 8	22 8	19 12	180 0	180 0	180 0
20 12	20 4	17 0	20 12	20 0	19 0	160 0	160 0	160 0
...	...	...	19 11	19 11	10 8	80 0	80 0	80 0
...	...	...	15 12	15 12	13 13	80 0	80 0	80 0
...	...	...	10 12	10 12	10 12	160 0	160 0	160 0
18 0	16 0	16 8	17 4	17 0	14 0	240 0	240 0	240 0
18 0	18 0	18 0	Big. 13 0 Small. 18 0	Big. 13 8 Small. 19 0	Big. 11 0 Small. 13 8	140 0	140 0	140 0
23 10	20 4	18 9	33 12	33 12	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	160
...	18 0	...	16 0	17 0	15 0	...	...	...

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15*th July*, 1893—(concluded).

Salt.			Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt.			Average wages per month. Unskilled labour—Able-bodied agricultural labourers.			Syce or Horse-keeper.			Skilled labour—Common Mason, Carpenter, or Blacksmith.			Districts.	Number.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.		
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	BENGAL—*continued*.	
9 9	9 14	9 9	4 0 0	4 5 4	3 14 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0	10 0 to 20 0	10 0 to 20 0	10 0 to 20 0	Bogra.	23
U 10 8	10 0	9 12	3 9 6	3 9 6	3 11 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 6 8	5 0 to 6 8	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	7 0 to 20 0	7 0 to 20 0	7 0 to 20 0	Pabna.	24
V 8 0	8 0	8 0	4 12 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	7 0	7 0	7 8 to 8 0	8 0 to 9 0	8 0 to 10 0	8 0 to 10 0	12 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 22 0	Darjeeling.	25
W 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 0	9 0	9 0	12 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	Jalpaiguri.	26
															RAJSHAHI DIVISION—*concld.*	
															BIHAR.	
X 10 12	10 8 to 11 0	10 0	3 14 0	3 7 0	3 12 0	4 11 to 5 10	2 12	3 12 to 5 10	3 0 to 4 0	2 0	4 0 to 5 0	7 8 to 11 4	3 0 to 5 0	4 4 to 15 0	Monghyr.	27
Y 10 8	10 11	10 11	3 10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 5 0	5 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0	4 0 to 5 0	8 0 to 12 0	8 0 to 10 0	10 0 to 16 0	Bhagalpur.	28
10 0	10 0	11 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 11 to 5 10	4 11 to 5 10	4 11 to 5 10	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0	8 0 to 15 0	8 0 to 14 0	10 0 to 15 0	Purnea.	29
Z 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	7 0	7 8	7 8	5 0	5 0	5 0	8 0 to 12 0	8 6 to 12 0	8 0 to 12 0	Malda.	30
a 10 0	10 8	10 0	3 12 0	3 10 3	3 10 3	4 0 to 5 0	3 12 to 4 0	3 12 to 4 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	Sonthal Parganas.	31
															BHAGALPUR DIVISION.	
b 11 4	11 4	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 11 to 5 10	4 8 to 5 0	4 8 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	7 0 to 8 0	7 0 to 8 0	7 8 to 11 4	Patna.	32
c 9 12	9 12	10 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	2 8 to 3 8	3 0 to 5 0	3 0 to 5 0	3 0 to 5 0	5 8 to 8 0	5 8 to 8 0	5 8 to 8 0	Gaya.	33
d 10 0	10 0	11 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0		4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0		4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 4		3 0 to 10 8	3 0 to 10 8	Shahabad.	34
e 10 4	10 4	10 4	3 14 6	3 14 0	3 8 0	3 12	3 12	3 12 to 5 10	4 0 to 5 0	3 0 to 4 0	4 0 to 5 0	5 10 to 7 8	4 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 0	Darbhanga.	35
f 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	3 12 to 5 10	3 12 to 5 10	3 12 to 5 10	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	5 10 to 9 6	5 10 to 9 6	5 10 to 9 6	Muzaffarpur.	36
g 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 8 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 to 7 8	3 12 to 7 8	3 12 to 7 8	4 0 to 7 0	4 0 to 7 0	4 0 to 7 0	5 10 to 10 0	5 10 to 10 0	5 10 to 10 0	Saran.	37
h 7 13½	10 8	10 8	4 12 0	3 13 0	3 10 0	3 12 to 4 0	3 12 to 4 0	3 12 to 4 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 8 0	Champaran.	38
															PATNA DIVISION.	
															ORISSA.	
9 0	10 12	9 0	4 6 0	3 8 0	4 6 0	5 10	5 10	5 10	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 6	Cuttack.	39
10 8	10 8	10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 8 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	7 8 to 10 0	Puri.	40
i 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 10 0		4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0		4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0		7 0 to 10 0	7 0 to 10 0	Balasore.	41
															ORISSA DIVISION.	
															CHOTA NAGPUR.	
j 9 0	9 0	9 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	5 0	4 4	4 4	6 0	5 0	5 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Hazaribagh.	42
9 4	9 0	9 0	4 2 0	4 2 6	4 4 0	3 12	3 12 to 4 11	3 12	4 0 to 6 0	6 0	4 0 to 6 0	5 10 to 9 6	5 10 to 11 4	3 12 to 9 6	Lohardaga.	43
7 14	8 2½	9 0	...	...	...	5 10	3 0	3 12	3 8 to 5 0	4 0	3 0 to 5 0	9 6	7 8	7 8 to 11 4	Palamau.	44
9 0	9 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	15 0	12 0	12 0	Singhbhum.	45
k 10 10	10 10	9 14	3 10 0	3 11 0	3 12 0	4 11 to 5 10	5 2-6	5 2-6	5 0 to 6 0	6 0	6 0	11 4 to 22 8	10 5 to 18 12	10 5 to 18 12	Manbhum.	46
															CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.	

c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jahanabad 10 seers, Aurangabad 10 seers, and Nawada 9 seers.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Buxar 10½ seers, Sasaram 10½ seers, and Bhabhua 9¾ seers.
e At Madhubani the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
f In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Hajipur 10½ seers and Sitamarhi 11 seers.
g In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Siwan 10 seers 14 chitaks and Gopalganj (Mirganj) 11 seers 13 chitaks.
h At Bettiah the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
i At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
j At Giridih the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
k At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

H. H RISLEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt

Number.	MARTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE COMMON.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	3 3 0	3 0 0	3 3 9	2 4 6	2 4 6	2 8 9	5 0 0	4 14 0	4 12 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	3 6 0
2	Sirajganj ...	3 4 0	3 6 0	3 3 0	...	...	...	6 0 0	6 5 0	5 11 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 6 0
3	Dacca ...	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	3 5 0
4	Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 0 0	4 1 0	3 8 0	3 9 0	3 11 0	3 2 0
5	Chittagong	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 5 6	4 0 0
6	Patna ...	Red. 2 7 6 White. 2 14 0	Red. 2 7 6 White. 2 14 0	Red. 2 10 0 White. 2 13 6	1 14 6	1 14 6	2 2 7	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	2 9 9	2 9 9	3 2 0
7	Balasore ...	3 8 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 4 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	2 14 0
8	Puri ...	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 5 0	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 5 4	3 0 0	3 4 0	3 6 0
9	Cuttack ...	3 4 0	3 10 0	4 0 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 10 0	2 12 0	3 0 0	3 6 0

CALCUTTA,
The 25th July, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND

JOWAR OR CHOLUM. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)			BAJRA OR CUMBU. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
2 0 0	2 0 0	2 9 0	...	...	3 4 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 12 3	1 13 0	2 2 7	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

OF 40 SEERS.					
MARUA OR RAGI. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
...	...	...	4 12 0	5 0 0	3 10 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1 13 0	1 13 0	2 3 6
...	...	...	...		...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

in the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 15th July, 1893.

GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE. (*Zea Mays.*)			ARHAR OR THUR, CADJAN PEA. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 8 0	2 8 0	2 9 9	2 0 0	2 0 0	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 6 6	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 3	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 5 0	Calcutta.
3 4 0	3 8 0	3 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	Sirajganj.
3 2 0	2 14 0	2 12 0	...	...	...	2 4 0	2 1 0	2 10 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 11 0	Dacca.
2 14 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	3 2 0	3 4 0	4 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 0 0	Narayanganj.
3 10 0	3 10 0	3 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 7 0	0 6 0	0 5 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	Chittagong.
1 14 6	1 14 6	2 3 6	1 14 6	1 14 6	2 5 7	1 11 9	1 11 9	1 14 5	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	Patna.
2 14 0	2 14 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 8 0	2 8 0	2 15 0	...	...	...	2 8 0	2 8 0	2 15 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 8 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	3 10 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	4 6 0	3 8 0	4 6 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Beng

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	Air pressure: Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Air pressure: Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Air pressure: Variation from mean.	Wind: Prevailing direction.	Wind: Mean wind velocity.	Temperature: Highest.	Temperature: Date.	Temperature: Lowest.	Temperature: Date.	Temperature: Mean maximum temperature.	Temperature: Mean minimum temperature.	Temperature: Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	29·617	29·592	—	W	223	90·7	21st July	78·6	16,19 & 21st July	88·6	80·0	84·4
		Gopalpore	29·621	29·582	+·029	SWly	209	89·2	21st ,,	75·8	16th ,,	87·5	77·7	82·5
		False Point	29·613	29·576	+·029	SW	257	89·0	21st ,,	76·6	22nd ,,	86·9	77·8	82·4
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·539	29·561	+·028	WSW		92·2	22nd ,,	77·3	17, 20 ,,	88·5	78·2	83·4
	Balasore	Balasore	29·543	29·545	+·017	SW	119	89·4	22nd ,,	75·7	20th ,,	86·7	77·6	82·2
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·464	29·559	+·026	SWly	71	91·3	22nd ,,	77·1	20, 21 ,,	88·7	78·2	83·5
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	29·589	29·556	+·031	SEly	72	88·1	16, 22 ,,	76·7	18th ,,	85·7	78·1	81·9
		Sangor Island	29·587	29·556	+·030	SW	389	88·2	22nd ,,	78·0	16, 20 ,,	86·6	79·6	83·1
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar	29·558	29·553	+·029	ESE	139	90·3	22nd ,,	78·2	19, 20 ,,	88·2	78·7	83·5
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore	29·588	29·568	+·023	SE	129	88·5	16th ,,	77·4	17, & 20 ,,	87·2	78·5	82·9
	Burdwan	Burdwan	29·510	29·554	+·029	E	77	91·1	16th ,,	78·2	21st ,,	88·3	79·2	83·8
		Raniganj	29·263	29·545	+·020	Variable	65	91·7	20th ,,	76·8	16, 17, 19 & 21st July	89·1	77·5	83·4
	Bankura	Bankura	29·282	29·530	+·022	Variable	71	91·1	22nd ,,	75·6	21st ,,	88·3	77·7	83·0
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	29·534	29·549	+·011	SEly	85	89·6	22nd ,,	77·8	20th ,,	86·7	78·9	82·9
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	29·578	29·574	+·018	SEly	121	87·1	16,19,20 & 21 ,,	77·8	17 & 19 ,,	86·7	78·7	82·7
	Bogra	Bogra	29·537	29·570	+·045	SE	119	89·2	22nd ,,	76·2	17,18,20 ,,	88·1	77·3	82·7
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·533	29·552	+·027	SEly	154	88·1	18 & 22 ,,	76·1	17, 20 ,,	87·5	77·5	82·4
	Malda	Malda												
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·495	29·569	+·008	SEly	70	90·1	20th ,,	78·7	17th ,,	89·2	79·3	84·3
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·513	29·589	+·030	ESE	75	89·8	16th ,,	76·7	21st ,,	88·8	78·1	83·5
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·369	29·605	+·076	SEly	61	89·9	16, 20 ,,	76·1	16, 22 ,,	89·2	77·2	83·2
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	22·891	—	+·009	Variable	77	68·6	16th ,,	55·6	18, 19 ,,	66·7	56·9	61·8
	Sikkim	Gnatong*	19·005	—	—	WNW	?	55·9	22nd ,,	35·6	21st ,,	54·6	37·1	45·9
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·617	29·651	+·044	SSE		86·7	21st ,,	75·1	17th ,,	84·8	75·3	80·1
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal	29·634	29·592	+·042	SSE	136	89·8	22nd July	75·9	17, 20 ,,	85·4	77·3	81·4
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29·628	29·618	+·027	SSE		86·5	22nd ,,	74·8	20th ,,	83·4	76·8	80·1
	Faridpur	Faridpur	29·603	29·597	+·033	SEly	175	87·0	16th ,,	77·9	17, 20 ,,	86·4	78·5	82·5
	Dacca	Dacca	29·615	29·585	+·022	SE	262	89·1	15th ,,	78·2	17—20 ,,	87·1	79·0	83·1
	Tippera	Comilla	29·631	29·614	+·034	E	181	86·9	21st ,,	74·8	17th ,,	85·8	76·4	81·1
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·590	29·600	+·023	ESE	164	87·2	21st ,,	76·6	18, 20 ,,	86·0	77·7	81·9
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·463	29·540	+·063	Calm	17	91·2	20th ,,	78·2	19th ,,	89·2	80·1	84·6
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·421	29·533	+·017	Calm & Ely	62	89·7	22nd ,,	76·5	17th ,,	89·1	78·2	83·7
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·428	29·546	+·012	ESE	138	89·4	19, 21 ,,	79·2	20, 22 ,,	88·4	79·8	84·2
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·416	29·546	—	ESE	123	90·7	19th ,,	79·2	17,20—22 ,,	89·4	79·6	84·6
	Champaran	Motihari	29·363	29·542	+·020	ENE	116	92·2	22nd ,,	76·9	19, 20 ,,	91·1	78·6	84·9
	Saran	Chapra	29·406	29·539	+0·38	ESE	94	90·3	19,21,22 ,,	78·1	19th ,,	88·9	79·0	84·0
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·236	29·540	+·027	W	100?	88·8	18th ,,	76·0	16,21,22 ,,	84·0	77·0	80·5
		Buxar	29·352	29·544	+·033	Ely	99	88·0	17, 18 ,,	76·7	16, 18 ,,	86·4	77·6	82·0
		Arrah	29·385	29·525	+·030	Variable	42	91·4	19th ,,	78·0	16th ,,	88·7	79·2	84·0
	Gaya	Gaya	29·206	29·534	+·014	W	140	90·9	19th ,,	76·8	20, 22 ,,	87·7	77·5	82·6
	Patna	Bankipore	29·309	29·533	+·005	E	114	90·0	19th ,,	77·7	17th ,,	87·9	79·1	83·5
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·092	29·534	+·018	SEly	155	88·6	16, 20 ,,	76·7	17th ,,	86·7	77·6	82·2
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·608	29·551	+·021	Variable	189	84·2	18th ,,	70·3	19th ,,	81·8	71·9	76·9
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·484	29·537	+·017	Wly		84·0	17, 18 ,,	69·4	20th ,,	82·4	71·6	77·0
	Palamau													
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa*	28·826	29·530	+·025	Calm	32†	90·4	22nd ,,	75·2	20, 21 ,,	87·9	76·4	82·2
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·352	29·639	+·023	SW		92·1	20th ,,	76·0	16th ,,	89·4	78·0	83·7
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29·528	29·596	+·043	Variable	82	88·2	20th ,,	76·8	18, 21 ,,	86·5	77·7	82·1
	Cachar	Silchar	29·592	29·647	+·039	Calm		90·5	20th ,,	75·3	18, 19 ,,	88·1	76·8	82·5

* Mean of 6 days. | † Mean of 4 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.*, from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 22nd of July 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					Rainfall. Of week.				Rainfall. Since 1st of month.			Rainfall. Since 16th May 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	District.
—	83·7	82	7·0	0·4		3·07		3·53		8·81			18·33		Puri.
−0·4	82·5	85	3·0	0·6											
−0·3	82·1	85	7·9	1·0											
−0·7	82·7	76	6·7	0·3		2·97		3·46		8·97			19·98		Cuttack.
−1·0	80·6	92	4·9	8·18		2·94		3·65		8·74			19·38		Balasore.
−0·4	82·1	86	5·7	1·8	2·40	2·70	4·25	3·52	4·61	8·91	−4·30	39·31	23·21	+19·10	Midnapore.
−1·5	81·1	92	9·7	3·2	3·30	2·74	5·57	3·91	8·27	8·46	−0·19	37·28	20·96	+16·32	24-Parganas.
−1·0	81·8	91	9·9	5·0											
					2·04	2·83	5·00	4·18	6·54	8·54	−2·00	38·72	20·23	+18·49	Howrah.
						2·63		3·82		7·88			19·51		Hooghly.
−1·2	81·7	87	8·7	3·87		1·83		3·23		6·84			19·97		Nadia.
					3·85	3·12	5·33	4·43	12·09	8·79	+3·30	42·27	24·57	+17·70	Khulna.
−1·6	81·3	91	9·1	1·10	1·69	1·94	5·00	3·41	6·42	6·60	−0·18	30·83	21·48	+9·35	Jessore.
−1·3	81·8	86	8·7	2·83	3·00	2·35	4·00	3·31	9·95	7·14	+2·81	34·56	18·35	+16·21	Burdwan.
−1·2	80·8	90	3·7	2·43											
−1·1	80·6	89	8·0	2·08	2·74	2·42	5·25	3·60	8·58	8·56	+0·02	26·84	20·67	+16·17	Bankura.
					3·09	2·57	5·00	3·32	9·82	8·17	+1·65	28·52	20·46	+8·06	Birbhum.
−1·7	80·4	94	9·3	2·60	2·97	2·22	5·33	3·24		7·62			19·73		Murshidabad.
−1·4	81·2	91	9·7	0·62	1·40	1·97	4·00	2·95	12·43	7·16	+5·27	42·50	21·93	+20·57	Pabna.
−1·9	81·2	89	6·2	2·03		2·55		3·13		8·71			25·82		Bogra.
−1·8	83·0	89	7·3	2·30		2·48		3·55		8·31			22·64		Rajshahi.
						2·11		3·38		8·81			23·05		Malda.
+0·8	81·1	90	9·3	1·39		2·14		2·95		8·66			26·14		Dinajpur.
−1·2	81·8	88	2·7	1·46		2·58		2·68		10·32			38·42		Rangpur.
0	81·6	87	7·3	6·89	6·67	5·93	3·00	4·10	31·07	20·50	+10·57	57·35	57·08	+0·27	Jalpaiguri.
					1·18	4·41	2·75	3·75	20·28	14·50	+5·78	56·10	54·48	+1·62	Kuch Bihar.
−0·5	60·6	98	10·0	3·44		6·09		4·95		25·98			61·15		Darjeeling.
—	51·1	86	6·3	4·70											Sikkim.
−1·1	78·8	93	9·9	2·34		6·49		4·43		20·03			54·17		Chittagong.
					1·70	3·69	6·00	5·25	17·66	11·62	+6·04	66·93	34·73	+32·20	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
−0·6	80·3	89	10·0	3·42	5·02	3·96	6·00	4·95	11·94	12·18	−0·24	51·50	34·83	+16·67	Backergunge.
+1·9	80·3	92	4·6	5·36		5·04		4·67		15·64			47·27		Noakhali.
−0·5	81·5	87	7·0	0·79		2·12		3·68		7·14			23·81		Faridpur.
−1·1	80·4	91	9·6	1·07	1·79	3·30	4·50	3·82	7·39	9·35	−1·96	33·33	20·32	+13·01	Dacca.
−1·7	80·6	94	8·1	1·93		2·90		3·71		9·04			29·48		Tippera.
−1·5	80·4	91	8·0	1·47		2·80		3·64		8·91			31·06		Mymensingh.
−0·1	82·9	88	3·7	1·68		3·26		3·37		10·96			27·43		Purnea.
−1·3	82·9	86	8·6	1·65	2·07	2·11	4·00	3·12	15·95	7·42	+8·53	25·36	17·31	+8·05	Bhagalpur.
−1·0	83·0	87	6·4	3·23		1·97		2·11		8·15			17·40		Darbhanga.
—	82·3	89	6·9	2·24	2·78	2·04	4·33	2·44	11·70	8·08	+3·62	20·88	16·78	+3·50	Muzaffarpur.
−0·5	83·4	86	6·6	5·57		1·85		2·19		8·81			17·93		Champaran.
−1·7	82·1	90	8·6	2·54		2·02		2·43		8·08			15·47		Saran.
−3·4	79·6	92	5·9	5·83											
−2·9	80·5	93	9·3	4·77		2·23		2·91		7·40			13·11		Shahabad.
−1·8	82·4	90	6·6	7·08											
−3·0	79·7	98	6·9	6·20		2·27		2·88		7·71			14·38		Gaya.
−2·0	82·8	87	9·0	3·00	3·20	1·91	5·25	2·61	13·32	7·63	+5·69	24·81	15·03	+9·78	Patna.
					2·69	2·17	3·67	3·03	12·40	7·55	+4·85	23·59	15·26	+8·33	Monghyr.
−1·4	81·1	87	6·4	1·31	3·37	2·48	4·83	3·78	13·03	8·52	+4·51		19·35		Sonthal Parganas.
−2·4	74·7	92	10·0	12·97		2·64		3·95		8·97			18·67		Hazaribagh.
−1·3	74·9	91	7·9	2·67		2·70		3·06		8·33			18·39		Lohardaga.
						2·29		3·15		8·33			15·06		Palamau.
−0·9	79·4	90	8·3	4·34	4·34	2·63	6·00	3·55	6·33	8·82	−2·49	30·40	19·53	+10·87	Singhbhum.
					8·69	2·65	5·50	4·00	14·69	8·10	+6·59	39·13	17·58	+21·55	Manbhum.
−1·2	80·1	92	8·1	3·76											Assam.
−1·9	80·0	89	8·1	2·28											
−1·5	79·5	91	9·3	8·00											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 22nd of July 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 16th.	Monday, 17th.	Tuesday, 18th.	Wednesday, 19th.	Thursday, 20th.	Friday, 21st.	Saturday, 22nd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri	Puri ...	...	...	...	0'35	...	0'10	...	2	0'45	3'19	1'63	7'69	22'17	16'73
		Khurda ...	...	0'24		0'72	0'19					3'26		8'66		19'95
		Banpur ...	...	1'10	...	0'08	1'22					2'37		7'98		15'56
		False Point ...	0'09	0'01	...	...	0'09	0'40	0'44	2	1'03	3'46	4'42	10'89	50'64	21'05
		Gop ...				0'10						?		?		?
		Satpara ...										?		?		?
		Pipli ...	...	0'41	...	0'32	0'19					?		?		?
		Raspur ...	...	1'21	0'59	0'75	0'29					?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore	...	...	0'47							2'24		7'02		15'38
		Banki ...	...	...	0'02							3'38		10'31		21'00
		Cuttack ...	...	0'47	...	0'21	0'08					3'11		9'21		22'99
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	0'06					3'28		8'95		19'23
		Jajpur ...	...	...	0'07	...	0'61					2'85		9'32		21'22
		Dharmsala ...	0'15		0'17	0'17	0'50					?		?		?
		Salipore ...										?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Nayagarh ...										?		?		?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	0'13	...	0'38					?		?		?
		Chandbali ...	0'09	...	...	...	0'60	0'30				2'77		7'67		17'74
		Bhadrak ...	0'15	...	...	...	1'15					2'65		8'05		19'61
		Soro ...										2'02		7'79		17'35
		Balasore ...	0'68	...	...	0'96	0'90	6'15	...	4	8'69	3'12	12'25	9'56	45'92	20'65
		Jellasore ...										3'90		10'29		19'82
		Baripodah ...										3'16		9'03		20'99
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ..	Contai ...	2'48	0'49	0'22	0'21	0'48	0'70				3'25		9'88		21'25
		Tamluk ...	0'45	0'10	...	0'90	0'64	...	...	4	2'09	3'01	5'61	7'60	34'33	19'10
		Midnapore ...	0'54	...	...	...	0'51	0'40	0'51	4	1'96	2'37	2'76	8'44	31'25	18'96
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	0'52	0'35	0'44	3	1'31	2'17	2'18	9'72	33'57	21'53
		Kukrahaty ...	1'29	0'34	0'40	0'39	0'14					?		?		?
		Garhbeta ...	0'94	...	...	0'04	2'18	0'07	0'51	3	3'74	?	7'77	?	38'05	?
		Panskura ...	0'43	0'14	...	0'07	0'67	0'06	...	3	1'37	?	4'44	?	27'83	?
		Dantoon ...	...	...	...	1'69	2'50					?		?		?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	2'58	0'30	0'08	0'36	1'61	0'06	0'04	4	5'03	3'27	9'90	10'70	33'56	22'75
		Diamond Harbour ...	0'69	0'23	0'70	0'59	0'05	0'19	...	5	2'45	2'60	4'52	9'89	29'21	21'69
		Canning Town	0'23	1'45	0'11	1'33	0'45	0'08	0'27	6	3'94	?	9'13	?	51'94	?
		Alipore (Observatory).	0'36	0'19	0'79	0'36	0'14	0'86	0'59	7	3'29	2'72	6'89	8'56	44'50	21'08
		Barrackpore...	0'35	0'31	0'46	...	0'78	0'26	0'35	6	2'51	2'52	6'36	7'34	33'26	19'65
		Dum-Dum ...	0'80	0'13	0'26	0'16	0'60	0'44	0'35	7	2'74	2'65	8'49	7'38	41'27	19'90
		Barasat ...	0'49	0'35	...	0'40	1'50	...	0'59	5	3'33	2'37	9'98	7'01	35'65	18'96
		Basirhat ...	...	0'67	1'11	1'65	0'22	...	0'13	5	3'78	2'93	11'88	8'30	44'23	22'75
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	0'50	0'44	0'06	0'25	0'11	0'39	0'13	7	2'48	2'63	9'40	8'01	46'60	19'85
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	0'08	0'80	0'57	...	0'15	3	1'60	3'06	3'58	9'07	30'81	20'57
		Ulubaria ...	0'26	1'32	0'17	0'42	0'20	0'24	0'33	7	2'94	?	7'60	?	35'13	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	0'36	0'15	0'56	0'01	0'15	0'72	0'40	6	2'35	2'57	8'19	13'51	39'54	25'02
		Hooghly ...	0'02	0'03	0'33	0'09	0'92	0'57	1'20	4	3'16	2'90	6'46	7'66	30'39	18'16
		Jahanabad ...	0'13	...	0'83	0'81	0'42	0'71				2'34		8'48		20'37
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	0'95	0'40	0'16	1'01	0'04	0'10	1'15	6	3'81	2'05	10'59	6'87	39'09	19'21
		Krishnagar ...	0'53	0'32	...	0'08	2'45	0'41	0'10	5	3'89	1'83	7'34	6'53	32'17	18'01
		Chuadanga ...	0'37	0'42	0'21	...	1'20	0'61				1'58		6'83		20'59
		Meherpore ...	0'57	0'37	0'18	...	1'45	0'42	0'16	6	3'15	1'74	7'10	6'56	31'46	19'35
		Kushtia ...	0'95	0'55	...	0'05	0'03	0'42	0'60	4	2'60	1'94	9'24	7'38	47'61	22'55
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	0'06	0'25	2'65	3'42	0'11	...	0'40	5	6'89	2'83	15'81	8'70	41'75	23'93
		Bagerhat ...	0'25	0'18	0'02	0'26	0'55	0'82	0'35	6	2'43	3'71	12'48	10'02	40'34	26'98
		Khulna ...	0'35	1'19	0'08	0'05	1'40	0'90	0'25	5	2'22	2'82	7'99	7'64	35'75	23'10
		Nakipur ...	...	...	0'66	0'38	0'90					?		?		?
		Rampal ...	1'10	...	0'50	1'30	...	...	0'30	4	3'20	?	19'30	?	41'46	?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0'22	0'07	1'65	0'69	0'07	...	0'15	4	2'45	1'85	6'38	5'82	25'13	19'91
		Jessore ...	0'20	0'14	0'26	0'15	...	0'13	0'22	6	1'10	2'04	5'81	6'93	32'94	22'02
		Jhenidah ...	0'31	0'10	0'02	0'62	0'10	0'13	0'15	6	1'43	2'06	5'84	6'60	30'97	22'79
		Magura ...	0'33	0'25	0'06	0'10	...	0'06	0'50	4	1'30	1'85	7'08	6'68	30'01	22'33
		Bangaon ...	0'80	0'05	0'35	0'25	...	0'31	0'39	5	2'15	1'93	6'98	6'94	28'03	15'60
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	0'80	0'04	...	1'24	0'98	0'06	...	3	2'41	2'41	11'24	8'76	30'47	17'23
		Burdwan ...	0'08	0'53	0'30	0'04	0'08	1'03	0'77	4	2'83	2'85	14'86	7'53	40'43	18'35
		Katwa ...	0'74	0'41	...	...	2'30	0'07	0'04	3	3'60	1'80	6'57	6'14	27'15	18'70
		Raniganj ...	0'64	0'36	0'20	0'35	0'04	0'16	0'70	6	2'45	2'99	7'12	8'76	26'86	19'07
		Mankur ...	...	...	0'28	6'24	0'77	0'26	1'85	5	9'40	?	16'74	?	37'70	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	0'49	0'13	0'10	0'18	0'58	0'25	0'35	7	2'08	2'91	6'41	8'53	33'17	19'94
		Vishnupur ...	0'12	0'10	...	0'08	2'09	0'20	0'15	5	2'74	1'70	9'12	7'71	38'17	20'09
		Maliara ...	0'27	...	0'12	0'11	0'03	...	...	3	0'53	2'57	7'02	9'06	27'66	20'85
		Khatra ...	0'50	...	1'05	1'76	1'60	0'50	0'18	6	5'59	2'49	11'14	8'94	48'29	21'72
		Indas ...	0'74	0'60	1'98	0'25	0'71	0'13	...	6	4'41	?	8'65	?	34'95	?
		Kotalpur ...	0'24	...	...	0'68	1'35					?		?		?
		Onda ...	0'90	0'40	0'53	0'80	0'91	...	...	5	3'54	?	7'66	?	36'49	?
		Gangajalghati	1'20	0'25	0'24	0'25	0'32	...	0'30	6	2'56	?	9'90	?	36'73	?
		Raipur ...	1'12	...	...	...	2'08	...	0'38	3	3'58	?	6'34	?	41'66	?
		Sonamukhi ...	0'28	...	...	...	1'22	0'13	0'43	4	2'05	?	6'38	?	30'17	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	0'04	0'62	1'26	0'13	0'20	2'23	0'56	6	5'04	2'61	14'57	9'04	35'81	21'23
		Hetampore ...	0'54	0'26	...	0'02	0'05	0'84	0'32	4	2'03	3'03	3'90	8'96	21'54	21'81
		Rampur Hat...	0'31	0'15	...	0'06	0'81	0'11	0'75	5	2'19	2'06	10'99	6'70	28'74	18'50
		Bolpur ...	0'10	0'71	...	0'64	0'45	1'36	0'09	5	3'35	?	8'07	?	26'79	?
		Murari ...	0'15	1'03	1'72	0'40	0'65	...	0'25	6	4'20	?	14'86	?	37'30	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0'07	0'10	0'40	0'69	1'08	0'21	...	5	2'55	2'37	6'89	8'37	23'81	20'26
		Berhampore ...	0'43	1'32	0'08	0'05	0'48	0'31	0'02	4	2'69	2'27	6'23	7'38	35'57	19'73
		Lalbagh ...	0'80	1'19	0'02	0'48	0'30	1'38	...	5	4'17	2'22	8'91	7'10	35'95	18'51
		Azimganj ...	0'32	1'55	...	0'30	0'40	0'55	0'12	6	3'24	2'26	9'17	6'92	34'54	19'66
		Jangipur ...	0'15	1'05	0'13	0'13	0'16	0'66	0'21	7	2'49	2'01	12'61	7'45	43'88	19'05
		Lalgola ...	0'20	0'20	...	...	1'00	0'30	1'00	5	2'70	2'17		8'45	...	21'15
		Akhriganj ...	0'11	0'51	0'63	...	0'21	0'10	...	5	1'56	?	9'96	?	41'01	?
		Patkabari ...	1'20	0'50	0'50	...	0'50	0'10	...	5	3'10	?	8'25	?	...	?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0'22	0'38	0'46	0'80	...	...	0'49	5	2'35	1'70	9'65	6'73	40'63	21'15
		Sirajganj ...	0'11	0'05	0'11	0'09	0'04	0'09	0'13	3	0'62	2'24	15'19	7'57	44'31	22'67
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	0'26	0'18	0'28	0'67	0'30	0'26	0'15	7	2'04	2'41	6'71	8'78	25'20	25'98
		Nowkhilla ...	0'23	0'10	0'05	0'45	0'43	0'31				2'22		7'30		23'59
		Bogra ...	0'15	0'25	0'42	0'10	0'85	0'20	0'06	6	2'03	2'72	10'12	9'51	38'48	28'36
		Panchbibi ...	0'02	0'09	0'17	0'34	0'14	1'10	0'23	5	2'09	2'87	13'22	9'33	31'30	25'34
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	0'81	0'43	0'07	0'11	0'79	0'02	0'09	4	2'32	2'58	9'04	8'69	36'00	21'26
		Nator ...	0'10	0'50	0'38	0'14	...	0'35				2'50		8'80		22'29
		Naugaon ...	...	0'80	...	1'20	2'70	0'28	0'05	4	5'03	2'37	16'11	7'46	40'68	24'39
		Lalpore ...	0'14	...	...	0'34	0'11	0'07	1'90	4	2'56	?		?		?
		Manda ...										?		?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 22nd of July 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 16th.	Monday, 17th.	Tuesday, 18th.	Wednesday, 19th.	Thursday, 20th.	Friday, 21st.	Saturday, 22nd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BENGAL—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...										2·31		8·64		22·07
		Chanchal ...	0·67	0·39	1·40	0·80	0·46	0·25	0·35	7	3·82	1·88	11·35	8·98	23·88	24·02
		Gajal ...	0·30	0·58	...	0·80	0·10	0·15				?		?		?
		Sibganj ...	0·28	0·52		0·05		0·20				?		?		?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	0·40	0·56	0·05	0·18	0·35	0·18	...	6	2·62	2·45	10·56	7·92	31·75	24·25
		Churaman ...	...	0·55	0·16	0·43	0·91					1·89		8·07		73·06
		Raiganj ...	0·06	0·05	0·74	0·48	0·40					2·54		9·01		26·89
		Dinajpur ...	0·06	...	0·06	0·85	0·24	0·38	0·23	3	1·02	2·82	11·48	10·41	32·91	30·92
		Balurghat ...	0·11	00·9	0·28	0·13	0·42	0·24	0·25	6	1·47	1·01	11·07	7·76	31·08	25·60
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	0·06	0·21	0·30				?		?		?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	0·15					2·19		7·98		28·90
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·12	0·34	2	1·46	2·67	13·98	12·77	39·44	33·49
		Peerganj ...	...	..	0·18	0·28	0·18	0·42	0·32	5	1·38	?	13·66	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	0·07	...	...	...	...	0·56	0·43	2	1·06	2·41	22·89	10·20	52·62	41·48
		Gobindgunge	...	0·12	0·19	...	0·18					?		?		?
		Baguegra (*Nilphamari*)	0·04	..	...	0·29	0·07	0·13	0·54	3	1·07	3·04	23·65	11·11	43·14	33·53
		Ulipore ...	...	...	...	...	0·33	0·32				?		?		?
		Sundergunge...	...	...	...	...	...	0·98				?		?		?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·12	0·03	0·04	0·02	0·53	0·03	5·90	3	6·67	5·93	31·07	20·50	50·68	55·95
		Alipore Dooar	...	...	...	...	0·33					?		?		?
		Fallacotta ...										?		?		?
		Debiganj ...	0·13	0·07	...	...	...	1·09	1·00	3	2·29	?	25·76	?	58·71	?
		Bhagatpore (*Nagrakatta*)	3·34	0·06	0·87	0·53	3·95	0·65				?		?		?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	0·18	0·02	0·04	0·06	0·01	...	0·29	2	0·60	2·93	23·90	9·97	55·09	49·11
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	0·37	0·07	...	...	0·30	3	0·74	4·27		16·45		61·14
		Mickliganj ...	0·10	0·60	...	0·35	...	...	1·24	4	2·19	4·89	20·45	14·94	53·53	50·96
		Mathabhanga	0·15	...	0·10	...	...	...	0·93	3	1·18	5·55	37·34	16·67	61·03	56·71
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	1·10	0·34	0·56	4·7	1·64	2·12				9·30		37·91		95·95
		Siliguri ...	0·21	0·03	1·05	0·60	1·32	0·43	2·21	6	5·85	4·25	23·76	24·40	52·94	57·70
		Darjeeling ...	1·24	0·05	1·01	0·23	0·24	0·30	0·28	6	3·44	6·77	19·60	22·22	48·41	50·12
		Kalimpong ...	3·60	0·03	1·72	0·65	0·07	0·15				4·15		19·39		40·80
		Kurseong ...	0·78	0·14	1·06	0·30	0·90	0·30	0·76	7	4·24	?	22·07	?	62·47	?
		Pedong ...	1·16	0·15	1·13	0·63	0·18	0·93				?		?		?
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	1·02	1·35	1·82	0·94						8·04		26·42		65·10
		Chittagong ...	0·34	0·70	0·24	0·55	0·19	0·53				4·95		13·65		43·24
		Kutubdia ...	2·00	1·97								?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	0·35	0·51	0·60	0·10	0·56					?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenny ...	0·55	0·45	0·20	0·53						?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	...	1·16	0·39	0·08	3·11	0·48				?		?		?
		Chandpur ...	0·70	0·88	0·20	1·11	0·75					?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·24	0·38	0·20	0·07	0·13	0·52	0·14	6	1·79	3·69	17·65	11·62	66·93	34·75
		Bundarban ...										?		?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	0·90	2·26	0·52	0·43	2·38	0·17	...	6	6·65	4·05	12·63	14·18	103·66	49·57
		Pirojpur ...	0·61	0·54	0·22	0·14	1·00	0·13	1·29	7	3·93	3·27	11·62	10·49	53·53	29·88
		Barisal ...	0·33	0·65	0·45	0·09	0·97	0·75	...	5	3·24	3·46	12·39	10·71	52·17	31·87
		Gournaddi ...	0·16	0·19	0·08	...	0·58					?		?		?
		Bhola ...	1·50	2·15	0·16	0·54	1·15	0·76	...	6	6·26	4·44	11·07	13·26	46·83	38·02
		Daulatkhan ...	0·57	...	1·54	0·15	1·68	0·35	...	5	4·29	?	13·11	?	45·68	?
		Bauphal ...	0·80	2·50	0·70	...	1·13					?		?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·72	0·59	1·06	0·21	2·51	0·27	...	6	5·36	5·22	14·46	15·42	56·36	45·59
		Fenny ...	...	1·65	0·35	0·14	0·10	0·39				4·86		15·85		58·21
		Harishpore ...	1·45	2·63	0·12	1·16						?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	...	0·20	0·44							?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	0·21	...	...	...	0·95					2·38		7·50		24·82
		Faridpur ...	0·60	0·08	0·04	0·06	0·27	0·23	0·02	2	0·79	1·83	4·82	6·98	42·11	24·38
		Goalundo ...	...	0·20	...	...	0·69	0·80	0·12	4	1·81	2·14	6·32	6·94	41·49	22·30
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	0·26	0·44	0·06	0·13	0·26	0·27	5	1·41	3·88	7·56	10·72	26·80	30·49
		Dacca ...	...	...	0·16	0·18	0·21	0·34	0·78	5	1·67	3·44	7·58	8·85	35·22	26·13
		Narayanganj...	...	0·11	0·56	0·48	0·04	0·28	0·04	4	1·51	3·30	6·06	10·41	31·35	27·53
		Manikganj ...	0·07	0·15	0·04	1·24	0·04	0·60	0·42	4	2·56	2·56	7·72	7·43	31·92	21·14
		Joydebpore ...	0·07	0·28	0·50	0·18	0·46	0·30	0·32	6	2·11	?	10·03	?	30·50	?
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	...	...	0·26	...	0·79	1·11				2·14		7·51		26·24
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	0·24	0·06	0·22	0·27	0·25	1·05	5	2·09	3·25	11·78	10·45	42·57	33·09
		Chandpore ...	0·13	0·23	0·26	0·31	0·14	0·72	0·96	7	2·75	3·28	10·60	10·35	37·50	30·05
		Brahmanbaria	0·05	0·10	0·06	0·07						2·92		7·82		27·90
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	1·03	...	0·05	0·03	0·02	2	2·03	?	8·06	?	22·61	?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	...	0·75							?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	0·32	...	0·23	0·13	0·25	0·06				?		?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	0·10	...	0·18	1·12	0·30	1·50				?		?		?
	Mymensingh..	Kishorganj ...	0·22	...	0·40	0·22	0·39	...	...	4	1·43	2·87	14·08	8·57	47·09	32·21
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	0·68	...	...	0·11	...	1·57	3	2·36	2·75	15·64	7·09	44·19	23·77
		Mymensingh...	0·07	0·07	0·38	0·02	0·39	0·29	0·23	4	1·47	3·04	16·76	9·70	45·47	34·24
		Jamalpur ...	...									2·09		8·27		26·81
		Netrakona ...	...	0·51	1·52	1·03	0·86	0·48				3·25		10·89		38·27
		Subornakhalty	...	0·38	0·32	0·13	0·90	...	...	4	1·73	?	11·91	?	42·46	?
		Durgapore ...	1·00	...	...	1·80	0·70	1·00				?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	0·02	0·03		0·28	0·43	0·48				?		?		?
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	0·55	0·67	...	0·63				?		?		?
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	0·28	...	0·07					2·78		12·34		31·54
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	1·05	2	1·30	3·37	20·73	11·56	38·81	27·44
		Purnea ...	0·35	0·50	0·56	0·06	0·04	0·39	0·07	4	1·68	3·04	19·47	9·71	27·73	24·93
		Gondwara (*Korah*) ...	0·13	0·28	...	1·28	0·60	0·36	...	5	2·65	?	17·15	?	35·91	?
		Barsoe ...	0·10	0·90	...	...	1·00	0·55				?		?		?
		Forbesganj ...	...	0·31	0·09	0·42	...	0·65	0·15	4	1·62	?	17·46	?	28·94	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	0·20	0·20	0·20						?		?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	0·12	...	0·17	...	0·70	...	3	0·99	2·17	17·29	8·03	22·90	18·91
		Bongaon (*Syfabad*). ...	...	0·16	...	0·58	0·18	0·90				?		?		?
		Supaul ...	0·49	...	...	0·27	1·00	...	0·69	4	2·45	1·57	16·46	7·28	19·84	18·70
		Protabganj ...	...	...	0·13	0·26	...	0·26	...	3	0·65	?	19·97	?	23·79	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	1·40	...	0·07	0·04	0·12	0·02	3	1·65	2·38	18·90	6·90	24·06	16·12
		Banka ...	0·38	0·21	0·16	0·14	0·74	1·04	0·32	7	3·19	2·33	12·14	7·44	28·73	16·55
		Colgong ...	0·09	0·90	0·25	0·24	...	0·52	...	4	2·00	?	14·46	?	26·24	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	0·28	0·60	0·12	0·10	...	...	1·25	5	2·35	2·15	11·17	8·33	17·91	16·93
		Darbhanga ...	0·17	0·14	...	...	0·26	0·10	2·54	5	3·21	2·13	10·27	8·61	19·12	17·66
		Madhubani ...	0·12	0·09	...	0·19	0·04					1·62		7·50		17·59
		Bahera ...	...	...	1·24	...	...	1·30	3·13	3	5·67	?	11·18	?		?
		Roshera ...	...	0·50	...	...	0·20	...	1·30	3	2·00	?	11·55	?	16·94	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 22nd of July 1893—concld.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall.							Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rain fall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
			Sunday, 16th.	Monday, 17th.	Tuesday, 18th.	Wednesday, 19th.	Thursday, 20th.	Friday, 21st.	Saturday, 22nd.							
NORTH BIHAR—concluded.	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	0·29	1·09	0·90	1·80	4	3·99	1·66	14·77	7·71	26·65	17·10
		Muzaffarpur	0·01	0·57	0·01	0·06	0·08	0·30	0·67	3	1·70	2·06	9·88	8·30	14·78	17·27
		Hajipur ...	1·19	0·13	0·05	0·49	0·15	0·41	0·33	6	2·66	2·41	10·46	8·25	19·40	15·95
		Paru ...	0·43	...	...	0·94	0·22					?		?		?
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)										?		?		?
		Siuhar ...	...	...	...	0·60	0·85	...	0·25			?		?		?
		Pupri ...										?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	0·15	...	1·67	0·43	0·13	3·19	5	5·37	1·45	23·46	8·01	36·82	16·86
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	1·63	0·05					2·26		9·61		18·95
		Bagaha ...				0·51	...	0·89				?		?		?
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	0·70	1·19	1·11	0·03	3	3·03	?	8·01	?	12·22	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	0·30	0·40	0·07	0·77	1·00	0·21	1·00	6	3·75	1·95	13·86	8·68	21·98	16·08
		Siwan ...	0·10	0·05	0·23	0·63	...	0·09				2·31		7·88		15·70
		Chapra ...	0·49	0·15	0·05	0·56	0·06	...	1·23	4	2·54	1·79	9·49	7·67	17·50	14·61
		Sreepore ...										?		?	?	?
		Annuar ...	0·95	2·04	0·14	0·48	0·57	0·22	0·07	6	4·47	?	14·31	?	?	?
		Basantpur ...	1·32	0·76		0·04						?		?	?	?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	0·22	0·56	0·45	0·77	0·05	2·61	0·11	6	4·77	1·87	9·68	6·69	15·24	12·12
		Dehri ...	0·19	0·17	0·38	0·43	0·11	3·80	0·75	7	5·83	2·91	10·21	7·79	19·23	13·22
		Bhabhua ...	0·04	0·10	2·15	0·46	0·03	2·28	0·69	5	5·75	2·78	12·42	8·33	25·17	13·86
		Sasaram ...	0·42	0·25	0·54	0·30	...	3·00	1·03	6	5·51	1·93	9·41	7·08	...	12·49
		Arrah ...	0·84	0·02	0·70	0·24	0·34	1·72	0·29	6	4·15	1·60	13·14	7·13	25·25	13·95
		Mohanea ...	0·30	0·69	0·70							?		?		?
		Khiri ...	0·80	0·25	0·24	...	1·90	0·14				?		?		?
		Ageaon ...	0·65	1·00	1·00	0·45	...	...	3·30	5	6·40	?	13·94	?	...	?
		Ramagar ...	0·55	1·48	0·13	0·75	0·70	0·58	1·27	7	5·46	?	12·93	?	18·79	?
		Koath ...	0·28	0·78	0·65	0·64	0·12	...	1·66	6	4·15	?	9·69	?	18·99	?
		Sikrol ...	0·25	0·10	1·00	0·35	0·10	0·20	2·56	7	4·56	?	...	?	...	?
		Bassowan ...	...	0·40	0·79	1·14	...	0·64	1·18	5	4·24	?	14·18	?	21·27	?
		Monaharpur	1·16	0·70	0·58	0·30	0·12	2·49	0·25	7	5·51	?	9·23	?	...	?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	0·27	0·20	0·91	0·09	0·14	2·32				2·70		7·97		14·74
		Gaya ...	0·72	0·85	0·18	0·22	2·35	0·25	1·63	7	6·20	2·44	11·78	7·48	21·09	14·60
		Nawadah ...	1·11	0·23	0·30	0·09	0·78	0·80	2·44	6	5·70	1·65	9·52	7·40	19·75	13·95
		Jahanabad ...	0·70	0·38	0·37	2·48	2·50	2·41	6·87	7	15·71	2·30	25·95	7·09	34·10	14·18
		Arwal ...	...	0·58	0·32	...	1·85	0·35	1·21	5	4·31	?	10·61	?	16·13	?
		Daudnagar ...	...	0·35	1·13	0·23	...	1·41				?		?		?
		Sherghati ...	0·40	0·50	1·00							?		?		?
		Rajauli ...	...	0·84	1·34	0·14	2·50	1·40	1·30	6	7·52	?	13·36	?		?
		Pakri Barawan	0·66	0·63	...	0·15	...	2·04	4·83			?		?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	0·97	0·63	...	0·08	0·65	0·59	0·08	4	3·00	2·00	13·79	7·39	24·87	15·73
		Dinapore ...	0·73	0·16	...	0·03	1·57	0·17	0·30	6	2·96	1·61	16·89	7·12	26·51	14·61
		Bihar ...	0·33	0·56	0·70	...	0·20	2·00	1·80	6	5·59	1·98	12·83	7·72	27·72	15·32
		Barh ...	0·32	0·24	...	0·10	0·25	...	0·35	5	1·26	2·04	9·75	8·26	19·67	14·39
		Bickram ...	3·25	0·12	0·12	1·90	2·43	0·53	1·25	7	9·60	?	18·16	?	28·44	?
		Hilsa ...	1·00	1·24	0·30	0·23	0·60	0·30	0·70	7	4·57	?	14·35	?		?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	0·70	...	...	...	...	0·98	2	1·68	2·20	15·74	7·19	29·71	14·83
		Monghyr ...	...	0·69	0·32	0·55	...	...	0·27	4	1·83	2·18	11·17	7·70	20·44	15·60
		Jamui ...	0·43	1·75	0·60	1·56	....	0·04	0·18	5	4·56	2·14	10·29	7·76	20·59	15·23
		Gogri ...	...	2·25								?		?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	0·93	1·93	...	1·70	0·50	2·70	5	7·76	?	13·04	?	31·12	?
		Chahai Bamda	0·90	0·36	0·90	0·82	1·64	0·69	1·84	7	7·15	?	13·12	?	32·08	?
		Chupreon ...										?		?		?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	0·50	0·78	0·17	0·09	0·68	...	1·09	5	3·31	2·10	15·42	8·08	29·06	22·07
		Godda ...	0·30	0·09	0·18	0·36	0·04	1·63	0·90	5	3·50	2·30	11·93	7·45	...	16·44
		Pakour ...	1·36	0·95	0·85	0·37	0·12	0·14	0·18	7	3·97	2·35	16·22	9·05	39·58	22·21
		Naya Dumka	0·41	0·71	0·16	0·07	0·02	0·41	0·07	4	1·85	2·74	11·83	8·46	34·18	19·26
		Deoghur ...	1·29	0·06	...	...	...	1·05	1·58	3	3·08	2·65	12·53	8·80	29·55	18·72
		Jamtara ...	0·36	0·09	0·10	...	1·33	1·25	0·50	5	3·63	2·69	10·30	8·35	30·57	18·48
		Belbodda ...	...	...	1·16	1·66						?		?		?
		Nanihat ...	1·25									?		?		?
CHOTA NAGPUR	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (Giridih). ...	0·94	0·41	0·10	3·05	2·18	0·60	0·15	7	7·43	2·22	11·51	8·08	32·91	17·40
		Hazaribagh ...	0·55	0·12	0·07	4·69	2·16	1·25	0·13	6	12·97	2·39	22·16	8·78	40·56	16·98
		Semtaguran ...										2·56		8·80		18·38
		Mahudi Hills										2·49		8·04		17·06
		Jhumra Hill										3·52		11·13		22·54
		Barhi ...	4·69	...	...	2·24	4·79	1·89	0·46	5	13·98	?	21·06	?	33·69	?
		Chatra ...	0·16	0·06	...	0·90	1·24	5·73				?		?		?
		Karagdeha ...	0·63	0·47	...	3·49	1·51	2·07	0·13	6	8·21	?	12·71	?	23·85	?
		Ramgar ...	2·23									?		?		?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	0·37	0·44	...	0·51	0·17	0·61				2·37		8·36		17·91
		Ranchi ...	0·01	0·36	0·09	1·22	0·60	0·10	0·19	5	2·57	3·03	13·15	8·69	30·39	19·16
		Silli ...										?		?		?
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...										2·29		8·33		16·06
		Balumath ...	0·82	0·44	0·45							?		?		?
		Husainabad	1·20	0·17	2·25							?		?		?
		Garhwa ...	0·22	3·75	0·09	0·76	0·34					?		?		?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	0·50	0·55	1·25	0·56	1·21	0·26	0·01	6	4·38	3·62	6·34	8·82	27·90	19·53
		Chakardharpur.	0·80	0·2	0·40	·25	0·64	...	...			?		?		?
		Ghatsila ...										?		?		?
		Baharagura	1·21	...	...	1·30	1·75	0·05				?		?		?
		Gailkeira ...	0·35	0·10	0·40	0·55	0·15	0·20				?		?		?
		Kalikapur ...	0·72	...	0·61	1·41	2·42	3·15	0·16	6	8·47	?	13·07	?	45·92	?
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	0·05	0·82	0·29	0·84	2·82	2·26	...	5	7·08	2·71	12·79	8·27	40·73	18·73
		Gobindpur ...	1·26	0·25	1·16	5·10	0·95	1·54	0·04	6	10·30	2·59	10·39	7·91	34·33	16·41
		Raghunathpore.	1·85	0·25	1·46	0·20	1·90	5·70	0·27	7	11·03	?	17·05	?	32·45	?
		Barahabhum	2·40	0·05	0·20	0·03	2·10	0·51	0·42	5	5·71	?	8·29	?	34·94	?
		Jhalda ...	0·33	0·67	2·05	0·92	0·45	0·02	...	5	4·44	?	8·78	?	24·69	?
		Chas ...	0·78	0·11	0·92	2·76	0·98	...	...	5	5·88	?	9·02	?	27·07	?
		Pandra ...	1·37	0·02	0·16	0·70	0·47	0·30	...	5	3·02	?	6·56	?	29·42	?

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th July* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 22ND OF JULY 1893.

AT the close of the previous week a very shallow barometric depression existed in the north of the Bay, which gave rise to a series of small local storms over the southern districts, which were accompanied by rather heavy rain. On the 16th instant, or the first day of the present week, pressure increased moderately in the north of the Bay and in East Bengal and Assam, and the feeble low pressure area apparently moved inland from the Bay in a north-westerly direction. On this day the distribution of pressure over the province was nearly normal, except that pressure was low in Chota Nagpur and Western Bengal, and the monsoon current blowing was also fairly normal, though winds were a little more easterly than usual, the more pronounced easterly direction being probably produced by the low pressure in the west of the province. With these conditions general rain was reported on the 16th in all districts, the rainfall being decidedly heavy in parts of Chota Nagpur and South-West Bengal. On the 17th a further increase of pressure had occurred, and the feeble area of low pressure had again advanced in a north-westerly direction and was well to the west of Chota Nagpur. General rain continued over the province, the rainfall being again heavy at many of the western stations. On the 18th the pressure changes were small, and the feeble area of low pressure had quite ceased to affect the province. Rainfall continued general, and the falls were still heavy in the western districts. On the 19th pressure was increasing at the western stations, while winds were becoming rather westerly over this area, but on the other hand pressure continued to fall over the centre and east of the province, where winds were still south-easterly. The westerly winds just alluded to were probably an indication of the strengthening of the Bombay branch of the monsoon current, which was beginning to advance across Central India and to interact with the Bengal branch over the western districts of the province, and as a result of this interaction very heavy rain began to fall in Chota Nagpur and Bihar, while lighter general rain fell over the remainder of the province. The wave of increasing pressure extended over the greater part of the province on the 20th, and only a few stations in North-East Bengal reported a decrease. The westerly winds also forced their way further and extended over South Bihar, Chota Nagpur, Orissa and parts of South-West Bengal. The area of interaction between the two wind systems therefore also advanced in an easterly direction, and heavy rain fell in parts of Orissa, South-West Bengal and Bihar as well as in Chota Nagpur, the remainder of the province receiving lighter rain. On the 21st the westerly wind current made little progress in its advance, and the conditions of rainfall remained almost the same as on the 20th, while pressure was generally falling slowly. On the 22nd, however, a further extension of the westerly winds took place accompanied by a very decided increase of pressure, and winds became south-westerly over the greater part of the province, while a distinct area of comparatively high pressure was establishing itself over the south-western districts. With this further advance, the area of interaction of the winds and the accompanying heavy rainfall were shifted towards the east and north of the province, and rainfall became light in the western and south-western districts. Hence it will be seen that conditions during the week have been favourable for heavy rain in the west and south-west of the province, except in Orissa, while rainfall has been generally lighter elsewhere, and, compared with the normal for the week, very heavy rain has been received in Chota Nagpur and South Bihar, and moderately heavy rain in South-West Bengal and North Bihar, but all other divisions show defective falls.

Pressure has been increasing fairly steadily during the week, and hence the mean pressure now shows a distinct excess above the normal, the average excess equalling about 0·03 inch, though on the last day of the week the excess ranged from about 0·02 inch in the north of the province to 0·08 inch in Orissa.

Temperature.—Owing to the continued heaviness of the rainfall the mean temperature for the week has again been in defect of the normal, the defect ranging from 2·4° in South Bihar to 0·6° in Orissa, while the mean defect for Bengal has been 1·2°. In Assam the defect has equalled 1·5°.

Rainfall.—Compared with the normal for the week, there has been an excess fall of four inches in Chota Nagpur, an excess of 1·6 inches in South Bihar, and of about half an inch in South-West Bengal. The fall in North Bihar has been slightly more than usual, but in the remaining districts defects have been registered, the defects ranging from four-fifths of an inch in North Bengal to an inch and a third in Orissa. The actual average divisional falls have varied from nearly seven inches in Chota Nagpur to an inch and two-thirds in Orissa. The number of rainy days during the week has indeed been rather largely in excess of the normal in all districts except Orissa. In all districts except Orissa rain has fallen on four or five days during the week, but in Orissa the falls have occurred on less than two days.

Some exceptionally heavy falls are reported—Jehanabad in the Gaya district has received 15·71 inches during the week; Hazaribagh Burhi, Gobindpur, and Raghunathpur falls of from 10 to 15 inches; Balasore, Satkhira, Mankur, Jalpaiguri, Patuakhali, Rajouli, Pakri Barawan, Bikram, Shaikpura, Chahai Bamda, Giridi, Karagdiha, Kalikapur, and Purulia falls of about 7 inches and upwards, while very numerous stations have received four and five inches.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 22nd of July 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	92·2	75·7	87·6	78·3	83·0	−0·6	1·67	2·98	−1·31	1·75	3·55	−1·80	5·27	8·83	27·83	19·30
South-West Bengal ...	91·7	75·8	87·6	78·5	83·1	−1·2	2·87	2·45	+0·42	5·04	3·59	+1·45	8·22	7·89	34·94	20·53
North Bengal	90·1	76·1	88·3	78·0	83·1	−0·9	2·02	2·82	−0·80	4·00	3·22	+0·78	16·30	10·22	38·74	32·81
East Bengal	89·8	73·1	85·5	77·3	81·5	−0·7	2·30	3·51	−1·21	4·50	4·10	+0·40	11·61	10·85	47·56	33·63
North Bihar	92·2	76·5	89·4	79·2	84·3	−0·9	2·25	2·22	+0·03	3·72	2·66	+1·06	14·83	8·71	24·49	18·95
South Bihar	91·4	76·0	86·9	78·0	82·5	−2·4	3·84	2·23	+1·61	5·28	3·09	+2·19	13·59	7·74	21·75	15·67
Chota Nagpur	90·4*	69·4*	84·0*	73·3*	78·7*	−1·5*	6·68	2·71	+3·97	5·71	3·88	+1·83	13·11	8·66	32·11	18·19
Assam	92·1	75·3	88·0	77·5	82·8	−1·5										

* Daltonganj not included.

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 25th July 1893.

A. Pedler,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 16th to 22nd July 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.							Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.		Vavour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°		Inches.	°	%	Inches.
July ...	16th ...	29·610	82·0	85·9	7·9	78·0	81·6	79·5		·982	78·7	91	0·75
,, ...	17th ...	·662	82·7	88·0	10·7	77·3	81·1	79·5		·988	78·9	93	0·16
,, ...	18th ...	·588	80·4	83·9	7·1	76·8	83·6	81·5		1·048	80·7	90	1·02
,, ...	19th ...	·556	81·9	85·9	8·1	77·8	81·6	80·5		1·028	80·1	96	0·35
,, ...	20th ...	·574	82·4	87·0	9·2	77·8	84·6	82·0		1·060	81·0	89	0·14
,, ...	21st ...	·580	83·7	89·0	10·7	78·3	86·6	82·0		1·032	80·2	82	1·27
,, ...	22nd ...	·620	86·1	92·0	11·9	80·1	87·6	83·3		1·083	81·7	83	0·63

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·599
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	82·7
The extreme variation of temperature	15·2
The maximum temperature	92·0
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	89
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 16th to 22nd July 1893	4·32

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

C. Little,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India,
The 24th July 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 16th to 22nd July 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
July	16th	153·3	2·3	29·549	82·0	85·0	7·3	77·7	79·5	0·974	78·4	89	SSE, S and calm...	66	0·06	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d.
,,	17th	139·6	1·0	·571	81·5	85·0	7·8	77·2	79·5	·983	78·7	91	SSE and S ...	53	0·66	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p.
,,	18th	109·3	Nil	·561	81·7	83·6	6·9	76·7	79·8	·995	79·1	92	SSE and calm ...	36	0·32	Cloudy, o, g, d, p, t.
,,	19th	132·8	0·7	·530	81·5	84·1	5·9	78·2	79·8	·995	79·1	93	SW, SSE and calm	49	0·37	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p.
,,	20th	143·5	2·2	·553	82·2	85·6	7·9	77·7	78·9	·945	77·5	86	SSW and calm ...	66	0·94	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p, t.
,,	21st	149·2	5·8	·559	84·3	87·9	9·5	78·4	79·3	·935	77·2	79	SW and SSW ...	169	0·54	Partially cloudy, o, g, d, p.
,,	22nd	148·5	5·2	·600	85·0	89·6	8·5	81·1	80·6	·986	78·8	81	SSW and SW ...	169	0·08	Partially cloudy, o, p.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·560
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·509
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	17·2
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	93·1
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	82·6
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·4
The extreme variation of temperature	12·9
The maximum temperature	89·6
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	13
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	87
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	86
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 16th to 22nd July 1893	2·97
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	2·60
The total fall from 1st January to 22nd July 1893	56·67
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	30·11

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast ; g, gloomy ; d, drizzling rain ; p, passing temporary showers ; t, thunder ;

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 24th July 1893.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low-water in the Rivers Ganges, Bhagirathi, Jalangi, and Brahmaputra, for the month of June 1893.

Date.		River Ganges.																River Bhagirathi.		River Jalangi.		River Brahmaputra.	
		Mirzapur.		Benares.		Buxar.		Dinapore.		Monghyr.		Sahibganj.		Rampur Boalia.		Goalundo.		Berhampore.		Sarupganj.		Gowhatty.	
	Distance. Miles.	From Allahabad ... 96		From Allahabad ... 134	From Mirzapur ... 48	From Benares 90		From Benares 177	From Buxar ... 97	From Benares 287	From Dinapore 110	From Benares 381	From Monghyr 94	From Benares 471	From Sahibganj ... 90	From Benares 591	From Rampur Boalia ... 120						
		Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.
1st ...	...	1·00	207·22	Below zero. 1·04	195·76	Below zero. 0·50	168·55	9·96	144·13	2·08	103·93	Below zero. 4·17	63·83	0·96	42·96	6·75	15·69	5·33	39·07	7·67	11·97	9·80	158·56
2nd ...	...	2·50	208·72	1·04	195·76	0·33	168·72	10·50	144·53	3·08	104·93	4·08	63·92	1·21	43·21	7·17	16·11	5·67	39·41	7·67	11·97	12·40	162·16
3rd ...	...	2·25	208·47	1·37	195·43	Above zero. 0·33	169·38	10·50	144·73	3·50	105·35	4·00	64·90	1·75	43·75	7·67	16·61	6·58	40·32	7·17	11·47	14·10	162·86
4th ...	...	2·08	208·30	1·37	195·43	1·42	170·47	10·80	145·03	3·92	105·77	4·00	64·00	2·25	44·25	8·17	17·11	6·83	40·57	7·00	11·30	15·50	164·26
5th ...	...	1·83	208·05	1·37	195·43	1·75	170·80	11·70	145·93	3·92	105·77	3·92	64·08	2·67	44·67	8·75	17·69	7·08	40·82	7·00	11·30	16·70	165·46
6th ...	...	1·67	207·89	Above zero. 0·50	197·30	1·50	170·55	12·50	146·73	4·42	106·27	3·92	64·08	3·17	45·17	9·75	18·69	6·96	40·70	6·92	11·22	19·00	167·76
7th ...	...	2·83	209·05	0·75	197·55	1·42	170·47	12·10	146·33	4·92	106·77	3·67	64·33	3·50	45·50	10·50	19·44	6·79	40·53	6·17	10·47	20·50	169·26
8th ...	...	3·50	209·72	1·00	197·80	1·33	170·38	11·70	145·93	5·08	106·93	3·50	64·50	3·67	45·67	10·92	19·86	6·79	40·53	5·83	10·13	21·00	169·76
9th ...	...	3·75	209·97	1·42	198·22	1·42	170·47	11·30	145·53	4·75	106·60	3·25	64·75	3·77	45·77	11·50	20·44	6·79	40·53	5·75	10·05	19·80	168·56
10th ...	...	3·92	210·14	1·67	198·47	1·58	170·63	11·60	145·83	4·50	106·35	3·00	65·00	3·87	45·87	11·92	20·86	6·67	40·53	5·67	9·97	18·20	166·96
11th ...	...	3·92	210·14	1·83	198·63	1·75	170·80	11·60	145·83	4·43	106·27	3·00	65·00	4·04	46·04	12·33	21·27	6·92	40·66	5·67	9·97	17·16	165·86
12th ...	...	3·58	209·80	1·67	198·47	1·92	170·97	11·30	145·53	4·33	106·18	2·83	65·17	4·17	46·17	12·50	21·44	7·17	40·91	5·50	9·80	16·20	164·96
13th ...	...	3·33	209·55	1·58	198·38	2·00	171·05	11·10	145·33	4·42	106·27	3·00	64·00	4·17	46·17	12·50	21·44	7·12	40·86	6·67	10·97	16·10	164·86
14th ...	...	3·08	209·30	1·50	198·30	2·08	171·13	11·10	145·33	4·46	106·31	2·75	65·25	4·10	46·10	12·25	21·19	7·08	40·82	7·17	11·47	16·80	165·54
15th ...	...	3·67	209·89	1·50	198·30	2·08	171·13	11·30	145·53	4·58	106·43	2·50	65·50	4·06	46·06	11·92	20·86	7·12	40·86	7·50	11·80	17·10	165·86
16th ...	...	3·67	209·89	1·67	198·47	2·42	171·47	11·40	145·63	4·75	106·60	2·17	65·83	4·04	46·04	11·92	20·86	7·17	40·91	7·92	12·22	17·30	166·06
17th ...	...	3·67	209·89	1·58	198·38	2·50	171·55	11·40	145·63	5·00	106·85	1·67	66·33	4·29	46·29	12·00	20·94	7·46	41·20	8·50	12·80	17·50	166·26
18th ...	...	3·08	209·30	1·50	198·30	2·50	171·55	11·40	145·63	5·08	106·93	1·00	67·00	4·83	46·83	12·25	21·19	8·08	41·82	9·92	14·22	18·30	167·06
19th ...	...	3·25	209·47	1·33	198·13	2·50	171·55	12·00	146·23	5·33	107·18	0·50	67·50	5·25	47·25	12·42	21·36	8·23	42·66	10·33	14·63	19·30	168·06
20th ...	...	4·17	210·39	2·00	198·80	2·42	171·47	12·00	146·23	5·50	107·35	0·08	67·92	5·58	47·58	12·50	21·44	10·12	43·86	10·92	15·22	20·70	169·46
21st ...	...	4·50	210·72	3·33	200·13	2·83	171·88	12·40	146·63	5·92	107·77	Above zero. 0·42	68·42	5·96	47·96	12·75	21·69	11·50	45·24	11·92	16·22	21·10	169·86
22nd ...	...	4·75	210·97	2·67	199·47	3·50	172·55	13·00	147·23	6·25	108·10	1·42	69·42	6·75	48·75	13·25	22·19	13·00	46·74	14·00	18·30	20·80	169·56
23rd ...	...	7·17	213·39	3·75	200·55	3·75	172·80	13·50	147·73	6·58	108·43	2·00	70·00	7·58	49·58	13·75	22·69	14·87	48·61	14·75	19·05	20·20	168·96
24th ...	...	8·58	214·80	6·42	203·22	4·00	173·05	13·90	148·13	7·17	109·02	2·67	70·67	8·25	50·25	14·25	23·19	16·17	49·91	16·17	20·47	20·30	169·06
25th ...	...	8·58	214·80	7·00	203·80	7·08	176·13	14·00	148·23	7·67	109·52	3·33	71·33	8·46	50·46	14·42	23·36	16·33	50·07	17·25	21·55	20·70	169·46
26th ...	...	11·33	217·55	8·75	205·55	8·83	177·88	15·70	149·93	8·00	109·85	3·83	71·83	8·50	50·50	14·50	23·44	16·50	50·24	18·00	22·30	20·10	168·86
27th ...	...	14·00	220·22	11·17	207·97	9·67	178·72	17·80	152·03	9·25	111·10	5·33	73·33	8·50	50·50	14·50	23·44	16·25	49·99	18·75	23·05	18·80	167·56
28th ...	...	15·75	221·97	14·25	211·05	11·17	180·22	18·70	152·93	10·92	112·77	6·08	74·08	8·83	50·83	14·42	23·36	16·00	49·74	19·00	23·30	18·60	167·36
29th ...	...	14·92	221·14	14·50	211·30	12·75	181·80	20·90	155·13	12·00	113·85	8·00	76·00	9·25	51·25	14·33	23·27	16·33	50·07	19·25	23·55	18·40	167·16
30th ...	...	15·25	221·47	14·00	210·80	12·92	181·97	22·70	156·93	14·08	115·93	10·00	78·00	10·25	52·25	14·58	23·52	16·63	50·36	19·25	23·55	18·80	167·56

Calcutta,
The 21st July 1893.

G. C. Maconchy,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Abstract of principal commodities carried over the Eastern Bengal State Railway during the month of April 1893, as compared with the same month of the previous year.

STAPLES.	1893.		1892.		Total.		Increase.	Decrease.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	1893.	1892.		
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Coal	3,948	19,537	3,564	14,690	27,672*	28,452*	......	780
Cotton, raw	16	250	1	718	266	719	......	453
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European								
2.—Indian								
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European—								
a.—In bales and bundles	2,350	135	3,156	153	2,485	3,309	......	824
b.—In boxes								
2.—Indian—								
a.—In bales and bundles								
b.—In boxes								
Grains—								
2.—Rice	1,810	4,664	5,310	1,042	6,474	6,352	122	......
5.—Others	1,302	7,402	2,176	5,257	8,704	7,433	1,271	......
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle—								
a.—Dressed								
b.—Undressed								
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.—	2	622	6	570	624	576	48	......
a.—Dressed								
b.—Undressed								
Jute—								
1.—Raw—								
a.—Screwed	......	1,430	......	941	1,430	941	489	......
b.—Unscrewed	......	4,266	6	811	4,266	817	3,449	......
2.—Gunny bags and cloth	687	1,244	298	885	1,931	1,183	748	......
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought								
2.—Brass, unwrought								
3.—Brass and copper, wrought	1,188	222	1,491	75	1,410	1,566	......	156
4.—Iron								
5.—Tin								
6.—Others								
Oils—								
2.—Kerosine	4,567	24	2,083	32	4,591	2,115	2,476	......
3.—Others	397	50	315	16	447	331	116	......
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed								
2.—Rape and mustard								
3.—Til or gingelly								
4.—Niger	174	8,733	496	3,538	8,907	4,034	4,873	......
5.—Castor								
6.—Poppy								
7.—Others								
Provisions—								
2.—Betel-nuts	257	1,151	124	1,043	1,408	1,167	241	......
3.—Others	546	731	543	630	1,277†	1,173†	104	......
Railway plant and rolling-stock	......	......	......	......	19,366	7,159	12,207	......
Salt	4,252	12	4,672	125	4,264	4,797	......	533
Sugar—								
1.—Drained	403	2,598	1,097	1,651	3,001	2,748	253	......
2.—Undrained								
Tea—								
1.—Foreign	......	221	......	243	221	243	......	22
2.—Indian								
Wood—								
1.—Timber	362	218	711	317	580	1,028	......	448
2.—Firewood	1,090	83	1,324	......	1,173	1,324	......	151
Tobacco	245	2,228	127	2,639	2,473	2,766	......	293
All other articles of merchandise—								
1.—Unmanufactured	5,235	4,145	4,838	3,534	9,380	8,372	1,008	......
2.—Manufactured								
Hay, straw, and wooloo (C. & S.-E. Sections)...	1,384	......	861	......	1,384	861	523	......
Total ...	29,515	59,966	33,199	38,820	113,734	89,466	27,928	3,660

* Includes 4,887 tons and 10,288 tons of coal during 1893 and 1892, respectively, carried for Revenue, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

† Railway plant and rolling-stock, 19,366 tons and 7,159 tons for the years 1893 and 1892, respectively, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

Statement of principal commodities carried over the Eastern Bengal State Railway during the month of April 1893.

INCREASES.

	Tons.
Grains	1,271
Chuadanga, Kishanganj Bazar, Ramnagar, Forbesganj and Bhowanipore show increases under this head, due to good local crops and to a brisk demand in the Calcutta market.	
Jute, unscrewed	3,449
The principal increases are in despatches from Mymensing, Goalundo, Sirajganj, and Kushtia. The demand was in excess of the supply of jute of marketable quality.	
Kerosine oil	2,476
Due to the prohibition of carriage by boat within certain limits of the port of Calcutta.	
Oil-seeds	4,873
The increases are in despatches chiefly from Sonali, Kasba, Forbesganj, and Goalundo, due to good crop in those districts and brisk demand in Calcutta markets.	
Railway plant and rolling-stock	12,207
For repairs and renewals.	

DECREASES.

	Tons.
Coal	780
Ordinary fluctuation.	
Cotton piece-goods	824
Ordinary fluctuation.	
Salt	533
Chiefly in despatches from Chitpore.	

CALCUTTA, *the* 19*th July* 1893.

JAMES SHAW,
for Examiner of Accounts.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Abstract of principal commodities carried over the Bengal Central Railway during the month of April 1893, as compared with the same month of the previous year.

Staples.	1893. Up.	1893. Down.	1892. Up.	1892. Down.	Total. 1893.	Total. 1892.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Coal	1,167	......	906	......	1,537*	1,304*	233	......
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European								
2.—Indian								
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European—								
a.—In bales and bundles	377	4	324	......	381	322	59	......
b.—In boxes								
2.—Indian—								
a.—In bales and bundles								
b.—In boxes								
Grains—								
2.—Rice	21	133	15	290	154	305	......	151
5.—Others	47	927	55	262	974	317	657	......
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle—								
a.—Dressed								
b.—Undressed								
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.—	......	28	......	38	28	38	......	10
a.—Dressed								
b.—Undressed								
Jute—								
1.—Raw—								
b.—Unscrewed	......	135	......	1	135	4	134	......
2.—Gunny bags and cloth	25	1	19	......	26	19	7	......
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought								
2.—Brass, unwrought								
3.—Brass and copper, wrought	58	23	166	8	81	174	......	93
4.—Iron								
5.—Tin								
6.—Others								
Oils—								
2.—Kerosine	127	......	99	......	127	99	28	......
3.—Others	194	......	158	......	194	158	36	......
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed								
2.—Rape and mustard								
3.—Til or gingelly	146	412	164	355	558	519	39	......
4.—Niger								
5.—Castor								
6.—Poppy								
7.—Others								
Provisions—								
2.—Betel-nuts	......	1,188	......	1,066	1,188	1,066	122	......
3.—Others	159	169	61	146	328	207	121	......
Railway plant and rolling-stock	......	......	......	......	115†	488†	......	373
Salt	342	......	283	3	342	286	56	......
Sugar—								
1.—Drained	32	2,238	55	1,144	2,270	1,199	1,071	......
2.—Undrained								
Tobacco	104	122	75	82	226	157	69	......
All other articles of merchandise—								
1.—Unmanufactured	1,438	641	1,615	514	2,079	2,129	......	50
2.—Manufactured								
Total ...	4,237	6,021	3,993	3,909	10,743	8,788	2,632	677

* Includes 398 tons and 379 tons of coal during 1,892 and 1893, respectively, carried for Revenue, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

† Railway plant and rolling-stock 488 tons and 115 tons for the years 1892 and 1893, respectively, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

Statement of principal commodities carried over the Bengal Central Railway during the month of April 1893.

INCREASES.

	Tons.
Grains	657
Chiefly from Jhikargachi and Khulna. Due to brisk demand in the Calcutta market.	
Sugar	1,071
Jhikargachi contributed nearly the whole of this increase. Prices in the Calcutta market were high.	

JAMES SHAW,
for Examiner of Accounts.

CALCUTTA, *the 19th July* 1893.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th July 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*293,704	*2,87,819 6 0	20,16,489 20	4,67,864 5 0	16,577 1 0	7,72,260 12 0	74,458½	95,229½	169,688½
Per mile of railway	......	178 11 5	......	290 8 2	10 4 8	479 8 3	......	......	......
For previous 1¼ week of half-year	357,334	4,13,146 7 0	24,08,940 20	5,43,096 9 0	19,856 2 0	9,76,099 2 0	88,081	118,422½	206,503½
Total for 2¼ weeks ...	651,038	7,00,965 13 0	24,25,430 0	10,10,960 14 0	36,433 3 0	17,48,359 14 0	162,539½	213,652	376,191½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	241,754	2,34,105 3 9	22,94,267 30	4,78,356 14 6	15,701 3 3	7,28,163 5 6	73,961	94,151	168,112
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	145 5 9	......	297 0 5	9 12 0	452 2 2	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 2¼ weeks of previous year	624,554½	5,58,658 1 5	52,52,017 20	11,27,527 3 8	36,661 0 3	17,22,846 5 4	167,340	227,843	395,183

* The increase is partly due to "Pooree" pilgrims and partly to "Ruth Jattra" festival.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th July 1893, on 22½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,019	4,151 3 0	6,630 20	208 14 0	8 0 0	4,368 1 0	885	83	968
Per mile of railway	......	186 9 2	......	9 6 2	0 5 9	196 5 1	......	......	......
For previous 1¼ week of half-year	19,363	4,715 15 0	4,105 30	178 6 0	16 0 0	4,910 5 0	1,028	94	1,122
Total for 2¼ weeks ...	36,381	8,867 2 0	10,736 10	387 4 0	24 0 0	9,278 6 0	1,913	177	2,090
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	20,428	4,833 8 0	5,155 10	193 12 0	11 4 6	5,038 8 6	995	61	1,056
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	217 3 9	......	8 11 4	0 8 2	226 7 3	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 2¼ weeks of previous year ...	60,580	14,503 0 1	15,795 0	582 12 0	19 11 0	15,105 7 1	2,171	139	2,310

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th July 1893, on 161⅝ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	20,501	15,626 1 0	43,908 30	6,298 14 0	34 0 0	19,958 15 0	6,079½	2,796	8,875½
Per mile of railway	......	84 6 9	......	39 0 5	0 3 5	123 10 7	......	......	......
For previous 1¼ week of half-year	23,095	14,910 14 0	43,703 20	6,671 2 0	40 0 0	21,622 0 0	7,027½	3,202½	10,230
Total for 2¼ weeks ...	43,596	28,536 15 0	87,612 10	12,970 0 0	74 0 0	41,580 15 0	13,107	5,998½	19,105½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,889½	12,175 14 11	38,717 20	5,881 11 0	23 1 0	18,060 10 11	6,478	2,618	9,096
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	75 7 0	......	36 5 1	0 2 4	111 14 5	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 2¼ weeks of previous year	39,233	26,095 6 1	91,176 30	13,703 9 0	80 1 9	39,879 0 10	14,479	6,078	20,557

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 15th July 1893, on 777 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	157,680	65,200 0 0	4,74,500 0	75,180 0 0	10,690 0 0	1,51,070 0 0	27,738	23,008	50,836
Or per mile of railway	203	84 0 0	611 0	97 0 0	*2 0 0	*183 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 1 week of half-year	230,790	89,500 0 0	7,24,660 0	96,650 0 0	12,280 0 0	1,98,430 0 0	31,075	27,693	58,678
Total for 2 weeks ...	388,470	1,54,700 0 0	11,99,160 0	1,71,830 0 0	22,970 0 0	3,49,500 0 0	58,813	50,701	109,514
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	135,158	54,800 0 0	3,96,308 0	74,192 0 0	11,262 0 0	1,40,254 0 0	27,529	27,000	54,529
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	174	71 0 0	510 0	95 0 0	*23 0 0	*169 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	373,985	1,45,791 0 0	9,08,884 0	1,62,226 0 0	25,487 0 0	3,33,504 0 0	62,874	61,666	124,540

* Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 15th July 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	29,500	9,670 0 0	48,580 0	2,930 0 0	40 0 0	12,660 0 0	4,102	1,570	5,672
Or per mile of railway ...	236	77 0 0	389 0	24 0 0	......	101 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 1 week of half-year	42,200	13,830 0 0	41,330 0	3,020 0 0	80 0 0	16,935 0 0	4,700	1,821	6,521
Total for 2 weeks ...	71,700	23,500 0 0	89,910 0	5,970 0 0	120 0 0	29,590 0 0	8,802	3,391	12,193
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	28,789	8,735 0 0	35,616 0	2,313 0 0	209 0 0	11,257 0 0	4,102	1,570	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	230	70 0 0	285 0	18 0 0	2 0 0	90 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	77,492	22,572 0 0	80,061 0	5,160 0 0	270 0 0	28,002 0 0	9,398	3,601	12,999

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 15th July 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week	17,770	4,800 0 0	10,500 0	880 0 0	60 0 0	5,740 0 0	2,487	737	3,2[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	207	56 0 0	122 0	10 0 0	1 0 0	67 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 1 week of half-year	19,890	5,500 0 0	12,450 0	1,030 0 0	130 0 0	6,660 0 0	2,851	843	3,6[illegible]
Total for 2 weeks ...	37,660	10,300 0 0	22,950 0	1,910 0 0	190 0 0	12,400 0 0	5,338	1,580	6,9[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	14,640	4,292 0 0	9,122 0	615 0 0	56 0 0	4,963 0 0	2,589	645	3,2[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	170	50 0 0	106 0	7 0 0	1 0 0	58 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	34,131	10,562 0 0	22,253 0	1,528 0 0	173 0 0	12,263 0 0	6,019	1,489	7,5[illegible]

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the first 8 days of July 1893, on 756 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	MDS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	110,320	46,650	2,95,420	41,260	12,600	1,00,510	14,904	18,692	33,596
Or per mile of railway	145·93	61·70	390·77	54·58	16·67	132·95	......	......	......
For previous weeks of half-year	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total for 1¼ weeks ...	110,320	46,650	2,95,420	41,260	12,600	1,00,510	14,904	18,692	33,596
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	107,882	38,128	3,78,915	42,323	12,442	92,893	16,310	22,497	38,807
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	142·89	50·50	501·87	56·06	16·48	123·04	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	107,882	38,128	3,78,915	42,323	12,442	92,893	16,310	22,497	38,807

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 15th July 1893, on 756 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	MDS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	94,990	36,160	2,92,130	47,150	12,550	95,860	13,046	15,574	28,620
Or per mile of railway	125·65	47·83	386·42	62·37	16·60	126·80	......	......	......
For previous 1¼ weeks of half-year	110,320	46,650	2,95,420	41,260	12,600	1,00,510	14,904	18,692	33,596
Total for 2¼ weeks ...	205,310	82,810	5,87,550	88,410	25,150	1,96,370	27,950	34,266	62,216
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	90,909	29,013	2,82,350	35,615	6,465	71,093	13,742	15,876	29,618
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	120·41	38·43	373·97	47·17	8·56	94·16	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	198,791	67,141	6,61,265	77,938	18,907	1,63,986	30,052	38,373	68,425

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the first 8 days of July 1893	13,558	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	13,145	0	0
Increase	413	0	0
Receipts per mile for the first 8 days of July 1893	265	13	6
Corresponding period of 1892	257	12	0
Increase	8	1	6
Receipts from 1st to 8th July 1893	13,558	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	13,145	0	0
Increase	413	0	0

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 15th July 1893	12,480	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	9,396	0	0
Increase	3,084	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 15th July 1893	244	11	4
Corresponding period of 1892	184	4	0
Increase	60	7	4
Receipts from 1st to 15th July 1893	26,038	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	22,542	0	0
Increase	3,496	0	0

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 26th July 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 31 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 *and* 1892.

THE Council met at the Council Chamber on Saturday the 22nd July, 1893.

Present:

The HON'BLE SIR ANTONY PATRICK MACDONNELL, K.C.S.I., Offg. Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, *presiding*.
The HON'BLE SIR CHARLES PAUL, K.C.I.E., *Advocate-General.*
The HON'BLE T. T. ALLEN.
The HON'BLE H. J. S. COTTON, C.S.I.
The HON'BLE H. H. RISLEY, C.I.E.
The HON'BLE GONESH CHUNDER CHUNDER.
The HON'BLE D. R. LYALL, C.S.I.
The HON'BLE J. A. BOURDILLON.
The HON'BLE MAULVI ABDUL JUBBAR KHAN BAHADUR.
The HON'BLE F. R. S. COLLIER.
The HON'BLE MAULVI SYED FAZL IMAM KHAN BAHADUR.
The HON'BLE MAHARAJA RAVANESHWAR PROSAD SING BAHADUR OF GIDHOUR.
The HON'BLE SURENDRANATH BANERJEE.
The HON'BLE L. GHOSE.
The HON'BLE MAULVI SERAJUL ISLAM KHAN BAHADUR.
The HON'BLE P. PLAYFAIR.
The HON'BLE J. G. WOMACK.

NEW MEMBERS.

The Hon'ble Messrs. Lyall and Bourdillon, the Hon'ble Maulvi Abdul Jubbar Khan Bahadur, the Hon'ble Mr. Collier, the Hon'ble Babu Surendranath Banerjee, the Hon'ble Mr. Ghose, the Hon'ble Maulvi Serajul Islam Khan Bahadur, and the Hon'ble Messrs. Playfair and Womack took their seats in Council.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The Hon'ble the President said:—"Gentlemen—Before we proceed to the business for which we are assembled, I wish to offer a few words of cordial welcome to the hon'ble members who appear in this chamber for the first time, and to congratulate the Council on its enlarged functions and wider sphere of usefulness. It is now 300 years, all but seven, since the Charter of Queen Elizabeth conferred on the Company of Merchants trading to the East Indies the power 'to make, ordain and constitute such and so many reasonable laws' as their enterprise required; and since then our legislative power in India has undergone various vicissitudes. Remaining in practical abeyance in the 17th century, it was not till the latter half of the 18th century that it was brought into active operation. You are all familiar with the difficulties to which the subjection of the legislative power to the veto of the judicial authorities led in the time of Mr. Hastings, and with the struggles which in the end of the last century resulted in the abolition of the veto. You are acquainted with the circumstances under which, in 1813, the powers of the Legislative Councils of all three Presidencies were enlarged and brought more into touch with the Government in England; and you know that the complications produced by the exercise of these extended powers in the Madras and Bombay Councils led to their disfranchisement in 1834, and to the concentration of all legislative authority in the Council of the Governor General. And you view, with perhaps something of an antiquarian interest, the introduction in 1853 of the judicial element into the Council, in the persons of two Judges of the Calcutta Supreme Court and the first faint glimmering of representation in the official nominees of the Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal and Agra. These various stages led up to the Act of 1861, by which a long step was taken in the direction of that liberal policy of which the Act of 1892 is a fuller realisation.

"Until 1861, then, Indian Legislative Councils were practically the executive Government acting in a legislative capacity, and according to modern notions that is not often a suitable arrangement. But, judged by practical results, the system on the whole worked well, and our Statute Book, from Lord Cornwallis's days to the days of the Penal Code, is no unworthy monument of the sagacity and the practical statesmanship of our predecessors.

"Thirty years ago, gentlemen, the old order of things had already begun to change, giving way to the new; our educational policy, ever to be associated with the names of Lord Macaulay, Lord Hallifax, and Mr. John Stuart Mill, had begun to take effect, and the change was stimulated by the transfer of the Government from the East India Company to the Crown. An early and expected effect of the extension of English education was the growth of a greater independence of thought on the part of the leaders of native society, and a fuller and freer criticism of the proceedings of Government. The number of Indian gentlemen who became accessible to the influences which swayed public opinion in England, and of those who were indirectly open to the same influence, increased rapidly. The time had come for a closer association of native gentlemen of light and leading with the Government of the country; and the prompt recognition of this fact will ever be connected with the honoured name of Canning.

"The establishment of local Legislative Councils and the addition of the native element brought our legislative system abreast of the public opinion of the day, and the results which have been attained are the best justification of the policy which inspired the Indian Councils Act of 1861. In Bengal, that policy has been entirely successful. No enactment on the long list of Bengal Statutes can be pointed to which was not called for by public necessity, or is

not instinct with the spirit of public duty. And if this be largely due to the broader sympathies and keener sense of responsibility, which are the product of modern times, it must be admitted that it is also due to the beneficial influences exercised by the native members of this Council on the legislation which has taken place.

"Gentlemen, to such an inheritance of honourable tradition you now succeed in peculiarly auspicious circumstances. The desire of the educated and forward sections of Indian society in these Provinces has been expressed in favour of more extended political privileges, and the Government has met that expression of opinion in the way most consonant with constitutional usage and most conducive to solid progress. The various influential public bodies to which the privilege of recommending Members of Council has been entrusted have received their mandate with gratification and have fulfilled it with propriety and self-respect. The very eagerness which other bodies of less, though still of considerable, influence have exhibited to share in the privilege is proof, if any were wanted, of the value they set upon it. All these considerations invest our meeting to-day with special interest. The occasion is a landmark which will be memorable in the constitutional history of the country. I am confident, gentlemen, that our deliberations will be always worthy of these high auspices, and that we shall ever approach the consideration of the questions with which we may have to deal in no spirit of factious criticism, but with the object of advancing the best interests of the people and maintaining the dignity of the Empire."

BENGAL PROVINCIAL SERVICE.

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE asked:—

What effect has been given to the notification issued in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 5th April last, announcing that six posts of District and Sessions Judge, four posts of Collector and Magistrate of a district, one post of Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue, and one post of Under-Secretary to Government and some other subordinate appointments have been thrown open to the Bengal Provincial Service; and how many members of the Provincial Service have been appointed District Judges and Magistrate-Collectors, and if any member of the Provincial Service has been appointed Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue or Under-Secretary to Government?

The HON'BLE MR. COTTON replied:—

"The effect of the notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 5th April last is qualified by paragraph 6 of the Resolution of the Government of India, No. $\frac{9}{1842}$C.Rev., dated the 21st April, 1892, which was published in the *Gazette of India* of the 23rd April, 1892, which declares that until all the existing statutory civil servants are provided for either by promotion or by amalgamation with the new Provincial Service, and until the prior claim of officers of the Civil Service of India and Commissions has been satisfied, the twenty posts referred to in the question cannot be thrown into the general *cadre* of the Provincial Service. There are now ten statutory civilians, of whom one, Mr. Brojendra Kumar Seal, holds the substantive appointment of a District Judge of the 1st grade, four hold the substantive appointment of Joint-Magistrate of the first grade, and five hold the substantive appointment of Joint-Magistrate of the second grade. Of the first grade Joint-Magistrates, three, *viz.*, Mr. Nunda Krishna Bose, Kumar Gopendra Krishna Deb, and Mr. Ambika Churun Sen, are at present officiating as Magistrates and Collectors of districts. None of the statutory civilians, except Mr. Seal, are yet of sufficient standing in the service to be substantively promoted to the grade of District Judge or Magistrate and Collector of a district, but all of them have officiated in such appointments. In addition to these ten officers, there are three ex-statutory civilians who have been transferred to the Bengal Provincial Service. One of these officers, Mr. Umesh Chunder Batabyal, is now officiating as Magistrate and Collector of a district; another, Rai Nundo Kissore Das Bahadur,

is holding a special appointment as District Officer of Angul and the Khond Mahals. The third is still a probationer, as he has not yet passed the departmental examinations. There are thus thirteen officers belonging to the Statutory and Provincial Services who are now holding posts ordinarily held by members of the Civil Service of India, to which the question refers. No member of the Provincial Service has yet been appointed to be Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue or Under-Secretary to Government."

NATIVE ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS OF POLICE.

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE asked:—

What is the number of Native Inspectors, together with their names, who, since the date of the report of the Public Service Commission, have been appointed to the grade of Assistant Superintendent of Police?

The HON'BLE MR. COTTON replied:—

"The number is two, viz., Babu Ras Behary Biswas, appointed on the 19th January, 1891, and Maulvi Zinnet Hosain Khan appointed on the 23rd June, 1892."

THE BENGAL GOVERNMENT'S SUMMER HEAD-QUARTERS.

The HON'BLE MR. GHOSE, in the absence of the HON'BLE MR. BONNERJEE, asked:—

(a) For how many years has Darjeeling been the head-quarters of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal during the hot weather?

(b) What used to be His Honour's hot-weather head-quarters before Darjeeling became such quarters?

(c) Has any additional cost been incurred by reason of Darjeeling becoming such quarters? If so, what has been the additional cost per annum since Darjeeling became such quarters, and from what funds has such additional cost been defrayed?

The HON'BLE MR. BOURDILLON replied:—

"(a) For about 30 years.

"(b) Various places, including Calcutta, Darjeeling, Parasnath Hill and Bhagalpur, at the discretion of the Lieutenant-Governor for the time being.

"(c) Additional cost has been incurred, which is defrayed from the public revenues. I have this morning received an unofficial letter from the Accountant-General of Bengal, in which he states that it is not possible to furnish figures for the earlier years of the period to which the question refers, because formerly accounts of this expenditure were not separately kept. Since 1888-89, however, these charges have been separately recorded, and the figures from that year will be furnished to the hon'ble member."

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S TOURS.

The HON'BLE MR. GHOSE, in the absence of the HON'BLE MR. BONNERJEE, asked:—

(a) How many tours did the present permanent Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal undertake from the time he took charge of his office to the time he went away on leave in May last?

(b) From what funds were the expenses of such tours defrayed, and if they were defrayed from the public revenues, what were the amounts of the expenses of each such tour?

The Hon'ble Mr. Bourdillon replied:—

"(*a*) Fourteen tours.

"(*b*) The expenses of such tours are defrayed from a lump allowance for tours and miscellaneous expenditure, which is a charge upon the public revenues, and under Article 1275 of the Civil Service Regulations is controlled by the Lieutenant-Governor. Details of the expenditure for each tour cannot be furnished."

THE MYMENSINGH CASE.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ghose, in the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Bonnerjee, asked:—

(*a*) Has the attention of His Honour the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal been called to the case printed as an appendix to the pamphlet called "Official Prestige *versus* the Liberty of the Subject"?

(*b*) Did the proceedings as printed in the appendix take place?

(*c*) Did His Honour approve of the proceedings? If not, will he, if he has not already done so, signify his disapproval to the officers concerned?

The Hon'ble Mr. Cotton replied:—

"(*a*) The attention of the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor has been drawn to the case referred to by the receipt of the pamphlet.

"(*b*) No official enquiry has been made to ascertain whether the proceedings as printed in the appendix took place.

"(*c*) The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor expresses no opinion on the report of the proceedings which purport to have taken place eighteen months ago, and in regard to which it was competent for any parties who may have considered themselves aggrieved to seek for their remedy in the proper quarter at the time."

BRITISH SUBJECTS MADE OVER ON WARRANTS TO THE FRENCH POLICE AUTHORITIES.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ghose, in the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Bonnerjee, asked:—

Is His Honour aware that several British subjects are now in prison awaiting trial at Chandernagore who were handed over to the French Police authorities by the British Police without such British subjects being brought before any British Magistrate and without any investigation before such British Magistrate? If not, will he enquire whether the fact mentioned in this question is true or not?

The Hon'ble Mr. Cotton replied:—

"The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor believes that the facts stated in this question are correct; the arrests having been made on warrants duly transmitted for execution by the French Government."

MUNICIPAL SANITATION PRIOR TO ACT XXVI OF 1850.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ghose, in the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. Bonnerjee, asked:—

(*a*) Who were the Municipal and Sanitary authorities of the towns of Bengal, except Calcutta and Howrah, at the time Act XXVI of 1850 of the Legislative Council of India was passed?

(*b*) What steps, if any, did these authorities take for the proper drainage, water-supply or sanitation of the towns in their respective charge?

The HON'BLE MR. BOURDILLON replied :—

"(*a*) and (*b*).—It is understood that there were no municipal authorities in the towns of Bengal at the time Act XXVI of 1850 was passed. It is believed that the Magistrate and the Civil Surgeon attended to sanitation so far as was practicable."

INSPECTION OF TEA GARDENS.

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE asked:—

What steps, if any, have been taken by the Government to ensure the efficient inspection of tea-gardens in the Dooars and the proper protection of coolies employed therein, with a view of remedying the evils pointed out by the Hon'ble Judges of the High Court, and published in the newspapers in their appellate decision in the case of Empress *versus* George Murray?

The HON'BLE MR. RISLEY replied:—

"The Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division was officially requested on the 9th instant to submit a full report to the Lieutenant-Governor on the suggestion made in connection with the case referred to in the question by the Hon'ble Judges of the High Court as to the necessity of inspection of tea-gardens in the Dooars. It is to be remembered that the labourers employed in Dooar tea-gardens are free labourers not affected by any Labour Law."

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1884, AMENDMENT BILL.

The HON'BLE MR. RISLEY said :—"MR. PRESIDENT—Before the motion which stands in my name is put to the Council, I propose with your permission to make a statement, as brief as may be, reviewing the various stages through which the Bill to amend the Bengal Municipal Act of 1884 has passed, and indicating the general line of policy which the Government propose to adopt in respect of some of its more important provisions. It will be remembered that the Bill was introduced into Council on the 16th July last year, and was at once referred to a Select Committee. While in the hands of the Committee, numerous alterations and additions were made in it, some of which involved important questions of principle. For this reason the Committee recommended, in their Preliminary Report of the 25th August, 1892, that the Bill as amended should be republished for general comment, and, together with the opinions received, be again referred to the public before being taken into consideration by the Council. On the 30th August the Bill and the Report of the Committee were accordingly circulated to District Officers, Municipal Commissioners and Public Associations, with a letter explaining more fully the points upon which their opinions were invited. In reply to this circular, a very large mass of literature has been received, which the Select Committee—now somewhat reduced in numbers—have endeavoured to deal with. A revised Bill has been prepared, but since then some important opinions have been received, and for this and other reasons the measure is hardly yet ready to be finally laid before Council. I am confident therefore that I express the views of my colleagues on the Committee when I say that we not only feel that the addition to our number of two elected representatives of Municipal interests will be a source of strength to the Committee, and will add authority to our conclusions, but that we fully realise the advantage we shall derive from discussing the Bill, section by section, with gentlemen who have actual and recent experience of municipal administration. It may further be expected that our deliberations will have the effect of reducing the number of points upon which discussion is likely to arise when the Bill is again laid before Council for the consideration of its clauses.

"Although many of the sections of the Bill have not yet assumed their final form, and the ultimate decision regarding them must depend greatly on the view taken of them by the Select Committee as now to be enlarged, there are some provisions of such importance that it seems desirable to take the present opportunity of stating how it is proposed to deal with them.

"In the first place then, it seems proper that I should make mention of the fact that a recent decision of a Full Bench of the High Court has reversed the decision of the Hon'ble Judges in the case of Mohini Chandra Paul and another against the Municipality of Kushtea. In this case, as was explained in the Statement of Objects and Reasons annexed to the Bill as originally introduced, the High Court held that a notification by the Government of Bengal, dated the 18th March, extending Part VII, Chapter II, of the Bengal Municipal Act V of 1876 to the Municipality of Kushtea, was not a 'notification' within the meaning of section 2 of the Bengal Municipal Act III of 1884, but an 'order,' and that, as that section contains no provision saving all orders made under the former Act, none of the provisions of Part VI of the present Act, corresponding to Part VII, Chapter II of the old Act, were in force in Kushtia or in any other municipality to which they had not been extended by the present Act. The practical meaning of this was that a large number of municipalities found themselves stripped of their legal power to deal with a number of sanitary matters, to regulate buildings, obstructions and encroachments on roads, burial and burning grounds, offensive and dangerous trades, and the like. The difficulty thus created might have been met in two ways—by issuing fresh notifications under the present law or by amending the Act. It was thought better to adopt the latter alternative as being the simplest means of attaining the end in view, while the procedure for issuing fresh notifications is cumbrous and elaborate. At the same time it was decided, at the suggestion of the Government of India, to take the opportunity of making an exhaustive inquiry into the working of the Act with a view to the inclusion of all amendments which experience had shown to be desirable. When this decision was arrived at, the probability that a Full Bench of the High Court might reverse the judgment in the Kushtia case was taken into consideration, and it was held that that event, even if it occurred before the Bill was introduced into Council at all, would not be of itself a reason for abandoning the intention to amend the law. What was contemplated as possible two years ago has now actually happened. A Full Bench of the High Court has overruled the Kushtia case and has restored to the municipalities the legal powers of which they had been for a time denuded. Meanwhile, the Bill has been gathering to itself, as it rolled onward, fresh provisions drawn from the experience of the many critics, official and non-official, who have handled the subject, and it now aims at embodying several important administrative reforms, and at clearing up several practical difficulties regarding which public opinion is sufficiently unanimous, to make it clear that the amendment of the law ought to be proceeded with.

"The sections dealing with the introduction of schemes of water-supply and drainage give effect to a Resolution which was carried, with one dissentient voice, by a representative Conference held at Belvedere about this time last year. The Resolution in question was to the effect that, in the opinion of the Conference, it was expedient that the Local Government should be empowered to require municipalities to undertake projects of drainage and water-supply, it being provided at the same time, on the suggestion of the HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE, that each such scheme, with the reasons for compulsory action, should be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and opportunity given to the municipalities to show cause against such compulsion. The Government approves of the principle of these sections and proposes to proceed with them subject to certain minor changes, which I shall lay before the Select Committee, having for their object to make more efficient provision for voluntary action on the part of Municipal Commissioners, and for assisting them to get adequate professional supervision for sanctioned projects—a point which recent experience has shown to be one of considerable importance.

"Another important question which has received careful consideration is that of the appointment of an assessor. While adhering to the principle embodied in sections 32—39 of the Bill, the essential provisions of which have been adapted from English Municipal law, the Government is prepared to admit that there may be room for modification of details, and that there is much to be said for the opinion that the sections as drafted go too far in that they render it compulsory for all municipalities, small and great, well managed and ill managed, to provide themselves with an assessor. If then it is desired to make this portion of the

law more elastic and more readily adaptible to varying circumstances and requirements, the best plan would probably be to empower the Local Government to require any municipality to appoint an assessor, and to group municipalities for this purpose, and apportion the cost so as to provide for the case of a number of small municipalities having one assessor between them, other minor points being left to be provided for by rule.

"What I have just said about the desirability of making the assessor sections more elastic appears to apply in some measure to the Act itself. It is, I believe, a recognised principle in modern legislation, whether English or Indian, that matters of detail, which are liable to vary from time to time, should be dealt with, as far as possible, by rules having the force of law, adequate provision being of course made for notifying such rules to the persons likely to be affected by them, and for giving them an opportunity to object. For convenience of reference the subjects reserved for rule-making are grouped together in a single section, which enumerates the matters regarding which rules can be made. In the Bengal Local Self-Government Act this system has been adopted and has been found to work well, and a definite proposal to introduce into the Municipal Act a rule-making section, based partly on that Act and partly on the more modern municipal legislation of other provinces, will be laid before the Select Committee for their consideration.

"The only other sections which I need mention at present are those dealing with the cleansing of private privies and cesspools (sections 49 and 70—73 of the Bill as provisionally amended by the Select Committee). It appears from the opinions which have been received, and more particularly from a valuable note, for which I may be permitted to express my obligations to the HON'BLE SYED FAZL IMAM, who, as Vice-Chairman of the Patna Municipality, has had special experience of this difficult subject, it appears, I say, from these opinions, that these sections, which proceed on a novel principle, will have the effect of materially reducing the municipal income under this head in a direction which was not contemplated. No doubt this portion of the law needs some reform, but the changes suggested in the draft Bill seem to go too far, and the better course would apparently be to adhere in the main to the existing law, merely taking the opportunity to clear up doubtful points as to the holdings liable to be taxed for the cleansing of privies and relieving the poorer classes, by providing that the fee for cleansing latrines shall in no case exceed the house-tax or personal tax actually paid. This, it is believed, will remove what is felt to be a very great grievance."

The HON'BLE MR. RISLEY moved that the HON'BLE MESSRS. LYALL, COLLIER and GHOSE and the HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE be added to the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned *sine die.*

CALCUTTA;
The 28th July, 1893.

GORDON LEITH,
Offg. Assistant Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

DONATION BY HER HIGHNESS THE MAHARANI SUKHYA RAJA SAHEBA, C.I., REGENT OF GWALIOR.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—EDUCATION.

Calcutta, the 27th July 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 1848.

READ—

Letter from the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, No. 3873, dated the 4th July 1893.

The Lieutenant-Governor has learnt with pleasure that, on the occasion of her last visit to Calcutta, Her Highness the Maharani Sukhya Raja Saheba, C.I., Regent of Gwalior, was pleased to place at the disposal of the Secretary to the Bethune School Committee, Calcutta, a donation of Rs. 500 to be invested in a 4 per cent. Government Promissory Note for the award, in Her Highness's name, of an annual medal or money-prize to the girl who stands first in the School Department of the Bethune College.

2. The acknowledgments of Government are due to Her Highness for this liberal donation, and for the interest she has displayed in the promotion of female education.

3. The Lieutenant-Governor approves the proposal made by the Director of Public Instruction that the Secretary to the Bethune School Committee be appointed administrator of the fund.

ORDER—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and to the Accountant-General, Bengal, for information; also that the Government of India, Foreign Department, be requested to forward a copy, with the permission of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council, to Her Highness the Maharani Sukhya Raja Saheba.

Ordered also that a copy of this Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. H. RISLEY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

LIBERALITY OF KUMAR NORENDRA LAL KHAN, OF MIDNAPORE.

No. 2484Med., dated Calcutta, the 28th July 1893.

From—J. A. BOURDILLON, ESQ., Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Municipal Department.

To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 489M., dated the 6th instant, in which you report that Kumar Norendra Lal Khan, of Midnapore, has agreed that the sum of Rs. 30,000 offered by him to perpetuate the memory of his father should be devoted to the endowment of a zenana hospital at Midnapore, and that he has offered in addition to the above amount a sum of Rs. 10,000 for the construction of the building for the proposed hospital.

2. In reply, I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the very liberal offer now made, the particulars of which will be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*. You are requested to convey to the donor an expression of the Lieutenant-Governor's gratification.

SREEMUTTY BROHMOMOYI'S HINDU ORPHANS' FUND.

No. 3665F., dated Calcutta, the 31st July 1893.

From—J. A. BOURDILLON, Esq., Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Financial Dept.,
To—MESSRS. SWINHOE and CHUNDER, Attorneys.

WITH reference to the correspondence ending with Government letter No. 2844F., dated the 13th June 1893, I am directed to forward for information and communication to Babu Money Lal Mullick the accompanying copies of two notifications regarding the endowment fund of Rs. 25,000 created by him for the maintenance and education of Hindu male orphans in and about Calcutta, called in memory of his mother "The Sreemutty Brohmomoyi's Hindu Orphans' Fund."

No. 3552F., dated the 24th July 1893.
No. 3663F., dated the 31st July 1893.

2. I am to request that you will be so good as to convey to the donor an expression of His Honour's acknowledgment of his liberality and public spirit. This letter wlll be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 29th July 1893.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
Burdwan Divn.	1	Burdwan July 29, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	0·23 2·47 3·39 2·42	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* being transplanted. Prospects good. Fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 12 per rupee. Kalna ... ... 10 to 13 per rupee. Katwa ... ... 11¼ per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 13 per rupee.
	2	Bankura „ 29, '93 Vishnupur ...	3·69 0·56	Weather—cloudy with light showers followed by sunshine. Transplantation of *aman* is still going on. Sugarcane has been damaged by the late rain. Common rice selling at 11 to 12 seers per rupee at Bankura and 12 seers at the Vishnupur markets.
	3	Birbhum „ 29, '93 Rampur Hât ...	3·35 2·94	A break in the rains has occurred. Paddy seedlings are still being transplanted and prospects are very good. Common rice sells at from 12 to 15 seers per rupee.
	4	Midnapore „ 29, '93	2·35	Weather—on the whole fair with occasional showers, especially on Wednesday previous when it rained heavily. The prospects of the rice crop are good, although the damage caused by the flood last week is not yet ascertained. The indigo outturn is very poor indeed compared with last year. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 per rupee. Contai ... ... 13 per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 10 per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 11 per rupee.
	5	Hooghly „ 29, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	·52 3·56 1·93	Weather—hot, and latterly there has been a distinct break in the rains. Prospects generally good; except for a little damage to crops in low lands, they are exceptionally good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 9 to 12 per rupee.
	6	Howrah „ 29, '93 Ulubaria ...	1·08 3·10	Weather—hot and close. Transplantation of paddy going on on the higher lands. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 10 seers per rupee.
Presidency Divn.	7	24-Parganas „ 29, '93	3·26	Weather—cloudy and hot. Transplantation of *aman* going on except in some parts of thanas Bankipore, Debipore, and Mathurapore which are yet flooded. *Aus* and jute injured by excess of rain. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 10½ per rupee. Barasat ... ... 9 per rupee. Basirhat ... ... 10 per rupee. Diamond Harbour ... ... 11½ per rupee.
	8	Nadia „ 29, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	0·44 5·05 3·63 1·19 2·17	Weather—hot with occasional showers. Crops on high lands doing well. Jute and early rice being harvested. Transplantation of *aman* going on. Prices stationary. Rivers rising. Ample fodder for cattle.
	9	Khulna „ 29, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	0·10 2·21 0·69	Weather—hot with light clouds. The break in the rains which has occurred during the week has improved the prospects of all crops. Transplantation of *aman* going on briskly. *Aus* ripening, and a little of it is being reaped in a few places. Coarse rice selling at 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water for cattle plentiful.
	10	Jessore „ 22, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	1·98 1·82 1·57 0·75 2·22	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional showers. Harvesting of jute and *aus* commenced. Manufacture of indigo nearly over. Transplantation of *aman* going on. Cattle-disease reported from Salkhiya, Manirampur, and Gorupota. Prices steady.
	11	Murshidabad „ 29, '93	3·93	Weather—sultry and seasonably rainy. Harvesting of *bhadoi* continues. Transplantation of *aman* nearly finished. The prospect of jute, mulberry and sugarcane is not so bad as might have been expected. Fodder available for cattle. Coarse rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*				
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong ...	...	Reports not received.
	13	Noakhali ...	...	
	14	Tippera „ 29, '93	6·93	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* is being reaped in some places. Much damage has been caused to *aus* by heavy flood. Condition of *aman* not very hopeful.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts. „ 28, '93	1·87	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers of rain. Paddy plants in *jum* progressing. Condition of *aus* paddy good. No cattle-disease prevailing. Price of common rice 9 seers per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca „ 29, '93	1·08	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects of standing crops generally good. Harvesting of *aus* and jute going on, but owing to rapid rise of water, *aus* in some places has been submerged and cannot therefore be conveniently gathered. Common rice selling at from 9 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur „ 29, '93 Goalundo ... Madaripur ...	4·24 2·67 0·84	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* and jute are being cut in some places. *Aus* has failed in most parts of the district and the outturn is poor. The condition of jute is also bad, and it has been damaged in most places. The condition of the *aman* on high lands is hopeful. Common rice sells at 10 to 11 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle reported good generally, but cattle-disease still prevails in thanas Palong and Shibchar in Madaripur.
	18	Backergunge „ 29, '93 Pirojpur ... Patuakhali ... Bhola ...	1·15 2·18 4·00 5·76	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops fair. Common rice is being sold from 9 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh „ 29, '93	10·14	Weather—showers of rain throughout the week. Harvesting of *aus* rice crop and jute continues and transplantation of *aman* going on. The subdivisional officers of Netrakona and Kishoreganj report that the unusually heavy rainfall has caused considerable damage to the *aus* crop and that transplantation of the *aman* crop has been impeded. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder and water sufficient.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur „ 29, '93 Thakurgaon ...	2·84 8·18	Weather—hot; occasionally cloudy and rainy. Prospects of standing crops continue to be very good. Transplantation of *haimanti* going on. Cutting of jute commenced in places. Prices of rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 14 } per rupee. Thakurgaon ... ... 10 to 12 } Cattle in good condition. Fodder and drinking water sufficient.
	21	Rajshahi „ 29, '93 Nator ... Naugaon ...	0·39 1·74 6·10	Weather—seasonable and very hot occasionally. The improvement in the weather has brought about a corresponding improvement in the state of the crops. If sunshiny weather continues, a great part of the crops will entirely recover. The jute, however, to a great extent is put beyond recovery: where it is being reaped, the return is deficient. Water and fodder-supply ample. There is no cattle-disease. Price of rice varies from 10 to 13 seers.
	22	Rangpur „ 29, '93 Gaibanda ... Kurigaon ... Nilphamari ... Govindganj ... Ulipur ... Sunderganj ... Pirganj ...	4·94 3·60 7·19 5·43 2·83 1·80 6·54 3·82	Weather—rainy. The *aus* harvest is nearly over. Transplantation of *aman* going on. Prices steady.
	23	Bogra „ 29, '93 Sherpur ... Naukhila ...	4·16 4·15 2·86	Weather—unsettled. Transplanting of *aman* goes on. Prospects of standing crops unchanged. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna „ 29, '93	4·22	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Rivers rising. *Aus* and jute are being cut. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee at Sirajganj and 11½ seers at Pabna. Fodder and water-supply ample.
	25	Darjeeling „ 29, '93 Siliguri ...	2·58 9·05	Weather—less rainy. *In the hills :—Bhutta, kagni, shama, chota marua*, potatoes and *phaphur* being harvested. *Bara marua* and *aghani dhan* progressing favourably. *Bhadoi dhan* coming to perfection. *In the Terai :*—Prospect of crops good. *Bhadoi* paddy in ear. Prices of coarse rice :— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 }
	23	Jalpaiguri „ 29, '93	6·28	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *bhadoi* continues. Transplantation of *haimanti* in full swing. Prospect of jute favourable. Price of common rice at 11 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. No cattle-disease.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
BHAGALPUR DIVN.			
27	Monghyr July 29, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	0·62 1·19 0·48	Weather—partly fair and partly cloudy with excessive heat. Low land crops injured by heavy showers. Indigo and sugarcane doing well. Paddy transplantation vigorously pushed on. Ample fodder and water. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 16 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 14 } Jamui ... ... 13 }
28	Bhagalpur „ 29, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ...	0·88 2·09 2·93 1·90	Weather—rainy. The damage done to *makai* and *marua* by the excessive rain has been estimated at about 6 annas. Otherwise the prospect of crops is good.
29	Purnea „ 29, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	2·58 7·06 3·20	Weather—cloudy with occasional sunshine. Harvesting of *bhadoi* commenced. Transplantation of *aghani* going on. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
30	Malda „ 29, '93 Chanchal ... Shibganj ...	3·45 2·63 1·64	Weather—hot, cloudy and rainy with intervals of sunshine. Harvesting of *bhadoi* rice has begun; average outturn is expected. Transplantation of winter rice is being pushed on. Ordinary rice selling at 11 to 15 seers per rupee. Supply of fodder ample.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 29, 93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	2·22 3·28 2·60 3·83 2·90 3·64	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers of rain. Transplantation of paddy going on briskly. Prospects of Indian-corn and other *bhadoi* crops not favourable owing to frequent rain. Prices stationary. Water and fodder plenty.
PATNA DIVISION.			
32	Patna „ 29, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapur ...	0·40 0·35 4·00 0·98	Weather—cloudy and hot and drizzling at times. The *bhadoi* crops are said to be damaged in flooded fields, but the comparative absence of rain in the first week in a large part of the district has given time for much of the excess water to drain off. Land is being widely prepared for the transplantation of paddy. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } per rupee. Barh ... ... 12¼ } Bihar ... ... 16 } Dinapore ... ... 13 }
33	Gaya „ 29, '93 Jahanabad ... Nawada ... Aurangabad ...	0·32 10·34 3·24 3·62	Weather—clear in the first part of the week and cloudy latterly. Transplantation of paddy going on. Absence of rain during the first part of the week has been somewhat beneficial to the *bhadoi* crops. Prices stationary. Fodder and water for cattle ample.
34	Shahabad „ 29, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	0·35 4·67 3·53 4·00	A break in the rains with its usual features. The weather is most favourable for the crops, all of which promise well.
35	Darbhanga „ 29, '93 Madhubani ... Samastipur ...	2·52 5·92 3·20	Weather—cloudy and close. Transplanting of *dhan* and *marua* in progress. *Bhadoi* prospects still continue favourable. Weeding operations impeded by constant showers. A break in the rains would be beneficial for this crop. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Prices remain stationary.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 29, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	2·87 2·08 6·81	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Transplantation of *dhan* still going on. *Makai* injured to some extent, otherwise prospects good. No disease among cattle. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
PATNA DIVISION—*concld.*			
37	Saran July, 29, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	0·25 2·33 3·76	Weather—seasonable. A break in the rains only in parts. Prospects of crops good on the whole. A break required for maize and indigo crops. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Chapra ... ... 13 } per rupee. Siwan ... ... 12½ } Gopalganj ... ... 13 }
38	Champaran „ 29, '93	5·49	Weather—cloudy with rain every day. Sowing of *dhan* is over. Transplantation yet going on. Prices nearly stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVN.			
39	Cuttack „ 29, '93	0·97	Weather—sultry. Transplantation of *sarad* in progress. *Beali* needs rain in parts. Supply of fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 14 7 } per rupee. Jajpur ... ... 15 12 to 18 6 } Kendrapara ... ... 16 0 to 18 6 } Banki ... ... 15 12 }
40	Puri „ 27, '93 Khurda ...	0·12 1·85	Weather—hot and cloudy. Rain is much wanted in the part of the district lying to the east of the pilgrim road. Agricultural operation is going on well in Khurda. Weeding of *beali* continues. Miscellaneous crops doing fairly. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 11 13 to 17 5 } per rupee. Khurda ... ... 12 0 to 17 1 }
41	Balasore „ 29, '93	0·55	Weather—hot and dry. Transplantation of paddy seedlings almost finished; 12 annas crop almost assured. Prices of rice :— Srs. Balasore ... ... 13 } per rupee. Bhadrak ... ... 15 }
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN.			
42	Hazaribagh July, 29, '93 Giridi ...	0·22 3·29	Weather—seasonable. Transplanting of rice and *marua* still in progress. Indian-corn injured by excessive rain. Fodder abundant. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Head-quarters ... ... 9 to 14 } per rupee. Giridi ... ... 9 to 11½ }
43	Lohardaga „ 29, '93	1·36	Weather—hot and cloudy. Transplantation of winter paddy continues. Prospect of *bhadoi* continues good. Common rice selling at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau „ 29, 93	1·58	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional light showers. The *bhadoi* crops are said to be damaged in some thanas owing to excessive rainfall. Transplantation of paddy continues. Prices stationary. Fodder plentiful.
45	Singhbhum „ 29, '93	1·01	Weather—seasonable. Condition of the crops good everywhere. Price of common rice stationary. A few cases of cattle-disease reported from Ghatsilla and Kolhan thanas.
46	Manbhum „ 22, '93 Gobindpur ...	0·28 4·27	Weather—showery in early part of the week, bright and warm for the last two days. The break in the rains will do much good to all the crops. Prospects of *bhadoi* crops indifferent. Prices stationary.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 1st August, 1893.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 23rd to 29th July 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
July	23rd	145·7	0·5	29·581	84·7	88·7	7·1	81·6	81·5	1·035	80·3	87	SW and SSW ...	141	Nil	Chiefly cloudy, o.
,,	24th	135·6	Nil	·541	85·1	88·3	7·6	80·7	81·8	1·045	80·6	86	SW and SSW ...	113	,,	Cloudy, o.
,,	25th	131·7	,,	·548	81·0	81·9	6·2	75·7	79·2	0·976	78·5	92	WSW and calm...	62	3·26	Cloudy, o, g, d, t, p.
,,	26th	150·0	3·9	·601	83·3	88·7	10·3	78·4	79·9	·978	78·6	86	W and calm ...	38	Nil	Chiefly cloudy, o, g.
,,	27th	154·6	7·1	·618	84·9	90·5	11·3	79·2	80·9	1·003	79·3	83	SW, SSW and calm	94	,,	Partially cloudy.
,,	28th	153·6	4·6	·595	85·4	89·8	9·0	80·8	80·5	0·976	78·5	80	SSW and SW ...	91	,,	Chiefly cloudy, o.
,,	29th	146·4	2·9	·546	84·9	89·5	9·5	80·0	80·5	·983	78·7	81	SE and calm ...	37	,,	Chiefly cloudy, o. t.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·576
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·532
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	19·0
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	92·5
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	84·2
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·1
The extreme variation of temperature	14·8
The maximum temperature	90·5
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	10
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	85
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	87
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 23rd to 29th July 1893	3·26
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	3·30
The total fall from 1st January to 29th July 1893	59·93
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	33·41

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; d, drizzling rain; t, thunder; p, passing temporary showers.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 31st July 1893.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS.											
			Air pressure.			Wind.		Temperature.						
			Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·614	29·569	—	SW & calm.	117	93·2	28th July	79·6	26th July	91·8	82·2	87·0
		Gopalpore ...	29·613	29·574	+·021	Wly	237	90·2	29th ,,	78·8	25, 27 ,,	89·1	79·5	84·3
		False Point ...	29·613	29·575	+·027	SSW	278	89·5	26th ,,	75·6	26th ,,	88·9	79·3	84·1
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·540	29·562	+·022	Wly	56	95·2	27, 28 ,,	76·8	26th ,,	93·5	79·4	86·5
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·558	29·560	+·021	SSW	138	91·4	23rd ,,	73·8	26th ,,	89·4	79·0	84·2
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·482	29·576	+·037	SWly	61	93·3	23, 24 ,,	76·1	26 & 28 ,,	91·0	78·2	84·6
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·605	29·573	+·048	SW	93	90·6	28th ,,	75·7	25th ,,	88·1	79·2	83·7
		Saugor Island	29·608	29·577	+·047	SW	350	90·2	24, 25 ,, 28 & 29.	77·0	26th ,,	88·7	81·1	84·9
	Howrah ... ... Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·563	29·558	+·041	SSWly	97	91·3	28th ,,	77·2	26th ,,	89·1	79·3	84·2
	Khulna ... ... Jessore	Jessore ...	29·591	29·571	+·031	Sly & Calm.	54	92·0	28th ,,	79·4	26, 27 ,,	89·9	80·5	85·2
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29·523	29·568	+·047	Calm	59	92·1	28th ,,	79·2	25th ,,	90·0	80·6	85·3
		Raniganj ...	29·280	29·561	+·042	SW	46	94·7	28th ,,	73·9	23rd ,,	91·7	77·5	84·7
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·299	29·546	+·044	Calm	47	94·1	29th ,,	77·1	26th ,,	91·2	79·0	85·1
	Birbhum ... ... Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·538	29·553	+·027	SSW	100	91·7	28th ,,	77·3	26, 29 ,,	89·3	78·9	84·2
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·569	29·565	+·018	SWly	?	87·1	28, 29 ,,	76·7	23rd ,,	85·5	78·3	81·9
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·540	29·553	+·038	SE	63	90·2	26th ,,	75·2	26, 29 ,,	87·6	76·8	82·2
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·533	29·552	+·037	SWly	170	90·6	28th ,,	76·6	26th ,,	88·5	77·7	83·1
	Malda	Malda ...	29·510	29·541	—	SE	66	93·3	29th ,,	78·0	24th ,,	90·2	79·3	84·8
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·475	29·550	—·002	Variable	26	91·6	27 28 ,,	76·7	26th ,,	88·4	79·2	83·8
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·480	29·556	+·004	Variable	69	88·8	25th ,,	76·2	29th ,,	86·9	77·6	82·3
	Jalpaiguri ... ... Kuch Bihar	Jalpaiguri ...	29·325	29·562	+·040	Variable	52	89·9	28th ,,	74·6	26th ,,	85·2	76·7	80·9
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	22·843	—	—·016	WSW	158	66·1	23rd ,,	55·6	27th ,,	64·2	57·3	60·8
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	18·985	—	—	Variable	177	56·4	23rd ,,	37·1	26th ,,	52·6*	38·6	45·8
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·602	29·636	+·032	S	127	87·7	27th ,,	76·1	26th ,,	86·1	77·0	81·6
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...						Observations not received.						
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·627	29·585	+·038	SW	101	91·3	24th July	76·8	26th ,,	87·5	78·8	83·2
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·609	29·590	+·013	Variable	152	87·5	23,24,25 ,,	75·8	25, 26 ,,	85·8	78·1	82·0
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·598	29·592	+·037	S	113	88·5	23, 29 ,,	78·4	26th ,,	87·1	80·3	83·7
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·602	29·572	+·017	SSW	222	90·1	29th ,,	79·7	26th ,,	88·7	81·2	84·9
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·620	29·603	+·032	SE	153	89·4	24th ,,	74·8	25th ,,	85·9	77·2	81·6
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·568	29·575	+·010	SSE	103	85·2	24th ,,	76·1	25, 26 ,,	83·4	77·1	80·3
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·461	29·538	+·012	SWly	19	92·2	28, 29 ,,	77·2	24th ,,	88·5	79·5	84·0
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·416	29·528	+·023	Calm	14	93·7	29th ,,	78·0	25—27 ,,	90·3	78·6	84·5
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·415*	29·533*	+·006*	WSWly	75	89·9	28th ,,	76·2	26th ,,	86·7	78·9	82·8
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·417	29·547	—	WNW	117	89·7	28, 29 ,,	75·2	29th ,,	87·1	77·9	82·5
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·351	29·531	+·016	ENE	83	91·2	29th ,,	74·9	26th ,,	87·8	76·5	82·2
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·400	29·552	+0·37	WSWly	90	94·8	29th ,,	78·6	27th ,,	89·2	80·2	84·8
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·232*	29·531*	+·028*	SWly	53	93·8	29th ,,	75·4	23rd ,,	89·8	79·8	84·8
		Buxar ...	29·340	29·531	+·027	SWly	119	92·5	28, 29 ,,	76·3	23rd ,,	88·7	79·4	84·1
		Arrah ...	29·382	29·521	+·032	Variable	47	94·4	29th ,,	78·5	23rd ,,	89·4	80·6	85·0
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·204	29·529	+·012	Wly	113	95·0	29th ,,	75·8	23rd ,,	91·5	79·8	85·7
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·387	29·520	—·001	Variable	88	93·5	29th ,,	79·7	23, 24 & ,, 27.	87·9	80·4	84·2
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka	29·699	29·540	+·035	SSW	36	91·6	29th ,,	76·7	26th ,,	90·0	78·1	84·1
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·633	29·559	+·048	NW	192	89·2	2?, 29 ,,	72·3	26th ,,	86·7	73·4	80·1
	Lohardaga ... ... Palamau	Ranchi ... Daltonganj ...	27·508	29·548	+·043	SWly	149	89·0	29th ,,	69·9	23rd ,,	86·4	72·5	79·5
	Singhbhum ... ... Manbhum	Chaibassa ...	28·848	29·550	+·049	W	24	93·9	27th ,,	76·2	26th ,,	91·3	77·4	84·4
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·308	29·503	—·014	SWly		90·6	24, 29 ,,	77·5	23, 27 ,,	89·4	78·1	83·8
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·495	29·564	+·019	SWly	94	88·2	25th ,,	74·8	28th ,,	85·8	77·0	81·5
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·565	29·620	+·018	Calm		88·0	23rd ,,	76·2	24, 27 29 ,,	85·6	76·8	81·2

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.*, from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 29th of July 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					Of week.				Rainfall.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th May 1893.			District.
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	
—	85·5	82	2·6	0·02		3·04		3·30		11·85			21·37		Puri.
+1·3	83·8	85	1·0	Nil											
+1·3	85·2	84	5·9	0·58											
+2·7	84·8	76	3·6	0·71		2·90		3·53		11·96			22·97		Cuttack.
+1·9	83·2	91	3·9	0·53		3·29		3·43		12·03			22·67		Balasore.
+1·1	82·9	86	4·6	2·65	2·65	3·24	2·50	3·46	7·26	12·15	—4·89	41·96	23·45	+18·51	Midnapore.
+0·6	82·8	88	8·9	3·26	2·24	3·48	1·86	4·26	10·51	11·94	—1·43	39·52	24·44	+15·08	24-Parganas.
+1·4	84·0	89	9·4	5·37											
					1·63	3·09	2·50	4·25	8·17	11·63	—3·46	40·35	23·32	+17·93	Howrah.
					1·29	3·48	2·67	3·74	9·25	11·36	—2·11	38·17	22·99	+15·18	Hooghly.
+0·7	83·1	86	9·3	0·44	1·93	2·24	2·60	3·68	11·21	9·08	+2·13	37·88	22·21	+15·67	Nadia.
					1·01	2·73	1·67	4·35	13·10	11·53	+1·58	43·28	27·30	+15·98	Khulna.
+1·1	83·8	89	7·7	1·98	1·54	2·45	3·60	3·06	7·96	9·05	—1·09	32·37	23·93	+8·44	Jessore.
+0·6	82·6	86	10·0	0·[illegible]3	1·93	2·65	2·00	3·61	11·88	9·79	+2·09	36·49	21·60	+15·49	Burdwan.
+0·7	81·1	89	0·3	1·72											
+1·9	81·8	87	7·7	3·69	1·88	3·45	2·25	4·27	10·46	12·01	—1·55	38·72	24·12	+14·60	Bankura.
					3·59	2·96	4·33	3·65	13·41	11·13	+2·28	32·11	23·42	+8·69	Birbhum.
+0·3	81·8	95	9·1	3·93	3·14	2·25	4·17	3·55	11·88	9·87	+2·01	37·89	21·98	+15·91	Murshidabad.
—1·3	80·9	95	9·7	4·67	4·45	1·84	5·00	3·53	16·88	9·00	+7·88	46·95	23·77	+23·18	Pabna.
—1·4	80·8	93	8·1	4·02	4·79	2·76	4·50	3·18	14·11	11·47	+2·64	36·60	28·58	+8·02	Bogra.
—0·6	83·0	89	7·0	0·43	2·45	2·43	2·33	3·34	14·57	10·74	+3·83	39·98	25·07	+14·91	Rajshahi.
—	83·1	90	4·6	3·45	2·94	1·90	4·50	3·39	14·29	10·71	+3·58	30·72	24·95	+5·77	Malda.
—0·7	81·4	92	9·1	2·52	4·68	2·57	4·40	3·48	19·05	11·23	+7·82	39·53	28·71	+10·82	Dinajpur.
—2·4	80·8	92	3·6	4·94	7·39	2·53	6·75	3·07	23·08	12·85	+10·23	51·40	40·95	+10·45	Rangpur.
—2·2	78·6	94	9·1	5·78	6·28	4·41	7·00	4·50	37·35	24·91	+12·44	63·63	61·49	+2·14	Jalpaiguri.
					12·04	4·31	6·75	4·21	32·32	18·81	+13·51	68·14	58·79	+9·35	Kuch Bihar.
—1·9	59·7	98	10·0	2·58	6·59	6·72	5·75	5·27	26·22	32·70	—6·48	66·15	67·87	—1·72	Darjeeling.
—	48·9	93	9·7	8·78											Sikkim.
+1·0	80·6	91	9·3	1·05	2·56	6·16	4·00	5·19	20·15	26·19	—6·04	95·29	60·33	+34·96	Chittagong.
					1·77	4·81	6·00	4·50	19·43	16·43	+3·00	68·70	39·54	+29·16	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+1·7	81·9	89	10·0	1·78	2·89	4·04	4·50	5·09	14·83	16·22	—1·39	54·39	38·87	+15·52	Backergunge.
+0·8	80·3	91	3·4	8·30	7·33	4·96	6·00	5·27	22·90	20·60	+2·30	67·57	52·20	+15·37	Noakhali.
+1·0	83·0	90	8·0	4·24	2·74	3·06	3·67	4·12	9·12	10·20	—1·08	42·51	26·89	+15·62	Faridpur.
+1·2	82·8	90	9·7	0·39	1·96	3·02	3·25	4·02	9·35	12·37	—3·02	41·29	29·34	+11·95	Dacca.
—0·5	80·4	96	8·4	6·60	3·67	3·14	4·00	4·37	14·90	12·18	+2·72	43·68	32·62	+11·06	Tippera.
—3·0	79·1	94	9·9	10·14	7·28	3·19	5·80	3·95	23·70	12·10	+11·60	54·04	34·25	+19·79	Mymensingh.
—0·6	82·7	90	5·7	2·53	3·72	3·03	3·00	3·49	26·41	13·99	+12·42	41·71	30·46	+11·25	Purnea.
+0·1	83·6	84	7·3	0·88	1·55	2·52	2·25	3·49	17·50	9·94	+7·56	26·91	19·83	+7·08	Bhagalpur.
—1·9	80·8	91	8·9	2·52	3·46	2·20	3·33	3·12		10·35			19·60		Darbhanga.
—	80·5	93	7·3	2·87	3·45	2·49	4·33	3·08	15·15	10·57	+4·58	23·73	19·27	+4·46	Muzaffarpur.
—2·8	79·4	90	9·4	5·49	5·18	2·45	5·00	2·67	24·10	11·26	+12·84	34·95	20·38	+14·57	Champaran.
+0·1	83·3	87	9·7	0·25	1·48	3·17	3·00	3·31	12·16	11·25	+0·91	19·36	18·64	+0·72	Saran.
+2·0	86·5	77	2·1	0·61											
+0·1	83·3	84	7·6	1·95	0·68	3·07	1·20	3·42	11·45	10·47	+0·98	21·90	16·18	+5·72	Shahabad.
+0·1	83·8	84	4·3	0·35											
+1·4	82·5	88	5·1	0·32	0·67	3·00	1·00	3·95		10·71			17·38		Gaya.
—0·6	84·2	84	9·1	0·40	0·38	3·19	1·00	3·29	13·70	10·82	+2·88	25·19	18·22	+6·97	Patna.
					0·91	2·85	2·33	3·67	13·31	10·40	+2·91	24·50	18·11	+6·39	Monghyr.
+0·8	82·3	86	1·7	2·22	2·30	2·77	3·83	4·05	15·33	11·29	+4·04	34·80	22·32	+12·57	Sonthal Parganas.
+1·6	79·3	80	10·0	0·34		3·48		5·03		12·45			22·15		Hazaribagh.
+1·5	78·8	80	4·3	1·36		3·40		4·73		11·73			21·76		Lohardaga.
						2·20		3·40		10·63			17·26		Palamau.
+1·1	80·9	85	8·1	1·01	1·01	4·15	2·00	4·10	7·34	12·97	—5·63	31·41	23·68	+7·73	Singhbhum.
					1·86	2·61	2·50	4·18	16·46	10·71	+5·75	40·99	20·19	+20·80	Manbhum.
—0·7	80·9	92	9·0	3·71											Assam.
—2·2	78·9	95	10·0	7·24											
—2·6	80·1	93	10·0	8·59											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of he sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 29th of July 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 23rd.	Monday, 24th.	Tuesday, 25th.	Wednesday, 26th.	Thursday, 27th.	Friday, 28th.	Saturday, 29th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	2·38	1·65	10·07	22·19	19·11
		Khurda ...	...	...	1·23	0·19						3·83		12·40		23·78
		Banpur ...	...	...	0·05	1·65						2·54		10·52		18·10
		False Point ...	...	...	...	0·41	0·02	0·15	...	2	0·58	3·40	5·00	14·29	51·22	24·45
		Gop ...										?		?		?
		Satpara ...										?		?		?
		Pipli ...	1·20	0·44	...	1·06						?		?		?
		Ranpur ...	0·03			2·15						?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore	0·17	0·57	0·20							3·10		10·12		18·48
		Banki ...	...	...	...	0·39						1·92		12·24		22·92
		Cuttack ...										3·52		12·73		26·51
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	1	0·09	2·94	8·74	11·89	49·72	22·17
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	3·49	3·42	12·81	41·38	24·71
		Dharmsala ...										?		?		?
		Salipore ...	0·20			0·22						?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Nayagarh ...										?		?		?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·09	?	4·29	?		?
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	...	0·33	...	...			3·29		10·96	26·20	21·03
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	0·23	0·68	...	...	...	2	0·91	2·90	3·92	10·95	37·50	22·51
		Soro ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	3·81		11·60		21·16
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	...	1	0·55	3·12	12·80	12·68	44·47	23·77
		Jellasore ...										3·51		13·80		23·33
		Baripodah ...	...	...	1·47	1·49	0·32	...	0·70	4	3·98	3·09	14·67	12·12	46·34	24·08
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	0·07	0·72	3·06	...	...	...	2	3·85	3·59	11·73	13·47	41·86	24·84
		Tamluk ...	...	0·10	...	0·30	...	...	...	2	1·40	3·20	7·01	10·80	35·73	22·30
		Midnapore ...	0·29	...	0·05	1·55	...	0·46	...	3	2·35	2·93	6·11	11·37	33·60	21·88
		Ghatal ...	...	...	1·27	0·32	...	1·42	...	3	3·01	3·22	5·19	12·94	36·58	24·75
		Kukrahaty ...	...	0·40	0·44	0·11	1·29	...	...	4	2·24	?		?		?
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	0·09	0·11	...	0·33	...	2	0·53	?	8·30	?	38·58	?
		Panskura ...	...	0·01	0·20	0·66	0·18	...	...	3	1·05	?	5·49	?	28·90	?
		Dantoon ...	...	1·55								?		?		?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	...	2·24	3·13	...	...	...	2	5·37	4·11	15·27	14·81	38·93	26·86
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	0·66	1·59	...	0·15	...	...	3	2·40	3·44	6·92	13·33	31·61	25·13
		Canning Town	...	...	...	0·32	...	...	0·11	2	0·43	?	9·56	?	52·37	?
		Alipore (Observatory).	...	...	1·73	1·53	...	...	...	2	3·26	3·68	10·15	12·24	47·76	24·76
		Barrackpore...	0·24	0·39	2·31	...	...	...	...	3	2·94	3·89	9·20	11·23	36·20	23·54
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	0·27	...	...	...	1	0·27	3·40	8·76	10·78	41·54	23·30
		Barasat ...	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	1	0·40	2·97	10·47	9·98	36·14	21·93
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	0·95	...	...	1	0·95	2·84	12·83	11·14	45·17	25·59
	Howrah ...	Howrah	...	...	0·15	0·93	...	...	...	2	1·08	3·24	10·57	11·25	47·68	23·09
		Mohesreka ...	...	0·18	0·23	1·77	...	...	...	3	2·18	2·94	5·70	12·01	32·90	23·51
		Uluberia ...	...	...	0·23	2·30	...	...	...	2	2·53	?	10·13	?	37·66	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	0·25	0·70	1·49	...	...	...	3	2·44	4·09	10·63	17·60	41·98	29·11
		Hooghly ...	...	0·10	0·29	0·13	...	...	...	3	0·52	3·66	6·98	11·32	30·91	22·82
		Jahanabad ...	0·02	...	0·62	0·09	...	0·18	...	2	0·91	2·70	10·12	11·18	41·74	23·07
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	0·48	...	0·11	0·33	...	...	...	3	0·92	2·56	11·51	9·43	40·01	21·77
		Krishnagar ...	0·35	...	0·01	0·02	...	0·06	...	1	0·44	2·29	7·78	8·82	31·61	20·30
		Chuadanga ...	0·48	0·05	0·21	0·45	...	...	...	3	1·19	2·09	13·28	8·92	37·13	22·68
		Meherpore ...	1·55	0·70	...	0·80	...	...	...	3	3·05	1·98	10·15	8·54	34·51	21·33
		Kushtia ...	0·70	0·50	...	2·83	...	...	0·02	3	4·05	2·28	13·29	9·66	51·66	24·82
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	0·29	...	0·54	2	0·83	2·44	16·64	11·14	42·58	20·37
		Bazerhat ...	...	...	...	1·04	...	1·07	...	3	2·11	3·25	14·59	13·27	51·45	30·23
		Khulna ...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·10	2·40	8·09	10·13	35·85	25·59
		Nakipur ...										?		?		?
		Rampal ...	1·20	...	...	1·30	2·10	...	1·30	4	5·90	?	25·20	?	47·36	?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·05	...	...	0·41	0·14	0·25	0·07	3	0·92	1·95	7·30	7·77	26·05	21·86
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	0·69	0·96	0·23	0·10	4	1·98	3·27	7·79	10·20	34·92	26·19
		Jhenidah ...	0·18	...	0·25	0·56	0·55	...	0·53	5	2·07	2·05	7·91	8·74	33·04	24·84
		Magura ...	0·02	...	0·04	0·85	0·10	0·06	0·15	3	1·22	2·42	8·30	9·10	38·23	24·75
		Bangaon ...	...	...	0·69	0·12	0·80	...	...	3	1·52	2·54	8·50	9·48	29·55	21·14
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	2·13	...	...	0·28	...	...	...	2	2·41	2·47	13·65	11·23	41·48	19·70
		Burdwan ...	0·03	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	1	0·23	2·18	15·09	9·71	40·66	20·43
		Katwa ...	1·50	0·01	1·24	0·59	...	0·01	...	3	3·35	2·48	9·92	8·62	30·50	21·18
		Raniganj ...	1·46	...	0·13	0·06	0·07	...	...	2	1·72	3·48	8·84	12·24	28·58	22·55
		Mankur ...	0·57	...	0·19	0·40	...	...	...	3	1·16	?	17·90	?	38·86	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	1·59	...	0·59	1·48	0·03	...	...	3	3·69	2·70	10·10	11·23	36·86	22·64
		Vishnupur ...	0·35	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	1	0·41	3·13	9·63	10·84	38·58	23·22
		Maliara ...	0·23	...	0·52	0·67	...	...	...	3	1·42	3·61	9·04	12·67	29·08	24·46
		Khatra ...	...	...	0·60	1·40	...	...	...	2	2·00	4·33	13·14	13·27	50·29	26·05
		Indas ...	...	...	0·64	0·06	...	0·04	...	1	0·74	?	9·39	?	35·69	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	0·85	1·75	...	2·40	...	3	5·00	?	14·98	?	40·37	?
		Onda ...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·15	?	7·81	?	30·64	?
		Gangajalghati	0·37	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	2	0·60	?	10·50	?	37·33	?
		Raipur ...	...	...	0·35	0·12	...	0·32	...	3	0·79	?	7·13	?	42·45	?
		Sonamukhi ...	0·51	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	2	0·76	?	7·14	?	30·93	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	0·31	0·15	1·72	1·14	...	0·03	...	4	3·35	2·34	17·22	11·38	39·16	23·56
		Hetampore ...	0·75	...	0·60	0·99	1·81	...	...	4	4·15	3·68	8·05	12·04	25·65	25·49
		Rampur Hat...	0·45	0·99	0·53	0·11	...	1·20	...	5	3·28	2·86	14·27	9·56	32·02	21·36
		Bolpur ...	...	0·24	1·15	...	...	...	...	2	1·39	?	9·46	?	28·18	?
		Murari ...	...	1·10	...	1·50	...	...	0·60	3	3·20	?	15·06	?	40·50	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·40	0·73	0·31	0·70	...	0·44	0·05	5	2·63	2·57	9·52	10·94	26·44	22·83
		Berhampore...	0·25	0·75	0·10	0·29	...	0·09	2·45	5	3·93	1·88	10·16	9·26	39·50	21·61
		Lalbagh ...	0·08	0·44	0·03	0·35	...	0·15	5·40	4	6·45	2·12	15·26	9·22	42·40	20·63
		Azimganj ...	0·05	0·35	...	1·90	...	0·14	1·35	4	3·79	2·35	12·96	9·27	38·33	22·01
		Jangipur ...	0·28	0·12	0·61	0·03	...	0·31	...	4	1·35	2·53	13·96	9·98	45·23	21·58
		Lalgola ...	0·20	0·30	0·20	...	...	...	...	3	0·70	2·07		10·52		23·22
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	0·15	0·49	...	...	2	0·64	?	10·63	?	41·65	?
		Patkabari ...	1·00	0·50	...	1·90	...	...	...	3	3·40	?	11·65	?		?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·89	0·62	0·11	1·39	...	...	1·21	5	4·22	1·74	13·87	8·47	44·88	22·89
		Sirajganj ...	1·53	0·47	2·18	0·29	...	0·02	0·18	5	4·67	1·93	10·86	9·50	48·98	24·60
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	1·32	1·15	0·82	0·45	...	...	3·80	5	7·54	2·97	14·25	11·75	31·74	28·95
		Nowkhilla ...	1·33	0·73	0·44	0·05	...	0·05	1·80	4	4·40	2·98	12·62	10·18	36·63	26·37
		Bogra ...	0·52	0·50	0·48	2·40	...	...	0·12	5	4·02	2·85	14·14	12·36	42·50	31·21
		Panchbibi ...	0·50	0·52	0·30	0·09	...	...	1·80	4	3·21	2·23	15·43	11·56	34·51	27·57
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	0·05	...	...	0·30	0·04	...	...	1	0·39	1·91	10·33	10·60	36·30	23·17
		Nator ...	0·49	0·36	...	0·20	...	...	...	3	1·05	2·21	11·48	11·81	37·00	24·50
		Naugaon ...	...	4·40	...	1·37	...	...	0·14	3	5·91	3·16	22·02	10·62	40·50	27·55
		Lalpore ...	2·25	0·25	0·20	0·12	0·11	...	...	5	2·93	?		?		?
		Manda ...	1·28	1·81	0·40	0·74	0·09	0·03	0·04	4	4·39	?	19·77	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 29th of July 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 23rd.	Monday, 24th.	Tuesday, 25th.	Wednesday, 26th.	Thursday, 27th.	Friday, 28th.	Saturday, 29th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 10th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 10th May to date.
NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	0·70	1·25	0·81	...	0·68	...	0·01	4	3·45	1·71	14·79	10·35	35·52	23·78
		Chanchal ...	0·58	...	0·37	1·10	0·23	...	0·15	5	2·43	2·09	13·78	11·07	26·51	26·11
		Gajol ...	0·07	0·03	0·70	...	...	...	1·03	2	1·83	?	16·49	?		?
		Siliganj ...	0·52	0·60	...	0·06	...	...	...	3	1·28	?	10·82	?		?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	0·37	2·60	0·70	0·05	...	...	1·20	4	4·92	2·86	15·48	10·78	30·07	27·11
		Churaman ...	1·74	...	0·95	1·48	...	...	0·19	4	4·36	2·44	16·51	10·51	36·36	25·50
		Raiganj ...	2·70	...	1·14	1·73	...	...	0·30	4	5·87	2·13	26·14	11·14	46·57	29·02
		Dinajpur ...	1·35	0·83	0·18	0·46	...	...	0·02	4	2·84	2·86	14·32	13·27	35·75	33·78
		Balurghat ...	0·22	0·24	0·15	0·23	0·47	0·02	4·07	6	5·40	2·58	16·47	10·34	36·48	28·18
		Thakurgaon ...	2·55	...	1·33	1·01	...	...	0·87	4	5·76	?	36·99	?	57·53	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	0·46	0·31	1·23	1·17	0·97	2·46	0·10	7	5·70	2·67	23·13	10·65	45·50	31·57
		Rangpur ...	2·06	0·27	0·31	0·42	...	1·69	0·19	6	4·94	2·69	18·92	15·16	44·38	41·18
		Peerganj ...	...	0·90	0·80	0·38	1·00	0·67	2·16	6	5·91	?	19·57		?	?
		Kurigaon ...	3·10	0·15	0·38	2·02	0·55	6·51	0·30	7	13·01	2·46	35·90	12·63	65·63	43·94
		Gobindgunge	0·73	...	0·48	1·05	...	1·50	0·09	4	3·85	?	11·34	?	40·93	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	3·42	0·24	0·39	0·37	0·34	0·34	0·82	7	5·92	2·30	29·58	13·41	40·06	37·83
		Ulipore ...	0·65	...	0·12	0·45	...	1·17	0·75	5	3·14	?	17·36		40·81	
		Sundergunge...	1·28	...	1·50	0·45	0·23	0·12	1·61	6	5·19					?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·54	1·84	2·32	0·63	0·15	0·66	0·14	7	6·28	4·41	37·35	24·91	56·96	60·36
		Alipore Dooar	1·48	1·82	1·10	...	2·39	3·48	0·38	6	10·65	?	42·05	?	65·60	?
		Fallacotta ...	2·72	1·30	1·35	0·59	2·50	1·60	0·50	7	10·56	?	39·37	?	61·77	?
		Debiganj ...	1·01	0·17	1·92	0·13	0·22	1·23	...	6	4·64	?	30·44	?	63·39	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	...	2·32	7·75	0·37	...	1·45	2·52	5	14·41	?	46·91	?	97·03	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	6·47	0·98	0·74	0·74	0·89	3·81	1·87	7	15·50	3·06	39·40	13·03	76·50	53·17
		Kuch Bihar ...	4·88	0·52	0·07	1·37	1·30	3·36	1·05	6	12·55	4·94	37·17	21·39	68·12	66·08
		Mickliganj ...	1·50	0·76	1·88	0·25	0·57	0·53	0·43	7	5·91	4·86	36·36	19·80	59·44	55·82
		Mathabhanga	3·63	0·83	2·63	0·21	0·75	3·63	2·53	7	14·21	4·38	51·55	21·05	75·24	61·09
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	0·25	1·81	0·86	1·02	0·31	4·06	1·16	7	9·47	8·61	61·33	46·52	102·50	104·36
		Siliguri ...	0·14	0·82	4·82	0·63	...	0·61	0·71	6	7·73	7·15	31·49	31·55	60·67	64·85
		Darjeeling ...	0·11	1·14	0·26	0·43	0·38	0·03	0·23	6	2·58	4·44	22·18	26·70	50·99	54·60
		Kalimpong ...	0·04	1·47	4·53	0·25	0·07	0·09	0·14	4	6·59	6·64	22·63	26·03	50·40	47·44
		Kurseong ...	0·02	1·27	7·30	0·08	...	0·12	1·60	4	10·39	?	32·46	?	72·86	?
		Pedong ...	0·07	1·03	1·43	0·51	0·26	0·29	0·68	6	4·27	?	15·64	?	41·19	?
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	0·70	0·60	0·70	0·11	1·20	0·02	0·73	6	4·06	7·46		33·88	111·95	72·56
		Chittagong ...	0·09	0·07	0·02	0·03	0·29	0·55	...	2	1·05	4·86	26·60	18·51	77·34	48·10
		Kutubdia ...	0·53	0·15								?	12·66	?		?
		Satkanya ...	0·20	0·09								?		?		?
		Kodala ...			0·08							?		?		?
		Fenoa ...	0·10	0·52	1·22							?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	0·27	0·22	4·35	1·90	0·23	1·80	0·51	7	9·37	?		?		?
		Chandpur ...										?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·25	0·12	0·15	0·14	0·55	0·36	...	6	1·77	4·81	19·43	16·43	68·70	39·54
		Bundarban ...	0·70	0·14	1·65	0·27	1·20	0·56	0·98	7	5·50	?	21·76	?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	0·07	...	1·45	1·36	1·12	...	0·11	4	4·11	5·08	16·74	19·26	107·77	45·65
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	0·08	0·28	0·58	0·14	...	3	1·08	3·47	13·70	13·95	54·31	33·35
		Barisal ...	0·16	0·09	...	0·22	0·20		0·48	4	1·15	3·51	13·54	14·22	53·32	35·18
		Gournaddi ...	0·68	...	1·85	0·37		...		3	2·90	?	16·40	?	49·69	?
		Bhola ...	0·19	1·75	0·10	1·26	1·70	0·11	0·12	7	5·23	4·18	16·30	17·44	52·06	42·26
		Daulatkhan ...	...	2·85	0·34	3·90	3·09	0·34	0·17	6	10·69	?	23·80	?	56·27	?
		Bauphal ...	...	0·50	0·40	2·26	5·82	0·46	0·42	6	9·86	?		?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·07	0·25	2·32	2·34	2·52	0·71	0·09	5	8·30	5·26	22·76	29·68	64·66	50·85
		Fenny ...	0·20	0·90	0·20	2·10	0·55	1·90	0·50	7	6·35	4·66	22·90	20·51	70·33	53·57
		Harishpore ...		0·03	1·27	0·63	0·14					?		?		?
		Ramgunj ...	0·38	...	1·48		0·95	0·13				?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	0·12	...	0·13	...	2	0·25	2·92	8·26	10·42	37·37	27·74
		Faridpur ...	0·58	...	...	0·78	1·05	1·83	...	4	4·24	2·95	9·06	9·93	46·35	27·33
		Goalundo ...	0·36	0·40	...	1·67	...	0·24	1·05	5	3·72	3·30	10·04	10·24	45·21	25·60
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	...	...	0·80	...	0·32	...	2	1·12	3·08	8·68	13·80	27·92	33·57
		Dacca ...	0·11	...	0·11	0·75	...	0·11	...	4	1·08	2·80	8·66	11·65	36·30	28·33
		Narayanganj...	0·14	...	...	0·71	0·02	0·11	...	3	0·98	3·71	7·64	14·12	32·33	31·24
		Manikganj ...	1·64	1·47	0·02	0·85	0·67	...	...	4	4·65	2·50	12·37	9·92	36·57	28·64
		Joydebpore ...	0·25	1·35	0·14	1·10	1·13	0·03	...	5	4·00	?	14·03	?	34·50	?
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	...	0·90	1·52	...	0·30	...	...	3	2·72	2·34	11·87	9·85	42·78	28·58
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	1·19	0·17	1·82	2·51	0·93	...	0·31	6	6·93	4·03	18·71	14·48	49·50	37·72
		Chandpore ...	1·24	...	...	0·39	0·24	...	...	3	1·87	4·27	12·47	14·62	39·37	34·82
		Brahmanbaria	0·58	0·05	1·30	0·12	...	1·12	...	4	3·17	1·91	16·53	9·73	41·75	29·81
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	...	0·05	...	0·03	...	Nil	0·08	?	8·14	?	22·69	?
		Nasirnagar ...					0·85	0·40				?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	0·25	...	0·90	...	0·24	...	0·55	4	1·94	?	7·95	?	31·75	?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	0·11	0·11	2·50	1·10	2·35	...	...	5	6·17	?	19·84	?	50·08	?
	Mymensingh...	Kishorganj ...	1·08	1·91	0·10	3·50	0·89	...	...	5	7·66	2·80	21·74	11·37	54·75	35·01
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	2·71	1·42	0·42	...	...	0·14	4	4·69	2·45	20·33	9·54	48·88	26·22
		Mymensingh ...	2·77	0·37	3·20	0·34	0·30	0·63	2·53	7	10·14	3·53	26·90	13·23	55·61	37·77
		Jamalpur ...	0·40	...	0·29	1·32	0·31	0·27	1·48	6	4·07	2·85	16·67	11·12	43·72	29·08
		Netrakona ...	2·42	1·14	1·42	0·62	1·96	0·25	2·05	7	9·85	4·33	32·90	16·22	65·67	42·60
		Subornakhali	0·69	0·35	4·16	1·91	0·03	...	1·18	5	8·32	?	20·23	?	50·78	?
		Durgapore ...	2·20	1·60	4·25	2·40			4·50			?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	0·40	0·25	1·05	2·57	0·09	0·55	1·82	6	6·73	?	19·21	?	24·42	?
		Dewanganj ...	1·10	0·22	0·90	0·88	...	0·31	0·44	6	3·85	?	19·16	?		?
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	1·70	0·14	4·53	0·07	...	...	0·29	4	6·73	3·27	34·57	15·61	57·15	34·31
		Araria ...	0·17	1·48	0·25	...	...	...	...	3	1·90	3·12	22·63	14·68	47·71	30·56
		Purnea ...	2·15	0·20	0·10	0·03	0·03	...	0·01	2	2·52	2·70	21·99	12·41	30·35	26·73
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	0·83	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·21	?	18·36	?	37·12	?
		Barsoe ...	0·05	0·60	0·75	...	...	0·20	...	3	1·60	?	18·45	?	42·67	?
		Forbesganj ...	0·44	1·83	1·43	...	...	...	0·40	4	4·10	?	21·56	?	33·04	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	2·80	0·30	...	...	0·30	3	3·10	?	34·67	?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	1·82	0·41	...	...	...	...	0·30	3	2·53	2·71	19·82	10·74	25·43	21·62
		Bongaon (Syfabad). ...	2·45									?		?		?
		Supaul ...	...	0·60	...	...	0·37	0·77	0·30	4	2·04	2·51	18·50	9·79	21·88	21·21
		Protabganj ...	0·21	3·27	1·24	...	...	...	0·43	4	5·15	?	25·12	?	28·94	?
		Bhagalpur ...	0·04	0·06	0·09	0·02	0·67	...	...	1	0·88	2·58	19·78	9·48	24·24	18·70
		Banka ...	...	...	0·73	...	...	...	0·02	1	0·75	2·20	12·89	9·64	29·48	18·75
		Colgong ...	0·08	0·05	...	...	0·47	...	...	1	0·60	?	15·06	?	26·84	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	1·60	0·35	...	...	0·30	0·10	4	2·35	2·51	13·52	10·84	20·26	19·44
		Darbhanga ...	0·09	1·26	...	0·69	0·21	0·24	0·03	4	2·52	2·12	12·79	10·73	21·04	19·78
		Madhubani ...	2·55	0·02	...	2·93	...	...	...	2	5·50	1·96		9·40		19·35
		Bahera ...	...	0·82	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·82	?	12·60	?		?
		Roshera ...	1·95	0·90	0·84	...	...	...	0·73	4	4·42	?	15·97	?	21·36	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 29th of July 1893—concld.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall.							Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
			Sunday, 23rd.	Monday, 24th.	Tuesday, 25th.	Wednesday, 26th.	Thursday, 27th.	Friday, 28th.	Saturday, 29th.							
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	1·57	0·51	0·27	1·55	0·21	...	1·62	6	5·73	2·43	20·50	10·14	31·38	19·53
		Muzaffarpur	1·46	0·69	...	0·25	0·02	0·28	0·59	4	3·29	2·39	13·17	10·69	18·07	19·66
		Hajipur ...	0·01	0·15	0·35	0·83	...	...	...	3	1·34	2·65	11·80	10·90	[illegible]·74	18·00
		Paru ...	2·85			0·83						?		?		?
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)										?		?		?
		Sitihar ...	0·12	1·35	0·08	2·55	...	...	2·70	4	7·01	?		?		?
		Pupri ...										?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	2·34	1·21	...	1·12	0·23	...	0·59	5	5·49	2·11	28·95	10·12	42·81	18·97
		Bettiah ...	1·90	0·17	...	2·49	0·20	...	0·10	5	4·86	2·78	19·24	12·39	27·54	21·73
		Bagaha ...	1·47	1·24	0·02	1·81	1·11	1·03	3·91	6	10·59	?	23·57	?	35·67	?
		Burhurwa ...	1·08	0·58	...	0·19	...	...	0·05	3	1·90	?	9·91	?	14·12	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	1·21	0·17	...	0·18	0·02	...	0·36		1·93	3·12	14·79	11·80	23·01	19·20
		Siwan ...	0·49	0·70	0·03	0·87	0·13	0·05				3·16	11·97	11·04	16·51	18·86
		Chapra ...	0·21	0·01	...	...	0·01	...	0·02	1	0·25	3·24	9·74	10·91	17·75	17·85
		Sreepore ...										?		?	?	?
		Annuar ...	2·56	0·12	0·39	0·13	...	...	0·41	5	3·61	?	17·92	?	?	?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	1·46	0·30	...	2	1·85	?		?	?	?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	1·60	...	...	...	0·35	...	...	2	1·95	3·12	11·63	9·81	17·19	15·24
		Dehri ...	0·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·61	2·09	10·82	10·48	19·84	15·91
		Bhabhua ...	0·42	...	...	0·11	0·08	...	...	2	0·61	2·95	13·05	11·48	25·78	16·81
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	3·44	9·41	10·52	...	15·84
		Arrah ...	0·06	...	...	0·16	0·02				0·24	3·16	12·38	10·29	25·40	17·11
		Mohanea ...								1		?		?		?
		Khiri ...										?		?		?
		Agsaon ...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·10	?	14·04	?		?
		Ramnagar ...	0·31							1	0·31	?	13·24	?	19·10	?
		Koath ...	0·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·75	?	10·44	?	19·74	?
		Sikroul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	14·18	?	21·27	?
		Monaharpur	0·22							1	5·51					?
											0·22	?	9·45	?		
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	0·05								2·67	11·79	10·64	18·79	17·41
		Gaya ...	0·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·32	4·13	12·10	11·61	21·41	18·73
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·17	0·09	1	1·26	2·85	10·78	10·25	21·01	16·80
		Jahanabad ...	0·81	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·06	2·34	27·01	10·33	37·16	16·52
		Arwal ...	2·35	0·60	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·95	?	13·56	?	19·08	?
		Daudnagar ...	0·71	...	...	...	1·23	...	...	2	1·94	?	9·82	?	17·90	?
		Sherghati							0·20	1	0·20	?	17·60	?	23·13	?
		Rajauli ...	0·10	0·05	...	0·35	...	...	0·09	2	0·59	?	13·95	?	...	?
		Pakri Barawan	0·09									?		?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	0·06	0·25	0·06	...	...	0·03	...	1	0·40	3·13	14·19	10·52	25·27	18·80
		Dinapore ...	0·05	0·08	0·38	...	...	0·39	...	2	0·90	3·50	17·79	10·64	27·81	18·11
		Bihar ...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·20	3·33	13·03	11·04	27·93	18·64
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·81	9·75	11·07	10·67	17·20
		Bickram ...	0·45	0·32	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·77	?	18·93	?	29·12	?
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	14·35	?		?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	0·21	...	...	1·38	...	2	1·59	2·17	17·33	9·36	31·30	17·00
		Monghyr ...	0·20	0·25	0·03	0·14	...	...	...	3	0·62	2·80	11·79	10·50	21·06	18·40
		Jamui ...	...	0·26	...	...	...	...	0·27	2	0·53	3·57	10·82	11·34	21·12	18·80
		Goori ...										?		?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·60	1	0·60	?	13·64	?	31·72	?
		Chahai Bamda	0·02	2·38	0·13	...	...	...	0·26	3	2·79	?	14·91	?	34·87	?
		Chupreon ...										?		?		?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	0·10	0·42	1·71	0·09	0·03	0·18	0·19	5	2·72	2·42	18·14	11·40	31·78	24·40
		Godda ...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	0·80	1	0·87	1·94	12·80	9·50	...	18·38
		Pakour ...	0·65	0·71	0·74	0·36	0·12	...	1·37	6	3·95	2·87	20·17	11·92	43·53	25·09
		Naya Dumka	0·25	0·36	0·09	1·30	...	0·22	...	4	2·22	2·74	14·05	11·20	36·40	22·00
		Deoghur ...	...	0·55	0·06	0·04	...	1·12	...	2	1·77	3·12	14·30	11·92	31·32	21·84
		Jamtara ...	...	0·19	0·20	1·32	0·37	0·19	...	5	2·27	3·50	12·57	11·85	33·84	21·98
		Belbodda ...		1·12								?		?		?
		Nanihat ...										?		?		?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	0·04	1·67	0·83	...	0·24	0·40	4	3·18	3·00	14·69	11·08	36·09	20·49
		Hazaribagh ...	0·05	...	0·18	...	0·04	...	0·07	1	0·34	2·78	22·50	11·56	40·90	19·76
		Semtagurau										3·29		12·09		21·67
		Mahudi Hills										3·51		11·55		21·47
		Jhumra Hill										4·83		15·96		25·37
		Barhi ...	...	...	0·35	0·06	...	...	...	1	0·41	?	21·47	?	33·50	?
		Chatra ...							0·45	1	0·45	?	17·46	?	31·13	?
		Karagdeha ...	...	0·02	0·02	...	...	...	...	1	0·04	?	13·35	?	24·49	?
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·45	2	0·85	?	18·27	?	31·53	?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	0·10					1	0·10	3·28	7·00	11·64	17·50	21·19
		Ranchi ...	0·94	...	0·58	...	...	0·06				3·52		12·21		22·08
		Silli ...						0·66	2·40			?				?
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...										2·20		10·53		17·26
		Balumath ...	...	0·50	0·02	...	...	...				?		?		?
		Husainabad							0·67	1	0·67	?	14·81	?	26·51	?
		Garhwa ...										?		?		?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	0·40	0·02	...	0·58	0·01	2	1·01	4·15	7·34	12·97	28·91	23·08
		Chakardharpur.	...	0·09	0·07	0·03	0·07	0·31	0·02	1	0·59	?	7·62	?	18·40	?
		Ghatsila ...										?		?		?
		Baharagura										?		?		?
		Gailkeira ...	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	0·20	2	0·45	?	5·75	?	26·52	?
		Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	2·13	1·02	2	3·15	?	16·22	?	40·07	?
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	0·09	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	1	0·28	2·48	13·07	10·75	41·01	21·21
		Gobindpur ...	0·13	...	2·12	0·44	...	...	0·74	4	3·43	2·74	19·82	10·65	41·96	19·15
		Raghunathpore.	1·48	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·83	?	19·48	?	34·28	?
		Barahabhum	...	...	0·60	0·02	...	...	0·05	1	0·67	?	8·96	?	35·61	?
		Jhalda ...	0·12	...	...	...	0·42	0·14	...	3	0·68	?	9·46	?	25·37	?
		Chas ...	...	...	1·76	0·58	...	0·40	0·31	4	3·05	?	12·07	?	30·12	?
		Pandra ...	0·23	0·12	0·83	1·30	1·75	0·07	...	5	4·30	?	10·86	?	33·73	?

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 1st August* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 29TH OF JULY 1893.

During the previous week a westerly wind current had gradually advanced over the province, and at its close westerly and south-westerly winds were reported at all except a few stations in the extreme eastern and northern districts. This was accompanied by the establishment of an area of decidedly high pressure over the southern and south-western districts, and on the 23rd, or the first day of the present week, there was an excess pressure above the normal of the day of about 0·06 inch over this area. Over the central parts of the province pressure was also in slight excess, but a distinct defect was registered in parts of North Bengal and North Bihar. This distribution of pressure hence caused the monsoon current to set away from the west of the province towards the east, and from the east to the north of Bengal. Conditions were therefore still favourable for rainfall in the north and to a certain extent in the east of the province, but the pressure conditions were unfavourable for the continuance of rainfall in the western and south-western districts. On the 24th there was a general fall of pressure over the province, and the distribution became rather more normal than it had been, but south-westerly winds still prevailed in most districts. On the 25th pressure again fell in Orissa, and partly in the southern districts, while it was rising elsewhere, particularly in Bihar, so that the area of high pressure in the extreme west of the province tended to re-establish itself. This was succeeded on the 26th by a further rather rapid general increase of pressure, and a decided area of comparatively high pressure again covered the western half of the province, and this area gradually extended on the 27th and 28th until it reached South-East Bengal, but on the 29th a moderate fall of pressure commenced, tending to partially efface this abnormal distribution of pressure With this unusual distribution of pressure existing for a considerable part of the week, the monsoon current has been deflected to a great extent towards the east of the province, and thence along the foot of the hills to the northern districts, while the western and south-western districts have not been much influenced by it. Indeed, during the second-half of the week a partial break in the rains obtained over Orissa, South-West Bengal, South Bihar and Chota Nagpur, and it even extended for a day or two to North Bengal, but the break was never complete, and in the eastern districts and in Assam rainfall has continued throughout the week. Hence the rainfall for the week has been in large defect from the normal in Orissa, Chota Nagpur and South Bihar, and in moderate defect in South-West Bengal. The falls have been about normal in amount in North Bihar and East Bengal, but on the other hand in North Bengal the quantity of rain received has been more than twice as great as usual.

Pressure.—The mean pressure of the province for the week has been in excess of the normal in all divisions. The usual excess in Chota Nagpur and South-West Bengal has been about 0·04" to 0·05", and in most other districts it has been from about 0·02" to 0·025", while in Assam it has only equalled 0·008." This abnormal distribution it will be seen would have the natural effect of deflecting the monsoon current away from the west towards the east and north of the province.

Temperature.—The variations of temperature over the province from day to day have been quite unimportant, but with the comparative lightness of the rainfall over a large area the mean temperature has ranged much higher than usual, and thus excess temperatures of from about 1° to 2° have been recorded in Chota Nagpur, Orissa and South-West Bengal, and smaller excess temperatures have been recorded in South Bihar and East Bengal. On the other hand defects of about a degree have been registered in North Bengal and North Bihar. In the whole of Bengal for the week the mean temperature has been about 0·5° in excess of the normal. In Assam also a considerable excess of 1·8° has been recorded.

Rainfall—Has been heaviest in North Bengal, which has received an average amount of 5·87 inches, or rather more than three inches in excess of the normal. East Bengal has received 4·06 inches, or slightly more than usual. In South-West Bengal and North Bihar the falls have varied from two to three inches, while in Chota Nagpur and South Bihar they have been little more than an inch. Finally, the falls have been smallest in Orissa, which has only received 0·71 inch. Expressed as a percentage of the normal fall for the period, the following are the amounts which have been received:—North Bengal 208 per cent., East Bengal 109 per cent., North Bihar 105 per cent., South-West Bengal 74 per cent., Chota Nagpur 43 per cent., South Bihar 37 per cent., and Orissa 23 per cent only.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 29th of July 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	95·2	73·8	90·5	79·9	85·2	+1·8	0·71	3·12	−2·41	1·27	3·43	−2·16	5·98	11·95	28·54	23·[illegible]
South-West Bengal ...	94·7	73·9	89·9	79·4	84·7	+0·9	2·13	2·88	−0·75	2·69	3·85	−1·16	10·35	10·77	37·07	23·41
North Bengal	93·3	74·6	87·5	77·9	82·7	−1·4	5·87	2·82	+3·05	5·00	3·71	+1·29	22·17	13·04	44·61	35·63
East Bengal	91·3	74·8	86·4	78·5	82·5	+0·1	4·06	3·72	+0·34	4·48	4·46	+0·02	15·67	14·57	51·69	37·32
North Bihar	94·8	74·9	88·3	78·6	83·5	−0·8	2·77	2·64	+0·13	2·76	3·24	−0·48	17·60	11·35	27·26	21·59
South Bihar	95·0	75·4	89·5	79·7	84·6	+0·6	1·10	2·97	−1·87	2·00	3·57	−1·57	14·69	10·71	25·85	18·64
Chota Nagpur	93·9*	69·9*	88·1*	74·4*	81·3*	+1·4*	1·42	3·25	−1·83	1·70	4·59	−2·89	14·53	11·91	33·53	21·44
Assam	90·6	74·8	86·9	77·3	82·2	+1·8										

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 1*st August* 1893.

A. PEDLER,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 23rd to 29th July 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vavour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
July ...	23rd ...	29·622	85·4	90·0	9·2	80·8	87·1	83·0	1·075	81·5	84	...
" ...	24th ...	·600	84·9	89·0	8·2	80·8	86·6	83·3	1·097	82·1	87	...
" ...	25th ...	·601	81·9	87·0	10·2	76·8	80·6	78·5	·950	77·7	91	0·75
" ...	26th ...	·641	84·2	91·0	13·7	77·3	86·6	82·3	1·047	80·6	83	0·54
" ...	27th ...	·659	85·9	93·0	14·2	78·8	89·1	83·5	1·074	81·4	79	...
" ...	28th ...	·644	86·1	92·0	11·8	80·2	88·6	83·5	1·080	81·6	80	...
" ...	29th ...	·610	85·1	90·0	9·9	80·1	87·6	82·5	1·045	80·6	80	...

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·625
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	84·8
The extreme variation of temperature	16·2
The maximum temperature	93·0
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	83
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 23rd to 29th July 1893	1·29

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 31*st July* 1893.

Vital Statistics of the Districts of Bengal for the month of June 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births: Number registered.	Births: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Cholera: Number registered.	Cholera: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox: Number registered.	Small-pox: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever: Number registered.	Fever: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa: Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury: Number registered.	Injury: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes: Number registered.	Other causes: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes: Number registered.	Total of all causes: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years: Number registered.	Average: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan ...	Burdwan	1,391,889	4,089	*35·16*	5	·03	4	·02	1,359	*11·64*	46	·36	40	·24	618	*5·28*	2,072	*17·76*	2,357	*20·28*	
	Bankura	1,069,668	2,729	*30·60*	1	·01	8	·08	740	*8·28*	17	·12	43	·48	363	*3·96*	1,172	*13·08*	1,502	*16·80*	
	Birbhum																				*Return not received up to date.*
	Midnapore	2,631,516	6,363	*28·92*	32	·12	44	·12	2,381	*10·80*	99	·36	128	·48	790	*3·60*	3,474	*15·84*	4,337	*19·68*	
	Hooghly including Serampore	1,076,710	2,556	*28·44*	44	·48	...	...	1,140	*12·60*	97	*1·08*	83	·84	360	*3·96*	1,724	*19·20*	1,503	*16·68*	
	Howrah	721,211	1,654	*27·48*	41	·60	3	·04	660	*10·92*	152	*2·52*	58	·96	290	*4·80*	1,204	*19·92*	913	*15·12*	
Presidency ...	24-Parganas																				*Ditto ditto.*
	Nadia																				*Ditto ditto.*
	Jessore																				*Ditto ditto.*
	Murshidabad	1,250,946	4,246	*40·68*	3	·02	...	...	1,890	*18·12*	6	·04	81	·72	274	*2·52*	2,254	*21·60*	1,841	*17·64*	
	Khulna	1,177,652	2,319	*23·52*	17	·12	...	...	1,244	*12·60*	1	·009	82	·72	292	*2·88*	1,636	*16·56*	1,559	*15·84*	
Rajshahi ...	Dinajpur	1,555,835	4,155	*32·04*	...	...	1	·007	2,801	*21·60*	9	·06	70	·48	150	*1·08*	3,031	*23·28*	2,771	*21·24*	
	Rajshahi	1,313,336	2,859	*26·04*	4	·03	7	·06	2,792	*25·44*	2	·01	93	·84	172	*1·56*	3,070	*27·96*	2,291	*20·88*	
	Rangpur	2,065,464	5,195	*30·12*	51	·24	...	...	3,641	*21·12*	10	·04	46	·24	267	*1·44*	4,015	*23·28*	3,864	*22·44*	
	Bogra	817,494	1,647	*24·12*	...	...	5	·07	981	*14·40*	9	·12	55	·72	164	*2·40*	1,214	*17·76*	1,289	*18·84*	
	Pabna	1,362,392	2,905	*25·56*	2	·01	47	·36	2,040	*17·88*	8	·06	56	·48	116	·96	2,269	*19·92*	1,915	*16·80*	
	Darjeeling																				*Ditto ditto.*
	Jalpaiguri	681,332	1,638	*28·80*	79	*1·32*	...	...	1,642	*28·80*	63	*1·08*	17	·24	75	*1·32*	1,875	*33·00*	1,648	*28·92*	
Dacca ...	Dacca	2,420,656	4,348	*21·48*	98	·48	54	·24	2,336	*11·52*	78	·36	100	·48	554	*2·64*	3,220	*15·96*	2,644	*12·96*	
	Faridpur	1,797,320	3,809	*25·32*	34	·12	8	·04	2,109	*14·04*	18	·12	69	·36	336	*2·16*	2,573	*17·16*	1,754	*11·64*	
	Backergunge	2,153,965	4,333	*24·12*	94	·48	5	·02	2,825	*15·72*	26	·12	130	·72	1,019	*5·64*	4,108	*22·80*	3,266	*18·12*	
	Mymensingh	3,472,186	5,664	*19·56*	698	*2·40*	69	·12	3,918	*13·44*	48	·12	73	·24	629	*2·16*	5,426	*18·72*	4,514	*15·60*	
Chittagong ...	Chittagong	1,290,167	3,412	*31·68*	26	·24	12	·10	2,087	*19·32*	30	·24	94	·84	165	*1·44*	2,414	*22·44*	2,139	*19·80*	
	Noakhali	1,009,693	2,810	*33·36*	15	·12	6	·06	1,476	*17·52*	11	·12	68	·72	160	*1·80*	1,736	*20·52*	1,849	*21·96*	
	Tippera	1,782,935	3,677	*24·72*	9	·06	...	...	1,645	*11·04*	10	·06	74	·48	390	*2·52*	2,128	*14·28*	2,079	*13·92*	
Patna ...	Patna																				*Ditto ditto.*
	Gaya	2,138,331	3,969	*22·20*	20	·10	108	·84	2,450	*13·68*	21	·10	118	·60	410	*2·28*	3,187	*17·88*	4,946	*27·72*	
	Shahabad																				*Ditto ditto.*
	Muzaffarpur	2,711,445	5,586	*24·72*	18	·07	1	·003	4,423	*19·56*	114	·48	204	·84	578	*2·52*	5,338	*23·52*	5,386	*23·76*	
	Darbhanga	2,801,955	5,730	*24·48*	2	·008	1	·003	4,212	*18·00*	144	·60	137	·48	461	*1·92*	4,957	*21·12*	6,273	*26·76*	
	Saran	2,467,477	5,029	*24·36*	5	·02	7	·02	1,887	*9·12*	155	·72	137	·60	1,437	*6·96*	3,628	*17·64*	4,676	*22·68*	
	Champaran	1,859,465	3,957	*25·44*	5	·02	6	·03	2,093	*13·44*	15	·09	129	·72	594	*3·72*	2,841	*18·24*	4,450	*27·24*	
Bhagalpur ...	Monghyr	2,036,021	3,860	*22·68*	...	...	82	·48	2,354	*13·80*	22	·12	135	·72	391	*2·28*	2,984	*17·52*	5,126	*30·12*	
	Bhagalpur	2,032,696	4,537	*26·76*	6	·02	235	*1·32*	2,879	*16·92*	41	·24	169	·60	387	*2·28*	3,657	*21·48*	4,280	*25·20*	
	Purnea	1,944,658	3,836	*23·67*	5	·03	3	·01	2,932	*17·59*	3	·01	52	·31	73	·45	3,068	*18·93*	2,858	*17·52*	
	Malda	814,919	2,039	*30·00*	1	·01	...	...	1,496	*21·96*	3	·03	23	·24	77	*1·08*	1,600	*23·52*	1,210	*17·76*	
	Sonthal Parganas	1,754,196	2,674	*18·24*	5	·02	84	·48	1,587	*10·80*	9	·06	42	·24	185	*1·20*	1,912	*12·96*	2,148	*14·64*	
Orissa ...	Cuttack																				*Ditto ditto.*
	Puri	944,998	3,208	*40·68*	23	·24	221	*2·76*	292	*3·60*	122	*1·44*	59	·72	735	*9·24*	1,454	*18·36*	3,478	*44·16*	
	Balasore	994,625	3,662	*44·16*	4	·04	3	·03	607	*7·32*	146	*1·68*	54	·60	638	*7·68*	1,452	*17·76*	3,047	*36·72*	
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	1,164,321	2,748	*28·32*	12	·12	63	·60	1,362	*13·92*	32	·24	54	·48	242	*2·40*	1,765	*18·12*	2,429	*24·96*	
	Lohardaga	1,128,885	3,629	*38·52*	1	·009	6	·06	869	*9·12*	169	*1·56*	19	·12	633	*6·72*	1,697	*19·08*	2,197	*23·28*	
	Palamau	596,770	1,297	*26·04*	...	...	25	·48	872	*17·52*	7	·12	30	·60	152	*3·00*	1,086	*21·72*	1,408	*28·20*	
	Singhbhum	545,488	1,384	*30·36*	...	...	26	·48	402	*10·80*	11	·24	42	·84	115	*2·52*	686	*15·00*	773	*16·92*	
	Manbhum	1,193,328	2,761	*27·72*	1	·009	111	*1·08*	820	*8·16*	16	·12	31	·24	330	*3·24*	1,309	*13·08*	2,223	*22·32*	
	Total ...	58,171,956	130,314	*26·88*	1,360	·24	1,308	·24	71,333	*14·64*	1,769	·36	2,844	·48	14,622	*3·00*	93,236	*19·20*	102,943	*21·12*	
Average of corresponding month of previous five years ...			Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		16,396	*3·36*	1,124	·12	66,865	*13·68*	2,742	·48	2,877	·48	13,939	*2·64*	102,943	*21·12*	...	...	
Difference + or —			......		−15,036	*−3·12*	+184	*+·12*	+4,468	*+·96*	−973	*−·12*	−33	Equal	+1,683	*+·36*	−9,707	*−1·92*	...	...	

Office of Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal,
The 28*th July* 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Vital Statistics of Towns in Bengal with a population of 20,000 and over during the month of June 1893.

DISTRICTS.		TOWNS.	Population under registration.	BIRTHS.		DEATHS. Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fever.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Injury.		Other causes.		Total of all causes.		Average of corresponding month of previous five years.		Remarks.
				Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan ...	1	Burdwan	34,477	79	*27·48*	...	...	...	...	42	*14·52*	8	*2·76*	2	*·60*	23	*7·92*	75	*26·04*	78	*27·12*	
Midnapore ...	2	Midnapore	32,264	80	*33·00*	1	*·36*	...	...	31	*12·24*	6	*2·16*	...	...	14	*5·16*	54	*20·04*	77	*28·56*	
Hooghly ...	3	Hooghly and Chinsura	33,060	65	*23·52*	31	*11·52*	...	...	35	*12·60*	9	*3·24*	5	*1·80*	31	*11·16*	112	*40·56*	68	*24·60*	
	4	Serampore	35,952	84	*27·96*	6	*1·92*	...	...	46	*15·24*	18	*6·00*	1	*·24*	18	*6·00*	89	*29·64*	62	*20·84*	
Howrah ...	5	Howrah	116,606	138	*14·16*	18	*1·80*	3	*·24*	80	*8·16*	31	*3·12*	2	*·12*	44	*4·44*	178	*18·24*	111	*11·40*	
24-Parganas ...	6	Cossipore-Chitpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Return not received up to date.
	7	Maniktala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	8	Barnagore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	9	South Suburban ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	10	Khorda or South Barrackpore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	11	Naihati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	12	Nawabganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Nadia ...	13	Krishnagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	14	Santipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Murshidabad	15	Murshidabad City ...	35,576	67	*22·56*	...	...	...	...	57	*19·20*	2	*·60*	1	*·24*	7	*2·28*	67	*22·56*	58	*19·56*	
	16	Berhampore	23,515	16	*8·16*	...	...	...	...	35	*17·76*	...	...	2	*·96*	2	*·96*	30	*19·80*	31	*15·72*	
Rajshahi ...	17	Rampur Boalia ...	21,407	50	*27·96*	...	...	...	...	34	*18·96*	1	*·48*	2	*1·08*	2	*1·08*	39	*21·84*	41	*22·92*	
Pabna ...	18	Sirajganj	23,267	36	*18·48*	1	*·48*	...	...	23	*11·76*	...	...	2	*·84*	1	*·48*	27	*15·92*	24	*11·28*	
Dacca ...	19	Dacca	83,633	131	*18·72*	31	*4·44*	1	*·12*	79	*11·28*	20	*2·76*	4	*·48*	28	*3·96*	163	*23·28*	135	*19·32*	
Chittagong ...	20	Chittagong	24,060	57	*28·52*	...	...	...	...	41	*20·40*	1	*·48*	2	*·96*	6	*2·88*	50	*24·84*	52	*25·92*	
Patna	21	Patna City	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ditto ditto.
	22	Bihar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	23	Dinapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Gaya ...	24	Gaya	80,383	182	*27·12*	18	*2·64*	1	*·12*	144	*21·48*	...	...	4	*·48*	46	*6·84*	213	*31·68*	258	*38·40*	
Shahabad ...	25	Arrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ditto ditto.
	26	Sasaram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Muzaffarpur	27	Muzaffarpur	49,192	120	*29·16*	...	...	1	*·24*	73	*17·76*	26	*6·24*	4	*·96*	26	*6·24*	130	*31·68*	136	*33·12*	
	28	Hajipur	21,487	45	*25·08*	...	...	...	...	32	*17·76*	3	*1·56*	2	*1·08*	20	*11·16*	57	*31·89*	63	*35·16*	
Darbhanga ...	29	Darbhanga	73,561	155	*25·20*	1	*·12*	1	*·12*	93	*15·12*	44	*7·08*	2	*·24*	40	*6·48*	181	*29·52*	175	*28·44*	
Saran	30	Chapra	57,352	64	*13·32*	1	*·12*	...	...	25	*5·16*	12	*2·40*	3	*·60*	27	*5·64*	68	*14·16*	95	*19·80*	
Champaran ...	31	Bettiah	22,780	56	*29·40*	...	...	...	...	22	*11·52*	3	*1·56*	...	...	6	*3·12*	31	*16·32*	94	*49·44*	
Monghyr ...	32	Monghyr	57,077	150	*31·44*	...	...	4	*·84*	51	*10·68*	10	*2·04*	3	*·60*	49	*10·20*	117	*24·48*	113	*23·64*	
Bhagalpur ...	33	Bhagalpur	69,106	187	*32·40*	...	...	30	*6·72*	94	*16·32*	15	*2·52*	1	*·12*	59	*10·20*	208	*36·12*	153	*26·52*	
Cuttack ...	34	Cuttack	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ditto ditto.
Puri ...	35	Puri	28,794	69	*28·68*	1	*·36*	3	*1·20*	10	*4·08*	9	*3·72*	...	...	30	*12·48*	53	*22·08*	214	*89·16*	
Balasore ...	36	Balasore	20,775	60	*34·56*	...	...	...	...	8	*4·56*	1	*·48*	...	...	13	*7·44*	22	*12·60*	54	*31·00*	
Lohardaga ...	37	Ranchi	20,308	40	*23·52*	...	...	...	...	20	*11·76*	4	*2·28*	1	*·48*	6	*3·48*	31	*18·24*	61	*36·00*	
		Total ...	964,639	1,940	*24·12*	110	*1·32*	53	*·60*	1,077	*13·32*	223	*2·76*	43	*·48*	408	*6·12*	2,004	*24·84*	2,151	*26·64*	
		Average of the corresponding month of previous five years.	...	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		513	*6·36*	36	*·36*	774	*9·60*	216	*2·64*	52	*·60*	500	*6·96*	2,151	*26·64*	...	...	
		Difference + or − ...	...	...	...	−403	*−5·04*	+17	*+·24*	+303	*+3·72*	+7	*+·12*	−9	*−·12*	−92	*−·84*	−147	*−1·80*	...	...	

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,
The 28th July 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Supplementary Vital Statistics of Districts and of Towns for May 1893 received too late for publication with the figures of that month on the 1st July 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	BIRTHS. Number registered.	BIRTHS. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	DEATHS. Cholera. Number registered.	Cholera. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox. Number registered.	Small-pox. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever. Number registered.	Fever. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury. Number registered.	Injury. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes. Number registered.	Other causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes. Number registered.	Total of all causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Number registered.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Presidency ...	24-Parganas	1,892,033	3,802	24·00	109	·60	5	·03	1,871	11·76	61	·36	111	·60	291	1·68	2,438	15·36	2,403	15·24
Rajshahi	Darjeeling	223,314	464	24·84	4	·12	...	...	546	29·28	65	3·48	6	·24	140	7·44	761	41·64	708	38·04
Dacca	Mymensingh	3,472,186	8,699	30·09	1,675	5·76	76	·24	5,161	17·76	146	·48	51	·12	771	2·64	7,880	27·12	5,123	17·64
Patna	Shahabad	2,063,337	4,401	26·64	2	·01	78	·36	3,625	21·00	18	·09	72	·36	385	2·16	4,180	24·24	3,916	22·68
Bhagalpur	Sonthal Parganas	1,754,196	2,969	20·28	8	·04	71	·48	2,116	14·40	12	·07	30	·12	189	1·20	2,426	16·56	2,455	16·68
Orissa	Cuttack	1,937,671	6,174	38·16	43	·24	308	1·80	1,872	11·52	267	1·56	125	·72	1,006	6·12	3,621	22·32	4,165	25·68
Chota Nagpur ...	Palamau	596,770	1,712	34·32	...	...	44	·84	1,210	24·24	10	·12	20	·36	174	3·48	1,438	29·28	1,377	27·60
	Total ...	11,939,507	28,421	28·56	1,841	1·80	582	·48	16,401	16·44	579	·48	415	·36	2,946	2·88	22,764	22·80	20,147	20·16
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		3,783	3·72	318	·24	12,699	12·72	672	·60	365	·36	2,310	2·28	26,147	20·16	.....	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−1,942	−1·92	+264	+·24	+3,702	+3·72	−93	−·12	+50	Equal	+636	+·60	+2,617	+2·64	...	...
	Total for the Province	70,388,083	210,118	35·76	4,287	·72	2,324	·36	116,900	19·92	2,848	·48	2,618	·36	23,053	3·84	152,030	25·80	139,822	23·76
	Average of the corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		27,169	4·56	1,747	·24	88,315	15·00	3,567	·60	2,560	·36	16,464	2·76	139,822	23·76	...	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−22,882	−3·84	+577	+·12	+28,585	+4·92	−719	−·12	+58	Equal	+6,589	+1·08	+12,208	+2·04	...	...
Districts.	*Towns.*																			
...	1 Cossipore-Chitpur	31,423	50	19·08	7	2·64	...	...	24	9·12	2	·72	...	...	6	2·28	39	14·88	66	25·20
	2 Maniktala	32,865	38	13·80	1	·36	...	...	18	6·48	...	...	...	...	2	·72	21	7·56	42	15·24
	3 Barnagore	34,278	45	15·72	23	8·04	2	·60	30	10·44	5	1·68	2	·60	10	3·48	72	25·20	66	23·04
	4 South Suburban	69,642	90	15·48	15	2·52	...	...	60	10·32	1	·12	12	2·04	11	1·80	99	17·04	60	10·32
24-Parganas ...	5 Khorda or South Barrackpore.	35,647	33	11·04	8	2·64	...	...	39	13·08	2	·60	...	...	2	·60	51	17·16	53	17·76
	6 Naihati	29,724	53	21·36	5	1·92	...	...	29	11·64	5	1·92	1	·36	16	6·36	56	22·56	56	22·56
	7 Nawabganj or North Barrackpore.	20,980	39	22·20	26	14·76	...	...	26	14·76	3	1·68	...	...	8	4·56	63	36·00	34	19·44
Shahabad... ...	8 Arrah	46,905	87	22·20	...	...	...	...	83	21·12	3	·72	1	·24	10	2·52	97	24·72	68	17·28
	9 Sasaram	22,713	89	46·92	...	...	...	...	51	26·88	2	·96	1	·48	4	2·04	58	30·60	58	30·60
Cuttack	10 Cuttack	47,186	68	17·28	1	·24	2	·48	18	4·56	20	5·04	1	·24	8	1·92	50	12·60	54	13·68
	TOTAL ...	371,363	592	19·08	86	2·76	4	·12	378	12·12	43	1·32	18	·48	77	2·40	606	19·36	557	17·88
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	...	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		124	3·96	13	·36	272	8·76	41	1·32	11	·24	96	3·00	557	17·88	...	...
	Difference + or −	...	...	...	−38	−1·20	−9	−·24	+106	+3·36	+2	Equal	+7	·24	−19	−·60	+49	+1·68	...	...
	Total of towns with a population of 20,000 and over.	1,649,273	3,327	24·12	313	2·16	103	·72	1,978	14·28	350	2·52	82	·48	727	5·28	3,553	25·80	3,275	23·76
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	...	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		753	5·40	103	·72	1,337	9·72	294	2·04	62	·36	726	5·28	3,275	23·76	...	...
	Difference + or −	...	...	...	−440	−3·24	Equal	Equal	+641	+4·56	+56	+·48	+20	+·12	+1	Equal	+278	+2·04	...	...

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,
The 28th July 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Supplementary Vital Statistics of Districts for April 1893 received too late for publication with the figures for that month on the 1st July 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births.		Deaths.														Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	
					Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fever.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Injury.		Other causes.		Total of all causes.			
			Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Dacca	Mymensingh	3,472,186	8,650	*29·88*	1,237	*4·20*	51	*·12*	3,740	*12·84*	45	*·12*	44	*·12*	650	*2·16*	5,767	*19·92*	5,287	*18·24*
	Total for the Province ...	70,388,083	192,410	*32·76*	4,776	*·72*	2,148	*·36*	97,902	*16·68*	2,536	*·36*	1,865	*·24*	20,752	*3·48*	130,069	*22·08*	159,104	*27·12*
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	...	Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		30,270	*5·16*	2,021	*·24*	102,574	*17·40*	3,811	*·60*	1,816	*·24*	18,612	*3·12*	159,104	*27·12*	...	...
	Difference	...	...	...	−25,494	*−4·44*	+127	*+·12*	−4,582	*−·72*	−1,275	*−·24*	+49	Equal	+2,140	*+·36*	−29,035	*−5·04*	...	......

Office of Sany. Commr. for Bengal,
The 28th July 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgn.-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 22nd July 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 22nd July 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 23rd July 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	199	39,510	625	107	37,700	591
Jute	11	4,225	56	8	2,475	41
Firewood	81	30,575	504	98	52,350	786
Other articles	849	1,74,790	2,674	618	1,56,705	2,311
Total ...	1,140	2,49,100	3,858	831	2,49,230	3,729

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd July 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*266,734	*2,63,504 11 0	19,02,824 10	4,61,378 8 0	17,764 3 0	7,42,647 6 0	75,059½	89,863½	164,923
Or per mile of railway	......	163 9 10	......	286 7 9	11 0 6	461 2 1	......	......	......
For previous 2½ week of half-year	651,038	7,00,965 13 9	44,25,430 0	10,10,960 14 0	36,433 3 0	17,48,359 14 0	162,539½	213,652	376,191½
Total for 3½ weeks ...	917,772	9,64,470 8 0	63,28,254 10	14,72,339 6 0	54,197 6 0	24,91,007 4 0	237,599	303,515½	541,114½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	244,910	2,42,307 5 5	20,86,775 0	4,43,858 13 6	15,324 12 9	7,01,490 15 8	72,706	86,215	158,921
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	150 7 3	......	275 9 8	9 8 3	435 9 2	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 3½ weeks of previous year	869,461½	8,00,965 6 10	73,38,792 20	15,71,986 1 2	51,985 13 0	24,24,337 5 0	240,046	314,058	554,104

* The increase is chiefly due to movements of pilgrims.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd July 1893, on 22½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,387	4,039 0 0	20,079 30	438 15 0	12 0 0	4,509 15 0	889	79	968
Or per mile of railway	......	182 6 10	......	19 11 8	0 8 7	202 11 1	......	......	......
For previous 2½ week of half-year	36,381	8,887 2 0	10,736 10	387 4 0	24 0 0	9,278 6 0	1,913	177	2,090
Total for 3½ weeks ...	53,768	12,926 2 0	30,816 0	826 3 0	36 0 0	13,788 5 0	2,802	256	3,058
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	16,557	3,918 2 3	5,321 20	247 3 0	9 2 0	4,174 7 3	911	57	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	176 1 6	......	11 1 9	0 6 7	187 9 10	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 3½ weeks of previous year ...	77,137	18,421 2 4	21,116 20	829 15 0	28 13 0	19,279 14 4	3,082	196	3,278

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd July 1893, on $161\frac{3}{5}$ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	18,439	12,490 14 0	27,932 20	5,477 13 0	42 0 0	18,010 11 0	6,005	2,508	8,513
Or per mile of railway	......	77 6 3	......	33 15 0	0 4 2	111 9 5	......	......	......
For previous $2\frac{1}{7}$ week of half-year	43,596	28,538 15 0	87,612 10	12,970 0 0	74 0 0	41,580 15 0	13,107	5,998½	19,105½
Total for $3\frac{1}{7}$ weeks ...	62,035	41,027 13 0	1,15,544 30	18,447 13 0	116 0 0	59,591 10 6	19,112	8,506½	27,618½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,047½	12,020 3 9	41,441 10	7,076 15 6	50 13 0	19,148 0 3	6,437	2,543	8,980
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	74 7 7	......	43 13 7	0 5 0	118 10 2	......	......	......
Total for corresponding $3\frac{1}{7}$ weeks of previous year	56,280½	38,115 9 10	1,32,618 0	20,780 8 6	130 14 9	59,627 1 1	20,916	8,621	29,537

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 22nd July 1893, on 777 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	151,850	67,530 0 0	4,86,450 0	94,510 0 0	11,840 0 0	1,73,880 0 0	27,700	24,024	51,724
Or per mile of railway	195	87 0 0	584 0	122 0 0	*1 0 0	*210 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 2 week of half-year	388,470	1,54,700 0 0	11,99,160 0	1,71,830 0 0	22,970 0 0	3,49,500 0 0	58,813	50,701	109,514
Total for 3 weeks ...	540,320	2,22,230 0 0	16,52,610 0	2,66,340 0 0	34,810 0 0	5,23,380 0 0	86,513	74,725	161,238
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	136,834	59,041 0 0	4,89,825 0	1,01,294 0 0	11,643 0 0	1,71,978 0 0	26,622	29,579	56,201
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	176	76 0 0	619 0	130 0 0	*1 0 0	*207 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	510,819	2,04,832 0 0	13,89,709 0	2,63,520 0 0	37,130 0 0	5,05,482 0 0	89,496	91,245	180,741

* Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 22nd July 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	31,940	9,920 0 0	34,930 0	2,440 0 0	240 0 0	12,600 0 0	3,918	1,754	5,672
Or per mile of railway ...	256	79 0 0	279 0	20 0 0	2 0 0	101 0 0	...	...	......
For previous 2 weeks of half-year	71,700	23,500 0 0	89,910 0	5,970 0 0	120 0 0	29,590 0 0	8,802	3,391	12,193
Total for 3 weeks ...	103,640	33,420 0 0	1,24,840 0	8,410 0 0	360 0 0	42,190 0 0	12,720	5,145	17,865
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	26,565	8,630 0 0	49,416 0	2,873 0 0	141 0 0	11,644 0 0	3,918	1,754	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	213	69 0 0	395 0	23 0 0	1 0 0	93 0 0	...	...	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	104,057	31,202 0 0	1,29,477 0	8,033 0 0	411 0 0	39,646 0 0	13,316	5,355	18,671

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 22nd July 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	14,610	4,680 0 0	12,180 0	900 0 0	150 0 0	5,730 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
Or per mile of railway	170	54 0 0	142 0	11 0 0	2 0 0	67 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 2 weeks of half-year	37,660	10,300 0 0	22,950 0	1,910 0 0	190 0 0	12,400 0 0	5,338	1,580	6,918
Total for 3 weeks ...	52,270	14,980 0 0	35,130 0	2,810 0 0	340 0 0	18,130 0 0	7,825	2,317	10,142
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	14,701	4,695 0 0	9,297 0	744 0 0	327 0 0	5,766 0 0	2,594	650	3,244
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	171	54 0 0	108 0	9 0 0	4 0 0	67 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	48,832	15,257 0 0	31,550 0	2,272 0 0	500 0 0	18,029 0 0	8,613	2,139	10,752

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 22nd July 1893	12,023	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	11,916	0	0
Increase	107	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 22nd July 1893	235	11	11
Corresponding period of 1892	233	10	6
Increase	2	1	5
Receipts from 1st to 22nd July 1893	38,061	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	34,458	0	0
Increase	3,603	0	0

Printed and published by Edwin Morris Lewis at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 2nd August 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 32 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

WORKING OF THE FIRE-BRIGADE IN THE TOWN AND SUBURBS OF CALCUTTA AND IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF HOWRAH DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.

THE following report is published for general information.

J. A. BOURDILLON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 5318, dated Calcutta, the 14th July 1893.

From—SIR JOHN LAMBERT, K.C.I.E., Commissioner of Police,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department.

I HAVE the honour to submit, for the information of Government, a report on the working of the fire-brigade in the town and suburbs of Calcutta and in the Municipality of Howrah for the year 1892-93.

2. During the year 23 fires occurred. The brigade was in attendance at 20 of these fires. Of the remaining 3, 1 was extinguished by the local police and 2 by the people of the locality.

3. The estimated value of property destroyed was Rs. 1,42,529. At two busti fires in the suburbs three persons lost their lives.

4. No fire was reported to have occured in any building licensed under Act IV of 1883.

5. The following is a brief notice of the three most serious fires:—

I.—On January, the 11th, at 3-45 P.M., a fire broke out on the steamer *Mirzapore* and flat No. 10 in moorings off Nimtolla Ghât The engines *Percy* and *Bengal* assisted the Port Commissioners' floating engine, and the fire was extinguished by 8 P.M. The loss of cargo consisting of jute and betel-nuts was valued at Rs. 9,500. The damage done to the vessels was estimated at Rs. 1,00,000.

II.—On May, the 20th, a large *busti* fire broke out in Tollygunge and lasted from 2-20 P.M. till midnight. Two hundred and fifty huts, together with household property, valued at Rs. 20,040, were destroyed. There was a strong wind blowing at the time, which caused the fire to spread rapidly. The brigade arrived at the spot with engine *Gunga* at 3-30 P.M., but could not work, as there were no tanks within reach of the fire. Eventually a road was cut from the foot of Tollygung bridge to Tolly's Nullah, a distance of about 50 yards, and the engine was brought into play at 4 P.M.

III.—On December, 27th, the cargo of the jute-laden ship *Dumbarton Rock* caught fire in the river while she was putting to sea. The ship was brought back to Matiabrooj, and four men of the brigade were sent on board to render assistance. The fire was caused by the 2nd officer having accidentally dropped a lantern in the hold, and the cargo was partially destroyed. The extent of damage was not ascertained.

6. During the year there were five prosecutions under the Explosives Act IV of 1884—two in the town and three in the suburbs. Convictions were obtained in all five cases.

7. A memorandum of the fires which occurred and a statement showing receipts and expenditure on behalf of the brigade are enclosed.

Memorandum of fires in the Town and Suburbs of Calcutta and in Howrah from 1*st April* 1892 *to* 31*st March* 1893.

Number.	Date.	Locality with section letter.	Duration of fire.	Approximate value of property destroyed.	Remarks showing nature of damage done, &c.
			Town.	Rs.	
1	13th April 1892 ...	Free School Street, section M., Town.	3 hours and 45 minutes	2,500	Six tiled houses containing straw, wood and grain.
2	6th November " ...	Bow Bazar Street, section K., Town.	1½ hours	1,000	A one-storied brick building containing a poddar's shop and a bikreewallah's shop.
3	27th December " ...	On board the ship *Dumbarton Rock*, Port Commissioners' Docks.	6 days	Unknown	Fire in the hold of ship *Dumbarton Rock* laden with jute.
4	11th January 1893 ...	On board the steamer *Mirzapore* and flat No. 10, 1st Division, River Police.	4½ hours	1,09,500	1,583 bundles of jute and 203 boxes of betel-nuts and damage to steamers.
5	11th " " ...	Ezra Street, section G., Town.	6 hours and 55 minutes	3,000	A range of godowns containing cocoanut fibre and coir rope.
6	1st March " ...	Chitpore Road, section F., Town	2 hours	400	Four tiled houses.
7	19th " " ...	Ahiritolla, section B., Town ...	1 hour. Extinguished by the local police.	50	Jute stored in a brick godown.
Total 7 fires			Total ...	1,16,450	
			Suburbs.		
1	10th April 1892 ...	Garden Reach, section N., Suburbs.	2½ hours	100	One golputta house.
2	20th May " ...	Comedan Bagan, Ekbalpore, Southern Division, Suburbs.	2½ "	3,000	Fifty tiled houses and household utensils. Shaik Buxoo and his wife Joharanee, both aged and blind, were burnt to death.
3	20th " " ...	Tollygunge, Southern Division, Suburbs.	9 hours and 40 minutes	20,040	Two hundred and fifty huts and household property.
4	18th October " ...	Goalpara, Ekbalpore	1 hour	300	Five tiled houses.
5	23rd November " ...	Watganj, section M., Suburbs ...	40 minutes	30	One cow-shed.
6	9th January 1893 ...	Bishop's College, Baliganj Road, section H., Suburbs.	1 hour and 40 minutes	1,000	A range of buildings in the compound of Bishop's College.
7	22nd " " ...	Dhulyebagan, section K., Suburbs	1 hour and 15 minutes	200	Six thatched huts. One Adhore Chunder Ghose, who was lying drunk in one of the huts, was severely burnt and admitted to the Alipore Hospital, where he died of tetanus on the 1st February 1893.
8	5th February " ...	Tolly's Nullah, Watganj, section M., Suburbs.	1½ hours	100	A boat laden with straw.
9	11th " " ...	Pal's Lane, Shambazar, section B., Suburbs.	2 hours and 15 minutes	80	Two golputta huts and two tiled huts.
10	16th " " ...	Nawabputty, section B, Suburbs	15 minutes	4	Roof of a golputta hut. Inspectors Wood and Marklew went to the spot. The fire was put out by the people of the locality.
11	26th " " ...	Kidderpore, section M., Suburbs	2 hours and 15 minutes	250	Four tiled cowsheds, a pile of straw and four cows.
12	23rd March " ...	Baliaghatta Road, section E., Suburbs.	30 minutes	15	One tiled hut. The fire was extinguished by the residents of the locality.
Total 12 fires			Total ...	25,119	
			Howrah.		
1	9th April 1892 ...	Kekrapara, Chatterji's Hât outpost, Sibpur thana.	2½ hours	60	Three small stacks of straw.
2	14th November " ...	Charabagan Road, Sibpur thana	1 hour and 25 minutes	100	Three thatched houses.
3	3rd February 1893 ...	Khetter Mitter's Lane, Golabaree thana.	45 minutes	100	One large tiled house.
4	26th March " ...	Bakasrrab, a village in Sibpur thana.	6 hours	700	Twelve tiled huts.
Total 4 fires			Total ...	960	
		Total number of fires at which the brigade were in attendance.	20		
		Extinguished by local police ...	1		
		Extinguished by people of locality	2		
		Total ...	23 GRAND TOTAL ...	1,42,529	

CALCUTTA,
The 14*th July* 1893.

J. LAMBERT,
Commissioner of Police.

Statement showing the actual Receipts and Disbursements of the Fire-brigade Fund for the year ending 31st March 1893.

RECEIPTS.	Budget estimate for 1892-93.	Actual receipts for 1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Balance on 31st March 1892	10,413 0 0	10,413 10 7	0 10 7	......	
Contribution of 80 per cent. from Town Corporation ...	22,520 0 0	23,246 10 4	726 10 4	......	
Ditto ditto from Cossipur and Chitpur Municipality.	26,400 0 0	27,766 2 6	1,366 2 6	......	
Contribution of 80 per cent. from Manicktolla Municipality.	1,200 0 0	627 9 6	......	572 6 6	
Contribution of 80 per cent. from Howrah Municipality	5,000 0 0	4,960 0 0	......	40 0 0	
Fines under the Jute Warehouse Act	100 0 0	......	......	100 0 0	
Fees for licenses for letting off fire-works in Town ...	......	......	......	......	
Ditto ditto ditto in Suburbs ...	30 0 0	60 0 0	30 0 0	......	
Hire of fire-engines	200 0 0	......	......	200 0 0	
Sale proceeds of hand-engine	......	......	......	......	
Fees under Petroleum Act	3,500 0 0	4,472 0 0	972 0 0	......	
Fines under ditto	200 0 0	112 0 0	......	88 0 0	
Rent of telephone lines	......	302 8 0	302 8 0	......	
Total ...	59,150 0 0	61,546 14 4	3,397 4 10	1,000 6 6	

PAYMENTS.	Budget estimate for 1892-93.	Actual charges for 1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Establishment at Lall Bazar.					
1 Superintendent, at Rs. 250	3,000 0 0	2,900 0 0	......	100 0 0	
1 Chief Engineer, ,, 200	2,400 0 0	2,400 0 0	......	......	
1 Engineer, ,, 100	1,200 0 0	{ 579 1 9 16 6 10 }	......	604 7 5	
1 Driver, ,, 150	1,800 0 0	1,800 0 0	......	......	
1 Fireman, ,, 10	120 0 0	120 0 0	......	......	
1 Tindal, ,, 20	240 0 0	190 0 0	......	50 0 0	
1 Do. ,, 16	192 0 0	162 0 0	......	30 0 0	
1 Do. ,, 10	120 0 0	120 0 0	......	......	
7 Khalasees ,, 8 each	672 0 0	627 0 0	......	45 0 0	
11 Ditto ,, 7 ,, ...	924 0 0	987 0 0	63 0 0	......	
11 Syces, ,, 7 ,, ...	924 0 0	924 0 0	......	......	
Personal allowance of 3 tindals	72 0 0	58 0 0	......	14 0 0	
1 Writer	240 0 0	......	......	240 0 0	
Total ...	11,904 0 0	10,883 8 7	63 0 0	1,083 7 5	
Contingencies.					
Feed and keep of horses, including shoeing, veterinary attendance, repairing harness, &c.	3,500 0 0	3,938 8 6	438 8 6	......	
Lighting engineer's and driver's quarters and the fire-brigade stables.	360 0 0	360 0 0	......	......	
Accoutrements for the European members of the fire brigade supplied every year.	1,290 0 0	1,840 2 0	550 2 0	......	
Extra allowance of European members of the brigade, at Rs. 5 each for attendance at fires.	1,500 0 0	625 0 0	......	875 0 0	
Rent	600 0 0	695 5 4	95 5 4	......	
Pension	1,391 0 0	1,429 6 2	38 6 2	......	
Gratuities to persons giving notice of fires	100 0 0	......	......	100 0 0	
Cost of new hose, reel and hand carts	12,616 0 0	12,150 0 6	......	465 15 6	
Hand cart for conveying coal	300 0 0	......	......	300 0 0	
Canvas hose...	2,000 0 0	1,532 0 0	......	468 0 0	
Purchase of horses	1,200 0 0	1,308 0 0	108 0 0	......	
Harness for horses...	500 0 0	200 0 0	......	300 0 0	
Repairs of buildings	2,000 0 0	1,279 1 6	......	720 14 6	
Implements	1,000 0 0	1,252 0 0	252 0 0	......	
Repairs of engines and break-vans	1,500 0 0	1,165 12 0	......	334 4 0	
Maintenance of telegraph lines	3,500 0 0	4,030 0 0	530 0 0	......	
Petty contingencies, including coal, wood, &c.	2,000 0 0	3,128 12 0	1,128 12 0	......	
Total ...	35,357 0 0	34,934 0 0	3,141 2 0	3,564 2 0	
Howrah Establishment.					
Superintendent	......	100 0 0	100 0 0	......	
Absentee allowance of Superintendent	......	......	......	......	
1 Engineer, at Rs. 138	1,656 0 0	1,656 0 0	......	......	
1 Tindal ,, 10	120 0 0	120 0 0	......	......	
1 Fireman ,, 10	120 0 0	120 0 0	......	......	
3 Tindals ,, 8 each	288 0 0	288 0 0	......	......	
7 Khalasees ,, 8 ,, ...	672 0 0	297 0 0	......	375 0 0	
5 Ditto ,, 7 ,, ...	420 0 0	1,205 3 2	785 3 2	......	
6 Ditto ,, 7 ,, ...	504 0 0	......	......	504 0 0	
1 Engine-driver ,, 10	120 0 0	120 0 0	......	......	
2 Syces ,, 7 each	252 0 0	252 0 0	......	......	
Total	4,152 0 0	4,158 3 2	885 3 2	879 0 0	

Payments.		Budget estimate for 1892-93.	Actual charges for 1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Contingencies.						
Feed and keep of horses, including shoeing, veterinary attendance, repairs of harness, &c.		750 0 0	946 0 6	196 0 6	......	
Clothing		......	30 0 0	30 0 0	......	
Rewards to informers giving notice of fires		50 0 0	......	......	50 0 0	
Repairs of engines and break-vans		500 0 0	1,431 5 0	931 5 0	......	
Steam engine hose and gear		200 0 0	62 0 0	......	138 0 0	
Allowance for attendance at fires		......	......	......	......	
Purchase of horses		600 0 0	700 0 0	100 0 0	......	
Harness for horses		300 0 0	......	......	300 0 0	
Hose cart		......	......	......	......	
Repairs and construction of buildings and look-out ...		524 0 0	655 3 9	131 3 9	......	
Contingencies, oil, soap, cotton waste, &c....		500 0 0	564 8 9	64 8 9	......	
Total		3,424 0 0	4,389 2 0	1,453 2 0	488 0 0	
Bhowanipore.						
2 Tindals, at Rs. 10 each		240 0 0	240 0 0	......	......	
3 Khalasees " 8 "		288 0 0	237 0 0	......	51 0 0	
9 Ditto " 7 "		756 0 0	756 0 0	...	......	
Total		1,284 0 0	1,233 0 0	......	51 0 0	
Watgunge.						
2 Tindals, at Rs. 10 each		240 0 0	240 0 0	......	......	
1 Khalasee " 8 "		96 0 0	87 0 0	......	9 0 0	
11 Khalasees " 7 "		924 0 0	924 0 0	......	......	
Total		1,260 0 0	1,251 0 0	......	9 0 0	
Palmer's bridge.						
2 Tindals at Rs. 10 each		240 0 0	240 0 0	......	......	
2 Khalasees " 8 "		192 0 0	180 0 0	......	42 0 0	
10 Ditto " 7 "		840 0 0	840 0 0	......	......	
Total		1,272 0 0	1,230 0 0	......	42 0 0	
Chitpore.						
1 Engineer, at Rs. 126..		1,512 0 0	1,512 0 0	......	......	
Acting allowance		......	149 6 4	149 6 4	......	
2 Tindals and Firemen " 10 each		240 0 0	240 0 0	......	......	
1 Tindal " 10		120 0 0	120 0 0	......	......	
5 Khalasees " 8 each		480 0 0	255 0 0	......	255 0 0	
7 Ditto " 7 "		588 0 0	777 0 0	189 0 0	......	
3 Syces " 7 "		252 0 0	252 0 0	......	......	
Total		3,192 0 0	3,305 6 4	338 6 4	255 0 0	
Contingencies.						
Feed and keep of horses		750 0 0	959 14 6	209 14 6	......	
Repairs of engines and break-vans		400 0 0	140 4 0	......	259 12 0	
Steam-engine hose and gear		1,000 0 0	...	......	1,000 0 0	
Purchase of horses		600 0 0	268 3 3	......	331 12 9	
Harness for horses		300 0 0	......	......	300 0 0	
Petty contingencies, including coal, oil, &c.		500 0 0	393 8 3	......	106 7 9	
Repairs of buildings		1,000 0 0	576 8 0	......	423 8 0	
Total		4,550 0 0	2,338 6 0	209 14 6	2,421 8 6	
Travelling allowance for inspecting petroleum depôts ...		360 0 0	360 0 0	......	......	
		66,755 0 0	64,082 10 1	6,090 12 0	8,763 1 11	
Balance on 31st March 1892		2,808 0 0	7,877 14 10	......	......	
	Rs. A. P.					
Amounts in the hand of the Accountant-General, Bengal, in deposit account	7,377 14 10					
Amount recoverable.						
Amount advanced to Superintendent, Reserve force, for feed and keep of horses unadjusted	500 0 0					
	7,877 14 10	69,563 0 0	71,960 8 11	......	......	

CALCUTTA POLICE OFFICE,
The 14th July 1893.

H. PAGET,
Offg. Deputy Commissioner of Police.

WORKING OF THE BENGAL JUTE WAREHOUSE AND FIRE-BRIGADE ACT IV OF 1883 IN THE COSSIPORE-CHITPUR AND MANIKTOLA MUNICIPALITIES DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.

The 3rd August 1893.—The following reports are published for general information.

J. A. BOURDILLON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 58M.M., dated Calcutta, the 13th July 1893.

From—E. V. WESTMACOTT, Esq., Commissioner of the Presidency Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department.

I HAVE the honour to submit herewith copies of the reports on the working of the Bengal Jute Warehouse and Fire-brigade Act IV of 1883 in the Cossipore-Chitpur and Maniktola Municipalities during the year 1892-93. The reports do not call for any special remarks.

No. 200, dated Barrackpore, the 13th May 1893.

From—RAI GOPAL CHANDRA MOOKERJEE BAHADUR, C.E., Chairman, Cossipore and Chitpur Municipality,
To—The Magistrate, 24-Parganas.

I HAVE the honour to submit for your information the following report on the working of jute warehouses and fire-brigade for the year 1892-93.

1. Management of the fire-brigade in Calcutta and the suburbs are in the hands of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, and that officer submits his annual report direct to Government.

2. As regards the working of jute warehouses, the Commissioners of this Municipality realized on account of licenses Rs. 34,809-11 as detailed below. Out of this amount 80 per cent., viz., Rs. 27,766-2-6, was made over to the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, Rs. 102 refunded (which was paid under protest), and the balance at 20 per cent., *i.e.*, Rs. 6,941-8-6, was credited to the Municipal fund as per Act IV of 1883:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
No. 12, Jute Press-house with attached godowns, at the rate of 10 per cent. on rental valuation of holdings	23,644	13	0
No. 34, Jute godowns, rental valuation of which Rs. 500 and upwards per annum, at the rate of 10 per cent. on rental valuation of holdings	9,198	14	0
No. 29, Jute godowns, rental valuation of which is under Rs. 500 per annum, at the consolidated rate of Rs. 50 for each godown	1,450	0	0
No. 1, Cotton strong godown, at the rate of 10 per cent. on rental valuation of the holding	66	0	0
No. 9, Ropery strong godown, at the consolidated rate of Rs. 50 per each ropery	450	0	0
Total ...	34,809	11	0

3. I beg further to report for your information that the budget estimate submitted by the Commissioner of Police for the year 1892-93 for the maintenance of the fire-brigade at Chitpur was as follows:—

	Rs.
Establishment	3,192
Contingencies	4,550
Total ...	7,742

No. 154, dated Manicktollah, the 1st July 1893.

From—G. C. Ray, Esq., Vice-Chairman, Maniktola Municipality,
To—The Magistrate of the 24-Parganas.

With reference to your reminder B, dated the 27th June 1893, I have the honour to submit the following report on the working of the jute warehouses within this municipality and Fire-Brigade Act IV of 1883 for the year 1892-93.

2. There were eight jute warehouses against six of the previous year, and the license fees received from them under the Act amounted to Rs. 644, against Rs. 784-8 of the preceding year. The decrease in the receipt is due partly to the fact that the Soora Jute Mill Company paid their license fees of Rs. 120 for the year under report during the year 1891-92 (*i.e.*), on the 28th March 1891. Most of the godowns for the storage of jute are pucca, and are situated on the eastern or the left bank of the Circular Canal, and possess the advantage of importing and exporting jute through the canal which communicates with the eastern districts on one side and the Calcutta port on the other. It has been roughly estimated that about 4 lakhs of maunds of jute were stored during the year; the quantity imported was less than in the previous year. There was one jute rope manufactory within the municipality and a jute mill at Soora, the proprietor of which is a Marwaree gentleman.

3. Rupees 682-9-6 were paid to the Commissioner of Police on account of the maintenance of the fire-brigade. There were no fires this year within the limits of this Municipality.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 5th August 1893.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.			
Burdwan Divn.			
1	Burdwan Aug. 5, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	1·11 1·63 1·41 2·79	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation nearly completed. *Aus*, jute and sugar-cane doing well. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 12 Kalna ... ... 9 to 13 Katwa ... ... 11½ Raniganj ... ... 13 } per rupee.
2	Bankura „ 5, '93 Vishnupur ...	3·38 3·77	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. Transplantation of *aman* rice still going on. Prospects of *aus* rice good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Bankura ... ... 12¼ Vishnupur ... ... 12 } per rupee.
3	Birbhum „ 5, '93 Rampur Hát ...	2·50 4·70	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of paddy seedlings nearly finished. Prospects continue good. Common rice sells at from 11 to 14 seers per rupee.
4	Midnapore „ 5, '93	6·84	The total rainfall has been very heavy as the figures show. It has, however, come in very heavy showers, and there has been much sunshine. This is the fourth cyclone this year. The river is in high flood again, but if this is the last flood, the damage will not be irreparable. Transplanting is going on throughout the district, and so far there is no reason to take a gloomy view of the prospects. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 Coutai ... ... 12 Tamluk ... ... 10 Ghatal ... ... 11 } per rupee.
5	Hooghly „ 5, '93 Serampore ...	4·79 2·68	Weather—hot and showery. Prospects of all crops good except in a very few villages on the lowest lands where the flood water is not yet fully drained out. It is hoped that rice will be transplanted even on these by the 15th of the month. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ Jahanabad ... ... 9 to 12 } per rupee.
6	Howrah „ 5, '93 Ulubaria ...	2·80 1·42	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of paddy on high lands continues. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Prices of rice 9½ to 10 seers per rupee.
Presidency Divn.			
7	24-Parganas „ 5, '93	1·73	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* going on. *Aus* and jute injured by excess of rain. A considerable portion of the paddy lands in thana Bankipore is still under water. Prospects not favourable in southern portion of district. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 8 Diamond Harbour ... ... 11 0¼ Barasat ... ... 9 8 Basirhat ... ... 10 0 } per rupee.
8	Nadia „ 5, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	1·53 1·07 1·84 1·67 2·73	Weather—hot with occasional showers. Crops doing well. Harvest of early rice and jute proceeding. Transplantation of *aman* rice going on. Rivers falling. Prices stationary.
9	Khulna „ 5, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	2·30 2·87 1·52	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* has commenced; outturn estimated at about 10 annas. *Aman* is being vigorously transplanted; prospects generally fair. Jute has been damaged to some extent by the rain. Coarse rice selling at 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder sufficient.
10	Jessore „ 5, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	1·25 1·25 1·53 0·96 1·07	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional showers. Harvesting of *aus* and jute going on. Manufacture of indigo nearly completed. Cattle-disease reported from Salkhiya and Manirampur. Fodder sufficient except in Mahmudpur. Prices steady.
11	Murshidabad „ 5, '93	4·58	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *bhadoi* still going on. Jute and mulberry doing well. Outturn of indigo said to be poor this year. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Coarse rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*				
CHITTAGONG DIVN.				
12	Chittagong	Aug. 5, '96	5·34	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* is being harvested. *Aman* is still being transplanted. Prospects not good. Prices rising. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
13	Noakhali	" 5, '96	4·62	Weather—showery with occasional fine weather. Harvesting of *aus* and transplanting of *aman* continue. Prospects unfavourable. Cattle-disease prevailing throughout the district. Common rice selling at 10 seers per rupee.
14	Tippera	" 5, '93	1·56	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* crop on low lands almost totally destroyed. About 10 annas of the crop harvested. Chillies destroyed. *Til* much damaged, and also jute. *Aman* promises well in most parts. Fodder scarce. Country under water.
15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	" 4, '93	1·38	Weather—hot and occasionally cloudy. Paddy plants in *jum* and early plough-paddy (*aus*) progressing. Condition of cattle generally good. Common rice (coarse) selling at 10 seers per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.				
16	Dacca	" 5, '93	3·16	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects of standing crops fair. Harvesting of *aus* and jute going on. The former has been partially damaged by sudden rise of water. Common rice selling at 9 to 10½ seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	" 5, '93	2·54 2·41 0·88	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* and jute are being cut. *Aus* has failed in most parts of the district and the outturn is poor. The condition of jute is no better. *Aman* on high lands is hopeful, but on low lands much damaged by rain and rising of the rivers. Common rice sells at 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good generally, but cattle-disease continues in thanas Palong and Shibchur in Madaripur.
18	Backergunge Pirojpur Patuakhali Bhola	" 5, '93	3·43 3·28 5·54 2·90	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops fair except in a small tract in the centre of the bils where the deep water has destroyed the crops. Common rice is being sold from 8 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
19	Mymensingh	" 5, '93	2·39	Weather—cloudy and rainy. *Aus* and jute are being harvested. Unusually heavy rainfall has caused much damage to the *aus* crop in the Sadar, Kishorganj and Netrokona subdivisions. Transplantation of *aman* has also been impeded in those subdivisions. Common rice selling at from 9½ to 11 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder and water sufficient.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.				
20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	" 5, '93 ...	0·80 0·98	Weather—hot; occasionally cloudy. Prospects of standing crops very good. Transplantation of *haimanti* still going on. Cutting of jute continues. Price of rice at Sadar 12½ seers per rupee; that at Thakurgaon stationary. Cattle continue to be in good condition. Fodder and drinking water plentiful.
21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	" 5, '93	2·82 0·63 0·96	Weather—seasonable; very heavy showers fall now and then. The condition of crops has improved owing to the drier weather. Water and fodder-supply ample; there is no cattle-disease. Price of rice varies from 10 to 13 seers per rupee.
22	Rangpur Gaibanda Kurigaon Nilphamari	" 5, '93	0·58 3·75 6·83 1·83	Weather—sultry with occasional rain. Harvesting of *aus* and jute going on. *Aman* is being transplanted. Price of common rice from 11 to 13 seers per rupee.
23	Bogra Sherpur Naukhila	" 5, '93	0·49 4·31 2·45	Weather—changeable and unsettled. Transplantation of *aman* still goes on. Cutting of jute has commenced. General prospects unchanged. Common rice sells at 10½ seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
24	Pabna	" 5, '93	1·31	Weather—cloudy and cool. Rivers rising. It rained more or less all the days in the week. *Aus* and jute are being cut. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee at Pabna and Rs. 3¾ to Rs. 4 per maund at Sirajganj. Water and fodder sufficient.
25	Darjeeling Siliguri	" 5, '93 ...	6·19 4·04	Weather—rainy. *In the hills*:—Indian-corn, *kangni*, *shama*, potatoes and *phaphur* being harvested. *Chota marua* and *bhadoi* rice coming to perfection. *Bara marua* and *haimanti* rice progressing favourably. *In the Terai*:—*Bhadoi* paddy being harvested. Sowing of *haimanti* paddy being continued. Jute doing well. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 }
26	Jalpaiguri .	" 5, '93	3·76	Weather—cloudy and hot. Harvesting of *bhadoi* still going on. Transplantation of *haimanti* in full swing. Prospects of jute favourable. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease.

BIHAR.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BHAGALPUR DIVN.	27	Monghyr July 5, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	4·35 2·02 0·38	Weather—cloudy with occasional rain. Prospects of *bhadoi* on high lands good; low land crops partly damaged. Transplantation of *aghani* crop going on. Sugarcane doing well. Indigo is being harvested. Fodder and water plentiful. Small-pox among cattle reported from Nawadi. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 13 to 14 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 14 } Jamui ... ... 12 }
	28	Bhagalpur „ 5, '93 Banka ... Supaul ...	1·47 0·82 1·66	Transplantation actively in progress and will be finished soon. There is every prospect of an excellent winter rice crop. Common rice 13 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
	29	Purnea „ 5, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	2·20 1·12 1·48	Weather—cloudy with showers and intervals of sun. *Bhadoi* ripening, and the recent weather having been suitable, a full outturn is expected except where floods did damage in Amour, &c. *Aghani* transplantation in full swing. Weather propitious. Jute doing well. Some cattle-disease in parts. Prices inclined to fall.
	30	Malda „ 5, '93	2·58	Weather—hot and occasionally cloudy. *Bhadoi* paddy being harvested. The outturn is expected to be an average one. Transplanting of winter rice is in progress. The temporary break in the rains has improved the condition of all standing crops. Ordinary rice selling at from 11 to 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	31	Sonthal Parganas „ 5, 93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	6·01 3·84 1·62 4·23 2·92 0·97	Weather—rainy almost throughout the week; now clear. Break in the rains has done some good to the *bhadoi* crop. Transplantation of paddy nearly completed. Prices stationary. Water and fodder sufficient.
PATNA DIVISION.	32	Patna „ 5, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapur ...	1·42 0·35 0·64 0·61	Weather—cloudy and hot with occasional showers. Prospects of *bhadoi* unfavourably affected by continued rain, but it is being weeded. Paddy transplantation in progress. Harvesting of *cheena* has commenced. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } Barh ... ... 12½ } per rupee. Bihar ... ... 16 } Dinapore ... ... 13 }
	33	Gaya „ 5, '93 Jahanabad ... Nawada ... Aurangabad ...	2·97 1·08 3·86 0·94	Weather—seasonable; rain on a few days. Paddy transplantation progressing. *Bhadoi* crops not doing very well. Prices unaltered. Fodder and water-supply ample.
	34	Shahabad „ 5, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	0·69 0·40 1·60 1·67	Weather—bright sunshine alternates with showers; westerly winds prevail. *Bhadoi* crops continue to promise well. *Aghani* rice is being transplanted. Fodder ample. Prices stationary.
	35	Darbhanga „ 5, '93 Madhubani ... Samastipur ...	3·45 3·17 1·40	Weather—cloudy with occasional sunshine. There has been a break in the rains for the last few days. *Makai* and low land *marua* injured to a certain extent by excessive rain. Otherwise prospects continue favourable. Some damage is reported to have been done by floods to crops lying on river banks. Transplanting of rice in progress. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Prices stationary.
	36	Muzaffarpur „ 5, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	1·61 0·55 3·18	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of paddy plants still in progress. The Bor Gandack is in high flood and much damage is being done to the *makai* and *bhadoi* crops. Some paddy also washed away. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—concld.			
37	Saran Aug. 5, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	0·87 0·51 0·96	The week has been fine with only a few showers. On the whole the crops are fair. The break in the rains is benefiting maize, but in some parts delaying transplanting of rice. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Chapra ... ... 13 } per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 13 }
38	Champaran „ 5, '93	3·55	Weather—cloudy with occasional sunshine. Flood has somewhat damaged *bhadoi* and paddy. Prices nearly stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack „ 5, '93	8·51	Weather—cloudy with heavy showers occasionally. *Beali* in ear. *Sarad* being transplanted. Fodder-supply sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 12 to 14 7 } Jajpur ... ... 15 12 to 18 6 } per rupee. Kendrapara ... ... 13 10 to 18 6 } Banki 15 12 }
40	Puri „ 3, '93 Khurda ...	2·94 3·39	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. *Sarad* paddy much benefited by the late rain, especially in the eastern part of the district. *Beali* is in ear and in some places ripening. Miscellaneous crops doing fairly. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 11 13 to 17 5 } per rupee. Khurda ... ... 12 0 to 17 1 }
41	Balasore „ 5, '93	1·91	Weather—cloudy with showers. Rice transplanting in progress. More rain required in parts. Twelve annas crop expected. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Balasore ... ... 13 } Bhadrak ... ... 15 } per rupee. Chandbali ... ... 12 } Prices have fallen slightly in the interior.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh Aug. 5, '93 Giridi ...	2·67 1·59	Weather—cloudy with showers of rain and intervals of sunshine. Transplantation of paddy and *marua* approaching completion. Excessive rain has done much damage to Indian-corn. Common rice 9 to 12 seers per rupee.
43	Lohardaga „ 5, '93	2·84	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional showers. Transplantation of winter paddy continues. Prospects of *bhadoi* good. Common rice selling at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
44	Palamau ...	...	Report not received.
45	Singhbhum „ 5, '93	4·25	Weather—seasonable. Condition of the crops good everywhere. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Ghatsilla ... ... 9 } Chaibassa ... ... 10 } per rupee. Chakradharpur ... ... 11 } Elsewhere ... ... 12 } Cattle-disease on a small scale reported from Kolhan.
46	Manbhum „ 5, '93	Figures not given.	Weather—showery; bright and warm during latter part of week. Prospects of rice crops excellent. Transplanting nearly over. Price of rice 10 to 12 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 8th August, 1893.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STOCKS OF RICE IN AND AROUND CALCUTTA.

NAMES OF MARTS.	STOCK IN HAND AS COMPILED ON—												
	1st week of August 1892.	1st week of Sept. 1892.	1st week of Oct. 1892.	1st week of Nov. 1892.	1st week of Dec. 1892.	1st week of Jan. 1893.	1st week of Feb. 1893.	1st week of March 1893.	1st week of April 1893.	1st week of May 1893.	1st week of June 1893.	1st week of July 1893.	1st week of August 1893.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Baliaghata	8,35,000	6,74,000	4,96,500	4,30,000	3,16,000	3,34,000	4,05,000	6,19,000	9,04,000	13,32,000	11,73,000	10,31,000	8,86,000
Ultadanga	65,900	76,900	65,100	57,300	57,800	65,200	78,700	99,500	1,06,500	1,15,000	1,17,500	1,19,700	1,09,400
Chitpur, Golabaree, Kumartooly, Hatkhola, and Culpi Ghat.	6,58,300	6,41,400	5,63,300	5,64,800	5,40,700	5,64,700	7,01,900	6,54,500	6,46,600	6,43,000	6,66,000	6,65,300	6,64,900
Pathuriaghatta, Posta, and Jorabagan.	4,000	3,700	3,000	2,500	2,000	3,000	8,000	3,500	3,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	2,000
Tollygunge, Chetla, Kidderpore, and Munshiganj.	1,43,400	96,500	93,600	51,100	40,600	87,900	1,14,200	1,46,400	1,56,700	1,55,300	1,70,200	1,53,300	1,31,800
21 Minor bazars (estimated) ...	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000
Other retail shops, 3,129 in number (estimated).	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000
Baidyabati, Nowabganj, Bhadreshwar, and Chandernagore.	61,125	51,250	33,908	31,125	40,037	63,961	69,800	76,380	6,662	5,319	42,577	28,275	43,300
Total ...	22,59,725	20,27,750	17,45,408	16,35,825	14,87,137	16,08,761	18,67,600	20,89,280	23,13,462	27,42,619	26,61,777	24,90,575	23,27,400
On Railway premises on both sides of the river.	1,322 (on 3rd August 1892.)	11,336 (on 3rd Sept. 1892.)	17,216 (on 8th Oct. 1892.)	9,774 (on 3rd Nov. 1892.)	24,557 (on 3rd Dec. 1892.)	35,589 (on 3rd Jan. 1893.)	32,791 (on 3rd Feb. 1893.)	22,643 (on 3rd March 1893.)	23,773 (on 3rd April 1893.)	10,934 (on 3rd May 1893.)	11,512 (on 3rd June 1893.)	8,865 (on 3rd July 1893.)	12,897 (on 3rd August 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Port Commissioners' returns.	25,889 (1st to 3rd August 1892.)	18,308 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1892.)	27,678 (6th to 8th Oct. 1892.)	13,606 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1892.)	38,882 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	47,638 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	40,930 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)	41,298 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	25,720 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	21,378 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)	19,601 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	13,314 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)	56,451 (1st to 3rd August 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Canal returns	17,415 (1st to 3rd August 1892.)	27,069 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1892.)	24,097 (6th to 8th Oct. 1892.)	15,777 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1892.)	16,296 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	1,30,459 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	1,20,600 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)	1,99,575 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	76,791 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	34,169 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)	7,615 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	14,625 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)	19,787 (1st to 3rd August 1893.)
Grand total of Stocks ...	23,04,351	20,84,463	18,14,399	16,74,982	15,66,872	18,22,447	20,61,921	23,52,796	24,39,746	28,09,100	27,00,805	25,27,379	24,16,535
Probable stock available for exportation by sea.	12¼ lakhs	10½ lakhs	7¼ lakhs	6¾ lakhs	5 lakhs	7¾ lakhs	10 lakhs	13 lakhs	13¾ lakhs	17¼ lakhs	16½ lakhs	14¾ lakhs	13½ lakhs

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT,
The 7th August, 1893.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*retail*) *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in th*

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE I

Division	Number.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholu (*Sorghum Vulgare*). Present return.	Jowar or Cholu. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholu. Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL.			S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Burdwan Division.	1	Burdwan ...	13 8	13 8	11 14	...	...	...	9 8	9 4	9 12	11 4	11 4	11 13	...	...	...
	2	Bankura ...	13 4	13 4	10 0	...	...	...	10 0	9 8	10 0	11 2	11 4	13 0		...	...
	3	Birbhum ...	12 0	12 0	10 10	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 8	12 0	12 0	12 13	...	...	...
	4	Midnapore ...	11 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 10	11 14	11 8	12 8	...	...	...
	5	Hooghly ...	11 12	11 12	12 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
	6	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 10	8 13	8 10	10 12	10 12	12 5	...	...	...
Presidency Division.		Calcutta ...	12 8	12 8	11 4	17 2	17 3	14 12	7 12	8 0	7 14	10 0	10 5	10 9	19 0	20 0	15
	7	24-Parganas ...	11 8	11 4	11 8	20 0	20 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	11 0	11 0	11 4	...	16 0	...
	8	Nadia ...	14 8	14 8	11 13½	21 0	21 0	17 12½	8 7	8 8	10 0	10 6	10 6	11 1	...	...	...
	9	Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	10 8	9 0	9 0	11 8	...	...	...
	10	Jessore ...	10 8	10 0	10 10	13 0	13 0	...	8 8	8 8	9 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	...	...	...
	11	Murshidabad ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	11 4	11 0	11 8	...	...	...
Chittagong Division.	12	Chittagong ...	10 0	10 0	10 8	...	...	...	9 0	10 0	8 8	11 4	11 8	11 0	...	...	...
	13	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	10 8	11 4	11 4	12 0	...	...	...
	14	Tippera ...	10 0	9 8	7 8	...	...	...	8 0	8 12	8 10	9 12	10 0	10 13½	...	...	...
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 14	7 0	8 14½	...	...	...
Dacca Division.	16	Dacca ...	11 0	12 0	10 8	...	...	...	9 0	9 8	9 8	10 8	10 8	11 8	...	...	...
	17	Faridpur ...	16 0	16 0	14 0	18 0	18 0	...	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 12	11 8	...	...	...
	18	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 12	9 0	6 4	9 0	9 4	10 8	...	...	...
	19	Mymensingh ...	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	9 0	10 0	10 0	10 8	11 8	13 0	...	...	...
Rajshahi Division	20	Dinajpur ...	13 0	13 4	10 0	...	16 0	16 0	9 9½	9 4	9 0	12 9½	11 8	11 0	...	...	...
	21	Rajshahi ...	13 8	15 0	12 0	24 0	24 0	19 8	9 12	9 12	9 12	10 14	10 8	10 14	...	...	...
	22	Rangpur ...	13 5	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	8 2	10 0	8 0	11 4	11 0	9 0	...	...	...

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 11 seers, and Raniganj 10½ seers.
B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Contai 10 seers, Tamluk 11 seers and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks
E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bhadesswar 11½ seers and Jahanabad 10 seers 10 chitaks.
F At Uluberia the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
G Retail prices of salt in the principal marts in the interior of the district are:—Chetla Hát 11 seers 10 chitaks, Barasat 10 s 10 chitaks, Magrahát 10 seers 10 chitaks, and Baduria 11 seers.
H In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bahadurkhali 10½ seers, Chuadanga 10 seers 8 chitaks, Meherp seers, and Ranaghat 10½ seers.
I In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bagerhat 8 seers and Satkhira 10 seers 10 chitaks.
J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jhenida 10 seers, Magura 10 seers, Narail 9 seers 10 chitaks, Bangaon 10 seers 11 chitaks.

…EERS OF 80 TOLAHS.											
…AJRA OR CUMBU. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			MARUA OR RAGI. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET. (*Setaria italica.*)			GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 0	19 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	18 0	15 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 8	14 8	13 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	10 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 6	15 9	16 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	6 0	6 0	8 8	20 0	20 0	14 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 12	21 12	14 14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	13 5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	16 0	18 9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	18 0	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	9 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 0	12 12	13 12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	12 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 8	16 0	12 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	16 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	12 12

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus Indicus.*)			Firewood.		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	17 4	106 0	108 0	100 0
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	16 0	280 0	280 0	220 0
...	...	...	16 0	18 0	12 0	160 0	[illegible] 0	160 0
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	18 0	200 0	240 0	200 0
...	...	...	13 6	13 6	11 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	12 10	12 10	10 10	105 0	105 0	106 0
20 0	20 0	...	19 0	20 0	15 3	90 0	90 0	85 0
...	16 0	...	21 0	21 0	18 0	100 0	100 0	100 0
...	...	...	24 8	23 12	17 4½	128 0	128 0	...
...	...	...	11 7	11 7	11 0	160 0	160 0	160 0
...	...	...	20 0	23 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	80 0	90 0	110 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	7 0	7 8	7 14	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	200 0
...	...	...	20 0	17 12	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Musuri dál. 8 0	8 4	...	Mug. 10 0	10 0	...	80 0	80 0	80 0
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	...	22 8	14 0	160 0	160 0	160 0
...	...	...	20 14	20 12	17 11	240 0	240 0	240 0
...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 0	80 0	100 0	100 0

[illegible]ead-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 31st July, 1893.

Salt. Present return.	Salt. Next preceding return.	Salt. Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Salt. Next preceding return.	Salt. Corresponding return of last year.	Average wages per month. Unskilled labour—Able-bodied agricultural labourer. Present return.	Unskilled. Next preceding return.	Unskilled. Corresponding return of last year.	Syce or Horse-keeper. Present return.	Syce. Next preceding return.	Syce. Corresponding return of last year.	Skilled labour—Common mason, carpenter, or blacksmith. Present return.	Skilled. Next preceding return.	Skilled. Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.
Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
															BENGAL.	
															Burdwan Division.	
A 1	11 11	[illegible] 4	3 8 0	3 7 0	3 6 9	7 8	7 0	8 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	10 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 1 5	10 0 to 15 0	Burdwan	1
B 5	10 5	10 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	5 0 to 6 8	6 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 7 8	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	10 0 to 15 0	1 0 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0	Bankura.	2
C 0	11 0	10 14	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 10 6	6 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 7 8	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	7 8 to 0	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	Birbhum.	3
D 12	10 12	11 0	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 8 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	12 12 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	Midnapore.	4
E 0	10 0	10 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 12 0	9 6	7 8	9 13-6	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	8 0 to 30 0	8 0 to 30 0	8 0 to 30 0	Hooghly.	5
F 10	10 10	10 10⅜	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	7 8	9 6	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	12 0 to 20 0	12 0 to 20 0	12 0 to 20 0	Howrah.	6
															Presidency Division.	
8	10 8	11 6	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 4 6	Cooly. 9 0; Agri. labourer 6 8	9 0; 6 8	9 0; 6 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	15 0 o 15 8	15 0	15 0	Calcutta.	
G 0	11 0	11 0	3 5 6	3 6 0	3 4 0	9 0 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	15 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	24-Parganas.	7
H 9	11 6½	10 10½	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	Nadia.	8
I 2	9 2	9 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	7 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 6	7 8	7 0 to 9 0	7 0 to 9 0	8 0	10 0 to 30 0	10 0 to 30 0	10 0 to 20 0	Khulna.	9
J 0	9 14	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	5 0 to 7 0	10 0 to 2[illegible] 0	10 0 to 20 0	10 0 to 20 0	Jessore.	10
K 8	10 8	10 8	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 12	3 12	3 12	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	8 0 to 10 0	8 0 to 20 0	7 8	Murshidabad.	11
															Chittagong Division.	
L 8	9 8	10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	12 0	9 0	11 0	8 0	7 8	8 0	6 0 to 20 0	12 0 to 14 0	13 0	Chittagong.	12
M 7	9 7	10 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	5 0 to 7 8	6 0 to 10 0	5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 7 0	10 0 to 15 0	8 0 to 15 0	6 0 to 15 0	Noakhali.	13
N 8	10 13½	10 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	7 0 to 10 0	7 8 to 10 0	7 0 to 9 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	8 0 to 15 0	Tippera.	14
	8 0	8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	12 0	...	15 0 to 20 0	20 0	20 0 to 25 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15
															Dacca Division.	
O 0	10 0	10 0	3 11 0	3 9 0	3 11 0	5 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	7 0 to 15 0	8 0 to 20 0	8 0 to 20 0	Dacca.	16
P 4	10 4	10 8	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	10 0	10 0	9 6	6 0 to 9 0	6 0 to 9 0	7 0 to 8 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 20 0	Faridpur.	17
Q 0	10 0	10 10	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	13 8 to 15 0	13 8	13 8 to 15 0	Backergunge.	18
R 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	7 8	7 0 to 10 0	7 0 to 10 0	8 0	6 0 to 7 0	7 0 to 8 0	10 0 to 15 0	12 0 to 25 0	12 0 to 30 0	Mymensingh.	19
0	10 0	10 4	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	10 0 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	10 0 to 15 0	Dinajpur.	20
S 9	9 9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 8	3 10 8	5 0 to 7 8	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 6 0	5 0 to 6 0	5 0 to 6 0	7 8 to 16 0	7 8 to 16 0	7 8 to 16 0	Rajshahi.	21
T 9	8 8	9 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	7 0	6 0 to 7 8	7 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 10 0	8 0	15 0 to [illegible]0 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 20 0	Rangpur.	22

K In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jangipur 10 seers 4 chitaks and Kandi 11 seers.
L At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
M At Fenny Hât the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
N In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Chandpur 9 seers and Brahmanbaria 9 seers 2 chitaks.
O Retail prices of salt in the principal marts in the interior of the district are :—Madanganj 10 seers, Manikganj 9 seers 13 chitaks Munshirhât 10 seers, and Mirkadim 10 seers.
P In Goalundo and Madaripur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 10 seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 9 seers.
R In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kishorganj 8 seers, Kagmari 10 seers, Netrakona 10 seers, and Jamalpur 1[illegible] seers.
S In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nator 9 seers and Naugaon 9 seers 9 chitaks.
T In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kurigaon 8 seers, Nilphamari 10 seers, and Gaibanda 10 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (*retail*), *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters*

Division	Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN — Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*) Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL—*continued.*			S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Rajshahi Division—*concld.*	23	Bogra ...	13 2	13 8	12 0	...	...	...	8 4	9 12	9 0	10 8	11 10	10 8	...	...	...
	24	Pabna	17 4	17 4	13 8	24 0	20 10	...	6 0	6 0	7 0	11 12	11 4	12 12	...	...	...
	25	Darjeeling	8 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	10 0	5 8	5 0	5 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	...	...	...
	26	Jalpaiguri	12 0	13 0	11 0	14 0	12 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	...	...	...
BIHAR.																	
Bhagalpur Division.	27	Monghyr ...	14 0 to 15 4	15 12	13 5	21 0	21 0	13 5	8 0 to 10 0	10 0	10 8	11 0 to 12 0	12 0	11 14	...	...	13 4
	28	Bhagalpur ...	15 2	15 2	13 14	21 7	20 3	15 2	11 6	11 14	10 1	13 14	13 14	11 6	...	...	...
	29	Purnea (Kasba)	16 0	16 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	11 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
	30	Malda (English Bazar).	14 0	14 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	9 8	12 8	12 8	10 8	...	...	...
	31	Sonthal Parganas.	11 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	14 0	14 0	11 8	...	...	...
Patna Division.	32	Patna ...	17 0 / 14 0	Red. 16 8 / White. 14 0	15 8 / 14 8	21 0	21 0	20 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	15 0	15 8	13 0	23 0	23 0	*18 0
	33	Gaya ...	14 0	13 12	12 8	20 0	20 4	16 4	9 8	9 8	9 0	13 0	13 0	11 12	17 8	18 4	14 8
	34	Shahabad ...	16 0	13 0	13 0	18 0	15 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	13 8	13 0	10 8	...	...	...
	35	Darbhanga ...	12 9	12 9	12 1	20 4	19 11	17 10	12 9	12 5	10 0	14 3	13 11	12 10	...	...	...
	36	Muzaffarpur ...	14 8	14 8	13 0	19 0	19 0	17 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	13 8	13 0	12 0	...	...	...
	37	Saran ...	15 8	15 4	13 4	21 8	21 0	18 4	10 0	10 0	8 4	13 0	13 0	11 2	...	...	...
	38	Champaran ...	14 8	14 0	12 0	22 8	23 0	17 0	9 0	8 8	9 0	14 0	13 4	12 8	...	...	...
ORISSA.																	
Orissa Division.	39	Cuttack ...	11 7	11 13	11 2	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	8 8	14 7	14 7	11 11	...	...	...
	40	Puri ...	10 0	8 8	9 3	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 8	13 0	13 0	11 13	...	...	...
	41	Balasore ...	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	14 8	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																	
Chota Nagpur Division.	42	Hazaribagh ...	12 0	12 4	12 0	16 0	16 0	15 0	7 0	7 8	8	12 0 to 13 0	12 4	12 8	...	...	...
	43	Lohardaga ...	10 0 to 11 0 / 8 0	Red. 10 0 / White. 8 0 to 9 0	9 12 / 7 8 to 9 0	14 0	16 0	11 0	10 0 to 11 0	10 0 to 11 0	11 0 to 12 0	12 0 to 13 0	12 0 to 13 8	13 0 to 14 0	...	...	...
	44	Palamau ...	13 8	13 8	10 6½	23 10	21 5	16 14	10 11	12 15	10 15½	13 8	14 10	12 15	...	...	...
	45	Singhbhum ...	13 0	11 0	13 8	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	12 0	10 0	10 0	14 0	...	...	...
	46	Manbhum	13 0	13 4	11 8	...	...	...	8 0 to 8 8	8 8	10 8	11 0 to 12 8	11 0 to 12 8	14 8	...	...	...

* The price of salt at Motihari has risen considerably on account of the rains.
U At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
V At Kurseong and Siliguri the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
W At Alipur the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
X In Begusarai and Jamui subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Y In Banka, Madhipura, and Supaul subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Z At Kishanganj and Araria the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
a In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Deoghur 10½ seers, Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, Rajmahal 10 seers.
b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Barh 11 seers, Bihar 10½ seers, and Dinapore 10 seers.

CALCUTTA,

The 8th August, 1893.

...RS OF 80 TOLAHS.

...RA OR CUMBU. (...nnisetum typhoideum.)			MARUA OR RAGI. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET. (*Setaria italica.*)			GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 2	15 0	13 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 8	17 4	14 4
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 8
...	...	16 0	...	...	16 0	12 0	14 13	10 0	22 0	23 1	16 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 8	20 3	15 2
...	...	...	...	...	21 0	21 0	...	14 0	20 0	20 0	15 0
6 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	16 0	17 0	17 0	15 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	14 0	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	22 0	22 0	20 0	21 0	21 0	18 0
...	...	14 0	...	...	...	15 0	14 0	14 8	18 8	19 0	17 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 0	18 0	16 0
...	...	...	21 14	20 13	16 8	15 5	13 2	17 10	20 12	19 12	16 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 0	19 0	17 0
...	...	14 0	20 0	18 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	13 0	22 0	22 0	18 0
...	...	...	24 0	23 8	19 0	...	...	...	21 0	20 12	16 8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(Kalai.) 19 11	19 11	16 6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	15 12	13 13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(Chhola.) 12 0 (Biri.) 16 0	12 0 16 0	12 0 13 0
...	...	...	22 8	22 8	24 0	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 8
...	...	...	26 0	26 0	30 0	...	...	...	11 0	12 0	11 8 to 12 0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		20 4	21 15	12 10½
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	13 0
16 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	14 0

Indian-corn or Maize (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			Firewood.		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0	90 0
...	...	...	22 8	24 0	16 8	200 0	200 0	200 0
16 0	16 0	13 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 0	120 0	200 0	160 0
24 0	24 3	15 0	20 0	23 1	17 0	160 0	126 0 to 168 0	120 0
22 11	22 11	13 14	22 11	21 7	17 10	126 4	126 8	164 0
...	...	18 0	16 0	16 0	13 0	320 0	320 0	320 0
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	...	160 0	80 0	120 0
21 0	20 0	12 0	23 0	23 0	15 0	140 0	200 0	200 0
21 0	21 0	18 0	24 0	24 0	22 0	130 0	130 0	130 0
22 8	...	15 0	20 8	20 0	19 0	160 0	180 0	240 0
20 0	18 8	16 0	20 0	18 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	140 0
22 6	20 12	16 8	23 9	21 5	17 10	176 0	176 0	176 0
20 0	19 0	17 0	21 0	21 0	19 0	160 0	160 0	160 0
22 0	21 8	17 4	23 12	22 8	19 8	180 0	180 0	180 0
21 0	20 12	17 0	22 8	20 12	18 8	160 0	160 0	160 0
...	...	...	21 8	19 11	15 12	80 0	80 0	80
...	...	...	15 0	15 12	13 13	80 0	80 0	80 0
...	...	...	10 12	10 12	10 12	160 0	160 0	160 0
18 0	18 0	16 0	17 0	17 4	15 0	240 0	240 0	240 0
18 0	18 0	18 0	Big. 12 0 Small. 13 0	Big. 13 0 Small. 18 0	Big. 11 0 Small. 13 0	140 0	140 0	140 0 to 160 0
23 10	23 10	16 14	27 0	33 12	...	...	...	200
...	...	...	16 0	13 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	140 0
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	16 0	...	...	...

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 31st July, 1893—(concluded).

Salt.			Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt.			Average wages per month. Unskilled labour—Able-bodied agricultural labourer.			Syce or horse-keeper.			Skilled labour—Common mason, carpenter, or blacksmith.			Districts.	Number.	Division.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.			
															BENGAL—*continued.*		
9 12	9 9	9 9	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 7 0	10 0 to 20 0	10 0 to 20 0	10 0 to 20 0	Bogra.	23	Rajshahi Division—concld.
[U] 10 8	10 8	9 12	3 10 6	3 9 6	3 11 0	5 0 to 7 0	5 0 to 6 8	5 0 to 6 8	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 8 0	7 0 to 20 0	7 0 to 20 0	7 0 to 20 0	Pabna.	24	
[V] 8 0	8 0	8 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 10 0	7 0	7 0	7 8 to 8 0	8 0 to 9 0	8 0 to 10 0	8 0 to 10 0	12 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 30 0	15 0 to 22 0	Darjeeling.	25	
[W] 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 0	9 0	9 0	12 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	Jalpaiguri.	26	
															BIHAR.		
[X] 10 12	10 12	11 8	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 6 0	4 11 to 5 10	2 12	3 12 to 5 10	3 0 to 4 0	2 0	4 0 to 5 0	7 8 to 11 4	3 0 to 5 0	4 4 to 15 0	Monghyr.	27	Bhagalpur Division.
[Y] 10 12	10 8	10 11	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 5 0	5 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0	4 0 to 5 0	8 0 to 12 0	8 0 to 10 0	10 0 to 16 0	Bhagalpur.	28	
[Z] 10 0	10 0	11 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 6 0	4 11 to 5 10	4 11 to 5 10	4 11 to 5 10	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0	8 0 to 15 0	8 0 to 14 0	10 0 to 15 0	Purnea.	29	
10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	7 0	7 8	7 8	5 0	5 0	5 0	8 0 to 12 0	8 0 to 12 0	8 0 to 12 0	Malda.	30	
[a] 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	3 10 3	4 0 to 5 0	3 12 to 4 0	3 12 to 4 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	7 8 to 15 0	Sonthal Parganas.	31	
[b] 11 4	11 4	11 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 11 to 5 10	4 8 to 5 0	4 8 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	7 0 to 8 0	7 0 to 8 0	7 8 to 11 4	Patna.	32	Patna Division.
[c] 10 0	9 12	10 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	2 8 to 3 8	3 0 to 5 0	3 0 to 5 0	3 0 to 5 0	5 8 to 8 0	5 8 to 8 0	5 8 to 8 0	Gaya.	33	
[d] 10 8	10 0	11 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 6 4	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 4	3 0 to 10 4	3 0 to 10 8	3 0 to 10 8	Shahabad.	34	
[e] 10 4	10 4	10 4	13 14 6	3 14 6	3 8 0	3 12	3 12	3 12 to 5 10	4 0 to 5 0	3 0 to 4 0	4 0 to 5 0	5 10 to 7 8	4 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 0	Darbhanga.	35	
[f] 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	3 12 to 5 10	3 12 to 5 10	3 12 to 5 10	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	5 10 to 9 6	5 1 to 9 6	5 10 to 9 6	Muzaffarpur.	36	
[g] 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	3 12 to 7 8	3 12 to 7 8	3 12 to 7 8	4 0 to 7 0	4 0 to 7 0	4 0 to 7 0	5 10 to 10 0	5 10 to 10 0	5 10 to 10 0	Saran.	37	
[h] 10 8	7 13½	10 8	3 12 0	4 12 0	3 10 0	3 12 to 4 0	3 12 to 4 0	3 12 to 4 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 8 0	5 0 to 8 0	Champaran.	38	
															ORISSA.		
[i] 11 0	9 0	11 0	3 8 0	4 6 0	3 12 0	5 10	5 10	5 10	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 6	7 8 to 9 6	Cuttack.	39	Orissa Division.
12 0	10 8	10 0	3 5 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	7 8 to 10 0	9 0 to 10 0	7 8 to 10 0	Puri.	40	
[j] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 9 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	4 0 to 6 0	8 0 to 12 0	7 0 to 10 0	7 0 to 10 0	Balasore.	41	
															CHOTA NAGPUR.		
[k] 9 0	9 0	8 8	4 4 6	4 4 0	4 4 0	5 0	4 4	4 4	6 0	5 0	5 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Hazaribagh.	42	Chota Nagpur Division.
8 0	9 4	9 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	3 12	3 12 to 4 11	3 12	4 0 to 6 0	6 0	4 to 6 0	5 10 to 9 6	5 10 to 11 4	3 12 to 9 6	Lohardaga.	43	
8 2½ 9 0	7 14	9 0	...	...	...	5 10	3 0	3 12	3 8 to 5 0	4 0	3 0 to 5 0	9 6		7 8 to 11 4	Palamau.	44	
	9 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	7 0	6 0	6	15 0	12 0	12 0	Singhbhum.	45	
[l] 10 10	10 10	10 8	3 11 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	4 11 to 5 10	5 2-6	5 2-6	5 0 to 6 0	6 0	6 0	11 4 to 22 8	10 5 to 18 12	10 5 to 18 12	Manbhum.	46	

c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jahanabad 10 seers, Aurangabad 10 seers, and Nawada 9 seers.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Buxar 11 seers, Sasaram 10½ seers, and Bhabhua 9¾ seers.
e In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madhubani 11 seers and Samastipur 10 seers.
f In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Hajipur 10½ seers and Sitamarhi 11 seers.
g In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Siwan 10 seers 14 chitaks, Gopalganj (return not received).
h At Bettiah the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
i In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jajpur 8 seers, Kendrapara 9 seers, and Banki 11½ seers.
j At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
k At Giridih the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
l At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt

Number.	MARTS.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice common.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	3 3 0	3 3 0	3 5 1	2 5 0	2 4 6	2 7 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	4 13 9	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 8 3
2	Sirajganj ...	2 8 0	3 4 0	3 2 0	...	...	...	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	3 12 0
3	Dacca ...	3 8 0	3 4 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	4 6 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 7 0
4	Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 4 0
5	Chittagong	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	4 4 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	3 8 6	3 8 0	3 10 0
6	Patna ...	Red. 2 7 0 White. 2 14 0	Red. 2 7 6 White. 2 14 0	Red. 2 8 9 White. 2 11 6	1 14 6	1 14 6	2 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	2 10 3	2 9 9	3 1 3
7	Balasore ...	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	3 12 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	2 14 0
8	Puri ...	4 0 0	4 10 0	4 5 0	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 5 4	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 6 0
9	Cuttack ...	3 2 0	3 4 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 10 0	2 12 0	2 12 0	3 6 0

CALCUTTA,
The 8th August, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND					
JOWAR OR CHOLUM. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)			BAJRA OR CUMBU. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
2 1 0	2 0 0	2 5 0	...	...	3 8 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 12 3	1 12 3	2 3 6	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

OF 40 SEERS.

MARUA OR RAGI. (*Eleusine Coracana.*)			KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
...	...	...	4 10 0	4 12 0	3 12 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1 13 0	1 13 0	2 0 0
...	...	...	...		...
...	...	...	...	..	..
...	...	...	...	...	...

in the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 31st July, 1893.

Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			Firewood.			Salt.			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 9 0	2 8 0	2 9 6	2 0 0	2 0 0	...	2 1 0	2 0 0	2 6 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 4 6	Calcutta.
3 2 0	3 4 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 8 0	3 9 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	Sirajganj.
2 12 0	3 2 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 4 0	2 8 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 11 0	3 9 0	3 11 0	Dacca.
2 14 0	2 14 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	3 2 0	3 2 0	4 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 0 0	Narayanganj.
3 10 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 7 0	0 5 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	Chittagong.
1 14 6	1 14 6	2 3 6	1 14 6	1 14 6	2 3 6	1 11 0	1 11 9	1 13 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.
2 14 0	2 14 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	...	3 9 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 8 0	2 8 0	2 15 0	...	...	...	2 10 0	2 8 0	2 15 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 5 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 6 0	...	...	...	1 12 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	4 6 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	29·540	29·504	—	Calm & W.	144	96·7	30th July	78·1	1st Aug.	89·0	79·2	84·2
		Gopalpore	29·554	29·515	—·034	SW	309	88·7	3rd Aug.	76·8	31st July & 2nd Aug.	86·6	77·6*	82·0*
		False Point	29·539	29·503	—·048	W	230	92·0	30th July	77·6	1st „	86·9	78·8	82·9
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·473	29·495	—·044	SWly	75	92·7	30th „	76·8	1 & 3 „	87·7	77·8	82·8
	Balasore	Balasore	29·489	29·491	—·043	NE	89	92·4	30th „	77·7	30 & 31 July & 4 Aug.	87·7	78·4	83·1
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·400	29·503	—·048	NEly	63	92·3	30th „	75·1		88·3	77·5	82·9
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	29·534	29·501	—·025	E & SW	79	89·6	30th „	77·7	4th „	86·4	79·0	82·7
		Saugor Island	29·523	29·497	—·034	Variable	298	88·2	30th „ & 1st Aug.	77·5	3rd „	86·7	79·6	83·3
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar	29·508	29·503	-·021	Variable	134	91·3	31st July	77·7	3rd „	88·9	78·8	83·9
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore	29·534	29·514	—·032	SEly	125	90·0	5th Aug.	77·9	4th „	87·7	79·3	83·5
	Burdwan	Burdwan	29·465	29·512	—·017	E & W	68	90·6	31st July	78·2	3rd „	88·0	79·3	83·7
		Raniganj	29·224	29·505	—·017	Variable	62	92·7	30th „	73·9	3rd „	90·0	76·8	83·4
	Bankura	Bankura	29·245	29·402	—·018	Variable	77	91·1	31st „	74·6	3rd „	88·0	77·6	82·9
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	29·498	29·513	—·024	E	94	89·6	30 & 31 „	78·3	4th „	87·5	79·4	83·5
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	29·544	29·540	—·017	E	167	88·1	1st Aug.	76·7	31st July & 3 Aug.	86·2	77·7	82·0
	Bogra	Bogra	29·521	29·534	+·010	SE	107	90·2	5th „	76·2	2 & 3 „	87·8	77·6	82·7
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·495	29·514	—·011	Variable	120	90·1	31st July	76·6	30th July & 3 Aug.	87·7	77·6	82·7
	Malda	Malda	29·484	29·515	—	SE	79	90·3	30th „	78·5	30th „	88·9	79·3	84·1
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·469	29·544	0	E	85	90·6	5th Aug.	78·2	3rd „	88·8	79·3	84·2
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·479	29·555	—·017	ESE	68	89·8	1st „	77·7	4th „	89·0	78·8	83·9
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·337	29·573	+·016	ENE	62	89·9	5th „	76·6	30th July & 2nd Aug.	88·5	77·0	82·8
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	22·871	—	—·003	NEly	69	69·1	5th „	56·7	1 & 3 „	66·6	57·6	62·1
	Sikkim	Gnatong	19·003	—	—	SEly	61	57·9	4th „	37·1	4th „	55·6	39·4	47·5
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·556	29·590	—·022	ESE	136	87·2	4th „	75·1	1 & 2 „	85·8	76·2	81·1
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri						Observations not received.						
	Backergunge	Barisal	29·571	29·529	—·018	SEly	102	89·3	5th Aug.	77·3	1st „	86·4	78·4	82·4
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29·559	29·549	—·036	SEly	207	86·0	4th „	75·8	3rd „	84·8	77·2	81·0
	Faridpur	Faridpur	29·559	29·553	—·014	Variable	119	86·5	30th July, 1 & 5 Aug.	76·9	3rd „	85·2	79·4	82·3
	Dacca	Dacca	29·566	29·536	—·024	S	191	88·6	4th „	77·2	3rd „	87·2	79·0	83·1
	Tippera	Comilla	29·584	29·567	—·011	E	183	89·4	4th „	75·8	2nd „	87·7	76·9	82·4
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·552	29·562	—·012	ESE	136	88·7	5th „	76·6	30 & 31 July	86·1	77·7	82·0
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·449	29·526	—·013	E	35	91·2	5th „	78·2	2 & 3 Aug.	89·1	79·2	84·1
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·393	29·504	—·009	Variable	63	90·2	5th „	76·0	4th „	88·8	78·1	83·5
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·406	29·524	—·014	ESE	128	89·4	2nd „	76·2	30th July	88·3	79·8	84·1
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·388	29·519	—	ESE	133	90·7	2, 3 & 5 „	76·2	30th „	89·4	79·1	84·3
	Champaran	Motihari	29·334	29·513	—·012	ENE	124	90·2	30th July, 1, 3 & 5 Aug.	75·9	30th „	89·3	78·8	84·1
	Saran	Chapra	29·380	29·511	+·005	E	113	91·3	30th July & 3rd Aug.	78·1	4th Aug.	89·5	79·5	84·5
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·197	29·498	—·023	E	126	92·3	30th July	77·0	2nd „	89·6	78·9	84·3
		Buxar	29·319	29·510	—·038	Variable	137	92·0	30th „	78·2	2 & 3 „	89·4	79·1	84·3
		Arrah	29·357	29·495	—·007	E	52	92·9	30th „	79·0	3 & 4 „	91·1	80·3	85·7
	Gaya	Gaya	29·179	29·503	—·021	E	109	93·4	30th „	77·3	30th July & 3rd Aug.	90·8	78·2	84·6
	Patna	Bankipore	29·375	29·507	—·024	E	140	90·5	3rd Aug.	78·2	3rd Aug.	88·9	80·1	84·5
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·061	29·502	—·011	Variable	91	90·6	30th July	73·8	3rd „	87·5	77·1	82·3
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·579	29·511	—·012	Variable	218	88·7	30th „	70·3	4th „	84·3	72·7	78·6
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·450	29·501	—·021	Variable	209	87·0	30th „	69·4	4th „	82·5	71·7	77·1
	Palamau	Daltonganj												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	28·779	29·480	—·031	Calm	28	91·9	31st „	74·2	4th „	87·6	76·0	81·8
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·321	29·687	—·003	SW		92·1	4th Aug.	77·0	5th „	88·5	78·5	83·5
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29·493	29·561	—·018	Variable	109	88·2	4th „	76·8	30th July	85·6	77·8	81·8
	Cachar	Silchar	29·550	29·605	0	Calm		91·5	4th „	75·3	2nd Aug.	89·2	76·6	82·9

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01 rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station district, *i. e.*, from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 5th of August 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. Of week. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Since 16th May 1893. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	DISTRICT.
—	81·7	83	7·7	2·94		2·85		3·25		2·21			24·02		Puri.
−1·6*	79·6	86	5·1	3·76											
0	80·7	91	9·6	2·91											
−1·0	82·1	81	8·4	8·84		2·47		3·43		1·78			25·44		Cuttack.
+1·8	82·3	90	5·0	1·89		3·39		3·74		2·59			26·06		Balasore.
−0·1	82·4	85	5·7	6·27	3·68	3·73	4·25	3·68	2·32	2·93	−0·41	45·64	27·18	+18·46	Midnapore.
−0·4	81·9	88	8·9	1·73	3·32	3·29	4·00	4·23	2·43	2·28	+0·15	42·84	27·73	+15·11	24-Parganas.
−0·5	81·8	91	9·7	8·95											
					2·59	3·71	5·00	4·53	1·19	2·80	−1·61	42·94	27·03	+15·91	Howrah.
					3·39	3·52	4·33	4·43	2·45	2·63	−0·18	41·56	26·51	+15·05	Hooghly.
+0·8	82·8	83	7·4	1·53	2·02	2·60	4·40	3·65	1·57	1·81	−0·24	39·90	24·81	+15·09	Nadia.
−0·7	82·2	91	8·4	1·25	2·00	3·57	5·00	4·60	1·59	2·50	−0·91	45·28	30·87	+14·41	Khulna.
					1·59	3·08	4·80	4·06	1·31	2·27	−0·96	33·96	27·01	+6·95	Jessore.
−0·8	81·7	87	8·1	1·11	1·73	3·18	3·25	4·02	1·67	2·17	−0·50	38·22	24·18	+14·04	Burdwan.
0	80·4	90	3·3	2·79											
−0·1	81·0	87	7·4	3·38	3·19	3·99	3·50	4·17	2·84	2·75	+0·09	41·91	28·11	+13·80	Bankura.
−0·2	81·9	92	8·1	4·58	2·58	4·06	5·00	4·07	1·88	2·72	−0·84	34·69	27·48	+7·21	Birbhum.
					4·33	3·10	5·33	3·75	3·02	2·47	+0·55	42·22	25·08	+17·14	Murshidabad.
−1·1	80·1	93	10·0	1·44	1·38	3·00	3·00	3·60	1·16	2·00	−0·84	48·33	26·77	+21·56	Pabna.
−0·4	81·1	90	7·0	0·43	0·67	2·88	3·00	3·57	0·61	1·84	−1·23	37·27	31·46	+5·81	Bogra.
−0·5	82·8	88	5·9	2·75	1·48	2·87	3·00	3·38	0·91	2·04	−1·13	41·46	27·94	+13·52	Rajshahi.
—	83·3	87	5·1	2·58	1·85	3·60	3·00	3·90	0·68	2·48	−1·80	32·57	28·55	+4·02	Malda.
+0·2	81·3	89	9·3	0·87	1·94	2·63	4·00	3·56	0·68	1·85	−1·17	41·47	31·34	+10·13	Dinajpur.
+0·2	81·5	90	2·7	0·58	0·83	2·78	2·25	2·93	0·68	1·51	−0·83	52·23	43·73	+8·50	Rangpur.
+0·1	80·1	90	6·9	3·65	3·76	3·86	6·00	3·95	2·75	3·02	−0·27	67·39	65·35	+2·04	Jalpaiguri.
					2·86	3·98	3·50	3·60	0·56	2·69	−2·13	71·00	62·77	+8·23	Kuch Bihar.
−0·4	61·8	95	8·4	6·19	5·93	6·13	5·75	5·17	3·25	4·06	−0·81	72·08	74·00	−1·92	Darjeeling.
—	50·2	93	8·3	2·99											Sikkim.
0	79·7	91	8·9	4·91	8·30	7·98	5·50	5·09	7·60	4·56	+3·04	103·59	68·31	+35·28	Chittagong.
					3·29	6·14	4·00	5·15	2·34	4·32	−1·98	71·99	45·68	+26·31	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+0·9	81·7	90	9·9	3·34	3·81	4·40*	5·00	4·83	2·81	2·96	−0·15	58·20	43·27	+14·93	Backergunge.
−0·1	81·1	92	3·9	4·62	4·51	6·29	6·50	5·35	3·19	4·34	−1·15	72·08	58·49	+13·59	Noakhali.
−0·3	81·2	92	7·9	2·54	1·60	3·73	3·67	4·08	1·33	2·62	−1·29	44·11	30·62	+13·49	Faridpur.
−0·7	81·1	90	9·3	2·73	2·41	4·21	4·75	4·33	1·88	3·09	−1·21	43·70	33·55	+10·15	Dacca.
+0·7	80·3	94	7·0	1·50	1·73	4·20	2·75	4·11	0·45	3·04	−2·59	45·41	36·82	+8·59	Tippera.
−0·7	80·5	90	8·3	2·39	2·17	3·46	4·20	3·93	1·38	2·35	−0·97	56·21	37·71	+18·50	Mymensingh.
−0·6	81·7	90	4·6	2·19	1·86	3·04	4·00	3·49	1·19	2·00	−0·81	43·57	33·50	+10·07	Purnea.
−0·7	83·2	87	8·0	1·47	1·26	2·81	2·75	3·47	1·03	1·81	−0·78	28·17	22·64	+5·53	Bhagalpur.
−0·7	81·8	88	7·6	3·45	2·42	2·62	3·00	3·33	0·71	1·67	−0·96		22·23		Darbhanga.
—	81·8	92	5·7	1·61	1·40	2·19	3·00	3·17	0·85	1·47	−0·62	25·13	21·46	+3·67	Muzaffarpur.
−0·3	83·4	84	5·9	3·55		2·27		2·51		1·79			22·65		Champaran.
+0·7	84·0	83	8·0	0·87	1·02	2·30	2·33	3·18	0·84	1·51	−0·67	20·38	21·00	−0·62	Saran.
+2·1	82·9	82	3·1	0·46											
+1·1	83·1	84	6·3	0·49	1·11	3·19	2·60	3·88	0·96	2·13	−1·17	23·00	19·37	+3·64	Shahabad.
+1·7	83·9	85	1·4	0·69											
+0·2	82·6	85	5·7	2·97	1·97	3·67	3·75	3·62	1·13	2·23	−1·09		21·05		Gaya.
−0·8	83·4	84	9·7	1·42	0·99	2·79	2·75	3·28	0·81	1·63	−0·82	26·18	21·01	+5·17	Patna.
					2·16	3·56	2·67	3·53	1·11	2·04	−0·93	26·66	21·67	+4·99	Monghyr.
−0·1	81·1	88	5·3	6·01	3·02	3·55	3·50	4·01	2·91	2·04	+0·87	37·91	25·87	+12·04	Sonthal Parganas.
+0·2	76·6	87	10·0	3·03		3·69		4·69		2·52			25·84		Hazaribagh.
+0·1	74·9	91	6·7	2·94		4·37		5·22		3·05			26·13		Lohardaga.
						4·25		4·55		2·01			21·51		Palamau.
−0·4	78·9	87	8·4	4·24	4·24	4·05	4·00	4·40	2·68	2·83	−0·15	35·65	27·73	+7·92	Singhbhum.
					3·08	3·93	5·00	4·40	2·74	2·63	+0·11	44·07	24·12	+19·95	Manbhum.
−1·7	79·9	93	8·4	5·16											Assam.
−1·0	79·8	92	10·0	0·77											
−1·4	79·6	93	9·9	10·24											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of he sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 5th of August 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 30th July.	Monday, 31st July.	Tuesday, 1st.	Wednesday, 2nd.	Thursday, 3rd.	Friday, 4th.	Saturday, 5th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	1·39	0·34	0·76	0·25	...	...	...	4	2·94	2·30	1·01	1·93	25·13	21·41
		Khurda ...	0·13	...	0·43	0·70	1·83	0·03				2·58		2·13		26·36
		Banpur ...	0·15	0·37	0·30	0·60						2·66		2·36		20·76
		False Point ...	...	1·86	0·92	0·93	0·08	...	0·03	2	2·91	3·08	1·05	2·43	54·13	27·53
		Gop ...			0·90							?		?		?
		Satpara ...	0·95	1·05	0·60	0·50	1·00					?		?		?
		Pipli ...	0·41	...	1·50	0·38	0·23					?		?		?
		Raspur ...	0·11	0·75	0·20	0·87						?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore	0·45	0·60	0·45	·1	0·90					2·36		1·67		20·84
		Banki ...	0·98	0·49	0·78	2·56						1·37		0·76		24·20
		Cuttack ...	...	1·75	3·25	0·06	3·50	...	...	3	8·51	2·90	6·81	2·02		29·41
		Kendrapara ...	0·07	0·19	0·54	0·26	0·20	...	...	4	1·26	3·01	1·00	2·36	50·98	25·18
		Jajpur ...	0·21	0·54	0·14	0·06	0·61	...	...	4	1·46	2·73	0·81	2·10	42·94	27·44
		Dharmsala ...	1·57	...	...	1·05						?		?		?
		Salipore ...	0·26	0·13	0·21	·6	1·88					?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Nayagarh ...	1·00	0·97	...	1·88						?		?		?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	0·05	2·32	0·25	...	0·90	...	...	3	3·52	?	1·15	?	29·72	?
		Chandbali ...	1·50	0·30	1·05	...	1·20	0·10	1·30	6	5·45	3·99	3·65	3·25	30·70	25·02
		Bhadrak ...	...	0·57	1·55	0·10	0·03	...	...	3	2·25	3·25	1·68	2·28	39·75	25·76
		Soro ...	...	1·11	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·11	2·93	Nil	2·33		24·09
		Balasore ...	0·16	0·12	1·38	0·21	...	0·04				3·85		2·65		27·62
		Jellasore ...										3·35		2·49		26·68
		Baripodah ...	1·14	0·63	0·15	0·14	...	...	0·73	5	2·79	2·96	1·02	2·53	40·13	27·04
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	0·03	0·05	1·10	0·44	0·25	...	3	1·87	3·06	1·84	3·06	43·73	28·80
		Tamluk ...	...	0·34	0·37	0·50	1·23	0·05	...	4	2·49	3·24	2·15	2·48	38·22	25·54
		Midnapore ...	2·35	...	0·14	1·70	1·02	0·84	0·79	6	6·84	3·67	4·49	2·77	40·44	25·55
		Ghatal ...	1·73	0·19	0·17	0·06	1·32	0·06	...	4	3·53	4·06	1·61	3·49	40·11	28·81
		Kukrahaty ...	...	1·15	0·14	1·17	0·46	0·03	0·28	5	3·23	?	2·08	?		?
		Garhbeta ...	2·41	...	0·82	0·04	2·50	...	...	3	5·77	?	3·36	?	44·35	?
		Panskura ...	0·11	0·04	0·65	0·54	0·61	0·36	...	5	2·31	?	2·16	?	31·21	?
		Dantoon ...	0·53	0·59	0·67	0·45	0·15	...	1·05	6	3·44	?	2·32	?	?	?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	1·50	0·50	0·47	5·85	0·63	...	5	8·95	3·84	7·45	2·50	47·88	30·70
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	1·80	0·10	0·55	0·45	...	0·29	5	3·19	3·32	1·39	2·25	34·80	28·45
		Canning Town	...	0·25	0·22	0·75	0·50	0·78	...	5	2·50	?	2·25	?	54·87	?
		Alipore (Observatory).	0·08	0·74	0·11	0·32	0·32	0·16	...	5	1·73	3·48	0·91	2·32	49·49	28·24
		Barrackpore...	...	0·65	0·63	1·05	0·69	...	...	4	3·02	3·31	2·37	2·40	30·22	26·85
		Dum-Dum ...	...	0·58	...	0·65	0·80	0·15	...	4	2·18	3·10	1·60	2·15	43·73	26·40
		Barasat ...	0·02	0·84	...	0·39	1·48	...	...	3	2·73	2·94	1·87	2·18	38·87	24·87
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	0·93	...	...	0·50	2	1·43	3·04	1·43	2·16	46·60	28·63
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	1·34	0·25	0·58	0·35	0·28	...	5	2·80	3·36	1·46	2·38	50·48	26·45
		Mohesreka ...	0·54	0·91	0·05	0·30	0·41	0·16	...	5	2·37	4·06	0·92	3·21	35·36	27·57
		Uluberia ...	0·50	0·48	0·20	0·22	0·02	0·16	...	5	1·58	?	0·60	?	39·24	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	0·58	0·13	0·69	1·28	0·15	...	5	2·83	3·40	2·25	2·44	44·81	32·51
		Hooghly ...	0·26	0·05	0·14	0·25	2·19	1·20	...	5	4·79	3·08	3·78	2·40	55·70	25·90
		Jahanabad ...	1·21	...	0·45	...	0·88	...	...	3	2·54	4·09	1·33	3·04	44·28	27·16
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	0·43	0·30	0·31	1·69	0·04	...	4	2·77	2·76	2·34	2·17	42·78	24·53
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	0·34	0·03	0·98	0·18	...	3	1·53	2·50	1·53	1·62	34·14	22·80
		Chuadanga ...	0·31	0·04	0·50	0·20	0·62	0·31	...	5	1·98	2·54	1·63	1·81	39·11	25·22
		Meherpore ...	1·23	0·08	0·11	0·12	0·30	0·50	...	5	2·34	2·47	1·03	1·37	36·85	23·80
		Kushtia ...	...	0·17	0·23	0·15	0·50	0·43	...	5	1·48	2·74	1·31	2·08	53·14	27·57
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	0·20	...	0·33	0·45	0·63	...	4	1·61	3·29	1·41	2·31	44·19	29·66
		Bagerhat ...	0·41	0·21	0·45	0·62	0·11	0·26	...	6	2·00	4·26	1·44	2·86	53·51	34·49
		Khulna ...	...	0·38	0·21	1·10	0·18	0·43	...	5	2·30	3·16	1·92	2·34	38·15	28·75
		Nakipur ...	...	0·28	...	0·11	0·35	0·33	...	4	1·07	?	0·79	?	36·80	?
		Rampal ...										?		?		?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	0·38	0·25	...	0·37	...	3	1·01	3·29	1·01	2·52	27·06	25·15
		Jessore ...	0·07	0·23	0·34	0·22	0·17	0·22	...	5	1·25	3·57	0·95	2·74	36·17	29·76
		Jhenidah ...	0·14	0·09	0·09	0·15	0·25	0·74	0·16	5	1·62	2·75	1·39	2·02	34·66	27·59
		Magura ...	...	0·65	0·15	0·32	0·20	0·11	1·07	6	2·50	3·02	1·85	2·22	40·73	27·77
		Bangaon ...	...	0·20	0·55	0·15	0·17	0·48	...	5	1·55	2·78	1·35	1·86	31·10	23·92
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	0·53	0·22	0·88	...	...	3	1·63	2·96	1·63	2·01	43·11	22·66
		Burdwan ...	...	0·08	0·58	0·12	0·36	0·02	...	3	1·11	3·31	1·03	2·14	41·77	23·74
		Katwa ...	...	...	0·65	0·05	0·41	0·30	...	3	1·41	3·30	1·41	2·70	31·91	24·48
		Raniganj ...	0·16	0·03	0·03	0·81	1·59	0·17	...	4	2·79	3·15	2·60	1·84	31·37	25·79
		Mankur ...	...	0·35	0·17	0·02	0·19	...	...	3	0·73	?	0·38	?	39·59	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	0·14	0·26	0·26	1·90	0·82	...	5	3·38	3·83	3·24	2·67	40·24	26·47
		Vishnupur ...	...	0·20	0·12	0·43	2·99	0·03	...	4	3·77	4·26	3·57	2·99	42·35	27·48
		Maliara ...	0·07	0·45	0·08	...	1·20	...	...	2	1·80	4·13	1·28	2·92	30·88	28·59
		Khatra ...	...	0·55	...	1·12	2·15	...	...	3	3·82	3·75	3·27	2·41	54·11	29·80
		Indas ...	0·17	...	0·18	...	0·50	0·07	...	3	0·92	?	0·75	?	36·61	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	0·78	...	...	0·71	...	...	2	1·49	?	0·71	?	41·86	?
		Onda ...	...	0·41	0·70	0·85	2·45	...	...	4	4·41	?	4·00	?	41·05	?
		Gangajalghati	0·96	...	0·20	0·76	0·71	...	...	4	2·63	?	1·67	?	30·96	?
		Raipur ...	...	1·85	...	0·92	3·10	0·55	...	4	6·42	?	4·57	?	48·87	?
		Sonamukhi ...	...	1·25	...	...	...	0·98	...	2	2·23	?	0·98	?	33·16	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	0·45	0·30	0·69	0·60	0·46	...	5	2·50	4·44	2·05	2·94	41·66	28·00
		Hetampore ...	...	0·08	0·18	0·45	0·48	0·13	...	4	1·32	4·03	1·24	2·41	27·01	29·52
		Rampur Hat...	1·17	0·30	0·34	1·05	0·55	0·42	...	6	3·92	3·71	2·36	2·81	35·94	25·07
		Bolpur ...	...	...	0·45	0·50	0·46	0·22	...	4	1·63	?	1·63	?	29·81	?
		Murari ...	0·13	...	...	0·80	1·30	0·95	...	4	3·18	?	3·05	?	43·68	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·08	1·00	0·38	0·09	0·46	0·70	...	4	2·71	3·17	1·63	2·54	29·15	26·00
		Berhampore ...	1·29	1·06	0·29	0·31	0·61	1·02	...	6	4·58	3·25	2·23	2·66	44·08	24·86
		Lalbagh ...	0·38	0·26	0·13	0·38	1·40	1·30	...	6	3·85	2·33	3·21	1·78	46·25	22·96
		Azimganj ...	1·85	0·90	...	0·82	1·44	1·45	...	5	6·46	3·19	3·71	2·45	44·79	25·20
		Jangipur ...	...	0·73	0·62	0·25	1·58	1·20	...	5	4·38	3·12	3·65	2·51	49·61	24·70
		Lalgola ...	0·10	0·20	0·10	0·10	1·25	2·25	...	6	4·00	3·52	3·70	2·85		26·74
		Akhriganj ...	0·89	1·76	0·17	0·94	0·46	0·51	...	6	4·73	?	2·08	?	46·38	?
		Patkabari ...	...	0·70	...	...	...	0·90	...	2	1·60	?	0·90	?		?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	0·06	0·11	0·13	0·86	0·09	0·06	3	1·31	3·05	1·25	2·04	46·16	25·94
		Sirajganj ...	...	0·37	...	0·09	0·88	0·10	...	3	1·44	2·94	1·07	1·95	50·42	27·54
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	0·10	0·05	...	0·11	0·25	0·10	...	4	0·61	2·80	0·46	1·64	33·35	31·75
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	...	0·20	0·40	0·35	...	3	0·95	3·29	0·95	2·35	37·58	29·86
		Bogra ...	...	...	0·06	0·11	0·20	0·06	...	2	0·43	2·86	0·43	1·57	42·93	34·07
		Panchbibi ...	0·11	...	...	0·07	0·30	0·22	...	3	0·70	2·58	0·59	1·78	35·21	30·15
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	1·08	...	0·41	0·79	0·54	...	4	2·82	3·09	1·74	2·37	30·21	26·28
		Nator ...	...	...	0·38	0·25	0·08	...	...	2	0·63	2·76	0·63	2·06	37·72	27·26
		Naugaon ...	...	0·65	...	...	0·17	0·12	0·06	3	1·00	2·77	0·35	1·69	47·59	30·32
		Lalpore ...	0·18	0·07	...	0·33	0·08	...	...	4	0·66	?	0·41	?		?
		Manda ...	0·04	0·03	...	0·09	0·23	0·13	...	2	0·52	?	0·45	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 5th of August 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 30th July.	Monday, 31st July.	Tuesday, 1st.	Wednesday, 2nd.	Thursday, 3rd.	Friday, 4th.	Saturday, 5th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BENGAL—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	1·60	0·04	...	0·04	0·35	0·55	...	3	2·58	2·82	0·94	1·97	38·10	26·60
		Chanchal ...	...	0·70	0·22	0·07	...	0·12	...	3	1·11	4·39	0·41	2·99	27·42	30·50
		Gajol ...	...	...	0·11	...	0·14	0·25	...	3	0·50	?	0·50	?		?
		Silganj ...	1·40	0·71	...	0·10	1·73	0·10	...	5	4·04	?	1·93	?		?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	0·20	0·17	0·05	0·13	...	0·37	...	4	0·92	2·19	0·55	1·35	37·59	29·30
		Churaman ...	0·12	0·68	...	0·09	...	0·53	...	3	1·42	2·57	0·62	1·85	37·78	78·07
		Raiganj ...	2·25	0·05	...	0·36	0·18	0·60	...	4	3·44	2·44	1·14	1·91	50·01	31·46
		Dinajpur ...	0·21	...	0·04	0·16	0·12	0·27	...	4	0·80	2·64	0·59	1·70	36·35	36·42
		Balurghat ...	0·94	1·71	...	0·14	0·12	0·22	...	5	3·13	3·33	0·48	2·45	39·61	31·51
		Thakurgaon ...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	2	0·32	?	0·21	?	57·85	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	...	0·13	...	0·09	0·21	0·50	...	3	0·93	3·23	0·80	1·39	46·43	34·80
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·58	...	1	0·58	3·01	0·58	1·37	44·96	44·19
		Peerganj ...	0·01	...	...	0·30	0·30	0·50	...	3	1·11	?	1·10	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	0·02	...	...	0·40	0·49	2	0·91	2·51	0·91	1·30	66·54	46·45
		Gobindgunge	...	...	0·38	0·29	0·32	0·76	...	4	1·75	?	1·75	?	42·68	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	0·48	...	...	0·19	0·07	0·15	3	0·89	2·37	0·41	1·96	49·95	49·20
		Ulipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	40·81	?
		Sundergunge...	...	...	...	...	0·19	0·37	...	2	0·56	?	0·56	?	?	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·86	0·15	0·15	0·33	0·80	...	1·47	6	3·76	3·86	2·75	3·02	60·72	64·22
		Alipore Dooar	3·66	...	1·22	...	...	...	0·37	3	5·25	?		?		?
		Fallacotta ...	1·90	1·95	0·15	...	0·05	...	0·55	4	4·60	?	0·75	?	66·37	?
		Debiganj ...	0·50	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·53	?	Nil	?	63·92	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	3·05	0·65	1·43	0·37	0·45	0·11	0·02	7	6·68	?	2·98	?	103·71	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	0·23	0·02	...	0·02	0·48	0·05	...	2	0·80	3·02	0·55	2·13	71·30	53·19
		Kuch Bihar ...	0·83	0·09	0·30	...	...	...	0·05	2	1·27	3·81	0·35	1·98	67·39	69·89
		Mickliganj ...	2·65	0·25	0·15	0·25	0·10	...	0·59	6	3·99	4·71	1·09	3·82	63·43	60·53
		Mathabhanga	4·21	0·92	0·15	0·11	...	...	...	4	5·39	4·37	0·26	2·81	80·63	65·46
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	0·74	5·20	0·27	0·32	0·42	0·91	2·04	7	9·90	6·51	3·96	4·59	112·40	111·07
		Siliguri ...	1·62	0·21	0·18	0·46	0·25	0·02	0·83	6	3·57	5·20	1·74	3·62	64·24	70·05
		Darjeeling ...	2·42	0·46	1·12	0·27	1·60	0·12	0·20	7	6·19	6·29	3·31	3·83	57·18	60·80
		Kalimpong ...	...	0·04	0·95	0·63	2·40	0·02	...	3	4·04	6·52	4·00	4·20	54·44	53·96
		Kurseong ...	1·37	1·40	0·78	0·42	1·15	0·33	0·08	6	5·53	?	2·76	?	78·39	?
		Pedong ...	0·15	0·83	1·78	0·87	1·62	0·53	0·33	7	6·11	?	5·13	?	47·30	?
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	0·72	0·05	4·82	1·88	1·28	1·48	1·02	6	11·25	8·66	10·48	4·32	123·20	81·22
		Chittagong ...	0·54	0·08	0·43	0·41	...	0·02	3·26	5	5·34	7·30	4·72	4·79	82·68	53·40
		Kutubdia ...	0·73									?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	0·13	...	0·77	...	0·16	0·16				?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...	...	...	...	...	0·07					?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	0·30	0·01	0·06	0·08	0·01	0·70	4·07	3	5·23	?	4·92	?		?
		Chandpur ...	...	...	0·45	0·12	0·22	0·08				?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·35	0·40	0·07	...	...	0·17	2·30	4	3·29	6·14	2·54	4·52	71·90	45·68
		Bundarban ...	0·92	0·11	0·18	...	0·04	0·02	1·98	4	3·25	?	2·22	?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	0·64	1·33	2·26	0·75	0·45	...	0·35	6	5·78	5·40	3·81	3·49	113·55	51·05
		Pirojpur ...	0·11	0·38	1·42	0·56	0·24	0·59	...	6	3·28	4·43	2·81	2·86	57·55	37·78
		Barisal ...	1·08	0·06	0·32	1·55	0·32	0·07	0·03	4	3·43	4·25	2·29	2·96	56·75	39·43
		Gournaddi ...	0·38	...	0·19	0·45	0·55					?		?		?
		Bhola ...	0·09	0·35	0·30	1·57	0·27	...	0·08	4	2·75	3·51	2·31	2·33	54·81	45·77
		Daulatkhan ...	...	...	0·59	1·82	1·15	0·06	0·29	4	3·91	?	3·91	?	60·28	?
		Bauphal ...	...	0·70	0·72	1·90	0·30					?		?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·93	0·38	0·58	0·52	1·42	0·32	0·47	7	4·62	7·70	3·3[illegible]	5·35	62·28	58·55
		Fenny ...	1·32		0·25	0·25	0·20	0·50	1·87	6	4·39	4·87	3·07	3·32	74·72	58·44
		Harishpore ...	0·15	...	0·56	0·58	1·07					?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	0·18	0·21	0·50	0·47	0·38					?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	0·33	...	0·09	0·33	...	...	2	0·75	3·79	0·42	2·50	38·12	31·53
		Faridpur ...	0·21	...	0·11	0·03	1·75	0·44	...	4	2·54	4·06	2·33	2·92	48·89	31·39
		Goalundo ...	0·28	...	...	0·30	0·32	0·46	0·15	5	1·51	3·34	1·23	2·43	46·72	28·94
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	0·11	1·15	0·22	0·16	0·98	0·26	...	6	1·88	4·28	1·62	3·14	29·80	37·85
		Dacca ...	0·21	0·37	0·03	0·19	2·32	0·04	...	4	3·16	4·13	2·58	3·02	39·46	33·06
		Narayanganj...	0·07	0·31	0·16	0·12	1·02	0·17	...	5	1·85	4·61	1·47	3·43	34·18	35·85
		Manikganj ...	0·59	0·30	0·01	0·09	1·42	0·04	0·30	4	2·75	3·80	1·86	2·75	39·32	27·44
		Joydebpore ...	0·20	0·94	0·01	0·15	2·23	0·45	...	5	3·97	?	2·83	?	38·47	?
	Hill Tippera / Tippera ...	Agartola ...	...	2·32			0·38	0·11	0·06	3	2·87	4·00	0·55	2·83	45·65	32·58
		Comilla ...	1·13	0·23	0·09	0·02	0·02	0·07	...	3	1·56	5·63	0·20	3·69	51·06	43·35
		Chandpore ...	0·90	0·19	0·22	0·41	0·38	...	...	5	2·10	4·01	1·01	3·34	41·47	38·33
		Brahmanbaria	...	0·35	...	...	...	...	0·05	1	0·40	3·14	0·05	2·28	42·15	32·95
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	22·69	?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	0·40	...	...	0·40					?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	...	0·45	0·25					?		?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	...	1·00	0·50	0·20	0·30	0·51	0·20	6	2·71	?	1·71	?	53·37	?
	Mymensingh...	Kishorganj ...	0·73	0·24	0·08	...	0·34	0·65	0·03	4	2·07	3·71	1·10	2·36	56·82	38·72
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	0·09	0·12	0·27	2	0·48	3·13	0·48	2·06	49·36	29·35
		Mymensingh...	0·12	0·96	0·27	0·19	0·54	0·31	...	6	2·39	3·27	1·31	2·31	58·00	41·04
		Jamalpur ...	...	...	0·70	...	0·12	0·33	...	3	1·15	3·52	1·15	2·33	44·87	33·18
		Netrakona ...	0·46	1·45	...	0·31	0·88	0·85	0·80	6	4·75	3·66	2·84	2·69	70·42	46·26
		Subernakhalty	...	...	0·12	0·82	0·12	...	...	3	1·06	?	1·06	?	51·84	?
		Durgapore ...	...	2·00	...	2·10	1·05	1·50	1·50	5	8·15	?	6·15	?		?
		Sherepore Town	...	0·17	0·25	0·15	0·70	0·20	...	5	1·47	?	1·30	?	25·89	?
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	...	0·50	0·29	0·25				?		?		?
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	0·35	...	...	0·48	0·26	...	3	1·09	2·98	0·74	2·14	58·24	37·79
		Araria ...	...	...	0·68	0·13	0·67	0·81	...	4	2·29	2·91	2·29	1·72	50·00	33·47
		Purnea ...	1·47	0·17	0·15	0·14	0·06	0·20	...	5	2·19	3·23	0·55	2·14	32·44	29·96
		Gondwara (Korah)	0·02	0·13	0·10	0·02	0·28	...	...	3	0·55	?	0·40	?	37·67	?
		Barsoe ...	0·20	...	0·80	...	0·50					?		?		?
		Forbesganj ...	0·11	1·35	0·11	0·19	0·30	0·04	0·22	6*	2·32	?	0·86	?	35·36	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	1·00	...	0·50	...	...	...	2	1·50	?	0·50	?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	0·65	0·12	...	0·16	...	...	3	0·93	2·24	0·28	1·59	26·36	23·86
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	0·42	...	...	...	0·46	...	0·18	3	1·06	?	0·64	?		?
		Supaul ...	...	0·18	0·21	...	0·20	1·04	...	4	1·63	2·70	1·45	1·91	23·51	23·91
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	0·27	...	...	0·38	2	0·65	?	0·65	?	29·59	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	0·51	...	0·06	0·90	...	2	1·47	3·31	1·47	1·85	26·41	22·01
		Banka ...	...	0·09	0·02	...	0·69	0·20	...	2	1·00	2·97	0·91	1·89	30·48	21·72
		Colgong ...	...	0·11	...	0·05	0·05	0·19	...	2	0·40	?	0·29	?	27·24	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	0·75	...	...	0·25	0·30	...	3	1·30	2·00	0·55	1·51	21·56	22·04
		Darbhanga ...	1·40	1·79	...	...	...	0·26	...	3	3·45	2·00	0·26	1·72	25·69	22·38
		Madhubani ...	1·14	0·06	0·92	0·02	0·37	...	...	3	2·51	2·66	1·31	1·79		22·21
		Bahera ...	2·38									?		?		?
		Roshera ...	1·50	0·56	...	...	0·22	0·83	...	4	3·11	?	1·05	?	24·47	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 5th of August 1893—*concld.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 30th July.	Monday, 31st July.	Tuesday, 1st.	Wednesday, 2nd.	Thursday, 3rd.	Friday, 4th.	Saturday, 5th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	1·10	0·06	...	0·14	0·26	...	...	3	1·56	1·44	0·40	1·15	33·94	20·97
		Muzaffarpur	0·26	0·01	...	...	0·44	0·41	...	3	1·12	2·44	0·85	1·52	19·19	23·12
		Hajipur ...	0·20	...	...	...	0·35	0·95	0·01	3	1·31	2·66	1·31	1·74	22·25	21·26
		Paru ...	1·42	...	...	1·17	...	...	...	2	2·59	?	1·17	?		?
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)										?		?		?
		Siuhar ...	...	...	0·35	0·18	0·35	0·65				?		?		?
		Pupri ...										?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	2·93	0·04	...	...	0·15	...	0·43	3	3·55	2·53	0·58	1·82	45·86	21·50
		Bettiah ...	1·68	0·30	0·17	0·79		0·05				2·20		1·75		23·93
		Bagaha ...	1·86	0·12	...	1·77	0·03	...	0·12	4	3·89	?	1·91	?	30·56	?
		Burhurwa ...	0·37	0·06	0·65	0·80	0·15	...	...	4	2·03	?	1·60	?	16·15	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	0·38	0·04	0·09	0·07	1·03	...	...	2	1·61	1·98	1·19	1·10	25·52	21·18
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	0·33	0·25	...	...	2	0·58	2·21	0·58	1·51	17·09	21·07
		Chapra ...	0·11	...	...	0·08	0·14	0·54	...	3	0·87	2·88	0·76	1·93	18·62	20·73
		Sreepore ...										?		?		?
		Annuar ...	0·28	...	...	...	0·60	0·43	...	3	1·31	?	1·03	?		?
		Basantpur ...										?		?		?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	0·11	0·29	0·02	...	2	0·42	2·97	0·42	1·80	17·61	18·21
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	0·15	0·27	0·04	...	2	0·46	3·36	0·46	2·63	20·30	19·47
		Bhabhua ...	...	0·72	0·20	0·60	0·42	0·37	...	5	2·31	3·61	1·59	2·36	28·09	20·42
		Sasaram ...	...	...	1·40	0·16	...	...	...	2	1·56	3·18	1·56	2·08		19·02
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	0·66	0·12	...	...	2	0·78	2·63	0·78	1·77	26·27	19·74
		Mohanea ...			1·10	1·05						?		?		?
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	0·65	0·25					?		?		?
		Ageaon ...										?		?		?
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	0·26	...	...	1	0·26	?	0·26	?	19·86	?
		Koath ...	...	...	...	2·20	0·30	...	0·10	3	2·60	?	2·60	?	22·34	?
		Sikrowl ...	...	...	0·22	0·50	...	...	...	2	0·72	?	0·72	?		?
		Bassowan ...	0·26	...	1·63	0·40	0·53	...	...	4	2·22	?	1·96	?	23·49	?
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	0·29	0·93	0·20	...	3	1·42	?	1·44	?		?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	0·34	0·13	0·47	...	...	3	0·94	3·90	0·94	2·66	19·73	21·31
		Gaya ...	1·82	...	0·41	0·10	0·56	...	0·08	4	2·97	3·45	1·15	2·06	24·38	22·18
		Nawadah ...	1·33	...	0·39	0·62	0·28	0·06	...	4	2·60	3·45	1·33	1·95	23·67	20·23
		Jahanabad ...	...	0·20	...	0·62	0·26	0·22	...	4	1·30	3·89	1·19	2·21	38·46	20·41
		Arwal ...	0·09	...	...	0·71	...	...	...	1	0·80	?	0·71	?	19·88	?
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	0·49	...	0·33	...	2	0·82	?	0·82	?	18·74	?
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	...	1	0·70	?	0·70	?	23·83	?
		Rajauli ...	2·50	0·10	0·50	0·30	1·05	...	...	5	4·45	?	1·85	?		?
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	0·40	...	...	0·29	...	2	0·69	?	0·69	?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	0·31	...	...	0·32	0·22	0·57	...	4	1·42	2·71	1·11	1·74	26·69	21·57
		Dinapore ...	0·03	...	...	...	0·19	0·92	...	3	1·14	2·35	1·11	1·51	28·95	20·46
		Bihar ...	0·16	...	...	...	0·48	...	...	2	0·64	3·24	0·48	1·62	28·56	21·88
		Barh ...	0·20	...	...	0·15	...	0·40	...	3	0·75	2·84	0·55	1·63	20·42	20·04
		Bickram ...	0·27	...	...	...	0·54	0·16	...	3	0·97	?	0·70	?	30·18	?
		Hilsa ...	...	0·27	...	...	0·50	...	...	2	0·77	?	0·50	?		?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	0·26	...	0·62	...	2	0·88	3·18	0·88	1·74	32·18	20·18
		Monghyr ...	...	3·15	0·54	0·03	...	0·63	...	3	4·35	3·99	1·29	2·39	25·41	22·39
		Jamui ...	...	...	0·11	...	0·73	0·41	...	3	1·25	3·50	1·25	1·99	22·37	22·30
		Goori ...	...	1·86	...	...	...	0·05	...	2	2·91	?	1·05	?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·80	...	1	0·80	?	0·80	?	32·52	?
		Chahai Bamda	0·17	0·24	0·60	0·02	0·39	0·45	...	5	1·87	?	1·46	?	36·74	?
		Chupreon ...	...	0·10	0·75	...	...	0·30	...	3	1·15	?	1·05	?		?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	0·32	0·16	0·12	0·19	...	4	0·79	3·20	0·79	1·76	32·57	27·69
		Godda ...	0·45	0·02	...	0·10	0·25	0·62	...	4	1·44	3·59	0·97	2·09		21·97
		Pakour ...	0·02	0·02	0·06	0·07	1·38	1·08	...	2	2·63	1·98	2·59	1·33	46·16	27·07
		Naya Dumka	...	0·09	2·55	1·68	1·06	0·63	...	4	6·01	4·02	5·92	2·43	42·41	26·62
		Deoghur	...	...	0·87	1·07	0·78	0·06	...	3	2·78	4·10	2·78	2·40	34·10	25·94
		Jamtara ...	...	0·04	0·49	1·60	1·91	0·40	...	4	4·44	3·98	4·40	2·13	37·28	25·96
		Belbodda ...	0·68	...	...	...	...	...	0·85	2	1·53	?	0·85	?		?
		Nanihat ...										?		?		?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	0·02	0·18	2·71	2·04	0·29	...	4	5·24	3·48	5·22	2·06	41·33	23·97
		Hazaribagh ...	0·06	0·25	0·07	1·26	1·18	0·05	0·16	4	3·03	4·55	2·..	...		24·31
		Semtaguran										2·88		2·06		24·55
		Mahudi Hills										3·12		2·21		24·39
		Jhumra Hill										4·32		3·14		31·79
		Barhi ...	...	...	0·18	...	0·38	0·06	0·19	3	1·01	?	1·01	?	34·51	?
		Chatra ...	...	0·64	...	0·29	0·90	...	0·20	4	1·94	?	1·39	?	33·07	?
		Koragdeha ...	...	0·12	0·03	0·35	2·31	0·31	...	4	3·12	?	3·00	?	27·61	?
		Ramgar ...	0·25	0·15	0·10	1·59	2·50					?		?		?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	0·31	0·32	0·98	1·92					4·10		2·96		25·29
		Ranchi ...										4·63		3·14		27·31
		Silli ...		1·80	0·60	1·30						?		?		?
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...	0·04	0·70								4·25		2·01		21·51
		Balumath ...	...	0·11	0·95	1·30	2·15					?		?		?
		Husainabad	...	...	0·80	0·31	1·50					?		?		?
		Garhwa ...	...	...	0·27	0·08	0·32					?		?		?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	0·01	1·55	0·55	0·99	1·13	0·01	0·01	4	4·25	4·05	2·69	2·83	33·16	27·73
		Chakardharpur.	0·61	0·70	0·60	1·29	0·12	...	0·02	6	3·85	?	2·54	?	23·25	?
		Ghatsila ...	0·30	0·17	0·51	0·70	2·80					?		?		?
		Baharagura	0·46	...	0·95	...	0·50					?		?		?
		Gailkeira ...	0·45	1·10	1·45	1·05	...	...	0·25	5	4·30	?	2·75	?	30·82	?
		Kalikapur ...	0·15	0·49	0·27	1·26	1·14	...	0·10	6	3·41	?	2·77	?	52·48	?
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	...	0·24	0·71	0·22	1·00	...	...	4	2·17	4·41	1·93	3·16	43·18	25·62
		Gobindpur ...	0·28	0·17	1·18	0·94	0·73	0·69	...	6	3·99	3·45	3·54	2·09	45·95	22·60
		Raghunathpore	...	...	1·02	0·64	0·95	0·12	...	4	2·73	?	2·73	?	37·01	?
		Barahabhum	0·20	0·05	0·19	0·32	2·63	0·04	...	4	3·43	?	3·18	?	39·04	?
		Jhalda ...	0·27	1·10	0·65	1·56	...	...	...	4	3·58	?	2·21	?	28·95	?
		Chas ...	0·45	1·40	0·47	1·47	2·10	...	...	5	5·89	?	4·04	?	36·01	?
		Pandra ...	...	0·73	0·87	0·77	0·41	0·34	...	5	3·12	?	2·39	?	36·84	?

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 8th August* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 5TH OF AUGUST 1893.

THOUGH the principal feature in the weather of the early part of the week was one of the small depressions which form in the north-west angle of the Bay at this season of the year, still the changes in the meteorological elements were unusually small, and the rainfall for the week is below the average in all districts. When the weather of the past week is compared with what obtained in the latter half of June and the early part of July, one important difference appears. The rainfall, though not heavy, has been more uniformly distributed, and the electrical disturbances which caused the unusually heavy local falls of those weeks either no longer occur, or their effect in causing precipitation of rain is to a large extent modified.

On the first day of the week the low pressure area began to form off the south Orissa coast, and north-westerly winds prevailed in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, and part of South-West Bengal. The shallow diffused low pressure which then covered the north of the Bay slowly drifted towards the west without much increase of intensity, causing easterly winds in all districts, except South-West Bengal and Orissa, where directions were more northerly. General light rain occurred in all districts during these days, the falls being somewhat more scattered in part of East Bengal, while in North Bengal they were heavier than at any other time during the week. Temperature was slightly above the normal. While the depression continued its slow westerly or north-westerly motion, these conditions prevailed over the province, but over the Bay owing to the steeper gradients winds became stronger and the sea continued rough till the end of the week. On 2nd August pressure began to recover very slowly and continued briskly on the 3rd, by which time the pressure distribution was practically normal. The wind circulation was then becoming more mornal, and rainfall would have continued probably over the whole province but for a brisk fall of pressure occurring in Assam and North Bengal at the same time as a brisk rise in Orissa and the Sircars. These changes leading to a depression along the foot of the hills caused a westerly wind to blow over the whole province, and as this wind was comparatively dry, rainfall almost ceased, especially in the southern and western districts.

Pressure.—During the first-half of the week slow downward changes continued, but defect was never greater than ·1 inch. As the depression moved away the recovery was also slow. The means for the week are below the normal by small amounts at all stations.

Temperature.—At the beginning of the week there was slightly excessive temperature in Lower Bengal, but during the cloudy weather which accompanied the shallow depression, the day temperatures fell and the air remained cooler till the end of the week, when owing to the westerly wind and comparatively clear skies it again began to rise. The difference from the normal was never very large. The means for the week are below the normal by less than half a degree except in Assam where defect is 1°·4.

Rainfall.—Light general rain fell over the greater part of the province except on the last two days in the south-western districts and on the last day in all districts. Though the rainfall was almost continuous from day to day, the total fall has not been large, and the means for the large divisions are all below the normal. Defect in North Bengal is 1·64 inches, in East Bengal 1·43 inches, and in South Bihar 1·35 inches. In Orissa and North Bihar the difference is only a quarter of an inch, and in South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur between half an inch and an inch.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 5th of August 1893:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.						RAINFALL.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	96·7	76·8	87·6	78·4	83·0	−0·4	2·61	2·89	−0·28	3·40	3·51	−0·11	1·80	2·23	31·15	25·31
South-West Bengal ...	92·7	73·9	87·9	78·6	83·3	−0·2	2·84	3·36	−0·52	4·41	4·06	+0·35	2·14	2·43	39·91	26·77
North Bengal	90·6	76·2	88·9	78·0	83·0	−0·3	1·67	3·10	−1·43	3·28	3·50	−0·22	0·90	2·06	46·28	38·73
East Bengal	89·4	75·1	86·2	77·8	82·0	−0·1	2·93	4·57	−1·64	4·20	4·44	−0·24	2·10	3·13	54·55	41·89
North Bihar	91·3	75·9	89·1	79·1	84·1	−0·5	2·29	2·57	−0·28	3·78	3·24	+0·54	1·05	1·71	29·55	24·16
South Bihar	93·4	73·8	89·6	78·9	84·3	+0·7	2·00	3·35	−1·35	3·14	3·71	−0·57	1·38	2·02	27·85	21·99
Chota Nagpur	91·9*	69·4*	84·8*	73·5*	79·2*	0	3·10	3·94	−0·84	4·55	4·69	−0·14	2·81	2·62	36·63	25·38
Assam	92·1	75·3	87·8	77·6	82·7	−1·4										

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 8th August 1893.

C. LITTLE,
for Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract of the results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory in the month of July 1893.

		Date.	Hour.
	Inches.		
The mean pressure of the month	29·582		
The average pressure of July from 24 years' registers ...	29·537		
The highest pressure in the month	29·750	9th	10
The lowest pressure in the month	29·396	31st	16
The range of pressure	0·354		
	Hours.		
The total number of hours of bright sunshine during the month	81·5		
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine ...	413·1		
	ϴ		
The mean temperature of the month	83·0		
The average temperature of July from 24 years' registers ...	83·5		
The highest temperature in the month	90·5	27th.	
The lowest temperature in the month	75·2	4th and 5th.	
The range of temperature during the month*	15·3		
The mean daily range of temperature	8·4		
The greatest range of temperature in one day	11·3	27th.	
	Per cent.		
The mean humidity of the month	88		
The average humidity of July from 24 years' registers ...	85		
	Inches.		
The mean vapour tension of the month	0·990		
The average vapour tension of July from 9 years' registers ...	1·002		
The mean cloud proportion of the month	8·51		
The average cloud proportion of July from 16 years' registers ...	8·05		
The total rainfall of the month	10·97		
The total rainfall indicated by a Beckley's self-registering rain-gauge (mouth of the gauge about 52 feet above the ground)	10·81		
The average fall of July from 48 years' registers ...	12·84		
The greatest fall in 24 hours	1·73	25th.	
	Days.		
The number of rainy days in the month	19		
The average number of rainy days in July from 24 years' registers	25		
	ϴ		
The mean maximum equilibrium temperature of solar radiation during the month	143·7		
The mean difference of sun and air temperatures	56·7		
The greatest sun temperature	154·6	27th.	
The greatest excess of sun over air temperature	68·3	16th.	
The mean temperature of the nocturnal radiation thermometer on woollen cloth	77·1		
The mean depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature at 4 feet above the ground	1·6		
The greatest depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature	3·1	10th and 28th.	
	Miles.		
The mean movement of the wind per day	87·8		
The greatest movement of the wind in one day	239·0	2nd.	
The greatest movement of the wind in one hour	15·0	1st, noon to 1 P.M.	

The number of hours with winds from each of the 8 points—

N. 0, N.E. 3, E. 19, S.E. 70, S. 222, S.W. 277, W. 41, N.W. 3, Calm 109.

The results of observations at the Alipore Observatory are not rigorously comparable with the registers of past years (at the Park Street Observatory). The barometer is about 3 feet higher at Alipore, and, other things being equal, reads therefore ·003 lower. The diurnal range of temperature is also greater at Alipore, and the mean temperature apparently about 0·6° higher; and, finally, the thermometer which furnished the record of temperature at the Surveyor-General's Office during 20 years and upwards is found to read 0·6 higher than the Kew standard thermometer, which is the standard of reference at the present Observatory.

J. H. Gulliland,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India;
Calcutta, the 7th August 1893.

Abstract of the Results of the Barometric and Thermometric Observations taken at 10 a.m. at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, in the month of July 1893.

		Date.
	Inches.	
The mean pressure at 10 A.M. during the month	29·624	
The mean temperature at 10 A.M. during the month	85·1°	
The highest temperature during the month	93·0	12th and 27th.
The lowest temperature during the month	75·2	5th and 6th.
The absolute range of temperature during the month	17·8	
The mean daily range of temperature during the month ...	10·7	
The greatest range of temperature in one day during the month ...	14·2	27th.
	%	
The mean 10 A.M. humidity during the month	85	
	Inches.	
The mean 10 A.M. vapour tension during the month	1·022	
The total rainfall of the month	10·90	
The greatest fall in 24 hours	1·27	21st.
The number of rainy days in the month	16	

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 7th August 1893.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 30th July to 5th August 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature. Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Hygrometry. Vavour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	Rainfall, past 24 hours.
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
July ...	30th ...	29·548	83·7	88·0	8·7	79·3	85·6	81·0	·997	79·1	81	0·06
,, ...	31st ...	·505	83·4	88·0	9·2	78·8	84·6	81·0	1·011	79·6	85	1·26
Aug. ...	1st ...	·500	81·4	84·9	7·1	77·8	81·6	79·5	·981	78·6	91	0·05
,, ...	2nd ...	·520	82·4	85·9	7·1	78·8	81·6	81·5	1·077	81·5	99	0·39
,, ...	3rd ...	·548	83·7	88·5	9·7	78·8	82·4	80·5	1·016	79·7	91	0·75
,, ...	4th ...	·595	82·9	89·0	12·2	76·8	88·1	81·5	·988	78·8	75	0·14
,, ...	5th ...	·560	85·2	90·5	10·7	79·8	87·6	81·5	·995	79·1	76	...

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·539
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	83·2
The extreme variation of temperature	13·7
The maximum temperature	90·5
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	85
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 30th July to 5th August 1893	2·65

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 7th August 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 30th July to 5th August 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
July	30th	153·3	1·1	29·522	81·9	87·4	8·7	78·7	80·3	1·014	79·7	93	SSW and calm ...	28	0·82	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, p, t, d.
,,	31st	151·8	2·3	·466	82·8	86·6	7·6	79·0	80·0	0·988	78·9	88	ENE and ESE ...	111	0·09	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, p, d.
Aug.	1st	133·4	0·3	·467	81·4	84·6	5·4	79·2	79·6	·991	79·0	93	E and ESE ...	91	0·34	Chiefly cloudy, o, p, g.
,,	2nd	129·3	Nil	·480	81·7	84·9	6·2	78·7	79·7	·988	78·9	91	ESE and SE ...	142	0·28	Cloudy, o, g, p.
,,	3rd	130·5	0·7	·529	81·5	84·4	5·5	78·9	79·7	·990	78·9	92	ESE ...	90	0·20	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p, t.
,,	4th	144·2	5·1	·578	83·2	87·3	9·8	77·5	79·2	·948	77·6	84	SW by W, WSW and SW.	66	Nil	Partially cloudy.
,,	5th	145·8	4·2	·545	84·2	88·4	8·2	80·2	79·7	·955	77·8	81	SW, W and SW by W.	90	,,	Chiefly cloudy, o, g.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·512
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·577
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	13·7
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	91·7
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	82·4
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	82·9
The extreme variation of temperature	10·9
The maximum temperature	88·4
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	12
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	89
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	87
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 30th July to 5th August 1893	1·73
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	3·59
The total fall from 1st January to 5th August 1893	61·66
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	37·00

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast ; g, gloomy ; d, drizzling rain ; t, thunder ; p, passing temporary showers.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 7th August 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major Works for the month of June 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

CANALS.	TOLLAGE, 1893-94.		TOLLAGE, 1892-93.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
Orissa Circle.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Taldanda Canal System	1,772 0 5	4,512 6 3	43 14 11	3,671 12 3
Kendrapara ditto	2,662 8 1	12,966 6 3	3,892 15 11	10,510 12 9
High Level, Range I	722 15 6	2,097 7 9	536 3 9	1,319 14 6
Ditto, " II	172 1 9	443 12 9	160 11 9	331 0 0
Ditto, " III	101 12 2	251 8 8	69 9 0	150 4 0
Jajpur Canal ...	8 11 9	32 9 7	17 10 3	28 12 3
Total Orissa Circle ...	5,440 1 8	20,304 3 3	4,721 1 7	16,012 7 9
South-Western Circle.				
Midnapore Canal ...	8,440 11 3	23,260 12 6	11,519 15 6	28,982 6 0
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	4,649 2 9	14,578 5 6	4,170 11 6	17,056 3 3
Total South-Western Circle ...	13,089 14 0	37,839 2 0	15,690 11 0	46,038 9 3
Sone Circle.				
Patna Canal System ...	2,794 2 0	6,325 13 3	2,160 1 6	7,097 2 9
Arrah ditto ...	2,139 11 9	7,750 9 9	1,205 14 9	6,065 14 0
Buxar ditto ...	623 6 6	2,445 14 9	1,115 10 6	3,506 7 0
Total Sone Circle ...	5,557 4 3	16,522 5 9	4,481 10 9	16,669 7 9
GRAND TOTAL ...	24,087 3 11	74,665 11 0	24,893 7 4	78,720 8 9

Government Transport Service.

CANAL.	TOLLAGE, 1893-94.						TOLLAGE, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.
Orissa Circle.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.
High Level ...	1,250	164	1,153 14 5	2,655	1,704	2,877 7 5	396	432	326 4 5	893	1,087	2,094 9 5
Total Orissa Circle ...	1,250	164	1,153 14 5	2,655	1,704	2,877 7 5	396	432	326 4 5	893	1,087	2,094 9 5

Total Navigation Receipts.

CANALS.	EARNINGS, 1893-94.		EARNINGS, 1892-93.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Orissa Canals ...	6,594 0 1	23,181 10 8	5,047 6 0	18,107 1 2
Midnapore Canal ...	8,440 11 3	23,260 12 6	11,519 15 6	28,982 6 0
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	4,649 2 9	14,578 5 6	4,170 11 6	17,056 3 3
Sone Canals ...	5,557 4 3	16,522 5 9	4,481 10 9	16,669 7 9
Total ...	25,241 2 4	77,543 2 5	25,219 11 9	80,815 2 2

CALCUTTA,
The 7th August 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Minor Works and Navigation for the month of June 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals.	Tollage, 1893-94.						Tollage, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...	16,486	2	6	54,771	8	3	20,001	12	3	55,070	8	0
Tolly's Nala ...	4,970	13	6	16,233	8	0	5,245	5	9	16,674	2	6
Total ...	21,457	0	0	71,005	0	3	25,247	2	0	71,744	10	6
Orissa Coast Canal ...	6,003	7	0	18,368	10	3	3,761	11	6	14,181	5	9
Nadia Rivers ...	10,795	15	6	24,614	5	0	7,514	9	9	19,240	0	9
Grand Total ...	38,256	6	6	1,13,987	15	6	36,523	7	3	1,05,166	1	0

Calcutta,
The 7th August 1893.

G. C. Maconchy,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 29th July 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 29th July 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 30th July 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	306	66,825	777	109	28,925	429
Jute	12	2,700	53	10	1,925	37
Firewood	136	66,725	1,096	205	1,19,225	1,829
Other articles	720	1,42,850	2,082	866	3,34,485	3,037
Total ...	1,174	2,79,100	4,008	1,190	3,84,560	5,332

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Statement of Goods Traffic in Staples carried during the four weeks and six days ending 30th June 1893, as compared with the same period of 1892.

Staples.	1892.		1893.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
Cotton, raw	40,106	30,476	18,156	12,523	...	...	21,950	17,953
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European	10,575	9,733	9,465	8,863	...	...	1,110	870
2.—Indian	26,466	14,326	28,493	17,262	2,027	2,936	...	...
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European	68,649	88,290	1,22,618	1,37,253	53,969	48,963	...	...
2.—Indian	7,780	4,896	12,005	7,745	4,225	2,849	...	...
Drugs and chemicals—								
1.—Intoxicating other than opium	2,199	1,067	1,758	638	...	...	441	429
2.—Non-intoxicating	8,505	9,209	11,464	11,147	2,959	1,938	...	...
Dyes and tans—								
1.—Indigo	706	466	336	253	...	...	370	213
2.—Myrabolams	10,616	2,278	11,557	2,525	941	247	...	...
3.—Aniline dyes	311	413	410	548	99	135	...	...
4.—Cutch	4,275	1,800	3,992	1,518	...	...	283	282
5.—Paints and colours	8,702	3,725	6,591	2,988	...	...	2,111	737
6.—Others	2,857	766	2,916	989	59	223	...	...
Grains—								
1.—Wheat	13,62,221	3,71,096	7,80,208	2,82,090	...	...	5,82,013	89,096
2.—Rice	4,04,582	65,163	5,07,540	86,029	1,02,958	20,866	...	...
3.—Jawar and bajra	51,050	10,708	17,312	2,410	...	...	33,738	8,298
4.—Gram	1,07,962	30,073	1,49,119	54,384	41,157	24,311	...	...
5.—Indigo seed	7,988	3,534	11,267	4,087	3,279	553	...	...
6.—Seeds other than oil-seeds	63,542	23,670	60,458	27,145	...	3,475	3,084	...
7.—Others	4,43,849	1,09,272	3,74,118	98,299	...	...	69,731	10,973
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle	35,856	21,308	24,263	14,585	...	...	11,593	6,723
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.	19,451	12,194	15,640	7,119	...	...	3,811	5,075
Horns	1,390	814	1,627	1,000	237	186	...	...
Jute—								
1.—Raw	1,984	513	20,095	6,216	18,111	5,703	...	...
2.—Gunny bags and cloth	94,091	50,383	1,16,867	57,686	22,776	7,303	...	...
Lac—								
1.—Stick	17,042	6,206	28,087	9,798	11,045	3,592	...	...
2.—Shell-lac	9,811	6,672	12,308	8,647	2,497	1,975	...	...
Leather—								
1.—Unmanufactured	1,942	3,544	2,262	3,964	320	420	...	...
2.—Manufactured	3,900	4,581	3,568	4,083	...	...	332	498
Liquors—								
1.—Beer	10,189	4,827	8,816	5,760	...	933	1,373	...
2.—Wines	2,672	4,707	3,208	4,459	536	...	...	248
3.—Spirits	1,824	2,705	1,752	2,063	...	...	72	642
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought	4,219	3,962	3,693	4,464	...	502	526	...
2.—Brass, unwrought	2,118	1,018	5,945	3,025	3,827	2,007	...	...
3.—Brass and copper, wrought	11,226	5,306	14,791	7,086	3,565	1,780	...	...
4.—Iron	2,99,004	1,37,251	2,98,508	1,24,482	...	...	496	12,769
5.—Tin	3,034	2,595	4,406	3,030	1,372	435	...	...
6.—Others	9,012	10,578	19,471	7,866	10,459	...	...	2,712
Oils—								
1.—Castor	2,681	1,076	5,150	1,435	2,469	359	...	...
2.—Kerosine	1,17,730	51,710	1,09,404	44,337	...	...	8,326	7,333
3.—Others	11,443	5,316	12,159	4,721	717	...	...	595
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed	7,20,189	2,36,898	12,09,106	3,59,323	4,88,917	1,22,425	...	...
2.—Rape and mustard	2,22,507	65,237	2,81,079	67,859	58,572	2,622	...	...
3.—Til or jinjili	7,887	2,102	5,405	1,069	...	...	2,482	1,033
4.—Castor	1,34,476	26,181	90,201	20,679	...	...	44,275	5,502
5.—Poppy	1,01,907	31,847	68,166	20,490	...	...	33,741	11,357
6.—Others	6,907	1,449	7,018	1,208	111	...	...	241
Opium	14,096	9,635	7,127	5,368	...	...	6,969	4,267
Paper and pasteboard	12,873	8,957	13,943	8,549	1,070	...	...	408
Provisions—								
1.—Ghee	26,413	21,429	27,208	16,971	795	...	...	4,458
2.—Dried fruits and nuts	24,134	20,712	30,278	28,957	6,141	8,245	...	...
3.—Cocoanuts	4,195	2,111	4,074	2,541	...	430	121	...
4.—Turmeric	12,549	11,767	19,921	15,928	7,373	4,161	...	...
5.—Others	85,327	46,380	84,104	37,973	...	...	1,223	8,407
Salt	7,39,222	1,41,110	7,08,455	1,38,542	...	...	30,767	2,568
Saltpetre, &c.—								
1.—Saltpetre	59,194	23,439	52,039	19,562	...	...	7,155	3,877
2.—Borax	1,212	828	1,861	1,375	649	547	...	...
3.—Other saline substances	51,121	8,759	30,378	8,880	...	121	20,743	...
Silk, raw—								
1.—Foreign	6	19	...	...	...	...	6	19
2.—Indian	1,403	987	3,605	1,773	2,202	786	...	...
Silk piece-goods—								
1.—Foreign	8	22	...	...	...	...	8	22
2.—Indian	128	145	211	237	83	92	...	...
Spices—								
1.—Pepper	5,162	6,907	3,048	2,915	...	...	2,114	4,082
2.—Other	18,076	9,114	20,111	14,998	2,035	5,884	...	...
Sugar—								
1.—Drained	28,167	10,332	17,235	6,773	...	...	10,932	3,559
2.—Undrained	4,56,286	59,370	3,79,369	54,696	...	...	76,917	4,674
Stone and lime	6,27,514	82,846	5,32,219	59,956	...	...	95,295	22,890
Tea—								
1.—Foreign	3	5	...	...	...	...	3	5
2.—Indian	2,218	2,976	6,576	6,652	4,358	3,676	...	...
Timber, &c.—								
1.—Timber	1,34,092	8,223	81,636	14,655	...	6,432	52,456	...
2.—Firewood	44,679	4,032	46,765	2,868	2,086	...	...	1,164
Tobacco	1,18,200	59,317	1,71,955	69,300	53,755	9,983	...	...
Umbrellas	768	1,186	661	679	...	...	107	507
Wool—								
1.—Raw	1,817	2,007	3,463	2,523	1,646	561	...	...
2.—Piece-goods—								
a.—European	164	222	162	104	...	...	2	118
b.—Indian	1,693	1,242	2,340	2,031	647	780	...	...
3.—Shawls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All other articles of merchandise	4,81,321	1,90,553	5,26,918	2,28,353	45,597	37,800	...	...
Total	74,39,473	22,16,663	72,79,440	23,08,309	...	91,646	1,60,033	...
Military stores	26,949	52,327	17,295	28,394	...	...	9,654	23,933
Coal—								
1.—For public	38,30,151	6,66,239	41,47,791	7,08,014	3,17,640	41,775	...	...
2.— „ Railway	9,63,322	1,06,652	7,48,541	91,043	...	...	2,14,781	15,609
Railway Materials—								
1.—For construction and revenue	7,13,078	11,858	14,42,891	55,139	7,29,813	43,281	...	...
Live-stock	...	4,917	...	13,981	...	9,064	...	...
Total	1,29,72,973	30,58,659	1,36,35,958	32,04,880	6,62,985	1,46,224	...	...

C. W. CLARKE, *Assistant Auditor.*

TRAFFIC AUDIT OFFICE, GOODS DIVISION, JAMALPUR, *the 7th August* 1893.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Abstract of principal commodities carried over the Eastern Bengal State Railway during the month of May 1893, as compared with the same month of the previous year.

Staples.	1893. Up.	1893. Down.	1892. Up.	1892. Down.	Total. 1893.	Total. 1892.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Coal ...	2,039	31,148	3,090	16,842	34,477*	29,411*	5,066	......
Cotton, raw ...	127	205	11	322	332	333	......	1
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European ...								
2.—Indian ...								
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European—								
a.—In bales and bundles ...	2,219	418	2,555	136	2,637	2,691	......	54
b.—In boxes ...								
2.—Indian—								
a.—In bales and bundles ...								
b.—In boxes ...								
Grains—								
2.—Rice ...	2,214	2,438	5,275	972	4,652	6,247	......	1,595
5.—Others ...	1,051	7,199	2,174	4,363	8,250	6,537	1,713	......
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle—								
a.—Dressed ...								
b.—Undressed ...								
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.—	7	535	7	494	542	501	41	......
a.—Dressed ...								
b.—Undressed ...								
Jute—								
1.—Raw—								
a.—Screwed ...	......	1,176	4	386	1,176	390	786	
b.—Unscrewed ...	......	3,652	2	301	3,652	303	3,349	......
2.—Gunny bags and cloth ...	573	1,104	371	888	1,677	1,259	418	......
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought ...								
2.—Brass, unwrought ...								
3.—Brass and copper, wrought ...	1,028	157	1,417	132	1,185	1,549	......	364
4.—Iron ...								
5.—Tin ...								
6.—Others ...								
Oils—								
2.—Kerosine ...	338	4,352	3,538	41	4,690	3,579	1,111	......
3.—Others ...	437	29	398	21	466	419	47	......
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed ...								
2.—Rape and mustard ...								
3.—Til or gingelly ...								
4.—Niger ...	336	6,045	291	3,143	6,381	3,434	2,947	......
5.—Castor ...								
6.—Poppy ...								
7.—Others ...								
Provisions—								
2.—Betel-nuts ...	60	418	99	761	478	860	......	382
3.—Others ...	728	502	565	375	1,230	940	290	......
Railway plant and rolling-stock ...	......	......	......	......	16,098†	7,560†	8,538	......
Salt ...	4,197	71	5,276	68	4,268	5,344	......	1,076
Sugar—								
1.—Drained ...	515	1,925	668	1,157	2,440	1,825	615	......
2.—Undrained ...								
Tea—								
1.—Foreign ...	1	1,400	......	1,186	1,401	1,186	215	......
2.—Indian ...								
Wood—								
1.—Timber ...	132	125	505	163	257	668	......	411
2.—Firewood ...	1,051	......	1,200	......	1,051	1,200	......	149
Tobacco ...	106	2,712	102	2,344	2,818	2,446	372	......
All other articles of merchandise—								
1.—Unmanufactured ...	5,035	3,582	4,244	3,513	8,617	7,757	860	......
2.—Manufactured ...								
Hay, straw, and wooloo (C. & S.-E. Sections)...	732	......	857	......	732	857	......	125
Total ...	22,926	69,193	32,649	37,068	109,507	87,296	26,368	4,157

* Includes 1,290 tons and 9,479 tons of coal during 1893 and 1892, respectively, carried for Revenue, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

† Railway plant and rolling-stock, 16,098 tons and 7,560 tons for the years 1893 and 1892, respectively, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

Statement of principal commodities carried over the Eastern Bengal State Railway during the month of May 1893.

INCREASES.

	Tons.
Coal ...	5,066
Due to the carriage from Saidpur to Jalpaiguri of coal sold to the Bengal Duars Railway and to an increase in deliveries to presses on the Strand Bank, Calcutta.	
Jute, unscrewed ...	3,349
Sirajganj, Kushtia and Mymensingh show increases. There was no jute available at the same time last year.	
Kerosine oil ...	1,111
Due to prohibition of carriage by boat within certain limits of the port of Calcutta.	
Seeds ...	2,947
The increases are in despatches principally from Kasba, Sonali, Forbesganj, and Goalundo. Due to good local crops.	
Railway plant and rolling-stock ...	8,538
Chiefly from Calcutta for the Bengal Duars and Kuch Bihar Railways.	

DECREASES.

	Tons.
Rice ...	1,595
The principal decrease was in despatches from Goalundo. Last year the northern had to draw food-supplies from the eastern districts.	
Salt ...	1,076
Ordinary fluctuation of traffic.	

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

JAMES SHAW,
for Examiner of Accounts.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Abstract of principal commodities carried over the Bengal Central Railway during the month of May 1893, *as compared with the same month of the previous year.*

STAPLES.	1893.		1892.		TOTAL.		Increase.	Decrease.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	1893.	1892.		
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Coal	796	151	948	......	993*	2,485*	......	1,492
Cotton, raw	......	......	......	11	......	11	......	11
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European								
2.—Indian								
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European—								
a.—In bales and bundles	357	14	311	2	371	313	58	......
b.—In boxes								
2.—Indian—								
a.—In bales and bundles								
b.—In boxes								
Grains—								
2.—Rice	9	129	11	357	138	368	......	230
5.—Others	47	651	52	166	608	218	480	......
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle—								
a.—Dressed								
b.—Undressed								
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.—	......	28	......	39	28	39	......	11
a.—Dressed								
b.—Undressed								
Jute—								
1.—Raw—								
b.—Unscrewed	......	94	......	3	94	3	91	......
2.—Gunny bags and cloth	21	6	14	11	27	25	2	......
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought								
2.—Brass, unwrought								
3.—Brass and copper, wrought	64	16	133	9	80	142	......	62
4.—Iron								
5.—Tin								
6.—Others								
Oils—								
2.—Kerosine	136	......	153	......	136	153	......	17
3.—Others	165	......	167	......	165	167	......	2
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed								
2.—Rape and mustard								
3.—Til or gingelly								
4.—Niger	155	434	156	206	589	362	227	......
5.—Castor								
6.—Poppy								
7.—Others								
Provisions—								
2.—Betel-nuts	......	761	......	786	761	786	......	25
3.—Others	143	132	64	61	275	125	150	......
Railway plant and rolling-stock	......	......	......	......	175†	371†	......	196
Salt	278	......	416	7	278	423	......	145
Sugar—								
1.—Drained	59	1,236	40	675	1,295	715	580	......
2.—Undrained								
Tobacco	114	32	148	65	146	213	......	67
All other articles of merchandise—								
1.—Unmanufactured	2,417	394	1,557	608	2,811	2,165	646	......
2.—Manufactured								
Total ...	4,761	4,078	4,170	3,006	9,060	9,084	2,234	2,258

* Includes 46 tons and 1,537 tons of coal during 1892 and 1893, respectively, carried for Revenue, for which no "Up" and "Down" register is maintained.

† Railway plant and rolling-stock 175 tons and 371 tons for the years 1893 and 1892, respectively, for which no "Up" and "Down" register is maintained.

Statement of principal commodities carried over the Bengal Central Railway during the month of May 1893.

INCREASES.

	Tons.		Tons.
Grains	480	Sugar	580
Slight increase due to a brisk demand in the Calcutta market.		Jhikargachi contributed nearly the whole of this increase.	

DECREASE.

Coal ... ... 1,492 tons.
The inclement weather was unfavorable to brick-burning.

JAMES SHAW,
for Examiner of Accounts.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 29th July 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*290,844	*2,94,301 9 0	18,81,577 30	4,24,123 5 0	17,043 0 0	7,35,407 14 0	76,350½	89,243½	165,59[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	182 11 10	......	263 5 7	10 9 4	456 10 9	......	......	......
For previous 3½ week of half-year	917,772	9,64,470 8 0	63,28,254 10	14,72,339 6 0	54,197 6 0	24,91,007 4 0	237,599	303,515½	541,11[illegible]
Total for 4½ weeks ...	1,208,616	12,56,772 1 0	82,09,832 0	18,96,462 11 0	71,240 6 0	32,26,475 2 0	313,949½	392,759	706,70[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	241,133	2,27,723 5 7	22,15,451 0	4,87,405 4 7	16,648 8 1	7,31,777 2 3	72,305	91,40[illegible]	163,70[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	141 6 5	......	302 10 3	10 5 5	454 6 1	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 4½ weeks of previous year	1,110,597½	10,28,688 12 5	95,54,243 20	20,58,791 5 9	68,634 5 1	31,36,114 7 3	312,351	405,521	717,87[illegible]

* The increase is presumably due to movements of pilgrims.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 29th July 1893, on 22¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	21,024	4,801 3 0	3,297 30	130 0 0	13 0 0	4,944 3 0	941	71	1,01[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	215 12 6	......	5 13 6	0 9 4	222 3 4	......	......	......
For previous 3½ week of half-year	53,768	12,926 2 0	30,816 0	826 3 0	36 0 0	13,788 5 0	2,802	256	3,0[illegible]
Total for 4½ weeks ...	74,792	17,727 5 0	34,113 0	956 3 0	49 0 0	18,732 8 0	3,743	327	4,07[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	16,720	3,970 13 1	5,546 0	234 11 0	9 2 0	4,214 10 1	923	45	9[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ..	......	178 7 5	......	10 8 9	0 6 7	189 6 9	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 4½ weeks of previous year ...	93,857	23,391 15 5	26,662 20	1,064 10 0	37 15 0	23,494 8 5	4,005	241	4,3[illegible]

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 29th July 1893, on 161⅞ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	22,359	13,767 14 0	30,058 0	5,461 12 0	44 0 0	19,273 10 0	6,027	2,596½	8,[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	85 4 10	......	33 13 5	0 4 5	119 6 8	......	......	......
For previous 3½ week of half-year	62,035	41,027 13 0	1,15,544 30	18,447 13 0	116 0 0	59,591 10 0	19,112	8,506½	27,[illegible]
Total for 4½ weeks ...	84,394	54,795 11 0	1,45,602 30	23,909 9 0	160 0 0	78,865 4 0	25,140	11,103	36,[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	16,483½	12,368 10 7	65,356 10	8,382 0 0	44 14 3	20,795 8 10	6,498	2,758	9[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	76 10 2	......	51 14 11	0 4 5	128 13 6	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 4½ weeks of previous year	72,764	50,484 4 5	1,97,974 10	29,162 8 6	175 13 0	79,822 9 11	27,414	11,379	38,[illegible]

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 29th July 1893, on 777 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	162,480	70,780 0 0	5,71,800 0	1,18,750 0 0	24,100 0 0	2,13,630 0 0	28,238	25,024	53,262
Or per mile of railway	209	91 0 0	736 0	153 0 0	*13 0 0	*257 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 3 week of half-year	450,320	2,22,230 0 0	16,52,610 0	2,66,340 0 0	34,810 0 0	5,23,380 0 0	86,513	74,725	161,238
Total for 4 weeks ...	702,800	2,93,010 0 0	22,24,410 0	3,85,090 0 0	58,910 0 0	7,37,010 0 0	114,751	99,749	214,500
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	132,128	59,515 0 0	6,74,369 0	1,48,769 0 0	35,262 0 0	2,43,546 0 0	26,440	35,180	61,620
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	170	77 0 0	868 0	191 0 0	*28 0 0	*296 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	642,947	2,64,347 0 0	20,64,078 0	4,12,280 0 0	72,392 0 0	7,49,028 0 0	115,936	126,425	242,361

* Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 29th July 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	33,870	10,070 0 0	42,520 0	3,110 0 0	30 0 0	13,210 0 0	3,826	1,846	5,672
Or per mile of railway ...	271	81 0 0	340 0	25 0 0	...	106 0 0	...	...	......
For previous 3 weeks of half-year	103,640	33,420 0 0	1,24,840 0	8,410 0 0	360 0 0	42,190 0 0	12,720	5,145	17,865
Total for 4 weeks ...	137,510	43,490 0 0	1,67,360 0	11,520 0 0	390 0 0	55,400 0 0	16,546	6,991	23,537
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	26,166	8,969 0 0	47,083 0	3,137 0 0	61 0 0	12,167 0 0	3,826	1,846	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	209	72 0 0	377 0	25 0 0	...	97 0 0	...	...	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	130,223	40,171 0 0	1,76,560 0	11,170 0 0	472 0 0	51,813 0 0	17,142	7,201	24,343

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 29th July 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	15,290	4,950 0 0	12,160 0	840 0 0	90 0 0	3,870 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
Or per mile of railway	178	57 0 0	141 0	10 0 0	0 0	68 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 3 weeks of half-year	52,270	14,980 0 0	35,130 0	2,810 0 0	340 0 0	18,130 0 0	7,825	2,317	10,142
Total for 4 weeks ...	67,560	19,920 0 0	47,290 0	3,650 0 0	430 0 0	24,000 0 0	10,312	3,054	13,366
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	14,254	4,714 0 0	16,705 0	928 0 0	533 0 0	6,195 0 0	2,572	652	3,224
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	166	55 0 0	194 0	11 0 0	6 0 0	72 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	63,086	19,971 0 0	48,255 0	3,200 0 0	1,053 0 0	24,224 0 0	11,185	2,791	13,975

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 22nd July 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	84,230	34,140	2,63,220	37,760	12,070	83,970	13,040	15,785	28,825
Or per mile of railway	111·[illegible]	45·16	348·17	49·95	15·96	111·07	......	......	......
For previous 2½ weeks of half-year	205,310	82,810	5,87,550	88,410	25,150	1,96,370	27,950	34,266	62,216
Total for 3½ weeks ...	289,540	1,16,950	8,50,770	1,26,170	37,220	2,80,340	40,990	50,051	91,041
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	84,663	30,524	2,54,350	34,259	6,603	71,386	13,429	16,385	29,814
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	112·14	40·43	336·89	45·38	8·74	94·55	......	......	[illegible]
Total to corresponding date of previous year	283,454	97,665	9,15,615	1,12,197	25,510	2,35,872	43,481	54,758	98,239

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 29th July 1893	8,390	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	11,697	0	0
Decrease	3,307	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 29th July 1893	164	8	2
Corresponding period of 1892	229	5	7
Decrease	64	13	5
Receipts from 1st to 29th July 1893	46,451	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	46,155	0	0
Increase	296	0	0

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 9th August 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 33 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

SURVEY AND RECORD OF RIGHTS IN BIHAR.

THE following papers relating to the survey and record of rights in Bihar are published for general information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary.

Dated Calcutta, the 15th August 1893.

From—J. A. BOURDILLON, ESQ., Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Revenue Dept.,
To—The Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

I AM directed by the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor to acknowledge the receipt of the Hon'ble Mr. Stevens' letter No. 826A., dated 14th August 1893, with its enclosure. Mr. Stevens' letter and the Minutes of Proceedings give a clear account of the deliberations of the Conference held with the representatives of the zamindars and indigo-planters of Bihar on the subject of the cadastral survey and maintenance of the record of rights in North Bihar, and of the results of that Conference. Briefly stated, the results are that the influential and representative gentlemen who attended the Conference, while reaffirming their opposition to the survey and maintenance of the record altogether, but regarding the contingency that such opposition might prove fruitless, have

admitted their preference for a system of maintenance through kanungos; that is, in the lines of the scheme proposed for criticism by His Honour the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor. This preference implies the rejection of the system of maintenance through village patwaris. The expression of this preference has been accepted by His Honour as decisive between the several schemes of maintenance, and orders will be at once issued to suspend the registration of patwaris under Regulation XII, 1817, or their utilization for survey purposes. The Lieutenant-Governor understands that this decision, which has already been communicated to the zamindars and indigo-planters, has afforded them gratification.

The results of the Conference are satisfactory to the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor as clearly defining the situation, enabling Government to act with greater freedom and effect, and leading to the immediate removal of all these difficulties and uncertainties as to the agency by which the survey should be made and the record subsequently maintained, which had been gathering round the operations in North Bihar. These operations will now be prosecuted with vigour to a well-defined end by officers under the complete control of the Government alone, and subject to the checks and guarantees for accuracy of work, whch have been sanctioned by the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor at his interviews with the Hon'ble Mr. Stevens and the Settlement Officers. and Messrs. Carey and Craddock of the Central Provinces Commission.

Measures will also be taken now to procure the necessary legal sanction to the creation of a land record agency on the lines indicated in the draft scheme and Bill which were laid before the Conference.

Sir Antony MacDonnell desires me in conclusion to convey his thanks to the Hon'ble Mr. Stevens for the judicious and effective way in which the proceedings were conducted by him. His Honour fully endorses the praise given by Mr. Stevens to the gentlemen, official and non-official, who attended the Conference. In his reply to the Tirhoot Landholders' address on the 7th instant, at Muzaffarpur, Sir Antony MacDonnell acknowledged the practical and helpful manner in which, always on the assumption that the record was to be maintained, the zamindars had co-operated with the officers of Government during the discussions and the assistance they promised the Survey Department in the shape of unskilled labour free of charge.

No. 826A, dated Calcutta, the 14th August 1893.

From—The Hon'ble C. C. STEVENS, Senior Member of the Board of Revenue,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

THE HON'BLE C. C. STEVENS.

I HAVE the honour to make the following report on the Conferences which, under the instructions of the Lieutenant-Governor, I held at Muzaffarpur on the 3rd and 5th instant, with the representatives of the zamindars and indigo-planters of North Bihar, on the subject of the Bihar survey and of the future maintenance of the record of rights.

2. Before these Conferences I informally met the Government officers employed in the tracts immediately concerned. The object of this meeting was merely to obtain such general information relating to the facts and to the wishes of those affected by the survey as the local officers could give and was not already known. No proceedings were recorded.

3. I submit full reports of the Conferences, but it is desirable that I should lay before Government a brief summary of what was said and done, and should state the points which appeared to me to have been made clear.

4. I was assisted by the Hon'ble H. H. Risley, C.I.E., Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department, and by Mr. M. Finucane Officiating Secretary to the Board of Revenue and permanent Director of Land Records and Agriculture, while Mr. Lyon Settlement Officer of Muzaffarpur acted as Secretary. To all these gentlemen I am much indebted for their valuable help. The Commissioner of Patna, the Collectors of Muzaffarpur and Chumparan, the Officiating Director of Land Records and the Director of Survey, and the Settlement Officer of Chumparan, were also present.

5. On the other side, the Maharaja of Darbhanga with his Manager Mr. Bell, the Maharaja's brother Raja Rameshvar Singh, Mr. Gibbon the Manager of the Bettia estate, the Secretaries to the Bihar and Tirhut Landholders' Association, Sir W. B. Hudson, K.C.I.E., President, and Mr. Macnaughten Secretary, of the Bihar Indigo Planters' Association, together with several other influential European and native gentlemen, represented the zamindars and indigo-planters. I endeavoured to find some persons who might represent the raiyats; and it is a significant fact in considering the conditions of North Bihar that no adequate representation of this class could be obtained, and consequently the attempt had to be abandoned. There probably is not a single raiyat in Bihar of intelligence and education sufficient to enable him to take part in such a conference; and the raiyats' feeling on the subject can only be ascertained by personal enquiries in their villages.

6. I opened the proceedings by saying that the intentions of Government must be understood to be unalterable on the following points, which were not therefore open to discussion:—

(1) The survey is to be made and record of survey and rights is to be maintained up to date.
(2) The record is to be a public document, the accuracy of which Government must guarantee, so far as may be practicable.
(3) Since the Government is thus responsible, it must not be fettered in its discretion, as to the period at which corrections of the record should be made.
(4) The work must be done by an agency under the complete control of Government, and independent of any interested party.

It was then explained that in order to attain these objects, the Government was anxious to know the views and to study the interest of those affected.

7. I then proceeded to sketch the two systems which had suggested themselves to Government, *viz.*, (1) the patwari scheme, under which the unit would be the village, and the survey would be made, and the record kept up, by the patwari; (2) what might be termed the kanungo scheme, under which the survey would be made by amins, and the record for a circle of villages be maintained by an officer of higher qualifications and on higher pay. It was made clear that the former of these two plans would require legislation; the patwari would be a Government servant, appointed, controlled and paid by Government, and the cesses now collected from the raiyats for the payment of patwaris, under whatever name, must be taken in a legal and probably altered shape. The kanungo scheme was then sketched in outline following the note which had been under the Lieutenant-Governor's orders previously forwarded to the Indigo Planters and Landholders' Association.

8. A discussion followed, for which reference may be made to the detailed Minutes of the Proceedings appended to this report. It was apparent that the unofficial gentlemen present were hostile to any maintenance of the record at all. They pressed for information on many points of detail involved in either of the schemes laid before them, and to meet their wishes I distributed copies of the first draft of a Bill which had been prepared, embodying the Lieutenant-Governor's scheme of kanungos. This Bill although prepared under the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor had not yet been submitted to His Honour, and consequently he had had no opportunity of expressing his approval or disapproval of the draft. But since it was in general accord with his views, and there was an evident desire on the part of the unofficial gentlemen attending the Conference to be informed of the methods by which practical difficulties might be overcome, it was thought less inconvenient to produce the Bill somewhat prematurely than to reserve it till instructions could be taken.

9. It was not to be expected that any opinion should forthwith be given by the Conference; and it would have been manifestly unfair to press for criticisms without giving time for consideration. The Conference was then adjourned till the 5th, after the difference between the patwari and kanungo schemes had been again explained. No original plan was brought forward by the unofficial gentlemen present, but it was suggested that, instead of attempting to maintain a current revision of records, there should be a decennial revision.

Since this suggestion was inconsistent with the principle that Government, being responsible for the accuracy of the record, cannot be fettered as to the periods of revision, I was unable to permit it to be discussed as a proposal, though I directed that it should be recorded as an opinion.

10. On the 5th instant the Conference reassembled. The explanation given by Mr. Finucane of a remark made by him at the previous sitting led to a short discussion regarding the sanction proposed in the Bill for enforcing the communication of information as to transfers. The general feeling among the unofficial members was that the provision was open to objection, as giving the sub-kanungo a lever which he might use for purposes of oppression. It was obviously impossible to promise that no power of punishment for passive obstruction should be retained in the Bill, but it was explained that the details were open for consideration, and that any reasonable modifications which could be suggested were likely to be adopted.

11. I then read an extract from a letter written by Mr. Gibbon on the 24th October 1878, to the President of the Bihar Rent Committee. The advice given in this letter, as I pointed out, depended on the following principles:—

(1) It is right that Government should have at its disposal a local agency of contemporaneous record.
(2) That agency should have no connection with the collection of rents, but should be entirely at the service of Government, and should be nominated and paid by Government officers.
(3) It is reasonable that the zamindars should pay at least a share of the necessary expenditure direct into the Government Treasury.
(4) It is possible to secure, consistently with due economy, the services of efficient men.
(5) The areas to be dealt with by these record-keepers should be readjusted, and the district divided into convenient and fairly uniform circles considerably larger than those of the existing patwaris usually are.
(6) The present staff of patwaris should be placed at the disposal of the zamindars, to keep or to dispense with at their option.

These considerations, I pointed out, are exactly those on which the Bill under discussion is founded.

12. I regretted that Mr. Gibbon was not present, but I had mentioned to him personally my desire to bring his letter forward, and he was aware that I attached much importance to it. I had abstained from reading it on the first day, partly because I had feared that it might lead to irrelevant discussions, and especially because it seemed undesirable to take Mr. Gibbon at a disadvantage or to forestall and hamper him in anything which he might wish to say. After I had read the letter, Mr. Macnaghten, by Mr. Gibbon's authority, said that circumstances had changed since 1878, and that Mr. Gibbon claimed the right to change his opinions; Sir William Hudson further attributed Mr. Gibbon's change of opinions to the state of the law regarding the transfer of raiyats' holdings.

13. My object in reading the letter and laying stress on it was not to deny Mr. Gibbon the right to change his views, but to show that the scheme now brought forward was in precise accordance with that which had commended itself to one of the most valued unofficial advisers of Government, who even 15 years ago had had large practical experience. To me, I may remark in passing, it does not appear that the reasons given for a change from those views are adequate. The law as to transfers of occupancy rights has not been changed. If such transfers have become more numerous, surely the necessity for recording them has increased. And if the country is being surveyed and rights ascertained and recorded, it should be easier and less expensive to maintain the record. On the other hand, the interference of Government with the zamindars will be less under the Lieutenant-Governor's scheme than under the scheme which Mr. Gibbon proposed, since it is not now intended to register collections of rents.

14. The members of the Conference were next informed that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor had now seen the Bill which was produced at the former meeting, and had accepted it as a provisional basis of legislation, with certain modifications which were read and explained, and will be found reproduced in the minutes of the Conference. Under the authority which had been given to me, I announced that Sir Antony MacDonnell would, if desired, be happy to come to the meeting and discuss any suggested amendments of the Bill. It was, however, considered unnecessary to trouble His Honour to do this.

15. I then asked whether the gentlemen present could now give me their opinion as to which of the schemes was to be preferred. The reply was given that, though those present could not bind absent interested persons, they were themselves of opinion that the kanungo scheme was the lesser of the two evils which were presented to them. This expression of preference, taken with the absence of any counter-scheme of maintenance from the zamindars was all that the Lieutenant-Governor asked for in his speech at the Bankipur Durbar, and under these circumstances I said that I was prepared under the Lieutenant-Governor's instructions to stop all further action in the direction of the registration and training of patwaris, and pointed out that the entire abolition of the patwari system is involved in the kanungo scheme. This announcement appeared to give satisfaction.

16. The discussion then fell upon the question of the area to be dealt with by the kanungos. It was desired that this should be as large as possible, that a superior class of men should be employed, and that the corrections should not be made annually. The landholders were assured that these expressions of opinion would have full weight given to them, and it was understood that Government would extend the area to the maximum consistent with efficient work. Speaking only for myself, I said that I could not advise that so large an area should be at first adopted as to produce any risk of failure. The work must first be made safe, and the details might afterwards be modified by the light of experience. I declined to promise that the corrections should not be made annually, since it is a fundamental part of the scheme that this must be left to the discretion of Government.

17. The Maharaja of Darbhanga then asked that the Lieutenant-Governor's notes might be regarded as part of the proceedings, and that the zamindars might be favoured with as full an exposition of the views of Government as could conveniently be given. This was assented to.

18. It was once more pointed out that, subject to the four principles stated in paragraph 6 above, which are insisted on by Government as fundamental, all details, however important, are open to discussion, and that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor is most anxious to receive all the assistance which the practical experience of those interested can afford him, in order to make the working of the proposed arrangements as little inconvenient as possible. In breaking up the meeting, I then, on behalf of Government, thanked the gentlemen present for their attendance, and acknowledged the courtesy which had lightened my own labour.

19. As the Conference was rising, a further conversation took place between some of the members and Mr. Finucane on the subject of the provision by the zamindars of coolies for the survey, the Lieutenant-Governor having, it was understood, expressed the hope to several zamindars, at his interviews with them, that help in this direction might be given so as to lighten the cost of survey. The offers then made were subsequently confirmed by an official letter from the Secretary to the Tirhut Landholders' Association, a copy of which is appended to this letter.

20. The general results of the Conference appear to me to be these:—

(1) It was made perfectly clear that the Government would insist on the maintenance of the record of rights up to date as necessary to secure permanent benefit from the original operations. It was made clear that the record should be maintained by a Government agency independent of all parties, and that a revision at the end of five or ten years was an arrangement which the

Government could not accept while remaining responsible for the accuracy of the record as representing existing facts.

(2) It was evident that, though the interests of the zamindars and the indigo-planters are not uniform, and perhaps in some instances conflict, both these classes object to the annual maintenance up to date of the record of rights. They would rather that the records should not be maintained at all. Next to this they would prefer a revision after long periods—say of five or of ten years.

(3) Of the two schemes suggested to them, they prefer that of the kanungo dealing with larger areas to that of patwaris dealing with villages.

(4) The announcement of this preference enabled us to make the immediate concession, that the existing patwaris shall not be made use of for purposes of the survey and shall remain free for the performance of zamindari duties. The concession was received with satisfaction by zamindars and planters alike.

(5) We were able to show that the adoption of the kanungo scheme would involve the repeal of the Patwari Regulation, XII of 1817 (a measure which would probably be satisfactory to zamindar and planter); provided that an efficient mode of maintaining the record of rights can be brought into operation.

(6) I hope that it was made quite clear that the Government, while adhering to the principles laid down, will consider, and adopt if possible, all reasonable proposals intended to meet the wishes, or guard the interests, of those affected.

21. The main objections put forward to the introduction of any scheme were (1) the interference, (2) the cost, and (3) the probable dishonesty and exactions of the establishments. As the kanungo will have nothing to do with the collection of rent, or recording such collection, or with the letting of land; but will only deal with the maintenance of the record as completed by the survey, whereby all parties will have a standard of right to which to appeal, and as besides he will be closely supervised by superior officers, the interference will be reduced to a minimum, and it will be certainly less than that authorized by the existing patwari regulations. The landlord's share of the cost, though to large zamindars it may be considerable simply because they possess large property, will be small to other classes, and every effort will be made to avoid needless expenditure. Among other things it is under consideration whether the fees and fines under the Land Registration Act, VII (B.C.) of 1876, may not be credited to a District Fund for the maintenance of these land records. And after all, though that part of the expense which will not be recovered by registration fees, &c., will have to be met by a cess, the amount so raised will be much less than that now levied with doubtful legality for or by the patwaris. At the present time a zamindar has a patwari in every village, it is understood. When the record of rights has been prepared and is maintained, the duties of the patwaris will be diminished; and it will probably be possible for a zamindar to do with fewer men than he now employs. Sir William Hudson, who has an intimate knowledge of the needs and condition of the raiyats, has publicly stated his opinion that they will gladly pay a rupee an acre for copies of the original record relating to their holdings. If this be so, they are not likely to object to pay their share at the rate of half an anna or so per acre per annum for its maintenance. It is too much to hope that there will be no instances of dishonesty or exactions; but the landholders of North Bihar possess great power and influence, and are in no way deficient in energy and courage, so that we may confidently look to them to report all instances which may come to their knowledge of malpractices directed to the injury of their raiyats and themselves. I cannot but hope that on further examination the force of these objections will prove to be less than it at present appears to them.

Proceedings of a Conference held at Muzaffarpur on August 3rd, 1893.

PRESENT:

The Hon'ble C. C. Stevens, Member of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces (in the Chair).
The Maharaja Bahadur of Darbhanga, K.C.I.E.
Raja Ramesvar Singh Bahadur.
A. Forbes, Esq., Commissioner of the Patna Division.
The Hon'ble H. H. Risley, C.I.E., Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department.
Sir W. B. Hudson, K.C.I.E., President, Bihar Indigo Planters' Association.
Colonel Sandeman, Director of Bengal Surveys.
M. Finucane, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Board of Revenue.
T. Gibbon, Esq., C.I.E., Manager, Bettiah Raj.
Henry Bell, Esq., Manager, Darbhanga Raj.
L. Hare, Esq., Collector of Muzaffarpur.
W. D. Blyth, Esq., Collector of Champaran.
W. C. Macpherson, Esq., Officiating Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
E. Macnaghten, Esq., Secretary, Bihar Indigo Planters' Association.
Babu Guru Prasad Sen, Secretary, Bihar Landholders' Association.
Babu Ram Dhari Sahai, Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association.
Rudston Brown, Esq., Indigo Planter.
R. Macrae, Esq., Indigo Planter.
E. G. Colvin, Esq., Settlement Officer, Champaran.
Babu Parmesvar Narain Mahtha.
Babu Mangal Pershad.
Babu Ramesvar Narain Mahtha.
Babu Jamuna Pershad Sukul.
Babu Sridesvar Narain Mahtha.
P. C. Lyon, Esq., Settlement Officer, Muzaffarpur (Secretary).

MR. STEVENS, in opening the Conference, said:—

I have been directed by the Lieutenant-Governor to meet you for the discussion of the best means of making and maintaining the survey and record of rights in North Bihar.

I may say frankly that it has come to my notice that two nearly opposite doubts have been expressed regarding the objects and procedure of Government in this matter. Some appear to think that the Lieutenant-Governor has come down with his officers, bringing schemes cut and dried, and determined to adopt them, merely asking for the assent of those interested. Others think that there is nothing definite before them, and that they run the risk of being required to commit themselves prematurely to an opinion on propositions of a vague and shadowy nature. Neither of these apprehensions is well founded.

The points which may be taken at the outset as settled finaly and definitely are (1) that the record of survey and of rights is to be maintained; (2) it is to be a public document, the authenticity of which the Government must guarantee, so far as this is practicable; (3) and since the Government is thus responsible, it must not be in any way fettered in its discretion as to the period at which correction of the record should be made; (4) and, lastly, this is to be done by an agency under the complete control of Government and independent of any interested party.

As to the best method of attaining these objects, His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor is anxious to know the views and to study the interests of those who will be affected. The key to his position is to be found in the last paragraph of his reply to the landholders' address:—"Gentlemen," (he said) "I do entreat you to regard the question in a considerate and conciliatory spirit. I am here to discuss every point with you in a friendly and amicable way. I will do everything I can do within reason and the law to meet your wishes; and if only you will meet me in a similar spirit, as I feel confident you will, then I do think that between us we shall be able during the next few days to arrive at a reasonable understanding and a workable agreement on the matters that have to be settled between us." These are not the words of a Government which is prepared to neglect or refuse advice.

Two plans have been under consideration, viz., (1) the use of the patwaris registered under Regulation XII of 1817 to make the survey and to maintain the record, and (2) the employment of amins for the survey and of a special agency for maintenance. As to the former, it may serve to clear away some misapprehensions if I say at once that the retention of the present patwari in his existing relations is not proposed. If retained at all he would be made a Government servant, subject only to the orders of the officers of Government, and liable to transfer or removal by them. The extent of the area assigned to him would be reconsidered and readjusted. The cesses levied for the patwaris' remuneration, under whatever name, must be taken for him still, though in a legal and probably altered shape. It is recognized that Regulation XII of 1817 must be revised so as to secure the above objects, though the Government is advised that the Regulation, as it stands, gives it a right to the services of the patwari, for the purposes of ascertaining and of recording facts connected with the villages, such as would be recorded in the record of rights, and that this right (though fallen into practical disuse) still exists legally. The Government is entitled to require the patwaris to give assistance and information in framing the record and in ascertaining the identity, and measuring the area, of the various plots of land in the village, to the extent of their ability. The exercise of these powers under the Regulation as it stands, especially

under the unfavourable conditions which have gradually grown up, would however be involved in difficulty; and the dual control which it recognizes would be adverse to efficiency, even were there no other objections. If, therefore, the patwari agency is to be employed, it must be under considerably altered conditions.

The other scheme which has been suggested is that there shall be an unit of area. The unit of area is the circle of villages—the circle will contain perhaps 20 villages—instead of the single village. The circle officer will be, not the patwari, but a more highly qualified and better paid Government official, and the information to be recorded will be reduced to the minimum necessary for supplying adequate information as to the actual occupation of each field, its area and soil quality, the status of the occupier, conditions of occupation, and the rent and rent-rate payable. The scheme leaves the question of rent payment to be settled between the tenant and landlord without any intervention on the part of the executive Government. There will be only one statistical statement maintained, the "jinswar," which is not directly concerned with the relations of landlord and tenant, and which may be said to have more of an administrative than a fiscal aspect. The following is an extract from the Lieutenant-Governor's note on this scheme :—

"The importance of careful supervision in such a scheme as that under notice cannot be over-rated. I would therefore group the sub-kanungos' circles into circuits (of, say, 20 circles), to be placed under a kanungo on Rs. 50 per month, whom I would include in the subordinate Provincial service. The entire land record staff of the district I would place under a Sub-Deputy Collector. The following estimate of total cost for an average Bihar district is therefore tentatively proposed :—

	Rs.
120 Sub-kanungos	3,000
120 Chainmen muharrirs	1,200
6 Kanungos	300
1 Sub-Deputy Collector	175
	4,675
Pensionary charges at one-fifth	935
Per mensem	5,610
Per annum	67,320
Tour expenses	2,500
Stationery and survey appliances	1,180
Total ...	71,000

As establishments have a tendency to grow, and as it might be found desirable to employ senior officers as District Land Records Deputy Collectors, this estimate might in time be exceeded. But it ought, I think, never to go beyond Rs. 75,000 per annum." I may, to prevent all risk of misunderstanding, repeat in other words what I have already said. The discussion must postulate the maintenance of the record. This is not an open question. The record will be a public document, the authenticity of which the Government must guarantee so far as this is practicable. The Government must therefore not be in any way fettered as to its discretion to have annual corrections of the record, if it so decides.

The agency by which the record is to be maintained may be an agency dealing with (*a*) individual villages, or (*b*) circles of villages. If the former be decided on, the unit of agency would be the patwari. If the latter be decided on, the unit of agency would be the circle kanungo. In either case, the officer would be a whole-time Government official entirely independent of any other control.

If the patwari is decided on, the control exercised through him by Government will be close and continuous: and he may be required to furnish any information or statistics required by Government in regard to his village for administrative, judicial or other purpose. The patwari will not be at the disposal or control of the zamindar for any purpose whatever. He will have nothing to do with the collection of rent. But all arrangements connected with the land or the tenants must be brought on his records.

His pay will be levied from the zamindar and raiyats. It is believed that no more will be needed than the raiyats now pay for this purpose in the shape of *neg* where the *neg* has not been already consolidated with the rent or than what they pay for the purpose though disguised as an addition to the rent, where the *neg* has been incorporated with the rent.

The landlords must make their own arrangements for rent collection.

If the circle kanungo be decided on, the information to be brought on record, and the enquiries to be made into village economy from time to time, will of course be less. And in this case the pay to be given to the officer will be higher; and generally the status of the officer will be better. The control to be exercised over the circle kanungo will be constant, and such as the Government deems adequate for guaranteeing the accuracy of the records.

When the agency is settled, the character of the maintenance will have to be discussed. The principle to be insisted on here is that we shall make the map the basis, and that we shall work up from the occupancy of every field to the landlord.

In conclusion, Gentlemen, I would note that it is necessary for us to decide first by what agency the record is to be maintained, before we discuss what agency we shall employ to make it.

Mr. Bell said he was not quite sure that he understood the proposal as regards patwaris. If it was intended that they should cease to do any work for the zamindar, how were they to be paid?

Mr. Risley said that the method that would very likely be adopted was the addition of ½ anna to the road cess now levied, calculated on the present road cess returns. Where the patwari *neg* had not been consolidated with the rent, a share, probably a half, would perhaps be levied from the raiyats.

Mr. Bell said that, as far as he knew, no patwari *neg* was levied.

Mr. Gibbon said that Government appeared to be under a misapprehension as to the nature of the patwari *neg*. It seemed to be assumed that the zamindar collected this cess from the raiyats and paid the patwari from the proceeds. This was not the case. The patwari was the person who levied the cess, which was called by different names in different villages, and he collected the cess himself. In some villages he had recently taken to entering the amount of this cess as a footnote to the jamabandi, but the zamindar never fingered it. He believed that whether Government took away collections from the patwari or not, he would continue to collect his cess from the raiyat.

Mr. Finucane said that Mr. Gibbon's account of the cess might be presumed to be correct in reference to Champaran, but that this would make no difference to the scheme.

Mr. Bell, on the other hand, considered that the point was a most important one. Although the zamindars were to get no benefit from the patwari, they were to have to pay for him. He asked why they should have to pay at all when no cess had been consolidated with the rent. They had no concern with mere matters of general administration, which should be paid for by the whole community.

Mr. Gibbon protested that Government was still assuming that the raiyats paid the cess to the zamindar.

Mr. Risley said that the effect of the High Court judgment in the matter of patwari *neg* had been to give them a *tabula rasa*, and any scheme now proposed would have to be a wholly new one.

Mr. Bell said that the arrangements for payment would in fact amount to the imposition of a patwari cess.

Mr. Finucane concurred.

Mr. Bell said that the zamindars were not at present in a position to express any opinion on the schemes. His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in writing demi-officially to Sir William Hudson had promised them a scheme combining the minimum of expense and the minimum of interference. At present they had no knowledge of the details of these schemes. How was the sub-kanungo going to perform his duties? What powers were to be given to him? Was he to be authorised to go into the villages, summon all the raiyats, call for papers and books, &c., &c.? It was most important that such points as these should not be reserved for future determination, but should be decided first. Again, what validity was to be given to these men's corrections? They had no information on these points, and would be glad to see the two schemes drawn up in bill form, and to be given time to consider those bills.

Mr. Risley enquired whether they were prepared to consider the schemes at once if they should be put before them in bill form.

Mr. Bell could not promise this, and said that the action to be taken now was too important to be hurriedly decided on, as any scheme now adopted would probably be extended later on to the whole of Bihar and to Bengal as well.

Mr. Risley then explained further the details of the second, or kanungo, scheme. He claimed that it prescribed the minimum of interference. The irreducible minimum of that interference was the year-by-year correction of entries affecting the possession, area, &c., of the fields in each village. The minimum of expense was secured by making the area to be dealt with by each sub-kanungo as large as possible. In the matter of legal validity, it was necessary to go back to section 119 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, and to consider what the legal validity was which was attached to the original entries made in the record. This was the starting point. The original entries were of two classes, (1) disputed, and (2) undisputed. The High Court had declared that the decisions arrived at in the matter of disputed entries were *res judicata*. The undisputed entries were merely presumed to be correct until the contrary was shown. The corrections would similarly be divided into disputed and undisputed entries. The undisputed corrections to which both parties agreed would stand on the same footing as the original undisputed entries, and the burden of proof that they were incorrect would lie on the person contesting them, whereas, in the case of disputed entries, the statements made by each party would be noted by the sub-kanungo, and a contemporaneous record would thus be secured of the allegations made on each side, *valeat quantum*, admissible in evidence but not creating any legal presumption whatever.

Mr. Bell contended that such entries could not be made evidence, as being *res inter alios acta*.

Mr. Risley went on to say that, if it was objected that no legal presumption should attach in any case to an unverified entry made by a sub-kanungo, there was the alternative of having every entry made by him attested by an officer exercising the powers of a Revenue Officer under the Tenancy Act, during an annual revision. The officer in this case would be of equal rank with the Settlement or Assistant Settlement Officer who framed the original

record, and it would be proposed to attach a legal presumption of correctness only to those entries which had been verified by him, and to attach no importance to unverified entries. But this development of the scheme would of course somewhat enhance the cost.

Mr. Bell said he would be glad to see all these proposals down on paper.

Sir William Hudson enquired whether the officials present were pledged to act on lines already laid down for them, or were free to give their own views on the schemes under discussion. He said that he and others with him required assistance in dealing with such administrative schemes, and that there were many non-officials who would give much weight to the opinion of officials who had had practical experience of the difficulties to be met with in the field.

Mr. Finucane pointed out that the two schemes were very similar, and that the choice lay merely between the employment of small men in small areas, and the employment of more important and better paid men in larger areas. Did the gentlemen present want large or small areas as units?

Sir William Hudson enquired whether Government was prepared to accept and debate any scheme other than those now proposed.

Mr. Risley replied in the affirmative, but added that Government would reserve the right to declare that any scheme that might be proposed did not amount to maintenance of the record at all.

Mr. Stevens repeated the limitations referred to in his opening speech, on which Government had determined, and said that the Lieutenant-Governor was anxious to receive the views of non-officials.

Sir William Hudson said that the non-officials would be glad to have the opinion of officials of practical experience as to whether they believed in the present schemes and anticipated their success.

Mr. Forbes remarked that Government had had the benefit of the opinion of such officials before propounding the present schemes.

Mr. Stevens added that the present meeting had been called in order that Government might ascertain the facts and hear the opinions of non-official gentlemen interested.

Mr. Bell was afraid that time was being wasted, as no real discussion could be entered upon until the details of the scheme had been considered. There being no reporters present, mere verbal statements could not be accepted by the zamindars. Sir Charles Elliott had promised the abolition of the patwari.

Mr. Risley said that any such promise was conditional on the acceptance of the scheme then under discussion, which had been abandoned.

Sir William Hudson concurred.

Copies of a draft Bill, with rules to be made under it, were then distributed to the gentlemen present as being a first sketch of the kanungo scheme.

Mr. Gibbon then enquired whether the sub-kanungo would not form some sort of court, how he was to compel the production of evidence, and what he was to do when evidence was persistently withheld from him. He contended that no case had yet been made out for the maintenance of the record at all, but that if it was to be maintained, they must choose whichever scheme appeared to them to be the lesser evil. How could they do this with no details before them? How was evidence to be taken? Would the sub-kanungo have power to summon him (Mr. Gibbon) and to call upon him to produce papers. If he refused, was he to be fined?

Mr. Risley said that all these points would be provided for in a rule-making section, and that all rules drafted under the section would be published for criticism, and that all criticisms would be considered by the executive authorities.

Mr. Bell intimated that the zamindars would be more strongly opposed to the Bill if power were to be given to the executive to make rules to carry out its provisions.

Mr. Finucane said that all of the points raised by Mr. Gibbon would be found to have been answered in the Bill and the rules drafted under it.

Mr. Gibbon enquired further whether the courts would accept the entries as evidence without the evidence of the man who made them.

Mr. Finucane said that this was provided for, and proceeded to explain that a safeguard had been introduced into the scheme in the provision made for the filing of lists of changes to be made in the record in the sub-kanungo's office. In this way a zamindar would be able to place on record his opinion as to the alterations which the sub-kanungo should make. The Deputy Collector would go into every village and verify every entry in detail.

Mr. Bell asked what would happen if no one appeared before the Deputy Collector or sub-kanungo, or if the raiyats and zamindars all agreed to conceal alterations and to announce that there were none to be made.

Mr. Finucane said that in such cases no changes would be recorded.

Mr. Bell contended that in that case the scheme would not secure the maintenance of the record. and said that in the North-Western Provinces raiyats and zamindars combined to deny the existence of changes in order to get rid of the harassment of the Government agent who was deputed to record them.

Mr. Risley and Mr. Finucane believed that the parties to changes would not adopt this attitude as soon as they appreciated the advantages that they would obtain by having the corrections made.

Mr. Finucane said, in answer to Mr. Gibbon, that all transfers of holdings or portion of holdings that were alleged to exist would be noted, even if they were illegal, but that such entries would in no way operate to legalise them.

Mr. Gibbon further enquired whether the record was to be binding as between zamindar and raiyat only, or as between raiyat and raiyat also. Were all mortgages, zar-peshgis, and the like to be recorded, even though they were illegal without the zamindar's approval.

Mr. Finucane said that all these points were to be found in the Bill and the rules under it. All mortgages involving possession would be noted.

Mr. Bell enquired what difference there was between the two schemes.

Mr. Finucane said that any Bill and rules that might be drafted to give effect to the patwari scheme would be very similar to those in the hands of the gentlemen present. There would be a change in the area of the unit, in the personality of the agent, and in the method of realising the cost of the maintenance of the record. The patwari scheme would be the more expensive. Both schemes were purely tentative, Government would be prepared to accept any better scheme if one can be put forward

Mr. Risley added that the tendency under the patwari scheme would undoubtedly be towards greater interference The area dealt with by each patwari being small, he would be asked for more elaborate information about it, and would probably be called on for local reports in judicial matters, and for census and other statistical information useful for administrative purposes. It would be impossible to ask for all these statistics from men dealing with the larger areas that were to be given to sub-kanungos.

Mr. Bell understood that the zamindars were to have nothing to do with the patwari or his returns or his statistics, or indeed with his work in any way, but were to retain the privilege of paying for him.

Mr. Risley and Mr. Finucane agreed that the zamindars would not be called upon for any returns or statistics of a general character, but added that the zamindars and raiyats alike would be benefitted by the operation of the scheme, and would be asked to pay in equal shares for the benefit derived.

Mr. Gibbon then enquired whether Government would devise some summary procedure for the recovery of rent.

Mr. Risley said that it was impossible to devise any such procedure until the maintenance of the record had been secured.

Mr. Gibbon asked whether Government would promise to devise some such procedure, if the zamindars agreed to the proposals made for the maintenance of the record.

Mr. Risley said that no such promise could be given, and that Government could not go beyond Sir Charles Elliott's statement in Council that "he hoped it might be possible" to devise such a scheme.

Mr. Gibbon wanted to know what security they had that Government would not go beyond their present requirements in the matter of returns and statistics, and that interference would always be at a minimum. He contended that no one could pledge Government to this.

Mr. Finucane referred to the draft Bill, and pointed out that everything done under it must be confined to the record of transfers and to subjects connected with the maintenance of the record of rights. Obviously if any summary procedure could be devised at all it could not be till we got rid of disputes. The first step to shortening procedure is to minimise the possibility of there being matter left to dispute over; the record of rights, and the scheme for its maintenance aim at effecting this object.

Mr. Gibbon feared that interference would certainly increase.

Babu Parmesvar Narain Mahtha cited as an example of increasing interference a recent addition to the road cess return form which required the entry of rates of rent—a completely new departure.

Mr. Bell thought that the instance showed the danger of trusting to the generalities that were being freely expressed.

Mr. Risley enquired what Mr. Bell would regard as an ideal method of maintaining the record.

Mr. Bell said that he agreed with Mr. Gibbon and Mr. Macnaghten that a periodical revision should be made at intervals of 10 years, and that no farther attempts should be made to devise a scheme that it was impossible to work.

Mr. Stevens said that this could not be taken as a proposition, but merely as an opinion.

The Maharajah of Darbhanga said he could not express any opinion until the papers had been circulated among the members of the Bihar Landholders' Association and he had received their replies, but he would prefer Mr. Bell's suggestion for the periodical revision of the records if they were to be kept up at all.

Sir William Hudson agreed, but wished to add:—"Unless Government is prepared to give us a summary procedure for the recovery of rent."

Mr. Gibbon agreed, but wished to add:—'If Government insist, against our opinion, on the maintenance of the record by any other means, I would prefer the scheme suggested in the Government letter of June 30th, 1892."

Babu Ram Dhari Sahai agreed with Mr. Bell's suggestion.

Mr. Risley enquired whether, if Mr. Bell's suggestion could not be accepted by Government, the gentlemen present were prepared to offer an opinion on the schemes that had been submitted to them.

Mr. Bell and the Maharaja of Darbhanga expressed their inability to give a personal opinion on the point at present, as time was required to enable them to circulate the scheme among the members of the Bihar Landholders' Association.

Mr. Stevens enquired whether the opinions that had been expressed preferring a decennial revision were also liable to modification after further consideration.

Sir William Hudson said that those opinions were a plain and clear answer to a definite question propounded by Mr. Risley.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga in reference to his opinion on that point cited the case of the records of his own villages which were surveyed in 1878, and had recently been resurveyed, and in which very few alterations were found to be necessary.

Mr. Bell gave some details of those changes.

Mr. Finucane pointed out that a record that had been left uncorrected for five years would be quite useless in the courts, and that legal validity could only be secured for the record by its proper annual maintenance. Unless this were secured it would be impossible to devise any procedure for the summary recovery of rents or for simplifying the evidence under the ordinary procedure.

Mr. Bell disagreed and expressed his opinion that the Government of India should not force the maintenance of the record on the Provincial Government when a gentleman of the vast experience of Mr. Gibbon had declared that it was impossible to secure it.

Mr. Risley enquired, with reference to the registration scheme preferred by Mr. Gibbon, what was to be done with the map. The papers could be kept up under that scheme, but not the map.

Sir William Hudson pointed out that 8 out of 10 per cent. (the figure adopted as representing probable alterations) would be succession transfers involving no alteration of the map.

Mr. Stevens then asked for an answer whether, if it be determined that the record must be maintained annually or concurrently, the patwari would be preferred to the sub-kanungo.

Mr. Finucane again explained the difference between the two schemes.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga said no answer could at present be given.

Mr. Gibbon enquired whether he was to continue to nominate additional patwaris, substitutes for unfit patwaris and the like.

Mr. Stevens said that Mr. Gibbon should formulate his question and send it up through the Collector of Champaran, but that in the meantime no change should be made in his present procedure.

Babu Ram Dhari Sahai enquired whether the registration of patwaris was to continue.

Mr. Stevens said that further orders would be subsequently issued on this point.

Messrs. Gibbon and Bell enquired whether the draft Bill and rules could be regarded as an official document.

Mr. Finucane said it was only a first draft not yet seen by the Lieutenant-Governor, but added that it had been prepared on the lines of His Honour's scheme.

Mr. Bell thought that the details of the scheme were of such importance that he would like to know, before he considered it, whether the Lieutenant-Governor approved of the draft.

As to a further meeting of the Conference, Sir William Hudson thought any such meeting would be unnecessary until at least a definite reply had been given to the suggestion that the records should be revised decennially.

After some discussion the Conference was adjourned to 8 A.M. on Saturday, the 5th August.

P. C. LYON,
Secretary.

Proceedings of a Conference held at Muzaffarpur on August 5th, 1893.

PRESENT:

The Hon'ble C. C. Stevens, Member of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces (in the chair).
The Maharaja Bahadur of Darbhanga, K.C.I.E.
Raja Ramesvar Singh Bahadur.
A. Forbes, Esq., Commissioner of the Patna Division.
The Hon'ble H. H. Risley, C.I.E., Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department.
Sir W. B. Hudson, K.C.I.E., President, Bihar Indigo Planters' Association.
Colonel Sandeman, Director of Bengal Surveys.
M. Finucane, Esq., Offg. Secretary to the Board of Revenue.
Henry Bell, Esq., Manager, Darbhanga Raj.
Babu Bepin Behari Bose, Manager, Hutwa Raj.
L. Hare, Esq., Collector of Muzaffarpur.
W. D. Blyth, Esq., Collector of Champaran.
W. C. Macpherson, Esq., Offg. Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
E. R. Macnaghten, Esq., Secretary, Bihar Indigo Planters' Association.
E. G. Colvin, Esq., Settlement Officer, Champaran.
H. Collingridge, Esq., Indigo Planter.
Rudston Brown, Esq., "
Rowland Hudson, Esq., "
A. Macrae, Esq., "
E. Stevens, Esq., "
Babu Ram Dhari Sahai, Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association.
Babu Ramesvar Narain Mahtha.
" Parmesvar Narain Mahtha.
" Sridesvar Narain Mahtha.
P. C. Lyon, Esq., Settlement Officer, Muzaffarpur (Secretary).

The minutes of the proceedings of the meeting held on August 3rd were taken as read and were agreed to, Mr. Bell and Sir William Hudson having previously read and considered them and admitted their accuracy. With reference to the remark made by him (see page 4 of the

minutes) that in certain circumstances "no changes would be recorded," Mr. Finucane explained that he meant that no changes would be recorded by the sub-kanungo at that time. But the draft Bill provided for further action to compel information in cases of wilful obstruction or concealment. If it were found that information as to transfers was being kept back, and all other means of obtaining that information failed, the Collector would issue a notice calling for returns, and would insist on their being filed, imposing a fine for their non-production. And should the returns thus obtained prove incorrect, the zamindar would be liable.

Mr. Bell enquired whether the zamindar was to be held responsible for all inaccuracies in his returns discovered or alleged to exist by the sub-kanungo. In many cases he might be unaware of the existence of changes.

Mr. Finucane explained that it was only in cases of direct obstruction that the penal clause would come into play. The stages would be as follows:—

(1) The parties would or would not file returns. This was at their option.
(2) The sub-kanungo would go to the village and make enquiries as to changes after due notice of his intended visit to all parties concerned.
(3) If he could gather no information. and there was evidence to show that there had been changes, and that both zamindars and raiyats were combining to conceal them, the sub-kanungo would report accordingly.
(4) The Collector would then consider the report and, if he thought fit, call on both parties to file statements.
(5) Then, if the parties still refused to file statements, or filed false ones the penal clause would come into operation.

Sir William Hudson said that he thought that self-interest would prevent the occurrence of such cases.

Mr. Finucane said that his long practical experience satisfied him that as a matter of fact neither zamindar nor raiyat was ever found to resist contumaciously any reasonable procedure of the Government, and he hoped and believed they would not do so in the matter now under consideraiion.

Mr. Risley said that a draft Bill must be consistent and complete to stand against criticisms in Council, and that even unlikely contingencies had to be provided against.

Sir William Hudson said that he and others objected to the penal clause, on the ground that it gave the sub-kanungo a handle against both zamindar and raiyat, and that it was by using this handle that he would be enabled to extort bribes and reap his harvest.

Mr. Finucane said that the provision was not essential to the Bill, and might perhaps be modified in Select Committee.

Mr. Stevens remarked that at the last meeting they had been asked what sanction had been provided for such a case.

Sir W. Hudson said that the enquiry had only been made to show that the last state of the zamindar would be worse than the first. He contended that the section would give the sub-kanungo power to harass.

Mr. Risley pointed out that he was to be checked by superior officers, among whom was the Collector.

Sir William Hudson said that the Collector must be omitted from consideration, as he could not be expected to exercise effective control.

Mr. Bell said that as a matter of fact the zamindars would never be disabused of their belief in the power of the sub-kanungos. They would be paid for making entries, and then, in order to avoid the payment, both zamindar and raiyat would combine to conceal changes. The sub-kanungo would also think that he could best justify his appointment and show zeal by harassing all parties for information.

Mr. Finucane said he had not wished to raise a discussion about details, but only to point out what procedure would be followed in the case of combination.

Sir William Hudson said that if the zamindar and raiyat combined and were determined to conceal changes, no procedure could be devised to make them disclose them. They wished to have the provision omitted.

Mr. Stevens then said:—At the end of our last meeting it was remarked that perhaps no further meeting was necessary till the definite orders of Government should be given on the suggestion of quinquennial or decennial revisions. I had intended to make it clear that this suggestion could not be adopted. The Lieutenant-Governor is fully persuaded that the discretion of the Government, which will be responsible for the accuracy of the record, should not be fettered by any conditions as to the periods at which corrections should be made, and he cannot accept the proposals to make these periods quinquennial or decennial.

I regret that Mr. Gibbon is not with us to-day, not only because we shall miss the benefit of his present advice and criticisms, but also because I wish to read to you a part of a letter, to which I attach great importance, written by him on the 24th October 1878, to the President of the Bihar Rent Law Committee:—

"The patwari should be nominated by the district officers, be the servant of Government paid by the Government: he should be, as originally intended, 'a record-keeper,' and nothing but a record-keeper, entrusted with no executive powers. He should have nothing to do with the village collections, granting receipts, giving pattas and kabuliyats, &c., &c.; the zamindar should be compelled to do all this through his own servants.

"The patwari being the record-keeper, the zamindar should be compelled to hand him copies in duplicate of the past year's rent-roll (*jamabandi*) and balance sheet (*wasil-baki*), the current year's ticca land accounts (*arsatta*) and instalments paper (*behri*), quarterly returns of all assessment papers (*khasras*), and also collections made (*seahas*), memoranda of lands relinquished by raiyats and new lands bandobasta with raiyats, with a list of pattas given and kabuliyats received.

"One copy should remain with the patwari, the other be signed by the patwari and returned to the landholder. The patwari should be a good accountant and know something of surveying, in case you think it necessary that all measurement of jots should be made by the patwari. The raiyat should at all times have access to the patwari's papers, and the patwari be bound to afford him all information as to the state of his account.

"Instead of each petty village of from one to two hundred rupees rent-roll having a patwari of its own, the district should be divided into circles with rent-rolls of not less than Rs. 5,000, not more than Rs. 10,000. It should be optional with landholders to dispense with the present staff of men. Half the amount of money now expended by zamindars on the present staffs paid into Government treasuries would be sufficient to secure the services of efficient men, and would be a saving to the zamindars, as it would enable them to get rid of the men who cannot afford to be honest on the small salaries they receive.

"All returns called for by district officers should represent the exact terms of the holdings, however ridiculous to them such terms may appear."

After our meeting on Thursday I told Mr. Gibbon that I had thought of reading this letter to the Conference that day, but that I deemed it better not to do so, since I was afraid that the effect might be to lead to irrelevant discussion, and I might have added that I was unwilling to forestall him in anything he might wish to say. He replied that I might have read it, and that there was nothing in it regarding which he had changed his views as to the conditions which then existed, but that circumstances have since become altered: when the letter was written, there was no survey or immediate prospect of one. But the difference which this change has made seems to me to be at the most one of convenience rather than of principle. In other words, the suggestions then made were proper in themselves, though the survey now, in Mr. Gibbon's opinion, makes it unnecessary that they should be carried out. You will notice that the following considerations underlie those suggestions:—

(1) It is right that Government should have at its disposal a local agency of contemporaneous record.

(2) That agency should have no connection with the collection of rents, but should be entirely at the service of Government, and should be nominated and paid by Government officers.

(3) It is reasonable that the zamindars should pay at least a share of the necessary expenditure direct into the Government treasury.

(4) It is possible to secure, consistently with due economy, the services of efficient men.

(5) The areas to be dealt with by these record-keepers should be re-adjusted, and the district divided into convenient and fairly uniform circles considerably larger than those of the existing patwaris usually are.

(6) The present staff of patwaris should be placed at the disposal of the zamindars, to keep or to dispense with at their option.

These considerations, Gentlemen, are, you will perceive, exactly those on which the scheme now before you is based, and the only question is whether the survey has superseded them. In the opinion of Government it has not done so.

Just before we separated on Thursday, the very natural question was asked, whether the Bill then in your hands was to be taken as official, and as representing the views of the Lieutenant-Governor. You were told in reply that it was based on the Lieutenant-Governor's suggestions, but had not in its present form been considered by him. He has since seen the Bill, and I am authorised to tell you that he has accepted it as a provisional basis of legislation subject to the following modifications on which he would like to be favoured with your opinion:—

(1) A section should be introduced (after section 12?) imposing on the transferee (or successor) of a tenure, rent-free holding, or occupancy right, the obligation (subject to penalty of fine?) to report the circumstance of transfer to the kanungo. A fee should be levied on each transfer, &c.

(2) The Collector and Registrar of Assurances should be bound to report to the kanungo all mutations, transfers, &c., under Acts VII (B.C.) of 1876 and III of 1877.

(3) The fees to be levied under clause (1) above to be credited to a Land Record Fund for the district. All copying fees and fines, &c., to be credited to the same Fund. [It is for consideration whether fees under the Land Registration Act VII (B.C.) of 1876 should not be credited to the same Fund.]

(4) The 'Land Record Cess' to be subject to a statutory maximum of ¼ anna per rupee of rent, but the *rate* at which it is to be levied to be fixed annually, with reference to the estimated income from "Fees" and "Fines." The accounts of the Fund to be published annually.

(5) Omit the proviso to section 4 of the draft Bill.

(6) Consider whether the officer should not be called kanungo instead of sub-kanungo. The higher officers to have higher titles.

(7) The question of amending the Land Registration Act of 1876 and the Transfer of Property Act, with the view of relieving landholders from the obligation of effecting double registrations (*i.e.*, in the Land Record and the Land Registration Offices), and of giving them the option of registering in the Land Registration Office alone, to be considered when the Bill is being prepared for submission to the Government of India, previous to introduction into Council."

I will say in conclusion that the strength of the supervising staff and the area of the sub-kanungo's jurisdiction are matters still open to consideration. If it be found possible for a better paid and higher class of official to cover a larger area, this may be subsequently arranged.

Mr. Macnaghten said that Mr. Gibbon had authorised him to say, with reference to the letter that had been quoted, that he claimed his right to change his opinions, that circumstances had altered since 1878, and that he did not adhere to the opinions expressed in the letter.

Sir William Hudson said that the principal reason that had induced Mr. Gibbon's change of opinion was the state of the law as regards the transfer of raiyats' holdings. As long as that was in a fluid state he could not hold by that former opinion. He (Sir William Hudson) was personally of the opinion that in the raiyats' interest the right of transfer should be abolished.

Mr. Bell said that they preferred Mr. Gibbon's present opinions to those expressed 15 years ago.

Mr. Stevens said that he had not understood Mr. Gibbon to say that he had changed his opinions, but that the conditions on which those opinions had been based had been changed. The letter had been read from no desire to convict Mr. Gibbon of inconsistency, or to deny him the right to change his views; the object was to show that the Lieutenant-Governor's scheme was not a mere official invention, but was exactly consistent with the opinion once held by an esteemed unofficial adviser of Government of great experience.

Sir William Hudson said that he understood that the Lieutenant-Governor's remarks on the Bill were all dependent on the choice that might be made by them.

Mr. Stevens agreed and said that he was authorised to say that the Lieutenant-Governor would be quite prepared to come down to the meeting and discuss any particular points or amendments to the Bill.

Mr. Bell thought it was not necessary to trouble the Lieutenant-Governor to come.

Mr. Finucane said that the Lieutenant-Governor's note consisted of a series of concessions that he believed would be acceptable to the zamindars.

Mr. Stevens then asked whether the gentlemen present could now give him an opinion as to which of the schemes was to be preferred.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga said that he could not give an authoritative reply, as he had not had time to consult the members of the Bihar Landholders' Association, but that personally, as a choice of evils, he preferred the scheme in which the agent was to have a larger area and be better paid.

Sir William Hudson concurred and asked that the complete scheme for the employment of sub-kanungos might be circulated for criticism. He then asked what executive orders were now to be issued respecting the registration and training of patwaris.

Mr. Stevens said that if the sub-kanungo scheme was the one preferred by them, he was prepared, under the Lieutenant-Governor's instructions, to stop all further action in the direction of the registration and training of patwaris. The entire abolition of the patwari system formed part of the kanungo scheme.

Mr. Finucane said that the Lieutenant-Governor was prepared to consider any reasonable modifications of the provisions of section 17 of the draft Bill when it went into Select Committee. It would not be put forward as a Government proposal to be necessarily passed in its present form.

Mr. Stevens added that in all matters of detail His Honour would be prepared to consider any reasonable proposals.

Sir William Hudson said that the question of the amount of interference was of great importance to them. Many of them thought that an extension of the area of the circles, and of the period of each revision, would diminish the amount of interference. He believed that three-quarters of the transfers would be succession transfers, involving little alteration of the records, and that the work in an area of 25 square miles would be light, especially if it should not be deemed necessary to recognise as transfers petty family arrangements, by which members of the same family privately divided up their lands amongst themselves. He was of opinion that the area might be extended, and that, if the period were also extended, a sub-kanungo might do the work of 100 square miles.

Mr. Finucane understood that the principle that Government would follow would be to extend the area to the maximum consistent with efficient work. Experience would show what that maximum was.

Sir William Hudson asked if Government would say definitely that no extension of time could be granted.

Mr. Stevens replied that this could not be said. Government could not bind itself as to the period of revision. In the matter of area, his personal opinion was that it would be

dangerous to start by giving the sub-kanungo too large a charge, as this would involve risk of failure, but the general wish to have larger areas and fewer men, and those of a higher class, would be borne in mind; and if experience should show that larger areas could be adopted, it would be easy to make a change.

Sir William Hudson remarked that if we began with small areas, it was improbable that those areas would afterwards be enlarged.

Mr. Risley asked whether biennial corrections would not be of less value from a landlord's point of view in Civil Court suit than annual corrections.

Mr. Stevens thought it was unnecessary to discuss these details at the present time.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga asked that the Lieutenant-Governor's remarks might be put on the minutes of the proceedings, and that the zamindars might be favoured with as full an exposition of the views of Government as could conveniently be given.

Mr. Risley said that the Bill and rules would be circulated for criticism and would doubtless form the nucleus of a vast amount of literature and discussion.

Mr. Stevens said that on Thursday he had laid before them, on behalf of Government, the four principles which the Government insisted on as fundamental. The details to be found in the draft Bill and rules and in the Lieutenant-Governor's remarks were on a different footing altogether. In reference to these the Government was not only willing but anxious to obtain advice and help. It was completely recognised that the gentlemen present were in possession of a practical knowledge of facts which few officers of Government could acquire, and it was highly probable that even those gentlemen themselves could not fully appreciate the interests of other classes not represented at the meeting. He thanked the gentlemen present for their attendance; and on his own behalf he thanked them for making his labours easy by the friendly and courteous manner in which their discussions had been conducted.

The meeting then adjourned.

P. C. LYON,

Secretary.

Dated Muzaffarpur, the 7th August 1893.

From—Babu Ram Dhary Sahoy, Hony. Secy., Tirhut Landholders' Association,

To—The Secretary to the Board of Revenue, L.P.

With reference to the supply of coolies by zamindars, I am directed to state as follows:—

2. The zamindars are willing to give the services of three coolies at their own cost to accompany each amin that will be deputed to survey their entire and partitioned villages, it, of course, being understood that they will be employed by the amins solely on survey work and for such length of time only as the survey will continue; their employment will be contemporaneous with the continuance of the survey, and it will cease on the evening of the day it is completed. The amins should be directed to give a receipt to each zamindar specifying the date, time and the number of coolies that have been placed by him at their disposal. The zamindars should have the option, on receipt of the notice proposed to be given to them by the Survey Office, as to the probable date of the commencement of the work, and the estimated number of days for which the coolies would be required either to supply coolies on pay in a lump sum of money to the Survey Office sufficient to cover their wages. We consider that Rs. 1-13 per 100 bighas would sufficiently cover them, calculating their wages at Rs 3 a month. On payment of such sum of money, all responsibilities of the zamindar to provide for coolies shall cease.

3. As regards coparcenary villages, any zamindar giving coolies shall be entitled to recover the amount jointly and severally from the pottidars. I am aware that there is no legal provision to that effect, but consideration might be made for it in the apportionment of costs, and on this subject I shall address you later on.

4. I may add that the advantages of the present offer would only be complete with the co-operation of the amins. As we have every desire to reduce the cost of the survey and meet the wishes of Government, we have made the offer; but as it will go to reduce a considerable amount of the profit which is now being made in the supply of coolies, you must be prepared to face considerable obstacles and opposition from the interested quarter.

5. I am directed to say that His Highness the Maharajah Bahadur of Darbhanga, Raja Rameshwar Singh Bahadur, and Mr. Rott, Manager, Nurhan estate, fully agree with the above.

6. I may add that a large number of zamindars have signed a declaration form undertaking to supply coolies for each amin while the survey is going on or to pay in their wages to the Survey Office in a lump sum at Rs. 3 a month.

Scheme for maintaining a record of rights in Bihar, circulated to the Indigo-planters and Bihar Landholders' Association, and referred to in the Minutes of the Muzaffarpur Conference.

THE following draft scheme for maintaining a record of rights is submitted for criticism. Two points are reserved for further discussion, namely—

(a) The legislation necessary and practicable to give a sanction to the scheme and provide the funds:
(b) The validity or effect to be attached to the corrections effected in the record from time to time.

The scheme differs in no fundamental particular from the Patwari Bill of 1885, except in regard to—

(a) the unit of area;
(b) the rank and qualifications of the officers who are to deal with that unit;
(c) the information to be recorded.

2. In the scheme which follows, the unit of area is the circle of villages—the circle will contain perhaps 20 villages—instead of the single village. The circle officers will be, not the patwari, but a more highly qualified and better paid Government official, and the information to be recorded will be reduced to the minimum necessary for supplying adequate information as to actual occupation of each field, its area and soil quality, the status of the occupier, conditions of occupation, and the rent and rent-rate payable. The scheme leaves the question of rent-payment to be settled between the tenant and his landlord without any intervention on the part of the executive Government. There will be only one statistical statement maintained, the "jinswar," which is not directly concerned with the relations of landlord and tenant, and which may be said to have more of an administrative than a fiscal aspect.

This plan will not yield that wealth of statistical, fiscal, and general information which a patwari system furnishes in other provinces; but it will be an enormous improvement on the present state of things, and it will effectively safeguard the interests of the cultivator of the soil; it will facilitate the realization of the landlord's rent, and it possesses advantages of its own in the direction of (a) economy, (b) application to areas, such as Orissa or Chittagong, in which no patwari system exists, and (c) susceptibility of effective control by a smaller supervising staff.

3. An effective system of land records involves—

(a) field duties;
(b) office duties.

The field duties reduced to their simplest expression consist of (a) field inspection, (b) map amendment, (c) khasra correction.

The office duties reduced to their simplest expression, or at all events the simplest expression consistent with our objects, consist of—

(1) Jamabandi.
(2) Jamabandi goshwara.
(3) Milan khasra.
(4) Jinswar.

Perhaps, also, as I have said, No. (4) is not absolutely essential; but it is very desirable and should be included. I append drafts of the statistical forms with explanations on the reverse, when necessary, which, in the system I am developing, would be maintained by the registering officer, or, as I shall call him, the sub- (or circle) kanungo. The forms were prepared under my orders by a Committee of Settlement Officers in the Central Provinces, and the references are to the Central Provinces' Patwari Rules. But alterations may be necessary to suit the circumstances of Bengal.

3. I proceed to consider what is the smallest staff by which the duties enumerated above can be efficiently discharged.

I am informed by the Director of Land Records, who has on this point consulted Colonel Sandeman, that in Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, and Saran there are 3 plots to an acre, while in Champaran and Gaya there are 2½ plots. I shall subsequently indicate a means whereby the number of khasra entries may possibly be reduced: but here I assume that we have to deal with a three-field-to-the-acre country.

4. The work of maintaining the record varies with—

(a) the total area of the circle;
(b) the cultivated area;
(c) the number of khasra entries;
(d) the local condition of the tract, *i.e.*, whether changes in fields, boundaries, possession, &c., are numerous or otherwise, and whether assistance is readily given by the proprietors, raiyats, and so forth.

From my own experience of North Bihar, not very recent it must be said, and from my recent experience of this sort of work on a grand scale in the Central Provinces, I should say that mutations will occur annually in (say) not less than 5 per cent., nor more than 10 per cent., of the khasra numbers; and that an expert man of the Central Provinces' Revenue Inspector class (pay Rs. 25 per mensem) can verify 250 khasra numbers a day, or 6,250 numbers in a working month of 25 days. That means 37,500 numbers during the open season of six months, or, with 3 khasra numbers to the acre, say 20 square miles.

5. I have stated above that possibly the number of khasra numbers might be reduced. The smallness of the average field indicates an intention to give to each individual rice or bhadoi plot a separate khasra number. In Raipur, which is largely a rice country, the rule was that each individual rice plot should be surveyed, but that in khasra writing they might be clubbed together into one *khasra* number—*provided* that (a) the plots are held by the same tenant in the same right; (b) that the fields were alike in soil and position; and (c) that the class of soil was not one on which double cropping was habitually practised. Although the holdings in Raipur consist of isolated plots much scattered, this method of clubbing led to a reduction of about 15 per cent. in the khasra entries. In Bihar it will probably not be necessary to take the soil class and position class into account, while fields making up the holdings are perhaps not so scattered. If this be so, a still larger reduction in khasra numbers may be effected. Say that the number is reduced, then the area with which an expert officer of the stamp I have mentioned can deal during the open season will be somewhat increased, though probably not to the extent, or in so large a porportion, as the khasra numbers are reduced by the plan of clubbing plots.

	Sq. miles.
Muzaffarpur	3,003
Darbhanga	3,665
Saran	2,622
Champaran	3,531
Total ...	12,821

6. The areas of the four North Bihar districts are shown in the margin, but there are, so far as I know, no authentic statistics showing the cultivated area of any Bihar district. In these circumstances, perhaps, I may take the estimates of cultivated areas offered in my Report on the Food-supply of Bihar (1876) as reasonable approximations. They were in round numbers for—

District.	Cultivated area. Sq. miles.
Muzaffarpur	2,240
Darbhanga	2,600
Saran	2,360
Champaran	2,250

or say 9,450 square miles of cultivation altogether. This shows three-fourths of the area to be on the average under cultivation and one-fourth waste, which is probably not far from the truth. The *average* North Bihar district has therefore in round numbers, on these calculations, 2,360 square miles of cultivated and 840 square miles of uncultivated area.

7. The maximum number of officers necessary to maintain the record of rights in the cultivated area of such an average district would be 118. The maintenance of the record of the uncultivated land would not be onerous unless much reclamation were going on. Having regard to the possibility of clubbing plots and so reducing the khasra entries, I should say that, for the average Bihar district, 120 such officers—I will call them sub-kanungos—ought to suffice. Each sub-kanungo will want a chainman in the open season.

8. Experience in the Central Provinces has shown that it takes about twice as much time to compile the statistical information as it does to complete the field-to-field inspection. No doubt on the system now being explained the statistical information will not be so elaborate as it is in the Central Provinces, still the sub-kanungos will want some clerical help during the recess months. This I propose to give them by employing literate chainmen each on Rs. 10 per mensem.

We have thus worked out a staff for each district of—

	Rs.	
120 Sub-kanungos at Rs. 25	3,000	per mensem.
120 Chainmen-muharrirs at Rs. 10	1,200	"

9. The importance of careful supervision in such a scheme as that under notice cannot be overrated. I would therefore group the sub-kanungos' circles into circuits (of, say, 20 circles), to be placed under a kanungo on Rs. 50 per month, whom I would include in the Subordinate Provincial Service. The entire Land Record Staff of the district I would

place under a Sub-Deputy Collector. The following estimate of total cost for an average Bihar district is therefore tentatively proposed :—

		Rs.
120 Sub-kanungos	... ...	3,000
120 Chainmen-muharrirs	... ...	1,200
6 Kanungos ...	... ...	300
1 Sub-Deputy Collector	... ...	175
		4,675
Pensionary charges at one-fifth	... ...	935
Per mensem	... ...	5,610
Per annum	... ...	67,320
Tour expenses	... ...	2,500
Stationery and survey appliances	... ...	1,180
Total	...	71,000

As establishments have a tendency to grow, and as it might be found desirable to employ senior officers as District Land Records Deputy Collectors, this estimate might in time be exceeded. But it ought not, I think, to go beyond Rs. 75,000 per annum or thereabouts.

In this first draft I do not enter into the manner on which the sub-kanungos should perform their duties : that will fall for later consideration.

DARJEELING,

The 24th June 1893.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Offg. Lieutenant-Governor.

No. 748T.—R., dated Darjeeling, the 6th July 1893.

From—H. H. Risley, Esq., C.I.E., Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Revenue Dept.,
To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Dept.

Since taking over charge of this province from Sir Charles Elliott, the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor has paid much attention to the question of the Survey and Settlement of Bihar, and I am now to submit, for the consideration and orders of the Government of India, a copy of a Minute which His Honour has recorded on those important subjects.

2. It will be perceived that the chief matter upon which the orders of His Excellency in Council are required is concerned with the maintenance of the record of rights when once it has been correctly prepared. This question is touched upon in your letter No. $\frac{1628}{43}$ of the 1st August 1892, which Sir Charles Elliott did not dicuss with Sir Antony MacDonnell. So far as the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor understood, Sir Charles Elliott was tending, just before he left India, to adopt the conclusion that the task of maintaining the record was one of very formidable magnitude and difficulty, and that, in view of the inadequacy of the executive establishments available for administration and supervision, and of the opposition of the zamindars to the exercise of any control by Government over the patwari under the existing law (Regulation XII of 1817 and Regulation I of 1819), it was hopeless to attempt anything of the kind; but it was evident that the Lieutenant-Governor's mind was unsettled on the point. He was, however, entirely opposed to legislation having for its object the reform of the patwari system on the lines of the Bill of 1885, for these reasons—

(a) that such legislation had been negatived by the Secretary of State;

(b) that a patwari scheme would impose too great a strain on the administration;

(c) that it would be unpopular with the zamindars.

There was a fourth reason in certain hopes which Sir Charles Elliott seems to have unofficially held out to the zamindars and planters, that Regulation XII of 1817 might be entirely repealed, presumably after a sufficient scheme had been made out for maintaining the record by some agency other than that of the patwari.

3. In the enclosed Minute, Sir Antony MacDonnell has endeavoured to place the case in its historical and practical aspects fully before the Government of India, and has stated with, it is hoped, adequate clearness what his own views and recommendations are. He is very strongly of the opinion that the record, when once it has been correctly prepared, should be maintained up to date. By the survey and record the landlords will gain substantially not only in that the recovery of existing rents will be materially facilitated and its cost reduced, but by the increase of rents in cases where the survey enables the landlord to prove that the tenant is holding land in excess of the area for which he is paying rent. In a very large proportion of the holdings in the Bettiah Raj it is believed that such enhancement will be feasible; and although it is hoped that the Manager will not take advantage of the survey to attempt a general raising of rents on this ground, it can hardly be doubted that the fact that he holds this power in reserve will tell in favour of the Raj in any question that may arise between it and its tenants. The presumption in favour of existing rents created by section 104(3) carries with it the consequence that if there be a variation of the rent, it must be in the direction of an enhancement, unless power is given under section 112 of the Act to reduce rent (a power which it is invidious to exercise if it can be avoided, and for which the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor does not now ask). The experience already acquired in the settlement of wards' and private estates under the Act shows that on an average the zamindars may count upon realising a return of from 12 to 15 per cent. on the expenditure incurred. Regarded, therefore, as a mere investment, the making of a survey and record of rights is a source of substantial profit to the landlords. In Bihar they will further gain by the stereotyping of *sir* or demesne lands, which play so important a part in the agricultural system of that province, and over which raiyats henceforward will be debarred from acquiring occupancy rights. The planters, who are not solely landlords, and

who regard the acquisition of rights in land as merely subsidiary to the cultivation and manufacture of indigo, will find their position enormously strengthened and their initial expenditure reduced by the survey placing on record the exact nature and extent of all proprietary rights; so that in future the planter will know exactly with whom to deal when taking a lease of a village. He will also be enabled, on occasions, to ignore the zamindars and to acquire effective rights for the purpose of cultivating indigo by entering into agreements with the raiyats direct.

4. So far, then, looking at the matter from the raiyat's point of view, it will be seen that for a survey and record which will lead probably to an enhancement of their rents, and certainly to a curtailment of the area within which the rights conferred on them by the Tenancy Act can take effect, the raiyats will have to pay a sum amounting in the aggregate to one-half of the charges imposed upon the land. Clearly they have the strongest equitable claim to some substantial counterbalancing equivalent for proceedings which are likely, or which have a tendency, to produce such results. This equivalent is chiefly to be found in the maintenance of the record of rights, which, if it mulcts the raiyats now, will, it must be hoped, give them freedom from illegal demands and adequate protection in the future. Sir Antony MacDonnell does not deny that the survey and record of rights, especially if conducted in the way indicated in paragraph 34 of the Minute, will do some immediate good to the raiyats; and though he regrets that the operations were begun without previous provision being made for maintenance, he thinks they must be prosecuted now. But he does very earnestly urge on His Excellency in Council that application should be made to the Secretary of State for permission to legislate for a cess of such amount as will enable this Government to create an efficient record establishment such as is detailed in the scheme marked B attached to the Minute. If the Secretary of State declines to accord this permission, then, if the record is to be maintained at all, no means is left except to organise and administer a patwari system in Bihar under the old Regulations XII of 1817 and I of 1819, either as they stand or with the minimum of amendment that may be found necessary in order to make them workable enactments.

5. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is by no means sanguine that a Land Record establishment can be satisfactorily worked under these Regulations, the terms of which are in many respects obscure and indefinite, while the procedure laid down is cumbrous and antiquated. His fear is that it cannot, and that the strong and continuous opposition with which the effort to work it will certainly be met, will add enormously to the difficulties which must attach to any scheme based on the Regulation. No record scheme can be satisfactory when the Revenue authorities and the Executive Government have not exclusive and complete control over the appointment and remuneration of the agency by which the scheme has to be carried out. Although the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor thinks that, if no other resource is left, an effort should be made to maintain the record under Regulation XII of 1817, he trusts that this Government may not be placed in what he cannot but regard as a position of very exceptional difficulty and embarrassment, but that power may be conferred upon it to organise by legislation upon modern lines such a local Land Record establishment as may be sufficient for the end in view.

6. If the Government of India can see its way to expressing general approval of the views stated in the Minute, the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor will be in a position, when he visits Bihar at the end of the current month, to act in pursuance of that approval, and he is not without hope that he may be able to induce the zamindars to accept a compromise and to intimate their readiness to accept scheme B as set forth in the appendix to the Minute. For his own part the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor considers that in the present circumstances of Bihar a land record scheme which concerns itself merely with the permanent facts and conditions of tenancy, leaving the registering of payments of rent to the parties concerned, is all that need be insisted on.

MINUTE ON THE SURVEY AND RECORD OF RIGHTS IN BIHAR, AND ON THE SUBSEQUENT MAINTENANCE OF THE RECORD.

THE subjects of this paper are perhaps the most difficult and important of any now pending before the Bengal Government. I had the advantage of discussing them with Sir Charles Elliott before he went on leave, and of being placed to some extent in possession of his views on points which are still unsettled. On other points Sir Charles Elliott's opinions are to be readily ascertained from the correspondence. Since taking over charge of the Province, I have given my anxious attention to the question, and have consulted the responsible officials and several unofficial gentlemen on, I think, every phase which it presents. It is now necessary for me to state my provisional opinions on unsettled points, and to indicate the action which should be taken on them, though I retain full liberty to modify my views should I see reason to do so after consultation with the zamindars of Bihar on my approaching visit to that Province. But before stating my present opinions, it will be useful to trace as briefly as may be the origin and the successive stages of the development of this question of a survey and record of rights in Bihar. This retrospect will throw some light on the measures we should adopt in the future.

2. It is unnecessary for my present purpose to go further back than Lord Ripon's administration, when the Government of India addressed to the Secretary of State the important Despatch No. 6 of 21st March 1882, in which the whole agrarian question in Bengal was summed up, and the outcome of the various enquiries and Commissions that had been appointed to enquire into it set forth and formulated. One of the proposals (head XIII, paragraph 108 of the Despatch) therein made was "to take up the question of introducing throughout Bengal the system of village records and field surveys, commencing with the Patna Division." The Survey and Record of Rights now in progress in Bihar are therefore immediately due to the initiative of the Marquess of Ripon's administration. But before that time they were among the most urgent recommendations of the Famine Commission, and had been in principle recognized in the time-expired Agrarian Disputes Act VI (B.C.) of 1876: since then they have been supported by all the most competent officers, who have had to deal with the subject, as the only effective means of improving the condition of the Bihar raiyats, whose condition appears to be more depressed than that of any cultivators in the whole of India. I may add that in the area within which the survey and record have been already completed, the peace and security which they have produced are, I understand, very highly appreciated by zamindars and raiyats alike, though as time advances and the record becomes obsolete, it may be doubted whether this gratifying state of things will be adequately maintained.

3. To the Despatch of the 21st March 1882, Lord Hartington, then Secretary of State, replied in his letter No. 54 (Rev.) of 17th August 1882, paragraph 19 of which runs thus—

> "As regards head XIII, while fully admitting the advantages which would attend the establishment of village records and accounts, the formation of a record of rights and the introduction of a field survey, I cannot avoid the apprehension that the difficulties of carrying out these measures in those parts of Bengal in which village accounts and accountants, if they ever existed, have long ago entirely disappeared, even from tradition and remembrance, may prove greater than you anticipate. Your present proposal, however, merely contemplates an experimental commencement of the work in the Patna Division of the Province of Bihar, where the need for it is, you think, most pressing and the conditions least unfavourable, and to this I will make no objection. I shall be glad, however, to receive full reports of the progress of the work, of the expenditure likely to be incurred, of the difficulties which may be encountered, and of the expedients by which they may, in your opinion, be overcome."

4. The Government of Bengal (then administered by Sir Rivers Thompson), whose Revenue Secretary I was at the time and for four years afterwards, was thus confronted with the most important administrative undertaking of a fiscal character since the Permanent Settlement, and it began work by considering, *first*, what agency, and *secondly*, what legislation, was necessary to give effect to the policy enjoined on it. Its consideration of the question of

agency led to the proposal made in the Bengal letter to the Government of India, No. 309T.—R., dated 1st June 1883, to create a Department of Land Records in Bengal. The Government of India, in forwarding* that proposal to the Secretary of State, made the following remarks, which I quote as being the earliest opinion to which I wish to refer on the subject of the maintenance of the record of rights when once it had been correctly prepared :—

* See despatch No. 13 of 25th September 1883.

"All attempts to obtain trustworthy agricultural statistics or to maintain correct village records of rents and tenures such as are found in other parts of India have failed in Bengal owing to the decline of the patwari and kanungo system. This defect is prominently noticed in the Report of the Famine Commission, and its evil consequences have been brought clearly before us in dealing with the rent question in Bengal. We agree with the Lieutenant-Governor that legislation (on the rent question) itself will not solve the difficulties which have grown up in many parts of the province, and we think that *in Bihar at least a survey and reorganization of the patwaris will be necessary when the Rent Bill passes into law*. This great undertaking cannot in our opinion be satisfactorily completed without the continuous supervision of a special department; and to avoid unnecessary delay in entering on important measures, we think that steps should be immediately taken to constitute the Department of Land Records. We have ascertained from the Bengal Government that though the measures in contemplation for the above purpose cannot be exactly formulated while the provisions of the Rent Bill are still in some respects unsettled, it hopes to be in a position to legislate on the subject (of patwaris) early next year."

5. The Secretary of State in his letter No. 24, dated 10th April 1884, sanctioned the creation of a Department of Land Records as a provisional arrangement which has since become permanent, and then proceeded to make the following remarks with special reference to the second subject, namely, legislation, to which, as stated in paragraph 4 above, the Government of Bengal had to address itself in order to give effect to Lord Hartington's orders of August 1892:—

"It is impossible to doubt that the results of a general field survey of Bengal and the establishment of detailed village records, if they be found practicable, will be most beneficial. But the task must be acknowledged to be a gigantic one, whether its difficulty, its cost, and the time it must take be considered, and the opposition which may probably have to be encountered on the part of both landlords and tenants, and I am unable to sanction any step with a view to so great an undertaking until I am furnished with fuller information than that which I at present possess with respect to the methods to be adopted, the expenditure likely to be incurred, and the difficulties which may have to be met. These points should not be reported on without the opinion of the Board of Revenue and of the chief administrative officers having been obtained."

6. The question of legislation in amendment of the Patwari Regulation was therefore postponed pending the submission of further information to the Secretary of State, and with a view to procuring such information the Board of Revenue (and administrative officers through the Board) was consulted. I make the following extract from the Board's reply (letter No. 841A, dated 23rd September 1884, to the Government of Bengal):—

"The importance of this question (maintenance of the record of rights) is only equalled by the difficulty of dealing with it—a difficulty so great that some officers (notably Mr. Wilson of Midnapore) look upon it as fatal to a proposal of attempting a survey at all. It must be conceded that there is no agency in Bihar (Bengal?) to which the duty of maintaining the village records and maps could be committed, and that it will be necessary to create an organization for the purpose. Throughout the greater part of Bihar there are village servants known by the name of patwaris, but they would not, and indeed could not, discharge the duties performed by patwaris in the North-Western Provinces, and the supervising staff, on which the efficiency of the patwaris depends, does not exist all. The difficulty, however serious it may be, must be faced and surmounted. *The rent bill would lose half its usefulness if it were not supplemented by a survey and record of rights, and the survey would be of no value unless measures were taken to maintain its accuracy from year to year.*"

7. The Hon'ble Mr. Reynolds, who was then in charge of the Land Revenue Department of the Board of Revenue, concluded his Minute by expressing concurrence in the views† of Sir Charles Bernard that though there might be opposition and difficulty in the way of the proposed survey and record operations, neither would be insurmountable. Fearing, however, that a general settlement of rents might, on a rigid interpretation of the law untempered by equitable considerations, lead to universal enhancements of rent in Bihar (where reports went to show

† Stated in a Minute, dated 18th February 1884.

that rents were already very high), Mr. Reynolds advised the limitation of the operations to a survey and record of existing rights and rents alone.

8. The Government of Bengal, in forwarding the Board's report to the Government of India (Bengal letter No. 2426T.R., dated 25th October 1884), expressed the following opinion:—

"While thinking that in 'exceptional circumstances and special areas,' as stated by the Hon'ble Mr. Ilbert* in introducing the Tenancy Bill, we may have to settle rents, the Lieutenant-Governor is quite of the opinion that anything like a general settlement of rents in any district is to be deprecated. He accepts the view that on a survey introduced under the orders of Government, if the record of rights shows the existence of exorbitant rents and the raiyats put forward claims for reductions, then only should such claims to have fair rents fixed be entertained."

* *Gazette of India* (Supplement) of March 3rd, 1883, page 295.

9. The Government of India (letter No. 996A. of 20th November 1884), in acknowledging the receipt of the Bengal letter and calling for further information, observed—

"It is hardly necessary to remark that the value of the survey and the record of rights will be incommensurate with the cost unless an efficient staff of patwaris and supervisors is organized on the lines suggested in Mr. Reynolds' Minute. * * * If it be decided to commence operations in 1885 or 1886—and on this point the Government of India will expect to be advised hereafter by the Government of Bengal—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council trusts that no effort will be spared to obtain at an early date the requisite legal powers to organize the patwari staff, and that the work of organization will be vigorously prosecuted."

10. In accordance with these instructions, and in fulfilment of the original intention of legislating mentioned in paragraph 4 above, I introduced a Bill into the Bengal Legislative Council to amend the Patwari Regulation XII of 1817, and I attach to this Minute a copy of my speech on that occasion, as it sets forth in sufficient detail the history and existing condition of the patwari system and the reasons for its proposed reorganization.

11. One object of this Bill was to levy the cost of a reformed patwari establishment by a cess on the land which, it was contended, would not amount to more than the people already paid for patwaris under the designation of "*neg*" or customary fees. The intention was to fund these payments, and from the amount so funded, which would be under official control, to pay the patwari and supervising kanungos. The Secretary of State was not disposed to sanction the imposition of a cess for an object the success of which he regarded as doubtful: and it was with a view to solve his doubts that it was determined to make an experimental survey and record of rights in a selected area. Accordingly, the Patwari Bill was suspended, pending the result of this experimental survey and record of rights, which was begun under the direction of Mr. E. W. Collin in about 500 square miles of the Muzaffarpur district.

12. While this experimental survey was in progress, further correspondence passed between the Government of Bengal, the Government of India, and the Secretary of State, in regard to the latter's instructions to charge the cost of the experimental operations to Provincial Revenues, and generally in regard to the Patwari Bill, the object of the correspondence on the latter subject being to remove His Lordship's objections to this proposed measure. In this correspondence the Government of India, supporting the Government of Bengal, said:—

"We need not again point out what has been already admitted by all parties in the correspondence, that an elaborate survey and record of rights are a pure waste of money, unless due provision is made for keeping the information they furnish up to date. * * * Unless Your Lordship should be of opinion that the explanations now given are sufficient to remove the objection entertained by your predecessor to the inclusion in the Patwari Bill of authority to levy a cess for the payment of village accountants, we concur with the Bengal Government that the only course to pursue is to close the cadastral survey at the end of the present season, and to abandon altogether for the present the attempt to obtain an accurate record of the land and of the incidents of its tenure."

13. The efforts of the Government of India were, however, fruitless; the Secretary of State in his letter No. 21, dated 15th July 1886, stated that his objections to the cess were not removed, and he considered that, under the circumstances, "the only course to pursue was to abandon the proposed measure

for the present." This decision involved the abandonment of the experimental survey and record, which was accordingly brought to an end after a large area had been cadastrally surveyed and a record of rights completed in about 80 square miles of that area. No provision was made to maintain this record up to date, and it must now have become somewhat obsolete; but, as observed in paragraph 2 above, it has given much satisfaction to those interested in it.

14. This order of the Secretary of State's closes what may for my present purpose be regarded as the first stage in these proceedings. During this stage it was, to use the words of the Government of India just quoted, admitted by all parties, firstly, "*that an elaborate survey and record of rights are a pure waste of money unless due provision is made to keep the information they furnish up to date*;" secondly, *that the agency necessary to maintain the record should be provided before the survey and record were begun.*

15. The second stage of these proceedings is practically an endeavour to carry out, without legislation, the accepted policy in regard to the record of rights in Bihar. Legislation on the patwari question having been denied, a change of opinion in regard to its necessity gradually supervened; it being, as the Board observed, a comforting doctrine that what is unattainable is also undesirable. But apart from this natural disposition of practical administrators to adjust measures to circumstances, the change of opinion can, I think, be traced to two distinct sources, one dating from Sir Rivers Thompson's administration, the other from that of his successor, Sir Steuart Bayley. While the experimental survey and record was going on in Bihar, the Bengal Government was also considering the desirability of introducing surveys and record of rights into certain estates managed by the Court of Wards; and in these estates, being limited areas (in some of which, moreover, acute disputes regarding rent actually existed), the Bengal Government did not attach the same importance to the maintenance of the record as it did in the case of a whole district and much more a whole province, when the object was not only to allay existing acute disputes, but also to make lasting provision for the prevention of disputes in the future and for the settlement of a basis of agrarian prosperity. This policy and view of the application of section 101 of the Tenancy Act in regard to Wards' estates was set forth in the Bengal letter No. 2419—915L.R., of 1st December 1886, and there is no doubt that once started it obtained a hold over the spirit of the administration, and an extension which was not at first intended.

16. This result was helped by the report which Mr. Collin in 1887 submitted on his experimental survey operations, and this report is the second source to which I trace the change of opinion referred to in the preceding paragraph. Mr. Collin, who is an officer of ability and judgment, there said—and his words, which are the outcome of practical experience, afford a striking confirmation of the wisdom of the policy of survey and record of rights embodied in Chapter X of the Tenancy Act:—

> "Some such measure as survey and record of rights is absolutely necessary if the rights of the raiyats are not to be entirely confiscated, and if a system by which they have been hitherto deprived of more than half of their legitimate share of the profits of their land is not to be perpetuated."

And again—

> "The main point is to ascertain the existing rent and certify it to the raiyat. * * I believe it is a sufficient protection to the raiyat to ascertain and certify his rent to him. The danger lies in his ignorance of his rental."

Mr. Collin, it will be seen, supports the view urged by Mr. Reynolds and Sir Charles Bernard, as stated in paragraph 7 of this Minute—a view in which I entirely concur—as to the desirability of *not* interfering with rents whenever interference can be avoided.

17. Mr. Collin advocated a survey and record of existing rights as good and necessary in itself and worth the cost, even if not afterwards maintained. He did not, indeed, undervalue the great advantage of maintaining the record; but he had no faith in any system of maintenance by unreformed patwaris, and he thought with Mr. Finucane (see paragraph 26 below) that something might be done by making zamindars file returns and checking these by Government

agency. Even this way of looking at the matter was not followed by Mr. Norman, then Collector of Muzaffarpur, who, in forwarding Mr. Collin's report, not only denied the possibility of maintaining the record by means of patwaris or zamindars, but went the length of affirming that its maintenance would be of no use or advantage.

18. On this report and these recommendations the Board, having been consulted, replied* as follows:—

* Letter No. 608A., of 15th June 1888.

"The Board cannot console themselves with the acceptance of Mr. Norman's opinion that it matters very little whether the record is maintained or not. On the contrary, they are firmly persuaded that the record will year by year become of less and less value unless adequate measures be taken to ensure its periodical examination and correction, so as to bring it into accordance with the state of things actually existing at the time. The Board would greatly regret to see these registers,† on which a large sum of public money has been spent, and which are described by the Commissioners as excellent and well-arranged, gradually becoming 'waste paper' for want of supervision and correction. * * But in a permanently-settled area, such as is now under consideration, the Board are reluctantly compelled to say that the existing law leaves the Government practically without any resource. It is hopeless to expect that the record can be maintained by the agency either of patwaris (unreformed) or zamindars. The feeling which has prompted Messrs. Finucane and Collin to urge the adoption of some measures which will give a permanent value to the work in which they have taken so much interest, and which they have accomplished so well, has the entire sympathy of the Board. But the Board would be wanting in their duty if they failed to represent that Government has practically before it only the alternatives of abandoning all measures for the proper maintenance of the records of the Muzaffarpur survey, or of invoking the aid of the Legislature for the establishment of an efficient system of patwaris and kanungos."

† Of Mr. Collin's survey.

Thus it will be seen that the Board of Revenue adhered to the principles of what I have called the first stage of the proceedings, while the Government had begun to vacillate.

19. The Board's views did not commend themselves to His Honour Sir Steuart Bayley, who, in submitting Mr. Collin's report on the experimental survey to the Government of India, had supported the proposal to extend to the rest of Bihar a survey and record, even if it were not afterwards to be maintained. And the Government of India, in its letter No. $\frac{433R}{33-2}$ of 16th June 1888, agreeing with the Bengal Government, said—

"In view of the facts brought out, the arguments urged against a survey and record until an agency was made to maintain it lose some of their force. That the full benefits of a record of rights cannot be secured unless it is continuously maintained is obvious; and the Government of India is not without hope that a solution of the difficulty will be found in the enquiries in progress. But even were it otherwise, His Excellency in Council is forced by the recent experiment to the conviction that a survey would be justified by the unquestionable advantages it would confer in determining existing tenures and rents in a manner which could be asserted and maintained under the Tenancy Act.

"Holding these views, and apart from the financial cost of the operations, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council entirely concurs in the opinion of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor that the experimental survey has been a success, and that it is desirable to extend the measure to other tracts where uncertainty as to existing rents prevails."

20. The correspondence was submitted to the Secretary of State, who, in his letter No. 66 of 16th August 1888, said—

"I observe you incline to the opinion that even if the continuous maintenance of the village record cannot be fully secured, still an accurate record of existing facts would be of great advantage as affording a basis on which a better state of things might grow up under the Tenancy Act. * * * If the work is to be undertaken in other localities, the cost of *and subsequent maintenance of the village record* must be kept within the narrowest possible limits of cost, *as the expenses will have to be defrayed by the classes and localities concerned.*"

I invite particular attention to the words I have italicized, as they seem to indicate the possibility that the prohibition against legislation on the patwari question may be reconsidered by the Secretary of State. For the rest His Lordship adopted an attitude of benevolent neutrality and watchfulness, as regards the new departure, rather than of active approval; but he gave the Government of India a free hand.

21. Thus the Governments of Bengal and India, gradually abandoning the doctrine that a survey without subsequent maintenance of the record was a waste of money and useless, came to think that a survey and record without subsequent maintenance is useful, and worth the cost. The reasons for this change were—

(*a*) the strong necessity that existed, and still exists, for supplementing, in the interests of the depressed tenantry of Bihar, the operation of the Tenancy Act by a record of tenants' rights and status;

(*b*) the Secretary of State's opposition to legislation on the patwari question.

22. But while deciding on a survey and record even without provision for subsequent maintenance, the Governments of Bengal and India and the Secretary of State have not ceased to insist on the desirability and importance of maintaining the record up to date, and the later communications from the Government of India, especially the letter No. $\frac{1628}{43}$ of 1st August 1892 (which I had no opportunity of discussing with Sir Charles Elliott), indicate a marked urgency of desire that provision should be made for maintaining the record when once it has been correctly prepared.

23. In all this I entirely agree. It is true that my position in regard to this question, before I left the Bengal Government in 1886, had been not only that the record should be maintained when framed for a large tract of country, but that it should not be begun till provision for its maintenance had been made. On these points my opinion has undergone no change; and undoubtedly I should be glad if the Secretary of State were again approached with a view to our taking power by legislation to raise as much money as will enable us to maintain the record, if not by patwaris then in the way I shall presently indicate, which involves the minimum of interference between landlord and tenant. In this way I clearly see my road to the effective maintenance of the record without any trouble, and at a cost to the zamindars and raiyats which would be trifling compared to the immense benefits which both would reap from such a measure. I have suggested in paragraph 20 above that His Lordship might possibly be now willing to consider the fresh representations in regard to legislation, which I trust the Governor-General in Council will permit us to make. But in any case His Excellency in Council may rely on me to give effect to the policy he has been pleased to sanction.

24. In a subsequent portion of this Minute I shall consider the procedure for making the record, the agency for making it, and the cost. Here I wish to dispose, so far as possible, of the question of maintenance, and to state the measures I propose to take to that end. In June 1892 Sir Charles Elliott, addressing the Board of Revenue, proposed a scheme for maintaining the record, which depended for its efficacy on the raiyats and others reporting to a registering officer all changes in their holdings which might occur from time to time. I have carefully examined that scheme in the light of my own knowledge of Bihar and of recent experience acquired in the Central Provinces, where survey and record operations are now in progress on a larger scale than elsewhere in India. My conclusions were that the scheme would not give the information which the Lieutenant-Governor wanted, and that even if it did, the information would be inadequate for the purposes of an effective record. The local criticisms on the scheme were of a similarly unfavourable character, and Sir Charles Elliott himself being now satisfied that the scheme would not work, has agreed to abandon it.

25. Sir Charles Elliott's idea was to have a self-acting or automatic and self-supporting scheme not resting on local enquiries or on the maintenance of the village map. He hoped that the people, rent-payers and rent-receivers, would by the operation of certain sanctions explained in the letter be induced to report mutations, and would, by various fees, pay for the recording establishments. But it may be taken as an axiom that no system of maintenance is of use which does not rest on the bases of village inspection, map amendment, and *khasra* corrections on the spot. It is also doubtful whether, as khasra corrections will probably not annually be more than about 5 per cent. of the entries, the fees levied from the persons served, *i.e.*, whose record is

corrected, would pay for the correcting establishment, unless they were pitched high. To levy much fees would be contrary to practice in other provinces, and no doubt unpopular. It follows, with certainty, that no self-acting agency would be effective, and with probability, that an effective record agency must be paid for from some other source than fees charged for the special services rendered.

26. In 1885, the Director of Land Records in Bengal prepared a scheme which I understand the Bihar zamindars, believing legislation to be imminent, accepted* subject to certain conditions. This scheme is given in Appendix A, and has some points in common with the proposals made by Sir Charles Elliott while it differs from these (*inter alia*) in requiring new legislation for the imposition of a special cess. It was, however, disapproved by the Boord and by the Government of Bengal for the reasons expressed in the following extract from the Bengal letter to the Board of Revenue of the 9th January 1886:—

* See enclosure to the Director of Land Records' letter to the Board, No. 767, dated 19th November 1885.

"In reply, I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor having perused your letter and the careful report prepared by Mr. Finucane, comes to the same conclusion upon the question as that at which the Board have arrived.

"Sir Rivers Thompson is unable to accept the proposals which have been made, and to which Mr. Finucane has given his support. that the present staff of patwaris are to be henceforth regarded as zamindari servants paid from the cesses now levied on their account, nor that in his record of rights and of payments the patwari shall depend for his information upon returns and accounts furnished to him by the zamindar, and that he should confine himself to ascertaining how far these accounts agree with what the raiyats admit to be correct. To define the duties of a patwari in such terms would, the Lieutenant-Governor considers, be fatal to the maintenance in the villages of an accurate and effective record of rights. Furthermore, it must be made clear that no cess whatever shall be levied from the raiyats for payment of patwaris except that which is realizable under the Bill.

"The patwari's work should, in Sir Rivers Thompson's opinion, represent the results of his own personal observation and inspection, and should not entirely depend on its operation upon the information which the zamindar supplies to him. A system under which the patwari makes his original record entirely depend upon returns and accounts periodically given to him by the zamindar must lead to conflict and controversy.

"It is not necessary that any rule should be made that all payments of rent must be made in the presence of the patwari; but in the work connected with the maintenanee of the record of rights, measures should be adopted to make the patwari's action, as far as possible, independent."

These objections appear to me now, as they did in 1885, to be fatal to such a scheme; but I understand that Mr. Finucane has since represented that his proposals were not fully understood at the time, and that they are not really open to the objections stated. This may be a matter for subsequent consideration; but in any case if as a last resource we are compelled to look to the patwari of Regulation XII of 1817 for the maintenance of the record, then we must deal direct with the patwari himself, and control him in the actual preparation of the village papers.

27. I am well aware that the great zamindars and landlords of Bihar are opposed to an enforcement of Government control over the patwaris under Regulation XII of 1817. Herein I confess to having some sympathy with them, and I do not propose to employ the patwari of Regulation XII of 1817 for the purpose of maintaining the record, except as a last resource. But I attach such extreme importance to the maintenance of the record, that failing other means I should endeavour to work through that Regulation. I am, however, anxious to meet the wishes of the Bihar landlords, many of whom are my personal friends, and for all of whom I entertain a strong liking; and I have therefore framed a scheme which is marked B in the enclosures to this Minute. That scheme dispenses with the patwari altogether, or rather substitutes for him an officer on higher pay and of superior status, whose functions would correspond more closely to those of the kanungo under the Emperor Akbar's land system, as I explained in introducing the Bill of 1885 into the Bengal Legislative Council. The sub-kanungo of scheme B would, like the original kanungo established or recognised by Raja Todar Mal, be the servant of Government alone, and would be in no way subordinate to the zamindar. This follows from the fact that the scheme, broadly speaking, limits the maintenance of the record to the facts of occupation, status, and rent payable;

leaving the question whether in any case the rent has or has not been actually paid to be settled between the raiyat and his landlord, without any interference on the part of the Executive Government. This is the minimum of maintenance on which Government must insist in the interests of the raiyats; and I am, subject to the orders of the Governor-General in Council, willing to abide by it for the sake of concord, and compromise with my Bihar friends. This scheme will cost about Rs. 70,000 per district anually, but where is that sum to come from if we do not legislate? Only a very small portion could be supplied by copying fees and such like miscellaneous income, and it would not be fair to the general public to pay the entire sum from Provincial Revenues even if these revenues were able to afford it, which they are not. The bulk of the money must come, if it is to be raised at all, from the people interested, "from the classes and localities concerned," as the Secretary of State said in his letter No. 66 of 16th August 1888, already referred to in paragraph 20 above. That the money would be cheaply and well spent, I have no doubt at all; for with such a record as I contemplate, we should attain what we have been striving for since the Permanent Settlement—a sufficient knowledge of the facts of each holding and estate, whereby agrarian disputes would be reduced to a minimum, such disputes as occurred would be susceptible of easy and speedy decision, and, for the first time within a century, a real and lasting foundation would be laid for the agricultural prosperity of Bihar.

28. If the Bihar zamindars reject the scheme which, in my anxiety to meet their objections, I propose, and if, moreover, the Secretary of State maintains his veto on the imposition of a cess for maintaining the record, then, undoubtedly, there are only two courses before us: to abandon all attempts to maintain the record, and prepare for ourselves, 10 or 15 years hence, the same chaotic state of things as we now find in existence; or to see what can be done under Regulation XII of 1817. Having already stated that I regard the maintenance of the record as of extreme importance, it will be understood why I shrink from the former alternative. I am well aware of the difficulties in the way of working the patwari of Regulation XII of 1817, difficulties which I myself and abler Revenue officers have thought insurmountable. But an actual experiment has never yet been made in such circumstances as we are by our survey and record calling into existence. And it may possibly be that practice may falsify our theory, and show us how, by some slight alterations in the Regulation, consistent with its principles, means may be found to make it a more effective instrument in our hands. At all events I cannot entertain any proposals—some have, I understand, been made—to repeal Regulation XII of 1817, and so abolish the slight control Government now has over the registered patwari—except on the condition of the provision of an efficient substitute, such a substitute, for instance, as would enable us to work scheme B in the Appendix.

29. And this, I understand, was the attitude adopted by my predecessor up to the eve of his departure. It is true, I believe, that Sir Charles Elliott contemplated the abolition of the Patwari Regulation (XII of 1817) when an effective scheme for maintaining the record had been provided. But the hopelessness of devising a scheme which should not involve the imposition of a cess, and yet be independent of Regulation XII of 1817, had apparently come home to him, for in the seventh paragraph of the Resolution on the Survey and Settlement Reports for 1891-92, which was recorded by him on the day before he made over charge of these Provinces to me, I find the following expression of his views on the subject of the training of local agency for the purpose of executing and maintaining surveys and records of rights:—

"Another satisfactory feature of the year's work is the progress made in training local men in survey work. The employment of local agency on survey and settlements not only materially reduces the cost, *but provides an efficient means of maintaining the maps and records when the work is complete.* During the season under notice the following local establishments were put through a course of instruction and will be utilized as far as possible:—

"In the Champaran district, 181 patwaris and their relatives.

"In the Muzaffarpur district, 270 patwaris and their relatives and other local men (80 more were under training).

"In Tippera, 300 local men (Bengalis).

"In the coparcenary villages in Bihar, it is possible that some difficulty may be experienced in arranging for a patwari or other resident of the village to do the survey and record writing, but it is hoped that this difficulty may not be insurmountable. Section 5 of Regulation I of 1819 empowers the Collector, with the approval of the Board of Revenue, to appoint patwaris in such villages with or without reference to the proprietors, and if it is found that the latter cannot agree among themselves to nominate a joint patwari, it may be necessary to take action under this section."

This paragraph, it will be observed, refers to the questions of reducing the cost of the Bihar survey and maintaining the record hereafter, and it distinctly contemplates the employment of the patwari not merely to make the survey in the first instance, but also to maintain it when made. The injunction to have recourse to section 5 of Regulation I of 1819 in order to provide patwaris in those villages where, owing to the number of joint proprietors, no registered patwari has at present been appointed, leaves no doubt on the point that the patwari to be so employed is the statutory patwari, *i.e.*, the patwari appointed by the Collector under the Regulations.

I am aware from my conversations with Sir Charles Elliott that he did not wish to force the inclinations of Bihar landlords in connexion with the employment of the Regulation Patwari to maintain the record. Neither do I. But if I am driven to it, if I have to choose between abandoning the attempt to maintain the record, and endeavouring to maintain it through Regulation XII of 1817, then I shall decide on the latter course, though I shall do this with reluctance.

30. This conclusion to which I have come, to work under the Regulation XII of 1817, if I am precluded from working outside it, confirms a decision which, on the independent ground of economy in survey expenditure, I have already taken, while it links up and harmonizes, so far as may be, our present policy and practice with the policy which, as stated in paragraph 14 above, was approved in the earlier stage of these proceedings. The decision is to take up in earnest the registration of patwaris under the Regulation (this was begun in 1876 and carried some length in Bihar), and to employ none but registered patwaris (or, failing them, amins) on the survey and record operations now in progress. I do not conceal from myself the probability that this endeavour to procure registered patwaris even for survey work will be met with opposition by Bihar zamindars. They will probably think it is the thin edge of the wedge, and that having got patwaris registered for survey work, I shall retain them for the maintenance of the record. Undoubtedly I shall retain them if I am driven to maintain the record under Regulation XII of 1817; but that is not my primary object in getting them registered. My direct and primary object is to reduce the expenditure on the survey, which is now very considerable, and admits of great reduction by the employment of the registered patwari in his customary and statutory duty of surveying his village.* If the zamindars agree to a scheme of maintenance outside Regulation XII, I shall, after the survey is over, see what I can do to assist them in procuring the repeal of Regulation XII of 1817, and thus cut the patwari loose from all official control and supervision. If then I had a free hand in this matter, and time were no object, I should, in the interests of economy (and of the future maintenance of the record if we *must* act under Regulation XII, 1817), be disposed to suspend the survey and record operations until the patwaris had all been registered and trained to survey. But I apprehend that the obligation to carry on the work from the point at which I find it leaves me no choice but to work through amins, when registered and trained patwaris are not forthcoming.

* I may add (to meet the Board of Revenue's reasonable wishes) that, although the registered patwari is bound to survey his village as part of his statutory duties and without further payment, it may be well, as he is not always well paid, to give him a special allowance as a reward for good work.

31. And this brings me to a very important matter indeed. I find that in some places Colonel Sandeman has been making the survey and record through so-called patwaris who are not registered, and are in point of fact zamindari servants pure and simple, paid by the zamindar, and merely temporarily lent by them to the survey authorities. Over these men no effective control can be exercised. They work or leave off working just as they please, and if detected in making false measurements or false entries, there is no means of adequately punishing them. The Board of Revenue and the Director

of Land Records are strongly opposed to this system; the Settlement Officer has objected to it; and the Superintendent of Surveys, Colonel Sandeman, is himself dissatisfied with it. Certainly I consider it open to the very gravest objections. As the Board of Revenue observe, "it cannot be forgotten that one of the main objects of the Bihar Survey and Settlement was the protection of the raiyats, and the Board consider that the experiment of having a large part of the work done by the servants of the very party against whom, if any one, the raiyats require protection, must be attended with some hazard." Manifestly no real trustworthiness can attach to records prepared by the servants of one of the parties concerned. To obviate this formidable objection, Colonel Sandeman has been employing muharrirs to check the entries made by the zamindari patwaris. But this double agency adds largely to the cost of the record, and who that knows Bihar can think that after all this is a real check? The record must be prepared under conditions which shall relieve it, so far as we can guarantee, from any suspicion of onesidedness; and to this end I have decided that mere zamindari servants shall, on no account, be employed in surveying and preparing the record of the raiyats' holdings. It will no doubt be urged that as the patwari registered under the Regulation is also under the zamindar's control to some extent, the objections to the employment of unregistered patwaris apply also to him. But it cannot be contended that the position of the Government is the same in regard to the registered as to the unregistered man. We hold a strong position in regard to the registered patwari; he is a Government servant; we can dismiss him and we can criminally prosecute him for making a false entry. We have no such hold as this over a private patwari, who is merely lent to us, and whom we do not pay. The position is explained in the following extract from a letter which I have caused to be addressed to an influential gentleman in Bihar, who has taken exception to my orders, directing the employment of registered patwaris alone, and, failing them, professional amins. The letter refers to an important opinion given by the Advocate-General as to the obligation the registered patwari is under, to survey his village by order of the Collector:—

"The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor has received your letter of the 9th instant, referring to the employment of patwaris on the Bihar Survey, and is glad that you have written to him on the subject.

"The matter stands thus. On going through the papers connected with the Bihar Settlement, and on hearing what influential gentlemen in Calcutta had to say regarding it, it appeared to Sir Antony MacDonnell that there were two aspects of the proceedings which needed special attention—(*a*) the expense, (*b*) the absence of an effective plan for maintaining the record when completed.

"The latter aspect of the question is now engaging His Honour's attention, and he trusts to have an opportunity of consulting you and Bihar zamindars generally on it when he visits Muzaffarpur next month. On the former aspect of the case, it seemed to His Honour eminently desirable that something should be done to reduce the cost of the survey. The cost of survey and 'khanapuri' is now very considerable, and the tendency is to further increase. On enquiry Sis Antony MacDonnell found that the survey was being chiefly carried on by amins (to whose employment objections have been raised apart from the matter of cost). The belief was entertained that the Collector could not legally require patwaris to measure their villages. To test the accuracy of that belief, which the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor personally doubted, the question was referred to the Law Officers of the Crown. The Advocate-General has now advised Government (and the Board of Revenue accepts the opinion) that patwaris can be required under the usual sanction to survey their villages as part of their statutory duties.

"But the patwaris over whom the Government can exercise this measure of legal control are the registered patwaris alone, that is to say, the patwaris whom the Collector, usually on the zamindar's nomination, recognises for each mahal or village. Over the unregistered patwaris, who are merely the private servants of the landlords, the Collector can exercise no control.

"You will, His Honour is sure, recognise that it is most undesirable that the survey should be made and the record prepared by a private servant of one party concerned, or by any one over whom the Settlement Officers have no adequate control.

"If Bihar zamindars and planters assist the Government in this matter, by registering their patwaris where none have yet been nominated and registered, and thus gratuitously procuring for them the requisite status, then the Lieutenant-Governor has no doubt that the cost of the survey and initial record operations will be very greatly reduced, while the efficiency of the patwari as a village servant will be immensely increased by the experience and training in survey he will gratuitously receive. By this means it is not impossible that the cost may be reduced under one-half the present figure. This would be an enormous

gain to landlords, tenants and all concerned. But if landlords and others do not help in this matter by coming forward and nominating their patwaris, so as to enable the survey authorities to work through registered patwaris, then, if the operations are to be successfully prosecuted, the Government has no resource left but to work through amins. (Of course the survey authorities will continue to work through amins until the registered patwaris are ready to take the amins' place.) In this alternative the objection based on the expensiveness of the survey, &c., will not lie at the door of the Government, but at the doors of those who, being under a legal obligation to nominate parwaris, abstain from doing this, and thereby impede the adoption of a procedure whereby the cost can be substantially reduced."

On this part of the subject, then, what we have to do is—

For purposes of survey—

(*a*) To make out a list of the villages in which survey operations have begun or are contemplated.

(*b*) To forward that list to the Collectors of the districts concerned, and ask them to take immediate steps under the Patwari Regulation to have patwaris registered for these villages. In the case of coparcenary villages, to which class most villages in Muzaffarpur are understood to belong, it may be necessary, as was observed by Sir Charles Elliott in the Resolution quoted above, to take action under section 5 of Regulation I of 1819.

(*c*) To train the patwaris so registered, if they need training, to survey.

(*d*) To employ the registered and trained patwaris in the survey and record operations instead of amins. Until the patwari is ready to take the professional amin's place, the latter must be kept on.

For purposes of subsequent maintainance of the Record, if we must act under Regulation XII, 1817—

(*e*) To request the Board to direct that the recording establishments shall for each village carefully enter the nature and amount of all and every payment customarily made by (*a*) rent-payers, (*b*) rent-receivers to, or for the services of, patwaris.

(*f*) To request the Board to prepare and submit a scheme for maintaining the record through the agency (i) of the registered patwari, and (ii) of such supervising staff of kanungos and Revenue officers as may be necessary. An estimate of the cost of this supervising establishment must be submitted at the same time. How it is to be provided will be a matter for subsequent consider - tion.

(*g*) To request the Board to consider, in communication with the Law officers, whether, having regard to the terms of sections XVIII and XX of Regulation XII of 1817, the Government has the power (*a*) of determining what the patwaris' salary shall be; (*b*) of laying down by whom and in what proportions it shall be paid, and (*c*) of requiring the parties, who are directed to pay such salary, to deposit it in a Government treasury in the manner contemplated in Rule XXI of the Board's Rules regarding patwaris in Bihar (section XIV, Revenue Officers' Manual, 1888).

(*h*) To request the Board generally to consider whether Regulation XII of 1817 is susceptible of any modifications (and if so what modifications) not inconsistent with its principles, whereby it may be made a more efficient instrument for maintaining the record of rights.

33. I now pass on to the consideration of the actual procedure of record ing rights, and the cost of survey which is being incurred. With the method of survey I need not concern myself, though I shall later on make a few remarks regarding the subordinate agency and the establishment of permanent survey marks. The notifications that have hitherto been issued run as follows:—

"Under the powers conferred on him by section 101(1) of the Bengal Tenancy Act VIII of 1885, and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order that a survey shall be made and a record of rights prepared in respect to all lands included within the external boundaries of pargana in the district of

The particulars to be recorded in the survey and record of rights shall be the following:—

The name of each proprietor, with the character and extent of his interests.

The situation, quantity, and boundaries of proprietors' private lands, as defined in Chapter XI of the Act.

The name of each tenant.

The class to which he belongs, that is to say, whether he is a tenure-holder, raiyat holding at fixed rates, occupancy raiyat, non-occupancy raiyat or under-raiyat, and if he is a tenure-holder, whether he is a permanant tenure-holder or not, and whether his rent is liable to enhencement during the continuance of his tenure.

The situation, quantity, and boundaries of the land held by him.

The name of his landlord.

The rent payable.

The mode in which that rent has been fixed, whether by contract, by order of a court, or otherwise.

If the rent is a gradually increasing rent, the time at which, and the steps by which, it increases.

The special conditions and incidents, if any, of the tenancy."

34. This form of notification seems to me to be appropriate, and it should be continued. It will be noticed that it requires merely a record of existing facts, not a settlement of rents; and herein it agrees with the views held by the Board of Revenue in 1884 and by Mr. Collin in 1887, as stated in paragraphs 7 and 16 above. If either landlord or tenant applies for a settlement of rent, then under section 104(2) of the Tenancy Act the Revenue Officer is bound to settle the rent, but he should not attempt to settle rents in any other case. It has been, I understand, contended by a gentleman in Bihar, whose opinion must always carry weight with me, that the initial words of section 104(2) impose on the Revenue officer the duty of settling rent of his own motion "when it appears that a tenant is holding land in excess of or less than that for which he is paying rent." But in the first place the Act does not afford any rule or criterion by which the Revenue officer is to be guided in determining the area for which rent has been previously paid, unless it can be said that section 52(2) of the Act affords such a rule. And secondly, the contention here referred to amounts to saying that the Revenue officer is bound to take judicial notice of the landlord's measurement papers, a proposition which is on the face of it inadmissible.* It is clear, moreover, that this section deals with matters essentially for judicial decision, and I think therefore it will be prudent for Revenue officers not to attempt to settle rents, except on the application of either the landlord or the tenant. I am very indisposed to adopt any course which may have the effect of enhancing, through Revenue officers, rents in Bihar, where, if the fullest enquiries are to be trusted, rents are often too high. I am anxious to leave this question of fixing fair rents to the civil courts, in which, carefully controlled as they are by the Hon'ble Judges of the High Court, I have confidence; but if the Settlement Officers are compelled by a judicial interpretation of section 104(2) of the Tenancy Act to consider *suo motu* the question of rent enhancement on the ground of excess area, then I shall probably apply to the Governor-General in Council for the general power under section 112 of the Act to reduce rents which are unfair and inequitable (a power not conferrable on the Civil Courts). Thus a settlement which shall not be one-sided, but fair to all parties concerned, may be made.

* On this point see the very important decision of the High Court, dated 30th May 1892. Gouree Patro *versus* Manager, Burdwan Raj Estate.

35. When the facts of the holdings, &c., have been recorded, an extract of the record (*parcha*) should invariably be furnished to each tenant. I attach the highest importance to this. It is essential that the tenant should be in a position to know, before attestation, what has been entered regarding his holding, in order that at attestation he may, if necessary, object to any wrong entry. It is essential that people should not be taken by surprise, but that they should have ample time to consider the proposed entries affecting them before they became final.

36. Attestation is, so far as the raiyat is concerned, the most important link in the chain, and I must insist on the entries of area, rental and status made in the record of rights being attested with special care by a Revenue officer of gazetted rank. I must absolutely prohibit attestation of such entries by muharrirs

or any subordinate officers whatever. A Sub-Deputy Collector is the lowest grade officer whom I would entrust with the duty, and the Sub-Deputies so entrusted should be picked men. If we are to make a record, no pains should be spared to make it an authentic statement of the facts. I should say that in an area where the disputes about existing rents and status are few, a competent officer should be able to attest the *khatians* for from 250 to 300 tenants in a working day.

37. The cost of the operations is at present high, and if we are not able to use registered patwaris for survey and khasra writing, I fear it will tend to increase. So far as I can gather at present, the—

		Rs.	
Traverse survey costs	... ...	40	per sq. mile.
Cadastral survey and "khanapuri" (estimated)	...	170	"
Attestation, publication and settlement (estimated)	...	160	"
Total	...	370	

The ways in which this cost can be reduced are (*a*) employment of patwaris instead of amins, on their customary and statutory duty of surveying, (*b*) invoking the voluntary assistance of the raiyats and others interested in the measurement of their own fields, (*c*) making no settlements of rents unless required to do so by landlord or tenant, (*d*) employing as few muharrirs as possible to write *parchas* and help in making the "khanpuri." The reduction of expenditure depends so much on attention to details that I can give no more precise indications as to sources of possible economies; but the expenditure is so much higher than I was accustomed to in the Central Provinces, that I have, with the premission of the Government of India and the consent of the Chief Commissioner of Central Provinces, decided to arrange for the deputation of the Officiating Commissioner of Settlements, Mr. Carey, and a selected Settlement Officer, to consult with Colonel Sandeman and Mr. Macpherson on the whole question of expenditure, which depends to a very great extent on a careful consideration of a multitude of details and their relative adjustments.

38. In the matter of survey marks, I would say that the fewer permanent marks we have the better. They are a great trouble and expense to examine and maintain. I would have no marks except on triple junction points, unless a flag raised at one such point cannot be seen from the next adjacent point. In that case, an intermediate mark is necessary. I understand Colonel Sandeman agrees to this.

39. In addition to prosecuting operations in the parganas in the Hajipur sub-division of Muzaffarpur and in the tappas of the Bettiah sub-division of Champaran already under survey, it is proposed next season to begin work in two areas of 500 square miles each in Muzaffarpur, in one area of similar extent in Saran, in one area of similar extent in Champaran, and in 500 square miles of the Tikari Ward's Estate in Gaya. The Saran area belongs to the Maharaja of Hutwa, and the Champaran area belongs in great part to the Bettiah Estate, managed by Mr. Gibbon. If the Maharaja of Hutwa and Mr. Gibbon give assistance, there ought to be no difficulty at all in registering patwaris in these areas and subsequently training them. The amins would then be got rid of and the expenses of survey probably reduced by one-half. In the Tikari Estate in Gaya, which is under the Court of Wards, there will be no difficulty. In other estates the rapid and smooth progress of operations cannot be so certainly counted on, the Bihar zamindars being, as I have said, jealous of the exercise by the Government of control over patwaris, and anxious that the latter should become zamindari servants absolutely. It is said that the Bihar patwari is wholly untrustworthy, and I myself have not painted him in very flattering colours. But the patwaris in other provinces were probably as bad before they were taken well in hand, and there have been cases in which the denunciations of even the Bihar patwari were due to his not being as pliant an instrument as the denouncer wished. At all events the patwari, be his character what it may, is at the present moment a power in Bihar: and if the zamindars refuse to meet us in some such way as that indicated in paragraph 27, it will

be for us to see, before throwing up the sponge, whether we cannot make him a power for good instead of for evil.

40. I have forwarded this Minute to the Board of Revenue for any remarks they might wish to offer: and I annex their observations on it. I am gratified to find that both Members are in complete accord with the opinions I have expressed.

A. P. MACDONNELL,

Officiating Lieutenant-Governor.

DARJEELING,

The 24th June 1893.

APPENDIX A.

Outlines of Mr. Finucane's scheme referred to in paragraph 26 *of the Minute for provision of establishment for maintenance of records of survey and record of rights and of village accounts.*

1. A Government servant to be appointed for each circle or number of villages containing an area with about sixteen thousand rupees rental, which in Bihar would cover about ten square miles.

2. This officer to be called munserim patwari, to receive a salary of from Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 a month, to possess the attainments of an amin or the like qualifications.

3. The duties of the munserim Government patwari would be—

(*a*) to receive from the zamindars at stated times a statement showing the changes to be made year by year in the survey records. This would practically be the khasra rewritten for plots in which any change in occupancy occurred;

(*b*) to receive from the zamindar a *jama-wasil-baki* or other account showing the realization from each raiyat year by year.

4. The zamindar would make his own arrangement for keeping his own and his raiyats' accounts, and would simply make over to the Government patwari copies of such accounts as may be prescribed for record and attestation.

5. The Government patwari on receipt of the zamindar's *jama-wasil-baki* would visit the villages of his circles, explain to the raiyats the amounts shown by the zamindar as realized, ask them if the amounts thus shown are correct. If the raiyat admits their correctness, the fact would be noted; if he denies their correctness, the Government patwari would make a note of the raiyat's allegation on the *jama-wasil-baki*, but would not attempt to decide which allegation, whether the raiyat's or zamindar's, is correct. The *jama-wasil-baki* would thus be a record of the contemporaneous allegations of both parties, and might be made admissible in evidence in suits between landlord and tenant as such and nothing more. Further, the munserim patwari would compare the amounts entered in the receipts held by the raiyats with the amounts shown by the zamindars as realized from them. If he found a discrepancy, he would content himself with explaining to the raiyat that he ought not to pay rent without obtaining a receipt, and with warning him that if he persists in being foolish enough to do so, he must put with the consequences.

6. As regards agricultural statistics, the Government patwaris need not trouble the zamindars at all. They would simply go on the land with the maps in their hands and make out for themselves any statistics of cultivated area or the like which may be required.

7. Over every ten of these munserim patwaris a kanungo at Rs. 50 to be appointed.

8. Over five kanungos, that is to say, over an area of about 500 square miles a Deputy Collector.

9. After these officers had been at work for a short time in this way, supervised and controlled as they would be by the kanungo and the Deputy Collector, it is to be reasonably supposed that raiyats would take care to obtain receipts for all payments made by them, and that after a short time they would not make any payment without first obtaining a receipt.

There would then be no reason why the peripatetic Deputy Collector should not be vested with powers of a civil court, or even with summary powers for disposal of rent-suits.

In this way a rent-suit would resolve itself into this: the rent payable by the raiyat is known from the settlement records. If a zamindar alleges an arrear to be due from a raiyat, the raiyat may be asked to produce his receipts to show he has paid the amount due of him: should he fail to do so, the Deputy Collector would give a decree.

10. The present staff of patwaris (or such of them as are not required for Government service) to be made zamindars' servants to be retained or dismissed at the pleasure of the zamindar.

11 A cess of half an anna in the rupee would meet the expenses of the requisite establishment; of this one-half should be paid by the zamindars, the other half by the raiyats, as the former would derive quite as much benefit from the successful working of the scheme as the latter.

12. The cess would only be realized and the Bill would only apply where a survey and record of rights has been made.

13. For other parts of the country, the zamindars may be made responsible for the supply of such information or agricultural statistics as Government may reasonably require and prescribe, but they could make their own arrangements for obtaining such informations.

No. $\frac{1794}{174}$, dated Simla, the 24th July 1893.

From—Sir E. C. Buck, Kt., c.s.i., Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

In reply to your letter No. 748T.R., dated 6th July 1893, on the subject of providing for the maintenance of the land-record in Bihar by a cess, I am desired to communicate the following remarks and instructions.

2. The minute recorded by His Honour the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor contains a clear history of the correspondence which has taken place in respect to the maintenance of the record. As indicated by Sir A. MacDonnell, the Government of India have persistently urged that arrangements must sooner or later be made for maintaining it, and the survey was only sanctioned on the understanding that action would be taken in this respect as soon as the scheme sketched in the final paragraph of Sir Charles Elliott's letter No. 883L.R. of 9th July 1891 had received detailed consideration.

3. Like Sir A. MacDonnell, the Government of India would have preferred that the method and means for maintaining the record should have been decided before the survey commenced; but in view of the consideration urged in their letter No. 2135 of the 18th September 1891, that the survey itself was a task which from its magnitude and importance was not likely to be successfully undertaken by a Lieutenant-Governor whose term of office was drawing to a close, they apprehended that if operations were deferred until a complete scheme for the maintenance of the record had been prepared and sanctioned, the entire project might be indefinitely postponed. It seemed possible, indeed, that if a beginning were not made in 1892, a further period of inaction would set in, ending perhaps in the abandonment of the whole undertaking.

4. As matters now stand, the Governor-General in Council is fully alive to the necessity of urgent action, and desires that his thanks may be conveyed to Sir A. MacDonnell for the energetic manner in which he has taken up the subject. I am to convey the assurances of the Government of India that they will give every support in their power to His Honour in any measures which may be shown to be really necessary for the accomplishment of an object which they have always urged to be an inevitable adjunct to the survey, and will, if funds can be provided in no other way, be prepared to recommend to Her Majesty's Secretary of State the imposition on the landholders of a cess within the limits indicated in Sir A. MacDonnell's minute.

5. His Excellency in Council is glad to observe that in some of its leading features Sir A. MacDonnell's scheme is in accordance with that sketched in Sir Charles Elliott's letter of 1891. In both schemes the inspection and correction of the record is to be effected by a special staff of kanungos or land inspectors; in both the circle of each inspector, or in other words, the unit of area, is to be 20 square miles; and in both the correction of the record is to be confined to the entry of facts and is in no way to deal with the collection or settlement of rents. The important point of difference is that in the scheme of 1891 the funds were to be raised by mutation fees, while it is now proposed that they be provided by a cess.

6. It seems probable that, as elsewhere in India, the amount which can be raised by fees for mutations will not, in any case, provide a sufficient amount to meet the cost of all establishments. But it would seem desirable that before finally determining the amount required to be raised by cess, steps should be taken to ascertain what funds can be realised by the system of compulsory mutation adopted in the revenue codes of other provinces, and whether any economies can be effected by the utilisation of the special staff for registering assurances. On these questions the Government of India will await your opinion.

RULES RELATING TO THE DEHRA DUN FOREST SCHOOL.

THE following is published for general information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. H. RISLEY,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA;
REVENUE DEPT., FORESTS,
The 14th August 1893.

Circular No. 11-F.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Revenue and Agricultural Department, Forests, dated Simla, the 28th June 1893.

READ—

(i) Circular Resolution of this Department, No. 25-F., dated 13th October 1891, promulgating rules to regulate appointments and promotions in the Provincial Forest Service.

(ii) Circular of this Department, No. 22-F., dated 25th July 1892, forwarding, for the consideration of Local Governments and Administrations, draft rules for the recruitment of the Provincial Forest Service.

Read also—

(i) Replies from Local Governments and Administrations to the Circular of 25th July 1892.

(ii) Letter from the Inspector-General of Forests, No. 379, dated 10th May 1893, submitting, for the consideration and orders of the Government of India, a copy of Resolution No. II passed by the Imperial Forest School Board of Control for 1893-94, containing draft rules to regulate the constitution of, admission to, and studies and discipline at, the Forest School.

RESOLUTION.

The draft rules prepared by the Board of Control have been considered by the Government of India in connection with the opinions expressed by Local Governments and Administrations in response to Circular No. 22-F., dated 25th July 1892, and after such revision as has been deemed necessary, are now issued, in the appendix to this Resolution, for adoption, with effect from 1st July 1893, in supersession of those promulgated with Circular No. 25-F., dated 13th October 1891.

2. With reference to Rule 12 (ix), the Government of India desire that Local Governments and Administrations will consider whether the maximum number of stipends to be granted in each year under that rule might not with advantage be notified, with the object of inducing competition for them by candidates at the entrance examination of the Forest School and of thus transforming them into actual scholarships.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution, and of the new Rules referred to, be forwarded for information and guidance to the Government of Madras, the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin, the Inspector-General of Forests, and the Comptroller and Auditor General.

Bengal.	Assam.
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Coorg.
Punjab.	Ajmere.
Central Provinces.	Andamans.
Burma.	Hyderabad.

Ordered also that a copy be forwarded to the Foreign Department for communication to the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

Ordered, further, that the Resolution, with its appendix, be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India.*

[True Extract.]

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

APPENDIX.

RULES TO REGULATE THE CONSTITUTION OF, ADMISSION TO, AND STUDIES AND DISCIPLINE AT, THE IMPERIAL FOREST SCHOOL, DEHRA DUN.

Section I.—Constitution and Studies.

1. The School is under the administrative control of the Inspector-General of Forests, who is assisted by a Board consisting of—

1. The Inspector-General of Forests, *President.*
2. The Director of Public Instruction, North-Western Provinces and Oudh;
3. The Director of the School;

4. One Conservator from each province (not more than three serving in any given year);
with, as *Secretary*, the Assistant Inspector-General of Forests.

2. The Superior Staff of the School consists of—

1. The Director,
2. The Deputy Director,
3 & 4. Two Instructors,
5. The Vernacular Instructor,

} assisted by the Forest Officers of the School Circle, North-Western Provinces.

The Conservator of Forests, School Circle, North-Western Provinces, will ordinarily be Director of the School. The Deputy Director and two Instructors are officers of the Indian Forest Service on the Imperial List. The Vernacular Instructor is an officer of the Provincial Forest Service, also on the Imperial List.

3. The Director of the School is charged with (1) the general administration of the institution, including the regulation of the course of study under the arrangements prescribed by the Board of Control, subject to the sanction of the Government of India; (2) the supervision of the School buildings, quarters and gardens; (3) the control of the accounts, and the conduct of correspondence.

4. *Courses.*—There are two courses—one in English, the other in the Hindustani language. Each course lasts 21 months. The English course is that followed by the "Upper Class;" the Hindustani course that followed by the "Lower Class." The first year's students are called "Juniors," the second year's students "Seniors." In the English course students are prepared for the certificate in Forestry by the "Higher Standard;" in the Hindustani course for that by the "Lower Standard."

The subjects taught in these courses are the following, described in the School syllabuses:—

1. Forestry, including Sylviculture, Utilisation and Forest Working-Plans, both theoretical and practical.
2. Mathematics—elementary Arithmetic, Algebra, Trigonometry, and Mechanics, in their application to forest questions.
3. Physical Science, including Chemistry, Physics, Physiography, Geology, Mineralogy and Soils.
4. Botany, both theoretical and practical, including the collection and preservation of plants.
5. Zoology—the classification of animals and the study of useful and dangerous species, especially of insects, including the collection and preservation of specimens.
6. Drawing, Surveying and Estimating, as required for forest officers.
7. Forest Engineering, theoretical and practical.
8. Forest Law, the elements of Criminal Law, and departmental organisation.
9. Forest Accounts and Procedure.

5. *Terms.*—The terms of study are as follows:—

1st year—
- Rains term—July 1st to October 31st, in Dehra Dun.
- Winter term—November 1st to December 22nd, in camp.
- Vacation—December 23rd to January 5th.
- Spring term—January 6th to March 31st, in camp.
- Hill tour term—April 1st to May 31st, in camp.
- Vacation—June 1st to 30th.

2nd year—
- Rains term—July 1st to October 31st, in Dehra Dun.
- Winter term—November 1st to December 22nd, in camp.
- Vacation—December 23rd to January 5th.
- Spring term—January 6th to February 15th, in camp
- Examinations, including survey test—February 16th to March 31st.

6. *Examinations.*—The School examinations are—

1. Monthly, to test progress and application.
2. Final.

The *Monthly Examinations* are usually held on the last two working days of each month as the Director may order. The marks obtained at these examinations are counted for one-fourth of the aggregate at the Final.

The *Final Examinations* are held in March of the second year, and the marks then obtained count for three-fourths of the aggregate.

7. *Certificates.*—There are two certificates obtainable in each class after the final examinations: a "pass" certificate and a "honours" certificate. The former is granted to students who obtain over 50 per cent. of the aggregate marks allotted to all subjects, provided this includes 50 per cent. of the marks allowed for each of the subjects of Forestry, Botany, Surveying, and Engineering. The latter is granted to students who obtain over 75 per cent. of the aggregate marks allotted to all subjects, including over 50 per cent. in each individual subject. These certificates are only granted on the orders of the Board of Control, who have authority to exercise their discretion in doubtful cases.

8. *Prizes.*—The School medals are awarded by order of the Board of Control, but only if "honour" marks (75 per cent.) have been obtained. Other prizes, whether given by Government or other donors, are also awarded by the Board of Control.

9. Should any student of the three categories enumerated in Rule 11 be unable (*a*) to appear at the final examinations, or, having appeared, (*b*) fail to pass those examinations, he will not be permitted to appear at any subsequent final examination, unless he follows a second time the whole course of instruction at the School, or, at the discretion of the Director, the second year's course.

Section II.—Admission Rules.

10. The total number of students of each class who can be admitted into the School each year will be limited to such number as the Board of Control may decide, from time to time, can be accommodated in the School. The number of studentships to be allotted each year to the respective Provinces, as well as the number of nominations to be made by the Director, will, with due regard to the total prescribed by the Board of Control, be decided by the Director of the School before the 1st of January, after consultation with the Provincial authorities as to their requirements, and communicated to the Local Governments concerned.

A.—Upper Class.

11. There are three categories of students in the Upper Class—
(1) Private Students.
(2) Students already in the Government service.
(3) Students deputed by Native States.

12. *Private Students* comprise all those students who are at present without appointments in any Forest Service, and whose object it is, by becoming possessors of Forest School certificates, to obtain employment, either in the Forest Service of the Government of India, or in that of a Native State or some other owner of forest property.

(i) Candidates for admission to the Forest School as private students must not be less than 18 or more than 25 years of age, and their applications must be sent to a Conservator of Forests* through a Divisional Forest Officer of rank not below that of an Assistant Conservator of the 1st grade, or through a Collector or other district officer. Neither the Conservator, the Divisional Forest Officer, nor the Collector need belong to the forest circle or province in which the candidate seeks employment; but Divisional Forest Officers and Collectors may not forward to Conservators applications unsupported by the five certificates enumerated below, namely—

(*a*) A certificate that the candidate is a "Native of India" within the meaning† assigned to those words by section 6 of 33 Vict., Cap. 3.

(*b*) A certificate of age.

(*c*) A health certificate in the form prescribed by article 61 of the Civil Service Regulations, signed by the Civil Surgeon of the district in which the said Divisional Forest Officer's or Collector's duties lie, and testifying to the candidate's sound constitution, good vision and hearing, and general physical fitness for a rough out-door life in the Forest Department.

(*d*) A certificate of respectability and good moral character from two or more persons, whose social or official position can be accepted as a guarantee of reliableness.

(*e*) A certificate from an officer of the Educational Department, of a rank not less than that of a Deputy-Inspector of Schools or the Head-master of a High School under public management, to the effect that the candidate's education appears sufficiently good to give hopes of his being able to pass the entrance examination.

The last three certificates must bear date not further back than the 1st October of the year preceding that in which the candidate proposes to present himself at the entrance examination.

If any person giving certificates as above under (*c*), (*d*) and (*e*) is in a position to mention anything more to the credit of the candidate than the certificates actually call for, he may do so.

(ii) Upon the receipt by the Conservator of any application in respect to which the preceding conditions shall have been observed, that officer may either accept or reject the application, without assigning any reason for so doing; or he may require the candidate to produce other or better certificates in person before him.

* Conservator of Forests, Bengal Circle, at Darjeeling.
Conservator of Forests, Assam Circle, at Shillong.
Conservators of Forests, North-Western Provinces and Oudh—
School Circle, at Dhera Dun.
Central Circle, at Naini Tal.
Oudh Circle, at Naini Tal.
Conservators of Forests, Central Provinces—
Southern Circle, at Nagpur.
Northern Circle, at Jabalpur.
Conservator of Forests, Berar Circle, at Amraoti.
Conservator of Forests, Punjab Circle, at Lahore.
Conservators of Forests, Upper Burmah—
Eastern Circle, at Mandalay.
Western Circle, at Mandalay.
Conservators of Forests, Lower Burma—
Pegu Circle, at Rangoon.
Tenasserim Circle, at Moulmein.
Conservators of Forests, Madras Presidency—
Northern Circle, at Bezvada.
Central Circle, at Madras.
Southern Circle, at Coimbatore.

† 'Native of India' means any person born and domiciled within the dominions of Her Majesty in India, or within the territories of Indian Princes tributary to or in alliance with Her Majesty, of parents habitually resident in India, and not established there for temporary purposes only. (Article 45, Civil Service Regulations.)

(iii) Conservators may, at their option, test the fitness of a candidate who desires to enter the service of Government by practical work in the forests.

(iv) Those candidates who have been approved by the Conservator will be permitted, under his recommendation, to appear at the next entrance examination for the Forest School held in his circle.

(v) The *Entrance Examination* is held early in March each year, on such date as may be fixed by the Director, both at the Imperial Forest School and at such centres as may be fixed from time to time by Local Governments, and under such officers—Educational, Revenue, Forest or other—as may be appointed: provided that the date shall be communicated by the Director to Local Governments and Conservators on or before 1st January. The subjects of examination are—

		Minima pass marks.
1. English	Conversation	50 per cent.
	Composition	33 "
2. Arithmetic	... ...	40 "
3. Algebra, up to and including quadratic equations	...	40 "
4. Elements of Euclid, Books I to IV and Book VI	...	25 "
5. Mensuration—lengths, areas and volumes, with examples		25 "

The examination papers on the above subjects will be forwarded by the Director, in sealed covers, to such officials as the Local Governments may direct, in the month preceding the examination.

(vi) A local Government may lay down rules under which the number of candidates allotted under Rule 10 to the Province for admission into the school shall be selected from the number of passed candidates. In such rules due regard must be had to the place taken in the examination, but the Local Government shall not be debarred from preferring, for good and sufficient reasons, a passed candidate who may have taken a lower place in the list to one higher on the list; provided that the Director may, after inspection of the papers of the selected candidates, place before the Local Government an objection to the admission of any of such candidates on the ground that he is below the required standard.

(vii) The Local Government may, if it thinks fit, exempt from the entrance examination any candidate who is a Bachelor of Arts, or who has obtained a degree or diploma of about the same standard, at any University in India or in the United Kingdom or in a British Colony, or at any educational institution to which the Government of India may extend the privilege: provided that such degree or diploma shall not give such candidate a preferential claim over any candidates who have passed the entrance examination, and who may appear more eligible for the Forest Service.

(viii) Prior to the admission of a student, his parents or guardians must satisfy the Director that they are willing and able to defray the expenses of the student at the School. These expenses are estimated to be not less than Rs. 735 for each student living in native fashion, and Rs. 945 in the case of those living in European fashion (*vide* Rule 21). Of these sums, parents or guardians must deposit with the Director, before the course commences, a sum of Rs. 126 in the case of native students, and Rs. 168 in the case of European students, to meet the initial cost of uniform, books, instruments, stationery and camp-equipage (*vide* Rule 18), and in addition Rs. 50 as caution-money.

(ix) Local Governments may, on the recommendation of a Conservator or of the Director, and in exceptional cases, allow selected private students who have passed the entrance examination a monthly stipend not exceeding Rs. 50, to assist them through the School course; provided that such selected private students previously execute an agreement binding themselves to serve the Local Government concerned (in the event of their obtaining the school certificate) for a period of not less than five years (*vide* Rule 17). Such monthly stipend may, in case of misconduct or unsatisfactory progress at the School, be reduced or altogether withdrawn at the discretion of the Director.

(x) The names of those private students who succeed in obtaining the School certificate will be entered by the Director in a register to be kept for that purpose, and the Conservators of those circles, in which the non-stipendiary private students may severally desire or be willing to serve, will be addressed by him with the view of obtaining appointments for such students. The Conservators concerned will for this purpose be furnished with the original certificates already referred to in clause (i) of this rule, the School certificates and such other useful information, more especially regarding the physical qualifications of the students, as the Director may be in a position to furnish.

(xi) A list of private students, who may not succeed in obtaining appointments, will be forwarded by the Director to the Inspector-General of Forests, who will circulate the list amongst Durbars, Conservators, and other persons likely to be in need of the services of trained forest officials.

(xii) The appointment to the service of Government of passed private students depends on the existence of vacancies in the various circles, and even a stipendiary student has no claim to such appointment.

13. *Candidates in the Government Service*, who may be deputed to the School, will ordinarily be either—

(*a*) members of the Provincial Service (Forest Rangers) who desire to qualify themselves for further promotion in their own or to a higher class; or

(*b*) members of the Subordinate Service (Foresters and other subordinate officials) similarly desirous of qualifying for promotion.

(i) Forest Rangers may be deputed by Local Governments, provided the candidates are certified by the Conservator under whom they are serving to possess sufficient knowledge of English and general education and ability to enable them to profit by the course. Such officers may be above 25 years of age, and need not pass the entrance examination. While at the School they will draw the pay of their grade, and the travelling allowances to which they may be entitled under the Civil Service Regulations.

(ii) Officers of the Subordinate Service may be deputed by Local Governments, provided that—

(*a*) they have been in that service for not less than three years;
(*b*) they have passed the School entrance examination;
(*c*) they are under 25 years of age;
(*d*) they have executed the formal agreement referred to in Rule 17.

Such officers will, while at the School, draw the pay and travelling allowances of their grade in the service; provided that the total amount sanctioned to meet the cost of their training, inclusive of travelling expenses, shall not be less than Rs. 735 in the case of students living in the native style, and Rs. 945 in the case of students living in European fashion (*vide* Rule 21).

14. *Students deputed by Native States* may be admitted on the request of the State concerned; provided that—

(*a*) they have passed the entrance examination of the School;
(*b*) they have produced the certificates required for admission, specified in Rule 12 (i).

The Durbars of Native States sending students to the School shall, before the beginning of each term, or of each year if preferred, deposit with the Director a sum sufficient to meet the expenses of the students. This sum, for the whole course, must not be less than Rs. 735 for students living in native fashion, and Rs. 945 for those living in European fashion (*vide* Rule 21).

B.—Lower Class.

15. There are also three categories of students in the Lower Class—

(*a*) Private students.
(*b*) Students in Government service.
(*c*) Students deputed by Native States.

The rules for admission to the Lower Class are the same as those detailed in Rules 12, 13, and 14 for admission to the Upper Class, with the following exceptions:—

(i) Instead of the Entrance Examination, the candidate must furnish a certificate of having passed the Middle Class Examination in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, or an equivalent standard in another province, as well as a certificate that he possesses a competent knowledge of Hindustani.

(ii) The cost of training will not be less than Rs. 588 (*vide* Rule 21) for the whole course of 21 months.

(iii) The required deposit will be Rs. 84, and the caution-money Rs. 25.

C.—General.

16. No student of European or Eurasian extraction, not already in the permanent employment of Government or of a Native State, shall be admitted into the Forest School if he is married; nor shall any such student, whether in the permanent employment of Government or of a Native State or not, marry whilst at the School or until he has joined a permanent appointment. A breach of this rule will render the student liable to dismissal from the School, or to forfeiture of any appointment in the Forest Service which may have been promised to him, or to which he may otherwise have a claim.

17. *Agreement and Security Bond.*—Officers of the Subordinate Service, deputed to the School by Local Governments under Rules 13 (ii) and 15, shall execute a formal agreement—the sureties for the fulfilment of which should be men of position and means—to continue in the Forest Service of the Local Government concerned for a period of not less than five years after passing out of the Forest School, and on such rates of pay as may be in accordance with the existing organisation of the Department. A breach of this condition will render the defaulter and his sureties liable for the refund of the entire cost of the student's education at the School. The agreement and security bond shall be in the appended forms, and must be executed before the student is admitted to the School. The agreement will be signed by the student and, if he is a minor, by his father or guardian also; the bond by the student and two sureties. The amount of security to be taken will be—

		Rs.
For a Lower Class student	... ...	600
" an Upper Class student	Native	750
	European	1,000

The agreement and security bond need not be stamped.

The same rule shall apply to private students who may be granted stipends under Rule 12 (ix), subject, however, to the proviso of Rule 12 (xii). Should any such student not be appointed to the Forest Service of Government at the end of his School course, his agreement and security bond will be returned to him.

18. *Uniform, book, and camp allowances.*—The Director is authorised to make deductions from the pay of Forest Ranger students under Rule 13 (i), or of students of the Subordinate Service under Rules 13 (ii) and 15, or from the stipends of private students under Rules 12 (ix) and 15, to the following amounts:—

			Rs.		Rs.	
Lower Class students		...	4	monthly, or	84	in all
Upper Class students	Native	...	6	" "	126	"
	European	...	8	" "	168	"

in order to meet the following items of initial expenditure, viz.:—

	Upper Class.		Lower Class.
	Native.	European.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Uniform and equipment	20	50	20
Books and instruments	60	60	24
Camp outfit	46	58	40
Total ...	126	168	84

The Director will charge off in his accounts such portions of the above as may be necessary from time to time to meet expenditure on the items mentioned, until the whole of the amounts are exhausted, after which the student will be required to pay in cash for articles supplied.

19. *Travelling allowances of private students in receipt of stipends.*—Students holding stipends from Local Governments under Rule 12 (ix) are not entitled to travelling allowance; but as the tours entail greater expenditure in some months than in others, the Director is authorised to make a further monthly deduction from their stipends of Rs. 5 from Upper Class Native students and Rs. 7 from Upper Class Europeans students, and to disburse the amounts in the following manner:—

	Native students.	European students.
	Rs.	Rs.
Monthly travelling allowances { November-May, 1st year. November-March, 2nd year. }	4	8
Or for 12 months ...	48	96
Special additional allowance for Hill tour ...	22	16
" " for Punjab tour ...	35	35
Total ...	105	147

20. Should the Conservator of a Circle from which any Government student of the Subordinate Service is deputed to the School, under Rule 13 (ii), prefer it, he can, subject to the orders of his Government, authorise the Director to pay travelling allowance to such student at the rates given in Rule 19, instead of at the rates allowed by the Civil Service Regulations. And in the case of Lower Class Government students, deputed to the School under Rule 15, he may similarly authorise the payment of travelling allowance at the following rates, instead of the rates permissible under the Civil Service Regulations:—

	Rs.
Monthly travelling allowance at Rs. 4	48
Special hill tour allowance	16
" Punjab tour allowance	20
Total ...	84

which rates are equivalent to a permanent travelling allowance of Rs. 4 per month for the whole course.

21. *Estimated expense of training.*—It has been calculated that, in addition to the amounts specified in Rule 18 for cost of uniform, books, &c., and camp equipment, and in Rules 19 and 20 for travelling, the minimum monthly subsistence money for students comes to Rs. 20, 24, and 30, respectively; so that the minimum pay and travelling allowances of Government students under Rule 13 (ii), and the minimum stipends for stipendiary students under Rule 12 (ix), should not be less than Rs. 35 and Rs. 45, respectively, nor should the minimum pay and travelling allowances of Lower Class students (Rule 15) be less than Rs. 28. Thus, the minimum cost of training will be as follows:—

	Lower Class.	Upper Class.	
		Native.	European.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Subsistence money	20	24	30
Uniform, books, and camp outfit	4	6	8
Travelling allowance	4	5	7
Total per mensem ...	28	35	45
Or for the 21 months of the course ...	588	735	945

The same amounts should be taken as minima in calculating the allowances to be deposited on account of students from Native States under Rules 14 and 15, or provided by parents and guardians for the cost of training of private students.

Section III.—Disciplinary Rules.

22. *Quarters.*—The Director will allot to students, on their arrival in Dehra, such quarters as may be available in the School buildings or in the houses rented by him for students' accommodation. The School quarters are tenable during the whole period of the students' course, and the rent is Rs. 2 monthly for each student, or Rs. 4 for each room. Students for whom there is no accommodation in quarters or in houses rented by the Director, or who may prefer it, can, with the permission of the Director, reside in the town in lodgings selected by themselves; but in that case the Director will accept no responsibility for the rent.

All students, living in quarters or in the rented houses, are expected to abide by such orders as the Director may issue from time to time for the purpose of ensuring cleanliness and sanitation.

No dogs are allowed in quarters, nor may dogs or horses be brought inside the School grounds.

Breakages of furniture, etc., in the quarters or School buildings must be paid for by the students. Students are responsible for the acts of their servants.

23. *Uniform.*—All students must wear the School uniform, which consists of a suit of khaki drill with white-metal buttons, and a grey turban of prescribed pattern, for the hot weather, and of khaki serge with similar buttons for the cold weather and camp. Those students who become members of the Dehra Dun Mounted Rifles are, however, permitted to wear the undress uniform of the corps, which also consists of a suit of khaki drill, of pattern similar to that of the School. Students who are Volunteers will wear, as head-dress, a brown shikar hat while at the School, and the regular corps helmet when on parade. Native students may dispense with turbans, or wear other head-dress, only with the Director's special permission. Uniform must always be worn inside the School building. It must also be worn in the School grounds up to 5 P.M.

24. *Uniform and Camp Equipment.*—The uniform of members of the Dehar Dun Mounted Rifles may be obtained through the corps staff; that of other students through the Storekeeper of the School, on the Director's order. As camp equipment each student requires—

(1) A small tent, not larger than 10 feet × 8 feet.
(2) A camp bed.
(3) A small camp table.
(4) A camp chair or "morah."

These articles are made at the School and issued at cost price to students.

25. *Books and Instruments.*—The list of books and instruments required by each student will be published by the Director from time to time. The articles must be purchased from the Director, who endeavours to obtain them of the best quality procurable, consistent with cheapness. No article will, however, be issued by the Storekeeper, except (*a*) on order of the Director, or (*b*) on cash payment.

Copies of the Forest Acts and Forest Code, as also surveying instruments and herbarium presses, are issued on loan, and students using them will be responsible for their safe custody and return.

26. *Leave.*—During the course of instruction, no student may leave Dehra without the written order of the Director. Nor may students, while in camp, leave the camp head-

quarters without the written order of the Deputy Director or the Instructor in charge. Subsidiary rules regarding leave will be made by the Director from time to time.

27. *Holidays.*—During the rains term, Saturday will usually be observed as a holiday or devoted to excursions. In camp, it will ordinarily be a half-holiday. Such of the usual gazetted holidays as are allowed will be notified as such from time to time.

28. *Punishments.*—Students are liable to the following punishments :—

(1) Reprimand by the teacher in class.
(2) Reprimand by the Director or the Deputy Director at any time.
(3) Reprimand before a meeting, convened by the Director, of not less than three School officers, one of whom must be either the Director or the Deputy Director. The proceedings of the meeting will be reported to the Conservator or the Native State deputing the student, or to his parents or guardians if he is a private student; and, if the meeting so decides, a note of them will be made on his final certificate.
(4) The Director, acting with the consensus of the meeting referred to under (3), has power to inflict, in addition, a fine to the extent of one-third of the salary or allowances of the student for a period not exceeding three months.
(5) The Director, acting with the consensus of a full meeting of the School officers presided over by himself, has power to dismiss any student for misconduct; and a student thus dismissed cannot be re-admitted to the School. The Director may remand any student who, in his opinion, is not sufficiently promising.

29. *Monthly Reports.*—A progress report on the work of each student will be issued monthly by the Director. It will record the number of marks obtained by the student at the last monthly examination, his application to his studies, and his conduct generally. It will be sent, for Government students or private students in receipt of stipends, to the Conservator of the Circle from which the student is deputed; for Native State students, to such person as the Durbar may direct; and for ordinary private students, to the parent or guardian concerned.

30. *Library.*—The books in the School Library are available for the use of students under such rules as the Director may make from time to time. Books of reference must be consulted in the library itself, and no books may be taken away except after application to the librarian and entry in a register.

31. *Museum.*—The Museum and Herbarium are also available for the use of students; but the objects in the museum may not be handled or removed without the express permission of the Director or the Deputy Director. Permission to consult the herbarium may be obtained from the Director or the Deputy Director, but the plants must be kept in their order as arranged, and no sheets removed or altered without permission.

32. *Athletic Sports.*—The gymnasium and the tennis-courts will be available for the use of students during all recreation hours on week-days. Cricket and football may be played on the old parade ground. Students are recommended to join the School Athletic Club, the subscription to which is Rs. 4 yearly, and half-rates for those who do not play all the games.

Forms of Agreement and Bond to be executed by students already in the service of, or in receipt of stipends from, Government, previous to entry into the Forest School, Dehra Dun.

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT made and entered into this day of 18 BETWEEN of of the first part of son of the said of the second part and the SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL hereinafter referred to as the Secretary of State of the third part. Whereby each of the parties hereto so far as the covenants, and conditions on his own part are to be observed and performed covenants with the other of them as follows:—

1. The said hereby of his own free will and consent and with the approbation and consent of the said testified by the execution by him of these presents agrees with and to the Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns that he the said shall well and faithfully pursue his studies at the Government Forest School, Dehra Dun, and qualify for the Forest Service of the Government of British India or of any Local Government.

2. The said shall after completing his studies at the said Forest School and if so required to do serve the Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns in the Forest Department of the Government of British India or of any Local Government for a period of not less than five years and shall during the whole of such period diligently and efficiently do all acts and discharge all duties which may be required to be done by him in his capacity as an officer of the said Department.

3. The Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns hereby engages to educate the said at the Dehra Dun Forest School in all matters relating to forest service forest works and forest administration that it may be deemed necessary by the Director of the said School to teach the said

4. The Secretary of State shall pay the said during the whole period of his stay at the said School at and after the rate of Rs. per month and thereafter while the said shall faithfully and diligently serve

as an officer of the said Forest Department at and after the rate of not less than Rs. per month and the said shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges in respect of pay pension and promotion accorded to officers of the said Department for the time by the Rules and Regulations of the Department.

5. Lastly it is hereby agreed and declared that the Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns shall be at liberty to rescind this agreement on account of the negligence failure to attend to duty idleness or any insubordination or misconduct on the part of the said and to dismiss him from the said Forest School or the service of the said Department and the said shall not be entitled to any of the privileges hereby imposed on him but the said or shall thereupon refund to the Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns the total cost including the monthly payments made to the said while at the said School incurred by the Secretary of State or his successors in office or assigns in respect of the education of the said at the said School. IN WITNESS whereof the said parties to these presents have hereunto set their respective hands and seals the day and year first above written.

KNOW ALL MEN by these presents that we of (principal obligor) of and of (sureties) are jointly and severally bound to the SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL in the sum of Rs. to be paid to the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns or his or their certain attorney or attorneys for which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves our heirs executors administrators and representatives and each of us binds himself his heirs executors administrators and representatives firmly by these presents sealed with our seals and dated this day of 18 .

WHEREAS the Secretary of State for India in Council for himself and his successors in office and assigns has engaged to educate the said at the Dehra Dun Forest School in all matters relating to forest science forest works and forest administration that it may be deemed necessary by the Director of the said School to teach the said and has also agreed to pay him during the whole period of his stay at the said School at and after the rate of rupees per month and whereas the cost per annum of such education without any such allowance being included is estimated to be Rs. which shall be taken to be the actual cost for the purpose of these presents and whereas in consideration of such education and pay to be given to the said as aforesaid by the said Secretary of State and his successors in office and assigns the said has agreed with the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns that he will after completing his studies at the said School and if required to do so serve in the Forest Department of the Government of British India for a period of not less than five years during the whole of which time he will diligently and efficiently do all acts and discharge all duties which may be required of him to be done in his capacity as an officer of the said Department. AND WHEREAS the said Secretary of State has also on his part agreed that the said shall be paid for such service at and after the rate of not less than rupees per month and shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges in respect of pay pension and promotion accorded to officers of the said Department for the time being by the Rules and Regulations of the Department. AND WHEREAS for the purpose of securing and indemnifying the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns against all loss and damage which he or they might or may in any way suffer by reason of the said leaving without permission the service of the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns in less than five years after the completion of his studies at the said School and for the purpose also of securing the refund to the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns of the total cost including the monthly payments made to the said while at the said School incurred by the said Secretary of State or his successors in office or assigns in respect of the education of the said at the said School and in consideration of the payment and education so as aforesaid to be made and given to the said at the said School and as one of the conditions of the admission of the said to the said School it has also been agreed that the said and the said and as his sureties should execute the above-written Bond subject to the condition hereinafter contained. Now the condition of the above-written Bond or obligation is such that if the said shall well and faithfully and diligently pursue his studies at the said School and qualify for the said Forest Service and shall also after completing his studies at the said Forest School and if so required to do serve the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns in the Forest Department of the Government of British India or of any Local Government for a period of not less than five years and shall during the whole of such period diligently and efficiently do all acts and discharge all duties which may be required to be done by him in his capacity as an officer of the said Department and if the said and or either of them their or either of their heirs executors administrators and representatives shall well and truly indemnify the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns against all loss and

damage which he or they might or may in any way suffer by reason of the said giving cause for dismissal either while at the said school or while in the service of Government thereafter or of his leaving the service of the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns without permission in less than five years after the completion of the studies of the said at the said school and if the said and or either of them their or either of their heirs executors administrators or representatives shall also pay to the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns all sum or sums in any way expended paid or incurred by the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns in respect of the education of the said at the said school then the above-written bond or obligation shall be void otherwise the same shall remain in full force and virtue. PROVIDED ALWAYS and it is hereby expressly agreed and declared that these presents shall be treated and considered as entered into under the orders of the Government of India for the performance by the said and and of a public duty and an act in which the public are interested within the meaning of section 74 of Act IX of 1872 of the Legislative Council of India.

IN WITNESS, &c.

Notification by the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department, No. 4760S.R., dated Calcutta, the 29th November 1892.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act (I of 1879), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the duties payable on the agreements and security-bonds required to be executed, under the rules to regulate appointments and promotions in the Provincial Forest Service, by students and their sureties previous to entry into the Forest School, Dehra Dun.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF ARTS AND MANUFACTURE TO BE HELD AT ANTWERP IN 1894.

THE following is published for general information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. H. RISLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE DEPT.,
The 15th August 1893.

No. $\frac{2634}{51}$.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Revenue and Agricultural Department (Museums and Exhibitions),—dated Simla, the 4th August 1893.

READ—

Letter dated 21st June 1893 from the Consul-General for Belgium, Bombay, intimating that an International Exhibition will be held at Antwerp between the months of May and November 1894, and inviting the co-operation of the Government of India.

RESOLUTION.

THE Consul-General has been informed that the Governor-General in Council regrets that financial considerations prevent any extensive contributions being furnished by the Government of India itself. Arrangements will, however, be made by the Reporter on Economic Products to contribute a collection of products either likely to be useful to Indo-Belgian trade or calculated to attract Belgian capital to India. A small grant of money will be allowed for the freight of this collection and of such articles as may be provided by private exhibitors and approved by the Reporter on Economic Products. The Inspector-General of Forests has also been instructed to arrange for a collection of forest products and timbers which are likely to find a demand on the Continent. As regards the representation of artware, one of the leading dealers in Indian art manufactures has been informed that if he is prepared to exhibit a collection of such manufactures the space required at the Exhibition will be provided at the cost of Government.

Mr. E. Thurston, Officiating Reporter on Economic Products, has been placed in charge of arrangements so far as the participation by the Government of India in the Exhibition is concerned. But the general conduct of arrangements for representation of Indian exhibitors will be undertaken by the Consul-General, Bombay, and by the Indian Consular Agents for Belgium at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Karachi and Rangoon, and intending exhibitors should apply to them for any information which they may require.

ORDER.—Ordered that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information, and that copies be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations with a request that the above information regarding the Exhibition may be notified in the local Gazettes.

[True Extract.]

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 12th August 1893.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan Aug. 12, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	2·69 3·31 1·24 1·64	Ordinary monsoon weather. Transplantation nearly over. *Aus* and sugarcane doing well. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 12 } Kalna ... ... 9 to 12¼ } per rupee. Katwa ... ... 11¾ } Raniganj ... ... 13 }
	2	Bankura „ 12, '93 Vishnupur ...	2·85 0·67	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* rice still going on in places. *Aus* plants coming on well. Common rice selling at— Srs. Bankura ... ... 13½ } per rupee. Vishnupur ... ... 12 }
	3	Birbhum „ 12, '93 Rampur Hát ...	1·27 1·36	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of paddy seedlings, which have now been transplanted, are excellent, but sunshine is required for their healthy growth. Price of common rice 11 to 14½ seers per rupee.
	4	Midnapore „ 12, '93	2·31	Weather—cloudy. There has been more or less rain all over the district. Cyclone in Contai. Prospects of crops good except in parts of Patashpur and Bhagabanpur where the land is submerged under water. Indigo and sugarcane doing well. Transplantation of *haimanti* crops going on. No want of water and fodder. No cattle-disease. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 } Contai ... ... 12¼ } per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 10 to 11 } Ghatal ... ... 10 }
	5	Hooghly „ 12, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	2·76 4·03 1·11	Weather—seasonable. Jute and *aus* doing well; harvesting of both commencing. Transplantation of *aman* nearly finished; prospects generally favourable. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 } Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ } per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 9 to 11 }
	6	Howrah „ 12, '93 Ulubaria ...	1·85 1·48	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* paddy continues. Sugarcane, jute and paddy doing pretty well. Condition of cattle good. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 10 seers per rupee.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas „ 12, '93	2·47	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* going on except in the tracts under water. *Aus* and jute injured by excess of rain. Prospects of crops not favourable in the south of the district, but fair elsewhere. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 10¾ } Diamond Harbour ... ... 11 } per rupee. Barasat ... ... 10 } Basirhat ... ... 10 }
	8	Nadia „ 12, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	3·26 3·28 2·20 2·26 1·27	Weather—hot with heavy showers. Prospects of crops fair. Transplantation of *aman* rice continues. Harvest of early rice proceeds. Prices stationary.
	9	Khulna „ 12, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	8·65 8·54 7·19	Weather—cloudy with very heavy rain about the middle of the week. Transplantation of *aman* going on. Both *aus* and *aman* in Khulna thana in Sadar and in many parts of Satkhira and Bagerhat badly damaged by the heavy rain and the sudden rise of the rivers. If the water does not subside soon there will be serious loss. Jute badly damaged in Bagerhat. Coarse rice selling at 9 or 10 seers per rupee. Fodder sufficient.
	10	Jessore „ 12, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	3·57 3·20 1·45 5·08 3·32	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Harvesting of *aus*, transplantation of *aman*, and jute extracting going on. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices steady.
	11	Murshidabad „ 12, '93	3·17	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* nearly finished. Harvesting of *bhadoi* continues. State of jute, mulberry and sugarcane appears to be good. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Coarse rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*				
Chittagong Divn.				
12	Chittagong	Aug. 12, '93	8·30	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* being still harvested and *aman* transplanted. Prospects not good. In some places in the Sadar sub-division the standing crops have been damaged by insects, and in Garjonia in the Cox's Bazar sub-division an insect called *chuna poka* is reported to have made appearance. Prices rising. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
13	Noakhali	„ 12, '93	11·16	Almost continuous rain with occasional break. State and prospects of crops not good. Cattle-disease abating. Fodder not available in sufficient quantities. Common rice selling at 10 seers per rupee.
14	Tippera	„ 12, '93	8·36	Constant rain throughout the week; no sunshine at all. If the floods in the north of the district rise no higher *aman* will do well: *aus* is a poor crop, and in several small tracts has been totally destroyed by rapid rise and strong current of floods. Rice selling at 10 seers per rupee.
15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	„ 11, '93	5·30	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Paddy plants in *jum* are forming ear in some places. *Aus* paddy in low lands progressing. Price of common rice 10 seers per rupee. No cattle-disease reported.
Dacca Divn.				
16	Dacca	„ 12, '93	Figures not furnished	Weather—cloudy and rainy with high wind. Harvesting of *aus* and jute going on. These crops have been partially damaged by the floods. If the floods do not subside soon and if the wind continues higher the *aman* crop is likely to be damaged. Common rice selling at 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
17	Faridpur	„ 12, '93	5·55	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* is being cut and jute-steeping going on. Rivers rising, and the condition of the *aman* on high lands is still hopeful. The *aman* on low lands much damaged by rain. Common rice sells from 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good generally, but cattle-disease continues in thanas Palang and Shibchar in Madaripur.
	Goalundo	...	3·56	
	Madaripur	...	4·42	
18	Backergunge	„ 12, '93	5·59	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops not promising. The standing crops have been damaged in places by the flood and heavy rain. Common rice is being sold from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	Pirojpur	...		
	Patuakhali	...		
	Bhola	...		
19	Mymensingh	„ 12, '93	7·93	Weather—rainy throughout the week. *Aus* and jute are being reaped. Considerable damage has been caused to these crops by heavy rain, and the outturn is not expected to be more than 10 annas. Transplantation of *aman* going on, but is impeded by heavy rain. Common rice selling at 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient except in Badla station.
Rajshahi Divn.				
20	Dinajpur	„ 12, '93	7·83	Weather—wet and rainy. Standing crops doing well. No more rain wanted at present. Transplantation of *haimanti* still going on. Jute being cut and steeped. Price of rice at Sadar 13½ seers per rupee; that at Thakurgaon unchanged. Cattle in good condition. Fodder and drinking water sufficient.
	Thakurgaon	...	5·84	
21	Rajshahi	„ 12, '93	4·48	Weather—seasonable and rainy. The general condition of the crops is reported to be good, but we are still having more rain than we want. There is no cattle-disease. Fodder and water-supply ample. Price of rice varies from 10 to 13 seers per rupee.
	Nator	...	2·67	
	Naugaon	...	0·74	
22	Rangpur	„ 12, '93	8·18	Heavy rain during the week. The rain came opportunely after a long break. Transplantation of *aman* going on. Common rice 11 to 13 seers per rupee.
	Kurigaon	...	7·26	
	Gaibanda	...	1·91	
	Nilphamari	...	5·99	
23	Bogra	„ 12, '93	2·49	Heavy rain in the latter part of the week. Transplantation of *aman* goes on. Cutting of jute has commenced; probable outturn estimated at 12 annas. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	Sherpur	...	3·85	
	Naukhila	...	3·89	
24	Pabna	„ 12, '93	5·92	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Raining every day. *Aus* and jute are being cut. Common rice sells at 10¼ seers per rupee at Pabna and Rs. 3-14 to Rs. 4-2 per maund at Sirajganj. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
25	Darjeeling	„ 12, '93	14·58	Weather—rainy. *In the hills*:—Indian-corn, *kangui*, *shama*, potatoes and *phaphur* being harvested. *Bhadoi* ripening. *Aghani* paddy and *bara marua* progressing favourably. *Chota marua* flowering. *In the Terai*:—Harvesting of *bhadoi* going on. Transplanting of *haimanti* continues. Jute doing well. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 10 }
	Siliguri	...	3·83	
26	Jalpaiguri	„ 12, '93	14·11	Weather—rainy. Harvesting of *bhadoi* continues. Transplantation of *haimanti* still going on. Prospects of jute good. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
BHAGALPUR DIVN.			
27	Monghyr Aug. 12, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	4·35 2·78 3·29	Weather—cloudy with frequent showers. *Bhadoi* crops on the low lands are damaged to a certain extent; high land crops are doing well. Transplantation of *aghani* is being vigorously pushed on. Indigo and sugarcane doing well. Fodder and water plentiful. Small-pox among cattle towards Nawadi, Sheikhpura and Bukhtiarpur. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 13¼ } Begusarai ... ... 13 } per rupee. Jamui ... ... 12 }
28	Bhagalpur „ 12, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ...	4·09 1·46 2·75 4·49	The *marua* and *makai* crops will yield about 8 annas. Indigo 14 annas. Transplantation in progress. Prospects of *bhadoi* and winter rice good. Price of common rice 13 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
29	Purnea „ 12, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	3·83 6·35 7·25	Weather—hot at the beginning of the week, but rainy towards the end. It has become cooler. *Bhadoi* doing well in most parts and being cut in Kishanganj. Transplantation of *aghani* progressing. The heavy rainfall in the subdivisions has done much good. Jute doing well in Sadar and Arraria. It is being steeped in Kishanganj, where new jute is being exported. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 14 } Kishanganj ... ... 13 } per rupee. Arraria ... ... 16 }
30	Malda „ 12, '93	5·76	Weather—first part of the week fair; latterly hot and cloudy with frequent heavy showers. Harvesting of *bhadoi* paddy continues; estimated outturn not less than 16 annas. Transplanting of winter paddy not yet finished. Coarse rice selling at from 11 to 16 seers per rupee. No want of fodder or drinking water.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 12, 93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	5·46 1·17 1·37 2·22 3·5 1·22	Weather—sunshine at intervals and many heavy showers. Prospects of Indian-corn very poor—probably from 4 to 8 annas. Paddy nearly all transplanted. Prospects good. *Bhadoi* paddy being cut. Prices unchanged. Fodder plentiful.
PATNA DIVISION.			
32	Patna „ 12, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapore ...	4·05 3·80 2·46 2·57	Weather—cloudy and rainy. There has been heavy rain during the latter part of the week, which is sufficient for the transplantation of paddy now in full progress. It is, however, not favourable for *bhadoi* crops on low lands. *Cheena* is being harvested. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } Barh ... ... 12 or 12½ } Bihar ... ... 15 } per rupee. Dinapore ... ... 13 }
33	Gaya „ 12, '93 Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ... Nawada ...	2·86 1·31 0·99 3·4	Weather—seasonable. Paddy transplantation going on. Harvesting of *marua* commenced in places. Prices stationary. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
34	Shahabad „ 12, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	4·71 3·62 4·15 4·04	Weather—cloudy skies with westerly winds and frequent heavy showers. *Bhadoi* has been damaged in some localities by excessive rain. A break is now wanted. Young *kharif* is looking splendid.
35	Darbhanga „ 12, '93 Samastipur ... Madhubani ...	7·57 3·22 1·81	Weather—rainy almost throughout the week. Prospects of *bhadoi* unfavourably affected by continued heavy showers. Rivers also are in floods, and much damage is apprehended to *makai* and other *bhadoi* crops on low lying lands. Paddy is also being washed away in places. Fine weather is very much needed everywhere. Prices remain stationary.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 12, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	6·33 3·10 2·90	Weather—somewhat rainy. *Bhadoi* generally damaged by excessive rain. Floods in Sitamarhi and Sadar and Katra and Paru thanas have destroyed much *makai*. Paddy on low lands in Sitamarhi washed away, but will be retransplanted. Fodder and water sufficient. No disease among cattle.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—concld.			
37	Saran Aug. 12, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	3·33 2·39 2·66	Weather—fair during the first two days of the week; showery since Monday (5th). Maize crop much improved by the break in the rains. What areas had not been transplanted with paddy have now been transplanted with the favourable rain now falling. The Gogra is rising and supplying water to higher paddy lands. Prospects on the whole which were fair have improved. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Chapra ... ... 13 Siwan ... ... 13 } per rupee. Gopalganj 13
38	Champaran „ 12, '93	8·18	Heavy rain every day, and latterly almost incessant though less heavy rain. Transplantation of paddy is generally in abeyance in consequence of incessant rain. *Makai* damaged by flood. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack „ 12, '93	3·70	Weather—cloudy with occasional heavy showers. *Beali* in ear. *Sarad* being transplanted. Supply of fodder sufficient. Price of common rice almost unchanged.
40	Puri „ 10, '93 Khurda ... Banpur ...	4·20 3·20 1·47	Weather—stormy with frequent showers. Sufficient rain has fallen all over the district. Agricultural operations are in good progress. *Beali* is in ear. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 12 8 to 17 5 } per rupee. Khurda ... ... 11 0 to 17 1
41	Balasore „ 12, '93	5·78	Weather—cloudy with showers. Winter rice 12-anna crop expected. Transplantation still going on. The winter crop will be very late. More rain required. In Bhadrak *beali* 15-anna crop expected. Prices of common rice stationary:— Srs. Balasore ... ... 13 } per rupee. Bhadrak 15
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh Aug. 12, '93	3·69	Weather—cloudy with frequent showers. Paddy and *marua* transplanted. *Goondli* being harvested. Excessive rain damaged *bhadoi* crops. Prospect of paddy fair at present. Prices stationary.
43	Lohardaga „ 12, '93	4·90	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of winter paddy nearly finished. Prospects of *bhadoi* good. *Goondli* and *makai* are being reaped. Common rice selling at 14 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau „ 11, '93	2·96	Heavy rain during the week. *Bhadoi* seriously damaged. Transplantation of paddy in full swing. Cattle-disease reported from some parts. Prices slightly rising.
45	Singhbhum „ 12, '93	3·53	Weather—seasonable. There has been a good deal of sunshine this week which will do great good. The condition of the crops is good everywhere. Cattle-disease on a small scale reported from Kolhan. Prices of common rice stationary.
46	Manbhum „ 12, '93 Gobindpur ...	4·33 2·60	Weather—stormy and damp with occasional sunshine. Rice crop doing well. Indian-corn coming into market. Outturn will be meagre. Prices of rice 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 15th August, 1893.

H. H. RISLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province o

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative stations.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure. Highest, 8 A.M., barometer reading.	Lowest, 8 A.M., barometer reading.	Mean, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, Lat. 45°.	Variation from normal mean.	Wind. Mean direction at 8 A.M.	Mean velocity in miles daily.	Temperature. Highest of month.	Lowest of month.	Mean daily maximum temperature.	Mean daily minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.	Variation from normal mean.	Humidity. Mean, 8 A.M., humidity.	Variation from normal mean.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	29·743	29·519	29·631	29·586	—	S72°W	218	96·7	77·6	89·7	80·6	85·2	—	84	—
		Gopalpur	29·741	29·507	29·631	29·592	+·033	S54°W	262	90·2	75·8	87·8	78·0	82·9	—0·1	86	—
		False Point	29·753	29·485	29·628	29·591	+·036	S59°W	274	92·0	74·6	87·6	78·5	83·1	+0·1	85	—3
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·665	29·427	29·554	29·576	+·032	S67°W	71	95·2	74·8	90·4	78·3	84·4	+0·2	77	—4
	Balasore	Balasore	29·694	29·454	29·567	29·569	+·026	S33°W	141	92·4	73·8	88·3	78·0	83·2	+0·2	90	—
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·598	29·396	29·487	29·581	+·035	S28°W	81	93·3	74·1	89·7	77·8	83·8	0	86	—
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	29·739	29·506	29·610	29·577	+·041	S22°W	86	90·6	73·7	86·9	78·4	82·7	—0·6	89	+2
		Saugor Island	29·732	29·485	29·610	29·579	+·041	S40°W	370	90·2	77·0	87·3	80·2	83·8	—0·3	89	—1
	Howrah	......															
	Hooghly	......															
	Nadia	Krishnagar	29·694	29·492	29·575	29·570	+·038	S6°E	125	92·3	75·7	88·5	78·5	83·5	—0·4	86	—
	Khulna	......															
	Jessore	Jessore	29·725	29·516	29·605	29·585	+·030	S17°E	92	92·0	74·4	88·4	78·7	83·6	—0·7	90	—1
	Burdwan	Burdwan	29·647	29·451	29·532	29·577	+·042	S27°E	79	92·6	76·2	88·8	79·4	84·1	—0·8	86	+1
		Raniganj	29·410	29·222	29·290	29·575	+·038	S16°W	59	94·7	73·9	90·1	77·2	83·7	—0·4	90	—
	Bankura	Bankura	29·421	29·233	29·307	29·555	+·038	S13°W	63	94·1	75·6	89·5*	78·1	83·8*	—0·1	88	—
	Birbhum	......															
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	29·676	29·478	29·553	29·568	+·024	S13°E	98	91·7	76·3	87·5	79·0	83·3	—0·8	95	+9
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	29·707	29·503	29·590	29·586	+·022	S11°E	94	89·1	74·7	86·0	77·7	81·8	—1·6	94	—
	Bogra	Bogra	29·685	29·490	29·564	29·577	+·041	S50°E	87	90·2	74·2	87·6	76·7	82·2	—1·4	91	—
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia	29·681	29·472	29·550	29·569	+·036	S7°W	163	90·6	74·6	87·4	77·2	82·3	—1·4	90	—
	Malda	Malda	29·653	29·460	29·529	29·561	—	S30°E	71*	93·3	75·5	88·4	78·3?	83·3	—	91	—
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·627	29·425	29·502	29·577	+·019	S36°E	59	91·6	75·2	87·6	78·3	83·0	—1·3	91	—
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·632	29·426	29·512	29·589	+·007	S33°E	65	89·8	74·7	86·5	77·2	81·9	—2·2	91	—
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·404	29·263	29·362	29·599	+·047	S88°E	62	89·9	73·6	86·5	76·1	81·3	—1·4	92	—
	Kuch Bihár	......															
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	22·950	22·803	22·873	—	—·009	S45°W	108	68·6	54·1	64·7	56·7	60·7	—1·1	98	+4
	Sikkim	Gnatong	19·051	18·962	18·990	—	—	S26°W	*133?	56·9	35·1	53·4§	37·8*	45·3*	—	92	—
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·734	29·513	29·621	29·655	+·030	S15°E	130	88·7	73·1	84·6	75·9	80·3	—0·7	91	+3
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagri	Observations not received.														
	Backergunge	Barisal	29·769	29·542	29·643	29·601	+·042	S5°E	116	91·3	74·9	86·2	77·7	82·0	+0·2	89	—
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29·758	29·533	29·634	29·624	+·025	S17°E	177	87·5	74·8	84·1	77·1	80·6	—0·8	91	—
	Faridpur	Faridpur	29·751	29·529	29·618	29·612	+·040	S1°E	137	88·5	74·9	86·3	78·8	82·5	—0·3	90	—
	Dacca	Dacca	29·746	29·531	29·623	29·593	+·021	S2°E	225	90·1	75·2	87·6	79·2	83·4	—0·5	90	+1
	Tippera	Comilla	29·765	29·544	29·641	29·624	+·036	S62°E	170	89·4	74·8	85·8	76·6*	81·3	—0·8	95	—
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·705	29·511	29·593	29·604	+·018	S33°E	125	89·2	74·6	84·9	77·0	81·0	—1·9	93	—
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·610	29·402	29·481	29·559	+·011	S14°W	29	92·2	74·2	87·7	78·3	83·0	—1·6	91	+3
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·559	29·366	29·436	29·548	+·025	S36°E	35	93·7	74·5	88·7	77·7	83·3	—1·2	88	—
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·560	29·362	29·439*	29·558	+·015	S89°E	104	89·9	76·2	87·3	78·6	83·0	—1·5	90	+6
	Muzaffarpu	Muzaffarpur	29·537	29·354	29·430	29·561	—	S69°E	101	90·7	75·2	87·6	78·2	82·9	—	92	—
	Champaran	Motihari	29·478	29·294	29·370	29·550	+·020	N76°E	108	92·2	74·7	88·6	76·8	82·8	—1·6	89	—
	Saran	Chapra	29·515	29·356	29·417	29·550	+·041	S18°E	98	94·8	74·6	88·7	78·8	83·8	—1·4	89	—
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·326	29·186	29·243*	29·546*	+·027	S35°W	63?	93·8	74·0	87·9	78·3	83·1	—0·2	86	—
		Buxar	29·463	29·285	29·360	29·552	+·034	S59°W	104	92·5	74·3	87·9	77·9	82·9	—1·3	89	—
		Arrah	29·503	29·338	29·398	29·538	+·035	S86°W	46	94·4	74·5	89·6	79·1	84·4	—0·5	88	—
	Gaya	Gaya	29·320	29·164	29·219	29·545	+·019	S72°W	131*	95·0	75·8	90·2	78·2	84·2	—0·8	89	+9
	Patna	Bankipore	29·516	29·347	29·409	29·542	+·008	S63°E	101	93·5	75·2	88·0	79·1	83·5	—1·7	87	+1
	Monghyr	......															
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·229	29·043	29·112	29·555	+·030	S21°E	71	91·6	72·8	87·7	77·2	82·5	—0·7	88	—
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·727	27·571	27·630	29·567	+·035	N81°W	182	89·2	70·3	84·2	72·7	78·4	—0·7	87	+1
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·612	27·441	27·566	29·554	+·032	S77°W	159	89·0	69·4	84·1	71·7	77·9	—0·3	87†	—
	Palamau	......															—
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	28·965	28·764	28·852	29·555	+·044	S62°W	28‡	93·9	74·2	89·3	76·6	83·0	—0·1	87	—
	Manbhum	......															
Assam	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·473	29·251	29·348	29·635	+·011	S43°W	37	92·1	74·5	88·6	77·2	82·9	—1·6	93	+2
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29·655	29·420	29·528	29·597	+·022	S68°E	95	88·2	73·8	84·4	76·7	80·6	—2·7	93	+5
	Cachar	Silchar	29·705	29·503	29·592	29·647	+·030	S	42	90·5	73·8	86·6	76·5	81·6	—2·1	93	+7

* Mean of 30 days. † Mean of 24 days. ‡ Mean of 22 days. § Mean of 29 days.

Bengal for the month of July 1893.

Cloud.			District Observations.										
			Rainfall										
			Of month.					Since 16th May 1893.					
Mean cloud amount, 8 A. M.	Variation from normal mean, 8 A. M.	Rainfall.	Mean of district.	Normal mean.	Variation from mean.	Number of rainy days.	Normal mean number of rainy days.	Mean of district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean number of rainy days.	Normal mean number of rainy days.	District.
5·8 3·0 7·8	— — —0·4	3·58 6·36 6·86	8·37	11·99	—3·62	11·50	14·51	31·17	22·32	+8·85	25·00	26·04	Puri.
6·1	—1·5	6·48		12·31			14·84		23·90			28·04	Cuttack.
4·5	—	13·19		13·01			15·25		23·90			28·86	Balasore.
4·9	—	8·18	8·42	13·32	—4·90	12·25	15·24	38·10	24·73	+13·37	32·25	29·25	Midnapore.
9·4 9·5	—0·3 +1·2	10·97 16·88	11·40	13·19	—1·79	15·43	17·62	40·58	25·93	+14·65	34·96	33·91	24-Parganas.
			9·56	13·03	—3·47	15·00	18·51	41·74	24·78	+16·96	35·00	34·08	Howrah.
			10·18	12·45	—2·27	15·33	16·88	39·15	24·22	+14·93	35·66	32·71	Hooghly.
8·8	—	7·78	11·65	10·24	+1·41	17·00	15·44	39·64	23·33	+16·31	38·60	31·83	Nadia.
			13·51	12·86	+0·65	18·67	18·86	43·69	29·03	+14·66	42·34	38·20	Khulna.
8·7	—0·5	8·00	8·24	10·19	—1·95	18·40	15·67	32·24	25·23	+7·01	39·80	33·81	Jessore.
9·4 3·3	+0·9 —	15·17 9·03	11·94	11·36	+0·58	13·75	15·35	35·47	22·52	+12·95	32·50	29·54	Burdwan.
8·1	—	10·24	10·81	13·29	—2·48	16·75	17·61	39·06	25·64	+13·42	38·00	33·49	Bankura.
			14·11	12·67	+1·44	19·00	17·10	32·99	25·37	+7·62	39·34	32·10	Birbhum.
9·4	+0·2	12·51	13·28	10·88	+2·40	20·00	15·69	38·94	23·09	+15·85	42·07	31·39	Murshidabad.
9·8	—	20·23	17·08	10·57	+6·51	20·00	15·08	47·13	25·42	+21·71	44·50	33·14	Pabna.
7·3	—	14·14	14·18	12·75	+1·43	21·00	15·05	36·67	30·03	+6·64	42·75	33·35	Bogra.
7·6	—	11·28	15·19	11·59	+3·60	16·33	15·29	40·60	26·28	+14·32	37·66	31·91	Rajshahi.
6·2	—	16·43	15·46	11·99	+3·47	24·00	16·12	32·09	26·62	+5·47	46·00	30·79	Malda.
9·4	—	14·97	19·05	12·13	+6·92	23·20	15·51	39·63	29·86	+9·77	46·80	32·28	Dinajpur.
3·3	—	18·93	27·04	13·99	+13·05	22·25	15·44	51·30	42·38	+8·92	46·00	37·12	Rangpur.
8·4	—	37·85	38·36	25·66	+12·70	27·00	19·35	57·97	61·52	—3·55	48·00	45·28	Jalpaiguri.
			43·93	19·74	+24·19	24·00	17·47	70·12	59·99	+10·13	50·25	44·80	Kuch Bihar.
9·9	+1·1	25·06	37·07	34·85	+2·22	27·25	24·05	68·98	70·75	—1·77	54·00	51·90	Darjeeling.
8·6	—	28·01											Sikkim.
8·9	+1·0	12·99	20·33	31·06	—10·73	22·50	21·79	89·85	65·66	+24·19	53·00	45·00	Chittagong.
			20·16	19·04	+1·12	25·00	22·00	69·43	42·11	+27·32	60·00	47·35	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
9·9	—	15·27	15·83	17·98	—2·15	22·25	21·51	55·38	40·91	+14·47	40·50	43·94	Backergunge.
4·1	—	24·07	24·15	23·27	+0·88	26·50	22·19	68·82	55·12	+13·70	55·50	44·99	Noakhali.
8·0	—	9·27	9·39	11·90	—2·51	16·67	16·37	42·82	28·54	+14·28	40·67	36·05	Faridpur.
9·2	+1·3	8·82	9·87	14·12	—4·25	18·50	17·13	33·81	31·26	+2·55	41·25	37·35	Dacca.
8·3	—	20·96	16·18	13·82	+2·36	20·00	17·93	44·64	34·53	+10·11	44·50	39·81	Tippera.
9·0	—	27·98	24·50	12·59	+10·91	23·20	16·80	54·52	35·75	+18·77	46·60	38·93	Mymensingh.
5·8	—1·7	23·63	27·06	15·45	+11·61	21·00	16·47	42·37	32·05	+10·32	37·66	30·86	Purnea.
9·0	—	18·51	17·66	11·04	+6·62	17·50	15·18	27·14	21·37	+5·77	32·00	27·03	Bhagalpur.
8·1	+1·5	16·00		11·59			12·88		20·90			23·17	Darbhanga.
7·6	—	13·07	15·70	11·42	+4·28	21·67	12·89	24·28	20·14	+4·14	32·34	22·73	Muzaffarpur.
8·3	—	31·92	26·57	11·37	+15·60	21·50	11·67	37·40	21·04	+16·36	34·50	22·43	Champaran.
9·4	—	9·85	12·35	12·18	+0·17	18·00	13·64	19·58	19·69	—0·11	31·34	22·66	Saran.
4·7 8·5 4·6	— — —	10·35 12·24 16·61	13·46	11·39	+2·07	16·80	14·65	21·57	17·43	+4·14	31·40	22·61	Shahabad.
5·9	—3·1	13·92	16·25	12·23	+4·02	16·75	14·08	25·44	19·18	+6·26	31·75	22·23	Gaya.
9·4	+1·1	14·50	14·12	11·93	+2·19	16·50	14·03	25·69	19·54	+6·15	29·50	22·75	Patna.
			14·36	12·07	+2·29	17·00	15·63	30·54	19·96	+10·58	32·33	25·35	Monghyr.
5·5	—	12·80	15·45	12·86	+2·59	19·17	17·23	34·37	24·14	+10·23	41·10	31·31	Sonthal Parganas.
10·0	+0·7	22·81		13·52			19·24		23·21			31·86	Hazaribagh.
6·3	—	15·77	11·21	13·11	—1·90	16·00	15·87	24·98	23·21	+1·77	36·50	33·67	Lohardaga.
			13·24	12·56	+0·68	18·00	16·45	24·15	19·65	+4·50	33·00	30·23	Palamau.
8·3	—	8·90	8·90	14·27	—5·37	15·00	17·15	30·47	24·99	+5·48	36·00	32·17	Singhbhum.
			16·79	12·07	+4·72	19·50	17·53	41·88	21·68	+20·20	40·50	31·13	Manbhum.
8·4	—0·8	16·48											Sibsagar.
9·1	+2·8	31·27											Goalpara.
9·7	+1·5	33·87											Cachar.

Table of Rainfall recorded at stations

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	0·11	0·06	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·35	...
		Khurda ...	...	0·10	...	2·50	0·48	0·45	...	...	0·13	...	...	1·47	0·02	0·91	3·03	...	0·24	...	0·72	0·19
		Banpur ...	...	...	...	1·20	0·90	0·25	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·32	0·70	...	1·10	...	0·08	1·22
		False Point ...	...	...	...	0·34	0·41	0·36	0·59	...	...	...	...	1·24	0·07	...	0·38	0·09	0·01	...	...	0·00
		Gop ...	...	0·20	1·90	0·10	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...
		Satpara ...	...	...	...	0·25	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·63	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	1·13	0·38	0·42	...	...	...	...	0·75	...	0·53	0·40	...	0·41	...	0·32	0·19	0·10
		Ranpur ...	...	...	...	0·92	1·02	0·41	...	0·49	0·28	...	...	0·17	0·03	0·60	0·30	...	1·21	0·69	0·75	0·29
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	0·22	...	1·35	0·09	0·12	0·18	1·37	0·35	...	...	0·07	0·14	0·48	1·36	0·06	...	...	0·47	1·02	0·15
		Banki ...	...	...	0·33	0·79	1·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	0·39	0·63	0·35	...	...	0·02	...	...
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	1·33	0·67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·80	0·23	...	0·47	...	0·21	0·08
		Kendrapara ...	0·06	0·22	0·03	1·30	2·00	0·07	...	0·39	0·83	...	0·50	0·33	...	...	1·24	...	...	...	...	0·06
		Jajpur ...	0·04	...	0·75	0·20	0·48	0·06	...	0·41	...	...	...	0·13	0·48	...	0·15	...	...	0·07	...	0·67
		Dharmsalla ...	...	0·70	0·20	0·62	0·27	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	0·17	0·17	0·30
		Salipur ...	...	...	...	...	0·80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	0·43
		Pal Lahara ...	0·20	1·50	0·30	0·15	0·31	0·40	0·50	0·06	...	...	...	0·12	0·50	0·73	2·35	...	0·50	0·07	...	0·90
		Nayagarh ...	...	...	...	0·50	0·46	0·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·45	0·65	...	...
	Balasore ...	Akhyapada ...	0·31	...	0·40	0·30	0·16	0·47	0·11	0·45	...	...	0·13	...	1·05	...	0·11	...	...	0·13	...	0·38
		Chandbali ...	...	...	0·14	0·40	0·20	0·03	...	...	...	0·18	0·18	...	...	0·30	0·60	0·09	...	...	...	0·00
		Bhadrak ...	0·30	...	0·20	...	0·28	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	...	0·10	...	0·15	...	...	...	1·15
		Soro ...	...	...	0·77	...	1·20	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...
		Balasore ...	0·06	...	0·13	0·08	1·05	0·45	...	...	...	...	...	0·01	0·01	...	1·77	0·08	...	...	0·06	0·90
		Jellasore ...	...	...	0·75	...	1·43	0·08	0·18	0·13	0·02	...	...	1·29	...	1·33	0·22	...	...	1·54	0·32	...
		Baripada ...	1·78	0·92	1·83	1·69	...	...	...	0·18	...	0·05	...	0·29	0·02	1·91	0·52	0·14	...	0·46	0·26	0·17
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	0·05	1·19	0·16	0·80	0·73	0·11	0·08	...	0·02	...	...	0·11	...	...	0·05	2·48	0·40	0·22	0·21	0·48
		Tamluk ...	...	...	0·36	1·00	0·36	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	1·30	...	0·20	0·45	0·10	...	0·90	0·64
		Midnapore ...	...	...	0·30	0·31	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·54	...	...	...	0·51
		Ghatal ...	...	0·03	0·16	0·06	0·01	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	0·26	...	...	...	...	0·32
		Kukrahaty ...	...	0·67	0·04	1·00	0·21	0·10	...	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	0·01	1·29	0·34	0·40	0·39	0·14
		Garhbeta ...	...	0·02	0·41	0·90	0·50	0·16	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·19	1·71	0·13	...	0·94	...	...	0·04	2·18
		Panskura ...	...	...	0·06	0·12	0·23	...	0·20	0·03	...	...	...	0·08	...	0·81	1·54	0·43	0·14	...	0·07	0·67
		Dantoon ...	...	...	0·98	0·96	0·69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·49	2·30
	24-Parganas...	Saugor Island	0·10	...	0·34	0·78	0·49	0·42	1·31	0·12	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	0·03	2·58	0·30	0·08	0·36	1·61
		Diamond Harbour.	0·11	...	0·07	0·70	0·42	0·42	...	0·10	...	...	...	0·21	...	...	0·04	0·09	0·23	0·70	0·30	0·05
		Canning Town	...	0·52	...	0·58	1·22	2·22	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·36	0·23	1·45	0·11	1·35	0·45
		Alipore (Jail)	...	...	0·32	0·84	0·94	0·22	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·53	0·70	0·36	0·19	0·79	0·36	0·14
		Barrackpore...	...	...	0·40	0·42	1·81	0·45	...	...	...	0·08	...	...	...	0·14	0·45	0·35	0·31	0·46	...	0·78
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	1·35	0·78	0·59	0·88	...	...	0·70	...	...	...	0·50	0·21	0·83	0·89	0·13	0·26	0·16	0·60
		Barasat ...	0·35	...	1·80	0·30	1·31	1·04	...	...	...	...	0·83	...	...	...	0·42	0·49	0·35	...	0·40	1·29
		Basirhat ...	0·18	...	0·72	1·43	1·68	2·58	...	0·32	...	0·11	...	...	0·44	...	0·04	...	0·67	1·11	1·65	0·22
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	0·75	0·79	0·67	0·35	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	0·65	0·37	3·35	0·50	0·44	0·66	0·25	0·11
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	0·08	0·15	0·23	0·45	...	0·03	0·10	...	...	...	0·91	...	0·03	...	...	0·08	0·80	0·57
		Uluberia ...	0·07	...	1·22	0·10	0·73	0·10	0·05	0·05	0·10	0·08	...	...	1·42	0·67	0·07	0·26	1·32	0·17	0·42	0·20
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	0·38	0·30	1·15	0·66	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	0·04	0·14	2·19	0·36	0·15	0·56	0·01	0·15
		Hooghly ...	...	...	0·56	0·22	0·56	0·66	...	...	0·44	...	...	...	0·01	...	0·85	0·02	0·03	0·33	0·00	0·32
		Jahanabad ...	2·36	...	1·84	0·31	0·08	...	0·45	0·21	...	...	...	0·29	0·25	0·03	...	0·13	...	0·83	0·81	0·42
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	0·67	0·05	0·47	0·54	0·24	0·61	0·71	...	...	0·26	0·80	1·98	1·15	0·95	0·40	0·16	1·01	0·04
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	0·91	0·04	0·02	0·03	0·18	0·36	0·26	...	...	...	1·20	0·38	0·07	0·53	0·32	...	0·08	2·45
		Chuadanga ...	0·13	...	1·58	...	...	0·75	...	0·26	0·02	0·07	...	2·10	1·76	0·90	0·94	0·37	0·42	0·21	...	1·20
		Meherpur ...	0·06	0·05	0·72	...	0·27	0·15	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	1·05	0·55	0·63	0·57	0·37	0·18	...	1·45
		Kushtia ...	0·12	...	1·10	0·03	0·23	0·60	1·40	0·03	0·18	...	...	0·80	1·30	0·70	0·15	0·95	0·54	...	0·05	0·03
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	1·10	...	0·41	0·11	1·50	3·07	1·00	0·50	0·43	...	0·04	...	...	0·06	0·70	0·06	0·25	2·65	3·42	0·11
		Bagerhat ...	...	0·68	1·11	0·23	0·51	2·12	1·33	0·18	0·70	0·41	...	...	0·38	1·92	0·48	0·25	0·18	0·02	0·26	0·55
		Khulna ...	0·08	0·50	0·55	0·41	0·08	0·40	0·14	0·38	0·45	...	...	...	0·21	0·17	2·40	0·35	0·19	0·08	0·05	0·40
		Nakipur ...	0·24	...	...	0·79	0·73	1·46	...	0·39	0·27	0·48	...	0·44	1·50	0·15	0·43	...	...	0·66	0·38	0·90
		Rampal ...	0·50	1·30	1·50	1·10	2·50	1·30	1·40	0·50	...	1·30	...	...	2·10	1·20	1·40	1·10	...	0·50	1·30	...
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·54	...	0·37	0·25	0·10	0·35	0·25	0·45	0·03	...	...	...	0·97	0·12	0·50	0·21	0·07	1·65	0·22	0·07
		Jessore ...	0·51	...	0·68	0·10	0·11	0·89	0·79	0·80	...	...	0·11	...	...	0·40	0·17	0·20	0·14	0·26	0·15	...
		Jhenidah ...	0·40	0·10	1·55	0·04	0·14	0·49	0·85	0·04	...	...	0·04	0·36	0·10	...	0·30	0·31	0·10	0·02	0·63	0·10
		Magura ...	0·02	0·55	1·85	0·02	0·05	0·85	0·30	0·16	...	...	0·65	0·98	0·10	0·04	0·21	0·33	0·25	0·06	0·10	...
		Bangaon ...	0·74	...	0·52	0·48	0·09	1·12	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	0·98	0·05	0·75	0·80	0·05	0·35	0·25	...
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	3·30	...	1·00	1·75	...	...	0·35	...	...	...	0·87	0·62	0·23	0·80	0·04	...	1·24	0·98
		Burdwan ...	0·58	0·04	1·85	0·86	3·14	0·48	0·03	0·02	0·02	...	...	...	4·56	0·60	0·35	0·08	0·53	0·30	0·04	0·08
		Katwa ...	0·10	...	0·13	...	0·10	0·77	0·04	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·49	0·52	0·78	0·78	0·41	...	...	2·30
		Raniganj ...	...	...	1·72	...	0·32	0·68	0·48	...	...	...	0·02	0·34	0·17	0·54	0·40	0·64	0·36	0·20	0·35	0·04
		Mankur ...	...	0·19	0·79	...	0·71	0·54	0·55	0·23	...	...	...	...	1·10	2·75	0·50	...	...	0·28	0·24	0·77
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	0·03	...	0·19	0·03	0·41	0·15	0·04	0·01	0·26	...	0·08	0·19	1·95	0·52	0·47	0·49	0·13	0·10	0·18	0·58
		Vishnupur ...	0·06	...	0·50	0·05	1·52	0·56	0·40	...	...	...	...	0·70	1·12	0·80	0·67	0·12	0·10	...	1·08	2·19
		Maliara ...	...	0·07	1·27	...	0·60	0·09	1·14	...	...	...	...	0·30	1·83	1·79	...	0·27	...	0·12	0·11	0·03
		Khatra ...	0·15	0·32	...	0·68	0·15	...	0·50	0·32	...	0·52	...	1·29	0·28	0·12	1·22	0·50	...	1·05	1·76	1·60
		Indas ...	0·27	...	0·57	1·34	0·85	0·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	0·14	0·06	0·74	0·60	1·98	0·25	0·71
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	0·83	2·50	0·63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·40	0·35	...	0·24	...	...	0·68	1·35
		Anda ...	...	...	1·09	0·32	1·00	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	0·50	0·70	...	0·90	0·40	0·53	0·80	0·91
		Gangajalghati	...	0·24	1·20	...	0·85	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	2·00	1·45	...	1·40	1·20	0·25	0·24	0·25	0·42
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	1·18	...	...	...	...	...	0·71	0·26	0·28	0·36	...	1·12	...	...	...	2·08
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	2·83	0·07	0·28	...	...	...	...	...	0·72	0·35	0·10	0·28	...	...	...	1·22
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	0·23	0·02	0·51	0·02	0·08	1·16	0·80	0·55	0·81	...	3·55	0·77	0·53	1·18	0·12	0·04	0·02	1·20	0·13	0·20
		Hetampur ...	...	...	0·07	...	0·02	0·37	0·27	0·01	0·06	...	0·02	0·25	0·20	0·56	0·04	0·54	0·26	...	0·02	0·05
		Rampur Hat	0·61	...	0·34	0·05	0·05	1·20	0·44	0·41	0·34	0·34	0·91	...	0·15	1·48	2·48	0·31	0·16	...	0·06	0·81
		Bolpur ...	0·15	0·40	0·30	...	...	1·02	1·00	0·77	0·36	...	...	...	0·72	...	...	0·10	0·71	...	0·64	0·45
		Murarai ...	0·10	1·80	0·80	1·70	...	0·80	0·80	...	...	0·36	...	...	1·70	0·20	2·40	0·15	1·03	1·72	0·40	0·25
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·15	...	1·93	...	0·12	1·00	...	0·75	...	0·09	...	...	0·15	0·06	0·09	0·07	0·10	0·40	0·69	1·08
		Berhampore...	0·79	0·03	0·39	0·04	0·25	0·40	...	0·25	0·95	...	...	0·01	...	0·05	0·29	0·43	1·32	0·08	0·02	0·48
		Lalbagh ...	1·45	...	0·13	0·35	0·64	0·67	0·01	0·24	...	...	...	0·05	...	0·79	0·41	0·80	1·19	0·02	0·48	0·39
		Azimganj ...	1·65	...	0·74	0·40	0·60	0·51	...	0·18	0·06	...	...	0·10	0·30	1·38	0·11	0·34	1·50	...	0·34	0·40
		Jangipur ...	0·03	1·65	0·91	1·05	0·07	0·13	0·06	0·89	0·02	1·73	1·95	0·19	0·96	...	0·50	0·15	1·05	0·13	0·13	0·18
		Lalgola ...	1·00	1·20	1·20	0·20	0·30	0·30	0·30	0·30	0·29	...	...	0·20	0·20	...	1·20	0·26	0·29	...	...	1·00
		Akhrigan ...	1·37	...	1·50	0·47	0·11	0·21	0·06	1·85	...	0·38	...	...	1·47	0·61	0·37	0·11	0·51	0·63	...	0·21
		Patkabari ...	2·40	...	0·70	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·90	...	...	...	0·10	0·65	0·10	1·20	0·50	0·59	...	0·89
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·52	...	1·57	0·05	...	0·21	0·70	0·39	0·22	...	...	2·94	0·18	0·40	0·12	0·22	0·38	0·46	0·80	...
		Sirajganj ...	0·45	...	7·34	2·73	0·14	0·48	0·83	...	0·26	0·07	0·16	1·01	0·06	0·31	0·73	0·11	0·05	0·11	0·09	0·04
	Bogra ...	Sherpur ...	0·05	...	2·25	0·85	...	0·31	0·40	0·10	0·05	...	0·08	...	0·16	0·12	0·30	0·20	0·18	0·28	0·07	0·30
		Nowkhilla ...	...	0·07	1·57	0·47	0·26	1·22	0·70	0·23	...	0·23	0·08	...	1·10	0·43	0·29	0·23	0·10	0·05	0·45	0·45
		Bogra ...	0·06	2·75	0·00	0·70	0·05	0·45	0·35	0·65	0·34	0·05	0·90	0·52	0·24	0·15	0·08	0·15	0·25	0·42	0·10	0·85
		Panchbibi ...	1·20	2·00	1·25	0·56	0·60	1·18	0·07	1·04	0·55	0·29	0·35	...	0·70	0·34	...	0·02	0·09	0·17	0·34	0·14
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	·315	...	0·21	0·23	0·43	0·04	...	0·47	0·08	0·04	...	0·03	1·64	0·57	0·73	0·81	0·43	0·07	0·11	0·79
		Nator ...	0·15	...	2·80	0·47	0·07	0·55	0·23	0·28	...	0·16	...	...	0·13	3·20	1·08	0·10	...	0·38	0·14	...
		Naogaon ...	0·35	1·60	1·35	0·60	...	0·70	...	0·45	...	...	4·90	...	0·48	0·65	...	...	0·80	...	...	2·70
		Lalpur ...	...	0·50	...	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	...	0·22	0·82	0·46	0·14	...	...	1·20	0·11
		Manda ...	0·96	1·81	0·96	0·96	...	...	2·35	...	0·49	0·75	1·21	...	0·74	0·11	...	0·76	0·66	1·42	0·34 0·25	1·54

...n Bengal in July 1893.

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May 1893 to 31st July 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 31st July.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
0·10	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	1·59	0·34	8	13·45	3·58	10·39	1·59	24·12	19·83	Puri ...	Puri ...	ORISSA.
...	0·24	...	...	1·23	0·19	...	...	2·13	0·13	...	16	16·65	13·86	12·82	2·50	29·37	24·30	Khurda.		
0·15	...	...	...	0·05	1·65	...	...	...	0·15	*0·37	11	12·83	9·16	10·66	1·65	18·30	19·64	Banpur.		
0·40	0·44	...	...	...	0·41	0·02	0·15	...	...	1·86	11	15·10	6·86	14·09	1·86	52·87	25·41	False Point.		
...	...	...	...	0·40	0·20	...	...	0·30	0·50	0·40		?		?			?	*Gop.*		
0·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·95	1·05	5	?	3·84	?	1·05		?	*Satpara.*		
1·40	...	0·44	...	1·06	...	...	...	...	0·41	...	14	?	8·94	?	2·40	28·56	?	*Pipli*		
0·18	1·12	0·03	...	...	2·15	...	...	...	0·11	0·75	17		11·46		2·15			Ranpur.		
0·12	0·12	0·17	0·57	0·20	...	...	...	0·45	0·45	0·60	20	13·00	10·11	11·03	1·37		19·67	Jagatsingpur.	Cuttack.	
?	...	...	...	...	0·39	...	...	0·72	0·98	0·49		16·50		11·79			23·54	Banki.		
	...	...	...	...	0·60	...	...	0·37	...	1·75		16·70		13·36			27·68	Cuttack.		
0·05	0·30	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	0·07	0·19	10	14·58	9·00	12·27	2·90	40·98	23·12	Kendrapara.		
...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	0·54	10	14·42	4·17	13·12	0·75	42·13	25·48	Jajpur.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·57	...		?		?			?	*Dharmsala.*		
0·06	...	0·20	...	...	0·22	...	...	...	0·26	0·13		?		?			?	*Salipur.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	0·02	...				?		?			?	Pal Lahara.		
0·17	0·87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	0·97	9		9·73		2·45			Nayagarh.		
...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	0·05	2·32	13	?	6·66	?	2·22	28·57	?	Akuyapada ...	Balasore.	
0·30	...	...	...	...	...	0·33	...	...	1·50	0·30	12	13·71	5·15	11·89	1·50	36·55	22·03	Chandbali.		
...	...	...	...	0·23	0·68	...	...	...	...	0·57	11	13·80	4·49	12·03	1·15	38·07	24·00	Bhadrak.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·11		14·94		12·27			22·19	Soro.		
0·15	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	...	0·16	0·12	11	15·55	13·08	13·93	6·15	45·39	25·33	Balasore.		
...	...	...	...	...	0·54	...	...	0·22	0·24	...	12	14·59	8·29	15·15	1·54		24·81	Jellasore.		
0·28	0·19	...	...	1·47	1·49	0·32	...	0·70	1·15	0·03	20	18·92	16·44	12·77	1·91	48·11	25·12	Baripada.		
0·70	...	...	0·07	0·72	3·06	...	...	...	...	0·03	14	15·80	11·76	15·63	3·06	41·86	26·55	Contai ...	Midnapore ...	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
...	...	...	1·10	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	0·34	14	12·58	7·35	11·98	1·30	36·07	23·44	Tamluk.		
0·40	0·51	0·29	...	3·05	1·55	...	0·46	...	2·35	...	11	16·20	7·46	12·54	2·35	35·95	23·30	Midnapore.		
0·35	0·44	...	...	1·27	0·32	...	1·42	...	1·73	0·19	12	16·36	7·11	13·74	1·73	38·50	25·62	Ghatal.		
...	...	...	0·40	0·44	0·11	1·29	...	...	...	1·15	15	?	8·20	?	1·29		?	*Kukrahaty.*		
0·07	0·51	...	...	0·09	0·11	...	0·33	...	2·41	...	14	?	10·71	?	2·41	40·99	?	*Garhbeta.*		
0·06	...	...	0·01	0·20	0·06	0·18	...	...	0·11	0·04	12		5·64		1·54	20·05		Panskura.		
...	...	...	1·55	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	0·59								Dantoon.		
0·06	0·04	...	...	2·24	3·13	...	...	...	...	1·50	15	17·50	16·77	16·53	3·13	40·43	28·92	Saugor Island	24-Parganas.	
0·19	...	...	0·66	1·39	...	0·15	...	...	...	1·80	15	18·20	8·72	14·81	1·80	33·31	26·64	Diamond Harbour.		
0·08	0·27	...	...	...	0·32	...	...	0·11	...	0·25	14	?	9·81	?	2·22	52·62	?	*Canning Town.*		
0·86	0·59	...	...	1·73	1·53	...	...	...	0·08	0·74	16	19·00	10·97	13·44	1·73	48·58	12·17	Alipore (Jail).		
0·28	0·35	0·24	0·29	2·31	...	...	...	...	...	0·65	16	16·45	9·85	12·16	2·31	36·85	24·92	Barrackpore.		
0·44	0·35	...	...	...	0·27	...	...	...	...	0·58	17	17·70	9·34	11·90	1·35	42·12	24·58	Dum-Dum.		
...	0·59	...	...	0·49	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·84	14	17·15	11·33	10·89	1·80	37·00	23·10	Barasat.		
...	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·95	...	...	...	...	15	17·35	12·83	12·60	2·58	46·17	27·19	Basirhat.		
0·39	0·13	...	...	0·15	0·94	...	...	...	...	1·34	17	18·75	11·91	12·51	3·35	49·02	24·36	Howrah ...	Howrah.	
...	0·15	...	0·18	0·23	1·77	...	...	...	0·54	0·91	15	18·27	7·21	13·55	1·77	34·44	24·99	Mohesreka		
0·24	0·33	...	...	0·23	2·30	...	...	...	0·50	0·48	18	?	11·11	?	2·30	38·64	?	*Ulubaria.*		
0·72	0·40	...	0·25	0·70	1·40	...	...	...	...	0·38	16	18·00	11·21	12·79	2·99	32·56	24·53	Serampore ...	Hooghly.	
0·57	1·20	...	0·10	0·29	0·13	...	...	...	0·96	0·05	14	16·85	7·99	12·08	1·20	31·92	23·83	Hooghly.		
0·71	0·40	0·02	...	0·02	0·09	...	0·18	...	1·21	...	16	15·79	11·35	12·48	2·36	42·95	24·31	Jahanabad.		
0·10	1·15	0·48	...	0·11	0·33	...	...	...	...	0·43	20	14·45	11·94	10·16	1·15	40·44	22·53	Rangahat ...	Nadia.	
0·41	0·10	0·35	...	0·01	0·02	...	0·06	...	...	...	12	15·75	7·78	10·14	2·45	33·61	21·40	Krishnagar.		
0·81	0·77	0·48	0·05	0·21	0·45	...	...	...	0·31	0·04	18	15·00	13·63	10·21	2·10	37·48	23·79	Chuadanga.		
0·42	0·16	1·55	0·70	...	0·80	...	...	...	1·23	0·08	17	15·50	11·46	9·82	1·53	35·82	22·72	Meherpur.		
0·42	0·60	0·70	0·50	...	2·83	...	...	0·02	...	0·17	18	16·50	13·46	10·88	2·83	51·83	26·14	Kushtia.		
...	0·40	...	...	...	...	0·29	...	0·54	...	0·20	17	18·20	16·84	12·35	3·42	42·78	27·85	Satkhira	Khulna.	
0·32	0·35	...	...	...	1·04	...	1·07	...	0·41	0·21	22	20·05	15·21	14·74	2·12	52·07	32·19	Bagerhat.		
0·90	0·25	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·38	17	18·32	8·47	11·50	2·40	36·23	27·05	Khulna.		
0·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	0·15	...	0·28	18	?	9·51	?	1·50	36·10	?	*Nakipur.*		
—	0·30	1·20	...	...	1·30	2·10	...	1·30			21	?		?			?	*Rampal.*		
...	0·15	0·05	...	...	0·41	0·14	0·25	0·07	...	...	17	14·53	7·30	9·05	1·65	26·05	23·01	Narail ...	Jessore.	
0·13	0·22	...	...	...	0·69	0·96	0·24	0·10	0·07	0·23	21	17·30	8·09	11·35	0·96	33·22	27·47	Jessore.		
0·13	0·15	0·18	...	0·28	0·56	0·55	...	0·53	0·14	0·09	21	16·05	8·14	9·70	1·55	33·27	25·80	Jhenidah		
0·06	0·30	0·02	...	0·05	0·85	0·10	0·06	0·15	...	0·65	17	15·74	8·95	10·25	1·85	38·88	25·88	Magura.		
0·31	0·39	...	...	0·60	0·12	0·80	...	...	...	0·20	16	14·75	8·70	10·61	1·12	29·75	24·01	Bangaon		
0·06	...	2·13	...	...	0·28	...	...	...	...	...	12	13·30	13·65	10·57	2·13	41·88	21·16	Kalna ...	Burdwan.	
1·03	0·77	0·03	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	13	16·45	15·17	11·22	4·56	40·74	22·23	Burdwan.		
0·07	0·04	1·59	0·01	1·24	0·59	...	0·01	...	...	...	13	14·80	9·92	9·24	2·30	30·50	22·58	Katwa.		
0·16	0·70	1·46	...	0·13	0·06	0·07	...	...	0·16	0·03	17	16·85	9·63	13·72	1·72	28·77	24·10	Raniganj.		
0·26	1·85	0·57	...	0·19	0·40	...	...	...	...	0·35	18	?	18·25	?	6·24	39·21	?	*Mankur.*		
0·25	0·35	1·59	...	0·59	1·48	0·03	...	...	...	0·14	19	17·45	10·24	12·47	1·59	37·00	23·96	Bankura	Bankura.	
0·29	0·15	0·35	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	15	16·82	9·73	12·01	2·09	38·78	24·78	Vishnupur.		
...	...	0·23	...	0·37	0·67	...	...	...	0·07	0·45	13	18·18	9·56	14·11	1·83	29·60	26·41	Maliara.		
0·50	0·18	...	...	0·00	1·40	...	...	...	...	0·55	20	18·00	13·69	14·58	1·76	59·84	27·78	Khatra.		
0·13	...	...	...	0·64	0·96	...	0·04	...	0·17	...	14	?	9·56	?	1·98	35·86	?	*Indus.*		
...	...	...	...	0·85	1·75	...	2·40	...	...	0·78	12	?	15·76	?	3·40	41·15	?	*Kotalpur.*		
...	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·41	14	?	8·22	?	1·00	37·05	?	*Anda.*		
...	0·30	0·37	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	0·96	...	16	?	11·46	?	2·00	38·29	?	*Gangajalghati.*		
...	0·28	...	...	0·35	0·12	...	0·32	...	...	1·85	12	?	8·98	?	2·08	44·30	?	*Raipur.*		
0·12	0·43	0·51	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	1·25	12	?	8·39	?	2·83	33·18	?	*Sonamukhi.*		
2·25	0·56	0·51	0·15	1·72	1·14	...	0·03	...	...	0·45	21	17·90	18·37	12·70	3·55	39·61	25·33	Suri	Birbhum.	
0·84	0·32	0·75	...	0·60	0·99	1·81	...	...	...	0·08	13	17·21	8·13	14·44	1·81	25·77	27·88	Hetampur.		
0·11	0·75	0·45	0·99	0·53	0·11	...	1·20	...	1·17	0·39	23	16·18	15·83	10·88	2·48	33·58	22·90	Rampur Hát.		
1·36	0·09	...	0·24	1·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	?	9·46	?	1·36	27·78	?	*Bolpore.*		
—	0·25	...	1·10	...	1·50	...	...	0·60	0·13	...	20	?	18·19	?	2·40	40·63	?	*Morarai*		
0·21	...	0·40	0·73	0·31	0·70	...	0·44	0·05	0·09	1·00	17	16·13	10·60	12·00	1·93	27·52	24·54	Kandi ...	Murshidabad.	
0·31	0·02	0·25	0·75	0·10	0·29	...	0·09	2·45	1·29	1·06	18	15·60	12·51	10·58	2·45	41·85	22·74	Berhampore.		
1·38	...	0·08	0·44	0·03	0·35	...	0·15	5·40	0·38	0·26	19	15·57	15·90	13·30	5·40	43·04	21·78	Lalbagh.		
0·35	0·12	0·05	0·35	...	1·90	...	0·14	1·35	1·85	0·90	22	16·28	15·71	10·34	1·90	41·14	23·08	Azimganj.		
0·06	0·21	0·28	0·12	0·61	0·03	...	0·31	...	...	0·73	22	15·37	14·69	10·99	1·93	45·96	22·71	Jangipur.		
0·36	1·00	0·20	0·30	0·20	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·20	22	15·00	10·30	11·26	1·20		24·23	Lalgola.		
0·10	...	...	...	...	0·15	0·49	...	...	0·89	1·76	19	?	13·25	?	1·85	41·83	?	*Akhrigunj.*		
0·10	...	1·00	0·50	...	1·90	...	...	...	...	0·70	16	?	12·35	?	2·40		?	*Patkabari.*		
...	0·40	0·80	0·02	0·11	1·39	...	...	1·21	...	0·06	20	16·65	13·93	10·17	2·94	44·91	24·60	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	NORTH BENGAL.
0·09	0·15	1·53	0·47	2·18	0·29	...	0·02	0·18	...	0·37	20	13·50	20·33	10·97	7·34	49·35	26·24	Sirajganj.		
0·26	0·15	1·52	1·45	0·62	0·45	...	...	3·80	0·10	0·05	21	16·00	14·40	13·01	3·80	32·89	30·35	Sherpur ...	Bogra.	
0·31	...	1·33	0·73	0·44	0·65	...	0·05	1·80	...	...	19	14·33	12·62	11·87	1·80	36·63	28·03	Nowkhilla.		
0·30	0·96	0·52	0·50	0·48	2·40	...	...	0·12	...	...	22	15·25	14·14	13·97	2·75	42·30	32·98	Bogra.		
1·10	0·23	0·50	0·52	0·30	0·00	...	...	1·80	0·11	...	22	14·00	15·54	12·66	2·00	34·63	28·73	Panchbibi.		
0·02	0·09	0·05	...	...	0·30	0·04	...	...	...	1·08	14	14·85	11·41	11·67	3·15	37·47	24·40	Boalia ...	Rajshahi.	
0·35	0·34	0·40	0·36	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	18	15·15	11·48	11·86	3·20	37·09	25·65	Nato		
0·28	0·05	...	4·40	...	1·37	...	...	0·14	...	0·65	17	15·88	22·67	11·25	4·90	47·24	28·78	*Naogaon.*		
0·07	1·90	2·25	0·25	0·20	0·12	0·11	...	...	0·18	0·07		?		?			?	*Lalpur.*		
0·02	1·31	1·28	1·81	0·43	0·74	0·09	0·03	0·04	0·04	0·03	19	?	19·84	?	2·35	41·03	?	*Manda.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Station[s]

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
NORTH BENGAL—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	0·25	0·72	0·38	0·42	0·03	0·31	0·09	0·58	0·33	...	1·20	0·44	1·65	0·27	0·78	0·70	0·78	0·18	0·68	0·79
		Chanchal ...	...	0·40	0·64	0·80	...	0·85	0·39	0·55	2·03	0·33	0·45	0·47	0·40	0·03	0·07	0·67	0·39	1·40	0·30	0·46
		Gajol ...	0·11	1·34	0·56	0·48	0·15	0·60	0·53	...	0·24	0·35	1·57	0·75	0·82	0·60	0·51	0·30	0·38	...	0·80	0·10
		Sibganj ...	0·05	1·49	1·09	0·25	...	0·18	0·45	...	...	0·35	0·95	1·65	0·82	0·24	0·90	0·28	0·82	...	0·05	...
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur	1·16	0·87	1·21	0·65	...	0·84	...	0·73	0·24	0·10	0·63	...	1·40	0·11	...	0·40	0·56	0·95	0·18	0·35
		Churamon ...	..	0·72	1·91	1·10	...	..	1·11	0·76	0·93	0·32	0·21	0·38	...	0·08	0·93	...	0·55	0·16	0·43	0·91
		Raiganj ...	0·40	1·20	1·80	3·36	1·00	1·50	0·37	1·63	0·41	1·05	...	...	1·30	1·45	0·53	0·96	0·05	0·74	0·48	0·40
		Dinajpur ...	0·19	1·17	0·62	1·20	1·42	1·39	0·32	0·48	0·11	1·25	1·14	0·16	0·18	0·83	...	0·06	...	0·06	0·05	0·24
		Baloorghat ...	0·58	1·72	0·90	0·94	...	0·69	0·14	0·57	...	0·97	0·86	0·98	0·46	0·07	0·72	0·11	0·09	0·28	2·13	0·42
		Thakurgaon ...	0·83	3·17	1·14	4·85	1·56	0·76	0·77	1·72	0·71	7·04	0·92	...	2·26	1·69	0·25	...	...	...	0·06	0·21
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*).	0·30	1·12	2·80	4·15	...	0·49	1·05	0·50	0·82	0·40	0·79	0·55	1·16	1·87	...	...	...	...	...	0·15
		Rangpur ...	0·45	2·06	1·44	1·78	...	0·08	0·39	0·51	0·63	1·53	1·98	0·34	1·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Peergunge ...	0·77	1·17	0·58	1·46	0·61	0·93	1·41	1·18	0·33	0·80	0·37	1·01	1·50	0·16	...	...	...	0·18	0·28	0·18
		Kurigaon ...	0·55	5·10	0·60	2·15	0·06	0·45	1·09	0·63	0·61	5·51	2·26	1·21	1·61	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...
		Gobindgunj ...	0·12	...	0·57	0·64	...	0·15	0·92	0·22	1·79	0·32	0·44	0·32	0·57	0·20	0·05	...	0·12	0·19	...	0·18
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	0·32	1·85	0·99	3·48	...	0·65	0·56	0·42	4·35	4·60	0·99	2·11	1·03	0·51	0·73	0·04	...	...	0·29	0·07
		Ulipur ...	0·47	1·65	2·74	0·48	...	0·12	0·86	1·20	...	1·15	0·85	2·44	1·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·53
		Sundergunge	0·36	1·40	3·12	0·32	...	0·60	0·91	2·68	0·03	0·67	0·60	1·04	1·82	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	3·50	0·66	1·92	1·55	3·14	0·45	1·42	4·86	1·44	2·32	0·46	0·79	0·21	0·77	0·91	0·12	0·03	0·04	0·02	0·53
		Alipore Duar	2·75	...	3·56	1·12	1·53	0·21	2·35	1·90	1·17	4·18	3·24	2·50	0·09	1·72	...	...	...	...	...	0·33
		Falacotta ...	4·60	2·35	2·35	0·90	2·30	0·15	2·30	3·10	0·35	3·35	2·30	0·55	...	0·20	1·00	0·16	...	...	...	...
		Debiganj ...	0·56	2·50	1·50	3·13	0·10	0·80	0·81	1·96	0·33	8·60	0·52	1·30	0·60	0·56	0·20	0·13	0·07	...	...	...
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta).	2·36	1·68	5·60	0·57	1·40	2·50	0·58	0·74	0·06	0·54	0·70	1·88	1·34	1·72	0·54	3·34	0·06	0·87	0·53	3·95
	Kuch Bihar ...	Dinhatta ...	0·37	0·67	1·78	1·93	0·16	0·74	0·53	1·21	1·27	9·14	1·54	3·93	0·03	...	...	0·18	0·02	0·04	0·06	0·01
		Kuch Bihar ...	0·44	1·40	2·35	1·35	0·06	0·13	2·35	3·56	1·04	6·00	3·72	2·14	...	0·78	...	...	...	0·37	0·07	...
		Mickliganj ...	0·83	3·66	2·68	2·08	1·08	0·33	2·11	3·50	0·90	6·23	2·00	1·36	...	1·50	...	0·10	0·50	...	0·35	...
		Mathabhanga	2·76	0·63	2·57	3·74	0·35	...	2·56	6·76	2·21	6·83	4·35	2·25	0·20	0·53	0·42	0·15	...	0·10	...	...
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	15·10	0·73	4·38	2·43	1·70	2·83	1·76	2·80	1·45	1·69	2·10	0·97	0·93	0·90	0·20	1·10	0·34	0·56	4·07	1·64
		Siliguri ...	2·90	0·40	1·88	1·12	0·17	0·52	0·46	1·21	0·25	2·02	2·46	3·98	0·25	0·23	0·04	0·21	0·03	1·05	0·60	1·38
		Darjeeling ...	1·06	1·77	1·08	0·88	0·32	1·38	1·23	1·96	0·46	0·73	1·25	0·80	1·78	1·01	0·45	1·24	0·05	1·01	0·23	0·34
		Kalimpong ...	1·57	0·24	1·53	0·25	0·50	1·50	0·63	0·74	0·06	0·25	1·05	0·55	0·06	0·48	0·37	3·60	0·03	1·72	0·65	0·07
		Mongpoo ...																				
		Kurseong ...	0·41	0·38	1·40	1·00	1·09	1·61	1·40	0·79	0·26	0·56	3·86	2·68	0·40	2·00	0·08	0·78	0·14	1·06	0·30	0·96
	British Bhutan	Pedong ...	1·63	0·43	0·50	0·25	0·50	1·55	0·33	0·38	0·95	0·34	0·76	0·16	0·44	0·95	0·74	1·16	0·15	1·13	0·63	0·18
	Sikkim ...	Gnatong ...	0·65	0·75	0·55	0·35	0·37	1·22	0·44	1·37	1·15	0·95	2·45	1·60	1·17	0·24	0·86	0·42	1·80	0·23	0·75	0·48
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	0·38	1·75	0·02	1·30	0·75	0·95	0·17	...	0·12	0·36	0·81	4·48	1·04	4·15	1·68	1·02	1·35	1·82	0·94	1·40
		Chittagong ...	0·12	1·51	1·34	3·38	1·09	0·90	0·04	0·05	...	0·11	0·03	0·16	0·08	...	0·13	0·34	0·70	0·24	0·55	0·19
		Kutubdia ...		0·85	1·10	1·05	0·55	1·01	0·10	0·01	...	0·19	1·73	1·29	0·38	0·39	0·43	2·09	1·97	1·08	0·68	1·30
		Satkanya ...	...	0·25	1·31	2·34	0·50	0·84	0·09	1·06	...	0·18	0·50	0·60	...	0·11	0·16	0·35	0·51	0·60	0·10	0·56
		Kodala ...																				
		Fenoa ...					1·64	0·10					0·20	0·40	1·02			0·55	0·45	0·20	0·03	
		Mirsarai ...	0·54	0·69	1·39	1·89	2·06	0·76	0·04	0·09	0·43	1·18	0·98	0·56	0·76	0·14	0·26	...	1·16	0·39	0·08	3·11
		Chandpore ...		1·30	0·65	2·35	1·05	0·87			...	0·20	0·06	0·53				0·70	0·88	0·20	0·11	0·75
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	0·94	3·83	7·26	0·58	0·02	0·05	0·12	...	0·58	1·11	0·47	0·14	0·34	0·52	0·24	0·38	0·20	0·07	0·13
		Bandarban ...	4·29	0·91	2·67	2·83	0·53	0·51	0·17	0·15	0·21	0·26	0·08	1·33	0·06	0·14	0·20	...	...	0·40	0·45	0·55
		Demagiri ...	0·20	1·88	3·58	5·43	0·10	0·20	...	...	0·20	0·36	0·12	0·91	0·37	0·50	...	...	0·48	...	0·06	0·37
	Backergunge...	Patuakhali ...	0·51	0·17	0·72	0·56	0·95	0·26	0·13	0·01	1·11	0·04	0·65	...	0·72	...	0·15	0·90	2·28	0·52	0·42	2·38
		Pirojpur ...	...	1·71	0·25	0·17	[illegible]	0·30	0·60	0·61	1·21		...	0·38	...	...	0·43	0·61	0·54	0·22	0·14	1·09
		Barisal ...	0·35	...	0·19	0·47	3·24	2·22	0·36	0·38	0·59	0·19	0·48	0·08	0·54	...	0·06	0·33	0·65	0·45	0·09	0·97
		Gournaddi ...	...	1·77	1·22	0·53	1·28	2·35	0·30	0·55	0·12	0·17	...	0·11	0·53	2·26	...	0·16	0·19	0·08	...	0·58
		Bhola ...	...	0·24	1·30	1·13	0·93	0·10	0·08	0·12	...	...	0·21	...	0·40	...	0·30	1·50	2·15	0·16	0·54	1·15
		Doulatkhan ...	0·04	0·11	1·08	3·08	0·00	0·17	0·08	0·25	...	...	1·95	...	1·35	...	0·11	0·57	...	1·54	0·15	1·08
		Bauphal ...	...	0·50	1·50	0·15	1·38	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·29	0·25			0·80	2·50	0·70	...	1·13
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·10	0·20	2·96	1·53	0·24	0·25	0·36	0·05	0·19	0·06	0·21	0·98	0·90	0·13	0·94	0·72	0·59	1·06	0·21	2·51
		Fenny ...	0·55	0·50	2·30	4·10	0·16	1·50	0·30	0·20	0·15	1·50	0·50	1·70	0·05	...	0·25	...	1·65	0·35	0·14	0·10
		Harishpur ...	1·47	0·18	0·09	1·55	1·57	2·68	0·35	0·08	0·12	0·56	2·13	0·80	3·05	0·61	0·96	1·45	2·48	0·12	1·16	3·22
		Ramganj ...	0·08	0·13	0·72	0·64	0·80	0·07	0·44	0·06	0·20	0·05	0·07	...	0·22	...	0·44	..	0·20	0·44	0·05	0·15
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	0·87	...	0·83	0·12	0·47	0·84	0·28	0·29	0·69	...	...	...	0·82	0·18	0·74	0·21	...	...	...	0·95
		Faridpur ...	0·30	0·08	1·02	0·12	0·03	0·70	0·44	0·02	0·09	...	...	0·38	0·73	0·01	0·11	0·09	0·08	0·04	0·06	0·27
		Goalundo ...	0·63	0·09	1·37	...	0·63	0·50	0·38	...	...	...	0·50	0·32	0·10	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	0·09
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj	...	...	2·15	0·63	0·11	0·88	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·09	0·48	1·60	0·17	...	0·26	0·44	0·06	0·12
		Dacca ...	0·09	0·80	...	0·28	1·06	0·44	0·21	...	0·49	...	...	...	1·42	0·55	0·57	...	...	0·16	0·18	0·21
		Narainganj	0·12	...	0·56	0·66	0·26	0·76	0·26	0·07	0·35	...	...	0·46	0·13	1·14	0·38	...	0·11	0·56	0·48	0·04
		Manikganj	0·21	0·01	1·31	0·60	0·09	0·71	0·10	...	0·10	...	...	0·07	0·40	1·33	0·23	0·07	0·15	0·04	1·24	0·04
		Joydebpur ...	0·21	0·05	1·45	2·81	0·87	0·34	0·26	0·05	0·75	0·10	...	0·38	0·59	0·02	0·04	0·07	0·28	0·50	0·18	0·40
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	0·43	...	2·77	0·88	...	...	...	0·28	...	...	...	...	1·98	0·36	0·06	...	...	0·26	...	0·79
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	0·79	0·17	1·50	3·50	1·92	0·83	0·12	0·09	0·05	1·06	0·15	0·14	0·14	...	0·03	...	0·24	0·06	0·22	0·27
		Chandpur ...	0·15	0·34	0·98	2·33	0·11	0·24	0·11	0·10	0·59	...	0·60	0·10	1·62	0·40	0·29	0·13	0·23	0·26	0·31	0·14
		Brahmanbaria	[illegible]	0·35	3·71	3·75	...	0·10	...	0·72	0·35	...	...	0·85	2·45	...	0·20	0·05	0·10	0·06	0·07	0·48
		Ramchandrapur.	...	...	4·00	1·00	0·10	...	1·00	...	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	1·03	...	0·05
		Nasirnagar ...	..	0·40	3·75	1·70	...	0·55	0·40	...	...	...	...	0·15	1·60	...	1·10	...	...	0·75	0·45	0·50
		Daudkandi ...	0·10	...	1·14	0·90	0·20	0·15	...	...	0·56	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	0·23	0·13	0·25
		Kasba ...	...	...	0·50	3·05	...	...	0·40	0·12	...	...	...	...	2·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16
		Laksham ...	0·10	0·87	1·90	4·10	...	0·77	0·82	...	0·10	0·55	0·91	...	...	...	0·15	0·10	...	0·18	1·12	0·50
	Mymensingh..	Kishoreganj	1·05	0·76	2·25	2·82	...	0·74	2·06	0·48	...	...	...	0·74	0·95	0·21	0·59	0·22	...	0·40	0·22	0·58
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	0·76	7·24	0·15	...	2·08	...	0·85	...	0·13	0·12	...	0·54	0·74	0·07	...	0·08	...	...	0·11
		Mymensingh	0·62	0·17	3·15	0·06	0·16	0·54	0·72	0·89	0·23	0·05	1·07	2·12	2·08	1·97	0·55	0·07	0·09	0·38	0·02	0·37
		Jamalpur ...	0·08	1·44	2·10	1·27	1·45	0·30	0·45	0·12	0·11	0·40	0·25	0·13	0·39	1·80	0·27	0·30	...	1·11	0·45	...
		Netrokona ...	0·42	...	3·38	0·91	0·88	1·16		0·82	0·75	2·55	3·21	1·95	1·61	0·43	0·26	...	0·51	1·52	1·03	0·86
		Subarnakhali	...	...	4·97	0·24	...	0·74	0·39	0·10	...	0·10	0·28	...	0·06	1·78	1·32	...	0·38	0·32	0·13	0·90
		Durgapur ...	0·90	0·10	4·00	6·40	0·50	1·20	1·50	0·70	...	1·90	4·20	6·30	0·60	2·32	0·45	1·00	...	1·80	...	0·76
		Sherpur Town	0·06	0·60	1·70	2·25	0·12	1·97	2·02	0·28	0·07	0·60	0·30	0·45	0·11	0·31	0·10	0·02	0·03	0·30	0·28	0·43
		Dewanganj ...	1·15	1·65	2·50	2·37	...	0·86	0·40	1·90	...	...	1·33	0·78	0·35	0·17	0·55	...	...	...	0·67	...
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	0·15	0·59	2·03	2·12	0·40	1·35	0·50	3·38	4·95	2·12	1·09	1·02	0·18	0·84	0·21	...	...	0·22	...	0·97
		Araria ...	2·40	0·47	...	6·15	0·20	0·10	2·40	4·55	0·35	0·48	0·25	1·46	0·20	...	0·42	...	...	...	...	...
		Purnea ...	2·07	0·51	0·96	3·26	0·60	1·59	2·88	1·62	0·99	0·15	0·04	1·60	0·54	0·46	0·52	0·35	0·50	0·36	0·06	0·94
		Gondwara (Korah).	0·71	2·35	2·77	1·50	0·11	2·20	...	...	...	...	1·50	1·62	1·10	0·64	...	0·13	0·28	...	1·28	0·69
		Barsoe ...	...	1·00	3·20	0·60	0·90	1·40	1·50	0·10	0·40	...	...	2·30	...	0·50	0·30	0·10	0·90	...	...	1·00
		Forbesgunj ...	0·23	0·37	0·41	3·44	0·20	0·76	1·61	2·55	0·35	0·40	0·05	3·05	0·52	1·90	...	...	0·31	0·69	0·42	...
		Kaliaganj ...	7·00	2·20	1·00	4·50	0·15	1·20	...	1·50	1·50	1·02	1·00	2·09	...	3·00	1·70	...	0·20	0·20	0·20	0·20
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	1·00	1·40	0·68	4·50	...	0·52	1·63	0·05	1·05	0·10	2·75	0·82	0·20	...	1·60	...	0·12	...	0·17	...
		Bongaon (Sylabad).	...	0·43	3·14	...	...	0·43	0·33	...	1·55	0·81	...	1·67	...	...	0·31	...	0·16	...	0·58	0·18
		Supaul ...	0·08	2·60	...	3·69	1·55	0·26	1·09	0·11	1·90	0·15	0·69	0·96	0·22	...	0·80	0·49	...	...	0·27	1·00
		Protabganj ...	0·42	1·14	0·35	5·00	...	...	2·17	1·47	..	...	2·11	2·17	2·25	...	2·24	...	...	0·13	0·26	...
		Bhagalpur ...	...	1·75	1·27	2·71	0·05	0·32	2·58	0·08	3·29	...	...	2·11	0·76	1·05	0·01	...	1·40	...	0·07	0·04
		Banka ...	0·74	...	0·73	0·58	0·55	1·94	1·81	...	...	0·97	...	0·85	0·63	0·15	...	0·58	0·21	0·16	0·14	0·74
		Kolgong ...	0·11	0·12	0·72	1·75	0·09	0·07	1·26	0·15	2·75	0·07	...	2·30	1·14	1·75	0·18	0·09	0·90	0·25	0·24	...

Bengal in July 1893—*continued.*

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May to 31st July 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 31st July.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
0·55	0·70	1·25	0·81	...	0·68	...	0·01	1·60	0·04	24	15·00	16·43	11·41	1·65	37·16	25·04	Malda ...	Malda ...	NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*
0·35	0·58	...	0·37	1·10	0·23	...	0·15	...	0·70	24	17·23	14·48	12·36	2·03	27·01	28·18	Chanchal.		
1·68	0·07	0·03	0·70	...	...	...	1·03	...	...	22	?	13·85	?	1·68		?	*Gajol.*		
0·16	0·52	0·60	0·10	0·06	...	...	...	1·40	0·71	20	?	12·93	?	1·65	34·54	?	*Sibganj.*		
...	0·37	2·60	0·70	0·05	...	...	1·20	0·29	0·17	23	14·50	15·85	11·41	2·60	37·04	27·91	Monadebpur ...	Dinajpur.	
1·65	1·74	...	0·94	1·48	...	...	0·19	0·12	0·68	21	14·55	17·31	11·90	1·91	37·16	26·87	Churamon.		
1·00	2·70	...	1·14	1·73	...	...	0·30	2·25	0·05	24	17·07	28·44	12·25	3·36	48·87	30·33	Raiganj.		
0·23	1·35	0·83	0·18	0·46	...	...	0·02	0·21	...	22	15·70	14·53	13·45	1·42	35·96	34·78	Dinajpur.		
0·20	0·22	0·24	0·15	0·23	0·47	0·02	4·07	0·94	1·71	21	15·75	19·12	11·63	1·72	33·13	29·38	Baloorghat.		
2·90	2·55	...	1·33	1·01	...	...	0·87	0·11	...	22	?	37·10	?	7·04	57·64	?	*Thakurgaon.*		
0·39	0·46	0·31	0·23	1·17	0·97	2·46	0·10	...	0·13	24	12·25	23·26	12·24	2·80	45·63	33·40	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabandha*).	Rangpur.	
0·34	2·06	0·27	0·31	0·42	...	1·69	0·19	...	...	19	14·75	18·92	16·48	2·06	44·36	42·74	Rangpur.		
0·32	...	0·90	0·80	0·38	1·60	0·67	2·14	0·01	...	25	?	19·58	?	2·16	?		Peergunj.		
0·48	3·10	0·15	0·38	2·02	0·55	6·51	0·30	...	...	21	12·50	35·90	13·49	6·51	65·63	43·72	Kurigram.		
0·39	0·73	...	0·48	1·05	...	1·50	0·09	?	...	20	?	11·34	?	1·79	40·93		Gobindgunj.		
0·54	3·42	0·24	0·39	0·37	0·34	0·34	0·82	...	0·48	25	14·46	30·06	13·73	4·60	49·54	48·60	(Bagdogra. *Nilphamari.*)		
0·26	0·65	...	0·12	0·45	...	1·17	0·75	...	...	19	?	17·36	?	2·74	40·81	?	*Ulipur.*		
2·10	1·28	...	1·50	0·45	0·23	0·12	1·61	...	...	20	?	22·20	?	3·12	?		Sundergunge.		
5·90	0·54	1·84	2·32	0·63	0·15	0·66	0·14	0·86	0·15	27	19·35	38·36	25·66	5·90	57·97	61·52	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri.	
4·75	1·48	1·82	1·10	...	2·39	3·48	0·38	3·66	...	21	?	45·71	?	4·75	63·16	?	*Alipore Duar.*		
2·85	2·72	1·30	1·35	0·59	2·50	1·60	0·50	1·90	1·95	25	?	43·22	?	4·64	65·62	?	*Falacotta.*		
1·00	1·01	0·17	1·92	0·13	0·23	1·23	...	0·50	0·03	25	?	30·97	?	8·60	63·92	?	*Debiganj.*		
0·81	...	2·32	7·75	0·37	...	1·45	2·52	3·05	0·65	27	?	50·53	?	7·75	101·65	?	*Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta).*		
0·29	6·47	0·58	0·74	0·74	0·89	3·81	1·87	0·23	0·02	23	16·75	39·65	13·56	6·47	70·75	52·99	Dinhatta ...	Kuch Bihar.	
0·30	4·88	0·52	0·07	1·37	1·30	3·36	1·05	0·83	0·09	22	17·89	40·13	22·56	4·88	67·04	67·40	Kuch Bihar.		
1·24	1·50	0·75	1·88	0·25	0·57	0·53	0·48	2·65	0·25	26	17·43	39·26	20·44	6·23	62·34	56·95	Mickliganj.		
0·93	3·63	0·83	2·63	0·21	0·75	3·63	2·53	4·21	0·92	26	17·83	56·68	22·39	6·83	80·37	62·64	Matabhanga.		
2·06	0·25	1·81	0·86	1·02	0·31	4·06	1·16	0·74	5·20	31	23·75	67·27	48·01	15·10	168·44	196·37	Buxa ...	Darjeeling.	
2·21	0·14	0·82	4·82	0·63	...	6·61	0·71	1·62	0·21	28	22·50	36·30	32·91	4·82	62·50	66·71	Siliguri.		
0·28	0·11	1·14	0·26	0·43	0·38	0·03	0·23	2·42	0·46	29	25·80	25·06	30·07	2·42	53·87	58·41	Darjeeling.		
...	0·04	1·47	4·53	0·25	0·07	0·09	0·14	...	0·04	21	24·13	22·60	28·42	4·53	51·10	51·49	Kalimpong.		
																	Mongpoo.		
0·76	0·02	1·27	7·30	0·08	...	0·12	1·60	1·37	1·40	27	?	35·23	?	7·30	75·63	?	Kurseong.		
0·28	0·07	1·03	1·43	0·51	0·26	0·29	0·68	0·15	0·83	30	?	19·02		1·63	42·17		Pedong ...	British Bhutan.	
0·65	0·42	1·63	2·57	1·10	0·43	1·55	0·08	0·20	0·21	31	?	28·01		2·57	55·64		Gnatong ...	Sikkim.	
0·08	0·70	0·60	0·70	0·11	1·20	0·02	0·73	0·79	0·05	26	23·53	27·37	40·14	2·45	112·72	79·63	Cox's Bazar ...	Chittagong ...	EAST BENGAL.
0·12	0·09	0·07	0·02	0·03	0·29	0·55	...	0·54	0·08	19	20·05	13·28	21·97	3·38	77·96	51·67	Chittagong.		
0·10	0·33	0·15	0·03	...	0·31	0·04	...	0·73	...		?		?			?	*Kutubdia.*		
0·05	0·20	0·09	0·08	...	...	0·20	...	0·13	...	20	?	11·69	?	2·34	78·12	?	*Satkanya.*		
			0·08														Kodala.		
	0·10	0·52	1·22								?		?				Fenoa.		
0·82	0·27	0·22	4·35	1·90	0·23	1·89	0·51	0·30	0·01	26	?	27·40	?	4·35			Mirsarai.		
...									...								Chandpore.		
0·14	0·25	0·12	0·15	0·14	0·55	0·56	...	0·35	0·40	25	22·00	20·16	19·04	7·26	69·43	42·11	Rangamati ...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	
0·35	0·76	0·14	1·65	0·27	1·20	0·56	0·98	0·92	0·11	27	?	22·79	?	4·29		?	*Bandarban* ...		
0·15	0·04	0·25	0·32	0·32	0·73	0·25	6·58	0·21	0·35	24	?	18·53	?	5·43		?	Demagiri.		
...	0·07	...	1·45	1·36	1·12	...	0·11	0·64	1·33	23	22·22	18·71	21·48	2·38	59·74	48·21	Patuakhali ...	Backergunge.	
1·29	...	...	0·08	0·28	0·58	0·14	...	0·11	0·36	22	20·20	13·17	16·08	2·03	54·78	35·73	Pirojpur.		
...	0·16	0·09	...	0·22	0·20	...	0·48	1·08	0·06	21	21·00	14·68	15·73	3·24	54·46	36·11	Barisal.		
1·30	0·08	...	1·85	0·37	...	...	...	0·38	...	20	?	16·78	?	2·35	50·07	?	*Gournaddi.*		
...	0·19	1·75	0·10	1·28	1·70	0·11	0·12	0·09	0·35	23	22·62	16·74	18·62	2·15	52·50	43·57	Bhola.		
...	...	2·85	0·34	3·90	3·09	0·34	0·17	...	...	21	?	23·80	?	3·09	66·37	?	*Doulatkhan.*		
...	...	0·50	0·40	2·26	5·82	0·46	0·42	...	0·70	18	?		?	5·82		?	*Bauphal.*		
...	0·07	0·25	2·32	2·34	2·32	0·71	0·09	0·93	0·38	26	22·60	24·07	23·97	2·96	65·97	54·58	Noakhali ...	Noakhali.	
0·25	0·20	0·90	0·20	2·10	0·55	1·90	0·50	1·32	...	27	21·77	24·22	21·56	4·10	71·65	55·64	Fenny.		
0·29	1·38	0·03	1·27	0·63	0·14	0·98	1·93	0·15	...	27	?	32·21	?	3·23		?	*Harishpur.*		
0·25	0·38	...	1·48	0·28	0·95	0·13	0·22	0·18	0·21	21	?	10·38	?	1·54	50·43	?	*Ramganj.*		
0·72	...	...	...	0·12	...	0·13	...	...	0·33	17	17·10	8·50	11·98	0·95	37·70	29·11	Madaripur ...	Faridpur.	
0·02	0·58	...	...	0·78	1·05	1·83	...	0·21	...	15	16·75	9·27	11·85	1·83	47·07	29·13	Faridpur.		
0·12	0·36	0·40	...	1·07	...	0·24	1·05	0·28	...	18	15·26	10·32	11·87	1·67	43·09	27·37	Goalundo.		
0·27	...	...	...	0·80	...	0·32	...	0·11	0·15	16	17·44	8·94	15·74	2·15	28·18	35·71	Munshiganj ...	Dacca.	
0·78	0·11	...	0·11	0·75	...	0·11	...	0·21	0·37	20	18·00	9·24	13·24	1·42	36·88	30·57	Dacca.		
0·04	0·14	...	...	0·71	0·02	0·11	...	0·07	0·31	19	18·13	8·02	15·63	1·14	32·71	33·23	Narainganj.		
3·42	1·64	1·47	0·02	0·85	0·67	...	...	0·59	0·39	19	14·94	13·26	11·89	1·64	37·46	25·51	Manikganj.		
0·32	0·25	1·35	0·14	1·10	1·13	0·03	...	0·20	0·94	23	?	15·17	?	2·81	35·64	?	*Joydebpur.*		
0·23	...	0·90	1·52	...	0·30	...	...	...	2·32	14	16·76	14·19	11·82	2·77	45·10	30·36	Agartola ...	Hill Tippera.	
1·65	1·19	0·17	1·82	2·51	0·93	...	0·31	1·13	0·23	23	18·65	20·07	16·98	3·50	50·86	40·45	Comilla ...	Tippera.	
0·96	1·24	...	...	0·39	0·24	...	...	0·90	0·19	26	20·17	13·56	15·31	2·33	40·46	36·28	Chandpur.		
...	0·58	0·05	1·30	0·12	...	1·12	...	...	0·35	17	16·15	16·88	10·97	3·75	42·10	30·92	Brahmanbaria.		
0·02	...	...	...	0·05	...	0·03	...	...	...	5	?	7·34	?	4·00	21·89	?	*Ramchandrapur.*		
0·69	...	1·90	...	...	0·85	...	...	...	0·40	16	?	15·65	?	3·75		?	*Nasirnagar.*		
0·61	0·25	...	0·90	...	0·24	...	0·55	0·40	0·50	19	?	8·35	?	1·14		?	*Daudkandi.*		
0·31	0·70	...	1·50	...	...	...	...	...	1·10	12	?	11·05	?	3·05	38·50	?	*Kasba.*		
...	0·11	0·11	2·50	1·10	2·35	...	...	...	1·00	21	?	20·84	?	4·10		?	*Laksham.*		
...	1·08	1·91	0·13	3·59	0·89	...	...	0·73	0·24	22	16·90	22·71	13·08	3·50	55·72	36·72	Kishoreganj.	Mymensingh.	
1·57	...	2·71	1·42	0·43	...	...	0·14	...	...	16	13·30	20·33	11·10	7·24	48·88	27·40	Atia (*Tangail*).		
0·23	2·77	0·37	3·20	0·34	0·30	0·63	2·53	0·12	0·96	27	18·20	27·98	14·43	3·20	56·69	39·25	Mymensingh.		
...	0·40	...	0·29	1·32	0·31	0·27	1·48	...	...	23	15·35	16·07	12·47	2·10	43·72	31·49	Jamalpur.		
0·32	2·42	1·14	1·42	0·03	1·95	0·25	2·05	0·46	1·45	28	20·35	34·81	16·86	3·38	67·58	43·79	Netrokona.		
...	0·09	0·35	4·16	1·91	0·03	...	1·18	...	...	18	?	20·25	?	4·97	50·78	?	*Sabornakhali.*		
0·50	2·20	1·60	4·25	2·40	...	...	...	...	2·00		?		?			?	*Durgapur.*		
...	0·49	0·25	1·05	2·57	0·09	0·55	1·82	...	0·17	24	?	19·38	?	2·57	44·59	?	*Sherepur Town.*		
...	1·10	0·22	0·90	0·88	...	0·31	0·44	...	...	20	?	19·16	?	2·50	49·76	?	*Dewanganj.*		
0·62	1·70	0·14	4·53	0·07	...	...	0·29	...	0·33	22	17·26	34·92	16·49	6·15	57·50	35·78	Kishanganj ...	Purnea ...	NORTH BIHAR.
1·05	0·17	1·48	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	15·68	22·63	15·98	6·15	37·71	32·10	Araria.		
0·07	2·15	0·20	0·10	0·03	0·03	...	0·01	1·47	0·17	23	16·47	23·63	13·80	3·26	31·89	28·28	Purnea.		
...	0·83	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·13	18	?	18·51	?	2·77	37·27	?	*Goandwara (Korah).*		
2·10	0·05	0·60	0·75	...	...	0·20	...	0·20	...	20	?	18·65	?	3·20	42·87	?	*Barsoe.*		
0·15	0·44	1·83	1·43	...	...	...	0·40	0·11	1·35	23	?	23·02	?	3·44	34·50	?	*Forbesganj.*		
3·00	...	...	2·50	0·30	...	...	0·30	...	1·00	22	?	35·67	?	7·00	51·67	?	*Kaliaganj.*		
...	1·82	0·41	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	0·65	19	14·50	20·47	11·49	4·50	26·08	22·44	Madhipura ...	Bhagalpur.	
1·08	2·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·42	...	15	?	14·13	?	3·14		?	Bon[illegible] (Sylhadi).		
0·69	0·21	0·60	...	...	0·37	0·77	0·31	...	0·18	21	14·22	18·68	10·95	3·60	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
0·02	0·04	3·27	1·24	...	...	...	0·43	...	...	17	?	25·12		[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]		
0·33	...	0·06	0·09	0·02	0·67	...	...	...	...	12	15·30	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]		
...	0·08	0·05	0·73	...	0·47	...	0·03	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]			[illegible]		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Station

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
NORTH BIHAR—concld.	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	0·05	0·45	...	1·72	...	...	1·95	0·05	...	1·58	...	0·72	0·25	0·50	1·55	0·28	0·60	0·12	0·10
		Darbhanga ...	0·38	0·27	0·38	0·71	0·05	0·15	0·02	0·71	0·39	0·23	0·12	1·37	0·33	0·21	0·78	0·17	0·14	...	...
		Madhubani ...	1·05	0·37	0·10	0·66	...	0·01	0·21	4·26	0·01	0·65	0·19	0·76	0·31	...	0·94	0·12	0·03	...	0·19
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	1·32	...	0·50	0·34	...	0·80	0·15	...	1·09	0·55	0·85	...	...	...	1·24	...
		Roshera ...	...	0·83	2·04	...	...	...	0·70	0·36	0·80	0·80	0·60	2·52	0·35	0·57	0·28	...	0·50	...	...
	Muzaffarpur	Sitamarhi ...	0·02	3·25	0·20	0·87	...	...	...	0·59	0·16	0·79	0·02	1·09	0·25	2·21	0·52	...	...	...	0·20
		Muzaffarpur	0·01	0·13	0·10	0·44	0·71	0·49	0·40	0·32	1·22	0·75	0·16	0·16	1·45	0·57	1·47	0·01	0·57	0·01	0·06
		Hajipur ...	0·02	0·22	0·70	0·63	...	0·16	3·56	0·02	0·06	1·25	0·01	0·53	0·12	0·12	0·43	1·19	0·13	0·05	0·40
		Paru ...	...	...	0·82	0·40	...	...	1·63	...	0·26	2·30	0·16	...	0·96	...	...	0·43	...	...	0·94
		Mahua (Chitwara).																			
		Sinhar ...	...	1·60	...	0·75	...	...	...	2·75	...	0·10	1·70	1·10	1·30	...	1·10	...	...	...	0·60
		Pupri ...																			
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	0·03	1·93	0·04	0·73	0·34	...	0·19	6·36	1·19	0·92	2·27	0·19	2·15	0·76	0·79	...	0·15	[illegible]	1·67
		Bettiah ...	...	0·40	0·21	1·59	...	...	0·27	1·28	0·65	0·86	1·54	...	1·16	2·06	1·30	...	...	...	1·62
		Bagaha ...	...	0·57	1·04	0·08	0·62	0·02	...	0·01	2·24	...	1·23	1·03	0·64	1·94	1·47	...	0·52	...	0·51
		Barharwa ...	0·03	...	0·28	0·15	0·28	...	0·09	1·01	0·02	0·48	0·35	...	0·03	0·70	0·56	...	...	...	0·70
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	1·55	0·15	0·26	0·23	0·08	...	...	2·17	0·93	0·68	0·03	...	2·30	0·73	...	0·30	0·40	0·07	0·77
		Siwan ...	1·77	0·05	1·57	1·86	...	0·41	0·37	...	0·21	...	0·22	0·68	0·19	0·64	0·48	0·10	0·05	0·23	0·63
		Chapra ...	...	0·08	0·10	0·31	...	...	1·62	1·13	0·18	1·41	0·22	...	0·05	0·28	1·57	0·40	0·15	0·05	0·56
		Sreepore ...																			
		Annar ...	...	0·50	...	0·90	...	...	1·70	0·40	2·50	1·18	...	0·20	0·40	0·50	1·56	0·95	2·04	0·14	0·48
		Basantpur ...									0·02		0·50	0·83		1·30	0·50	1·32	0·76		0·04
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	0·26	1·04	...	0·55	0·25	0·11	0·83	0·04	0·45	0·04	...	0·12	0·11	1·02	8·64	0·22	0·56	0·45	0·77
		Debri ...	...	0·08	0·03	0·08	...	0·34	1·52	0·12	0·36	0·07	...	...	0·36	0·23	0·72	0·19	0·17	0·38	0·43
		Bhabhua ...	0·01	0·32	1·21	0·21	0·06	0·68	3·31	0·02	0·80	0·37	...	0·20	1·14	0·35	1·19	0·04	0·10	2·15	0·46
		Sasaram ...	...	0·64	0·85	0·11	1·85	0·65	1·03	...	...	0·80	...	...	...	...	0·43	0·42	0·25	0·74	0·35
		Arrah ...	1·20	...	0·07	0·02	...	2·32	1·67	0·80	0·37	0·30	0·08	0·01	1·28	1·10	1·61	0·84	0·02	0·70	0·24
		Mohaniah ...	1·20	1·60	1·10	...	0·60	1·10	...	0·90	...	...	0·70	0·20	...	2·10	...	0·30	0·69	0·70	...
		Khiri ...	...	0·20	0·50	5·30	...	1·10	...	...	...	0·37	...	0·30	...	0·40	1·30	0·80	0·25	0·24	...
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	0·24	...	1·37	3·37	...	...	...	...	...	1·21	1·35	...	0·65	1·00	1·90	0·45
		Ramnagar ...	1·85	...	...	...	...	0·33	1·65	0·25	...	...	...	0·36	0·13	2·90	...	0·55	1·48	0·13	0·75
		Koath ...	...	1·00	...	1·16	...	...	1·52	0·12	0·27	...	...	...	...	1·33	0·14	0·28	0·78	0·65	0·06
		Sikroul ...	0·20	...	0·60	0·20	0·90	0·40	0·53	0·23	...	...	0·10	0·20	0·25	0·20	1·14	0·25	0·10	1·00	0·35
		Bassawan ...	...	0·76	1·32	...	0·72	1·05	...	0·94	...	...	0·95	0·17	0·73	1·23	2·07	...	0·49	0·79	1·14
		Manoharpur	0·08	0·28	0·10	0·27	0·17	0·25	1·09	...	0·20	0·19	...	...	...	0·16	0·93	1·16	0·70	0·58	0·50
	Gaya ...	Aurungabad...	...	0·07	0·38	0·22	0·06	0·13	0·71	0·83	...	1·46	...	0·31	0·29	0·06	1·00	0·27	0·29	0·91	0·09
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	0·22	...	...	0·05	...	1·45	0·76	...	...	0·68	0·98	1·44	0·72	0·85	0·18	0·22
		Nawada ...	0·02	...	0·30	0·56	1·05	0·02	0·05	...	...	0·69	0·20	0·16	0·12	0·16	0·40	1·11	0·23	0·30	0·09
		Jahanabad ...	...	0·58	...	0·22	0·01	...	1·21	0·54	0·14	1·86	0·43	...	2·02	2·33	...	0·70	0·38	0·37	2·48
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	1·45	...	...	0·70	...	...	0·97	...	...	...	2·62	0·56	...	0·58	0·32	...
		Daudnagar ...	...	0·80	0·16	...	...	0·38	1·73	0·29	...	0·13	...	[illegible]	0·41	0·23	0·21	0·17	0·35	1·13	0·23
		Sherghati ...	...	0·35	0·25	0·76	0·50	...	...	...	...	0·25	0·40	0·70	0·50	...	0·25	0·40	0·50	1·09	4·19
		Rajauli ...	0·83	0·42	0·17	1·20	...	...	0·50	...	1·10	0·70	0·40	0·28	0·35	0·09	...	...	0·84	1·34	0·14
		Pakri Barawan.	...	...	0·72	0·71	...	...	...	...	0·69	1·15	0·42	0·30	0·40	...	0·16	0·66	0·63	...	0·15
	Patna	Patna	0·03	0·09	0·04	1·05	0·43	0·04	3·87	0·24	0·11	2·66	...	0·48	0·08	0·71	1·62	0·97	0·63	...	0·08
		Dinapore ...	0·04	...	0·12	0·61	0·04	0·09	3·13	1·42	1·87	1·04	0·21	1·39	0·13	0·76	4·08	0·73	0·16	...	0·03
		Bihar ...	0·61	...	0·50	1·28	...	...	0·91	...	0·15	1·76	...	0·10	0·70	0·48	0·75	0·33	0·56	0·70	...
		Barh ...	...	...	1·00	2·00	...	...	1·20	...	0·32	2·10	0·60	0·16	0·50	0·41	...	0·32	0·24	...	0·10
		Bickram ...	0·20	0·13	...	...	...	...	1·58	1·50	0·18	2·34	0·53	0·35	0·86	0·39	0·03	3·25	0·12	0·12	1·99
		Hilsa ...	0·23	0·40	1·45	0·95	...	...	0·80	0·14	2·26	0·45	2·40	...	0·20	0·50	...	1·04	1·24	0·30	0·23
	Monghyr	Begusarai ...	...	...	0·53	4·09	0·07	0·17	3·90	0·12	0·90	0·62	...	0·52	...	2·51	0·63	...	0·70	...	...
		Monghyr ...	0·39	...	0·71	1·96	0·19	0·37	2·44	0·09	0·26	0·32	0·08	1·22	1·10	0·19	...	...	0·61	0·32	0·55
		Jamui ...	0·16	0·43	0·84	2·09	...	...	0·23	0·16	0·11	...	0·10	0·19	0·65	...	0·77	0·43	1·75	0·60	1·56
		Gogri ...	0·75	...	0·91	3·47	1·15	0·93	1·20	...	...	...	...	4·16	...	1·82	...	...	2·25	...	...
		Sheikpura	...	...	0·75	3·00	...	...	...	0·40	...	1·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·93	1·93	...
		Chahai Bamda	0·13	0·94	0·37	0·55	0·22	0·60	0·10	...	0·02	0·02	0·02	1·50	0·30	...	0·20	0·30	0·36	0·20	0·83
		Chupra-n ...																			
	Sonthal Pargana.	Rajmahal ...	...	0·45	0·85	0·52	...	0·77	2·07	1·06	3·94	0·18	0·07	0·79	0·71	0·53	0·67	0·50	0·78	0·17	0·09
		Godda ...	0·04	1·15	0·28	0·45	...	1·63	3·85	...	0·15	0·01	...	0·18	0·42	0·17	0·10	0·30	0·09	0·18	0·36
		Pakour ...	...	4·13	1·41	0·77	...	0·45	2·28	0·17	0·12	0·53	1·27	...	0·41	0·51	0·40	1·36	0·35	0·85	0·37
		Naya Dumka	0·09	0·41	0·86	0·19	0·82	0·71	2·23	0·96	0·93	...	0·09	0·21	1·76	0·22	1·40	0·41	0·71	0·16	0·07
		Deoghur ...	...	0·07	0·28	0·24	0·06	0·53	0·19	0·51	0·27	0·03	...	1·02	0·58	0·18	3·60	1·20	0·06	...	...
		Jamtara ...	0·35	...	0·15	...	0·65	1·82	2·75	...	...	...	0·05	0·12	0·35	0·38	0·05	0·56	0·09	0·16	...
		Belbadda ...	...	...	1·05	...	0·21	1·61	...	0·75	0·29	...	...	...	...	0·17	...	...	...	0·16	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	*Nanihat*	...	0·51	0·36	0·42	...	1·81	2·11	...	...	...	...	1·48	...	...	1·60	1·75	...	1·16	1·06
		Pachamba (*Giridi*).	0·72	...	0·59	0·23	...	0·10	...	0·13	0·12	...	...	0·74	1·30	0·15	0·99	0·94	0·41	0·10	3·05
		Hazaribagh ...	0·17	0·10	1·26	1·39	0·83	0·51	0·35	0·56	...	0·25	1·16	0·21	0·07	0·07	2·31	4·55	0·12	0·07	4·69
		Semtagurah ...	0·11	2·04	0·80	1·04	0·56	...	0·91	...	...	0·11	1·30	0·78	1·10	2·56	1·77	...	0·26	3·04	0·93
		Mahudi Hills	...	1·03	0·93	1·12	0·31	0·36	0·16	...	...	0·35	...	...	1·04	1·55	0·97	1·55	...	1·03	1·04
		Jhoomrah Hill	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·60	0·70	1·10	...	1·30	0·40	...	0·90	...
		Barhi ...	1·50	0·46	0·21	0·39	0·38	0·27	0·45	...	1·29	...	0·19	0·19	0·25	0·19	1·31	4·69	...	...	2·24
		Chatra ...	0·18	0·48	1·12	0·62	0·39	0·09	0·70	0·04	1·90	1·26	0·11	0·50	0·40	0·42	0·61	0·26	0·56	...	0·90
		Karagdeha ...	1·65	...	0·17	0·47	0·04	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·72	...	0·13	0·41	0·63	0·47	...	3·40
	Lohardaga ...	*Ramghar* ...	...	...	4·80	2·21	0·08	...	0·68	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	2·20	1·22	2·23	...	...	0·19
		Lohardaga ...	...	...	0·46	0·89	...	...	0·36	...	...	...	0·64	...	0·52	1·66	0·24	0·37	0·44	...	0·51
		Ranchi ...	...	...	0·38	1·71	1·20	0·38	...	...	0·19	...	1·80	0·93	0·59	1·41	1·40	0·01	0·35	0·09	1·22
		Silli ...	...	1·00	0·90	...	2·10	0·40	...	...	...	1·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sirguja ...	...	0·41	1·20	1·92	1·02	0·10	0·45	0·07	0·41	0·38	0·03	0·22	0·90	1·53	0·17	0·22	5·21	0·20	0·79
		Jashpur ...	0·03	0·55	0·45	0·13	1·23	0·22	0·46	0·23	0·09	1·67	0·13	0·12	0·47	0·25	1·45	2·64	0·57	1·53	0·45
		Gangpur ...	0·14	0·25	1·10	0·44	1·19	0·42	0·10	...	...	0·70	...	...	0·10	0·16	2·07	0·80	0·72	0·30	0·36
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...	0·02	0·07	0·11	0·16	0·86	1·74	0·34	0·34	0·11	0·81	0·03	0·02	1·87	0·33	0·87	0·52	0·04	2·29	0·37
		Baluma ...	0·27	0·06	1·72	2·30	...	0·39	0·98	0·67	...	0·07	3·38	0·45	1·30	0·58	0·53	0·82	0·44	0·45	0·55
		Hoseinabad ...	0·05	0·10	0·13	1·80	...	0·30	0·63	0·58	0·16	1·15	1·06	...	0·25	0·02	2·25	1·20	0·17	2·25	0·35
		Garwah ...	...	0·12	0·30	0·23	0·19	0·57	0·46	0·33	...	0·27	...	...	0·72	...	0·91	0·22	3·75	0·09	0·76
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	...	0·55	0·35	...	0·14	0·13	0·21	...	...	0·55	0·02	0·03	0·31	0·50	0·55	1·25	0·56
		Chakradharpur.	...	...	0·76	0·04	0·07	...	0·02	...	...	0·08	1·13	0·22	...	0·07	0·09	0·80	0·20	0·41	2·50
		Ghatsila ...	...	...	0·20	0·50	...	0·47	0·73	...	...	...	...	0·26	0·09	0·03	1·38	...	...	0·71	0·75
		Baharagura	...	...	0·70	0·90	...	0·35	...	0·55	...	...	0·40	0·30	0·09	...	...	1·21	0·11	0·19	1·39
		Gailkura ...	...	...	1·70	0·60	...	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	0·35	0·10	0·40	0·55
	Manbhum ...	Kalikapur ...	0·05	0·96	0·63	0·45	...	...	0·27	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·16	0·72	...	0·61	1·41
		Purulia ...	...	0·27	0·15	0·30	0·18	0·87	0·46	...	0·12	...	0·20	...	0·63	0·26	2·25	0·05	0·81	0·29	0·84
		Gobindpur ...	0·05	...	0·33	0·07	1·58	0·91	0·12	0·06	0·42	...	1·08	0·10	0·06	0·11	1·20	1·26	0·25	1·16	5·10
		Raghunathpur.	...	0·70	0·30	0·07	1·53	1·75	0·30	0·10	...	0·23	0·20	...	0·09	...	0·75	1·85	0·25	1·46	0·20
		Barrabhum ...	...	...	0·21	...	0·10	0·18	0·43	0·05	0·00	0·10	0·00	...	0·10	...	0·72	2·40	0·05	0·20	0·03
		Jhalda ...	...	0·21	0·82	1·15	0·15	...	0·10	...	...	0·05	0·12	1·60	...	0·05	...	0·53	0·07	2·65	0·02
		Chas ...	...	0·33	0·33	...	0·52	0·29	...	...	0·45	...	...	0·10	0·37	...	0·60	0·78	0·11	0·92	2·76
		Pandra ...	0·22	...	0·30	0·36	0·05	0·74	0·74	0·01	...	...	0·01	0·21	0·42	0·03	0·45	1·37	0·02	0·16	0·70
	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	Keonjher ...	...	1·32	0·26	0·13	...	...	...	0·25	0·20	...	0·01	0·01	...	0·01	0·02	...	...	0·37	...
		Anundpur ...	...	...	0·57	0·05	1·38	...	0·05	...	...	...	0·58	0·54	0·50	2·6	...	...	...	...	...
		Talcher ...	0·13	0·66	0·07	1·02	1·59	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	1·69	0·31	0·52	...	...	0·77	0·14	0·93
		Narsingpur ...	...	...	0·80	1·23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	...	0·20	0·21	...	0·42
		Angul ...	...	0·07	...	0·29	0·22	...	0·10	1·02	...	0·08	...	0·04	...	0·30	...	...	0·64	0·23	...
		Dhenkanal ...	...	...	0·64	2·33	0·08	0·18	0·01	...	...	0·92	0·12	0·01	0·16	0·03	0·04	0·02	0·30	0·00	0·13
		Bispara ...																			
		Kunjabongar	...	0·12	0·15	0·20	0·03	0·10	0·08	0·11	0·19	1·50	0·04	0·15	0·10	0·14	0·07	0·05	0·10	0·10	0·10
		Baramba ...	0·23	...	1·00	...	1·74	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	2·20	0·76	0·20	...	...	0·27	...
	North Lushai	Fort Aijal ...	0·16	2·65	2·30	0·18	0·07	0·13	0·14	0·06	0·08	0·21	0·09	0·15	0·74	0·57	0·16	0·66	0·25	...	0·81

in Bengal in July 1893—*concluded.*

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May 1893 to 31st July 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 31st July.	Station.	District.	Meteorological Division.
...	0·25	...	1·69	0·35	...	...	0·30	0·10	...	0·75	18	12·79	14·27	12·19	1·95	21·01	20·88	Tajpur ...	Darbhanga.	NORTH BEHAR—*concluded.*
0·10	2·54	0·09	1·26	...	0·69	0·21	0·24	0·03	1·40	1·79	25	13·32	15·98	11·89	2·54	24·83	21·01	Darbhanga.		
		2·55	0·02	...	2·93	...	...	...	1·14	0·06		12·53		10·69			20·82	Madhubaani.		
1·30	3·13	...	0·82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	?	12·00	?	3·13		?	*Bahera.*		
...	1·30	1·95	0·90	0·84	...	...	...	0·73	1·50	0·56	19	?	18·03	?	2·52	23·42	?	*Roshera.*		
0·90	1·80	1·57	0·51	0·27	1·55	0·21	...	1·62	1·10	0·08	22	10·89	21·06	10·30	3·25	33·54	19·97	Sitamarhi ...	Muzaffarpur.	
0·30	0·67	1·46	0·69	...	0·25	0·02	0·28	0·59	0·26	0·01	23	14·00	13·44	11·81	1·47	18·34	20·72	Muzaffarpur.		
0·41	0·33	0·01	0·15	0·35	0·83	...	...	...	0·20	...	20	13·79	12·00	11·85	3·56	20·94	19·72	Hajipur.		
...	...	2·85	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·42	...	12	?	12·30	?	2·85		?	*Paru.*		
								*				?		?			?	*Mahua* (Chitwarra.)		
...	0·25	0·12	1·35	0·08	2·85	...	...	2·70	...	...	15	?	19·20	?	2·85		?	*Sinhar.*		
												?		?			?	*Pupri.*		
0·13	2·19	2·34	1·21	...	1·12	0·23	...	0·59	2·93	0·04	23	11·29	31·92	10·45	3·19	45·28	19·73	Motihari ...	Champaran.	
1·51	0·05	1·90	0·17	...	2·49	0·20	...	0·10	1·08	0·30	20	12·05	21·22	12·68	2·49	29·52	22·34	Bettia.		
0·89	0·25	1·47	1·24	0·02	1·81	1·11	1·03	3·01	1·83	0·12	21	?	25·55	?	3·91	37·65	?	*Bagaha.*		
1·11	0·03	1·08	0·58	...	0·19	...	...	0·05	0·37	0·06	15	?	9·34	?	1·19	13·55	?	*Burhurwa.*		
0·21	1·00	1·21	0·17	...	0·18	0·02	...	0·36	0·38	0·04	20	13·17	15·22	12·51	2·30	24·31	20·18	Gopalganj ...	Saran.	
0·09	0·15	1·49	0·70	0·03	0·87	0·13	0·05	...	...	...	19	13·60	11·97	11·73	1·77	16·51	19·64	Siwan.		
...	1·23	0·21	0·01	...	...	0·01	...	0·02	0·11	...	15	14·15	9·85	12·30	1·63	17·86	19·26	Chapra.		
0·22	0·07	2·56	0·12	0·39	0·13	...	...	0·41	0·28	...	22		18·20		2·56			Sereepore.		
0·05	...	...	...	...	...	1·46	0·39											Annar.		
								...										Basantpur.		
2·61	0·11	1·60	...	...	...	0·35	...	...	...	...	19	14·50	12·23	11·07	2·61	17·19	16·68	Buxar ...	Shahabad ...	SOUTH BEHAR.
3·80	0·75	0·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	15·38	10·35	11·25	3·80	19·84	17·07	Dehri.		
2·28	0·09	0·42	...	...	0·11	0·08	...	...	...	0·72	19	13·75	17·65	12·31	3·31	26·59	18·16	Bhabhua.		
3·00	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	14·65	11·87	11·34	3·00		17·14	Sasaram.		
1·72	0·29	0·06	...	...	0·16	0·02	...	...	...	...	16	14·94	15·22	11·03	2·32	25·39	18·12	Arrah.		
0·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	?	12·10	?	2·10	16·59	?	*Mohaniah.*		
0·14	0·26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	?	13·06	?	5·39		?	*Khiri.*		
	3·30	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	14·04	?	3·37		?	*Ageaon.*		
0·58	1·27	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	?	13·24	?	2·90	19·10	?	*Ramnagar.*		
...	1·63	0·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	?	10·41	?	1·66	19·74	?	*Koath.*		
0·20	2·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	?	9·51	?	2·56		?	*Sikroul.*		
0·64	1·18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·26	...	16	?	14·44	?	2·07	21·53	?	*Bassawan.*		
2·40	0·25	0·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	?	9·45	?	2·40		?	*Manaharpur.*		
2·32	1·25	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	13·70	11·75	12·19	2·32	18·79	19·20	Aurungabad ...	Gaya.	
0·25	1·63	0·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·82	...	15	15·65	13·92	12·86	2·35	23·23	20·33	Gaya.		
0·80	2·48	...	...	...	...	...	1·17	0·69	1·33	...	17	13·60	12·71	11·71	2·44	23·34	18·56	Nawada.		
2·41	6·87	0·81	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	19	13·35	27.21	11·24	6·87	37·36	18·56	Jahanabad.		
0·35	1·21	2·35	0·60	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	12	?	13·05	?	2·62	20·17	?	*Arwal.*		
1·41	0·25	0·71	...	...	...	1·23	...	...	...	...	17	?	9·82	?	1·53	17·90	?	*Daudnagar.*		
2·80	1·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	17	?	17·09	?	4·19		?	*Sherghati.*		
1·40	1·30	0·10	0·05	...	0·35	...	...	0·09	2·50	0·10	20	?	16·55	?	2·50		?	*Rajauli.*		
2·04	4·83	0·09	...	...	...	0·33	...	...	...	...		?		?	4·83		?	*Pakri Barawan.*		
0·20	0·0	06	0·25	0·06	...	...	0·03	...	0·31	...	15	13·85	14·50	11·59	3·87	25·58	19·98	Patna ...	Patna.	
0·17	0·30	0·35	0·08	0·38	...	...	0·39	...	0·03	...	18	14·19	18·82	11·39	4·08	23·20	19·08	Dinapore.		
2·90	1·80	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	...	18	15·05	13·19	12·60	2·00	28·08	20·46	Behar.		
	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	15	13·10	9·95	11·22	2·10	19·87	18·65	Bach.		
0·53	1·25	0·45	0·32	...	...	...	...	5.	0·27	...	20	?	19·20	?	3·25	29·48	?	*Bickram.*		
0·50	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·27	19	?	14·02	?	2·40	24·02	?	*Hilsa.*		
...	0·98	...	...	0·21	...	...	1·38	...	...	...	14	14·70	17·33	11·11	4·09	31·35	18·77	Begusarai ...	Monghyr.	
...	0·27	0·20	0·25	0·03	0·14	...	...	...	...	3·15	19	15·50	14·94	12·35	3·15	24·21	20·54	Monghyr.		
0·04	0·18	...	0·26	...	...	...	...	0·27	...	...	18	16·70	17·82	12·75	2·09	21·12	20·58	Jamui.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·86	16	?	18·50	?	2·16		?	*Gogri.*		
0·50	2·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·60	...	...	10	?	13·64	?	3·00	31·72	?	*Sheikpura.*		
0·69	1·84	0·02	2·38	0·13	...	...	...	0·26	0·17	0·24	22	?	15·32	?	2·38	35·28	?	*Chakai Bamda.*		
									...	0·10								Chupreon.		
...	1·00	0·10	0·42	1·71	0·09	0·03	0·18	0·19	...	...	21	15·42	18·14	12·93	3·94	31·78	23·22	Rajmahal ...	Sonthal Parganas.	
1·63	0·90	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	0·80	0·45	0·02	17	16·06	13·27	11·07	3·85		20·19	Godda.		
0·14	0·18	0·65	0·71	0·74	0·36	0·12	...	1·37	0·02	0·02	25	17·21	21·21	12·44	4·13	43·57	25·96	Pakour.		
0·41	0·07	0·25	0·36	0·09	1·30	...	0·22	...	...	0·09	19	18·50	14·14	13·44	2·23	36·40	24·44	Naya Dumka.		
1·05	1·58	...	0·55	0·06	0·04	...	1·12	...	...	...	15	18·20	14·30	13·63	1·92	31·32	23·79	Deoghur.		
1·25	0·50	...	0·19	0·20	1·32	0·37	0·19	...	...	0·04	18	18·00	12·61	13·66	2·75	32·88	24·20	Jamtara		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	0·68	...		?		?			?	*Belbadda.*		
	...	...	1·12									?		?			?	*Nanihat*		
0·60	0·15	...	0·04	1·67	0·83	...	0·24	0·40	...	0·02	20	18·60	14·71	13·55	3·05	36·11	22·25	Pacoamba (*Giridi*). ...	Hazaribagh ...	CHOTA NAGPUR.
1·25	0·13	0·05	...	0·18	...	0·04	...	0·07	0·06	0·25	20	18·76	22·?0	12·99	4·09	41·21	21·61	Hazaribagh.		
0·31	...	...	..	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	13	18·92	19·?	13·81	3·04		21·90	Semtaguran.		
...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·80	0·14	...	17	18·17	14·83	12·36	1·95		21·39	Mahudi Hills.		
0·40	...	1·20	...	...	...	0·60	0·20	...	...	0·30		21·80		16·87			28·85	Jhoomrah Hills		
1·80	0·46	...	...	0·35	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	19	?	21·47	?	4·79	...	?	*Barhi.*		
5·73	1·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	...	0·64	19	?	19·10	?	5·73	31·13	?	*Chatra.*		
2·07	0·13	...	0·62	0·02	..	...	...	...	...	0·12	16	?	13·47	?	3·40	27·14	?	*Karagdeha.*		
1·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·45	0·35	0·15	15	?	18·77	?	4·80	31·91	?	*Ramghar.*		
0·63	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·31	14	12·29	7·31	12·40	1·66	17·81	22·11	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga.	
0·10	0·19	0·94	...	0·58	...	...	0·06	...	...	0·37	18	19·45	15·10	13·72	1·80	32·34	24·32	Ranchi.		
							0·66	2·40				?					?	*Silli.*		
1·03	0·02	0·20	0·10	0·06	0·04	0·06	...	0·12	1·03	0·40	23	?	20·10	?	5·21	31·24	?	Sirguja.		
0·27	...	0·01	0·02	0·03	...	...	0·10	0·95	1·05	...	22	?	16·32	?	2·64	34·81	?	Jaspur.		
...	...	...	...	0·70	...	...	0·65	1·47	0·72	0·90	21	?	12·80	?	2·07	27·56	?	Gangpur.		
0·60	0·75	...	0·06	0·17	...	...	...	...	0·04	0·70	18	16·45	15·24	11·56	2·29	24·15	19·65	Palamau.	Palamau.	
1·25	0·30	...	0·50	0·02	...	...	...	0·09	...	0·11	19	?	17·15	?	3·38	36·66	?	*Balumat.*		
0·88	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	19	?	14·81	?	2·25	26·51	?	*Hoseinabad.*		
3·30	4·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	?	16·98	?	3·75	25·82	?	*Garwah.*		
0·26	0·01	...	...	0·40	0·02	...	0·58	0·01	0·01	1·55	15	17·15	8·90	14·27	1·55	30·47	24·99	Chaibassa	Singhbhum.	
...	...	...	0·09	0·07	0·03	0·07	0·51	0·02	0·61	0·70	11	?	8·93	?	2·59	26·48	?	*Chakradharpur.*		
0·06	0·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·17	12	?	7·85	?	2·36	33·93	?	*Ghatsila.*		
0·05	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	0·12	0·46	...	14	?	8·59	?	1·75	24·93	?	*Baharagura.*		
0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	0·20	0·45	1·10	14		7·39		1·70	50·86		Gallkura.		
3·15	0·16	...	...	...	...	...	2·13	1·02	0·15	0·49	15		16·86		3·15			Kalikapur.		
2·26	...	0·09	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	18	17·40	13·31	12·22	2·82	41·25	22·81	Purulia ...	Manbhum.	
1·34	0·04	0·13	...	2·12	0·44	...	...	0·74	0·28	0·17	21	17·65	20·27	11·92	5·10	42·51	20·55	Gobindpur.		
5·70	0·27	1·48	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	?	19·48	?	5·70	34·28	?	*Raghunathpur.*		
0·31	0·42	...	...	0·60	0·02	...	...	0·05	0·20	0·05	15	?	10·21	?	2·40	30·86	?	*Barrabhum.*		
0·02	...	0·12	...	...	...	0·42	0·14	...	0·27	1·10	17	?	10·53	?	3·05	26·74	?	*Jhalda.*		
...	...	...	...	1·76	0·58	...	0·40	0·31	0·45	1·40	19	?	13·74	?	2·76	31·79	?	*Chas.*		
0·34	...	0·23	0·12	0·83	1·30	1·75	0·07	...	...	0·73	19	?	11·39	?	1·75	32·03	?	*Pandra.*		
0·27	...	...	0·41	...	...	0·08	0·73	0·83	0·83	1·32	13	?	6·93	?	1·32	19·85		Keonjhar ...	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	
0·41	...	...	...	...	...	1·38	0·10	...	1·38	2·23	12	?	12·97	?	2·07	27·74		Anandapur.		
0·33	...	...	...	0·75	...	0·93	...	...	0·34	0·31	15	?	10·32	?	1·69	25·93		Talcher.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·43	0·09	0·05	7	?	3·68	?	1·23	13·27		Narsingpur.		
0·06	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	0·34	1·24	0·34	12	?	5·71	?	1·24	20·38		Angul.		
0·03	0·10	0·28	0·05	0·10	...	0·07	0·40	0·02	2·67	0·24	16	?	9·98	?	2·67	27·73		Dhenkanal.		
																		Bispara.		
...	...	...	0·10	1·00	...	1·00	0·10	1·05	0·04	...	19	?	7·64	?	1·59	...		Kunjabongar.		
...	...	...	...	0·21	...	...	...	0·35	0·11	0·23	13	?	7·52		2·20	20·46		Baramba.		
0·54	0·06	0·05	0·63	0·21	0·15	0·20	0·14	0·04	0·49	0·56	21	?	12·40	?	2·90			Fort Aijal ...	North Lushai	

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1893.

A VERY noticeable feature of the pressure arrangement during July has been the displacement of the trough of low pressure towards the north. This trough usually extends from the head of the Bay in a north-westerly direction, and when it occupies its normal position there is a free easterly air current up the plane of the Ganges. During the past month it has very frequently been close to the foot of the hills, and then, instead of the easterly winds in North Bengal and Bihar, directions have been westerly. As in that case the wind blows from the Central Provinces, the air is not so highly saturated with moisture, and under ordinary circumstances gives very little rain to the districts where westerly winds prevail.

In the light of these remarks it appears easy to account for the great variation of rainfall during July in the various districts, with the exception of North Bihar, where the very heavy falls are not so easily dealt with. The strength of the monsoon current crossing the Burma and Bengal coasts is very little affected by the position of the trough of low pressure till the current is well inland. Instead of moving westward across North Bengal when the trough is near the hills, the pressure distribution bars its progress, and whether because of interference of two different air currents, or because the moist current from the Bay is forced upward, there is under these circumstances much more precipitation of moisture in North Bengal and the adjoining districts of East Bengal and Assam.

During the past month these conditions have obtained very frequently. Rainfall has been scanty in Orissa and South-West Bengal, normal in East Bengal, and much above the normal in North Bengal and North Bihar. The large average excess in North Bengal is, as stated above, due to the monsoon current undergoing the check to its westward progress over that part of the province. The almost as large excess of 6¼ inches in North Bihar is probably due to the monsoon current moving westwards at a higher level, gradually descending as it gets further west. That this is possible is shown by the excess rainfall in the various districts of North Bihar with the exception of Champaran. Excess gradually diminishes from 77 per cent. of the normal fall in Purneah to 51 in Bhagalpur, 40 in Darbhanga and Muzaffarpur and only 4 in Saran. The large excess of 113 per cent. in Champaran is probably due to local conditions. The rainfall in Chota Nagpur and South Bihar is about 2 inches above the normal, a small excess, which is probably due to these districts being partly affected by the conditions which determined the defect in Orissa and the larger excess in North Bihar.

Another noteworthy circumstance in connection with the general weather conditions is the almost entire absence of depressions in the north of the Bay. An important disturbance developed over Lower Bengal at the end of June, but by the beginning of July the normal distribution of pressure prevailed. There was little change up till the 15th, when a shallow depression again formed over Lower Bengal and practically disappeared on the following day. Another and somewhat deeper depression formed on the 29th in the north-west angle of the Bay, where it remained till the end of the month, developing slowly and causing much steeper gradients towards the south, a cyclonic circulation over the Bay and the province, and stronger winds.

At the beginning of the month pressure was in excess by more than a tenth of an inch in Lower Bengal and the west of Bihar, while readings were practically normal in North Bengal and Assam. A low pressure area lay along the foot of the Himalayas, and winds were westerly in all districts. From the 2nd to the 4th heavy rain fell in Bihar, North Bengal and East Bengal. Owing to a steady fall of pressure which then commenced, the distribution of pressure became normal by the 5th, and the usual south-easterly winds prevailed except in Orissa and South-West Bengal. Pressure fell briskly in the northern districts on the 10th, the trough of low pressure moved close to the hills and westerly winds again prevailed. As before, heavy rain was reported from North Bengal, but especially Rangpur, Jalpaiguri and Kuch Bihar. At the same time there was a high pressure area over the north-west of the Bay and the adjacent country, which was attended in these parts by fine and almost rainless weather. Up till the 13th there was little change, but then pressure began to fall in Lower Bengal, and the shallow depression mentioned above began to form. Local storms occurred in the south of the province, and rainfall became lighter in the northern districts. The cyclonic circulation continued for two or three days, but by the 16th normal pressure and wind circulation were established. General rain fell for some days with the heaviest falls in the western districts. Up till the 21st no change of importance took place, and almost general rain was falling. On the 22nd, however, a further extension of the westerly winds took place over the province, accompanied by a distinct area of relatively high pressure in the south-western districts. With this change the area of heavy rainfall was shifted towards the east and north, and conditions became unfavourable for rain in Orissa and South-West Bengal. "On the 24th there was a general fall of pressure over the province, and the distribution became rather more normal than it had been, but sout h-westerly winds still prevailed in most districts. On the 25th pressure again fell in Orissa, and partly in the southern districts, while it was rising elsewhere, particularly in Bihar, so that the area of

high pressure in the extreme west of the province tended to re-establish itself. This was succeeded on the 26th by a further rather rapid and general increase of pressure, and a decided area of comparatively high pressure again covered the western half of the province, and this area gradually extended on the 27th and 28th until it reached South-East Bengal; but on the 29th a moderate fall of pressure commenced, tending to partially efface this abnormal distribution of pressure." On the 30th a shallow low pressure area formed over the north of the Bay, where it remained till the 31st, with only a slight increase of intensity. General light rain fell in all districts during these days, and a light cyclonic circulation prevailed.

Pressure.—Mean pressure for the month has been above the normal in all districts by about ·04 inch in Lower Bengal, Orissa and the west of Bihar, and by rather more than ·02 inch in North Bengal and Assam. The changes from day to day have never been of much importance because of the occurrence of only two depressions which remained very shallow during the short time of their existence. At the beginning of the month there was excess of between ·1 inch and ·15 inch in the north-west of the Bay, Orissa and South-West Bengal, but a steady fall resulted in a general small defect on the 5th. On the 6th a wave of rising pressure was moving across the province from the east, and readings on the 7th were again considerably above the normal, continuing high till the 12th, when the distribution was very nearly normal. From the 13th to the 17th there was either a small defect or a very slight difference from the normal, and till the 24th a small excess. From the 24th to the 30th there was moderate excess, but during the last two days the depression was forming over the north of the Bay and defect prevailed.

Temperature.—Except in Orissa, where temperature has been practically normal, means for the month are below the normal for all districts. In Assam defect is 2·1°, North Bengal 1·6°, North Bihar 1·2°, South Bihar 0·9°, East Bengal 0·7°, South-West Bengal 0·5°, and Chota Nagpur 0·4°. Owing to the cloudy weather which has been more prevalent than usual in East and North Bengal, Assam, and Bihar, the difference is greater in day than in night temperatures. The difference of mean maximum temperature from the normal varies from excess of about half a degree in Orissa to defect of nearly 4° at Rangpur, Mymensingh and Silchar. Night temperatures on an average are almost normal except at a few scattered places, defect being generally less than half a degree. During the previous month lowest temperatures were in the western districts and especially Chota Nagpur, but during July the heavy rainfall has caused cooler weather in the northern and eastern districts.

Rainfall.—The most noticeable circumstance in connection with the rainfall has been the very heavy falls in North Bengal and North Bihar, while in Orissa there is a deficiency of nearly a third of the normal. This has been accounted for above by the pressure arrangement which was very persistent throughout the month. The total average fall in North Bengal is 23·39 inches, giving excess of 9·31 inches, and in North Bihar it is 18·41, with excess of 6·23 inches. In South Bihar and Chota Nagpur excess is between 2·5 and 3 inches, and in South-West and East Bengal the average falls are very nearly normal. In Orissa the fall is 8·41 inches as compared with a normal fall of 12·5 inches. Though not so irregular as during the month of June, there is still greater irregularity shown than is usual during July.

Meteorological Divisions.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Actual rainfall of first seven months of 1893 expressed as a percentage of the normal fall for the period.
Orissa	422	309	238	89	607	99	67	169
South-West Bengal	120	464	160	115	225	183	94	160
North Bengal	104	377	145	213	96	100	166	131
East Bengal	80	291	123	149	207	134	103	139
North Bihar	170	357	134	208	84	100	151	132
South Bihar	115	602	188	255	171	156	122	149
Chota Nagpur	155	585	226	151	212	185	121	167

Except in the extreme east, the total falls for the month are below the normal in Lower Bengal, the coast districts of Orissa, and the southern districts of Chota Nagpur including Lohardaga and Singhbhum. Along the coast of Orissa little more and in many cases less than 5 inches have been received. In the other parts of Orissa and the adjacent districts of Chota Nagpur and South-West Bengal, also in part of East Bengal, including the greater part of Jessore and Faridpur, falls are generally between 8 and 10 inches. Over the rest of the southern part of the province falls vary somewhat irregular, from 10 to 15 inches except in the Sunderbuns, Noakhali and Chittagong, where amounts range up to 30 inches. In the north of East Bengal, North Bengal, and North Bihar the normal is almost everywhere exceeded, but by very irregular amounts. In Mymensingh excess varies from 4 to 18 inches, in Kuch Bihar from 18 to 34 inches, and in Jalpaiguri

from 12 to 20 inches. In North Bihar excess is nearly 10 inches in Purneah, but diminishes steadily towards the west, where it is small except in the districts near the foot of the hills. In Champaran there is excess of 21, in Sitarampur of 11, and in Bettiah of 8 inches. Along the boundary of North Bengal and Assam falls increase with great rapidity towards the north. Ulipur received 17·36, Sundergunj 22·2, Kurigaon 35·9, Dinhatta 39·65, and Matabhanga 56·68 inches. The heaviest fall reported is 67·27 inches at Buxa, an amount about 20 inches in excess of the normal. In these northern districts falls are almost all from 30 inches upwards except in the Darjeeling Hills, where they are between 20 and 25 inches. Except at the most northern stations in North Bihar falls are generally between 15 and 20 inches. Sitamarhi received 21·66, Motihari 31·92, Bettiah 21·22, and Bagaha 25·53 inches.

The following table gives full data for the comparison of the actual and normal rainfall of the month of July in all districts of the province. The figures are derived from the average and actual rainfall of the rain-recording stations in each district, due allowance being made for the area which each station represents. This gives a more accurate average than the arithmetical means given in the weekly and monthly meteorological tables. The first column gives the normal or average district rainfall as determined from the rainfall observations of the past fifteen years. The second column gives the actual district rainfall as determined from the weighted actual rainfalls of the month at the reporting stations in each district. The third column expresses the ratio of the actual district rainfall of the past month to the normal rainfall as a percentage, and the fourth column gives the same information in a slightly different form, expressing as a percentage how much the district rainfall varied in excess or in defect from the normal rainfall:—

Percentage Table for July 1893.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for July.	Actual district rainfall for July 1893.	Percentage of actual to normal rainfall.	Percentage excess (+), deficit (—).
Orissa ...	Puri	10·65	6·85	64	— 36
	Cuttack	12·20	7·41	61	— 39
	Balasore	12·20	8·02	66	— 34
South-West Bengal	Midnapore	13·76	8·13	59	— 41
	24-Parganas	12·97	10·87	84	— 16
	Howrah	13·13	9·09	69	— 31
	Hooghly	12·71	10·08	79	— 21
	Burdwan	11·80	12·73	108	+ 8
	Bankura	13·12	10·46	80	— 20
	Birbhum	12·85	15·09	117	+ 17
	Nadia	10·48	11·48	110	+ 10
	Khulna	13·45	13·51	100	
	Jessore	10·55	8·15	77	— 23
	Murshidabad	11·00	13·65	124	+ 24
East Bengal ...	Chittagong	28·52	17·98	63	— 37
	Backergunge	18·78	16·07	85	— 15
	Noakhali	21·82	24·10	110	+ 10
	Faridpur	12·49	9·18	74	— 26
	Dacca	13·84	9·61	69	— 31
	Tippera	15·27	17·59	115	+ 15
	Mymensingh	13·55	25·12	185	+ 85
North Bengal ...	Pabna	10·83	17·08	158	+ 58
	Bogra	13·69	14·23	104	+ 4
	Rajshahi	11·82	11·44	97	— 3
	Malda	11·50	15·46	134	+ 34
	Dinajpur	12·14	19·05	157	+ 57
	Rangpur	13·90	26·50	191	+ 91
	Kuch Bihar	20·09	45·43	226	+126
	Jalpaiguri	25·66	38·36	149	+ 49
	Darjeeling	30·07	25·06	83	— 17
North Bihar ...	Purnea	15·47	27·33	177	+ 77
	Bhagalpur	11·26	17·04	151	+ 51
	Darbhanga	11·60	15·86	137	+ 37
	Muzaffarpur	11·26	15·80	140	+ 40
	Champaran	12·12	25·81	213	+113
	Saran	11·41	11·90	104	+ 4
South Bihar ...	Shahabad	11·97	14·61	122	+ 22
	Gaya	11·83	14·59	123	+ 23
	Patna	12·12	13·28	110	+ 10
	Monghyr	11·89	13·77	116	+ 16
	Sonthal Parganas	12·97	15·13	117	+ 17
Chota Nagpur ...	Hazaribagh	13·40	18·83	141	+ 41
	Lohardaga	12·94	7·91	61	— 39
	Palamau	12·56	13·24	105	+ 5
	Singhbhum	14·27	8·90	62	— 38
	Manbhum	11·53	14·70	127	+ 27

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the month of July 1893 :—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.							
	Highest observed during month.	Lowest observed during month.	Averages for month.			Average mean of month above or below normal mean of month.	Of month.			Rainy days.			Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in month.	Normal average number in month.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	96·7	73·8	88·8	78·7	83·7	+0·1	8·41	12·50	—4·09	13·00	14·92	—1·92	36·35	23·47
South-West Bengal	94·7	73·7	88·5	78·8	83·6	—0·5	11·30	12·00	—0·70	16·67	16·55	+0·12	38·24	24·78
North Bengal	93·3	73·6	87·1	77·4	82·3	—1·6	23·39	14·08	+9·31	21·96	15·57	+6·39	46·73	36·92
East Bengal	91·3	73·1	85·6	77·5	81·6	—0·7	17·09	16·60	+0·49	21·28	18·77	+2·51	53·36	38·99
North Bihar	94·8	74·2	88·1	78·1	83·1	—1·2	18·41	12·18	+6·23	20·00	13·98	+6·02	28·03	22·55
South Bihar	95·0	72·8	88·5	78·3	83·4	—0·9	14·76	12·14	+2·62	17·45	15·27	+2·18	26·85	20·31
Chota Nagpur	93·9*	69·4*	85·9*	73·7*	79·8*	—0·4	15·93	13·16	+2·77	19·18	18·51	+0·67	34·49	22·76
Assam	92·1	73·8	86·5	76·8	81·7	—2·1								

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 15th August 1893.

C. LITTLE,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·658	29·613	—	SW	264	87·7	6,7,12 Aug.	76·6	7 & 8 Aug.	86·3	78·9	82·6
		Gopalpore ...	29·667	29·628	+·050	SW	552	87·7	6th ,,	72·3	12th ,,	85·3	77·2	81·3
		False Point ...	29·652	29·615	+·035	WSW	387	90·0	12th ,,	76·6	8th ,,	87·2	79·3	83·3
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·576	29·598	+·016	SW	134	89·7	12th ,,	75·8	8,11&12 ,,	86·4	77·8	82·9*
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·574	29·576	0	SW	165	89·4	6th ,,	75·7	9 & 11 ,,	86·1	77·0	81·6
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·485	29·580	—·008	SWly	112	91·3	6th ,,	76·1	6th ,,	87·6	77·4	82·5
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·620	29·587	+·013	SW	185	88·6	6th ,,	76·2	9th ,,	86·5	78·3	82·4
		Saugor Island	29·622	29·592	+·013	SSW	570	89·2	8th ,,	77·5	7th ,,	86·1	79·5	82·8
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·582	29·577	+·015	Variable	172	90·3	6th ,,	76·2	9, 10 ,,	87·7	78·1	82·9
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·617	29·597	+·007	Variable	112	91·0	6th ,,	75·9	9th ,,	86·9	78·3	82·6
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29·536	29·581	+·011	SW	106	89·6	7th ,,	77·2	9, 10 ,,	87·3	78·4	83·0
		Raniganj ...	29·284	29·569	+·004	SW	92	92·7	6th ,,	75·9	9, 10 ,,	89·1	76·8	83·0
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·297	29·546	—·007	SEly	99	91·1	6th ,,	75·6	10th ,,	87·2	77·1	82·2
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·558	29·573	—·006	E & SSW	158*	90·1	6th ,,	76·3	10th ,,	87·0	78·2	82·6
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·600	29·596	—·007	SWly	166	89·1	7th ,,	74·7	10th ,,	84·9	76·9	80·9
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·571	29·584	+·021	SE	165	89·2	7th ,,	74·2	10th ,,	86·1	76·5	81·3
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·551	29·570	+·003	SE	215	89·6	6th ,,	74·1	12th ,,	86·9	76·4	81·7
	Malda	Malda ...	29·528	29·559	—	SE	88	90·8	7th ,,	76·9	10th ,,	87·3	78·5	82·9
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·505	29·581	—·008	Variable	62	91·1	7th ,,	75·7	12th ,,	86·2	78·1	82·2
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·517	29·594	—·004	SSW	70*	91·3	7th ,,	74·7	10th ,,	85·7	77·0	81·4
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri ...	29·363	29·600	+·010	ESE	102	90·4	7th ,,	74·6	10th ,,	86·5	75·9	81·2
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	22·876	—	—·017	E	·102	68·1	7th ,,	56·1	8, 9, 10 ,,	63·7	56·8	60·3
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	19·001	—	—	ESE	65	56·4	8th ,,	36·1	7th ,,	52·8	38·5	45·7
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·647	29·682	+·027	SE	152	88·2	8th ,,	74·1	9th ,,	83·9	75·7	79·9
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·660	29·626	+·025	SWly	165	89·8	7th Aug.	75·9	9, 10th ,,	85·4	77·4	81·4
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·646	29·636	+·006	SW	224	88·0	8th ,,	74·8	9th ,,	84·6	76·4	80·6
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·630	29·624	+·009	S	157	86·5	6th—9th ,,	75·4	9th ,,	84·6	77·5	81·1
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·635	29·605	+·002	SW&ESE	249	89·1	7th ,,	75·7	10th ,,	85·2	78·1	81·7
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·661	29·644	+·021	SE	177	89·9	7th ,,	74·8	10th ,,	85·1	76·6	80·9
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·603	29·613	—·006	ESE & SSW.	153	89·2	7th ,,	74·6	10th ,,	84·1	76·3	80·3
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·480	29·557	—·021	Variable	38	91·2	7th ,,	76·2	12th ,,	87·5	78·6	83·1
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·428	29·540	—·016	Calm & SEly.	53	91·7	7th ,,	76·0	11th ,,	87·2	77·6	82·5
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·419	29·538	—·032	Variable	148	89·9	6 & 8 ,,	76·2	12th ,,	85·5	78·3	81·9
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·409	29·540	—	ESE	153	90·7	6 & 8 ,,	76·2	10 to 12 ,,	87·1	78·2	82·7
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·344	29·124	—·036	ENE	168	93·2	6th ,,	74·9	12th ,,	88·2	77·2	82·7
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·399	29·533	—·007	SEly	164	91·3	8th ,,	76·6	11th ,,	87·9	78·4	83·2
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·232	29·535	—·021	SW	174	89·3	8th ,,	76·0	10th ,,	86·4	77·5	82·0
		Buxar ...	29·330	29·523	—·029	WSW	205	91·5	8th ,,	76·3	10, 11 ,,	87·6	77·1	82·4
		Arrah ...	29·378	29·519	—·019	Ely	85	92·4	8th ,,	76·5	10th ,,	88·9	78·6	83·7
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·200	29·528	—·027	Variable	137	92·4	8th ,,	75·8	12th ,,	89·1	77·7	83·4
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·353	29·527	—·037	Variable	177	92·0	8th ,,	75·7	10th ,,	87·9	78·1	83·0
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka	29·113	29·556	—·005	Sly	108	90·1	6th ,,	75·8	9, 11 ,,	86·5	76·9	81·7
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·614	29·553	—·011	Variable	253	86·2	7th ,,	71·8	8, 11 ,,	82·8	72·4	77·7
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·492	29·550	—·013	SW	245	85·0	6th ,,	70·4	6, 9 ,,	81·3	71·2	76·2
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa ...	28·845	29·550	—·001	Variable	45	91·4	6th ,,	74·2	10th ,,	87·4	76·3	81·9
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·304	29·684	+·035	Variable		91·1	7th ,,	73·5	8th ,,	84·2	76·1	80·2
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·537	29·606	—·004	Variable	196	86·7	7th ,,	74·8	10th ,,	81·8	76·8	79·4
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·618	29·674	+·021	Calm		91·5	7 & 8th ,,	74·8	11th ,,	85·2	*76·7	81·6*

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period

The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01

rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station

district, *i.e.*, from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 12th of August 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M., temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	District Observations. Of week. Mean for district.	Of week. Normal mean.	Of week. Average number of rainy days.	Of week. Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Since 1st of month. Normal mean.	Since 1st of month. Variation.	Since 16th May 1893. Mean for district.	Since 16th May 1893. Normal mean.	Since 16th May 1893. Variation.	District.
—	81·8	88	7·7	4·20		2·85		3·38		5·06			26·87		Puri.
—2·2	80·6	88	5·1	0·96											
+0·4	81·6	88	8·8	1·55											
—1·7	80·8	81	8·0	3·17		2·73		3·41		4·51			28·17		Cuttack.
—1·2	80·5	90	5·7	4·83		2·52		3·77		5·11			28·58		Balasore.
—1·1	80·8	87	7·7	2·03	1·75	3·33	3·75	3·69	4·27	6·26	—1·99	47·39	30·51	+16·88	Midnapore.
—0·4	81·0	89	9·7	2·47	3·55	3·16	3·71	4·10	5·98	5·44	+0·54	46·39	30·89	+15·50	24-Parganas.
—0·8	82·0	90	10·0	5·03											
					1·80	2·98	4·00	4·35	2·99	5·78	—2·79	44·74	30·01	+14·73	Howrah.
					3·01	3·37	4·33	4·47	5·46	6·00	—0·54	44·57	29·88	+14·69	Hooghly.
+0·4	81·1	86	9·0	3·26	2·56	2·91	4·20	3·55	4·13	4·72	—0·59	42·46	27·72	+14·74	Nadia.
					8·81	3·14	5·67	3·97	10·40	5·64	+4·76	54·09	34·01	+20·08	Khulna.
—1·0	81·1	91	8·6	3·57	3·92	2·93	4·40	3·67	5·23	5·20	+0·03	37·88	29·94	+7·94	Jessore.
—1·0	80·4	87	9·6	2·69	2·22	3·10	4·50	3·81	3·89	5·27	—1·38	40·44	27·28	+13·16	Burdwan.
—0·6	79·5	89	3·4	1·64											
—0·8	79·5	92	8·9	2·44	2·27	3·42	3·75	4·11	5·11	6·17	—1·06	44·18	31·53	+12·65	Bankura.
					1·27	2·85	4·33	4·40	3·15	5·57	—2·42	35·96	30·33	+5·63	Birbhum.
—0·9	80·2	92	9·6	3·17	2·73	2·85	4·17	3·74	5·75	5·32	+0·43	44·95	27·93	+17·02	Murshidabad.
—1·8	79·4	94	9·9	7·34	6·63	2·60	5·50	3·30	7·79	4·60	+3·19	54·96	29·37	+25·59	Pabna.
—1·5	80·4	91	8·7	4·60	5·69	2·69	5·50	3·51	6·30	4·53	+1·77	42·96	34·15	+8·81	Bogra.
—1·0	81·5	90	8·1	4·50	4·63	2·56	4·33	3·84	5·54	4·60	+0·94	46·09	30·50	+15·59	Rajshahi.
—	81·3	92	8·1	5·76	5·17	2·42	4·00	3·35	5·85	4·90	+0·95	37·74	30·97	+6·77	Malda.
—1·1	79·5	93	9·9	7·97	5·79	2·75	3·80	3·70	6·47	4·60	+1·87	47·26	34·09	+13·17	Dinajpur.
—1·4	78·8	94	5·6	8·18	8·49	2·99	4·75	3·36	9·17	4·50	+4·67	60·72	46·72	+14·00	Rangpur.
—0·1	78·6	92	8·7	14·11	14·11	6·84	5·00	4·55	16·86	9·86	7·00	81·50	72·19	+9·31	Jalpaiguri.
—1·0	60·3	98	9·6	14·58	9·17	6·33	4·75	4·38	9·73	9·02	+0,71	80·17	69·10	+11·07	Kuch Bihar.
—	[illegible]·1	92	9·0	11·53		7·79		5·59		11·85			81·79		Darjeeling. Sikkim.
—0·5	79·3	91	7·9	7·74	6·85	6·64	4·00	4·60	14·45	11·20	+3·25	110·44	74·95	+35·49	Chittagong.
					5·85	4·43	7·00	4·85	8·39	8·95	—0·56	77·84	50·11	+27·73	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
—0·8	80·8	90	9·9	5·72	6·08	4·03	5·75	4·83	8·89	6·99	+1·90	64·28	47·30	+16·98	Backergunge.
—0·4	80·7	92	6·1	11·16	16·20	7·37	6·00	5·20	19·39	11·71	+7·68	88·28	65·86	+22·42	Noakhali.
—1·5	80·5	92	8·1	5·55	5·42	2·80	5·33	3·76	6·75	5·42	+1·33	49·53	33·42	+16·11	Faridpur.
—1·6	80·5	92	9·1	10·00		3·33		4·32		6·42			36·88		Dacca.
—0·3	80·3	94	8·0	8·23	8·59	3·84	5·50	4·51	9·04	6·88	+2·16	54·00	40·66	+13·34	Tippera.
—2·1	79·2	94	9·0	7·93	9·95	3·33	6·40	4·18	11·33	5·68	+5·65	66·16	41·04	+25·12	Mymensingh.
—1·0	81·1	90	6·0	5·43	8·94	3·95	4·67	4·00	10·13	5·95	+4·18	52·51	37·45	+15·06	Purnea.
—1·4	81·5	88	8·6	4·00	5·88	3·01	4·75	3·52	6·91	4·82	+2·09	34·05	25·65	+8·40	Bhagalpur.
—1·8	80·2	91	8·1	7·57	7·19	2·63	5·33	3·28	7·90	4·30	+3·60		24·85		Darbhanga.
—	80·0	92	7·7	4·23	5·07	2·32	5.33	2·72	5·92	4·39	+1·53	30·20	24·38	+5·82	Muzaffarpur.
—0·8	80·4	88	8·0	8·18		3·49		3·14		5·28			26·14		Champaran.
—1·0	80·7	91	9·4	3·33	4·70	2·89	4·67	2·91	5·54	4·40	+1·14	25·08	23·89	+1·19	Saran.
—1·1	80·4	88	5·4	2·84											
—1·5	80·4	88	8·7	5·15		2·69		3·15		4·82			22·06		Shahabad.
—0·6	80·8	88	5·6	4·71											
—1·1	80·4	86	6·6	2·86	3·40	2·04	5·00	3·37	4·33	5·16	—0·63		23·39		Gaya.
—1·8	81·4	86	9·6	4·35	4·80	2·80	4·50	3·04	5·61	4·43	+1·18	30·98	23·81	+7·17	Patna.
					4·83	2·78	5·00	3·28	5·94	4·82	+1·12	31·49	24·45	+7·04	Monghyr.
—0·8	80·1	87	7·0	5·46	4·51	2·96	5·00	3·78	7·42	5·00	+2·42	42·42	28·83	+13·59	Sonthal Parganas.
—0·8	75·5	87	10·0	3·05		3·09		4·21		5·61			28·93		Hazaribagh.
—1·6	74·3	91	7·6	4·90	5·95	3·20	4·50	4·59	8·85	6·25	+2·60		29·33		Lohardaga.
						3·11		3·70		5·12			24·62		Palamau.
—0·9	78·8	88	9·6	3·53	3·53	4·00	5·00	4·30	6·21	6·83	—0·62	39·18	31·73	+7·45	Singhbhum.
					3·21	3·42	5·20	4·15	5·95	6·05	—0·10	47·28	27·54	+19·74	Manbhum.
—3·4	77·5	98	9·7	4·27											Assam.
—2·4	78·1	96	10·0	8·07											
—1·1*	78·5	93	9·7	4·96											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of he sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head *District* observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 12th of August 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 6th August.	Monday, 7th August.	Tuesday, 8th.	Wednesday, 9th.	Thursday, 10th.	Friday, 11th.	Saturday, 12th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
Orissa ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	0·78	3·34	0·08	...	...	...	2	4·20	2·16	5·21	4·09	29·33	23·57
		Khurda ...	...	0·70	0·30	0·08	0·13	0·15				3·07		5·20		20·43
		Banpur ...	0·07	0·80	0·52	...	0·03	0·60				3·22		5·58		23·98
		False Point ...	0·02	0·11	1·02	0·36	0·04	...	...	3	1·55	2·93	2·60	5·36	55·68	30·46
		Gop ...	...	0·50	0·95							?		?		?
		Satpara ...	...	1·15	0·60	0·10						?		?		?
		Pipli ...	...	...	0·65	0·21						?		?		?
		Ranpur ...			·6	0·03	0·04	0·28				?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore	...	...	0·39							3·11		4·78		23·95
		Banki ...	...	1·33	1·62	0·03	...	1·68				2·42		3·18		26·71
		Cuttack ...	...	0·15	2·41	...	0·12	0·22	0·80	5	3·70	2·81	10·51	4·83		32·22
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	0·28	0·98	...	...	0·11	2	0·47	3·20	1·47	5·56	51·45	28·38
		Jajpur ...	...	0·22	1·19	0·18	0·12	0·40	0·20	6	2·31	2·12	31·2	4·22	45·25	29·56
		Dharmsala ...	1·60									?		?		?
		Salipore ...	...	...	1·70							?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Nayagurh ...										?		?		?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	0·17	0·37	0·50	...	0·65	...	4	1·69	?	2·84	?	31·41	?
		Chandbali ...	...	0·05	0·50	0·10	...	0·30	0·10	4	1·05	2·21	4·70	5·46	40·75	27·23
		Bhadrak ...	...	1·36	0·73	0·40	...	1·10	0·10	5	3·69	2·43	5·37	4·71	43·44	28·19
		Soro ...	0·15	0·10	0·60	0·50	...	1·30	...	5	2·65	2·67	2·65	5·00	52·16	26·76
		Balasore ...	0·45	0·55	1·08	0·24	0·48	2·92	0·06	6	5·78	3·28	7·41	5·93		30·90
		Jellasore ...										2·37		4·86		20·05
		Baripadah ...										2·14		4·67		29·18
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	0·50	0·82	0·89	0·19	0·46	...	5	2·86	3·10	4·70	6·16	46·59	31·90
		Tamluk ...	...	0·35	0·54	0·11	...	0·03	...	3	1·03	3·61	3·18	6·09	39·25	29·15
		Midnapore ...	0·02	1·24	0·34	0·11	...	...	...	4	2·31	3·14	6·80	5·91	42·75	28·69
		Ghatal ...	...	0·55	0·10	0·17	...	...	...	3	0·82	3·45	2·43	6·85	40·93	32·26
		Kukrahaty ...	0·26	1·00	0·63	0·75	0·01	0·12	...	5	2·77	?	4·85	?		?
		Garhbeta ...	0·11	0·30	0·29	0·29	0·56	0·10	...	6	1·65	?	5·01	?	46·00	?
		Panskura ...	0·79	0·63	0·02	0·03	...	...	...	2	1·47	?	3·63	?	32·68	?
		Dantoon ...	...	...	0·75	...	...	...	...	1	0·75	?	3·07	?		?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	0·04	2·77	1·00	0·94	0·24	0·04	...	4	5·03	3·50	12·48	6·00	52·91	34·20
		Diamond Harbour ...	0·53	1·23	1·15	1·60	...	0·54	...	5	5·05	3·53	6·44	5·78	39·85	31·98
		Canning Town	...	0·90	0·50	8·75	0·98	...	...	4	11·13	?	13·38	?	66·00	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	0·30	0·26	1·62	0·78	...	0·11	...	5	2·47	2·76	3·38	5·08	51·96	31·00
		Barrackpore ...	3·17	...	1·11	0·53	...	...	0·12	4	4·93	3·03	7·30	5·43	44·15	29·88
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	0·56	1·00	...	...	0·08	3	1·64	2·84	3·24	4·99	45·36	29·24
		Barasat ...	...	...	0·85	0·84	...	...	...	2	1·69	2·77	3·56	4·95	40·56	27·64
		Basirhat ...	...	...	0·37	3·23	0·10	...	0·35	4	4·05	3·69	5·48	5·85	50·65	33·32
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	0·08	0·28	0·46	1·03	...	...	...	3	1·85	2·80	3·31	5·27	52·33	29·34
		Mohesreka ...	0·27	0·72	0·15	0·44	...	0·18	...	5	1·76	3·06	2·68	6·27	37·12	30·03
		Ulubaria ...	0·22	0·50	0·40	0·20	...	...	...	4	1·32	?	1·92	?	40·56	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	2·31	...	1·07	0·50	...	...	0·13	4	4·01	3·17	6·26	5·61	48·82	35·08
		Hooghly ...	0·40	0·35	0·35	1·54	...	0·12	...	5	2·76	2·92	6·54	5·32	38·46	28·81
		Jahanabad ...	0·18	0·52	0·06	0·39	...	1·15	...	4	2·26	4·01	3·59	7·05	46·54	31·17
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	0·19	1·01	0·03	...	...	2	1·23	3·09	3·57	5·26	44·01	27·03
		Krishnagar ...	...	0·39	0·09	1·22	0·90	0·66	...	4	3·26	2·79	4·79	4·40	37·40	25·58
		Chuadanga ...	...	0·26	0·10	0·80	1·19	0·49	...	5	2·75	3·13	4·38	4·94	41·86	28·35
		Meherpore ...	...	0·30	0·35	0·60	0·45	0·15	...	5	1·85	3·06	2·88	4·43	38·70	26·86
		Kushtia ...	...	0·17	0·15	1·38	1·15	0·87	...	5	3·72	2·51	5·03	4·59	56·86	30·08
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	1·58	0·11	0·42	4·00	0·45	0·03	1·40	6	7·99	2·68	9·40	4·99	52·18	32·34
		Bagerhat ...	0·45	...	0·90	1·61	5·32	0·69	0·81	6	9·78	3·30	11·22	6·16	63·29	37·79
		Khulna ...	0·64	...	0·31	6·80	0·06	0·20	0·04	5	8·05	3·43	10·57	5·77	46·80	32·18
		Nakipur ...	0·67	0·36	0·92	3·12	4·94	0·05	0·05	5	10·11	?	10·20	?	47·00	?
		Rampal ...	1·30	...	1·20	2·33	1·50	3·40	4·10	6	13·80	?	15·05	?	62·41	?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·51	...	0·23	3·21	0·76	0·63	1·15	6	6·49	3·20	7·50	5·72	33·55	28·35
		Jessore ...	0·55	0·09	0·03	1·51	0·88	0·27	0·24	5	3·57	3·16	4·52	5·90	30·74	32·92
		Jhenidah ...	...	...	0·31	1·85	0·14	0·57	0·02	4	2·89	2·57	4·28	4·59	37·55	30·16
		Magura ...	0·05	0·08	0·05	0·72	0·37	1·56	0·06	3	2·89	2·43	4·74	4·65	43·03	30·20
		Bangaon ...	1·08	...	0·44	1·32	...	0·92	...	4	3·76	3·30	5·11	5·16	34·86	27·22
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	0·48	0·40	0·18	1·22	...	1·03	...	5	3·31	2·74	4·94	4·75	46·42	25·40
		Burdwan ...	...	0·25	0·38	0·18	0·30	1·58	...	5	2·69	3·34	3·72	5·48	44·46	27·08
		Katwa ...	...	0·17	...	0·22	0·49	0·36	...	4	1·24	2·72	2·65	5·42	33·15	27·29
		Raniganj ...	0·08	0·17	1·06	0·16	0·17	...	...	4	1·64	3·20	4·24	5·43	33·01	29·22
		Mankur ...	...	0·19	0·33	...	0·64	...	...	3	1·16	?	1·54	?	40·75	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	0·63	0·36	0·50	0·85	0·49	0·02	...	5	2·85	3·87	6·09	6·54	43·09	30·34
		Vishnupur ...	...	0·09	0·07	0·05	0·46	...	...	1	0·67	3·45	4·24	6·44	44·02	30·18
		Maliara ...	...	0·74	1·11	0·34	0·26	...	...	4	2·45	3·04	3·73	5·96	33·33	31·63
		Khatra ...	0·45	0·87	0·25	1·15	0·39	...	...	5	3·11	3·39	6·38	5·71	57·22	33·10
		Indas ...	...	...	0·23	...	0·48	0·06	...	2	0·77	?	1·32	?	37·38	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	0·45	0·75	...	...	...	2	1·20	?	1·91	?	43·06	?
		Onda ...	0·39	...	0·41	0·25	...	...	...	3	1·05	?	5·05	?	42·16	?
		Gangajalghati	...	0·79	0·29	0·27	0·38	...	...	4	1·73	?	3·40	?	41·03	?
		Raipur ...	...	0·75	0·82	0·62	...	...	...	3	2·19	?	6·76	?	51·06	?
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	1·15	...	0·63	0·15	...	3	1·93	?	2·91	?	35·09	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	0·22	...	0·26	0·24	0·08	0·47	4	1·27	2·44	3·32	5·38	42·03	30·44
		Hetampore ...	0·04	0·15	0·34	0·12	0·10	...	0·15	5	0·90	2·96	2·14	5·37	27·91	32·48
		Rampur Hat ...	...	0·34	0·22	0·08	0·30	0·06	0·54	4	1·54	3·14	3·90	5·95	37·48	28·21
		Bolpur ...	...	0·29	...	...	0·42	...	...	2	0·71	?	2·34	?	30·52	?
		Murari ...	...	...	0·20	0·16	...	1·20	2·55	4	4·11	?	7·16	?	47·79	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·04	0·10	...	0·21	0·12	0·04	0·75	4	1·26	2·76	2·89	5·30	30·41	28·7[illegible]
		Berhampore ...	...	...	0·13	0·26	0·23	1·25	1·30	5	3·17	3·11	5·40	5·77	47·25	27·[illegible]
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	0·14	0·40	0·13	0·40	1·15	5	2·22	3·33	5·43	5·11	48·47	26·2[illegible]
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	0·15	...	0·85	1·10	3	2·10	3·22	5·81	5·67	46·89	28·4[illegible]
		Jangipur ...	...	0·11	0·07	0·38	0·03	0·50	3·41	4	4·50	2·64	8·15	5·15	54·11	27·3[illegible]
		Lalgola ...	...	...	0·10	0·40	...	0·10	2·50	4	3·10	2·06	6·80	4·91		28·[illegible]
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	0·26	0·06	1·64	1·69	3	3·65	?	5·73	?	50·03	?
		Patkabari ...	...	0·20	...	0·50	0·70	...	...	3	1·40	?	2·30	?		?
North Bengal.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	1·37	0·55	2·15	0·75	1·09	...	5	5·92	2·55	7·17	4·59	52·08	28·4[illegible]
		Sirajganj ...	0·09	0·44	1·11	2·30	2·69	0·40	0·31	6	7·34	2·65	8·41	4·60	57·76	30·1[illegible]
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	0·30	...	0·30	1·45	1·70	0·52	1·60	6	5·87	3·21	6·33	4·85	39·22	34·[illegible]
		Nowkhilla ...	0·11	0·10	0·21	1·10	2·02	0·03	1·20	7	5·67	2·57	6·63	4·93	43·25	33·4[illegible]
		Bogra ...	...	...	...	1·30	0·90	0·45	1·95	4	4·60	2·30	5·03	3·87	47·58	36·3[illegible]
		Panchbibi ...	...	0·30	...	1·81	1·50	1·32	1·70	5	6·63	2·67	7·22	4·45	41·84	33·8[illegible]
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	0·17	0·02	0·06	1·53	2·10	4	4·48	2·34	6·22	4·71	43·69	28·[illegible]
		Nator ...	...	...	0·87	0·50	1·30	1·50	1·70	5	5·87	2·74	6·50	4·30	43·50	30·0[illegible]
		Naugaon ...	...	...	0·16	...	0·40	0·40	2·50	4	3·55	2·59	3·90	4·28	51·14	32·9[illegible]
		Dalpore ...	0·83	0·30	0·99	2·00	0·38	0·18	0·10	7	4·68	?	5·09	?		?
		Manda ...							...			?		?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 12th of August 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 6th.	Monday, 7th.	Tuesday, 8th.	Wednesday, 9th.	Thursday, 10th.	Friday, 11th.	Saturday, 12th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
North Bengal—*concld.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	0·05	0·22	1·24	1·00	2·60	0·65	5	5·76	2·24	6·76	4·21	43·86	28·84
		Chanchal ...	...	0·07	...	1·49	...	0·86	2·15	3	4·57	2·59	4·98	5·58	31·99	33·09
		Gajol ...		...	...	0·62	0·15	0·46				?		?		?
		Sitganj ...	...	...	0·20	0·68	...	0·60				?		?		?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	...	...	...	0·17	...	1·30	2·00	3	3·47	2·99	4·02	4·34	41·06	32·29
		Churaman ...	...	...	0·06	0·62	0·45	1·04				2·07		3·92		30·14
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	0·70	1·05	1·00				2·84		4·75		34·39
		Dinajpur ...		0·04	...	2·03	2·31	1·63	1·82	4	7·83	3·59	8·42	5·29	44·38	40·01
		Balurghat ...	...	...	...	0·76	3·82	2·64	0·53	4	7·75	2·25	8·23	4·70	47·36	33·76
		Thakurgaon ...	0·08	...	...	1·19	4·36	2·02				?		?		?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	...	0·07	0·10	1·03	2·36	1·43	3·04	5	8·03	1·98	8·83	3·37	54·46	36·78
		Rangpur ...	0·22	...	0·09	1·41	4·39	1·81	0·26	5	8·18	3·10	8·76	4·47	53·14	47·29
		Peerganj ...	0·01	0·09	0·98	1·63	2·90	1·22	0·79	4	6·73	?	7·82	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	0·15	2·02	4·20	2·21	0·31	5	8·89	2·82	9·80	4·12	75·43	49·27
		Gobindgunge	...	0·08	0·05	1·68	0·80	0·95	3·70	4	7·26	?	9·01	?	49·94	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	0·03	1·20	4·54	1·93	1·17	4	8·87	4·06	9·28	6·02	58·82	44·26
		Ulipore ...	...	...	0·14	0·75	4·35	0·88	0·94	5	7·06	?	7·06	?	47·87	?
		Sundergunge...	...	...	0·25	0·57	3·65	1·11				?		?	?	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·01	...	0·15	0·10	3·87	4·30	5·48	5	14·11	6·84	16·86	9·86	74·83	71·06
		Alipore Duar	...	...	0·30	0·68	4·60	3·34	2·22	5	11·14	?	12·73	?	81·89	?
		Pallacotta ...	...	...	0·53	0·20	3·80	1·10	1·60	5	7·23	?	7·98	?	73·60	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	0·03	0·97	3·77	0·32	3·16	4	8·25	?	8·25	?	72·17	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	0·21	...	0·13	0·29	1·37	3·38	5·24	6	10·62	?	13·60	?	114·33	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	0·09	1·68	0·87	2·29	3·16	0·67	5	8·76	4·94	9·31	7·07	80·06	60·13
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	0·06	1·67	1·09	2·70	2·32	1·12	5	8·96	7·14	9·31	9·12	76·35	77·03
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	0·34	0·06	3·33	1·09	2·19	4	7·01	6·22	8·10	10·04	70·44	66·75
		Mathabhanga	...	...	0·94	0·30	5·35	3·02	2·34	5	11·95	7·00	12·21	9·81	92·58	77·46
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	0·37	...	0·54	0·65	3·96	3·65	8·25	6	17·42	12·21	21·38	16·89	129·82	123·28
		Siliguri ...	0·20	...	0·10	0·40	2·48					7·53		11·15		77·58
		Darjeeling ...	0·76	0·15	1·78	5·50	2·38	1·59	2·42	7	14·58	6·89	17·89	10·73	71·76	67·78
		Kalimpong ...	0·09	0·19	1·41	0·87	2·42	0·48	0·99	6	6·45	4·54	10·45	8·74	60·89	58·50
		Kurseong ...	0·43	...	1·20	6·94	4·98	2·55	2·40	6	18·50	?	21·26	?	96·89	?
		Pedong ...	0·26	0·55	0·47	1·02	2·99	1·03	1·19	7	7·51	?	12·64	?	54·81	?
East Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	0·05	0·01	1·80	2·50	0·08	0·12	0·84	4	5·40	8·53	15·88	12·85	128·60	89·75
		Chittagong ...		...	0·05	4·04	1·24	1·21	1·76	4	8·30	4·74	13·02	9·53	90·98	60·14
		Kutubdia ...										?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	...	...	0·28	1·98	0·63	0·32				?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...	...	...	...	2·90						?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	0·02	...	0·20	6·02	5·19	2·46	1·55	5	15·44	?	20·36	?		?
		Chandpur ...	...	0·15	0·20	2·55	0·53	0·45	0·91			?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·41	0·26	0·46	0·84	0·86	0·27	2·75	7	5·85	4·43	8·39	8·95	77·84	50·11
		Bundarban ...	0·26	0·36	0·14	2·14						?		?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	0·18	0·11	0·65	1·05	2·90	1·11	0·11	7	6·11	3·89	9·92	7·38	119·66	54·94
		Pirojpur ...	1·80	...	0·59	1·04	1·83	0·58	0·26	6	6·70	3·98	9·51	6·84	64·29	41·76
		Barisal ...	...	0·03	0·54	2·63	0·69	1·37	0·33	5	5·59	3·20	7·88	6·16	62·34	42·63
		Gournaddi ...	...	0·37	0·45	2·42	1·45	0·80				?		?		?
		Bhola ...	0·84	0·08	0·94	1·73	1·45	0·88	...	5	5·92	5·03	8·23	7·56	60·73	50·80
		Daulatkhan ...	...	0·39	1·34	4·11	1·02	1·80	...	5	8·66	?	12·57	?	68·94	?
		Bauphal ...	...	0·80	1·20	1·00	0·61	0·80	0·12	6	4·53	?	8·15	?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·28	0·10	2·50	2·91	2·82	2·53	0·02	6	11·16	6·67	14·47	12·02	80·44	65·22
		Fenny ...	0·10	...	3·70	3·75	8·45	5·10	0·15	6	21·25	8·07	24·32	11·30	95·97	66·51
		Harishpore ...	0·04									?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	...	0·33	1·00	1·58	1·44	1·30				?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	0·35	3·55	0·52	0·13	2·45	5	7·00	3·23	7·42	5·73	45·12	34·76
		Faridpur ...	0·04	0·06	0·30	1·45	1·22	1·15	1·33	5	5·55	2·59	7·88	5·51	54·44	33·98
		Goalundo ...	0·20	0·25	...	1·41	0·30	1·25	0·30	6	3·71	2·59	4·94	5·02	50·43	31·53
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	...	1·06	0·60	1·35	0·75				4·29		7·43		42·14
		Dacca ...	...	0·30	0·25	4·42	1·50	1·30	2·05	6	9·82	3·02	12·40	6·64	40·26	36·08
		Narayanganj...	0·04	0·19	0·53	5·34	0·92	0·79	0·74	6	8·55	2·97	10·02	6·40	42·73	38·82
		Manikganj ...	...	0·01	0·08	1·09	0·45	1·68	0·32	4	3·03	3·03	4·89	5·77	42·35	30·46
		Joydebpore ...	1·17	0·08	0·32	2·59	3·00	1·40	0·55	6	9·31	?	12·14	?	47·78	?
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	0·14	0·17	0·43	1·68	2·12	1·11	1·53	7	7·18	3·00	7·73	5·83	52·83	35·58
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	0·02	...	0·90	2·21	2·60	1·00	1·63	5	8·36	4·58	8·56	8·27	53·42	47·93
		Chandpore ...	...	...	1·46	1·26	1·24	0·95	0·61	5	5·52	4·98	6·53	8·32	46·99	43·31
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	1·45	6·82	2·50	1·65	0·08	5	13·30	2·80	13·35	5·08	55·45	35·75
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	...	2·50	2·20	1·30	...	3	6·00	?	6·00	?	28·03	?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	0·15	1·50	3·95	2·75	3·20				?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	0·90	2·50	2·25	1·5				?		?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...			1·30	...	2·00					?		?		?
	Mymensingh...	Kishorganj ...	0·11	1·73	1·84	2·08	2·75	4·18	1·41	7	14·10	3·15	15·20	5·51	79·92	41·87
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	0·18	1·65	1·36	1·67	1·64	0·86	6	7·36	3·10	7·84	5·16	56·72	32·45
		Mymensingh ...	0·67	0·05	0·18	1·01	3·87	0·21	1·04	6	7·93	2·74	9·24	5·05	65·93	43·78
		Jamalpur ...	...	0·20	0·35	3·97	5·85	0·45	0·72	6	11·54	3·16	12·69	5·49	56·41	39·34
		Netrakona ...	0·39	1·06	0·50	2·10	2·35	1·05	1·40	7	8·85	4·52	11·69	7·21	79·27	50·78
		Subornakhaity	0·48	...	0·52	2·03	2·69	0·16	0·71	6	6·58	?	76·4	?	58·42	?
		Durgapore ...	...	1·30	0·90	2·45	4·45	0·40				?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	0·19	0·10	0·80	1·60	5·78	0·78	0·41			?		?		?
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	0·21	1·27	1·74	0·44	1·60	7	9·66	?	10·96	?	35·55	?
North Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	0·12	...	2·22	3·75	1·14	3·02	5	10·25	4·93	10·99	6·37	68·49	42·02
		Araria ...	...	0·05	...	2·12	4·47	2·25	2·25	4	11·14	3·78	13·43	5·50	61·14	37·25
		Purnea ...	0·04	0·18	0·02	1·72	0·91	0·96	1·60	5	5·43	3·83	5·98	5·97	37·87	33·79
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	...	0·28	2·00	0·24	0·94	2·10	...	5	5·32	?	5·92	?	43·19	?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	1·50	0·70	2·50	1·75	...	4	6·45	?		?		?
		Forbesganj ...	0·16	...	...	0·84	2·71	3·26	3·35	5	10·32	?	11·18	?	45·68	?
		Kaliaganj ...	0·50	....	...	0·70	2·06	1·70	4·50	5	9·46	?	9·96	?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	0·30	0·45	2·00	2·72	2·90	5	8·37	2·91	8·65	4·50	34·73	26·77
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	...	...	0·24	0·22	1·31	1·32	2·19	5	5·28	?	5·92	?		?
		Supaul ...	...	0·13	...	1·00	2·32	3·50	1·36	5	8·31	3·04	9·76	4·95	31·82	26·95
		Protabganj ...	1·50	...	0·36	0·38	2·14	3·50	1·45	6	9·33	?	9·98	?	38·02	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	0·11	0·48	0·60	2·43	0·47	5	4·09	3·03	5·56	4·88	30·50	25·04
		Banka ...	...	0·07	0·74	0·42	0·03	1·03	0·45	4	2·74	3·05	3·65	4·94	33·22	24·77
		Colgong ...	0·02	0·14	...	2·28	0·53	0·78	0·80	5	4·55	?	4·84	?	31·79	[illegible]
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	0·32	...	2·60	1·55	1·10	4	5·57	2·68	6·12	4·19	27·13	24·72
		Darbhanga ...	0·16	0·30	0·86	0·08	1·53	2·29	2·35	6	7·57	2·73	3·03	4·45	32·66	25·11
		Madhubani ...	0·11	0·62		0·18	0·90	3·69	2·93	6	8·43	2·49	9·74	4·28		24·70
		Bahera ...	...	...	0·85	1·17	5·80	1·20	...	4	9·02	?	9·02	?		?
		Roshera ...	...	0·27	...	...	1·24	3·10	0·74	4	5·35	?	6·40	?	29·82	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 12th of August 1893—concld.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 6th.	Monday, 7th.	Tuesday, 8th.	Wednesday, 9th.	Thursday, 10th.	Friday, 11th.	Saturday, 12th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
North Bihar—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	0·97	0·25	0·03	1·65	2·26	0·96	5	6·12	2·88	6·52	4·03	40·06	23·85
		Muzaffarpur	0·41	0·10	0·05	0·25	1·34	1·47	0·68	6	4·39	2·84	5·24	4·36	23·58	24·96
		Hajipur ...		0·35	0·09	0·25	1·45	2·27	0·39	5	4·71	3·05	6·02	4·79	26·96	24·31
		Paru ...	...	0·60	...	0·73	...	3·77	1·50	4	6·65	?	7·82	?		?
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)										?		?		?
		Sinhar ...	0·68	0·45	0·23	...	1·22	0·85	0·84	6	4·27	?	5·45	?		?
		Pupri ...										?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	0·90	...	0·26	0·29	2·43	2·37	1·93	6	8·18	3·20	8·76	5·02	54·04	24·70
		Bettiah ...	0·25	...	0·93	0·10	2·93	2·54				3·77		5·52		27·70
		Bagaha ...	0·08	1·62	...	...	0·24	2·90	2·34	4	7·18	?	9·09	?	40·74	?
		Burhurwa ...	0·08	0·41	0·08	0·13	1·24	3·70	1·47	5	7·11	?	8·71	?	23·26	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	...	...	0·61	0·06	0·96	2·50	0·80	4	4·93	3·28	6·12	4·33	30·45	26·41
		Siwan ...	1·16	0·17	0·02	0·79	1·95	1·75	...	5	5·84	3·02	6·42	4·53	22·93	24·09
		Chapra ...	...	0·11	0·10	0·06	1·07	1·04	0·95	5	3·33	2·43	4·00	4·36	21·95	23·16
		Sreepore ...	...	0·40	0·30	...	3·50	1·90	...	4	6·10	?	6·60	?	?	?
		Annuar ...	0·40	0·23	0·11	0·10	2·20	2·09	1·29	7	6·33	?	7·34	?	?	?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	0·53	0·51	0·35	0·71	...	4	2·10	?		?		?
South Bihar	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	0·21	...	0·55	0·14	2·70	1·33	0·22	6	5·15	2·87	5·57	4·67	22·76	21·08
		Dehri ...	0·28	0·18	0·30	0·88	0·23	0·68	0·29	7	2·84	1·73	3·30	4·36	23·14	21·20
		Bhabhua ...	1·11	...	0·08	2·17	0·29	0·69	0·05	4	4·30	2·63	5·80	5·02	32·39	23·08
		Sasaram ...	1·78	...	...	1·82	0·44	0·44	0·38	5	4·86	3·25		5·33		22·27
		Arrah ...	0·45	1·27	0·17	2·80	0·72	0·12				2·93		4·70		22·67
		Mohanea ...	1·15	...	0·50	4·29	1·50	...	...	4	7·35	?	10·65	?		?
		Khiri ...	0·70	...	...	0·35						?		?		?
		Ageaon ...	0·05	0·10	0·10	0·60	1·39	1·50	0·02	5	3·67	?		?		?
		Ramagar ...	0·15	...	...	0·19	1·29	0·55	0·14	5	2·32	?	2·58	?	21·68	?
		Koath ...	0·32	...	...	0·23	1·23	1·22	0·34	5	3·53	?	6·13	?	25·87	?
		Sikroul ...	0·60	...	...	0·26	...	...	...	2	0·86	?	1·58	?	...	?
		Bassowan ...	...	1·04	...	1·64	0·26	0·97	...	4	3·91	?	5·87	?	27·40	?
		Monaharpur										?		?		?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad...	...	0·05	0·32	0·52	0·10	0·11	...	4	1·10	3·18	2·04	5·84	20·83	24·49
		Gaya ...	...	0·42	...	1·23	0·50	0·72	...	4	2·86	2·66	4·01	4·72	27·24	24·84
		Nawadah ...	0·35	0·16	0·07	2·18	0·24	1·57	0·35	6	4·90	2·70	6·23	4·65	28·57	22·93
		Jahanabad ...	...	0·12	0·13	0·16	0·68	2·76	0·90	6	4·75	3·23	5·85	5·44	43·21	23·64
		Arwal ...	...	0·33	...	...	1·16	1·49	...	3	2·98	?	3·69	?	22·86	?
		Daudnagar ...	0·97	1·46	...	...	0·15	0·85	0·10	5	3·53	?	4·55	?	24·25	?
		Sherghati ...	3·10	1·40	0·50	...	1·20	0·20	...	5	6·40	?	7·10	?	30·23	?
		Rajauli ...	...	0·85	0·10	1·10	1·40	0·60	0·50	6	4·55	?	6·40	?		?
		Pakri Barawan	0·46	0·16	0·20	4·48	0·85	1·04	0·42	7	3·61	?	4·30	?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	0·05	0·08	0·13	1·62	2·32	0·15	4	4·35	2·78	5·46	4·52	31·04	24·35
		Dinapore ...	...	0·19	0·26	0·11	1·09	2·74	0·25	6	4·62	3·02	5·73	4·53	33·57	23·46
		Bihar ...	...	...	0·86	0·15	1·45	2·77	...	4	5·23	2·72	5·71	4·34	33·79	24·09
		Barh ...	...	0·70		0·90	1·89	1·60	...	4	5·09	2·66	5·55	4·29	25·42	22·70
		Bickram ...	...	0·40	0·78	...	1·70	1·30	0·06	4	4·24	?	4·94	?	34·42	?
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	0·15	2·31	0·91	...	3	3·37	?	3·87	?		?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	0·90	...	...	1·26	1·47	1·60	0·23	5	5·55	2·68	6·43	4·42	37·73	22·86
		Monghyr ...	0·31	...	...	0·93	0·83	1·95	0·33	5	4·35	2·71	5·55	5·10	29·76	25·10
		Jamui ...	...	...	0·89	1·26	0·32	1·78	0·34	5	4·59	2·95	5·84	4·94	26·96	25·25
		Gogri ...	...	...	0·14	0·75	3·19	1·51	0·50	5	6·09	?	7·14	?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	1·90	0·10	0·72	...	3	2·72	?	3·52	?	35·24	?
		Chahai Bamda	...	0·02	0·16	0·33	...	1·28	0·68	4	2·47	?	3·03	?	39·21	?
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	1·27	1·95	...	...	2	3·22	?	4·27	?	?	?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	0·05	...	0·91	0·07	1·44	0·77	3	3·24	2·05	4·03	3·81	35·81	29·74
		Godda ...	...	...	...	0·30	0·25	1·62	1·30	4	3·87	3·41	4·84	5·50	...	25·38
		Pakour ...	...	0·26	0·10	1·35	0·26	4·02	2·20	6	8·19	2·43	10·78	3·76	54·35	29·50
		Naya Dumka	0·29	0·08	0·21	0·79	0·97	1·16	1·96	6	5·46	3·57	11·38	6·00	47·87	30·19
		Deoghur ...	0·46	...	0·02	0·54	0·09	1·68	0·35	4	3·34	3·43	6·12	5·92	37·44	29·37
		Jamtara ...	0·28	0·43	0·46	0·36	0·29	0·58	0·22	7	2·62	2·86	7·02	4·99	39·99	28·83
		Belbodda ...	...	...	...	...						?		?		?
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	2·75	1·05	2	3·80	?	5·00	?		?
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*). ...	...	0·26	0·25	0·72	...	1·71	0·27	5	3·21	3·72	8·43	5·78	44·54	27·69
		Hazaribagh	0·70	0·32	0·17	0·42	0·04	1·38	0·02	5	3·05	3·47	5·77	6·61	46·98	27·78
		Semtagurao	1·00	0·24	0·10	0·25	0·20	0·10	...	6	1·89	2·60	4·62	4·66		27·15
		Mahudi Hills										2·79		5·00		27·38
		Jhumra Hill										2·85		5·99		31·64
		Barhi ...	0·08	1·12	0·58	0·06	...	0·36	0·05	3	2·25	?	3·26	?	30·76	?
		Chatra ...	1·50	0·03	0·21	0·61	0·50	0·50				?		?		?
		Karagdaha ...	0·35	0·39	0·12	0·42	...	0·73	0·08	5	2·09	?	5·09	?	29·70	?
		Ramgar ...	1·50	2·00	0·80	...	...	0·20				?		?		?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	3·41	1·52	0·29	0·25	...	0·45	...	5	5·92	2·93	9·14	5·89	[illegible]	28·21
		Ranchi ...	4·02	0·80	0·46	0·70	...	...	...	4	5·98	3·46	8·55	6·60	[illegible]	30·77
		Silli ...										?				?
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...										3·11		5·12		24·63
		Balumath ...	1·42	3·60	0·51	3·00	0·50	0·11				?		?		?
		Husainabad	0·55	0·56	...	1·15	0·25	0·14	0·05	5	2·70	?	5·37	?	31·88	?
		Garhwa	0·28	1·70	0·28	0·14	0·06	0·49				?		?		?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	2·46	0·30	0·43	0·13	0·21	...	...	5	3·53	4·00	6·23	6·83	36·69	31·73
		Chakardharpur.	0·11	0·68	0·77	0·37	...	...	...	4	1·93	?	4·47	?	24·18	?
		Ghatsila ...	0·65	...	1·50	0·38	...	...	...	3	2·53	?	6·54	?	45·47	?
		Baharagura	1·50	0·50	...	...	...	1·00				?		?		?
		Gailkeira ...	0·40	0·20	0·60	1·35	...	...	...	4	2·55	?	5·30	?	33·37	?
		Kalikapur ...	4·75	0·96	1·21	...	...	...	0·32	4	7·24	?		?		?
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	2·23	0·18	0·20	1·48	0·17	0·07	...	5	4·33	3·41	6·26	6·57	47·51	29·05
		Gobindpur	0·30	0·41	0·35	0·60	0·25	0·18	...	6	2·09	3·42	5·63	5·51	48·04	26·09
		Raghunathpore	0·30	0·63	0·25	0·15	...	...	...	4	1·33	?	4·06	?	38·34	?
		Barahabhum	1·85	0·62	1·40	0·88	0·82	...	...	5	5·57	?	8·75	?	44·61	?
		Jhalda ...	0·67	0·57	1·40	0·01	...	...	...	3	2·65	?	4·86	?	31·60	?
		Chas ...	0·72	0·12	0·28	0·82						?		?		?
		Pandra ...	0·50	0·27	0·39	0·14	...	...	0·08	4	1·38	?	3·77	?	38·22	?

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

Calcutta, *the 15th August* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 12TH OF AUGUST 1893.

AT the beginning of the week rainfall was very partial, except in South Bihar, Chota Nagpur and part of East Bengal. Though rain was general in these districts, only a few stations, chiefly in the west of the province, reported falls of any importance. A low pressure area was beginning to develop, and pressure changes were relatively large, as there was a brisk rise in Bihar, North Bengal and Assam, and a fall generally slow over the Bay. The fall continued with greater rapidity in the north-west angle on Monday, the 7th, and the depression became better defined with its centre between False Point and Saugor Island. The cyclonic circulation was almost complete, and gradients were steep over the Bay. The depression moving to the north-west was over Chota Nagpur on Tuesday, and as on that day a brisk rise of pressure had commenced in Burmah and the south-east of the Bay, while there was a brisk fall in Chota Nagpur, gradients were much steeper both over the Bay and over Bengal. This distribution of pressure led to strong winds, especially near the head of the Bay, and to general rainfall, which was not heavy in Lower Bengal, but became very heavy in the northern districts. The wave of rising pressure, which was advancing from the south-east, caused very large changes in the north of the Bay and Lower Bengal on Wednesday, the 9th; and as there were only very small changes in North Bengal and North Bihar, this had the effect of forcing the steep gradients northwards over Bengal, while in the south-east of the Bay the distribution became very uniform. Velocity in the north-west angle of the Bay was then about 40 miles an hour; and as the rising pressure was in some way checked, the gradients remained steeper than usual for several days, and the high winds moderated very gradually.

The full effect of the strong monsoon which had developed in the Bay then became felt in Bengal. The trough of low pressure had been forced close up to the hills by the rapid rise on the 9th, and westerly winds began in all districts. This arrangement has been very frequent during the past few weeks, and as on previous occasions it led to very heavy rain first in East Bengal, but chiefly in North Bengal and North Bihar. A slow to brisk fall of pressure that followed the above-mentioned rapid rise kept readings low in the northern districts, and though there was a tendency to recover at the end of the week, gradients were still much steeper over Bengal than usual. During the last three days of the week there was little change in the south of the Bay, light to moderate westerly winds prevailed with very little rain, and in the north-west angle the wind was gradually moderating, while rainfall had almost entirely ceased in the adjacent districts.

Pressure.—As stated above pressure changes have been comparatively large, leading at first to the formation of the shallow depression in the north-west of the Bay, and then to the very steep gradients over the Bay in the early part of the week and over Bengal during the latter half. Mean pressure for the week differs very little from the normal.

Temperature.—While the depression was forming and the sky was moderately clear, temperature was above the normal in all districts, but after it moved to the north-west, and strong moisture laden winds became general over the province, there was a rapid fall which led to a uniform defect of about 3°, on Wednesday, the 9th. Cool weather then continued till the end of the week. Temperature, however, was beginning to rise in Lower Bengal, and as heavy rain fell daily in the northern districts, defect increased, in some places to 5° or more. Mean defect for the larger divisions varies from 0°·8 in South-West Bengal to 2°·2 in Assam.

Rainfall.—As stated above general rain has fallen except during the first two days in nearly all districts, and again towards the end of the week in Orissa, Chota Nagpur and part of South-West Bengal. The falls during the last three days were unusually heavy in East and North Bengal and North Bihar. This is shown by the average fall in these districts being double the normal. In North Bengal the fall is 6·9 inches as compared with a normal fall of 3·45, in East Bengal 7·81 as compared with 4·09, and in North Bihar 6·42 as compared with 3·13. In South Bihar there is a smaller excess of 1·53 inches, but in the other districts there is a deficiency, very slight in South-West Bengal and only a third of an inch in Orissa and Chota Nagpur.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 12th of August 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	90·0	72·3	86·3	78·0	82·2	−1·5	2·40	2·68	−0·28	3·80	3·54	+0·26	4·20	4·91	33·55	27·99
South-West Bengal ...	92·7	75·6	87·3	78·0	82·7	−0·8	3·05	3·08	−0·03	4·11	4·00	+0·11	5·19	5·51	42·96	29·85
North Bengal	91·3	74·1	84·5	76·8	81·5	−1·2	6·90	3·45	+3·45	4·60	3·71	+0·89	7·80	5·51	53·18	42·18
East Bengal	89·9	74·1	84·7	76·9	80·8	−0·8	7·81	4·09	+3·72	5·60	4·46	+1·14	9·91	7·22	62·36	45·98
North Bihar	93·2	74·9	87·2	78·1	82·7	−1·2	6·42	3·13	+3·29	5·11	3·28	+1·83	7·47	4·84	35·97	27·29
South Bihar	92·4	75·7	87·7	77·7	82·8	−1·2	4·37	2·84	+1·53	5·04	3·36	+1·68	5·75	4·86	32·22	24·63
Chota Nagpur	91·4*	70·4*	83·8*	73·3*	78·6*	−1·1	2·95	3·25	−0·30	4·00	4·23	−0·23	[illegible]76	5·87	39·58	28·63
Assam	91·5	73·3	83·7	76·5	80·4	−2·2										

* Daltonganj not included.

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 15th August 1893.

C. Little,
for Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 6th to 12th August 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vavour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
Aug. ...	6th ...	29·565	83·6	89·0	10·9	78·1	85·9	82·0	1·040	80·4	84	0·25
" ...	7th ...	·540	84·2	90·0	11·6	78·4	84·6	80·5	·987	78·8	83	0·19
" ...	8th ...	·548	80·2	82·9	5·5	77·4	80·8	79·5	·992	79·0	93	0·92
" ...	9th ...	·681	80·9	85·9	10·1	75·8	82·6	79·5	·966	78·2	87	0·81
" ...	10th ...	·718	84·1	88·5	8·9	79·6	85·6	81·5	1·021	79·8	84	...
" ...	11th ...	·664	83·7	88·5	9·7	78·8	85·2	81·3	1·014	79·7	88	0·18
" ...	12th ...	·712	83·4	89·0	11·2	77·8	84·6	80·5	·986	78·8	83	...

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·633
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	82·9
The extreme variation of temperature	14·2
The maximum temperature	90·0
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	85
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 6th to 12th August 1893	2·35

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. Gilliland,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India,
The 14th August 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 6th to 12th August 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Augst	6th	149·8	5·0	29·524	82·6	87·5	9·3	78·2	80·1	0·995	79·1	89	SW and SSE ...	70	0·56	Partially cloudy, o, g, d, p.
„	7th	148·3	7·1	·492	83·1	88·0	9·5	78·5	79·7	·971	78·3	86	ESE and E by S	185	0·13	Partially cloudy, o, p.
„	8th	122·5	Nil	·523	80·7	82·5	5·1	77·4	78·2	·934	77·2	89	SSE and SSW ...	195	0·99	Cloudy, o, g, d, p.
„	9th	113·5	„	·646	81·5	84·6	8·2	76·4	78·9	·953	77·8	89	SSW and SW by S	272	0·68	Cloudy, o, g, d, p.
„	10th	150·5	2·2	·662	82·3	87·4	8·2	79·2	79·1	·955	77·8	86	SSW and SW ...	278	0·11	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p.
„	11th	137·1	0·1	·618	83·1	86·7	8·2	78·5	79·7	·971	78·3	86	SW and SW by W	202	Nil	Cloudy, o.
„	12th	146·5	1·3	·650	83·3	87·6	8·6	79·0	79·3	·950	77·7	83	SW, SW by W and SW by S.	150	„	Chiefly cloudy, o.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·588
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·587
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	15·7
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	90·9
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	82·4
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·2
The extreme variation of temperature	11·6
The maximum temperature	88·0
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	19
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	87
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	86
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 6th to 12th August 1893	2·47
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	2·88
The total fall from 1st January to 12th August 1893...	64·13
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	39·88

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast ; g, gloomy ; d, drizzling rain ; p, passing temporary showers.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 14th August 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR 1893-94.

Areas leased for irrigation up to end of June 1893.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilised.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	Details of areas leased. Five years, all crops.	Five years, kharif.	Annual leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Sugar-cane.	Bhadoi.	Hot-weather.	Total.	GRAND TOTAL.	Rainfall, 1893-94. During month.	Up to end of month.	Rainfall 1892-93. During month.	Up to end of month.	REMARKS.
			C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	
ORISSA	Cuttack	Taldanda, 1st reach ...	1,342	116	}	......	......	......	2,479	......	113	......	......	......	113	2,592	5·40	42·10	5·20	6·00	
		Ditto, 2nd „ ...	566	116													{ 5·95	46·20	6·64	8·54	
		Machgaon	766	......	......	......	65	......	2,700	......	......	10	......	......	10	2,710	{ 8·70	40·50	7·10	7·55	
		Kendrapara	1,067	286	188	1	92	......	25,596	......	......	......	......	......	......	25,596	5·85	41·75	8·25	9·48	
		Gobri	372·82	64	37	40	52	......	769	......	......	......	......	......	......	769	5·36	46·30	10·34	10·88	
		Do. Extension	648	66	28·58	9	29	......	775	......	......	......	......	......	......	775	No	gauge.	No	gauge.	
		Pattamundi	885	93	27	11	57	......	2,400	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,400	5·40	41·45	Di	tto.	
		High Level, Range I ...	608	223·95	......	......	389	......	866	......	......	......	......	......	......	866	8·72	33·62	10·36	11·75	
		Ditto, ditto II ...	727·16	85·0	......	42	1,196	......	288	......	42	......	......	......	42	330	......	......	......	......	
		Jajpur Canal	700	......	......	......	727	......	1,381	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,381	......	......	......	......	
	Balasore ...	High Level, Range III ...	727·16	87·50	......	116	......	......	12,059	......	......	116	......	......	116	12,175	9·76	24·75	11·75	15·97	
		Total ...	......	......	......	219	2,598	......	40,313	......	155	126	......	......	281	40,594	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	152,091	......	28	168	......	......	196	152,287	......	......	......	......	
SOUTH-WESTERN.	Midnapore ...	Midnapore	1,411	10	......	......	10,057	......	48,599	......	......	......	......	......	......	48,599	20·70	33·04	6·99	12·07	} 5 days discharging.
		Panchkura	522	15	......	......	1,518	......	6,546	......	......	......	......	......	......	6,546	13·97	29·52	2·80	9·24	
	Howrah ...	Tidal Reaches, Ranges I & II	......	......	......	......	......	......	763	......	......	......	......	......	......	763	......	......	......	......	
		Total ...	......	......	......	......	11,575	......	55,908	......	......	......	......	......	......	55,908	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	69,574	......	......	......	......	......	......	69,574	9·79	21·31	......	......	
SONE	Shahabad ...	Western Main	4,342	1,631	11	5,702	9,727	19,397	......	......	......	......	......	424	424	19,821	} 6·56	8·31	5·32	5·47	
		Buxar	1,226	112	110	14,667	41,705	48,591	......	......	......	......	......	1,659	1,659	50,250					
		Arrah	2,060	790	507	37,747	90,458	109,500	......	938	......	......	......	9,193	10,131	119,631	8·64	12·22	4·42	4·76	
	Patna and Gaya.	Eastern Main	} 1,466	421	168	{ 690	......	2,098	......	......	......	......	......	38	38	2,136	} 11·87	15·28	5·90	6·10	
		Patna				{ 19,621	189	56,087	......	831	......	......	......	1,767	2,598	58,685					
		Total ...	......	......	......	77,827*	142,079	235,673	......	1,769	......	......	......	13,081	14,850	250,523	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year ...	......	......	......	......	......	190,238	......	10,357	......	......	45	12,239	22,641	212,879	......	......	......	......	
		Grand Total ...	......	......	......	78,046	156,252	235,673	105,221	1,769	155	126	......	13,081	15,131	356,025	......	......	......	......	
		Grand Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	190,238	221,665	10,357	28	168	45	12,239	22,537	434,740	......	......	......	......	

* This figure, which includes a precise proportion of five year leases, has been arrived at this year by a calculation differing from that of last year.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th August 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low-water in the Rivers Ganges, Bhagirathi, Jalangi, and Brahmaputra, for the month of July 1893.

RIVER GANGES.

Date.		Mirzapur.		Benares.		Buxar.		Dinapore.	
Distance.	Miles.	From Allahabad ... 96		From Allahabad ... 134	From Mirzapur ... 48	From Benares 90		From Benares 177	From Buxar ... 87
		Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.
1st	... ...	19·33	225·55	16·50	213·30	13·00	182·05	24·00	158·23
2nd	... ...	21·17	227·39	20·00	216·80	16·25	185·30	23·85	158·08
3rd	... ...	20·50	226·72	19·83	216·63	17·67	186·72	24·00	158·23
4th	... ...	19·92	226·14	19·00	215·80	17·83	186·88	24·10	158·33
5th	... ...	21·92	228·14	20·33	217·13	17·83	186·88	24·10	158·33
6th	... ...	25·83	232·05	24·00	220·80	19·25	188·30	24·10	158·33
7th	... ...	25·42	231·64	24·50	221·30	21·25	190·30	25·20	159·43
8th	... ...	25·00	229·22	22·67	219·47	21·42	190·47	26·80	161·03
9th	... ...	21·83	228·05	20·33	217·13	20·50	189·55	26·75	160·98
10th	... ...	23·83	230·05	22·50	219·30	19·92	188·97	25·90	160·13
11th	... ...	24·75	230·97	22·00	218·80	20·50	189·55	25·30	159·53
12th	... ...	24·58	230·80	23·50	220·30	20·83	189·88	25·00	159·23
13th	... ...	23·83	230·05	23·00	219·80	20·75	189·80	25·05	159·28
14th	... ...	23·50	229·72	23·00	219·80	20·58	189·63	25·50	159·73
15th	... ...	26·17	232·39	24·42	221·22	21·00	190·05	25·90	160·13
16th	... ...	26·90	233·12	25·42	222·22	22·17	191·22	26·40	160·63
17th	... ...	26·67	232·89	25·42	222·22	22·83	191·88	26·80	161·03
18th	... ...	25·58	231·80	25·67	222·47	22·67	191·72	27·00	161·23
19th	... ...	27·67	233·89	26·83	223·63	23·33	192·38	27·20	161·43
20th	... ...	27·50	233·72	26·83	223·63	23·75	192·80	27·65	161·88
21st	... ...	27·00	233·22	26·08	222·88	23·58	192·63	27·90	162·13
22nd	... ...	26·58	232·80	25·33	222·13	22·17	191·22	27·80	162·03
23rd	... ...	25·67	231·89	24·50	221·30	22·50	191·55	27·90	162·13
24th	... ...	25·08	231·30	24·00	220·80	22·42	191·47	27·70	161·93
25th	... ...	24·58	230·80	23·50	220·30	22·17	191·22	27·30	161·53
26th	... ...	24·00	230·22	23·00	219·80	21·58	190·63	27·00	161·23
27th	... ...	22·67	228·89	22·42	219·22	21·08	190·13	26·55	160·78
28th	... ...	21·33	227·55	20·67	217·47	20·67	189·72	26·20	160·43
29th	... ...	20·08	226·30	19·50	216·30	19·75	188·80	26·10	160·33
30th	... ...	19·08	225·30	18·25	215·05	19·25	188·30	26·30	160·53
31st	... ...	18·67	224·89	17·00	213·80	18·50	187·55	26·40	160·63

Date.	Monghyr.		Sahibganj.		Rampur Boalia.		Goalundo.	
Distance (Miles).	From Benares 287	From Dinapore 110	From Benares 381	From Monghyr 94	From Benares 471	From Sahibganj ... 90	From Benares 591	From Rampur Boalia ... 120
	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.
1st	16·17	118·02	12·50	80·50	11·75	53·75	11·83	23·77
2nd	17·08	118·93	14·83	82·83	13·50	55·50	15·17	24·11
3rd	17·33	119·18	17·88	85·88	15·50	57·50	15·83	24·77
4th	17·50	119·35	17·75	85·75	16·08	58·08	16·58	25·52
5th	17·58	119·43	17·92	85·92	16·75	58·75	17·08	26·02
6th	17·08	118·93	17·92	85·92	17·00	59·00	17·50	26·44
7th	17·83	119·68	18·08	86·08	17·25	59·25	17·58	26·52
8th	18·75	120·60	18·50	86·50	17·58	59·58	17·67	26·61
9th	20·33	122·18	19·75	87·75	18·58	60·58	17·92	26·86
10th	20·25	122·10	19·92	87·92	19·25	61·25	18·25	27·19
11th	19·67	121·52	19·67	87·67	19·75	61·75	18·67	27·61
12th	19·00	120·85	19·33	87·33	19·75	61·75	18·92	27·86
13th	18·75	120·60	19·08	87·08	19·42	61·42	19·17	28·11
14th	19·00	120·85	19·00	87·00	19·33	61·33	19·25	28·19
15th	19·33	121·18	18·75	86·75	19·50	61·50	19·25	28·19
16th	19·75	121·60	19·67	87·67	19·75	61·75	19·33	28·27
17th	20·42	122·27	19·42	87·42	20·25	62·25	19·42	28·36
18th	20·92	122·77	20·00	88·00	20·92	62·92	19·42	28·33
19th	21·08	122·93	20·17	88·17	21·00	63·00	19·42	28·33
20th	21·33	123·18	20·42	88·42	21·04	63·04	19·42	28·36
21st	21·92	123·77	20·75	88·75	21·10	63·10	19·50	28·44
22nd	22·25	124·10	21·17	89·17	21·25	63·25	19·50	28·44
23rd	22·08	123·93	21·42	89·42	21·50	63·50	19·50	28·44
24th	22·00	123·85	21·42	89·42	21·75	63·75	19·75	28·69
25th	21·92	123·77	21·50	89·50	21·96	63·96	19·75	28·69
26th	21·67	123·52	21·33	89·33	21·87	63·87	19·83	28·77
27th	21·42	123·27	21·25	89·25	21·75	63·75	19·92	28·86
28th	21·17	123·02	21·08	89·08	21·60	63·60	20·00	28·94
29th	20·92	122·77	20·92	88·92	21·46	63·44	20·08	29·02
30th	20·92	122·77	20·75	88·75	21·35	63·35	20·17	29·11
31st	21·08	122·93	20·83	88·83	21·25	63·25	20·25	29·19

Date.	River Bhagirathi. Berhampore.		River Jalangi. Sarupganj.		River Brahmaputra. Gowhatty.	
	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.
1st	17·08	50·82	19·25	23·55	19·70	168·46
2nd	18·42	52·16	19·58	23·88	20·00	168·76
3rd	19·50	53·24	20·50	24·80	20·70	169·46
4th	20·42	54·16	20·83	25·13	21·40	170·16
5th	21·00	54·74	21·42	25·72	22·30	171·06
6th	21·08	54·82	21·75	26·05	23·40	172·16
7th	21·08	54·82	21·83	26·13	24·00	172·76
8th	22·00	55·74	21·83	26·13	24·00	172·76
9th	22·83	56·57	22·92	27·22	23·60	172·36
10th	23·67	57·41	23·17	27·47	23·00	171·76
11th	24·08	57·82	23·50	27·80	22·60	171·36
12th	24·00	57·74	23·75	28·05	22·50	171·26
13th	23·83	57·57	23·96	28·26	22·80	171·56
14th	23·71	57·45	24·17	28·47	23·10	171·86
15th	23·67	57·41	24·29	28·59	23·90	172·66
16th	23·67	57·41	24·42	28·72	26·75	175·51
17th	23·75	57·49	24·58	28·88	26·67	175·43
18th	23·83	57·57	24·67	28·97	25·20	173·96
19th	24·08	57·82	24·79	29·09	25·25	174·01
20th	24·17	57·91	24·96	29·26	24·90	173·66
21st	24·17	57·91	25·08	29·38	24·50	173·26
22nd	24·33	58·07	25·25	29·55	24·00	172·76
23rd	24·58	58·32	25·42	29·72	23·60	172·36
24th	24·83	58·57	25·50	29·80	23·40	172·16
25th	25·08	58·82	25·67	29·97	23·50	172·26
26th	25·17	58·91	25·75	30·05	24·10	172·86
27th	25·17	58·91	25·75	30·05	24·80	173·56
28th	25·17	58·91	25·79	30·09	25·50	174·26
29th	25·00	58·74	25·83	30·13	26·00	174·76
30th	24·87	58·61	25·87	30·17	26·30	175·06
31st	24·75	58·49	25·87	30·17	26·30	175·56

CALCUTTA,
The 15th August 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 5th August 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 5th August 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 6th August 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	278	67,775	907	129	40,635	646
Jute	32	17,350	263	20	3,390	67
Firewood	130	74,925	1,110	116	67,000	985
Other articles	774	1,88,675	2,605	651	1,96,640	2,594
Total ...	1,214	3,48,725	4,885	916	3,07,665	4,292

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 12th August 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 12th August 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 13th August 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	278	72,210	780	155	44,875	639
Jute	13	5,675	97	34	10,250	206
Firewood	75	48,920	735	148	73,000	1,074
Other articles	506	1,20,426	1,663	869	2,34,725	3,222
Total ...	872	2,47,231	3,275	1,206	3,62,850	5,141

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 5th August 1893, *on* 1,610½ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.*	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*286,926	*3,58,025 10 0	22,33,601 10	4,49,488 2 0	15,347 1 0	8,23,460 13 0	78,699	89,255	167,954
Or per mile of railway	......	222 10 10	......	279 1 7	9 8 6	511 4 11	......	......	......
For previous 4¼ weeks of half-year	1,208,616	12,58,772 1 0	82,09,832 0	18,96,462 11 0	71,240 6 0	32,26,475 2 0	313,949½	392,759	706,708½
Total for 5¼ weeks ...	1,495,542	16,17,397 11 0	1,04,43,433 10	23,45,950 13 0	86,587 7 0	40,49,935 15 0	392,648½	482,014	874,662½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	232,457½	2,21,943 3 11	19,96,628 0	4,39,646 2 10	16,500 7 6	6,78,089 14 3	73,536	86,040	159,576
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	137 12 11	......	272 15 10	10 3 11	421 0 8	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 5¼ weeks of previous year	1,343,055	12,50,632 0 4	1,15,50,871 20	24,98,457 8 7	85,134 12 7	38,34,2[illegible]4 5 6	385,887	491,561	877,448

* Increase is chiefly due to return of pilgrims from Puri.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 5th August 1893, *on* 22¾ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,613	4,816 12 0	3,859 10	162 13 0	10 0 0	4,989 9 0	899	93	992
Or per mile of railway	......	216 7 9	......	7 5 1	0 7 2	224 4 0	......	......	......
For previous 4¼ weeks of half-year	74,792	17,727 5 0	34,113 0	956 3 0	49 0 0	18,732 8 0	3,743	327	4,070
Total for 5¼ weeks ...	92,405	22,544 1 0	37,972 10	1,119 0 0	59 0 0	23,722 1 0	4,642	420	5,062
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,336	4,477 13 5	5,054 20	225 10 0	5 12 0	4,709 3 5	897	71	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	201 4 0	......	10 2 3	0 4 2	211 10 5	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 5¼ weeks of previous year ...	111,193	26,869 12 10	31,717 0	1,290 4 0	43 11 0	28,203 11 10	4,902	312	5,214

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 5th August 1893, *on* 161⅞ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*24,988	*18,185 2 0	35,484 0	7,580 7 0	39 0 0	25,804 9 0	6,085	3,055½	9,140½
Or per mile of railway	......	112 10 9	......	46 15 6	0 3 10	159 14 1	......	......	......
For previous 4¼ weeks of half-year	84,394	54,795 11 0	1,45,602 30	23,909 9 0	160 0 0	78,865 4 0	25,149	11,102	36,251
Total for 5¼ weeks ...	109,382	72,980 13 0	1,81,086 30	31,490 0 0	199 0 0	1,04,669 13 0	31,234	14,157½	45,391½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	18,157	11,918 6 5	26,966 30	4,224 3 0	44 11 6	16,187 4 11	6,604	2,301	8,905
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	73 13 6	......	26 2 9	0 4 5	100 4 8	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 5¼ weeks of previous year	90,921	62,402 10 10	2,24,941 0	33,386 11 6	220 8 6	96,009 14 10	34,018	13,680	47,098

* Increase is due to pilgrims to and from Hurdwar.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 5th August 1893, on 777 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	*Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	199,719	76,420 0 0	6,42,720 0	1,41,940 0 0	12,100 0 0	2,30,460 0 0	28,100	27,603	55,703
Or per mile of railway	257	98 0 0	827 0	183 0 0	*2 0 0	*253 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 5 weeks of half-year	702,800	2,93,010 0 0	22,24,410 0	3,85,090 0 0	58,910 0 0	7,37,010 0 0	114,751	99,749	214,500
Total for 5 weeks ...	902,510	3,69,430 0 0	28,67,130 0	5,27,030 0 0	71,010 0 0	9,67,470 0 0	142,851	127,352	270,203
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	174,854	69,215 0 0	* 5,95,476 0	1,54,219 0 0	10,498 0 0	2,23,932 0 0	24,805	33,391	58,196
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	225	76 0 0	768 0	198 0 0	*1 0 0	*275 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	817,801	3,23,562 0 0	26,59,554 0	5,66,508 0 0	82,890 0 0	9,72,960 0 0	140,741	159,816	300,557

* Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 5th August 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	36,680	11,270 0 0	41,390 0	3,800 0 0	60 0 0	15,130 0 0	3,346	2,326	5,672
Or per mile of railway ...	293	90 0 0	331 0	30 0 0	1 0 0	121 0 0	...	...	......
For previous 4 weeks of half-year	137,510	43,490 0 0	1,67,360 0	11,520 0 0	390 0 0	55,400 0 0	16,546	6,991	23,537
Total for 5 weeks ...	174,190	54,760 0 0	2,08,750 0	15,320 0 0	450 0 0	70,530 0 0	19,892	9,317	29,209
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	34,522	9,711 0 0	35,706 0	3,023 0 0	57 0 0	12,791 0 0	3,346	2,326	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	276	78 0 0	286 0	24 0 0	...	102 0 0	...	...	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	164,745	49,882 0 0	2,12,266 0	14,193 0 0	529 0 0	64,604 0 0	20,488	9,527	30,015

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 5th August 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	16,360	4,620 0 0	16,060 0	710 0 0	470 0 0	5,800 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
Or per mile of railway	190	54 0 0	187 0	8 0 0	5 0 0	67 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 4 weeks of half-year	67,560	19,920 0 0	47,290 0	3,650 0 0	430 0 0	24,000 0 0	10,312	3,054	13,366
Total for 5 weeks ...	83,920	24,540 0 0	63,350 0	4,360 0 0	900 0 0	29,800 0 0	12,799	3,791	16,590
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	15,785	5,071 0 0	16,020 0	1,059 0 0	69 0 0	6,199 0 0	2,582	682	3,264
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	184	59 0 0	186 0	12 0 0	1 0 0	72 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	78,871	25,042 0 0	64,275 0	4,259 0 0	1,122 0 0	30,423 0 0	13,767	3,473	17,240

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 29th July 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	79,060	30,240	a 1,62,750	23,370	9,410	63,020	13,040	15,123	28,163
Or per mile of railway	104·58	40·00	215·28	30·91	12·45	83·36	......	......	......
For previous 3¼ weeks of half-year	289,540	1,16,950	8,50,770	1,26,170	37,220	2,80,340	40,990	50,051	91,041
Total for 4¼ weeks ...	368,600	1,47,190	10,13,520	1,49,540	46,630	3,43,360	54,030	65,174	119,204
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	80,598	29,674	3,27,146	50,112	5,975	85,761	12,060	19,099	31,159
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	106·75	39·30	463·31	66·37	7·92	113·59	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	364,052	1,27,339	1,342,761	1,62,309	31,485	3,21,133	55,541	73,857	129,398

a The falling off in goods traffic is due to the Muharram festival and to the continuous rainfall during greater portion of the week.

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 16th August 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 34 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT CINCHONA CULTIVATION AND CINCHONA FACTORY IN BENGAL FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Calcutta, the 18th August 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 4014Mis.

READ—

The Annual Report on the Government Cinchona Cultivation and Cinchona Factory in Bengal for the year 1892-93.

Read again—

The corresponding report for the year 1891-92.

Unlike the two previous years, there was nothing abnormal in the climatic conditions of the year under review, and though the rainfall was slightly above the average, it was well distributed throughout the rainy season.

2. The policy of replacing the red bark trees which yield the cinchona febrifuge, by the *ledgeriana* and hybrid varieties, which yield quinine, was steadily adhered to. Two hundred thousand trees of the former kind were uprooted and not renewed, and 184,110 seedlings of the latter were put out in the plantation. The number of cinchona plants, including the nursery stock, at the Government plantations on the 1st April 1893 was 4,331,651. The crop of the year amounted to 304,390 lbs. of dry bark, of which 90,170 lbs. were of the kind known as *succirubra*, or red bark, 118,210 lbs. of the *ledgeriana*, 78,310 lbs. of hybrid, 15,900 lbs. of *verde* and *morada*, and 1,800 lbs. of *officinalis*. With the exception of 1,280½ lbs. of bark supplied on indent or sold to the public, the whole of this crop was as usual made over to the factory.

3. The outturn of the factory was 5,242 lbs. of sulphate of quinine and 3,481 lbs. of cinchona febrifuge, against 4,586 lbs. and 4,190 lbs. respectively in 1891-92. The proportion of the outturn of quinine to cinchona febrifuge is steadily on the increase every year, and there seems to be little doubt that in course of time the factory will be called upon to produce the former drug exclusively. The following statement compares the issues of the year with those of the preceding year:—

	1891-92.			1892-93.		
	Sulphate of quinine.	Cinchona febrifuge.	Total.	Sulphate of quinine.	Cinchona febrifuge.	Total.
	lbs. oz.	lbs. oz.	lbs. oz.	lbs. oz.	lbs. oz.	lbs. oz.
To Medical Depôt, Calcutta	1,022 0	1,013 0	2,035 0	1,150 0	500 0	1,650 0
,, ,, ,, Mian Meer	712 0	842 0	1,554 0	1,270 0	500 0	1,770 0
,, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal.	3 8	306 4	309 12	......	200 8	200 8
,, Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, for jails, &c.	20 4	80 0	100 4	6 12	52 4	59 0
,, Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, for making into pice packets in Hazaribagh and Alipur Jails.	......	......	......	475 0	......	475 0
,, Surgeon-General with the Government of India.	......	......	......	......	2 0	2 0
,, Commissariat Department for Port Blair	......	......	......	50 0	......	50 0
Sold to Government officers	1,952 14	......	1,952 14	2,558 13½	......	2,558 13¼
Ditto ditto and to general public.	......	2,457 12	2,457 12	......	2,390 14	2,390 14
Given as samples	3 2¼	26 12	29 14½	7 10¼	1 6	9 0¼
Total ..	3,713 12½	4,725 12	8,439 8¼	5,518 3¼	3,647 0	9,165 3¼

Dr. King explains that the quantity shown in the above statement as issued to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, during 1892-93 does not take into account 137 lbs. of quinine and 97 lbs. of cinchona febrifuge issued to dispensaries under District and Local Boards. These issues, which are paid for in cash, are, it is stated, included in the gross sales to public officers. Dr. King further explains, with reference to the enquiry made in last year's Resolution, that the medical depôt at Bombay now takes its supply of the drugs from the Nilgiri Factory under the Government of Madras.

4. The revenue derived from the sale of sulphate of quinine, cinchona febrifuge, cinchona bark, and other products of the plantations, reached the sum of Rs. 1,17,767-15-6 against Rs. 1,09,321-12-9 in the previous year :—

	1892-93.			1891-92.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
By sale of febribuge, sulphate of quinine, &c. ...	65,454	5	6	60,713	7	3
By credit from the medical depôts and the Commissariat Department	43,305	0	0	44,363	5	6
By credit from the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal	2,005	0	0	3,118	8	0
By credit from the Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal ...	6,983	10	0	1,126	8	0
By credit from the Surgeon-General with the Government of India	20	0	0	......		
Total ...	1,17,767	15	6	1,09,321	12	9

The net profit on the working of the estates amounts to Rs. 3,170-14-3, against Rs. 7,962-12-8 in 1891-92. This result may be considered quite sufficient, when it is remembered that in starting the cinchona plantations in this country, the Government, so far from aiming at a profit, desired only to secure for the people without loss to itself a cheap remedy for fever.

5. The scheme for the sale of pice-packets of quinine to the public, chiefly through the medium of the Postal Department, to which reference was made in last year's Resolution, was brought into operation during the year under review, and 475 lbs. were issued, to the Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, to be made up into packets by convict labour. Dr. King remarks with justifiable satisfaction that "after thirty years of effort the end has now been attained which the Government set before itself when the growth of the medical cinchonas was begun in British India."

5. The thanks of Government are again due to Dr. King and Mr. Gammie for their efficient management of the Department during the year.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

ANNUAL REPORT ON THE GOVERNMENT CINCHONA PLANTATION AND FACTORY IN BENGAL FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

No. 27C, dated Royal Botanic Garden, Sibpur, the 14th July 1893.

From—BRIGADE-SURGEON LIEUTENANT-COLONEL GEORGE KING, M.B., LL.D., C.I.E., F.R.S., Superintendent, Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta, and of Cinchona Cultivation in Bengal,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department.

I HAVE the honour to forward herewith the annual report of the Cinchona Plantations and Factory for the year 1892-93.

Thirty-first Annual Report of the Government Cinchona Plantation and Factory in British Sikkim, being that for the year 1892-93, *by* BRIGADE-SURGEON LIEUTENANT-COLONEL G. KING, M.B., LL.D., C.I.E., F.R.S., *Superintendent of the Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta, and of Cinchona Cultivation in Bengal.*

1. *Weather and general.*—The weather for the year under review presented no feature very worthy of remark. The rainfall on the plantation was 131·5 inches, being about 5 inches above the average. The fall was well distributed over the rainy season, and it was on no occasion so excessive within the limits of the cinchona reserve as to cause any landslips. But at the head of the valley, beyond the boundary of the plantation, there was a very heavy down-pour on one morning in June, which caused numerous landslips; and the fallen trees brought down by these into the Rungjo stream swept away two of the largest bridges. The health of the population of the cinchona valley was fairly good, and no epidemic disease prevailed during the year.

2. *Changes in the Plantation.*—During the year, 466,430 cinchona trees of various sorts were uprooted. This is an unusually large number for a single year. Many of them were, however, small and feeble plants which had been spared during the clearings of previous years with the view of giving them a chance of improving a little prior to up-rootal. The resulting bark crop therefore was small compared to the number of trees removed. The uprooted trees consisted of 200,000 red (or febrifuge-producing) barks, and of 266,430 of yellow (or quinine-producing) barks of various sorts. To compensate for these removals, there were planted out, during the year, 180,710 seedlings of yellow barks (*C. Ledgeriana*) and 3,400 of the sort known as *Hybrid*. The result of these changes is that, on the 1st April, the plantation contained a grand total of all sorts (including nursery stock) of 4,331,651 plants. No red barks whatever were propagated during the year, and the entire number of this sort now left on the plantation is reduced to a little over a million. This steady diminution of the red barks is in accordance with the policy of increasing only the kinds of trees from which quinine, unmixed with the inferior alkaloids, can be most easily extracted.

3. *The year's crop.*—This consisted of 304,390 pounds, of which about 90,000 pounds were red bark, collected almost in equal proportions from the Mungpoo and Sittong divisions. The remainder consisted of yellow bark, of which about 67,000 pounds were taken from the new plantation of Rungjung in Bhotan, and the rest from the plantations of Mungpoo and Sittong. The entire crop was, as usual, made over to the factory, with the exception of 1,280¼ pounds supplied to the medical depôts and sold to the public.

4. *Plantation expenditure.*—The total budget allotment for the year was Rs. 67,888. As a matter of convenience the whole of the cost of the European establishment is debited by the Accountant-General to the plantation budget. The result of this is that the cost of production of the bark is unduly increased. As a matter of fact, the time of Messrs. Gammie, senior and junior, is spent as much in the factory as in the plantation, and it would be a fairer distribution

if the expenditure on their salaries were half charged to the plantation and half to the factory. The expenditure debited by the Accountant-General to the plantation (including the Messrs. Gammie's salaries) is as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Salaries of European establishment (including all salaries except that of Dr. King, Superintendent, Botanic Gardens, Calcutta), coolie labour, and office establishment	60,681	0	8
Keep of animals for plantations	900	0	0
Contingencies, including service postage stamps, &c. ...	5,925	2	11
Travelling allowance	298	12	0
Stores from England	845	3	9
Total ...	68,650	3	4

In return for this expenditure, 304,390 pounds of dry bark were taken as a crop for the year.

5. *Factory.*—The expenditure debited to the factory during the year was Rs. 36,696-12-5. This includes a considerable expenditure on alterations to the factory plant which were undertaken to secure economy of working in future. These are charges which would really be debitable to capital, were there a capital account. But there never has been a capital account for the factory, every charge for machinery and buildings having been hitherto treated as working expenditure and set against the outturn of the factory for the year. There was also an unusually large amount spent on the purchase of a stock of oil which it was necessary to buy in just as the financial year was ending. The bark actually worked up in the factory during the year was 85,580 pounds of red bark, from which 3,481½ pounds of cinchona febrifuge were produced; and 240,666 pounds of yellow bark, from which 5,242¼ pounds of quinine were obtained. A large proportion of the bark thus used was the production of previous years, which was borne on the stock at an average value of annas 3 per pound. The total factory outturn of 8,723 pounds shows a decrease on that of 1891-92 of 53 pounds, and an increase of that of 1890-91 of 682 pounds.

6. *Sales of manufactured product.*—During the year quinine took the lead, no less than 5,518 pounds 3½ ounces having been disposed of; while of cinchona febrifuge, only 3,647 pounds were issued. The total quantity disposed of, viz., 9,165 pounds 3½ ounces, is the highest of any year since 1882-83; and the notable feature is the increase in the proportion of quinine to cinchona febrifuge. This is of course owing to the recent great diminution in price of quinine. And there appears to be little doubt that the proportion of quinine issued will go on increasing, and that, in a very few years hence, the plantation will be called on to produce that drug exclusively, and in much larger quantity than at present. The quantity issued to the Medical depôt at Calcutta was 1,150 pounds, as against 1,022 pounds supplied during the previous year. The indent for the Meean Meer Depôt was for 1,270 pounds, while during the previous year only 712 pounds were taken. Each of these depôts took 500 pounds of cinchona febrifuge, which, as against the supplies for 1891-92, shows a falling off of no less than 513 pounds for Calcutta and 342 pounds for Meean Meer. The Bombay Depôt indented for no supplies either of quinine or febrifuge. It is understood that Bombay now supplies itself from the cinchona factory of the Madras Government on the Nilgiri Hills. The total issues for the year under review and of those for 1891-92 are as follows:—

Details of the distribution of Cinchona Febrifuge and Sulphate of Quinine during the financial years 1891 *and* 1892-93.

	1891-92. lbs.	oz.	1892-93. lbs.	oz.
To Medical Depôt, Calcutta—				
Cinchona febrifuge	1,013	0	500	0
Sulphate of quinine	1,022	0	1,150	0
To Medical Depôt, Mian Meer—				
Cinchona febrifuge	842	0	500	0
Sulphate of quinine	712	0	1,270	0

	1891-92. lbs. oz.	1892-93. lbs. oz.
To Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal (for district medical officers, Bengal)—		
Cinchona febrifuge	306 4	200 8
Sulphate of quinine	3 8	......
To Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal (for jails and lock-ups in Bengal)—		
Cinchona febrifuge	80 0	52 4
Sulphate of quinine	20 4	6 12
To Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal (for making into pice packets in Hazaribagh and Alipore Jails)—		
Sulphate of quinine	......	475 0
To Surgeon-General with the Government of India—		
Cinchona febrifuge	......	2 0
To Commissariat Department for Port Blair—		
Sulphate of quinine	......	50 0
Sold to Government officers—		
Sulphate of quinine	1,952 14	2,558 13½
Sold to Government officers and to the general public—		
Cinchona febrifuge	2,457 12	2,390 14
Given as samples—		
Cinchona febrifuge	26 12	1 6
Sulphate of quinine	3 2½	7 10¼
Total ...	8,439 8½	9,165 3½
Cinchona febrifuge	4,725 12	3,647 0
Sulphate of quinine	3,713 12½	5,518 3½

In the above statement the total amount shown as issued to dispensaries and Government institutions, on indents signed by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals for Bengal, is 200½ lbs. of cinchona febrifuge. This, however, does not represent the total issues in the Province of Bengal during the year; for besides these issues on indent, 137⅝ lbs. of quinine and 96¾ lbs. of cinchona febrifuge were also issued to dispensaries under local Boards, and were paid for in cash. These latter issues are included in the gross sales to public officers, which are shown in the above table. As it may be of interest to trace the quantities issued to the various dispensaries throughout India during the year, I have thrown the information into a return which forms Appendix I of this report.

7. *Stock account.*—The amount of dry bark in stock in the factory godowns on the 31st March 1893 was 428,080½ lbs. of all sorts, the bulk of which is quinine-yielding bark, rather less than 40,000 lbs., being red or febrifuge-yielding bark. In addition to these there is a quantity of manufactured product and a supply of chemicals. The stocks at the end of the last year and at the end of 1891-92 are shown in the following table:—

Stock on 31st March 1892.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Chemicals and stores	2,000	0	0
Cinchona febrifuge, 1,217 lbs. 8 oz., at Rs. 8 per lb.	9,740	0	0
Sulphate of quinine, 2,655½ lbs., at Rs. 13 per lb.	34,521	8	0
Cinchona bark, 451,217 lbs., valued at an average of annas 3 per lb.	84,603	3	0
Total ...	1,30,864	11	0

Stock on 31st March 1893.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Chemicals and stores ...	2,000	0	0
Cinchona febrifuge, 1,052 lbs., at Rs 8 per lb.	8,416	0	0
Sulphate of quinine, 2,379 lbs., 8½ oz., at Rs. 13 per lb.	30,933	8	0
Cinchona bark, 428,080½ lbs., valued at an average of annas 3 per lb.	80,265	1	6
Total ...	1,21,614	9	6

8. Collecting these figures, we obtain the financial results for the year, which are shown in the subjoined balance sheet:—

Dr. — **Balance Sheet.** — **Cr.**

Dr.	Rs.	A.	P.
To value of stock on 31st March 1892	1,30,864	11	0
To cash received from the Treasury during 1892-93 for expenditure on the plantations, viz., Rungbee, Mungpoo, Sittong, and Rungjung	67,804	15	7
To stores from England for plantations	845	3	9
To cash received from the Treasury during 1892-93 for expenditure on factory	32,694	3	9
To stores from England for factory	4,002	8	8
Surplus on the year's working ...	3,170	14	3
Total ..	2,39,382	9	0

Cr.	Rs.	A.	P.
By cash receipts from sale of sulphate of quinine, cinchona febrifuge, and cinchona seed and bark, &c.	65,454	5	6
By credit from medical depôts for cinchona febrifuge, viz.— Calcutta ... Rs. 5,000 0 0; Mian Mir ... Rs. 5,000 0 0	10,000	0	0
By credit from the Surgeon-General with the Government of India for cinchona febrifuge supplied to the Extra Assistant Superintendent in charge, No. 2 party, Eastern Bengal, Chittagong	20	0	0
By credit from medical depôts for sulphate of quinine, viz.— Calcutta ... Rs. 15,381 4 0; Mean Mir ... Rs. 16,986 4 0	32,367	8	0
By credit from Commissariat Department for sulphate of quinine supplied to the Commissariat Store and Shipping Officer Calcutta, for Port Blair ...	800	0	0
By credit from Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, for cinchona febrifuge supplied to the medical officers of Bengal ...	2,005	0	0
By credit from Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, for cinchona febrifuge, sulphate of quinine, supplied to jails and lock-ups in Bengal, viz.— For cinchona febrifuge ... Rs. 522 8 0; For sulphate of quinine ... Rs. 108 0 0	630	8	0
By credit from Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, for sulphate of quinine supplied to Hazaribagh and Alipore Jails for making into pice packets	6,353	2	0
By credit from medical depôts, Calcutta, for cinchona bark ...	137	8	0
By value of stock on 31st March 1893	1,21,614	9	6
Total ...	2,39,382	9	0

9. The result of the year's working is therefore a surplus of Rs. 3,170-14-3, which, as making money is not the object for which the plantation is maintained, may, I trust, be considered sufficient. As I have explained in previous annual reports, the entire total capital expenditure on the plantation from its beginning has been covered several times over by the profits made during the early years of the manufacture of cinchona febrifuge, and by the savings effected by the

substitution in Government hospitals and dispensaries of that drug for quinine, (see Government Resolution, Financial Department, Miscellaneous, dated 26th March 1888). The factory has never had a capital account, as the total expenditure of each year on machinery, as well as on working expenses, has been calculated in the cost price of each year's outturn. Government are therefore in possession of a plantation and factory, the whole cost of which has years ago been refunded to them. Mr. Gammie, who is in charge of the factory, is continuous in his efforts to improve the method of manufacture and to cheapen its cost; and it is hoped that the good effects in these respects of the alterations in the machinery made during the past year may become apparent during the current year.

10. *Sale of quinine at post-offices*.—The chief event of the year has been the organization of the system by which quinine, made up in doses of five grains, is offered for sale at most of the post-offices within the Province of Bengal. Each dose is made up in a neat closed paper envelope, and is sold for one pice. Each packet carries the royal arms as a guarantee of genuineness, together with brief instructions in the vernacular. To encourage the post-office officials to push the sale of these packets, a small commission is allowed, and considerable facility is offered for replenishing of stocks by post-masters; the parcel-rates for transmission, however, bear rather heavily on the scheme, and I trust some means of lightening them may soon be found. When the scheme was suggested last year, it very soon became obvious that one of the first conditions of success would be to find some means of making up the packets by which adulteration and loss from pilfering and careless weighment might be reduced to a minimum. It was therefore decided by Government to make this matter over to the Jail Department. The quinine is therefore made over from the factory to that department in bulk, and by prison labour it is subdivided into pice packets, 1,400 of which go to each avoirdupois pound. The Jail Department distributes these packets to the post-masters and collects the proceeds of the sales at the various post-offices. A dose of pure quinine is by this means put within the reach of any person within the province who has a pice to buy it with. Thus at last, after thirty years of effort, has the end been attained which the Government set before itself when the growth of the medical cinchonas was begun in British India. That end was thus expressed in an early Government resolution on the subject:—"To put the only medicine that is of any use in the cure of the commonest and most fatal of Indian diseases within the reach of the poorest." Of the provinces usually supplied with quinine from the Mungpoo Factory, Bengal is the only one into which this pice-packet system has as yet been introduced. It is believed that, should the various provinces under the Government of India adopt the system, large demands will be made on the cinchona plantation, and extended planting operations may have to be undertaken. To meet such, Govermnent have, in addition to the land reserved in the neighbourhood of Mungpoo, a reserve on the Bhootan frontier in Engo Valley, in which ground has not yet been broken.

11. *Firewood Plantation*.—About twenty acres were added to the firewood plantation during the year; and from the older parts of it a considerable number of small trees were taken for building purposes.

12. The sum of Rs. 2,174-10 collected during the year from settlers with the cinchona reserve for rents and grazing dues, was paid into the Darjeeling Treasury as land revenue from Government estates. This sum is, however, not taken credit for in the plantation accounts.

13. I was on furlough in England during seven months of the year under review; and during my absence, Mr. J. A. Gammie, Deputy Superintendent, acted for me. On my return he resumed his ordinary duties. Mr. G. A. Gammie was absent for four months on a botanical collecting tour in the interior of Sikkim, the results of which tour have been communicated to Government in a separate report: for three months Mr. G. Gammie also acted for Mr. Kennedy in charge of the Lloyd Botanic Garden, Darjeeling. The other assistants on the plantation and the clerks in the office worked during the whole year, and conducted their duties to the satisfaction both of Mr. J. Gammie and myself.

REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE SALT MARKET FOR THE FIRST QUARTER OF 1893-94.

No. 706B., dated Calcutta, the 17th August 1893.

From—T. INGLIS, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, L.P.,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department.

SALT.
—
HON'BLE D. R. LYALL, C.S.I.

I AM directed by the Board of Revenue to submit the following report on the state of the salt market for the 1st quarter of 1893-94, comprising the months of April, May, and June 1893.

2. The quantity of salt of every description cleared during the quarter under report amounted to 24,33,242 maunds, against 24,22,398 maunds in the previous quarter, and 25,26,086 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year; and the net amount of duty levied thereon was Rs. 56,96,847, against Rs. 56,82,664 in the previous quarter, and Rs. 59,46,708 in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. In all cases fractions are omitted.

3. The quantity of excise salt removed from the golas in Orissa during the quarter under review, and the quantity which remained in store at the close of the quarter, are shown in table I:—

TABLE I.

	Puri.	Balasore.
	MDS. S.	MDS. S.
Balance at close of the last quarter ...	19,908 10	250 0
Manufactured or added during the quarter ...	15,422 0	......
Total ...	35,330 0	250 0
Sales during the quarter	2,589 0	7 0
Wastage	......	......
Total ...	2,589 0	7 0
Balance at close of the quarter	32,741 0	243 0

4. The total sale of excise salt during the quarter under review amounted to 2,596 maunds, against 2,408 maunds in the previous quarter, and 17,566 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. The total amount of excise salt on which duty was paid during the quarter was 2,598 maunds. The large reduction in the sale of this salt since last year is not satisfactory as showing that the salt manufactured on the Chilka Lake is not popular, and further enquiry regarding the cause of the decrease will be made.

5. The subjoined table shows in detail the importations into the port of Calcutta and the total clearances of sea-imported salt during the quarter under review compared with the figures of the corresponding quarters of the previous two years, the ports being grouped in accordance with the classification adopted in last year's annual report:—

TABLE II.

GROUP.	Port.	1891-92. First quarter.		1892-93. First quarter.		1893-94. First quarter.	
		Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
I ...	Liverpool	15,84,461	16,91,691	13,23,763	14,58,692	16,10,548	15,39,619
II ...	Hamburg	3,91,319	2,51,588	......	2,68,577	81,122	22,700
III ...	Fougies	......	......	......	37,510	......	......
	Batoum	......	......	......	3	......	......
IV ...	Aden	2,80,395	3,17,849	2,25,672	3,63,439	2,33,567	2,92,701
	Arabian and Persian Gulfs and Red Sea, excluding Aden ...	19,840	2,34,093	93,644	1,46,830	1,86,866	3,44,348
V ...	Bombay	1,22,088	1,41,011	1,85,107	1,35,293	1,50,316	1,44,526
VI ...	Tuticorin	......	......	74,978	16,755	......	13,508
Miscellaneous	Adelaide	......	......	......	......	130	131
	Ceylon	......	1,800	......	2	......	......
	Total ...	23,68,103	26,38,032	19,03,164	24,32,011	22,62,549	23,57,524

6. Table III shows the quantity of sea-imported salt remaining in the warehouses at the close of the quarter as compared with the results of the previous four quarters:—

TABLE III.

WHERE STORED.	First quarter of 1892-93.	Second quarter of 1892-93.	Third quarter of 1892-93.	Fourth quarter of 1892-93.	First quarter of 1893-94
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sulkea Government golas	8,89,875	8,13,492	8,40,647	6,12,084	7,47,749
Chittagong ditto do.	29,451	1,03,167	1,56,714	1,16,380	1,01,642
Ditto private do.	2,176	......	......	......	......
Narainganj ditto do.	......	......	......	......	......
Total ...	9,21,502	9,16,659	9,97,361	7,28,464	8,49,391

7. The despatches of salt from Calcutta by water and the three railways passing the several salt-pass stations into the interior of the country, both east and west of the river Hooghly, as well as the despatches by steamers and flats, during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarters of the previous two years, are shown in the table below:—

TABLE IV.

PERIOD.	BY WATER.					BY RAIL.			BY STEAMERS AND FLATS.	
	Viâ Balikhal.	*Viâ* Sankrail.	*Viâ* Gowkhally.	*Viâ* Kidderpore.	*Viâ* Balliaghata.	*Viâ* Ruthtollah Ghat.	By the East Indian Railway.	By the Eastern Bengal and South-Eastern Railways or *viâ* Chitpur.	Quantity despatched to the interior (excluding Orissa).	Quantity despatched to Orissa.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
First quarter of 1891-92 ...	1,63,904	1,36,358	98,057	1,30,559	27,707	699	10,77,498	4,53,319	2,38,104	56,364
Ditto of 1892-93 ...	1,51,403	1,19,770	42,143	66,666	2,35,638	260	10,22,649	3,86,184	2,73,066	48,920
Ditto of 1893-94 ...	1,59,459	1,30,415	44,219	61,699	2,00,677	34	9,82,539	3,22,634	2,99,260	63,500

8. The quantity of salt despatched by the East Indian Railway to stations beyond Buxar during the quarter under review amounted to 1,032 maunds 30 seers, as noted in the margin, against 1,721 maunds 10 seers in the previous quarter, and 2,754 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

	Mds.	s.
April ...	......	
May ...	688	20
June ...	344	10
Total ...	1,032	30

9. The quantity of saltpetre-salt removed from the refineries on payment of duty amounted to 9,349 maunds, against 11,853 maunds in the previous quarter.

10. The shipments of Liverpool salt for the port of Calcutta, according to published market reports, were as follows:—

	Tons.
April	11,210
May	17,700
June	8,760
Total ...	37,670

It is reported that 3,225 tons of salt were shipped from Hamburg for the port of Calcutta.

11. Table V shows the average wholesale price per 100 maunds of Liverpool and other descriptions of salt during each fortnight of the quarter:—

TABLE V.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	Fortnight ending 15th April 1893.	Fortnight ending 30th April 1893.	Fortnight ending 15th May 1893.	Fortnight ending 31st May 1893.	Fortnight ending 15th June 1893.	Fortnight ending 30th June 1893.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Liverpool	55 6 11	57 2 0	53 10 2	66 7 4	69 9 6	68 6 2
Hamburg karkach	......	......	......	......	......	65 0 0
Muscat ditto	44 14 0	44 0 0	45 0 0	46 8 5	48 0 0	50 0 0
Jedda ditto	......	......	49 3 7	50 6 6	52 11 0	53 4 4
Bombay ditto	49 8 0	48 1 7	47 12 0	48 0 0	47 5 7	45 6 6
Rock ditto	......	60 0 0	......	52 0 0	......	......

12. The following table shows the quantity of sea-imported salt admitted into bond and cleared from bond and shipboard at Chittagong and Naraingaanj during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarter of 1892-93:—

TABLE VI.

Port.	Description of Salt.	Admitted into Bond.		Cleared.	
		First quarter of 1892-93.	First quarter of 1893-94.	First quarter of 1892-93.	First quarter of 1893-94.
		Mds. s.	Mds. s.	Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.
Chittagong ...	Liverpool	9,040 0	24,190 0	56,702 0 0	40,124 28 0
	Hamburg	......	......	......	1,740 0 0
	Arracan	......	......	0 4 8	......
	Madras	......	......	0 21 0	0 0 4
	Ceylon	......	......	......	0 2 0
	Akyab	......	......	......	0 1 8
Naraingaanj	Liverpool	......	......	21,285 0 0	31,254 20 0
	Total ...	9,040 0	24,190 0	77,987 25 8	73,119 11 12

No transactions in sea-imported salt have been reported for the quarter from the ports of Cuttack, Puri, and Balasore.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 19th *August* 1893.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
Burdwan Divn.	1	Burdwan Aug. 19, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	0·15 1·03 0·62 0·27	Weather—seasonable. A break in the rains. Transplantation of *aman* nearly completed. Prospect of *aus* good. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 11 to 14 Kalna ... ... 9 to 12 Katwa ... ... 12 3/16 Raniganj ... ... 12½ } per rupee.
	2	Bankura „ 19, '93 Vishnupur ...	1·46 0·31	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* is finished. *Aus* plants thriving well. Common rice selling at— Srs. Bankura ... ... 13½ Vishnupur ... ... 12 } per rupee.
	3	Birbhum „ 19, '93 Ramput Hát ...	4·29 1·29	Weather—rain every day with occasional sunshine. Rice crop is flourishing and already grown to a good height. Price of common rice 11 to 14½ seers per rupee.
	4	Midnapore „ 19, '93	0·72	Weather—hot and cloudy with a fair amount of rain at the Sadar. It is beginning to look like the end of the rains. Prospects of crops are now getting more definite. Except in a part, but not a large part, of Tamluk, where all hope of the *aman* crop must be abandoned, prospects are good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 Contai ... ... 12½ Tamluk ... ... 10 Ghatal ... ... 10 to 11 } per rupee.
	5	Hooghly „ 19, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	0·75 0·47 2·19	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of jute and *aus* progressing. *Aman* transplantation all but finished. Fodder and water for cattle ample. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ Jahanabad ... ... 10 to 12 } per rupee.
	6	Howrah „ 19, '93 Ulubaria ...	0·64 0·80	Weather—sultry. Transplantation of rice crop continues. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 10 seers per rupee.
Presidency Divn.	7	24-Parganas „ 19, '93	0·72	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* going on. *Aus* and jute being cut. Prospects of crops not favourable in the southern part of the district and bad in the Mathurapur and Bankipur thanas. In the north of the district prospects are fair. Rice sells at— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 Basirhat ... ... 10 Barasat ... ... 9½ Diamond Harbour ... ... 11 } per rupee.
	8	Nadia „ 19, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	2·43 2·40 2·14 1·09 0·46	Weather—cloudy and usually cool. Prospects of crops fair. *Aus* rice harvest nearly over. Jute harvest proceeds. *Aman* rice still being transplanted. Price of common rice has fallen one anna per maund at Krishnagar. Rivers high and rising.
	9	Khulna „ 19, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	1·08 2·51 1·43	Weather—showery. *Aman* rice being transplanted. *Aus* has beena fa ilure in Bagerhat. Fodder and water plentiful.
	10	Jessore „ 19, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	0·46 1·22 2·75 1·91 0·92	Weather—hot and cloudy with showers at intervals. Harvesting of *aus* and extracting of jute in progress. Outturn of jute 7 annas. Transplantation of *aman* nearly completed. Cattle-disease reported from Manirampur. Fodder sufficient except in Mamudpur. Prices steady.
	11	Murshidabad „ 19, '93	3·86	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *bhadoi* nearly finished. Jute, mulberry and hemp are doing well. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Coarse rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
Chittagong Divn.	12	Chittagong	Aug. 19, '93	8·33	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* and transplanting of *aman* still going on. Prospects fair. Prices rising. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	" 19, '93	1·92	Weather—cloudy with rain at intervals. State and prospects of crops not good. Harvesting of *aus* nearly completed. Transplantation of *aman* continues. Cattle-disease reported from Fenny and Companiganj thanas. Fodder is not sufficiently available, consequently many cattle died. Common rice selling at 8 seers per rupee at Noakhali.
	14	Tippera	" 19, '93	4·96	Weather—seasonable. State of crops is bad. A large portion of the paddy field is under water. About half the *aus* crop has been damaged by rain. Prospect of *aman* not good. Water still rising. Rice sells at 8 seers per rupee.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	" 18, '93	5·29	Weather—showery with occasional fair weather. Condition of *jum*-paddy good. *Aus* ripening in some places. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease prevailing. Common rice selling at 9 seers per rupee.
Dacca Divn.	16	Dacca	" 19, '93	0·99	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional rain. *Rowa* and *shail* paddy being sown. Harvesting of *aus* and jute going on. Prospects fair. *Aus* on low lands is under water and partially damaged. *Aman* paddy also has been submerged in some places. Water still rising. Common rice selling at from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder not sufficiently available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	" 19, '93	0·83 2·80 3·47	Weather—seasonable. Rivers rising, and already the flood is very high. The town of Faridpur is overflooded. *Aus* and jute are being cut; outturn poor. Condition of *aman* on high lands still hopeful. Common rice sells at 9 to 11 seers per rupee. Price of rice gradually increasing. Condition of cattle generally good, but cattle-disease prevails in thana Shibchar in Madaripur.
	18	Backergunge Pirojpur Patuakhali Bhola	" 19, '93	0·96 0·86 0·75 2·98	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops moderate. Common rice is being sold from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	" 19, '93	3·13	Weather—first part of the week cloudy; latter part fair and hot. Water has not yet subsided. Jute and *aus* crops are being harvested. Transplantation of *aman* paddy going on. Common rice sells at 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder sufficient except in Kishorganj and in part of Netrakona.
Rajshahi Divn.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	" 19, '93 ...	1·31 6·59	Weather—hot; occasionally cloudy. Prospects of standing crops very good. Transplantation of *haimanti* still going on. Jute being cut and washed. Price of rice at Sadar 12 seers per rupee; that at Thakurgaon stationary. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water sufficient.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	" 19, '93	2·25 6·08 3·09	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops reported to be good. Reaping and steeping of jute going on. Condition of cattle generally good. No want of fodder and water. Price of rice is the same as reported last week.
	22	Rangpur Gaibanda Kurigaon Nilphamari	" 19, '93	1·26 7·39 4·16 4·66	Weather—hot and cloudy. Transplanting of *aman* still in progress. Prospects continue favourable.
	23	Bogra Sherpur Naukhila	" 19, '93	5·72 3·24 5·36	Heavy rain at beginning of week followed by fine weather. *Aus* and jute are being cut. Prospects unchanged. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	" 19, '93	3·63	Weather—cloudy and sometimes rainy. Raining almost every day. Rivers rising rapidly. *Aus* and jute are being cut. Common rice sells at Rs. 4 and jute at Rs. 4-12 to Rs. 5-4 per maund at Sirajganj. At Pabna common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	" 19, '93 ...	3·55 8·31	Weather—less rainy. *In the hills*:—*Bhutta* progressing favourably. *Phaphur* and *chota marua* being harvested. *Aghani* paddy and *bara marua* progressing favourably. *In the Terai*:—Harvesting of *bhadoi* going on. Transplanting of *haimanti* continues. Jute doing well. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 10 } per rupee.
	26	Jalpaiguri	" 19, '93	4·08	Weather—hot. Harvesting of *bhadoi* and transplantation of *haimanti* paddy continue. Prospects of jute good. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee at Sadar and 9 to 10 seers at Allpur. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
Bhagalpur Divn.			
27	Monghyr Aug. 19, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	Nil 3·39 2·73	Weather—sultry and cloudy. Transplantation of *aghani* is being vigorously pushed on. *Makai* and *marua* ripening. Sugarcane and indigo doing well. A few stray cases of cattle-disease reported from Nawadih, Shaikpura, and Bakhtiarpur. Plenty of fodder and water. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 16 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 13¼ } Jamui ... ... 12 }
28	Bhagalpur „ 19, '93 Banka . Madhipura ... Supaul ...	0·16 1·78 5·62 4·96	Transplantation of winter rice approaching completion. Prospects continue favourable. Price of common rice 13 seers 9 chitaks per rupee.
29	Purnea „ 19, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	2·55 5·08 5·22	Weather—hot with occasional showers. *Bhadoi* paddy and jute being harvested. *Aghani* paddy being transplanted. Prospects good. No cattle-disease except in parts of Araria thana. Fodder and water sufficient. Coarse rice sells at— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 14 } per rupee. Kishanganj ... ... 12 } Araria ... ... 16 }
30	Malda „ 19, '93	0·84	Weather—warm and clear during the early part of the week; latterly cloudy. Reaping of *bhadoi* paddy continues. Transplanting of winter rice nearly finished. Jute being cut; outturn expected to be 12 annas. Price of coarse rice varies from 12 to 16 seers per rupee. No want of fodder or drinking water.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 19, '93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	1·27 2·23 3·37 6·43 2·24	Weather—hot with occasional showers and variable winds. Outturn of *makai* crop bad. Rice nearly all transplanted. Prospects favourable. Fodder plentiful. Price of rice about same as last year, rather dearer—12½ seers against 13 seers per rupee.
Patna Division.			
32	Patna „ 19, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapore ...	0·43 1·60 2·77 2·97	Weather—hot and occasionally cloudy. There is no doubt that the *bhadoi* crops have suffered from the heavy rainfall. The level of the river is high, and the surplus water is draining off slowly. Transplantation of rice is far advanced. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } per rupee. Barh ... ... 13 } Bihar ... ... 15 } Dinapore ... ... 13 }
33	Gaya „ 19, '93 Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ... Nawada ...	Nil 3·72 0·11 3·4	Weather—hot and occasionally cloudy. Paddy transplantation continues. Harvesting of *marua* begun. Prices of food-grains stationary. Supply of fodder and water for cattle sufficient.
34	Shahabad „ 19, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	Nil 1·55 0·94 0·72	There has been a break in the rains with its usual characteristics. The interval of dry weather has benefited the *bhadoi* crops, but in the north of the district the heavy rain last week has stunted their growth. Transplantation of winter rice is proceeding. Rivers are falling rapidly.
35	Darbhanga „ 19, '93 Samastipur ... Madhubani ...	0·70 3·55 6·72	Weather—hot and close. Heavy and unprecedented flood of Bagmati and Kamla damaging *bhadoi* and rice crops, especially in the Sadar subdivision. Cattle suffering in places for want of sufficient fodder. Water going down slowly. Extent of damage done by flood not yet ascertained. Over a thousand houses washed away in Darbhanga town.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 19, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	3·07 2·69 4·11	Weather—cloudy and hot. Very heavy floods from the Bagmati and little Gandak. The country between these rivers has suffered severely. Pupri thana has also suffered, and the railway embankment has been breached. *Bhadoi* to a great extent lost in this area, and it is feared the paddy will also suffer. Impossible to judge loss at present until floods subside.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*				
PATNA DIVISION—*concld.*	37	Saran Aug. 19, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	2·27 3·70 3·55	Weather—heavy showers at beginning and end of week with hot fine days between. Prospects of crops very good indeed. *Makai* just beginning to be gathered where planted early. Rice transplantation busily going on, but not yet near completion in some parts. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Chapra ... ... 13 } Siwan ... ... 13 } per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 14¼ }
	38	Champaran „ 19, '93	0·64	Weather—cloud and sunshine as usual at this time of year. Heavy floods occurred during the week, which have now nearly subsided. Much damage has been done by them to the *bhadoi* and *aghani* crops. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
ORISSA.				
ORISSA DIVN.	39	Cuttack „ 19, '93	0·67	Weather—cloudy with occasional light showers. *Beali* in ear and in some places ripening and being reaped. Prospect good. *Sarad* being transplanted. Fodder-supply sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 13 2 } Jajpur ... ... 15 12 to 17 6 } Kendrapara ... ... 13 10 to 21 0 } per rupee. Banki ... ... 15 12 }
	40	Puri „ 17, '93 Khurda ...	1·04 3·50	Weather—hot. Puddling and transplanting of *sarad* going on. Rainfall deficient in the eastern part of the district. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 11 13 to 15 0 } Khurda ... ... 12 0 to 17 1 } per rupee.
	41	Balasore „ 19, '93	2·19	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. Transplanting of paddy nearly finished. Weeding in progress. Rain reported on three or four days during the past week. Sugarcane shows great promise. Prices in the district have risen slightly. Prices at Balasore and Bharak are stationary.
CHOTA NAGPUR.				
South-West Frontier Agency.				
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN.	42	Hazaribagh Aug. 19, '93 Giridi ...	0·43 1·98	Weather—bright with occasional clouds and almost rainless. Indian-corn has almost entirely failed all over the district. Transplanting of *marua* and paddy completed. Crops doing well. Fodder and water ample. Price of common rice 9 to 14 seers per rupee at Head-quarters and at Giridi 11½ seers per rupee.
	43	Lohardaga „ 19, '93	0·28	Weather—hot and a little cloudy. Transplantation of winter paddy finished. Prospect of *bhadoi* good. Common rice selling at 14 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
	44	Palamau „ 18, '93	0·26	There has been a break in the rains. The *bhadoi* crops have been most seriously damaged, and the outturn will be very small. Transplantation of paddy going on vigorously and should soon be completed. *Marua* also being transplanted. A little cattle-disease reported. Rice selling at 12 seers 6 chitaks to 18 seers per rupee. Fodder and water abundant.
	45	Singhbhum „ 19, '93	2·20	Weather—seasonable. *Gora* paddy, Indian-corn and *goondli* being harvested ; 10 to 16 annas outturn expected. Winter rice crop is in very good condition. Price of common rice ranges from 10 to 12 seers per rupee. A few cases of cattle-disease reported.
	46	Manbhum „ 19, '93 Gobindpur ...	0·84 1·04	Weather—warm and bright with occasional showers. The weather is very favourable. Prospects good. Prices stationary. Fodder and water ample.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 22nd August, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*RETAIL*) OF FOOD-GRAINS, FIREWOOD AND SALT IN THE HEAD-QUARTERS STATION BAZARS OF THE DISTRICTS OF BENGAL DURING THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 15TH AUGUST 1893.

PRICES-CURRENT (*retail*) *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the*

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Division	Number.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (*Sorghum Vulgare.*) Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL.			S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Burdwan Division.	1	Burdwan ...	13 8	13 8	12 0	...	...	...	9 4	9 8	10 2	12 0	11 4	12 9	...	...	...
	2	Bankura ...	13 14	13 4	11 0	...	...	...	10 4	10 0	10 0	12 4	11 2	14 0	.	...	...
	3	Birbhum ...	12 0	12 0	11 4	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 4	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
	4	Midnapore ...	11 0	11 0	10 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	11 4	11 8	11 14	13 0	...	...	...
	5	Hooghly ...	13 15	11 12	12 5	17 3	...	14 9	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
	6	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 10	8 10	11 6	10 12	13 5	...	...	...
Presidency Division.		Calcutta	12 8	12 8	11 0	17 1	17 2	14 12	7 7	7 12	8 0	9 12	10 0	10 10	19 0	19 0	14 8
	7	24-Parganas ...	11 8	11 8	11 8	20 0	20 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 12	11 0	12 0	...	...	...
	8	Nadia ...	14 8	14 8	11 15	21 0	21 0	17 12½	8 7	8 7	10 0	10 10	10 6	11 2	...	...	...
	9	Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	10 8	9 0	9 0	11 8	...	...	...
	10	Jessore ...	11 8	10 8	10 0	13 0	13 0	...	8 8	8 8	9 0	10 8	10 0	12 0	...	...	...
	11	Murshidabad ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	11 4	11 4	12 0	...	...	...
Chittagong Division.	12	Chittagong ...	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	7 8	10 4	11 4	10 8	...	...	...
	13	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	9 6	11 0	9 4 to 10 0	11 4	12 0	...	...	...
	14	Tippera ...	10 0	10 0	7 8	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 4½	8 7	9 12	9 12	...	...	...
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	8 14	8 14	...	...	...
Dacca Division.	16	Dacca ...	11 0	11 0	10 8	...	...	...	8 8	9 0	9 8	9 8	10 8	11 8	...	...	...
	17	Faridpur ...	16 0	16 0	13 0	18 0	18 0	...	8 0	8 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	12 0	...	...	...
	18	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 12	6 4	8 8	9 0	10 8	...	...	...
	19	Mymensingh ...	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	8 0	9 0	10 0	9 0	10 8	13 0	...	...	...
Rajshahi Division.	20	Dinajpur ...	13 0	13 0	10 0	...	...	...	9 8	9 9½	9 0	12 0	12 9½	11 0	...	...	...
	21	Rajshahi ...	13 8	13 8	12 0	24 0	24 0	19 8	9 0	9 12	9 0	10 14	10 14	10 14	...	...	...
	22	Rangpur	13 5	13 5	11 4	...	...	...	8 0	8 2	8 0	11 1	11 4	8 12	...	...	...

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 11¼ seers, and Raniganj 10½ seers.
B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Contai 10 seers, Tamluk 11 seers, and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks.
E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Serampore (Bhadreswar) 11 seers 9 chitaks and Jahanabad 10 seers 10 chitaks.
F At Ulubaria the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
G Retail prices of salt in the marts in the interior of the district are:—Baduria 11 seers, Magrahát 10 seers 10 chitaks, Barasat 10 seers 10 chitaks, and Chetla 11 seers 7 chitaks.
H In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bahadurkhali 10½ seers, Chuadanga 10½ seers, Meherpur 11 seers, and Ranaghat 10½ seers.
I In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bagerhat 8 seers and Satkhira 10 seers 10 chitaks.
J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jhenida 10 seers, Magura 10 seers, Narail 9 seers 10 chitaks, and Bangaon 10 seers 11 chitaks.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay, or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	14 9
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	14 0
...	...	...	14 8	14 8	13 0
...	...	...	16 10	12 8	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
8 4	8 0	8 0	15 3	15 9	14 0
8 0	6 0	8 0	20 0	20 0	14 8
...	...	...	22 0	21 12	15 9
...	...	...	12 8	12 8	13 8
...	...	...	17 0	18 0	14 8
...	...	...	19 0	18 0	16 0
...	...	...	10 8	11 0	10 8
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	9 0
...	...	...	13 0	11 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	13 12
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	12 0
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	12 8	12 8	12 8
...	...	...	16 0	13 8	12 0
...	...	...	21 0	19 8	15 0
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th August, 1893.

Indian-corn or Maize (*Zea Mays.*) — Present return.	Indian-corn — Next preceding return.	Indian-corn — Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea (*Cajanus Indicus.*) — Present return.	Arhar — Next preceding return.	Arhar — Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood — Present return.	Firewood — Next preceding return.	Firewood — Corresponding return of last year.	Salt — Present return.	Salt — Next preceding return.	Salt — Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt — Present return.	Wholesale Salt — Next preceding return.	Wholesale Salt — Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	
															BENGAL.		
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	18 0	108 0	106 0	100 0	A 11 9	11 9	11 10	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 4 8	Burdwan.	1	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	16 0	12 0	16 0	280 0	280 0	220 0	B 10 5	10 5	10 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	Bankura.	2	
...	...	...	14 0	16 0	12 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	C 11 0	11 0	10 4	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 11 0	Birbhum.	3	
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	240 0	D 10 12	10 12	11 0	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 8 0	Midnapore.	4	
...	...	...	11 7	13 6	11 7	160 0	120 0	120 0	E 11 6	10 0	10 0	3 5 0	3 6 0	3 5 0	Hooghly.	5	
...	...	...	12 8	12 10	10 10	105 0	105 0	106 0	F 10 10	10 10	10 10½	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	Howrah.	6	
20 0	20 0	...	18 12	19 0	15 3	90 0	90 0	85 0	10 14	10 8	11 6	3 10 0	3 12 0	3 4 6	Calcutta.		Presidency Division.
16 0	...	...	21 0	21 0	17 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	G 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 6 0	3 5 6	3 4 0	24-Parganas.	7	
...	...	...	24 8	24 8	17 12½	128 0	128 0	...	H 10 8	10 9	10 10½	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Nadia.	8	
...	...	...	11 7	11 7	10 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	I 9 2	9 2	9 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	Khulna.	9	
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	J 9 14	10 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Jessore.	10	
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	K 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 7 0	Murshidabad.	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	80 0	80 0	110 0	L 9 0	9 8	9 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	4 4 0	Chittagong.	12	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	M 9 0	9 7	9 0	4 2 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	Noakhali.	13	
...	...	...	7 8	7 0	7 13	...	...	...	N 10 0	10 8	10 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	Tippera.	14	
...	...	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15	
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	O 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	Dacca.	16	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P 10 4	10 4	10 8	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	Faridpur.	17	
Musuri. 7 8	Musuri. 8 0	...	Mug. 10 0	Mug. 10 0	...	80 0	80 0	80 0	Q 10 0	10 0	10 10	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Backergunge.	18	
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	R 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	Mymensingh.	19	
...	...	...	...	...	...	160 0	160 0	160 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	Dinajpur.	20	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	20 12	20 14	16 12	240 0	240 0	240 0	S 9 9	9 9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 8	3 10 8	Rajshahi.	21	
...	...	...	10 0	8 0	9 0	70 0	80 0	80 0	T 10 0	9 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	Rangpur.	22	

K In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jangipur 10 seers and Kandi 11 seers.
L At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
M At Fenny Hât the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
N In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Chandpur 9 seers and Brahmanbaria 9 seers 2 chitaks.
O Retail prices of salt in the marts in the interior of the district are :—Manikganj 9 seers 13 chitaks, Mirkadim 10 seers, Munshirhât 10 seers, and Madanganj 10 seers.
P In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Mada ripur 10 seers and Goalundo 10 seers.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 10½ seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 9 seers.
R In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jamalpur 9 seers 6 chitaks, Kishorganj 8 seers, Kagmari 10 seers, and Netrakona 10 seers.
S In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nator 9 seers and Naugaon 9 seers 9 chitaks.
T In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Gaibanda 10 seers, Kurigaon 8 seers, and Nilphamari 10 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	Division	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (Sorghum Vulgare). Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
		BENGAL—*continued.*	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
23	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*	Bogra ...	13 8	13 2	12 0	...	...	...	9 0	8 4	9 12	11 4	10 8	10 8	...	...	...
24		Pabna ...	17 4	17 4	13 8	24 0	24 0	...	6 0	6 0	6 12	11 12	11 12	12 6	...	...	...
25		Darjeeling ...	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	5 0	5 8	5 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	...	...	...
26		Jalpaiguri	12 0	12 0	11 0	14 0	14 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	...	...	...
		BIHAR.															
27	Bhagalpur Division.	Monghyr ...	15 12	14 0 to 15 4	13 0	21 0	21 0	13 4	10 8	8 0 to 10 0	9 0	11 8	11 0 to 12 0	10 0	...	...	...
28		Bhagalpur ...	15 2	15 2	13 14	20 3	21 7	15 2	10 1	11 6	10 1	13 14	13 14	11 6	...	...	...
29		Purnea (Kasba)	16 0	16 0	12 0	...	...	...	11 0	10 0	11 0	14 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
30		Malda (English Bazar).	14 0	14 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	16 0	12 8	12 0	...	...	...
31		Sonthal Parganas.	11 8	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	14 0	14 0	11 8	...	...	...
32	Patna Division.	Patna ...	18 0 / 16 0	Red. 17 0 / White. 14 0	15 8 / 14 8	25 0	21 0	20 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	14 0	15 0	13 0	22 0	23 0	19 0
33		Gaya ...	14 0	14 0	12 8	20 0	20 0	16 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	13 0	13 0	12 0	17 12	17 8	16 0
34		Shahabad ...	14 0	16 0	13 0	20 0	18 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	11 8	13 8	11 0	...	...	...
35		Darbhanga ...	13 2	12 9	12 1	20 12	20 4	17 10	12 2	12 9	10 0	14 3	14 3	12 10	...	...	...
36		Muzaffarpur ...	14 8	14 8	13 0	22 0	19 0	18 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	13 0	13 8	11 8	...	...	...
37		Saran ...	16 0	15 8	13 8	23 4	21 8	19 0	10 0	10 0	8 8	13 0	13 0	11 5	...	...	...
38		Champaran ...	14 12	14 8	13 0	23 4	22 8	16 0	8 4	9 0	9 0	14 4	14 0	13 0	...	...	...
		ORISSA.															
39	Orissa Division.	Cuttack ...	11 13	11 7	7 14	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	8 13	13 2	14 7	11 13	...	...	...
40		Puri ...	9 8	10 0	9 3	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 8	13 0	13 0	12 0	...	...	...
41		Balasore ...	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	...	...	...
		CHOTA NAGPUR.															
42	Chota Nagpur Division.	Hazaribagh ...	12 0 to 12 8	12 0	11 8	16 0	16 0	14 0	8 0	7 0	8 0	12 4	12 0 to 13 0	11 8	...	...	...
43		Lohardaga ...	10 0 / 7 8 to 9 0	Red. 10 0 to 11 0 / White. 8 0	9 8 / 7 0 to 9 0	12 8	14 0	11 0	11 0 to 12 0	10 0 to 11 0	11 0 to 12 0	13 0 to 14 0	12 0 to 13 0	13 0 to 14 0	...	...	...
44		Palamau ...	12 15	13 8	10 11	23 10	23 10	...	11 13	10 11	10 11	12 6	13 8	12 15	...	...	...
45		Singhbhum ...	13 0	13 0	13 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	12 0	12 0	10 0	15 0	...	...	...
46		Manbhum	13 0	13 0	11 8	...	...	...	8 0 to 9 0	8 0 to 8 8	12 8 to 13 8	10 0 to 12 0	11 0 to 12 8	15 0	...	...	...

U At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 10¾ seers per rupee.
V At Alipur the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
W At Jamui the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
X In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Banka 10 seers, Madhipura 10 seers, and Supaul 10 seers.
Y In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kishanganj 10 seers and Araria 10 seers.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Deoghur 10½ seers, Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, Rajmahal 10 seers.
a In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Bihar 10½ seers and Dinapore 8½ seers.
b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jahanabad 10 seers, Aurangabad 10 seers, and Nawada 9 seers.

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd August, 1893.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 8
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	16 0	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	23 0	21 14	17 1
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	20 0
...	...	...	24 4	24 0	19 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	23 0	22 8	24 0
...	...	...	27 0	26 0	30 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	16 0	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer aristinum.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	15 12	13 2	13 12
...	...	...	16 8	16 8	13 5
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 8
...	...	...	16 0	15 0	13 8
14 11	12 0	13 0	24 0	22 0	16 0
...	...	...	20 3	20 3	15 2
21 0	21 0	15 0	20 0	20 0	13 0
13 0	13 0	16 0	18 0	17 0	14 0
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	12 0
20 0	22 0	20 0	21 0	21 0	18 8
16 0	15 0	16 4	18 4	18 8	17 0
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	17 0
15 5	15 5	14 14	20 12	20 12	16 8
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	17 0
16 0	16 0	13 0	22 0	22 0	17 10
...	...	...	21 8	21 0	16 8
...	...	...	(Biri or kalai.) 20 0	19 11	15 6
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	(Chhola.) 12 0 / (Biri.) 15 0	12 0 / 16 0	12 0 / 13 0
...	...	...	15 0 to 15 8	16 0	13 8
...	...	...	10 8 to 11 8	11 0	11 4 to 12 0
...	...	...	20 4	20 4	12 6
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0
...	...	...	16 0 to 17 0	16 0	14 0

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th August, 1893—(concluded).

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			Firewood.			Salt.			Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt.			Districts.	Number.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.		
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
															BENGAL—*continued.*	
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0	90 0	9 12	9 12	9 9	3 13 4	4 0 0	3 14 0	Bogra.	23 (Rajshahi Division—*concld.*)
...	...	...	22 8	22 8	15 12	200 0	200 0	200 0	[U] 10 8	10 8	9 12	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 10 9	Pabna.	24
16 0	16 0	14 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 12 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	Darjeeling.	25
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	160 0	[V] 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	Jalpaiguri.	26
															BIHAR.	
23 0	24 0	20 0	25 3	20 0	16 0	126 to 148	160 0	120 0	[W] 11 0	10 12	10 8	3 12 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	Monghyr.	27 (Bhagalpur Division.)
25 4	22 11	15 2	22 11	22 11	17 10	126 4	126 4	164 0	[X] 10 8	10 12	10 11	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	Bhagalpur.	28
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0	320 0	320 0	...	[Y] 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 5 0	Purnea.	29
32 0	...	...	12 0	11 0	...	160 0	160 0	120 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 13 0	Malda.	30
21 0	21 0	12 0	22 8	23 0	15 0	120 0	140 0	200 0	[Z] 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 10 3	Sonthal Parganas.	31
21 0	21 0	21 0	25 0	24 0	22 0	130 0	130 0	130 0	[a] 11 0	11 4	11 8	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.	32 (Patna Division.)
...	22 8	16 0	21 0	20 8	19 0	160 0	160 0	200 0	[b] 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	Gaya.	33
20 0	20 0	16 0	20 0	20 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	140 0	[c] 10 8	10 8	11 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 10 0	Shahabad.	34
24 0	22 6	16 8	23 0	23 9	17 10	176 0	176 0	176 0	[d] 10 4	10 4	10 4	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 8 0	Darbhanga.	35
22 8	20 0	17 0	22 0	21 0	19 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	[e] 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	Muzaffarpur.	36
21 12	22 0	19 12	24 0	23 12	20 0	180 0	180 0	160 0	10 8	10 8	10 8	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	Saran.	37
20 12	21 0	16 0	22 12	22 8	18 0	180 0	160 0	160 0	[f] 11 0	10 8	10 8	3 9 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Champaran.	38
															ORISSA.	
...	...	...	20 0	21 8	15 12	80 0	80 0	80 0	[g] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.	39 (Orissa Division.)
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 13	80 0	80 0	80 0	12 0	12 0	10 0	3 6 0	3 5 0	3 9 0	Puri.	40
...	...	...	10 12	10 12	10 12	160 0	160 0	160 0	[h] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	Balasore.	41
															CHOTA NAGPUR.	
18 0	18 0	16 0	17 0	17 0	15 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	[i] 9 0	9 0	9 0	4 8 0	4 4 6	4 0 0	Hazaribagh.	42 (Chota Nagpur Division.)
18 0	18 0	17 0	Big. 12 0 Small. 18 0	Big. 12 0 Small. 18 0	Big. 11 0 Small. 13 0	140 0	140	140 0 to 160 0	8 4	8 0	9 0	4 14 0	5 0 0	4 5 0	Lohardaga.	43
23 10	23 10	16 14	30 6	27 0	...	...	...	...	8 2½	8 2½	7 5	...	...	...	Palamau.	44
16 0	...	...	16 0	16 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	Singhbhum.	45
20 0	...	...	15 0	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	[j] 10 10	10 10	10 8	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 12 0	Manbhum.	46

c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Buxar 11 seers, Sasaram 11 seers, and Bhabhua 9¾ seers.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madhubani 11 seers and Samastipur 10 seers.
e In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Hajipur 10½ seers and Sitamarhi 11 seers.
f At Bettiah the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
g In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jajpur 9 seers, Kendrapara 9 seers, and Banki 11½ seers.
h At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
i At Giridih the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
j At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*wholesale*) *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Sa*

Number.	MARTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE COMMON.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A.
1	Calcutta ...	3 2 9	3 3 0	3 6 0	2 5 0	2 5 0	2 7 0	5 5 0	5 2 0	4 12 0	4 1 0	4 0 0	3 8 0
2	Sirajganj ...	2 7 0	2 8 0	3 4 0	...	...	...	5 14 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 8 0
	Dacca ...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	4 10 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 7 0
4	Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 10 0	4 0 0	3 5 0	4 0 0	3 9 0	3 0 0
5	Chittagong	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	...	...	...	4 5 6	4 4 0	5 0 0	3 13 0	3 8 6	3 12 0
6	Patna ...	2 3 3 2 8 0	Red. 2 7 0 White. 2 14 0	2 8 9 2 11 6	1 9 0	1 14 6	2 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	2 13 3	2 10 3	3 1 3
7	Balasore ...	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 4 0	3 12 0	3 1 0	3 0 0	2 14 0
8	Puri ...	4 3 0	4 0 0	4 5 0	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 5 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 5 0
9	Cuttack ...	3 4 0	3 2 0	5 0 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 8 0	3 0 0	2 12 0	3 6 0

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd August, 1893.

0 SEERS.

...UA OR RAGI. (...ine Corocana.)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
...	...	4 9 0	4 10 0	4 8 0
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	2 0 0	1 13 0	2 0 0
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...

586b

PRICES PER MAUND

Jowar or Cholum. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)			Bajra or Cumb[illegible] (*Pennisetum typ[illegible] deum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return [illegible]
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. [illegible]
2 1 0	2 1 0	2 8 0	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 13 0	1 12 3	2 1 6	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

in the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 15*th August*, 1893.

GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE. (*Zea Mays.*)			ARHAR OR THUR, CADJAN PEA. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 9 6	2 9 0	2 9 6	2 0 0	2 0 0	...	2 2 0	2 1 0	2 6 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	3 4 6	Calcutta.
3 0 0	3 2 0	2 15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 8 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 7 0	Sirajganj.
2 12 0	2 12 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	Dacca.
2 12 0	2 14 0	3 4 0	...	...	...	3 0 0	3 2 0	3 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Narayanganj.
3 10 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	4 4 0	Chittagong.
1 14 6	1 14 6	2 2 6	1 14 6	1 14 6	1 14 6	1 9 0	1 11 0	1 13 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.
2 14 0	2 14 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 8 0	2 8 0	3 1 0	...	...	...	2 10 0	2 10 0	2 15 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 6 0	3 5 0	3 9 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 4 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	1 12 0	2 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air pressure.			Wind.		Temperature.						
			Mean barometric height, 8 a.m., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·688	29·643	—	Variable	89	94·7	16th Aug.	79·6	13, 14, 17, 18 Aug.	92·3	80·2	86·2
		Gopalpore ...	29·697	29·658	+·061	NW	219	93·2	15th ,,	75·8	18th ,,	89·5	77·3	83·4
		False Point ...	29·690	29·653	+·053	W	206	92·5	16th ,,	77·1	17th ,,	90·1	78·6	84·4
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·620	29·642	+·047	W	65	92·2	14 to 17 ,,	75·8	17th ,,	91·4	78·1	84·8
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·642	29·645	+·036	ENE	76	91·4	17th ,,	76·7	18th ,,	89·1	78·5	83·8
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·570	29·664	+·063	Variable	44	93·3	15th ,,	76·1	16th ,,	90·6	78·6	84·6
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·684	29·653	+·056	SWly	65	91·6	15th ,,	77·2	16th ,,	89·0	79·0	84·0
		Saugor Island	29·683	29·652	+·056	Ely	219	89·2	15 to 17 ,,	78·0	18th ,,	87·9	79·9	83·9
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·656	29·649	+·059	SEly	64	91·3	15th ,,	76·2	13th ,,	89·2	78·9	84·1
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·682	29·662	+·050	Calm	61	91·5	15 to 17 ,,	78·4	16th ,,	89·9	79·5	84·7
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29·617	29·662	+·063	Variable	25	92·1	15th ,,	79·2	19th ,,	90·0	80·5	85·3
		Raniganj ...	29·377	29·658	+·069	SW	59	94·7	14, 15 ,,	75·9	13th ,,	93·4	77·8	85·7
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·380	29·628	+·048	Calm	56	93·1	15th ,,	75·1	16th ,,	90·0	78·4	84·2
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·637	29·652	+·037	Calm	50	90·1	15th ,,	77·3	13th ,,	88·3	79·5	83·9
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·665	29·663	+·035	Calm	32	87·1	16, 17 ,,	76·7	13, 14 ,,	85·4	78·4	81·9
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·631	29·644	+·060	Calm	47	90·2	17th ,,	74·2	14th ,,	87·6	76·9	82·3
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·630	29·649	+·054	Variable	92	89·1	15, 17 ,,	75·1	14th ,,	87·7	76·0	82·6
	Malda	Malda ...	29·596	29·628	—	SE	76	92·0	18th ,,	78·3	13th ,,	89·6	79·6	84·6
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·582	29·658	+·048		48	92·1	18th ,,	76·2	16th ,,	88·0	79·1	83·5
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·584	29·660	+·041	Variable	37	90·8	17, 19 ,,	75·7	15th ,,	87·4	77·6	82·6
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·431	29·668	+·057	NE	64	91·9	19th ,,	72·6	16th ,,	86·3	75·7	81·0
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	22·937	—	+·022	Ely	99	73·6	14th ,,	54·1	15th ,,	66·5	56·5	61·5
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	18·989	—	—	SE	?	54·4	19th ,,	34·1	17, 18 ,,	51·2*	36·2	43·9
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·662	29·696	+·026	Variable	55	89·2	17th ,,	75·1	14th ,,	86·1	76·5	81·3
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...						Observations not received.						
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·713*	29·690*	+·063*	Calm	54	91·8	15th Aug.	76·8	13, 17, 18 Aug.	89·4	78·3	83·9
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·683	29·673	+·027	E	84	89·5	17th ,,	75·8	14th ,,	86·4	77·5*	82·0*
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·691	29·685	+·048	E & Calm	50	88·5	17th ,,	77·9	18th ,,	85·6	80·1	82·9
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·692	29·662	+·035	SE	97	89·6	17th ,,	76·7	13th ,,	87·7	78·8	83·3
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·700	29·683	+·037	E & S	74	90·4	17th ,,	74·8	14th ,,	87·3	76·2	81·7
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·658	29·668	+·026	SEly	61	90·2	17th ,,	74·6	14th ,,	85·8	77·5	81·7
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·570	29·648	+·049	Calm	50	91·3	18, 19 ,,	78·2	13th ,,	87·8	79·2	83·6
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·526	29·638	+·055	Calm	47	91·7	15,18,19 ,,	77·0	13, 16 ,,	90·0	78·6	84·3
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·518	29·636	+·036	Ely	103	91·0	18th ,,	77·2	16th ,,	87·8	79·8	83·8
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·508	29·638	—	WNW	89	90·2	18th ,,	77·3	13, 19 ,,	87·7	78·6	83·2
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·440	29·620	+·032	Variable	133	92·2	18th ,,	74·9	13, 16 ,,	88·6	77·2	82·9
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·507	29·639	+·074	Variable	129	92·8	18th ,,	76·6	19th ,,	89·5	79·2	84·4
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·335	29·636	+·058	W	61	98·4	18th ,,	77·0	16th ,,	91·5	78·6	85·1
		Buxar ...	29·445	29·637	+·061	SWly	145	92·5	18th ,,	77·7	19th ,,	89·5	77·6	84·3
		Arrah ...	29·487	29·628	+·067	Wly	55	93·4	18th ,,	78·5	14th ,,	90·7	79·9	85·3
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·304	29·630	+·052	Variable	127	93·4	18th ,,	77·8	13th ,,	91·5	79·4	85·5
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·533	29·636	+·049	W	99	91·5	18th ,,	78·2	14th ,,	89·1	79·6	84·4
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka	29·202	29·645	+·057	Wly	30	91·6	15, 18 ,,	77·2	13, 16, 17 & 18 Aug.	89·7	77·8	83·8
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·720	29·661	+·077	NW	204	88·2	18th ,,	70·8	15th ,,	85·6	72·1	78·9
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·582	29·654	+·073	NW	159	87·0	17th ,,	71·9	13th ,,	84·9	72·4	78·7
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa ...	28·937	29·641	+·072	Variable	31	92·4	17th ,,	74·2	18th ,,	90·4	76·3	83·4
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·414	29·701	+·031	SEly	—	91·1	18th ,,	75·5	15th ,,	87·0	78·0	82·5
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·593	29·662	+·086	Variable	105	87·2	18 & 19 ,,	73·8	15th ,,	84·6	76·4	80·4
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·638	29·698	+·026	Calm		90·0	17th ,,	74·8	13th ,,	84·6	76·0	80·3

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 19th of August 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					Of week.				Rainfall.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th May 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	District.
–	83·5	82	4·9	0·59		2·63		3·66		7·68			29·50		Puri.
+0·3	81·4	86	3·9	4·00											
+1·7	83·2	61	6·9	0·93											
+0·9	83·2	77	4·4	0·91		2·44		3·57		6·95			30·61		Cuttack.
+1·7	83·2	90	5·1	1·62		2·96		3·58		8·07			31·54		Balasore.
+1·6	83·1	85	4·4	0·54	0·52	2·64	2·25	3·30	4·79	8·90	–4·11	47·91	33·15	+14·76	Midnapore.
+1·7	82·6	87	8·4	0·72	0·86	3·44	1·71	4·11	6·84	8·88	–2·04	47·25	34·33	+12·92	24-Parganas.
+0·8	83·5	90	9·4	1·86											
					1·39	2·60	2·00	4·08	4·38	8·38	–4·00	46·13	32·61	+13·52	Howrah.
					0·79	3·41	2·33	3·94	6·25	9·41	–3·16	45·36	33·29	+12·07	Hooghly.
+0·9	83·8	84	7·7	2·43	1·83	3·13	2·80	3·72	5·96	7·85	–1·89	44·29	30·85	+13·44	Nadia.
					0·76	3·14	1·33	3·95	11·16	8·78	+2·38	54·85	37·15	+17·70	Khulna.
+1·5	83·3	90	8·1	0·46	0·59	2·85	2·00	3·73	5·82	8·05	–2·23	38·47	32·79	+5·68	Jessore.
+1·5	83·2	84	7·7	0·15	0·30	2·93	1·25	3·66	4·19	8·20	–4·01	40·74	30·21	+10·53	Burdwan.
+2·4	82·7	85	1·0	0·41											
+1·1	82·1	87	6·6	1·41	0·93	2·50	2·00	3·88	6·04	8·67	–2·63	45·11	34·03	+11·08	Bankura.
					2·44	2·87	4·00	3·64	5·59	8·44	–2·85	38·40	33·20	+5·20	Birbhum.
+0·5	81·8	92	8·1	3·86	1·71	2·59	2·83	3·52	7·46	7·91	–0·45	46·66	30·52	+16·14	Murshidabad.
–1·1	81·1	91	8·9	1·11	2·37	2·88	2·50	3·65	10·16	7·48	+2·68	57·33	32·25	+25·08	Pabna.
–1·1	82·4	88	6·1	3·32	2·15	2·72	2·50	3·59	8·45	7·25	+1·20	45·11	36·87	+8·24	Bogra.
–0·2	83·8	85	5·4	2·48	2·79	2·31	3·33	3·70	8·33	6·91	+1·42	48·88	32·81	+16·07	Rajshahi.
–	83·8	88	3·3	0·84	0·79	2·44	2·00	3·43	6·64	7·34	–0·70	38·53	33·41	+5·12	Malda.
–0·1	82·4	87	7·7	1·27	0·56	2·90	1·60	3·76	7·03	7·50	–0·47	47·82	36·99	+10·83	Dinajpur.
–0·3	81·7	88	4·9	1·26	1·26	2·86	2·00	3·32	10·43	7·36	+3·07	61·98	49·58	+12·40	Rangpur.
–0·9	80·4	89	7·7	3·69	4·08	5·28	3·00	4·80	20·94	15·14	+5·80	85·58	77·47	+8·11	Jalpaiguri.
					4·16	4·18	3·00	3·85	13·89	13·20	+0·69	84·33	73·28	+11·05	Kuch Bihar.
+0·2	60·1	93	9·1	3·55	8·28	5·61	5·00	4·82	23·35	17·46	+5·89	92·18	87·40	+4·78	Darjeeling.
–	47·8	91	10·0	7·43											Sikkim.
+1·3	80·1	94	9·1	7·14	5·26	6·58	4·50	4·98	19·71	17·78	+1·93	115·70	81·53	+34·17	Chittagong.
					4·74	4·60	6·00	5·35	13·13	13·55	–0·42	82·58	54·71	+27·87	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+2·2	80·8	90	9·9	1·03	1·11	3·96	3·00	4·79	10·00	10·95	–0·95	65·39	51·26	+14·13	Backergunge.
+0·8*	81·0	93	4·1	1·92		5·57		5·33		17·28			71·43		Noakhali.
+0·2	81·8	91	6·9	0·83	2·05	2·78	2·33	3·84	8·80	8·20	+0·60	51·58	36·20	+15·38	Faridpur.
+0·3	81·2	92	8·6	1·22	0·83	2·70	2·00	3·97	10·82	9·12	+1·70	52·64	39·58	+13·06	Dacca.
–0·3	79·3	96	7·9	4·35	2·31	4·90	3·25	4·40	11·35	11·78	–0·43	56·31	45·56	+10·75	Tippera.
–0·9	80·7	91	8·0	3·13	3·33	3·08	2·20	3·94	14·66	8·76	+5·90	69·49	44·12	+25·37	Mymensingh.
+0·2	82·5	88	4·9	1·05	1·53	2·89	2·67	3·86	11·66	8·84	+2·82	54·04	40·34	+13·70	Purnea.
+0·2	83·9	84	6·4	0·16	0·37	2·35	1·25	3·27	7·28	7·17	+0·11	34·42	28·00	+6·42	Bhagalpur.
+0·2	82·8	86	5·4	0·70	0·57	2·39	1·00	3·00	8·47	6·69	+1·78		27·24		Darbhanga.
–	81·9	89	5·9	2·45	1·58	2·23	1·67	2·67	7·50	6·62	+0·88	31·78	26·61	+5·17	Muzaffarpur.
–0·7	82·4	85	5·7	0·64	1·22	2·75	2·00	2·74		8·03			28·89		Champaran.
+1·2	83·1	85	8·0	2·27	1·76	1·92	1·33	2·70	7·30	6·32	+0·98	26·84	25·81	+1·03	Saran.
+2·5	85·0	71	0	0·09											
+0·3	82·8	83	6·0	0·06	0·31	2·47	0·40	2·61		7·29			24·53		Shahabad.
+1·3	83·2	85	0·7	Nil											
+1·4	82·4	84	4·9	Nil	0·30	2·17	0·25	2·79	4·83	7·33	–2·50		26·16		Gaya.
+0·3	84·0	81	7·9	0·43	0·34	2·05	1·00	2·56	5·95	6·48	–0·53	31·32	25·86	+5·46	Patna.
					0·10	2·41	0·33	3·03	6·04	7·23	–1·19	31·59	26·86	+4·73	Monghyr.
+0·7	82·8	82	2·4	1·27	0·83	2·71	1·00	3·73	8·25	7·71	+0·54	43·25	31·54	+11·71	Sonthal Parganas.
+0·6	77·3	83	9·4	0·24		3·00		3·58		8·61			31·93		Hazaribagh.
+1·1	76·3	85	3·7	0·28	0·23	3·10	0·50	3·87	9·08	9·35	–0·27		32·43		Lohardaga.
						1·80		3·15		6·92			26·42		Palamau.
+0·3	80·9	84	6·6	2·20	2·20	2·63	3·00	3·75	8·41	9·46	–1·05	41·38	34·36	+7·02	Singhbhum.
					1·98	2·74	2·50	3·40	7·93	8·79	–0·86	40·26	30·28	+18·98	Manbhum.
–1·3	80·4	92	6·5	3·38											Assam.
–2·0	79·0	93	7·7	1·83											
–2·4	78·8	92	9·4	4·54											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 19th of August 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 13th August.	Monday, 14th August.	Tuesday, 15th.	Wednesday, 16th.	Thursday, 17th.	Friday, 18th.	Saturday, 19th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
ORISSA	Puri	Puri	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·32	1	0·59	1·84	5·80	5·93	29·92	25·41
		Khurda	1·74	...	...	...	0·81					2·67		7·87		32·10
		Banpur	0·52	...	0·03	...	1·65	0·30				2·70		8·28		26·68
		False Point	0·09	0·10	...	0·04	...	0·61	0·09	2	0·93	3·32	3·53	8·66	56·61	33·78
		Gop	0·10	...	...	0·50						?		?		?
		Satpara	...	...	0·26	...	0·47					?		?		?
		Pipli	0·17	...	...	...	0·10	0·05				?		?		?
		Rampur	1·42	...	...	...						?		?		?
	Cuttack	Jagatsingpore	...	...	...	...						2·42		7·20		26·37
		Banki	...	...			0·97					1·66		4·84		28·37
		Cuttack	...	...	...	...	0·17					2·53		7·36		34·75
		Kendrapara	0·07	...	...	0·65	0·54	0·01	0·09	2	1·36	2·56	2·83	8·12	52·81	30·94
		Jajpur	0·90	...	...	...	0·05	...	0·18	2	1·13	3·02	4·25	7·24	46·38	32·58
		Dharmsala	...	...	...							?		?		?
		Salipore	0·30									?		?		?
		Pal Lahara										?		?		?
		Nayagarh	0·73				1·37					?		?		?
	Balasore	*Akhyapada*	1·21	...	...	...	0·29	0·20	0·10	4	1·80	?	4·64	?	33·21	?
		Chandbali										2·79		8·25		30·02
		Bhadrak	...	...	0·09	...	0·23	...	0·15	2	0·47	2·91	5·84	7·62	43·91	31·10
		Soro	...	...	...	...	1·05	0·45	0·10	3	1·60	3·06	4·25	8·06		29·82
		Balasore	1·78	...	...	...	...	0·33	0·03	2	2·14	2·90	9·55	8·83	54·30	33·80
		Jellasore										2·99		7·85		32·04
		Baripadah	...	...	...	...	...	1·49	0·11	2	1·60	3·09	4·76	7·76	52·43	32·27
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore	Contai	...	0·29	...	0·04	0·10	0·09	0·20	3	0·72	3·12	5·42	9·28	47·31	35·02
		Tamluk	...	...	...	0·34	...	...	0·12	2	0·46	2·00	3·64	8·09	39·71	31·15
		Midnapore	...	0·08	...	0·40	...	0·08	0·16	2	0·72	2·28	7·52	8·19	43·47	30·97
		Ghatal	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	0·10	2	0·20	3·14	2·63	9·09	41·15	35·40
		Kukrahaty	...	...	...	0·13	...	...	0·21	2	0·34	?	5·19	?		?
		Garhbeta	0·10	...	...	0·39	...	...	0·04	2	0·53	?	5·54	?	46·53	?
		Panskura	...	...	...	0·12	...	0·08	0·28	3	1·20	?	4·83	?	33·88	?
		Dantoon	...	...	...	1·06	...	...	0·25	2	1·31	?	4·38	?		?
	24-Parganas	Saugor Island	...	...	...	0·03	1·68	0·10	0·05	2	1·86	4·29	14·34	10·29	54·77	38·40
		Diamond Harbour	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·35	2	0·45	2·82	6·89	8·60	40·30	34·80
		Canning Town	...	...	...	0·90	...	...	...	1	0·90	?	14·28	?	66·90	?
		Alipore (Observatory)	...	...	...	0·69	...	...	0·03	1	0·72	3·83	4·10	8·91	52·68	34·83
		Barrackpore	0·39	...	0·36	...	...	...	...	2	0·75	3·27	8·05	8·70	44·90	33·15
		Dum-Dum	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	0·74	2	0·94	3·64	4·18	8·63	46·30	32·88
		Barasat	...	...	...	0·14	...	...	0·40	3	0·54	3·03	4·10	7·98	41·10	30·67
		Basirhat	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·75	1	0·75	3·23	6·23	9·07	51·40	35·54
	Howrah	Howrah	...	...	...	0·45	...	...	0·19	2	0·64	2·84	3·95	8·11	52·97	32·18
		Mohesreka	0·55	...	...	1·60	...	...	...	2	2·15	2·36	4·83	8·63	39·27	32·90
		Uluberia	...	...	...	0·80	...	0·06	...	1	0·86	?	2·78	?	41·42	?
	Hooghly	Serampore	0·21	...	0·13	...	...	...	...	2	0·34	3·12	6·60	8·73	40·16	38·80
		Hooghly	0·23	...	...	0·42	...	0·08	0·02	2	0·75	3·07	7·29	8·39	39·21	31·89
		Jahanabad	0·55	...	...	0·49	...	...	0·24	3	1·28	4·03	4·87	11·08	47·82	35·20
	Nadia	Ranaghat	...	...	...	0·46	...	1·05	...	2	1·51	3·34	5·08	8·60	45·52	30·96
		Krishnagar	1·44	...	...	0·19	...	0·04	0·76	3	2·43	3·05	7·22	7·45	39·83	28·62
		Chuadanga	0·08	0·24	...	0·77	...	0·02	0·25	3	1·36	3·30	5·74	8·24	43·22	31·65
		Meherpore	0·71	1·18	...	0·10	...	...	...	3	1·99	2·87	4·87	7·30	40·69	29·73
		Kushtia	0·05	1·15	...	0·33	...	0·07	0·27	3	1·87	3·09	6·90	7·68	58·73	33·17
	Khulna	Satkhira	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	1	0·20	3·64	9·60	8·63	52·38	35·98
		Bagerhat	0·64	...	0·37	...	...	...	...	2	1·01	3·08	12·23	9·24	64·30	40·87
		Khulna	1·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·08	2·70	11·65	8·47	47·88	34·88
		Nakipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	10·20	?	47·00	?
		Rampal										?		?		?
	Jessore	Narail	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·34	0·20	3	0·67	2·06	8·17	8·38	34·22	31·91
		Jessore	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·26	2	0·46	2·86	4·98	8·76	40·20	35·78
		Jhenidah	...	0·14	...	0·40	...	...	0·07	2	0·70	3·41	4·98	8·00	38·25	33·37
		Magura	...	0·70	0·33	0·10	...	...	...	3	1·13	2·64	5·87	7·29	[illegible]·75	32·84
		Bangaon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·70	5·11	7·86	34·80	29·93
	Burdwan	Kalna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	3·26	4·94	8·01	46·42	28·66
		Burdwan	0·02	0·02	...	...	...	...	0·11	1	0·15	2·84	3·87	8·32	44·61	29·92
		Katwa	0·62	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	1	0·65	2·55	3·30	7·97	33·80	29·75
		Raniganj	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·15	0·14	3	0·41	3·05	4·65	8·48	33·42	32·34
		Mankur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·54	?	40·75	?
	Bankura	Bankura	...	0·04	...	1·35	...	0·05	0·02	1	1·46	2·94	7·55	9·48	44·55	33·28
		Vishnupur	0·15	...	...	...	0·16	...	0·30	3	0·61	1·96	4·85	8·40	43·63	32·89
		Maliara	...	0·17	...	...	0·10	0·97	...	3	1·24	2·86	4·97	8·82	34·57	34·49
		Khatra	0·42	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·42	2·25	6·80	7·96	57·64	35·35
		Indas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·52	?	37·38	?
		Kotalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·15	1	1·15	?	3·06	?	44·21	?
		Onda	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·19	?	5·24	?	42·29	?
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	0·24	...	0·13	...	2	0·37	?	3·77	?	42·06	?
		Raipur	...	0·28	...	...	...	1·40	...	2	1·68	?	8·44	?	52·74	?
		Sonamukhi	0·18	0·96	...	0·21	0·39	...	...	4	1·74	?	4·65	?	36·83	?
	Birbhum	Suri	0·57	0·50	1·95	0·07	0·77	0·19	0·24	6	4·29	3·21	7·61	8·59	47·22	33·65
		Hetampore	0·20	0·14	1·36	...	...	0·10	0·21	5	2·01	2·57	4·15	7·94	29·22	35·05
		Rampur Hat	0·97	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·01	2·82	4·91	8·77	38·49	31·03
		Bolpur	0·49	...	...	...	...	...	0·62	2	1·11	?	3·45	?	31·63	?
		Murari	0·95	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·25	?	8·41	?	49·04	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi	1·14	0·54	0·10	...	...	...	...	3	1·78	2·46	4·67	7·76	32·19	31·22
		Berhampore	1·13	0·28	0·65	0·35	...	1·28	0·17	6	3·86	2·59	9·26	8·30	51·11	30·56
		Lalbagh	0·88	...	0·56	...	...	...	...	2	1·44	3·01	6·87	8·12	40·91	29·30
		Azimganj	0·80	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	1	0·85	2·63	6·66	8·29	47·74	31·04
		Jangipur	0·56	0·64	...	0·73	...	...	...	3	1·93	2·13	10·08	7·28	56·04	29·47
		Lalgola	0·30	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·40	2·70	7·20	7·61		31·50
		Akhriganj	0·30	0·56	0·09	...	...	...	...	2	0·95	?	6·68	?	50·98	?
		Patkabari	1·90	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	2	2·15	?	4·45	?		?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna	Pabna	0·67	1·90	...	0·99	...	0·07	...	3	3·63	3·21	10·80	7·80	55·71	31·70
		Sirajganj	0·56	0·48	...	...	...	0·07	...	2	1·11	2·54	9·52	7·14	58·87	32·73
	Bogra	Sherepore	0·60	0·30	0·22	...	...	...	...	3	1·12	3·06	7·45	7·91	40·34	38·02
		Nowkhilla	0·80	2·40	0·03	...	...	...	...	2	3·23	2·38	9·85	7·30	46·48	34·81
		Bogra	1·32	1·40	0·60	...	...	...	...	3	3·32	3·11	8·35	6·98	50·85	30·45
		Panchbibi	0·46	0·39	...	...	...	...	0·07	2	0·92	2·33	8·14	6·78	42·76	35·15
	Rajshahi	Boalia	0·19	1·74	0·10	0·22	...	...	...	4	2·25	3·13	8·47	7·84	45·94	31·73
		Nator	0·15	0·10	2·60	0·03	...	...	0·04	3	2·92	2·53	9·42	7·33	46·51	32·55
		Naugaon	0·10	...	...	...	...	2·10	1·00	3	3·20	1·28	7·10	5·56	54·34	34·19
		Lalpore	1·30	...	0·28	...	...	...	...	2	1·58	?	6·67	?		?
		Manda	0·18	...	...	0·18	...	...	0·09	2	0·45	?	5·84	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 19th of August 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 13th.	Monday, 14th.	Tuesday, 15th.	Wednesday, 16th.	Thursday, 17th.	Friday, 18th.	Saturday, 19th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
…n Ben-…—concld.	Malda …	Malda …	0·35	…	…	…	…	…	0·49	2	0·84	1·92	7·54	6·13	44·70	33·76
		Chanchal …	0·33	…	…	0·40	…	…	…	2	0·73	2·95	5·71	8·51	32·72	34·04
		Gajol …	0·50	…	…	…	…	…	…	1	0·50	?	4·49	?		?
		Silganj …	0·41	…	…	…	…	…	0·21	2	0·62	?	8·20	?		?
	Dinajpur …	Mohadebpore	…	…	…	0·18	…	0·23	0·06	2	0·47	3·31	4·49	7·65	41·53	35·60
		Churaman …	0·22	…	…	…	…	…	…	1	0·22	2·45	4·97	6·37	42·13	32·59
		Raiganj …	…	0·10	…	0·30	…	…	…	2	0·40	3·77	7·29	8·53	56·16	38·07
		Dinajpur …	1·20	…	…	…	…	0·11	…	2	1·31	3·03	9·73	8·32	45·69	43·04
		Balurghat …	0·42	…	…	…	…	…	…	1	0·42	1·96	8·65	6·66	47·78	35·72
		Thakurgaon …	0·73	…	1·39	…	…	…	…	2	1·12	?	12·43	?	70·07	?
	Rangpur …	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	0·23	0·17	0·16	…	…	…	…	3	0·56	2·92	9·39	6·29	55·02	39·70
		Rangpur …	1·08	0·14	0·04	…	…	…	…	2	1·26	3·03	10·62	7·40	54·40	50·31
		Peerganj …	0·21	0·36	0·08	…	…	…	…	2	0·65	?	8·47	?	?	?
		Kurigaon …	1·51	0·05	0·08	…	…	…	…	1	1·64	10·96	11·44	6·08	77·07	51·23
		Gobindgunge	0·87	0·92	…	…	…	…	…			?		?		?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	1·03	0·53	…	…	…	…	…	2	1·56	3·55	10·84	9·57	60·38	47·81
		Ulipore …	1·45	0·04	0·25	…	…	…	…	2	1·74	?	8·80	?	40·61	?
		Sundergunge…	0·90	0·09	0·06	…	…	…	…	1	1·05	?	8·31	?	?	?
	Jalpaiguri …	Jalpaiguri …	1·92	0·08	1·93	0·15	…	…	…	3	4·08	5·28	20·94	15·14	78·91	76·34
		Alipore Dooar	…	0·86	4·70	…	…	…	…	2	5·56	?	18·29	?	87·45	?
		Fallacotta …	2·80	…	1·80	…	…	…	…	2	4·60	?	12·58	?	78·20	?
		Debiganj …	0·88	…	0·30	…	…	…	…	2	1·18	?	9·43	?	73·35	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	5·24	4·45	7·83	0·07	…	…	0·10	4	17·69	?	31·29	?	133·02	?
	Kuch Bihar…	Dinhatta …	0·94	0·02	2·27	0·01	…	0·26	0·03	3	3·53	3·19	12·84	10·26	83·59	63·32
		Kuch Bihar …	3·15	0·41	1·86	…	…	…	…	3	5·42	4·15	14·73	13·27	81·77	81·18
		Mekliganj …	1·24	0·15	1·16	0·04	…	…	…	3	2·59	4·06	10·69	14·70	73·03	71·41
		Mathabhanga	2·43	0·21	2·47	…	…	…	…	3	5·11	4·71	17·32	14·52	97·69	77·17
	Darjeeling …	Buxa …	4·50	2·24	11·97	0·06	…	0·57	3·92	5	23·26	10·59	44·64	27·30	153·08	133·87
		Siliguri …	1·84	0·16	0·18	0·30	…	0·14	0·95	6	3·57	3·51	14·12	14·06	76·62	80·09
		Darjeeling …	1·65	0·07	0·11	0·14	…	0·10	1·48	5	3·55	5·47	21·44	16·19	75·31	75·25
		Kalimpong …	1·91	0·29	0·31	0·07	…	0·04	0·10	4	2·72	2·86	13·17	11·60	63·61	61·36
		Kurseong …	2·14	0·19	0·64	…	…	0·10	2·97	5	6·04	?	27·30	?	192·93	?
		Pedong …	1·10	0·23	2·70	0·13	…	0·27	0·05	5	4·48	?	17·12	?	59·29	?
…Bengal	Chittagong …	Cox's Bazar …	1·25	0·70	0·02	…	0·11	0·02	0·08	3	2·18	7·41	18·06	20·26	137·78	97·16
		Chittagong …	1·26	4·32	0·04	0·14	1·13	1·07	0·17	6	8·34	5·74	23·35	15·27	99·31	65·88
		Kutubdia …	0·08	0·44	…	…	…	…				?		?		?
		Satkanya …	0·25	0·74	0·09	0·12	0·18					?		?		?
		Kodala …	…	…	…		…					?		?		?
		Fenoa …	0·30	…	…	1·06	2·20	4·23				?		?		?
		Mirsarai …	0·08	0·76	…	…	0·75	2·09				?		?		?
		Chandpur …	0·70	0·78	…	1·90	…					?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati …	0·91	0·89	…	0·21	0·26	1·71	0·76	6	4·74	4·60	13·13	13·55	82·58	54·71
		Bundarban …	0·46	0·44	0·72	1·82	0·20	0·81	0·04	6	4·40	?	12·55	?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali …	0·41	…	0·06	…	0·12	0·05	0·10	3	0·74	4·39	10·66	11·77	124·0	59·33
		Pirojpur …	0·25	…	…	…	0·32	…	…	2	0·57	3·74	10·08	10·58	64·86	45·51
		Barisal …	0·15	0·42	0·17	…	0·22	…	…	4	0·96	3·28	8·84	9·44	63·30	45·91
		Gournaddi …	0·60	…	…	…	0·06		0·17	2	0·83	?	9·67	?	59·74	?
		Bhola …	0·33	1·12	…	…	0·65	0·08	…	3	2·18	4·43	10·41	11·99	62·19	55·23
		Daulatkhan …	…	…	…	0·54	1·86	0·34	0·12	4	2·86	?	15·43	?	71·80	?
		Bauphal …	…	…	…	…	0·80					?		?		?
	Noakhali …	Noakhali …	0·04	0·90	…	…	0·30	0·42	0·26	4	1·92	5·65	16·39	17·67	82·36	70·87
		Fenny …	0·50	1·95	0·20	…	1·50	2·45				5·49		16·88		72·00
		Harishpore …	0·15	1·03	…	0·11	3·09					?		?		?
		Ramganj …	0·95		…	…	…	0·81				?		?		?
	Faridpur …	Madaripur …	0·81	…	…	…	0·08	…	1·92	2	2·81	2·80	10·23	8·53	47·93	37·56
		Faridpur …	0·19	0·64	…	…	…	…	…	2	0·83	2·89	8·71	8·40	55·27	36·87
		Goalundo …	…	0·20	…	1·12	…	1·18	…	3	2·50	2·64	7·44	7·66	52·93	34·17
	Dacca …	Munshiganj …	0·60	0·05	…	…	0·15	0·02	0·02	2	0·84	3·67	13·49	11·10	41·67	45·81
		Dacca …	0·48	…	…	0·37	0·11	…	0·03	3	0·99	2·57	13·39	8·61	50·27	38·65
		Narayanganj…	0·46	0·03	…	…	0·12	…	0·02	2	0·63	2·11	10·65	8·51	43·36	40·93
		Manikganj …	0·76	0·07	…	…	0·02	…	…	*1	0·85	2·46	5·74	8·23	43·20	32·92
		Joydebpore …	0·58	0·46	…	0·30	0·08	…	0·12	4	1·54	?	13·68	?	49·32	?
	Hill Tippera	Agartola …	1·14	…	…	…	0·93	…	…	2	2·07	3·37	9·80	9·20	54·90	38·95
	Tippera …	Comilla …	1·50	0·90	…	…	1·42	0·52	0·62	5	4·96	4·31	13·52	12·58	64·38	52·24
		Chandpore …	0·54	…	…	…	0·17	0·14	…	3	0·85	5·89	7·38	14·21	47·84	49·20
		Brahmanbaria	0·52	0·38	…	…	0·45	…	…	3	1·35	3·18	14·70	8·26	56·80	38·93
		Ramchandrapore …										?		?		?
		Nasirnagar …	1·30									?		?		?
		Daudkandi …	1·15	0·50	…	…	0·25					?		?		?
		Kasba …										?		?		?
		Laksham …	0·30	…	…	…	0·50	2·00	1·50	4	4·30	?	11·31	?	62·97	?
	Mymensingh…	Kishorganj …	0·27	1·53	…	…	0·06	…	…	2	1·86	3·30	17·06	8·81	72·78	45·17
		Atia (*Tangail*)	…	…	…	…	…	0·45	0·13	2	0·58	2·63	8·42	7·79	57·30	35·08
		Mymensingh…	1·19	1·93	…	…	…	0·01	…	2	3·13	3·72	12·37	8·77	69·06	47·54
		Jamalpur …	0·46	3·57	0·70	…	…	…	…	3	4·67	2·85	17·56	8·34	61·08	39·19
		Netrakona …	2·89	3·50	…	…	…	…	…	2	6·39	2·91	18·08	10·12	85·66	53·69
		Subornakhaliy	0·51	1·43	0·05	…	…	0·37	…	3	2·36	?	10·00	?	60·78	?
		Durgapore …	2·00	2·30								?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	0·61	2·94	0·20	…	…	…	…	3	3·75	?	14·75	?	39·30	?
		Dewanganj …	0·62	1·65								?		?		?
…Bihar	Purnea …	Kishanganj …	0·78	…	0·14	…	…	…	…	2	0·92	3·45	11·91	9·82	69·41	45·47
		Araria …	0·72	…	…	…	…	1·80	0·10	3	2·62	2·49	16·05	7·99	63·76	39·74
		Purnea …	0·24	…	…	…	…	0·71	0·10	3	1·05	2·74	7·03	8·71	38·92	35·53
		Gondwara (Korah) …	0·39	…	…	…	…	0·02	…	1	0·41	?	6·33	?	43·60	?
		Barsoe …	0·30									?		?		?
		Forbesganj …	0·92	0·22	…	…	0·07	…	…	2	1·21	?	12·39	?	46·89	?
		Kaliaganj …	1·33	…	…	…	…	…	…	1	1·33	?	11·29	?	?	?
	Bhagalpur …	Madhipura …	…	…	…	…	…	…	0·63	1	0·63	2·51	9·28	7·01	35·36	29·28
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	…	…	…	…	…	…	0·45	1	0·45	?	6·37	?		?
		Supaul …	0·10	…	…	…	…	…	0·21	2	0·31	2·31	10·07	7·26	32·13	29·26
		Protabganj …	0·50	…	…	…	…	…	…	1	0·50	?	10·48	?	39·42	?
		Bhagalpur …	0·04	…	…	…	…	…	0·12	1	0·16	2·16	5·72	7·04	30·63	27·20
		Banka …	…	…	…	0·30	…	…	…	1	0·30	2·40	3·95	7·34	33·52	27·17
		Colgong …	0·05	…	…	…	…	…	…	Nil	0·05	?	4·89	?	31·84	?
	Darbhanga …	Tajpur …	…	…	…	0·90	…	…	…	1	0·90	2·31	7·02	6·50	28·03	27·03
		Darbhanga …	0·07	…	…	0·56	…	…	0·07	1	0·70	2·76	3·73	7·21	33·33	27·87
		Madhubani …	0·10	…	…	…	…	…	…	1	0·10	2·09	9·84	7·37		26·79
		Bahera …									Nil	?		?		?
		Roshera …	…	…	…	…	…	…	…	Nil		?	6·40	?	21·82	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 19th of August 1893—co[ncluded].

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Sunday, 13th.	Monday, 14th.	Tuesday, 15th.	Wednesday, 16th.	Thursday, 17th.	Friday, 18th.	Saturday, 19th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.
			RAINFALL.												
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur ...	Sitamarhi ...	0·39	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·89	2·32	7·41	6·55	40·95
		Muzaffarpur	0·02	...	...	0·08	...	1·45	2·10	2	3·65	2·05	8·89	6·41	27·23
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	0·09	1	0·21	2·11	6·23	6·90	27·17
		Paru ...										?		?	
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)	...	...	0·29	...	...	0·10	...	2	0·39	?		?	
		Siuhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	5·45	?	
		Pupri ...										?		?	
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	0·04	...	...	0·43	...	...	0·17	2	0·64	3·29	9·40	8·31	54·68
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	1·58	...	...	0·21	2	1·79	2·20		7·72	
		Bagaha ...	0·39	...	...	0·57	...	...	0·12	3	1·08	?	10·17	?	47·82
		Parhurwa ...	0·08	...	...	0·02	...	...	1·00	1	1·10	?	9·81	?	24·36
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	0·05	...	...	0·20	...	...	2·00	2	2·25	1·67	8·37	6·00	32·70
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·76	...	1	0·76	1·78	7·48	6·31	23·09
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·37	1	0·37				?
		Chupra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·27	1	2·27	2·32	6·36	6·68	24·22
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	1	0·40	?	7·00	?	?
		Annuar ...										?		?	
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·83	...	1	1·83	?		?	
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	Nil	0·08	1·42	5·65	6·09	22·84
		Dehri ...	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·09	3·64	3·39	8·02	23·23
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·47	5·89	7·49	32·39
		Sasaram ...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	1·20	2	1·03	2·76		8·09	
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	Nil	0·07	2·05		6·75	
		Mohanea ...										?		?	
		Khiri ...										?		?	
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?	
		Ramnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·39	0·75	2	1·14	?	3·72	?	22·82
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	6·13	?	25·87
		Sikroul ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·95	2	1·05	?	2·63	?	...
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	5·87	?	27·40
		Monaharpur										?		?	
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·16	2·04	8·09	20·83
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·13	4·01	6·85	27·24
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	0·07	1·05	0·02	...	1	1·14	2·26	7·37	6·91	29·71
		Jahanabad ...	0·02	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	Nil	0·06	2·14	5·91	7·58	43·27
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·69	?	22·86
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·63	...	1	0·63	?	4·98	?	22·88
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	1	0·70	?	7·80	?	30·93
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	0·45	2	1·00	?	7·40	?	...
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	0·08	...	1·50	0·05	1	1·63	?	5·93	?	
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	0·37	1	0·43	2·15	5·89	6·67	31·47
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·36	1	0·36	2·21	6·09	6·74	33·93
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	0·33	2	0·55	2·18	6·26	6·52	34·31
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·67	5·55	5·96	25·42
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·98	?	34·42
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·56	1	0·56	?	4·43	?	
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·07	6·43	6·40	37·73
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·11	5·55	7·21	29·76
		Jamui ...	0·06	0·08	...	0·15	...	...	...	1	0·29	3·06	6·13	8·00	27·25
		Goori ...										?	7·14	?	
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·52	?	35·24
		Chahai Bamda										?		?	
		Chupreon ...										?		?	
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	1·84	4·06	5·65	35·84
		Godda ...	0·23	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·25	2·49	5·09	7·99	
		Pakour ...	0·17	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·21	2·67	10·99	6·43	54·56
		Naya Dumka	0·02	...	...	1·13	...	0·11	0·01	2	1·27	3·39	12·65	9·39	40·14
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·85	...	1	0·85	2·56	6·97	8·48	38·29
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	2·37	...	1	2·37	3·28	9·39	8·27	42·27
		Belbodda ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	1	0·23	?		?	
		Nanihat ...										?		?	
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (Giridih).	...	...	...	...	...	1·45	0·24	2	1·69	2·55	10·13	8·33	46·25
		Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	0·02	1	0·24	2·55	6·01	9·16	47·22
		Semtaguran ...										2·47		7·13	
		Mahudi Hills										3·24		8·24	
		Jhumra Hill										4·18		10·17	
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	1·18	2	1·36	?	4·62	?	38·13
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·65	?	36·42
		Karagdeha ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·17	...	1	0·17	?	5·26	?	29·87
		Ramgar ...										?		?	
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	0·08	Nil	0·14	3·75	9·28	9·64	27·09
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·31	...	1	0·31	2·45	8·86	9·05	41·20
		Silli ...										?		?	
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...										1·80		6·92	
		Balumath ...										?		?	
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	Nil	0·09	?	5·46	?	31·97
		Garhwa ...										?		?	
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	0·66	...	0·19	0·48	1·44	0·03	3	2·20	2·63	8·42	9·46	38·89
		Chakardharpur.	0·20	0·05	...	...	0·70	...	0·34	3	1·29	?	5·76	?	25·47
		Ghatsila ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·90	...	1	0·90	?	7·44	?	46·37
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·25				?		?	
		Gailkeira ...	...	0·95	...	...	0·20	...	...	2	1·15	?	6·45	?	34·52
		Kalikapur ...	...	1·21	...	...	...	...	2·16	2	3·37	?	13·38	?	63·09
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	0·31	...	...	...	0·61	...	0·23	3	1·15	2·63	7·41	9·20	48·66
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	...	0·90	1·85	0·06	2	2·81	2·84	8·44	8·35	50·85
		Raghunathpore	...	0·10	...	0·10	0·25	0·34	0·12	5	0·91	?	4·27	?	39·25
		Barahabhum	0·13	0·60	...	0·02	0·09	...	0·02	2	0·86	?	9·61	?	45·47
		Jhalda ...	2·25	...	0·13	...	3·30	...	0·05	3	5·73	?	9·50	?	37·33
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·90	0·21	2	2·11	?		?	
		Pandra ...	...	0·12	...	...	0·03	0·32	...	2	0·47	?	4·34	?	38·69

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the retu[rns are] wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when [0]·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 22nd August* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 19TH OF AUGUST 1893.

During the past week pressure has been steadily above the normal, but by varying amounts, over the province, and the distribution has been much more uniform over the Bay than is usual at this season of the year. The result has been that rainfall has been generally light and scattered, and that the falls at most stations are much below the average. One unimportant interruption to the otherwise settled conditions occurred about the middle of the week, when a shallow depression which appears to have formed in Burma drifted slowly westwards across the north of the Bay, and about the end of the week crossed the Ganjam coast. The influence of this slight disturbance extended over a wide area so far as concerned the wind circulation, but except that showers were somewhat more frequent and heavy in Orissa, Chota Nagpur and some of the south-western districts of Bengal, there was little other change, while over the north of the Bay light northerly and afterwards easterly winds prevailed.

During the two first days of the week pressure was lowest near the Himalayas, and westerly winds were general over the whole province, but on Tuesday, the 15th, a large rise of pressure occurred in the northern districts and a slow fall over the Bay. This led to easterly winds in the eastern districts, and as similar changes, though not so large, continued on the following day, a light cyclonic circulation existed round the low pressure area which was then over the north of the Bay. During the last three days there was little change in the general weather. The sky was moderately cloudy in places, but as a rule there was sunshine with occasional thunderstorms and local rainfall.

Pressure was above the normal except on Monday, the 14th, when lowest readings were in the northern districts, and there was defect of about ·07 inch. The rise on the 15th was more than ·1 inch in these parts, and from that time excess varied between ·05 inch and ·1 inch; but on Saturday, the last day of the week, it exceeded ·1 inch in all districts except Orissa and Chota Nagpur. The distribution was then very uniform, and as isobars lay almost north and south, light easterly winds prevailed. Means for the week are above the normal at all stations, generally by about ·05 inch.

Temperature.—As there has been more sunshine than usual during the week, day temperatures have been above the normal over the greater part of the province. From the 13th to the 16th mean temperature differed very little from the normal, or was slightly below, the cooler weather being in the northern districts, especially in North Bengal and Assam. During the latter half of the week there was excess, practically everywhere, up to about 4° in some places. The means for the larger divisions for the whole week are above the normal, except in North Bengal, where there is defect of about half a degree, and in Assam where defect is nearly 2° Excess is under 1° in East Bengal, Chota Nagpur and North Bihar, and between 1° and 1·5° in Orissa, South-West Bengal and South Bihar.

Rainfall.—As stated above, rainfall has been scattered and frequently light. In North Bengal almost general rain fell in the early part of the week, but during the latter half scattered showers fell there as over the rest of the province. The days when rainfall was most general were Sunday, the 13th, Wednesday, the 16th, and Saturday, the 19th. On all of these days the rain was due in most cases to local thunderstorms which were fairly numerous, and not to prevalence of ordinary monsoon conditions. The average falls for the large divisions vary from 2·4 inches in Bihar to 3·84 inches in East Bengal. These averages are all relatively low.

Defect in North Bengal is 1 inch; in East Bengal and North Bihar between 1 and 1·5 inches; in Orissa, South-West Bengal, and Chota Nagpur between 1·5 and 2 inches, and in South Bihar rather more than 2 inches.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 19th of August 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	94·7	75·8	90·5	78·5	84·5	+1·2	1·15	2·70	−1·55	2·00	3·60	−1·60	5·35	7·61	34·70	30·69
South-West Bengal ...	94·7	75·1	89·8	79·1	84·5	+1·4	1·10	2·94	−1·84	2·22	3·60	−1·38	6·29	8·45	44·06	32·79
North Bengal	92·1	72·6	87·4	77·6	82·5	−0·6	2·07	3·06	−0·99	2·40	3·68	−1·28	9·87	8·57	55·25	45·24
East Bengal	91·8	74·6	86·9	77·9	82·4	+0·5	2·50	3·84	−1·34	3·20	4·39	−1·19	12·41	11·06	64·86	49·82
North Bihar	92·8	74·9	88·6	78·8	83·7	+0·2	1·11	2·40	−1·29	1·50	3·04	−1·54	8·58	7·24	37·08	29·69
South Bihar	98·4	77·0	90·3	78·8	84·7	+1·1	0·37	2·40	−2·03	0·64	3·02	−2·38	6·12	7·26	32·59	27·23
Chota Nagpur	92·4*	70·8*	87·0*	73·6*	80·3*	+0·7	1·10	2·83	−1·73	2·10	3·58	−1·48	6·86	8·70	40·68	31·46
Assam	91·1	73·8	85·4	76·8	81·1	−1·9										

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 22nd August 1893.

C. LITTLE,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 13th to 19th August 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.							Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.		Vavour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°		Inches.	°	%	Inches.
August ...	13th ...	29·711	84·9	90·0	10·2	79·8	84·2	80·5		·992	79·0	84	Nil
" ...	14th ...	·640	85·9	93·0	14·2	78·8	89·6	83·5		1·066	81·2	77	...
" ...	15th ...	·659	85·6	90·4	9·6	80·8	88·6	81·5		·981	78·6	73	...
" ...	16th ...	·692	84·5	91·0	13·0	78·0	88·1	82·0		1·312	79·6	76	0·94
" ...	17th ...	·682	84·9	90·0	10·2	79·8	87·6	82·5		1·044	80·6	80	...
" ...	18th ...	·716	85·3	9·12	11·9	79·3	86·6	80·5		·960	78·0	76	...
" ...	19th ...	·763	84·6	90·8	12·5	78·3	85·6	81·5		1·022	79·9	83	0·04

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·695
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	85·1
The extreme variation of temperature	15·0
The maximum temperature	93·0
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	78
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 13th to 19th August 1893	0·98

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 21st August 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 13th to 19th August 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Augt.	13th	119·7	Nil	29·650	83·2	85·7	5·0	80·7	79·9	0·977	78·5	86	SW and W by S...	65	Nil	Cloudy, o, g.
„	14th	150·5	9·8	·605	85·0	91·6	13·1	78·5	80·7	·991	79·0	83	W by S. WNW and calm.	64	„	Partially cloudy, ⌓.
„	15th	145·5	Nil	·643	82·3	89·5	12·0	77·5	79·6	·977	78·5	89	WSW and N by W	37	0·69	Cloudy, o, g, p, t.
„	16th	142·5	6·1	·647	83·4	90·6	13·2	77·4	80·0	·980	78·6	86	NNE and calm ...	31	Nil	Partially cloudy, o.
„	17th	149·5	5·9	·633	84·5	88·5	9·2	79·3	79·8	·955	77·8	80	ESE and calm ...	66	„	Partially cloudy, o, g. ⌓.
„	18th	151·6	5·5	·673	82·8	89·3	10·3	79·0	79·3	·955	77·8	85	ESE and SE by E	79	0·03	Partially cloudy, t <, ⌓, d.
„	19th	153·2	3·3	·709	82·4	89·3	11·1	78·2	79·7	·979	78·6	88	SE by E and SSE	79	0·09	Chiefly cloudy, o, p, ⌓.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·651
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·587
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	30·6
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	90·0
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	83·4
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·1
The extreme variation of temperature	14·2
The maximum temperature	91·6
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	10
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	85
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	87
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 13th to 19th August 1893	0·81
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	3·74
The total fall from 1st January to 19th August 1893...	64·94
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	43·62

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h and 22.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast ; g, gloomy ; d, drizzling rain ; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; <, lightning ; ⌓, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 21st August 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 19th August 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 19th August 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 20th August 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs
Rice and paddy	389	88,390	1,066	178	45,200	722
Jute	59	22,751	418	61	19,475	327
Firewood	159	82,577	1,249	133	66,975	1,017
Other articles	797	2,05,396	2,782	790	1,72,640	2,377
Total ...	1,404	3,99,114	5,515	1,162	3,04,290	4,443

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 12*th August* 1893, *on* 1,610½ *miles open.* *

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*288,268	*3,57,412 14 0	21,06,145 30	4,55,970 4 0	14,257 4 0	8,27,640 6 0	76,673½	89,311	165,984½
Or per mile of railway	......	221 14 0	......	283 1 11	8 13 8	513 14 5	......	......	......
For previous 5½ weeks of half-year	1,515,933	16,64,091 11 0	1,03,87,553 10	23,41,837 13 6	82,850 7 0	40,88,779 15 6	392,648½	482,014	874,662½
Total for 6½ weeks ...	1,804,201	20,21,504 9 0	1,24,93,699 0	27,97,808 1 0	97,107 11 0	49,16,420 5 0	469,322	571,325	1,040,647
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	268,868	2,41,134 7 10	17,53,240 10	3,89,921 4 11	14,720 2 3	6,45,775 15 0	73,552	79,624	153,176
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	149 11 7	......	242 1 10	9 2 3	400 15 8	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 6½ weeks of previous year	1,611,923	14,91,766 8 2	1,33,04,111 30	28,88,358 13 6	99,854 14 10	44,79,980 4 6	459,439	571,185	1,030,624

* The increase is chiefly due to movements of pilgrims.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 12*th August* 1893, *on* 22½ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	16,643	3,934 14 0	9,823 30	242 9 0	11 0 0	4,188 7 0	899	69	968
Or per mile of railway	......	176 13 7	......	10 14 5	0 7 11	188 3 11	......	......	......
For previous 5½ weeks of half-year	*91,604	*22,342 1 0	†38,071 10	1,119 0 0	‡52 0 0	23,513 1 0	4,642	420	5,062
Total for 6½ weeks ...	108,247	26,276 15 0	47,895 0	1,361 9 0	63 0 0	27,701 8 0	5,541	489	6,030
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,196½	4,095 11 5	4,039 30	196 4 0	12 13 0	4,304 12 5	919	49	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ..	......	184 1 3	......	8 13 1	0 9 3	193 7 7	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 6½ weeks of previous year ...	128,389½	30,965 8 3	35,756 30	1,486 8 0	56 8 0	32,508 8 3	5,821	361	6,182

* Deducted number of passengers 801 and Rs. 202 }
† Add-d maunds 90 " }on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the first 8 days of July 1893.
‡ Deducted " 7 }

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 12*th August* 1893, *on* 161⅝ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	18,381	13,154 13 0	42,224 10	*8,085 15 0	39 0 0	21,279 12 0	6,154	2,521½	8,675½
Or per mile of railway	......	81 8 1	......	50 1 7	0 3 10	131 13 6	......	......	......
For previous 5½ weeks of half-year	*109,645	*73,881 13 0	†1,91,523 30	†31,678 0 0	‡189 0 0	1,05,748 13 0	31,234	14,157½	45,391½
Total for 6½ weeks ...	128,026	87,036 10 0	2,33,748 0	39,763 15 0	228 0 0	1,27,028 9 0	37,388	16,679	54,067
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	18,852½	12,696 12 5	20,814 0	4,865 12 0	19 15 0	17,582 7 5	6,735	2,315	9,050
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	78 10 8	......	30 2 4	0 2 0	108 15 0	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 6½ weeks of previous year	109,773½	75,099 7 3	2,45,755 0	38,252 7 6	240 7 6	1,13,592 6 3	40,753	15,995	56,748

* Added number of passengers 263 and Rs. 9018 }
† Do. maunds 10,437 and " 18 }on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the first 8 days of July 1893.
‡ Deducted " 10 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 12th August 1893, on 777 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	154,210	68,090 0 0	6,16,850 0	1,31,170 0 0	13,360 0 0	2,12,620 0 0	28,166	27,403	55,569
Or per mile of railway	198	88 0 0	794 0	169 0 0	*2 0 0	*259 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 5 weeks of half-year	902,510	3,69,430 0 0	28,67,130 0	5,27,030 0 0	71,010 0 0	9,67,470 0 0	142,851	127,352	270,203
Total for 6 weeks ...	1,056,720	4,37,520 0 0	34,83,980 0	6,58,200 0 0	84,370 0 0	11,80,090 0 0	171,017	154,755	325,772
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	141,469	56,956 0 0	6,11,031 0	1,47,604 0 0	11,644 0 0	2,16,204 0 0	26,002	35,002	61,004
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	182	73 0 0	786 0	190 0 0	*1 0 0	*264 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	959,270	3,80,518 0 0	32,70,585 0	7,14,112 0 0	94,534 0 0	11,89,164 0 0	166,743	194,818	361,561

* Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 12th August 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	35,670	10,680 0 0	47,350 0	4,040 0 0	120 0 0	14,840 0 0	3,201	2,471	5,672
Or per mile of railway ...	285	86 0 0	379 0	32 0 0	1 0 0	119 0 0	...	...	......
For previous 5 weeks of half-year	174,190	54,760 0 0	2,08,750 0	15,320 0 0	450 0 0	70,530 0 0	19,829	9,317	29,209
Total for 6 weeks ...	209,860	65,440 0 0	2,56,100 0	19,360 0 0	570 0 0	85,370 0 0	23,093	11,788	34,881
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	30,133	9,660 0 0	40,361 0	4,325 0 0	62 0 0	14,047 0 0	3,201	2,471	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	241	77 0 0	395 0	35 0 0	...	112 0 0	...	...	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	• 194,878	59,542 0 0	2,61,627 0	18,515 0 0	591 0 0	78,651 0 0	23,689	11,998	35,687

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 12th August 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	13,300	4,290 0 0	23,800 0	1,240 0 0	60 0 0	5,590 0 0	2,570	654	3,224
Or per mile of railway	155	50 0 0	277 0	14 0 0	1 0 0	65 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 5 weeks of half-year	83,920	24,540 0 0	63,350 0	4,360 0 0	900 0 0	29,800 0 0	12,799	3,791	16,590
Total for 6 weeks ...	97,220	28,830 0 0	87,150 0	5,600 0 0	960 0 0	35,390 0 0	15,369	4,445	19,814
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	14,494	4,666 0 0	12,086 0	871 0 0	284 0 0	5,821 0 0	2,570	654	3,224
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	169	54 0 0	141 0	10 0 0	4 0 0	68 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	93,365	29,708 0 0	76,361 0	5,130 0 0	1,406 0 0	36,244 0 0	16,337	4,127	20,464

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(Includes the Tirhut State Railway.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 5th August 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	86,810	33,180	1,96,880	25,590	10,080	68,850	13,047	15,173	28,220
Or per mile of railway	114·83	43·89	260·42	33·85	13·33	91·07	......	......	......
For previous 4½ weeks of half-year	368,600	1,47,190	10,13,520	1,49,540	46,630	3,43,360	54,030	65,174	119,204
Total for 5½ weeks ...	455,410	1,80,370	12,10,400	1,75,130	56,710	4,12,210	67,077	80,347	147,424
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	69,697	27,825	2,51,770	31,375	8,958	68,158	13,235	16,408	29,643
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	92·31	36·85	333·48	41·56	11·87	90·28	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	433,749	1,55,164	14,94,540	1,93,684	49,443	3,89,291	68,776	90,265	159,041

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(Includes the Tirhut State Railway.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 12th August 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	87,320	32,070	1,74,220	25,140	9,590	66,800	13,040	15,235	28,275
Or per mile of railway	115·50	42·42	230·45	33·25	12·69	88·36	......	......	......
For previous 5½ weeks of half-year	455,410	1,80,370	12,10,400	1,75,130	56,710	4,12,210	67,077	80,347	147,424
Total for 6½ weeks ...	542,730	2,12,440	13,84,620	2,00,270	66,300	4,79,010	80,117	95,582	175,699
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	81,095	31,560	2,27,106	26,127	6,790	64,477	15,063	12,160	27,223
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	107·41	41·30	300·80	34·61	8·99	85·40	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	514,844	1,86,724	17,21,646	2,19,811	47,233	4,53,768	83,839	102,425	186,264

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 5th August 1893	8,818	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	8,605	0	0
Increase	213	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 5th August 1893...	172	14	5
Corresponding period of 1892	168	11	6
Increase	4	2	11
Receipts from 1st to 5th August 1893	55,269	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	54,760	0	0
Increase	509	0	0

Printed and published by Edwin Morris Lewis at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 23rd August 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 35 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1892.

No. 4149J.

RESOLUTION.

POLICE.

Dated Calcutta, the 19th August 1893.

READ—

The Report on the Administration of the Police Department for the year 1892.

Read also—

The Report for the year 1891, and the orders of Government recorded thereon.

Mr. E. R. Henry was in charge of the office of Inspector-General of Police throughout the year. The report under review was due to Government on the 30th June, and was received in print on the 11th July. In accordance with the orders of Government some supplementary figured statements have been added to the report, and fuller details have been given regarding charges made against the police, the state of the village watch, and other important matters.

2. *Constitution of the Police force.*—At the close of the year the sanctioned strength of the police force, excluding the Railway Police, was 74 superior officers, and 22,713 subordinate officers and men, being a net increase of seven head constables and 24 town chaukidars, and a net decrease of 107 constables. The strength of the Railway Police at the close of the year was

two superior officers and 601 subordinate officers and men, against two superior officers and 621 subordinate officers and men at the close of the preceding year.

3. *Expenditure of the Department.*—The police budget grant for the year was Rs. 43,97,000, and the actual expenditure under each of the different heads, as compared with that of the preceding year, was as follows:—

Serial number.	HEADS OF CHARGES.	Actual expenditure for 1891-92.	Actual expenditure for 1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
1	Inspecting agency	1,23,387	1,36,737	13,350	......
2	Pay of District and Assistant Superintendents ...	4,60,133	4,47,145	......	12,988
3	Pay of executive police and establishment, with good conduct pay and batta allowance	28,33,148	28,67,294	34,146	......
4	Travelling allowance	92,038	93,303	1,265	......
5	Fixed boat establishment	56,983	55,946	......	1,037
6	Special, regular and contract contingencies	5,14,882	5,65,368	50,486	......
7	Government contribution to the Municipal and Railway Police	1,45,622	1,37,922	......	7,700
	Total ...	42,26,193	43,03,715	99,247	21,725
		Net increase ...		77,522	

There was thus a saving of Rs. 93,285 on the estimate for the year, but an increase of Rs. 77,522 in the actual expenditure over the figures for 1891. This is accounted for mainly by the increased provision for clothing on account of maintenance and free kits, the issue of new breech-loading carbines, and the increase in the pay of constables from Rs. 6 to Rs. 7 per mensem in the districts of Bengal Proper.

4. *Working of the Town Police.*—The Inspector-General of Police again brings to notice the exceptional difficulties under which the Town Police have to work, and the general unpopularity of town duty. Among other measures that have been taken to increase the efficiency of the force beats have been enlarged, so that two men may do duty on each beat instead of one, the number of rounds officers has been increased, truncheons and bulls-eye lanterns have been supplied to the men, and maps have been prepared showing the limits of beats as well as the streets and lanes included in them. In some towns in the Patna Division a self-checking system of patrols has been introduced, which enables the officer in charge to ascertain whether the rounds visited any particular lane or street during the preceding night. The experiment is reported to have worked well on the whole, especially in Patna City, where 39 burglars or thieves were arrested *flagrante delicto* by the police on going their rounds. Since the close of the year a proposal to place the police-stations in the Patna City in telephonic communication with each other has been sanctioned by Government. These are all useful reforms. In accordance with the policy recommended by the Lieutenant-Governor in the Resolution on last year's Report, steps are being taken to substitute chaukidars on an adequate salary for constables in towns where the population is peaceful, and where lawlessness arising from religious animosities or other causes is not apprehended. In the municipalities of the Burdwan and Backergunge districts, and in Puri and Jessore, the town police, consisting of a mixed force of constables and chaukidars, are reported to have worked well; on the other hand the working of the force in Khulna was unsatisfactory, and the pay of the chaukidars is said to be insufficient to attract good men. The same complaint of insufficiency of pay is made in Rangpur, Sirajganj, Faridpur, Mymensingh, and Bhagalpur. In Dacca and Narainganj, and in the towns of the Chittagong Division, as well as in Darjeeling and Kurseong, chaukidars are not employed, and the town police are said to have worked well. With the exception of Gaya and Darbhanga, the work of the police in the towns of the Patna Division was satisfactory, but the Inspector-General notices that the town police force in Champaran is numerically insufficient, and that its members are underpaid, and he promises to give the matter his personal attention. On the whole, although much still remains to be done, the Lieutenant-Governor sees no reason to be dissatisfied with the progress made during the year in improving the working of the town police.

5. *Street-lighting.*—Some progress has been made this year in this respect, and 505 new lamps have been added in the whole province. There are still no lights in the towns of Khulna and Malda, and in four of the municipalities of the Midnapore district. The Inspector-General reports that, in accordance with the suggestion contained in last year's Resolution, a considerable number of small municipalities which are unable to afford street lamps, have either provided or agreed to provide oil for the lanterns of the watch and ward police.

6. *Rural Police.*—From Statement E appended to the Report, it appears that there are the following chaukidars in the province :—

Under Act VI (B.C.) of 1870	96,787
Under Regulation XX of 1817	47,959
Number of chakran chaukidars, including ghât police ...	24,335
Chaukidars entertained under Sonthal rules in Sonthal Parganas	2,709
Chaukidars in Burdwan paid by villagers	282
Total ...	172,072

The number of chaukidars in Bengal in 1891 was 171,547, of whom 92,100 were under Act VI. By the amending Act I (B.C.) of 1892, which came into force at the close of the year, the definition of village permits the extension of the Act to villages with less than 60 houses, while the minimum rate of the chaukidar's pay has been reduced to Rs. 2. Magistrates are now therefore in a position to take measures for the more complete extension of the provisions of Act VI, and to reduce the number of regulation and chakran chaukidars. The Lieutenant-Governor notices that some progress has been made in this direction, and that efforts have been made to weed out men of disreputable castes or antecedents, and to substitute for them men of better social status. In all districts the arrangements for holding chaukidari parades and eliciting information from chaukidars have been systematised, and District and Assistant Superintendents are reported to have given more attention to this important branch of their work than in former years.

7. In paragraph 9 of last year's Resolution, the Lieutenant-Governor expressed a hope that local officers would be more liberal to chaukidars in the matter of rewards and less indiscriminate in punishments. In the latter respect there has been practically no change, and the Inspector-General draws attention to the want of discretion sometimes shown in prosecuting chaukidars under the Indian Penal Code for such slight offences as absence from parade, &c., for which departmental notice would have sufficed. This is very unsatisfactory, and the Lieutenant-Governor desires that the Inspector-General will admonish officers who are found to offend in this way. There has been a slight increase in the number of chaukidars rewarded, but the figures show that there is still room for improvement. During the year 1,444 chaukidars, or less than 1 per cent. of the force, were rewarded with Rs. 7,644, against 957 rewarded with Rs. 5,505 in 1891. In this respect Bengal compares unfavourably with the North-Western Provinces, in which, in 1891, out of 97,455 chaukidars 10,180 were rewarded with Rs. 22,183. Under the amended law a District Chaukidari Reward Fund has been created, which will enable district officers to adequately reward good work done by the village police.

8. The Inspector-General notices the great disproportion in the number of chaukidars in the Burdwan Division, as compared with other divisions of the Province. Thus, although the population in the Burdwan, Rajshahi, and Presidency Divisions is practically the same, the former maintains 41,703 chaukidars against less than 17,000 in each of the others. There is but little doubt that the village watch in the Burdwan Division urgently needs reorganizing, and that the numbers are unmanageably large and out of all proportion to its requirements. In Jessore, Tippera, Mymensingh, Faridpur, Chittagong and other districts, and especially those of the Patna Division, the rate of pay is reported to be too small to attract good men, and the chaukidars have in consequence to be recruited from the lower classes of society. No doubt we should get better men for higher pay, but even without an increase of pay a good deal may be done to improve the condition of the chaukidar, by assuring to him the punctual

payment of his salary and by taking care that Police constables and higher officers do not abuse their powers by employing him on menial work and other duties not contemplated by law. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor notices that in the district of Backergunge not only is the village watch said to be the best organized, the most efficient, and the most regularly paid in the Province, but it includes a considerable number of men of good social status. In fact, so popular has the post become, and so keen is the competition for it, that only literate men are now appointed. Such a result reflects credit on Mr. Savage, the District Magistrate, and there is no reason why a similar success should not be attained in many other districts of the Province. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is glad to receive the Inspector-General's assurance that the police are beginning to realise that they must not employ chaukidars in their private concerns, or exact from them tasks of a degrading character. The instructions of Government on the subject have been widely circulated, and if the facts as reported from Jessore are correct and common to other districts, it will apparently be necessary to enforce against members of panchayets and influential villagers also the prohibition against employing the chaukidars in their private concerns.

9. *Additional Police.*—In the Madhubani sub-division of the Darbhanga district, a force of one Sub-Inspector, two head-constables and 20 constables was appointed for one year to maintain peace in certain villages which were in a disturbed state. Additional police have also been appointed in the Dacca and Khulna districts, while the force previously deputed to Backergunge was maintained throughout the year. The additional force of 2 head-constables and 20 constables deputed to mahal Ultagina in the Monghyr district was withdrawn on the 1st September, but had again to be replaced by 1 head-constable and 10 constables, as the place was still in an unsettled and dangerous state. The number of special police rose from 298 in 1891 to 594 in 1892, and of these 248 were employed in the Darbhanga district, and 113 in Backergunge. The number retained for 12 months in these two districts was 71 and 18 respectively.

10. *Military Police.*—The three bodies of Military Police have rendered useful service to Government during the year. In November a force consisting of 1 subadar, 1 jamadar, 7 havildars, and 75 sepoys from the Dumka Special Reserve was sent to Keonjhur, and a party of the Bhagalpur Military Police, consisting of 1 jamadar, 2 havildars and 30 sepoys, was detailed for similar duty towards the close of the year. In April 1892 a detachment of the Dacca Military Police, consisting of 1 subadar, 8 havildars, and 65 sepoys, was sent to Demagri for a short time on garrison duty. Since the close of the year a scheme for the reconstitution of the Military Police has been sanctioned by Government, and three companies, each consisting of 100 officers and men, will eventually be substituted for the present force.

11. *Casualties.*—There was a further satisfactory decrease in the number of casualties, and in the percentage of such casualties to the total strength. The following table gives an analysis of the figures for the last three years:—

	1890.	1891.	1892.
1. Retirement on pension or gratuity	464 or 1·9 per cent.	452 or 1·9 per cent.	420 or 1·8 per cent
2. Resignation	972 „ 4·1 „	760 „ 3·2 „	722 „ 3·1 „
3. Dismissal	624 „ 2·6 „	588 „ 2·5 „	586 „ 2·5 „
4. Discharge	180 „ ·7 „	225 „ ·9 „	125 „ ·5 „
5. Desertion	70 „ ·3 „	40 „ ·2 „	51 „ ·2 „
6. Death	488 „ 2·1 „	517 „ 2·2 „	551 „ 2·4 „
Total ...	2,798 or 11·7 „	2,582 or 10·9 „	2,455 or 10·5 „

12. *Torture by the Police.*—The charges of torture by the police were fortunately of no great importance and are few in number. Out of 32 charges only 8 were held to be true, 14 were shown to be false, 7 were dismissed under section 203, Criminal Procedure Code, and 1 under section 253, while 2 were pending at the close of the year. Of the 8 true cases, 6 were against Sub-Inspectors and head constables, but not one of these resulted in the conviction of the accused. In the first of the other two cases, 2 constables were sentenced to six months' imprisonment each for illegal confinement, and in the remaining case from Saran, 2 constables were sentenced to one year's imprisonment each for causing hurt to a villager who had been placed in their charge, and who eventually

died from rupture of his spleen. In three out of the 14 cases reported as false, prosecutions under section 211 were instituted, and in one a conviction was obtained.

13. *Extortion.*—Out of the 92 cases of extortion brought against the police, 22 were entered as true, 21 were declared false, 4 were compounded, and 2 were pending at the close of the year. The remainder were dismissed under section 203, or under sections 253 and 258, Criminal Procedure Code. In 1891 there were only 44 cases enquired into, of which 11 were declared true, 11 false, and 14 were dismissed as not proved. In accordance with the orders of Government, the Inspector-General has given details of all these charges, whether true or false. Dinajpur again heads the list with 42 cases, of which 35 were dismissed under section 203, or sections 253 and 258, Criminal Procedure Code, 4 were compounded and 2 were declared false. Not a single case ended in conviction. The Inspector-General thinks that many of these charges were brought simply with the object of paralysing and retarding police work: whether this is true or not, it is very necessary that every case should be thoroughly enquired into and sifted to the bottom.

14. The number of punishments inflicted on officers and men of the police force during the past three years is shown in the following table:—

Year.	Judicial conviction under Penal Code.			Act V.			Departmental.		
	Number.	Percentage of officers.	Percentage of men.	Number.	Percentage of officers.	Percentage of men.	Number.	Percentage of officers.	Percentage of men.
1890	336	1·1	1·5	160	·2	·7	4,828	46·0	16·2
1891	260	·3	1·2	112	·3	·5	4,234	39·2	14·3
1892	245	·7	1·0	120	·1	·5	4,223	41·0	14·0

The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor, while glad to observe this decrease in the number of punishments, which seems to point to an improvement in the general conduct of the force, still thinks that there is room for further improvement. The percentage of departmental punishment is still high, and he trusts that the character of the men recruited into the force will in time lead to its decrease. Out of six prosecutions for embezzlement of Government money or misappropriation of property, in two the accused were judicially punished, and four ended in acquittal, but in three of these, departmental punishments were inflicted. In another case a writer-constable was punished departmentally for misappropriating a process-fee of Re. 1, there not being sufficient evidence for a prosecution. The number of men wearing one or more good-conduct stripes at the close of the year was 8,305 against 8,059 at the close of 1891. Good-conduct allowances amounting to Rs. 18,609-3-6 were disbursed as against Rs. 21,072 in 1891. Special money rewards were paid to 1,034 officers and men for good work done in police cases.

15. *Escapes.*—The number of escapes of prisoners from police custody fell from 198 in 1891 to 159, and of these 103 were recaptured. There was a remarkable decrease in the number of escapes from the custody of chaukidars, there having been only 4 such cases against 28 in 1891. The explanation given by the Inspector-General is that the repeated failures in prosecutions instituted against chaukidars for permitting escapes has made officers cautious in utilizing them for the custody of prisoners.

16. *Inspections.*—The head-quarters of every district of Bengal and of thirty sub-divisions were inspected during the year either by the Inspector-General himself, or by one of the Deputy Inspectors-General. Mr. Henry was on tour for four months and 17 days, exclusive of 18 days spent under orders of Government in the North-Western Provinces. Mr. Giles was Deputy Inspector-General throughout the year, and spent 223 days on tour. Mr. Daly was on leave during the greater part of the year, and was only 46 days on tour. Mr. Pratt officiated for him for about seven months, and Mr. Wilcox for three months. These officers were 43 and 38 days on tour respectively. In five districts only, viz., in Cuttack, Patna, Lohardaga, Rajshahi and the 24-Parganas, the amount of inspection work done by District Superintendents

of Police was below the required standard. In Lohardaga the District Superintendent of Police suffered from ill-health, and in Cuttack the police-boat, which affords the only means of reaching certain stations, was for some months under repairs. No explanations are forthcoming from the other districts named.

17. *Crime.*—In reviewing the figures for the year under this head, the Inspector-General notices the extent to which Bengal is under-policed as compared with other provinces. Thus in Bengal, excluding Calcutta and the Chittagong Hill Tracts, the proportion of police to population in 1891 was one policeman to 3,013 persons, as against one to 1,663 in Madras, one to 1,414 in the North-Western Provinces, one to 1,219 in the Central Provinces, and one to 982 in Bombay. These comparisons, however, are less instructive than the comparison of the strength of the police force with the number of cognizable crimes which Mr. Henry makes. The strength of the police force is adjusted not only with reference to the total population, but also to the numbers of the criminal classes. From this point of view the Bengal Police is stronger than the North-Western Provinces and Madras Police, though weaker than the police of the Central Provinces.

The incidence of crime in Bengal, arranged by divisions, is given in the following table:—

Divisions.	Police.	Population.	Cases of cognizable crime, *vide* columns 4 and 6 of Statement A, Part I. *Minus* cases refused under 157, C. P. C., and cases under serial No. 57 in that statement.		Proportion of police to population.	Proportion of police to cases of cognizable crime investigated.		Proportion of cases of cognizable crime investigated to population.	
	1892.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					Policeman. Persons.	Policeman. Cases.	Policeman. Cases.	Case. Persons.	Case. Persons.
Burdwan ...	3,608	7,686,818	9,615	9,538	1 to 2,131	1 to 2·6	1 to 2·7	1 to 799	1 to 773
Presidency ...	3,478	7,853,566	11,310	10,608	1 „ 2,258	1 „ 3·2	1 „ 3·0	1 „ 694	1 „ 740
Rajshahi ...	2,506	8,019,187	11,000	10,379	1 „ 3,199	1 „ 4·3	1 „ 4·1	1 „ 729	1 „ 772
Dacca	2,201	9,844,127	11,372	11,173	1 „ 4,472	1 „ 5·1	1 „ 5·0	1 „ 865	1 „ 881
Chittagong (excluding Chittagong Hill Tracts).	1,076	4,082,725	4,836	5,063	1 „ 3,794	1 „ 4·4	1 „ 4·7	1 „ 844	1 „ 806
Patna	4,330	15,811,014	18,775	18,440	1 „ 3,685	1 „ 4·3	1 „ 4·3	1 „ 842	1 „ 857
Bhagalpur ...	2,122	8,582,490	11,665	11,994	1 „ 4,044	1 „ 5·4	1 „ 5·6	1 „ 735	1 „ 715
Orissa	1,511	4,047,332	4,700	4,947	1 „ 2,678	1 „ 3·1	1 „ 3·2	1 „ 861	1 „ 818
Chota Nagpur ...	1,533	4,628,792	5,219	5,019	1 „ 3,018	1 „ 3·3	1 „ 3·2	1 „ 886	1 „ 922

As desired in the Resolution on last year's report, the Inspector-General has excluded from the above statement offences against sanitary laws, as well as cases in which police enquiry was refused under section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.

18. *Police tests.*—In accordance with the instructions contained in last year's Resolution, the Inspector-General has employed the following three tests only in comparing the working of the police in the different provinces:—

(*a*1) Percentage of cases investigated by the police to cases reported.

(*a*4) Percentage of police cases ending in conviction to cases decided.

(*b*3) Percentage of persons convicted in police cases to persons sent up for trial.

In the table furnished, the figures of crime under classes I—V, and classes I—VI of Statement A, taken together, are shown separately in each case. According to test (*a*4), which is the most important, the percentage in Bengal for 1892 in classes I to V taken together was only 70 against 83 in Madras in 1891, 82 in the Central Provinces, 81 in the North-Western Provinces, and 80 in

Bombay. In his report for 1891 the Inspector-General expressed his opinion that the unsatisfactory results in Bengal, as compared with other provinces, were due to the general inefficiency of the village police, the large area of the police stations, the insufficiency of the investigating staff, and especially to the want of a prosecuting agency. These complaints are admitted to be just, and measures have been taken to afford a remedy. A special Committee was appointed in 1892 to enquire into the whole subject, and the elaborate proposals they submitted for the reorganization of the Police force having been accepted by this Government, are now under the consideration of the Government of India. The experiment of employing Court Sub-Inspectors as prosecutors in Magistrates' Courts has been extended to all districts during the year, and it is confidently expected that the result will prove to be very beneficial. The steps taken by the Legislative and by the Executive Government to improve the status of the village police have already been referred to in this Resolution.

19. *Reported crime of the Province.*—The following table shows the total number of cognizable and non-cognizable cases reported during the last two years:—

	1891.	1892.	Increase.
Cognizable	128,472	146,185	17,713
Non-cognizable ...	119,072	121,624	2,552
Total ...	247,544	267,809	20,265

The increase in cognizable crime is distributed over all the divisions, but it is noticeably large in the Patna Division, where the number of cognizable cases reported rose from 32,946 in 1891 to 40,035. Prosecutions for public and local nuisances rose from 34,158 in 1891 to 41,288 in 1892, and there was an increase of 9,866 in the number of cognizable cases against property, the chief cause of which was doubtless the prevalence of agricultural distress and the high prices of food. The increase may also be accounted for by the freer use made by the police of the discretion allowed to them to refrain from holding enquiries, which has probably led to fuller reporting, now that the public realise that information given in cases of petty theft or burglary does not necessarily involve a police investigation. It may also be due to some extent, as the Inspector-General suggests, to the better reporting which it is hoped has been secured by the measures adopted to elicit information from chaukidars on parade days. The net increase for the province under cognizable crime, as compared with 1891, is over 13 per cent., and under non-cognizable crime a little over 2 per cent. The variation under the latter head is small and calls for no remark.

20. *False cases.*—The number of cases declared to be false was 6,253 against 6,631 in 1891, and the percentage to cases reported was 4·2 as compared with 5·8, 5·4 and 5·1 respectively in the three preceding years. The large increase in the number of prosecutions for public and local nuisances, referred to in the preceding paragraph, and the fact that the number of cases in which enquiry was refused, and which are entered as true, has increased by 11,000, vitiates, however, the comparison by percentages. The percentage of prosecutions under section 211, Indian Penal Code, to cases declared false was only 11·9 against 15·4 in 1891, and the percentage of convictions fell from 37·1 to 33·1. The number of cases in which compensation was awarded to the accused person under section 560, Criminal Procedure Code, has fallen from 916 to 805.

21. *Reported cases not enquired into.*—The number of cases in which enquiry was refused by the police under section 157, Criminal Procedure Code, rose from 7,008 in 1891 to 18,536, and of these over 95 per cent. come under the heads of House-breaking and Theft. The percentage of refusals in cases of house-breaking has risen from 13·4 to 38·2, and of theft from 10·3 to 17·5. In a few instances the increase is attributed to a misunderstanding of the orders of Government, but these orders were fully explained in last year's Resolution, and there can be no excuse for a similar misunderstanding in the future. The fact that in only 478 cases enquiry was ordered by the Magistrate after investigation had been declined by the police would seem to indicate that the discretion exercised by the police in refusing enquiry was generally justified by the facts of

the case. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor fears, however, that in many cases the discretion of the police has been abused. In the Patna Division less than 50 per cent. of burglary cases were investigated, and this percentage fell below 30 in Darbhanga, although 40 per cent. of the cases in this district were accompanied by loss of property. In the Champaran district 50 per cent. of the true cases of burglary are reported to have been accompanied by loss of property, but in the neighbouring district of Saran out of 1,239 true cases property is said to have been taken in 258 only, or about 20 per cent. In Monghyr only 476 out of the 1,824 cases of burglary were enquired into. In Dinajpur out of 1,372 cases of theft, only 593 were investigated. These figures are very surprising and giving rise as they do to the impression that reports of occurrences are frequently manipulated at police-stations in order that enquiries may be refused, establish the necessity of more careful supervision and constant inspection by District Superintendents in order to prevent abuse of this section by subordinate police officers.

22. *Results of sessions cases.*—The number of cases tried before the Court of Sessions rose from 1,253 in 1891 to 1,326, and of these 900 ended in conviction and 426 in acquittal. The number of persons tried rose from 2,685 to 3,016, of whom 1,668 were convicted and 1,348 were acquitted. There was a falling off in the percentage of convictions in cases from 68·3 to 67·8, but the percentage of persons convicted rose from 54·4 to 55·3. Dinajpur for a second time shows the lowest convictions of any district in the province, the percentage of convictions being only 31·0. In Gaya only 20 persons were convicted against 93 acquitted. Such results are not to be attributed to fortuitous circumstances, or to the personal characteristics of Judge or jury, and can only be explained by the faulty investigation of cases by the police and by the want of care on the part of Magistrates in not thoroughly sifting the evidence before committing the cases for trial—causes which it should be in the power of the local officers to remove.

23. *Offences against the State and public tranquillity, Class I.*—There was an increase in the number of offences in this class from 2,765 to 2,817. Cases of counterfeit coining rose from 113 to 162, but with the exception of those which occurred in the Dacca Division, they were for the most part unimportant. In Rajshahi one man was sentenced to three years' imprisonment for forging Government currency notes, and in a case in Jessore an accused, in whose possession instruments for the manufacture of counterfeit coin were found, was sentenced to 10 years' transportation. In the only important case that occurred in the Patna Division, the accused was awarded seven years' imprisonment. In the Dacca Division the police are reported to have done excellent work in several cases of importance, notably in a case in Faridpur, where two defendants were sentenced to seven years' imprisonment each, and again in Backergunge, where Sub-Inspector Lolit Kumar Nundi succeeded in breaking up a dangerous confederacy of coiners, and secured the conviction of three, although one was subsequently acquitted by the High Court on the ground of an irregularity in the trial. There was a falling off of five in the number of true cases of rioting as compared with last year. The Dacca Division again heads the list with 466 cases, and it is followed by the Presidency with 335, but it is satisfactory to notice that there has been a decrease of 52 in the former division as compared with 1891. That the great majority of the cases sent up for trial were trivial in their nature is, however, shown by the fact that out of 11,018 persons actually tried for rioting, only 305 appeared before the Court of Sessions. In the Burdwan Division every district shows an increase over last year's figures, but none of the cases were of special importance. There is little fluctuation in the figures under this heading in the Presidency and Rajshahi Divisions, and the cases were for the most part unimportant. In the Dacca Division Backergunge returns the smallest number of rioting cases for any year since 1888, the decrease of 40 cases as compared with last year's figures being probably due to the preventive measures taken, 3,254 persons having been bound down under section 106 or section 107, Criminal Procedure Code. In Faridpur the number of persons bound down to keep the peace was 2,114, and the number of true cases of rioting fell from 134 to 116. Dacca is the only district in the Division which shows an increase over last year's figures, the number of cases having risen from 81 to 111, while the number

of persons bound down to keep the peace was 1,102. In the Tippera district, in the Chittagong Division, there was a satisfactory decrease of 45 in the number of riot cases, due, in the Commissioner's opinion, to the greater energy shown in prosecuting persons under sections 106 and 107, Criminal Procedure Code. In the Patna Division fluctuations have been slight. As directed in last year's Resolution, the Inspector-General has given details of cases in which Europeans were concerned, and of these the most important is a case in which the Assistant Manager of the Cheylaha outwork of the Motihari Factory was set upon by a number of villagers and severely beaten. Eight persons were convicted in this case and sentenced to terms of imprisonment, and additional police were quartered on the village. The Inspector-General notices a bad case that occurred in the Bhagalpur district, in which the police had applied in good time to have the parties bound down to keep the peace, but owing to some delay in putting the report before the Magistrate, and in communicating the latter's orders thereon, the riot was committed before any preventive measures could be taken, and one man lost his life. The cases from the Orissa and Chota Nagpur Divisions call for no remark.

24. *Class II.—Serious offences against the person.*—Cases of this class fell from 4,824 in 1891 to 4,666, the chief fluctuations being a decrease of 94 under "Criminal force to public servants," and of 76 under "Hurt by dangerous weapons." The number of persons sent up for trial was 7,154, of whom 1,259 were tried before the Sessions Court, and the percentage of convictions to persons tried was 45·6 against 46·2 in 1891. There were 351 murders reported against 319 in 1890 and 360 in 1891. The percentage of convictions in murder cases fell from 28·6 to 25·3, but in persons it was 20·7, or practically the same as last year. There were 8 cases of murder by dacoits, and 15 by robbers, against 8 and 16 respectively in 1891. Murders by poison increased by 6 cases, the number being 21, of which 15 were sent up for trial, and in 3 of these only were convictions obtained. Under "Other murders" the Dacca Division heads the list with 86 cases, or over 25 per cent. of the provincial total, and of these no less than 39 occurred in the Backergunge district. The action of the Magistrate in withholding gun licenses is reported to have had a beneficial effect in the Patuakhali sub-division, the number of murders having fallen from 13, most of which were caused by guns, to 2. There was a decrease of 1 in "drugging" cases, the number for the year being 31, of which only 8 ended in conviction.

25. *Class III.—Serious offences against property.*—The number of cases of this class has risen from 28,288 in 1891 to 33,325. The chief increase occurred under the head "Lurking house trespass or house-breaking," the number of cases of which rose from 26,373 to 31,166, the reason given being the agricultural depression and the consequent rise in the price of food. There was a further remarkable increase of 107 cases of dacoity, the total number of true cases for the year being the largest on record for the last 20 years. The number of true cases in each division in the last six years is shown in the following table:—

		1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.
Burdwan	...	23	18	34	29	22	42
Presidency	...	7	17	17	12	22	36
Rajshahi	...	23	16	17	27	48	51
Dacca	...	9	15	19	12	23	18
Chittagong	...	3	2	4	...	...	5
Patna	...	12	20	36	20	43	76
Bhagalpur	...	24	16	20	18	30	57
Orissa	...	4	14	14	8	7	16
Chota Nagpur	...	4	14	11	4	15	16
Total	...	109	132	172	130	210	317

The increase is most marked in the Patna and Bhagalpur Divisions, and is due in the former to the 42 cases reported from the Gaya district, and in the latter to the 24 cases from Purnea. The Inspector-General has discussed in his report the probable causes of the recrudescence of this serious offence, and he is of opinion that the great majority of cases are the work of local bad characters, who are more than usually active in seasons of scarcity. He enumerates the remedial measures which have been adopted by him during the year, which include the improvement of the beat system in various thanas, the organization of chaukidari patrols, the encouragement of villagers

to assist chaukidars, the issue of a hue and cry circular, the more effective supervision of notorious criminals, the deputing of skilled officers (as in Jessore) to assist in investigating cases, the more liberal grant of rewards to private persons, police officers, and chaukidars, and the remodelling of the Criminal Department of the Inspector-General's office. These measures, the Inspector-General believes, will prove effectual in checking the commission of this serious crime, and the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that this belief may be fulfilled. It is at any rate some satisfaction to know that the police have met with more than ordinary success in prosecuting cases before the courts, the number of persons convicted during the year being 345 against 195 in 1891, and the percentage of persons convicted to those tried having risen from 21·0 in 1890 and 31·8 in 1891 to 35·1 in 1892. In one important case from the 24-Parganas a formidable gang of dacoits was broken up, a result largely due to Sub-Inspector Mir Jahan Ali, who was commended by the Judge, and received a special reward. In Gaya the outbreak of dacoity was more serious than in any other district in the Province, the number of cases having risen from 14 to 42, and it is to be feared that the outbreak was partly due to preventible causes. Although in the opinion of the District Magistrate these cases were the work of local bad characters, with which the district is said to swarm, yet only 39 persons were successfully prosecuted under the bad livelihood sections in 1891 and 55 in 1890. The want of success on the part of the police in dealing with the outbreak is very marked, and out of 76 persons sent up in 12 out of the 42 cases reported, only 9 were convicted. With such chances in their favour, and looking to the way they have been neglected, it is not surprising that local criminals should feel emboldened to commit crime. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor notices with satisfaction that orders have recently been issued requiring Inspectors to themselves supervise the investigation of dacoity and other grave cases on the spot, and he hopes that by this means more prompt and thorough investigation of such cases will be secured, and that better results will be obtained as regards detection and successful prosecution in court. His Honour believes that an Inspector who does his share of investigation work will pick up information concerning the subordinate police and the criminal classes, which no amount of scrutiny of registers will give to him. Such local investigation on the part of superior officers is, moreover, the surest means of preventing extortion or other malpractices on the part of inferior police officers. In Sir Antony MacDonnell's opinion it is also very important that District Superintendents and their Assistants should occasionally proceed to the spot without an hour's avoidable delay, and themselves personally conduct the local enquiry. All the advantages to be derived from an Inspector's local investigation are likely to result in an even greater degree when the head of the district police himself takes action, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor desires that it may be more distinctly understood by all District Superintendents than it is at present that their duties are not confined to inspection and office work and general supervision only, but that they are expected to take a certain share in the actual investigation and detection of important crime.

26. The number of cases of robbery rose from 172 in 1891 to 197. There were 31 cases of drugging under section 328, Indian Penal Code, but only one of robbery by poison under section 394. In this connection the Inspector-General draws attention to the Resolution of the Government of India of the 20th February 1880, in which the opinion is expressed that such cases should be dealt with under the more serious section, whenever possible. The solitary case under section 394, Indian Penal Code, occurred in the Burdwan Division, and is of some importance, a party of travellers to Juggernath having been drugged and robbed of Rs. 377 by one Govind Brahman, who, however, managed to escape detection. Cases of mischief by fire rose from 423 to 502, and in these 146 persons were sent up for trial, of whom only 26 were convicted.

27. *Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.*—The number of cases under this class rose from 2,220 to 2,268, and of these 2,202 were cases of wrongful restraint. Judicial results show a slight improvement, the percentage of persons convicted to persons tried being 30·1 against 26·1 in 1891.

28. *Class V.—Minor offences against property.*—The number of true cases under this class rose from 39,841 in 1891 to 44,870, and if burglaries, which are

generally discussed under this head, are included, there was a total increase of 9,763 over last year's figures. Thefts increased by 4,386 and burglaries by 4,793, and although this may be primarily attributed to the pressure following on the high prices of food prevalent throughout the province, it is doubtless to some extent due to the change of practice in not enquiring into petty thefts and attempts at burglary, all of which are now shown as true. For this reason a comparison of judicial results by cases is no test, but as the proportion of persons convicted of offences under this class (including burglary) has risen from 53·1 to 55·8, it may be assumed that greater discrimination was shown by the police in sending up persons for trial. In the Gaya district there was a remarkable increase of 1,228 cases under class V and of 946 cases of lurking house-trespass and house-breaking. None of the cases call for special remark.

29. *Class VI.—All other cases.*—Under this class there was a net increase of 8,083 cases, which is chiefly accounted for by an increase of 7,129 in prosecutions for nuisances. Cases under the Salt and Customs Laws and under the Arms Act increased by 529 and 55 respectively, and there was also an increase of 755 under "special laws." Prosecutions under the Excise laws fell from 2,866 to 2,747, and of these 2,497 ended in conviction. Although the outbreak of crime was the heaviest that has occurred for many years, there was a decrease of 268 prosecutions for bad livelihood, but on the other hand the number of persons convicted rose from 1,739 to 1,779. The number of cases tried locally fell from 919 to 843. The Inspector-General thinks that more of these prosecutions might with advantage be taken up by Magistrates on the spot, especially in districts in which communication is good. Owing to the necessity of prompt disposal or to pressure of work, or to other causes, this is not always possible, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor leaves the question to the discretion of Magistrates, merely drawing attention to the advantages to be derived in such cases from an efficient local enquiry. In Faridpur and Backergunge a large number of bad livelihood cases were tried in the villages of the accused and with marked success. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor regrets to notice that, although the importance of disposing of these cases promptly has frequently been insisted upon in former years, the returns show that in many districts great delay has been allowed to occur. Thus in Tippera one case lasted 582 days from the date of issue of process, one in Jessore lasted 479 days, one in Dacca 366 days; one in Shahabad 362 days, and one in Khulna 309 days, while several are shown as having lasted over 100 days. No explanation of the delay in these cases has been given, but the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor wishes to impress upon all Magistrates the necessity of seeing that these prosecutions are promptly disposed of, as delay only leads to failure of justice, to the intimidation of witnesses, and to making them reluctant to give evidence. The number of persons shown in the registers as under surveillance at the close of the year was 45,154, but as 11,459 of these were either in jail or untraced, the actual number with which the police had to deal was 33,695.

30. *Railway Police work.*—The number of cognizable and non-cognizable cases reported during the year was 3,813 against 3,493 in 1891. There was an increase of 355 in cognizable and a small decrease in non-cognizable cases. Out of 3,470 persons sent up for trial, 2,970, or 85·5 per cent., were convicted. None of the cases call for special notice. Including 15 suicides, there were 273 accidents, resulting in the death of 173 persons.

31. *Non-cognizable crime.*—Non-cognizable offences increased by 2,553, as will be seen from the subjoined table:—

	Number of cases.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1891.	1892.		
Class I ...	8,929	8,994	65	...
" II ...	23	20	...	3
" III ...	922	823	...	99
" IV ...	59,083	57,264	...	1,819
" V ...	9,609	10,015	406	...
" VI ...	11,779	13,585	1,806	...
Special laws ...	28,726	30,923	2,197	...
Total ...	119,071	121,624	4,474	1,921
		Net increase	... 2,553	

The increase in class VI is due to the increase of 1,527 in cases of security for keeping the peace on conviction under section 106, Criminal Procedure Code, the number having risen from 1,738 to 3,265. Process was issued in 74·3 per cent. of all non-cognizable cases, and of the persons summoned 81·1 per cent. appeared before the Court.

32. *Remands.*—The percentage of remands in police cases sent up for trial is shown in the following table:—

	Percentage of A forms disposed of at first hearing.	Percentage of A forms remanded once.	Percentage of A forms remanded twice.	Percentage of A forms remanded thrice.	Percentage of A forms remanded four times.	Percentage of A forms remanded five times.	Percentage of A forms remanded six times.	Percentage of A forms remanded more than six times.	Pending.
1890 (a)	34·9	19·8	13·8	9·7	6·9	4·3	2·7	5·5	2·4
1891 (a)	30·9	22·3	15·2	10·2	6·9	4·5	2·5	4·9	2·6
1892 (b)	37·8	24·5	15·2	9·0	5·1	2·7	1·5	1·7	2·1

(a) Including Chittagong Hill Tracts.
(b) Excluding ditto ditto.

The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that the improvement noticed in last year's report, which is the result of Sir Charles Elliott's stringent and most salutary orders on the subject, has been maintained during the year under review and is common to all divisions. Nothing can tend more to the efficient administration of justice, than the prompt disposal of cases, and nothing can be more injurious and oppressive to witnesses and all concerned than unnecessary remands. There was a satisfactory increase from 17,956 to 22,111 in the number of cases decided at the first two hearings, while the number of cases remanded six times or more has fallen from 2,528 to 1,147.

33. *Reconvictions.*—The number of persons against whom previous convictions were proved rose from 3,580 to 4,562, being an increase of 27 per cent. Special attention has been paid to this subject, as statistics show that the past history of many old offenders escapes notice. The register of convictions is now kept in English, and the Inspector-General is devising an improved system of indexing names, which, it is hoped, will facilitate search.

34. *Anthropometry.*—Further progress has been made during the year in perfecting the anthropometric system which has now been placed on a sound working basis. By improvements effected in the instruments used for measuring, which have been rendered automatic, greater accuracy has been secured; the rules of working have also been revised, a number of officers have been instructed, the system of search for cards has been perfected, and over 6,000 cards containing the measurements and all details of the previous history of the most dangerous criminals in the Province have been classified. Mr. Henry has devoted himself to perfecting the anthropometric scheme with marked zeal and ability. It is true that so far it has not been possible to put the system to any practical test, as it is still only in its infancy, but it promises to be of the greatest value in the future.

35. *Criminal Tribes.*—The most important criminal tribe in Bengal is that of the Maghya Domes in Bihar, who are now settled in various places in the Saran and Champaran districts under the supervision of Government officers. The settlements are said to be in an unsatisfactory state, attributable, according to the Inspector-General, to the system on which they are worked. Nevertheless, there can be no doubt that a very considerable degree of polic[e] supervision is now exercised over the Domes, and that their depredations ar[e] restrained to an extent which would be impossible if these settlements did n[ot] exist. In deference to the opinion of the local officers, a project to concentrate the Domes in one settlement in the Champaran district was abandoned, but Sir William Hudson's proposal to send a few of these men as pioneers to Burma, with a view to the eventual formation of a Dome colony there, has been sanctioned by Government as an experimental measure.

36. *Character of Officers.*—Mr. Henry has brought to the special notice of Government the names of the following officers for their good work during the year:—

To be substituted for pages 1613 and 1614 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 30th August 1893.

The return of the cancelled pages is requested.

E. M. LEWIS,

Supdt., Govt. Printing, Bengal.

5-9-93.

District Superintendents.

Mr. Wilcox.	Mr. Orr.
„ Goad.	„ Judge.

Mr. James and Mr. Showers, Assistant Inspectors-General, Railway Police.

Assistant Superintendents.

Mr. Ryland.	Mr. Thomas.	Mr. Moore.

Inspectors.

Samuels.	Ajaib Lal.
Navakrishna Rai.	Harihar Charan Lal.
Girendra Chunder Mukerjea.	Deverinne.
Motilal Ghose.	Janki Parshad Tiwari.
Digamber Adhikari.	Mazhar-ul-Haq.
T. C. Das.	Monmohun Chakravarti.

The names of the other officers mentioned by the Inspector-General in his Report will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

Mr. Henry also acknowledges the valuable assistance he received from the Deputy Inspectors-General, and especially from Mr. Giles, as well as from Mr. Knyvett, who acted as his Personal Assistant for the last eight months of the year. To Mr. Henry himself the thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor are due for his able and efficient administration of the Department and for the complete and thorough report now submitted.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded to the Inspector-General of Police and the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

Ordered also that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to all Commissioners of Divisions for information.

Ordered also that the Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette.*

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. J. S. COTTON,

Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 26th August, 1893.

No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
BURDWAN DIVN.				
1	Burdwan Kalna Katwa Raniganj	Aug. 26, '93	0·20 1·38 1·63 1·72	Weather—seasonable. More rain wanted. Prospects of *aus*, *aman* and sugar-cane fair. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 12 Kalna ... ... 9 to 12 Katwa ... ... $12\frac{1}{16}$ Raniganj ... ... $12\frac{1}{2}$ per rupee.
2	Bankura Vishnupur	„ 26, '93 ...	2·56 4·21	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* paddy is coming to maturity. *Aman* plants are thriving Prospects good. Common rice selling at $13\frac{3}{4}$ seers per rupee at Sadar and 12 seers at Vishnupur.
3	Birbhum Rampur Hát	„ 26, '93 ...	0·38 0·76	Weather—seasonable. The break in the rains has done good to the crops, which are excellent. Price of common rice 11 to $14\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee.
4	Midnapore	„ 26, '93	1·26	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional showers. *Aus* crop nearly ready for reaping. Prospects of *haimanti* crop generally good. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 Contai ... ... $12\frac{1}{2}$ Tamluk ... ... 11 Ghatal ... ... 10 to $11\frac{1}{2}$ per rupee.
5	Hooghly Serampore Jahanabad	„ 26, '93	1·78 0·64 0·72	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aus* finished on high lands, progressing on low lands. Jute being steeped. Fodder and water plentiful. Cattle-disease reported in Palba thana. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 Serampore ... ... 10 to $11\frac{1}{2}$ Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 12 per rupee.
6	Howrah Ulubaria	„ 26, '93 ...	0·64 0·50	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *bhadoi* paddy has commenced. Transplantation of *aman* paddy continues. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 10 to $10\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.				
7	24-Parganas	„ 26, '93	1·18	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* going on. *Aus* being cut. Prospects of crops in the southern part of the district are not favourable, and bad in the thanas of Bankipur and Mathurapur. In the north of the district prospects are fair.
8	Nadia Kushtia Meherpur Chuadanga Ranaghat	„ 26, '93	0·24 0·96 1·44 1·40 1·28	Weather—hot with occasional showers. The *aus* paddy harvest is nearly over. Prospects of *aman* rice fair on the whole. Jute harvest proceeding. Price of rice falling.
	Khulna Bagerhat Satkhira	„ 26, '93	0·32 0·44 1·10	Weather—fine with occasional showers. *Aus* being reaped: mostly damaged by excessive rain. *Aman* being transplanted.
10	Jessore Jhenida Magura Narail Bangaon	„ 26, '93	1·71 2·57 0·42 2·99 0·84	Weather—sultry. Harvesting of *aus* and extracting of jute in progress. Cattle-disease reported from Salkhia. Fodder sufficient except in Mahomedpur. Prices steady.
11	Murshidabad	„ 26, '93	0·17	Weather—hot and cloudy at intervals. Transplantation of *aman* finished. Harvesting of *bhadoi* nearly completed. Jute, mulberry and hemp doing well. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Common rice sells at $11\frac{1}{4}$ seers per rupee.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*			
CHITTAGONG DIVN.			
12	Chittagong Aug. 26, '93	1·04	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* crop being still harvested and *aman* transplanted Prospects fair. Prices steady. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
13	Noakhali „ 26, '93	2·68	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* almost over. Transplanting of *aman* vigorously pushed on, the water having considerably gone down in the fields. Prospects fair. Cattle-disease reported from two thanas. Fodder not sufficient. Price of rice varies from 8½ to 10 seers per rupee.
14	Tippera „ 26, '93	3·7	Weather—seasonable. The rains appeared to have ceased for the time being. The whole of the district to the north and west being under water, fodder and fuel are not obtainable. Jute crop is good. The floods are falling, and much transplanting of *aman* will be done if no further rise takes places. On the whole, *aman* prospects have improved, but in large tracts much loss has been experienced. People and cattle are put to great inconvenience by the collapse of houses undermined by the floods. Rice is being sold at 8 seers per rupee in all but the more favoured tracts.
15	Chittagong Hill Tracts. „ 25, '93	3·23	Weather—seasonable. *Jum* paddy (early sown) is ripening. *Aus* paddy also ripening in some places. Condition of cattle generally good. Common rice selling at 9½ seers per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.			
16	Dacca „ 26, '93	0·37	Weather—hot. *Rowa* and *shail* paddy being sown. Harvesting of *aus* and jute nearly finished. Some damage has been done to the *aus* crop owing to high floods. Water still rising. Common rice selling at from 7 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder not sufficiently available. No cattle-disease.
17	Faridpur „ 26, '93 Goalundo ... Madaripur ...	0·91 1·09 2·09	Weather—seasonable. Highest flood yet recorded, but water now receding. There is still a little *aus* left uncut on high lands, but in no part of the district does the outturn exceed 8 annas, while in many places it does not exceed 4 annas and 2 annas. In Kotalipara there is none. Average outturn of jute at best 8 annas, in many places not more than 5 annas. On high lands a 10—12-anna *aman* crop is hoped for, but in most of the low lands the outturn will be far lower, while in Kotalipara the crop may be said to be entirely lost. Coarse rice sells at 9-10 seers per rupee. Cattle are in many places in want of good fodder, and of course no grazing is possible. There are still cases of cattle-disease.
18	Backergunge „ 26, '93 Pirojpur ... Patuakhali ... Bhola ...	0·79 Nil 1·81 0·74	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops moderate. Common rice is being sold at from 8 to 10½ seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
19	Mymensingh „ 26, '93	2·58	Weather—hot. Floods subsiding. Transplantation of *aman* going on. Prospects of crops improved. Price of common rice increasing, selling at 8 seers per rupee. Fodder insufficient.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.			
20	Dinajpur „ 26, '93 Thakurgaon ...	0·70 2·52	Weather—hot and cloudy at times. Prospects of standing crops continue to be very good. Transplantation not yet finished. Jute and *bhadoi* are being reaped. Prices of rice at Sadar and Thakurgaon unchanged. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water plentiful.
21	Rajshahi „ 26, '93 Nator ... Naugaon ...	0·96 0·44 4·70	Weather—hot and cloudy, with showers at intervals. Prospects fairly good. Sowing of *ropa* paddy nearly finished. Harvesting of *aus* going on. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of common rice 10 to 13 seers per rupee.
22	Rangpur „ 26, '93 Gaibanda ... Kurigaon ... Nilphamari ...	1·41 0·41 0·11 0·62	Weather—very hot. *Aman* still being transplanted. Jute is being cut. Prospects continue favourable. Common rice 10 to 13 seers per rupee.
23	Bogra „ 26, '93 Sherpur ...	3·62 3·21	Weather—unsettled. Some damage is reported to have been caused to standing crops by floods in the west of the district, but the general prospects are fair. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
24	Pabna „ 26, '93	0·52	Weather—seasonable; partially cloudy. Rivers now falling, but floods have been very high in Sirajganj subdivision. *Aus* and jute are still being reaped. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee at Pabna and Rs. 4 to Rs. 4-4 per maund at Sirajganj. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
25	Darjeeling „ 26, '93 Siliguri ...	3·75 4·63	Weather—damp and cloudy. *In the hills*:—Indian-corn, *chota marua*, *bhadoi* paddy, *phaphar*, *shama* and *kangni* are being harvested. *Bara marua* and *aghani* paddy doing well. *In the Terai*:—Prospects of crops favourable. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 10 }
26	Jalpaiguri „ 26, '93	2·47	Weather—seasonable. Transplanting of *haimanti* paddy, harvesting of *bhadoi*, and steeping of jute continue. Common rice (*aus*) sells at 12 seers per rupee at Sadar and 9 to 10 seers at subdivision. Fodder sufficient. No cattle-disease.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
BHAGALPUR DIVN.			
27	Monghyr Aug. 26, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	6·20 3·99 1·93	Weather—hot with copious rainfall at the middle of the week. Transplantation of winter rice almost finished. Prospects of indigo, *makai*, *marua* and *sathi* paddy favourable. Cattle-disease reported from Bakhtiarpur, Kharakpur, Nawadih, and Shaikpura. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 14 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 12 to 13 } Jamui ... ... 12 }
28	Bhagalpur „ 26, '93 Banka Madhipura ... Supaul ...	0·66 0·36 0·88 0·56	Weather—hot. Transplanting of winter rice is nearly over. *Bhadoi* harvest in progress. Prospects good.
29	Purnea „ 26 '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	3·22 0·28 2·00	Weather—variable; hot generally and storms at times. *Bhadoi* harvest and jute steeping in progress with good results. *Aghani* transplantation in a forward stage. Recent weather beneficial to all crops. *Bhadoi* rice coming into market is having the effect of lowering prices slightly.
30	Malda „ 26, '93	0·49	Weather—hot and occasionally cloudy. Harvesting of *bhadoi* rice not yet completed owing to prolonged rainy whether. Transplanting of winter paddy still continues. Sugarcane coming into maturity. Ordinary rice sells at from 12 to 17 seers per rupee. Fodder and drinking water sufficient.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 26, '93 Godda ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	1·06 1·04 0·88 0·56	Weather—showery with hot intervals between. Rice promises well. The Indian-corn crop cannot come to over 6 annas, and will probably be less. Rice selling a little higher than last year. Fodder sufficient.
PATNA DIVISION.			
32	Patna „ 26, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapore ...	1·55 2·40 2·64 0·98	Weather—hot; sunny and sometimes cloudy and rainy. Condition of rice crop satisfactory, but *bhadoi* has largely suffered from excessive rain. Enquiries are being made as to the amount of injury done. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } per rupee. Barh ... ... 13 } Bihar ... ... 15 } Dinapore ... ... 13 }
33	Gaya „ 26, '93 Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ... Nawada ...	1·30 1·14 4·22 2·22	Weather—cloudy in the beginning and clear and hot at the end of the week. Harvesting of *marua* and *makai* in progress. Transplantation of paddy still going on. Prospects good. Prices stationary. Common rice sells at from 12 to 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply ample.
34	Shahabad „ 26, '93 Bhabhua ...	1·26 2·16	Weather—unsettled; bright sunshine alternates with cloudy skies and occasional showers. Excessive rainfall of July has done vast damage to *bhadoi* in the south of the district. Everywhere this important crop is much below the average. Paddy looks very well indeed.
35	Darbhanga „ 26, '93 Samastipur ... Madhubani ...	1·77 1·71 0·24	Weather—hot and occasionally cloudy. Flood-water not yet entirely subsided. Extent of damage done to crops being ascertained. Crops not affected by floods are doing well. Retransplanting of rice being resorted to where seedlings are available. Cattle suffering in places for want of sufficient fodder. Prices rising.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 26, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	1·52 0·74 0·27	Weather—cloudy and hot. Floods subsiding. The crops in the flooded area are very severely damaged. Extent of damage being ascertained. In Sitamarhi the paddy is being retransplanted where water has subsided. No disease among cattle. Fodder and water sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—concld.			
37	Saran Aug. 26, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	0·66 1·80 2·00	Weather—hot with only rare showers. Condition of crops very good. The first Indigo mehai has concluded with a very short outturn. Present weather is favourable for the khunti crop, but it is not expected to yield much. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Chapra ... ... 13 } per rupee. Siwan ... ... 13 Gopalganj 14½
38	Champaran „ 26, '93	0·62	Weather—cloud and sunshine as usual at this time of year. The flood has gone down. In many places where the *aghani* has been injured, fresh seedlings are being planted out. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack „ 26, '93	4·12	Weather—cloudy with occasional heavy showers. Early or *satika beali* maturing and in some places being reaped. *Sarad* being transplanted. Supply of fodder sufficient. Price of rice stationary.
40	Puri „ 24, '93 Khurda ... Banpur ...	3·44 3·81 4·70	Weather—hot with occasional showers. Rainfall sufficient for the time being. Transplanting and weeding of *sarad* going on. *Beali* being reaped in places. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Prices of common rice :— Srs. C. Srs. C. Sadar ... ... 11 13 to 15 12 } per rupee. Khurda ... ... 11 0 to 17 1
41	Balasore „ 26, '93	1·86	Weather—showery. Light rain. Transplantation of paddy still in progress. More rain wanted everywhere. All crops doing well except in a small area in the north of the district where rain is badly wanted. Prices of rice are stationary at Bhadrak and have fallen from 13 to 14 seers at Balasore.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh Aug. 26, '93 Giridi ...	1·53 4·82	Weather—moderately fine with occasional showers. Paddy, sugarcane and other crops doing well. *Gundli* and what remains of Indian-corn being harvested. Fodder and water ample. Prices more or less stationary.
43	Lohardaga „ 26, '93	1·40	Weather—hot and cloudy. Reaping of *gora* paddy commenced. Prospect of winter rice good. Common rice selling at 14 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau „ 25, '93	4·87	Ordinary monsoon weather. Prospects of paddy good. Transplantation nearly finished. *Bhadoi* prospects generally poor except in Haroharganj and Mahuadand. *Makai* and *gora* paddy being cut. Rice selling at from 12 seers 6 chitaks to 17 seers per rupee. Some cattle-disease reported.
45	Singhbhum „ 26, '93	0·87	Weather—seasonable. Crops are doing well ; 12 to 16 annas outturn expected. Price of rice from 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Cattle-disease reported from one part of the district.
46	Manbhum „ 26, '93 Gobindpur ..	1·83 3·94	Weather—seasonable with occasional showers. Prospects of crops good, but too much rain is likely to do harm. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 29th August, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	Air Pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A. M., reduced to 32°.	Air Pressure. Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Air Pressure. Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Temperature. Date.	Temperature. Lowest.	Temperature. Date.	Temperature. Mean maximum temperature.	Temperature. Mean minimum temperature.	Temperature. Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·618	29·573	—	Calm	182	91·7	24th Aug.	76·6	23rd Aug.	90·3	80·0	85·2
		Gopalpore ...	29·620	29·581	—·043	NNW	257	88·2	22nd ,,	76·5	24th ,,	87·1	77·6	82·4
		False Point ...	29·627	29·589	—·036	SW, SE	219	89·5	22nd ,,	77·6	20, 25 ,,	87·0	79·5	83·7
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·552	29·574	—·041	SW	54	92·2	22nd ,,	76·3	23rd ,,	89·9	78·7	84·3
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·591	29·593	—·015	ENE	99	91·4	22nd ,,	76·7	24th ,,	88·5	78·3	83·4
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·526	29·621	0	NE	59	93·3	22nd ,,	77·1	23rd ,,	90·3	78·8	84·6
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·653	29·620	+·006	ESE	89	90·1	23rd ,,	78·2	24, 25 ,,	88·9	79·2	84·1
		Saugor Island	29·638	29·607	—·007	Ely	281	90·2	21 & 25 ,,	79·0	21, 25 ,,	89·4	80·6	85·0
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·633	29·628	+·019	E	107	92·3	22nd ,,	78·7	25th ,,	90·2	79·4	84·9
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·654	29·634	+·004	SEly	96	92·0	22nd ,,	78·9	20th ,,	90·1	79·5	84·8
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29·587	29·632	+·015	ESE	41	92·1	22nd ,,	79·2	20,24,25 ,,	89·8	84·3	85·F
		Raniganj ...	29·344	29·625	+·017	Variable	71	95·7	22nd ,,	76·8	23, 24 ,,	92·6	77·7	85·2
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·346	29·593	—·005	Ely	81	93·1	22nd ,,	77·5	24—26 ,,	89·5	78·3	83·9
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·621	29·636	+·009	SEly	67	91·7	23rd ,,	79·3	25th ,,	89·5	80·3	84·9
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·655	29·651	—·001	Calm	41	90·1	23rd ,,	78·3	23rd ,,	86·7	80·4	83·6
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·624	29·637	+·027	Calm	64	92·2	23rd ,,	76·2	23rd ,,	89·1	78·3	83·7
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·616	29·635	+·019	Variable	114	91·6	23rd ,,	78·1	26th ,,	88·7	79·1	83·9
	Malda	Malda ...	29·604	29·635	—	SE	49	92·6	23rd ,,	79·5	23rd ,,	91·1	80·5	85·8
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·580	29·655	+·021	SE	46	94·1	23nd ,,	77·2	23rd ,,	90·9	80·1	85·5
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·587	29·663	+·018	ESE	30	94·3	23rd ,,	76·2	23rd ,,	91·0	79·2	85·1
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·441	29·677	+·041	NEly	44	93·4	23rd ,,	76·1	23rd ,,	90·6	77·7	84·2
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	22·962	—	+·037	Variable	74	71·1	23rd ,,	56·7	20th ,,	66·2	57·9	62·1
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	19·062	—	—	Variable	63	57·9	22nd ,,	36·1	24th ,,	55·6	38·6	47·1
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·641	29·675	—·020	Ely	74	88·7	26th ,,	76·1	23rd ,,	86·7	77·5	82·1
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·676	29·634	—·002	Calm	66	91·8	21st Aug.	77·8	23, 24 Aug.	88·8	79·1*	84·0*
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·663	29·653	—·019	SE	187	88·5	21st ,,	75·8	25th ,,	86·7	77·8	82·3
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·670	29·664	—·001	SE	77	89·5	23rd ,,	78·9	23rd ,,	87·4	80·8	84·1
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·672	29·642	—·011	SEly	119	91·1	23rd ,,	78·2	26th ,,	89·0	79·6	84·3
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·675	29·658	—·014	E	76	91·8	23rd ,,	75·8	25th ,,	89·1	78·0	83·6
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·652	29·662	—·006	ENE	67	92·7	23rd ,,	77·0	25th ,,	87·8	78·5	83·2
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·570	29·647	+·023	Calm	19	93·2	23rd ,,	77·2	23rd ,,	90·3	80·1	85·2
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·519	29·631	+·026	Calm	31	92·7	21, 22 ,,	77·0	24th ,,	90·9	78·9	84·9
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·521	29·630	+·013	ESE	102	92·0	23rd ,,	77·2	23rd ,,	90·0	81·3	85·7
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·507	29·637	—	ESE	71	91·7	22nd ,,	76·2	23rd ,,	89·3	79·3	84·4
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·449	29·629	+·015	ENE	65	94·2	22nd ,,	76·9	23, 24 ,,	91·6	79·0	85·4
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·405	29·627	+·033	ESE	97	94·3	22nd ,,	76·6	24th ,,	90·9	79·0	85·0
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·307	29·610	—·001	E	108	94·3	21st ,,	75·5	23rd ,,	89·9	78·9	84·4
		Buxar ...	29·421	29·614	+·008	E	133	92·5	21st ,,	75·8	22—24 ,,	90·0	78·0	84·0
		Arrah ...	29·467	29·607	+·017	Variable	41	94·4	21st ,,	77·0	22—24 ,,	92·0	79·1	85·6
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·281	29·607	+·003	E	143	95·5	22nd ,,	75·8	22nd ,,	92·9	78·7	85·8
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·483	29·616	—·002	E	127	92·5	22nd ,,	73·2	23rd ,,	90·0	79·5	84·8
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka	29·181	29·625	+·015	SSW	68	92·1	22nd ,,	77·2	24th Aug.	89·6	78·3	84·0
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·674	29·611	+·007	Variable	180	89·2	22nd ,,	70·3	24th ,,	85·8	72·2	79·1
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·548	29·602	0	SE	154	87·3	21st ,,	71·4	20, 24 ,,	83·5	72·5	78·0
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...												
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	28·886	29·589	—·003	Calm	17	93·4	22nd ,,	76·2	20th ,,	89·1	77·2	83·2
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·431	29·717	+·018	Variable		95·1	24th ,,	77·0	25th ,,	90·2	79·5*	84·9*
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·595	29·664	+·007	Variable	83	88·7	24th ,,	76·8	23rd ,,	87·1	78·6	83·18
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·634	29·689	—·010	Calm		98·6	23rd ,,	74·3	25th ,,	90·0	77·4	83·7

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01 rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 26th of August 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					Of week.				Rainfall.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th May 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	District.
—	83.7	83	6.3	2.87		2.49		3.76		10.17			31.99		
−0.3	80.9	91	3.9	1.02											Puri.
+1.3	83.7	84	7.1	0.99											
+0.7	82.9	82	6.9	4.49		2.69		3.79		9.64			33.30		Cuttack.
+1.7	82.8	92	4.7	1.59		2.54		3.67		10.61			34.08		Balasore.
+1.5	82.9	87	4.1	1.03	1.66	3.35	3.25	3.49	6.45	12.25	−5.80	49.57	36.50	+13.07	Midnapore.
+1.7	82.5	87	8.4	1.18	1.06	3.17	2.00	4.11	7.90	12.05	−4.15	48.31	37.50	+10.81	24-Parganas.
+1.8	83.3	91	9.4	0.79											
					1.10	3.35	3.00	4.03	5.48	11.73	−0.25	47.23	35.96	+11.27	Howrah.
					1.05	2.90	3.33	3.86	7.30	12.31	−5.01	46.41	36.19	+10.22	Hooghly.
+2.7	83.3	85	7.9	0.24	0.95	2.82	2.20	3.34	6.91	10.67	−3.76	45.24	33.67	+11.57	Nadia.
					0.64	2.63	2.33	3.89	11.80	11.41	+0.39	55.49	39.78	+15.71	Khulna.
+1.3	83.1	90	7.1	1.71	1.80	2.79	2.80	3.47	7.62	10.84	−3.22	40.27	35.58	+4.69	Jessore.
+1.3	83.0	84	8.9	0.37	1.25	2.96	2.25	3.55	5.44	11.16	−5.72	41.99	33.17	+8.82	Burdwan.
+2.5	81.4	90	0.3	1.60											
+2.3	81.9	89	7.6	2.56	1.98	3.91	3.25	4.48	8.02	12.58	−4.56	47.09	37.94	+9.15	Bankura.
					0.75	3.30	2.00	4.02	6.34	11.44	−5.10	39.15	39.20	+2.95	Birbhum.
+1.6	82.0	92	8.9	0.17	0.51	2.31	2.00	3.40	7.97	10.22	−2.25	47.17	32.83	+14.34	Murshidabad.
+0.7	82.3	90	8.9	1.70	1.11	3.03	2.00	3.25	11.27	10.51	+0.76	58.44	35.28	+23.16	Pabna.
+1.3	83.2	86	4.4	3.02	2.23	2.20	2.00	3.30	10.68	9.45	+1.23	47.34	39.07	+8.27	Bogra.
+1.4	83.7	88	5.4	1.05	1.06	2.22	2.67	3.34	9.39	9.13	+0.26	49.04	35.03	+14.91	Rajshahi.
—	84.7	87	4.0	0.49	0.50	2.52	2.00	3.49	7.14	9.86	−2.72	39.03	35.93	+3.10	Malda.
+1.8	83.1	89	7.5	0.83	1.77	2.00	2.00	3.45	8.80	9.50	−0.70	40.59	38.99	+10.60	Dinajpur.
+1.7	83.3	88	4.9	1.41	0.65	2.40	1.30	2.91	11.08	9.76	+1.32	62.63	51.98	+10.65	Rangpur.
+1.5	81.3	87	6.9	2.01	2.47	5.36	4.00	4.05	23.41	20.50	+2.91	88.05	82.83	+5.22	Jalpaiguri.
					3.05	3.69	3.25	3.90	16.94	16.80	+0.14	87.38	76.88	+10.50	Kuch Bihar.
+0.7	60.2	97	9.9	3.75	3.50	5.80	4.50	6.12	26.85	23.26	+3.59	95.68	93.20	+2.48	Darjeeling.
—	48.9	92	9.3	2.23											Sikkim.
+1.2	81.1	90	7.4	0.62	0.90	4.45	2.50	3.93	2.61	22.23	−1.62	116.60	85.98	+30.62	Chittagong.
					1.85	3.69	4.00	5.15	14.98	17.24	−2.26	84.43	58.40	+26.03	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+2.0	82.9	88	8.7	1.13	1.04	3.08	2.50	4.50	11.04	14.03	−2.99	63.43	54.34	+12.09	Backergunge.
+1.4	82.8	93	2.9	2.68	2.53	5.45	3.00	4.91	26.52	22.73	+3.79	95.41	76.88	+13.53	Noakhali.
+1.8	83.1	88	7.1	0.91	0.95	2.82	2.00	3.66	9.75	11.02	−1.27	52.53	39.02	+13.51	Faridpur.
+0.5	82.5	90	8.0	0.49	0.36	2.85	1.50	3.79	11.18	11.97	−0.79	53.00	42.43	+10.57	Dacca.
+2.1	81.0	93	6.4	3.70	2.45	3.42	3.75	4.02	13.80	15.20	−1.40	58.76	48.98	+9.78	Tippera.
+0.7	82.0	91	7.3	2.98	2.63	2.92	2.80	3.93	17.29	11.68	+5.61	72.12	47.04	+25.08	Mymensingh.
+1.8	83.7	87	3.6	3.12	1.19	3.38	1.33	3.61	12.85	11.22	+0.63	55.23	43.72	+11.52	Purnea.
+1.0	83.7	85	6.3	0.66	0.37	2.36	1.25	3.29	7.65	9.53	−1.88	34.79	30.36	+4.43	Bhagalpur.
+1.9	83.3	89	6.1	1.77	1.34	1.86	2.00	2.54	9.81	8.55	+1.26		29.10		Darbhanga.
—	82.6	90	5.4	1.52	0.89	1.80	2.33	2.66	8.39	8.42	−0.03	32.67	28.41	+4.26	Muzaffarpur.
+1.7	83.9	87	6.0	0.62		2.01		2.47		10.04			30.90		Champaran.
+1.3	82.7	87	9.1	0.66	0.91	1.67	2.00	2.49	8.21	7.99	+0.22	27.75	27.48	+0.27	Saran.
+2.2	83.0	86	2.3	3.12											
+0.2	82.7	89	6.4	1.72		2.46		3.06		9.75			26.99		Shahabad.
+1.3	83.1	89	2.6	1.26											
+1.8	82.3	84	5.9	1.30	2.27	2.94	2.50	2.95	7.10	10.27	−3.17		29.10		Gaya.
+0.4	83.9	84	8.9	1.55	1.68	2.35	2.25	2.88	7.63	8.83	−1.20	33.00	28.21	+4.79	Patna.
					4.12	2.70	2.23	3.23	10.16	9.93	+0.23	35.71	29.56	+6.15	Monghyr.
+1.0	82.0	86	5.6	1.06	1.32	2.63	2.00	3.71	9.57	10.34	−0.77	44.57	34.17	+10.40	Sonthal Parganas.
+1.2	77.1	88	8.9	3.09		3.45		4.36		12.06			35.38		Hazaribagh.
+1.5	76.5	90	6.1	1.40	0.79	3.73	3.50	4.47	10.07	13.08	−3.01		36.16		Lohardaga.
						2.88		3.50		9.75			29.25		Palamau.
+2.0	80.6	88	9.1	0.87	0.87	2.78	3.00	3.80	9.28	12.24	−2.96	42.25	37.14	+5.11	Singhbhum.
					1.95	2.87	3.00	4.13	9.88	11.66	−1.78	51.21	33.15	+18.06	Manbhum.
+1.0	82.2	90	7.0	1.89											
0	80.9	91	7.7	1.79											Assam.
+0.6	80.1	91	9.1	6.96											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 26th of August 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 20th.	Monday, 21st.	Tuesday, 22nd.	Wednesday, 23rd.	Thursday, 24th.	Friday, 25th.	Saturday, 26th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
Orissa ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	0·02	...	...	2·87	...	...	...	1	2·89	2·02	8·69	7·05	32·81	27·43
		Khurda ...	0·13	...	...	2·48	1·37					2·56		10·43		34·66
		Banpur ...	0·20	...	...	0·93	0·16					2·25		10·53		28·93
		False Point ...	0·02	0·07	0·01	0·37	0·06	0·26	0·20	3	0·99	3·14	4·32	11·80	57·60	36·92
		Gop ...			0·28	0·82						?		?		?
		Satpara ...	0·12	...	...	0·50	2·85					?		?		?
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	0·75	0·40	1·05				?		?		?
		Ranpur ...	0·43	...	...	1·51	0·24					?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Kurmala ...	0·40	0·30	1·90	0·35						?		?		?
		Jagatsingpore	...	...	0·12	0·50						2·10		9·30		28·47
		Banki ...	0·38	...	...	1·54	0·49	0·09				3·83		8·67		32·20
		Cuttack ...	0·11	...	...	2·29	0·02					2·41		9·77		37·16
		Kendrapara ...	0·09	0·04	...	0·40	0·08	0·06	0·02	1	0·69	2·81	3·52	10·93	53·30	33·74
		Jajpur ...	0·29	...	...	0·35	0·10	0·05	0·05	3	0·84	2·30	5·09	9·54	47·22	34·88
		Dharmsala ...			2·70							?		?		?
		Salipore ...										?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
	Balasore ...	Nayagarh ...										?		?		?
		Akhyapada ...	0·45	...	...	0·97	...	0·10	0·65	4	2·17	?	6·81	?	35·48	?
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	0·69	0·18	1·31	...	3	2·09	1·99	6·90	10·24	42·95	32·01
		Bhadrak ...	0·35	...	0·32	0·48	0·66	0·30	0·06	5	2·17	2·05	8·01	9·67	46·08	33·15
		Soro ...	...	...	...	0·80	0·15	0·60	...	3	1·55	2·01	5·80	10·07		31·83
		Balasore ...	0·10	0·23	...	0·75	0·54	0·07	0·11	5	1·86	2·72	11·41	11·55	56·16	36·52
		Jellasore ...										2·29		10·14		34·33
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore ...	Baripadah ...	...	...	...	0·70	0·63	0·29	...	3	1·62	4·20	6·38	11·96	54·05	36·47
		Contai ...	0·09	...	0·01	0·24	0·43	0·11	0·04	3	0·92	3·19	6·34	12·47	48·23	38·21
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	...	0·90	0·20	0·40	3	1·50	4·16	5·14	12·25	41·21	35·31
		Midnapore ...	0·06	...	...	0·37	0·28	0·55	...	3	1·26	2·74	8·78	10·93	44·73	33·71
		Ghatal ...	0·39	...	...	1·65	0·55	0·31	0·05	4	2·95	3·30	5·58	13·29	44·08	38·70
		Kukrahaty ...	0·47	...	0·05	0·02	0·18	0·12	0·25	4	1·09	?	6·28	?		?
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	1·10	0·50	...	...	2	1·60	?	7·14	?	48·15	?
		Panskura ...	0·35	...	0·08	1·13	0·61	0·30	...	4	2·47	?	7·30	?	36·35	?
	24-Parganas ...	Dantoon ...	...	...	...	1·32	0·38	0·64	0·49	4	2·79	?	7·17	?		?
		Saugor Island	...	0·06	...	0·36	0·07	0·21	...	2	0·70	3·36	15·04	13·65	55·47	41·85
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	0·33	...	...	1	0·33	4·09	7·22	12·69	40·63	38·89
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	0·53	...	...	1	0·53	?	14·81	?	67·43	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	0·11	0·01	0·03	0·20	0·61	0·22	...	4	1·18	3·20	5·28	12·11	53·86	38·03
		Barrackpore...	0·12	...	...	0·31	0·33	...	...	3	0·76	2·73	8·81	11·43	45·66	35·88
		Dum-Dum ...	0·05	...	0·03	0·95	0·06	...	...	1	1·09	2·95	5·27	11·58	47·39	35·83
		Barasat ...	[illegible]	0·30	0·64	...	...	...	...	2	0·94	2·84	5·04	10·82	[illegible]	33·51
	Howrah ...	Basirhat ...	...	...	1·02	1·64	...	...	...	2	2·66	3·01	8·69	12·08	54·06	38·55
		Howrah ...	0·07	...	...	0·23	0·14	0·20	...	3	0·64	3·05	4·59	11·16	53·61	35·23
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	...	1·05	0·27	0·06	0·18	3	1·56	3·65	6·59	12·28	40·83	36·64
		Uluberia ...	0·18	0·15	...	0·05	0·06	0·18	...	3	0·62	?	3·40	?	42·04	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	0·18	...	...	0·24	0·22	0·04	...	3	0·64	2·87	7·28	11·60	49·84	41·67
		Hooghly ...	0·65	...	...	0·84	...	0·29	...	3	1·78	2·30	9·07	11·29	40·99	34·79
		Jahanabad ...	0·18	...	...	0·15	0·15	0·19	0·03	4	0·70	2·93	5·57	14·01	48·52	38·13
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	...	...	0·23	0·31	...	2	0·54	2·77	5·02	11·37	46·06	33·73
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	0·20	0·02	...	0·02	...	1	0·24	2·80	7·46	10·25	40·07	31·43
		Chuadanga ...	...	...	1·20	0·20	...	...	0·19	3	1·39	2·61	7·33	10·93	44·81	34·34
		Meherpore ...	...	...	0·90	0·37	0·17	...	0·05	3	1·49	2·78	6·36	10·08	42·18	32·51
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	0·57	0·05	0·17	0·09	2	0·88	3·04	7·78	10·72	59·61	30·21
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	0·32	0·14	0·33	0·11	...	...	4	0·90	3·17	10·50	11·80	53·28	39·15
		Bagerhat ...	0·44	...	...	...	...	...	0·26	2	0·70	2·32	12·93	11·56	65·00	43·19
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	0·23	0·09	...	...	1	0·32	2·41	11·97	10·88	48·20	37·29
		Nakipur ...	0·15	0·45	0·12	0·45						?		?		?
		Rampal ...	1·10	...	1·50	0·60	1·20	1·30	...	5	5·70	?		?		?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·06	1·20	...	1·14	0·05	0·37	0·16	4	2·98	1·96	11·15	10·34	37·20	32·97
		Jessore ...	0·09	0·06	1·37	0·16	...	0·03	...	2	1·71	2·73	6·69	11·49	41·91	38·51
		Jhenidah ...	...	0·07	2·21	0·28		0·13	...	3	2·63	5·31	7·61	11·31	40·88	36·88
		Magura ...	...	...	...	0·32	0·10	0·05	0·37	3	0·84	1·85	6·71	9·14	45·59	34·69
		Bangaon ...	0·05	0·20	...	0·50	0·09	...	...	2	0·84	4·08	5·95	11·94	35·70	34·00
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	0·93	...	0·20	...	...	0·25	...	3	1·38	2·78	0·32	10·79	47·80	31·44
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	0·08	...	0·12	0·17	2	0·37	2·72	4·24	11·04	44·98	32·64
		Katwa ...	...	0·57	...	1·02	...	0·01	0·03	2	1·63	3·19	4·93	11·16	35·43	32·94
		Raniganj ...	...	...	0·96	0·53	0·04	0·06	0·02	2	1·60	3·16	6·25	11·64	35·02	35·50
		Mankur ...	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	0·72	2	1·12	?	2·66	?	41·87	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	...	1·00	0·70	0·59	0·27	4	2·56	3·24	10·11	12·72	47·11	36·52
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	2·05	1·17	0·32	0·37	...	4	3·91	4·65	8·76	13·05	47·54	37·54
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	0·39	0·17	...	...	2	0·56	3·61	5·53	12·43	35·13	38·19
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	0·40	0·34	...	0·13	3	0·87	4·15	7·67	12·11	58·51	39·[illegible]0
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	0·31	...	1·12	2	1·43	?	2·95	?	38·81	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	1	0·30	?	3·36	?	44·51	?
		Onda ...	...	0·92	0·95	0·72	0·94	...	0·68	5	4·21	?	9·45	?	40·50	?
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	1·47	0·32	...	...	2	1·79	?	5·56	?	43·85	?
		Raipur ...	...	...	0·32	...	0·95	...	0·22	3	1·49	?	9·93	?	54·23	?
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·65	?	36·83	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	...	...	0·38	...	...	...	1	1·38	3·41	7·99	12·00	47·60	37·06
		Hetampore ...	...	...	0·10	0·67	0·07	0·19	...	3	1·03	2·96	5·18	10·90	30·25	38·01
		Rampur Hat...	...	...	...	0·70	0·06	0·09	...	1	0·85	2·64	5·76	11·41	39·34	33·07
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	0·78	0·52	...	...	2	1·30	?	4·75	?	32·93	?
		Murari ...	...	0·40	0·48	0·70	...	...	0·13	4	1·71	?	10·12	?	50·75	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·25	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	2	0·36	2·22	5·03	9·98	32·55	33·44
		Berhampore ...	0·02	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	1	0·17	2·40	9·43	10·85	51·28	33·05
		Lalbagh ...	1·00	...	...	0·16	...	0·16	...	3	1·32	2·07	8·19	10·19	51·23	31·37
		Azimganj ...	0·35	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	2	0·47	2·36	7·13	10·65	48·21	33·40
		Jangipur ...	0·02	...	...	0·18	0·32	...	...	2	0·52	2·49	10·00	9·77	56·56	31·96
		Lalgola ...	0·10	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·20	2·21	7·40	9·82		33·71
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·37	...	0·17	2	0·54	?	7·23	?	51·52	?
		Patkabari ...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·10	?	4·55	?		?
North Bengal.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·11	...	...	0·36	...	0·05	...	2	0·52	3·37	11·32	11·17	56·23	35·07
		Sirajganj ...	0·02	0·10	0·01	1·56	0·01	...	...	3	1·70	2·69	11·22	9·83	60·57	35·45
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	...	...	0·53	2·68	...	...	...	2	3·21	2·54	10·66	10·45	43·65	40·56
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	...	1·19	...	...	...	1	1·19	1·59	11·04	8·8[illegible]	47·67	36·40
		Bogra ...	...	...	1·70	1·92	...	...	...	2	3·62	2·99	11·97	9·97	54·57	42·47
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	0·50	...	0·40	...	2	0·90	1·69	9·08	8·47	43·60	30·84
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	0·36	...	0·49	0·11	3	0·96	2·34	9·43	10·13	46·90	34·07
		Nattore ...	...	0·03	...	0·35	0·02	0·02	...	1	0·42	2·65	9·84	9·98	46·93	35·18
		Naugaon ...	...	0·54	...	0·62	0·44	...	0·20	4	1·80	1·67	8·90	7·23	56·14	35·86
		Lalpore ...	0·06	...	0·31	0·06	...	...	0·23	2	0·66	?	7·33	?		?
		Manda ...										?		?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 26th of August 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 20th.	Monday, 21st.	Tuesday, 22nd.	Wednesday, 23rd.	Thursday, 24th.	Friday, 25th.	Saturday, 26th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
North Bengal—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	0·08	...	0·22	0·19	...	...	2	0·49	2·34	8·03	8·47	45·19	33·10
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	0·29	...	...	0·23	2	0·52	2·69	6·23	11·22	33·24	38·73
		Gajol ...	...	...	0·3	1·10	0·06	...	0·13	2	1·32	?	5·81	?		?
		Silganj ...	1·14	...	...	0·48	0·38	...	0·86	4	2·86	?	11·06	?		?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	...	...	...	...	1·82	0·16	...	2	1·98	2·63	6·47	10·27	43·51	38·22
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	1·12	0·19	...	...	2	1·31	2·02	6·28	8·39	43·44	34·61
		Raiganj ...	...	...	0·60	0·35	...	...	...	2	0·95	1·72	8·24	10·24	57·11	39·79
		Dinajpur ...	...	0·01	...	0·68	...	...	0·01	1	0·70	1·77	10·43	10·09	46·39	44·81
		Balurghat ...	0·09	0·13	3·07	0·52	...	...	...	3	3·81	1·82	12·46	8·48	51·59	37·54
		Thakurgaon ...	1·31	...	0·94	0·27	...	...	...	3	2·52	7·89	14·95	?	72·59	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	0·03	...	...	0·38	0·01	...	...	1	0·42	2·18	9·81	8·47	55·44	41·88
		Rangpur ...	...	...	0·95	0·46	...	...	...	2	1·41	2·59	11·43	10·08	55·81	52·90
		Peerganj ...	0·01	0·07	...	0·63	0·21	...	0·02	3	1·03	?	9·50	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	1	0·11	1·77	11·55	7·85	77·18	53·00
		Gobindgunge	...	...	...	0·97	...	...	...	1	0·97	?	11·78	?	52·71	?
		Saidpur (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	0·18	0·44	...	...	0·04	2	0·66	3·07	11·50	12·64	61·04	50·88
		Ulipore ...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	1	0·30	?	9·10	?	49·91	?
		Sundergunge...	...	...	...	0·39	...	...	...	1	0·39	?	8·70	?	?	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·79	0·50	0·02	0·29	0·04	0·07	0·85	4	2·47	5·36	23·41	20·50	81·38	81·70
		Alipore Dooar	...	3·64	...	...	...	...	...	1	3·64	?	21·93	?	91·09	?
		Fallacotta ...	...	4·95	...	...	0·45	...	0·29	3	5·69	?	18·18	?	83·80	?
		Debiganj ...	...	0·13	0·30	0·18	...	...	...	3	0·61	?	10·04	?	73·96	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	1·49	3·15	0·55	...	2·25	0·38	2·34	6	10·16	?	41·45	?	142·18	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	0·01	1·60	0·37	0·59	...	...	...	3	2·57	3·07	15·41	13·33	86·16	66·39
		Kuch Bihar ...	0·22	1·82	0·11	0·50	0·04	...	...	4	2·69	3·85	17·42	17·12	84·46	85·03
		Mickliganj ...	...	2·00	0·03	0·67	...	...	0·38	3	3·08	3·82	14·77	18·32	76·11	75·23
		Mathabhanga	0·02	3·10	...	0·45	0·06	...	0·25	3	3·88	3·64	21·20	18·16	101·57	80·81
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	0·06	1·51	0·41	...	0·55	0·14	0·03	4	2·70	8·91	47·34	36·30	155·78	142·78
		Siliguri ...	...	2·54	...	0·46	0·54	...	0·16	4	3·70	4·33	17·82	19·04	89·32	85·47
		Darjeeling ...	0·14	0·62	0·34	0·12	0·82	0·42	1·29	7	3·75	5·22	25·19	21·41	79·04	78·47
		Kalimpong ...	...	0·29	0·04	0·05	2·81	...	0·66	3	3·85	4·69	17·02	16·29	67·46	66·05
		Kurseong ...	...	0·25	0·07	...	1·30	0·79	2·51	4	4·92	?	32·22	?	107·85	?
		Pedong ...	...	0·10	0·33	0·02	1·00	0·02	1·27	4	2·74	?	19·86	?	62·03	?
East Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	0·02	0·16	0·44	0·10	...	...	0·03	3	0·75	5·50	18·81	25·76	131·33	102·06
		Chittagong ...	0·66	0·13	0·05	0·07	0·04	0·03	0·06	2	1·04	3·40	22·33	18·67	100·35	60·28
		Kutubdia ...	...	0·27								?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	...	0·43	0·17	0·08						?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...	...	1·55	0·10							?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	0·06	0·26	0·09	0·01	0·61	0·04	0·39	2	1·46	?	27·38	?		?
		Chandpur ...	...	...	0·12	0·04	0·06	0·64				?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·02	0·49	...	0·05	0·20	0·14	0·95	4	1·85	3·69	14·98	17·24	84·43	58·40
		Bundarban ...	0·32	0·18	0·52	0·05	..	0·05	0·33	4	1·45	?	13·98	?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	0·45	1·05	0·06	0·12	0·03	0·45	4	2·76	3·22	12·82	14·99	122·56	62·55
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	1	0·13	2·98	10·21	13·56	64·69	48·48
		Barisal ...	...	0·35	0·22	...	0·06	...	0·16	3	0·79	2·33	9·63	11·97	64·09	45·44
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	0·19	2	0·34	?	10·01	?	60·08	?
		Bhola ...	0·50	...	...	0·09	0·07	...	0·41	2	1·07	3·57	11·48	15·56	63·98	58·80
		Daulatkhan ...	...	...	...	...	0·61	0·12	0·52	3	1·25	?	16·68	?	73·05	?
		Bauphal ...	0·50	0·72	...	...	...	0·41	...	3	1·63	?	10·58	?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	0·01	0·09	0·03	0·07	1·30	1·18	2	2·68	5·84	19·07	23·51	85·04	76·71
		Fenny ...	...	1·15	0·25	...	...	0·50	0·48	4	2·38	5·06	33·98	21·94	105·63	77·06
		Harishpore ...	0·42	0·35	0·37	0·37						?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	...	...	0·32	0·18	0·06					?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	0·09	0·08	...	0·71	1	0·88	2·55	11·11	11·08	48·81	40·11
		Faridpur ...	0·06	...	...	0·66	0·13	...	0·03	2	0·88	3·16	9·50	11·56	56·15	40·03
		Goalundo ...	0·56	...	...	0·33	...	0·20	...	3	1·09	2·74	8·53	10·40	64·02	36·91
	Dacca	Munshiganj ...	...	0·05	...	0·09	0·08	0·23	0·02	1	0·47	2·71	13·96	13·81	42·14	48·52
		Dacca ...	...	0·08	...	0·12	0·11	0·06	...	2	0·37	2·74	13·76	11·35	50·64	41·39
		Narayanganj...	...	...	0·04	0·05	0·07	0·11	0·08	1	0·35	3·65	11·00	12·16	43·71	44·58
		Manikganj ...	...	...	0·01	0·11	...	0·13	...	2	0·25	2·28	5·39	10·51	43·45	35·20
		Joydebpore ...	...	0·23	0·05	2·03	0·07	0·13	...	3	2·51	?	16·19	?	51·83	?
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	...	0·44	...	...	0·14	0·79	0·27	4	1·64	3·05	11·44	12·25	58·54	42·00
		Comilla ...	0·10	1·30	0·10	0·19	0·02	1·84	0·15	6	3·70	3·40	17·23	15·98	68·08	55·64
		Chandpore ...	...	0·26	...	0·30	...	1·90	1·70	4	4·16	4·23	11·54	18·44	52·00	53·43
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	1	0·30	2·99	15·00	11·25	57·10	41·32
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	1·00	0·05	...	0·31	0·02	...	2	1·38	?	8·08	?	30·77	?
		Nasirnagar ...										?		?		?
		Dandkandi ...	...	...	0·59	...	0·25	0·10	...	3	0·85	?	11·17	?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	...	0·60	...	...	...	1·00	0·75	3	2·35	?	[illegible]	?	65·32	?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...	...	1·23	...	0·47	0·08	3·16	0·69		5·61	2·78	22·69	11·59	78·41	47·95
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	1·08	...	...	...	1	1·08	2·78	9·59	10·57	58·38	37·86
		Mymensingh ...	0·40	0·52	...	0·95	0·02	0·53	0·16	5	2·58	2·96	14·95	11·73	71·64	54·46
		Jamalpur ...	...	0·09	...	0·80	...	...	...	1	0·89	3·07	18·25	11·41	61·97	42·26
		Netrakona ...	...	0·15	...	2·45	0·35	...	...	3	2·95	3·09	21·03	13·12	88·61	56·64
		Subornakhalty	...	...	...	1·54	...	0·59	...	2	2·13	?	12·13	?	62·91	?
		Durgapore ...	...	...	...	1·50	0·10	...	...			?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	...	2·60	...	1·03	...	0·02	...	2	3·65	?	18·36	?	42·95	?
		Dewanganj ...										?		?		?
North Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	0·28	...	...	...	1	0·28	3·35	2·19	13·17	69·69	48·82
		Araria ...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·08	...	1	0·18	3·43	16·23	11·42	63·94	43·17
		Purnea ...	...	0·01	2·21	0·90	...	...	...	2	3·12	3·37	10·15	12·08	42·04	39·90
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	...	0·50	0·12	...	...	1·77	...	3	2·39	?	8·72	?	45·30	?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	1	0·30	?		?		?
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	0·15	...	0·05	1·65	2	1·85	?	14·24	?	48·74	?
		Kaisaganj ...	...	...	...	0·64	...	...	...	1	0·64	?	11·93	?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	0·25	...	...	0·12	2	0·37	2·78	9·65	9·79	33·73	32·06
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	...	...	0·09	0·15	...	...	...	1	0·24	?	6·61	?		?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	0·35	...	...	1	0·35	2·94	10·42	10·20	32·48	32·20
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·53	1	1·53	?	12·01	?	40·95	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	0·35	0·03	...	...	1	0·38	1·87	6·10	8·91	31·04	29·07
		Banka ...	...	0·01	...	0·30	0·05	...	...	1	0·36	1·85	4·31	9·19	33·88	29·02
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	0·30	0·03	0·02	...	1	0·35	?	5·24	?	32·19	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	0·55	0·60	0·56	...	...	3	1·71	1·72	8·73	8·22	29·74	28·75
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	0·02	1·75	...	...	...	1	1·77	1·94	6·50	9·15	33·13	30·81
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	0·24	...	0·30	0·01	2	0·55	1·92	10·39	9·29		28·71
		Bahera ...										?		?		?
		Roshera ...	...	...	0·64	1·55	0·60	...	...	3	2·59	?	[illegible]	?	32·41	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 26th of August 1893—concl

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 20th.	Monday, 21st.	Tuesday, 22nd.	Wednesday, 23rd.	Thursday, 24th.	Friday, 25th.	Saturday, 26th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BIHAR —concluded.	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	0·27	...	0·16	...	2	43·17	1·76	7·84	8·31	41·38	28·7
		Muzaffarpur	...	0·17	0·02	0·95	0·06	0·39	0·01	3	1·60	1·91	10·49	8·32	28·83	28·9
		Hajipur ...	...	...	0·22	0·42	0·01	...	...	2	0·65	1·73	6·88	8·63	27·82	28·1
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	0·42	2	0·92	?		?		?
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)										?		?		?
		Sinhar ...	...	...	...	0·50	...	...	...	1	0·50	?	5·95	?		?
		Pupri ...														?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	0·29	0·19	0·14	...	...	3	0·62	1·52	10·02	9·83	55·30	29·5
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20				2·50		10·22		32·4
		Bagaha ...										?		?		
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	0·03	0·29	0·16	...	0·02	2	0·50	?	10·31		24·86	
	Saran ...	Gopalganj	...	...	...	...	0·88	...	0·14	2	1·02	1·44	9·31	7·44	33·72	27·1
		Siwan ...	...	0·15	0·74	0·15	...	...	...	3	1·04	1·39	8·21	8·30	24·73	27·8
		Ekma ...	0·21	...	0·70	1·37	0·20	...	0·42	5	2·90	?	6·59	?	?	
		Chapra ...	...	...	0·03	0·60	0·03	...	...	1	0·66	1·58	7·02	8·26	24·88	?
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	0·90	...	...	...	1	0·90	?	7·90	?	?	27·06
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	0·56	...	...	...	1	0·56	?		?		?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	0·24	...	...	...	...	1	0·24	?		?	?	?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	0·65	0·69	0·08	0·13	...	3	1·35	2·50	7·20	8·50	24·39	35·00
		Dehri ...	...	...	0·92	1·04	0·41	0·15	...	4	3·12	2·31	6·41	10·33	26·35	27·17
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	2·16	0·49	...	...	2	2·65	2·94	8·54	10·48	35·04	28·54
		Sasaram ...	...	0·10	0·23	0·20	...	...	...	3	0·53	2·13	8·25	10·22		27·16
		Arrah ...	...	0·43	0·83	...	0·06					2·36		9·11		27·98
		Mohanea ...	...	1·90	1·70	...	...	...	...	2	3·60	?	14·25	?		?
		Khiri ...	...	1·10	0·40	0·10						?		?		?
		Ageaon ...	...	0·20	1·70	0·20	0·30	...	...	4	2·40	?		?		?
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	2·35	...	0·41	...	2	2·76	?	6·48	?	25·58	?
		Koath ...	...	...	...	1·42	0·40	...	...	2	1·82	?	7·95	?	27·69	?
		Sikroul ...	...	...	0·43	1·35	0·80	...	...	3	2·58	?	5·21	?		?
		Bassowan ...	...	0·45	...	2·74	0·07	...	...	2	3·26	?	9·13	?	30·66	?
		Monahorpur										?		?		?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	0·08	4·03	0·11	0·16	...	3	4·38	3·52	6·42	11·52	25·21	30·17
		Gaya ...	...	...	0·85	0·45	...	...	...	2	1·30	2·92	5·31	9·17	28·54	29·8
		Nawadah ...	...	...	1·57	0·63	...	...	...	2	2·20	2·79	9·57	9·70	31·91	27·9
		Jahanabad ...	0·10	...	0·43	0·61	...	0·07	...	3	1·21	2·54	7·12	10·12	44·48	28·32
		Arwal ...	...	...	0·30	1·54	0·35	...	...	3	2·18	?	5·87	?	25·04	?
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	3·47	0·42	0·04	...	2	3·93	?	8·91	?	26·81	?
		Sherghati	...	...	0·45	...	0·40	...	...	2	0·85	?	8·65	?	31·78	?
		Rajauli ...										?		?		?
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	1·12	2·02	...	...	...	2	3·14	?	9·07	?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	0·36	1·02	0·03	...	0·14	3	1·55	1·84	7·44	8·51	33·02	28·34
		Dinapore ...	...	...	0·27	0·28	0·07	...	0·06	2	0·68	2·56	6·77	9·30	34·61	28·25
		Bihar ...	...	...	1·58	0·51	...	...	...	2	2·09	2·60	8·35	9·12	36·43	29·38
		Barh ...	...	...	1·55	0·85	...	...	...	2	2·40	2·39	7·95	8·35	27·82	26·76
		Bickram ...	...	...	0·44	1·84	...	0·09	...	2	2·37	?	7·35	?	38·79	
		Hilsa ...	...	...	0·45	0·20	...	...	...	2	0·65	?	5·08	?		?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	2·66	1·33	...	...	...	2	3·99	2·32	10·42	8·81	41·72	27·25
		Monghyr ...	...	...	3·30	2·80	0·10	...	...	3	6·20	3·39	11·75	10·60	35·96	30·60
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	1·93	0·24	...	...	2	2·17	2·30	8·30	10·39	29·42	30·70
		Goori ...	...	...	0·11	0·58	0·31	...	...	3	1·00	?	8·14	?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	1·95	...	...	...	...	1	1·95	?	5·47	?	37·19	?
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	...	0·50	...	...	...	1	0·50	?	4·43	?	39·71	?
		Chupreon ...	...	...	0·34							?		?		?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	0·47	0·09	...	...	1	0·56	2·56	4·52	8·21	36·40	34·1
		Godda ...	...	0·18	0·04	0·55	0·27	...	...	3	1·04	2·33	6·13	10·32		30·2
		Pakour ...	...	...	0·05	0·07	0·76	...	...	1	0·88	2·21	11·87	9·34	55·44	35·0
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	0·94	0·10	0·02	...	2	1·06	2·63	13·71	12·02	50·20	36·1
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	1·64	...	...	...	1	1·64	2·54	8·61	11·02	39·93	34·4
		Jamtara ...	...	...	0·25	2·30	0·10	0·07	...	3	2·72	2·82	12·11	11·09	44·99	34·9
		Belbodda ...										?		?		?
		Nanihat ...										?		?		?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (Giridih).	...	...	1·08	2·09	0·05	0·17	...	3	3·30	2·56	13·42	10·89	49·53	32·8
		Hazaribagh	0·03	...	0·37	2·04	0·36	0·14	0·15	5	3·09	2·26	9·10	12·12	50·31	33·2
		Somtazurah										3·67		10·80		33·2
		Mahudi Hills										4·10		12·34		34·7
		Jhumra Hill										5·25		14·12		42·7
		Barhi ...	...	0·33	0·49	1·65	0·27	...	...	4	2·74	?	7·36	?	40·86	?
		Chatra ...	...	1·55	0·83	1·47	0·05	...	...	3	3·70	?	8·35	?	40·12	?
		Karngdeha ...	...	1·07	1·60	...	...	0·06	...	2	2·73	?	7·99	?	32·60	?
		Ramgar ...	0·40	...	...	0·40	0·50	0·20				?		?		?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	0·11	...	0·10	0·21	0·07	...	...	3	0·49	4·39	9·77	14·03	27·58	36·1
		Ranchi ...	0·05	0·52	0·22	0·09	0·31	0·31	...	4	1·50	3·07	10·36	12·12	42·70	36·9
		Silli ...	1·10		0·09	...	0·80					?		?		?
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj.)										2·83		9·75		29·6
		Balumath ...	...	0·20	0·32	0·31	0·15					?		?		?
		Husainabad	...	1·13	...	1·60	...	0·22				?		?		?
		Garhwa	...	...	...	0·64	0·15					?		?		?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	0·43	...	...	0·28	0·11	0·05	...	3	0·87	2·78	9·29	12·24	29·76	37·1
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	0·03	0·23	0·12	0·03	0·20	3	0·61	?	6·37	?	26·08	?
		Ghatsila	...	...	...	0·48	0·20	0·66				?		?		?
		Baharagura	...	...	...		1·57	0·22				?		?		?
		Gailasira ...	...	...	1·55	0·20	...			2	1·75	?	8·20	?	36·37	?
		Kallkapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·51	0·92	2	2·43	?	15·81	?	65·52	?
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	0·08	...	0·27	0·04	0·38	0·50	0·56	4	1·83	3·11	9·24	12·31	50·49	34·77
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	1·72	0·31	...	0·04	2	2·07	2·63	10·51	10·98	52·92	31·49
		Raghunathpore	...	...	2·05	0·89	0·75	0·09	0·04	3	3·73	?	8·70	?	42·08	?
		Barahabhum	...	...	1·39	1·40	0·52	0·51	0·35	5	4·17	?	13·78	?	49·64	?
		Jhalda ...	...	0·98	0·60	0·36	0·21	0·10	...	5	2·85	?	12·44	?	40·18	?
		Chas ...	...	...	0·72	0·35	0·02	0·43	0·40	5	2·50	?		?		?
		Pandra ...	0·01	...	2·16	2·43	...	...	...	2	4·60	?	8·84	?	43·20	?

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 29th August 1893.*

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS* TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 26TH OF AUGUST 1893.

THE weather during the week just past has been influenced chiefly by a small depression, which appeared in the early part of the week to be crossing Burma from the east. It caused considerable changes of pressure at the stations on the Burma coast, and gave some indication of becoming an important disturbance. But after crossing the east coast of the Bay there was no increase of intensity, and it slowly drifted westward towards Ganjam, which it crossed between the 22nd and 23rd. It led to a fairly complete cyclonic circulation, but there was nothing approaching to rough weather, even on the west coast after it had passed inland. One peculiarity in connection with it was the trough of low pressure which remained along its track across the north of the Bay, a low-pressure area which appeared to have a centre not far from the Orissa coast for some days. The depth was very small, but it served to keep up the cyclonic circulation in the north of the Bay, and over the province for days after the larger depression was shown over the central parts of the country.

The conditions attending the depression during the present week are in many respects similar to those reported as being caused by a slight depression in the previous week. The most important is the comparative absence of rainfall, or speaking more generally, the failure of the depression to lead to disturbed conditions which would have been accompanied by increased precipitation. Under ordinary circumstances a depression such as that which recently crossed the Bay would have developed considerably while over the sea and, have been accompanied by squally weather and heavy rainfall, especially near its centre, but in this case the rainfall was not even general, and on an average, for the districts most under its influence (Orissa, South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur), it was much under the average. The inference to be drawn from the experience of the past two weeks is that present circumstances are very unfavourable for rainfall, or in other words that the monsoon from the Bay is much weaker than usual. As these conditions when once established, to whatever causes they may be due, are found to remain very persistent, it appears likely that an absence of rainfall will remain a prominent feature in the near future, perhaps for some weeks.

Before the approach of the depression, that is, during the first two days of the week, light southerly winds were blowing in all districts, and settled weather prevailed, the light showers which occurred in places being of little account. After the depression was in the north of the Bay, northerly and afterwards easterly winds became general, and rainfall increased both in amount and extent. The falls were almost general on Wednesday and Thursday, when the centre of lowest pressure was crossing Ganjam and the south of Orissa, but during the latter half of the week there was again only partial rainfall. The light easterly winds continued, temperature was steadily above the normal, and pressure at inland stations underwent only small oscillations, such as are characteristic of settled weather.

Pressure.—The pressure arrangement, which has prevailed with very little modification throughout the week, is as follows:—readings have been above the normal in the northern districts and at times over the whole province, while over the Bay there has been a defect, which increased to rather more than a tenth of an inch while the depression was passing. There was a general brisk or moderate fall during the first two days of the week, followed generally by a slow rise or irregular changes during the remaining days. The mean difference from the normal varies from excess of ·03 inch in the northern districts to defect of ·04 inch in Orissa.

Temperature has been steadily above the normal both by day and night except at a few places where the air was temporarily cooled by local storms. The means for the week are therefore above the normal in all the larger divisions, excess varying from half a degree in Assam to nearly 2° in South-West Bengal.

Rainfall.—As stated above, only local showers, generally light, fell except for two days in the middle of the week, when rainfall was fairly general. The average falls are below the normal in all districts. In South Bihar and Orissa defect is about ·06 inch; in North Bengal 1 inch; in Chota Nagpur and North Bihar between 1 and 1·5 inches; and in Lower Bengal between 1·5 and 2 inches.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 26th of August 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	91·7	76·3	88·7	78·8*	83·8	+0·9	1·93	2·58	−0·65	3·06	3·74	−0·68	7·28	10·19	36·63	73·27
South-West Bengal ...	95·7	76·8	90·0	79·3	84·7	+1·9	1·16	2·98	−1·82	2·48	3·77	−1·29	7·45	11·43	45·22	35·77
North Bengal	94·3	76·1	89·7	79·3	84·5	+1·2	1·66	2·63	−0·97	2·24	3·41	−1·17	11·53	11·20	56·91	47·87
East Bengal	92·7	75·8	87·9	78·8	83·5	+1·1	1·73	3·36	−1·63	2·72	4·11	−1·39	14·14	14·42	66·59	53·18
North Bihar	94·3	76·2	90·5	79·6	85·1	+1·3	0·84	2·20	−1·36	1·83	3·00	−1·17	9·42	9·44	37·92	31·89
South Bihar	95·5	73·2	90·7	78·7	84·8	+1·1	2·04	2·61	−0·57	2·32	3·10	−0·78	8·16	9·87	34·63	29·84
Chota Nagpur	93·4	70·3	86·1	74·0*	80·1*	+1·6	2·09	3·28	−1·19	3·10	4·20	−1·10	8·95	11·98	42·77	34·74
Assam	98·6	74·3	89·1	78·6	83·7	+0·5										

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 29th August 1893.

C. LITTLE,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 20th to 26th August 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.					Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
August ...	20th ...	29·682	85·7	92·5	13·7	78·8	86·6	82·5	1·058	81·0	84	0·12
" ...	21st ...	·657	86·0	92·0	12·0	80·0	88·6	83·5	1·081	81·6	80	...
" ...	22nd ...	·629	86·3	92·0	11·4	80·6	87·1	81·5	1·002	79·3	78	0·03
" ...	23rd ...	·626	83·4	88·0	9·2	78·8	85·9	82·3	1·357	80·9	85	0·26
" ...	24th ...	·678	84·4	90·0	11·2	78·8	86·6	81·5	1·010	79·5	80	0·32
" ...	25th ...	·686	84·1	90·0	11·8	78·2	86·4	82·0	1·034	80·2	82	0·23
" ...	26th ...	·710	84·9	90·0	10·2	79·8	85·8	81·5	1·020	79·8	83	...

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·667
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	85·0
The extreme variation of temperature	14·3
The maximum temperature	92·5
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	82
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 20th to 26th August 1893	0·96

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 28th August 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 20th to 26th August 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Augt.	20th	150·5	7·3	29·645	84·4	89·7	11·0	78·7	80·7	1·002	79·3	85	SE by S, SW by W, SSW.	84	0·03	Partially cloudy, d.
„	21st	152·7	4·2	·610	84·9	89·6	9·1	80·5	81·5	1·032	80·2	86	SW by S, SW by W, and S.	96	0·03	Chiefly cloudy, o g, d.
„	22nd	154·8	5·4	·575	85·0	89·9	9·5	80·4	81·3	1·022	79·9	85	E and SSE ...	62	0·20	Partially cloudy, o, p.
„	23rd	145·0	2·9	·580	82·9	87·5	9·3	78·2	80·1	0·993	79·0	88	SSE, ESE and SE	130	0·61	Chiefly cloudy, o, d, p, t.
„	24th	140·7	4·7	·614	83·6	88·1	9·4	78·7	80·2	·989	78·9	86	ESE and SE ...	113	0·21	Chiefly cloudy, o, d, p, t. ⌓.
„	25th	144·8	3·6	·626	83·4	88·0	9·8	78·2	80·3	·992	79·0	87	SE and ESE ...	85	0·01	Chiefly cloudy, o, d.
„	26th	152·5	4·6	·657	83·0	87·6	8·7	78·9	80·4	1·002	79·3	89	ESE and SE ...	85	0·35	Chiefly cloudy, o, p. ⌓.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·615
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·606
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	32·7
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	89·1
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	83·9
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·0
The extreme variation of temperature	11·7
The maximum temperature	89·9
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	10
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	87
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	87
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 20th to 26th August 1893	1·44
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	3·17
The total fall from 1st January to 26th August 1893...	66·38
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	46·79

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; d, drizzling rain; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; ⌓, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 28th August 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 26th August 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 26th August 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 27th August 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	447	46,010	586	201	43,050	721
Jute	77	37,250	617	64	23,075	407
Firewood	144	74,165	1,142	120	62,125	934
Other articles	681	1,88,886	2,894	863	1,94,745	2,734
Total ...	1,349	3,46,311	5,239	1,248	3,22,995	4,796

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 19th August 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*274,912	*3,02,601 13 0	21,84,960 0	4,78,847 5 0	13,733 12 0	7,95,182 14 0	75,805	94,127½	169,932½
Or per mile of railway	......	187 14 4	......	297 5 3	8 8 5	493 12 0	......	......	......
For previous 6¼ weeks of half-year	1,814,985	20,37,548 9 0	1,23,76,673 0	27,85,796 1 0	94,813 11 0	49,18,158 5 0	473,710½	564,764¾	1,038,475¼
Total for 7¼ weeks ...	2,089,897	23,40,150 6 0	1,45,61,633 0	32,64,643 6 0	1,08,547 7 0	57,13,341 3 0	549,515½	658,892¾	1,208,408
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	237,856	2,28,098 6 8	21,16,955 0	4,56,854 10 3	16,517 1 7	7,01,470 2 6	73,952	86,332	160,284
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	141 10 2	......	283 10 9	10 4 1	435 9 0	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 7¼ weeks of previous year	1,849,779	17,19,864 14 10	1,54,21,066 30	33,45,213 7 9	1,16,372 0 5	51,81,450 7 0	533,391	657,517	1,190,908

* The increase is chiefly due to movements of pilgrims.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 19th August 1893, on 22¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	14,963	3,685 3 0	9,409 30	265 8 0	9 0 0	3,959 11 0	904	64	968
Or per mile of railway	......	165 10 0	......	11 14 11	0 6 6	177 15 5	......	......	......
For previous 6¼ weeks of half-year	*106,944	*25,856 15 0	†47,935 0	†1,358 9 0	‡68 0 0	27,283 8 0	5,541	489	6,030
Total for 7¼ weeks ...	121,907	29,542 2 0	57,434 30	1,624 1 0	77 0 0	31,243 3 0	6,445	553	6,998
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	14,808	3,443 14 3	6,633 30	185 14 8	1 11 6	3,631 7 9	901	67	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	154 12 6	......	8 5 8	0 1 3	163 3 5	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 7¼ weeks of previous year ...	143,197½	34,409 6 6	42,390 20	1,672 6 0	58 3 6	36,140 0 0	6,722	428	7,150

* Deducted number of passengers 1,303 and Rs. 420 }
† Added maunds 40 and deducted ,, 3 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ending 15th July 1893.
‡ Do. ,, 5 }

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 19*th August* 1893, *on* 161½ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	19,310	13,539 6 0	39,958 20	6,353 5 0	32 0 0	19,924 11 6	6,239	2,667½	8,906½
Or per mile of railway	......	83 14 2	......	39 5 10	0 3 2	123 7 2	......	......	......
For previous 6¼ weeks of half-year	*128,206	*87,738 10 0	†2,27,732 0	†39,498 15 0	‡223 0 0	1,27,460 9 0	37,388	16,679	54,967
Total for 7¼ weeks ...	147,516	1,01,278 0 0	2,67,690 20	45,852 4 0	255 0 0	1,47,385 4 0	43,627	19,346½	62,973½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,115	12,408 2 5	29,848 10	4,409 12 0	45 3 3	16,953 1 8	6,766	2,200	8,966
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	76 14 0	......	27 14 1	0 4 6	105 0 7	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 7¼ weeks of previous year	126,888½	87,507 9 8	2,75,603 10	42,752 3 6	285 10 9	1,30,545 7 11	47,519	18,195	65,714

* Added number of passengers 180 and Rs. 702 }
† Deducted maunds 6,016 and ,, 265 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ending 15th July 1893.
‡ Do. ,, 5 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 19*th August* 1893, *on* 777 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.*A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	145,960	63,580 0 0	7,00,630 0	1,72,060 0 0	12,960 0 0	2,48,630 0 0	28,100	30,671	58,771
Or per mile of railway	188	82 0 0	902 0	221 0 0	*2 0 0	*305 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 6 weeks of half-year	1,056,720	4,37,520 0 0	34,83,980 0	6,58,200 0 0	84,370 0 0	11,80,090 0 0	171,017	154,755	325,772
Total for 7 weeks ...	1,202,680	5,01,100 0 0	41,84,610 0	8,30,260 0 0	97,330 0 0	14,28,690 0 0	199,117	185,426	384,543
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	136,048	54,824 0 0	7,03,637 0	1,78,923 0 0	10,928 0 0	2,44,675 0 0	27,104	36,485	63,589
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	175	71 0 0	906 0	230 0 0	*1 0 0	*302 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,095,318	4,35,342 0 0	39,74,222 0	8,93,035 0 0	1,05,462 0 0	14,33,839 0 0	193,847	231,303	425,150

* Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 19*th August* 1893, *on* 125 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	34,020	10,960 0 0	53,170 0	5,370 0 0	40 0 0	16,370 0 0	3,139	2,747	5,886
Or per mile of railway ...	272	88 0 0	425 0	43 0 0	...	131 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 6 weeks of half-year	209,860	65,440 0 0	2,36,100 0	19,360 0 0	570 0 0	85,370 0 0	23,093	11,788	34,881
Total for 7 weeks ...	243,880	76,400 0 0	3,09,270 0	24,730 0 0	610 0 0	1,01,740 0 0	26,232	14,535	40,767
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	25,793	8,098 0 0	51,971 0	4,088 0 0	35 0 0	12,521 0 0	3,137	2,535	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	206	65 0 0	416 0	37 0 0	...	102 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	220,671	67,640 0 0	3,13,598 0	23,206 0 0	626 0 0	91,472 0 0	26,826	14,533	41,359

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 19th August 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	13,690	4,590 0 0	26,060 0	1,290 0 0	260 0 0	6,140 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
Or per mile of railway	159	53 0 0	303 0	15 0 0	3 0 0	71 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 6 weeks of half-year	97,220	28,830 0 0	87,150 0	5,600 0 0	960 0 0	35,390 0 0	15,369	4,445	19,814
Total for 7 weeks ...	110,910	33,420 0 0	113,210 0	6,890 0 0	1,220 0 0	41,530 0 0	17,856	5,182	23,038
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	25,294	6,753 0 0	15,152 0	1,129 0 0	49 0 0	7,931 0 0	2,528	710	3,238
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	294	78 0 0	176 0	13 0 0	1 0 6	92 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	118,639	36,461 0 0	91,513 0	6,259 0 0	1,455 0 0	44,175 0 0	18,865	4,837	23,702

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(Includes the Tirhut State Railway.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 19th August 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	92,830	33,020	1,90,240	26,560	9,640	69,220	12,428	15,567	27,995
Or per mile of railway	122·79	43·68	251·64	35·13	12·75	91·56	......	...	......
For previous 6¼ weeks of half-year	542,730	2,12,440	13,84,620	2,00,270	66,300	4,79,010	80,117	95,582	175,699
Total for 7¼ weeks ...	635,560	2,45,460	15,74,860	2,26,830	75,940	5,48,230	92,545	111,149	203,694
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	84,614	28,433	2,31,394	29,874	8,592	66,899	13,844	14,018	27,862
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	112·07	37·66	306·48	39·57	11·38	88·61	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	599,458	2,15,157	19,53,040	2,49,685	55,825	5,20,667	97,683	116,443	214,126

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 12th August 1893	9,911	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	9,272	0	0
Increase	639	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 12th August 1893	194	5	4
Corresponding period of 1892	181	12	10
Increase	12	8	6
Receipts from 1st to 12th August 1893	65,180	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	64,032	0	0
Increase	1,148	0	0

Printed and published by Edwin Morris Lewis at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 30th August 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 36 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS OF CANALS IN BENGAL DURING THE RABI SEASON 1892-93.

No. 997*I*.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Irrigation.

Dated Calcutta, the 4th September 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Statements Nos. I, II, and III, showing irrigation operations of canals in Bengal during the *rabi* season 1892-93.

OBSERVATIONS.—The area irrigated during the *rabi* season of 1892-93 was 1,18,408 acres against 2,04,142 acres in 1891-92, showing a decrease of 41·9 per cent.

2. This falling-off was due to the exceptionally large area of *rabi* irrigated in 1891-92, which cannot be retained in years of ordinary rainfall. The area was, however, larger in 1892-93 than in any previous year, excepting 1891-92 and 1877-78.

3. The rainfall in eight districts averaged 2·02 inches more than that of 1891-92. In the three districts watered by the Sone Canals the fall averaged 33·36 inches against 17·31 inches in 1891-92.

4. There was no irrigation of *rabi* crop in 1892-93 from the Midnapore Canal, while from the Eden Canal the areas irrigated in Burdwan and Hooghly districts exceeded those of 1891-92 by 1,489 and 561 acres respectively. In the Sone Circle, owing to the increase of rainfall, there was a general decrease in the areas irrigated.

5. The details of the increase or decrease in the irrigation of the *rabi* crops from each canal during the year 1892-93, compared with those of the previous year, are given in the following statement:—

Canal.		Areas irrigated in rabi season.		More.	Less.
		1891-92.	1892-93.		
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Orissa ...	Taldanda Canal	336	264	......	72
	Kendrapara Canal	3,523	2,008	......	1,515
	High Level Canal, Ranges I, II, and III, and Jajpur Canal.	84	212	128	......
Midnapore Canal		68	......	......	68
Eden Canal		9	2,059	2,050	......
Sone ...	Patna Canal	19,053	9,659	......	9,394
	Arrah "	51,432	44,235	......	7,197
	Buxar "	1,27,097	57,749	......	69,348
Saran Canal		2,540	2,222	......	318
Total ...		2,04,142	1,18,408	2,178	87,912
Net decrease ...		......	......	......	85,734

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution and of the statements Nos. I, II and III be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and submitted to the Government of India, Public Works Department, for information.

Ordered also that copies of this Resolution and of the statements be forwarded to the Commissioners of the Orissa, Burdwan and Patnâ Divisions; the Collectors of the Cuttack, Midnapore, Burdwan, Hooghly, Patna, Shahabad, Gaya, and Saran Districts; the Superintending Engineers of the Orissa, South-Western and Sone Circles; and the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal, for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. W. ODLING,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. I.—Rabi Statement.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE RABI SEASON, 1892-93.*

Comparative Statement of Irrigation and Rainfall in Canal Districts of Bengal.

Districts.	Area in acres.	Culturable acres.	Area irrigated.		1892-93 as compared with 1891-92.		Rainfall for four months.										Remarks.
							November.		December.		January.		February.		Total.		
			1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	1891.	1892.	1891.	1892.	1892	1893.	1892.	1893.	1891-92.	1892-93.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
			Acres.*	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	In.	Average rainfall of 10 stations.
Cuttack	Information not available.	Information not available.	3,921	2,483	...	1,438	7·77	0·86	...	...	...	2·13	0·22	1·66	7·99	4·65	Naraj rainfall is incorrect and is not included.
Balasore			22	1	...	21	5·14	0·77	...	...	...	1·38	0·69	3·05	5·23	5·20	Average rainfall at Bhadrak and Aquapada stations.
Midnapore			68	...	...	68	0·18	4·90	...	...	...	0·35	0·17	4·35	0·35	9·60	Rainfall at Midnapore station.
Burdwan			9(a)	1,498(a)	1,489	...	0·39	0·58	...	...	...	0·70	...	5·58	0·39	6·86	Ditto at Edilpore station.
Hooghly			...	561(a)	561	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No rain-gauge stations on the Tidal Reaches of the Midnapore Canal, and lower section of the Eden Canal in the Hooghly district.
Gaya	3,015,680	2,356,000	12,226	5,030	...	7,196	...	...	...	...	...	0·35	0·10	1·50	0·10	1·85	Rainfall at Daudnugger station.
Patna	1,329,920	1,039,000	6,827	4,629	...	2,198	...	0·02	...	...	0·06	0·83	1·23	1·63	1·29	2·48	Ditto at Patna station.
Shahabad	2,806,400	2,192,500	178,529	101,984	...	76,545	...	...	...	...	0·69	0·59	1·35	2·41	1·44	3·00	Ditto at Arrah station.
Saran	1,680,000	1,312,500	2,540	2,222	...	318	...	...	...	...	...	1·36	0·94	1·31	0·94	2·67	Ditto at Siwan station.
Total ...	......	......	204,142	118,408	2,050	87,784	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

* As per Revenue Repor for 1891-92.
(a) Irrigated by the Eden Canal only.

Calcutta,
The 4th September 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. II.—Rabi Statement.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS OF FASL RABI, 1892-93.

Statement in acres of crops irrigated in Canal Districts.

Nature of crops.		Cuttack.	Balasore.	Midnapore.	Burdwan.	Hooghly.	Gaya.	Patna.	Shahabad.	Saran.	Total.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Garden and orchards ...	...	87	1	...	192*	104*	8	...	47	...	439
Sugarcane ...	...	...	...	...	1,306†	457†	336	5	5,970	...	8,074
Cereals ...	Wheat ...	1	...	...	...	...	1,128	200	36,227	1,921	39,477
	Barley ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,057	965	16,626	...	18,648
	Rice ...	741	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	741
	Zeera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,755	...	2,755
	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,698	...	402	...	2,100
Pulse ...	Gram, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...	279	508	9,650	...	10,437
	Miscellaneous ...	724	...	...	...	...	115	...	23,287	...	24,126
Fodder crops ...	Grass, lucerne ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	...	41
Fibres ...	Cotton ...	679	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	679
Dyes ...	Indigo ...	213	...	...	...	...	10	17	3	185	428
	Turmeric, &c. ...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	32
Drugs ...	Opium ...	...	...	...	...	...	344	454	761	105	1,664
	Tobacco, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oilseeds ...	Mustard, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	229	...	229
	Castor ...	29	...	...	...	...	24	...	4	...	57
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	2,480	5,959	11	8,481
Hot weather ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
Total Rabi, 1892-93 ...		2,483	1	...	1,498	561	5,030	4,629	101,984	2,222	118,408
Total Rabi, 1891-92 ...		3,921	22	68	9	...	12,226	6,827	178,529	2,540	204,142

* Onions, &c.
† Includes potato.

Calcutta,
The 4th September 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. III.—RABI STATEMENT.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS OF FASL RABI, 1892-93.

Statement in acres of crops irrigated by Canals in Canal Divisions.

NATURE OF CROPS.		Taldanda Canal.	Kendrapara Canal.	High Level Canals, Ranges I, II and III and Jajpur Canal.	Midnapore Canal.	Eden Canal.	Patna Canal.	Arrah Canal.	Buxar Canal.	Saran Canal.	Total.	REMARKS.
		Mahanadi.	Brahmini-Byturni.	Acquapada-Jajpur.	Cossye.	N. D. and Embankment Division.	Eastern Sone.	Arrah.	Buxar.	Gandak.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Garden and orchards ...	...	17	68	3	...	296	8	27	20	...	439	
Sugarcane ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,763	341	3,715	2,255	...	8,074	
Cereals	Wheat ...	...	1	...	...	...	1,328	10,572	25,655	1,921	39,477	
	Barley ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,022	9,089	7,537	...	18,648	
	Rice ...	...	532	209	...	...	...	...	...	...	741	
	Zeera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,755	...	2 755	
	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	1,698	402	...	...	2,100	
Pulse	Gram, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	787	6,718	2,932	...	10,437	
	Miscellaneous	197	527	...	...	...	115	9,174	14,113	...	24,126	
Fodder crops	Grass, lucerne	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	...	...	41	
Fibres ...	Cotton ...	41	638	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	679	
Dyes	Indigo ...	...	213	...	...	...	27	3	...	185	428	
	Turmeric, &c.	8	1	...	...	...	...	23	...	...	32	
Drugs	Opium	...	...	...	...	...	798	515	246	105	1,664	
	Tobacco, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Oilseeds	Mustard, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	128	101	...	229	
	Castor ...	1	28	...	...	...	24	4	...	...	57	
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,511	3,824	2,135	11	8,481	
Hot weather ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total Rabi, 1892-93 ...		264	2,008	212	...	2,059	9,659	44,235	57,749	2,222	118,408	
Total Rabi, 1891-92 ...		336	3,523	84	68	9	19,053	51,432	1,27,097	2,640	204,142	

CALCUTTA,
The 4th September 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. I.—Annual Statement.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

Comparative Statement of Irrigation and Rainfall for the years 1891-92 and 1892-93 in Canal Districts of Bengal.

Districts.	Area in acres.	Culturable acres.	Area irrigated. Kharif, 1892-93. Total area.	Kharif, In comparison with kharif, 1891-92. Increase.	Kharif, In comparison with kharif, 1891-92. Decrease.	Rabi, 1892-93. Total area.	Rabi, In comparison with 1891-92. Increase.	Rabi, In comparison with 1891-92. Decrease.	Whole year, 1892-93. Total area.	Whole year, In comparison with 1891-92. Increase.	Whole year, In comparison with 1891-92. Decrease.	Whole year, Percentage of increase or decrease.	Rainfall. 1891-92.	Rainfall. 1892-93.	Rainfall. Percentage of increase or decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Cuttack	Information not available.		125,722	...	11,831	2,483	...	1,438	128,205	...	13,269	10·3	55·96	39·28	(—) 29·80
Balasore			31,448	...	4,741	1	...	21	31,449	...	4,762	15·1	53·08	40·15	(—) 22·47
Midnapore			87,366	3,837	...	...	...	68	87,366	3,769	...	4·3	42·86	30·37	(—) 29·14
Burdwan			40,221	28,176	...	1,498	1,489	...	41,719	29,665	...	11·1	30·24	26·37	(—) 12·79
Hooghly			37,624(a)	35,224	...	561	561	...	38,185	35,785	...	93·7	...	...	...
Gaya	3,015,680	2,356,000	39,071	5,130	...	5,020	...	7,196	44,101	...	2,466	4·7	12·35	21·89	(+) 77·24
Patna	1,329,920	1,039,000	28,280	...	12,816	4,629	...	2,198	32,909	...	15,014	45·6	19·46	42·06	(+) 116·13
Shahabad	2,806,400	2,192,500	206,822	4,718	...	101,984	...	76,545	308,806	...	71,827	23·2	20·11	36·13	(+) 79·66
Saran	1,680,000	1,312,500	1,431	...	1,994	2,222	...	318	3,653	...	2,312	63·2	19·87	33·81	(+) 70·15
Total ...	...	...	597,985	77,085	31,382	118,408	2,050	87,784	716,393	69,219	109,250	5·5	...	...	...
			Net increase 45,703			Net decrease ... 85,734			Net decrease 40,031						

(a) Includes 36,982 acres irrigated by the Eden Canal.

Calcutta,
The 4th September 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. II.—ANNUAL STATEMENT.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

Statement in acres of crops irrigated in Canal Districts.

Nature of crops.	Cuttack.	Balasore.	Midnapore.	Burdwan.	Hooghly.	Gaya.	Patna.	Shahabad.	Saran.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Garden and orchards	87	1	...	192*	104*	8	...	47	...	439
Sugarcane	90	168	...	1,306†	457†	688	5	19,120	...	21,834
Cereals ... Wheat ...	1	...	...	...	...	1,128	200	36,227	1,921	39,477
Cereals ... Barley ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,057	965	16,626	...	18,648
Cereals ... Rice ...	126,373	31,280	87,366	40,221	37,624	38,683	28,280	183,717	1,239	574,783
Cereals ... *Zeera* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,755	...	2,755
Cereals ... Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,734	...	630	62	2,426
Pulse ... Gram, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...	279	508	9,650	...	10,437
Pulse ... Miscellaneous ...	724	...	...	...	...	115	...	23,287	...	24,126*
Fodder crops ... Grass, lucerne ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	...	41
Fibres ... Cotton ...	679	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	679
Dyes ... Indigo ...	213	...	...	...	...	10	17	3	185	428
Dyes ... Turmeric, &c. ...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	32
Drugs ... Opium ...	...	...	...	...	...	344	454	761	105	1,664
Drugs ... Tobacco, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oilseeds ... Mustard, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	229	...	229
Oilseeds ... Castor ...	29	...	...	...	...	24	...	4	...	57
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	31	2,480	5,959	11	8,481
Hot weather	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,727	130	9,857
Total, 1892-93 ...	128,205	31,449	87,366	41,719	38,185	44,101	32,909	308,806	3,653	716,393
Total, 1891-92 ...	141,474	36,211	83,597	12,054	2,400	46,167	47,923	380,633	5,965	756,424

* Onions &c.
† Includes potato.

CALCUTTA,
The 4th September 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. III.—Annual Statement.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

Statement in acres of crops irrigated by Canals in Canal Divisions.

Nature of Crops.		Taldanda Canal.	Kendrapara Canal.	High Level Canals, Ranges I, II and III, and Jajpur Canal.	Midnapore Canal.	Eden Canal.	Patna Canal.	Arrah Canal.	Buxar Canal.	Saran Canal.	Total.	Remarks.
		Mahanadi.	Brahmini-Byturni.	Acquapada-Jajpur.	Cossye.	Northern Drainage and Embankment.	Eastern Sone.	Arrah.	Buxar.	Gandak.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Garden and orchards ...	...	17	68	3	...	296	8	27	20	...	439	
Sugarcane ...	...	52	38	168	...	1,763	693	12,254	6,866	...	21,834	
Cereals ...	Wheat ...	...	1	......	...	......	1,328	10,572	25,655	1,921	39,477	
	Barley ...	...	......	......	...	......	2,022	9,089	7,537	...	18,648	
	Rice ...	34,327	67,502	55,824	88,008	77,203	66,963	159,799	73,918	1,239	574,783	
	Zeera ...	...	...	......	...	......	...	...	2,765	62	2,755	
	Miscellaneous	...	...	......	...	......	1,734	402	228	...	2,426	
Pulse ...	Gram, &c.	...	...	......	...	......	781	6,718	2,932	...	10,437	
	Miscellaneous	197	527	......	...	......	115	9,174	14,113	...	24,126	
Fodder crops ...	Grass, lucerne	...	...	......	...	......	...	41	...	...	41	
Fibres ...	Cotton ...	41	638	......	...	......	...	...	...	...	679	
Dyes ...	Indigo ...	...	213	......	...	......	27	3	...	185	428	
	Turmeric, &c.	8	1	......	...	......	...	23	...	...	32	
Drugs ...	Opium	...	...	......	...	......	798	515	246	105	1,664	
	Tobacco, &c.	...	...	......	...	......	...	...	...	...	...	
Oilseeds ...	Mustard, &c.	...	...	......	...	......	...	128	101	...	229	
	Castor ...	1	28	......	...	......	24	4	...	...	57	
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	......	...	......	2,511	3,824	2,135	11	8,481	
Hot weather ...	...	...	...	......	...	......	...	4,664	3,063	130	9,857	
Total, 1892-93	...	34,643	69,016	55,995	88,008	79,262	77,010	167,237	141,569	3,653	716,393	
Total, 1891-92	...	41,906	74,209	61,570	83,973	14,078	94,090	181,123	199,510	5,965	756,424	

Calcutta,
The 4th September 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION—No. 3065Mis.

The 3rd September 1893.—The following is published for general information.

M. Finucane,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ANTWERP INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF 1894 UNDER THE HIGH PATRONAGE OF HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE BELGIANS.

HONORARY PRESIDENT HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE COUNT OF FLANDERS.

Foreign Sections.

General Notice.

(*Taken from the general Rules.*)

The Antwerp International Exhibition will include all Industrial, Scientific and Artistic Productions, as well as all Commercial Produce. It will comprise Maritime, Colonial and African Sections; also an Exhibition of Military Art.

Simultaneously with the General Exhibition, the Antwerp Royal Society of Fine Arts will hold a special exhibition of Painting, Sculpture, Engraving and Architecture, to which Artists of all countries are invited to contribute.

It is also intended to hold a series of shows and exhibits of Live Stock, Agricultural Products, Flowers, Fruit, etc.

The Exhibition will be inaugurated May 5th, 1894, and will remain open for six full months, closing at latest on November 12th, 1894.

It will be located in the new quarter of the city, in close vicinity of the Scheldt and the new maritime installations, and will be connected with the principal Railways.

It will cover in one enclosure an area of about 200 acres, including (1) a Palace of Fine Arts; (2) Several Halls covering about 120,000 square yards of ground, and intended for exhibiting Industrial and Commercial products, Machinery, Electric appliances, etc. These halls will be built of iron and steel and will be roofed with zinc.

A Board of Directors conduct the business of the Antwerp International Exhibition Company and decide all matters of Administration and Finance.

An Executive Committee under the honorary Presidency of Baron Osy van Zegwaart, Governor of the Province of Antwerp, and M. Jan Van Ryswyck, Burgomaster of the city, and under the effective Presidency of Count de Pret Roose de Calesberg, Member of the Senate, has charge of the organization and management of all Exhibits in the different departments.

By Decrees, dated 11th March 1893, Royal Commissions of the Belgian and Foreign Sections have been instituted, under the honorary Presidency of His Royal Highness the Count of Flanders. Also a Commissariat General of the Government, and General Commissions of the Belgian and Foreign Sections.

The Belgian Commission is presided over by M. Leon De Bruyn, Minister of Agriculture, Industry and Public Works.

The Foreign Commission under the Presidency of M. Valere Mabille has for its object to encourage and facilitate the co-operation of Foreign Exhibitors.

The Commissariat General of the Government, whose head-quarters are at the *Palais des Académies* in Brussels, is conducted by Count Hyppolyte d'Ursel, who represents the Government at the Antwerp International Exhibition, and is the official Referee between the Executive Committee of the Company and the Commissaries of the Belgian and Foreign Sections; also between the latter and the Foreign Commissaries delegated with the Exhibition in all matters where the interests of Foreign Exhibitors are concerned.

The Commissary General of Foreign Sections, M. Vercruysen-Brack, Member of the Senate, co-operates with the Commissary General of the Government in all negotiations with Foreign Countries, especially as regards the appointment of the Commissaries of the Foreign Sections.

The Foreign Governments have been officially advised of the formation of this International Exhibition; they have been invited to appoint their official Commissaries to represent them.

Committees for furthering the objects of the Exhibition may be formed in the principal cities or towns of the world under approval of the Belgian Government, and with the co-operation of its Diplomatic and Consular Agents abroad.

Where no official Commissary has been appointed, foreign Exhibitors may be represented by a private Committee or its delegate.

All products will be divided into classes, as per summary hereafter given, and will be exhibited in accordance with this classification in all the separate sections.

In the halls for Machinery and Electricity the products of each country will be exhibited together as far as the distribution of motive power will allow.

The charge for space in the different compartments, including general decoration of the halls, and the reception of goods, has been established according to position as follows:—

I.—Halls of Industry.

Collective space.

Ground space.	(a) Depth not exceeding 1 metre— *Per lineal metre frontage*	fr.	60
	(b) Depth exceeding 1 metre— *Per square metre, ground surface*	„	60
Wall space.	(c) *Per lineal metre frontage*	„	60

The charge for collective space allotted will in no case be less than ... ... „ 60

Detached spaces.

(a) Measured at the greatest dimension, the smallest being below 1 metre.
Per lineal metre frontage ... ... „ 90

(b) Both dimensions exceeding 1 metre.
Per square metre ground surface ... ... „ 90

The charge for detached space allotted will in no case be less than ... ... „ 90

Central Galleries.

In the Central Galleries the charge will be	Collective space— *Per square metre* ...	„	90
	Detached spaces— *Per square metre* ...	„	130
Charge for rooms having at least 5 metres frontage and 5 metres depth.	Single frontage— *Per square metre* ...	„	70
	Corner frontage— *Per square metre* ...	„	90

The allotted space will be measured at the greatest length and width above the floor.

II.—Halls of Machinery and Electricity.

For all non-working Machinery and exhibits of any height.

(a) The depth not exceeding 1 metre—
Per lineal metre frontage ... . fr. 60

(b) The depth exceeding 1 metre—
Per square metre ground surface ... ... „ 60

The charge for space in this department will in no case be less than ... ... „ 60

For all working Machinery, receiving its motive power from steam, water, gas, electricity, or general transmission, and working at least five hours daily and four days weekly, *the above charges will be reduced one-half.*

The allotted spaces will be measured at the greatest length and width above the floor.

III.—Maritime Installations, Gardens, Sheds and Tents.

Of whatever height.

(a) The depth not exceeding 1 metre—
Per lineal metre frontage ... ... fr. 25

(b) The depth exceeding 1 metre—
Per square metre ground surface ... ... „ 25

The charge for space in this department will in no case be less than ... ... „ 25

For space allotted under sheds or tents, the above charges will be increased by fr. 5 per metre.

For large spaces taken in the halls of gardens by the different countries, special terms will be arranged through the intervention of the Commissary General of the Belgian Government.

Foreign Goods, arriving by the Belgian State Railways, will be returned carriage free over the same lines. Negotiations have been opened with the private Companies and the Foreign Lines in connexion with the Belgian State Railways, to obtain the same terms from them.

Most of the regular Lines of Steamers will take goods for the Antwerp Exhibition at reduced rates of freight.

The Antwerp International Exhibition Company undertakes the handling of Goods within the Exhibition, free of charge, on all packages received not later than April 15th, 1894, and not exceeding 1,500 kilos in weight. This includes the delivery of the packages on the space allotted, and the eventual re-loading on the Railway trucks within the limits of the exhibition.

Empty packages will be stored at a low rate, and brought back for repacking at the close of the Exhibition.

The Executive Committee will arrange special terms for handling Goods and storing Empties with all Countries officially represented.

The general decoration of the Exhibition halls will be carried out at the expense of the Company; all private and special decorations will be at the expense of Exhibitors singly or collectively.

Strict watch and guard will be established to prevent goods being stolen, strayed or damaged, without, however, any responsibility being incurred by the Company in this respect.

All Exhibitors will be free to appoint at their own expense and under their own responsibility any number of private Inspectors from a List approved by the Company.

The Exhibitors, whether singly or collectively, are responsible for the whole charge for rent; for the supply, fixing, and decoration of all and any special appliances they may require, such as partitions, screens, extra ceilings, stands, raised flooring, extra foundations for heavy exhibits; also for the packing, laying out and repacking of their goods, rent for storage of Empties, etc.

Exhibitors requiring steam, water, gas or electricity must declare in their application for space the hourly quantity they require. It will be supplied as per tariff.

When motive power is required, the intended rate of speed must also be indicated.

In the Halls of Machinery, motive power will be obtainable per special tariff, and will be supplied from the main shaft for general transmission.

Intermediate transmission will be at the expense of Exhibitors; the foundations and all special appliances will also be at their cost.

A copy of the particular rules and regulations further relating to this department will be sent on application.

Articles of every day sale, also those manufactured on the spot, may be sold and delivered to visitors on payment of a percentage to be fixed by agreement; but such sales may not take place in the Halls without a special and written consent of the Executive Committee. A special convention will regulate the sale of refreshments on the gardens and grounds of the Exhibition.

An International Jury of Awards will be formed, the members of which will be appointed by their respective Governments; this Jury will be organised and presided over by the Commissary General of the Belgian Government, who will also propose for appointment by the Belgian Government members of the Jury from among the delegates of countries not officially represented.

The Jury will officiate as soon as possible. The Awards will consist of Medals or Diplomas of First class; Diplomas of Gold, Silver and Bronze Medals, and of honourable Mention.

All foreign goods will be admitted to the Exhibition in bond, paying no duty of any kind if re-exported.

All inventions, patents, drawings, models, trade marks, etc., exhibited will be placed under the immediate protection of the Belgian Government, and all rights of property in them will be effectually secured.

The Executive Committee will issue an official and complete catalogue methodically arranged and containing the name and address of each exhibitor, with particulars as to trade, place of production, etc. Foreign sections will have the right of issuing at their own expense their special catalogues and of selling them within their respective limits.

The issue of tickets for the lottery authorised by the Belgian Government may extend over several series of one million tickets each; the prizes to be purchased exclusively from Exhibitors. The issue of the first series of tickets will be authorised before the opening of the Exhibition.

Printed forms of application for space are supplied by the Executive Committee *or by the Commissariats of Countries officially represented.* These forms must be signed, and addressed prepaid to the official Commissariat of the Country to which the intending Exhibitor belongs, or to the Executive Committee of the Exhibition, No. 9 *rue Gérard, Antwerp,* not later than October 1st, 1893, for all countries not officially represented.

All goods exhibited at the World's Fair, Chicago, which may be destined for the Antwerp Exhibition, will on arrival be stored free of charge *in the halls, and as near as possible to their definite places.*

Arrêté, en séance du Conseil d'Administration,
à Anvers, le 25 Mai 1893.

L'Administrateur Secrétaire,
HENRI BELIARD.

L'Administrateur Président.
Comte PRET ROOSE de GALESBERG.

Vu:
Pour le Comité Executif:

Le Secrétaire Général,
M. de RAMAIX.

Le Vice-Président, Directeur Général
Alphonse HERTOGS.

Vu:

Le Secrétarie Général du Commissariat du Gouvernement,
J. GODY.

Le Commissaire Général du Gouvernement,
Comte Hippolyte d'URSEL.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 2nd September, 1893.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.			
BURDWAN DIVN.			
1	Burdwan Sept. 2, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	0·32 0·32 0·60 0·23	Weather—hot. Rain wanted for the *aman* crop. *Aus* being harvested; about a 12-anna crop. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 13 Kalna ... ... 9 to 12 Katwa ... ... 12½ Raniganj ... ... 12 per rupee.
2	Bankura „ 2, '93 Vishnupur ...	1·25 0·41	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* plants thriving. Harvesting of *aus* commenced in places. Prospects fair. Condition of cattle good. Common rice sells at 12 seers 6 chitaks per rupee at Sadar and 12 seers at Vishnupur.
3	Birbhum „ 2, '93 Rampur Hát ...	1·50 0·63	Weather—seasonable. The crops continue good. Price of common rice stationary.
4	Midnapore „ 2, '93	0·38	There has been a little rain almost every day but the weather has been hot and less cloudy. The reports are all hopeful this week. In the *Sadar* prospects of *aus* and *haimanti* paddy good. In *Ghatal* the outturn is expected to be nearly 14 annas. In *Contai* prospect of *aman* paddy seems to be hopeful so far. In *Tamluk*, except in the flooded tract, prospects are also good. On the other hand, in some very small localities in Contai the crop has failed for three or four years in succession, and there is some distress which is being met by local subscriptions. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 Contai ... ... 13 Tamluk ... ... 11 Ghatal ... ... 10 to 11 per rupee.
5	Hooghly „ 2, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	0·14 0·37 0·91	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* transplantation still continues in Jahanabad, but is finished elsewhere. *Aus* harvest and steeping of jute in progress. Subdivisional reports generally prosperous. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 12 per rupee.
6	Howrah „ 2, '93 Ulubaria ...	0·50 1·26	Weather—cloudy; occasional rain. Transplantation of *aman* rice still continues. *Aus* paddy is being harvested in Ulubaria. Common rice selling at 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.			
7	24-Parganas „ 2, '93	3·11	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* going on. *Aus* being cut. Prospects of crops fair in the north of the district, but poor in the southern part, especially in the thana of Bankipore. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 10¾ Basirhat ... ... 10 Barasat ... ... 10 Diamond Harbour ... ... 11 per rupee.
8	Nadia „ 2, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	0·42 0·79 0·72 0·40 0·31	Weather—hot with occasional showers. Harvesting of *aus* rice nearly over; outturn varies from 8 to 16 annas. Prospects of *aman* rice very fair. Land being prepared for winter crops. Prices stationary.
9	Khulna „ 2, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	2·30 0·44 0·42	Weather—showery. *Aus* crop being harvested. *Aman* transplanted. Jute being cut. *Aus* has been much damaged in places.
10	Jessore „ 2, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	0·88 0·32 0·82 0·93 0·54	Weather—hot with occasional showers. Harvesting of *aus* and extracting of jute in progress. Transplantation of *aman* completed. Cattle-disease reported from Salkhia. Fodder sufficient save in Mahmudpur. Prices steady.
11	Murshidabad „ 2, '93	1·50	Weather—very hot. Harvesting of *bhadoi* paddy finished. Winter rice doing well. Jute and mulberry being cut in some places. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 11½ seers per rupee.

Division	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong	Sept. 2, '93	3·26	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* nearly over. Transplantation of *aman* still continues. Prospects fair. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	" 2, '93	4·88	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* and transplanting of *aman* continue. Prospects fair. Fodder insufficient. Cattle-disease reported from some thanas. Common rice sells from 8 to 9 seers per rupee.
	14	Tippera	" 2, '93	2·17	Weather—seasonable. From 6 to 8 annas of *aus* crop destroyed by the floods. The prospects of *aman* are looking up, and a good outturn may be expected if the water subsides fast. Jute crop was good, but water being high, it could not be cut in all places.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Aug. 31, '93	3·94	Weather—sunny with occasional showers of rain. Harvesting of *aus* paddy commenced. No vegetables available in the bazar. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice selling at 7 seers and 14 chitaks per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca	Sept. 2, '93	Not reported.	Weather—hot. *Rowa* and *shail* paddy being sown. Prospects of *aman* paddy fair. Harvesting of *aus* paddy and jute nearly finished. High floods have damaged these crops to some extent. Water subsiding. Common rice selling from 7 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder not sufficiently available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	" 2, '93	1·02 0·18 1·22	Weather—very hot, but strong south-east breeze has sprung up to-day (2nd). Water steadily falling. *Aman* doing fairly well on high lands. Sugarcane said to be doing well in Goalundo, but flood has damaged it in other places. Common rice sells from 9 to 10 seers per rupee. In many places cattle are short of fodder, especially in Goalundo and the Sadar, but no want of it in Madaripur. Some cattle-disease still.
	18	Backergunge Pirojpur Patuakhali Bhola	" 2, '93	0·63 0·74 1·84 1·31	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops fair. Sowing or transplantation of *aman* paddy nearly over, but the crop has been damaged in places by the flood. *Aus* is expected to yield about 5 annas of an average crop. Common rice sells at from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	" 2, '93	1·17	Weather—fair and hot. The flood is subsiding and the transplantation of *aman* is rapidly going on. Prospects of crops are improving. Common rice is selling at 8 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Fodder is not sufficient at Kishoreganj and Tangail.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	" 2, '93 ...	0·93 0·30	Weather—hot. Prospects of standing crops continue to be good. Transplantation of *haimanti* is nearly over. *Bhadoi* is being reaped, and jute is being washed. Price of rice at Sadar 12 seers per rupee and that at Thakurgaon stationary. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water sufficient.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	" 2, '93	1·56 0·54 3·56	Weather—seasonable. Sometimes intolerably hot, with occasional heavy showers. Prospects of standing crops on the whole good. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water-supply ample. Price of rice varies from 10 to 12 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Gaibanda Kurigaon Nilphamari	" 2, '93	1·20 0·25 Nil 0·32	Weather—hot and cloudy. Transplantation of *aman* in progress. Some rain would be beneficial. Price of rice unchanged.
	23	Bogra Sherpur Naukhila	" 2, '93	2·52 2·55 0·99	Weather—unsettled. Transplantation of *aman* nearly finished. Prospects unchanged. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	" 2, '93	0·32	Weather—hot. Rivers falling steadily. In the Sirajganj subdivision and elsewhere about 6 to 8 annas of the *aus* and 6 annas of the jute crop have been damaged. *Aman* is doing well except on very low lands which were inundated very early in July. Common rice selling at Rs. 4-12 to Rs. 5 per maund at Sirajganj and 9 seers per rupee at Pabna.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	" 2, '93 ...	2·57 10·76	Weather—seasonable. *In the hills:*—Indian-corn, *bhadoi* paddy, *shama* and *kangni* ripening and being harvested. Potatoes promise a fair crop. *In the Terai:*—*Bhadoi* being harvested. Jute being cut and steeped. Transplanting of *haimanti* paddy almost finished. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 10 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 }
	26	Jalpaiguri	" 2, '93	3·86	Weather—hot. Harvesting of *bhadoi* and transplantation of *haimanti* paddy not yet completed. Steeping of jute continues. *Bhadoi* rice sells at 13 to 14 seers per rupee at Sadar. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. No cattle-disease.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
	BHAGALPUR DIVN.		
27	Monghyr Sept. 2, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	Nil Nil 0·24	Weather—very sultry and cloudy at times. Transplantation of paddy completed. Prospects of *marua* favourable. The recent flood of Gandak has much damaged the standing crops in the northern part of the district. Indigo and sugarcane doing well. Cattle-disease is reported from Balia, Nawadih, Shaikpura, Kharakpur, and Bakhtiarpur. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 15½ } Begusarai ... ... 12 to 13 } per rupee. Jamui ... ... 12 }
28	Bhagalpur „ 2, '93 Banka Madhipura ... Supaul ...	Nil 0·50 0·12 0·24	The estimated outturn of *makai* is from 6 to 8 annas and of *marua* 12 annas. Transplantation of rice almost finished. Prospects good. Price of common rice 13½ seers per rupee.
29	Purnea „ 2, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	0·78 1·25 0·30	Weather—sultry; east winds at Kishanganj. *Bhadoi* harvest going on with good results. Jute being steeped. Transplantation of *aghani* finished in Araria subdivision, but still going on at Sadar and Kishanganj. It is slightly retarded at the latter place for want of copious rain. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease. Prices of new *bhadoi* rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 14 to 20 } Kishanganj ... ... 16 } per rupee. Araria ... ... 19 }
30	Malda „ 2, '93	1·37	Weather—hot, clear and cloudy at intervals. *Bhadoi* paddy still being reaped. Transplanting of winter rice nearly over. Washing of jute continues. Price of rice again rising owing to large exportation to the eastern districts. No want of fodder or drinking water.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 2, '93 Deoghur ... Jamtara .. Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	0·65 Nil 0·12 Nil 0·84	Weather—very hot and cloudy. Slight rain in Rajmahal, Dumka and Jamtara. Paddy crops doing well, though a little rain is required for *aghani dhan* on high lands. Fodder and water sufficient. Rice selling at the same rate as last week.
	PATNA DIVISION.		
32	Patna „ 2, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapore ...	0·63 Nil Nil 0·06	Weather—hot and sunny. The need of rain is reported from the south of the district, whereas in Gaya the fall has been up to now not excessive. Prospects of rice good. *Bhadoi* crops are being harvested. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } Barh ... ... 12½ } per rupee. Bihar ... ... 15 } Dinapore ... ... 13 }
33	Gaya „ 2, '93 Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ... Nawada ...	0·02 0·07 0·25 0·10	Weather—very hot. Harvesting of *bhadoi* crops progressing with poor outturn. Transplantation of paddy approaching completion: prospects favourable; but rain much wanted. Common rice sells from 11 to 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
34	Shahabad „ 2, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	Nil 0·30 Nil Nil	Weather—close. Paddy thriving well. Sugarcane promising. *Bhadoi* crops being harvested. More rain wanted on high lands for paddy. Fodder sufficient. Prices stationary.
35	Darbhanga „ 2, '93 Madhubani ...	1·61 0·36	Weather—very hot and sometimes cloudy. Rain wanted in parts of district. Flood water has almost subsided. The loss of crops in the flooded parts has been most severe. Extent of damage still being ascertained. Retransplantation of paddy in progress where seedlings are available. Fodder difficulty daily diminishing. Price of common rice stationary. There has been a rise in the prices of *makai* and *marua*.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 2, '93 Hajipur . Sitamarhi ...	2·92 0·10 0·86	Weather—hot, fair and sometimes cloudy. Crops very materially damaged in Sadar and Sitamarhi subdivisions by the late floods. The *bhadoi* has been lost over an extensive area, and is also not good in Hajipur subdivision. Prospects of rice fair except where it was washed away by the floods. No disease among cattle. Fodder and water sufficient.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*				
[PATNA DIVISION—*concld.*	37	Saran Sept. 2, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	Nil Nil 1·02	Weather—hot and unusually bright. A heavy local thunderstorm at Bansopali, 3 miles from Siwan, on the 31st August, with 6 inches of rain. Prospects good on the whole at present, but rice beginning to suffer from want of moisture. Indigo second crop giving better produce than the first. Water and fodder plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Chapra ... ... 13 } per rupee. Siwan ... ... 13 } Gopalganj ... ... 14½ }
	38	Champaran „ 2, '93	0·25	Weather—bright and very hot with occasional light showers. In many places in the area affected by the recent flood fresh *aghani* seedlings are being planted out. Prospect of *aghani* in places not affected by the flood is good. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
ORISSA.				
ORISSA DIVN.	39	Cuttack „ 2, '93	3·83	Weather—cloudy with fine rain and heavy showers occasionally. No change in the state and prospects of crops since last report. Price of common rice stationary.
	40	Puri Aug. 31, '93 Khurda ... Banpur ...	4·01 4·40 1·40	Weather—seasonable. Rainfall sufficient except in portions of the Gope and Banpur thanas where it is somewhat deficient. *Beali* being reaped. Transplantation of *sarad* still going on in places. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 11 13 to 15 12 } per rupee. Khurda ... ... 11 0 to 17 1 }
	41	Balasore Sept. 2, '93	3·67	Weather—seasonable; cloudy with heavy showers. Transplantation almost finished except in lands liable to flood. Fair prospect of a 12-anna rice crop. In Balasore price of rice has fallen to 16 seers per rupee.
CHOTA NAGPUR.				
		South-West Frontier Agency.		
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN.	42	Hazaribagh Sept. 2, '93 Giridi ...	0·13 0·25	Weather—bright with passing clouds and very warm. Indian-corn has yielded very poorly. Rice crops very promising. Sowings of oil-seeds in progress. Fodder and water ample. Prices more or less stationary.
	43	Lohardaga „ 2, '93	1·03	Weather—hot and cloudy. Reaping of *gora* paddy continues. Prospect of winter rice good. Common rice selling at 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	44	Palamau „ 1, '93	0·37	Light monsoon weather. *Bhadoi* crops estimated at about 2 annas. Paddy promises well at present, but more rain will soon be required in some parts. Rice selling at 11 seers 7 chitaks to 16 seers 4 chitaks per rupee. A little cattle-disease reported.
	45	Singhbhum „ 2, '93	1·77	Weather—seasonable; sunny alternating with showers of rain. Crops doing well. *Gora dhan* being harvested with 12 annas outturn. Crops on ground expected to yield 12 to 16 annas. Price of rice 12 to 14 seers per rupee.
	46	Manbhum „ 2, '93 Gobindpu ...	0·96 0·40	Weather—bright and occasionally showery. Weather generally very favourable. *Gora dhan* is being harvested. Prospects so far good. Prices stationary.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 5th September, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*RETAIL*) OF FOOD-GRAINS, FIREWOOD AND SALT IN THE HEAD-QUARTERS STATION BAZARS OF THE DISTRICTS OF BENGAL DURING THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 31ST AUGUST 1893.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	Division	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (Sorghum Vulgare). Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
		BENGAL.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
1	Burdwan Division.	Burdwan	13 6	13 8	12 15	...	...	...	9 8	9 4	9 12	11 4	12 0	12 6	...	...	...
2		Bankura	14 3	13 14	11 0	...	...	...	10 10	10 4	10 0	13-5-2	12 4	12 8	.	...	...
3		Birbhum	12 0	12 0	11 4	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 4	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
4		Midnapore	11 0	11 0	10 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 8	11 14	11 8	12 0	...	...	...
5		Hooghly	13 15	13 15	12 5	17 0	17 3	14 9	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
6		Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	8 7	11 6	11 6	12 12	...	...	...
	Presidency Division.	Calcutta	12 7	12 8	11 0	16 13	17 1	14 12	7 4	7 7	8 0	9 12	9 12	10 10	19 0	19 0	15 3
7		24-Parganas	11 12	11 8	11 8	20 0	20 0	16 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	10 12	10 12	12 0	...	...	...
8		Nadia	14 8	14 8	12 0	...	21 0	20 0	9 0	8 7	10 2¼	10 13	10 10	11 7	...	...	...
9		Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	11 0	...	...	...
10		Jessore	11 8	11 8	11 0	13 0	13 0	...	8 8	8 8	9 8	10 0	10 8	12 0	...	...	...
11		Murshidabad	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	11 8	11 4	12 0	...	...	...
12	Chittagong Division.	Chittagong	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	8 8	9 0	7 8	10 0	10 4	8 13	...	...	...
13		Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	8 3	10 0	8 0 to 9 0	9 4 to 10 0	12 0	...	...	...
14		Tippera	10 0	10 0	7 8	...	...	...	7 0	8 0	8 0	7 10	8 7	8 12½	...	...	...
15		Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 14	9 0	8 14	...	...	...
16	Dacca Division.	Dacca	11 0	11 0	10 8	...	...	...	7 0	8 8	9 8	8 0	9 8	10 8	...	...	...
17		Faridpur	15 0	16 0	14 0	18 0	18 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	11 0	...	...	...
18		Backergunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 0	8 4	8 8	10 8	...	...	...
19		Mymensingh	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	7 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	...	...	...
20	Rajshahi Division.	Dinajpur	13 0	13 0	10 0	16 0	...	16 0	9 0	9 8	9 10	12 0	12 0	New bhadoi 15 10	...	...	...
21		Rajshahi	15 12	13 8	12 0	24 0	24 0	18 12	8 4	9 0	9 12	10 8	10 14	10 14	...	...	...
22		Rangpur	13 15	13 5	11 4	...	...	...	10 0	8 0	8 0	11 0	11 1	10 6	...	...	...

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 11¼ seers, and Raniganj 10½ seers.
B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Contai 10 seers, Tamluk 11 seers, and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks.
E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Serampore (Bhadreswar) 10 seers 10 chitaks and Jahanabad 10 seers 10 chitaks.
F At Uluberia the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
G In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Chetla Hát 11 seers 6¾ chitaks, Barasat 10 seers 10 chitaks, Baduria 11 seers, Magrahát 10 seers 10 chitaks.
H In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kushtia (Bahadurkhali) 10½ seers, Chuadanga 10 seers, Meherpur 11 seers, and Ranaghat 10½ seers.
I In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bagerhat 8 seers and Satkhira 10 seers 10 chitaks.
J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jhenida 10 seers, Magura 10 seers, Bangaon 10 seers 11 chitaks, and Narail 9 seers 10 chitaks.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET. (*Setaria italica.*)			GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	Ch	S. Ch.
...	...	...	20 0	19 0	14 12
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	14 0
...	...	...	14 8	14 8	13 0
...	...	...	16 10	16 10	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
8 6	8 4	10 0	14 0	15 3	14 0
8 0	8 0	7 0	20 0	20 0	14 8
...	...	...	22 10	22 0	14 14
...	...	...	12 0	12 8	13 0
...	...	...	17 0	17 0	14 8
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	16 0
...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 8
...	...	...	11 8	12 0	9 0
...	...	...	11 8	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	13 0
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	13 5	13 0	13 3
...	...	...	12 8	12 8	12 8
...	...	...	13 0	16 0	12 0
...	...	...	19 8	21 0	15 12
...	...	...	15 0	16 0	13 0

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 31st August, 1893.

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*) Present return.	Indian-corn Next preceding return.	Indian-corn Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus Indicus.*) Present return.	Arhar Next preceding return.	Arhar Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Firewood Next preceding return.	Firewood Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Salt Next preceding return.	Salt Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Wholesale Salt Next preceding return.	Wholesale Salt Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	Division
															BENGAL.		
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	16 4	108 0	108 0	100 0	A 11 8	11 9	12 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 5 4½	Burdwan.	1	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	13 6	16 0	16 0	280 0	280 0	220 0	B 10-10-2	10 5	10 0	3 12 0	3 14 0	3 10 0	Bankura.	2	
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	C 11 0	11 0	10 4	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 11 0	Birbhum.	3	
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	240 0	D 10 12	10 12	11 0	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 8 0	Midnapore.	4	
...	...	...	11 7	11 7	11 0	160 0	160 0	120 0	E 11 6	11 6	10 5	3 5 0	3 5 0	3 5 0	Hooghly.	5	
...	...	...	12 8	12 8	10 10	105 0	105 0	106 0	F 10 10	10 10	10 10⅜	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	Howrah.	6	
10 6	20 0	15 3	18 4	18 12	15 3	85 0	90 0	85 0	11 0	10 14	11 6	3 9 0	3 10 0	3 4 0	Calcutta.		Presidency Division.
16 0	16 0	...	20 0	21 0	17 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	G 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 4 0	24-Parganas.	7	
...	...	...	24 8	24 8	17 12½	128 0	128 0	...	H 10 8	10 8	10 10½	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 7 0	Nadia.	8	
...	...	...	10 0	11 7	9 2	160 0	160 0	160 0	I 9 2	9 2	9 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	Khulna.	9	
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	J 9 14	9 14	9 12	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Jessore.	10	
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	K 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 7 0	Murshidabad.	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	80 0	80 0	110 0	L 9 8	9 0	9 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	Chittagong.	12	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	M 9 0	9 0	9 0	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 0 0	Noakhali.	13	
...	...	...	7 6	7 8	7 10	...	...	...	N 10 4	10 0	10 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	Tippera.	14	
No. in cobs. 300	...	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	5 0 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15	
...	...	...	16 0	20 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	O 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	Dacca.	16	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P 10 4	10 4	10 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	Faridpur.	17	
10 0	Mug. 10 0	10 0	8 0	Musuri. 7 8	8 0	80 0	80 0	80 0	Q 10 8	10 0	10 10	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Backergunge.	18	
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	R 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	Mymensingh.	19	
...	...	...	...	...	...	160 0	160 0	160 0	10 0	10 0	10 4	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	Dinajpur.	20	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	21 0	20 12	17 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	S 9 9	9 9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 8	3 10 8	Rajshahi.	21	
...	...	...	11 3	10 0	9 0	70 0	70 0	80 0	T 12 0	10 0	10 0	3 5 4	4 0 0	4 0 0	Rangpur.	22	

K In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jangipur 10 seers and Kandi 10 seers 9 chitaks.
L At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
M At Fenny Hát the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
N In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Brahmanbaria 9 seers 2 chitaks and Chandpur 9 seers.
O Retail prices of salt in the marts in the interior of the district are :—Madanganj 10 seers, Manikganj 9 seers 13 chitaks, Mirkadim 10 seers, and Munshirhát 10 seers.
P In the Madaripur and Goalundo subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 10¼ seers, Patuakhali 9 seers.
R In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jamalpur 9¼ seers, Kishorganj 8 seers, Kagmari 10 seers, and Netrakona 10 seers.
S In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nator 9 seers and Naugaon 9 seers 9 chitaks.
T In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kurigaon 8 seers, Gaibanda 10 seers, and Nilphamari 10 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters

	Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN — Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Jowar or Cholum (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)		
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL—*continued.*			S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Rajshahi Division—*concld.*	23	Bogra ...	13 5	13 8	11 4	...	...	...	7 8	9 0	9 0	9 12	11 4	11 4	...	...	...
	24	Pabna ...	16 8	17 4	13 8	24 0	24 0	...	6 0	6 0	6 14	9 12	11 12	12 6	...	...	...
	25	Darjeeling ...	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
	26	Jalpaiguri	13 0	12 0	11 0	12 0	14 0	14 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	12 0	11 0	10 8	...	...	...
BIHAR.																	
Bhagalpur Division.	27	Monghyr ...	15 8	15 12	13 8	21 0	21 0	14 0	8 0 to 10 0	10 8	9 0	11 8	11 8	11 8	...	...	...
	28	Bhagalpur ...	15 2	15 2	13 14	21 7	20 3	15 2	10 11	10 1	10 1	13 4	13 14	11 6	...	...	...
	29	Purnea (Kasba)	16 0	16 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 0	14 0	14 0	16 0	...	...	...
	30	Malda (English Bazar).	15 0	14 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	16 0	14 0	...	...	...
	31	Sonthal Parganas.	11 8	11 8	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 8	14 0	14 0	13 0	...	...	...
Patna Division.	32	Patna ...	19 0 / 18 0	Red. 18 0 / White. 16 0	16 0 / 15 0	25 0 to 28 0	25 0	21 0	10 8	10 0	10 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	23 0 to 24 0	22 0	22 0
	33	Gaya ...	14 0	14 0	12 8	20 0	20 0	16 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	13 0	13 0	12 8	17 8	17 12	16 4
	34	Shahabad* ...		14 0	13 8		20 0	16 0		8 0	8 0		11 8	11 0	...	...	...
	35	Darbhanga ...	13 3	13 2	12 10	20 12	20 12	13 3	12 0	12 2	11 0	14 0	14 3	13 12	...	...	...
	36	Muzaffarpur ...	15 0	14 8	13 0	22 0	22 0	18 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	12 12	13 0	12 8	...	...	...
	37	Saran ...	16 12	16 0	14 0	25 0	23 4	21 0	9 8	10 9	8 8	13 0	13 0	11 10	...	...	...
	38	Champaran ...	13 8	14 12	13 0	22 0	23 4	17 4	8 8	8 4	9 0	15 8	14 4	13 0	...	...	...
ORISSA.																	
Orissa Division.	39	Cuttack ...	12 7	11 13	8 3	...	...	...	11 0	10 8	7 14	14 7	13 2	11 2	...	...	...
	40	Puri ...	9 8	9 8	9 3	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 8	13 0	13 0	11 13	...	...	...
	41	Balasore ...	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	16 0	13 0	14 0	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																	
Chota Nagpur Division.	42	Hazaribagh ...	12 4	12 0 to 12 8	11 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	12 12	12 4	12 8	...	...	...
	43	Lohardaga ...	10 8 / 7 0 to 9 0	Red. 10 0 / White. 7 8 to 9 0	9 0 to 9 8 / 7 0 to 9 0	13 0	12 8	11 0	11 0 to 12 0	11 0 to 12 0	12 0	13 0 to 14 0	13 0 to 14 0	14 0 to 15 4	...	...	...
	44	Palamau ...	12 6	12 15	11 13	21 15	23 10	...	13 8	11 13	10 15	14 1	12 6	14 1	...	...	...
	45	Singhbhum ...	12 0	13 0	13 0	...	...	...	10 0	8 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	15 0	...	...	...
	46	Manbhum	13 0	13 0	11 8	...	...	...	8 0 to 8 8	8 0 to 9 0	13 0	10 0 to 12 0	10 0 to 12 0	15 0	...	...	...

* Present return not received.

U At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 10¾ seers per rupee.
V At Alipur the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
W In the Beguserai and Jamui subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
X In the Banka, Madhipura and Supaul subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Y In the Kishanganj and Araria subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, Rajmahal 10 seers.
a In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Barh 11 seers, Bihar 10 seers, and Dinapore 9½ seers.
b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jahanabad 10 seers, Aurangabad 10 seers, and Nawada 9 seers.

CALCUTTA,
The 5th September, 1893.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	13 0	11 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	20 0	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	22 8	23 0	27 8
...	...	...	24 0	...	20 0
...	...	...	22 0	20 0	21 8
...	...	...	25 8	24 4	19 8
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	24 0	23 0	24 0
...	...	...	26 0	27 0	33 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	15 0	15 12	12 [illegible]
...	...	...	16 8	16 8	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 [illegible]
...	...	...	15 0	16 0	13 [illegible]
14 0	14 11	18 0	22 0	24 0	17 [illegible]
...	...	...	20 3	20 3	15 [illegible]
21 0	21 0	16 0	20 0	20 0	13 [illegible]
13 0	13 0	16 0	18 0	18 0	15 [illegible]
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	12 [illegible]
20 0 to 22 0	20 0	21 0	21 0 to 25 0	21 0	21 [illegible]
18 0	16 0	16 8	18 12	18 4	18 [illegible]
...	...	...		20 0	16 [illegible]
15 8	15 5	15 6	19 8	20 12	17 [illegible]
...	...	...	22 0	21 0	19 [illegible]
16 0	16 0	13 8	23 0	22 0	19 [illegible]
...	...	...	21 0	21 8	15 [illegible]
...	...	...	(Biri or kalai) 20 0	20 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	(Chhola.) 12 0 (Biri.) 16 0	12 0 16 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	15 0	15 0 to 15 8	[illegible]
...	...	...	12 0	10 0 to 11 8	[illegible]
...	...	...	21 6	20 4	[illegible]
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	16 0 to 17 0	16 0 to 17 0	[illegible]

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 31st August, 1893—(concluded).

Indian-corn or Maize (*Zea Mays.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	Division
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
															BENGAL—*continued.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0	90 0	9 9	9 12	9 9	4 0 0	3 13 4	3 14 0	Bogra.	23	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*
...	...	...	22 8	22 8	17 12	200 0	200 0	200 0	[U] 10 8	10 8	9 12	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 11 0	Pabna.	24	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*
21 0	16 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 10 0	Darjeeling.	25	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 0	160 0	120 0	200 0	[V] 10 0	10 0	9 8	3 15 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	Jalpaiguri.	26	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*
															BIHAR.		
23 0	23 0	22 0	25 0	25 3	17 0	160 0	126 to 148	160 0	[W] 11 0	11 10	10 8	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	Monghyr.	27	Bhagalpur Division.
24 0	25 4	25 4	22 11	22 11	17 10	151 8	126 4	164 0	[X] 10 8	10 8	10 11	3 0 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	Bhagalpur.	28	Bhagalpur Division.
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	[Y] 10 0	10 0	11 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 5 0	Purnea.	29	Bhagalpur Division.
30 0	32 0	...	12 0	12 0	...	160 0	160 0	120 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Malda.	30	Bhagalpur Division.
21 0	21 0	13 0	23 8	22 8	15 0	140 0	12) 0	200 0	[Z] 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 10 3	Sonthal Parganas.	31	Bhagalpur Division.
23 0	21 0	30 0	24 0 to 26 0	25 0	23 0	130 0	130 0	130 0	11 4	11 0	11 8	3 10 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Patna.	32	Patna Division.
20 0	...	20 0	22 0	21 0	19 0	160 0	160 0	200 0	[b] 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	Gaya.	33	Patna Division.
	20 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	16 0		120 0	140 0		10 8	11 0		3 13 0	3 10 0	Shahabad.	34	Patna Division.
22 0	24 0	24 3	22 8	23 0	18 11	176 0	176 0	176 0	[c] 10 4	10 4	9 12	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 12 0	Darbhanga.	35	Patna Division.
21 4	22 8	18 0	22 0	22 0	19 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	[d] 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	Muzaffarpur.	36	Patna Division.
20 8	21 12	20 8	24 4	24 0	20 0	180 0	180 0	160 0	[e] 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	Saran.	37	Patna Division.
21 0	20 12	17 10	22 4	22 12	17 8	180 0	180 0	160 0	[f] 10 10	11 0	10 8	3 11 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	Champaran.	38	Patna Division.
															ORISSA.		
...	...	...	21 0	20 0	15 12	80 0	80 0	80 0	[g] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.	39	Orissa Division.
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 10	80 0	80 0	80 0	12 0	12 0	10 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 9 0	Puri.	40	Orissa Division.
...	...	...	11 0	10 12	10 12	130 0	160 0	160 0	[h] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	Balasore.	41	Orissa Division.
															CHOTA NAGPUR.		
16 0	18 0	17 0	18 0	17 0	15 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	4 4 6	4 8 0	4 4 0	Hazaribagh.	42	Chota Nagpur Division.
22 0	18 0	20 0	Big. 11 0; Small. 20 0	Big. 12 0; Small. 18 0	Big. 11 0; Small. 14 0	140 0	140	140 0 to 160 0	8 4	8 4	9 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	4 5 0	Lohardaga.	43	Chota Nagpur Division.
25 5	23 10	20 4	...	30 6	...	...	...	...	[j] 8 7	8 2¼	8 7	...	...	...	Palamau.	44	Chota Nagpur Division.
16 0	16 0	...	16 0	16 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	Singhbhum.	45	Chota Nagpur Division.
18 0 to 19 0	20 0	...	16 0	15 0	16 0	...	...	...	10 10	10 10	10 10	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 10 0	Manbhum.	46	Chota Nagpur Division.

c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Madhubani 11 seers and Samastipur 10 seers.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Hajipur 10½ seers and Sitamarhi 10 seers.
e In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Siwan 10 seers 10 chitaks and Gopalganj (Mirganj) 11 seers 13 chitaks.
f At Bettiah the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
g In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jajpur 9 seers, Kendrapara 9 seers, and Banki 11½ seers.
h At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
i At Giridih the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
j At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*wholesale*) *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt*

Number.	MARTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE COMMON.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	3 3 3	3 2 9	3 6 0	2 5 6	2 5 0	2 7 0	5 8 0	5 5 0	4 12 0	4 1 6	4 1 0	3 8 3
2	Sirajganj ...	2 7 0	2 7 0	3 4 0	...	...	...	6 6 0	5 14 0	5 12 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	3 8 0
3	Dacca ...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	5 12 0	4 10 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0
4	Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 8 0	4 10 0	3 8 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 2 0
5	Chittagong	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	...	...	...	4 8 0	4 5 6	5 8 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	4 2 0
6	Patna ...	2 1 6 2 3 6	Red. 2 3 3 White. 2 8 0	2 8 0 2 10 6	1 9 6	1 9 0	1 14 6	3 13 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	2 10 6	2 13 0	2 13 6
7	Balasore ...	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0	3 12 0	2 8 0	3 1 0	2 14 0
8	Puri ...	4 3 0	4	4 0	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 5 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 2 0
9	Cuttack ...	3 2 0	3 4 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	3 8 0	3 10 0	5 0 0	2 12 0	3 0 0	3 9 0

CALCUTTA,
The 5th September, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND

JOWAR OR CHOLUM. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)			BAJRA OR CUMBU. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
2 1 6	2 1 0	2 6 0	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 12 0	1 13 0	1 13 0	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

OF 40 SEERS.

Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
...	...	...	4 8 6	4 9 0	3 8 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 14 6
...	...	...	...		...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

1650*b*

in the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 31*st August*, 1893.

Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			Firewood.			Salt.			Marts.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 13 0	2 9 6	2 9 0	2 1 0	2 0 0	2 6 0	2 2 6	2 2 0	2 6 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	3 4 0	Calcutta.
3 0 0	3 0 0	2 13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 8 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 7 0	Sirajganj.
2 12 0	2 12 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	2 8 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	Dacca.
2 12 0	2 12 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	3 0 0	3 0 0	4 2 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Narayanganj.
3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	Chittagong.
1 14 6	1 14 6	1 14 6	1 12 0	1 14 6	1 5 0	1 10 9	1 9 0	1 11 6	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Patna.
2 14 0	2 14 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 8 0	2 8 0	2 12 0	...	...	...	2 10 0	2 10 0	2 14 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 9 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 10 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·597	29·552	—	Calm	202	91·7	30th Aug.	71·1	30th Aug.	88·9	78·2	83·6
		Gopalpore ...	29·613	29·574	—·087	SWly	230	89·7	30th „	75·3	2nd Sept.	87·9	77·7	82·8
		False Point ..	29·600	29·563	—·102	Variable	216	90·0	31st „	77·6	29th Aug.	87·3	79·3	83·3
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·531	29·553	—·099	Calm		93·2	31st „	77·9	28th, 1st & 2nd Sept.	89·1	79·0	83·8
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·567	29·569	—·081	NE	104	90·4	1st Sept.	77·7	27, 28 Aug.	89·0	79·0	84·0
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ..	29·501	29·596	—0·67	NE	53	92·3	31st Aug. & 1st Sept.	79·0	27 to 30&1st, 2nd Sept.	90·2	79·1	84·7
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ..	29·628	29·594	—·064	E	89	90·1	31st Aug. & 1st Sept.	77·7	29th Aug.	87·9	78·8	83·4
		Saugor Island	29·613	29·582	—·079	Variable	285	91·7	1st „	79·0	27th „	90·2	80·4	85·3
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia*	Krishnagar ...	29·613	29·608	—·042	ESE	105	92·3	1st Sept.	79·2	28—31 „	90·5	79·5	85·0
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·636	29·616	—·056	SSE	104	91·5	31st Aug.	78·9	30,2nd Sept	90·1	79·7	85·0
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29·566	29·610	—·048	SEly	44	92·1	1st Sept.	79·2	28th Aug.	90·7	80·2	85·5
		Raniganj ...	29·333	29·618	—·035	Variable	65	95·7	2nd „	76·8	28th „	93·3	78·1	85·7
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·334	29·582	—·058	Calm	71	91·6	1st „	78·0	2nd Sept.	89·8	78·9	84·4
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·6·3	29·619	—·045	E	43	92·7	2nd „	79·3	28th Aug.	90·1	80·7	85·4
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ..	29·634	29·630	—·059	SE	124	92·1	2nd „	77·2	2nd Sept.	87·5	80·1	83·8
	Bogra	Bogra ..	29·616	29·629	—·014	SE	62	93·2	2nd „	76·2	30th Aug.	89·3	77·7	83·5
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·604	29·622	—·029	SE	86	93·1	2nd „	74·6	2nd Sept.	89·5	78·5	84·0
	Malda	Malda ...	29·589	29·620	—	SE & Calm.	69	93·6	2nd „	80·0	28th Aug.	90·9	80·6	85·8
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·565	29·633	—·027	SE	32	93·6	2nd „	78·7	30th „	90·1	80·1	85·1
	Rangpur	Rangpur ..	29·565	29·644	—·036	SSE	23	92·8	2nd „	78·7	29, 30 „	89·9	79·6	84·8
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·423	29·660	—·006	Variable	42	92·9	2nd „	76·6	28, 29 „	90·1	77·1	83·6
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	22·945	—	—·005	Variable	67	67·1	28th&1st „	55·6	1st Sept.	65·4	57·0	61·2
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	19·054	—	—	Variable	58	57·9	30th „	35·1	2nd „	55·3	37·5	46·4
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·626	29·659	—·068	ENE	94	89·7	1st „	7·61	29th & 2nd Sept.	87·8	77·1	82·5
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·656	29·614	—·039	Calm	87	90·8	1st Sept.	?	?	89·3	?	[illegible]
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·648	29·638	—·065	SE & E	148	88·5	1st, 2nd „	75·8	1st Sept.	86·9	77·4	82·2
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·655	29·649	—·050	Calm	64	89·0	2nd „	79·4	30th Aug.	88·0	80·9	84·5
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·651	29·621	—·071	S	157	91·1	2nd „	79·2	2nd Sept.	89·5	81·2	85·4
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·661	29·644	—·060	E	118	91·8	2nd „	76·7	2nd „	89·8	77·4	83·8
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·704	29·642	—·064	ESE	89	91·7	2nd „	78·0	28,29 Aug.	88·5	79·6	84·1
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·550	29·627	—·031	Variable	31	94·2	2nd „	78·2	28th „	91·3	81·3	86·3
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·498	29·610	—·032	Calm	32	92·7	2nd „	78·5	28th „	90·5	79·9	85·2
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·508	29·626	—·089	Variable	89	91·0	1st, 2nd „	78·2	29th „	89·5	80·3	85·0
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·495	29·596	—	ESE	103	91·2	1st, 2nd „	77·2	1st Sept.	89·7	80·3	85·1
	Champaran	Motihari ...*	29·456	29·616	—·025	ENE	80	93·2	30th Aug.	76·9	1st „	91·1	78·5	84·8
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·485	29·616	—·008	Variable	111	92·8	29th Aug. & 1st Sept.	79·1	1st „	91·7	80·2	86·0
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·280	29·589	—·051	E	207	93·8	1st „	75·0	2nd „	91·9	80·2	86·1
		Buxar ...	29·414	29·607	—·033	E	146	92·5	31st Aug.	78·7	2nd „	91·5	80·1	85·8
		Arrah ..	29·452	29·592	—·031	Variable	33	93·9	1st Sept.	80·5	27th Aug.	92·5	81·5	87·0
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·276	29·600	—·038	E	126	93·4	27, 29 Aug.	75·3	28th „	92·6	80·2	86·4
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·471	29·603	—·046	E	138	92·9	2nd Sept.	78·7	31st „	90·9	81·2	86·1
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka	29·167	29·609	—·035	E	110	92·6	2nd „	76·7	29th Aug.	90·3	78·5	84·4
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·671	29·606	—·032	Variable	175	88·2	1st „	71·8	27th „	86·5	73·4	80·0
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·538	29·593	—·044	Calm	147	88·5	28th Aug.	71·4	28th „	84·7	72·8	78·8
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa ...	28·365	29·567	—·058	Calm	13	91·4	1st Sept.	76·7	2nd Sept.	89·1	77·6	83·4
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·410	29·697	—·027	SW		92·6	27th Aug.	76·5	28, 30 & 31 Aug.	87·8	78·0	82·9
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·578	29·646	—·042	Variable	89	90·2	1st Sept.	79·3	31st „	88·2	80·1	84·2
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·614	29·669	—·060	Calm		96·1	2nd „	75·8	27th „	91·4	77·7	84·6

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 1[illegible]
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one o[illegible]

for the week ending Saturday, the 2nd of September 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. — Of week. — Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall. — Since 1st of month. — Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Since 16th May 1893. — Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	DISTRICT.
—	82·1	88	7·1	6·13		2·37		3·30		0·80			34·36		Puri.
—0·6	81·5	86	4·4	3·51											
+1·0	82·9	86	7·3	4·19											
—0·4	83·4	80	5·4	3·23		1·99		2·87		0·54			33·29		Cuttack.
+1·8	83·6	92	4·1	3·29		1·68		2·67		0·59			35·76		Balasore.
+1·9	82·9	88	4·3	0·83	1·29	2·51	3·00	2·92	0·45	0·53	—0·08	50·86	39·01	+11·85	Midnapore.
+0·7	83·1	86	8·4	3·11	1·41	2·05	2·86	3·23	0·36	0·55	—0·19	49·72	39·55	+10·17	24-Parganas.
+1·9	83·0	90	9·1	1·66											
					0·37	2·26	1·50	3·66	Nil	0·51	—0·51	47·60	38·22	+9·38	Howrah.
					0·46	1·92	2·00	3·18	0·10	0·46	—0·36	46·87	38·11	+8·76	Hooghly.
+1·6	84·1	83	7·6	0·42	0·47	2·10	1·80	3·11	0·13	0·57	—0·44	45·71	35·77	+9·94	Nadia.
					0·97	1·85	2·67	3·01	0·10	0·56	—0·46	56·46	41·63	+14·83	Khulna.
+1·0	83·7	88	7·4	0·88	0·67	1·06	2·20	2·67	0·21	0·55	—0·34	40·94	37·24	+3·70	Jessore.
+1·3	83·3	84	7·3	0·32	0·34	2·13	1·00	3·04	0·15	0·60	—0·45	42·33	35·30	+7·03	Burdwan.
+2·6	82·0	90	3·1	0·35											
+1·7	81·8	89	7·3	1·25	1·31	2·06	2·50	3·35	0·46	0·83	—0·37	48·40	40·09	+8·40	Bankura.
					1·06	2·50	2·33	3·06	0·67	0·83	—0·16	40·21	38·70	+1·51	Birbhum.
+1·9	82·8	92	9·0	1·50	1·05	2·60	2·33	3·21	0·22	0·72	—0·50	48·22	35·43	+12·79	Murshidabad.
+1·3	82·8	92	8·0	1·03	0·68	2·49	2·50	3·38	0·35	0·74	—0·39	59·12	37·77	+21·35	Pabna.
+0·7	81·8	90	4·9	2·67	1·68	2·93	3·25	3·15	0·12	0·81	—0·69	49·02	41·99	+7·03	Bogra.
+1·4	83·3	86	5·3	1·53	2·20	2·81	4·00	3·51	0·68	0·87	—0·19	52·14	37·84	+14·30	Rajshahi.
—	83·8	89	5·6	1·37	1·26	2·85	3·00	3·21	0·52	0·85	—0·33	40·29	38·78	+1·51	Malda.
+1·8	82·7	89	6·1	0·78	1·24	2·95	2·20	3·56	0·22	0·73	—0·51	50·83	41·94	+8·89	Dinajpur.
+1·9	83·5	89	4·1	1·20	1·10	3·21	1·50	3·00	0·45	0·77	—0·32	63·73	55·19	+8·54	Rangpur.
+1·7	80·6	88	7·1	2·02	3·36	5·62	4·00	3·80	Nil	1·97	—1·97	91·41	88·45	+2·96	Jalpaiguri.
					0·58	6·55	1·75	3·06	0·03	2·15	—2·12	87·96	83·43	+4·53	Kuch Bihar.
+0·3	60·3	95	9·1	2·57	8·29	4·88	5·25	4·43	0·21	1·08	—0·87	103·97	98·08	+5·89	Darjeeling.
—	48·6	88	8·0	7·37											Sikkim.
+1·7	82·1	86	5·7	2·98	2·65	3·02	4·00	3·88	0·96	0·93	+0·03	119·25	89·00	+30·25	Chittagong.
					3·44	2·85	4·00	4·60	0·59	0·69	—0·10	87·87	61·25	+26·62	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
?	83·7	85	9·0	0·62	1·17	2·62	4·00	3·84	0·37	0·71	—0·34	67·60	56·96	+10·64	Backergunge.
+1·1	81·9	91	3·6	4·88	3·64	3·79	5·00	4·51	0·99	1·38	—0·39	99·05	80·67	+18·38	Noakhali.
+2·0	83·5	85	7·1	1·02	0·41	2·09	2·33	3·20	0·22	0·65	—0·43	52·94	41·11	+11·83	Faridpur.
+2·1	84·0	84	7·9	0·34	0·81	2·39	2·00	3·53	0·37	0·82	—0·45	53·81	44·82	+8·99	Dacca.
+2·3	81·2	92	6·0	1·63	1·61	2·66	2·50	3·63	0·56	0·98	—0·42	60·37	51·64	+8·73	Tippera.
+1·6	82·2	89	7·4	1·17	2·11	3·31	3·00	3·84	0·43	0·90	—0·47	74·23	50·35	+23·88	Mymensingh.
+3·1	84·5	86	4·3	0·80	0·78	3·33	2·67	3·69	0·07	1·10	—1·03	56·01	47·05	+8·96	Purnea.
+1·8	84·8	85	6·7	—	0·19	2·41	0·50	3·22	Nil	0·64	—0·64	34·98	32·77	+2·21	Bhagalpur.
+1·6	82·5	89	6·4	1·61	0·55	2·98	1·00	3·14	0·02	0·86	—0·84		33·08		Darbhanga.
—	83·5	89	5·3	2·92	0·81	2·50	1·00	2·88	0·53	0·99	—0·46	33·48	30·91	+2·57	Muzaffarpur.
+1·8	83·0	87	6·0	0·25		2·87		2·86		1·01			33·77		Champaran.
+2·5	84·7	83	9·3	—	1·02	2·82	1·00	3·07	0·25	0·77	—0·52	28·77	30·30	—1·53	Saran.
+3·2	84·8	83	1·4	2·57											
+2·6	84·2	84	6·4	—	0·94	2·19	1·00	2·57	0·82	0·54	+0·28		29·18		Shahabad.
+3·3	85·1	86	2·0	—											
+2·3	84·3	87	4·7	0·02	0·10	2·06	0·50	2·55	0·05	0·53			31·16		Gaya.
+2·1	85·7	85	7·9	0·63		2·22		2·61		0·65			30·43		Patna.
					Nil	2·17	Nil	3·23	Nil	0·65	—0·65	35·71	31·73	+3·98	Monghyr.
+2·4	82·7	84	4·3	0·65	0·31	2·44	0·67	3·27	0·09	0·79	—0·70	44·88	36·61	+8·27	Sonthal Parganas.
+2·1	77·8	88	10·0	0·24		2·38		3·64		0·52			37·76		Hazaribagh.
+1·4	75·2	93	6·7	1·03		2·54		3·52		0·82			38·70		Lohardaga.
						2·31		3·00		0·67			31·56		Palamau.
+1·0	80·8	87	8·9	1·77	1·77	2·28	4·00	3·25	0·40	0·81	—0·41	44·02	39·42	+4·60	Singhbhum.
					1·12	2·12	2·50	3·35	0·46	0·58	—0·12	52·33	35·27	+17·06	Manbhum.
—0·3	80·6	97	9·0	5·03											Assam.
+1·8	82·2	89	7·4	0·93											
+2·3	81·5	88	9·1	5·32											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 2nd of September 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall.							Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rain-fall since 1st of month.	Average total rain-fall from 1st of month.	Total rain-fall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
			Sunday, 27th August.	Monday, 28th August.	Tuesday, 29th August.	Wednesday, 30th August.	Thursday, 31st August.	Friday, 1st.	Saturday, 2nd.							
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	0·81	1·07	1·88	0·25	1·00	1·12	6	6·13	2·03	2·12	0·74	38·94	29·46
		Khurda ...	0·90	1·05	0·69	...	...	0·32				2·54		0·73		37·20
		Banpur ...	1·57	0·70	...		0·06	0·17				2·21		0·98		31·14
		False Point ...	0·23	0·16	0·15	0·06	...	0·04	3·55	4	4·19	2·71	3·59	0·73	61·79	30·63
		Gop ...		0·52								?		?		?
		Satpara ...	0·32	0·80	0·72	0·02	0·10					?		?		?
		Pipli ...	1·00	0·75		0·22	...	1·92				?		?		?
		Raspur ...	0·63	1·56	0·29	...	...	0·11				?		?		?
		Kurmala ...	·5	0·82	0·10	0·10						?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore		0·15	0·17	0·17						1·58		0·38		30·01
		Banki ...	0·42	0·34	...	...	0·03	0·10				2·34		0·49		34·54
		Cuttack ...	0·88	0·47	0·06	...	...	0·17	2·25	4	3·83	1·92	2·42	0·62		39·08
		Kendrapara ...	0·16	0·23	0·04	...	...	0·10	3·10	4	3·63	2·23	3·20	0·63	57·13	35·98
		Jajpur ...	0·37	0·21	0·43	...	...	0·40	1·92	5	3·33	1·91	2·32	0·58	50·55	36·79
		Dharmsala ...	0·23			0·40	0·22	2·04				?		?		?
		Salipore ...	0·43									?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
	Balasore ...	Nayagarh ...			0·52							?		?		?
		Akhyapada ...	0·83	0·37	...	...	...	0·17	0·95	4	2·32	?	1·12	?		?
		Chandbali ...	0·18	0·08	...	...	...	...	4·80	2	5·06	1·68	4·80	0·61	37·70	33·09
		Bhadrak ...	0·20	0·30	1·19	1·10	...	...	0·76	5	3·55	1·81	0·76	0·71	48·01	34·96
		Soro ...	0·33	0·20	...	...	...	0·20	0·65	4	1·98	1·68	0·85	0·66	49·63	33·51
		Balasore ...	0·12	0·72	...	0·02	...	0·37	2·44	4	3·67	2·10	2·81	0·91	59·83	38·62
		Jellasore ...										1·69		0·36		36·02
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore	Baripadah ...										1·14		0·28		37·61
		Contai ...	0·44	0·93	0·69	...	0·07	1·08	0·08	3	2·69	2·48	1·16	0·64	50·92	40·69
		Tamluk ...	...	0·22	...	...	...	0·11	0·20	3	0·53	2·17	0·31	0·24	41·74	37·48
		Midnapore ...	0·06	0·25	0·40	0·02	...	0·10	...	3	0·83	2·38	0·10	0·64	45·56	39·09
		Ghatal ...	...	0·26	...	0·61	...	0·07	0·15	3	1·09	3·00	0·23	0·58	45·17	41·70
		Kukrahaty ...	...	0·41	0·95	0·06	...	0·27	0·22	4	1·91	?	0·49	?		?
		Garhbeta ...	0·11	0·03	0·01	0·10	...	0·65	0·80	4	1·70	?	1·45	?	49·83	?
		Pauskura ...	...	0·23	...	0·33	...	...	...	2	0·56	?	Nil	?	36·91	?
	24-Parganas ...	Dantoon ...	0·43	...	0·61							?		?		?
		Saugor Island	0·40	0·11	0·06	0·32	...	...	0·08	4	1·06	2·60	0·68	0·94	57·13	44·54
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	0·50	0·74	0·24	...	0·55	0·12	5	2·15	2·37	0·67	0·68	43·33	41·20
		Canning Town	...	0·05	0·35	...	...	...	...	1	0·40	?	Nil	?	67·83	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	0·35	0·61	0·31	0·03	1·79	...	0·02	4	3·11	2·18	0·02	0·50	56·97	40·21
		Barrackpore ...	...	0·06	...	...	...	0·04	...	Nil	0·10	1·33	0·04	0·31	45·76	37·21
		Dum-Dum ...	...	0·39	0·10	...	0·13	...	...	3	0·62	2·05	Nil	0·63	48·01	37·88
		Barasat ...	...	0·42	...	...	...	...	0·74	2	1·16	1·80	0·74	0·37	43·20	35·41
	Howrah ...	Basirhat ...	...	...	0·72	...	...	...	0·36	2	1·08	1·82	0·36	0·39	55·14	40·37
		Howrah ...	...	0·15	0·09	...	0·23	...	...	2	0·50	2·16	Nil	0·59	54·11	37·33
		Mohesreka ...	0·07	0·10	0·03	0·04	...	...	...	1	0·24	2·35	Nil	0·43	41·07	38·99
		Ulubaria ...	0·28	0·32	0·20	0·26	0·02	...	...	4	1·08	?	Nil	?	43·12	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	0·14	0·19	...	...	...	0·23	3	0·56	1·32	0·23	0·27	50·49	43·19
		Hooghly ...	0·06	...	0·01	...	...	0·02	0·05	Nil	0·14	1·42	0·07	0·49	41·13	36·21
		Jahanabad ...	0·37	0·13	0·19	...	...	...	...	3	0·63	2·81	Nil	0·61	49·21	40·94
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·67	Nil	0·29	40·06	35·40
		Krishnagar ...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	0·33	1	0·42	1·83	0·36	0·57	40·49	33·28
		Chuadanga ...	0·11	0·29	...	...	...	...	0·11	3	0·51	1·94	0·11	0·63	45·33	36·28
		Meherpore ...	0·30	0·05	...	0·32	...	...	0·20	3	0·87	2·79	0·20	0·66	43·05	35·30
		Kushtia ...	...	0·20	0·25	0·08	...	...	...	2	0·53	2·28	Nil	0·68	60·14	38·49
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	0·17	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·42	1·37	Nil	0·47	53·70	40·52
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	0·18	...	...	...	1	0·18	1·80	Nil	0·44	65·18	41·39
		Khulna ...	0·02	0·25	1·00	0·19	0·55	0·29	...	5	2·30	2·38	0·29	0·79	50·59	39·67
		Nakipur ...	0·19	...	0·34	...						?		?		?
		Rampal ...	0·30	0·10	...	0·50	0·40	0·20	0·30	6	1·80	?	0·50	?		?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·30	0·05	...	0·05	...	0·47	0·07	2	0·94	1·28	0·54	0·50	38·14	34·25
		Jessore ...	0·04	0·32	0·42	...	...	...	0·10	3	0·88	1·73	0·10	0·59	42·79	40·25
		Jhenidah ...	0·10	...	...	0·09	...	...	0·03	1	0·22	2·19	0·03	0·84	41·10	39·07
		Magura ...	0·02	0·03	0·35	...	...	...	0·21	2	0·61	1·58	0·21	0·63	46·20	36·27
		Bangaon ...	0·35	0·09	0·10	...	...	0·11	0·07	3	0·72	1·52	0·18	0·19	36·42	33·22
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	Nil	0·07	1·51	0·07	0·52	47·87	[illegible]
		Burdwan ...	0·19	0·07	0·02	0·04	...	...	...	1	0·32	2·75	Nil	0·84	45·30	35·9[illegible]
		Katwa ...	0·02	0·01	0·01	0·19	...	0·34	0·03	2	0·60	1·82	0·37	0·41	36·03	34·7[illegible]
		Raniganj ...	0·09	...	0·09	0·03	...	...	0·14	1	0·35	2·42	0·14	0·62	35·37	37·9[illegible]
		Mankur ...	...	1·48	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·48	?	Nil	?	43·35	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	0·42	0·20	0·02	...	...	...	0·61	3	1·25	2·17	0·61	0·83	48·33	38·0[illegible]
		Vishnupur ...	0·25	0·10	...	0·06	...	...	0·08	2	0·49	2·09	0·08	0·96	48·03	39·6[illegible]
		Maliara ...	...	0·02	0·15	...	...	...	0·61	2	0·78	1·99	0·61	0·72	35·91	40·[illegible]
		Khatra ...	...	1·50	...	0·07	...	...	0·52	3	2·72	1·97	0·32	0·81	61·23	41·6[illegible]
		Indas ...	0·06	0·22	0·09	...	...	...	...	2	0·97	?	Nil	?	39·78	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	1	0·55	?	0·55	?	45·06	?
		Onda ...	...	...	0·75	...	...	0·53	...	2	1·28	?	0·53	?	47·78	?
		Gangajalghati	0·54	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	2	0·78	?	0·24	?	44·63	?
		Raipur ...	0·10	0·88	...	...	...	...	0·98	3	2·26	?	0·98	?	56·49	?
		Sonamukhi ...	...	0·30	0·08	...	...	...	0·11	2	0·49	?	0·11	?	37·32	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	0·12	0·31	...	...	...	1·07	3	1·50	2·40	1·07	0·70	49·10	39·4[illegible]
		Hetampore ...	...	0·18	0·02	...	...	...	0·02	1	0·22	2·54	0·02	0·87	31·17	40·3[illegible]
		Rampur Hat ...	...	0·15	0·07	0·32	...	...	0·92	3	1·46	2·56	0·92	0·91	40·80	36·2[illegible]
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·60	1	2·60	?	2·60	?	35·54	?
		Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	50·75	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	0·37	1	0·45	2·50	0·37	0·53	31·09	35·[illegible]
		Berhampore ...	0·33	0·73	0·35	0·03	...	...	0·06	3	1·50	2·20	0·06	0·53	52·78	35·[illegible]
		Lalbagh ...	...	0·05	...	1·70	0·05	...	0·34	3	2·32	2·92	0·32	0·75	53·55	34·[illegible]
		Azimganj ...	0·20	...	...	1·03	0·10	...	0·36	3	1·40	2·98	0·36	1·00	40·70	30·[illegible]
		Jangipur ...	...	...	0·12	...	0·22	...	0·12	3	0·46	2·82	0·12	0·70	57·02	34·7[illegible]
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	1	0·10	2·15	0·10	0·80		35·8[illegible]
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	Nil	0·09	?	0·09	?	51·61	?
		Patkabari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·20	?	Nil	?		?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·20	0·06	0·10	...	0·04	...	...	2	0·32	2·58	Nil	0·87	50·55	37·[illegible]
		Sirajganj ...	0·12	0·07	0·12	...	0·15	...	0·69	3	1·03	2·39	0·69	0·61	61·60	37·[illegible]
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	...	0·75	0·47	0·41	1·02	0·11	0·13	6	2·89	2·48	0·24	0·72	46·44	43·[illegible]
		Nowkhilia ...	...	0·40	0·20	0·35	0·04	...	0·08	3	1·07	2·93	0·08	1·20	48·74	31·[illegible]
		Bogra ...	...	0·02	1·25	0·15	1·10	0·05	0·10	4	2·67	2·71	0·15	0·54	57·14	45·[illegible]
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	Nil	0·09	3·56	Nil	0·69	43·75	40·[illegible]
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	0·36	...	...	0·87	3	1·56	2·93	0·87	0·94	48·46	37·0[illegible]
		Nator ...	0·33	0·20	0·21	0·11	...	0·32	0·89	5	1·64	3·14	1·12	1·09	48·57	38·3[illegible]
		Naugaon ...	...	0·10	1·75	...	1·32	...	0·04	4	3·40	2·35	0·04	0·57	59·54	28·1[illegible]
		Lalpore ...	0·19	...	0·08	...	...	...	0·42	1	0·50	?	0·42	?		?
		Manda ...	...	0·04	0·28	...	...	0·11	...	2	0·43	?	0·11	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 2nd of September 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 27th August.	Monday, 28th August.	Tuesday, 29th August.	Wednesday 30th August.	Thursday, 31st August.	Friday, 1st.	Saturday, 2nd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
North Bengal—*concld.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	0·10	...	0·01	0·22	0·01	1·02	0·01	3	1·37	2·15	1·03	0·83	46·56	35·25
		Chanchal ...	0·14	0·22	...	0·82	...	...	...	3	1·14	3·55	Nil	1·07	34·38	42·28
		Gajol ...	0·03	...	...	0·19	...	...	0·09	1	0·31	?	0·09	?		?
		Sibganj ...	0·09	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	Nil	0·11	?	Nil	?		?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	0·08	...	0·11	...	...	...	0·20	2	0·39	3·56	0·20	0·67	43·90	41·78
		Churaman ...	0·13	1·69	...	...	0·98	0·03	...	3	2·83	3·43	0·03	1·46	46·27	38·04
		Raiganj ...	...	0·75	...	...	...	...	0·85	2	1·60	3·45	0·85	0·70	58·71	43·24
		Dinajpur ...	...	0·38	...	0·53	0·02	...	...	2	0·93	2·57	Nil	0·63	47·32	47·38
		Balurghat ...	...	...	0·24	0·19	...	...	...	2	0·43	1·73	Nil	0·19	52·02	39·27
		Thakurgaon ...	0·30	...	...	...	...	0·35	...	2	0·65	?	0·35	?	73·24	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	0·24	...	1·15	...	...	2	1·39	2·22	Nil	0·45	56·83	44·10
		Rangpur ...	...	0·94	...	...	...	0·26	...	2	1·20	2·55	0·26	0·64	57·01	55·45
		Peerganj ...	...	...	0·04	...	0·03	...	0·20	1	0·27	?	0·20	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	4·06	Nil	0·86	77·18	57·06
		Gobindgunge	...	0·05	0·51	...	1·00	...	...	2	1·56	?	Nil	?		?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	0·28	1·53	...	2	1·81	4·01	1·53	1·11	62·85	54·89
		Ulipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	40·91	?
		Sundergunge...	...	...	...	0·05	0·05	...	0·60	1	0·70	?	0·60	?	?	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·96	0·72	0·26	0·03	1·39	...	...	4	3·36	5·62	Nil	1·97	84·74	87·32
		Alipore Dooar	...	0·45	...	...	0·35	...	...	2	0·80	?	Nil	?	91·89	?
		Fallacotta ...	0·10	0·35	0·25	...	...	0·82	...	4	1·52	?	0·82	?	85·32	?
		Debiganj ...	0·80	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·30	?	Nil	?	75·25	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	1·97	0·06	3·40	3·05	3·22	...	...	4	11·70	?	Nil	?	153·88	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhutta ...	0·21	0·17	0·01	...	0·02	...	...	2	0·41	5·45	Nil	1·96	86·57	71·84
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	0·04	...	0·43	...	...	1	0·47	5·79	Nil	2·02	84·93	90·82
		Mickliganj ...	0·70	0·35	0·20	...	0·08	0·11	...	4	1·44	8·23	0·11	3·21	77·55	83·44
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	6·74	Nil	1·40	101·57	87·55
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	1·21	2·80	6·10	3·20	1·61	...	...	5	14·92	7·11	Nil	1·75	170·70	149·89
		Siliguri ...	0·98	0·04	2·91	5·61	1·06	...	...	4	10·60	3·87	Nil	0·67	90·92	89·34
		Darjeeling ...	0·55	0·17	0·67	0·26	0·14	0·34	0·44	7	2·57	5·26	0·78	1·12	81·63	83·73
		Kalimpong ...	0·76	0·55	1·08	2·47	0·18	0·04	...	5	5·08	3·29	0·04	0·76	72·54	69·34
		Kurseong ...	1·72	3·90	1·09	0·15	1·40	0·03	0·90	6	9·19	?	0·93	?	117·04	?
		Pedong ...	1·63	0·53	0·91	1·47	0·18	0·01	0·29	6	5·02	?	0·30	?	67·05	?
East Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	0·10	0·94	0·18	...	0·02	0·79	4	2·03	3·09	0·81	1·12	133·56	105·75
		Chittagong ...	0·20	...	1·90	...	0·05	0·34	0·77	4	3·26	2·94	1·11	0·73	103·61	72·22
		Kutubdia ...	0·4	0·01	0·50							?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	0·49	...	...	...	...	0·36	...			?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...		0·03	0·10							?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	0·36	0·41	0·32	0·20	0·63	0·24	0·08	6	2·24	?	0·92	?	?	?
		Chandpur ...	0·30	...	0·37	0·06	0·62	0·23				?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	1·45	0·44	0·07	...	0·89	...	0·59	4	3·44	2·85	0·59	0·69	87·87	61·25
		Bundarban ...	0·97	0·06	0·21	0·08	0·11	0·03	0·98	4	2·44	?	1·01	?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	0·23	0·14	0·04	0·56	0·42	...	0·08	4	1·47	3·08	0·08	0·66	124·03	63·63
		Pirojpur ...	...	0·20	0·06	0·16	...	0·19	0·03	3	0·64	2·23	0·22	0·79	65·63	50·71
		Barisal ...	0·15	0·22	0·14	...	...	0·12	...	4	0·63	1·69	0·12	0·57	64·72	50·13
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	0·39	0·01	0·20				?		?		?
		Bhola ...	0·17	...	0·55	0·18	...	0·90	0·15	5	1·95	3·48	1·05	0·81	65·93	62·28
		Daulatkhan ...	0·16	0·21	0·06	...	0·17	0·45	0·19	5	1·24	?	0·64	?	74·29	?
		Bauphal ...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	2	0·80	?	0·70	?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·65	1·07	0·42	0·50	0·70	1·26	0·28	6	4·88	3·84	1·54	1·14	89·92	80·55
		Fenny ...	1·50	0·35	...	...	0·10	...	0·45	4	2·40	3·73	0·45	1·61	108·03	80·79
		Harishpore ...	0·11	...	0·17	1·23	0·04	...				?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	0·13	0·31	0·15	0·43						?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	0·33	0·14	0·04	...	...	...	2	0·51	1·86	Nil	0·44	49·32	41·97
		Faridpur ...	...	0·03	0·26	0·58	...	...	0·15	3	1·02	2·35	0·15	0·76	57·17	42·38
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	0·18	...	0·51	2	0·69	2·07	0·51	0·75	54·71	38·98
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	0·62	0·22	...	...	1·00	...	3	1·84	2·72	1·00	1·14	43·98	51·24
		Dacca ...	...	0·05	0·06	0·06	...	...	0·24	1	0·41	2·36	0·24	0·68	51·05	43·75
		Narayanganj...	0·04	0·19	0·16	0·04	...	...	0·23	3	0·66	2·44	0·23	0·61	44·37	47·02
		Manikganj ...	...	0·07	0·22	0·04	...	...	...	1	0·33	2·05	Nil	0·83	43·78	37·25
		Joydebpore ...	0·12	0·25	0·41	0·15	...	0·20	0·45	6	1·58	?	0·65	?	53·41	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	0·59	...	...	...	...	...	0·43	2	1·02	2·47	0·43	1·11	57·56	44·47
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	0·12	0·30	0·05	...	...	...	1·70	3	2·17	2·99	1·70	0·89	70·25	58·63
		Chandpore ...	...	0·34	0·14	0·54	...	...	...	3	1·02	2·96	Nil	0·88	53·02	56·39
		Brahmanbaria	2·12	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	2	2·22	2·21	0·10	1·03	59·32	44·13
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	0·05	...	...	0·03	...	Nil	0·08	?	0·03	?	39·85	?
		Nasirnagar ...	1·35	2·05	...	...	0·15					?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	0·80	...	0·25	0·50	...	...	...	3	1·55	?	Nil	?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	...	...	0·50	1·15						?		?		?
	Mymensingh..	Kishorganj ...	1·32	0·35	...	0·08	...	0·44	...	3	2·19	2·88	0·44	1·02	80·60	50·83
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	0·64	...	...	0·87	0·41	3	1·92	2·23	1·28	0·73	60·30	40·09
		Mymensingh...	0·02	0·84	0·16	0·03	0·02	...	0·10	3	1·17	3·13	0·10	1·09	72·81	53·59
		Jamalpur ...	...	1·92	...	...	...	...	0·32	2	2·24	3·23	0·32	0·90	64·21	45·49
		Netrakona ...	1·52	0·63	0·53	0·35	...	...	...	4	3·03	5·09	Nil	0·77	91·64	61·78
		Subornakhally	0·29	...	...	0·58	0·23	...	0·67	4	1·77	?	0·67	?	64·68	?
		Durgapore ...	1·20	1·30	0·60							?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	...	0·74	...	...	0·09	...	...	1	0·83	?		?	43·78	?
		Dewanganj ...	...	0·68	...	0·57						?		?		?
North Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	0·50	0·15	0·32	0·28	...	0·18	5	1·43	3·79	0·18	1·36	71·12	52·61
		Araria ...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	1	0·12	3·05	Nil	1·17	64·06	46·22
		Purnea ...	...	0·66	0·10	0·02	...	...	0·02	2	0·80	3·14	0·02	0·77	43·84	43·04
		Gondwara (Korah)	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	1	0·20	?	Nil	?	46·19	?
		Barsoe ...	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	2	0·45	?	0·20	?		?
		Forbesganj ...	0·67	...	...	...	0·32	...	0·06	2	1·05	?	0·06	?	49·79	?
		Kaliaganj ...	1·60	0·10	...	1·40	0·05	...	...	3	3·15	?	...	?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·59	Nil	0·61	35·73	34·65
		Bongaon (Syfabad) ...	...	0·74								?		?		?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	0·24	...	...	1	0·24	2·80	Nil	0·65	32·72	35·00
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	40·95	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·71	Nil	0·55	31·04	30·78
		Banka ...	...	...	...	0·50	...	...	...	1	0·50	2·53	Nil	0·76	34·38	31·55
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	33·19	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·93	Nil	0·91	29·74	31·68
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	1·26	0·14	0·15	0·04	0·02	3	1·61	3·17	0·06	1·20	36·74	32·98
		Madhubani ...	...	...	0·02	...	0·03	...	...	Nil	0·05	2·53	Nil	0·46		31·54
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	3·82	...	...	...	1	3·82	?	3·82	?	32·65	?
		Roshera ...	...	...	...	0·24	...	...	...	1	0·24	?	Nil	?		

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 2nd of September 1893—concld.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 27th August.	Monday, 28th August.	Tuesday, 29th August.	Wednesday, 30th August.	Thursday, 31st August.	Friday, 1st.	Saturday, 2nd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BIHAR—concluded.	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	0·03	...	...	0·67	...	...	1	0·70	2·13	Nil	0·73	42·08	30·28
		Muzaffarpur	0·03	...	...	...	...	1·60	...	1	1·63	2·96	1·60	1·10	33·46	31·88
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	1	0·10	2·41	Nil	1·14	27·92	30·56
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	2·30	3·72				?		?		?
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)	...	...	...	0·25	0·25	...	0·85	3	1·35	?	0·85	?		?
		Siuhar ...										?		?		?
		Pupri ...										?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	0·15	0·08	0·02	1	0·25	2·47	0·10	0·06	55·55	31·98
		Bettiah ...										3·26		1·36		35·66
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	Nil	0·05	?	0·05	?	24·91	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·41	...	1	0·41	3·30	0·41	1·14	34·13	33·82
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	2·33	...	0·33	2	2·66	2·86	0·33	0·77	27·39	30·72
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?	?
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·31	Nil	0·41	24·88	29·37
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	1	0·40	?	0·40	?	?	?
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	...	1	0·25	?	Nil	?		?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	0·51	...	...	1	0·51	?	Nil	?		?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·11	Nil	0·64	24·39	27·11
		Dehri ...		...	...	...	...	...	2·57	1	2·37	3·03	2·57	0·25	28·92	30·20
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	0·60	0·20	0·01	2	0·81	1·49	0·21	0·51	35·85	30·03
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·44	1	0·44	2·01	0·44	0·30		29·17
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·89	1	0·89	2·33	0·89	0·98		29·41
		Mohanea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	1	0·30	?	0·30	?		?
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	1	0·20	?	0·20	?		?
		Ramagar ...										?		?		?
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	27·60	?
		Sikrowl ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Bassowan ...										?		?		?
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	0·18	1	0·27	1·91	0·18	0·57	25·48	32·08
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	Nil	0·02	2·28	0·02	0·59	28·56	32·17
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	1	0·10	1·55	Nil	0·39	32·01	29·53
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·50	Nil	0·56	44·48	30·82
		Arwal ...	...	...	...							?		?		?
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·14	1	2·14	?	2·14	?	28·95	?
		Sherghati ...										?		?		?
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	1	0·32	?	0·32	?		?
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	0·63	...	...	1	0·63	2·80	Nil	0·93	33·65	31·14
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·60	Nil	0·76	34·61	30·85
		Bihar ...										1·88		0·40		31·26
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·58	Nil	0·51	27·82	28·34
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	Nil	0·07	?	0·07	?	36·86	?
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	1·5	...	...	1	1·5	?	Nil	?		?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·37	Nil	0·79	41·72	29·22
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	3·07	Nil	0·88	35·96	33·67
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·46	Nil	0·28	20·42	32·16
		Goari ...										?		?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	37·19	?
		Chakai Bamda	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	...	Nil	0·08	?	Nil	?	39·79	?
		Chupreon ...										?		?		?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	0·84	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·84	2·58	Nil	0·70	37·24	36·72
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	Nil	0·06	1·98	0·06	0·52		32·18
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	3·60	Nil	1·64	55·44	38·68
		Naya Dumka	...	...	0·42	...	...	...	0·23	2	0·65	2·25	0·23	0·79	60·85	38·46
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·11	Nil	0·71	39·93	36·58
		Jamtara ...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	0·25	1	0·30	2·09	0·25	0·39	45·29	37·01
		Belbodda ...										?		?		?
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (Giridih).	...	...	0·08	...	...	...	0·38	1	0·46	2·13	0·38	0·59	40·99	34·99
		Hazaribagh ...	0·02	...	...	0·12	...	...	0·12	2	0·24	2·04	0·10	0·54	50·55	35·38
		Semtaguran ...										2·00		0·51		35·29
		Mahudi Hills										2·83		0·53		37·3[illegible]
		Jhumra Hill										2·90		0·43		45·6[illegible]
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	1	0·22	?	0·22	?	41·08	?
		Chatra ...	...	...	0·32							?		?		?
		Karagdeha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	32·60	?
		Ramgar ...	0·60									?		?		?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	0·10	0·54					2·26		0·83		38·62
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·50	0·35	3	1·15	2·81	0·85	0·80	43·85	39·10
		Silli ...							1·90			?		?		?
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj.)										2·31		0·67		31·56
		Balumath ...	...	...	0·02	1·32	0·49	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	1	0·24	?	0·24	?	34·19	?
		Garhwa ...	...	...	...	0·38						?		?		?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	0·04	0·30	0·41	0·60	0·02	0·36	0·04	4	1·77	2·28	0·40	0·81	41·53	39·42
		Chakardharpur.	0·08	0·27	0·02	1...	...	0·08	1·61	2	2·06	?	1·69	?	28·14	?
		Ghatsila ...	1·00									?		?		?
		Baharagura	...	1·25								?		?		?
	Manbhum ...	Gailkeira ...	0·33	...								?		?		?
		Kalikapur ...	...	2·10	...	...	...	...	0·60	2	0·93	?	0·60	?	37·20	?
		Purulia ...	0·40	0·[illegible]2	...	0·44	...	...	0·92	2	3·02	?	0·92	?	68·54	?
		Gobindpur ...	...	0·36	...	...	...	...	...	3	0·96	2·28	Nil	0·77	51·45	37·05
		Raghunathpore	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	0·92	2	1·28	1·95	0·92	0·38	54·20	33·44
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	2	0·40	?	0·25	?	43·38	?
		Jhalda ...	...	0·25	0·33	0·16	...	...	0·64	3	0·78	?	0·04	?	50·42	?
		Chas ...	0·39	0·37	...	...	...	0·58	...	3	1·34	?	0·58	?	41·53	?
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	0·92	2	1·07	?	0·92	?		?
			0·27	...	...	...	...	...	0·19	2	0·46	?	0·19	?	43·75	?

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, he corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 5th September* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M. SATURDAY, THE 2ND OF SEPTEMBER 1893.

At the end of the previous week a slight residual depression remained off the Orissa coast for some days, and at the beginning of the present one was in the same position, but was somewhat better defined. It was not of sufficient depth to cause disturbed weather in that region of the Bay, and even in Orissa the only result was seen in light winds of abnormal direction and fairly general rainfall. On the second day of the week it had almost disappeared, the area of lowest pressure being transferred northwards to South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur, where rainfall became more general and moderately heavy for a day or two. Thus soon after the week began, fairly normal conditions prevailed over the greater part of the province, except as to the rainfall, which was scanty in the northern districts.

On Tuesday, the 29th, signs of the formation of a new depression began to appear in Burma. Pressure fell briskly not only in Burma but also in Bengal, and from that time till the end of the week there was a steady downward tendency, which gradually resulted in a depression of considerable depth. The influence in Bengal was very slight till the 31st, as the wind circulation continued easterly, and comparatively fine weather with light local showers generally prevailed, but while the depression was forming, very heavy rain fell in Burma, especially at Moulmein and Tavoy. On the 31st a shallow depression extended across the north of the Bay from Arakan to Orissa, and winds on the north-west coast became northerly, though everywhere very light. In the central and northern districts of Bengal rainfall was becoming more scattered, but otherwise there was no change. On the following day, the 1st of September, a further brisk fall of pressure set in from the east, the depression became better defined, and the area of lowest pressure was then in the north-west of the Bay; gradients were steeper in the south of the Bay, and south-westerly winds were blowing in Madras, the Circars, Burma and probably the part of the Bay between. On the last day of the week pressure fell rapidly in South-West Bengal and briskly over the whole province, and the depression appeared to be moving northwards. Heavy rain was then falling in Orissa, and showers were more numerous in all districts except Bihar and North Bengal, where, owing to the indraught, rainfall had almost entirely ceased.

Over the province, therefore, the most important feature of the weather during the week has been the scanty rainfall and consequent high temperature except in Orissa, where general rain fell in the early part and heavy rain on the last day of the week, resulting in the average fall being rather over the normal.

Pressure.—At the beginning of the week pressure was above the normal by nearly a tenth of an inch in the northern districts, about a twentieth in Lower Bengal and Chota Nagpur, while in the Circars and the south of Orissa there was a small defect. On the second day of the week it began to fall slowly and continued to fall, at times slowly and others briskly almost without interruption during the remaining days. On the last day of the week, when the depression was over the north-west of the Bay, defect was more than a quarter of an inch in the area of lowest pressure, and more than ·15 inch over a great part of the province.

Temperature continued high in all districts throughout the week except in Orissa, where the average for the whole week is slightly below the normal. In Bihar mean excess is between 2° and 3°, and in the other districts between 1° and 2°.

Rainfall.—Fairly general rain fell in Orissa in the early part of the week and also in parts of South-West Bengal and North Bengal, but amounts were generally very small, and the average falls are much below the normal except in Orissa. The falls have been very light in Bihar and Chota Nagpur, the former receiving little more than a sixth part, and the latter only a quarter of the normal. South-West Bengal has received less than one inch instead of between two and three inches. The fall in East Bengal is 1·07 inches and in North Bengal 0·97 inch below the normal.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 2nd of September 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	93·2	71·1	88·4	78·6	83·5	+0·5	2·82	1·97	+0·85	2·40	2·90	+0·50	1·56	0·63	39·45	35·24
South-West Bengal ...	95·7	76·8	90·3	79·5	84·9	+1·6	0·91	2·15	−1·24	2·26	3·11	−0·85	0·27	0·61	46·13	37·92
North Bengal	93·6	74·6	89·6	79·1	84·4	+1·3	2·64	0·97	−0·97	2·93	3·38	−0·45	0·27	1·05	59·55	51·48
East Bengal	91·8*	75·8*	88·4*	78·9*	83·7*	+1·8*	1·73	2·80	−1·07	3·08	3·80	−0·72	0·50	0·87	68·32	55·98
North Bihar	94·2	76·9	90·6	80·1	85·4	+2·2	0·55	2·79	−2·21	1·11	3·15	−2·04	0·15	0·88	38·50	34·68
South Bihar	93·9	75·0	91·6	80·3	86·0	+2·6	0·34	2·24	−1·90	0·55	2·82	−2·27	0·22	0·64	34·97	32·08
Chota Nagpur	91·4	71·4	86·8	74·6	80·7	+1·5	0·59	2·34	−1·75	1·55	3·47	−1·92	0·24	0·62	43·36	37·08
Assam	96·1	75·8	89·1	78·6	83·9	+1·3										

* Daltonganj not included.

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 5th September 1893.

C. Little,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 27th August to 2nd September 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
August ...	27th ...	29·761	84·4	89·0	9·2	79·8	87·6	83·5	1·094	82·0	84	0·15
" ...	28th ...	·707	83·4	88·0	9·2	78·8	84·6	79·5	·941	77·4	79	0·37
" ...	29th ...	·652	83·9	90·0	12·2	77·8	87·6	83·5	1·093	82·0	84	0·18
" ...	30th ...	·642	86·0	93·0	14·0	79·0	87·1	83·0	1·075	81·4	84	0·02
" ...	31st ...	·647	85·7	92·0	12·7	79·3	87·1	82·0	1·026	80·0	80	1·15
September ...	1st ...	·592	84·4	89·0	9·2	79·8	88·1	82·5	1·037	80·3	78	...
" ...	2nd ...	·483	83·4	87·0	7·2	79·8	84·6	80·0	·964	78·1	81	0·05

				Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	...	...	...	29·641
				°
The mean temperature of the seven days	...	...	...	84·5
The extreme variation of temperature	...	...	...	15·2
The maximum temperature ...	...	...	...	93·0
				%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days		...	...	81
				Inch.
The total fall of rain from 27th August to 2nd September 1893			...	1·92

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. Gilliland,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India,
The 4th September 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 27th August to 2nd September 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Temperature. Maximum.	Temperature. Range.	Temperature. Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension.	Hygrometry. Dew point.	Hygrometry. Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Augt.	27th	154·8	3·1	29·691	82·2	87·6	8·4	79·2	80·2	1·004	79·3	91	SE, ESE and SSE	79	0·59	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, p, t, △.
,,	28th	132·5	0·5	·649	82·0	85·1	6·4	78·7	80·2	1·010	79·6	92	SSE and SE by E	94	0·24	Chiefly cloudy, o, d, p, t.
,,	29th	147·5	6·1	·600	83·4	87·8	10·3	77·5	81·0	1·030	80·1	90	SE by E and SSE	57	0·12	Partially cloudy, d, p.
,,	30th	150·4	7·9	·588	84·1	90·1	11·1	79·0	81·3	1·033	80·2	89	SW by S, E and ESE.	79	1·79	Partially cloudy, o, g, p, t.
,,	31st	152·0	8·0	·587	85·1	90·1	12·0	78·1	80·2	0·966	78·2	79	E and ESE ...	102	Nil	Partially cloudy, t.
Sept.	1st	158·3	3·4	·527	84·2	87·1	7·6	79·5	79·8	·959	78·0	81	ESE and ENE ...	125	,,	Chiefly cloudy, o, t.
,,	2nd	140·3	1·7	·429	82·1	85·6	5·9	79·7	79·1	·955	77·8	87	E by S, ENE and E.	145	0·41	Chiefly cloudy, o, d, p, t.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·582
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·635
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	30·7
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	88·1
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	83·3
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·7
The extreme variation of temperature	12·6
The maximum temperature	90·1
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	13
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	87
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	85
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 27th August to 2nd September 1893	3·15
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	2·14
The total fall from 1st January to 2nd September 1893	69·53
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	48·93

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; d, drizzling rain; △, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 4th September 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Vital Statistics of the Districts of Bengal for the month of July 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births.		Deaths.														Average of corresponding month of previous five years.		Remarks.
					Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fever.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Injury.		Other causes.		Total of all causes.				
			Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan	Burdwan	1,391,880	4,546	39·12	14	·08	9	·07	1,638	14·04	39	·44	51	·36	758	6·48	2,506	21·60	2,385	20·52	*
	Bankura	1,069,668	3,584	40·20	...	...	4	·03	1,175	13·08	27	·24	57	·60	480	5·28	1,743	19·44	1,605	18·00	
	Birbhum	797,833	2,729	41·04	1	·01	...	...	1,109	16·68	10	·12	39	·48	553	8·28	1,712	25·68	1,636	24·48	
	Midnapore	2,631,516	7,339	33·36	51	·12	30	·12	3,260	14·76	149	·60	144	·69	907	4·08	4,541	20·64	4,501	20·52	
	Hooghly including Serampore	1,076,710	3,044	33·84	31	·24	...	...	1,457	16·20	143	1·56	92	·96	454	5·04	2,177	24·24	1,605	17·88	
	Howrah	721,211	1,936	32·16	76	1·20	...	...	647	10·68	198	3·24	67	1·08	297	4·92	1,285	21·36	979	16·20	
Presidency	24-Parganas																				Return not received up to date.
	Nadia	1,644,108	6,739	49·08	1	·007	1	·007	2,397	16·80	17	·12	115	·72	626	4·44	3,067	22·32	2,186	15·84	
	Jessore	1,888,827	5,528	35·04	2	·01	...	...	3,696	23·40	...	...	125	·72	366	2·28	4,189	26·52	2,817	17·88	
	Murshidabad	1,250,946	4,779	45·84	2	·01	...	...	2,007	19·20	1	·008	103	·96	418	3·96	2,531	24·24	1,927	18·60	
	Khulna	1,177,632	2,741	27·84	15	·12	...	...	1,788	18·12	10	·09	69	·66	375	3·72	2,257	22·92	1,819	18·48	
Rajshahi	Dinajpur	1,555,835	5,474	42·12	...	...	1	·007	3,913	30·12	9	·06	105	·72	191	1·44	4,219	32·52	2,849	21·96	
	Rajshahi	1,313,336	3,201	29·16	...	...	7	·06	3,120	28·44	2	·01	96	·84	208	1·92	3,433	31·32	2,334	21·24	
	Rangpur	2,065,464	5,325	30·84	9	·04	...	...	3,759	21·72	9	·01	39	·12	254	1·44	4,061	23·52	3,651	21·12	
	Bogra	817,494	1,846	27·00	1	·01	6	·08	1,380	20·16	1	·01	76	1·08	220	3·12	1,684	24·60	1,405	20·52	
	Pabna	1,362,362	3,207	28·20	1	·008	27	·12	2,246	19·32	2	·01	74	·60	187	1·56	2,497	21·96	1,901	16·68	
	Darjeeling	223,314	*44	29·88	6	·24	...	...	598	32·04	235	12·60	21	1·08	173	9·24	1,033	55·44	734	39·36	
	Jalpaiguri	681,352	2,102	36·96	11	·12	...	...	1,689	29·64	62	1·08	31	·48	78	1·32	1,871	32·88	1,567	27·48	
Dacca	Dacca	2,420,656	4,985	24·60	57	·24	37	·12	2,847	14·04	103	·36	114	·48	667	3·24	3,825	18·96	2,605	12·84	
	Faridpur	1,797,320	3,950	26·28	41	·24	10	·06	2,460	16·44	17	·10	97	·60	365	2·40	2,990	19·92	1,821	12·12	
	Backergunge	2,153,965	4,526	25·20	83	·36	6	·02	3,415	18·96	35	·12	107	·48	1,045	5·76	4,691	26·04	3,361	18·72	
	Mymensingh	3,472,186	5,916	20·40	202	·60	52	·12	4,041	13·92	39	·12	80	·24	672	2·28	5,086	17·52	4,515	15·60	
Chittagong	Chittagong	1,290,167	4,243	39·36	26	·24	19	·12	2,489	23·16	53	·48	85	·72	230	2·04	2,902	26·88	2,235	20·76	
	Noakhali	1,009,693	2,983	35·04	1	·01	6	·06	1,683	19·68	9	·09	80	·84	164	1·92	1,923	22·80	1,925	22·80	
	Tippera	1,782,935	3,396	22·80	3	·01	8	·04	1,773	11·88	8	·04	104	·60	367	2·40	2,263	15·12	2,229	15·09	
Patna	Patna	1,709,004	4,264	28·92	67	·36	16	·10	2,619	17·76	130	·84	120	·72	922	6·24	3,874	26·16	5,949	40·32	
	Gaya	2,138,331	5,379	30·12	53	·24	126	·60	3,255	18·24	18	·09	179	·96	722	3·96	4,353	24·36	6,352	35·64	
	Shahabad	2,063,337	3,442	19·92	3	·01	12	·06	3,028	17·52	30	·12	126	·72	469	2·64	3,668	21·24	5,524	32·04	
	Muzaffarpur	2,711,445	6,616	29·28	26	·10	...	...	4,327	19·08	66	·24	315	1·32	756	3·24	5,490	24·24	4,963	21·96	
	Darbhanga	2,801,955	6,320	27·00	7	·02	1	·003	3,908	16·68	130	·48	228	·96	518	2·16	4,792	20·52	4,898	20·88	
	Saran	2,467,477	6,108	29·64	7	·02	4	·01	2,154	10·44	191	·84	178	·84	1,699	8·16	4,233	20·52	5,092	24·72	
	Champaran	1,859,465	4,245	27·36	...	...	14	·08	2,196	14·16	7	·03	190	1·20	745	4·80	3,152	20·28	4,204	27·12	
Bhagalpur	Monghyr	2,036,021	6,143	36·12	1	·004	76	·36	2,956	17·40	19	·10	194	1·08	669	3·84	3,915	23·04	4,973	29·28	
	Bhagalpur	2,032,696	5,044	29·76	1	·004	141	·72	2,922	17·16	22	·12	137	·72	457	2·64	3,680	21·72	4,071	24·24	
	Purnea	1,944,658	4,166	25·68	2	·01	5	·02	2,702	16·56	2	·01	63	·36	80	·48	2,854	17·52	2,495	15·36	
	Malda	814,919	2,210	32·52	...	...	...	...	1,669	24·48	3	·03	33	·48	103	1·44	1,808	26·52	1,196	17·52	
	Sonthal Parganas	1,754,196	3,831	26·16	30	·12	61	·36	2,211	15·12	19	·12	68	·36	225	1·44	2,614	17·88	2,507	17·04	
Orissa	Cuttack	1,937,671	6,028	37·32	174	·96	149	·84	1,585	9·72	311	1·92	173	·96	977	6·00	3,369	20·76	4,266	26·40	
	Puri	944,998	3,040	38·52	424	5·28	184	2·28	371	4·68	236	2·88	89	·96	955	12·12	2,250	28·56	2,546	32·28	
	Balasore	994,625	3,733	45·00	80	·96	2	·02	864	10·32	252	3·00	74	·84	742	8·88	2,014	24·24	2,227	26·76	
Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh	1,164,321	3,541	36·48	1	·009	50	·48	1,780	18·24	20	·12	79	·72	333	3·36	2,263	23·28	2,548	26·16	
	Lohardaga	1,128,885	4,580	48·60	...	...	11	·10	1,255	13·32	223	2·28	22	·12	810	8·52	2,321	24·60	2,488	26·40	
	Palamau	596,770	1,991	39·96	...	...	24	·48	987	19·80	10	·12	41	·72	296	5·64	1,348	27·00	1,332	26·76	
	Singhbhum	545,488	1,867	41·04	7	·12	14	·24	577	12·60	31	·72	32	·60	154	3·36	817	17·88	757	16·56	
	Manbhum	1,193,328	3,742	37·56	5	·04	87	·84	1,416	14·16	21	·12	40	·48	463	4·56	2,041	20·52	2,312	23·16	
	Total	68,496,050	180,453	31·68	1,519	·24	1,200	·12	97,210	16·92	2,921	·48	4,352	·72	22,140	3·84	129,342	22·56	125,293	21·84	
Average of corresponding month of previous five years			Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		16,525	2·88	983	·12	82,254	14·40	3,992	·60	4,097	·60	17,442	3·00	125,293	21·84	...	...	
Difference + or −			......		−15,006	−2·64	+217	Equal.	+14,956	+2·52	−1,071	−·12	+255	+·12	+4,698	+·84	+4,049	+·72	...	...	

* The registration of births in rural areas of the Darjeeling district was discontinued, *vide* para. 3 of the Government order No. 125T.M., dated the 17th May 1893, to the Commissioner of Rajshahi Division.

Office of Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal,
The 2nd September 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Vital Statistics of Towns in Bengal with a population of 20,000 and over during the month of July 1893.

DISTRICTS.		TOWNS.	Population under registration.	BIRTHS.		DEATHS.														AVERAGE OF CORRESPONDING MONTH OF PREVIOUS FIVE YEARS.		REMARKS.
						CHOLERA.		SMALL-POX.		FEVER.		DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA.		INJURY.		OTHER CAUSES.		TOTAL OF ALL CAUSES.				
				Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan ...	1	Burdwan	34,477	79	27·48	2	·60	...	...	54	18·72	8	2·76	2	·60	12	4·08	78	27·12	74	25·68	
Midnapore ...	2	Midnapore	32,264	78	28·92	1	·36	...	...	26	9·60	11	4·08	1	·36	6	2·16	45	16·68	60	22·20	
Hooghly ...	3	Hooghly and Chinsura	33,060	80	28·92	3	1·08	...	...	51	18·48	13	4·68	8	2·88	22	7·92	97	35·16	68	24·60	
	4	Serampore	35,952	70	23·28	21	6·96	...	...	70	23·28	24	7·92	4	1·32	19	6·24	138	45·96	83	27·60	
Howrah ...	5	Howrah	116,606	138	14·16	25	2·52	...	...	65	6·60	32	3·24	3	·24	34	3·48	159	16·32	117	12·00	
24-Parganas ...	6	Cossipore-Chitpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Returns not received up to date.
	7	Maniktala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	8	Barnagore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	9	South Suburban ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	10	Khorda or South Barrackpore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	11	Naihati																				
	12	Nawabganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Nadia ...	13	Krishnagar	25,500	61	28·68	...	...	...	...	24	11·28	1	·36	...	...	11	5·16	36	16·92	23	10·80	
	14	Santipur	30,437	101	39·72	...	...	...	...	50	19·68	...	...	...	...	6	2·28	56	21·96	26	10·20	
Murshidabad	15	Murshidabad City ...	35,576	50	16·86	1	·24	...	...	52	17·52	...	...	3	·95	13	4·32	69	23·16	66	22·20	
	16	Berhampore	23,515	39	19·80	...	...	...	...	41	20·88	...	...	2	·96	4	2·04	47	23·88	34	17·28	
Rajshahi ...	17	Rampur Boalia ...	21,407	58	32·40	...	...	...	...	42	23·52	...	...	4	2·16	8	4·44	54	30·24	43	24·00	
Pabna ...	18	Sirajganj	23,267	49	25·20	...	...	...	...	22	11·28	1	·48	1	·48	2	·96	26	13·32	22	11·28	
Dacca ...	19	Dacca	83,633	119	17·04	25	3·48	...	...	83	12·12	28	3·96	5	·60	34	4·80	177	25·32	139	19·92	
Chittagong ...	20	Chittagong	24,069	53	26·40	2	·96	1	·48	47	23·40	1	·48	4	1·92	2	·96	57	28·32	44	21·84	
Patna	21	Patna City	165,192	306	22·20	17	1·20	...	...	236	17·01	50	3·60	17	1·20	110	7·92	430	31·20	324	23·52	
	22	Bihar	47,723	157	39·36	...	...	2	·48	95	23·88	13	3·24	3	·72	39	9·72	152	38·16	205	51·48	
	23	Dinapore	44,419	101	27·24	1	·24	...	...	58	15·60	14	3·72	4	1·08	28	7·56	105	28·32	85	22·92	
Gaya ...	24	Gaya	80,383	196	29·16	19	2·76	3	·36	212	31·56	...	...	...	...	77	11·40	311	46·32	313	46·68	
Shahabad ...	25	Arrah	46,905	98	24·96	...	...	...	...	80	20·40	7	1·68	1	·24	20	5·04	108	27·60	113	28·80	
	26	Sasaram	22,713	70	36·96	...	...	...	...	56	29·52	3	1·56	1	·48	13	6·84	73	38·52	200	105·60	
Muzaffarpur	27	Muzaffarpur	49,192	120	29·16	...	...	...	...	53	12·84	8	1·92	5	1·20	38	9·24	104	25·32	119	28·92	
	28	Hajipur	21,487	66	36·84	18	9·96	...	...	27	15·00	10	5·52	5	2·76	25	13·92	85	47·40	68	37·92	
Darbhanga ...	29	Darbhanga	73,561	144	23·40	1	·12	...	...	92	15·00	33	5·16	3	·48	42	6·84	170	27·72	185	30·12	
Saran ...	30	Chapra	57,352	84	17·52	...	...	...	...	29	6·00	23	4·80	7	1·44	37	7·68	96	20·04	126	26·28	
Champaran ...	31	Bettiah	22,780	54	16·44	...	...	...	...	24	12·60	1	·48	2	·95	12	6·24	39	20·52	66	34·68	
Monghyr ...	32	Monghyr	57,077	191	40·08	1	·12	1	·12	89	18·60	10	2·04	2	·36	52	10·92	155	32·52	153	32·16	
Bhagalpur ...	33	Bhagalpur	69,106	183	31·68	...	...	9	1·56	78	13·44	10	1·68	5	·84	64	11·04	166	28·80	166	28·80	
Cuttack ...	34	Cuttack	47,186	79	20·04	36	9·12	...	...	21	5·28	15	3·72	2	·48	26	6·60	100	25·32	93	23·64	
Puri ...	35	Puri	28,794	54	22·44	174	72·48	...	...	55	22·92	58	24·12	2	·72	103	42·84	392	163·32	126	52·44	
Balasore ...	36	Balasore	20,775	66	38·04	...	...	...	...	13	7·44	8	4·56	1	·48	8	4·56	30	17·28	47	27·12	
Lohardaga ...	37	Ranchi	20,306	86	50·76	...	...	...	...	27	15·84	4	2·28	2	1·08	11	6·48	44	25·92	56	33·00	
		Total ...	1,304,714	2,030	25·20	347	2·88	16	·12	1,874	16·08	385	3·24	99	·84	878	7·44	3,509	30·96	3,244	27·84	
		Average of the corresponding month of previous five years.	...	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		793	6·72	39	·24	1,106	9·96	337	2·88	69	·48	840	7·20	3,244	27·84	...	...	
		Difference + or — ...	...	...	...	−446	−3·84	−23	−·12	+768	+6·12	+48	+·36	+30	+·36	+38	+·24	+335	+3·12	...	...	

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,
The 2nd September 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Supplementary Vital Statistics of Districts for June 1893 received too late for publication with the figures of that month on the 28th July 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births. Number registered.	Births. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Cholera. Number registered.	Cholera. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox. Number registered.	Small-pox. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever. Number registered.	Fever. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury. Number registered.	Injury. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes. Number registered.	Other causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes. Number registered.	Total of all causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Number registered.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Burdwan	Birbhum	797,853	3,289	49·44	1	·01	...	...	1,041	15·60	7	·09	29	·36	609	9·12	1,687	25·32	1,464	21·96
Presidency ...	24-Parganas	1,892,033	4,155	26·28	20	·12	5	·02	2,227	14·04	90	·48	145	·84	327	2·04	2,823	17·88	2,146	13·56
	Nadia	1,644,108	5,761	42·60	9	·06	5	·03	1,827	13·32	16	·10	98	·60	541	3·84	2,496	18·12	2,171	15·84
	Jessore	1,888,827	5,594	35·52	10	·06	...	...	3,277	20·76	5	·02	135	·84	338	2·04	3,765	23·88	2,744	17·40
Rajshahi	Darjeeling	223,314	53*	35·88	9	·48	...	...	447	24·00	106	5·64	6	·24	103	5·52	671	36·09	720	38·64
Patna	Patna	1,769,004	3,149	21·36	47	·24	23	·12	1,897	12·84	109	·72	84	·48	663	4·08	2,763	18·72	4,373	29·64
	Shahabad	2,063,337	2,775	16·08	2	·01	31	·12	2,643	15·36	19	·10	68	·36	290	1·68	3,053	17·64	4,303	25·08
Orissa *	Cuttack	1,937,671	8,514	52·88	10	·06	213	1·20	1,271	7·80	179	1·08	113	·60	800	4·92	2,586	15·96	4,341	76·88
	Total	12,216,127	30,090	30·00	117	1·08	277	·24	14,630	14·28	531	·48	678	·60	3,611	3·48	19,844	19·44	22,262	21·84
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		4,153	3·96	272	·24	13,317	13·08	798	·72	699	·60	3,023	2·88	22,262	21·84	...	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−4,036	−2·88	+5	Equal	+1,313	+1·20	−267	−·24	−21	Equal	+588	+·60	−2,418	−2·40	...	...
	Total for the Province	70,388,083	160,404	27·36	1,477	·24	1,585	·24	85,963	14·64	2,300	·36	3,322	·60	18,233	3·00	113,080	19·20	125,205	21·24
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		20,549	3·48	1,396	·12	80,182	13·56	3,540	·60	3,576	·60	15,962	2·64	125,205	21·24	...	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−19,072	−3·24	+189	+·12	+5,781	+1·08	−1,240	−·24	−54	Equal	+2,271	+·36	−12,125	−2·04	...	...

* The registration of births in rural areas of the Darjeeling district was discontinued, *vide* paragraph 3 of the Government orders No. 125T.M., dated the 17th May 1893, to the Commissioner of Rajshahi Division.

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,
The 2nd September 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Supplementary Vital Statistics of Towns in Bengal with a population of 20,000 and over for June 1893 received too late for publication with the figures of that month on the 28th July 1893.

Districts.		Towns.	Population under registration.	Births.		Deaths.														Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	
						Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fever.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Injury.		Other causes.		Total of all causes.			
				Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
24-Parganas ...	1	Cossipore-Chitpur	31,423	32	*12·12*	1	*·36*	......	......	28	*10·68*	5	*1·80*	1	*·36*	9	*3·36*	44	*16·80*	47	*17·88*
	2	Maniktala	32,865	32	*11·64*	1	*·36*	......	......	42	*15·24*	2	*·72*	......	......	2	*·72*	47	*17·16*	27	*9·84*
	3	Barnagore	34,278	36	*12·60*	3	*·96*	2	*·60*	26	*9·00*	8	*2·76*	2	*·60*	16	*5·52*	57	*19·92*	55	*19·20*
	4	South Suburban ...	69,642	99	*17·04*	6	*·96*	......	......	51	*8·76*	6	*·96*	2	*·24*	10	*1·68*	75	*12·84*	40	*6·84*
	5	Khorda or South Barrackpore.	35,647	80	*10·08*	4	*1·32*	......	......	27	*9·00*	5	*1·68*	3	*·96*	3	*·96*	42	*14·04*	38	*12·72*
	6	Nalhati	29,724	64	*26·64*	2	*·72*	......	......	32	*12·84*	2	*·72*	......	......	7	*2·76*	43	*17·28*	38	*15·24*
	7	Nawabganj or North Barrackpore.	20,980	33	*18·84*	4	*2·28*	......	......	27	*15·36*	7	*3·96*	1	*·48*	6	*3·36*	45	*25·68*	37	*21·12*
Nadia ...	8	Krishnagar	25,500	61	*28·68*	......	......	......	......	20	*9·36*	......	......	......	......	3	*1·32*	23	*10·80*	25	*11·76*
	9	Santipur	30,437	93	*36·60*	......	......	......	......	46	*18·12*	6	*2·28*	......	......	4	*1·56*	56	*21·96*	17	*6·60*
Patna ...	10	Patna City	165,192	272	*19·68*	34	*2·40*	3	*·12*	180	*12·96*	41	*2·88*	10	*·72*	117	*8·40*	385	*27·96*	309	*22·44*
	11	Bihar	47,723	119	*29·88*	......	......	......	......	54	*14·04*	13	*3·24*	3	*·72*	37	*9·24*	109	*27·36*	118	*29·64*
	12	Dinapore	44,419	38	*10·20*	......	......	......	......	37	*9·96*	1	*·24*	......	......	14	*3·72*	52	*14·04*	64	*17·28*
Shahabad...	13	Arrah	46,905	68	*16·80*	......	......	......	......	70	*17·88*	5	*1·20*	1	*·24*	9	*2·28*	85	*21·72*	81	*20·64*
	14	Sasaram	22,713	64	*34·80*	......	......	......	......	29	*15·24*	2	*·96*	1	*·48*	6	*3·12*	38	*20·04*	115	*60·72*
Cuttack ...	15	Cuttack	47,186	95	*24·12*	2	*·48*	......	......	12	*5·00*	14	*3·48*	......	......	22	*5·52*	50	*12·60*	60	*15·24*
		Total ...	684,634	1,138	*19·92*	57	*·96*	5	*·08*	683	*11·88*	117	*2·04*	24	*·36*	265	*4·56*	1,151	*20·16*	1,071	*18·72*
		Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		237	*4·08*	31	*·48*	479	*8·28*	90	*1·56*	25	*·36*	200	*3·60*	1,071	*18·72*	......	......
		Difference + or —	......	......	......	—180	*—3·12*	—26	*—·40*	+204	*+3·60*	+27	*+·48*	—1	Equal	+56	*+·96*	+80	*+1·44*	......	......
		Total of all towns with a population of 20,000 and over.	1,649,273	3,078	*22·32*	167	*1·20*	58	*·36*	1,760	*12·72*	340	*2·40*	67	*·48*	763	*5·32*	3,155	*22·92*	3,222	*25·40*
		Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		750	*5·40*	67	*·48*	1,253	*9·00*	306	*2·16*	77	*·48*	769	*5·52*	3,222	*23·40*	......	......
		Difference + or —	......	......	......	—583	*—4·20*	—9	*—·12*	+507	*+3·72*	+34	*+·24*	—10	Equal	—6	Equal	—67	*—·48*	......	......

Office of Sany. Commr. for Bengal,
The 2nd September 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgn.-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR 1893-94.

Areas leased for irrigation up to end of July 1893.

CIRCLE.	District.	Canal.	Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilised.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	DETAILS OF AREAS LEASED. Long term leases.	Five years, kharif.	Annual leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Sugar-cane.	Bhadoi.	Hot-weather.	Total.	GRAND TOTAL.	Rainfall, 1893-94. During month.	Rainfall, 1893-94. Up to end of month.	Rainfall 1892-93. During month.	Rainfall 1892-93. Up to end of month.	REMARKS.
			C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	
ORISSA ...	Cuttack ...	Taldanda, 1st reach ...	1,342	116	} 20	3,407	3,409	......	2,479	......	113	......	......	......	113	2,592	7·55	49·65	18·60	24·60	
		Ditto, 2nd " ...	566	86													{ 13·55	53·75	18·45	26·99	
		Machgaon	766	23	3	118	4,777	......	2,700	......	......	10	......	......	10	2,710	{ 9·65	50·15	13·89	21·35	
		Kendrapara	1,067	426	288	16,140	30,201	......	25,682	......	......	......	......	......	......	25,682	12·00	53·75	11·72	21·29	
		Gobri	372·82	42	22	40	270	......	769	......	......	......	......	......	......	769	9·60	55·90	12·34	23·22	
		Do. Extension	648	69	24	9	2,163	......	775	......	......	......	......	......	......	775	No gauge.		No gauge.		
		Pattamundi	885	121	53	11	9,072	......	2,400	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,400	5·75	47·20	Ditto.		
		High Level, Range I ...	608	240·71	31·59	172	16,839	......	866	......	23	1	......	......	24	890	5·89	38·91	12·85	24·58	
		Ditto, do. II ...	727·16	12·77	12·77	622	2,254	......	573	......	52	......	......	......	52	623	} No gauge.				
		Jaipur Canal	700	3·35	3·35	294	435	......	1,381	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,381					
	Balasore ...	High Level, Range III ...	727·16	141·77	138·26	9,577½	27,580	......	12,439	......	......	181	......	......	181	12,620	6·66	31·41	7·90	23·87	
		Total ...	......	......	......	30,3-9½	96,991	......	50,064	......	188	192	......	......	380	50,444	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	152,226	......	1,586	192	......	......	1,778	154,004	......	......	......	......	
SOUTH-WESTERN.	Midnapore ...	Midnapore	1,411	466	222	26,824	62,671	......	53,014	......	......	......	......	......	......	53,014	[illegible]·18	41·22	6·71	18·78	29 days discharging.
		Panchkura	522	4	3	455	5,9:5	......	6,546	......	......	......	......	......	......	6,546	5·64	25·16	8·72	17·96	6 days discharging.
	Howrah ...	Tidal Reaches, Ranges I & II	......	......	......	......	215	......	763	......	......	......	......	......	......	763	......	......	......	......	
		Total ...	......	......	......	27,279	68,811	......	60,323	......	......	......	......	......	......	60,323	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	80,233	......	......	......	......	......	......	80,233	......	......	......	......	
SONE ...	Shahabad ...	Western Main	4,342	1,674	94	15,382	17,177	14,397	......	2,528	......	......	......	405	2,933	17,330	} 12·24	20·55	8·81	14·28	
		Buxar	1,226	426	282	54,745	55,100	53,591	......	6,130	......	......	......	1,678	7,908	61,499					
		Arrah	2,000	1,560	840	123,959	85,666	109,500*	......	9,160	......	......	......	9,650	18,810	128,310	13·86	26·08	9·73	14·49	
	Patna and Gaya.	Eastern Main	} 1,466	638	529	{ 2,269	2,222	2,098	......	138	......	......	......	38	176	2,274	} 18·17	33·45	12·18	18·28	
		Patna				{ 59,064	56,720	56,197	......	6,503	......	......	29	1,767	8,369	64,586					
		Total ...	......	......	......	255,359	216,885	235,783	......	24,649	......	......	29	13,538	38,216	273,999	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year ...	......	......	......	......	......	190,146	......	51,307	......	......	122	11,572	63,061	253,147	......	......	......	......	
		Grand Total ...	......	......	......	312,940½	382,087	235,783	110,387	24,649	188	192	29	13,538	38,596	384,766	......	......	......	......	
		Grand Total of the corresponding period of last year ...	......	......	......	......	......	190,146	232,459	51,307	1,586	192	122	11,572	64,779	487,386	......	......	......	......	

* There are no separate leases for sugarcane on the Sone Canals; all leased fields of that crop now come under one of the other heads.

CALCUTTA,
The 5th September 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 2nd September 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.		Week ending Saturday, the 2nd September 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 3rd September 1892.	
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	504	84,925	1,065	290	79,675	1,369
Jute	105	52,125	888	132	38,470	716
Firewood	111	58,025	867	149	85,795	1,279
Other articles	746	1,84,550	2,590	771	2,03,470	2,998
Total ...	1,466	3,79,675	5,410	1,342	4,07,410	6,362

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 26th August 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
...traffic for the week ...	*272,210	*2,58,079 2 0	24,50,974 30	5,24,319 9 0	13,383 0 0	7,95,781 11 0	74,966	95,280	170,246
...r mile of railway	......	160 4 0	......	325 9 0	8 4 11	494 1 11	......	......	......
...previous 7¼ weeks of half-...r	2,095,946	23,43,571 6 0	1,46,77,474 0	32,70,411 6 0	1,04,840 7 0	57,18,823 3 0	549,515½	658,892½	1,208,408
Total for 8¼ weeks ...	2,368,156	26,01,650 8 0	1,71,28,418 30	37,94,730 15 0	1,18,223 7 0	65,14,604 14 8	624,481½	754,172½	1,378,654
Comparison.									
...l for corresponding week ...previous year	241,169	2,22,403 12 3	26,77,694 30	5,04,957 0 9	18,057 15 5	7,45,418 12 5	73,386	94,932	168,318
...mile of railway correspond-...week of previous year ...	......	138 1 6	......	313 8 8	11 3 5	462 13 7	......	......	......
...l for corresponding 8¼ weeks ...previous year	2,090,948	19,42,268 11 1	1,80,98,671 20	38,50,170 8 6	1,34,429 15 10	59,26,869 3 5	606,777	752,449	1,359,226

* The increase is chiefly due to movements of pilgrims.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 26th August 1893, on 22¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
...l traffic for the week ...	15,931	3,896 1 0	18,217 30	651 9 0	8 0 0	4,555 10 0	906	62	968
...r mile of railway	......	175 1 8	......	29 4 0	0 5 9	204 11 11	......	......	......
...revious 7¼ weeks of half-...r	*121,884	*29,586 2 0	†57,446 30	†1,625 1 0	‡75 0 0	31,286 3 0	6,445	553	6,998
Total for 8¼ weeks ...	137,835	33,482 3 0	75,664 20	2,276 10 0	83 0 0	35,841 13 0	7,351	615	7,966
Comparison.									
...l for corresponding week ...previous year	15,381	3,638 12 3	5,417 20	177 0 0	6 2 0	3,821 14 3	906	62	968
...mile of railway correspond-...week of previous year ...	......	163 8 8	......	7 15 3	0 4 5	171 12 4	......	......	......
...l for corresponding 8¼ ...eks of previous year ...	158,578½	38,048 2 9	47,808 0	1,840 6 0	64 5 6	39,961 14 3	7,628	490	8,118

Deducted number of passengers 28 and added Rs. 44 }
Added maunds 12 and ,, 1 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 22nd July 1893.
Deducted ,, 2 }

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 26th August 1893, *on* 161⅜ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	19,098	12,882 13 0	49,219 30	7,823 7 0	28 0 0	20,733 4 0	6,256	2,846½	9,10[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	79 13 1	......	48 7 6	0 2 9	128 7 4	......	......	......
For previous 7¼ weeks of half-year	*148,311	*1,01,384 0 0	†3,29,113 20	†47,017 4 0	‡239 0 0	1,48,640 4 0	43,627	19,346½	62,97[illegible]
Total for 8¼ weeks ...	168,309	1,14,266 13 0	3,78,333 10	54,839 11 0	267 0 0	1,69,373 8 0	49,883	22,193	72,07[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	22,449	12,290 2 8	34,175 10	7,164 2 0	38 6 0	19,493 10 8	6,053	2,691	8,74[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	76 2 4	......	44 6 2	0 3 10	120 12 4	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 8¾ weeks of previous year	149,357½	99,707 12 4	3,09,778 20	49,916 5 6	324 0 9	1,50,038 2 7	53,572	20,886	74,45[illegible]

* Added number of passengers 795 and Rs. 106 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 22nd July 1893.
† Ditto maunds 61,423 and " 1,163 }
‡ Deducted " 16 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 26th August 1893, *on* 777 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	159,420	71,240 0 0	9,94,620 0	2,09,610 0 0	25,350 0 0	3,06,200 0 0	28,100	35,213	63,313
Or per mile of railway	194	92 0 0	1,280 0	270 0 0	*17 0 0	*379 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 7 weeks of half-year	1,293,680	5,01,100 0 0	41,84,610 0	8,30,260 0 0	97,330 0 0	14,28,690 0 0	199,117	185,426	384,543
Total for 8 weeks ...	1,353,100	5,72,340 0 0	51,79,230 0	10,39,870 0 0	1,22,680 0 0	17,34,890 0 0	227,217	220,639	447,856
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	125,203	56,736 0 0	9,54,280 0	2,08,839 0 0	24,261 0 0	2,89,836 0 0	27,000	38,617	65,617
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	161	73 0 0	1,228 0	269 0 0	*16 0 0	*358 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,220,521	4,92,078 0 0	49,28,502 0	11,01,874 0 0	1,29,723 0 0	17,23,675 0 0	220,847	269,920	490,767

* Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 26th August 1893, *on* 125 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	33,610	10,360 0 0	72,770 0	6,010 0 0	50 0 0	16,420 0 0	3,503	2,169	5,672
Or per mile of railway ...	269	83 0 0	582 0	48 0 0	...	131 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 7 weeks of half-year	243,880	76,400 0 0	3,09,270 0	24,730 0 0	610 0 0	1,01,740 0 0	26,232	14,535	40,767
Total for 8 weeks ...	277,490	86,760 0 0	3,82,040 0	30,740 0 0	660 0 0	1,18,160 0 0	29,735	16,704	46,439
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	24,712	8,044 0 0	52,092 0	5,123 0 0	55 0 0	13,222 0 0	3,503	2,169	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	198	64 0 0	417 0	41 0 0	1 0 0	106 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	245,383	75,684 0 0	3,65,690 0	28,329 0 0	681 0 0	1,04,694 0 0	[illegible]0,329	16,702	47,031

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 26th August 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	14,820	5,070 0 0	16,440 0	1,280 0 0	70 0 0	6,420 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
Or per mile of railway	172	59 0 0	191 0	15 0 0	1 0 0	75 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 7 weeks of half-year	110,910	33,420 0 0	1,13,210 0	6,890 0 0	1,220 0 0	41,530 0 0	17,856	5,182	23,038
Total for 8 weeks ...	125,730	38,490 0 0	1,29,650 0	8,170 0 0	1,290 0 0	47,950 0 0	20,343	5,919	26,262
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	15,002	5,098 0 0	17,920 0	1,494 0 0	271 0 0	6,863 0 0	2,524	700	3,224
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	174	59 0 0	208 0	18 0 0	3 0 0	80 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	133,661	41,559 0 0	1,09,433 0	7,753 0 0	1,726 0 0	51,038 0 0	21,389	5,537	24,926

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(Includes the Tirhut State Railway.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 26th August 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	98,030	35,870	1,74,890	23,000	10,220	69,090	12,128	14,435	26,563
Or per mile of railway	129·67	47·45	231·34	30·42	13·52	91·39	......	......	......
For previous 7¼ weeks of half-year*	636,332	2,44,923	15,62,456	2,24,598	75,600	5,45,121	92,545	111,149	203,694
Total for 8¼ weeks ...	734,362	2,80,793	17,37,346	2,47,598	85,820	6,14,211	104,673	125,584	230,257
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	82,291	32,287	2,38,340	27,968	10,058	70,313	12,760	14,085	26,845
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	108·99	42·77	315·68	37·04	13·32	93·13	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	681,749	2,47,444	21,91,380	2,77,653	65,883	5,90,980	110,443	130,528	240,971

* Includes audited figures for first 8 days of July 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs. A. P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 19th August 1893	11,080 0 0
Corresponding period of 1892	12,189 0 0
Decrease	1,109 0 0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 19th August 1893	217 4 1
Corresponding period of 1892	238 15 11
Decrease	21 11 10
Receipts from 1st July to 19th August 1893	76,260 0 0
Corresponding period of 1892	76,220 0 0
Increase	40 0 0

Printed and published by Edwin Morris Lewis at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 6th September 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 37 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE CALCUTTA SHIPPING OFFICE AND OF THE SHIPPING OFFICES AT THE OUTPORTS FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

No. 2099Marine.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 6th September 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Annual Report on the working of the Calcutta Shipping Office and of the shipping offices at the outports for the year 1892-93.

The post of Shipping Master at Calcutta was filled by Lieutenant E. W. Petley, R.N., throughout the year. Mr. L. Namey, the Chief Clerk of the office, was the Deputy Shipping Master.

2. Owing to the extension of the Home trade area under Act VI of 1891, the receipts of the Shipping Office show a further falling off, as the several steamers trading to the Straits Settlements now included in the Home trade limits engage and discharge their crew on board instead of through the Shipping Office. The falling off from this cause has, however, been all but counterbalanced by gains in other directions. This result is due to an increase in the number of German steamers trading to Hamburg, whose engine-room crews are composed of natives, and to an increase in the number of steamers belonging to Messrs. Apcar and Company trading to China, as well as to more numerous arrivals of tramps or vessels that do not trade regularly to this port, but seek for cargo wherever available. The actual receipts amounted to

Rs. 31,450 against Rs. 31,993, while the disbursements were Rs. 21,376 against Rs. 20,318, during the previous year.

3. It is considered that the full effect of Act VI of 1891 has now been realized, and that the financial position of the Shipping Office has attained a condition which, considering the present commercial outlook, will continue.

4. There was a large increase in the transactions of the funds held in trust by the Shipping Office. These trust funds come under three heads, viz., "Ticket money," "Deposit money" and "Estates of deceased seamen."

The funds under "Ticket money" show a slight decrease of Rs. 288, due to a smaller number of seamen having allotted a portion of their wages for the benefit of their families. The cause of this falling off in the number of allotments cannot be readily ascertained, but it is believed to be the result of fewer Asiatics having shipped on sailing vessels during the year.

Under "Deposit money of British seamen" there is an increase of Rs. 27,715, mainly due to the Deputy Shipping Master, during a considerable portion of the year, having made it a condition in sanctioning the discharge of European seamen that they should deposit at the Shipping Office a portion of their wages as security against their falling into distress. This has caused additional work on the Shipping Office, as the money thus deposited is drawn out in small sums. It is doubtful whether any real good is done by this arrangement, and the question is receiving the attention of the Board of Revenue. The total amount deposited was Rs. 61,368, of which Rs. 60,061 represents the voluntary deposits of 419 seamen, the balance, Rs. 1,307, being the wages of 7 seamen, was deposited by masters of vessels on account of seamen who were either too ill in hospital to understand their accounts, or who, being about to be left behind in hospital or jail, refused to sign off the articles of the ships they belonged to.

Under "Deposit money of native seamen" there was a decrease of Rs. 1,840, due to a smaller number of native seamen having been left behind in hospital or jail. These deposits were involuntary and were made on account of 49 seamen.

The funds under "Estates of British seamen" showed an increase of Rs. 5,750, chiefly due to the receipt of some large estates of officers belonging to the British India Steam Navigation Company, who, in addition to wages due to them, had considerable sums deposited in the Bank. These amounts were realized by the Shipping Office and credited to the Board of Trade.

Under "Estates of native seamen" there was an increase of Rs. 2,071, due to a few estates of deceased native seamen of considerable value, which had been accounted for by masters of ships in the United Kingdom and elsewhere having been collected by the Board of Trade and transmitted to the Shipping Office through the Government of India. The increase is also partly attributable to the receipt of the wages of the whole of the native crew of the ship *Danube*, which is reported to have been lost, the amount being entered in the books of the office under the head "Estates of deceased native seamen."

5. The number of seamen of all nationalities shipped and discharged through the Shipping Office was 16,955 and 16,428 respectively, against 17,194 and 16,435 during 1891-92. Particulars as to the nationality of the seamen are given below:—

	1892-93.		1891-92.	
	Shipped.	Discharged.	Shipped.	Discharged.
British	1,451	1,528	1,474	1,398
Europeans, Continental	548	380	441	456
Americans and West Indians ...	210	198	275	188
Australians...	13	16	14	17
Asiatics other than Indians ...	351	326	458	341
Indians proper	14,031	13,655	14,234	13,697
Eurasians and Goanese... ...	351	325	298	338
TOTAL ...	16,955	16,428	17,194	16,435

The difference between the total number shipped and discharged during the year is not so great as that in the preceding year, the figures being 527 against 759 in the previous year.

6. In addition to the above, the number of seamen of all nationalities shipped on and discharged from foreign vessels through their Consulates were—

Shipped	144
Discharged	112

7. There has been an increase in the value of money-orders issued by the Shipping Office during the year, compared with the figures of the previous year. The sums remitted during the current year amounted to Rs. 20,305 against Rs. 11,009 during 1891-92. This increase is due to a few exceptionally large orders having been issued during the year, and to the increase in the number of British seamen discharged through the Shipping Office.

8. The health of European crews in British ships continues to be good: 13,580 European seamen visited the port in British ships, of whom 16 died while on the river and 21 in hospital. Of the deaths while on the river, 9 were from drowning, 1 from heat apoplexy, and 6 from cholera. There was one case of scurvy on board the ship *John Davie* brought to the notice of the Shipping Master, but no action was taken, as the seaman admitted that he had contracted the disease previously on board a steamer: the attack was of a mild form. On inspection it was found that the provisions and water on board were good, and that lime-juice was served out regularly.

9. The health of native crews is also believed to have been good, but no true statistics can be furnished owing to a very small percentage of the sick entering hospital.

10. The Health Officer of the Port visited 813 in-coming and 684 out-going vessels. Seven cases of scurvy were brought to the notice of the Health Officer, one on board the *Carrizal* and six on board the *Lyndhurst*. They were taken to hospital and discharged cured in from 1 to 36 days. The provisions on board the *Lyndhurst* were examined and found to be good, and the lime-juice up to standard requirements.

11. Two cases of imposition on seamen were reported, and steps were immediately taken by the authorities to inquire into the matter. In both cases sums improperly witheld from seamen were recovered and paid to them.

12. Two complaints were made as to the quality of the food supplied on board ship. In one case three of the crew of the *Leyland Brothers* produced samples of the bread issued to them. As these samples appeared unfit for human consumption, they were sent to the Health Officer of the Port, who held a formal survey on board and condemned the bread. The master was thereupon directed to issue no more of the condemned bread, and to ship immediately a fresh supply. In February last four of the crew of the *Ancyra* complained of the quality and short issue of the provisions on board that vessel, but on enquiry the complaint proved groundless. A seacunny on board the S.S. *Dictator* complained of having been assaulted at Colombo by the second mate. As the complainant admitted that the assault was slight, the mate was simply admonished.

13. The receipts of the Chittagong Shipping Office amounted to Rs. 209, against Rs. 99 in the previous year. The increase is due to a larger number of seamen having been exchanged or transferred to and from ships in port, and to two ships which discharged their whole crews having engaged native crews in place of the Europeans discharged. There were no disbursements.

14. The receipts of the trust funds amounted to Rs. 13,902. Of this sum Rs. 12,986 were on account of deposit money of British seamen, made up as follows:—Rs. 4,727 deposited by masters as representing the wages of 23 seamen left behind in hospital or jail, and Rs. 8,259 deposited voluntarily by 60 British seamen. The deposits from native seamen were all voluntary, and amounted to Rs. 641 from 18 men.

15. The number of seamen shipped and discharged were 86 and 111, against 17 and 50 during the previous year. In 23 cases the seamen were discharged owing to their being in jail, and on this point the Shipping Master at Chittagong writes:—

"The increase of 22 men under the head 'in jail' may be attributed chiefly to the action of the Calcutta Shipping Office in prohibiting seamen discharged at Chittagong being sent on to Calcutta in search of employment. Consequently the men under reference, in failing to effect exchange of ships at this port, and persistently refusing to go to sea in their own vessels, had

therefore, under section 83, clause 2 or 5 of Act I of 1859, to be sentenced to terms of imprisonment which necessitated their discharge from their ships at Chittagong; and as under the jail rules offenders sentenced to more than a month's imprisonment are forwarded to the Presidency Jail to complete their terms of imprisonment, it follows that by violation of the law the men in question actually succeeded in gaining their object of getting clear of their ships, and of being sent to Calcutta at the state expense and not at their own, as they otherwise would have gone. I would also mention, regarding this subject, the rule is that no seaman goes to Calcutta in search of employment without at least Rs. 50 to take on arrival, the money being remitted by me to the Shipping Master, Calcutta, and in place of any seaman so sent to Calcutta, another man, who probably was penniless in Calcutta, is sent to Chittagong to replace him; the action of the Calcutta Shipping Office is *a priori* difficult to comprehend. Nor is this all; for, under the jail rules, seamen forwarded to Calcutta to complete sentences of imprisonment go in charge of a European policeman, and the state has as well to bear the cost of his passage to and from Calcutta."

The Board of Revenue are in communication with the Shipping Master, Calcutta, and the Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, and a further report has been promised.

16. During the year 100 ships were visited by the Shipping Master to enquire into the health of the crews, to inspect provisions, drinking-water, medical stores, and forecastle accomodations, and to enquire into accidents and casualties on board. The results are said to have been generally satisfactory. The health of the shipping was bad in the early, and good in the latter, part of the year, and there were no cases of scurvy or disease arising from bad or insufficient food.

17. The admissions into hospital amounted to 37 against 41 in the previous year. There were actually 7 cases of cholera in the port, 4 of which terminated fatally, against 5 out of 10 during the previous year.

18. Hospital port dues were re-imposed on the shipping from 1st May 1893, and a provisional hospital for seamen of all races was started preparatory to the erection of a new combined hospital at this port.

19. The duties of Shipping Master at Chittagong were performed by Mr. E. Good from 9th June 1891 to 4th November 1892, during the absence on furlough of Mr. Warden, the permanent incumbent, who resumed charge of the office on the 5th November 1892.

20. At the Orissa ports, including Balasore and Puri, the number of seamen shipped and discharged amounted to 3 and 17 against 2 and 1 during the previous year. Of those discharged, 16 proceeded to Calcutta. The attention of the Commissioner of the Orissa Division has been drawn to the large number of discharges in the ports under his jurisdiction, and he has been directed to instruct the officers exercising the powers of a Shipping Master not to grant discharges unless on good grounds, as the result is to swell the number of unemployed seamen in Calcutta.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. W. ODLING,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE INCOME-TAX IN BENGAL FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—SEPARATE REVENUE.

Darjeeling, the 9th September 1892.

RESOLUTION—No. 4343S.R.

READ—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the financial results of the administration of the Income-tax for the year 1892-93.

1. The principal administrative change that took place in the working of the Income-tax Act, II of 1886, during the year, was the amalgamation, for the purposes of income-tax administration only, of the district of Hooghly with that of Howrah, of the district of Bankura with that of Birbhum, and of the district of Manbhum with that of Singhbhum. This reform, introduced in accordance with the suggestion made in paragraph 10 of the Resolution on the Income-tax report for 1891-92, was carried out shortly before the end of the year under review. The result will be an annual saving of Rs. 3,948. Regulations were laid down by the Board with the approval of Government for the appointment and promotion of Assessors, which will, it is hoped, yield good results. In December 1892 the Calcutta Income-tax Office was removed to the new building in Dalhousie Square, and the separate Income-tax sub-treasury was abolished in consequence.

2. The following statement compares the financial results of the income-tax during the last two years:—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Persons.	Persons.
Number of persons finally assessed, including Government servants, who pay through the Accountant-General	111,160	111,858
Number of persons originally assessed, excluding Government servants	105,967	106,142
Number of persons finally assessed, excluding Government servants	103,176	103,894
Number of assessees, including Government servants, who paid the tax within the year	107,878	108,818
	Rs.	Rs.
Final demand of tax for the year, excluding that paid by Government servants and interest on securities...	36,82,269	36,97,623
Final demand of tax for the year, including that paid by Government servants and interest on securities	41,54,738	41,73,554
Final demand of tax for the year, including penalties, fines, and arrears of previous years	45,30,877	44,50,299
Collections of tax within the year, excluding Accountant-General's collections ...	35,58,330	35,84,774
Collections of tax within the year, including Accountant-General's collections ...	40,20,843	40,60,705
Actual receipts, including advance and excess payments and after adjustments ...	43,06,720	42,25,366
Charges	1,86,959	1,80,171
Percentage of charges	4·3	4·3
Net revenue	41,19,761	40,45,195

The net revenue shows a decrease of Rs. 74,566 or 1·8 per cent., as against an increase of 1·5 per cent. in the preceding year. Including advance payments and excess collections, and making allowance for various adjustments, the actual receipts at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 42,25,366 in the year under report, and to Rs. 43,06,720 in the previous year: the decrease is in the collection of the arrear demand. The receipts on account of the current

demand for the year 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 40,86,427, which is Rs. 23,540 in excess of similar receipts in the previous year.

Demand, collection and balances.

3. The following statement shows the original demand, the revised demand, and the percentage of collections:—

YEAR.	Original number of assessees.	Revised number of assessees.	Original demand.	Final demand after revision.	Amount of final demand collected.	Percentage of final demand collected.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1891-92 ...	105,967	103,176	38,07,251	36,82,269	35,58,330	96·6
1892-93 ...	106,142	103,894	38,17,869	36,97,623	35,84,774	96·9

The outstanding balance at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 2,48,747. Out of this sum Rs. 66,993 are reported to be recoverable, Rs. 65,267 doubtful, and Rs. 1,16,487 bad and irrecoverable.

4. The districts of Birbhum and Noakhali earned the distinction of having realized the entire demand during the year. In four other districts also this result was attained, but it was due to the Collectors having improperly cancelled in the last quarter of the year certain assessments, which should have been reported to the Board for remission. The collections on account of current and arrear demand, including tax, penalties, &c., were below 95 per cent. in the following districts:—

Muzaffarpur	...	94	Jalpaiguri	...	86·09
Calcutta	...	91·1	Khulna	...	82·2
Patna	...	89·8	Darbhanga	...	82·2
Purnea	...	88·08	Gaya	...	81·2
Singbhum	...	86·4	24-Parganas	...	76·6

In the 24-Parganas the low percentage of collections is excused by the falling off of trade owing to the bad crops of late years and to high prices, but the same difficulty appears to have been encountered and overcome in other districts. In Gaya, Darbhanga, and Purnea the poor results are ascribed to dilatoriness in assessment—a plea which serves only to shift the burden from one shoulder to the other, and affords no justification of the failure. In Jalpaiguri the unsatisfactory result is reported to be mainly due to the difficulty experienced in making timely collections from the tea-planters, but as the Commissioner points out, this difficulty has been successfully surmounted in the Darjeeling district, where the Deputy Commissioner himself took the work in hand, and where almost the whole of the demand was collected. Considering that in all these districts except Muzaffarpur the prescribed standard was not reached in 1891-92 also, the Lieutenant-Governor cannot accept the pleas of special difficulty in the year past, and must conclude that bad arrangements or indifferent administration are the causes. It is hoped that these faults may be corrected during the current year, and Sir Antony MacDonnell is glad to learn that District officers generally have been addressed by the Board on the subject of punctual and systematic collections.

Assessment.

5. The number of assessors at the beginning of the year was 52, or one in excess of those in the previous year. Three of them were abolished before the close of the year owing to the amalgamation already referred to. The number of villages (including streets in Calcutta) visited was 78,959, as against 74,566 in the previous year. This large increase is partially explained by a change in the system of classification of villages, based on the tables of the recent census, which had in Jalpaiguri, the

effect of apparently increasing the number of villages visited from 566 in 1891-92 to 2,838 in 1892-93.

6. The number of persons finally assessed during the year increased from 103,176 to 103,894. Faridpur and Purnea, which showed an advance of 100 and 142, respectively, in the previous year, were again remarkable for an increase of 197 and 106 respectively. In Gaya the number of assessees rose by 155, in Burdwan by 137, and in Muzaffarpur by 120. In a few districts there is a falling off, but in no district, save in Lohardaga and Calcutta, did it amount to 75. In Lohardaga the decrease in the number of assessees is ascribed to the collapse of gold-mining operations, a dearth of food-grain, the scanty production of lac, and some other causes; in the 24-Parganas depression in the castor-oil and sugar-manufacturing business is made responsible for the falling off.

Objections.

7. The following table gives statistics of objections to assessment:—

Year.	Number originally assessed.	Number of objections.	Percentage of objections.	Number of successful objections.	Percentage of successful to total number of objections, column 4 to column 3.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1891-92 ...	105,967	12,388	11·6	4,513	36·4
1892-93 ...	106,142	11,640	11·	4,205	36·1

The percentage of objections was highest in the districts of Gaya (33·2), Muzaffarpur (24·7), and Puri (22·7). In the districts of Calcutta, Manbhum, Malda, and Darjeeling more than half the objections were successful. It is reported that most of the objections are filed either by new assessees, who in some districts consider it a point of honour to object, even though they may not eventually press the objection, or by the poorer class of assessees who keep no accounts and whose assessment must therefore be in great part guess work. The Board also state that in accordance with a suggestion in that regard made by Government some time ago, the Deputy Collectors in charge of income-tax in disposing of objections usually consulted the assessors and examined the grounds of their assessment, but the Commissioner of the Presidency Division says that he fears that in many cases the Deputy Collectors were satisfied with extremely vague reports from the assessors. The Lieutenant-Governor desires again to draw the attention of District officers to the importance of this matter. It is not possible that an assessor should in every case be able to base his calculations on exact figures, but he must always be prepared in case of objection to give reasonable grounds for his conjectural assessment.

Incidence of the tax.

8. The average incidence of the tax in the whole province was the same as in the previous year, namely, Re. 1 to every 19·2 of the population. Excluding Calcutta, the average incidence was Re. 1 to every 36·9 inhabitants, as compared with Re. 1 to every 37·4 in the previous year. Outside the metropolis, the incidence was highest in Darjeeling, viz., Re. 1 to every 4 persons, and lowest in the Sonthal Parganas and Cuttack, viz., Re. 1 to every 77 persons. In Calcutta the incidence was Rs. 2 to every person, against Rs. 2-8 in the previous year, and one person in every 39 paid the tax, as against one in every 35 in 1891-92. Throughout the whole province one person in every 684 was assessed during the year under report. In the previous year the proportion was one in every 688 persons.

9. The Board have reproduced the statement, which shows for the year under report and for previous years the distribution of the tax as between Calcutta and the rest of the province:—

Years.	Act imposing tax.	Number of persons assessed in—			Amount of tax realized in—		
		Calcutta.	Rest of province.	Total of columns 3 and 4.	Calcutta.	Rest of province.	Total of columns 6 and 7.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1860-61 ...	Income-tax Act XXXII of 1860 ...	*	241,297	241,297	30,60,061	34,79,428	65,39,489
1861-62 ...	Ditto ditto ...	*	244,471	244,471	17,83,500	40,68,945	58,52,445
1862-63 ...	Ditto ditto ...	*	61,740	61,740	17,09,743	31,30,344	48,40,087
1863-64 ...	Ditto ditto ...	*	57,879	57,879	11,32,583	22,59,818	34,92,401
1864-65 ...	Ditto ditto ...	*	51,367	51,367	11,47,062	20,00,435	31,47,497
1867-68 ...	License Acts XXI and XXIX of 1867 ...	23,332	160,040	183,372	4,66,286	10,79,255	15,45,541
1868-69 ...	Certificate Tax Act IX of 1868 ...	9,824	54,161	63,985	5,39,338	8,74,677	14,14,015
1869-70 ...	Income-tax Acts IX and XXIII of 1869 and XVI of 1870.	22,728	142,342	165,070	12,20,455	26,26,189	38,46,644
1870-71 ...	Ditto ditto ...	*	97,831	97,831	21,21,525	42,99,175	64,20,700
1871-72 ...	Income-tax Act XII of 1871 ...	7,497	43,968	51,465	6,87,755	13,52,435	20,40,190
1872-73 ...	Ditto VIII of 1872 ...	*	27,398	27,398	6,04,187	9,52,110	15,56,297
1878-79 ...	License-tax Act I (B.C.) of 1878 ...	31,801	808,706	840,507	3,35,331	23,30,422	26,65,753
1879-80 ...	Ditto ditto ...	22,427	718,055	740,482	3,00,692	15,57,090	18,57,782
1880-81 ...	Ditto II (B.C.) of 1880 ...	8,142	63,414	71,556	4,11,260	10,73,602	14,84,862
1881-82 ...	Ditto ditto ...	7,973	60,900	68,873	4,12,290	10,26,865	14,39,155
1882-83 ...	Ditto ditto ...	8,434	61,407	69,841	4,04,000	10,25,656	14,29,656
1883-84 ...	Ditto ditto ...	8,673	62,620	71,293	4,13,670	10,39,972	14,53,642
1884-85 ...	Ditto ditto ...	8,628	61,631	70,259	4,04,570	10,27,426	14,31,996
1885-86 ...	Ditto ditto ...	8,794	61,088	69,882	4,12,545	10,16,577	14,29,122
1886-87 ...	Income-tax Act II of 1886 ...	21,170	77,131	98,301†	17,05,885	16,78,796	33,84,681†
1887-88 ...	Ditto ditto ...	20,941	79,297	100,238†	14,24,012	16,96,332	31,20,344†
1888-89 ...	Ditto ditto ...	23,128	79,279	102,407†	15,91,286	16,98,314	32,89,600†
1889-90 ...	Ditto ditto ...	22,555	79,710	102,265†	16,95,163	17,41,574	34,36,737†
1890-91 ...	Ditto ditto ...	22,159	80,829	102,988†	17,11,574	17,75,061	34,86,635†
1891-92 ...	Ditto ditto ...	21,896	81,274	103,170†	17,20,966	18,37,364	35,58,330†
1892-93 ...	Ditto ditto ...	21,386	82,508	103,894†	17,21,695	18,63,079	35,84,774†

* Figures not available.
† Exclusive of the tax on salaries, &c., recovered by the Accountant-General and the tax on the interest of Government securities.

From these figures it will be seen that during the year 1892-93 as much as Rs. 17,21,695, or 48 per cent. of the whole collections, were contributed by Calcutta, and Rs. 18,63,079, or 52 per cent., by the rest of the province.

Coercive measures.

10. The following statement exhibits the main facts in connection with the coercive measures which had to be taken for the realization of the tax:—

Year.	Number of persons finally assessed.	Distress warrants.		Cases of distraint.		Cases of sale.	
		Number.	Percentage to column 2.	Number.	Percentage to column 2.	Number.	Percentage to column 2.
1	2	3	4	5		7	8
1891-92 ...	103,176	6,420	6·2	2,329	2·2	333	·3
1892-93 ...	103,894	5,559	5·4	2,460	2·4	302	·3

In Khulna, Singhbhum, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, 24-Parganas, Jessore, Purnea, and Hooghly, the proportion of warrants issued exceeded 10 per cent. of the number of persons assessed. It is noticeable that in six of these districts (namely in 24-Parganas, Darbhanga, Khulna, Singhbhum, Purnea, and Muzaffarpur) the collections were below 95 per cent., which fact tends to show either that the low percentage of collections was due rather to the unwillingness of the assessees to pay than to neglect on the part of the collecting officers, or else that the work of collection was not commenced sufficiently early, and that therefore coercive measures had to be undertaken to a large extent at the end of the year.

11. Under section 9(2) of the Income-tax Act, a small commission is allowed to managers of companies or other employers of labour who will collect the tax from their employés on behalf of Government. The total amount of tax collected in this manner was Rs. 2,47,918, as against Rs. 2,52,448 in the previous year, and the number of companies, &c., who undertook to collect the tax fell from 340 to 324 in the year under report. The largest decrease was 29 in Darjeeling, which is said to have been due to the fact that previously in

several cases managers had been allowed to pay in their tax under this section and claim commission, although they were the only assessees in the concern. The continued decrease in the number of persons making use of this section seems to corroborate the suggestion that employers, especially natives, do not consider the remuneration offered sufficient reward for the trouble of collecting the tax.

Expenditure.

12. The total expenditure for the year, including the cost of contingencies and the remissions under Rule 13 of the Bengal Government rules, amounted to Rs. 1,80,171, against Rs. 1,86,959 in the previous year. In view of the remarks in paragraph 10 of last year's Resolution on the subject of travelling allowance, the further increase of expenditure in that direction in 1892-93, cannot be regarded with unmixed satisfaction. The Lieutenant-Governor is still of opinion that supervision should be exercised to prevent these charges increasing beyond the point when they cease to give sufficient return for the expenditure to be remunerative to Government. The percentage of cost, excluding contingencies on the total collections, is 4·3, the same for the whole province as in the previous year. In eight districts the cost exceeded 10 per cent., amounting in Singhbhum to the very high percentage of 24·3, and in Palamau to 15·7.

13. The system of payment of income-tax by money-order continued to work satisfactorily. In Saran, in five cases, amounts were remitted by telegraphic money-order. No serious cases of embezzlement were discovered during the year. In one case the prosecution of an assessor for the production of false accounts was ordered, but as the evidence appeared insufficient, the case was allowed to drop. Three persons were convicted for personating assessors and illegally collecting the tax.

14. The names of the Deputy Collectors specially reported by the Board as having done good service will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

The thanks of Government are due to the Board for their supervision of the collection of this tax, which is reported to be no more popular now than it was when first introduced: the people have, however, now become familiarised with it, and the Lieutenant-Governor trusts that even greater attention will be paid by District Officers during the current year to realise the tax with punctuality and system.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 9th September, 1893.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.			
Burdwan Divn.			
1	Burdwan Sept. 9, '93	0·83	Weather—hot and sultry. Rain wanted for the *aman* crop. Harvest depends upon good rain within next week. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 13 Kalna ... ... 9 to 12 Katwa ... ... $12\frac{14}{16}$ Raniganj ... ... 12 } per rupee.
	Kalna ...	0·57	
	Katwa ...	0·11	
	Raniganj ...	1·50	
2	Bankura „ 9, '93	1·46	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of both early and late rice good. Prices have slightly risen, the supply from the interior to the market having fallen short. Common rice is selling to-day (9th) at 12 seers 8 chitaks per rupee at Bankura and 12 seers at Vishnupur.
3	Birbhum „ 9, '93	2·02	Weather—seasonable. Standing crops doing well and the prospects continue favourable. Common rice sells at from 12 to 14 seers per rupee.
	Rampur Hát ...	2·26	
4	Midnapore „ 9, '93	2·75	Weather—hot and oppressive and certainly seasonable. Prospects continue hopeful, and the rainfall is sufficient. If we can only get rain in October we shall have a 14-anna crop. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11½ Contai ... ... 13 Tamluk ... ... 11 Ghatal ... ... 10 to 12 } per rupee.
5	Hooghly „ 9, '93	0·81	Weather—cool and showery except in Serampore, where it was hot and dry. *Aus* harvest and steeping of jute progressing. *Aman* and sugarcane doing well except on high lands, where a little more rain is wanted. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ Jahanabad ... ... 10 to 12 } per rupee.
	Serampore ...	1·40	
	Jahanabad ...	0·40	
6	Howrah „ 9, '93	0·80	Weather—hot. State of standing crops fair. Reaping of *bhadoi* crops still continues in parts. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of rice 10 seers per rupee.
	Ulubaria ...	1·40	
Presidency Divn.			
7	24-Parganas „ 9, '93	0·63	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* almost finished. *Aus* being cut. Prospects of crops fair except in the thana of Bankipur. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 10¼ Diamond Harbour ... ... 11 Barasat ... ... 10 Basirhat ... ... 10 } per rupee.
8	Nadia „ 9, '93	0·85	Weather—hot. Prospects of crops continue fair. Price of rice has slightly risen in spite of fair *aus* harvest. Lands being prepared for winter crops.
	Kushtia ...	0·59	
	Meherpur ...	1·22	
	Chuadanga ...	0·53	
	Ranaghat ...	0·58	
9	Khulna „ 9, '93	1·36	Weather—hot with occasional showers. *Aus* harvest approaching completion. *Aman* doing well.
	Bagerhat ...	2·65	
	Satkhira ...	0·90	
10	Jessore „ 9, '93	0·68	Weather—sultry. Harvesting of *aus* and steeping and extracting of jute nearly over. Prospects of *aman* fair. Cattle-disease reported from Salikha in Magura and Mahespur in Bangaon subdivision. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices steady.
	Jhenida ...	1·13*	
	Magura ...	0·84	
	Narail ...	4·45	
	Bangaon ...	0·97	
11	Murshidabad „ 9, '93	2·30	Weather— hot and sultry. Harvesting of *bhadoi* pulses commenced. Winter rice doing well. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong	Sept. 9, '93	2·77	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* nearly over. Transplantation of *aman* still continues. Prospects fair. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	" 9, '93	0·56	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* nearly finished. Transplantation of *aman* continues. Prospects fair. Fodder not sufficient. Cattle-disease reported from five thanas. Common rice sells at 8 seers 6 chitaks per rupee.
	14	Tippera	" 9, '93	0·44	Weather—very close; gathering of clouds in the afternoon and more or less foggy mornings. Water subsiding very gradually. More rapid subsidence required for transplantation. Prospects of *aman* improving, but not altogether satisfactory. Want of fodder still felt. Death of cattle almost stopped. Rice selling at Rs. 4-8 per maund at Comilla, Rs. 4-14 at Chandpur, and Rs. 5 at Brahmanbaria.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	" 8, '93	0·86	Weather—hot and cloudy. Harvesting of both *jum* and early plough-paddy (*aus*) continues. No vegetables in the bazar. Condition of cattle generally good. Common rice selling at 7 seers per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca	" 9, '93	1·51	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional rain. *Rowa* and *shail* paddy being sown. Harvesting of jute going on and that of *aus* nearly finished. Prospects of *aman* paddy fair, but it has been submerged in some places. Water subsiding. Common rice selling at from 7 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder not sufficiently available. No cattle-disease, but they are growing weak for want of fodder and accommodation owing to high floods.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	" 9, '93	2·56 1·74 0·72	Weather—hot. River water has begun to rise again slowly. *Aman* and sugar-cane said to be improving, but otherwise conditions unchanged. Common rice sells at 9 seers per rupee. In the Goalundo and Sadar subdivisions there is sufficiency of fodder. Some cattle-disease in thana Palong of the Madaripur subdivision.
	18	Backergunge Pirojpur Patuakhali Bhola	" 9, '93	3·92 2·03 2·79 5·64	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops fair. Common rice sells at from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	" 9, '93	2·59	Weather—fair and hot. The flood is subsiding. Transplantation of *aman* paddy is pushed on vigorously. Prospects of standing *rowa* paddy appear to be fair. Common rice selling at 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder reported not sufficiently available in Netrakona, Kishorganj, and Tangail. Condition of cattle good.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	" 9, '93 ...	2·03 2·82	Weather—fine with occasional showers. *Aus* crop is being still harvested. Transplantation of *aman* is nearly finished. Prospects fair. Price of rice both at Sadar and Thakurgaon stationary. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water sufficient.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	" 9, '93	0·15 2·92 0·52	Weather—hot and seasonable. Condition of the standing crops good; we are now getting just the weather suitable for the crops. Water and fodder-supply ample. Condition of cattle good. Price of rice varies from 10 to 13 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Gaibanda Kurigaon Nilphamari	" 9, '93	3·33 1·53 1·15 3·22	Weather—seasonable. The recent rain has been very beneficial. Transplanting of winter paddy almost completed. Prospects favourable. Jute cutting and steeping going on. Price of common rice 10 to 12 seers per rupee.
	23	Bogra Sherpur Naukhila	" 9, '93	0·73 0·34 0·52	Weather—hot and fine. Transplantation of *aman* is about finished. Jute is nearly all cut. Prospects of *aman* fair. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	" 9, '93	1·85	Weather—seasonable; partially cloudy. Harvesting of *aus* and jute nearly finished. Prospects of *aman* fair. Common rice sells at Rs. 5 per maund at Sirajganj and 10 seers per rupee at Pabna. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	" 9, '93 ...	6·58 3·09	Weather—seasonable. *In the hills*:—*Bhadoi* paddy and *chota marua* ripening. Indian corn and potatoes being harvested. *Bara marua* and *aghani* paddy progressing favourably. *In the Terai*:—Jute being cut and steeped. *Bhadoi* being harvested. *Haimanti* transplanting completed. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 10 }
	26	Jalpaiguri	" 9, '93	7·75	Weather—hot and cloudy. Harvesting of *bhadoi* paddy almost finished. Transplantation of *haimanti* paddy still continues. Washing of jute continues. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 } per rupee. Alipur ... ... 9 to 10 }

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.				
BHAGALPUR DIVN.	27	Monghyr Sept. 9, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	2·97 0·81 1·28	Weather—hot and cloudy. Outturn of *bhadoi* not good. About 50,000 bighas of *makai* crops are said to have been damaged by the recent flood of the Gandak. Paddy thriving well. Sugarcane good. Cattle-disease towards Nawadih and Shaikpura. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... $10\frac{3}{4}$ to $15\frac{1}{4}$ } Begusarai ... ... 12 } per rupee. Jamui ... ... 12 }
	28	Bhagalpur „ 9, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ...	4·83 2·71 7·34 3·83	Weather—hot. General rain towards the end of the week. *Bhadoi* being harvested and *rabi* lands ploughed. The rainfall of the week has been beneficial to the winter rice. Price of common rice 13 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
	29	Purnea „ 9, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	2·59 5·75 3·00	Weather—very sultry succeeded by windy and rainy weather. It has again become hot. *Bhadoi* being cut everywhere; result good. Jute being steeped. Transplantation of *aghani* finished in Araria, where the recent rain has been very beneficial. In Sadar subdivision it is nearly finished. In Kishanganj, where it had come to a standstill in some parts for want of rain, it is now going on vigorously owing to the recent rainfall. No want of fodder and water for cattle. No cattle-disease. Prices of new *bhadoi* rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 14 to 18 } Kishanganj ... ... 16 } per rupee. Araria ... ... 20 }
	30	Malda „ 9, '93	1·15	Weather—seasonable. Reaping of *bhadoi* paddy finished. Winter rice thriving. *Kalai* being sown broadcast on low lands. Common rice sells at from 11 to 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient for cattle.
	31	Sonthal Parganas „ 9, '93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara .. Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	1·55 1·35 1·85 1·13 0·81 0·30	Weather—occasional showers of rain with hot intervals between. Prospects of *aghani* paddy very favourable, though a little more rain is required in the high lands. Cultivation of *kurthi*, *urid* and *surguja* going on briskly. Price of rice stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
PATNA DIVISION.	32	Patna „ 9, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapore ...	3·03 2·60 0·90 1·33	Weather—hot with occasional showers. The recent rain has done much good to the rice, which is now all transplanted, but more rain is needed in the Bihar subdivision. The *bhadoi* crops are practically all reaped with a poor outturn. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } Barh ... ... $12\frac{1}{2}$ } Bihar ... ... 15 } per rupee. Dinapore ... ... 13 }
	33	Gaya „ 9, '93 Aurangabad ... Jahanabad ... Nawada ...	3·33 1·26 2·49 1·67	Weather—very warm with occasional rain. Harvesting of *bhadoi* and transplantation of paddy nearly over. Prospects of latter crop favourable. Common rice sells at from 11 to 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply ample.
	34	Shahabad „ 9, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	4·70 0·93 4·31 2·64	Heavy rain with spells of sunshine. The weather has been all that could be desired, and crop prospects are very good.
	35	Darbhanga „ 9, '93 Samastipur ... Madhubani ...	1·63 2·26 0·39	Weather—very hot and showers occasionally. Floods gradually disappearing. Retransplanting of rice being pushed on where seedlings are available. The rainfall of the week has greatly benefited the crop. More rain, however, is still wanted in Madhubani subdivision. *Aghani* rice in places not affected by the flood is doing well. Fodder sufficient.
	36	Muzaffarpur „ 9, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	3·11 2·47 0·16	Weather—hot and cloudy. In Sitamarhi paddy is being retransplanted in places washed away by the flood, where this course is possible. *Bhadoi* outturn may be expected in Sadar 5 annas, in Hajipur $6\frac{3}{4}$ annas, and in Sitamarhi $6\frac{1}{2}$ annas. Fodder plentiful except in Kutra thana. No disease among cattle.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—concld.			
37	Saran Sept. 9, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	2·72 1·42 1·15	Wind changeable; weather bright; occasionally cloudy with passing showers. Appreciable rain fell at Sadar only yesterday (8th) morning. Prospects fairly good on the whole, except that in a small area in thana Manjhi paddy has suffered for want of rain and some area not transplanted for the same want. Prospects go on improving in Gopalganj, and recent rain has done much good to all crops in Siwan subdivision. Water and fodder plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Chapra ... ... 13 0 Siwan ... ... 13 10 } per rupee. Gopalganj 14 6
38	Champaran „ 9, '93	2·15	Weather—much cooler since the rain of the 7th and 8th instant. *Saro* paddy is being reaped. Prospect of *aghani* paddy good. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack ...	...	Report not received.
40	Puri „ 7, '93 Khurda ...	4·54 5·08	Weather—hot with frequent showers. Rainfall quite sufficient for the time being. *Beali* being reaped. *Sarad* being weeded. Transplantation nearly finished. Miscellaneous crops doing well. General prospects good. Prices fo common rice:— Srs. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 13 to 15 12 } per rupee. Khurda ... ... 11 to 17 1
41	Balasore „ 9, '93	6·67	Weather—cloudy with showers. Transplantation nearly finished. No complaint of want of rain. Prospect of a 12-anna crop. Prices have fallen at Balasore.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh Sept. 9, '93 Giridi ...	5·75 2·11	Weather—seasonable. Estimated average yield of *bhadoi* crops 4 annas. Winter rice doing well, and the recent rainfall has improved prospects. Fodder and water abundant. Prices stationary.
43	Lohardaga „ 9, '93	4·51	Weather—hot and cloudy. Reaping of *gora* paddy continues. Prospect of winter rice good. Common rice selling at 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau „ 8, '93	2·89	Weather—very oppressive. There has been good rain throughout the district during the week. Prospects of the paddy crop are so far excellent. *Gora* paddy and *gundli* being cut. Ploughing has commenced for *rabi* sowings. *Kurthi* and *til* are being sown. Fodder and water plentiful. Rice selling at from 12 seers 6 chitaks to 16 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
45	Singhbhum „ 9, '93	1·93	Weather—seasonable. Crops in excellent condition. *Bhadoi* crops being harvested; about 14 annas outturn expected. Price of common rice at Chaibassa 16 seers per rupee and 12 seers elsewhere. Cattle-disease reported from Monoharpur thana.
46	Manbhum „ 9, '93 Gobindpur ...	3·11 2·47	Weather—seasonable and generally very favourable. *Gora* paddy is being harvested; probable outturn about nine annas. Prospects of winter rice so far good. Prices stationary.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 12th September, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following Statement shows the Quantities of the Principal Staples of Traffic imported into Calcutta from the Interior during the month of March, 1893.

IMPORTS INTO CALCUTTA.

Whence imported.	FOOD-GRAINS. Rice and Paddy. Rice.	* Paddy.	Total (in rice).	Wheat.	Gram and pulses.	Other food-grains.	Total.	FIBROUS PRODUCTS. Jute, raw.	† Gunny-bags.	OIL-SEEDS. Linseed.	Mustard seed.	Tea, Indian.	Cotton, raw.	Silk, raw.	SUGAR. Refined	Un-refined.	TOBACCO. Un-manu-fac-tured.	Manufactured
BENGAL.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	No.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Burdwan	51,975	26,960	68,825	132	3,115	......	72,072	423	11,926	5,164	410	......	......	13	......	3	162	[illegible]
Birbhum	1,14,845	15,696	1,24,655	......	304	......	1,24,959	105	6,160	......	......	......	......	311	......	......	...	......
Midnapore	1,10,911	11,299	1,17,973	159	2,414	......	1,20,546	1,982	4,213	44,836	5,261	......	......	177	14	2,709	45	......
Hooghly	1,16,474	3,487	1,18,653	55	7,588	15	1,26,582	61,443	332,087	10,422	1,477	......	430	......	495	9,089	3,157	[illegible]
24-Parganas ...	2,28,488	18,780	1,40,226	326	18,476	......	1,58,702	47,741	881,225	17,345	88	......	53	......	19,924	36,485	4,971	[illegible]
Nadia	11,585	567	11,939	......	1,49,679	611	1,64,165	20,484	7,258	1,65,573	6,071	......	328	85	1,307	13,391	2,909	......
Khulna	23,117	12,843	31,144	1,936	1,556	635	33,335	601	805	160	2,704	......	......	......	625	5,925	...	......
Jessore	12,700	5,010	15,831	......	14,266	2,149	32,246	2,337	455	17,455	459	......	......	......	2,391	52,160	1,156	......
Murshidabad ...	44,359	......	34,359	......	3,440	3	38,812	8,206	......	4,139	1,714	......	......	957	......	......	139	......
Dinajpur	22,596	476	22,894	1,010	1,743	......	24,637	7,538	67,627	......	1,745	......	58	......	......	......	...	......
Rajshahi	9,006	......	9,006	......	1,281	......	10,287	6,728	......	774	778	......	......	737	......	......	...	......
Rangpur	337	......	337	......	......	......	337	82,304	24,465	......	3,228	......	4,757	......	......	......	25,617	......
Bogra	27,268	......	27,268	......	......	......	27,268	6,076	2,940	......	248	......	......	......	......	......	...	......
Pabna	......	......	......	......	99	......	99	2,28,077	982,249	525	8,938	......	......	......	......	......	61	......
Darjeeling	99	......	99	......	......	......	99	......	7,210	......	......	319	......	......	......	......	...	......
Jalpaiguri	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	29,911	85,505	......	120	32	......	......	......	......	150	......
Dacca	2,867	......	2,867	......	624	......	3,491	2,64,424	945	905	1,402	8	6,269	......	......	397	...	......
Faridpur	8,645	250	8,801	321	2,045	......	11,167	53,868	3,610	1,466	30,414	......	3,914	......	......	......	10	......
Backergunge ...	7,84,816	405	7,85,069	......	...	......	7,85,069	4,470	1,610	......	......	......	......	......	......	41	...	......
Mymensingh ...	4,153	......	4,153	......	507	......	4,660	61,244	455	......	2,600	......	......	......	......	......	...	......
Tippera	13,575	......	13,575	......	......	......	13,575	1,050	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	...	......
Chittagong	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,250	......	......	6	3,295	......	......	......	...	......
Noakhali	23,754	......	23,754	......	......	......	23,754	300	......	......	......	......	900	......	......	......	...	......
Total of Bengal ...	16,01,570	95,773	16,61,428	3,884	2,07,137	3,413	18,75,862	8,89,312	2,121,386	2,68,754	76,657	365	20,004	2,280	24,756	1,20,200	37,777	[illegible]
BIHAR.																		
Patna	14	......	14	317	4,117	3	7,451	......	888	20,341	15,895	......	......	3	22	1,056	413	[illegible]
Gaya	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	665	55,844	16,443	......	......	......	......	861	...	[illegible]
Shahabad	8	......	8	3,249	150	......	3,407	......	280	8,675	1,265	......	......	......	30	18,983	...	......
Muzaffarpur ...	216	......	216	......	......	......	216	......	......	22	12,997	......	......	......	......	......	147	......
Darbhanga	13,758	......	13,758	......	200	......	13,958	......	35	290	17,814	447	......	......	128	1,457	48	[illegible]
Saran	2	......	2	......	2	......	4	......	105	308	1,737	......	......	......	......	1,006	...	......
Champaran ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	300	3,152	226	......	......	......	......	...	......
Monghyr	4,266	......	4,266	971	4,279	......	9,516	......	315	16,524	5,857	......	......	......	......	980	...	......
Bhagalpur	5,591	......	5,591	......	1,586	299	7,476	1,149	140	3,037	34,189	......	......	......	......	......	10	[illegible]
Purnea	1,943	......	1,943	648	200	......	2,791	8,699	......	160	18,556	......	......	......	......	......	4,919	......
Malda	5,616	3	5,618	350	3,514	......	9,482	2,050	......	100	251	......	......	2	......	......	...	......
Sonthal Parganas	1,130	......	1,130	1,221	7,861	328	10,540	3,748	770	......	25,039	......	......	39	......	......	...	[illegible]
Total of Bihar ...	32,544	3	32,546	6,756	24,909	630	64,841	15,646	3,198	1,05,401	1,53,195	673	......	44	180	24,343	5,537	[illegible]
ORISSA.																		
Cuttack	1,358	......	1,358	......	794	......	2,152	187	......	164	524	......	......	......	......	......	...	......
Balasore	73,779	50,367	1,05,258	......	15,641	......	1,20,899	463	125	472	5,109	......	......	......	......	......	...	......
Total of Orissa ...	75,137	50,367	1,06,616	......	16,435	......	1,23,051	650	125	636	5,633	......	......	......	......	......	...	......
CHOTA NAGPUR.																		
Hazaribagh ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	11,505	......	......	......	......	43	...	......
Singhbhum ...	785	......	785	......	......	......	785	......	210	......	4,422	......	......	109	......	......	...	......
Manbhum ...	539	......	539	......	......	......	539	......	210	......	7,106	194	......	......	......	......	...	......
Total of Chota Nagpur.	1,324	......	1,324	......	......	......	1,324	......	420	......	23,033	194	......	100	......	43	...	......
Grand Total of supplies from the Provinces under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.	17,10,575	1,46,143	18,01,914	10,640	2,48,481	4,043	20,65,678	9,05,608	2,125,129	3,74,791	2,58,518	1,232	20,004	2,424	24,936	1,44,586	43,314	[illegible]
OTHER PROVINCES																		
Assam	4,800	......	4,800	......	......	......	4,800	14,965	700	276	31,578	1,644	9,176	60	......	......	...	......
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	437	......	437	1,20,629	1,45,241	4,478	2,70,785	......	350	51,020	67,809	448	36,848	......	48	1,723	2	[illegible]
Punjab	40	......	40	......	26,667	9,703	36,419	......	35	......	......	54	13,093	......	2	......	...	......
Central Provinces	38,367	773	38,840	23,488	13,627	1,204	77,159	......	455	10,087	443	......	973	......	......	......	...	......
Rajputana and Central India ...	......	......	......	......	3,723	303	4,026	......	......	17,495	......	......	2,271	......	......	......	...	......
Berar	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	48	......	......	......	...	......
Bombay	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	20,193	......	......	......	9	......
Madras	......	......	......	......	14	......	14	......	1,250	......	......	......	2,801	......	......	......	223	[illegible]
Burma	5,449	1,284	6,252	......	118	......	6,370	16	......	......	......	......	5,258	......	......	......	53	......
Other places ...	71	......	71	......	26	......	97	......	44,700	......	......	......	......	......	15,936	22,812	67	[illegible]
Grand Total of imports in March ... 1893	17,59,729	1,48,200	18,52,854	1,54,757	4,37,897	19,731	24,64,739	9,20,589	2,172,619	4,53,669	3,58,438	3,378	1,10,755	2,484	40,892	1,69,121	44,358	[illegible]
Grand Total of imports in March ... 1892	16,90,450	95,147	17,40,917	3,53,235	3,26,387	19,615	24,49,154	1,66,782	1,668,576	5,47,467	2,88,152	6,694	1,09,239	1,780	45,838	1,66,707	48,338	[illegible]

* One maund of paddy is equivalent to 25 seers of rice. | † Exclusive of bags obtained by local manufacture.

The Sea-borne Trade of Calcutta in these Staples during the month of March, 1893, was as follows.—

EXPORTED FROM CALCUTTA—	Rice.	Paddy.	Total (in rice).	Wheat.	Gram and pulses.	Other food-grains.	Total.	Jute, raw.	Gunny-bags.	Linseed.	Mustard seed.	Tea, Indian.	Cotton, raw.	Silk, raw.	Sugar Refined	Un-refined.	Tobacco Un-manufactured.	Manufactured
To Indian ports, viz.—																		
Bombay ...	1,22,863	69	1,22,931	......	79	......	1,23,010	106	2,732,500	......	......	354	......	68	274	......	...	[illegible]
Madras	457	......	457	923	40,179	403	41,962	......	229,619	4	46	......	......	40	157	......	...	......
Other ports in Madras ...	66,042	......	66,042	332	10,163	276	76,813	......	405,200	......	335	4	......	7	44	......	...	......
Burma ...	8,693	......	8,693	1,858	17,086	208	27,845	......	3,755,000	4	20	194	325	20	3,557	1,515	4,747	......
Other Indian ports	225	......	225	520	2,226	257	3,228	......	210,270	......	......	4	......	7	2,815	2,438	1,811	......
Pondicherry ...	......	......	......	......	1,294	4	1,298	......	129,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	...	......
Sind	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	70,150	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	...	......
Total of Inter-portal trade ...	1,98,310	60	1,98,348	3,633	71,027	1 148	2,74,156	106	7,601,739	8	401	556	325	142	6,847	3,953	6,558	......
To Foreign ports— United Kingdom	1,69,789	......	1,69,789	44,900	18,899	......	2,33,588	2,35,885	1,603,300	187,402	......	3,855	3,269	519	708	......	...	......
Other Foreign ports ...	1,90,500	......	1,90,500	988	40,880	4,496	2,36,924	7,12,309	7,313,650	817	1,515	3,536	35,024	1,044	1,146	1,153	297	[illegible]
Total of Foreign trade ...	3,60,349	......	3,60,349	45,888	59,779	4,496	4,70,512	9,48,194	8,916,950	188,219	1,515	7,391	38,293	1,563	1,854	1,153	297	[illegible]
Grand Total of Exports in March ... 1893	5,5[illegible]659	60	5,58,697	49,521	1,30,806	5,644	7,44,668	9,48,300	16,518,689	188,227	1,916	7,947	38,618	1,705	8,701	5,106	6,855	[illegible]
Grand Total of Exports in March ... 1892	16,4[illegible]540	1,989	16,44,792	2,62,3[illegible]8	69,677	4,111	1,980,948	3,10,130	12,332,250	478,185	250	27,996	36,704	1,075	5,891	3,870	10,084	[illegible]

The following Statement shows the several Routes followed by the Trade in the Principal Staples of Traffic imported into Calcutta during the month of March, 1893.

IMPORTS INTO CALCUTTA.

[...]ification of Routes.	Food-grains. Rice.	Paddy.	Wheat.	Gram and pulses.	Other food-grains.	Fibrous Products. Jute, raw.	Gunny-bags.	Oilseeds. Linseed.	Mustard seed.	Tea, Indian.	Cotton, raw.	Silk, raw.	Sugar. Refined.	Unrefined.	Tobacco. Unmanufactured.	Manufactured.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	No.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
[...]try boats ...	12,69,086	59,267	5,043	95,675	38	3,04,875	837,579	83,825	26,447	......	7,608	119	8,823	30,421	4,096	840
[...] steamers ...	13,514	285	286	4,313	......	2,88,074	......	49,898	29,260	1,437	11,322	82	727	132	263	......
[...] East Indian Railway	2,52,119	36,340	1,48,825	2,08,790	16,318	20,700	28,315	1,84,635	2,40,991	1,369	53,233	1,422	230	25,909	5,595	461
[...] Eastern Bengal State Railway.	62,905	499	603	95,268	3,375	2,68,136	1,226,050	1,17,140	56,996	566	6,893	861	1,700	71,604	26,595	......
[...]	85,595	5,830	......	18,482	......	38,366	34,600	18,171	35	......	2	......	13,596	18,243	6,769	2,162
[...]	76,510	45,979	......	15,369	......	433	46,075	......	4,700	6	31,637	......	15,906	22,812	1,040	768
Total of [...]rts in [...] 1893 ...	17,59,729	1,48,200	1,54,757	4,37,897	19,731	9,20,589	2,172,619	4,53,669	3,58,438	3,378	1,10,755	2,484	40,892	1,69,121	44,358	4,180
1892 ...	16,90,450	95,147	3,53,235	3,26,387	19,615	1,66,752	1,668,576	5,47,467	2,88,152	6,694	1,09,239	1,780	45,838	1,66,707	48,338	1,523

The following Statement shows the Values and Quantities of the Principal Staples of Traffic exported Inland from Calcutta during the month of March, 1893.

EXPORTS FROM CALCUTTA.

[...]her exported.	Cotton piece-goods. European.	Indian.	Cotton twist. European.	Indian.	Salt.	Gunny-bags.
BENGAL.	Rs.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	No.
[...]wan ...	1,59,408	440	608	1,229	24,362	66,852
[...]um ...	86,900	420	144	752	17,743	83,930
[...]apore ...	2,35,080	......	3,082	......	36,528	20,720
[...]ly ...	1,50,669	7,303	1,282	279	1,704	68,821
[...]ganas ...	1,49,016	2,120	363	4	13,031	136,655
[...] ...	3,24,404	371	1,633	......	22,025	166,622
[...] ...	58,930	...	38	......	7,025	840
[...] ...	1,17,445	......	873	......	19,790	19,190
[...]idabad ...	72,364	756	147	84	5,996	27,360
[...]pur ...	1,33,100	......	328	......	7,920	19,740
[...]ahi ...	1,53,846	......	153	......	11,663	12,880
[...]pur ...	2,88,320	......	669	......	16,988	9,065
[...] ...	1,46,538	......	183	......	7,227	24,465
[...] ...	88,750	......	239	......	39,614	13,365
[...]ling ...	66,950	......	32	......	7,748	3,815
[...]guri ...	1,13,100	......	232	......	8,191	350
[...] ...	4,81,848	......	2,401	......	57,662	8,925
[...]pur ...	83,164	......	868	......	2[illegible],290	32,690
[...]rgunge ...	1,55,288	......	962	......	50,309	5,775
[...]ensingh ...	1,14,350	......	165	......	15,100	* 2,410
[...] ...	14,592	......	280	34	8,250	......
[...]gong ...	1,47,475	......	313	......	......	2,970
[...]hali ...	4,100	......	......	......	5,150	......
[...]al of Bengal ...	33,45,637	11,410	14,975	2,382	4,03,307	726,440
BIHAR.						
[...] ...	1,92,672	546	142	453	23,506	129,405
[...] ...	1,22,122	......	......	1,210	12,950	74,060
[...]abad ...	3,55,680	......	......	625	24,194	33,425
[...]ffarpur ...	1,63,528	420	......	165	16,000	38,920
[...]hanga ...	2,52,232	672	......	828	21,795	115,680
[...] ...	2,37,808	294	11	65	21,223	13,265
[...]mparan ...	2,87,428	2,652	7	496	11,243	11,375
[...]ghyr ...	91,808	42	3	809	23,316	50,170
[...]alpur ...	1,75,210	126	117	626	26,682	102,340
[...]ea ...	2,21,050	......	57	450	15,267	45,310
[...]a ...	6,400	......	......	......	6,800	1,380
[...]hal Parganas ...	1,78,012	294	171	536	17,646	82,460
[...]otal of Bihar ...	22,83,950	5,046	508	6,193	2,20,562	697,790
ORISSA.						
[...]ack ...	6,700	......	73	671	......	10,450
[...]sore ...	76,952	......	805	600	26,997	199,650
[...]l of Orissa ...	83,652	......	878	1,271	26,997	210,100

Whither exported.	Cotton piece-goods. European.	Indian.	Cotton twist. European.	Indian.	Salt.	Gunny-bags.
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Rs.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	No.
Hazaribagh	49,736	2,268	1	463	7,993	10,185
Singhbhum	4,400	......	......	463	2,725	5,670
Manbhum	91,884	......	31	1,121	18,398	21,105
Total of Chota Nagpur	1,46,020	2,268	32	2,047	29,116	36,960
Grand Total of supplies into the provinces under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.	58,59,259	18,724	16,393	11,898	6,79,982	1,671,290
OTHER PROVINCES.						
Assam	4,88,096	......	4,465	42	41,111	36,494
North-Western Provinces and Oudh	20,28,928	8,859	3,041	553	45,113	814,100
Punjab	8,28,124	83,384	538	322	......	343,980
Central Provinces	88,270	......	295	54	340	541,975
Rajputana and Central India	85,950	294	68	12	......	220,010
Berar	1,634	......	......	......	......	3,465
Nizam's Territory	894	......	......	......	......	......
Bombay	26,830	......	......	......	......	3,732,500
Madras	1,16,169	18,376	417	1,410	......	724,819
Pondicherry	......	......	......	......	......	129,000
Burma	3,45,009	750	537	1,519	......	3,735,000
Sind	......	......	......	......	......	70,150
Other places	65,608	......	92	11,069	......	8,916,950
Grand Total of Exports in March 1893 ...	99,34,771	1,30,378	25,846	26,874	7,66,546	19,939,733
Grand Total of Exports in March 1892 ...	1,24,81,648	70,116	19,486	19,772	6,50,940	14,862,462

The Sea-borne Trade of Calcutta in these Staples during the month of March 1893, was as follows :—

	Rs.*	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	No.
IMPORTED INTO CALCUTTA— From Foreign Ports—						
United Kingdom ...	77,46,437	......	11,998	......	6,19,869	......
Other Foreign ports ...	40,570	......	656	......	2,11,454	44,700
Total of Foreign Trade ...	77,87,007	......	12,654	......	8,31,323	44,700
From Indian Ports—						
Bombay	92,242	3,90,130	......	13,005	46,132	......
Madras	......	25,160	7	......	......	1,250
Other Ports in Madras ...	......	......	......	......	10,328	......
Burma	57,510	5,350	......	......	......	......
Other Indian ports ...	......	......	......	......	......	125
Total of Interportal Trade ...	1,49,752	4,20,640	7	13,005	56,460	1,375
Grand Total of Imports in March 1893 ...	79,36,75[illegible]	4,20,640	12,661	13,005	8,87,783	46,075
Grand Total of Imports in March 1892 ...	1,21,14,53[illegible]	1,47,876	13,4[illegible]	9,033	7,21,487	44,675

* As per tariff declaration value.

The following Statement shows the several Routes followed by the Trade in the Principal Staples of Traffic exported from Calcutta during the month of March, 1893.

Specification of Routes.	Cotton piece-goods. European.	Indian.	Cotton twist. European.	Indian.	Salt.	Gunny-bags.
	Rs.	Rs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	No.
Country boats ...	1,64,110	5,900	2,139	......	2,88,681	256,693
River steamers ...	4,66,344	343	7,367	120	58,305	63,496
Rail { East Indian Railway ...	57,33,022	1,01,504	4,954	11,290	3,[illegible]8,863	2,7[illegible],340
Rail { Eastern Bengal State Railway ...	25,83,324	......	8,578	......	82,387	[illegible]
Road ...	2,09,510	3,415	659	195	4,463	2,675
Sea ...	7,77,861	19,126	2,229	15,269	23,847	16,518,[illegible]
Grand Total of Exports in March 1893 ...	99,34,771	1,30,378	25,846	26,874	7,66,546	19,9[illegible]9,733
Grand Total of Exports in March 1892 ...	1,24,81,648	70,116	19,486	19,772	6,50,940	14,862,462

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT,
The 6th September, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STOCKS OF RICE IN AND AROUND CALCUTTA.

Names of Marts.	Stock in hand as compiled on—					
	1st week of Sept. 1892.	1st week of Oct. 1892.	1st week of Nov. 1892.	1st week of Dec. 1892.	1st week of Jan. 1893.	1st week of Feb. 1893.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Baliaghata	6,74,000	4,96,500	4,30,000	3,16,000	3,34,000	4,05,000
Ultadanga	70,900	65,100	57,300	57,800	65,200	78,700
Chitpur, Golabarve, Kumartooly, Hatkhola, and Culpi Ghat.	6,41,400	5,63,300	5,64,800	5,40,700	5,64,700	7,01,900
Pathuriaghatta, Posta, and Jorabagan.	3,700	3,000	2,500	2,000	3,800	8,000
Tollygunge, Chetla, Kidderpore, and Munshiganj.	96,500	93,000	51,100	40,600	87,900	1,14,200
21 Minor bazars (estimated) ...	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000
Other retail shops, 3,129 in number (estimated).	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000
Baidyabati, Nowabganj, Bhadreshwar, and Chandernagore.	51,250	33,908	31,125	40,037	63,961	69,800
Total ...	20,27,750	17,45,408	16,35,825	14,87,137	16,08,761	18,67,600
On Railway premises on both sides of the river.	11,336 (on 3rd Sept. 1892.)	17,216 (on 8th Oct. 1892.)	9,774 (on 3rd Nov. 1892.)	24,557 (on 3rd Dec. 1892.)	35,589 (on 3rd Jan. 1893.)	32,791 (on 3rd Feb. 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Port Commissioners' returns.	18,338 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1892.)	27,678 (6th to 8th Oct. 1892.)	13,606 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1892.)	38,882 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	47,638 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	40,930 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Canal returns	27,069 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1892.)	24,097 (6th to 8th Oct. 1892.)	15,777 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1892.)	16,296 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	1,30,459 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	1,20,600 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)
Grand total of Stocks ...	20,84,463	18,14,399	16,74,982	15,66,872	18,22,447	20,61,921
Probable stock available for exportation by sea.	10½ lakhs	7¾ akhs	6½ lakhs	5 lakhs	7½ lakhs	10 lakhs

Names of Marts.	Stock in hand as compiled on—						
	1st week of March 1893.	1st week of April 1893.	1st week of May 1893.	1st week of June 1893.	1st week of July 1893.	1st week of August 1893.	1st week of Sept. 1893.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Baliaghata	6,19,000	9,04,000	13,32,000	11,73,000	10,31,000	8,86,000	8,67,000
Ultadanga	90,500	1,06,500	1,15,000	1,17,500	1,19,700	1,09,400	65,000
Chitpur, Golabarve, Kumartooly, Hatkhola, and Culpi Ghat.	6,54,500	6,46,600	6,43,000	6,66,000	6,65,300	6,64,000	6,84,500
Pathuriaghatta, Posta, and Jorabagan.	3,500	3,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	2,000	2,500
Tollygunge, Chetla, Kidderpore, and Munshiganj.	1,46,400	1,56,700	1,55,300	1,70,200	1,53,300	1,31,800	1,21,900
21 Minor bazars (estimated) ...	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000
Other retail shops, 3,129 in number (estimated).	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000
Baidyabati, Nowabganj, Bhadreshwar, and Chandernagore.	76,380	6,662	5,319	42,577	28,275	45,300	26,750
Total ...	20,89,280	23,13,462	27,42,619	26,61,777	24,90,575	23,27,400	22,57,650
On Railway premises on both sides of the river.	22,643 (on 3rd March 1893.)	23,773 (on 3rd April 1893.)	10,934 (on 3rd May 1893.)	11,512 (on 3rd June 1893.)	8,865 (on 3rd July 1893.)	12,897 (on 3rd August 1893.)	18,819 (on 3rd Sept. 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Port Commissioners' returns.	41,298 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	25,720 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	21,378 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)	19,601 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	13,314 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)	56,451 (1st to 3rd August 1893.	21,091 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Canal returns	1,99,575 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	76,791 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	34,169 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)	7,615 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	14,625 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)	19,787 (1st to 3rd August 1893.)	31,941 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1893.)
Grand total of Stocks ...	23,52,796	24,39,746	28,09,100	27,00,505	25,27,379	24,16,535	23,31,501
Probable stock available for exportation by sea.	13 lakhs	13¾ lakhs	17½ lakhs	16½ lakhs	14¾ lakhs	13½ lakhs	12¾ lakhs

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT,
The 11th September, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract of the results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory in the month of August 1893.

	Inches.	Date.	Hour.
The mean pressure of the month	29·602		
The average pressure of August from 24 years' registers ...	29·598		
The highest pressure in the month	29·769	19th	10
The lowest pressure in the month	29·406	7th	16
The range of pressure	0·363		
	Hours.		
The total number of hours of bright sunshine during the month	114·9		
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine ...	398·4		
	ϴ		
The mean temperature of the month	83·1		
The average temperature of August from 24 years' registers ...	83·1		
The highest temperature in the month	91·6	14th.	
The lowest temperature in the month	76·4	9th.	
The range of temperature during the month	15·2		
The mean daily range of temperature	9·1		
The greatest range of temperature in one day	13·2	16th.	
	Per cent.		
The mean humidity of the month	87		
The average humidity of August from 24 years' registers ...	86		
	Inches.		
The mean vapour tension of the month	0·988		
The average vapour tension of August from 9 years' registers ...	1·002		
The mean cloud proportion of the month	8·07		
The average cloud proportion of August from 16 years' registers	8·04		
The total rainfall of the month	8·37		
The total rainfall indicated by a Beckley's self-registering rain-gauge (mouth of the gauge about 52 feet above the ground)	8·19		
The average fall of August from 48 years' registers ...	13·94		
The greatest fall in 24 hours	1·79	31st.	
	Days.		
The number of rainy days in the month	22		
The average number of rainy days in August from 24 years' registers	25		
The mean maximum equilibrium temperature of solar radiation during the month	ϴ 143·3		
The mean difference of sun and air temperatures	55·6		
The greatest sun temperature	154·8	22nd and 27th.	
The greatest excess of sun over air temperature	67·2	27th.	
The mean temperature of the nocturnal radiation thermometer on woollen cloth	77·0		
The mean depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature at 4 feet above the ground	1·9		
The greatest depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature	3·1	12th, 18th & 21st.	
	Miles.		
The mean movement of the wind per day	107·1		
The greatest movement of the wind in one day	291·0	10th.	
The greatest movement of the wind in one hour	19·0	9th, noon to 1 P.M.	

The number of hours with winds from each of the 8 points—

N. 11, N.E. 5, E. 139, S.E. 219, S. 81, S.W. 175, W. 51, N.W. 5, Calm 58.

The results of observations at the Alipore Observatory are not rigorously comparable with the registers of past years (at the Park Street Observatory). The barometer is about 3 feet higher at Alipore, and, other things being equal, reads therefore ·003 lower. The diurnal range of temperature is also greater at Alipore, and the mean temperature apparently about 0·6° higher; and, finally, the thermometer which furnished the record of temperature at the Surveyor-General's Office during 20 years and upwards is found to read 0·6 higher than the Kew standard thermometer, which is the standard of reference at the present Observatory.

J. H. Gilliland,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India;
Calcutta, the 11th September 1893.

Meteorological Report of the Province o

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative stations.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure. Highest, 8 A.M. barometer reading.	Lowest, 8 A.M., barometer reading.	Mean, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, Lat. 45°.	Variation from normal mean.	Wind. Mean direction at 8 A.M.	Mean velocity in miles daily.	Temperature. Highest of month.	Lowest of month.	Mean daily maximum temperature.	Mean daily minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.	Variation from normal mean.	Humidity. Mean, 8 A.M., humidity.	Variation from normal mean.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·730	29·488	29·636	29·591	—	S79°W	179	94·7	71·1	89·3	79·4	84·4	—	84	—
		Gopalpur ...	29·765	29·500	29·644	29·605	+·006	S77°W	327	93·2	72·3	87·4	77·5	82·5	−0·7	87	—
		False Point ...	29·749	29·463	29·637	29·600	—·001	S56°W	259	92·5	76·6	88·0	79·1	83·6	+1·0	85	—3
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·670	29·412	29·564	29·587	—·009	S60°W	79	89·2	75·8	89·0	78·3	83·6	—0·2	80	—2
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·694	29·437	29·585	29·587	—·002	S27°W	105	91·4	75·7	87·8	78·2	83·0	+0·8	91	—
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·630	29·339	29·509	29·604	+·002	S68°E	69	93·3	76·1	89·2	78·3	83·8	+0·8	87	—
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·768	29·480	29·637	29·604	+·011	S27°E	104	91·6	76·2	87·6	78·8	83·2	+0·6	88	+1
		Saugor Island ...	29·740	29·467	29·632	29·601	+·006	S8°E	346	90·7	77·5	87·9	80·3	84·0	+0·6	91	0
	Howrah	......															
	Hooghly	......															
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·740	29·469	29·610	29·605	+·020	S39°E	120	92·3	76·2	89·2	78·8	84·0	+1·0	84	—
	Khulna	......															
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·741	29·497	29·637	29·617	+·008	S30°E	100	92·0	75·9	88·9	79·2	84·0	+0·3	91	+1
	Burdwan	Burdwan ...	29·695	29·422	29·565	29·610	+·017	S24°E	59	92·1	77·2	89·1	79·7	84·4	+0·4	86	—1
		Raniganj ...	29·455	29·173	29·321	29·603	+·018	S51°E	71	95·7	73·9	91·4	77·4	84·4	+1·3	89	—
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·446	29·194	29·329	29·577	+·002	S61°E	81	93·1	74·6	88·6	78·0	83·3	+0·7	89	—
	Birbhum	......															
	Murshidabad	Berhampore ...	29·725	29·462	29·594	29·609	+·008	S50°E	86	91·7	76·3	88·1	79·5	83·8	+0·3	92	+4
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·754	29·530	29·630	29·626	0	S45°E	96	90·1	74·7	85·9	78·7	82·3	—0·6	92	—
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·721	29·506	29·602	29·615	+·031	S50°E	79	92·2	74·2	87·7	77·3	82·5	—0·5	89	—
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia	29·715	29·471	29·588	29·607	+·018	S84°E	131	91·6	74·1	87·8	77·9	82·9	+0·2	88	—
	Malda	Malda ...	29·706	29·465	29·569	29·601	+·053	S51°E	73	92·6	76·9	89·4	79·8	84·6	+·02	89	—
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·686	29·447	29·549	29·625	+·015	S59°E	57	94·1	75·7	88·6	79·2	83·9	+0·6	90	—
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·683	29·468	29·536	29·633	+·012	S42°E	45	94·3	74·7	88·5	78·3	83·4	+0·2	90	—
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri ...	29·535	29·306	29·407	29·644	+·032	N56°E	65	93·4	72·6	88·3	76·6	82·4	+0·4	90	—
	Kuch Bihár	......															
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	23·026	22·821	22·923	—	+·012	N84°E	84	73·6	54·1	65·7	57·2	61·4	—0·1	96	+3
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	19·107	18·965	18·863	—	—	S72°E	63	57·9	34·1	54·1	38·1	46·2	—	91	—
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·756	29·548	29·640	29·674	+·003	S49°E	104	89·2	74·1	85·9	76·6	81·2	+0·6	90	0
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagri ...	Observations not received.														
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·798	29·547	29·667	29·625	+·015	S13°E	98	91·8	75·9	87·7	78·6	83·2	+1·8	89	—
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·761	29·529	29·653	29·643	—·004	S45°E	181	89·5	74·8	85·7	77·4	81·6	+0·5	92	—
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·782	29·524	29·653	29·647	+·010	S31°E	98	89·5	75·4	86·1	79·6	82·9	+0·4	90	—
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·779	29·537	29·655	29·625	—·002	S30°E	168	91·1	75·7	87·5	79·3	83·4	+0·1	90	—1
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·780	29·555	29·658	29·651	+·005	S60°E	120	91·8	74·8	87·5	77·1	82·3	+0·7	94	—
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh ...	29·748	29·538	29·631	29·641	—·001	S62°E	103	92·7	74·6	86·5	77·8	82·1	—0·4	91	—
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·645	29·435	29·532	29·610	+·011	S77°E	36	93·2	76·2	89·0	79·5	84·2	+0·5	89	+1
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·613	29·369	29·481	29·503	+·015	S36°E	48	92·7	76·0	89·4	78·4	83·9	+0·2	84	—
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·618	29·374	29·480	29·598	0	S82°E	120	92·0	76·7	88·1	80·0	84·0	+0·2	88	+[illegible]
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·599	29·369	29·467	29·597	—	S67°E	115	91·7	76·2	88·5	79·3	83·9	—	90	—
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·540	29·293	29·406	29·585	0	N79°E	119	94·2	74·9	89·9	78·3	84·1	+0·5	86	—
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·585	29·355	29·459	29·501	+·027	S67°E	128	94·3	76·6	89·9	79·2	84·6	+1·0	86	—
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·376	29·165	29·278	29·580	0	S39°E	151	98·4	75·5	89·6	78·7	84·2	+1·6	82	—
		Buxar ...	29·508	29·285	29·391	29·583	+·007	N81°E	150	92·5	75·8	89·4	78·5	84·0	+0·4	86	—
		Arrah ...	29·552	29·327	29·434	29·574	+·013	S84°E	55	94·4	76·5	90·9	79·7	85·3	+1·2	87	—
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·365	29·128	29·254	29·580	+·002	N88°E	133	95·5	75·8	91·3	78·9	85·1	+0·8	86	+4
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·583	29·342	29·451	29·585	—·004	S66°E	143	92·5	73·2	89·3	79·5	84·4	—0·1	83	—3
	Monghyr	......															
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka	29·281	29·020	29·154	29·596	+·014	S40°E	79	92·1	73·8	88·4	77·7	83·1	+0·8	85	—
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh ...	27·768	27·530	27·658	29·596	+·014	S2°E	210	89·2	70·3	84·7	72·4	78·5	+0·3	87	+1
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·637	27·389	27·532	29·588	+·008	S2°W	165	88·5	69·4	83·2	72·0	77·6	+·03	90	—
	Palamau	Daltanganj ...	29·035	28·798	28·909	29·587	—	S2°E	87	93·3	75·0	89·1	77·3	83·2	—	79	—
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa ...	28·988	28·720	28·872	29·576	+·007	S11°E	28	93·4	74·2	88·4	76·7	82·6	+0·4	87	—
	Manbhum	......															
Assam	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·486	29·297	29·403	29·690	+·020	S39°W	86	95·1	73·5	87·5	78·0	82·8	—1·1	94	+2
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·691	29·468	29·569	29·637	+·005	N83°E	118	89·7	73·8	85·2	77·8	81·5	—1·0	93	—1
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·733	29·534	29·622	29·678	+·006		8	98·6?	74·3	87·7	76·8	82·4	—0·5	92	+1

Bengal for the month of August 1893.

Cloud.			District Observations.										
			Rainfall										
			Of month.					Since 16th May 1893.					
Mean cloud amount, 8 A. M.	Variation from normal mean, 8 A. M.	Rainfall.	Mean of district.	Normal mean.	Variation from mean.	Number of rainy days.	Normal mean number of rainy days.	Mean of district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean number of rainy days.	Normal mean number of rainy days.	DISTRICT.
6·5 4·2 7·7	— — —0·3	12·70 9·12 5·12	15·66	11·88	+3·78	14·25	15·66	46·83	34·20	+12·63	39·25	41·70	Puri.
6·7	—0·7	16·49		11·03			15·16		34·93			43·20	Cuttack.
4·9	—	10·52		11·41			15·50		35·31			44·36	Balasore.
5·4	—	8·02	15·20	13·87	+1·33	14·25	15·20	53·30	38·60	+14·70	46·50	44·45	Midnapore.
8·7 9·6	—0·1 +1·3	8·37 16·02	9·07	13·22	—4·15	13·00	17·40	49·65	39·15	+10·50	47·96	51·31	24-Parganas.
			5·86	12·89	—7·03	14·60	18·16	47·60	37·67	+9·93	49·00	52·24	Howrah.
			7·67	13·43	—5·76	15·00	17·29	46·82	37·65	+9·17	50·66	50·00	Hooghly.
7·9	—	7·52	7·24	12·03	—4·79	14·00	15·17	46·88	35·36	+11·52	52·60	47·00	Nadia.
			12·67	12·35	+0·32	15·33	16·95	56·36	41·38	+14·98	57·67	55·15	Khulna.
7·8	—1·4	7·47	8·08	11·72	—3·64	14·60	15·26	40·32	36·95	+3·37	54·40	40·07	Jessore.
8·5 2·8	—0·3 —	4·56 6·46	5·63	12·48	—6·85	11·50	15·76	41·10	35·00	+5·90	44·00	45·70	Burdwan.
7·6	—	10·75	8·87	13·73	—4·86	13·25	17·34	47·93	39·37	+8·56	51·25	50·83	Bankura.
			6·70	12·94	—6·24	15·67	16·74	39·69	38·31	+1·38	55·01	48·84	Birbhum.
8·8	—0·4	10·87	8·80	11·88	—3·08	14·17	15·58	47·74	34·97	+12·77	56·24	46·97	Murshidabad.
9·1	—	11·36	11·60	12·00	—0·40	14·50	14·93	58·73	37·42	+21·31	59·00	48·07	Pabna.
6·3	—	14·49	12·24	11·63	+0·61	14·75	15·12	48·91	41·66	+7·25	57·59	48·47	Bogra.
6·0	—	10·52	10·91	10·99	—0·08	15·67	15·70	51·51	37·27	+14·24	53·33	47·61	Rajshahi.
5·6	—	8·37	7·87	12·02	—4·15	12·50	14·83	39·96	38·64	+1·32	58·50	45·62	Malda.
8·5	—	11·56	9·80	11·72	—1·92	11·60	16·97	49·43	41·58	+7·85	58·40	48·35	Dinajpur.
4·8	—	12·37	11·72	12·07	—0·35	11·06	15·74	63·02	54·45	+8·57	57·00	52·87	Rangpur.
7·6	—	26·21	26·77	24·94	+1·83	20·00	18·80	84·74	86·46	—1·72	68·00	64·08	Jalpaiguri.
			17·50	21·83	—4·33	14·50	17·11	87·62	81·82	+5·80	64·75	61·91	Kuch Bihar.
9·3	+0·4	26·98	34·93	27·15	+7·78	24·50	22·08	103·91	97·90	+6·01	78·50	73·98	Darjeeling.
9·1	—	31·26											Sikkim.
7·6	—0·3	21·74	22·29	23·45	—1·16	18·00	19·60	112·14	89·11	+23·03	71·00	64·60	Chittagong.
			17·83	18·44	—0·61	22·00	22·15	87·26	60·55	+26·71	82·09	69·50	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
9·4	—	11·31	11·69	15·61	—3·92	17·75	20·10	67·07	56·52	+10·55	67·25	64·04	Backergunge.
4·2	—	22·41	20·17	24·67	+4·50	22·50	22·12	97·99	79·79	+18·20	78·00	67·11	Noakhali.
7·3	—	10·49	10·26	12·08	—1·82	14·00	16·10	53·08	40·60	+12·48	54·67	52·15	Faridpur.
8·6	+0·4	14·07	11·62	13·11	—1·49	13·00	17·43	45·43	44·37	+1·06	54·25	54·78	Dacca.
7·2	—	16·75	14·85	15·97	—1·12	15·50	18·36	59·49	50·50	+8·99	60·00	58·17	Tippera.
8·1	—	16·02	18·97	12·88	+5·09	16·40	17·33	73·49	49·63	+23·86	63·00	56·26	Mymensingh.
4·7	—2·8	10·93	13·57	14·77	—1·20	14·00	16·14	55·94	46·82	+9·12	51·66	47·09	Purnea.
7·3	—	6·38	7·81	11·35	—3·54	10·00*	14·60	34·95	32·72	+2·23	42·00	41·63	Bhagalpur.
6·7	+0·8	11·85	10·34	10·75	—0·41	11·00	13·28		31·65			36·45	Darbhanga.
6·0	—	9·80	8·08	10·08	—1·40	12·00	12·59	32·96	30·22	+2·74	44·34	35·32	Muzaffarpur.
6·2	—	10·17		11·94			12·19		32·98			34·62	Champaran.
8·6	—	7·02	8·39	10·29	—1·30	10·00	12·31	28·57	29·98	—1·41	41·34	34·97	Saran.
2·4 6·8 2·4	— — —	6·51 7·37 6·66		11·51			13·23		28·94			35·84	Shahabad.
5·6	—2·4	5·31	7·15	11·73	—4·58	11·00	13·24	32·59	30·91	+1·68	42·75	35·47	Gaya.
8·8	+0·6	8·07		10·48			12·43		30·02			35·18	Patna.
			10·16	11·35	—1·19	10·00	13·53	40·70	31·31	+9·39	42·33	38·88	Monghyr.
4·8	—	14·13	9·09	11·92	—2·83	11·50	16·04	44·06	36·06	+8·00	52·60	47·35	Sonthal Parganas.
9·6	+0·2	9·24	9·33	13·58	—4·26	13·60	17·82		36·79			49·68	Hazaribagh.
4·2	—	9·45	10·54	14·76	—4·22	13·50	18·76	35·32	37·97	—2·45	50·00	52·43	Lohardaga.
5·4	—	8·41	8·41	11·56	—3·75	13·00	15·30	32·56	31·21	+1·35	46·00	45·53	Palamau.
8·5	—	10·66	10·66	13·83	—3·17	17·00	17·20	41·13	38·82	+2·31	53·00	49·37	Singhbhum.
			10·54	13·20	—2·66	16·50	16·88	52·42	34·58	+17·54	57·00	48·04	Manbhum.
7·9	—1·1	16·25											Sibsagar.
8·6	+1·2	12·77											Goalpara.
9·5	+1·1	27·52											Cachar.

Table of Rainfall recorded at station[s]

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	0·76	0·25	...	...	...	...	0·78	3·34	0·08	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·25
		Khurda ...	0·43	0·70	1·82	0·03	0·27	...	0·70	0·30	0·08	0·13	0·15	1·48	1·74	...	...	...	0·81	...	0·39
		Banpur ...	0·30	0·60	...	...	0·05	...	0·80	0·52	...	0·03	0·60	0·70	0·52	...	0·03	...	1·65	0·30	2·20
		False Point ...	0·92	0·02	0·08	...	0·03	0·09	0·11	1·02	0·36	0·04	...	...	0·09	0·10	...	0·04	...	0·61	0·09
		Gop ...	0·90	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·95	...	...	...	...	0·70	0·10	...	...	0·30	0·10	...	0·35
		Satpara ...	0·66	0·50	1·00	...	...	...	1·15	0·60	0·10	...	...	0·32	...	...	0·26	...	0·47	...	1·00
		Pinli ...	1·59	0·30	0·23	...	...	...	0·65	0·21	...	...	3·40	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·05	0·27	...
		Rahnpur ...	0·20	0·87	...	...	...	0·07	0·31	0·60	0·03	0·04	0·28	0·35	1·42	...	...	...	1·70	0·05	0·56
		Kurmala ...	...	0·68	0·35	...	...	0·05	0·90	0·91	0·03	...	...	0·30	0·51	0·34	...	...	0·02	0·80	0·43
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	0·43	0·01	0·90	0·30		...	...	0·39	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	0·08	0·17	0·40	0·65	0·05
		Banki ...	0·78	2·36	0·12	...	...	...	1·33	1·62	0·03	...	1·68	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·97	1·29	0·70
		Cuttack ...	3·25	0·06	3·59	...	...	...	0·15	2·41	...	0·12	0·22	0·80	...	...	...	...	0·17	0·10	0·40
		Kendrapara ...	0·54	0·26	0·20	...	...	...	...	0·24	0·08	...	...	0·11	0·07	...	...	0·65	0·54	0·01	0·09
		Jajpur ...	0·14	0·08	0·61	...	...	...	0·23	1·19	0·18	0·12	0·40	0·20	0·90	...	...	...	0·05	...	0·18
		Dharmsalla ...	...	1·05	...	...	...	1·60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·80	0·54	0·17	0·70	0·27
		Salipore ...	0·40	0·60	1·88	...	...	...	...	1·70	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	0·12	...	...	...	0·05
		Pal Lahara ...	1·30	3·00	0·12	...	0·03	...	3·00	3·46	2·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nayagarh ...	...	1·88	...	...	...	...	...	1·03	...	...	0·77	...	0·73	...	...	...	1·37	...	1·47
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	0·25	...	0·93	...	...	...	0·17	0·37	0·50	...	0·65	...	1·21	...	...	...	0·29	0·20	0·10
		Chandbali ...	1·05	...	1·20	0·10	1·30	...	0·05	0·50	0·10	...	0·30	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11
		Bhadrak ...	1·55	0·10	0·03	...	...	...	1·33	0·73	0·40	...	1·10	0·10	...	...	0·09	...	0·23	...	0·15
		Soro ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	0·10	0·60	0·50	...	1·30	...	...	...	...	...	1·06	0·45	0·10
		Balasore ...	1·38	0·21	...	0·04	...	0·45	0·53	1·08	0·24	0·48	2·92	0·06	1·78	...	...	...	...	0·33	0·03
		Jellasore ...	0·72	0·35	0·06	0·06	...	...	0·40	0·30	0·47	0·11	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·40	...	0·10	...
		Baripada ...	0·15	0·14	...	...	0·73	0·22	1·30	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·49	0·11
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	0·05	1·10	0·44	0·25	...	...	0·50	0·82	0·89	0·19	0·46	...	...	0·29	...	0·04	0·10	0·09	0·20
		Tamluk ...	0·37	0·50	1·23	0·05	...	...	0·35	0·54	0·11	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	0·34	...	...	0·12
		Midnapore ...	0·14	1·70	1·02	0·84	0·79	0·62	1·24	0·34	0·11	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	0·40	...	0·08	0·16
		Ghatál ...	0·17	0·06	1·32	0·06	...	...	0·55	0·10	0·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	0·10
		Kukrahaty ...	0·14	1·17	0·46	0·03	0·28	0·26	1·00	0·63	0·75	0·01	0·12	...	...	...	...	0·13	...	...	0·21
		Garhbeta ...	0·82	0·04	2·50	...	...	0·11	0·30	0·29	0·29	0·56	0·10	...	0·10	...	...	0·39	...	...	0·04
		Panskura ...	0·65	0·54	0·61	0·36	...	0·79	0·03	0·02	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	0·80	0·28
		Dantoon ...	0·67	0·45	0·15	...	1·05	...	...	0·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·06	...	...	0·25
		Saugor Island	0·39	0·47	5·85	0·63	...	0·04	2·77	1·00	0·94	0·24	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·03	1·68	0·10	0·05
	24-Parganas...	Diamond Harbour.	0·10	0·55	0·45	...	0·29	0·53	1·23	1·15	1·60	...	0·54	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·35
		Canning Town	0·22	0·75	0·50	0·78	...	...	0·90	0·50	8·75	0·98	...	...	...	...	...	0·90	...	...	...
		Alipore (Observatory.)	0·11	0·32	0·32	0·16	...	0·30	0·26	1·02	0·78	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	0·69	...	...	0·03
		Barrackpore...	0·63	1·05	0·69	...	...	3·17	...	1·11	0·53	...	...	0·13	0·39	...	0·36	...	...	...	...
		Dum-Dum ...	...	0·65	0·80	0·15	...	...	...	0·56	1·00	...	...	0·08	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	0·74
		Barasat ...	...	0·39	1·48	...	...	...	...	0·85	0·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	...	...	0·40
		Basirhat ...	...	0·93	...	...	0·50	...	...	0·37	3·23	0·10	...	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·75
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	0·25	0·58	0·35	0·28	...	0·08	0·28	0·46	1·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	...	...	0·19
		Mohesreka ...	0·05	0·30	0·41	0·16	...	0·27	0·72	0·15	0·44	...	0·18	...	0·55	...	...	1·60	...	...	...
		Ulubaria ...	0·20	0·22	0·02	0·16	...	0·22	0·50	0·40	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·80	...	0·06	...
		Serampore ...	0·13	0·69	1·28	0·15	...	2·31	...	1·07	0·50	...	...	0·13	0·21	...	0·13	...	...	...	...
	Hooghly ...	Hooghly ...	0·14	0·25	2·19	1·20	...	0·40	0·35	0·35	1·54	...	0·12	...	0·23	...	...	0·42	...	0·08	0·02
		Jahánabad ...	0·45	...	0·88	...	...	0·14	0·52	0·08	0·39	...	1·15	...	0·55	...	...	0·40	...	...	0·24
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	0·30	0·31	1·69	0·04	...	...	...	0·19	1·01	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	0·46	...	1·05	...
		Krishnagar ...	0·34	0·03	0·98	0·18	...	...	0·39	0·09	1·22	0·90	0·65	...	1·44	...	...	0·19	...	0·04	0·76
		Chuadanga ...	0·50	0·20	0·62	0·31	...	...	0·26	0·10	0·80	1·10	0·49	...	0·08	0·24	...	0·77	...	0·02	0·25
		Meherpur ...	0·11	0·12	0·30	0·50	...	...	0·30	0·35	0·60	0·45	0·15	...	0·71	1·18	...	0·10	...	...	...
		Kushtia ...	0·23	0·15	0·50	0·43	...	...	0·17	0·15	1·38	1·15	0·87	...	0·05	1·15	...	0·33	...	0·07	0·27
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	0·33	0·45	0·63	...	1·58	0·11	0·42	4·00	0·45	0·03	1·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20
		Bágerhát ...	0·45	0·62	0·11	0·26	...	0·45	...	0·90	1·61	5·32	0·69	0·81	0·64	...	0·37	...	...	...	...
		Khulna ...	0·21	1·10	0·18	0·43	...	0·64	...	0·31	6·80	0·64	0·20	0·94	1·08	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nakipur ...	...	0·11	0·35	0·33	...	0·67	0·36	0·92	3·12	4·94	0·05	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rampal ...	0·30	...	0·50	0·45	...	1·30	...	1·20	2·30	1·50	3·40	4·10			...				
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·38	0·26	...	0·37	...	0·51	...	0·23	3·21	0·76	0·63	1·15	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·34	0·20
		Jessore ...	0·34	0·22	0·17	0·22	...	0·55	0·09	0·03	1·51	0·88	0·27	0·24	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·26
		Jhenidah ...	0·09	0·15	0·25	0·74	0·16	...	...	0·31	1·85	0·14	0·57	0·02	...	0·14	...	0·49	...	...	0·07
		Magura ...	0·15	0·32	0·20	0·11	1·07	0·05	0·08	0·05	0·72	0·37	1·56	0·06	...	0·70	0·33	0·10	...	...	...
		Bangaon ...	0·55	0·15	0·17	0·48	...	1·98	...	0·44	1·32	...	0·92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	0·53	0·22	0·88	...	...	0·48	0·40	0·18	1·22	...	1·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Burdwan ...	0·53	0·12	0·36	0·02	...	...	0·25	0·38	0·18	0·30	1·58	...	0·02	0·02	...	...	...	...	0·11
		Katwa ...	0·65	0·05	0·41	0·30	...	...	0·17	...	0·22	0·40	0·36	...	0·62	...	...	...	...	...	0·03
		Raniganj ...	0·03	0·81	1·59	0·17	...	0·08	0·17	1·06	0·16	0·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·15	0·14
		Mankur ...	0·17	0·02	0·19	...	...	...	0·19	0·33	...	0·64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	0·26	0·26	1·90	0·82	...	0·63	0·36	0·30	0·85	0·49	0·02	...	...	0·04	...	1·35	...	0·05	0·02
		Vishnupur ...	0·12	0·43	2·99	0·03	...	...	0·09	0·07	0·05	0·46	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	0·16	...	0·30
		Maliara ...	0·08	...	1·20	...	...	...	0·74	1·11	0·34	0·26	...	...	...	0·17	...	...	0·10	0·97	...
		Khatra ...	...	1·12	2·15	...	...	0·45	0·87	0·25	1·15	0·39	...	...	0·42	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Indas ...	0·18	...	0.50	0·07	...	...	...	0·23	...	0·48	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	0·71	...	...	...	...	0·45	0·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·15
		Anda ...	0·70	0·85	2·45	...	...	0·33	...	0·41	0·25	...	...	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	...
		Gangajalghati	0·20	0·76	0·71	...	...	...	0·79	0·29	0·27	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	...	0·13	...
		Raipur ...	...	0·92	3·10	0·55	...	...	0·75	0·82	0·62	...	...	...	...	0·28	...	...	...	1·40	...
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	0·98	...	...	...	1·15	...	0·63	0·15	...	0·18	0·96	...	0·21	0·39	...	...
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	0·30	0·60	0·60	0·46	...	...	0·22	...	0·26	0·24	0·08	0·47	0·57	0·50	...	0·07	0·77	0·19	0·24
		Hetampur ...	0·18	0·45	0·48	0·13	...	0·04	0·15	0·34	0·13	0·10	...	0·15	0·20	0·14	1·95	...	...	0·10	0·21
		Rampur Hát	0·34	1·05	0·55	0·42	...	...	0·34	0·22	0·08	0·30	0·06	0·54	0·97	0·04	1·30	...	...	...	...
		Bolpur ...	0·45	0·50	0·46	0·22	...	...	0·29	...	...	0·42	...	...	0·49	...	...	...	...	...	0·02
		Murari ...	...	0·80	1·30	0·95	...	...	...	0·20	0·16	...	1·20	2·55	0·95	0·30	...	...	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·38	0·09	0·46	0·70	...	0·04	0·10	...	0·21	0·12	0·04	0·75	1·14	0·54	...	...	...	...	...
		Berhampore...	0·29	0·31	0·61	1·02	...	...	...	0·13	0·26	0·23	1·25	1·30	1·13	0·28	0·10	0·35	...	1·28	0·17
		Lalbagh ...	0·13	0·38	1·40	1·30	...	...	...	0·14	0·40	0·13	0·49	1·15	0·88	...	0·65	...	...	...	...
		Azimganj ...	...	0·82	1·44	1·45	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	0·85	1·10	0·80	...	0·56	...	...	...	...
		Jangipur ...	0·62	0·25	1·58	1·29	...	...	0·11	0·07	0·34	0·03	0·50	3·41	0·56	0·64	0·65	0·73	...	...	...
		Lalgola ...	0·10	0·10	1·25	2·25	...	...	...	0·10	0·40	...	0·10	2·50	0·39	0·10	...	...	...	...	...
		Akhriganj ...	0·17	0·94	0·46	0·51	...	...	...	...	0·26	0·06	1·04	1·69	0·30	0·56	...	...	...	...	...
		Patkabari ...	...	...	...	0·90	...	...	0·20	...	0·50	0·70	...	...	1·90	...	0·09	...	...	...	...
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·11	0·13	0·86	0·09	0·06	...	1·37	0·55	2·15	0·76	1·09	...	0·67	1·90	0·25	0·99	...	0·07	...
		Sirajganj ...	...	0·09	0·88	0·10	...	0·09	0·44	1·11	2·30	2·09	0·40	0·31	0·56	0·48	...	...	...	0·07	...
	Bogra ...	Sherpur ...	...	0·11	0·25	0·10	...	0·30	...	0·30	1·45	1·70	0·53	1·60	0·60	0·20	...	...	...	...	...
		Nowkhilla ...	...	0·20	0·40	0·35	...	0·11	0·10	0·21	1·10	2·02	0·93	1·20	0·80	2·40	0·32	...	...	...	...
		Bogra ...	0·06	0·11	0·29	0·06	...	...	...	...	1·30	0·93	0·45	1·95	1·33	1·40	0·03	...	...	...	...
		Panchbibi ...	...	0·07	0·30	0·22	...	...	0·30	...	1·81	1·50	1·32	1·70	0·46	0·39	0·60	...	...	...	0·07
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	0·41	0·79	0·54	...	...	...	0·17	0·63	0·06	1·53	2·10	0·19	1·74	...	0·22	...	...	...
		Nator ...	0·30	0·25	0·08	...	...	...	...	0·87	0·50	1·30	1·50	1·70	0·15	0·10	0·10	0·03	...	...	0·04
		Naugaon ...	...	...	0·17	0·13	0·06	...	...	0·16	...	0·40	0·49	...	0·10	...	2·60	...	...	2·10	1·00
		Lalpur ...	...	0·33	0·08	...	...	0·82	0·30	0·90	2·00	0·38	0.18	2·50	1·30	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Maida ...	...	0·09	0·23	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·23	0·26	0·50	0·10 3·86	0·18	...	0·28	0·18	...	...	0·09

Bengal in August 1893.

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May 1893 to 31st August 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 31st August.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
...	2·87	...	...	...	...	0·81	1·07	1·88	0·25	10	13·25	12·70	9·24	3·34	36·82	29·07	Puri ...	Puri ...	ORISSA.
...	2·48	1·37	0·17	0·22	0·90	1·05	0·69	...	...	20	17·25	16·04	12·43	2·48	45·41	36·82	Khurda.		
...	0·93	0·16	0·05	0·06	1·05	0·70	...	...	0·06	15	15·09	11·51	12·11	2·20	29·81	31·75	Banpur.		
0·01	0·37	0·06	0·26	0·20	0·23	0·16	0·15	0·66	...	12	17·05	5·12	13·72	1·02	57·99	39·13	False Point.		
0·28	0·82	...	0·08	...	1·00	0·52	...	...	1·30	13	?	8·10	?	1·30		?	*Gop.*		
...	0·50	2·85	1·32	0·54	0·32	0·80	0·72	0·02	0·10	19	?	13·29	?	2·85		?	*Satpara.*		
...	0·75	0·40	1·05	0·10	0·75	0·22	...	...	1·92	15	?	11·90	?	3·40	40·46	?	*Pipli*		
...	1·51	0·24	0·52	0·41	0·63	1·56	0·29	...	...	17		12·07		1·70			Rabpur.		
...	1·90	0·35	0·23	0·03	0·60	0·82	0·05	0·10	0·10	17		9·72		1·90	?		Kurmala.		
0·12	0·05	...	0·55	1·12	0·15	0·17	...	0·17	0·35		13·50		10·12			27·79	Jagatsingpur.	Cuttack.	
...	1·54	0·49	0·09	0·21	0·42	0·34	...	...	0·03	15	15·72	14·62	10·71	2·56	33·84	34·25	Banki.		
...	2·29	0·02	1·45	0·25	0·88	0·47	0·06	...	...	16	16·00	16·71	11·08	3·50		38·76	Cuttack.		
...	0·40	0·08	0·06	0·02	0·16	0·23	0·04	...	...	10	15·68	3·95	12·56	0·65	53·93	35·68	Kendrapara.		
...	0·35	0·10	0·05	0·05	0·37	0·21	0·43	...	...	16	14·89	6·10	10·70	1·19	48·23	36·18	Jajpur.		
2·70	...	0·16	1·00	0·28	0·23	...	...	0·40	0·22	14	?	11·12	?	2·70	47·35	?	*Dharmsala.*		
1·16	...	0·30	...	0·42	0·43	...	...	...	2·37	11	?	9·73	?	2·37		?	*Salipur.*		
2·60	0·60	0·44	0·04	0·08							?		?			?	Pal Lahara.		
0·47	...	...	0·52	...	...	3·27	0·52	...	...	10		12·03		3·27			Nayagarh.		
...	0·97	...	0·10	0·65	0·83	0·37	...	...	...	16	?	8·01	?	1·21	36·58	?	Anyapada ...	Balasore.	
...	0·60	0·18	1·31	...	0·18	0·08	...	...	...	13	14·82	7·16	11·06	1·31	43·71	33·00	Chandbali.		
0·32	0·48	0·66	0·30	0·06	0·20	0·30	1·19	1·10	...	18	14·40	10·80	10·66	1·55	48·87	34·66	Bhadrak.		
...	0·80	0·15	0·60	...	0·93	0·20	...	...	...	13	15·65	6·93	11·03	1·30		33·13	Soro.		
...	0·75	0·54	0·07	0·11	0·12	0·72	...	0·02	...	17	16·70	12·27	12·42	2·92	57·66	37·75	Balasore.		
					0·40	0·20	2·00	0·60	...		18·76		10·82			35·63	Jellasore.		
...	0·70	0·63	0·29	...	0·77	...	...	...	...	12	17·64	6·71	12·44	1·49	54·82	37·58	Baripada.		
0·01	0·24	0·43	0·11	0·04	0·44	0·93	0·09	...	0·07	16	15·65	7·87	13·69	1·10	49·73	40·24	Contai ...	Midnapore ...	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
...	...	0·90	0·20	0·40	...	0·22	...	...	...	12	13·21	5·35	13·80	1·23	41·43	37·24	Tamluk.		
...	0·37	0·28	0·55	...	0·06	0·25	0·40	0·02	...	16	16·35	9·51	12·53	1·70	45·46	35·83	Midnapore.		
...	1·65	0·55	0·31	0·05	...	0·26	...	0·61	...	13	15·57	6·45	15·46	1·65	44·95	41·95	Ghatal.		
0·05	0·02	0·18	0·12	0·25	...	0·41	0·95	0·06	...	17	?	7·70	?	1·17	41·17	?	*Kukrahaty.*		
...	1·10	0·50	...	...	0·11	0·03	0·01	0·10	...	14	?	7·30	?	2·50	48·38	?	*Garhbeta.*		
0·08	1·13	0·61	0·30	...	...	0·23	...	0·33	...	15		7·86		1·13	38·91		Panskura.		
...	1·32	0·38	0·60	0·40	0·43	...	0·61	...	...	13		8·21		1·35	45·24		Dantoon.		
...	0·36	0·07	0·21	...	0·49	0·11	0·06	0·32	...	15	17·15	16·02	15·06	5·85	56·45	43·98	Saugor Island.	24-Parganas.	
...	...	0·33	...	0·55	...	0·50	0·74	0·24	...	16	18·20	9·25	14·17	1·60	42·66	40·81	Diamond Harbour.		
...	...	0·53	...	...	...	0·05	0·35	...	...	11	?	15·21	?	8·75	67·83	?	*Canning Town.*		
0·03	0·20	0·61	0·22	...	0·35	0·61	0·31	0·03	1·79	18	18·40	8·37	13·51	1·79	56·95	39·68	Alipore (Jail).		
...	0·31	0·33	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	12	16·35	8·87	12·07	3·17	45·72	36·99	Barrackpore.		
0·03	0·95	0·06	...	...	...	0·39	0·10	...	0·13	11	17·55	5·89	12·69	1·00	48·01	37·27	Dum-Dum.		
0·64		...	...	...	...	0·42	...	...	...	9	17·00	5·46	11·94	1·48	42·46	33·04	Barasat.		
1·02	1·64	...	...	...	...	...	0·72	...	...	10	17·15	9·61	13·98	3·23	54·78	40·27	Basirhat.		
...	0·23	0·14	0·20	...	...	0·15	0·09	...	0·26	14	18·05	5·09	12·21	1·03	54·11	36·77	Howrah ...	Howrah.	
...	1·05	0·27	0·06	0·18	0·07	0·10	0·03	0·04	...	14	18·27	6·63	13·57	1·60	41·07	38·56	Mohesreka		
...	0·05	0·06	0·18	...	0·28	0·32	0·20	0·26	0·02	15	?	4·48	?	0·80	43·12	?	*Uluberia.*		
...	0·24	0·22	0·04	...	...	0·14	0·19	...	...	15	18·26	7·61	12·34	2·31	50·17	34·87	Serampore ...	Hooghly.	
...	0·84	...	0·29	...	0·06	...	0·01	...	...	14	16·60	9·14	11·91	2·19	41·06	33·74	Hooghly.		
...	0·15	0·15	0·19	0·03	0·37	0·13	0·19	...	...	16	17·00	6·26	16·03	1·15	49·21	40·34	Jahanabad.		
...	...	0·23	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	15·10	5·62	12·56	1·69	46·06	35·09	Ranaghat ...	Nadia.	
0·20	0·02	...	0·02	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	11	14·40	7·52	11·23	1·44	40·13	32·72	Krishnagar.		
1·20	0·20	...	...	0·19	0·11	0·29	...	...	...	17	14·75	7·73	12·11	1·20	45·21	35·90	Chuadanga.		
0·90	0·37	0·17	...	0·05	0·30	0·05	...	0·32	...	17	15·00	7·03	12·31	1·18	42·85	35·03	Meherpur.		
...	0·57	0·05	0·17	0·09	...	0·20	0·25	0·08	...	16	16·60	8·31	11·96	1·38	60·14	38·10	Kushtia.		
0·14	0·33	0·11	...	...	0·17	0·25	...	...	...	16	16·80	10·92	12·41	4·09	53·70	40·26	Satkhira ...	Khulna.	
...	...	...	...	0·26	...	...	...	0·18	...	15	16·84	13·11	12·47	5·32	65·18	44·66	Bagerhat.		
...	0·23	0·09	...	...	0·02	0·25	1·00	0·19	0·55	15	17·21	13·98	12·17	6·80	50·21	39·22	Khulna.		
0·12	0·45	...	0·28	...	0·19	...	0·38	...	...	15	?	12·92	?	4·94	49·02	?	*Nakipur.*		
1·50	0·60	1·20	1·30	...	0·30	0·10	...	0·50	0·40		?		?			?	*Rampal.*		
...	1·14	0·05	0·37	0·16	0·30	0·05	...	0·05	...	17	13·74	11·55	10·64	3·21	37·69	33·65	Narail ...	Jessore.	
1·37	0·16	...	0·03	...	0·04	0·32	0·42	...	...	15	17·69	7·47	12·38	1·51	40·69	39·85	Jessore.		
2·21	0·22		0·13	...	0·10	...	...	0·09	...	14	16·32	7·80	12·72	2·21	41·07	38·52	Jhenidah		
...	0·32	0·10	0·05	0·37	0·02	0·03	0·35	...	...	15	14·26	7·11	9·88	1·56	45·99	35·76	Magura.		
...	0·50	0·09	...	...	0·35	0·09	0·10	...	...	12	14·40	6·49	12·98	1·32	36·24	36·99	Bangaon		
0·20	...	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	13·30	6·32	11·48	1·22	48·20	32·64	Kalna ...	Burdwan.	
...	0·08	...	0·12	0·17	0·19	0·07	0·02	0·04	...	13	17·45	4·56	12·80	1·58	45·30	35·03	Burdwan.		
...	1·02	...	0·01	0·03	0·02	0·01	0·01	0·19	...	11	15·45	5·16	12·03	1·02	35·66	34·61	Katwa.		
0·96	0·52	0·04	0·06	0·02	0·09	...	0·09	0·03	...	12	16·85	6·46	13·60	1·50	35·23	37·70	Raniganj.		
...	...	...	...	0·72	...	1·48	...	...	...	8	?	4·14	?	1·48	43·35	?	*Mankur.*		
...	1·00	0·70	0·59	0·27	0·42	0·20	0·02	...	...	16	17·70	10·75	14·35	1·90	47·75	38·31	Bankura ...	Bankura.	
0·25	1·17	0·32	0·37	...	0·25	0·10	...	0·06	...	13	16·80	9·17	14·02	2·99	47·95	38·89	Vishnupur.		
...	0·39	0·17	...	...	...	0·02	0·15	...	...	11	16·60	5·70	13·26	1·26	35·30	39·67	Maliara.		
...	0·40	0·34	...	0·13	...	1·50	...	0·70	...	13	18·25	9·87	15·27	2·15	60·71	41·05	Khatra.		
...	...	0·31	...	1·12	0·66	0·22	0·09	...	...	8	?	3·92	?	1·12	39·78	?	*Indus.*		
...	...		...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	3·36	?	1·15	44·51	?	*Kotalpur.*		
0·95	0·72	0·94	...	0·68	...	...	0·75	...	...	13	?	10·20	?	2·45	47·25	?	*Anda.*		
...	1·47	0·32	...	...	0·54	...	...	...	...	12	?	6·10	?	1·47	44·39	?	*Gangajalghati.*		
0·32	...	0·95	...	0·22	0·40	0·88	...	...	...	13	?	11·21	?	3·10	55·51	?	*Raipur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·08	...	...	9	?	5·03	?	1·15	37·21	?	*Sonamukhi.*		
...	0·38	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·31	...	...	17	17·95	8·42	13·65	1·95	48·03	38·98	Suri	Birbhum.	
0·10	0·67	0·07	0·19	...	...	0·18	0·02	...	...	18	15·89	5·38	12·44	1·36	31·15	40·32	Hetampur.		
...	0·79	0·06	0·09	...	...	0·15	0·07	0·32	...	12	16·47	6·35	12·72	1·05	39·88	35·65	Rampur Hât.		
...	0·78	0·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	?	4·75	?	0·78	32·53	?	*Bolpore.*		
0·48	0·70	...	...	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	13	?	10·12	?	2·55	50·75	?	*Morarai*		
...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	12	14·93	5·11	11·53	1·14	32·63	36·07	Kandi ...	Murshidabad.	
...	0·15	...	...	...	0·33	0·73	0·35	0·03	...	19	16·35	10·87	12·18	1·30	52·72	34·92	Berhampore.		
...	0·16	...	0·16	...	0·20	0·05	...	1·70	0·05	16	16·15	10·19	12·28	1·70	53·23	34·06	Lalbagh.		
...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·03	0·10	11	16·83	8·26	12·70	1·45	49·40	35·78	Azimganj.		
...	0·18	0·32	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	0·22	15	14·84	10·94	11·58	3·41	56·90	34·29	Jangipur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	14·35	7·40	11·02	2·50		35·35	Lalgola.		
...	...	0·37	...	0·17	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	7·22	?	1·60	49·05	?	*Akhriganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	8	?	4·75	?	1·90		?	*Patkabari.*		
...	0·36	...	0·05	...	0·12	0·06	0·10	...	0·04	15	16·63	11·64	12·78	2·15	58·55	37·38	Pabna	Pabna ...	NORTH BENGAL.
0·01	1·56	0·01	...	...	...	0·07	0·12	...	0·15	14	13·20	11·56	11·23	2·60	60·91	37·47	Sirajganj.		
0·53	2·68	...	...	...	...	0·75	0·47	0·41	1·02	18	16·00	13·31	12·25	2·68	46·20	42·60	Sherpur ...	Bogra.	
...	1·19	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·20	0·35	0·04	16	14·93	12·03	10·81	2·40	48·66	38·84	Nowkhilla.		
1·70	1·92	...	...	...	...	0·02	1·25	0·15	1·10	14	15·85	14·40	11·93	1·95	56·99	44·91	Bogra.		
...	0·50	...	0·40	...	...	...	[illegible]	...	0·09	11	13·71	9·13	11·53	1·81	43·75	40·26	Panchbibi.		
...	0·36	...	0·49	0·11	0·33	...	...	0·33	...	16	15·45	10·12	12·05	2·10	47·59	36·45	Boalia ...	Rajshahi.	
...	0·35	0·09	0·02	...	...	0·20	0·21	0·11	...	14	16·96	10·36	12·16	2·60	47·45	37·81	Nato		
...	0·62	0·44	...	0·20	0·19	0·10	1·75	...	1·32	17	14·71	12·26	8·75	2·30	59·50	37·53	*Naogaon.*		
0·31	0·06	...	...	0·23	...	...	0·08	...	...	12	?	7·41	?	2·00		?	*Lalpur.*		
1·75	...	0·54	0·33	...	...	0·04	0·28	...	...	11	?	8·56	?	3·86	49·59	?	*Manda.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Station

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
NORTH BENGAL —concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	0·04	0·35	0·55	...	...	0·05	0·23	1·24	1·00	2·60	0·65	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	0·49
		Chancha ...	0·22	0·07	...	0·12	...	...	0·07	...	1·49	...	0·86	2·15	0·33	...	...	0·40	...	...	...
		Gajol ...	0·11	...	0·14	0·25	...	0·05	...	...	0·62	0·15	0·46	2·21	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sibganj ...	...	0·10	1·73	0·10	...	...	...	0·20	0·68	0·21	0·60	3·96	0·41	...	...	...	...	...	0·21
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur	0·05	0·13	...	0·37	...	...	...	...	0·17	...	1·30	2·00	...	...	...	0·18	...	0·23	0·06
		Churamon ...	...	0·09	...	0·53	...	...	...	0·06	0·62	0·45	1·04	1·96	0·22	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Raiganj ...	...	0·36	0·18	0·60	...	...	...	...	0·70	1·05	1·00	3·00	...	0·10	...	0·30	...	...	...
		Dinajpur ...	0·04	0·16	0·12	0·27	...	...	0·04	...	2·03	2·31	1·63	1·82	1·20	...	...	...	...	0·11	...
		Baloorghat ...	...	0·14	0·12	0·22	...	...	...	...	0·76	3·82	2·64	0·53	0·42	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Thakurgaon...	...	...	...	...	0·21	0·08	...	...	1·19	4·36	2·02	3·45	0·73	...	0·30	...	...	...	...
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*).	...	0·09	0·21	0·50	...	...	0·07	0·10	1·03	2·36	1·43	3·04	0·23	0·17	0·16	...	...	...	...
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	0·58	...	0·22	...	0·09	1·41	4·39	1·81	0·26	1·08	0·14	0·04	...	...	...	...
		Peergunge ...	...	0·30	0·30	0·50	...	0·01	0·09	0·08	1·63	2·90	1·22	0·79	0·21	0·36	0·08	...	...	...	...
		Kurigaon ...	0·02	...	...	0·40	0·49	...	...	0·15	2·02	4·20	2·21	0·31	1·51	0·05	0·08	...	...	...	...
		Gobindgunj ...	0·38	0·29	0·32	0·76	...	...	0·08	0·05	1·68	0·80	0·95	3·70	0·87	0·93	...	...	...	...	...
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	0·19	0·07	0·15	...	...	0·03	1·29	4·54	1·93	1·17	1·03	0·53	...	...	...	...	...
		Ulipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	0·75	4·35	0·88	0·94	1·45	0·04	0·25	...	...	...	...
		Sundergunge	...	...	0·19	0·37	...	...	...	0·25	0·57	3·65	1·11	1·12	0·90	0·09	0·06	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·15	0·33	0·80	...	1·47	0·01	...	0·15	0·10	3·87	4·50	5·48	1·92	0·08	1·93	0·15	...	...	...
		Alipore Duar	1·22	...	...	...	0·37	...	...	0·30	0·68	4·60	3·34	2·28	...	0·86	4·70	...	...	...	...
		Falacotta ...	0·15	...	0·05	...	0·55	...	...	0·53	0·20	3·80	1·10	1·60	2·80	...	1·80	...	...	...	...
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·97	3·77	0·32	3·16	0·88	...	0·30	...	...	...	...
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta).	1·43	0·37	0·45	0·11	0·62	0·21	...	0·13	0·29	1·37	3·38	5·24	5·24	4·45	7·83	0·07	...	...	0·10
	Kuch Bihar ...	Dinhatta ...	...	0·02	0·48	0·05	...	...	0·09	1·68	0·87	2·29	3·16	0·67	0·94	0·02	2·27	0·01	...	0·26	0·03
		Kuch Bihar ...	0·30	...	...	...	0·05	...	0·06	1·67	1·09	2·70	2·32	1·12	3·15	0·41	1·86	...	...	...	...
		Mickliganj ...	0·15	0·25	0·10	...	0·59	...	...	0·34	0·06	3·33	1·09	2·19	1·24	0·15	1·16	0·04	...	...	...
		Mathabhanga	0·15	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	0·94	0·30	5·35	3·02	2·34	2·43	0·21	2·47	...	...	...	...
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	0·27	0·32	0·42	0·91	2·04	0·37	...	0·54	0·65	3·96	3·65	8·25	4·50	2·24	11·97	0·06	...	0·57	3·92
		Siliguri ...	0·18	0·46	0·25	0·02	0·83	...	...	0·10	0·40	2·48	2·14	3·69	1·84	0·16	0·18	0·30	...	0·14	0·95
		Darjeeling ...	1·12	0·27	1·60	0·12	0·20	0·76	0·15	1·78	5·30	2·38	1·59	2·42	1·65	0·07	0·11	0·14	...	0·10	1·48
		Kalimpong ...	0·95	0·63	2·40	0·02	...	0·09	0·19	1·41	0·87	2·42	0·48	0·90	1·91	0·29	0·31	0·07	...	0·04	0·10
		Mongpoo ...	0·46	0·91	1·24	...	0·17	...	0·14	1·23	2·84	3·75	3·75	3·29	0·55	0·46	0·14	...	0·23	0·24	0·18
		Kurseong ...	0·78	0·42	1·15	0·33	0·08	0·43		1·20	6·94	4·98	2·55	2·40	2·14	0·19	0·64	...	...	0·10	2·97
	British Bhutan	Pedong ...	1·78	0·87	1·62	0·53	0·33	0·26	0·55	0·47	1·02	2·90	1·03	1·19	1·10	0·23	2·70	0·13	...	0·27	0·05
	Sikkim ...	Gnatong ...	0·73	0·38	0·46	0·88	0·14	1·42	0·85	0·69	2·05	3·08	1·82	1·62	1·72	0·53	2·74	0·60	0·24	0·50	0·80
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	4·82	1·88	1·28	1·48	1·02	0·05	0·01	1·80	2·50	0·08	0·12	0·84	11·25	0·70	0·02	...	0·11	0·02	0·08
		Chittagong ...	0·43	0·41	...	0·62	3·26	...	...	0·05	4·04	1·24	1·21	1·76	1·26	4·52	0·04	0·14	1·13	1·07	0·17
		Kutubdia ...	1·40	0·90	0·62	0·08	0·65	...	0·30	0·40	5.20	0·42	0·07	0·79	0·08	0·44	...	0·14	0·14	...	0·21
		Satkanya ...	0·77	...	0·16	0·16	2·01	...	...	0·28	1·98	0·63	0·32	1·80	0·25	0·74	0·09	0·12	0·18	0·22	0·42
		Kodala ...																			
		Fenoa ...						...	...	...	2·90				0·30	...	...	1·06	2·20	4·23	
		Mirsarai ...	0·06	0·08	0·01	0·70	4·07	0·02	...	0·90	6·02	5·19	2·46	1·55	0·08	0·76	...	...	0·75	2·09	1·88
		Chandpore ...	0·45	0·12	0·22	0·08	5·02	0·15	0·20	2·55	0·53	6·45	0·91	0·70	0·78	...	1·90	0·12	0·15	0·20	...
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·07	...	...	0·17	2·30	0·41	0·26	0·46	0·84	0·86	0·27	2·75	0·91	0·89	...	0·21	0·26	1·71	0·76
		Bandarban ...	0·18	...	0·04	0·02	1·98	0·26	0·36	0·14	2·14	0·84	0·24	1·84	0·46	0·44	0·72	1·82	0·20	0·81	0·04
		Demagiri ...																			
	Backergunge...	Patuakhali ...	2·26	0·75	0·45	...	0·35	0·18	0·11	0·65	1·05	2·90	1·11	0·11	0·41	...	0·06	...	0·12	0·05	0·10
		Pirojpur ...	1·42	0·86	0·24	0·59	...	1·80	...	0·59	1·64	1·83	0·58	0·26	0·25	...	...	...	0·32	...	...
		Barisal ...	0·32	1·55	0·32	0·07	0·03	...	0·03	0·54	2·63	0·09	1·37	0·33	0·15	0·42	0·17	...	0·22	...	...
		Gournaddi ...	0·19	0·45	0·55	0·45	...	...	0·37	0·45	2·42	1·45	0·80	1·71	0·30	...	—	...	0·06	...	0·17
		Bhola ...	0·33	1·57	0·27	...	0·08	0·84	0·08	0·94	1·73	1·45	0·88	...	0·33	1·12	...	...	0·65	0·08	...
		Doulatkhan...	0·59	1·82	1·15	0·06	0·29	...	0·39	1·34	4·11	1·02	1·80	...	...	...	...	0·54	1·86	0·34	0·12
		Bauphal ...	0·72	1·90	0·50	...	10·40	...	0·80	1·20	1·00	0·61	0.80	0·12	...	...	...	...	0·80	...	...
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·58	0·52	1·42	0·32	0·47	0·28	0·10	2·50	2·91	2·82	2·53	0·02	0·04	0·90	...	...	0·30	0·42	0·26
		Fenny ...	0·25	0·25	0·29	0·50	1·87	0·10	...	3·70	3·75	8·45	5·10	0·15	0·50	1·95	0·20	...	1·50	2·45	0·08
		Harishpur ...	0·56	0·58	1·07	1·29	0·83	0·04	...	3·21	6·42	1·83	0·87	2·08	0·15	1·03	...	0·11	3·09	2·31	1·14
		Ramganj ...	0·50	0·47	0·38	0·05	0·03	...	0·33	1·09	1·58	1·44	1·30	0·34	0·95	...	—	...	...	0·81	...
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	0·09	0·33	...	...	...	...	0·35	3·55	0·52	0·13	2·45	0·81	...	...	...	0·08	...	1·92
		Faridpur ...	0·11	0·03	1·75	0·44	...	0·04	0·06	0·30	1·45	1·22	1·15	1·33	0·19	0·64	...	...	...	...	...
		Goalundo ...	...	0·30	0·32	0·46	0·15	0·20	0·25	...	1·41	0·30	1·35	0·30	...	0·20	...	1·12	...	1·18	...
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj	0·22	0·16	0·98	0·26	...	...	...	1·06	6·60	1·35	0·75	1·27	0·60	0·05	...	...	0·15	0·02	0·02
		Dacca ...	0·03	0·19	2·32	0·04	...	...	0·30	0·25	4·42	1·50	1·30	2·05	0·48	...	...	0·37	0·11	...	0·03
		Narainganj	0·16	0·12	1·02	0·17	...	0·04	0·19	0·53	5·34	0·92	0·79	0·74	0·46	0·03	...	...	0·12	...	0·02
		Manikganj	0·01	0·09	1·42	0·04	0·30	...	0·01	0·08	1·09	0·45	1·08	0·32	0·76	0·07	...	...	0·02	...	...
		Joydebpur ...	0·01	0·15	2·22	0·45	...	1·17	0·08	0·52	2·59	3·00	1·40	0·55	0·58	0·46	...	0·30	0·08	...	0·12
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	...	...	0·38	0·11	0·06	0·14	10·17	0·43	1·68	2·12	1·11	1·53	1·14	...	...	...	0·93	...	...
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	0·09	0·02	0·02	0·07	...	0·02	...	0·90	2·21	2·60	1·00	1·63	1·50	0·90	...	...	1·42	0·52	0·02
		Chandpur ...	0·22	0·41	0·38	...	...	...	...	1·46	1·26	1·24	0·95	0·61	0·54	...	...	...	1·17	0·14	...
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	1·45	6·82	2·50	1·65	0·88	0·52	0·38	...	...	0·45	...	...
		Ramchandrapur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·80	2·20	1·30	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	0·40
		Nasirnagar...	...	...	0·40	...	0·75	...	0·45	1·45	3·95	2·75	3·20	2·05	1·30	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Daudkandi...	0·35	0·45	0·25	...	...	...	...	0·90	2·50	2·25	1·05	0·57	1·15	0·50	...	...	0·25	0·10	...
		Kasba ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	0·50	2·53	2·36	0·60	1·12	1·73	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Laksham ...	0·50	0·20	0·30	0·31	0·20	...	...	1·30	...	2·00	1·50	0·50	0·30	...	...	...	0·50	2·00	1·50
	Mymensingh...	Kishoreganj	0·08	...	0·34	0·65	0·03	0·11	1·73	1·84	2·08	2·75	4·18	1·44	0·27	1·53	...	...	0·06	...	...
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	0·09	0·12	0·27	...	0·18	1·65	1·36	1·67	1·64	0·86	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	0·13
		Mymensingh	0·27	0·19	0·54	0·31	...	0·67	0·05	0·18	1·91	3·87	0·21	1·04	1·19	1·93	...	...	...	0·01	...
		Jamalpur ...	0·70	...	0·12	0·33	...	...	0·20	0·35	3·97	5·85	0·43	0·72	0·40	3·57	0·70	...	...	...	...
		Netrokona ...	...	0·31	0·88	0·85	0·80	0·39	1·06	0·50	2·10	2·35	1·05	1·40	2·89	3·50	...	...	...	...	...
		Subarnakhali	0·12	0·82	0·12	...	...	0·48	...	0·32	2·03	2·68	0·16	0·71	0·51	1·43	0·05	...	...	0·37	...
		Durgapur ...	...	2·10	1·05	1·50	1·50	1·30	0·90	1·20	2·45	4·46	0·40	1·50	2·00	2·30	...	...	...	...	...
		Sherpur Town	0·25	0·15	0·70	0·20	...	0·19	0·10	0·80	1·60	5·78	0·78	0·41	0·61	2·94	0·20	...	...	...	...
		Dewanganj...	...	0·50	0·29	0·25	...	...	...	0·21	1·27	1·74	0·44	0·60	0·63	1·65	...	...	...	...	...
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj...	...	...	0·48	0·26	...	...	0·12	...	2·22	3·75	1·14	3·03	0·78	...	0·14	...	...	...	...
		Araria ...	0·63	0·13	0·67	0·81	...	...	0·05	...	2·12	4·47	2·25	2·25	0·72	...	...	...	...	1·80	0·10
		Purnea ...	0·15	0·14	0·06	0·20	...	0·04	0·18	0·02	1·72	0·91	0·96	1·60	0·24	...	...	...	...	0·71	0·10
		Gondwara (Korah).	0·10	0·02	0·28	...	...	...	0·28	2·00	0·24	0·90	2·10	...	0·39	...	...	...	...	0·02	...
		Barsoe ...	0·80	...	0·50			...	...	1·50	0·70	2·50	1·75	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Forbesgunj ...	0·11	0·19	0·30	0·04	0·22	0·16	...	...	0·64	2·71	3·26	3·35	0·92	0·22	...	...	0·07	...	...
		Kaliaganj ...	...	0·50	...	...	...	0·50	...	...	0·70	2·06	1·70	4·50	1·33	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	0·12	...	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·45	2·00	2·72	2·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·63
		Bongaon (Syiabad).	...	...	0·46	...	0·18	...	...	0·24	0·22	1·31	1·32	2·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45
		Supaul ...	0·21	...	0·20	1·04	...	...	0·13	...	1·00	2·32	3·50	1·36	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·21
		Protabganj...	...	0·27	...	...	0·38	1·50	...	0·36	0·38	2·14	3·50	1·45	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bhagalpur ...	0·51	...	1·06	0·90	...	...	...	0·11	0·48	0·60	2·43	0·47	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	0·12
		Banka ...	0·02	...	0·60	0·20	...	...	0·07	0·74	0·42	0·03	1·03	0·45	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...
		Kolgong ...	...	0·05	0·05	0·19	...	0·42	0·14	...	2·28	0·53	0·78	0·80	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...

...Bengal in August 1893—*continued.*

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May to 31st August 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 31st August.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
...	0·22	0·19	...	...	0·10	...	0·01	0·22	0·01	13	14·35	8·37	9·95	2·60	45·53	34·99	Malda ...	Malda ...	NORTH BENGAL —concld.
...	0·29	...	...	0·23	0·10	0·22	...	0·84	...	12	15·31	7·37	14·09	2·15	34·38	42·27	Chanchal.		
0·03	1·10	0·06	...	0·13	0·03	...	...	0·19	...	11	?	6·03	?	2·21		?	*Gajol.*		
...	0·48	0·38	...	0·86	0·09	...	...	...	0·02	14	?	11·17	?	3·96	47·71	?	*Sibganj.*		
...	...	1·82	0·16	...	0·08	...	0·11	...	...	10	16·25	6·66	13·54	2·00	43·70	41·45	Mohadebpur ...	Dinajpur.	
...	1·12	0·19	...	...	0·13	1·69	...	...	0·98	11	15·64	9·08	10·55	1·96	46·24	37·42	Churamon.		
0·69	0·35	...	...	...	...	0·75	...	...	...	12	15·93	8·99	12·74	3·00	57·86	43·07	Raiganj.		
...	0·68	...	...	0·01	...	0·38	...	0·53	0·02	12	16·25	11·36	12·17	2·39	47·32	46·95	Dinajpur.		
3·07	0·52	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	0·19	...	13	16·20	12·80	9·62	3·82	52·03	39·66	Baloorghat.		
0·94	0·27	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	11	?	15·25	?	4·36	72·89	?	*Thakurgaon.*		
...	0·39	0·01	...	...	...	...	0·24	...	1·15	13	13·16	11·20	10·23	3·04	56·83	43·63	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*).	Rangpur.	
0·95	0·46	...	...	...	...	0·94	...	...	...	11	13·10	12·37	12·06	4·39	56·73	54·80	Rangpur.		
...	0·63	0·21	...	0·02	...	...	0·04	...	0·03	12		9·57		2·90	?		Peergunj.		
...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	12·00	11·55	11·67	4·20	77·18	55·79	Kurigram.		
...	0·97	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·51	...	1·00	13		13·34		3·70	54·27		Gobindgunj.		
[illegible]·18	0·44	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·28	11	16·71	11·78	14·92	4·54	61·32	63·52	Bagdogra.		
0·15																	*Nilphamari.)*		
...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	9·10	?	4·35	49·91	?	*Ulipur.*		
...	0·39	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·05	9		8·89		3·65	?		Sundergunge.		
0·02	0·20	0·04	0·07	0·85	0·96	0·72	0·26	0·03	1·39	20	18·80	26·77	24·94	5·48	84·74	86·46	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	...	...	0·35	12	?	22·73	?	4·70	91·89	?	*Alipore Duar.*		
...	...	0·45	...	0·20	0·10	0·35	0·25	...	...	15	?	18·88	?	4·95	84·50	?	*Falacotta.*		
0·30	0·18	...	...	...	0·80	0·50	...	...	...	11	?	11·34	?	3·77	75·26	?	*Debiganj.*		
0·55	...	2·25	0·38	2·34	1·97	0·06	3·40	3·05	3·22	25	?	53·15	?	7·83	154·80	?	*Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta).*		
0·37	0·59	...	...	...	0·21	0·17	0·01	...	0·02	14	15·36	15·82	17·51	3·16	86·57	70·50	Dinhatta ...	Kuch Bihar.	
0·11	0·50	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	0·43	14	17·00	17·89	21·45	3·15	84·93	88·85	Kuch Bihar.		
0·03	0·67	...	...	0·38	0·70	0·35	0·20	...	0·08	17	17·72	15·10	24·57	3·33	77·44	81·52	Mickliganj.		
...	0·45	0·06	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	13	18·36	21·20	23·78	5·35	101·57	86·38	Matabhanga.		
0·41	...	0·55	0·14	0·03	1·21	2·80	6·10	3·20	1·61	25	22·85	62·26	42·05	8·25	170·70	148·42	Buxa ...	Darjeeling.	
...	0·46	0·54	...	0·16	0·98	0·04	2·91	5·61	1·06	23	20·43	28·42	22·33	5·61	90·92	89·04	Siliguri.		
0·34	0·12	0·82	0·42	1·29	0·55	0·17	0·67	0·26	0·14	29	23·90	26·95	25·45	5·50	80·85	83·86	Darjeeling.		
0·04	0·05	2·81	...	0·66	0·76	0·55	1·08	2·47	0·18	21	21·14	22·06	18·75	2·81	73·16	70·24	Kalimpong.		
...	0·33	1·63	0·47	0·56	0·73	0·56	0·50	1·62	0·30	27	?	26·86	?	3·75		?	Mongpoo.		
0·07	...	1·30	0·79	2·51	1·73	3·90	1·09	0·15	1·40	24	?	40·48	?	6·94	116·11	?	Kurseong.		
0·33	0·02	1·00	0·02	1·27	1·63	0·53	0·91	1·47	0·18	26		24·58		2·99	60·75		Pedoug ...	British Bhutan	
0·67	0·65	0·41	0·13	0·88	1·83	1·30	0·91	0·83	1·92	30	?	21·26	?	3·08		?	Gnatong ...	Sikkim.	
0·44	0·10	...	...	0·03	...	0·10	0·94	0·18	...	18	20·05	20·03	27·13	4·82	132·75	106·76	Cox's Bazar ...	Chittagong ...	EAST BENGAL.
0·05	0·07	0·04	0·03	0·06	0·20	...	1·90	...	0·05	18	19·15	24·54	19·77	4·59	102·50	71·44	Chittagong.		
0·21	0·37	...	...	0·42	0·04	0·01	0·50				?		?			?	*Kutubdia.*		
0·17	0·08	...	...	0·32	0·49	...	...	...	...	19	?	11·62	?	2·01	89·74	?	*Satkanya.*		
0·10																	Kodala.		
						0·03	0·10										Fenoa.		
0·09	0·01	0·01	0·04	0·99	0·36	0·41	0·32	0·20	0·03			28·70					Mirsarai.		
0·04	0·06	0·64	0·16	0·30	...	0·37	0·06	0·02	0·23								Chandpore.		
...	0·05	0·28	0·14	0·05	1·45	0·44	0·07	...	0·89	22	22·15	17·83	18·44	2·75	87·26	60·55	Rangamati ...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	
0·52	0·05	...	0·05	0·33	0·97	0·06	0·21	0·08	0·94	22	?	16·22	?	2·14		?	*Bandarban* ...		
																	Demagiri.		
1·05	0·06	0·12	0·03	0·45	0·23	0·14	0·04	0·56	0·42	22	20·94	14·21	17·05	2·90	73·95	65·26	Patuakhali ...	Backergunge.	
...	...	...	...	0·13	...	0·20	0·06	0·16	...	15	18·30	10·03	14·76	1·83	64·81	[illegible]·49	Pirojpur.		
0·22	...	0·06	...	0·16	0·15	0·22	0·14	...	...	18	19·15	10·14	12·41	2·63	54·69	48·52	Barisal.		
...	0·15	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	0·39	0·01	15	?	10·41	?	2·42	60·48	?	*Gournaddi.*		
...	0·09	0·07	...	0·41	0·17	...	0·55	0·18	...	16	22·00	12·38	18·23	1·73	64·88	61·80	Bhola.		
...	...	0·61	0·12	0·52	0·16	0·21	0·06	...	0·17	19	?	17·28	?	4·11	85·65	?	*Doulatkhan.*		
...	...	...	0·41	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	15	?	10·58	?	1·99	68·21	?	*Bauphal.*		
0·09	0·03	0·07	1·30	1·18	0·05	1·67	0·42	0·50	0·70	21	22·15	22·[illegible]	25·33	2·91	88·38	79·91	Noakhali ...	Noakhali.	
0·25	...	...	0·50	0·48	1·50	0·35	...	...	0·10	24	22·08	35·98	24·01	8·45	107·58	79·65	Fenny.		
0·37	0·37	0·03	...	1·80	0·11	...	0·17	1·23	0·04	24	?	31·50	?	6·42		?	*Harishpur.*		
0·32	0·18	0·06	...	0·61	0·13	0·31	0·15	0·43	...	18	?	11·46	?	1·58	61·89	?	*Ramganj.*		
...	0·09	0·08	...	0·71	...	0·33	0·14	0·04	...	11	17·20	11·62	12·25	3·55	40·32	41·36	Madaripur ...	Faridpur.	
...	0·66	0·13	...	0·03	...	0·03	0·26	0·58	...	14	15·95	10·46	12·57	1·75	57·53	41·70	Faridpur.		
...	0·33	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	17	15·16	8·71	11·37	1·41	52·40	38·74	Goalundo.		
...	0·09	0·08	0·23	0·02	...	0·62	0·22	...	...	14	18·17	14·80	14·88	6·60	42·98	50·39	Munshiganj ...	Dacca.	
...	0·12	0·11	0·06	...	...	0·05	0·06	0·06	...	13	18·50	13·93	12·56	4·42	50·81	43·13	Dacca.		
0·04	0·05	0·07	0·11	0·08	0·04	0·19	0·16	0·04	...	15	17·00	11·43	13·46	5·34	44·14	46·69	Narainganj.		
0·01	0·11	...	0·13	...	...	0·07	0·22	0·04	...	10	16·06	6·32	11·53	1·42	43·78	37·04	Manikganj		
0·05	2·03	0·07	0·13	...	0·12	0·25	0·41	0·15	...	20	?	17·12	?	3·00	52·76	?	*Joydebpur.*		
...	...	0·14	0·79	0·27	0·59	...	...	...	...	16	17·44	12·03	13·33	2·12	57·13	43·68	Agartola ...	Hill Tippera.	
0·10	0·19	0·02	1·84	0·15	0·12	0·30	0·05	...	...	18	18·06	17·69	17·65	2·60	68·55	58·10	Comilla ...	Tippera.	
...	0·30	...	1·90	1·70	...	0·34	0·14	0·54	...	18	21·67	12·56	20·23	1·90	53·02	56·51	Chandpur.		
...	...	0·30	...	...	2·12	...	...	...	...	10	16·25	17·12	12·67	6·82	59·22	45·59	Brahmanbaria.		
0·05	...	0·31	0·02	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	7	?	8·15	?	2·50	30·02	?	*Ramchandrapur.*		
...	...	...	...	0·35	1·35	2·05	...	...	0·15	13	?	20·20	?	3·95		?	*Nasirnagar.*		
0·50	...	0·25	0·10	...	0·80	...	0·25	0·50	...	18	?	12·72	?	2·50		?	*Daudkandi.*		
...	...	0·16	0·30	...							?		?			?	*Kasba.*		
...	...	...	1·00	0·75	...	...	0·50	1·15	...	18	?	15·31	?	2·00		?	*Laksham.*		
...	0·47	0·08	3·16	0·69	1·32	0·35	...	0·08	...	17	16·50	24·44	13·18	4·18	80·16	49·90	Kishoreganj.	Mymensingh.	
...	1·08	...	...	...	...	...	0·64	...	...	12	14·65	10·14	12·01	1·67	59·02	39·50	Atia (*Tangail*).		
...	0·95	0·02	0·53	0·16	0·02	0·84	0·16	0·03	0·02	19	19·20	16·02	13·78	3·87	72·71	58·04	Mymensingh.		
...	0·80	...	...	...	...	1·92	...	...	...	14	16·60	20·17	13·45	5·85	63·89	44·94	Jamalpur.		
...	2·45	0·35	...	...	1·32	0·03	0·53	0·35	...	29	19·71	24·06	16·97	3·50	91·64	60·76	Netrokona.		
...	1·54	...	0·59	...	0·29	...	...	0·58	0·23	17	?	13·25	?	2·68	64·01	?	*Subornakhali.*		
...	1·50	0·10	...	...	1·20	1·30	0·60	...	...		?		?			?	*Durgapur.*		
...	1·03	...	0·02	...	...	0·74	...	...	0·00	17	?	19·19	?	5·78	63·78	?	*Sherepur Town?*		
...	2·80	...	...	...	...	0·68	...	0·57	...	13	?	11·63	?	2·80	61·39	?	*Dewanganj.*		
...	0·28	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·15	0·32	0·28	14	16·63	13·44	16·21	3·75	70·94	51·99	Kishanganj ...	Purnea ...	NORTH BIHAR.
...	0·10	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	13	14·68	16·35	13·66	4·47	54·05	45·76	Araria.		
2·21	0·50	...	...	...	...	0·66	0·10	0·02	...	15	17·11	10·93	14·44	2·21	42·82	42·72	Purnea.		
0·12	...	...	1·77	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	12	?	8·92	?	2·10	46·19	?	*Gondwara (Korah).*		
0·30	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Barsoe.*		
...	0·15	...	0·05	1·65	0·67	...	...	...	0·32	15	?	15·23	?	3·35	49·73	?	*Forbesganj.*		
...	0·04	...	...	...	1·60	0·10	...	1·40	0·05	11	?	15·08	?	4·50	66·75	?	*Kaliaganj.*		
...	0·25	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	10	14·45	9·65	11·79	2·90	35·73	34·23	Madhipura ...	Bhagalpur.	
0·09	0·15	...	...	...	...	0·74	...	...	...	10	?	7·35	?	2·19		?	Bongaon (Syfabad).		
...	...	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	12	14·00	10·66	12·32	3·50	32·71	34·77	Supaul.		
...	...	...	...	1·53	...	...	...	...	...	10	?	12·01	?	3·50	40·95	?	*Protabganj*		
...	0·35	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	13·70	6·10	10·15	2·43	36·17	30·61	Bhagalpur.		
...	0·30	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	9	16·25	4·81	11·13	1·03	35·15	31·25	Banka.		
...	0·30	0·03	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	5·24	?	2·28	32·19	?	*Kolgong.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Station[s]

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
NORTH BIHAR —concld.	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	0·25	0·30	...	...	...	0·32	...	2·60	1·55	1·10	...	...	...	0·90	...	...	...	...
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	0·26	...	0·16	0·30	0·86	0·08	1·53	2·29	2·35	0·07	...	...	0·56	...	...	0·07	...
		Madhubani ...	0·22	0·02	0·37	...	...	0·11	0·62	...	0·18	0·90	3·69	2·93	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·85	1·17	5·80	1·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Roshera ...	...	...	0·22	0·83	...	...	0·27	...	...	1·24	3·10	0·74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Muzaffarpur	Sitamarhi ...	...	0·14	0·26	...	...	...	0·97	0·25	0·03	1·61	2·26	0·96	0·39	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	0·44	0·41	...	0·41	0·19	0·05	0·25	1·34	1·47	0·68	0·02	...	...	0·08	...	1·45	2·10	...
		Hajipur ...	...	...	0·35	0·95	0·01	...	0·35	0·09	0·25	1·45	2·27	0·30	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	0·09	...
		Paru ...	...	1·17	...	...	...	...	0·60	...	0·78	...	3·77	1·50								...
		Mahua (Chitwara).	...	0·18	0·28	...	...	...	0·25	...	2·43	1·57	0·78	...	...	...	0·29	...	...	0·10	...	...
		Sinhar ...	...	0·35	0·18	...	0·65	0·68	0·45	0·23	...	1·22	0·85	0·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pupri ...																				
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	0·15	...	0·43	0·90	...	0·26	0·29	2·43	2·37	1·93	0·04	...	...	0·43	...	...	0·17	...
		Bettiah ...	0·17	0·79	...	0·05	...	0·25	...	0·93	0·10	2·93	2·54	1·11	...	...	...	1·58	...	...	0·21	...
		Bagaha ...	...	1·77	0·02	...	0·12	0·08	1·62	...	...	0·24	2·90	2·34	0·39	...	...	0·57	...	...	0·12	...
		Burhurwa ...	0·65	0·80	0·15	...	...	0·08	0·41	0·08	0·13	1·24	3·70	1·47	0·08	...	...	0·02	...	...	1·00	...
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	0·09	0·07	1·03	...	...	...	...	0·61	0·06	0·96	2·50	0·80	0·05	...	...	0·20	...	...	[illegible]	...
		Siwan ...	...	0·33	0·25	...	...	1·16	0·17	0·02	0·79	1·95	1·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·76	...	...
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	0·43	...	...	0·68	0·40	0·08	0·19	0·58	0·96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21
		Chapra ...	...	0·08	0·14	0·34	...	...	0·11	0·10	0·06	1·07	1·04	0·95	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·27	...
		Sreepore ...	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·30	...	3·50	1·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	...
		Annaur ...	...	...	0·60	0·43	...	0·40	0·23	0·11	0·10	2·20	2·09	1·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	0·51	0·35	0·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·89	...
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	0·11	0·29	0·02	...	0·21	...	0·55	0·14	2·70	1·33	0·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...
		Dehri ...	...	0·15	0·27	0·04	...	0·28	0·18	0·30	0·88	0·23	0·68	0·29	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bhabhua ...	0·20	0·60	0·42	0·37	...	1·11	...	0·08	2·17	0·20	0·60	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sasaram ...	1·40	0·16	...	...	...	1·78	...	...	1·82	0·44	0·44	0·38	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	1·20	...
		Arrah ...	...	0·66	0·12	...	...	0·45	1·27	0·17	2·80	0·72	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...
		Mohaniah ...	1·10	1·05	...	...	1·15	1·15	...	0·50	4·20	1·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Khiri ...	...	0·65	0·25	...	...	0·70	...	...	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Agaaon ...	0·05	0·15	0·30	...	0·15	0·05	0·10	0·10	0·60	1·30	1·50	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ramnagar ...	...	...	0·26	...	...	0·15	...	...	0·19	1·29	0·55	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·75	...
		Koath ...	...	2·20	0·30	...	0·10	0·52	[illegible]	...	0·22	1·23	1·22	0·34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sikroul ...	0·22	0·50	...	...	...	0·60	...	...	0·26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·95	...
		Bassawan ...	1·03	0·40	0·53	...	...	...	1·04	...	1·64	0·26	0·97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Manaharpur	...	0·29	0·93	0·20	...	0·52	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	...
	Gaya ...	Aurungabad...	0·34	0·13	0·47	...	...	...	0·05	0·32	0·52	0·10	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gaya ...	0·41	0·10	0·56	...	0·08	...	0·42	...	1·23	0·50	0·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nawada ...	0·39	0·62	0·26	0·06	...	0·35	0·16	0·07	2·18	0·22	1·57	0·35	...	...	...	0·07	1·05	0·02	...	...
		Jahanabad ...	...	0·62	0·26	0·22	...	...	0·12	0·13	0·16	0·68	2·76	0·90	0·02	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	0·10
		Arwal ...	...	0·71	...	...	...	...	0·33	...	...	1·16	1·49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Daudnagar ...	...	0·40	...	0·33	...	0·97	1·46	...	...	0·15	0·85	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·63	...	...
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	0·70	...	3·10	1·40	0·50	...	1·20	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·79	...
		Rajauli ...	0·50	0·30	1·05	...	...	...	0·85	0·10	1·10	1·40	0·60	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	0·43	...
		Pakri Barawan.	0·40	...	...	0·29	...	0·46	0·16	0·20	0·48	0·85	1·04	0·42	...	...	...	0·08	...	1·50	0·05	...
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	0·32	0·22	0·57	...	...	0·05	0·08	0·13	1·62	2·34	0·15	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	0·37	...
		Dinapore ...	...	...	0·19	0·92	...	...	0·19	0·26	0·11	1·09	2·72	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·36	...
		Bihar ...	...	...	0·48	...	...	...	...	0·86	0·15	1·45	2·77	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	0·33	...
		Barh ...	...	0·15	...	0·40	...	...	0·70	...	0·90	1·80	1·60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bickram ...	...	...	0·54	0·16	...	...	0·40	0·78	...	1·70	1·30	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hilsa ...	...	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	2·31	0·91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·56	...
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	0·26	...	0·62	...	0·90	...	...	1·26	1·47	1·69	0·23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Monghyr ...	0·54	0·63	...	0·63	...	0·31	...	...	0·93	0·83	1·95	0·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jamui ...	0·11	...	0·73	0·41	...	...	...	0·89	1·26	0·32	1·78	0·34	0·06	0·08	...	0·15	...	...	...	...
		Gogri ...	...	...	...	1·05	...	...	...	0·14	0·75	3·19	1·51	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sheikpura ...	...	...	...	0·80	...	...	...	...	1·90	0·10	0·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chahai Bamda	0·60	0·02	0·39	0·45	...	...	0·02	0·16	0·33	...	1·28	0·68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chupreon ...	0·75	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	1·27	1·95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	0·32	0·16	0·12	0·19	...	...	0·05	...	0·91	0·07	1·44	0·77	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Godda ...	...	0·10	0·25	0·62	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·25	1·62	1·50	0·23	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pakour ...	0·66	0·07	1·33	1·08	...	...	0·26	0·10	1·35	0·26	4·62	2·20	0·17	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Naya Dumka	2·55	1·68	1·06	0·63	...	0·29	0·08	0·21	0·79	0·97	1·16	1·96	0·02	...	...	1·13	...	0·11	0·01	...
		Deoghur ...	0·87	1·07	0·78	0·06	...	0·46	...	0·02	0·54	0·09	1·68	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	0·85	...	...
		Jamtara ...	0·49	1·60	1·31	0·40	...	0·28	0·43	0·46	0·36	0·29	0·58	0·22	...	...	...	...	...	2·37	...	...
		Belbadda ...	...	...	...	...	0·85		...	...	2·05	...	1·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	*Nanihat* ...	...	1·20			...	...	...	...		...	2·75	1·05								
		Pachamba (*Giridi*).	0·18	2·71	2·04	0·29	...	...	0·26	0·25	0·72	...	1·71	0·27	...	...	...	...	...	1·45	0·24	—
		Hazaribagh ...	0·07	1·26	1·18	0·05	0·16	0·70	0·32	0·17	0·42	0·04	1·38	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	0·02	[illegible]
		Semtagurah ...	1·02	1·50	0·03	0·08	0·10	1·00	0·24	0·10	0·25	0·20	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mahudi Hills	0·70	2·05	...	...	...	0·48	0·32	0·45	...	1·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	1·15	...	...
		Jhoomrah Hills	0·70	2·20	...	...	0·50	1·00	0·20	0·60	...	1·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	...	...	...
		Barhi ...	0·18	...	0·58	0·06	0·19	0·08	1·12	0·58	0·06	...	0·36	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	1·18	...
		Chatra ...	...	0·20	0·90	...	0·20	1·50	0·03	0·21	0·61	0·50	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Karagdeha ...	0·03	0·35	2·31	0·31	...	0·35	0·39	0·12	0·42	...	0·73	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	0·17	...	[illegible]
	Lohardaga ...	*Ramghar* ...	0·10	1·50	2·50			1·50	2·00	0·80	...	...	0·20		...	...	...	...	0·50	...	0·30	[illegible]
		Lohardaga ...	0·32	0·98	1·92	...	...	3·41	1·52	0·29	0·25	...	0·45		...	...	...	0·06	...	...	0·08	[illegible]
		Ranchi ...	0·51	1·12	0·79	0·15	...	4·02	0·80	0·46	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·31	...	[illegible]
		Silli ...	0·60	1·30																		[illegible]
		Sirguja ...	1·60	1·04	0·06	0·03	0·20	0·42	1·00	0·70	0·17	0·63	0·04	0·04	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jashpur ...	1·78	0·26	0·37	0·06	0·04	0·03	0·05	0·90	0·88	0·32	0·04	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...
		Gangpur ...	1·15	0·60	0·06	0·19	...	0·12	1·87	2·20	0·27	...	...	0·64	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	0·10	[illegible]
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...	0·24	0·30	0·91	...	...	0·85		0·12	0·16	0·08	0·25	...	...	0·20	...	...	0·06	...	0·65	...
		Balumat ...	0·25	1·30	2·15	0·03	0·13	1·42	3·60	0·51	3·00	0·50	0·11	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·77	...
		Hoseinabad...	0·80	0·31	1·50	0·06		0·55	0·56	...	1·15	0·25	0·14	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...
		Garwah ...	0·27	0·08	0·32	...	0·14	0·23	1·70	0·28	0·14	0·06	0·49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·03	...
	Singhbhum ..	Chaibassa ...	0·55	0·90	1·15	0·01	0·01	2·46	0·30	0·43	0·13	0·21	...	...	...	0·06	...	0·19	0·48	1·44	0·03	[illegible]
		Chakradharpur.	0·60	1·20	0·12	...	0·62	0·11	0·68	0·77	0·37	...	...	...	0·20	0·05	...	...	0·70	...	0·34	...
		Ghatsila ...	0·51	0·70	2·80	...		0·65		1·50	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·90	...	...
		Baharagura	0·96	...	1·50	...	0·20	1·50	0·50			...	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·25	...	...
	Manbhum ...	Gailkura ...	1·45	1·05	...	...	0·25	0·40	0·20	0·00	1·35	...	...	...	...	0·95	...	...	0·20	...	...	...
		Kalikapur ...	0·27	1·26	1·14	...	0·10	4·75	0·96	1·21	...	...	...	0·32	...	1·21	...	...	...	...	2·16	...
		Purulia ...	0·71	0·22	1·00	...	...	2·23	0·18	0·20	1·48	0·17	0·07	...	0·31	...	...	...	0·61	...	0·23	0·08
		Gobindpur ...	1·18	0·94	0·73	0·60	...	0·30	0·41	0·35	0·60	0·25	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	0·90	1·85	0·06	...
		Raghunathpur.	1·02	0·64	0·95	0·12	...	0·30	0·03	0·25	0·15	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·10	0·25	0·34	0·12	...
		Barrabhum ...	0·19	0·32	2·63	0·04	...	1·85	0·62	1·40	0·88	0·82	...	...	0·13	0·60	...	0·02	0·09	...	0·02	...
		Jhalda ...	0·65	1·56	...	...	...	0·67	0·57	1·40	0·01	...	...	...	2·25	...	0·13	...	3·30	...	0·05	...
		Chas ...	0·47	1·47	2·10	...	...	0·72	0·12	0·28	0·83						...	...	...	1·90	0·21	...
		Pandra ...	0·87	0·77	0·41	0·34	...	0·50	0·27	0·39	0·14	...	...	0·08	...	0·12	...	...	0·03	0·32	...	[illegible]
	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	Keonjhor ...																				
		Anundpur ...	0·12	...	0·38	...	...	...	0·81	0·94	0·72	...	0·52	...	...	0·12	0·13	0·20			0·24	[illegible]
		Talcher ...	0·34	1·46	0·50	...	...	0·04	0·54	1·82	0·02	...	0·48	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	0·06	...	...
		Narsingpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·41	1·38	0·22	...	...	0·45	0·28	...	...	...	0·70	0·68	0·25	0·34	...
		Angul ...	0·19	...	...	0·15	...	0·04	0·24	0·68	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·33	0·38	0·72	...
		Dhenkanal ...	0·69	0·03	0·26	...	...	1·76	0·58	0·82	0·12	...	0·21	0·03	0·63	...	0·18	0·12	0·31	0·03	0·10	...
		Bispara ...																				
		Kunjabongar																				
		Baramba ...	0·24	0·36	...	...	...	...	...	0·83	1·00	0·13	0·15	...	0·21	...	...	0·33	0·36	0·54	1·24	[illegible]
	North Lushai	Fort Aijal ...	0·08	...	0·60	0·10	0·31	0·10	0·03	0·11	0·71	1·80	0·65	0·43	0·58	0·29	0·30	0·73		0·16	0·80	0·04

in Bengal in August 1893—*concluded.*

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May 1893 to 31st August 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 31st August.	Station.	District.	Meteorological Division.
...	0·55	0·60	0·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	12·47	8·73	10·35	2·60	29·74	31·23	Tajpur ...	Darbhanga.	NORTH BIHAR —*concluded.*
...	0·02	1·75	...	...	...	...	...	1·26	0·14	0·15	12	13·37	11·85	11·39	2·35	30·68	32·40	Darbhanga.		
...	...	0·24	...	0·30	0·01	...	...	0·02	...	0·03	11	14·00	10·44	10·51	3·69	32·12	31·33	Madhubaani.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·82	...		?		?			?	*Bahera.*		
...	0·64	1·35	0·60	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	...	10	?	9·23	?	3·10	32·65	?	*Roshera.*		
...	...	0·27	...	0·16	...	...	0·03	...	...	0·67	12	10·89	8·54	9·75	2·26	42·08	29·72	Sitamarhi ...	Muzaffarpur.	
0·17	0·02	0·95	0·06	0·30	0·01	0·03	...	...	...	...	13	13·25	10·52	10·34	1·47	28·86	31·06	Muzaffarpur.		
...	0·22	0·42	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	11	13·63	6·98	10·15	2·27	27·92	29·87	Hajipur.		
...	...	...	0·50	...	0·42	...	...	...	...	2·30		?		?			?	*Paru.*		
...	0·20	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	0·25	12	?	7·58	?	2·43		?	*Mahua* (Chitwarra.)		
...	...	0·5	...	...	...							?		?			?	*Sinhar.*		
												?		?			?	*Pupri.*		
...	0·29	0·19	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	14	12·22	10·17	11·53	2·43	55·45	31·26	Motihari ...	Champaran.	
...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		12·16		12·34			34·68	Bettia.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	?	10·17	?	2·90	47·82	?	*Bagaha.*		
...	0·03	0·29	0·16	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	10·31	?	3·70	23·86	?	*Burhurwa.*		
...	...	...	0·88	...	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	9	11·08	9·39	10·18	2·50	33·73	30·36	Gopalganj ...	Saran.	
0·15	0·74	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·38	12	13·60	10·55	10·78	2·33	27·06	30·42	Siwan.		
...	0·70	1·37	0·20	...	0·42	...	...	...	...	...	13	?	6·59	?	1·37	?	?	Ekma.		
...	0·03	0·60	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	12·25	7·02	9·91	2·27	24·88	29·17	Chapra.		
...	...	0·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	7·90	?	3·50	?	?	Sreepore.		
...	...	0·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25		?						Annaur.		
...	0·24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·51	7	?	4·74		1·89	?	?	Basantpur.		
...	0·65	0·69	0·08	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	12·69	7·20	10·22	2·70	24·39	26·90	Buxar ...	Shahabad ...	SOUTH BIHAR.
...	0·92	1·64	0·41	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	13·14	6·51	12·78	1·64	26·35	29·85	Dehri.		
...	...	2·16	0·49	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·60	11	13·90	9·14	11·71	2·16	35·64	29·87	Bhabhua.		
0·10	0·23	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	13·95	8·25	11·89	1·82	27·29	29·03	Sasaram.		
0·43	0·89	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		12·55		10·93			29·05	Arrah.		
1·90	1·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	?	14·25	?	4·29	30·84	?	*Mohaniah.*		
1·10	0·40	0·10			...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Khiri.*		
0·20	1·70	0·20	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	?	6·72	?	1·70		?	*Agsaon.*		
...	...	2·35	...	0·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	?	6·48	?	2·35	25·58	?	*Ramnagar.*		
...	...	1·42	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	?	7·95	?	2·20	27·69	?	*Koath.*		
...	0·43	1·35	0·80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	?	5·21	?	1·35		?	*Sikroul.*		
0·45	...	2·74	0·07	...	...	...						?		?			?	*Bassawan.*		
1·53	0·24	...	0·52	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	?	4·79	?	1·53		?	*Manaharpur.*		
...	0·08	4·03	0·11	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·69	...	10	13·70	6·51	12·52	4·03	21·30	31·72	Aurungabad ...	Gaya.	
...	0·85	0·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	13·55	5·31	11·48	1·22	29·55	31·78	Gaya.		
...	1·57	0·63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	13	12·70	9·67	10·73	2·18	32·01	29·29	Nawada.		
...	0·43	0·61	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	13·00	7·12	12·23	2·76	44·48	30·79	Jahanabad.		
...	0·30	1·53	0·35	...	...							?		?			?	*Arwal.*		
...	...	3·47	0·42	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	?	8·91	?	3·47	26·81	?	*Daudnagar.*		
...	0·45	...	0·40	...	...							?		?			?	*Sherghati.*		
...	0·95	...	2·50	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	?	11·05	?	2·50		?	*Rajauli.*		
...	1·12	2·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	?	9·07	?	2·02		?	*Pakri Barawan.*		
...	0·36	1·02	0·03	...	0·14	...	...	...	...	0·63	13	13·85	8·07	10·62	2·32	33·65	30·60	Patna ...	Patna.	
...	0·27	0·28	0·07	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	11	11·60	6·77	11·33	2·72	35·97	30·41	Dinapore.		
...	1·58	0·51	...	...	...							14·20		10·60			31·06	Bihar.		
...	1·55	0·85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	11·05	7·95	9·38	1·80	27·82	28·03	Barh.		
...	0·44	1·84	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	7·31	?	1·84	36·79	?	*Bickram.*		
...	0·45	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·05	8	?	6·13	?	2·31	30·15	?	*Hilsa.*		
...	2·66	1·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	12·75	10·42	9·94	2·66	41·72	28·71	Begusarai ...	Monghyr.	
...	3·20	2·80	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	13·80	11·75	12·69	3·30	35·96	33·23	Monghyr.		
...	...	1·93	0·24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	14·05	8·30	11·41	1·93	23·42	31·99	Jamui.		
...	0·11	0·58	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	?	8·14	?	3·19		?	*Gogri.*		
...	1·95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	5·47	?	1·95	37·19	?	*Sheikpura.*		
...	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	8	?	4·51	?	1·28	39·79	?	*Chahai Bamda.*		
...	0·34																	Chupreon.		
...	...	0·47	0·09	...	...	...	0·84	...	...	...	9	14·32	5·46	9·88	1·44	37·24	36·10	Rajmahal ...	Sonthal Parganas.	
0·18	0·04	0·55	0·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	14·71	6·13	11·70	1·62		31·89	Godda.		
...	0·05	0·07	0·76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	15·50	1·87	11·69	4·02	55·44	37·65	Pakour.		
...	...	0·94	0·10	0·02	...	...	...	0·42	...	...	15	18·63	14·13	13·35	2·55	50·62	37·79	Naya Dumka.		
...	...	1·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	15·15	8·41	12·27	1·68	39·73	36·06	Deoghur.		
...	0·25	2·30	0·10	0·07	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	15	17·12	12·16	12·60	2·37	45·04	36·80	Jamtara		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Belbadda.*		
...												?		?			?	*Nanihat*		
...	1·08	2·00	0·05	0·17	...	...	...	0·08	...	...	14	17·80	13·50	12·34	2·71	40·61	34·59	Pacnamba (*Giridi*).	Hazaribagh ...	CHOTA NAGPUR.
...	0·37	2·04	0·36	0·14	0·15	0·03	...	...	0·12	...	15	17·35	9·24	13·41	2·04	50·45	35·02	Hazaribagh.		
0·28	1·00	0·32	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	16·00	6·31	11·02	1·50		32·92	Semtagurah.		
...	0·45	0·30	...	...	...	...	0·21	0·25	0·40	...	13	17·82	8·53	14·74	2·05		36·13	Mahudi Hills.		
...	1·00	0·40	0·60	0·10	0·30	...	0·10	...	...	...	14	20·10	9·00	16·38	2·20		45·23	Jhoomrah Hills		
0·33	0·49	1·65	0·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	?	7·36	?	1·65		?	*Barhi.*		
1·35	0·83	1·47	0·05	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	...	12	?	8·67	?	1·50	39·80	?	*Chatra.*		
1·07	1·60	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	7·99	?	2·31	35·13	?	*Karagdeha.*		
...	...	0·40	0·50	0·20	0·30	0·60	...	...				?		?	2·50		?	*Ramghar.*		
...	0·10	0·21	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·54	13	10·67	10·41	15·21	3·41	28·22	37·32	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga.	
0·52	0·22	0·09	0·31	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	14	17·85	10·66	14·31	4·02	43·00	38·63	Ranchi.		
...	0·90	...	0·80									?		?			?	*Silli.*		
0·26	0·80	0·63	0·09	0·20	0·12	...	0·23	0·44	0·45	1·60	17	?	16·91	?	1·60	45·85		Sirguja.		
0·16	0·99	...	...	0·68	0·06	0·12	0·06	1·85	0·22	0·04	11	?	8·78	?	1·80	43·59		Jashpur.		
...	...	0·40	0·55	0·30	...	0·30	...	...	0·35	...	15	?	9·21	?	2·20	37·07		Gangpur.		
...	0·46	3·61	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	0·28	13	15·30	8·41	11·56	3·61	32·56	31·21	Palamau ...	Palamau.	
0·20	0·32	0·31	0·15	0·15	...	...	...	0·02	1·32	0·40	18	?	17·40	?	3·60	54·06	?	*Balumat.*		
0·13	...	1·63	...	0·23	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	7·44	?	1·63	33·36	?	*Hoseinabad.*		
...	...	0·64	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	0·38	...	12	?	8·96	?	1·70	32·78	?	*Garwah.*		
...	...	0·28	0·11	0·05	...	0·04	0·30	0·41	0·60	0·02	17	17·20	10·66	13·83	2·46	41·13	38·52	Chaibassa ...	Singhbhum.	
...	0·03	0·23	0·12	0·03	0·20	0·08	0·27	0·02	...	...	15	?	6·74	?	1·26	33·22	?	*Chakradharpur.*		
...	...	0·48	0·39	0·63	...	1·00	...	...	...	...	11	?	9·97	?	2·80	48·90	?	*Ghatsila.*		
...	...	1·25	1·31	0·22	...	...	1·25	0·12	...	...	13	?	10·61	?	1·57		?	*Baharagura.*		
...	1·55	0·20	...	...	...	0·33	...	...	...	...	12		8·53		1·55	33·46		Gailkura.		
...	...	...	...	1·51	0·92	...	2·10	...	...	...	13		17·91	?	4·75	68·77		Kalikapur.		
...	0·27	0·04	0·38	0·50	0·56	0·40	0·12	...	0·44	...	18	16·60	10·20	13·91	2·23	51·45	36·72	Purulia ...	Manbhum.	
...	...	1·72	0·31	...	0·04	...	0·36	...	...	...	15	17·15	10·87	12·50	1·85	53·38	33·05	Gobindpur.		
...	2·05	0·80	0·75	0·09	0·04	...	...	...	0·15	...	17	?	8·85	?	2·05	43·13	?	*Raghunathpur.*		
...	1·39	1·40	0·52	0·51	0·35	...	0·25	0·33	0·16	...	18	?	14·52	?	2·63	51·38	?	*Barrabhum.*		
0·98	0·60	0·96	0·21	0·10	...	0·39	0·37	...	...	...	15	?	14·20	?	3·30	40·94		*Jhalda.*		
...	0·72	0·33	0·02	0·43	0·40	...	...	...	...	0·15		?		?			?	*Chas.*		
...	2·16	2·43	...	...	...	0·27	...	...	...	...	13	?	9·11	?	2·43	41·14	?	*Pandra.*		
																		Keonjher ...	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	
...	0·71	1·80	0·76	0·93	...	1·13	...	...	...	...	16	?	9·77	?	1·80	37·51	?	Anandapur.		
...	0·63	2·16	...	...	0·17	0·77	0·70	...	...	...	12	?	9·87	?	2·16	37·61	?	Talcher.		
0·20	0·43	1·04	...	0·42	...	0·33	0·50	...	...	0·18	16	?	7·81	?	1·38	21·08	?	Narsingpur.		
...	0·35	1·24	0·15	...	0·29	1·59	0·05	...	...	...	13	?	6·50	?	1·59	19·77	?	Angul.		
...	0·47	1·40	0·90	0·05	0·37	0·25	0·15	...	0·03	0·02	18	?	9·52	?	1·76	37·25	?	Dhenkanal.		
												?		?			?	Bispara.		
												?		?			?	Kunjabongar.		
...	...	0·35	0·76	0·75	0·72	1·30	1·05	...	...	0·10	19	?	10·79	?	1·30	31·25	?	Baramba.		
0·43	0·10	0·19	0·12	1·10	0·34	0·65	2·05	0·28	...	0·11	26	?	14·25	?	2·05		?	Fort Aijal ...	North Lushai.	

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1893.

One of the most important features of the weather during July was the unequal distribution of rainfall, the falls in the northern districts being much heavier than those in the southern and especially the south-western districts, and the irregularity was accounted for by the frequent displacement of the trough of low pressure from its usual position (extending from Orissa in a west-north-westerly direction) to one much further north and close to the Himalayas. This arrangement was invariably accompanied by heavy rainfall in North Bengal, the adjacent parts of East Bengal and Assam, and at times in North Bihar. A second noteworthy feature was the absence of cyclonic storms, which, forming as they generally do near the head of the Bay at that time of the year, move across Orissa and keep the trough of low pressure in its normal position.

During the month of August, the weather of which is now being reviewed, divergence from that of July occurred in several important particulars—

(1) The trough of low pressure instead of being forced northwards has more frequently occupied a position to the south of what it usually occupies; that is, commencing from the Circars and south of Orissa, its direction has been to the north-west.

(2) Though, as in July, no cyclonic storms occurred, still on several occasions shallow depressions affected the weather in the Bay. These depressions were peculiar in one respect. Instead of forming near the head of the Bay, they either commenced in Burma or advanced from further east. Their subsequent motion was in an almost due west direction, and they therefore crossed the west coast near Ganjam.

(3) In consequence of the feeble character of the depressions and the southerly displacement of the trough of low pressure, rainfall has been very light and scattered over nearly the whole province. Only one district, viz., East Bengal, has received its normal average fall. Of the other districts the largest deficiency is in South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur.

(4) As the sky was generally less cloudy than usual in the interior of the province, temperature has run high, and there is on an average excess of about 1° at nearly all stations.

In the early part of the month the general conditions were not unlike those of July. A slight disturbance which developed during the last few days of July was still being felt in the south-western districts at the beginning of August, but beyond the light rainfall, which became general over the province, its effects were very slight. In the Bay, however, the steep gradients which had arisen to the south of the depression were accompanied by strongish winds, and the sea continued rough for some days. On the 2nd pressure began to recover very slowly. It continued briskly on the following day, when the pressure distribution as well as the general weather conditions were fairly normal. A brisk fall of pressure setting in over the northern districts simultaneously with a brisk rise in Orissa and the Circars, the trough of low pressure moved northwards, and fairly dry westerly winds became general, but only for a short time, as another low pressure area began to develop over the Bay, while pressure rose in the northern districts. The shallow depression was never well defined, but it led to very unsettled weather in the north-west angle of the Bay, and over the greater part of the province. Pressure gradients were very steep, and remained so for some days during the second week—an arrangement which led to stronger winds than were experienced at any other time during the month. The recovery of pressure after beginning in the north of the Bay was, for some unknown reason, suddenly checked, and gradients, though not steep over the Bay, remained much steeper than usual over the province. Strong moisture-laden winds therefore continued, and rainfall became very heavy at first in East Bengal, and afterwards in North Bengal and Bihar. It may be noted that during those days the trough of low pressure was again close to the hills. Pressure recovered very slowly, and the strong westerly or south-westerly winds continued almost till the middle of the month.

On the 14th rainfall to a large extent stopped, and from this date onwards till the end of the month comparatively fine weather obtained, though light and generally scattered rainfall continued. The southward displacement of the trough of low pressure became the prominent feature of the pressure distribution, and the formation of the shallow low pressure areas in Burma and their subsequent westerly motion the only fact worthy of special mention.

During the third week of the month pressure was steadily above the normal over the province, and readings were much more uniform round the coast of the Bay than is usual at that season of the year. The only interruption to the fine weather which then prevailed was the shallow depression which first began to appear in Burma on the 19th. It was in the centre of the northern half of the Bay on the 22nd, being accompanied by a cyclonic circulation of very light winds, and on the 23rd the centre had crossed the Ganjam coast. The depression moved away to the north-west, but a very shallow residual low pressure area remained for several days afterwards off the South Orissa and Ganjam coast, causing in these parts light northerly or easterly winds. This residual depression almost entirely filled up on the 28th, but it at the same time moved northwards into the south-western districts of Bengal, where rainfall became for a short time more heavy and

general. From the 28th to the 30th the trough of low pressure was in its normal position, and light general rain was falling over the greater part of the province, but on the last day of the month a slight depression had again formed over the south of Orissa, and rainfall was very scattered in Bengal.

Pressure.—Changes have been large only on one or two occasions, the depressions which formed having been more shallow than usual. In the early part of the month differences from the normal were very small, and the average pressure was very nearly normal. During the following week the largest oscillations were recorded, and about the 8th gradients were unusually steep. The rise on the 9th was ·16 inch in Orissa and the Circars, and more than ·1 inch over the whole of Lower Bengal. This rapid rise, however, did not extend northwards, and the result was that unusually steep gradients prevailed in Bengal for some days. These passed away slowly, and the distribution that followed was very uniform. During the latter half of the month readings were generally slightly above at inland stations and below the normal round the coast, and the shallow depressions which formed in the Bay were due quite as much to the excess in Bengal as to the defect where pressure was lowest. Towards the end of the month there was a steady fall at inland stations, and readings were again below the normal, though not to any great extent. Mean pressure for the whole month is uniformly above the normal by about ·01 inch.

Temperature.—Owing to the cloudy weather in the early part of the month, the air was comparatively cool, especially between the 5th and 12th, but after the 15th, when the pressure distribution became uniform, and calm weather prevailed both over the province and the Bay, there was considerably more sunshine, and temperature steadily increased. During the first week mean defect was about half a degree, but during the second it increased to nearly 1·5°. The rise then began, and by the end of the third week there was excess in all districts except North Bengal and Assam. During the last ten days excess averaged about 2°. The mean difference between day temperature and the normal varies from defect of 2·5° at Sibsagar to excess of 3° in the west of Bihar. Minimum temperature, on the other hand, is more uniform and generally high by about half a degree.

Rainfall.—The average rainfall for the larger divisions is below the normal in all except East Bengal, where it is exactly normal. The greatest difference is in South-West Bengal, where defect is 4·6 inches, or 36 per cent., and in Chota Nagpur, where it is 3·8 inches, or 28 per cent.; South Bihar also has received much less than usual, nearly 3 inches, while in Orissa and North Bihar defect is about 2 inches. It is only in the eastern half of the province, where normal amounts have been recorded, but the distribution was very unequal, as a large part fell during the disturbed weather in the second week. The large defficiency in the western districts is probably due to the weak character of the disturbances which occurred during the latter half of the month. The depressions which form in the north of the Bay generally pass through these districts, and cause heavy rainfall at the time of their passage. At other times westerly winds prevail, and the rainfall is under these circumstances of comparatively small amount. The number of rainy days, that is, days on which at least a tenth of an inch fell, was everywhere below the average by about 10 per cent. in the eastern and 20 per cent. in the western half of the province.

The comparison of the actual rainfall in the various large divisions of the province with the normal is most accurately and conveniently shown in the form of a percentage. The figures representing the rainfall for the month, calculated in this way, are included in the table below under the heading of August. This table really gives a condensed summary of the rainfall statistics of the present year up to date for each meteorological division, the first eight divisions giving the actual average rainfalls in each division in each month expressed as a percentage of the normal, while the ninth column gives the total rainfall for the first eight months expressed as a percentage of the normal rainfall for that period:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Actual rainfall of first eight months of 1893 expressed as a percentage of the normal fall for the period.
Orissa	422	309	238	89	607	99	67	84	145
South-West Bengal	120	464	160	115	225	183	94	64	133
North Bengal	104	377	145	213	96	100	166	90	121
East Bengal	80	291	123	149	207	134	103	100	130
North Bihar	170	357	134	208	84	100	151	85	118
South Bihar	115	602	188	255	171	156	122	74	124
Chota Nagpur	155	585	226	151	212	185	121	72	135

From the above table it will be seen that during the past three months there has been a steady decrease of rainfall by between twenty and fifty per cent. of the normal in all districts except North Bengal and North Bihar; that in these two districts there was a steady increase during June and July, but that during August it had again begun to fall off.

Excess falls were received in the south of Orissa and over a strip of country in the extreme east of the province, including Chittagong, Tippera, and parts of Noakhali, Mymensingh, Rajshahi, Bogra, Dinajpur, and Rangpur; also in Jalpaiguri and the Darjeeling districts. The only places where excess was more than 5 inches were—Buxar 20, Siliguri 6,

Jamalpur 6·7, Netrakona 7, Fenny 12, and Cuttack 5 inches. Elsewhere falls were below the normal by fairly uniform amounts. Defect of more than 5 inches occurred in parts of the following districts:—Midnapore, 24-Parganas, Howrah, Hooghly, Nadia, Burdwan, Bankura, Birbhum, Malda, Kuch Bihar, Shahabad, Gaya, and Hazaribagh. In the other districts defect was between 2 and 5 inches.

Falls of more than 10 inches occurred in the south of Orissa, East Bengal, North Bengal, and part of North Bihar. Along a narrow strip running east and west across the province, and containing parts of Rajshahi, Malda, Murshidabad, the Sonthal Parganas, Manbhum and Lohardaga, falls varied between 10 and 15 inches, while immediately to the north of it, especially in the central districts, amounts were less than anywhere else in the province, and in places less than 5 inches. In the south of Orissa amounts varied from 10 to 16 inches, and in the other part from 4 to 12 inches. Over the western districts, except in North Bihar and part of Chota Nagpur, falls were very uniform, and generally between 8 and 10 inches. In South-West Bengal, where the greatest deficiency occurred, the lowest fall was 4 inches in part of the Bankura district, and the highest 16 inches at Saugor Island.

The following table gives full data for the comparison of the actual and normal rainfall of the month of August in all districts of the province. The figures are derived from the average and actual rainfall of the rain-recording stations in each district, due allowance or weight being made for the area which each station represents. This gives a more accurate average than the arithmetical means given in the weekly and monthly meteorological tables. The first column gives the normal or average district rainfall as determined from the rainfall observations of the past 15 years; the second column gives the actual district rainfall as determined from the weighted actual rainfalls of the month at the reporting stations in each district; the third column expresses the ratio of the actual district rainfall of the past month to the normal rainfall as a percentage; the fourth column states as a percentage how much the district rainfall of the month varied from the normal:—

Percentage Table for August 1893.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for August.	Actual district rainfall for August 1893.	Percentage of actual to normal rainfall.	Percentage excess (+), defect (—).
Orissa ...	Puri	11·46	13·39	117	+ 17
	Cuttack	12·20	6·85	56	— 44
	Balasore	11·77	10·08	86	— 14
South-West Bengal	Midnapore	13·25	8·55	65	— 35
	24-Parganas	13·72	8·13	59	— 41
	Howrah	14·28	6·01	42	— 58
	Hooghly	14·21	7·68	54	— 46
	Burdwan	12·36	5·40	44	— 56
	Bankura	13·78	9·61	70	— 30
	Birbhum	13·67	6·47	47	— 53
	Nadia	12·19	7·33	60	— 40
	Khulna	12·48	12·67	102	+ 2
	Jessore	11·54	8·15	71	— 29
	Murshidabad	11·79	9·33	79	— 21
East Bengal ...	Chittagong	23·48	23·04	98	— 2
	Backergunge	16·14	11·85	73	— 27
	Noakhali	23·49	25·11	107	+ 7
	Faridpur	12·08	10·62	88	— 12
	Dacca	12·38	12·18	98	— 2
	Tippera	16·37	16·33	100	0
	Mymensingh	14·07	18·68	133	+ 33
North Bengal ...	Pabna	11·95	11·60	97	— 3
	Bogra	11·81	12·61	107	+ 7
	Rajshahi	11·48	10·23	89	— 11
	Malda	12·03	7·87	65	— 35
	Dinajpur	11·87	9·80	83	— 17
	Rangpur	12·35	11·79	95	— 5
	Kuch Bihar	20·04	18·14	150	+ 50
	Jalpaiguri	24·94	26·77	107	+ 7
	Darjeeling	25·45	26·98	106	+ 6
North Bihar ...	Purnea	14·63	13·16	90	— 10
	Bhagalpur	11·55	7·40	64	— 36
	Darbhanga	10·71	10·54	98	— 2
	Muzaffarpur	10·11	8·92	88	— 12
	Champaran	12·18	10·17	83	— 17
	Saran	10·21	8·79	86	— 14
South Bihar ...	Shahabad	11·40	8·31	73	— 27
	Gaya	11·71	6·93	59	— 41
	Patna	10·58	7·86	74	— 26
	Monghyr	11·21	10·10	90	— 10
	Sonthal Parganas	12·79	10·06	79	— 21
Chota Nagpur ...	Hazaribagh	13·07	9·36	72	— 28
	Lohardaga	14·76	10·42	71	— 29
	Palamau	11·56	8·41	73	— 27
	Singhbhum	13·83	10·66	77	— 23
	Manbhum	12·87	10·33	80	— 20

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the month of August 1893 :—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.							
	Highest observed during month.	Lowest observed during month.	Averages for month.			Average mean of month above or below normal mean of month.	Of month.			Rainy days.			Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in month.	Normal average number in month.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	4·7	71·1	88·3	78·5	83·4	+0·2	9·58	11·41	−1·83	14·40	15·43	−1·03	45·93	34·88
South-West Bengal	95·7	73·9	88·9	78·9	83·9	+0·7	8·11	12·71	−4·60	13·93	16·30	−2·37	46·35	37·49
North Bengal	94·3	72·6	88·0	78·2	83·1	+0·1	12·53	13·87	−0·94	13·60	15·59	−1·99	59·66	50·79
East Bengal	92·7	74·1	86·7	78·1	82·4	+0·5	15·96	15·96	0	16·48	18·56	−2·08	69·32	54·95
North Bihar	94·3	74·9	89·1	79·1	84·1	+0·4	9·83	11·50	−1·67	11·44	13·65	−2·21	37·86	34·05
South Bihar	98·4	73·2	89·8	78·8	84·3	+0·8	8·50	11·45	−2·95	10·91	13·90	−2·99	35·35	31·76
Chota Nagpur	93·4*	69·4*	85·4*	73·7*	79·6*	+0·3*	9·80	13·56	−3·76	14·36	17·53	−3·17	44·29	36·32
Assam	98·6	73·5	86·8	77·5	82·2	+0·9								

* Daltonganj not included.

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 12th September 1893.

C. Little,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A. M. reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	29·606	29·561	—	N	206	91·2	6th Sept.	76·6	3rd Sept.	89·1	79·7	84·4
		Gopalpore	29·616	29·577	—·085	NNW	192	90·7	7th "	76·8	3rd "	88·6	78·2	83·2
		False Point	29·613	29·576	—·097	Variable	202	89·5	6th "	76·1	3rd "	87·5	78·1	82·8
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·539	29·561	—·101	Variable		91·7	7th "	75·8	3rd "	89·1	79·2	84·1
	Balasore	Balasore	29·554	29·556	—·113	Variable	99	90·4	8th "	77·7	3, 4 & 9 "	87·8	78·8	83·3
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·489	29·583	—·085	NE	84	92·3	7 & 8 "	77·1	3rd "	89·6	78·5	84·1
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	29·621	29·588	—·083	E	103	89·6	7 & 8 "	78·7	3—6 "	88·0	79·3	[illegible]
		Saugor Island	29·608	29·577	—·092	SSE	257	90·2	6 & 7 "	79·0	8 & 9 "	88·9	80·4	84·6
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar	29·606	29·601	—·062	E	119	92·3	7th "	78·7	3 & 5 "	89·0	79·3	84·2
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore	29·633	29·612	—·071	ESE	123	93·0	7th "	78·9	4 & 5 "	89·1	79·6	84·4
	Burdwan	Burdwan	29·552	29·597	—·077	Variable	89	92·1	7th "	78·2	5th "	89·1	79·8	84·5
		Raniganj	29·315	29·596	—·064	Variable	91	93·7	7th "	73·9	3rd "	90·1	77·5	83·9
	Bankura	Bankura	29·322	29·570	—·082	E	82	92·1	7th "	76·6	5th "	87·8	78·1	83·0
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	29·593	29·608	—·070	E	99	90·6	7th "	76·3	3rd "	88·0	79·7	83·9
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	29·633	29·629	—·057	Calm	119	88·6	7 & 8 "	77·8	5th "	87·1	79·6	83·4
	Bogra	Bogra	29·606	29·619	—·035	S	84	90·2	6 & 8 "	77·2	9th "	87·9	78·6	83·2
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·592	29·611	—·056	Variable	121	89·1	6 & 7 "	74·6	3rd "	87·6	78·0	82·8
	Malda	Malda	29·582	29·614	—	SE	88	93·6	7th "	76·0	8th "	88·9	79·4	84·1
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·570	29·645	—·033	Variable	70	91·6	7th "	76·2	7 & 8 "	88·5	78·4	83·5
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·577	29·633	—·027	SE	54	92·8	3rd "	74·2	7th "	89·0	77·5	83·3
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·437	29·674	+·002	Ely	67	92·9	3rd "	74·6	7th "	88·1	76·3	82·2
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	22·947	—	—·025	Variable	136	69·1	6th "	55·6	8th "	64·2	57·3	60·8
	Sikkim	Gnatong	19·053	—	—	SEly		56·4	6th "	34·1	9th "	53·0	37·0	45·0
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·624	29·658	—·073	SEly	99*	89·7	7th "	75·6	7 & 9 "	87·7	77·6	82·5
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal	29·654	29·612	—·080	Calm	83	91·8	7th Sept.	?	?	88·3	?	?
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29·628	29·618	—·087	SEly	167	89·5	7th "	76·8	8th Sept.	86·8	78·1	82·5
	Faridpur	Faridpur	29·646	29·640	—·054	SEly	93	89·6	7th "	78·4	4, 5 & 9 "	86·2	79·4	82·8
	Dacca	Dacca	29·653	29·623	—·071	E	154	90·6	9th "	77·7	4th "	88·6	79·7	84·2
	Tippera	Comilla	29·657	29·641	—·064	Variable	121	91·3	7th "	76·3	8th "	89·2	78·0	83·6
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·647	29·647	—·058	ENE	100	90·7	4th "	78·0	8 & 9 "	88·5	78·8	83·6
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·555	29·633	—·043	NEly	51	92·2	3 & 7 "	76·2	9th "	88·6	79·1	83·8
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·491	29·633	—·057	E & S	82	92·7	3 & 7 "	75·5	8th "	88·1	78·0	83·1
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·498	29·616	—·054	SEly	139	94·0	7th "	73·4	8th "	88·6	79·7	84·2
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·486	29·616	—	ESE	155	92·7	3rd "	75·2	8th "	88·8	79·2	84·0
	Champaran	Motihari	29·430	29·610	—·046	ENE	144	95·2	3rd "	75·9	9th "	90·6	77·6	84·1
	Saran	Chapra	29·475	29·607	—·034	ESE	145	94·3	3rd "	76·1	8th "	89·1	78·5	83·8
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·292	29·594	—·078	E	228	90·8	8th "	75·0	9th "	87·2	77·8	82·5
		Buxar	29·400	29·592	—·069	E	170	92·5	3rd "	73·8	8th "	89·2	77·7	83·4
		Arrah	29·447	29·587	—·057	Variable	63	92·9	3 & 6 "	75·0	8th "	89·3	78·6	84·0
	Gaya	Gaya	29·265	29·592	—·065	E	150	94·5	3rd "	75·3	3 & 9 "	90·0	77·9	84·0
	Patna	Bankipore	29·467	29·601	—·068	E	178	93·5	3rd "	75·7	8th "	88·4	79·4	83·9
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·158	29·601	—·057	SEly	111	90·6	7th "	75·3	8 & 9 "	87·1	77·4	82·3
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·655	29·594	—·063	Southerly	215	87·2	3 & 6 "	70·3	9th "	84·7	72·5	78·6
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·528	29·582	—·067	Calm	172	87·0	7th "	71·4	9th "	83·3	72·4	77·9
	Palamau	Daltonganj												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	28·869	29·563	—·075	Calm	15	92·4	7th "	75·7	3rd "	90·2	77·2	83·7
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·431	29·720	—·021	Variable		92·6	6th "	72·5	8th "	86·7	76·0	81·4
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29·587	29·656	—·040	NEly	152	89·2	6th "	74·8	7th "	84·6	77·3	81·0
	Cachar	Silchar	29·607	29·662	—·068	Calm		96·1	4th "	74·8	8th "	91·2	77·5	84·4

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same peri

The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional stati district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one

for the week ending Saturday, the 9th of September 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										DISTRICT.
					OF WEEK.				RAINFALL.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th May 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M., temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	
—	82·9	85	5·7	2·65		2·51		3·14		3·31			36·37		Puri.
−0·2	82·0	86	3·0	1·01											
−0·1	82·5	87	8·1	4·99											
+0·3	83·0	80	5·3	4·63		2·45		2·85		2·99			37·74		Cuttack.
+1·3	83·5	92	4·4	6·17		2·52		3·09		3·11			38·28		Balasore.
+1·3	82·5	88	4·4	2·92	1·36	2·64	2·25	3·35	1·81	3·17	−1·36	52·22	41·65	+10·57	Midnapore.
+1·3	82·9	87	7·3	0·63	1·15	3·30	2·14	3·55	1·51	3·85	−2·34	50·87	42·85	+8·02	24-Parganas.
+1·3	83·7	87	8·9	1·75											
					1·18	2·93	3·00	3·46	1·18	3·44	−2·26	48·78	41·15	+7·63	Howrah.
						2·48		3·58		2·94			40·59		Hooghly
+1·4	83·0	86	8·1	0·85	0·72	2·43	2·80	3·02	0·85	3·00	−2·15	46·43	38·20	+8·23	Nadia.
					1·68	2·86	3·00	3·45	1·78	3·42	−1·64	58·14	44·49	+13·65	Khulna.
+1·1	82·7	91	7·4	0·68		2·54		3·29		3·09			39·78		Jessore.
+0·7	82·2	87	8·0	0·83	0·99	2·22	2·00	3·14	1·14	2·82	−1·68	43·32	37·52	+5·80	Burdwan.
+1·1	81·4	91	4·0	1·36	1·38	2·51	2·25	3·32	1·84	3·34	−1·50	49·78	42·51	+7·27	
−0·1	81·3	90	7·9	1·46	1·73	3·23	3·67	3·77	2·40	4·06	−1·66	41·94	41·93	+0·01	Bankura.
+0·5	81·5	94	8·1	2·30		3·65		3·62		3·77			38·48		Birbhum. Murshidabad.
+0·7	82·0	91	9·9	1·22	1·54	3·11	3·00	3·43	1·89	3·85	−1·96	60·66	40·88	+19·78	Pabna.
+1·3	82·5	88	5·1	0·68	1·25	2·85	2·25	3·25	1·37	3·66	−2·29	50·27	44·84	+5·43	Bogra.
+0·9	83·1	88	7·0	0·41	1·55	3·48	2·33	3·29	2·23	4·35	−2·12	53·69	41·32	+12·37	Rajshahi.
—	82·9	89	6·6	1·15	3·08	3·88	2·50	3·34	3·60	4·23	−0·63	43·37	42·16	+1·21	Malda.
+0·9	80·6	90	7·9	2·10	2·75	3·47	3·20	3·48	2·97	4·20	−1·23	53·58	45·41	+8·17	Dinajpur.
+0·9	81·4	89	5·6	3·33	2·60	3·93	3·00	3·47	3·05	4·70	−1·65	66·33	59·12	+7·21	Rangpur.
+0·9	80·1	87	7·7	8·34	7·75	6·05	3·00	4·15	7·75	8·02	−0·27	99·16	94·59	+4·66	Jalpaiguri.
					2·93	6·09	4·00	3·87	2·96	8·24	−5·28	90·89	89·52	+1·37	Kuch Bihar.
+0·1	59·9	97	9·1	6·58	6·89	5·74	4·25	4·72	7·10	6·82	+0·28	110·86	103·82	+7·04	Darjeeling.
—	40·0	86	8·6	6·96											Sikkim.
+1·5	82·3	87	7·6	2·95	2·20	5·48	3·50	4·20	3·16	6·41	−3·25	121·45	94·48	+26·97	Chittagong.
					3·18	3·40	3·00	4·45	3·77	4·09	−0·32	91·05	64·65	+26·40	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
[illegible]	82·0	90	9·7	3·70	3·34	3·50	3·00	4·11	3·71	4·21	−0·50	70·94	60·46	+10·48	Backergunge.
+1·0	81·2	93	4·7	0·56	0·55	5·30	2·00	4·28	1·54	6·77	−5·23	99·60	86·06	+13·54	Noakhali.
+0·7	82·0	90	6·9	2·56	1·66	3·02	3·67	3·19	1·88	3·67	−1·79	54·60	44·13	+10·47	Faridpur.
+1·0	82·3	89	8·4	1·47	2·32	3·84	3·50	3·53	2·69	4·66	−1·97	56·13	48·66	+7·47	Dacca.
+2·0	81·4	91	6·6	0·22	1·40	3·78	2·75	4·09	2·05	4·76	−2·71	61·86	55·42	+6·44	Tippera.
+1·6	82·3	89	7·4	2·50	1·43	3·57	3·00	3·76	1·86	4·47	−2·61	75·66	53·92	+21·74	Mymensingh.
+1·0	81·5	91	6·1	2·72	4·64	3·82	4·33	3·41	4·71	4·92	−0·21	60·65	50·87	+9·78	Purnea.
+0·3	82·2	90	8·9	4·83	5·60	2·58	4·50	3·11	5·60	3·22	+2·38	40·58	35·35	+5·23	Bhagalpur.
+0·9	82·0	88	6·9	1·63	2·73	2·96	4·00	2·83	2·75	3·82	−1·07		35·04		Darbhanga.
—	81·8	91	6·7	3·11	1·95	2·34	2·67	2·69	2·48	3·35	−0·87	35·43	33·27	+2·16	Muzaffarpur.
+1·1	82·6	58	6·6	2·15		2·17		2·41		3·18			35·94		Champaran.
+0·3	83·2	88	9·9	2·72	2·29	1·72	3·00	2·27	2·54	2·49	+0·05	31·06	32·02	−0·96	Saran.
+0·1	82·4	88	4·9	1·83											
+0·6	81·9	88	7·6	1·84	2·76	2·05	4·20	2·79	3·58	2·59	+0·99		31·23		Shahabad.
+0·4	82·1	90	4·3	4·70											
0	80·4	91	6·6	3·33	4·10	1·90	4·75	2·60	4·15	2·43	+1·72		33·06		Gaya.
−0·3	82·5	88	9·7	3·03	3·32	1·90	3·75	2·78		2·64			32·42		Patna.
					2·98	2·41	3·67	3·07	2·98	3·06	−0·08	38·69	34·14	+4·55	Monghyr.
+0·6	81·4	85	5·0	1·55	2·35	2·92	4·00	3·53	2·44	3·71	−1·27	47·23	39·53	+7·70	Southal Parganas.
+0·7	76·6	89	10·0	6·39		2·64		3·43		3·16			40·40		Hazaribagh.
+0·9	75·9	93	6·0	4·51		2·80		3·96		3·71			41·59		Lohardaga.
						2·37		3·60		3·04			33·93		Palamau.
+1·5	80·1	90	8·7	1·97	1·97	2·36	4·00	3·45	2·37	3·17	−0·80	45·99	41·78	+4·21	Singhbhum.
					3·63	1·89	4·00	3·33	4·09	2·47	+1·62	55·96	37·16	+18·80	Manbhum.
−1·8	78·6	93	6·9	2·79											Assam.
−0·6	79·4	91	7·7	2·00											
+1·5	81·6	86	8·1	4·55											

for the last ten ears. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater.
The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of he sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of
for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the
which at least a tenth of an inch fell

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 9th of September 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 3rd.	Monday, 4th.	Tuesday, 5th.	Wednesday, 6th.	Thursday, 7th.	Friday, 8th.	Saturday, 9th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
ORISSA	Puri	Puri	2·16	...	...	0·14	0·12	0·21	0·02	4	2·65	2·66	4·77	3·40	41·59	32·12
		Khurda	2·89	0·11	0·58							2·46		3·19		30·66
		Banpur	4·15	...	...	0·95						2·10		3·08		33·24
		False Point	3·42	0·41	...	...	...	0·92	0·24	4	4·99	2·81	8·58	3·54	66·78	42·44
		Gop										?		?		?
		Satpara	4·50	...	0·48							?		?		?
		Pipli	2·35	0·10	0·50							?		?		?
		Raspur	3·65									?		?		?
		Kurmala	...	0·18	0·80							?		?		?
	Cuttack	Jagatsingpore										1·89		2·27		31·92
		Banki	2·38	0·32	0·13							3·10		3·59		37·64
		Cuttack	3·16	0·45	1·30							2·91		3·53		41·99
		Kendrapara	1·29	0·21	...	...	...	0·02	1·58	3	3·10	1·95	6·50	2·58	60·23	37·93
		Jajpur	2·76	0·50								2·41		2·99		39·29
		Dharmsala		0·85								?		?		?
		Salipore	0·44	0·20								?		?		?
		Pal Lahara										?		?		?
		Nayagarh	3·65									?		?		?
	Balasore	*Akhyapada*	2·08	0·10								?		?		?
		Chandbali	1·05	0·05	...	...	...	2·05				1·99		2·60		35·98
		Bhadrak	1·28	0·40								2·30		3·01		37·26
		Soro		0·50								2·76		3·42		36·27
		Balasore	4·74	0·19								2·52		3·43		41·14
		Jellasore										3·03		3·39		39·05
	Midnapore	Baripadah										2·53		2·81		40·14
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.		Contai	0·81	0·09	0·02	...	...	...	0·20	2	1·13	3·63	2·28	4·27	52·04	44·32
		Tamluk	0·26	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·03	1	0·33	2·66	0·64	2·90	42·07	40·14
		Midnapore	1·78	0·17	...	0·10	...	...	0·70	4	2·75	1·90	2·85	2·54	48·31	37·29
		Ghatal	0·88	0·21	0·05	...	...	0·08	...	2	1·22	2·38	1·44	2·96	46·39	44·08
		Kukrahaty	0·86	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·77	3	1·75	?	2·24	?		?
		Garhbeta	0·61	0·07	0·10	0·01	...	...	0·01	2	0·80	?	2·25	?	50·63	?
		Panskura	1·35	0·15	0·08	...	...	0·32	0·02	3	1·92	?	1·92	?	38·83	?
	24-Parganas	Dantoon	0·35	0·22	...	...	0·27					?		?		?
		Saugor Island	0·85	0·20	0·04	...	...	...	0·66	3	1·75	2·77	2·43	3·71	58·88	47·31
		Diamond Harbour	0·35	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·22	3	0·73	4·29	1·40	4·97	44·06	45·25
		Canning Town	1·08	...	...	0·18	...	0·20	...	3	1·46	?	1·46	?	60·29	?
		Alipore (Observatory)	0·42	0·18	0·02	...	...	...	0·01	2	0·63	3·73	0·65	4·23	57·60	45·94
		Barrackpore	0·25	0·12	0·13	...	...	...	...	3	1·20	2·48	1·24	2·79	46·96	39·69
		Dum-Dum	...	1·52	0·08	...	...	...	0·05	1	1·65	3·36	1·65	3·99	49·66	41·24
		Barasat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	3·12	0·74	3·49	43·29	38·53
	Howrah	Basirhat	...	...	1·23	...	...	0·56	0·29	3	2·08	3·33	2·44	3·72	57·22	43·79
		Howrah	0·50	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·80	3·40	0·80	3·99	54·91	40·79
		Mohesreka	1·02	0·08	0·10	...	...	0·10	0·25	4	1·55	2·45	1·55	2·88	42·62	41·44
		Uluberia	0·05	0·60	0·15	...	...	...	0·02	3	1·42	?	1·42	?	44·54	?
	Hooghly	Serampore	0·74	0·34	0·09	...	...	0·03	...	3	1·20	2·81	1·43	3·08	51·60	46·00
		Hooghly	0·18	0·23	0·36	0·04	...	...	...	3	0·81	2·36	0·88	2·85	41·94	38·57
		Jahanabad	0·37	...	0·04	...	...	...	...			2·26		2·87		43·29
	Nadia	Ranaghat	0·36	0·22	...	...	...	2·85	...	3	3·43	2·22	3·43	2·51	49·49	37·02
		Krishnagar	0·56	0·14	...	...	...	0·15	...	3	0·85	2·31	1·21	2·88	41·34	35·37
		Chuadanga	0·25	0·21	0·07	...	...	...	0·10	3	0·63	2·62	0·74	3·25	45·95	38·00
		Meherpore	0·47	0·55	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·02	2·16	1·22	2·84	44·07	37·46
		Kushtia	0·20	0·15	0·04	...	0·20	...	0·09	3	0·68	2·84	0·68	3·52	60·82	41·33
	Khulna	Satkhira	...	0·80	...	0·10	...	...	...	2	0·90	2·40	0·90	2·87	54·00	42·92
		Bagerhat	0·87	1·78	...	...	...	0·12	...	3	2·77	3·23	2·77	3·66	67·95	46·22
		Khulna	0·28	0·63	0·13	...	...	0·34	...	4	1·30	2·96	1·65	3·75	51·86	42·65
		Nakipur	0·44	...	0·12							?		?		?
		Rampal	0·10	...	0·20	...	1·10	0·50	...	4	1·90	?	2·40	?		?
	Jessore	Narail	0·31	3·30	0·30	...	...	...	0·54	4	4·45	2·40	4·90	2·99	42·50	36·74
		Jessore	0·50	0·06	0·06	0·06	...	...	...	1	0·68	2·73	0·78	3·32	48·47	42·97
		Jhenidah	0·65	0·45	...	...	...	...	0·36	3	1·46	2·44	1·49	3·28	42·56	41·51
		Magura	0·06	0·60	0·03	...	...	0·12	0·45	3	1·26	2·94	1·47	3·57	47·46	30·21
		Bangaon		0·54								2·12		2·31		37·64
	Burdwan	Kalna	0·30	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·50	1·69	0·57	2·21	48·37	34·64
		Burdwan	0·33	0·37	0·13	...	...	...	...	3	0·83	2·17	0·83	3·01	46·13	37·56
		Katwa	0·04	0·01	0·03	...	...	...	1·19	1	1·27	2·41	1·64	2·83	37·30	37·17
		Raniganj	0·50	0·84	0·02	...	...	...	...	2	1·36	2·59	1·50	3·21	36·73	40·51
		Mankur	...	1·28	...	...	...	0·32	0·47	3	2·07	?	2·07	?	45·52	?
	Bankura	Bankura	0·06	0·15	0·42	...	...	...	0·83	3	1·46	2·10	2·07	2·93	49·82	40·79
		Vishnupur	0·19	0·92	...	...	...	...	...	3	1·11	2·67	1·19	3·63	49·14	42·30
		Maliara	0·19	1·34	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·53	1·94	2·14	2·06	37·44	42·63
		Khatra	0·44	0·99	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·43	3·34	1·95	4·15	62·06	44·81
		Indas	0·91	0·36	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·27	?	1·27	?	41·05	?
		Kotalpur	1·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·30	?	1·85	?	46·36	?
		Onda	...	...	...	...	...	0·72	...	1	0·72	?	1·25	?	48·50	?
		Gangajalghati	0·25	0·72	0·12	...	...	...	...	3	1·09	?	1·33	?	45·72	?
		Raipur	...	1·25	...	...	...	...	0·52	2	1·77	?	2·75	?	58·26	?
		Sonamukhi	0·10	0·46	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·56	?	0·67	?	37·88	?
	Birbhum	Suri	0·34	0·11	...	...	...	1·57	...	3	2·02	3·34	3·09	4·04	51·12	42·85
		Hetampore	0·25	0·11	0·40	...	...	...	...	3	0·76	2·94	0·78	3·81	31·93	43·49
		Rampur Hat	0·36	0·73	0·25	...	...	0·96	0·12	5	2·42	3·42	3·34	4·33	43·22	39·65
		Bolpur	2·04	...	...	...	...	...	0·80	2	2·84	?	5·44	?	38·37	?
		Murari	0·40	...	0·05	...	...	...	1·95	2	2·40	?	2·40	?	53·15	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi	0·50	0·50	...	...	...	0·05	...	2	1·05	2·42	1·42	2·95	34·05	38·36
		Berhampore	0·69	0·54	...	...	...	...	1·07	3	2·30	3·07	2·30	3·60	55·08	38·32
		Lalbagh	0·60	0·34	...	...	...	...	0·15	3	1·09	2·93	1·41	3·68	54·64	37·24
		Azimganj		0·54	0·12							2·93		3·93		39·31
		Jangipur	1·12	0·55	0·13	...	...	1·33	0·10	5	3·23	3·50	3·35	4·20	60·25	38·28
		Lalgola	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·30	0·10	3	0·50	3·47	0·60	4·27		39·33
		Akhriganj	0·85									?		?		?
		Patkabari										?		?		?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna	Pabna	0·70	0·39	0·21	...	...	0·55	...	4	1·85	3·41	1·85	4·28	58·40	41·06
		Sirajganj	...	...	1·12	...	...	0·10	...	2	1·22	2·80	2·80	3·41	62·82	40·61
	Bogra	Sherepore	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·22	...	2	0·32	3·03	0·56	3·75	46·76	40·07
		Nowkhilla	0·27	...	0·17	...	...	1·14	...	3	1·58	1·79	1·66	3·08	50·32	41·12
		Bogra	0·50	0·08	...	...	...	...	0·10	2	0·68	3·16	0·83	3·70	57·82	48·34
		Panchbibi	1·90	0·52	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·42	3·43	2·42	4·12	43·17	43·83
	Rajshahi	Boalia	0·10	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	1	0·15	3·00	1·02	3·94	48·61	40·09
		Nator	0·59	0·70	0·03	0·48	...	1·50	...	4	3·30	4·01	4·42	5·10	51·87	45·33
		Naugaon	...	...	0·48	...	...	...	0·71	2	1·19	3·42	1·23	3·99	60·73	41·63
		Lalpore	0·10	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	2	0·30	?	0·72	?		?
		Manda										?		?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 9th of September 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 3rd.	Monday, 4th.	Tuesday, 5th.	Wednesday 6th.	Thursday, 7th.	Friday, 8th.	Saturday, 9th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	0·06	0·07	0·05	...	...	0·94	0·03	1	1·15	3·85	2·18	4·48	47·71	39·19
		Chanchal ...	0·83	0·62	0·07	...	...	3·11	0·37	4	5·00	2·90	5·00	3·97	39·38	45·18
		Gajol ...	0·30	...	...	0·17	...	0·78	...	3	1·25	?	1·34	?		?
		Sibganj ...	1·10	0·18	...	...	...	4·40	...	3	5·68	?	5·68	?		?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	...	0·07	0·31	...	...	1·10	0·08	2	1·56	3·43	1·76	4·10	45·46	45·21
		Churaman ...	0·51	0·90	...	...	...	4·13	0·62	4	6·16	3·50	6·19	4·96	52·43	41·54
		Raiganj ...	...	...	0·50	0·49	0·60	0·82	...	4	2·41	3·76	3·26	4·46	61·12	47·00
		Dinajpur ...	0·25	0·59	...	...	0·07	1·12	...	3	2·03	3·40	2·03	4·02	49·35	50·78
		Balurghat ...	0·78	0·62	0·14	0·06	...	...	...	3	1·60	3·25	1·60	3·44	53·62	42·52
		Thakurgaon ...	0·31	0·24	...	...	1·92	0·16	...	4	2·63	?	2·98	?	75·87	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	0·02	0·19	0·17	...	...	...	2·99	3	3·37	3·85	3·37	4·30	60·20	47·95
		Rangpur ...	...	0·95	...	...	0·26	2·12	...	3	3·33	4·10	3·59	4·74	60·34	59·55
		Poorganj ...	0·03	0·72	0·20	...	...	...	0·24	3	1·89	?	1·39	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	0·05	0·03	0·80	...	0·27	0·55	...	3	1·70	3·56	1·70	4·42	78·88	60·02
		Gobindgunge	0·59	0·83	0·05	...	...	...	...	2	1·47	?	1·47	?	?	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	0·18	...	...	1·51	0·29	...	3	1·98	4·19	3·51	5·30	64·83	59·08
		Ulipore ...	...	1·24	...	...	1·16	1·41	...	3	3·81	?	3·81	?	53·72	?
		Sundergunge...	...	...	0·10	...	0·10	1·04	...	3	1·24	?	1·84	?	?	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·66	0·08	...	0·05	6·76	0·20	...	3	7·75	6·05	7·75	8·02	92·49	93·37
		Alipore Dooar	...	0·31	...	0·57	6·00					?		?		?
		Fallacotta ...	...	0·55	...	0·75	6·78	...	...	3	8·08	?	8·90	?	93·40	?
		Debiganj ...	0·25	0·30	0·04	0·34	2·38	...	...	4	3·31	?	3·31	?	78·57	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	0·72		0·12	4·70	2·54	0·72				?		?		?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	0·17	0·17	...	...	1·02	0·71	...	4	2·07	5·60	2·07	7·56	88·64	77·44
		Kuch Bihar ...	0·82	0·12	...	0·04	1·17	0·16	...	4	2·31	6·26	2·31	8·28	87·24	97·9[illegible]
		Mickliganj ...	0·40	0·11	0·08	...	2·46	0·25	...	4	3·30	6·27	3·41	9·48	80·85	83·73
		Mathabhanga	1·53	0·10	...	0·03	1·98	0·40	...	4	4·04	6·22	4·04	7·02	105·61	93·77
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	0·16	0·06	...	3·17	5·81	0·41	...	4	9·61	8·85	9·61	10·6[illegible]	180·31	158·74
		Siliguri ...	0·13	0·55	0·04	0·02	2·35	2·85	...	4	5·94	4·90	5·94	5·57	96·86	94·24
		Darjeeling ...	2·32	2·08	0·03	0·03	0·76	1·32	0·04	4	6·58	5·90	7·36	7·02	88·21	89·63
		Kalimpong ...	1·51	1·35	0·04	0·59	1·25	0·67	...	5	5·41	3·30	5·45	4·06	77·95	72·64
		Kurseong ...	1·47	1·08	0·05	0·05	0·63	1·65	0·10	5	5·03	?	5·96	?	122·07	?
		Pedong ...		0·87	0·24	0·41	0·67	0·59				?		?		
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	0·93	0·23	...	0·24	0·20	...	0·03	4	1·63	6·17	2·44	7·29	135·19	111·92
		Chittagong ...			0·04	...	1·25	0·03	1·35	3	2·77	4·79	3·88	5·52	106·38	7·91
		Kutubdia ...	0·09	0·13								?				
		Satkania ...	...	0·14	0·09	...	0·34	0·30				?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...										?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	0·03	0·02	0·01	0·02	1·18	0·89	0·13	3	2·28	?	3·20	?		?
		Chandpur ...	0·02	0·10	...	0·61	...	0·18	0·58			?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	...	0·05	...	0·22	1·38	1·53	3	3·18	3·40	3·77	4·09	91·05	64·65
		Bundarban ...	...	...	...	...	1·86	1·03	1·31	3	4·20	?	5·21	?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	1·36	1·10	0·22	0·03	...	...	...	3	2·71	4·13	2·79	4·79	126·74	69·76
		Pirojpur ...	0·57	1·43	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·00	3·63	2·22	4·42	67·63	54·34
		Barisal ...	0·54	2·80	0·45	0·07	0·06	...	...	3	3·92	3·01	4·04	3·58	68·84	53·14
		Gournaddi ...	0·54	2·28	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·82	?	3·02	?	63·50	?
		Bhola ...	0·98	2·35	1·29	...	...	0·12	...	4	4·74	3·24	5·79	4·05	70·07	65·52
		Daulatkhan ...	0·45	1·28	0·04	...	0·26	...	...	3	2·03	?	2·67	?	76·32	?
		Bauphal ...	0·80	0·90								?		?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·09	0·13	0·04	0·07	0·01	0·22	...	2	0·56	5·23	2·10	6·37	90·48	85·78
		Fenny ...	...	...	...	...	0·42	...	0·12	2	0·54	5·54	0·99	7·15	108·57	86·35
		Harishpore ...	0·05	..	0·10							?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	0·17	0·09	...	...	...	0·35				?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	0·20	0·32	...	...	...	...	0·36	3	1·08	2·55	1·08	2·99	50·40	44·52
		Faridpur ...	0·35	0·78	0·17	...	...	0·23	1·03	5	2·56	3·63	2·71	4·38	59·73	46·00
		Goalundo ...	0·43	0·56	0·34	...	...	...	...	3	1·33	2·90	1·84	3·65	56·04	41·88
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	1·21	0·05	0·09	...	...	1·82	2	3·17	4·11	4·17	5·25	47·15	55·35
		Dacca ...	0·05	0·96	0·12	0·27	...	...	0·11	5	1·51	3·74	1·75	4·42	52·56	47·49
		Narayanganj...	0·08	1·18	0·37	0·06	0·09	...	0·89	4	2·67	4·31	2·90	4·92	47·04	51·33
		Manikganj ...	0·12	1·55	0·23	...	...	0·03	...	3	1·93	3·18	1·93	4·01	45·71	40·43
		Joydebpore ...	0·18	0·50	...	1·10	...	...	...	3	1·78	?	2·43	?	55·19	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	...	0·13	...	...	0·28	...	...	2	0·41	3·26	0·84	4·37	57·97	47·73
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	0·11	...	...	0·31	...	0·02	2	0·44	3·82	2·14	4·71	70·69	62·45
		Chandpore ...	0·36	2·48	...	0·30	0·12	...	0·15	5	3·41	4·20	3·41	5·08	56·43	60·59
		Brahmanbaria	...	0·75	...	...	0·95	...	...	2	1·70	3·83	1·80	4·86	61·02	47·93
		Ramchandrapore ...										?		?		?
		Nasirnagar ...	0·25	...	0·25		1·95					?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...										?		?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·05	1	1·05	?		?		
	Mymensingh...	Kishorganj ...	...	0·26	...	...	0·41	0·22	...	3	0·89	4·04	1·33	5·06	81·49	54·87
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	0·29	...	...	...	...	1	0·29	2·82	1·57	3·55	60·59	42·91
		Mymensingh...	...	0·54	0·03	0·14	...	1·85	0·03	3	2·50	3·34	2·69	4·43	75·49	56·33
		Jamalpur ...	0·29	0·42	...	...	0·12	0·65	...	4	1·48	4·19	1·80	5·09	65·69	49·68
		Netrakona ...	0·55	0·41	...	...	...	0·71	0·21	4	1·88	3·44	1·88	4·21	93·52	65·22
		Subornakhally	...	0·34	0·32	...	...	...	...	2	0·66	?	1·58	?	63·34	?
		Durgapore ...										?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	0·08	0·64	...	...	0·15	0·45	...	3	1·32	?	1·32	?	45·10	?
		Dewanganj ...										?		?		?
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	0·15	...	5·42	0·24	...	3	5·81	4·02	5·90	5·31	76·93	56·63
		Araria ...	0·40	0·20	...	...	2·40	2·15	0·25	5	5·40	3·69	5·40	4·86	69·46	49·91
		Purnea ...	0·55	0·45	0·01	...	0·26	1·30	0·15	5	2·72	3·75	2·74	4·52	45·56	46·79
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	0·80	...	...	...	2·62	1·00	...	3	4·42	?	4·42	?	50·61	?
		Barsoe ...	0·60	0·10	...	4·40	2·10	...	...	4	7·20	?	7·40	?		?
		Forbesganj ...	0·09	...	...	...	1·41	0·53	...	2	2·03	?	2·09	?	51·83	?
		Kaliaganj ...	1·21	0·15	...	...	4·15	0·60	...	4	6·11	?	6·11	?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	0·49	0·35	...	...	6·50	0·35	...	4	7·69	2·98	7·39	3·59	43·42	37·63
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	1·31	0·08	...	...	2·10	1·41	...	3	4·90	?	4·90	?		?
		Supaul ...	...	0·45	0·07	...	3·31	0·75	...	3	4·58	2·67	4·58	3·32	37·39	37·67
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	6·30	...	...	1	6·30	?	6·30	?	47·25	?
		Bhagalpur ...	0·58	0·15	0·67	...	0·08	3·35	...	4	4·83	2·47	4·83	3·02	35·87	33·25
		Banka ...	1·40	0·31	0·20	0·11	0·60	1·98	0·02	7	5·31	2·19	5·31	2·95	39·69	33·74
		Colgong ...	0·22	0·02	0·51	...	0·14	2·40	0·07	4	3·36	?	3·36	?	35·55	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	1·50	0·10	...	...	0·66	1·60	0·70	5	4·56	2·29	4·56	3·20	34·30	33·97
		Darbhanga ...	...	0·27	...	...	0·08	1·01	0·27	3	1·63	3·02	1·63	4·22	38·37	36·09
		Madhubani ...	0·07	0·10	0·22	...	...	1·46	0·14	4	1·99	2·56	1·99	4·02		35·10
		Bahera ...	...	0·58	...	...	1·85	...	0·90	3	3·33	?	7·15	?		?
		Roshera ...	0·65	0·27	...	...	1·12	6·15	2·05	5	10·24	?	10·24	?	42·89	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 9th of September 1893—concld.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 3rd.	Monday, 4th.	Tuesday, 5th.	Wednesday, 6th.	Thursday, 7th.	Friday, 8th.	Saturday, 9th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rain fall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BIHAR—concluded.	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	1	0·25	2·80	0·25	3·62	49·33	39·15
		Muzaffarpur	1·40	0·33	...	...	...	0·17	0·64	4	2·54	2·50	4·14	3·60	33·00	34·39
		Hajipur ...	2·05	0·42	...	...	...	0·03	0·57	3	3·07	1·69	3·07	2·83	30·99	32·25
		Paru ...	0·69	...	...	...	...	...	0·35	2	1·04	?		?		?
		Mahsea (Chitwarra.)	0·72	0·25	...	...	...	...	0·90	3	1·87	?	2·72	?		?
		Sinhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	...			?		?		?
		Papri ...										?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	0·10	...	...	...	1·15	0·69	0·12	4	2·15	2·90	2·25	3·56	57·70	[illegible]
		Bettiah ...	0·54									1·48		2·79		[illegible]
		Bagaha ...	...	...	0·10	...	0·40	1·97	0·67	4	3·14	?	3·14	?		?
		Burhurwa ...	0·24	0·02	...	...	...	1·58	...	2	1·84	?	1·89	?	26·75	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	0·58	0·16	...	...	...	1·32	...	3	2·06	1·46	2·47	2·60	36·19	[illegible]
		Siwan ...	0·09	...	...	1·00	1·01	...	...	2	2·10	1·78	2·43	2·55	29·49	[illegible]
		Ekma ...	...	0·24	...	...	...	0·87	0·88	2	1·19	?	1·19	?	?	?
		Chupra ...	0·50	0·56	...	...	0·21	1·57	0·08	4	2·72	1·93	2·72	2·33	27·60	?
		Sreepore ...	0·50	...	...	...	1·30	0·20	...	3	2·00	?	2·40	?	?	?
		Annuar ...	1·15	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	2	1·40	?	1·40	?	?	?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	1·31	...	0·34	2	1·65	?	1·65	?	?	?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	0·41	0·15	0·16	0·03	0·18	0·81	0·10	6	1·84	1·94	1·84	2·58	26·23	[illegible]
		Dehri ...	0·59	0·35	0·69	...	...	0·06	0·24	4	1·83	3·10	4·40	3·35	30·75	[illegible]
		Bhabhua ...	0·52	0·41	2·57	...	...	0·09	0·29	4	3·88	1·88	4·99	2·39	39·73	[illegible]
		Sasaram ...	1·56	0·39	0·25	...	...	0·20	0·95	5	3·35	1·55	3·79	1·85		[illegible]
		Arrah ...	0·63	...	...	...	2·29	...	...	2	2·92	1·78	3·81	2·76		[illegible]
		Mohanea ...	1·90	...	...	...	0·90					?		?		?
		Khiri ...	0·74	...	0·50	...	1·69	0·15				?		?		?
		Ageaon ...	1·70	0·95	...	...	...	0·55	...	3	3·20	?	3·40	?		?
		Ramagar ...										?		?		?
		Koath ...	...	0·62	0·40	...	...	0·55	...	3	1·57	?	1·57	?	29·26	?
		Sikroul ...	1·00	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	2	1·50	?	1·50	?		?
		Bassowan ...	0·69	2·50	0·65	...	...	1·57	...	4	5·41	?		?		?
		Monaharpur	0·67	0·59	0·30	0·32	...	0·36	0·31	6	2·55	?	2·55	?		?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	0·54	0·31	0·08	...	0·15	0·10	1·82	5	3·00	1·87	3·18	2·44	28·48	[illegible]
		Gaya ...	1·78	0·14	...	...	1·05	0·15	0·21	5	3·33	2·06	3·35	2·65	31·80	[illegible]
		Nawadah ...	1·19	0·08	0·34	...	0·66	0·57	0·70	4	2·94	1·87	2·94	2·26	34·95	[illegible]
		Jahanabad ...	1·67	0·13	0·64	...	0·05	4·28	0·36	5	7·13	1·79	7·13	2·35	51·61	[illegible]
		Arwal ...	1·62	0·75	...	...	...	0·26	...	3	2·63	?		?		?
		Daudnagar ...	0·79	0·02	0·02	...	...	0·45	0·09			?		?		?
		Sherghati ...	0·90	...	...	0·25						?		?		?
		Rajauli ...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	0·70	1	0·77	?	1·09	?		?
		Pakri Barawan	0·96	...	0·50	...	...	...	1·27	3	2·73	?	2·73	?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	1·73	0·67	...	...	...	0·33	0·30	4	3·03	1·90	3·03	2·83	36·68	[illegible]
		Dinapore ...	0·95	0·38	...	...	...	0·64	0·11	4	2·08	1·75	2·08	2·51	33·60	[illegible]
		Bihar ...	0·90	...	...	...	...	1·39	0·48	3	2·77	2·17		2·57		[illegible]
		Barh ...	2·17	0·43	...	...	...	1·00	1·80	4	5·40	2·14	5·40	2·65	33·22	[illegible]
		Bickram ...	0·70	0·23	...	...	1·42	0·60	0·23	5	3·07	?	3·14	?	39·93	?
		Hilsa ...	0·59	...	...	...	...	1·51	0·42	3	2·52	?	2·52	?	*	?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	0·71	0·10	...	...	...	1·39	...	3	2·20	2·16	2·20	2·95	43·92	[illegible]
		Monghyr ...	0·27	0·03	0·62	...	...	1·99	0·06	3	2·97	2·97	2·97	3·85	38·93	[illegible]
		Jamui ...	0.99	0·03	0·26	...	1·12	0·10	1·26	5	3·76	2·11	3·76	2·39	33·18	[illegible]
		Goori ...	0·59	...	0·71	...	...	1·73	...	3	3·03	?	3·03	?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·10	1	2·10	?	2·10	?	30·29	?
		Chahai Bamda	1·28	0·26	0·35	...	2·24	0·45	1·77	6	6·35	?	6·35	?	46·14	?
		Chupreon ...		1·40	...	...	2·80					?		?		?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	0·19	0·11	0·03	...	...	0·28	0·14	4	0·75	3·34	0·75	4·04	37·39	[illegible]
		Godda ...	1·00	0·10	0·65	0·02	0·02	0·35	...	4	2·14	2·48	2·30	3·00		[illegible]
		Pakour ...	0·24	0·57	...	...	...	3·95	0·11	4	4·87	3·88	4·87	5·32	60·31	[illegible]
		Naya Dumka	0·34	0·60	0·04	...	...	0·57	...	3	1·55	3·50	1·78	4·29	52·40	[illegible]
		Deoghur ...	0·96	0·25	...	...	0·14	0·64	1·72	5	3·71	2·14	3·71	2·85	43·64	[illegible]
		Jamtara ...	0·12	0·65	0·11	...	...	0·10	0·08	4	1·06	2·19	1·31	2·58	46·35	[illegible]
		Bellbodda ...	...	...	...	...	1·08	1·83	...	2	2·91	?		?		?
		Nanihat ...										?		?		?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	0·73	0·67	0·19	...	0·14	1·08	0·74	6	3·55	2·37	3·93	2·96	53·54	[illegible]
		Hazaribagh	0·69	0·77	1·26	0·04	0·40	...	0·23	5	6·39	2·58	6·49	3·12	56·94	[illegible]
		Semtagura										2·46		2·97		[illegible]
		Mahudi Hills										2·71		3·24		[illegible]
		Jhumra Hill										3·10		3·53		[illegible]
		Parhi ...	0·52	1·11	...	...	0·07	0·08	0·77	3	2·55	?	2·77	?	48·03	
		Chatra ...	0·50	1·50	...	...	...	...	0·82	3	2·82	?	3·26	?	43·70	
		Karagdeha	0·30	0·63	0·29	...	1·27	2·00	3·93	6	8·42	?	8·42	?	41·02	
		Ramgar ...	0·40	1·60	...	0·20	5·10					?		?		[illegible]
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	0·71	0·95								3·09		3·92		[illegible]
		Ranchi ...	2·15	0·80	0·29	...	...	0·63	0·94	5	4·81	2·68	5·66	3·48	48·66	[illegible]
		Silli ...	1·45									?		?		
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj.)										2·37		3·04		[illegible]
		Balumath ...	2·50	2·25	0·27	0·03						?		?		
		Husainabad	0·11	0·76								?		?		
		Garhwa		2·15	0·24*							?		?		
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	0·71	0·43	0·57	...	...	0·26	...	4	1·97	2·36	2·37	3·17	43·50	[illegible]
		Chakardharpur.	0·74	0·86	0·06	...	0·31	0·02	0·65	4	2·64	?	4·33	?	30·78	
		Ghatsila		2·50								?		?		
		Baharagura		...	...	0·21						?		?		
		Gallkeira ...	1·05	0·35	...	...	0·20	...	0·30	4	1·90	?	2·50	?	39·10	
		Kalikapur ...	0·72	0·64	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·36	?	2·28	?	69·99	
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	0·63	2·04	...	...	...	0·15	0·29	4	3·11	1·94	3·11	2·71	54·56	[illegible]
		Gobindpur ...	0·21	0·83	0·51	...	0·05	...	2·55	4	4·15	1·84	5·07	2·22	58·35	[illegible]
		Raghunathpore	0·57	0·65	0·04	...	...	0·25	...	3	1·51	?	1·76	?	44·89	
		Barahabhum	0·54	0·34	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·88	?	0·92	?	51·30	
		Jhalda ...	2·84	...	...	...	0·12	1·60	...	3	4·56	?	5·14	?	40·08	
		Chas ...	1·03	1·11	0·14	...	...	0·23	0·90	5	3·41	?	4·33	?		
		Pandra ...	0·35	0·95	0·56	...	...	0·58	...	4	2·44	?	2·63	?	46·19	

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns [illegible] wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at l[illegible] 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 12th September* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 9TH SEPTEMBER 1893.

THE weather for the past week has been unusually unsettled, especially over the north of the Bay, as during the first two days a depression of considerable depth passed from the north-west angle of the Bay across the south-western districts, causing heavy rainfall in its passage over that part of the province; and almost immediately after it ceased to affect the weather in the province, a fresh disturbance began in Burma. This second depression moved into the northern part of the Bay, and by the end of the week was advancing into the north-west angle following the track of the previous one and developing in a similar way.

The first depression was partly described in the report of the previous week. Up till Saturday, the 2nd, it was moving in an almost northerly direction towards the Bengal coast, and, but for a rapid rise of pressure, which set in from the north-east, and seemed to be independent of the causes, which led to the formation of the depression, it would probably have passed over the central districts, but when the centre of lowest pressure was near Saugor Island, the direction of motion took a sudden change, and the depression passing near Balasore moved at the rate of about 20 miles an hour in an almost westerly direction. The rise of pressure which thus began from the north-east at first caused very steep gradients over Bengal, and strong squally easterly winds over the whole province, but as the wave advanced very quickly, the distribution of pressure underwent a material change in the course of a few hours, and the disturbed weather as quickly moderated. From being nearly half an inch in defect at Balasore on Sunday morning at 8 A.M., and more than ·2 inch in South-West Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, and the north-west angle of the Bay, readings on Monday at the same hour were less than a tenth below the normal, except at a few of the extreme western stations. Rain was general and heavy in the south-western districts during these two days, but amounts quickly diminished after this very rapid recovery of pressure and during the two following days, but specially on Wednesday, the 6th, very little rain fell anywhere in the province, while the sky had become almost cloudless in places.

As the rise of pressure did not extend far south, the result was that pressure become higher in Bengal than over the Bay and in part of Burma. A second depression therefore appeared and its development was accelerated by a brisk fall of pressure in Burma while there was still a rapid rise in the north-western districts of Bengal. The difference from the normal on the 5th varied from excess of ·05 inch in the West of Bihar to defect of ·08 inch in the south of Burma. During the next two days small unimportant changes followed except in the northern districts, where a brisk fall of pressure caused a slight depression near the foot of the hills. This change was of some importance because it led to heavy rain at first in North Bengal, and afterwards in Bihar, the rainfall being accompanied by a large fall in temperature. On Thursday, the 7th, Jalpaiguri received 7 inches, and on Friday nearly all the northern stations reported more or less heavy rain. Meanwhile the depression was slowly developing over the Bay, and the indraught towards it kept weather fine and almost rainless in Lower Bengal, Chota Nagpur and Orissa. By 8 A.M. on Saturday it lay over the north of the Bay, the area of lowest pressure extending from Arakan to Orissa. Defect within this area was nearly a quarter of an inch, and the depression extended over the whole province, and the north of the Bay. The cyclonic circulation of winds was then very regular, squally weather was beginning in the east of the Bay, and showers were almost general in Lower Bengal, but the rainfall in North Bengal and Bihar had almost entirely stopped.

The commencement of this second depression was probably caused by the large increase of pressure, which forced the first one westward with such unusual rapidity, and the check to the southerly winds which came from the same cause must have led to the heavy rainfall which accompanied the second depression throughout its development and advance.

Pressure—Changes have been very large, and means for the week are considerably below the normal. Defect varies from a little under a twentieth of an inch in the northern districts to more than a tenth in part of Orissa. On Sunday, the 3rd, changes varied from a rise of ·08 inch in Assam to a fall of nearly ·2 inch at Balasore and Chaibassa. On the 4th there was a rise everywhere, varying from ·05 inch in Bihar and Assam to ·323 inch at Balasore. The rise continued with moderate rapidity in Bengal on the 5th, but there was a slow fall on the 6th, the greatest changes being at the northern stations. The fall continued till the end of the week when there was again a considerable defect.

Temperature—Was low in the south-western districts in the beginning of the week, and a rapid fall prevailed in Assam on the 7th and in North Bengal and Bihar on the 8th, but at other times there was excess, greatest in the middle of the week, when it averaged about 3.° Means for the larger divisions are all above the normal, excess varying from a quarter of a degree in Orissa and South Bihar, to about 1° in Lower Bengal and Chota Nagpur.

Rainfall—Heavy rain fell in the south-western districts in the early part of the week and in Bihar and North Bengal towards the end. The rapid rise of pressure on Sunday and Monday led to fine weather over the greater part of the province, and very little rain fell anywhere on Wednesday, the 6th. On other days, with the exceptions mentioned above, comparatively fine weather was general with light local showers. South-West and East Bengal received less than half the normal, North Bengal about 60 per cent., while the average fall in the other divisions was above the normal, by more than one inch in Chota Nagpur and more than half an inch in Orissa and Bihar.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 9th of September 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	91·2	75·8	88·4	78·8	83·6	+0·3	3·13	2·49	+0·64	2·47	3·02	—0·55	4·69	3·12	42·58	37·73
South-West Bengal ...	93·7	73·9	88·8	79·1	84·0	+1·0	1·31	2·77	—1·46	2·39	3·41	—1·02	1·58	3·38	47·44	40·69
North Bengal	93·6	74·2	88·2	78·3	83·2	+0·9	2·44	3·93	—1·49	2·84	3·49	—0·65	2·71	4·98	61·99	55·41
East Bengal	91·8	75·6	87·9	78·5	83·2	+1·3	1·92	3·86	—1·94	2·87	3·86	—0·99	2·42	4·78	70·24	59·84
North Bihar	95·2	75·2	89·0	78·7	83·8	+0·8	3·32	2·62	+0·70	3·56	3·00	+0·56	3·47	3·50	41·82	37·30
South Bihar	94·5	73·8	88·5	78·1	83·5	+0·2	3·02	2·30	+0·72	4·09	3·01	+1·08	3·24	2·94	37·99	34·38
Chota Nagpur	92·4	70·3	86·1	74·0	80·0	+1·0	3·66	2·50	+1·16	4·28	3·32	+0·76	3·90	3·12	47·02	39·58
Assam	96·1	72·5	87·5	76·9	82·2	—0·3										

* Daltonganj not included.

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 12th September 1893.

C. Little,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract of the Results of the Barometric and Thermometric Observations taken at 10 a.m. at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, in the month of August 1893.

		Date.
	Inches.	
The mean pressure at 10 A.M. during the month	29·648	
The mean temperature at 10 A.M. during the month	85·9°	
The highest temperature during the month	93·0	14th and 30th.
The lowest temperature during the month	75·8	9th.
The absolute range of temperature during the month	17·2	
The mean daily range of temperature during the month ...	10·7	
The greatest range of temperature in one day during the month ...	14·2	14th.
	%	
The mean 10 A.M. humidity during the month	83	
	Inches.	
The mean 10 A.M. vapour tension during the month	1·020	
The total rainfall of the month	7·49	
The greatest fall in 24 hours	1·15	31st.
The number of rainy days in the month	17	

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 11th September 1893.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 3rd to 9th September 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature. Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	Rainfall, past 24 hours.
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
September ...	3rd ...	29·443	83·9	89·0	10·2	78·8	85·6	82·5	1·071	81·3	88	0·56
" ...	4th ...	·691	83·0	87·2	8·4	78·8	84·1	81·5	1·043	80·3	89	0·41
" ...	5th ...	·744	84·9	91·0	12·2	78·8	85·8	81·5	1·018	79·8	83	0·04
" ...	6th ...	·725	85·2	91·5	12·7	78·8	88·8	83·5	1·377	81·5	79	...
" ...	7th ...	·689	85·4	91·0	11·2	79·8	88·1	82·5	1·037	80·3	78	...
" ...	8th ...	·643	84·4	89·0	9·2	79·8	87·1	81·0	·977	78·5	76	0·05
" ...	9th ...	·518	84·7	89·5	9·7	79·8	88·6	82·5	1·030	80·1	77	0·03

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·636
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	84·5
The extreme variation of temperature	12·7
The maximum temperature	91·5
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	81
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 3rd to 9th September 1893	1·09

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 11th September 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 3rd to 9th September 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Sept.	3rd	151·5	1·7	29·436	82·7	87·6	8·9	78·7	80·4	1·008	79·5	90	E by N, ESE and SSE.	240	0·21	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p, t.
,,	4th	129·9	Nil	·616	82·6	86·6	7·9	78·7	80·4	1·009	79·5	90	SE by E and ESE	100	0·02	Cloudy, o, g, d, t.
,,	5th	155·7	5·4	·673	84·0	88·6	9·7	78·9	80·9	1·015	79·7	87	ESE and SSE ...	42	Nil	Partially cloudy, △.
,,	6th	152·8	8·3	·662	85·0	89·6	11·1	78·5	81·1	1·012	79·6	84	SSE and S ...	51	,,	Partially cloudy, o, △.
,,	7th	153·4	1·1	·641	85·0	89·4	9·4	80·0	81·4	1·025	80·0	85	SSW and S ...	70	,,	Chiefly cloudy, lr.
,,	8th	134·6	1·7	·570	83·5	87·9	8·4	79·5	79·5	0·955	77·8	83	S and NE by E ...	75	0·01	Chiefly cloudy, o, d.
,,	9th	153·5	6·5	·489	83·0	88·5	8·5	80·0	79·5	·962	78·1	85	ENE and ESE ...	98	Nil	Partially cloudy, o.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·584
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·649
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	24·7
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	87·1
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	83·7
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·3
The extreme variation of temperature	11·1
The maximum temperature	89·6
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	18
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	86
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	86
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 3rd to 9th September 1893	0·24
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	3·31
The total fall from 1st January to 9th September 1893	69·77
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	52·24

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; d, drizzling rain; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; lr, lightning reflection; △, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 11th September 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 9th September 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 9th September 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 10th September 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	528	83,075	1,034	236	62,250	1,066
Jute	102	42,150	749	151	52,620	960
Firewood	94	55,100	756	109	55,150	805
Other articles	655	1,53,300	2,330	869	1,86,035	2,714
Total ...	1,379	3,33,625	4,869	1,365	3,56,055	5,545

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Abstract of principal commodities carried over the Bengal Central Railway during the month of June 1893, as compared with the same month of the previous year.

Staples.	1893.		1892.		Total.		Increase.	Decrease.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	1893.	1892.		
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Coal ...	2,208	......	1,494	......	2,523*	2,204*	319	......
Cotton, raw ...	......	......	......	18	......	18	......	18
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European ...								
2.—Indian ...								
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European—								
a.—In bales and bundles ...	377	13	387	1	390	388	2	......
b.—In boxes ...								
2.—Indian—								
a.—In bales and bundles ...								
b.—In boxes ...								
Grains—								
2.—Rice ...	45	102	19	75	147	94	53	......
5.—Others ...	55	379	43	69	434	112	322	......
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle—								
a.—Dressed ...								
b.—Undressed ...								
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.—	......	47	......	37	47	37	10	......
a.—Dressed ...								
b.—Undressed ...								
Jute—								
1.—Raw—								
b.—Unscrewed ...	......	120	......	17	120	17	103	......
2.—Gunny bags and cloth ...	18	1	9	10	19	19	......	......
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought ...								
2.—Brass, unwrought ...								
3.—Brass and copper, wrought ...	86	19	180	16	105	196	......	91
4.—Iron ...								
5.—Tin ...								
6.—Others ...								
Oils—								
2.—Kerosine ...	155	......	248	......	155	248	......	93
3.—Others ...	193	......	121	......	193	121	72	......
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed ...								
2.—Rape and mustard ...								
3.—Til or gingelly ...								
4.—Niger ...	187	437	142	380	624	522	102	......
5.—Castor ...								
6.—Poppy ...								
7.—Others ...								
Provisions—								
2.—Betel-nuts ...	......	801	......	911	801	911	......	110
3.—Others ...	146	88	46	59	234	105	129	......
Railway plant and rolling-stock ...	......	......	......	......	62†	155†	......	93
Salt ...	310	......	353	9	310	362	......	52
Sugar—								
1.—Drained ...	36	1,183	36	679	1,219	715	504	......
2.—Undrained ...								
Tobacco ...	133	58	79	99	191	178	13	......
All other articles of merchandise—								
1.—Unmanufactured ...	924	326	774	684	1,250	1,458	......	208
2.—Manufactured ...								
Total ...	4,873	3,574	3,931	3,064	8,824	7,860	1,629	665

* Includes 315 tons and 710 tons of coal during 1893 and 1892, respectively, carried for Revenue, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

† Railway plant and rolling-stock 62 tons and 155 tons for the years 1893 and 1892, respectively, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

Statement of principal commodities carried over the Bengal Central Railway during the month of June 1893.

INCREASES.

	Tons.
Sugar	504

Jhikargachi contributed nearly the whole of this increase.

The increase and decrease in all other commodities are due to ordinary fluctuation of traffic and call for no special remark.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th September* 1893.

JAMES SHAW,
for Examiner of Accounts.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Statement of Goods Traffic in Staples carried during the four weeks and one day ending 29th July 1893, as compared with the same period of 1892.

Staples.	1892.		1893.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
Cotton, raw	18,027	13,166	6,524	3,916	...	...	11,503	9,250
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European	6,188	4,570	7,130	6,062	942	1,492	...	...
2.—Indian	15,361	9,337	20,831	12,868	5,470	3,531	...	...
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European	54,005	65,561	73,378	85,249	19,373	19,688	...	...
2.—Indian	6,739	4,314	9,883	7,106	3,144	2,792	...	...
Drugs and chemicals—								
1.—Intoxicating other than opium	1,671	732	808	359	...	...	863	373
2.—Non-intoxicating	5,297	4,988	6,809	5,344	1,512	356	...	...
Dyes and tans—								
1.—Indigo	264	272	161	168	...	...	103	124
2.—Myrabolams	3,583	1,002	3,905	1,392	322	390	...	...
3.—Aniline dyes	153	147	224	222	71	75	...	...
4.—Cutch	2,575	1,017	3,035	1,196	460	179	...	...
5.—Paints and colours	6,460	2,732	4,684	2,600	...	...	1,776	132
6.—Others	985	603	1,397	417	412	...	...	186
Grains—								
1.—Wheat	3,16,776	96,365	2,46,074	96,465	...	100	70,702	...
2.—Rice	2,52,305	42,666	2,99,225	50,774	46,920	8,108	...	...
3.—Jawar and bajra	22,208	4,359	16,911	3,056	...	...	5,297	1,303
4.—Gram	1,02,449	37,380	1,18,907	41,207	16,458	3,827	...	...
5.—Indigo seed	2,915	1,063	7,872	3,500	4,957	2,437	...	...
6.—Seeds other than oil-seeds	35,602	13,136	34,532	14,679	...	1,543	1,070	...
7.—Others	2,60,736	63,202	2,57,015	80,229	...	17,027	3,721	...
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle	20,382	11,380	16,642	8,611	...	...	3,740	2,769
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.	13,954	5,485	9,716	4,160	...	...	4,238	1,325
Horns	1,595	869	881	796	...	...	714	73
Jute—								
1.—Raw	260	138	8,213	2,205	7,953	2,067	...	...
2.—Gunny bags and cloth	47,634	23,658	48,997	25,554	1,363	1,896	...	...
Lac—								
1.—Stick	16,321	6,377	20,391	7,257	4,070	880	...	...
2.—Shell-lac	7,768	5,350	10,703	7,784	2,935	2,434	...	...
Leather—								
1.—Unmanufactured	1,282	2,264	1,833	3,638	551	1,374	...	...
2.—Manufactured	2,428	1,482	2,371	2,923	...	1,441	57	...
Liquors—								
1.—Beer	7,659	2,929	7,765	3,746	106	817	...	...
2.—Wines	1,859	3,000	2,577	4,040	718	1,040	...	...
3.—Spirits	2,208	2,893	2,321	1,859	113	...	...	1,034
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought	2,139	3,488	4,751	5,545	2,612	2,057	...	...
2.—Brass, unwrought	2,413	1,162	3,950	2,742	1,537	1,580	...	...
3.—Brass and copper, wrought	7,468	3,159	11,956	5,360	4,488	2,201	...	...
4.—Iron	1,18,711	59,804	1,61,596	76,105	42,885	16,301	...	...
5.—Tin	2,775	2,258	3,875	3,534	1,100	1,276	...	...
6.—Others	5,644	4,217	5,961	3,237	317	...	...	980
Oils—								
1.—Castor	2,277	584	4,085	1,691	1,808	1,107	...	...
2.—Kerosine	78,300	36,667	98,049	46,499	19,749	9,832	...	...
3.—Others	7,047	2,956	15,833	7,485	8,786	4,529	...	...
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed	3,07,742	1,04,582	6,04,571	1,92,230	2,96,829	87,648	...	...
2.—Rape and mustard	1,05,634	28,385	1,38,837	34,362	33,203	5,977	...	...
3.—Til or jinjili	4,198	849	4,412	1,482	214	633	...	...
4.—Castor	84,556	20,223	64,519	15,587	...	...	20,037	4,636
5.—Poppy	59,928	19,383	50,232	13,671	...	...	9,696	5,712
6.—Others	11,357	2,907	23,362	6,884	12,005	3,977	...	...
Opium	378	237	272	161	...	...	106	76
Paper and pasteboard	10,316	6,836	13,213	7,425	2,897	589	...	...
Provisions—								
1.—Ghee	16,969	11,464	24,328	16,841	7,359	5,377	...	...
2.—Dried fruits and nuts	14,145	13,264	16,099	13,352	1,954	88	...	...
3.—Coccanuts	4,323	2,084	5,996	3,028	1,673	944	...	...
4.—Turmeric	6,875	4,756	9,653	5,739	2,778	983	...	...
5.—Others	55,156	30,564	77,586	36,252	22,430	5,688	...	...
Salt	4,49,193	75,831	2,87,495	64,582	...	...	1,61,698	11,249
Saltpetre, &c.—								
1.—Saltpetre	28,264	12,952	25,059	11,132	...	...	3,205	1,820
2.—Borax	614	421	258	127	...	...	356	294
3.—Other saline substances	26,986	7,386	27,345	7,706	359	320	...	...
Silk, raw—								
1.—Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.—Indian	1,117	804	1,456	950	339	146	...	...
Silk piece-goods—								
1.—Foreign	45	71	2	8	...	...	43	63
2.—Indian	31	41	291	278	260	237	...	...
Spices—								
1.—Pepper	2,292	2,649	3,216	3,056	924	407	...	...
2.—Other	9,639	4,913	10,340	6,821	701	1,908	...	...
Sugar—								
1.—Drained	8,591	3,341	8,381	3,213	...	...	210	128
2.—Undrained	1,61,795	17,585	1,05,872	21,678	...	4,093	55,923	...
Stone and lime	3,09,901	40,361	2,92,562	46,533	...	6,172	17,339	...
Tea—								
1.—Foreign	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1
2.—Indian	1,181	1,638	3,540	3,489	2,368	1,851	...	...
Timber, &c.—								
1.—Timber	55,436	9,329	66,261	12,735	10,825	3,376	...	...
2.—Firewood	16,363	1,110	19,966	1,185	3,603	75	...	...
Tobacco	47,956	19,359	63,986	24,519	16,030	5,160	...	...
Umbrellas	694	871	768	974	74	103	...	...
Wool—								
1.—Raw	705	789	986	870	281	81	...	...
2.—Piece-goods—								
a.—European	204	84	193	294	...	210	11	...
b.—Indian	1,323	1,301	2,015	1,889	692	588	...	...
3.—Shawls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All other articles of merchandise	2,84,072	65,325	3,59,780	1,12,926	75,708	47,601	...	...
Total	35,52,403	10,58,418	38,74,632	13,13,499	3,22,229	2,55,081	...	...
Military stores	13,509	26,905	15,532	29,160	2,023	2,255	...	...
Coal—								
1.—For public	25,71,637	3,96,547	29,63,839	4,42,756	3,92,183	46,209	...	...
2.— „ Railway	5,30,584	60,241	5,69,088	59,541	38,504	...	...	700
Railway Materials—								
1.—For construction and revenue	6,70,660	19,205	9,31,024	34,839	2,60,364	15,634	...	...
Live-stock	...	4,185	...	5,288	...	1,103	...	...
Total	73,38,793	15,65,501	83,54,096	18,85,083	10,15,303	3,19,582	...	...

T. Simpson, *Assistant Auditor.*

Traffic Audit Office, Goods Division, Jamalpur, *the 7th September* 1823.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 2nd September 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	275,029	2,59,932 4 0	26,07,121 10	5,38,536 12 0	13,629 5 0	8,12,098 5 0	75,490½	102,087½	177,578
Or per mile of railway	......	161 6 4	......	334 6 3	8 7 5	504 4 0	......	......	......
For previous 8½ weeks of half-year	2,373,932	25,95,967 8 0	1,73,29,777 30	38,00,596 15 0	1,14,326 7 0	65,10,890 14 0	624,481½	754,172½	1,378,654
Total for 9½ weeks ...	2,648,961	28,55,899 12 0	1,99,36,899 0	43,39,133 11 0	1,27,955 12 0	73,22,989 3 0	699,972½	856,259½	1,556,232
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	260,799½	2,58,770 0 11	23,54,512 0	5,36,210 10 7	15,161 6 1	8,10,142 1 7	74,648	91,223	165,871
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	160 10 10	*......	332 15 2	9 6 7	503 0 7	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 9½ weeks of previous year	2,351,747½	22,01,038 12 0	2,04,53,183 29	43,86,381 3 1	1,49,591 5 11	67,37,011 5 0	681,425	843,672	1,525,097

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 2nd September 1893, on 22¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week ...	16,514	4,012 6 0	9,664 30	337 12 0	9 0 0	4,359 2 0	907	61	968
Or per mile of railway	......	180 5 4	......	15 2 10	0 6 6	195 14 8	......	......	......
For previous 8½ weeks of half-year	*139,371	*33,871 3 0	†75,674 20	†2,278 10 0	‡74 0 0	36,223 13 0	7,351	615	7,966
Total for 9½ weeks ...	155,885	37,883 9 0	85,339 10	2,616 6 0	83 0 0	40,582 15 0	8,258	676	8,934
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	15,555	3,812 11 2	4,903 30	142 0 0	8 11 9	3,963 6 11	910	58	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	171 5 9	......	6 6 1	0 6 3	178 2 1	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 9½ weeks of previous year ...	174,133½	41,860 13 11	52,801 30	1,991 6 0	73 1 3	43,925 5 2	8,538	548	9,086

* Added number of passengers 1,536 and Rs. 389 }
† Added maunds 10 and " 2 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 29th July 1893.
‡ Deducted " 9 }

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 2nd September 1893, on 161⅝ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*18,828	*12,776 5 0	42,122 20	6,588 15 0	28 0 0	19,393 4 0	6,241	2,725	8,966
Or per mile of railway	......	79 2 6	......	40 13 3	0 2 9	120 2 6	......	......	......
For previous 8½ weeks of half-year	†170,797	†1,15,396 13 0	‡3,78,475 10	‡54,574 11 0	§253 0 0	1,70,224 8 0	49,883	22,193	72,076
Total for 9½ weeks ...	189,625	1,28,173 2 0	4,20,597 30	61,163 10 0	281 0 0	1,89,617 12 0	56,124	24,918	81,042
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,189	11,051 10 8	29,442 0	4,842 11 0	46 15 6	15,941 5 2	6,176	2,441	8,617
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	68 7 7	......	30 0 1	0 4 3	98 12 4	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 9½ weeks of previous year	166,526½	1,10,849 7 0	3,39,220 20	54,759 0 6	371 0 3	1,65,979 7 9	59,748	23,327	83,075

* The increase occurred principally at Delhi, Panipat, Karnal, Umballa, and Kalka.
† Added number of passengers 2,488 and Rs. 1,139 }
‡ Ditto maunds 142 and deducted " 265 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 29th July 1893.
§ Deducted " 14 }

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(Includes the Tirhut State Railway.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 2nd September 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	85,500	31,050	2,26,760	29,690	9,000	69,740	12,024	15,419	27,443
Or per mile of railway	113·10	41·07	299·95	39·27	11·91	92·25	.....	...	.....
For previous 8½ weeks of half-year*	735,258	2,80,684	17,37,994	2,39,190	85,110	6,04,984	103,755	124,445	228,200
Total for 9½ weeks ...	820,758	3,11,734	19,64,754	2,68,880	94,110	6,74,724	115,779	139,864	255,643
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	84,222	28,394	2,07,204	26,823	7,340	62,557	13,725	13,576	27,301
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	111·55	37·61	274·44	35·53	9·72	82·86	......	......	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year	765,971	2,75,838	23,98,584	3,04,476	73,223	6,53,537	124,168	144,104	268,272

* Includes audited figures up to 15th July 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 26th August 1893	9,623	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	11,009	0	0
Decrease	1,386	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 26th August 1893	188	11	0
Corresponding period of 1892	215	13	10
Decrease	27	2	10
Receipts from 1st July to 26th August 1893	85,883	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	87,229	0	0
Decrease	1,346	0	0

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 2nd September 1893	12,039	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	10,521	0	0
Increase	1,518	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 2nd September 1893	236	0	11
Corresponding period of 1892	206	4	8
Increase	29	12	3
Receipts from 1st July to 2nd September 1893...	97,922	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	97,750	0	0
Increase	172	0	0

Printed and published by Edwin Morris Lewis at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 13th September 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 38 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE STAMP DEPARTMEN T DURINGTHE THREE YEARS ENDING THE 31ST MARCH 1893.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—SEPARATE REVENUE—No. 96T—F.

Darjeeling, the 15th September 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the Administration of the Stamp Department during the three years ending 31st March 1893.

This is the second report submitted under the triennial system, statistical information with brief explanatory notes having been supplied for the two previous years 1890-91 and 1891-92. The revenue for the period under review was collected under the Indian Stamp Act I of 1879 and the Court Fees Act VII of 1870, as modified by subsequent enactments. The changes made during the past three years in the law and in the rules issued by Government, hough numerous and important from a departmental point of view, are not of sufficient general interest to call for special notice in this place.

Stamp revenue.

2. The financial results of the administration of the Stamp Department during the past three years, as well as during the previous triennium, are shown in the following table, the figures being based on accounts furnished by the Accountant-General:—

Year.	Stamps under Act I of 1879.			Court-fees under Act VII of 1870.			Total.		
	Receipts.	Refunds and other charges.	Net revenue.	Receipts.	Refunds and other charges.	Net revenue.	Receipts.	Charges.	Net revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Average of three years 1887-88 to 1889-90	37,30,357	2,73,676	34,56,681	1,02,33,909	3,47,298	98,86,611	1,39,64,266	6,20,975	1,33,43,291
1890-91	41,17,887	2,84,119	38,33,768	1,01,88,707	3,35,6[illegible]3	98,53,094	1,43,[illegible]6,594	6,19,732	1,36,86,862
1891-92	41,49,842	2,38,644	39,11,198	1,09,50,620	3,43,922	1,06,06,698	1,51,00,462	5,8[illegible],566	1,45,17,896
1892-93	43,47,057	2,75,506	40,71,551	1,11,97,772	3,61,849	1,08,35,923	1,55,44,829	6,37,355	1,49,07,474
Average of three years 1890-91 to 1892-93	42,04,928	2,66,090	39,38,838	1,07,79,033	3,47,128	1,04,31,905	1,49,83,961	6,13,218	1,43,70,743

The gross average annual receipts under the two Acts during the triennial period under review amounted to Rs. 1,49,83,961, against Rs. 1,39,64,266 in the previous corresponding period, showing an increase of Rs. 10,19,695. The increase occurred in both classes of stamps—judicial and non-judicial. As in other years, the receipts during 1892-93 were highest in Calcutta (Rs. 22,96,940), which provided more than one-seventh of all the stamp revenue in Bengal, and lowest in Singhbhum (Rs. 17,890). Mymensingh and Dacca contributed more than 7 lakhs each, the 24-Parganas nearly 6¾ lakhs, Backergunge over 6 lakhs, and Midnapore and Tippera nearly 5½ lakhs each. The general incidence of stamp revenue on the population was 3 annas and 4 pies per head.

Stamp rules.

3. The following table shows in greater detail the receipts from sales of the different descriptions of stamps during the triennial period from 1887-88 to 1889-90, and the similar period under review. The figures which have been compiled by the Superintendent of Stamps, however, differ from those given in the previous statement, inasmuch as they do not include miscellaneous receipts under the Indian Stamp Act, or receipts from the sale of plain paper prescribed by the High Court for use with court-fee stamps under the Court Fees Act. They show stamp sales only; but apart from these differences, there is a small discrepancy, amounting to Rs. 19,632, with the Accountant-General's figures, which is under adjustment.

Year.	Sales of non-judicial stamps used under the Indian Stamp Act.										Sales of judicial stamps or stamps used under the Court Fees Act.			
	Impressed sheets, including certificate stamps, salt bond, bills of lading, and kabuliyat form stamps.	Impressed labels.	Receipt or one-anna revenue stamps.	Share transfer stamps.	Foreign bill stamps.	Hundi or bills-of-exchange stamps.	Notarial stamps.	Advocate, vakeel, and attorney stamps.	Impressed one-anna stamps for cheques, bills, &c.	Total of non-judicial stamps.	Adhesive and impressed court-fee stamps.	Stamps for copies.	Total of court-fee stamps.	Total of both kinds of stamps.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Average of three years 1887-88 to 1889-90	25,57,959	6,16,879	2,30,634	34,714	48,343	1,08,880	3,149	11,917	48,250	36,60,725	94,75,068	5,66,883	1,00,41,951	1,37,02,6[illegible]
1890-91	26,69,471	7,41,408	2,81,977	60,420	43,783	1,03,653	3,003	7,500	61,748	39,52,958	94,95,478	4,96,225	99,91,703	1,39,44,[illegible]
1891-92	28,53,786	6,65,654	2,92,327	21,296	40,219	1,08,655	2,780	19,500	54,567	40,61,694	1,01,92,845	5,40,757	1,07,3[illegible],602	1,47,95,[illegible]
1892-93	30,80,457	6,59,825	3,09,803	37,097	36,464	1,12,871	2,661	19,750	55,710	43,14,638	1,04,09,652	5,61,076	1,09,70,728	1,52,85,[illegible]
Average of three years 1890-91 to 1892-93	28,67,905	6,89,961	2,88,036	39,574	40,155	1,08,393	2,815	15,583	57,342	41,09,763	1,00,32,658	5,32,686	1,05,65,344	1,46,75,[illegible]

As compared with the triennial period between 1887-88 and 1889-90, all classes of stamps with the exception of Foreign Bill, Hundi and Notarial stamps, and stamps for copies, contributed to the increase in the sales during the period under review.

Non-judicial stamps.

4. The improvement was most marked in the case of impressed sheets, which are the most important of non-judicial stamps. Forty-three districts participated in this improvement, the largest increase (Rs. 18,000) being observed in Backergunge. The improvement is generally attributed to the execution of a larger number of documents, such as deeds of sale, mortgages, &c., consequent on the failure of crops in certain districts. The increase in impressed labels, which are in use only in Calcutta, is normal. There was an improvement of nearly Rs. 60,000 per annum in the income from one-anna revenue stamps, commonly known as receipt stamps, which may be ascribed to the facilities afforded for obtaining them through the agency of the post-office, and to the stricter administration of the law which had hitherto often been evaded with ease and impunity. A fresh cause at work was the action of the Board in inviting the attention of local officers to the standing orders under which assessors of income-tax are vested with powers to impound instruments not duly stamped. The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that the Board will not relax their efforts to protect this branch of the revenue. Another class of instruments, on which the stamp duty is said to be frequently evaded, is the Hundi, the result being attributed to defects in the stamp law. The clauses that affected the sales of different kinds of stamps in different districts are given in detail in the Board's report, and need not be repeated here.

Judicial stamps.

5. Under the head judicial stamps are included adhesive and impressed court-free stamps, High Court service stamps, Calcutta Small Cause Court stamps, and stamps for copies. The total average income during the period under review amounted to Rs. 1,05,65,344 per annum, or an increase of Rs. 5,23,393 over the previous corresponding period. The extent to which each description of stamps contributed towards the average annual revenue is exhibited in the following table:—

	Rs.
Court-fee stamps	96,72,718
High Court service	9,500
Calcutta Small Cause Court	3,50,440
Stamps for copies	5,32,686
Total ...	1,05,65,344

Thirty-seven districts show an increase and nine a decrease. The largest increases were in Calcutta (Rs. 1,22,124); Nadia (Rs. 41,389); Faridpur (Rs. 40,702); Burdwan (Rs. 32,795); Rangpur (Rs. 25,399); Patna (Rs. 23,342), and 24-Parganas (Rs. 21,734). The largest decrease occurred in Howrah (Rs. 5,533), and Shahabad (Rs. 5,520). An increase or decrease in the number and the value of suits is the main cause to which the fluctuations in the sales of court-fee stamps may be attributed. It is significant that Singhbhum and Manbhum, to both of which districts railway communication has been effectively extended during the period under review, show a very large increase in stamp revenue, both judicial and non-judicial. Taking each denomination of court-fee stamps sold during the period under review, there was an increase of over $3\frac{2}{3}$ lakhs in the sale of eight-anna stamps, $1\frac{1}{4}$ lakhs each in that of one-anna and one-rupee stamps, nearly 1 lakh in that of four-anna stamps, while on the other hand there was a decrease of nearly $1\frac{2}{3}$ lakhs in that of twelve-anna stamps, Rs. 34,000 in that of two-rupee stamps, and Rs. 17,000 in that of four-rupee stamps.

Levy of penalties.

6. The following statement shows the number of cases in which deficient stamp duty and penalty were levied by the Civil and Revenue Courts, and the amount realized

during the period under review as compared with the previous corresponding period:—

YEAR.	NUMBER OF CASES.		AMOUNT OF DUTY AND PENALTY REALIZED		TOTAL.	
	Civil courts.	Revenue officers.	By civil courts.	By revenue officers.	Cases.	Amount.
			Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Average of three years 1887-88 to 1889-90	1,308	2,139	10,728	22,930	3,417	33,658
1890-91	1,218	1,986	11,[illegible]72	28,992	3,204	40,264
1891-92	1,370	2,298	11,653	24,095	3,668	35,748
1892-93	1,417	2,445	11,174	22,810	3,862	33,984
Average of three years 1890-91 to 1892-93	1,333	2,241	11,365	25,314	3,574	36,679
Average increase in the triennium under review compared with the preceding triennium	25	102	637	2,384	127	3,021

Prosecutions.

7. The average number of prosecutions instituted annually for various breaches of the stamp law was 646 against 815 in the previous triennium. The average number of persons brought to trial was 740 against 929, of convictions 584 against 739, and of acquittals 125 against 116. The average amount of fines imposed by Magistrates was Rs. 5,439 against Rs. 6,658. The average amount of rewards paid was Rs. 1,339, against Rs. 1,751 in the preceding period. The fact is brought to the notice of Government by the Board that during the three years covered by the report, not a single rupee was paid as reward in twenty-eight out of the forty-five districts in the province, viz., in the whole of the Orissa and Chota Nagpur Divisions, in four districts of each of the Burdwan and Presidency Divisions, in five districts of the Rajshahi Division, in two districts of the Chittagong Division, in three districts of the Patna Division, and in three districts of the Bhagalpur Division. These results, as the Board remark, are not creditable to the district officers concerned, for it should be borne in mind that activity in the detection of evasions of the law must largely depend on the encouragement afforded by a liberal distribution of rewards, and where these are awarded with a sparing hand, it is almost certain that the stamp law will be broken with impunity, because no one will be at the trouble of bringing the offence to notice.

8. Several cases of fraud and defalcation were detected during the period under review. One of the most serious of these occurred in the subdivisional treasury at Bishenpur in the district of Bankura. Court-fee stamps to the value of Rs. 3,598, and impressed non-judicial stamps to the value of Rs. 32, were abstracted. The enquiry disclosed a defect in the system of keeping accounts and returns, and orders have been issued to place matters on a better footing. The greater part of the loss is being made good by deductions from the pay of those in fault. Another extensive series of frauds was disclosed in the Subordinate Judge's Court at Jessore, which consisted in removing both punched and unpunched stamps from the records, substituting punched for unpunched stamps, and misappropriating the latter. The guilty parties have been punished.

9. The Lieutenant-Governor desires to thank the Board of Revenue for their careful administration of the Stamp Department during the period covered by the report. The names of the officers favourably mentioned by the Board will be noted in the Appointment Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE TRIENNIAL REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT IN BENGAL FOR THE YEARS 1890-91, 1891-92 AND 1892-93.

No. 57P.D.

RESOLUTION.

REGISTRATION.

Dated Darjeeling, the 18th September 1893.

READ—

The Triennial Report on the Administration of the Registration Department for the years 1890-91, 1891 92, and 1892-93.

Read also—

The Triennial Report on the Administration of the Registration Department for the years 1887-88, 1888-89, and 1889-90, and the Resolution of Government recorded thereon.

Read also—

The statistical returns for the years 1890-91 and 1891-92, with the remarks thereon.

The second Triennial Report on the Administration of the Registration Department for the years 1890-91, 1891-92, and 1892-93 has been punctually submitted by the Officiating Inspector-General, Nawab Syed Ameer Hossein, C.I.E. Mr. Holmwood was in charge of the Department during the whole of the triennial period, and he has left notes on points of special importance, which have been embodied in the report now under review.

2. The following table shows the total number of registrations, as well as the receipts and expenditure, and the number of offices open during each year of the triennial period under report as compared with each of the three preceding years:—

YEAR.	NUMBER OF REGISTRATIONS				Total receipts.	Total expenditure.	Surplus.	Number of Registration offices.
	Affecting immoveable property.		Other registrations.	Total.				
	Compulsory.	Optional.						
					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1887-88	495,599	95,464	126,930	717,993	10,21,982	5,79,266	4,42,716	301
1888-89	534,510	113,470	135,482	783,462	10,93,472	5,99,176	4,94,296	304
1889-90	594,933	147,191	151,484	893,608	11,98,801	6,27,434	5,71,367	307
Totals ...	1,625,042	356,125	413,896	2,395,063	33,14,255	18,05,876	15,08,379	304 average.
1890-91	600,413	148,755	148,148	897,316	12,40,481	6,29,359	6,11,122	322
1891-92	659,026	173,701	155,736	988,463	13,33,736	6,84,204	6,49,532	333
1892-93	732,259	207,395	162,667	1,102,321	14,35,541	7,26,771	7,08,770	346
Totals ...	1,991,698	529,851	466,551	2,988,100	40,09,758	20,40,334	19,69,424	333 average.
Increase ...	366,656	173,726	52,655	593,037	6,95,503	2,34,458	4,61,045	29
Decrease ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

The most noticeable feature in the above statement is the steady advance in the number of registrations of all kinds during the last three years. This is attributed by many District Registrars to the badness of the seasons and the consequent scarcity, but the explanation is one which is brought up year after year to account for any fluctuations, however slight, that may have occurred, and is not sufficient to explain the steady increase in the work of the department. As pointed out by Mr. Holmwood, years of real scarcity have been marked by the increase of small bonds and mortgages, but the total number of registrations and the actual receipts have not been materially affected by them. The Lieutenant-Governor believes that the true explanation lies in the growing confidence of the public in the Registration Department, which every year attracts an increasing proportion of the large number of transactions that may be registered to our offices. The increase in the number of optional registrations, and the

opening of 29 new offices during the last triennial period, are indications of this. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that the financial condition of the department is satisfactory, and that the surplus at the close of 1892-93 is larger than in any of the preceding years.

3. The number of perpetual leases registered shows a steady increase from 76,390 in 1889-90 to 82,251 in 1890-91, 89,024 in 1891-92, and 90,989 in 1892-93. The increase in 1890-91 and 1891-92 is mainly accounted for by the larger number of registrations of this class in Chittagong, due to the settlement operations in progress in that district. The increase in 1892-93 was not so marked, and in Chittagong there was an actual falling off of 1,553 in the number of perpetual leases registered as compared with the preceding year. The districts in which the greatest number of perpetual leases were registered in 1892-93 are Chittagong 25,970, Faridpur 11,135, Backergunge 8,634, 24-Parganas 7,098, Noakhali 6,073, Jessore 5,879, and Khulna 5,527. These are all the littoral districts of Bengal proper, where there are many grades of tenure-holders between the zamindar and the cultivator, and the profits derived from land are distributed more than in any other part of the province among the masses of the population. The number of permanent leases registered in one year in these seven districts amounts to 70,316. In the seven districts of the Patna Division during the same year only 982 permanent leases were registered, and these figures afford a marked illustration of the difference of the land tenure systems in different parts of this province. In the deltaic tracts, which are the most prosperous portion of Bengal, the interests in land are infinitesimally sub-divided and sublet, but they are mostly fixed and permanent. In Bihar, where the peasantry are worse off than elsewhere, there are middlemen with temporary leases only between the zamindar and raiyat, and fixity of rent and tenure is rarely known. In the deltaic tracts agrarian wealth is distributed in the hands of many until all are comparatively prosperus; in Bihar it is confined to the hands of few, and the masses of the people are steeped in poverty.

4. There was an increase of 66,668 in the total number of leases, other than perpetual, during the last triennial period. In 1890-91 the number fell from 218,515 to 209,726, the decrease being most marked in Central Bengal and North Bihar. In the former it is attributed to the high inundations which led to a failure of the crops, and in the latter to a falling off in the number of *zar-i-peshgi* leases which had been abnormally large in previous years. In 1891-92 and 1892-93 the registrations of temporary leases showed a further increase, the numbers being 219,455 and 239,921 respectively. The increase is attributed to fresh settlements made by landlords with their raiyats, and in a few districts also to the operation of section 85 of the Tenancy Act.

5. The number of instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards rose from 77,555 in 1889-90 to 108,214 in 1892-93. The increase is common to most districts, and has kept pace with the general advance in the number of registrations of all kinds. There was a considerable increase in the number of mortgages of less than Rs. 100 in value, the figures for the past year being 185,947 against 130,007 in 1889-90, and 154,840 in 1891-92. The increase last year occurred in almost all districts and is attributed generally to bad harvests, but in Muzaffarpur it is said to have been due to the raiyats of Piprahi in Sitamarhi having been obliged to raise money by means of mortgages in order to carry on litigation with their maliks. In Chittagong many of these documents are said to be mere paper transactions for the sole purpose of showing some sort of right before the Settlement Officer. The number of obligations for payment of money, including bonds, rose from 103,962 in 1889-90 to 108,403 in 1892-93, the largest number of registrations being found among those from Rs. 25 to Rs. 100 in value. It is satisfactory to note that there has been a steady increase in applications for copy and searches, the number having risen from 30,683 in 1889-90 to 36,107, which may be accepted as an indication of the increased efficiency and popularity of the department.

6. As in former years, the number of counterparts largely exceeded the number of leases registered. The following statement (which includes

perpetual leases) shows the proportion of pattas to kabuliyats during the past four years:—

		Compulsory.	Optional.	Total.
1889-90	... ...	23·54	11·06	23·03
1890-91	... ...	22·60	11·28	22·07
1891-92	... ...	29·98	9·89	29·37
1892-93	... ...	29·18	10·03	28·58

Although there was a slight decrease in the proportion last year, it will be seen that the number of kabuliyats taken from raiyats still far exceeds the pattas given to them. Various reasons have been assigned for this, but there can be no doubt that in many districts the zamindars are disinclined to grant pattas, partly on account of the expense, and partly because they think that it would be contrary to their interests to do so, while the raiyats themselves are not strong enough to insist on pattas being granted.

7. The aggregate value of property transferred by registered documents last year, amounting to Rs. 17,73,50,008, shows an increase of more than half a crore of rupees as compared with the preceding year, and of nearly three crores as compared with 1889-90. There was an increase last year of 53 lakhs in the value of immoveable property transferred, and of 3½ lakhs in the value of moveable property, due in both cases to the increased number of registrations.

8. The total number of transactions involving the transfer of estates or tenures rose to 97,920 in 1892-93, against 94,894 in the preceding year, and 90,691 in 1889-90. The percentage of purchasers in such transactions during the past four years is as follows:—

		Mahajans, traders, and money-lenders.	Zamindars.	Intermediate tenure-holders.	Raiyats.	Others.
1889-90	...	9·9	15·3	29·6	24·1	21·1
1890-91	...	9·4	15·6	27·9	24·9	22·2
1891-92	...	9·8	15·6	29·1	23·3	22·1
1892-93	...	10·4	15·2	30·6	25·3	18·5

The number of raiyati-holdings transferred by deed of sale during each of the last four years, as well as the number and classes of purchasers, are compared in the following table:—

Year.	Raiyati-holdings at fixed rates.							Raiyati-holdings with right of occupancy.						
	Number of transactions.	Purchasers.						Number of transactions.	Purchasers.					
		Mahajans, traders, or money-lenders.	Zamindars.		Raiyats.	Others.	Total.		Mahajans, traders, or money-lenders.	Za mindars		Raiyats.	Others.	Total.
			Landlords of holdings transferred.	Other landlords.						Landlords of holdings transferred.	Other landlords.			
1889-90 ...	35,342	5,161	1,181	2,515	20,396	8,396	37,649	77,373	10,029	2,060	5,198	54,234	9,277	80,798
1890-91 ...	36,099	5,338	1,391	2,927	20,348	8,735	38,730	84,921	9,919	2,777	5,700	60,913	10,246	89,555
1891-92 ...	37,519	5,906	1,374	3,282	20,383	9,045	40,080	1,03,777	13,068	2,839	6,776	75,263	10,891	1,08,837
1892-93 ...	43,749	7,881	1,232	4,777	23,760	9,456	47,106	1,25,250	16,135	3,241	7,889	87,460	12,729	1,27,454

There has thus been a steady advance in the number of transactions of both classes, but the increase is most marked in the transfers of raiyati-holdings with rights of occupancy, the number of which is nearly three-times as large as the number of transfers of holdings at fixed rates. As usual, the raiyats were foremost among the purchasers of holdings with rights of occupancy, being 68·6 per cent. of the whole number.

The number of sales of raiyati holdings at fixed rates in 1892-93 is largest in the 24-Parganas, 5,536, Midnapore 4,006, Bankura 3,905, Chittagong 3,885, Bhagalpur 3,261, and Backergunge 3,129: the sales of holdings with rights of occupancy are most frequent in Midnapore, 14,484, Tippera 12,911, Rangpur 8,756, Dinajpur 7,859, Mymensingh 7,374, and Champaran 6,590. The mahajan purchasers are by far the most numerous in Midnapore, amounting under the first class to 1,933, and under the second to 4,770.

9. The number of registrations under sections 12 and 18 of the Tenancy Act fell from 26,780 in 1889-90 to 20,391 in 1891-92, and to 20,351 in 1892-93. The system of levying landlord's fees under these sections continues to be as unpopular as ever both with the landlords and tenants—with the former, because they believe that their acceptance of the fee will be construed as an acknowledgment on their part of the status claimed, and with the raiyats, because they are not exempted by the payment of the fee from paying it over again as *salami* in getting their names registered in the zamindar's sarishta. The total number of operations under the Tenancy Act during the past year shows an increase in 19 out of the 35 districts in the province. The Lieutenant-Governor has no doubt that, as reported by the Inspector-General and the majority of the District Officers, the provisions of the Tenancy Act have indirectly led to an increase of registrations, especially in sales and mortgages of raiyati-holdings.

10. The number of documents impounded by the registering officers during the past year was 2,091, of which 1,625 were declared by the Collector to be insufficiently stamped, and 227 were declared as properly stamped. Excluding 55 prosecutions on account of documents insufficiently stamped, the total number of prosecutions instituted was 88 as against 83 in 1889-90 and 70 in 1891-92. The number of persons put on trial in these 88 cases was 147, of whom 24 were acquitted and 69 convicted, and the remainder were pending trial at the close of the year. The total receipts of the Department rose from Rs. 11,89,840 in 1889-90 to Rs. 13,33,735 in 1891-92, and Rs. 14,27,000 in 1892-93. The surplus of receipts over expenditure for the same years increased from Rs. 5,71,366 to Rs. 6,49,532 and Rs. 7,08,770 respectively.

11. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that the number of inspections made during 1892-93 exceeds the number made in any of the preceding six years. In addition to one inspection made by Sir Charles Elliott, and 33 by the Commissioners of Divisions, the number for the past year was 1,039. The number of inspections made by Special Sub-Registrars, rose from 300 in 1891-92 to 414, but this is partly accounted for by an increase in the number of Special Sub-Registrars appointed. In the districts of Mymensingh, 24-Parganas, Muzaffarpur, and Murshidabad the number of inspections made by Special Sub-Registrars fell far below the required standard. In accordance with a proposal made last year by the Inspector-General, the Lieutenant-Governor has directed that failure in inspection duty without adequate reason will be followed by proportionate loss of pay, and the defaulting Sub-Registrars have been called upon to show cause why this order should not be enforced in their case.

12. In an interesting note which has been included in the report, Mr. Holmwood has enumerated the administrative changes that have been introduced by him during the last triennial period. Among the most important of these are the opening of 29 new offices, and the appointment of additional Special Sub-Registrars, which is reported to have resulted in a marked improvement in the work both of the sadar and rural offices. Wherever possible, the readjustment of Hindu and Muhammadan Sub-Registrars with reference to the classes of the community which preponderate in the tracts of country concerned has been carried out, and the rules and circulars of the Department have been revised and incorporated in a complete manual. Increased accommodation has been provided at various head-quarters, and at Calcutta the appointment of an additional Sub-Registrar as well as of several ministerial officers has been sanctioned. Since the close of the year the sanction of the Government of India has been obtained to certain alterations in the table of fees under Act III of 1877. The *ad valorem* charge for documents under the value of Rs. 50 has now been reduced to 8 annas, and it is believed that this will lead to an increase in the number of registrations, especially of documents of small value, and will eventually prove a gain financially to the Department. The proposal to introduce Sir William Herschel's system for securing the identification of parties and their witnesses in the registration of deeds by means of finger prints was sanctioned in May last as an experimental measure in the districts of Calcutta, the 24-Parganas and Hooghly, and the Inspector-General has been asked to submit a report at the end of the present year on the working of the scheme.

13. The following table shows the working of Act I (B.C.) of 1876 for the voluntary registration of Muhammadan marriages and divorces during the 17 years since its introduction:—

Years.		Number of districts in which the Act was in force.	Number of offices open on the 31st March.	Number of marriages registered.	Number of divorces other than *kholas* registered.	Number of *kholas* registered.	Total number of ceremonies registered.
1876-77	...	14	77	2,555	402	161	3,188
1877-78	...	14	103	7,391	1,404	595	9,390
1878-79	...	14	103	8,161	1,705	771	10,637
1879-80	...	14	107	7,137	2,097	623	9,857
1880-81	...	14	106	5,777	1,874	779	8,430
1881-82	...	14	107	4,951	2,239	667	7,857
1882-83	...	14	112	5.068	2,247	766	8,081
1883-84	...	14	112	4,273	2,315	895	7,483
1884-85	...	14	112	3,913	2.540	957	7,410
1885-86	...	14	112	3,993	2,422	1,109	7.524
1886-87	...	14	112	3,926	2,179	1,147	7,252
1887-88	...	14	112	4,100	2,478	1,090	7,668
1888-89	...	14	113	4,527	2,819	1,113	8,459
1889-90	...	14	113	3,959	3,119	1,137	8,215
1890-91	...	14	115	4,063	3,154	1,234	8,451
1891-92	...	19	151	5,442	3,260	1,474	10.176
1892-93	...	19	151	6,780	3,853	1,542	12,175

From the above statement it will be seen that there was a satisfactory increase of 1,338 in the number of marriages registered last year, while the total number of ceremonies registered was larger than in any year since the introduction of the Act. The increase was shared by 13 districts, and in three only, viz. in Chittagong, Bogra, and Noakhali, was there a decrease. The Inspector-General looks upon the general results of the year as satisfactory, and he believes that in the majority of districts Muhammadan Registrars are gradually gaining popularity, and that, where they have failed to do so, the failure is due either to their own action or to the active opposition of interested headmen and zamindars. The introduction of the Kazis' Act in all districts in which Act I (B.C.) of 1876 is in force is said to have had but little effect on the registration of marriages under that Act, and only a few marriages have been solemnized by Kazis or their Naibs appointed under Act XII of 1880. The Inspector-General does not believe that the Act will ever gain much ground as the machinery is not popular, and it is generally reported that the services of the village mollahs are preferred to those of the Kazis appointed by Government.

14. Mr. Holmwood held the office of Inspector-General from the 16th March 1890 up to the 17th May 1893, on which date he made over charge to his successor. His administration has been highly successful, and the Lieutenant-Governor is glad to place on record his appreciation of his efficient control of the Department. The names of the officers specially commended by the Inspector-General will be noted in the Appointment Department.

Order.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution, be forwarded to the Inspector-General of Registration for information and guidance.

Ordered also that extract paragraph 9 of the Resolution, and extract paragraphs 48 to 61 and 76(11) of the Report, be forwarded to the Revenue Department for information.

Ordered also that a copy of the Resolution, together with a copy of the Report, be submitted to the Government of India, in the Home Department, for information.

Ordered also that the Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. J. S. COTTON,

Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE PORT OF CHITTAGONG FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

No. 2168Marine.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 16th September 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Administration Report of the Commissioners of the Port of Chittagong for the year 1892-93.

Financial.

THE financial position of the Chittagong Port Fund on the 31st March 1893 is shown in the following statement:—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Opening balance on the 1st April 1892 ...	77,064 13 9	Expenditure during the year 1892-93 ..	1,09,024 5 10
Receipts during the year ..	70,183 5 0	Balance on the 31st March 1893 ...	38,223 12 11
TOTAL ...	1,47,248 2 9	TOTAL ...	1,47,248 2 9

2. The subjoined table shows the number and tonnage of the vessels which visited the port during the year, as compared with the figures of the two previous years:—

Shipping.

		1890-91.		1891-92.		1892-93.	
		Number.	Tonnage.	Number.	Tonnage.	Number.	Tonnage.
European vessels trading with foreign ports.	Entered ...	42	62,042	40	41,348	26	39,926
	Cleared ...	37	57,298	34	45,469	27	41,028
Native craft trading with foreign ports.	Entered ...	......	......	1	89	11	1,824
	Cleared ...	1	143	2	225	2	187
Vessels trading with home ports.	Entered ...	951	163,376	717	204,629	734	211,362
	Cleared ...	946	164,073	734	202,086	762	213,357

Of the 29 vessels which cleared for foreign ports during the year under review, 14 were bound for the United Kingdom, 3 for Ceylon, 3 for Mauritius, 1 for the Maldives, 2 for New York, 4 for Trinidad, 1 for Barcelona, and 1 for Réunion. Those for the United Kingdom, New York and Barcelona, numbering in all 17, carried jute, while the remaining 12 carried rice. The number of vessels that cleared during the previous year with jute was 19, and with rice 17.

Foreign trade.

3. The total value of the foreign trade during the year was Rs. 88,31,389, of which only Rs. 4,29,849 were under imports. The nature of the trade will appear from the following statement, which shows a decrease, compared with the previous year, of Rs. 6,22,503 :—

	1891-92.		1892-93.		INCREASE.		DECREASE.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Exports.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Rice ... ... Cwt.	265,487	12,46,467	172,321	9,08,839	......	......	93,166	3,36,628
Jute ... ... "	934,053	76,10,334	950,993	74,37,597	16,940	......	......	1,72,757
Tea ... ... lb.	197,464	1,07,711	103,368	52,443	......	......	94,096	55,268
Tobacco	10,086	1,328	10,168	1,482	82	154	......	......
All other articles of merchandise.	......	3,441	......	1,179	......	......	......	2,262
Total ...	......	89,68,301	......	84,01,540	......	154	......	5,66,761
Imports.								
Oils	......	3,21,449	......	1,08,001	......	......	......	2,13,448
Salt ... ... Tons	7,336	1,45,271	14,205	2,83,130	......	137,859	......	......
All other articles	......	18,871	......	38,718	......	19,847	......	......
Total ...	......	4,85,591	......	4,29,849	......	......	......	55,742
Total Foreign Trade ...	......	94,53,892	......	88,31,389	......	......	......	6,22,503

Coasting trade.

4. In the coasting trade, both the exports and the imports decreased, the total decrease as compared with the previous year amounting to Rs. 13,22,583.

The details of this trade are given in the following statement:—

EXPORTS.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Apparel, &c.	17,795	24,423	6,628	......
Caoutchouc	75	1	......	74
Cotton, raw	4,57,434	5,81,129	1,23,695	......
Feathers	34,875	10,480	......	24,395
Grain, paddy	4,99,053	3,06,846	......	1,92,207
Rice	12,28,161	3,11,160	......	9,17,001
Other sorts	5,371	1,084	......	4,287
Hides and skins	2,41,058	2,29,145	......	11,913
Ivory	19,895	16,496	......	3,399
Metals	6,542	8,586	2,044	......
Oils	32,083	64,887	32,804	......
Provisions	1,29,299	2,23,859	94,560	......
Salt	2,32,138	1,65,424	......	66,714
Spices	62,370	2,731	......	59,639
Tea	5,04,870	5,07,774	2,904	......
Tobacco	1,164	7,230	6,066	......
All other articles of merchandise	6,25,383	4,14,489	......	2,10,894
Treasure	6,59,950	8,11,652	1,51,502	......
TOTAL ...	47,57,516	36,87,196	4,20,203	14,90,523

Imports.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Apparel, &c.	1,90,475	2,31,055	40,580	......
Books	22,207	13,186	......	9,021
Cotton twist and yarn	33,493	77,494	44,001	......
Piece-goods	15,46,348	12,60,325	...	2,86,023
Grain, paddy	280	39,730	39,450	......
Rice	63,199	90,282	27,083	......
Other sorts	62,747	87,521	24,774	......
Cutch and gambier	12,834	13,796	962	......
Hardware and cutlery	82,807	83,126	319	......
Gunny-bags	1,28,949	1,01,314	......	27,635
Jute	68,75,760	65,95,425	......	2,80,335
Liquors	24,468	29,002	4,534	......
Metals	92,207	67,480	......	24,727
Oils	1,29,289	1,22,708	......	6,581
Provisions	1,56,004	2,11,040	55,036	......
Seeds	31,805	64,436	32,631	......
Silk, raw	1,380	18,720	17,340	......
Spices	21,706	96,455	74,749	......
Sugar	1,66,160	1,86,807	20,647	......
Tobacco	93,418	81,340	......	12,078
Wood	22,777	40,044	17,267	......
Wood manufacture	2,909	4,434	1,525	......
All other articles of merchandise ...	2,44,791	3,01,905	57,114	......
Treasure	88,775	24,900	......	63,875
Total ...	1,00,94,788	98,42,525	4,58,012	7,10,275
Total coasting trade ...	1,48,52,304	1,35,29,721	......	13,22,583

5. The quantity of jute shipped at Chittagong during the year under review was 47,549 tons, against 46,203 tons in the previous year.

Jute trade.

6. The quantity of grain, including rice, exported during the year amounted to 18,699 tons, showing a decrease of 19,676 tons, as compared with that of the previous year. The decrease is principally due to the price of rice on the local market having been very high, which restricted shipments. Of the quantity exported, 10,083 tons went to home ports, and 8,616 tons to foreign ports. The grain exported to home ports consisted chiefly of rice, paddy and pulse. The average value of the rice exported to foreign ports was Rs. 5·2 per cwt.

Grain trade.

7. The total quantity of tea exported amounted to 1,078,457lbs., being 1,83,717lbs. less than that of the previous year. The amount exported to foreign ports was 103,368lbs., showing a decrease of 94,096lbs. as compared with that of last year.

Tea trade.

8. The quantity of salt imported during the year was 1,4205 tons, showing an increase of 6,469 tons on that of the previous year. The increase is due to a larger importation on account of the smallness of the stock at the commencement of the year. The salt transported to Narainganj was less than that of the previous year, as larger supplies were brought from Calcutta, where the market was cheaper.

Salt trade.

9. The imports of oil from foreign ports decreased in value by Rs. 2,13,448, and those from home ports by Rs. 6,581. The total value of oil imported was Rs. 2,30,709, while the value of the exports amounted to Rs. 64,887 only. The total value of mineral oil imported was Rs. 1,33,199.

Oils.

10. The value of piece-goods imported from home ports shows a decrease of Rs. 2,86,023. The value of sugar rose by Rs. 20,647.

Piece-goods and other articles imported from home ports.

Cotton, oils, &c., exported to home ports.

11. Amongst the articles exported to home ports, cotton, oils and provisions show increases of Rs. 1,23,695, Rs. 32,804, and Rs. 94,560, respectively. Salt and spices, however, show decreases of Rs. 66,714 and Rs. 59,639. The decrease in the value of salt has already been noticed. The fall in the value of spices was due to smaller shipments of chillies, consequent on the partial failure of the crop in Chittagong.

Port appliances.

12. The appliances of the port are reported to have been kept in good order during the year. The depth of water in Track No. II increased by one foot, and that in Track No. IV and Track No. V by two feet, while the depths in Track No. I and Track No. III decreased by six inches and three feet respectively. The state of the river was on the whole satisfactory.

Lights and fog-signals.

13. It is stated that the lights and fog-signals of almost all native-vessels were inspected during the year. No reason is, however, given for omitting the vessels which were not examined.

Earnings and expenditure of the steam tug *Gekko*.

14. The circumstances under which the Commissioners considered the purchase of a steam-tug for the Port necessary are fully recounted in the report. They are shortly that it was the only practicable way in which the presence of a steam-tug at the Port throughout the year could be ensured. The earnings and expenditure of the steam tug *Gekko* from the 1st July 1892 to the 30th June 1893 are given in the subjoined statement:—

Receipts.	Rs. A. P.	Expenditure.	Rs. A. P.
Earnings	9,744 2 0	Cost of coal	7,242 12 3
		Stores	756 0 0
		Establishment ...	5,214 8 5
		Miscellaneous... ...	774 3 9
		Interest on loan paid ...	9,747 7 8
		Total ...	23,735 0 1
		Deduct earnings ...	9,744 2 0
			13,990 14 1
		Deduct savings effected by the tug	8,000 0 0
		Net expenditure ...	5,990 14 1

Health of the shipping.

15. The health of the shipping was good compared with that of the previous year. Thirty-seven seamen were admitted into hospital, against 41 in the year before. Of this number 33 were discharged, 1 relieved, and 3 died of cholera. The number of deaths among seamen from cholera was 4 in all. There were no cases of scurvy or disease arising from bad or insufficient food.

Light-houses.

16. The Norman's Point Light-house was visited by the Vice-Chairman of the Commissioners several times during the year, and found to be in good order. A first order dioptric revolving light was erected at Kutubdia on the 1st of January last, and is working fairly well.

Pilotage.

17. The state of the Pilotage Fund is shown in the subjoined table:—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Balance at debit on the 31st March 1892	1,526 6 7½	Disbursements during the year 1892-93	9,551 8 4
Receipts during the year 1892-93	15,040 6 6	Balance on the 31st March 1893	3,962 7 6½
Net receipts ...	13,513 15 10½	Total ...	13,513 15 10½

Nothing is stated in the report about the working of the Pilot Service during the year under review. In the absence of any report to the Government about casualties occurring to ships in charge of pilots, it is presumed that there were no accidents. But the report should have contained definite information on this point. The attention of the Commissioners will be drawn to this matter.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. W. ODLING,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

REDISTRIBUTION OF THE TONNAGE OF THE HOOGHLY PILOT SERVICE.

No. 2178Marine.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 18th September 1893.

Hooghly Pilot Service.

Resolution.—The tonnage scale under which ships are at present distributed to the various grades of pilots was laid down in Resolution No. 2174Marine of the 28th August 1891. The object of the scale was to reserve ships of large tonnage for the more experienced pilots, and also to secure, as far as possible, an average income to each pilot proportionate to his standing in the service. For the five years 1888 to 1892, these objects were substantially attained, but numerous memorials have lately been received from mate pilots showing that, during the last six months, their income has seriously fallen off. The Port Officer has recommended that the limits of tonnage for each grade now in force shall be revised. The Lieutenant-Governor having fully considered this recommendation, has decided that the following scale shall be observed till further orders:—

Branch Pilots	Above 2,800 tons.
Senior Master Pilots	From 1,601 to 2,800 tons.
Junior ditto	„ 1,601 to 2,200 „
Mate Pilots	Up to 1,600 tons.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Port Officer, Calcutta, for information and guidance.

Ordered also that a copy of this Resolution be submitted to the Government of India, in the Department of Finance and Commerce, for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. W. ODLING,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

EXCAVATION OF A TANK AT NOWGONG BY THE RANEES OF DUBALHATI.

No. 129T.M., dated Darjeeling, the 16th September 1893.

From—J. A. BOURDILLON, Esq., Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department,

To—The Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division.

WITH reference to the correspondence ending with your memorandum No. 64 P.W., dated the 2nd September 1893, regarding the offer made by Ranees Shyama Sundari and Uma Sundari Chowdhuranis of Dubalhati, to excavate, at a cost of Rs. 2,000, a tank near the Court-house at Nowgong, for the benefit of the public, and to call it the "Elliott Tank" in commemoration of Sir Charles Elliott's visit to that place, I am directed to request that you will be so good as to convey to the Ranees the Lieutenant-Governor's acknowledgment of their liberality. This letter will be published in the *Calcutta Gazette.*

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 16th September, 1893.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.			
Burdwan Divn.			
1	Burdwan Sept. 16, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	4·75 3·85 3·80 5·39	Copious rain during the early part of the week; weather has since become hot and sultry. The rain has improved prospects considerably. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 13 per rupee. Kalna ... ... 9 to 13 per rupee. Katwa ... ... 12 per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 12 per rupee.
2	Bankura „ 16, '93 Vishnupur ...	5·83 6·71	Weather—overcast and rainy with high wind in the beginning of the week and clear in the end. Prospects good. *Aus* is being harvested with good outturn. The late rain has done much good to the upland paddy. Common rice selling at 11 seers 6 chitaks per rupee at Bankura and 12 seers at Vishnupur.
3	Birbhum „ 16, '93 Rampur Hát ...	4·68 4·01	Weather—cylonic with heavy rain. The rain has benefited the crops on high land. Common rice sells at from 12 to 14 seers per rupee.
4	Midnapore „ 16, '93	5·05	Weather—cyclonic. Prospects continue hopeful. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 per rupee. Contai ... ... 12 to 14 per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 11 per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 10 per rupee.
5	Hooghly „ 16, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	4·88 6·38 11·41	Weather—cool, but continues to be cloudy. The recent rain has done good to the standing *aman*, but the Subdivisional Officer, Jahanabad, apprehends damage owing to incessant rain, and harvesting of *aus* is therefore at a standstill. Jute steeping continues. Sugarcane doing well. Water and fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 10¾ to 12 per rupee.
6	Howrah „ 16, '93 Ulubaria ...	5·78 4·53	Weather—abnormally wet during the first portion of the week. *Aman* paddy submerged in Bagnan and Amta thanas. In other places transplanting is being carried on, and this crop has benefited by the late rain. *Bhadoi* paddy in Ulubaria subdivision damaged to a certain extent. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply ample. Price of rice 10 seers per rupee.
Presidency Divn.			
7	24-Parganas „ 16, '93	6·19	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* and jute and transplantation of *aman* nearly over. Prospects of crops fair on the whole, but poor in the thana of Bankipore. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 per rupee. Diamond Harbour ... ... 11 per rupee. Basirhat ... ... 10 per rupee. Barasat ... ... 10 per rupee.
8	Nadia „ 16, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	3·74 4·91 2·72 3·47 6·32	Weather—cloudy. Prospects of *aman* rice and other standing crops fair, except in Kushtia subdivision. Lands being prepared for winter crops. Prices stationary.
9	Khulna „ 16, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	6·91 6·05 2·99	Weather—hot with heavy showers; stormy at the beginning of the week. Harvesting of *aus* and transplantation of paddy nearly complete.
10	Jessore „ 16, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	6·50 4·44 3·11 6·79 3·83	Weather—cloudy, rainy and windy. Harvesting of *aus* nearly completed. Steeping and extracting of jute still going on. The rainfall of the week has done some good to the standing *aman* crop. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices have slightly risen.
11	Murshidabad „ 16, '93	1·85	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *bhadoi* pulses going on. Present state of winter rice appears good. Jute and mulberry are still being cut in some places. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 11½ seers per rupee.

No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*				
CHITTAGONG DIVN.				
12	Chittagong	...	...	Report not received.
13	Noakhali	„ 16, '93	3·82	Weather—seasonable. Average outturn of *aus* crop is reported to be seven annas. Transplantation of *aman* still continues. State and prospects of crops fair. Fodder still insufficient. Cattle-disease reported from four thanas. Water available. Price of common rice stationary.
14	Tippera	„ 16, '93	3·33	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospect of *aman* crop has not yet much improved, though with the gradual subsidence of water it may be better hereafter. Common rice selling at 8 seers per rupee.
15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	„ 15, '93	4·83	Weather—sultry and cloudy with light showers. Harvesting of *aus* paddy almost over. Very small quantity of vegetables in the bazar. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice selling at 8 seers per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.				
16	Dacca	„ 16, '93	2·41	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional rain. *Rowa* and *shail* paddy being sown. Harvesting of jute going on and that of *aus* nearly finished. Prospects of *aman* fair. Water subsiding. Common rice selling from 7 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder not sufficiently available. No cattle-disease.
17	Faridpur	„ 16, '93	1·77	Weather—seasonable. Condition of crops unchanged. Water subsiding again. Common rice sells at 8½ to 9 seers per rupee, but imports seem to be ample. Cattle in want of fodder in some places. Cattle-disease in Palong thana.
	Goalundo	...	2·19	
	Madaripur	...	2·86	
18	Backergunge	„ 16, '93	2·23	Weather—cyclonic during the first part of the week and fair in the latter part. State and prospects of *aman* crops fair except in Gaurnadi and Sarupkati, where it has been damaged by flood. Price of common rice varies from 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	Pirojpur	...	6·99	
	Patuakhali	...	3·30	
	Bhola	...	2·16	
19	Mymensingh	„ 16, '93	0·61	Weather—hot; high wind from east during the first part of the week; latter part rainy and cloudy. Flood is subsiding. Transplantation of *aman* going on rapidly. Prospects of standing crops fair. Jute is still being cut. Common rice selling at 8 seers per rupee. Health of cattle good. Fodder available.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.				
20	Dinajpur	„ 16, '93	4·83	Weather—seasonable. Heavy rain on night of 15th. Prospects favourable. Transplantation of paddy approaching completion. Washing of jute continues. Price of rice unchanged. Fodder and drinking water ample.
	Thakurgaon	...	0·88	
21	Rajshahi	„ 16, '93	3·19	Weather—showery and seasonable. Condition of standing crops everywhere good; in the Barind it is excellent. Outturn of *aus* will scarcely be in excess of 8 annas. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water-supply ample. Price of rice varies from 9 to 12 seers per rupee.
	Nator	...	3·35	
	Naugaon	...	1·43	
22	Rangpur	„ 16, '93	0·26	Weather—wet and rainy. Rain has done immense good to the standing crops. Prospects continue favourable. Jute cutting and steeping continue. Prices of rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 to 12 per rupee. Kurigram ... ... 9 to 12 per rupee. Gaibanda ... ... 9 to 12 per rupee. Nilphamari ... ... 10 per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water sufficient.
	Gaibanda	...	3·10	
	Kurigaon	...	0·64	
	Nilphamari	...	0·34	
23	Bogra	„ 16, '93	0·80	Weather—unsettled. Transplantation of *aman* practically finished. Prospects good. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	Sherpur	...	1·86	
	Naukhila	...	1·77	
24	Pabna	„ 16, '93	3·06	Weather—hot and cloudy. Cutting of *aus* paddy finished. Harvesting of jute nearly finished. State of standing crops on the whole fair. Common rice sells at 8 seers per rupee at Sirajganj and 8½ seers at Pabna. Fodder is not easily available at Mathura; elsewhere sufficient.
25	Darjeeling	„ 16, '93	2·95	Weather—seasonable. *In the hills:—Bhutta, chota marua, bhadoi* and potatoes being harvested. *Bara marua* and *aghani* paddy progressing favourably. *Kalai dál* coming up. *Phaphur* being planted. *In the Terai:*—Jute steeping and harvesting of *bhadoi* continue. *Haimanti* paddy promises well. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 per rupee. Terai ... ... 10 per rupee.
	Siliguri	...	2·85	
26	Jalpaiguri	„ 16, '93	2·86	Weather—hot and cloudy. Harvesting of *bhadoi* paddy completed. Transplanting of winter paddy almost completed. More rain wanted. Prospects favourable. Common rice sells at— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 per rupee. Alipur ... ... 9 to 10 per rupee. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. No cattle-disease.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
Bhagalpur Divn.			
27	Monghyr Sept. 16, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	0·91 2·23 3·25	Weather—cool, cloudy and stormy. *Marwa* being harvested. Lands under preparation for *rabi*. Winter rice and sugarcane in excellent condition. *Kurthi* sowing nearly finished. Cattle-disease at Bakhtiarpur and Kharakpur. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 15 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 13¼ } Jamui ... ... 12 }
28	Bhagalpur „ 16, '93 Banka Madhipura ... Supaul ...	2·38 5·43 0·35 0·75	Weather—cloudy and hot. Transplanting of winter rice finished. *Kurthi*, *kalai* and castor are being sown, and indigo sowing has been commenced in the Sadar subdivision. Rain has done good to winter rice and other standing crops. Common rice 13 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
29	Purnea „ 16, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	0·67 0·24 2·48	Weather—showery. Prospects of *aghani* very good except in Kishanganj, where rain wanted. Prices stationary.
30	Malda „ 16, '93	1·40	Weather—cloudy with occasional light showers. Winter rice thriving. Sowing of *kalai* pulse continues. Lands are being prepared for *rabi* crops. Common rice selling at from 11 to 15 seers per rupee. No want of fodder or drinking water.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 16, '93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara .. Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	3·05 5·54 1·59 5·07 5·89 1·82	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects of all crops good. More rain wanted in parts of Rajmahal. Water and fodder plentiful.
Patna Division.			
32	Patna „ 16, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapore ...	0·13 2·90 2·05 0·91	Weather—not very hot with occasional showers. Prospects of the rice crop are generally excellent. More rain needed along the north of the district. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } per rupee. Barh ... ... 12¾ } Bihar ... ... 15 } Dinapore ... ... 13 }
33	Gaya „ 16, '93 Nawada ... Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ...	2·50 2·56 4·67 3·75	Weather—stormy early in the week; warm and damp since. *Bhadoi* harvest and transplantation of paddy over. Outturn of former very poor. Prospects of paddy very good, being much improved by late rain. Prices slightly lower. Fodder and water-supply ample.
34	Shahabad „ 16, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	0·32 1·72 1·95 3·37	Weather—unsettled: cloudy with frequent showers. The rainfall in the south of the district has been excessive, and some damage has been done to the young *kharif* paddy. Elsewhere the weather continues most favourable. *Bhadoi* harvest is in full swing, and generally the crops will be little, if at all, below the average.
35	Darbhanga „ 16, '93 Madhubani ... Samastipur ...	0·10 1·61 2·40	Weather—hot and sometimes cloudy. Harvesting of *bhadoi* not affected by floods is going on. Retransplanting of rice is being vigorously pushed on where possible, and the plants are doing well. Rain is, however, much wanted, especially in the Madhubani subdivision. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Price of common rice is 14¼ seers per rupee. Prices show a slight tendency to fall.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 16, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	0·68 0·67 0·39	Weather—cloudy. Retransplanting of paddy going on in Sitamarhi. Harvesting of *bhadoi* crops in progress; outturn poor. Rain wanted for *aghani*. No cattle-disease. Fodder sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—*concld.*			
37	Saran Sept. 16, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	0·14 1·01 1·32	Weather—bright at first; stormy and cloudy on two days. Bright again. Cloudy to-day (16th). East wind prevailing. Harvesting of *bhadoi* crops coming to a close. Yield of *makai* likely to be 12 annas in Sadar and Siwan. Paddy in many places wants rain. Where it has been possible to carry water from flooded rivers, prospects excellent. At Gopalganj weather favourable for crops. Fodder sufficient, as also water, except for irrigation, in some places. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Chapra ... ... 14 8 } Siwan ... ... 13 10 } per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 16 0 }
38	Champaran „ 16, '93	0·03	Weather—cooler. *Saro* paddy and *kodo* are being reaped. *Aghani* paddy in good condition. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack „ 16, '93	4·30	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. *Beali* is being reaped and gathered. Transplantation of *sarad* in progress. Fodder-supply sufficient. Price of common rice unchanged except in Kendrapara, where it sells at 13 seers 10 chitaks to 21 seers per rupee.
40	Puri „ 14, '93	11·20	Weather—rainy. Rainfall quite sufficient for the time being. *Biali* being reaped. *Sarad* being weeded. Miscellaneous crops doing well. General prospects good. Common rice sells at from 12 seers 8 chitaks to 14 seers 7 chitaks per rupee in the Sadar subdivision.
41	Balasore „ 16, '93	6·72	Weather—cloudy and showery. Transplantation almost finished. Good rain throughout the week. A report of some local damage by insects, not serious. A break in the rains would now be beneficial. 12 annas crop expected, and rain is not required till end of this month. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Balasore ... ... { New 18 } { Old 16 } per rupee. Bhadrak ... ... 15 }
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh Sept. 14, '93 Giridi ...	2·67 7·98	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of winter rice very good. Sugarcane promising. Pulses and oil-seeds being sown. Fodder and water abundant. Prices stationary.
43	Lohardaga „ 16, '93	10·91	Weather—hot and cloudy. Reaping of *gora* paddy continues. Prospect of winter rice good. Common rice selling at 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau ...	...	Report not received.
45	Singhbhum „ 16, '93	4·95	Weather—seasonable. *Bhadoi* crops still being reaped; a 12 to 16-anna outturn expected. Winter rice doing exceedingly well. Price of com[illegible] rice ranges from 10 to 12 seers per rupee. No cattle-disease reported.
46	Manbhum „ 16, '93 Gobindpur ...	5·35 6·68	Weather—showery. Sunshine from yesterday (15th) which is much wanted. In Gobindpur subdivision and also in parts of Sadar subdivision, prospects of crops are not bright on account of heavy rain. Prices stationary.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 19*th September*, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*RETAIL*) OF FOOD-GRAINS, FIREWOOD AND SALT IN THE HEAD-QUARTERS STATION BAZARS OF THE DISTRICTS OF BENGAL DURING THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 15TH SEPTEMBER 1893.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	Division	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (*Sorghum Vulgare.*) Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
		BENGAL.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
1	Burdwan Division.	Burdwan ...	13 0	13 6	12 15	...	...	...	9 0	9 8	9 0	11 4	11 4	12 0	...	...	...
2		Bankura ...	14 3	14 3	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 10	10 0	11 6	13-5-2	11 4	...	...	...
3		Birbhum ...	12 0	12 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 8	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
4		Midnapore ...	11 0	11 0	10 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	11 9	11 14	11 8	...	...	...
5		Hooghly ...	13 14	13 15	12 0	17 0	17 0	14 0	9 0	8 0	8 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
6		Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	8 14	11 6	11 6	12 12	...	...	...
	Presidency Division.	Calcutta ...	12 7	12 7	11 2	16 13	16 13	14 8	7 4	7 4	8 2	9 12	9 12	10 10	19 0	19 0	15 2
7		24-Parganas ...	11 12	11 12	11 8	16 0	20 0	16 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	10 12	10 12	11 0	...	...	...
8		Nadia ...	14 8	14 8	12 0	...	...	20 0	9 3	9 0	10 0	11 0	10 13	11 7	...	...	...
9		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	9 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	11 0	...	...	...
10		Jessore ...	11 8	11 8	11 0	13 0	13 0	...	8 8	8 8	9 8	10 4	10 0	13 0	...	...	...
11		Murshidabad ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	11 8	11 8	12 0	...	...	...
12	Chittagong Division.	Chittagong ...	10 0	10 0	9 12	...	...	...	8 12	8 8	7 8	10 8	10 0	9 8	...	...	...
13		Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 0	7 4	10 0	8 0 to 8 8	8 0 to 9 0	11 0	...	...	...
14		Tippera ...	9 8	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	8 8	8 0	7 10	10 0	...	...	...
15		Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 14	8 14	...	...	...
16	Dacca Division.	Dacca ...	11 0	11 0	10 8	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	9 8	8 0	8 0	10 0	...	...	...
17		Faridpur ...	15 0	15 0	10 0	18 0	18 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	*9 0	9 0	12 0	...	...	...
18		Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 0	8 2	8 4	10 8	...	...	...
19		Mymensingh ...	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	9 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	...	...	...
20	Rajshahi Division	Dinajpur ...	12 0	13 0	10 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	9 0	9 0	9 10	12 0	12 0	Bhadoi 15 10	...	...	...
21		Rajshahi ...	15 0	15 12	12 0	No sale.	24 0	19 8	8 4	8 4	9 0	10 2	10 8	11 4	...	...	...
22		Rangpur ...	13 8	13 15	11 4	...	...	...	9 2	10 0	8 0	10 5	11 0	10 11	...	...	...

*At Madaripur common rice 8½ seers per rupee.

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 10½ seers, and Raniganj 11 seers.
B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Contai 10 seers, Tamluk 11 seers, and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks.
E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Serampore (at Bhadreswar) 11 seers 6 chitaks and Jahanabad 10 seers 10 chitaks.
F At Ulubaria the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
G In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Chetla Hát 11 seers 7 chitaks, Baduria 11 seers, Magrahát 10 seers 10 chitaks.
H In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kushtia (at Bahadurkhali) 10½ seers, Chuadanga 10 seers, Meherpur 11 seers, and Ranaghat 10½ seers.
I In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bagerhat 8 seers and Satkhira 10 seers 10 chitaks.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	11 0	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay, or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Ch	S. Ch.
...	...	...	20 0	20 [illegible]	[illegible]
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 0
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	14 0
...	...	...	14 8	14 8	13 0
...	...	...	16 8	16 10	14 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
8 6	8 6	10 0	14 0	14 0	14 0
8 0	8 0	7 0	20 0	20 0	14 0
...	...	...	22 10	22 10	16 0
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0
...	...	...	17 0	17 0	14 8
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	16 0
...	...	...	11 8	10 8	11 4
...	...	...	11 8	11 8	9 0
...	...	...	11 8	11 8	12 5
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	14 0
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	[illegible] 0
...	...	...	12 8	13 5	13 3
...	...	...	12 8	12 8	12 8
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	12 0
...	...	...	21 0	19 8	15 12
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 0

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th September, 1893.

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*) Present return.	Indian-corn: Next preceding return.	Indian-corn: Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus Indicus.*) Present return.	Arhar: Next preceding return.	Arhar: Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Firewood: Next preceding return.	Firewood: Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Salt: Next preceding return.	Salt: Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Wholesale Salt: Next preceding return.	Wholesale Salt: Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	Division
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	BENGAL.		
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	18 0	98 0	108 0	108 0	A 11 4	11 8	12 0	3 9 0	3 8 0	3 5 4½	Burdwan.	1	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	13 6	13 6	16 0	280 0	280 0	320 0	B 10-10-2	10-10.2	10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Bankura.	2	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	11 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	C 11	11 0	10 12	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 12 6	Birbhum.		Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	240 0	D 10 12	10 12	11 8	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 8 0	Midnapore.	4	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	11 8	11 7	11 8	160 0	160 0	120 0	E 11 6	11 6	10 10	3 5 0	3 5 0	3 8 0	Hooghly.	5	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	12 0	12 8	10 10	105 0	105 0	106 0	F 10 10	10 10	10 10⅜	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	Howrah.	6	Burdwan Division.
19 6	19 6	16 0	18 4	18 4	15 0	85 0	85 0	85 0	11 0	11 0	11 4	3 8 0	3 9 0	3 4 6	Calcutta.		Presidency Division.
16 0	16 0	...	20 0	20 0	18 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	G 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 5 0	24-Parganas.	7	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	24 8	24 8	17 12½	128 0	128 0	...	H 10 8	10 8	10 10½	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Nadia.	8	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	I 9 0	9 2	9 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	Khulna.	9	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	15 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	J 9 14	9 14	9 12	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Jessore.	10	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	K 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 7 0	Murshidabad.	11	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	80 0	80 0	110 0	L 10 0	9 8	10 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	Chittagong.	12	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	M 9 2	9 0	9 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	4 0 0	Noakhali.	13	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	7 6	7 6	7 10	...	...	...	N 10 0	10 4	10 13½	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	Tippera.	14	Chittagong Division.
No. in cobs. 300	300	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	16 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	O 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	Dacca.	16	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P 10 4	10 4	10 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	Faridpur.	17	Dacca Division.
10 0	Mug. 10 0	10 0	Musuri. 8 0	8 0	7 8	80 0	80 0	80 0	Q 10 12	10 8	10 10	3 8 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Backergunge.	18	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	R 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	Mymensingh.	19	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	10 0	...	14 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	10 0	10 0	10 4	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	Dinajpur.	20	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	16 8	240 0	240 0	240 0	S 9 9	9 9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 8	3 10 8	Rajshahi.	21	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	11 4	11 3	9 0	53 0	70 0	80 0	T 10 8	12 0	10 0	3 12 0	3 5 4	4 0 0	Rangpur.	22	Rajshahi Division.

J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jhenida 10 seers, Narail 9 seers 10 chitaks, and Bangaon 10 seers 11 chitaks.
K In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jangipur 10¼ seers and Kandi 10½ seers.
L At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
M At Fenny Hát the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
N In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Chandpur 9 seers and Brahmanbaria 9 seers 2 chitaks.
O At Manikganj the retail price of salt is 9 seers 13 chitaks per rupee.
P In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupe are :—Madaripur 10 seers and Goalundo 10 seers.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 10¼ seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 9 seers.
R In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jamalpur 9 seers 7 chitaks, Kagmari 10 seers, Kishorganj 8 seers, and Netrakona 10 seers.
S In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nator 9 seers and Naugaon 9 seers 9 chitaks.
T In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kurigaon 8 seers, Nilphamari 10 seers, and Gaibanda 10 seer

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters

Division	Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN — WHEAT. Present return.	WHEAT. Next preceding return.	WHEAT. Corresponding return of last year.	BARLEY. Present return.	BARLEY. Next preceding return.	BARLEY. Corresponding return of last year.	RICE, BEST SORT. Present return.	RICE, BEST SORT. Next preceding return.	RICE, BEST SORT. Corresponding return of last year.	RICE, COMMON. Present return.	RICE, COMMON. Next preceding return.	RICE, COMMON. Corresponding return of last year.	JOWAR OR CHOLUM (*Sorghum Vulgare*). Present return.	JOWAR. Next preceding return.	JOWAR. Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL—*continued.*			S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
RAJSHAHI DIVISION —*concld.*	23	Bogra ...	13 5	13 5	12 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	9 12	9 0	9 12	12 0	...	...	...
	24	Pabna	16 8	16 8	13 8	22 8	24 0	...	6 0	6 0	6 14	11 4	9 12	12 12	...	...	...
	25	Darjeeling	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	9 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
	26	Jalpaiguri	13 0	13 0	11 0	13 0	12 0	14 0	7 8	8 0	6 0	12 0	12 0	10 8	...	...	...
BIHAR.																	
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.	27	Monghyr ...	15 12	15 8	13 6	23 1	21 0	13 8	10 8	8 0 to 10 0	9 4	12 0	11 8	11 8	...	...	...
	28	Bhagalpur ...	15 2	15 2	13 14	21 7	21 7	15 2	10 11	10 11	10 1	13 14	13 4	11 6	...	...	...
	29	Purnea (Kasba)	16 0	16 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	11 0	10 0	12 0	14 0	16 0	...	...	...
	30	Malda (English Bazar).	16 0	15 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 8	10 0	9 8	12 8	13 0	14 0	...	...	...
	31	Sonthal Parganas.	11 8	11 8	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 0	14 0	14 0	12 0	...	...	...
PATNA DIVISION.	32	Patna ...	20 0 / 19 0	Red. 19 0 / White. 18 0	15 8 / 15 0	... / 28 0	25 0 to 28 0	21 0	10 0	10 8	10 0	15 0	15 0	14 0	24 0	23 0 to 24 0	21 0
	33	Gaya ...	14 0	14 0	12 0	20 0	20 0	17 0	9 8	9 8	8 8	12 4	13 0	12 0	17 8	17 8	...
	34	Shahabad* ...		13 0	13 0		19 0	17 0		8 0	8 0		12 0	10 0	...	...	...
	35	Darbhanga ...	15 14	13 3	13 3	18 9	20 12	17 10	12 5	12 0	11 0	14 4	14 0	14 13	...	...	...
	36	Muzaffarpur ...	15 0	15 0	13 0	22 0	22 0	20 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	12 12	12 12	12 0	...	...	...
	37	Saran ...	16 0	16 12	14 0	25 0	25 0	21 0	11 8	9 8	8 8	14 8	13 0	11 10	...	...	...
	38	Champaran ...	13 8	13 8	12 8	22 8	22 0	16 0	8 8	8 8	9 0	16 0	15 8	13 8	...	...	...
ORISSA.																	
ORISSA DIVISION.	39	Cuttack ...	11 2	12 7	9 3	...	...	...	10 8	11 0	8 8	13 2	14 7	11 13	...	...	...
	40	Puri ...	9 8	9 8	8 8	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 8	13 0	13 0	10 8	...	...	...
	41	Balasore ...	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	Old 16 0 / New. 18 0	16 0	14 0	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																	
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.	42	Hazaribagh ...	12 0	12 4	11 0	16 0	16 0	13 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	12 0 to 12 8	12 12	13 8	...	...	...
	43	Lohardaga ...	11 0 / 9 0 to 10 0	Red. 10 8 / White. 7 0 to 9 0	9 0 / 7 0 to 8 0	13 0	13 0	11 0	11 0	11 0 to 12 0	12 0	13 0 to 14 0	13 0 to 14 0	13 0	...	...	...
	44	Palamau* ...		12 6	11 13		21 15	20 4		13 8	11 15		14 1	15 12	...	...	...
	45	Singhbhum ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	11 0	12 0	12 0	15 0	...	...	...
	46	Manbhum ...	13 0	13 0	11 8	...	...	16 0	8 0 to 9 0	8 0 to 8 8	10 0	10 0 to 13 0	10 0 to 12 0	11 8	...	...	...

* Present return not received.

U At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 10¾ seers per rupee.
V At Alipur the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
W In the Begusarai and Jamui subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
X In the subdivisions of Banka, Madhipura, and Supaul the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Y In the Kishanganj and Araria subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Deoghur 9½ seers, Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ so Rajmahal 10 seers.
a In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Barh 11 seers, Bihar 10 seers, and Dinapore 9½ seers.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th September, 1893.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	15 8	...	...	20 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	32 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	23 0	...	22 0
...	...	18 0	25 0	20 0	25 4
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	24 1	22 8	30 13
...	...	...	25 0	24 0	25 0
...	...	14 0	26 0	22 0	23 0
...	...	...	26 8	25 8	24 8
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	23 0 to 25 0	24 0	30 0
...	...	...	28 0	26 0	32 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
16 0	...	...	...	...	...

KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET, (*Setaria italica.*)			GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	12 12	15 0	12 0
...	...	...	16 0	16 8	14 0
...	...	...	12 0	11 0	11 0
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 8
16 12	14 0	18 0	23 1	22 0	16 8
...	...	...	20 0	20 3	15 12
...	21 0	21 0	20 0	20 0	13 0
...	13 0	12 0	18 0	18 0	14 8
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 0
21 0	20 0 to 22 0	20 0	27 0	21 0 to 25 0	21 0
18 0	18 0	17 4	20 0	18 12	17 0
...	...	...		20 0	16 0
19 11	19 8	15 6	20 12	19 8	17 14
...	...	...	22 0	22 0	18 0
16 0	16 0	15 0	23 0	23 0	19 8
...	...	...	21 4	21 0	16 0
...	...	...	(Biri or kalai.) 20 5	20 0	16 1
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 5
...	...	...	(Chhola.) 13	12 0	12 0
			(Biri.) 16	16 0	13 0
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 0
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	10 8 to 11 0
...	...	...		21 6	14 1
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0
...	...	...	16 0 to 17 0	16 0 to 17 0	14 0

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th September, 1893—(concluded).

INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE. (*Zea Mays.*)			ARHAR OR THUR, CADJAN PEA. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			WHOLESALE PRICES PER MAUND OF 40 SEERS. SALT.			DISTRICTS.	Number.	
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	BENGAL—*continued.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0	90 0	10 0	9 9	9 12	3 13 4	4 0 0	3 13 4	Bogra.	23	RAJSHAHI DIVISION —*concld.*
...	...	...	22 8	22 8	17 4	200 0	200 0	200 0	[U] 9 12	10 8	9 12	3 11 0	3 10 6	3 11 0	Pabna.	24	
20 0	21 0	20 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	Darjeeling.	25	
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 0	160 0	160 0	200 0	[V] 10 0	10 0	9 8	3 15 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	Jalpaiguri.	26	
															BIHAR.		
23 1	23 0	22 4	25 3	25 0	17 12	132 to 156	160 0	160 0	[W] 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	Monghyr.	27	BHAGALPUR DIVISION.
24 0	24 0	29 0	20 3	22 11	17 10	138 8	151 8	166 12	[X] 10 11	10 8	10 11	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Bhagalpur.	28	
...	...	16 0	20 0	16 0	13 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	[Y] 10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	3 10 0	3 5 0	Purnea.	29	
25 0	30 0	...	12 0	12 0	...	160 0	160 0	120 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Malda.	30	
21 0	21 0	30 0	23 8	23 8	15 0	120 0	140 0	200 0	[Z] 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 12 0	3 13 3	3 10 3	Sonthal Parganas.	31	
22 0	23 0	25 0	27 0	24 0 to 26 0	22 8	130 0	130 0	130 0	[a] 11 0	11 4	11 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.	32	PATNA DIVISION.
21 0	20 0	25 4	22 0	21 0	19 0	140 0 to 160 0	160 0	200 0	[b] 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	Gaya.	33	
	20 0	20 0		20 0	16 0		140 0	140 0		10 8	11 0		3 13 0	3 10 0	Shahabad.	34	
21 14	22 0	24 12	24 1	22 8	18 11	176 0	176 0	176 0	[c] 9 8	10 4	10 0	4 3 8	3 14 6	4 0 0	Darbhanga.	35	
21 0	21 4	30 0	23 0	22 0	18 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	[d] 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	Muzaffarpur.	36	
24 0	20 8	23 13	24 8	24 4	20 4	180 0	180 0	160 0	[e] 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	Saran.	37	
18 8	21 0	24 8	22 4	22 4	17 0	180 0	180 0	160 0	[f] 10 2	10 10	10 8	3 14 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	Champaran.	38	
															ORISSA.		
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	14 7	80 0	80 0	80 0	[g] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.	39	ORISSA DIVISION.
...	...	...	16 0	15 0	13 5	80 0	80 0	80 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	3 5 0	3 6 0	3 4 0	Puri.	40	
...	...	...	10 0	11 0	10 12	86 0	130 0	160 0	[h] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 8 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	Balasore.	41	
															CHOTA NAGPUR.		
18 0	16 0	22 0	17 0	18 0	15 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	[i] 9 0	9 0	9 0	4 8 0	4 4 6	4 4 0	Hazaribagh.	42	CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.
20 0	22 0	Old 22 0 New 32 0	Big. 12 0 Small. 20 0 to 21 0	Big 11 0 Small. 20 0	Big. 11 8 Small. 15 0	160 0	140	1400 to 1600	8 8	8 4	9 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	4 4 0	Lohardaga.	43	
	25 0	32 10	...	...	...	...	...	...		8 7	9 0	...	...	...	Palamau.	44	
16 0	16 0	18 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	Singhbhum.	45	
20 0	18 0 to 19 0	32 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	[j] 10 10	10 10	10 10	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 10 0	Manbhum.	46	

b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jahanabad 10 seers, Aurangabad 10 seers, and Nawada 9 seers.
c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madhubani 11 seers and Samastipur 10 seers.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Hajipur 10½ seers and Sitamarhi 11 seers.
e In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Siwan 10½ seers and Gopalganj (Mirganj) 11 seers 13 chitaks.
f At Bettiah the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
g In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jajpur 10 seers, Kendrapara 9 seers, and Banki 11½ seers.
h At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
i At Giridih the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
j At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*wholesale*) *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Sa*

Number.	MARTS.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice common.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	3 3 9	3 3 3	3 5 3	2 6 0	2 5 6	2 8 0	5 9 0	5 8 0	4 11 3	4 2 0	4 1 6	3 8
2	Sirajganj ...	2 11 0	2 7 0	3 4 0	...	...	...	6 6 0	6 6 0	5 13 0	5 0 0	4 8 0	3 12
3	Dacca ...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	5 12 0	5 12 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 0
4	Narayanganj*	...	...	...	...	...	...		5 8 0	4 0 0		5 0 0	3 12
5	Chittagong	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	...	...	...	4 7 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 12 8	3 14 0	4 1
6	Patna ...	Red. 2 0 0 White. 2 1 6	Red. 2 1 6 White. 2 3 6	Red. 2 9 0 White. 2 10 6	1 6 9	1 9 6	1 14 6	4 0 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	2 10 6	2 10 6	2 13
7	Balasore ...	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	2 3 0	2 8 0	3 0
8	Puri ...	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 11 0	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 5 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 12
9	Cuttack ...	3 12 0	3 2 0	4 6 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 8 0	4 10 0	3 0 0	3 12 0	3 6

* Present return not received.

CALCUTTA,
The 19th September, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND					
JOWAR OR CHOLUM. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)			BAJRA OR CUMBU. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P
2 2 0	2 1 6	2 6 3	...	...	3 2 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 11 0	1 12 0	1 14 6	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

OF 40 SEERS.

Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
...	...	...	4 8 0	4 8 6	3 8 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 10 6	...	1 13 0	1 14 6	2 0 0	2 0 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 15th September, 1893.

Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			Firewood.			Salt.			Marts.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 13 0	2 13 0	2 9 3	2 1 0	2 1 0	2 4 0	2 3 0	2 2 6	2 6 6	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	3 8 0	3 9 0	3 4 6	Calcutta.
2 12 0	3 0 0	2 13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 8 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 7 0	Sirajganj.
2 12 0	2 12 0	2 13 0	...	...	...	2 8 0	2 8 0	2 8 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	Dacca.
	2 12 0	3 12 0	...	...	...		3 0 0	4 0 0		0 6 0	0 8 0		3 10 0	3 8 0	Narayanganj.
3 8 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	Chittagong.
1 7 6	1 14 6	1 14 6	1 13 0	1 12 0	1 9 6	1 7 6	1 10 9	1 12 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.
2 12 0	2 14 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	3 8 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 8 0	2 8 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	2 10 0	2 10 0	3 0 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 5 0	3 6 0	3 4 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 8 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 10 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·678	29·633	—	Calm & Wly.	229	87·7	16th Sept.	72·6	13th Sept.	85·5	78·2	81·9
		Gopalpore ...	29·693	29·654	0	NNW & SW	367	87·2	12 & 13 ,,	73·8	10th ,,	85·2	76·6	80·9
		False Point ...	29·678	29·641	—·023	Sly	343	86·9	15 & 16 ,,	75·1	12th ,,	84·6	77·9	81·3
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·604	29·626	—·028	SWly	89	91·2	10th ,,	73·8	13 & 14 ,,	85·6	77·4	81·5
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·627	29·630	—·032	Variable	149	90·4	10th ,,	75·7	11, 12, 15,,	84·2	76·4	80·4
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·561	29·657	+·024	Ely	138	90·3	10th ,,	75·1	10, 12 13 ,, & 14.	84·9	75·8	80·3
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·710	29·677	+·005	SEly	141	88·6	10th ,,	73·7	13th ,,	84·5	75·9	80·2
		Saugor Island	29·676	29·646	—·022	Variable	370	88·2	16th ,,	77·0	10—12 ,,	84·7	78·0	81·4
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·701	29·696	+·022	SEly	168	91·3	10th ,,	75·2	10 & 14 ,,	86·4	76·6	81·5
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·736	29·716	+·024	SEly	163	91·0	10th ,,	75·9	12th ,,	86·4	77·2	81·8
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29·656	29·698	—·008	SE	134	91·1	10th ,,	75·2	10th ,,	85·7	76·9	81·3
		Raniganj ...	29·402	29·688	+·013	SEly	95	91·7	10 & 16 ,,	72·9	12 & 13 ,,	87·1	74·5*	80·6*
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·397	29·648	—·017	Ely	161	90·1	10th ,,	73·6	12th ,,	84·3	75·8	80·1
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·697	29·712	+·026	E	167	90·6	10th ,,	75·8	14th ,,	86·3	77·1	81·7
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·738	29·734	+·040	Sly	?	90·6	10th ,,	75·2	13 & 14 ,,	87·5	77·4	82·5
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·717	29·730	+·066	SE	81	91·2	10th ,,	74·2	13th ,,	88·7	76·2	82·5
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·690	29·715	+·041	SE	130	90·1	10th ,,	74·6	12—14 ,,	86·7	76·2	81·5
	Malda	Malda ...	29·688	29·721	—	SE	84	91·6	16th ,,	71·5	12th ,,	87·6	77·2	82·4
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·671	29·748	+·058	ENE	67	91·1	10th ,,	75·7	16th ,,	88·0	77·6	82·8
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·671	29·748	+·044	SEly	63*	91·8	10th ,,	76	10, 14, 16,,	88·9	77·3	83·2
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·529	29·767	+·072	NE	44	92·4	10th ,,	74·1	16th ,,	89·3	76·0	82·6
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	23·012	—	+·021	Variable	127	68·1	11th ,,	52·6	12th ,,	64·4	54·6	59·5
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	?	?	—	WNW	90	56·9	12th ,,	31·6	10th ,,	54·1	38·5	46·4
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·726	29·760	+·027	SEly	125	87·2	11 & 16 ,,	74·6	10th ,,	86·0	75·6	80·8
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·753	29·711	+·018	Calm	109	89·8	16th Sept.	75·9	10, 12, 13,,	86·4	77·3	89·8
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·744	29·734	+·028	Variable	220	87·5	11 & 12 ,,	73·8	13th ,,	85·4	77·1	81·3
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·749	29·743	+·043	Ely	135	87·0	16th ,,	75·9	10 & 13 ,,	84·9	77·3	81·1
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·759	29·729	+·028	Variable	154	91·1	10th ,,	76·7	11th ,,	88·3	78·0	83·1
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·764	29·748	+·036	E	105	91·3	10th ,,	68·3	10th ,,	87·4	74·6	81·0
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·735	29·746	+·033	Variable	106	89·7	10th ,,	76·1	14th ,,	88·2	77·7	82·9
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·647	29·725	+·039	Variable	49	91·2	10 & 11 ,,	77·2	12, 13, 14,, & 16.	88·8	78·2	83·5
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·590	29·703	+·035	Ely	77	89·7	11th ,,	75·0	14 & 16 ,,	86·9	76·8	81·9
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·591	29·711	+·024	ENE	168	92·0	11th ,,	76·7	14th ,,	88·0	78·5	83·3
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·574	29·705	—	ESE	205	92·7	11th ,,	76·2	12th ,,	88·9	77·8	82·9
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·524	29·705	+·034	ENE	132	94·2	11 & 12 ,,	74·9	14th ,,	90·6	77·0	83·9
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·560	29·693	+·042	E	180	92·8	11th ,,	77·1	14th ,,	89·2	78·1	83·6
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·357	29·661	—·027	E	237	90·3	11th ,,	75·0†	12th ,,	85·8	77·8†	87·7†
		Buxar ...	29·483	29·676	+·006	E & ENE	239	91·5	12th ,,	75·8	13 & 14 ,,	88·3	77·2	82·8
		Arrah ...	29·531	29·572	+·019	Ely	96	92·4	11th ,,	77·0	14th ,,	89·4	78·6	84·0
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·324	29·652	—·017	E	165	91·4	11th ,,	74·8	12 & 13 ,,	89·3	76·7	83·0
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·553	29·688	+·009	E	238	91·5	11th ,,	77·7	14th ,,	85·4	79·3	83·8
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka	29·242	29·680	+·031	SEly		89·6	10th ,,	74·3	13th ,,	85·2	79·0	80·7
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·707	29·659	—·019	Variable	326	85·2	16th ,,	70·3	12 & 15 ,,	81·8	71·1	75·3
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·575	29·642	—·028	SE	289	84·0	10 & 16 ,,	69·9	15th ,,	79·8	70·3	75·1
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa ...	28·918	29·625	—·022	ESE	29*	89·9	16th ,,	74·7	11 & 12 ,,	87·1*	75·4	81·3*
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·525	29·815	+·066	C & NE		93·1	13th ,,	73·0	10th ,,	90·0	75·5	82·3
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·680	29·740	+·030	Variable	123	88·2	10th ,,	75·8	11th ,,	86·6	77·0	81·5
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·685	29·762	+·026	Calm		96·6	13th ,,	73·8	16th ,,	93·6	76·0	84·9

* Mean of 6 days. | † Mean of 5 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 16th of September 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					Of week.				Rainfall.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th May 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M., temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	District.
—	80·5	89	7·7	11·00		2·87		3·31		6·18			39·74		Puri.
−3·2	79·6	87	5·4	6·17											
−1·9	81·0	87	8·0	8·10											
−2·5	80·1	84	7·9	3·81		2·16		3·07		5·15			39·90		Cuttack.
−2·2	79·9	94	6·9	5·90		2·70		3·34		5·81			46·98		Balasore.
−3·1	79·0	91	6·4	4·56	9·21	2·09	5·50	3·02	11·02	5·26	+5·76	61·43	43·74	+17·69	Midnapore.
−2·8	79·1	93	8·6	6·19	6·48	2·04	5·29	3·09	7·99	5·89	+2·10	57·35	44·89	+12·46	24-Parganas.
−2·5	80·4	92	9·4	10·68											
					9·21	1·81	5·50	3·01	10·39	5·25	+5·14	57·99	42·96	+15·03	Howrah.
					7·58	1·83	5·00	3·01	8·49	4·77	+3·72	56·89	42·42	+14·47	Hooghly
−1·6	80·3	89	8·9	3·74	3·55	2·11	5·40	2·55	4·40	5·11	−0·71	49·98	40·31	+9·67	Nadia.
−2·3	80·4	93	9·1	6·50	5·31	2·43	3·67	3·01	7·09	5·85	+1·24	63·45	46·92	+16·53	Khulna.
					4·54	1·95	3·89	2·48		5·04			41·73		Jessore.
−3·0	79·2	89	8·9	5·03	4·22	2·02	4·50	2·81	5·36	4·84	+0·52	47·54	39·54	+8·00	Burdwan.
−3·2*	77·7	93	6·3	5·39											
−3·9	77·4	95	8·3	5·83	6·01	1·85	5·50	2·76	7·85	5·19	+2·66	55·79	44·36	+11·43	Bankura.
					4·51	2·55	5·00	2·87	6·91	6·61	+0·30	46·45	44·48	+1·97	Birbhum.
−2·2	78·9	95	9·7	1·85	2·39	2·51	3·83	3·06		6·28			49·99		Murshidabad.
−0·6	80·2	99	9·0	1·42	2·24	2·57	3·50	2·60	4·13	6·42	−2·29	62·90	43·45	+19·45	Pabna.
−0·6	80·8	88	8·6	0·70	1·17	2·10	2·50	2·45	2·54	5·76	−3·22	51·44	46·94	+4·50	Bogra.
−1·2	81·3	89	7·0	3·18	1·92	2·32	3·00	2·62	4·15	6·67	−2·52	55·61	43·64	+11·97	Rajshahi.
—	80·4	90	7·9	1·40	0·93	3·24	2·56	2·90	4·53	7·47	−2·94	44·30	45·40	−1·10	Malda.
−0·9	79·9	88	8·3	4·88	1·90	3·27	2·40	2·68	4·87	7·47	−2·60	55·48	48·68	+6·80	Dinajpur.
+0·4	80·3	89	6·9	6·26	0·84	3·11	1·25	2·46	3·89	7·81	−3·92	67·17	62·23	+4·94	Rangpur.
+0·5	80·5	84	7·9	2·40	2·86	5·51	1·00	3·05	10·61	13·53	−2·92	102·02	100·01	+2·01	Jalpaiguri.
					1·81	3·64	1·75	2·87	4·77	11·88	−7·11	92·70	93·16	−0·46	Kuch Bihar.
−1·0	58·1	80	8·3	2·95	1·63	3·80	1·25	3·72	8·73	10·62	−1·89	112·49	107·62	+4·87	Darjeeling.
—	47·4	66	7·7	1·10											Sikkim.
−0·9	81·4	88	7·0	0·91	1·82	2·88	3·50	3·35	4·98	9·29	−4·31	123·27	97·36	+25·91	Chittagong.
					4·82	3·23	5·00	3·80	8·59	7·32	+1·27	95·87	67·88	+27·99	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
−0·3	80·7	89	9·9	2·12	3·75	2·55	4·75	3·14	7·46	6·76	+0·70	74·69	63·01	+11·68	Backergunge
−0·6	80·5	91	3·9	3·82	5·19	3·65	5·00	3·55	6·73	10·32	−3·59	104·79	89·61	+15·18	Noakhali.
−1·6	80·8	90	6·1	1·77		1·85		2·59		5·32			45·98		Faridpur.
−0·9	81·4	88	8·6	2·17	1·74	1·87	3·75	2·39	4·43	6·53	−2·10	57·87	50·53	+7·34	Dacca.
−1·5	79·6	92	7·9	4·11	2·41	2·13	4·75	2·91	4·46	6·89	−2·43	64·27	57·55	+6·72	Tippera.
+0·6	81·4	88	7·4	0·61	1·01	2·72	1·00	3·04	2·87	7·19	−4·32	76·67	56·64	+20·03	Mymensingh.
+0·3	80·8	89	6·1	0·62	1·96	4·45	1·67	3·16	6·67	9·37	−2·70	62·61	55·32	+7·29	Purnea.
−1·6	80·9	88	8·3	2·38	1·46	2·64	2·00	2·25	7·06	5·86	+1·20	42·04	37·09	+4·95	Bhagalpur.
−0·7	81·2	86	5·7	0·10	0·07	2·62	0·33	2·28	2·82	5·84	−3·02		37·06		Darbhanga.
—	81·5	86	5·7	0·03		1·62		2·19		4·97			34·89		Muzaffarpur.
+0·3	81·4	82	5·4	0·03		1·59		2·21		4·77			37·53		Champaran.
−0·2	82·8	81	7·1	0·14		1·97		2·26		4·46			33·99		Saran.
+1·4	80·9	58	2·7	1·51											
−0·9	82·1	81	6·0	0·81		1·94		2·44		4·53			33·17		Shahabad.
−0·8	82·8	84	2·0	0·32											
−1·5	79·2	90	6·1	2·50	1·93	1·91	2·75	2·33	6·08	4·34	+1·74		34·97		Gaya.
−1·4	82·2	84	7·3	0·13	0·14	1·62	0·50	2·40		4·26			34·04		Patna.
					1·10	2·16	2·67	2·63	4·08	5·22	−1·14	39·79	36·50	+3·40	Monghyr.
−1·6	78·5	90	6·6	3·05	2·82	2·06	3·83	2·95	5·26	6·37	−1·11	50·05	42·19	+7·86	Sonthal Parganas.
−2·1	74·3	92	9·7	3·25		2·27		3·32		5·43			42·67		Hazaribagh.
−2·3	73·6	92	7·8	10·91	8·61	2·60	5·50	3·72		6·31			44·19		Lohardaga.
						2·26		3·20		5·30			36·19		Palamau.
−1·4*	78·8	88	9·9	4·95	4·95	2·32	3·00	3·30	7·32	5·69	+1·63	50·94	44·30	+6·64	Singhbhum.
					5·62	2·48	5·00	3·15	9·11	4·95	+4·16	60·98	39·64	+21·34	Manbhum.
−0·3	78·3	93	3·7	1·14											
−0·8	79·1	87	9·3	1·24											Assam.
+1·7	81·3	82	8·1	0·68											

for the last ten ears. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of he sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 16th of September 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 10th.	Monday, 11th.	Tuesday, 12th.	Wednesday, 13th.	Thursday, 14th.	Friday, 15th.	Saturday, 16th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	2·20	0·24	0·12	6·57	1·84	0·03	...	5	11·00	2·54	15·77	5·94	52·59	[illegible]
		Khurda ...	0·14	0·38	0·26	1·57	0·30	0·03				3·30		6·49		[illegible]
		Banpur ...	0·40	0·20	0·30		0·25	0·30				2·51		5·59		[illegible]
		False Point ...	1·92	3·59	1·73	0·58	0·25	0·03	...	5	8·10	3·13	16·68	6·67	74·88	[illegible]
		Gop ...	0·95		1·30		2·15					?		?		
		Satpara ...				1·41						?		?		
		Pipli ...	1·20	0·28	0·50	2·05	1·32					?		?		
		Ranpur ...	1·17	1·13	0·23	0·78	0·13	0·44								
		Kurmala ...	0·23		3·80	1·35										
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore		0·30	0·90	0·95	0·60					1·92		4·19		[illegible]
		Banki ...	...	1·42	0·30	0·59	0·10					2·06		5·65		[illegible]
		Cuttack ...	...	1·33	0·45							2·61		6·14		[illegible]
		Kendrapara ...	0·91	1·20	0·93	0·50	0·08	0·48	0·02	5	4·12	2·05	10·42	4·63	64·35	[illegible]
		Jajpur ...	0·12	1·76	1·16	1·05	0·05	...	...	4	4·14	2·18	9·76	5·17	57·99	[illegible]
		Dharmsala ...	1·10	0·77	0·60							?		?		
		Salipore ...	0·58	0·61	1·00							?		?		
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		
		Nayagarh ...	...	1·00	0·53											
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	0·77	2·51	1·15	1·00	...	0·30				?		?		
		Chandbali ...	0·38	3·75	2·50	0·60	1·05	...	...	5	8·28	2·54	16·72	5·14	59·93	[illegible]
		Bhadrak ...	0·05	5·58	2·80	0·67	0·10	...	...	4	9·20	2·66	11·64	5·67	60·51	[illegible]
		Soro ...	0·40	3·08	1·00		0·50	...	...	4	4·98	2·68	7·03	6·10		[illegible]
		Balasore ...	0·12	4·32	1·75	0·06	0·20	0·04	0·03	4	6·72	2·89	16·20	6·32	73·22	[illegible]
		Jellasore ...	1·62	2·50	1·40	0·50	...	...	...	4	6·02	2·80	70·91	6·19		[illegible]
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore	Baripadah ...										2·61		5·42		[illegible]
		Contai ...	0·26	2·58	3·30	2·99	0·75	0·05	...	5	9·93	2·65	12·21	6·92	61·97	[illegible]
		Tamluk ...	0·73	1·74	6·55	0·90	0·46	...	0·05	5	10·43	2·22	11·07	5·12	58·50	[illegible]
		Midnapore ...	0·62	1·43	1·80	0·62	0·58	...	...	5	5·65	1·86	7·90	4·40	53·86	[illegible]
		Ghatal ...	0·44	1·70	6·91	1·15	0·87	0·23	0·13	7	11·43	1·62	12·47	4·58	57·82	[illegible]
		Kukrahaty ...	0·20	1·98	1·80	0·90	0·06	...	0·30	5	5·22	?	7·46	?	48·63	
		Garhbeta ...	1·24	2·00	4·81	0·95	1·00	...	0·14	6	10·74	?	12·99	?	61·37	
		Panskura ...	0·63	1·52	5·78	0·87	0·64	0·16	...	6	9·60		11·52		48·43	
	24-Parganas ...	Dantoon ...	0·15	1·89	2·87	1·85	0·78	...	...	5	7·54	?	8·38	?	53·62	
		Saugor Island	0·74	6·01	1·33	1·44	1·11	0·05	...	5	10·68	3·41	13·11	7·12	60·56	[illegible]
		Diamond Harbour ...	0·20	2·09	2·04	0·30	0·23	...	...	5	4·86	2·14	6·26	7·11	48·92	[illegible]
		Canning Town	0·25	2·50	1·39	1·11	0·52	0·31	0·19	7	6·17	?	7·63	?	75·46	
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	0·59	1·91	2·59	0·60	0·37	0·22	...	6	6·19	2·09	6·84	6·32	63·79	[illegible]
		Barrackpore...	0·66	3·65	0·85	0·35	0·34	...	...	5	5·85	1·53	7·09	4·32	52·81	[illegible]
		Dum-Dum ...	1·00	3·00	1·60	0·11	0·11	0·30	...	6	6·72	1·66	8·37	5·65	56·38	[illegible]
		Barasat ...	1·40	2·39	1·40	0·58	0·48	...	...	6	6·16	1·78	6·90	5·27	40·36	[illegible]
	Howrah ...	Basirhat ...	...	3·15	0·68	0·16	0·74	0·17	...	5	4·90	1·66	7·34	5·38	62·12	[illegible]
		Howrah ...	0·72	1·61	1·49	0·37	0·19	0·15	...	6	4·53	1·72	5·33	5·71	59·44	[illegible]
		Mohesreka ...	1·75	3·05	8·03	0·87	0·13	0·05	...	5	13·88	1·90	15·43	4·78	56·50	[illegible]
		Ulubaria ...	0·52	2·10	2·64	0·50	...	0·04	...	4	5·80	?	7·22	?	50·34	
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	1·50	2·85	1·98	0·32	0·15	0·11	...	6	6·46	1·53	7·89	4·61	58·06	[illegible]
		Hooghly ...	0·42	2·26	1·89	0·19	0·05	0·07	...	4	4·88	1·67	5·76	4·52	46·82	[illegible]
		Jahanabad ...	0·26	2·55	6·69	1·30	0·61	...	...	5	11·41	2·30	11·82	5·17	61·03	[illegible]
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	0·21	1·58	1·32	0·16	0·20	...	...	5	3·47	1·79	6·90	4·30	52·96	[illegible]
		Krishnagar ...	0·48	1·19	1·35	0·17	0·44	0·11	...	6	3·74	1·71	4·95	4·59	45·08	[illegible]
		Chuadanga ...	0·32	1·06	1·60	0·16	0·33	...	...	5	3·47	2·76	4·21	6·01	49·42	[illegible]
		Meherpore ...	0·40	0·26	1·20	0·06	0·80	0·06	...	4	2·78	1·97	4·00	4·79	46·85	[illegible]
		Kushtia ...	0·55	0·42	2·60	1·10	0·15	0·15	0·30	7	5·27	2·32	5·95	5·84	66·09	[illegible]
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	2·20	0·09	...	0·70	...	...	2	2·99	2·16	3·89	5·03	57·59	[illegible]
		Bagerhat ...	...	3·09	2·43	0·22	0·19	0·09	...	4	6·72	2·57	8·79	6·23	73·97	[illegible]
		Khulna ...	0·12	2·35	2·90	0·17	0·09	1·28	...	5	6·91	2·57	8·56	6·32	58·77	[illegible]
		Nakipur ...		1·40	1·07	0·48	0·20	0·88				?		?		
		Rampal ...	2·50	2·30	1·10	0·30	0·10	...	...	5	6·30	?	8·70	?	82·11	
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·42	2·56	3·09	0·15	0·03	0·04	...	4	6·29	1·55	11·28	4·54	48·88	[illegible]
		Jessore ...	0·23	3·70	2·42	0·08	0·06	0·01	...	3	6·50	1·75	7·28	5·07	49·97	[illegible]
		Jhenidah ...	0·48	0·45	3·06	0·09	...	...	...	3	4·08	2·16	5·57	5·44	46·64	[illegible]
		Magura ...	0·06	0·45	1·70	0·33	...	...	...	3	2·54	1·79	4·01	5·36	50·00	[illegible]
		Bangaon ...	0·15	1·75	1·32	0·16	0·45	0·48	...	6	4·31	2·51		4·82		[illegible]
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	0·62	2·20	0·82	0·21	...	...	...	4	3·85	1·86	4·43	4·07	52·22	[illegible]
		Burdwan ...	0·42	1·68	2·48	0·13	0·32	...	...	5	5·03	2·19	5·86	5·20	51·16	[illegible]
		Katwa ...	0·05	0·64	1·36	0·42	0·14	...	...	4	2·61	2·23	4·25	5·05	39·21	[illegible]
		Raniganj ...	...	0·40	3·62	0·24	0·38	0·75	...	5	5·39	1·82	6·89	5·03	42·12	[illegible]
		Mankur ...	0·07	1·05	5·35	1·40	0·70	0·20	...	5	8·77	?	10·84	?	54·19	
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	0·76	0·47	3·08	0·92	0·12	0·48	...	6	5·83	2·35	7·90	5·28	55·65	[illegible]
		Vishnupur ...	0·72	1·33	3·90	0·48	0·38	...	...	5	6·81	1·45	8·00	5·08	55·95	[illegible]
		Maliara ...	0·30	0·48	3·68	0·70	0·55	0·36	...	6	5·47	1·21	7·61	3·87	46·91	[illegible]
		Khatra ...	0·75	1·05	2·85	1·02	0·27	...	...	5	5·94	2·40	7·89	6·55	68·60	[illegible]
		Indas ...	0·42	0·92	6·18	1·65	0·87	...	...	5	10·04	?	11·31	?	51·09	
		Kotalpur ...	1·19	1·73	6·13	1·19	...	...	...	4	10·24	?	12·09	?	56·60	
		Onda ...	2·15	3·19	1·25	0·30	0·15	...	...	5	7·04	?	8·29	?	55·54	
		Gangajalghati	0·45	0·78	3·50	0·38	0·37	0·46	...	6	5·94	?	7·27	?	51·66	
		Raipur ...	0·85	1·95	3·78	0·32	0·95	...	...	5	7·85	?	10·60	?	66·11	
		Sonamukhi ...	1·72	1·85	4·62	0·40	...	...	...	4	7·99	?	8·66	?	45·87	
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	0·30	0·34	1·65	1·52	0·48	0·39	...	6	4·68	2·53	7·77	6·57	55·80	[illegible]
		Hetampore ...	0·87	0·22	2·90	1·45	0·49	...	...	5	5·93	2·48	6·71	6·29	37·86	[illegible]
		Rampur Hat...	...	0·21	0·75	0·02	1·35	...	...	4	2·93	2·64	6·27	6·97	46·15	[illegible]
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	2·24	...	...	0·25	2	2·49	?	7·93	?	49·86	
		Murari ...	...	...	0·57	0·60	...	...	...	2	1·17	?	3·57	?	54·52	
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·19	0·12	0·98	0·95	2·98	...	...	5	5·22	2·90	6·64	5·85	39·27	[illegible]
		Berhampore ...	...	0·27	0·54	0·32	0·13	0·50	...	5	1·85	2·39	4·21	5·99	56·33	[illegible]
		Lalbagh ...	...	0·10	0·85	0·30	0·29	...	...	4	1·45	2·46	2·86	6·14	56·09	[illegible]
		Azimganj ...	...	...	1·15	0·40	0·20	...	...	3	1·75	2·33		6·26		[illegible]
		Jangipur ...	...	...	0·80	0·40	0·84	0·01	...	3	2·05	2·81	5·40	7·01	62·30	[illegible]
		Lalgola ...	...	...	1·70	0·20	0·10	...	...	3	2·00	2·18	2·60	6·45		[illegible]
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	1·63	0·18	0·58	0·06	...	3	2·45	?	3·42	?	54·94	
		Patkabari ...	0·50	...	0·40	...	...	0·80	...	3	1·70	?		?		
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·77	0·08	1·12	0·70	0·39	...	...	4	3·06	2·72	4·91	7·00	61·46	[illegible]
		Sirajganj ...	0·03	...	0·15	1·14	0·10	...	...	3	1·42	2·42	3·33	5·83	64·24	[illegible]
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	...	...	0·22	1·35	0·07	...	...	2	1·64	1·67	2·20	5·42	48·40	[illegible]
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	0·17	0·40	0·06	...	...	2	0·63	1·75	2·29	4·83	50·95	[illegible]
		Bogra ...	...	...	0·15	0·35	0·20	...	...	3	0·70	2·28	1·53	5·98	58·52	[illegible]
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	0·56	0·40	0·74	...	...	3	1·70	2·68	4·12	6·80	44·87	[illegible]
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	0·05	1·41	0·49	0·87	0·32	0·05	4	3·19	2·57	4·21	6·51	51·80	[illegible]
		Nator ...	0·02	...	0·92	0·49	0·42	...	...	3	1·85	2·06	0·27	7·16	53·72	[illegible]
		Naugaon ...	...	...	0·26	...	0·46	...	...	2	0·72	2·34	1·95	6·33	61·45	[illegible]
		Lalpore ...	...	1·50	1·60	0·10	0·42	...	...	4	3·62	?	4·34	?		
		Manda ...										?		?		

...ement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 16th of September 1893—contd.

...eorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 10th.	Monday, 11th.	Tuesday, 12th.	Wednesday, 13th.	Thursday, 14th.	Friday, 15th.	Saturday, 16th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
...e Bengal—concld.	Malda ...	Maida ...	...	...	0·64	0·44	0·27	...	0·05	3	1·40	2·72	3·58	7·20	40·11	41·82
		Chanchal ...	...	...	0·20	0·25	...	...	...	2	0·45	3·76	5·45	7·73	39·83	48·94
		Gajol ...	...	0·16	0·30	0·45	...	...	0·38	4	1·29	?	2·63	?		?
		Silganj ...	...	...	3·60	0·11	1·28	...	...	3	4·99	?	10·67	?	58·34	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	...	...	0·24	0·41	0·60	...	0·45	4	1·70	2·39	3·46	6·40	47·16	47·60
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	0·57	...	...	0·05	1	0·62	4·25	6·81	9·21	53·05	45·79
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	0·32	...	...	0·92	2	1·24	3·15	4·50	7·61	62·36	50·15
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	0·01	0·04	0·39	...	4·39	2	4·83	3·09	6·86	7·11	54·18	53·87
		Balurghat ...	...	...	0·42	0·15	0·04	...	0·50	3	1·11	3·48	2·71	6·92	54·73	46·00
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	..	...	0·72	...	2·43	2	3·15	?	6·13	?	79·02	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	0·10	0·01	...	...	0·75	2	0·86	2·75	4·23	7·05	61·06	50·70
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·26	1	0·26	3·37	3·85	8·11	60·60	62·92
		Peerganj ...	...	...	0·10	0·05	...	...	0·02	1	0·17	?	1·56	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	0·92	1	1·01	2·86	2·71	7·28	79·89	63·48
		Gobindgunge	...	0·09	0·28	0·13	0·07	...	3·78	3	4·35	?	5·82	?	60·09	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	1·18	1	1·23	3·44	4·74	8·74	66·06	62·52
		Ulipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	1	0·32	?	4·13	?	54·04	?
		Sundergunge...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil		1·84	?		?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	0·01	...	2·85	1	2·86	5·51	10·61	13·53	95·35	98·88
		Alipore Dooar	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·04	1	1·04	?	7·92	?	99·81	?
		Fallacotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·18	1	1·18	?	10·08	?	94·58	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·44	...	2·90	2	3·34	?	6·65	?	81·91	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·88	1	3·88	?		?		?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	0·01	0·04	...	1·45	1	1·50	3·46	3·57	11·02	96·14	80·90
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·20	1	2·20	4·02	4·51	12·90	89·44	101·70
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·65	...	2·03	2	2·68	3·27	6·09	12·75	83·53	93·00
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·25	0·46	3	0·85	3·20	4·89	10·82	106·46	96·97
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·07	1	2·07	6·26	11·68	16·86	182·38	165·03
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·26	1	1·26	2·77	7·20	8·34	98·12	97·01
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·36	1·59	2	2·95	4·20	10·31	11·22	91·16	93·83
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	1	0·25	1·95	5·70	6·01	78·20	74·59
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·67	1	1·67	?	7·63	?	123·74	?
		Pedong ...	...	...	...	...	0·01	0·03	0·11	1	0·15	?	4·47	?	71·22	?
...t Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	0·88	0·66	0·80	0·10	...	...	0·15	5	2·59	2·63	5·03	9·92	137·78	114·55
		Chittagong ...	0·50	...	0·01	0·04	...	0·05	1·44	2	1·04	3·12	4·92	8·64	107·42	89·13
		Kutubdia ...	0·97	0·19	0·35							?				?
		Satkanya ...	1·86	0·05		0·25	0·57	0·15				?		?		?
		Kodala ...												?		
		Fenoa ...														
		Mirsarai ...	1·31	0·08	0·23	0·49	0·11	0·03	0·90	5	3·15	?	6·35	?		
		Chandpur ...	1·20	...	0·03	...	...	0·90								
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·08	0·25	...	0·79	0·80	1·39	1·51	5	4·82	3·23	8·59	7·32	95·87	67·88
		Bundarban ...	...	0·19	0·02	0·35	0·71	0·21	1·40	5	2·88	?	8·09	?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	0·17	1·07	1·52	0·50	0·04	...	...	4	3·30	3·12	6·09	7·91	130·04	72·88
		Pirojpur ...	0·30	2·83	3·16	0·38	0·32	0·42	...	6	7·41	2·17	9·63	6·59	75·04	56·51
		Barisal ...	0·42	0·65	0·96	0·20	...	...	...	4	2·23	2·37	6·27	5·95	70·87	55·51
		Gournaddi ...	1·72	0·45	1·05	0·19	...	0·61	...	5	4·02	?	7·04	?	67·52	?
		Bhola ...	0·52	0·10	0·90	0·35	0·17	...	...	5	2·04	2·54	7·83	6·59	72·71	68·66
		Daulatkhan ...	1·03	...	0·95	0·92	...	...	...	3	2·90	?	5·57	?	79·22	?
		Bauphal ...	0·45	1·85	0·80	0·21	...	...	...	4	3·31	?	5·71	?	72·92	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	1·08	0·09	0·40	2·12	0·04	0·06	0·03	3	3·82	3·80	5·92	10·17	94·30	89·58
		Fenny ...	0·40	1·40	0·75	1·95	1·40	0·55	0·10	7	6·55	3·30	7·54	10·45	115·12	89·63
		Harishpore ...	1·09	...	0·11	0·97						?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	1·84	0·05	0·44	...	0·44					?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	0·31	1·05	0·93	0·21						1·90		4·89		46·42
		Faridpur ...	0·07	0·57	0·96	0·22	0·15	...	...	4	1·77	1·77	4·48	6·15	61·50	47·77
		Goalundo ...	0·32	0·47	1·10	0·30	...	...	...	4	2·19	1·87	4·03	5·52	58·23	43·75
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	0·34	0·77	0·32	0·15	...	...	...	4	1·58	2·37	5·75	7·62	48·73	57·72
		Dacca ...	0·22	1·59	0·35	0·25	...	...	...	4	2·41	2·16	4·16	6·58	54·97	49·65
		Narayanganj...	0·18	0·64	0·18	0·02	0·02	...	...	3	1·04	1·40	3·94	6·32	48·08	52·73
		Manikganj ...	0·10	0·37	1·06	0·37	0·03	...	...	4	1·93	1·56	3·86	5·57	47·64	41·99
		Joydebpore ...	0·27	0·12	0·63	0·14	...	...	...	4	1·16	?	3·59	?	56·35	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	...	0·14	1·90	0·32	0·43	...	...	4	2·79	2·36	3·63	6·73	60·76	50·09
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	1·05	0·75	0·55	0·63	0·10	0·10	0·15	7	3·33	2·22	5·47	6·93	74·02	64·67
		Chandpore ...	0·28	0·34	0·55	...	0·15	...	...	4	2·32	1·51	5·73	6·59	58·75	62·10
		Brahmanbaria	...	0·20	0·60	0·30	...	...	0·18	4	1·18	2·42	2·98	7·28	62·20	50·38
		Ramchandrapore ...										?		?		?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	0·45	0·15	0·55						?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	...	1·53	0·54	...	...	...	...	2	2·06	?	2·06	?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	1·50	...	0·50							?		?		?
	Mymensingh..	Kishorganj ...	...	0·07	...	1·13	...	...	...	1	1·20	2·79	2·53	7·85	82·69	57·66
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	1·55	1·15	...	...	...	2	2·75	2·05	4·32	5·60	63·34	44·96
		Mymensingh...	...	0·02	0·17	0·37	0·04	0·01	...	2	0·61	3·17	3·30	7·60	76·61	60·10
		Jamalpur	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	1	0·15	2·66	1·95	7·75	65·84	52·34
		Netrakona ...	...	...	...	0·19	...	0·16	...	2	0·35	2·92	2·23	7·13	93·87	68·14
		Subornakhali	...	...	...	...	0·73	...	...	1	0·73	?	2·06	?	66·07	
		Durgapore ...										?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	...	...	0·10	0·09	0·07	...	...	1	0·26	?	1·58	?	45·36	?
		Dewanganj ...										?		?		?
...rth Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·92	1	4·92	3·66	10·91	9·04	81·85	60·29
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	0·25	1	0·33	4·05	5·73	8·91	69·79	53·96
		Purnea ...	...	...	0·02	0·15	0·32	0·03	0·10	3	0·62	5·63	3·36	10·15	46·18	52·42
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	...	...	0·28	0·28	...	...	...	2	0·56	?	4·98	?	51·17	?
		Barsoe ...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·10	?	7·50	?	58·77	?
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	0·17	1	0·26	?	2·35	?	52·08	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·60	...	3·40	2	4·00	?	10·11	?	76·86	?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	3·09	7·69	6·68	43·42	40·72
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·90	?		?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·88	4·58	6·18	37·39	40·53
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	1	0·12	?	6·42	?	47·37	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	0·42	0·71	0·55	...	0·70	4	2·38	2·30	7·21	5·32	38·25	35·55
		Banka ...	1·62	...	0·65	0·34	0·84	...	...	4	3·45	2·31	8·76	5·26	43·14	36·05
		Colgong ...	...	...	0·50	0·48	0·50	0·01	0·04	3	1·53	?	4·89	?	37·08	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	..	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	1	0·10	1·71	4·66	4·91	34·40	35·68
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	0·04	0·06	...	...	Nil	0·10	2·00	1·79	6·22	38·47	38·00
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	0·01	...	...	...	Nil	0·01	2·35	2·00	6·37	34·12	37·45
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·68	...	1	0·68	?	7·83	?		?
		Roshera ...	...	0·05	0·10	...	...	...	...	1	0·15	?	10·39	?	43·04	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 16th of September 1893—co

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 10th.	Monday, 11th.	Tuesday, 12th.	Wednesday, 13th.	Thursday, 14th.	Friday, 15th.	Saturday 16th	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	0·14	...	...	1	0·14	1·82	0·39	5·44	42·47
		Muzaffarpur				0·03	0·01					2·00		5·60	
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	Nil	0·07	1·05	3·14	3·88	31·06
		Paru ...										?		?	
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	1	1·00	?	3·72	?	
		Sinhar ...										?		?	
		Pupri ...										?		?	
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	1·61	2·28	5·17	57·73
		Bettiah ...										1·56		4·35	
		Bagaha ...										?		?	
		Burharwa ...	...	...	0·02	0·02	...	...	...	Nil	0·04	?	1·93	?	26·79
	Saran ...	Gopalganj	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	Nil	0·06	2·42	2·53	5·02	36·25
		Siwan ...										1·93		4·48	
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·19		?
		Chapra ...	...	...	0·03	0·08	0·03	...	...	Nil	0·14	1·57	2·86	3·90	27·74
		Sreepore ...													?
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·40	?	?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·63	?	?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	0·07	0·74	...	...	...	1	0·81	2·28	2·65	4·86	27·04
		Dehri ...	0·16	...	0·71	0·57	0·07	...	...	3	1·51	1·68	5·91	5·03	32·26
		Bhabhua ...	0·15	...	0·24	1·18	0·30	0·08	0·05	4	2·00	2·15	6·09	4·54	41·73
		Sasaram ...	0·17		0·55	1·20	0·30					1·84		3·69	
		Arrah ...	...	0·13	0·17	0·02	...	...	...	2	0·32	1·77	4·13	4·53	37·28
		Mohanea ...	...	...	1·10	0·30	...	...	0·50	3	1·90	?	5·00	?	35·84
		Khiri ...	...	...	0·70	...	...	...	0·40			?		?	
		Ageaon ...	...	...	0·48	0·15	...	...	...	2	0·63	?	4·03	?	
		Ramagar ...										?		?	
		Koath ...										?		?	
		Sikroul ...										?		?	
		Bassowan ...	...	...	0·25	0·80	...	...	...	2	1·05	?		?	
		Monaharpur	...	...	0·16	0·34	...	...	...	2	0·50	?	3·05	?	
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	0·83	0·73	0·27	0·08	1·66	4	3·57	2·07	6·75	4·51	32·05
		Gaya ...	0·11	0·05	1·44	0·82	0·08	...	...	3	2·50	1·94	5·85	4·50	34·39
		Nawadah ...	...	...	0·92	0·34	0·63	...	...	3	1·29	2·33	4·23	4·58	30·24
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	0·10	0·20	0·05	...	...	2	0·35	1·32	7·48	3·67	51·36
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	0·34	...	...	...	1	0·34	?		?	
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	0·43	0·06	...	...	...	1	0·49	?		?	
		Sherghati	0·09	0·04	0·60	0·90	...	...	...	2	1·63	?		?	
		Rajauli ...	0·15	...	1·55	0·35	...	...	...	3	2·05	?	3·14	?	
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	1	0·19	?	2·92	?	
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	0·05	0·03	0·05	...	...	Nil	0·13	1·37	3·16	4·20	36·81
		Dinapore ...	...	...	0·03	0·08	0·05	...	...	Nil	0·16	1·32	2·24	3·83	36·85
		Bihar ...	...	...	0·18	...	...	...	...	1	0·18	1·91		4·48	
		Barh ...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	1	0·10	1·86	5·50	4·51	33·32
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	1	0·40	?	3·54	?	40·33
		Hilsa ...										?		?	
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	0·50	0·34	...	...	2	0·84	1·67	3·04	4·63	44·76
		Monghyr ...	...	...	0·30	0·40	0·21	...	...	3	0·91	2·62	3·88	6·47	39·84
		Jamui ...	...	...	0·67	0·10	0·75	0·04	...	3	1·56	2·18	5·32	4·57	34·74
		Goori ...	...	...	...	0·74	0·31					?		?	
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	2·10	?	30·29
		Chahai Bamda	...	0·50	1·60	0·60	0·02	...	...	3	2·72	?	9·07	?	48·86
		Chupreon ...													
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	0·89	0·23	0·28	...	0·05	3	1·45	4·12	2·20	8·16	33·44
		Godda ...	...	...	0·30	0·62	0·32	...	1·00	4	2·24	2·56	4·44	5·56	
		Pakour ...	...	...	0·96	0·34	0·53	...	...	3	1·83	2·73	0·70	8·25	62·14
		Naya Dumka	0·42	0·06	1·37	0·80	0·40	...	...	4	3·05	2·39	4·83	6·68	65·45
		Deoghur	0·02	0·58	1·55	0·76	0·27	0·09	...	4	3·27	2·60	6·98	5·45	46·91
		Jamtara ...	0·21	0·04	3·40	1·00	0·24	0·18	...	5	5·07	1·57	6·38	4·15	51·42
		Belbodda ...	...	...	0·70	0·21	0·30	...	...	3	1·21	?		?	
		Nanihat ...	...	...	3·50	0·87	...	...	...	2	4·37	?	4·37	?	
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (Giridih).	0·20	0·64	3·39	1·78	0·15	0·19	...	6	6·35	2·49	10·28	5·45	59·89
		Hazaribagh	...	0·46	1·69	0·89	0·21	...	...	4	3·25	2·19	9·74	5·31	60·19
		Semtaguran										1·68		4·65	
		Mahudi Hills										1·81		5·05	
		Jhumra Hill										3·19		6·72	
		Barhi ...	0·14	0·41	1·05	0·09	...	...	...	3	1·69	?	4·46	?	45·32
		Chatra ...	...	0·18	1·20	0·71	0·75					?		?	
		Karagdeha ...	...	0·13	2·50	0·77	0·25	...	...	4	3·65	?		?	
		Ramgar ...	0·50	0·10	1·50	0·10	0·40	0·45				?		?	
	Lohardaga	Lohardaga ...	0·19	0·40	1·81	2·35	0·61	...	0·73	6	6·09	2·74	8·31	6·65	30·33
		Ranchi ...	0·14	0·30	2·88	6·05	1·75	...	...	5	11·13	2·46	16·78	5·94	59·78
		Silli ...		1·20	1.50							?			
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj.)										2·26		5·30	
		Balumath ...	0·17	0·33	1·40	2·00	1·05					?		?	
		Husainabad	0·13	...	1·00	1·50	1·60					?		?	
		Garhwa	0·12	1·07	0·98	1·00	0·10					?		?	
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa	0·01	1·42	2·91	0·54	0·03	0·04	...	3	4·95	2·52	7·32	5·69	48·45
		Chakardharpur.	0·49	2·16	0·73	0·40	...	...	...	4	3·78	?	8·11	?	34·56
		Ghatsila			4·77	0·92						?		?	
		Baharagura	0·60	1·32	1·85	0·50						?		?	
	Manbhum ...	Gailkeira ...	1·10	2·75	0·35	0·55	...	...	...	4	4·75	?	7·25	?	43·85
		Kalikapur ...	0·41	1·85	2·92	1·14	0·36	1·04	...	6	7·72	?	10·00	?	77·02
		Purulia ...	0·14	0·65	3·17	0·70	0·08	0·61	...	5	5·35	2·42	8·46	5·13	59·91
		Gobindpur		0·38	1·10	1·35	0·30	0·56	...	5	4·69	2·54	9·76	4·76	63·04
		Raghunathpore	0·20	0·30	1·77	0·70	...	...	...	4	2·97	?	4·73	?	47·86
		Barahabhum	0·18	0·90	2·95	0·63	0·12	0·45	...	6	5·22	?	6·14	?	56·53
		Jhalda ...	1·70	3·70	0·13	0·30	...	...	...	4	5·83	?	10·97	?	51·91
		Chas ...	...	0·20	1·06	0·70	...	...	...	3	1·96	?	6·29	?	47·90
		Pandra ...	0·70	0·27	2·30	1·05	0·10	0·03	...	5	4·45	?	7·08	?	50·64

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at l 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 19th September* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 16TH OF SEPTEMBER 1893.

AT the end of the previous week, the cyclonic storm which had been forming in the Bay was moving in a north-westerly direction into the north-west angle. On the first day of the present week it underwent practically no change, as pressure remained steady at all the inland stations, and fell less than ·04 inch in Orissa. There was then a very widespread depression, extending over the whole of the Bay and the province of Bengal, the area of lowest pressure being in the north of the Bay between Arakan and Orissa. Within this area defect was more than ·2 inch, and at all the Bengal stations it was more than ·1 inch. The depression moved slowly to the north-west, and the centre crossed the coast between Saugor Island and Balasore about 8 A.M. on the following day, that is, the 11th. Large changes of pressure occurred near the centre, and defect increased to nearly ·4 inch at Saugor Island and Balasore, but, except in the south-western districts, readings were higher, and gradients much steeper to the east and north of the centre. With this increase of gradients squally weather became general in Lower Bengal, but more specially in the south-western districts, where heavy rain was falling.

The rise of pressure which had set in from the east continued to advance slowly, and the depression took a similar but more westerly course to that of the one which occurred exactly a week before. One important difference resulted from the slow advance of the wave of rising pressure. The centre of the depression, instead of moving 500 miles in the 24 hours after it crossed the coast, was still in the west of Chota Nagpur, and the steep gradients, with rough rainy weather, continued in the south-western districts. Pressure was then rising very rapidly in the north-west angle of the Bay, and more slowly over the whole province except in Chota Nagpur and part of South Bihar. On the 13th the rapid rise of pressure continued, but gradients were still moderately steep over the western districts, and general rain was falling, though in smaller quantities, in all districts except Assam, North Bengal, and North Bihar. Very heavy local falls occurred at some of the western stations, especially Vizagapatam, Puri, and Ranchi, where six or more inches were recorded.

As pressure continued to rise, the distribution became more uniform, weather moderated, and rainfall became scattered, and then entirely ceased in Lower Bengal and Orissa. Thus on the 14th only scattered showers fell in East Bengal, and part of South-West Bengal; on the 15th a large number of stations reported no rain, and on the 16th it had practically ceased. But during these days a ridge of relatively high pressure formed over Bengal, and the north of the Bay, running almost north and south; and when pressure began to fall, as it did, slowly on the 15th and 16th, this led to rainfall in the more northern districts which had hitherto during the existence of the disturbance been practically rainless. General moderately heavy rain fell in North Bengal and the adjacent part of Assam on the 16th, and this was practically the only rain reported on that day.

Pressure.—Readings were low in the early part of the week, while the depression crossed the south-western districts, and large changes occurred on the 11th and following days till the 14th. On the 11th there was a rapid fall in the north-west angle of the Bay near the centre of the depression, but the wave of rising pressure, which was advancing from the east, had on the 12th spread over the greater part of the province, causing almost normal readings in all districts except Chota Nagpur and Orissa. The rapid rise continued on the 13th and 14th chiefly in the western districts, and the resulting distribution was above the normal by amounts varying from ·1 inch to nearly ·2 inch. During the last two days of the week readings were very uniform, the difference between the lowest in the west of Bihar and the greatest in the south-east of the Bay being only a tenth of an inch. The mean difference from the normal for the week varies from defect of ·02 inch in Orissa and Chota Nagpur to excess of ·06 inch in North Bengal.

Temperature.—At the beginning of the week mean temperature differed very little from, but was generally above, the normal. As the disturbance advanced to the north-west and rainy weather became general, temperature fell rapidly at first in the south-western districts and afterwards over the whole province. Defect was more than 6° in south-west Bengal and Orissa on the 12th, and more than 5° in the central districts on the 13th. On the 14th and 15th comparatively cool weather continued, but temperature was increasing, though it was not till the 16th that means were again practically normal. The means for the larger divisions are below the normal except in Assam, by about half a degree in East and North Bengal and North Bihar, 1° in south Bihar, 2° in Chota Nagpur and 2·5° in Orissa and South-West Bengal.

Rainfall.—General heavy rain fell in the early part of the week in the south-western districts. In East Bengal the rainfall was general during the greater part of the week, but the falls were usually light, and on an average the normal amount has been reported. In Bihar and North Bengal falls were never heavy, and generally very scattered. There is therefore a large defect, especially in the more northern districts. In South Bihar average defect is ·57 inch, while in North Bengal the average fall is only 50 per cent. and in North Bihar less than 20 per cent. of the normal. In Orissa, on the other hand, mean excess is 2·57, in South-West Bengal 3·33, and in Chota Nagpur 3·46 inches.

The following places recorded falls of more than 10 inches:—Puri, Tamluk, Ghatal Garhbeta, Saugor Island, Mohesreka, Jahanabad, Indas, Kotalpur and Ranchi, and, several other stations in the south-western districts reported more than 8 inches. The only falls of less than 5 inches occurred in Nadia, Jessore, Birbhum, and Murshidabad.

* The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 16th of September 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week. Of highest of each day.	Averages for week. Of lowest of each day.	Averages for week. Of mean for each day.	Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week. Average.	Of week. Normal average.	Of week. Variation.	Rainy days. Average number in week.	Rainy days. Normal average number in week.	Rainy days. Variation.	Since 1st of month. Average.	Since 1st of month. Normal average.	Since 16th May 1893. Average.	Since 16th May 1893. Normal average.
Orissa	91·2	72·6	85·0	77·3	81·2	−2·5	5·14	2·57	+2·57	4·15	3·24	+0·91	9·83	5·69	47·72	40·30
South-West Bengal ...	91·7	72·9	85·7	76·4	81·0	−2·7	5·45	2·12	+3·33	4·78	2·88	+1·90	7·03	5·50	52·89	42·81
North Bengal	92·4	71·5	88·1	76·8	82·5	−0·4	1·59	3·03	−1·44	2·24	2·65	−0·41	4·30	8·01	63·58	58·44
East Bengal	91·3	68·3	86·7	76·8	81·7	−0·7	2·47	2·46	−0·01	3·80	3·00	+0·80	4·89	7·19	72·71	62·30
North Bihar ...	94·2	74·9	88·6	77·7	83·2	−0·4	0·42	2·45	−2·03	0·83	2·67	−1·84	3·89	5·35	42·24	39·75
South Bihar	92·4	74·3	87·7	78·1	82·8	−1·2	1·53	2·10	−0·57	2·59	2·60	−0·01	4·77	5·04	39·52	36·48
Chota Nagpur	89·9	69·9	82·9	72·3	77·6	−1·9	5·85	2·39	+3·46	4·57	3·44	+1·13	9·75	5·51	52·87	41·97
Assam	96·6	73·0	90·1	76·2	83·2	+0·2										

* Daltonganj not included.

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 19th September 1893.

C. Little,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 10th to 16th September 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature. Daily mean.	Temperature. Maximum.	Temperature. Range.	Temperature. Minimum.	Temperature. Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Temperature. Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Hygrometry. Dew point at 10 A.M.	Hygrometry. Humidity at 10 A.M.	Rainfall, past 24 hours.
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
September ...	10th ...	29·522	79·9	83·9	8·1	75·8	82·6	79·5	·968	78·2	87	0·66
,, ...	11th ...	·446	77·6	78·9	2·6	76·3	78·6	77·7	·939	77·3	96	1·82
,, ...	12th ...	·665	78·5	82·9	8·9	74·0	77·1	76·5	·908	76·3	97	1·40
,, ...	13th ...	·809	80·9	87·0	12·2	74·8	82·6	80·0	·991	79·0	89	0·32
,, ...	14th ...	·881	82·2	88·0	11·7	76·3	82·6	79·5	·968	78·2	87	0·69
,, ...	15th ...	·868	83·2	90·0	13·7	76·3	85·1	80·5	·981	78·6	81	0·10
...	16th ...	·837	82·9	88·0	10·2	77·8	84·6	80·5	·987	78·8	83	...

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·718
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	80·7
The extreme variation of temperature	16·0
The maximum temperature	90·0
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	89
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 10th to 16th September 1893	4·99

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. Gilliland,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India,
The 18th September 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 10th to 16th September 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Sept.	10th	133·7	0·2	29·475	80·1	83·6	7·8	75·8	78·0	0·932	77·1	91	ENE ...	185	1·21	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, p, t, <.
„	11th	112·1	Nil	·450	78·9	80·1	3·4	76·7	77·7	·933	77·1	94	ENE and ESE ...	339	1·68	Cloudy, o, g, d, p.
„	12th	92·7	„	·633	78·1	78·6	4·9	73·7	76·9	·912	76·4	94	ESE and SE ...	175	2·59	Cloudy, o, g, d, p.
„	13th	147·8	1·7	·752	80·1	86·6	12·4	74·2	78·3	·946	77·5	92	ESE, SSE and SE	139	0·22	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p.
„	14th	152·6	3·6	·832	80·5	85·9	9·7	76·2	78·6	·957	77·9	92	SE and SSE ...	66	0·49	Chiefly cloudy, o, d, p, t.
„	15th	150·2	8·8	·808	82·0	87·6	11·2	76·4	79·4	·970	78·3	89	SSE and SSW ...	52	Nil	Partially cloudy, △.
„	16th	155·8	1·2	·775	81·7	87·5	9·8	77·7	78·1	·915	76·6	85	SSW and S ...	32	„	Chiefly cloudy, t, △.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·675
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·666
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	15·5
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	86·0
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	80·2
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·4
The extreme variation of temperature	13·9
The maximum temperature	87·6
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	18
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	91
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	86
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 10th to 16th September 1893	6·19
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	2·13
The total fall from 1st January to 16th September 1893	75·96
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	54·37

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; d, drizzling rain; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; <, lightning; △, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 18th September 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major Works for the month of July 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals.	Tollage, 1893-94. During the month.			Tollage, 1893-94. To end of the month.			Tollage, 1892-93. During the month.			Tollage, 1892-93. To end of the month.		
Orissa Circle.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Taldanda Canal System	1,180	7	7	5,692	13	10	390	9	3	4,062	5	6
Kendrapara ditto	12,447	4	1	25,413	10	4	3,826	3	1	14,336	15	10
High Level, Range I	2,614	14	3	4,712	6	0	1,379	13	9	2,699	12	3
Ditto, " II	558	11	0	1,002	7	9	155	12	6	486	12	6
Ditto, " III	374	14	7	626	7	3	87	11	6	237	15	6
Jajpur Canal ...	57	12	9	90	6	4	18	7	0	47	3	3
Total Orissa Circle ...	17,234	0	3	37,538	3	6	5,858	9	1	21,871	0	10
South-Western Circle.												
Midnapore Canal ...	8,940	0	0	32,200	12	6	11,288	2	0	40,270	8	0
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	8,669	8	6	23,247	14	0	4,766	3	9	21,822	7	0
Total South-Western Circle... ...	17,609	8	6	55,448	10	6	16,054	5	9	62,092	15	0
Sone Circle.												
Patna Canal System ...	2,275	3	6	8,601	0	9	2,646	2	3	9,743	5	0
Arrah ditto ...	1,311	6	6	9,062	0	3	1,743	8	6	7,809	6	6
Buxar ditto ...	387	4	6	2,833	3	3	1,120	9	6	4,627	0	6
Total Sone Circle ...	3,973	14	6	20,496	4	3	5,510	4	3	22,179	12	0
Grand Total ...	38,817	7	3	1,13,483	2	3	27,423	3	1	1,06,143	11	10

Government Transport Service.

Canal.	Tollage, 1893-94. During the month. Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	To end of the month. Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Tollage, 1892-93. During the month. Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	To end of the month. Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.
Orissa Circle.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.
High Level ...	8,004	793	7,645 9 3	10,659	2,497	10,523 0 8	1,291	803	1,176 9 2	2,184	1,890	3,271 2 7
Total Orissa Circle	8,004	793	7,645 9 3	10,659	2,497	10,523 0 8	1,291	803	1,176 9 2	2,184	1,890	3,271 2 7

Total Navigation Receipts.

Canals.	Earnings, 1893-94. During the month.			Earnings, 1893-94. To end of the month.			Earnings, 1892-93. During the month.			Earnings, 1892-93. To end of the month.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Orissa Canals ...	24,879	9	6	48,061	4	2	7,035	2	3	25,142	3	5
Midnapore Canal ...	8,940	0	0	32,200	12	6	11,288	2	0	40,270	8	0
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	8,669	8	6	23,247	14	0	4,766	3	9	21,822	7	0
Sone Canals ...	3,973	14	6	20,496	4	3	5,510	4	3	22,179	12	0
Total ...	46,463	0	6	1,24,006	2	11	28,599	12	3	1,09,414	14	5

CALCUTTA,
The 19th September 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Minor Works and Navigation for the month of July 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals.	Tollage, 1893-94.						Tollage, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Calcutta and Eastern Canals	19,002	10	9	73,774	3	0	19,244	15	0	74,315	7	0
Tolly's Nala ...	6,576	3	6	22,809	11	6	5,664	2	9	22,338	5	3
Total ...	25,578	14	3	96,583	14	6	24,909	1	9	96,653	12	3
Orissa Coast Canal ...	18,568	6	0	36,937	0	3	4,093	13	0	18,275	2	9
Nadia Rivers ..	25,444	11	4	50,059	0	4	19,697	7	6	38,937	8	3
Grand Total ...	69,591	15	7	1,83,579	15	1	48,700	6	3	1,53,866	7	3

Calcutta,
The 19th September 1893.

O. C. Lees,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 16th September 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 16th September 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 17th September 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	321	76,828	894	182	44,750	705
Jute	103	44,775	779	149	40,930	703
Firewood	58	32,788	491	96	48,400	738
Other articles	649	1,35,200	2,038	837	1,71,840	2,449
Total ...	1,131	2,89,591	4,252	1,264	3,05,920	4,595

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Abstract of principal commodities carried over the Eastern Bengal State Railway during the month of June 1893, as compared with the same month of the previous year.

Staples.	1893. Up.	1893. Down.	1892. Up.	1892. Down.	Total. 1893.	Total. 1892.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Coal	3,736	13,723	2,649	2,363	20,150*	11,969*	8,181	......
Cotton, raw	2	245	......	93	247	93	154	......
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European								
2.—Indian								
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European—								
a.—In bales and bundles	3,186	286	2,525	225	3,472	2,750	722	......
b.—In boxes								
2.—Indian—								
a.—In bales and bundles								
b.—In boxes								
Grains—								
2.—Rice	2,764	2,051	9,005	892	4,815	9,897	......	5,082
5.—Others	1,361	5,235	2,228	3,910	6,596	6,138	458	......
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle—								
a.—Dressed								
b.—Undressed								
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.—	9	676	6	615	685	621	64	......
a.—Dressed								
b.—Undressed								
Jute—								
1.—Raw—								
a.—Screwed	2	799	......	9	801	9	792	
b.—Unscrewed	......	2,569	......	289	2,569	289	2,280	......
2.—Gunny bags and cloth	261	1,082	254	621	1,343	875	468	......
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought								
2.—Brass, unwrought								
3.—Brass and copper, wrought	792	249	1,511	437	1,041	1,948	......	907
4.—Iron								
5.—Tin								
6.—Others								
Oils—								
2.—Kerosine	7,995	12	6,752	36	8,007	6,788	1,219	......
3.—Others	531	46	307	5	577	312	265	......
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed								
2.—Rape and mustard								
3.—Til or gingelly								
4.—Niger	271	4,403	330	2,744	4,674	3,074	1,600	......
5.—Castor								
6.—Poppy								
7.—Others								
Provisions—								
2.—Betel-nuts	160	801	127	879	961	1,006	......	45
3.—Others	705	1,225	499	499	1,930	998	932	......
Railway plant and rolling-stock	......	......	......	......	9,977†	5,334†	4,643	......
Salt	5,801	31	6,684	44	5,832	6,728	......	896
Sugar—								
1.—Drained	606	1,754	780	1,006	2,360	1,786	574	......
2.—Undrained								
Tea—								
1.—Foreign	......	3,681	......	3,279	3,681	3,279	402	......
2.—Indian								
Wood—								
1.—Timber	175	151	511	159	326	670	......	344
2.—Firewood	1,118	......	1,139	......	1,118	1,139	......	21
Tobacco	173	2,916	110	3,394	3,089	3,504	......	415
All other articles of merchandise—								
1.—Unmanufactured	4,551	5,625	4,009	4,047	10,176	8,056	2,120	......
2.—Manufactured								
Hay, straw, and wooloo (C. & S.-E. Sections)	1,120	......	1,225	......	1,120	1,225	......	105
Total	35,319	47,560	40,651	25,546	95,547	78,488	24,874	7,815

* Includes 2,691 tons and 6,957 tons of coal during 1893 and 1892, respectively, carried for Revenue, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

† Railway plant and rolling-stock, 9,977 tons and 5,334 tons for the years 1893 and 1892, respectively, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

Statement of principal commodities carried over the Eastern Bengal State Railway during the month of June 1893.

INCREASES.

	Tons.
Coal	8,181
Cause of increase not fully explained.	
Jute, unscrewed	2,280
Season rather later than in 1892.	
Kerosine oil	1,219
Partly due to prohibition of carriage by boat within certain limits of the port of Calcutta, partly to extension of bulk oil traffic.	
Oil-seeds	1,600
Alamdanga, Sonaili, Kasba, and Forbesganj show small increases under this head.	
Railway plant and rolling-stock	4,643
Chiefly from Calcutta and Chitpur for the Bengal Duars and Kuch Bihar State Railways.	

DECREASES.

	Tons.
Rice	5,082
Goalundo and Northern Section Stations generally show decreases under this head. The probability of scarcity in the eastern districts arrested exports to Calcutta; up-country dealers preferring to hold.	
Salt	896
Mostly in the upward despatches from Chitpur, due to less demand at up-stations.	

CALCUTTA, *the 12th September* 1893.

JAMES SHAW,
for Examiner of Accounts.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th September 1893, *on* 1,610½ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*253,267	*2,49,607 5 0	25,05,155 10	5,27,070 3 0	14,220 10 0	7,90,808 2 0	75,432½	97,840½	173,273
Or per mile of railway	......	154 15 10	......	327 4 4	8 13 3	491 1 5	......	......	......
For previous 9½ weeks of half-year	2,654,221	28,60,016 12 0	1,98,04,471 0	43,29,508 11 0	1,27,081 12 0	73,16,607 3 0	699,973½	856,259½	1,556,232
Total for 10½ weeks ...	2,907,488	31,09,624 1 0	2,23,09,626 10	48,56,578 14 0	1,41,302 6 0	81,07,505 5 0	775,405	954,100	1,729,505
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	279,788½	2,75,699 12 4	23,20,303 0	4,94,315 5 5	14,128 0 7	7,84,143 2 4	77,547	90,136	167,683
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	171 3 0	......	306 14 11	8 12 5	486 14 4	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 10½ weeks of previous year	2,631,536	24,76,738 8 4	2,27,73,486 20	48,80,696 8 6	1,63,719 6 6	75,21,154 7 4	758,972	933,808	1,692,780

* The decrease is due to figures for the corresponding period of 1892 having included earnings on account of "Bhadra Purnima" and "Upper Pucksha."

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th *September* 1893, *on* 22¼ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,640	4,329 4 0	14,403 30	423 9 0	9 0 0	4,761 13 0	898	70	968
Or per mile of railway	......	194 9 2	......	19 0 7	0 6 6	214 0 3	......	......	......
For previous 9½ weeks of half-year	*154,866	*37,212 9 0	†85,362 10	†2,616 6 0	‡81 0 0	39,909 15 0	8,258	676	8,934
Total for 10½ weeks ...	172,506	41,541 13 0	99,766 0	3,039 15 0	90 0 0	44,671 12 0	9,156	746	9,902
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,930½	4,298 2 9	5,705 20	208 6 0	7 1 9	4,513 10 6	911	57	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ..	......	193 2 10	......	9 5 10	0 5 1	202 13 9	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 10½ weeks of previous year ...	192,664	46,159 0 8	58,507 10	2,190 12 0	80 3 0	48,438 15 8	9,449	605	10,054

* Deducted number of passengers 1,019 and Rs. 671 }
† Added maunds 23 only } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 5th August 1893.
‡ Deducted " 2 }

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th September 1893, *on* 161¾ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	16,499	12,401 15 0	37,778 10	7,235 15 0	31 0 0	19,668 14 0	6,203	2,488	8,691
Or per mile of railway	......	76 13 5	......	44 13 4	0 3 1	121 13 10	......	......	......
For previous 9½ weeks of half-year	*190,023	*1,26,914 2 0	†4,57,895 30	†61,326 10 0	‡288 0 0	1,88,528 12 0	56,124	24,918	81,042
Total for 10½ weeks ...	206,522	1,39,316 1 0	4,95,674 0	68,562 9 0	319 0 0	2,08,197 10 0	62,327	27,406	89,733
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	14,330	11,566 8 1	33,181 30	6,762 13 0	28 5 3	18,357 10 4	6,529	2,042	8,571
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	71 10 7	......	41 14 5	0 2 10	113 11 10	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 10½ weeks of previous year	180,856½	1,22,415 15 1	3,72,402 10	61,521 13 6	399 5 6	1,84,337 2 1	66,277	25,369	91,646

* Deducted number of passengers 602 and Rs. 1,259 }
† Added maunds 37,298 and " 163 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 5th August 1893.
‡ Ditto " 7 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 2nd September 1893, *on* 777* *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	154,910	68,200 0 0	10,49,820 0	2,13,310 0 0	12,650 0 0	2,94,160 0 0	28,000	36,276	64,276
Or per mile of railway	199	88 0 0	1,349 0	274 0 0	†2 0 0	†364 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 8 weeks of half-year	1,353,100	5,72,340 0 0	62,29,230 0	10,39,870 0 0	1,22,680 0 0	17,34,890 0 0	227,217	220,639	447,856
Total for 9 weeks ...	1,508,010	6,40,540 0 0	62,29,050 0	12,53,180 0 0	1,35,330 0 0	20,29,050 0 0	255,217	256,915	512,132
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	143,603	59,176 0 0	8,11,907 0	2,07,476 0 0	12,352 0 0	2,79,004 0 0	26,500	40,105	66,605
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	185	76 0 0	1,045 0	267 0 0	†1 0 0	†344 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,364,124	5,51,254 0 0	57,40,499 0	13,09,350 0 0	1,42,075 0 0	20,02,679 0 0	247,347	310,025	557,372

* Due to Pauchooriah Branch having been extended for ·74 miles (*vide* Statement No. XIII of the Revenue Accounts for 1st half of 1893).
† Excluding steamer earnings.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 9th September 1893, *on* 777 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	200,500	74,090 0 0	10,35,160 0	2,13,220 0 0	12,690 0 0	3,00,000 0 0	28,084	36,988	65,072
Or per mile of railway	258	95 0 0	1,331 0	274 0 0	*1 0 0	*370 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 9 weeks of half-year	1,508,010	6,40,540 0 0	62,29,050 0	12,53,180 0 0	1,35,330 0 0	20,29,050 0 0	255,217	256,915	512,132
Total for 10 weeks ...	1,708,510	7,14,630 0 0	72,64,210 0	14,66,400 0 0	1,48,020 0 0	23,29,050 0 0	283,301	293,903	577,204
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	164,654	59,667 0 0	8,90,772 0	2,29,393 0 0	13,902 0 0	3,02,962 0 0	26,660	41,383	68,043
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	212	77 0 0	1,146 0	295 0 0	*1 0 0	*373 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,528,778	6,10,921 0 0	66,31,271 0	15,38,743 0 0	1,55,977 0 0	23,05,641 0 0	274,007	351,408	625,415

* Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 2nd September 1893, *on* 125 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	33,420	10,220 0 0	68,160 0	6,660 0 0	90 0 0	16,970 0 0	3,929	1,743	5,672
Or per mile of railway ...	267	82 0 0	545 0	53 0 0	1 0 0	136 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 8 weeks of half-year	277,490	86,760 0 0	3,82,040 0	30,740 0 0	660 0 0	1,18,160 0 0	29,735	16,704	46,439
Total for 9 weeks ...	310,910	96,980 0 0	4,50,200 0	37,400 0 0	750 0 0	1,35,130 0 0	33,664	18,447	52,111
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	26,151	8,118 0 0	60,188 0	6,049 0 0	387 0 0	14,554 0 0	3,484	2,396	5,880
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	209	65 0 0	482 0	48 0 0	3 0 0	116 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	271,534	83,802 0 0	4,25,878 0	34,378 0 0	1,068 0 0	1,19,248 0 0	33,813	19,098	52,911

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 9th September **1893**, *on* **125** *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
...l traffic for the week ...	34,770	10,510 0 0	79,810 0	6,170 0 0	150 0 0	16,830 0 0	3,503	2,169	5,672
...r mile of railway ...	278	84 0 0	638 0	50 0 0	1 0 0	135 0 0	......	......	......
...previous 9 weeks of half-...r	310,910	96,980 0 0	4,50,200 0	37,400 0 0	750 0 0	1,35,130 0 0	33,664	18,447	52,111
Total for 10 weeks ...	345,680	1,07,490 0 0	5,30,010 0	43,570 0 0	900 0 0	1,51,960 0 0	37,167	20,616	57,783
Comparison.									
...l for corresponding week ...vious year	33,098	8,656 0 0	78,061 0	8,321 0 0	210 0 0	17,187 0 0	3,596	2,700	6,296
...mile of railway correspond-... week of previous year ...	265	69 0 0	624 0	66 0 0	2 0 0	137 0 0	......	......	......
...l to corresponding date of ...vious year	304,632	92,458 0 0	5,63,939 0	42,699 0 0	1,278 0 0	1,36,435 0 0	37,409	21,798	59,207

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 2nd September **1893**, *on* **86** *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
...l traffic for the week ...	16,230	5,590 0 0	21,370 0	1,640 0 0	130 0 0	7,360 0 0	2,544	680	3,224
...er mile of railway	189	65 0 0	248 0	19 0 0	2 0 0	86 0 0	...	...	...
...previous 8 weeks of half-...ar	125,730	38,490 0 0	1,29,650 0	8,170 0 0	1,290 0 0	47,950 0 0	20,343	5,919	26,262
Total for 9 weeks ...	141,960	44,080 0 0	1,51,020 0	9,810 0 0	1,420 0 0	55,310 0 0	22,887	6,599	29,486
Comparison.									
...l for corresponding week of ...vious year	16,105	5,067 0 0	22,561 0	1,924 0 0	88 0 0	7,079 0 0	2,544	680	3,224
...mile of railway corresponding ...ek of previous year	187	59 0 0	262 0	22 0 0	1 0 0	82 0 0	...	...	...
...l to corresponding date of ...vious year	140,766	46,626 0 0	1,31,994 0	9,677 0 0	1,814 0 0	58,117 0 0	23,933	6,217	30,150

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 9th September **1893**, *on* **86** *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
...otal traffic for the week ...	29,640	8,290 0 0	24,300 0	2,000 0 0	60 0 0	10,350 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
...r per mile of railway	345	96 0 0	283 0	23 0 0	1 0 0	120 0 0	......	......	......
...or previous 9 weeks of half-...ear	141,960	44,080 0 0	1,51,020 0	9,810 0 0	1,420 0 0	55,310 0 0	22,887	6,599	29,486
Total for 10 weeks ...	171,600	52,370 0 0	1,75,320 0	11,810 0 0	1,480 0 0	65,660 0 0	25,374	7,336	32,710
Comparison.									
...otal for corresponding week of previous year	15,958	4,960 0 0	26,846 0	2,344 0 0	160 0 0	7,464 0 0	2,539	685	3,224
...er mile of railway correspond-ing week of previous year ...	186	58 0 0	312 0	27 0 0	2 0 0	87 0 0	......	......	......
...otal to corresponding date of previous year	165,724	51,586 0 0	1,58,840 0	12,021 0 0	1,974 0 0	65,581 0 0	26,472	6,902	33,374

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 9th September 1893, *on* 756 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles ru[n]		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	To[tal]
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	82,590	30,100	2,07,080	27,170	8,110	65,380	12,622	16,371	28,[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	109·25	39·81	273·92	35·94	10·73	86·48	......	...	.....
For previous 9½ weeks of half-year*	820,959	3,09,807	19,61,891	2,64,667	91,887	6,66,361	115,779	139,864	255,[illegible]
Total for 10½ weeks ...	903,549	3,39,907	21,68,971	2,91,837	99,997	7,31,741	128,401	156,235	284,[illegible]
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	84,747	31,355	2,07,950	22,811	7,172	61,338	14,048	13,001	27,[illegible]
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	112·25	41·53	275·43	30·21	9·50	81·24	......	......	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year	850,718	3,07,193	26,06,534	3,27,287	80,395	7,14,875	138,216	157,105	295,[illegible]

* Includes audited figures up to 22nd July 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 9th September 1893	10,551	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	7,529	0	0
Increase	3,022	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 9th September 1893	206	14	1
Corresponding period of 1892	147	10	0
Increase	59	4	1
Receipts from 1st July to 9th September 1893	1,08,473	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	1,05,279	0	0
Increase	3,194	0	0

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 20th September 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 39 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—SEPARATE REVENUE.

Darjeeling, the 22nd September 1893.

RESOLUTION—No. 171T—F.

READ—

The Report on the Administration of the Customs Department for the year 1892-93.

The Customs Reports submitted to Government in previous years, while embodying interesting and valuable information regarding the seaborne trade of the province, were considered by Sir Charles Elliott not to have treated with sufficient fulness of the collection of customs duty and the growth of dutiable trade. The Board were accordingly enjoined by Government in January last to give greater prominence to these subjects in future reports: it was directed that a special Chapter should be devoted to dutiable goods showing, port by port, the imports and exports, their fluctuations in respect of quantity, value, and duty, and their destination, *i.e.*, whence they came and whither they were transported: at the same time it was pointed out that neither the form of the Report nor the system of compiling the figures therein given was to be altered in any way that might conflict with the standing orders of the Government of India on the subject. The present report has been prepared in accordance with these instructions.

2. *Customs duty.*—The following table shows the gross and net customs duty, inclusive of that on imported salt, collected in Bengal during the past five years, as well as in the year before and after the remission of the general import duties which came into force on the 10th March 1882:—

	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Import duty (excluding duty on salt.)	72,72,428	61,72,991	14,87,018	21,61,242	24,45,683	26,75,754	28,08,900	31,06,025
Ditto on salt	2,27,44,388	2,37,15,928	1,74,72,613	2,27,28,687	2,25,83,827	2,30,66,656	2,39,34,018	2,40,16,651
Export duty	17,99,354	20,46,899	21,28,402	17,09,406	16,08,445	20,89,014	22,43,551	18,97,330
Total gross duty ...	3,18,16,170	3,19,35,818	2,10,88,123	2,65,99,335	2,66,37,955	2,78,31,424	2,89,86,469	2,90,20,006
Refunds and drawbacks—								
Imports	3,37,096	3,04,426	3,20,636	2,81,544	3,12,697	3,13,188	3,32,736	2,63,270
Exports	71,979	1,05,549	1,16,840	84,930	31,606	70,223	1,02,850	72,886
Total ...	4,09,075	4,09,975	4,37,476	3,66,474	3,44,303	3,83,411	4,35,586	3,36,156
Total net duty ...	3,14,07,095	3,15,25,843	2,06,50,647	2,62,32,861	2,62,93,652	2,74,48,013	2,85,50,883	2,86,83,850

The increase in the net revenue of the province amounts to Rs. 1,32,967, or ·4 per cent. as compared with the previous year, and the total net duty realised is now only 8·6 per cent. less than what it was in 1880-81 previous to the reduction of the salt duty and the remission of all import duties, except those on arms and ammunition, liquors and opium. There was an increase of Rs. 3,20,387 in the import duty on general merchandise, the result of larger realisations from kerosine-oil. On the other hand, receipts from export duty, which is levied on rice alone, show a falling off of Rs. 3,16,257 owing to a decline in the trade attributed to the heavy shipments of rice in the previous year, and to an increase in the price of rice during the year under review.

3. At pages 6 and 7 of the Report an elaborate table is given, showing in detail the duty realised on the imports and exports of the different dutiable goods at the several ports in Bengal during the last five years. The following statement gives in abstract the results shown in that table for the years 1891-92 and 1892-93:—

Import duty.

		Calcutta.	Chittagong.	Orissa Ports.	Narainganj.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Arms	1891-92 ...	1,60,540	......	......	......	1,60,540
	1892-93 ...	1,45,061	......	......	......	1,45,061
Liquors	1891-92 ...	16,02,662	816	120	......	16,03,598
	1892-93 ...	16,76,430	350	148	......	16,76,928
Oil	1891-92 ...	10,23,101	18,496	256	......	10,41,853
	1892-93 ...	12,57,132	16,764	7,813	......	12,81,709
Opium	1891-92 ...	2,900	......	......	......	2,900
	1892-93 ...	2,327	......	......	......	2,327
TOTAL	1891-92 ...	27,89,212	19,312	376	......	28,08,900
	1892-93 ...	30,80,950	17,114	7,961	......	31,06,025
Salt	1891-92 ...	2,27,95,585	6,85,412	......	4,53,021	2,39,34,018
	1892-93 ...	2,30,96,073	6,18,380	......	3,02,198	2,40,16,651
GRAND TOTAL	1891-92 ...	2,55,84,797	7,04,724	376	4,53,021	2,67,42,918
	1892-93 ...	2,61,77,023	6,35,494	7,961	3,02,198	2,71,22,676

Export duty.

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
Calcutta ...	19,40,326	16,84,876
Chittagong ...	70,307	43,979
Orissa ports ...	2,32,918	1,68,475
Narainganj ...	......	......
Total ...	22,43,551	18,97,330

4. As was to be expected, the increase in dutiable imports in Calcutta occurred chiefly under salt and mineral oil. The receipts from salt are slowly expanding, but those from oil have grown rapidly. Liquors also yielded a slight increase, while the receipts from arms and opium fell off. The course

of the trade in kerosine-oil used for burning purposes during the last few years has been very remarkable, as will be seen from the following statement:—

Country of Export.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.	Gals.
United Kingdom ...	1,423	2,029	4,904	3,399	110,043
United States ...	15,228,333	24,439,980	26,076,892	22,174,615	20,014,134
Russia—Batoum ...	3,371,406	1,603,899	2,157,592	10,561,006	20,103,818
Other countries ...	......	225	287	175	173
Total ...	18,601,162	26,046,133	28,239,675	32,739,195	40,228,168

The whole trade has steadily increased during the last five years. The year under report is remarkable for the enormous increase in imports from Batoum, which place for the first time shows a larger total export than the United States. The increase in shipments from the United Kingdom is also noteworthy. For the first time oil has been imported in bulk, during the year a tank steamer brought from Batoum 1,326,852 gallons, by far the largest quantity ever imported in one vessel. This innovation, by which it is said the price of oil can be reduced by 10 or 12 annas per case, bids fair to revolutionise the trade.

5. The imports of ale, beer and porter partially recovered the heavy fall of the previous year, but are still much below those of 1888-89 and 1889-90. Of spirits, whisky alone showed an increase, the total imports amounting to 159,059 gallons, the highest total yet reached. Brandy, gin and other sorts of spirits all showed a falling off. The total importations of spirit showed a decline of 10,241 gallons, but the actual consumption was probably not less than last year, for the stocks at the close of the year were reduced by 15,141 gallons. Of wines and liqueurs there was a falling off of 6,785 gallons, or 5½ per cent. in the importations, the decline being most noticeable in champagne: claret and port alone showed a slight improvement. These results the Board ascribe, no doubt correctly, to the general shrinkage in incomes caused by the decreased value of the rupee. There was an increase in the amount of Australian wine imported, but the amount is still comparatively small, and these wines do not yet appear to have secured a firm position. The falling off in exports occurred under rice for the reasons already explained.

6. The principal dutiable articles of the trade with Chittagong are kerosine-oil, salt and rice, the receipts from all of which declined in the past year. Balasore and Puri did not import any dutiable goods from foreign ports, while Cuttack imported a larger quantity of kerosine-oil, increased collections amounting to Rs. 7,813 being obtained from this article. The only dutiable article imported into Narainganj is salt, which is conveyed there from Chittagong under bond: no foreign trade is carried on with Narainganj.

7. *Value of trade.*—It has been commonly stated that the year 1892 was one of the worst years for trade ever known in Calcutta, and the figures supplied in the Board's Report show that as a fact trade was bad both in Calcutta and in the other ports of the province. The following statement compares the value of the import and export trade in the last two years under the three main heads of goods, treasure, and Government transactions, as well as the total trade of the province, both import and export :—

	Goods.		Treasure.		Government transactions.		Total.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I. Import trade	30,82,91,522	28,07,22,642	3,49,56,332	2,63,12,924	98,36,218	1,52,55,834	35,30,84,072	32,22,91,400	.....	3,07,92,672
II. Export ...	48,42,16,036	48,99,41,974	2,22,76,529	1,41,93,344	37,56,280	38,56,693	51,02,48,845	50,79,92,011	......	22,56,834
III. Total trade of Province ...	79,25,07,558	77,06,64,616	5,72,32,861	4,05,06,268	1,35,92,498	1,91,12,527	86,33,32,917	83,02,83,411	......	3,30,49,506

Excluding Government transactions, the total value of imports shows a decrease of Rs 3,62,12,288, and that of exports a decrease of Rs. 23,57,247. The causes of these fluctuations will be reviewed further on in this Resolution. Taking imports and exports together, the total value of the trade of the year, exclusive of Government transactions, decreased by Rs. 3,85,69,535 as compared with the figures of 1891-92.

8. *Foreign Trade of Calcutta.*—The bulk of the foreign trade of Calcutta is carried on with the United Kingdom, but the proportion which this trade bears to the whole foreign trade of the port, and which in 1890-91 was the lowest for ten years, has again slightly declined, and now stands at 57·18 per cent. The volume of trade with China, which continues to stand second in the list, also shows a decline from 10·02 to 8·83 per cent. on the whole trade of the port, the result of smaller receipts of treasure from Hong-Kong and the Treaty ports, and the more restricted shipment of opium to Hong-Kong. The United States come third, and the trade with that country appears to have revived from the depression noticed in 1891-92. Germany has again advanced, the percentage having risen from 4·50 to 4·98. The trade of Calcutta with the Straits Settlements is declining, while that with Ceylon is steadily on the increase.

9. The proportion which the foreign trade of Calcutta carried through the Suez Canal bears to the total trade fell from 68·6 per cent. in 1891-92 to 68·1 per cent. in the year under review. The decrease was entirely confined to imports, the exports showing a rise of about 41 lakhs in value.

10. The following table shows the fluctuations in shipping during the past two years:—

Arrivals and Departures.

	Number.	Tonnage.
1891-92.		
Steam vessels	681	1,335,205
Sailing	402	580,693
Native craft	42	6,898
Total ...	1,125	1,922,796
1892-93.		
Steam vessels	641	1,298,244
Sailing	421	651,582
Native craft	23	4,444
Total ...	1,085	1,954,270

Account is here taken of those steamers only which arrive and leave without touching at any other Indian port. Although the total tonnage has advanced by 31,474 tons, the total number of steam-vessels has fallen off by 40. In sailing vessels, the steady decline, both in number and tonnage, observed in previous years has, for the present, been checked. The trade with the United Kingdom shows a net decrease of 10 vessels, with Germany of 9, and with the United States of 1, while China shows an increase of 7 vessels.

11. *Calcutta Imports.*—The total value of imports, including treasure, into Calcutta from foreign countries again fell, viz., from Rs. 28,65,72,342 to Rs. 25,43,01,406 in 1892-93, the net decrease in merchandise amounting to Rs. 2,12,81,303, and in treasure to Rs. 1,09,89,633. The value of dutiable goods, however, shows an increase of Rs. 20,61,749. The following table shows the value of the principal articles of merchandise imported during each of the last two years:—

	1891-92. Rs.	1892-93. Rs.
Cotton-goods (including twist and yarn)	13,55,20,480	12,51,05,372
Metals	2,44,88,028	2,08,16,248
Mineral oil (for burning and lubricating)	1,34,49,052	1,56,41,143
Machinery	82,63,844	83,31,033
Woollen goods	63,84,025	62,13,269
Sugar	47,30,967	27,27,551
Salt	49,53,116	48,55,575
Liquors	44,90,858	44,00,796
Hardware	34,44,094	31,11,383

While cotton goods continued to occupy the foremost place in the import trade, their proportion to the total importations declined during the year by nearly 8 per cent: the falling off occurred both in piece-goods and twist and yarn. The metal trade which had materially recovered in 1891-92 from the decline in the preceding year fell off again during the year under review. This unfavourable result is attributed to the heavy fall in the importations of Australian copper, Japanese copper from Hong-Kong, and unwrought copper from the United Kingdom. The trade in mineral oils continues to expand as has already been stated. A special feature in the trade in machinery and mill-work is the large importation of machinery for the manufacture of paper. The trade in woollen goods received a check during the year owing to large stocks having been left at the close of the preceding year. Sugar continues to show a decline in importations. The decrease in the importation of salt and liquors has already been noticed in a preceding paragraph. The steady progress in the imports of hardware received a check during the year under review. Among other items it may be observed with satisfaction that in these provinces country coal is gradually displacing imported coal, the exports (211,218 tons) far exceeding the imports (12,565 tons) during the year, the latter figures being the smallest known for many years. Matches show an advance of 14½ per cent. in importations, Japanese matches which are said to be made by hand having been received in much larger quantities than in 1891-92. The importations of tea have fallen to the lowest point yet touched, Indian tea having almost altogether supplanted the China leaf in the favour of the public.

12. *Calcutta Exports.*—The total value of exports from Calcutta to foreign countries, including treasure, again rose, viz. from Rs. 38,91,36,558 in 1891-92 to Rs. 41,04,16,430 in 1892-93, this being a higher figure than any yet recorded. In dutiable goods, that is in rice, there was a decrease of Rs. 1,87,963; in free goods there was an increase of Rs. 1,78,02,607. The following statement gives the value of the principal articles of Indian produce and manufacture exported in 1891-92 and 1892-93—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
Jute, raw	6,08,27,524	7,19,71,637
Opium	6,01,47,915	5,98,50,325
Tea	5,63,31,095	6,06,74,386
Oilseeds	4,13,45,725	3 22,59.426
Rice	3,26,87,662	3,25,26,271
Indigo	2,63,60,394	2,60,04,461
Jute (gunny-bags and cloths) ...	2,45,38,536	3,17,58,214
Hides and skins	2.25,72,638	2,50,84,939
Wheat	2,11,85,172	1,52,42.488
Raw cotton	30,85,633	63,58,537

The decline in the exports of jute in the previous year has been followed by an increase in the year under review; for the crop was good and prices were low during the months of largest shipments. For the first time the trade in tea has shown a decline in the quantity exported, though the total value of the exports continues to show an increase, the average selling price having risen by one anna. The Collector of Customs draws attention to the decline in the export of tea from Calcutta to Australia and the simultaneous increase in exports from Ceylon, the figures being respectively 3,879,303 lbs. from the former and 5,042,648 lbs. from the latter, and there is little doubt that Ceylon is making every effort to obtain command of the trade. China tea shows no signs of recovery in foreign markets, but Ceylon tea continues to advance in favour. The trade in oilseeds, particularly linseed, which had advanced in the preceding year, fell off again in the past year, having gravitated towards Bombay. The exports of indigo were the lowest recorded for many years; the outturn, owing to unfavourable weather, amounting to barely half that of the previous year; prices, however, rose proportionately, so that the value of the crop exported was not below the average. The remarkably large increase in the exports of wheat in 1891-92 was arrested during the year under review owing to a short crop and the low prices ruling in the foreign markets; the bulk of the shipments was as usual consigned to the United Kingdom. A better crop and higher prices in Europe stimulated the cotton trade during the year, the

percentage of exports having risen from ·7 to 1·5: Bengal cotton, however, owing to its short staple, is not much in request in the English market.

13. *Treasure.*—The net imports of gold and silver declined by 65½ and 73⅔ lakhs, respectively.

14. *Coasting trade of Calcutta.*—After an advance in the two years preceding 1892-93, the coasting trade of Calcutta again fell off, the imports having decreased by Rs. 50,16,190, and the exports by Rs. 86,08,087: the decrease was confined to Indian produce.

15. *Chittagong.*—The total value of the trade of Chittagong shows a decline of Rs. 19,17,194 as compared with the previous year, the decrease affecting both foreign and coasting trade. The falling off under foreign trade is attributed to smaller imports of kerosine oil, and smaller exports of rice, jute, and tea, and under the head of coasting trade it is ascribed to smaller imports of piece-goods and smaller shipments of paddy, salt and spices. The amount of customs duty declined from Rs. 7,75,031 in 1891-92 to Rs. 6,79,473 in 1892-93.

16. *Orissa Ports.*—The following statement shows an abstract of the import and export trade of the Orissa ports during the last two years:—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
Cuttack.		
Foreign	33,79,111	27,56,539
Coasting	8,22,161	6,58,897
Total ...	42,01,272	34,15,436
Puri.		
Foreign	3,41,728	1,68,141
Coasting	2,22,761	1,36,858
Total ...	5,64,489	3,04,999
Balasore.		
Foreign	3,72,900	3,94,245
Coasting	1,21,46,539	1,03,51,964
Total ...	1,25,19,439	1,07,46,209

In all these ports there has been a shrinkage of trade during the year under review, and the customs duty realised declined from Rs. 2,33,294 to Rs 1,76,435.

17. *Narainganj (Dacca).*—The total trade of Narainganj, which is carried on with the coast ports only, fell from Rs. 73,00,346 to Rs. 72,34,513 in 1892-93. The customs duty, which represents exclusively the duty levied on salt imported from Chittagong under bond, fell from Rs. 4,53,021 to Rs. 3,02,198.

18. The Lieutenant-Governor's thanks are due to the Board of Revenue for their supervision of the Customs Department during the year, and to Mr. Marriott for his efficient administration of the department, and for the full and interesting report submitted by him. The names of the officers who are favourably noticed by the Board, with the remarks recorded, will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

FLOODS IN CERTAIN PARTS OF THE DACCA, CHITTAGONG, AND PATNA DIVISIONS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT, AGRICULTURE.—No. 1140T.—R.

Darjeeling, the 22nd September 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Correspondence between this Government and the Commissioners of the Patna, Dacca, and Chittagong Divisions on the subject of floods which have prevailed in parts of those Divisions.

Early in August reports reached the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor that there had been excessive floods in certain parts of the Dacca, Patna, and Chittagong Divisions, and that some injury to the crops and possibly some distress in the affected localities might ensue. Accordingly the attention of the local officers concerned was called to these reports, and instructions were issued that prompt inquiries should be made by Collectors and Commissioners themselves in the affected areas.

2. The results of these inquiries show that there is nowhere any ground for apprehending famine; nor is there reason for thinking that there may be serious distress over any considerable area, though undoubtedly hardship has been caused in isolated localities.

The Commissioner of Patna, after a tour of inspection in his Division, reported on the 17th instant that there is no apprehension of serious distress in the flooded tracts. Considerable areas in which the crops had been destroyed are being replanted, the public health is good, the condition of cattle is also good, and no relief works are at present necessary. In Champaran there was no loss of cattle from the floods. In the other districts of North Bihar the loss was inappreciable, the cattle having been removed in time to high lands.

3. The Commissioner of Chittagong reported on the 14th instant that prospects continue to improve; there are no authenticated cases of distress; transplanting of rice gives ample labour in the fields, and unskilled labour of coolies is not procurable at less than 5 annas a day. On the 21st he reported that there was no keen distress in Tippera and Noakhali requiring relief from Government at present.

4. In the Dacca Division there is a small tract, known as the *bil* country, in the Backergunge and Faridpur districts, with a population of about 40,000 persons, in which there is likely to be some scarcity, possibly even distress.

Here, in what have been described as "fantastic floating islands," splendid crops of aus and aman rice are reaped in years when the rise of the water is slow. Special long-stemmed kinds of aus and aman rice are sown together in March and April, and grow up in favourable years with the rise of the rivers in May and June—the aman rice with stems from five to seven yards in length. But if the water rise suddenly, as happened this year, before the seed can be sown, or so soon after that the seedlings are submerged, a complete failure of crops usually results. This is to a great extent what has taken place this year. But the tract happily does not rely for food on the rice crop alone. The supply of fish is inexhaustible, and part of the population being fishermen, food is procurable by them independently of their rice crops. The remainder of the population consists mostly of Christians, Mussalmans, and Namas. These have been accustomed to move elsewhere in search of labour; but as the aus crop is light, and as earthwork does not in these districts begin before December, these people, if not assisted, will be pinched, if not subjected to still greater distress.

To test the reality of the complaints of distress made last month in this tract, test relief works were opened, but nobody would work upon them at the wages prescribed in the Famine Code, and the complaints died away. They have been again raised, and Sir Antony MacDonnell has again ordered test relief works to be started. The District Officers are carefully watching for signs of distress, and have been instructed to make agricultural loans and to take such other measures as they may on personal enquiry find to be necessary.

In making agricultural loans care is necessary lest the amounts advanced are expended on payment of rent, and not in the support of the recipients.

5. Some loss of cattle by drowning and disease is reported from the Naraingunj and Munshiganj subdivisions of Dacca, and from parts of Noakhali and Faridpur, but the disease is now abating everywhere excepting Noakhali, where the Commissioner reported on the 21st instant that it had reappeared. Want of fodder is felt in parts of Noakhali, Tippera, Dacca, and Faridpur, but the urgency of this want should diminish with every day that passes.

6. All experience points to the great improbability of anything like severe distress being caused by floods in limited areas in districts like Faridpur and Backergunge, which have hitherto been safe from famine, and are in fact among the granary districts of India. No doubt the excessive floods have caused much individual inconvenience and hardship; but the information before Government is satisfactory on the point that there is at present no such distress as need cause anxiety to the public, although in limited areas some temporary assistance may be necessary. It is only reasonable that such assistance should be afforded by the zamindars to their raiyats. But where the zamindars hold back and relief from public funds is necessary, the District Boards and local officers are in possession of the means necessary to meet any emergency that may arise.

ORDER.—Ordered that the foregoing Resolution be published for general information.

Ordered, also, that a copy of the Resolution be submitted to the Government of India for information, and copies be forwarded to the Commissioners of Patna, Chittagong, and Dacca for information and guidance.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 23rd September, 1893.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.			
BURDWAN DIVN.			
1	Burdwan Sept. 23, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	1·04 0·64 1·03 0·24	Rain throughout the week. State and prospects of crops excellent. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 13 per rupee. Kalna ... ... 9½ to 13 per rupee. Katwa ... ... 12$\frac{7}{16}$ per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 11$\frac{13}{16}$ per rupee.
2	Bankura „ 23, '93	1·44	Weather—overcast and rainy. Prospects continue good. *Aus* paddy being harvested with good outturn. Common rice selling at 11 seers 14 chitaks per rupee at Bankura and 12 seers at Vishnupur.
3	Birbhum „ 23, '93 Rampur Hât ...	2·68 0·41	Weather—incessantly rainy with high wind. About 2 inches of rain fell in 36 hours. The paddy crops, both early and *aman*, are doing well. Early paddies are beginning to be in ear. Price of common rice 12 to 14 seers per rupee.
4	Midnapore „ 23, '93	1·29	Weather—fair, and at times cloudy. Transplantation still continues. Prospects hopeful. The late heavy rain has caused some damage to the standing crops. No want of fodder. Cattle-disease in Contai and Khedgeri. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 per rupee. Contai ... ... 12 per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 11 per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 11 per rupee.
5	Hooghly „ 23, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	0·84 0·23 1·36	Weather—cloudy; hot but latter part cool; rain on almost all days of the week with sunshine at intervals. *Aus* almost harvested. Jute being steeped. State of *aman* good. Sugarcane and other crops doing well. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 12½ per rupee.
6	Howrah „ 23, '93 Ulubaria ...	1·81 0·11	Weather—seasonable. In Ulubaria the harvesting of early rice continues. In parts of that subdivision floods have prevented transplantation of *aman*; otherwise it is doing well. Price of rice 9½ to 10 seers per rupee. Water sufficient. Fodder short in parts of the district.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.			
7	24-Parganas „ 23, '93	1·43	Weather—rainy and hot for the time of the year. Harvesting of *aus* and jute and transplantation of *aman* nearly over. Prospects of crops fair on the whole, but poor in the thana of Bankipore. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 to 10 12 per rupee. Barasat ... ... 9 8 per rupee. Diamond Harbour ... ... 10 8 per rupee. Basirhat ... ... 9 13½ per rupee.
8	Nadia „ 23, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	2·24 0·45 1·07 1·66 0·62	Weather—hot and cool with occasional showers. Prospects of *aman* rice and other crops fair except in the Kushtia subdivision. Lands being prepared for winter crops. Health of cattle good. Prices stationary. Supply of fodder sufficient.
9	Khulna „ 23, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	2·64 0·37 Nil	Weather—hot with heavy showers. Harvesting of *aus* and transplantation of *aman* continue. Ordinary rice sells at 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Water and fodder sufficient.
10	Jessore „ 23, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	0·85 0·07 1·20 0·69 1·80	Weather—seasonable at the beginning of the week, but windy and rainy at its close. Harvesting of *aus* and jute nearly finished. Prospects of *aman* fair. Rivers rising. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices stationary.
11	Murshidabad „ 23, '93	1·88	Weather—hot with occasional showers. *Aman* plants thriving well. Cutting of jute and mulberry almost finished. State of sugarcane not so good as expected. Fodder and water sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 11½ seers per rupee.

Division	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong	Sept. 23, '93	2·68	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* still continues. Prospects fair in Sadar: good in Cox's bazar. Prices stationary. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	" 23, '93	1·27	Weather—seasonable. State of standing crops very fair and prospects hopeful. Condition of cattle fair, but fodder insufficient. Prices stationary.
	14	Tippera	" 23, '93	4·1	Weather—cloudy with strong wind. The gradual subsidence of water is brightening the prospect of the existing *aman* crop. At present it is doing fairly. Fodder is not yet sufficient, but death of cattle is decreasing. Price of rice same as last week.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	" 21, '93	4·58	Weather—fair with occasional showers. Harvesting of *jum* and *aus* paddy still going on. Condition of cattle good. Price of common rice 8 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca	" 23, '93	1·76	Weather—hot with occasional rain. Harvesting of jute still going on. *Shail* paddy being sown. Prospects of *aman* paddy fair, but it is being damaged by a kind of insect in some places in the Munshiganj subdivision. Water subsiding. Common rice selling from 7 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder available with difficulty. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	" 23, '93	1·91 0·27 0·32	Weather—unsettled; at present wet and boisterous. Condition of crops unchanged. Rivers falling. Common rice sells at 8½ to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder-supply inadequate in some places. Some cattle-disease in Palong thana.
	18	Backergunge Pirojpur Patuakhali	" 23, '93	1·97 3·93 1·10	Weather—fair in the first part of the week; cyclonic in the latter part. State and prospects of crops fair except in Gaurnadi, Mendiganj, and Sarupkati, where they have been damaged by flood. Common rice selling at 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	" 23, '93	2·25	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops fair. The river has gone down to its usual level in this season of the year. Common rice selling at 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good except in some places in the Netrakona subdivision. Fodder sufficient except in Kishorganj and Netrakona.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur	" 23, '93	1·34	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects of standing crops continue to be good. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water plentiful. Price of *haimanti* rice at Sadar unchanged; that of *bhadoi* rice 12 to 12½ seers per rupee.
	21	Rajshahi	" 23, '93	Not reported.	Weather—seasonable: wet interspersed with sunshine. Prospects good. A long break in the wet weather we are having now, is desirable. Fodder and water-supply ample. No cattle-disease. Price of rice varies from 9 to 12 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Gaibanda Kurigaon Nilphamari	" 23, '93	2·35 2·00 1·66 1·18	Weather—showery. The rain will be beneficial to the newly-planted rice. Transplantation of *aman* almost finished. Jute harvest goes on. Price of rice slightly higher.
	23	Bogra Sherpur Naukhila	" 23, '93	0·88 0·61 1·02	Weather—unsettled and stormy. Transplantation of *aman* is finished. Prospects good. Common rice sells at 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	" 23, '93	1·74	Weather—rainy and cyclonic during the last two days. Harvesting of jute still continues. Prospects of standing crops fair. Common rice sells at Sirajganj at Rs. 4-14 to Rs. 5 per maund and 9¼ seers per rupee at Pabna. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	" 23, '93 ...	4·48 4·89	Weather—seasonable. *In the hills:—Bhutta, chota marua* and *bhadoi* rice being harvested. *Aghani* rice, *bara marua* and *kalai* progressing favourably. *Phaphur* being planted. *In the Terai:*—Harvesting of jute nearly completed. *Bhadoi* being harvested. *Haimanti* rice doing well. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 10 }
	26	Jalpaiguri	" 23, '93	1·69	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *haimanti* paddy is completed. The recent rain has done much good to this crop. Washing of jute continues. Price of common rice stationary. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
Bhagalpur Divn.			
27	Monghyr Sept. 23, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	7·39 2·08 0·88	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional showers. *Marua* harvesting continues. Prospects of standing crops hopeful save those on flooded parts. Winter rice, *kurthi* and sugarcane thriving well. Good outturn is expected of *sathi* paddy. Cattle-disease at Nawadih and Sheikpura. Sufficient fodder and water. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10½ to 15 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 13 } Jamui ... ... 12 }
28	Bhagalpur „ 23, '93 Madhipura ... Supaul ...	1·75 6·18 3·91	Sowings of *kurthi*, *kalai*, castor and indigo are being made. There has been a good *bhadoi* crop, and the prospects of winter rice continue favourable. Price of common rice 13 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
29	Purnea „ 23, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	1·10 5·40 4·38	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers; cool. *Bhadoi* harvest almost over. Prospects of *aghani* excellent. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices easier.
30	Malda „ 23, '93	1·56	Weather—cloudy and rainy with high east wind. Prospect of winter rice continues favourable. Sowing of *kalai* has been retarded on account of rising of the river. Steeping and extracting of jute not yet finished. Price of common rice varies from 11 to 17 seers per rupee. Fodder and water ample.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 23, '93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	1·84 0·57 2·29 0·36 1·56 0·27	Weather—sunshine and rain alternately. Standing crops doing well and prospects continue favourable. Fodder and water-supply ample. Cattle-disease reported from the Godda subdivision. Price of rice steady.
Patna Division.			
32	Patna „ 23, '93 Bihar ... Dinapore ...	0·80 1·85 2·94	Weather—cool for the season and cloudy. Prospects of winter rice excellent, the rain being sufficient. The high *bhadoi* lands are being rapidly prepared for the early spring crops. Potatoes being sown. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } per rupee. Bihar ... ... 15 } Dinapore ... ... 13 }
33	Gaya „ 23, '93 Aurangabad ... Jahanabad ... Nawada ...	0·88 1·94 1·02 0·42	Weather—unsettled; getting cooler. Prospects of paddy crop very favourable. Weeding going on. New maize and millet coming into market. Price of rice 12 seers per rupee at Gaya and Jahanabad, 14 seers at Aurangabad, and 15 seers at Nawada. Supply of fodder and water ample.
34	Shahabad „ 23, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	1·38 3·23 4·74 0·48	Weather—unsettled with cloudy skies and frequent showers. The weather is all that could be desired from an agricultural point of view. The young paddy is thriving. Sugarcane has improved. The coarse crops which form the *bhadoi* harvest are being got in. In the south, where they are important, produce is very poor.
35	Darbhanga „ 23, '93 Madhubani ... Samastipur ...	2·51 1·22 3·75	Weather—cloudy with high east wind. Harvesting of *bhadoi* nearly completed. Retransplanting of rice still going on. The rainfall of the week has done immense good to the crop. More rain is, however, wanted in the Madhubani subdivision. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Prices have slightly fallen.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 23, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	0·65 1·39 2·08	Weather—hot; cloudy. Retransplantation of paddy still going on in the Sitamarhi subdivision. Harvesting of *bhadoi* crops still going on. More rain wanted for *aghani*. No cattle-disease except a few cases of *dakha* and small-pox in Majorganj, Mahnar, and Mahna. Fodder and water sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—concld.			
37	Saran, Sept. 23, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	3·15 1·35 1·61	Weather—changeable in part of the week. Cloudy and drizzling with strong east wind to-day (23rd). Heavy rain at head-quarters on 20th. Paddy crops generally improved. In tracts where flood water has reached, best outturn assured. In parts of Sadar and Siwan more rain wanted in less favoured tracts. In Gopalganj paddy doing well. Fodder and water abundant. Prices showing a tendency to fall. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 14 8 } per rupee. Siwan ... ... 14 12 } per rupee.
38	Champaran, „ 23, '93	5·16	Weather—unsettled and cooler. *Bhadoi* rice and *kodo* are being reaped. Prospects of *aghani* rice very good. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack, „ 23, '93	2·75	Weather—cloudy with heavy showers occasionally. *Early biali* being gathered. *Bara biali* ripening. Transplantation of *sarad* still in progress. Fodder-supply sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 13 2 Jajpur ... ... 14 7 to 17 6 Kendrapara ... ... 14 7 to 22 0 Banki ... ... 15¾ } per rupee.
40	Puri, „ 21, '93 Khurda ...	0·74 2·37	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. *Biali* being reaped. *Sarad* being weeded. Some damage to *sarad* paddy from a disease locally known as *kahalia* and *puka chhinda* and believed to be induced by excessive rainfall, is reported from Banpur and Khurda. General prospects good. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 12 8 to 14 1 Khorda ... ... 11 0 to 15 12 } per rupee.
41	Balasore, „ 23, '93	4·06	Weather—stormy; cyclonic depression and heavy showers in the latter part of the week. Crops are still reported good and fair at Balasore and Bhadrak respectively. The heavy rain has brought on insects and weeds, and damaged two annas in a small area, and floods have also done local damage in the south. The present stormy weather, if it continues, will cause damages. Prices stationary.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh, Sept. 23, '93	4·85	Weather—very wet and stormy. Sugarcane and rice crops are doing well, and miscellaneous rainy-season crops are yielding fairly. Indian-corn almost a complete failure. Sowings of oil-seeds continue. Fodder and water abundant. Prices stationary.
43	Lohardaga, „ 23, '93	0·75	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Reaping of *gora* paddy continues. Prospect of winter rice continues good. Common rice selling at 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau ...	...	Report not received.
45	Singhbhum, „ 23, '93	1·45	Weather—seasonable. *Bhadoi* crops have been harvested with good results. Winter rice crop very good everywhere. Price of rice about 12 seers per rupee. Some cases of cattle-disease reported from the Chakardharpur thana.
46	Manbhum, „ 23, '93 Gobindpur ...	1·08 1·05	Weather—stormy and rainy. We are having too much rain, and winter crops are being damaged somewhat. Prices stationary.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 26th September, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 17th to 23rd September 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Sep	17th	151·5	7·4	29·764	82·2	88·5	11·5	77·0	79·2	0·956	77·9	87	S and SSE ...	50	Nil	Partially cloudy, o, ⌂.
,,	18th	148·5	5·0	·738	81·8	86·2	9·0	77·2	79·0	·956	77·9	88	SSE and SE ...	59	0·C6	Partially cloudy, o, d.
,,	19th	150·2	9·5	·707	82·4	87·7	10·8	76·9	78·6	·930	77·0	84	SE and E ...	55	Nil	Partially cloudy, ⌂.
,,	20th	151·1	6·1	·652	82·2	88·5	10·8	77·7	79·1	·954	77·8	87	SE, ENE and SE by S.	45	0·27	Partially cloudy, o, g, p, ṭ, ⌂.
,,	21st	150·3	3·9	·617	81·2	87·6	10·1	77·5	78·9	·957	77·9	90	SE by S, ENE and NE by N.	44	0·17	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, p, t, ⌂.
,,	22nd	111·8	Nil	·615	78·9	81·3	5·9	75·4	76·6	·886	75·6	90	ENE and ESE ...	184	0·69	Cloudy, o, g, d, p, t.
,,	23rd	119·0	,,	·621	78·6	82·6	6·4	76·2	76·7	·894	75·8	91	E, ESE and SE ...	247	0·49	Cloudy, o, g, d, p.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·673
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·690
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	31·9
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	85·0
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	81·0
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·0
The extreme variation of temperature	13·1
The maximum temperature	88·5
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	17
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	88
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	86
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 17th to 23rd September 1893	1·68
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	2·69
The total fall from 1st January to 23rd September 1893	77·64
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	57·06

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; d, drizzling rain; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; ⌂, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 25th September 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·632	29·606	—	Calm & N.	219	88·7	17th Sept.	62·6	23rd Sept.	86·6	76·2	81·4
		Gopalpore ...	29·671	29·632	—·034	N	199	89·2	17th ,,	75·3	21st ,,	87·3	70·7	[illegible]
		False Point ...	29·632	29·615	—·062	SEly	281	87·4	17—21 ,,	75·6	19, 21 & 22. ,,	86·5	76·3	81·6*
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·569	29·592	—·076	Calm	71	90·2	17 & 20 ,,	73·8	23rd ,,	88·5	77·1	82·5
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·642	29·645	—·030	NE	96	88·4	17, 18, 21 ,,	75·7	19—21 & 23. ,,	86·1	76·1	81·1
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·592	29·687	—·002	NEly	68	90·3	17 & 20 to 22 ,,	76·1	18 & 23 ,,	89·4	77·1	83·3
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·724	29·691	+·005	SE	72	88·6	18 & 21 ,,	75·2	23rd ,,	86·8	77·0	81·9
		Saugor Island	29·698	29·668	—·014	ENE	230	90·2	17th ,,	76·0	21 & 23 ,,	87·9	76·9	82·4
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·707	29·703	+·020	Variable	89	90·3	21st ,,	76·2	19 & 21 ,,	88·5	77·3	82·9
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·727	29·707	—·008	SE	92	90·5	18 & 21 ,,	75·9	22nd ,,	88·6	77·8	83·2
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29·668	29·714	+·020	E	64	90·1	21st ,,	77·2	23rd ,,	88·0	78·0	83·0
		Raniganj ...	29·423	29·708	+·025	NEly	45	93·2	21st ,,	75·9	19 & 23 ,,	91·1	77·1	84·1
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·424	29·675	+·001	Variable	59	89·6	21st ,,	74·6	23rd ,,	87·7	76·4	82·1
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·696	29·712	+·012	Ely	34	90·1	22nd ,,	75·8	23rd ,,	88·1	78·0	83·1
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·725	29·721	+·017	Calm & N.E.	?	90·1	22nd ,,	74·7	22 & 23 ,,	87·5	76·6	82·0
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·725	29·739	+·061	SE	52	90·7	22nd ,,	73·2	17 & 22 ,,	87·2	75·1	81·1
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·693	29·712	+·025	SE	78	90·1	22nd ,,	77·1	20th ,,	87·4	76·0	81·7
	Malda	Malda ...	29·688	29·720	—	SE	73	91·1	20th ,,	76·0	20 & 23 ,,	88·0	76·8	82·4
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·661	29·738	+·035	E	50	91·6	22nd ,,	75·7	23rd ,,	87·6	77·1	82·3
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·668	29·745	0	Ely	36	91·8	22nd ,,	74·2	22nd ,,	87·9	75·9	81·9
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri ...	29·525	29·764	+·027	Variable	55	91·4	22nd ,,	73·6	23rd ,,	87·6	75·0	81·3
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	22·994	—	—·021	NEly	74	63·6	21 & 23 ,,	52·6	20, 21 & 23 ,,	62·3	53·5	57·9
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	?	?	?	SEly		53·4	22nd ,,	38·1	21st ,,	51·5	40·3	45·9
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·714	29·749	+·005	NE	86	88·2	20th ,,	74·1	7 & 22 ,,	86·6	75·2	80·9
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...						Observations not received.						
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·741	29·699	—·005	Calm	60	89·3	17, 18 & 21. Sept.	75·9	23rd ,,	88·0	77·8	82·9
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·729	29·719	+·002	E	108	88·5	21st ,,	75·8	18, 22 & 23. ,,	86·4	77·0	81·7
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·736	29·730	+·019	E	47	86·5	17, 19, 21 & 23. ,,	76·4	18th ,,	86·2	78·0	82·1
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·745	29·715	+·004	Ely	86	89·1	20—22 ,,	75·2	18th ,,	88·4	77·4	82·9
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·747	29·731	+·009	Ely		91·3	22nd ,,	74·8	21st ,,	88·6	75·9	82·3
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·721	29·731	+·008	NE	71	89·7	22nd ,,	73·6	22nd ,,	87·3	75·9	81·7
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·653	29·732	+·032	Calm	18	92·2	22nd ,,	74·2	17 & 18 ,,	86·9	76·6	81·8
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·595	29·709	+·038	Calm	24	90·2	22nd ,,	74·0	18 & 22 ,,	87·6	75·9	81·7
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·605	29·725	+·023	ENE	55	91·0	22nd ,,	75·2	18th ,,	85·8	77·0	81·4
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·595	29·728	—	ESE	86	89·2	17th ,,	75·2	18 & 20 ,,	86·4	76·4	[illegible]
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·535	29·717	+·030	ENE	66	90·2	20, 22 & 23. ,,	71·8	20th ,,	86·8	75·0	80·9
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·584	29·719	+·050	NNE	67	90·3	17 & 23 ,,	74·6	21st ,,	87·0	76·5	81·8
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·402	29·707	+·017	Calm	73	88·1	22nd ,,	75·0	23rd ,,	86·6	76·4	81·5
		Buxar ...	29·517	29·711	+·022	Ely	61	89·0	17th ,,	74·3	23rd ,,	87·0	75·7	81·4
		Arrah ...	29·560	29·702	+·031	Variable	58	90·9	17 & 23 ,,	73·0	21st ,,	88·1	76·9	82·5
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·380	29·710	+·023	ESE	124	91·9	22nd ,,	76·3	18 & 23 ,,	89·0	77·2	83·2
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·575	29·711	+·015	E	96	89·5	20th ,,	75·7	23rd ,,	86·5	77·5	82·0
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka	29·261	29·707	+·026	Variable	?	87·6	21st ,,	74·8	19th ,,	86·5	75·9	81·2
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·745	29·700	+·001	Variable	131	85·2	21st ,,	69·8	19 & 23 ,,	83·7	70·7	76·7
	Loharuaga	Ranchi ...	27·616	29·684	—·005	Variable	146	84·0	21st ,,	69·4	19th ,,	82·1	70·5	76·3
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa ...	28·951	29·659	—·010	Variable	26	89·9	17th ,,	73·7	23rd ,,	88·5	75·2	82·0
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·521	29·811	+·053	Variable		90·1	22nd ,,	72·5	18th ,,	87·7	75·9	81·8
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·685	29·754	—·006	ENE	122	91·2	22nd ,,	73·8	22nd ,,	86·6	75·9	81·3
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·702	29·757	+·014	Calm		95·6	21st ,,	75·3	17 to 19 & 23. ,,	91·6	76·1	83·9

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 10
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 23rd of September 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					OF WEEK.				RAINFALL.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th May 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	DISTRICT.
—	80·0	89	8·1	5·77		2·48		3·45		8·66			42·22		Puri.
−1·9	79·6	90	3·9	1·25											
−1·4*	82·2	86	7·6	6·09											
−0·9	81·1	82	7·0	3·04		2·74		3·10		7·89			42·64		Cuttack.
−1·2	80·9	93	5·3	4·20		2·80		3·13		8·61			43·78		Balasore.
+0·1	81·1	88	5·4	1·57	1·99	1·92	2·75	2·42	13·01	7·18	+5·83	63·42	45·66	+17·76	Midnapore.
−1·0	81·1	87	7·6	1·43	1·46	1·99	2·43	2·66	9·45	7·88	+1·57	58·81	46·88	+11·93	24-Parganas.
−1·5	80·5	93	9·3	3·03											
					1·66	1·95	4·00	2·71	12·05	7·20	+4·85	59·65	44·91	+14·74	Howrah.
						2·01		2·41		6·78			44·43		Hooghly
−0·1	81·5	86	7·9	2·24	2·04	1·62	3·00	2·09	6·44	6·73	−0·29	58·02	41·93	+10·09	Nadia.
					2·05	1·84	3·00	2·60	9·14	7·69	+1·45	65·50	48·76	+16·74	Khulna.
−1·0	82·5	88	7·9	0·85	1·57	1·60	2·60	2·09		6·64			43·33		Jessore.
−1·4	81·0	86	8·4	1·04	1·25	1·45	2·60	2·29	6·61	6·29	+0·32	48·79	40·99	+7·80	Burdwan.
+0·9	80·0	90	2·7	0·42											
−0·4	80·2	90	5·3	1·44	1·22	1·84	2·00	2·73	9·07	7·03	+2·04	57·01	46·20	+10·81	Bankura.
					1·94	1·69	3·00	2·40	8·85	8·30	+0·55	48·39	46·17	+2·22	Birbhum.
−0·9	80·1	94	8·1	1·88	1·10	1·97	1·67	2·64		8·27			43·96		Murshidabad.
−1·2	80·6	91	7·9	1·97	1·86	1·85	2·00	2·48	5·99	8·27	−2·28	64·76	45·30	+19·46	Pabna.
−1·4	81·0	88	5·1	2·48	3·36	1·72	4·00	2·60	5·90	7·48	−1·58	54·80	48·66	+6·14	Bogra.
−1·2	82·0	88	4·6	2·56	2·60	2·44	3·33	2·33	6·75	9·11	−2·36	58·21	46·08	+12·13	Rajshahi.
—	80·1	91	6·4	1·56		1·66		2·16		9·13			47·06		Malda.
−1·3	81·1	87	6·9	1·10	2·08	1·95	3·40	2·47	6·95	9·42	−2·47	57·56	50·63	+6·93	Dinajpur.
−1·2	80·1	90	5·0	2·35	1·65	2·21	3·25	2·51	5·54	10·02	−4·48	68·82	64·44	+4·38	Rangpur.
0	78·6	87	6·7	2·16	1·69	6·11	2·00	3·50	12·30	19·64	−7·34	103·71	106·12	−2·41	Jalpaiguri.
					1·96	4·53	2·50	3·47	6·73	16·41	−9·68	94·66	97·69	−3·03	Kuch Bihar.
−1·8	57·6	96	9·4	4·48	5·01	4·02	4·50	3·69	13·74	14·64	−0·90	117·50	111·64	+5·86	Darjeeling.
—	45·0	91	7·1	5·46											Sikkim.
−0·8	78·8	90	7·6	2·70	3·53	2·27	3·00	2·98	8·51	11·56	−3·05	126·80	99·63	+27·17	Chittagong.
					2·57	2·70	5·00	3·90	11·16	10·02	+1·14	98·44	70·58	+27·86	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+1·0	81·7	88	8·9	1·87	2·44	2·54	4·25	3·22	9·90	9·30	+0·60	77·13	65·55	+11·58	Backergunge.
−0·1	80·9	91	2·4	1·27	2·91	3·75	5·00	3·44	9·64	14·07	−4·43	107·70	93·36	+14·34	Noakhali.
−0·7	81·0	91	6·7	1·01		1·59		2·15		7·11			47·57		Faridpur.
−0·9	80·2	91	7·9	2·92	1·29	2·18	2·25	2·57	5·72	8·71	−2·99	59·16	52·71	+6·45	Dacca.
−0·2	80·8	86	5·6	3·73	3·37	2·53	4·50	3·15	7·83	9·22	−1·39	67·64	59·88	+7·76	Tippera.
−1·3	80·2	91	7·3	2·25	2·48	2·30	2·40	2·87	5·35	9·58	−4·23	79·15	59·03	+20·12	Mymensingh.
−2·1	79·7	92	5·0	1·10	2·04	1·04	3·00	2·37	8·71	11·31	−2·60	64·65	57·26	+7·39	Purnea.
−1·8	80·9	89	8·6	1·72	4·92	1·22	3·50	2·00	11·98	7·08	+4·90	46·96	39·21	+7·75	Bhagalpur.
−2·7	79·1	89	7·0	2·51	2·71	1·27	3·33	1·63	5·53	7·11	−1·58		38·33		Darbhanga.
—	78·6	92	5·0	0·65	1·85	1·39	2·00	1·65	4·41	6·36	−1·95	37·36	36·28	+1·08	Muzaffarpur
−2·5	79·6	87	6·3	5·16		1·47		1·56		6·24			39·00		Champaran.
−1·8	79·3	90	8·6	3·15	2·08	1·37	3·33	2·01	4·69	5·83	−1·14	33·21	35·36	−2·15	Saran.
−1·2	81·0	86	5·7	1·40											
−1·8	79·9	89	7·6	3·34		1·30		2·20		5·92			34·56		Shahabad.
−1·3	80·9	88	6·0	1·38											
−1·7	79·3	90	6·3	0·88	0·76	1·17	2·75	1·73	6·84	5·51	+1·33		36·14		Gaya.
−3·3	80·2	89	8·9	0·80		1·12		1·75		5·38			35·16		Patna.
					3·99	1·67	4·00	1·78	8·07	6·29	+1·78	43·78	37·37	+6·41	Mongh
−1·2	80·3	87	4·1	1·84	1·80	2·10	3·17	2·57	7·06	8·47	−1·41	51·85	44·29	+7·56	Sonthal Parganas.
−2·0	74·3	90	9·0	7·15		1·96		2·98		7·39			44·63		Hazaribagh.
−0·9	74·0	89	6·1	0·75	2·20	1·50	3·50	2·80		7·81			45·69		Lohardaga.
						1·08		1·95		6·38			37·27		Palamau.
−0·2	78·8	89	7·9	1·45	1·45	1·29	3·00	2·45	8·77	6·98	+1·79	52·39	45·59	+6·80	Singhbhum.
					0·97	1·60	3·00	2·55	10·08	6·55	+3·53	61·95	41·24	+20·71	Manbhum.
−1·3	77·7	96	6·9	0·62											Assam.
+0·2	78·4	90	6·6	0·11											
+0·4	79·5	90	8·1	2·65											

for the last ten ears. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of he sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the heau District observations at for the period in quest'on during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth cf an incn fell

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 23rd of September 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 17th.	Monday, 18th.	Tuesday, 19th.	Wednesday, 20th.	Thursday, 21st.	Friday, 22nd.	Saturday, 23rd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	0·20	0·05	0·06	...	0·30	3·03	2·13	4	5·77	2·26	21·54	8·20	58·36	36·92
		Khurda ...	0·32	...	0·08	1·64	0·06	0·90				2·57		9·06		45·33
		Banpur ...	...	1·40	0·37	0·17		0·35				2·64		8·23		38·39
		False Point ...	...	0·04	1·49	0·03	1·44	1·80	1·29	4	6·09	2·43	22·77	9·10	80·97	48·00
		Gop ...										?		?		?
		Satpara ...	...	0·16	0·25							?		?		?
		Pipli ...	...	...	0·10	0·35	0·92	1·08				?		?		
		Ranpur ...	...	...	...	2·09	0·05					?		?		?
		Kurmala	...	...	0·05	0·05						?		?		
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore	...	0·10		0·10	0·29					2·53		6·72		36·3[illegible]
		Banki ...	0·22	0·02	0·02	0·35	0·48					2·55		8·20		42·25
		Cuttack ...										2·72		8·80		47·32
		Kendrapara ...	...	0·11	0·52	1·66	0·76	1·23	1·57	6	5·85	2·92	16·27	7·55	70·20	43·90
		Jajpur ...	...	...	0·09	0·37	...	1·07	1·40	3	2·93	2·97	12·69	8·14	60·92	44·35
		Dharmsala ...	...	0·40	0·37		0·82					?		?		?
		Salipore ...										?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Nayagarh ...														
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	1·23	0·40	0·15	0·65	0·92	5	3·35	?	12·38	?	48·96	?
		Chandbali ...	...	0·27	0·78	0·12	0·04	2·20	1·44			3·26		8·40		41·48
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	0·08	0·20	...	0·30	1·95	3	2·53	3·19	14·17	8·86	63·04	43·11
		Soro ...	...	...	...	0·10						2·61		8·71		41·56
		Balasore ...	...	...	1·51	0·77	...	0·05	1·73	3	4·06	2·45	20·23	8·77	77·28	46·48
		Jellasore ...	0·62	0·20	...	...	0·10	4·94	3·10	5	8·96	2·23	16·87	8·42		44·[illegible]
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore	Baripadah ...										3·03		8·45		45·78
		Contai ...	0·03	...	0·02	0·47	...	0·03	2·58	2	3·13	2·14	15·34	9·16	65·10	49·11
		Tamluk ...	1·55	0·28		0·12	0·02	0·05	0·66	4	2·68	1·89	13·75	7·01	55·18	44·25
		Midnapore ...	...	0·27	0·27	...	...	...	0·75	3	1·29	1·42	9·19	5·82	54·65	41·27
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·67	0·19	2	0·86	2·22	13·33	6·80	58·68	47·93
		Kukrahaty ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·78	1	0·78	?	8·24	?	49·41	?
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	1·58	...	...	0·42	0·45	3	2·45	?	15·44	?	63·82	?
		Panskura ...	...	0·01	...	...	...	0·11	0·48	2	0·60	?	12·12	?	40·03	?
		Dantoon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·36	1	1·36	?	9·74	?	54·98	?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	0·17	0·07	0·05	0·26	0·58	1·90	4	3·03	2·61	16·12	9·73	72·57	53·33
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·20	1	1·20	2·27	7·46	9·38	50·12	49·96
		Canning Town	...	0·77	0·83	...	...	0·45	1·80	4	3·85	?	11·48	?	79·31	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	...	0·06	...	...	0·27	0·17	0·93	3	1·43	1·62	8·27	7·94	65·22	47·65
		Barrackpore ...	...	...	...	0·13	1·02	0·39	0·33	4	1·87	2·01	8·96	6·33	54·68	43·23
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·16	1	1·16	1·79	9·03	7·44	57·54	44·69
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·21	0·40	2	0·68	2·01	7·58	7·28	50·04	46·32
	Howrah ...	Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·38	2	0·88	1·64	8·22	7·02	63·00	47·00
		Howrah ...	0·64	0·23	...	0·03	0·11	0·31	0·47	5	1·81	1·51	7·14	7·22	61·25	44·02
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	...	...	0·32	0·80	0·18	3	1·50	2·38	16·93	7·16	58·00	45·72
		Uluberia ...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·50	0·37	2	0·94	?	8·16	?	51·28	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	...	...	0·12	1·00	0·70	3	1·82	1·94	9·71	6·55	59·88	49·47
		Hooghly ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·43	0·41	2	0·84	1·78	6·60	6·30	47·66	42·02
		Jahanabad ...	...	0·91	0·40	...	0·05	0·79				2·31		7·48		47·81
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	0·24	0·38	...	...	...	...	1·10	3	1·72	1·37	8·62	5·67	54·68	40·78
		Krishnagar ...	0·03	0·23	...	...	1·19	0·26	0·53	4	2·24	1·87	7·19	6·46	47·32	39·15
		Chuadanga ...	1·38	...	...	...	0·28	...	1·40	3	3·06	1·60	7·27	7·61	52·48	43·26
		Meherpore ...	0·26	0·75	...	...	...	0·25	1·06	4	2·32	1·45	6·32	6·24	40·17	40·88
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·83	1	0·88	1·79	6·83	7·63	66·97	45·44
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·83	0·54	2	1·37	1·72	5·26	6·75	58·90	46·80
		Bagerhat ...	0·28	...	...	...	...	1·01	0·85	3	2·14	1·82	10·93	8·05	76·11	52·61
		Khulna ...	0·80	...	...	0·26	...	0·40	1·18	4	2·64	1·98	11·20	8·30	61·41	47·18
		Nakipur ...	...	0·65	...	...	...	1·29	0·65	3	2·59	?	7·38	?	56·40	?
		Rampal ...										?		?		?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	0·47	...	0·18	0·26	0·94	4	1·85	1·49	13·13	6·03	50·73	39·78
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·55	2	0·85	1·82	8·13	6·89	50·82	46·54
		Jhenidah ...	0·04	...	...	...	0·03	0·12	1·02	2	1·21	1·59	6·78	6·94	47·85	45·17
		Magura ...	1·05	...	...	...	0·15	0·03	1·00	3	2·23	1·40	6·24	6·76	52·23	42·40
		Bangaon ...	...		...	...	1·32	0·32	0·08	2	1·72	1·81		6·63		41·96
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	0·57	0·07	0·33	2	0·97	1·65	5·39	5·72	53·19	38·15
		Burdwan ...	...	...	0·42	...	0·04	0·14	0·44	3	1·04	1·60	6·90	6·80	52·29	41·35
		Katwa ...	...	0·15	0·53	...	0·33	0·02	0·98	4	2·01	1·45	6·26	6·50	41·92	40·85
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·17	0·18	2	0·42	1·08	7·31	6·11	42·54	43·41
		Mankur ...	...	...	0·13	...	...	...	1·66	2	1·79	?	12·65	?	53·98	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	0·55	...	..	0·10	0·79	3	1·44	1·41	9·34	6·69	57·09	[illegible]
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·41	1	0·41	2·39	8·41	7·47	56·30	[illegible]
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	0·67	2	1·17	1·88	8·78	5·75	44·98	[illegible]
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	1·14	...	0·70	2	1·84	1·66	9·73	8·21	70·44	48·87
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	0·77	...	0·79	2	1·56	?	12·87	?	52·65	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·27	...	1	1·27	?	13·56	?	57·87	?
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	0·42	0·75	0·30	3	1·47	?	9·76	?	37·01	?
		Gangajalghati	...	...	0·18	...	1·40	...	0·40	3	1·98	?	9·25	?	53·64	?
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·47	1	1·47	?	12·07	?	67·58	?
		Sonamukhi ...	..	..	1·26	...	...	...	0·77	2	2·03	?	10·69	?	47·90	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	0·03	0·18	0·03	...	0·80	1·64	3	2·68	1·65	10·45	8·22	58·48	46·98
		Hetampore ...	...	0·31	0·04	...	...	0·55	0·77	3	1·67	1·87	8·58	8·16	59·53	47·84
		Rampur Hat ...	0·35	0·02	0·04	...	...	0·15	0·90	3	1·46	1·55	7·73	8·52	47·61	43·84
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	1	1·50	?	9·43	?	42·30	?
		Murari ...	...	...	0·50	...	...	1·30	1·54	3	3·34	?	6·91	?	57·66	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	0·57	2	0·76	1·97	7·40	7·82	40·03	43·23
		Berhampore ...	...	...	0·77	...	...	0·13	0·98	3	1·88	2·07	6·09	8·06	58·81	42·78
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·87	1	0·87	2·50	3·73	8·64	56·96	42·18
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·65	1	0·65	1·73		7·90		43·37
		Jangipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·51	0·44	2	0·95	1·85	6·35	8·86	63·25	42·94
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	1	1·50	1·69	4·10	8·14		43·29
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·35	1·15	2	1·50	?	4·02	?	56·44	?
		Patkabari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	1	0·50	?		?		?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·18	0·56	2	1·74	1·83	0·65	8·83	69·20	45·61
		Sirajganj ...	0·09	0·03	...	...	...	1·44	0·41	2	1·97	1·87	5·30	7·70	66·21	44·90
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	0·19	0·42	...	...	...	1·36	0·90	4	2·87	1·64	5·07	7·06	51·27	40·38
		Nowkhilla ...	0·92	0·10	...	...	...	2·67	0·15	4	3·84	1·84	6·13	6·67	54·79	44·71
		Bogra ...	0·15	0·05	...	0·66	0·02	1·20	0·40	4	2·48	1·80	4·01	7·78	61·00	52·42
		Panchbibi ...	2·56	...	0·44	...	...	0·02	0·03	4	4·25	1·60	8·37	8·40	40·12	48·11
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	0·13	...	...	1·48	0·21	0·59	4	2·41	1·81	6·61	8·32	54·21	44·38
		Nator ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·15	0·65	2	1·80	1·60	8·07	8·76	55·58	43·99
		Naugaon ...	0·15	...	..	...	1·05	0·75	1·65	4	3·60	3·90	5·55	10·23	65·05	47·87
		Lalpore ...	...	...	...	...	0·60	1·18	0·36	3	2·14	?	6·48	?		?
		Manda ...	0·39	...	...	0·04	0·79	0·61	0·77	4	2·59	?		?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 23rd of September 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 17th.	Monday, 18th.	Tuesday, 19th.	Wednesday, 20th.	Thursday, 21st.	Friday, 22nd.	Saturday, 23rd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
North Bengal—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	0·12	...	...	0·19	0·41	0·29	0·55	5	1·56	1·89	5·14	9·09	50·67	43·71
		Chanchal ...	0·21	2·65	1·30							1·43		9·16		50·37
		Gajol ...	0·15	0·49	...	0·13	...	0·48	0·73	5	1·98	?	4·61	?		?
		Sibganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·71	0·41	2	1·12	?	11·79	?	59·50	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	...	0·58	...	...	...	1·10	1·75	3	3·43	2·38	6·89	8·87	50·59	40·98
		Churaman ...	0·55	0·87	1·01	...	...	...	0·44	4	2·87	2·06	9·68	11·27	55·92	47·85
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	0·35	0·40	0·68	...	3	1·43	1·71	5·93	9·32	63·79	51·86
		Dinajpur ...	0·13	0·66	...	...	0·07	0·23	0·25	4	1·34	1·76	8·20	8·87	55·52	55·63
		Balurghat ...	0·62	0·22	...	0·07	...	...	0·42	3	1·33	1·85	4·04	8·77	56·06	47·85
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·82	1	0·82	?	6·95	?	79·84	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	1·05	0·17	...	0·03	0·07	0·69	0·30	3	1·11	1·89	5·94	8·94	62·77	52·59
		Rangpur ...	0·72	0·21	...	...	...	1·14	0·28	4	2·35	2·40	6·20	10·51	62·95	65·32
		Peerganj ...	0·85	0·01	0·03	...	...	...	0·77	2	1·66	?	3·22	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	0·30	0·44	...	...	...	0·12	0·29	4	1·15	1·76	3·86	9·04	81·04	65·24
		Gobindgunge	0·55	0·36	...	...	...	0·28	0·90	4	2·09	?	7·91	?	62·18	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	0·82	0·58	2	1·40	2·77	6·14	11·51	67·46	65·29
		Ulipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	...	1	0·45	?	4·58	?	54·49	?
		Sundergunge...	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	2	0·33	?	2·17	?	?	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	0·65	0·04	...	...	...	0·98	0·02	2	1·69	6·11	12·30	19·64	97·?4	104·90
		Alipore Dooar	1·12	...	...	...	...	0·59	2·38	3	4·09	?	12·01	?	103·90	?
		Fallacotta ...	...	0·15	...	...	...	1·15	0·80	3	2·10	?	12·18	?	96·68	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	1	0·10	?	6·75	?	82·01	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	...	7·48	0·19	...	0·15	0·17	0·88	5	8·87	?		?		?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	0·66	0·02	...	...	...	0·46	0·04	2	1·18	4·43	4·75	15·45	91·32	85·33
		Kuch Bihar ...	1·50	...	...	...	...	1·34	0·07	2	2·91	4·55	7·42	17·45	92·35	106·25
		Mickliganj ...	1·35	0·15	...	...	...	0·23	...	3	1·73	4·27	7·82	17·02	85·26	97·27
		Mathabhanga	0·57	0·07	...	...	...	1·25	0·14	3	2·03	4·85	6·92	15·67	108·40	101·82
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	1·27	1·18	0·95	2·21	0·14	0·19	1·67	6	6·71	7·67	18·39	24·53	189·09	172·67
		Siliguri ...	1·87	1·36	0·34	0·06	...	...	0·48	4	4·11	3·93	11·31	12·27	102·23	109·94
		Darjeeling ...	0·89	0·28	0·98	...	0·07	0·02	2·24	4	4·48	2·45	14·79	13·67	95·64	96·28
		Kalimpong ...	1·60	0·34	0·14	0·04	...	...	2·62	4	4·74	2·01	10·44	8·02	82·94	75·69
		Kurseong ...	1·40	0·12	1·81	0·43	0·26	0·16	2·40	7	6·58	?	14·21	?	130·32	?
		Pedong ...	1·50	1·04	0·31	0·05	0·09	0·14	1·22	5	4·35	?	8·82	?	75·57	
East Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	1·41	...	...	2·55	0·04	0·37	3	4·37	2·59	9·40	12·51	142·15	117·14
		Chittagong ...	0·86	...	0·93	...	0·08	0·80	0·01	3	2·68	1·94	7·60	10·58	110·10	82·07
		Kutubdia ...	0·36									?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	0·07	...	...	...	0·42	1·20				?		?		?
		Kodala ...														
		Fenoa ...														
		Mirsarai ...	0·08	0·31	1·52	0·25	0·08	1·81	0·06	5	4·71	?	11·06	?		?
		Chandpur ...	0·55	...	...	...	0·25	0·35								
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·14	...	...	0·31	1·23	0·79	0·10	5	2·57	2·70	11·16	10·02	98·44	70·58
		Bundarban ...	0·15	...	2·60	0·46						?		?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	0·42	0·68	0·95	3	2·05	2·71	8·14	10·61	132·09	75·59
		Pirojpur ...	1·75	...	0·55	0·57	0·36	0·70	0·60	6	4·53	2·11	14·16	9·70	79·57	58·62
		Barisal ...	0·10	...	...	0·08	0·20	0·54	1·05	4	1·97	2·69	8·24	8·64	72·84	58·20
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	...	0·33	0·43				?		?		?
		Bhola ...	0·10	...	0·16	...	...	1·27	0·67	4	2·20	2·05	10·03	9·24	74·91	70·71
		Daulatkhan ...	...	...	1·76	...	...	0·36	0·92	3	3·04	?	8·61	?	82·26	?
		Bauphal ...	...	...	0·06	...	...	0·41	1·23	2	1·70	?	7·41	?	75·62	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	...	0·38	0·03	0·02	0·14	0·50	3	1·27	4·13	7·19	14·30	95·57	93·71
		Fenny ...	1·05	1·29	0·06	0·54	0·36	0·34	0·40	7	4·55	3·37	12·09	13·82	119·67	93·09
		Harishpore ...	0·27	0·19	0·30	0·75						?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·02				?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	0·22					1·79		6·68		48·21
		Faridpur ...	0·06	0·96	...	...	0·55	0·03	0·31	3	1·01	1·71	6·39	7·86	63·41	49·48
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·27	0·40	2	0·67	1·27	4·70	6·79	58·90	45·02
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	1·05	2	1·16	2·67	6·91	10·29	49·89	60·39
		Dacca ...	...	0·39	...	...	...	0·30	1·07	3	1·76	1·73	5·92	8·31	56·73	51·38
		Narayanganj...	...	...	...	...	0·32	0·04	1·30	2	1·66	3·22	5·60	9·54	49·74	55·95
		Manikganj ...	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	0·43	2	0·58	1·10	4·44	6·67	48·22	43·09
		Joydebpore ...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	0·80	1	0·83	?	4·42	?	57·18	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	0·11	2·30	...	...	...	1·28	1·18	4	4·77	2·02	8·40	8·75	65·53	52·11
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	0·10	0·12	...	0·10	0·33	3·33	0·12	6	4·10	2·45	9·57	9·38	78·12	67·12
		Chandpore ...	...	...	0·13	...	0·14	0·44	1·60	4	2·31	2·55	8·04	9·14	61·06	64·55
		Brahmanbaria		0·55	...	...	0·22	0·42	1·11	4	2·30	2·29	5·28	9·57	64·50	52·87
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	1·00	...	...	...	0·05	0·09	1	1·14	?	2·27	?		?
		Nasirnagar ...	0·03	3·10	...	0·05						?		?	33·09	?
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	1·20	2	1·70	?	3·76	?		?
		Kasba ...	...	2·30	1·75	...	...	1·35	0·30	4	5·10	?	5·10	?	51·20	?
		Laksham ...	...	...	0·50	0·40	...	0·58	0·16	4	1·64	?	5·46	?		?
	Mymensingh...	Kishorganj ...	1·49	...	...	...	...	0·61	0·47	3	2·57	2·23	5·10	10·08	85·26	59·89
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	...	1·15	0·42	2	1·57	1·54	5·8[illegible]	7·14	64·91	46·50
		Mymensingh ...	0·21	1·44	0·01	...	0·09	0·35	0·15	4	2·25	3·06	5·55	10·66	78·26	63·16
		Jamalpur ...	1·65	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·65	2·43	3·60	10·18	67·49	54·77
		Netrakona ...	...	1·23	...	...	...	3·15	...	2	4·38	2·68	6·61	9·81	98·25	70·82
		Subornakhally	1·85	...	0·07	...	2·48	...	2·09	3	5·69	?	7·75	?	71·76	?
		Durgapore ...	0·54	0·40	...	...	...	0·70	0·06	3	1·70	?	4·10	?		?
		Sherepore Town	1·24	...	...	...	...	1·89	0·05	2	3·18	?	4·76	?	48·54	?
		Dewanganj ...										?		?		?
North Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	0·48	...	...	...	...	0·21	0·13	3	0·82	2·38	11·73	11·42	82·67	62·67
		Araria ...	1·76	0·37	2·30	...	...	0·08	...	3	4·21	1·70	9·94	10·61	74·00	55·66
		Purnea ...	0·23	0·02	0·71	...	...	...	0·14	3	1·10	1·74	4·46	11·89	47·28	51·16
		Gondwara (Korah) ...										?		?		?
		Barsoe ...	...	1·75	...	...	...	0·15	1·00	3	2·90	?	10·40	?	61·67	?
		Forbesganj ...	3·72	0·78	2·96	...	...	...	...	3	7·46	?	9·81	?	59·54	?
		Kaliaganj ...	0·44	2·96	1·25	...	...	0·33				?		?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	3·08	3·10	...	...	...	...	...	2	6·18	1·31	13·87	7·09	49·60	42·62
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	2·10	1·00	...	...	0·71	0·14	0·26	5	4·21	?	9·11	?		
		Supaul ...	1·16	2·75	...	...	...	1·78	...	3	5·69	1·50	10·27	7·68	42·99	42·05
		Protabganj ...	...	2·36	...	...	...	...	...	1	2·36	?	8·78	?	40·73	
		Bhagalpur ...	0·03	0·11	0·68	0·01	...	0·34	0·55	4	1·72	1·09	8·93	6·41	39·97	36·64
		Banka ...	...	...	3·72	...	...	1·72	0·65	3	6·09	0·98	14·85	6·24	49·23	37·83
		Colgong ...	...	0·57	0·21	...	...	...	1·50	3	2·28	?	7·17	?	39·36	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	0·65	...	3·10	...	...	0·38	3	4·13	1·49	8·79	6·40	38·53	37·17
		Darbhanga ...	0·23	1·98	0·09	...	0·21	...	...	3	3·51	1·37	4·30	7·59	40·98	39·57
		Madhubani ...	0·14	0·40	0·05	0·59	0·04	...	0·27	4	1·49	0·96	3·49	7·33	35·61	38·41
		Bahera ...	1·5	3·85	...	1·56						?		?		?
		Roshera ...	1·40	0·96	...	0·14	...	1·02	2·04	5	5·36	?	15·95	?	48·60	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 23rd of September 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 17th.	Monday, 18th.	Tuesday, 19th.	Wednesday, 20th.	Thursday, 21st.	Friday, 22nd.	Saturday, 23rd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	2·02	...	...	0·06	...	...	0·15	2	2·23	1·43	2·63	6·87	44·70	36·4…
		Muzaffarpur	...	0·50	...	0·06	...	...	...	1	0·56	1·35	6·70	6·93	33·60	37·7…
		Hajipur ...	0·32	0·06	...	...	1·01	...	1·38	3	2·77	1·38	5·91	5·26	33·83	34·0…
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	1	0·53	?		?		?
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)										?		?		?
		Sinhar ...	1·50	...	...	0·75	...	...	...	2	2·25	?		?		?
		Pupri ...										?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	0·29	0·18	...	4·36	0·14	...	0·19	5	5·16	1·47	7·44	6·64	62·89	37…
		Bettiah ...	1·30	...	0·70	2·77						1·47		5·82		40·1…
		Bagaha ...										?		?		?
		Burhurwa ...	1·51	0·09	...	1·17	0·02	...	0·02	2	2·81	?	4·74	?	29·60	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	0·61	0·16	...	0·78	...	...	...	3	1·55	0·99	4·08	6·01	37·80	36·0…
		Siwan ...	1·20	...	0·15	...	...	...	0·19	3	1·54	1·86	3·97	6·34	31·03	36·29
		Ekma ...	...	0·41	0·11	...	0·15	...	0·07	3	0·74	?	1·93	?	?	?
		Chapra ...	...	0·29	0·32	1·66	0·86	...	0·02	4	3·15	1·26	6·01	5·16	30·89	34·12
		Sreepore ...	3·00	...	2·00	...	...	...	...	2	5·00	?	7·40	?	?	?
		Annuar ...	...	1·44	...	0·38	...	...	0·24	3	2·06	?	3·46	?	?	?
		Basantpur ...	2·34	...	0·35	...	...	...	0·10	3	2·79	?	4·44	?	?	?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	1·98	0·08	...	1·14	0·03	...	0·11	3	3·34	0·97	5·99	5·83	30·38	32·3…
		Dehri ...	...	1·00	0·12	0·03	...	...	0·23	3	1·40	1·87	7·31	6·90	33·66	36·8…
		Bhabhua ...	3·81	0·13	0·10	0·27	0·05	...	0·04	4	4·40	0·98	10·49	5·52	46·13	35·0…
		Sasaram ...	...	...	0·25	0·23	...	...				1·71		5·40		34·27
		Arrah ...	0·36	...	...	1·09	...	0·53	0·64	4	2·62	1·40	6·75	5·93	39·90	34·36
		Mohanea ...	1·10	2·10	1·10	...	...	...	0·55	4	4·85	?	9·85	?	40·69	?
		Khiri ...	...	0·33	0·30	...	...	...	1·40	3	2·03	?	6·12	?		?
		Ageaon ...	...	0·21	...	0·90	...	0·67	0·05	3	1·83	?	5·86	?		?
		Ramagar ...	0·27	1·71	...	1·21	0·05	...	0·60	4	3·84	?		?		?
		Koath ...	...	1·85	...	...	...	0·20	...	2	2·05	?		?		?
		Sikrosl ...	0·76	0·41	...	1·36	...	0·35	0·10	5	2·98	?		?		?
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	0·21	...	...	1·14	2	1·35	?	4·40	?		?
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...								?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	0·05	...	...	0·15	...	...	0·18	2	0·38	1·35	7·13	5·86	32·43	37·37
		Gaya ...	0·51	0·08	0·08	...	...	...	0·21	2	0·88	1·26	6·73	5·85	35·27	37·43
		Nawadah ...	0·22	...	0·29	...	...	0·07	0·15	3	0·64	0·88	4·87	5·44	36·88	34·60
		Jahanabad ...	0·26	0·52	...	0·17	0·02	...	0·17	4	1·14	1·19	8·62	4·86	53·10	35·12
		Arwal ...	0·25	0·70	...	...	1·63	...	...	3	2·58	?	5·55	?		?
		Daudnagar ...	0·25	0·43	...	0·20	...	...	0·05	3	0·93	?		?		?
		Sherghati ...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	0·08	1	0·38	?		?		?
		Rajauli ...	0·36	...	1·24	0·10	0·15	...	0·19	5	2·04	?	5·18	?		?
		Pakri Barawan	0·85	...	...	0·11	...	0·34	1·00	4	2·30	?	5·22	?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	0·03	...	...	...	0·44	...	0·33	2	0·80	1·53	3·96	5·73	37·61	35·94
		Dinapore ...	...	...	2·05	...	0·89	...				1·23		5·08		35·17
		Bihar ...	1·80	0·05	...	...	...	0·04	0·27	2	2·16	0·86		5·34		36·20
		Barh ...	0·23	...	...	...	...	...	1·83	2	2·06	0·85	7·56	5·36	35·38	33·19
		Bickram ...	0·90	...	0·10	...	1·21	...	0·24	4	2·44	?	5·98	?	42·77	?
		Hilsa ...	...	0·56	...	...	...	...	0·80	2	1·36	?	3·88	?	34·03	?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	1·23	0·25	0·96	3	2·44	1·22	5·48	5·84	47·20	34·27
		Monghyr ...	4·81	0·21	0·10	0·35	0·29	0·55	1·08	7	7·39	0·80	10·27	7·27	47·23	40·06
		Jamui ...	0·09	...	...	...	0·06	1·48	0·31	2	2·14	1·19	7·46	5·76	36·88	37·64
		Goori ...	3·47	...	0·37	0·32	...	...	0·99	4	5·15	?	9·23	?	47·67	?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	2·10	?	30·29	?
		Chahai Bamda	2·35	...	...	...	...	0·14	0·26	3	2·75	?	11·82	?	51·61	?
		Chupreon ...	2·60	...	0·62	0·42	...	...	0·05			?		?		?
	Santhal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	0·22	...	...	0·47	1·01	3	1·70	1·92	3·90	10·08	41·14	46·10
		Godda ...	...	...	1·00	0·29	...	1·85	0·70	4	3·84	1·97	8·28	7·53		39·19
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	1·03	...	0·21	0·35	3	1·59	3·10	8·29	11·35	63·73	48·39
		Naya Dumka	...	0·78	...	...	0·11	0·29	0·66	4	1·84	2·30	6·67	8·98	57·29	46·65
		Deoghur ...	...	...	0·48	...	...	0·21	0·36	3	1·05	1·49	8·00	6·94	47·96	42·81
		Jamtara ...	...	0·14	0·04	...	...	0·09	0·51	2	0·78	1·33	7·16	5·98	52·29	42·60
		Belbodda ...	...	...	0·70	...	...	3·48	...	2	4·18	?	8·85	?		?
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	0·81	...	...	...	1	0·81	?	5·18	?		?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	0·53	0·03	0·04	...	0·80	0·09	2	1·49	1·64	11·77	7·09	61·38	41·4…
		Hazaribagh ...	...	...	4·31	...	2·40	0·04	0·40	3	7·15	1·44	16·89	6·75	67·34	41·5…
		Semtakuran ...										1·87		6·52		41·3…
		Mahudi Hills										2·27		7·32		44·3…
		Jhumra Hill										2·60		9·32		54·5…
		Barhi ...	0·04	...	0·15	...	0·59	0·24	0·25	4	1·27	?	5·73	?	46·59	?
		Chatra ...	0·22	0·40	...	...	1·11	...	0·34	4	2·07	?	8·17	?	48·61	
		Karsgdeha ...	1·27	0·15	0·20	...	...	0·77	0·37	5	2·86	?	14·93	?	47·53	?
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	1·10	2	1·80	?	14·05	?		?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	1·30	0·99	0·46	...	0·36	...	0·47	5	3·58	1·38	11·89	8·04	40·11	45·83
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·38	0·43	2	0·81	1·61	17·59	7·55	60·59	45·8…
		Silli ...										?		?		?
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj.)										1·08		6·38		37·27
		Balumath ...	0·07	0·06	0·06	...	1·19					?		?		?
		Husainabad	0·20	...	...	2·25						?		?		?
		Garhwa ...	1·13	0·86	0·21	0·71						?		?		?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	...	...	0·18	0·29	0·98	3	1·45	1·29	8·77	6·98	49·90	45·59
		Chakardharpur.	0·20	...	...	0·13	0·78	1·03	0·83	5	2·97	?	11·08	?	37·53	?
		Ghatsila ...					0·07	0·30	1·77			?		?		?
		Baharagura					0·30					?		?		?
		Gailkeira ...	...	...	...	...	0·79	0·65	1·60	3	2·95	?	10·20	?	46·80	?
		Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·96	1·04	2	3·00	?	13·00	?	80·62	?
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	...	0·50	...	...	...	0·16	0·42	3	1·08	1·76	9·54	6·89	60·99	43·17
		Gobindpur ...	...	0·42	0·07	...	...	0·14	0·23	3	0·86	1·43	10·62	6·19	63·90	39·25
		Raghunathpore.	...	0·09	...	...	...	0·11	0·19	2	0·39	?	5·12	?	48·25	?
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	0·09	0·65	0·45	2	1·19	?	7·33	*	57·71	?
		Jhalda ...	0·80	...	...	...	...	1·05	0·47	3	2·32	?	13·29	?	54·23	?
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	0·20	2	0·40	?	6·69	?	48·30	?
		Pandra ...	...	0·95	...	...	...	0·06	0·74	2	1·75	?	8·83	?	52·39	?

Explanation.—... indicates hat no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, he corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 26th September* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 23RD OF SEPTEMBER 1893.

DURING the early part of the week the pressure distribution was fairly uniform, and comparatively fine calm weather prevailed, though interrupted in places by local storms, which caused showers of varying amounts. On the 17th, the first day of the week, there was excess in pressure of a tenth of an inch at most of the Bengal stations and in the north of the Bay, but in Burmah and Madras readings were more nearly normal. A fall of pressure began over the Bay, and continued during the whole week both over the Bay and the province, except at the eastern stations towards the end. The result of this steady fall was a depression, which formed in the north of the Bay, and after remaining shallow for some days, developed very rapidly as it approached the Orissa coast, and proved to be a disturbance of considerable severity, when it crossed the coast near Puri on Saturday, the last day of the week.

The first signs of the commencing depression were observable in the northerly winds at the Orissa stations, and the faint indraught across the east coast of the Bay on Monday, the 18th. Excepting the continued slow fall of pressure, and the more regular cyclonic circulation, there was very little change till the 20th, when the depression was better defined, but even then it was so diffused that its exact position, though nearer the west coast, was still doubtful. Gradients became steeper in the south-east of the Bay and winds strengthened, but velocity was never above 20 miles an hour at Diamond Island. The depression continued to drift slowly westward on the 21st, and on the 22nd it was near the South Orissa coast. Pressure fell more rapidly at the Orissa stations, and as it was then rising moderately in the east of the Bay and briskly in North Bengal and Assam, the disturbance was concentrating. Stormy weather rapidly developed, and when the centre of the depression crossed the coast near Puri on the morning of Saturday, gradients were very steep, and very strong winds prevailed over the south of Orissa and the adjacent part of the Bay. After crossing the coast the direction of motion was more northerly, and the track of the centre was never far from the western boundary of the province, till the disturbance broke up amongst the hills a day or two afterwards.

During the last two days of the week rough rainy weather prevailed over the greater part of the province, but especially in Lower Bengal, Orissa, and Chota Nagpur.

Pressure from being a tenth of an inch above the normal at the beginning of the week fell steadily, but slowly, at all stations till the last two days, when the depression received a considerable addition of power from the brisk increase of pressure in North-East Bengal, while it was falling near the centre of disturbance. Changes were above a tenth of an inch only on the last day of the week, while the area of lowest pressure was crossing Orissa, and these larger changes were confined to the Orissa stations, varying from ·1 inch at Balasore to ·35 inch at Cuttack. Defect was then half an inch at Cuttack, but gradients being very steep near the centre, the difference from the normal diminished rapidly towards the north, and was less than a tenth of an inch at most of the stations in South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur. The mean difference from the normal for the week varied from defect of 0·76 inch at Cuttack to excess of ·03 inch over the greater part of Bengal and Bihar.

Temperature—Has generally been below the normal, at times by several degrees, and means for the larger divisions are all relatively low. Defect in Assam is very slight, and in Lower Bengal about half a degree, but in the other districts it varies from 1° to more than 2.°

Rainfall—Was scattered and very irregular in amount, being due to local storms, till towards the end of the week, when the disturbance in the north of the Bay caused general cloudy weather with rain over the greater part of the province. In Bengal rather less than the normal amount has fallen, but in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, and Bihar considerably more than the average was received. Excess in South Bihar is 0·6 inch, in Chota Nagpur nearly 1 inch, in North Bihar 1·69 inches,,and in Orissa 1·89 inches. The rainfall on the whole has been more evenly distributed than is usually the case, as the falls at the various stations rarely differ much from 2 inches except in Orissa and in the Darjeeling Hills.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 23rd of September 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	90·2	62·6	87·0	76·4	81·7	−1·3	4·58	2·69	+1·89	4·00	3·21	+0·79	14·41	8·38	52·39	42·99
South-West Bengal ...	93·2	74·0	88·5	77·3	82·9	−0·6	1·62	1·81	−0·19	2·65	2·45	+0·20	8·65	7·31	54·51	44·62
North Bengal	91·8	73·2	87·6	76·1	81·8	−1·1	2·33	2·56	−0·23	3·28	2·66	+0·62	6·63	10·57	65·91	61·60
East Bengal	91·3	73·6	87·4	76·7	82·1	−0·5	2·42	2·39	+0·03	3·36	2·93	+0·43	7·31	9·58	75·13	64·69
North Bihar	92·2	71·8	86·8	76·2	81·5	−2·2	3·12	1·43	+1·69	3·06	1·90	+1·16	7·01	7·38	45·36	41·18
South Bihar	91·9	73·0	87·3	76·6	82·0	−1·8	2·05	1·45	+0·60	2·91	2·10	+0·81	6·82	6·49	41·57	37·93
Chota Nagpur	89·9	69·4	84·4	72·1	78·3	−1·0	2·63	1·67	+0·96	2·83	2·72	+0·11	12·38	7·18	55·50	43·64
Assam	95·6	72·5	88·6	76·0	82·3	−0·2										

* Daltonganj not included.

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 26th September 1893.

C. Little,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 17th to 23rd September 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Fahr.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
September ...	17th ...	29·839	83·4	90·0	13·2	76·8	85·6	80·7	·983	78·7	80	...
" ...	18th ...	·801	81·7	88·5	13·7	74·8	85·6	77·5	·836	73·8	68	...
" ...	19th ...	·769	83·6	90·0	12·9	77·1	84·6	79·5	·940	77·4	79	...
" ...	20th ...	·744	83·9	89·8	11·8	78·0	84·8	79·5	·937	77·2	78	...
" ...	21st ...	·682	83·3	89·0	11·4	77·6	86·9	80·0	·932	77·1	73	0·32
" ...	22nd ...	·646	79·4	81·9	5·1	76·8	81·1	78·0	·920	76·7	87	0·10
...	23rd ...	·653	79·4	82·9	7·1	75·8	77·6	76·5	·900	76·0	95	1·36

The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days ... . Inches. 29·733

The mean temperature of the seven days ... ... 82·1°
The extreme variation of temperature ... ... 15·2
The maximum temperature ... ... 90·0

The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days ... ... 80 %

The total fall of rain from 17th to 23rd September 1893 ... ... Inch. 1·78

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. Gilliland,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India,
The 25th September 1893.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 23rd September 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 23rd September 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 24th September 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	592	1,28,240	1,307	307	81,625	1,355
Jute	210	85,725	1,508	197	52,375	939
Firewood	120	74,650	1,160	124	77,100	1,122
Other articles	778	1,41,913	2,323	977	2,06,755	2,950
Total ...	1,700	4,30,528	6,298	1,605	4,17,855	6,366

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 16th September 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	242,289	2,44,138 8 0	22,46,837 0	4,77,312 7 0	14,537 6 0	7,35,988 5 0	76,408½	94,097	170,505½
Or per mile of railway	......	151 9 6	......	296 6 0	9 0 5	456 15 11	......	......	......
For previous 10½ weeks of half-year	2,908,761	31,08,369 1 0	2,24,45,977 10	48,55,896 14 0	1,41,883 6 0	81,06,149 5 0	775,405	954,100	1,729,505
Total for 11½ weeks ...	3,151,050	33,52,507 9 0	2,46,92,814 10	53,33,209 5 0	1,56,420 12 0	88,42,137 10 0	851,813½	1,048,197	1,900,010½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	243,380	2,50,812 2 7	22,14,660 20	5,33,951 8 5	15,233 13 2	7,99,997 8 2	74,469	89,709	164,178
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	155 11 9	......	331 8 9	9 7 4	496 11 10	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 11½ weeks of previous year	2,874,925	27,27,550 10 11	2,40,88,147 0	54,14,648 0 11	1,78,953 3 8	83,21,151 15 6	833,441	1,023,517	1,856,958

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 16th September 1893, on 22¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	14,544	3,330 7 0	2,507 0	114 13 0	7 0 0	3,452 4 0	889	79	968
Or per mile of railway	......	149 10 11	......	5 2 7	0 5 0	155 2 6	......	......	......
For previous 10½ weeks of half-year	*170,955	*41,684 13 0	†99,755 0	‡3,041 15 0	‡86 0 0	44,792 12 0	9,156	746	9,902
Total for 11½ weeks ...	185,499	44,905 4 0	102,262 0	3,156 12 0	93 0 0	48,245 0 0	10,045	825	10,870
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	15,452	3,554 4 5	5,330 10	223 6 0	3 4 0	3,780 14 5	904	64	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	159 11 11	......	10 0 7	0 2 4	169 14 10	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 11½ weeks of previous year ...	207,516	49,713 5 1	63,837 20	2,423 2 0	83 7 0	52,219 14 1	10,353	669	11,022

* Added number of passengers 440 and Rs. 123 }
† Deducted maunds 11 and added " 2 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 12th August 1893.
‡ Ditto " 4 }

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 16th September 1893, on 161⅗ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,313	12,709 12 0	37,667 0	7,629 14 0	32 0 0	20,371 10 0	6,048	3,131	9,179
Or per mile of railway	......	78 11 11	......	47 4 5	0 3 2	126 3 6	......	......	......
For previous 10½ weeks of half-year	*206,278	*1,38,637 1 0	†4,95,435 0	†68,052 9 0	‡311 0 0	2,07,000 10 0	62,327	27,406	89,733
Total for 11½ weeks ...	223,691	1,51,346 13 0	5,33,102 0	75,682 7 0	343 0 0	2,27,372 4 0	68,375	30,537	98,912
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	12,974	11,261 15 8	35,824 10	7,536 0 0	54 11 3	18,852 10 11	6,354	2,454	8,808
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	69 12 5	......	46 11 1	0 5 5	116 12 11	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 11½ weeks of previous year	193,830½	1,33,677 14 9	4,08,226 20	69,057 13 6	454 0 9	2,03,189 13 0	72,631	27,823	100,454

* Added number of passengers 856 and deducted Rs. 679 }
† Deducted maunds 239 and ,, 510 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 12th August 1893.
‡ Ditto ,, 8 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 16th September 1893, on 778 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	130,170	59,950 0 0	9,54,150 0	2,02,250 0 0	12,030 0 0	2,74,230 0 0	28,000	33,764	61,764
Or per mile of railway	179	77 0 0	1,226 0	260 0 0	*1 0 0	*338 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 10 weeks of half-year	†1,683,251	7,03,450 0 0	73,04,036 0	14,12,334 0 0	1,52,322 0 0	22,68,115 0 0	287,047	289,510	576,557
Total for 11 weeks ...	1,823,421	7,63,400 0 0	82,58,186 0	16,14,584 0 0	1,64,352 0 0	25,42,345 0 0	315,047	323,274	638,321
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	141,069	59,855 0 0	9,14,442 0	2,35,270 0 0	14,197 0 0	3,09,322 0 0	26,600	43,230	69,830
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	182	77 0 0	1,177 0	303 0 0	*1 0 0	*381 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,669,847	6,70,776 0 0	75,45,713 0	17,74,013 0 0	1,70,174 0 0	26,14,963 0 0	300,607	394,638	695,245

* Excluding steamer earnings.
† Audited up to week ending 29th July 1893.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 16th September 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	27,970	8,110 0 0	61,840 0	4,290 0 0	230 0 0	12,630 0 0	3,929	1,743	5,672
Or per mile of railway	224	65 0 0	495 0	34 0 0	2 0 0	101 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 10 weeks of half-year*	334,991	1,04,588 0 0	5,39,959 0	44,471 0 0	957 0 0	1,50,016 0 0	36,735	21,048	57,783
Total for 11 weeks ...	362,961	1,12,698 0 0	6,01,799 0	48,761 0 0	1,187 0 0	1,62,646 0 0	40,664	22,791	63,455
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	27,998	9,111 0 0	74,596 0	7,403 0 0	505 0 0	16,009 0 0	3,933	2,571	6,504
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	124	73 0 0	597 0	60 0 0	2 0 0	135 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	332,030	1,01,569 0 0	5,78,535 0	50,192 0 0	1,583 0 0	1,53,344 0 0	41,342	24,369	5,711

* Audited up to week ending 29th July 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 16th September 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated). *	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	15,130	5,010 0 0	41,450 0	4,380 0 0	130 0 0	9,520 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
Per mile of railway	176	58 0 0	482 0	51 0 0	2 0 0	111 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 10 weeks of half-year	*172,023	53,074 0 0	1,72,978 0	11,709 0 0	1,604 0 0	*66,387 0 0	25,300	7,882	†33,191
Total for 11 weeks ...	187,153	58,084 0 0	2,14,428 0	16,089 0 0	1,734 0 0	75,907 0 0	27,793	8,619	36,415
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week previous year	15,581	5,010 0 0	26,112 0	2,181 0 0	200 0 0	7,391 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	181	58 0 0	304 0	26 0 0	2 0 0	86 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	181,305	56,596 0 0	1,84,952 0	14,202 0 0	2,174 0 0	72,972 0 0	28,959	7,639	36,598

* Audited up to week ending 29th July 1893.
* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(Includes the Tirhut State Railway.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 16th September 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	83,990	29,130	2,17,170	29,464	7,870	66,460	12,916	15,627	28,543
Per mile of railway	111·10	38·53	287·26	38·97	10·41	87·91	......	......	......
For previous 10½ weeks of half-year*	905,072	3,42,091	21,59,753	2,90,388	97,736	7,30,215	128,401	156,242	284,643
Total for 11½ weeks ...	989,062	3,71,221	23,76,923	3,19,848	1,05,606	7,96,675	141,317	171,869	313,186
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	86,914	36,745	2,35,930	31,425	8,287	76,457	14,314	12,708	27,022
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	115·12	48·67	312·49	41·62	10·98	101·27	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year*	937,632	3,43,938	28,42,464	3,58,712	88,082	7,91,332	152,530	169,813	322,343

* Includes audited figures up to 5th August 1893.

Printed and published by Edwin Morris Lewis at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 27th September 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 40 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE CHITTAGONG DIVISION FOR 1892-93.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—MISCELLANEOUS No. 657T—G.

Darjeeling, the 1st *October* 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Annual General Administration Report of the Chittagong Division for 1892-93.

This report is submitted by Mr. Oldham, who was in charge of the Division throughout the year, except for two months, from 10th October 1892, when he took privilege leave and Mr. Greer officiated for him.

Tours and Inspections.

2. The orders of the Government respecting tours seem to have been properly carried out by the Commissioner and District and Subdivisional Officers; and the diaries submitted showed that full attention had been paid to all subjects of outdoor

inspection. In Chittagong Mr. Slack made a special tour for the purpose of removing the hindrances which had arisen to the making over of the land required for the Assam-Bengal State Railway, and was successful in his object. In Tippera Mr. Greer's tact overcame the opposition of the people to the survey of the Maharaja of Hill Tippera's estate. The useful character of the inspections made by Mr. Manson, in charge of Cox's Bazar, has been especially brought to notice in connexion with the tours of Sub-divisional Officers. Half-yearly inspections of the offices at head-quarters were duly made by all Collectors.

Weather and Crops.

3. The rainfall is reported to have been sufficient and well distributed. The fall at Chandpur and Mirserai in Chittagong was deficient, being only 62" and 59" respectively, compared with an average of 96" for the whole district. Fine crops of rice and jute, the staple products of the Division, were reaped. The winter crops, however, in Chittagong and Noakhali were poor.

The Commissioner notices two interesting facts in regard to Tippera. It is said that in that district the jute crop is now considered the most important crop of the year, coming even before rice, and that in the north of the district the cultivation of hemp is spreading, and is considered very profitable.

Public health.

4. The year was an unhealthy one in Noakhali and the northern half of Chittagong, where an epidemic of cholera raged from May to September.

The following figures show the total reported mortality in each District for the last three years:—

	Population by census of 1891.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1890-91.
Chittagong ...	1,290,167	37,211	30,279	28,072
Noakhali ...	1,009,693	29,505	25,851	26,685
Tippera ...	1,782,935	32,944	33,103	36,558
Total ...	4,082,795	99,660	89,233	91,315

It will be observed that the total number of deaths reported increased considerably in Chittagong and Noakhali, while in Tippera there was a slight decrease. It is difficult to speak with any certainty of the death-rate in this or other divisions of these provinces, the registration of mortality being still defective. It is true that the public health was better in Tippera than elsewhere, but the figures for that district show a death-rate of only 18·4 per mille against 21 and 29 per mille in Chittagong and Noakhali, indicating that registration there is still very imperfect.

Condition of the people.

5. Good crops and brisk trade maintained the people of the Division in the usual condition of prosperity, which characterises the eastern districts of Bengal. It is only in Noakhali, which is the poorest district of the division, that the offer of 5 and 6 annas a day attracts any local supply of day labourers. Elsewhere work at this rate is left to be performed by outsiders, who come annually from great distances to secure higher wages than they can obtain near their homes in Bihar and Oudh. The Commissioner remarks that, with the work on the Assam-Chittagong Railway in progress, this immigration must increase, as last year local labour failed in Tippera and Chittagong. The prices of food-grains were slightly higher than in the previous year, owing to exportations to meet scarcity in other parts of India, but the wages of labour rose in general on a corresponding scale. The division is practically secure against famine or even general scarcity. Floods can only cause partial and temporary distress in particular localities, and even in such cases the people are able to obtain credit or to fall back on reserves of former years.

Manufactures, Trade and Commerce.

6. The bulk of the trade is water-borne, and centres at the ports of Naraianganj and Chittagong. Figures for the latter port show a decline both in exports and

imports, but this decline is due to causes in no way affecting the prosperity of the Division as a whole. The exports of rice decreased because the Deltaic Districts, which generally send their rice to Chittagong, whence it is again exported, were able last year to secure good prices in markets nearer home, and their consignments to Chittagong were therefore diminished. Again, the decrease in the value of jute imported into and exported from Chittagong is due, as the Commissioner observes, to the fact that the raiyats, in view of the large profits made by middlemen in 1890 and 1891, held up their jute to an unprecedented extent, in the hope of obtaining similar profits in the year under review. Tea is a local product in Chittagong, and a poor crop accounts for the decrease in the amount exported. There was an increase in the exports of cotton, much of which, however, was the remnant of the previous year's crop—an exceptionally good one.

In connection with the Port of Chittagong, it may be mentioned that the term of office of all the Commissioners of the Port Trust expired during the year, and that a new body were appointed or elected.

Civil Justice.

7. The following table shows the work of the Civil Courts during the year. The information has, under the order of Sir Charles Elliott, been furnished by the Civil Courts :—

Districts.	Sub-division or chauki.	Description of Court.	Number of officers.	Number of original cases disposed of.		Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B.			Number of witnesses examined.†	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases pending at end of year to total disposed of.
				Ordinary.	Small Cause Court.	Money.	Rent.	Title.			
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	8	9	10	11
Chittagong	Sadar	Munsif	[illegible]	960	316	584	487	205	1,334	13	20
	Sitakund	Do.	[illegible]	1,242	138	393	713	274	1,671	57	23
	Fatickcherry	Do.	[illegible]	1,109	19	314	573	241	2,752	14	15
	Hathazari	Do.	1	1,296	33	384	690	255	6,124	8	16
	North Raojan	Do.	1	1,396	......	439	691	266	2,730	27	21
	South do.	Do.	1	1,454	21	326	813	336	2,531	19	19
	1st Patiya	Do.	1	2,225	132	306	2,008	43	2,720	18	14
	2nd do.	Do.	1	642	253	360	108	387	2,311	27	22
	Anwara	Do.	1	1,418	37	367	697	391	312	42	19
	Satkania	Do.	1	1,471	33	454	787	263	1,718	6	21
	Cox's Bazar	Do.	1	910	......	204	586	120	1,115	32	15
	Anwara, Patiya	Additional Munsif	1	845	......	235	222	388	2,023	20	23
	North Raojan, Hathazari, Fatickcherry	Ditto	1	1,143	......	307	527	309	2,635	12	......
	Satkania, South Raojan, Sadar, Sitakund	Ditto	1	1,038	119	300	501	266	1,468	10	12
Noakhali	Sudharam	Munsif	1½	2,969	497	784	2,148	534	4,169	9	14
	Begumganj	Do.	1	2,096	703	1,094	1,410	295	2,128	7	16
	Fenny	Do.	2	3,085	410	758	2,235	502	5,193	3	15
	Sandwip	Do.	1	1,213	372	590	658	337	2,247	17	25
	Lakhipur	Do.	2	3,532	722	1,209	2,747	278	5,423	24	12
	Hatiya	Do.	1	866	......	349	361	156	1,984	16	13
Tippera	Sadar	Munsif	7	8,636	2,981	4,943	5,462	1,212	18,765	11	16
	Kasba	Munsif	2	2,076	445	894	1,321	306	4,108	28	31
	Brahmanberia	Do.	3	2,886	1,956	2,513	1,610	719	8,135	16	22
	Chandpur	Do.	3	3,840	2,459	3,205	2,753	341	9,063	13	17
	Nabinagar	Do.	2	2,942	733	1,444	1,039	402	5,082	42	25
	Total	......	39	50,530	12,379	22,756	31,237	8,916	97,741	17	17
	* Total for 1891-92	......	45½	48,656	8,369	21,384	28,255	7,386	244,915	11	23

* This total for 1891-92 includes the figures of Judges or Subordinate Judges.
† Shows the number of witnesses attended.

The number of civil suits disposed of by Munsifs shows an increase from 56,708 to 62,909. The Commissioner quotes, as generally applicable to the Division, some comments made by Mr. Gun, the Judge of Noakhali, to the effect that increase of litigation continues. Causes for this increase are, it is said, to be found in the extention of cultivation, which induces disputes as to the ownership of fallow land, and in the increasing familiarity of the people with the law on the subject of occupancy rights, to enforce which many suits are brought.

Criminal Justice.

8. The following statement shows the criminal work of the Division :—

DISTRICT.	Subdivision.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average number of cases disposed of per officer.	Average number of witnesses examined per case.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to column 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Chittagong ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	8	2,401	3,406	53	8,100	7	60	785	37	300	3	[illegible]
	Cox's Bazar ...	Ditto ...	2	480	679	55	1,817	17	79	228	13	240	4	5
Noakhali ...	Sadar	Ditto ...	7	1,187	1,754	50	6,987	8	68	190	1	170	6	·5
	Fenny	Ditto ...	1	366	564	40	1,679	7	68	59	......	366	4	......
Tippera ...	Sadar	Ditto ...	5¼	1,580	2,276	61	8,520	4	64	326	10	287	5	3
	Brahmanbaria ...	Ditto ...	2	1,009	1,451	67	6,161	1	80	245	1	504	6	·4
	Chandpur ...	Ditto ...	1	695	1,189	65	3,238	1	89	170	1	695	5	·6
	Total, 1892-93 ...	Stipendiary ...	26¼	7,718	11,319	57	36,502	6	69	2,003	63	296	5	3
	Total, 1891-92 ...	Stipendiary ...	26½	7,240	10,875	54	55,204	10	79	1,802	172	276	7	9
Chittagong ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	1¾	509	814	12	693	47	65	3	1	291	1	33
Noakhali ...	Sadar	Ditto ...	1	264	306	41	571	9	......	......	......	264	2	......
Tippera ...	Sadar	Ditto ...	6	312	366	40	333	7	58	3	......	52	3	......
	Brahmanbaria ...	Ditto ...	4	298	353	51	1,241	2	89	......	......	74	4	......
	Chandpur ...	Ditto ...	2	56	79	54	283	......	67	......	......	28	5	......
	Total, 1892-93 ...	Honorary ...	14¾	1,439	1,918	33	3,721	13	66	6	1	97	2	17
	Total, 1891-92 ...	Stipendiary ...	9¼	1,015	1,272	44	5,207	9	80	7	......	407	5	......

Taking the Division as a whole, cognizable crime increased by 657 while non-cognizable crime decreased by 441 cases. The increase in cognizable crime is localized in the district of Chittagong, and is due to an increase in offences against property caused by high prices in the beginning of the year, and to an increase in the number of prosecutions under the Arms, Salt, and Opium Acts and in the number of agrarian riots, which rose from 89 to 119. In Tippera the number of cases was nearly the same as in the previous year; but in contrast to Chittagong there was a marked decrease in riots, which is attributed to preventive measures taken by the Courts. Noakhali was unusually free from crime; cognizable cases fell from 1,189 to 1,057, and non-cognizable cases from 3,749 to 3,272. The Commissioner reproduces a description given by Mr. Nanda Krishna Bose, the Magistrate of Noakhali, of the system adopted by him of referring a large proportion of complaints to the village panchayats for report under section 202 of the Criminal Procedure Code. Out of 4,193 complaints, 1,260, or about 30 per cent., were so referred. Of this number, 722 did not again come before the Courts, having been amicably settled in the villages, 313 were subsequently enquired into magisterially, and 225 are pending. In order to provide a safeguard against the abuse of power by panchayats, Mr. Bose makes it an essential condition of the system that cases in which the panchayats fail to bring about an amicable settlement should invariably be enquired into magisterially. The Commissioner is of opinion that the system has no inherent excellence, and but few extrinsic virtues, but if, as is said to be the case, the panchayats command the confidence of the people, the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor would not discourage a system which seems to promote the amicable adjustments of petty difference and disputes. Mr. Greer adopted a similar method in Tippera with success, and mentions, as a point in favour of it, that the employment of panchayats tends to increase the importance of the office.

The Stipendiary Magistrates at Chandpur and Brahmanbaria in Tippera had according to these returns most work to do and disposed of it promptly; only about one per cent. of the witnesses being detained over two days. The Magistrate at Cox's Bazar, on the contrary, detained 17 per cent. of witnesses over two days, while in the case of the Honorary Magistrates of Chittagong the percentage rose to 47. The proportion of A Form cases remanded over six

times was generally insignificant, amounting to only 64 cases out of 2,009. The work done by Honorary Magistrates increased in every district, the total number of cases disposed of by this agency in the Division being 1,439 as against 1,015 in the previous year.

Sessions trials.

9. The following table shows the result of Sessions trials:—

Sessions trials.

DISTRICT.	Number of cases pending at commencement of year.	Number committed during the year.	Total for disposal.	Number disposed of.	Number in which conviction obtained.	Number in which sentences modified or reversed by High Court.	Number acquitted by Sessions Judge.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Chittagong	3	37	40	35	21	5	12
Noakhali	1	17	18	18	12	4	6
Tippera	......	38	38	36	28	4	8

Fines.

10. The amount of fines imposed, remitted, and collected is given below:—

DISTRICT.	Balance outstanding at commencement of the year.	Amount imposed during the year.	Total demand.	Amount collected during the year.	Amount remitted or written off during the year.	Total collected and remitted.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Chittagong ...	4,005 11 8	18,884 15 0	22,890 10 8	15,130 7 1	1,778 8 0	16,908 15 1	5,981 11 7
Tippera ...	5,097 11 4	27,872 0 3	32,969 11 7	27,315 4 3	1,324 6 9	28,639 11 0	4,330 0 7
Noakhali ...	2,514 15 10	8,736 5 9	11,251 5 7	8,157 0 6	1,400 14 7	9,557 15 1	1,093 6 6
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	622 15 3	525 12 0	1,148 11 3	703 14 3	194 15 0	898 13 3	249 14 0
Total ...	12,241 6 1	56,019 1 0	68,260 7 1	51,306 10 1	4,698 12 4	56,005 6 5	12,255 0 8

Except in Chittagong, the outstanding balance was smaller at the end than at the beginning of the year.

Attendance of Honorary Magistrates.

11. The following table shows the attendance of Honorary Magistrates:—

DISTRICT.	Number of Honorary Magistrates.	Number of times asked to attend.	Number of times actually attended	Absent with leave or notice.	Absent without leave or notice.	Total absences.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Chittagong ...	38	645	577	84	219	303	There were 235 attendances without calls.
Noakhali ...	17	235	189	30	16	46	
Tippera ...	34	689	404	76	209	285	

The attendance was most satisfactory in Noakhali.

Registration.

12. The registrations of the year under review exceeded those of 1891-92 by 4,486 in Chittagong, and 1,396 in Noakhali. The following table gives the figures for each district:—

Registration Statement XVII.

DISTRICT.	Class of Registration office.	Number of offices.	Number of documents registered.	Average per office.
1	2	3	4	5
Chittagong	Special	1	5,103	5,103
	Rural	17	70,635	4,155
Noakhali	Special	1	8,716	8,716
	Rural	11	46,805	4,255
Tippera	Special	1	3,835	3,835
	Rural	12	35,378	2,948
Total ...	Special	3	17,654	5,884
	Rural	40	152,818	3,820

Two new offices are to be opened in Noakhali.

Land Revenue.

13. The demand, collection and balance of Land Revenue, road cess, and zamindari dák cess in each district are shown in the following table:—

DISTRICT.	Class of demand.	Class of estates.	Number of estates.	DEMAND. Current.	DEMAND. Arrear.	COLLECTIONS. Current.	COLLECTIONS. Arrear.	BALANCE ON 1ST APRIL 1893. Current.	BALANCE ON 1ST APRIL 1893. Arrear.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Chittagong ...	Land Revenue ...	I	28,711	5,31,867	3,534	5,29,854	3,534	2,013	......	
		II	2	9,084	......	9,084	......	......	......	
		III	6	4,06,168	53,559	3,83,143	35,101	22,919	17,024	(Rs. 1,540 was remitted.)
		Total ...	28,719	9,47,119	57,093	9,22,081	38,635	24,932	17,024	
	Road cess ...	Estates ... ... / Rent-free tenures ...	41,546	1,76,669	14,944	*1,61,542	14,339	15,127	†603	* Includes Rs. 5,466 received as advance. † (Rs. 2 was remitted.)
	Zamindari Dák ...	Estates	3,565	6,915	1,226	†6,341	‡2,344	856	54	‡ Includes Rs. 282 and Rs. 1,172 realized as fines.
		District Total ...	......	11,30,703	73,263	10,89,964	55,318	40,915	17,681	Total remission Rs. 1,542.
Noakhali ...	Land Revenue ...	I	1,544	4,72,036	46	4,71,936	46	100	......	
		II	77	50,070	8,629	‡46,424	8,370	3,618	......	Rs. 87 was remitted.
		III	93	96,948	9,103	92,665	7,676	2,411	879	Rs. 2,420 was remitted.
		Total ...	1,714	6,19,054	17,778	6,11,025	16,292	6,129	879	
	Road cess ...	Estates	2,268	1,35,185	13,406	1,32,124	13,347	3,058	49	Rs. 3 was remitted.
		Rent-free tenures ...	1,180	1,535	278	1,306	243	229	35	
	Zamindari Dák ...	Estates	737	8,121	121	8,030	118	91	3	
		District Total ...	......	7,63,895	31,583	7,52,485	30,010	9,507	966	Total remission, Rs. 2,510.
Tippera ...	Land Revenue ...	I	1,854	9,21,789	6,061	9,19,472	6,061	2,317	......	
		II	55	35,209	3,035	35,101	3,035	108	......	
		III	179	99,478	13,720	88,500	11,522	10,931	1,810	(Rs. 435 was remitted.)
		Total ...	2,088	10,56,476	22,816	10,43,073	20,618	13,356	1,810	
	Road cess ...	Estates	3,437	2,14,154	26,324	1,97,937	25,969	16,217	355	
		Rent-free tenures ...	2,888	3,066	2,154	764	1,725	2,302	427	(Rs. 32 was remitted.)
	Zamindari Dák ...	Estates	790	7,191	836	6,516	835	675	1	
		District Total ...	......	12,80,887	52,160	12,48,290	49,147	32,550	2,593	(Total remission, Rs. 467.)
		Divisional Total ...	......	31,75,485	1,57,006	30,90,739	1,34,475	82,972	21,240	(Rs. 4,519 was remitted in the whole division and Rs. 1,454 realized as fines.)
		Ditto for 1891-92.	......	31,43,745	1,69,833	30,20,060	1,42,788	1,24,925	20,529	

The Lieutenant-Governor observes with satisfaction an improvement in collections as compared with those of the previous year. Out of a total demand of Rs. 33,32,491 on account of land revenue, road cess, and zamindari dák cess, Rs. 32,25,214 were collected and Rs. 4,519 remitted, the balance being

Rs. 1,04,212, against Rs. 1,49,229 in 1891-92. The aggregate collections of the Division were good, and generally reached the prescribed standards, except that Noakhali failed to reach the standard for land revenue collections in private estates managed by Government and in Government estates let in farm, and Tippera for estates managed khas by Government, the latter failure being, it is said, due to the difficulty experienced in enforcing two new settlements. The payment of revenue and cesses by money-orders continues to grow in favour, 27,970 orders having been received as against 27,020 in the year preceding. As was to be expected, money-order payments are most common in Chittagong with its numerous small estates.

Payment of rent by money-orders is also growing popular: in Chittagong the practice was to all intents non-existent in 1891-92, but in 1892-93 the number of such orders was 6,517, covering Rs. 20,477. The number of sales of estates and tenures for arrears of revenue was less than in the preceding year.

Certificates.

14. The work of the Certificate Department is shown in the following statement:—

District.	Department.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Number issued during year.	Total for disposal.	Amount of certificates.	Number disposed of during year.	Amount realized	Number pending at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rs.		Rs.	
Chittagong ...	Road Cess	636	3,280	3,916	29,082	3,432	23,713	484
	General	322	805	1,127	28,464	1,023	4,608	104
	Wards	342	881	1,223	29,235	1,001	15,666	222
	Government estates	128	3,646	3,774	42,678	3,624	30,533	150
	Total ...	1,428	8,612	10,040	1,29,459	9,080	74,519	960
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,711	*10,687	12,398	1,39,670	10,977	32,220	1,421
Noakhali	Under section 5 of Act	12	43	55	7,981	48	7,075	7
	Do. clause, (b), section 7... ...	31	184	215	3,118	186	2,010	29
	Road Cess Department	147	364	511	12,615	439	12,023	72
	Court of Wards Department ...	218	310	528	15,125	409	10,511	119
	Other certificates under section 7 ...	31	101	132	1,867	116	493	16
	Total ...	439	1,002	1,441	40,706	1,198	32,112	243
	Total for 1891-92 ...	345	*1,532	1,877	44,575	1,446	28,965	431
Tippera	Under section 5 of Act	4	12	16	3,209	14	2,512	2
	Do. clause (b), section 7	671	1,170	1,841	18,925	1,074	12,757	767
	Road Cess Department	303	898	1,201	31,285	906	30,313	295
	Court of Wards	393	1,012	1,405	26,399	1,213	23,971	192
	Dák Cess and miscellaneous ...	226	181	407	2,591	376	2,091	31
	Total ...	1,597	3,273	4,870	82,409	3,583	71,644	1,287
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,758	*3,614	5,372	75,718	3,775	40,691	1,597
	Divisional Total ...	3,464	12,887	16,351	2,52,574	13,861	1,78,275	2,400
	Divisional Total, 1891-92 ...	3,814	*15,833	19,647	2,59,963	16,198	1,70,876	3,449

* These figures for 1891-92 show the number of certificates filed during year.

The number of institutions decreased in every district, and the number of pending cases was less at the end than at the beginning of the year.

Surveys and Settlements.

15. In Chittagong 530·62 square miles were surveyed during the year with a view to settlement of revenue at a cost of Rs. 91,353, showing a rate per acre of 6 annas 4 pies in the head-quarters sub-division and 6 annas 11 pies in the Cox's Bazar sub-division. The total area surveyed up to the close of 1892-93 is 1,586·62 square miles. As regards settlement, the Commissioner writes—

"In Chittagong, where *khanapuri* work is under the Settlement Officer, up to 31st March 1893, 1,735,427 khasra numbers had been dealt with, making a total of 3,991,643 plots up to the end of 1892-93. This excludes Old Thana Ramu. The records of 401 villages were prepared during the year for attestation. Existing rents were determined, and the status recorded for 227,813 raiyats and for 112,659 other tenants Towards the end of the year he soil map system was started, and soil maps for 145 villages with an area of 87 square miles were prepared. The subject of assessment is still pending. The total expenditure on settlement last year was Rs. 1,38,828."

In Tippera the survey of the Sarail Estate, with 299 villages and an area of 154,450 acres, was completed at a cost of Rs. 1,05,588. In the estate of the Maharaja of Hill Tippera in this district, 344 villages extending over 150 square miles were cadastrally surveyed. The settlement proceedings in the Sarail Estate were completed with the result that the rental of the estate was raised by Rs. 55,704. The Commissioner writes—

"This settlement has been conducted with an entire absence of friction, though Sarail is one of the literate areas of Bengal, like pargana Bikrampur in Dacca and thana Patiya in

Chittagong. There were, I hear, only three appeals. The Settlement Officer was Babu Kali Sankar Sen."

Petty settlements were in progress in Tippera and Noakhali.

Wards' estates.

16. There were 15 estates in the Division under the Court of Wards, and the Commissioner speaks in high terms of the success with which they are managed, especially in Chittagong, where the Court's management is reported to be so popular that the assumption of fresh estates has to be guarded against with some care. In Noakhali, owing to the scattered character of the estates, the expenses of management are greater.

In Chittagong several improvements were effected in the estates under management, the most prominent being the erection and maintenance of sea dykes, the construction of roads, and the excavation of tanks. Some agricultural experiments were also made, and several of the estates subscribed to schools and dispensaries.

Excise.

17. The Excise revenue rose from Rs. 2,55,475 to Rs. 2,69,976, though, except in the case of opium and ganja in Chittagong, the consumption of exciseable articles showed a slight tendency to decrease. The incidence of Excise revenue is about 11½ pies per annum per head of population.

Education.

18. Including the Chittagong Hill Tracts, 50 per cent. of the boys of school-going age are said to be at school, as compared with 51 per cent. in the year 1891-92. Tippera and Noakhali show a backward tendency, while in Chittagong there has been a slight advance. The following table gives particulars of the schools in each district:—

District.	Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls.	Cost. Provincial.	District Board.	Municipality.	Fees.	Other.	Total.	Cost per head of pupils.	Population.	Number of boys of school-going age.	Percentage of pupils on rolls to boys of school-going age.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Chittagong	High	5	1,335	3,829	......	......	17,942	993	22,764	17·0	......	......	......
	Middle	51	3,898	2,927	5,297	339	10,686	3,390	22,639	5·8	......	......	......
	Primary	983	29,603	5,177	9,260	175	28,282	7,236	50,130	1·6	......	......	......
	Miscellaneous	11	897	5,767	......	115	3,481	9,540	18,903	21·0	......	......	......
	Total for 1892-93	1,050	35,733	17,[illegible]00	14,557	629	60,391	21,159	1,14,436	3·2	1,290,167	92,380	38
	Total for 1891-92	1,049	34,788	15,972	12,290	609	55,072	22,[illegible]92	1,00,544	3·06	1,290,167	96,764	35
Noakhali	High	5	856	2,812	......	......	12,436	3,830	19,078	22·2	......	......	......
	Middle	45	2,583	2,760	3,336	......	6,280	2,487	14,863	5·7	......	......	......
	Primary	1,395	32,270	1,481	4,260	60	25,965	6,234	38,000	1·1	......	......	......
	Miscellaneous	1,056	17,345	4,507	9,440	......	965	5	14,926	·8	......	......	......
	Total for 1892-93	2,501	52,954	11,560	17,045	60	45,646	12,556	8[illegible],867*	1·6	1,000,[illegible]	76,309	69
	Total for 1891-92	2,522	54,592	5,706	17,738	60	40,0[illegible]7	11,820	75,331	1·3	1,0[illegible]	75,727	72
Tippera	High	4	1,088	2,144	......	......	17,024	565	19,733	18·1	......	......	......
	Middle	80	4,323	3,829	5,174	48	13,905	8,803	31,840	7·3	......	......	......
	Primary	3,061	64,590	2,56[illegible]	23,010	241	83,766	31,626	1,41,206	2·1	......	......	......
	Miscellaneous	7	197	325	2,5[illegible]0	......	360	1,164	[illegible],3[illegible]9	22·1	......	......	......
	Total for 1892-93	3,152	70,198	8,851	30,694	289	1,15,145	42,158	1,97,147	2·7	1,782,935	1[illegible]6,770	51
	Total for 1891-92	3,247	71,126	8,966	27,807	46	1,12,615	36,[illegible]76	1,86,[illegible]70	2·6	1,782,[illegible]35	133,720	53
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	High	1	90	4,264	......	......	331	26[illegible]	4,855	53·9	......	......	......
	Middle	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
	Primary	35	571	3,389	......	......	......	123	3,512	6·2	......	......	......
	Miscellaneous	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
	Total for 1892-93	36	661	7,653	......	......	331	383	8,367	12·6	10[illegible],091	8,905	7
	Total for 1891-92	19	358	5,598	......	......	269	86	5,953	16·6	107,286	8,046	4
Total of Division	High	15	3,369	13,049	......	......	47,733	5,648	66,430	19·7	......	......	......
	Middle	176	10,804	9,516	13,807	387	30,961	14,68[illegible]	69,351	6·4	......	......	......
	Primary	5,474	127,034	12,6[illegible]0	36,530	476	1,38,0[illegible]3	45,219	2,[illegible]2,848	1·8	......	......	......
	Miscellaneous	1,074	18,[illegible]3[illegible]	10,599	11,959	115	4,806	10,709	38,188	2·0	......	......	......
	Total for 1892-93	6,739	159,546	45,774	63,296	978	2,21,513	76,2[illegible]6	4,06,817*	2·5	4,180,886	314,364	50
	Total for 1891-92	6,837	160,864	36,242	57,904	715	2,07,963	71,074	3,73,898	2·3	4,190,081	314,256	51

* Include an additional expenditure of Rs. 14,888 for special training in the Noakhali district.

There were altogether 6,739 schools with 159,546 pupils, against 6,837 schools and 160,864 pupils in the previous year, but the expenditure increased

from Rs. 3,73,898 to Rs. 4,06,817. Tippera shows the largest expenditure on primary education, and Noakhali the largest proportion of boys at school. The average cost of each pupil at primary schools is almost twice as much in Tippera as in Noakhali and Chittagong. The proportion of boys at school to the total number of boys of school-going age (excluding the Hill Tracts) is smallest in Chittagong, where it is only 38 per cent., as against 69 per cent. in Noakhali and 50 per cent. for the division. But the attendance on the whole as shown by these figures is exceedingly good, the result being due no doubt partly to the popularity of the *Koran* schools. The expenditure of the District Board of Chittagong on middle schools appears to be unduly large. The contributions made by Municipalities for the support of education in the Division, amounting to Rs. 978, are insignificant and inadequate. The remarkable increase in female education which was noticed last year has not been maintained, as the Tippera and Noakhali District Boards were unable to subsidize girls' schools on the same scale as before, but it is said that there is no prejudice against female education, and that, though their numbers have decreased, girl-scholars have distinguished themselves fairly.

In Tippera 66·1 per cent. of the primary pupils were Muhammadans. The Lieutenant-Governor notices with pleasure the progress of the Faizunissa School for girls and of the recently established Elliott Artizan School.

Dispensaries.

19. The following table gives statistics relating to dispensaries :—

District.	Number of dispensaries.	Income from—					Daily average patients.		Ratio per cent. of outdoor patients to total population.
		Government.	District Board.	Municipality.	Subscriptions.	Total.	In-patients.	Out-patients.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Chittagong	7	530	4,503	4,757	1,310	11,100	15·91	133·26	2·5
Noakhali	5	352	2,359	......	1,279	3,990	5·50	63·19	1·5
Tippera	15	1,835	10,000	1,736	5,143	18,714	14·38	315·92	4
Chittagong Hill Tracts	1	......	......	......	628	628	......	2·1	·5
Total ...	28	2,717	16,862	6,493	8,360	34,432	35·89	517·47	2·9

Tippera is by far the most advanced district in the Division in respect of medical aid. The District Board under Mr. Greer's administration maintained 11 dispensaries on the system described last year, under which a certain amount of local subscriptions is insisted upon. Two dispensaries in this district are entirely maintained by the Nawab of Dacca.

The following remarks regarding the Faizunissa Zanana Hospital are quoted from the Commissioner's report:—

"A lady doctor was entertained from the 26th May 1892. At present she attends the dispensary and visits patients in their houses, and her work is popular, as she treated 1,618 patients last year. She will be stationed at the zanana hospital, where it is proposed to form accommodation for all the dispensary female patients. This lady doctor has free quarters, and gets Rs. 90 a month—Rs. 50 from the District Board, Rs. 30 from the Maharaja, and Rs. 10 from the local branch of the Lady Dufferin Fund."

Local Self-Government Institutions.

20. The following remarks of the Commissioner regarding the Chittagong and Noakhali Municipalities are reproduced :—

"In previous reports the Chittagong and Noakhali Municipalities were very unfavourably noticed, though, with a change in the executive, the former was trying hard to regain its position. This it has now completely done, and it is, as it should be, in management and efficiency the first Municipality in the Division, with a rapidly developing revenue, which is being punctually collected. The chief improvement effected out of doors has been the great extension of town lights. The latrine system is still radically bad. This is the burning subject of local interest, and each attempt at reform has roused much agitation. The Commissioners have finally resolved to wait for the amended municipal law. The cost of establishment is high in Chittagong, and this is accounted for by local conditions. The Chairman, Mr. Good, with Babu Satish Chandra Sen, the Vice-Chairman, deserve the entire credit for the reforms effected. In December 1892 I inspected the Noakhali Municipality, and was able to submit a favourable report to Government. In this case order was restored without any change in the *personnel*, which had permitted the disorder."

The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that continued efforts will be made to improve the working of these Municipalities.

The Commissioner reports that the working of the three District Boards has been very satisfactory, and that the three Local Boards in Tippera have worked as well as could be expected. The percentage of cost of establishment to income is highest in the case of the Chittagoug District Board (13 per cent.), and lowest in that of the Noakhali District Board (8·9 per cent.).

Public Feeling.

21. On the state of public feeling, the Commissioner makes the following remarks:—

"There is no indication that public feeling, as the term is generally understood exists in the Division. I should say that our vaccination operations form the subject most widely felt. The people are interested in them and accept them because inoculation is not permitted, but they do not understand or are not convinced by the prohibition, and prefer and often ask for inoculation and frequently practise it. In Chittagong the settlement is a general topic, and in Tippera it is the chief topic in the smaller area where it has begun, though the people there have not formed any defined ideas about it yet, because it is a new measure. But in Chittagong there is an old and famous standard for comparison, and though the people realize that it is, for working purposes, obsolete, they felt, if only from mere objection to change, a general dislike to the new methods which are being substituted, and this has been constantly expressed, though its reasonableness has never been sustained by instances or attempted to be pushed to proof. In practice individuals confine themselves to ascertaining what they will lose or gain, and Mr. Slack now says the tenantry have grasped the nature of the work and regard the operations as beneficial.

"It is worth while here to refer to the relations of the people with the agents of Government. It would not be an exact description to call these relations cordial, but they are eminently business-like, and marked with confidence, and are the most satisfactory that I have seen anywhere in India. The people, especially in Chittagong, where wealth is so generally diffused, are particularly independent and self-respecting. It can be plainly seen that they regard the officers of Government as capable agents for transacting their public business, in whom they repose not implicit, but full, ordinary, and sufficient confidence. Thus the way in which a District Magistrate and rural postmaster is regarded only differs in degree. The bearing of the people to all is much the same. It is dignified, and while it is the opposite of cringing and servile, it is neither self-asserting nor obtrusive."

Conduct of zamindars.

22. The Maharaja of Hill Tippera and the Nawab of Dacca have maintained their characters as beneficent zamindars. The Sobhabazar family of Calcutta are favourably mentioned with the Maharaja for their ready compliance with the wishes of Government in regard to the removal of the Gumti embankment in their estates. Nawab Sahiba Faizunissa and her lady co-sharers continued to be the benefactresses of Comilla, where also Syed Hossein Haidar is well spoken of. On the other hand, the Nag family Baradihi in Dacca are unfavourably mentioned, their relations with their tenants in Tippera being so strained that the employment of police, the appointment of special constables, and, finally, the application of chapter X of the Tenancy Act, became necessary in the disturbed tract.

Political.

23. The Commissioner gives an interesting account of the Chittagong Hill Tracts, of which Mr. C. S. Murray, C.I.E., was in charge throughout the year. The rules framed in continuation of the Hill Tracts Rules of 1860 were brought into force, initiating a territorial system of jurisdiction in place of the tribal and nomadic system, irrespective of physical boundaries, which had until recently been recognized. The determination of areas led necessarily to the definition to some extent of the powers and duties of the indigenous agents within those areas. Thus major divisions, known as taluks, have been formed in the three chieftaincies' circles, and within the taluks 61 mauzas have been formed, and mapped and settled under headmen. The introduction of these changes in complete detail can only be gradually effected, as the people become accustomed to them.

Another reform was effected in the abolition of the system known as the Trade Pass system, designed originally to prevent smuggling, but afterwards amplified for statistical purposes. The system was found to confine and restrict trade, and a simpler system has been adopted, from which good effects are expected.

A Land Revenue Report was submitted for the first time during the year, in connection with a tentative system introduced for the collection of revenue from arable land, that is, land actually brought under the plough. The Commissioner's account shows that, though the demand of rent has risen from Rs. 1,400 to Rs. 6,200 in a single season, considerable care has been taken in

making assessments. It is stated, that for some time to come, each jamabandi must be locally examined and revised every year.

The payment of all Government dues by money-order was authorized in the Hill Tracts during the year.

Weather and crops were normal, and public health was good. There was little crime, and it is satisfactory to note the Commissioner's remark that, in two cases of murder, the indigenous agents gave the promptest and most efficient aid, which led to the punishment of the offenders.

In Hill Tippera the Minister, Rai Uma Kanta Das Bahadur, was permitted to retire during the year. He had thoroughly reorganized the finance of the State and relieved it of its embarrassments. His attempts, however, to bring the administration of the state into accord with advanced ideas led to complications, and his position became untenable. Mr. McMinn has been appointed to have charge of the zamindaris, and to superintend the survey on the Maharaja's behalf.

24. The Lieutenant-Governor thanks Mr. Oldham for his administration of the Division which was efficient in every department throughout the year. and notices with satisfaction the praise bestowed by him upon the Collectors of Tippera, Chittagong, and Noakhali. The report on the qualifications of officers will be communicated to the Appointment Department, intimation being given to the officers concerned in cases where seriously unfavourable remarks have been made.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE SALT DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—SEPARATE REVENUE.

Darjeeling, the 30th September 1893.

ESOLUTION No. 286T.—F.

READ—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the Administration of the Salt Department for the year 1892-93.

The report which the Board of Revenue submit on the administration of the Salt Department is complete and instructive. In the following paragraphs the Lieutenant-Governor indicates for general information the leading features of the Board's report.

2. *Receipts and charges.*—The following statement shows the receipts and charges of the Salt Department during each of the last six years:—

Approximate Statement of Receipts and Charges of the Salt Department for the years 1887-88 *to* 1892-93.

HEADS.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93	Increase in 1892-93 compared with 1891-92.	Decrease in 1892-93 compared with 1891-92.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
RECEIPTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial—								
Import duty on salt	1,85,30,950	2,27,28,686	2,25,83,826	2,30,66,657	2,39,34,019	2,40,16,650	82,631	...
Excise ditto	3,82,854	3,22,087	1,98,310	3,21,044	46,437	2,01,678	1,55,241	...
Total ...	1,89,13,804	2,30,50,773	2,27,82,184	2,33,87,701	2,39,80,456	2,42,18,328	2,37,872	...
Provincial—								
Rent of warehouses	45,726	53,998	90,100	93,545	83,210	53,634	...	29,576
Miscellaneous	32,482	34,197	36,969	35,899	(a) 28,893	(a) 46,633	17,740	...
Total ...	78,208	88,195	1,27,069	1,29,444	1,12,103	1,00,267	...	11,836
Total Receipts ...	1,89,92,012	2,31,38,968	2,29,09,253	2,35,17,145	2,40,92,559	2,43,18,595	2,26,036	...
CHARGES.								
Imperial—								
Salaries, establishments, and contingencies.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Compensation paid under convention with the French Government.	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	...	...
Refunds of customs duty on salt	2,02,044	2,26,413	2,36,190	2,09,364	2,01,109	1,53,935	...	47,174
Total ...	2,22,044	2,46,413	2,56,190	2,29,364	2,21,109	1,73,935	...	47,174
Provincial—								
Salaries, establishments, and contingencies.	12,368	21,223	46,521	68,258	51,608	1,23,727	72,119	...
Refunds other than customs and excise duty.	...	...	...	...	5	43	38	...
Total ...	12,368	21,223	46,521	68,258	51,613	1,23,770	72,157	...
Imperial—								
Charges of the Orissa Salt Department.	...	...	1,07,294	1,10,496	(b) 1,33,003	(b) 1,51,053	18,050	...
Total Charges ...	2,34,412	2,67,636	4,10,005	4,08,118	4,05,725	4,48,758	43,033	...
Approximate net revenue ...	1,87,57,600	2,28,71,332	2,24,99,200	2,31,09,027	2,36,86,834	2,38,69,837	1,83,003	...

(a) Includes the cost-price of salt manufactured under the direct management of Government in Orissa.
(b) Details are given in the statement in paragraph 45 below.

3. The year under review as compared with 1891-92 shows an increase of Rs. 2,26,036, or ·93 per cent. in the receipts, and of Rs. 43,033, or 10·6 per cent. in the charges, giving a net revenue of Rs. 2,38,69,837, which is higher than that of 1891-92 by Rs. 1,83,003, or ·77 per cent. There has been an almost unbroken advance in the salt revenue since the year 1887-88, and the figure recorded during the year is higher than that of any other year since the year 1881-82,—the last year in which duty was realized at the rate of Rs. 2-14 per maund. The large advance in the amount of the receipts in the year 1888-89 is due to the increase of duty from Rs. 2 to Rs. 2-8 per maund on the 19th January 1888. For some years this enhancement of duty affected the revenue to some extent by reducing importation, but the effect has now disappeared, and there has been a full recovery; the amount of salt on which duty was paid during the year being the highest on record, except that of the years 1884-85 and 1886-87. The increased revenue from "Import duty," which is by far the most important item on the receipt side, is attributed by the Board partly to the fact that owing to the lower prices prevalent during the year, an absolutely larger quantity of salt was cleared for sale, and partly to a smaller quantity of duty-paid salt having been imported from Bombay and Madras. The revenue from excise salt shows a material improvement on the figures for the year 1891-92,—a result which the Board ascribe to the larger outturn of the Government factories in Orissa; to the restriction on the sale of Ganjam salt during a part of the year;

to the fall in the price of excise salt; and to the forced sale by auction of a quantity of excise salt for the recovery of charges due from certain licensees. The proceeds from "Rent of warehouses" show a decline owing to the quantity bonded being less and to a general reduction in the stock kept at the golahs during the year. The reason is that, owing to the exceedingly low rate of freight and the difficulty of obtaining cargo, there was no object in rapidly discharging salt-laden ships, and owners found that it paid them better to sell salt direct from the ships instead of discharging and storing it. Moreover, the fluctuations in exchange have militated against the storage of salt in golahs for long periods, while at the same time the increased facilities for discharging salt quickly from steamers have enabled shipments to be made to definite order and to meet immediate requirements. It is probable that, if there is an improvement in the rates of freight, the golahs will be more used than they are at present, and a larger revenue derived from warehouse-rents. The increase under the head "Miscellaneous" is due partly to an increase in the amount realized in Orissa on account of the cost price of Government salt, and partly to the recovery of a sum from the East Indian Railway Company for the use of the siding within the Sulkea Golahs. The provincial expenditure on account of salaries, establishments, and contingencies, not including Orissa, amounted to Rs. 1,23,727, against Rs. 51,608 in the previous year. The increase was chiefly due to the payment of an honorarium of Rs. 75,000 to Mr. Kilby on account of the scales invented by him, which continue to give complete satisfaction.

4. *The Salt Trade.*—The fluctuations in the volume of the salt trade in Bengal during the last two years are illustrated in the following statement:—

			1891-92.		1892-93.	
			Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Opening Stock	Sea-imported salt in bond.	Calcutta and Sulkea.	21,88,357		13,58,342	
		Chittagong ...	3,09,135	24,97,492	93,884	14,52,226
	Excise salt in bond ...	Cuttack ...	...		...	
		Puri ...	58,597		37,832	
		Balasore ...	702	59,299	106	37,938
				25,56,791		14,90,164
Import and Manufacture.	Sea-imported ...	Calcutta ...	88,04,617*		89,88,330†	
		Chittagong ...	2,48,380	90,52,997	3,96,557	93,84,887
	Manufactured or added.	Cuttack ...	...		...	
		Puri ...	8,554		52,962	
		Balasore ...	431	8,985	14,240	67,202
				90,61,982		94,52,089
Clearances ...	Sea-imported salt from ship-board.	Calcutta ...	56,99,167‡		61,72,825¶	
		Chittagong ...	44,784§		53,721	
		Narainganj ...	1,56,293	59,00,244	1,20,879	63,47,425
	Sea-imported salt from bond.	Calcutta and Sulkea.	38,79,451‖		35,16,579**	
		Chittagong ...	2,29,340		1,93,591	
		Narainganj ...	24,710	41,33,501	...	37,10,170
	Excise salt from bond...	Cuttack ...	...		...	
		Puri ...	18,040		67,470	
		Balasore ...	826	18,866	13,859	81,329
				1,00,52,611		1,01,38,924
Closing Stock ...	Sea-imported salt in bond.	Calcutta and Sulkea.	13,58,342		6,00,086	
		Chittagong ...	93,884	14,52,226	1,19,231	7,19,317
	Excise salt in bond ...	Cuttack ...	...		...	
		Puri ...	37,832		19,908	
		Balasore ...	106	37,938	260	20,168
				14,90,164		7,39,475

* Includes 1,715 maunds found in excess in the golahs and 6 maunds found by re-weighment.
† Ditto 1,570 maunds found in excess in the golahs.
‡ Ditto 1,28,712 maunds of Bombay salt and 2,138 maunds of Madras salt, which were passed free of duty.
§ Excludes 2,628 maunds, the duty on which was paid during the previous year, but which were cleared during the year.
‖ Ditto 4,19,128 maunds 30 seers of Bombay salt, which was passed free of duty.
¶ Ditto 1,42,419 maunds of Bombay salt, which was passed free of duty.
** Includes 3,90,[illegible]77 maunds 20 seers of Bombay salt, which was passed free of duty.

The stock in the golahs at the commencement of the year under review was far below the opening stock of any of the three preceding years, and at the close of the year, for the reasons already stated above, it had been so far reduced as to be less than the closing stock in any of the last five years. There were, however, in addition to the stock in the golahs, 6,23,060 maunds lying afloat in ships and destined to be sold direct to purchasers.

5. *Imports.*—The imports into Calcutta and Chittagong show a net increase of 3,32,032 maunds, or 3·6 per cent., as compared with the figures of 1891-92. The following statement shows the different countries and places from which the shipments were made:—

Group.	Whence imported.	Total.		Percentage of quantity imported in 1892-93 for each group.
		1891-92.	1892-93.	
1	2	3	4	5
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
I	United Kingdom	55,27,227	59,40,724	63·3
II	Hamburg	16,55,709	9,38,190	9·8
III	Fougies (Asiatic Turkey) ...	56,070	...	.....
IV	Ras Rawayah	......	1,59,572	20·5
	Jeddah, Muscat, and Saliff ...	2,99,208	7,27,481	
	Aden	8,79,841	9,99,718	
V	Madras	42,118	73,940	·7
VI	Bombay	5,91,103	5,43,683	5·7
	Total ...	90,51,276	93,83,308	100·0

The decline in imports was brought about chiefly by the falling off in shipments from Hamburg, which were 7,17,519 maunds less than in 1891-92. The Collector of Customs is inclined to think that the decrease is due in some degree to interference in the market by a Syndicate or other combination to control prices, and also to a falling off in the general direct trade with Hamburg. Whatever the cause may be, the Board are certainly right in saying that it is premature to assume that this class of salt has fallen permanently into disfavour. The importation from Fougies or New Fokia in Asiatic Turkey ceased altogether, while Bombay shows a decline of 47,420 maunds.

6. *Sales of imported salt.*—Including Bombay and Madras salt cleared free of duty in Calcutta, 63,47,425 maunds of salt were cleared from shipboard, against 59,00,244 maunds in the previous year, giving an increase of 4,47,181 maunds or 7·6 per cent. in the quantity cleared, and of Rs. 10,89,043 or 7·5 per cent. in the duty realized. On the other hand, the clearances from bond fell from 41,33,501 maunds to 37,10,170 maunds, while the duty on such clearances decreased by Rs. 9,87,412. On the whole, the total clearances of all kinds, including those of excise salt, rose from 1,00,52,611 maunds to 1,01,38,924 maunds.

7. *Consumption of Salt.*—Deducting from the above clearances the net exports from Bengal, amounting to 7,39,361 maunds, and adding 34,360 maunds, being the quantity of saltpetre salt brought into use, the balance of salt left for consumption in Bengal during 1892-93 was 94,33,923 maunds, or an average of 10¼ lbs. per head of the population. In the saliferous tracts, excluding Orissa, there was a general decline in the consumption of licit salt, which is ascribed partly to the prevailing scarcity and partly to a defect in the law which it is intended shortly to correct. The amount consumed per head averaged 10 lbs. 5 oz., which, notwithstanding the decline, was still above the average per head in the rest of Bengal (10 lbs. 4 oz.). That the consumption of licit salt in the districts within salt law limits is usually greater than in the rest of the Province is strange—all the more so, because the price of salt there is generally slightly higher than elsewhere: the explanation that those districts are in ordinary years exceptionally

prosperous does not appear altogether adequate. In the Bombay and Madras Presidencies the average consumption per head during 1891-92 was 11·82 lbs. and 16 34 lbs. respectively, and in Orissa it was nearly 10 lbs. The Board's report deals fully with the fluctuations of consumption in each district, and it is necessary in this place only to notice the increase of 9·3 per cent. in Midnapore, which is attributed to more active measures for the suppression of dealings in illicit salt, and at the other end of the scale the decrease of 10·8 per cent. in the 24-Parganas, where the authorities are charged with some laxity, and where there was also some slight distress during part of the year.

8. *Inland trade.*—The districts of Bengal Proper derive their supply of salt chiefly from the ports of Calcutta and Chittagong, Orissa gets a portion of its supply by local manufacture and by importation from Ganjam, and the Bihar districts are supplied partly from the North-Western Provinces. The total imports by land fell from 5,53,093 maunds in 1891-92 to 4,23,188 during the year under report. The decline was almost entirely in salt imported into Orissa from Madras, and was no doubt due to the increased production and the fall in price of locally manufactured salt. The exports also fell from 12,51,475 to 11,62,549 maunds, the chief decline being in exports by river to Assam.

9. *Price of salt.*—Statements A and B appended to the Board's report give for the last two years the wholesale price of salt (*a* at monthly intervals in the bazars of district head-quarters, and (*b*) at fortnightly intervals in certain selected marts, and they show that salt equally with other commodities is affected by the tendency of improved communications to equalise prices in widely separated places. The prices on the whole were lower than in the previous year. The fluctuations in the wholesale price of Liverpool salt during the year under report were unusually small. In 1891-92 the price per 100 maunds, exclusive of duty, ranged from Rs. 80 to Rs. 53 with an average for the year of Rs. 64-11-11; in 1892-93 the highest price was Rs. 68-12 and the lowest Rs. 57-8. The average price has fallen during the past five years from Rs. 94-6 to Rs. 61-9-3. The statement given in the margin shows the average prices of Government salt, exclusive of duty, at each of the Orissa factories during the last two years. The prices were lower than in the preceding year.

Salt station.	Year.	Average price per maund *ex*-duty. Rs.	A.	P.
Sartha	1892-93	*0	4	0
	1891-92	0	5	5¼
Sribuntapur ...	1892-93	0	5	2
	1891-92	0	7	9
Timur	1892-93	0	5	3
	1891-92	0	8	2
Baghkan	1892-93	0	2	0
	1891-92	0	5	2
Tua	1892-93	0	6	1
		*0	4	0
	1891-92	0	8	8
Gurubai	1892-93	*0	4	0
	1891-92	......		

* These prices were of Government salt. There were no excise stocks at Sartha and Gurubai.

10. *Working of the Salt Laws and rules.*—The total number of seizures of contraband salt, including those in the Orissa districts, rose from 1,435 to 2,015 during the past year, and the quantity attached from 497½ to 1,672 maunds, but this total includes 702 maunds which were seized in Backergunge at one time, because they were not protected by a rowana, but afterwards released on duplicate rowanas being produced. There were in all, excluding pending cases, 1,472 prosecutions under the Salt law during the year, being an increase of 143 on the previous year. Convictions were obtained against 1,420 persons out of 1,555 apprehended. Considerable fluctuations occur in the scale of rewards sanctioned in different districts, and the whole subject is under the consideration of the Board. There appears to be reason to believe that in the Diamond Harbour subdivision of the 24-Parganas and in the Midnapore district illicit manufacture was carried on to some extent. In the former district the simultaneous decline in the consumption of licit salt, and in the prosecutions for offences against the Salt law, seem to justify the Board's conclusion that want of vigilance on the part of the authorities was the main cause of the decrease in consumption. In the latter district 403 persons were prosecuted during the year for illicit manufacture and 394 were convicted. Mr. Bompas, the Subdivisional Officer of Contai, computed that in 1891-92 not less than 30,000 maunds of illicit salt were consumed within the rowana limits of the Midnapore district, and that probably another 20,000 maunds were exported.

11. Proposals were made during the year by the Government of Bengal for the amendment of the Bengal Salt Act of 1864, with a view to increasing the penalty for illicit possession and transport of salt; but the Government of India have determined that before action can be taken, an enquiry should be made by an officer of the Northern India Salt Department as to the extent of illicit

manufacture in the saliferous tracts of Bengal outside Orissa. This enquiry will take place during the coming cold season.

12. *Salt in Orissa.*—In accordance with custom the Board devote a separate part of their report to the administration of the Salt Departments in Orissa. In this province, by an arrangement which has been in force since 1886, the operations of the department are conducted by officers of the Government of Madras, and are divided into manufacture and prevention. The factories at work in Orissa during the year under review for the manufacture of *karkach* salt in evaporating pans were those at Sartha in the district of Balasore, and at Tua and Gurubai in the district of Puri, and they were all managed direct by Government: the Sartha factory has now been closed in view of the difficulty of procuring labour and the insufficiency of the brine supply. It is satisfactory to note that the quality of the salt turned out at these factories was much better than in the last few years, and the quantity manufactured about eight times as great as in 1891-92. The receipts of the Orissa Salt Department rose from Rs. 47,687 to Rs. 2,17,410, chiefly by reason of the increased receipt of duty on the larger quantities manufactured, and the expenditure advanced from Rs. 1,33,003 to Rs. 1,51,053 on account of the necessarily increased charges for manufacture and establishment. The percentage of the charges to the receipts thus amounts to 69·4, which at first sight appears to be preposterously high; but if the duty realised elsewhere on salt consumed in Orissa be included in the calculation, as the Madras Salt Department contend that it should be, the total revenue would amount to Rs. 17,73,362, and the charges will then bear the moderate ratio of 8·5 per cent. to this amount. The Board of Revenue in their report for 1891-92, as well as in that under review, urge the equity of this contention, which appears to the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor to be not unreasonable on the ground that but for the existence of the Preventive Establishments a great part at any rate of this revenue would not have been realised. It is owing to these establishments that, practically speaking, the local demand is not supplied by illicit manufacture; and as the consumption of licit salt, whether imported or locally manufactured, is therefore a consequence of the action of these establishments in Orissa, it seems only fair to set off against the charges, if not all, certainly a large part of the duty levied on salt consumed in Orissa.

13. *Changes proposed.*—The question of amending the Salt Law in Orissa with the object of suppressing the illicit manufacture of salt in that province lately engaged the attention of Government, and proposals were submitted to the Government of India to amend in some respects the Indian Salt Act XII of 1882, which is in force in Orissa. The Government of India, while accepting generally the principles embodied in these proposals, has suggested for consideration whether it would not be preferable to introduce the Madras Salt Act into Orissa as being better suited to the conditions of the maritime districts of which that province is composed. This suggestion is now under consideration.

14. It has also been suggested that the Madras Salt Department should be relieved of the administration of the Salt Department in Orissa, and that it should be made over to the officers of the Bengal Government, Salt and Excise being administered by the same staff of officers. But the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor, while admitting that there are some points in the proposal which merit attention, is not at present prepared to condemn the administration of the Madras officials or to recommend to the Government of India that they should be withdrawn from Orissa on the arguments which have hitherto been laid before him. The question is not without difficulty, and one aspect of it, namely, the gradual decrease of the salt industry in Orissa, is causing the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor uneasiness. A decrease in the home production of such an article as salt is not, *per se*, a desirable result, even if, through importations of foreign salt, it be accompanied by a reduction in the selling price of the article, while from the standpoint of the hardships caused to the classes whose hereditary occupation it is to make salt, such a decrease is unsatisfactory. Of course the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor has no intention of propping up a decaying industry by factitious methods; but he is very anxious that the decay should not be hastened or produced by any ill-directed administrative measures, and he

would therefore be glad if the attention the subject is now receiving had the effect of strengthening the local manufacture of salt subject to due safeguards throughout the province. Any arrangements that may be proposed in connection with the Preventive Establishments should proceed on the basis of conserving rather than of discouraging the indigenous descriptions of salt manufacture so far as this can be done without artificial means.

15. *The Sulkea Golahs.*—The bonding operations at the Sulkea Golahs received a check during the year, the quantity of salt bonded being 2,80,731 maunds less than in the previous year. The low rate of freight has, as mentioned above, nullified so far the inducements to bonding afforded by the recent improvements in the golahs, which have been carried out at considerable expense.

16. The thanks of the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor are due to the Board for their supervision of the Department, and Sir Antony McDonnell observes with satisfaction that Messrs. Savage and Bompas are again selected for special commendation by the Board for the excellent work done by them during 1892-93.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE STATIONERY DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.—MISCELLANEOUS No. 299T.—F.

Darjeeling, the 30th September 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Letter No. 727B., dated the 25th August 1893, from the Board of Revenue, submitting the Report on the Administration of the Stationery Department for the year 1892-93.

The Stationery Department is one of those branches of the administration which in unobtrusive fashion discharges year by year duties of great value and importance to the State: it deals with property, the money value of which is very large, and it is hardly too much to say that inefficiency in its administration would incommode every officer employed in Upper India. The Superintendent is responsible for the supply of stationery to the offices under the Government of India as well as to those in the Provinces of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the Panjab, the Central Provinces, Assam and Burma, and his office is the centre from whence are distributed the millions of printed forms required in Bengal and Assam, besides forms supplied under special orders to offices in other parts of the Empire. The present report, which has been submitted to Government with the observations of the Board of Revenue, refers to the administration of the Stationery Department as a whole; a separate report, dealing with its own stationery and forms, being subsequently forwarded to the Government of India and to each Local Government and Administration.

2. The value of the stocks, receipts, and issues of the year under review is compared below with the figures for 1891-92:—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
Value of stores at the beginning of the year ...	6,23,856	5,12,445
Add value of stores received and credited during the year	21,55,719	24,63,500
Total ...	27,79,575	29,75,945
Deduct value of stores issued	22,67,130	24,15,430
Value of balance in stock on 31st March ...	5,12,445	5,60,515

There was again an advance in the value both of the stores received and issued from the Stationery Office, and in that of the stores in stock at the end of the year. It is obviously undesirable to keep up a larger stock of stationery than is absolutely necessary, and during the past five years the balance in hand has been steadily diminishing. The increase now reported is attributed to the fact that a large quantity of expensive hand-made paper was imported before the use of local machine-made paper was sanctioned in its stead; the imported paper has for the most part been disposed of without loss.

3. The decline in the value of stores received from the India Office, which was observed in the previous year, received a check during the year under review. This increase (Rs. 2,06,332) is partly due to larger imports of drawing paper and materials received for the Public Works and Survey Departments, hand-made paper for the Registration Department and the High Court, and binding materials for the latter. It is also partly due to the fact that under the orders of Government expensive articles, such as copying presses, type-writers and so forth, are obtained through the Superintendent. Part of the increase, however, is due to the difference in the official rate of exchange in 1890-91 and 1891-92, since the percentage to cover freight and loss by exchange, added to the invoiced cost of English goods at 2*s.* the rupee, rose from 45 in 1891-92 to 58 in 1892-93. The value of country-made paper and other stores purchased locally also shows an increase of Rs. 85,136, the result of larger demands made by the printing presses in Bengal and Burma, and of larger indents from the Central Provinces, which Administration commenced for the first time to draw its full supplies from the Calcutta depôt. Under "Issues" there was a net increase of Rs. 1,96,582 in the value of the stationery supplied to Local Governments and Administrations. Of this sum, Bengal is responsible for Rs. 76,772, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh for Rs. 30,199, Burma for Rs. 37,374, the Central Provinces for Rs. 56,953, and Assam for Rs. 1,970, the Panjab showing a decrease of Rs. 6,235. The advance in Bengal is due to the increased activity of the Survey and Settlement Departments during the year, a larger number of forms being required for the cadastral survey in Bihar and for the settlement operations in Chittagong and Orissa. On the other hand, there was a decrease of Rs. 12,040 in the value of stationery used by offices and departments under the Government of India.

	Rs.
Value of water-marked paper	1,43,985
Value of stores issued to printing presses for blank books, &c.	34,113
Value of stores transferred to Bombay and Madras	2,249
Value of unserviceable stores written off and sold	22,291
Value of deficiencies in stock-taking ...	1,521
Miscellaneous adjustments	1,040
Loss by revaluing the closing balance at the issue rates of the year	17,605
Value of supplies to presses	16,21,977
Total ...	18,44,781

4. After eliminating from the value of the total issues (Rs. 24,15,430) the cost of the items noted in the margin, aggregating Rs. 18,44,781, which comprise certain paper adjustments and the consumption of Government presses, the actual cost of stationery supplied to Government offices, including State Railways and local bodies, amounts to Rs. 5,70,649. Excluding the supplies to State Railways, Railway Mail, and Telegraph Departments, and certain petty items, but including those to local bodies and other offices which pay for their stores, the value is shown at Rs. 4,46,556. This sum distributed among 3,457 indenting officers places the average cost of the stationery issued to each officer at Rs. 129 as against Rs. 115 in 1891-92. This calculation is apt to mislead, since the demands of the different officers necessarily vary very much, and the addition of the Secretariat and the Settlement Department of the Central Provinces, each of which counts in the calculation as one office, greatly raises the average. Some small advance is unavoidable year by year as work tends to increase and there is a constant endeavour to improve the manner of its execution; but the Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Board in thinking that more might still be done by local officers to enforce economy and to prevent that waste and leakage which indisputably exist in some quarters.

5. The substitution of Indian-made paper for paper made in England underwent a further development during the year under review. The prices charged by the local mills for the better kinds of paper were formerly considered to be higher than the cost of similar articles procured from England;

but the local mills having reduced their rates, and the accuracy of the above conclusion having been questioned, it was decided at a Conference over which the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge of the Miscellaneous Department presided, that on the whole it would be more economical to obtain these papes locally. Another point besides cheapness in favour of country-made paper is the absence of adulteration in the materials used for its manufacture, and the Superintendent of Stationery points out that the cheaper kinds of European paper, the prices of which were quoted by the Secretary of State, in competition with the Indian-made article, have been condemned for office use in England. In 1887 only ordinary printing paper was purchased locally; now all paper required for the Government presses, as well as what are technically known as writing papers, are obtained from the local mills. In July 1892 orders were issued forbidding the issue of English-made writing paper of any kind to all indenting officers under the Government of Bengal without exception, save with the special sanction of Government, country-made paper being found quite good enough for all ordinary office business. These orders have, under the authority of the Government of India, since been extended to supplies to other Local Governments and Administrations, the Departments of the Supreme Government, and the officers subordinate thereto. The Lieutenant-Governor anticipates the best results from a frank adoption of this policy. With exchange so much against India, every rupee saved in the charges payable in England is an advantage to the Imperial finances; while an avowed willingness on the part of so large a customer as the Government to accept the locally manufactured article must stimulate competition, and cause the production of a better article at equal or less cost.

6. The income and expenditure of the Stationery Department proper amounted during the year to Rs. 1,14,876 and Rs. 95,068, against Rs. 98,734 and Rs. 84,815 in 1891-92. The improvement in receipts was due to the sale-proceeds of a quantity of coloured paper which had been lying in stock for more than three years. The increase in expenditure occurred mainly under "Establishment" (Rs. 990), due to periodical increments in salaries of clerks; under "Packing" (Rs. 3,209), due to the increased supply of stationery to the Central Provinces and the substitution of country-made for English paper, because while the latter was supplied in the cases in which it was received, paper locally made had to be packed for despatch; and under "Freight" (Rs. 9,483), due to larger shipments of stationery to Burma.

7. In addition to the Stationery Department, which, as explained above, supplies the whole of Upper India, no inconsiderable part of the duties of the Superintendent of Stationery is the receipt, storage and issue of printed forms, chiefly for Bengal and Assam. These are for the most part prepared at the Presidency Jail Press, and the magnitude of the work is proved by the following figures, which show the total receipts and issues of standard and special forms during the last two years:—

	Forms—	
	Received.	Issued.
1891-92	96,688,566	87,895,207
1892-93	137,494,831	107,897,243
Increase in 1892-93 ...	40,806,265	20,002,036

The increase of over 40 millions in the number of forms received from the Press is ascribed to some extent to the receipt of a large number of forms during the year under review, which ought properly to have been supplied in the previous year, and to the receipt in advance of several forms which were not due till the current year. Under "Issues" there was an increase of over 119 lakhs in special forms and of nearly 41 lakhs in forms required for survey, settlement, and land acquisition purposes. The total cost of printing the forms supplied by the Stationery Office, including the cost of paper, amounted during the year to Rs. 8,23,933,* or more than a lakh of rupees in excess of the expenditure of the previous year. The details regarding the expenditure incurred in form-printing, which the Superintendent promises to furnish in the

	Rs.
* Printing	2,14,091
Paper	6,09,842

Report on the Provincial Expenditure of the Stationery Department, are awaited. Meanwhile it is noteworthy that the average cost of forms per indenting office is nearly double that of stationery, and the Lieutenant-Governor desires that the Board will call the attention of all officers to the necessity of economy in this department just as much as in the expenditure of stationery. The number of forms is so large and the apparent value of each is so small that they are frequently regarded as things of no account. The supply of forms was much disorganized in 1890-91 by the printing and distribution of census forms, and also by a large demand for new High Court forms; but no such specially disturbing influences have been at work during the year under review, and it is satisfactory to learn that great progress has been made in working off the arrears in the supply of forms, regarding which several complaints had lately been preferred, and both the Stationery Office and the Press are now reported to be abreast of their work as far as annual indents are concerned. The Board again bring to notice the serious inconvenience caused by the introduction of new and revised forms at inopportune times, and the submission of an unreasonable number of supplementary indents. A Resolution was issued by the Board during the year on the latter subject, and the Lieutenant-Governor requests that they will not lose sight of the matter, but insist on their rules being complied with. There have been several complaints during the year of delay in the supply of forms, but the Board have taken steps to accelerate the supply of materials from the Stationery Office to the Press, and have introduced a monthly report to be submitted by the Superintendent of Government Printing, which will enable them to detect the cause of delay and apportion the blame for its occurrence.

8. The receipts and charges of the Form Branch of the Stationery Department amounted to Rs. 34,655 and Rs. 57,960, against Rs. 29,617 and Rs. 46,100 in the previous year. The increase in receipts is ascribed to the larger sales of saleable forms, and the advance in expenditure is a necessary consequence of the despatch of a larger number of forms and the rent of outside godowns to contain them.

9. The system of supplying newspapers and periodicals through the Calcutta Stationery Office appears to be working well, the publications being supplied with regularity and punctuality. The number of newspapers supplied rose from 2,045 in 1891-92 to 2,716 in 1892-93, of periodicals from 2,193 to 3,195, and of books from 21,266 to 27,012. The total payment for the newspapers, &c., amounted to Rs. 97,587, against Rs. 68,987 in 1891-92. The cost of supplying these publications to officers under the Government of Bengal amounted to Rs. 13,824 against Rs. 9,364. The Lieutenant-Governor also notices that a considerable advance in the employment of rubber stamps is implied in the increase of expenditure from Rs. 11,843 in 1891-92 to Rs. 14,838 in 1892-93.

10. The Lieutenant-Governor notices with satisfaction the favourable mention made by the Board of the work of Mr. Barnes, the Superintendent of Stationery. When the Department is provided with sufficient space by the building of the new Stamps and Stationery Office in Calcutta, now under construction, and when the establishment is strengthened, as has been proposed, His Honour has no doubt that the administration of the Department will be still further improved.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

INVESTIGATIONS INTO SHIPPING CASUALTIES.

No. 2296Marine.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 2nd October 1893.

READ—

Marine Department Resolution No. 1Marine, dated 3rd January 1893.

Letter from the Vice-Chairman of the Port Commissioners, No. 1483, dated the 27th July 1893.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the Resolution read above it was decided that the duties imposed by section 6 of Act V of 1883 upon a Magistrate or other officer appointed on that behalf by the Local Government shall, as regards the port of Calcutta, be performed by the Port Officer to whom the reports required by sub-section 2 shall be made. On the receipt of such a report it would be the duty of that officer to hold an informal enquiry, exercising the powers conferred on him by section 9 of Act VI of 1891, and to submit a report to Government in the Marine Department.

2. The Port Commissioners of Calcutta have, however, represented that the Harbour Masters being part of their establishment, it is desirable that enquiries in the case of casualties to ships when in charge of Harbour Masters, shall be conducted by the Deputy Conservator of the Port rather than by the Port Officer, as eventually the opinion of the former officer is necessarily taken when the matter is considered by the Commissioners. Under the present arrangements enquiries are held (1) by the Port Officer on behalf of Government under the orders of the 3rd January 1893, and (2) by the Deputy Conservator on behalf of the Port Commissioners under departmental rules.

RESOLUTION.—Having given due consideration to the representation of the Port Commissioners, the Lieutenant-Governor has decided to appoint the Deputy Conservator of the Port to be the officer under section 6 of Act V of 1883 to receive reports of casualties to vessels when in charge of Harbour Masters, and the following revised orders for the procedure to be adopted are hereby issued.

2. The duties imposed by section 6 of Act V of 1883 upon a Magistrate or other officer appointed in that behalf by the Local Government shall, as regards the port of Calcutta, except in the case of a casualty to a vessel in charge of a Harbour Master, be performed by the Port Officer to whom the reports required by sub-section 2 shall be made. In the case of vessels in charge of Harbour Masters, the duties imposed by section 6 of Act V of 1883 shall be performed by the Deputy Conservator of the Port of Calcutta, to whom all casualties to vessels in charge of Harbour Masters should be reported. When such a report is received, or when it comes to the Port Officer's or Deputy Conservator's knowledge that a casualty as described in section 6 (1*c*) has occurred, it shall be the duty of the Port Officer or Deputy Conservator, as the case may be, to hold an informal enquiry, exercising the powers conferred on him by section 9 of Act VI of 1891, and to submit a report to Government in the Marine Department. The Lieutenant-Governor reserves the right of directing, in any special case, that the preliminary enquiry regarding a casualty to a vessel in charge of a Harbour Master shall be held by an officer other than tne Deputy Conservator.

3. In the case of vessels between Garden Reach and Budge-Budge, when there is a collision between a vessel in charge of a Harbour Master and a vessel in charge of a pilot, the enquiry will be held by the Port Officer.

4. When the Deputy Conservator, as the result of his enquiry into a casualty, considers a vessel unsafe, he shall at once give notice to the Port Officer, who is the detaining officer.

5. The greatest possible expedition should be used in making the enquiry and submitting the report. In conducting the enquiry the following remarks by the Advocate-General should be borne in mind:—

"Under Act V of 1883, section 6, it becomes the duty of the officer appointed in that behalf, upon receiving credible information of the happening of any of the occurrences

mentioned in that section, to hold the abovementioned preliminary investigation. Clause 4 of this section (Act VI of 1891, section 9) furnishes him with ample powers of doing so without being in any way trammelled by the laws of evidence or the rules of procedure. Such an investigation ought, in my opinion, to be held in every case falling within the purview of section 6, and should be of such a searching character as to render the report to be thereon drawn up and submitted to the Local Government such a full and sufficient statement of the whole case as to enable that Government to determine whether it is requisite or expedient to direct the abovementioned formal investigation, and the Deputy Legal Remembrancer to conduct it if directed."

6. The following instructions given by the Board of Trade, which are in force in England, appear to be equally applicable *mutatis mutandis* to enquiries made in this country, and form directions which may usefully be taken note of by the Port Officer or Deputy Conservator in the case of the enquiries which are now directed to be made:—

"He will observe that he may, if necessary, examine upon oath, but he will probably seldom find it necessary or desirable to do so.

"In all cases when there is any point which it is important to establish, or any question of fact in dispute or doubt, he will take the evidence in writing.

"In every case, when the enquiry is concluded, the officer will send a report to the Board of Trade containing the result of the enquiry, and such of the evidence as may be important.

"In all cases of casualties arising from avoidable causes, the report and the statement of the evidence bearing on the point should be full and complete."

7. The report will assume one of two forms—

(1) It will be to the effect that no blame attaches to any one and no further enquiry is needed; or

(2) It will state that a further formal enquiry is necessary; that blame *primâ facie* attaches to some one, either Pilot, Master, Mate or Engineer of the ship, or Harbour Master of the Port, or that the circumstances attending the casualty point to some defect in the vessel.

In case (2) the Port Officer or Deputy Conservator will order the detention of such witnesses as are necessary for the proper elucidation of the facts.

8. If the Port Officer holds that *primâ facie* blame attaches to a Pilot, he shall appoint a Departmental Court of Enquiry composed of two Pilots and a Master of a mercantile ship.

9. If (1) the person implicated by the Port Officer's report (*vide* paragraph 7, clause 2 above) is a Master, Mate, or Engineer of a ship, or (2), in case of a Pilot, if Government, on the receipt of the report of the Departmental Committee under paragraph 8, consider an enquiry under Act V of 1883 to be desirable, or (3) if the casualty is stated to be due to some defect in the ship, the Local Government will appoint the Chief Presidency Magistrate and two persons to be a Special Court to hold a formal investigation under section 7 of Act V of 1883, and will direct the Court—

(1) if they find that a charge of incompetency or misconduct lies against a Pilot, to report at once to Government;

(2) if they find that such a charge lies against Master, Mate, or Engineer, to proceed as directed in sections 9, 11, 12, &c., of Act V of 1883.

10. If the report of the Special Court implicates a Pilot, the Lieutenant-Governor will decide whether to proceed against him departmentally, or whether he shall be tried under Act XII of 1859. In the latter case the Chief Presidency Magistrate will be the Judge of the Court, and there will sit with him as Assessors two Merchants of Calcutta and a Pilot of not less than twenty years' service, to be selected from the lists prepared and kept in the manner prescribed by section 6 of the Act, and the Master of a merchant ship lying in the port of Calcutta.

11. If the report of the Deputy Conservator (paragraph 7) or that of the Port Officer in the case of an enquiry held under paragraph 3, implicates a Harbour Master, the Port Commissioners should, in the event of a formal

enquiry under Act V of 1883 not being ordered, report to Government the orders passed thereon. If an enquiry under Act V of 1883 is held, the judgment of the Court will be forwarded to the Port Commissioners for such further action as they may consider to be necessary.

12. In all formal investigations carried out under Act V of 1883, or under Act XII of 1859, the Deputy Legal Remembrancer, or other suitable officer to be appointed by Government for the occasion, will appear before the Court on behalf of Government.

ORDER.—Ordered (I) that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta and to the Deputy Conservator for information and guidance.

Ordered (II) that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Port Officer, Chief Presidency Magistrate, and the Legal Remembrancer, for information and guidance, and to the Judicial Department of this Government for information.

Ordered (III) that a copy of this Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. W. ODLING,

Secy. to the Government of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 30th September, 1893.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan Sept. 30, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	6·01 3·25 3·24 3·14	Heavy rain in early part of week. Prospects of *aman* rice very good. *Aus* rice being harvested; injured by recent heavy rain. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 11 to 13 per rupee. Kalna ... ... 9 to 13 per rupee. Katwa ... ... 11½ per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 12 per rupee.
	2	Bankura „ 30, '93 Vishnupur ...	2·85 4·91	Break in the rains. Harvesting of *aus* continues. *Aman* plants coming on well. Common rice selling at 13 seers 4 chitaks per rupee at Bankura and 12 seers 8 chitaks at Vishnupur.
	3	Birbhum „ 30, '93 Rampur Hát ...	2·15 4·75	Fine weather prevails. Rice crop looks fine, and a good harvest is expected everywhere. Price of common rice 10 to 14½ seers per rupee.
	4	Midnapore „ 30, '93	4·81	Weather—cloudy and rainy at first; afterwards hot. Prospects continue good, but the cyclone last week has probably done a good deal of damage in Contai. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 per rupee. Contai ... ... 13 per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 11 per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 10 to 11 per rupee.
	5	Hooghly „ 30, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	0·95 2·46 7·91	Rain in early part of the week: fine weather and sunshine in latter part. *Aus* still being harvested. Jute being steeped. Sugarcane and *aman* doing well. Prospect in Khanakool (Jahanabad subdivision) bad, part of that thana being still under water. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 12½ per rupee.
	6	Howrah „ 30, '93 Ulubaria ...	0·35 2·54	Weather—getting warm. *Aman* paddy in the Ulubaria subdivision somewhat damaged. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 10 seers per rupee.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas „ 30, '93	0·47	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops fair in the north of the district, but poor in the southern part, especially in the thana of Bankipore. Transplantation of *aman* and harvesting of *aus* and jute nearly over. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11 0 per rupee. Barasat ... ... 11 0 per rupee. Basirhat ... ... 9 13½ per rupee. Diamond Harbour ... ... 10 0 per rupee.
	8	Nadia „ 30, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ...	2·23 4·76 4·87 2·78	Weather—hot and cool with occasional showers. Prospects of *aman* fair except in the Kushtia subdivision, where it is reported not favourable. *Kalai* and *mung* are being sown broadcast.
	9	Khulna „ 30, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	3·24 3·54 3·46	Heavy rain at beginning of week: finer towards the end. *Aman* transplantation nearly finished. Prospects good except in very low lands. Supply of fodder and water sufficient.
	10	Jessore „ 30, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	0·98 4·17 3·81 2·93 1·15	Weather—cloudy and rainy at the beginning of the week. Harvesting of *aus* and jute nearly finished. Prospects of *aman* fair. Lands being prepared for winter crops. Rivers going down slowly. Plenty of fodder and water for cattle. Prices steady.
	11	Murshidabad „ 30, '93	3·90	Weather—hot and cloudy at times with occasional rain. The rain has done some good to *aman* plants. Cutting of jute finished. Mulberry still being cut. Sugarcane doing well. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 11½ seers per rupee. No cattle-disease reported except a few cases of small-pox from Jangipur.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*			
CHITTAGONG DIVN.			
12	Chittagong ...	...	Report not received.
13	Noakhali Sept. 30, '93	2·80	Weather—seasonable. Reaping of early *aman* has commenced in the islands. Transplantation of late *aman* still going on in the main land. Prospects excellent. Fodder is available in sufficient quantities, and cattle-disease is abating. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Noakhali ... ... 9 4 } per rupee. Feni ... ... 8 8 }
14	Tippera „ 30, '93	2·91	Weather—seasonable. Occasional foggy mornings. Harvesting of jute and transplantation of *aman* going on briskly. *Aman* seedlings selling at more than 20 times its ordinary price. Labour in great request. Prospects of *aman* have improved greatly, and the late rain has done much good to it. Common rice selling at 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder not yet sufficient. Water gone down about 5 feet.
15	Chittagong Hill Tracts. „ 29, '93	0·91	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* paddy in *jums* over. Very little quantity of vegetables available in the bazar. Condition of cattle generally good. Common rice selling at 8 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.			
16	Dacca „ 30, '93	2·90	Weather—hot with occasional rain. Harvesting of jute nearly finished. *Rowa* and *shail* paddy being sown. Prospects of *aman* fair, but it is being damaged by a kind of insect in some places in Srinagar thana in the Munshiganj subdivision. Common rice selling at from 7 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder not sufficiently available. No cattle-disease.
17	Faridpur „ 30, '93 Goalundo ... Madaripur ...	1·43 2·72 2·15	Weather—at first stormy: now fine. Prospects of crops unchanged. Water subsiding. Rice sells at 9 to 10 seers per rupee, imports being plentiful. Fodder-supply improving. Still some cattle-disease at Palong.
18	Backergunge „ 30, '93	3·25	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops fair, except in the flooded tract. Common rice selling at from 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
19	Mymensingh „ 30, '93	5·88	Weather—cloudy and rainy. State of standing crops very fair. Common rice selling at 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good except in the Netrakona subdivision. Fodder available except in Kishorganj, where the supply is insufficient.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.			
20	Dinajpur „ 30, '93 Thakurgaon ...	8·64 13·07	Weather—hot and cloudy with occasional showers. Heavy rain in the north of the district. Prospects favourable. Prices of rice both at Sadar and Thakurgaon stationary. *Bhadoi* rice selling at Sadar from 12 to 13 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water sufficient.
21	Rajshahi „ 30, '93 Nator ... Naugaon ...	1·82 2·69 5·49	Weather—hot; sunshine at intervals. Prospects generally good. *Bhadoi* has given a fair outturn. Fodder and water-supply ample. No cattle-disease. Rice selling at from 9 to 11 seers per rupee.
22	Rangpur „ 30, '93 Kurigaon ... Gaibanda ... Nilphamari ...	12·49 8·79 3·76 9·46	Heavy rain during the week. Transplanting of *aman* is now finished. Prospects very favourable. Jute steeping in progress; 16 annas outturn may be expected. Average price of rice about 10 seers per rupee.
23	Bogra „ 30, '93 Sherpur ... Naukhila ...	6·75 4·16 5·75	Weather—unsettled. Transplantation of *aman* finished. Prospects good. Common rice 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
24	Pabna „ 30, '93	3·00	Weather—seasonable. Partially cloudy and rainy. Prospects of *aman* rather improved by the late showers. Price of common rice at Sirajganj Rs. 4-12 per maund and at Pabna 9¼ seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
25	Darjeeling „ 30, '93 Siliguri ...	14·54 9·09	Weather—cloudy and wet at beginning of week. Bright towards the close. *In the hills:*—*Bhadoi* paddy and *bhutta* being harvested. *Haimanti* paddy, *phaphur*, *kalai* and *bara marua* progressing favourably. *Chota marua* has been harvested. *In the Terai:*—Jute steeping continues. *Bhadoi* harvested. Prospects of *aghani* favourable. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 10 }
26	Jalpaiguri „ 30, '93	11·75	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of *haimanti* paddy good. Washing of jute continues. Common rice sells at Sadar at 11 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. No cattle-disease reported.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
BHAGALPUR DIVN.			
27	Monghyr Sept. 30, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	6·14 6·13 3·34	Weather—very stormy with excessive rain. *Bhadoi* harvest finished. Prospects of winter rice good. *Kurthi* and sugarcane look promising. Lands being ploughed for *rabi* and indigo. Cattle-disease at Ballia, Kharakpur, Nawadih, and Sheikpura. Ample fodder and water. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 15 } Begusarai ... ... 12 to 13 } per rupee. Jamui ... ... 12 }
28	Bhagalpur „ 30 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ...	5·78 3·02 5·48 7·34	The late rain has done some harm to *kurthi* and *marua* in the north, but prospects of winter rice are excellent.
29	Purnea „ 30, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	10·99 11·33 14·09	Heavy rain during the first part of the week. This rain has done good to the standing crops. Prospects excellent everywhere. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease. Price of rice stationary.
30	Malda „ 30, '93	3·49	Weather—cloudy and damp in the first part of the week: latterly fine. Extraordinarily heavy rain fell in the north of the district. Winter rice coming into ear. Sowing of *kalai* on low lands has been stopped on account of rising of the river. Price of ordinary rice varies from 11 to 17 seers per rupee. Fodder and water ample.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 30, 93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara .. Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	3·23 1·56 5·91 1·96 8·03 11·22	Rain during the early part of the week. Weather now hot in the day and cool at night. Prospects of paddy crop continue favourable. *Kalai* damaged to some extent in the Rajmahal subdivision owing to rise of the Ganges. Supply of fodder insufficient at Sahebganj. Cattle-disease still reported from the Godda subdivision. Price of rice stationary.
PATNA DIVISION.			
32	Patna „ 30, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapore ...	3·08 4·19 2·39 3·52	Weather—rainy during the first part of the week, but clear and cool during the latter part. The recent heavy rain has probably ensured a bumper rice crop. Tobacco doing well. Early spring garden crops being sown. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } Barh ... ... 13 } Bihar ... ... 15 } per rupee. Dinapore ... ... 13 }
33	Gaya „ 30, 93 Aurangabad ... Jahanabad ... Nawada ...	1·90 4·74 2·78 3·71	Weather—fair and growing cooler. Prospects of paddy crop favourable. Weeding going on. Prices of rice :— Srs. Gaya ... ... 13 } Aurangabad ... ... 14¼ } Jahanabad ... ... 12¼ } per rupee. Nawada ... ... 16 } Supply of fodder and water ample.
34	Shahabad „ 30, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	5·15 1·36 4·80 3·17	Fine clear weather with light westerly winds. The young paddy has been damaged to some extent in the south by excessive rainfall. On the whole, however, prospects are excellent.
35	Darbhanga „ 30, '93 Madhubani ... Samastipur ...	6·19 3·98 8·04	Weather—rainy during first four days of the week; fair in the latter part. The heavy falls of rain this week have benefited the rice crop. A break for some days is wanted to facilitate the preparation of lands for *rabi* and the planting of tobacco and *alua*. Prices of Indian-corn and *marua* have fallen. Common rice selling at 14¼ seers per rupee. Fodder for cattle sufficient.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 30, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	4·15 4·05 7·09	Weather—rainy, cloudy at times, and hot. Retransplantation of paddy nearly finished in the Sitamarhi subdivision. The recent rain has done much good to standing crops. Harvesting of *bhadoi* crops almost over. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices almost stationary.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*				
PATNA DIVISION—*concld.*	37	Saran Sept. 30, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	5·17 4·45 5·00	Weather—stormy and then fine. State and prospects of crops excellent. Price of common rice. Chapra ... ... 15 Srs. 0 c. Siwan ... ... 14 Srs. 12 c. Gopalganj ... ... 16 Srs. 0 c. } per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
	38	Champaran „ 30, '93	9·83	Weather—cloudy and rainy throughout the week except to-day (30th) when the sky looks clear. The flood again appeared in this week owing to the rise of the Sikhrana. Portion of the Segowlie bridge has been washed away. The water is draining off quickly. At present the extent of damage cannot be correctly estimated, but it appears it was not much. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.				
ORISSA DIVN.	39	Cuttack „ 30, '93	1·20	Weather—days warm, nights cool. *Satika biali* being gathered. *Bara biali* ripening. Weeding of *sarad* in progress. Fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Sadar ... ... 10 Srs. 8 c. to 13 Srs. 2 c. Jajpur ... ... 13 Srs. 2 c. to 17 Srs. 0 c. Kendrapara ... ... 13 Srs. 2 c. to 22 Srs. 0 c. Banki ... ... 15 Srs. 12 c. } per rupee.
	40	Puri „ 28, '93 Khurda ...	2·44 5·61	Weather—stormy with occasional showers. *Biali* being reaped. *Sarad* and *laghu* being weeded. State of miscellaneous crops good. Prices of common rice:— Sadar ... ... 12 Srs. 8 c. to 14 Srs. 1 c. Khorda ... ... 11 Srs. 0 c. to 18 Srs. 6 c. } per rupee.
	41	Balasore „ 30, '93	3·57	Weather—fine; occasional but not daily showers. A break of two days at a time. Fine weather twice this week has done much good. Transplantation finished; 12 annas rice crop may be expected. Prices stationary.
CHOTA NAGPUR. *South-West Frontier Agency.*				
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN.	42	Hazaribagh Sept. 30, '93 Giridi ...	3·06 1·59	Weather—seasonable. Paddy and sugarcane doing well. Miscellaneous crops fairly good. Lands being ploughed for *rabi* sowings. Water and fodder abundant. Cattle-disease reported from Huntergaunj.
	43	Lohardaga „ 30, '93	1·59	Weather—seasonable. Reaping of *gora* paddy nearly finished. Prospect of winter rice continues good. Common rice selling at 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	44	Palamau „ 29, '93	3·91	Heavy rain and wind. It cleared off on the 26th. The rain has been general, and no more is now required for the *aghani* crop which should be a full one. *Bhadoi* paddy is also a full crop, and cotton, *til*, sugarcane, and *kurthi* all promise very well. Ploughing and sowing of *rabi* going on. Rice selling at from 11 to 16½ seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply ample.
	45	Singhbhum „ 30, '93	1·15	Weather—seasonable. Cold weather setting in. Standing crops doing excellently. Price of rice falling. Cattle-disease reported from Bahragora in Dhalbhum.
	46	Manbhum „ 30, '93 Gobindpur ...	1·20 3·35	Weather—rainy in early part of week; now settled, fine. The bright dry weather will do much good to all standing crops, the prospects of which are so far good. Prices stationary.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 2nd October, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure.			Wind.		Temperature.						
			Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	29·759	29·714	—	SWly	322	91·7	30th Sept.	78·6	28th Sept.	88·6	80·2	84·4
		Gopalpore	29·768	29·720	—·017	SW&NW	353	90·7	29th ,,	75·1	30th ,,	87·8	76·8	82·4
		False Point	29·762	29·725	—·032	SSW	336	91·0	28th ,,	74·6	24th ,,	89·2*	78·1*	84·0
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·686	29·708	—·040	Wly		92·7	28th ,,	76·8	28 to 30 ,,	89·4	78·2	83·8
	Balasore	Balasore	29·702	29·705	—·051	S	127	92·4	28th ,,	73·8	29 & 30 ,,	88·2	76·6	82·4
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·020	29·714	—·055	Variable	94	92·3	29th ,,	74·1	30th ,,	88·3	76·4	82·3
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	29·751	29·718	—·044	Wly	127	89·6	29 & 30 ,,	76·2	24th ,,	86·8	78·3	82·6
		Saugor Island	29·747	29·716	—·044	SWly	408	89·7	30th ,,	78·5	30th ,,	87·3	80·6	84·0
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar	29·717	29·712	—·044	Variable	163	89·8	29th ,,	72·2	24th ,,	87·4	76·3	81·9
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore	29·747	29·727	—·048	SWly	115	91·0	29th ,,	76·4	24 & 25 ,,	87·0	77·5	82·3
	Burdwan	Burdwan	29·674	29·719	—·049	SW & NW	118*	90·1	29th ,,	75·2	24 & 25 ,,	86·9	77·0	82·0
		Raniganj	29·419	29·705	—·053	NW	72	92·7	29th ,,	73·4	30th ,,	89·7	75·0	82·4
	Bankura	Bankura	29·430	29·689	—·057	Calm	132	91·1	29th ,,	74·1	30th ,,	86·7	75·5	81·2
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	29·698	29·714	—·057	Wly	114	89·1	30th ,,	74·8	28th ,,	86·0	76·7	81·3
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	29·728	29·724	—·049	Sly	112	88·6	29th ,,	74·7	25th ,,	85·7	76·0	80·8
	Bogra	Bogra	29·705*	29·719	—·029	SE	108	88·2	29 & 30 ,,	74·2	24 & 27 to 30 ,,	85·8	74·6	80·2
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·687	29·707	—·052	Variable	191	88·1	29 & 30 ,,	74·6	29th ,,	85·3	76·2	80·8
	Malda	Malda	29·669	29·700	—	Wly	96	88·6	30th ,,	73·5	28th ,,	85·1	75·6	80·4
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·648	29·725	—·051	Variable	121	88·1	29th ,,	72·2	24th ,,	83·0	74·6	78·8
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·655	29·733	—·061	E	96	88·3	30th ,,	71·7	25th ,,	82·4	73·6	78·0
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·500	29·741	—·046	NEly	86	87·9	30th ,,	70·1	26 & 27 ,,	81·0	72·2	76·6
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	22·961	—	—·063	Ely	92	63·1	30th ,,	49·6	20th ,,	57·8	51·5	54·7
	Sikkim	Gnatong		?	?	ESE		52·4	29th ,,	35·6	28th ,,	47·2	37·5	43·3
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·740	29·775	—·033	SEly		88·2	29th ,,	74·1	24th ,,	85·5	75·2	80·4
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal	29·771	29·729	—·031	Calm	108	91·3	28th Sept.	74·4	24th ,,	87·1	77·1	82·1
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29·750	29·740	—·041	SE		90·5	28th ,,	74·8	24th ,,	85·6	76·4	81·0
	Faridpur	Faridpur	29·753	29·747	—·033	S	117	87·0	29th ,,	72·9	28th ,,	84·9	76·9	80·9
	Dacca	Dacca	29·762	29·732	—·048	S	175	90·1	30th ,,	75·7	28th ,,	86·7	77·3	82·0
	Tippera	Comilla	29·770	29·754	—·037	Variable	128	89·4	28 to 30 ,,	73·8	24th ,,	86·7	75·6	81·2
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·733	29·744	—·047	SEly	129	85·7	28 & 29 ,,	74·6	24 to 28 ,,	83·6	75·6	79·6
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·625	29·705	—·069	Variable	93	88·2	30th ,,	71·2	26th ,,	83·1	73·8	78·5
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·571	29·685	—·068	Calm	54	89·2	30th ,,	72·5	27th ,,	85·5	74·1	79·8
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·564	29·685	—·091	Calm	190	88·9	30th ,,	70·7	27th ,,	82·4	74·1	78·3
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·543	29·676	—	Variable	213	88·7	29 & 30 ,,	71·2	27th ,,	83·3	73·9	78·6
	Champaran	Motihari	29·474	29·656	—·104	ENE & NWly	142	88·2	29th ,,	70·8	26 & 27 ,,	82·3	72·5	77·4
	Saran	Chapra	29·120	29·655	—·082	SWly	225	90·3	29 & 30 ,,	72·1	25 & 27 ,,	84·0	74·5	79·2
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·362	29·667	—·091	SW	333	89·8	30th ,,	72·0	25 & 30 ,,	86·1*	74·7*	80·4*
		Buxar	29·454	29·649	—·108	Wly	230	89·5	30th ,,	71·8	25 & 26 ,,	84·3	73·9	79·1
		Arrah	29·504	29·647	—·093	Wly	163	90·4	29 & 30 ,,	73·0	25 & 27 ,,	84·9	75·1	79·9
	Gaya	Gaya	29·347	29·677	—·079	Ely	175	90·9	29th ,,	72·8	27th ,,	85·8	74·4	80·1
	Patna	Bankipore	29·529	29·665	—·099	Wly	228	89·5	29 & 30 ,,	71·2	27th ,,	84·1	74·5	79·3
	Monghyr													
Chota Nagpur.	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·255	29·701	—·052	WNW	102	89·6	29 & 30 ,,	73·8	28th ,,	85·8	74·8	80·3
	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·732	29·689	—·075	NW	295	85·2	30th ,,	66·8	27th ,,	81·4	68·4	74·9
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·015	29·682	—·069	SW	239	84·0	28 to 30 ,,	67·9	30th ,,	80·6	69·3	75·0
	Palamau	Daltonganj												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	28·976	29·684	—·048	Calm	29	91·4	28th ,,	70·2	30th ,,	86·7	73·3	80·0
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·523	29·813	—·013	SW & NE		88·6	30th ,,	71·9	28th ,,	83·8	73·8	78·8
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29·682	29·752	—·057	NE	224	85·7	29th ,,	73·3	27th ,,	79·6	74·4	77·0
	Cachar	Silchar	29·725	29·781	—·027	Calm		90·5	26th ,,	73·3	24 to 29 & 30. ,,	87·5	74·3	80·9

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period

The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01

...fall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 30th of September 1893.

DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M., temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Of week. Mean for district.	Of week. Normal mean.	Of week. Average number of rainy days.	Of week. Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Rainfall since 1st of month. Normal mean.	Rainfall since 1st of month. Variation.	Rainfall since 16th May 1893. Mean for district.	Rainfall since 16th May 1893. Normal mean.	Rainfall since 16th May 1893. Variation.	District.
—	84·0	79	2·6	0·28		8·33		2·39		16·99			50·55		Puri.
—1·8	81·1	84	0·7	0·06											
+0·8*	83·7	84	3·1	2·62											
0	82·6	78	3·0	1·25		7·59		2·24		15·48			50·23		Cuttack.
+0·3	81·9	89	2·6	2·81		8·92		2·27		17·53			52·70		Balasore.
—0·4	82·1	82	3·1	3·78		6·69		2·31		13·87			52·35		Midnapore.
+0·2	82·8	83	3·9	0·47	1·32	6·98	2·14	2·51	10·77	14·86	—4·09	60·13	53·86	+6·27	24-Parganas.
+0·5	83·5	87	6·4	0·72											
					1·20	6·07	1·50	2·21	13·25	13·27	—0·02	60·85	50·98	+9·87	Howrah.
					3·21	6·10	2·33	2·21	13·34	12·88	+0·46	61·74	50·53	+11·21	Hooghly
—1·0	82·3	82	4·9	2·23	3·08	6·67	3·80	2·53	9·52	13·40	—3·88	55·10	48·60	+6·50	Nadia.
					2·34	7·23	3·00	2·71	11·48	14·92	—3·44	67·84	55·99	+11·85	Khulna.
—1·2	82·1	88	6·3	0·98	1·85	6·46	3·40	2·50	10·11	13·10	—2·99	50·83	49·79	+1·04	Jessore.
—2·0	80·2	83	4·9	6·01	3·52	5·71	2·75	2·18	10·13	12·00	—1·87	52·31	46·70	+5·61	Burdwan.
—0·4	79·2	87	2·9	2·96											
—2·0	79·4	86	3·6	2·85	2·86	6·22	2·75	2·28	11·91	13·25	—1·32	59·87	52·42	+7·45	Bankura.
					2·54	7·78	2·67	2·91	11·39	16·08	—4·69	50·93	53·95	—3·02	Birbhum.
—2·1	79·8	90	5·4	3·90	2·93	7·82	3·83	2·71	8·25	16·09	—7·84		50·78		Murshidabad.
—1·3	80·2	91	5·1	2·03	2·52	7·79	2·00	2·80	8·51	16·06	—7·55	67·28	53·09	+14·19	Pabna.
—1·8	80·1	88	6·6	5·80	3·73	8·00	3·50	2·94	9·63	15·48	—5·85	58·53	56·66	+1·87	Bogra.
—1·2	81·4	87	4·7	1·94	2·10	9·00	3·67	2·78	8·85	18·11	—9·26	60·31	55·08	+5·23	Rajshahi.
—	79·8	90	4·9	3·49	7·98	8·51	4·00	2·33	15·76	17·64	—1·88	55·53	55·57	—0·04	Malda.
—3·6	79·1	90	7·9	8·69	8·18	8·40	4·60	2·25	15·13	17·91	—2·78	65·74	59·12	+6·62	Dinajpur.
—3·4	77·5	93	6·9	12·40	8·66	10·00	5·00	2·76	14·20	20·02	—5·82	77·48	74·44	+3·04	Rangpur.
—3·5	75·0	93	8·1	11·16	11·75	19·11	4·00	3·80	24·05	38·75	—14·70	115·46	125·23	—9·77	Jalpaiguri.
					11·61	14·56	4·25	3·17	18·34	30·97	—12·63	106·27	112·25	—5·98	Kuch Bihar.
—4·1	55·4	96	9·4	16·08	11·92	13·94	5·00	3·54	25·66	28·58	—2·92	119·42	125·58	—6·16	Darjeeling.
—	43·0	84	5·9	12·19											Sikkim.
—1·1	79·3	92	5·4	1·07	2·30	10·31	3·50	2·75	10·81	21·87	—11·06	120·10	100·94	+19·16	Chittagong.
					0·02	9·96	Nil	3·15	11·18	19·98	—8·80	98·46	80·54	+17·92	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+0·7	81·6	90	7·1	2·98	4·10	9·43	3·75	3·16	14·00	18·73	—4·73	81·23	74·98	+6·25	Backergunge
—0·3	81·4	91	3·0	2·80	2·46	12·60	3·00	3·11	12·10	26·67	—14·57	110·16	105·96	+4·20	Noakhali.
—1·3	81·3	89	5·9	1·43	1·86	6·58	3·33	2·54		13·69			54·15		Faridpur.
—1·3	80·4	90	7·1	2·37	2·40	7·50	3·25	2·18	8·12	16·21	—8·09	61·56	60·21	+1·35	Dacca.
—1·3	80·1	90	6·1	2·14	2·77	8·75	4·50	2·85	10·60	17·97	—7·37	70·41	68·63	+1·78	Tippera.
—2·4	79·3	92	7·0	5·88	4·30	10·31	4·00	3·27	9·65	19·89	—1·24	83·45	69·34	+14·11	Mymensingh.
—4·3	77·1	93	6·1	10·85	12·09	11·08	4·67	2·23	20·80	22·30	—1·59	76·74	68·34	+8·40	Purnea.
—2·8	79·4	89	6·0	5·78		7·14		2·00		14·22			46·35		Bhagalpur.
—4·7	76·7	91	5·6	6·19	6·18	6·80	4·33	1·95	11·71	13·91	—2·20		45·13		Darbhanga.
—	77·0	89	5·7	4·12	4·40	6·85	3·67	1·79	8·81	13·21	—4·40	41·76	43·13	—1·37	Muzaffarpur
—4·3	76·4	88	5·7	9·83		7·23		1·98		13·47			46·23		Champaran.
—3·4	78·8	84	6·0	5·17		5·81		1·71		11·64			41·17		Saran.
—2·4*	80·2	86	3·1	2·25											
—3·7	78·2	84	5·3	4·25		5·45		1·81		11·37			40·01		Shahabad.
—2·7	77·3	86	4·3	5·16											
—4·0	77·9	80	5·7	1·90	3·00	5·05	2·75	1·65	9·84	10·56	—0·72		41·19		Gaya.
—5·2	79·0	82	5·1	3·08	2·61	5·35	3·50	1·91		10·73			40·51		Patna.
					3·78	5·69	3·67	2·08	11·85	11·98	—0·13	47·56	43·06	+4·50	Monghyr.
—1·6	79·7	82	2·6	3·23		7·81		2·33		16·28			52·10		Sonthal Parganas.
—3·1	74·0	84	4·3	3·99		6·94		2·03		14·33			51·57		Hazaribagh.
—1·3	74·1	83	3·7	1·50		7·03		2·78		14·84			52·72		Lohardaga.
						5·67		1·80		12·05			42·94		Palamau.
—1·4	78·8	81	4·6	1·15	1·15	6·20	3·00	2·25	9·92	13·18	—3·26	53·54	51·79	+1·75	Singhbhum.
						6·27		1·88		12·82			47·51		Manbhum.
—3·0	77·0	95	7·1	0·79											Assam.
—3·3	75·9	94	6·3	4·50											
—1·5	78·3	90	8·0	1·68											

for the last ten ears. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of he sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in th which at least a tenth of an inch fell

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 30th of September 1893

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 24th.	Monday, 25th.	Tuesday, 26th.	Wednesday, 27th.	Thursday, 28th.	Friday, 29th.	Saturday, 30th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	0·15	...	...	...	0·13	...	...	2	0·28	1·93	21·82	10·13	58·64	38·[illegible]
		Khurda ...	0·40									1·45		10·51		46·[illegible]
		Banpur ...	0·05	...	...	0·41						1·13		9·36		39·[illegible]
		False Point ...	2·40	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·62	2·09	23·39	11·19	83·39	50·0[illegible]
		Gop ...										?		?		?
		Satpara ...										?		?		?
		Pipli ...	1·60									?		?		?
		Raepur ...	0·36									?		?		?
		Kurmala ...										?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore										1·73	13·16	8·45		38·10
		Banki ...	0·65	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·65	0·53	21·47	8·73		42·78
		Cuttack ...	1·20									1·41	14·26	10·27		48·73
		Kendrapara ...	0·85	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·89	1·75	17·16	9·30	71·09	44·65
		Jajpur ...	0·35	0·30								1·53	13.16	9·67		45·88
		Dharmsala ...	0·15									?	22.47	?		?
		Salipore ...										?	14.26	?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Nayagarh ...	1·40									?		?		?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	0·39	0·16	...	...	0·32	...	...	3	0·78	?	13·16	?	49·74	?
		Chandbali ...	0·60	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·90	2·79	22·47	11·19	65·08	44·27
		Bhadrak ...	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·09	1·73	14·26	10·59	63·13	44·84
		Soro ...										2·57		11·28		44·13
		Balasore ...	2·69	...	...	...	...	0·88	...	2	3·57	2·69	23·83	11·46	80·85	40·17
		Jellasore ...										1·91		10·33		45·09
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Baripadah ...										2·47		10·92		48.25
		Contai ...	0·83	0·22								2·28		11·44		51·30
		Tamluk ...	0·50	1·67	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·17	1·39	15·92	8·40	57·35	45·64
		Midnapore ...	4·70	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	2	4·81	1·31	14·00	7·33	59·46	42·78
		Ghatal ...	4·52	1·53	...	...	...	...	...	2	6·05	2·03	19·38	8·83	64·73	49·95
		Kukrahaty ...	0·50	0·26	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·76	?	9·00	?	50·17	?
		Garhbeta ...	4·75	0·43	0·17	0·17	...	...	...	4	5·32	?	20·69	?	69·34	?
		Panskura ...	2·52	1·70	...	...	...	...	...	2	4·22	?	16·34	?	53·25	?
		Dantoon ...	3·25	1·46	...							?		?		?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	0·54	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·72	2·47	16·84	12·20	73·29	53·80
		Diamond Harbour ...	0·63	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·98	2·07	8·44	11·45	51·10	52·03
		Canning Town	1·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·40	?	12·88	?	80·71	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	0·33	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·47	1·99	8·74	9·93	65·69	40·64
		Barrackpore ...	0·31	0·44	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·75	1·11	9·71	7·44	55·43	44·34
		Dum-Dum ...	0·56	0·23	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·79	1·43	10·32	8·87	58·33	46·12
		Barasat ...	1·20	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·51	1·61	9·[illegible]9	8·80	51·55	43·93
	Howrah ...	Basirhat ...	...	1·15	...	0·75	...	2·12	...	3	4·02	1·86	12·24	8·88	67·02	48·86
		Howrah ...	0·28	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·35	1·26	7·49	8·48	61·60	45·28
		Mohesreka ...	1·12	0·91	...	0·02	...	...	...	2	2·05	1·36	18·98	8·52	60·05	47·08
		Uluberia ...	0·73	0·95	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·67	?	9·83	?	52·95	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	0·55	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·76	1·36	10·47	7·91	66·64	50·83
		Hooghly ...	0·70	0·18	...	0·07	...	...	...	2	0·95	0·98	7·55	7·28	48·61	43·09
		Jahanabad ...	4·85	0·61	0·47	0·09	...	...	...	3	7·02	1·56	21·09	9·04	70·30	49·37
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	0·50	...	1·39	0·16	...	0·89	...	4	2·94	1·21	11·56	6·88	57·62	41·99
		Krishnagar ...	0·59	0·61	0·54	0·36	...	0·13	...	5	2·23	1·54	9·42	8·00	49·35	40·69
		Chuadanga ...	1·02	0·33	1·43	...	...	...	...	3	2·78	2·14	10·05	9·75	55·26	45·40
		Meherpore ...	1·00	1·30	0·81	0·45	...	...	...	4	3·56	1·92	9·88	8·16	52·73	42·80
		Kushtia ...	0·93	...	2·72	...	0·23	...	...	3	3·88	3·02	10·71	10·65	70·85	48·46
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	1·42	...	0·45	0·22	...	...	...	3	2·09	2·21	7·33	8·96	61·05	49·01
		Bagerhat ...	0·91	0·77	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·68	1·88	12·61	9·93	77·79	54·40
		Khulna ...	1·60	1·22	...	0·30	...	0·12	...	4	3·24	1·83	14·44	10·13	64·65	49·01
		Nakipur ...	0·40	...	...	0·22						?		?		?
		Rampal ...	...	...	...	0·20	...	0·10	...	2	0·30	?		?		?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·40	1·02	0·03	0·20	0·08	...	...	3	1·73	1·30	14·86	7·33	52·46	41·08
		Jessore ...	0·52	0·31	...	0·15	...	...	...	3	0·98	2·02	9·11	8·91	51·80	48·56
		Jhenidah ...	0·64	0·24	1·61	0·18	0·36	...	...	5	3·03	2·28	9·81	9·22	50·88	47·45
		Magura ...	0·92	0·85	...	0·06	0·95	...	...	3	2·78	1·90	9·02	8·75	55·01	44·39
		Bangaon ...	0·35	0·24	0·16	...	...	...	...	3	0·75	2·31	7·75	8·94	43·99	44·27
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	0·54	0·45	0·32	1·25	...	0·09	...	4	2·85	1·15	8·24	6·87	56·04	39·30
		Burdwan ...	3·00	2·61	0·40	...	...	...	...	3	6·01	1·40	12·91	8·20	58·21	42·73
		Katwa ...	0·22	1·95	0·09	...	...	...	...	2	2·26	1·92	8·54	8·41	44·18	42·77
		Raniganj ...	2·33	0·60	0·04	...	...	...	...	2	2·96	1·46	10·27	7·57	45·50	44·87
		Mankur ...	1·60	0·54	1·28	0·07						?		?		?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	2·15	0·11	0·10	0·49	...	...	...	4	2·85	1·75	12·19	8·44	59·94	46·30
		Vishnupur ...	3·84	0·10	0·46	0·10	...	...	...	4	4·50	1·93	12·91	9·40	50·80	48·07
		Maliara ...	2·80	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	1	2·85	0·99	11·63	6·74	49·93	46·11
		Khatra ...	1·09	...	0·16	...	...	...	...	2	1·25	1·05	10·98	9·26	71·69	49·12
		Indas ...	1·41	0·39	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·80	?	14·67	?	54·45	?
		Kotalpur ...	1·70	1·02	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·72	?	16·08	?	60·59	?
		Onda ...	1·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·15	?	10·91	?	58·16	?
		Gangajalghati	2·16	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	2	2·26	?	11·51	?	55·90	?
		Raipur ...	1·75	...	0·29	0·22	...	...	...	3	2·26	?	14·31	?	69·84	?
		Sonamukhi ...	2·50	...	0·32	0·12	...	...	...	3	0·94	?	11·63	?	48·84	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	1·31	0·27	...	0·57	...	...	...	3	2·15	2·38	12·60	10·60	60·63	45·36
		Hetampore ...	1·79	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·82	2·60	10·20	10·76	41·55	50·44
		Rampur Hat ...	0·81	2·28	...	0·31	0·30	...	...	4	3·70	2·65	11·43	11·17	51·31	46·49
		Bolpur ...	0·97	0·45	...	...	...	...	1·07	3	2·49	?	11·92	?	44·85	?
		Murari ...	0·50	1·00	...	0·60	...	...	...	3	2·10	?	9·01	?	59·76	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·62	1·80	0·37	0·11	...	...	...	4	2·80	1·85	10·20	9·67	42·83	45·08
		Berhampore ...	1·18	1·34	0·18	0·16	0·65	0·39	...	6	3·90	2·58	9·49	10·64	62·71	45·36
		Lalbagh ...	1·12	1·60	...	0·12	0·10	0·38	...	5	3·32	2·23	7·95	10·87	60·28	44·41
		Azimganj ...	1·05	1·20	0·07	0·53	...	...	...	3	2·85	2·04	7·14	10·[illegible]3	57·06	45·41
		Jangipur ...	0·78	3·41	0·21	0·18	...	...	...	4	4·58	2·06	10·93	10·92	67·83	45·00
		Lalgola ...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·10	2·67	4·20	10·81		45·87
		Akhriganj ...	0·86	0·35	0·75	0·11	...	...	...	4	2·07	?	6·99	?	58·51	?
		Patkabari ...	1·20	...	...	0·60	...	0·20	...	3	2·00	?		?		?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·72	0·27	1·96	...	0·05	...	...	3	3·00	2·60	9·65	11·43	66·20	48·21
		Sirajganj ...	0·34	0·79	0·72	0·06	...	...	0·08	3	2·03	2·30	7·35	10·00	68·24	47·20
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	0·40	0·60	0·90	...	...	...	...	3	1·90	3·05	6·97	10·71	53·17	53·03
		Nowkhilla ...	0·34	0·72	1·87	...	...	0·05	...	3	2·98	3·68	9·11	10·35	57·77	48·39
		Bogra ...	0·45	1·58	3·10	...	0·02	...	0·65	4	5·80	3·15	9·81	10·93	66·80	55·37
		Panchbibi ...	0·50	1·40	1·80	...	...	0·52	...	4	4·22	2·53	12·59	10·93	53·54	50·64
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	0·99	0·21	0·34	...	...	0·28	...	4	1·82	3·06	8·44	11·38	56·03	47·46
		Nator ...	0·59	0·20	0·10	...	...	0·04	...	3	0·93	[illegible]·14	9·00	11·90	50·65	49·13
		Naugaon ...	0·69	0·96	1·44	...	...	0·45	...	4	3·54	2·48	9·09	12·71	68·59	50·35
		Lalpore ...	...	0·95	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·95	?	7·43	?		?
		Manda ...	0·47	0·31	0·09	...	...	...	...	3	0·87	?		?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 30th of September 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 24th.	Monday, 25th.	Tuesday, 26th.	Wednesday, 27th.	Thursday, 28th.	Friday, 29th.	Saturday, 30th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
North Bengal—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	0·24	0·85	2·12	...	0·23	0·05	...	4	3·49	2·70	8·63	11·79	54·16	46·41
		Chanchal ...	0·91	1·76	9·50	0·30	...	...	...	4	12·47	2·21	22·86	11·37	57·24	52·58
		Gajol ...	1·70	1·10	15·50	...	...	...	...	3	18·30	?	22·91	?		?
		Silganj ...	0·57	1·35	0·32	...	0·30	...	...	4	2·54	?	14·33	?	62·04	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	0·55	1·40	1·10	...	...	0·16	...	4	3·21	2·03	10·10	10·90	53·80	52·01
		Churaman ...	1·32	2·42	11·08	0·25	...	0·09	...	4	15·16	1·98	24·84	13·25	71·08	49·83
		Raiganj ...	1·15	2·59	4·73	0·26	...	0·60	...	5	9·24	1·71	15·17	11·03	73·03	53·57
		Dinajpur ...	2·00	1·65	3·77	0·15	...	0·88	0·19	6	8·64	2·32	16·84	11·10	64·16	57·95
		Balurghat ...	0,37	1·68	1·92	...	0·05	0·62	...	4	4·64	2·02	8·65	10·79	60·70	49·87
		Thakurgaon ...	2·55	5·76	3·55	0·39	...	...	...	4	13·25	?	19·20	?	92·09	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	0·85	1·75	1·31	0·70	0·06	1·00	...	5	5·67	3·03	11·61	11·98	68·44	55·61
		Rangpur ...	3·34	2·16	3·74	1·48	0·26	1·51	...	6	12·49	3·13	18·69	13·64	75·44	68·45
		Peerganj ...	1·60	3·43	3·23	0·14	0·02	0·05				?		?		?
		Kurigaon ...	2·83	2·45	2·30	0·40	0·31		...	5	8·38	2·98	12·34	12·02	89·42	68·22
		Gobindgunge	0·35	2·22	1·98	0·10	...	0·47	0·07	5	5·79	?	13·70	?	67·97	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	3·10	1·98	2·65	0·33	...	0·04	...	4	8·10	4·45	14·24	15·93	75·56	69·74
		Ulipore	2·14	2·03	3·94	1·82	...	...	...	4	9·93	?	14·51	?	64·42	?
		Sundergunge...	2·00	1·76	2·34	2·02	0·21	0·72	...	6	9·65	?	11·82	?	?	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	1·96	4·28	3·23	2·23	...	0·05	...	4	11·75	5·51	24·05	25·15	108·79	110·50
		Alipore Dooar	2·46	3·75	3·12	0·39	...	...	...	4	10·02	?	22·03	?	113·92	?
		Fallacotta ...	1·12	3·80	3·20	2·10	...	...	...	4	10·22	?	22·40	?	105·90	?
		Debiganj ...	3·43	2·33	1·90	0·70	...	...	0·16	5	8·51	?	15·26	?	90·52	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	0·65	1·69	2·48	1·10	...	...	0·17	5	6·09	?		?		?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	2·71	3·31	3·15	0·54	0·18	...	...	5	9·89	3·70	14·64	19·15	101·21	89·03
		Kuch Bihar ...	2·35	5·60	3·37	1·23	0·04	...	...	4	12·58	6·01	[illegible]	23·46	104·93	112·26
		Mickliganj ...	3·72	2·81	2·73	2·89	...	...	...	4	12·15	4·55	19·97	21·57	97·41	101·82
		Mathabhanga	3·76	4·36	2·83	0·85	0·01	...	...	4	11·81	4·39	18·73	20·06	120·30	106·21
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	1·85	1·93	2·73	0·22	0·87	1·78	0·39	7	9·70	7·06	28·09	31·39	198·79	179·73
		Siliguri ...	0·84	2·95	2·92	1·40	0·51	...	...	5	8·61	2·89	19·92	15·16	110·84	103·53
		Darjeeling ...	3·78	4·51	6·18	1·54	0·05	...	0·02	4	16·08	4·32	30·87	17·99	111·72	100·00
		Kalimpong ...	3·30	2·91	5·98	1·08	...	...	...	4	13·27	2·80	23·71	10·82	96·21	79·40
		Kurseong ...	2·70	2·70	4·29	1·24	0·04	0·07	0·20	5	11·15	?	25·36	?	141·47	?
		Pedong ...	2·25	1·98	4·44	0·78	0·14	...	0·80	6	10·39	?	19·21	?	85·96	?
East Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	1·53	...	0·35	1·52	0·19	0·02	...	4	3·61	3·01	13·01	15·52	145·76	129·15
		Chittagong ...	0·10	0·05	0·24	0·60	...	...	...	3	0·99	3·02	8·59	13·60	111·69	85·09
		Kutubdia ...	1·05									?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	...	...	0·75	0·82						?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...										?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	0·44	...	...	0·13	...	...	...	2	0·57	?	11·63	?		?
		Chandpur ...	0·25	...	0·25	0·85						?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	2·59	11·18	12·61	98·96	73·17
		Bundarban ...	0·12	...	...	0·10	0·10	...	...	3	0·32	?	12·24	?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	1·45	0·40	0·30	...	0·02	...	...	3	2·17	2·85	10·31	13·47	134·26	78·44
		Pirojpur ...	2·68	0·62	...	0·44	...	...	...	3	3·74	2·83	17·90	11·53	83·31	61·45
		Barisal ...	1·45	1·08	0·06	0·27	0·39	...	...	4	3·25	3·06	11·49	11·70	76·09	61·26
		Gournaddi ...	1·32	0·75	...	0·72	0·16	...	...	4	2·95	?	11·17	?	71·65	?
		Bhola ...	2·28	3·34	1·03	0·32	0·26	...	...	5	7·23	3·21	17·26	12·45	82·14	73·92
		Daulatkhan ...	4·00	2·00	1·18	0·38	0·07	...	0·27	5	7·99	?	16·60	?	90·35	?
		Bauphal ...	2·20	1·05	0·84	...	...	0·30	...	4	4·30	?	12·40	?	80·61	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	2·34	0·32	0·08	0·02	0·05	0·03	0·07	2	2·80	3·89	9·99	18·19	98·37	97·60
		Fenny ...	1·05	...	0·15	...	0·11	0·80	...	4	2·11	2·45	14·29	16·27	121·78	93·45
		Harishpore ...	1·47	...	0·10	0·07						?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	2·10	2·10	0·89							?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	1·13	...	...	0·71	...	...	...	2	1·84	2·13		8·81		59·34
		Faridpur ...	0·60	0·08	...	0·48	0·27	...	...	3	1·43	2·05	7·82	9·91	64·84	51·58
		Goalundo ...	0·72	0·35	0·38	0·70	0·17	...	...	5	2·32	1·81	7·03	8·60	61·22	46·85
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	1·19	0·51	...	0·40	0·05	...	...	3	2·15	2·48	9·06	12·77	52·04	62·87
		Dacca ...	0·91	0·37	...	0·56	0·06	...	...	3	2·90	1·96	8·82	10·27	59·63	53·34
		Narayanganj...	1·11	0·92	...	...	0·10	0·16	...	4	2·29	1·07	7·89	10·61	52·03	57·62
		Manikganj ...	1·49	0·17	0·07	0·51	...	...	...	3	2·24	1·82	6·68	8·49	50·46	44·91
		Joydebpore ...	0·94	0·32	0·07	1·03	0·05	...	...	3	2·41	?	6·83	?	59·59	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	0·35	...	1·89	0·36	...	...	...	3	2·60	2·45	11·00	11·20	68·13	54·56
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	0·33	0·24	1·30	0·30	0·07	...	0·58	5	2·81	2·13	12·48	11·51	81·03	69·35
		Chandpore ...	0·97	0·61	...	0·44	0·65	...	...	4	2·02	2·96	10·66	12·10	63·68	67·61
		Brahmanbaria	0·45	0·29	0·12	1·10	0·85	...	0·23	6	2·97	2·64	8·25	12·21	67·47	55·31
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	1·03	1·04	...	...	...	2	2·07	?	4·34	?	35·16	?
		Nasirnagar ...	0·80	0·35	0·15	0·35	1·95					?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	0·90	0·15								?		?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	...	2·00			0·20					?		?		?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...	2·23	0·48	...	1·24	0·04	...	0·14	4	4·13	3·33	9·23	13·40	89·39	63·21
		Atia (*Tangail*)	0·41	0·38	0·75	...	...	...	...	3	1·74	3·04	7·63	10·18	65·65	49·54
		Mymensingh...	1·01	0·71	0·01	2·80	0·01	0·39	0·95	5	5·88	3·94	11·43	14·60	84·14	67·10
		Jamalpur ...	1·75	0·65	0·29	...	...	...	0·18	4	2·87	4·02	6·47	14·20	70·36	58·40
		Netrakona ...	1·78	1·81	...	2·78	0·52	...	...		6·89	4·10	13·50	13·91	105·14	74·92
		Subornakhali	0·99	0·36	0·82	...	...	0·15	...	4	2·32	?	10·07	?	74·08	?
		Durgapore ...	2·61	1·70	0·60			2·43				?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	0·90	0·72	0·58	0·45	...	0·73	0·23	6	3·61	?	8·37	?	52·15	?
		Dewanganj ...	0·60	1·30	4·00	3·20						?		?		?
[illegible] Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	2·74	5·50	2·15	0·60	...	0·26	0·17	6	11·42	3·58	23·15	15·00	94·09	66·35
		Araria ...	2·45	4·30	6·10	1·13	0·03	...	...	4	14·10	3·75	22·95	14·36	88·01	59·41
		Purnea ...	1·08	5·16	3·68	0·93	...	...	...	4	10·85	2·74	15·31	14·63	58·13	56·90
		Gondwara (Korah) ...										?		?		?
		Barsoe ...	2·50	4·10	0·40	...	...	...	...	3	7·00	?	17·40	?	68·67	?
		Forbesganj ...	1·80	2·78	4·08	1·15	...	...	...	4	9·77	?	19·58	?	69·31	?
		Kaliaganj ...	1·77	2·60	3·90	3·20	...	...	...	4	11·47	?	23·68	?	90·43	?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	1·48	2·60	1·00	0·40	...	...	...	4	5·48	2·55	19·35	10·54	55·08	44·58
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	1·68	1·40	3·28	...	...	...	0·20	4	6·56	?	15·67	?		?
		Supaul ...	0·63	2·64	2·85	0·44	...	0·32	...	5	6·88	2·60	17·15	10·28	40·87	44·63
		Protabganj ...	2·24	4·29	5·41	1·07	...	...	...	4	13·01	?	21·79	?	62·74	?
		Bhagalpur ...	1·90	1·77	0·60	1·13	0·38	...	...	5	5·78	1·54	14·71	7·95	45·75	38·18
		Banka ...	0·65	0·85								2·01		8·25		39·04
		Colgong ...	2·00	2·20	0·60	0·16	0·10	...	...	5	5·06	?	12·83	?	44·42	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	1·05	1·20	4·72	0·09	0·60	...	...	4	7·66	2·63	16·45	8·43	46·19	39·20
		Darbhanga ...	0·61	1·26	2·63	1·69	...	...	...	4	6·19	2·24	10·49	9·83	47·17	41·01
		Madhubani ...	0·44	1·07	1·46	0·74	...	0·98	...	5	4·69	3·14	8·18	10·47	40·30	41·55
		Bahera ...	1·14	1·[illegible]0	0·46	0·43						?		?		?
		Roshera ...	1·08	0·04	0·53	0·10	0·04	...	...	4	2·45	?	18·40	?	51·05	

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 30th of September 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 24th.	Monday, 25th.	Tuesday, 26th.	Wednesday, 27th.	Thursday, 28th.	Friday, 29th.	Saturday, 30th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	0·18	1·60	2·64	2·52	...	...	...	4	6·94	3·01	9·56	9·88	51·64	
		Muzaffarpur	0·57	1·35	1·45	0·14	0·09	...	...	4	3·60	3·43	10·30	10·38	37·29	
		Hajipur ...	0·78	1·42	0·41	0·06	...	...	...	3	2·67	2·33	8·58	7·59	36·50	
		Para ...	...									?		?		
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)	1·10	0·20	...	0·20	...	...	...	3	1·50	?	6·88	?	...	
		Sinhar ...	1·80	2·80	0·30	0·10	...	...	...	4	5·00	?		?		
		Papri ...										?		?		
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	0·35	2·47	6·19	0·38	0·32	...	0·12	6	9·83	2·63	17·27	9·27	72·72	
		Bettiah ...	0·21	2·26	7·10	0·40						3·78		9·60		
		Bagaha ...		2·77	7·15	0·77		0·36		4	11·05	?	16·25	?	64·07	
		Burhurwa ...	0·54	1·44	4·25	...	0·04	...	...	3	6·27	?	11·01	?	35·87	
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	0·65	1·68	1·67	...	0·72			4	4·72	1·60	8·80	7·61	42·52	
		Siwan ...	4·02	0·24								2·36		8·70		
		Ekma ...	...	2·70	2·58	...	0·21	...	...	3	5·49	?	7·42	?	?	
		Chapra ...	0·35	2·37	2·37	...	0·08	...	...	3	5·17	1·90	11·18	7·06	36·06	
		Sreepore ...	3·20	3·20	...	0·20	...	...	...	3	6·60	?	14·00	?	?	
		Annuar ...	...	1·82	1·54	0·09	...	...	...	2	3·45	?	6·91	?	?	
		Basantpur ...	2·50	0·97	...	...	...	...	...	2	3·47	?	7·91	?	?	
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	0·10	3·62	0·33	0·20	...	...	...	4	4·25	1·58	10·34	7·41	34·63	
		Dehri ...	0·19	1·88	0·18	...	...	...	...	3	2·25	0·91	9·56	7·81	35·91	
		Bhabhua ...	1·10	3·25	0·21	0·15	...					1·44		6·96		
		Sasaram ...	0·20	2·55	0·12	...	...	...	...	3	2·87	1·51		6·91		
		Arrah ...	2·63	1·57	...	0·09	...	...	...	2	4·29	1·52	11·04	7·45	44·19	
		Mohanea ...	3·30									?		?		
		Khiri ...	0·20	3·50	0·40	...				3	4·10	?	10·22	?		
		Ageaon ...	1·21	7·89	0·05	...	...	...	...	2	9·15	?	15·01	?		
		Ramagar ...	0·38	4·55	0·27	...	...	...	...	3	5·20	?		?		
		Koath ...	0·43	4·85	0·64	...				3	5·92	?	?	?		
		Sikroul ...	2·32	1·30	0·20	...	...	...	...	3	3·82	?	?	?		
		Bassowan ...										?		?		
		Monaharpur	0·76	3·43	0·39	0·19	...	...	...	4	4·77	?	9·17	?		
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad...	0·28	3·53	0·56	...	0·24	...		3	4·00	1·25	11·13	7·11	36·43	
		Gaya ...	0·19	1·65	0·06	...	...	...	...	2	1·90	1·40	8·63	7·25	37·17	
		Nawadah ...	0·43	2·83	0·23	...	...	...	...	3	3·49	1·64	8·36	7·19	40·37	
		Jahanabad ...	0·23	1·97	0·42	...	...	...	...	3	2·61	0·92	11·23	5·78	55·71	
		Arwal ...	...	8·60	0·23	...	...	...	...	2	8·83	?	14·38	?		
		Daudnagar ...	0·34	3·02	0·30					...	...	?	...	?		
		Sherghati ...	...	0·90	...					1	0·90	?	...	?		
		Rajauli ...	0·22	1·05	...	0·10	...	...	...	3	1·37	?	6·55	?		
		Pakri Barawan	0·50	1·05	0·35	...				3	1·90	?	7·12	?		
	Patna ...	Patna ...	0·81	1·57	0·70	...	...	...	...	3	3·08	1·68	7·04	7·41	40·69	
		Dinapore ...	0·72	1·28	0·76	...	0·14	...				2·05	8·70	7·13	43·31	
		Bihar ...	0·14	1·84	0·19	...	...	...	...	3	2·08	1·32	7·19	6·66	...	
		Barh ...	0·26	1·20	0·55	...	0·35	...	...	4	2·36	2·39	9·92	7·75	37·74	
		Bickram ...	0·50	2·40	0·68	...	...	...	...	3	3·58	?	9·56	?	52·33	
		Hilsa ...	0·60	2·12	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·72	?	6·60	?	40·63	
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	1·52	0·85	0·65	...	0·90	...	...	4	3·92	1·67	9·40	7·51	51·12	
		Monghyr ...	1·81	0·53	3·00	...	0·80	...	...	4	6·14	1·89	16·41	9·16	53·37	
		Jamui ...	0·43	0·34	0·52	...	...	...	...	3	1·29	1·63	8·75	7·39	38·17	
		Goori ...	1·84	1·64	1·25	...	0·45	...	...	4	5·18	?	14·41	?	52·85	
		Shaikpura ...	...		...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	2·10	?	39·29	
		Chahai Bamda	0·85	0·26	0·39						1·50	?		?		
	Sonthal Parganas.	Chupreon ...	2·05	0·50	0·35						...	?		?		
		Rajmahal ...	0·61	3·02	6·07	0·04	...	...	...	3	9·74	2·29	13·64	12·37	50·88	
		Godda ...	0·93	2·38	0·05						...	2·13		9·66		
		Pakour ...	0·32	1·28	4·73	1·14					7·47	1·88	15·76	13·23	71·20	
		Naya Dumka	1·79	0·31	0·42	0·71	...	...	...	4	3·23	1·71	9·90	10·09	60·52	
		Deoghur ...	0·95	0·04								2·06		9·90		
		Jamtara ...	1·28	0·07	0·01	...	...	...	...	1	1·36	1·53	8·52	7·51	53·56	
		Belbodda ...	3·84	3·41								?	15·79	?		
		Nanihat ...	1·81	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·81	?	6·99	?		
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	1·30	0·17	0·03	...	...	...	...	2	1·50	1·88	13·27	8·97	62·88	
		Hazaribagh ...	1·87	1·09	0·83	0·20	...	...	...	4	3·99	1·83	20·88	8·58	71·33	
		Semtagurah ...										1·66		8·18		
		Mahudi Hills	0·63	0·66	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·29	1·66		8·98		
		Jhumra Hill										1·79		11·02		
		Barhi ...	1·99	0·67	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·66	?	8·30	?	40·25	
		Chatra ...	1·73	...	...	0·23						?	10·13	?	50·57	
		Karagdeha ...	0·93	0·37	0·23	0·30	...	...	...	4	1·83	?	16·76	?	49·36	
		Ramgar ...	1·90									?		?		
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	1·96	0·88	0·32	...	...	...	...	3	3·16	2·17	15·05	10·21	43·27	
		Ranchi ...	1·24	0·32							...	1·83		9·38		
		Silli ...	1·60									?		?		
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj.)								3	2·17	1·53		7·91		
		Balumath ...	1·95	0·90						1	1·83	?		?		
		Husainabad	1·20	3·70	...	...	0·11	...	...	3	5·01	?		?		
		Garhwa ...	1·07	6·65	0·08	0·19						?		?		
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	0·73	0·02	0·11	0·03	...	0·26	...	3	1·15	1·66	9·92	8·64	51·05	
		Chakardharpur.	0·25	0·11	0·10	...	...	...	...	3	0·46	?	11·54	?	37·49	
		Ghatsila ...										?		?		
		Baharagura	3·40									?		?		
		Gailkeira ...	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·35	?	10·55	?	47·15	
		Kalikapur ...	1·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·50	?	14·50	?	82·13	
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	0·50	0·70								1·54		8·43		
		Gobindpur ...	1·72	1·26	...	...	...	...	...	3	2·98	1·21	13·60	7·40	66·88	
		Raghunathpore.	1·02	0·05	...	...	0·02	...	...	1	1·09	?	6·21	?	49·34	
		Barahabhum	0·60	0·23	0·06	...	...	...	...	2	0·89	?	8·22	?	58·66	
		Jhalda ...	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·70	?		?		
		Chas ...	...	1·69	1·40	...	...	...	...	2	3·09	?	9·78	?	51·39	
		Pandra ...	1·42	0·17	...	...	0·26	...	...	3	1·85	?	10·68	?	54·24	

Explanation.—... indicates hat no rain has fallen. If the return for any dav has not been received, he corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the* 30*th September* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 30TH OF SEPTEMBER 1893.

As stated at the end of the summary of the weather of the previous week, the depression which had crossed the Orissa coast moved in a north-westerly direction, the centre never being far from the western boundary of the province. On the 24th, the first day of the present week, the area of lowest pressure extended over Chota Nagpur, and stormy weather was general in all districts of the province. Rainfall was not very heavy, but it was well distributed, varying from one to four inches. On the following day the path of the centre of disturbance changed to north-east, a direction which brought it into the west of Bihar. Defect at Buxar was more than ·4 inch, and at Arrah more than ·3 inch, so that the depth had not diminished more than a tenth of an inch during the two days that had elapsed since the centre crossed the coast. Unusually stormy winds were reported from the Bihar stations, and heavy rain fell in the northern districts. In Orissa rainfall had entirely ceased, and it was becoming partial in South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur. Continuing its north-easterly course, the depression broke up on reaching at the Himalayas, and on the following day very little trace of its existence remained. As is usual in such cases, very heavy rain fell along the hills and in the neighbouring plains. The heaviest falls of rain reported on the 26th occurred in the Darjeeling Hills, Purnea and Champaran. After the depression ceased to exist weather improved rapidly. General moderate rain continued in the northern districts on the 27th, but on the 28th it was confined to North Bengal and the adjacent part of East Bengal, where a slight residual depression caused light scattered showers.

As pressure rose rapidly after the passage of the depression, and at the same time a fall commencing in the east, spread gradually towards the west, the distribution became very uniform, and calm weather prevailed. The fall of pressure continued till the 28th, and a shallow depression, which appeared over Burma, became more distinct on the 29th in consequence of the brisk increase in Bengal. Barometric readings on the 30th were lowest in the south of Burma and gradually increased towards the north-west, where they were nearly a tenth of an inch higher. Following this distribution light north-westerly winds became general over the province and the north of the Bay, and fine, dry, almost cloudless weather, prevailed.

Pressure.—During the early part of the week large changes of pressure occurred in the western districts till the depression broke up on the 26th. On the 24th there was a rise in Orissa varying from ·1 to ·35 inch, and a fall in Chota Nagpur of about 15 inch. On the 25th the rapid rise continued in Orissa and extended to Chota Nagpur, while in the west of Bihar the fall was ·25 inch. On the following day the depression had almost disappeared, the rise in the west of Bihar being very little under ·4 inch. On the 27th and 28th a fall prevailed except in the north-western districts, where the rise continued, but during the last two days of the week a general rise again set in and the distribution became practically normal. Means for the week are below the normal everywhere by amounts varying from ·02 inch in Orissa to ·1 inch in the west of Bihar.

Temperature.—While the stormy weather prevailed, temperature, especially during the day, was very low, defect at times being nearly 10°. On the 24th mean defect was everywhere between 3° and 5°, on the 25th it varied from half a degree in the south of Orissa to 8° in parts of Bihar, and on the 26th, in Bihar and part of North Bengal, it averaged 8°. As the sky began to clear after the filling up of the depression, the defect, though still large in Bihar on the 27th, began to diminish, and on the 28th it was generally under 3°. On the 29th and 30th the difference from the normal was small, there being a small excess in Lower Bengal and a small defect in the northern districts. The means for the week are all below the normal, and defect in the larger divisions varies from a fifth of a degree in Orissa to nearly 4° in North Bihar.

Rainfall.—General rain fell on the first day of the week in all districts. On the second it had almost entirely stopped in Orissa, and on the following day in South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur. During these days very heavy rain fell in North Bengal and Bihar. The mean falls for the week are above the normal except in Orissa, where the moderately heavy rain on the 24th gave an average for the week of about ·8 inch. In East Bengal the fall is slightly above the normal, and in South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur by between a half and one inch; but in North Bihar, with an average fall of 6·74, there is excess of more than 4 inches, and in North Bengal nearly as much. In South Bihar excess is nearly 2 inches.

The following places received more than 10 inches during the week:—Chanchal and Gajol in the Malda district; Churaman and Thakurgaon in Dinajpur; Rangpur, Jalpaiguri, Alipur Duar and Fallacotta; Kuch Bihar, Mickliganj and Matabhanga; Darjeeling, Kalimpong, Kurseong and Pedong; Kishanganj, Araria and Purnea. The falls at many other stations in the northern districts were very little under 10 inches.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 30th of September 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	92·7	73·8	88·6	78·0	83·4	—0·2	0·85	1·85	—1·00	1·10	2·29	—1·19	15·26	10·23	53·15	44·84
South-West Bengal ...	92·7	72·2	87·4	77·0	82·2	—0·9	2·56	1·84	+0·72	2·85	2·48	+0·37	11·21	9·15	57·07	46·46
North Bengal	88·6	70·1	84·0	74·7	79·4	—2·5	7·03	3·17	+3·86	4·12	2·76	+1·36	13·66	15·74	72·94	64·17
East Bengal	91·3	72·9	85·7	76·3	81·0	—1·0	2·94	2·76	+0·18	3·50	2·86	+0·64	10·25	12·34	78·07	67·45
North Bihar	90·3	70·9	83·4	73·8	78·6	—3·9	6·74	2·62	+4·12	4·17	1·90	+2·27	13·75	10·00	52·10	43·80
South Bihar	90·9	71·2	85·2	74·6	79·9	—3·3	3·58	1·65	+1·93	3·07	1·97	+1·10	9·80	8·14	45·15	39·58
Chota Nagpur	91·4	66·8	82·9	70·3	76·6	—2·0	2·22	1·70	+0·52	2·57	2·17	+0·40	14·50	8·88	57·72	45·34
Assam	90·5	71·9	83·6	74·3	78·9	—2·6										

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 3rd October 1893.

C. LITTLE,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 24th to 30th September 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
September ...	24th ...	29·676	81·5	86·4	9·8	76·6	80·9	79·3	·981	78·5	94	0·43
,, ...	25th ...	·734	83·4	88·5	10·2	78·3	84·6	80·5	·987	78·8	83	0·17
,, ...	26th ...	·784	84·3	88·2	7·9	80·3	84·6	81·5	1·035	80·3	87	...
,, ...	27th ...	·774	85·6	91·0	11·9	79·1	87·6	81·0	·970	78·3	74	...
,, ...	28th ...	·746	85·4	92·0	13·2	78·8	88·6	82·5	1·030	80·1	77	...
,, ...	29th ...	·793	84·6	91·0	12·9	78·1	88·1	79·0	·870	75·0	66	...
,, ...	30th ...	·837	83·9	91·0	14·2	76·8	87·6	80·0	·923	76·8	71	...

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·763
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	84·1
The extreme variation of temperature	15·4
The maximum temperature	92·0
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	79
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 24th to 30th September 1893	0·60

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 2nd September 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 24th to 30th September 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Sept.	24th	135·8	0·7	29·617	80·4	84·5	7·8	76·7	78·6	0·957	77·9	92	SSE and SE by S	204	0·22	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p.
,,	25th	148·6	7·4	·677	82·8	86·8	8·6	78·2	80·0	·991	79·0	88	S and SSW ...	212	Nil	Partially cloudy, o.
,,	26th	132·4	Nil	·724	82·6	86·0	5·4	80·6	80·3	1·005	79·4	90	SSW and W ...	114	,,	Cloudy, o.
,,	27th	146·5	9·9	·703	83·3	88·8	10·0	78·8	79·4	·951	77·7	84	W, WNW and calm.	77	,,	Partially cloudy, ⌓.
,,	28th	146·9	9·6	·700	83·6	89·6	10·1	79·5	79·4	·943	77·4	83	WSW and WNW	59	,,	Partially cloudy, ⌓.
,,	29th	147·2	9·4	·730	83·1	89·5	11·8	77·7	78·3	·906	76·2	81	WNW and calm...	54	,,	Partially cloudy, ⌓.
,,	30th	145·5	10·0	·770	83·2	89·2	12·0	77·2	77·2	·854	74·5	75	NNW and calm...	70	,,	Partially cloudy, ⌓.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·703
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·738
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	47·0
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	83·9
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	82·7
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·1
The extreme variation of temperature	12·9
The maximum temperature	89·6
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	20
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	85
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	85
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 24th to 30th September 1893	0·82
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	1·76
The total fall from 1st January to 30th September 1893	77·86
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	58·82

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; d, drizzling rain; p, passing temporary showers; ⌓, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 2nd September 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Vital Statistics of the Districts of Bengal for the month of August 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births. Number registered.	Births. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Cholera. Number registered.	Cholera. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox. Number registered.	Small-pox. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever. Number registered.	Fever. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury. Number registered.	Injury. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes. Number registered.	Other causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes. Number registered.	Total of all causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Number registered.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan ...	Burdwan	1,391,880	4,386	37·80	44	·36	4	·02	1,940	16·68	83	·60	53	·36	730	6·24	2,854	24·60	2,444	21·00	
	Bankura	1,069,668	8,367	37·68	5	·04	7	·07	1,259	14·04	47	·48	44	·48	477	5·28	1,839	20·52	1,568	17·52	
	Birbhum	797,833	2,386	35·88	11	·12	1	·01	1,209	18·12	7	·09	37	·48	528	7·92	1,793	26·88	1,685	25·32	
	Midnapore																				Return not received up to date.
	Hooghly including Serampore	1,076,710	3,147	35·04	28	·24	...	...	1,799	20·04	178	1·92	80	·84	537	5·88	2,622	29·16	1,887	21·00	
	Howrah	721,211	1,715	28·44	172	2·76	...	...	722	12·00	234	3·84	58	·96	340	5·64	1,526	25·32	1,121	18·60	
Presidency ...	24-Parganas																				Ditto.
	Nadia	1,644,108	6,974	50·88	3	·0	1	·007	3,113	22·68	6	·03	138	·96	686	4·92	3,947	28·80	2,500	18·24	
	Jessore	1,888,827	4,301	27·24	5	·02	...	...	3,647	23·16	1	·006	155	·96	334	2·04	4,142	26·28	3,215	20·40	
	Murshidabad	1,250,946	5,283	50·64	14	·12	...	...	2,736	26·16	8	·07	95	·84	486	4·56	3,339	31·92	2,216	21·21	
	Khulna	1,177,652	2,821	28·68	31	·24	...	...	1,902	19·32	13	·12	70	·60	438	4·44	2,454	24·96	2,121	21·60	
Rajshahi ...	Dinajpur	1,555,835	4,388	33·84	1	·007	...	...	3,081	23·76	4	·02	108	·72	151	1·08	3,345	25·68	2,974	22·92	
	Rajshahi	1,313,336	3,140	28·68	11	·09	1	·008	3,010	27·48	1	·008	123	1·08	191	1·68	3,337	30·48	2,635	24·00	
	Rangpur	2,065,464	6,185	35·88	...	...	1	·004	3,851	22·32	4	·01	93	·48	244	1·32	4,193	24·36	3,460	20·04	
	Bogra	817,494	1,794	26·28	...	...	8	·10	1,274	18·60	4	·04	63	·96	228	3·24	1,583	23·16	1,316	19·80	
	Pabna	1,362,392	3,265	28·68	4	·02	10	·08	2,001	18·36	5	·03	79	·60	150	1·32	2,339	20·52	1,944	17·04	
	Darjeeling																				Ditto.
	Jalpaiguri																				Birth return not received up to date.
Dacca ...	Dacca	2,420,656	4,523	22·32	72	·24	16	·07	2,489	12·24	151	·72	157	·72	801	3·96	3,684	18·24	2,568	12·72	
	Faridpur	1,797,320	3,441	22·92	357	2·28	3	·01	2,632	17·52	57	·38	160	1·08	429	2·76	3,647	24·24	1,936	12·84	
	Backergunge	2,153,965	4,006	22·36	279	1·44	9	·04	3,178	17·64	26	·12	151	·84	915	5·04	4,558	25·32	3,607	20·04	
	Mymensingh	3,472,186	6,439	22·20	88	·24	33	·10	4,077	14·04	44	·12	144	·48	755	2·52	5,141	17·76	3,866	13·32	
Chittagong ...	Chittagong	1,220,167	4,287	39·96	24	·12	3	·02	2,382	22·08	56	·48	91	·84	283	2·52	2,839	26·40	2,159	20·04	
	Noakhali	1,099,693	2,892	34·32	4	·03	6	·06	1,533	18·12	8	·08	96	1·08	181	2·04	1,828	21·72	1,673	19·89	
	Tippera	1,782,935	2,992	20·04	9	·06	80	·48	1,762	11·76	8	·04	111	·72	352	2·28	2,322	15·60	2,089	14·04	
Patna ...	Patna	1,769,004	6,098	41·28	177	1·20	10	·06	4,049	27·36	193	1·20	132	·84	1,423	9·60	5,984	40·56	5,916	40·08	
	Gaya	2,138,331	7,616	42·72	98	·48	76	·36	4,824	27·00	41	·12	174	·96	900	5·52	6,205	34·80	7,901	44·76	
	Shahabad																				Ditto.
	Muzaffarpur	2,711,445	9,256	40·92	21	·08	3	·01	5,429	24·00	95	·36	323	1·32	1,088	4·68	6,953	30·72	5,834	25·89	
	Darbhanga	2,801,955	9,070	38·76	17	·07	7	·02	5,170	22·08	121	·48	245	·96	706	3·00	6,266	26·76	4,783	20·40	
	Saran	2,467,477	8,714	42·36	5	·02	4	·01	3,272	15·84	212	·96	209	·96	2,298	11·16	6,000	29·16	5,486	26·64	
	Champaran	1,859,463	6,647	42·84	...	...	7	·03	3,192	20·52	11	·06	202	1·20	1,126	7·20	4,538	29·28	5,542	35·76	
Bhagalpur ...	Monghyr	2,036,021	8,128	47·88	24	·12	40	·12	3,739	21·96	23	·12	194	1·08	840	4·92	4,806	28·56	5,309	31·20	
	Bhagalpur	2,032,696	8,113	47·88	31	·12	78	·36	4,037	23·76	33	·12	137	·72	688	3·96	5,004	29·52	4,620	27·24	
	Purnea	1,944,658	5,447	33·60	7	·03	3	·01	3,258	20·04	5	·02	69	·36	113	·60	3,455	21·24	2,428	14·88	
	Malda	814,919	2,120	31·20	1	·01	...	...	1,508	23·52	3	·03	34	·48	121	1·68	1,757	25·80	1,140	16·68	
	Sonthal Parganas	1,754,196	5,505	37·56	31	·12	34	·12	2,866	19·56	21	·12	38	·24	346	2·28	3,336	22·80	2,958	20·16	
Orissa ...	Cuttack																				Return not received up to date.
	Puri	944,998	3,058	38·76	660	8·28	144	1·80	397	5·04	272	3·36	63	·72	976	12·36	2,512	31·80	2,100	26·64	
	Balasore	994,625	2,744	33·00	332	4·20	8	·09	964	11·52	225	3·48	69	·72	808	9·72	2,496	30·00	1,973	23·76	
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	1,164,321	4,438	45·72	4	·03	19	·12	2,340	21·00	24	·24	57	·48	443	4·56	2,887	29·64	3,217	33·72	
	Lohardaga	1,128,885	4,978	52·80	...	...	4	·03	1,661	17·64	213	2·16	51	·48	950	10·08	2,879	30·60	3,357	35·64	
	Palamau	596,770	2,610	52·44	...	...	17	·24	1,135	22·80	10	·12	24	·48	280	5·52	1,466	29·40	1,548	31·08	
	Singhbhum	545,488	1,787	39·24	3	·06	4	·08	611	13·44	27	·48	42	·84	166	3·60	853	18·72	811	17·76	
	Manbhum	1,193,328	3,863	38·76	1	·009	29	·24	2,027	20·28	35	·24	32	·24	462	4·56	2,586	25·92	2,417	24·24	
	Total ...	60,958,860	181,989	35·76	2,594	·48	670	·12	100,256	19·68	2,579	·48	4,218	·72	23,054	4·44	133,371	26·16	116,514	22·92	
Average of corresponding month of previous five years ...			Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		11,163	2·16	438	·08	81,145	15·96	3,384	·60	3,742	·72	16,642	3·24	116,514	22·92	...	...	
Difference + or —			......		—8,569	—1·68	+232	+·04	+19,111	+3·72	—805	—·12	+476	Equal.	+6,412	+1·20	+16,857	+3·24	...	...	

Office of Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal,
The 29th September 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Vital Statistics of Towns in Bengal with a population of 20,000 and over during the month of August 1893.

Districts.		Towns.	Population under registration.	Births: Number registered.	Births: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Cholera: Number registered.	Cholera: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox: Number registered.	Small-pox: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever: Number registered.	Fever: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa: Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury: Number registered.	Injury: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes: Number registered.	Other causes: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes: Number registered.	Total of all causes: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years: Number registered.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Remarks.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan ...	1	Burdwan	34,477	61	21·12	3	·96	...	...	60	20·88	13	4·08	2	·60	20	6·96	97	33·72	73	25·32	
Midnapore ...	2	Midnapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Return not received up to date.
Hooghly ...	3	Hooghly and Chinsura	33,060	93	33·72	2	·72	...	...	60	21·72	16	5·76	2	·72	16	5·76	98	34·80	85	30·84	
	4	Serampore	35,952	78	25·92	7	2·28	...	...	77	25·68	22	7·32	2	·60	18	6·00	126	42·00	86	28·68	
Howrah ...	5	Howrah	116,606	190	19·44	49	5·04	...	...	90	9·24	70	7·20	1	·09	39	3·96	249	25·56	135	13·80	
24-Parganas...	6	Cossipore-Chitpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ditto.
	7	Maniktala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	8	Barnagore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	9	South Suburban ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	10	Khorda or South Barrackpore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	11	Naihati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	12	Nawabganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Nadia ...	13	Krishnagar	25,500	74	34·80	...	...	...	...	29	15·56	1	·36	...	...	13	6·00	43	20·16	32	15·00	
	14	Santipur	30,437	87	34·20	...	...	...	...	65	25·56	...	...	...	...	10	3·84	75	29·52	36	14·16	
Murshidabad	15	Murshidabad City ...	35,576	53	17·76	...	...	...	...	87	29·28	4	1·32	4	1·32	7	2·28	102	34·32	96	32·28	
	16	Berhampore	23,515	52	26·52	...	...	...	...	48	24·48	...	...	2	·96	5	2·52	55	27·96	45	22·92	
Rajshahi ...	17	Rampur Boalia ...	21,407	58	32·40	1	·48	...	...	41	22·92	...	...	...	...	4	2·16	46	25·68	51	28·56	
Pabna ...	18	Sirajganj	23,267	39	20·01	1	·48	...	...	31	15·96	1	·48	1	·48	1	·48	35	18·00	27	13·92	
Dacca ...	19	Dacca	83,633	129	18·48	12	1·68	...	...	68	9·72	12	1·68	5	·60	61	9·12	161	23·04	127	18·12	
Chittagong ...	20	Chittagong	24,069	57	28·32	9	4·44	...	...	51	25·32	3	1·44	...	...	4	1·92	67	33·36	32	15·84	
Patna	21	Patna City	165,192	458	33·24	78	5·64	2	·12	287	20·76	70	5·04	17	1·20	152	11·04	606	43·92	349	25·32	
	22	Bihar	47,723	195	48·96	...	...	...	...	113	28·32	7	1·68	6	1·20	31	8·28	138	39·72	172	43·20	
	23	Dinapore	44,419	130	35·04	15	3·96	...	...	88	25·76	9	2·04	4	1·08	46	12·36	162	43·68	89	24·00	
Gaya ...	24	Gaya	80,383	191	28·44	33	4·92	...	...	255	38·04	...	...	1	·12	60	8·88	349	52·08	449	66·96	
Shahabad ...	25	Arrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Birth return not received up to date.
	26	Sasaram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Muzaffarpur	27	Muzaffarpur ...	49,192	157	38·28	4	·96	1	·24	85	20·64	18	4·32	7	1·68	38	9·24	153	37·32	141	34·32	
	28	Hajipur	21,487	69	38·52	1	·48	...	...	48	24·00	4	2·16	4	2·16	35	19·44	87	48·48	66	36·84	
Darbhanga ...	29	Darbhanga	73,561	159	25·92	...	...	...	...	92	15·00	23	3·72	3	·48	50	8·04	168	27·36	142	23·16	
Saran	30	Chapra	57,352	121	25·20	2	·36	...	...	41	8·52	16	3·24	5	·96	43	8·88	107	22·32	165	34·44	
Champaran ...	31	Bettiah	22,780	68	35·76	...	...	...	...	41	21·48	...	...	1	·48	14	7·32	56	29·40	77	40·56	
Monghyr ...	32	Monghyr	57,077	204	42·84	10	2·04	1	·12	68	14·28	20	4·20	3	·60	61	12·72	163	34·20	196	41·16	
Bhagalpur ...	33	Bhagalpur	69,106	274	47·52	...	...	...	...	84	14·52	10	1·68	2	·24	77	13·32	173	30·00	177	30·72	
Cuttack ...	34	Cuttack	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Return not received up to date.
Puri ...	35	Puri	28,794	47	19·56	71	29·52	...	...	41	17·04	49	20·40	...	...	76	31·56	237	98·76	81	33·72	
Balasore ...	36	Balasore	20,775	41	25·32	9	5·16	...	...	10	5·76	7	3·96	3	1·68	16	9·24	45	25·92	38	21·84	
Lohardaga ...	37	Ranchi	20,306	66	39·00	...	...	...	...	40	23·52	3	1·68	...	...	5	2·88	48	28·32	41	24·12	
		Total ...	1,245,646	3,154	30·36	307	2·88	4	·03	1,905	19·20	377	3·60	74	·69	907	8·64	3,664	35·28	3,008	28·92	
		Average of the corresponding month of previous five years.	...	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		542	5·16	18	·12	1,209	11·64	352	3·36	62	·48	825	7·92	3,008	28·92	...	...	
		Difference + or − ...	...	...	...	−235	−2·28	−14	−·09	+786	+7·56	+25	+·24	+12	+·12	+82	+·72	+656	+6·36	...	...	

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,
The 29th September 1893.

H. J. DYSON, *Surgeon-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Supplementary Vital Statistics of Districts and of Towns in Bengal for July 1893 received too late for publication with the figures of that month on the 2nd September 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births. Number registered.	Births. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Cholera. Number registered.	Cholera. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox. Number registered.	Small-pox. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever. Number registered.	Fever. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury. Number registered.	Injury. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes. Number registered.	Other causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes. Number registered.	Total of all causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Number registered.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Presidency	24-Parganas*	1,892,033	4,485	*28·44*	20	*·12*	13	*·07*	2,512	*15·84*	106	*·60*	164	*·96*	383	*2·64*	3,198	*20·28*	2,245	*14·16*
	Total for the Province	70,388,083	184,338	*31·56*	1,539	*·24*	1,213	*·12*	99,723	*16·92*	3,027	*·48*	4,516	*·72*	22,523	*3·72*	132,540	*22·56*	127,538	*21·72*
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		16,646	*2·76*	987	*·12*	83,928	*14·28*	4,097	*·60*	4,201	*·60*	17,679	*3·00*	127,538	*21·72*	...	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−15,107	*−2·52*	+226	Equal	+15,794	*+2·64*	−1,070	*−·12*	+315	*+·12*	+4,844	*+·72*	+5,002	*+·84*	...	...
Districts.	*Towns.*																			
24-Parganas ...	1 Cossipore-Chitpur	31,423	44	*16·80*	2	*·72*	......	......	37	*14·04*	6	*2·28*	......	......	3	*1·08*	48	*18·24*	60	*22·80*
	2 Maniktala	32,865	17	*6·12*	2	*·72*	......	......	36	*13·08*	7	*2·52*	......	......	3	*1·08*	48	*17·52*	30	*12·72*
	3 Barnagore	34,278	56	*19·56*	8	*2·76*	1	*·24*	28	*9·72*	5	*1·68*	2	*·60*	17	*5·88*	61	*21·24*	57	*19·92*
	4 South Suburban	69,642	127	*21·84*	2	*·24*	......	......	77	*13·20*	12	*2·04*	2	*·24*	14	*2·52*	107	*18·36*	53	*9·22*
	5 Khorda or South Barrackpore.	35,647	31	*10·32*	1	*·24*	8	*2·64*	31	*10·32*	1	*·24*	2	*·60*	2	*·60*	45	*15·12*	35	*11·76*
	6 Naihati	29,724	64	*25·80*	......	......	......	......	23	*9·24*	4	*1·56*	1	*·36*	8	*3·12*	36	*14·52*	47	*18·12*
	7 Nawabganj or North Barrackpore.	20,980	46	*26·28*	......	......	......	......	30	*17·04*	2	*1·08*	......	......	18	*10·20*	50	*28·56*	42	*24·00*
	Total ...	254,559	385	*18·12*	15	*·60*	9	*·36*	262	*12·24*	37	*1·68*	7	*·24*	65	*3·00*	395	*18·60*	324	*15·24*
	Total of all towns with a population of 20,000 and over.	1,649,273	3,315	*24·00*	362	*2·52*	25	*·12*	2,138	*15·48*	422	*3·00*	106	*·72*	943	*6·84*	3,994	*29·04*	3,568	*25·92*
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		846	*6·12*	42	*·24*	1,342	*9·72*	377	*2·64*	76	*·48*	885	*6·36*	3,568	*25·92*	......	......
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−484	*−3·60*	−17	*−·12*	+794	*+5·76*	+45	*+·36*	+30	*+·24*	+58	*+·48*	+426	*+3·12*	......	......

* The mortuary return of the 24-Parganas district for July 1893 was not received till the 2nd October 1893.

OFFICE OF SANY. COMMR. FOR BENGAL,
The 2nd October 1893.

H. J DYSON, *Surgn.-Capt.*, F.R.C.S.,
Offg. Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low-water in the Rivers Ganges, Bhagirathi, Jalangi, and Brahmaputra, for the month of August 1893.

Date.	River Ganges.																River Bhagirathi.		River Jalangi.		River Brahmaputra.	
	Mirzapur.		Benares.		Buxar.		Dinapore.		Monghyr.		Sahibganj.		Rampur Boalia.		Goalundo.		Berhampore.		Sarupganj.		Gowhatty.	
Distance. Miles.	From Allahabad ... 86		From Allahabad ... 134	From Mirzapur ... 48	From Benares 90		From Benares 177	From Buxar ... 87	From Benares 287	From Dinapore 110	From Benares 381	From Monghyr 94	From Benares 471	From Sahibganj 80	From Benares 591	From Rampur Boalia 120						
	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.
1st	18·42	224·64	17·33	214·13	17·92	186·97	26·50	160·73	21·17	124·02	21·00	89·00	21·10	63·10	20·50	29·44	24·67	58·41	25·79	30·09	27·10	175·86
2nd	18·42	224·64	17·17	213·97	17·75	186·80	26·40	160·63	21·17	123·02	21·00	89·00	21·00	63·00	20·58	29·52	24·58	58·32	25·62	29·92	27·50	176·26
3rd	18·08	224·30	18·33	215·13	17·92	186·97	26·10	160·33	20·75	122·60	20·92	88·92	21·00	63·00	20·75	29·69	24·67	58·41	25·67	29·97	27·30	176·06
4th	17·00	223·22	17·00	213·80	16·92	185·97	26·30	160·53	20·58	122·43	20·67	88·67	20·96	62·96	20·75	29·69	25·00	58·74	25·67	29·97	26·90	175·66
5th	17·00	223·22	16·50	213·30	16·75	185·80	26·80	161·03	20·58	122·43	20·67	88·67	20·79	62·79	20·67	29·61	25·00	58·74	25·92	30·22	26·80	175·56
6th	20·25	226·47	17·50	214·30	16·50	185·55	27·10	161·33	21·17	124·02	20·75	88·75	20·75	62·75	20·58	29·52	24·87	58·61	26·00	30·30	26·80	175·56
7th	23·75	229·97	22·00	218·80	17·83	186·88	27·10	161·33	21·33	123·18	20·83	88·83	20·71	62·71	20·54	29·54	24·71	58·45	25·83	30·13	26·70	175·46
8th	26·50	232·72	24·50	221·30	21·92	190·97	27·30	161·53	21·42	123·27	21·00	89·00	20·71	62·71	20·58	29·52	24·50	58·24	25·75	30·05	26·60	175·36
9th	27·08	233·30	26·00	222·80	22·08	191·13	27·80	162·03	21·67	123·52	21·33	89·33	20·69	62·69	20·67	29·61	24·50	58·24	25·67	29·97	26·30	175·06
10th	29·33	235·55	28·50	225·30	23·58	192·63	28·00	162·23	21·92	123·77	21·58	89·58	20·83	62·83	20·75	29·69	24·50	58·24	25·50	29·80	26·40	175·16
11th	30·75	236·97	29·67	226·40	24·92	193·97	28·60	162·83	22·42	124·27	22·00	90·00	21·42	63·42	20·92	29·86	25·00	58·74	25·49	29·79	26·92	175·68
12th	30·92	237·14	30·00	226·80	25·08	194·13	29·50	163·73	23·25	125·10	22·58	90·58	22·08	64·08	21·04	30·02	25·54	59·28	25·42	29·72	26·70	175·46
13th	33·00	239·22	31·50	225·30	25·83	194·88	29·80	164·03	23·83	125·68	23·25	91·25	22·50	64·50	21·25	30·13	26·00	59·74	25·83	30·13	27·00	175·76
14th	32·50	238·72	31·50	228·30	26·17	195·22	30·25	164·48	24·17	126·02	23·67	91·67	23·08	65·08	21·50	30·44	26·58	60·32	25·92	30·22	27·60	176·36
15th	30·83	237·05	29·83	226·63	25·83	194·88	30·30	164·53	24·58	126·43	24·00	92·00	23·25	65·25	21·75	30·69	26·08	60·06	26·12	30·42	28·20	176·96
16th	28·58	234·80	28·00	224·80	24·75	193·80	30·00	164·23	24·58	126·43	24·33	92·33	23·48	65·48	22·00	30·94	27·21	60·95	26·25	30·55	28·50	177·26
17th	26·50	232·72	26·00	222·80	23·83	192·88	29·50	163·73	24·42	126·27	24·50	92·50	23·73	65·73	22·17	31·11	27·46	61·20	26·25	30·55	28·80	177·56
18th	25·00	231·22	23·83	220·63	22·50	191·55	28·90	163·13	23·92	125·77	24·50	92·50	23·85	65·85	22·33	31·27	27·67	61·41	26·29	30·59	28·80	177·56
19th	22·33	228·55	21·67	218·47	21·42	190·47	27·50	161·73	23·17	125·02	24·33	92·33	23·87	65·87	22·50	31·44	27·79	61·53	26·33	31·63	28·80	177·56
20th	20·58	226·80	20·00	216·80	19·42	188·47	26·20	160·43	21·67	123·52	23·67	91·67	23·15	65·15	22·54	31·54	27·96	61·70	26·50	30·80	28·60	177·36
21st	19·00	225·22	18·50	215·30	18·00	187·05	25·30	159·53	20·33	122·18	22·75	90·75	23·42	65·42	22·58	31·52	27·79	61·53	26·67	30·97	28·40	177·16
22nd	18·08	224·30	17·25	214·05	17·00	186·05	24·30	158·53	19·25	121·10	21·75	89·75	22·67	64·67	22·50	31·44	27·58	61·32	26·58	30·88	28·10	176·86
23rd	17·42	223·64	16·58	213·38	16·17	185·22	23·80	158·03	18·58	120·43	21·17	89·17	21·83	63·83	22·33	31·27	27·08	60·82	26·50	30·80	27·90	176·66
24th	17·58	223·80	16·42	213·22	15·58	184·63	23·80	158·03	18·17	120·02	20·17	88·17	21·17	63·17	22·08	31·02	26·50	60·24	26·42	30·72	27·80	176·56
25th	17·42	223·64	16·00	212·80	15·58	184·63	23·90	158·13	18·00	119·85	20·17	88·17	20·92	62·92	21·83	30·77	25·92	59·66	26·42	30·72	27·40	176·16
26th	16·75	222·97	16·00	212·80	15·17	184·22	24·20	158·43	18·08	119·93	20·00	88·00	20·17	62·17	21·58	30·52	25·25	58·99	26·33	30·63	26·90	175·66
27th	15·75	221·97	15·00	211·80	14·58	183·63	23·90	158·13	18·08	119·93	19·83	87·83	19·83	61·83	21·42	30·33	24·67	58·41	26·08	30·38	26·30	175·06
28th	14·92	221·14	14·00	210·80	14·00	183·05	23·50	157·73	17·84	119·68	19·67	87·67	19·42	61·42	21·25	30·19	24·08	57·82	25·75	30·05	25·80	174·56
29th	14·42	220·64	14·42	211·22	13·25	182·30	23·50	157·73	17·50	119·35	19·42	87·42	19·17	61·17	21·00	29·94	21·00	54·74	25·50	29·80	25·20	173·96
30th	14·25	220·47	14·25	211·05	12·58	181·63	22·60	156·83	17·25	119·10	19·17	87·17	18·83	60·83	20·75	29·69	23·08	59·82	25·08	29·38	24·70	173·46
31st	15·00	221·22	15·00	211·80	12·33	181·38	22·60	156·83	17·00	118·85	19·00	87·00	18·58	60·58	20·38	29·52	20·58	54·32	24·58	28·88	24·50	173·26

Calcutta,
The 2nd October 1893.

O. C. Less,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 30th September 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 30th September 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 1st October 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	544	86,740	915	205	54,775	857
Jute	176	92,450	1,375	136	29,345	483
Firewood	78	32,750	493	150	55,285	782
Other articles	980	2,04,538	3,184	720	1,46,785	2,173
Total ...	1,778	4,16,478	5,967	1,211	2,86,190	4,295

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 23rd September 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	305,165	2,99,147 13 0	24,83,731 20	5,79,904 15 0	13,882 10 0	8,92,935 6 0	76,491	100,812½	177,363½
Or per mile of railway	......	185 12 0	......	360 1 3	8 9 11	554 7 2	......	......	......
For previous 11½ weeks of half-year	3,152,886	33,39,814 9 0	2,45,81,900 10	53,29,806 5 0	1,56,463 12 0	88,26,084 10 0	852,916½	1,050,469½	1,903,385½
Total for 12½ weeks ...	3,458,051	36,38,962 6 0	2,70,65,631 30	59,09,711 4 0	1,70,346 6 0	97,19,020 0 0	929,407½	1,151,282½	2,080,690
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	277,484½	2,96,629 1 1	22,85,260 10	5,12,313 5 11	15,026 4 3	8,23,968 11 3	75,844	95,201	171,045
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	184 3 0	......	318 1 9	9 5 3	511 10 0	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 12½ weeks of previous year	3,152,469½	30,24,179 12 0	2,72,73,407 10	59,26,961 6 10	1,93,979 7 11	91,45,120 10 9	909,285	1,118,718	2,028,003

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 23rd September 1893, on 22½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,350	4,361 5 0	7,520 30	296 13 0	18 0 0	4,676 2 0	883	85	968
Or per mile of railway	......	196 0 3	......	13 5 5	0 12 11	210 2 7	......	......	......
For previous 11½ weeks of half-year	*186,677	*45,221 4 0	†1,00,414 0	†3,168 12 0	‡137 0 0	48,527 0 0	10,045	825	10,870
Total for 12½ weeks ...	204,027	49,582 9 0	1,07,934 30	3,465 9 0	155 0 0	53,203 2 0	10,928	910	11,838
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	18,438½	4,743 10 1	6,404 0	277 12 0	5 0 0	5,026 6 1	893	75	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	213 3 2	......	12 7 9	0 3 7	225 14 6	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 12½ weeks of previous year ...	225,954½	54,456 15 2	70,241 20	2,700 14 0	88 7 0	57,246 4 2	11,246	744	11,990

* Added number of passengers 1,178 and Rs. 226 }
† Deducted maunds 1,848 and added " 12 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 19th August 1893.
‡ Added " 44 }

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 23rd September 1893, on 161⅞ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
...l traffic for the week ...	*17,831	*18,894 15 0	42,141 10	8,003 2 0	34 0 0	21,932 1 0	6,615½	2,071	[illegible]
...r mile of railway	......	86 1 5	......	49 9 4	0 3 5	135 14 2	......	......	......
...revious 11¼ weeks of half-year	†224,230	†1,51,636 13 0	‡5,35,048 0	‡76,335 7 0	§347 0 0	2,28,319 4 0	68,375	30,537	98,912
Total for 12¼ weeks ...	242,061	1,65,531 12 0	5,77,189 10	84,338 9 0	381 0 0	2,50,251 5 0	74,990½	33,208	108,198½
Comparison.									
...l ... corresponding week ...ous year	13,976½	10,851 12 11	35,601 10	6,770 13 0	47 10 6	17,670 4 5	6,173	2,157	8,330
... of railway corresponding ...k of previous year ...	......	67 3 9	......	41 15 2	0 4 9	109 7 8	......	......	......
...l for corresponding 12¼ weeks of previous year	207,807	1,44,529 11 8	4,43,827 30	75,828 10 6	501 11 3	2,20,860 1 5	78,894	29,980	108,784

...he increase is partly due to running of two special trains, and partly to heavier booking of 3rd class passengers at Delhi and Umballa Cantonment.
...ded number of passengers 539 and Rs. 290 }
Do. maunds 1,946 and " 653 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 19th August 1893.
Do. " 4 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 23rd September 1893, on 778 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	159,540	74,210 0 0	10,06,880 0	2,26,230 0 0	15,000 0 0	3,15,440 0 0	28,000	38,450	66,450
Or per mile of railway	205	95 0 0	1,371 0	291 0 0	*1 0 0	*387 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	†1,820,460	7,61,233 0 0	82,40,365 0	16,08,490 0 0	1,64,448 0 0	25,34,171 0 0	315,873	322,205	638,078
Total for 12 weeks ...	1,980,000	8,35,443 0 0	93,07,245 0	18,34,720 0 0	1,79,448 0 0	28,49,611 0 0	343,873	360,655	704,528
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	159,259	85,638 0 0	7,99,173 0	1,98,912 0 0	16,320 0 0	3,00,870 0 0	26,600	42,030	68,630
Per mile of railway corresponding period of previous year ...	205	110 0 0	1,029 0	526 0 0	*1 0 0	*367 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,829,106	7,56,414 0 0	83,44,886 0	19,72,925 0 0	1,86,494 0 0	29,15,833 0 0	327,207	436,668	763,875

* Excluding steamer earnings.
† Audited up to week ending 5th August 1893.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 23rd September 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train Miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	32,870	9,540 0 0	69,610 0	6,160 0 0	30 0 0	15,730 0 0	3,929	1,743	5,672
Or per mile of railway	263	77 0 0	557 0	49 0 0	......	126 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 11 weeks of half-year*	364,325	1,11,963 0 0	6,03,266 0	48,922 0 0	1,190 0 0	1,62,075 0 0	41,144	22,311	63,455
Total for 12 weeks ...	397,195	1,21,503 0 0	6,72,876 0	55,082 0 0	1,220 0 0	1,77,805 0 0	45,073	24,054	69,127
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	29,630	12,410 0 0	69,494 0	6,325 0 0	340 0 0	19,075 0 0	3,549	2,539	6,088
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	237	99 0 0	556 0	51 0 0	3 0 0	153 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	362,261	1,13,979 0 0	6,48,029 0	56,517 0 0	1,923 0 0	1,72,419 0 0	44,891	26,908	71,799

* Audited up to week ending 5th August 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 23rd September 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,140	5,940 0 0	52,680 0	3,720 0 0	60 0 0	9,720 0 0	2,487	997	[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	199	69 0 0	613 0	43 0 0	1 0 0	113 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 11 weeks of half-year*	186,763	58,202 0 0	2,08,716 0	16,106 0 0	1,687 0 0	75,995 0 0	27,793	8,619	[illegible]
Total for 12 weeks ...	203,903	64,142 0 0	2,61,396 0	19,826 0 0	1,747 0 0	85,715 0 0	30,283	9,616	[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	18,364	6,668 0 0	26,462 0	2,099 0 0	202 0 0	8,969 0 0	2,546	737	[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	214	78 0 0	308 0	24 0 0	2 0 0	104 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	199,669	63,264 0 0	2,11,414 0	16,301 0 0	2,376 0 0	81,941 0 0	31,505	8,376	[illegible]

* Audited up to 5th August 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(Includes the Tirhut State Railway.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 23rd September 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open	91,700	34,010	2,50,190	31,193	9,250	74,450	17,206	11,954	[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	121·30	44·99	330·04	41·26	12·23	98·48	......	......	......
For previous 11½ weeks of half-year*	992,165	3,75,431	23,57,733	3,16,584	1,04,200	7,96,215	145,536	167,650	[illegible]
Total for 12½ weeks ...	1,083,865	4,09,441	26,07,923	3,47,774	1,13,450	8,70,655	162,742	179,604	[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 755 miles open	89,026	34,900	2,37,887	32,398	11,754	79,052	14,025	16,345	[illegible]
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	117·92	46·22	315·08	42·91	15·57	104·70	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,026,658	3,78,838	30,80,351	3,91,116	1,00,436	8,70,384	166,555	186,158	[illegible]

* Includes audited figures up to 12th August 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 16th September 1893	10,293	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	11,686	0	0
Decrease	1,393	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 16th September 1893	201	13	2
Corresponding period of 1892	229	2	4
Decrease	27	5	2
Receipts from 1st July to 16th September 1893	1,18,766	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	1,16,965	0	0
Increase	1,801	0	0

Printed and published by Edwin Morris Lewis at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 4th October 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 41 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

FIRST FORECAST OF THE BHADOI CROPS IN BENGAL, 1893.

THE following is published for general information.

REVENUE DEPT.,
The 3rd October, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

First Forecast of the Bhadoi crops in Bengal, 1893 (*to the end of August*).

[The district returns appended to this note include for the first time a forecast of the *bhadoi* crops in Angul and the Khondmals.]

1. *Explanatory.*—An attempt has been made to exhibit in these returns the area and outturn of each principal *bhadoi* crop grown in each subdivision in Bengal. The estimates of areas under the different crops are, however, little better than guesses. It will be seen that the total area cropped in the *bhadoi* season (exclusive of the area under winter rice) has been estimated at about 16 million acres out of the total estimated cultivated area in these Provinces, which is shown as 55 million acres. The most important *bhadoi* crops are bhadoi paddy, Indian-corn and millets; these occupy about two-thirds of the total area under *bhadoi* crops; next in point of importance are jute and indigo. Of the total area under *bhadoi* food-crops, *bhadoi* paddy occupies about 70 per cent., and maize and millets about 30 per

cent. *Bhadoi* or *aus* paddy predominates in Bengal and Orissa, where very little maize and millets are grown, while in Bihar and Chota Nagpur maize and millets are grown on large areas.

2. *Character of the season.*—The present season has been characterized by abnormally heavy rainfall in every part of these Provinces, and by destructive floods in East Bengal and North Bihar. The earlier months of the year, namely, from January to April, were unusually wet, and although the frequent and abundant showers which fell during this period were favourable on the whole to the preliminary operations of cultivation, they prevented much of the low-lying areas from being brought under cultivation. During May and June, when the sowing and weeding operations were in progress, the weather was unfavourable. Except in a few districts of North Bengal and North Bihar, the rainfall during these months was exceedingly heavy; the growth of the young crops was checked in consequence, while in some parts the crops in low-lying lands suffered from accummulation of water. In July, except in Orissa and South-West Bengal, the rainfall was above the normal. During August, the rainfall was generally short of the normal, but during this month and the early part of September many of the districts in East Bengal, and parts of Darbhanga, Muzaffarpur, and Champaran in North Bihar, were visited by destructive floods. The present season much resembles that of 1890, when the *bhadoi* crops were largely destroyed by heavy rain and floods.

3. *Area sown.*—The total area sown with *bhadoi* crops this year is estimated at 15,609,429 acres, against 15,940,478 acres sown last year. Taking, therefore, these Provinces as a whole, the area sown does not seem to be much below that of last year. There are, however, several districts and sub-divisions where large proportions of the usual *bhadoi* areas could not be sown on account of excessive rain, or were destroyed later on by floods. The localities so adversely affected are shown in a statement (Appendix II) appended to this note.

4. *Character of the crops.*—The *bhadoi* food-crops, including paddy, maize, and millets, have been more or less damaged by excessive rainfall in almost every district in Bengal, and in some places also by floods. Only a few districts and sub-divisions* have reported either a full or more than a full crop. A statement (Appendix III) is annexed to this note, showing the districts or sub-divisions in which the food-crops have suffered to the extent of 8 annas and upwards. Taking Bengal as a whole, the outturn of the food-crops may be estimated at about $\frac{11}{16}$ths of an average outturn. Except in Orissa and parts of Northern and Western Bengal the crop is on the whole a much poorer crop than that of last year, which was estimated as a full average crop of 16 annas.

* Bankura, Birbhum, Sadar (Hooghly), Basirhat (24-Parganas), Ranaghat (Nadia), Sadar (Murshidabad, Dinajpur), Sadar (Rajshahi), Nilphamari (Rangpur), Siliguri (Darjeeling), Jamalpur (Mymensingh), Gopalganj (Saran), Bhagalpur, Purnea, Malda, and Banki (Cuttack).

Separate reports have been already published about the jute crop of this season, and it is thought unnecessary to refer to this crop again.

B. C. BASU,

Assistant to the Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

COUNTERSIGNED.

W. C. MACPHERSON,

Offg. Director of the Dept. of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

The 24th September 1893.

APPENDIX I.

Preliminary forecast of Bhadoi crops, to end of August 1893.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Burdwan ...	Sadar	794,880	635,500	Bhadoi paddy	84,480	73,768	84,480		14	Owing to the sufficient rainfall this year, a fair outturn of bhadoi crop is expected.	The figures returned for area under jute for several districts do not agree with those given in the jute forecasts published by this Department. As it is not clear in all cases whether Collectors rely on later information or not, their figures submitted for the purposes of this return have been left without alteration. In the final report on bhadoi crops of 1892, the area under jute in Kalna was shown as 1,000 acres. The Collector is requested to report in the final bhadoi crop report, whether such a large area as 10,000 acres was sown in jute this year.
				Ditto pulse	2,420	1,620	2,000		12		
				Jute	670	372	450	8	10		
				Hemp	630	430	450		10		
				Til (gingelly)	758	610	500		12		
	Total ...	794,880	635,500	All bhadoi crops ...	88,958	76,800	87,880	8	12		
	Kalna	276,480	224,000	Bhadoi paddy	64,000	64,000	64,000	14	12	Expected outturn was 16 annas, but about 25 per cent. of the crop sown late was submerged too early for reaping.	
				Jute	10,000	10,000	10,000	14	8	Damaged by excessive rainfall.	
				Indigo	4,000	4,000	4,000	16	8	In the last year's return no area under jute was shown in this forecast for Kalna, but this year 10,000 acres have been shown.	
	Total ...	276,480	224,000	All bhadoi crops ...	78,000	78,000	78,000	15	9¼		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Burdwan—*concld.*	Katwa	225,280	169,600	Bhadoi paddy	20,480	20,480	20,480	12	14	The rainfall during the sowing season improved the prospect of bhadoi this year; but the rainfall was rather too heavy for a good outturn.	
				Ditto pulse	40	40	40				
				Jute	320	320	320				
				Hemp	160	160	160				
				Indigo	160	160	160				
				Til (gingelly)	40	40	40				
	Total ...	225,280	169,600	All bhadoi crops ...	21,200	21,200	21,200	12	14		
	Raniganj ...	429,440	254,700	Bhadoi paddy	2,500	1,000	2,500	6	12	The rainfall having commenced in time, increased area over that cultivated last year could be sown. The estimate as now framed is below the average, which is due to excessive rainfall.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	3,000	3,000	3,000	10	12		
				Bhadoi pulse	5,000	4,320	4,920	10	12		
				Jute	200	160	180	12	12		
				Cotton	200	144	170	12	12		
				Hemp	2,000	1,500	1,840	12	10		
				Til (gingelly)	5,000	3,600	4,800	10	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	1,300	676	1,000	10	12		
	Total ...	429,440	254,700	All bhadoi crops ...	19,200	14,400	18,370	10	12		
	Whole district...	1,726,080	1,283,800	Bhadoi paddy	171,460	159,248	171,460	10	12		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	3,000	3,000	3,000	10	12		
				Bhadoi pulse	7,460	5,980	6,960	10	13		
				Jute	11,120	10,852	10,950	11	11		
				Cotton	200	144	170	12	12		
				Hemp	2,790	2,090	2,410	10	11		

				Indigo	4,160	4,160	4,160	14	11	
				Til (gingelly)	5,798	4,250	5,340	10	13	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	1,300	676	1,000	10	12	
	District Total ...	1,726,080	1,283,800	All bhadoi crops ...	207,358	190,400	205,450	11	12	
Bankura ...	Sadar	1,229,440	428,800	Bhadoi paddy	24,300	23,000	24,300			
				Indian-corn (maize)...	200	200	200			
				Jute	700	700	700			
				Cotton	1,000	1,000	1,000	10	16	
				Indigo	2,600	2,600	2,000			
				Til (gingelly)	600	600	600			
	Total ...	1,229,440	428,800	All bhadoi crops ...	29,400	28,100	29,400	10	16	
	Vishunpur ...	448,000	214 ,00 0	Bhadoi paddy	20,000	20,000	20,000			
				Indian-corn (maize)....	100	100	100			
				Bhadoi pulse	5,000	5,000	5,000			
				Jute	300	300	300			
				Cotton	1,000	1,000	1,000	7	16	
				Hemp	500	500	500			
				Indigo	300	300	300			
				Til (gingelly)	200	200	200			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	100	100	100			
	Total ...	448,000	214,000	All bhadoi crops ...	27,500	27,500	27,500	7	16	
	Whole district...	1,677,440	642,800	Bhadoi paddy	44,300	43,000	44,300			The very early and timely rainfall was in every way favourable, and, if anything, the aus or bhadoi will exceed the average. The area also has increased.
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	300	300	300			
				Bhadoi pulse	5,000	5,000	5,000			
				Jute	1,000	1,000	1,000			
				Cotton	2,000	2,000	2,000	8½	16	
				Hemp	5·0	500	500			
				Indigo	2,900	2,900	2,900			
				Til (gingelly)	800	800	800			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	100	100	100			
	District Total ...	1,677,440	642,800	All bhadoi crops ...	56,900	55,600	5,900	8½	16	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Birbhum ...	Sadar	709,120	290,000	Bhadoi paddy	95,000	95,000	104,500*	16	18	* The favourable season and prospects and high prevailing price of grain has induced the raiyats to break up new lands and bring high lands lying fallow under cultivation this year.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	1,200	1,200	1,300*				
				Cotton	600	600	600				
				Hemp	900	900	900				
				Til (gingelly)	900	900	1,200*				
	Total ...	709,120	290,000	All bhadoi crops ...	98,600	98,600	108,500	16	18		
	Rampur Hat ...	412,160	169,000	Bhadoi paddy	55,000	55,000	60,500*	16	18		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	800	800	900*				
				Cotton	400	400	400				
				Hemp	600	600	600				
				Til (gingelly)	600	600	800*				
	Total ...	412,160	169,000	All bhadoi crops ...	57,400	57,400	63,200	16	18		
	Whole district...	1,121,280	459,000	Bhadoi paddy	150,000	150,000	165,000	16	18		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	2,000	2,000	2,200				
				Cotton	1,000	1,000	1,000				
				Hemp	1,500	1,500	1,500				
				Til (gingelly)	1,500	1,500	2,000				
	District Total ...	1,121,280	459,000	All bhadoi crops ...	156,000	156,000	171,700	16	18		

Midnapore ...	Sadar	2,081,280	1,229,100	Bhadoi paddy ...	266,200	65,400	75,400	8	10	
				Indian-corn (maize)...		32,000	24,000	16	16	
				Bhadoi pulse ...		3,100	4,000	9	12	
				Jute		4,900	4,900	10	12	The area under jute was wrongly shown last year. Correct figures are shown this year.
				Cotton		4,200	4,200	7	9	
				Hemp		1,100	2,300	9	10	
				Indigo		34,600	34,600	6	7	
				(Til (gingelly)... ...		21,400	21,400	12	12	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)		9,200	7,200	12	13	
	Total ...	2,081,280	1,229,100	All bhadoi crops ...	266,200	175,900	178,000	9	11	
	Tamluk ...	373,100	279,600	Bhadoi paddy ...	6,200	6,200	4,200	13	10	
				Bhadoi pulse	1,400	1,400	1,400		10	
				Jute	3,600	3,400	3,400		10	
				Cotton	1,200	1,200	1,000		10	
				Hemp	2,500	2,500	2,500		10	
				Indigo	100	100	400		10	
				Til (gingelly)	700	700	700		10	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	1,600	1,600	1,009		10	
	Total ...	373,100	279,600	All bhadoi crops ...	17,300	17,100	15,200	13	10	
	Contai (a) ...	563,840	456,300	Bhadoi paddy	34,500	7,300	7,200	7	7	(a) The area under cotton was not shown last year. This has been added this year.
				Bhadoi pulse		3,800	2,500	11	6	
				Jute		6,700	2,700	15	8	
				Cotton		3,900	2,000	8	4	
				Hemp		5,700	2,500	14	8	
				Til (gingelly)		3,000	1,500	11	6	
	Total ...	563,840	456,300	All bhadoi crops ...	34,500	30,400	18,400	11	6	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Midnapore—*concld.*	Ghatal(*b*) ...	234,240	146,500	Bhadoi paddy	14,100	14,100	14,100	10	14		
				Jute	100	......	100	......	12		
				Indigo	600	600	600	16	12		
	Total ...	234,240	146,500	All bhadoi crops ...	14,800	14,700	14,800	13	12		
	Whole district ...	3,252,480	2,111,500	Bhadoi paddy ...	332,800	93,000	100,808	10	10	The slight difference between this and last year's return is owing to the figures having been shown in oo's this year.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		32,000	24,000	16	16	Owing to excessive rainfall the area under cultivation has been less, and the outturn is also likely to be less this year.	
				Bhadoi pulse		8,300	7,900	11	9		
				Jute		15,000	11,100	12	10		
				Cotton		9,200	7,200	9	8		
				Hemp		9,300	7,300	12	9		
				Indigo		35,300	35,600	12	10		
				Til (gingelly)		25,100	23,600	12	9		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		10,800	8,800	12	12		
	District Total ...	3,252,480	2,111,500	All bhadoi crops ...	332,800	238,100	226,300	11	10		

Hooghly ...	Sadar	282,880	176,800	Bhadoi paddy ... Jute	21,360 14,000	18,000 14,000	21,360 14,000	8 12	16 12	The Sadar sub-division being comparatively high, the excessive rainfall this year has done no harm to the bhadoi paddy. Excessive rainfall has to some extent injured the jute crop.
	Total ...	282,880	176,800	All bhadoi crops ...	35,360	32,000	35,360	10	14	
	Serampore ...	219,520	160,000	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Miscellaneous*(not included in the above).	17,823 1,270 267	11,747 960 160	13,283 1,070 167	12 16 16	10 8 8	Bhadoi paddy has been affected by the inclemency of weather and unusual rainfall which damaged the crops at the time of sowing to the extent of 6-annas. Jute and Sunn-hemp have also suffered much from unusual rains, which damaged about 8 annas of the crops. *Sunn-hemp.
	Total ...	219,520	160,000	All bhadoi crops ...	19,360	12,807	14,520	15	9	
	Jahanabad ...	280,320	167,680	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Millets ... ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Cotton ... ... Hemp ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	55,680	13,345 1,550 ...... 1,541 230 1,450 ...... 620 1,830	10,136 ...... 2,066 900 33 500 3 800	10 10 10 10 10 10 ...... 10 10	10 ...... 10 10 10 10 10 10	The low outturn is due to the unusually heavy rains and floods this year. The low outturn of the last year was due to the deficiency of rains. The deficiency in the area is due to most of the lands being under water at the time of cultivation.
	Total ...	280,320	167,68	All bhadoi crops ...	55,680	20,566	16,671	10	10	
	Howrah	109,440	69,760	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Indian-corn (maize) ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Hemp ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	11,520	1,046 50 330 4,864 350 1,181 922	991 100 250 2,378 350 300 2,238	12	10	This year's outturn is expected to be less than that of last year on account of excessive rain and floods at the sowing time.
	Total ...	109,440	69,760	All bhadoi crops ...	11,520	8,743	6,607	12	10	
	Ulubaria ...	193,920	8,000	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute	12,000 4,000	4,500 1,900	4,500 1,700	10	8	As there was heavy rainfall during the time of ploughing and sowing, less area than normal and last year's area has been sown, cultivation retarded, and much damage caused to the crop. The state of crop is very unfavourable.
	Total ...	193,920	128,000	All bhadoi crops ...	16,000	6,400	6,200	10	8	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crops.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16-annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16-annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Hooghly—*concld.*	Whole district...	1,086,080	700,240	Bhadoi paddy ...	137,920	48,638	50,270	11	10		
				Millets		1,550	......				
				Indian-corn (maize)...		50	100				
				Bhadoi pulse		330	2,316				
				Jute		23,265	20,048				
				Cotton		230	33				
				Hemp		1,800	850				
				Indigo		......	3				
				Til (gingelly)		1,801	1,100				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		2,912	4,638				
	District Total...	1,086,080	702,240	All bhadoi crops ...	137,920	80,576	79,358	11	10		
24-Parganas	Sadar	690,506	462,700	Bhadoi paddy ...	34,000	4,300*	28,000	14	9		* This figure is very improbable. It seems to have been taken from the final bhadoi report of 1892, without any reference to the estimates of this year's and the normal areas.
				Jute	4,400	6,400	6,800				
				Hemp	3,500	1,700	2,000		14		
	Total ...	690,506	462,700	All bhadoi crops ...	41,900	12,400	36,800	14	11½		
	Barasat ...	313,600	189,400	Bhadoi paddy ...	42,800	36,200	33,500	12	10	The decrease in this year's outturn is due to excessive rainfall, which damaged the jute crop as well as the bhadoi crops.	
				Jute	25,400	15,300	15,700	13	7		
	Total ...	313,600	189,400	All bhadoi crops ...	68,200	51,500	49,200	12	8½		

	Basirhat ...	339,200	281,600	Bhadoi paddy ... Jute	28,700 17,400	28,000 17,500	25,700 17,400	12 16	16 8	
	Total ...	339,200	281,600	All bhadoi crops ...	46,100	46,100	43,100	14	12	
	Diamond Harbour.	328,320	289,900	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute	3,200 1,300	3,300 1,600	300 1,300	12 16	4 4	
	Total ...	328,320	289,900	All bhadoi crops ...	4,500	4,800	1,600	14	4	
	Whole district...	1,671,626	1,223,600	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Hemp	108,700 48,500 3,500	72,300 40,800 1,700	87,500 41,200 2,000	12 13 14	10 8 14	
	District Total ...	1,671,626	1,223,600	All bhadoi crops ...	160,700	114,800	130,700	12¼	11	
Khulna ...	Sadar	1,006,336	293,400	Bhadoi paddy ... Jute ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	9,300 7,700 1,300	5,400 6,500 1,200	5,500 6,500 1,300	12	10	Excessive rains have damaged the crops to some extent.
	Total ...	1,006,336	293,400	All bhadoi crops ...	18,300	13,100	13,300	12	10	
	Satkhira ...	814,643·2	299,500	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Do. pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly)	17,100 3,200 8,400 1,000	6,500 2,000 6,500 1,000	13,000 3,200 8,400 1,000	14	12	Constant heavy rains prevented the weeding.
	Total ...	814,643·2	299,500	All bhadoi crops ...	29,700	16,000	25,600	14	12	
	Bagerhat ...	965,523·2	277,100	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly) ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	30,600 6,400 3,200 1,800	30,000 6,400 3,200 1,800	30,000 6,400 3,200 1,800	14 14 14	2 4 12 14	Excessive rains have damaged the crops. Slightly damaged by the heavy rains.
	Total ...	965,523·2	277,100	All bhadoi crops ...	41,400	41,400	41,400	14	11	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
Khulna—*concld.*	Whole district...	3,103,942·4 including 317,440 acres of land on account of area of boundary khals and rivers of Sunderbans in this district.	870,000	Bhadoi paddy ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly.) ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	56,400 3,200 22,500 4,200 3,100	41,900 2,600 19,400 4,200 3,000	48,500 3,200 21,300 4,200 3,100	Annas. 14 14 14 14 14	Annas. 8 12 9 12 12	All the crops have the more or less been damaged by the heavy and excessive rains. The averages of the estimated area under cultivation in the three sub-divisions were subsequently changed to, what are shown in column 4, as these figures were considered more correct. The figures shown under columns 6 and 7 against "Bagerhat" and the "whole district" will not agree with those shown in the return for the preceding year. They have been changed in consideration of the change of the figure in column 4, and as they appear to be more correct.	
	District Total ...	3,103,942·4	870,000	All bhadoi crops ...	89,400	70,500	80,300	14	11		
Nadia ...	Sadar	497,920	362,825	Bhadoi paddy ... Millets ... ... Jute ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	69,300 36 5,000 9,200 1,200 100	69,300 36 2,940 9,200 1,200 100	69,300 36 3,191 9,200 1,016 100	16 10 11 6 8 14	12 10 9 6 9 10		
	Total ...	497,920	362,825	All bhadoi crops ...	84,836	82,776	82,843	11	9		

Kushtea ...	382,080	278,416	Bhadoi paddy	45,500	45,500	40,000	12	8	
			Jute	22,000	23,000	22,000	12	8	
			Indigo	16,500	16,500	16,500	8	2	
			Til (gingelly)	3,000	3,000	3 000	12	8	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	300	300	300	12	12	
Total ...	382,080	278,416	All bhadoi crops ...	87,300	88,300	81,800	11	8	
Meherpur ...	634,880	462,625	Bhadoi paddy ...	120,600	120,600	95,000	14	10	
			Indian-corn (maize) ...	1,000	1,000	......	11	......	
			Jute	3,000	3,060	3,570	12	8	
			Hemp	1,100	1,100	550	11	8	
			Indigo	20,300	20,300	16,500	6	6	
			Til (gingelly)	1,200	1,200	900	11	8	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	33,000	33,000	26,000	11	10	
Total ...	634,880	462,625	All bhadoi crops ...	180,200	183,260	142,610	11	8	
Ranaghat ...	273,280	199,134	Bhadoi paddy ...	25,200	25,200	25,200	16	16	
			Jute	17,000	17,900	17,900	16	12	
			Indigo	6,100	6,100	6,100	8	8	
			Til (gingelly)	3,800	3,800	3,820	14	16	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above,)	26,000	20,000	26,000	14	14	
Total ...	273,280	199,134	All bhadoi crops ...	78,100	79,000	79,020	14	13	
Whole district...	1,788,160	1,303,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	260,600	260,600	229,500	16	12	
			Millets	36	36	36	10	10	
			Indian-corn (maize)...	1,000	1,000	......	11	......	
			Jute	47,000	46,900	46,661	13	9	
			Hemp	1,100	1,100	550	11	8	
			Indigo	52,100	52,100	48,300	7	6	
			Til (gingelly) ...	9,200	9,200	8,826	12	10	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	59,400	59,400	52,400	14	12	
District Total...	1,788,160	1,303,000	All bhadoi crops ...	(a) 430,436	(a) 430,336	386,27 3	12	10	(a) The difference between the figures shown here and those reported in the last year's forecast is due to the adjustment of the area under "jute" and "millet," with reference to the forecast of jute crop for the current year, and the estimate of outturn of rabi crops for 1892-93. The abnormal rainfall during ploughing and sowing season affected the area under bhadoi crops and the outturn of jute, indigo and paddy. The excessive rains in June and July last submerged a large tract of land sown with jute and paddy in the Kushtea and Meherpur sub-divisions.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Jessore ...	Sadar ...	568,960	304,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	135,200	133,600	129,000	18	12	The decrease in area sown with bhadoi paddy, jute, til and miscellaneous crops as compared with normal and last year's is due to heavy rainfall at the sowing season. The decrease in outturn is due to injury caused to the crops by heavy and incessant rains. The increase in the normal area under bhadoi paddy is due to the fact that the area previously grown with indigo, which has ceased to be cultivated, is now brought under cultivation of this crop.	
				Jute	800	800	600	16	6		
				Indigo	......	1,600	......	16	......		
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	1,000	800	6	6		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	800	800	600	16	8		
	Total ...	568,960	304,000	All bhadoi crops ...	137,800	137,800	131,000	16	8		
	Magura ...	272,000	171,520	Bhadoi paddy ...	39,384	38,706	38,000	18	14	*Paddy.*—The area cultivated and the outturn are reported to be less than those of the last year, which was a bumper year here in every way. The excessive rainfall at the sowing time and during May and June did some damage, but the favourable weather in July and August has improved the crop beyond all recognition. Indigo has been a miserable failure, the cold and rain in May and June quite stopping the plant's growth. Excessive rainfall accounts for the bad jute crop, much of it has never grown at all. Til was	
				Jute	3,840	4,480	2,840	16	8		
				Hemp	50	50	40	16	8		
				Indigo	2,054	2,004	2,056	6	3		
				Til (gingelly)	600	600	400	4	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	150	150	150	16	12		

Total ...	272,000	171,520	All bhadoi crops ...	46,080	46,080	43,486	13	10	slightly damaged by xcessive rain. The decrease in the area under jute, hemp, and til is due to heavy rains at sowing season.
Jhenida ...	304,000	204,800	Bhadoi paddy ...	16,000	16,000	16,000	20	8	On account of constant rains the outturn falls much below the average. The area under indigo as shown in columns 6 and 7 has been revised after careful enquiry.
			Jute	10,000	10,000	10,000	16	8	
			Indigo	12,026	12,026	12,026	10	6	
			Til (gingelly)	500	500	500	6	5	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	500	500	500	14	12	
Total ...	304,000	204,800	All bhadoi crops ...	39,026	39,026	39,026	13	8	
Narail ...	311,680	187,520	Bhadoi paddy ...	17,920	17,920	17,920	18	6	The decrease in area under jute is attributed to rainfall being favourable during the sowing season of til crop; hence larger area brought under the cultivation of the latter crop. The fall in the outturn is due to incessant rains and early rising of the rivers.
			Jute	19,200	19,200	8,200	16	6	
			Til (gingelly)	9,600	9,600	20,600	10	10	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	9,600	9,600	9,600	10	8	
Total ...	311,680	187,520	All bhadoi crops ...	56,320	56,320	56,320	14	8	
Bangaon ...	415,360	248,960	Bhadoi paddy... ...	106,000	130,000	80,000	16	12	The figures shown in columns 6 and 7 against indigo differ from those given in the final forecast of 1892, owing to revision based on minute and careful enquiry.
			Bhadoi pulse	8,654	8,000	6,000	12	8	
			Jute	8,320	7,680	7,800	16	4	
			Indigo	(a)3,717	(a)3,444	2,800	8	4	The area sown this year with bhadoi paddy, bhadoi pulse and indigo are below normal and last year's owing to excessive rain at the sowing season. Jute shows slight increase over last year's area and calls for no explanation, but the decrease as compared with normal is attributed to heavy rains. The area under til is larger than in the preceding year, but below normal. No explanation has been submitted by the Sub-divisional Officer of this variation. The increase as compared with last year's may, however, be attributed to the season being more favourable to the sowing of this crop. The decrease in the area under miscellaneous crops as compared with normal may be attributed to the heavy rainfall of the year. The fall in the outturns of bhadoi paddy, bhadoi pulse, jute, and indigo is attributed to excessive and incessant rain which destroyed the young plants or stunted their growth. The slight increases in the outturns of til and miscellaneous crops call for no comments.
			Til (gingelly)	4,326	2,000	4,000	6	8	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	8,000	5,000	5,000	6	8	
Total ...	415,360	248,960	All bhadoi crops ...	139,017	156,124	105,600	11	8	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Jessore—*concld.*	Whole district...	1,872,000	1, 116,800	Bhadoi paddy	314,504	336,226	280,920	18	10		
				Bhadoi pulse	8,654	8,000	6,000	12	8		
				Jute	42,160	42,160	29,440	16	7		
				Hemp	50	50	40	16	8		
				Indigo	17,799	19,164	16,882	10	4		
				Til (gingelly)	16,026	13,700	26,300	6	8		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	19,050	16,050	15,850	12	10		
	District Total...	1,872,000	1,116,800	All bhadoi crops ...	418,243	435,350	375,482	13	8		
Murshidabad	Sadar	586,240	395,136	Bhadoi paddy ...	160,640	160,640	164,402	16	16	The crop is generally good this year on account of the rains which proved favourable to it. But in the Hariharpara, Nawada, and Beldanga thanas heavy rains at an early season of the year flooded the lands, and prevented a good deal of land being sown.	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	320	320	345				
				Bhadoi pulse	1,280	1,280	1,230				
				Jute	13,760	13,760	13,250				
				Cotton	320	320	210				
				Indigo	30,400	30,400	30,810				
				Til (gingelly	6,720	6,720	6,280				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	3,520	3,520	1,840				
	Total ...	586,240	359,136	All bhadoi crops ...	216,960	216,960	218,367	16	16		

	Jangipur ...	380,160	310,617	Bhadoi paddy	73,000	73,600	72,450	16	12	The outturn bhadoi paddy this year is estimated less owing to excessive and early rainfall, and in consequence early rise of the river.
				Millets	......	......	1,920		12	
				Jute	16,000	16,000	16,000		16	
				Indigo	25,600	25,600	25,600		8	
				Til (gingelly)	3,200	3,200	3,200		12	
	Total ...	380,160	310,617	All bhadoi crops ...	118,400	118,400	119,170	16	12	
	Kandi	405,760	279,795	Bhadoi paddy	19,815	18,565	19,815	16	14	The increase in area under cultivation of bhadoi paddy is attributable to the favourable rains and the decrease in area under bhadoi pulse and hemp is due to excessive rains during the sowing time.
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	10	10	10		8	
				Bhadoi pulse	2,323	2,323	2,120		10	
				Jute	791	791	650		12	
				Cotton	5	5	5		12	
				Hemp	782	782	675		12	
				Indigo	3,200	3,200	3,200		12	
				Til (gingelly)	50	50	50		16	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	443	443	400		12	
	Total ...	405,760	279,795	All bhadoi crops ...	27,419	26,169	26,925	16	12	
	Whole district...	1,372,160	985,548	Bhadoi paddy	254,055	252,805	256,667	16	14	
				Millets	......	......	1,929			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	330	330	355			
				Bhadoi pulse	3,603	3,603	3,350			
				Jute	30,551	30,551	29,900			
				Cotton	325	325	215			
				Hemp	782	782	675			
				Indigo	59,200	59,260	59,610			
				Til (gingelly)	9,970	9,970	9,530			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	3,963	3,963	2,240			
	District Total ...	1,372,160	985,548	All bhadoi crops ...	362,779	361,529	364,462	16	14	
Dinajpur ...	Sadar	2,080,000	1,377,600	Bhadoi paddy	101,100	101,100	101,100	18	20	The increase in the outturn of bhadoi paddy is due to the proper distribution of rainfall, whereas the heavy rainfall at the beginning of sowing season has to some extent, damaged the jute crop in certain parts of the district.
				Jute	78,600	78,600	78,600	18	14	
	Total ...	2,080,000	1,377,600	All bhadoi crops ...	179,700	179,700	179,700	18	17	
	Thakurgaon ...	554,880	367,400	Bhadoi paddy	26,900	26,900	26,900	18	18	
				Jute	20,900	20,900	20,900	18	18	
	Total ...	554,880	367,400	All bhadoi crops ...	47,800	47,800	47,800	18	18	
	Whole district...	2,634,880	1,745,000	Bhadoi paddy	128,000	128,000	128,000	18	19	
				Jute	99,500	99,500	99,500	18	16	
	District Total ...	2,634,880	1,745,000	All bhadoi crops ...	227,500	227,500	227,500	18	17½	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Rajshahi ...	Sadar	631,152·4	386,700	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	35,568 35,384 9,000 700 8	35,568 35,734 9,000 700 8	35,060 35,321 9,000 600 8	16 16 10 14 14	15 15¾ 14 14 14	The excessive rainfall in the time of ploughing and sowing stood in the way of cultivation, and hence the decrease in the area; some damage was caused to the crop by the rain in June and July.	
	Total ...	631,152·4	386,700	All bhadoi crops ...	80,660	81,010	79,989	14	14¾		
	Nator	522,880	402,100	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	35,166 34,781 754 300	30,000 35,133 774 300	35,166 34,781 754 300	14 14 16 12	12 12 12 14	The excessive rainfall at the first or cultivation stage, as also at the time when plants were germinating, damaged the outturn to some extent.	
	Total ...	522,880	402,100	All bhadoi crops ...	71,001	66,207	71,001	14	12¾		
	Nowgong ...	385,920	297,100	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Hemp ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	34,766 34,335 1,900 170 5,200	34,700 34,600 1,200 200 5,200	34,000 30,000 1,100 200 3,000	18 18 12 16 16	14 10 16 4 16	The decrease in outturn of bhadoi paddy is due to excess rainfall. Excessive rainfall prevented many from sowing their lands with jute. It also damaged and destroyed plants in some lands, while constant rainfall without sunshine encouraged growth of weeds which caused the plants to dwarf and consequently the outturn will be less.	
	Total ...	385,920	297,100	All bhadoi crops ...	76,371	75,900	68,300	14	12		

	Whole district...	1,539,952·4	1,085,900	Bhadoi paddy	105,500	100,268	104,226	16	13¾	Heavy rain fell at the time of sowing, which prevented the cultivators from cultivating all the bhadoi crop lands, hence the decrease in the area sown this year as compared with the normal area and the area sown last year. The heavy downpour of the year brought up weeds which interfered with the proper growth of the plants, and hence average outturn is not expected.
				Jute	104,500	105,467	100,102	16	12½	
				Hemp	1,900	1,200	1,100	12	16	
				Indigo	9,000	9,000	9,000	10	14	
				Til (gingelly)	1,624	1,674	1,554	13½	10	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	5,508	5,508	3,308	13	14½	
	District Total ...	1,539,952·4	1,085,900	All bhadoi crops ...	228,032	223,117	219,290	14	13	
Rangpur ...	Sadar	730,240	486,800	Bhadoi paddy	30,100	30,100	30,200	15	14	Continued and incessant rainfall was the cause of less outturn of bhadoi paddy and indigo.
				Millets	5,500	......	5,500	......	12	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	100	......	100	......	16	
				Bhadoi pulse	7,600	7,600	7,630	4	16	
				Jute	67,200	76,300	80,900	12	16¼	
				Indigo	5,700	5,700	4,000	3	8	
				Til (gingelly) ...	1,900	1,900	2,000	2	8	
	Total ...	730,240	486,800	All bhadoi crops ...	118,100	121,600	130,900	12	14	
	Nilphamari ...	414,720	275,800	Bhadoi paddy	64,000	72,000	73,600	14	16	Incessant rainfall during the second half of June and nearly the whole of July injured the jute crop.
				Bhadoi pulse	5,100	5,100	5,200	10	10	
				Jute	80,000	81,000	75,300	14	12	
				Hemp	......	25	......	10	......	
				Indigo	2,000	2,100	2,000	8	8	
	Total ...	414,720	275,800	All bhadoi crops ...	151,100	160,225	156,100	12	12	
	Kurigram ...	599,680	468,900	Bhadoi paddy	117,300	117,300	117,300	12	10	The decrease of outturn is attributable to incessant rain at the time of weeding and cutting aus.
				Jute	87,900	87,800	87,900	11	14	There is a decrease of two annas in the outturn of jute crop, which is attributable to the irregular rain, but it was more favourable than that of last year.
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	94,600	94,600	94,600	16	12	The decrease is attributable to irregular rainfall.
	Total ...	599,680	468,900	All bhadoi crops ...	299,800	299,500	299,800	13	12	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
Rangpur—*concld.*	Gaibanda ...	486,400	371,200	Bhadoi paddy	64,000	64,000	64,000	Annas. 14	Annas. 12	Incessant and continued rainfall during the second half of June and the whole of July did some damage to the bhadoi paddy not then cut to the extent of about four annas of the estimated outturn.	
				Jute	51,200	51,200	51,200	15	10*	* Seasonable rainfall and fine weather facilitated cultivation, and a better outturn was expected, but continued and incessant rain injured the crop.	
	Total ...	486,400	371,200	All bhadoi crops ...	115,200	115,200	115,200	14½	11		
	Whole district...	2,231,040	1,002,700	Bhadoi paddy	275,400	283,400	285,160	13¾	13	Continued and incessant rainfall during the second half of June and nearly the whole of July was the cause of less outturn of bhadoi crops.	
				Millets	5,500	......	5,500	......	12		
				Indian-corn (maize)...	100	......	100	......	16		
				Bhadoi pulse	12,700	12,700	12,800	7	13		
				Jute	286,300	296,400	295,300	13	13½		
				Indigo	7,700	7,800	6,600	5½	8		
				Til (gingelly)	1,900	1,900	2,000	2	8		
				Miscelloneous (not included in the above).	94,600	94,600	94,600	16	12		
	District Total ...	2,231,040	1,002,700	All bhadoi crops ...	684,200	696,800	702,000	13	12		

Bogra ...	Whole district...	929,000	421,000	Bhadoi paddy	140,000	175,000	175,000	15	10	The decrease in the outturn estimated is due to the damage done to the crops by excessive rain.
				Jute	76,000	75,000	75,000	18	12	
	District Total ...	929,000	421,000	All bhadoi crops ...	216,000	250,000	250,000	16	10½	
Pabna ...	Sadar ...	564,480	423,000	Bhadoi paddy... ...	64,000	64,000	58,500	12	10	Excessive rainfall affected both the area and outturn of bhadoi paddy and the outturn of indigo.
				Jute	80,880	80,880	9[illegible],922	16	10	
				Hemp	8,820	8,820	8,820	14	......	
				Indigo	100	100	133	8	4	
				Til (gingelly)	46,180	46,180	55,000	14	10	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	8,820	8,820	8,820	10	10	
	Total ...	564,480	423,000	All bhadoi crops ...	208,800	208,740	222,195	12	9	
	Sirajganj ...	612,480	459,500	Bhadoi paddy	61,200	61,500	65,000	12	10	Excessive rainfall affected the area under cultivation of hemp; outturn cannot yet be ascertained.
				Bhadoi pulse	20,400	20,400	18,400	8	8	
				Jute	100,000	106,250	106,250	17	14	
				Hemp	23,100	23,100	20,100	16	......	
				Til (gingelly)	30,100	30,100	30,100	10	9	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	16,900	16,900	14,900	10	9	
	Total ...	612,480	459,500	All bhadoi crops ...	251,700	257,950	254,750	12	10	
	Whole district...	1,176,960	882,500	Bhadoi paddy... ...	125,200	125,200	123,500	12	10	High price induced the cultivators to sow more land; outturn was affected by rainfall.
				Bhadoi pulse	20,400	20,400	18,400	8	8	
				Jute	180,880	187,070	197,172	16	12	
				Hemp	31,920	31,920	28,920	15	......	
				Indigo	100	100	133	8	4	
				Til (gingelly)	76,280	76,280	85,100	12	9	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	25,720	25,720	23,720	10	9	Both the area and outturn of miscellaneous crops was affected by rainfall.
	District Total ...	1,176,960	882,500	All bhadoi crops ...	460,500	466,690	476,945	12	9	
Darjeeling	Sadar, including Kalimpong.	464,640	61,400	Bhadoi paddy	2,900	2,900	3,200	12	14	The increase in area is due to ordinary fluctuations in the cultivation. Owing to sufficient and seasonable rainfall the outturn is expected to be better this year.
				Millets	7,700	7,700	5,300	12	14	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	17,600	17,600	22,100	12	14	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.	4,400	4,400	4,900	12	14	
	Total ...	464,640	61,400	All bhadoi crops ...	32,600	32,600	35,500	12	14	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Darjeeling—*concld.*	Kursoong ...	118,400	13	Bhadoi paddy	1	1	1	14	14		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	6	6	6	14	14		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	6	6	6	13	13		
	Total ...	118,400	13	All bhadoi crops ...	13	13	13	13	13		
	Siliguri	161,920	115,200	Bhadoi paddy	29,400	29,200	29,300	14	15	The increase in the area for bhadoi paddy is due to ordinary fluctuation in cultivation. Rainfall being sufficient and well distributed, the outturn of bhadoi paddy and jute is expected to be better, but the rainfall did not do good to til.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	100	100	100	16	16		
				Jute	13,800	13,800	13,800	12	16		
				Til (gingelly)	75	75	75	16	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	25	25	25	12	12		
	Total ...	161,920	115,200	All bhadoi crops ...	43,400	43,200	43,300	14	14		
	Whole district...	744,960	176,613	Bhadoi paddy	32,301	32,101	32,501	13	14		
				Millets	7,700	7,700	5,300	12	14		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	17,706	17,706	22,206	14	15		
				Jute	13,800	13,800	13,800	12	16		
				Til (gingelly	75	75	75	16	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	4,431	4,431	4,931	12	13		
	District Total ...	744,960	176,613	All bhadoi crops ...	76,013	75,813	78,813	13	14		

Jalpaiguri ...	Kurseong ...	1,072,150	557,500	Bhadoi paddy ...	113,000	113,995	117,650	14	14	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	2,000	1,000	1,000		8	
				Bhadoi pulse	500	500	500	8	8	
				Jute	77,300	83,205	76,150		16	
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	......	1,000	......	12	
	Total ...	1,072,150	557,500	All bhadoi crops ...	193,800	198,700	196,300	12	12	
	Alipur	823,731	408,900	Bhadoi paddy ...	73,700	58,700	53,700	12	14	The Sub-divisional Officer reports that the figures now given in column 6 are correct.
				Jute	18,700	13,200	12,200		16	
				Cotton	200	200	200	8	12	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	200	200	200		12	
	Total ...	823,731	408,900	All bhadoi crops ...	92,800	72,300	86,300	11	13	
	Whole district...	1,895,881	966,400	Bhadoi paddy ...	186,700	172,695	191,350	13	14	
				Indian-corn (maize)	2,000	1,000	1,000		8	
				Bhadoi pulse	500	500	500		8	
				Jute	96,000	96,405	88,350	8	16	
				Cotton	200	200	200		12	
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	......	1,000		12	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above,)	200	200	200		12	
	District Total ...	1,895,881	966400	All bhadoi crops ...	286,600	271,000	282,600	12	13	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
		Acres.	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Annas.	Annas.		
Dacca ...	Sadar	810,240	405,100	Bhadoi paddy ...	62,900	62,900	62,900	10	6	The figures for jute for all the sub-divisions have been noted from the final jute forecast of 1893, and also for reason given against (a) the totals of columns 6 and 7 will not in some cases agree with the figures given in columns 5 and 7 respectively of the final report on bhadoi crops of 1892.	
				Jute	151,300	126,100	138,700	14	10		
				Til (gingelly)	12,800	12,800	12,800	8	7		
	Total ...	810,240	405,100	All bhadoi crops ...	227,000	201,800	214,400	10¾	7¾		
	Munshiganj ...	256,640	128,000	Bhadoi paddy	22,000	17,000	15,000	12	10		
				Jute	15,000	14,000	14,000	10	9		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	27,000	20,200	21,200	12	10		
	Total ...	256,640	128,000	All bhadoi crops ...	64,000	51,200	50,200	11¼	9¾		

	Naraingunj ...	410,240	230,400	Bhadoi paddy ...	73,400	67,200	68,000	7	7	
				Bhadoi pulse ...	1,000	500	500	7	8	
				Jute	40,000	43,200	44,000	16	12	
				Til (gingelly) ...	800	300	300	7	7	
	Total ...	410,240	230,400	All bhadoi crops ...	115,200	111,200	112,800	9¼	8¾	
	Manickganj ...	312,960	234,200	Bhadoi paddy ...	16,600	16,600	16,600	8	8	
				Millets	400	400	400	10	14	
				Jute	13,000	10,000	12,000	13	8	
				Til (gingelly)	1,200	1,200	1,200	10	10	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	(a)20,500	12,800	16,000	10	12	(a) Ascertained on re-enquiry.
	Total ...	312,960	234,200	All bhadoi crop ...	51,700	41,000	46,200	10½	10¾	
	Whole district...	1,790,080	997,700	Bhadoi paddy ...	174,900	163,700	162,500	9¼	7¾	Owing to high floods, aus in low lands has to some extent been damaged.
				Millets	400	400	400	10	14	
				Bhadoi pulse	1,000	500	500	7	8	Owing to constant rain and high floods, the outturn of jute was less than last year.
				Jute	219,300	193,300	208,700	13½	9¾	
				Til (gingelly)	14,800	14,300	14,300	8½	8	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	47,500	33,000	37,200	11	11	
	District Total ...	1,790,080	997,700	All bhadoi crops ...	457,900	405,200	423,600	10	9¾	
Faridpur ...	Sadar	550,400	385,300	Bhadoi paddy ...	134,800	100,000	101,100†	12	6	* It is probable that not more than ⅛th remained unsown and ⅞ths sown. Of this, probably half, *i.e.*, 7/16ths was destroyed. This leaves 9/16ths of the normal area under cultivation at harvest time, *i.e.* ⅞ths—7/16th.
				Jute	25,000	25,000	20,000	15	5	
				Hemp	300	300	100	14	5	
				Til (gingelly)	4,000	4,000	500	10	4	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	500	500	300	14	4	
	Total ...	550,400	385,300	All bhadoi crops ...	164,600	129,800	122,000	13¼	5	
	Goalundo ...	273,920	205,400	Bhadoi paddy	112,400	96,880	84,300†	14	8	† The same remarks apply as to the sadar, but apparently not so much has been destroyed of that which was sown.
				Millets	100	100	100	Not known.		
				Jute	20,000	20,000	20,000	15	12	
				Indigo	1,000	820	1,000	Not known.		
				Til (gingelly)	600	600	600	10	Not known.	
	Total ...	273,920	205,400	All bhadoi crops ...	134,100	112,400	106,000	14	9	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Faridpur—*concld.*	Madaripur ...	696,500	416,900	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly)	96,000 40,000 10,000	41,600 40,000 9,600	64,000* 40,000 10,000	16 16 12	5 8 12	* In the *bils* at least one-third was not sown; therefore two-thirds of normal area were sown. Of this again a great deal was destroyed, leaving probably not more than one-third normal area under cultivation at time of harvest.	
	Total ...	696,500	416,900	All bhadoi crops ...	146,000	91,200	114,000	15	8		
	Whole district...	1,450,880	1,007,500	Bhadoi paddy ... Millets ... ... Jute ... ... Hemp ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	343,200 100 85,000 300 1,000 14,600 500	232,480 100 85,000 300 820 14,200 500	240,400 100 89,000 100 1,000 11,100 300	14 14 15 14 14 10 14	6 6 8 5 5 8 4		
	District Total ...	1,450,880	1,007,500	All bhadoi crops ...	444,700	333,400	342,000	14	6		
Backergunge	Sadar	711,040	446,700	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute	100,700 6,200	82,800 6,200	82,800 6,200	14 14	2 10		
	Total ...	711,040	446,700	All bhadoi crops ...	106,900	89,000	89,000	14	6		

	Pattakhali ...	787,840	320,200	Bhadoi paddy	29,400	29,400	29,400	16	8	
	Total ...	787,840	320,200	All bhadoi crops ...	29,400	29,400	29,400	16	8	
	Pirojpur ...	442,880	320,200	Bhadoi paddy	57,600	57,600	57,600	14	8	
	Total ...	442,880	320,200	All bhadoi crops ..	57,600	57,600	57,600	14	8	
	Bhola	393,600	256,100	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute	95,800 200	95,800 200	95,800 200	14 10	2 6	
	Total ...	393,600	256,100	All bhadoi crops ...	96,000	96,000	96,000	12	4	
	Whole district...	2,335,360	1,343,200	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute	283,500 6,400	265,600 6,400	265,600 6,400	14 12	5 8	The heavy and very frequent rainfall during the early part of the year and the unusual rise of waters have affected the crops very seriously and hence the bad outturn.
	District Total ...	2,335,360	1,343,200	All bhadoi crops ...	289,900	272,200	272,000	13·25	7½	Heavy rainfall and high flood have damaged jute and bhadoi crops to a considerable extent.
Mymensingh	Sadar ...	1,183,360	696,960	Bhadoi paddy... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Pulse ... ... Hemp ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	73,000 86,400 3,800 57,000 1,400 2,800	73,000 86,400 3,800 57,600 1,400 2,800	73,000 86,400 3,800 57,600 1,400 2,800	13	8	
	Total ...	1,183,360	696,960	All bhadoi crops ...	225,000	225,000	225,000	13	8	
	Tangail ...	666,248	533,023	Bhadoi paddy and til (gingelly). Jute	123,023 204,977	123,023 205,000	123,023 199,767	16 16	13 13	The heavy rains and unusual rise of the waters have done some damage to the crops. Til is sown with bhadoi paddy in the same land.
	Total ...	666,248	533,023	All bhadoi crops ...	328,000	328,023	322,790	16	13	
	Netrokona ...	908,960	324,500	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	75,000 25,000 250 29,300	75,000 20,000 200 29,300	75,000 20,000 200 29,300	8 14 16 16	8 16 16 16	High flood caused serious damage to the bhadoi paddy crop during the harvesting time. The high flood also submerged the paddy and destroyed it in many places.
	Total ...	908,960	324,500	All bhadoi crops ...	129,550	124,500	124,500	13	14	

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Number of crop.	Approximate normal area under each bhadoi crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's bhadoi crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's bhadoi crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Mymensingh —concld.	Kishoreganj ...	476,160	224,000	Bhadoi paddy	64,000	57,600	57,600	10	10	Owing to the incessant heavy rain in May last, the area cultivated this year has been smaller than the normal area under cultivation; but the area brought under jute cultivation this year is greater than that of last year owing to the high prices of jute. As in the early part of last year, considerable damage was done by excessive rainfall at the weeding time and also some damage was done by early flood.	
				Jute	57,600	44,800	45,000	12	8		
	Total ...	476,160	224,000	All bhadoi crops ...	121,600	102,400	102 600	11	9		
	Jamalpur ...	817,752	627,200	Bhadoi paddy		25,000	25,000			This year's outturn is much better than last year's owing to the seasonable and sufficient quantity of rainfall during the current year. The outturn would have been a bumper one had not there been excessive rain and flood which occurred lately. The area under cultivation of each bhadoi crop is the same as of the last year, except of jute, which was cultivated under increased area by about 4,000 acres for seasonable rainfall, and also for better prospect. The cultivation in jute is gradually increasing here year by year.	
				Millets		100	100				
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		25	25				
				Bhadoi pulse		1,280	1,280				
				Jute	60,700	24,000	28,000	8	17		
				Cotton		25	25				
				Hemp		100	100				
				Til (gingelly)		1,280	1,280				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)		4,000	4,000				
	Total ...	817,752	627,200	All bhadoi crops ...	60,700	55,810	59,810	8	17		

	Whole district...	4,052,480	2,405,683	Bhadoi paddy	864,850	353,623	353,623	12	12	
				Millets		100	100			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		25	25			
				Bhadoi pulse		58,880	58,880			
				Jute		380,200	379,167			
				Cotton		25	25			
				Hemp		1,500	1,500			
				Til (gingelly)		5,280	5,280			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		36,100	36,100			
	District Total ...	4,052,480	2,405,683		864,850	835,733	834,700	12	12	
Tippera ...	Sadar	730,880	547,800	Bhadoi paddy	109,700	113,197	113,197	12	8	
				Millets		14	14			
				Bhadoi pulse		330	330			
				Jute		20,555	20,555			
				Hemp		25	25			
				Til (gingelly)		4,246	4,246			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		433	433			
	Total ...	730,880	547,800	All bhadoi crops ...	109,700	138,800	138,810	12	8	
	Chandpur ...	371,200	265,600	Bhadoi paddy	138,400	40,960	40,960	16	6	
				Jute		64,000	64,000	17	......	
				Til (gingelly)!... ...		9,600	9,600	20	8	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		16,040	16,040	16	10	
	Total ...	371,200	265,600	All bhadoi crops ...	138,400	130,600	130,600	17½	9	
	Brahmanbaria	492,160	353,900	Bhadoi paddy	88,500	87,000	87,000	16	10	
				Jute		145,445	145,445	16	......	
				Hemp		500	400	16	14	
				Til (gingelly)		955	850	16	4	
	Total ...	492,160	353,900	All bhadoi crops ...	88,500	233,900	233,695	16	......	
	Whole district...	1,594,240	1,167,300	Bhadoi paddy	336,600	241,157	241,157	14½	8	The unusual rise of water this year, owing to excessive and continuous rainfall, has much damaged the bhadoi crops.
				Millets		14	14	12	8	
				Bhadoi pulse		330	330	12	8	
				Jute		230,000	230,000	16	10½	
				Hemp		525	425	14	11	
				Til (gingelly)		14,801	14,696	16	6½	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		16,473	16,473	14	9	
	District Total ...	1,594,240	1,167,300	All bhadoi crops ...	336,600	503,300	503,095	14	8½	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn.	Remarks by the District Offices.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Noakhali ...	Sadar	830,720	640,000	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly)	153,300 2,000 9,500 1,500	152,300 2,000 9,500 1,500	(a)133,300 2,600 9,500 1,300	15 11 11 11	6 6 8 6	(a) Owing to heavy rainfall at the time of sowing about ¼th of the area sown last year with aus paddy and gingelly remained uncultivated. (b) Owing to inundation when the plants were in flower, the outturn is expected to be shorter this year than that of the last year.	
	Total ...	830,720	640,000	All bhadoi crops ...	165,900	165,900	146,700	12	6		
	Fenny	219,520	(c)178,800	Bhadoi paddy	54,300	54,400	54,300	16	)9	(c) About 400 acres of arable land having been acquired by the Railway Company for Assam-Bengal Railway lines, the area shown in column 4 has been reduced accordingly.	
	Total ...	219,520	178,800	All bhadoi crops ...	54,300	54,400	54,300	16	9	(d) Owing to excessive rainfall this year's outturn has been estimated to be much less than that of the previous year.	
	Whole district...	1,050,240	818,800	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly)	206,600 2,600 9,500 1,500	206,700 2,600 9,500 1,500	187,600 2,600 9,500 1,300	15¼ 11 11 11	7 6 8 6		
	District Total ...	1,050,240	818,800	All bhadoi crops ...	220,200	220,300	201,000	13¾*	7	* Figures shown in the final note on the bhadoi crops, 1892, by the Director of Land Records have been accepted and shown in column 9.	

Chittagong...	Sadar	1,043,200	391,200	Bhadoi paddy	80,600	65,563	65,563	18	9	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	30	20	20	16	16	
				Cotton	40	22	22	14	14	
				Hemp	15,420	13,215	13,215	14	14	
				Til (gingelly)	800	780	780	16	16	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	810	800	800	16	16	
	Total ...	1,043,200	391,200	All bhadoi crops ...	97,700	80,400	80,400	15½	14	
	Cox's Bazar ...	599,680	404,015	Bhadoi paddy	11,616	11,616	11,616	16	9	
	Total ...	599,680	404,015	All bhadoi crops ...	11,616	11,616	11,616	16	9	
	Whole district	1,642,880	795,215	Bhadoi paddy	99,216	77,179	77,179	18	9	The excessive rainfall in the month of June has done great damage to the crops.
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	30	20	20	16	16	
				Cotton	40	22	22	14	14	
				Hemp	15,420	13,215	13,215	14	14	
				Til (gingelly)	800	780	780	16	16	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	810	800	800	16	16	
	District Total ...	1,642,880	795,215	All bhadoi crops ...	109,316	92,016	92,016	16	14	
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Whole districts	3,468,160	Area under jum about 34,400	Bhadoi paddy (plough)	3,800	1,000	1,000	9	4	Many jums cut could not be burnt as the rains set in earlier than in previous years. Aus paddy also could not be grown in many places owing to unusually heavy fall of rain, causing flood and destruction of the seeds sown and the plants when tender. Excessive rain also did much damage to jum crop, especially to cotton; hence the low estimates in columns 8 and 10.
			Area under plough about 10,200	Jum paddy	22,000	17,000	17,000	9	7	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	......	......	......	7	......	
				Cotton	......	......	......	8	3	
				Til (gingelly)	......	......	......	6	4	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	......	......	......	6	4	
	District Total ...	3,468,160	44,600	All bhadoi crops ...	25,800	19,500	18,000	7¼	4¼	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas		
Patna ...	Sadar	394,880	290,780	Millets	7,000	5,833	6,333	13½	9	Owing to the early heavy rains the seedlings were destroyed. The area sown was less than last year's for the same reason.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	25,000	22,000	17,333				
				Bhadoi pulse	300	266	266				
				Cotton	200	167	133				
				Hemp	200	67	77				
				Indico	100	......	17				
				Til (gingelly)	200	100	70				
	Total ...	394,880	290,780	All bhadoi crops ...	33,000	28,433	24,229	13½	9		
	Barh	336,640	259,200	Bhadoi paddy	2,150	2,025	1,525	14	6	The abnormally heavy rains at the commencement of the sowing season were injurious to the crops. Some low lands could not be sown for the reason of submersion. Last year the rainfall was seasonable, and hence the better outturn.	
				Millets	10,400	9,600	8,500				
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	22,500	21,200	15,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	1,025	975	865				
				Jute	800	700	700				
				Cotton	2,960	2,050	2,050				
				Hemp	600	400	380				
				Til (gingelly	1,290	1,200	1,080				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	3,775	3,450	2,520				
	Total ...	336,640	259,200	All bhadoi crops ...	44,800	41,600	32,620	14	6		
	Bihar	507,520	368,000	Bhadoi paddy	5,000	3,000	4,000	16	16	The season was favourable to the bhadoi paddy. The excess rainfall has done much harm to the other crops.	
				Millets	70,160	70,160	60,000	16	12		
				Indian-corn (maize.)...	48,000	48,000	45,000	16	8		
				Hemp	1,000	1,000	1,000	16	8		
	Total ...	507,520	368,000	All bhadoi crops ...	124,160	122,160	110,000	16	11		

	Dinapore ...	91,520	75,520	Bhadoi paddy	3,520	3,520	3,520	14	6	On account of the excessive rainfall the area sown is less than last years'; also inundations later on caused great injury to the crops, hence the outturn is expected to be much worse than last year's
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	7,680	7,680	5,120			
				Jute	80	80	80			
				Cotton	80	80	80			
				Hemp	80	80	80			
				Til (gingelly)	80	80	80			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	7,680	7,680	5,120			
	Total ...	91,520	75,520	All bhadoi crops ...	19,200	19,200	14,080	14	6	
	Whole district ...	1,330,560	993,500	Bhadoi paddy	10,670	8,545	9,045	14	8	
				Millets	87,560	85,593	74,833			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	103,180	98,880	82,453			
				Bhadoi pulse	1,325	1,241	1,131			
				Jute	880	780	780			
				Cotton	2,540	2,297	2,263			
				Hemp	1,880	1,547	1,537			
				Indigo	100	......	17			
				Til (gingelly)	1,570	1,380	1,230			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	11,455	11,130	7,640			
	District Total ...	1,330,560	993,500	All bhadoi crops ...	221,160	211,393	180,929	14	8	
Gaya ...	Sadar ...	1,219,200	917,900	Bhadoi paddy	4,500	4,500	4,500	16	15	
				Millets	58,900	58,900	58,900		7½	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	26,900	26,900	26,900		6	
				Bhadoi pulse	1,200	1,200	1,200		6	
	Total ...	1,219,200	917,900	All bhadoi crops ...	91,500	91,500	91,500	16	6	
	Jahanabad ...	387,840	321,900	Bhadoi paddy	8,200	8,200	8,200	16	15	
				Millets	12,800	12,800	12,800		7	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	8,300	8,300	8,300		5	
				Bhadoi pulse	2,600	2,600	2,600		5	
				Cotton	100	100	100		16	
	Total ...	387,840	321,900	All bhadoi crops ...	32,000	32,000	32,000	16	8	
	Aurangabad ...	797,440	478,100	Bhadoi paddy	1,900	2,200	2,700	19	10	
				Millets	8,200	10,400	10,000			
				Indian-corn (maize)...	8,200	10,500	10,200			
				Bhadoi pulse	1,500	1,700	1,800			
				Indigo	100	200	200			
				Til (gingelly) ...	500	600	500			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	3,300	4,400	4,500			
	Total ...	797,440	478,100	All bhadoi crops ...	23,700	30,000	29,900	19	10	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
District.	Sub-division.	Total area of subdivision in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the Distric Officers.	Remakrs by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Gaya—*concld.*	Nawada ...	611,200	489,600	Bhadoi paddy	5,200	5,100	5,200				
				Millets	32,000	26,900	32,000				
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	19,700	19,300	19,700	14	12		
				Bhadoi pulse	9,700	9,600	9,700				
				Til (gingelly)	1,200	1,200	1,200				
	Total ...	611,200	489,600	All bhadoi crops ...	67,800	62,300	67,800	14	12		
	Whole district...	3,015,680	2,207,500	Bhadoi paddy	19,800	20,000	20,600	16¼	14	The normal area is understood to have been sown everywhere on account of good rain at the time, and in Aurangabad the area sown was more than normal. The crops, with the exception of paddy, have been greatly damaged by too continuous rain in June and July. The areas in column 3 have been corrected according to the Census Report of 1891.	
				Millets	111,900	109,000	113,700	16¼	9		
				Indian-corn (maize)...	63,100	65,200	65,100	16¼	7		
				Bhadoi pulse	15,000	15,100	15,300	16¼	7		
				Cotton	100	100	100	16	16		
				Indigo	100	200	200	19	11		
				Til (gingelly)	1,700	1,800	1,700	16¾	11		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	3,300	4,400	4,500	19	11		
	District Total ...	3,015,680	2,237,500	All bhadoi crops ...	215,000	215,800	221,200	16¼	8¼		
Shahabad ...	Sadar ...	585,600	487,400	Bhadoi paddy... ...	81,080	47,500	47,500	12	14	The crops received much damage by the heavy rainfall of June and July. They have picked up lately, but the return will not reach an average.	The figures shown in column 7 against Sadar and Bhabua sub-divisions were reproduced by the Collector from the Final Bhadoi Report of 1892 without any attempt to reconcile
				Millets		15,500	15,500				
				Indian-corn (maize)...		14,700	14,700				
				Bhadoi pulse		7,200	7,200	8	12		
				Til (gingelly)		2,600	2,600				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)		8,800	8,800				
	Total ...	585,600	478,400	All bhadoi crops ...	81,080	96,300	96,300	10	13		

Buxar	419,840	217,881	Bhadoi paddy	52,320	8,700	3,800	12	14	Ditto.	them to the estimates of this year. For this reason they have been discarded and replaced by the same estimates as are given for this year.
			Millets		8,045	3,500	12	12		
			Indian-corn (maize)...		18,000	12,390				
			Bhadoi pulse		6,000	2,100				
			Til (gingelly)		1,999	900				
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		9,576	10,000				
Total ...	419,840	217,881	All bhadoi crops ...	52,320	52,320	32,800	12	13		
Bhabua ...	832,640	624,640	Bhadoi paddy ...	78,080	5,500	5,580	12	12	Ditto.	
			Millets		6,687	6,687				
			Indian-corn (maize)...		2,484	2,484				
			Bhadoi pulse		2,340	2,340				
			Jute		31	31				
			Cotton		31	31				
			Hemp		671	671				
			Indigo		500	......				
			Til		762	762				
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		25,031	25,031				
Total ...	832,640	624,640	All bhadoi crops ...	78,080	44,117	43,617	12	12		
Sasaram ...	955,520	382,540	Bhadoi paddy	101,855	27,174	17,950	12	5¼	Excessive rainfall at sowing time has stunted the growth of these crops. The outturn will not much exceed one-third of an average.	The Collector will please enquire and report on the accuracy of the sub-divisional estimates of this year's outturn. It is rather improbable that while one sub-division should get a 14-anna crop another could not get more than 5¼-anna crop.
			Millets		12,985	100				
			Indian-corn (maize.)		20,199	6,100				
			Bhadoi pulse		6,380	4,250				
			Jute		483	3,150				
			Cotton		178	850				
			Indigo		300	3,100				
			Til (gingelly)		653	2,300				
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		33,503	11,150				
Total ...	955,520	382,540	All bhadoi crops ...	101,855	101,855	48,950	12	5¼		
Whole district	2,793,600	1,712,461	Bhadoi paddy	313,335	88,954	74,830	11¼	10¼		
			Millets		43,217	23,787				
			Indian-corn (maize) ...		56,383	35,784				
			Bhadoi pulse		21,920	15,890				
			Jute		514	3,181				
			Cotton		209	881				
			Hemp		671	671				
			Indigo		800	3,100				
			Til (gingelly)		6,014	6,562				
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		76,910	54,981				
District Total ...	2,793,600	1,712,461	All bhadoi crops ...	313,335	294,592	221,667	11¼	10¼		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acre.	Estimated area under each of the this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Darbhanga	Sadar	782,080	594,560	Bhadoi paddy	26,112	26,112	26,112	16	4	Favourable and timely rainfall during the sowing season helped the raiyats to cultivate bhadoi crops as in ordinary years, but the late excessive rainfall followed by unprecedented flood caused severe damage to the bhadoi crops of almost the whole Sadar Sub-division. The average outturn is roughly estimated at 4 annas.	
				Millets	73,894	73,894	73,894				
				Indian-corn (maize)...	31,770	31,770	31 770				
				Bhadoi pulse	9,344	9,344	9,344				
				Jute	320	320	320				
				Cotton	1,280	1,280	1,280				
				Indigo	23,360	23,360	23,360				
				Til (gingelly)	320	320	320				
	Total ...	782,080	594,560	All bhadoi crops ...	1,66,440	1,66,400	1,66,400	16	4		
	Samastipur ...	488,960	391,040	Bhadoi paddy	5,000	5,000	5,000	16	10	Owing to continual and heavy rainfall and heavy inundation from the Bagmati, great damage has already been done to the bhadoi crops in almost all the northern part of the sub-division, so the outturn will be less than last year.	
				Millets	99,030	108,040	100,000		10		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	100,000	100,000	102,000		10		
				Bhadoi pulse	2,000	2,000	2,000		10		
				Cotton	9,000	9,000	9,000		10		
				Indigo	64,000	55,000	60,000		14		
				Til (gingelly)	10	......	3		10		
	Total ...	488,960	391,040	All bhadoi crops ...	279,040	279,040	278,003	16	10¼		

	Madhubani ...	863,360	834,455	Bhadoi paddy	198,400	29,935	36,000	16	16	Owing to the favourable rainfall the prospect of bhadoi crop is very favourable; the increase in area is due to the rainfall at every stage of their growth. The recent flood has not done above 2 annas damage on whole area, but if rain does not come soon there will be heavy damage done.
				Millets		65,311	70,500		10	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		6,666	7,000		16	
				Bhadoi pulse		10,035	5,500		8	
				Cotton		2,634	2,634		10	
				Hemp		2,078	2,000		10	
				Indigo		6,290	6,290		16	
				Til (gingelly)		305	......		......	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		15,915	15,000		8	
	Total ...	863,360	834,455	All bhadoi crops ...	198,400	139,079	144,834	16	12	
	Whole district ...	......	......	Bhadoi paddy	643,840	61,047	67,112	16	8	
				Millets		217,245	244,394			
				Indian-corn (maize)...		138,436	140,770			
				Bhadoi pulse		21,379	16,844			
				Jute		320	320			
				Cotton		2,914	12,914			
				Hemp		12,078	2,000			
				Indigo		84,560	89,500			
				Til (gingelly)		625	323			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		15,915	15,000			
	District Total ...	2,134,400	1,820,655	All bhadoi crops ...	643,840	584,519	589,237	16	8	
Muzaffarpur	Sadar ...	779,520	614,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	40,000	50,000	40,000	16	5	The decrease in the area sown this year, as compared with the figures in column 7, is due to the fact that in the last year's forecast the area was very disproportionate. The figures have now been revised and should be taken as approximately correct. The material falling in the estimated outturn of this year is due to damages caused by the continued rains and unprecedented high floods.
				Millets	2,000	2,000	2,000			
				Indian-corn (maize)...	30,000	35,000	30,000			
				Bhadoi pulse	4,000	4,000	4,000			
				Cotton	2,000	200	2,000			
				Hemp	......	3,000	......			
				Indigo	75,000	75,000	75,000			
				Til (gingelly)	500	8,000	500			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	16,500	10,000	16,500			
	Total ...	779,520	614,000	All bhadoi crops ...	170,000	187,200	170,000	16	5	
	Hajipur ...	493,440	338,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	50,000	42,200	50,000	17	6½	
				Millets	2,500	......	2,500			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	40,000	51,600	40,000			
				Bhadoi pulse ...	2,000	2,500	2,000			
				Cotton	2,000	1,000	2,000			
				Hemp	......	1,000	......			
				Indigo	49,000	48,800	40,000			
				Til (gingelly	1,500	1,600	1,500			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	50,000	30,400	50,000			
	Total ...	493,440	338,000	All bhadoi crops ...	197,000	180,300	197,000	17	6½	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Muzaffarpur—*concld.*	Sitamarhi ...	648,960	493,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	30,000	30,600	30,000	17	6¼		
				Millets	2,500	...	2,500				
				Indian-corn (maize)...	40,000	66,200	40,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	6,000	6,400	6,000				
				Cotton	5,000	8,200	5,000				
				Hemp	......	3,200	......				
				Indigo	13,000	13,400	13,000				
				Til (gingelly)	3,000	3,200	3,000				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	73,500	42,000	73,500				
	Total ...	648,960	493,000	All bhadoi crops ...	173,000	173,200	173,000	17	6¼		
	Whole district...	1,921,920	1,445,000	Bhadoi paddy	120,000	122,800	120,000	17	6		
				Millets	7,000	2,000	7,000				
				Indian-corn (maize)...	110,000	152,800	110,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	12,000	12,900	12,000				
				Cotton	9,000	10,000	9,000				
				Hemp	......	7,800	......				
				Indigo	137,000	137,200	137,000				
				Til (gingelly)	5,000	12,800	5,000				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	140,000	82,400	140,000				
	District Total...	1,921,920	1,445,000	All bhadoi crops ...	540,000	540,700	544,000	17	6		

Saran ...	Sadar ...	638,720	561,500	Bhadoi paddy ...	7,400	7,470	7,400	14	13		
				Millets	93,000	93,000	93,000				
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	77,700	77,700	77,700				
				Bhadoi pulse	4,600	4,600	4,600				
				Hemp	1,200	1,200	1,200				
				Indigo	20,000	20,000	20,000				
				Tin (gingelly	700	700	700				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	1,600	1,600	1,600				
	Total ...	638,720	561,500	All bhadoi crops ...	206,200	206,200	206,200	14	13		
	Siwan	545,925	450,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	10,900	8,000	10,900	15	13	Favourable rains at the time of sowing caused an increase in area of bhado paddy and makai cultivation at the expense of the millets, hence the variation from last year's figures. Indian-corn has suffered from excess of rain, the increase in normal area shown in column 6 on last year's figures is due to the inclusion of figures for cotton and jute omitted last year.	The omission of estimates of area under jute and cotton last year have been supplied by inserting the same figures as are given for this year.
				Millets	78,200	96,000	78,200				
				Indian-corn (maize)	90,000	75,800	90,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	5,000	5,000	5,000				
				Jute	1,100	1,100	1,100				
				Cotton	3,500	3,500	3,500				
				Hemp	2,000	1,000	2,000				
				Indigo	12,000	12,000	12,000				
				Til (gingelly)	800	800	800				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	1,700	700	1,700				
	Total ...	545,925	450,000	All bhadoi crops ...	205,200*	204,500	205,200	15	13		
	Gopalgunge ...	493,440	371,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	21,800	21,800	21,800	14	15	We have a drier August than last year, and hence the crops are maturing nicely.	
				Millets	12,200	12,200	12,200				
				Indian-corn (maize)...	85,800	85,800	85,800				
				Bhadoi pulse	11,500	11,500	11,500				
				Jute	6,200	6,200	6,200				
				Cotton	8,200	8,200	8,200				
				Hemp	5,900	5,600	5,900				
				Indigo	19,000	19,000	19,000				
				Til (gingelly)	5,600	5,900	5,600				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	34,600	34,600	34,600				
	Total ...	493,440	371,000	All bhadoi crops ...	210,800*	210,800	210,800	14	15		
	Whole district...	1,678,085	1,382,500	Bhadoi paddy ...	40,100	37,200	40,100	14	13½		
				Millets	183,400	201,200	183,400				
				Indian-corn (maize)...	253,500	239,300	253,500				
				Bhadoi pulse	21,100	21,100	21,100				
				Jute	7,300	6,200	7,300				
				Cotton	11,700	8,200	11,700				
				Hemp	9,100	8,700	9,100				
				Indigo	51,000	51,000	51,000				
				Til (gingelly)	7,100	7,100	7,100				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	37,900	36,900	37,900				
	District Total ...	1,678,085	1,382,500	All bhadoi crops ...	622,200	616,900	622,200	14	13½		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Champaran	Sadar	971,520	654,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	240,900	240,900	240,900	14	10	The outturn will be less than the preceding year owing to the recent flood and heavy rain.	
				Indian-corn (maize)	105,000	105,000	105,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	3,500	3,500	3,500				
				Cotton	700	700	700				
				Indigo	30,000	30,000	30,000				
				Til (gingelly)	2,000	2,000	2,000				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	26,200	26,200	26,200				
	Total ...	971,520	654,000	All bhadoi crops ...	426,300	426,300	436,300	14	10		
	Bettiah	1,288,320	768,000	Bhadoi paddy	192,100	192,100	192,100	14	13	Outturn somewhat less than in last year owing to heavy rains.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	64,000	64,000	64,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	500	500	500				
				Cotton	300	300	300				
				Indigo	15,000	15,000	15,000				
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	1,000	1,000				
				Miscellaneous (not intended in the above.)	3,500	3,800	3,800				
	Total ...	1,288,320	768,000	All bhadoi crops ...	276,700	276,700	276,700	14	13		

Monghyr ...	Whole district	2,259,840	1,422,000	Bhodai paddy	442,000	442,000	442,000	14	11½	
				Indian-corn (maize)	169,000	169,000	169,000			
				Bhadoi pulse	4,000	4,000	4,000			
				Cotton	1,000	1,000	1,000			
				Indigo	54,000	54,000	54,000			
				Til (gingelly)	3,000	3,000	3,000			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	30,000	30,000	30,000			
	District Total ...	2,259,840	1,422,000	All bhadoi crops ...	703,000	703,000	703,000	14	11½	
	Sadar	997,700	698,200	Bhadoi paddy	80,000	80,000	80,000	16	10	Crops destroyed on account of excessive rain and consequent flood.
				Indian-corn (maize)...	230,000	230,000	230,000			
				Indigo	400	400	4000			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	9,600	9,600	9,600			
	Total ...	997,700	698,200	All bhadoi crops ...	320,000	320,000	320,000	16	10	
	Jamui	1,019,520	515,300	Bhadoi paddy	90,000	10,720	7,800	12	6	This year more than half the area could not be sown owing to the continued unseasonable and excessive rain. Those sown and germinated were also much damaged by continued rain, and hence an unfavourable outturn or 6 annas is expected this year. The sathi (bhadoi paddy) looks better, but its growth will depend on timely rainfall. The present break in the rains is looked forward with some alarm.
				Millets		23,782	10,050			
				Indian-corn (maize)...		38,900	21,700			
				Bhadoi pulse		8,418	500			
				Cotton		220	400			
				Hemp		Nil	200			
				Indigo		150	150			
				Til (gingelly)		750	800			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)		3,060	500			
	Total ...	1,019,520	515,300	All bhadoi crops ...	90,000	86,000	41,900	12	6	
	Begusarai ...	492,160	369,300	Bhadoi paddy	20,600	20,600	20,600	18	8	Owing to excessive rain since the time of sowing of the bhadoi crops, the outturn is less than last year
				Millets	41,200	41,200	41,200			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	144,200	144,200	144,200			
				Cotton	10,300	10,300	10,300			
				Hemp	10,300	10,300	10,300			
				Indigo	61,800	61,800	61,800			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	41,200	41,200	41,200			
	Total ...	492,160	369,300	All bhadoi crops ...	329,600	329,600	320,600	18	8	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Number of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Monghyr—*concld.*	Whole district...	2,509,440	1,582,800	Bhadoi paddy ...	739,600	111,320	108,200	15½	8	Owing to excessive rain the outturn is less than last year's. The decrease of area sown is in Jamui sub-division, and the reason assigned for this is that, owing to rain, usual area could not be sown.	
				Millets		64,982	51,250				
				Indian-corn (maize)...		413,100	395,900				
				Bhadoi pulse		8,418	500				
				Cotton		10,520	10,700				
				Hemp		10,300	10,500				
				Indigo		62,350	62,350				
				Til (gingelly)		750	800				
				Miscellaneous(not included in the above.)		53,860	51,300				
	District Total ...	2,509,440	1,582,800	All bhadoi crops ...	739,600	735,600	691,500	15½	8		
Bhagalpur ...	Sadar ...	599,040	464,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	128,000	128,000	128,000	14	16	The quantity and distribution of rainfall were favourable to most of the crops grown in this season, and accordingly the normal area was generally brought under cultivation, the only exception being in Supaul, where the area under millets was reduced owing to excess of rain. The heavy and continuous showers of June and July also damaged the millets and Indian-corn already grown, and the outturn of these crops will be much below the average throughout the district. But the state and prospects of the bhadoi rice are everywhere reported to be good.	
				Millets	4,500	4,500	4,500	14	12		
				Indian-corn (maize)...	129,300	129,300	129,300	14	8		
				Bhadoi pulse	100	100	100	14	15		
				Jute	500	500	500	14	15		
				Indigo	9,000	9,000	9,000	14	14		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	500	500	500	14	16		
	Total ...	599,040	464,000	All bhadoi crops ...	271,900	271,900	271,900	14	12		

Banka ...	758,40	588,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	30,200	30,200	30,200	16	16
			Indian-corn (maize)...	113,300	113,300	113,300	14	16
			Bhadoi pulse ...	40,400	40,400	40,400	16	16
			Jute	13,400	13,400	13,400	16	16
			Cotton	10,800	10,800	10,800	16	16
			Hemp	13,400	13,400	13,400	16	16
			Indigo	1,500	1,500	1,500	12	16
			Til (gingelly) ...	600	600	600	16	16
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	18,900	18,900	18,900	20	14
Total ...	758,400	588,000	All bhadoi crops ...	242,500	242,500	242,500	16	11
Madhipura ...	581,760	451,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	84,000	84,000	84,000	18	18
			Indigo	1,500	1,500	1,500	13	16
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	28,000	28,000	28,000	16	13
Total ...	581,760	451,000	All bhadoi crops ...	113,500	113,500	113,500	16	16¼
Supaul ...	766,720	594,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	74,800	74,200	74,500	17	17
			Millets	76,200	76,200	70,000	14	8
			Jute	5,700	5,700	5,700	16	16
			Cotton	3,200	3,200	3,200	14	16
			Indigo	1,000	1,000	1,000	14	14
			Til (gingelly) ...	3,200	3,200	3,000	16	16
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	6,400	6,400	6,400	16	16
			All bhadoi crops ...	170,500	169,900	163,800	15	13
Total ...	766,720	594,000						
Whole district...	2,705,920	2,097,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	317,000	316,400	316,700	16	17
			Millets	80,700	80,700	74,500	14	8
			Indian-corn (maize)...	242,600	242,600	242,600	14	7
			Bhadoi pulse ...	40,500	40,500	40,500	15	16
			Jute	19,600	19,600	19,600	15	16
			Cotton	14,000	14,000	14,000	15	16
			Hemp	13,400	13,400	13,400	16	16
			Indigo	13,000	13,000	13,000	13	14
			Til (gingelly) ...	3,800	3,800	3,600	16	16
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	53,800	53,800	53,800	17	13
District Total ...	2,705,920	2,097,000	All bhadoi crops ...	798,400	797,800	791,700	15	13

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Board.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Purnea ...	Sadar	1,646,080	790,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	280,000	280,000	290,000	16	15	The rainfall during the ploughing, sowing, and weeding seasons was more than was necessary resulting in early floods which damaged to a certain extent the crops on the low lands. This loss, however, has to a great extent been made up by the bumper outturn of the high lands. The increase in area is due to extension of cultivation.	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	3,500	4,000	4,500	16	13		
				Bhadoi pulse	2,500	2,000	2,500	16	16		
				Jute	5,000	5,000	6,000	16	14		
				Indigo	37,000	37,000	38,000	16	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	20,000	20,000	20,000	16	16		
	Total ...	1,646,080	790,000	All bhadoi crops ...	348,000	348,000	361,000	16	14½		
	Kishanganj ...	857,600	530,000	Bhadoi paddy... ...	109,400	101,200	101,200	18	18	After the plants came up, there was too much sunshine which caused some injuries to them. The excessive rain in June 1893, which caused too much accumulation of water in the field, interfered with the thriving of the stems which became much shorter and thinner than in the past year. This contributed to reduce the outturn as compared with that of last year.	
				Jute	34,000	33,000	33,000	18	14		
		857,600	530,000	All bhadoi crops ...	143,400	134,200	134,200	18	16		
	Araria	668,100	410,000	Bhadoi paddy	160,000	160,000	160,000	16	16	There has been a sufficient and timely rainfall this year. The outturn would have been even above 16 annas had it not been for floods from the Kusi river which damaged the crops to a certain extent in riparian tracts.	
				Jute	8,000	8,000	8,000	16	16		

				Indigo	100	100	100	16	10	The low outturn of indigo is due to damage from flood.
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	500	500	500	16	16	
	Total ...	668,160	410,000	All bhadoi crops ...	168,600	168,600	168,600	16	14½	
	Whole District...	3,171,840	1,730,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	540,400	541,200	551,200	16¾	16	The rainfall at the time of ploughing and sowing was rather heavy and was followed by sunshine for a longer period than was needed. The fall since June was heavy and incessent for some time, and the crops on the low lands were to a certain extent damaged. The crops on the high lands, however, were very successful and yielded a bumper outturn. The increase in area is due to extension of cultivation.
				Indian-corn (maize)...	3,500	4,000	4,100	16	13	
				Bhadoi pulse	2,500	2,000	2,500	16	16	
				Jute	47,000	46,000	47,000	16¾	15	
				Indigo	37,100	37,100	38,100	16	12	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	20,500	20,500	20,500	16	16	
	District Total ...	3,171,840	1,730,000	All bhadoi crops ...	660,000	650,800	663,800	16	15	
Malda ...	Whole district...	1,216,640	811,500	Bhadoi paddy	100,000	100,000	150,000	16	16	The early rainfall was favourable for tillage and sowing of bhadoi crops, but their outturn has been affected by subsequent heavy and continued rain.
				Millets	5,000	5,000	5,000	14	12	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	25,000	25,000	25,000	16	10	
				Jute	40,000	50,000	31,000	15	12	
				Indigo	7,000	7,000	8,000	10	14	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	96,000	90,000	96,000	16	12	
	District Total ...	1,216,640	811,500	All bhadoi crops ...	273,000	277,000	315,000	16	13	
Sonthal Parganas.	Dumka	914,560	422,237	Indian-corn (maize)...	68,553	68,553	68,553	16	4	
				Bhadoi pulse	51,114	51,114	51,114	16	1	
				Cotton	5,830	5,830	5,830	16	1	
				Indigo	2,003	2,003	2,003	16	7	
				Til (gingelly)	1,500	1,500	1,500	16	2	
	Total ...	914,560	422,237	All bhadoi crops ...	129,000	129,000	129,000	16	3	
	Deoghar... ...	610,560	165,120	Bhadoi paddy	1,600	1,600	1,600	4	16	Excessive rain has caused considerable damage.
				Indian-corn	8,000	8,000	8,000	20	4	
				Bhadoi pulse	1,600	1,600	1,600	18	16	
				Til (gingelly)	800	800	800	16	12	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	13,600	13,600	13,600	10	8	
	Total ...	610,560	165,120	All bhadoi crops ...	25,600	25,600	25,600	14	11	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn.	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Sonthal Parganas—*contd.*	Godda	618,880	432,900	Bhadoi paddy	11,200	10,300	6,000	12	14	The figures given in columns 6 and 7 are revised figures obtained by local enquiry by the Sub-divisional Officer. The decrease in the area sown this year is due to the excessive rain, which has also affected the outturn.	
				Millets	10,100	7,200	4,300	10	6		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	14,900	14,300	9,800	10	2		
				Bhadoi pulse	1,400	1,300	700	10	5		
				Jute	300	300	200	10	4		
				Cotton	200	200	100	10	8		
				Til (gingelly	300	300	200	10	5		
	Total ...	618,800	432,900	All bhadoi crops ...	38,400	33,900	22,200	10	6		
	Rajmahal ...	473,600	355,200	Bhadoi paddy	3,500	3,500	3,600	16	12	Excessive and untimely rain has damaged the bhadoi crops, even what were sown, and a good deal of land could not at all be sown.	
				Millets	18,000	18,000	10,000	16	12		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	35,200	35,200	30,000	16	4		
				Bhadoi pulse	5,140	5,140	3,000	16	4		
				Cotton	96	96	96	16	4		

			Hemp	109	109	100	16	6	
			Indigo	3,200	3,200	3,200	8	6	
			Til (gingelly)	520	520	484	16	6	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	5,150	5,150	4,500	16	4	
Total ...	473,600	355,200	All bhadoi crops ...	70,915	70,975	54,500	16	7	
Jamtara ...	445,440	124,800	Bhadoi paddy ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	16	16	Incessant and heavy fall of rain has affected the outturn of this year's bhadoi crops.
			Indian-corn (maize) ...	10,000	10,000	10,000	16	6	
			Bhadoi pulse	5,000	5,000	5,000	16	10	
			Cotton	5,000	5,000	5,000	16	16	
			Hemp	300	300	300	16	10	
			Indigo	500	500	800	16	16	
			Til (gingelly)	3,000	3,000	3,000	16	10	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	7,200	7,200	7,200	16	8	
Total ...	445,440	124,800	All bhadoi crops ...	32,000	32,000	32,300	16	12	
Pakour	437,120	327,040	Bhadoi paddy	47,360	64,440	57,606	18	6	Owing to excessive rainfall early this year, the area under cultivation has been diminished, and owing to which the outturn is expected to be much below the average.
			Millets	1,280	1,280	1,280	18	6	
			Indian-corn (maize) ...	58,880	44,800	38,400	18	6	
			Til (gingilly)	1,280	1,280	1,280	18	6	
Total ...	437,120	327,040	All bhadoi crops ...	108,800	111,800	98,560	18	6	
Whole district	3,500,160	1,827,260	Bhadoi paddy	64,660	80,840	70,700	11	12	The area shown in columns 5, 6 and 7 do not tally with those given in last year's forecast of bhadoi crops, owing to the revised figures furnished by the Sub-divisional Officer of Godda. The decrease in the area sown this year, and that in the outturn is due to the excessive and incessant and untimely rainfall.
			Millets	21,380	26,480	15,580	14	8	
			Indian-corn (maize)...	195,533	180,853	164,753	16	4	
			Bhadoi pulse	64,254	64,154	61,414	15	7	
			Cotton	11,126	11,126	11,026	14	7	
			Jute	300	300	200	10	4	
			Hemp	409	409	400	16	7	
			Indigo	5,703	5,703	6,003	12	9	
			Til (gingelly)	7,400	7,400	7,264	14	6	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	25,950	25,950	25,300	16	6	
District Total ...	3,500,160	1,827,260	All bhadoi crops ...	404,715	403,275	362,640	14	7	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Cuttack ...	Sadar	632,960	393,128	Bhadoi paddy ...	70,092	70,092	69,616	12	12	Except in Banki, there has been a decrease in the area sown under the bhadoi crops, as compared with the normal as well as the last year's area. This is due to the excessive rainfall in May, by which a greater portion of the cultivated area was flooded and the early sowings in many places were destroyed. In Banki, however, where the land is high, the rain did not do much damage, and the whole normal area has been sown under the bhadoi paddy, which is the only bhadoi crop grown in this sub-division. The above cause has affected the estimated outturn of the crops in all the sub-divisions except Banki, where a better crop is expected than the last year's crop, which was damaged by the unusually heavy flood of July 1892. The average estimated outturn for the whole district has been increased on account of the exclusion of the Banki figures, where, however, the area under the bhadoi crops is very inconsiderable, as compared with that of the other sub-divisions.	
				Bhadoi pulse	3,200	2,780	3,290				
				Jute	1,100	1,926	1,050				
				Cotton	4,240	1,333	1,653				
				Hemp	500	250	311				
				Indigo	180	180	260				
				Til (gingelly)	540	757	697				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	12,800	12,772	12,800				
	Total ...	632,960	393,128	All bhadoi crops ...	92,652	90,090	89,677	12	12		
	Jajpur	706,560	320,700	Bhadoi paddy	25,381	25,381	25,250	11	10		
				Bhadoi pulse	1,325	1,325	1,300				
				Jute	1,980	1,970	1,912				
				Cotton	960	830	900				
				Til (gingelly)	500	500	480				
				Milscellaneous (not included in the above).	2,554	2,684	2,610				
	Total ...	706,560	320,700	All bhadoi crops ...	32,700	32,090	32,450	11	10		

	Kendrapara ...	911,360	410,240	Bhadoi paddy ...	64,640	53,810	53,200	11	10	
				Bhadoi pulse ...	3,260	3,260	1,000			
				Jute ...	1,920	1,920	1,760			
				Cotton ...	1,200	1,130	800			
				Til (gingelly) ...	560	560	400			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	2,680	2,680	2,680			
	Total ...	911,360	410,240	All bhadoi crops ...	74,260	63,360	59,840	11	10	
	Banki	75,030	37,200	Bhadoi paddy ...	6,400	2,200	6,400	8	16	
	Total ...	75,030	37,200	All bhadoi crops ...	6,400	2,200	6,400	8	16	
	Whole district...	2,325,910	1,161,268	Bhadoi paddy ...	166,513	151,483	154,466	10	12	
				Bhadoi pulse ...	7,785	7,365	5,590			
				Jute ...	5,000	5,816	4,722			
				Cotton ...	6,400	3,293	3,353			
				Hemp ...	500	230	711			
				Indigo ...	180	180	260			
				Til (gingelly) ...	1,600	1,817	1,177			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	18,034	18,136	18,090			
	District Total ...	2,325,910	1,161,268	All bhadoi crops ...	206,012	188,340	188,369	10	12	
Balasore ...	Sadar	741,120	448,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	25,600	25,500	23,900	10	12¾	(a) Figures corrected agreeably to final forecast of jute return. The excessive rain has affected the area under bhadoi crops this year in the Sadar Balasore.
				Jute ...	(a) 2,280	(a) 1,880	1,320	12	10	
				Cotton ...	323	323	260	11	14	
				Til (gingelly) ...	2,171	2,171	1,610	13	12½	
		741,120	448,000	All bhadoi crops ...	30,374	29,974	27,090	11¾	$12\frac{1}{5}$	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Balasore—*contd.*	Bhadrak ...	581,284	389,100	Bhadoi paddy ...	64,000	64,000	64,000	14	14	(*b*) The normal and approximate area under jute crop last year was shown as 1,800 by mistake in the preliminary forecast of bhadoi crop for that year.	
				Jute	(*b*) 1,280	(*b*)1,280	1,280	16	16	(*c*) 3,616 acres were erroneously shown for 19 acres in the forecast of bhadoi crop last year.	
				Cotton	650	650	650	12	12	(*d*) In the said return the outturn of til was erroneously shown 15 for 14 annas.	
				Til (gingelly)	(*b*) 19	(*c*) 19	19	(*d*) 14	14		
		581,284	339,100	All bhadoi crops ...	9	65,949	65,949	14½	15		
	Whole district...	1,322,404	837,100	Bhadoi paddy	89,600	89,600	87,900	12	13½		
				Jute	3,560	3,160	2,600	14	13		
				Cotton	973	973	910	11¾	14		
				Til (gingelly)	2,190	2,190	1,629	13¾	12½		
	District Total ...	1,322,404	837,100	All bhadoi crops ...	*96,323	*95,923	93,039	13	13	* The alterations have been made in consequence of change in (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*).	
Angul and Khondmals.	Angul ...	585,900	128,500	Bhadoi paddy	5,000		5,000		4	The full normal area estimated for bhadoi crops is supposed to have been cultivated this year. Last year a part was left out for want of sufficient seasonable rain.	
				Millets ... ... / Indian-corn (maize) ...	3,000		3,000		16		
				Jute	1,000	12,800	1,000	7	16		
				Cotton	5,000		5,000		16		
				Til (gingelly)	3,000		3,000		16		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	3,000		3,000		8		
	Total ...	585,900	128,500	All bhadoi crops ...	20,000	12,800	20,000		12		

Puri ...	... Sadar ...	979,200	460,800	Bhadoi paddy	47,300	47,300	45,400	7	8	The reason of increase in columns 4 and 6 is that some new land has been brought under cultivation in Khurda. The cultivation of cotton and mandia decreased in consequence of excessive rainfall in May. Last year the outturn was small in consequence of deficient rainfall and damage done by floods. This year the excessive rainfall in May retarded sowing in Sadar. It did not affect Khurda, the lands there being high.
				Millets mandia or ragi.				6	9	
	Total ...	979,200	460,800		47,300	47,300	45,400	6½	8½	
	Khurda ...	633,729	267,300	Bhadoi paddy	56,700	56,200	56,400	6	14	
				Millets, mandia or ragi.	22,400	22,400	11,200			
				Cotton	11,200	11,200	8,500			
	Total ...	633,729	267,300	All bhadoi crops ...	90,300	89,800	76,100	6	14	
	District Total ...	1,612,929	728,100	All bhadoi crops ...	137,600	137,100	121,500	6¼	10¼	
Hazaribagh	Sadar	2,928,000	1,659,300	Bhadoi paddy	37,337	37,337	37,337	20	8	The decrease in the outturn is due to the seeds not properly germinating and thriving under excessive and continual rains all along.
				Millets	62,640	62,640	62,640		12	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	143,644	143,644	143,644		2	
				Bhadoi pulse	97,409	97,409	97,409		8	
				Jute	17	17	17		12	
				Cotton	4,231	4,231	4,231		12	
				Hemp	2,867	2,167	2,867		8	
				Til (gingelly)	12,531	12,531	12,531		16	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	51,403	51,403	51,403		6	
	Total ...	2,928,000	1,659,300	All bhadoi crops ...	412,079	412,079	412,079	20	9½	
	Giridih	1,565,440	819,200	Bhadoi paddy	5,960	5,960	5,960	19	14	The decrease in the area under other crops is due to the rains being heavy and continual, the whole area could not be brought under cultivation.
				Millets	58,560	58,560	42,480		8	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	83,520	83,520	73,520		5	
				Bhadoi pulse	33,880	33,880	33,880		8	
				Cotton	3,240	3,240	3,240		12	
				Hemp	......	1,960	......		......	
				Til (gingelly)	5,840	5,840	5,840		12	
	Total ...	1,565,440	819,200	All bhadoi crops ...	191,000	192,960	164,920	19	9½	
	Whole district ...	4,493,440	2,478,500	Bhadoi paddy	43,297	43,297	43,297	19¼	11	Owing to the unusual rainfall there is a failure of outturn. The area cultivated remains the same as last year.
				Millets	121,200	121,200	105,120		10	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	227,164	227,164	217,164		3¼	
				Bhadoi pulse	131,289	131,289	131,289		8	
				Jute	17	17	17		12	
				Cotton	7,471	7,471	7,471		12	
				Hemp	2,867	4,827	2,867		8	
				Til (gingelly)	18,371	18,371	18,371		14	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	51,403	51,403	51,403		6	
	District Total ...	4,493,440	2,478,500	All bhadoi crops ...	603,079	605,039	576,999	19¼	9½	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Lohardaga ...	Whole district...	4,568,960	2,888,300	Bhadoi paddy	842,900	842,900	842,900	14	12	There was excessive rain at sowing time which prevented the full area being sown and excessive rain afterwards water-logged the plants and produced a luxurious growth of weeds which choked a great deal of the crop.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	8,000	8,000	8,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	89,000	89,000	89,000				
				Cotton	11,000	11,000	11,000				
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	1,000	1,000				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	226,500	226,500	226,500				
	District Total ...	4,568,960	2,888,300	All bhadoi crops ...	1,178,400	1,178,400	1,178,400	14	12		
Palamau ...	Whole district...	3,139,200	768,000	Bhadoi paddy	40,000	40,000	22,684	16	9		
				Millets	2,000	2,000	729		5		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	93,000	93,000	27,911		2		
				Bhadoi pulse	29,000	29,000	9,961		5		
				Jute	5,000	5,000	2,098		7		
				Cotton	10,000	10,000	7,927		6		
				Til (gingelly)	19,000	19,000	11,812		7		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	58,000	58,000	34,199		6		
	District Total ...	3,139,200	768,000	All bhadoi crops ...	256,000	256,000	117,321	16	6		
Manbhum ...	Sadar	2,140,160	784,194	Bhadoi paddy	3,000	3,000	3,000	10	12	All the crops suffered more or less owing to heavy rains this year.	
				Millets	16,500	16,500	16,500	16	6		
				Indian-corn (maize)...	16,000	16,000	16,000	16	4		
				Bhadoi pulse	18,352	18,352	18,352	10	8		
				Jute	26,500	26,500	26,500	...	...		
				Cotton	31,970	31,970	31,970	6	...		
				Indigo	2,750	2,750	2,750	12	8		

				Til (gingelly)	1,500	1,500	1,500	12	8	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	53,541	53,541	53,541	12	10	
	District Total ...	2,140,160	784,194	All bhadoi crops ...	170,113	170,113	170,113	13	8	
	Gobindpur ...	513,920	171,306	Bhadoi paddy	1,000	1,000	1,000	16	6	I consider the figures supplied from this sub-division are too low.
				Millets	5,500	5,500	5,500	16	2	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	6,000	6,000	6,000	16	2	
				Bhadoi pulse	4,000	4,000	4,000	16	2	
				Cotton	8,030	8,030	8,030	16	2	
				Til (gingelly)	500	500	500	16	2	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	31,120	31,120	31,120	16	4	
	District Total ...	513,920	171,306	All bhadoi crops ...	56,150	56,150	56,150	16	3	
	Whole district ...	2,654,080	955,500	Bhadoi paddy	4,000	4,000	4,000	10	9	
				Millets	22,000	22,000	22,000	16	4	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	22,000	22,000	22,000	16	3	
				Bhadoi pulse	22,352	22,352	22,352	10	5	
				Jute	26,500	26,500	26,500	...	...	
				Cotton	40,000	40,000	40,000	6	2	
				Indigo	2,750	2,750	2,750	12	8	
				Til (gingelly)	2,000	2,000	2,000	12	5	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	84,661	84,661	84,661	13	7	
	District Total ...	2,654,080	955,500	All bhadoi crops ...	226,263	226,263	226,263	12	5½	
Singhbhum	Whole district ...	2,454,720	118,273	Bhadoi paddy	62,332	65,227	65,332	12	13	
				Millets	1,300	1,300	1,300			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	11,765	11,741	11,759			
				Bhadoi pulse	10,680	10,686	10,687			
				Cotton	9,731	7,299	9,731			
				Til (gingelly	18,742	18,743	18,743			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	25,480	68,678	68,680			
	District Total ...	2,454,720	118,273	All bhadoi crops ...	139,739	183,674	185,232	12	13	
Whole Bengal (exclusive of Puri and Angul).		96,405,040·8	54,336,916	Bhadoi paddy ...	16,180,713	7,201,133	7,218,719	14½	11½	
				Millets		1,021,817	987,963	15	9¾	
				Indian-corn (maize)		2,203,888	2,029,500	15½	9	
				Bhadoi pulse ...		631,527	588,794	15	10	
				Jute		2,172,177	2,139,907	14½	13¼	
				Cotton		163,648	164,841	15	11	
				Hemp		117,464	102,271	15	13	
				Indigo		646,387	649,528	14½	10	
				Til (gingelly) ...		309,161	310,192	13	9½	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		1,323,376	1,326,214	14½	10½	
				All bhadoi crops ...	......	15,790,578	15,467,929	14½	11	
Puri and Angul		2,198,829	856,690	Ditto ...	......	149,900	141,500	6¼	12	
Total Bengal ...		98,603,869·8	55,193,516	Ditto ...	......	15,940,478	15,609,429	14½	11	

APPENDIX II.

Statement showing serious decreases in area sown in bhadoi food-crops, 1893, *as compared with that sown in* 1892.

District.	Sub-division.	Area of 1892.	Area of 1893.	Falling off.	Remarks.
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
Nadia	Kushtea	45,500	40,000	5,500	The decrease is due to abnormal rainfall.
	Meherpore ...	121,600	95,000	26,600	
Jessore	Bongong	130,000	80,000	50,000	Ditto.
Pabna	Sadar	64,000	58,500	5,500	Ditto.
Jalpaiguri	Alipur	58,700	53,700	5,000	
Noakhali	Sadar	152,300	133,300	19,000	Ditto.
Patna	Do.	27,833	23,666	4,167	Ditto.
	Barh	32,825	25,025	7,800	
	Bihar	121,160	109,000	12,160	
Shahabad	Buxar	34,745	19,800	14,945	Ditto.
	Sassaran	60,358	24,150	36,208	
Muzaffarpur ...	Sadar	87,000	72,000	15,000	Ditto.
	Sitamarhi	96,800	72,500	24,300	
Monghyr	Jamui	73,402	39,350	34,052	Ditto.
Sonthal Parganas	Godda	31,800	21,000	10,800	Ditto.
	Rajmahal	56,700	43,600	13,100	
	Pakour	110,520	87,280	23,240	
Palamau	......	135,000	51,324	83,676	Ditto.

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing sub-divisions aud districts in which bhadoi food-crops of 1893 *are estimated at* 8 *annas only or less.*

District.	Sub-division.	Estimate of outturn in annas.	Remarks.
Midnapore ...	Contai	7	The loss is due to excessive rain fall.
Hooghly ...	Uluberia	8	Ditto ditto.
24-Parganas ...	Diamond Harbour ...	4	The loss is due to excessive rainfall. The *bhadoi* food crops in this sub-division occupy a small area (about 3,000 acres), and are unimportant.
Khulna	Bagirhat	2	The loss is due so excessive rains.
Nadia	Kushtea	8	Ditto ditto.
Jessore	Jhenida	8	Ditto ditto.
	Narail	6	The loss is due to excessive rains, and early rise of the rivers.
Dacca	Sadar	6	
	Narainganj	7	Excessive rain and high floods damaged the crops.
	Manickganj	8	
Faridpur	Sadar	6	
	Goalundo	8	The loss is due to high floods. The crops were destroyed on about one-half the area. Much of the area could not also be sown owing to accumulation of water in the *beels*.
	Madaripur	5	
Backergunge ...	Sadar	2	The loss is due to heavy and continuous rain fall and unusual floods.
	Patuakhali	8	
	Pirojpur	8	
	Bhola	2	
Mymensingh ...	Sadar	8	Ditto ditto.
	Netrokona	8	
Tippera	Sadar	8	Ditto ditto.
	Chandpur	6	
Noakhali	Sadar	6	Ditto ditto.
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	......	7	The loss is due to abnormally heavy rainfall. The area cropped is very small.
Patna	Barh	6	Ditto ditto.
	Dinapur...	6	
Gaya	Sadar	7	Ditto ditto.
	Jahanabad	8	
Shahabad	Sasaram	5¼	Ditto ditto.
Darbhanga... ...	Sadar	4	The damage is due to heavy floods.
Muzaffarpur ...	Sadar	5	Ditto ditto.
	Hazipur...	7	
	Sitamarhi	6¼	
Monghyr	Jamui	2	The damage is due to excessive rainfall.
	Beguserai	8	
Sonthal Parganas	Sadar	4	Ditto ditto.
	Godda	8	
	Rajmahal	7	
	Jamtara...	7	
	Pakaur	6	
Hazaribagh ...	Sadar	6	Ditto ditto.
	Giridih	6¼	
Palamau	......	5¼	Ditto ditto.
Manbhum	Sadar	5¼	Ditto ditto.
	Govindpur	2¼	

WORKING OF CHARITABLE DISPENSARIES IN BENGAL DURING THE YEARS 1890—92.

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT, MEDICAL—No. 325T.M.

Darjeeling, the 3rd October 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Triennial Report on the working of the Charitable Dispensaries in Bengal for the years 1890, 1891, and 1892.

Read also—

The Triennial Report for the years 1887, 1888, 1889, the annual returns for 1890 and 1891, and the Resolutions recorded upon them.

The present report has been submitted under the triennial system, being the second of that series, and therefore contains much more matter than the brief reports which, in each of the last two years, have accompanied the figures of the previous twelve months: this is no doubt one reason for the delay in the submission of the report which did not reach Government till long after the due date. During the three years under review, the medical administration of the Province has undergone several improvements: not only has the number of dispensaries greatly increased, but at some places separate hospitals have been established for the treatment of female patients, the Dispensary Manual has been thoroughly revised, and there has been a large increase in surgical operations. On the whole, there has been throughout the Province a general and satisfactory development of medical administration.

2. *Number of dispensaries.*—The number of dispensaries has increased from 261 on the 31st December 1889 to 310 at the end of 1892. Almost all the new institutions belong to classes II and III, viz., other than purely State dispensaries—a circumstance which indicates that local bodies and private individuals have shown greater interest in affording medical relief to the people; indeed the number of dispensaries maintained solely from local funds advanced from 125 to 160. Looking to the large population of the Province, however, the number of existing dispensaries is still far too small to meet the requirements of the people. The figures in the margin give for each Division the number of persons to each dispensary, and they show that the Chittagong Division is best supplied, while Bhagalpur and Patna are at the other end of the scale. In all the Divisions the provision for medical relief is still quite inadequate, and the Lieutenant-Governor fears that it will be long before the local bodies will be able fully to supply this want.

Burdwan	...	219,682
Presidency	...	174,523
Rajshahi	...	170,621
Dacca	...	273,445
Chittagong	...	151,214
Patna	...	316,220
Bhagalpur	...	357,603
Orissa	...	213,018
Chota Nagpur	...	289,299

3. *Officers in charge of dispensaries.*—Of the 299 dispensaries from which returns have been received, 193 were under the immediate charge of medical subordinates of the Government establishment, and 106 were under local native doctors, so that on the 31st December 1892 Government medical officers held charge of about two-thirds of the institutions. Local bodies generally prefer to employ medical subordinates of the Government establishment in their dispensaries, and it is only when they are unable to meet the pay of these officers that they appoint their men locally under rule 9 of the Dispensary Manual. This action, however, sometimes causes inconvenience not only to the dispensary authorities, but also to Government, which has to provide for the men replaced by local native doctors. A somewhat similar inconvenience arises when an officer paid from local funds is promoted, and his employers find themselves unable to meet the extra cost of his enhanced pay. In the Resolution on the medical institutions of Calcutta, it was pointed out how small a part of the great stream of native charity was turned towards the endowment of medical institutions. Sir Antony MacDonnell desires again to bring the subject to the

attention of the wealthy and the benevolent in these Provinces. Charity cannot be better exercised than in the extension of medical relief to suffering humanity.

4. *Inspections.*—Although there has been some improvement in the number of inspections made by Civil Surgeons, the figures are still unsatisfactory. Under rule 29 of the Dispensary Manual, a Civil Surgeon is required to visit each dispensary in his district at least four times a year: in no year, however, was more than half the number of dispensaries visited by these officers four times. In a district which is so large as Mymensingh, or so well provided with dispensaries as the 24-Parganas, the rule may doubtless be relaxed, but in ordinary cases, although it may be inconvenient to leave the Sadar station, and sometimes serious cases of illness forbid it, the Lieutenant-Governor desires that the attention of Civil Surgeons should be drawn to the necessity of carrying out the rule, more especially as these visits have by recent orders to be utilized for the supervision of vaccination operations also.

5. *Patients.*—The Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals gives an elaborate table showing for each district and division the total number of indoor and outdoor patients treated during the year and their ratio to population, and the general result is abstracted below:—

Years.	Patients.			Population of the Province.	Ratio per cent. of total treated to population.
	Indoor.	Outdoor.	Total treated.		
1	2	3	4	5	6
1890 ...	29,660	1,239,850	1,269,510	*70,665,427	1·79
1891 ...	35,859	1,460,195	1,496,054		2·12
1892 ...	37,845	1,575,926	1,613,771		2·28
	103,364	4,275,971	4,379,335	70,665,427	6·19

N.B.—This is exclusive of the population of Calcutta, but is inclusive of that of the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

There has been a steady increase in the number of patients of both classes, but, as has been already pointed out, the proportion of those treated to the total population is still very small, due no doubt to the comparative fewness of the dispensaries. Even if it be conceded that each institution supplies the wants of the population in a circle of five-mile radius, the influence of the 310 existing dispensaries extends over less than one-fifteenth part of the total area of Bengal.

6. *Indoor patients.*—About half the dispensaries (148) in the Province received indoor as well as outdoor patients, and the total number of indoor patients treated has advanced from 28,981 in 1889 to 37,845 in 1892—an advance of 30·6 per cent. The increase is satisfactory so far as it goes, but the figures are small in comparison with the results in other Provinces, and it is clear that full advantage is not taken of the accommodation provided, for out of 2,357 beds available during the year 1892 for indoor patients of both sexes, the daily average of occupants was only 1,535. The explanation is probably to be found in the remarks quoted in paragraph 5 of the Resolution on the last triennial report, and there can be little doubt that, if proper provision were made near the dispensaries for the accommodation of the relatives of patients, more satisfactory results would be obtained: the attention of municipalities has already been drawn to the point. The death-rate among the in-patients was very high, being 12·85, 13·31 and 13·49 respectively in the three years under review, and is said to be due to the unavoidable admission of a large number of patients in a hopelessly advanced stage of disease: this is specially the case in the dispensaries at Balasore, Puri, Deoghur, Raniganj, Midnapore and Chandbally, which lie on the main pilgrim routes. The death-rate is also further increased by the number of severely injured persons brought to dispensaries by the police. Sir Antony MacDonnell's experience is that the admission of moribund patients, and generally pauper patients, to the wards of a hospital very seriously detracts from the popularity of the institution, and he has found it most useful to attach a separate house or hut or other suitable accommodation to the hospital for the reception of moribund cases

and for the shelter of pauper patients: for the latter the accommodation would be in the nature of a poor-house ward. He commends this arrangement to the attention of all Civil Surgeons and Hospital Committees.

7. *Outdoor patients.*—There was a steady increase during the three years under review in the attendance of outdoor patients, equivalent to 396,083 or 33·5 per cent. on the total of 1889—the actual figures being 1,239,850, 1,460,195 and 1,575,926. The improvement is satisfactory, and points to the increasing popularity of mufassal dispensaries. In the Resolution recorded on the last triennial report, the Lieutenant-Governor commented on the smallness of attendance at some of these institutions: on this subject Dr. Pilcher has recorded the following remarks:—

"Enquiries satisfy me that there is a much larger number of persons in proportion to the population practising medicine in Bengal than in either the North-Western or Central Provinces, and the people in Bengal can more readily obtain medical aid at their own houses and for a very trifling expenditure. It is also the custom in Bengal for the well-to-do practitioners to give advice and medicine gratuitously to the poor. Individual instances of want of civility, energy, or attention on the part of medical subordinates in charge of a dispensary may have occurred, but in no district could the low attendance be attributed solely to the personal failings of the subordinate medical officer in charge."

8. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that sixteen dispensaries had an average daily attendance of 100 or more in 1892 as against twelve in 1889. The attendance at those which have been most conspicuous for steady progress during the past three years is given below, and Sir Antony MacDonnell congratulates the managing body of each of them on the great benefits to the public which these figures imply. The popularity of the Hathuwa dispensary must be gratifying to the Maharaja, who supports it entirely at his own expense.

DISPENSARY AND DISTRICT.	TOTAL NUMBER OF OUTDOOR PATIENTS TREATED.		
	1890.	1891.	1892.
1	2	3	4
Chapra (Saran) ...	26,305	27,750	29,780
Laheria Serai (Darbhanga) ...	14,616	19,934	25,316
Dacca (Dacca) ..	18,055	19,650	20,317
Hathuwa (Saran) ...	15,222	19,460	20,294
Gaya (Gaya) ...	11,312	13,240	14,535
Kurigram (Rangpur) ...	8,981	11,565	12,266
Sujamutha (Midnapore) ...	2,684	3,475	8,767
Nator (Rajshahi) ...	3,880	7,474	8,674
Tangail (Mymensingh) ...	6,381	7,834	8,610
Mymensingh (do.) ...	5,761	7,454	8,275
Nasriganj (Shahabad) ...	4,875	6,425	8,040
Chowdagram (Tippera) ...	1,965	4,444	8,014
Digwara (Saran) ..	5,865	6,510	7,620
Goalundo (Faridpur ...	5,273	6,188	7,244
Jangipur (Murshidabad) ...	2,995	3,815	4,036
Kishanganj (Purnea) ...	1,356	2,846	3,772
Mattab (Tippera) ...	1,760	2,700	3,426
Nasirnagore (do.) ...	648	1,800	3,550
Nabinagar (do.) ...	1,317	2,261	3,353
Diamond Harbour (24-Parganas)	950	1,233	2,137

9. Some doubts have been expressed by Government of the propriety of supplying medicines to patients represented through their friends or relatives, but from the explanation now afforded by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, the Lieutenant-Governor is satisfied that in most cases the practice is not likely to lead to abuse.

10. *Diseases treated.*—The report contains detailed statistics of the diseases treated at the dispensaries of the Province. Malarial fever of course contributes the largest number of cases to the sick list. It is well known that the

high temperature which accompanies many disorders of the body is frequently represented as the cause and not the consequence of illness, so that many cases are improperly ascribed to malarial fever which should be attributed to some other specific ailment; but even making allowance for these mistakes, the fever which is endemic in Bengal yearly claims a majority of the patients in the dispensaries in the Province, and of the deaths in the returns of mortality. The number of outdoor fever patients relieved in each of the years 1890, 1891 and 1892 was respectively 267,003, 327,969 and 320,113, giving a percentage on the total outdoor patients of 21·03, 21·92, and 19·03. In the Resolution on the report of the Sanitary Commissioner for 1892, the Lieutenant-Governor has already noticed the ravages of this disorder, and expressed his conviction that the true remedies for the deplorable loss of life which it causes year by year are the improvement of drainage and the supply of pure water, and those observations need not be repeated here; it will be enough to reproduce from Dr. Pilcher's report the following table giving for each Division the statistics of fever cases treated in the dispensaries. They demonstrate clearly the general accuracy of the conclusions arrived at by the Sanitary Commissioner, and confirm the observations of the Superintendent of Census as to the great insalubrity of large tracts in the Burdwan, Rajshahi and Presidency Divisions:—

	1890.		1891.		1892.	
	Number of cases of malarial fever.	Percentage to total treated.	Number of cases of malarial fever.	Percentage to total treated.	Number of cases of malarial fever.	Percentage to total treated.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Burdwan ...	47,996	30·61	58,973	32·67	51,036	28·08
Presidency ...	54,150	33 93	68,142	36·19	58,620	30 19
Rajshahi ...	43,762	27 01	60,692	30·2	55,097	26·55
Orissa ...	13,279	16·59	14,953	18·15	14,118	15·96
Dacca ...	17,609	13·6	22,047	13·71	24,278	13·39
Chittagong ...	9,538	16·88	9,615	11·18	11,270	10·39
Patna ...	56,158	14·22	64,235	14·41	75,452	15·28
Bhagalpur ...	19,278	19·45	23,495	20·72	23,689	20·69
Chota Nagpur ...	5,233	16·18	5,817	15·25	6,553	14·82

11. As usual, very few cases of small-pox were brought for treatment, the number being 103 cases in 1890, 165 in 1891, and 191 in 1892. Dr. Pilcher correctly states that the people are naturally averse to remove a relative suffering from this disease from their homes, especially as a religious prejudice is connected with it. The number of cholera cases shows an increase from 6,360 in 1890 to 9,402 in 1891 and 9,795 in 1892. The advance was remarkable in the Patna Division, where the disease appears to have been very prevalent in 1892, and the mortality high: admissions for cholera were very small in the Chota Nagpur Division, and it is not to be expected that they will ever bear any considerable ratio anywhere to the number of cases. The onset of the disease is so violent, and collapse follows with such rapidity, that removal to a hospital, even if possible, is in many cases not advisable. Diseases of the spleen, which are considered as the effect of continued malarial influence, caused no less than 61,863 admissions in 1892, against 54,652 in 1891 and 46,822 in 1890. Although for obvious reasons cases of leprosy are not generally admitted in the dispensaries, the number of persons treated for this disease was by no means small, being 2,769 in 1892, 2,828 in 1891, and 2,625 in 1890.

12. *Surgical operations.*—The number of surgical operations of all kinds increased from 66,324 in 1889 to 86,915 in 1892, or by 31 per cent., and the number of major operations, which have more than doubled themselves during the last six years, advanced in the three years under review from 5,336 in 1889 to 9,263 in 1892, or by 73·3 per cent. In proportion to population, however, as the statistics below will show, the number of major operations in Bengal is much below that in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh and the Panjab. The Lieutenant-Governor notices with satisfaction the large number

of major operations performed at Gaya (2,474), Dacca (1,344), Bankipore (1,308), Monghyr (1,272), Chapra (972), and Arrah (752). Most of these institutions were at the head of the list at the time of the previous triennial report, and the great development of surgical treatment during the period under review can be inferred from the fact that the figures for the previous three years were Dacca 832, Monghyr and Chapra 697 each, Burdwan 480, Muzaffarpur 398, and Bankipore 382. The popularity of these institutions for their surgical record is due to the skill and labour of Surgeon-Major R. D. Murray at Gaya, who in two years performed 1,434 operations; and of Assistant Surgeons Upendra Nath Sen (Monghyr), Apurba Krishna Das (Chapra), and Nritto Gopal Mitter (Arrah). The lithotomy operations, always an important feature in the list, aggregated 659, with a mean death-rate during the three years of 7·8. Numerically the most important operation is that for cataract, and the Lieutenant-Governor is glad to find that the number of these operations increased from 926 in 1889 to 2,333 in 1892, and that more than 81 per cent. of them proved successful. He is disappointed to learn, as shown by the statistics in the margin for the year 1892, how far below the returns for the other great provinces of Upper India these figures are, and he agrees with the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals that Civil Surgeons and subordinate medical officers should be stimulated to greater exertions in this direction.

Province.	Population.	Total major operations.	Operations for cataract.	Ratio per cent. Column 3 on column 2.	Ratio per cent. Column 4 on column 3.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bengal	71,346,987	9,263	2,333	·01	25·1
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	46,905,085	24,301	8,889	·05	26·5
Panjab	20,866,847	14,060	4,294	·07	29·8

The number of officers who have really devoted themselves to the practice of this operation is small, and it is clear that over large areas of the Province little has been done to relieve what is evidently a most common affliction.

13. *Sex of patients.*—There has been a considerable increase in the number of adult males and children treated in the dispensaries. The number of females, though showing an increase over that of the previous year, is still only about one-fourth of that of the males, and it is believed that want of separate accommodation in most of the dispensaries for the treatment of female patients is the cause of this small attendance. The list furnished by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, in compliance with the orders contained in the Resolution on the annual returns for 1891, shows that separate hospitals for females exist at Bankipore, Burdwan, Cuttack, Dacca, Dinajpur, Kamarhati, Gaya and Barisal, and that in many dispensaries there are separate wards for the treatment of women. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to find that the necessity for providing separate accommodation for female patients has been more generally recognized, and it is hoped that before long this want will be supplied at most places.

14. *Income and expenditure.*—The following table, which shows at a glance the total income and expenditure of the dispensaries during the last three years, is reproduced in full from Dr. Pilcher's report:—

Income.

	1890.			1891.			1892.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Cash balance on 1st January	35,669	2	5	33,369	5	10	35,327	6	6
From Government—									
As salaries—									
Medical officers ...	16,339	11	11	15,925	7	8	16,257	11	8
Inferior dispensary establishment (including menial servants).							570	0	0
As registers and forms ...	2,081	0	7	2,507	7	2	2,846	13	1
As European medicines ...	1,056	15	1	1,139	7	11	1,313	14	7
For diet, including police cases	2,545	7	1	2,782	8	0	3,533	14	7
Special allowances given by Government ...	3,018	15	10	3,246	1	3	3,455	6	7
Total ...	25,042	2	6	25,601	0	0	27,977	12	6

Income.

	1890. Rs. A. P.	1891. Rs. A. P.	1892. Rs. A. P.
From local or other funds—			
Local or other funds ...	70,504 15 7	89,377 0 3	93,992 14 2
Municipal funds ...	1,58,941 1 7	1,73,858 15 5	1,88,187 1 9
Interest on investment ...	36,112 2 8	39,320 2 0	36,895 1 10
Sale of securities or withdrawal of deposits ...	19,638 11 10	14,643 14 10	19,834 7 5
Subscriptions—			
From Europeans ...	15,693 13 2	16,819 4 11	16,155 12 11
„ Natives ...	1,45,981 1 2	1,20,736 12 4	1,25,170 12 5
For diet (by paying patients, &c.)	......	......	996 7 9
From sale of medicines not supplied by Government	......	......	64 15 3
Miscellaneous receipts ...	......	......	4,096 11 1
Total income ...	5,07,583 2 11	5,13,726 7 7	5,48,699 7 7

Expenditure.

	1890. Rs. A. P.	1891. Rs. A. P.	1892. Rs. A. P.
Paid by Government—			
As salaries—			
Medical officers ...	2,38,522 3 5 (total of salaries paid by Government and from local sources)	2,50,926 11 2 (total of salaries paid by Government and from local sources)	16,557 11 8
Inferior dispensary establishment—			
Compounders, dressers, &c.			192 0 0
Menial servants ...			378 0 0
Paid from local sources—			
As salaries—			
Medical officers ...			1,68,206 11 2
Inferior dispensary establishment—			
Compounders, dressers, &c.			41,989 5 5
Menial servants ...			42,119 9 5
On bazar medicines ...	11,238 0 9	12,403 1 11	13,184 9 11
„ European medicines...	58,340 4 4	59,781 14 3	73,998 15 11
„ diet	47,416 10 8	52,088 5 10	62,014 9 5
„ miscellaneous charges (including registers, &c., supplied by Government) ...	36,325 14 3	47,236 6 6	40,915 0 2
„ buildings or repairs ...	48,732 14 9	39,858 0 7	38,997 3 11
Invested during the year	34,277 15 4	16,146 12 4	24,990 12 8
Total expenditure ...	4,74,853 15 6	4,78,441 4 7	5,23,544 9 8
Cash balance on 31st December	32,729 3 5	35,285 3 0	25,154 13 11

The difference between the opening balance of each year and the closing balance of the previous year is due to certain institutions having been newly brought on the Government list, to the closing of a dispensary, and to the correction of the accounts of certain institutions.

15. The total income of the mufassal dispensaries shows a considerable increase over that recorded in 1889, the figures being Rs. 5,07,583 in 1890, Rs. 5,13,726 in 1891, and Rs. 5,48,699 in 1892, against Rs. 4,73,333 in 1889. It is satisfactory to notice that these receipts were sufficient to meet the current expenses of the institutions, and allowed of investments being made. The contributions from Government increased from Rs. 22,921 in 1889 to Rs. 27,978 in 1892. This increase was chiefly under the head of Salaries, and is largely due to Government having undertaken in many cases to meet the increased salaries payable to medical subordinates on promotion to higher grades, where the dispensary funds were unable to bear it. The total amounts received from municipal and other local funds increased by Rs. 5,769-12-8 in 1890,

by Rs. 33,789-14-6 in 1891, and by Rs. 18,944-0-3 in 1892. The receipts from subscriptions rose in 1890 from Rs. 1,36,738-11-10 to Rs. 1,61,674-14-4. In 1891, however, they fell to Rs. 1,37,556, but again rose in 1892 to Rs. 1,41,326-9-4. The great increase in 1890 was due to a sum of Rs. 17,600 having been received in the Kandi Dispensary as a part of the original legacy of the late Kumar Girish Chunder Singh, and to a sum of Rs. 15,000 having been paid by Srimati Bindu Bashini Chowdhurani of Santosh for the construction of a masonry building for the Tangail dispensary.

16. The total expenditure, exclusive of the amounts invested, shows an increase of Rs. 17,833-9 in 1890, Rs. 21,718-8-1 in 1891, and Rs. 36,259-4-9 in 1892. The increase is distributed over all the heads of ordinary expenditure excepting miscellaneous charges. The rise under the head of Establishment is due to the opening of new dispensaries and to an increase of the staff of menials at certain places. The increase under all other heads is attributed chiefly to the rise in the number of in-patients. Under the head of Buildings and repairs, there was a large increase in 1890, but in 1891 it fell by Rs. 8,874-12-2, and in 1892 by Rs. 860-12-8.

17. The amounts invested during the three years were Rs. 11,04,374-7, Rs. 11,00,323-13-3 and Rs. 11,08,849-15-1 respectively, and the value of the securities sold or withdrawn was Rs 19,586-0-11, Rs. 14,643-14-10 and Rs. 19,834-7-3. The difference between the opening balance of each year and the closing balance of the previous year was due mainly to the incorrectness of the accounts of certain dispensaries. Rule 24 of the Dispensary Manual, which lays down that the deposits in Savings Banks, when exceeding Rs. 200, should be invested in Government securities, was not complied with in many cases, and the attention of Civil Surgeons has been drawn to the fact.

18. *Conclusion.*—During the greater part of the period under review, Surgeon-Colonel Hilson, C.I.E., was Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, and to him the thanks of Government are due for what he was able to do in spite of failing health. To Surgeon-Colonel Pilcher, who held the appointment for a short time at the end of 1892, the Lieutenant-Governor tenders his acknowledgments for a complete report. The names of the Medical Officers specially commended in the 66th paragraph of the report will be noted in the proper Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DONATION BY HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA SCINDIA BAHADUR OF GWALIOR.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—EDUCATION No. 2320.

Darjeeling, the 10th October 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Letter from the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, No. 5757, dated the 9th September 1893.

The Director of Public Instruction reports that, in addition to the donations already acknowledged by Government on two previous occasions, His Highness the Maharaja Scindia Bahadur of Gwalior has presented, through the late Nawab Bahadur Abdul Lateef, C.I.E., a sum of Rs. 500 to be invested in a 4 per cent. Government Promissory note for the award, in His Highness' name, of an annual medal or money prize to a student of the Calcutta Madrasa who having passed the F. A. Examination, may not have obtained a scholarship or other prize.

2. The ackowledgments of Government are again due to His Highness the Maharaja Scindia Bahadur of Gwalior for his liberal donation, and for the interest thereby displayed in the promotion of Muhammadan education.

His Honour approves the proposal made by the Director of Public Instruction that the Principal of the Calcutta Madrassa be appointed Administrator of the Fund.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction, and to the Accountant-General, Bengal, for information; also that the Government of India, Foreign Department, be requested to forward a copy, with the permission of His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, to His Highness the Maharaja Scindia Bahadur of Gwalior.

Ordered also, that a copy of this Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette.*

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE PORT OF CALCUTTA FOR 1892-93.

No. 2324Marine.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 5th October 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Administration Report of the Commissioners of the Port of Calcutta for 1892-93.

The consolidated debt due to Government was reduced during the year from Rs. 39,94,381 to Rs. 38,46,346, or by Rs. 1,48,035, and a sum of Rs. 1,30,500 was invested in their own debentures for the repayment of their different debenture loans aggregating Rs. 60 lakhs. The gross debt of the Commissioners on 31st March 1893 amounted to Rs. 1,16,11,346. This does not, however, include the advances made by Government for the construction of the Kidderpore Docks. The details of the consolidated debt are given below:—

	Rs.
Consolidated debt due to Government	38,46,346
Port debt not repayable	17,65,000
4½ per cent. debenture loan of 1881	10,00,000
Ditto ditto of 1883	20,00,000
5½ per cent. ditto of 1886	30,00,000
Total ...	1,16,11,346

2. Against this debt the Commissioners hold block to the value of Rs. 2,30,04,615 in addition to certain valuable strand bank lands, for which they pay to Government an annual rent of Rs. 37,292. The statement below shows the cost of the works constructed and the sources from which the expenditure has been met:—

	Expenditure up to 31st March 1893. Rs.
Jetties and appliances for sea-going vessels	83,60,566
Inland Vessels' Wharves, Landing-stages, Tramway, &c., on the Calcutta side	62,02,698
Inland Vessels' Wharves, Landing-stages, Tramway, &c., on the Howrah side	16,38,634
Dockyard and Workshop at Howrah ...	5,25,484
Moorings, Anchor-vessels, Harbour Master's Boats, Light-ships, Survey Vessels, &c.	38,75,244
Reserve Fund: Jetties Reserve Funds	99,244
Reserve Fund: „ Insurance Fund	50,000
Reserve Fund: Port Reserve Fund ...	3,64,250
Reserve Fund: „ Depreciation Fund	1,99,995
Reserve Fund: „ Approaches Depreciation Fund ...	2,50,000
Reserve Fund: Debenture Loan Sinking Fund ...	10,38,500
Reserve Fund: Dock Contingent Fund	4,00,000
TOTAL ...	2,30,04,615

	Rs.	Rs.
By Loan from Government (re-payable)... ...	60,25,100	
Less amount re-paid...	21,78,754	
		38,46,346
By Loan from Government (not re-payable)		17,65,000
By Loan on 4½ per cent. Debentures of 1881		10,00,000
By Loan on 4½ per cent. Debentures of 1883		20,00,000
By Loan on 5½ per cent. Debentures of 1886		30,00,000
Contribution from Government towards purchase of land for new reverside road		74,584
Contribution from Government for landing-stage at Prinsep's Ghat ...		10,000
Contribution from Government for Port Approaches block		6,21,163
From sale of surplus land... ...		4,09,803
„ revenue derived from work since formation of Trust Rs.	80,98,965	
Add amount repaid to end of March 1893 from revenue ... „	21,78,753	1,02,77,719
TOTAL ...		2,30,04,615

3. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 3,69,899, and the income during the year amounted to Rs. 30,30,341. The expenditure, including sinking fund, renewals and improvements, amounted to Rs. 28,29,984, leaving a net revenue balance of Rs. 5,70,255.

4. The exceptional increase both in income and expenditure is due on the one side to the re-imposition of port dues and the levy of a special toll under section 108 of the Calcutta Ports Act, and to the up-keep of the Docks on the other.

5. In consequence of the heavy deficit in the port revenues due to the charges for the interest on the capital outlay and the working expenses of the Kidderpore Docks, the Commissioners considered that the time had arrived for the re-imposition of the port dues, which had been abolished in 1884 when a large surplus revenue was being obtained. A proposal was accordingly submitted to Government to levy a port due of four annas per registered ton on all vessels entering the port, and sanctioned by them with effect from the 1st December 1892. The due is not payable more than once in sixty days. The receipts from this source during the year amounted to Rs. 91,376.

6. In addition to the port dues, it was decided to impose a special toll under section 108 of the Calcutta Ports Act of four annas per ton on all goods landed from or shipped into any vessel lying within the limits of the port, in addition to the tolls, dues, rates, and charges in force. The levy of this toll took effect from the 1st January 1893, and the receipts during the three months of the year amounted to Rs. 2,07,741.

7. The expenditure on the Kidderpore Docks during the year amounted to Rs. 23,88,993, raising the total expenditure from Rs. 2,56,97,370 on the 31st March 1892, to Rs. 2,80,86,363 on the 31st March 1893.

8. The docks were declared to be legally open for traffic on the 13th September 1892. They were not, however, used to any appreciable extent, and the gross receipts amounted to only Rs. 1,02,414, of which Rs. 65,020 were from the graving dock.

9. From April 1892 to the end of the year, 42 steamers and 19 sailing vessels entered the docks. All the arrangements for docking and undocking vessels were satisfactory, and all operations were successfully conducted. The accessories provided for the accommodation and conduct of business are stated to have proved equally successful and satisfactory. The want of traffic in the docks is not attributable to the appliances not meeting the requirements of the vessels. The graving dock has been extensively used.

10. Owing to the failure of the docks to attract a large number of vessels, a special Committee was appointed by the Commissioners to consider the financial position of the port, consequent upon the construction of the docks; their proposals as to the best means of utilizing the docks and for making the expenditure reproductive are now under the consideration of Government.

11. The income under Part I, Jetties, amounted to Rs. 11,41,471, showing a decrease of Rs. 1,25,477. The depression in trade during the year has been great, and for several months the moorings in the Port were blocked with ships which were unable to secure outward charters. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 7,63,907.

12. The income from the petroleum wharf at Budge-Budge continues steadily to advance, the total receipts during the year being Rs. 1,97,111, or Rs. 20,704 in excess of the previous year. The quantity of kerosine-oil imported was 32,543,864 gallons, against 32,117,680 in 1891-92.

13. Messrs. Graham and Company completed their depôt for Russian oil in bulk in the early part of the year, but it was not till the month of February 1893 that the "Turbo," the first tank vessel, arrived. She discharged her cargo of 1,347,584 gallons in four days, or five times as quickly as case oil can be landed.

14. The total quantity of tea which passed through the tea warehouse was equivalent to 45 million lbs., showing a reduction of 3 million lbs. on the previous year. The receipts, however, were Rs. 1,07,295, or an increase of Rs. 2,297 over 1891-92, which is attributed to the fact that there was an increase in the quantity of tea sold by auction in Calcutta, all the operations of which were carried out in the tea warehouse.

15. During the year 214 vessels, with an aggregate tonnage of 485,299, were berthed at the jetties, against 226 vessels and a tonnage of 501,938 in 1891-92. The average number of days each vessel occupied the jetties was 10·7 against 9·6 in 1891-92.

16. The receipts of the inland vessels wharves, amounted to Rs. 4,65,811 against Rs. 5,00,215 in the previous year. The decrease is due to the general depression in trade, which has affected the revenue on nearly all the wharves. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 3,07,022, being Rs. 32,716 less than in 1891-92. The reduction is due chiefly to the fact of there not being any heavy repairs, and to the working expenses being cut down.

17. The income of the Harbour Masters' Department amounted to Rs. 5,82,707 against Rs. 5,20,349 in 1891-92. The increase was obtained from mooring hire, a larger number of vessels having come into the port. The expenditure was Rs. 5,27,291, or an increase of Rs. 54,888 on the previous year, due to the full contribution of Rs. 55,110 having been paid to depreciation account to meet the cost of a new hopper barge.

18. There were 23 accidents to vessels while in charge of Assistant Harbour Masters, against 18 in the previous year. The increase is due to the practice followed of reporting every casualty, however trivial, which was not done in former years. In no case was the casualty attended with serious consequences.

19. The gross revenue of the Port Trust Railway amounted to Rs. 2,62,066 against Rs. 2,91,571 in the previous year, the decrease being due to the depression in trade. The expenditure was Rs. 1,89,710, or a decrease of Rs. 576 on the previous year.

20. Extensive alterations have occurred in the river channel in the Lower Saugor Roads: the width of the bar has increased from 1,500 yards to 3,000 yards, and the depth of water on the bar, after undergoing several changes, is now 15 feet, or one foot less than last year. There is every probability of the Lower Saugor Roads being quite obliterated within a very few years. The Middleton Sand and Lower Long Sand will probably join from end to end and from one flat.

Beyond this the general contour of the southern and eastern portions of the Roads have remained practically the same, excepting that two dangerous patches of 12 and 13 feet have shown up just above and below close to the Middleton Spit Buoy, where nothing under 18 feet existed before.

21. With reference to these changes, the Commissioners write:—"The above is not a very encouraging report to make on the entrance to the Hooghly River, and the condition of things would have been still more serious were it not that there is every indication of a good channel cutting between the Upper and Lower Long Sands just above the Middleton Bar. This channel is apparently opening very rapidly, and is now 1,000 yards broad, running in a south-westerly direction with 16 feet the least water in the Bar. Last year this channel had a bar at both entrances, but the southern one has entirely washed away, and 23 and 24 feet are now showing where only 16 and 17 were reported last year. A matter of still more importance is that the strength and direction of the tide also tends towards this new channel, and consequently it will increase the Middleton extension, and assist to open more rapidly this new channel. There is no foretelling the courses the river Hooghly will take, but it is quite within possibility that vessels will have to be navigated by the western channel within a year or two if the same changes as have been described above continue.

"The western channel will not, for navigation purposes, be so smooth as the eastern channel, and for sailing vessels will not be an easy passage to pilot between the Sands; but otherwise, for steamers, it will not make much difference."

22. The thanks of the Government are due to the Commissioners for their efficient management of the affairs of the Port Trust during the year.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. W. ODLING,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 7th October, 1893.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.			
BURDWAN DIVN.			
1	Burdwan Oct. 7, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	0·04 0·09 Nil Nil	Weather—fair and hot. Prospects of *aman* crop good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 13 } per rupee. Kalna ... ... 9 to 13 Katwa ... ... 12$\frac{7}{16}$ Raniganj 12
2	Bankura „ 7, '93	Nil	Weather—overcast and rainy from date of report. Prospects of *aman* continue good. Common rice selling at 13 seers 3 chitaks per rupee at Bankura and 12½ seers at Vishnupur.
3	Birbhum „ 7, '93 Rampur Hát ...	Nil Nil	Weather—fine throughout the week; cloudy to-day (7th). State and prospects of rice crops continue good. Price of common rice varies from 10 to 14½ seers per rupee.
4	Midnapore „ 7, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and rather hot. Prospects of standing crops good. Cattle-disease reported from some parts. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12½ } per rupee. Contai ... ... 13 Tamluk ... ... 12 Ghatal ... ... 10 to 12
5	Hooghly „ 7, '93 Serampore ...	0·12 Nil	Weather—hot. Jute steeping finished. Harvesting of *aus* almost completed. Sugarcane and *aman* doing well. Land being prepared for *rabi* crops. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 } per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½
6	Howrah „ 7, '93 Ulubaria ...	0·79 Nil	Weather—dry and hot *Aman* paddy doing well. Price of rice 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.			
7	24-Parganas „ 7, '93	Not reported.	Harvesting of *aus* and jute and transplantation of *aman* nearly over. Prospects of crops fair in the northern part of the district, but poor in the south, especially in the thana of Baukipur. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Ch. Sadar ... ... 10 to 11$\frac{3}{8}$ } per rupee. Basirhat ... ... 9 13½ Diamond Harbour ... ... 10 12 Barasat 11 0
8	Nadia „ 7, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	0·47 Nil Nil Nil 0·89	Weather—dry and hot. Prospects of *aman* not favourable in the subdivisions of Kushtia and Meherpur. Prospects of sugarcane also not favourable. *Kalai* and *mung* are being sown broadcast. Fodder and water sufficient.
9	Khulna „ 7, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	0·75 Nil Nil	Weather—hot. Prospects of *aman* on high lands good, but on low lands precarious. Common rice sells at 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Water and fodder sufficient.
10	Jessore „ 7, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	0·36 Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* and extracting of jute finished. Prospects of *aman* fair. Rivers going down. Lands being cultivated for winter crops. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
11	Murshidabad „ 7, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Winter rice and sugarcane doing well. *Kalai*, *moshna* and *til* are being sown. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
	12	Chittagong	...	...	Report not received.
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	13	Noakhali	„ 7, '93	3·82	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* still going on. Prospects very favourable. Fodder and water available. No cattle-disease. Price of rice falling.
	14	Tippera	„ 7, '93	1·44	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of jute and transplantation of paddy going on. Price of seedlings still very high. Insects causing some damage to *aman* in thana Nasirnagar. Ten to 12 annas of *aman* expected. Rice selling at 8 to 9 seers per rupee. It has slightly fallen at Chandpur. Fodder still insufficient.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	„ 6, '93	1·97	Weather—fair with occasional showers. Plough-paddy progressing. Price of indian-corn and vegetables high. Common rice selling at 9 seers per rupee. No cattle-disease reported.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca	„ 7, '93	0·22	Weather—hot. Harvesting of jute nearly completed. *Rowa* and *shail* paddy being sown. Prospects of *aman* favourable, but it is being damaged by a kind of insect in some places in the Munshiganj subdivision. Common rice selling from 7 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder not sufficiently available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	„ 7, '93	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy and fine with occasional slight rain. Prospects of crops remain unaltered. Rivers falling. Rice sells from 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder available at high prices. Cattle-disease still prevailing in Palong.
	18	Backergunge	„ 7, '93	1·04	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops fair. Common rice selling from 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	„ 7, '93	0·17	Weather—hot. Prospects of standing crops very fair. Common rice selling from 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good except in the Netrakona subdivision where, however, it is improving. Fodder available except in Netrakona and Kishorganj, where the supply is not yet sufficient.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur	„ 7, '93	Nil	Weather—hot. Prospects good. Prices of rice stationary. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water ample.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	„ 7, '93	Nil 0·04 0·45	Weather—seasonable. The present condition of the crops is good almost everywhere; in the Barind it is excellent. Prospects are eminently favourable. Fodder and water-supply ample. There is no cattle-disease. Price of rice varies from 9½ to 13 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Kurigaon Gaibanda Nilphamari	„ 7, '93	Nil Nil 1·06 0·04	Weather—warm. Jute steeping progressing. Lands are being prepared for cold-weather crops. Common rice 9 to 10 seers per rupee.
	23	Bogra Sherpur Naukhila	„ 7, '93	0·65 Nil 0·05	Weather—fine and clear. Prospects of *aman* good. Cultivation of land for mustard-seed goes on. Common rice sells at 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	„ 7, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable; pleasant in the morning. Prospects of standing crops on the whole fair. Common rice sells in the Sirajganj subdivision at Rs. 4-12 per maund and in the Pabna subdivision at 9½ seers per rupee.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	„ 7, '93 ...	0·02 Nil	Weather—bright, cool, seasonable. *In the hills:—Bhutta, chota marua,* potatoes and *bhadoi dhan* being harvested. *Aghani dhan, kalai* and *bara marua* progressing favourably. *In the Terai:—Jute* and *bhadoi* harvested. Prospects of *aghani* favourable. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 10 }
	26	Jalpaiguri	„ 7, '93	Nil	Weather—days hot, nights cool. Prospects of the standing crop good. Rain wanted in places. Price of common rice stationary. No want of fodder and water. No cattle-disease reported.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
Bhagalpur Divn.			
27	Monghyr Oct. 7, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—hot and fair with occasional specks of cloud. Standing crops doing well. *Kurthi* and indigo in good condition. Sugarcane promising. Lands being ploughed for *rabi*. No want of fodder and water. Cattle-disease at Bakhtiarpur. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 20 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 12 Jamui 12
28	Bhagalpur " 7, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ...	Nil Nil Nil 0·32	Weather—hot, but getting cooler at night. At its present stage a 16-anna outturn of the winter rice crop may be expected. *Kalai* and *kurthi* being sown. Common rice 14½ seers per rupee.
29	Purnea " 7, '93 Kishanganj .. Araria ...	0·10 0·43 Nil	Weather—fine; cool at night, warm by day. *Bhadoi* outturn 12 to 16 annas according to locality. Jute 12 to 14 annas. Prospects of *aghani* excellent except along the Panar where floods have injured it. *Kurthi* and sugarcane doing well. Cultivation for *rabi* in progress. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices inclined to fall.
30	Malda " 7, '93	Nil	Fine weather up to yesterday (6th). Cloudy again with a slight shower of rain. Rivers going down. Winter rice plants coming on well. *Kalai* pulse being sown. Lands being prepared for wheat and other *rabi* crops. Coarse rice selling from 11 to 17 seers per rupee. Fodder and water ample.
31	Sonthal Parganas " 7, 93 Deoghur ... Jamtara .. Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—hot in the day, cool at night. Prospects of standing crops continue good, though a little more rain is wanted in the Deoghur subdivision. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of rice steady.
Patna Division.			
32	Patna " 7, '93	Nil	Weather—days hot and clear, nights getting cool. Reports regarding the rice crop continue excellent, but some more rain would be an advantage. Prospects of the spring crops are so far very good. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 16 } per rupee. Barh ... ... 13 Bihar ... ... 17 Dinapore 13
33	Gaya " 7, '93 Nawada ... Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—fine: cool at night, but hot in the day. Prospects of paddy crop excellent. Lands being prepared everywhere for spring crops, and some being sown. Prices almost stationary. Fodder and water-supply ample.
34	Shahabad " 7, '93 Buxar ... Sasaram ... Bhabhua ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Hot clear weather with cool mornings and heavy dews. *Bhadoi* harvest practically over. The only crop being got in is *serha*. Young paddy is flourishing. Lands are being prepared for *rabi* crops. Cattle-pox very rife in the south.
35	Darbhanga " 7, '93 Madhubani ... Samastipur ...	Nil 0·98 Nil	Weather—mornings getting cool, but days hot. Prospects of rice favourable. Tobacco and *alua* being planted. Lands being prepared for *rabi* cultivation. Slight flood appeared this week, but did no harm. Fodder sufficient. Prices steady.
36	Muzaffarpur " 7, '93	Nil	Weather—fair. Paddy crop doing well. Lands being prepared for *rabi* sowings. Harvesting of *bhadoi* crops over. High floods again, but no injury expected. Fodder and water sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. A few deaths among cattle reported from Majorganj in the Sitamarhi subdivision.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—concld.			
37	Saran Oct. 7, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	Nil Nil 0·75	Weather—days hot and bright, nights getting cool. Crops promise well. Maize all harvested with an average outturn of 11 annas or possibly more. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Chapra ... ... 15 0 } Siwan ... ... 14 12 } per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 16 0 }
38	Champaran " 7, '93	Nil	Weather—warm during day, but cool at night. *Aghani* in all parts of the district, excepting those which were affected by the last flood, is in excellent condition. Enquiry regarding the damage done by the flood not yet completed. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack " 7, '93	Nil	Weather—warm; no rain. Early *biali* being gathered. *Bara biali* ripening. *Sarad* growing. Supply of fodder sufficient. Price of common rice unchanged except in Kendrapara, where it sells at 15 to 21 seers per rupee.
40	Puri " 5, '93 Khurda ...	Nil Nil	Weather—hot and dry. *Sarad* and *laghu* still being weeded. The damage done to *sarad* by the *kahalia* and *pokachhiada* diseases is not likely to be great. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 13 2 to 15 12 } Khurda ... ... 11 0 to 17 1 } per rupee.
41	Balasore " 7, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and hot. Floods have done damage in the south and south-east of Bhadrak. The break in the rains for the past six days is reported to have been very beneficial, and the crops are coming on well. Rain will be wanted about the 10th. *Asu, niali* and *kanda* crops are now in ear. A 10 to 12-anna crop is hoped for.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh Oct. 7, '93 Giridi ...	Nil Nil	Weather—fine. Days very warm. *Marua* has yielded an 8-anna crop on average. Sugarcane doing well. Prospects of winter rice very good so far. *Rabi* crops being sown in places. Fodder and water abundant. Prices stationary.
43	Lohardaga " 7, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Reaping of *gora* paddy finished. Prospect of winter rice continues good. Common rice selling at 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau " 6, '93	0·01	Weather—seasonable; getting perceptibly cooler. All crops on the ground promise excellently. *Rabi* sowings going on. *Bhadoi* harvest nearly finished with a very good outturn of paddy and a poor one of Indian-corn. A little cattle-disease reported. Rice selling from 12 to 16½ seers per rupee Fodder and water-supply ample.
45	Singhbhum " 7, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable, cold. Condition of the winter rice crop reported to be good from everywhere; a 16-anna outturn expected. Price of common rice from 12 to 16 seers per rupee. Cases of cattle-disease reported from Chakradharpur station and Baharagura outpost.
46	Manbhum " 7, '93 Gobindpur ...	Nil Nil	Weather—bright and cool. Crops doing well. Lands being ploughed for *rabi*. Prices stationary.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 10th October, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*retail*) *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in th*

Number.	Division	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN: Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*) Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
		BENGAL.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
1	Burdwan Division.	Burdwan ...	12 7	13 0	12 10	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	9 8	10 8	11 4	11 8	...	...	...
2	Burdwan Division.	Bankura ...	14 4	14 3	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 12	13 4	11 6	10 11½		...	...
3	Burdwan Division.	Birbhum ...	12 0	12 0	10 8	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 8	12 12	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
4	Burdwan Division.	Midnapore ...	11 0	11 0	10 11	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	12 3	11 9	12 0	...	...	...
5	Burdwan Division.	Hooghly ...	13 0	13 14	12 8	13 0	17 0	...	8 0	9 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0		...	...
6	Burdwan Division.	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 14	8 13	8 14	11 4	11 6	11 0	...	...	...
	Presidency Division.	Calcutta	12 1	12 7	11 3	16 6	16 13	14 15	7 1	7 4	8 1	9 8	9 12	10 11	18 4	19 0	14 8
7	Presidency Division.	24-Parganas ...	11 12	11 12	11 8	16 0	16 0	16 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	10 12	10 12	11 0	...	...	...
8	Presidency Division.	Nadia ...	15 4½	14 8	11 13½	...	...	...	8 13	9 3	10 2¼	10 10¼	11 0	11 7	...	...	...
9	Presidency Division.	Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	11 0	...	...	...
10	Presidency Division.	Jessore ...	11 8	11 8	11 0	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 8	10 8	10 4	13 0	...	...	...
11	Presidency Division.	Murshidabad ...	13 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 8	9 0	9 0	11 8	11 8	12 0	...	...	...
12	Chittagong Division.	Chittagong ...	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	8 8	8 12	10 0	11 8	10 8	12 0	...	...	...
13	Chittagong Division.	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 0	10 0	9 4	8 0 to 8 8	11 0	...	...	...
14	Chittagong Division.	Tippera ...	8 0	9 8	10 0	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	8 8	8 0	8 0	9 8	...	...	...
15	Chittagong Division.	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 14	8 0	8 14	...	...	...
16	Dacca Division.	Dacca ...	13 0	11 0	10 8	...	...	...	6 12	7 0	9 8	8 0	8 0	10 0	...	...	...
17	Dacca Division.	Faridpur ...	15 0	15 0	10 0	18 0	18 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	11 0	...	...	...
18	Dacca Division.	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 6	8 4	8 2	11 6	...	...	...
19	Dacca Division.	Mymensingh ...	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	8 0	8 8	8 0	10 0	...	...	...
20	Rajshahi Division.	Dinajpur ...	12 0	12 0	11 4	...	16 0	15 12	9 10	9 0	9 0	11 10	12 0	Bhadoi. 13 0	...	...	...
21	Rajshahi Division.	Rajshahi ...	15 12	15 0	12 0	24 0	...	19 8	8 10	8 4	9 0	10 2	10 2	10 14	...	...	...
22	Rajshahi Division.	Rangpur	13 5	13 8	11 4	...	...	...	8 0	9 2	8 0	10 0	10 5	10 8	* ...	...	...

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 10½ seers, and Raniganj 11 seers.
B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Contai 10 seers, Tamluk 11 seers, and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks.
E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Serampore (Bhadreswar) 11 seers 6 chitaks and Jahanabad 10 seers 10 chitaks.
F At Uluberia the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
G In the principal marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Chetla 11 seers 10 chitaks, Barasat 10 seers 10 chitaks, Baduria 11 seers.
H In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kushtia (Bahadurkhali) 10½ seers, Chuadanga 10 seers, Meherpur 11 seers, and Ranaghat 10½ seers.
J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Satkhira 10 seers 10 chitaks and Bagerhat 8 seers.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET. (*Setaria italica.*)			GRAM, CH[illegible] CHHOLA, KA[illegible] OR SUNA[illegible] (*Cicer arieti*[illegible])	
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch
...	...	...	20 0	20 0
...	...	...	16 4	16 0
...	...	...	18 0	18 0
...	...	...	14 8	14 [illegible]
...	...	...	14 0	16 [illegible]
...	...	...	...	...
8 12	8 6	10 0	14 0	14 [illegible]
8 0	8 0	7 8	20 0	20 [illegible]
...	...	...	22 13	22 [illegible]
...	...	...	12 8	12 [illegible]
...	...	...	17 0	17 [illegible]
...	...	...	19 0	19 [illegible]
...	...	...	12 0	11 [illegible]
...	...	...	11 8	11 [illegible]
...	...	...	11 0	11 [illegible]
...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	13 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	13 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	13 5	[illegible]
...	...	...	12 8	[illegible]
...	...	...	14 6	[illegible]
...	...	...	21 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	16 0	[illegible]

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 30*th September*, 1893.

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus Indicus.*)			Firewood.			Salt.			Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt.			Districts.	Number.	Division.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
															BENGAL.		
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	17 0	98 0	98 0	100 0	A 11 4	11 4	12 0	3 10 0	3 9 0	3 5 4½	Burdwan.	1	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	13 6	13 6	14 0	280 0	280 0	320 0	B t 10-10-2	t 10-10-2	10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Bankura.	2	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	10 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	C 11 0	11 0	10 12	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 12 6	Birbhum.	3	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	280 0	D 10 12	10 12	11 10	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 8 0	Midnapore.	4	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	11 8	11 8	11 8	140 0	160 0	120 0	E 11 8	11 6	10 10	3 8 0	3 5 0	3 5 0	Hooghly.	5	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	10 10	105 0	105 0	106 0	F 10 10	10 10	10 10⅔	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	Howrah.	6	Burdwan Division.
19 6	19 6	19 7	17 12	18 4	15 2	85 0	85 0	85 0	11 10	11 0	11 5	3 7 0	3 8 0	3 4 3	Calcutta.		
16 0	16 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	18 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	G 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 5 0	24-Parganas.	7	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	22 13	24 8	17 12½	128 0	128 0	...	H 9 13½	10 8	10 10½	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Nadia.	8	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	I 9 0	9 0	9 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	Khulna.	9	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	15 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	J 10 0	9 14	9 12	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Jessore.	10	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	K 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 7 0	3 7 0	3 7 0	Murshidabad.	11	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	80 0	80 0	110 0	L 9 8	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	Chittagong.	12	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	Not sold by weight			M 9 2	9 2	9 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	Noakhali.	13	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	6 12	7 6	7 10	...	Ditto	...	N 8 0	10 0	10 13½	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Tippera.	14	Chittagong Division.
No. in cobs. 300	300	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	11 0	16 0	15 0	140 0	120 0	120 0	O 9 4	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	Dacca.	16	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	P 10 4	10 4	10 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	Faridpur.	17	Dacca Division.
10 0	Mug. 10 0	10 0	8 0	Musuri. 8 0	7 12	80 0	80 0	80 0	Q 10 0	10 12	10 10	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 9 0	Backergunge.	18	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	R 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	Mymensingh.	19	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	...	10 0	14 12	120 0	160 0	160 0	10 0	10 0	9 4	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Dinajpur.	20	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	20 0	21 0	16 10	240 0	240 0	240 0	S 9 9	9 9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 8	3 10 8	Rajshahi.	21	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	11 4	11 4	9 0	53 0	53 0	80 0	T 10 8	10 8	10 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	Rangpur.	22	Rajshahi Division.

J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jhenida 10 seers, Magura 10 seers, Narail 9 seers 10 chitaks, and Bangaon 10 seers 11 chitaks.
K In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kandi 10½ seers and Jangipur 10½ seers.
L At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
M At Fenny Hát the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
N In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Brahmanbaria 9 seers 2 chitaks and Chandpur 9 seers.
O In the principal marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madanganj 10 seers, Manikganj 9 seers 13 chitaks, Mirkadimhát 10 seers, and Munshirhát 10 seers.
P In the Goalundo and Madaripur subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 10¼ seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 9 seers.
R In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jamalpur 9½ seers, Kagmari 10 seers, Kishorganj 6½ seers, and Netrakona 8 seers.
S In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Naugaon 9 seers 9 chitaks and Nator 9 seers.
T In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Gaibanda 10 seers, Nilphamari 10 seers, and Kurigaon 8 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (*retail*) *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters*

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (*Sorghum Vulgare.*) Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL—*continued.*																
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Rajshahi Division—concld.																
23	Bogra ...	12 0	13 5	12 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	9 0	9 0	9 0	11 12	...	...	...
24	Pabna	17 4	16 8	13 8	22 8	22 8	...	6 0	6 0	6 14	10 14	11 4	12 12			...
25	Darjeeling	8 0	8 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
26	Jalpaiguri	13 0	13 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	7 8	7 8	6 0	11 0	12 0	10 0			...
BIHAR.																
Bhagalpur Division.																
27	Monghyr ..	15 8	15 12	12 8 to 13 4	23 0	23 1	15 8 to 16 0	8 0 to 10 8	10 8	9 8	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
28	Bhagalpur ...	15 2	15 2	13 14	21 4	21 7	16 6	10 8	10 11	10 1	13 10	13 14	12 10	...	...	...
29	Purnea (Kasba)	16 0	16 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	11 0	8 0	12 0	12 0	14 0	...	...	...
30	Malda (English Bazar).	16 0	16 0	12 8	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 0	12 0	12 8	12 0	...	...	...
31	Sonthal Parganas.	12 8	11 8	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 0	14 4	14 0	11 0	...	...	...
Patna Division.																
32	Patna ..	19 0 / 18 0	Red. 20 0 White. 19 0	15 8 / 14 0	26 0	28 0	24 0	10 8	10 0	10 8	16 0	15 0	15 0	27 0	24 0	21 0
33	Gaya ...	14 8	14 0	12 8	18 0	20 0	17 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	13 0	12 4	12 0	18 0	17 8	16 8
34	Shahabad ...	14 0	15 0	14 0	20 0	20 0	17 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	16 0	14 0	11 0	...	...	...
35	Darbhanga ...	15 0	15 14	13 2	18 9	18 9	17 8	12 0	12 5	9 14	14 4	14 4	12 1	...	...	...
36	Muzaffarpur ...	15 8	15 0	13 0	22 0	22 0	19 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	13 8	12 12	12 0	...	...	...
37	Saran ...	17 8	16 0	13 13	24 0	25 0	20 0	11 8	11 8	8 0	15 0	14 8	11 10	...	...	...
38	Champaran ...	13 12	13 8	11 8	23 0	22 8	17 0	8 8	8 8	9 0	15 4	16 0	14 8	...	...	...
ORISSA.																
Orissa Division.																
39	Cuttack ...	10 8	11 2	9 3	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	8 3	13 2	13 2	11 13	...	...	...
40	Puri ...	10 8	9 8	9 3	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 1	13 0	13 0	11 13	...	...	...
41	Balasore ...	12 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	Old 15 0 New. 17 0	16 0 / 18 0	15 0	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																
Chota Nagpur Division.																
42	Hazaribagh ...	12 8	12 0	11 0	15 0	16 0	14 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	12 0 to 12 4	12 0 to 12 8	13 8 ordinary.	...	...	...
43	Lohardaga ...	Red. 11 0 White. 8 0 to 9 0	11 0 / 9 0 to 10 0	9 8 / 7 0 to 9 0	12 0	13 0	11 0	10 0	11 0	12 0	14 0 to 15 0	13 0 to 14 0	14 0 coarse 19 0	...	...	...
44	Palamau ...	13 8	13 8	12 6	21 15	23 10	20 4	12 15	12 6	12 1	15 3	12 15	16 0	...	...	...
45	Singhbhum ...	12 0	12 0	13 0	...	...	...	8 0	10 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	14 0	...	...	...
46	Manbhum	13 8	13 0	12 0	...	...	...	8 8 to 9 0	8 0 to 9 0	9 0	10 0 to 12 0	10 0 to 13 0	12 8	...	...	...

U At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 10 seers 10 chitaks per rupee.
V At Alipur the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
W In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Begusarai 10 seers and Jamui 10 seers.
X In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :— Banka 10 seers, Madhipura 10 seers, and Supaul 10 seers.
Y In the Kishanganj and Arraria subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Deoghur 10½ seers, Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, and Rajmahal 10 seers.
a In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Barh 9 seers, Bihar 9¾ seers, and Dinapore 8 seers.
b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Aurangabad 10 seers, Nawada 8½ seers and Jahanabad 10 seers.
c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Buxar 10½ seers, Sasaram 10½ seers, and Bhabhua 9 seers.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madhubani 11 seers and Samastipur 10 seers.

CALCUTTA,
The 10th October, 1893.

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	12 12	12 12	12 0
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 14
...	...	...	11 0	12 0	11 0
...	...	...	14 0	15 0	13 0
16 0	16 12	18 0 to 20 0	22 0	23 1	16 0 to 18 0
...	...	...	20 3	20 0	15 12
...	...	21 0	20 0	20 0	13 0
13 0	...	13 0	18 0	18 0	14 8
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	14 0
21 0	21 0	20 0	28 0	27 0	21 0
17 8	18 0	17 0	20 0	20 0	17 0
...	...	...	22 0	20 0	17 0
19 12	19 11	13 0	19 12	20 12	17 8
...	...	...	22 0	22 0	18 0
16 0	16 0	16 0	25 0	23 0	18 8
...	...	...	21 8	21 4	16 8
...	...	...	(Biri or kalai.) 20 5	20 5	15 6
...	...	...	17 2	16 0	13 10
...	...	...	(Chhola.) 13 0 (Biri.) 16 0	13 0 16 0	12 0 13 0
...	...	...	15 8 to 16 0	15 0	13 8
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	10 0 to 10 8
...	...	...	20 4	20 4	13 8
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0
...	...	...	17 0	16 0 to 17 0	14 0

PRICES-CURRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt

Number.	MARTS.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice common.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	3 4 6	3 3 9	3 5 0	2 7 0	2 6 0	2 6 6	5 10 0	5 9 0	4 11 0	4 2 6	4 2 0	3 7 [illegible]
2	Sirajganj ...	2 12 0	2 11 0	3 6 0	...	...	...	6 2 0	6 6 0	6 0 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	3 15 0
3	Dacca ...	3 0 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	5 8 0	5 12 0	4 4 0	4 14 0	5 0 0	4 0 0
4	Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4 0	5 8 0	4 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	3 12 0
5	Chittagong	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	...	...	...	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	3 9 0	3 12 8	3 5 [illegible]
6	Patna ...	Red. 2 1 0 White. 2 3 6	Red. 2 0 0 White. 2 1 6	Red. 2 9 0 White. 2 13 6	1 8 9	1 6 9	1 10 6	3 12 6	4 0 0	3 12 6	2 8 0	2 10 6	2 10 6
7	Balasore ...	3 10 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	2 6 0	2 3 0	2 9 0
8	Puri ...	3 12 0	4 3 0	4 5 0	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 6 0
9	Cuttack ...	3 10 0	3 12 0	4 6 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 14 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 6 0

CALCUTTA,
The 10*th October*, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND

JOWAR OR CHOLUM. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)			BAJRA OR CUMBU. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P
2 8 0	2 2 0	2 8 0	...	...	3 5 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
7 9	1 11 0	1 14 6	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

OF 40 SEERS.

Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
...	...	...	4 7 6	4 8 0	3 8
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 11 6 to 1 14 6	1 10 6	1 13 0	1 14 6	1 14 6	2 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

in the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 30th September, 1893.

GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE. (*Zea Mays.*)			ARHAR OR THUR, CADJAN PEA. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 13 0	2 13 0	2 8 6	2 1 0	2 1 0	1 13 0	2 4 0	2 3 0	2 6 1	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	3 7 0	3 8 0	3 4 3	Calcutta.
2 10 0	2 12 0	2 13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 8 0	3 10 0	3 9 0	3 7 0	Sirajganj.
3 0 0	2 12 0	2 13 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	2 8 0	2 10 0	0 5 6	0 5 0	0 5 0	4 0 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	Dacca.
3 2 0	3 2 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	3 2 0	3 2 0	4 0 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 8 0	Narayanganj.
3 4 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	Chittagong.
1 7 0	1 7 6	1 14 6	1 11 9	1 13 0	1 7 9	1 7 9	1 7 6	1 12 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.
2 12 0	2 12 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	3 14 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 5 0	2 8 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	2 8 0	2 10 0	3 0 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 4 0	3 5 0	3 6 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 4 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 10 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STOCKS OF RICE IN AND AROUND CALCUTTA.

Names of Marts.	Stock in hand as compiled on—												
	1st week of Oct. 1892.	1st week of Nov. 1892.	1st week of Dec. 1892.	1st week of Jan. 1893.	1st week of Feb. 1893.	1st week of March 1893.	1st week of April 1893.	1st week of May 1893.	1st week of June 1893.	1st week of July 1893.	1st week of August 1893.	1st week of Sept. 1893.	1st week of Oct. 1893.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Baliaghata	4,96,500	4,39,000	3,16,000	3,34,000	4,05,000	6,12,000	9,04,000	13,32,000	11,73,000	10,31,000	8,86,000	8,67,000	7,10,500
Uitadanga	65,100	57,330	57,800	65,200	78,700	99,500	1,06,500	1,15,000	1,17,500	1,19,700	1,09,400	65,000	61,300
Chitpur, Golabaree, Kumartooly, Hatkhola, and Cutpi Ghat.	5,63,300	5,64,800	5,40,700	5,64,700	7,01,000	6,54,500	6,46,600	6,43,000	6,66,000	6,65,300	6,64,900	6,84,500	7,06,700
Pathuriaghatta, Posta, and Jorabagan.	3,000	2,500	2,000	3,000	8,000	3,500	3,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	2,000	2,500	3,000
Tollygunge, Chetla, Kidderpore, and Munshiganj.	93,000	51,100	40,600	87,900	1,14,200	1,46,400	1,56,700	1,55,300	1,70,200	1,53,800	1,31,800	1,21,900	1,17,600
21 Minor bazars (estimated) ...	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000
Other retail shops, 3,129 in number (estimated).	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000
Baidyabati, Nowabganj, Bhadreshwar, and Chandernagore.	33,908	31,125	40,037	63,961	69,800	76,380	6,062	5,319	42,577	28,275	43,300	26,750	10,844
Total ...	17,45,408	16,35,825	14,57,137	16,08,761	18,67,600	20,89,280	23,13,462	27,42,619	26,61,777	24,90,575	23,27,400	22,57,650	20,99,944
On Railway premises on both sides of the river.	17,216 (on 8th Oct. 1892.)	9,774 (on 3rd Nov. 1892.)	24,557 (on 3rd Dec. 1892.)	35,389 (on 3rd Jan. 1893.)	32,791 (on 3rd Feb. 1893.)	22,643 (on 3rd March 1893.)	23,773 (on 3rd April 1893.)	10,934 (on 3rd May 1893.)	11,512 (on 3rd June 1893.)	8,865 (on 3rd July 1893.)	12,807 (on 3rd August 1893.)	18,819 (on 3rd Sept. 1893.)	25,127 (on 3rd Oct. 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Port Commissioners' returns.	27,678 (6th to 8th Oct. 1892.)	13,696 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1892.)	38,882 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	47,638 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	40,930 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)	41,298 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	25,720 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	21,378 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)	19,601 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	13,314 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)	56,451 (1st to 3rd August 1893.)	23,091 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1893.)	39,723 (1st to 3rd Oct. 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Canal returns	24,607 (6th to 8th Oct. 1892.)	15,777 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1892.)	16,296 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	1,30,459 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	1,20,600 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)	1,90,575 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	76,791 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	34,169 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)	7,615 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	14,625 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)	19,787 (1st to 3rd August 1893.)	31,941 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1893.)	34,228 (1st to 3rd Oct. 1893.)
Grand total of Stocks ...	18,14,899	16,74,982	15,06,872	18,22,447	20,61,921	23,53,796	24,39,746	28,09,100	27,00,505	25,27,379	24,16,535	23,31,501	21,64,901
Probable stock available for exportation by sea.	7¼ lakhs	6½ lakhs	5 lakhs	7¾ lakhs	10 lakhs	13 lakhs	13¾ lakhs	17¼ lakhs	16¼ lakhs	14¾ lakhs	13¼ lakhs	12¾ lakhs	11 lakhs

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT,
The 7th October, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract of the results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory in the month of September 1893.

	Inches.	Date.	Hour.
The mean pressure of the month	29·646		
The average pressure of September from 24 years' registers ...	29·682		
The highest pressure in the month	29·895	14th	10
The lowest pressure in the month	29·369	2nd	16
The range of pressure	0·526		
	Hours.		
The total number of hours of bright sunshine during the month	124·2		
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine ...	376·0		
	⊖		
The mean temperature of the month	82·1		
The average temperature of September from 24 years' registers	83·3		
The highest temperature in the month	89·6	6th and 28th.	
The lowest temperature in the month	73·7	12th.	
The range of temperature during the month	15·9		
The mean daily range of temperature	8·9		
The greatest range of temperature in one day	12·4	13th.	
	Per cent.		
The mean humidity of the month	88		
The average humidity of September from 24 years' registers ...	85		
	Inches.		
The mean vapour tension of the month	0·966		
The average vapour tension of September from 9 years' registers	0·987		
The mean cloud proportion of the month	6·66		
The average cloud proportion of September from 16 years' registers	7·00		
The total rainfall of the month	8·74		
The total rainfall indicated by a Beckley's self-registering rain-gauge (mouth of the gauge about 52 feet above the ground)	8·35		
The average fall of September from 48 years' registers ...	10·18		
The greatest fall in 24 hours	2·59	12th.	
	Days.		
The number of rainy days in the month	17		
The average number of rainy days in September from 24 years' registers	21		
The mean maximum equilibrium temperature of solar radiation during the month	⊖ 142·0		
The mean difference of sun and air temperatures	55·4		
The greatest sun temperature	158·3	1st.	
The greatest excess of sun over air temperature	71·2	1st.	
The mean temperature of the nocturnal radiation thermometer on woollen cloth	75·6		
The mean depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature at 4 feet above the ground	2·2		
The greatest depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature	4·8	30th.	
	Miles.		
The mean movement of the wind per day	114·5		
The greatest movement of the wind in one day	314·0	11th.	
The greatest movement of the wind in one hour	20·0	25th, 11 to noon.	

The number of hours with winds from each of the 8 points—

N. 5, N.E. 68, E. 147, S.E. 175, S. 137, S.W. 37, W. 36, N.W. 29, Calm 86.

The results of observations at the Alipore Observatory are not rigorously comparable with the registers of past years (at the Park Street Observatory). The barometer is about 3 feet higher at Alipore, and, other things being equal, reads therefore ·003 lower. The diurnal range of temperature is also greater at Alipore, and the mean temperature apparently equal; and, finally, the thermometer which furnished the record of temperature at the Surveyor-General's Office during 20 years and upwards is found to read 0·6 higher than the Kew standard thermometer, which is the standard of reference at the present Observatory.

J. H. Gilliland,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India;
Calcutta, the 9th October 1893.

Meteorological Report of the Province o

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative stations.	Station Observations. Air Pressure. Highest, 8 A.M. barometer reading.	Lowest, 8 A.M. barometer reading.	Mean, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, Lat. 45°.	Variation from normal mean.	Wind. Mean direction at 8 A.M.	Mean velocity in miles daily.	Temperature. Highest of month.	Lowest of month.	Mean daily maximum temperature.	Mean daily minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.	Variation from normal mean.	Humidity. Mean, 8 A.M., humidity.	Variation from normal mean.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	29·847	29·397	29·663	29·618	—	N41°W	264	91·7	69·6	87·4	78·6	83·0	—	86	—
		Gopalpur	29·858	29·477	29·677	29·638	—·043	N32°W	273	90·7	73·8	87·2	76·9	82·1	—1·6	87	—
		False Point	29·860	29·378	29·644	29·627	—·065	‡S29°W	285	91·0	74·6	86·8*	77·8*	82·4†	—0·6	87	0
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·773	29·165	29·589	29·611	—·070	S82°W	79	92·7	73·8	88·1	78·0	83·1	—0·8	81	—1
	Balasore	Balasore	29·819	29·253	29·621	29·623	—·065	N27°E	118	92·4	73·8	86·8	77·1	82·0	—0·1	92	—
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·743	29·269	29·555	29·650	—·052	N84°E	93	92·3	74·1	88·2	77·1	82·7	—0·2	87	—
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	29·885	29·422	29·690	29·657	—·039	S48°E	111	90·1	73·7	86·7	77·8	82·2	—0·5	87	0
		Saugor Island	29·874	29·318	29·671	29·640	—·053	S41°E	311	91·7	75·0	87·4	78·9	83·2	—0·4	90	0
	Howrah	......															
	Hooghly	......															
	Nadia	Krishnagar	29·869	29·443	29·672	29·657	—·024	S52°E	132	93·3	72·2	88·0	77·5	82·8	—0·2	86	—
	Khulna	......															
	Jessore	Jessore	29·893	29·471	29·699	29·670	—·035	S55°E	122	93·0	75·9	88·0	78·1	83·0	—0·8	90	+3
	Burdwan	Burdwan	29·818	29·390	29·626	29·671	—·031	S84°E	97†	92·1	75·2	87·6	78·1	82·9	—1·2	86	0
		Raniganj	29·560	29·148	29·382	29·666	—·025	S84°E	75	95·7	72·9	89·9	76·2*	83·1*	0	90	—
	Bankura	Bankura	29·550	29·161	29·387	29·636	—·045	S59°E	104	92·1	73·6	87·0	76·6	81·8	—1·5	90	—
	Birbhum	......															
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	29·849	29·436	29·660	29·676	—·031	S66°E	97	92·7	74·8	87·4	78·1	82·8	—0·8	93	+7
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	29·878	29·503	29·695	29·691	—0·21	S52°E	115	92·1	74·7	87·1	77·6	82·4	—0·3	91	—
	Bogra	Bogra	29·842	29·480	29·677	29·690	+·007	S14°E	79	93·2	73·2	87·7	76·3	81·9	—0·6	88	—
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia	29·836	29·468	29·657	29·677	—·018	S53°E	126	93·1	74·6	87·1	76·6	81·9	—0·2	88	—
	Malda	Malda	29·837	29·463	29·646	29·678	—	S48°E	84	93·6	71·5	87·7	77·4	82·6	—	90	—
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·804	29·443	29·627	29·703	—·005	N81°E	74	93·6	73·2	87·0	77·2	82·1	—0·8	89	—
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·802	29·444	29·632	29·709	—·019	S73°E	50*	92·8	71·7	87·3	76·4	81·9	—0·8	90	—
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·657	29·311	29·487	29·725	+·006	N62°E	61	92·9	70·1	86·8	75·1	81·0	—0·2	87	—
	Kuch Bihár	......															
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	23·096	22·890	22·974	—	—·028	E	104	69·1	49·6	62·4	54·4	58·4	—1·7	92	0
	Sikkim	Gnatong	?	?	?	—	—	S51°E	74	56·9	31·6	51·7	38·1	44·9	—	82	—
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·858	29·491	29·689	29·725	—·020	S82°E	102	89·7	74·1	86·6	75·9	81·3	—0·1	89	+1
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagri	Observations not received.														
	Backergunge	Barisal	29·902	29·400	29·718	29·676	—·036	S50°E	89	91·8	74·4	87·7	77·7‡	82·6‡	+0·5	89	—
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29·878	29·513	29·701	29·691	—·035	S53°E	160	90·5	73·8	86·2	77·1	81·7	+0·1	91	—
	Faridpur	Faridpur	29·897	29·502	29·710	29·704	—·015	S58°E	95	89·0	72·9	85·8	78·1	81·9	—0·6	90	—
	Dacca	Dacca	29·897	29·509	29·717	29·687	—·032	S42°E	139	91·1	75·2	88·2	78·2	83·2	—0·4	89	0
	Tippera	Comilla	29·896	29·525	29·723	29·706	—·023	S68°E	105	91·8	73·8	88·2	76·4	82·3	—0·2	90	—
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·866	29·508	29·655	29·705	—·025	S74°E	100	91·7	73·6	87·1	77·3	82·2	+0·3	90	—
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·796	29·430	29·610	29·688	—·017	N85°E	51	94·2	71·2	87·5	77·3	82·3	—1·0	91	+2
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·732	29·383	29·552	29·665	—·024	S79°E	57	92·7	72·5	87·4	76·5	82·0	—1·1	88	—
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·734	29·396	29·556	29·676	—·029	S80°E	134	94·0	70·7	86·5	77·5	82·0	—1·6	88	0
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·711	29·383	29·542	29·674	—	S86°E	159	93·7	71·2	86·9	77·0	82·0	—	90	—
	Champaran	Motihari	29·660	29·333	29·463	29·663	—·045	S69°E	142	95·2	70·8	87·7	75·7	81·7	—1·2	86	—
	Saran	Chapra	29·691	29·303	29·528	29·663	—·010	N77°E	151	94·3	72·1	87·6	77·1	82·3	—1·1	85	—
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·529	29·112	29·346	29·650	—·043	S67°E	216	93·8	72·0	86·9*	76·7*	81·8*	—0·9	87	—
		Buxar	29·606	29·126	29·457	29·650	—·041	N81°E	171	92·5	71·8	87·5	76·4	81·9	—1·0	85	—
		Arrah	29·662	29·264	29·503	29·644	—·030	S87°E	90	93·9	73·0	88·3	77·6	82·9	—1·4	87	—
	Gaya	Gaya	29·473	29·177	29·321	29·650	—·040	S82°E	152	94·5	72·8	88·8	76·9	82·8	—1·6	90	+9
	Patna	Bankipore	29·684	29·349	29·523	29·658	—·041	S87°E	180	93·5	71·2	87·2	77·9	82·6	—2·2	86	+1
	Monghyr	......															
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·303	29·020	29·220	29·665	—·022	S63°E	161†	92·6	73·8	86·5	76·1	81·3	—0·8	86	—
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·862	27·536	27·704	29·652	—·042	S3°W	235	88·2	66·8	82·9	70·9	76·9	—1·4	80	+4
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·737	27·390	27·577	29·640	—·046	S56°W	207	87·0	67·9	81·7	70·8	76·2	—·09	80	—
	Palamau	Daltanganj	29·098*	28·761*	28·934*	29·615*	—	S16°W	72*	94·3*	70·0*	87·1*	76·1*	81·6*	—	85*	—
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	29·094	28·671	28·917	29·624	—·046	S51°E	24*	92·4	70·2	88·3*	75·4	81·9*	—0·3	87	—
	Manbhum	......															
Assam	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·615	29·319	29·480	29·779	+·012	S72°E	37	93·1	71·9	87·1	75·5	81·3	—1·5	94	+2
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29·810	29·465	29·647	29·717	—·027	N55°E	154	91·2	73·3	84·7	76·4	80·6	—0·8	90	—2
	Cachar	Silchar	29·834	29·480	29·675	29·730	—·022	Calm	11	96·6	73·3	91·2	76·2	83·7	+0·7	87	—1

* Mean of 29 days. † Mean of 28 days. ‡ Mean of 24 days.

ngal for the month of September 1893

Cloud.		District Observations.	Rainfall.										District.
			Of month.					Since 16th May 1893.					
Mean cloud amount, 8 A. M.	Variation from normal mean, 8 A. M.	Rainfall.	Mean of district.	Normal mean.	Variation from mean.	Number of rainy days.	Normal mean number of rainy days.	Mean of district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean number of rainy days.	Normal mean number of rainy days.	
[illegible]	— — —0·2	21·82 10·27 25·39	19·08	10·15	+8·93	17·00	13·15	65·91	44·35	+21·56	56·25	54·85	Puri.
[illegible]	—0·8	14·98		9·33			11·93		44·26			55·13	Cuttack.
[illegible]	—	21·65		11·10			12·61		46·41			56·97	Balasore.
[illegible]	—	12·93		8·88			11·66		47·48			56·11	Midnapore.
[illegible]	—1·2 —1·1	8·74 16·86	10·77	9·60	+1·17	13·71	12·63	60·42	48·75	+1·67	60·67	63·94	24-Parganas.
			13·24	8·48	+4·76	14·00	12·09	60·84	46·15	+14·69	63·00	64·33	Howrah.
			13·19	8·05	+5·14	12·66	11·94	60·01	45·70	+14·31	63·32	61·94	Hooghly.
7·5	—	9·42	10·32	8·59	+1·73	15·60	11·00	57·20	43·95	+13·25	68·20	58·00	Nadia.
			11·47	9·54	+1·93	13·00	12·54	67·83	50·92	+16·91	70·67	67·60	Khulna.
7·3	—0·6	9·11	10·11	8·58	+1·53	13·20	11·03	50·43	45·53	+4·90	67·60	60·10	Jessore.
7·6 4·0	—0·2 —	12·91 10·27	9·99	7·57	+2·42	12·50	11·03	51·09	42·57	+8·52	56·59	56·73	Burdwan.
6·4	—	12·19	11·93	8·17	+3·76	13·25	12·00	59·86	47·54	+12·32	64·50	62·83	Bankura.
			11·41	10·75	+0·66	15·00	12·76	51·10	49·06	+2·04	70·01	61·60	Birbhum.
7·9	—0·6	9·99	8·25	10·40	—2·15	13·33	12·70	55·99	45·37	+10·62	69·57	59·67	Murshidabad.
7·9	—	7·33	8·49	10·42	—1·93	12·00	12·08	67·22	47·84	+22·38	71·00	60·15	Pabna.
6·3	—	9·81	9·62	10·36	—0·74	13·00	11·83	58·53	52·02	+6·51	70·50	60·30	Bogra.
5·8	—	8·90	8·84	11·86	—3·02	13·67	11·87	60·35	49·13	+11·22	67·00	59·46	Rajshahi.
6·1	—	8·63	15·75	11·05	+4·70	14·00	11·40	55·71	49·69	+6·02	72·50	57·02	Malda.
7·2	—	16·77	15·13	11·32	+3·81	14·00	11·51	65·56	52·90	+12·66	72·40	59·86	Dinajpur.
6·5	—	18·69	14·20	13·44	+0·76	13·00	11·84	77·22	67·89	+9·33	70·00	64·71	Rangpur.
7·4	—	24·07	24·05	23·93	+0·12	10·00	15·35	108·79	110·39	—1·60	78·00	79·43	Jalpaiguri.
			18·33	20·12	—1·79	12·75	14·67	105·95	101·94	+4·01	77·50	76·58	Kuch Bihar.
8·9 7·1	+1·0 —	30·87 20·29	25·65	18·64	+7·01	15·50	16·54	129·56	116·54	+13·02	94·00	90·52	Darjeeling. Sikkim.
7·0	—0·1	8·63	10·80	14·32	—3·52	15·00	14·13	122·94	103·43	+19·51	86·00	78·73	Chittagong.
			11·18	12·72	—1·54	14·00	16·30	98·44	73·27	+25·17	96·00	85·80	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
9·0	—	10·76	14·24	12·12	+2·12	16·75	14·49	81·31	68·64	+12·67	84·00	78·53	Backergunge.
3·5	—	9·99	12·09	16·76	—4·67	18·00	15·28	110·08	96·55	+13·53	96·00	82·39	Noakhali.
6·9	—	7·82	6·96	9·05	— 2·09	14·00	11·26	60·04	49·65	+10·39	68·07	63·41	Faridpur.
8·0	+0·8	9·20	7·86	10·17	—2·31	13·00	11·59	53·29	54·54	—1·15	67·25	66·37	Dacca.
6·5	—	11·65	10·60	11·35	—0·75	17·50	13·71	70·09	61·85	+8·24	77·50	71·88	Tippera.
7·2	—	11·43	9·64	13·04	—3·40	12·00	13·68	83·13	62·67	+20·46	75·00	69·94	Mymensingh.
5·6	—0·9	15·31	20·80	13·95	+6·85	13·67	11·84	76·74	60·77	+15·97	65·33	58·84	Purnea.
7·6	—	14·71		8·98			10·41		41·70			52·04	Bhagalpur.
6·2	+0·3	10·40	11·71	9·25	+2·46	12·00	9·18		40·90			45·63	Darbhanga.
5·8	—	10·22	8·63	8·99	—0·16	9·00	8·96	41·79	39·21	+2·58	53·34	44·28	Muzaffarpur.
6·1	—	17·27		9·30			8·76		42·28			43·38	Champaran.
8·0	—	11·18	9·40	7·45	+1·95	10·00	8·72	37·97	37·43	+0·54	51·34	43·69	Saran.
4·1 6·8 4·2	— — —	9·56 10·24 11·56		7·07			9·76		36·01			45·60	Shahabad.
6·1	—1·3	8·63	9·84	6·79	+3·05	13·25	8·79	42·43	37·70	+4·73	56·00	44·26	Gaya.
7·7	+0·7	7·04	8·21	7·04	+1·17	10·00	9·33		37·06			44·51	Patna.
			11·85	7·91	+3·94	14·00	10·10	52·55	39·22	+13·33	56·33	48·98	Monghyr.
4·7	—	9·90		10·21			13·09		46·27			50·44	Sonthal Parganas.
8·4 5·9 6·6 7·8	+0·3 — — —	20·88 18·55 13·66 9·92	9·92	9·07 9·44 7·82 8·32 7·69	+1·60	14·00	13·88 14·25 11·05 12·25 11·60	51·05	45·86 47·41 39·03 47·14 42·57	+3·91	67·00	62·56 66·68 56·58 61·62 59·61	Hazaribagh. Lohardaga. Palamau. Singhbhum. Manbhum.
6·4 7·4 8·1	—2·0 +0·7 +0·5	5·37 7·85 9·36											Sibsagar. Goalpara. Cachar.

Table of Rainfall recorded at statio

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	1·00	1·12	2·16	...	...	0·14	0·12	0·21	0·02	2·20	0·24	0·12	0·57	1·84	0·03	...	0·20	0·05	0·06
		Khurda ...	0·32	1·18	2·89	0·11	0·58	...	...	0·35	0·01	0·14	0·38	0·26	1·57	0·30	0·03	...	0·32	...	0·08
		Banpur ...	0·17	0·70	4·15	...	...	0·95	...	0·30	1·75	0·40	0·20	0·30	0·60	0·25	0·30	...	...	1·40	0·37
		False Point ...	0·04	3·55	3·42	0·41	...	...	...	0·92	0·24	1·92	3·59	1·73	0·58	0·25	0·03	...	...	0·04	1·40
		Gop ...	0·10	1·50	1·82	0·10	...	0·08	...	1·03	0·10	0·95	1·23	1·30	3·05	2·15	0·65	...	0·10	...	1·10
		Satpara ...	0·02	0·52	4·50	...	0·48	...	0·30	0·30	0·84	0·80	0·50	8·30	1·41	0·11	...	...	...	0·16	...
		Pipli ...	1·25	...	0·10	0·50	...	...	0·13	0·29	1·20	0·28	0·50	2·05	1·32	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·35
		Ranpur ...	0·11	1·03	3·63	0·18	...	0·20	...	1·44	0·44	1·17	1·13	0·23	0·78	0·13	0·44	...	...	...	...
		Karmala ...	0·49	0·59	1·70	...	0·80	...	0·13	0·03	0·75	2·50	0·23	0·08	3·80	1·35	...	...	...	...	...
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	1·55	3·21	3·21	0·15	0·60	...	1·35			0·68	...	...	0·60	0·07	...	0·15	...	0·10	...
		Banki ...	0·10	0·77	2·38	0·32	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	1·42	0·30	0·59	0·10	0·05	0·50	0·22	0·02	0·02
		Cuttack ...	0·17	2·25	3·16	0·45	1·30	...	...	...	0·24	...	1·33	0·45	2·10	0·42	...	...	...	...	...
		Kendrapara ...	0·10	3·10	1·29	0·21	...	...	...	0·02	1·58	0·91	1·20	0·93	0·50	0·08	0·48	0·02	...	0·11	0·52
		Jajpur ...	0·40	1·92	2·76	0·50	...	...	...	...	0·04	0·12	1·76	1·16	1·05	0·05	...	...	...	...	0·09
		Dharmsala ...	2·04	3·25	...	0·85	...	...	...	...	0·19	1·10	0·77	0·60	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·37
		Salipore ...	2·18	1·95	6·44	0·20	...	...	0·43	0·40	0·13	0·58	0·61	1·00	0·15	0·36	0·08	0·42	...	0·22	...
		Pal Lahara ...	...	1·00	0·60	...	0·32	...	...	0·40	0·50	0·75	0·06	...	...	0·08	...	...	0·08	0·32	...
		Nayagarh ...	...	...	3·65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	0·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	0·17	0·95	2·08	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·77	2·51	1·15	1·00	...	0·30	...	...	...	1·23
		Chandbali ...	...	4·80	1·05	0·05	...	...	...	2·05	0·49	0·38	3·75	2·30	0·60	1·05	...	...	...	0·27	0·78
		Bhadrak ...	...	0·76	1·28	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	5·58	2·80	0·67	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·08
		Soro ...	0·20	0·65	0·70	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	3·08	1·00	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...
		Balasore ...	0·37	2·44	4·74	0·19	...	...	...	...	1·74	0·12	4·32	1·75	0·06	0·30	0·04	0·03	...	...	1·51
		Jellasore ...	0·60	0·70	0·10	...	0·09	...	...	...	0·40	1·62	2·50	1·40	0·50	...	...	...	0·62	0·20	...
		Baripada ...	0·49	1·05	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	1·46	3·09	2·34	0·59	...	...	...	...	0·41	...
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	1·08	0·08	0·81	0·09	0·02	...	...	...	0·20	0·26	2·58	3·30	2·99	0·75	0·05	...	0·03	...	0·03
		Tamluk ...	0·11	0·20	0·26	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·73	1·74	6·55	0·90	0·46	...	0·05	1·55	0·28	...
		Midnapore ...	0·10	...	1·78	0·17	...	0·10	...	...	0·70	0·02	1·43	1·80	0·62	0·58	...	...	...	0·27	0·27
		Ghatal ...	0·07	0·15	0·88	0·21	0·05	...	...	0·08	...	0·44	1·70	6·91	1·15	0·87	0·23	0·13	...	...	...
		Kukrahaty ...	0·27	0·22	0·86	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·77	0·20	1·96	1·80	0·90	0·06	...	0·30	...	...	...
		Garhbeta ...	0·65	0·80	0·61	0·07	0·10	0·01	...	...	0·01	1·24	2·60	4·81	0·95	1·00	...	0·14	...	...	1·58
		Panskura ...	...	...	1·35	0·15	0·08	...	...	0·32	0·02	0·63	1·52	5·78	0·87	0·64	0·16	...	...	0·01	...
		Dantoon ...	...	...	0·35	0·22	...	...	0·27	...	...	0·15	1·89	2·87	1·85	0·78	...	...	...	...	...
		Saugor Island	...	0·08	0·85	0·20	0·04	...	...	...	0·66	0·74	6·01	1·33	1·44	1·11	0·05	...	...	0·17	0·07
	24 Parganas...	Diamond Harbour.	0·55	0·12	0·35	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·22	0·20	2·09	2·04	0·30	0·23	...	...	...	...	...
		Canning Town	...	...	1·08	...	...	0·18	...	0·20	...	0·25	2·50	1·30	1·11	0·32	0·31	0·19	...	0·77	0·81
		Alipore (Observatory.)	...	0·02	0·42	0·18	0·02	...	...	...	0·01	0·50	1·91	2·59	0·60	0·37	0·22	...	...	0·06	...
		Barrackpore...	0·04	...	0·95	0·12	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·66	3·65	0·85	0·35	0·34	...	...	...	...	...
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	1·52	0·08	...	...	...	0·05	1·60	3·00	1·60	0·11	0·11	0·30	...	...	...	...
		Barasat ...	...	0·74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·40	2·30	1·40	0·58	0·48	...	...	...	...	...
		Basirhat ...	...	0·36	...	...	1·23	...	...	0·56	0·29	...	3·15	0·68	0·16	0·74	0·17	...	...	...	...
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	0·50	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	0·72	1·61	1·40	0·37	0·19	0·15	...	0·64	0·25	...
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	1·02	0·08	0·10	...	...	0·10	0·25	1·75	3·05	8·03	0·87	0·13	0·05	...	...	...	...
		Uluberia ...	...	...	0·65	0·60	0·15	...	...	...	0·02	0·52	2·10	2·64	0·50	...	0·04	...	...	...	...
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	0·23	0·74	0·34	0·09	...	...	0·03	...	1·50	2·85	1·98	0·32	0·15	0·11	...	...	...	...
		Hooghly ...	0·02	0·05	0·18	0·23	0·34	0·04	...	...	...	0·42	2·26	1·98	0·19	0·05	0·07	...	...	...	...
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	0·37	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·26	2·55	6·60	1·30	0·01	...	...	...	0·01	0·40
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	0·36	0·22	...	...	...	2·85	...	0·21	1·58	1·32	0·16	0·20	...	...	0·24	0·38	...
		Krishnagar ...	...	0·36	0·56	0·14	...	...	...	0·15	...	0·48	1·19	1·35	0·17	0·44	0·11	...	0·03	0·23	...
		Chuadanga ...	...	0·11	0·25	0·21	0·07	...	...	...	0·10	0·32	1·06	1·60	0·16	0·53	...	...	1·38	...	...
		Meherpur ...	...	0·20	0·47	0·55	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·26	1·20	0·06	0·80	0·06	...	0·26	0·75	...
		Kushtia ...	...	...	0·20	0·15	0·04	...	0·20	...	0·09	0·55	0·42	2·60	1·10	0·15	0·15	0·30	...	...	...
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	0·80	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	2·20	0·09	...	0·70	...	...	...	...	...
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	0·87	1·78	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	3·09	2·43	0·22	0·19	0·09	...	0·28	...	...
		Khulna ...	0·29	...	0·28	0·03	0·13	...	...	0·32	...	0·12	2·35	2·90	0·17	0·09	1·28	...	0·80	...	...
		Nakipur ...	0·20	...	0·44	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	1·40	1·07	0·48	0·20	0·88	...	...	0·65	...
		Rampal ...	0·20	0·30	0·10	...	0·20	...	1·10	0·50	...	2·50	2·30	1·10	0·30	0·10	...	...	...	0·30	0·50
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·47	0·07	0·31	3·30	0·30	...	...	...	0·54	0·42	2·56	3·09	0·15	0·03	0·04	...	...	...	0·47
		Jessore ...	...	0·10	0·50	0·06	0·06	0·16	...	...	...	0·23	3·70	2·42	0·08	0·06	0·01	...	...	...	...
		Jhenidah ...	...	0·03	0·65	0·45	...	...	...	...	0·36	0·48	0·45	3·06	0·09	...	...	...	0·04	...	...
		Magura ...	...	0·21	0·06	0·60	0·03	...	...	0·12	0·45	0·06	0·45	1·70	0·33	...	...	...	1·05	...	...
		Bangaon ...	0·11	0·07	0·25	0·54	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	1·75	1·32	0·16	0·45	0·48	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	0·07	...	0·50	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·62	2·20	0·82	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Burdwan ...	...	...	0·33	0·37	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·42	1·68	2·48	0·13	0·32	...	...	...	...	0·42
		Katwa ...	0·34	0·03	0·04	0·01	0·03	...	...	...	1·19	0·05	0·64	1·36	0·42	0·14	...	...	...	0·15	0·53
		Raniganj ...	...	0·14	0·50	0·84	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	3·02	0·24	0·38	0·75	...	...	...	...
		Mankur ...	...	...	...	1·28	...	...	...	0·32	0·47	0·07	1·05	5·35	1·40	0·70	0·20	...	...	...	0·13
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	0·61	0·06	0·15	0·42	...	...	...	0·83	0·76	0·47	3·08	0·92	0·12	0·48	...	...	...	0·55
		Vishnupur ...	...	0·08	0·19	0·92	...	...	...	...	...	0·72	1·53	3·90	0·48	0·38	...	...	...	...	...
		Maliara ...	...	0·61	0·19	1·34	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·48	3·08	0·70	0·55	0·36	...	...	...	...
		Khatra ...	...	0·52	0·44	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	0·75	1·05	2·85	1·02	0·27	...	...	...	...	...
		Indas ...	...	...	0·91	0·36	...	...	...	...	...	0·42	0·92	6·18	1·65	0·87	...	...	...	...	...
		Kotalpur ...	...	0·55	1·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·19	1·73	6·13	1·19	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Onda ...	0·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·72	...	2·15	3·19	1·25	0·30	0·15	...	...	...	...	...
		Gangajalghati	...	0·24	0·25	0·72	0·12	...	...	...	...	0·45	0·78	3·50	0·38	0·37	0·46	...	...	...	0·18
		Raipur ...	...	0·98	...	1·25	...	...	...	...	0·52	0·85	1·95	3·78	0·32	0·95	...	...	...	...	...
		Sonamukhi ...	...	0·11	0·10	0·46	...	...	...	...	...	1·72	1·85	4·02	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	1·26
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	1·07	0·34	0·11	...	...	...	1·57	...	0·30	0·34	1·65	1·52	0·48	0·39	...	...	0·03	0·18
		Hetampur ...	...	0·02	0·25	0·11	0·40	...	...	...	...	0·87	0·22	2·00	1·45	0·49	...	...	...	0·31	0·04
		Rampur Hât ...	...	0·92	0·36	0·73	0·25	...	...	0·96	0·12	...	0·21	0·75	0·02	1·35	...	...	0·35	0·02	0·04
		Bolpur ...	...	2·60	2·04	...	...	...	...	...	0·80	...	...	...	2·24	...	...	0·25	...	...	...
		Murari ...	...	...	0·40	...	0·05	...	...	...	1·95	...	...	0·57	0·60	...	...	...	...	...	0·50
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	0·37	0·50	0·50	...	...	...	0·05	...	0·19	0·12	0·98	0·95	2·98	...	...	...	0·19	...
		Berhampore...	...	0·06	0·69	0·54	...	...	...	...	1·07	...	0·27	0·54	0·32	0·13	0·59	...	...	...	0·77
		Lalbagh ...	...	0·32	0·60	0·34	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	0·10	0·85	0·30	0·20	...	...	...	...	...
		Azimganj ...	...	0·36	0·87	0·54	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·15	0·40	0·20	...	...	...	...	...
		Jangipur ...	...	0·12	1·12	0·55	0·13	...	...	1·33	0·10	...	...	0·80	0·40	0·84	0·01	...	...	...	...
		Lalgola ...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·30	0·10	...	...	1·70	0·20	0·10	...	...	...	...	...
		Akhriganj ...	...	0·09	0·85	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·63	0·18	0·58	0·06	...	...	...	...
		Patkabari ...	...	...								0·50	...	0·40	...	...	0·80	...	...	...	...
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	...	0·70	0·39	0·21	...	...	0·55	...	0·77	0·08	1·12	0·70	0·39	...	...	...	...	...
		Sirajganj ...	...	0·69	...	...	1·12	...	...	0·10	...	0·03	...	0·15	1·14	0·10	...	...	0·09	0·03	...
	Bogra ...	Sherpur ...	0·11	0·13	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·22	...	...	...	0·23	1·35	0·07	...	...	0·19	0·42	...
		Nowkhilla ...	...	0·08	0·27	...	0·17	...	...	1·14	...	...	...	0·17	0·40	0·06	...	...	0·92	0·10	...
		Bogra ...	0·05	0·10	0·50	0·08	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	0·15	0·35	0·20	...	...	0·15	0·05	...
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	1·99	0·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·56	0·40	0·74	...	...	2·56	...	0·44
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	0·87	0·10	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	1·41	0·49	0·87	0·32	0·95	...	0·13	...
		Nator ...	0·32	0·80	0·59	0·70	0·03	0·48	...	1·50	...	0·02	...	0·92	0·49	0·42	...	...	...	...	...
		Naogaon ...	...	0·04	...	...	0·48	...	...	...	0·71	...	...	0·26	...	0·46	...	...	0·15	...	...
		Lalpur ...	...	0·42	0·10	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	1·50	1·60	0·10	0·42	...	...	...	...	...
		Manda ...	0·21	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	0·51	...							...			

Bengal in September 1893.

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May 1893 to 30th September 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 30th September.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
3·03	2·13	0·15	...	...	...	0·13	...	...	17	13·35	21·82	10·03	6·57	58·64	39·09	Puri ...	Puri ...	ORISSA.
0·90	4·25	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	13·95	15·77	10·37	4·25	61·18	47·19	Khurda.		
0·35	0·40	0·05	...	...	0·41	...	0·10	...	19	12·45	13·34	9·06	4·15	43·15	40·81	Banpur.		
1·80	1·29	2·40	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	16	12·85	25·39	11·15	3·59	83·38	50·28	False Point.		
0·90	2·30	0·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	?	19·65	?			?	*Gop.*		
0·74	...									?		?			?	*Satpara.*		
1·08	4·95	1·60	...	...	...	...	0·32	0·20	18	?	17·14	?	4·95	57·60	?	*Pipli*		
0·19	1·75	0·36	...	...	...	...	...	...	17		15·37			?		Ranpur.		
0·70	3·02	...	...	...	...	0·42	0·70	...	14		17·39			?		Kurmala.		
0·85	2·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		10·53		8·50			34·29	Jagatsingpur.	Cuttack.	
0·63	4·45	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	12·50	12·91	8·84	4·45	46·75	43·09	Banki.		
1·05	1·70	1·20								12·80		10·07			48·83	Cuttack.		
1·23	1·57	0·85	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	17	11·63	17·16	9·37	3·10	71·09	45·05	Kendrapara.		
1·07	1·40	0·35	0·30							12·17		9·87			46·05	Jajpur.		
1·82	0·20	0·15								?		?			?	*Dharmsala.*		
2·25	...									?		?			?	*Salipur.*		
0·95	3·62									?		?			?	Pal Lahara.		
...	1·17	1·40														Nayagarh.		
0·65	0·92	0·30	0·16	...	...	0·32	...	...	17	?	13·16	?	2·51	49·74	?	Aknyapada ...	Balasore.	
2·20	1·44	0·60	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	16	12·71	22·47	11·19	4·80	66·18	44·28	Chandbali.		
0·30	1·95	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	12·10	14·26	10·65	5·58	63·13	45·31	Bhadrak.		
2·10	...									12·76		11·24			44·37	Soro.		
0·05	1·73	2·69	...	...	...	...	0·88	...	14	13·70	23·83	11·91	4·74	81·40	49·66	Balasore.		
4·94	3·10	1·04	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	15	11·18	18·01	10·48	4·94		46·11	Jellasore.		
1·21	1·81	0·78	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	13·18	14·59	11·11	3·09	69·41	48·69	Baripada.		
0·03	2·58	0·83	0·22							13·05		11·27			51·51	Contai ...	Midnapore ...	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
0·05	0·66	0·50	1·07	...	...	...	...	...	14	9·26	15·92	8·32	6·55	57·35	45·56	Tamluk.		
...	0·75	4·70	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	15	12·05	14·00	7·17	4·70	59·46	43·00	Midnapore.		
0·67	0·19	4·52	1·53	...	...	...	...	...	14	12·29	19·78	8·77	6·91	64·73	49·85	Ghatal.		
...	0·78	0·50	0·26	...	...	...	...	...	13	?	9·00	?	1·96	50·17	?	*Kukrahaty.*		
0·42	0·45	4·75	0·43	0·17	0·17	...	...	...	17	?	20·96	?	4·81	69·34	?	*Garhbeta.*		
0·11	0·48	2·52	1·70	...	...	...	...	...	13		16·34		5·78	53·25		Panskura.		
...	1·36	3·25	1·46													Dantoon.		
0·58	1·90	0·54	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	15	13·45	16·84	11·96	6·01	73·29	55·94	Saugor Island.	24-Parganas.	
...	1·20	0·63	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	13	13·40	8·44	11·13	2·09	51·10	51·94	Diamond Harbour.		
0·45	1·80	1·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	?	12·89	?	2·50	80·72	?	*Canning Town.*		
0·17	0·98	0·33	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	13	13·40	8·74	9·91	2·59	65·69	49·59	Alipore (Jail).		
0·39	0·33	0·31	0·44	...	...	...	...	...	14	11·15	9·71	7·47	3·65	55·43	44·46	Barrackpore.		
...	1·16	0·56	0·23	...	...	...	...	...	10	13·10	10·32	8·86	3·00	58·33	46·13	Dum-Dum.		
0·21	0·40	1·20	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	10	12·35	9·09	9·04	2·30	51·55	44·08	Barasat.		
0·50	0·38	...	1·15	...	0·75	...	2·12	...	14	11·55	12·24	8·84	3·15	67·02	49·11	Basirhat.		
0·31	0·47	0·28	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	14	12·65	7·49	8·35	1·61	61·00	45·12	Howrah ...	Howrah.	
0·80	0·18	1·12	0·91	...	0·02	...	...	...	14	11·53	18·98	8·60	8·03	60·05	47·16	Mohesreka		
0·39	0·37	0·72	0·95	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	9·83	?	2·64	52·95	?	*Ulubaria.*		
1·80	0·70	0·55	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	14	11·74	10·92	7·96	2·85	61·09	44·83	Serampore ...	Hooghly.	
0·43	0·41	0·70	0·18	...	0·07	...	...	...	11	11·45	7·55	7·15	2·26	48·61	42·89	Hooghly.		
0·79	0·10	4·85	1·61	0·47	0·09	...	...	...	13	12·63	21·09	9·04	6·69	70·30	49·38	Jahanabad.		
...	1·10	0·50	...	1·39	0·16	...	0·89	...	15	10·30	11·56	6·95	2·85	57·62	42·04	Rangahat ...	Nadia.	
0·26	0·53	0·59	0·61	0·54	0·36	...	0·13	...	19	10·25	9·42	7·90	1·35	49·55	40·62	Krishnagar.		
...	1·40	1·08	0·33	1·43	...	...	...	...	15	11·80	10·05	9·71	1·60	55·26	45·61	Chuadanga.		
0·25	1·06	1·00	1·30	0·81	0·45	...	...	...	15	10·95	9·88	8·06	1·30	52·73	43·09	Meherpur.		
0·05	0·83	0·93	...	2·72	...	0·23	...	...	14	11·70	10·71	10·33	2·72	70·85	48·43	Kushtia.		
0·83	0·54	1·42	...	0·45	0·22	...	...	...	9	12·50	7·35	8·88	2·20	61·05	49·14	Satkhira ...	Khulna.	
1·01	0·85	0·91	0·77	...	...	...	...	...	12	12·53	12·61	10·01	3·09	77·79	54·67	Bagerhat.		
0·40	1·18	1·60	1·22	...	0·30	...	0·12	...	18	12·58	14·44	9·73	2·90	64·65	48·93	Khulna.		
1·29	0·65	0·40	...	...	0·22	...	...	...		?		?	1·29		?	*Nakipur.*		
0·20	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	0·10	...	16	?	10·00	?	2·50	83·41	?	*Rampal.*		
0·26	0·94	0·40	1·02	0·03	0·30	0·06	...	...	16	10·89	14·86	7·31	3·30	52·46	40·96	Narail ...	Jessore.	
0·30	0·55	0·52	0·31	...	0·15	...	...	...	19	12·10	9·11	8·74	3·70	40·80	48·59	Jessore.		
0·12	1·02	0·64	0·24	1·61	0·18	0·36	...	...	15	11·47	9·81	9·11	3·06	50·88	47·63	Jhenidah		
0·03	1·00	0·92	0·85	...	0·06	0·98	...	...	13	10·65	9·02	8·72	1·70	55·01	44·48	Magura.		
0·32	0·08	0·35	0·24	0·16	...	...	...	...	14	10·00	7·75	9·08	1·75	43·89	46·02	Bangaon		
0·07	0·33	0·54	0·45	0·52	1·25	...	0·09	...	12	9·15	8·24	6·64	2·20	56·44	39·28	Kalna ...	Burdwan.	
0·14	0·44	3·00	2·61	0·60	...	...	...	...	14	12·40	12·91	8·07	3·00	58·21	43·10	Burdwan.		
0·06	0·38	0·22	1·95	0·09	...	...	...	...	12	11·15	8·52	8·30	1·95	44·18	42·91	Katwa.		
0·12	0·18	2·22	0·60	0·04	...	...	...	...	13	11·40	10·27	7·26	3·62	45·30	44·96	Raniganj.		
...	1·66	1·60	0·54	1·28	0·07	...	...	...		?		?	5·35		?	*Mankur.*		
0·10	0·79	2·15	0·11	0·10	0·49	...	...	...	17	12·55	13·19	7·96	3·08	59·94	46·29	Bankura ...	Bankura.	
...	0·41	3·84	0·19	0·46	0·19	...	...	...	12	12·18	12·91	9·10	3·99	60·86	47·90	Vishnupur.		
...	0·07	2·80	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	12	11·00	11·63	6·59	3·08	46·93	46·90	Maliara.		
...	0·70	1·09	...	0·16	...	...	...	...	12	12·27	10·98	9·09	2·85	71·69	50·14	Khatra.		
...	0·79	1·41	0·39	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	14·67	?	6·18	54·45	?	*Indas.*		
1·27	...	1·70	1·02	...	...	...	...	...	9	?	16·08	?	6·13	60·59	?	*Kotalpur.*		
0·75	0·30	1·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	10·91	?	2·19	58·16	?	*Onda.*		
...	0·40	2·16	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	13	?	11·51	?	3·50	55·90	?	*Gangajalghati.*		
...	1·47	1·75	...	0·29	0·22	...	...	...	13	?	14·33	?	3·78	69·84	?	*Raipur.*		
...	0·77	2·50	...	0·32	0·19	...	...	...	12	?	13·63	?	4·02	50·84	?	*Sonamukhi.*		
0·80	1·64	1·31	0·27	...	0·57	...	...	...	16	13·00	12·60	10·41	1·65	60·63	49·39	Suri ...	Birbhum.	
0·55	0·77	1·79	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	13	12·27	10·20	10·84	2·90	41·35	51·16	Hetampur.		
0·15	0·90	0·81	2·28	...	0·31	0·30	...	...	17	13·00	11·43	10·99	2·28	51·31	46·61	Rampur Hát.		
...	1·50	0·97	0·45	...	...	...	...	1·07	9	?	11·92	?	2·60	44·45	?	*Bolpore.*		
1·30	1·54	0·50	1·00	...	0·60	...	...	...	10	?	9·01	?	1·95	59·76	?	*Morarai*		
...	0·57	0·52	1·80	0·37	0·11	...	...	...	14	12·53	10·20	9·57	2·98	42·83	45·64	Kandi ...	Murshidabad.	
0·13	0·28	1·18	1·34	0·18	0·16	0·65	0·39	...	17	12·75	9·99	10·91	1·34	62·71	45·83	Berhampore.		
...	0·87	1·12	1·60	...	0·12	0·10	0·38	...	14	12·71	7·05	10·68	1·60	60·28	44·74	Lalbagh.		
...	0·65	1·05	1·20	0·07	0·53	...	...	...	11	13·39	7·14	9·70	1·20	56·54	45·48	Azimganj.		
0·31	0·44	0·78	3·41	0·21	0·18	...	...	...	15	12·11	10·93	10·78	3·41	67·83	45·07	Jangipur.		
...	1·30	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	12·71	4·20	10·76	1·70		46·01	Lalgola.		
0·35	1·15	0·86	0·35	0·75	0·11	...	...	...	10	?	6·99	?	1·63	36·04	?	*Akhriganj.*		
...	0·50	1·29	...	...	0·60	...	0·20	...		?		?			?	*Patkabari.*		
1·18	0·56	0·72	0·27	1·96	...	0·05	...	...	13	12·45	9·65	10·97	1·96	66·20	48·35	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	NORTH BENGAL.
1·44	0·41	0·38	0·79	0·72	0·06	...	...	0·08	11	17·20	7·33	9·87	1·44	68·24	47·34	Sirajganj.		
1·36	0·90	0·40	0·60	0·90	...	...	...	...	13	12·00	6·97	10·25	1·36	53·17	52·85	Sherpur ...	Bogra.	
2·67	0·15	0·34	0·72	1·87	...	...	0·05	...	13	12·14	9·11	9·77	2·67	57·77	48·61	Nowkhilla.		
1·20	0·40	0·45	1·58	3·10	...	0·02	...	0·65	14	12·05	9·81	10·75	1·58	66·80	55·66	Bogra.		
0·02	0·63	0·50	1·40	1·80	...	...	0·52	...	13	11·14	12·59	10·68	2·56	56·34	50·94	Panchbibi.		
0·21	0·59	0·99	0·21	0·34	...	...	0·28	...	14	12·15	8·44	11·27	1·48	56·03	47·72	Boalia ...	Rajshahi.	
1·15	0·05	0·59	0·20	0·10	...	...	0·04	...	14	12·20	9·00	11·64	1·50	56·45	49·45	Nator		
0·75	1·65	0·69	0·96	1·44	...	...	0·45	...	13	11·25	9·09	12·68	1·65	68·59	50·21	*Naogaon.*		
1·18	0·30	...	0·95	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	1·43	?	1·60		?	*Lalpur.*		
		0·47	0·31	0·09	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Manda.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Station

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*	Malda	Malda	1·02	0·01	0·06	0·07	0·05	...	...	0·94	0·03	...	...	0·64	0·44	0·27	...	0·05	0·12	...	...
		Chancha	...	...	0·83	0·62	0·07	...	...	3·11	0·37	...	...	0·29	0·25	...	...	...	0·21	2·65	1·30
		Gajol	...	0·09	0·30	...	...	0·17	...	0·78	...	...	0·16	0·30	0·45	...	...	0·38	0·15	0·49	...
		Sibganj	...	...	1·10	0·18	...	...	...	4·40	...	...	...	3·00	0·11	1·28	...	...	...	...	...
	Dinajpur	Mohadebpur	...	0·20	...	0·07	0·31	...	...	1·10	0·08	...	...	0·24	0·41	0·60	...	0·45	...	0·58	...
		Churamon	0·03	...	0·51	0·99	...	...	...	4·13	0·62	...	...	...	0·57	...	...	0·05	0·55	0·87	1·91
		Raiganj	...	0·85	...	...	0·50	0·49	0·90	0·82	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	...	0·92	...	...	...
		Dinajpur	...	...	0·25	0·59	...	...	0·07	1·12	...	...	...	0·01	0·04	0·39	...	4·39	0·13	0·66	...
		Baloorghat	...	...	0·78	0·62	0·14	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	0·42	0·15	0·04	...	0·50	0·62	0·22	...
		Thakurgaon	0·35	...	0·31	0·24	...	...	1·92	0·16	...	...	...	...	...	0·72	...	2·43	...	...	...
	Rangpur	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*).	...	...	0·02	0·19	0·17	...	...	...	2·29	...	...	0·10	0·01	...	...	0·75	1·05	0·17	...
		Rangpur	0·26	...	...	0·95	...	...	0·26	2·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·26	0·72	0·21	...
		Peergunge	...	0·20	0·03	0·72	0·20	...	...	...	0·24	...	...	0·10	0·05	...	...	0·02	0·85	0·01	0·03
		Kurignon	...	...	0·05	0·03	0·80	...	0·27	0·55	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	0·92	0·30	0·44	...
		Gobindganj	...	...	0·59	0·83	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	0·28	0·13	0·07	...	3·78	0·55	0·36	...
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	1·53	...	...	0·18	...	...	1·51	0·29	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	1·18	...	...	...
		Ulipur	...	...	...	1·24	...	...	1·16	1·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	...	...
		Sundergunge	...	0·60	...	...	0·10	...	0·10	1·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	...	...
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	...	...	0·66	0·08	...	0·05	6·76	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·01	...	2·85	0·65	0·04	...
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	0·31	...	0·57	6·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·04	1·12	...	...
		Falacotta	0·82	...	...	0·55	...	0·75	6·78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·18	...	0·15	...
		Debiganj	...	...	0·25	0·30	0·04	0·34	2·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·44	...	2·90	...	...	...
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta).	...	...	0·72	...	0·12	4·70	2·34	0·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·88	...	7·48	0·19
	Kuch Bihar	Dinhatta	...	...	0·17	0·17	...	...	1·02	0·71	...	...	...	...	0·01	0·04	...	1·45	0·66	0·02	...
		Kuch Bihar	...	...	0·82	0·12	...	0·04	1·17	0·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·20	1·50	...	...
		Mickliganj	0·11	...	0·40	0·11	0·08	...	2·46	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	0·65	...	2·03	1·35	0·15	...
		Mathabhanga	...	...	1·53	0·10	...	0·03	1·98	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·25	0·46	0·57	0·07	...
	Darjeeling	Buxa	...	...	0·16	0·06	...	3·17	5·81	0·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·07	1·27	1·18	0·05
		Siliguri	...	...	0·13	0·55	0·04	0·02	2·35	2·85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·26	1·87	1·36	0·34
		Darjeeling	0·34	0·44	2·32	2·08	0·03	0·03	0·76	1·32	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	1·36	1·59	0·89	0·28	0·28
		Kalimpong	0·04	...	1·51	1·35	0·04	0·59	1·25	0·67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	1·69	0·34	0·14
		Mongpoo	...	1·34	0·96	0·01	...	0·19	1·90	0·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·80	1·15	0·25	0·52
		Kurseong	0·03	0·90	1·47	1·08	0·95	0·05	0·63	1·65	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·67	1·40	0·12	1·81
	British Bhutan	Pedong	0·01	0·29	1·24	0·87	0·24	0·41	0·67	0·39	...	...	...	...	...	0·01	0·03	0·11	1·50	1·04	0·31
	Sikkim	Gnatong																			
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong	Cox's Bazar	0·02	0·79	0·93	0·23	...	0·24	0·29	...	0·05	0·88	0·66	0·80	0·10	...	...	0·15	...	1·41	...
		Chittagong	0·34	0·77	...	0·10	0·04	...	1·25	0·63	1·35	0·50	...	0·01	0·04	...	0·05	0·44	0·86	...	0·93
		Kutabdia	...	0·21	0·09	0·13	...	...	0·36	...	0·40	0·97	0·19	0·35	0·09	...	0·50	1·50	0·36	...	...
		Satkanya	0·56	0·28	...	0·14	0·09	...	0·34	0·30	1·45	1·86	0·05	...	0·25	0·57	0·15	0·41	0·07	...	...
		Kodala																			
		Fenua																			
		Mirsarai	0·24	0·68	0·03	0·02	0·01	0·02	1·18	0·80	0·13	1·31	0·08	0·23	0·49	0·11	0·03	0·90	0·68	0·31	1·32
		Chandpore	...	...	0·10	...	...	0·61	0·18	0·58	1·20	...	0·03	...	...	0·90	0·68	0·55	0·55	...	...
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati	...	0·89	...	...	0·05	...	0·22	1·38	1·53	0·08	0·25	...	0·79	0·80	1·39	1·51	0·14	...	...
		Bandarban	0·03	0·98	...	...	...	...	1·86	1·43	1·31	...	0·19	0·02	0·35	0·71	0·21	1·40	0·15	...	2·60
		Demagiri																			
	Backergunge	Patuakhali	...	0·08	1·36	1·10	0·22	0·03	...	...	...	0·17	1·07	1·52	0·50	0·04	...	...	...	...	...
		Pirojpur	0·19	0·03	0·57	1·43	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	2·83	3·16	0·38	0·32	0·42	...	1·75	...	0·55
		Barisal	0·12	...	0·54	2·80	0·45	0·07	0·06	...	...	0·42	0·65	0·96	0·29	...	...	...	0·10	...	...
		Gournaddi	0·20	...	0·54	2·28	...	...	...	...	...	1·72	0·45	1·05	0·19	...	0·61	...	...	...	...
		Bhola	0·90	0·15	0·98	2·35	1·29	...	...	0·12	...	0·52	0·10	0·90	0·35	0·17	...	...	0·10	...	0·16
		Doulatkhan	0·45	0·19	0·45	1·28	0·04	...	0·26	...	...	1·03	...	0·95	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	1·76
		Bauphal	...	0·70	0·80	0·90	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	1·85	0·80	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	0·06
	Noakhali	Noakhali	1·26	0·28	0·09	0·13	0·04	0·07	0·01	0·22	...	1·08	0·09	0·40	2·12	0·04	0·06	0·03	...	...	0·58
		Fenny	...	0·45	...	...	...	...	0·42	...	0·12	0·40	1·40	0·75	1·95	1·40	0·55	0·10	1·05	1·20	0·66
		Harishpur	1·43	0·08	0·05	...	0·10	...	0·81	1·13	...	1·09	...	0·11	0·97	...	0·09	1·47	0·27	0·19	0·30
		Ramganj	...	0·30	0·17	0·69	...	...	...	0·35	0·83	1·14	0·05	0·14	...	0·44	...	...	...	...	...
	Faridpur	Madaripur	...	...	0·20	0·52	...	...	...	...	0·36	0·31	1·05	0·93	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Faridpur	...	0·15	0·35	0·78	0·17	...	...	0·23	1·03	0·07	0·37	0·96	0·22	0·15	...	...	0·06	0·96	...
		Goalundo	...	0·51	0·43	0·56	0·34	...	...	...	...	0·22	0·47	1·10	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dacca	Munshiganj	1·00	...	...	1·21	0·05	0·09	...	...	1·82	0·34	0·77	0·32	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dacca	...	0·24	0·05	0·96	0·12	0·27	...	...	0·11	0·22	1·59	0·35	0·25	...	...	...	...	0·39	...
		Narainganj	...	0·23	0·08	1·18	0·37	0·06	0·09	...	0·89	0·18	0·64	0·18	0·02	0·02	...	...	...	...	...
		Manikganj	...	...	0·12	1·55	0·23	...	...	0·03	...	0·10	0·37	1·06	0·37	0·03	...	...	...	...	0·15
		Joydebpur	0·29	0·45	0·18	0·50	...	1·10	...	...	...	0·27	0·12	0·63	0·14	...	...	...	0·03	...	...
	Hill Tippera	Agartola	...	0·43	...	0·13	...	...	0·28	...	...	...	0·14	1·90	0·32	0·43	...	...	0·11	2·20	...
	Tippera	Comilla	...	1·70	...	0·11	...	...	0·31	...	0·02	1·05	0·75	0·55	0·63	0·10	0·10	0·15	0·10	0·12	...
		Chandpur	...	...	0·36	2·48	...	0·33	0·12	...	0·15	1·28	0·34	0·55	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	0·13
		Brahmanbaria	...	0·10	...	0·75	...	...	0·95	...	...	...	0·20	0·60	0·20	...	...	0·18	...	0·55	...
		Ramchandrapur.	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	...
		Nasirnagar	...	0·35	0·25	0·25	...	...	1·95	...	...	...	0·45	0·15	0·55	...	...	...	0·03	3·10	...
		Dandkandi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·53	0·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kasba	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·30	1·15
		Laksham	...	0·77	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·05	1·50	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50
	Mymensingh	Kishoreganj	0·44	...	...	0·26	...	...	0·41	0·22	...	...	0·07	...	1·13	...	...	...	1·40	...	...
		Atia (*Tangail*)	0·87	0·41	...	...	0·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·56	1·15	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mymensingh	...	0·10	...	0·54	0·03	0·14	...	1·85	0·03	...	0·02	0·17	0·57	0·04	0·01	...	0·21	1·44	0·01
		Jamalpur	...	0·32	0·29	0·43	...	...	0·12	0·65	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	1·65	...	...
		Netrokona	...	...	0·55	0·41	...	...	...	0·71	0·21	...	...	...	0·19	...	0·16	...	...	1·23	...
		Subarnakhali	...	0·67	...	0·34	0·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·73	...	...	1·05	...	0·07
		Durgapur	...	...	1·00	1·00	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·54	0·40	...
		Sherpur Town	...	...	0·08	0·04	...	...	0·15	0·45	...	...	...	0·10	0·09	0·07	...	...	1·24	...	...
		Dewanganj	...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	4·85	...	...	...
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea	Kishanganj	...	0·18	...	...	0·15	...	5·42	0·24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·92	0·48	...	...
		Araria	...	...	0·40	0·20	...	...	2·40	2·15	0·25	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	0·25	1·76	0·07	2·30
		Purnea	...	0·02	0·55	0·45	0·01	...	0·28	1·30	0·15	...	...	0·02	0·15	0·32	0·03	0·10	0·23	0·03	0·71
		Gondwara (Korah).	...	...	0·80	...	...	...	2·62	1·00	...	...	...	0·28	0·28	...	...	...			
		Barsoe	...	0·20	0·60	0·10	...	4·40	2·10	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·75	...
		Forbesgunj	...	0·06	0·09	...	...	...	1·41	0·33	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	0·17	3·72	0·78	2·96
		Kaliaganj	...	...	1·21	0·15	...	...	4·15	0·60	...	...	...	...	...	3·60	...	3·40	0·44	...	1·25
	Bhagalpur	Madhipura	...	...	0·49	0·35	...	...	6·59	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·08	3·10	...
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	...	...	1·31	0·08	...	...	2·19	1·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·10	1·00	...
		Supaul	...	...	...	0·45	0·07	...	3·31	0·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·16	2·75	...
		Protabganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	6·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	2·36	...
		Bhagalpur	...	...	0·58	0·15	0·67	...	0·08	3·35	...	...	...	0·42	0·71	0·55	...	0·76	0·03	0·11	0·08
		Banka	...	...	1·40	0·31	0·20	0·11	0·65	1·08	0·62	1·62	...	0·65	0·34	0·84	...	...	...	...	3·72
		Kolgong	...	...	0·22	0·02	0·51	...	0·14	2·40	0·07	...	...	0·50	0·48	0·50	0·01	0·04	...	0·21	0·21

Bengal in September 1893—*continued.*

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May to 30th September 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 30th September.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
[illegible]	0·29	0·55	0·24	0·85	2·12	...	0·23	0·05	...	14	11·80	8·63	11·50	2·12	54·16	46·40	Malda ...	Malda ...	NORTH BENGAL —concld.
...		0·78	0·91	1·76	9·50	0·30	...	...	...	14	11·00	22·84	10·60	9·50	57·24	52·87	Chanchal.		
...	0·48	0·73	1·70	1·10	15·50	...	...	...	...	15	?	22·91	?	15·50		?	*Gajol.*		
...	0·71	0·41	0·57	1·35	0·32	...	0·30	...	...	12	?	14·33	?	4·40	62·04	?	*Sibganj.*		
...	1·10	1·75	0·55	1·40	1·10	...	...	0·16	...	14	11·42	10·10	11·31	1·75	53·80	52·76	Mohadebpur ...	Dinajpur.	
...	...	0·44	1·32	2·42	11·08	0·25	...	0·09	...	13	11·91	24·84	12·68	11·08	71·08	50·10	Churamon.		
[illegible]	0·68	...	1·15	2·50	4·73	0·26	...	0·60	...	15	11·43	15·17	10·61	4·73	72·03	53·68	Raiganj.		
[illegible]	0·23	0·25	2·00	1·65	3·77	0·15	...	0·88	0·19	15	12·40	16·84	11·14	4·39	64·16	58·09	Dinajpur.		
...	...	0·42	0·37	1·68	1·92	...	0·05	0·62	...	13	10·38	8·69	10·84	1·92	60·70	40·84	Balughat.		
...	...	0·82	2·55	5·76	3·55	0·30	...	...	...	12	?	19·29	?	5·76	92·69	?	*Thakurgaon.*		
[illegible]	0·09	0·30	0·85	1·75	1·31	0·70	0·06	1·00	...	13	10·74	11·61	11·97	2·99	68·44	55·60	Bhawaniganj. (*Gyabaada*).	Rangpur.	
...	1·14	0·28	3·34	2·16	3·74	1·48	0·26	1·51	...	15	13·05	18·60	13·61	3·74	75·42	63·41	Rangpur.		
...	...	0·77	1·60	3·43	3·23	0·14	0·02	0·05						3·43			Pirganj.		
...	0·12	0·29	2·83	2·45	2·30	0·49	0·31	...	...	13	11·00	12·24	12·66	2·83	89·42	68·45	Kurigram.		
...	0·28	0·90	0·95	2·22	1·98	0·10	...	0·47	0·07	14		13·70		3·78	67·97		Gobindganj.		
...	0·82	0·58	3·10	1·98	2·65	0·33	...	0·04	...	11	12·57	14·24	15·52	3·10	75·56	79·04	Bandogra. (*Nilphamari.*)		
...	0·45	...	2·14	2·03	3·94	1·82	...	...	...	9	?	14·51	?	3·94	64·42	?	*Ulipur.*		
...	...	0·12	2·00	1·76	2·34	2·62	0·21	0·72	...	12		11·82		2·62	?		Sunderganj.		
...	0·98	0·02	1·96	4·28	3·23	2·23	...	0·05	...	10	15·35	24·05	23·93	6·76	108·79	110·39	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri.	
...	0·59	2·38	2·46	3·75	3·22	0·59	...	...	...	11	?	22·03	?	6·00	113·92	?	*Alipore Duar.*		
...	1·15	0·80	1·12	3·80	3·20	2·10	...	...	...	12	?	22·40	?	6·78	106·90	?	*Falacotta.*		
...	...	0·10	3·43	2·32	1·90	0·70	...	...	0·16	12	?	15·26	?	3·43	90·52	?	*Debiganj.*		
[illegible]	0·17	0·88	0·65	1·69	2·48	1·10	...	...	0·17		?		?			?	*Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta).*		
...	0·46	0·04	2·71	3·31	3·15	0·54	0·18	...	...	12	13·27	14·64	18·53	3·31	101·21	89·03	Dinhatta ...	Kuch Bihar.	
...	1·84	0·07	2·35	5·60	3·37	1·22	0·04	...	...	11	14·94	20·00	22·78	5·60	104·93	111·63	Kuch Bihar.		
...	0·23	...	3·72	2·81	2·73	2·89	...	...	...	14	14·55	19·97	19·89	3·72	97·41	101·41	Mickliganj.		
...	1·25	0·14	3·76	4·36	2·83	0·85	0·01	...	...	14	13·91	18·71	19·29	4·36	120·28	105·67	Matabhanga.		
[illegible]	0·19	1·67	1·85	1·93	2·75	0·22	0·87	1·78	0·30	18	19·30	28·09	31·48	5·81	198·79	179·99	Buxa ...	Darjeeling.	
...	...	0·48	0·84	2·94	2·92	1·40	0·51	...	...	14	14·38	19·92	14·93	2·94	110·84	103·97	Siliguri.		
[illegible]	0·02	2·24	3·78	4·51	6·18	1·54	0·05	...	0·02	16	17·85	30·87	17·66	6·18	111·72	101·52	Darjeeling.		
...	...	2·62	3·30	2·91	5·98	1·08	...	...	...	14	14·63	23·71	10·45	5·98	96·87	80·72	Kalimpong.		
...	0·15	2·95	3·00	5·93	3·36	0·65	...	...	...	16	?	25·40	?	5·93		?	Mongpoo.		
[illegible]	0·16	2·40	2·70	2·70	4·20	1·24	0·04	0·07	0·29	19	?	25·36	?	4·20	141·47	?	Kurseong.		
[illegible]	0·14	1·22	2·25	1·98	4·44	0·78	0·14	...	0·80	19		19·21		4·44	85·96		Pedong ...	British Bhutan.	
																	Gnatong ...	Sikkim.	
[illegible]	0·84	0·37	1·53	...	0·35	1·52	0·19	0·02	...	17	14·10	13·01	15·11	2·55	145·76	121·87	Cox's Bazar ...	Chittagong ...	EAST BENGAL.
[illegible]	0·80	0·01	0·10	0·05	0·24	0·60	...	...	...	15	14·15	8·59	13·52	1·35	111·09	84·96	Chittagong.		
[illegible]	0·09	...	1·05								?		?			?	*Kutubdia.*		
[illegible]	1·20	0·34	...	...	0·75	0·82	0·53	...	...	17	?	10·58	?	1·86	100·32	?	*Satkanya.*		
						0·13											Kodala.		
[illegible]	1·81	0·06	0·44	...	...	0·13											Fenoa.		
[illegible]	0·35	...	0·25	...	0·25	0·85	...	...	...								Mirsarai.		
[illegible]	0·79	0·10	0·02	...	...												Chandpore.		
[illegible]	0·52	...	0·12	...	...	0·10	0·10	...	...	14	16·30	11·18	12·72	1·53	98·44	73·27	Rangamati ...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	
								...	...	17	?	12·24	?	2·60		?	*Bandarban* ...		
[illegible]	0·68	0·95	1·45	0·40	0·30	...	0·02										Demagiri.		
[illegible]	0·70	0·60	2·68	0·62	...	0·44	...	...	...	13	14·61	10·31	13·36	1·52	84·26	78·62	Patuakhali ...	Backergunge.	
[illegible]	0·54	1·05	1·45	1·08	0·06	0·27	0·39	...	...	18	13·65	17·90	11·33	3·16	82·71	61·82	Pirojpur.		
...	0·43	0·42	1·32	0·75	...	0·72	0·16	...	...	16	14·85	11·49	11·68	2·80	76·09	50·29	Barisal.		
...	1·27	0·67	2·28	3·44	1·03	0·32	0·26	...	...	15	?	11·17	?	2·28	71·65	?	*Gournaddi.*		
...	0·36	0·92	4·00	2·00	1·18	0·38	0·07	...	...	20	14·85	17·26	12·12	4·34	82·14	73·92	Bhola.		
...	0·41	1·23	2·29	1·65	0·84	...	...	...	0·27	16	?	16·00	?	4·00	100·25	?	*Doulatkhan.*		
								0·30	...	13	?	12·40	?	2·20	80·61	?	*Bauphal.*		
[illegible]	0·14	0·50	2·24	0·32	0·08	0·02	0·05	0·02	0·07	12	15·85	9·99	17·80	2·24	98·37	97·71	Noakhali ...	Noakhali.	
[illegible]	0·34	0·40	1·95	...	0·15	...	0·11	0·80	...	21	14·71	14·20	15·71	1·95	121·78	95·36	Fenny.		
[illegible]	0·40	0·18	1·47	...	0·10	0·07	...	...	0·63	17	?	11·78	?	1·47		?	*Harishpur.*		
...	1·02	2·85	2·10	2·10	0·89	...	...	...	...	13	?	14·27	?	2·85	70·16	?	*Ramganj.*		
[illegible]	...	0·31	1·13	...	...	0·71	...	...	...	11	11·56	6·05	8·50	1·13	55·37	49·86	Madaripur ...	Faridpur.	
[illegible]	0·03	0·31	0·60	0·08	...	0·48	0·27	...	...	16	11·75	7·82	10·04	1·03	65·35	51·74	Faridpur.		
[illegible]	0·27	0·40	0·72	0·35	0·38	0·70	0·17	...	...	15	10·47	7·02	8·61	1·10	59·42	47·35	Goalundo.		
...	...	1·05	1·19	0·51	...	0·40	0·05	...	...	12	12·61	9·06	12·24	1·82	52·04	61·83	Munshiganj ...	Dacca.	
[illegible]	0·30	1·07	0·91	0·37	...	0·36	0·06	...	...	15	11·95	7·82	9·97	1·59	58·63	53·10	Dacca.		
...	0·04	1·30	1·11	0·92	...	...	0·10	0·16	...	13	11·13	7·89	10·35	1·30	51·03	57·04	Naraingunj.		
...	...	0·43	1·49	0·17	0·07	0·51	...	...	...	12	10·67	6·88	8·13	1·55	50·46	45·17	Manikganj.		
...	...	0·80	0·94	0·32	0·07	1·03	0·05	...	...	13	?	6·83	?	1·10	59·59	?	*Joydebpur.*		
...	1·28	1·18	0·35	...	1·89	0·36	...	...	...	14	14·15	11·00	10·50	2·20	68·13	54·18	Agartola ...	Hill Tippera.	
[illegible]	3·33	0·12	0·33	0·24	1·30	0·39	0·07	...	0·58	22	13·50	12·48	11·40	3·33	81·03	69·50	Comilla ...	Tippera.	
[illegible]	0·44	1·60	0·97	0·61	...	0·44	0·60	...	...	17	14·58	10·06	11·82	2·48	63·68	68·33	Chandpur.		
[illegible]	0·42	1·11	0·45	0·20	0·12	1·10	0·85	...	0·25	17	12·60	8·25	11·69	1·11	67·47	55·28	Brahmanbaria.		
...	0·05	0·09	...	...	1·03	1·04	...	...	...	4	?	4·34	?	1·10	34·56	?	*Ramchandrapur.*		
[illegible]	...	1·30	0·80	0·35	0·15	0·35	1·95	...	...	14	?	12·03	?	3·10		?	*Nasirnagar.*		
...	...	1·20	0·90	0·15	...	0·50	...	...	...	7	?	5·31	?	1·53		?	*Daudkandi.*		
...	1·30	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	5·10	?	2·30	51·20	?	*Kasba.*		
...	0·58	0·16	...	2·00	...	...	2·00	...	...	10	?	9·46	?	2·00		?	*Laksham.*		
...	0·61	0·47	2·23	0·48	...	1·24	0·04	...	0·14	12	14·20	9·23	13·11	2·23	89·39	63·01	Kishoreganj.	Mymensingh.	
...	1·15	0·42	0·41	0·58	0·75	...	...	...	...	10	10·05	7·58	9·80	1·55	66·60	49·30	Atia (*Tangail*).		
[illegible]	0·35	0·15	1·01	0·71	0·01	2·80	0·01	0·30	0·95	15	13·35	11·43	14·19	2·80	84·14	67·23	Mymensingh.		
...	...	...	1·75	0·65	0·20	...	...	...	0·18	11	13·80	6·47	14·06	1·75	70·36	59·00	Jamalpur.		
[illegible]	3·15	...	1·78	1·81	...	2·78	0·52	...	...	12	15·00	13·50	14·04	3·15	105·14	74·80	Netrokona.		
...	...	2·09	0·99	0·36	0·82	...	...	0·15	...	11	?	10·07	?	2·48	74·08	?	*Subornakhali.*		
...	0·79	0·06	2·25	1·70	0·60	...	...	2·45	...	10	?	11·10	?	2·45		?	*Durgapur.*		
...	1·80	0·05	0·90	0·72	0·58	0·45	...	0·73	0·23	12	?	8·37	?	1·89	72·15	?	*Sherepur Town.*		
...	0·40	...	0·69	1·30	4·00	3·20	...	0·40	...		?		?			?	*Dewanganj.*		
...	0·21	0·13	2·74	5·50	2·15	0·60	...	0·26	0·17	14	12·42	23·15	14·08	5·50	94·09	66·07	Kishanganj ...	Purnea ...	NORTH BIHAR.
...	0·98	...	2·45	4·30	6·10	1·13	0·03	...	...	12	11·53	23·95	13·76	6·10	78·00	59·52	Araria.		
...	...	0·14	1·08	5·16	3·68	0·93	...	...	...	15	11·58	15·31	14·02	5·16	58·13	56·74	Purnea.		
...	0·15	1·00	2·50	4·10	0·40	...					?		?			?	*Gondwara (Korah).*		
...	...	...	1·80	2·78	4·08	1·15	...	...	...	12	?	17·40	?	4·40	68·87	?	*Barsoe.*		
...	0·23	0·08	1·77	2·60	3·90	3·20	...	...	...	10	?	19·62	?	4·08	69·35	?	*Forbesganj.*		
							...	...	...	13	?	23·68	?	4·15	90·43	?	*Kaliaganj.*		
0·71	0·14	0·26	1·48	2·60	1·00	0·40	...	...	...	10	10·20	9·35	10·30	6·50	55·08	44·53	Madhipura ...	Bhagalpur.	
...	...	...	1·68	1·40	3·28	...	...	...	0·20	12	?	15·67	?	3·28		?	Bongaon. (Syfabad).		
...	1·78	...	0·63	2·64	2·85	0·44	...	0·32	...	11	10·37	17·15	9·77	3·31	49·87	44·54	Supaul.		
...	...	...	2·24	4·20	5·41	1·07	...	...	...	7	?	21·79	?	6·30	62·74	?	*Protabganj.*		
...	0·34	0·55	1·30	1·77	0·60	1·13	0·38	...	...	17	9·65	14·71	7·60	3·35	50·88	38·21	Bhagalpur.		
...	1·72	0·68	0·65	0·85							11·40		8·23			39·48	Banka.		
...	...	1·50	2·00	2·20	0·00	0·16	0·10	...	...	15	?	12·23	?	2·40	44·41	?	*Kolgong.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Stations

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
NORTH BIHAR —concld.	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	1·50	0·10	...	...	0·66	1·60	0·70	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·65	...	3·10
		Darbhanga ...	0·04	0·02	...	0·27	...	...	0·08	1·01	0·27	...	...	...	0·04	0·06	...	...	0·23	1·98	0·09	...
		Madhubani ...	...	...	0·07	0·10	0·21	...	...	1·46	0·14	...	...	...	0·01	...	...	...	0·14	0·40	0·05	0·50
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	0·58	...	...	1·85	...	0·90	...	...	...	...	...	0·68	...	1·05	3·85	...	1·56
		Roshera ...	...	...	0·65	0·27	...	...	1·12	6·15	2·05	...	0·05	0·10	...	...	...	...	1·40	0·96	...	0·14
	Muzaffarpur	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	...	...	2·02	...	...	0·06
		Muzaffarpur	1·60	...	1·40	0·33	...	...	...	0·17	0·64	...	...	...	0·03	0·01	...	...	...	0·50	...	0·06
		Hajipur ...	...	...	2·05	0·42	...	...	...	0·03	0·57	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	0·32	0·06	...	...
		Paru ...	2·72	2·30	0·69	...	...	...	...	...	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mahua (Chitwara).	...	0·85	0·72	0·25	...	...	...	...	0·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	0·18	...	...	...
		Siuhar ...			...	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	...	...	0·75
		Pupri ...																				
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	0·08	0·02	0·19	...	...	...	1·15	0·69	0·12	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	0·29	0·18	...	4·36
		Bettia ...	0·09	...	0·54	...	...	...	...	3·30	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	1·30	...	0·70	2·77
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·40	1·97	0·67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·60
		Barhurwa ...	0·05	...	0·24	0·02	...	...	...	1·58	...	...	...	0·02	0·02	...	...	...	1·51	0·09	...	1·17
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	0·41	...	0·58	0·16	...	...	...	1·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	0·61	0·16	...	0·78
		Siwan ...	...	0·33	0·09	...	...	1·00	1·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·20	...	0·15	...
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	0·24	...	...	...	0·87	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·41	0·11	...
		Chapra ...	...	...	0·50	0·56	...	...	0·21	1·37	0·08	...	...	0·03	0·06	0·03	...	...	...	0·29	0·32	1·06
		Sreepore ...	0·40	...	0·50	...	...	...	1·30	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·00	...	2·00	...
		Annaur ...	...	...	1·15	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·44	...	0·35
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·31	...	0·34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·34	...	0·35	...
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	0·41	0·15	0·16	0·03	0·18	0·81	0·10	...	...	0·07	0·74	...	...	...	1·98	0·08	...	1·14
		Dehri ...	...	2·57	0·58	0·33	0·69	...	...	0·86	0·24	0·16	...	0·71	0·57	0·07	...	...	...	1·00	0·13	0·03
		Bhabhua ...	0·20	0·01	0·52	0·41	2·57	...	...	0·09	0·29	0·15	...	0·24	1·18	0·30	0·08	0·05	3·81	0·13	0·10	0·27
		Sasaram ...	...	0·44	1·56	0·39	0·25	...	...	0·20	0·95	0·17	...	0·55	1·20	0·30	...	...	...	...	0·25	0·23
		Arrah ...	...	0·89	0·63	...	...	...	2·29	...	...	...	0·13	0·17	0·02	...	...	...	0·36	...	...	1·09
		Mohaniah ...	...	0·30	1·90	...	...	...	0·90	...	...	...	...	1·10	0·30	...	...	0·50	1·10	2·10	1·10	...
		Khiri ...	...	...	0·74	...	0·30	...	1·60	0·15	...	...	...	0·70	...	...	...	0·40	...	0·33	0·30	...
		Ageaon ...	...	0·20	1·70	0·95	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	...	0·48	0·15	...	...	...	...	0·21	...	0·90
		Ramagar ...	...	...	0·31	...	0·23	...	...	0·30	...								0·11	0·86	...	2·77
		Koath ...	...	...	...	0·62	0·40	...	...	0·55	...								0·27	1·71	...	1·21
		Sikroul ...	...	...	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·60	...	...	...	0·10	...	1·85	...	...
		Bassawan ...	...	0·69	0·69	2·50	0·65	...	...	1·57	...	...	...	0·25	0·80	...	...	...	0·76	0·41	...	1·36
		Manaharpur	...	...	0·37	0·59	0·30	0·32	...	0·36	0·31	...	...	0·16	0·34	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21
	Gaya ...	Aurungabad...	...	0·18	0·54	0·31	0·08	...	0·15	0·10	1·82	...	...	0·83	0·73	0·27	0·08	1·66	0·05	...	...	0·15
		Gaya ...	...	0·02	1·78	0·14	...	...	1·05	0·15	0·21	0·11	0·05	1·44	0·82	0·08	...	...	0·51	0·08	0·08	...
		Nawada ...	...	...	1·19	0·08	0·34	...	0·06	0·57	0·79	...	...	0·92	0·34	0·03	...	...	0·22	...	0·20	...
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	1·67	0·13	0·64	...	0·05	4·28	0·36	...	...	0·10	0·20	0·05	...	...	0·26	0·52	...	0·17
		Arwal ...	...	...	1·62	0·75	...	...	...	0·26	...	...	...	...	0·34	...	...	...	0·25	0·74	...	...
		Daudnagar ...	...	2·14	0·79	0·02	0·02	...	...	0·45	0·09	...	...	0·43	0·06	...	...	...	0·25	0·43	...	0·20
		Sherghati ...	...	...	0·90	...	...	0·25	...	...	...	0·09	0·04	0·60	0·90	...	...	...	...	0·31	...	...
		Rajauli ...	...	0·32	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	0·70	0·15	...	1·55	0·35	...	...	...	0·36	...	1·24	0·10
		Pakri Barawan.	...	...	0·96	...	0·50	...	...	...	1·27	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	0·85	...	...	0·11
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	1·73	0·67	...	...	...	0·33	0·30	...	...	0·05	0·03	0·05	...	...	0·03	...	...	...
		Dinapore ...	...	...	0·95	0·38	...	...	...	0·64	0·11	...	...	0·03	0·08	0·05	...	...	...	...	2·05	...
		Bihar ...	...	...	0·90	...	...	...	...	1·39	0·48	...	...	0·18	...	...	...	...	1·80	0·05	...	...
		Barh ...	...	...	2·17	0·43	...	...	...	1·00	1·80	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	...	...
		Bickram ...	...	0·07	0·76	0·22	...	...	1·42	0·50	0·23	...	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	0·90	...	0·10	...
		Hilsa ...	...	...	0·59	...	...	...	...	1·51	0·42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·56	...	...
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	0·71	0·10	...	...	...	1·39	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·34	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Monghyr ...	...	...	0·27	0·03	0·62	...	...	1·99	0·06	...	...	0·30	0·40	0·21	...	...	4·81	0·21	0·10	0·33
		Jamui ...	...	...	0·99	0·03	0·26	...	1·12	0·10	1·26	...	...	0·67	0·10	0·75	0·04	...	0·09	...	...	...
		Gogri ...	...	...	0·59	...	0·71	...	...	1·73	...	...	...	...	0·74	0·31	...	...	3·47	...	0·37	0·23
		Sheikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	1·28	0·26	0·35	...	2·24	0·45	1·77	...	0·50	1·60	0·60	0·02	...	...	2·35	...	...	...
		Chupreon ...				1·40			2·50										2·60	...	0·62	0·48
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	0·19	0·11	0·06	...	...	0·28	0·14	...	...	0·89	0·23	0·28	...	0·05	...	...	0·23	...
		Godda ...	0·06	...	1·00	0·16	0·65	0·02	0·02	0·35	...	...	...	0·30	0·62	0·32	...	1·00	...	...	1·00	0·29
		Pakour ...	...	...	0·24	0·57	...	...	...	3·94	0·11	...	...	0·96	0·34	0·53	...	...	...	...	...	1·05
		Naya Dumka	...	0·23	0·34	0·60	0·04	...	...	0·57	...	0·43	0·06	1·37	0·80	0·40	...	...	...	0·78	...	...
		Deoghur ...	...	...	0·96	0·25	...	...	0·14	0·64	1·72	0·02	0·58	1·55	0·76	0·27	0·09	...	...	...	0·48	...
		Jamtara ...	...	0·25	0·12	0·65	0·11	...	...	0·10	0·08	0·21	0·04	3·40	1·00	0·24	0·18	...	...	0·14	0·04	...
		Belbadda ...	...	6·55	...	...	...	...	1·08	1·83	...	...	...	0·70	0·21	0·30	...	...	...	...	0·70	...
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·50	0·87	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·81
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridi*).	...	0·38	0·73	0·67	0·19	...	0·14	1·08	0·74	0·20	0·04	3·39	1·78	0·15	0·19	...	...	0·23	0·03	0·04
		Hazaribagh ...	...	0·19	0·69	0·77	1·26	0·04	0·40	...	0·25	...	0·46	1·69	0·39	0·21	...	...	...	...	4·31	...
		Semtagurah ...	...	0·97								0·22	1·40	1·17	...	...	...	1·50				
		Mahudi Hills	0·80	0·95	0·70	0·36	...	3·24			...	0·42	0·90	0·96		...	...	...	...	0·78	...	0·80
		Jhoomrah Hills	0·30	1·00	2·10	0·60	...	...	1·20	0·80	0·10	0·50	3·30	2·50	0·60	...	...	0·10	...	0·10	...	2·30
		Barhi ...	...	0·22	0·29	1·11	...	...	0·07	0·08	0·77	0·14	0·41	1·05	0·09	...	...	...	0·04	...	0·15	...
		Chatra ...	...	0·44	0·50	1·50	...	...	...	...	0·82	...	0·18	1·20	0·71	0·75	...	...	0·22	0·40	...	...
		Karagdeha ...	...	...	0·30	0·63	0·29	...	1·27	2·00	3·93	...	0·13	2·50	0·77	0·25	...	...	1·27	0·15	0·20	...
		Ramghar ...	0·30	0·56	0·40	1·60	...	0·20	5·10	...	...	1·50	0·10	1·50	0·10	0·50	0·45	...	...	...	...	[illegible]
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	0·71	0·95	...	...	...	...	0·56	0·19	0·40	1·81	2·35	0·61	...	0·73	1·30	0·09	0·46	...
		Ranchi ...	0·50	0·25	2·15	0·80	0·29	...	...	0·63	0·94	0·14	0·30	2·88	6·05	1·75	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Silli ...		1·90	1·45						1·25		1·20	1·50								
		Sirguja ...	0·16	2·44	1·50	1·08	0·20	0·06	0·40	0·40	0·60	1·40	1·00	0·52*	0·36	1·00	1·20	0·40	0·24	0·36	0·31	...
		Jashpur ...	...	0·46	3·12	0·85	0·22	4·93	0·85	0·76	0·23	1·16	2·27	1·87	1·68	0·93	...	0·44	0·56	0·37	...	2·38
		Gangpur ...	0·33	...	2·35	...	...	...	2·10	0·10	0·10	0·70	3·30	1·05	2·50	0·05	...	...	...	0·30	...	...
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...	...	...	0·57	1·45	0·65	...	...	0·22	1·58	0·74	0·55	0·96	1·14	0·06	...	0·89	0·07	0·49	0·04	0·35
		Balumat ...	...	...	2·50	2·25	0·27	0·03	...	...	0·23	0·17	0·33	1·40	2·00	1·05	...	0·03	0·07	0·06	0·06	...
		Hosainabad...	...	0·24	...	...	0·91	...	...	...	...	0·13	...	1·00	1·50	1·60	...	...	0·20	...	...	2·25
		Garwah ...	...	...	...	2·15	0·24	...	...	...	0·66	0·12	1·07	0·98	1·00	0·10	...	0·27	1·13	0·86	0·21	0·71
	Singhbhum ..	Chaibassa ...	0·36	0·04	0·71	0·43	0·57	...	...	0·26	...	0·01	1·42	2·91	0·54	0·03	0·04	...	...	...	...	...
		Chakradharpur.	0·08	1·61	0·74	0·86	0·06	...	0·31	0·02	0·65	0·40	2·16	0·73	0·40	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	0·13
		Ghatsila ...	...	...	...	2·50	...	...	...					4·77	0·92							
		Baharagura	0·25	...	0·50	...	...	0·21	...	...	1·32	0·60	1·32	1·85	0·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Manbhum ...	Gailkura ...	...	0·60	1·05	0·35	...	...	0·20	...	0·30	1·70	2·75	0·35	0·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kalikapur ...	...	0·92	0·72	0·64	...	...	...	...	...	0·41	1·85	2·02	1·14	0·36	1·04	...	...	...	...	...
		Purulia ...	...	...	0·63	2·04	...	...	...	0·15	0·29	0·14	0·65	3·17	0·70	0·08	0·61	...	...	0·50	...	...
		Gobindpur ...	...	0·92	0·21	0·83	0·51	...	0·05	...	2·55	...	0·38	2·10	1·35	0·30	0·56	...	...	0·42	0·07	...
		Raghunathpur.	...	0·25	0·57	0·66	0·04	...	...	0·25	...	0·20	0·30	1·77	0·70	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...
		Barrabhum ...	...	0·04	0·54	0·34	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	0·90	2·95	0·62	0·12	0·43	...	...	...	...	...
		Jhalda ...	0·58	...	2·84	...	...	...	0·12	1·60	...	1·70	3·70	0·13	0·30	...	...	...	0·80	...	...	...
		Chas ...	...	0·92	1·03	1·11	0·14	...	...	0·25	0·90	...	0·20	1·06	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pandra ...	...	0·19	0·35	0·95	0·56	...	...	0·58	...	0·70	0·27	2·30	1·65	0·10	0·03	...	...	0·05	...	...
	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	Keonjher ...	...	...	4·18	0·43	1·00	...	...	...	0·30	...	3·14	3·75	0·10	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	0·13
		Anundpur ...	0·60	0·72	1·90	0·16	...	...	...	...	...	0·56	2·80	2·24	0·12	0·14	...	0·12	...	...	...	...
		Talcher ...	0·11	1·23	0·61	...	...	0·02	...	0·03	...	0·38	1·48	0·87	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	0·06	0·34
		Narsingpur ...	0·86	1·83	...	...	...	...	1·00	0·06	0·95	0·30	0·50	...	0·18	...	...	0·49	3·05	...	0·30	0·15
		Angul ...	...	1·13	1·81	0·60	0·14	...	...	0·94	0·76	0·11	0·46	0·60	...	...	0·30	...	...	2·18	...	...
		Dhenkanal ...	1·87	1·04	2·14	0·04	...	...	...	...	0·44	0·04	1·14	0·33	0·31	0·03	0·01	...	...	0·09	0·84	...
		Bispara ...																				
		Kunjabangar																				
		Baramba ...	0·10	0·71	2·50	0·12	...	0·12	...	...	1·50	0·31	0·14	0·30	0·27	0·21	...	0·65	...	...	0·12	0·30
	North Lushai	Fort Aijal ...	0·08	...	1·24	0·11	0·74	...	0·09	1·50	0·40	0·02	0·07	0·45	...	...	0·88	1·55	0·04	0·49	0·30	0·12

Bengal in September 1893—*concluded.*

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th May 1893 to 30th September 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to 30th September.	Station.	District.	Meteorological Division.
..	..	0·38	1·05	1·20	4·72	0·09	0·60	...	...	13	8·95	16·45	8·01	4·72	46·19	39·24	Tajpur ...	Darbhanga.	NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*
0·21	...	...	0·61	1·26	2·63	1·69	...	...	...	10	9·37	10·49	9·58	2·63	47·17	41·98	Darbhanga.		
0·04	...	0·27	0·44	1·07	1·46	0·74	...	0·98	...	13	9·21	8·18	10·17	1·46	40·30	41·50	Madhubaani.		
...	...	...	1·14	1·00	0·46	0·43					?		?			?	*Bahera.*		
...	1·02	2·04	1·08	0·64	0·53	0·16	0·04	...	...	15	?	18·40	?	6·15	51·05	?	*Roshera.*		
...	...	0·15	0·18	1·65	2·64	2·52	...	...	...	8	8·32	9·56	9·76	2·64	51·64	39·48	Sitamarhi	Muzaffarpur.	
...	...	...	0·57	1·35	1·45	0·14	0·09	...	...	10	9·20	8·34	9·97	1·60	37·20	41·63	Muzaffarpur.		
1·01	...	1·38	0·78	1·42	0·41	0·06	...	...	...	9	9·37	8·58	7·23	2·05	36·50	37·10	Hajipur.		
...	...	0·53	...	2·15	0·35						?		?			?	*Paru.*		
...	0·78	0·70	1·10	0·20	...	0·20	...	...	...	11	?	6·88	?	1·10		?	*Mahua (Chitwara.)*		
...	...	...	1·80	2·80	0·30	0·10	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Siuhar.*		
...											?		?			?	*Pupri.*		
0·14	...	0·19	0·35	2·47	6·19	0·38	0·32	...	0·12	15	8·67	17·27	9·16	6·19	72·72	40·42	Motihari ...	Champaran.	
...	...	...	0·21	2·26	7·10	0·40					8·84		9·44	7·10		44·12	Bettia.		
...	...	0·46	...	2·77	7·15	0·77		0·36	...	10	?	16·25	?	7·15	64·07	?	*Bagaha.*		
0·02	...	0·02	0·54	1·44	4·25	...	0·04	...	...	7	?	11·01	?	4·25	34·87	?	*Burharwa.*		
...	...	...	0·65	1·68	1·67	...	0·72	...	...	11	7·75	8·80	6·94	1·68	42·53	37·30	Gopalganj ...	Saran.	
...	...	0·19	4·02	0·21	...	...		...	...	8	10·10	8·23	8·52	4·02	35·29	38·94	Siwan.		
0·15	...	0·07	...	2·70	2·58	...	0·21	...	...	8		7·42		2·70	?		Ekma.		
0·96	...	0·02	0·35	2·37	2·37	...	0·08	...	...	11	8·30	11·18	6·90	2·37	36·06	36·07	Chapra.		
...	...	...	3·20	3·20	...	0·20	...	...	...	10		14·00		3·20	?		Seerepore.		
...	...	0·24	...	1·82	1·54	0·09	...	...	...	8		6·91		1·82	?		Annaur.		
...	...	0·10	2·50	0·97	...		...	...	...	7		7·91		2·50	?		Basantpur.		
0·03	...	0·11	0·10	3·62	0·33	0·20	...	...	...	14	9·20	10·24	7·19	3·62	34·63	34·09	Buxar ...	Shahabad ...	SOUTH BIHAR.
...	...	0·25	0·19	1·88	0·18	...	...	...	...	14	10·38	9·56	7·67	2·57	35·91	37·32	Dehri.		
0·05	...	0·04	1·10	3·25	0·21	0·15	...	...	...	17	9·65	15·20	6·67	3·81	50·84	36·54	Bhabhua.		
			0·20	2·55	0·12	...	...	...	...		9·75		6·94	2·55		35·97	Sasaram.		
...	0·53	0·64	2·63	1·57	...	0·09	...	...	...	11	9·80	11·04	6·57	2·63	44·19	35·92	Arrah.		
...	...	0·55	3·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	13·15	?	3·30	43·99	?	*Mohaniah.*		
...	...	1·40	0·20	3·50	0·40	...	...	...	...	12	?	10·22	?	3·50		?	*Khiri.*		
...	0·67	0·05	1·21	7·89	0·05	...	...	...	...	11		15·01	?	7·89		?	*Agsaon.*		
...	...	0·26	0·38	4·55	0·27	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Ramnagar.*		
0·05	...	0·60	0·43	4·85	0·64	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Koath.*		
...	0·20	0·24	2·32	1·30	0·20	...	...	...	...	9	?	7·81	?	2·32		?	*Sikroul.*		
...	0·36	0·10									?		?			?	*Bassawan.*		
...	...	1·14	0·76	3·43	0·39	0·19		...	...	14	?	8·87	?	3·43		?	*Manaharpur.*		
...	...	0·18	0·24	3·53	...	...	0·24	...	...	15	8·95	11·13	7·21	3·53	36·43	38·93	Aurungabad ...	Gaya.	
...	...	0·21	0·19	1·65	0·06	...	...	...	...	12	9·55	8·63	7·32	1·78	38·18	39·10	Gaya.		
...	0·07	0·15	0·43	2·83	0·23	...	...	...	...	12	8·65	8·36	6·97	2·83	40·37	36·26	Nawada.		
0·02	...	0·17	0·22	1·97	0·42	...	...	...	...	14	8·00	11·23	5·66	4·28	55·71	36·45	Jahanabad.		
1·63	...	...		8·60	0·23	...	...	...	...	9	?	14·38	?	8·60		?	*Arwal.*		
...	...	0·05	0·34	3·02	0·30						?		?			?	*Daudnagar.*		
...	...	0·08	...	0·90	...	...	...	...	...		?	40·6	?	0·99		?	*Sherghati.*		
0·15	...	0·19	0·22	1·05	...	0·10	...	...	...	13	?	6·55	?	1·55		?	*Rajauli.*		
...	0·34	1·00	0·50	1·05	0·35	...	...	...	...	11		7·12	?	1·27		?	*Pakri Barawan.*		
0·44	...	0·33	0·81	1·57	0·70	...	...	...	...	9	9·75	7·04	7·09	1·73	40·69	37·69	Patna ...	Patna.	
0·89	...	0·02	0·72	1·28	0·76	...	0·14	...	...	11	9·45	8·70	6·84	2·05	44·67	37·25	Dinapore.		
...	0·04	0·27	0·14	1·84	0·10	...	...	...	...	9	9·30	7·19	6·53	1·84		37·59	Bihar.		
...	...	1·83	0·26	1·20	0·55	...	0·35	...	...	11	8·80	9·22	7·70	2·17	37·74	35·73	Barh.		
1·21	...	0·23	0·50	2·40	0·08	...	...	...	...	13	?	9·56	?	2·40	46·35	?	*Bickram.*		
...	...	0·80	0·60	2·12	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	6·60	?	2·12	36·75	?	*Hilsa.*		
1·23	0·25	0·96	1·52	0·85	0·65	...	0·90	...	...	12	9·80	9·40	7·27	1·52	51·12	35·98	Begusarai ...	Monghyr.	
0·29	0·55	1·08	1·81	0·53	3·09	...	0·80	...	...	17	10·85	17·41	9·01	4·81	53·37	42·24	Monghyr.		
0·06	1·48	0·51	0·43	0·34	0·52	...	...	...	...	13	9·65	8·75	7·45	1·48	38·17	39·44	Jamui.		
...	...	0·29	1·84	1·04	1·25	...	0·45	...	...	13	?	14·41	?	3·47		?	*Gogri.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	2·10	?	2·10	39·29	?	*Sheikpura.*		
...	0·14	0·26	0·85	0·26	0·39	...	...	...	...	15	?	13·32	?	2·35	53·11	?	*Chahai Bamda.*		
...	...	0·05	2·05	0·50	0·35												Chupreon.		
...	0·47	1·01	0·61	3·02	6·07	0·04	...	...	...	13	10·08	13·64	12·24	6·07	50·88	48·34	Rajmahal ...	Sonthal Parganas.	
...	1·85	0·70	0·93	2·38	0·05						11·17		9·53			41·42	Godda.		
...	0·21	0·35	0·32	1·28	4·73	1·14	...	...	...	14	14·00	15·76	12·75	3·95	71·20	50·40	Pakour.		
0·11	0·29	0·60	1·79	0·31	0·42	0·71	...	...	...	16	15·00	9·90	10·63	1·79	60·52	48·42	Naya Dumka.		
...	0·31	0·36	0·95	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	13	12·53	9·02	8·73	1·72	48·75	44·79	Deoghur.		
...	0·09	0·51	1·28	0·07	0·01	...	...	...	...	13	11·12	8·52	7·36	3·40	53·56	44·16	Jamtara.		
...	3·48	...	3·48	3·46	...					10	?	15·79	?	3·48		?	*Belbadda.*		
...	...	...	1·81	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	6·90	?	3·50		?	*Nanihat.*		
...	0·80	0·69	1·30	0·17	0·03	...	...	...	...	17	13·40	13·27	8·82	3·39	62·88	43·41	Pachamba (*Giridi*).	Hazaribagh ...	CHOTA NAGPUR.
2·40	0·04	0·40	1·87	1·09	0·83	0·20	...	...	...	17	12·25	17·88	8·58	4·31	68·33	43·60	Hazaribagh.		
											13·00		8·17			41·09	Semtagurah.		
0·21	1·08	1·66	0·63	0·66	...	...	...	...	...	15	11·75	11·15	8·88	1·63		45·01	Mahudi Hills.		
0·20	1·10	3·00	1·30	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	19	14·00	22·70	10·92	3·60		56·15	Jhoomrah Hills.		
0·59	0·24	0·25	1·19	0·67	...	...	...	...	...	13	?	8·39	?	1·99		?	*Barhi.*		
1·11	...	0·34	1·73	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	14	?	10·13	?	1·73	49·93	?	*Chatra.*		
...	0·77	0·37	0·93	0·37	0·23	0·30	...	...	...	19	?	16·66	?	3·93	51·79	?	*Karagdeha.*		
...	0·70	1·10	1·90								?		?			?	*Ramghar.*		
0·36	...	0·47	1·96	0·88	0·32	...	...	...	...	17	14·00	15·05	9·70	2·35	43·27	47·02	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga.	
...	0·38	0·43	1·24	0·32							14·50		9·17			47·80	Ranchi.		
			1·60								?		?			?	*Silli.*		
...	0·29	1·02	1·90	0·10	0·30	...	...	...	...	23	?	18·37	?	2·50	64·22	?	Sirguja.		
0·04	0·56	2·92	0·95	0·93	...	...	...	...	...	20	?	27·58	?	4·93	71·17	?	Jashpur.		
...	...	0·32	2·05	0·53	0·15	...	...	...	...	14	?	15·93	?		53·09	?	Gangpur.		
0·02	...										11·05		7·82			39·03	Palamau ...	Palamau.	
1·19	0·13	0·28	1·95	0·90	...	0·13	...	...	...	15	?	15·00	?	2·50	69·06	?	*Balumat.*		
...	...	0·28	1·20	3·70	...	...	0·11	...	...	12	?	13·12	?	3·70	47·07	?	*Hoseinabad.*		
...	...	0·14	1·07	6·65	0·08	0·19	...	...	...	17	?	17·09	?	6·65	50·41	?	*Garwah.*		
0·18	0·20	0·98	0·73	0·02	0·11	0·03	...	0·26	...	14	12·25	9·92	8·32	2·91	51·05	47·14	Chaibassa ...	Singhbhum.	
0·78	1·03	0·83	0·25	0·11	0·10	...	...	...	...	17	?	11·54	?	2·16	44·76	?	*Chakradharpur.*		
0·07	0·30										?		?			?	*Ghatsila.*		
0·30	2·02	1·01	3·40								?		?			?	*Baharagura.*		
0·70	0·65	1·00	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	13		10·55		2·75	44·01		Galikura.		
...	1·96	1·04	1·50	...	...	...	..	...	...	12		14·50		2·92	85·27		Kalikapur.		
...	0·16	0·42	0·50	0·70							12·20		8·13			44·55	Purulia ...	Manbhum.	
...	0·14	0·23	1·72	1·26	...	...	...	...	...	15	11·00	13·60	7·25	2·55	66·98	40·30	Gobindpur.		
...	0·11	0·19	1·02	0·05	...	...	0·02	...	...	11	?	6·21	?	1·77	49·34	?	*Ragunathpur.*		
0·09	0·65	0·46	0·60	0·23	0·06	...	...	...	...	12	?	8·22	?	2·95	59·60	?	*Barrabhum.*		
...	1·05	0·47	0·70		...	...	...	...	...	12	?	13·99	?	3·70	54·93	?	*Jhalda.*		
...	0·20	0·20		1·63	1·40	...	...	...	...	13	?	9·78	?	1·60	52·31	?	*Chas.*		
...	0·06	0·74	1·42	0·17	...	...	0·26	...	...	15	?	10·68	?	2·30	51·82	?	*Pandra.*		
0·35	1·05	2·00	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	?	16·00	?	4·18	...		Keonjhar ...	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	
...	...	2·92	0·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	12		13·40	?	2·94	50·91	?	Anandapur.		
0·19	0·48	1·27	0·58	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	12		7·92	?	1·58	45·53	?	Talcher.		
0·17	0·68	7·00	0·10	...	1·20	0·03	...	...	...	16	?	19·30	?	7·00	40·38	?	Narsingpur.		
0·30	0·26	2·11	0·74	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	16	?	12·84	?	2·18	32·61		Angul.		
0·03	0·50	4·18	0·13	0·42	...	...	...	...	...	12	?	12·77	?	4·18	50·02	?	Dhenkanal.		
																	Bispara.		
																	Kunjabongar.		
0·47	1·00	2·50	1·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	?	12·95	?	7·50	33·75		Baramba.		
0·57	0·85	0·27	...	...	...	...	0·26	0·19	...	16	?	10·10	?	[illegible]	?	?	Fort Aijal ...	North Lushai.	

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1893.

It will be remembered that during August the most noticeable feature of the weather was the absence of cyclonic storms and the consequent scanty rainfall. Though depressions occurred, they were peculiar in two respects. They commenced in Burma, and while crossing the Bay they did not intensify, so that they crossed the west coast as diffused low-pressure areas of slight importance. During September three depressions have formed. They began over Burma in much the same way as those of August, but before crossing the north-west coast they became of considerable intensity, and caused stormy weather both in the north-west of the Bay and over the greater part of Bengal, while very heavy rain fell in places during the passage of all three. While in the east of the Bay they remained diffused and shallow, and they deepened rather rapidly during the last day the centre of the disturbance was over the sea.

In several respects these depressions were very similar, but in others there was an important difference. They all commenced in Burma, and remained slight while in the east of the Bay; they followed almost the same north-westerly course, and deepened to about the same extent, defect being half an inch near the centre. The chief difference was in the course taken after crossing the coast. The centre of the first passed between Balasore and Saugor Island, and then continued its north-westerly direction with unusual rapidity at the rate of more than 20 miles an hour. The centre of the second also passed the coast between Saugor Island and Balasore, but moved very slowly almost due west; while the third passed near Puri, and then took a more northerly course than the first, the centre remaining near the western boundary of Chota Nagpur and Bihar till the disturbance reached the Himalayas, when it filled up very quickly. The influence of these depressions was very different in the different districts of Bengal, notwithstanding their similar character while in the north-west angle of the Bay. Owing to the rapid north-westerly motion of the first, the stormy weather moderated in a few hours, and the heavy rainfall was confined to the south-western districts. Though the second took a more westerly course, its rate of motion was so much lower that the stormy weather and heavy rain continued for some days, but was again confined to the southern and western districts. The third caused strong winds and moderate rainfall in the south-western districts, and very heavy rain in the northern half of the province, especially after the disturbance broke up.

On September 1st a shallow low-pressure area covered the north of the Bay, defect at Akyab and False Point being about ·18 inch. It continued to deepen as the centre approached the north-west coast, but when it was near Saugor Island a rapid rise of pressure commenced in Assam and North Bengal—a rise which seemed quite independent of the causes which led to the formation and development of the disturbance. This rise of pressure at first caused very steep gradients over Bengal, and strong squally easterly winds over the whole province; but as the wave advanced quickly, the distribution of pressure underwent a material change in the course of a few hours, and the disturbed weather as quickly moderated. From being nearly half an inch in defect at Balasore on the morning of the 3rd at 8 A. M., and ·2 inch in all the south-western districts, readings on Monday at the same hour were less than a tenth below the normal at all except a few of the extreme western stations. Rain was general and heavy in the south-western districts during these two days, but amounts quickly diminished after the rapid recovery of pressure, and during the two following days, but especially on the 6th, very little rain fell anywhere in the province, while the sky had become almost cloudless in places.

The fine weather that followed the disturbance was interrupted in the northern districts, where a brisk fall of pressure caused a slight local depression and heavy rain in North Bengal and afterwards in Bihar.

As the rapid recovery of pressure on the 3rd did not extend far south, readings became higher in Bengal than in Burma, and the second depression began to form. Its development was accelerated by a brisk fall of pressure in Burma, while the rapid rise continued in the north. It passed into the Bay area as a shallow diffused depression, and moved towards the north-west angle, increasing in a way similar to the previous one. On the 9th the cyclonic circulation of winds was very regular, squally weather was beginning in the east of the Bay, and showers were almost general in Lower Bengal, while the rainfall in North Bengal and Bihar had practically ceased. There was little change at the coast stations on the 10th; but as the centre approached the coast between Saugor Island and Balasore on the 11th, pressure fell very rapidly, and gradients became much steeper to the east and north of the area of lowest pressure. With this increase of gradients weather became squally in Lower Bengal, especially in the south-western districts.

As before a wave of rising pressure advanced from the east, but more slowly, and the steep gradients with rough rainy weather continued till the 14th, when only scattered showers fell in East Bengal and part of South-West Bengal. On the 15th a large number of stations reported no rain, and on the 16th it had almost ceased. During these days a ridge of relatively high pressure formed over Bengal and the north of the Bay; and when pressure began to fall, as it did slowly on the 15th and 16th, this led to rainfall in the more northern districts which had hitherto during the disturbance remained practically rainless.

Settled weather then obtained for some days in Bengal, but a fall of pressure almost immediately began over the Bay, and continued slowly for several days, giving rise to the third disturbance of the month.

The first signs of the commencing disturbance were observable in the northerly winds at the Orissa stations and the faint indraught across the east coast of the Bay on the 18th. Except the continued slow fall of pressure and the more regular cyclonic circulation, there was little change till the 20th, when the depression was better defined, but even then it was so diffused that the position of its centre, though nearer the west coast, was still doubtful. Gradients became steeper in the south-east of the Bay and winds strengthened, but velocity was never above 20 miles an hour at Diamond Island. The depression continued to drift slowly westward on the 21st, and on the 22nd it was near the South Orissa coast. Pressure fell more rapidly at the Orissa stations; and as it was then rising moderately in the east of the Bay and briskly in North Bengal and Assam, the disturbance was becoming more concentrated. Stormy weather rapidly developed, and when the centre of the depression crossed the coast near Puri on the morning of the 23rd, gradients were very steep and strong winds prevailed over the south of Orissa and the adjacent part of the Bay. The squally weather was general in Lower Bengal and Chota Nagpur, and heavy rain was falling. The centre of the disturbance was to the west of Ranchi on the 24th, and on the 25th it was in the west of Bihar, moving in a north-easterly direction. The intensity of the storm had abated very little at that time, as wind velocity in parts of Bihar was as much as 40 miles an hour, and pressure was still nearly half an inch below the normal. On the 26th there was no trace of the depression except defect of a tenth of an inch at Motihari; and as the rapid rise of pressure continued on the 27th, the distribution was then practically normal. The rainfall in Bihar and North Bengal was unusually heavy on the 25th and 26th, especially on the latter date, and the falls on these two days brought up the total for the month in these districts to above the normal, though during the rest of the month rainfall was almost steadily deficient. After the recovery of pressure weather moderated, beginning in Orissa and extending gradually northwards and eastwards. On the 29th a low-pressure area again appeared over Burma; and as readings increased towards the north-west, the wind circulation became northerly, and fine clear weather prevailed both over the province and the Bay.

Pressure.—Large changes of pressure occurred during the passage of the depressions across the south-western districts, and in the last case towards the end of the month in Bihar. As stated above, the depth of the depressions was almost the same, and defect differed little from half an inch near the centre when it crossed the coast. In the first case the recovery was very rapid owing to the depression moving quickly to the westward; while in the two others it came more slowly, and continued for two or three days. Mean pressure for the month is about ·07 inch below the normal in Orissa, ·05 inch in Chota Nagpur and part of South-West Bengal, ·04 inch in Bihar and East Bengal, and about ·02 inch in North Bengal and Assam.

Temperature.—Cloudy weather has been more prevalent than usual, especially in the early part of the month, and day temperatures have at times been many degrees below the normal. The mean maximum temperature is below the normal in all districts except part of East Bengal and Assam, defect varying from half a degree in places to 3° in the west of South Bihar. Night temperatures have not been so low relatively to the normal, the difference being generally less than half a degree except in Bihar, where it is about 1°. The mean daily temperature is normal in East Bengal and below elsewhere by between a half and one degree in all districts except Bihar, where it is 1·2°. Before the approach of the disturbances high temperatures prevailed; and as the cloudy weather extended northwards, the usual fall took place. The cooling effect of the first was very local, but a few days afterwards a cool wave commenced in Assam and spread along the northern districts. During the second disturbance the greatest defect was 7° in part of the south-western districts; during the third there was very cool weather in Bihar, defect remaining between 8° and 10° for several days. The rise of temperature after rainfall ceased was, as usual, rapid.

Rainfall.—As heavy rain fell during the passage of the depressions, which crossed the western districts, there is a large excess in Orissa and Chota Nagpur, and a moderate excess in South-West Bengal and Bihar, while in North Bengal the fall is normal and in East Bengal there is defect of nearly 2 inches. The falls in the northern districts occurred chiefly towards the end of the month, and the large excess in North Bihar as well as the average fall in North Bengal is due to the very heavy rain which fell on the 25th and 26th, when the third depression broke up amongst the hills.

The heaviest rain fell in the neighbourhood of the Orissa coast. Excess at False Point is 14·24, and at Puri, Chandbali, and Balasore between 11 and 12 inches, but it diminishes rather rapidly towards the interior, being only 4 inches at Bhaupur, Bhadrak, and Baripada. There is also a large excess in part of Midnapur, Howrah and Hooghly, Ghatal, Mohesreka and Jahanabad receiving about 10 inches more than the normal. The only other places where excess was more than 10 inches are—Darjeeling, Kalimpong, Chanchal, Churaman, Araria, and Jhumra Hill. Over the greater part of East Bengal defect is generally between one and three inches, and the only places where it is more than 5 inches are Noakhali and Jamalpur in the Mymensingh district. In the other districts falls are all in excess, but by irregular amounts, ranging up to 10 inches.

Actual falls vary from 10 to 25 inches, except in a tract of country running from south-east to north-west, including the greater portion of East Bengal, except the Sunderbans, but becoming much narrower towards the west, where it includes part of the Sonthal Parganas, Monghyr, Patna, Muzaffarpur, and Saran. From this central tract amounts increase towards the north-east and more slowly to the south. The following places in the southern region have received more than 20 inches :—Puri, False Point, Chandbali, Balasore, Garhbeta, and Jahanabad, and most of the other stations between 10 and 20 inches, the distribution being rather irregular. In North Bengal and the east of Bihar falls are generally between 15 and 25 inches, and only three places received more 25 inches, viz. Darjeeling, Kurseong, and Baxa.

The comparison of the actual rainfall of the various large divisions of the province during the month is most accurately shown in the form of a percentage. The figures representing the rainfall for the month calculated in this way are included in the following table under the heading of September. This table really gives a condensed summary of the rainfall statistics of the present year up to date for each meteorological division, the first nine columns giving the actual average falls in each division for each month expressed as a percentage of the normal, while the tenth column gives the actual rainfall of the first nine months as a percentage of the normal rainfall for that period :—

Meteorological Divisions.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	Actual rainfall of first nine months of 1893 expressed as a percentage of the normal fall for the period.
Orissa	422	309	238	89	607	99	67	84	186	155
South-West Bengal ...	120	464	160	115	225	183	94	64	123	131
North Bengal	104	377	145	213	96	100	166	90	100	117
East Bengal	80	291	123	149	207	134	103	100	85	123
North Bihar	170	357	134	208	84	100	151	85	143	123
South Bihar	115	602	188	255	171	156	122	74	132	126
Chota Nagpur	155	585	226	151	212	185	121	72	170	141

The following table contains full data for the comparison of the actual and normal rainfall of the month of September in all districts of the province. The figures are derived from the average and actual rainfall of the rain-recording stations in each district, due allowance or weight being made for the area which each station represents. This gives a more accurate average than the arithmetical means given in the weekly and monthly meteorological tables. The first column gives the normal or actual average district rainfall as determined from the rainfall observations of the past fifteen years; the second column gives the actual district rainfall as determined from the weighted actual rainfalls of the month at the reporting stations in each district; the third column expresses the ratio of the actual district fall of the past month to the normal rainfall as a percentage, and the fourth column states as a percentage how much the district rainfall for the month varied from the normal :—

Percentage Table for September 1893.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for September.	Actual district rainfall for September 1893.	Percentage of actual to normal rainfall.	Percentage excess (+), defect (—).
Orissa ...	Puri	9·98	19·25	193	+ 93
	Cuttack	9·53	16·88	177	+ 77
	Balasore	11·28	18·83	167	+ 67
South-West Bengal	Midnapore	8·85	14·70	166	+ 66
	24-Parganas	9·62	9·57	79	— 21
	Howrah	8·64	14·38	166	+ 66
	Hooghly	8·43	13·39	147	+ 47
	Burdwan	7·87	10·92	139	+ 39
	Bankura	8·53	12·15	142	+ 42
	Birbhum	9·16	11·42	125	+ 25
	Nadia	8·52	10·25	120	+ 20
	Khulna	9·33	11·47	123	+ 23
	Jessore	8·43	10·18	121	+ 21
	Murshidabad	9·77	9·40	96	— 4
East Bengal ...	Chittagong	14·07	10·06	71	— 29
	Backergunge	11·36	13·30	117	+ 17
	Noakhali	16·26	10·83	67	— 33
	Faridpur	8·68	6·91	79	— 21
	Dacca	10·05	7·82	78	— 22
	Tippera	11·58	10·76	93	— 7
	Mymensingh	12·94	9·90	76	— 24

Percentage Table for September 1893—concld.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for September.	Actual district rainfall for September 1893.	Percentage of actual to normal rainfall.	Percentage excess (+), defect (−).
North Bengal ...	Pabna	10·27	8·49	83	— 17
	Bogra	10·70	9·80	92	— 8
	Rajshahi	11·26	8·70	77	— 23
	Malda	10·52	15·75	150	+ 50
	Dinajpur	11·17	15·13	135	+ 35
	Rangpur	13·00	14·62	112	+ 12
	Kuch Bihar	21·95	18·04	82	— 18
	Jalpaiguri	23·93	24·05	100	0
	Darjeeling	17·66	30·87	175	+ 75
North Bihar ...	Purnea	13·53	20·21	149	+ 49
	Bhagalpur	8·87	16·79	189	+ 89
	Darbhanga	9·25	10·94	118	+ 18
	Muzaffarpur	8·27	8·81	107	+ 7
	Champaran	9·05	17·27	191	+ 91
	Saran	7·68	9·60	125	+ 25
South Bihar ...	Shahabad	7·29	13·24	182	+ 82
	Gaya	6·90	9·51	138	+ 38
	Patna	7·20	7·89	110	+ 10
	Monghyr	7·75	12·34	159	+ 59
	Sonthal Parganas	8·06	11·01	137	+ 37
Chota Nagpur ...	Hazaribagh	8·10	15·05	186	+ 86
	Lohardaga	9·44	15·05	159	+ 59
	Palamau	7·82			
	Singhbhum	8·38	9·92	118	+ 18
	Manbhum	7·68	13·60	177	+ 77

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the month of September 1893 :—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.							
	Highest observed during month.	Lowest observed during month.	Averages for month.			Average mean of month above or below normal mean of month.	Of month.			Rainy days.			Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in month.	Normal average number in month.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	92·7	62·67	87·3	77·7	82·5	−0·8	19·05	10·25	+8·80	15·00	12·52	+2·48	64·98	45·13
South-West Bengal	95·7	72·2	87·9	77·6	82·7	−0·6	11·09	9·04	+2·05	13·53	11·94	+1·59	57·44	46·53
North Bengal	93·6	70·1	87·2	76·6	81·9	−0·5	13·37	13·42	−0·05	12·60	12·27	+0·33	73·03	64·21
East Bengal	91·8	72·9	87·1	77·2	82·2	0	10·27	12·08	−1·81	14·72	13·46	+1·26	79·59	67·03
North Bihar	95·2	70·7	87·2	76·9	82·1	−1·2	13·79	9·64	+4·15	11·68	9·74	+1·94	51·65	43·69
South Bihar	94·5	71·2	87·5	77·0	82·2	−1·3	10·50	7·98	+2·52	13·00	10·18	+2·82	45·85	39·74
Chota Nagpur	92·4*	66·8	84·3	72·4	78·3	−0·9	14·80	8·71	+6·09	16·29	12·67	+3·62	59·09	45·03
Assam	96·1	71·9	87·7	76·0	81·9	−0·5								

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 10th October 1893.

C. LITTLE,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·779	29·734	—	N	192	93·7	1, 2, & 4 Oct.	78·6	1st Oct.	92·9	79·6	86·3
		Gopalpore ...	29·788	29·749	—·040	NNW	171	92·2	2, 3 & 6 „	74·1	3 & 6 „	91·2	74·7	83·0
		False Point ...	29·775	29·738	—·055	Wly	147	93·5	4th „	74·6	2nd „	91·8	77·2	84·5
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·712	29·735	—·053	Calm & W	41	93·2	6th „	74·8	1, 2 & 5 „	92·3	75·5	84·0
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·729	29·731	—·065	NW	55	92·4	4th „	73·8	1, 2, 5 & 6 Oct.	91·0	74·8	82·9
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·646	29·741	—·064	N	31	92·3	4 to 6 „	74·1	1 & 6 „	91·4	75·2	83·3
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·756	29·723	—·072	Variable	45	90·1	3 to 6 „	75·2	7th „	89·7	77·0	83·4
		Saugor Island	29·750	29·720	—·074	Wly	182	90·2	4th „	75·0	7th „	89·6	78·9	84·3
	Howrah ... ... Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·724	29·719	—·069	Wly	86	91·8	4 & 5 „	74·7	5th „	90·7	76·8	83·8
	Khulna ... ... Jessore	Jessore ...	29·737	29·717	—·085	NWly	43	92·5	4th „	77·4	5 & 7 „	91·5	78·5	85·0
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	29·689	29·735	—·064	NW	39	91·1	4 to 6 „	76·2	2 & 4 „	90·5	77·8	84·2
		Raniganj ...	29·459	29·744	—·052	NNW	36	95·2	5 & 7 „	73·4	1, 4 to 6 Oct.	94·4	74·0	84·2
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·461	29·711	—·082	Calm	27	92·1	4 to 6 „	73·6	1st „	91·3	75·7	83·5
	Birbhum ... ... Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·712	29·727	—·079	Calm	24	90·6	5th „	77·3	4th „	89·6	78·6	84·1
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·720	29·716	—·095	Calm	29	91·1	2 & 4 „	75·7	5th „	90·2	77·0	83·6
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·708	29·721	—·061	SE	36	90·2	2 to 5 „	74·2	3d „	89·8	76·3	83·1
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·638	29·718	—·070	N & calm	68	90·1	4 to 6 „	76·1	5th „	89·6	76·9	83·3
	Malda	Malda ...	29·690	29·721	—	NW	54	91·6	3 & 4 „	73·0	5th „	90·2	75·3	82·8
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·661	29·737	—·063	Variable	26	91·6	3 & 6 „	74·2	5th „	91·0	76·7	83·9
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·656	29·732	—·086	Variable	21	91·3	3 & 6 „	72·7	5th „	90·7	77·1	83·9
	Jalpaiguri ... ... Kuch Bihar	Jalpaiguri	29·512	29·750	—·065	Calm	30	90·9	2, 6 & 7 „	73·6	2 & 4 „	90·4	74·4	82·4
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	23·000	—	—·033	NE	62	68·6	2nd „	52·6	3 & 7 „	65·8	53·5	59·6
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	?	—	—	Variable	69	52·9	1st „	33·1	6th „	51·3	35·5	43·4
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·704	29·738	—·086	Variable	66	89·2	1st „	74·1	3 to 5 „	86·1	75·0	80·6
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...						Observations not received.						
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·743	29·701	—·029	Calm	38	90·8	2 & 5 Oct.	73·9	6th „	89·6	77·3	83·5
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·722	29·712	—·084	SEly	72	89·5	2nd „	73·8	4th „	86·6	76·2	81·4
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·730	29·733	—·086	Calm & N	29	89·5	2nd „	77·4	7th „	88·2	79·4	83·8
	Dacca	Dacca ...												
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·737	29·721	—·078	Calm & S	60	91·3	2nd „	74·8	4th „	88·6	75·9	82·3
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·711	29·722	—·082	Variable	51	90·2	2 & 4 „	75·6	5 & 6 „	89·4	76·9	83·2
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·652	29·731	—·074	Calm	12	91·4	7th „	75·2	6th „	90·4	77·5	83·9
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·607	29·719	—·072	Calm	4	90·7	3 & 4 „	73·0	4th „	90·2	74·5	82·4
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·609	29·728	—·085	Calm	47	90·4	3, 4 & 6 „	75·2	7th „	90·0	76·9	83·5
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·599	29·730	—	Calm	43	90·7	2, 3 & 5 „	73·2	7th „	90·1	75·9	83·0
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·538	29·719	—·072	WNW	41	91·2	2nd „	70·8	7th „	90·2	74·1	82·2
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·598	29·732	—·042	W	67	90·8	3 to 7 „	72·6	7th „	90·7	74·7	82·7
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·453	29·759	—·041	SW	120	90·3	4 to 6 „	71·0	1, 5 & 7 „	89·8	71·9	80·9
		Buxar ...	29·555	29·747	—·048	W & WSW	63	91·5	6 & 7 „	73·3	6th „	90·5	74·3	82·4
		Arrah ...	29·586	29·728	—·055	Variable	29	92·9	6th „	73·5	5 to 7 „	91·6	74·4	83·0
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·414	29·744	—·050	Variable	127*	93·4	4th „	73·8	3, 4 & 6 „	91·6	74·3	83·0
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·692	29·737	—·064	W	55	90·5	3rd „	74·7	7th „	89·8	75·6	82·7
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka...	29·285	29·730	—·060	Variable	113*	90·6	2 to 5 „	73·3	5 & 6 „	90·2	74·2	82·3
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh ...	27·793	29·749	—·050	NW	168	85·7	3 & 4 „	66·3	3rd „	84·8	66·9	75·9
	Lohardaga ... ... Palamau	Ranchi ... Daltonganj ...	27·674	29·744	—·044	Calm & NW	147 *	85·0	4th „	66·4	3rd „	83·6	67·8	75·7
	Singhbhum ... ... Manbhum	Chaibassa ...	29·028	29·736	—·044	Calm	8	91·4	1 & 5 „	70·2	4 & 5 „	90·8	71·2	81·0
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·476	29·765	—·087	SE		92·1	2nd „	74·0	3 & 4 „	89·4	75·4	82·4
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·662	29·731	—·093	Variable	51	91·2	3rd „	74·8	4 to 6 „	89·3	75·8	82·5
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·673	29·729	—·098	Calm		95·6	6th „	73·3	1 & 2 „	92·2	75·1	83·7

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01 rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 7th of October 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					OF WEEK.				RAINFALL.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th May 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M., temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	DISTRICT.
—	84·0	74	1·4	Nil	Nil	1·80	0·00	2·50	Nil	1·80	—1·80		52·35		Puri.
—0·5	80·2	78	0·1	Nil											
+1·6	82·2	81	4·1	Nil											
—0·4	81·5	72	2·3	Nil	Nil	1·54	0·00	1·86	Nil	1·54	—1·54		51·77		Cuttack.
+0·7	81·5	85	0·6	Nil	0·03	1·64	0·16	1·80	0·03	1·64	—1·61		54·34		Balasore.
+1·0	81·8	75	2·0	0·04	0·50	0·95	0·50	1·43	0·50	0·95	—0·45		53·30		Midnapore.
+0·9	82·9	79	2·7	0·88	1·04	1·09	0·86	1·84	1·04	1·09	—0·05	61·17	54·95	+6·22	24-Parganas.
+0·9	82·3	84	6·9	2·07											
					0·75	1·17	1·00	1·74	0·75	1·17	—0·42	61·60	52·15	+9·45	Howrah.
					0·28	0·93	0·67	1·54	0·28	0·93	—0·65	62·02	51·46	+10·56	Hooghly
+1·1	84·3	76	3·1	0·47	0·48	1·15	1·00	1·38	0·48	1·15	—0·67	55·58	49·75	+5·83	Nadia.
					0·18	1·00	0·33	1·57	0·18	1·00	—0·82	68·02	56·99	+11·03	Khulna.
+1·4	83·9	84	2·9	0·36	0·36	1·02	0·80	1·56	0·36	1·02	—0·66	51·19	50·81	+0·38	Jessore.
+0·4	82·0	76	1·7	0·04	Nil	1·00	Nil	1·24	Nil	1·00	—1·00	52·31	47·70	+4·61	Burdwan.
+1·6	79·5	81	0·4	Nil											
+1·1	80·0	77	2·0	Nil	Nil	1·05	Nil	1·78	Nil	1·05	—1·05	59·87	53·47	+6·40	Bankura.
					Nil	0·93	Nil	1·71	Nil	0·93	—0·93	50·93	54·88	—3·95	Birbhum.
+0·8	82·5	85	2·4	Nil	0·04	1·11	0·16	1·75	0·04	1·11	—1·07		51·89		Murshidabad.
+1·1	82·2	85	2·3	Nil	Nil	1·02	0·00	1·25	Nil	1·02	—1·02	67·28	54·11	+13·17	Pabna.
+0·8	83·1	85	0	0·15	0·04	1·31	0·25	1·52	0·04	1·31	—0·27	58·57	57·97	+0·60	Bogra.
+1·1	84·0	82	1·6	0·02	0·40	1·67	0·67	1·49	0·40	1·67	—1·27	60·71	56·75	+3·96	Rajshahi.
—	83·2	82	0	Nil	Nil	1·03	0·00	1·12	Nil	1·03	—1·03	55·53	56·60	—1·07	Malda.
+0·9	83·8	82	0·3	Nil	0·37	1·49	0·20	1·47	0·37	1·49	—1·12	66·11	60·61	+5·50	Dinajpur.
+1·8	83·0	84	0·3	Nil	Nil	1·80	0·00	1·36	Nil	1·80	—1·80	77·48	76·24	+1·24	Rangpur.
+2·1	80·5	84	4·6	Nil	Nil	1·90	0·00	1·90	Nil	1·90	—1·90	115·46	127·13	—11·67	Jalpaiguri.
					Nil	2·63	0·00	1·77	Nil	2·63	—2·63	106·27	114·88	—8·61	Kuch Bihar.
+2·2	60·1	88	4·3	0·02	0·50	2·64	0·25	2·18	0·50	2·64	—2·14	119·92	128·22	—8·30	Darjeeling.
—	44·9	70	1·9	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sikkim.
—1·1	79·1	92	8·1	8·54		2·17		2·13		2·17			112·11		Chittagong.
					3·12	2·88	6·00	3·00	3·12	2·88	+0·24	101·58	83·42	+18·16	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+1·1	82·1	90	7·3	0·88	0·39	1·49	1·00	2·11	0·39	1·49	—1·10	81·62	76·47	+5·15	Backergunge
—0·3	81·5	93	3·4	3·82	4·12	2·16	3·50	2·47	4·12	2·16	+1·96	114·28	108·12	+6·16	Noakhali.
+1·8	83·4	86	3·7	Nil	0·18	1·18	0·33	1·61	0·18	1·18	—1·00		55·33		Faridpur.
					0·35	1·14	1·00	1·57	0·35	1·14	—0·79	61·91	61·35	+0·56	Dacca.
—0·4	81·1	89	6·0	2·05	1·00	1·53	2·25	2·05	1·00	1·53	—0·53	71·41	70·16	+1·25	Tippera.
+0·9	80·4	92	6·7	0·17	0·29	1·44	0·80	1·58	0·29	1·44	—1·15	83·74	70·78	+12·96	Mymensingh.
+1·2	81·5	89	1·7	0·10	0·03	1·15	0·33	1·17	0·03	1·15	—1·12	76·77	69·49	+7·28	Purnea.
+0·3	82·2	81	1·7	Nil	Nil	1·02	0·00	1·22	Nil	1·02	—1·02		47·37		Bhagalpur.
+0·7	82·7	82	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·94	0·00	0·95	Nil	0·94	—0·94		46·07		Darbhanga.
—	82·0	84	0·6	Nil	Nil	1·18	0·00	1·00	Nil	1·18	—1·18	41·76	44·31	—2·55	Muzaffarpur
+1·4	81·8	82	0	Nil	Nil	1·65	0·00	0·87	Nil	1·65	—1·65		47·88		Champaran.
+0·8	83·0	75	0·3	Nil	Nil	2·03	0·00	1·04	Nil	2·03	—2·03		43·20		Saran.
—0·7	81·3	74	0	Nil											
+0·3	80·6	76	1·1	Nil	Nil	1·41	0·00	0·90	Nil	1·41	—1·41		41·42		Shahabad.
+1·2	80·3	81	0·4	Nil											
—0·4	79·0	85	1·1	Nil	Nil	1·06	0·00	0·90	Nil	1·06	—1·06		42·25		Gaya.
—0·9	82·6	72	0·6	Nil	Nil	1·01	0·00	0·94	Nil	1·01	1·01		41·52		Patna.
					Nil	1·00	0·00	1·67	Nil	1·00	—1·00	47·56	44·06	+3·50	Monghyr.
+1·0	82·0	74	0·3	Nil	Nil	1·09	0·00	1·49	Nil	1·09	—1·09		53·19		Sonthal Parganas.
—1·6	75·0	72	1·9	Nil	Nil	1·11	0·00	1·58	Nil	1·11	—1·11		52·68		Hazaribagh.
—0·5	74·9	69	0·7	Nil	Nil	0·50	0·00	1·39	Nil	0·50	—0·50		53·22		Lohardaga.
					Nil	1·10	0·00	1·05	Nil	1·10	—1·10		44·04		Palamau.
+0·3	78·9	79	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·73	0·00	1·20	Nil	0·73	—0·73	53·54	52·52	+1·02	Singhbhum.
					Nil	1·06	0·00	1·40	Nil	1·06	—1·06		48·57		Manbhum
+1·3	79·1	92	3·7	Nil											Assam.
+1·8	79·3	96	2·0	Nil											
+1·2	79·7	90	7·3	2·30											

for the last ten ears. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of he sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 7th of October 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 1st.	Monday, 2nd.	Tuesday, 3rd.	Wednesday, 4th.	Thursday, 5th.	Friday, 6th.	Saturday, 7th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·56	Nil	1·56	58·64
		Khurda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·70	Nil	1·70	65·99
		Banpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·42	Nil	2·43	39·15
		False Point ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·50	Nil	1·59	83·59
		Gop ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Satpara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Rampur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	55·05
		Kurmala										?		?	
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·70	Nil	1·70	
		Banki ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·57	Nil	1·57	
		Cuttack ...										1·34		1·34	
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·36	Nil	1·36	71·09
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·73	Nil	1·73	
		Dharmsala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	59·91
		Salipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Pal Lahara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Nayagarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	49·74
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·19	Nil	1·19	65·68
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·71	Nil	1·71	63·13
		Soro ...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·15	1·95	0·15	1·95	
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·10	Nil	2·10	80·85
		Jellasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·14	Nil	1·14	
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Baripadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·76	Nil	1·76	69·41
		Contai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	1	0·23	1·30	0·23	1·30	
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·80	1	1·80	0·66	1·80	0·66	59·15
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·87	Nil	0·87	59·46
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	1	0·14	0·93	0·14	0·96	64·87
		Kukrahaty ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·28	1	1·28	?	1·28	?	51·45
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	69·34
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·17	1	0·17	?	0·17	?	53·42
		Dantoon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·07	1	2·07	1·52	2·07	1·52	75·35
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·40	1	1·40	1·26	1·26	1·26	52·50
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·87	1	0·87	?	0·87	?	81·58
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·88	1	0·88	1·12	0·88	1·12	66·57
		Barrackpore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·39	1	0·39	0·96	0·39	0·96	55·82
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·80	1	1·80	0·89	1·80	0·89	60·13
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·75	1	0·75	1·00	0·75	1·00	52·30
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·85	Nil	0·85	67·02
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·79	1	0·79	1·13	0·79	1·13	62·39
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·71	1	0·71	1·20	0·71	1·20	60·75
		Uluberia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·28	1	0·28	?	0·28	?	53·23
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·44	1	0·44	1·07	0·44	1·07	61·08
		Hooghly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	1	0·12	0·84	0·12	0·84	48·73
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·89	Nil	0·89	70·30
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·63	1	0·63	1·10	0·63	1·10	58·25
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·47	1	0·47	1·21	0·47	1·21	50·02
		Chuadanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	1	0·11	1·25	0·11	1·25	55·37
		Meherpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·95	1	0·95	1·08	0·95	1·08	53·68
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	1	0·23	1·10	0·23	1·10	71·08
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	1	0·53	1·06	0·53	1·06	61·58
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·02	Nil	1·02	77·79
		Khulna ...										0·92		0·92	
		Nakipur ...										?		?	
		Rampal ...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·60	2	0·60	?	0·60	?	
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·69	Nil	0·69	52·46
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·36	1	0·36	1·06	0·36	1·06	52·16
		Jhenidah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·84	1	0·82	1·02	0·82	1·02	51·70
		Magura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	1	0·53	0·89	0·53	0·89	55·54
		Bangaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	1	0·11	1·46	0·11	1·46	44·10
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·96	Nil	0·96	56·04
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	Nil	0·04	0·74	0·04	0·74	58·25
		Katwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·08	Nil	1·08	44·18
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·18	Nil	1·18	45·50
		Mankur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·03	Nil	1·03	50·94
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·68	Nil	0·68	50·8[illegible]
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·00	Nil	1·00	46·93
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·49	Nil	1·49	71·69
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	54·45
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	60·59
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	58·16
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	53·90
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	69·84
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	48·84
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·96	Nil	0·96	60·63
		Hetampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·99	Nil	0·99	41·35
		Rampur Hat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·85	Nil	0·85	51·31
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	44·85
		Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	59·76
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	1	0·26	1·00	0·26	1·00	43·09
		Berhampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·78	Nil	1·78	62·71
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·26	Nil	1·26	60·28
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·90	Nil	0·90	57·06
		Jangipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·73	Nil	0·73	67·83
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·00	Nil	1·00	
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	58·31
		Patkabari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·21	Nil	1·21	66·20
		Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·83	Nil	0·83	68·24
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·85	Nil	0·85	53·17
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·78	Nil	1·78	57·77
		Bogra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	1	0·15	0·97	0·15	0·97	66·95
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·63	Nil	1·62	53·54
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	Nil	0·02	1·13	0·02	1·13	56·05
		Nattor ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	1	0·16	1·28	0·16	1·28	56·61
		Naugaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·05	1	1·05	0·93	1·05	0·93	69·64
		Lalpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	1	0·50	?	0·50	?	
		Manda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	

[S]tatement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 7th of October 1893—*contd.*

[Mete]orological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 1st.	Monday, 2nd.	Tuesday, 3rd.	Wednesday, 4th.	Thursday, 5th.	Friday, 6th.	Saturday, 7th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
[...]n Bengal—*contd.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·16	Nil	1·16	54·16	47·57
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·89	Nil	0·89	57·24	53·47
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Sibganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	62·04	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·84	1	1·84	1·92	1·84	1·92	55·64	53·93
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·87	Nil	0·87	71·08	50·79
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·70	Nil	1·70	73·03	55·27
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·93	Nil	1·93	64·16	59·88
		Balurghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·05	Nil	1·05	60·70	50·92
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	92·09	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawanigunge (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·73	Nil	1·73	68·44	57·34
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·60	Nil	1·60	75·44	70·05
		Poerganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·89	Nil	1·89	89·42	70·11
		Gobindgunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	67·97	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·96	Nil	1·96	75·56	71·70
		Ulipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	64·42	?
		Sundergunge...										?		?		?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·90	Nil	1·90	108·79	112·40
		Alipore Dooar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	113·92	?
		Falliacotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	106·90	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	90·52	?
		Bhagatpore (Nagrakatta)	...	...	...	1·77	...	...	...	1	1·77	?	1·77	?		?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·73	Nil	2·73	101·21	91·76
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·65	Nil	2·65	104·93	114·91
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·78	Nil	1·78	97·41	103·69
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	3·35	Nil	3·35	120·30	109·56
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	1·68	...	...	...	1	1·68	5·02	1·68	5·02	200·47	184·75
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·84	Nil	1·84	110·84	105·07
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	Nil	0·02	1·33	0·02	1·33	111·74	101·33
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	Nil	0·09	1·65	0·09	1·65	96·30	81·05
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	0·26	...	...	...	1	0·26	?	0·26	?	141·73	?
		Pedong ...	0·02	...	...	0·01	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	?	0·03	?	85·99	?
[...] Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	1·96	0·25	...	1·07	0·02	...	3	3·30	2·13	3·30	2·13	149·06	122·28
		Chittagong ...	...	...	0·18	4·27	4·03	0·14				2·21		2·21		87·30
		Kutubdia ...	...	0·50	0·08							?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	...	1·86	1·71	1·08	2·30					?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...										?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	...	...	...	2·35	1·30	0·90	0·10	4	14·65	?	4·65	?		?
		Chandpur ...	...	0·48	1·15	1·35	...	1·85				?		?	?	?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	0·10	0·66	1·00	0·21	0·83	0·32	6	3·12	2·88	3·12	2·88	101·58	76·05
		Bundarban ...	...	0·36	2·25	0·25	0·97	0·12	0·72	6	4·67	?	4·67	?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	1	0·11	1·31	0·11	1·31	134·37	79·75
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	1	0·20	1·38	0·20	1·38	83·51	62·83
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	...	0·99	...	0·05	1	1·04	1·10	1·04	1·10	77·13	62·36
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	...	2·65	...	0·92	2	3·57	?	3·57	?	75·22	?
		Bhola ...	...	...	...	0·12	...	0·09	...	1	0·21	2·17	0·21	2·17	82·35	76·09
		Daulatkhan ...	...	...	...	0·42	...	0·23	0·10	3	0·75	?	0·75	?	91·00	?
		Bauphal ...										?		?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	2·34	0·26	0·04	1·18	3	3·82	2·20	3·82	2·20	102·19	99·80
		Fenny ...	...	...	1·05	2·52	...	0·75	0·10	4	4·42	2·11	4·42	2·11	126·29	97·56
		Harishpore ...	...	...	0·05	...						?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·45	2·63	0·34	3	3·42	?	3·42	?	99·75	?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	1	0·55	0·80	0·55	0·80	55·92	51·14
		Faridpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·39	Nil	1·39	64·84	52·92
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·35	Nil	1·35	61·22	48·18
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·17	1	0·17	1·45	0·17	1·45	52·21	64·32
		Dacca ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	1	0·22	1·05	0·22	1·05	50·85	54·39
		Narayanganj...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·37	1	0·37	1·25	0·37	1·25	52·40	58·27
		Manikganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·37	1	0·37	0·79	0·37	0·79	50·83	45·70
		Joydebpore ...	...	...	...	0·45	...	...	...	1	0·45	?	0·45	?	60·04	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·81	0·13	2	0·94	1·36	0·94	1·36	69·07	55·92
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·62	0·82	2	1·44	1·36	1·44	1·36	82·47	70·61
		Chandpore ...	...	...	0·38	...	...	0·74	0·14	3	1·26	2·36	1·26	2·36	64·94	69·97
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	0·22	2	0·34	1·04	0·34	1·04	67·81	56·36
		Ramchandrapore ...										?		?		?
		Nasirnagar ...										?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	1	0·55	?	0·55	?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...										?		?		?
	Mymensingh..	Kishorganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·68	Nil	1·68	89·30	64·89
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·48	1	0·48	1·05	0·48	1·05	67·13	50·59
		Mymensingh...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·15	1	0·17	1·36	0·17	1·36	84·31	68·46
		Jamalpur ...	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·35	1·57	0·35	1·57	70·71	60·36
		Netrakona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·46	1	0·46	1·53	0·46	1·53	105·60	76·45
		Subornakhalty	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·46	1	1·46	?	1·46	?	75·54	?
		Durgapore ...										?		?		?
		Sherepore Town										?		?		?
		Dewanganj ...										?		?		?
[No]rth Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·16	Nil	1·16	94·09	67·41
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·13	Nil	1·13	88·01	60·54
		Purnea ...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·10	1·15	0·10	1·15	58·23	58·05
		Gondwara (Korah)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	68·67	?
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	69·31	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·43	?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·14	Nil	1·14	55·08	45·72
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·76	Nil	0·76	40·87	45·39
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	62·74	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·06	Nil	1·06	45·75	39·24
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·10	Nil	1·10		40·14
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	44·42	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·83	Nil	0·83	46·19	40·03
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·40	Nil	1·40	47·17	43·91
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·58	Nil	0·58	40·30	42·13
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Roshera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	51·05	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 7th of October 1893—cont…

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 1st.	Monday, 2nd.	Tuesday, 3rd.	Wednesday, 4th.	Thursday, 5th.	Friday, 6th.	Saturday, 7th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur ...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·82	Nil	0·82	51·64
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·00	Nil	1·00	37·30
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·71	Nil	1·71	36·59
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Mahwa (Chitwarra.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Sinhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·39	Nil	1·39	72·72
		Bettiah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·91		1·91	
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	64·07
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil		35·87
	Saran ...	Gopalganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	3·10	Nil	3·10	42·53
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·81	Nil	1·81	35·23
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·18	Nil	1·18	36·06
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·34	Nil	1·34	34·63
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·57	Nil	1·57	35·91
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·49	Nil	1·49	50·84
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·69	Nil	1·69	
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·96	Nil	0·96	44·19
		Mohanea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	43·99
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Sikrosl ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·39	Nil	1·39	36·43
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	10·82	Nil	0·82	37·17
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·86	Nil	0·86	40·37
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·17	Nil	1·17	55·71
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·93	Nil	0·96	40·09
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·08	Nil	1·08	43·31
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·91	Nil	0·91	
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·08	Nil	1·08	37·74
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	52·33
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	40·63
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·85	Nil	0·85	51·12
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·13	Nil	1·13	53·37
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·99	Nil	0·99	38·17
		Gourl ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	52·85
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	30·29
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	53·11
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?	
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·79	Nil	1·79	50·88
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·93	Nil	0·93	
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·95	Nil	0·95	71·20
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·52	Nil	1·52	60·52
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·95	Nil	0·95	48·94
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·40	Nil	1·40	53·56
		Belbodda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
CHOTA NAGPUR	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·30	Nil	1·00	62·88
		Hazaribagh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·09	Nil	1·09	71·33
		Semaria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·20	Nil	1·20	
		Mahudi Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·98	Nil	0·98	
		Jhumra Hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·29	Nil	1·29	59·70
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	49·25
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	50·37
		Karangdeha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	49·36
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·34	Nil	0·34	43·27
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·65	Nil	0·65	
		Silli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·10	Nil	1·10	
		Balumath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	58·77
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	47·07
		Garhwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·73	Nil	0·73	51·05
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	37·49
		Ghatsila	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?	
		Gailkeira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	47·15
		Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	82·12
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·89	Nil	0·89	
		Gobindpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·22	Nil	1·22	66·88
		Raghunathpore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	49·34
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	·	58·60
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	54·93
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	51·39
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	54·24

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inches of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th October* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 7TH OF OCTOBER 1893.

FINE settled weather has prevailed over the Bay and the province throughout the week, with the exception of a few scattered showers in the eastern districts, owing to a very shallow depression, which commenced in Burma and moved northwards over the east of the Bay into Lower Bengal, where it filled up. The rainfall was almost entirely confined to Chittagong, Noakhali, and Backergunge, but the falls in these districts were sufficiently heavy to give an average of an inch and a quarter for the whole of East Bengal. At the beginning of the week pressure was lowest in Burma, and gradients were steeper to the west than towards the north, so that light northerly or westerly winds prevailed with almost cloudless weather. Temperature was very nearly normal, there being a small defect in the western and a small excess in the eastern districts. Pressure fell slowly on the 1st and briskly on the 2nd, when there was defect of more than a tenth of an inch in all districts except Orissa, Chota Nagpur, and the west of Bihar. The shallow depression was then over the north-east angle of the Bay, and moderately heavy rain was falling in parts of Chittagong, Chittagong and Satkanya receiving nearly 2 inches. The fall of pressure continued slowly on the 3rd, but on the 4th it had begun to rise, and the depression slowly filled up. Rainfall continued in the south-eastern districts for several days, and as the depression, though daily becoming more diffused, was drifting westwards, the rainfall extended to the western districts, and was fairly general in South-West Bengal on the 7th, the last day of the week. The light westerly indraught towards the area of low pressure continued with almost no change, and temperature remained above the normal by about 1° in Assam and North Bengal and by smaller amounts in the other districts, except where local rainfall occurred.

Pressure fell slowly or moderately during the early part of the week, and rose slowly during the latter half. Before the shallow depression began to fill up defect was greatest at some of the East Bengal stations, but was nowhere more than ·15 inch. The means for the month are below the normal everywhere by amounts varying from ·05 inch in Orissa and Chota Nagpur to nearly ·1 inch in the east of the province.

Temperature was low in the western districts for some days, especially in Chota Nagpur, also towards the end of the week in Lower Bengal, while weather was cloudy and local showers were falling. Elsewhere it continued above the normal by one or two degrees. The mean excess is 1° or more in Assam, North Bengal, and South-West Bengal, nearly 1° in North Bihar, and less than half a degree in Orissa, South Bihar, and East Bengal. In Chota Nagpur there is defect of about half a degree.

Rainfall.—No rain has fallen in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, and Bihar. In East Bengal scattered rain fell during the greater part of the week, chiefly in Chittagong, Noakhali, and Backergunge, while showers fell in North Bengal on the 4th, the heaviest being 1·77 inches at Bhagatpur and 1·68 inches at Baxa. In South-West Bengal there was fairly general rain on the 7th. The average fall for East Bengal is 1·22 inches, for South-West Bengal ·4 inch, and North Bengal ·15 inch.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 7th of October 1893:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.						RAINFALL.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	93·7	73·8	91·8	76·4	84·1	+0·3	Nil	1·65	−1·65	0·00	2·01	−2·01	Nil	1·63	53·15	46·49
South-West Bengal ...	95·2	73·4	91·0	76·9	84·0	+1·0	0·40	1·04	−0·64	0·52	1·60	−1·08	0·40	1·04	57·47	47·50
North Bengal	91·6	72·7	90·3	76·2	83·3	+1·1	0·15	1·59	−1·44	0·20	1·48	−1·28	0·15	1·59	73·09	65·76
East Bengal	91·5	73·8	88·1	76·8	82·5	+0·3	1·22	1·56	−0·34	1·44	1·91	−0·47	1·22	1·56	79·29	69·01
North Bihar	91·4	70·8	90·3	75·6	82·9	+0·7	Nil	1·30	−1·30	0·00	1·05	−1·05	Nil	1·30	52·10	45·10
South Bihar	93·4	71·0	90·6	74·1	82·4	+0·1	Nil	1·13	−1·13	0·00	1·10	−1·10	Nil	1·13	45·15	40·71
Chota Nagpur	91·4	66·3	86·4	68·6	77·5	−0·6	Nil	0·95	−0·95	0·00	1·43	−1·43	Nil	0·95	57·72	46·29
Assam	95·6	73·3	90·3	75·4	82·9	+1·4										

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 10th October 1893.

C. LITTLE,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract of the Results of the Barometric and Thermometric Observations taken at 10 a.m. at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, in the month of September 1893.

		Date.
	Inches.	
The mean pressure at 10 A.M. during the month	29·701	
	°	
The mean temperature at 10 A.M. during the month	84·7	
The highest temperature during the month	92·0	28th.
The lowest temperature during the month	74·0	12th.
The absolute range of temperature during the month	18·0	
The mean daily range of temperature during the month ...	10·4	
The greatest range of temperature in one day during the month ...	14·2	30th.
	°/o	
The mean 10 A.M. humidity during the month	82	
	Inches.	
The mean 10 A.M. vapour tension during the month	9·75	
The total rainfall of the month	8·51	
The greatest fall in 24 hours	1·82	11th.
The number of rainy days in the month	13	

J. H. GILLILAND,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,

The 9th October 1893.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 1st to 7th October 1893.

MONTH.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	TEMPERATURE.						HYGROMETRY.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
October ...	1st ...	29·803	83·4	91·0	15·2	75·8	87·6	79·5	·900	76·1	69	Nil.
,, ...	2nd ...	·725	84·5	92·0	15·0	77·0	89·1	79·5	·879	75·3	65	...
,, ...	3rd ...	·707	85·2	92·5	14·7	77·8	88·6	79·5	·886	75·6	66	...
,, ...	4th ...	·748	85·1	92·0	13·8	78·2	89·6	80·5	·919	76·7	66	...
,, ...	5th ...	·777	84·9	92·0	14·2	77·8	88·6	78·5	·840	74·0	63	...
,, ...	6th ...	·803	83·4	90·0	13·2	76·8	87·2	79·5	·904	76·2	70	...
,, ...	7th ...	·787	81·4	87·8	12·8	75·0	85·1	80·5	·981	78·7	81	1·25

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·764
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	84·0
The extreme variation of temperature	17·5
The maximum temperature	92·5
	°/o
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	69
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th October 1893	1·25

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. GILLILAND,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,

The 9th October 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 1st to 7th October 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Temperature. Maximum.	Temperature. Range.	Temperature. Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension.	Hygrometry. Dew point.	Hygrometry. Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Oct	1st	149·4	10·3	29·728	82·8	89·1	12·5	76·6	77·9	0·891	75·7	80	NNW and calm...	61	Nil	Clear, △.
"	2nd	152·9	5·2	·657	82·9	89·9	12·5	77·4	78·7	·928	77·0	83	Wly, N, W and calm	24	"	Partially cloudy, △.
"	3rd	146·4	10·2	·643	83·3	90·2	12·3	77·9	78·4	·907	76·3	80	W, WNW and calm.	41	"	Chiefly clear, △.
"	4th	146·3	9·3	·690	83·2	89·9	12·4	77·5	78·4	·907	76·3	81	WNW and calm...	42	"	Chiefly clear, △.
"	5th	146·5	6·7	·725	82·3	90·0	12·5	77·5	77·8	·895	75·9	82	NNW and calm ...	19	"	Partially cloudy, △.
"	6th	151·3	3·9	·743	82·6	89·6	12·8	76·8	78·0	·898	76·0	81	Nly, E and calm...	46	Not measurable.	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, △.
"	7th	153·0	3·4	·741	78·5	86·3	11·1	75·2	77·1	·913	76·5	93	N and variable ...	59	1·37	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, p, t.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·704
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·754
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	49·0
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	82·8
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	82·2
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	83·3
The extreme variation of temperature	15·0
The maximum temperature	90·2
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	8
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	83
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	82
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th October 1893	1·37
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	1·73
The total fall from 1st January to 7th October 1893	79·23
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	60·55

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast ; g, gloomy ; d, drizzling rain ; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; △, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 9th October 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low-water in the Rivers Ganges, Bhagirathi, Jalangi, and Brahmaputra, for the month of September 1893.

Date.	Distance.	River Ganges.																River Bhagirathi.		River Jalangi.		River Brahmaputra.	
		Mirzapur.		Benares.		Buxar.		Dinapore.		Monghyr.		Sahibganj.		Rampur Boalia.		Goalundo.		Berhampore.		Sarupganj.		Gowhatty.	
	Miles.	86		134	48	90		177	87	287	110	381	94	471	90	591	120						
		From Allahabad ...		From Allahabad ...	From Mirzapur ...	From Benares		From Benares	From Buxar ...	From Benares	From Dinapore	From Benares	From Monghyr	From Benares	From Sahibganj ...	From Benares	From Rampur Boalia ...						
		Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero.	Height over mean sea-level.
1st ...	...	19·25	225·47	17·00	213·80	12·42	181·47	22·80	157·03	17·08	118·93	18·67	86·67	18·25	60·25	20·33	29·27	21·96	55·70	24·25	28·55	24·50	173·26
2nd ...	...	23·25	229·47	21·00	217·80	15·33	184·38	23·50	157·73	17·50	119·35	18·75	86·75	18·00	60·00	20·17	29·11	21·54	55·28	23·67	27·97	24·50	173·26
3rd ...	...	26·25	232·47	24·50	221·30	19·08	188·13	24·90	159·13	18·08	119·93	19·17	87·17	18·00	60·00	20·17	29·11	21·33	55·07	23·17	27·47	24·60	173·36
4th ...	...	30·67	236·89	29·00	225·80	21·58	190·63	26·40	160·63	19·17	121·02	19·58	87·58	18·33	60·33	20·08	29·02	21·17	54·91	22·58	26·88	24·80	173·56
5th ...	...	33·42	239·64	32·17	228·97	25·17	194·22	28·10	162·33	20·83	122·68	20·17	88·17	19·00	61·00	19·92	28·86	21·50	55·24	22·25	26·55	24·80	173·56
6th ...	...	34·50	240·72	34·00	230·80	26·75	195·80	30·00	164·23	22·83	124·68	21·33	89·33	19·96	61·96	19·75	28·69	22·00	55·74	22·25	26·55	24·40	173·16
7th ...	...	34·33	240·55	34·50	231·30	27·42	196·47	30·10	164·33	24·08	125·93	22·50	90·50	20·79	62·79	19·83	28·77	22·66	56·40	22·33	26·63	24·40	173·16
8th ...	...	33·25	239·47	33·00	229·80	27·50	196·55	30·30	164·53	24·42	126·27	23·25	91·25	21·50	63·50	20·17	29·11	23·87	57·61	22·67	26·97	24·40	173·16
9th ...	...	32·17	238·39	32·00	228·80	26·50	195·55	30·00	164·23	24·58	126·43	23·67	91·67	22·00	64·00	20·42	29·36	24·75	58·49	23·17	27·47	24·40	173·16
10th ...	...	31·00	237·22	30·33	227·13	25·83	194·88	29·60	163·83	24·33	126·18	23·75	91·75	22·25	64·25	20·67	29·61	25·42	59·16	23·67	27·97	24·40	173·16
11th ...	...	30·00	236·22	31·00	227·80	25·58	194·63	29·20	163·43	23·92	125·77	23·83	91·83	22·33	64·33	20·92	29·86	25·75	59·49	24·50	28·80	24·30	173·06
12th ...	...	35·17	241·39	34·50	231·30	26·50	195·55	29·30	163·53	23·42	125·27	23·50	91·50	22·46	64·46	21·08	30·02	26·00	59·74	25·83	30·13	24·30	173·06
13th ...	...	35·17	241·39	34·50	231·30	27·50	196·55	29·70	163·93	23·42	125·27	23·25	91·25	22·50	64·50	21·08	30·02	26·25	59·99	25·17	29·47	23·30	172·06
14th ...	...	35·75	241·97	34·50	231·30	27·75	196·80	29·85	164·08	23·58	125·43	23·33	91·33	22·50	64·50	20·92	29·86	26·62	60·36	25·75	30·05	23·40	172·16
15th ...	...	36·00	242·22	35·00	231·80	27·83	196·88	31·30	165·53	24·25	126·10	23·33	91·33	22·60	64·60	20·75	29·69	26·83	60·57	26·17	30·47	22·20	170·96
16th ...	...	36·42	242·64	35·00	231·80	27·83	196·88	30·70	164·93	24·92	126·77	23·67	91·67	22·67	64·67	20·50	29·44	26·96	60·70	26·33	30·63	21·10	169·86
17th ...	...	36·50	242·72	35·00	231·80	27·75	196·80	30·10	164·33	24·92	126·77	23·92	91·92	22·71	64·71	20·42	29·36	27·12	60·86	26·46	30·76	21·10	169·86
18th ...	...	37·33	243·55	36·00	232·80	27·75	196·80	29·60	163·83	24·42	126·27	24·00	92·00	22·92	64·92	20·25	29·19	27·25	60·99	26·54	30·84	20·40	169·16
19th ...	...	38·50	244·72	37·00	233·80	28·00	197·05	29·68	163·91	24·08	125·93	23·83	91·83	23·08	65·08	20·08	29·02	27·42	61·16	27·42	31·72	19·40	168·16
20th ...	...	38·08	244·30	36·50	233·30	28·17	197·22	30·00	164·23	24·17	126·02	23·67	91·67	23·12	65·12	20·00	28·94	27·46	61·20	26·58	30·88	19·30	168·06
21st ...	...	35·75	241·97	33·83	230·63	27·75	196·80	30·00	164·23	24·50	126·35	23·67	91·67	23·12	65·12	19·83	28·77	27·50	61·24	26·67	30·97	18·50	167·26
22nd ...	...	31·92	238·14	30·33	227·13	26·17	195·22	29·60	163·83	24·42	126·27	23·75	91·75	23·12	65·12	19·75	28·69	27·46	61·20	26·50	30·80	18·20	166·96
23rd ...	...	29·83	236·05	26·83	223·63	24·33	193·38	28·40	162·63	23·83	125·68	23·75	91·75	23·10	65·10	19·83	28·77	27·50	61·24	26·50	30·81	18·20	166·96
24th ...	...	27·75	233·97	26·00	222·80	23·25	192·30	27·50	161·73	22·42	124·27	23·17	91·17	23·08	65·08	19·83	28·77	27·42	61·16	26·58	30·88	18·20	166·96
25th ...	...	28·17	234·39	26·50	223·30	23·50	192·55	27·30	161·53	21·42	123·27	22·83	90·83	22·96	64·96	19·83	28·77	27·42	61·16	26·67	30·97	17·90	166·66
26th ...	...	29·50	235·72	27·00	223·80	23·75	192·80	29·20	163·43	22·08	123·93	22·58	90·58	22·50	64·50	19·75	28·69	27·54	61·28	26·67	30·97	17·30	166·06
27th ...	...	29·25	235·47	27·00	223·80	24·50	193·55	29·40	163·63	23·25	125·10	23·00	91·00	22·33	64·33	19·75	28·69	27·42	61·16	27·17	31·47	16·90	165·66
28th ...	...	27·17	233·39	25·00	221·80	24·00	193·05	29·30	163·53	24·00	125·85	23·42	91·42	22·67	64·67	19·83	28·77	27·42	61·16	27·33	31·63	16·40	165·14
29th ...	...	26·08	232·30	24·00	220·80	22·92	191·97	28·50	162·73	23·92	125·77	23·58	91·58	22·92	64·92	20·00	28·94	27·37	61·11	27·42	31·72	18·20	166·96
30th ...	...	24·75	230·97	22·00	218·80	21·83	190·88	27·10	161·33	22·83	124·68	23·58	91·58	22·96	64·96	20·00	28·94	27·37	61·11	27·42	31·72	18·70	167·46

CALCUTTA,
The 10th October 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR 1893-94.

Areas leased for irrigation up to end of August 1893.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilised.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	Details of areas leased. Five years, all crops.	Five years, kharif.	Annual leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Sugar-cane.	Bhadoi.	Hot-weather.	Total.	GRAND TOTAL.	Rainfall, 1893-94. During month.	Up to end of month.	Rainfall 1892-93. During month.	Up to end of month.	REMARKS.
			C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	
ORISSA	Cuttack	Taldanda, 1st reach	1,342	189	66 (with 2nd reach)	4,500	7,970	......	4,639	......	113	......	......	......	113	4,752	8·45	58·10	9·30	33·90	
		Ditto, 2nd „	566	152													8·25	62·00	5·80	32·79	
		Machgaon	766	41	26	1,860	22,973	......	2,809	99	......	10	......	......	109	2,918	5·90	55·13	5·65	27·00	
		Kendrapara	1,067	715	602	45,131	50,022	......	26,252	......	1,807	25	......	......	1,832	28,084	10·60	64·35	3·73	24·95	
		Gobri	372·82	43	32	1,362	2,400	......	769	......	40	......	......	......	40	809	3·74	59·64	8·20	31·42	
		Do. Extension	648	66	20	684	2,923	......	775	......	9	......	......	......	9	784	No gauge.		No gauge.		
		Pattamundi	885	248	183	3,662	11,244	......	2,400	......	11	......	......	......	11	2,411	8·65	55·85			
		High Level, Range I	608	306·61	127·70	10,363	20,678	......	1,747	......	23	1	......	......	24	1,771	8·16	47·07	11·08	35·66	
		Ditto, do. II	727·16	9·06	9·06	1,864	2,254	......	1,789	......	52	......	......	......	52	1,841	No gauge.		No gauge.		
		Jajpur Canal	700	12·32	12·32	1,196	719	......	1,381	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,381	......	......	......	......	
	Balasore	High Level, Range III	727·16	166·26	154·22	15,245¼	29,406	......	16,062	......	......	181	......	......	181	16,243	8·01	39·42	9·22	35·09	
		Total	......	......	......	85,867¼	151,189	......	58,623	99	2,055	217	......	......	2,371	60,994	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	......	133,871	......	2,568	258	......	......	2,826	136,697	......	......	......	......	
SOUTH-WESTERN.	Midnapore	Midnapore	1,411	763	471	55,864	78,514	......	63,767	......	......	......	......	......	......	63,767	8·08	49·24	5·04	23·82	26 days discharging.
		Panchkura	522	33	20	1,188	6,408	......	6,546	......	......	......	......	......	......	6,546	7·86	43·02	4·98	22·94	8 days discharging.
	Howrah	Tidal Reaches, Ranges I & II	......	......	......	366	472	......	763	......	......	......	......	......	......	763	......	......	......	......	
		Total	......	......	......	57,418	85,394	......	71,076	......	......	......	......	......	......	71,076	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	......	84,668	......	......	......	......	......	......	84,668	......	......	......	......	
SONE	Shahabad	Western Main	4,342	2,908	265	18,233	17,728	14,397	......	5,273	......	......	......	469	5,742	20,139	7·37 (Western Main and Buxar)	27·92	22·52	36·80	
		Buxar	1,226	603	610	60,360	60,079	51,409	......	12,008	......	......	......	1,926	13,934	67,343					
		Arrah	2,000	1,809	1,626	132,857	93,886	111,720	......	16,008	......	......	......	9,037	25,945	157,665	6·52	32·60	14·95	29·44	
	Patna and Gaya.	Eastern Main	1,466 (Eastern Main and Patna)	1,262	1,147	2,664	2,286	2,098	......	593	......	......	......	38	631	2,729	9·35 (Eastern Main and Patna)	42·80	26·12	44·40	
		Patna				70,908	60,524	56,745	......	13,971	......	......	50	1,767	15,788	72,583					
		Total	......	......	......	285,022	234,503	238,369	......	47,853	......	......	50	14,137	62,040	300,409	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	192,236	......	67,515	......	......	127	11,616	79,258	271,494	......	......	......	......	
		Grand Total	......	......	......	428,307¼	471,086	238,369	129,699	47,952	2,055	217	50	14,137	64,411	432,479	1,588	9,226	......	......	
		Grand Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	192,236	238,539	67,515	2,568	258	127	11,616	82,684	512,859	......	......	......	......	

CALCUTTA,
The 10th October 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major Works for the month of August 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

CANALS.	TOLLAGE, 1893-94.						TOLLAGE, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Orissa Circle.												
Taldanda Canal System	1,500	4	11	7,193	2	9	477	1	3	4,539	6	9
Kendrapara ditto	8,716	1	7	34,129	11	11	5,033	6	11	19,370	6	9
High Level, Range I	1,749	14	3	6,462	4	3	1,601	3	3	4,300	15	6
Ditto, " II	356	14	9	1,359	6	6	212	11	6	699	8	0
Ditto, " III	270	8	3	896	15	6	163	11	6	401	11	0
Jajpur Canal ...	47	6	6	137	12	10	21	0	3	68	3	6
Total Orissa Circle ...	12,641	2	3	50,179	5	9	7,509	2	8	29,380	3	6
South-Western Circle.												
Midnapore Canal ...	8,676	3	3	40,876	15	9	12,475	4	0	52,745	12	0
Hijili Tidal Canal ..	5,377	11	0	28,625	9	0	3,689	5	3	25,511	12	3
Total South-Western Circle ...	14,053	14	3	69.502	8	9	16,164	9	3	78,257	8	3
Sone Circle.												
Patna Canal System ...	2,209	15	9	10,811	0	6	1,580	7	6	11,323	12	6
Arrah ditto ...	1,267	13	6	10,329	13	9	1,488	14	3	9,298	4	9
Buxar ditto ...	498	12	0	3,331	15	3	619	15	3	5,246	15	9
Total Sone Circle ...	3,976	9	3	24,472	13	6	3,689	5	0	25,869	1	0
GRAND TOTAL ...	30,671	9	9	1,44,154	12	0	27,363	0	11	1,33,506	12	9

Government Transport Service.

CANAL.	TOLLAGE, 1893-94.						TOLLAGE, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.
Orissa Circle.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.
High Level ...	1,606	297	1,770 8 0	12,265	2,794	12,293 8 8	1,415	601	1,114 15 0	13,599	2,401	4,386 1 7
Total Orissa Circle	1,606	297	1,770 8 0	12,265	2,794	12,293 8 8	1,415	601	1,114 15 0	3,599	2,401	4,386 1

Total Navigation Receipts.

CANALS.	EARNINGS, 1893-94.						EARNINGS, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Orissa Canals ...	14,411	10	3	62,472	14	5	8,624	1	8	33,766	5	1
Midnapore Canal ...	8,676	3	3	40,876	15	9	12,475	4	0	52,745	12	0
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	5,377	11	0	28,625	9	0	3,689	5	3	25,511	12	3
Sone Canals ...	3,976	9	3	24,472	13	6	3,689	5	0	25,869	1	0
Total ...	32,442	1	9	1,56,448	4	8	28,477	15	11	1,37,892	14	4

CALCUTTA,
The 10th October 1893.

O. C. LEES,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Minor Works and Navigation for the month of August 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals.	Tollage, 1893-94.						Tollage, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...	22,279	12	0	96,053	15	0	21,495	2	3	95,810	9	3
Tolly's Nala ...	6,482	9	0	29,292	4	6	7,251	14	9	29,590	4	0
Total ...	28,762	5	0	1,25,346	3	6	28,747	1	0	1,25,400	13	3
Orissa Coast Canal ...	11,103	4	9	48,040	5	0	2,913	12	0	21,188	14	9
Nadia Rivers ...	31,442	15	6	81,501	15	10	30,179	7	6	69,116	15	9
Grand Total ...	71,308	9	3	2,54,888	8	4	61,840	4	6	2,15,706	11	9

Calcutta,
The 10*th October* 1893.

O. C. Lees,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 7th October 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 7th October 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 8th October 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	816	85,280	960	272	84,350	1,418
Jute	234	94,615	1,600	250	68,675	1,136
Firewood	165	1,03,325	1,569	140	66,625	1,023
Other articles	1,001	2,12,887	3,177	917	1,95,030	2,909
Total ...	2,216	4,96,107	7,306	1,579	4,14,680	6,486

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Statement of Goods Traffic in Staples carried during the four weeks ending 26th August 1893, as compared with the same period of 1892.

Staples.	1892.		1893.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
Cotton, raw	40,595	34,895	5,021	2,973	...	...	35,574	31,922
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European	10,687	9,695	9,024	9,065	...	...	1,663	630
2.—Indian	18,673	11,052	22,939	12,789	4,266	1,737	...	...
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European	99,790	1,02,283	83,950	97,512	...	...	15,840	4,771
2.—Indian	9,815	7,106	11,121	6,639	1,306	...	...	467
Drugs and chemicals—								
1.—Intoxicating other than opium	344	193	215	108	...	...	129	85
2.—Non-intoxicating	6,417	7,317	6,120	5,997	...	...	297	1,320
Dyes and tans—								
1.—Indigo	3,590	898	8,185	2,070	4,595	1,172	...	...
2.—Myrabolams	3,584	1,201	2,732	834	...	...	852	367
3.—Aniline dyes	316	579	154	172	...	...	162	407
4.—Cutch	2,379	1,000	1,902	964	...	...	477	36
5.—Paints and colours	7,556	3,234	4,985	1,908	...	...	2,571	1,326
6.—Others	1,532	1,729	588	377	...	...	944	1,352
Grains—								
1.—Wheat	5,87,436	1,52,204	1,99,090	78,329	...	...	3,88,346	73,875
2.—Rice	3,45,813	60,003	4,12,082	72,594	66,269	12,591	...	...
3.—Jawar and bajra	26,303	4,019	6,776	1,066	...	...	19,527	2,953
4.—Gram	1,83,309	62,165	1,43,317	55,736	...	...	39,992	6,429
5.—Indigo seed	25,050	9,414	12,287	6,326	...	...	12,763	3,088
6.—Seeds other than oil-seeds	33,264	12,226	25,907	9,942	...	...	7,357	2,284
7.—Others	4,16,309	1,15,958	2,99,129	87,676	...	...	1,17,180	28,282
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle	23,628	11,801	13,251	5,565	...	...	9,377	6,236
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.	21,001	11,197	11,649	4,503	...	...	9,352	6,694
Horns	1,699	1,024	1,261	860	...	...	438	164
Jute—								
1.—Raw	15,343	2,985	16,163	2,607	820	...	...	378
2.—Gunny bags and cloth	71,277	39,904	47,500	24,418	...	...	23,777	15,486
Lac—								
1.—Stick	22,081	9,213	23,752	6,763	1,671	...	...	2,450
2.—Shell-lac	11,898	8,307	12,153	8,933	255	626	...	...
Leather—								
1.—Unmanufactured	2,712	5,024	2,266	4,021	...	...	446	1,003
2.—Manufactured	3,876	3,585	3,226	3,415	...	...	650	170
Liquors—								
1.—Beer	10,083	4,808	6,438	2,652	...	...	3,645	2,156
2.—Wines	2,539	3,831	1,872	3,064	...	...	667	767
3.—Spirits	2,384	3,471	1,301	1,582	...	...	1,083	1,889
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought	5,458	6,577	6,301	7,071	843	494	...	...
2.—Brass, unwrought	3,189	1,513	4,889	3,763	1,700	2,250	...	...
3.—Brass and copper, wrought	12,850	6,468	13,501	6,396	651	...	...	72
4.—Iron	1,82,014	80,891	2,40,192	94,352	58,178	13,461	...	...
5.—Tin	4,395	4,036	4,185	3,577	...	...	210	459
6.—Others	10,406	7,102	8,587	5,759	...	...	1,819	1,343
Oils—								
1.—Castor	3,133	973	2,519	679	...	...	614	294
2.—Kerosine	73,109	32,954	78,993	36,011	5,884	3,057	...	...
3.—Others	11,508	4,914	12,722	4,710	1,214	...	...	204
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed	3,38,621	1,10,848	1,97,523	62,126	...	...	1,41,098	48,722
2.—Rape and mustard	1,32,364	34,198	1,21,990	30,218	...	...	10,374	3,980
3.—Til or jinjili	16,041	4,840	3,368	728	...	...	12,673	4,112
4.—Castor	63,857	16,834	38,924	9,038	...	...	24,933	7,796
5.—Poppy	34,259	10,485	44,616	13,894	10,357	3,409	...	...
6.—Others	16,162	4,509	57,253	18,437	41,091	13,928	...	...
Opium	670	471	491	369	...	...	179	102
Paper and pasteboard	10,233	5,883	10,484	5,346	251	...	...	537
Provisions—								
1.—Ghee	32,446	24,704	27,843	21,263	...	...	4,603	3,441
2.—Dried fruits and nuts	17,585	15,488	15,179	13,570	...	...	2,406	1,918
3.—Cocoanuts	8,927	4,525	2,846	1,385	...	...	6,081	3,140
4.—Turmeric	4,929	2,856	11,122	8,167	6,193	5,311	...	...
5.—Others	61,077	32,698	67,016	32,489	5,939	...	...	209
Salt	3,24,269	72,311	3,30,824	51,861	6,555	...	...	20,450
Saltpetre, &c.—								
1.—Saltpetre	47,609	20,874	19,421	7,921	...	...	28,188	12,953
2.—Borax	832	530	295	149	...	...	537	381
3.—Other saline substances	33,550	8,760	50,488	13,611	16,938	4,851	...	...
Silk, raw—								
1.—Foreign	...	...	11	13	11	13	...	...
2.—Indian	2,324	1,097	1,021	608	...	...	1,303	489
Silk piece-goods—								
1.—Foreign	5	6	17	44	12	38	...	...
2.—Indian	259	270	282	259	23	...	...	11
Spices—								
1.—Pepper	2,783	3,342	2,718	2,680	...	...	65	662
2.—Other	7,479	3,397	5,438	2,867	...	...	2,041	530
Sugar—								
1.—Drained	11,134	4,858	12,772	6,105	1,638	1,247	...	...
2.—Undrained	89,220	14,712	1,39,956	23,445	50,736	8,733	...	...
Stone and lime	4,57,990	63,915	3,12,648	45,133	...	...	1,45,342	18,782
Tea—								
1.—Foreign	...	...	2	1	2	1	...	...
2.—Indian	1,734	1,099	3,970	3,272	2,236	2,173	...	...
Timber, &c.—								
1.—Timber	70,941	13,884	67,672	15,122	...	1,238	3,269	...
2.—Firewood	5,389	364	12,261	1,033	6,872	669	...	...
Tobacco	38,362	15,571	38,021	15,696	...	125	341	...
Umbrellas	387	458	188	188	...	...	191	270
Wool—								
1.—Raw	892	469	1,604	1,101	712	632	...	...
2.—Piece-goods—								
a.—European	142	51	34	47	...	...	108	4
b.—Indian	2,846	3,841	2,134	2,646	...	...	712	1,195
3.—Shawls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All other articles of merchandise	2,31,256	86,981	3,72,196	1,00,114	1,40,940	13,133	...	...
Total	43,82,919	14,32,878	37,40,873	11,94,714	...	...	6,42,046	2,38,164
Military stores	21,122	43,441	16,411	28,162	...	...	4,711	15,279
Coal—								
1.—For public	41,15,524	6,10,127	35,73,907	5,37,087	...	...	5,41,617	73,040
2.— " Railway	6,76,780	75,854	6,93,373	81,669	16,593	5,815	...	...
Railway Materials—								
1.—For construction and revenue	10,02,884	38,768	13,79,225	44,647	3,76,341	5,879	...	...
Live-stock	...	7,846	...	5,958	...	...	...	1,888
Total	1,01,99,229	22,08,914	94,03,789	18,92,237	...	...	7,95,440	3,16,677

C. W. Clarke, *Assistant Auditor.*

Traffic Audit Office, Goods Division, Jamalpur, *the 6th October* 1893.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 30th September 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	285,744*	2,81,122 9 0*	26,87,504 10	5,79,305 15 0	14,973 7 0	8,75,401 15 0	78,568½	103,003½	181,572
Or per mile of railway	......	174 8 11	......	359 11 3	9 4 9	543 8 11	......	......	......
For previous 12½ weeks of half-year	3,459,940	36,29,848 6 0	2,76,00,750 30	59,07,639 4 6	1,71,338 6 0	97,08,826 0 0	929,407½	1,151,282½	2,080,690
Total for 13½ weeks ...	3,745,684	39,10,970 15 0	3,02,88,255 0	64,86,945 3 9	1,86,311 13 0	1,05,84,227 15 0	1,007,976	1,254,286	2,262,262
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	260,218	2,60,527 2 9	22,34,425 20	4,95,446 9 4	16,583 13 3	7,72,557 9 4	75,591	95,773	171,364
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	161 12 3	......	307 10 2	10 4 9	479 11 2	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 13½ weeks of previous year	3,412,627½	32,84,706 14 9	2,95,07,832 30	64,22,408 0 2	2,10,563 5 2	99,17,678 4 1	984,876	1,214,491	2,199,367

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 30th September 1893, on 22¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	16,944*	4,154 0 0*	10,785 20	262 10 0	29 0 0	4,445 10 0	884	84	968
Or per mile of railway	......	186 11 2	......	11 12 10	1 4 10	199 12 10	......	......	......
For previous 12¼ weeks of half-year	205,427†	50,148 9 0†	1,07,930 30‡	3,388 9 0‡	195 0 0§	53,732 2 0	10,928	910	11,838
Total for 13¼ weeks ...	222,371	54,302 9 0	1,18,716 10	3,651 3 0	224 0 0	58,177 12 0	11,812	994	12,806
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	21,012	5,393 11 1	4,190 20	173 10 0	8 3 6	5,575 8 7	878	68	946
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	......	242 6 7	......	7 12 10	0 5 11	250 9 4	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 13¾ weeks of previous year ...	246,966½	59,850 10 3	74,432 0	2,874 8 0	96 10 6	62,821 12 9	12,124	812	12,936

* The decrease is due to journeys of passengers during the Durga Pujas in the corresponding period of 1892.
† Added number of passengers 1,400 and Rs. 566 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 26th August 1893.
‡ Deducted maunds 4 and " 77 }
§ Added " 40 }

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 30th September 1893, on 161⅝ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	16,526	12,837 10 0	48,354 20	8,345 1 0	36 0 0	21,218 11 0	6,210	2,817½	9,027½
Or per mile of railway	......	79 8 8	......	51 11 3	0 3 7	131 7 6	......	......	......
For previous 12½ weeks of half-year	*243,040	*1,66,168 12 0	†6,52,769 10	†86,010 9 0	‡392 0 0	2,52,571 5 0	74,990½	33,208	108,198½
Total for 13½ weeks ...	259,566	1,79,006 6 0	7,01,123 30	94,355 10 0	428 0 0	2,73,790 0 0	81,200½	36,025½	117,226
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	16,210	13,575 2 10	36,834 0	6,878 13 0	55 0 0	20,508 15 10	6,688	1,578	8,226
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	84 1 9	......	42 9 11	0 5 5	127 1 1	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 13½ weeks of previous year	224,117	1,58,104 14 6	4,80,661 30	82,707 7 6	556 11 3	2,41,369 1 3	85,492	31,558	117,050

* Added number of passengers 979 and Rs. 637 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 26th August 1893.
Do. maunds 75,580 and " 1,672 }
† Do. " 11 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 30th September 1893, on 778 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	158,980	76,430 0 0	10,95,740 0	2,15,450 0 0	27,360 0 0	3,19,240 0 0	27,728	33,170	60,898
Or per mile of railway	204	98 0 0	1,408 0	277 0 0	*17 0 0	*392 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 12 weeks of half-year	†1,980,000	8,35,443 0 0	93,07,245 0	18,34,720 0 0	1,79,448 0 0	28,49,611 0 0	343,873	360,655	704,528
Total for 13 weeks ...	2,138,980	9,11,873 0 0	1,04,02,985 0	20,50,170 0 0	2,06,808 0 0	31,68,851 0 0	371,601	393,825	765,426
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	166,309	84,389 0 0	8,97,096 0	1,81,710 0 0	35,866 0 0	3,01,965 0 0	28,000	35,874	63,874
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	214	108 0 0	1,155 0	234 0 0	*23 0 0	*365 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,995,415	8,40,803 0 0	92,41,982 0	21,54,635 0 0	2,22,369 0 0	32,17,798 0 0	355,207	472,542	827,749

* Excluding steamer earnings.
† Audited up to week ending 5th August 1893.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 30th September 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	34,340	10,010 0 0	61,590 0	4,550 0 0	210 0 0	14,770 0 0	3,670	2,002	5,672
Or per mile of railway	275	80 0 0	493 0	36 0 0	2 0 0	118 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 12 weeks of half-year*	397,195	1,21,503 0 0	6,72,876 0	55,082 0 0	1,220 0 0	1,77,805 0 0	45,073	24,054	69,127
Total for 13 weeks ...	431,535	1,31,513 0 0	7,34,466 0	59,632 0 0	1,430 0 0	1,92,575 0 0	48,743	26,056	74,799
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	32,199	12,035 0 0	47,174 0	4,234 0 0	105 0 0	16,364 0 0	3,670	2,002	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	258	93 0 0	377 0	34 0 0	1 0 0	131 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	394,460	1,26,014 0 0	6,95,203 0	60,741 0 0	2,028 0 0	1,88,783 0 0	48,561	28,910	77,471

* Audited up to week ending 5th August 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 30th September 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,610	5,610 0 0	52,920 0	4,180 0 0	80 0 0	9,870 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
Or per mile of railway	205	65 0 0	615 0	49 0 0	1 0 0	115 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 12 weeks of half-year*	203,903	64,142 0 0	2,61,396 0	19,826 0 0	1,747 0 0	85,715 0 0	30,283	9,616	39,899
Total for 13 weeks ...	221,513	69,752 0 0	3,14,316 0	24,006 0 0	1,827 0 0	95,585 0 0	32,770	10,353	43,123
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	13,044	5,072 0 0	25,842 0	1,792 0 0	682 0 0	7,546 0 0	2,211	737	2,948
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	152	59 0 0	300 0	21 0 0	8 0 0	88 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	212,713	68,336 0 0	2,37,256 0	18,093 0 0	3,058 0 0	89,487 0 0	33,716	9,113	42,829

* Audited up to 5th August 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 30th September 1893, *on* 756 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open	87,610	34,630	2,08,060	28,540	8,330	71,500	17,131	10,593	27,724
Per per mile of railway	115·89	45·81	275·21	37·75	11·02	94·58	......	......	......
For previous 12¼ weeks of half-year*	1,083,845	4,11,168	26,17,196	3,44,194	1,13,061	8,68,423	166,719	175,631	342,350
Total for 13¼ weeks ...	1,171,455	4,45,798	28,25,256	3,72,734	1,21,391	9,39,923	183,850	186,224	370,074
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 755 miles open	75,254	28,170	2,24,570	27,878	7,329	63,377	13,309	13,511	26,820
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	99·67	37·31	297·44	36·92	9·71	83·94	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,101,912	4,07,008	33,04,921	4,18,988	1,07,765	9,33,761	179,864	199,669	379,533

* Includes audited figures up to 19th August 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 23rd September 1893	13,067	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	16,454	0	0
Decrease	3,387	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 23rd September 1893	256	3	5
Corresponding period of 1892	322	10	0
Decrease	66	6	7
Receipts from 1st July to 23rd September 1893	1,31,833	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	1,33,419	0	0
Decrease	1,586	0	0

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 11th October 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 42 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

PRELIMINARY FORECAST OF WINTER RICE CROPS IN BENGAL UP TO THE 15TH SEPTEMBER 1893.

THE following is published for general information.

REVENUE DEPT.,
The 10*th October*, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Summary of the District Returns of the First Forecast of the Winter Rice Crop in Bengal, 1893 (*to the* 15*th September*).

N.B.—The district returns appended to this summary include a forecast of the winter rice crop in Angul and the Khondmals.

1. *Character of the season.*—The present season has been characterised by abnormally heavy rainfall in every part of these provinces, and by destructive floods in East Bengal and parts of North Bihar. The frequent and abundant showers which fell during the spring months, namely, from January to April, were generally favourable to the preliminary operations of cultivation. The rainfall during May, June, and July proved to be exceedingly heavy, and was favourable on the whole to the transplanting operations, except in very lowlying areas, such as Ulubaria in district Hooghly, Diamond Harbour, in the 24-Parganas, Kushtia, and Meherpur in district Nadia and the Sadar and Jhenida

sub-divisions of district Jessore, which were submerged. Plentiful, though not excessive, rain also fell during August and the first-half of September, and favoured the progress of the operations. During August, however, all the districts of the Dacca Division and Tippera in East Bengal, and parts of Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Champaran, and Bhagalpur in North Bihar were visited by sudden and severe floods, which either killed or considerably damaged the standing crop, and also interfered with transplanting of seedlings in many places. On the whole the season has been favourable to the winter rice crop in spite of its excessively wet character. Except in those limited areas where the crop could not be sown or transplanted owing to excessive accumulation of water, or was subsequently damaged by floods, the heavy rainfall of the season has been more beneficial than otherwise.

2. *Area cultivated.*—The total area estimated to have been cultivated with winter rice in the current year is 30,441,364 acres against 29,160,111 acres in 1892, and thus shows an increase of 4·2 per cent. over the area sown last year. The only districts and sub-divisions which show a falling off in area, amounting to 10 per cent. and upwards, are the Tamluk sub-division of Midnapore (14 per cent.), the Howrah (20 per cent.) and Ulubaria (17 per cent.), sub-divisions of Hooghly, 24-Parganas (15 per cent.), Nadia (17 per cent.), Mymensingh (13 per cent.), Darbhanga (11 per cent.), the Jajpur sub-division of Cuttack (13 per cent.), and Palamau (10 per cent.).

3. *Character of the crop.*—It will be seen on reference to the district returns that out of the 46 districts, 16 report a full average (16 annas), or more than a full average crop;* 19 report crops varying in character from 12 to 16 annas;† 10 from 8 to 12 annas;‡ and only one district, namely Backergunge, has reported an 8-anna crop. Besides the district last mentioned, several sub-divisions have reported an 8-anna or less than an 8-anna crop. These are the Ulubaria sub-division of Hooghly (8), the Diamond Harbour sub-division of the 24-Parganas (8), the Kustia (3) and Meherpur (8) sub-divisions of Nadia the Sadar (8) and Jhenida (6) sub-divisions of Jessore, the Madaripur sub-division of Faridpur (6), the Sadar and Bhola sub-divisions of Backergunge (6), Brahmanberia in Tippera (8), Samastipur in Darahanga (8), and the Sadar sub-division of Muzaffarpur (8). The prospects of the standing crop are on the whole evidently better than those of the crop of 1892, which was estimated at not less than 14 annas. Twenty-seven out of the 46 districts have reported the standing crop to be better than that of last year; six have reported equal crops to those of last year; and only thirteen have reported worse crops. The estimated outturn of the present year's crop may be safely assumed to be very nearly an average crop. The actual outturn of the crop will, however, depend, to a certain extent, on the occurrence or otherwise of sufficient rainfall during October.

* Burdwan (16), Bankura (16), Birbhum (18), Murshidabad (16), Dinajpur (18), Rajshahi (16), Rangpur (15¾), Bogra (16), Pabna (17), Gaya (17¼), Champaran (16), Bhagalpur (15½), Malda (16), Sonthal Parganas (17), Hazaribagh (16), Palamau (16).

† Midnapore (14), Hooghly (14), 24-Parganas (11¾), Khulna (12¼), Darjeeling (15), Jalpaiguri (13½), Dacca (12¾), Chittagong (14), Patna (14½), Shahabad (13¼), Saran (14), Monghyr (13½), Purnea (14), Cuttack (13), Balasore (12), Angul (12), Puri (13), Lohardaga (14), Singhbhum (15).

‡ Nadia (9), Jessore (9), Faridpur (9), Mymensingh (11), Tippera (9), Noakhali (10¼), Chittagong Hill Tracts (10½), Darbhanga (11½), Muzaffarpur (11½), Manbhum (11).

R. NATHAN,
for Director of Land Records and
Agriculture, Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 4th October 1893.

Preliminary Forecast of Winter Rice Crop up to the 15th September 1893.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Approximate normal area under winter rice in acres.	Approximate area under last year's winter rice in acres.	Estimated area under this year's winter rice in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn.	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Agricultural Department, Bengal.
							Annas.	Annas.		
Burdwan...	Sadar	794,880	635,500	424,300	256,000	424,300	7	16	Owing to sufficient rainfall this year all cultivable lands have been cultivated, and unless there be a failure of autumn rains, there will be a very good outturn. The estimate has been based on the supposition that favourable conditions will continue.	
	Kalna	276,480	224,000	128,000	128,000	128,000	11	16		
	Katwa	225,280	169,600	140,800	123,500	140,800	12	16		
	Raniganj	429,440	254,700	225,200	168,900	225,200	8	16		
	District Total ...	1,726,080	1,283,800	918,300	674,400	918,300	9	16		
Bankura ...	Sadar	1,229,440	428,800	364,800	363,500	364,800	9	16	The early and timely rainfall has been very favourable, and accounts for the increase in area shown in column 7.	
	Vishunpur ...	448,000	214,000	185,600	148,000	168,000	6	16		
	District Total ...	1,677,440	642,800	550,400	511,500	532,800	8	16		
Birbhum...	Sadar	709,120	290,000	176,000	176,000	176,000	16	18	All available land is under crop. Up to the stage of transplantation, the agricultural operations are the same. The low lands which are sown with winter rice have had plenty water, and the prospects are good.	
	Rampurhat ...	412,160	169,000	103,000	103,000	103,000	16	18		
	District Total ...	1,121,280	459,000	279,000	279,000	279,000	16	18		
Midnapur	Sadar	2,081,280	1,229,100	809,960	539,400	612,100	8	12	The outturn is likely to be better this year as there has been sufficient rain, and for the same reason a larger quantity of land has been brought under cultivation for winter rice. Tamluk is the only sub-division where the area of land submerged, and for the time unfit for cultivation, is at all considerable, although in Ghatal also a small portion is so.	
	Tamluk	373,120	279,600	264,300	236,800	203,100	10	14		
	Contai	563,840	456,300	416,000	328,250	325,340	8	14		
	Ghatal	234,240	146,500	131,800	101,750	119,960	8	14		
	District Total ...	3,252,480	2,111,500	1,622,000	1,206,200	1,260,540	8	14		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Approximate normal area under winter rice in acres.	Approximate area under last year's winter rice in acres.	Estimated area under this year's winter rice in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Agricultural Department, Bengal.
Hooghly ...	Sadar	282,880	176,800	141,440	53,040	141,440	10	20 (a)	(a) The increase in the area under cultivation is due to the sufficient rainfall this year. The Sadar sub-division expects a bumper crop this year, and this is more than justified by the rain we have had these two or three days.	
	Serampur	219,520	160,000	100,480	66,987	80,384	12	10 (b)	(b) There was general rain throughout the sub-division. Though the fall was rather too heavy in some parts, the transplantation proceeded on rapidly, except in the low lying tracts, owing to the accumulation of water. The prospect would be favourable if seasonable rainfall comes.	
	Jahanabad ...	280,320	167,680	83,840	60,000	79,533	10	14 (c)	(c) Sufficient rain has fallen, and prospects are good.	
	Howrah	109,440	69,760	60,800	44,260	35,390	12	12 (d)	(d) The decrease in area is due to the rice fields being submerged till now. The outturn is expected to be 12 annas if nothing unforeseen happens.	
	Uluberia	193,920	128,000	108,800	74,000	61,200	8	8 (e)	(e) As there was heavy rainfall during the time of ploughing and sowing, less cultivated area has been shown. The prospects are reported to be very poor, but as the crop is really a speculative one, this was not unexpected.	
	District Total ...	1,086,080	702,240	495,360	298,287	397,947	10½	14		
24-Parganas	Sadar ...	690,506	462,700	382,000	303,800	231,100	13	11	The decrease in the area under winter rice crop this year is due to the fact that the low lands, which were submerged in consequence	
	Barasat ...	313,600	189,400	147,200	119,400	108,400	12	12		
	Basirhat ...	339,200	281,600	213,100	213,100	203,800	13	16		

	Diamond Harbour	328,320	2?9,900	285,400	285,400	246,100	16	8	of the heavy rains in June 1893, could not be brought under cultivation. The outturn is expected to be worse than the normal.	
	District Total ...	1,671,626	1,263,600	1,027,700	921,700	784,400	13	11¼		
Khulna ...	Sadar	1,006,336	293,400	228,600	192,000	192,000	12	12	The *bil* lands which are submerged with water could not be brought under cultivation, and hence the decrease in the estimated area under winter rice this year. Timely rain has made the prospect somewhat better at Satkhira. Had not the rain been excessive, the outturn would have been expected to be better. The areas under columns 4 and 5 were revised and changed to those shown at present.	
	Satkhira	814,643·1	299,5·0	232,400	192,000	190,900	10	12		
	Bagerhat	965,523·2	277,100	214,100	192,000	150,000	14	14		
	Area of boundary, khals, rivers of the Sundarbans in this district.	317,440	......	......	......	......	......	......		
	District Total ...	3,103,942·4	870,000	675,100	576,000	532,900	12	12¼		
Nadia ...	Sadar	497,920	362,800	65,200	42,000	34,000	7	10	The early and excessive rains prevented the preparation of much of land usually cultivated with winter rice in the Sadar, Kushtia, and Meherpur sub-divisions. Hence the decrease in the area sown this year. The outturn is at present estimated to be 9 annas, but nothing can be said positively on this point now, as the result will mainly depend on the rainfall of September and October. The rainfall has been much heavier in the north than in the south of this district.	The Collector should in his final forecast give further explanation regarding the figures in column 9 for the Kushtea sub-division. The estimate appears too low in comparison with neighbouring sub-divisions. The effect of the early and excessive rains is allowed for in column 7.
	Kushtia	382,080	278,400	28,600	28,000	21,000	10	3		
	Meherpur	634,880	462,600	24,400	20,000	18,000	8	8		
	Ranaghat	273,280	199,200	12,800	10,000	10,000	8	16		
	District Total ...	1,788,160	1,303,000	130,400	100,000	83,000	8½	9		
Jessore ...	Sadar	568,960	304,000	166,400	160,000	160,000	12	8	Sadar shows decrease in area as compared with normal; Magura and Bangaon also show decrease as compared with normal and last year's. The decrease in all the cases is due to excessive rainfall at the sowing season. In the Bangaon sub-division, where the lands are higher than those of the other sub-divisions, the outturn will be better than that of the last year in which the crop suffered from short rain. In this sub-division the crop has suffered less from the rainfall of June last. In the other sub-divisions the outturn will be worse than last year's owing to the injury done to the young plants by the heavy rainfall. In all the sub-divisions the outturn will fall below normal in consequence of the heavy rainfall.	The Collector should in his final forecast reconcile the estimates in columns 5, 6 and 7 for the Bangaon sub-division. It is not explained why the areas sown should be so much below the normal, nor why, with a more favourable season, the area under cultivation this year should be less than that shown in last year's estimate.
	Jhenida	304,000	204,800	64,000	64,000	64,000	12	6		
	Magura	272,000	171,520	89,600	89,600	65,000	18	12		
	Narail	311,680	187,520	128,000	128,000	128,000	16	10		
	Bangaon	415,360	248,960	130,000	60,000	58,000	6	10		
	District Total ...	1,872,000	1,116,800	578,000	501,600	475,000	13	9		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Approximate normal area under winter rice in acres.	Approximate area under last year's winter rice in acres.	Estimated area under this year's winter rice in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Agricultural Department, Bengal.
							Annas.	Annas.		
Murshidabad.	Sadar	386,240	395,136	82,048	82,048	82,250	10	14	The increase in the outturn as well as in area shown in comparison to that of the last year is due to the sufficient and timely rainfall.	
	Kandi	405,760	279,795	189,910	188,000	189,910	10	18		
	Jangipur	380,160	310,617	40,320	40,320	42,320	6	16		
	District Total ...	1,372,160	985,548	312,278	310,368	314,480	9	16		
Dinajpur...	Sadar	2,080,000	1,377,600	1,090,400	1,090,400	1,090,400	20	20		
	Thakurgaon ...	554,880	367,400	218,100	218,100	218,100	16	16		
	District Total ...	2,634,880	1,745,000	1,308,500	1,308,500	1,308,500	18	18		
Rajshahi...	Sadar	631,152·4	386,700	199,334	199,870	199,300	18	18	Heavy rainfall at the time of sowing prevented the cultivators from cultivating lands; hence the decrease in the area sown this year as compared with the normal area and the area sown last year. On an average, however, 16 annas outturn is expected.	
	Nator	522,880	462,100	249,333	249,760	189,717	18	14		
	Naugaon	385,920	297,100	224,333	224,970	220,000	20	16		
	District total ...	1,539,952·4	1,085,900	673,000	674,600	609,017	18¾	16		
Rangpur...	Sadar	730,240	486,800	365,100	365,100	365,100	16	16	But for the continued and incessant rainfall during June and July last, and the first half of August, which retarded the transplantation of aman rice, there would have been a bumper crop. There is an increase of 600 acres in area under this year's winter crop reported by the Sub-divisional Officer of Nilphamari, which he attributes to cultivators having taken advantage of favourable weather.	
	Kurigram	590,680	468,900	234,500	234,500	234,500	10	16		
	Gaibanda ...	486,400	371,200	281,600	281,600	281,600	15	15		
	Nilphamari ...	414,720	275,800	92,800	104,400	105,000	24	16		
	District Total ...	2,221,040	1,602,700	974,000	985,600	986,200	13¾	15¾		

Bogra ...	Whole district ...	929,000	421,000	280,000	290,000	290,000	15	16	Ploughing and transplantation having been facilitated by early and heavy rainfall, the outturn is expected to be at least 16 annas. This estimate will perhaps have to be raised if the transplanted seedlings are regularly favoured by rain until the latter part of October.
Pabna ...	Sadar ... ... Sirajganj	564,480 612,480	423,000 459,500	225,200 183,700	384,000 209,200	408,000 216,200	12 14	18 16	Very high price of rice induced cultivators to sow more paddy this year. Rainfall and flood have both been favourable to the crop.
	District Total ...	1,176,960	882,500	408,900	593,200	624,200	13	17	
Darjeeling	Sadar including Kalimpong.	464,640	61,400	10,200	11,500	11,500	13	(a)14	(a) Better outturn is expected this year owing to seasonable rainfall.
	Kurseong	118,400	(b)12,800	No winter crop grows in this sub-division.					(b) The area shown last year in column 4 was incorrect owing to misapprehension.
	Siliguri	161,920	115,200	57,600	57,000	(c)57,600	16	16	(c) Owing to seasonable rainfall the normal area was sown.
	District Total ...	744,960	189,400	67,800	68,500	69,100	15	15	
Jalpaiguri	Sadar ... ... Alipore	1,072,150 823,731	557,500 408,900	319,500 250,200	316,800 128,000	324,400 193,700	13 13	15 12	By the opening out of that part of the country called Western Duars, much of the waste lands have been brought under cultivation, and the high price of food-grains have led to the increase in the cultivation. The outturn of this crop is expected to be better than that of the previous year owing to seasonable rainfall. It would have been better still had not the sudden overflowings of the rivers and heavy and continued rains in some part of the Alipore sub-division marred the good prospects.
	District Total ...	1,895,881	966,400	569,700	444,800	518,100	13	13½	
Dacca ...	Sadar ... ... Manickganj ... Munshiganj ... Narainganj ...	810,240 312,960 256,640 410,240	405,100 234,200 128,000 230,400	270,100 (a)202,200 51,200 70,400	270,100 (a)202,200 64,000 67,200	243,100 176,900 62 000 68,000	14 16 14 12	12 14 12 11	(a) Ascertained on re-enquiry. Owing to heavy rain and high floods, the outturn is expected to be less than last year.
	District Total ...	1,790,080	997,700	593,900	603,500	550,000	14	12½	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Approximate normal area under winter rice in acres.	Approximate area under last year's winter rice in acres.	Estimated area under this year's winter rice in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Agricultural Department, Bengal.
							Annas.	Annas.		
Faridpur...	Sadar	550,400	385,300	280,000	240,000	216,700	14	10	Owing to early excessive rain the lowlying tracts were submerged and could not be brought under cultivation; hence the decrease in column 7 as compared with last year. The young crop has again been damaged by the high flood to an extent which cannot now be approximately estimated.	
	Madaripur... ...	626,560	416,800	320,000	320,000	320,000	12	6	Excessive rain and high flood have damaged the aman crop to a great extent. In most parts of Katalipara, and some parts of Gopalgunge and Madaripur, the crop will not exceed one to two annas.	
	Goalundo	273,920	205,400	137,000	137,000	137,000	16	10	The crop has been affected owing to excessive rain.	
	District Total ...	1,450,880	1,007,500	746,000	697,000	673,700	14	9		
Backergunge.	Sadar	711,040	416,700	256,000	256,000	256,000	14	6	The excessive rainfall during the sowing season and the rise of waters have affected the crops very seriously and hence the bad outturn. Over large tracts the seedlings have been destroyed three times in succession.	The Collector should state in his final forecast whether the excessive rainfall early in the season did not prevent the whole normal area from being sown as in neighbouring districts.
	Patuakhali ...	787,840	320,200	224,000	224,000	224,000	16	10		
	Pirojpur	442,880	[illegible]	236,800	236,800	236,800	16	10		
	Bhola	393,600	256,100	160,000	160,000	160,000	12	6		
	District Total ...	2,335,360	1,343,200	876,800	876,800	876,800	14½	8		
Mymensingh.	Sadar	1,153,360	696,960	282,240	207,360	207,360	14	10	The poor outturn is attributed to high floods and heavy rains.	
	Netrokona ...	968,960	324,500	200,000	200,000	150,000	14	10	The unusually high flood during the last July restricted the transplantation of aman seedling; hence the area under winter rice crop has been shown to be much less than the preceding year. The outturn is also expected to be 10 annas only owing to the similar reason.	

	Kissoreganj ...	476,160	224,000	1,152,000	112,000	118,000	14	10	Owing to heavy rains and high floods the area cultivated this year up to this time has been smaller than the normal area under winter crop. As the water did not subside in proper time, the cultivated area has been smaller than last year's, the incessant rains and early rise of water caused damage to the crop, so the outturn is not expected to be better than last year's.
	Jamalpur	817,752	627,200	304,000	263,200	191,500	16	13	The decrease both in area and expected outturn is attributed to the high floods and heavy rainfall.
	Tangail	666,248	533,023	205,000	205,000	205,000	16	14	The early and rapid subsidence of the flood accompanied by high winds injured the crop to a certain extent.
	District Total ...	4,052,480	2,405,683	1,106,440	987,560	861,860	15	11	
Tippera ...	Sadar	730,880	547,800	383,300	383,300	383,300	16	9¼	The abnormal high flood in July and August submerged and destroyed the crop.
	Brahmanbaria ...	492,160	353,900	2[illegible]9,700	236,000	240,000	16	8	
	Chandpur ...	371,200	265,600	192,000	185,600	185,600	17	10	
	District Total ...	1,594,240	1,167,300	805,000	804,900	808,900	16¼	9	
Noakhali...	Sadar	830,720	640,000	426,200	400,000	400,000	16	10	Owing to excessive rainfall during the time of sowing and transplantation, the outturn is estimated to be less than last year's outturn.
	Fenny	219,520	(*a*)178,800	137,900	138,200	137,900	16	(*b*)11	(*a*) About 400 acres of arable land having been acquired by the Railway Company for Assam-Bengal Railway line, the area shown in column 4 has been reduced accordingly.
	District Total ...	1,050,240	818,800	564,100	538,200	537,900	16	10½	(*b*) Owing to excessive rainfall during sowing and transplanting time, this year's outturn has been estimated to be 11 annas.
Chittagong	Sadar	1,043,200	391,200	244,400	244,400	244,400	14	12	The rains have been unusually heavy, but will not, it is to be hoped, affect the growth of the crop seriously.
	Cox's Bazar ...	599,680	404,015	352,246	352,246	352,246	16	16	The prospects here are better as the rainfall was not so heavy as in the Sadar.
	District Total ...	1,642,880	795,215	596,646	596,646	596,646	15	14	
Chittagong Hill Tracts	Sadar	2,293,440	About 34,400 under jum cultivation and 10,200 under plough cultivation.	5,120	3,520	3,220	11	11	The decrease in area shown this year is due to emigration of some plough cultivators.
	Bohmong's circle	1,174,720		2,560	1,920	1,920	10	10	Heavy rain and flood account for the smallness of the outturn estimated.
	District Total ...	3,468,160	44,600	7,680	5,440	5,140	10½	10½	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Approximate normal area under winter rice in acres.	Approximate area under last year's winter rice in acres.	Estimated area under this year's winter rice in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Agricultural Department, Bengal.
							Annas.	Annas.		
Patna ...	Sadar	394,880	993,500 (Sadar, Barh, Bihar, Dinapore)	267,500 (Sadar, Barh, Bihar, Dinapore)	109,600	109,000	12½	14	The rainfall this year was more favourable than last year. The police states that on account of excess at the commencement of the monsoon period, the area sown in the Sadar sub-division is less than last year; but I see no reason for thinking that the area is really smaller. A better outturn than last year is expected throughout the district. With a little more rain, the prospects may be still more favourable than noted in column 9. *N.B.*—Steps are being taken to ascertain the normal area sown with each crop in each sub-division, and when the enquiry is completed, separate figures will be furnished in columns 4 and 5.	
	Barh	336,640			73,600	75,500	10	14		
	Bihar	507,520			225,280	22[illegible],300	14	16		
	Dinapore	91,520			32,000	32,000	14	14		
	District Total ...	1,330,560	993,500	267,500	440,480	442,400	13	14½		
Gaya ...	Sadar	1,176,960	917,900	496,000	496,000	500,000	12	18	The rainfall has been favourable throughout except for a rather prolonged break in August, which affected Aurangabad most. The area transplanted is somewhat above the normal, and if the rain continue favourable till the *hathya*, a crop considerably above the average may be expected.	
	Nawada	652 800	489,600	366,700	360,800	370,000	15	17		
	Jahanabad ...	388,480	321,900	208,000	208,000	210,000	14	18		
	Aurangabad ...	797,440	478,100	215,000	179,200	218,000	14	16		
	District Total ...	3,015,680	2,207,500	1,285,700	1,244,000	1,298,000	13	17½		
Shahabad...	Arrah	585,600	487,400	373,200	222,800	100,600	8	12	Heavy rainfall of August and September with spells of sunshine has been all that could be desired for the prospect of crops.	Collector should explain in his final forecast why, with a favourable season, the area cultivated in the Arrah sub-division is so much below the normal. Perhaps the figure in column 5 is a maximum and not a normal.
	Buxar	419,840	217,881	126,618	126,618	128,600	8	12		
	Sasaram	955,520	382,540	242,539	240,672	393,800	11	16		
	Bhabua	832,640	624,640	312,320	200,000	227,700	8	14		
	District Total ...	2,793,600	1,712,461	1,054,677	790,090	850,700	9	13½		

Darbhanga	Sadar	782,080	594,560	375,040	375,040	250,000	12	12	Rice was sown under favourable circumstances, but the late flood caused severe damage to the crop, having washed it away in places. Retransplanting is being vigorously pushed on, and with seasonable fall of rain the crop is expected to yield about ¾ of an average crop.	The figure in columns 5 and 6 of the Sadar sub-division has been altered for 323,100 to 272,000, the Collector having found that the old figure was excessive.
	Samastipur ...	488,960	391,040	125,760	125,760	124,000	8	8		
	Madhubani ...	863,360	834,455	651,685	608,415	608,415	13	12		
	District Total ...	2,134,400	1,820,055	1,152,485	1,109,215	982,415	12	11¾		
Muzaffarpur.	Sadar	779,520	614,000	272,000	272,000	272,000	21	8	The reduced estimated outturn is due to the damages caused by the floods in the Sadar and Sitamarhi sub-divisions.	
	Hajipur	493,440	338,000	130,000	75,900	130,000	12	16		
	Sitamarhi	648,960	493,000	320,000	320,000	320,000	14	12		
	District Total ...	1,921,920	1,445,000	722,000	667,900	722,000	12⅔	11¼		
Saran ...	Sadar	638,720	561,500	144,000	136,800	138,000	13	14	* Increase due to favourable conditions for rice in early season; rain being plentiful.	
	Siwan	545,925	450,000	170,000	170,000	180,000*	12	12		
	Gopalganj	493,440	371,000	117,600	115,200	115,200	14	16		
	District Total ...	1,678,085	1,382,500	431,600	424,000	433,000	13	14		
Champaran	Sadar	971,520	654,000	229,000	229,000	229,001	10	16†	† If rain falls during the *hathya* the outturn will be excellent; a few tracts have been partially injured by the recent flood.	
	Bettiah	1,288,320	768,000	448,000	448,000	448,000	10	16	Timely and general distribution of rain over whole sub-division give prospect of better crop.	
	District Total ...	2,259,840	1,422,000	677,000	677,000	677,000	10	16		
Monghyr ...	Sadar	997,760	698,200	279,000	279,000	279,000	12	14	This year's rainfall was very favourable for the cultivation of rice. In Jamui sub-division more lands than usual seem to have been sown with paddy owing to the damage of bhadoi crops. If there be seasonable rainfall a bumper crop is expected.	
	Jamui	1,019,520	515,300	364,300	342,400	378,200	12	16		
	Begusarai	492,160	369,300	14,700	14,700	14,700	10	10		
	District Total ...	2,509,440	1,582,800	658,000	636,100	671,900	11⅓	13½		
Bhagalpur	Sadar	599,040	464,000	250,000	250,000	250,000	12	16	The figures under heads 'Normal area' and 'Area cultivated last year' differ from those given in last year's forecasts, as there is reason to believe that the areas were then under-estimated. The rainfall this year has been so timely and propitious, as to ensure the prospects of the full average crop, except in parts of the Supaul sub-division, where the Kusi floods have caused some injury in about 60 villages.	
	Banka	758,400	588,000	527,400	527,400	527,400	16	16		
	Madhipura ...	581,760	451,000	252,000	252,000	252,000	14	16		
	Supaul	766,720	594,000	268,800	268,800	268,800	12	14		
	District Total ...	2,705,920	2,097,000	1,298,200	1,298,200	1,298,200	14	15¾		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Approximate normal area under winter rice in acres.	Approximate area under last year's winter rice in acres.	Estimated area under this year's winter rice in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Agricultural Department, Bengal.
							Annas.	Annas.		
Purnea ...	Sadar	1,646,080	790,000	290,000	282,000	282,000	14	14	The decrease in area sown this year is due to some lands not having been sown in the Kishanganj sub-division for want of rainfall in August sufficient for transplantation. The deficiency in the outturn is to be attributed to the damage done to this crop in the low lands all over the district by the floods. The figures in column 4 have been revised.	
	Kishanganj ...	857,600	530,000	352,000	265,000	242,900	16	14		
	Araria	668,160	410,000	320,000	320,000	320,000	15	16		
	District Total ...	3,171,840	1,730,000	962,000	867,000	844,900	15	* 14		
Malda ...	Whole district ...	1,216,640	811,500	275,218	254,173	277,564	14	16	The rainfall was favourable all along, which helped ploughing and transplantation, and all lands available for cultivation were sown with winter rice; hence the increase in area. The state of the crop up to date is favourable. If it rains in October an average outturn is expected.	
Sonthal Parganas	Dumka	914,560	422,200	181,800	181,800	181,800	14	18	The areas shown in columns 5 and 6 do not tally with those given in the last year's forecast of winter rice owing to the revised figures being furnished by the Sub-divisional Officer of Godda. The increase in the area sown this year, and that in the outturn, are due to ample rainfall during transplantation.	
	Deochar	610,560	165,120	69,120	66,560	69,120	14	20		
	Godda	618,880	432,900	74,300	71,000	73,000	12	15		
	Jamtara	445,440	124,800	64,000	60,000	64,000	14	20		
	Pakour	437,120	327,040	262,400	229,260	262,400	14	18		
	Rajmahal	673,600	355,200	243,840	240,000	243,000	8	16		
	District Total ...	3,500,160	1,827,260	895,460	849,120	893,321	12½	17		
Cuttack ...	Sadar	632,960	393,128	389,428	244,200	339,455	12	14	(Figures for columns 4 and 5 were revised; hence there is difference between this and the last year's forecast).	
	Jajpur	766,560	320,700	288,000	288,600	250,000	13	12		
	Kendrapara ...	911,360	410,240	327,680	318,700	300,000	11	10		

	Banki	75,080	37,200	23,040	23,000	23,000	12	16	Except in the Sadar sub-division and Banki, the area under cultivation of the winter rice is less than that of the last year, due to the unusually heavy rainfall in May last which caused a great part of the cultivable area to be under water. In the Sadar sub-division also the area is much less than the approximate normal area owing to the above cause. In Banki a good crop is expected this year, as the rainfall has been adequate till now. But the untimely and excessive rainfall and floods at the time of sowing and germinating, and the scanty rainfall in the other parts of the district at the time of reploughing and transplantation has told upon the crop, and the average outturn is not expected to be more than 13 annas, which is, however, better than that of the last year, when the unusually high flood destroyed the crop.
	District Total ...	2,334,910	1,161,268	1,028,148	873,900	912,455	12	13	
Balasore ...	Sadar	741,120	448,000	409,600	386,700	357,200	11	12	The decrease in area in Sadar is due to excessive rain at the time of sowing crops, and the increase of outturn by one anna is due to sufficient rain later on.
	Bhadrak	581,284	389,100	300,800	300,800	300,800	13	12	The decrease in outturn by one anna in Bhadrak is due to excessive rain.
	District Total ...	1,322,404	837,100	710,400	687,500	658,000	12	12	This year has been generally favourable to the growth of the bhadoi crops, and the full normal area has been utilized. Last year a part of this area was left out for want of seasonable rain and other causes due to irregular rainfall. The outturn of the crops this year is estimated at not less than 12 annas against 6 or 8 annas of last year.
Angul and Khond Mals.	Angul	585,900	128,400	59,600	59,600	59,600	12	12	
Puri ...	Sadar ... ... Khurda	979,200 633,729	460,800 267,300	324,840 161,100	320,000 161,000	320,000 161,100	9 14	12 14	The increase in column 4 is owing to new land being brought under cultivation in Khurda. Last year the rainfall was deficient and in some parts of the district the crop was damaged by heavy flood. This year the rainfall is sufficient and more regular. If everything goes on well a 12-anna crop may be expected, but it is too early yet to make an estimate.
	District Total ...	1,612,929	728,100	484,940	481,100	481,100	11	13	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Approximate normal area under winter rice in acres.	Approximate area under last year's winter rice in acres.	Estimated area under this year's winter rice in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officer.	Remarks by the Agricultural Department, Bengal.
							Annas.	Annas.		
Hazaribagh	Sadar	2,928,000	1,632,300	665,986	665,986	665,986	14½	16	Rains being plenty, a full 16-anna crop is expected.	
	Giridih	1,565,440	819,200	448,640	448,640	448,640	15½	16		
	District Total ...	4,493,440	2,478,500	1,114,626	1,114,626	1,114,626	15	16		
Lohardaga	Whole district ...	4,568,960	2,888,300	1,401,500	1,401,500	1,401,500	14	14	No noticeable change could be found in the outturn of this year as compared with that of the last year.	
Palamau ...	Whole district ...	3,139,200	768,000	320,000	288,000	261,000	16	16	Up to now the prospects are extremely favourable.	The Deputy Commissioner should explain in final forecast why with a favourable season the area under cultivation is less than that shown in less year's estimate.
Manbhum	Sadar	2,140,160	784,194	354,296	354,296	354,296	9	12	Heavy rain during the sowing time was favourable, and the prospect of crop so far was good, but heavy rains in September have been injurious to rice crop, which has lately been attacked by blight.	
	Gobindpur ...	513,920	171,306	114,204	114,204	114,204	8	10		
	District Toal ...	2,654,080	955,500	408,500	468,500	468,500	8½	11		
Singbhum	Whole district ...	2,454,720	1,182,073	693,702	220,555*	688,693	12	15	The increase in area cultivated is no doubt due to the favourable rainfall this year.	* This figure is very improbable. Last year the area sown was estimated at 478,136 acres, which was a little short of the normal area as then estimated. The Deputy Commissioner will please reconcile the estimates now furnished with those given last year in the return of the Final Winter Rice Report due in November next.
	Total for all Bengal	98,603,869·8	56,270,103	29,160,111	29,211,211	30,441,384	(a)14	about 16(a)	(a) Estimated by this Department.	

Statement of Rainfall from May to 16th September 1893.

Division.	District.	May.		June.		July.		August.		Up to 16th September 1893.	
		Normal average.	Actual rainfall.	Normal average.	Actual rainfall.	Normal average.	Actual rainfall.	Normal average.	Actual rainfall.	Normal average.	Actual rainfall.
Burdwan.	Burdwan ...	5·01	16·35	9·23	13·90	11·80	12·73	12·36	5·40	4·84	5·36
	Bankura ..	4·03	13·37	9·56	19·88	13·12	10·46	13·78	9·61	5·19	7·85
	Birbhum ...	3·40	7·58	9·10	13·16	12·85	15·09	13·67	6·47	6·61	6·91
	Midnapore ...	5·05	13·92	9·59	18·95	13·76	8·13	13·25	8·55	5·26	11·02
	Hooghly ...	5·34	12·93	9·75	18·95	12·71	10·08	14·21	7·68	4·77	8·49
	Howrah ...	5·81	14·36	9·45	21·76	13·13	9·09	14·28	6·01	5·25	10·39
Presidency.	24-Parganas ...	5·79	13·67	9·83	20·95	12·97	10·87	13·72	8·13	5·89	7·99
	Khulna ...	6·61	14·15	12·44	20·04	13·45	13·51	12·48	12·67	5·85	7·09
	Nadia ...	6·35	10·82	9·62	20·95	10·48	11·48	12·19	7·33	5·11	4·40
	Jessore ...	7·01	13·73	12·10	15·66	10·55	8·15	11·54	8·15	5·04	......
	Murshidabad ...	5·21	7·76	9·05	21·07	11·00	13·65	11·79	9·33	6·28	......
Rajshahi.	Dinajpur ...	6·45	7·91	13·25	16·57	12·14	19·05	11·87	9·80	7·47	4·87
	Rajshahi ...	6·09	11·41	10·26	18·05	11·82	11·44	11·48	10·23	6·67	4·15
	Rangpur ...	11·24	5·68	21·49	20·33	13·90	26·50	12·35	11·79	7·81	3·89
	Bogra ...	7·91	12·73	13·11	16·10	13·09	14·23	11·81	12·61	5·76	2·54
	Pabna ...	7·11	16·14	11·32	17·97	10·83	17·08	11·95	11·60	6·42	4·13
	Darjeeling ...	8·58	3·31	24·02	27·32	30·07	25·06	25·45	26·98	10·62	8·73
	Jalpaiguri ...	11·96	5·88	29·12	15·33	25·66	38·36	24·94	26·77	13·53	10·61
Dacca.	Dacca ...	8·70	13·52	12·91	16·94	13·84	9·61	12·38	12·18	6·53	4·45
	Faridpur ...	8·80	16·25	12·61	20·96	12·49	9·18	12·08	10·02	5·52	......
	Backergunge ...	7·80	20·39	18·66	25·40	18·78	16·07	16·14	11·85	6·76	7·46
	Mymensingh ...	9·94	13·34	17·42	21·05	13·55	25·12	14·07	18·68	7·19	2·87
Chittagong.	Tippera ...	10·21	17·72	17·21	18·75	15·27	17·59	16·37	16·33	6·80	4·46
	Noakhali ...	10·05	15·24	24·18	32·44	21·82	24·10	23·49	25·11	10·32	6·73
	Chittagong ...	6·54	29·01	26·32	47·84	28·52	17·98	23·48	23·04	9·29	4·98
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	7·32	8·59
Patna.	Patna ...	2·18	2·64	5·95	11·85	12·12	13·28	10·58	7·86	4·26	......
	Gaya ...	1·74	2·80	5·52	7·84	11·83	14·59	11·71	6·93	4·34	6·08
	Shahabad ...	1·30	2·39	5·30	7·07	11·97	14·61	11·40	8·31	4·53	......
	Darbhanga ...	2·68	3·67	8·00	5·87	11·60	15·86	10·71	10·54	5·84	2·82
	Muzaffarpur ...	2·51	2·06	7·08	7·76	11·26	15·80	10·11	8·92	4·97	......
	Saran ..	1·92	2·00	6·39	6·24	11·41	11·90	10·21	8·79	4·46	......
	Champaran ...	2·60	2·60	8·31	8·86	12·12	25·81	12·18	10·17	4·77	......
Bhagulpur.	Monghyr ...	2·34	2·72	6·38	10·55	11·89	13·77	11·21	10·10	5·22	4·08
	Bhagalpur ...	3·19	3·74	8·42	8·79	11·26	17·04	11·55	7·40	5·86	7·06
	Purnea ...	5·50	1·49	12·98	14·83	15·47	27·33	14·63	13·16	9·37	6·67
	Malda ...	4·50	5·99	10·60	12·66	11·50	15·46	12·03	7·87	7·47	4·53
	Sonthal Parganas	3·75	8·01	8·59	15·29	12·97	15·13	12·79	10·06	6·37	5·26
Orissa.	Cuttack ...	3·95	32·08	9·12	7·42	12·20	7·41	12·20	6·85	5·15	......
	Balasore ...	4·95	24·76	8·25	11·58	12·20	8·02	11·77	10·08	5·81	......
	Angul and Khondmals.	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
	Puri ...	2·76	17·57	7·98	3·56	10·65	6·85	11·46	13·39	6·18	......
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh ...	2·38	5·71	7·90	16·46	13·40	18·83	13·07	9·36	5·43	......
	Lohardaga ...	2·85	1·93	8·44	10·45	12·94	7·91	14·76	10·42	6·31	......
	Palamau ...	1·41	0·30	6·04	10·63	12·56	13·24	11·56	8·41	5·30	......
	Manbhum ...	3·25	8·11	8·42	20·58	11·53	14·70	12·87	10·33	4·95	9·11
	Singhbhum ...	4·17	9·38	8·01	14·65	14·27	8·20	13·83	10·06	5·69	7·32

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR THE RAJSHAHI DIVISION FOR 1892-93.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—MISCELLANEOUS No. 2364.

Darjeeling, the 16th October 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Annual General Administration Report for the Rajshahi Division for 1892-93.

Read also—

The Annual General Administration Report for 1891-92, and Resolution of Government thereon.

This report is submitted by Mr. Nolan, who was in charge of the Division throughout the year.

Tours.

Mr. Nolan spent 138 days on tour, during which he inspected all the sadar stations and all the sub-divisions of the Division but one, which, however, was inspected during the first week of April. He made an interesting tour through Sikkim, examined the important settlements in progress in Kalimpong and Jalpaiguri, introduced a prompter system of dealing with complaints of misconduct against police officers in Dinajpur, and secured some improvements in police administration and in the details of collectorate business in Rampur Boalia. All the Collectors and Sub-divisional Officers of the Division appear to have complied with the orders of Government in respect to the duration and nature of their tours, except Mr. Mackenzie, Sub-divisional Officer of Alipore in Jalpaiguri, whose touring, owing to bad health, fell short by 19 days of the prescribed standard, and Mr. Rebello, in whose case the deficiency, amounting to only two days, is not explained. The Commissioner remarks that the Collectors, while themselves doing excellent work in camp, do not take sufficient pains to direct their subordinates in this matter, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor agrees with him in thinking that, when District Officers receive Sub-divisional Officers' programmes, they should consider with care whether they are the best that can be devised, and if not they should alter them. The Commissioner and all the District Officers observed the standing orders of Government regarding the inspection of district and sub-treasuries, except the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling, who, owing to indifferent health, was unable to visit the Siliguri sub-treasury during the rains. Though the inspections were generally thorough, no irregularities were brought to light by them.

Weather and crops.

2. The rainfall, except in parts of the Rajshahi district, was everywhere sufficient and well distributed, and crops were generally above the average. The Commissioner points out that owing to the system of crop reporting prescribed by the Government of India, under which an average crop is represented as a 16-anna one, while according to local usage sixteen annas represents a bumper crop, there is some risk of confusion in regard to the outturn of crops given in the official reports. Instances of such confusion are noticed, such as where one Collector in the text of his report says the aman crop was almost a bumper one, and yet records it as a 14-anna crop in the tabular statements annexed. The attention of the Director of the Agricultural Department will be called to the Commissioner's remarks, and he will be requested to consider whether, in case the mufassal reports are made out according to local usage, the results may not in his office be translated into the notation prescribed by the Government of India, or, if not, whether any other remedy can be suggested. But whatever excuse

zamindars and other crop reporters may have for misunderstanding the prescribed nomenclature, Collectors at least should make sure that the tabular returns compiled by themselves are consistent with the statements made in the text of their reports.

Public health.

3. The following statement shows the total number of deaths reported as compared with the preceding year:—

	1892.	1891.	Deaths per mille. 1892.	1891.
Dinajpur	52,279	58,283	33·6	38·48
Rajshahi	53,733	51,954	40·91	39·04
Pabna	36,847	36,061	27·04	26·46
Bogra	24,018	20,553	29·38	25·14
Rangpur	68,320	82,110	33·07	39·77
Jalpaiguri	23,685	28,186	34·76	41·36
Darjeeling	9,026	7,087	40·41	31·73
Total ...	267,908	284,234	33·4	35·4

In the Rangpur and Dinajpur districts, the decreased mortality is stated to have been due to abatement of fever and cholera, which had prevailed in the previous year, and in Jalpaiguri it is attributed to better registration.

The registration of deaths appears generally to be more carefully done in this than in some of the other Divisions, the average number of recorded deaths per thousand in the year being 33·4 as compared with 30·46 in the Chittagong district, which is usually regarded as an unhealthy one. The total number of persons vaccinated during the year was 232,998 as compared with 204,847 in 1891-92.

Material condition of the people, emigration, and prices of food and labour.

4. As might be expected in a Division in which rice and jute are extensively grown, with good crops, high prices and moderate rents, the cultivators and traders in produce made large profits, but labourers and the extensive class known as *bhadro lok,* who live by service and on small receipts from rent as petty landlords, suffered greatly under pressure of high prices.

The average wage of a common cooly throughout the Division appears to be about four annas a day, which, though fifty per cent. less than that in the Chittagong Division, is nearly double the wage in Bihar, but shows no tendency to rise with the price of food. Though the masses of the people have little to complain of as regards wages, rent, or abundance of produce, they suffer greatly from fevers and other diseases due to unhealthly climate, bad drainage, and the insanitary conditions of village life generally.

There is no emigration from the Division; on the contrary, a large influx takes place annually of labourers coming to the tea gardens from Nepal, and of palki-bearers, workers on roads, reapers, and so forth, who migrate from the western districts, especially from Saran. Some of these immigrants make their permanent homes in this Division.

Manufactures and mines.

5. The principal industries classified as manufactures are—tea, silk, indigo and cinchona. The year was an exceptionally bad one for indigo, which is a declining industry in Rajshahi. The outturn of manufactured silk, on the contrary, rose from 44,164lbs. to 79,900lbs.; the number of tea gardens increased from 356 to 367, the gross yield from 25,690,346lbs. in 1891 to 28,860,229lbs. in 1892, and the average yield per acre from 377 to 420lbs.

No mines are worked, but a plot of about 850 acres in the Daling subdivision of the Darjeeling district was demarcated during the year, a coal-mining lease for the area having been applied for by Messrs. Octavius Steel and Company. Two applications for licenses to prospect for coal and limestone in the same sub-division have also been received.

Trade and commerce.

6. Among the most important articles of export, the Commissioner enumerates rice, jute, gunny, tea, tobacco, hides, oilseeds, pulses, molasses, ganja, indigo and silk; among imports, piece-goods, salt and kerosine oil; and makes appropriate remarks on each of these articles.

Owing to a partial failure of the rice crop in 1891-92, there was a decrease in the exports of 1892-93. Jute, which as a staple crop of the Division is second only in importance to rice, and as an export now takes precedence of it, yielded an excellent harvest, and the exports of it were the largest on record. The exports of gunny bags from Sirajganj, Jalpaiguri and Darjeeling, and the quantity of tobacco, hides, wheat, pulses and molasses exported increased, while there was a falling off in the exports of oil-seeds owing to the mahajans having had a large stock stored in Calcutta from the previous year.

In Pabna and Rajshahi the imports of piece-goods show a steady increase. No figures are available for Jalpaiguri and Bogra, while in Dinajpur and Darjeeling there was a decrease. The imports of salt also show a large falling off in Dinajpur; in other districts there was an increase, or imports were nearly the same as in the previous year.

The imports and exports of trade with Bhutan show a slight decline. There was an increase in the volume of trade imported from Tibet and Nepal, and in the exports to Tibet and Sikkim, but there was a decrease in the exports to Nepal.

Civil Justice.

7. The following statement shows the number of cases disposed of by Munsifs :—

District.	Sub-division or chauki.	Description of Court.	Number of officers.	Number of original cases disposed of—		Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B.			Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases pending at end of year to total disposed of.
				Ordinary.	Small Cause Court.	Money.	Rent.	Title.			
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	8	9	10	11
Dinajpur	Sadar	Munsif	1¼	2,463	......	278	1,940	185	2,118	26	8
	Thakurgaon	Ditto	1	2,240	......	918	1,236	86	1,392	12	12
	Raiganj	Ditto	1	1,953	738	1,598	1,018	75	3,133	11	4
	Balurghat	Ditto	1	1,386	......	936	413	37	3,298	7	19
	Phulbari	Ditto	1	1,561	......	851	619	91	2,161	24	15
Rajshahi	Sadar	Munsif	1¼	1,018	942	1,067	722	141	3,931	9	20
	Nator	Ditto	1	979	1,278	1,578	596	83	2,786	73	12
	Naugoan	Ditto	1	1,429	......	1,188	193	48	1,652	18	......
Pabna	Sadar	Munsif	2	2,390	2,763	3,048	1,820	294	6,197	4	23
	Shahzadpur	Ditto	1	846	707	1,328	127	98	2,431	11	28
	Sirajganj	Ditto	1	993	1,786	2,376	233	170	5,190	9	24
Bogra	Sadar	Munsif	2	2,538	2,582	3,423	1,493	204	6,014	23	13
Rangpur	Sadar	Munsif	2	4,051	......	580	3,331	140	5,851	13	14
	Nilphamari	Ditto	1½	2,958	1,150	2,172	1,857	79	3,699	14	13
	Kurigaon	Ditto	2	2,737	2,687	3,244	1,978	202	9,349	6	4
	Gaibanda	Ditto	2	3,014	298	2,255	1,559	198	6,664	10	9
Jalpaiguri	Sadar	Munsif	1	1,213	864	1,925	......	152	2,592	33	17
	Alipur	Ditto	1	313	......	307	......	6	367	10	11
Darjeeling	Sadar	Munsif	1	32	......	18	......	14	48	......	25
	Kurseong	Ditto	½	51	173	224	......	......	68	......	10
	Siliguri	Ditto	1	98	......	96	......	2	173	10	13
		Total	26½	34,212	16,668	29,440	19,135	2,305	40,104	15	13
		Total for 1891-92	26½	29,889	9,912	22,510	14,938	2,353	110,444	22	13

Note.—The fraction means that an officer was employed for the fractional part of the year.

There was a large increase in the number of suits for money and rent. The increase in the latter was due to the accumulation of arrears because of the bad crops of 1891-92, and in the former to the difficulty found in executing contracts for delivery of produce, especially jute, on account of prices having proved much higher than had been expected.

Police and crime and criminal justice.

8. The following statements show the number of criminal cases disposed of by Stipendiary and Honorary Magistrates, the number of witnesses examined, and the percentage of them detained for two days:—

Stipendiary Magistrates.

District.	Subdivision.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average number of cases disposed of per officer.	Average number of witnesses examined in each case.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to column 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Dinajpur ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	5¼	1,170	1,720	59	4,179	3·4	78	388	9	212	3	2·3
	Thakurgaon ...	Ditto ...	1	346	463	68	1,200	......	90	143	......	346	3	......
Rajshahi ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	5	915	1,222	56	3,919	·5	66	320	3	183	4	·9
	Nator	Ditto ...	3	429*	565	76	2,220	·5	63	132	......	143	5	......
	Naugaon	Ditto ...	1	308	357	74	88	......	56	97	......	308	·3	......
Pabna ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	4½	837	1,346	59	5,202	·9	62	219	4	186	6	1·8
	Serajganj	Ditto ...	2	563	1,141	63	3,493	4·3	80	223	3	281	6	1·3
Bogra ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	5	862	1,302	57	5,834	10	69	367	30	172	7	8·1
Rangpur ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	5¼	767	1,068	63	3,335	2·5	78	193	......	146	4	......
	Gaibanda	Ditto ...	1	208	384	60	1,081	......	87	138	......	208	5	......
	Kurigaon	Ditto ...	1	368	563	55	1,502	2·4	79	137	......	368	4	......
	Nilphamari ...	Ditto ...	1	429†	604	65	2,696	3·0	81	215	4	429	5	1·8
Jalpaiguri ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	5	758	1,090	56	2,912	1·1	88	263	6	151	4	2·3
	Alipur	Ditto ...	2	189	295	54	761	2·3	66	82	1	94	4	1·2
Darjeeling ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	4½	969	1,306	70	2,797	3·2	65	482	2	228	3	·4
	Divisional Total ...	......	46½	9,118	13,495	61	40,721	3·1	73	3,349	62	196	4	1·8
	Total for 1891-92 ...	......	43¾	9,788	14,430	61	56,537	6·8	75	3,786	241	225	6	6·5

* Including 16 railway cases of Pabna.
† Including 12 railway cases of Dinajpur.

Honorary Magistrates.

District.	Subdivision.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio of cases confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average number of cases disposed of per officer.	Average number of witnesses examined in each case.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to column 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Dinajpur ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	1	200	229	66	131	......	......	3	......	200	1	......
	Raiganj	Ditto ...	1	14	16	31	56	......	......	......	......	14	4	......
Rajshahi ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	1	36	55	60	149	5·3	75	......	......	36	4	......
	Nator	Ditto ...	2	73	105	51	311	24·7	60	17	......	36	4	......
	Naugaon	Ditto ...	1	12	12	50	49	......	......	......	......	12	4	......
Pabna ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	1	258	317	60	873	......	......	5	......	258	3	......
	Sirajganj	Ditto ...	1	175	188	53	419	7·4	100	14	......	175	2	......
	Shazadpur ...	Ditto ...	1	20	23	69	91	......	......	......	......	20	4	......
Bogra ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	1	305	394	42	959	3·9	61	16	2	305	3	12·5
	Sherpur	Ditto ...	1	19	19	100	23	......	......	......	......	19	1	......
Rangpur ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	4½	277	284	41	738	......	81	7	......	65	3	......
	Gaibanda	Ditto ...	2	216	389	45	729	2·6	87	27	1	108	3	3·3
	Kurigaon	Ditto ...	1	73	81	52	222	......	......	1	......	73	3	......
	Nelphamari ...	Ditto ...	1½	98	103	34	290	13·4	100	......	......	78	3	......
Jalpaiguri ...	Debiganj	Honorary ...	2	91	142	60	269	34·2	91	56	3	45	3	5·4
	Chandanbari ...	Ditto ...	1	93	87	54	518	......	40	11	1	93	5	9·1
	Damdim	Ditto ...	¾	35	44	70	83	6·0	......	21	......	46	2	......
	Batagole	Ditto ...	1	81	123	62	195	·5	50	13	......	81	2	......
Darjeeling ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	5	1,004	1,061	87	1,313	......	68	4	......	201	1	......
	Nuxalburi ...	Ditto ...	1	6	15	86	27	......	......	......	......	6	4	......
	Kurseong	Ditto ...	3	247	255	96	293	......	......	7	......	82	1	......
	Divisional Total ...	......	33½	3,333	3,942	64	7,747	4·0	72·4	201	7	100	2	3
	Total for 1891-92 ...	......	29¾	2,732	3,245	63	9,491	6·9	71	157	17	93	3	11

NOTE.—The fractions mean that one officer was employed for the fractional part of the year.

Though the figures given in these tables afford useful indications of the work done by the different classes of Magistrates and by individual Magistrates, it would, in the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor's opinion, be a mistake to judge the efficiency or industry of Magistrates by reference solely to them. The ratio of witnesses detained by Stipendiary Magistrates over two days to the total number examined was 3·1 in the year under review, against 6·8 in the preceding year, and the Lieutenant-Governor is glad to acknowledge a great and satisfactory improvement in this very important matter. There has been a marked diminution during the last two years in the objectionable practice of adjourning cases in order to postpone unpleasant work. The Commissioner has made the following remarks on the practice of dealing with complaints by calling on the prosecutor to produce his witnesses, or summoning them to appear without issue of process against the accused :—

"The procedure is called a 'judicial enquiry,' though it is held *ex parte*, and is supposed to be under section 202, Criminal Procedure Code, though the record of reasons required by that section is seldom made. In false cases it gives the informant the opportunity of getting his calumnies set down without the chance of their being exposed by the persons defamed; in true cases it causes delay, and harasses witnesses by a double attendance. The object apparently is to secure a higher percentage of convictions to persons summoned—a result which is of little or no benefit when obtained by such expedients. The attendance of witnesses and the adjournments on such enquiries elude all check, as they do not appear in the returns."

There may in many cases be an advantage in enquiring into the complaint by examining witnesses before calling on the accused to appear. But it is easy to push the practice too far, and when the complainant on first appearance shows sufficient *primâ facie* ground for action, probably no sensible officer would decline to act on the complaint.

The average number of cases disposed of per officer and the average number of witnesses examined in each case was less than in the previous year, while the number of cases remanded six times or more fell from 241 to 62. The working of Honorary Magistrates' Benches also shows an improvement.

9. The following table shows the results of sessions trials :—

	Districts.							Total.
	Dinajpur.	Rajshahi.	Pabna.	Bogra.	Rangpur.	Jalpaiguri.	Darjeeling.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Number pending at commencement of year ...	8	6	8	......	9	1	4	36
Number committed during the year	34	31	28	25	53	7	11	189
Total for disposal ...	42	37	36	25	62	8	15	225
Number disposed of ...	34	32	32	25	61	8	13	205
Number in which conviction obtained ...	14	23	27	12	38	7	8	129
Number of above in which sentence modified or reversed by High Court ...	3	6	6	1	11	......	2	29
Number of cases acquitted by Sessions Judge, or otherwise disposed of ...	20	9	5	13	23	1	5	76

10. The following table exhibits the attendance of Honorary Magistrates :—

District.	Number of times asked to attend.	Number of times actually attended.	Number of times absent—		
			With leave or notice.	Without leave or notice.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Dinajpur ...	402	197*	106	106	212
Rajshahi ...	646	333	86	227	313
Pabna ...	971	701	69	201	270
Bogra ...	288	931*	......	34	34
Rangpur ...	835	726*	68	137	205
Jalpaiguri ...	766	592	40	134	174
Darjeeling ...	239	170	65	4	69
Divisional total ...	4,147	3,650*	434	843	1,277

* Include attendance out of turn.

There was an increase in the total number of cognizable cases from 13,499 in 1891-92 to 14,277, which is attributed to the high prices which prevailed until towards the close of the year.

Special preventive measures were adopted in Jalpaiguri, Rangpur, and Dinajpur, by establishing patrols, stationing police to co-operate with chaukidars, and providing alarm signals to be beaten when dacoits approach. As the Commissioner remarks, it is yet to be seen whether these tins will, after the fashion of scarecrows, have any effect in frightening away thieves, but the device is said to be popular with the people in the localities concerned.

Police.

11. The number of cases reported to the police and brought under inquiry was 11,701, of which 10,040 were investigated, and 713 were declared to be false.

Sixty-one charges of a serious character, including torture, extortion, and embezzlement, were brought against the police; of these 42 occurred in the Dinajpur district alone. The Lieutenant-Governor notes with dissatisfaction that these charges were not investigated in the manner prescribed for such cases, and that many of them were not specially reported.

Registration.

12. The number of deeds registered increased from 76,106 in 1891-92 to 87,034 in 1892-93. The increase is normal and due to the increasing confidence of the public in registration. Two new offices were opened in Bogra.

The work done by the different registration offices is shown below:—

DISTRICT.	Class of Registration Office.	Number of offices.	Number of documents registered.	Average per office.
1	2	3	4	5
Dinajpur	Special	1	5,654	5,654
	Rural	4	10,765	2,691
Rajshahi	Special (*ex-officio*) ...	1	1,544	1,544
	Rural	4*	4,364	1,091
Pabna	Special	1	3,662	3,662
	Rural	4	13,302	3,325
Bogra	Special	1	14,075	14,075
	Rural	2	1,293	646
Rangpur	Special	1	4,675	4,675
	Rural	6	22,889	3,815
Jalpaiguri	Special	2	3,203	1,601
	Rural	1	1,166	1,136
Darjeeling	Special (*ex-officio*) ...	3	442	147
Divisional Total ...	Special	10	33,255	3,325
	Rural	21	53,779	2,561
Divisional Total for 1891-92	Special	10	30,856	3,085
	Rural	19	45,250	2,381

* One office was abolished in October 1892.

Land Revenue.

13. The following table exhibits the demand, collection and balance of land revenue, road cess, and zamindari dák cess:—

District.	Class of demand.	Class of estates.	Number of estates.	Demand. Current.	Demand. Arrear.	Collections of 1892-93. Current.	Collections of 1892-93. Arrear.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Current.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Arrear.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Dinajpur ...	Land Revenue ...	I	739	16,39,790	20,940	16,34,154	20,940	5,636	......	
		II	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
		III	13	422	......	422	......	......	......	
		Total Revenue ...	752	16,40,212	20,940	16,34,576	20,940	5,636	......	
	Road cess	Estates	1,275	1,70,274	26,432	1,57,438	26,371	12,836	81	
		Rent-free tenures ...	174	318	203	215	156	103	47	
	Zamindari dák ...	Estates	2,055	10,207	470	9,848	204	359	266	
		Total ...	......	18,21,011	48,065	18,02,077	47,671	18,934	394	
Rajshahi ...	Land Revenue ...	I	1,374	8,79,257	3,857	8,75,265	3,857	3,992	......	
		II	27	3,304	325	3,303	325	1	......	
		III*	30	7,894	1,225	6,688	1,041	1,112	75	* Remissions ... Rs. [illegible]
		Total ...	1,431	8,90,455	5,407	8,85,256	5,223	5,105	75	
	Road cess	Estates	2,952	1,54,750	28,686	1,27,126	26,582	27,624	2,104	
		Rent-free tenures ...	8	24	17	18	7	6	10	
	Zamindari dák ...	......	2,110	6,528	712	5,962	527	566	185	
		Total ...	......	10,51,757	34,822	10,18,362	32,330	33,501	2,374	
Pabna ...	Land Revenue ...	I	1,738	3,56,985	553	3,56,263	553	722	......	
		II†	69	21,904	904	21,510	863	394	25	† Remissions ... 16
		III†	53	14,545	4,007	12,707	3,639	1,526	266	† Ditto ... 414
		Total ...	1,860	3,93,434	5,464	3,90,480	5,055	2,649	291	
	Road cess	Estates ... ... / Rent-free tenures ...	2,945	‡ 93,810	13,555	84,004	12,720	9,613	835	‡ Remissions on account of current demand ... =193
	Zamindari dák ...	......	634	7,490	2,866	6,796	2,591	694	275	
		Total ...	......	4,94,734	21,885	4,81,280	20,366	12,949	1,401	
Bogra ...	Land Revenue ...	I	670	4,49,134	6,106	4,48,269	6,106	865	......	
		II	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
		III	8	40,134	4,315	33,551	§ 3,944	6,583	282	§ Remissions ... 89
		Total ...	678	4,89,268	10,421	4,81,820	10,050	7,448	282	
	Road cess	Estates	1,229	92,936	5,333	88,245	5,333	4,691	......	
		Rent-free tenures ...	7	28	2	28	2	......	......	
	Zamindari dák ...	......	408	4,136	286	3,976	197	160	89	
		Total ...	......	5,86,368	16,042	5,74,669	15,582	12,299	371	
Rangpur ...	Land Revenue ...	I‖	624	10,11,301	2,043	10,60,741	2,024	10,560	......	‖ Remission on account of arrear demand ... 19
		II	24	2,330	198	2,075	198	255	......	
		III	2	26	4	26	4	......	......	
		Total ...	650	10,13,657	2,245	10,02,842	2,226	10,815	......	
	Road Cess	Estates	1,195	2,53,957	24,373	2,38,550	24,030	15,407	343	
		Rent-free tenures ...	1,336	4,765	2,265	3,531	1,613	1,234	652	
	Zamindari dák ...	......	455	10,236	332	10,135	292	101	40	
		Total ...	......	12,83,615	29,215	12,55,058	28,161	27,557	1,035	
Jalpaiguri ...	Land Revenue ...	I	82	1,36,751	13	1,36,708	13	43	......	
		II	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
		III	5	3,96,239	¶ 49,510	3,32,849	33,801	63,390	8,950	¶ Remission ... 6,759
		Total ...	87	5,32,990	49,523	4,69,557	33,814	63,433	8,950	
	Road Cess	Estates	405	97,410	5,165	97,067	5,165	346	......	
		Rent-free tenures ...	237	932	209	869	209	60	......	
	Zamindari dák ...	......	306	4,080	332	3,797	308	283	24	
		Total ...	......	6,35,412	55,229	5,71,290	39,496	64,122	8,974	
Darjeeling ...	Land Revenue ...	I	3	526	......	526	......	......	......	
		II	97	25,205	83	25,192	83	13	......	
		III	22	1,05,295	164	1,04,626	164	669	......	
		Total ...	122	1,31,026	247	1,30,344	247	682	......	
	Road Cess	Estates	1,134	34,104	56	34,048	56	56	......	
		Rent-free tenures ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
	Zamindari dák ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
		Total ...	......	1,65,130	303	1,64,392	303	738	......	
		Divisional Total ...	......	60,37,027	2,05,561	58,66,528	1,83,918	1,69,900	14,549	Total remission 7,6[illegible]
		Total for the division for 1891-92 ...	......	59,45,071	2,00,771	57,78,814	1,76,887	1,66,257	23,537	Total remission for 1891-92 ... 3[illegible]

The total demand of land revenue recoverable within the year was Rs. 51,85,289, and the total collections Rs. 50,72,430. The prescribed standard of collections from permanently-settled estates, *i.e.*, 99 per cent., on the current annual demand, was reached in all the districts of the Division except in Rangpur. In that district the deficiency was due to the fact that a sum of Rs. 9,357, which was presumably paid within the year in another treasury, was received by transfer receipt after the close of the year.

The realizations on private estates temporarily leased to farmers were everywhere above the prescribed standard of 95 per cent., except in Rangpur, where they amounted to only 67·2 per cent. on the current demand. The deficiency has since been made good, but the Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Commissioner in thinking that the arrears should have been realized within the year. The farming system of management has little to recommend it other than the facilities it ought to afford in realizing the Government demand with punctuality; where it fails of the attainment of this object, it may be said to have failed altogether.

On estates directly managed for proprietors, class III (*a*), the pecentage of collections on demand was below the prescribed standard of 90 per cent. in Pabna on account of diluvion and the want of an adequate record of rights. Proceedings are, however, now being taken under chapter X of the Tenancy Act to prepare a record of rights of these estates.

The collections in Government estates managed direct, class III (*b*), were not up to the standard (90 per cent. on the current annual demand) in Rajshahi, Pabna, Bogra, and Jalpaiguri. The not altogether satisfactory results as regards this class of estates are attributed in Rajshahi to bad harvests, in Pabna to diluvion and deterioration of land by deposit of sand, and in Bogra to the fact that a sum of Rs. 4,638, realized by the Manager of the Jaipur estates a few days before the close of the year, could not be remitted to the treasury, 30 miles off, and credited in the accounts within the year. The Lieutenant-Governor is inclined to agree with the Commissioner that sums thus actually collected should not be shown as an arrear, though not brought on to the treasury books within the year.

In Jalpaiguri the demand from Government estates managed direct was increased by the sum of Rs. 82,087 obtained from the recent settlement operations in the Maynaguri tahsil. Owing to the lateness of the period when the new rent-rolls were furnished, the whole of this amount could not be collected within the year, but the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor observes with much satisfaction that the whole of this increased demand was paid up without objection after the close of the year.

The total collections of land revenue show an increase of Rs. 63,200 on those of the previous year.

The collections on account of road and public works cesses, with an increased demand, show an improvement both as respects the total amount realized, and relatively to the demand.

Settlement.

14. The settlement of the Maynaguri tahsil, resulting in an increase of revenue from Rs. 1,28,000 to Rs. 2,08,000, or 62·5 per cent., was completed, and for other tahsils rate reports and the work of actual assessment made considerable progress during the year. In these latter tahsils also a considerable increase of revenue is expected. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that the settlement of Maynaguri has stood the test of collections, and that no opposition to the assessments has been offered. It is satisfactory that so large an increase of revenue was obtained without opposition and paid without difficulty, and the results are very creditable to the Settlement Officer and the officers who supervised his proceedings. The Commissioner will doubtless keep a close watch on the future working of the settlements already concluded, and on the progress in the work that remains to be done.

The resettlement of the Kalimpong estates in Darjeeling resulted in an increase of revenue of Rs. 8,408, or 100 per cent. on the previous revenue.

Improvements in communications, sanitation, agricultural improvements in Government estates.

15. Sums amounting to Rs. 9,862 for miscellaneous improvements, Rs. 8,100 for sanitary improvements, and Rs. 2,000 for agricultural public works, were expended in Government estates. Rs. 15,285 were spent in repairs of existing

roads, besides Rs. 27,900 in opening out new routes in the backward part of the Government estates in Jalpaiguri. Naini Tal potato seeds were supplied to the cultivators in the Duars by the Agricultural Department, and the cultivation of them proved a success. A model farm for agricultural experiments and cultivation of new staples was started at Maynaguri.

Certificates.

16. The number of certificates issued during the year shows an increase from 5,571 to 6,914, the bulk of which were for arrears of road and public works cesses.

The following statement shows the number of cases disposed of, amount realized, and number pending at the close of the year:—

DISTRICT.	Department.	Number pending at beginning of the year.	Number issued during the year.	Total for disposal.	Amount of certificates.	Number disposed of during year.	Amount realised.	Number pending at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rs.		Rs.	
Dinajpur	General	729	926	1,655	19,908	1,389	5,452	266
	Cesses	96	420	516	15,922	410	13,629	106
	Wards	280	248	528	15,256	329	5,310	199
	Total ...	1,105	1,594	2,699	51,086	2,128	24,391	571
	Total for 1891-92 ...	338	1,592	1,930	69,135	825	20,151	1,105
Rajshahi	General	59	263	322	7,361	195	4,093	127
	Cesses	155	649	804	19,006	454	9,732	350
	Wards	20	13	33	8,502	30	8,033	3
	Total ...	234	925	1,159	34,869	679	21,858	480
	Total for 1891-92 ...	277	609	886	30,366	652	13,190	234
Pabna	General	261	468	729	19,079	519	11,698	210
	Cesses	556	2,077	2,633	55,324	1,947	27,428	686
	Total ...	817	2,545	3,362	74,403	2,466	39,126	896
	Total for 1891-92 ...	898	1,846	2,744	62,240	1,927	40,163	817
Bogra	General	11	125	136	8,111	117	6,326	19
	Cesses	35	259	294	9,381	256	7,895	38
	Total ...	46	384	430	17,492	373	14,221	57
	Total for 1891-92 ...	50	257	307	16,375	261	12,723	46
Rangpur	General	268	1,022	1,290	67,942	982	55,095	308
	Total for 1891-92 ...	176	1,056	1,232	63,554	964	58,861	268
Jalpaiguri	General	83	421	504	45,599	404	36,219	100
	Total for 1891-92 ...	90	201	291	36,471	208	31,547	83
Darjeeling	General	12	23	35	4,015	29	3,417	6
	Total for 1891-92 ...	20	10	30	3,610	18	2,122	12
	Divisional total, 1892-93 ...	2,565	6,914	9,479	2,95,406	7,061	1,94,327	2,418
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,849	5,571	7,420	2,81,751	4,855	1,78,757	2,565

Excise.

17. The number of excise shops was reduced by 162, but the revenue remained almost stationary, being Rs. 8,86,862, against Rs. 8,86,594 in the preceding year.

The Commissioner gives the following particulars regarding the cultivation of ganja:—

DISTRICTS.	Area cultivated in bighas.		Number of cultivators.		Produce in maunds.		Average produce per bigha.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
							Mds. s. c.	Mds. s. c.
Rajshahi	874	2,298	1,649	2,082	3,786	4,417	4 18 4	1 36 14
Dinajpur	315	674	454	639	1,764	1,878	5 24 0	2 31 7
Bogra	127	566	414	708	490	1,279	3 34 5	2 10 6
Total ...	1,316	3,538	2,517	3,429	6,040	7,574	4 23 9	2 5 10

There was a large increase in the area under cultivation in 1892-93, but the outturn was short and deficient in quality, as it contained little resin and much

leaf. Much improvement is reported to have been effected in the punctual issue of storage licenses. The cultivators are said as a rule to act honestly and fairly, and petty pilfering and smuggling has, in the Commissioner's opinion, been minimized by constant supervision.

Statement of Excise.

DISTRICT.	COUNTRY SPIRIT.				GANJA AND BHANG.				OPIUM.			
	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross gallons.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Dinajpur	43	37,354	31,499	37,354	44	18,683	52	31,456	38	12,041	39	44,371
Rajshahi	26	38,427	11,209	38,427	48	17,910	71	35,926	39	8,620	30	33,852
Pabna	31	32,295	10,372	32,295	40	25,744	99	48,670	23	5,674	16	19,245
Bogra	24	18,601	6,664	18,601	51	14,169	43	23,690	25	6,390	17	21,158
Rangpur	45	33,479	10,224	33,479	106	25,557	115	51,460	106	20,021	74	87,497
Jalpaiguri	40	1,03,206	27,534	1,03,206	43	12,601	73	29,275	29	2,577	7	9,015
Darjeeling	25	1,04,331	26,453	1,04,331	6	4,519	21	9,136	5	1,240	6	6,324

DISTRICT.	Revenue from all sources.	Rate per head of population.
1	2	3
	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Dinajpur	1,19,496	0 1 3
Rajshahi	1,14,313	0 1 5
Pabna	1,04,276	0 1 3
Bogra	66,726	0 1 4
Rangpur	1,76,378	0 1 4
Jalpaiguri	1,44,411	0 3 4
Darjeeling	1,61,262	0 11 6

Stamps and income-tax.

18. There was an increase of Rs. 1,20,195from the sale of stamps, attributable to the general progress of the country in wealth and population, and a slight increase to Rs. 3,12,890 from Rs. 3,08,009 in the income-tax demand. Great difficulty was experienced in realizing income-tax from the tea-planters of Jalpaiguri.

Education.

19. The following table gives the principal educational statistics for the Division, exclusive of private institutions:—

DISTRICT.	Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls.	COST.						Cost per head of pupils.	Population of district.	Number of boys of school-going age.	Percentage of boys at school to boys of school-going age according to Director of Public Instruction's report.
				Provincial.	District Board.	Municipality.	Fees.	Other.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.			
Dinajpur ...	High	1	212	1,875	......	......	3,752	300	5,927	27 15 3	1,555,835	121,807	18·1
	Middle	29	1,749	240	4,651	587	3,940	5,069	14,487	8 3 11			
	Primary	817	19,075	......	9,767	104	31,759	7,910	49,540	2 9 6			
	Miscellaneous	3	3	31	87	......	......	......	118	39 5 4			
	Total ...	850	21,039	2,146	14,505	691	39,451	13,279	70,072	3 5 3			
	Total for 1891-92 ...	870	21,208	3,011	13,876	389	40,127	15,753	73,156	3 7 0			
Rajshahi ...	High	5	954	3,827	......	1,290	13,247	4,744	23,108	24 3 6	1,313,336	98,151	13·4
	Middle	24	1,324	360	4,889	......	2,683	9,273	17,205	12 12 1			
	Primary	399	11,342	864	10,837	764	9,562	5,981	28,008	2 7 6			
	Miscellaneous	1	74	3,258	......	......	234	......	3,492	47 3 0			
	Total	429	13,694	8,309	15,726	2,054	25,726	19,998	71,813	5 3 10			
	Total for 1891-92 ...	426	13,095	8,314	16,869	2,818	24,509	19,975	72,485	5 8 0			
Pabna	High	5	1,322	3,004	......	450	16,222	3,584	23,260	17 9 6	1,362,392	101,686	18
	Middle	56	3,886	1,041	6,987	470	12,281	12,861	33,640	8 10 6			
	Primary	487	14,079	357	12,996	420	11,719	3,940	29,432	2 1 5			
	Miscellaneous	3	44	155	545	......	......	......	700	15 14 6			
	Total ...	551	19,331	4,557	20,528	1,340	40,222	20,385	87,032	4 8 0			
	Total for 1891-92 ...	583	19,587	4,640	19,528	1,154	38,956	19,320	83,598	4 4 0			

DISTRICT.	Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls.	Cost.						Cost per head of pupils.	Population of district.	Number of boys of school-going age.	Percentage of boys at school to boys of school-going age according to Director of Public Instruction's report.
				Provincial.	District Board.	Municipality.	Fees.	Other.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.			
Bogra	High	2	364	2,313	......	420	6,088	315	9,136	25 1 6	817,404	62,837	17·2
	Middle	28	1,675	......	3,300	23	5,343	4,172	12,928	7 11 5			
	Primary	316	9,101	510	4,117	365	9,561	1,877	16,430	1 12 11			
	Miscellaneous	3	10	99	280	......	......	......	379	37 14 4			
	Total ...	349	11,150	2,922	7,787	808	20,992	6,364	38,873	3 7 9			
	Total for 1891-92 ...	345	11,460	2,365	9,246	924	19,464	5,284	36,749	3 3 0			
Rangpur ...	High	4	650	3,067	......	......	8,679	7,572	19,918	30 10 3	2,065,464	159,272	13·6
	Middle	60	3,346	680	9,402	......	8,002	14,517	32,601	9 11 10			
	Primary	713	18,191	493	17,725	248	23,215	5,651	47,332	2 9 7			
	Miscellaneous	5	290	6,941	1,849	......	572	2,018	11,380	39 3 10			
	Total ...	782	22,477	11,781	28,976	248	40,468	29,758	1,11,231	4 15 2			
	Total for 1891-92 ...	719	20,519	12,144	27,181	240	36,006	26,033	1,01,604	4 15 0			
Jalpaiguri ...	High	1	259	2,349	......	......	3,345	......	5,694	21 15 9	681,352	54,690	13
	Middle	23	1,069	177	2,747	210	1,767	4,743	9,644	9 0 4			
	Primary	272	6,187	2,788	3,503	30	5,423	2,810	14,554	2 5 7			
	Miscellaneous	2	4	20	56	......	......	......	76	19 0 0			
	Total ...	298	7,519	5,334	6,306	240	10,535	7,553	29,968	3 15 9			
	Total for 1891-92 ...	306	7,643	5,660	5,945	205	11,676	7,730	31,225	4 1 6			
Darjeeling ...	High	1	240	2,712	......	1,200	1,172	......	5,084	21 2 11	223,314	18,457	15·4
	Middle	3	133	740	......	360	414	1,067	2,581	19 6 5			
	Primary	97	2,833	5,135	......	......	520	7,283	12,708	4 8 3			
	Miscellaneous	1	23	192	......	......	......	1,057	1,249	54 4 10			
	Total ...	102	3,229	8,839	......	1,560	1,906	9,407	21,712	6 11 7			
	Total for 1891-92 ...	92	2,701	13,508	...	1,460	2,545	8,329	25,942	9 9 0			
Total of Division	High	19	4,001	19,747	......	3,380	52,505	16,515	92,127	23 0 4	8,019,187	616,909	14·5
	Middle	223	13,182	3,238	32,066	1,650	34,430	51,702	1,23,086	9 10 3			
	Primary	3,101	89,808	10,207	58,945	1,931	91,559	35,452	1,98,094	2 7 2			
	Miscellaneous	18	448	10,696	2,817	......	806	3,075	17,394	38 13 2			
	Grand total for 1892-93 ...	3,361	98,439	43,888	93,828	6,941	1,79,300	1,06,744	4,30,701	4 6 0			
	Grand total for 1891-92	3,340	96,213	49,741	92,645	7,190	1,73,283	1,02,424	4,25,283	4 6 7			

NOTE.—In the above statement the cost of buildings, furniture, inspection, scholarships and miscellaneous charges, amounting to Rs. 6,265, is not included.

There were altogether 3,361 public schools, with 98,439 pupils out of a population of 8,019,187. There were also 249 private institutions with 2,660 pupils, which are not included in the above statement, giving a total of 3,610 schools with 101,099 pupils. The number of boys of a school-going age calculated at 15 per cent. of the male population is 616,909, and only about one in every seven of the boys who ought to be at school is really receiving any kind of literary instruction. These figures show that education is lamentably backward in all the districts of the Division, not alone absolutely, but relatively to other parts of Bengal. The Chittagong Division may be taken by way of example. In it as a whole the ratio of boys attending school to the total number of a school-going age is 47 per cent., while in the Noakhali district it is as high as 62·3 per cent. The number of schools increased since the preceding year by 21, and of pupils attending them by 2,226. But the progress made is, as Mr. Nolan remarks, very slow and partial:—

"It would," he adds, "be much accelerated were we to abandon all half measures, and introduce in the Regulation districts the system of payment by results in its entirety. The expenditure on stipendiary schools in 1891-92 was Rs. 24,646 out of a total grant for primary education of Rs. 60,569. This year it was Rs. 25,707 out of a total of Rs. 64,669—figures which give little support to the assumption that there has been any marked change in policy. In Pabna, Bogra and Rangpur the proportion of the grant spent on stipends seems excessive. It is seldom that any good reason can be assigned in such districts for giving one school an allowance, and perhaps the examination rewards also, while another gets the rewards only. The true explanation would generally disclose some forms of favouritism, inconsistent with obtaining the greatest possible results from the very limited means available."

The total expenditure on education, with only 98,439 pupils at school, was Rs. 4,30,701, exclusive of miscellaneous charges, cost of inspection, buildings

and scholarships, against Rs. 3,92,703 in Chittagong, with a school-going population of 142,306 pupils, and the cost per pupil in Rajshahi was Rs. 4-6 against little more than half that amount (Rs. 2-12) in Chittagong. In the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor's opinion the state of things disclosed by these figures demands inquiry and explanation by the Educational authorities. Why is it that 62·3 per cent. of boys of a school-going age attend school in the Muhammadan district of Noakhali, while only 13·4 per cent. of them are at school in the Rajshahi district; and why does the average cost per pupil amount to Rs. 5-4 in the latter against Re. 1-10 in the former district? A technical school was opened during the year at Pabna, but it is yet premature to say what degree of success may attend it.

Dispensaries.

20. The following table gives the statistics relating to dispensaries:—

DISTRICT.	Number of dispensaries.	INCOME FROM—					DAILY AVERAGE PATIENTS.		Ratio per cent. of out-door patients to total population.
		Government.	District Board.	Municipality.	Subscriptions.	Total.	In-patients.	Out-patients.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Dinajpur	8	150 4 6	617 2 8	3,110 13 9	6,714 12 3	10,593 1 2	20·22	132·03	1·17
Rajshahi	9*	146 0 0	268 0 0	2,796 0 0	9,109 0 0	12,319 0 0	28·69	292·07	2·82
Pabna	4	741 12 1	675 10 4	3,406 5 5	3,513 14 3	8,337 10 1	27·43	146·93	1·73
Bogra	6	287 2 6	1,909 3 7	1,940 4 1	1,488 2 8	5,624 12 10	10·81	138·77	2·62
Rangpur	13	153 13 6	1,040 0 0	2,979 8 8	8,362 8 8	12,535 14 10	21·	266·62	2·91
Jalpaiguri	6	343 14 9	765 0 0	1,380 12 9	3,264 5 9	5,739 1 3	14·07	90·93	2·47
Darjeeling	4	858 0 0	1,197 0 0	5,180 0 0	1,913 0 0	9,148 0 0	29·26	101·47	11·26
Divisional total ...	50	2,680 15 4	6,472 0 7	20,793 12 8	34,365 11 7	64,297 8 2	151·48	1,175·82	2·52
Total for 1891-92 ...	44	1,788 0 3	5,613 13 9	18,685 0 3	27,800 7 6	53,887 5 9	138·94	1,165·99	2·55

* One dispensary (Dighapatia) is maintained by the Dighapatia estate. Figures not available.

Though the people of the Rajshahi Division appear to be unwilling to send their children to school, they display readiness to avail themselves of medical aid, and more liberality in providing it than the inhabitants of Chittagong. The number of patients treated at dispensaries was 206,173, or more than double the number of children at school, while the private subscriptions to dispensaries amounted to Rs. 34,365, or more than four times the amount subscribed in the Chittagong Division.

The dispensaries, of which there are 50, have, the Commissioner remarks, done excellent work, not only directly, but also by diffusing a knowledge of English medicines.

Local Self-Government Institutions.

21. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that the Commissioner is able to report that the local bodies generally worked well during the year, and that in no case was there any marked neglect of duty on their part. There is a tendency shown by them to increase establishments, which, however, is duly checked by the Commissioner.

State of public feeling.

22. On this subject Mr. Nolan makes the following remarks:—

"The planters of Darjeeling were much exercised during the year by the recruiting in their neighbourhood for employment in the army and on police work; those of Jalpaiguri by the proposed extension to their estates of the chaukidari system; and in both districts by the orders directing the assessment of commission paid to Managers for income-tax. I did not notice any manifestation of opinion among other classes in this part of the Division. In the Regulation districts the sentiments entertained are those of Lower Bengal generally, without any local colouring that I can discern. The Muhammadans are concerned mainly about their supposed decline as a community in position and power, through the introduction of competition for public offices, and of educational tests which do not recognize their special attainments in Persian or Arabic. Among the Hindus the lawyers, and generally those under the influence of English education, are more or less in sympathy with the views expressed by the vernacular press and by the Congress Association. They joined in the agitation against the notification altering the list of offences triable by jury, and I have no doubt really felt considerable interest in the subject. The members of the general community, including the trading and productive classes, whose education is confined to oriental languages, take no part in the discussion of such topics. They consider the politics of the day in Bengal,—except where, as in the case of Muhammadans, a religious sentiment

is touched,—to be beyond their control and out of the sphere of their interests. The power of exercising influence has, in their view, fallen into the hands of the few who speak the dominant language, and it is useless for others to attempt interference."

Conduct of the zamindars.

23. Regarding the conduct of zaminders of this Division, the Commissioner makes the following remarks:—

"According to Bengal tradition, the work of agriculture belongs exclusively to the raiyat; that of keeping correct accounts to the Government patwaris, if such there be; while the functions of the zamindar are to collect as much as he can, to pay the inevitable revenue, to support the established Government, and to be liberal according to his means. Judged by this standard, our landholders have behaved very well. They do not contribute to the cost of cultivation, whether by effecting improvements, reclaiming jungle, or otherwise; they have never regarded the provisions of the Permanent Settlement, and of many subsequent laws, that only a fixed rent shall be levied, to the exclusion of occasional cesses; so many of them have purposely prepared their papers to support claims to rates higher than those in force, that their accounts are not to be trusted; but they satisfy the public dues, help the Administration in many ways, and are very charitable."

As a class the zamindars bear voluntarily a great part of the expense of education. It is by them the principal temples are built, and they take more than their share of the burden of supporting the poor in a country where poor laws are unknown. But, on the other hand, several of them, in Pabna especially, are unfavourably mentioned as provoking agrarian riots and fomenting disputes which are carried on not merely by open violence, but also by the aid of false accusations in the Courts and by perjury; this evil is, however, decreasing.

Babu Kali Prasanno Bhaduri of Porjona in Pabna, Nawab Abdus Sobhan of Bogra, the Maharaja of Dinajpur, Rai Govinda Roy Sahib Bahadur, Babu Krishna Roy Chowdhry, and Chaudhrani Saudamini of Dinajpur, are specially mentioned for their public spirit and liberality.

The Maharani Surnamoyi, C.I., maintained a higher English school and well equipped dispensary in Rangpur; Raja Mohima Ranjan Rai of Kakina maintained a dispensary and two English schools, and is also a popular and considerate landlord. His Highness the Maharaja of Kuch Bihar was most generous in supporting schools and dispensaries on the estates owned by him in the Jalpaiguri district.

Political.

24. The Government of Bhutan was conducted with firmness, the interregnum in the office of the Deb Raja was brought to a close, and the delimitation of the boundary with Jalpaiguri was completed during the year. The administration of Sikkim was conducted by a council of Lamas, Dewans, and Kazis acting in cordial cooperation with Mr. White, the Assistant Political Officer, under the general supervision of the Commissioner.

25. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor's thanks are tendered to Mr. Nolan for his able and efficient administration, as well as for his excellent report. The remarks on the character of the officers will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE PORTS IN ORISSA FOR 1892-93.

No. 2315Marine.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 5th October 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Administration Report of the Ports in Orissa for 1892-93.

1. *False Point.*—The receipts of the port show a decrease of Rs. 171 as compared with those of the preceding year. The details are given in the table below:—

PARTICULARS.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Port-dues on vessels—					
Foreign trade ...	1,268	1,700	432	......	
Coasting „ ...	821	620	......	201	
Native craft ...	34	23	......	11	
Mail steamers ...	7,404	7,008	......	396	
Miscellaneous ...	4	9	5	......	
Total ...	9,531	9,360	437	608	

The increase in the port-dues from foreign-trade vessels is attributed to the higher tonnage of the vessels visiting the port, while the decrease under the other heads, except "Miscellaneous," is due to fewer visits paid by vessels during the year.

2. The charges which amounted to Rs. 7,588, against Rs. 6,146 during the previous year, are summarized below:—

NATURE OF CHARGES.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Establishment	3,542	3,061	......	481	
Boat establishment ...	2,201	2,206	5	......	
Travelling	112	105	......	7	
Contingencies	101	257	156	......	
Dockyard services and supplies	190	1,959	1,769	......	
Total ...	6,146	7,588	1,930	488	

The decrease in establishment charges is due to the reduced rate of salary of the Port Officer, who was officiating during the absence on furlough of the permanent incumbent. The increase under "Contingencies" is owing to the payment of the charges for blowing up a wreck off False Point. In the report as received the expenditure on dockyard services and supplies for 1891-92 is shown as *nil*, but on a reference to the excluded local funds accounts, it has been ascertained that Rs. 190 was expended. No information has been given as to the reason of the large expenditure during 1892-93, further than that it is due to transfers made by the Accountant-General. The sum of Rs. 7,588 shown above is exclusive of Rs. 1,822, expended by the Public Works Department in repairing the existing buildings, roads and revetments.

3. The following table shows the number and the tonnage of the vessels that entered and cleared during the year as compared with 1891-92:—

Year.		Entered.		Cleared.	
		No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.
1891-92	...	78	96,389	78	96,389
1892-93	...	56	74,559	55	74,522

Of the 56 vessels that entered the port, 36 were steamers, all of which were engaged in the coasting trade. Of the 20 sailing vessels, 8 were engaged on the foreign trade and 12 on the coasting trade.

Of the vessels that cleared, 37 were steamers, of which 4 were employed on the foreign trade and 33 on the coasting trade. Of the eighteen sailing vessels that cleared 10 were employed on the foreign trade and 8 on the coasting trade. There is a fall both in the number and the tonnage of the vessels entering the port, which is ascribed chiefly to a smaller export of rice to foreign and coast ports.

4. The following statement shows the value of the trade of the port during the years 1891-92 and 1892-93:—

	Private trade.		Government stores.		Total.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Exports ...	41,55,994	32,35,162	......	14	41,55,994	32,35,176
Imports ...	38,840	1,61,261	2,336	18,729	41,176	1,79,990
Total ...	41,94,834	33,96,423	2,336	18,743	41,97,170	34,15,166

On comparing these figures with the value of the trade given by the Collector of Customs in his report, it is observed that while there is no difference in the total value of the export trade, the whole of it is shown as private trade by the Collector of Customs. The discrepancy is very slight. Under imports, however, the discrepancy is larger, as will be seen from the table below:—

	Figures given by Commissioner.	Figures given by Collector of Customs.
	Rs.	Rs.
Private trade	1,61,261	1,61,506
Government stores	18,729	18,754
Total ...	1,79,990	1,80,260

As both officers profess to give the same result, the figures should agree.

5. No cases of throwing ballast under the Indian Ports Act X of 1889 were reported. The officers of the port are of opinion that if stone ballast is deposited on the old ballast ground inside the harbour, it can be utilized in improving and strengthening the buildings at Hookeytollah and in protecting the seaface in front of the Refuge-house at that station. Separate proposals on the point have been called for by the Commissioner and are awaited.

6. The buoys marking the Fairway Channel have been painted and overhauled, and are in good order; those in the Bakud and Jumboo Channels are reported to be mostly very old, and nearly worn out. The Collector has been requested to take steps towards replacing them.

7. The canal communication between Cuttack and False Point was interrupted during May 1892 for the repairs of the canal, and from the 25th July to the end of the year for repairs of the breaches caused by the high floods of July 1892. During these periods communication was carried on *viâ* the Gobri river and the Kendrapara Canal.

8. *Puri.*—The receipts of the port amounted to Rs. 1,789, against Rs. 2,796 during the previous year. Details are shown in the table below:—

PARTICULARS.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Port-dues on sailing vessels ...	39	240	201	......	
Ditto on British India Steam Navigation Companys' Steamers.	2,738	1,524	......	1,214	
Port-dues on other steamers ...	19	25	6	......	
Total ...	2,796	1,789	207	1,214	

The decrease is ascribed to fewer visits of steamers exporting rice, owing to the high prices prevailing in the district, and to a reduced demand from foreign ports.

9. The disbursements of the port during the past two years are shown below:—

PARTICULARS.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	Rs.	Rs.	s.	Rs.	
Light-house establishment ...	312	306	......	6	
Ditto contingencies ...	14	34	20	......	
Vessels and boats establishment	318	318	......	......	
Ditto contingencies	132	79	......	53	
Total ...	776	737	20	59	

10. The number and tonnage of the vessels entering and clearing the port as compared with those of the preceding year are shown in the following table:—

Year.	Entered.		Cleared.	
	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.
1891-92 ...	33	47,012	33	47,012
1892-93 ...	20	26,603	20	26,603

Of these, 16 were steamers and 4 sailing vessels.

11. The total value of the export and import trade is shown below:—

	Private trade.		Government stores.		Total.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-93.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Exports ...	6,00,608	3,30,232	......	......	6,00,608	3,30,232
Imports ...	6,362	139	1,123	22	7,485	161
Total ...	6,06,970	3,30,371	1,123	22	6,08,093	3,30,393

A comparison of these figures with those given by the Collector of Customs shows that while the two authorities agree as to the value of the import trade, there is a large difference in the value of the exports.

The amounts given by each officer are shown below:—

	Figures by Commissioner.	Figures by Collector of Customs.
	Rs.	Rs.
Private trade	3,30,232	3,04,838
Government stores	......	......
Total ...	3,30,232	3,04,838

The attention of the Commissioner will be invited to this large difference.

12. *Balasore.*—Under this port are also included the minor ports of Churaman, Laichhunpur, Chanua, Subarnarekha, Dhamra (Chandbally), and Sartha. The total receipts as compared with those of the preceding year are shown in the following table:—

Particulars.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Port-dues on European vessels	......	......	......	......	
Ditto on Native craft ...	1,419	809	......	610	
Ditto ditto steamers	1,493	1,600	107	......	
Registration fee under Act X of 1841.	......	7	7	......	
Sale-proceeds of unclaimed property.	1	35	34	......	
Miscellaneous	4	20	16	......	
Total ...	2,917	2,471	164	610	

There has been a large decrease in the collection of port-dues on native craft, which is said to be due to a falling off in the export of rice, consequent on the failure of the crop in a part of the district, but in the Commissioner's opinion this decrease is due to a reduced demand from foreign markets.

13. The table below compares the disbursements of the year with those of the preceding year:—

Particulars.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Establishment	5,660	5,934	274	......	
Travelling allowance ...	157	70	......	87	
Contingencies	36	50	14	......	
Miscellaneous	760	540	......	220	
Pensions	135	5	......	130	
Dockyard services and supplies.	4,955	4,551	......	404	
Light-house establishment ...	3,208	3,381	173	......	
Ditto contingencies ...	21	......	......	21	
Percentage paid to Government.	91	101	10	......	
Total ...	15,023	14,632	471	862	

14. The accounts of this port have always shown a deficit, which has to be met from Provincial Funds, and in order to reduce this deficit, the rate of port-dues has from the 1st May 1893 been raised to the maximum of 4 annas per ton, and a Bill is now before the Legislative Council to amend the Act so as to enable the dues to be levied on mail steamers and coasting vessels once in 30 days, instead of once in 60 days, as at present.

15. The total number of vessels which entered and cleared as compared with that of the previous year is shown below:—

	Entered.		Cleared.	
	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.
1891-92 ...	345	78,380	364	78,869
1892-93 ...	339	82,019	339	81,556

Of the number which entered the port, 275 were steamers and 64 sailing vessels—all of which were from coasting ports, with the exception of 4 sailing vessels. Of the number cleared, 271 were steamers and 68 sailing vessels, 4 of the latter going to foreign ports and the remainder to coasting ports. The

decrease in the number of vessels visiting the port is ascribed to a reduced export of rice, consequent partly to failure of crops in the north of the district, and partly to export by land.

16. The value of the export and import trade is shown below:—

PARTICULARS.	Private trade.		Government stores.		Total.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Exports	48,49,130	41,29,697	125	350	48,49,255	41,30,047
Imports	74,92,971	64,34,096	1,77,213	1,82,577	76,70,184	66,16,673
Total ...	1,23,42,101	1,05,63,793	1,77,338	1,82,927	1,25,19,439	1,07,46,720

There is a small difference in the value of the import trade as shown in the statement above and that shown by the Collector of Customs. The latter officer has shown the value of the private trade at Rs. 64,33,585, or Rs. 511 less than what is shown by the Commissioner.

17. A weekly steamer service was maintained throughout the year between Calcutta and Chandbally by three steamer companies. From December 1892 to March 1893 almost every week four or five steamers arrived at Chandbally from Calcutta, some of them making double trips. The river having become shallow, the steamer to Alba sometimes stopped at Balpal and sometimes went to Chandbally. The steam service between Balasore and Calcutta was kept up by the S.S. *Bassein* alone, the other steamers having been withdrawn. Communication between Cuttack and Chandbally was kept up *viá* the Kendrapara Canal by the canal steamers.

18. There was no accident to the Tower and subsidiary lights of Shortt's Island. The Balasore light at Chandipur is visible at a distance of 10 miles, and is in good order.

19. All the buoys at Chandbally were overhauled and painted; those at Balasore remain to be done.

20. The channels at the Brahmani and Byturni rivers gave rise to no inconvenience, nor was there any complaint. There has been no improvement in the channel of the Borobalong river. The guts are narrow, and can only be used by vessels of light draught and during high tide.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. W. ODLING,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PORT OFFICER OF CALCUTTA FOR 1892-93.

No. 2382Marine.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 13th October 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Annual Report of the Port Officer of Calcutta for 1892-93.

THE department was presided over by Lieutenant E. W. Petley, R.N., throughout the year. The report is submitted by his successor, Captain Creagh, who relieved Lieutenant Petley on 1st April 1893.

2. The strength of the Pilot Service at the close of the year was 60 pilots and 15 leadsmen, showing an increase of two leadsmen, consequent on new appointments. Two leadsmen were admitted locally, and two were brought out from England.

3. The table below exhibits the number of arrivals and departures of steamers and sailing vessels during the past three years:—

		Arrivals.	Departures.	Average tonnage.
Steamers ...	1890-91 ...	811	816	2,569
	1891-92 ...	897	887	2,633
	1892-93 ...	844	841	2,697
Sailing ships ...	1890-91 ...	233	236	1,635
	1891-92 ...	220	200	1,489
	1892-93 ...	221	220	1,409

To this have to be added eight light-vessels, 10 pilot brigs, and 30 other Government vessels; also 10 vessels put back, and three inland steamers and tugs. There has been a slight reduction in the number of steamers visiting the port, but the average tonnage has increased. On the other hand, the number of sailing vessels shows a small increase with a reduction of the average tonnage.

4. The subjoined statement shows the number of vessels drawing 21 feet and over, which were piloted inwards and outwards during 1891-92 and 1892-93:—

Years.	Steamers or sailing ships.	21 to 22 feet.		22 to 23 feet.		23 to 24 feet.		24 to 25 feet.		25 to 26 feet.		26 to 27 feet.		Total.	
		Inward.	Outward.	Inward.	Outward.	Inward.	Outward.	Inward.	Outward.	Inward.	Outward.	Inward.	Outward.	Inward.	Outward.
1891-92 ...	Steamers	49	94	55	111	36	155	10	90	...	26	1	3	151	479
	Sailing ships	39	49	26	33	12	20	1	3	...	...	...	...	78	105
	Total ...	88	143	81	144	48	175	11	93	...	26	1	3	229	584
1892-93 ...	Steamers	45	65	41	96	37	134	10	88	...	24	...	2	133	409
	Sailing ships	36	54	23	39	6	18	1	6	...	1	...	...	66	118
	Total ...	81	119	64	135	43	152	11	94	...	25	...	2	199	527

The number of outward vessels drawing more than 23 feet of water has decreased from 297 to 273.

5. There were 33 cases of groundings and 6 cases of collisions during the year, against 32 and 9 during the previous year. No damage was done to any vessel in the casualties by grounding, except in the case of the S.S. *Anglia*, which was totally lost. The result of the enquiries into the casualties by collision shows that they were all accidental. The percentage of casualties during the year was 1·83 against 1·86 and 2·81 during the two previous years. This improvement is satisfactory.

6. The receipts and expenditure on account of pilotage for the last three years are shown below:—

	Receipts.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
1890-91	8,57,952	8,03,610
1891-92	9,01,447	8,20,617
1892-93	8,50,200	8,41,527

The expenditure does not include the payments made in England, which are approximately Rs. 2,00,000 per annum.

7. The question of reducing the strength of the pilot service to 50 pilots and 14 leadsmen was under the consideration of Government during the year. It has been decided to limit the annual recruitment of leadsmen apprentices up to the year 1899, when it is expected the service will be reduced to 50 pilots and 14 leadsmen. This measure, though not causing any direct saving to Government, will in the future effect a saving under leave and pension allowances, and thus help to produce equilibrium between the total receipts and expenditure.

8. Slight changes have occurred in the Eastern Channel. The Gasper Channel has remained very steady. Extensive alterations have occurred at the lower end of the Saugor roads. The Jellingham Channel was fairly good,

excepting for the formation of moveable lumps to which it is liable. With the loss of the *Anglia*, a dangerous bar formed across the river, and, although to the southward of the wreck, is still there. One inward bound and one outward bound vessel were neaped for want of sufficient water over the bars.

9. The steamer *Guide* was twice docked during the year and extensive repairs executed. The pilot brig *Sarsuti* was in the hands of the Dockyard authorities on three occasions, the last in March 1893, when she was thoroughly overhauled. The brig *Fame* was docked twice, and in addition to the repairs she received, she was supplied with a new jibboom and top gallant yards in place of those carried away by bad weather.

10. A new pilot brig, to be named the *Alice*, is under construction in the Government Dockyard at Bombay, to replace the *Coleroon*, which was lost in the cyclone of November 1891. She is expected to be ready for service at the end of 1893.

11. The number of certificates of each class granted to Masters, Mates, and Engineers after examination at Calcutta, is shown in the table below:—

Nature of certificate.	Candidates.	Total number examined.	Result.			Provincial certificate granted.	Renewal of certificates.	Remarks.
			Passed.	Failed.	Ineligible.			
Colonial	Master	36	24	12	......	......	......	
	First mate	36	23	13	......	......	......	
	Only mate	2	1	1	......	......	......	
	Second mate	48	29	19	......	......	......	
	First class Engineer	7	2	5	......	......	......	
	Second class Engineer ...	20	11	9	1	......	......	
Local	Master	2	1	1	......	......	......	
	Mate	1	1	......	......	(a) 1	......	(a) For 12 months ending 23rd March 1893.
	Engine-driver under Act VII of 1884	6	4	2	......	......	......	
	First class master, inland ..	7	6	1	......	......	......	
	Second class master	31	25	6	......	......	......	
	Serang	30	24	6	......	......	......	
	Engineer	1	......	1	......	......	......	
	First class engine-driver ...	12	7	5	1	......	......	
	Second ditto	11	8	3	......	......	......	
	Total ...	250	166	84	2	......	......	

12. In addition to the above, one certificate as ship surveyor was issued during the year.

13. One vessel was registered under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, and two under Act X of 1841. The registry of one vessel under the latter Act was cancelled.

14. Two vessels were detained under the provisions of Act VII of 1880 as unseaworthy, and were not allowed to proceed to sea until the surveyor reported that the causes for complaint had been removed. One vessel was detained, as her boats were found to be defective, and the biscuits for the crew unfit for consumption. On the Marine Surveyor and the Health Officer reporting that these defects had been made good, she was released and permitted to proceed to sea.

15. The ship *Crofton Hall* which left Calcutta on the 3rd June 1892 returned on the 13th idem on account of what was supposed to be an outbreak of cholera on board. An enquiry was held by the Health Officer of the Port, assisted by Drs. Simpson, Cunningham, Ranking and Crombie, and the outbreak was clearly shewn to be the result of poisoning from the use of putrid meat. There was no reason to believe that the meat when shipped was bad, though that in the particular cask to which the outbreak is attributed might have been; its condition was, however, sufficiently accounted for by the fact that it was kept for four months in what is known as the harness cask, without the brine being renewed. The attention of masters of ships was called to the necessity of care in this respect.

16. The appointment of Port Officer has, under the orders of the Secretary of State, been declared to be terminable at the end of five years and to be ordinarily reserved for an officer of the Royal Indian Marine. In accordance with this ruling Lieutenant E. W. Petley, R.N., vacated the appointment on the forenoon of the 1st of April 1893. The good services rendered to the Bengal Government by Lieutenant E. W. Petley during the five years he held the appointment were acknowledged by a special Resolution published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 5th of April 1893.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. W. ODLING,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE HOWRAH BRIDGE FOR 1892-93.

No. 2391Marine.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 13th October 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Administration Report of the Howrah Bridge for 1892-93.

THE following statement shows the actual receipts and expenditure of the bridge during the year under review, as compared with the previous nine years:—

PARTICULARS.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1888-89.	1887-88.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1884-85.	1883-84.
RECEIPTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Receipts from railway traffic	1,23,678	1,29,310	1,28,954	1,19,727	1,28,985	2,91,638	4,02,495	3,53,210	2,69,125	3,79,501
Ditto local do.	...	...	...	...	94,000	1,27,253	1,40,740	1,46,087	1,22,301	1,22,200
Ditto hire of steamer *Helvatia*	25	50	164	57	996	419	489	470	446	937
Receipts from hire of steamer *Howrah* or *Buckland* ...	16	250	...	14	27	132	...	...	100	...
Interest on Government securities	24,404	28,753	32,330	32,182	26,566	24,056	42,088	20,763	22,174	22,174
Proportion of rent of Head Office	...	...	448	582	487	528	528	523	527	574
Miscellaneous	366	122	253	532	2,096	512	737	646	814	221
Proportion of earnings of steam-tug *Hetty*	12,537	5,378	13,698	12,770	8,515	13,038	9,303	11,102	17,372	11,088
Rent of Bridge Approach land	1,453	3,332	3,177	2,962	3,644	2,693	1,876	2.611	1,557	...
Total ...	1,62,499	1,67,195	1,79,024	1,68,826	2,64,716	4,60,269	5,98,256	5,30,012	4,60,416	5,36,695
Deficit ...	...	537	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1,62,499	1,67,732	1,79,024	1,68,826	2,64,716	4,60,269	5,98,256	5,30,012	4,60,416	5,36,695
EXPENDITURE.										
Interest on loans	7,455	7,509	7,561	7,611	7,639	9,486	43,989	79,839	32,082	64,984
Proportion of salaries—Control	13,008	11,775	13,041	12,823	10,209	10,308	12,896	12,733	11,459	12,018
Salaries	32,826	31,913	32,975	32,791	32,501	32,383	32,310	32,254	31,764	31,584
Working expenses	23,432	12,734	12,826	20,427	42,798	18,020	14,145	16,872	14,270	13,956
Repairs	46,928	51,708	25,363	36,983	42,617	38,962	50,073	29,213	47,500	32,187
Ferry steamer *Buckland* ...	10,488	18,059	18,400	16,645	19,751	14,879	15,347	15,464	16,979	13,646
Proportion of municipal taxes of officer's quarters, storeyard, and police quarters and repairs to buildings	5,946	12,371	11,458	3,542	7,952	5,171	3,615	9,950	10,890	8,141
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	112	1,322
Proportion of establishment, &c., of steam-tug *Hetty* ...	9,592	15,097	9,423	11,074	10,560	11,052	12,231	10,932	10,667	11,384
Renewals	...	6,566	16,016	...	25,694	7,846	2,415	7,608	14,623	2,499
Proportion of salary of Traffic Manager	...	...	...	375	4,500	4,500	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,55,675	1,67,732	1,47,066	1,41,771	2,04,241	1,52,607	1,87,021	2,14,925	1,90,346	1,91,721
Net revenue ...	6,024	...	31,958	27,055	60,475	3,07,662	4,11,235	3,15,087	2,70,070	3,44,974
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,62,499	1,67,732	1,79,024	1,68,826	2,64,716	4,60,269	5,98,256	5,30,012	4.60.416	5,36,695

2. The income during the year amounted to Rs. 1,62,499, being less than that of the previous year by Rs. 4,696. Railway traffic exhibited a falling off of Rs. 5,632, and under the head of interest there was a further decrease of Rs. 4,349 on account of the loan without interest of rupees two lakhs to the Corporation of Calcutta from the reserve fund. The loan, alluded to above, was sanctioned in connection with the construction of the Harrison Road, and is repayable within three years. On the other hand, the earnings of the steam-tug *Hetty*, which was at work throughout the year, showed an increase of Rs. 7,179 over the receipts of the preceding year.

3. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 1,55,675, or a decrease of Rs. 12,057 over that of 1891-92. The wearing surface of the bridge was maintained in thorough order, a large quantity of planks and battens having been renewed. The wood used for the wearing surface is specially imported by the Commissioners from Johor, near Singapur. The footpaths on both sides were also renewed. The superstructure, timbers, fenders, and sheathings of pontoons were renewed as found necessary. All the other works which were found to be necessary to keep the bridge in thorough order, were carried out.

4. In addition to the ordinary receipts, the following sum, which may be classed as "extraordinary," was received:—

		Rs.
Interest on Government securities of pontoon renewal fund	...	2,000

The corresponding expenditure under the same head was—

Sinking fund or loan	... ...	3,401

4. This is the first complete year the bridge has been lighted by electricity, and it is observed that the actual expenditure has amounted to Rs. 12,386, against an estimate of Rs. 4,660. No explanation of the heavy increase has been given. A detail of this expenditure should be supplied so as to show whether any abnormal expenses have helped to swell this charge.

5. The bridge was opened for the passage of vessels on 148 occasions during the year, of which 103 were on the ordinary fixed days of the week and 45 were Sundays on special application. The number and description of the vessels which passed through the bridge on these occasions are given in the table below:—

	1892-93.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1889-90.	1888-89.	1887-88.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1884-85.	1883-84.
Sea-going vessels	309	254	414	362	380	331	295	366	403	469
Inland steamers and flats	1,129	1,400	1,059	941	878	899	848	1,102	944	733
Steam-tugs	453	366	540	491	466	397	387	406	342	361
Port Commissioners' vessels	183	66	92	53	20	46	56	69	56	58
Government steamers and flats ...	......	......	3	16	7	6	10	6	10	......
Total ...	2,074	2,086	2,110	1,863	1,741	1,679	1,596	1,949	1,755	1,621

6. No sea-going vessels collided with the bridge, but there were 52 collisions of other vessels, against 95 during the previous year. This is the lowest number on record.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. W. ODLING,

Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

No. 5978R.C.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Road Cess.

Dated Calcutta, the 12th October 1893.

RESOLUTION.

Receipts and expenditure of the several District Road Committees in Bengal for the 1st quarter of 1893-94.

READ—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 543L.F., dated 5th October 1893, submitting an abstract of receipts and expenditure of the several District Road Committees in Bengal for the quarter ending 30th June 1893.

RESOLUTION.—The Lieutenant-Governor directs that the accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the several District Road Committees in Bengal for the 1st quarter of the year 1893-94 be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and circulated to the officers concerned.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution, together with a copy of the abstract of receipts and expenditure, be published in the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette.*

Ordered also that a copy of this Resolution, and of the abstract referred to, be forwarded to the Commissioners of the Rajshahi, Bhagalpur, Chittagong, and Chota Nagpur Divisions; to the Superintending Engineers of the Northern and Western Circles; to the Inspector of Works, Eastern Circle; and to the Financial Department of this Government, for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. J. JOHNSTONE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

DISTRI

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the several District Ro

RE

DISTRICTS.	Balance in Treasury on 1st April 1893.	Provincial Rates. Cess on lands.	Provincial Rates. Cess on mines and railways.	Provincial Rates. One per cent. road cess.	Provincial Rates. Total.	Interest on arrears of road-cess collections.	Public Works. Road tolls.	Public Works. Ferry tolls.	Public Works. Total.	Irrigation. Canal tolls.	Rent of serais and staging-bungalows.	Fees, fines and forfeitures.	Miscell[aneous]
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A
Cess Districts.													
Darjeeling ...	10,316 3 9	1,870 13 0	36 10 6	......	1,907 7 6	0 4 9	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Hazaribagh ...	30,972 8 11	6,119 15 0	......	......	6,119 15 0	20 6 11	......	......	......	......	44 0 0	20 8 0	0 6
Lohardaga ...	20,914 0 6	4,372 2 8	0 3 0	......	4,372 5 8	1 3 3	......	......	......	......	......	95 15 0	
Manbhum ...	3,848 14 4	7,796 7 3	219 2 0	......	8,015 9 3	43 9 7	......	......	......	......	708 11 3	......	
Palamau ...	15,063 2 11	4,906 2 8	8 14 6	......	4,915 1 2	17 9 7	......	......	......	......	2 0 0	92 9 2	12 11
Total ...	87,114 14 5	25,065 8 7	264 14 0	......	25,330 6 7	83 4 1	......	......	......	......	754 11 3	209 0 2	13
Non-cess Districts.													
Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	24,142 13 0	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Sonthal Parganas ...	30,367 6 3	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	115 0 0	......	66 15
Singhbhum ...	5,313 3 1	......	32 8 0	......	32 8 0	......	......	......	......	......	1 0 0	76 14 0	1 15
Total ...	59,823 6 4	......	32 8 0	......	32 8 0	......	......	......	......	......	116 0 0	76 14 0	68 1
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,46,938 4 9	25,065 8 7	297 6 0	......	25,362 14 7	83 4 1	......	......	......	......	870 11 3	285 14 2	82

EXP

DISTRICTS.	Refunds. Cess.	Refunds. Other receipts.	Refunds. Total.	Provincial Rates. Establishment and contingencies of offices of collection.	Administration. Establishment and contingencies of Committee's office.	Administration. Percentage cost of establishment for offices of account and control.	Administration. Total.	Stationery. Stationery and printing.	P[ublic Works]. Original works.	Repairs.	Establishment.	Tools and plant.	Toll and ferry establishment and contingencies.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.
Cess Districts.													
Darjeeling ...	......	......	......	291 11 0	220 6 0	......	220 6 0	......	......	3,942 7 5	105 0 0	......	...
Hazaribagh ...	......	......	......	247 13 5	276 13 0	......	276 13 0	8 14 6	......	1,790 14 4	1,935 5 0	13 12 0	...
Lohardaga ...	......	251 12 6	251 12 6	349 4 9	124 2 0	......	124 2 0	1 4 6	584 14 0	847 14 7	1,810 12 0	1 8 0	...
Manbhum ...	......	......	......	1,531 11 1	359 6 6	......	359 6 6	11 12 6	472 0 2	5,665 11 2	1,930 3 10	48 12 0	...
Palamau ...	......	......	......	192 7 0	50 11 0	......	50 11 0	156 9 6	10 15 0	10 8 0	532 14 5	......	...
Total ...	......	251 12 6	251 12 6	2,612 15 3	1,031 6 6	......	1,031 6 6	178 8 6	1,067 13 2	12,257 7 6	6,314 3 2	64 0 0	...
Non-cess Districts.													
Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	47 3 8	......	2,156 6 1	1,622 10 1	......	...
Sonthal Parganas ...	......	......	......	......	259 8 0	......	259 8 0	......	120 14 6	566 8 3	1,578 0 0	—19 3 0	...
Singhbhum ...	......	48 8 0	48 8 0	......	162 7 3	......	162 7 3	35 1 6	1,132 0 6	119 0 4	668 11 0	107 12 0	...
Total ...	......	48 8 0	48 8 0	......	421 15 3	......	421 15 3	82 5 2	1,252 14 6	2,841 14 8	3,869 5 1	88 9 0	...
GRAND TOTAL ...	......	300 4 6	300 4 6	2,612 15 3	1,453 5 9	......	1,453 5 9	260 13 8	2,320 11 8	15,099 6 2	10,183 8 4	152 9 0	...

FORT WILLIAM,
The 20th September 1893.

ROAD FUND.

Committees for the Quarter ending 30th June 1893.

IPTS.

…LANEOUS. Total.	Grant from Government.	Suspense Account. Advance.	Suspense Account. Deposit.	Suspense Account. Total.	Provident Fund receipts.	Savings Bank investment withdrawals.	Total receipts.	Balance of imprest in hands of Engineers and others decreased.	Balance of uncashed cheques increased.	Total receipts, including balance.	Outlay.	Balance in Treasury on 30th June 1893.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
......	1,346 9 7	3,835 7 5	......	3,835 7 5	......	...	7,089 13 3	......	......	17,406 1 0	7,563 2 4	9,842 14 8
64 14 9	250 5 7	228 1 0	800 0 0	1,028 1 0	17 13 0	...	7,531 8 3	......	......	44,504 1 2	17,419 2 10	27,084 14 4
95 15 0	......	100 12 0	7 0 0	107 12 0	......	...	4,577 5 11	......	......	25,491 6 5	9,417 12 5	16,073 10 0
708 11 3	13,000 0 0	160 1 3	5 0 0	165 1 3	160 5 0	...	22,093 4 4	......	......	25,942 2 8	10,938 13 7	15,003 5 1
107 5 0	300 0 0	111 0 0	250 0 0	361 0 0	......	...	5,700 15 9	......	......	20,764 2 8	1,380 0 11	19,384 1 9
976 14 0	14,926 15 2	4,435 5 8	1,062 0 0	5,497 5 8	178 2 0	...	46,992 15 6	......	......	1,34,107 13 11	46,719 0 1	87,388 13 10
......	24,584 0 0	......	......	......	......	...	24,584 0 0	......		48,726 13 0	10,964 14 6	37,761 14 6
181 15 0	48,530 4 0	67 0 0	......	67 0 0	......	...	48,779 3 0	......	......	79,146 9 3	13,365 14 8	65,780 10 7
79 13 0	10,000 0 0	......	26 15 8	26 15 8	57 10 6	...	10,196 15 2	......	......	15,510 2 3	3,215 3 7	12,294 14 8
261 12 0	83,114 4 0	67 0 0	26 15 8	93 15 8	57 10 6	...	83,560 2 2	......	......	1,43,383 8 6	27,546 0 9	1,15,837 7 9
1,238 10 0	98,041 3 2	4,502 5 8	1,088 15 8	5,591 5 4	235 12 6	...	1,30,553 1 8	......	......	2,77,491 6 5	74,265 0 10	2,03,226 5 7

DITURE.

WORKS. Total.	IRRIGATION. Canal toll establishment and contingencies.	Miscellaneous. Staging-bungalow establishment and contingencies.	Miscellaneous. Staging-bungalow, petty construction and repairs.	Miscellaneous. Miscellaneous.	Miscellaneous. Provident Fund contributions.	Total.	Contribution to Provincial Government.	Suspense Account. Advance.	Suspense Account. Deposit.	Suspense Account. Total.	Provident Fund withdrawals.	Savings Bank investment deposits.	Total expenditure.	Balance of imprest in hands of Engineers and others increased.	Balance of uncashed cheques decreased.	Total outlay.
Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4,047 7 5	...	......	......	......	......	......	...	1,345 0 0	......	1,345 0 0	...	......	5,904 8 5	...	1,658 9 11	7,563 2 4
3,739 15 4	...	27 0 0	15 13 6	......	5 15 0	48 12 6	...	475 15 0	......	475 15 0	...	17 13 0	4,816 0 3	50 0 0	12,553 2 7	17,419 2 10
3,945 0 7	...	18 0 0	48 14 6	55 14 0	......	122 12 6	...	......	794 0 0	794 0 0	...	......	4,888 4 10	50 0 0	4,479 7 7	9,417 12 5
8,116 11 2	...	......	500 6 10	......	53 7 0	353 13 10	...	150 0 0	50 0 0	200 0 0	...	160 5 0	10,933 12 1	5 1 6	......	10,938 13 7
554 5 5	...	42 0 0	......	19 8 1	......	61 8 1	...	81 0 0	167 0 0	248 0 0	...	......	1,263 9 0	50 0 0	66 7 11	1,380 0 11
19,703 7 11	...	87 0 0	565 2 10	75 6 1	59 6 0	786 14 11	...	2,051 15 0	1,011 0 0	3,062 15 0	...	178 2 0	27,806 2 7	155 1 6	18,757 12 0	46,719 0 1
3,779 0 2	...	......	......	......	......	......	...	......	......	......	...	......	3,826 3 10	...	7,138 10 8	10,964 14 6
2,246 3 3	...	......	......	......	......	......	...	2,580 15 2	165 0 0	2,745 15 2	...	......	5,251 10 5	...	8,114 4 3	13,365 14 8
2,027 7 10	...	82 4 0	......	9 15 9	19 3 6	111 7 3	...	772 9 3	......	772 9 3	...	57 10 6	3,215 3 7	...	......	3,215 3 7
8,052 11 3	...	82 4 0	......	9 15 9	19 3 6	111 7 3	...	3,353 8 5	165 0 0	3,518 8 5	...	57 10 6	12,293 1 10	...	15,252 14 11	27,546 0 9
27,756 3 2	...	169 4 0	565 2 10	85 5 10	78 9 6	898 6 2	...	5,405 7 5	1,176 0 0	6,581 7 5	...	235 12 6	40,099 4 5	155 1 6	34,010 10 11	74,265 0 10

O. T. BARROW,

Accountant-General, Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 14th *October*, 1893.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan Oct. 14, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	3·08 1·43 1·12 0·07	Weather—seasonable. Prospects excellent as regards *aman*; fair as regards *aus*. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 13 Kalna ... ... 9 to 13 Katwa ... ... 12½ Raniganj ... ... 12½ per rupee.
	2	Bankura „ 14, '93	0·89	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* nearly finished. *Aman* plants doing well. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Common rice selling at 13¾ seers per rupee at Bankura and 12½ seers at Vishnupur.
	3	Birbhum „ 14, '93 Rampur Hát ...	2·59 0·34	Showers of rain this week. Paddy crops in ear: they look splendid. Weather has cooled. Rice sells from 10 to 14½ seers per rupee.
	4	Midnapore „ 14, '93	0·21	Weather—bright and hot, sometimes cloudy. Prospects of *aman* crop good. No cattle-disease reported except from Garhbeta. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 Contai ... ... 13 Tamluk ... ... 15 Ghatal ... ... 12 per rupee.
	5	Hooghly „ 14, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	5·10 3·78 2·74	Weather—hot, rainy. *Aus* rice almost harvested. *Aman* rice doing well everywhere except in thana Khanakul, where damage is reported to have been caused by floods. Fodder and drinking water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 Serampore ... ... 10 to 11½ Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 12¼ per rupee.
	6	Howrah „ 12, '93 Ulubaria ...	3·92 3·03	Weather—wet and stormy. Jute is being cut and steeped. *Aus* harvest finished. *Aman* paddy doing very well. Price of rice 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas „ 14, '93	4·28	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops fair in the north, but poor in the southern part of the district, especially in the thana of Bankipur. Cultivation completed. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 9 to 11¾ Diamond Harbour ... ... 10¾ Barasat ... ... 11 per rupee.
	8	Nadia „ 14, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	2·58 0·35 4·13 2·25 1·70	Weather—hot and damp. Prospects of crops unchanged. Lands being prepared and sown with winter crops. Fodder and water plentiful.
	9	Khulna „ 14, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	1·54 Nil 2·8	Weather—hot with showers of rain. *Aman* promising except on low lands where floods have prevented transplantation. Lands being prepared for *rabi* crops. Tapping of palm trees beginning. Fodder sufficient.
	10	Jessore „ 14, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	4·06 1·93 0·78 0·81 1·75	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of *aman* fair. Cultivation for winter crops and sowings going on. Rivers going down. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of rice stationary.
	11	Murshidabad „ 14, '93	1·28	Weather—seasonable. Winter rice and sugarcane doing well. Sowing of *rabi* crops and *kalai* commenced. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

Division	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
Chittagong Divn.	12	Chittagong	...	...	Report not received.
	13	Noakhali	...	...	Report not received.
	14	Tippera	Oct. 14, '93	3·84	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation and sowing of *aman* paddy being vigorously pushed on as the water is subsiding rapidly. Prospect of crops has on the whole improved in the whole district. Price of rice and other articles of food is gradually falling.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	„ 13, '93	2·16	Weather—seasonable. Foggy in the early morning. Prospect of plough-paddy good. Vegetables progressing. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice being sold at 8 seers per rupee.
Dacca Divn.	16	Dacca	„ 14, '93	0·80	Weather—hot with occasional rain. Harvesting of jute nearly completed and that of paddy commenced in some places. Prospect of *aman* favourable. *Rowa* and *shail* paddy being sown. Common rice selling from 7 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder not sufficiently available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	„ 14, '93	3·77 2·11 1·58	Weather—fine with occasional showers. Weather favourable for standing crops. Rivers falling. Rice 9 to 11 seers per rupee. Still some cattle-disease at Palong.
	18	Backergunge	„ 14, '93	2·69	Weather—cloudy and fine with occasional slight rain. Prospects of crops remain unaltered. Ordinary rice selling from 7 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	„ 14, '93	0·58	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Common rice selling at 8 to 9 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient except in the Kishorganj subdivision.
Rajshahi Divn.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	„ 14, '93 ...	0·75 1·48	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects favourable all over the district. *Bhadoi* rice selling at Sadar from 13 to 14 seers per rupee and *haimanti* rice 12 seers per rupee. Price of rice at Thakurgaon stationary. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water sufficient.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	„ 14, '93	Not reported 1·17 3·10	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops good almost everywhere; in some places excellent. Yesterday's (13th) rain will do much good. No cattle-disease. Water and fodder-supply ample. Rice selling from 10 to 12 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Gaibanda Nilphamari Kurigaon	„ 14, '93	0·50 2·04 0·52 0·17	Weather—cloudy. Jute steeping in progress. Lands under preparation for tobacco and other cold-weather crops. Prospects of *aman* very favourable. Price of common rice 8½ to 10 seers per rupee.
	23	Bogra Sherpur Naukhila	„ 14, '93	1·64 4·62 3·97	Weather—fine with occasional heavy showers. Prospects of *aman* good. Lands are being cultivated for mustard. Common rice sells at 10 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	„ 14, '93	0·52	Weather—cloudy and foggy with hot day and cool night. State of standing crops fair. *Rabi* crops being sown. Rice selling at Rs. 4-12 per maund in the Sirajganj subdivision and 9½ seers per rupee in the Sadar subdivision. Fodder and water-supply ample.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	„ 14, '93 ...	Nil 0·12	Weather—bright: cool. *In the hills :—Bhutta* has been harvested. *Haimanti dhan*, *bara marua*, *kalai*, *phaphur*, and *toree* progressing favourably. Potatoes being planted. *In the Terai* :—Jute and *bhadoi* harvested. Prospects of *aghani* very favourable. Prices of coarse rice :— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 } per rupee.
	26	Jalpaiguri	„ 14, '93	0·14	Weather—seasonable: nights getting cold. Steeping of jute going on. Prospects of *aman* good. Price of rice stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
BHAGALPUR DIVN.			
27	Monghyr Oct. 14, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	Nil Nil 0·08	Weather—hot and clear. State of standing crops good. *Kurthi* being sown. Indigo and sugarcane doing well. Lands being prepared for *rabi* crops. Fodder and water sufficient. Small-pox among cattle reported from Nawadih, Sekundra, Ballia, and Kharakpur. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11½ to 18 } Begusarai ... ... 12 } per rupee. Jamui ... ... 12½ }
28	Bhagalpur „ 14, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ...	1·81 Nil Nil Nil	Weather—hot in day, cool at night. Prospect of winter rice good. *Rabi* and indigo are being sown. Cattle-disease reported to be prevailing in Amarpur.
29	Purnea „ 14, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	0·46 0·08 Nil	Weather—cool in the mornings, hot during the day. Slight fog in the early morning. Prospects of *aghani* continue good. Lands being prepared for *rabi* everywhere. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 18 } Kishanganj ... ... 12 to 13 } per rupee. Araria ... ... 18 }
30	Malda „ 14, '93	1·97	Weather—hot and bright with occasional light showers. Prospect of winter rice continues favourable. Sowing of *kalai* in progress. *Rabi* crops being sown in some places. Ordinary rice sells from 11 to 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-pox reported from English Bazar thana.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 14, 93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	3·33 0·86 0·47 1·77 1·37 0·22	Weather—cool at night, but hot in the day with occasional specks of cloud. All standing crops continue to do well. Linseed, mustard and gram being sown. Lands being prepared for wheat, barley and other grain. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of rice stationary.
PATNA DIVISION.			
32	Patna „ 14, '93	Nil	Weather—hot but getting cooler slowly. Prospects of rice continue excellent. Potatoes and tobacco doing well. No rain has fallen since the beginning of the month, and it is wanted everywhere. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } Barh ... ... 13 } Bihar ... ... 17 } per rupee. Dinapore ... ... 13 }
33	Gaya „ 14, '93 Nawada ... Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy, humid and unseasonably warm. Prospects of standing crops very good, but some rain would be very beneficial. *Rabi* lands being prepared and sowings going on everywhere. Prices of rice:— Srs. Gaya ... ... 14 } Jahanabad ... ... 14 } Aurangabad ... ... 14½ } per rupee. Nawada ... ... 16 } Supply of fodder and water ample.
34	Shahabad „ 14, '93 Buxar ... Bhabhua ... Sasaram ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy with bursts of sunshine. Crops very promising indeed. Paddy being largely irrigated. Ploughing for *rabi* going on. Rain would be very welcome.
35	Darbhanga „ 14, '93	Nil	Weather—days hot and bright; nights getting cool. Prospects of rice continue favourable. The break in the rains has facilitated the planting of tobacco and *alua*, as also the preparation of lands for *rabi* sowings. Prices remain steady. Fodder for cattle sufficient.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 14, '93	Nil	Weather—hot and clear. Prospects of paddy good. *Rabi* sowing has commenced. Floods subsided. A few cases of cattle-disease reported from Bela and Sarsund. Fodder and water sufficient.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*				
PATNA DIVISION—*concld.*	37	Saran Oct. 14, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	Nil Nil Nil	Days hot. Clouds about. Rain would be beneficial. Prospects of crops good. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Chapra ... ... 15 0 Siwan ... ... 15 8 } per rupee. Gopalganj 16 9
	38	Champaran „ 14, '93	Nil	Weather—hot during day, cool at night. Prospects of winter rice crop excellent. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.				
ORISSA DIVN.	39	Cuttack „ 14, '93	Nil	No rain. Weather warm. Harvesting of late *biali* in progress. *Sarad* growing. Want of rain beginning to be felt in places. Fodder sufficient. Average selling price of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 13 2 Jajpur ... ... 13 2 to 17 6 } per rupee. Kendrapara ... ... 15 0 to 22 0 Banki 15 12
	40	Puri „ 12, '93 Khurda ...	0·60 0·79	Weather—seasonable. *Sarad* being weeded. *Laghu* in ear. Miscellaneous crops doing well; general prospects good. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 14 7 to 15 12 } per rupee. Khurda ... ... 11 0 to 15 12
	41	Balasore „ 14, '93	0·16	Weather—hot with occasional showers. Crops generally doing well. Water and fodder sufficient. Prices of rice:— Srs. Balasore ... ... 16 } per rupee. Bhadrak 20
CHOTA NAGPUR. *South-West Frontier Agency.*				
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN.	42	Hazaribagh Oct. 14, '93 Giridi ...	1·56 0·13	Weather—cloudy and unsettled. The recent rainfall has greatly improved prospects of winter rice, and full crops are expected wherever it has extended. Sugarcane doing well. *Rabi* crops and oil-seeds being sown. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices stationary.
	43	Lohardaga „ 14, '93	1·24	Weather—seasonable. *Marua* being reaped. Prospects of winter rice continue good. Common rice selling at 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
	44	Palamau „ 13, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable: getting cooler. All crops on the ground doing well. *Rabi* sowings in progress. *Bhadoi* being still harvested. Cattle-disease reported from parts of the district. Fodder and water ample. Prices stationary.
	45	Singhbhum „ 14, '93	Nil	Weather—very cloudy and threatening for the past four or five days, and though there has been no rain at Chaibassa, it has rained all round. Condition of winter rice crop continues to be good everywhere; a sixteen-anna outturn is expected. Price of common rice ranges from 12 to 14 seers per rupee. Cattle-disease in a mild form reported from Bharagora, Chakradharpur, and Kolhan stations.
	46	Manbhum „ 14, '93 Gobindpur ...	1·12 0·22	Weather—stormy and rainy towards latter part of week. Rain will do good to standing crops. Prices stationary.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 17th October, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	Station Observations.											
			Air Pressure.			Wind.		Temperature.						
			Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·799	29·754	—	Calm	165	90·7	8 to 10 Oct.	78·1	11th Oct.	89·7	80·1	84·9
		Gopalpore ...	29·805	29·766	—·053	Nly	158	90·7	8 to 10 „	76·1	14th „	89·1	77·0	83·0
		False Point ..	29·808	29·771	—·052	SWly	175	89·0	10th „	76·1	11th „	88·3	77·9	83·1
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·737	29·759	—·058	Variable		93·2	10th „	77·9	14th „	91·4	78·6	85·0
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·769	29·772	—·056	Variable	67	90·4	10 & 11 „	75·3	14th „	89·3	76·8	83·1
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ..	29·693	29·788	—·048	Variable	39	93·3	11th „	75·1	14th „	90·3	76·7	83·5
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ..	29·819	29·786	—·044	Swly	41	88·1	11,13&14„	75·2	12th „	87·1	76·9	82·0
		Saugor Island	29·807	29·776	—·048	SWly	102	89·2	13 & 14 „	77·0	8th „	87·9	78·9	83·2
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·790	29·786	—·041	SEly	71	89·8	11th „	75·7	10, 13 & 14 Oct.	87·7	76·6	82·2
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·810	29·790	—·048	SEly & SWly.	57	89·5	11 & 12 „	76·4	13 & 14 „	87·9	77·0	82·5
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	?	?	?	Calm	52	90·1	13th „	70·2	10th „	88·1	76·5	82·3
		Raniganj ...	29·509	29·794	—·040	NEly	28	94·7	11th „	72·4	14th „	93·3	75·8	84·5
	Bankura	Bankura ..	29·527	29·777	—·054	Calm	30	91·1	11th „	74·1	14th „	89·0	76·2	82·7
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore..	29·770	29·790	—·054	E	46	90·6	11th „	76·3	14th „	87·7	78·3†	83·1†
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ..	29·803	29·799	—·044	Calm	40	89·1	9th „	74·7	10 & 14 „	87·0	76·3	81·7
	Bogra	Bogra ..	29·770	29·788	—·036	Calm & NE.	45	80·2	11th „	73·2	9th „	86·4	75·1	80·8
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·769	29·780	—·036	Sly	89	90·1	11th „	74·6	13 & 14 „	87·1	76·7	81·9
	Malda	Malda ...	29·732	29·783	—	Calm	50	91·6	11th „	75·5	8, 9, 14 „	88·2	76·6	82·4
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·726	29·803	—·038	Variable	29	90·6	11th „	75·2	14th „	87·8	76·6	82·2
	Rangpur	Rangpur ..	29·730	29·807	—·051	SE	36	89·8	8th „	74·7	14th „	86·9	76·0	81·4
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri ..	29·581	29·829	—·036	Variable	38	90·4	8th „	72·1	11th „	88·5	73·9	81·2
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	23·005	—	—·052	NE	91	65·1	10th „	40·6	14th „	63·5	50·8	57·2
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·784	29·819	—·032	SEly		87·7	9, 10&14 „	73·1	11th „	86·4	74·9	80·7
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·826	29·784	—·042	Calm		89·8	14th Oct.	70·9	12th „	87·6	76·1	81·9
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·801	29·791	—·032	SEly		86·5	10, 13 & 14 „	74·8	11 to 14 „	85·2	75·5	80·4
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·814	29·808	—·043	Calm	40	87·5	8th „	75·9	14th „	86·1	77·7	81·9
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·827	29·797	—·043	Variable	92	90·1*	13th „	75·7*	14th „	87·3*	77·3*	82·4*
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·826	29·810	—·021	SEly	68	89·4	9 & 13 „	72·8	14th „	87·1	75·5	81·3
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·595	29·806	—·030	ESE	71	87·7	11 & 13 „	75·1	10 & 14 „	85·3	76·0	80·7
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·709	29·788	—·057	Calm	14	91·2	8 & 10 „	75·2	8th „	89·6	76·6	83·1
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·658	29·772	—·058	Calm	7	91·7	10 & 11 „	73·5	12th „	90·1	75·1	82·6
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ..	29·666	29·787	—·069	ENE	35	91·0	10, 11 & 12 „	73·2	13th „	89·9	76·1	83·0
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·653	29·784	—	ESE	27	90·7	9 to 11 „	72·2	13th „	89·7	74·6	82·2
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·507	29·780	—·054	Calm	39	91·2	9 & 10 „	69·8	12 & 13 „	90·2	72·3	81·2
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·632	29·786	—·034	NE	51	92·8	11th „	73·1	13th „	91·4	75·5	81·5
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·492	29·798	—·049	SE	94	91·8	11th „	71·0	9th „	90·8	72·1	81·5
		Buxar ..	29·591	29·785	—·056	Variable	50	93·0	11 & 12 „	74·3	12 & 13 „	92·1	75·1	83·6
		Arrah ..	29·638	29·781	—·040	Variable	18	93·4	9 to 12 „	72·3	11th „	92·5	74·6	83·6
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·459	29·788	—·047	Variable	116	93·4	10 & 12 „	73·8	8th „	91·9	75·6	83·8
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·649	29·785	—·062	Variable	46	91·5	10 & 11 „	73·5	13th „	90·5	76·3	83·4
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka ...	29·341	29·789	—·041	Variable	7	90·1	8, 11 „	74·8	9th „	88·5	75·2	82·0
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh ...	27·828	29·784	—·050	Nly	106	86·7	10th „	68·3	14th „	84·3	69·7	77·0
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·702	29·774	—·052	Variable	84	85·5	9 & 10 „	68·9	8th „	83·2	70·2	76·7
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...												
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa	29·098	29·765	—·049	Calm	6	92·4	14th „	74·7	13, 14 „	90·9	75·8	83·4
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·371	29·863	—·031	Variable		88·1	8th „	70·4	13 & 14 „	84·0	72·8	78·4
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·741	29·811	—·054	Variable	102	87·2	8th „	70·5	11 & 12 „	85·5	72·9	79·2
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·772	29·828	—·022	Calm		90·0	8th „	72·3	11th „	86·6	74·2	80·4

* Mean of 5 days. † Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 10
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 14th of October 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					OF WEEK.				RAINFALL.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th May 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	DISTRICT.
—	84·0	81	4·3	0·63		2·17		2·05		3·97			54·32		Puri.
+0·8	80·9	89	2·7	1·36											
+1·0	83·7	84	6·1	0·53											
+1·5	83·4	78	3·6	0·49		1·43		1·91		2·97			53·20		Cuttack.
+1·7	80·9	91	3·4	0·51		1·51		1·67		3·15			55·85		Balasore.
+2·2	81·2	85	3·0	0·43	1·12	1·30	2·00	1·64	1·66	2·25	−0·59		54·60		Midnapore.
0	81·8	87	5·0	4·28	2·51	1·29	3·71	1·87	3·55	2·38	+1·17	63·68	56·24	+7·44	24-Parganas.
+0·7	81·5	89	9·6	0·66											
					2·16	1·06	3·50	1·78	2·91	2·23	+0·65	63·76	53·21	+10·55	Howrah.
					4·02	1·44	4·00	1·67	4·21	2·37	+1·84	66·04	52·90	+13·14	Hooghly.
+0·6	81·1	88	7·1	2·58	2·97	1·12	3·40	1·64	3·45	2·27	+1·18	58·55	50·87	+7·68	Nadia.
−0·8	82·4	91	7·1	4·06	1·68	1·12	2·00	1·62	2·11	2·12	−0·01	69·95	58·11	+11·84	Khulna.
					2·31	1·09	3·80	1·51	2·67	2·11	+0·56	53·50	51·90	+1·60	Jessore.
−0·9	80·9	87	5·9	3·08	1·82	1·01	2·50	1·35	1·83	2·01	−0·18	54·13	48·71	+5·42	Burdwan.
+2·7	79·8	87	3·6	1·30											
+0·3	79·8	89	6·6	0·87	1·30	0·84	2·00	1·45	1·30	1·89	−0·59	61·17	54·31	+6·86	Bankura.
+0·4	79·1	95	7·7	1·28	1·74	0·9[illegible]	2·00	1·14	1·74	1·91	−0·17	52·67	55·86	−3·19	Birbhum.
					2·30	1·22	2·83	1·65	2·34	2·33	+0·01		53·11		Murshidabad.
+0·3	78·7	96	7·3	1·21	0·87	1·26	3·50	1·70	0·87	2·28	−1·41	68·15	55·37	+12·78	Pabna.
−0·3	80·1	91	4·9	1·79		1·24		1·73		2·55			59·21		Bogra.
+1·3	80·6	92	7·4	1·88	1·72	1·12	2·00	1·57	2·13	2·79	−0·66	62·43	57·87	+4·56	Rajshahi.
—	81·0	88	5·1	1·97		1·42		1·75		1·45			58·02		Malda.
−0·6	79·4	90	6·7	1·38	0·92	0·93	1·69	1·29	1·29	1·42	−0·13	67·03	61·54	+5·49	Dinajpur.
+0·2	78·9	92	6·4	0·50	0·92	1·11	2·25	1·12	0·92	2·91	−1·99	78·40	77·35	+1·05	Rangpur.
+2·1	78·4	88	6·7	0·24	0·14	0·82	1·00	1·45	0·14	2·72	−2·58	115·60	127·95	−12·35	Jalpaiguri.
					0·96	0·77	1·50	1·10	0·96	3·40	−2·44	107·23	115·65	−8·42	Kuch Bihar.
+0·8	56·4	89	7·1	Nil		1·33		2·00		3·97			120·55		Darjeeling.
−0·6	79·8	90	5·7	2·36		1·79		1·93		3·96			113·90		Chittagong.
					1·01	1·92	2·00	2·10	4·13	3·80	+0·33	102·59	85·34	+17·25	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+0·6	82·9	86	5·9	2·31		1·42		1·73		2·91			77·89		Backergunge.
−0·7	79·7	92	3·7	2·63		1·74		1·86		3·90			109·86		Noakhali.
+0·8	81·5	88	5·6	0·77		1·41		1·58		2·59			56·74		Faridpur.
−0·3	81·9	88	5·5	1·41	2·13	1·20	2·75	1·54	2·41	2·34	+0·07	64·04	62·55	+1·49	Dacca.
−0·8	80·6	89	6·0	3·38		1·40		1·50		3·02			71·65		Tippera.
+0·7	78·9	93	6·7	0·58		1·65		1·49		3·09			72·43		Mymensingh.
+2·0	79·8	93	4·0	0·46	0·18	0·94	0·33	1·03	0·21	2·09	−1·88	76·95	70·43	+6·52	Purnea.
+2·2	80·7	86	4·7	1·81	0·45	1·25	0·45	1·15	0·45	2·27	−1·82		48·62		Bhagalpur.
+2·0	81·1	84	1·4	Nil	Nil	1·20	0·00	1·07	Nil	2·14	−2·14		47·27		Darbhanga.
—	81·7	81	0	Nil	Nil	1·30	0·00	0·93	Nil	2·48	−2·48	41·76	45·61	−3·85	Muzaffarpur.
+2·3	79·8	82	0·6	Nil	Nil	1·54	0·00	0·93	Nil	3·19	−3·19		49·42		Champaran.
+3·6	83·3	71	1·7	Nil	Nil	1·47	0·00	0·97	Nil	3·50	−3·50		44·67		Saran.
+1·5	81·0	79	2·7	Nil											
+3·1	81·9	70	2·1	Nil	Nil	0·76	0·00	0·72	Nil	2·17	−2·17		42·18		Shahabad.
+5·4	81·1	81	2·3	Nil											
+2·3	81·2	80	3·6	Nil	Nil	1·11	0·00	0·91	Nil	2·17	−2·17		43·36		Gaya.
+1·3	83·3	73	3·9	Nil	Nil	1·13	0·00	0·99	Nil	2·14	−2·14		42·65		Patna.
					0·30	0·99	0·33	1·02	0·30	1·99	−1·69	47·86	45·05	+2·81	Monghyr.
+1·6	80·2	84	3·9	3·33	1·56	1·15	2·33	1·37	1·56	2·24	−0·68		54·34		Sonthal Parganas.
+0·8	75·5	82	7·1	1·03		0·94		1·23		2·05			53·62		Hazaribagh.
+1·4	74·7	87	4·6	1·24		1·11		1·46		1·61			54·33		Lohardaga.
						1·07		0·90		2·17			45·11		Palamau.
+3·3	81·0	86	6·9	Nil	Nil	0·81	0·00	1·30	Nil	1·54	−1·54	53·54	53·33	+0·21	Singhbhum.
					0·89	1·04	3·00	1·13	0·89	2·10	−1·21		40·61		Manbhum.
−1·0	75·8	97	7·4	1·27											
−1·2	77·0	97	6·7	0·63											
−1·2	76·6	94	9·1	5·23											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 14th of October 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 8th.	Monday, 9th.	Tuesday, 10th.	Wednesday, 11th.	Thursday, 12th.	Friday, 13th.	Saturday, 14th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	0·02	0·08	...	0·30	...	0·03	...	1	0·63	2·21	0·63	3·77	56·27	42·62
		Khurda ...	...	0·62	0·02	0·15	0·11					1·52		3·22		50·20
		Banpur ...	...	0·44	0·42							1·45		3·87		43·39
		False Point ...	...	0·09	...	0·37	...	...	0·07	1	0·53	3·40	0·53	4·90	84·12	55·08
		Gop ...										?		?		?
		Satpara ...	...	0·6	...	0·30						?		?		?
		Pipli ...										?		?		?
		Ranpur ...	...	0·61	0·26	...	0·28					?		?		?
		Kurmala ...	...	...	0·63							?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	...	0·10								1·89		3·59		[illegible]
		Banki ...	...	...	0·13	0·05	0·33					1·06		2·63		45·41
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...		0·21				1·24		2·58		51·31
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	0·57	0·12	1·03	3	1·72	1·60	1·72	2·96	72·81	47·61
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·51				1·36		3·09		48·97
		Dharmsala ...										?		?		?
		Salipore ...										?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Nayagarh ...										?		?		?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21				?		?		?
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	0·10	0·14					2·62		3·81		48·08
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	0·76	...	0·23					0·90		2·61		47·45
		Soro ...	...	0·25	0·12	...	...	...	...	2	0·37	1·34	0·52	3·29		47·42
		Balasore ...	...	...	0·08	0·02	...	...	0·06	Nil	0·16	1·73	0·16	3·83	81·01	53·00
		Jellasore ...										1·66		2·80		48·79
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Baripadah ...										0·78		2·54		50·79
		Contai ...	...	...	1·72	0·67	0·06	...	...	3	2·45	1·57	2·68	2·87		54·26
		Tamluk ...	1·10	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	2	1·20	0·88	3·00	1·54	60·35	47·18
		Midnapore ...	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·21	1·15	0·21	2·02	59·67	44·80
		Ghatal ...	0·31	...	0·24	...	0·07	...	...	2	0·62	1·61	0·76	2·57	65·40	52·52
		Kukrahaty ...	0·28	...	...	0·65	0·78	...	...	3	1·71	?	2·99	?	53·60	?
		Garhbeta ...	0·58	...	...	...	0·21	...	1·09	3	1·88	?	1·88	?	71·22	?
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·17	?	53·42	?
		Dantoon ...										?		?		?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	0·02	0·50	...	0·12	...	0·02	2	0·66	2·06	2·73	3·58	76·02	59·38
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	0·46	...	0·22	...	0·13	...	3	0·81	1·02	2·21	2·28	53·31	54·31
		Canning Town	2·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2·71	?	3·58	?	84·29	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	0·49	...	0·79	0·75	2·12	0·02	0·11	5	4·28	1·06	5·16	2·18	70·85	51·82
		Barrackpore ...	0·35	3·05	0·12	0·27	...	...	0·43	5	4·22	1·10	4·61	2·06	60·04	46·40
		Dum-Dum ...	0·84	...	0·11	0·22	...	...	0·78	4	1·95	1·15	3·75	2·04	62·08	48·16
		Barasat ...	0·95	...	...	0·20	1·18	...	0·19	4	2·52	1·31	3·27	2·33	54·82	46·26
	Howrah ...	Basirhat ...	...	0·81	...	1·04	1·25	...	...	3	3·10	1·28	3·10	2·13	70·12	50·99
		Howrah ...	0·85	...	0·88	1·64	0·11	0·44	...	5	3·92	1·07	4·71	2·20	66·31	47·48
		Mohesreka ...	0·25	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·40	1·05	1·11	2·25	61·16	49·33
		Ulubaria ...	2·00	0·59	0·16	...	...	...	...	3	2·75	?	3·03	?	55·98	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	0·65	2·51	0·18	...	...	0·03	0·04	3	3·41	1·13	3·85	2·20	64·49	53·03
		Hooghly ...	0·42	0·90	0·08	...	0·51	0·66	2·53	5	5·10	1·38	5·22	2·22	53·83	45·22
		Jahanabad ...	0·59	2·15	...	...	...	0·19	0·63	4	3·56	1·82	3·56	2·71	73·86	52·08
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	0·75	...	...	...	0·32	2·14	0·69	4	4·10	1·18	4·73	2·28	62·35	44·27
		Krishnagar ...	1·11	0·79	...	...	0·40	0·28	...	4	2·58	1·49	3·05	2·70	52·60	45·39
		Chuadanga ...	...	2·25	...	...	...	0·10	0·19	3	2·54	1·13	2·65	2·38	57·91	47·78
		Meherpur ...	0·18	2·76	0·39	...	...	0·05	1·45	4	4·68	0·83	5·63	1·91	58·36	44·71
		Kushtia ...	...	0·12	...	...	...	0·80	0·03	2	0·95	0·97	1·18	2·07	72·03	50·43
	Khul ...	Satkhira ...	...	1·49	...	0·78	...	...	...	2	2·27	1·31	2·80	2·37	63·85	51·38
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·24	...	1	1·24	1·19	1·24	2·21	79·03	56·79
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	0·56	0·80	...	0·18	3	1·54	0·85	2·29	1·77	66·94	50·78
		Nakipur ...	...	...	0·41							?		?		?
		Rampal ...										?		?		?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	0·20	0·04	...	...	0·57	0·02	0·65	3	1·48	0·82	1·48	2·51	53·94	42·59
		Jessore ...	0·56	0·28	...	...	1·65	0·67	1·20	5	4·06	0·91	4·42	1·97	56·22	50·53
		Jhenidah ...	0·82	0·11	...	...	0·18	0·34	...	4	1·45	1·35	2·27	2·37	63·15	49·82
		Magura ...	...	0·15	0·10	...	...	0·04	0·20	3	0·49	1·35	1·02	2·24	56·03	46·63
		Bangaon ...	0·94	0·70	...	...	...	2·32	0·12	4	4·08	1·02	4·19	2·48	48·18	46·75
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	0·50	0·02	...	...	0·16	0·75	0·35	4	1·78	1·18	1·78	2·14	57·82	41·44
		Burdwan ...	2·23	0·77	0·03	...	...	...	0·05	2	3·08	1·25	3·12	1·99	61·33	44·74
		Katwa ...	0·19	0·44	...	...	...	0·49	...	3	1·12	0·88	1·12	1·96	45·30	44·73
		Raniganj ...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	1·23	1	1·30	0·72	1·30	1·90	46·89	46·77
		Mankur ...	...	0·28	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·28	?	0·28	?		?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	0·41	0·01	...	0·01	0·01	0·41	0·04	2	0·89	1·06	0·89	2·09	60·83	48·39
		Vishnupur ...	0·65	0·25	...	...	...	...	1·53	3	2·43	0·62	2·43	1·30	53·29	49·37
		Maliara ...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	0·69	1	0·75	0·49	0·75	1·49	47·68	47·60
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	0·81	...	0·32	2	1·13	1·17	1·13	2·66	72·82	52·58
		Indas ...	0·55	...	...	...	...	0·68	0·13	3	1·36	?	1·36	?	55·81	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	1·90	...	...	...	...	1·96	2	3·86	?	3·86	?	64·45	?
		Onda ...	1·09	...	...	0·19	1·20	2·02	...	4	4·50	?	4·50	?	62·66	?
		Gangajalghati	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·11	?	0·11	?	56·01	?
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·90	6·75	2	8·65	?	8·65	?	78·40	?
		Sonamukhi ...	1·83	...	...	...	...	2·11	0·42	3	4·36	?	4·36	?	53·20	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	0·16	0·08	...	1·52	...	...	0·83	3	2·59	0·90	2·59	1·86	63·22	51·22
		Hetampore ...	...	0·93	...	0·02	...	...	0·04	1	0·99	0·91	0·99	1·90	42·54	52·34
		Rampur Hat ...	0·07	...	...	0·21	0·06	...	1·31	2	1·65	1·13	1·65	1·98	52·96	48·47
		Bolpur ...	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	2	0·61	?	0·61	?	45·46	?
		Murari ...	...	...	...	0·57	...	...	0·65	2	1·22	?	1·22	?	60·98	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·49	1·56	...	...	0·32	0·35	0·92	5	3·64	1·28	3·90	2·28	46·73	47·36
		Berhampore ...	0·29	0·29	...	...	...	0·42	0·37	4	1·28	0·96	1·28	2·74	65·99	48·10
		Lalbagh ...	0·20	0·30	...	0·06	...	1·50	0·90	4	2·96	1·24	2·96	2·50	63·24	46·91
		Azimganj ...	1·50		...	...	...	...	3·70	2	5·20	1·87	5·20	2·77	62·26	48·18
		Jangipur ...	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	1	0·21	0·77	0·21	1·50	68·04	46·50
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	1	0·50	1·21	0·50	2·21		48·68
		Akhriganj ...	0·22	...	...	...	...	4·00	...	2	4·22	?	4·22	?	62·73	?
		Patkabari ...	...	1·50	...	...	...	1·10	0·20	3	2·80	?	2·80	?		?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	0·12	0·17	0·06	...	...	0·17	...	3	0·52	1·28	0·52	2·40	66·72	50·70
		Sirajganj ...	0·03	0·31	0·27	...	0·17	0·01	0·42	4	1·21	1·23	1·21	2·06	69·45	49·26
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	0·12	4·50	...	...	...	0·90	0·50	4	6·02	1·19	6·02	2·04	59·19	55·07
		Nowkhilla ...	...	5·97								1·25		3·03		51·42
		Bogra ...	0·02	1·02	0·45	...	...	0·30	...	3	1·79	1·13	1·94	2·10	68·74	57·07
		Panchbibi ...	1·88	0·17	...	...	...	...	0·25	3	2·30	1·37	2·30	2·99	55·64	53·63
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	0·66	0·04	...	...	...	1·17	0·02	2	1·89	1·33	1·91	2·46	57·94	49·90
		Nattor ...	0·02	1·01	...	...	...	0·05	0·15	2	1·23	1·35	1·39	2·63	57·84	51·76
		Naugaon ...	1·55	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·05	0·69	3·10	1·62	71·69	51·97
		Lalpore ...	0·54	0·47	...	...	0·20	...	...			?		?		?
		Manda ...	1·42									?		?		?

[S]tatement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 14th of October 1893—contd.

[Met]eorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 8th.	Monday, 9th.	Tuesday, 10th.	Wednesday, 11th.	Thursday, 12th.	Friday, 13th.	Saturday, 14th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
[Nort]h Bengal—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	1·65	0·11	0·05	...	...	0·15	0·01	3	1·97	1·53	1·97	2·60	56·13	49·10
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...			1·30		2·19		55·77
		Gajol ...	1·91	...	...	...	...	0·03	...			?		?		?
		Sitganj ...	1·30	...	...	0·08	...	0·63	...			?		?		?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur ...	0·65	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·65	0·87	2·40	2·79	56·29	54·80
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·29	...	1	1·29	0·74	1·29	1·61	72·37	51·44
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·76	...	...	1	0·76	1·16	0·76	2·86	73·79	56·43
		Dinajpur ...	...	0·29	...	...	0·46	...	...	2	0·75	0·98	0·75	2·91	64·91	60·86
		Balurghat ...	0·23	...	...	...	0·52	...	0·41	3	1·16	0·92	1·16	1·97	61·86	51·84
		Thakurgaon ...	...	1·48		...						?		?		?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	0·45	1·20	0·16	0·23	...	...	0·45	5	2·40	1·25	2·40	2·98	70·93	58·59
		Rangpur ...	...	0·26	...	0·24	...	...	...	2	0·50	0·95	0·50	2·55	75·94	71·00
		Pirganj ...	0·14	1·62	...	1·58	0·50	...	...	4	3·84	?	3·84	?	?	?
		Kurigaon ...	0·11	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	1	0·17	1·04	0·17	2·93	89·59	71·15
		Gobindganj ...	0·08	1·54	...	...	0·11	...	1·10	3	2·83	?	2·83	?	70·80	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	0·52	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·52	1·21	0·52	3·17	76·08	72·91
		Ulipur ...	...	0·70	...	0·82	...	...	...	2	1·52	?	1·52	?	65·94	?
		Sunderganj ...	...	1·80	...	1·19	...	...	...	2	2·99	?	2·99	?	?	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	0·14	...	...	1	0·14	0·82	0·14	2·72	108·93	113·22
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	1	0·55	?	0·55	?	114·47	?
		Fallacotta ...										?		?		?
		Debiganj ...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·12	?	0·12	?	90·64	?
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta)	3·01	...	0·62	0·19	...	...	...	3	3·82	?	5·59	?		?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	0·02	...	...	0·87	0·01	...	...	1	0·90	0·49	0·90	3·22	102·11	92·25
		Kuch Bihar ...	0·07	...	0·65	1·50	0·22	...	...	3	2·44	0·85	2·44	3·50	107·37	115·76
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	0·35	...	...	...	1	0·35	0·55	0·35	2·33	97·76	104·15
		Mathabhanga	...	...	0·03	0·13	...	...	...	1	0·16	1·18	0·16	4·53	120·46	110·74
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	0·55	0·40	4·45	0·11	0·18	0·25	...			1·49		6·51		186·24
		Siliguri ...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·12	1·79	0·12	3·63	110·96	107·46
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·41	0·02	2·74	111·74	103·34
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	10·03	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	0·63	0·12	2·28	96·33	81·68
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	1·22	...	...	...			?		?		?
		Pedong ...	...	...	0·03	0·12						?		?		?
[East] Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	...	...	0·20	0·03	...	...	1	0·23	1·86	3·53	3·39	149·29	124·14
		Chittagong ...	...	...	2·08	0·30	0·10	0·20				1·73		3·94		69·03
		Kutubdia ...										?		?		?
		Satkanya ...										?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...										?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	0·08	0·05	0·47	0·97	1·76					?		?		?
		Chandpur ...	...	...	...	0·16	0·35					?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	0·09	...	0·21	0·71	...	...	...	2	1·01	1·92	4·13	4·80	102·59	77·97
		Bundarban ...	0·37	0·02	0·11							?		?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	0·84	2	1·16	1·67	1·27	2·98	135·53	81·42
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	0·87	0·50	...	...	2	1·37	1·60	1·57	2·98	84·88	64·43
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	1·89	0·12	0·68	...	3	2·69	1·32	3·73	2·42	79·82	63·68
		Gournaddi ...	...	0·05	0·21	0·26	0·88	0·11				?		?		?
		Bhola ...	...	...	...	...	0·30					1·07		3·24		77·16
		Daulatkhan ...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	0·50			?		?		?
		Bauphal ...	...	...	...	...	0·58					?		?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	0·18	...	...	0·27	0·03	2·15	...	3	2·63	1·93	6·45	4·13	104·82	101·73
		Fenny ...	...	...	0·40	0·65	0·42	0·15				1·55		3·66		99·11
		Harishpore ...	0·05	...	1·45	3·11						?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	0·11	...	...	0·29	0·18	0·18				?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	1·03						1·41		2·21		52·55
		Faridpur ...	0·06	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·66	1	0·77	1·05	0·77	2·44	65·61	53·97
		Goalundo ...	0·83	0·70	0·10	...	0·03	0·45	...	4	2·11	1·76	2·11	3·11	63·33	49·94
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	0·06	0·17	...	1·40	0·40	...	1·90	4	3·93	1·43	4·10	2·88	56·14	65·75
		Dacca ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·80	1	0·80	1·29	1·62	2·34	60·65	55·68
		Narayanganj...	0·11	0·07	0·12	...	0·12	0·09	2·43	4	2·94	0·93	3·31	2·17	55·34	59·19
		Manikganj ...	...	...	0·02	...	0·37	0·41	0·03	2	0·83	1·16	1·20	1·95	51·66	46·86
		Joydebpore ...	...	0·14	...	...	0·12	0·60	0·13	4	0·99	?	1·44	?	61·03	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	...	...	0·72	...	...	1·26				1·34		2·70		57·26
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	...	0·12	3·02	...	0·04	0·66	3	3·84	1·50	5·28	2·86	86·31	72·11
		Chandpore ...	...	...	...	0·52	...	0·11	0·27	3	0·90	1·42	2·16	3·78	65·84	71·39
		Brahmanbaria	0·65	...	0·36	...	...	0·06				1·60		2·73		58·04
		Ramchandrapore ...										?		?		?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	0·45	...	0·35						?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...	0·25	...	...	0·80	...	...	0·50	3	1·55	?	2·10	?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	...	0·15								?		?		?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	0·28	2	0·48	1·98	0·48	3·66	89·87	66·87
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	0·11	...	0·10	0·79	...	3	1·00	1·29	1·48	2·34	68·13	51·88
		Mymensingh ...	...	0·25	0·25	0·01	...	...	0·07	2	0·58	1·69	0·75	3·05	84·89	70·15
		Jamalpur ...										1·11		2·68		61·47
		Netrakona ...	...	1·92	0·10							2·18		3·71		78·63
		Subornakhally	0·40	0·45	...	...	...	...	0·30	3	1·35	?	2·81	?	76·89	?
		Durgapore ...	0·10	1·20								?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	...	4·67								?		?		?
		Dewanganj ...	...	0·48	0·12							?		?		?
[Nort]h Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·08	0·61	0·08	1·77	94·09	68·02
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·16	Nil	2·29	88·01	61·70
		Purnea ...	0·46	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·46	1·05	0·56	2·20	58·69	59·10
		Gondwara (Korah) ...										?		?		?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	0·84	...	...	1	0·84	?	0·84	?	60·51	?
		Forbesganj ...										?		?		?
		Kaliaganj ...	0·10									?		?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·69	Nil	2·83	55·08	47·41
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·05	Nil	1·81	49·87	46·44
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	62·74	?
		Bhagalpur ...	0·27	...	...	...	1·49	0·05	...	2	1·81	1·15	1·81	2·21	47·56	40·39
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·12	Nil	2·22		41·26
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	Nil	0·03	?	0·03	?	44·45	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·38	Nil	2·21	46·19	41·41
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·07	Nil	2·47	47·17	44·08
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·16	Nil	1·74	40·30	45·29
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Roshera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	51·05	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 14th of October 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 8th.	Monday, 9th.	Tuesday, 10th.	Wednesday, 11th.	Thursday, 12th.	Friday, 13th.	Saturday, 14th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur ...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·33	Nil	2·15	51·64
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·09	Nil	2·09	37·29
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·48	Nil	3·19	36·59
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Siuhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·58	Nil	2·97	72·72
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·30		3·41	
		Pagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	64·07
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	35·87
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·66	Nil	4·76	42·52
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·37	Nil	3·18	35·29
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·30	Nil	2·57	36·06
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·91	Nil	2·25	34·63
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·21	Nil	1·78	35·91
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·66	Nil	2·15	50·84
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·77	Nil	2·46	
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·25	Nil	2·32	44·19
		Mohanea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	43·99
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Agaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Sikroul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil		
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·15	Nil	2·54	36·43
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·98	Nil	1·80	37·17
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·02	Nil	1·88	40·37
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·29	Nil	2·46	55·71
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·38	...	1	0·38	?	0·38	?	
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·26	Nil	2·22	40·69
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·09	Nil	2·17	45·31
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·23	Nil	2·13	
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·94	Nil	2·02	37·74
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	52·33
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	40·63
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·00	Nil	1·85	51·12
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·19	Nil	2·32	53·37
		Jamui ...	...	0·08	...	...	...	0·83	...	1	0·91	0·77	0·91	1·76	33·08
		Goori ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·15	1	2·15	?	2·15	?	55·00
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	30·29
		Chahai Bamda	...	1·00	...	...	...	0·15	...	2	1·15	?	1·15	?	54·26
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	0·22	...	...	...	...	0·19	...	2	0·41	1·34	0·41	2·13	51·29
		Godda ...	0·16	0·31	...	...	...	0·37	...	3	0·84	1·11	0·84	2·04	
		Pakour ...	0·99	...	...	0·38	...	...	...	2	1·37	1·55	1·37	2·50	72·57
		Naya Dumka	0·04	0·02	...	1·55	0·02	1·55	0·15	3	3·33	1·21	3·33	2·73	63·85
		Deoghur ...	0·27	...	...	...	0·59	0·78	...	3	1·64	1·00	1·64	1·95	56·49
		Jamtara ...	0·05	1·65	...	...	0·07	...	0·02	1	1·79	0·67	1·79	2·07	55·35
		Belbodda ...										?		?	
		Nanihat ...										?		?	
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	0·13	...	...	0·42	2	0·55	0·82	0·55	1·82	63·43
		Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	...	0·66	0·02	0·35	2	1·03	1·25	1·03	2·34	72·36
		Semtaguran										1·10		2·30	
		Mahudi Hills										0·89		1·87	
		Jhumra Hill										0·62		1·91	
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	49·25
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	50·57
		Karangdsha ...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·11	?	0·11	?	49·47
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	1	0·30	?	0·30	?	
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	0·19	0·15					1·03		1·37	
		Ranchi ...										1·19		1·84	
		Silli ...										?		?	
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj.)										1·07		2·17	
		Balumath ...	...	...	...	0·05						?		?	
		Husainabad										?		?	
		Garhwa										?		?	
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·81	Nil	1·54	51·05
		Chakardharpur.	...	0·17	...	...	1·20	...	...	2	1·37	?	1·37	?	38·86
		Ghatsila										?		?	
		Baharagura										?		?	
		Gailkura ...	...	...	...	0·60	...	...	...	1	0·60	?	0·60	?	47·75
		Kalikapur ...										?		?	
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	...	...	...	0·18	0·55	0·39	...	3	1·12	1·05	1·12	1·94	
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	0·22	0·13	...	0·31	3	0·66	1·03	0·66	2·25	67·54
		Raghunathpore	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	1	0·20	?	0·20	?	49·54
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	1·36	...	0·38	2	1·74	?	1·74	?	60·34
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	1	0·32	?	0·32	?	56·25
		Chas ...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·30	?	0·30	?	51·69
		Pandra ...	0·05	0·08	...	0·28	...	...	0·72	2	1·13	?	1·13	?	55·37

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns [are] wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at [least] 0·1 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the* 17*th October* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 14TH OF OCTOBER 1893.

DURING the first week of October pressure was low over Burma and the east of the Bay, and the westerly indraught towards this low pressure area was accompanied by fine, settled and almost rainless weather in all districts, as well as in the north of the Bay. During the present week the area of lowest pressure has been in the west of the Bay or over the peninsula, and though weather has never been disturbed, the easterly wind circulation has caused numerous local storms and irregularly distributed rainfall over the greater part of the province throughout the week. Pressure changes have been very slight, and the distribution remained uniform over the province, even when a depression was developing in the south-west of the Bay. Hence, though the general tendency for winds was to blow from the east, they were always light and frequently variable as to direction. Temperature, notwithstanding the showery weather, has been considerably above the normal, a fact which may be accounted for by the maximum temperatures being generally little affected by the passing showers which were soon followed by bright sunshine.

A shallow low pressure area developed off the Madras coast, but filled up before reaching the land. It began to show about the 8th, and deepened slowly till the 10th, when cloudy, rainy weather was general along the whole of the Madras coast. There was then little change in the wind velocity, and during the two following days, while the centre of the disturbance was moving slowly westward, these conditions continued on the Coromandel coast, but there was a considerable increase of velocity at Paumben and on the west coast of Ceylon. On the 13th it had almost entirely filled up, and moderate south-westerly winds were blowing at most of the Madras stations. During the early part of the week winds strengthened somewhat in the east of the Bay, but otherwise comparatively fine weather with passing showers prevailed.

Pressure has remained very steady throughout the week, rising and falling by small amounts. Readings were generally below the normal by about a twentieth of an inch, and the means for the week are therefore in defect in all districts by about ·04 inch in the east of the province and ·06 inch in the western districts.

Temperature has generally been above the normal except in the eastern districts, where there has been at times a moderate defect. The mean temperature for the week is above the normal except in Assam, where there is defect of 1°, and in East Bengal, where it is practically normal. Excess is half a degree in South-West and North Bengal; in Orissa it is 1·3°, in Chota Nagpur nearly 2°, and in Bihar more than 2°.

Rainfall.—Scattered rain has fallen in nearly all districts during the greater part of the week. A few showers fell in Purnea and Bhagalpur, but in the other districts of North Bihar none has been recorded, while South Bihar, Shahabad, Gaya and Patna have been practically rainless. In the other districts the showers have been fairly evenly distributed, but as they were due to local thunder-storms, the amounts are very irregular. The average fall in South-West Bengal is 2·2 inches, almost double the normal, and in North and East Bengal, with an average fall of about an inch-and-a-half, there is a small excess. In Orissa rather more than a third of the normal has fallen, in Chota Nagpur and part of South Bihar about half, and in North Bihar about a tenth.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 14th of October 1893:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.						RAINFALL.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	93·2	75·3	89·6	74·1	83·8	+1·3	0·66	1·66	—1·00	1·67	1·85	—0·18	0·66	3·31	53·81	48·15
South-West Bengal ...	94·7	70·2	82·8	77·0	82·9	+0·6	2·20	1·15	+1·05	2·96	1·59	+1·37	2·60	2·19	50·67	48·65
North Bengal	91·6	72·1	87·4	75·9	81·7	+0·5	1·41	1·07	+0·34	2·08	1·41	+0·67	1·56	2·66	74·50	66·83
East Bengal	90·1	70·9	86·4	76·2	81·3	—0·2	1·90	1·51	+0·39	2·56	1·64	+0·92	3·21	3·07	81·28	70·52
North Bihar	92·8	69·8	90·2	75·0	82·6	+2·4	0·13	1·28	—1·15	0·17	1·01	—0·84	0·13	2·57	52·23	46·38
South Bihar	93·4	71·0	91·1	74·8	83·0	+2·2	0·47	1·03	—0·56	0·68	1·03	—0·35	0·47	2·16	45·62	41·74
Chota Nagpur	92·4	68·3	86·1	71·9	79·0	+1·8	0·55	0·99	—0·44	1·36	1·23	+0·13	0·55	1·94	58·27	47·28
Assam	90·0	70·4	85·4	73·3	79·3	—1·1										

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 17th October 1893.

C. LITTLE,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 8th to 14th October 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Oct	8th	147·8	7·5	29·729	81·7	88·0	11·7	76·3	79·0	0·957	77·9	88	WSW and N ...	35	Nil	Partially cloudy, o, ⌓.
"	9th	136·3	0·8	·757	80·6	83·8	8·4	75·4	78·3	·942	77·4	90	SW and calm ...	32	0·79	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, t, <, p.
"	10th	148·5	7·2	·770	80·8	88·0	11·5	76·5	78·4	·941	77·4	90	WSW, NE by N, and NNW.	56	0·75	Partially cloudy, o, g, d, p, t, ⌓.
"	11th	147·8	6·8	·777	80·9	87·6	10·5	77·1	78·6	·948	77·6	90	ESE and calm ...	53	2·12	Partially cloudy, o, g, t, <, p, ⌓.
"	12th	152·1	8·5	·781	82·1	88·6	13·2	75·4	79·2	·959	78·0	87	ESE, SSW, and SW.	35	0·02	Partially cloudy, d, ⌓.
"	13th	145·7	8·5	·752	82·1	87·6	10·2	77·4	78·9	·946	77·5	87	SW and SSW ...	43	0·04	Partially cloudy, o, g, t, d, ⌓.
"	14th	148·5	9·9	·783	82·8	87·8	10·1	77·7	78·8	·932	77·1	83	ESE, calm and variable.	33	0·07	Partially cloudy, p, ⌓.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·764
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·820
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	49·2
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	81·8
The mean temperature of the seven days	81·6
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	82·6
The extreme variation of temperature	13·2
The maximum temperature	88·6
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	8
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	88
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	80
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th October 1893	3·79
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	1·17
The total fall from 1st January to 14th October 1893	83·02
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	61·72

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast ; g, gloomy ; d, drizzling rain ; p, passing temporary showers ; t, thunder ; <, lightning ; ⌓, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 16th October 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 8th to 14th October 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.					Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
October ...	8th ...	29·800	83·3	90·0	13·7	76·3	84·6	78·5	·894	75·8	76	0·56
" ...	9th ...	·833	81·8	88·0	12·4	75·6	77·6	75·5	·858	74·6	91	0·65
" ...	10th ...	·848	83·4	90·0	13·2	76·8	87·6	81·5	·994	79·0	76	0·03
" ...	11th ...	·847	82·9	89·0	12·2	76·8	86·9	81·5	1·002	79·3	78	0·68
" ...	12th ...	·853	83·0	90·0	14·0	76·0	86·1	79·5	·920	76·7	74	2·64
" ...	13th ...	·819	83·7	90·0	12·7	77·3	81·6	79·0	·959	78·0	89	0·28
" ...	14th ...	·831	84·2	90·0	11·7	78·3	84·8	79·5	·938	77·3	78	0·01

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·833
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	83·2
The extreme variation of temperature	14·4
The maximum temperature	90·0
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	80
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th October 1893	4·85

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. GILLILAND,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,

The 16th October 1893.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th October 1893, *on* 1,610½ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	284,986	2,99,866 2 0	30,50,133 39	6,62,082 15 0	15,549 3 0	9,77,498 4 0	75,080¼	108,265¾	183,34[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	186 3 1	......	411 1 8	9 10 6	606 15 3	......	......	.....
For previous 13¼ weeks of half-year	3,744,567	39,03,722 15 0	3,02,58,985 6	64,83,210 3 0	1,89,501 13 0	1,05,76,434 15 0	1,007,976	1,254,286	2,262,2[illegible]
Total for 14¼ weeks ...	4,029,553	42,03,589 1 0	3,33,09,118 30	71,45,293 2 0	2,05,051 0 0	1,15,53,933 3 0	1,083,056¼	1,362,551¾	[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	253,703½	2,90,871 2 4	18,86,634 10	4,44,293 13 6	16,489 7 11	7,51,654 7 9	72,651	76,901	149,5[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	180 9 9	......	275 13 11	10 3 10	466 11 6	......	......	.....
Total for corresponding 14¼ weeks of previous year	3,606,331	35,75,678 1 1	3,13,94,467 0	68,66,701 13 8	2,27,052 13 1	1,06,69,332 11 10	1,057,527	1,291,292	2,348,[illegible]

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th October 1893, *on* 22½ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated.)	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	18,003	4,603 0 0	14,005 0	439 6 0	37 0 0	5,079 6 0	893	75	968
Or per mile of railway	......	206 14 0	......	19 12 0	1 10 7	228 4 7	......	......	.....
For previous 13¼ weeks of half-year	*222,709	*54,373 9 0	†1,18,720 10	†3,660 3 0	‡257 0 0	58,290 12 0	11,812	994	12,806
Total for 14¼ weeks ...	240,712	58,976 9 0	1,32,725 10	4,099 9 0	294 0 0	63,370 2 0	12,705	1,069	13,774
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	20,992¼	5,560 6 5	5,030 0	206 3 0	10 4 6	5,776 13 11	883	70	953
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	249 14 6	......	9 4 3	0 7 5	259 10 2	......	......	.....
Total for corresponding 14¼ weeks of previous year ...	267,959	65,411 0 8	79,462 0	3,080 11 0	106 15 0	68,598 10 8	13,007	882	13,889

* Added number of passengers 338 and Rs. 71 }
† Do. maunds 4 and „ 9 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 2nd September 1893.
‡ Do. „ 33 }

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th October 1893, *on* 161⅝ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*22,023	*15,797 2 0	55,113 10	8,887 5 0	38 0 0	24,723 7 0	6,228½	2,919½	9,14[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	97 14 0	......	55 1 1	0 3 9	153 2 10	......	......	......
For previous 13¼ weeks of half-year	†259,911	†1,79,101 6 0	‡7,35,063 30	‡95,529 10 0	§452 0 0	2,75,083 0 0	81,200½	36,025½	117,2[illegible]
Total for 14¼ weeks ...	281,934	1,94,898 8 0	7,90,176 0	1,04,416 15 0	490 0 0	2,99,805 7 0	87,429	38,945	126,3[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	16,603	12,248 11 7	32,789 20	7,460 12 0	65 0 0	19,774 8 4	6,294	1,927	8,2[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	75 14 3	......	46 3 7	0 6 6	122 8 4	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 14¼ weeks of previous year	240,720	1,70,353 10 1	5,13,451 10	90,168 3 6	621 12 0	2,61,143 9 7	91,786	33,485	125,2[illegible]

* The increase is in outward traffic principally from Delhi, Karnal, Umballa, and Kalka stations.
† Added number of passengers 345 and Rs. 95 }
‡ Do. maunds 33,339 and „ 1,174 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 2nd September 1893.
§ Do. „ 24 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 7th October 1893, *on* 778 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	192,320	96,910 0 0	12,89,820 0	2,40,830 0 0	17,630 0 0	3,55,370 0 0	29,500	44,507	74,097
Or per mile of railway	247	125 0 0	1,658 0	310 0 0	*3 0 0	*438 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 13 weeks of half-year	†2,122,305	8,98,765 0 0	1,03,18,955 0	20,25,638 0 0	2,14,529 0 0	31,38,932 0 0	372,609	393,924	766,533
Total for 14 weeks ...	2,314,625	9,95,675 0 0	1,16,08,775 0	22,66,468 0 0	2,32,159 0 0	34,94,302 0 0	402,109	438,521	840,630
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	175,704	72,082 0 0	6,13,647 0	1,51,269 0 0	12,266 0 0	2,35,617 0 0	29,342	31,860	61,202
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	226	93 0 0	99 0	194 0 0	*2 0 0	*289 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,171,119	9,12,885 0 0	98,55,629 0	23,65,904 0 0	2,34,626 0 0	34,53,415 0 0	384,549	504,402	888,951

* Excluding steamer earnings.
† Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 7th October 1893, *on* 125 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	42,440	11,830 0 0	56,700 0	5,240 0 0	80 0 0	17,150 0 0	3,810	1,862	5,672
Or per mile of railway	340	94 0 0	454 0	42 0 0	1 0 0	137 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 13 weeks of half-year*	406,162	1,25,589 0 0	7,44,991 0	60,591 0 0	1,723 0 0	1,87,903 0 0	49,171	25,622	74,793
Total for 14 weeks ...	448,602	1,37,419 0 0	8,01,691 0	65,831 0 0	1,803 0 0	2,05,053 0 0	52,981	27,484	80,465
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	32,998	9,649 0 0	40,238 0	3,734 0 0	167 0 0	13,550 0 0	3,810	1,862	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	264	77 0 0	322 0	30 0 0	1 0 0	108 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	427,458	1,35,663 0 0	7,35,441 0	64,475 0 0	2,195 0 0	2,02,333 0 0	52,371	30,772	83,591

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 7th October 1893, *on* 86 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	23,090	7,060 0 0	61,500 0	5,470 0 0	130 0 0	12,660 0 0	2,507	1,467	3,974
Or per mile of railway	268	82 0 0	715 0	64 0 0	1 0 0	147 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 13 weeks of half-year*	221,854	70,169 0 0	3,51,927 0	24,465 0 0	2,032 0 0	96,666 0 0	32,770	10,353	43,123
Total for 14 weeks ...	244,944	77,229 0 0	4,13,427 0	29,935 0 0	2,162 0 0	1,09,326 0 0	35,277	11,820	47,097
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	13,294	4,481 0 0	23,843 0	1,949 0 0	83 0 0	6,513 0 0	2,299	737	3,036
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	155	52 0 0	277 0	23 0 0	1 0 0	76 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	226,007	72,817 0 0	2,61,099 0	20,042 0 0	3,141 0 0	96,000 0 0	36,015	9,850	45,865

* Audited up to 2nd September 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 7th October 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open ...	97,150	36,940	3,11,210	40,130	9,290	86,360	17,266	11,446	28,712
Or per mile of railway ...	128·51	48·86	411·65	53·08	12·29	114·23	......	...	......
For previous 13½ weeks of half-year* ...	1,163,937	4,44,492	28,17,042	3,71,236	1,14,939	9,30,667	187,552	182,513	370,065
Total for 14½ weeks ...	1,261,087	4,81,432	31,28,252	4,11,366	1,24,229	10,17,027	204,818	193,959	398,777
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 755 miles open ...	78,454	30,156	2,61,072	32,112	8,819	71,087	14,438	12,413	26,851
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year ...	103·91	39·94	345·79	42·53	11·68	94·15	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,180,366	4,37,164	35,65,993	4,51,100	1,16,584	10,04,848	194,302	212,082	406,384

* Includes audited figures up to 26th August 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 30th September 1893	10,566	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	14,031	0	0
Decrease	3,465	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 30th September 1893	207	2	10
Corresponding period of 1892	275	1	11
Decrease	67	15	1
Receipts from 1st July to 30th September 1893	1,42,399	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	1,47,450	0	0
Decrease	5,051	0	0

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 7th October 1893	13,066	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	14,741	0	0
Decrease	1,675	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 7th October 1893	256	3	2
Corresponding period of 1893	289	0	6
Decrease	32	13	4
Receipts from 1st July to 7th October 1893	1,55,465	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	1,62,191	0	0
Decrease	6,726	0	0

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 18th October 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 43 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

SURVEY AND RECORD OF RIGHTS IN BIHAR.

THE following papers in connection with the cadastral survey of North Bihar are published for general information by order of the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor. It is to be understood that the draft Bill for maintaining the land records, and the draft of the rules proposed under the Bill, are subject to further examination in detail, with a view to the adjustment of expenditure and the regulation of village inspection on the most moderate scale compatible with securing an efficient maintenance of accurate village maps and Record of Rights.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 1130T.-R., dated Darjeeling, the 21st September 1893.

From—M. FINUCANE, ESQ., Offg Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Revenue Dept.,
To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Dept.

I AM desired by His Honour the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor to forward, for the information and orders of the Government of India, a draft Bill (Appendix C to this letter) for establishing an agency for the maintenance of records of rights made under Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, and to request the permission of the Governor-General in Council to the introduction of the Bill into the Bengal Legislative Council on a suitable opportunity. I am at the same time to forward a Minute, dated 20th September 1893, which Sir Antony MacDonnell has recorded in connection with the cadastral survey and record of rights now being carried into effect in Bihar, and with the maintenance of the record when made

2. A memorial, without date, received on the 1st September 1893, forwarded under separate cover, has been submitted to the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor by the British Indian Association, the Bihar Landholders' Association, the Bhagalpur Landholders' Association, and the Zamindari Panchayat, and the Indian Property Association, for transmission to Her Majesty's Secretary of State, in which the legality, necessity, and utility of the record of rights have been again called in question; and Sir Antony MacDonnell has thought it right to examine this memorial, to point out its defects and inaccuracies, and generally to re-state the whole case for a survey and record of rights of North Bihar. The Minute is therefore submitted in the hope that it will not only justify the legislation which it is necessary to undertake in order to maintain the record, but also that it will show in a compendious form the reasons which, operating over a long series of years, have led Government to undertake these operations in Bihar. On the margin of paragraph 7 of the Minute will be found references to the portions of the Minute in which the statements made in the memorial of the Zamindari Associations are discussed.

3. I am to invite attention to the opinions (Appendices A and B to the Minute) of both Members of the Board of Revenue, in which they express their concurrence with the views of the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor. I am also to invite attention to paragraphs 73A and 73B of the Minute, in which the President and Secretary of the Indigo Planters' Association intimate a willingness to accept the scheme for maintaining the record, subject to a condition with which Sir Antony MacDonnell wishes to comply.

4. The question whether the Land Record establishment may be utilized for registration of titles to and transfers of land under the General Registration and Transfer of Property Acts, is one which has been brought to His Honour's notice Provision has been made for the communication to the Land Record-keepers of registrations effected under the former Act; but after much consideration Sir Antony MacDonnell thinks that, before going further in this direction, it will be better to bring the Land Record system now proposed into working order, and then to graft on to it any expansion that may be considered to be practicable.

5. Advantage has been taken of the opportunity afforded by the Bill to spread the realisation of the expenses of the survey and record of rights over a period of years, thus lightening the burden of costs on the zamindars and raiyats, and at the same time facilitating their collection. I am in this connection to invite special attention to section 12 of the Bill and paragraph 74 of His Honour's Minute.

MINUTE II ON THE CADASTRAL SURVEY AND RECORD OF RIGHTS IN BIHAR, BY HIS HONOUR THE OFFICIATING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

PART I.

INTRODUCTION.

Object of the Lieutenant-Governor's Minute of 24th June 1893, and orders passed by the Government of India upon it.

IN discussing the question of the cadastral survey and settlement of North Bihar in a Minute dated the 24th June last, my chief objects were to secure the assent of the Governor-General in Council to the following two principles:—

(*a*) That no person should be employed in making the survey or preparing the record who was in the employment of their landlord or tenant, or who was not entirely under the control of the Government and liable, as a public servant, to punishment for misfeasance.

(*b*) That when the record of rights had been correctly completed, it should subsequently be maintained up to date, and that immediate steps should be taken to create an official agency for maintaining it.

The Minute and its appendices also set forth proposals both as to the agency to be employed in making the survey and record, and in maintaining it when made; and I had the satisfaction of being able to cite the joint opinion of the Members of the Board of Revenue, endorsing and accepting those proposals.

The Government of India was pleased to approve fully of my proposals, His Excellency in Council pointing out that those concerning the maintenance of the record of rights were in point of fact in agreement with, though in amplification of, the scheme which had been previously put forward by Sir Charles Elliott, the addition consisting in the provision for map amendment and for correction of the record on the spot, without which no scheme for maintaining the record of rights could be effective or complete.

Action taken by the Lieutenant-Governor on receipt of the approval of the Government of India of proposals made in the Minute of 24th June 1893.

2. Having received these orders of the Government of India, I caused a draft scheme for maintaining the records to be sent for consideration to the Indigo Planters' Association and the Bihar Landholders' Association—the two great bodies charged with safeguarding landlords' interests in Bihar; and at the same time the Board of Revenue was requested to prepare a draft Bill upon the subject, with such draft subsidiary rules as might be necessary for giving effect to its provisions. My intention was—an intention subsequently carried into effect—to lay the draft scheme, Bill, and Rules before a representative Conference of all interested in the question, on the occasion of a visit to Muzaffarpur which I had decided to make.

3. I went to Bihar at the end of July, and at a Public Darbar held on the 31st idem at Bankipore, referred to the question of the survey and record of rights then in progress. The question whether a survey should or should not be made being no longer an open one, I limited my observations to two points, namely, "how the work can be best and most cheaply done; and how, when done, its good effects may be perpetuated." This meant, as I went on to explain, whether the survey was to be carried out by Government patwaris or by amins; and whether the records were to be maintained by the Government (or registered) patwaris or by the kanungos of the draft scheme which had been circulated for criticism to the Indigo Planters' and Landholders' Associations, as stated in paragraph 2 above. My object in my Darbar speech

was to place the issues with their limitations clearly before all interested parties, and that object was fully secured by the publicity given to my observations. I attach to this Minute a copy of that portion of my speech in Darbar which is concerned with the question under notice.

Memorial from the Indigo Planters' Association, and reply thereto.

4. Before leaving Calcutta for Bihar, I had received the draft of a memorial against the record of rights, purporting to proceed jointly from the planters, zamindars, and others landholders of North Bihar, which it was proposed to present to me at Muzaffarpur. In the sequal it turned out that the memorial was practically an expression of the views of the Indigo Planters' Association only; but as such it was entitled to the greatest consideration, and this it received. The memorial, besides raising some very important questions, indicated the existence in the minds of its framers of such extreme misconceptions as to the official attitude of this Government and as to the meaning of the Bengal Tenancy Act, that I welcomed the opportunity its presentation gave me of supplementing my remarks in Darbar by a further statement, which well-nigh covers the entire ground in controversy. I attach to this Minute a copy of the memorial and of my reply.

Conferences with zamindars and indigo planters at Muzaffarpur and result.

5. These preliminaries over, the Conferences for which I had gone to Bihar took place at Muzaffarpur under the presidency of the Hon'ble Mr. Stevens, Senior Member of the Board of Revenue, and the results are recorded in the Minutes of the proceedings and in Mr. Stevens's report dated the 14th August, both of which documents are enclosures to this Minute. Briefly stated, the results are that the zamindars are still opposed to the maintenance of the record of rights; but in view of the contingency of their opposition proving futile, they express preference for the maintenance of the record through kanungos or Land Record-keepers to its maintenance through patwaris; that is to say, they prefer the scheme of maintenance indicated in Appendix B of my Minute of the 24th June and the draft Bill submitted to the Conference, to the enforcement of Regulation XII of 1817, or the resuscitation of the patwari. I have accepted the choice made by the zamindars.

It is quite true that their choice is a conditional choice, but that is because they object to the maintenance of the record altogether, and not because they do not think the scheme a good one. The truth is that the great majority of Bihar landholders do think the scheme as good as, in the prescribed conditions, could be devised, and that they are immensely relieved in mind by my acquiescence in their conditional acceptance of it in preference to the patwari scheme. They said so at the time, and they again express their satisfaction in the Resolution printed in the enclosures, which of their own motion the Tirhut Landholders' Association have forwarded to the Government.

Reasons for accepting the result of the Conference and suspending the registration of patwaris under Regulation XII of 1817.

6. In paragraph 31 of my Minute of the 24th June last, reasons were given why it was thought desirable to enforce the provisions of Regulation XII of 1817, and the registration of patwaris in the districts under settlement. Briefly, these reasons were primarily that the cost of survey might be cheapened by employing the registered patwari instead of an amin in surveying his village; secondly, that an agency for maintaining the record might be created and put into training. There was, however, general reluctance on the part of landlords to register their patwaris or bring them in any way under Government control. If the patwaris were not to remain their private servants, while working under the Government in making the survey or framing the record of rights, then the zamindars would prefer that the Government should make its own arrangements for survey and framing the record, and leave the patwaris alone. This state of feeling, the difficulties attaching to any effort to work patwaris under Regulation XII of 1817, and the choice as to the agency for future maintenance made by the zamindars—all these three considerations induced me to abstain from enforcing a general registration of patwaris, and to instruct the Director of Surveys to employ amins or professional surveyors only in survey work in Bihar, care being taken that, though local men may, without objection, and indeed with advantage, be trained as surveyors, no amin shall be employed in surveying a village, with which, or with the

owner or raiyats of which, he has or had any connexion. It is true that this decision destroys the hope I had entertained of cheapening the survey by employing registered patwaris to do the measurements which, under the Regulation, they are bound to do as part of their statutory duties; but the objections of the zamindars gave conclusive force to the consideration that it would be undesirable to register patwaris under Regulation XII of 1817, make them Government servants, and train them to survey work, when on the completion of the survey, that is after the lapse of a few months, their services were no longer to be made use of. The men to be employed on survey work henceforward will form a body from which we can pick and choose our agents for subsequent maintenance of the record. It may be added here that the zamindars, seeing my difficulty and appreciating my wish to reduce the costs, have offered me free of cost the unskilled labour required by the Survey Department. This will be a material help for which I am much obliged to the zamindars.

Action to be followed in future.

7. So far the way is clear, and it is to be hoped that all the uncertainties which had gathered around the operations in connexion with the agency for survey and for subsequent maintenance of the record will now disappear. I have already given the necessary orders, both as to the agency for making the survey and framing the record, and as to the procedure to be followed by it, and my orders on these points are being separately reported to the Government of India for information and approval. These orders will, I trust, have the effect of securing accuracy in preparing the record, as the amins will be entirely precluded from making any entries affecting the status of the tenant or the rate of his rent. Entries regarding these all-important matters will be made by superior officers only. It now remains for me to submit to the Government of India the legislative proposals by which the agency for maintaining the record is to be legalized and funds for its support provided. But as I have just received from the British Indian and Bihar Landholders' Associations a Memorial* for submission to Her Majesty's Secretary of State, in which the legality, expediency and usefulness of the survey and record of rights, and its subsequent maintenance, are again called in question, it may be useful to recapitulate the reasons and emphasize the necessity for such legislation as I propose, and generally for such a survey and record of rights as we are now carrying into effect in Bihar. This procedure will enable me to answer the memorialists and justify the action of the Government on all points which they raise. This has indeed been already done many times: but the memorialists are rich, active and influential, and amid the often refuted contentions which they attempt to revive, the true issues are apt to be lost site of, and the voice of reason and justice to remain unheard. It is well to remind those who interest themselves in the controversy that the question lies not between the Government and the zamindars, but between the zamindars and their raiyats, and that the only interest the Government has in the matter is, as Lord Ripon's Government said, "the diminution or prevention of human suffering." It is true that the raiyats do not make their grievances known through public meetings, telegrams to the newspapers, and all the other devices of an exotic system of agitation. But the grievances are

Fresh Memorial of Zamindari Associations against the record of rights.

---

* The specific objections to the cadastral survey urged in this memorial may be classed under the following heads. The paragraphs of this Minute on which the objections are specially answered are given in brackets, but the objections are generally dealt with in Part IV of the Minute.

(*a*) The zamindars were kept in ignorance of the intention of the Government to survey Bihar. "They were not aware that such a measure was in contemplation until the Secretary of State's sanction had been obtained." [24.]

(*b*) The cadastral survey of Bihar should not have been undertaken without special legislative sanction. The survey of a district is not authorized by the provisions of section 101, Tenancy Act, which only applies to a "local area," which must necessarily mean a limited area possessing some special features. [25-27A.]

(*c*) The cadastral survey of Bihar is required for "administrative purposes," and if it is to be continued, the Government should bear all the costs, which ought not to be imposed on landlords and tenants under section 114 of the Act, and which, if imposed, will impoverish them. [57, 58, 61.]

(*d*) All District Officers having local knowledge are, as shown by the Parliamentary Return published in May last, against the cadastral survey. [49.]

(*e*) The cadastral survey will cause general litigation which will not be conducted in the ordinary courts, "which are well known and 'trusted' by the people," but must be heard and determined by Revenue officers, "whose decisions for obvious reasons will not be considered with the same respect." The experience of the cadastral survey in the Srinagar estate is an illustration of this. [56, 59.]

(*f*) No provision has been made for any agency for maintaining the record when it has been completed. [28, 55.]

there all the same—deep-seated, growing, continuous; they make the administration of Bihar a most anxious task for this Government at all times, and when the crop of even a single season fails, a task which becomes well-nigh insupportable.

Let there be no mistake, no misapprehension of the issue now. While we wish to deprive the zamindars of no privilege to which they are justly entitled, and while we would increase their facilities for managing their estates and collecting their rents, our principal object in undertaking the survey and record of rights in Bihar is to protect the legal rights of the raiyats, which have been so lamentably neglected in the past. The zamindars seek to defeat the existing law: the Government seeks to enforce it.

Argument to be developed in this Minute.

8. In the following remarks, then, I shall briefly traverse the entire ground covered by legislative and executive action in Bengal during the past century, in connection with the subject of recording of raiyats' rights. I shall first deal with the record of rights in its historical and legal aspects. I shall next consider the necessity of a record of rights in Bihar as it existed before the passing of the Tenancy Act. I shall then examine whether that necessity has been removed or mitigated by the operation of that Act. The evidence we have as to the usefulness of a record of rights as a remedy for the agrarian abuses which exist will afterwards be stated, and on convenient opportunities the various objections raised in the Zamindars' memorial now submitted will be noticed. Lastly, the expediency and effectiveness of the Bill I propose for the maintenance of a record of rights will be discussed.

PART II.

THE SURVEY AND RECORD OF RIGHTS AND IN ITS HISTORICAL AND LEGAL ASPECTS.

Origin of agrarian difficulties in Bihar.

9. The agrarian difficulties in Bihar which now confront us are the fruits of the mistake which Lord Cornwallis committed in making the Decennial Settlement of the land revenue permanent without first recording the relative rights and interests of zamindars* and raiyats in the soil. It is a matter of history that the settlement in perpetuity of the land revenue of these Provinces had been the subject of prolonged consideration before Lord Cornwallis ever came to India. It was one of the subjects over which Francis and Hastings disputed, and more than a century ago it ranged Bengal officers into two opposing schools—the zamindari and the raiyatwari. Helped by English or feudal notions of property in land, the zamindari view prevailed against indigenous custom and immemorial practice, and for years before 1793 preliminary enquiries were prosecuted with the object of ascertaining the true assets of the various estates preparatory to a settlement of the revenue in perpetuity. Among other means taken to ascertain these assets was farming the estates to the highest bidder - a plan which was naturally objectionable to the old zamindars, who memorialized the Government in England on that and other alleged grievances. In passing orders on that memorial in 1784, the Court of Directors clearly showed that it was not their intention that a permanent settlement of the revenues should be made without full enquiry into the rights of all parties, and without the provision of adequate safeguards for the immemorial rights of the raiyats. The Court's orders dated 1784 accordingly directed that an enquiry should be made into the rights of all descriptions of persons according to the established usages of the country. These enquiries, which were

* The article under the head "Zamindar" in the Glossary to the Fifth Report prepared by Sir Charles Wilkins, the Orientalists, explains the original and derived meaning of zamindar. "A zamindar," he says, "is an officer who, under the Muhammadan Government, was charged with the superintendence of the lands of a district financially considered, the protection of the cultivators and the realization of the Government share of its produce either in money or kind, out of which he was allowed a commission amounting to about 10 per cent., and occasionally a special grant of the Government share of the produce of the land of a certain number of villages for his subsistence, called *nankar*. The appointment was occasionally renewed; and as it was generally continued in the same person so long as he conducted himself to the satisfaction of the ruling power, and even continued to his heirs, so in process of time and through the decay of the ruling power and the confusion which ensued, hereditary right, at best prescriptive, was claimed, and tacitly acknowledged, till at length the zamindars of Bengal in particular, from being the mere Superintendents of the land, have been declared to be the hereditary proprietors of the soil, and the before fluctuating dues of Government have under a permanent settlement been unalterably fixed in perpetuity."

preliminary to the permanent settlement of the land revenue, resulted in voluminous reports from the Collectors of districts, the Board of Revenue, and other public officers in the Lower Provinces of Bengal, and these reports were summarised and examined by Mr. Shore (afterwards Lord Teignmouth and Governor-General of India) in his Minutes, dated 18th June 1789, for Bengal, and 18th September following, for Bihar, which are printed as appendices to the well-known Fifth Report of the House of Commons on Indian Affairs. But the information then gathered was merely of a general character: it afforded very inadequate knowledge as to the financial resources of the various districts, as only in a few districts was any attempt made to institute detailed enquiries or to establish a record of rights. The want of precision which characterised the information which had been gathered so convinced Mr. Shore of the inexpediency, both in the financial interest of Government and in the interest of the raiyats, of basing any permanent arrangements on it, that all the weight of his great influence was directed towards inducing the Governor-General to conclude a settlement in the first instance for ten years only, and a decennial settlement was actually made. It was Mr. Shore's hope that during that term these special enquiries and record of facts might be completed which had already been begun in the 24-Parganas and other places under the orders of Government.*

Mr. Shore opposes the Permanent Settlement on the ground of inopportuneness.

* See Mr. Colebrooke's Minute of 1st May 1812, and Mr. Justice Field's "Regulations of the Bengal Code," page 35.

10. Unfortunately Mr. Shore's prudent counsels did not prevail with the Governor-General, who in his Minute of 3rd February 1790, declared his belief that the objects which Mr. Shore had in view might be secured by speedier means than a detailed and tedious enquiry. It was Lord Cornwallis' opinion that by limiting the Government demand upon the zamindar, and by imposing on him the obligation of coming to terms with his raiyats, subject to specific rules and restrictions, the purposes of a detailed enquiry in the interest of the raiyats would be effectually and expeditiously fulfilled, while the immediate advantages to the revenue derivable from a permanent settlement would at once accrue. The advice of Mr. Shore was therefore rejected, and the decennial settlement was declared permanent without any definite knowledge having been acquired of the resources of each estate, and without any precise record having been made of the reciprocal relations of zamindar and raiyat. Rules, however, were provided in the Settlement Regulation, whereby it was believed that those relations would be established on a permanent and satisfactory basis. To these rules I shall presently refer at length: but here I would note that the outcome of Lord Cornwallis' policy has unfortunately justified Mr. Shore's fears rather than the Governor-General's hopes. While we are to-day under the necessity, which Mr. Shore foresaw, "of correcting abuses by new rules," we do not find that the zamindars verify Lord Cornwallis' expectations by welcoming these corrections or by accepting that interference on the part of Government which the Governor-General asserted to be "undoubtedly necessary for effecting an adjustment of the demands of the zamindars upon the raiyats." On the contrary, this interference, which was foreseen to be possible, and expressly declared to be justifiable by the authors of the Permanent Settlement themselves, is now resented as an infraction of a solemn engagement of which a chief stipulation was the reservation of this very power of interference.

Lord Cornwallis, while agreeing with Mr. Shore as to the necessity for protecting the rights of the raiyats, differs from him as to means. Raiyats' rights consequently not ascertained before the Settlement.

11. The modifications which the Permanent Settlement introduced into the relations between the Government and the zamindars are specifically set forth in the Proclamation dated 22nd March 1793, which was afterwards enacted into Regulation I of the same year. That Proclamation contained two principal provisions: it fixed for ever the revenue which had been assessed on the various estates at the Decennial Settlement which had just been concluded, and it declared the settlement-holders, whom it designated "proprietors of the lands," privileged to transfer "to whomsoever they think proper, by sale, gift or otherwise, their proprietary rights in the whole or any portion of their estates without applying to Government for its sanction to the transfer." There were some subsidiary stipulations, to which it is unnecessary to refer here more specifically; but the

Effect of Permanent Settlement on status of zamindars.

intention and effect of the Proclamation was to abandon, on the part of Government, the right to increase the revenue which had been assessed on the estates of the zamindars, and, subject to summary sale for non-payment of that revenue, to constitute the zamindars, *as far as the Government was concerned*, owners of these estates.

Effect of Permanent Settlement on status of raiyats.

12. Now the rights which the Government possessed were admittedly not exhaustive of all the interests in the land. Under the customary law of the country, as admitted by the authors of the Permanent Settlement, the raiyats, too, had rights which it was not discretional with the Government to alter or annul. Those customary rights of the raiyats the Permanent Settlement neither did nor could affect or prejudice in any degree whatever (see section 15, Regulation VII, 1799, clauses 7 and 8). The zamindars do not complain that the effect of the survey and record of rights, or the measures proposed for the maintenance of the records, will be to enhance the revenue for which their estates are liable, nor to fetter the free transfer, by sale, gift or otherwise, of the whole or any portion of their rights. As far as the relations between them and the Government are concerned, there can therefore be no ground for any charge of breach of faith, and there is no allegation of any such breach. The charge is that, by recording the various rights in the soil and maintaining the record, the Government of today is violating a pledge given in 1793. No charge could be more baseless than this; for in 1793 not only was the power to intervene reserved, but by the provisions regarding the delivery of pattas, the appointment of patwaris, and the stereotyping of the official unit of measurement under the Regulations of the Decennial and Permanent Settlements, the intention was to record the areas of the holdings, the status of the tenants, and the rates of rents, and to fix the last-mentioned for ever. Had the Government in 1793 not contented itself with the elaboration of rules and theoretic plans alone, and had it followed Mr. Shore's advice and translated these rules into practice, and actually recorded rates and status before declaring a settlement permanent which had been framed on confessedly defective and inaccurate information, until the defects had been made good and the inaccuracies rectified, there might have been no need for such a reservation as that contained in Article VII. As it was, however, the reservation was essential, and it is upon it that we are now acting, so far as the altered facts permit.

Safeguards for raiyats' rights provided by Permanent Settlement Regulations, and neglect of them by zamindars. Effects of neglect.

13. The safeguards by which Lord Cornwallis hoped to protect the interests of the raiyats were, briefly put, three in number. The first was the injunction on zamindars to prepare pattas, subject to the approval of the Collector (to preclude the introduction of new clauses or covenants); the second was the deposit in the collectorate of the standard of measurement, whereby the areas of holdings might be guaranteed; and the third was the maintenance of the accounts of the raiyats by the village patwari, whereby the permanency of the rates might be secured. It was intended by these safeguards to assure to the raiyats the possession of a certain area of land on certain specific conditions and at specific rates of rent: in other words, to certify the information we shall furnish to all parties by the record of rights now in progress. This intention was completely defeated by the persistent refusal of the zamindars to give pattas, or to recognize the patwaris as the custodians of the raiyats' rights. It has also been stated, with some plausibility, that the raiyats were not always eager for these pattas. They were apprehensive that the consolidation of all demands in the patta would be only the creation of a new *asul* or original rent, upon which fresh cesses or *abwabs* might be calculated, and that the acceptance of a patta would diminish the force of their customary right to hold their lands as long as they paid the pargana rate for it; but the obligation on the zamindars to fulfil this intention of the Regulations, and on the Government to see it fulfilled, has not been weakened by the lapse of time, though time has shown that the method of fulfilment preferred in 1793 was ineffectual, and certainly not suitable to circumstances as they are today.

14. To understand the refusal of the zamindars to give pattas, one has only to consider what a patta meant. It meant a lease renewable in

perpetuity, prepared by, and at the expense of, the zamindar, and delivered to the raiyat through the Collector, specifying the area of the holding, the conditions of the tenancy, and the amount of rent which was never to exceed the established pargana rates. In other words, the Permanent Settlement provided that the pargana or customary rates of rent should remain fixed and unalterable for ever, just as it provided that the revenue payable by the zamindars to Government should also remain fixed in perpetuity. Obviously the zamindars had the very strongest reasons for not complying with their obligations in regard to the delivery of pattas. Compliance would have effectually limited the zamindar's control over his raiyats and put an end to all enhancements of existing rent. It would have compelled the zamindars to look for an increase in their rent-roll to the reclamation of the waste land only, as was indeed intended. The zamindars therefore opposed a passive resistance to the orders of Government; and as Lord Cornwallis, while insisting on the delivery of pattas as a stipulation of the settlement, provided no standard, such as a record of rights, and no agency other than the Civil Courts (an inadequate, novel, and exotic institution) to which the raiyats could appeal, the result was that the provisions of the settlement regarding pattas were not observed.

In theory, Lord Cornwallis' plan for securing the record of raiyats' rights was excellent. The accuracy of the area of the holding was provided for by the unit of measurement deposited for safe custody with the Collector; the integrity of the conditions of the holding, and the exclusion of all new covenants, were guaranteed by the provision requiring the Collector's approval to the pattas. The permanency of the rates of rent, and the maintenance of fair dealing between raiyat and zamindar, were vouched for by the appointment of the patwari as a public servant to keep the village accounts. Nothing could be better *on paper*, but the whole plan was a complete failure in practice, simply because no executive agency to enforce the arrangement was provided. For precisely similar reasons has the Bengal Tenancy Act hitherto failed in Bihar, and we are now endeavouring to correct this failure by creating that executive agency which, taught by experience, we have provided for in Chapter X of the Tenancy Act.

Nature and incidence of the Permanent Settlement.

15. It is not uncommonly believed that the terms of settlement of the land revenue made with the zamindars in 1793, by Lord Cornwallis' Government, were easy, and that the revenue assessed was light. I am disposed to doubt this view, and to think that, at all events in the Bengal districts, the settlement was for the time a severe one. In his Minute of June 1789, Mr. Shore wrote:—

"A proportion of nine-tenths of the zamindars' receipts is surely as much as our Government ought to demand if it means to regard the welfare of their subjects by zamindars' receipts. I should hope that the profits of the zamindars would in time exceed this proportion by a due attention to the improvement of their lands and encouragement of their raiyats."

And this was the basis on which the Permanent Settlement was made—90 per cent. of the assets (*i.e.*, then existing rentals) as then ascertained were taken by the Government, and 10 per cent. left to the zamindars. To modern notions this would be a harsh assessment, but it must be remembered that the zamindars had their *nankar* or *nij-jot* lands free; that they were secured all the prospective income from waste lands; and that, finally, many of the best officers of the day believed there had been concealment of assets, and that as a matter of fact Government did not get nearly 90 per cent. of the assets of the estates. And this belief seems to have been better grounded as regards Bihar than as regards Bengal. Mr. Sarishtadar Grant, in his Analysis of the Finances of Bengal, published in 1788, estimated the concealment of assets at more than a crore of rupees, or one-fourth of the whole. But Mr. Shore disputed this; and I myself believe that we have, in the rapidity, especially in Bengal, with which estates were sold up for arrears of revenue at the end of the last century, some proof that the revenue assessed was at the time excessive. The sales of estates in Bihar were comparatively few compared with Bengal, thus indicating the greater lightness of the settlement in the former province. Of course the refusal of raiyats to pay rents, owing to the zamindar's demand of rent at rates above the pargana rate to which I have adverted, might explain to some extent the enforced sales, without the assumption that the settlement was itself harsh; but my impression is that the assessment made in 1793 was

severe for the time. After a very few years, with the reclamation of waste lands and the unauthorised enhancement of rents, the case was entirely reversed, the income of the zamindars, which was represented by one-ninth of the Revenue in 1793, having become more than fivefold the Revenue in 1893. *In three generations the income of zamindars of North Bihar has increased eighty-fold* (in the Darbhanga district it has been increased an hundred-fold).*

	Revenue assessed in 1793 (Permanent Settlement).	Rental in 1793 (calculated on Government revenue plus 1/9th zamindars' allowance.	Rental as shown in existing road cess returns.	Year of valuation of rental.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Darbhanga ... } Muzaffarpur ... }	10,55,395	11,72,661	71,37,044	1883
			67,27,909	1891
Champaran ... } Saran ... }	13,27,533	14,75,036	30,73,556	1888
			59,87,760	1883
	23,82,928	26,47,697	2,39,16,269	

I am myself disposed to think that the true income in 1793 was higher than would appear from the above figures, but in any case the increase is still enormous. The present Government revenue of the four districts of North Bihar is Rs. 34,05,149, the increase in the century being due to resumptions, escheats, &c. The existing rental thus varies from five times the revenue in Saran to ten times in Darbhanga. The valuation of the Darbhanga district is now in process of being revised, and I am informed by the Collector that the present rental will show an increase of 10 per cent. over the rental of 1883. If this be so, the rental will be eleven times the revenue of that district (7 lakhs of rupees), or, put in another way, the revenue will be only 9 per cent. of the gross rental. With what show of reason, then, can Bihar, and especially Darbhanga, zamindars claim that the general tax-payer shall pay for that record of rights which they are, and always have been, under a legal obligation to establish?

Effects of the settlement on the course of legislation. Regulation VII of 1799.

16. Reverting to my narrative, I wish to point out that after the Permanent Settlement had been concluded the zamindars at once began to evade tender of pattas, or tendered them at more than the customary rates. The raiyats refused to accept these pattas, which they either did not understand, or found to be unfair. There was a withholding of rents, much confusion soon prevailed, and many estates were sold, especially in Lower Bengal, for arrears of revenue. (In Bihar, where, as I have said, the settlement seems to have been made, though ostensibly on similar, yet really on more lenient, terms than in Bengal, the sales of estates were much fewer.) This circumstance caused the East India Company, which had to pay its dividends and to meet the expenses of the great war with Tippoo, in which Lord Wellesley was then engaged, some alarm for the security of its own revenue. The zamindars declared they could not pay the revenue unless their hands were strengthened against the recusant raiyats; and the Government, pressed by want of money, agreed to strengthen the hands of those on whom it immediately depended for the punctual payment of its revenue.

The notorious *Haftam*, or Regulation VII of 1799 (which ought to be a lesson and a warning to those who would now undertake to devise a summary procedure for realizing rents), was therefore enacted "for enabling

* The following figures have been furnished by the Board of Revenue:—

	Rs.
Zamindars' gross increase (on which revenue was assessed) in 1793	26,47,697
Government revenue as assessed at Permanent Settlement	23,82,928
Zamindars' profit ...	2,64,769(*a*)
Zamindars' gross income (rental) in 1893 (excluding increase in Darbhanga)	2,39,16,269
Government revenue in 1893	34,05,149
Zamindars' profits in 1893 ...	2,05,11,120(*b*)

Therefore (*b*)=eighty times (*a*).

proprietors and farmers of land to realize their rents with greater punctuality; for providing against unnecessary delay in the payment of the public revenue assessed upon the lands; and for securing the ultimate recovery of arrears of revenue by a sale of the landed property, from which it may be due, at the close of the year." This Regulation gave the landlords practically unrestricted right of distraint. They were empowered "to distrain, without sending notice to any court of justice or any public officer, the crops and products of the earth of every description, the grain, cattle, and all other personal property, whether found in the house or on the premises of any other person." Moreover, with a view to give the landlords greater power still over their tenants, Magistrates were required to punish by fine or imprisonment raiyats who could not establish the truthfulness of complaints of hardship made against landlords or their distraining agents, and the Civil Courts were directed to indemnify zamindari officers or others employed in the collections when improperly summoned. It was further declared that if any person should wantonly and without cause be the means of summoning to the Courts of Justice, Civil or Criminal, the principal officer or any officer engaged in collecting the rents of any zamindar, talukdar, or other landholder or farmer of land, and a loss of rent or other evident damage should be sustained by the landholder or farmer in consequence of such wanton and unnecessary summons, an action should lie against the party who caused the summons for such loss or damage, and on proof thereof the party injured should be entitled to recover the amount with all costs of suit.

Evil effects of Regulation VII of 1799 on the rights of the raiyats.

17. This Regulation was not meant to define or limit the actual "rights of any description of landholders or tenants, which could properly be ascertained and determined by judicial investigation only, but merely to point out in what manner defaulting tenants might be proceeded against in the event of their not paying the rents justly due from them, leaving them to recover their rights, if infringed, with full costs and damages in the established courts of justice." These last provisions, says Mr. Justice Field,* scarcely required comment. "There is scarcely a country in the civilized world in which a landlord is allowed to evict his tenant without having recourse to the regular tribunals; but the Bengal zamindar was deliberately told by the Legislature that he was at liberty to oust his tenants if the rents *claimed by him* were in arrear at the end of the year, leaving *them* to recover their rights, if infringed, by having recourse to those new and untried courts of justice, the failure in which might be punished with fine or imprisonment."

* 'Landholding in various countries.'

The result of this Regulation was that in 12 years the ancient rights of the raiyats throughout Bengal were on the verge of obliteration.† The student of Indian history, as it has hitherto been written, remembers the Administration of Lord Wellesley for the victories of Seringapatam, Assaye and Laswari. But these brilliant episodes have their antitheses in the evils produced by this bad law.

† See the Minute dated November 1814, by Mr. Henry Colebroke. Enclosure VI.

Remedies applied (Regulation V of 1812). Revival of the Patwari System (Regulation XII of 1817).

18. There was, however, no intention to abrogate the rights of the raiyats by Regulation VII of 1799, and when, during Lord Minto's Administration, the evil effects of the Regulation became known, there was a strong revulsion of official feeling, which produced Regulation V of 1812 (the *Panjam*), whereby it was hoped to correct the bad effects of Regulation VII of 1799. "Under‡ the *Haftam* process the person of the raiyat could be seized in default; under the *Panjam* process his property could be distrained, and in either case the proceedings commenced by what has been described as a strong presumption equivalent to a knock-down blow against the raiyat." The effect of Regulation V of 1812 was unsatisfactory, and at last it was clearly recognized that the zamindars would never of their own accord define the legitimate rights of their raiyats, nor place any limitation to their own claims upon them. Lord Cornwallis' plan of giving pattas had failed totally, and it was therefore resolved to strengthen and reorganise the indigenous system of patwaris and kanungos as an independent agency for maintaining a record of the reciprocal

‡ Bengal Administration Report of 1872-73, page 81.

rights of both parties. The zamindars were bound by section 62, Regulation VIII of 1793, to maintain a patwari in every village, who was to be a Government servant; but in this, too, they neglected their obligations, and gradually converted the patwari into their own private servant or gomasta. The reform now embarked on was embodied in Regulation XII of 1817.

Endeavours to enforce Regulation XII of 1817 frustrated. Proposal to have a regular record of rights.

19. When that Regulation became law, the Board of Revenue proceeded to take action on it by prescribing what the duties of the patwaris should be.[1] But the Board had not even in 1817 sufficiently gauged the steadfastness of zamindari opposition to all reform affecting raiyats' interests, and they afforded an effective means of resistance to the zamindars in the dual allegiance which the Regulation imposed on the patwari—a means which zamindars have not failed to make full use of from that day to this. The Court of Directors were better advised, as will be seen from the extract from their valuable letter of 12th July 1820 (Enclosure VII). They feared that the Regulation would prove futile, and their fears were only too well founded. It soon became apparent that as an engine for the protection of the tenant, by bringing on record and maintaining the established rates and rules by which rents were to be regulated, Regulation XII of 1817 was as useless as the provisions of Regulation VIII of 1793 had been. The objects of the Government in 1817, as in 1793, were entirely frustrated by the systematic opposition of the zamindars to every attempt of the Revenue Officers to obtain any satisfactory record of the relations between landlord and tenant.

20. Things had now been advanced to this stage. The failure of Lord Cornwallis' method of a record of rights by means of pattas had been recognized; the failure of the Patwari Regulation XII of 1817 was being fast admitted; all advocates of raiyats' rights were coming to an agreement that the only effective plan for securing agrarian quiet and fair dealing was by a survey and record of rights. To-day the zamindari advocates in the newspapers and in Parliament would fain have the public believe that the record of rights such as we now propose to make is a new-fangled notion—the product of anti-landlord feeling. Nothing could be more untrue. *The proposal made by Mr. Shore, but rejected by Lord Cornwallis in the last century, to have a detailed record of rights of Bengal, was accepted as essential by the Government more than* 70 *years ago.* Convinced by the failure of Lord Cornwallis' plan of the interchange of pattas, and satisfied that the Patwari Regulation XII of 1817 would of itself do no good, the Government of India, 70 years ago, saw that the only effective means of securing agricultural quiet and prosperity in Bengal was by a record of rights. In a Despatch, dated 1st August 1822,* to the Court of Directors, the Government of India wrote as follows:—

* Bengal Revenue Selections, Vol. III, page 441.

"In the ceded and conquered provinces, our separate despatches relative to the settlement will show that we design, as far as practicable, to adjust, through the agency of the Collectors, the rights and interests of every raiyat in every village as it may be settled, and specifically to define the rights of the zamindars with reference to the mufassal jamabandi so made. *The existence of the Permanent Settlement in the Lower Provinces does not, in our judgment, oppose any legal bar to the adoption of a similar course there,* if we can command a sufficiency of fit instruments, and the scheme be generally deemed expedient; for Government, in limiting its demand, specifically reserved the option of such an interference, and if the zamindars have themselves failed to assess their raiyats, and to issue pattas on equitable forms as provided, such an interference would require no other justification than the proof that it could be expediently exercised."

* * * * * * * *

Revenue letter from Bengal, dated 1st August 1822, paragraph 109.

"We freely, indeed, admit that, even though the raiyats of Bengal had possessed no right of holding their lands at determinate rates, considered in relation to the Sovereign, it was unqestionably competent to Government, in fixing its own demand, to fix also the rates at which the malguzar was to make his collections; *and it was, we think, clearly intended to render perpetual the rates existing at the time of the Permanent Settlement. The intention being declared, the rule is of course obligatory on the zamindars.*

[1] Among the very first of them was the maintenance of measurement chittas, khasras, or field-books, showing the boundaries and area of each plot of land in each raiyat's possession, the rent payable, the crops grown, and the quality of the soil. On this point I would invite reference to the Board's letter dated 18th May 1819, and its enclosures, annexed to this Minute. I do so because the zamindars of Bihar have contended that measurement of the village was not among the patwaris' statutory duties, but the zamindars had, I believe, come to see the error of that contention even before my recent visit to Bihar.

Thus the Government of India, so far back as 1822, proposed a record of rights of the permanently-settled districts of Bengal as being the only effectual means of defining and maintaining the rights of the raiyats, all other means having proved useless.

21. In reply, the Court of Directors in 1824,* far from thinking such proceedings an invasion of the rights of the zamindars, wrote thus:—

* Revenue Selections, Vol. III, page 443.

"It is in the highest degree important that your design of adjusting the rights and interests of the raiyats in the villages as perfectly in the Lower as in the Upper Provinces should be carried into effect. The doubts which we have already expressed with respect to the sufficiency of the Collector's agency will receive from you a due degree of attention. The complaint you make with respect to the limited extent of the machinery which you can apply is of serious importance. You certainly do not estimate too highly the danger of performing such enquiries precipitately, and without due security for their being sufficiently exact; and from your assurance that the matter will continue to command your most anxious attention, we feel confident that no unnecessary delay will be incurred. If the great cause of delay is the inadequate extent of the agency you can employ, it is important to consider by what means it may be practicable to enlarge it. We shall have the greatest satisfaction in receiving the result of your deliberation upon this subject, and shall be ready most zealously to co-operate with you for the speedy accomplishment of so desirable an end. Should you succeed in securing to the raiyats those rights, which it was assuredly the intention of the Permanent Settlement arrangements to preserve and maintain, and should you in all cases where the nature and extent of those rights cannot be now satisfactorily ascertained and fixed, provide such a limit to the demand upon the raiyat as fully to leave to them the cultivator's profits under leases of considerable length, we should hope that the interests of that great body of the agricultural community may be satisfactorily secured."

22. On the receipt of these orders in India, it would seem that an exhaustive enquiry was set on foot to ascertain precisely what had been the precise effect of the endeavours to reorganize the patwari and kanungo systems on the basis of Regulation XII of 1817. The results of this enquiry were reported to Government in the Board of Revenue's letter No. 2199 of 11th May 1827, which is printed in Enclosure IX. Practically it amounted to this, that—to quote from the letter—"until means are devised for ensuring the authenticity of the documents furnished, whether they relate to accounts, mensuration, or raiyatwari assessments, the office of kanungo will mislead instead of giving any useful information." In other words, nothing could be done without a record of rights.

Course of legislation after the enactment of Regulation XII of 1817, and frustration of efforts to enforce it.

23. It would be tedious to trace what further steps were taken after 1827 till our own times to carry out a record of rights in Bihar. But the history of Bengal legislation shows that from 1827 till the Mutiny the views of the zamindari party were unduly in the ascendant. If it were part of my present purpose to trace the progress of agrarian legislation in Bengal, I should here have to devote much space to considering the utterly ruinous effects which the sale laws, from Regulation XI of 1822 to Act XI of 1859, have had on the rights and condition of the raiyats. "The mischievous power of annoyance, interference, and extortion," says Mr. Justice Field† (who was by no means a raiyat's advocate), "which these sale laws have given to the auction purchaser, have been fatal obstacles to agricultural improvement, and have proved at once the source and the instrument of oppression and wrong. We can talk of it and write of it with indifference; but to the tenant of an estate, as remarked by Sir Henry Ricketts, the sale was 'the spring of a wild beast on the fold, the bursting of a shell in a square. It was the disturbance of all they had supposed to be stable.'" An auction purchaser had power to annul all rights and eject all tenants who could not prove they held a particular status, and few of them could prove this, because there was no record to which the raiyats could appeal in defence of their rights, which the laws always saved and guaranteed.

† "Landholding in various countries," page 670.

Contention refuted that Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act is not applicable to the survey of an entire district. Meaning of "local area."

24. But if I abstain from following the course of legislation between 1827, when the necessity of the record of rights was admitted by the East India Company, and 1885, when it was begun under the Government of the Queen-Empress, I wish to say a word on the new contentions [marked (*a*) and (*b*) in the margin of paragraph 7 above]

raised by the Zamindari Associations in their memorial to the Secretary of State, submitted after the twelfth hour had struck, that they have had no notice of the intention to survey Bihar, and that Chapter X of the Tenancy Act is inapplicable to the survey of so large an area as a district, still less of four entire districts.

I had myself special opportunities of becoming acquainted with the intentions of the Legislature in framing Chapter X of the Tenancy Act, and I might declare from personal knowledge that there never was, from first to last, any intention of restricting the discretion of the Government as to the extent of country to which the chapter might be applied. I might assert from special information on the point that it is an entire mistake to suppose that the provisions of the Act regarding surveys and record of rights were not intended to be applied by Government of its own motion to whole districts or divisions like the Commissionership of Patna, without application from the landlords and tenants. But in this matter I do not ask the Government of India to accept my own remembrance of the facts as authoritative evidence on the point. I prefer to cite the evidence of the declarations of Governor-General in Council, the Bengal Government, and the Legislative Council, as to their intentions in framing Chapter X of the Act. In their Despatch No. 6 of March 1882, paragraph 100, asking sanction to the legislation which eventuated in the Bengal Tenancy Act, the Government of India particularly pointed out that by far the most important of their proposals was "that a general field survey should be undertaken, and that a system of village records and accounts shall be introduced."......"Whether," they wrote, "we have regard to the prevention of famine or to waste of life or waste of money, which may result from official ignorance; whether we look to the need for actual administration which shall search out and expose deep-seated evils, or the need of some assurance that the facts affecting agricultural interests shall be so notorious and indisputable that none shall be able to pervert them to the injury of the weak, we perceive in the circumstances of many portions of Bengal, *and particularly of Bihar*, strong reasons for placing the Bengal officials on a level, in point of administrative advantages, with their brother officers in other provinces. We seek no fiscal advantages, but the prevention or diminution of human suffering." This evidence leaves no doubt as to what the intentions of the Government of India were when it first approached legislation on the subject; and as the despatch was published for general information, the zamindars had specific and early information as to what the intentions of the Government were in regard to the survey of Bihar. It will be manifest from what follows that the intentions of the Government in this matter were never altered, and that the zamindars for three years before the Act was passed were well aware that it was intended to effect a cadastral survey and record of rights. The intention was expressed in section 164 of the first edition of the Tenancy Bill, on which the Zamindari Associations reported in 1883. The intention was repeated in section 117 of the second edition of the Bill, on which they reported in 1884;* and the provisions of section 101 of the Act as we have it now are not materially different from the corresponding sections of the Bill which preceded it. I would in this connexion particularly call attention to the following extract from the letter of the Tirhut Landholders' Association, referred to on the margin, in which, speaking of the record of rights, &c., they quote with approval the following extract from the Minute of dissent which, as member of the Select Committee on the Bill, the Hon'ble Kristo Das Pall wrote in reference to these provisions:—

* Letter No. 73, dated 14th September 1884, from the Vice-President of the Tirhut Landholders' Association, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, printed on pages 521—536 of the Report of the Government of Bengal on the Tenancy Bill, 1884.

"The chapters relating to these subjects (Record of Rights, Settlement of Rents, &c.) are doubtless in accordance with modern ideas of land administration in periodically settled India; but as far as Bengal is concerned, the rights and interests of different parties are generally well defined, and where there might be disputes between landlords and tenants in matters dealt with in these chapters, common sense would suggest that the application of the law should be left to the self-interest of the parties concerned. But the essence of these chapters is that, while liberty is accorded to both landlord and tenant to move the machinery provided in them, the Local Government is empowered to bring of its own motion the machinery into action. * * * And yet power is taken by the Local Government to order the preparation of table of rates for special areas, and to charge the landlords and tenants

with the cost of this work, though they may not in the least benefit by it. *In the same way the expenses which may be incurred by enforcing the provisions relating to record of rights and settlement of rents will be cast upon the landlords and tenants, though no application had been made by them.* Thus a new cess will be imposed upon the land for the purposes of proceedings which may do more harm than good to the landed classes."

The preceding observations of the zamindars' own Representative in the Legislative Council, fully concurred in by the Tirhut Landholders' Association, had probably escaped the attention of the Zamindari Associations in framing their present objection. They will now, however, perceive that they are, as a lawyer would say, estopped by their own admissions from again renewing these objections. As a matter of fact they had (and availed themselves of) the amplest opportunity of urging objections to the measures now under notice, and they will perhaps be therefore ready to concede what is, indeed, obvious, that further "special legislative sanction" is not required. The quotation I give from the Proceedings of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General in paragraph 26 below would be by itself a conclusive refutation of this most unhappy contention.

25. The next piece of evidence I shall site in support of the position that a cadastral survey and record of rights was one of the objects for passing the Tenancy Act, is the declaration of the Bengal Government, made in its letter No. 3T.-R., dated 24th May 1884, to all Commissioners of Divisions when the Tenancy Bill had assumed practically its final shape. Commenting upon Chapter X, the Government of Bengal said:—

"To the provisions regarding the record of rights and the settlement of rents, the Lieutenant-Governor attaches the highest importance, because it is the first earnest attempt to carry out what has often been contemplated, but never attempted, viz, to record by authoritative enquiry the rights in their holdings of the entire agricultural community in Bengal. The proposal is one of very great magnitude, and its execution must extend over a long period of years; but to its successful accomplishment alone can we look for the great administrative advantages which must ensue in the security of the cultivating classes in their possessions, and the establishment of proper relations generally between landlords and tenants. The Lieutenant-Governor specially requests that, with the observations upon them contained in paragraphs 71 to 77 of the Select Committee's Report, and in paragraphs 19 to 21 of the letter of the Government of India, the sections of this chapter may be carefully considered by you and by your Collectors, both with reference to the facts to be recorded, the adequacy of the powers taken for the purpose of ascertaining and recording them, and the appropriateness of the procedure for the object in view. He also invites your attention to section 116(2), and begs that you will give your careful opinion as to whether it is desirable that only a presumption should arise in favour of the correctness of facts ascertained with due care in the full light of publicity, and with ample opportunity to the parties interested to contest them; or whether it is to the general interest that the facts as ascertained (and if not all, then what facts) should be regarded as conclusively established for a certain specified period."

Here again there can be no doubt as to the intentions of the Government of Bengal, which were to make a survey and record of rights of the entire agricultural community of Bengal.

26. I now come to the debate in Council on the Final Report of the Select Committee on the Bill, after which it became law without any further change. This debate is most instructive, as it shows not only what meaning the Legislative Council itself attached to Chapter X of the Act, but also indicates what the zamindari representatives in the Council themselves understood to be its meaning and value—

"The Hon'ble Babu Peari Mohan Mukerji moved that sections 101 to 115 be omitted. He said:—'When giving his sanction to the provisions regarding record of rights, Her Majesty's Secretary of State expressed his apprehension that the difficulties of carrying out the measure may prove greater than the Government of India anticipated. But the practical difficulties of the measure are not the most prominent among its objectionable features. It would cause irritation among landlords and raiyats, and convulse rural society to an extent of which those who are not thoroughly acquainted with the details of our agrarian economy can have little idea. Landholders and raiyats alike have repeatedly prayed the Legislature to expunge these provisions from the Bill, as they would do good to neither. They involve an amount of expense and irritating enquiry which will be far from compensated by the result, and it is on this account that to no part of the Bill have the raiyats from different parts of the country offered more opposition than to this.'

"The HON'BLE MR. EVANS said:—'I do not agree with the hon'ble member. There is no doubt that when a record of rights is sought to be made over a particular area there will be a considerable amount of contest at the time. But when it has been made, every landlord and every tenant will really be better off, and these records will give facilities in dealing with

cases. If such a thing as a cadastral survey and record of rights is carried out over the whole of Bengal, it will remove a large source of litigation and uncertainty. Much must be left to the discretion of the Local Government as regards when and where and to what extent the survey and record is to be made. I stated my opinion on this matter when this Bill was referrrd to the Select Committee. I quite understand that friction must be produced to obtain it, but the ultimate benefit will be so great as to counterbalance the friction.'

"The HONBLE MR. REYNOLDS said:—'I think the hon'ble member has overlooked the fact that this chapter, which he desires to omit, will apply to Government settlements. The settlement procedure law is at present contained in Bengal Act VIII of 1879, which this Bill proposes to repeal, and I do not observe that the hon'ble member has any motion for the omission of that Act from the Schedule of Acts to be repealed. The result of this amendment would therefore be to leave the Government no means of conducting a settlement of revenue in Government estates, except the old Regulation of 1822. I do not think he contemplated any such result.'

"The HON'BLE MR. GIBBON said:—'I oppose the amendment. I think the chapter as now drafted in the Bill will be more beneficial to landlords than to tenants. In fact, speaking personally as a landholder, I look forward to the operation of this chapter to undo much of the harm which will be done to the landlord's interests under section 18. When it was first proposed, and as it stood in Bill No. II, I objected to this chapter, but the Select Committee has removed every objection I had to it, and I look forward to the beneficial effects of this chapter both in the interests of the landlord as well as in those of the raiyat.'

"HIS HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR said:—'I am glad to find from quarters so different a concurrence of opinion in favour of this chapter as one of great importance and necessity. For myself I would sooner omit very many other portions of the Bill than this one. It provides for the first serious attempt to secure that which is absolutely required, by means of a careful record of rights, not only for the better administration of the country, but for a better understanding between landlords and tenants of their respective positions. Until such a record has been made, we shall have made no progress in the settlement of disputes arising between landlords and tenants. The difficulties to which the hon'ble member refers are difficulties which I am sure we can get over. For if such difficulties have been overcome in a province like the Panjab, we need fear no serious difficulty in a province like Bengal. We are not intending to press on this process with anything like undue haste, or to force it on with undue precipitation. With the sanction of the Secretary of State and of the Government of India the utmost we should attempt in the first instance would be one single district, and we shall be guided much by the success we meet with in that district before proceeding further. I am sure I speak the conviction of the Hon'ble Rao Saheb Mandlik and of every person who comes from that part of India which he represents, when I say that, where a record of rights prevails, it has been found to be good and beneficial for all sections of the landholding community.'

"The HON'BLE SIR STEUART BAYLEY* said:—'I can hardly be expected to accept a proposal for the omission of this chapter, in the settlement of which the Select Committee has taken an immense deal of pains, and which I think has been reduced to a shape in which it may be worked beneficially and without serious risk of danger to any one. The chapter covers very large ground and can be applied to various cases, individual and general; *it may be applied to a tenure or part of a tenure or to a whole district.* But I think there has been some misapprehension in the mind of the hon'ble mover of the amendment as to the Secretary of State's opinion, and I may be allowed to quote his words. He says:—

'While fully admitting the advantages which would attend the establishment of village records and accounts, the formation of a record of rights, and the introduction of a field survey, I cannot avoid the apprehension that the difficulties of carrying out these measures in those parts of Bengal in which village accounts and accountants, if they ever existed, have long ago entirely disappeared, even from tradition and remembrance, may prove greater than you anticipate. Your present proposal, however, merely contemplates an experimental commencement of the work in the Patna Division of the Province of Bihar, where the need for it is, you think, most pressing, and the conditions least unfavourable; and to this I will make no objection.'

"You have heard just now from His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor that this order of the Secretary of State is still in full force, and that at present he has no intention of going beyond it. Certain provisions of this chapter are of course applicable everywhere. A landlord in Bengal proper may apply to have these settlement operations brought into effect in regard to his estate or a portion of his estate; or on a riot taking place in any single landlord's estate, the Local Government may apply to the Government of India for permission to put it in force in that estate. But with regard to a general record of rights, not only is it distinctly understood that the Lieutenant-Governor will apply it only in some one selected district in Bihar and abide by the results of that experiment, but it is also certain that, as the Secretary of State has not sanctioned anything beyond that, nothing beyond it will be carried out until the Secretary of State does sanction it. The result I am unwilling to prophesy, but I do not say that, as in the neighbouring district of Benares the operation has been most successfully carried out without much friction, and has been the salvation of the tenant, a similar operation may be conducted in the province of Bihar, which is in almost all respects similar to the districts bordering it in the North-Western Provinces. I do not see why what has been worked so successfully in the North-Western Provinces should be inapplicable to

* Sir Steuart Bayley was in charge of the Bill.

Bihar. There is one portion o: the chapter to which further allusion will be made when the Hon'ble Rao Saheb Mandlik ma:es his proposal. I will only say that we look on the provision to which the hon'ble member's amendment refers (section 112) as particularly necessary to be kept in the Bill, ut we hope sincerely never to have occasion to use it. It is a very strong power kept in the b:kground, to be used when the operation of the ordinary law is not found sufficient. With hese remarks I oppose the motion.'

"HIS EXCELLENCY THE PRESIDENT observed that he had been very much struck by the almost complete unanimity of opini:n which prevailed in the Council as to the utility of this chapter. At the same time he was erfectly able to comprehend the natural anxiety which its unreserved application over very ext:sive areas would occasion both to the raiyats and the zamindars. Regarding the question:n the abstract, it was perfec:ly obvious that one of the first steps towards the cessation of lit:ation and ill-feeling between two antagonistic interests, was that they should each know :actly what belonged to them; therefore no one, His Excellency imagined, not even the h:'ble member himself, could in theory be opposed to the introduction of this chapter. At :e same time His Excellency could assure the hon'ble member that not only in deference: the suggestions made to them by the Secretary of State, but also from their own apprec:ion of the exigencies of the case, the Government of India would be indisposed to consent : the application of the sections referred to, otherwise than in the sense and spirit recommend:d by Lord Kimberley. By applying the machinery of the chapter to a special and lim:d area in a tentative method, they would be able to observe how the clauses were likel: to :rk, and there was every hope that by that cautious method of procedure they would be :ble to obviate those objections to which the hon'ble member had referred."

"The amendment was put :nd ne:atived."

This extract from the pr:ceedngs of the Legislative Council on the passing of the Bengal Tenancy Act :ows what the views and intentions of the Legislature were on the meaning a: application of Chapter X of the Tenancy Act. They were (1) that, in the :ords of the Hon'ble Member in charge of the Bill, "the chapter covers very lar: ground and can be applied to various cases, individual and general; it m: be applied to a tenure or part of a tenure *or to a whole district*; (2) that ":e machinery of the chapter was to be applied to a special and limited are:n a tentative method," and if found to work successfully, was to be exte:d to the entire Province of Bihar; (3) that the Government of India we:satisfied that "as in the neighbouring districts of Benares, the operations had :en most successfully carried out without much friction, and had been the s:tion of the tenant, a similar operation might be conducted in the province :Bihar, which is in almost all respects similar to the districts bordering it in : North-Western Provinces."

It is, I believe, in Indi: rule of construction of Statutes, that the intention of the Legislature may be i:rred from the debates in Council on the passing of an Act. If this be so, the: ere can be no doubt, in view of the preceding extract from the debate in :uncil, that the expression "local area," as used in Chapter X of the Tenan: ct, may mean either a tenure or a whole district. And if this conclusion were:ll in doubt, it would borrow further confirmation from clause (*d*) of secti:101, inasmuch as settlements of revenue are, as the Legislature well knew, :ertaken, not for estates alone, but also for whole districts such as Chittagong:d whole Provinces such as Orissa, both of which are now under settlement :er Chapter X of the Tenancy Act. Moreover, under section 39 of the Ac: ce-lists have to be prepared for "local areas," and the unit of area for th: poses of that section is under the Tenancy Act rules, which have the force :w, a sub-division of a district. These rules were, before they acquired the fo:of law, published in the Gazette and circulated for criticism among all Za:ari Associations and other public bodies, but no objection was ever taken :hem on the ground that a "local area" must mean "a limited area pres:g some special features."

27. An experimental tentative survey and record of rights was, in :ordance with the undertaking given in Council, :ried into effect under Mr. Collin's supervision, : typical tract of the Muzaffarpur district, and was declared by the Governme: Bengal and of India to have proved successful. The Secretary of State a: in this opinion,* and subsequently, on the :mission to him of proposals for the extension of survey and record of rights to the whole of :th Bihar, accorded his sanction to them. It is therefore manifest that th:ention now raised by the zamindars is wholly without foundation, and :n all that has been done in this connexion, the

Page 52, Parliamentary Return, East India (Bihar correspondence), dated 17th May 1892.

* Parliamentary Return (Bihar correspondence), dated 17th May 1892, page 53.

Government of Bengal has acted well within its powers, and in strict conformance with the letter of the law, and with its sprit as declared by the Legislative Council at the time the Act was passed.

I may finally call attention again to paragrph 9 of my Minute of 24th June last, in which the words of the Government f India were quoted directing the Bengal Government in 1884 to take in hand a once the organisation of the patwaris in Bihar, in view to their employment o the survey and settlement of that Province.

27A. After this paper had been put into print, I was requested by the Government of India to take the opinion of he Advocate-General as to the interpretation to be placed on the term "local area" in Chapter X of the Tenancy Act. The Hon'ble Sir Charles Paul having been accordingly consulted by the Board of Revenue, gave the folloing opinion:—

> Section 101 of the Tenancy Act is divisible into tw parts—
>
> (1) Where a survey is ordered by the Local overnment with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council.
>
> (2) Where a survey is ordered without such sation in certain specified cases [clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*c*) and (*d*)].
>
> With regard to (1), a survey may be ordered *anycase* in respect of lands in a local area. This in my opinion, regard being had to the geral terms used, authorises the survey of a province, district or sub-division of a district.
>
> With regard to (2), a survey may be ordered of te lands of a local area which, in my opinion, should be limited by the object in view dented by the occasion or cause which necessitates the exercise of the powers conferred on the Lcal Government. These occasions or causes are mentioned in clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*c*) and (*d*).

This opinion confirms what I had written, nd the latest objection of the Zamindari Association is thus shown to be devoi of foundation and unworthy of any further notice.

28. In paragraph 7 of their memorial te marginal note to paragraph 7 above, head (*f*)], the zamindars now say "Had section 101 with its express limitation of 'local area' been intende to apply to a Government survey of a whole province, or of the gre part of a Province, provision would have been made in the Act for maintang and keeping up to date the records of such survey, but no such psion is made." I welcome this statement: it is as full an admission as theamindars could be expected to make, that the maintenance of the record rights is the logical consequence of its preparation. But the memdists are wrong in thinking that provision should have been made in the iancy Act for maintaining the record. The intention of the Government, bre and at the passing of the Tenancy Act, was that there should be specialrislation for creating a Land Record agency, and the Government of India its letter No. 196A., dated 20th November 1884, instructed the Lieuten Governor to undertake such special legislation in the Bengal Legislativouncil. The words of the Governor-General in Council are—

> "It is hardly necessary to remark that the valuthe survey and record of rights (under the Tenancy Bill) will be incommensurate whe cost unless an efficient staff of patwaris and supervisors is organized. * * * If itecided to commence operations in 1885 or 1886—and on this point the Government of I will expect to be advised hereafter by the Government of Bengal—His Excellency the Gor-General in Council trusts that no effort will be spared to obtain at an early date thisite legal powers to organize the patwari staff, and that the work of organization will borously prosecuted."

In accordance with those instructions, I duced the Patwari Bill into the Bengal Legislative Council on the 31st ary 1885 (that is, before the Tenancy Act was passed) as a supplemen measure. My words were: "Without this supplementary measure the ancy Bill will fail of its full beneficial effect in Bihar, where its beneficiaet is most needed." The Bill was not sanctioned by the Secretary of Stor a reason which no longer operates: but the steps taken in 1885 clearlyv the fallacy of the argument of the Zamindari Association on this point.

Summary of arguments as to historical and legal justification for the record of rights in Bihar.

29. The preceding observations have wn, on the authority of the Regulations andrs of the Government of the day, that from tginning there never was on its part any intentb interfere with, abrogate or annul the rights of the raiyats; that under arrangements made by Lord

Cornwallis it was intended to record and uphold their rights by enjoining on the zamindars to deliver pattas to them, renewable for ever at pargana rates, to maintain patwaris and to register the unit of measurement; that the pattas were not delivered nor the patwaris maintained; that it was attempted to correct these omissions and wilful negligence by the enactment of Regulation XII of 1817; that this measure having also proved nugatory, it was proposed in 1822 to carry out a record of rights, similar in character to that we are now undertaking in Bihar; that the Court of Directors cordially approved of this proposal; that the measure was not carried out because of the want of suitable agency at the time; that the matter was again taken up in 1882 with the express object of effecting a record of rights throughout the whole of the Lower Provinces of Bengal, but *particularly in Bihar*; that when the Tenancy Bill was on the point of becoming law, the Bengal Government was directed to take immediate steps to reorganize the Patwari system in Bihar with the object of maintaining the record in that province; and finally, that on the declarations of the Government of Bengal, the Government of India, the Secretary of State, the Legislative Council, and the Hon'ble the Advocate-General, there cannot be any doubt as to the applicability of the Survey and Settlement provisions of Chapter X of the Tenancy Act to entire districts as well as to any portion of them, or as to the intention of applying them to the entire province of Bihar. From the historical and legal point of view, then, the right of the Government to make this survey and record of rights throughout Bihar, and to maintain the record when made, is incontestable.

PART III.

NECESSITY OF THE SURVEY AND RECORD OF RIGHTS IN BIHAR.

Section I.—Before the passing of the Tenancy Act.

Necessity for the record of rights in Bihar.

30. The preceding part of this Minute was concerned with the relative rights of raiyats, zamindars and Government under the Permanent Settlement, with a discussion of the manner in which the rights of the raiyats had been infringed, and of the attempts made by the Government from time to time to afford them protection. Reference has also been made to the tardy objections (now declared by the Advocate-General to be unfounded) to the survey raised on the wording of section 101 of the Tenancy Act, and it was shown that from the very first inception of the Bill, which is now Act VIII of 1885, it was the settled intention to make a survey and record of rights in the Patna Division. From that intention the Government of India never wavered, and in drafting the Act such language was used as was deemed suitable to give the intention its full effect. I now proceed to consider the question whether it is, as matter of practical expediency, necessary or desirable to make such a survey and record of rights. The necessity is being daily denied by the zamindars and their advocates, while the raiyats are voiceless and the Government averse from entering the dusty arena of newspaper controversy. The story of the hardships of the Bihar peasant is a thrice-told tale, which it would be unnecessary to repeat were it not that we have on the side of the raiyats nothing but ignorance, poverty and helplessness, while we have on the side of the zamindars education, wealth and power, and all the trained intelligence and advocacy that wealth can purchase. I deem it necessary, therefore, for I trust the last time, so far as I am concerned, to re-state the evidence on the point.

Material condition of the Bihar tenantry.

31. It is unnecessary for my present purpose that I should retrace the condition of Bihar further back than the famine year of 1874. In that year there was a more or less severe failure of the crops throughout the whole of Bihar, the failure being greatest in the district of Tirhut. So impoverished were the raiyats of that district, so utterly without resource, and so unable to bear up against the failure of a single season's crop, that one-third of the population was at one period in the receipt of relief from the Government. Had it not been for the relief operations set on foot by the State, at least half a

The Famine of 1874.

million people would have died of starvation in this single district. The financial effect of the relief operations in the single Darbhanga district is thus described in the report of the Director of Agriculture in Bengal for the year 1885-86 :—

"In 1874 a scarcity occurred in Darbhanga—a district which is one of the most fertile, best cultivated, and highly favoured by nature in all India. It was necessary for Government to expend in that year, by way of charitable relief, no less than 37 lakhs of rupees in cash, and to expend 118,000 tons of grain valued in Burma at nine pounds sterling per ton, thus costing in all more than one hundred and twenty lakhs of rupees. If to this be added the cost of freight from Burma, the cost of transport to Tirhut, and the cost of famine establishment there employed, and if the amounts realized by sale of part of the grain be allowed as a set-off against these latter items, it follows that it will not be too much to put down the net cost of famine to Government in a portion of this single district at a crore and a half of rupees, the Government revenue of that part of the district as it then stood (the boundaries have since been changed) being less than five lakhs per annum. It thus appears that the famine expenditure on this district, in one year, was more than thirty times the amount of the Government revenue, or far more than its capitalized value.

The revenue of the district as it now stands is a little over seven lakhs, and the rental was Rs. 71,37,044 according to a valuation made in 1883 (it is now 10 per cent. more, or eleven times the Government revenue as shown in paragraph 15 above . This enormous unearned increment, *amounting to about one hundred-fold the zamindars' income, as taken for revenue assessment purposes three generations ago*, has, with very few exceptions, been secured without any expenditure of capital by the landlords, without their having fulfilled many of the obligations which English notions of landed property attach to the ownership of land. I do not make this a special ground of complaint against Bihar landlords. They are what their training and environment have made them. But I do say that this enormous enhancement of rents, which the law had fixed in permanence, has helped to reduce the raiyats to a very precarious condition, and that it should now give them the greatest claims upon their landlords' liberality. The vicissitude of a single season, the early cessation of one year's rains, brought the entire district across the threshold of disaster twenty years ago. The population is now denser than in 1874, all efforts to promote emigration have failed, and the people have less to fall back upon, as their rents, which were high in 1876, amounting to 63 lakhs of rupees, have since risen to 78 lakhs, or by nearly 25 per cent. A reference to pages 8 and 73 of the Government of India blue-book of 1892, on "Prices and Wages in India" (ninth issue), will show that within this period prices of staple food crops have risen by not less than 12 per cent. As there was in 1876 little or no room for extension of cultivation, it seems to follow that rents in Darbhanga have since the Famine been enhanced at least twice as much as the law contemplated they ought to be. If it be remembered that the failure of the *kharif* crop of 1874 brought a million of hungry people on our hands in the single district of Tirhut, who, if the Government had not come to their aid, would have starved, and that since 1874 there have been no less than four scarcities in the district, necessitating the distribution of relief by Government, the full significance of these unprecedented enhancements of rent will be appreciated.*

Enquiry into the material condition of the people of North Bihar in 1875.

32. In the autumn of 1875 there was again a slight failure of the crops in North Bihar, and careful enquiries were made into the condition of the people. The results were very disquieting, and Sir Richard Temple's Government, in communication with the Government of India, appointed a Commission, consisting of the late Mr. Geddes and myself, to enquire into the whole agrarian condition of North Bihar. We reported in 1876, and I invite special attention to the following remarks by Mr. Geddes, in which I concurred. Mr. Geddes was, I may add, an officer of altogether exceptional competency for an enquiry of the sort:—

"How comes it that, with the present not very grave vicissitude of season, the Imperial Government should be expected to interpose in regard to a most fertile region, the great bulk

* During the famine of 1874, the great Darbhanga estates were under the management of the Court of Wards, and the management did as much as could be expected to relieve the starving tenantry. After attaining his majority, the Maharaja, Sir Lachmeswar Singh, approved of all that had been done, and is thus justly entitled to the praise attaching to public benefaction. The same remarks apply, though in a modified degree, to the Maharaja of Hatwa, Sir Krishna Pertab Sahi, and the late Maharaja of Bettia. In Champaran, however, and in Saran, the scarcity was much less than in Darbhanga.

of whose agricultural profits go elsewhere than to the Imperial Exchequer? How comes it that Bihar, with an industrious population, the most fertile soil in India, a territory comparatively very lightly assessed in land tax—how comes it that this Bihar should be seeking imperial relief oftener and more extensively than the regions less fertile and far less (more?) heavily assessed by Government?" * * * "The explanation as to why the three northern sub divisions should not tide over the vicissitude by falling back on food reserves, or on money resource, summarises itself briefly thus. The whole conditions of agricultural industry there are such as to render it precarious. There is no sufficient certainty as to tenure. It is impossible for the population to fall back this year solely on accumulated reserves, whether of grain, of property, of money, or of credit. For the whole conditions of life, as will be seen from the Collector's reports, are such as to preclude any sufficient accumulation of the kind. The raiyats cannot fall back on any credit fund like the tenant-right of other parts of Bengal, for practically there is no such right available to offer in pledge. The people who plough and sow, and who ought to reap, have not a reasonable assurance as to the fruits of their industry."

The *thikadari* and indigo system.

Mr. Geddes went on to describe the unsatisfactory character of rent suits in Bihar, and the *thikadari* or farming system, consisting in the assignment to rent speculators of the control which the landlord is able to exercise over the tenant, including therein almost unlimited powers of distraint, enhancement and ejectment. The report also alluded to abuses connected with the cultivation of indigo, and reasons were given for the inference that in Muzaffarpur and the northern sub-division of the Bhagalpur district one-third of the culturable area was under *thika* assignment to indigo planters. The practice of illegal distraint, or of sending out bailiffs to prevent the reaping of the crop, as a means of pressure in order to enforce compliance, whether with legitimate demands or exactions, was very fully described; and the points where violations of the law habitually occurred were specified with precision. The general effect was to show that in North Bihar the raiyat had practically no rights allowed him at all, and that all the worst abuses of the days of Regulation VII of 1799 prevailed throughout a region where Act X of 1859 had been nominally in force for nearly 20 years.

Sir Richard Temple, in reviewing Mr. Geddes's Report, remarked that the condition of the peasantry was undoubtedly low in Bihar,—lower than that of any other peasantry with equal natural advantages which he had seen in India. He considered that a remedy should be applied to the abuse of the power of distraining the raiyats' crops. The Government of India promised the Lieutenant-Governor its support in any measures he might propose for ameliorating the condition of the people of North Bihar; and the observations of the Secretary of State* upon this correspondence were as follows:—

* Despatch No. 32, dated the 19th October 1876.

"Your Lordship in Council is fully aware that the situation in North Bihar is one of grave anxiety. The well-being of the population is described in the able report of Mr. Geddes as resting on foundation of a very precarious character, and it will demand the utmost vigilance and discrimination of the Government of Bengal to deal with the complication with which the whole question is embarrassed. Your Excellency in Council has wisely determined n t to have recourse to immediate and necessarily incomplete remedies, but to leave the subject to the attentive consideration of the Government of Bengal, which will gradually introduce such ameliorations as full experience and extended inquiry may dictate. I fully approve of the resolution of Your Lordship in Council, and shall await with interest the result of the measures which the Lieutenant-Governor, under the sanction of your Government, shall deem it his duty to adopt."

33. The measures adopted by the Lieutenant-Governor (Sir Ashley Eden) consisted in the appointment of a Committee of Bihar officials and non-officials to consider the whole question of the relations of landlord and tenant in that province. Meanwhile, the zamindars of Bengal, unlike their fellow landlords of Bihar, were being worsted by their raiyats, and were pressing for special facilities for the realization of their rents. Following the precedents of former years, a Bill for the more summary realization of rents was introduced into the local Council; but times had changed: the sufferings of the raiyats had touched the conscience of the Government, and it was recognized that the rent question had become the great question of the day, and that the time had come for dealing with it in a full and comprehensive manner. Accordingly the Bill just referred to was withdrawn, and the whole question of the rent law of both Bengal and Bihar was referred to a Commission. That Commission produced the first draft of

Opinion of the Government of India on the material condition of Bihar in 1882.

the Bengal Tenancy Act, and the Government of India in 1882, in recommending legislation on the lines of the draft to Her Majesty's Secretary of State, wrote of the depressed condition of the Bihar tenantry thus:—

"The evidence before us of the depressed and precarious position of the tenantry in that part of India is full and conclusive. It would be altogether a mistake to suppose that the unfortunate state of things which there exists is mainly, or even very largely, due to indigo planting. The facts connected with the cultivation of indigo, which were brought to notice some years ago, testify indeed to the possibility of serious oppression, and strikingly exhibit the manner in which persons exercising the authority of landlords could trample upon the rights of defenceless peasants. But these facts, taken by themselves, merely illustrate abuses of proprietary power which are rife throughout Bihar. The area under indigo cultivation is an insignificant fraction out of the 23,670 square miles which constitute the Patna Division. It is manifest that the majority of the raiyats in the whole of that large tract of country are rack-rented. The raiyats of the Shahabad district appear to be better off than others; but for a general view we would refer Your Lordship to the note drawn up by Mr. Reynolds on the 11th December 1880, after a visit to Bankipore, during which he had conferred with experienced officers. It was urged upon him that the great evil which calls for remedy in Bihar is the arbitrary enhancement of rent at the will of the landlord. The Collector of Patna reports that the mass of the tenantry are now paying rents which have doubled within the last 16 years. The Covenanted Deputy Collector of Gaya calculates that the rental of the different districts is at present from twice to four times the amount paid at the time of the Permanent Settlement. Mr. Reynolds shows from the road cess returns that the incidence of rent is higher in the Patna district than in any other district of Bengal; higher in Darbhanga and Saran than in any other districts except Hooghly and Burdwan; and higher in Gaya, Shahabad and Muzaffarpur than in any other districts except the above and five more, of which two, Rajshahi and the 24-Parganas, pay the same average rental as Gaya, and one (Rangpur) pays the same average rental as Shahabad. The only district of the Patna Division, where the average rental does not appear to be unusually high, is Champaran, of which the circumstances are exceptional, as the proportion of waste land is very large.

"Without entering upon any detail in support of our opinion that the Bihar raiyat is poor and oppressed, we will cite briefly a few descriptions of prevailing circumstances or practices given by zamindars or planters themselves. Major Hidayat Ali, an important landholder in Bihar, writes on 20th September 1877: 'The raiyats of this province, viz., the heads of families, and even the women and the male adult children of the agricultural classes, though they labour hard, are yet in a state of almost utter destitution, and that owing to the heavy assessments laid on them.' His opinion is characterised by Colonel Emerson, the Cantonment Magistrate of Dinajpur, as unprejudiced and valuable. Mr. Worsley, Collector of Muzaffarpur, reports on 9th October 1877—

'That illegal distraint was universally practised in this district I well know, but I had not expected to receive the following naive confession from all the principal zamindars of Hajipur sub-division: 'The zamindars confess that they resort to private distraint in preference to distraint through the Court, the latter involving expense which has to come on the raiyat, and diminishing his means of paying his legitimate dues, as well as of leaving a sufficient balance for his own support.'"

The rest of the quotation is connected with a description of abuses in connexion with indigo planting, many of which have been remedied through the influence of the Indigo Planters' Association.

Material condition of Bihar immediately before and after the passing of the Tenancy Act.

34. This, it will be admitted, is no measured condemnation of the whole land and rent system of Bihar, but it was not so forcibly put as it might have been had the Government in 1882 been in possession of the detailed information which came to light a few years later. At the risk of anticipating what I have to say regarding the condition of Bihar after the Tenancy Act had become law, I reproduce this information here. In paragraph 11 of my Minute of 24th June, I stated the circumstances under which Mr. Collin was appointed to carry out an experimental survey and record of rights in the Muzaffarpur district. The report, which after his operations were brought to an end, Mr. Collin submitted, is a most valuable document, and throws a flood of light not only on the past practices and existing condition of Bihar, but also demonstrates beyond reasonable doubt the benefits which the raiyats will derive from a survey and record of rights. Mr. Collin's report,* which was submitted to Government in 1887, shows that in the tract settled by him, which was selected as being typical of the worst difficulties to be anticipated in the Muzaffarpur district, rents had been illegally and arbitrarily enhanced out of all proportion to what is justified by law, and that this illegal and arbitrary enhancement, as might naturally be expected with an increasing population, had gone on during the 10 years

* Printed on Parliamentary Return, dated 17th May 1892.

before 1887 to even a greater extent than was previously the case. The general principle which usually regulates legal enhancements of rent in these Provinces is known as the Rule of Proportion, and it depends on the rise in prices of staple crops. Under this rule the enhanced rent must bear to the former rent the same or a less proportion than the existing prices bear to prices at the time the former rent was fixed. Now in the period dealt with by Mr. Collin the rise in prices was 29 per cent. (paragraph 70). Yet he found the increase in rent rates in one village, named in Appendix F of his report, to be 314 per cent. since 1840, the average increase in 33 villages named in that Appendix was 137 per cent., and the average increase in 36 villages named in Appendix G 116 per cent. (paragraph 69). This enormous increase in rates was unconnected with extension of cultivation, which was taken into account in striking the rates, or with improvement in productiveness of the soil (paragraph 69), and was doubtless effected by extra-legal means.

Excessive enhancements of rent and illegal exactions.

35. Mr. Collin brings to notice that periodically recurring enhancements of rent had only come into vogue since 1840 (paragraph 68), and he draws attention (paragraph 9) to the very significant fact that it was also in 1840 that the zamindars adopted the system of giving thika leases or assignments of villages at high rents. What that meant will be apparent from the remarks made in paragraphs 34, 36 and 46 of this Minute. There is no doubt that these enhancements stand to these assignments as effect to cause. It was the rare thing for a Bihar zamindar to sue for enhancement in the courts. One way of enforcing an enhancement is described in paragraph 36 below, or, if the owner wished to be saved the trouble of that, he often gave a lease of the village to a thikadar or farmer, if indeed the mere threat to give the village in lease was not sufficient, as it very often was, to reduce the raiyats to submission. This system of leasing or assigning the rents of a village, with power to the assignee to exercise the full authority of the landlord during the currency of the lease—the *thikadari* system, as it is called—has been the curse of Bihar. How far it has been used to compel raiyats to grow a particular crop against their will I do not now stay to consider; but if this compulsion still exists, I do not attach to it anything approaching to the evil effects on the people which has been produced by the continuous worrying and excessive enhancements of their rents which have been effected through this bad system of land management. I have heard it maintained that the prosperity of the indigo industry depends on the continuance of this *thikadari* system, and that under the European planter the system is shorn of many of its evil attributes; that rents are not raised, nor illegal exactions, enforced, nor the raiyats exposed to the rapacity of money-lenders or other members of the horse-leech tribe. I do not deny that there are farmers and farmers; and probably most indigo planters are considerate and helpful landlords. But I do think that the industry would thrive better if it could shake itself free of the *thikadari* system, and I do not believe that the raiyats will ever be adequately protected from its abuses until a record of their rights is made and maintained.

Further evidence of continuation of excessive rent enhancements after the passing of the Tenancy Act.

36. That the system of illegal and arbitrary enhancement was in 1887 still in operation in Bihar is shown beyond dispute by the facts mentioned in paragraphs 73 to 80 of Mr. Collin's report, and in his remarks on Appendices F and G. An examination of these Appendices will show that in village Kamtowl the rates all round were raised in 1876 and again in 1884 to 230 per cent. over the rates of 1840, in Burdaha by 46 per cent. since 1885, in Kinaru by 11 per cent. since 1880, in Balra Karum Chand by 90 per cent. since 1877, in Chowsewan by 65 per cent. since 1880, in Bishunpore Bhagwan by 16 per cent. since 1880, and in Panapur Khoord by 24 per cent. since 1883. A striking instance of the helplessess and ignorance of the raiyats is given in paragraph 72, where it is stated that an occupancy raiyat, holding at Rs. 3 per bigha, and entitled by law to hold at that rate, yet took in the year 1884-85 a lease for three years, by the terms of which he agreed to pay Rs. 6-14 per bigha, to give up his land at the end of that period and at any time during the currency of the lease, and further contracted not to build any house or cowshed or farm building on his land, or to dig a well or to plant trees, all of which things he is, it is true, entitled to do under the Tenancy Act, with or without his landlord's consent, and notwithstanding such agreement,

but which he will not do, and will not know of his right to do, unless his rights under the Tenancy Act are brought home to him by the prosecution of a survey and record of rights. A still more striking instance of the methods by which rents are being enhanced by landlords is mentioned in the same paragraph, where it was reported in July 1887 that the agents of a certain zamindar "were attempting to induce the raiyats to execute agreements to pay enhanced rents." A number of Muhammadans refused, and the zamindar's agent, in November last, went to the village to reason with them. The day after his arrival a case was put in against the Muhammadans for the slaughter of a bullock. The case was found to be false. In February last a case was brought against some other raiyats in the criminal courts. These raiyats executed agreements (*sharahnamahs*), and the case was compromised. In March an attempt was made before the Registrar at Muzaffarpur to have a *sharahnamah* registered, which the raiyats would not admit to have executed. The Registrar found that most of the raiyats were not present when the deed was said to have been executed by them, and that their signatures had been written by the patwari. Again, in April another criminal case was filed against a refractory raiyat, which was dismissed. "This is, perhaps," adds Mr. Collin, "as good an instance as any that could be given of the operation of free contract, by which the raiyat, in his generosity, voluntarily consents to forego a part of the profits of his land."

Such was the state of things before and for two years after the Tenancy Act was passed. I shall presently show that there has been practically no amendment up to date; and that, unenforced by executive action, the Act has remained as much of a dead letter in Bihar as Act X of 1859 had done.

Proposal of the Famine Commission regarding Bihar. Record of rights recommended.

37. I conclude my references to the condition of Bihar before the enactment of the Bengal Tenancy Act of 1885, by quoting the remarks of the Famine Commission of 1880 on the state of Bihar. After describing the varions abuses found to prevail in Bihar, which they visited, and suggesting remedies, *prominent among which was a survey and record of rights*, the Famine Commission remarked: "Where, as in Bihar, the relations of landlord and tenant are too often those of a high-handed proprietary body on the one hand, habitually disregarding the law, and on the other a tenantry ignorant, very helpless, sunk in the most abject poverty, the onus of bringing complaints of oppression ought not to be laid upon the tenants. The first and imperative duty of the Bengal Government and the local officials would seem to be to guard zealously against infringements of the law by the rich, and to put them down as if they were offences against the public peace."

Page 121, paragraph 37 of their Report.

Comparison of the material condition of raiyats of Bihar in 1788 and 1888.

38. Before I pass on from this part of the subject it may be useful to compare the condition of Bihar as it is at present with what it was a hundred years ago in the early days of British rule. There is a large element of uncertainty in all such comparisons, especially when applied to periods so removed from each other by lapse of years, and so differentiated by growth of population and its pressure on the soil. But such comparisons are instructive and point an useful moral. The following extract from Mr. Grant's Analysis of the Bengal Finances (1788) shows how things were a century ago:—

"Generally, the Soubha of Bihar derives its superiority over most of the other provinces of the Mogul Empire, from the great natural advantages of a temperate climate, high and fertile soil, well watered, productive of the drier grains and all the luxuries required by the more active, warlike inhabitants of the north; with a centrical situation, having easy communication internally, and serving as an emporium, or by means of the river Ganges, a thoroughfare to facilitate the commercial intercourse between Bengal, as well as foreign maritime countries, and the more interior provinces of Hindustan. These advantages drew arts and manufactures from abroad; and after the Pathan conquest produced an increased population in soldiers or emigrants of that martial agricultural people, who were induced to become settlers, either from local allurement, or the political encouragement of Government, in establishing a national feudal militia towards the eastern imperial frontier. The revolution in favour of the royal descendants of Timoor, first brought about in 933 Hejirah, or A.D. 1527, and finally effected on the accession of Akbar in 963 of the former, or 1555 of the latter era, with the regular civil administration established then, and ever since continued in almost its original form, heightened greatly the prosperity of the Soubah, under the crown of Delhi;

while the independent state of numerous Mussalman jagirdars, joined to the refractory spirit of a hardy warlike race of Hindu land-holders and peasantry, differing greatly in bodily temperament, nourished by the heartier food of wheat and barley, from their effeminate neighbours of Bengal, living chiefly on the watery diet of rice, served in some measure to preserve internal tranquillity and resist the tyranny of lawless fouzdari usurpers in time of recent public anarchy.

"Accordingly, agriculture, manufactures and commerce have always highly flourished in this favoured province. Opium, which may be consid red the peculiar produce and staple commodity of the country, might fairly be estimated to return in gross, under rules of a private or public monopoly of necessary existence everywhere in India, twenty lakhs of rupees for about four thousand chests exported yearly; including a moderate charge of sovereign territorial rent, with full cost of labour, and profit on stock, amounting in value to one-half of the whole quantity produced. Saltpetre, manufactured chiefly in the Circars of Hajeepur and Saran reckoned at two lakhs of maunds, might moderately be calculated to yield to the labourer and sovereign, or favoured merchants, ten lakhs of rupees; cotton cloths for exportation on all sides, twenty additional takhs; while the ordinary productions of grain, sugar, indigo, oil, betel-leaf, &c., carried out for sale, returned at least fifteen lakhs more, after deducting an equal sum for the annual imports of Bengal; salt being almost the only article required from abroad for home consumption: thus leaving perhaps on the whole a clear balance of trade to the Soubah of fifty lakhs of rupees to answer a yearly drain of specie to the like amount, constituting the net tribute to be derived from a gross rental of near a million sterling per annum; besides a profit of ten lakhs, accruing from the usual State monopolies of opium with saltpetre. And all this, after complete comfortable subsistence, on the most ample equitable scale of political economy in Asia, of a population probably of three millions of souls, exclusive of the Civil and Military establishments necessary for the internal administration of the province. It may further be observed that, if such were the affluent circumstances of the country under the despotism of the Moguls, its mercantile prosperity forming the basis of actual wealth and revenue, hath surely not diminished within the period of the freer, more lenient government of its present rulers, as might be sufficiently evinced by reference to the Custom House accounts of Patna during the term elapsed, exhibiting comparatively a view of great increasing commerce."

What the condition of things is now is indicated by the result of the enquiries which, entirely unconnected with the operation of the Rent Law, Lord Dufferin instituted in 1888 into the condition of the poorer classes throughout India. Enquiries were then made in typical villages, in every district and subdivision in Bengal and Bihar. The actual rents and areas of holdings and population in these villages were ascertained, together with profits of cultivation, extent of indebtedness, cost of food, of clothing, and of general subsistence, and the result was declared by the Commissioner of Patna to be that 40 per cent. of the population of the division, which contains 16 million souls, were insufficiently fed, to say nothing of clothing and housing; that they had to undergo long fasts, having for a considerable part of the year to satisfy themselves with one meal a day.

Now my own belief is that this picture is greatly overdrawn, and that in average years the destitution is not nearly so great as was supposed in 1888. But there is still no doubt that the condition of a considerable portion of the people of Bihar has deteriorated, that it is now precarious to a degree, that many live from hand to month, and that owing to over-population and excessive rents, a slight vicissitude of season would bring them in vast numbers on the hands of the Government for relief.

Comparison of material condition of Bihar zamindars in 1788 and 1888.

39. While the Bihar raiyat was in 1788 described by Mr. Grant as prosperous, the Bihar zamindar was, on the other hand (see Appendix No. 5 to Mr. Shore's Minute, dated 18th September 1789), in a degraded condition compared with the zamindars of Bengal; "unnoticed," says Mr. Grant, "by Government, and left at the mercy of the aumils or farmers. They, in fact, considered themselves proprietors of only a tithe of their real estates." Since then the circumstances have entirely changed. The Bihar zamindars, when they have not squandered their substance in extravagance, are now rich, their income from the land having, as shown in paragraph 15 above, increased stupendously in three generations. They are powerful and united, and have advocates in the Press and in the Legislatures both here and in England. Every prejudice that can arise from possession of great wealth or from European ideas of property is entirely on their side. On the other hand, the condition of the raiyats has become most lamentable. In Sir Ashley Eden's words, which are truer now than when they were uttered 15 years ago, they are "poor, helpless, discontented men, bound down to a state of extreme depression, tenants of the richest province in Bengal, yet the poorest and most wretched class in the country."

It has been contended that exaction of excessive rents and insecurity of tenure have had nothing to do with bringing about this state of things, which, it is said, is all due to over-population. If there were fewer people in Bihar they would doubtless be better off than they now are, but at the same time I point out that the Bengal districts of Dacca, Backergunge and Mymensingh, where rents are not excessive and where the people are prosperous, well-fed and well-clothed, are more densely populated than Darbhanga, Champaran and Gaya, where 40 per cent. of the population, according to the estimates of 1888, but let us say only 20 per cent., subsist on one meal a day. Over-population no doubt has much to do with the poverty of the Bihar raiyats, but there can be as little doubt—every competent witness, official and non-official, admits it—that insecurity of tenure and rack-renting are largely responsible for the difficulties with which we are now, and have been for twenty years, confronted, in connection with them. We *cannot* deal effectively with over-population; our best efforts to induce the people to emigrate have proved failures, for emigration is a plant of very slow growth, which cannot be forced. We *can* by means of the record of rights deal effectively with illegal enhancements of rent and illegal ejectments, and on these facts who can say that we ought not to hasten the completion of a work from which such good results are to be expected?

NECESSITY OF THE SURVEY AND RECORD OF RIGHTS IN BIHAR—*continued.*

Section II.—After the passing of the Bengal Tenancy Act (VIII of 1885).

Improvement in Rent Law affected by Bengal Tenancy Act.

40. So far I have dealt with the condition of the raiyats of Bihar before the passing of the Tenancy Act in 1885. The evidence as to the intolerable nature of the abuses which prevailed in the province was conclusive, and suitable remedies were applied in the Tenancy Act. The remedies applied were of two kinds. The first kind consisted chiefly of legislative declarations conferring greater fixity of tenure, provisions regarding receipts, and limitation on enhancements of rent. The second or executive remedies, as they may be called, consisted in the record of rights which had been recognized in 1822, after all other possible means had failed, as indispensable, and had been recommended by the Famine Commission as the only certain way of securing to the Bihar raiyats the enjoyment of the benefits of security of tenure at fair rents, which the law assigned him. It is now alleged by the zamindari advocates that the first kind of remedy is sufficient without its executive complement; and shutting their eyes to the lessons of the past, they say that without executive action the raiyats will henceforward, by the mere operation of the Tenancy Act, have all the protection they stand in need of. In my reply to their memorial at Muzaffarpur, I differed from that view, and said that "the record of rights was far more important to the raiyats than the recent change in the organic written law; for the written law among an ignorant, struggling people remains a dead letter—witness Act X of 1859—unless executive action steps in to do for the people what they cannot do for themselves. This is the justification of Chapter X of the Tenancy Act, as it is of protective agrarian legislation wherever it has been undertaken." But I shall not content myself on this occasion with utterances which may be criticized as academic. I proceed to show that the amended Tenancy law does as a matter of fact afford no sufficient protection to the depressed and ignorant raiyats of Bihar, that its most important provisions have been already systematically set at naught by the zamindars, and that since its enactment in 1885 the same illegalities have prevailed as before. If I can do this, the necessity of a survey and record of rights will not, I presume, be any longer contested even by partizans, nor doubted by careless observers.

Improvement in connection with receipts for rent: nugatory.

41. I begin with the provisions of the Tenancy Act regarding receipts for rent. It has been asserted that these provisions, which required the landlords to give receipts to their tenants, specifying the area of the holding and amount of the rent, would in the long run have the same effect as a record of rights in certifying to the raiyats the amount of the landlords' demand upon them and the areas and incidents of their holdings, and that these receipts would in the course of time furnish the Civil Courts with trustworthy evidence on which disputes might be adjusted and arbitrary enhancements checked.

This I say has been asserted; but on historical grounds was the assertion reasonable? If Lord Cornwallis' injunctions upon zamindars to adjust the rights of the raiyats by the grant of pattas proved to be wholly ineffectual, was it reasonable to expect that the same object could be effected by an injunction to grant receipts? If for 100 years we had failed to compel zamindars to give in pattas information as to the area of the raiyat's holding and the amount of his rent, were we likely to succeed by merely enjoining on them to give it in receipts? The Bengal Government, when engaged on the Tenancy Bill, was under no such delusion, and pinned its faith, as regards Bihar especially, to the record of rights.

42. But passing from the region of speculation to the domain of fact, what has actually happened? These things have happened. Mr. Collin found that, after the passing of the Tenancy Act, receipts in the prescribed form were not being generally given by native landlords; that where they were in some cases given, fictitious rentals had been entered in the landlord's part of the counterfoil receipts; and that the provisions regarding granting of receipts were in reality being had recourse to in order to fabricate evidence to show that rentals in excess of what were really paid were the then existing rentals, and that unless and until the raiyat becomes an educated man with a knowledge of his rights and power to enforce them, or unless and until the area and incidents of his holding and the amount of his rent are certified to him by a public officer in the manner contemplated by Chapter X of the Tenancy Act, he will continue to be in the hopeless condition that he occupied before the Act was passed.

Evidence of Local Officers as to continuance of abuses against which Tenancy Act was aimed.

Again the Hon'ble Mr. Stevens, who was Commissioner of Patna in 1890, wrote thus:—

"In Shahabad the number of books and forms sold from the Government treasury is given in the margin. Many zamindars, among whom is the Maharaja of Dumraon, now prefer to make their own arrangements for these forms; but it is feared that a considerable proportion, especially of the smaller landlords, neglect the law. The Collector suggests that the civil courts should be instructed to report to the Magistrate all cases of omission, that he may take action under sub-section (3); he further remarks that he does not see why neglect or refusal to grant receipts should not also be punishable by a Magistrate, since the present procedure laid down in sub-section (2) is not resorted to. He would also in patwari cases require the counterfoil receipt and account books of the village to be filed, and the landlord or patwaris brought to book, according as the one or the other is to blame. As at present advised, I cannot support this last proposal, for I think it would seriously complicate these cases. I should fear that side issues would be raised, and the proceedings drawn out to an inordinate degree.

Years.	Books.	Forms.
1885-86	102	60,023
1886-87	934	900
1887-88	184	31,000
1888-89	691	36,200
1889-90	150	13,700
1890-91	277	14,900

"In Darbhanga it is reported that the provisions of the law regarding giving of receipts are neglected. The following remarks of the Munsif of Darbhanga are quoted:—

'In the majority of rent suits that came before me for trial, *I found that the landlords had systematically neglected to follow the provisions of sections 56 and 57 of the Bengal Tenancy Act.* I found that in 99 cases out of 100 the landlords still followed the old system of granting rent receipts in unprinted slips without specifying at all the particulars pointed out in section 56. Counterfoil receipts are seldom kept by the landlords.'

"The Collector of Saran reports that the forms prescribed by law are regarded as unfavourable to the landlords. Only the larger ones use them.

"The Collector of Champaran makes the following remarks:—

'Landlords in many instances either do not grant receipts at all, or grant them in some manuscript form of their own. Much litigation would possibly be avoided and many cases would certainly be more easily decided by the courts were proper and formal printed receipts regularly given and received. It is not always, however, the landlord who is in fault, for it is often the raiyat who refused to accept the receipt. Where either party is actuated by a dishonest motive, the receipt is ignored, the landlord taking care not to grant it if he wishes to have his hands free in the future, and the tenant declining to accept it when he hopes that on the occasion of the next landlord he will be able to obtain better terms than those on which he actually holds his land, and which he thinks he would not be able to dispute if he accepted receipts setting them forth. The Act provides penalties for neglect or refusal on the part of the landlord to grant receipts, but the provisions are practically, so far as this district is concerned, a dead letter, while there is no penalty that I am aware of for refusal on the part of a tenant to accept a receipt. If both the granting and the receiving of receipts in the prescribed form could be insisted on, results would be much more satisfactory, but so long as neither party interests himself in the matter, it is not easy to recommend any remedy for the existing state of affairs."

The present Commissioner, Mr. Forbes, in March of the present year, writes to the same effect :—

"I have frequently brought to notice the almost universal disregard of the civil courts to the provisions of sections 56, 57, and 58, regarding the giving of receipts. * * I think I am correct in saying that it is still a common practice to allow rent receipts of any form and kind to be filed before them."

It may, I think, be regarded as certain that the provisions of the Tenancy Act regarding rent receipts are wholly insufficient to give protection to the ignorant raiyats of Bihar. A typical illustration of the insufficiency will be given in paragraph 44 below.

43. It has not been, so far as I know, alleged that any of the other provisions of the Act can without a survey and record of rights have any more practical effect than the provisions of the previous law in certifying to the raiyat the land he holds or amount of the rent he is to pay for it, or in checking illegal and arbitrary enhancements. Act X of 1859, as well as all the previous rent laws, gave the raiyats extensive rights in theory, but left them to assert them in the Civil Courts if infringed; this they were unable to do, because, owing to the subjection of the patwari to the landlords, the latter monopolised all the evidence as to the occupancy of the lands and the amount of the existing rent, and when landlords sought an enhancement, they did not resort to the Courts in order to obtain it, but simply demanded the enhanced rent as being the existing rent already agreed upon. The raiyat having no document in his possession to show the amount of the previously existing rent, was unable to resist the landlord's demand, and thought in practice it was safer to yield at once rather than be harassed in the first place in the Civil Courts and be worsted in the end. What the raiyat primarily wants is a document which will be accepted by the Courts as proof of the actual rent payable by him. This the proceedings under the survey and record of rights alone can give him, and it is as futile to expect that the provisions regarding giving receipts will secure this end now, as it was in Lord Cornwallis' day to suppose it could be attained by the grant of pattas. The experience of the past ten years confirms the futility of expectation.

Character of surveys made by zamindars, and possibility of utilizing them.

The zamindars' memorial calls attention to the fact that some landlords have had surveys made of their estates at considerable expense, and that it is unfair to call on them to bear the burden of a further measurement. I am personally acquainted with some of the cases alluded to, and as regards others I am advised that the surveys were not made with scientific accuracy, while there was no real record of rights made out at all. A record of rights is an impartial document defining and limiting the reciprocal duties and rights of all parties claiming an interest in the soil. These zamindari surveys and records were made out for rent collecting purposes only, and I am advised in none of the documents was the *status* of the raiyat shown, nor had the officers who made the surveys any legal authority to make out a record of rights. Moreover, had a record been prepared under the Rent law as it then stood, it would necessarily fail to exhibit rights and *status* conferred on raiyats by the Tenancy Act of 1885. We shall in our cadastral operations use the landlords' survey maps and record of rents payable so far as they are correct and sufficient, and thereby we shall strive to spare him expense; but as the best kept zamindari papers fall of necessity far short of a Record of Rights, we must ourselves prepare such a record.

Evidence of Local Officers as to continued existence of old abuses—*contd.*

44. Turning now to the question whether the same illegalities prevail in Bihar since the passing of the Tenancy Act, as before, I find that the Commissioner of Patna (the late Mr. Boxwell) reported in 1889* that—

* Parliamentary Return, page 65.

"uncertainty about rent and tenure prevailed generally over the whole division, not equally of course in all places, and perhaps to an excessive degree in some ascertainable smaller tracts, but uncertainty was the rule for which a survey and record of rights was the best known remedy."

The Collectors of the northern districts wrote thus in the same year:—

The Collector of Darbhanga—

"There are many estates in this district in which Government may properly interfere if the propriety of a judicial determination of rents, as effecting a survey and record of rights,

district. In Champaran, during the same period (1886—1892), only ten agreements were registered, and all of these exceeded the limit on enhancements prescribed by section 29 of the Tenancy Act! But in addition to these ten illegal agreements, 680 *sharanamahs* were registered in Champaran. A *sharanamah* is an admission by the raiyat that rent is payable at a certain rate, and as the document makes no reference to the rate payable before its execution, it evades the limitation on enhancements prescribed by the Bengal Tenancy Act. What effect such practice can have on an ignorant tenantry will be perceived from my remarks in paragraph 45 above.

In Saran only 36 agreements for enhancement of rent out of Court have been registered since the passing of the Tenancy Act, and the total amount of the enhancement under them was only Rs. 259-1-8. In Darbhanga* not a single agreement for enhancement properly so called was registered, but I hear that in parts of Darbhanga the *sharanamah* business has been, and is being, sedulously worked.[1] Enough has been said to show that enhancements are not effected now any more than they were before the passing of the Tenancy Act by recourse to the Civil Courts or by the other methods provided in that Act. They are effected in an arbitrary and illegal manner, as of old, by entering the enhanced rent in the patwari papers as the existing rent, and leaving the raiyat at his peril to dispute the demand. Could there be any better demonstration of the practical necessity of that appeal to the Civil Courts before enhancements are allowed, which I dwelt upon in my reply to the memorial of the Planters' Association, or of the urgent need of the record of rights which will afford the raiyat a means of resisting these illegal and never-ending enhancements of his rent?

* If in the estates of the Maharajas of Darbhanga and Hatwa there has been harsh treatment, I shall, from my acquaintance with them, acquit both Maharajas of personal knowledge of it. Besides, the great zamindar is always a more lenient and considerate landlord than the petty proprietor.

Opinions of Executive Officers as to necessity of Survey and Record of Rights. Inaccurate statements of Zamindari Association on this point.

49. And if all the preceding considerations combine to prove that the Bihar raiyat is in a wretched condition, and that his position has been in no way alleviated by the mere substitution of Act VIII of 1885 for Act X of 1859 or its Provincial equivalent, and that the only hope of alleviation lies in the Record of Rights which we are striving to make, we are not without tangible evidence to show that the alleviation will, as a matter of fact, and not of mere speculation, be afforded by that Record when made. From the nature of the case the evidence cannot be abundant, as it is connected only with the experimental area settled by Mr. Collin, but so far as it goes it is most significant. Writing of the results of these operations, Mr. Halliday, the Commissioner of the Patna Division, reported† as follows in 1886:—

Practical evidence as to the beneficial effect of the record of rights.

† Board's Land Revenue Report for 1885-86, paragraph 246.

"The survey operations under the Bengal Tenancy Act are progressing as smoothly as possible; disputes as to boundaries and possession are few, and are chiefly connected with pieces of waste land and roads; organised opposition there is none; and it is now clear that apprehensions as to relations between landlords and tenants being embittered by the survey are groundless. Among the zamindars the survey seems on the whole not unpopular, inasmuch as they see that it will provide facilities for identifying the whole of their lands and for realising their dues on account of every portion of their estates. The raiyats are quite indifferent in the matter, and see no cause for resistance or opposition to the proceedings.

"The criminal cases connected with the demarcation and survey proceedings have been extremely few, and have mostly on investigation turned out to be false or exaggerated. Nothing in the shape of a riot has been proved in any instance. The survey will effect much good in the way of determining rights and facilitating the identification of land. *It is probable that the survey record will be looked upon as a charter of rights by all classes interested in land, and no transfer will be negotiated without reference to it.*"

It will be noticed that Mr. Halliday, who wrote the preceding observations while still Commissioner of Patna and personally acquainted with the facts, is one of the officials whom the Memorialists (paragraph 13 of memorial and head (*d*), paragraph 7, above) quote as among the chief opponents of the cadastral survey. When subsequently Member of the Board of Revenue,

[1] See on this point the Hon'ble Mr. Stevens' Note (Appendix A), paragraphs 14 and 15.

Mr. Halliday at first counselled caution in extending the survey operations to the whole Patna Division,* and afterwards expressed his views in the following words:—

* Parliamentary Return, 17th May 1892, page 62.

"The Board's own view, on the fullest consideration of the case, is (1) that to the Government it would not be worth the cost at eight annas per acre unless it was accompanied by a reorganisation of the patwari system for the continuous maintenance of the records; and (2) that at the same cost, whether with or without the reorganisation of the patwari system, the survey would not repay the zamindars and raiyats. It seems to them that in view of the difficulty as to cost, and so long as it is not removed, the Government should confine itself to the survey of estates in which uncertainty as to rents are proved to exist on the evidence of constant disputes between the landlords and tenants." (Parliamentary Return, pages 156 and 157.)

From the preceding it will be seen that although Mr. Halliday apparently modified the views he held while Commissioner of Patna, as to the survey being regarded as "a charter of rights by all classes interested in the land," he still remained of opinion that the survey, if made, should be maintained up to date.

The memorialists in the same paragraph go on to say that "the only District Officer who would seem to have favoured the idea of this present survey, with perhaps the exception of Mr. Beadon, was Mr. Boxwell, the late Commissioner of Patna." Some relevant opinions of the local officers have been quoted in paragraph 44 above; but I would now invite a reference to the Parliamentary Return, pages 64 to 71, which will show (I restrict my observations to North Bihar, though the evidence from the southern districts is also significant) that Mr. Henry, Collector of Champaran, Mr. Beadon, Collector of Darbhanga, and Mr. Bourdillon, Collector of Saran, that is to say, the Collectors of three out of the four districts of North Bihar, have all expressed opinions to the effect that "in these districts uncertainty about rent and tenants' right does prevail to an extent that calls loudly for a survey and record of rights." Mr. D'Oyly, Collector of Muzaffarpur (an officer of small knowledge of the district), was the only District Officer of North Bihar who said that the survey was wanted only in isolated villages—an opinion which is contradicted by the actual results of Mr. Collin's enquiries, by the facts as to excessive enhancements noted in paragraph 46 above, and by general repute. It is thus clear that the memorialists have been misled as to the opinions of local officers in Bihar regarding the necessity of the Survey and Record of Rights, and have been betrayed into endorsing a statement which is entirely incorrect. It may be added that of three high officers whose names are mentioned in the same paragraph of the memorial, Mr. Beames alone had any local experience of North Bihar, and Mr. Beames' connexion with that locality ceased a quarter of a century ago. Moreover, what Mr. Beames wrote had, it seems, reference, not to North Bihar, but to the Purnea, Malda, and Monghyr districts of the Bhagalpur Division (Parliamentary Return, page 63).

As a matter of fact the necessity for such a Record as we are now engaged in has been a commonplace of administrative reform with Bihar officers, and in proof of this I may say that the following Commissioners of the Patna Division from 1874—namely, Sir Steuart Bayley, Mr. Metcalfe, Mr. Halliday, Sir John Edgar, Mr. Boxwell, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Lyall, and Mr. Forbes—have been uniformly in favour of a survey and record of rights of North Bihar.

Opinions of Judicial Officers as to effects produced by Survey and Record of Rights.

50. The late District Judge of Muzaffarpur, Mr. Brett, who had had long experience of that district, has the following remarks on the result of the experimental operations, in his annual report for 1888:—

"An administration report of this district would be incomplete without some observation on the recent cadastral survey which had been commenced in two parganas of Muzaffarpur.

"I pointed out in my last report the immense good that was expected to result from the measure, and I mentioned also that the work had been stopped. I regret to have to record that in the numerous villages in which the work remained incomplete, the mischief caused has been to great as to make one wish that the work had never been commenced in these villages at all. The work embraced survey and determination of the rents of the lands of each tenant. False hopes were raised, and at the outset the proceedings created a disturbing influence in the minds of the peasantry. This disturbing effect could have been obviated only by the completion of the work; *for in the villages in which the work has been completed, the result has been beneficial, and both the landlord and tenant have in most cases agreed to the entries in the jamabandi slip as correctly giving the incidents of the*

is held to depend on the grounds of dispute or confusion * * * has of late years very greatly and severely enhanced his rents, but he managed to get kabuliyats out of his raiyats. There are various stories as to how he effected this, but it would be useless to repeat them."

"By far the worst offender is * * *, who has been implicated in several criminal cases during the past year, some of whose men now stand charged with riot and murder brought about in trying to coerce a jeyt raiyat of a village to come to terms. This gentleman's property extended over 115 villages. I strongly recommend a survey and record of rights of his property."

The Collector of Muzaffarpur writes —

"It is reported * * *, who bears the worst character for unscrupulousness, and who lately sued in the Civil Courts on a bond which was judicially declared to be forged, is in constant turmoil with his neighbours and the raiyats in his district."

The Sub-divisional Officer of Tajpur in this district wrote—

"In spite of legislation the tendency of rent is to rise. Some of the parganas are unusually fertile. Many of the landlords are unusually rapacious."

The Collector of Champaran reported in the same year thus—

"The * * *, who is a zamindar, claims more than double the rents which the raiyats are willing to pay, and successive District Officers have failed to bring about agreement. The dispute was in full force previous to the discussions which took place in connection with the Tenancy Act, and is no nearer settlement now than it was ten years ago. In the general interests of the peace, a survey and record of rights is essentially necessary."

Writing of villages not leased to indigo planters, he remarked :—

"That they are practically auctioned to native farmers whose income solely depends upon any increase of rents they are able to collect on the head rents they pay to the proprietors; their object is to obtain from the raiyats as large a rent as possible, and to effect this they are compelled to resort to devices which sufficiently show that the tenants generally require further safeguards than those provided by the Tenancy Act."

All these abuses are identical with those which Sir Ashley Eden so vigorously denounced in 1875.

45. I shall finish this portion of my remarks by quoting from a letter which the Settlement Officer of one of the North Bihar districts has just written to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue :—

"In a case in which * * * was personally interested, but was acting nominally, as the Agent of * * *, he caused a patwari to prepare and have filed before me a number of rent receipts for the years 1296 and 1297 *Fasli*, which were written on forms bearing the * * * press mark 9-12-91, a date about half-way through the *Fasli* year 1299. I enclose one of the receipts for your inspection. The raiyats had been instructed to swear that they had recorded these receipts in the course of the years for the rent of which they purport to have been given."

A common abuse illustrated by an actual case.

I have the "receipt" before me as I write. The headings are printed in Nagri and the details filled up in manuscript in the same character. It purports to have been executed partly in the month of Asin, partly in the month of Jeyt, and partly in Bhadro 1296 *Fasli*. The paper bears the following press mark:—"* * * No. 47. 9-12-91. 200,000." Could there be a more significant or a more pitiable episode? The wretched raiyats are induced to swear to the execution in 1888 of a document (showing a fictitious rental) the very form of which had not been printed till 1891! What a comment the case affords on the state of things in Bihar, and how it emphasises the necessity of carefully scrutinizing all so-called agreements, and every entry that is made in the record before it becomes final! I am quite certain that the landlord (and chief manager) of the estate in which these raiyats live knew nothing of what was being done in his name in this matter, but the moral I wish to point is that if such things can happen in an estate claiming to be well managed, what things do not happen in the many estates which are ill-managed? If we have such things in the green tree, what have we not in the dry?

Evidence of enhanced illegal enhancements of rent deduced from road cess returns filled by zamindars.

46. I now come to a portion of my demonstration to which I invite special attention; for it depends, not on the reports or opinions of local officers, but on the figures of rentals furnished by the zamindars themselves under the Road Cess Act. I quote in support of my case the evidence of rent enhancements which zamindars themselves admit. According to the Road Cess papers filed by the zamindars in the Collector's

office, the rental of the Muzaffarpur district was in 1876 Rs. 44,15,325. According to the papers filed at the valuation of 1891 it had risen to Rs. 67,27,909. In other words, it had increased during the 15 years preceding 1891 by more than 50 per cent. There was no appreciable room for extension of cultivation, and there was no such rise in prices* during this period as would justify more than a small part of this enormous increase in rent. How far this increase, as well as the increase in the other three districts, is due to a higher valuation (at the recent revision) of *nijjote* or home-farm lands cultivated by the landlords themselves, I am unable to say. No doubt there has been some increase in the valuation of these lands, to keep touch with raiyati rates. Possibly also there may have been some concealment of assets at the first valuation in 1876. But discounting these sets-off, and allowing for the considerations noted in the next succeeding paragraph, enough remains to prove that since the passing of the Tenancy Act, as well as before, there have been heavy enhancements of rent in this district, which were not authorized by any provision of the law, and must have been effected in an arbitrary and illegal manner.

* See paragraph 34 above for the legal rule for the enhancement of rent; the average price of rice during the quinquennial period, 1876—1880, in North Bihar was 16·88 seers the rupee; from 1887 to 1890 it was 15·01 seers, the rise being thus 12 per cent. against an increase of rent of 50 per cent. in Muzaffarpur.

The rental of the Darbhanga district, in which there was little or no culturable waste land, increased from Rs. 63,19,138 in 1876 to Rs. 71,37,004 in 1883, or by more than 8 lakhs, or 12 per cent., in seven years. The district, as stated in paragraph 15 above, is now being revalued, and the estimate of the Collector is that the valuation will show the rental to be 78 lakhs of rupees, or an increase of 25 per cent. in 17 years.† During four out of these 17 years, the Government was compelled to open relief works in the district and distribute charitable relief in aid of the destitute. Further comment is superfluous.

† I believe the smaller comparative increase in Darbhanga to be due to the greater poverty of the people and the greater prevalence of large estates.

The district of Champaran was revalued under the Road Cess Act in 1888, the previous valuation having been made in 1876. The rental increased from Rs. 26,20,942 in 1876 to Rs. 30,73,556 in 1893, or by 4½ lakhs of rupees, equal to 17 per cent. on the previous rental. In this district there was and still is room for extension of cultivation, and this fact may account for the increase in rental, as well as for its comparatively moderate pitch, without importing the idea of enhancement. When there is much unoccupied culturable land, raiyats will desert their holdings if pressed for more rent than they care to pay.

In Saran the first valuation made in 1876 gave a rental of Rs. 55,06,769. By the revaluation made in 1883, the rental was Rs. 59,87,760, or an increase of about 9 per cent. in six years. Rent rates are very high in Saran, and as there is hardly an acre of culturable land lying idle in the district, the increase of rent is great and, apart from the possible sets-off referred to in the case of Muzaffarpur, must be entirely due to enhancements of raiyats' rents. A revaluation now would bring out no doubt a still further increase.

Enhancements of rent by legal process insignificant in number.

47. How small a part the civil courts have taken in effecting these enhancements will be understood from the fact that the total number of suits for enhancement or abatement of rent instituted in the four districts of North Bihar during the seven years 1886 to 1892 inclusive, is, according to returns for which I am indebted to the High Court, only 760, or 109 on an average per annum in an area embracing more than 12,000 square miles, and in which the size of agricultural holdings is not on an average more than three acres each! While the number of holdings is Muzaffarpur and Darbhanga is over eight hundred thousand, and enhancement of rent very heavy as we have seen, the *suits* for enhancement and abatement of rent do not average more than 90 per annum!

48. The only other legal method, apart from a suit in court, of enhancing an occupancy raiyat's rent, is by registered agreement out of court. The Registrar-General of Assurances has supplied me with the following statistics as to the extent to which this method has been utilized since the passing of the Tenancy Act. In Muzaffarpur from 1886 to 1892 only 830 agreements to enhance rents had been registered, and this means that sections 29 and 43 of the Tenancy Act, which were intended as a check upon arbitrary and excessive enhancements of rent, have been practically inoperative in the Muzaffarpur

tenancy. This is further apparent from the very small ratio of appeals which were referred to me as Special Judge from the decisions of the settlement officers. But in the villages which were surveyed and the ascertainment of rents was not completed, or in which the final publication of the jamabandi could not be made, the tension which had arisen between the parties remained, and is manifesting itself in the large number of rent disputes and rent suits that are coming before the courts."

And the Munsif of Muzaffarpur writes thus in a letter to the Government in the present year:—

"There has been a marked decrease in litigation in the surveyed tract since 1889. In the few cases which are contested, areas and boundaries of holdings and rates or amounts of rent are seldom disputed. Even if they are disputed, the opposite side produces an extract from the record of rights, and this settles the dispute. Contested cases of this tract are now much simpler, inasmuch as in most of them the only point to be determined is whether the amounts claimed have been paid or not."

Finally, the Collector of Muzaffarpur, in his Annual Administration Report for the past year, makes the following remarks, in which the Commissioner of the Patna Division, Mr. Forbes, agrees:—

"Although the measure (the cadastral survey) is yet unpopular, especially with the zamindar, the advantages of a record of rights is now better appreciated by all classes, the spirit of opposition and consequent agitation which existed before the introduction of the measure has disappeared, and, as far as I have been able to ascertain, the action of the Government is now regarded as beneficial to all parties interested in the land, as likely to place the present unsettled relations of landlord and tenant on a better footing. * * The comparatively low condition of the raiyats and peasantry in these parts is due largely to the want of an accurate record of each tenure and each raiyat's holding within the estate, and the status of everyone who has rights in the land, and of the rent paid by each raiyat to the tenure-holder. That the object of the Government is simply to supply this want is now understood by the tenants and landlords alike."

This statement agrees with my own belief. The opposition to the cadastral survey now comes from the zamindars alone, and not seriously from all of them.* "It is," writes the Commissioner of the Patna Division, "the class of petty zamindars, who prefer unsettled relations with their raiyats, who are the chief opponents of the measure." Owing to the unlimited exercise of the right of partition or subdivision of landed property, the number of petty zamindars in North Bihar has grown enormously, and the increase still continues. Every addition to the number of these petty landlords connotes an enhancement of the raiyats' rents and increased exaction afterwards. The Government of Bengal has more than once considered the propriety of imposing some limitation to this subdivision of property which injuriously affects the general administration of the country; as well as the raiyats; but it has not hitherto seen its way to effective action. The record of rights will check this abuse, among others, affecting the agrarian condition of North Bihar.

51. This concludes what I have to say on the condition of Bihar after the passing of the Tenancy Act, and I think it has been conclusively shown that the Act has been in no may effective in Bihar to suppress the evils at which it was aimed; that it will remain ineffective so long as the people continue in their present terribly depressed condition, or a record of rights is not made and maintained; and that where a record of rights has been made, the results have been in every way satisfactory and beneficial to all concerned. There is not now, and there has not hitherto been, any practical limitation to the power of the Bihar landlord to enhance rents, except his own sense of moderation and the capacity of the raiyats to pay. That this should be so is unfair to the general tax-payer, and a negation of the moral responsibility which rests upon the Government to see justice done to people who are among the poorest and most helpless of Her Majesty's Indian subjects.

PART IV.

THE MEMORIAL OF THE ZAMINDARI ASSOCIATIONS.

Summary of the objections which have been already answered.

52. In the margin of paragraph 7 above I summarised the chief objections to the Survey and the Record of Rights which are urged in the memorial submitted by the Zamindari Associations for transmission to the Secretary of State. One objection is that

* See paragraphs 73A and 73B below. I think these paragraphs justify me in saying that the Indigo Planters, who are landlords to a very large extent, are no longer in opposition.

the zamindars were kept in ignorance of the intention of the Government to survey Bihar, that "they were not aware that such a measure was in contemplation until the Secretary of State's sanction had been obtained." The refutation of this objection was given in paragraph 24 by quoting the words of the Government of India and of the zamindari representative in the Legislative Council, the Hon'ble Kristodas Pal, which leave no doubt that it was from the very beginning the openly expressed intention of the Government to survey Bihar, and that this intention was perfectly well understood by the zamindars at the time, as evidenced by Rai Kristodas Pal's words, "the expenses which may be incurred by enforcing the provisions relating to record of rights and settlement of rents will be cast upon the landlords and tenants, though no application has been made by them."

53. Another objection noticed is that the Cadastral Survey of Bihar should not be undertaken without legislative sanction, and that the provisions of section 101 of the Tenancy Act do not provide for the survey of a whole district, still less of a whole province. The refutations of these objections are given in paragraphs 25, 26 and 27, which place beyond question, *first*, that the survey of Bihar was one of the particular objects for which the Tenancy Act was passed, and *secondly* that, in the words of the Hon'ble the Advocate-General (repeating in substance the explanation given in the Legislative Council on the passing of the Act), section 101 "authorizes the survey of a province, district or sub-divisions of a district."

54. A third objection noticed is the assertion that all District Officers having local knowledge were opposed to the survey. In paragraph 49 it is pointed out on the authority of the Parliamentary Return that this assertion is altogether incorrect, that three out of the four District Officers concerned declare that the circumstances of these districts "call loudly for a Survey and Record of Rights," that the fourth—a gentlemen of limited local experience—says the operations are required in isolated villages, and that for 20 years the necessity for a Survey and Record of Rights had been a common place of Bihar administrative reform.

55. A fourth objection, that no provision had been made for maintaining the record, was dealt with in paragraph 28, where it is shown that it always was the intention to legislate on this subject by way of supplement to the Tenancy Act, and that before the Tenancy Act became law, the Bengal Government was called on to give effect to that intention. The zamindars further complain (paragraph 17 of their memorial) that the Government of Bengal has not stated the agency by which it intended "to maintain the survey records when finished, and whether the zamindars and the raiyats are to pay for the expense of this agency, and if so, what additional burden will be thrown upon them." The memorial ignores everything that has occurred on this subject since Sir Charles Elliott went on leave. But after the publication of the results of the Muzaffarpur Conference, the zamindars were in possession of sufficient information as to (1) the agency by which it is proposed to maintain the survey records and (2) as to the liability of zamindars and raiyats for the cost of that agency, and (3) as to the additional burden to be thrown upon them—though, as will presently appear, I prefer to regard the matter of cost more in the light of a relief afforded to, than a burden imposed upon, the zamindars. The Associations' complaints on these points, then, are somewhat misplaced, and their attitude would have been more helpful if they had addressed themselves to the actual facts, as communicated to them through the *Calcutta Gazette* of 10th of last August.

Objections based on the Cadastral Survey of the Srinagar estate in the Purnea district.

56. A fifth objection made in the zamindars' memorial is that the Cadastral Survey will cause general litigation, be a great expense to all concerned, and do no good; and the case of the Cadastral Survey and Record of Rights made in the Srinagar estate is cited in proof and illustration of these assertions. These are the facts about the Cadastral Survey and Record of Rights in the Srinagar estate.

The Srinagar-Banaili estates were taken under charge of the Court of Wards in 1882, with a total nominal rental of Rs. 4,48,715. The arrear demand was Rs. 14,68,440, or 3¼ times the current demand.

In 1884 a sum of Rs. 10,15,036 out of this arrear had to be remitted because it consisted of fictitious and illegal demands which the raiyats

repudiated, and which the Court of Wards was legally unable to enforce. The Court of Wards, with all its power under the certificate procedure, was only able to realize 72 per cent. of the current demand in 1884, owing to the inextricable confusion that prevailed in the zamindars' accounts. In 1885 difficulties arose in connection with giving receipts under the Tenancy Act; the raiyats alleging that the receipts offered exhibited fictitious rentals and areas. In 1886 the collections amounted to only 63 per cent. of the current demand, and the arrears had increased by more than 3 lakhs of rupees. To extricate the estate from this intolerable state of confusion, a survey and record of rights was undertaken with these results. All the confusion that had prevailed was cleared up, the raiyats were given, and they accepted, documents showing the exact area of their holdings and the amount of their rents, while the landlords' rental was increased to Rs. 4,96,498, or by Rs. 47,783. The total cost of survey and settlement was Rs. 2,94,328, which will be recouped in six years by the mere increase in rental. For the landlords, therefore, the operations have been a signal financial success.

The immediate result of the operations was that whereas only 63 per cent. of the current demand could be realized before the record was made, the collections in 1889-90 amounted to 112 per cent. on the current demand, and in 1890-91 to 125 per cent., or nearly double the amount realized in 1886. All this was effected without having recourse to compulsory processes for realization of the rent.

As to the "litigation" which attended the operations, the facts are these—

(*a*) 1,883 "suits" were instituted by landlords against tenants, and 1,079 suits by the tenants against the landlords, under sections 104 and 106 of the Tenancy Act, for settlement of a fair rent. As the tenants, &c., in the estate number 69,561, the number of suits filed was less than 6 per cent. of the number of holdings, which is an excellent proof of the judgment with which the preliminary proceedings were conducted.

(*b*) Of these 2,962 suits, 1,153 were decided in favour of the landlords and 803 in favour of the tenants, and 1,006 were compromised, withdrawn or never came to trial.

(*c*) Besides the suits between landlord and tenant, there were 517 suits for settlement of fair rents between tenants, thus making a total of 3,484 suits, which is considerably less than the figure given in the Memorial.

(*d*) The total number of appeals was 338 (not 388, as stated in the Memorial): of these 67 were appeals on questions of boundaries under the Survey Act, and 271 were appeals on the merits to the Special Judge in connexion with settlement of rents.

If it be remembered that the settlement of fair rents under section 104 of the Tenancy Act is one of the particular objects of such proceedings (should the parties so wish), and that applications to have fair rents settled *are* in fact the "suits" in question, it must, I submit, be admitted that the litigation in connexion with the settlement of the Srinagar estate, with its 69,561 tenants, the management of which had fallen into such confusion, was extraordinarily small. It would have been smaller still if the landlords had not, as they were quite entitled to do, sought to enhance their rents by "suits" or applications to the Settlement Officer.

As to the attitude of the raiyats, the Settlement Officer, Mr. Collin, reported in 1891 as follows:—

"The raiyats as a rule showed no disposition to hold aloof from the proceedings They readily came to the Settlement Officer's camp to have the entries explained, and appeared to take great pains to have the records correctly prepared. The large number of objections filed is a proof of the interest taken in the proceedings."

The objections, which numbered 20,777, or one objection to every three holdings, had reference to measurement of fields, to mistakes in writing up the records, and generally to the adjustments of petty errors and discrepancies inseparable from every undertaking of the sort. These objections, which are disposed of as the work goes on, and which every Settlement Officer

knows to be a proof of the people's healthy interest in his proceedings, are construed by the Memorialists into damnatory evidence of embitterment and litigation!

It is true, as the Memorialists observe, that the cost of the Srinagar survey and record of rights was in excess of the estimate of eight annas an acre. But if the condition of confusion in which the estate was involved, and the fact that the lands were scattered throughout five separate districts and 23 parganas be considered, I think it will be admitted that the actual cost of 10 annas 9 pies per acre is not in itself excessive, while the benefits to zamindar and raiyat were cheaply bought at the price. If it cost only $10\frac{3}{4}$ annas per acre to settle the Srinagar estate, we may confidently expect that it will cost much less to make a record of rights in North Bihar, where the land to be dealt with is of course not scattered, but can be surveyed continuously. The only drawback to the satisfaction which the whole episode inspires is that no adequate arrangements could be made to maintain the record up to date. Without such a law for maintaining the records as I now propose, this was impossible.

I may, on the authority of the Board of Revenue, say that since the record of rights has been completed in this estate two years ago, suits for arrears of rent have been instituted against 1,759 tenants, or about $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of the total number per annum. In 1,663 of these, decrees for the full demand were readily procured on the basis of the record of rights. In 80 cases only was there any modification of the sum claimed, and this was owing to clerical discrepancies in the abstracts of the records produced by both parties. Six cases only were dismissed, and out of the total number of 1,759 decided cases, there were only ten appeals. In the Banaili portion of the estate, in which a record of rights was also made, 701 suits for arrears of rent were within the same period instituted, and decrees were given on the basis of the records of right in 699 cases. In only two cases was there any modification of the demand. The conclusion is that the record of rights was entirely effective in enabling the landlords to recover their rents without delay or difficulty, and in restoring order, peace and contentment to nearly 70,000 tenants.

I think it will be admitted that if the Zamindari Associations had desired to cite a remakable instance of the necessity and advantages of a survey and record of rights, they could not have selected a better example than the Srinagar estate. The settlement, as a matter of fact, has been a financial success for the landlords, and for the raiyats it has been a charter of peace and protection. And this is only one of many examples* which could be cited of the immediate substitution of order and contentment for chaos and strife under the operation of Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act.

* I mention a few:—Dubulhati, Churaman, Sunkerpur, Maldwar, Mollarpur, Dakhin Shabazpur, and others containing an aggregate area of about 2,500 square miles.

Now I do not for a moment believe that the signatories to the memorial have cited the Srinagar case in support of their views, knowing what the real facts were. The gentlemen who have signed the memorial are all honourable men who would never knowingly put forward misleading statements or endorse inaccuracies of this description. But the very circumstance that on a material point the memorial is so misleading affords a suggestive illustration of that levity of assent with which many of the great zamindars of Bengal and Bihar receive representations made to them in depreciation of the Cadastral Survey.

Objections raised in Zamindars' Memorial considered, that Bill is intended to meet "adminstrative purposes."

57. In paragraph 7 of the Memorial, some words of Sir Charles Elliott's are quoted, and on them the assertion is based that the survey is required for "adminstrative purposes," or collection of economic facts merely, and as such is outside the scope of the Tenancy Act. The objection, if seriously made, is surely not supported by the Lieutenant-Governor's words. It should be perfectly well known to everybody that the record of rights in North Bihar has been undertaken, not with a view to collecting economic statistics, but in the interests of the population of that part of the province. The chief object of the survey and record of rights is more of a judicial than of an executive nature. The statistics which the record of rights will establish are those which will tend to prevent disputes, facilitate the decision of disputes when they arise in the courts, and secure the enjoyment to ten millions of people of their legitimate

rights. These rights have been withheld for a century, and the memorialists must excuse me if I do not take their word for it, that the raiyats are now animated by a violent desire to forego these rights still longer! We are not without ample knowledge on this head. We know, from the constant enquiries of a quarter of a century, what the raiyats do really think upon the matter, and we have been lately told by the President of the Indigo Planters' Association that that the raiyats are willing to pay four times as much for the record of rights as they will be charged. And as for the maintentance of the record, I would again call attention to the words of Mr. Gibbon, Mannager of the Bettiah Raj (quoted in paragraph 62 above): "Half the amount of money now expended by zamindars on the present (patwari) staffs, if paid into Government treasuries, would be sufficient to secure the services of efficient men to maintain the record." We undertake to do it for a small fraction of that amount.

Zamindars' objection to contribute towards cost of survey and Record of Rights further considered.

58. The Zamindars in paragraph 8 of the memorial [head (c), paragraph 7 above] raise an objection to the enforcement of section 114 of the Tenancy Act, by which the expenses of making a survey and record of rights in Bihar are to be defrayed by the landlords and tenants concerned. It is, I understand, now contended that this section is invalid, inasmuch as the public had not full notice of the intention of the Legislature to enact it. That this objection is founded on a misapprehension of fact will have been observed from the quotation given in paragraph 24 above from the Hon'ble Kristodas Pal's Minute of dissent from the report of the Select Committee on the Tenancy Bill. The fact is that the section as it stands now consolidates and modifies clauses 163 and 164 of the first edition of the Tenancy Bill published in the English and vernacular Gazettes in 1883. These provisions were reproduced with amendments in clauses 121 and 133 of the second edition of the Tenancy Bill, which was published in the English and Vernacular Gazettes in 1884, and was widely commented upon by the public of Bengal during 1884 and 1885. Those sections provided for charging the costs of settlement operations to landlords and tenants. It was this second edition of the Bill as modified in Select Committee that became Act VIII of 1885. It is therefore incorrect to say that the proposal to charge the expenses of the survey and record of rights to landlords and tenants was not specifically before the public for a long period before the Act was passed.

In regard to the fairness of this provision of the Act, I would again call attention to the fact that the Zamindars of North Bihar have now a rental of about 2½ crores of rupees (Rx. 2½ millions), out of which they only pay 34 lakhs (Rx. 340,000) as Government revenue, while at the time of the Permanent Settlement their rental was only a quarter of a crore (Rx. 250,000), out of which they paid something over 22 lakhs (Rx. 220,000) to the State. Their net income now is about 80 times greater than it was three generations ago. They have always been under the obligation to certify to their rayats *at their own expense* the facts which the survey and record of rights will now establish; they have persistently refused to fulfil this obligation; and the Government is now only doing for them what they have themselves failed to do. This plea of hardship because of their being made to fulfil their obligation is, therefore, an unreasonable plea to put forward.

Zamindar's objection to Bill as withdrawing suits from Civil Courts.

59. In paragraph 16 [head (e), paragraph 7 above] of their memorial, the Zamindars object to the survey and record, because they say the litigation it may produce will not be conducted in the ordinary courts, "which are well known and trusted by the people," but must be heard and determined by Revenue officers, whose decisions for obvious reasons will not be considered with the same respect." Herein the memorialists are altogether mistaken, for, as stated in paragraph 34 of my Minute of the 24th June, and in my reply to the Indigo Planters' memorial at Muzaffarpur, it will rest with the Zamindars whether they will, in any litigation they may wish to raise, take the matter into the ordinary Civil Courts' or have it dealt with by the Settlement Officers. In the latter case the Appellate Court is the Principal Court of Civil Jurisdiction of the district, or a special Civil Court of equal rank with such Principal Court. The objection therefore is based on a misconception of law and fact.

Secretary of State's opinion as to reponsibility of zamindars for costs of survey.

60. Before ending this portion of my paper, I wish to quote the following extract from the despatch of the Secretary of State, No. 95 (Revenue), dated 24th December 1891, on the point of the costs of the survey :—

"In regard to the third objection, it is true that in other parts of India the general treasury bears the cost of a cadastral survey and record of rights. But in temporarily-settled districts the treasury reaps an immediate increase of land revenue as the result of these operations; and so it is just that the cost should be borne by the general tax-payer. Although in the permanently-settled districts of the Benares Division the landed classes were not called upon to pay directly for the recent resurvey and record of rights, it must be remembered that one-half the cost of those operations was defrayed from the unexpended balance of a special fund contributed by the landholders. The other half was paid from the general treasury. In the case of North Bihar it is proposed that the general treasury shall bear one-eighth of the cost, the remainder being defrayed, half by the landlords and half by the tenants. The reason for thus limiting the State share of the cost is apparently because the decision of 1877 regarding the cost of the Benares survey is regarded as an unnecessarily liberal concession, and because the land revenue paid at present by the Benares districts is very much heavier than that paid by North Bihar. The North West Provinces' Government orders of the 15th June 1889 show that the five permanently-settled districts of Benares pay on the average a land revenue of 26¼ annas for each acre of cultivated land, and that the total land revenue amounts to 39 per cent. of the corrected rental. At present there is no precise information of this kind regarding North Bihar; but I am informed that the land revenue there probably does not exceed 10 annas per acre, and perhaps does not exceed 20 per cent. of the total rental. I consider that there are good reasons for the treasury bearing a smaller share of the cost of the Bihar survey than it did of the Benares survey."

Circumstances have somewhat changed since this despatch was written. It will be perceived from paragraph 15 above that the Government revenue of North Bihar is in round numbers 34 lakhs, while the rental is in round numbers 250 lakhs. The Land Revenue, therefore is now less than 14 per cent. of the rental, as the rental of two districts was valued ten years ago, and one six years ago, no doubt the percentage of revenue on rental is at present appreciably less than 14 per cent., and probably not more than 12 per cent. I am informed that the zamindars of the permanently-settled districts of the Benares Division do pay a cess for the maintenance of the settlement records.

Costs of the Cadastral Survey.

61. I have seen it stated on behalf of the zamindars that the Cadastral Survey will cost over one million pounds sterling, and, more recklessly still, that it will cost more than the capitalized value of the land Now what are the facts? The area of North Bihar is 12,821 square miles, or 8,205,440 acres. The estimated cost of the Cadastral Survey is eight annas an acre, which would, if not exceeded, give in round numbers a total expenditure of 41 lakhs of rupees, of which Government pays one-eighth under present arrangements. I am in hopes that the estimate will not be exceeded, but assuming that the cost will even be so much as Rs. 400 per square mile, which I am assured it will not reach, even then the total cost would be about 51 lakhs, of which the Government pays one-eighth, leaving 45 lakhs to be shared between landlords and tenants in equal parts. That would still be only about £300,000, or less than a third of the sum which the zamindari advocates estimate. It would be only 4½ pence per acre each on the landlord and tenant. The expense, whether it be four pence or three pence per acre, I propose to recover at or about the rate of one penny per acre per annum. Where then is the probability of impoverishment to either landlord or raiyat from the cadastral survey?

PART V.

THE LAND RECORDS ESTABLISHMENTS BILL.

The Land Record Establishments Bill. Complaints of Zamindari Associations of want of information.

62. I now return to the point at which, in paragraph 7 of this Minute, I disgressed, and proceed to comment on the Bill which I propose for the creation and maintenance of a Land Record Establishment. The Bill itself, with a Statement of Objects and Reasons, is printed in the Appendix C; and as the Government of India may wish to know at once how I should propose to give effect to its provisions if passed into law, I also append a draft set of rules (to be made under the Bill) which might form the basis of further discussion. The rules would of course be susceptible of such amendments as experience

might show to be necessary on all points, more especially as to the unit of area to be entrusted to each Land Record-keeper, the salary to be allotted to him and to all supervising officers, and the number of inspections to be made. I should welcome, and so far as possible give effect to, any suggestions which, consistently with maintaining a correct record, will be acceptable to the landlords, and guarantee the status and trustworthiness of the Land Record staff.

Objection to Land Record Establishments Bill.

63. The objections against the Bill may be considered as falling under three heads—

(a) that the cess for which it provides is a violation of the terms of the Permanent Settlement, and an excessive burden on the landed interest in Bihar;

(b) that it is unnecessary to maintain the record at all, or, if necessary, that a decennial revision would suffice;

(c) that the scheme proposed in the Bill will lead to an intolerable degree of interference with landlords, and would be ineffectual for the object in view.

Objection on the ground that the Bill conflicts with Permanent Settlement considered.

64. The first and the most important objection to the Bill is that the cess it provides for is a violation of the Permanent Settlement and an excessive burden on the landed interest in Bihar. The last portion of the objections is the burden of much of the memorial to the Secretary of State. I shall deal with this objection at some little length.

In Part II of this Minute I stated that when making the Permanent Settlement, Lord Cornwallis reserved complete power to interfere in any way the Government liked for the protection of the raiyats. This reservation is contained in article VII, Regulation I of 1793, which runs thus:—"It being the duty of the ruling power to protect all classes of people, and most particularly those who from their situation are most helpless, the Governor-General in Council will, whenever he may deem it proper, enact such regulations as he may think necessary for the protection and welfare of the dependent talukdars, raiyats, and other cultivators of the soil; and no zamindar, independent talukdar, or other actual proprietor of the land, shall be entitled on this account to make any objection to the discharge of the fixed assessment which they have agreed to pay."

Apart from the general and indefeasible power of the Government to make laws as circumstances require, that is the authority which empowers the Government to pass the land Records Bill into law, and who can say that its terms are limited, or its meaning or expression doubtful? There is here no question of enhancing the Government revenue. The Government "seeks no fiscal advantage, but the prevention or diminution of human suffering." It is merely a question of providing "regulations for the protection and welfare of the dependent talukdars, raiyats, and other cultivators of the soil." But besides this authority, there is another and a more specific justification for this clause of the Bill, which I proceed to state.

Objection to the Bill on the ground that it imposes a cess on the land considered. The origin and nature of the system of kanungos and patwaris.

65. When introducing the Bill for amending the law relating to kanungos and patwaris into the Bengal Legislative Council in 1885, I thus explained the status and functions of the kanungo and the patwari, and their relationship to the zamindars: "I will now say a few words regarding the collection of the revenue under the Muhammadan system. The revenue was actually collected by officials who were the prototypes and doubtless in some few cases the progenitors of the zamindars of to-day. But to secure the interests of Government, it was obviously essential that the dealings of these tax-collectors and their subordinate agents, or gumashtas, with the actual cultivators should be subjected to some check. Accordingly, in order to obtain and preserve the accounts necessary to exercise such a check, the system of patwaris was remodelled, and the system of kanungos established. As originally constituted, the kanungo, or 'expounder of the laws,' was an agent of the Imperial Government who was associated with the tax-collector or zamindar for the purpose of checking and supervising the zamindar's proceedings in regard to the collection of public revenues. The patwari was the kanungo's subordinate, just as the village gumasta was the zamindar's, and he

bore to the gumastha the same relation that the kanungo bore to the zamindar. Thus there was created a double check on the proceedings of the zamindar, while where was also established an office of record and account to which the cultivators could appeal in defence of their rights and privileges."

The kanungo and patwari were therefore under Abkar's system entirely unconnected with the actual collection of revenue. Their business was to see that no more than the due amount was taken from the people by the zamindar and his agent, the village gumashta: that the fact of payment was duly recorded; and that other matters connected with the agricultural well-being of the community were duly attended to. In the language of the Fifth Report of the House of Commons on Indian Affairs, "the kanungo was the confidential agent of Government—the depository and promulgator of the established Regulations—whose office was intended as a check on the conduct (in financial transactions) of all the other village officials. Under the superintendence of the kanungo or of one of his appointed agents was placed a certain number of adjacent villages, the accounts of which, as kept by the patwaris, were constantly open to his inspection, and the transactions in which, with regard to the occupancy of land and the distinction of boundaries, came regularly under his cognizance in a form which enabled him, at any time when called upon, to report to the Government the quantity of land under cultivation, the nature of the produce, the amount of rent paid, and generally the disposal of the produce. To this officer, moreover, reference might be had to determine contested boundaries, the use of rivers or reservoirs for irrigation, and generally in all disputes concerning permanent property or local usage without the limits of his official range."

Responsibility of the zamindar under the Permanent Settlement for payment of patwaris.

66. The preceding extract makes it clear that under the *régime* to which we succeeded in Bengal, the kanungo and the patwari were public servants and in no way subordinate to the zamindar, but on the contrary a check upon his proceedings. But in the lapse of years, and amid the confusion attending the break up of the Mogul Empire, the office of kanungo fell into abeyance; and when we took over the Dewany or fiscal administration of the country, the kanungo was little more than a name. In the arrangements for the Permanant Settlement, therefore, no provision was made for him; but "the allowances of the kazis and kanungos heretofore paid by the landholders" were added to the jama (section 34, Regulation VIII, 1793), the Government taking on itself the payment of kanungos should the same institution be again revived, of course on the same basis. But the parwari system met with a very different fate. In origin Hindu, and not Muhammadan, it had all the vitality among the Hindu population which an indigenous institution always posseses. So that in 1793, Lord Cornawallis found it in full vitality in Bihar. He resolved, as I have stated in paragraph 13 above, to make use of it as one means of effecting that record of rights which he intended to establish, and he accordingly (by section 62, Regulation VIII of 1793) reaffirmed the obligation imposed by ancient custom on every zamindar of maintaining a patwari in each village to keep the accounts of the raiyats. The words of the law are these:—

> "Every proprietor of land who may not have established a patwari in every village in his or her estate to keep the accounts of the raiyats, as required by the original rules for the decennial settlement of the three Provinces (*i.e.*, Bengal, Bihar, and Orissa), shall immediately appoint a patwari in each village for that purpose."

I invite particular attention to the words "to keep the accounts of the raiyats." The patwari was under the Regulation to be, not the zamindar's servant, but the custodian of the raiyat's interests as against the encroachments of the zamindar, which was indeed his true position and function from immemorial times.

Subsequent regulations provided that, if the zamindar failed to appoint the patwari, the Collector was to do so; that where there were more proprietors than one, the Collector was to appoint without reference to the zamindar (section 4, Regulation I of 1819); and that the Board of Revenue might "increase or reduce the amount of remuneration paid to the patwari, and alter or modify the mode of its payment," whenever they deemed this necessary (section 18, Regulation XII of 1817).

Financial effect of zamindar's responsibility for the payment of patwaris in North Bihar.

67. It is thus established (and indeed it never has been seriously or intelligently questioned) that at the present moment the zamindars of Bihar are bound to pay, as one of the conditions on which they hold their estates, the salary of a patwari for every village—such patwari to be, not their private servants, to keep *their* accounts, but public servants, "*to keep the accounts of the raiyats.*" Now if it be remembered that the Board of Revenue has authority, under section 18, Regulation XII of 1817, to fix the remuneration of patwaris and the mode of paying it; that Rs. 8 per month, or say Rs. 100 per annum, is not too high pay for a patwari; and that according to the last census there are over 18,000 villages in North Bihar, it will be apparent that if the Government decided to maintain the record of rights through patwaris, it could recover, under the existing law and the terms of the Permanent Settlement, more than 18 lakhs of rupees annually from the zamindars of North Bihar on account of the pay of patwaris, unless in the rare cases where the zamindars could show that by immemorial custom the patwari was paid by the raiyats. *The Government can do this without any legislation whatever, and merely by enforcing the legal obligations which now rest upon the zamindars.** The zamindars at the Mazuffarpur Conference knew this as well as I did, and they very naturally rejected the patwari, and chose a scheme for maintaining the record, which, with a manimum of interference, will probably not cost them one-fifth of what they are now liable to pay for the patwaris. I acquiesced in their choice for reasons which I stated at length in my Minute of the 24th June, although by doing so I was throwing on the raiyats one-half of a mitigated obligation which under the terms of the Permanent Settlement the zamindars should as a general rule bear. It is, then, surely too unreasonable for the zamindars of North Bihar, when a choice was allowed them, and their selection of a greatly reduced responsibility conditionally approved, to ignore all reference to these transactions, and say they cannot be made responsible for any contributions at all! If the zamindars unsay what thev have said, and the Land Records Bill fail to become law, then they should remember that the Government can fall back on Regulation XII of 1817, and enforce the registration of patwaris, their payment in such mode as the Board of revenue directs, and the maintenance of the record of rights through them. But that the zamindars of North Bihar will not face that extremity, and that in their hearts they are thankful for what I have done for them in this matter, can be perceived clearly enough from the Resolution (among the enclosures to this Minute), in which the Tirhut Landholders' Association express their gratitude to me for the arrangement I have made.

Reasons for clause of Bill imposing on zamindars and raiyats joint responsibility for payment of Land Records establishment.

68. I have thought a good deal over the clauses of the Bill, which following the Road Cess Act, make the land records cess of one-fourth of an anna per rupee of rent† recoverable in equal shares from the raiyats and the landlords. I was induced to have the Bill drafted as it stands by the consideration that, no matter what was the case in the distant past, it certainly is the case now that the raiyats do pay for the patwari either in the shape of customary fees or of an enhancement of rent, and that the zamindars have in the process of time, to some extent, transferred their own liability in this respect to the raiyats' shoulders. We cannot undo the past: we can only take precautions for the future; and therefore in this, as in other points, I accept existing facts, and do what is best for the future on that basis. *I am the more willing to do so, as the land record establishment now proposed will, I estimate, not cost the raiyat more than one-half anna or about one-half penny per annum per acre of his holding.* I trust that the full significance of this fact will not be lost on the opponents of this measure both in England and in India. For a cess of one-half anna (or one-half penny) per acre *per annum* each raiyat will enjoy the means of protection form illegal enhancements of his rent and arbitrary ejectment from his land. This is surely an insignificant price to pay for such

* On this point reference is invited to the opinion of the Hon'ble Sir Griffith Evans (Enclosure IIa, pages Xa to Xc) which confirms that of the Hon'ble the Advocate-General referred to in paragraph 31 of my Minute of 24th June last.

† I notice that in replying to a question put in the House of Commons by Mr. Henniker-Heaton in August last, Mr. Russell, Under-Secretary of State for India, said: "The cost of maintaining the record of rights would be about ¾ of an anna per rupee of rent." Mr. Russell was, it will be noticed, incorrectly informed as to the facts, and made the cess three times more than I propose it should be.

advantages, and no sensible addition to the raiyats' existing burden. The incidence on the zamindar of the land record cess will be no heavier than on the raiyat.

But I shall not, when the facts are known, be surprised if the Bill on this point is adversely criticised as unfair to the raiyat, having regard to the landlord's existing responsibility for the whole pay of the patwari when he cannot show that by custom before Regulation XII of 1817 the raiyats were responsible; and I should not object to leaving the point an open one for the Legislative Council to decide, without any declaration of policy from Government, except that the rate of ¼ of an anna per rupee of rent shall not be reduced, nor any greater burden be imposed on the raiyat than that one-half of that rate (or ⅛ of an anna—that is, one farthing—per rupee of rent) which the Bill as drafted imposes.

Objection that the Bill is unnecessary considered.

69. I now propose to consider the second of objection stated in paragraph 62 above. In my speech at the Bankipore Darbar, I referred to this objection in the following terms:—"I have spoken to many landlords within the last two months on this subject, and there was not one who did not confirm my own long-standing conviction, that if the survey is made at all, it ought, when completed, to be maintained up to date. We know that changes in holdings are of constant occurrence through deaths, transfers, successions, reclamation of waste lands, division of fields (and I might have added, enhancements or divisions of rent). So that, if no means of annually adjusting the record to these change is adopted, the record will have become wholly obsolete in a few years, while from the first year it would be growing and more discredited for judicial and administrative purposes." Experience in other provinces where records of rights are maintained shows that the annual changes vary from 5 to 10 per cent. of the entries. If no adjustments were periodically made, we should be in a very few years confronted with the state of chaos and the numberless embarrassments we suffer from to-day. If the record be not maintained, the survey and settlement of Bihar will be a very one-sided business indeed. In my letter of the 6th July to the Government of India, it was said: "By the survey and record the landlords will gain substantially not only in that the recovery of existing rents will be materially facilitated and its cost reduced, but by the increase of rents in cases in which the survey enables the landlord to prove that the tenant is holding land in excess of the area for which he is paying rent. * * * They will further gain by the stereotyping of *sir* or demesne land, which plays so important a part in the agricultural system of Bihar, and over which raiyats henceforward will be debarred from acquiring occupancy rights. The planters who are not solely landlords, and who regard the acquisition of rights in land as merely subsidiary to the cultivation and manufacture of indigo, will find their position enormously strengthened and their initial expenditure reduced by the survey placing on record the exact nature and extent of all proprietary rights; so that in future the planter will know exactly with whom to deal when taking a lease of a village. He will also be enabled, on occasions, to ignore the zamindars and to acquire effective rights for the purpose of cultivating indigo by entering into agreements with the raiyats direct. So far, then, looking at the matter from the raiyat's point of view, it will be seen that for a survey and record which will lead probably to an enhancement of their rents, and certainly to a curtailment of the area within which the rights conferred on them by the Tenancy Act can take effect, the raiyats will have to pay a sum amounting in the aggregate to one-half of the charges imposed upon the land. Clearly they have the strongest equitable claim to some substantial counterbalancing equivalent for proceedings which are likely, or which have a tendency, to produce such results. This equivalent is chiefly to be found in the maintenance of the record of rights, which, if it mulcts the raiyats now, will, it must be hoped, give them freedom from illegal demands and adequate protection in the future."

Maintenance of the record of rights essential in the interests of the raiyats.

The maintenance of the record up to date thus, in my opinion, lies at the very root of the whole matter, and it is not to be wondered at that the zamindars are concentrating their opposition on this point. If they are successful—if even

by agreeing to the survey the zamindars can avoid the subsequent maintenance of the record—then in a very few years the raiyats will be in as bad a plight than if we had never interfered on their behalf. The examples of Chittagong and of Cuttack have been cited in support of the view that a survey without subsequent maintenance of the record confers a lasting benefit on the raiyats. But I submit that the cases are not in point, for the raiyats in Chittagong and (in a lesser degree) in Cuttack were strong and their landlords weak, while in Bihar the case is entirely reversed; even in Chittagong and Cuttack it is certain that the condition of the raiyats would be better than it now is had the records been kept up. Moreover, the experience of the Benares district, which adjoins North Bihar, points the other way, and indicates the necessity of maintaining the record. My great fear is that to the ignorant Bihar raiyat the survey alone would, after a very few years had passed, be a mere fig-leaf of protection.

Desirability of taking power in the Bill to revise the record at such periods as may be found necessary by experience.

70. At the Muzaffarpur Conference the zamindars met my proposal for an annual revision of the record by a counter-proposal for a decennial revision. But it was pointed out that, having regard to the frequency of changes in the record, a decennial revision was practically equivalent to no maintenance at all. I objected, and still object, to any limitation on the discretion of the Government as to the time when the record shall be revised. We are to be responsible for the accuracy of the record, and we must not be fettered as to the time or method of keeping it up to date. The only limitations we can allow are those imposed by financial considerations. For these we have provided in the Bill, and subject to them we must have power to revise the record at such periods as we may find most desirable. If we find an annual revision necessary, we must be able to make an annual revision; if we find a biennial revision will suffice, we must be at liberty to make our revision biennial. If in well-managed estates, where we find that changes are regularly reported to the Land Record-Keeper, a revision once in three years will meet practical requirements, we may have a triennial revision; but no longer period than three years should ever be permitted to pass without revising the record. Three years is the period of limitation which the law allows in regard to the recovery of arrears of rent. On one point perhaps I ought to guard myself against misconception. There is no intention to have the whole of the record re-written each year, but merely to have entered up annually mutations or changes which have taken place during the year. The re-writing of the record *de novo* will depend on the number of intermediate mutations that may have been entered, and administrative convenience.

Objection to Bill on the ground of interference between landlord and tenant considered.

71. The third objection (see paragraph 62 above) I have to notice is that our scheme of maintenance of the record involves intolerable interference between landlord and tenant. To see the fallacy of this, one has only to consider what information has to be maintained in the record. In Appendix B to my Minute of the 24th June, I gave provisional forms of records of rights, and an examination of them will show that they involved no unnecessary interference between landlord and tenant at all. All that they involved was the adjustment of the record of a previous year to the circumstances actually existing at the subsequent time when the Keeper of the Land Records visited the village. If all the changes are reported by the landlord and raiyat, or by either, at the time of occurrence, and before the date of the land Record-Keeper's visit, all the Keeper will have to do is to verify their accuracy on the spot. Wherein, then, does the intolerable interference exist? Where does it come in? There is to be no interference by the Land Record-Keeper with agreements regarding rents, no interference with the letting or resumption of lands, no meddling in the zamindari management of the village. There is to be no interference at all beyond the adjustment of the record to the existing facts. The people who make this charge of "intolerable interference" are themselves either unacquainted with the scheme which is before them, or, being averse from the check on arbitrary action which a record of facts and legal conditions implies, they permit their judgments to be warped by baseless apprehensions.

But it is said the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor's scheme for maintaining the record will be ineffectual. No reasons are given; the scheme is condemned

off-hand by those who have had themselves little or no practical experience in such matters. My reply is that the scheme as it stands is the handiwork of men who have been dealing with land records on the largest scale now in operation in India. It is no doubt susceptible of improvement—every human contrivance is—and it will be improved with time and experience; but it is, as it stands, based on principles which underlie all valid schemes of the sort, that have been from time to time approved by men competent to form an opinion on the subject. We have succeeded in the Central Provinces, and we must be given some credit for knowing what we are about when we say that with ordinary care and attention the Land Records of North Bihar can be maintained up to date.

Attitude of Indigo Planters to the Bill considered.

72. At the Muzaffarpur Conference the scheme found a critic in Mr. T. M. Gibbon, C.I.E., whose advocacy of Chapter X of the Tenancy Act (concerning surveys and record of rights), when he was a member of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General, will have been noticed in paragraph 26 above. But Mr. Gibbon has not always been in opposition on this question. In 1878, in a communication to the Bihar Rent Law Committee, he advocated the maintenance of the record of rights in the following terms:—

"The patwari should be nominated by the district officers, be the servant of Government paid by the Government: he should be, as originally intended, 'record-keeper,' and nothing but a record-keeper, entrusted with no executive powers. He should have nothing to do with the village collections, granting receipts, giving pattas and kabuliyats, &c., &c.; the zamindar should be compelled to do all this through his own servants.

"The patwari being the record-keeper, the zamindar should be compelled to hand him copies in duplicate of the past year's rent roll (*jamabandi*) and balance sheet (*wasil-baki*), the current year's ticca land accounts (*arsatta*) and instalments paper (*behri*), quarterly returns of all assessment papers (*khasras*), and also collections made (*seahas*), memoranda of lands relinquished by raiyats and new lands bandobasted (settled) with raiyats, with a list of pattas given and kabuliyats received.

"One copy should remain with the patwari, the other be signed by the patwari and returned to the landholder. The patwari should be a good accountant and know something of surveying, in case you think it necessary that all measurement of jotes should be made by the patwari. The raiyats should at all times have access to the patwari's papers and the patwari be bound to afford him all information as to the state of his account.

"Instead of each petty village of from one to two hundred rupees rent-roll having a patwari of its own, the district should be divided into circles with rent-rolls of not less than Rs. 5,000, not more than Rs. 10,000. It should be optional with landholders to dispense with the present staff of men. Half the amount of money now expended by zamindars on the present staffs paid into Government treasuries would be sufficient to secure the services of efficient men, and would be a saving to the zamindars, as it would enable them to get rid of the men who cannot afford to be honest on the small salaries they receive.

All returns called for by district officers should represent the exact terms of the holdings, however ridiculous to them such terms may appear."

These were the proposals regarding the maintenance of a record of rights which Mr Gibbon advocated in 1878. He was not, I believe, against some sort of maintenance in 1892, but we are unfortunate in finding him in apparently an altered mind in 1893. The following extract from the Minutes of the Conference shows the grounds which Mr. Gibbon gives for his change of opinion, and the support my proposals borrow from his earlier views. I quote from Mr. Stevens' remarks in the Minutes of the Conferences:—

"He (Mr. Gibbon) replied * * that there was nothing in it (his letter to the Bihar Rent Law Committee) regarding which he had changed his views as to the conditions which then existed, but that circumstances have since become altered. When the letter was written there was no survey or immediate prospect of one. But the difference which this change has made seems to me to be at the most one of convenience rather than of principle. In other words, the suggestions then made were proper in themselves, though the survey now, in Mr. Gibbon's opinion, makes it unnecessary that they should be carried out. You will notice that the following considerations underlie those suggestions:—

(1) It is right that Government should have at its disposal a local agency of contemporaneous record.

(2) That agency should have no connection with the collection of rents, but should be entirely at the service of Government, and should be nominated and paid by Government officers.

(3) It is reasonable that the zamindars should pay at least a share of the necessary expenditure direct into the Government treasury.

(4) It is possible to secure, consistently with due economy, the services of efficient men.

(5) The areas to be dealt with by these record-keepers should be re-adjusted, and the district divided into convenient and fairly uniform circles considerably larger than those of the existing patwaris usually are.

(6) The present staff of patwaris should be placed at the disposal of the zamindars, to keep or to dispense with at their option.

"These considerations, gentlemen, are, you will perceive, exactly those on which the scheme now before you is based, and the only question is whether the survey has superseded them. In the opinion of Government it has not done so."

73. Reading this extract with the memorial presented by the Indigo Planters at Muzaffarpur, it might be inferred that the attitude of the Planters' Association towards the survey and records of rights was somewhat of this kind. They desire to have the survey made, but do not want to have the record subsequently maintained; they want to have rent assessed summarily by the revenue officers and not by the judicial tribunals on "excess" areas which the survey may apparently bring out; they want to have patwaris abolished, without any substitute being supplied in their places, and the last potentiality of Government control over village agrarian economy thus wiped out; and lastly they want to have a summary method for recovering arrears of rent. In my reply to the memorial* presented to me at Muzaffarpur by the Indigo Planters' Association, I endeavoured to show what these claims really signify, and I am now loath to believe that the Bihar Indigo Planters do mean all this. I prefer to think that they wish as earnestly as I do that there should be impartiality and fair dealing throughout this business. They wish for the survey and record of rights; so do I. But I wish further to have the record maintained, so that we may escape the errors of the past and secure in future protection and certainty for all concerned where there is now none. The Planters agree, as I understand, to the theory, but fear corruption, interference or harassment in practice. I have dealt with this objection in paragraph 71 above, and here I would only add, cannot the Planters' Association bring itself to let us try? If it agrees with us on all other points, why should it break away from us on this question of maintaining the record up to date? I can understand the opposition of the zamindars who object to the survey and every consequence of it. But I am unable to understand the attitude of the Indigo Planters, who profess good-will to the raiyats, are eager that the Record should be made, but oppose its maintenance up to date,—the only good the raiyat can get out of the whole business I can only indulge in the hope that further reflection will bring the Indigo Planters' Association round to see that on the ground of expediency as well as of justice, the maintenance of the record up to date is conducive to their own best interests, and as essential for the protection of the raiyat as it is for the more speedy recovery of arrears of rents through the Civil Courts.

* See Enclosure II.

73A. I caused the preceding paragraphs to be communicated to Mr. Macnaghten, Secretary to the Indigo Planters' Association, who happened to be in Darjeeling, and I have his permission to quote from his reply as follows:—

"Indigo planters of Bihar as a body approve of the survey and record of rights, but they hold that a very much larger proportion, if not the whole, of the costs should be borne by Government.

"They believe that the proposed method of keeping up the record is a fair one, but they recognise more than any Government servant can do, the wide opportunities for bribery and corruption that will be open to subordinate officials. They do not think that a record will be kept up with any degree of accuracy, and they have reason for believing that such record is not kept in the North-West Provinces.

"Many planters think that the officers appointed for a circle, a subdivision, or whatever it may be called, should be of superior grade, a European if possible, and of the Survey Department; that the area of each circle should be such that the officer in charge would complete it in the ordinary course in three years. He may, if necessary, have to visit some villages oftener in the interval.

"Objection is not taken to the Government cess. If the record is to be kept up it must be paid for; but planters do most strongly urge on Government the absolute necessity of curtailing, so far as possible, the opportunities for the exaction of illegal cesses, the extortion, bribery, and corruption which will inevitably follow the introduction of the record, and which will, in the opinion of many, more than do away with any good that should otherwise accrue.

"It is by spreading the Government employés over as large an area as is consistent with efficiency, and widening the intervals between their visits, that this may be most easily effected."

73B. The preceding extract went far to justify my belief that in point of principle there is no substantial difference between the Indigo Planters' Association and ourselves in connection with the cadastral survey and the maintenance of the record, and that, whatever differences do exist, touch matters of detail which are susceptible of adjustment. I have since communicated these proposals to Sir William Hudson, President of the Indigo Planters' Association, who now authorizes me to to say that while endorsing Mr. Macnaghten's remarks, he accepts my scheme for maintaining the record, subject to the condition that an European officer of the Survey Department with the powers of a Deputy Collector (*i.e.* of a revenue officer) be appointed to supervise the working of the scheme in each district.

Compliance with Sir William Hudson's condition is consistent with my scheme; and it is in itself desirable that expert survey officers who have had experience in making the record should be employed in maintaining it. It may therefore be, I think, assumed that we shall be able to satisfy the Planters' Association, and that they will not persist in their opposition to the maintenance of the record. In matters of detail I need hardly add we shall be forward to meet all reasonable wishes.

Costs of survey and recovery thereof.

74. There is one clause of the Bill—clause 12—on which I am particularly anxious to say a few words. The Memorialists are very pressing in their representations that the costs of the Cadastral Survey and Record of Rights will be a heavy burden on the landlords and tenants. I have shown in paragraph 61 above that there is extreme exaggeration in this complaint, but I admit that the work cannot be done for nothing, and I am anxious to adapt the method of recovering the cost to the convenience of all concerned. The method of recovering the cost of a Cadastral Survey and Record of Rights prescribed in section 114 of the Tenancy Act has been found by practice to be in some cases defective. It is suitable in the case of small estates; it is less suitable when large areas are concerned. In the latter cases it involves very intricate calculations, especially where subinfeudation has gone to any considerable length: it must cause some, though transitory, inconvenience to the poorer classes of people by making the debt payable in a single instalment; and by necessitating the employment of a collecting agency of tahsildars, peons, &c., it not only adds something in the shape of fees to the original burden, but opens the door to the irregularities which the memorialists connect with the employment of low-paid and ill-supervised agency. To the preceding objections against the existing arrangements from the landlords' and raiyats' side might be added the additional objection from the side of the Government (which advances the cost of the operations), that when the expenses are divided among and have to be collected from several millions of people, there is risk of short collections, unauthorised exactions on the part of process servers or collecting peons, and the certainty of intricate accounts and protracted proceedings. All these conditions point to the desirability of devising some means whereby the costs of the Cadastral Survey and Record of Rights may be recovered in such instalments as will not be felt by any party, and under such conditions that there will be no addition to the original apportionment, and no opportunity for exactions on the part of a collecting agency. By the plan proposed in clause 12 of the Bill, these requirements will, I think, be met, and if the clause becomes law, I should propose to spread the recovery over so many years, that in any one year the raiyat or landlord would not have to pay more than one anna per annum per acre of the holding or estate.

To prevent such a transitory cess being continued in permanence, it would be specially mentioned in the "*parcha*" or extract from the record given at attestation time to each raiyat that the additional anna would only be payable for the number of years which might be fixed as the period over which recoveries might be spread.

This proposal ought, I think, to obviate the objections raised to the Cadastral Survey on account of the cost and hardship to raiyats and zamindars which the collection of the expenses would, it is alleged, entail, while it is

desirable on its merits. The procedure I now propose would be an alternative to that provided in section 114 of the Tenancy Act.

Summary of conclusions.

75. With these remarks I bring this Minute to a conclusion, hoping that I have shown—

(1) that in these Provinces raiyats were from the earliest times entitled to have a record of their rights in their holdings prepared at the landlords' expense;

(2) that it was the duty and intention of the Government from the earliest times to establish a record of rights;

(3) that the raiyats of Bihar have grievously suffered from the non-fulfilment of that duty and intention;

(4) that the rentals of Bihar landlords have within three generations increased to an amazing extent (the figures show eighty fold), and out of all proportion to what was contemplated at the time of the Permanent Settlement, or to what was justifiable by any subsequent legislation;

(5) that this increase in rent and the destruction of raiyats' rights which it entailed have reduced the raiyats of Bihar to an extreme state of poverty and depression;

(6) that illegal enhancements of rent are still going on, and that the same abuses exist now in Bihar, and the same necessity for a record of rights, as before the Tenancy Act was passed;

(7) that without a Cadastral survey and record of rights maintained up to date, these abuses cannot in Bihar be adequately and permanently checked;

(8) that a Cadastral survey and record of right, wherever undertaken, have proved an immediate remedy for such abuses as exist now in North Bihar, and that they have, far from stirring up litigation and strife, produced peace and good-will between landlord and tenant;

(9) that our proposals to create a Land record agency are justified alike by law, expediency, and moderation; that the cess proposed, *one-quarter anna* (*or one farthing*) *per rupee of rent*, is not only moderate in itself, but must be regarded, not as fresh taxation, but as a great alleviation of a legal obligation which now rests upon zamindars; that the *annual* incidence of this cess on the *land* will not exceed one anna (one penny) *per acre*, payable half by the landlord and half by the tenant; and that for such an insignificant charge the landlord will be able to recover arrears of rent though the Civil Court more speedily than at present, while the raiyat will secure protection against illegal demands and arbitrary eviction;

(10) that it is not incumbent on the Government to make, at the expense of the general tax-payer, any large contribution to the expenses of operations rendered necessary by the laches of landlords, whose income from the land has, largely through extra-legal means, increased enormously in three generations, and who now contribute far less to the public Exchequer than landlords similarly circumstanced in any other part of these Provinces or perhaps of the Empire;

(11) that the Memorial of the Zamindari Associations submitted to me for transmission to the Secretary of State is inaccurate on all material points.

The draft of this Minute has been considered by the Board of Revenue, and I am glad to be able to append to it the opinion of both Members of the Board, endorsing and accepting it. I would especially invite attention to Mr. Stevens' interesting and valuable note.

A. P. MacDONNELL,

Offg. Lieutenant-Governor.

The 20th September 1893.

APPENDIX A.

Note by the HON'BLE C. C. STEVENS, *Senior Member of the Board of Revenue, on His Honour the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor's Minute, dated* 20*th September* 1893.

[Referred to in paragraph 75 of the Minute.]

1. I have read this Minute carefully, and have no hesitation in expressing my complete concurrence with both the statements of fact and the arguments which it contains. Both are dealt with so fully that very little besides acquiescence is left for any other writer.

2. Too much prominence cannot be given in the refutation of the wholly groundless assertion that the survey and record of rights in North Bihar constitute a violation of the Permanent Settlement. For the nature of the English people is to abhor a breach of faith, and the assertion, by persons who profess to be well informed, that an offence so repugnant to the national character has been committed, will always command attention. This charge has been persistently pressed against the Tenancy Act, and is now being urged against these proceedings, which have for their purpose the enforcement of the provisions of that Act, defining and maintaining the rights of the raiyats. And, just as the light thrown on the project of law by the discussions in and out of the Legislative Council dissipated the baseless accusations brought against the legislation as a whole, so it is well that the futility of these same accusations should be exposed, now that they are revived and directed against its practical application.

3. The position of the zamindars before the introduction of the English rule may readily be understood from the following facts:—

(1) All the settlements, from that of Todar Mull downwards, dealt primarily with the individual raiyat, and fixed by an Act of State the payments to be made by him.

(2) The profits of the zamindar were derived, partly from lands granted to him on account of official services, and partly from a definite share or a commission upon the revenue collect d from the raiyats.

(3) The commission received by the zamindar was very small, not exceeding 5 per cent. of the gross produce of the soil.

(4) That the zamindar was an official rather than a proprietor may be inferred from his responsibility for the police, for the administration of justice, for the collection of transit duties, for the preservation of roads and bridges, and (when occasion required) for military service.

(5) The zamindars were liable to dismissal.

(6) Zamindars were appointed and hereditary successors received sunnuds. These were asked for by petition, and granted on conditions including promises to conciliate and protect the raiyats, to pay in the rents after receiving credit for their own allowances, to refrain from prohibited exactions, and to deliver the official village accounts.

(7) Incompetent zamindars were excluded.

(8) Zamindaris were not transferred as of right without the sanction of the State.

(9) Kanungos and patwaris were appointed to declare the law, to keep the village accounts for the protection of the raiyats, and generally to check the zamindars.

4. In 1769, shortly after its succession to the Dewani, the East India Company appointed supervisors to enquire into the condition of the lands and the revenues in addition to other duties. The following passages from the orders appointing these officers are instructive—

"A third and equally important object of your attention under this head is to fix the amount of what the zamindar receives from the raiyats as his income or emolument, wherein

they greatly exceed the bounds of moderation, taking advantage of the personal attachment of their people and of the inefficiency of the present restrictions upon them. When the sum of the produce of the land and of each demand on the tenant in thus ascertained with certainty, the proportion of what remains to him for the support of his family and encouragement of his industry will clearly appear, and lead us to the reality of his condition.

"Among the chief efforts which are hoped for from your residence in that province, and which ought to employ and never wander from your attention, are to convince the raiyat that you will stand between him and the hand of oppression; that you will be his refuge and the redresser of his wrongs; that the calamities he has already suffered have sprung from an intermediate cause, and were neither known nor permitted by us; that honest and direct applications to you will never fail producing speedy and equitable decisions; that, after supplying the legal due of Government, he may be secured in the enjoyment of the remainder, and finally teach him a veneration and affection for the humane maxims of our Government."

A third passage directs that—

"The raiyat should be impressed in the most forcible and convincing manner . . . . that our object is not increase of rents or accumulation of demands, but solely by fixing such as are legal, explaining and abolishing such as are fraudulent and unauthorized, not only to redress his present grievances, but to secure him from all further invasions of his property."

Seven years later a Committee was appointed by the Governor-General (Warren Hastings) to enquire in detail into the value of the land. It was suggested as an object, among others, of the enquiry—

"to secure to the raiyats the perpetual and undisturbed possession of their lands, and to guard them against arbitrary exactions. This is not to be done by proclamations and edicts, nor by indulgences to the zamindars and farmers; the former will not be obeyed unless enforced by regulations so framed as to produce their own effect, without requiring the hand of Government to interpose its support; and the latter, though it may feed the luxury of the zamindars or the rapacity of the farmers, will prove no relief to the cultivator, whose welfare ought to be the immediate and primary care of Government. . . . . It is the interest of the zamindar to exact the greatest rent he can from the raiyats; *and it is as much against his interest to fix the deeds by which the raiyats hold their lands and pay their rents to certain bounds and defences against his own authority. The foundation of such a work must be laid Government itself.*"

Sir Philip Francis, in the course of these discussions, though opposing the Governor-General generally, confessed that—

"the idea of guarding the raiyats against arbitrary exaction is just and attainable."

Mr. Barwell said—

"I deem it to be the first object of this Government to fence and secure the raiyats against the arbitrary power of the zamindars; otherwise, no one regulation we may resolve on can, in its immediate or remote consequences, answer the beneficient design for which it was formed......I acknowledge the task is extremely difficult and arduous; *but unless the rights of the common people are well defined and well secured, I am persuaded that all our speculations will only tend to enrich the zamindars.*

5. Thus we see that in the times preceding the British rule, the raiyat was the person with whom the State had to deal, the zamindar was the agent of the State, and officers were appointed for the purpose of keeping the raiyats' accounts and of serving as checks upon the zamindars. The necessity for defining and securing the rights of the raiyats was recognized and forcibly expounded by the British rulers in the earliest days of their accession to power; and it was even then clearly seen that such a definition and maintenance of the raiyats' rights was not a work in which the zamindars could be expected to co-operate, but that its foundation must be laid by Government itself.

6. I can find no evidence whatever that in the 24 years which elapsed between the accession to the Dewany and the Permanent Settlement, there was any change, either in England or in India, of sentiment on this question. On the contrary, the Statute 24, Geo. III, cap. 25, was interpreted by the Court of Directors in their letter of the 12th April 1786, as intending to declare general principles for the regulation of the conduct of Government to the natives—

"Not to introduce any novel system or to destroy those rules and maxims which prevailed in the well-regulated periods of the native princes, an adherence to which must be most satisfactory to the natives, and most conducive to the safety of our dominion."

In the discussions which ensued in India, the protection of the raiyats was the first consideration with the disputants on both sides—

"We know from experience" (says Mr. Shore in his Minute of the 18th September 1789) "what the zamindars are; and I am not inclined, in opposition to that experience, to suppose that they will at once assume new principles of action, and become economical landlords and prudent trustees of the public interests. The necessity of some interposition between the zamindars and their tenants is absolute; and Government interferes by establishing regulations for the conduct of the zamindars, which they are to execute, and by delegating authority to the Collectors to enforce their execution. If the assessment of the zamindaries were unalterably fixed, and the proprietors were left to make their own arrangements with the raiyats, without any restrictions, injunctions or limitations, which, indeed, is a result of the fundamental principle, the present confusion would never be adjusted."

The necessity for imposing these restrictions, injunctions and limitations is thus used as an argument against the hasty conclusion of the Permanent Settlement. But the Governor General, in his reply, maintained most vigorously that the prevention of arbitrary and unjust conduct on the part of the zamindars was in no way inconsistent with the contemplated measure—

"To permit him (the zamindar) to dispossess one cultivator for the sole purpose of giving the land to another, would be vesting him with a power to commit a wanton act of oppression from which he could derive no benefit . . . The rents of an estate can only be raised by inducing the raiyats to cultivate more valuable articles of produce, and to clear the extensive tracts of waste land which are to be found in almost every zamindari in Bengal."

7. In his Minute dated 18th September 1789, Lord Cornwallis writes—

"I understand the word permanency to extend to the jama only, and not to the details of the settlement; for many regulations will certainly be hereafter necessary for the further security of the raiyats in particular, and even of those talukdars who, to my concern, must still remain in some degree of dependence on the zamindars; but these can only be made by Government as abuses occur, and I will venture to assert that either now or ten years hence, or at any given period, it is impossible for human wisdom and foresight to form any plan that will not require such attention and regulation. I cannot, however, admit that such regulations can in any degree affect the rights which it is now proposed to confirm to the zamindar, for I never will allow that in any country Government can be said to invade the rights of his subject, when they only require for the benefit of the State that he shall accept of a reasonable equivalent for the surrender of a real or supposed right which in his hands is detrimental to the general interest of the public, or when they prevent his committing cruel oppressions upon his neighbours or upon his own dependents."

8. The views of the Court of Directors may be ascertained from the following extracts from their letter dated the 19th September 1792:—

"We therefore wish to have it distinctly understood that while we confirm to the landholders the possession of the district which they how hold and subject only to the rent now settled, and while we disclaim any interference with respect to the situation of the raiyats, or the sums paid by them, *with any view to any addition of revenue to ourselves*, we expressly reserve the right which clearly belongs to us as sovereigns of interposing our authority in making from time to time all such regulations as may be necessary to prevent the raiyats being improperly disturbed in their possessions, or loaded with unwarrantable exactions. A power exercised for the purposes we have mentioned, and which has no view to our own interests except as they are connected with the general industry and prosperity of the country, can be no object of jealousy to the landholders, and instead of diminishing, will ultimately enhance the value of their proprietory rights."

Again—

"Our interposition, when it is necessary, seems also to be clearly consistent with the practice of the Moghul Government, under which it appeared to be a general maxim that the immediate cultivator of the soil, duly paying his rent, should not be dispossessed of the land he occupied. *This necessarily supposes that there were some measures and limits by which the rent could be defined, and that it was not left to the arbitrary determination of the zamindar, for otherwise such a rule would be nugatory*; and point of fact, the original amount seems to have been annually ascertained and fixed by the act of the sovereign."

9. Such being the plainly expressed opinions and intentions of those who framed, and directed the enactment of, the regulations constituting the Permanent Settlement, there can be little difficulty as to the true meaning of the right of interference reserved in section 8 of Regulation I of 1793—

"It being the duty of the ruling power to protect all classes of people, and more particularly those who from situation are most helpless, the Governor-General in Council will, whenever he may deem it proper, enact such regulations as he may think necessary for

the protection of the dependent talukdars, raiyats, and other cultivators of the soil; and no zamindar, independent talukdar, or other actual proprietor of land, shall be entitled on this account to make any objection to the discharge of the fixed assessment which they have respectively agreed to pay."

10. It ought never to be forgotten that the Permanent Settlement was a transaction between the Government and the zamindars, to which the raiyats were not parties, and that whatever rights and privileges were bestowed on the zamindars were carved out of those belonging to the State, and not out of those belonging to the cultivators. The zamindar was never intended to be, and never was, the absolute proprietor of the soil. Yet there is no doubt that the use of the word "proprietor" and of others gave rise in early times to misunderstanding on the part of persons unfamiliar with the history of the zamindari tenure in Bengal. And precisely this ignorance is the great hope of the agitators in England at the present day. "The use of these terms" (say the Court of Directors in their Revenue letter to Bengal, dated 15th January 1819)—

"which has ever since continued current, has in practice contributed with other causes, to perplex the subject of landed tenures, and thereby to impair, and in many cases to destroy, the rights of individuals; yet it is clear that the rights which were actually recognised to exist in that class by the enactments of the Permanent Settlement were not intended to trench upon the rights which were possessed by the raiyats."

And further on they say—

"It is also a circumstance which is not to be overlooked, that although so many years have elapsed since the conclusion of that settlement, yet no resort has been had to the exercise of the power we then expressly reserved, of interfering for the purpose of defining and adjusting the rights of the raiyats."

10A. The truth is that it is not the zamindars, but the raiyats, who have just cause to complain of us They may righteously say—

"Before the British rule our dealings were with the State, whose officers the zamindars were; our right to hold our lands without disturbance, so long as we paid the established rent, was acknowledged; exactions beyond this were forbidden; kanungos and patwaris were appointed by the State to keep our accounts and to protect our rights against the zamindars; when the British took the Dewany it was thoroughly understood that we were entitled to these privileges and to the protection of the State; your own Governor-General saw that the obvious interest of the zamindars is to exact the most he can from us, that it is against his interest to accept any limits to his authority, and that to establish such limits is the work of Government. When the Permanent Settlement was being arranged, it was understood that our rents were to be paid according to fixed rates, and the zamindars' profits were to be derived only from inducing us to grow more valuable crops, and from the settlement of waste lands. At the Permanent Settlement made 'with a view to promote the future ease and happiness of the people,' the Government reserved to itself the fullest power to interfere for our protection. Now what have you done? How have you fulfilled your acknowledged obligations? In 1799, thinking your own revenues in danger, you handed us over to the zamindars practically without reserve, that they might realize their rents by summary measures of the severest kind. In 1812, to remove the 'considerable abuses and oppressions' which you had enabled the zamindars to practice, you empowered them to distrain our property. Up to 1817 you had admittedly neglected to afford us any of the promised protection. You made a feeble effort to revive and strengthen the kanungo and patwari for our benefit; but the kanungo has vanished, and the patwari has become the servant of the zamindar, on whom he was intended to be a check. Your sale laws and laws for partition of estates have brought us nothing but mischief. In 1859 you passed a Rent Law which in Bihar was inoperative, except as authorising distraint and enhancement against us. In 1885 you passed Tenancy Act, which was intended to limit the mischief caused by your previous negligence. But up till now what have you done to secure to us the benefits of that law? Have you educated us to a knowledge of our rights? Have you defined those rights? Have you recorded them, so that, surrendering as lost for ever all that of which we have been deprived, we may maintain the residue safe against future encroachments?"

And to this complaint it would be difficult to give any satisfactory reply; the institution of the survey and record of rights now going on in Bihar can only be regarded as a tardy realization by the Government of the obligations which in theory it has always recognized. It is not the zamindar, but the raiyat, who has had reason to complain of disregard of the Permanent Settlement.

11. The importance of the subject must be my apology for writing at such length on the origin of the general question, and I feel that after all I have added little, and perhaps need have added nothing, to the exposition contained in the Minute.

12. It appears to me that paragraphs 24 to 26 of the Minute effectually dispose of the zamindars' contentions that the survey of Bihar has taken them by surprise, and that a district is not such a "local area" that the Government is justified by the Act in surveying it. As for the latter point, it has always been a matter of surprise to me that the zamindars, holding the views which they profess, should not at the outset have protested against the Act itself. But allowing that they have permitted the opportunity to pass, it is strange that, if they believed the action of Government to be illegal, they should not have taken the advice of counsel. The adverse opinions of a few eminent lawyers would have doubtless induced the Government to pause in its undertaking. Or the institution of a test suit would have procured a judicial decision long ago. That these obvious measures have not been taken leads to the interference that the advisers of the zamindars have more hope from popular agitation then from law and facts. And this is confirmed, now that the Advocate-General has given an unequivocal opinion in support of the wider interpretation of the law, which has commended itself to all the responsible authorities.

13. I can think of nothing either to modify, or to explain or illustrate, in that large part of the Minute which deals with the necessity of the survey and record of rights in Bihar up to the passing of the Tenancy Act.

In reference to paragraph 40, in which it is shown that the remedies supplied by the Act are of two kinds—the legislative and the executive—I would invite attention to a passage which I have already quoted from Warren Hastings, to the effect that the "perpetual and undisturbed possession of their lands" is not to be secured for raiyats by "proclamations and edicts" unless "enforced by regulations so framed as to produce their own effect, without requiring the hand of Government to interpose its support." This is a prophecy which has been exactly fulfilled. A right known by all concerned to exist is more than half secured, and in Bihar the great difficulty has been, and still is, that the people know to little of their rights. The Board are now frequently receiving applications from landlords or tenants in other parts of the province for survey and record of rights; and it is argued that it would be wiser to take up only cases in which interference is thus applied for. But the obvious answer is that, where both parties are fully aware that the law is available, the objects of the law are in some measure attained, even without direct recourse to it. But, where one party knows the law and takes advantage of it, while the other is ignorant, the case is quite different. Here "the foundation of such a work" (as Warren Hastings said) "must be laid by Government itself."

14. In paragraph 45 of the Minute His Honour the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor mentions a case which has come to light in the course of the proceedings now in progress in Bihar, in which the raiyats have been induced by an unscrupulous agent to swear to the authenticity of certain forged receipts to their own detriment. I may mention another instance of a different kind, which has still more recently come to my notice. It is that of a document which has been impounded by a registrar, and has been brought before the Board for adjudication of the proper stamp duty, but deserves consideration on account of the nature of its conditions. The following is a translation of extracts from the body of it:—

"That I am jeyt raiyat and cultivator in the said   bearing tauzi No.   in the proprietary right of   and for the above reason the collection of rent from tenants of the said mauza is entrusted to me.

II. That I being the jeyt raiyat have no power of making any settlement, &c., without a written order from the   or some one appointed in his behalf, with the exception of collecting rents from the tenants, and if I do so it will be null and void.

III. I, the jeyt raiyat, will not allow any one to excavate a tank or well in the culturable or fallow land, situated within the aforesaid mauza, belonging to the raiyats or *sir*; nor will I do so myself. I will not plant bamboos and groves, nor will allow any raiyat to do so, and nor will I erect houses myself or allow others to do so. In case tanks and wells are dug or gardens and bamboo groves are planted or houses are built, the tanks and wells will be liable to be filled up and the gardens and bamboo groves will be liable to be dug up and the houses will be liable to be domolished. If any raiyat without the sanction of the Maharaja Bahadur or his amlas and mukhtars aforesaid (tries) to excavate tanks, dig wells, plant gardens and bamboos and erect houses forcibly, I will not allow him to excavate, plant and

build. In the event of failure to carry out these actions (orders) I will be held responsible for them and will have to make up the loss which will accrue to the Raj and shall pay it (loss) out of my own person and property to the aforesaid malik.

* * * * * * * *

V. That I shall collect rent according to the prevailing rates of the village and remit the same to the Tahsil Amla, instalment by instalment, receiving my annual commission of Rs. 17, *commencing from* 1290 *Fasli*, which will be set off against my rent, and that I shall discharge the duties of jeyt raiyat faithfully.

* * * * * * * *

VII. I, the jeyt raiyat, will pay the rent my jote lands which are in my possession up to the present time and the details of the rates of which are given below, with effect from the beginning of 1290 according to the *Bhawli*, rate detailed below, and another (*sic.*, in original) and the fixed rates of the villages, year after year, kist after kist, without objection. I will take receipts and *Farighkhati* (written acquittance), (for payments). If I fail to pay in due instalment, I shall be liable to pay *khelâfi* (interest on arrears) as is customary in the village. In the event of my non-payment and repeated default (of the payment) of instalment, the * * * and his heirs and representatives and amlas and mukhtears will be at liberty to take such steps for the realization of the amount, as they may deem proper. I, the jeyt raiyat, will not have any right of any objection to their claims.

* * * * * * * *

A list of rates of rents is attached.

15. The points to be particularly noticed are these. The conditions of the third clause are in direct violation of sections 76-79 and 82-83 of the Tenancy Act, although section 178 of that Act lays down that nothing in any contract between a landlord and a tenant shall take away or limit the right of a tenant, as provided by the Act, to make improvements and claim compensation for them. It is further to be observed that the rents are fixed with *ten years' retrospective effect*. What the exact object of this last stipulation is cannot be ascertained from the document itself, but it can scarcely be consistent with the interests of the raiyat. This document comes from a very large estate in North Bihar, and the reason why the stamp question is brought before the Board is that many such contracts have been executed.

16. It is perhaps unnecessary for me to say that I entirely concur in the reply given by paragraph 62 *et seq.* to the argument that to compel the zamindars to pay for the maintenance of the record is a breach of the Permanent Settlement. The argument is otherwise of a very hollow kind since it appears only too certain that, unless very stringent precautions are taken, the raiyat will ultimately pay all and the zamindar nothing. I do not feel quite sure that the maintenance of the records will cost so little as an anna per acre, but the rough calculations which have been made show little more than that amount. I have little hope that the raiyat's share will be but half this; but I have no hesitation in expressing my belief that it would be to his interest to pay the whole expense if only his tenancy and the rights and conditions attached to it are recorded.

C. C. STEVENS.

The 16*th September* 1893.

Postscript.—Since the above was written I have had the advantage of seeing Mr. Lyall's note, and I now desire to add a few words which it has suggested to me.

2. I differ from Mr. Lyall in the opinion that the opposition to the survey and record of rights has been increased by the precipitation with which the work was begun. It appears to me that the opposition was lessened by the belief prevalent (to some extent wrongly) among the zamindars, (1) that, where they chose, their own patwaris would be used to do the work; (2) that the patwaris as Government servants would be abolished without the substitution of any other machinery; (3) that a summary procedure for the realization of rents would be given them; (4) that there would be considerable enhancement of rents; (5) that, to facilitate this enhancement, there was at least a chance that the former zamindars' measurements might be accepted as a basis. They have now been disabused by the later proceedings, and have seen that they are not likely to gain some of these expected advantages; the result is that the opposition has, for the time, gained something in strength,

But, on the whole, it appears to me by no means greater than might have been anticipated. From the earliest times it has been thoroughly understood that the interests of the raiyats and those of the zamindars, as understood by the zamindars, are antagonistic; and it would have been unreasonable to suppose that a measure, primarily intended to define and defend the rights of the tenants against the landlord, was likely to pass unopposed by the party whom it was meant to restrain. The opposition in this country is strengthened by the belief which is to some extent current, that, after Bihar has been dealt with, the turn of Bengal will come. I do not think that the Government can very well disclaim such an intention, though it is conceivable that wholesale proceedings may not be regarded as necessary. In what has reached me of the opposition in England, I can trace little knowledge of the subject from original sources, but much repetition of information more or less inaccurate, and argument more or less unsound, which have been furnished from India. It is to be hoped that when the real facts and the correct law are better known, the British virtue of candour will re-assert itself.

3. I am sorry to find that Mr. Lyall is still in favour of a summary system of enforcing the payment of rents. There was far greater excuse for such measures in 1799 and 1812, when the Government revenue was in a very high—probably an excessive—ratio to the assets; and if under such conditions the revenue was to be punctually paid, extreme punctuality must in time be exacted from the raiyats. Now even our most recent settlements of revenue are by far more liberal; and the ratio of assets to revenue elsewhere, as the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor has shown, has increased enormously.

The advocates of a summary system appear to be searches for a scheme, rather than supporters of one already thought out. Those who have given up the attempt to square this circle have done so on the broad ground that they can consent to no plan which would be based on misplacing the burden of proof on the raiyats' shoulders. They hold that, when a private person wishes to make use of the machinery of the State to collect debts, whether they are his rents, or whatever they may be, he must be compelled to make a statement of his claim. And this he must authenticate with some solemnity, being subject to a severe penalty for fraud. Such a claim having been made, it is manifest that it would be unjust to proceed at once to seize the property or person of the alleged debtor, without giving him an opportunity of stating his own case. It is easy to imagine to what oppressive uses such a power could be put; and if it could, there are certainly cases in which it would. Notice then must be given to the debtor. He comes forward and contests or admits the claim, and an order is given. Suppose he does not appear, it then becomes necessary to proceed further; but equity requires that, if he presents himself before the court, explains his absence, and proves the injustice of the order, that order must be rescinded. But this is the procedure of a regular suit, and can no more be abbreviated than a proposition of Euclid.

4. I am, however, decidedly in favour of giving the zamindars such assistance as can legitimately be given in realizing their rents. The most important step in this direction is to make a survey and record of rights and to maintain the latter up to date. This being done, the existence and conditions of the tenancy are beyond dispute, and except in special cases the only question will be that of payment; therefore, though the form of procedure remains unchanged, the practical facility of proof will remain much increased. Then arrangements may be made executively to provide for a sufficient staff of officers to try rent suits; perhaps some of these might be peripatetic, if such a course should be convenient. When decrees have been obtained, excessive indulgence should not be shown in execution to judgment-debtors who have defaulted without reasonable cause. Perhaps stamp duties might be reduced. But, however this might be, when the results of the survey and record of rights have once been secured, anything more that can be done for the zamindars will be in the way of executive orders rather than of shortening the judicial procedure.

C. C. STEVENS.

The 18*th September* 1893.

APPENDIX B.

Note by the HON'BLE D. R. LYALL, C.S.I., *Member of the Board of Revenue, on the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor's Minute, dated* 20*th September* 1893.

[Referred to in paragraph 75 of the Minute.]

I AM at one with His Honour the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor in nearly every point of his Minute II, and agree in all the vital points. But to avoid any appearance of inconsistency—as I was, and still am, opposed to some parts of the Tenancy Act, particularly as applied to East Bengal—I think it well to record my views on the Minute at more length, instead of noting a simple concurrence.

2. I look on the settlement chapter of the Tenancy Act as quite the most valuable part of the Act, and I hold it was necessary to work it in North Bihar.

At the same time I should oppose it being worked in the same wholesale way, *i.e.*, by districts or divisions, in a very large part of Lower Bengal, because such a settlement is not needed there, the raiyats being the stronger party and not requiring to have their rights safeguarded.

3. I think that much of the opposition in Bihar is due to the work having been begun too precipitately, but I fully recognise that the work was a necessary one.

4. Coming to details, I strongly endorse what His Honour says in paragraph 15 regarding the Permanent Settlement terms being very severe on the zamindars. The cause of this is explained in paragraph 9. Estates had been let out to ijaradars over the heads of the zamindars, provided they paid higher rates, and these rates were very generally adopted as the basis of the Permanant Settlement.

While Collector of Dacca I made detailed enquiries into this point, and the percentage of estates which passed out of the hands of the original zamindars in the first 20 or 25 years after the Permanent Settlement was enormous. In fact comparatively few representatives of the original zamindars were found to still hold estates. We now allow 10 per cent. for cost of collection alone. In the Permanent Settlement 10 per cent. was nominally allowed to recover cost of collection and profit of the zamindar, and, as above stated, the percentage really fell short of this figure. Now 25 per cent. is given to outsiders and 30 to zamindars, of which 10 per cent. is for cost of collection and 15 to 20 per cent. for profits.

5. I am still of opinion that where there has been a survey and settlement, and where the record is kept up, zamindars should have a summary procedure for the realization of rents admittedly due (paragraph 16 of the Minute). I would not re-enact Regulation VII of 1799, but even that law would have worked very differently had there been a record of rights.

6. I support the views of the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor in paragraph 38. During the short time I was in Bihar, I had to deal with a year of scarcity, and looking at the reports of 1888, I expected that relief works would be wanted in the early part of the cold weather. This was not the case, and the people of Darbhanga held out nearly three months longer than they would have done had the reports of 1888 been correct.

In Gaya, where the harvest was exceedingly bad, and which Mr. Grierson has recently depicted as a district normally deficient in its food-supply, no relief at all was necessary, and there was no importation of grain.

7. I have no doubt whatever that local area may be held to include a district or even a division. The phrase was intentionally inserted to include large as well as small areas; and apart altogether from the dictionary meaning of the word, the discussion in Council shows that large as well as small areas were included.

8. I have also no doubt of the legal right of Government to pass such an Act as that proposed, but it should apply in the first place only to Bihar, and I doubt if it will ever be wanted in East Bengal. It would be equally legal there, but as the conditions are so widely different from those of Bihar, it is not wanted there, and it would be impolitic to introduce it.

D. R. LYALL,
Member, Board of Revenue, L.P.

The 18*th September* 1893.

APPENDIX C.

(1) *The Land Records Maintenance Bill, with Statement of Objects and Reasons.*

(2) *Draft Rules under the above Bill.*

(1)

A

BILL

TO

Provide for the maintenance of Land Records in the Lower Provinces of Bengal.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the maintenance of survey maps and of records of rights and of settlement records and to repeal the law relating to kanungoes and patwaris in Bengal, it is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called "The Land Records Maintenance Act, 1893."

Extent.

It shall come into force only in districts or parts of districts *in which a survey and a record of rights has been made under Chapter X of the Tenancy Act*, or under any other law for the time being in force, to which the Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time extend it by an order published in the *Calcutta Gazette*;

Commencement.

and thereupon this Act shall commence and take effect in the districts or parts of districts named in such order, on the day which shall be in such order provided for the commencement thereof.

Enactments repealed.

2. On the commencement of this Act in any district or part of a district, the enactments specified in Schedule A shall be repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column thereof.

Power to form and alter circles of villages.

3. The Collector of the district, with the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue, may for the purposes of this Act combine the villages in the district of which he is Collector into circles and may fix the number of circles in the district or part of the district to which this Act may be extended, and the respective limits of such circles, and may, with the like sanction, from time to time alter the number and limits so fixed.

Section 23 of India Act XIX of 1873.

Appointment of a sub-kanungo to each circle.

4. For each such circle the Collector shall appoint a keeper of the land records of the circle, who may be styled Land Records Keeper or by such other name as the Board of Revenue, having regard to local custom, may designate.

Section 2 of Bengal Act II of 1877.

Levy of a cess for payment of land record-keepers' salaries and charges incurred for efficient maintenance of records.

5. From and after the commencement of this Act all immoveable property situated within the districts or parts of districts in which this Act may from time to time be in force, shall be liable to the payment of a cess (hereinafter called "The Land Records Cess") to be applied for the purpose of defraying the salaries of the keepers of the land records appointed in such district, and any charges incurred on account of the correct

and efficient maintenance and supervision of the records, and it shall not be lawful, save under the provisions of this Act, to levy, or continue to levy, within such districts, or parts of such districts, any cess, whether under the name of patwari *neg* or other designation, and whether credited separately in the zamindars' accounts or consolidated with the rent, for the purpose of keeping the accounts of the raiyats or for any similar purpose.

Section 3 of Bengal Act II of 1877.

Valuations under the Cess Act, 1880, to be deemed to be valuations under this Act.

6. All valuations of immoveable property which have been, or may from time to time be, determined under the Bengal Cess Act, 1880, shall be deemed to be valuations of immoveable property for the purposes of this Act:

Provided that in local areas in which a record of rights has been made under Chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act or any other law for the time being in force, the aggregate amount of the rents recorded as payable or settled, as the case may be, may, in the discretion of the Collector, be deemed to be the valuation of immoveable property for the purposes of this Act.

Section 4 of Bengal Act II of 1877.

Rate of cess to be levied not to exceed a quarter of an anna in the rupee.

[NOTE.—So far as enquiries have gone, it is anticipated that this rate need not be exceeded.]

7. The Local Government shall, by an order published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, determine the rate at which the cess for the maintenance of land records shall be leviable in each district or part of a district, and the date from which it shall take effect; such rate shall not exceed *one-quarter of an anna* in the rupee of the annual value of the lands in such district or part of a district.

Section 41 (1) of Bengal Act IX of 1880.

Proportion of cess to be paid by holders of estates.

8. Every holder of an estate shall yearly pay to the Collector the entire amount of the cess for maintenance of land records calculated on the annual value of the lands comprised in such estate at the rate which may be determined for such cess as in this Act provided.

Section 41 (2) of Bengal Act IX of 1880.

Proportion of cess to be paid by tenure-holders.

9. Every holder of a tenure shall yearly pay to the holder of an estate or tenure within which the land held by him is included the entire amount of the cess for the maintenance of land records calculated on the annual value of the land comprised in his tenure at the rate which may have been determined for such cess as in this Act provided.

Section 41 (3) of Bengal Act IX of 1880.

Proportion of cess to be paid by cultivating raiyats.

10. Every raiyat shall pay to the person to whom his rent is payable his proportionate amount of the cess for maintenance of land records calculated at *the rate not exceeding one-eighth of an anna* in the rupee upon the rent payable by him, or upon the annual value ascertained under the provisions of the Bengal Cess Act, 1880, of the land held by him.

Provisions of sections 42-49 of Cess Act to apply to the land records cess.

11. The provisions of sections 42 to 49 (both inclusive) of the Bengal Cess Act, 1880, shall apply as far as practicable to the cess for the maintenance of land records.

12. It shall be lawful for the Local Government, instead of passing an order of apportionment under section 114 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, to recover either in one year or several years, and in the manner specified in sections 8, 9, 10 and 11 preceding, all costs, declared by the Local Government to be recoverable from

landlords and tenants, which have been incurred in making a survey and record of rights and a settlement of rents under the Bengal Tenancy Act, such costs not having been incurred for the purposes of a settlement of land revenue.

Salaries of Land Record-keepers.

13. The salaries of the Keepers of the Land Records and of their establishments, if any, and of all establishments entertained for the supervision of them, shall from time to time be fixed by the Board of Revenue under the order of the Local Government.

Section 32 of India Act XIX of 1873.

Successions to proprietary rights to be reported to Land Record-keepers.

14. Every person succeeding, whether by purchase, inheritance, gift or otherwise, to any proprietary right in any estate or revenue-free property, and every manager of such estate or revenue-free property shall within six months from the date of such succession or assumption of charge give notice of the fact (i) to the Collector, or (ii) to the Land Record-keeper of the circle in which the estate or property is situated, in such form as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue.

New.

Notice given to the Land Record-keeper may under the orders of the Collector be held to be a compliance with the provisions of section 42 of the Land Registration Act VII (B.C.) of 1876; and on receipt of such notice the Collector shall take the action prescribed in sections 47, 48, and following sections of that Act. The Collector shall inform the Land Record-keeper of any mutations ordered by him under section 55 of the Land Registration Act.

15. Nothing in section 43 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1876 shall be held to exempt proprietors and managers of petty estates and petty revenue-free properties from the obligation to give the Land Record keeper the notice required by section 14.

Succession to tenures, under-tenures, raiyati holdings at fixed rates, and occupancy holdings, to be reported to Land Record-keeper.

16 (i). Every person succeeding, whether by purchase, inheritance, gift, or otherwise to the position of a tenure-holder or under tenure-holder as defined in section 5 (1) of the Bengal Tenancy Act VIII of 1885, or to a raiyati holding at fixed rates within the meaning of section 4 of the same Act, or to the holding of an occupancy raiyat as defined in section 4 of the same Act, shall within four months from the date of such succession give notice to the Land Record-keeper of the circle in such form as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue.

New.

(ii) Such notice shall be held to be sufficient compliance with section 15 of the Bengal Tenancy Act VIII of 1885.

(iii) It shall be the duty of the Land Record-keeper to notify the fact of such reported succession to the landlord or landlords of such person in the manner which may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue.

Provided that, when the person succeeding has caused the instrument by which the transfer has been made to be registered in the office of a registering officer, it shall not be compulsory on him to give notice also to the Land Record-keeper of the circle. It shall be the duty of the registering officer in all such cases to inform the Land Record-keeper of the succession or transfer.

17. A person giving the notice required under sections 14 to 16 shall be bound at the same time to tender such fee in cash or in stamps as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue.

Such fees, other than fees payable to landlords, shall be credited to a fund to be called the "Land Record Fund" for the district.

All fees paid for copies of records maintained under this Act, searching fees and fines imposed under this Act, shall be credited to the same fund.

Section 65 of the Land Registration Act VII (B.C.) of 1876, so far as regards proprietary rights.

18. Whoever being required by this Act to give notice of succession to a proprietary right, tenure, or holding, shall omit to give such notice within the prescribed time, shall be liable to such fine as the Collector may see fit to impose, not exceeding one hundred rupees, and to a further daily fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each day during which he shall omit to apply for such registration after a date fixed by the Collector in a notice requiring him to apply for registration. Such fines shall be credited to the Land Record Fund of the district.

New.

Holders of estates and tenures and cultivating raiyats to file prescribed returns.

19. Every holder of an estate or tenure, and every raiyat, shall, if so required by the Collector, within such time and in such manner as the Collector shall in a notice to that effect prescribe, and may at any time of his own motion, file in the office of the Land Record-keeper for the circle in which the land is situated such statements and shall furnish such information relating to the records and the changes to be made therein as the Board of Revenue shall from time to time by rule direct.

New.

20. It shall be the duty of the Land Record-keeper of the circle to verify statements filed under the last preceding section or under sections 14 to 16 by local enquiry in the villages in such manner as the Board of Revenue may by rule direct.

New.

21. If any holder of an estate or tenure or any raiyat fail to file, or is not required to file statements under section 19, the Land Record-keeper shall prepare such statements, from information gathered by local enquiry on the spot or otherwise, as the Board of Revenue may by rule direct.

New.

22. All Courts of Justice shall have regard to the statements prepared and verified under sections 19, 20 and 21 so far as they may be relevant on any question under enquiry before it affecting—

(*a*) the situation, quantity, or boundaries of any holding,

(*b*) the class to which any tenant belongs,

(*c*) the rent payable,

(*d*) the incidents of the holding,

and the contents of such statements may be proved by producing a certified copy signed by the Land Record-keeper.

23. When any mutation entry made by the Land Record-keeper or brought upon his records has been attested by a Revenue Officer, in a manner to be prescribed by the Local Government, the Courts shall presume that all entries shown as undisputed entries are correct until the contrary is proved.

New.

Land Record-keeper to grant a receipt for accounts filed.

24. Whenever the holder of an estate or tenure, or whenever any raiyat, shall file in the office of the Land Record-keeper, the statements mentioned in the foregoing sections, the Land Record-keeper in whose office such statements are filed shall forthwith grant a receipt for the same, which shall bear the signature of such Land Record-keeper.

Section 18 of Bengal Act IX of 1880.

Penalty for omitting to furnish accounts.

25. All holders of estates or tenures, and all raiyats, who shall without sufficient cause being shown to the satisfaction of the Collector, refuse or omit to furnish statements required under section 19, shall be severally liable to such fine as the Collector may think fit to impose, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each such omission, and the Collector may impose such further daily fine as he may think proper, not exceeding ten rupees, for each day during which such holder or raiyat shall omit to furnish the statements required after a date to be fixed by the Collector in a notice warning the holder or raiyat that such daily fine will be imposed.

Such notice shall be served by tendering to the person to whom it may be directed a copy thereof attested by the Collector, or by delivering such copy at the usual place of abode of such person, or to some adult male member of his family; or in case it cannot be so served, by posting such copy upon such conspicuous part of the usual or last known place of abode of such person; and in case such notice cannot be served in any of the ways hereinbefore mentioned, it shall be served in such way as the Collector issuing the notice may direct, and the date fixed by such notice shall not be less than fifteen days after service thereof.

The Collector may proceed from time to time to levy any amount which has become due in respect of any fine imposed under this section, notwithstanding that an appeal against the order imposing such fine may be pending:

Provided that, whenever the amount levied under such order shall have exceeded one hundred rupees, the Collector shall report the case specially to the Commissioner of the Division, and no further levy in respect of such fine shall be made otherwise than by the authority of such Commissioner.

26. All fines imposed under this Act shall be recoverable by process of any law in force for the recovery of arrears of Government revenues.

Section 19 of Bengal Act IX of 1880.

Disability to sue for rent, unless accounts filed.

27. From and after the expiry of the time allowed by the notice issued by the Collector under section 19, or from and after the time the statements are prepared under section 21, no holder of an estate or tenure and no raiyat shall be entitled to sue for or recover rent for any land or tenure situated in the district, or part of a district in which this Act is in force, unless at the time of instituting such suit or proceeding such holder or raiyat shall

file in the Court in which such suit or proceeding is instituted an extract from the record of rights relating to the holding, together with extracts of mutations of the khatian (if any) prepared and verified under sections 19, 20 or 21, or

afford such other proof as shall satisfy the Court that such holder or raiyat has filed in the office of the Land Record-keeper the statements mentioned in section 19 of this Act.

Section 33 of India Act XIX of 1873.

Appointment of Land Record Inspector.

28. One or more Land Record Inspectors may be appointed in each local area for the proper supervision and control of the Land Record-keepers in the discharge of their functions under this Act.

29. One or more District or Sub-divisional Supervising Officers of the rank of Deputy or Sub-Deputy Collector, who may be called Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of

Land Records, may be appointed for each district for the supervision and control of Land Record-keepers and Inspectors of Land Records.

New.

Power to enter upon land for purpose of obtaining authorized information.

30. It shall be lawful for a Land Records Superintendent and Inspector within the limits of his local area, or part of a local area, and for a Land Record-keeper within the limits of his circle, to enter upon any lands situated within such limits respectively, and to make such enquiries and investigations as may be necessary for the purpose of obtaining information which he may be authorized to obtain under rules in that behalf made by the Local Government.

All persons shall, so far as possible, supply such information and facilitate such enquiries and investigations, subject to the penalties provided by Chapter X of the Indian Penal Code concerning contempt of the lawful authority of public servants.

Section 35 of India Act XIX of 1878.

Land Record Registrars and Keepers to be public servants, and their records public records.

31. Every Land Record-keeper, every Land Record Inspector, every Land Record Superintendent. and every person appointed temporarily to discharge the duties of any such office, shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, and all official records and papers kept by any such officer under this Act shall be held to be public records and the property of Government.

Every order passed by an officer engaged in the maintenance of Land Records in any district shall be appealable to the Collector of the district.

Appeals.

32. Every order passed by the Collector of the district under section 18 or 25 shall be appealable to the Commissioner within one month of the date of such order, and the decision of the Commissioner shall be final.

Power to make rules for selection, &c., of Land Record Registrars and Land Record-keepers.

33. The Local Government and the Board of Revenue, subject to the sanction of the Local Government, may from time to time make rules consistent with this Act—

(a) regulating the appointment, control, discipline, and payment of all Land Record establishments;

(b) prescribing the method and periods for making entries of mutations in the record of rights and village maps, preparing new editions of such records and maps and republishing them from time to time, or otherwise making them available for public information;

(c) generally for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Act;

and may from time to time, with the like sanction, repeal or alter any such rules.

Interpretation clause.

34. In this Act the words and expression "annual value of land" (subject to section 6), "district," "estate," "holder of an estate or tenure," "the Collector," and "the Collector of the district," shall have the meanings attributed to them, respectively, in the Bengal Cess Act, 1880.

SCHEDULE A OF ENACTMENTS TO BE REPEALED.

See Section 2.

Number of year.	Enactments repealed (abbreviated titles).	Extent of repeal.
Regulation VIII of 1793	Decennial settlement ...	Section 34 so far as it relates to Kanungoes, and section 62.
Ditto V of 1816	Kanungoes, Katak, &c.	So much as has not been repealed.
Ditto XII of 1817	Patwaris	Ditto ditto.
Ditto I of 1819	Ditto	Ditto ditto.
Ditto VII of 1822	Settlement, Ceded and Conquered Provinces, Katak.	Section 33, clause third.
Ditto XIII of 1825	Kanungoes	Sections 2, 3.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

1. A survey and record of rights has been undertaken of Bihar under Chapter X of the Tenancy Act, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, and similar operations have been completed in various parts of Bengal; but as circumstances alter from time to time, and a record of facts and rights true in one year will be inaccurate the next if there be no competent agency for its correction up to date, it is obviously desirable that such an agency should be provided.

2. The zamindars of Bihar and Bengal are bound by section 62, Regulation VIII of 1793 and Regulation XII of 1817, to keep in every village or circle of villages a patwari, one of whose duties it would be under the existing law to keep the village accounts corrected up to date, and by whom therefore the records might be maintained under the present law; but as the Patwari Regulation is cumbrous and some of its provisions difficult to work, while the agency of patwaris is deemed to be unnecessarily expensive; and as the landholders prefer to it a more economical agency, by which it is considered that the records can be properly maintained with less expense to the landholders and less inconvenience than would be entailed by the rigid enforcement of the provisions of Regulation XII of 1817, it is therefore deemed expedient to repeal Regulation XII of 1817, and to make provision for the maintenance of the record of rights in the manner provided in this Bill.

3. The Bill will be only extended to areas in which a record of rights has been made under Chapter X of the Tenancy Act, or any other law for the time being in force.

4. The maximum rate of cess leviable under the Bill will be altogether one-quarter of an anna per rupee on the rental, or about half-an-anna per acre to be realized from the zamindars and raiyats respectively. This amount will be about one-fifth of the cost of keeping a patwari in every village under Regulation XII of 1817.

5. Advantage has been taken in the Bill of the opportunity to facilitate the recording of changes of proprietary rights and generally to make more efficacious the provisions of the law for notifying transfers of proprietary and occupancy raiyats to the landlords and tenants concerned.

6. Power is taken under the Bill to make rules regulating the selection, duties and procedure of the establishment engaged in the maintenance of the records, but the maintenance of the land records will be confined to a record of changes in the more permanent facts of holdings and estates, and will not include facts relating to the payment or non-payment of rent for any particular period or holding.

7. Power is also taken to recover the costs of a survey and record of rights and a settlement of rents (not incurred in connection with a settlement of land revenue) by means of a temporary cess, instead of apportioning the costs under section 114 of the Tenancy Act. The effect of apportionment would be in the case of Bihar to necessitate the issue of some millions of bills, upon each of which recovery would have to be made. The issue of those bills, besides involving great delay, intricacy and inconvenience, would impose on the people additional cost in the shape of peons' fees and the pay of tahsildars and similar establishments. Doubtless also there would be the possibility of illegal exactions, all of which would be avoided by the procedure now proposed. Moreover, under the proposed procedure the cost of recovery of the survey and record of rights can be spread over a series of years instead of being realized in one lump sum.

(2)

DRAFT RULES UNDER THE LAND RECORDS MAINTENANCE BILL.

CHAPTER I.

Pay, appointment, and punishment of Land Record-keepers.

"COLLECTOR" in these rules includes a Deputy Collector.

Extent of Land Record-keeper's circles.

1. The extent of the circle of one Land Record-keeper may be regulated, in the discretion of the Collector, either by extent of cultivated area or by amount of rental. If regulated by extent of area, it shall not ordinarily contain less than 20,000 nor more than 30,000 survey numbers.

Pay of Land Record-keepers.

2. The monthly pay of each Land Record-keeper shall be fixed by the Board of Revenue, but shall ordinarily not be less than Rs. 25 nor more than Rs. 50.

Qualifications of Land Record-keepers.

3. No person shall be appointed Land Record-keeper who is under the age of 18 years, or over the age of 45, or who has not passed a satisfactory examination in the following subjects:—

(1) Reading and writing clearly in the language current in the district.
(2) Elementary arithmetic.
(3) Surveying by chain and offsets or by plane-table, map drawing, and elementary mensuration.
(4) The rules regarding the duties of Land Record-keepers.
(5) Board's Survey and Settlement Rules.
(6) The Bengal Tenancy Act.

Disqualifications for the office of Land Record-keeper; fines and dismissal of Land Record-keepers.

4. The holding of any land, whether as tenant or proprietor, within or without his circle, shall be reported by every Land Record-keeper to the Collector, and may be a reason for his removal or dismissal if the Collector considers that he is thereby prejudiced in the proper performance of his duties.

5. A Land Record-keeper shall not engage in trade or money-lending.

6. Every Land Record-keeper shall reside within the circle, unless he shall receive the written permission of the Collector to reside without it.

7. If, after due enquiry, misconduct or neglect of duty is proved against a Land Record-keeper, he may be punished as a public servant under the Penal Code, or fined in a sum not exceeding three months' pay, or suspended, or dismissed, by order of the Collector.

8. A Land Record-keeper who is in debt to a zamindar or cultivator of his circle, or is in such a condition of pecuniary embarrassment as to render him, in the opinion of the Collector, unfit to discharge his duties, may be dismissed.

CHAPTER II.

Duties of Land Record-keepers.

IT shall be the duty of every Land Record-keeper appointed under the Land Records Maintenance Act—

I.—To make local enquiries and village inspections in the manner hereinafter prescribed for the purposes of preparing returns of mutations or changes to be made in the survey and settlement records and returns of areas sown under the principal crops of each harvest.

II.—To receive from the landlords, tenure-holders and raiyats of his circle, and to preserve and maintain, reports of successions to proprietary, occupancy or other rights, and the returns and statements hereinafter prescribed, and to verify such returns and statements in the prescribed manner.

III.—To keep up such registers, to prepare such returns, and to perform such other duties not inconsistent with the Land Records Maintenance Act, as the Board of Revenue may prescribe

Statements to be prepared by Land Record-keepers, or to be filed by landlords and tenants and verified by the Land Record-keepers.

I. The following statements and returns shall be filed by landlords and tenants, if so required by the Collector, in the Land Record-keeper's office:—

(1) *By landlords.—Dakhil kharij khewat* statements showing mutations occurring from time to time in the character or extent of proprietary interests.

(2) *By landlords.—Dakhil kharij khasra* statements showing the mutations necessary to be made from time to time in the khasra, so far as they relate to lands unoccupied by raiyats, such as parti, jungle, waste, &c.

(3) *By landlords, or tenants, or both.—Dakhil kharij khatian* statement showing the mutations necessary to be made in the khatians.

These statements when filed will be verified by the Land Record-keeper in the manner hereinafter prescribed

II. Should the landlords and tenants not be required by the Collector to file these statements, or, if being required to file them, they fail to do so, the statements shall be prepared and verified by the Land Record-keeper himself in the manner hereinafter prescribed.

The dakhil kharij khewat.

The proprietary rights and interests of every person who holds any right or interest in each mahal is recorded in the settlement khewat.

1. Every proprietor shall, if so required by the Collector, file in the Land Record-keeper's Office, within two months of the termination of each year, a statement showing the changes, if any, in the character and extent of proprietary interests which occurred during the preceding year.

2. The Land Record-keeper shall file the *dakhil kharij* statement given by the proprietor under the preceding rule in the Collector's or subdivisional office. He shall also note in his diary, and report from time to time to the Collector, any changes in proprietary interests of which he may have received information in the course of the year.

The dakhil kharij khasra and khatians and field inspections.

3. The Land Record-keeper shall make one or more visits to the village within the year, for the purpose of ascertaining the changes which should be made in the khasras and khatians, and for ascertaining the crops grown at the time of inspection. The dates of these inspections shall be fixed by the Collector of the district.

4. Before the date of the first visit after the commencement of the agricultural year of the district, the Land Record-keeper shall notify to the landlord the date of the proposed visit, and shall call upon him, if he wishes, to file in his office before such date, which shall not be less than two months after the termination of the agricultural year, a written statement showing the changes, if these have not been already reported, in the entries in the previous year's khasras and khatians which he (the landlord) alleges to be necessary on the ground of change of occupancy or otherwise, since the settlement records were made by the Settlement Officer, or since the last annual visit, as the case may be, and he shall also call upon him to attend personally or by authorised agent at the time of such visit. He shall also notify to the tenants collectively the dates of his visits, and shall call upon those of them in respect of whose holdings changes may have occurred since the commencement of the previous year, to attend for the purpose of causing such changes to be entered if such changes have not been already reported.

5. If the landlord file statements in accordance with the preceding rule, the Land Record-keeper shall proceed on the specified date to verify them in the village by enquiry from each tenant regarding the correctness of each proposed entry. Discrepancies between the landlord and tenant's statements will be dealt with in the manner prescribed below:—

I. If the landlord and the tenants concerned agree that the proposed change should be made, it shall be recorded accordingly, a note being made that it was made by mutual consent and is *an undisputed entry*. No entry to which the landlords and tenants do not agree shall be recorded as an *undisputed entry*.

II. If the landlord and tenant differ as to the propriety of the proposed change, the change shall not be entered in the record of mutations as an undisputed entry, but a note shall be made of the statements of both parties.

III. If the proposed change relate to the transfer of a holding or part of a holding to which the landlord has not already agreed or does not agree, it shall be dealt with according to the following rules:—

(*a*) If the tenant named in the settlement record is dead, the holding should be recorded in the name of all the sons inheriting, and a remark to that effect will be made in the remarks column.

(*b*) If a tenant has sold the whole or part of his holding, and the purchaser holds a registered deed of sale and is in possession, his name will be entered in the khasra and khatian under the name of original tenant, and a remark will

be made in the column of remarks that the transfer has or has not been recorded in the landlord's office, as the case may be. The same applies to a holding or part of a holding alienated in any other way.

(c) Holdings purchased at auction sales by the owners of the estate, if cultivated by a tenant, will be entered in the name of the tenant, and the words "purchase at auction sale by the owner" will be entered in the column of remarks.

(d) When a tenant has purchased a holding at an auction sale in execution of a decree of a Civil Court, the name of the purchaser will be entered, and if mutation has not been recorded in the landlord's office, the name of the original tenant and the fact of sale will be recorded in the remarks column.

(e) In the case of holdings sold in execution of decrees for debt to mahajans, &c., if the mutation has not been recorded in the landlord's office, but the purchaser is in possession, the name of the original tenant will be entered and the name of purchaser shown below it.

(f) In the case of partitions of holdings by mutual consent which have not been recorded in the landlord's office, the name of the tenant given in the lists of tenants in the settlement records will be entered first, and the names of co-sharers after, as joint-tenants, and a remark may be made that partition has not been recorded in the landlord's office.

6. If the landlord or tenant do not file the statement mentioned in Rule 4, on or before the date specified, or do not attend himself or by agent at the time of inspection, the Land Record-keeper shall make the inspection in his absence, and shall prepare the *khasra* and *khatian dakhil kharij* statements from information obtained from the opposite party or otherwise in the village, and the party who does not attend is, for the purposes of sections 22 and 27 of the Land Records Maintenance Act, bound by such statements so prepared.

7. Either landlord or tenant may, at any time during the course of the year, before the date of the Land Record-keeper's inspection, notify to the Land Record-keeper any change which he may consider necessary to be made in the khasras and khatians in consequence of change of occupancy or otherwise during the year, and request him to make a record of the proposed change. It shall be the duty of the Land Record-keeper, as soon as conveniently may be after receipt of such request, to verify the correctness of the proposed change by enquiry from the opposite party. If the proposed entry is admitted by the opposite party to be correct, a record of the change shall be made accordingly. If not so admitted, the statements of both parties shall be recorded and filed in the Land Record-keeper's office.

8. It will be the duty of the Land Record-keeper, on the request of any party who is interested, to survey any plot which may be the subject of dispute, or in respect of which it may be necessary to make a change in the khasras and khatians, and to assist so far as practicable either landlord or tenant in the preparation of the *dakhil kharij khewat, khasra and khatian* statements.

Dakhil Kharij Khatians.

9. *Dakhil kharij khatians* shall be filed by the landlord or tenants or both, if so required by the Collector, on the same date, or prepared by the Land Record-keeper himself and verified in the same manner as the *dakhil kharij khasra*, provided that the Land Record-keeper shall himself prepare a statement showing the names of non-occupancy raiyats who have, by lapse of time, become settled raiyats.

Correction of maps at annual field inspection.

10. During every annual tour the Land Record-keeper will carry a certified copy of the last year's khewats, khasras, khatians and map with him, and before making any fresh entry will himself ascertain whether any alleged change in the condition or occupation of the land has really taken place. The corrections, if any, will also be entered up in the original record.

Rabi and Aghani field inspections.

11. At the time of making annual visit for the purpose of correcting up to date the knewat, khasras, khatians and map described in the preceding rules, the Land Record-keeper will ascertain and record, field by field, the crops grown at each harvest of the agricultural year.

*12. He will, if possible, make two other inspections on dates to be fixed in accordance with Rule 3 of this Chapter, for the purpose of ascertaining and recording separately the crops grown, field by field, for the *aghani* and *rabi* harvests.

13. He will ascertain the crops grown in each field by personal inspection, and shall himself prepare the statements of cropped areas in such forms as the Collector may direct with reference to the principal crops grown in the circle.

SUPERVISION OF LAND RECORD-KEEPER.

Chapter III.

Revenue Supervising Officers, or Superintendents of Land Records, of local areas.

1. Land Record-keepers will be supervised by Land Record Inspectors, and both Land Record-keepers and Land Record Inspectors by Supervising Officers of the rank of

* One inspection per year may probably be sufficient for all purposes.

Deputy Collector, and Sub-Deputy Collector to be called Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Land Records.

Pay and Establishment of Land Records Inspectors.

2. One or more Land Records Inspectors will be appointed in each local area for the supervision, maintenance, and correction of Land Record-keepers' records.

The salaries of Land Records Inspectors will, from time to time, be fixed by the Board of Revenue.

3. Ordinarily one Land Records Inspector will be in charge of 15 to 30 Land Record-keepers' circles.

4. There will be one Land Records Inspector at the head-quarters of each local area, who will be called the Sadar Land Records Inspector, to whom all the other Land Records Inspectors shall be subordinate.

Qualification and appointment and duties of Land Records Inspectors.

5. A list of approved candidates will be maintained in the Revenue office, and a copy of it will be forwarded to the Board of Revenue.

6. No person will be qualified for the office of Land Records Inspector unless he satisfies the Collector—

(1) That he has passed the Entrance examination of the University, or is educated up to that standard.

(2) That he bears a good character.

(3) That he is not incapacitated by any physical infirmity for the performance of the duties of a Land Records Inspector.

7. Approved candidates will be required to pass examination in the following subjects before being appointed Land Records Inspectors:—

(1) Mensuration, *i.e.*, surveying by plane-table and by chain and offset; computation of areas.

(2) Land Record-keepers' and Land Record Inspectors' rules.

(3) The Bengal Tenancy Act, Bengal Land Registration Act and Bengal Cess Act, and rules made under these Acts.

(4) Board's Survey and Settlement Manuals.

But if the candidate has a certificate of competency as a surveyor from the Superintendent of Surveys, he will be excused from passing in (1), and will *cæteris paribus* have a preferable claim to appointment.

N.B.—*The intention is that ultimately all Inspectors shall be certificated by the Survey Department.*

8. The Land Records Inspector may be vested with the powers of a Revenue officer, under the Tenancy Act, for the purpose of section 23 of the Land Records Maintenance Act, and when vested with powers of a Revenue Officer shall attest all the undisputed entries of mutations made by the Land Record-keeper.

9. The Land Records Inspector will be responsible that the maps and records of every village in his circle shall be corrected and brought up to the prescribed date in accordance with these rules within four months of the termination of the agricultural year by the Land Record-keeper.

10. Each Land Record-keeper will be allowed a chainman-muharrir to be paid out of the Land Record Fund. One set of measuring instruments will be furnished by the Field Land Records Inspector to each Land Record-keeper in his circle, for the safe custody of which he will be responsible.

Duties of Office Land Records Inspectors.

11. The Sadar Office Land Records Inspector will be responsible—

(1) For the custody and issue of forms to Land Record-keepers.

(2) For the distribution of Land Record-keepers' salaries and keeping their pay accounts under such rules as may be issued by the Board

(3) For the supply of any information required by the Collector or other duly authorised public officer respecting entries in village records.

(4) For the carrying out of procedure connected with the mutation of proprietary rights.

12. The Sadar Office Land Records Inspector will also maintain, under the control of the Superintendent of Land Records, registers showing—

I.—Statistics of each year's cropped area.

II.—Abstracts of mutations.

Superintendents of Land Records.

13. One or more officers for the supervision of Land Record-keepers and Inspectors will be appointed by the Local Government for every subdivision of a district.

The Superintendent of Land Records appointed under these rules will be a gazetted officer of the Imperial Civil Service, the Provincial Civil Service, or the Survey Department. He will be vested with all the powers of a Collector under the Tenancy Act, and with the powers mentioned in section 189 *b, c*, of that Act, provided that, except where otherwise prescribed by law, all orders passed by the Superintendent of Land Records shall be subject to the supervision and control of the Collector of the district.

Duties of Superintendent of Land Records.

14. The Superintendent of Land Records shall be generally responsible for the supervision and control of the Land Record-keepers and Land Records Inspectors of his local area.

15. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent of Land Records to visit the circle of every Land Record-keeper at least once every year, to examine registers kept in the Land Record-keeper's office, to attest the accuracy of as many as possible of the undisputed entries which have not been attested by a Revenue officer in the manner prescribed.

16. He shall be responsible for the preparation and maintenance, in accordance with these rules, of all such registers, returns, and reports as are prescribed, or as may hereafter be prescribed.

Rules relating to reporting of transfers of proprietary and occupancy rights, sections 13, 14 *and* 15.*

(1) All transfers of proprietary rights shall be reported to the Land Record-keeper under section 14 in the form given in the Appendix (Form E of Board's Land Registration Manual, page 65).

(2) Every such notice for recording mutations shall, as at present (rule 4, chapter V, Board's Land Registration Manual), bear a stamp of 8 annas.

(3) The Land Record-keeper, on receipt of such notice, shall satisfy himself that the form has been properly filled up, and that the application has been subscribed and verified by the applicant, and shall transmit such notice through the post-office in a cover prepaid with service stamps to the Superintendent of Land Records.

(4) The Collector shall ordinarily delegate to the Superintendent of Land Records, under section 84 of the Land Registration Act, all the powers which he is empowered or required to perform under that Act, except in respect of appeals; and the Superintendent shall exercise *all such powers* on receipt of such notice under rule 4, section 85 of the Land Registration Act Rules.

(5) Every order passed by the Superintendent of Land Records shall be appealable to the Collector of the district.

(6) The Superintendent of Land Records shall discharge the functions of a Collector for the purposes specified in sections 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 of the Tenancy Act, and in the rules made by the Local Government under these sections relating to the service of notices (rule 1, chapter V of the Tenancy Act Rules).

(7) The scale of fees for service of notices to be served by the Superintendent under the preceding rule shall be those prescribed in chapter VII of the Bengal Tenancy Act Rules.

(8) Notice of succession to occupancy holdings, whether by purchase, inheritance, gift, or otherwise, shall be given to the Land Record-keeper in a form to be prescribed by the Board.

(9) The Land Record-keeper, on receipt of notice under the preceding rule, shall cause it to be served on the landlord in the manner prescribed in rule 7, chapter V of the Tenancy Act Rules.

(10) A mutation fee of   shall be payable on each transfer reported under the preceding rule, and a fee for service of notice on the landlord in the scale prescribed in chapter VII of the Tenancy Act Rules (1, 2, 3 and 4).

---

* NOTE.—The effect of these rules will be that notice of mutations in proprietary rights will be given to the Land Record-keeper in the circle instead of to the Collector at head-quarters of the district. The Land Record-keeper will transmit the notice to the Superintendent, who will take such action as the Collector now takes, subject to appeal to the Collector. The scale of fees will be that now paid.

As regards successions to occupancy rights, the effect of the rules will be that notice of such successions will be served on the Land Record-keeper, who will have them given to the landlord. The scale of fees to be paid for service of such notice will be that now paid for service of notices under chapter V of the Tenancy Act Rules, with an additional mutation fee of eight annas for each succession.

ENCLOSURES TO MINUTE II, DATED 20TH SEPTEMBER 1893, ON THE CADASTRAL SURVEY OF BIHAR,—BY HIS HONOUR THE OFFICIATING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

Enclosure I.—Extract from the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor's speech delivered in Darbar at Bankipore on the 31st July 1893. (Referred to in paragraph 3 of the Minute.)

Enclosure II.—Memorial presented to the Lieutenant-Governor at Muzaffarpur, on the 4th August 1893, by the Bihar Indigo Planters' Association, and His Honour's reply thereto. (Referred to in paragraph 4 of the Minute.)

Enclosure II-A.—Opinion of the Hon'ble Sir G. H. P. Evans, K.C.I.E., on the position and duties of patwaris.

Enclosure III.—Letter No. 826A., dated the 14th August 1893, from the Hon'ble C. C. Stevens, Senior Member of the Board of Revenue, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Revenue Department, to which are appended the Minutes of the proceedings of two Conferences held at Muzaffarpur on the 3rd and 5th August 1893, and a letter, dated the 7th August 1893, from Babu Ram Dhari Sahai, Honorary Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, and Government order, dated the 15th August 1893, addressed to the Board of Revenue. (Referred to in paragraph 5 of the Minute.)

Enclosure IV.—Letter from Babu Ram Dhari Sahai, Honorary Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association, dated the 21st August 1893, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department, forwarding two resolutions of the Tirhut Landholders' Association, and letter No. 896T.—R., dated the 1st September 1893, from the Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department, to the Honorary Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association. (Referred to in paragraphs 5 and 57 of the Minute.)

Enclosure VI.—Minute by Mr. Henry Colebrooke, Member of the Board of Revenue, dated the November 1814, referred to in paragraph 17 of the Minute.

Enclosure VII.—Extract from a letter from the Court of Directors, dated the 12th July 1820, to the Government of India, Territorial Department. (Referred to in paragraph 19 of the Minute.)

Enclosure VIII.—Mr. Chamberlain's letter, dated the 18th April 1819, to Board of Revenue; Board's letter, dated the 18th May 1819, to Mr. Chamberlain; and Board's Resolution, dated the 11th June 1819, regarding the salary of, and forms of accounts to be kept by, patwaris. (Referred to in the footnote to paragraph 19 of the Minute.)

Enclosure IX.—Letter from the Members of the Board of Revenue, No. 2199, dated the 11th May 1827, to the Hon'ble Vice-President in Council. (Referred to in paragraph 22 of the Minute.)

ENCLOSURE I.

Extract from the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor's speech delivered in Darbar at Bankipore on the 31st July 1893, referred to in paragraph 3 of the Minute.

GENTLEMEN, I now wish to say a few words to you in connection with a subject which is engaging your thoughts, namely, the survey and settlement in progress in the northern districts of the Division; and the points to which on this occasion I wish particularly to invite your attention are how the work can be best and most cheaply done; and how, when done, its good effects may be perpetuated. I will first speak to you on the second point, namely, the maintenance of the record when it has once been correctly made. Gentlemen, I have spoken to many landlords within the last two months on this subject, and there was not one who did not confirm my own long-standing conviction that if the survey is made at all, it ought, when completed, to be maintained up to date. We know that changes in holdings are of constant occurrence through deaths, transfers, successions, reclamation of waste lands, division of fields, and so forth. So that, if no means of annually adjusting the record to these changes is adopted, the record will have become wholly obsolete in a few years, while from the first year it would be growing more and more discredited for judicial or administrative purposes. That would mean the speedy renewal of the state of chaos and the numberless embarrassments we suffer from to-day. No one, and perhaps least of all myself, can regard that result with equanimity; and in this I only express the view of the Government of India. The case with which we have to deal is therefore simplified. We have to maintain the village map and revise the village record by annual corrections made on the spot; for under these conditions only can the record be effectively used for those judicial and administrative purposes for which it is intended. The maintenance of the record can be effected by more agencies than one, and the initial question for you, gentlemen, now to consider is, will you have the record maintained through the patwari after he has been brought under Government control in all respects, or will you have it maintained through another agency to the exclusion of the patwari altogether?

It is to learn your wishes on this point among others, and having learnt them to discuss with you a plan of maintenance, that I am going to Muzaffarpur. The survey and settlement now in progress will bring on record such essential facts as the proprietary rights in each estate, the ownership and occupancy of each field, the status of the tenants, the conditions of the holding, and the rent payable. These are facts which the State should have permanently on record. If such a record were available always, we might with confidence look forward to an era when there would be in Bihar due protection of agrarian rights and due and speedy disposal of disputes in the courts or out of them.

The other point to which I referred above, namely, the means by which the survey and record can be most cheaply and efficiently made, is one of detail, which can perhaps be more conveniently discussed in conference than in Darbar, but there is one important aspect of it on which I wish to say a word, and that is the employment of the patwari on survey work. I have invited the landlords of Bihar to register their patwaris under Regulation XII of 1817, and thus enable the Government to employ them as public servants in making the survey whereby a substantial reduction would be effected in the cost of the work. But my invitation has not been largely responded to, landlords being unwilling to give patwaris the status of public servants, though willing, I understand, to lend us their services gratuitously, while themselves retaining the control of a master over them. Gentlemen, I am entirely opposed to employing any person in making the survey or preparing the record who is not absolutely under the control of the Government and liable to punishment as a public servant for misfeasance. The survey and the record must be prepared under conditions which shall relieve it, so far as we can guarantee, from any suspicion of one-sidedness, and for this reason I cannot agree that a mere servant of the landlord or of the raiyat shall make the survey or prepare the record. As the record is to be an impartial statement of the rights and obligations of both landlords and raiyats, it is obviously unreasonable that the work should be done by a partisan of either party. No; there must be no room for doubt in this matter or for such a rebuke as the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's

Privy Council recently administered to the authorities in another Province who allowed a record of rights to be prepared by one of the parties to a settlement. I cannot allow any patwari to be employed in these operations unless he has been previously registered under Regulation XII of 1817, and so brought under Government control as a public servant.

Gentlemen, when I invited you last June to register your patwaris under Regulation XII of 1817, my object was to reduce the cost of the survey, the registered patwari being bound to survey his village as part of his statutory duties. I had not at that time worked out the problem of the subsequent maintenance of the record. I have since done this to some extent, and I now wish to say that if you elect for maintenance of the record through the patwari under Regulation XII of 1817, or such amendment of it as may be found necessary, the patwari must be registered, and it is in that case obviously convenient and proper to register him at once, and so save expense in the survey, while fitting him for the work he will have to do later on. But in case you elect for maintenance of the record otherwise than through the patwari, then I am not greatly concerned to press you to register your patwaris under the Regulation. If you elect to have the work done through the more expensive agency of amins to the exclusion of the patwari altogether, I shall not contest your choice, though I may regret it on the grounds of economy. All I would insist on is that you make a definite choice one way or the other.

Gentlemen, there or other important points connected with this subject which I have to discuss with you or your representatives, but I do not think that it is necessary for me to say more on the present occasion. I am going to Muzaffarpur with the object of discussing all these matters with you, and I trust our discussion may result in an agreement equally satisfactory to you, to the raiyats, and to the Government. I wish to meet you in a friendly spirit, and with the desire to adjust differences of opinion amicably, and so far as the best interests of zamindars and raiyats will permit; for, apart from the general well-being of the Province and the people, the Government itself has no interest, pecuniary or otherwise, in the matter. As the Governor-General in Council said in his Despatch of 21st March 1892 to the Secretary of State in connexion with this very question of the record of rights in Bihar: "We seek no fiscal advantage, but the prevention or diminution of human suffering." I would remind the landlords—and in that term I include the Indigo Planters of Bihar—that we are now engaged with no question of organic change in the Tenancy Act, but in giving effect to those provisions of that Act which were specially made in the interests of Bihar. The task ought not to be difficult to those approaching it in a fair and reasonable spirit. Gentlemen, I do hope that between us the rights of all parties will be attended to and secured, and that we shall prevent this great measure, conceived in the best interests of the classes most connected with the soil, from proving as prejudicial to them as some well-intentioned enactments—the *Haftam* and *Panjam*, for instance—before now have done. It only now remains for me, gentlemen, to thank you for the attention with which you have listened to me, and to bid you for the present farewell.

ENCLOSURE II.

(1) *Memorial presented to the Lieutenant-Governor at Muzaffarpur, on the 4th August 1893, by the Bihar Indigo Planters' Association, and enclosure.*

(2) *His Honour's reply thereto.*

[These documents are referred to in paragraph 4 of the Minute.]

(1.)

MOST RESPECTFULLY SHEWETH—

That Your Memorialists desire most sincerely to welcome Your Honour on your visit to the Province of Bihar. Your Memorialists feel that it is a great privilege to be brought into personal contact with the ruler of the Province; and Your Memorialists will therefore avail themselves of this opportunity of respectfully submitting for Your Honour's consideration the following representations in connection with the administration of the Province.

2. That Your Honour is aware that Sir Charles Elliott directed that a cadastral survey should be made of that part of the Province of Bihar which comprises the districts lying to the north of the river Ganges. One of the

great inducements held out to the landed proprietors of Bihar to compensate them for the harassment and expense which a Government survey necessarily involves was that on the completion of the survey the patwaris, who are admitted to be notoriously corrupt, should cease to be Government servants, and that it should be optional with the zamindars, who paid them, to retain them or not as they pleased for the purposes of collection. The second inducement held out to the zamindars to consent to the survey was that the survey would be obviously to their advantage, as all excess land found in the possession of the raiyats would be assessed with rent, and instances were given in official papers, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, of several estates which had been surveyed by the Government, with the result that the rent-roll of the zamindars of those estates had been considerably increased owing to the assessment of this excess land which the raiyats had annexed to their holdings. That a further inducement was also held out to Your Memorialists that on the completion of the survey the Government would give to the zamindars by a summary procedure increased facilities for the collection of their rents.

3. That moved by these considerations many of Your Memorialists submitted without remonstrance to the orders of Government. They trusted to the promises of Government that the patwaris should cease to be retained as Government servants, and that the excess land, misappropriated by the raiyats, should be assessed with rent; and that after the completion of the survey, a simple procedure would be provided, to enable them to realize the rents which the survey record might declare them to be entitled to.

4. That Your Memorialists now desire to bring to Your Honour's notice that so far none of these promises have been fulfilled. During the survey operations of the present year in no case has excess land been assessed: and though Sir Charles Elliott said that the present survey would put an end to all litigation, Your Memorialists have been told that if they desire to assess the excess land held by the raiyats they must bring a separate suit either before the Revenue Officer or in the Civil Court for such assessment. The discovery of excess land by the survey officers is of no avail, if the survey measurements are not to be accepted as evidence of such excess, and if after all the trouble and expense of the survey the zamindars have to recommence proceedings afresh by instituting a separate suit against each raiyat. The survey authorities, Your Memorialists submit, are bound to take cognizance of such excess, unless such excess is so small as can be accouuted for by the increased accuracy of the present survey measurement as contrasted with the former chain measurement. Where this excess is apparent the onus clearly lies on the raiyat to show that he is entitled to hold the excess land without an increase of rent. This is all Your Memorialists ask for: and if this is not granted, Sir Charles Elliott's promises are simply illusory; and no possible advantage can be obtained by the zamindars from the present survey.

5. That Your Memorialists would next submit that nothing could be clearer than Sir Charles Elliott's promises with regard to patwaris. He accepted the universal opinion of the Bihar landholders that the patwaris as a body were thoroughly corrupt, and that they ought no longer to be retained as *quasi* Government servants. In direct opposition to this opinion and promise is the circular of the Director of Surveys No. 133R.B.T of the 5th June 1893. That circular is stated to have been issued under the orders of Government; and so far from abolishing patwaris as *quasi* Government servants, it is ordered that patwaris are to be professionally instructed to survey their own villages, to extract the areas of the raiyats' holdings, and generally to prepare the village record, and when the village record has been prepared, these same patwaris are to be retained as Government servants, to enter in the survey map and record any changes which may have taken place in the village holdings. Your Memorialists therefore would respectfully ask whether the promise of Sir Charles Elliott with regard to the abolition of patwaris is to be carried out or not.

6. That Your Memorialists would further observe, with respect to the Government orders of the 5th June alluded to in the last preceding paragraph, that in no part of Bihar, as far as their experience extends, have patwaris ever been placed in charge of survey work. When a survey of a village is made by the zamindar, it is always made by independent amins; never by a patwari.

The great object of a survey is to check the proceedings of the patwari: and Your Memorialists strongly object to the Collector being directed to employ their patwaris on survey work without their consent. The patwari is the zamindar's servant and is paid by him, and if the patwari is withdrawn from his legitimate duties to be employed as a Government amin, it is obvious that the collection of rents will be most seriously interfered with. Your Memorialists would further remark that they have been advised by eminent counsel in Calcutta that the Collector has no authority under Regulation XII of 1817 to take away the patwaris from their legitimate duties as village accountants to be employed on Government survey work. Your Memorialists beg to annex a copy of this opinion, and they would ask Your Honour to take into your consideration and pass such orders as to Your Honour may seem proper.

7. Your Memorialists have watched with satisfaction the evident desire of Your Honour's Government to reduce the cost of the survey to both landlords and tenants, but they fail to see how the cost of this survey will be in any way lessened to them by the employment of their registered patwaris on survey duties, unless it is thoroughly understood by the patwaris that such employment is not to excuse them from the fulfilment of their other and, to them, more important duties, and that should it be necessary to employ other agencies to carry on such duties, the extra expense will be met by Your Honour's Government or by the registered patwari whose duty it is to fulfil them.

8. That Your Memorialists would further ask Your Honour explicitly to declare what is the intention of Government with regard to the maintenance of the record of rights. In preparing this record of rights the Government are professedly acting under the procedure of the Bengal Tenancy Act. That Act makes no provision for maintaining the record when once complete. The record is a judicial record, and no changes can be made in it without the zamindar's consent or by an order of the Civil Court. To allow patwaris to make changes in a judicial record seems to Your Memorialists utterly indefensible, and Your Memorialists must respectfully protest against any power being given to the patwaris, or to any one else, to make alterations or changes in their rent-roll without their consent. To allow executive officers of Government or a patwari to make changes or alterations in a village rent-roll, would simply deprive the proprietors of all control over the management of their estates.

9. That Your Memorialists have further been informed that it is in the contemplation of Government to maintain a staff of Inspectors to keep up and maintain the survey records, and that a cess is to be imposed upon the zamindars to defray the expense of these establishments. Speaking from their practical knowledge of zamindari affairs, Your Memorialists are convinced that it is impossible for Government to devise any scheme by which they can, without a resurvey, ascertain and record the innumerable changes which take place in these small village holdings. Your Memorialists are further of opinion that it will be impossible to devise any scheme for keeping up the record that will not be inquisitorial and onerous in its methods until the law of transfer of occupancy holdings has been put upon a firmer and more satisfactory footing. At the same time Your Memorialists are aware that the Government attach great importance to the maintenance of the record, and they are prepared to consider any scheme by which this object can be effected with the minimum of interference and the minimum of expense.

10. That there is one further matter which Your Memorialists would respectfully submit for Your Honour's consideration. This survey, as Your Honour is aware, was ordered by the Government of its own motion. Neither the zamindars nor the raiyats applied for a survey. In other parts of India, including the permanently-settled districts of the North-Western Provinces, the whole expense of the cadastral surveys was borne by the Government. In Bihar the Government have decided to bear only $\frac{1}{8}$th of the cost. As the survey is the act of the Government and is required for administrative purposes, Your Memorialists naturally are unable to understand why the province of Bihar should be treated less liberally than the permanently-settled districts of the North-Western Provinces, and they would respectfully ask Your Honour to take this matter into your serious consideration.

And Your Memorialists as in duty bound will ever pray.

OPINION ON THE EMPLOYMENT OF PATWARIS ON GOVERNMENT SURVEY WORK.

We have before us a case stating the views of certain zamindars and planters as to patwaris and their present duties, the Blue Book of Bihar correspondence published and printed by order of the House of Commons on 17th May 1892, and a letter from Secretary, Government of Bengal, to Secretary, Board of Revenue, dated the 6th June 1893. The main questions are—

(1) Whether it is part of the customary duty of a patwari to make a survey of his village, cadastral or otherwise.

(2) Whether he can be compelled to learn professional or scientific surveying.

(3) Whether he can be compelled to do the work of a professional surveyor or of a survey amin.

(4) Whether he can be dismissed for refusing to learn scientific surveying or for refusing to make or fill in a map of his village on modern scientific principles or in any way.

(1) *As to the duties of patwaris*.—This question arises on section 16 of Regulation XII of 1817, clause 1:—"To keep such register and accounts relating to the village or villages to which he is appointed, in such manner and form as has hitherto been the custom, or in such other mode as may be hereafter prescribed by the Board of Revenue, together with such further registers and accounts as may be directed by those authorities respectively."....
"To perform all other duties and services which it has been customary for him to execute."

It is now proposed by Government that the Board of Revenue should order the patwaris to make or fill in the details of village maps by scientific survey, and to order that they should attend instruction in surveying, and should be dismissed by the Collector on the ground of "neglect of duty or other sufficient cause," under section 15, should they not qualify themselves in surveying and make the survey. *Primâ facie* it would not occur to any one that the making of maps and surveying was included in keeping "registers and accounts relating to the villages," and as regards customary duties, it must, we think, be admitted that no patwari has from 1817 to the present time ever made a map as part of his duty as patwari. But we understand it to be stated by Government that under the rules of the Board of Revenue as at present existing, they are bound to make and keep a *register of the area of each raiyat's holding and of the amount of waste land, &c., in each village, and that for this purpose* they are bound to and are in the habit of *making a rough pole* or latakhatta measurement, *amounting to a rough survey of the villages*.

On this it is contended that it would not be beyond the power of the Board to order them to make, in addition to the measurement of the area of holdings, a map or sketch showing the relative position of the various plots mentioned in their register or account of areas, so as to render it readily intelligible.

It is further contended that if it be within the power of the Board to order them to make such rough measurement as *they are said now to make*, and further to embody it in a rough or a sketch map, it must be within their power to order them to make an accurate measurement and an accurate map. That this can only be done by a survey on modern scientific principles by means of a compass and by observing and recording angles in such a manner that the plots of land shown in the field book and map can be accurately laid down on the ground by competent surveyors as soon as any two points in the map are identified in the locality.

This is going a great way, and if this view be carried to its full extent, it will enable the Government to convert the ancient village accountants (which was the original function of the patwaris) into a trained body of scientific survey amins to be paid by the zamindars.

The zamindars in the case laid down before us contest the view held by Government as to the existing duties and actual work done by the existing patwaris in Bihar in zamindaris not owned by Government or worked through Government officials; they state that it has not been the practice for patwaris to measure, but only to record the measurement made by the zamindar's amins or register the areas according to his measurement, and that if in filling up the Board's form as to the area of each raiyat's field in details, the patwari writes out something like a khasra, it is not an independent measurement, but taken from the zamindar's measurement chittas. If this is so, an essential fact upon which the contention of Government rests being wanting, this contention would apparently have no basis to stand on. On this question of fact we can express no definite opinion. But it is to be noted that when it was stated by Mr. Finucane in his note of 2nd January 1891 (Blue Book, page 170) that "the survey of their several villages is admittedly one of their customary duties and one which they in fact now perform in every district in Bihar, though in a rough and unscientific manner," the Board of Revenue remarked (page 150)—"It is not clear, although patwaris now occasionally measure lands in the villages, that surveying is part of the customary duties"; and the Collector of Champaran says, "almost every patwari can roughly measure land, and they are often employed by the zamindars for this purpose" But the Collector evidently was not aware, nor was the Board, that patwaris were habitually being employed under the rules of the Board itself to make measurements as now asserted as part of their official duties. In Mr. Risley's letter it is put thus—A specimen of the village survey record as now proposed was produced at the meeting, and it was pointed out what it was proposed the patwaris should do. "This, it was pointed out, does not differ materially from the field measurement which admittedly forms part of his customary duties. It was also argued that the khasra or register of fields is such a register as the Board might reasonably prescribe, and *have in former years prescribed, as a register* to be kept by the patwaris under the

Regulation, and that the keeping of such a register necessarily involves and implies the preparation of a village map without which the khasra would be incomplete and unintelligible."

We have referred to the Board's Rules—Manual of Powers, &c., of Revenue Officers (1888), pages 37 to 41, and do not find this statement borne out.

Rule 14, page 38, provides that patwaris shall keep registers and accounts relating to the village in the forms annexed to the rules. Form No. 1 is headed "Annual account current of the village of ."

It contains, amongst others, the following columns to be filled up:—

(a) Total quantity of land. (This, we take it, he is to get, like the Government revenue, from the existing records.)

(b) Quantity not paying any rent, arranged under different heads. (It does not appear from what sources he is to get the information, nor is it stated that he is to measure or produce or keep a measurement paper or khasra of these matters.)

(c) Quantity of land held by each raiyat, with detail of field B, C, D. *Name or number of field.*

(The last direction appears to mean that if the fields happen to be numbered, which they would be where a "khetbat" measurement existed, he was to record the number of the plot. If there was no such measurement, and the field had therefore no number, he was to give the name only. This rather rebuts the idea that he was to make a khasra measurement of his own for the whole village—certainly he is not expressly directed to do so.)

The result of this form is that he is nowhere told to make a khasra measurement, though it is possible that he might in some cases have to make rough measurements of separate holdings in order to ascertain the area, though if there was a patta he would, it may be supposed, take the area from that or from the jamabandi or the zamindar's chittas of measurement.

Rule XVII, which provides it shall be the duty of the patwaris to carry out any orders given by the Collector with reference to the survey or measurement of land by order of a competent court or officer, evidently refers to ordering the presence of the patwaris to give information, and is against the idea that the Collector could order the patwari himself to make an independent survey. Assuming, however, that patwaris, or some of them, have, for the purpose of keeping these accounts and registers in the prescribed form, been in the habit of making a rough measurement of holdings with a pole or rope, and calculating the area, this is quite a different thing from surveying, and particularly from the land surveying of modern days. The main object of a survey is not only to get the area of any particular plot, but so to describe each plot in reference to other plots, that the position on the earth's surface of that plot and all other plots in relation to each other shall be in future ascertainable by a scientific process by means of the map and field book of the survey as soon as any point in the map is identified with any existing mark on the land.

This scientific survey has been going on on a large scale under a regular Survey Department of the Government of India since the Act of 1847, and is now governed as to Bengal by the Survey Act of 1875. The patwaris have never been employed by Government as survey amins so far as we can learn. As to the older measurement that used to be made, there is no trace in Regulation XII of 1817 of any duty of patwaris in connection with measurements. Had it been the duty of patwaris to make measurement chittas or khasras of the villages, we should have expected to find such papers produced in courts of justice as entries made by an official in the course of his official duty or as official registers, and we are aware of no such case. It is noteworthy that it was the duty of the kanungo under Regulation V of 1816, section 7, clause 6, to "assist at all admeasurement of land, whether undertaken by the officer of Government in conformity with the Regulation, or by the landholder or raiyat, and to record the same." The opinion of the Advocate-General referred to by Mr. Risley appears to have been given orally at the Conference upon hearing the views and arguments then set forth, and assumes the accuracy of the statements and views laid before him. It is to be noted that the other members accepted the opinion as an exposition of the law, but it is not stated whether the members of the Board altered their views as to what the patwaris had actually been in the habit of doing.

Reviewing all the materials available to us, we are of opinion that unless it can be shown that surveying was one of the customary duties of patwaris by ancient and general custom, the new rules will radically alter the scope of the patwari's duties and cast entirely novel duties upon him and turn him into a survey amin—that such a change is not warranted by the Regulation and does not come under the head of "Keeping registers and accounts"—that the patwaris cannot legally be compelled to learn scientific surveying or discharge the duties of surveyors, though illegal pressure may be brought upon them to do so—and that the attempt to make the zamindars support a body of trained surveyors under the name of patwaris is not warranted by the existing law.

The 11*th July* 1893.

G. H. P. EVANS.
W. C. BONNERJEE.

---

(2)

THE OFFICIATING LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—I thank you for your welcome to Bihar. Though I come among you now for the first time as Lieutenant-Governor, you all know that

I am no stranger to the province. Some of you will even remember that I served here for seven years during times of difficulty, and that I then took an active interest in the questions to which you refer in your memorial. In returning to those questions now, I claim to speak, not as a novice in the law and custom of Bihar, but as one who has studied the subject carefully, and who has at least had exceptional opportunities for learning what the intentions of the Government and the Legislature were in respect of the Bihar land question when the Tenancy Act was under discussion. With these introductory remarks, gentlemen, I will proceed to examine the substance of your memorial.

The first statement which I have to notice is the following:—"One of the great inducements held out to the landed proprietors of Bihar to compensate them for the harassment and expense which a Government survey necessarily involves was that, on the completion of the survey, the patwaris, who are admitted to be notoriously corrupt, should cease to be Government servants, and that it should be optional with the zamindars, who paid them, to retain them or not as they pleased for the purposes of collection." Gentlemen, I have been unable to ascertain on what authority you base this statement. So far as I have been able to ascertain from the official records, it has never been, and it is not now, the policy of the Bengal Government to abolish the existing patwari system without substituting for it another agency to maintain the record. Such a policy as you impute to the Bengal Government would require the sanction of the Government of India, and I greatly doubt, having regard to the importance rightly attached in all other provinces to the correct maintenance of the record of rights, whether the Government of India would have countenanced it, even if recommended by the Government of Bengal. If you desire to abolish the patwari, your road lies through what Sir Charles Elliott described as "a complete and practical scheme of maintenance of the settlement record" by an agency other than that of the existing patwari.

The next statement which I have to consider is to the following effect:—"The second inducement held out to the zamindars to consent to the survey was that the survey would be obviously to their advantage, as all excess land found in the possession of the raiyats would be assessed with rent, and instances were given in official papers, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, of several estates which had been surveyed by the Government, with the result that the rent roll of the zamindars of those estates had been considerably increased owing to the assessment of this excess land which the raiyats had annexed to their holdings." Here too, gentlemen, I must say that I have been unable to find in the records of the Government any evidence to bear out the statement made in the memorial. Indeed, gentlemen, there are certain important considerations conflicting with it to which I would beg your leave to invite attention. The various matters dealt with in a survey and record of rights are of two kinds—matters which the Government can deal with within certain limits by executive order addressed to the Settlement Officers; and matters fixed by substantive law, concerning which the Government is not competent to issue any orders at all. Now this question of land, said to be held in excess of that for which the tenant is paying rent, belongs to the latter class. It is regulated by law, and the interpretation of the law rests, not with the Executive Government, but with the Judicial authorities. In a recent case arising out of the settlement of the Burdwan estate—a case to which your attention has doubtless been drawn in connexion with this question—the High Court observed: "It is for the zamindar who seeks for a settlement of these lands to show that they are in excess of those for which rents are being paid, and to do this it is for him to show what those lands are, what were the terms of the original settlement, and whether it was by any, and if so by what, process of measurement." That decision gives an authoritative exposition of the law on the subject of excess lands, and the Government is unable, even if it were inclined, to do anything to alter it.

The procedure in the matter seems clear to me. The landlord who considers that his tenant is holding land in excess of that for which he is paying rent, may, while the settlement is still going on, apply to the Settlement Officer to fix a fair rent for the entire holding; and that application will be adjudicated on by the Settlement Officer acting as a Civil Court. Or he may wait till the settlement is over and file a suit for the assessment of the land alleged to be in excess. He will not, I am advised, be estopped

or hampered in these proceedings by the entry in the settlement record as to the rent of the holding, for that entry, even if allowed to go undisputed, will not be conclusive as between the parties.

It is suggested, however, by your memorial, that if on a comparison of the survey measurement with the area entered in the landlord's jamabandi, a tenant seemed to be holding more land than he was paying rent for, the Settlement Officer was bound *suo motu* to assess rent on the apparent excess, and the Government is, I presume, urged to direct him by executive order to do so. That opinion, gentlemen, struck me at once as erroneous. It seemed to me out of the question that Government should have the power by executive order to require the Settlement Officer to take judicial notice of the landlord's private papers, and more especially when the effect would be to shift the burden of proof from one party to the other, and thus to reverse one of the most important provisions of the substantive law. But in a matter of such importance I did not wish to rely upon my own judgment, and I therefore referred the question to the Law Officers of Government. I am now advised by them that the opinion I have referred to is without doubt erroneous, and that the burden of proof which the law imposes on the landlords cannot be removed from their shoulders by any order of the Executive Government. The Settlement Officer cannot proceed to assess rent on excess area unless it appears from legal evidence, which would ordinarily be adduced by the landlord in discharge of the burden of proof laid on him by the law, that the land for which rent is claimed is in fact in excess of that for which rent is being paid.

Gentlemen, I feel bound to add, though the opinion will hardly be welcome to some of you, that I entirely agree with the Law Officers, not merely on technical grounds, but in view of the general equities of the case. It is known to those with experience of Bihar—I refer especially to the more densely populated district—that in past years the enhancement of a raiyat's rent by the order of a landlord was not a matter of uncommon occurrence. Nor is the fact a remarkable one. Such things have been done in most countries in the world, where circumstances rendered them possible. But the practical effect of such enhancements was to impose an assessment on the excess area, and whenever this has occurred, the existing rent in Bihar is really a consolidated rent for the holding. Moreover, it must be remembered first that, under the indigenous system of measurement, the *ails* or partitions between fields were excluded from survey, while under the scientific system they are included; secondly, that under the scientific system of measurement now adopted the area brought out for a field is itself considerably in excess of what the area of the same field would be if obtained by measurement according to the native system. Taking these facts into consideration, it must, I think, be admitted that the question of dealing with lands claimed as excess is one which ought not to be disposed of by executive order, but demands careful judicial enquiry, in which the whole facts and history of the holding must be examined and the landlord must be content to discharge the burden of proof which the law has laid upon him. And if this be the conclusion justified by the equities of the case to which I have referred, is it not strengthened by the consideration that, according to the concurrent testimony of enquirers into the subject, the Bihar tenant's rent, even 10 years ago, was in many places a rack-rent? Since then population has increased, the competition for land has grown more intense, and as a natural consequence the agrarian situation has become more precarious. All these considerations point to the desirability of careful judicial examination before rents are fixed, and to the administrative necessity of giving the province rest and security by such a record of rights as the Government has now undertaken to effect.

The last statement which I have to notice in the second paragraph of the memorial is "that a further inducement was also held out to Your Memorialists that on the completion of the survey the Government would give to the zamindars by a summary procedure increased facilities for the collection of their rents." It is no doubt the case that in a speech delivered in the Governor-General's Council on the 25th March 1892, on the amendment of the Bengal Court of Wards Act, Sir Charles Elliott spoke as follows:—

"There is a provision now in the Tenancy Act, under which rent suits below Rs. 50 may be tried summarily like a Small Cause Court suit. But this provision has not been put into force hitherto, because rent suits generally have turned, not merely on the question whether the rent had been paid or not,

but on the question how much the rent really is, or whether rent is due at all. Whenever disputes of the sort have been cleared away, it seems probable that the provision referred to may be utilized, or even that some simpler procedure may be invented."

The Lieutenant-Governor then intended that the subject should be taken in hand at the earliest opportunity, and trusted that he "might be able to introduce a Bill of this kind." It was not, however, until the 17th September 1892 that Sir Charles Elliott found it possible to take any further steps in the matter, and in the official letter then written, great stress is laid on the fact that a summary procedure is only possible when "a regular survey and record of rights have been effected under the Tenancy Act, and the maintenance of the record is duly provided for." Gentlemen, I invite your special attention to these words: "when * * the maintenance of the record is duly provided for." I am not aware that much progress has been made towards inventing the simpler procedure referred to in general terms by Sir Charles Elliott. It may be that that problem "passes the wit of man." In any case, however, I may remind you here that it was this very demand for a summary procedure for the recovery of rent which stirred into active life the discussion which ended in the passing of the Bengal Tenancy Act. For seven years that demand was examined from every conceivable point of view by the keenest intellects, not of Bengal alone, but of all India. Their answer to that demand was the Act as you have it now. I repeat, gentlemen, what Sir Charles Elliott has already practically said, that the only road to the summary recovery of arrears of rent lies through a regular survey and record of rights under the Tenancy Act and adequate maintenance of the record up to date.

Two enquiries are made in your memorial which call for a definite answer. You ask to be informed as to the intentions of the Bengal Government regarding the maintenance of the record of rights and the employment of the patwari on the survey.

Both of these points were, I think, fully dealt with in my speech in Darbar, and you can, I think, no longer have any doubt as to what is proposed. My intention is—and in this I have the support of the Governor-General in Council—to maintain the record. If you reject the patwari, and we can agree on an efficient plan of maintenance independently of Regulation XII of 1817, I shall propose to the Government of India to abolish that Regulation and release the patwari from Governmental control. If we cannot come to an agreement, I must only do what I can to protect you against yourselves and to secure the due maintenance of the record in the best interests of all concerned.

In regard to the right of the Government to employ patwaris on survey work, to which you refer in paragraphs 5 and 6 of the memorial, I am advised by the Law Officers of the Crown that beyond any doubt the Government has that power. I am aware that a contrary opinion has been given by eminent counsel; but I also know that the grounds on which the Government is proceeding, and on which the opinion of the Law Officers is based, were not placed before those gentlemen, who approached the question therefore at a disadvantage. I have no objection whatever to your seeing the entire Government case on this point. My wish is that our objects and the grounds of our action in this whole matter should be displayed and made public as completely as possible. The strength of the Government case lies in its being widely known and fully understood.

There remain only two matters which it seems necessary to notice at length. The first matter is your reference in paragraph 5 of the memorial to the circular of the Director of Surveys of 5th June 1893. That circular does not in some respects correctly represent my intention: and portions of it were cancelled shortly after it was issued. But reading the circular carefully—I hold it now in my hand—I cannot find that it contains the statement you allege, enjoining the retention of the patwaris as Government servants for the purpose of maintaining the record of rights. As a matter of fact, my plans for the maintenance of the record had not been matured when the circular was issued, and Colonel Sandeman, if he made such a statement, would have known my intention better than at the time I did myself.

The second matter I have to notice is your statement that the Tenancy Act makes no provision for maintaining the record of rights. On this point let me read you the following extract from a letter, dated 20th November 1884,

addressed by the Government of India to the Government of Bengal:—"It is hardly necessary to remark that the value of the survey and the record of rights will be incommensurate with the cost unless an efficient staff of patwaris and supervisors is organized. * * * If it be decided to commence operations in 1885 or 1886—and on this point the Government of India will expect to be advised hereafter by the Government of Bengal—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council trusts that no effort will be spared to obtain at an early date the requisite legal powers to organize the patwari staff, and that the work of organization will be vigorously prosecuted."

It was in pursuance of those orders that the Bengal Government actively took up the question of patwari reorganization. But the reorganization of the patwari staff in Bihar was from the beginning part and parcel of the scheme for amending the Rent law: and it always was intended that legislation on the patwari question should be undertaken as supplementary to legislation on the substantive Rent law. It is unnecessary for me to explain here why this intention has hitherto remained in abeyance: it will suffice to say that, until it is fulfilled, these provisions of the Tenancy Act, specially intended for the protection of the raiyats of Bihar, will remain ineffectual. In these circumstances, gentlemen, you will not be surprised, nor I trust angry with me, if I am doubtful of your title to speak on this matter in the name of the raiyats of Bihar, or to say that they are opposed to the survey and settlement. I am informed that they are as a matter of fact, whenever they understand the matter, in favour of a settlement fairly conducted. I have even seen it stated in the public newspapers by Sir William Hudson himself that they were willing to pay as much as one rupee per acre for it, while under arrangements they will, I hope, not have to pay a quarter of that amount.

Gentlemen, we are now face to face with the essential facts which underlie the whole burning question of the relation of landlord and tenants in Bihar. Far more important to the raiyats is this question of the Record of Rights even than the recent change in the organic written law; for the written law, among an ignorant, struggling people, remains a dead letter—witness Act X of 1859—unless executive action steps in to do for the people that which they cannot do for themselves. This is the justification of Chapter X of the Tenancy Act, as it is of protective agrarian legislation wherever it has been undertaken. Gentlemen, I do entreat you to regard the question in a considerate and conciliatory spirit. I am here to discuss every point with you in a friendly and amicable way. I will do everything I can do within reason and the law to meet your wishes: and if only you will meet me in a similar spirit, as I feel confident you will, then I do think that between us we shall be able during the next few days to arrive at a reasonable understanding and a workable agreement on the matters that have to be settled between us. Gentlemen, I conclude by thanking you for giving me this opportunity of speaking my mind to you on these most important matters openly and frankly.

ENCLOSURE II-A.

Opinion of the HON'BLE SIR G. H. P. EVANS, K.C.I.E., *on the position and duties of Patwaris.* [*Referred to in foot-note to paragraph* 57 *of the Minute.*]

I HAVE had laid before me papers bearing on the position and duties of patwaris, which I had not before seen and which throw much light on the subject. They consist of (1) correspondence between the Board and the Government of India and the Directors of the East India Company ranging from 1811 to 1824, and the reports of Collectors during that period; (2) of the correspondence between the Local Government, the Board and various Collectors in 1880; (3) further information collected in 1893; and I have discussed with Mr. Finucane the nature of the duties the patwaris are now required to perform in respect of the present survey of Bihar under the Tenancy Act. Upon these materials, it appears that the reform of the office of patwari sought to be effected by Regulation XII of 1817 was connected with the restoration of the office of kanungo, and was to a great extent intended to provide the Government with such authentic information as to the area cultivated by each raiyat and the rent payable by him therefor in money and in kind and the amounts actually paid as should enable the Government to protect the raiyats from oppression so far as practicable; and generally to provide the fullest information as to the area and tenure and nature of the lands in each village.

With this view the Board in 1819 prescribed a form of account by which the patwaris were to record the length, breadth, and area of each plot held by each raiyat in the villages and the rent payable for his holding, as well as many other particulars, and were held liable for the accuracy of this return. Strenuous efforts were made to have complete returns made by the patwaris and checked by the kanungos and kept as records. These efforts were continued with more or less, but generally with very indifferent, success till 1824 or 1825, when the correspondence ceases.

The correspondence of 1880 shows that, though the system had apparently failed entirely in Bengal, it was still alive in Bihar, and that the returns prescribed by the Board of Revenue in 1876 (which are the same as now found in the Revenue Manual) were much the same as those originally prescribed in 1819, but that the registration of patwaris and the insistence on their returns being filed in the Collector's office had fallen very generally into disuse. The conclusion come to was that the patwaris should be registered and that the rules compelling them to keep the accounts should remain in force, but that the patwaris had so far become servants and sent collections of the zamindars, and were so ignorant and corrupt that the accounts prepared by them were worthless and misleading, and that it was not worth while to attempt to enforce the duty of filing them yearly in the Collector's office, and that things should be left as they were for the present.

In the course of this correspondence it was reported by several Collectors in Bihar that measuring land was one of the duties then performed by these patwaris, but the Collector of Saran did not mention this as one of their existing functions. It appears, however, from the report of the Settlement Officer in 1893, that the patwaris from Saran and Gaya who appeared before him stated that they had been in the habit of measuring land roughly with a luggi, but that they had never made maps.

On the whole history of the matter it appears that patwaris were compellable to measure the plots of the raiyats under order of the Board existing since 1819, and that to keep up the register shewing the length, breadth, and area of each plot was one of their duties, though it has been little, if at all, enforced during the last 60 years by Government, and that this duty was imposed mainly to supply information of what land the raiyats paid rent for, and how much they paid for each bigha.

Their registers and accounts were apparently intended in 1817 to form the basis for some kind of record of rights as to all the land in the village. That the original object has lamentably failed is clear, but the patwaris remain legally liable to perform their original duties, though after so long a disuse and under present circumstances there are great practical difficulties in carrying out the original scheme through their agency.

I think it is made out that patwaris can be called on to make and file measurement khasras of the lands of the raiyats, and for the purpose to measure the lands in such manner as patwaris have been accustomed to do; that is, in the old native style with a luggi. I think also that if the Government desire some improved but still simple means of measurement to be substituted and adopted by them (not requiring scientific instruments or the education of a professional surveyor), they could in course of time effect such improvement in the accuracy of the measurements by the powers they have as to the appointment of patwaris and by encouraging them to adopt the new method.

I also think that the duties prescribed for them as to recording all mutations of tenants, &c., would enable the Government to make use of them for the purpose of keeping up the record of rights when made, though it does not appear that they could safely be entrusted with such duties or any duties out of which they could make money unless there were an efficient check upon them.

But though the duties of patwaris appear to me to be as above stated—and it is evident that the Government has much greater rights to demand services from them in the way of measurement and otherwise than it has been in the habit of exacting—yet there are great difficulties in the way of any attempt at utilising the existing patwaris in the manner proposed for the present survey of Bihar under the Tenancy Act, viz.—

(*A*) A fresh qualification for the office has to be introduced suddenly. For though, as explained by Mr. Finucane, the work required from them is comparatively simple, and does not involve their being able to make scientific maps

as I had previously thought, yet it admittedly involves the acquisition of knowledge which neither they nor any of their predecessors have ever possessed. It is not, I consider, possible to force an existing body of officials, who are only subject to dismissal for neglect of duty or other just cause, to come away from their villages and attend classes for the acquisition of this new knowledge on pain of dismissal; nor is it possible to dismiss them if, having attended, they do not become proficient in the new art.

(*B*) This survey is an exceptional thing ordered once for all under the Tenancy Act of 1885, and if the existing body of patwaris, though able to and compellable to, undertake measurements of raiyats' lands by the old method, are unfit to perform this special and unusual task which is demanded of them on this occasion, and which may never recur if the work is properly done and means taken for its being kept up, it is very difficult to hold that such a task is legally demandable from officials who admittedly are and always were unable to perform it. From the report it appears that none can perform it without a course of instruction, and that many, if not most, are incapable of acquiring sufficient proficiency to be able to fulfil the requirements.

(*C*) It is noteworthy that they have hitherto had nothing to do with maps, though possibly, considering the very extended meaning given by the Board ever since 1819 to the words "registers" and "accounts," it might not be *ultra vires* for the Board to prescribe some simple form of map which it was within their power to prepare.

If the old patwaris are to be dismissed, it must be for some other reason than the non-acquisition of the knowledge necessary for the survey. Difficulties will arise as regards fresh appointments, the nomination being in the first instance with the zamindar, and the Government power of appointment arises only on failure to nominate on nomination of an unfit person.

Assuming the zamindar to be hostile and to set up the patwaris to fight the point and provide them with funds, difficult questions will have to be decided, and it will be possible to question the action of the Board in the civil courts, unless the Government are prepared to work the change gradually. This would involve immense delay in carrying out the survey.

The zamindars will have a grievance from the fact that the patwari is now in many estates the only rent collector, and although they may have no legal right to insist on his collecting rents, unless it was a customary duty in 1816 of which I find no evidence, yet as his whole time will be taken up first in learning and then in doing survey work for a considerable period, there will be a great outcry at the sudden loss of what by long use the zamindars have come to consider as a right to his services.

My final conclusions are that the Government have a right to the services of the patwaris for the purpose of ascertaining and recording facts connected with the villages such as would be recorded in the record of rights, and possibly such as would be required for census purposes, and that this right, though fallen into practical disuse, still exists legally. That the enforcement of the right by Government will involve a great change in the present relations of patwaris and zamindars. *That the Government is entitled, if they think fit, to employ patwaris to keep up the record of rights. That they are entitled to require the patwaris to give assistance and information in framing it and in ascertaining the identity and measuring the area of the various plots of land in the village to the extent of their ability, and in other matters.*

That the proposed scheme for their immediate utilization for the survey now in progress is not practicable, and in any event bristles with difficulties legal and practical, which it is not easy to see our way through, unless the zamindars agree to it.

That if time were no object it might be possible in the course of years to secure a set of patwaris who might be so used. But that it is most probable that the experience of the past would be repeated, and that the patwari serving two masters would mainly serve the one who paid him and who was nearest to him and mainly affected his daily life.

G. H. P. EVANS.

The 30*th July* 1893.

ENCLOSURE III.

(1) *Letter No. 826A., dated the 14th August 1893, from the* HON'BLE C C. STEVENS, *Senior Member of the Board of Revenue, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Revenue Department, to which are appended the Minutes of the Proceedings of two Conferences held at Muzaffarpur on the 3rd and 5th August 1893, and a letter, dated the 7th August 1893, from* BABU RAM DHARI SAHAI, *Honorary Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces.*

(2) *Government order, dated the 15th August 1893, addressed to the Board of Revenue.*

[These documents are referred to in paragraph 5 of the Minute.]

(1)

I HAVE the honour to make the following report on the Conferences which, under the instructions of the Lieutenant-Governor, I held at Muzaffarpur on the 3rd and 5th instant with the representatives of the zamindars and indigo planters of North Bihar, on the subject of the Bihar Survey and of the future maintenance of the Record of Rights.

2. Before these Conferences I informally met the Government officers employed in the tracts immediately concerned. The object of this meeting was merely to obtain such general information relating to the facts and to the wishes of those affected by the survey as the local officers could give and was not already known. No proceedings were recorded.

3. I submit full reports of the Conferences, but it is desirable that I should lay before Government a brief summary of what was said and done, and should state the points which appeared to me to have been made clear.

4. I was assisted by the Hon'ble H. H. Risley, C.I.E., Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department, and by Mr. M. Finucane, Officiating Secretary. to the Board of Revenue and permanent Director of Land Records and Agriculture, while Mr. Lyon, Settlement Officer of Muzaffarpur, acted as Secretary. To all these gentlemen I am much indebted for their valuable help. The Commissioner of Patna, the Collectors of Muzaffarpur and Champaran, the Officiating Director of Land Records and the Director of Survey, and the Settlement Officer of Champaran were also present.

5. On the other side, the Maharaja of Darbhanga with his Manager, Mr. Bell, the Maharaja's brother, Raja Rameshvar Singh, Mr. Gibbon, the Manager of the Bettiah estate, the Secretaries to the Bihar and Tirhut Landholders' Associations, Sir W. B. Hudson, K.C.I.E, President, and Mr. Macnaghten, Secretary of the Bihar Indigo Planters' Associations, together with several other influential European and Native gentlemen, represented the zamindars and indigo planters. I endeavoured to find some persons who might represent the raiyats; and it is a significant fact, in considering the conditions of North Bihar, that no adequate representation of this class could be obtained, and consequently the attempt had to be abandoned. There probably is not a single raiyat in Bihar of intelligence and education sufficient to enable him to take part in such a Conference; and the raiyats' feeling on the subject can only be ascertained by personal enquiries in their villages.

6. I opened the proceedings by saying that the intentions of Government must be understood to be unalterable on the following points, which were not therefore open to discussion :—

(1) The survey is to be made and record of survey and rights is to be maintained up to date.

(2) The record is to be a public document, the accuracy of which Government must guarantee, so far as may be practicable.

(3) Since the Government is thus responsible, it must not be fettered in its discretion as to the period at which corrections of the record should be made.

(4) The work must be done by an agency under the complete control of Government, and independent of any interested party.

It was then explained that in order to attain these objects, the Government was anxious to know the views and to study the interests of these affected.

7. I then proceeded to sketch the two systems which had suggested themselves to Government, viz. (1) the patwari scheme, under which the unit would be the village, and the survey would be made, and the record kept up, by the patwari; (2) what might be termed the kanungo scheme, under which the survey would be made by amins, and the record for a circle of villages be maintained by an officer of higher qualifications and on higher pay. It was made clear that the former of these two plans would require legislation; the patwari would be a Government servant, appointed, controlled and paid by Government, and the cesses now collected from the raiyats for the payment of patwaris, under whatever name, must be taken in a legal and probably altered shape. The kanungo scheme was then sketched in outline following the note which had been, under the Lieutenant-Governor's orders, previously forwarded to the Indigo Planters and Landholders' Association.

8. A discussion followed, for which reference may be made to the detailed Minutes of the Proceedings appended to this report. It was apparent that the unofficial gentlemen present were hostile to any maintenance of the record at all. They pressed for information on many points of detail involved in either of the schemes laid before them, and to meet their wishes I distributed copies of the first draft of a Bill which had been prepared, embodying the Lieutenant-Governor's scheme of kanungos. This Bill, although prepared under the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor, had not yet been submitted to His Honour, and consequently he had had no opportunity of expressing his approval or disapproval of the draft. But since it was in general accord with his views, and there was an evident desire on the part of the unofficial gentlemen attending the Conference to be informed of the methods by which practical difficulties might be overcome, it was thought less inconvenient to produce the Bill somewhat prematurely than to reserve it till instructions could be taken.

9. It was not to be expected that any opinion should forthwith be given by the Conference; and it would have been manifestly unfair to press for criticisms without giving time for consideration. The Conference was then adjourned till the 5th, after the difference between the patwari and kanungo schemes had been again explained. No original plan was brought forward by the unofficial gentlemen present, but it was suggested that, instead of attempting to maintain a current revision of records, there should be a decennial revision. Since this suggestion was inconsistent with the principle that Government, being responsible for the accuracy of the record, cannot be fettered as to the periods of revision, I was unable to permit it to be discussed as a proposal, though I directed that it should be recorded as an opinion.

10. On the 5th instant the Conference re-assembled. The explanation given by Mr. Finucane of a remark made by him at the previous sitting led to a short discussion regarding the sanction proposed in the Bill for enforcing the communication of information as to transfers. The general feeling among the unofficial members was that the provision was open to objection, as giving the sub-kanungo a lever which he might use for purposes of oppression. It was obviously impossible to promise that no power of punishment for passive obstruction should be retained in the Bill, but it was explained that the details were open for consideration, and that any reasonable modifications which could be suggested were likely to be adopted.

11. I then read an extract from a letter written by Mr. Gibbon on the 24th October 1878, to the President of the Bihar Rent Committee. The advice given in this letter, as I pointed out, depended on the following principles:—

(1) It is right that Government should have at its disposal a local agency of contemporaneous record.
(2) That agency should have no connection with the collection of rents, but should be entirely at the service of Government, and should be nominated and paid by Government officers.
(3) It is reasonable that the zamindars should pay at least a share of the necessary expenditure direct into the Government Treasury.
(4) It is possible to secure, consistently with due economy, the services of efficient men.

(5) The areas to be dealt with by these record-keepers should be re-adjusted, and the district divided into convenient and fairly uniform circles considerably larger than those of the existing patwaris usually are.

(6) The present staff of patwaris should be placed at the disposal of the zamindars, to keep or to dispense with at their option.

These considerations, I pointed out, are exactly those on which the Bill under discussion is founded.

12. I regretted that Mr. Gibbon was not present, but I had mentioned to him personally my desire to bring his letter forward, and he was aware that I attached much importance to it. I have abstained from reading it on the first day, partly because I had feared that it might lead to irrelevent discussions, and especially because it seemed undesirable to take Mr. Gibbon at a disadvantage or to forestall and hamper him in anything which he might wish to say. After I had read the letter, Mr. Macnaghten, by Mr. Gibbon's authority, said that circumstances had changed since 1878, and that Mr. Gibbon claimed the right to change his opinions; Sir William Hudson further attributed Mr. Gibbon's change of opinions to the state of the law regarding the transfer of raiyats' holdings.

13. My object in reading the letter and laying stress on it was not to deny Mr. Gibbon the right to change his views, but to show that the scheme now brought forward was in precise accordance with that which had commended itself to one of the most valued unofficial advisers of Government, who even 15 years ago had had large practical experience. To me, I may remark in passing, it does not appear that the reasons given for a change from those views are adequate. The law as to transfers of occupancy rights has not been changed. If such transfers have become more numerous, surely the necessity for recording them has increased. And if the country is being surveyed and rights ascertained and recorded, it should be easier and less expensive to maintain the record. On the other hand, the interference of Government with the zamindars will be less under the Lieutenant-Governor's scheme than under the scheme which Mr. Gibbon proposed, since it is not now intended to register collections of rents.

14. The members of the Conference were next informed that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor had now seen the Bill which was produced at the former meeting, and had accepted it as a provisional basis of legislation, with certain modifications which were read and explained, and will be found reproduced in the minutes of the Conference. Under the authority which had been given to me, I announced that Sir Antony MacDonnell would, if desired, be happy to come to the meeting and discuss any suggested amendments of the Bill. It was, however, considered unnecessary to trouble His Honour to do this.

15. I then asked whether the gentlemen present could now give me their opinion as to which of the schemes was to be preferred. The reply was given that, though those present could not bind absent interested persons, they were themselves of opinion that the kanungo scheme was the lesser of the two evils which were presented to them. This expression of preference, taken with the absence of any counter scheme of maintenance from the zamindars, was all that the Lieutenant-Governor asked for in his speech at the Bankipore Darbar; and under these circumstances I said that I was prepared, under the Lieutenant-Governor's instructions, to stop all further action in the direction of the registration and training of patwaris, and pointed out that the entire abolition of the patwari system is involved in the kanungo scheme. This announcement appeared to give satisfaction.

16. The discussion then fell upon the question of the area to be dealt with by the kanungos. It was desired that this should be as large as possible, that a superior class of men should be employed, and that the corrections should not be made annually. The landholders were assured that these expressions of opinion would have full weight given to them, and it was understood that Government would extend the area to the maximum consistent with efficient work. Speaking only for myself, I said that I could not advise that so large an area should be at first adopted as to produce any risk of failure. The work must first be made safe, and the details might afterwards be modified by the

light of experience. I declined to promise that the corrections should not be made annually, since it is a fundamental part of the scheme that this must be left to the discretion of Government.

17. The Maharaja of Darbhanga then asked that the Lieutenant-Governor's notes might be regarded as part of the proceedings, and that the zamindars might be favoured with as full an exposition of the views of Government as could conveniently be given. This was assented to.

18. It was once more pointed out that, subject to the four principles stated in paragraph 6 above, which are insisted on by Government as fundamental, all details, however important, are open to discussion, and that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor is most anxious to receive all the assistance which the practical experience of those interested can afford him, in order to make the working of the proposed arrangements as little inconvenient as possible. In breaking up the meeting, I then, on behalf of Government, thanked the gentlemen present for their attendance, and acknowledged the courtesy which had lightened my own labour.

19. As the Conference was rising, a further conversation took place between some of the members and Mr. Finucane on the subject of the provision by the zamindars of coolies for the survey, the Lieutenant-Governor having, it was understood, expressed the hope to several zamindars, at his interviews with them, that help in this direction might be given so as to lighten the cost of survey. The offers then made were subsequently confirmed by an official letter from the Secretary to the Tirhut Landholders' Association, a copy of which is appended to this letter.

20. The general results of the Conference appear to me to be these :—

(1) It was made perfectly clear that the Government would insist on the maintenance of the record of rights up to date as necessary to secure permanent benefit from the original operations. It was made clear that the record should be maintained by a Government agency independent of all parties, and that a revision at the end of five or ten years was an arrangement which the Government could not accept while remaining responsible for the accuracy of the record as representing existing facts.

(2) It was evident that, though the interests of the zamindars and the indigo planters are not uniform, and perhaps in some instances conflict, both these classes object to the annual maintenance up to date of the record of rights. They would rather that the records should not be maintained at all. Next to this they would prefer a revision after long periods—say of five or of ten years.

(3) Of the two schemes suggested to them, they prefer that of the kanungo dealing with larger areas to that of patwaris dealing with villages.

(4) The announcement of this preference enabled us to make the immediate concession, that the existing patwaris shall not be made use of for purposes of the survey, and shall remain free for the performance of the zamindari duties. The concession was received with satisfaction by zamindars and planters alike.

(5) We were able to show that the adoption of the kanungo scheme would involve the repeal of the Patwari Regulation XII of 1817 (a measure which would probably be satisfactory to zamindar and planter); provided that an efficient mode of maintaining the record of rights can be brought into operation.

(6) I hope that it was made quite clear that the Government, while adhering to the principles laid down, will consider, and adopt, if possible, all reasonable proposals intended to meet the wishes, or guard the interests, of those affected.

21. The main objections put forward to the introduction of any scheme were (1) the interference, (2) the cost, and (3) the probable dishonesty and exactions of the establishments. As the kanungo will have nothing to do with the collection of rent, or recording such collection, or with the letting of land, but will only deal with the maintenance of the record as completed by the survey, whereby all parties will have a standard of right to which to appeal; and as,

besides, he will be closely supervised by superior officers, the interference will be reduced to a minimum, and it will be certainly less than that authorized by the existing patwari regulations. The landlord's share of the cost, though to large zamindars it may be considerable simply because they possess large property, will be small to other classes, and every effort will be made to avoid needless expenditure. Among other things it is under consideration whether the fees and fines under the Land Registration Act VII (B.C.) of 1876 may not be credited to a District Fund for the maintenance of these land records. And after all, though that part of the expense which will not be recovered by registration fees, &c., will have to be met by a cess, the amount so raised will be much less than that now levied with doubtful legality for or by the patwaris. At the present time a zamindar has a patwari in every village, it is understood. When the record of rights has been prepared and is maintained, the duties of the patwaris will be diminished; and it will probably be possibly for a zamindar to do with fewer men than he now employs. Sir William Hudson, who has an intimate knowledge of the needs and condition of the raiyats, has publicly stated his opinion that they will gladly pay a rupee an acre for copies of the original record relating to their holdings. If this be so, they are not likely to object to pay their share at the rate of half an anna or so per acre per annum for its maintenance. It is too much to hope that there will be no instances of dishonesty or exactions; but the landholders of North Bihar possess great power and influence, and are in no way deficient in energy and courage; so that we may confidently look to them to report all instances which may come to their knowledge of malpractices directed to the injury of their raiyats and themselves. I cannot but hope that on further examination the force of these objections will prove to be less than it at present appears to them.

Proceedings of a Conference held at Muzaffarpur on August 3rd, 1893.

PRESENT:

The Hon'ble C. C. Stevens, Member of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces (in the Chair).
The Maharaja Bahadur of Darbhanga, K.C.I.E.
Raja Ramesvar Singh Bahadur.
A. Forbes, Esq., Commissioner of the Patna Division.
The Hon'ble H. H. Risley, C.I.E., Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department.
Sir W. B. Hudson, K.C.I.E., President, Bihar Indigo Planters' Association.
Colonel Sandeman, Director of Bengal Surveys.
M. Finucane, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Board of Revenue.
T. Gibbon, Esq., C.I.E., Manager, Bettiah Raj.
Henry Bell, Esq., Manager, Darbhanga Raj.
L. Hare, Esq., Collector of Muzaffarpur.
W. D. Blyth, Esq., Collector of Champaran.
W. C. Macpherson, Esq., Officiating Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
E. Macnaghten, Esq., Secretary, Bihar Indigo Planters' Association.
Babu Guru Prasad Sen, Secretary, Bihar Landholders' Assocation.
Babu Ram Dhari Sahai, Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association.
Rudston Brown, Esq., Indigo Planter.
R. Macrae, Esq., Indigo Planter.
E. G. Colvin, Esq., Settlement Officer, Champaran.
Babu Parmesvar Narain Mahtha.
" Mangal Parshad.
" Ramesvar Narain Mahtha.
" Jamuna Pershad Sukul.
" Sridesvar Narain Mahtha.
P. C. Lyon, Esq., Settlement Officer, Muzaffarpur (Secretary).

MR. STEVENS, in opening the Conference, said:—

I have been directed by the Lieutenant-Governor to meet you for the discussion of the best means of making and maintaining the survey and record of rights in North Bihar.

I may say frankly that it has come to my notice that two nearly opposite doubts have been expressed regarding the objects and procedure of Government in this matter. Some appear to think that the Lieutenant-Governor has come down with his officers, bringing schemes cut and dried, and determined to adopt them, merely asking for the assent of those interested. Others think that there is nothing definite before them, and that they run the risk of being required to commit themselves prematurely to an opinion on propositions of a vague and shadowy nature. Neither of these apprehensions is well founded.

The points which may be taken at the outset as settled finally and definitely are (1) that the record of survey and of rights is to be maintained; (2) it is to be a public document, the authenticity of which the Government must guarantee, so far as this is practicable; (3) and since the Government is thus responsible, it must not be in any way fettered in its discretion as to the period at which correction of the record should be made; (4) and, lastly, this is to be done by an agency under the complete control of Government and independent of any interested party.

As to the best method of attaining these objects, His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor is anxious to know the views and to study the interests of those who will be affected. The key to his position is to be found in the last paragraph of his reply to the landholders' address:—"Gentlemen," (he said) "I do entreat you to regard the question in a considerate and conciliatory spirit. I am here to discuss every point with you in a friendly and amicable way. I will do everything I can do within reason and the law to meet your wishes; and if only you will meet me in a similar spirit, as I feel confident you will, then I do think that between us we shall be able during the next few days to arrive at a reasonable understanding and a workable agreement on the matters that have to be settled between us." These are not the words of a Government which is prepared to neglect or refuse advice.

Two plans have been under consideration, viz., (1) the use of the patwaris registered under Regulation XII of 1817 to make the survey and to maintain the record, and (2) the employment of amins for the survey and of a special agency for maintenance. As to the former, it may serve to clear away some misapprehensions if I say at once that the retention of the present patwari in his existing relations is not proposed. If retained at all, he would be made a Government servant, subject only to the orders of the officers of Government, and liable to transfer or removal by them. The extent of the area assigned to him would be reconsidered and re-adjusted. The cesses levied for the patwaris' remuneration, under whatever name, must be taken for him still, though in a legal and probably altered shape. It is recognized that Regulation XII of 1817 must be revised so as to secure the above objects, though the Government is advised that the Regulation as it stands gives it a right to the services of the patwari, for the purposes of ascertaining and of recording facts connected with the villages, such as would be recorded in the record of rights, and that this right (though fallen into practical disuse) still exists legally. The Government is entitled to require the patwaris to give assistance and information in framing the record and in ascertaining the identity, and measuring the area, of the various plots of land in the village, to the extent of their ability. The exercise of these powers under the Regulation as it stands, especially under the unfavourable conditions which have gradually grown up, would, however, be involved in difficulty; and the dual control which it recognizes would be adverse to efficiency, even were there no other objections. If, therefore, the patwari agency is to be employed, it must be under considerably altered conditions.

The other scheme which has been suggested is that there shall be an unit of area. The unit of area is the circle of villages—the circle will contain perhaps 20 villages—instead of the single village. The circle officer will be, not the patwari, but a more highly qualified and better paid Government official, and the information to be recorded will be reduced to the minimum necessary for supplying adequate information as to the actual occupation of each field, its area and soil quality, the status of the occupier, conditions of occupation, and the rent and rent-rate payable. The scheme leaves the question of rent payment to be settled between the tenant and landlord without any intervention on the part of the executive Government. There will be only one statistical statement maintained, the "jinswar," which is not directly concerned with the relations of landlord and tenant, and which may be said to have more of an administrative than a fiscal aspect. The following is an extract from the Lieutenant-Governor's note on this scheme:—

"The importance of careful supervision in such a scheme as that under notice cannot be over-rated. I would therefore group the sub-kanungos' circles into circuits (of, say, 20 circles), to be placed under a kanungo on Rs. 50 per month, whom I would include in the subordinate provincial service. The entire land record staff of the district I would place under a Sub-Deputy Collector. The following estimate of total cost for an average Bihar district is therefore tentatively proposed:—

	Rs.
120 Sub-kanungos	3,000
120 Chainmen muharrirs...	1,200
6 Kanungos	300
1 Sub-Deputy Collector	175
	4,675
Pensionary charges at one-fifth	935
Per mensem	5,610
Per annum	67,320
Tour expenses	2 500
Stationery and survey appliances	1,180
Total ...	71,000

"As establishments have a tendency to grow, and as it might be found desirable to employ senior officers as District Land Records Deputy Collectors, this estimate might in time be exceeded. But it ought, I think, never to go beyond Rs. 75,000 per annum." I may, to prevent all risk of misunderstanding, repeat in other words what I have already

said. The discussion must postulate the maintenance of the record. This is not an open question. The record will be a public document, the authenticity of which the Government must guarantee so far as this is practicable. The Government must therefore not be in any way fettered as to its discretion to have annual corrections of the record, if it so decides.

The agency by which the record is to be maintained may be an agency dealing with (*a*) individual villages, or (*b*) circles of villages. If the former be decided on, the unit of agency would be the patwari. If the latter be decided on, the unit of agency would be the circle kanungo. In either case, the officer would be a whole-time Government official entirely independent of any other control.

If the patwari is decided on, the control exercised through him by Government will be close and continuous; and he may be required to furnish any information or statistics required by Government in regard to his village for administrative, judicial or other purposes. The patwari will not be at the disposal or control of the zamindar for any purpose whatever. He will have nothing to do with the collection of rent. But all arrangements connected with the land or the tenants must be brought on his records.

His pay will be levied from the zamindar and raiyats. It is believed that no more will be needed than the raiyats now pay for this purpose in the shape of *neg* where the *neg* has not been already consolidated with the rent or than what they pay for the purpose, though disguised as an addition to the rent, where the *neg* has been incorporated with the rent.

The landlords must make their own arrangements for rent collection.

If the circle kanungo be decided on, the information to be brought on record, and the enquiries to be made into village economy from time to time, will of course be less. And in this case the pay to be given to the officer will be higher; and generally the status of the officer will be better. The control to be exercised over the circle kanungo will be constant, and such as the Government deems adequate for guaranteeing the accuracy of the records.

When the agency is settled, the character of the maintenance will have to be discussed. The principle to be insisted on here is that we shall make the map the basis, and that we shall work up from the occupancy of every field to the landlord.

In conclusion, Gentlemen, I would note that it is necessary for us to decide first by what agency the record is to be maintained, before we discuss what agency we shall employ to make it.

Mr. Bell said he was not quite sure that he understood the proposal as regards patwaris. If it was intended that they should cease to do any work for the zamindar, how were they to be paid?

Mr. Risley said that the method that would very likely be adopted was the addition of ¼ anna to the road cess now levied, calculated on the present road cess returns. Where the patwari *neg* had not been consolidated with the rent, a share, probably a half, would perhaps be levied from the raiyats.

Mr. Bell said that, as far as he knew, no patwari *neg* was levied.

Mr. Gibbon said that Government appeared to be under a misapprehension as to the nature of the patwari *neg*. It seemed to be assumed that the zamindar collected this cess from the raiyats and paid the patwari from the proceeds. This was not the case. The patwari was the person who levied the cess, which was called by different names in different villages, and he collected the cess himself. In some villages he had recently taken to entering the amount of this cess as a footnote to the jamabandi, but the zamindar never fingered it. He believed that, whether Government took away collections from the patwari or not, he would continue to collect his cess from the raiyat.

Mr. Finucane said that Mr. Gibbon's account of the cess might be presumed to be correct in reference to Champaran, but that this would make no difference to the scheme.

Mr. Bell, on the other hand, considered that the point was a most important one. Although the zamindars were to get no benefit from the patwari, they were to have to pay for him. He asked why they should have to pay at all when no cess had been consolidated with the rent. They had no concern with mere matters of general administration which should be paid for by the whole community.

Mr. Gibbon protested that Government was still assuming that the raiyats paid the cess to the zamindar.

Mr. Risley said that the effect of the High Court judgment in the matter of patwari *neg* had been to give them a *tabula rasa*, and any scheme now proposed would have to be a wholly new one.

Mr. Bell said that the arrangements for payment would in fact amount to the imposition of a patwari cess.

Mr. Finucane concurred.

Mr. Bell said that the zamindars were not at present in a position to express any opinion on the schemes. His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, in writing demi-officially to Sir William Hudson, had promised them a scheme combining the minimum of expense and the minimum of interference. At present they had no knowledge of the details of these schemes. How was the sub-kanungo going to perform his duties? What powers were to be given to him? Was he to be authorized to go into the villages, summon all the raiyats, call for papers and books, &c., &c.? It was most important that such points as these should not be reserved for future determination, but should be decided first. Again, what validity was to be given to these men's corrections? They had no information on these points, and would be glad to see the two schemes drawn up in bill form, and to be given time to consider those bills.

Mr. Risley enquired whether they were prepared to consider the schemes at once if they should be put before them in bill form.

Mr. Bell could not promise this, and said that the action to be taken now was too important to be hurriedly decided on, as any scheme now adopted would probably be extended later on to the whole of Bihar and to Bengal as well.

Mr. Risley then explained further the details of the second, or kanungo, scheme. He claimed that it prescribed the minimum of interference. The irreducible minimum of that interference was the year-by-year correction of entries affecting the possession, area, &c., of the fields in each village. The minimum of expense was secured by making the area to be dealt with by each sub-kanungo as large as possible. In the matter of legal validity, it was necessary to go back to section 119 of the Bengal Tenancy Act, and to consider what the legal validity was which was attached to the original entries made in the record. This was the starting point. The original entries were of two classes, (1) disputed, and (2) undisputed. The High Court had declared that the decisions arrived at in the matter of disputed entries were *res judicata*. The undisputed entries were merely presumed to be correct until the contrary was shown. The corrections would similarly be divided into disputed and undisputed entries. The undisputed corrections to which both parties agreed would stand on the same footing as the original undisputed entries, and the burden of proof that they were incorrect would lie on the person contesting them, whereas, in the case of disputed entries, the statements made by each party would be noted by the sub-kanungo, and a contemporaneous record would thus be secured of the allegations made on each side, *valeat quantum*, admissible in evidence, but not creating any legal presumption whatever.

Mr. Bell contended that such entries could not be made evidence, as being *res inter alios acta*.

Mr. Risley went on to say that, if it was objected that no legal presumption should attach in any case to an unverified entry made by a sub-kanungo, there was the alternative of having every entry made by him attested by an officer exercising the powers of a Revenue Officer under the Tenancy Act, during an annual revision. The officer in this case would be of equal rank with the Settlement or Assistant Settlement Officer who framed the original record, and it would be proposed to attach a legal presumption of correctness only to those entries which had been verified by him, and to attach no importance to unverified entries. But this development of the scheme would of course somewhat enhance the cost.

Mr. Bell said he would be glad to see all these proposals down on paper.

Sir William Hudson enquired whether the officials present were pledged to act on lines already laid down for them, or were free to give their own views on the schemes under discussion. He said that he and others with him required assistance in dealing with such administrative schemes, and that there were many non-officials who would give much weight to the opinion of officials who had had practical experience of the difficulties to be met with in the field.

Mr. Finucane pointed out that the two schemes were very similar, and that the choice lay merely between the employment of small men in small areas, and the employment of more important and better paid men in larger areas. Did the gentlemen present want large or small areas as units?

Sir William Hudson enquired whether Government was prepared to accept and debate any scheme other than those now proposed.

Mr. Risley replied in the affirmative, but added that Government would reserve the right to declare that any scheme that might be proposed did not amount to maintenance of the record at all.

Mr. Stevens repeated the limitations referred to in his opening speech, on which Government had determined, and said that the Lieutenant-Governor was anxious to receive the views of non-officials.

Sir William Hudson said that the non-officials would be glad to have the opinion of officials of practical experience as to whether they believed in the present schemes and anticipated their success.

Mr. Forbes remarked that Government had had the benefit of the opinion of such officials before propounding the present schemes.

Mr. Stevens added that the present meeting had been called in order that Government might ascertain the facts and hear the opinions of non-official gentlemen interested.

Mr. Bell was afraid that time was being wasted, as no real discussion could be entered upon until the details of the scheme had been considered. There being no reporters present, mere verbal statements could not be accepted by the zamindars. Sir Charles Elliott had promised the abolition of the patwari.

Mr. Risley said that any such promise was conditional on the acceptance of the scheme then under discussion, which had been abandoned.

Sir William Hudson concurred

Copies of a draft Bill, with rules to be made under it, were then distributed to the gentlemen present as being a first sketch of the kanungo scheme.

Mr. Gibbon then enquired whether the sub-kanungo would not form some sort of court, how he was to compel the production of evidence, and what he was to do when evidence was persistently withheld from him. He contended that no case had yet been made out for the maintenance of the record at all, but that if it was to be maintained, they must choose whichever scheme appeared to them to be the lesser evil. How could they do this with no details before them? How was evidence to be taken? Would the sub-kanungo have power

to summon him (Mr. Gibbon) and to call upon him to produce papers? If he refused, was he to be fined?

Mr. Risley said that all these points would be provided for in a rule-making section, and that all rules drafted under the section would be published for criticism, and that all criticisms would be considered by the executive authorities.

Mr. Bell intimated that the zamindars would be more strongly opposed to the Bill if power were to be given to the executive to make rules to carry out its provisions.

Mr. Finucane said that all the points raised by Mr. Gibbon would be found to have been answered in the Bill and the rules drafted under it.

Mr. Gibbon enquired further whether the courts would accept the entries as evidence without the evidence of the man who made them

Mr. Finucane said that this was provided for, and proceeded to explain that a safeguard had been introduced into the scheme in the provision made for the filing of lists of changes to be made in the record in the sub-kanungo's office. In this way a zamindar would be able to place on record his opinion as to the alterations which the sub-kanungo should make. The Deputy Collector would go into every village and verify every entry in detail

Mr. Bell asked what would happen if no one appeared before the Deputy Collector or sub-kanungo, or if the raiyats and zamindars all agreed to conceal alterations and to announce that there were none to be made.

Mr. Finucane said that in such cases no changes would be recorded.

Mr. Bell contended that in that case the scheme would not secure the maintenance of the record, and said that in the North-Western Provinces raiyats and zamindars combined to deny the existence of changes in order to get rid of the harassment of the Government agent who was deputed to record them.

Mr. Risley and Mr. Finucane believed that the parties to changes would not adopt this attitude as soon as they appreciated the advantages that they would obtain by having the corrections made.

Mr. Finucane said, in answer to Mr. Gibbon, that all transfers of holdings or portion of holdings that were alleged to exist would be noted, even if they were illegal, but that such entries would in no way operate to legalise them.

Mr. Gibbon further enquired whether the record was to be binding as between zamindar and raiyat only, or as between raiyat and raiyat also. Were all mortgages, zar-peshgis, and the like to be recorded, even though they were illegal, without the zamindar's approval.

Mr. Finucane said that all these points were to be found in the Bill and the rules under it. All mortgages involving possession would be noted.

Mr. Bell enquired what difference there was between the two schemes.

Mr. Finucane said that any Bill and rules that might be drafted to give effect to the patwari scheme would be very similar to those in the hands of the gentlemen present. There would be a change in the area of the unit, in the personality of the agent, and in the method of realising the cost of the maintenance of the record. The patwari scheme would be the more expensive. Both schemes were purely tentative. Government would be prepared to accept any better scheme if one can be put forward.

Mr. Risley added that the tendency under the patwari scheme would undoubtedly be towards greater interference. The area dealt with by each patwari being small, he would be asked for more elaborate information about it, and would probably be called on for local reports in judicial matters, and for census and other statistical information useful for administrative purposes. It would be impossible to ask for all these statistics from men dealing with the larger areas that were to be given to sub-kanungos.

Mr. Bell understood that the zamindars were to have nothing to do with the patwari or his returns or his statistics, or indeed with his work in any way, but were to retain the privilege of paying for him.

Messrs. Risley and Finucane agreed that the zamindars would not be called upon for any returns or statistics of a general character, but added that the zamindars and raiyats alike would be benefited by the operation of the scheme, and would be asked to pay in equal shares for the benefit derived.

Mr. Gibbon then enquired whether Government would devise some summary procedure for the recovery of rent.

Mr. Risley said that it was impossible to devise any such procedure until the maintenance of the record had been secured.

Mr. Gibbon asked whether Government would promise to devise some such procedure, if the zamindars agreed to the proposals made for the maintenance of the record.

Mr. Risley said that no such promise could be given, and that Government could not go beyond Sir Charles Elliott's statement in Council that "he hoped it might be possible" to devise such a scheme.

Mr. Gibbon wanted to know what security they had that Government would not go beyond their present requirements in the matter of returns and statistics, and that interference would always be at a minimum. He contended that no one could pledge Government to this.

Mr. Finucane referred to the draft Bill, and pointed out that everything done under it must be confined to the record of transfers and to subjects connected with the maintenance of the record of rights. Obviously if any summary procedure could be devised at all it could not be till we got rid of disputes. The first step to shortening procedure is to minimise the possibility of there being matter left to dispute over; the record of rights, and the scheme for its maintenance, aim at effecting this object.

Mr. Gibbon feared that interference would certainly increase.

Babu Parmesvar Narain Mahtha cited as an example of increasing interference a recent addition to the road cess return form which required the entry of rates of rent—a completely new departure.

Mr. Bell thought that the instance showed the danger of trusting to the generalities that were being freely expressed.

Mr. Risley enquired what Mr. Bell would regard as an ideal method of maintaining the record.

Mr. Bell said that he agreed with Mr. Gibbon and Mr. Macnaghten that a periodical revision should be made at intervals of 10 years, and that no further attempts should be made to devise a scheme that it was impossible to work.

Mr. Stevens said that this could not be taken as a proposition, but merely as an opinion.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga said he could not express any opinion until the papers had been circulated among the members of the Bihar Landholders' Association and he had received their replies, but he would prefer Mr. Bell's suggestion for the periodical revision of the records if they were to be kept up at all.

Sir William Hudson agreed, but wished to add:—"Unless Government is prepared to give us a summary procedure for the recovery of rent."

Mr. Gibbon agreed, but wished to add:—"If Government insist, against our opinion, on the maintenance of the record by any other means, I would prefer the scheme suggested in the Government letter of June 30th, 1892."

Babu Ram Dhari Sahai agreed with Mr. Bell's suggestion.

Mr. Risley enquired whether, if Mr. Bell's suggestion could not be accepted by Government, the gentlemen present were prepared to offer an opinion on the schemes that had been submitted to them.

Mr. Bell and the Maharaja of Darbhanga expressed their inability to give a personal opinion on the point at present, as time was required to enable them to circulate the scheme among the members of the Bihar Landholders' Association.

Mr. Stevens enquired whether the opinions that had been expressed preferring a decennial revision were also liable to modification after further consideration.

Sir William Hudson said that those opinions were a plain and clear answer to a definite question propounded by Mr. Risley.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga, in reference to his opinion on that point, cited the case of the records of his own villages which were surveyed in 1878, and had recently been resurveyed, and in which very few alterations were found to be necessary.

Mr. Bell gave some details of those changes.

Mr. Finucane pointed out that a record that had been left uncorrected for five years would be quite useless in the courts, and that legal validity could only be secured for the record by its proper annual maintenance. Unless this were secured it would be impossible to devise any procedure for the summary recovery of rents or for simplifying the evidence under the ordinary procedure.

Mr. Bell disagreed and expressed his opinion that the Government of India should not force the maintenance of the record on the Provincial Government when a gentleman of the vast experience of Mr. Gibbon had declared that it was impossible to secure it.

Mr. Risley enquired, with reference to the registration scheme preferred by Mr. Gibbon, what was to be done with the map. The papers could be kept up under that scheme, but not the map.

Sir William Hudson pointed out that 8 out of 10 per cent. (the figure adopted as representing probable alterations) would be succession transfers involving no alteration of the map.

Mr. Stevens then asked for an answer whether, if it be determined that the record must be maintained annually or concurrently, the patwari would be preferred to the sub-kanungo.

Mr. Finucane again explained the difference between the two schemes.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga said no answer could at present be given.

Mr. Gibbon enquired whether he was to continue to nominate additional patwaris, substitutes for unfit patwaris, and the like.

Mr Stevens said that Mr. Gibbon should formulate his question and send it up through the Collector of Champaran, but that in the meantime no change should be made in his present procedure.

Babu Ram Dhari Sahai enquired whether the registration of patwaris was to continue.

Mr. Stevens said that further orders would be subsequently issued on this point.

Messrs. Gibbon and Bell enquired whether the draft Bill and rules could be regarded as an official document.

Mr. Finucane said it was only a first draft not yet seen by the Lieutenant-Governor, but added that it had been prepared on the lines of His Honour's scheme.

Mr. Bell thought that the details of the scheme were of such importance that he would like to know, before he considered it, whether the Lieutenant-Governor approved of the draft.

As to a further meeting of the Conference, Sir William Hudson thought any such meeting would be unnecessary until at least a definite reply had been given to the suggestion that the records should be revised decennially.

After some discussion the Conference was adjourned to 8 A.M, on Saturday, the 5th August.

P. C. LYON,
Secretary.

Proceedings of a Conference held at Muzaffarpur on August 5th, 1893.

PRESENT:

The Hon'ble C. C. Stevens, Member of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces (in the Chair).
The Maharaja Bahadur of Darbhanga, K.C.I.E.
Raja Ramesvar Singh Bahadur.
A Forbes, Esq., Commissioner of the Patna Division.
The Hon'ble H. H. Risley, C.I.E., Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Revenue Department.
Sir W. B. Hudson, K.C.I.E., President, Bihar Indigo Planters' Association.
Colonel Sandeman, Director of Bengal Surveys.
M. Finucane, Esq., Offg. Secretary to the Board of Revenue.
Henry Bell, Esq., Manager, Darbhanga Raj.
Babu Bepin Behari Bose, Manager, Hutwa Raj.
L. Hare, Esq., Collector of Muzaffarpur.
W. D. Blyth, Esq., Collector of Champaran.
W. C. Macpherson, Esq., Offg. Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
E. R. Macnaghten, Esq., Secretary, Bihar Indigo Planters' Association.
E. G. Colvin, Esq., Settlement Officer, Champaran.
H Collingridge, Esq., Indigo Planter.
Rudston Brown, Esq., "
Rowland Hudson, Esq., "
A. Macrae, Esq., "
E. Stevens, Esq., "
Babu Ram Dhari Sahai, Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association.
Babu Ramesvar Narain Mahtha.
" Parmesvar Narain Mahtha.
" Sridesvar Narain Mahtha.
P. C. Lyon, Esq., Settlement Officer, Muzaffarpur (Secretary).

The minutes of the proceedings of the meeting held on August 3rd were taken as read and were agreed to, Mr. Bell and Sir William Hudson having previously read and considered them and admitted their accuracy. With reference to the remark made by him (see page 4 of the minutes) that in certain circumstances "no changes would be recorded," Mr. Finucane explained that he meant that no changes would be recorded by the sub-kanungo at that time. But the draft Bill provided for further action to compel information in cases of wilful obstruction or concealment. If it were found that information as to transfers was being kept back, and all other means of obtaining that information failed, the Collector would issue a notice calling for returns, and would insist on their being filed, imposing a fine for their non-production. And should the returns thus obtained prove incorrect, the zamindar would be liable.

Mr. Bell enquired whether the zamindar was to be held responsible for all inaccuracies in his returns discovered or alleged to exist by the sub-kanungo. In many cases he might be unaware of the existence of changes.

Mr. Finucane explained that it was only in cases of direct obstruction that the penal clause would come into play. The stages would be as follows:—

(1) The parties would or would not file returns. This was at their option.
(2) The sub-kanungo would go to the village and make enquiries as to changes after due notice of his intended visit to all parties concerned.
(3) If he could gather no information, and there was evidence to show that there had been changes, and that both zamindars and raiyats were combining to conceal them, the sub-kanungo would report accordingly.
(4) The Collector would then consider the report and, if he thought fit, call on both parties to file statements.
(5) Then, if the parties still refused to file statements, or filed false ones, the penal clause would come into operation.

Sir William Hudson said that he thought that self-interest would prevent the occurrence of such cases.

Mr. Finucane said that his long practical experience satisfied him that, as a matter of fact, neither zamindar nor raiyat was ever found to resist contumaciously any reasonable procedure of the Government, and he hoped and believed they would not do so in the matter now under consideration.

Mr. Risley said that a draft Bill must be consistent and complete to stand against criticisms in Council, and that even unlikely contingencies had to be provided against.

Sir William Hudson said that he and others objected to the penal clause, on the ground that it gave the sub-kanungo a handle against both zamindar and raiyat, and that it was by using this handle that he would be enabled to extort bribes and reap his harvest.

Mr. Finucane said that the provision was not essential to the Bill, and might perhaps be modified in Select Committee.

Mr. Stevens remarked that at the last meeting they had been asked what sanction had been provided for such a case.

Sir W. Hudson said that the enquiry had only been made to show that the last state of the zamindar would be worse than the first. He contended that the section would give the sub-kanungo power to harass.

Mr. Risley pointed out that he was to be checked by superior officers, among whom was the Collector.

Sir William Hudson said that the Collector must be omitted from consideration, as he could not be expected to exercise effective control.

Mr. Bell said that, as a matter of fact, the zamindars would never be disabused of their belief in the power of the sub-kanungos. They would be paid for making entries, and then, in order to avoid the payment, both zamindar and raiyat would combine to conceal changes. The sub-kanungo would also think that he could best justify his appointment and show zeal by harassing all parties for information.

Mr. Finucane said he had not wished to raise a discussion about details, but only to point out what procedure would be followed in the case of combination.

Sir William Hudson said that, if the zamindar and raiyat combined and were determined to conceal changes, no procedure could be devised to make them disclose them. They wished to have the provision omitted.

Mr. Stevens then said:—At the end of our last meeting it was remarked that perhaps no further meeting was necessary till the definite orders of Government should be given on the suggestion of quinquennial or decennial revisions. I had intended to make it clear that this suggestion could not be adopted. The Lieutenant-Governor is fully persuaded that the discretion of the Government, which will be responsible for the accuracy of the record, should not be fettered by any conditions as to the periods at which corrections should be made, and he cannot accept the proposals to make these periods quinquennial or decennial.

I regret that Mr. Gibbon is not with us to-day, not only because we shall miss the benefit of his present advice and criticisms, but also because I wish to read to you a part of a letter, to which I attach great importance, written by him on the 24th October 1878, to the President of the Bihar Rent Law Committee:—

"The patwari should be nominated by the district officers, be the servant of Government, paid by the Government: he should be, as originally intended, 'a record-keeper,' and nothing but a record-keeper, entrusted with no executive powers. He should have nothing to do with the village collections, granting receipts, giving pattas and kabuliyats, &c., &c.; the zamindar should be compelled to do all this through his own servants.

"The patwari being the record-keeper, the zamindar should be compelled to hand him copies in duplicate of the past year's rent-roll (*jamabandi*) and balance sheet (*wasil-baki*), the current year's ticca land accounts (*arsatta*) and instalments paper (*behri*), quarterly returns of all assessment papers (*khasras*), and also collections made (*seahas*), memoranda of lands relinquished by raiyats and new lands bandobasta with raiyats, with a list of pattas given and kabuliyats received.

"One copy should remain with the patwari, the other be signed by the patwari and returned to the landholder. The patwari should be a good accountant and know something of surveying, in case you think it necessary that all measurement of jotes should be made by the patwari. The raiyat should at all times have access to the patwari's papers, and the patwari be bound to afford him all information as to the state of his account.

"Instead of each petty village of from one to two hundred rupees rent-roll having a patwari of its own, the district should be divided into circles with rent-rolls of not less than Rs. 5,000, not more than Rs. 10,000. It should be optional with landholders to dispense with the present staff of men. Half the amount of money now expended by zamindars on the present staff, paid into Government treasuries, would be sufficient to secure the services of efficient men, and would be a saving to the zamindars, as it would enable them to get rid of the men who cannot afford to be honest on the small salaries they receive.

"All returns called for by district officers should represent the exact terms of the holdings, however ridiculous to them such terms may appear."

After our meeting on Thursday, I told Mr. Gibbon that I had thought of reading this letter to the Conference that day, but that I deemed it better not to do so, since I was afraid that the effect might be to lead to irrelevant discussion, and I might have added that I was unwilling to forestal him in anything he might wish to say. He replied that I might have read it, and that there was nothing in it regarding which he had changed his views as to the conditions which then existed, but that circumstances have since become altered: when the letter was written, there was no survey or immediate prospect of one. But the difference which this change has made seems to me to be at the most one of convenience rather than of principle. In other words, the suggestions then made were proper in themselves, though the survey now, in Mr. Gibbon's opinion, makes it unnecessary that they should be carried out. You will notice that the following considerations underlie those suggestions:—

(1) It is right that Government should have at its disposal a local agency of contemporaneous record.
(2) That agency should have no connection with the collection of rents, but should be entirely at the service of Government, and should be nominated and paid by Government officers.
(3) It is reasonable that the zamindars should pay at least a share of the necessary expenditure direct into the Government treasury.
(4) It is possible to secure, consistently with due economy, the services of efficient men.
(5) The areas to be dealt with by these record-keepers should be readjusted, and the district divided into convenient and fairly uniform circles considerably larger than those of the existing patwaris usually are.
(6) The present staff of patwaris should be placed at the disposal of the zamindars, to keep or to dispense with at their option.

These considerations, Gentlemen, are. you will perceive, exactly those on which the scheme now before you is based, and the only question is whether the survey has superseded them. In the opinion of Government it has not done so.

Just before we separated on Thursday, the very natural question was asked, whether the Bill then in your hands was to be taken as official, and as representing the views of the Lieutenant-Governor. You were told in reply that it was based on the Lieutenant-Governor's suggestions, but had not in its present form been considered by him. He has since seen the Bill, and I am authorized to tell you that he has accepted it as a provisional basis of legislation subject to the following modifications, on which he would like to be favoured with your opinion:—

(1) A section should be introduced (after section 12?) imposing on the transferee (or successor) of a tenure, rent-free holding, or occupancy right, the obligation (subject to penalty of fine?) to report the circumstance of transfer to the kanungo. A fee should be levied on each transfer, &c.

(2) The Collector and Registrar of Assurances should be bound to report to the kanungo all mutations, transfers, &c., under Acts VII (B.C.) of 1876 and III of 1877.

(3) The fees to be levied under clause (1) above to be credited to a Land Record Fund for the district. All copying fees and fines, &c., to be credited to the same Fund. [It is for consideration whether fees under the Land Registration Act VII (B C.) of 1876 should not be credited to the same Fund.]

(4) The "Land Record Cess" to be subject to a statutory maximum of $\frac{1}{4}$ anna per rupee of rent, but the *rate* at which it is to be levied to be fixed annually, with reference to the estimated income from "Fees" and "Fines." The accounts of the Fund to be published annually.

(5) Omit the proviso to section 4 of the draft Bill.

(6) Consider whether the officer should not be called kanungo instead of sub-kanungo. The higher officers to have higher titles.

(7) The question of amending the Land Registration Act of 1876 and the Transfer of Property Act, with the view of relieving landholders from the obligation of effecting double registrations (*i.e.*, in the Land Record and the Land Registration Offices), and of giving them the option of registering in the Registration Office alone, to be considered when the Bill is being prepared for submission to the Government of India, previous to introduction into Council."

I will say in conclusion that the strength of the supervising staff and the area of the sub-kanungo's jurisdiction are matters still open to consideration. If it be found possible for a better paid and higher class of official to cover a larger area, this may be subsequently arranged.

Mr. Macnaghten said that Mr. Gibbon had authorised him to say, with reference to the letter that had been quoted, that he claimed his right to change his opinions, that circumstances had altered since 1878, and that he did not adhere to the opinions expressed in the letter

Sir William Hudson said that the principal reason that had induced Mr. Gibbon's change of opinion was the state of the law as regards the transfer of raiyats' holdings. As long as that was in a fluid state he could not hold by that former opinion. He (Sir William Hudson) was personally of the opinion that in the raiyats' interest the right of transfer should be abolished.

Mr. Bell said that they preferred Mr. Gibbon's present opinions to those expressed 15 years ago.

Mr. Stevens said that he had not understood Mr. Gibbon to say that he had changed his opinions, but that the conditions on which those opinions had been based had been changed. The letter had been read from no desire to convict Mr. Gibbon of inconsistency, or to deny him the right to change his views; the object was to show that the Lieutenant-Governor's scheme was not a mere official invention, but was exactly consistent with the opinion once held by an esteemed unofficial adviser of Government of great experience.

Sir William Hudson said that he understood that the Lieutenant-Governor's remarks on the Bill were all dependent on the choice that might be made by them.

Mr. Stevens agreed, and said that he was authorised to say that the Lieutenant-Governor would be quite prepared to come down to the meeting and discuss any particular points or amendments to the Bill.

Mr. Bell thought it was not necessary to trouble the Lieutenant-Governor to come.

Mr. Finucane said that the Lieutenant-Governor's note consisted of a series of concessions that he believed would be acceptable to the zamindars.

Mr. Stevens then asked whether the gentlemen present could now give him an opinion as to which of the schemes was to be preferred.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga said that he could not give an authoritative reply, as he had not had time to consult the members of the Bihar Landlords' Association, but that personally, as a choice of evils, he preferred the scheme in which the agent was to have a larger area and be better paid.

Sir William Hudson concurred, and asked that the complete scheme for the employment of sub-kanungos might be circulated for criticism. He then asked what executive orders were now to be issued respecting the registration and training of patwaris.

Mr. Stevens said that if the sub-kanungo scheme was the one preferred by them, he was prepared, under the Lieutenant-Governor's instructions, to stop all further action in the direction of the registration and training of patwaris. The entire abolition of the patwari system formed part of the kanungo scheme.

Mr. Finucane said that the Lieutenant-Governor was prepared to consider any reasonable modifications of the provisions of section 17 of the draft Bill when it went into Select Committee. It would not be put forward as a Government proposal to be necessarily passed in its present form.

Mr. Stevens added that in all matters of detail His Honour would be prepared to consider any reasonable proposals.

Sir William Hudson said that the question of the amount of interference was of great importance to them. Many of them thought that an extension of the area of the circles, and of the period of each revision, would diminish the amount of interference. He believed that three-quarters of the transfers would be succession transfers, involving little alteration of the records, and that the work in an area of 25 square miles would be light, especially if it should not be deemed necessary to recognise as transfers petty family arrangements, by which members of the same family privately divided up their lands amongst themselves. He was of opinion that the area might be extended, and that, if the period were also extended, a sub-kanungo might do the work of 100 square miles.

Mr. Finucane understood that the principle that Government would follow would be to extend the area to the maximum consistent with efficient work. Experience would show what that maximum was.

Sir William Hudson asked if Government would say definitely that no extension of time could be granted.

Mr. Stevens replied that this could not be said. Government could not bind itself as to the period of revision. In the matter of area, his personal opinion was that it would be dangerous to start by giving the sub-kanungo too large a charge, as this would involve risk of failure, but the general wish to have larger areas and fewer men, and those of a higher class, would be borne in mind; and if experience should show that larger areas could be adopted, it would be easy to make a change.

Sir William Hudson remarked that if we began with small areas, it was improbable that those areas would afterwards be enlarged.

Mr. Risley asked whether biennial corrections would not be of less value from a landlord's point of view in Civil Court suit than annual corrections.

Mr. Stevens thought it was unnecessary to discuss these details at the present time.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga asked that the Lieutenant-Governor's remarks might be put on the minutes of the proceedings, and that the zamindars might be favoured with as full an exposition of the views of Government as could conveniently be given.

Mr. Risley said that the Bill and rules would be circulated for criticism, and would doubtless form the nucleus of a vast amount of literature and discussion.

Mr. Stevens said that on Thursday he had laid before them, on behalf of Government, the four principles which the Government insisted on as fundamental. The details to be found in the draft Bill and rules and in the Lieutenant-Governor's remarks were on a different footing altogether. In reference to these, the Government was not only willing but anxious to obtain advice and help. It was completely recognised that the gentlemen present were in possession of a practical knowledge of facts which few officers of Government could acquire, and it was highly probable that even those gentlemen themselves could not fully appreciate the interests of other classes not represented at the meeting. He thanked the gentlemen present for their attendance; and on his own behalf he thanked them for making his labours easy by the friendly and courteous manner in which their discussions had been conducted.

The meeting then adjourned.

P. C. LYON,
Secretary.

Dated Muzaffarpur, the 7th August 1893.

From—BABU RAM DHARI SAHAI, Hony. Secy., Tirhut Landholders' Association,
To—The Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces.

WITH reference to the supply of coolies by zamindars, I am directed to state as follows:—

2. The zamindars are willing to give the services of three coolies at their own cost to accompany each amin that will be deputed to survey their entire and partitioned villages, it of course being understood that they will be employed by the amins solely on survey work and for such length of time only as the survey will continue; their employment will be contemporaneous with the continuance of the survey, and it will cease on the evening of the day it is completed. The amins should be directed to give a receipt to each zamindar, specifying the date, time, and the number of coolies that have been placed by him at their disposal. The zamindars should have the option, on receipt of the notice proposed to be given to them by the Survey Office, as to the probable date of the commencement of the work, and the estimated number of days for which the coolies would be required, either to supply coolies or pay in a lump sum of money to the Survey Office sufficient to cover their wages. We consider that Re. 1-13 per 100 bighas would sufficiently cover them, calculating

their wages at Rs. 3 a month. On payment of such sum of money, all responsibilities of the zamindar to provide for coolies shall cease.

3. As regards co-parcenary villages, any zamindar giving coolies shall be entitled to recover the amount jointly and severally from the pottidars. I am aware that there is no legal provision to that effect, but consideration might be made for it in the apportionment of costs, and on this subject I shall address you later on.

4. I may add that the advantages of the present offer would only be complete with the co-operation of the amins. As we have every desire to reduce the cost of the survey and meet the wishes of Government, we have made the offer; but as it will go to reduce a considerable amount of the profit which is now being made in the supply of coolies, you must be prepared to face considerable obstacles and opposition from the interested quarter.

5. I am directed to say that His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur of Darbhanga, Raja Rameshwar Singh, Bahadur, and Mr. Rott, Manager, Narhan estate, fully agree with the above.

6. I may add that a large number of zamindars have signed a declaration form undertaking to supply coolies for each amin while the survey is going on or to pay in their wages to the Survey Office in a lump sum at Rs. 3 a month.

---

(2)

Government order, dated the 15th August 1893, addressed to the Board of Revenue.

I AM directed by the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor to acknowledge the receipt of the Hon'ble Mr. Stevens' letter No. 826A., dated 14th August 1893, with its enclosure. Mr. Stevens' letter and the Minutes of Proceedings give a clear account of the deliberations of the Conference held with the representatives of the zamindars and indigo planters of Bihar on the subject of the cadastral survey and maintenance of the record of rights in North Bihar, and of the results of that Conference. Briefly stated, the results are that the influential and representative gentlemen who attended the Conference, while re-affirming their opposition to the survey and maintenance of the record altogether, but regarding the contingency that such opposition might prove fruitless, have admitted their preference for a system of maintenance through kanungos; that is, on the lines of the scheme proposed for criticism by His Honour the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor. This preference implies the rejection of the system of maintenance through village patwaris. The expression of this preference has been accepted by His Honour as decisive between the several schemes of maintenance, and orders will be at once issued to suspend the registration of patwaris under Regulation XII, 1817, or their utilization for survey purposes. The Lieutenant-Governor understands that this decision, which has already been communicated to the zamindars and indigo planters, has afforded them gratification.

The results of the conference are satisfactory to the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor, as clearly defining the situation, enabling Government to act with greater freedom and effect, and leading to the immediate removal of all those difficulties and uncertainties as to the agency by which the survay should be made and the record subsequently maintained, which had been gathering round the operations in North Bihar. These operations will now be prosecuted with vigour to a well-defined end by officers under the complete control of the Government alone, and subject to the checks and guarantees for accuracy of work which have been sanctioned by the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor at his interviews with the Hon'ble Mr. Stevens and the Settlement Officers, and Messrs. Carey and Craddock of the Central Provinces' Commission.

Measures will also be taken now to procure the necessary legal sanction to the creation of a land record agency on the lines indicated in the draft scheme and which were laid before the conference.

Sir Antony MacDonnell desires me in conclusion to convey his thanks to the Hon'ble Mr. Stevens for the judicious and effective way in which the proceedings were conducted by him. His Honour fully endorses the praise given by Mr. Stevens to the gentlemen, official and non-official, who attended the Conference. In his reply to the Tirhut Landholders' address on the 7th instant at Muzaffarpur, Sir Antony MacDonnell acknowledged the practical and helpful manner in which, always on the assumption that the record was to be maintained, the zamindars had co-operated with the officers of Government during the discussions, and the assistance they promised the Survey Department in the shape of unskilled labour free of charge.

ENCLOSURE IV.

(1) *Letter from* BABU RAM DHARI SAHAI, *Honorary Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association, dated the* 21*st August* 1893, *to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department, forwarding two Resolutions of the Tirhut Landholder's Association.*

(2) *Letter No.* 896*T—R., dated the* 1*st September* 1893, *from the Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Depatrment, to the Honorary Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association.*

[Resolution I is referred to in paragraph 5 of the Minute.]

(1)

I AM directed to have the honour to enclose herewith two Resolutions which have been passed by the members of the Tirhut Landholders' Association, with a request that you will be pleased to lay them before His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for His Honour's information.

Tirhut Landholders' Association, Muzaffarpur.

RESOLUTION I.

PROPOSED by Babu Parmeshwar Narayen Mahtha, seconded by Babu Ram Dhari Sahai, that the thanks of the zamindars of this district be communicated to the Hon'ble Sir A. P. MacDonnell, Officiating Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, for withdrawing his recent orders regarding the registration of patwaris in this district—an order which has given great relief to us at present.

RESOLUTION II.

PROPOSED by Babu Bhugwati Churn, seconded by Babu Vishnath Pershad Mahtha, that thanks be communicated to the various officers of the Government, who have spared no pains to apprise the Government of the inconvenience to which the zamindars would be put to by the registration of patwaris and its following consequences.

RAM DAHARI SAHAI,
Honorary Secretary, Tirhut Landholders' Association.

---

(2)

I AM desired by the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor to acknowledge and thank the Tirhut Landholders' Association for the copy of the Resolutions adopted by that body in connection with the suspension of the registration of patwaris in Bihar. The registration of patwaris was undertaken with two objects, namely, with the immediate object of reducing the costs of survey, and with the ultimate object of providing an agency for maintaining the record when the survey had been made. The zamindars were, however, averse to their patwaris being registered and employed on either duty, and preferred a scheme of maintenance through officers of a superior status, which had been submitted by the Lieutenant-Governor as an alternative plan for their consideration.

In view of this prefererce, and of the reluctance of the zamindars to allow their patwaris to be brought under clear Government control, His Honour agreed to suspend the registration of patwaris and to propose the abolition of the Regulation XII of 1817, should the alternative scheme for maintaining the record be legalized. He is glad to learn from the Resolution forwarded with your letter that this decision on mature consideration continues to be approved by the zamindars of Tirhut. These zamindars have already agreed to assist the Lieutenant-Governor in reducing the cost of the survey by supplying unskilled labour free of cost, and His Honour is sure that this conciliatory spirit on the part of the Tirhut landholders will evidence itself in still further acts of helpfulness during the progress of the operations.

In conclusion, I am to say, with reference to the second Resolution, that the Tirhut Landholders' Association is labouring under a misapprehension of facts in attributing His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor's action on this matter to information received from local officers. As a matter of fact, no information was received by Government which induced any change in the Lieutenant-Governor's plans, or excited any doubt as to the suitability in the circumstances of the action taken under His Honour's orders.

ENCLOSURE VI.

Minute by MR. HENRY COLEBROOKE, *Member of the Board of Revenue, dated November* 1814, *referred to in paragraph* 17 *of the Minute.*

ON the subject of the reference of Government contained in the Chief Secretary's letter of 21st ultimo, I wish to record my sentiments previous to taking leave of the Board, although the many avocations incident to my approaching departure from India render it impracticable for me to do so as fully and with such explanation of the grounds of my opinion as I should have been desirous of doing if time permitted.

I have no hesitation in saying that I am entirely convinced, after the experience of more than 20 years, that the abolition of the office of kanungo was a radical error in the Code of Regulations framed at the close of Lord Cornwallis' Government, no office of registry and record calculated to supply its place being then substituted in its room. The Regulations in question did, indeed, provide for the formation of certain registers of land by officers of the revenue, which, it seems to have been supposed, would collect and preserve all information which Government might have occasion for. The expectation entertained from these and from the further registry enjoined by a subsequent Regulation have been entirely disappointed. It must be acknowledged they were ill-devised; and they have also been very imperfectly kept; and those which have been executed are of little utility. In every view, therefore, no doubt can now, I conceive, remain as to the expediency of rescinding all the Regulations concerning them, and of only requiring from the revenue officers an annual statement, in the manner of an account settlement, readily prepared in a simple form.

But had the proposed registers been more practicable, and been actually and regularly prepared in the prescribed form and within the enjoined period, and were they even effectual for purposes that concern the special interests of Government, still they were totally inapplicable to supply the kanungo's place in regard to such of his functions as concerned individuals and as affected their private interests. That point in particular which has been brought under the notice of Government, and is the subject of the present reference to this Board, is an instance conspicuous and important, as it has led to consequences affecting more than one department of the Administration, and to evils which urgently call for remedy.

At the period of the decennial settlements, subsequently declared permanent, the rights of zamindars and raiyats, as well in relation to Government as to each other, underwent much discussion, of which a great portion is to be found recorded on the proceedings of this Board. Among many important points not unconnected with the present subject one, especially, being immediate relation to it, which was then distinctly admitted, was that certain classes of subordinate tenants, and chiefly those denominated dependent talukdars and khodkasht or chupurbund raiyats, possessed certain rights and immunities, which it was just and expedient to uphold, but for which end (the zamindar's property in the soil being recognised, and he being permanently interposed between the Government and the raiyat) it has become necessary to make special provision for the security of subordinate tenures and maintenance of the rights of the tenants. With this view rules were framed, which were introduced into the amended Code of Regulations for the decennial settlements, from 52nd to 71st Articles of the Code, passed on 23rd November 1791 and re-enacted with other clauses interspersed in them in 51st and following sections of Regulation 8 of 1793.

At the date of this re-enactment of those rules, the permanency of the settlements and assessments of the land revenue having been in the meantime proclaimed, it was thought necessary to make particular provision for the protection of the resources of the public revenue from any permanent diminution through the improvidence of the landholders; and for this purpose chiefly a Regulation was then passed (44 of 1793), restricting the zamindars from granting pattas or leases, or otherwise entering into engagements fixing the payments of their tenants for any period exceeding ten years, and declaring all engagements between the zamindar or landholder and the tenants, however strictly conformable to Regulation, void and cancelled from the day of sale, in the event of the lands being sold by public sale for the discharge of arrears of assessment due by the zamindar, at the same time providing that the purchaser should be at liberty to collect from the tenants whatever the former landholder would have been entitled to demand according to the established usage and rates of the pargana or local division, had the engagements so cancelled never existed. It was subsequently declared by Regulation 4, 1794, that tenants whose pattas might be cancelled or might otherwise determine should not be required to take new pattas at higher rates than the established rates of the pargana for lands of the same quality and description, but should be entitled to have pattas renewed at the established rates.

When it is recollected how large a proportion of the lands of Bengal changed masters in a few following years, it will be easily conceived how prodigiously numerous must have been the cases in which engagements between landlord and tenant were annulled by sales for arrears due by the landlord to Government

Other clauses of the same Regulation last cited show that extreme difficulty had been already experienced in the adjustment of the land rents between the zamindar and raiyats under the previous rules of the permanent settlement, which entitled the tenants to receive pattas at the established rates of the pargana. Yet not only were no means devised for arranging and preserving a record of those rates and of the rules by which they were

regulated, but an existing institution, the only one in which information could be then found and might be expected to be preserved, was unrelentingly abolished. It cannot be wondered that the consequence should have been, as is now generally acknowledged, that (with rare exceptions, which, owing to special circumstances, a record of the rates exists in the Collector's office, and of course with the exception of Benares and the ceded and conquered provinces, where a reformed sarishta founded on the kaunngo's office has been kept up) the courts of justice which are by Regulation required to decide according to established pargana rates all disputes that arise between the raiyats and their landlords regarding the rates of the pattas which they are entitled to are unable to procure any evidence of those rates or any other satisfactory information to guide their decisions. Consequently the provisions contained in the general regulations for the permanent settlements designed for the protection of the rights of the raiyats or tenants are rendered wholly nugatory, and it has been repeatedly urged by many of the most judicious officers who witness the practical operation of the existing laws through the country, as it is now urged by Mr. Cornish, that it would be better for the tenants to declare them destitute of all immunities and of any right but such as may be specifically conveyed to them by the express terms of the engagements which they may be able to arrange with their landlords, rather than to suffer them to be misled by a vain confidence in supposed or acknowledged rights in which the courts of justice for want of definite information are unable effectually to support them. And certainly there appears to be no complete remedy, but either the sweeping one of abrogating the illusory privileges of the tenantry, or the arduous task of rendering their undoubted rights distinct and palpable, and furnishing the means of upholding them by now doing what should have been done in the first instance for the purpose of ascertaining and preserving the rules by which subordinate tenures should in the various parts of the country be regulated according to ancient and established usage as it subsisted or was understood at the period of the decennial settlement.

There can hardly be any hesitation as to the choice in this alternative. Entertaining, however, but a slender hope of the adequate accomplishment of the latter object, which is now become from lapse of time difficult of attainment, I proposed some time since a palliative remedy which was adopted in Regulation 5 of 1812, but which I fear, is but an insufficient relief of a serious and inveterate evil, more especially as the remedy provided applies only to individual cases as they arise, and does not operate with much effect to obviate future recurrence of disputes between other individuals.

I am disposed therefore to recommend, late as it now is, that measures should be taken for the re-establishment of fixed rules, as nearly conformable to the anciently established ones as may be yet practicable, to regulate distinctly and definitely the relative rights of the landlord and the tenantry

Section 8, clause I.

The power of making laws for the protection and welfare of the tenants in the several classes of dependent talukdars, raiyats and other cultivators of the soil was expressly reserved to Government by an article of a Proclamation enacted into Regulation I of 1793, and rules with correspondent rates may be sanctioned by Government in prosecution of those measures, and in virtue of that power, without any apprehension of violating faith, if they should differ in some degree from the ancient usage, under the difficulty which must now attend the research and which will impede a perfectly exact ascertainment of it. Still, however, it is due to all parties interested that the best practicable means should be used to make the ascertainment as perfect as it is capable of being rendered.

But if Government should be unwilling to interpose its legislative authority for the purpose of furnishing clear and definite rules, by which the relative rights of zamindar and raiyat may be determined, and which would close an abundant source of mutual grievance and injury, and consequent disputes and litigation, the next best measure is to do what is yet practicable towards collecting and preserving such evidence and information as can be yet recovered; and placing it where persons having an interest therein may inform themselves concerning the existing evidence of their rights; and where courts of justice, when called upon to decide such questions, may find the information requisite to their investigation of the matter.

In either view or for either purpose the re-establishment of the kanungo sarishta or the institution of some analogous office of registry and record appears highly expedient. It would materially assist the recent as well as the earlier enactments of the Regulations designed for the protection of the tenant; it would greatly assist the adjustment of numerous disputes of every sort between landlord and tenant which actually arise, and would sensibly tend either to obviate their occurrence or at least to accommodate them at an early moment, perhaps without previous recourse of either party to a law-suit. But the most important of the objects for which the re-establishment of the office is desirable, no doubt, is the retrieval of a knowledge of these rules and rates, by which all questions between zamindars and tenants are by Regulation to be determined, and without which the relative interests of those parties can no way be settled, unless Government, as before suggested, will enter upon the task of fixing them by fresh enactments of law.

If it be indeed practicable to retrieve the requisite information by any means, it is most likely to be done through an office instituted on the basis of that in which formerly is was expected to be recorded and preserved. Such of the records of the ancient sarishta as yet exist would of course be transferred to the revised office; and the fittest among the persons formerly employed in it would naturally be engaged at the re-establishment

of it. Their recollection, or the means of enquiry which they would possess, would be most promptly serviceable to the recovery of such written records as yet remain, and to the collecting of information from various quarters, to supply the defect of records that are imperfect or the want of those which are lost.

On this account, joined with the consideration of the general utility of the office in the affairs of the land revenue as experienced in the provinces under the Board of Commissioners, it appears to be highly expedient that an officer on a footing similar to that of the reformed kanungo of Benares and the ceded and conquered provinces should be established in Bengal, as has been already recommended by the Board for Bihar, and as would have been at the same time recommended by us for the entire province of Bengal, had not the Board been withheld by the apprehension that the expense (no fund being suggested to defray it) might be an insuperable objection.

The general functions of the office would be the same with those of the ancient kanungo and of the reformed sarishtas of the ceded and conquered provinces and district of Benares. Their special duty, with reference to a principal object of the revived institution, would be to prepare a statement of the rates, or the rybundee, durbundee, or by whatever other name known, for the pargana or other local division, as they stood in the Bengal year 1197 (the first year of the permanent settlement), together with the abwab established previously to that year as well as the rules by which those rates were regulated and applied, ascertaining them from the records and old accounts which they may be able to collect, and from the best accessible sources of information where records may be deficient.

They should be further instructed to prepare statements of the actual rates according to existing engagements and present collections and payments between landlord and tenant. To enable them to execute this essential duty, the patwaris should be required to furnish all necessary information, and to allow them to inspect documents and accounts for which they may have occasion, and supply them with copies of accounts and papers wanted for records.

It does not occur to me to be necessary to state more particularly in this place the rules and instructions which it might be proper to prescribe for the guidance of pargana sarishtadars in the execution of these and other duties of their office.

Concerning the expediency of the institution, I shall only add that my recollection of the judicial duties both in a zilla and in a court of appeal in the province of Benares after the pargana sarishtas were there established on the basis of the kanungo, and in zillas of Bengal and Bihar before the abolition of the office in those provinces, enables me to affirm that disputes between zamindar and raiyat were less frequent and more easily determined than they now are in the Lower Provinces, and I am assured from more recent local experience and personal observation of other gentlemen, who have communicated their sentiments to me, that in Benares particularly, when the rybundee of a specific year is by Regulation prescribed and is forthcoming in the subsisting sarishtas of the parganas, the controversies between zamindar and raiyat, when any so arise, are by no means difficult of adjustment. The effect of this in lightening the burden of the administration of justice, and in the very important point of promoting the mutual good understanding and consequent ease and happiness of two principal classes of the community—the landowner and the husbandman—requires no elucidation.

H. C.

ENCLOSURE VII.

Extract from a letter from the Court of Directors, dated 12th July 1820, to the Government of India, Territorial Department, referred to in paragraph 19 of the Minute.

PARA. 10. In re-establishing the office of a kanungo you began with the districts of Bihar and Benares, and in these districts the re-establishment was at last effected. Correspondence had also taken place with the Collectors and Board of Revenue preparatory to its re-establishment in Hidgelee, Midnapore, Cuttack and certain districts of Bengal. The actual re-establishment, however, was still confined to Bihar and Benares. By this time you must have had some experience of the revived institution in these districts, and we need not tell you how much anxiety we feel to be speedily and fully apprised of its effects.

11. In the operations connected with the re-establishment of this office, the circumstance of principal importance is the resumption of lands. Anciently the kanungos were paid, as almost all civil functionaries in India were paid, by lands held exempt from the Government assessment. In Bihar and Benares the lands which had been so appropriated and were still held by the families of the ancient kanungos could be distinguished and ascertained.

12. These lands, you have informed us, it is your determination to resume, and upon the principle that the service being discontinued its payment ought to cease.

13. If this was intended to be established as a universal principle, the foundation does not appear to us to be quite sufficient for that important practical conclusion which you have erected upon it. Cases may exist in which it is proper that a payment should continue, even after the service to which it was at first annexed is no longer required. We trust, therefore,

that your determination to resume the lands of the ancient kanungos has been formed cautiously and upon a full conviction, after examination of the circumstances of this peculiar case, that no such right was created in favour of their existing descendants. We are aware that by Regulation IV of 1808, the revenue of the lands held by the kanungos in the ceded and conquered provinces was declared liable to resumption. But we do not conceive that the rule which was then followed ought to govern in future as a precedent, and every case of resumption should depend for its jurisdiction upon its own peculiar merits. We require that not only all reasonable claims of right should in those cases be respected, which is justice, but that the considerations of humanity should meet with their due share of attention.

14. The province of Benares was included in the provisions of Regulation IV, 1808, which organized the kanungo office for the ceded and conquered provinces, and rendered the lands held by the kanungos liable to resumption. Mr. Deane reports that "in pursuance of the rules contained in that Regulation, several alterations appear to have been made in the appointments of mufassal kanungos in the province of Benares, and such of the nankar lands of the kanungos as has not been resumed by his predecessors were attached and settled by the late Collector, Mr. Salmon." From this we conclude that the whole of these lands in that province are now resumed. Mr. Deane continues—"No report, however, of the grounds on which the new officers were selected, or the former incumbents removed, nor any particulars of the nankar lands comprising 373 villages and assessed at a jama of Rs. 45,176-15-15, have been submitted to the Board of Commissioners or laid before Government, nor have any of the official records of the kanungos been deposited with the Collector in consequence of the investigation." Various things of importance which ought to have been done have thus been left undone without notice or complaint. You state what may be in part an apology for the successive Collectors, when you say that the business is too great for a single functionary; but we deem it an apology only in part, because it is surely not fit for the Collector to omit any part of his duty at pleasure without reporting upon it explicitly and declaring the causes of any omission which he may be obliged to make. But if you have stated an apology in part for the Collector, you have offered nothing in the way of apology for the Superintending Board, whose duty it was to call for those reports and statements, and not to overlook a remarkable dereliction of duty in the public officers under their charge. We are sorry to observe that a chain of neglect, continued from the inferior to the superior, should have existed so long without making itself known to the Supreme authority; it might, for aught we see, have continued to exist for any length of time, had it not been for the appointment of Mr. Deane.

15. In the correspondence respecting the re-establishment of the office in the Hidgelee mahas, in Midnapore, Cuttack, and certain districts of Bengal, we see nothing which very strongly calls for remark, except the proposed resumption of lands. As the same considerations apply to that measure in these cases as in the case of Bihar and Benares, it is only necessary here to press them again upon your attention. In these several places more difficulty was anticipated in establishing the office than had been experienced in Bihar and Benares, where a kanungo had belonged to every pargana, and where in consequence it had been practicable to select persons for the revived office from the families of the ancient kanungos. In other districts this had not been found practicable, because there a few sadar kanungos had formerly performed the business of a whole district, by the aid of subordinates. We cannot, however, imagine that the difference between a descendant of an ancient kanungo and another person is so great in this case, where very simple duties are imposed, as materially to increase the difficulty. Where new measures are to be introduced, and new labour to be undergone, there is a great temptation to raise imaginary difficulties, and though we do not pronounce that those here alleged are altogether of this description, it is highly incumbent upon you to be on your guard against so natural and dangerous a propensity.

16. With regard to patwaris, the office did not require to be re-established, for it continued in existence, and the maintenance of a patwari for every village was imposed as an obligation upon the zamindars by the terms of the perpetual settlement. It had been found, however, that the accounts which were kept by those patwaris were altogether unworthy of trust, and were so framed as to promote the sinister interests of the zamindars, by whom they were paid, both in defrauding the Government and in oppressing the raiyats. When we turned our attention to the means of rendering the ancient accounts of the country subservient to the affording of that knowledge, which might enable us more perfectly to secure both the interests of the Government and those of the raiyats, it was necessary of course to consider the means of obtaining true instead of false accounts from the patwaris. For this purpose it appeared to us to be absolutely necessary to remove them from all dependence upon the zamindars. We accordingly give you explicit directions to make them servants of Government, by transferring the choice, the pay and superintendence of them wholly to the Collectors.

17. Your communications to us upon this subject are almost entirely confined to your determination not to follow the plan prescribed by us, but to substitute another of your own. We do not mean to command the repeal of the Regulation which you have passed for this purpose. We are willing that what you have begun, and which no doubt by this time is in full operation, should not be abruptly interfered with, but should now at least have an adequate trial.

18. Having come to this decision, we do not think it necessary to enter into any minute consideration of your plan. It is proper, however, to inform you that the reasons which you

have adduced for considering as impracticable the measure which we recommended, have by no means convinced us, and we see too many reasons for apprehending that the expedients which you have adopted will very imperfectly accomplish the end. We shall merely state as shortly as possible a few considerations which may elucidate the view which we take of the subject, and point out the inconveniences and dangers against which you ought to provide in carrying your scheme into execution.

19. Your objections to place the patwari in dependence upon the Collector are, that this would be a change of system; that the zamindars would be offended; that it would be inconsistent with the spirit of the permanent settlement; that the Collectors would be incapable of making a proper choice of patwaris, or of making them discharge their duties; and that a mode of paying them would not be easily found.

20. That it would be a change is implied in the very idea of an evil to be removed, or an advantage to be gained. But we are by no means of opinion that it is a change the inconvenience of which would not be overbalanced by the attainment of the end we have in view.

21. We expect that the zamindars will be offended by any plan we can adopt which will deprive them of a present advantage, whether derived from defrauding the Government or oppressing the raiyats. It is the loss rather than the mode of losing by which they will be irritated. In the mode by us proposed we see nothing peculiarly calculated to act painfully upon their feelings.

22. That it is contrary to the spirit of the permanent settlement to make the patwaris dependent upon the Collectors, or to take any other measures that may be necessary for protecting the Government from the frauds and the raiyats from the oppression of the zamindars, we cannot possibly admit. We cannot indeed forebear expressing a considerable degree of surprise that you should have entertained such an opinion. You know that in enacting the perpetual settlement Government reserved to itself—that of which no Government can lawfully divest itself—all the powers necessary for maintaining justice between one class of its subjects and another.

23. When you state as another objection the inability of the Collectors to make a proper choice of patwaris, or sufficiently to control them, we do most anxiously hope that you have exaggerated the difficulty; for, if not, the objection extends much farther than to the modes of appointment. You have in various places declared, in the strongest terms you could employ, that the control of the Collectors over the patwaris was the only ground of hope from their services, and here you seem to affirm that the Collectors will be unable to control them.

24. We cannot imagine that you lay great stress as an objection upon the difficulty of paying the patwaris. It was not intended to prevent the patwari from keeping the same accounts for the zamindar which it was formerly his duty to keep. It was only intended to use means for making him keep true accounts. As he would have rendered all lawful services to the zamindar in the same manner as before, it appears to us that the zamindar was bound by the very terms of the perpetual settlement to afford the pay in the same manner as before. However, if this had been found to be a point particularly objectionable to the zamindars, a compromise might have been devised.

25. In the plan which you have adopted, several of the expedients for counteracting the influence of the zamindars and preventing it from operating upon the patwaris to the production of false accounts appear to be judiciously devised. But the immediate dependence of the patwari upon the zamindar, which you have allowed to remain, is a source of evil against which it will require an increased and very peculiar degree of vigilance to guard. This, we confess, is the source of our apprehension. Every idea of benefit from this attempted reform is by yourselves attached to the control of the Collectors. But it is impossible we should not be deeply impressed with the evidence which you have forced upon our attention that a control sufficient for the objects in question is, in the present state of the revenue service, hardly to be expected. Your immediate attention ought to be directed to what it may be possible to obtain from such a control, and generally to render the superintendence of the Collectors more efficient for protecting the raiyats and preventing frauds upon the Government.

26. Unless the Collectors have some ready means of detecting errors in the accounts of the patwaris, it is more than probable that they will abound with errors. We are fully convinced that additional expedients for this purpose are still required, and that under the present system of checks, unless in the rare instances of extraordinary vigilance and penetration combined in the Collector, an understanding to very pernicious purposes may subsist undetected between the patwaris and zamindars.

27 We are not perfectly sure that the old system of patwari accounts though in general not ill-adapted to the circumstances of the case, yields the whole of the information which that class of accountants might easily afford. One thing is peculiarly important, that their accounts should contain the whole of the payments which under any claim whatsoever are made by the raiyats to the zamindars, and the strongest securities ought to be taken for preventing any payment which they do not record. For ascertaining whether by any addition to the present accounts or any other change you can render them more conducive to the end in view, important information might be received by fit questions addressed to the most intelligent of your revenue servants. The rule which you have prescribed for summoning the patwaris before the Collector, with all their accounts and making them

answer questions upon oath, may be attended with advantage, and we trust that you will insist on its being uniformily obeyed.

28. The examination should take place at least once a year, at that period at which the accounts of the year may be considered complete. It ought to be done by the Collector in person in as many cases as possible, where it is possible, and by persons selected by him for that purpose. In all those cases, too, in which it is done by other persons than the Collector, it would be useful that a report containing at least the material points of the examination should be presented to the Collector. If this examination would be useful, it is evidently of importance that it should be made to take place in those circumstances which afford the greatest security for the truth of the answers. The presence of persons acquainted with the facts is the best security applicable to the case, and these are respectively the raiyats of the villages. The proceeding, therefore, should be attended with publicity. The examination should take place in the presence of the raiyats, who should be invited to contradict the statements of the patwari, as often as they knew them to be false, and to suggest questions by which the full truth may be disclosed.

29. We have entered thus far into details respecting this examination, because we are fully convinced that, unless the Collectors effectually descend into details, you will never obtain accurate information, and because we are equally convinced that, unless you prescribe specific details, the Collector will never undertake them, but will continue to perform the duties of their office in that summary and superficial way of which there is too much reason to complain. We are aware, however, of the disadvantages under which, at this distance, we endeavour to conceive a process of detail, and leave all suggestions of this kind fully open to your deliberation.

30. In the duties which are prescribed to the kanungo, provisions of considerable efficiency are made for detecting the frauds of the zamindars upon Government, but we see very little in those duties which has any tendency to afford protection to the raiyats. We have no doubt that this is a part of your arrangements which will be found susceptible of very great amelioration, and we trust that by this time your experience will have added to your means of rendering the measure complete. The great end of the kanungo office is to make the accounts of the patwaris useful. This is not to be done by merely receiving and preserving them. Two previous conditions are necessary—that the accounts of the patwaris contain all the requisite points of information, and that it be true information. The information which the patwari accounts ought to contain is simple; it is information of what is due and what is paid by the raiyats to the zamindars, and of what is due and what is paid by the zamindars to Government. To find securities for making this information is true, is, as it has been justly described by you, most difficult. You are of opinion that much advantage may be derived for this purpose from the agency of the kanungos; and if the fidelity of the kanungos can be secured, and if an appropriate line of duty is prescribed to them, there can be no doubt of the fulfilment of your hopes. These two, therefore, are the objects to which your most strenuous attention is required, and the abilities of your most experienced servants should be called in to your aid in devising a system of means for the accomplishment of so important an end.

ENCLOSURE VIII.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S *letter, dated* 18*th April* 1819, *to Board of Revenue; Board's letter, dated* 18*th May* 1819, *to* MR. CHAMBERLAIN; *and Board's Resolution, dated* 11*th June* 1819, *regarding the salary of, and forms of accounts to be kept by, patwaris.*

[These papers are referred to in the foot-note to paragraph 19 of the Minute.]

Dated Dinajpur, the 18th April 1819.

From—R. CHAMBERLAIN, ESQ., Secretary, on deputation,
To—GEORGE WARD, ESQ., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Fort William.

THE offices of kanungo and patwari being so intimately connected with each other, that the beneficial results looked to from the re-establishment of the former must in great measure depend on the degrees of efficiency and success with which the reforms in the latter may be carried into effect under the provisions of Regulation XII of 1817, extended to the province of Bengal by Regulation I of the current year, I beg to submit the following remarks on the subject of the patwari office for the consideration of the Board of Revenue.

2. The Regulation above quoted clearly points out the situations and manner in which patwaris are to be appointed, and judiciously guards against any material innovation on established usage either in regard to the nomination of these officers, or to the mode in

which their salaries or other allowances and emoluments of office are to be paid; but it may be satisfactory to the Board to know in what mode, by whom, and on * * * what scale patwaris are usually paid, and to establish, as far as may be practicable, uniformity in their forms of account.

3. In the Western Provinces, including Benares and Bihar, the expense of the patwari more generally falls on the raiyats; sometimes it is exclusively borne by the landholder, and often mutually by both; if paid by the raiyats the amount is usually levied by a cess of half, three-quarters, or an anna on every rupee of revenue paid by them, or when paid in kind, by one seer of grain on each maund produced, or by five seers at each harvest on every plough in the village. If the patwari be paid by the landholder, it is either by land or a monthly salary, and sometimes both, the raiyats usually presenting a small present (optional) either at the harvests, or on receiving the farkhuttee (annual acquittal). When both parties contribute to the expense, the preceding modes of payment prevail, but in a lighter degree on each. The amount of salary or other emolument receivable by the patwari depends of course on the extent of resources of the village he may superintend, but from Rs. 2 to Rs. 5 monthly may generally be calculated on, or a charge of from three to five per cent. on the amount collections.

4. In Bengal or in those districts in which I have had opportunities of making inquiry, the patwari appears to be paid by the landholders almost generally either by a fixed monthly salary, or by commission on the amount collections of the estate under his superintendence, receiving from each raiyat a small present in cash or kind, either at the time of executing the patta or giving the annual acquittal; this, however, is entirely optional with the latter, though usually observed.

5. From my own inquiries in 35 estates taken indiscriminately in this district, and situated in the parganas of Noorpoor, Punjra, Deora, Suntose, and Sooltanpoor, I find the patwaris are paid exclusively by the several landholders, by a commission of three per cent. on the amount collections in eight villages, and three-and-a-half per cent. in 27 villages. The collections from these estates, respectively, amounting to from Rs. 600 to Rs. 1,800, yield a monthly allowance to these officers of from Re. 1-8 to Rs. 4-8, exclusive of their fees from the raiyats. Some patwaris, however, have the superintendence of much more extensive estates, keeping muharrirs to assist them. In such cases their receipts and allowances are of course proportionately great.

6. Patwaris, as far as I have yet ascertained, appear to be kept up almost generally in this district, and from the simple mode in which they are usually paid, I should conceive the Acting Collector will meet with no difficulty in regulating, according to pargana usage, the amount of salary or commission to be received by such officers in villages to which they may yet remain to be nominated.

7. The forms of account used by the patwaris here appear by no means so perfect as they should be; for instance, the total quantity and descriptions of land comprising each village are not stated, only an account raiyatwar of such lands as are in cultivation. I therefore beg to submit, for the approval of the Board, the accompanying forms of account in Persian and Bengali, which correspond with those used in the ceded and conquered provinces in Benares and Bihar, and which I think may be introduced gradually in the districts of Bengal with great advantage. The accounts are quite simple and perfect, and are as follows:—

1st.—First Rukhabundee, or statement of the total quantity and descriptions of land comprising the village.

2nd.—Pymaish Nugdee Asameewar (supposing a part of the village pays in kind and a part in cash, which commonly occurs). A statement agreeably to measurement of the quantity of land cultivated by each raiyat, for which cash payments are made, with the descriptions of cultivation and produce.

3rd.—Hissaub Nugdee Asameewar. A statement of the rates per bigha and total demand against each raiyat for the lands in statement the second.

4th.—Seah Amudunee Asameewar. Statement showing the daily payments made by each raiyat on account of the demand in statement the third.

5th.—Teriji Khuttaunee Wussoolee Nugdee Asameewar. Statement exhibiting the dates and total amount paid by each raiyat on account of the demand in statement the third.

6th.—Jama Wassil Baqee Nugdee Asameewar. The demand receipt and balance against each raiyat on account of the land in statement the second.

7th.—Khasra Buttaee Pusl Bhudwe Asameewar. A statement exhibiting the quantity of land cultivated by each raiyat which pays in kind, with the description, quantity, and division of produce.

8th.—Khasra Buttaee Pusl Khureef Asameewar. A corresponding statement to the preceding of the khureef cultivation.

9th.—Khasra Buttaee Pusl Rubee Asameewar. A corresponding statement to the preceding of the rabi cultivation.

10th, *11th* and *12th*.—Similar accounts to the preceding of the several harvests of two dependent villages, taluks.

13th.—Hissaub Saltamaum Asameewar. Annual account of each raiyat's cultivation of lands which pay in kind, as stated in Nos. 7, 8 and 9, specifying the description and amount of produce at each harvest, with the nirik or price at

which the proprietor's share of produce is commuted for cash payments At the back is the khuttaunee or account of the total of each item.

14th.—Jamabandi Terij Saltamaum. An account of the annual produce of the village, both nugdee and bhualee, with the amount of each harvest.

15th and *16th*.—Similar accounts to 13 and 14 of the dependent villages.

17th.—Jamabandi Terij Saltamaum. An account of the total annual produce of the original and dependent villages, nugdee and bhualee, with the amount of each harvest.

18th.—Jamakhurch Saltamaum An account of the annual collections and disbursements of the whole village.

8. The only alteration necessary to adapt these forms to the several districts in Bengal is to insert the names of the Bengal seasons in lieu of those of Bihar, and which I believe has been done in the counterparts in Bengali.

Dated Dinajpur, the 18th May 1819.

From—GEORGE WARD, ESQ., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Fort William,
To—R. CHAMBERLAIN, ESQ., Secretary, on deputation.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, and its enclosure, of the 18th ultimo, and to acquaint you that the Board entirely approve of the forms of the patwaris' accounts which you propose for general adoption. You will be pleased to furnish the Acting Collector of Dinajpur with copies of them, together with such suggestions with respect to their introduction and for the modes of remunerating the patwaris in cases where the appointment of them may become his duty, as may appear to you expedient with reference to the usage of the parganas in which he may have to nominate them.

The several Collectors under the Board's authority will be furnished with copies of the forms of patwaris' accounts, with instructions to report whether they can be introduced in their several districts, and in what respects they differ from those already in use. They will likewise be required to supply information with respect to the modes and rates of remuneration of the village officers of account now prevailing.

Circular with the exception of Higilee.

As the reformation of the office of patwari under the provisions of Regulation XII of 1817 is in progress in those districts in which the establishment of the kanungos has been in a great measure effected, and as the Collectors of other districts will be required to introduce the prescribed measures under those provisions as soon as the latter institution shall have been established in their respective districts, the Board of Revenue deem it proper to provide all the Collectors under their control with copies of the orders of Government of the 2nd instant, and also with an extract from their resolutions on the proceedings of the Collector of Higilee on the subject of the office of patwari, for their information and guidance.

2. In communicating the above proceedings, the Board resolve that those Collectors in whose districts the office of kanungo has been established, be required to conform generally to the principles elucidated in the above-mentioned documents, and to comply without loss of time with the following instructions; and that the others, in whose districts it has not been established, conform to them whenever the kanungo arrangements shall have been completed.

3. The malguzars should be required to furnish a statement, of the nature of that alluded to in the annexed resolutions of the Board, of their present private establishment of village accountants; and they should be informed that such requisition is for the purpose of reconciling, as far as may be consistent, the difficulties they may urge with respect to expense. After the delivery of such statement, the Collectors might show to the malguzars all the forms of patwari accounts that will be required to be constantly kept up as permanent records of the patwari's dufter, and to obtain from them categorical answers whether the number of persons now employed by them will be sufficient to perform all the requisite duties of the patwari establishment without much increasing their expenses. In such cases, after having seen and examined the persons to be appointed patwaris, and satisfied themselves of their qualifications, the Collectors might report the circumstances to the Board.

4. In the commencement this might be adopted as as experiment, without pledging its continuance; if it should be found adequate, the public interests would not require more; if it be proved insufficient, the malguzars would have the less reason to complain of the alteration.

5. The forms of accounts to be kept by patwaris adopted by the Board will be transmitted with these instructions to those Collectors who have not yet been provided with them, together with a copy of a letter from Mr. Chamberlain on the subject of those accounts.

FORMS OF ACCOUNT REFERRED TO IN BOARD'S LETTER DATED 18TH MAY 1819.

Fehrisht rakbabandi or statement of the total quantity, mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, year 1226.

Assami.	Mauza.	Asli.	Dakhili.	Total land.	
					Bs.
Elahipur	With 2 Mauzas ...	1	1		551
Para Rampur and Para Muradpur.	2 Paras		2	*Deduct*— Bs.	
				Lakhiraj bishunputi 10	
				Piran 14	
					24
					527

	Bs.
Elahipur	427
Details.	
Jamai	106
Bhagrakhamer	195
Unculturable waste	10
Culturable	40
Bastu waste	20
Garden	10
Public road	10
Tank	15
Sivalaya and tomb	5
Bush and road	2
Wells (kutcha and pucka)	1
Flowing river	7
Place for Sati	6
	427

Detail.

Jangalkati Nawabadi Para Rampur and Para Muradpur ... 100 bighas.

Details.

Para Rampur.	Para Muradpur.
50 bighas.	50 bighas.

Mashahat Chita Poimaish Jami Jamai, mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, year 1266.

Date ... ... 15th Jaith.
Day of week ... ... Sunday.
Land measured ... ... Daily.

Assami.	Dag.	Length.	Breadth.	Area.	Produce.
		B. K.	B. K.		
East mat of the village.					
Tika Kayari	1	5 0	4 0	20	Kanja chal.
South of preceding ...	2	2 10	2 0	5	Jali.
East of preceding—Lalu Kayari	3	3 0	4 0	20	Kanja chal.
East of preceding—Lalu Kayari	4	2 8	2 0	5	Jali.
North of preceding—Ram Ray	5	4 0	2 8	10	Sugarcane.
East of preceding—Gokul Ray	6	4 0	2 8	10	Ditto.
South of preceding—Kamal Sarnakar ...	7	4 0	2 8	10	Karpa (cotton).
South of preceding—Joha Ray	8	4 0	2 8	10	Khand.

Jamabandi Jamai Jami, mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, year 1226, *Bengali era.*

Assami.	Land.	Rate.	Total.	Total land.	Amount.
	B.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	B.	Rs. A.
Tika Kayari—					
Kanja chal	20	2 0	40 0	35	55 0
Jali	5	1 8	7 8		
Khand	10	0 12	7 8		
Lalu Kayari—					
Kanja chal	2	2 0	40 0	31	49 12
Jali	5	1 8	7 8		
Khand	6	0 6	2 4		

Sehá amdani Rupeya, mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, tahsil Nakdi, year 1226, *from 5th Baisakh to 2nd Juith.*

Assami.	Rs.
5th Baisack, Tuesday—	
Tika Kayari	45
Lalu Kayari	40
Ram Prosad Ray	11
Kamal Sarnakar	10
Gokul Ray	12
Joha Ray	4
Total ...	122

Tarikhsvari Khatian Rupeya, Babat Jamai Jami, mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur.

	Rs.	A.
Tika Kayari, Assami—		
5th Baisakh, Tuesday	45	0
15th Baisakh	10	0
Total ...	55	0
Lalu Kayari—		
5th Baisakh, Tuesday	40	0
15th Baisakh	5	0
2nd Jaith	4	12
	49	12

Jamawsilbaki Rupeya Assamian Babat Jamai, mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, year 1226, *from beginning to end.*

Assami.	Jama. Rs. A.	Payment. Rs. A.	Balance.
Tika Kayari	55 0	55 0	......
Lalu Kayari	49 12	49 12	......
Ram Prosad Ray ...	20 0	20 0	......

Khasra Batai Fasal Bhadoi, mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, year 1226, *from 15th Bhadra to 16th on the 15th Bhadra.*

Assami.	Area.	Produce.	Weight in maunds (so much).	Half-share of the Sarkar.
	B.		M.	M. s.
Ram Prosad Ray ...	10	Suna ...	30	15 0
Gokul Ray ...	15	Do. ...	45	22 20
Tika Kayari ...	20	Do. ...	50	25 0

Khasra Batai Fasal (torn), mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, year 1226, *date 21st Agrahayan.*

Assami.	Area.	Produce.	Weight in maunds (so much).	Half-share of the Sarkar.
	B.		M.	M. s.
Ram Prosad Ray ...	15	Sali ...	45	22 20
Kamal Sarnakar ...	15	Do. ...	40	20 0
Gokul Ray ...	5	Do. ...	15	7 50
	35		100	50 0

Khasra Batai Fasal Rabi, mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, year 1226, *date 15th Baisak.*

Assami.	Area.	Produce.	Weight in maunds (so much).	Half-share of the Sarkar.
	B.		M.	M. s.
Ram Prosad Ray ...	13	Matar (peas) ...	39	19 30
Lalu Kayari ...	15	Barley ...	60	30 0
Gokul Ray ...	12	Wheat ...	28	14 0
Tika Kayari ...	10	Ahar ...	23	11 20
	50		150	75 0

Khasra Batai Fasal Bhadoi, Babat Jangalkati, Noabadi Para Rampur and Para Muradpur, included in mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, year 1226.

PARA RAMPUR.

Assami.	Length.	Breadth.	Area.	Produce.	Weight in maunds (so much).	Half share of the Sarkar.
	B. K.	B. K.	B. K.		M. S.	M. S.
Narku Gope	4 0	2 0	8 0	Janera	... 50 0	25 0
Ditto	2 0	1 5	2 10	Kodo	... 30 0	15 0
Ditto	2 10	2 0	5 0	Do.	... 25 0	12 20
Ganga Ram	2 10	2 10	6 5	Suna	... 31 10	15 25
Daya Ram	2 0	2 0	4 0	Jute	... 17 0	8 20
			25 15		153 10	76 25

Khasra Batai, Fasal Kharif, i.e., *Agani Babat Jangalkati, Noabadi, Para and Para Muradpur included in mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, year* 1226.

PARA RAMPUR.

Assami.	Length.	Breadth.	Area.	Produce.	Weight in maunds (so much).	Half share of the Sarkar.
	B. K.	B. K.	B. K.			M. S.
Narku Gope	1 0	1 0	1 10	Sali ...	... 6	3 0
Ditto	0 15	0 10	0 7½	Do. ...	... 1	0 20
Ditto	1 0	1 0	1 0	Do. ..	... 5	2 20
Ganga Ram	0 12	0 10	0 7½	Sone ...	... 2	1 0
Daya Ram	1 0	1 0	1 0	Do. ...	... 6	3 0
			4 5		20	10 0

Khasra Batai, Fasal Rabi Babat, Jangalkati Noabadi Para Rampur and Para Muradpur, included in mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, year 1226.

PARA RAMPUR.

Assami.	Length.	Breadth.	Area.	Produce.	Weight in maunds (so much).	Half share of the Sarkar.
	B. K.	B. K.	B. K.		M. S.	M. S.
Narku Gope	2 10	2 0	5 9	Mater (peas)	... 30 0	15 0
Ditto	2 10	2 10	6 5	Barley	... 32 0	16 0
Ditto	1 10	1 10	2 5	Wheat	... 12 0	6 0
Ganga Ram	2 0	1 10	3 0	Ditto	... 15 0	7 20
Daya Ram	2 0	1 15	3 10	Arhar	... 17 20	8 30
			20 0		106 20	53 10

Jamabandi Saliana, from Fasal Bhadoi to Fasal Rabi, mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, year 1226.

FASAL BHADOI.

Assami.	Area.	Produce.	Weight in maunds (so much).	Half share of the Sarkar.	Rate per rupee.	Amount.
	B.		M.	M.	M. S.	Rs. A. P.
Ram Prosad Ray ...	10	Suna	... 30	15	3 0	5 0 0
Ditto ...	8	Jute	... 24	12	2 10	5 5 3
	18		54	27		10 5 3

* * * *

Khatian Assamiwar Babat Tin Fasal Bhag Khamar, Elahipur.

Assami.	Fasal bhadoi.	Fasal agani (kharif).	Fasal rabi.	Total amount.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Ram Prosad Ray ...	10 5 3	9	4 14 3	24 3 6

Terij jamabandi Saltamam Babat Bhag Khamar, from Fasal Bhadoi to Fasal Rabi, mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, year 1226, *date* 30*th Jaith.*

FASAL BHADOI.

Assami.	Area.	Produce (in maunds).	Half share.	Rate per rupee.	Price.
	B.	M.	M. s.	M. s.	Rs. A. P.
Suna	60	165	82 20	3 0	27 8 0
Jute	22	65	32 20	2 10	14 4 6
	82	230	115 0	...	42 0 6

Terij jamabandi Daran Fasal Bhadoi, Nagaid Fasal Rabi, Para Rampur and Para Muradpur, included in mauza Elahipur, pargana Rampur, Jasaratpur, year 1226*B.S.*

FASAL BHADOI.

Para Rampur.

Assami.	Area.	Produce.	Weight in maunds (so much).	Half-share of the Sarkar.	Rate per rupee.	Price.
	B. K.		M.	M. s.	M. s.	Rs. A. P.
Narku Gope ...	8 0	Janera ...	50	25 0	5 0	5 0 0
Ditto ...	2 10	Kodo ...	30	15 0	7 10	2 0 0
Ditto ...	5 0	Do. ..	25	12 20	7 20	1 12 0
	15 10		105	52 20	...	8 12 0

* * * *

Terij Goswara Tin Fasal Bhag Khamar.

Assami.	Fasal.	Area.	Weight in maunds (so much).	Half share of the Sarkar.	Average price.
		B. K.	M. s.	M. s.	Rs. A. P.
Para Rampur ...	Bhadoi ...	25 15	153 10	76 25	17 13 0
Ditto ...	Agani (kharif) ...	4 5	20 0	10 0	3 5 9
Ditto ...	Rabi ...	20 0	106 20	53 10	16 11 6
		50 0	279 30	139 35	37 14 3

Jamabandi Assamiwar Daran Tin Fasal Bhag Khamar Babat, Para Rampur and Para Muradpur, year 1226.

Assami.	Name of crop.	Amount.	Para Rampur.	Para Muradpur.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Narku Gope ...	Bhadoi	11 6 0	8 12 0	2 10 0
	Agani (kharif)	12 6 0	2 0 6	10 0 0
	Rabi	22 9 3	11 5 6	11 4 3
		45 15 9	22 1 6	23 14 3
Ganga Ram ...	Bhadoi	5 6 6	5 6 0	0 1 6
	Haimanti	2 13 3	0 5 3	2 8 0
	Rabi	16 0 0	2 8 0	13 8 0
		24 3 9	8 2 3	16 1 6

Terij Jamabandi Saltaman Maya Jamai and Bhagra Khamar from Fasal Bhadoi to Fasal Rabi mauza Elahipur, with Para Rampur and Para Muradpur, year 1226.

Assami.	Total land.	Total produce.	Deduct raiyats' share	Balance half share of the Sarkar.	Rate per rupee.	Amount.	Elahipur.	Para Rampur.	Para Muradpur.
	B.	M.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
Fasal Bhadoi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Suna ...	60	165	82 20	82 20	3 0	27 8 0	27 8 0	...	...
Jute ...	22	65	32 20	32 20	2 10	14 8 6	14 8 6	...	...
	82	230	115 0	115 0	...	42 0 6	42 0 6	...	...

Jamakharach Saltamam, mauza Elahipur, including Para Rampur, and Para Muradpur, pargana Rampur, district Jasaratpur, year 1226, *from the beginning to the end.*

Assami.		Rs. A. P.	
Total collection	... ...	353 12 9	
	Expenses		
Remittances	... ...	323 8 0	(Details given on the reverse.)
	Miscellaneous.		
Expenses	... ...	30 4 9	
		353 12 9	(Ditto.)

ENCLOSURE IX.

Letter from the Members of the Board of Revenue, No. 2199, *dated the* 11*th May* 1827, *to the Hon'ble Vice-President in Council referred to in paragraph* 22 *of the Minute.*

No. 2199, dated Calcutta, the 11th May 1827.

From—Members of the Board of Revenue,

To—The Hon'ble the Vice-President in Council.

We have at length the honour to submit, for the consideration of Your Lordship in Council, a report upon the kanungo and patwari sarishtas in the several districts under this Board, as far as the information we have as yet obtained from the several Collectors enables us to ascertain the progress made in compiling the records in those departments.

From the records of this office it appears that on 15th July 1825 the senior Member and the late third Member recorded their opinion that the reports of the Collectors which had then been received did not contain information of a useful tendency, and that the only mode of acquiring a satisfactory insight into the progress hitherto made in re-establishing the kanungo and patwari system, and of ascertaining the decree of practical utility experienced by the revival of those offices, would be to depute one of the Members of the Board to make full enquiries in every district. From those opinions our second Member dissented, recording his minute to that effect, which was forwarded with the letter of the senior and late third Member, though both have since been returned to this office. They are now resubmitted in the appendix marked as per margin.

Board's address to Government dated 15th July 1825, with Mr. Money's Minute.

After a deligent perusal of all the documents having reference to the kanungo and patwari system noted in the margin,* we are of opinion that although the replies of the seven Collectors noted in margin† to the queries proposed in Mr. Secretary Mackenzie's letter of the 13th April 1821, and forwarded by us on 15th May of the same year, and the statements of those who answered our two circulars of the 29th July 1823 and 16th July 1824 (the first relative to the jurisdictions of the kanungos, the second communicating the Resolutions of the Government, dated 25th June 1824, with reference to extracts of the despatch from the Hon'ble Court of Directors, dated 18th February 1824), do not contain materials for a succinct report upon the system, which is still in its infancy. Yet many of the reports, particularly those of Mr. Barwell, Mr. Armstrong, Mr. Tulloh, Mr. R. Nisbett, and the Hon'ble Mr. Elliott, will be found to contain information of great importance. We therefore have the honour to submit them in original, together with a separate abstract of their contents for the deliberate consideration of Government.

* *Vide* Collector's replies to Board's circulars, dated 15th May 1821, 29th July 1823, and 15th July 1824, as per accompanying lists marked A. B. C. D.

† Midnapore. Murshidabad. 24 Parganas. Jessore. Mymensingh. Burdwan and Dinajpur.

From the documents in question Your Lordship will collect that to the 15th July 1825, the date of the latest communication of any information worth noticing, the kanungos, except in Midnapore and Burdwan, had effected but little towards the attainment of the main object of their appointment; they had prepared lists of malguzari and lakhiraj estates, parganawari statements of kismats and mauzas, registers of proprietors of partition and of transfers of property in their respective divisions; they assisted in investigating particulars relative to char and other lands liable to assessment, and reported on matters connected with khas mahals, but had made little or no progress in acquiring materials for the compilation of a record of the extent and capabilities of the possessions of the malguzar and lakhiraj proprietors, and none which could afford an insight into the details of village management or into the rights and interests of the agricultural community.

The most intelligent of the Collectors are of opinion that labours of the kanungo establishment when properly directed cannot fail to prove highly advantageous to the State, and will be far from prejudicial to the interests of the agriculturists, but all deplore the repugnance of the zamindars and the lakhirajdars to the measures dictated by Regulation XII of 1817, and the systematic opposititiou they have experienced througout.

It is but too apparent that the zamindars and lakhirajdars are so decidedly averse to any arrangements having for their object the acquisition of information regarding the land tenure of the country and the produce of the soil, that they have long systematically opposed every obstacle, legal or illegal, to the attempts of the Revenue officers to obtain any knowledge on the subject Their most effectual procedure with this view will appear to have been the abolition of the ancient office of village patwari and the substitution of gumashtas, creatures of their own, for those servants of the public. On being called on to furnish a list of their patwaris they delayed compliance with the orders or evaded them

altogether, and when eventually officers of this description have been appointed by them, or by the Collectors, they either did not permit them access to the real records, or refused to pay their allowances, or dismissed them without ceremony. In one district—Burdwan—the Collector reports that, with the view of evading the penalties for a non-compliance with the rules prescribed for the delivery of accounts and the registry of patwaris, purchasers of land have not entered their own names in the register of mutation, but those of persons altogether unconnected with the land.

A very general failure in procuring patwari records has been experienced throughout the country, and the compilation of those records which relate to the extent of proprietary rights, the quality of the soil, the quantity of produce, and the rate of land tax paid by the lower orders of agriculturists, has been delayed in consequence. The officers of the Collectors of Midnapore and Burdwan, Messrs. Barwell, Elliott and Armstong, appear to have made the greatest progress in this department of their duty, for they have been able to obtain village accounts for a large portion of their districts, notwithstanding the obstacles opposed to them. This partial success is entirely attributable to the strenuous exertions of their Principals, but it is questionable after all whether the sources whence these details of village management have been drawn are sufficiently pure to warrant the adoption of the accounts as authentic records, especially when it is recollected that at present there exist no means of verifying their contents.

Under the provisions of Regulation XII, 1817, the patwaris are responsible for the production and for the authenticity of the papers required by the kanungos, but the patwaris, if any are appointed, are entirely at the mercy of the landholders, who for a long period of years past have placed the whole record of management in the hands of their gumashtas and agents, who are able to provide spurious accounts as well as true ones, and when the interests of their employer, co-extensive as they are with their own, are to be affected by their procedure, no doubt can be entertained as to which of the documents, the true, or the false, they will make over to the patwari to be filed in the kanungo's office. It is scarcely possible that the patwari should be able to swear to the validity of the records which he thus delivers, and if he should be aware of their falsity, it is not very probable that he will avow his knowledge. He knows but too well that he is completely in the power of his task-master, the certain consequences of whose wrath are infinitely more to be dreaded than the remote probability of punishment for perjury. His own fears, combined with the little idea of moral guilt, attached by the Asiatics to the crime, will operate to remove all scruples against attesting the validity of the document by his oath, and as his defence would be that he received it from the gumashtas as a true account, and could not prove that it was otherwise, few law officers will be found who would give a fatwa sentencing him to punishment in the law courts. Those patwaris who may be appointed by the Collectors on the recusancy of the zamindars will not be found in any respect superior to the non-effective men set up to avoid the penalty by the proprietors. Poor, and without influence or support, they are easily corrupted into an acquiescence in the zamindar's arrangement, or deterred from opposing them by the fear of his displeasure. The power of a zamindar in the interior of the country to do mischief to one who has offended him is almost without limits. The people well know this to be the case, and are cautious of exciting it into action. Authentic information in respect to the land tenure, the produce of the soil, and the portion of it which, as representing tax or land rent, is available to the zamindar, is not, in short, to be excepted under the present system from the patwaris. The zamindars will never allow them to give it.

If the motives of the zamindars for withholding the statistical particulars which are so much required were rigidly investigated, they would be found to originate less in their alleged apprehensions that a new assessment of their lands would be the result of their compliance than in their well-grounded fears that any scruting into local usages and rights will end, not only in their illegal actions upon the cultivating classes being prevented, and in the rights of these latter being protected, but in eliciting the discussion of the validity of their own titles to exclusive proprietary possessions, which they are aware, are by no means indisputable. This being the case, it is questionable whether, in the event of their being now declared responsible for the fidelity of the accounts and records for which the local officers are dependent on the patwaris, a closer and correcter view of the actual state of things would be thereby ensured. If on the first introduction of the kanungo system, the landholders had been declared responsible for the fidelity of the accounts and papers required, and if any instance of delay and recusancy had been met by a severe and summary punishment, most of the advantages anticipated for the institution of the office of kanungo would in all probablity have been realized; but the Regulations did not permit this, and the people were perfectly well aware that the authorities were directed to proceed with the utmost mildness and caution, and being, it should seem, themselves incapable of appreciating instructions of such a tendency, they immediately concluded that the power to enforce them with severity and strictness was wanting, they have acted accordingly.

After a careful consideration of the subject in all its lights and bearings, we beg to submit our opinion for Your Lordship's consideration, that the obstacles opposed by the zamindars and lakhirajdars to the kanungo system have hitherto rendered records of the kanungo office useless as matter of judicial reference; for instead of affording information, they appear better calculated to mislead those who require it; that the advantages realized from the establishment under its present constitution are by no means commensurate with the expense of keeping it up; and that until means are devised for ensuring the authenticity of the documents furnished, whether they relate to accounts, mensuration or raiyatwar assessments, the office of kanungo will mislead instead of giving any useful information.

RESOLUTION ON THE BOARD'S LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT—LAND REVENUE.

Darjeeling, the 16th October 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 1320T—R.

READ—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the Land Revenue Administration of the Lower Provinces for the year 1892-93.

The report has been submitted by the Hon'ble Mr. Stevens a few days late, but this delay has been satisfactorily explained. Maps have been attached to the Report, showing the survey and settlement operations recently completed, in progress and in contemplation, and an index to these maps has been furnished, as desired by the Lieutenant-Governor in the Resolution on last year's Report.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has observed with satisfaction the various changes introduced during the year under report in accordance with the instructions issued by Government. The principal among them are—

(*a*) alteration in the standard percentages for current collections for the different classes of estates as shown below:—

99 per cent. for estates in class I, *i.e.*, permanently-settled estates.
95 ditto ditto II, *i.e.*, temporarily-settled estates.
90 ditto ditto III, *i.e*, estates held direct by Government.

(*b*) transfer of the administration of the zamindari dâk cess from Magistrates to Collectors, so far as the demands and collections are concerned.

(*c*) the placing under the collectorate nazir of the establishment for serving revenue processes of all kinds, with the exception of that maintained for the collection of water-rates in the irrigation districts of Cuttack, Midnapore, Patna, Gaya and Shahabad, and the supervision by him of the service of criminal processes, with the exception of warrants of arrest, in all districts.

COLLECTION OF THE LAND REVENUE.

3. The current demand on account of the land revenue in Bengal for the past five years is shown in the following table:—

Class of Estates.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Permanently-settled estates ...	3,22,90,777	3,22,92,924	3,22,91,318	3,22,47,951	3,22,63,793
II.—Temporarily-settled estates and estates leased to farmers.	58,22,328 (II and III together)	58,09,904 (II and III together)	26,91,601	26,76,096	27,10,912
III.—Estates held direct by Government.			31,84,778	32,38,128	33,97,627
Total ...	3,81,13,105	3,81,02,828	3,81,67,697	3,81,62,175	3,83,72,332

The total exhibits an increased demand of Rs. 2,10,157 in all three classes, mainly due to increases in class III on account of the general settlement of the Western Duars in Jalpaiguri, and resettlements in Angul, in the Kalimpong estate in Darjeeling, in Backergunge, Tippera, and Chittagong.

4. The demands, collections, remissions, and balances for the same five years are exhibited in the following statement:—

Year.	Demand.			Collections.			Remissions.	Balances.			Percentage of total collections to total demand (column 7 on column 4).	Percentage of total collections to current demand (column 7 on column 2).	Percentage of current collections on current demand (column 5 on column 2).
	Current.	Arrear.	Total.	Current.	Arrear.	Total.		Current	Arrear.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
1888-89 ...	3,81,13,105	20,44,566	4,01,57,671	3,54,36,974	17,32,244	3,71,69,218	30,882	26,73,355	2,84,216	29,57,571	92·56	97·52	93·97
1889-90 ...	3,81,02,828	29,20,128	4,10,22,956	3,62,05,567	24,00,255	3,86,65,821	96,349	18,79,868	3,80,917	22,60,785	94·25	101·5	95·03
1890-91 ...	3,81,67,697	22,46,426	4,04,14,123	3,67,33,458	18,52,435	3,85,85,893	43,066	14,30,852	3,54,312	17,85,164	95·47	101·8	96·2
1891-92 ...	3,81,62,175	17,09,912	3,98,72,087	3,69,87,653	13,52,750	3,83,40,403	50,166	11,67,045	3,14,473	14,81,518	96·15	100·46	96·92
1892-93 ...	3,83,72,332	15,04,778	3,98,77,110	3,70,21,735	11,46,319	3,81,68,054	86,556	13,33,767	2,88,733	16,22,500	95·71	99·46	96·48

5. As already noticed, the current demand was Rs. 2,10,157 more than that of the previous year, the current collections were Rs. 34,082 higher, but the percentage of current collections on current demand fell from 96·92 in 1891-92 to 96·48 in 1892-93. The total collections were Rs. 1,72,349 less than in 1891-92. From the figures in columns 9 and 10 of the above statement, it will be seen that the arrear balances showed an improvement and the current balances a falling off at the close of 1892-93. The remissions amounted to Rs. 86,556, of which Rs. 80,071 were granted in estates held direct by Government.

Collections, balances and remissions.

6. The total demand, current and arrear, from estates in class I was Rs. 3,29,07,436, of which Rs. 3,21,26,521 were collected. The percentage of the collections on the demand, after excluding from the demand sums in suspense during the year, and adding to the collections the sums collected but not credited during the year, was 97·86 against 98·41 in the previous year. The current collections fell short of the standard of 99 per cent. in 12 districts, of which, however, six collected more than 98 per cent. Of the six remaining districts, Rs. 1,48,088 and Rs. 1,58,281 respectively were due in Shahabad and Patna, in which the ratios of collections to demand were 88·76 and 90·17. The Lieutenant-Governor desires that the Collectors of those districts and the Collector of Purnea, where the collections amounted to only 89·86 of the current demand, may be asked to furnish full explanations with regard to those balances. The Lieutenant-Governor observes that the collections in Patna and Shahabad were also very bad in the previous year. The explanation offered, that arrears are due to the fact of the last kist falling due on the 28th of March, is one that applies to all districts alike, and had as much force in 1884-85, when the collections in Shahabad amounted to 98·32 of the total demand, current and arrear, as now, when they amount to only 89·66. Neither does the shortness of the rabi harvest appear to the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor to be an adequate excuse for failure to realise the Government revenue in districts like these in which the revenue is only a small fraction of the rent.

Permanently-settled estates.

The total arrear balance amounted to Rs. 71,057 against Rs. 75,827 in the previous year. Eight districts collected less than 99 per cent. of the arrear demand, but the balances were small in all of them excepting Champaran, where, owing to the tauzi frauds, they amounted to Rs. 62,981. A report showing the result of the enquiries into these frauds, has just been received from the Board, and is under the consideration of this Government. An arrear amounting to Rs. 1,07,134 was due from permanently-settled Wards' Estates, but of this a sum of Rs. 97,776 was realised after the close of the year. The greater part of the arrear was due from the Khagra estate in Purnea, which was recently taken charge of by the Court of Wards, but the amount of Rs. 19,978, which was outstanding from the Tikari estate, might, were it not for discreditable mismanagement, have been paid up within the year.

7. The total demand, current and arrear, from estates in class II was Rs. 29,56,421, of which Rs. 27,23,884 were collected. The percentage of the collections on the demand, after excluding from the demand sums not actually recoverable, and adding to the collections sums realised but not credited during the year, was 93·33 against 92·74 in the previous year.

Temporarily-settled estates.

The following table shows the results of collections in each subdivision of class II estates for the two years 1891-92 and 1892-93 :—

Classification of Estates.	Years.	Percentage of current collections on current demand.	Percentage of arrear collections on arrear demand.	Percentage of total collections on total demand.
1	2	3	4	5
(*a*) Settled with proprietors ...	1891-92	97·06	90·74	96·80
	1892-93	95·72	89·96	95·53
(*b*) Private estates leased to farmers ...	1891-92	70·91	41·59	61·31
	1892-93	83·74	73·36	80·62
(*c*) Government estates leased to farmers	1891-92	81·97	82·70	82·12
	1892-93	85·70	77·21	84·10
Total ...	1891-92	93·02	78·81	91·64
	1892-93	93·21	80·24	92·13

As compared with last year there is a falling off in every respect of temporarily-settled estates settled with proprietors—an improvement in private and Government estates leased to farmers.

The current collections reached or exceeded the prescribed standard of 95 per cent. in all classes of temporarily-settled estates in the following districts, viz., Birbhum, Nadia, Rajshahi, Pabna, Balasore, Lohardaga, Singhbhum, and Manbhum. In all other districts there was a failure to collect up to that standard under one or more of the three heads the collections in Government and private estates leased to farmers being generally very bad. As the percentage on the gross assets allowed to farmers for cost of collection is more than the cost of management and remissions taken together in estates managed direct by Government, the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor concurs in the remark made by the Board that this farming system of management has little to recommend it other than the facilities it ought to afford in realising the Government demand, and that failure to realize the lesser net demand in these leased estates with punctuality is inexcusable. His Honour is glad that the Board have called the attention of local officers to the matter.

Particulars of estates held direct.

8. During the year 1892-93 there were altogether 2,281 estates held direct by Government, of which 2,042 were Government estates and 239 private estates managed by Government for various reasons.

The following statement shows the numbers of these estates by divisions, the demands, cost of management, and total collections during the year :—

Division.	Government estates.		Private estates.		Total.		Cost of management.	Percentage of cost on current demand.	Current collections.	Percentage of current collections on current demand.
	Number.	Current demand.	Number.	Current demand.	Number.	Current demand.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	
Burdwan ...	412	66,763	5	2,24,974	417	2,91,737	21,431	7·3	1,69,508	58·1
Presidency ...	207	3,30,347	44	14,004	251	3,44,351	30,868	8·9	2,85,871	85·01
Rajshahi ...	99	5,53,788	34	10,767	133	5,64,555	32,181	5·7	4,90,869	86·9
Dacca ...	601	4,02,345	102	1,21,485	703	5,23,830	29,042	5·5	4,84,778	92·5
Chittagong ...	212	5,89,672	26	12,922	238	6,02,594	55,633	9·2	5,64,308	93·6
Patna ...	179	2,03,131	16	17,372	195	2,20,503	23,581	10·6	1,66,427	75·4
Bhagalpur ...	125	2,73,821	6	12,347	131	2,86,168	8,190	2·8	2,48,542	86·8
Orissa ...	32	3,98,366	5	73,326	37	4,71,692	21,812	4·6	4,39,497	91·05
Chota Nagpur ...	175	74,464	1	17,733	176	92,197	2,429	2·6	89,958	97·5
Total ...	2,042	28,92,697	239	5,04,930	2,281	33,97,627	2,25,167	6·6	29,39,758	86·5

Estates held direct by Government.

	Rs.
* Current	33,97,627
Arrear	6,15,626
Total ...	40,13,253
Deduct amount included in the demand, the recovery of which was in suspense ...	54,657
Total ...	39,58,596

	Rs.
† Current	29,39,758
Arrear	3,77,891
Total ...	33,17,649
Add collections made in the year, but not credited in the accounts of the year ...	62,753
Total ...	33,80,402

9. After excluding demands not due during the year, and including collections realized but not credited, the net demand from estates in class III was Rs. 39,58,596,* and the collections Rs. 33,80,402,† so that the percentage of total collection on total demand was 85·39 as against 84·10 in Government estates leased to farmers. The following statement compares the percentage of actual recorded collections with those of the previous year in each subdivision of this class:—

SUB-CLASS.	Years.	Percentage of current collections on current demand.	Percentage of arrear collections on arrear demand.	Percentage of total collections on total demand.
1	2	3	4	5
(*a*) Managed for proprietors ...	1891-92	70·38	68·05	69·50
	1892-93	72·64	50·	65·25
(*b*) Owned by Government ...	1891-92	90·47	73·08	87·99
	1892-93	88·94	68·87	86·66
Total ...	1891-92	87·24	71·01	84·14
	1892-93	86·52	61·38	82·66

Compared with last year, these figures show an improvement in current collections in estates managed for proprietors, and a falling off in the arrear collections in those estates, and in both current and arrear collections in Government estates leased to farmers.

In 15 districts the standard of 90 per cent. for current collections was reached or exceeded under both sub-classes (*a*) and (*b*), and in eight other districts under one or other of the two sub-classes.

In Midnapore both current and arrear balances were heavy, as in last year. They were as follows:—

		Rs.
Current balances ...	Sub-class (*a*) ...	1,03,326
	Ditto (*b*) ...	12,415
Arrear ditto ...	Ditto (*a*) ...	83,580
	Ditto (*b*) ...	3,728

The largest balances were as usual due from estates Jalamutha, Majnamutha, Bhawani chak, and Jalamutha Jalpai in Midnapore. As regards the difficulties experienced in realising rents in the khas mahals of Contai, the Board quote the Subdivisional Officer, who writes thus:—

"Certificates were filed on requisitions prepared by tahsildars on reference to the jamabandi papers. In the majority of these cases it is found that the tenant whose name was originally recorded in the zamindari sarishta and against whom a certificate is filed has mortgaged a portion of his holding, sold another portion, which again the vendor has mortgaged to a third party, and so on. Thus a holding which originally stood in the name of one tenant is now found to be split up and in the possession of a number of persons whose names cannot of course be ascertained without repeated enquiries. This necessarily takes a long time and proves very harassing."

The Board add—

"This affords a forcible illustration of the difficulties and inconveniences that arise, looking at the matter from the landlord's point of view, from failure to keep the settlement records

corrected up to date so as to represent the facts of the present day. Here, though the landlord has at his disposal the weapon of the certificate procedure, yet the procedure cannot be enforced, because annual records of mutations have not been made. In order to obviate the difficulties which have arisen in the way of enforcing certificates, the Commissioner has, after consultation with the Legal Remembrancer and with the Board's approval, issued instructions to sue tenants in the Civil Court instead of having recourse to the certificate procedure."

In Jalpaiguri the large current balance of Rs. 63,390 is accounted for by the fact that the rent-roll of the recent settlement, which yielded a large increase of revenue, could not be got ready until the 14th February; but the Lieutenant-Governor observes with pleasure that the increased demand due to resettlement was realised without difficulty or opposition after the close of the year. It is also noticed with satisfaction that in Angul, which was recently resettled, the collections amounted to 99·72 per cent. of the current demand.

Road and public works cesses.

10. The Board submit a separate report on the road and public works cess operations. The statistics for the last quinquennial period are shown in the following statement:—

YEAR.	DEMANDS.			Collections.	Remissions.	Balances.	Percentage of balances on gross demand.
	Current.	Arrear.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1888-89 ...	76,19,896	17,20,662	93,40,558	74,86,777	20,925	17,98,942	19·2
1889-90 ...	76,60,539	18,04,134	94,64,673	77,54,684	76,885	16,58,728	17·5
1890-91 ...	78,38,927	18,35,056	94,73,983	76,84,012	12,661	19,33,855	19·9
1891-92 ...	79,67,933	19,44,615	99,12,548	80,61,032	25,453	18,35,454	18·51
1892-93 ...	80,91,015	16,58,356	97,49,371	82,76,738	13,207	14,86,741	15·24

The total collections amounted to Rs. 82,76,738, or 84·8 per cent. on the gross demand. There was a satisfactory improvement in respect of both collections and balances, which the Lieutenant-Governor hopes will grow in future years.

Revenue and rent money-orders.

11. The system of payment of revenue and cesses by money-order continues to grow in popularity and to work satisfactorily. The Lieutenant-Governor is awaiting a report from the Board on the question of amending the form of revenue money-orders, and on the other questions raised in Mr. Macpherson's Tauzi Report. His Honour will consult the Postmaster-General, Bengal, on the suggestion made by the Collector of Murshidabad that the postmasters of branch and sub-post-offices should be directed to assist illiterate remitters in correctly filling up the forms.

The following table shows the progress of these transactions during the last six years:—

YEAR.	Number.	Amount of revenue paid.	Average value of each order.
		Rs.	Rs. A.
1887-88 ...	47,248	2,07,156	4 6
1888-89 ...	92,402	6,60,800	7 2
1889-90 ...	139,535	11,11,353	7 15
1890-91 ...	160,892	15,64,268	9 11
1891-92 ...	167,229	14,68,037	8 12
1892-93 ...	183,403	16,35,409	8 14

These figures show a steady increase both in the number of orders and in the amount remitted.

The payment of rent by money-orders was authorised from 1st July 1891 in all districts in which the Bengal Tenancy Act is in force. The following table shows the working of the system in the Divisions in which it was in force during the years 1891-92 and 1892-93:—

Divisions.		Number of money-orders issued for rent.	Amount.	Number of such orders refused.	Amount.
1		2	3	4	5
			Rs.		Rs.
Burdwan	1892-93	12,645	1,15,270	4,360	28,555
	1891-92	12,917	1,17,682	4,[illegible]75	32,858
Presidency	1892-93	5,294	64,896	2,113	22,848
	1891-92	5,862	95,537	2,372	25,773
Rajshahi	1892-93	5,761	1,26,196	2,833	33,026
	1891-92	6,832	1,36,621	1,757	26,734
Dacca	1892-93	3,778	40,555	1,487	12,346
	1891-92	3,798	48,787	1,406	12,398
Chittagong	1892-93	9,010	58,244	1,439	17,542
	1891-92	3,[illegible]15	44,368	699	10,849
Patna	1892-93	4,956	82,157	1,023	9,404
	1891-92	3,369	38,[illegible]17	1,40[illegible]	11,169
Bhagalpur	1892-93	1,258	32,451	478	8,475
	1891-92	1,351	27,207	535	7,372
Total for 1892-93 ...		42,702	5,19,669	13,783	1,32,196
Total for 1891-92 ...		37,944	5,07,819	12,544	1,27,153

The figures given for the first four Divisions are for two full years, but for the remaining three Divisions the figures for 1891-92 are for nine months only. There was a falling off both in the number of money-orders issued and in the amount covered by them in the first four Divisions (in which only the data for comparison are available), due, it is said, to the fact that while the raiyats take advantage of the procedure only when their relations with their landlords are strained, or when there is a dispute as to the amount of the rent, the zamindars avail themselves of every plausible or technical excuse for refusing the money-orders, in order, as the Judge of Birbhum says, to be in a position to rush into Court with a plaint the first day of the next quarter. In this connexion the Board make the following observation—

"According to the provisions of section 58(3) of the Tenancy Act, a landlord who contumaciously refuses to give a receipt for rent duly remitted by money-order (which is a legal tender) and to prepare and retain a counterfoil or copy of the receipt or statement of account with the deliberate intent of harassing his raiyats by rushing into Court with suits on the first day of the next quarter is liable to fine."

This point will be further considered by Government.

Operation of the Sale Laws.

12. During the year 960 whole estates and 395 shares, bearing an aggregate revenue of Rs. 1,38,912, were sold, as compared with 1,368 estates and shares bearing a revenue of Rs. 1,52,802 in the preceding year. The Sale Law appears to have been administered with moderation. The percentage of defaults on estates and shares is highest in Saran, being 14·5, next comes Muzaffarpur with 12·1, then Mymensingh with 9·9, then Patna with 5·7, and last Chittagong with 3·4. The percentage of sales on defaults is highest in Chittagong, being 26·7, where it is observed the percentages of collections on demands are in every class of estates above the standard, while they are lowest in Shahabad, where the collections are worst. The facts seem to afford support to the opinion expressed in the Lieutenant-Governor's Resolution on the Board's Report of 1890-91, that the policy of leniency may be carried too far where Government revenue has not been paid with punctuality. In only two districts (Bankura and the 24-Parganas) were the orders, enjoining that the sales for a kist should be effected

before the date for the next kist comes round, not carried out. There were great delays in holding sales for arrears in Patna, Saran, Bhagalpur and Cuttack.

After the close of the year under report, revised draft Bills to amend the existing Revenue Sale Law and Public Demands Recovery Act were prepared and submitted to the Government of India, who have desired that the Bills be introduced in the Bengal Legislative Council.

Working of the Public Demands Recovery Act VII (B.C.) of 1880.

13. The following statement shows the number of certificate cases instituted and disposed of during the year under the different classes of demands:—

	Number pending from last year.	Number filed during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	PENDING— More than six months.	Less than six months.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Demands of all kinds under section 5	419	1,630	2,049	1,602	97	370	467
Arrears of rent due to Government, clause 6, section 7.	4,577	16,904	21,481	15,121	3,626	2,734	6,360
Embankment dues, section 50, Act VI (B.C.) of 1873.	1,392	6,853	8,245	5,755	216	2,274	2,490
Water-rates, Act III (B.C.) of 1876	5,620	9,228	14,848	13,498	125	1,225	1,350
Cesses Act, IX (B.C.) of 1880	50,418	78,952	129,370	89,607	15,569	24,194	39,763
Demands of the Court of Wards, clause 7, section 7.	10,064	9,906	19,970	12,033	6,753	1,184	7,937
All other demands under section 7	10,793	23,079	33,872	21,906	3,942	8,024	11,966
Total ...	83,283	146,572	229,855	159,522	30,328	40,005	70,333
Last year ...	......	159,700	......	154,225	28,364	55,636	84,000

The figures show a satisfactory decrease of 13,128 in the number of certificates filed, as compared with the number filed in the previous year; and the Lieutenant-Governor is glad to see that the total number of pending cases also decreased. Institutions in the water-rate collection department during the last three years were as follows:—

	FILED IN— 1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
Districts of the Orissa Division	13,596	8,634	7,991
Do. of the Patna „	4,908	3,167	2,914
Do. of the Burdwan „	7,739	3,427	1,237

During the year water-rate certificates in the Orissa Division were transferred from the Collector's Office to that of the Special Deputy Collector in charge of Canal Revenue.

The number of certificates filed for the recovery of cesses was 78,952 against 87,507 in the previous year, and certificates for the realisation of rent due to Government decreased from 18,304 to 16,904. A similar decrease also occurred in the number of certificates filed for the recovery of the demands of the Court of Wards. The difficulty experienced in enforcing certificates for recovery of khas mahal rents in the Contai subdivision for want of annual records of mutations has been already noticed.

Compulsory measures for realisation.

14. The number of cases in which actual sale was had recourse to rose from 3,552 to 6,380, the cases in which demands were paid upon service of notice increased from 48,199 to 52,047, while the number of persons imprisoned, who were eventually released without payment of the debt, decreased from 71 to 44. The number of persons imprisoned for not paying Government demands was 20 against 45 in the previous year.

Administration of the Land Revenue.

Estates under direct management.

15. The principles and rules affecting the funds for the management, improvement and protection of estates under the management of Government were explained in paragraph 15 of this Government's Resolution for the year 1891-92. Of the 12 per cent. deducted from the collections from those estates—

(*a*) 1 per cent. is devoted to purposes of education.

(*b*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. to communications.

(c) 2 per cent. to sanitary improvements.

(d) 7½ per cent. to (1) management proper, and (2) miscellaneous improvements.

In addition to the above fund—

(e) A separate grant (known as the Agricultural Public Works grant) is made yearly by Government for such works as irrigation, drainage, or embankments necessary for the increase or maintenance of the land revenue from Government or temporarily-settled estates.

From the proceeds of head (a) primary schools are maintained in Government estates; but the 1½ per cent. contribution for improvement of communications to and within these estates is everywhere amalgamated with the general District Road Fund.

The allotments and expenditure under the heads (c), (d), and (e) during the year under report are shown below:—

	Allotment.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
(c) 2 per cent. for sanitary improvements	3,51,158	46,087
(d) The 7½ per cent. for (1) Management proper.		(1)2,25,167
(d) The 7½ per cent. for (2) Miscellaneous improvements.		(2) 79,042
		3,50,296
(e) Agricultural Public Works grant ...	80,000	63,501
Total ...	4,31,158	4,13,797

It will be seen that the expenditure on agricultural public works fell short of the allotment by Rs. 16,499. As remarked by the Board, the local officers should see that the allotments made are fully utilized, and that no portion is allowed to lapse. A manager of a Government or Ward's estate, who is at all fit for his post ought to have no difficulty in suggesting and carrying out suitable works of improvement so far as funds will permit. He may have difficulty in obtaining funds, but failure to spend what is provided usefully and well can only arise from inefficiency or want of interest in his work. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that successful efforts have been made to introduce new staples in the Government estates in Jalpaiguri, and will be glad to learn whether tube-wells can be utilised for the purpose of obtaining pure drinking-water in Government estates, as suggested by Mr. Oldham.

Inspection of accounts.

16. Of the nine Commissioners, Mr. Forbes inspected 8, Mr. Nolan 4, Mr. Cooke 3, Mr. Oldham 2 khas tahsil offices, and Messrs. Power, Beames, Luttman-Johnson, and Greer (when officiating as Commissioner of Chittagong) inspected one khas tahsil office each. No inspection was made by the Commissioners of Bhagalpur and Chota Nagpur. Of the Collectors, Messrs. Slack, Macpherson, Savage, Growse, Hopkins, Fiddian, and N. K. Bose made the largest number of inspections. Of the Subdivisional Officers, Mr. Syud Nurul Huda, Subdivisional Officer of Nawada in Gaya, Babu Surjya Kumar Sen, Subdivisional Officer of Supaul in Bhagalpur, and Mr. M. H. W. Mackenzie, Subdivisional Officer of Alipore in Jalpaiguri, made the largest number of inspections. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Board that these inspections are very important, and thinks that as the chief safeguard against the occurrence of malpractices and the misappropriation by the subordinate collecting agency of sums collected from the raiyats is in the examination by Managers, Collectors, and Assistant Collectors of the raiyats' receipts, and in comparison of the amounts entered in them with those credited in the tahsil books, all Collectors should give attention to these matters in the course of their tours. Since the close of the year, instructions have been issued to the Board to take security from all officials who handle public money, including managers or tahsildars in khas mahals, and the Board have been requested to submit for the approval of Government

draft rules to give effect to them. The condition of the raiyats in Government estates is said to be generally better than that of their neighbours under private zamindars. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor hopes that this is so.

Surveys.

17. As most of the principal surveys and settlements in progress in Bengal are reviewed by Government in a separate Resolution, they are only referred to briefly in this Resolution. The survey of the town of Calcutta under Colonel W. H. Wilkins was continued during the year. The survey work proper had been finished, and it remained to complete the maps after the decision of all boundaries and title disputes. It is hoped that the whole work may be finished by April 1894.

During the year the Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture was relieved generally of supervision of smaller settlements under the Bengal Tenancy Act, and it has been decided that as a general rule such settlements should be carried out by District Officers in direct subordination to the Commissioner of the Division. With a view to ensure correct procedure and steady progress in regard to this class of work, the Board have been requested to prepare a plain manual for the guidance of District Officers. The following table shows the progress made in the settlements of Government and temporarily-settled and private estates under the control of the Director of Land Records during the year:—

Government and Temporarily-settled Estates.

Name of estate or tract under settlement.	Estimated area in square miles.	Total number of villages.	Area surveyed during the year under report.	Area surveyed up to the end of the year under report.	Number of villages of which attestation has been completed.	Number of villages of which the final records of rights have been published under section 105 (2) of the Tenancy Act.	Cost during the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Sq. miles.	Sq. miles.			Rs.
All temporarily settled estates and four permanently-settled estates in Cuttack	2,325	4,979	1,316	2,206	2,133	......	5,55,868 (for these three rows)
All temporarily-settled estates in Puri ...	985·90	1,957	......	985·90	1,940	......	
Ditto ditto in Balasore	1,697	2,580	914	914	......	......	
Chittagong district	2,498	1,080	530·62	1,832·52	641	35	2,40,618
Western Duars in Jalpaiguri	766·93	10,563	......	766·93	10,563 jotes	Records for 4,978 jotes published under Act XVI of 1869.	43,360
Pataspur estates in Midnapur	56·82	92	14·78	14·78	......	......	5,785
Jaipur Government estates in Bogra ...	44·1	......	......	......	......	......	...
17 Char estates in Backergunge	82·73	17	......	82·73	17	14	3,690
Char Gazi and Fakira in Noakhali ...	16·7	2	......	16·7	1	......	631
Total temporarily-settled tracts and Government estates.	8,473·18	21,270	2,775·40	6,819·56	15,296	5,027	8,49,942

Private Estates excluding Wards' Estates.

Name of estate or tract under settlement.	Estimated area in square miles.	Total number of villages.	Area surveyed during the year under report.	Area surveyed up to the end of the year under report.	Number of villages of which attestation has been completed.	Number of villages of which the final records of rights have been published under section 105 (2) of the Tenancy Act.	Cost during the year.
				Sq. miles			
Mollarpur in Birbhum	36·76	45	......	36·76	45	...	8,270
Ulania taluk in Backergunge	17	32	......	15·56	10	...	6,664
Pargana Roshnabad in Tippera	556	1,418	......	176	...	...	68,243
Pulpara in Tippera	3	11	......	Work commenced after 31st March 1893.			
North Bihar (Muzaffarpur and Champaran)	1,000	1,260	......	534·91	5	...	1,85,046
Ruksol and other villages in Champaran	6·77	5	......	6·77	4	...	2,696
Sonthal Parganas (20 private etates) ...	389	539	......	288·90	...	...	33,718
Total Private Estates ...	2,008·53	3,310	......	1,058·90	180	...	3,04,637

The total area of Government and temporarily-settled estates professionally surveyed was 2,775 square miles, and the total expenditure on survey Rs. 4,45,765, or 4 annas per acre.

The following table shows the progress made in smaller settlements under the Tenancy Act under the supervision of the Commissioners of Divisions during the year:—

	Estimated area in acres.	Total number of villages.	Area surveyed during the year.	Total area surveyed up to the end of the year.	Number of villages in which record of rights has been completed.	Cost during the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	A. R. P.		A. R. P.	A. R. P.		Rs. A. P.
Government estates in the districts of Midnapore, Pabna, Dacca, Faridpur, Tippera and Shahabad.	42,297 0 0	148	8,395 0 0	37,250 0 0	133	4,052 0 0
Private estates (excluding Wards' Estates) in the districts of Bankura, Midnapore, 24-Parganas, Jessore, Nadia, Murshidabad, Rangpur, Dacca, Faridpur, Backergunge, Mymensingh, Noakhali and Champaran.	92,474 3 23	283	38,411 2 11	63,777 1 22	112	32,725 11 5

The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor notices with pleasure that the increased revenue resulting from the settlements of Angul, Banki and Jalpaiguri, has been realised without friction or difficulty, but regrets to notice that the work of attestation done in Orissa during the year was so imperfect. Now that the talukdars of Chittagong have been authoritatively declared to be tenure-holders, His Honour hopes that the settlement of Ramu in Chittagong will be completed without further delay.

Land Registration.

18. The following statement exhibits the number of interests registered under initial registration, and the number of applications for mutation filed during the year:—

1	2	3			4	5	6
Divisions.	Total number of interests registered under initial registration (section 38).	Number of applications under section 42 filed during the year—			Percentage of column 3 (c) on column 2.	Percentage during 1891-92.	Percentage during 1890-91.
		(a) On account of succession by inheritance, whether under will or otherwise.	(b) On account of succession by purchase, gift, or otherwise.	(c) Total.			
Burdwan	50,044	1,626	1,637	3,263	[illegible]5	6·7	6·9
Presidency	62,926	1,965	1,350	3,315	[illegible]·2	5·1	4·3
Rajshahi	26,935	1,155	733	1,888	7·0	7·2	6·3
Dacca	99,431	3,899	4,334	8,233	8·2	7·7	7·7
Chittagong	184,585	3,652	4,009	7,661	4·1	6·9	7·2
Patna	287,642	9,505	8,997	18,502	6·4	6·1	6·2
Bhagalpur	96,614	1,595	2,137	3,732	3·8	3·9	3·1
Orissa	160,694	2,938	3,832	6,830	4·2	3·4	3·3
Chota Nagpur	2,336	64	19	83	3·5	3·5	2·9
Total ...	971,200	26,459	27,048	53,507	5·5	5·7	5·7
Total for 1891-92 ...	971,150	28,815	27,478	56,293			

The percentage of mutations, or initial registrations, is lower than in previous years. The total number of cases disposed of was 59,037, against 61,425 during 1891-92.

Partitions.

19. The following statement gives particulars of the number of cases instituted, disposed of, and pending in the three heaviest Divisions—Patna, Bhagalpur, and Dacca—the partition work elsewhere being little more than nominal:—

Division.	Pending at close of—		Instituted during—		Total.		Disposed of during—		Pending at close of—	
	1890-91.	1891-92.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Patna	1,680	1,679	446	338	2,126	2,017	447	472	1,679	1,545
Bhagalpur	127	119	41	39	168	158	49	57	119	10[illegible]
Dacca	452	463	136	92	588	555	125	114	463	441

There was an improvement in the number of cases disposed of in the Patna and Bhagalpur Divisions, but the number disposed of in the Dacca Division was less than in the previous year. The Collectors have been directed to utilise the survey records in partition proceedings, and to bear in mind that whenever a record of rights and settlement of rents have been made under the Tenancy Act, the rentals recorded are binding on all parties so long as they are in force, and must be accepted as the basis of partition. In districts where a notification has issued proclaiming any area for survey, no measurement has been allowed other than the survey measurement. This order applied to the districts of Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Saran, Champaran, Cuttack, Puri, Balasore, and Chittagong.

With a view to diminish the great delays which now characterise partition proceedings, and to put a check to the growing number of cases, a draft Bill for the amendment of the existing law has been prepared, and the Board have been requested to circulate it for the opinions of all Divisional and District Officers. In the meantime the Board have issued certain instructions for the guidance of all officers employed on partitions, which it is believed will to some extent expedite work.

20. The following table shows the quantity of land acquired during the year under Act X of 1870, and the cost of acquisition, as well as the department for which it was acquired:—

Land Acquisition.

For whom acquired.	Area of land acquired.	Abatement of Government revenue.	Cost of acquisition.
	A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government	466 3 1	265 8 5	1,57,981 11 10
Irrigation	790 0 9	391 14 7	1,13,187 10 10
Municipalities	84 2 28	21 14 8	1,81,615 0 4
Railways	4,068 3 11	787 13 2	10,60,173 0 1
District Boards	593 3 34	7 2 1	56,469 15 4
Chaukidars' jagir lands ...	18 1 33	0 0 3	1,668 15 4
GRAND TOTAL ...	6,022 2 36	1,474 5 2	15,71,096 5 9

Of the lands acquired for Government, the most important projects were those for the extension of Police Court premises in Calcutta, extension of Lebong cantonment land at Darjeeling, and the Bengal Veterinary Institution at Belgatchia.

The great differences in the cost per acre paid for land acquired for public purposes, in different districts, and in different parts of the same district, as shown in Appendix No. XIV, suggest the conclusion that sufficient check is not exercised over expenditure incurred in acquisition of land. As land-owners cannot recover a higher rent for land than that entered in the cess papers, unless they can show that the rents have been lawfully enhanced since the returns were filed, Deputy Collectors employed in the acquisition of land have been directed by the Board always to refer to these papers in determining the rental to be taken as the basis of their calculations for awarding compensation. Sir Antony MacDonnell approves of these instructions, and hopes that the Board will see they are complied with.

The revised Bill for the amendment of the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870 is now pending in the Legislative Council of the Government of India.

Kanungos and patwaris.

21. In Orissa the majority of the kanungos and the patwaris continued to be employed on settlement work. After consulting the Hon'ble the Advocate-General, the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor at first decided to enforce the registration of Bihar patwaris in the Collectors' offices, so as to bring them under official control, before utilising them for the purposes of the Bihar survey. But it has now been decided to abandon the project of employing the patwaris of Bihar in the survey operations for reasons which were given in the papers published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 15th August last, as it was found that the landlords preferred that a more highly paid agency should be employed both in the preparation and in the maintenance of the record. Sir Antony MacDonnell has lately submitted to the Government of India a draft Bill for establishing such an agency for the maintenance of records of rights made under Chapter X of the Tenancy Act.

Advances under the Land Improvement Loans Act.

22. Out of the sum of Rs. 1,32,400 allotted for advances under the Land Improvement Loans Act, XIX of 1883, Rs. 70,730 only were disbursed, and of this Rs. 24,050 were advanced in Gaya for village embankments and minor irrigation works. With regard to the very large difference between the sums allotted and those actually given out by Collectors, these officers generally explain that failure to expend the allotments was due to (1) insufficient security furnished by the applicants, (2) want of adequate establishment to make the enquiries, and (3) the fact that many of the applications having been received towards the end of the year, the enquiries connected with them could not be completed within the year. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Board in thinking that more might have been done than was done during the year, and that so many applications should not have been left undisposed of at the end of it.

The following were the demands, collections and balances on account of advances under the Land Improvement Loans Act during the year:—

Outstanding advances.	Demand (principal + interest) falling due during the year.	Collections (principal + interest) during the year.	Percentage of collection on demand.	Remission.	Balance at close of the year.
Rs. 2,75,487	Rs. 88,594	Rs. 57,967	65·4	Rs. 6,978	Rs. 23,649

Advances under the Agriculturists' Loans Act.

The sum of Rs. 1,93,070 was advanced under the Agriculturists' Loans Act during the year. Owing to the scarcity prevailing in parts of the Patna Division at the beginning of the year under report, Rs. 77,750 were advanced to the cultivators in the several districts of that Division, except Patna and Champaran. Of this sum, Rs. 25,616 were distributed in Muzaffarpur and Rs. 33,012 in Darbhanga. In the Bhagalpur Division Rs. 69,961 were issued in the districts of Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Purnea, and Sonthal Parganas to raiyats whose crops had suffered from deficient rainfall. In Puri Rs. 12,537 were advanced, as the raiyats, especially those of the Government Estate Kodha, because of indifferent crops in 1891-92, were in want of money for the purchase of seed.

The demands, collections and balances on account of advances under the Agriculturists' Loans Act during the year were as follows:—

Outstanding advances.	Demand (principal + interest) falling due during the year.	Collections (principal + interest) during the year.	Percentage of collection on demand.	Remission.	Balance at close of the year.
Rs. 4,66,731	Rs. 2,24,248	Rs. 1,46,480	65·3	Rs. 319	Rs. 77,450

RENT.

Relations between landlord and tenant.

23. The relations between landlords and their tenants have, with the exceptions noted below, been on the whole fairly satisfactory throughout the Province, the exceptions indicated in some districts the existence of ill-feeling in particular localities. The relations between Messrs. Watson and Company and their raiyats in taraf Paschim and pargana Silda in the Midnapore district are still unsatisfactory, owing, it is said, to the straining by the firm, to the utmost, of their legal rights against any one who refuses to grow indigo. The Collector is trying to make an amicable arrangement by securing for the raiyats free pasturage in certain demarcated areas, and the right of taking spontaneous forest products. The Lieutenant-Governor regrets to learn that the relations between Raja Peary Mohun Mukerji and his tenants in the Ulubaria subdivision of the Hooghly district were also somewhat strained.

In the Khulna district the practice of one landlord buying up the rights of the under-tenants of another is said to be a fruitful source of ill-feeling and the cause of serious riots. In Faridpur the naib of a zamindar was murdered by some of the raiyats. In Backergunge the relations of landlord and tenant are reported to be strained in one-fourth of the district, while in Mymensingh their relations are reported to be those of sullen discontent. In the Patna Division disputes arising from enhancements of rent on the one side, and withholding of rents on the other, culminated in breaches of the peace in the Bihar subdivision of Patna, in Bhojepur in Shahabad, in Sitamarhi in Muzaffarpur, in the Madhubani subdivision of Darbhanga, and in Sewan.

The Board observe that—

"Proceedings under chapter X of the Tenancy Act have settled protracted and obstinate disputes in Dubalhati, in the Sujamutha estates of the Burdwan Raj, in the Srinagar-Banaili estates of Bhagalpur, in the Dakhin Shabazpur estates of Backergunge, in the Mollarpur estate in Birbhum, and may be expected to have similar results wherever they are conducted with discretion and in conformity with the law."

Operation of the Tenancy Act.

24. It is reported that in many districts the tenants have not yet become familiar with the provisions of the Tenancy Act made in their favour. Sections 3 to 5, 19 to 38, 41 to 49, 53 to 75, 80, Chapter X, and sections 189 to 191, have been extended to the Orissa Division. The extension of the Act to the Chota Nagpur Division is still under consideration.

The following statement shows the operation in the various Divisions of some of the most important sections of the Act:—

1	2			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Divisions.	Transfer of Tenures.			Commutation of rent payable in kind, section 40.	Appraisement or division of produce where rent is paid in kind, sections 69 and 70.	Registration of improvements, section 80.	Certificates of Collectors as to acquisition of land for building or other purposes, section 84.	Notices of resumption of land by landlords, section 87 (2).	Written permission to landlords to measure land, section 90.	Applications by Collector for appointment of common managers, section 93.	Applications made for the survey and record of rights (under Chapter X).	Applications made for survey and record of proprietors' private lands (under Chapter XI).	Local enquiries held by order of a Court, section 158.
	(a) Voluntary, section 12 (3).	(b) By sale in execution of decree, sections 13 (2) and 14.	(c) By succession, section 15.										
Burdwan	4,759	141	72	20	6	87	...	14	...	...	12	1	1
Presidency	8,525	240	107	...	3	18	...	5	...	...	14	...	...
Rajshahi	695	77	5	...	...	12	...	8	...	...	4	...	1
Dacca	2,427	945	133	...	...	42	...	5	1	...	18	...	18
Chittagong	2,592	616	273	...	...	30	...	5	...	...	4	...	51
Patna	1,475	9	...	23	306	91	...	889	...	...	1	...	8
Bhagalpur	1,266	87	...	1	73	14	...	108	...	...	1	3	2
Total for 1892-93 ...	21,739	2,115	650	44	388	294	...	1,034	1	...	54	4	81
Do. for 1891-92 ...	25,194	2,451	454	45	324	352	...	158	...	...	52	1	84

Fifty-four applications were made for survey and settlement under Chapter X of the Act, of which 6 related to Government estates, 4 to Wards' estates, and 44 to private estates. With regard to the operation of the provisions of the Act relating to giving of receipts, the Commissioner of Patna observes—

"I have frequently brought to notice the almost universal disregard by Civil Courts of the provisions of sections 56, 57, and 58. In no district that I have served in have I ever known of a Civil Court reporting a landlord for punishment under the third clause of the last-mentioned section, although the offence referred to constantly comes to the notice of every rent-suit Munsif in Bengal."

There was a remarkable increase in the number of notices of re-entry under section 87 (2) in the Champaran and Darbhanga districts, due, it is said, to the landlords seeing the advantage of complying with the law in this respect. But though, as the Board remark, this may be a sufficient explanation from the landlord's point of view, it is not a satisfactory explanation of the fact that 667 raiyats in Champaran and 116 in Darbhanga had so little interest in their holdings that they voluntarily abandoned them.

Rent suits.

25. The number of suits before Revenue Courts under the rent laws for the years 1891-92 and 1892-93 is shown below:—

Districts.	Number of cases instituted.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1891-92.	1892-93.		
1	2	3	4	5
Darjeeling ...	20	21	1	......
Jalpaiguri ...	4,050	4,690	640	......
Cuttack ...	2,952	2,674	......	278
Puri ...	2,035	2,112	77	......
Balasore ...	2,207	2,172	......	35
Angul ...	......	......	......	......
Hazaribagh ...	2,333	2,974	641	......
Lohardaga ...	9,937	8,627	......	1,310
Singbhum ...	458	395	......	63
Manbhum ...	6,605	6,321	......	284
Palamau ...	...	172	172	......
Total ...	30,597	30,158	1,531	1,970

In the Chota Nagpur Division the necessity for promptly disposing of rent suits and avoiding frequent adjournments has been impressed on the district officers and their subordinates. Only 183 applications for distraint were made in all of the districts in which the Bengal Tenancy Act is not in force taken together, as against 2,877 of the districts to which it has been extended. As the Board observe, the comparative fewness of applications in the former districts gives ground for suspicion that in them the system of "roking" of crops, or illegal distraint, is still had recourse to.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Collector's business statement.

26. There were 367,067 miscellaneous cases instituted against 365,795, and 390,450 disposed of against 355,901 in the previous year. The form of Collectors' business statement was revised and improved during the year.

Working of the Zamindari Dák Cess Act VIII (B.C.) of 1862.

27. As stated in paragraph 2 of this Resolution, the working of the Zamindari Dák Cess Act, so far as demand and collections of zamindari dák cess are concerned, has been transferred from the Magistrate to the Collector subject to the control of the Board. The rates of cess and the dates of payments of the half-yearly instalments have been fixed for the several districts for the next five years, commencing from 1st January 1893.

Out of 169,924 estates borne on the revenue rolls of the several districts, only 75,229, or 44·2 per cent., are assessed to zamindari dák cess as having a revenue of Rs. 50 and above. The total receipts of the year were Rs. 3,73,744, as noted below:—

	Rs.
Zamindari dák cess	3,39,568
Fines imposed under Act VIII (B.C.) of 1862	27,239
Process fees	6,937
Total ...	3,73,744

The total cost of the zamindari dák was as follows:—

		Rs.
Cost of head-quarters establishment	...	52,139
Cost of process-serving and other collecting establishment	...	26,267
Wages of dák-runners and other expenses ...	...	2,77,452
Total	...	3,55,858

28. The Board think it needless and invidious to attempt to distinguish between the respective merits and services of Commissioners, one and all of whom have given them able and willing assistance. The paragraphs relating to the conduct of officers will be communicated to the Appointment Department. The thanks of Government are due to Mr. Stevens for his able and efficient administration of the Land Revenue Department during the year, and Sir Antony MacDonnell desires to tender to both Members of the Board his hearty acknowledgments for the willing co-operation and valuable assistance which they have given him since he assumed charge of the administration of these Provinces.

Merits of officers.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 21st October, 1893.

Division	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.					
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan	Oct. 21, '93	2·00	Weather—seasonable. Prospects continue good. *Aus* being cut. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Burdwan ... 10 to 13 Srs.; Kalna ... 9 to 13; Katwa ... 12$\frac{1}{16}$; Raniganj ... 12¼ per rupee.
		Kalna	...	2·55	
		Katwa	...	1·83	
		Raniganj	...	2·85	
	2	Bankura	„ 21, '93	2·36	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. Harvesting of *aus* finished. Lands being prepared for *rabi* crops. *Aman* doing well. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Common rice selling at 15½ seers per rupee at Bankura and 12¾ seers at Vishnupur.
	3	Birbhum	„ 21, '93	1·09	Weather—cloudy with occasional sunshine. Early paddy crops, which are all in ear, as well as the winter paddy are doing well. Price of common rice stationary.
		Rampur Hát	...	2·64	
	4	Midnapore	„ 21, '93	3·29	Weather—cloudy with occasional showers. Prospects of standing crops excellent except in inundated parts. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Sadar ... 13 Srs.; Contai ... 13; Tamluk ... 12; Ghatal ... 11 to 12 per rupee.
	5	Hooghly	„ 21, '93	2·43	Weather—hot and rainy. Harvesting of *aus* not yet finished. Prospects of *aman* rice very favourable. Fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Sadar ... 11 Srs.; Serampore ... 10 to 11; Jahanabad ... 11 to 12¾ per rupee.
		Serampore	...	2·66	
		Jahanabad	...	3·14	
	6	Howrah	„ 21, '93	2·52	Weather—cloudy. Transplantation of *aman* crop is over. The late rain has done much good to the standing crops. Price of rice 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas	„ 21, '93	2·13	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops fair everywhere except in thana Bankipur. Ploughing for *rabi* crops going on. Rice sells at— Sadar ... 9 to 11⅜ Srs.; Diamond Harbour ... 11 Srs. 0 c.; Basirhat ... 9 Srs. 13¼ c.; Barasat ... 11 Srs. 0 c. per rupee.
	8	Nadia	„ 21, '93	1·51	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects of crops hopeful. Lands are being prepared and sown with winter crops. Fodder and water sufficient.
		Kushtia	...	1·58	
		Meherpur	...	2·20	
		Chuadanga	...	1·31	
		Ranaghat	...	3·83	
	9	Khulna	„ 21, '93	0·85	Weather—showery. Prospects of *aman* good. Land being ploughed for *rabi* crops.
		Bagerhat	...	2·86	
		Satkhira	...	2·24	
	10	Jessore	„ 21, '93	0·30	Weather—seasonable with occasional clouds and rain. The rainfall of the week has done much good to the *aman* and *rabi* crops and sowings of oilseeds. Cultivation for winter crops and sowings in progress. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient.
		Jhenida	...	0·98	
		Magura	...	1·61	
		Narail	...	1·47	
		Bangaon	...	5·00	
	11	Murshidabad	„ 21, '93	1·81	Weather—seasonable. Winter rice doing well. Sowing of *rabi* crops stopped for the recent rain. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 11 seers per rupee.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*			
	CHITTAGONG DIVN.		
12	Chittagong ...	...	Report not received.
13	Noakhali ...	...	Report not received.
14	Tippera Oct. 21, '93	4·3	Weather—seasonable. Transplantation of *aman* paddy nearly finished. Prospects of crops not very hopeful. Recent rain has done some good to paddy. Price of rice has fallen a little. Fodder not sufficient.
15	Chittagong Hill Tracts. ...	...	Report not received.
	DACCA DIVN.		
16	Dacca Oct. 21, '93	2·30	Weather—hot with occasional rain. Harvesting of jute finished and that of paddy commenced in some places. Prospects of *aman* favourable. Mustard, *mug* and *kalai* being sown. Common rice selling at from 7 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
17	Faridpur .. 21, '93 Goalundo ... Madaripur ...	1·21 1·45 1·39	Weather—cloudy and fine with occasional slight rain. Prospects of standing crops good. Early *aman* being harvested and sowing of *kalai* commenced. Water subsiding rapidly. Price of rice 9 to 11 seers per rupee. Cattle-disease in some parts of Bhedorganj and Palong thanas in the Madaripur subdivision.
18	Backergunge „ 21, '93	2·09	Weather—hot with occasional rain. Nights getting cool. Prospects of standing crops fair. Common rice sells from 8 to 9 seers and coarse rice 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
19	Mymensingh „ 21, '93	5·30	Weather—hot with occasional rain. Prospects of standing crops good. Common rice selling at 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient except in the Kishorganj subdivision.
	RAJSHAHI DIVN.		
20	Dinajpur „ 21, '93 Thakurgaon ...	1·83 1·82	Weather—seasonable with slight showers. Outturn of winter rice expected to be 16 annas. Lands are being ploughed for *rabi* crops. Condition of cattle good. Price of rice at Sadar and Thakurgaon stationary. Supply of fodder and drinking water ample.
21	Rajshahi „ 21, '93 Nator ...	2·48 1·79	Weather—cloudy and rainy. Prospects of crops good. The rain has done much good to the standing rice crop. No cattle-disease reported. Water and fodder-supply ample. Price of rice stationary.
22	Rangpur „ 21, '93 Nilphamari ... Gaibanda ... Kurigaon ...	1·24 0·50 1·01 0·15	Weather—seasonable. Lands under preparation for cold-weather crops. Peas, mustard and *kalai* being sown. Prospects of *aman* very favourable. Price of common rice 9 to 10 seers per rupee.
23	Bogra „ 21, '93 Sherpur ... Naukhila ...	1·32 3·25 2·73	Weather—seasonable. Paddy and sugarcane doing well. Price of common rice stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
24	Pabna „ 21, '93	1·86	Weather—cloudy and rainy. The late rain has done good to paddy. Mustard, *khesari*, and hemp are being sown. Rice sells at 10 seers per rupee in Pabna and Rs. 4-8 to Rs. 4-12 per maund in Sirajganj. Jute sells at Rs. 6-8 to Rs. 7-2 per maund. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
25	Darjeeling „ 21, '93 Siliguri ...	5·47 1·8	Weather—cloudy and wet at beginning of week; fine at its close. *In the hills:—Haimanti dhan, bara marua, phaphur, kalai*, and potatoes progressing favourably. *Toree* being planted. *In the Terai:*—Prospects of *haimanti* favourable. Rain has done much good to standing crops. Outturn of jute and *bhadoi* estimated at 16 annas and 15 annas respectively. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 } per rupee.
26	Jalpaiguri „ 21, '93	2·70	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Steeping of jute continues. Price of common rice stationary. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.				
Bhagalpur Divn.	27	Monghyr Oct. 21, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	1·98 1·23 2·18	Weather—cloudy and rainy, hot in day, and cool in night. Prospect of winter rice very promising. *Kurthi*, indigo, and sugarcane doing well. *Rabi* sowings commenced. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle-disease towards Nawadih and Sekundra. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 14 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 12 Jamui 12½
	28	Bhagalpur „ 21, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ...	2·76 1·00 0·55	Weather—seasonable. Sowing of *rabi* crops going on. Prospect of winter rice good. Cattle-disease is reported to be prevailing in the Sultanganj thana of the Sadar subdivision.
	29	Purnea „ 21, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	3·46 0·75 1·05	Weather—cloudy with heavy rain towards the middle of the week. Cool in the morning and foggy. *Aghani* doing well. Cultivation for *rabi* progressing favourably. Fodder and water plentiful. No cattle-disease. Prices of rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 18 } per rupee. Kishanganj ... ... 12 to 13 Araria 18
	30	Malda „ 21, '93	4·18	Weather—fair; rather warm for the time of the year. Rain has done good to winter rice which is coming into ear, but retarded indigo sowing. Sowing of *rabi* crops commenced. Ordinary rice selling from 11 to 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	31	Sonthal Parganas „ 21, 93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara .. Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	1·15 1·93 2·43 2·10 2·61 2·10	Weather—sultry with partial rain in heavy showers; clearing up now with north wind. There has been almost too much wind and rain. Rice will be a bumper crop. Lands are being prepared for winter crops. Fodder-supply good.
Patna Division.	32	Patna „ 21, '93 Bihar ... Dinapore ... Barh ...	6·13 1·77 11·06 1·14	Weather—now fine after a most cloudy week. The rice crop is not believed to have suffered from the heavy rain in the north-west of the district, and in the east it has had sufficient rain to still more improve its prospects. Potatoes have suffered in Dinapore and Sadar. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 } per rupee. Barh ... ... 12½ Bihar ... ... 17 Dinapore 13
	33	Gaya „ 21, '93 Nawada ... Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ...	1·67 2·11 2·93 3·21	Weather—stormy most of week: now clear and cool. Crop prospects much improved by rain. Paddy crop excellent, and prices of rice fallen to— Srs. Gaya ... ... 14½ } per rupee. Aurangabad ... ... 14½ Jahanabad ... ... 15 Nawada ... ... 17 Fodder and water-supply ample.
	34	Shahabad „ 21, '93 Buxar ... Sasaram ... Bhabhua ...	3·60 8·44 5·60 3·19	Weather—cool and cloudy with alternate sunshine. Prospect of paddy continues to be promising except in the Sasaram subdivision. *Rabi* already sown is reported to have suffered on low lands. Reaping of *serha* and *sathi* paddy practically over. Prices stationary.
	35	Darbhanga „ 21, '93 Madhubani ... Samastipur ...	9·32 4·75 2·67	Weather—cloudy and rainy. The rainfall of the week has done immense good to the rice crop generally. It has, however, injured the *rabi* already sown. Fine weather is now much wanted to facilitate cultivation for *rabi* sowings. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Prices remain stationary.
	36	Muzaffarpur „ 21, '93 Hajipur ...	11·80 6·14	Weather—rainy but fair since yesterday (20th). Rice doing well. *Rabi* sowings retarded on account of heavy rain. Fodder plentiful.

No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*				
Patna Division—concld.				
37	Saran	Oct. 21, '93	4·23	Unusual amount of rain for the season. Prospects of crops excellent. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Chapra ... ... 15 srs. 12 c.; Siwan ... ... 15 srs. 8 c.; Gopalganj ... ... 16 srs. 14 c. per rupee.
	Siwan	...	8·81	
	Gopalganj	...	1·53	
38	Champaran	„ 21, '93	8·40	Weather—was very foul during the first three days of the week with constant showers. It has cleared up from yesterday (20th). Prospects of *aghani* good. Prices almost stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.				
Orissa Divn.				
39	Cuttack	...	...	Report not received.
40	Puri	Oct. 19, '93	7·17	Weather—stormy with frequent showers. *Sarad* rice growing well. *Laghu* rice in ear. Miscellaneous crops doing well. General prospects good. Prices of common rice:— Sadar ... ... 14 srs. 7 c. to 15 srs. 12 c. per rupee. Khurda ... ... not reported.
	Khurda	...	5·34	
41	Balasore	„ 21, '93	4·40	Weather—seasonable. The recent rainfall has been most beneficial to the crops, especially on high lands.
CHOTA NAGPUR.				
South-West Frontier Agency.				
Chota Nagpur Divn.				
42	Hazaribagh	Oct. 21, '93	4·45	Weather—stormy and very wet; fine since 20th. Prospects of winter rice very good; 16-annas outturn expected. Sugarcane doing well. Sowings of *rabi* crops about three-fourths completed. Fodder and water ample. Prices stationary.
43	Lohardaga	...	...	Report not received.
44	Palamau	Oct. 20, '93	2·93	Heavy rain and wind, which cleared off to-day (20th). Heavy rain throughout the district has greatly benefited the paddy which will now be a full crop. The rain has damaged the *rabi* lately sown, but there is plenty of time for resowing where necessary, and prospects are extremely favourable. A little cattle-disease reported. Prices still stationary. Fodder and water ample.
45	Singhbhum	„ 21, '93	0·76	Clouds have nearly dispersed. Cold weather has decidedly set in this morning Crops continue to thrive, and the late showers have improved the prospect Cattle-disease reported from Baharagora.
46	Manbhum	„ 21, '93	1·98	Weather—stormy with heavy rain, not favourable to the crops. Low-land crops are suffering from excessive moisture. Rice sells from 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 24th October, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Division	Number.	DISTRICTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			JOWAR OR CHOLUM, (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)		
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL.			S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	1	Burdwan ...	13 5	12 7	12 10	...	...	...	9 6	9 0	9 0	12 12	10 8	11 4	...	...	...
	2	Bankura ...	14 8	14 4	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 12	12 5	13 4	10 8		...	...
	3	Birbhum ...	12 0	12 0	10 4	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	9 12	12 12	12 12	11 4	...	...	...
	4	Midnapore ...	11 0	11 0	11 10	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	9 8	12 3	12 3	10 10	...	...	...
	5	Hooghly ...	13 0	13 0	12 8	13 0	13 0	13 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	9 8		...	...
	6	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 14	8 14	8 14	11 4	11 4	11 6	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.		Calcutta	12 0	12 1	11 2	16 6	16 6	15 3	7 1	7 1	8 0	9 8	9 8	10 13	18 4	18 4	15 6
	7	24-Parganas ...	13 4	11 12	11 4	16 0	16 0	16 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	10 12	10 12	11 0	...	...	...
	8	Nadia ...	14 3½	15 4½	11 13½	...	...	...	8 0	8 13	9 0	10 13	10 10½	11 4	...	...	...
	9	Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	10 4	...	...	...
	10	Jessore ...	11 8	11 8	10 0	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 4	11 0	10 8	12 8	...	...	...
	11	Murshidabad ...	13 0	13 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	9 0	12 0	11 8	12 0	...	...	...
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.	12	Chittagong ...	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 8	10 0	10 0	11 0	12 0	...	...	...
	13	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	7 4	10 0	9 8	9 4	11 0	...	...	...
	14	Tippera ...	9 12	8 0	9 8	...	...	...	7 8	7 0	7 6¼	8 4	8 0	8 0	...	...	...
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	8 14	8 14	...	...	...
DACCA DIVISION.	16	Dacca ...	13 0	13 0	11 0	16 0	...	...	7 0	6 12	9 0	9 12	8 0	10 0	...	...	...
	17	Faridpur ...	15 0	15 0	10 0	18 0	18 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	11 0	...	...	...
	18	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 0	8 6	8 4	10 8	...	...	...
	19	Mymensingh ...	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	...	...	...
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.	20	Dinajpur ...	15 10	12 0	11 4	12 0	...	15 12	9 0	9 10	8 12	13 3	11 10	13 4	...	...	...
	21	Rajshahi ...	15 12	15 12	12 0	18 12	24 0	12 0	8 4	8 10	9 0	12	10 2	11 4	...	...	...
	22	Rangpur	13 8	13 5	11 8	...	...	...	7 8	8 0	8 0	10 2	10 0	10 0	...	...	...

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kalna 10 seers, Raniganj 10½ seers, and Katwa 10¾ seers.

B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.

C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 11¼ seers per rupee.

D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Contai 10 seers, Tamluk 11 seers, and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks.

E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Serampore (at Bhadreswar) 10 seers 10 chitaks and Jahanabad 10 seers 10 chitaks.

F At Ulubaria the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

G In the mufassal marts the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Chetla hât 11 seers 7 chitaks, Magra hát 10 seers 10 chitaks, Baduria 11 seers, Barasat 10 seers 10 chitaks.

H In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kushtia (Bahadurkhali) not reported, Chuadanga 10 seers, Meherpur 11 seers, and Ranaghat 9 seers.

I In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bagerhat 8 seers and Satkhira 10 seers 10 chitaks

...S OF 80 TOLAHS.

...A OR CUMBU. (...nisetum typhoideum.)		MARUA OR RAGI. (Eleusine Corocana.)		
Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, … Chhola, K… or Sun… (*Cicer arie…*)	
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	20 0	20 0
...	...	...	16 4	16 4
...	...	...	18 0	18 0
...	...	...	14 8	14 [illegible]
...	...	...	14 0	14 [illegible]
...	...	...	...	...
8 12	8 12	10 0	14 0	14 0
8 0	8 0	7 8	20 0	20 0
...	...	...	22 13	22 13
...	...	...	12 0	12 8
...	...	...	17 0	17 0
...	...	...	19 0	19 0
...	...	...	11 0	12 0
...	...	...	11 8	11 8
...	...	...	11 0	11 0
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	13 0	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	13 5	13 5
...	...	...	12 8	12 8
...	...	...	13 0	1[illegible]
...	...	...	21 0	21
...	...	...	19 8	16

21065

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th October, 1893.

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*) Present return.	Indian-corn or Maize. Next preceding return.	Indian-corn or Maize. Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus Indicus.*) Present return.	Arhar. Next preceding return.	Arhar. Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Firewood. Next preceding return.	Firewood. Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Salt. Next preceding return.	Salt. Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Wholesale Salt. Next preceding return.	Wholesale Salt. Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	Division
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	BENGAL.		
...	...	...	20 0	23 0	17 0	98 0	98 0	100 0	A 11 4	11 4	12 0	3 9 3	3 10 0	3 5 4½	Burdwan.	1	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	13 6	13 6	14 0	280 0	280 0	320 0	B t 10-10-2	t 10.10.2	10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Bankura.	2	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	10 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	C 11 0	11 0	10 12	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 12 6	Birbhum.	3	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	280 0	D 10 12	10 12	11 7	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 8 0	Midnapore.	4	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	11 8	11 8	12 0	140 0	140 0	120 0	E 11 8	11 8	10 8	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 5 0	Hooghly.	5	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	11 10	12 0	10 10	105 0	105 0	[illegible]	F [illegible] 1	10 10	10 10⅝	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	Howrah.		Burdwan Division.
19 6	19 6	20 0	17 12	17 12	15 2	85 0	85 0	85 0	11 8	11 10	11 6	3 8 0	3 7 0	3 4 0	Calcutta.		
16 0	16 0	20 0	19 0	20 0	17 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	G 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 8 0	3 6 0	3 5 0	24-Parganas.	7	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	22 13½	22 13	17 12½	128 0	128 0	...	H 9 13½	9 13½	10 10½	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Nadia.	8	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	11 0	10 0	10 0	160 0	160 0	140 0	I 9 0	9 0	9 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	Khulna.	9	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	15 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	J 10 0	10 0	9 14	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Jessore.	10	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	K 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 7 6	3 7 0	3 7 0	Murshidabad.	11	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	80 0	80 0	110 0	L 9 8	9 8	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 13 6	Chittagong.	12	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	M 5 12	9 2	9 0	6 10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	Noakhali.	13	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	7 0	6 12	6 8	Not sold	by	weight	N 8 12	8 0	10 13½	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 12 0	Tippera.	14	Chittagong Division.
No. in 300	cobs. 300	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	15 0	11 0	17 0	120 0	140 0	120 0	O 9 4	9 4	10 0	4 5	0 0	3 11 0	Dacca.	16	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	P 10 4	10 4	10 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	Faridpur.	17	Dacca Division.
10 0	Mug. 10 0	10 0	8 0	Musuri. 8 0	7 8	80 0	80 0	80 0	Q 9 4	10 0	10 10	4 4 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	Backergunge.	18	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	R 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	Mymensingh.	19	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	24 0	...	14 12	160 0	120 0	160 0	10 0	10 0	9 4	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Dinajpur.	20	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	20 13	20 0	16 8	240 0	240 0	240 0	S 9 9	9 9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 8	3 10 8	Rajshahi.	21	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	11 4	11 4	9 8	50 0	53 0	80 0	T 9 9	10 8	10 0	4 5 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	Rangpur.	22	Rajshahi Division.

J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jhenida 9 seers 12 chitaks, Magura 9 seers 12 chitaks, Narail not reported, and Bangaon 10 seers 11 chitaks.
K In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kandi 10 seers, Jangipur 10¼ seers.
L At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
M At Fenny Hát the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
N In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Brahmanbaria 8 seers and Chandpur 8 seers.
O In the mufassal marts the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Madanganj 10 seers, Manikganj 9 seers 13 chitaks, Mirkadim 10 seers, and Munshirhát 10 seers.
P In the subdivisions the retail price of salt per rupee are :—Madaripur 10 seers and Goalundo 10 seers.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 10¼ seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 8 seers.
R In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jamalpur 8 seers 14 chitaks, Kishorganj 8 seers, Netrokona 8 seers, and Kagmari 10 seers
S In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nator 9 seers and Naugaon 9 seers.
T In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nilphamari 10 seers, Gaibanda 10 seers, and Kurigaon 8 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters

Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN														
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			JOWAR OR CHOLUM (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL—*continued.*		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
RAJSHAHI DIVISION—*concld.*																
23	Bogra ...	13 8	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	8 4	7 8	9 12	9 12	9 0	12 0	...	...	...
24	Pabna	17 4	17 4	13 8	22 8	22 8	...	6 0	6 0	6 12	10 8	10 14	13 2			...
25	Darjeeling	8 0	8 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
26	Jalpaiguri	13 0	13 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	7 8	7 8	6 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	...	...	...
BIHAR																
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.																
27	Monghyr ...	16 4	15 8	12 8 to 13 0	21 0	23 0	15 0 to 16 0	8 6	8 0 to 10 8	9 0	13 1	12 0	11 4	0	...	...
28	Bhagalpur ...	15 2	15 2	13 14	20 3	21 4	15 2	11 6	10 8	10 1	15 2	13 10	12 10	...	...	...
29	Purnea (Kasba)	16 0	16 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	12 0	14 0	...	...	...
30	Malda (English Bazar).	16 0	16 0	12 8	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	13 8	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
31	Sonthal Parganas.	12 8	12 8	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	14 8	14 4	11 0	...	...	...
PATNA DIVISION.																
32	Patna ...	18 8 17 0	Red. 19 0 White. 18 0	15 0 14 0	25 0	26 0	22 0	10 8	10 8	10 8	16 8	16 0	15 8	24 0	27 0	25 0
33	Gaya ...	14 0	14 8	12 0	19 0	18 0	17 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	13 8	13 0	12 8	18 0	18 0	14 8
34	Shahabad ...	14 0	14 0	14 0	20 0	20 0	17 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	16 0	16 0	11 0	...	...	...
35	Darbhanga ...	15 0	15 0	12 10	19 0	18 9	15 6	12 0	12 0	11 0	New. 16 0	14 4	14 11	...	...	...
36	Muzaffarpur ...	15 0	15 8	12 0	22 8	22 0	19 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	13 0	13 8	12 0	...	...	...
37	Saran ...	16 0	17 8	13 8	18 0	24 0	17 8	11 0	11 8	8 8	13 0	15 0	12 11	...	...	...
38	Champaran ...	13 8	13 12	11 8	18 4	23 0	15 8	8 8	8 8	9 0	16 12	15 4	16 8	...	...	...
ORISSA.																
ORISSA DIVISION.																
39	Cuttack ...	11 13	10 8	10 3	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	7 14	13 2	13 2	11 13	...	...	...
40	Puri ...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 1	13 0	13 0	13 2	...	...	...
41	Balasore ...	13 0	12 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	16 0	Old 15 0 New. 17 0	18 0	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.																
42	Hazaribagh ...	12 8	12 8	11 0	15 0	15 0	15 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	12 0	12 0 to 12 4	12 8	...	...	...
43	Lohardaga ...	11 0 7 0 to 9 0	Red. 11 0 White. 8 0 to 9 0	11 0 to 11 8 7 8 to 10 0	12 0	12 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	11 0	14 0 to 16 0	14 0 to 15 0	13 0 to 15 8	...	...	...
44	Palamau ...	13 8	13 8	11 13	25 5	21 15	...	12 6	12 15	11 4	16 14	15 3	14 10	...	...	...
45	Singhbhum ...	12 0	12 0	13 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	12 0	14 0	12 0	14 0	...	...	...
46	Manbhum ...	13 8	13 8	11 3	...	...	...	9 0	8 8 to 9 0	9 0	11 0 to 12 0	10 0 to 12 0	12 0	...	...	...

U At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
V At Alipur the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
W In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Begusarai 10 seers, Jamui 10 seers.
X In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :— Banka 10 seers, Madhipura 10 seers, and Supaul 10 seers.
Y In the Kishanganj and Arraria subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Deoghur not reported, Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, and Rajmahal 9 seers.
a In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Aurangabad 9¾ seers, Nawada 8 seers, Jahanabad 10 seers.
b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Buxar 10½ seers, Sasaram 10 seers, and Bhabhua 9 seers.

CALCUTTA

The 24th October, 1893.

RS OF 80 TOLAHS.

	…JRA OR CUMBU. (…nnisetum typhoid…eum.)		MARUA OR RAGI. (Eleusine Corocana.)		
	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	13 0	13 0	13 0
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	28 0	Old 25 0 New 21 0	20 0
…	…	…	18 8	20 0	24 0
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	26 0	27 8	26 6
…	…	…	22 8	25 0	30 0
…	…	…	24 8	26 0	24 0
…	…	…	25 8	25 8	27 8
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	23 0	24 0	27 0
…	…	…	32 0	28 0	34 0
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…	…	…
…	…	…	…	…	…

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet, (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadala or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding re[turn]
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. [Ch.]
...	...	...	13 8	12 12	12
...	...	...	15 12	16 0	13
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	12
14 11	16 0	16 0	24 2	22 0	16 0 to 16 [illegible]
...	...	...	20 3	20 3	15
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	14
13 0	13 0	13 0	14 8	18 0	14
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13
20 0	21 0	20 0	27 0	28 0	21
14 8	17 8	17 0	19 0	20 0	17
...	...	...	20 0	22 0	17
19 8	19 12	15 6	19 0	19 12	16
...	...	...	22 8	22 0	13
17 0	16 0	16 0	21 0	25 0	17
...	...	...	21 8	21 8	16
...	...	...	20 5	(Kalai) 20 5	[illegible]
...	...	...	17 2	17	
...	...	...	(Chhola) 13 0 (Biri or kabuli) 17 0	13 0 15 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	16 0	15 8 to 16 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	21 15	20 4	[illegible]
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	
...	...	...	16 0	17 0	

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th October, 1893—(concluded).

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*) Present return.	Indian-corn: Next preceding return.	Indian-corn: Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*) Present return.	Arhar: Next preceding return.	Arhar: Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Firewood: Next preceding return.	Firewood: Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Salt: Next preceding return.	Salt: Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Wholesale Salt: Next preceding return.	Wholesale Salt: Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
															BENGAL—*continued.*	
															Rajshahi Division—concld.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0	90 0	9 0	10 0	9 12	4 5 4	4 0 0	3 12 0	Bogra.	23
...	...	...	22 8	22 8	17 4	200 0	200 0	200 0	U 9 12	9 12	9 12	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 10 9	Pabna.	24
21 0	20 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	Darjeeling.	25
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	11 0	200 0	160 0	200 0	V 9 8	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 12 0	Jalpaiguri	26
															BIHAR.	
															Bhagalpur Division.	
22 9	23 0	25 0 to 26 8	22 0	25 0	15 0 to 16 0	126 0 to 168 0	132 0 to 160 0	160 0	W 10 0	11 0	10 4	4 4 0	3 12 0	3 7 0	Monghyr.	27
24 0	22 11	26 8	21 7	20 0	17 0	151 8	126 4	164 0	X 10 1	10 11	10 11	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 14 0	Bhagalpur.	28
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	13 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	Y 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 5 0	Purnea (Kasba).	29
20 0	...	...	12 0	12 0	...	160 0	160 0	120 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Malda (English Bazar).	30
21 0	28 0	22 0	23 0	23 0	14 0	120 0	120 0	200 0	Z 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 3	Sonthal Parganas.	31
															Patna Division.	
25 0	23 0	26 0	26 0	27 0	22 0	130 0	130 0	130 0	10 12	11 0	11 8	3 11 6	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.	32
19 8	18 8	20 8	19 0	20 0	18 0	120 0	120 0	180 0	a 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	Gaya.	33
20 0	22 0	20 0	20 0	22 0	16 0	140 0	100 0	128 0	b 10 8	10 8	11 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 11 0	Shahabad.	34
21 0	22 0	26 6	24 0	23 0	18 11	176 0	176 0	176 0	c 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	Darbhanga.	35
21 0	22 0	26 0	22 8	22 0	19 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	d 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	Muzaffarpur.	36
23 8	26 0	22 12	23 8	24 8	19 4	200 0	200 0	160 0	e 10 0	10 8	10 8	3 14 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	Saran.	37
23 8	20 8	25 0	21 4	22 0	16 8	180 0	180 0	160 0	f 10 4	10 2	10 8	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	Champaran.	38
															ORISSA.	
															Orissa Division.	
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	21 0	80 0	80 0	80 0	g 10 12	11 0	11 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.	39
...	...	...	15 12	15 12	...	80 0	80 0	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 4 0	Puri.	40
...	...	...	10 0	11 0	10 12	128 0	86 0	160 0	h 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	Balasore.	41
															CHOTA NAGPUR.	
															Chota Nagpur Division.	
21 0	20 0	24 0	19 0	18 0	15 8	240 0	240 0	240 0	i 8 0	9 0	9 8	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 4 0	Hazaribagh.	42
22 0	20 0	23 0	Big. 12 0 Small. 20 0	Big. 11 8 Small. 21 0	Big. 11 8 Small. 16 0	140 0 to 160 0	160 0	160 0	9 4	9 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	Lohardaga.	43
...	25 5	27 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	7 14	8 14	...	...	...	Palamau.	44
16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	Singhbhum.	45
20 0	19 0	18 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	j 10 0	10 10	10 10	3 15 0	3 11 0	3 10 0	Manbhum.	46

c At Madhubani the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Hajipur 10½ seers and Sitamarhi 10 seers.
e In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Siwan 10 seers 6 chitaks and Gopalganj (Mirganj) 11¼ seers.
f At Motihari the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
g In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jajpur 9 seers, Kendrapara not reported, Banki 11 seers.
h At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
i At Giridih the retail price of salt is 11¼ seers per rupee.
j At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, and S

Number.	MARTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE COMMON.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. [illegible]
1	Calcutta ...	3 4 6	3 4 6	3 5 1	2 7 0	2 7 0	2 5 9	5 10 0	5 10 0	4 12 0	4 2 6	4 2 6	[illegible]
2	Sirajganj ...	3 0 0	2 12 0	3 6 0	...	...	...	6 0 0	6 2 0	6 0 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	[illegible]
3	Dacca ...	3 1 0	3 0 0	3 8 0	2 8 0	...	...	5 12 0	5 8 0	4 7 0	4 1 0	4 14 0	[illegible]
4	Narayanganj*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4 0	4 0 0		5 0 0	[illegible]
5	Chittagong	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	...	...	...	4 12 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 9 0	[illegible]
6	Patna ...	2 2 9 2 6 0	Red. 2 1 0 White. 2 3 6	2 10 6 2 13 6	1 9 6	1 8 9	1 13 0	3 13 0	3 12 6	3 12 6	2 7 0	2 8 0	[illegible]
7	Balasore ...	3 1 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	2 8 0	2 6 0	[illegible]
8	Puri ...	3 12 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	[illegible]
9	Cuttack ...	3 6 0	3 10 0	3 14 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	5 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	[illegible]

* Present return not received.

CALCUTTA,
The 24th October, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND

JOWAR OR CHOLUM. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)			BAJRA OR CUMBU. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
2 2 0	2 3 0	2 5 7	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 10 9	1 7 9	1 9 6	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

OF 40 SEERS.

Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
...	...	...	4 7 9	4 7 6	3 8 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 7 0	1 11 6 to 1 14 6	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 14 6	2 0 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

in the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 15th October, 1893.

GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE. (*Zea Mays.*)			ARHAR OR THUR, CADJAN PEA. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 13 0	2 13 0	2 8 6	2 1 0	2 1 0	1 12 0	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 5 10	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	3 4 0	Calcutta.
2 10 0	2 10 0	2 13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 8 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 7 0	Sirajganj.
3 1 0	3 0 0	2 12 0	...	...	...	2 10 0	3 10 0	2 4 0	0 5 0	0 5 6	0 5 0	4 5 0	4 0 0	3 11 0	Dacca.
	3 2 0	3 8 0	...	...	...		3 2 0	3 8 0		0 6 0	0 8 0		3 11 0	3 8 0	Narayanganj.
3 6 0	3 4 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 13 6	Chittagong.
1 7 9	1 7 0	1 14 6	1 9 6	1 11 9	1 8 9	1 8 9	1 7 9	1 13 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 11 6	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.
2 13 0	2 12 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 5 0	2 5 0	...	...	...	...	2 8 0	2 8 0	...	...	...	...	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 4 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 6 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 14 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

STATION OBSERVATIONS.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	Air Pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Air Pressure. Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Air Pressure. Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Temperature. Date.	Temperature. Lowest.	Temperature. Date.	Temperature. Mean maximum temperature.	Temperature. Mean minimum temperature.	Temperature. Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	29·862	29·817	—	SW	264	89·7	15th Oct.	75·6	16th Oct.	86·1	77·0	81·6
		Gopalpore ...	29·853	29·814	—·054	NNW	264	88·2	15th ,,	74·1	19, 21 ,,	85·2	75·0	80·3
		False Point ...	29·878	29·841	—·032	Variable	261	87·9	15th ,,	74·1	17th ,,	85·8	75·8	80·8
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·805	29·828	—·038	Calm		88·7	15, 21 ,,	73·8	17th ,,	86·6*	75·4	81·1*
	Balasore	Balasore ...	29·850	29·853	—·022	Nly		87·4	15, 21 ,,	73·8	17, 18, 21. ,,	84·1	74·9	79·6
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·781	29·878	—·006	Ely	55	90·3	15, 16 ,,	73·1	18, 20, 21. ,,	87·0	74·5	80·3
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	29·911	29·878	+·004	SEly	69	88·6	16th ,,	72·7	20th ,,	85·4	75·0	80·2
		Saugor Island	29·893	29·862	—·009	Ely	271	89·7	15th ,,	75·0	21st ,,	87·0	77·2	82·1
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	29·889	29·885	+·016	ESE	105	90·8	16th ,,	74·2	20th ,,	87·7	75·5	81·6
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	29·914	29·894	+·015	Ely	77	89·5	16th ,,	74·4	21st ,,	87·4	75·8	81·0
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	?	?	?	SEly	85	89·1	15, 16 ,,	72·2	19th ,,	86·7	74·9	80·9
		Raniganj ...	29·606	29·876	+·014	Ely	57	94·7	16th ,,	69·9	20th ,,	89·6	73·7	80·8
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·619	29·873	0	Variable	107	89·1	15th ,,	73·1	17th ,,	85·5	74·9	80·8
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore...	29·875	29·891	+·008	Ely	82	89·1	16th ,,	73·3	21st ,,	86·0	75·8	81·9
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	29·909	29·905	+·026	Calm & Ely.		89·1	16th ,,	71·7	21st ,,	87·9	74·0	81·0
	Bogra	Bogra ...	29·876	29·878	—·032	NE	56	89·2	16th ,,	71·2	16, 20, 21 ,,	86·9	72·8	79·8
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·863	29·883	+·018	SE	88	89·6	16th ,,	71·7	21st ,,	86·6	74·3	80·6
	Malda	Malda ...	29·863	29·896	—	SE	73	89·1	15th ,,	71·0	21st ,,	85·6	74·1	79·9
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·835	29·914	+·036	Ely	33	87·6	15th ,,	73·2	20, 21 ,,	85·7	74·5	80·1
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·836	29·915	+·028	NEly	39	88·8	16th ,,	72·7	21st ,,	86·1	73·7	79·9
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·632	29·934	+·048	NEly	40	87·9	16, 17 ,,	71·1	20, 21 ,,	84·6	72·2	78·3
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	23·091	—	+·031	NEly	78	62·6	17th ,,	47·6	20th ,,	59·4	50·3	55·1*
	Sikim	Gnatong ...	?	?	?	Variable		52·4	17th ,,	29·6	21st ,,	47·4	34·7	41·1
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·878	29·913	+·030	NEly		90·7	16th ,,	72·6	21st ,,	87·6	74·3	81·0
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	29·920	29·878	+·020	Calm	48	90·3	16th Oct.	72·9	21st ,,	88·3	75·3	81·8
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·898	29·888	+·033	NEly		88·5	16th ,,	71·3	16th ,,	86·9	74·4	80·7
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	29·915	29·909	+·021	E	40	88·5	16th ,,	72·9	16th ,,	86·4	75·5	81·0
	Dacca	Dacca ...	29·929	29·899	+·025	Ely	87	90·6	16th ,,	72·2	16th ,,	88·9	75·8	82·4
	Tippera	Comilla ...	29·924	29·908	+·040	Calm & Ely.	51	91·3	16th ,,	72·8	21st ,,	88·4	74·7	81·5
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·894	29·965	+·032	Ely	75	88·7	16th ,,	70·6	21st ,,	85·8	73·6	79·7
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·819	29·890	+·018	Ely & Calm.	27	89·2	16th ,,	67·2	21st ,,	84·6	73·2	78·9
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·770	29·885	+·015	E	60	89·2	15, 16 ,,	67·0	21st ,,	86·0	73·5	79·8
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·769	29·892	—·002	ENE	136	88·9	15th ,,	68·2	21st ,,	81·6	70·5	77·6
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·755	29·891	—	Calm & Ely.	138	87·7	15th ,,	66·3	21st ,,	81·4	72·2	76·8
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·635	29·878	+·004	Ely	160	88·2	15th ,,	65·8	21st ,,	80·8	71·7	76·3
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·726	29·864	—·003	Ely		90·3	15th ,,	68·6	21st ,,	84·6	72·5	78·5
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·552	29·863	—·032	E	261	90·3	15th ,,	66·5	21st ,,	85·5	72·1	78·8
		Buxar ...	29·649	29·847	—·041	E	170	90·0	15th ,,	68·8	20, 21 ,,	85·1	72·1	78·6
		Arrah ...	29·707	29·852	—·023	Variable	148	91·9	15th ,,	70·0	21st ,,	85·8	73·1	79·5
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·521	29·854	—·030	E	126	91·9	15th ,,	65·7	21st ,,	86·8	72·8	79·8
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·734	29·873	—·010	SEly	161	90·0	15th ,,	69·2	20th ,,	83·9	72·3	78·1
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka...	29·435	29·826	+·013	SEly	?	88·6	16th ,,	71·3	20, 21 ,,	85·0	73·3	79·4
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh ...	27·880	29·855	—·038	SEly	244	85·2	16th ,,	61·3	21st ,,	80·5	66·7	73·6
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·750	29·849	—·034	SEly		82·0	15th ,,	61·9	20th ,,	79·0	66·0	72·6
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...												
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	29·128	29·844	—·018	Calm	15	90·9	15th ,,	70·7	21st ,,	86·9	72·6	79·8
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar ...	29·657	29·950	+·024	Sly		89·1	17th ,,	71·4	17, 21 ,,	86·0	72·5	79·5
	Goalpara	Dhubri ...	29·349	29·920	+·027	NE & calm.	102	87·7	16th ,,	70·8	20th ,,	85·1	72·8	79·9
	Cachar	Silchar ...	29·872	29·929	+·040	Calm		94·0	16th ,,	72·8	20th ,,	89·8	73·9	81·8

* Mean of 5 days. | † Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 10
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.*, from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 21st of October 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount* at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. Rainfall. Of week. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	§Since 16th October 1893. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	DISTRICT.
—	80·6	85	7·1	11·46		1·57		1·69		5·54			1·18		
−2·0	78·9	92	4·7	5·63											Puri.
−0·4	81·2	87	7·6	3·97											
−1·0*	79·3	85	7·1	4·92		0·93		1·26		3·90			0·66		Cuttack.
−0·6	78·9	90	5·4	4·57		1·01		1·16		4·16			0·61		Balasore.
+0·2	78·4	89	4·4	3·22	3·14	1·31	2·25	1·03	4·84	3·56	+1·28	3·13	1·07	+2·96	Midnapore.
−0·5	78·8	87	4·0	2·13	2·30	1·35	2·71	1·14	5·94	3·73	+2·21	2·32	1·10	+1·22	24-Parganas.
+0·4	80·6	90	9·0	2·07											
						0·92		0·96		3·15			0·78		Howrah.
						1·06		0·97		3·43			0·96		Hooghly.
+0·8	80·6	80	6·1	1·51	1·14	1·17	2·60	0·96	4·59	3·44	+1·15	1·02	0·81	+0·21	Nadia.
−0·3	81·2	88	5·9	0·30	1·69	1·42	2·33	1·14	3·80	3·54	+0·26	1·69	1·14	−0·55	Khulna.
					0·74	1·04	1·80	1·04	3·41	3·15	+0·26	0·72	0·85	−0·13	Jessore.
−0·9	78·1	89	8·6	2·00	1·74	1·05	3·50	0·91	3·37	3·06	+0·51	1·72	0·85	+0·87	Burdwan.
+0·4	77·3	90	5·3	1·62											
−1·6	76·6	89	8·1	2·36	2·10	0·92	4·25	1·02	3·40	2·81	+0·39	2·08	0·82	+1·26	Bankura.
−0·2	78·1	92	7·3	1·81		1·15		0·99		3·96			1·07		Birbhum.
						1·66		1·07		3·99			1·38		Murshidabad.
+0·9	78·0	91	5·1	4·05	2·95	1·31	3·50	1·08	3·82	3·79	+0·03	2·35	1·14	+1·81	Pabna.
−0·4	79·1	86	3·6	2·49		1·54		1·04		4·09			1·21		Bogra.
+0·8	79·9	87	5·4	2·66	2·30	1·07	4·67	0·86	4·43	3·86	+0·57	2·28	0·74	+1·54	Rajshahi.
—	77·6	88	6·4	4·18		0·56		0·78		2·01			0·47		Malda.
+0·5	[illegible]·4	88	7·6	2·00		0·94		0·78		2·36			0·80		Dinajpur.
+0·5	77·3	91	4·6	1·24	1·78	1·27	3·00	0·73	2·70	4·18	−1·48	1·78	1·17	+0·61	Rangpur.
0	76·0	89	6·9	2·65	2·70	1·01	3·00	0·70	2·84	3·73	−0·89	2·70	0·93	+1·77	Jalpaiguri.
					3·65	1·21	2·25	0·94	4·61	4·61	0	3·65	1·04	+2·61	Kuch Bihar.
+0·5*	56·2	90	7·1	5·47		0·95		1·08		4·92			0·77		Darjeeling.
—	40·5	79	4·3	7·33											Gnatong.
+0·8	79·5	87	6·3	1·52		0·80		1·28		4·76			0·64		Chittagong.
					1·74	0·99	4·00	1·60	5·87	4·79	+1·08	1·74	0·66	+1·08	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+1·4	80·4	89	7·4	2·03		1·30		1·36		4·21			0·82		Backergunge
+0·4	79·4	90	2·6	3·24		1·49		1·49		5·39			0·84		Noakhali.
+0·8	80·2	88	4·0	1·21	1·16	1·30	2·33	1·15	2·83	3·89	−1·06	1·16	1·04	+0·12	Faridpur.
−0·7	79·5	88	6·3	2·70	2·20	1·13	2·30	1·13	4·61	3·47	+1·14	2·05	0·77	+1·28	Dacca.
+0·3	79·4	87	4·3	3·65		1·22		1·34		4·24			0·79		Tippera.
−1·0	77·9	90	5·9	5·30		1·45		1·28		4·54			1·20		Mymensingh.
−0·3	76·7	91	5·6	3·46		0·63		0·54		2·72			0·48		Purnea.
+0·6	77·6	91	7·3	2·76	2·49	0·57	3·25	0·63	2·94	2·84	+0·10	2·49	0·51	+1·98	Bhagalpur.
−2·3	75·0	94	8·0	9·32	6·35	0·32	3·00	0·47	6·35	2·46	+3·89	5·80	0·28	+5·61	Darbhanga.
—	74·8	94	7·7	11·82		0·37		0·54		2·85			0·31		Muzaffarpur
−1·4	74·7	94	9·1	8·40	8·55	0·30	5·00	0·22	8·55	3·49	+5·06	5·55	0·22	+8·33	Champaran.
−0·6	75·9	89	8·6	4·23		0·30		0·45		3·80			0·22		Saran.
+0·4	76·4	87	6·0												
−1·1	74·9	91	8·7	8·47		0·47		0·55		2·64			0·32		Shahabad.
+0·4	73·2	92	8·6												
−0·3	75·5	87	6·6	1·67	2·57	0·42	4·25	0·55	2·57	2·59	+0·02	2·46	0·30	+2·16	Gaya.
−2·3	75·8	89	8·4	6·13	5·06	0·42	4·50	0·59	5·06	2·56	+2·50	4·32	0·36	+3·96	Patna.
					1·61	0·40	2·67	0·60	1·91	2·39	−0·48	1·61	0·36	+0·95	Monghyr.
+0·1	78·1	85	4·9	1·15	2·44	0·85	3·67	0·86	4·00	3·69	+0·91	2·42	0·66	+1·99	Sonthal Parganas.
−1·5	71·5	84	7·3	5·15		0·56		0·82		2·61			0·43		Hazaribagh.
−2·2	71·5	86	8·3	3·67		0·45		1·00		2·06			0·37		Lohardaga.
						0·22		0·50		2·39			0·16		Palamau.
+0·1	76·1	92	9·1	0·76	0·76	0·43	2·00	0·85	0·76	1·97	−1·21	0·76	0·38	+0·34	Singhbhum.
					3·07	0·57	3·50	0·87	3·26	2·67	+1·29	1·94	0·42		Manbhum
+0·9	76·2	97	6·4	2·51											
−0·3	76·0	91	7·1	2·26											
+1·0	77·5	91	7·7	0·35											

r the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. he numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of r the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the hich at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 21st of October 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 15th.	Monday, 16th.	Tuesday, 17th.	Wednesday, 18th.	Thursday, 19th.	Friday, 20th.	Saturday, 21st.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.
ORISSA ...	Puri	Puri ...	0·39	1·37	1·28	3·98	0·12	0·30	5·02	7	12·46	1·63	13·09	5·40	12·07
		Khurda ...	0·21	0·41	1·66	2·12						1·50		4·72	
		Banpur ...	0·95	1·80	4·02	2·40	0·10					1·08		4·95	
		False Point ...	0·07	1·76	1·67	0·28	0·19	...	...	4	3·97	2·08	4·50	7·07	3·90
		Gop ...										?		?	
		Satpara ...	0·66	1·03	3·38							?		?	
		Pipli ...	0·55	0·51	1·49	5·21	0·09					?		?	
		Raspur ...	0·53	0·58	4·15	1·24	0·21					?		?	
		Kurmala ...	0·03	0·50	2·05	2·98						?		?	
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	1·65	0·55	1·28							1·29		4·88	
		Banki ...	0·46	0·58	3·27	1·85	0·08					0·96		3·59	
		Cuttack ...	0·06	0·98	1·73	1·93	0·05					0·70		3·28	
		Kendrapara ...	0·12	1·86	0·76	0·44	0·06	...	...	4	3·24	1·11	4·96	4·07	3·12
		Jajpur ...	0·25	0·72	2·70	0·64	0·48					0·57		3·66	
		Dharmsala ...	...	0·75	1·90	1·40						?		?	
		Salipore ...										?		?	
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?	
		Nayagarh ...										?		?	
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...		0·81	1·83	1·39	0·46	0·25				?		?	
		Chandbali ...	...	2·25	1·10	0·30						1·11		4·92	
		Bhadrak ...		2·60	1·25	1·45	0·45					0·88		3·49	
		Soro ...	0·81	2·84								0·73		4·02	
		Balasore ...	...	0·92	2·20	1·10	0·14	...	0·04	4	4·40	1·07	4·56	4·90	4·40
		Jellasore ...										1·21		4·01	
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Baripadah										1·07		3·61	
		Contai ...	0·06	1·16	1·01	0·74	0·11	...	0·61	5	4·59	1·33	7·43	4·80	4·33
		Tamluk ...	...	...	1·64	0·73	...	...	...	2	2·37	1·20	5·37	2·74	2·37
		Midnapore ...	...	...	2·88	0·34	0·05	0·02	...	2	3·29	1·36	3·50	3·38	3·29
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	4·05	0·02	0·08	0·07	1	4·22	0·75	4·98	3·32	4·22
		Kukrahaty ...	...	0·39	0·72	1·16	0·18	...	0·27	5	2·72	?	5·73	?	2·72
		Garhbeta ...	0·24	0·21	2·24	0·71	0·26	0·36	...	6	4·02	?	5·90	?	3·78
		Panskura ...	...		3·87	1·34	0·22	...	...	3	5·43	?	5·60	?	5·43
		Dantoon ...	0·68	0·49	3·07	0·25	0·64	...	...	5	5·13	?	5·55	?	4·45
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	0·29	0·83	0·95	...	...	...	3	2·07	2·56	4·80	6·14	2·07
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	0·52	2·49	1·30	0·02	...	...	3	4·33	1·18	6·54	3·46	4·33
		Canning Town	...	...	2·11	...	...	...	...	1	2·11	?	5·09	?	2·11
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	...	...	1·22	0·86	0·05	...	...	2	2·13	1·00	7·29	3·18	2·13
		Barrackpore...	0·51	0·23	...	0·87	...	...	1·14	4	2·75	0·88	7·36	2·94	3·24
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	0·31	0·71	...	...	1·72	3	2·74	1·18	6·49	3·22	2·74
		Barasat ...	...	0·75	...	0·51	...	...	0·41	3	1·67	1·33	4·94	3·66	1·67
	Howrah ...	Basirhat ...	...	...	...	1·04	...	...	...	1	1·04	1·30	4·14	3·43	1·04
		Howrah	...	...	0·97	1·20	0·35					0·98		3·18	
		Mohesreka ...										0·85		3·10	
		Uluberia ...	0·05	0·03	0·00	0·60	...	0·02	...	3	1·60	?	4·63	?	1·55
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	0·13	0·77	0·56	0·67	0·42	...	0·49	6	3·04	1·13	6·89	3·33	2·91
		Hooghly ...	0·43	0·23	0·28	0·54	0·30	...	0·56	6	2·43	0·92	7·65	3·14	2·00
		Jahanabad					...	1·00				1·13		3·84	
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat	...	...	0·35	0·45	...	...	0·11	3	0·91	0·64	5·64	2·92	0·91
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	0·30	1·20	...	0·01	...	2	1·51	0·93	4·56	3·63	1·51
		Chuadanga ...	0·59	...	0·26	0·38	0·08	...	...	3	1·31	1·20	3·96	3·58	0·72
		Meherpur ...	...	...	0·05	0·65	...	...	...	2	0·70	1·14	6·33	3·05	0·70
		Kushtia	...	...	0·07	0·50	0·18	...	0·52	3	1·27	1·92	2·45	3·99	1·27
	Khulna	Satkhira	...	...	0·70	1·54	...	...	...	2	2·24	1·18	3·04	3·55	2·24
		Bagerhat	...	...	0·62	1·00	...	0·05	0·30	3	1·97	2·01	3·21	4·22	1·97
		Khulna	...	...	0·42	0·43	...	...	...	2	0·85	1·08	3·14	2·85	0·85
		Nakipur ...	0·36	0·29	...	0·35	0·33	0·90	...	5	2·23	?	2·63	?	1·87
		Rampal ...										?		?	
	Jessore ...	Narail	...	...	0·55	0·25	...	...	...	2	0·80	0·67	2·28	3·18	0·80
		Jessore	...	...	0·21	0·09	...	...	...	1	0·30	1·12	4·72	3·09	0·30
		Jhenidah	...	...	0·11	0·48	0·05	...	0·01	2	0·65	1·35	2·92	3·72	0·65
		Magura	0·09	...	0·45	0·83	...	...	...	2	1·37	0·85	2·39	3·00	1·28
		Bangaon ...	...	...	0·14	0·42	...	...	...	2	0·56	1·20	4·75	3·68	0·56
	Burdwan ...	Kalna	...	0·40	0·45	0·60	...	...	...	3	1·45	0·92	3·23	3·06	1·45
		Burdwan ...	...	0·76	0·51	0·27	0·07	0·39	...	4	2·00	1·21	5·12	3·20	2·00
		Katwa	0·06	0·02	0·27	1·33	0·01	0·14	0·04	3	1·87	1·15	2·99	3·11	1·81
		Raniganj ...	0·01	0·22	0·43	0·43	...	0·53	...	4	1·62	0·99	2·92	2·80	1·61
		Mankur ...	...	1·13	0·91	...	...	...	...	2	2·04	?	2·32	?	2·04
	Bankura	Bankura	...	0·10	1·29	0·57	...	0·40	...	4	2·36	1·06	3·25	3·15	2·36
		Vishnupur ...	0·00	0·54	1·30	0·77	0·14	0·27	...	5	3·11	0·08	5·54	1·98	3·02
		Maliara ...	...	0·31	0·42	0·32	...	0·21	...	4	1·26	1·29	2·01	2·78	1·26
		Khatra ...	...	...	0·98	0·35	0·15	0·18	...	4	1·66	0·63	2·79	3·29	1·66
		Indas ...	0·66	1·91	0·29	...	1·40	...	...	4	3·26	?	4·62	?	2·60
		Kotalpur ...	...	1·72	2·85	1·05	...	2·10	...	4	7·72	?	11·58	?	7·72
		Onda ...	0·32	0·95	0·99	0·39	0·37	...	...	5	2·02	?	7·42	?	2·60
		Gangajalghati	...	0·30	1·26	0·55	...	0·33	...	4	2·44	?	2·55	?	2·44
		Raipur ...	...	0·29	1·68	0·48	0·12	...	...	4	2·57	?	11·22	?	2·57
		Sonamukhi ...	...	0·62	0·73	0·42	...	0·08	...	3	1·85	?	6·21	?	1·85
	Birbhum ...	Suri	...	...	0·78	0·03	0·09	0·19				1·00		2·86	
		Hetampore ...	...	0·14	0·72	0·26	...	0·55	...	4	1·87	0·86	2·86	2·76	1·87
		Rampur Hat...	...	...	0·50	0·29	0·54	0·99	...	4	2·32	1·58	3·97	3·56	2·32
		Bolpur ...	...	...	0·40	0·12	...	0·60	...	3	1·30	?	1·91	?	1·30
		Murari ...	...	0·28	...	...	...	0·41				?		?	
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	...	0·12	0·93	...	0·20	...	3	1·25	1·19	5·15	3·47	1·25
		Berhampore ...	...	0·11	...	0·72	0·91	0·07	...	3	1·81	1·75	3·09	4·49	1·81
		Lalbagh ...	0·50	0·30	0·30	0·20	1·20	...	...	5	2·50	1·90	5·46	4·40	1·95
		Azimganj ...	...			0·40	0·72					1·61		4·38	
		Jangipur ...	...	0·17	0·03	1·27	0·06	1·65	...	3	3·18	1·51	3·39	3·01	3·18
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	0·60	0·50	0·30	...	3	1·40	2·01	1·90	4·22	1·40
		Akhriganj ...	0·14	1·56	0·34	0·57	0·32	0·31	0·11	7	2·35	?	6·57	?	2·21
		Patkabari	0·40	...	...	0·50	...	...	0·50	3	1·40	?	4·20	?	1·00
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna	...	...	0·20	0·38	0·06	...	1·22	3	1·86	1·52	2·38	4·01	1·86
		Sirajganj ...	...	0·96	...	0·60	...	0·67	1·82	4	4·05	1·50	5·26	3·56	4·05
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	...	1·30	...	0·59	0·05	0·60	1·60	4	4·05	1·64	10·07	3·68	4·05
		Nowkhilla ...	...	1·49	...	0·08	...	0·99	2·57	3	5·13	1·86	10·26	4·89	5·13
		Bogra ...	...	0·69	...	0·32	0·10	1·05	0·42	5	2·49	1·29	4·43	3·30	2·49
		Pancabibi ...	...	0·15	...	0·38	0·07	2·38	...	3	2·98	1·39	5·28	4·37	2·98
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	0·06	1·34	0·28	0·39	0·13	0·26	0·02	5	2·48	1·59	4·30	4·05	2·42
		Nator ...	...	0·22	0·22	0·31	0·84	0·16	0·08	5	1·83	1·31	3·22	3·94	1·83
		Naugaon ...	...	1·00	0·30	...	0·30	1·00	...	4	2·60	0·30	5·70	1·92	2·60
		Lalpore ...	...	0·34	0·09	0·48	...	...	...	3	0·91	?	2·01	?	0·91
		Manda ...										?		?	

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 21st of October 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 15th.	Monday, 16th.	Tuesday, 17th.	Wednesday, 18th.	Thursday, 19th.	Friday, 20th.	Saturday, 21st.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
North Bengal—contd.	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	0·02	0·08	0·88	1·08	2·12	...	3	4·18	0·67	6·15	3·36	4·18	0·62
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	0·44	0·34	1·30	...	3	2·08	0·45	2·18	2·64	2·08	0·82
		Gajol ...	...	...	0·11	0·41	0·65	2·47	...	4	3·64	?	5·58	?	3·64	?
		Sibganj ...	...	0·08	0·10	1·26	1·12	1·24	...	4	3·80	?	6·10	?	3·80	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur ...	...	0·70	...	0·96	0·31	1·20	...	4	3·17	0·91	5·66	3·70	3·17	0·77
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	0·53	0·65	2·40	...	3	3·58	0·73	4·87	2·34	3·58	0·62
		Raiganj ...	...	...	0·60	0·19	0·90	1·10				0·95		3·81		0·70
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	0·05	0·45	0·16	1·17	...	3	1·83	0·80	2·58	3·71	1·83	0·63
		Balurghat ...	...	0·26	0·43	0·25	...	1·82	...	4	2·76	1·30	3·92	3·27	2·76	1·28
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	1·56	0·26	0·83	...	3	2·65	?	4·13	?	2·65	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	...	0·30	0·06	0·20	...	1·33	1·09	4	2·98	1·42	5·47	4·40	2·98	1·34
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	0·64	0·16	0·44	...	3	1·24	1·58	1·74	4·13	1·24	1·49
		Pirganj ...	...	0·10	...	0·13	1·42	1·10	...	4	2·75	?	6·59	?	2·75	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	0·12	0·03	0·41	...	2	0·56	0·98	0·73	3·91	0·56	0·81
		Gobindganj ...	...	0·40	...	...	0·17	1·63	0·71	4	2·91	?	5·74	?	2·91	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	0·36	0·14	1·82	...	3	2·32	1·10	2·84	4·27	2·32	1·02
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	0·35	...	1·26	...	2	1·61	?	3·13	?	1·61	?
		Sunderganj ...	...	...	...	0·64	0·07	2·27				?		?		?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	2·08	0·18	0·44	...	3	2·70	0·01	2·84	2·73	2·70	0·93
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	0·91						?		?		?
		Fallacotta ...	...	...	...	...	1·20	0·30	...	2	1·50	?	1·75	?	1·50	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	1·81	0·23	0·67	...	3	2·71	?	2·83	?	2·71	?
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta)	...	...	...	0·50	0·30	0·37				?		?		?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	2·17	...	0·35	...	2	2·52	1·38	3·42	4·60	2·52	1·23
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	4·10	0·05	0·61	0·02	2	4·78	1·17	7·22	4·67	4·78	0·87
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	3·58	0·11	0·29	...	3	3·98	1·04	4·33	3·37	3·98	0·95
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	2·86	0·06	0·41	...	2	3·33	1·23	3·49	5·76	3·63	1·11
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	4·08	0·02	0·10				1·99		8·50		1·81
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	1·64	0·16	0·12	...	3	1·92	0·51	2·04	4·14	1·92	0·25
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	1·34	3·19	1·04	...	3	5·47	1·12	5·49	3·86	5·47	0·98
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	1·15	1·48	0·76	...	3	3·39	0·18	3·51	2·46	3·39	0·03
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	1·60	0·93	0·44	...	3	2·97	?	4·45	?	2·97	?
		Pedong ...	...	...	0·18	0·97	1·60	1·07				?		?		?
East Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	0·06	0·93							0·99		4·98		0·69
		Chittagong ...			0·42							0·62		4·56		0·47
		Kutubdia ...	...	0·48								?		?		?
		Satkanya ...										?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...										?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	...	...	1·49							?		?		?
		Chandpur ...	...	0·03								?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	0·38	0·68	0·27	...	...	0·41	4	1·74	0·99	4·13	5·79	1·74	0·66
		Bundarban ...	0·04	0·45								?		?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	1·62	0·54	0·11						1·0[illegible]		4·63		0·79
		Pirojpur ...	...	0·33	0·36	1·34	...	...	...	3	2·03	1·39	3·20	4·37	2·03	1·09
		Barisal ...	...	0·54	0·54							1·05		3·47		0·78
		Gournaddi ...	...	0·14	0·12	0·38	0·19	...	0·01	4	0·84	?	5·92	?	0·84	?
		Bhola ...	...	0·18	0·53							1·12		4·36		0·61
		Daulatkhan ...	...	0·16	0·50	0·11						?		?		?
		Bauphal ...	...	0·83	1·4	0·11						?		?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	1·72	1·08	0·02	...	...	0·42	3	3·24	1·50	9·69	5·63	3·24	0·81
		Fenny ...	...		0·30	0·42	...	0·45				1·47		5·13		0·86
		Harishpore ...	...	1·21	0·78		1·10					?		?		?
		Ramganj ...	...	1·74	0·14	0·41						?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	0·31	...	0·51	...	...	...	2	0·82	1·20	2·97	3·41	0·82	0·85
		Faridpur ...	...	0·45	0·08	0·62	...	...	0·06	2	1·21	1·46	1·98	3·90	1·21	1·23
		Goalundo ...	...	0·18	0·12	1·15	...	...		3	1·45	1·24	3·56	4·35	1·45	1·04
	Dacca	Munshiganj ...	0·60	1·90	...	...	...	...	0·03	2	2·53	1·51	6·63	4·39	1·93	1·12
		Dacca ...	...	1·28	...	0·12	...	...	0·90	3	2·30	0·86	3·32	3·20	2·30	0·45
		Narayanganj...	...	2·37	0·31							0·69		2·86		0·44
		Manikganj ...	...	0·75	0·42	0·09	...	...	0·02	2	1·28	1·44	2·48	3·30	1·28	1·05
		Joydebpore ...	...	2·55	0·01	...	...	...	1·71	2	4·27	?	5·71	?	4·27	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...										1·42		4·12		1·91
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	3·70	0·05	...	...	0·03	0·52	2	4·30	0·80	9·58	3·66	4·30	0·48
		Chandpore ...	...	0·43	0·27							1·60		5·38		0·98
		Brahmanbaria										1·04		3·77		0·70
		Ramchandrapore ...										?		?		?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	...	0·55							?		?		?
		Dandkandi ...										?		?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	...	1·00	0·50							?		?		?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...	...	0·19	...	...	...	0·84	0·16	3	1·19	1·04	1·67	4·70	1·19	0·76
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	0·08	...	0·51	...	0·13	0·69	3	1·41	1·80	2·89	4·14	1·41	1·48
		Mymensingh ...	...	1·38	0·03	0·27	0·01	1·75	1·86	4	5·30	1·58	6·05	4·63	5·30	1·2
		Jamalpur										1·72		4·49		1·6
		Netrakona ...	...	0·29	...	...	...	0·55				1·09		4·80		0·9
		Subornakhally	...	1·41	...	0·73	...	0·22	1·38	4	3·74	?	6·55	?	3·74	?
		Durgapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	1·20				?		?		?
		Sherepore Town	...	0·45	...	0·12		0·88				?		?		?
		Dewanganj ...	...	0·50	...	...	...	2·60				?		?		?
North Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	0·63	0·12	1·52				0·74		2·51		0·4
		Araria ...	...	...	0·05	0·70	0·30	1·20	...	3	2·25	0·63	2·25	2·92	2·25	0·52
		Purnea ...	...	...	...	0·81	0·35	2·30	...	3	3·46	0·51	4·02	2·71	3·46	0·47
		Gondwara (Korah)										?		?		?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	0·19	0·63	...	1·36				?		?		?
		Forbesganj	...	...	0·16	0·51	0·47	1·65	...	4	2·79	?	2·79	?	2·79	?
		Kaliaganj	...	...	...	0·60						?		?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	0·35	0·20	1·40	...	3	1·95	0·75	1·95	3·58	1·95	0·69
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	...	...	0·26	0·36						?		?		?
		Supaul ...	...	...	0·81	0·27	2·21	...	...	3	3·29	0·40	3·29	2·21	3·29	0·38
		Protabganj	...	...		0·25	0·82	1·95	...	3	3·02	?	3·02	?	3·02	?
		Bhagalpur	...	...	0·10	0·50	0·51	1·65	...	4	2·76	0·32	4·57	2·53	2·76	0·23
		Banka ...	...	...	0·28	0·72	...	0·95	...	3	1·95	0·80	1·95	3·02	1·95	0·[illegible]
		Colgong	...	...	0·07	0·38	0·11	1·60	...	3	2·66	?	2·69	?	2·66	
	Darbhanga ...	Rajpur	0·35	...	1·20	0·48	0·64	0·32	...	5	2·99	0·36	2·99	2·57	[illegible]	0·31
		Darbhanga ...	...	0·12	0·72	1·21	5·44	1·72	0·11	6	9·32	0·33	9·32	2·79	[illegible]	0·27
		Madhubani ...	...	0·08	0·17	0·65	3·86	0·97	0·02	4	5·73	0·28	5·73	2·02	5·73	0·25
		Bahera										?		?		?
		Koshera ...										?		?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 21st of October 1893—*concld.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 15th.	Monday, 16th.	Tuesday, 17th.	Wednesday, 18th.	Thursday, 19th.	Friday, 20th.	Saturday, 21st.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	..	0·07	1·85	5·39	1·75				0·39		2·54		
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	0·54	0·54	9·23	...	...	3	11·14	0·27	11·14	2·36	11·14	
		Hajipur ...	1·50	0·20	0·68	0·70	3·06	0·08	...	5	6·22	0·46	6·22	3·65	4·72	
		Paru ...										?		?		
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).										?		?		
		Sinhar ...	...	0·50	0·39	5·30	1·44	...	...	4	7·54	?	7·54	?	7·54	
		Pupri ...										?		?		
	Champaran ..	Motihari ...	...	0·39	0·30	1·10	6·23	0·38	...	5	8·40	0·33	8·40	3·30	8·40	
		Bettiah ..	...	2·27	0·15	1·35	4·31	0·62	...	5	8·70	0·26	8·70	3·67	8·70	
		Bagaha ...	...	0·14	0·61	1·05	5·00	0·07	...	4	6·87	?	6·87	?	6·87	
		Burhurwa ...	...	0·32	0·21	0·82	5·38	0·63	...	5	7·36	?	7·36	?	7·36	
	Saran ..	Gopalganj	...	0·63	...	0·90	4·33					0·22		4·98		
		Siwan ...	...	2·26	0·39	1·21	4·95					0·25		3·43		
		Ekma ...	...	1·43	1·07	0·41	1·30	0·04				?		?		
		Chapra ...	...	1·16	0·78	0·32	1·02	0·05	...	4	4·23	0·48	4·23	3·00	4·23	
		Sreepore ...										?		?		
		Annuar ...										?		?		
		Basantpur ...										?		?		
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	3·49	1·33	0·47	3·15	0·03	...	4	8·47	0·44	8·47	2·69	8·47	
		Dehri ...	0·05	1·80	2·00	0·13	1·38	...	...	4	5·38	0·48	5·36	2·26	5·31	
		Bhabhua ...	0·04	1·14	1·83	0·18	0·91	...	...	4	4·10	0·47	4·10	2·62	4·06	
		Sasaram ...	...	2·20	2·25	...	1·15					0·44		2·90		
		Arrah ...	0·37	0·86		1·78	0·05					0·54		2·86		
		Mohanea ...	1·.0	2·15		2·10						?		?		
		Khiri ...	...	2·30	1·70	0·30	2·60	...	...	4	5·90	?	5·90	?	5·90	
		Ageaon ...	...	0·85	0·58	2·35	2·10	...	...	4	5·88	?	5·88	?	5·88	
		Ramagar ...										?		?		
		Koath ...										?		?		
		Sikroul ...	...	2·00	1·20	0·60	0·50	...	...	4	4·30	?	4·30	?	4·30	
		Bassowan ...	...	2·53	2·98	0·12	0·76	...	...	4	6·39	?	6·39	?	6·39	
		Monaharpur	...	1·40	2·04	...	2·05	0·11	...	4	5·60	?	5·60	?	5·60	
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	0·12	0·14	2·56	0·05	0·60	0·02	...	4	3·49	0·25	3·49	2·79	3·37	
		Gaya ...	0.14	0·90	0·96	0·16	0·38	0·03	...	5	1·67	0·25	1·67	2·65	1·53	
		Nawadah ...	0·11	1·02	0·81	0·17	...	...	...	4	2·11	0·24	2·11	2·12	2·00	
		Jahanabad ...	0·07	0·76	0·79	0·19	1·12	0·08	...	4	3·01	0·94	3·01	3·40	2·94	
		Arwal ...	...	0·59	0·47	2·12	3·04	...	...	4	6·22	?	6·22	?	6·22	
		Daudnagar ...				0·23	2·96					?		?		
		Sherghati ..	1·12	...	1·20	0·25	0·80	0·09	...	4	3·56	?		?	2·44	
		Rajauli ...	1·65	1·00	0·58	0·10	...	...	...	4	3·33	?	3·56	?	1·68	
		Pakri Barawan	...	0·28	1·18							?	3·71	?		
	Patna ...	Patna ..	0·72	0·73	1·06	0·91	2·68	0·03	...	5	6·13	0·43	6·13	2·65	5·41	
		Dinapore ...	1·84	1·99	1·19	0·26	5·78	0·12	...	6	11·18	0·42	11·18	2·59	9·34	
		Bihar ...	1·40	0·30	0·76	0·23	0·05	...	...	4	1·77	0·38	1·77	2·51	1·37	
		Barh ...	...	...	0·70	0·30	0·14	...	...	3	1·14	0·43	1·14	2·45	1·14	
		Bickram ...	...	...	1·00	0·24	2·90	0·16	...	4	4·30	?	4·30	?	4·30	
		Hilsa ...	1·00	1·15	0·15	0·75	0·17	...	...	5	3·22	?	3·22	?	2·22	
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	0·75	...	0·48	...	...	2	1·23	0·38	1·23	2·23	1·23	
		Monghyr ...	...	1·03	0·41	0·34	0·20	...	...	4	1·98	0·46	1·98	2·78	1·98	
		Jamui ...	...	0·09	1·18	...	0·08	0·26	...	2	1·61	0·36	2·52	2·12	1·61	
		Gogri ...										?		?		
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	1·12						?		?		
		Chahai Bamda	0·19	0·16	0·77	0·02	0·20	0·70	...	5	1·95	?	3·10	?	1·85	
		Chupreon ...	...	...	0·16	0·70	0·40	...	...	3	1·26	?	1·26	?	1·26	
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	0·31	0·63	0·97	1·61	...	4	3·52	0·46	3·93	2·59	3·52	
		Godda	0·09	...	0·92	1·05	...	0·35	...	3	2·41	0·68	3·25	2·72	2·32	
		Pakour ...	...	0·48	...	2·04	0·09	0·17	...	3	2·78	1·47	4·15	3·97	2·78	
		Naya Dumka	...	0·34	0·36	0·20	...	0·25	...	4	1·15	0·81	4·48	3·54	1·15	
		Deoghur	...	0·42	0·34	0·06	0·33	0·48	...	4	1·63	1·29	3·27	3·24	1·63	
		Jamtara ...	...	0·85	1·03	0·20	...	1·04	...	4	3·12	0·39	4·91	2·46	3·12	
		Belbodda ...				1·74	0·84					?		?		
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba *(Giridih).*	...	1·23	0·61	...	0·12	1·28	...	4	3·24	0·71	3·79	2·53	3·24	
		Hazaribagh	0·12	0·94	2·79	0·37	0·05	0·88	...	5	5·15	0·47	6·18	2·81	5·03	
		Semtagurao										0·49		2·79		
		Mahudi Hills										0·56		2·43		
		Jhumra Hill										0·57		2·48		
		Barhi ...	0·40	0·15	1·57	0·25	...	...	...	4	2·37	?	2·37	?	1·97	
		Chatra ...	2·08	0·96	1·76	...	0·36					?		?		
		Koragdeha ..	0·62	0·59	0·37	...	0·11	0·54	...	5	2·23	?	2·34	?	1·61	
		Ramgar ...	...	0·90	4·10							?		?		
	Lohardaga ..	Lohardaga ...	1·18	...	2·09	0·37	0·28					0·35		1·73		
		Ranchi ...	...	0·86	2·00	0·41						0·55		2·39		
		Silli		0·40	2·53							?		?		
	Palamau ...	*Palkot* ...	...	...	0·62	0·15	0·51									
		Palamau (Daltanganj.)										0·22		2·39		
		Balumath ...	4·78	0·32	0·65	0·30	0·58					?		?		
		Husainabad	0·97	1·56	1·27	...	1·90					?		?		
		Garhwa	0·71	1·15	1·27	...	0·43					?		?		
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa	...	0·07	0·26	0·38	0·02	0·03	...	2	0·76	0·43	0·76	1·97	0·76	
		Chakardharpur.	0·18	...	0·14	0·06	...	...	...	2	0·38	?	1·75	?	0·20	
		Ghatsila										?		?		
		Baharagura	...	0·30	1·95	0·70						?		?		
		Gailkura ...	...	0·60		0·10						?		?		
	Manbhum ...	Kalikapur ...	...	1·42	1·14	0·61	1·91	2·67	...	5	7·75	?	7·75	?	7·75	
		Purulia ...	...	...	0·98	...	...	1·00	...	2	1·98	0·57	3·10	2·31	1·98	
		Gobindpur ..	0·30	1·10	0·76	0·08	0·41	1·50	...	5	4·15	0·57	4·81	2·82	3·85	
		Raghunathpore	...	0·06	0·30	0·63	...	0·61	...	3	1·60	?	1·80	?	1·60	
		Barahabhum	...	0·35	1·25	0·15	0·02	0·25	...	4	2·02	?	3·76	?	2·02	
		Jhalda ...	...	1·59	0·11	0·08	1·70	...	...	4	2·48	?	2·80	?	2·48	
		Chas ...	0·10	0·31	1·60	0·05	0·16	0·60	...	5	2·22	?	2·52	?	2·12	
		Pandra ...	...	1·63	1·47	..	0·18	0·50	...	4	4·24	?	5·37	?	4·24	

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 24th October* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 21ST OF OCTOBER 1893.

THE easterly wind circulation which was a prominent feature of the weather during the previous week continued without a break during the present one, and was accompanied by continuous showery weather in all districts. The low pressure in the west of the Bay, to which this was due, intensified, and a shallow depression developed in the early part of the week off the coast of the Circars. The depression was never of great depth, the difference from the normal being only ·16 inch when the area of lowest pressure drifted across the coast in a westerly direction, but its influence was well marked in two respects—(1) in causing squally weather in the Bay, (2) in leading to the unusually heavy rainfall in the western districts, and especially in North Bihar. The depression became noticeable on the first day of the week, though pressure was then rising except at Coconada and Masulipatam, and it was well defined on the following day. Though there was no large change of pressure on that day, the moderate fall in the west of the Bay and the brisk rise in Burmah and Assam led to considerably steeper gradients from west to east and a well-defined cyclonic circulation over a wide area. General rain then fell in all districts, but especially in the western half of the province, and temperature was above the normal only in North Bengal and Bihar. The depression moved to the west into Central India, but as a well-defined trough of low pressure lay north and south, the area of lowest pressure afterwards took a northerly direction, passing over the North-Western Provinces and breaking up on reaching the adjacent part of the Himalayan range. In consequence of this northerly direction of motion, showery weather continued in Bengal on the 17th and 18th, and on the 19th, the day after the depression had disappeared, general unsettled weather with numerous local thunderstorms and very heavy rainfall prevailed along the hills and in the adjacent plains. Most of the stations in North Bihar reported between 5 and 10 inches on that date. In the Darjeeling Hills the rainfall was not so heavy, the average fall being between 3 and 4 inches.

On the 17th and 18th conditions in the south-east of the Bay again became unsettled, but there was no definite disturbance till the 19th, when stormy weather developed rather rapidly to the west of Diamond Island. A depression of no great extent but of much greater depth and intensity nearer the centre than the one in the early part of the week moved rather rapidly into the centre of the northern half of the Bay on the 21st, the last day of the week. Though a diffused low pressure area was then shown by the observations taken at the coast stations, there was no sign of stormy weather except at Diamond Island up till the end of the week, and the depth of the depression or the character of the resulting storm could not be estimated.

Pressure has been slightly below the normal in the western districts owing to the shallow depression which affected the weather in the province and the west of the Bay during the first half of the week. Changes were seldom more than ·05 inch except on the 17th and 18th, when there was a fairly rapid rise in Orissa and the Circars. After the original depression broke up on reaching the hills on the 19th, a slight residual low pressure area moved eastward across North Bihar and North Bengal, where it was fairly well defined on the 20th, but on the 21st it had entirely disappeared.

Temperature.—In the early part of the week mean temperature was above the normal over the whole province by amounts varying from 1° in the southern districts to 4° in the west of Bihar. As the unsettled rainy weather developed and spread northwards, temperature fell, and by the middle of the week there was defect at most stations, but chiefly in the day readings. When the heavy rain fell in Bihar there was a large fall of temperature, defect in maximum readings being more than 10° in places. In Assam and the eastern half of the province the mean for the week is about half a degree above the normal, but in the other districts there is defect, greatest in Chota Nagpur and Orissa where it is 1°.

Rainfall.—As stated above, almost general rain fell in all districts except on the last day of the week, when the indraught towards the low pressure area which had then formed in the east of the Bay gave northerly instead of the easterly winds hitherto prevailing. The heavy fall in Orissa is due to the continued moderate rain during the first five days, and the similar amounts in Chota Nagpur and Bihar to the northerly direction taken by the disturbance which commenced on the 17th. The average fall in Orissa is 5·5 inches, in North Bihar 5·2 inches, the latter being about twelve times the normal; Chota Nagpur and South Bihar received between three and four inches, or more than six times the normal; while in the other districts excess was smaller, varying from ·6 inch in Lower Bengal to 1·6 inches in North Bengal.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 21st of October 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	89·7	73·8	85·7	75·6	80·7	—1·0	5·51	1·13	+4·38	4·00	1·33	+2·67	6·17	4·44	5·18	0·78
South-West Bengal ...	94·7	69·9	86·9	75·3	81·1	—0·2	1·87	1·22	+0·65	2·93	1·03	+1·90	4·47	3·41	1·82	1·01
North Bengal	89·6	71·0	86·2	73·7	79·9	+0·4	2·78	1·16	+1·62	3·20	0·87	+2·33	4·20	3·82	2·78	0·96
East Bengal	91·3	70·6	87·5	74·8	81·2	+0·3	1·91	1·25	+0·66	2·63	1·29	+1·34	5·12	4·32	1·88	0·88
North Bihar	90·3	65·8	83·2	72·8	78·0	—0·8	5·19	0·43	+4·76	3·72	0·48	+3·24	5·32	3·01	5·08	0·35
South Bihar	91·9	65·7	85·4	72·7	79·0	—0·5	3·48	0·55	+2·93	3·77	0·65	+3·12	3·95	2·71	3·31	0·45
Chota Nagpur	90·9	61·3	82·1	68·4	75·3	—1·2	3·20	0·50	+2·70	3·57	0·84	+2·73	3·75	2·44	3·14	0·39
Assam	94·0	70·8	86·9	73·1	80·1	+0·5										

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 24th October 1893.

C. Little,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 15th to 21st October 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
October ...	15th ...	29·898	84·3	90·5	12·4	78·1	86·6	80·5	·960	78·0	76	...
" ...	16th ...	·856	79·5	83·9	8·8	75·1	82·6	79·5	·968	78·3	87	...
" ...	17th ...	·948	80·1	84·9	9·6	75·3	76·6	75·5	·872	75·1	95	1·71
" ...	18th ...	·983	81·4	87·5	12·3	75·2	84·1	80·3	1·008	79·5	86	0·58
" ...	19th ...	·952	82·4	89·0	13·2	75·8	85·6	79·5	·927	76·9	76	0·15
" ...	20th ...	·954	80·7	88·0	14·7	73·3	84·1	78·5	·901	76·1	77	...
" ...	21st ...	·944	80·1	84·9	9·6	75·3	82·6	78·5	·921	76·7	83	...

	Value
	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	29·934
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	81·2
The extreme variation of temperature	17·2
The maximum temperature	90·5
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	83
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st October 1893	2·44

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. Gilliland,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India,
The 23rd October 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 15th to 21st October 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	TEMPERATURE.				HYGROMETRY.				WIND.		Rain.	WEATHER.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Oct	15th	153·3	8·1	29·788	82·1	88·5	10·8	77·7	78·8	0·942	77·4	86	ESE, ENE and calm.	86	Nil	Partially cloudy, ⌓, t, lr.
"	16th	115·0	Nil	·805	79·3	83·3	8·4	74·9	77·0	·900	76·0	90	E and ESE ...	159	0·59	Cloudy, o, g, d, p, t.
"	17th	134·0	0·7	·869	78·0	81·2	6·8	74·4	76·5	·895	75·9	93	ESE, and SSE ...	76	1·37	Cloudy, o, g, d, p, t.
"	18th	150·5	6·9	·898	79·4	85·4	10·3	75·1	77·5	·921	76·7	92	SSE and SSW ...	60	0·17	Partially cloudy, d, p.
"	19th	147·5	10·3	·880	80·5	85·7	10·3	75·4	77·8	·916	76·6	88	SSW, and WSW	47	Nil	Chiefly clear, ⌓.
"	20th	148·0	7·3	·896	78·7	86·2	13·5	72·7	75·4	·837	73·9	85	WSW, NNW and calm.	30	"	Partially cloudy, ⌓.
"	21st	148·1	7·2	·884	78·7	84·3	8·7	75·6	74·7	·807	72·8	82	ENE, and variable	124	0·05	Partially cloudy, o, d. ⌓.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·860
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·863
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	40·5
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	80·8
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	79·5
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	81·8
The extreme variation of temperature	15·8
The maximum temperature	88·5
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	13
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	88
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	77
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st October 1893	2·18
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	0·85
The total fall from 1st January to 21st October 1893	85·20
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	62·57

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; d, drizzling rain; p, passing temporary showers; t, thunder; lr, lightning reflection; ⌓, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 23rd October 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 7th October 1893, on 756 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run,		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	T[illegible]
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open	89,620	34,270	297,790	36,964	8,370	79,600	17,330	10,396	27,72[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	118·54	45·33	393·90	48·89	11·07	105·29	...	...	......
For previous 14½ weeks of half-year*	1,259,663	4,80,307	3,124,421	4,10,021	1,21,594	10,11,922	208,627	190,150	398,777
Total for 15½ weeks ...	1,349,283	5,14,577	3,422,211	4,46,981	1,29,964	10,91,522	225,957	200,546	426,50[illegible]
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 755 miles open	81,264	33,112	263,206	40,373	9,277	82,762	13,832	14,065	27,897
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	107·63	43·86	348·62	53·47	12·29	109·62	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,261,630	4,70,276	3,829,199	4,91,473	1,25,861	10,87,610	208,134	226,147	434,2[illegible]

* Includes audited figures up to 2nd September 1893.

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 25th October 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 44 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE PATNA DIVISION FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Darjeeling, the 28th October 1893.

RESOLUTION.—No. 688T.—G.

READ—

The General Administration Report of the Commissioner of Patna for 1892-93.

Read also—

The Administration Report for 1891-92 and Resolution thereon.

Mr. D. R. Lyall was in charge of the Division from 1st April to 24th May, and was succeeded by the late Mr. Worsley, whose much lamented death occurred a fortnight later. Mr. Hopkins was in charge from the 6th to the 23rd June, and Mr. Forbes, by whom this report is submitted, for the rest of the year.

Tours and inspections.

2. Under existing orders, Commissioners are required to be on tour at least four months in the year, to spend at least a fortnight in each district, and to inspect every Collector's office and every sub-divisional office. The Commissioner of Patna was on tour for the prescribed period, but was unable to inspect the Saran district offices and the sub-divisional offices of Jahanabad, Barh, Dinapore, Siwan, and Gopalganj. Mr. Forbes says that the requirements of Government

in this respect cannot be fulfilled in his Division, in which distances are great and camp equipment and stores have often to be taken in bullock carts, thus causing serious waste of time. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor admits that the inspection of all offices in the Patna Division is in average years difficult to accomplish consistently with the due despatch of the Commissioner's own onerous office duties at Bankipore. He has no doubt whatever that Mr. Forbes did as much as could, in the interests of general efficiency, be done in the way of inspection.

The Collectors of Patna, Gaya, and Shahabad, which are classified as large districts, should under the standing orders spend four months, and the Collectors of the other districts of the Division at least three months, every year on tour. Mr. Macpherson, the Collector of Gaya, complied with these orders and appears to have made useful tours and thorough inspections. The tours of the Collectors of Patna fell 10 days short of the prescribed minimum.

The Collectors of Shahabad were 124 days in camp; but out of this period a month was spent by Mr. Skrine at Dumraon in making preparations for an Agricultural Show. The Agricultural Show at Dumraon was not of such importance that it need have taken a month of the Collector's time to make preparations for it, and the Commissioner would have been justified in shortening the Collector's stay at Dumraon. The sub-divisional offices in this district were inspected only once in the year, which is unsatisfactory.

The Collectors of other districts spent more than the minimum prescribed periods in camp, and made biennial inspections of their sub-divisional offices; but it is not stated, except in the case of Mr. Hopkins, whether, as required by the Board's rules, they in the course of their tours inspected Government and Wards' estates and the settlements in progress in their districts. Such inspections are, in the Lieutenant-Governor's opinion, of great importance, and special reference should be made to them in future reports.

All Sub-divisional Officers appear to have complied with the orders of Government in regard to the duration of their tours.

Weather and crops.

3. The average rainfall for the whole Division (45·53 inches) was slightly above the normal, the fall in Champaran being considerably, that in Patna and Darbhanga slightly above, and that in the other districts a little below, the normal. The rainfall was not, however, well distributed, being less than a fourth of the normal in May, followed by a heavy fall in the second week of June, and by dry weather for the rest of that month. The monsoon did not really break before the end of June. July was normal, the rainfall in August was almost double the normal, there was an untimely cessation of the rains in September, and a general failure of the *hateya* rains in October.

The bhadoi crops, which were backward owing to the late setting in of the monsoon, were in many places drowned by the excessive rains of August. The failure of the *hateya* rains affected the winter rice, which promised to be a bumper one, but turned out, according to the Commissioner's estimate, to be only a 12 to 13 anna crop. A larger area than usual was sown under rabi crops, and on the whole these crops promised well to the end of February, when several days of abnormally wet stormy weather, followed in March by east winds and damp cloudy weather, caused much damage and reduced the outturn to about 12 annas, or three-fourths of an average crop. The outturn of indigo was only half that of the previous year, and opium yielded only a 14-anna crop. The Commissioner remarks that the total produce of all crops of the year was somewhat above the average, a remark which is a little unintelligible, seeing that the yield of each harvest and of each crop in turn is said to have been less than the average.

Prices of food and wages.

4. Though the price of food-grains has, owing to the opening out of railways and roads and other causes, risen greatly in this Division in the past twenty years, there yet appears to be no corresponding rise in the wages of unskilled agricultural labour. The wage of a common cooly is said to be now, as it was eighty years ago, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ annas a day. This fact is all the more remarkable when it is remembered that in the districts of Dacca, Backergunge, Tippera, and Noakhali, which are almost as thickly populated as Bihar, nobody will work for less than 5 to 6 annas per day. The explanation probably lies in the facts that wages in

Bihar are still largely regulated by custom, that an element of compulsion still exists in some parts, and that many of the labourers hold patches of land which bind them down to the locality in which they live, "enabling them to exist upon smaller wages and to carry on their multiplication so much the further before reaching the point below which they cannot or will not descend."

Public health.

5. The year was a particularly unhealthy one. A widespread and malignant epidemic of cholera occurred during the hot weather months. The exceptionally early dry season is supposed to have given rise to malarial emanations from the drying up of lands which in other years remained covered with water, and the undoubtedly straitened circumstances of a large number of the population assisted, according to Mr. Hare, the Collector of Muzaffarpur, the spread of cholera, fever, and other diseases. The wells also ran low, and the water available for drinking was impure.

The rate of registered deaths was 36·5 per thousand as against 29·3 in the preceding year. Part of this increase is, however, attributed to improvements made in the system of registration of vital statistics.

Material condition of the people.

6. Much has been written as to the depressed condition of the masses of the people of this Division. The northern part of the Division is the blackest of the black spots in the famine map; wages are low; rents high, the population dense, poor and badly fed; distress and rumours of distress and starting of relief works are ever recurring characteristics of the local officers' annual reports. In the year under review, owing to widespread failure of the preceding year's rice and rabi crops, relief works had to be opened in the second week of March in Darbhanga and Muzaffarpur. By the middle of May no less than 22,000 people were on these relief works in Darbhanga, and 6,300 in Muzaffarpur, while by the end of the 1st week of June the numbers rose to 43,470 in the former and 14,147 in the latter district. Had the rains of 1891-92 not been favourable, as they happily were on the whole, "there is no doubt," Mr. Forbes remarks, "that famine would have at once crushed down upon these districts." The material condition of the people in Darbhanga and Muzaffarpur, especially during the first few months of the year, was, the Commissioner says, reduced to a low ebb, and their physical condition fell off in a marked degree, and this, Mr. Forbes adds, was particularly noticeable among the children. Though there were no deaths reported from actual starvation, the mortality among the old and infirm necessarily increased for want of proper nutrition. The Collector of Darbhanga, Mr. Williams, says "there can be no doubt that had the authorities not come to the rescue, the deaths from actual want of food would have been numerous." The state of things affords a sad commentary on the assertions which have been made that Government, in its endeavours to improve the agrarian system and impose some check on enhancements of rent in North Bihar, is unnecessarily interfering with private rights.

As bearing on the material condition of the people, Mr. Forbes notices that the registrations, sales, and mortgages of properties valued at Rs. 100 and upwards increased from 100,010 during the five years preceding the passing of the Tenancy Act to 157,130 during the five following years, while similar transactions in the case of petty properties valued at less than Rs. 100 increased from 57,466 to 197,489. As the Tenancy Act made no change in the previous law regarding the transfer of tenures and holdings, the increased number of transfers only indicates increasing indebtedness and poverty of the raiyats, and the greater necessity that there is for assiduous watchfulness on the part of Government and the local officers in protecting them in the exercise of their legal rights.

Emigration and Immigration.

7. The number of emigrants from the Division registered during the year was 2,695 to the Colonies and 1,211 to the tea districts —total 3,906—a number so insignificant that it may be safely asserted that emigration as a means of alleviating the condition of Bihar may, for the immediate future, be wholly left out of consideration. There is, apart from registered emigration, a considerable amount of unregistered emigration to the Duars and Assam, and a large annual exodus of labourers to the districts of Eastern Bengal for temporary employment. This annual migration, which resembles closely the annual migration to England of

harvesters from the congested counties of Ireland, is a source of much benefit to the people of Bihar. It has been fostered and faciliated by the improvements in road and railway communications which have made such great progress in recent years.

Manufacture, Trade and Commerce.

8. Omitting opium, the principal manufactures are indigo and saltpetre. The outturn of indigo was only 42,404 maunds as against 83,600 in the previous year, but the value was about Rs. 30,000 per 100 maunds against Rs. 18,000 in 1891-92.

Speaking generally, trade was dull. Owing to fairly good harvests the importations of food-grains were less than in the preceding year, while owing to previous depletion of local food-stocks, there was less available for exportation.

The exports of salt to Nepal increased from 36,373 maunds in 1890-91 to maunds 1,00,724 in 1891-92 and to 1,72,528 in 1892-93. The increase is said to be due to the fact that the Nepalese now obtain their salt from British territory instead of Thibet.

Civil Justice.

9. The total number of original suits disposed of by District Judges and Subordinate Judges was 2,898 against 2,870 in 1891-92.

The following table shows the working of the Munsif's courts:—

District.	Sub-division or chauki.	Description of Court.	Number of officers.*	Number of original cases disposed of. Ordinary.	Small Cause Court.	Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B. Money.	Rent.	Title.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio of witnesses detained over two days to per cent. of witnesses examined.	Ratio of cases pending at end of year to per cent. of cases disposed of.
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	8	9	10	11
Patna	Sadar	Munsif	5	2,508	1,086	1,615	1,580	399	3,574	14·6	31·8
	Bihar	Do.	1	507	......	194	311	92	629	7·4	31·6
Gaya	Sadar	Do.	3	1,179	7	417	532	237	2,398	49·1	23·9
	Aurangabad	Do.	1	481	56	261	207	69	1,054	27·7	24·5
Shahabad	Sadar	Do.	3	3,285	359	858	2,322	464	4,391	19·0	23·7
	Buxar	Do.	*1½	1,569	104	161	1,129	583	2,399	19·2	36·4
	Sasaram	Do.	1½	1,361	201	653	717	192	1,952	24·2	14·3
	Bhabua	Do.	1	†7	......	......	7	......	13	......	485·7
Muzaffarpur	Sadar	Do.	2	2,036	689	1,309	1,239	177	4,293	19·9	18·4
	Hajipur	Do.	1	1,216	187	389	905	109	1,253	28·0	18·8
	Sitamarhi	Do.	1	1,386	......	615	617	154	1,704	34·0	11·3
Darbhanga	Darbhanga	Do.	1	703	204	476	328	103	775	9·6	14·8
	Madhubani	Do.	1	1,341	......	468	785	88	1,638	16·6	13·5
	Somastipur	Do.	1	1,218	840	1,273	651	134	1,635	26·4	38·9
		Assistant Munsif	1	718	......	256	362	100	1,183	22·9	5·4
Saran	Sadar	Munsif	3	4,027	437	1,064	2,985	415	5,885	26·9	13·8
	Siwan	Do.	1	1,099	228	721	477	129	1,867	6·6	19·2
	Gopalganj	Do.	1	901	......	511	330	60	1,051	18·0	46·5
Champaran	Motihari	Do.	2	2,720	1,315	2,147	1,656	232	2,811	23·6	14·4
		Total for 1892-93	32	28,352	5,713	13,388	17,140	3,537	40,405	22·6	21·1
		Total for 1891-92	29½	29,427	3,546	11,903	17,747	3,323	118,986 attended.	17	25

* The fraction means that an officer was employed for the fractional part of the year.
† Disposed of by the Subdivisional Officer of Bhabua.

The number of money suits shows an increase of 1,485, and that of rent suits a decrease of 607 as compared with the previous year. With a population of 15,811,014 persons, mainly agricultural, the total number of rent suits was 17,140, or little more than 1 per thousand of the population, or say one suit for every 200 holdings, while the Chittagong Division shows 31,237 rent suits, with a population of only 4,189,886, or 7 per thousand of the population, or one case for every 28 holdings. The great disparity in these figures indicates clearly either that rents are easily paid in Bihar, or that other methods than recourse to the civil courts are resorted to in order to realize them. The probability is that the latter explanation is the true one.

Criminal Justice and Police.

10. The following tables exhibit the principal statistics relating to the criminal work of the Division:—

Statements of work done by Stipendiary Magistrates.

District.	Sub-division.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of decisions confirmed on appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average number of cases disposed of per officer.	Average number of witnesses examined in each case.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to column 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Patna ...	Sadar ...	Stipendiary ...	6	1,124	1,837	61·9	4,636	3·8	86·8	609	29	187	4	4·7
	Barh ...	Ditto ...	1	591	774	79·4	1,584	10·7	72·4	175	19	591	3	10·8
	Bihar ...	Ditto ...	1½	636	1,051	53·1	3,303	2·3	74·8	268	8	424	5	2·9
	Dinapore ...	Ditto ...	1	1,407	1,778	85·4	636	5·0	83·3	123	6	141	·4	4·8
Gaya ...	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	6½	1,340	1,801	66·5	4,981	7·8	75·2	458	17	216	4	3·7
	Jahanabad ...	Ditto ...	1	398	526	63·8	946	22·4	85·9	175	12	398	2	6·8
	Nawada ...	Ditto ...	1½	321	445	62·0	848	5·3	83·7	124	2	214	3	1·6
	Aurangabad ...	Ditto ...	1¼	398	575	56·8	1,807	5·8	83·1	231	25	318	4	10·8
Shahabad ...	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	6¼	1,064	1,635	54·5	4,861	·6	88·8	223	10	164	4	4·4
	Sasaram ...	Ditto ...	2	390	471	64·1	2,597	2·2	73·4	142	...	195	7	...
	Buxar ...	Ditto ...	2	619	803	70·6	1,717	4·3	74·0	169	3	309	3	1·8
	Bhabua ...	Ditto ...	1	325	423	68·2	1,163	8·5	87·8	37	3	325	3	8·1
Muzaffarpur ...	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	6	1,024	1,465	67·1	3,991	8·8	85·6	385	5	171	4	1·4
	Hajipur ...	Ditto ...	2	727	1,138	51·2	2,479	16·8	67·2	213	38	363	3	17·8
	Sitamarhi ...	Ditto ...	1½	870	1,088	61·4	3,155	6·4	91·5	268	4	580	4	1·5
Darbhanga ...	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	5½	963	1,751	49·2	8,438	7·6	72·7	380	28	183	9	7·3
	Samastipur ...	Ditto ...	2	789	1,139	66·0	4,023	1·0	29·1	258	13	394	5	5·0
	Madhubani ...	Ditto ...	2	495	880	54·3	1,408	2·0	18·8	299	2	247	3	·6
Saran ...	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	7	2,715	3,688	61·8	7,210	8·6	85·1	281	19	388	3	6·7
	Siwan ...	Ditto ...	2	1,209	1,632	63·1	4,054	1·1	99·1	223	...	604	3	...
	Gopalganj ...	Ditto ...	1½	1,3;8	1,728	74·4	2,331	4·3	96·1	292	4	885	2	1·3
Champaran ...	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	3	1,661	2,452	51·1	7,426	2·7	94·7	808	21	554	4	2·5
	Bettiah ...	Ditto ...	2	878	1,317	67·5	4,994	2·4	98·8	522	6	439	6	1·1
	Total for 1892-93	Ditto ...	65½	21,281	30,236	63·2	78,612	5·4	80·7	6,644	274	326	3·6	4·1
	Total for 1891-92	Ditto ...	67¼	18,254	27,549	56	97,151	5	76	5,849	317	271	5·3	5·7

Statement of work done by Honorary Magistrates.

District.	Sub-division.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of decisions confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average number of cases disposed of per officer.	Average number of witnesses examined in each case.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to column 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Patna	Sadar ...	Honorary ...	3	4,681	4,919	88·6	1,040	3·07	55·5	2	......	1,560	·2	......
	Barh ...	Ditto ...	1	430	473	80·9	162	·6	57·1	......	......	430	·3	......
	Bihar ...	Ditto ...	1	560	607	81·2	787	2·9	60	29	9	560	1	31
	Dinapore ...	Ditto ...	2	1,103	1,446	80·7	335	......	42·8	13	......	551	·3	......
Gaya	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	3	1,488	1,622	75·2	1,739	1·03	50	4	......	496	1	......
	Jahanabad ...	Ditto ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
	Nawada ...	Ditto ...	1	52	62	51·6	77	......	......	......	......	52	1	......
	Aurangabad ...	Ditto ...	2	61	69	23·1	128	21	100	......	......	30	2	......
Shahabad	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	2	253	383	37	422	......	100	......	......	126	1.2	......
	Sasaram ...	Ditto ...	1	44	45	24·4	109	2·7	50	......	......	44	2	......
	Buxar ...	Ditto ...	2	107	138	45·6	445	13·7	......	15	4	53	4	26
	Bhabua ...	Ditto ...	1	34	41	36·5	166	......	......	......	......	34	3	......
Muzaffarpur	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	1	2,092	2,396	73·4	1,318	4·9	50	10	1	2,092	·6	10
	Hajipur ...	Ditto ...	½	941	1,042	74·8	348	4·9	......	......	......	1,254	·5	......
	Sitamarhi ...	Ditto ...	½	100	122	40·9	85	7·05	100	13	2	200	·8	......
Darbhanga	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	4	2,548	2,657	77·1	2,591	......	50	......	......	637	1	......
	Samastipur ...	Ditto ...	1	93	151	44·3	483	22·7	42·8	32	......	93	5·1	......
	Madhubani ...	Ditto ...	2	975	1,091	85·1	1,150	1·3	46·1	1	......	487	1·1	......
Saran	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	2	780	1,049	52·4	914	10·1	85·7	1	......	394	1	......
	Siwan ...	Ditto ...	1	396	420	66·4	635	1·5	50	7	......	396	2	......
Champaran	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	1	153	218	11·9	495	2·4	20	......	......	153	3·2	......
	Bettiah ...	Ditto ...	1	213	216	86·1	481	......	......	4	......	213	2·2	......
		Total for 1892-93	33½	17,113	19,166	78	14,050	3·3	57·6	131	16	514·6	·8	12
		Total for 1891-92	35	14,152	15,788	76	19,188	1·8	66	182	10	404	1	5

The average number of cases disposed of by each Stipendiary Magistrate was 326, the smallest number being at Arrah. Five other courts also fell below 200 cases per officer, all but one of which were at head-quarters.

The ratio per cent. of witnesses detained by Stipendiary Magistrates over two days to the total number examined was 5·4 as against 5; and by Honorary Magistrates 3·35 as against 1·8 in the previous year. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor regrets to have to notice a falling off in this respect, especially in Jahanabad, Hajipur and Barh, where 22·4, 16·8 and 10·7 per cent. respectively of the witnesses were detained for more than two days.

The number of cognizable offences reported increased from 32,946 in 1891-92 to 40,035 in the year under review, or by more than 21 per cent. The number of non-cognizable offences also increased from 17,922 to 18,920. The increase in cognizable crime was partly due to the prevailing distress in Gaya, Darbhanga, Muzaffarpur and Patna, and partly to the greater activity on the part of the police, District Boards, and Municipal Commissioners in prosecuting for public nuisances, and offences against bye-laws.

There were 18 cases of drugging during the year, of which 8 occurred in Saran, and 2 of these were committed with *datura*, the medium being tobacco, by a lad of 18 years, who was proved to have been at the trade for years. An alarming outbreak of dacoity occurred in Gaya, which, however, has been suppressed by an organised system of police patrols, and by requiring a number of the most dangerous bad characters to give security for good behaviour.

Of the Mugheya Domes, who are the most inveterate criminals of the Division, 91 absconded from their settlements, and 31 were convicted of house-breaking and theft. The total number of reported offences is 58,955 with a population of nearly 16 millions, or about 3½ per thousand.

11. The statement below gives the attendance of Honorary Magistrates by districts:—

District.	Number of Honorary Magistrates.	Number of times asked to attend.	Number of actual attendance.	Number of absences		
				With leave or notice.	Without leave or notice.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Patna ...	66	2,972	2,131	361	527	888
Gaya ...	71	800	583	97	120	217
Shahabad ...	57	1,017	748	111	158	269
Muzaffarpur ...	40	1,757	1,248	250	259	509
Darbhanga ...	82	1,364	729	175	460	635
Saran ...	16	401	336	48	17	65
Champaran ...	16	286	211	7	68	75
Total ...	348	8,597	5,986	1,049	1,609	2,658

The attendance of the Honorary Magistrates has been fairly satisfactory, though there is room for improvement.

12. The following table shows the working of the Sessions Courts:—

	Districts.							
	Patna.	Gaya.	Shahabad.	Muzaffarpur.	Darbhanga.	Saran.	Champaran.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Number of cases committed during the year ...	60	60	38	42	52	49	52	353
Number disposed of	63	43	33	44	54	48	50	335
Number in which conviction obtained	45	23	26	28	33*	33	44	232
Of above, in which sentence was modified or reversed by High Court.	5	6	3	...	3	5	......	22
Number of cases acquitted by Sessions Judge ...	18	20	7	16	20*	15	6	102

* 1 One otherwise disposed of.

The percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained was 69·2 against 66·6 in the previous year.

13. The fines imposed and realized were as follows:—

	Districts.							Total.
	Patna.	Gaya.	Shahabad.	Muzaffarpur.	Darbhanga.	Saran.	Champaran.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance of fines dues at the commencement of the year	10,951 2 9	13,243 9 6	7,110 0 8	6,926 9 11	8,243 14 5	16,341 13 10	11,149 7 8	73,966 9 9
Amount imposed during the year	23,994 12 9	23,000 10 0	19,933 0 9	18,216 6 6	13,547 1 6	24,850 11 1	15,575 8 0	1,39,118 2 7
Amount collected during the year	19,265 13 8	12,254 2 9	17,292 3 1	14,494 3 1	10,364 3 8	19,942 7 6	11,228 8 9	1,04,841 10 6
Amount remitted or written off	3,161 14 0	8,972 0 0	1,623 11 6	2,410 0 0	2,927 4 0	7,875 0 2	1,094 2 0	28,063 15 8
Balance of fines pending at the end of the year ...	12,518 3 10	15,018 0 9	8,127 2 10	8,238 13 4	8,490 8 3	13,375 0 [illegible]	14,402 4 11	80,179 2 2

In Saran alone was the balance at the end of the year less than at the beginning.

Registration.

14. The following table shows the number of registrations in each district:—

District.	Class of Registration office.	Number of offices.	Number of documents registered.	Average number of documents registered.
1	2	3	4	5
Patna	Special	1	6,513	2,332
	Rural	5	7,484	
Gaya	Special	1	4,192	1,599
	Rural	4	3,807	
Shahabad ...	Special	1	5,666	2,836
	Rural	4	8,515	
Muzaffarpur ...	Special	1	6,651	3,916
	Rural	6	20,763	
Darbhanga ...	Special	1	4,282	2,499
	Rural	7	15,711	
Saran	Special	1	8,076	3,196
	Rural	6	14,297	
Champaran ...	Special	1	5,818	4,145
	Rural	4	14,911	
Total ...	Special	7	41,198	5,885
	Rural	36	85,488	2,374
Total for 1891-92 ...	Special	7	72,396	10,342
	Rural	32	42,410	1,325

The number of documents registered increased from 114,806 in 1891-92 to 126,686 in the year 1892-93. This increase is shared by all districts except Saran, where there was an unusually large number of registrations in 1889-90, and is no doubt largely due to the advancing popularity of the system. There was a marked increase in Darbhanga, "owing mainly," the Collector says, "to the prevalence of scarcity and to the registration of cultivators' leases in favour of the Maharaja of Darbhanga, the Mohant of Panchbari, Rai Gunga Pershad, and the Babus of Madhubani, probably in anticipation of the cadastral survey operations about to begin in the district." The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor has lately had one of these so-called leases, or *sharanamahs*, submitted to him in connection with a question of stamp duty, and regrets to have to notice that some of the conditions contained in it were wholly inconsistent with the law.

Land Revenue and Cesses.

15. The following statement shows the demands and collections, land revenue and cesses of the districts of the Division :—

District.	Class of demand	Class of estates.	Number of estates.	Demand. Current.	Demand. Arrear.	Collections of 1892-93. Current.	Collections of 1892-93. Arrear.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Current.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Arrear.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Patna	Land Revenue	I	10,238	14,08,979	1,63,948	12,50,698	1,63,805	1,58,281	143	
		II	32	16,356	3,421	10,333	2,392	6,023	1,029	
		III	52	54,438	26,944	36,124	24,876	18,314	351	Remitted Rs 1,712.
		Total	......	14,79,773	1,94,313	12,97,155	1,91,073	1,82,618	1,523	
	Road Cess	Estates	17,812	3,57,789	97,682	2,79,171	87,886	78,618	6,354	Remitted Rs. 3,942.
		Rent-free tenures								
	Zamindari Dâk	Estates	6,476	6,696	335	6,024	208	582	127	
		Total	......	18,44,168	2,92,330	15,82,350	2,78,667	2,61,818	8,004	
Gaya	Land Revenue	I	6,058	13,36,958	7,189	13,11,271	6,803	25,687	380	
		II	19	41,909	6,053	38,570	5,135	3,339	918	
		III	44	92,654	28,836	74,233	6,494	18,421	9,416	Remitted Rs. 12,984.
		Total	......	14,71,521	42,078	14,24,074	18,432	47,447	10,720	
	Road Cess	Estates	6,274	4,47,792	1,85,617	3,62,024	1,27,421	85,768	58,164	Remitted Rs. 92.
		Rent-free tenures	8,228							
	Zamindari Dâk Cess	......	3,360	14,650	2,766	13,611	1,739	1,039	1,027	
	Embankment Cess	......	18	20	58	......	47	20	11	
		Total	......	19,33,983	2,30,519	17,99,700	1,47,639	1,34,274	69,954	
Shahabad	Land Revenue	I	7,144	15,07,473	1,08,514	13,59,385	1,08,514	1,48,088	...	
		II	381	1,23,392	28,244	1,01,760	21,195	21,632	7,009	
		III	82	61,781	11,271	50,637	11,271	11,144	......	
		Total	......	16,92,646	1,47,989	15,11,782	1,40,980	1,80,864	7,009	
	Road Cess	Estates	11,105	3,65,060	43,731	3,41,560	31,409	23,500	11,439	Remitted Rs. 883.
		Rent-free tenures								
	Zamindari Dâk Cess	......	5,806	8,290	1,704	7,760	1,701	530	3	
		Total	......	20,65,996	1,93,424	18,61,102	1,74,090	2,04,894	18,451	
Muzaffarpur	Land Revenue	I	18,551	9,60,561	15,736	9,51,920	15,654	8,641	82	
		II	111	13,720	2,287	10,671	1,842	3,049	375	Remitted Rs. 76.
		III	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	9,74,281	18,023	9,62,591	17,496	11,690	457	
	Road Cess	Estates	22,656	3,89,057	1,34,913	3,04,334	1,11,084	84,723	22,728	Remitted Rs. 1,101.
		Rent-free tenures	110							
	Zamindari Dâk Cess	......	18,569	9,354	3,173	7,417	2,642	1,937	531	
	Embankment Cess	...	10,700	8,304	17,366	3,636	12,270	4,668	5,096	
		Total	...	13,80,996	1,73,475	12,77,978	1,43,402	1,03,018	28,812	
Darbhanga	Land Revenue	I	11,773	7,89,244	2,731	7,87,169	2,731	2,075	...	
		II	10	3,331	1	2,666	1	665	...	
		III	2	2,802	76	2,769	76	33	...	
		Total	...	7,95,377	2,808	7,92,604	2,808	2,773	...	
	Road Cess	Estates	12,192	4,13,388	66,878	3,61,626	51,495	51,762	15,383	
		Rent-free tenures	217							
	Zamindari Dâk Cess	......	2,262	4,415	1,399	2,799	1,061	1,616	329	
	Embankment Cess	......	5,011	6,729	6,695	1,075	3,496	5,654	3,199	
		Total	...	12,19,969	77,771	11,58,104	58,460	61,865	18,911	
Saran	Land Revenue	I	4,764	12,41,295	37,584	12,22,956	33,188	18,339	4,092	Remitted Rs. 304.
		II	75	17,690	4,255	15,302	3,715	2,248	540	
		III	15	8,829	8,314	2,664	7,342	6,164	972	
		Total	...	12,67,723	50,153	12,40,972	44,245	26,751	5,694	
	Road Cess	Estates	12,039	3,34,514	1,40,902	2,38,851	1,15,730	95,663	25,172	
		Rent-free tenures	103							
	Zamindari Dâk Cess	......	2,033	9,157	8,288	6,401	4,230	2,756	4,058	
	Embankment Cess	......	12,868	23,900	14,485	15,301	7,128	8,599	7,357	
		Total	...	16,35,294	2,13,828	15,01,525	1,71,333	1,33,769	42,191	

District.	Class of demand.	Class of estates.	Number of estates.	Demand.		Collections of 1892-93.		Balance on 1st April 1893.		Remarks.
				Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Champaran ...	Land Revenue ...	I	1,182	5,14,619	64,023	5,11,358	1,042	3,261	62,981	Remitted Rs. 123.
		II	6	1,297	210	906	210	268	...	
		III	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	5,15,916	64,233	5,12,264	1,252	3,529	62,981	
	Road Cess	Estates	1,238	1,75,718	42,405	1,22,571	42,145	53,147	247	Remitted Rs. 13.
		Rent-free tenures ...	12							
	Zamindari Dâk Cess	......	931	7,650	884	6,887	884	763	...	
	Embankment Cess ...	......	681	13,000	1,627	10,701	1,967	2,299	360	
		Total ...	...	7,12,284	1,09,149	6,52,423	45,548	59,738	63,588	
		Grand Total for 1892-93.	...	1,07,92,630	12,90,496	98,33,191	10,19,629	9,59,316	2,49,819	Total remitted Rs. 21,171.
		Total for 1891-92 ...	...	1,07,12,227	13,03,011	97,39,902	10,65,601	9,62,621	2,93,976	Total Rs. 4,840.

The current collections of revenue in permanently-settled estates, class I, for the Division as a whole amounted to only 95·3 per cent on the current demand. The prescribed standard, 99 per cent, was only reached in Darbhanga and Champaran, while in Patna the realizations on account of the current year's demand amounted to only 88·7, and in Shahabad to 90·17 per cent. of the current demand. These results cannot be said to be satisfactory. The short collections are attributed to the bad rabi harvest; but seeing that the Commissioner reports that the harvests on the whole were little if at all below the average, the Lieutenant-Governor considers that no sufficient reason has been given for failure to realize the Government revenue. The attention of the Board of Revenue will be specially drawn to the matter.

The arrear collections were also below the prescribed standard in Gaya, Saran and Champaran. In the last-named district there is a large outstanding balance owing to embezzlements now under enquiry. In the case of estates temporarily settled (class II), the collections were in every district below the standard of 95 per cent., and were particularly bad in both Government and private estates leased to farmers. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor does not understand why there should be any difficulty in realizing Government dues from these farmers, and does not see what merits there can be in this system of management if it does not secure the punctual payment of the revenue.

The realizations in estates managed by Government direct (class III) were also far below the standard prescribed for this class, which is 90 per cent., the collections for the Division as a whole being only 67·46 per cent. in estates managed for proprietors, and 76·40 in estates owned by Government as proprietor. In Darbhanga alone was the standard reached, while in Saran the collections amounted only to 58·31, and in Gaya 66·44 of the demand.

Taking the Division as a whole, the demand of land revenue, current and arrear, was Rs. 87,16,834, and the collections Rs. 81,57,728, leaving an outstanding balance, after deducting remissions, of Rs. 5,43,966, or Rs. 24,690 in excess of that of the previous year. This is not satisfactory, and calls for the special attention of the Board of Revenue.

Road and Public Works Cesses.

16. Out of a gross demand of Rs. 31,95,446, a sum of Rs. 25,76,807 was realized and Rs. 6,031 remitted, leaving a balance at the close of the year of Rs. 6,12,608. Compared with the previous year there was an improvement, except in Darbhanga and Champaran; but it is curious to note that Shahabad, which fell so far short of the prescribed standards in the realization of the Government revenue, alone reached that standard in the collection of cesses. The Lieutenant-Governor will be glad to know whether in the Shahabad district there was any priority given to cesses in the crediting of moneys paid in.

Sales.

17. Eight thousand and eight estates and shares of estates became liable to sale, but of these 337 or 4·2 per cent. were actually sold. It is clear that the Sale Law was worked with leniency.

Certificate procedure.

18. The following statement shows the working of the Certificate Department :—

District.	Department.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Number issued during year.	Total for disposal.	Amount of certificates.	Number disposed of during year.	Amount realized.	Number pending at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Patna	Road cess	1,531	3,923	5,454	93,128 5 0	3,755	57,612 6 6	1,699
	Court of Wards	17	53	70	6,894 6 2	54	4,252 9 4	16
	Zamindari dâk cess	80	261	341	183 4 3	273	142 1 4	68
	Government estates	324	408	732	21,792 14 1	640	12,563 13 7	92
	Batwara	52	470	522	17,643 1 7	361	11,135 1 10	161
	Embankment cess	......	151	151	524 6 7	141	513 6 5	10
	Process fees	......	2,112	2,112	1,584 12 9	1,288	960 12 6	824
	Miscellaneous	234	135	369	6,535 8 0	350	1,706 7 11	19
	Total	2,238	7,513	9,751	1,48,286 10 5	6,862	88,888 11 5	2,889
	Total for 1891-92	3,524	4,272	7,796	1,61,045 0 0	5,504	99,478 0 0	2,292
Gaya	Road cess	1,758	4,543	6,301	2,21,373 0 0	5,430	1,18,340 0 0	871
	Court of Wards	180	205	385	65,320 0 0	356	16,535 0 0	29
	Zamindari dâk cess	195	305	500	3,397 0 0	296	1,257 0 0	204
	Government estates	97	80	177	10,209 0 0	146	5,080 0 0	31
	Miscellaneous	65	1,528	1,593	60,733 0 0	553	6,715 0 0	1,040
	Total	2,295	6,661	8,956	3,61,032 0 0	6,781	1,41,927 0 0	2,175
	Total for 1891-92	565	4,236	4,801	3,98,867 0 0	2,506	1,23,053 0 0	2,295
Shahabad	Road cess	795	2,064	2,859	58,136 0 0	1,535	40,636 0 0	1,324
	Court of Wards	133	191	324	23,727 0 0	280	16,672 0 0	44
	Government estates	48	174	222	5,417 0 0	167	4,392 0 0	55
	Under sections 5 and 7	283	592	875	41,056 0 0	629	21,701 0 0	246
	Total	1,259	3,021	4,280	1,28,336 0 0	2,611	92,401 0 0	1,669
	Total for 1891-92	4,208	7,763	11,971	1,97,768 0 0	10,552	1,33,267 0 0	1,419
Muzaffarpur	Road cess	1,053	3,056	4,109	1,05,081 0 5	3,195	79,809 15 8	914
	Court of Wards	64	20	84	3,446 7 4	79	2,393 6 2	5
	Zamindari dâk cess	27	797	824	1,777 11 3	781	1,061 8 4	43
	Government estates	2	36	38	2,823 8 6	24	2,152 1 6	14
	Batwara	52	261	313	9,598 6 5	211	5,377 0 3	102
	Embankment cess	540	1,944	2,484	9,167 11 0	2,097	7,808 10 0	387
	Miscellaneous	......	17	17	470 5 5	4	77 0 6	13
	Zarfazir	12	27	39	3,482 3 10	15	563 15 9	24
	Ferry	33	5	38	14,816 13 2	20	923 5 4	18
	Excise	56	20	76	2,745 15 4	58	479 10 9	18
	Famine advance	......	125	125	30,383 14 4	106	17,019 2 6	19
	Pound	......	3	3	70 14 0	......	......	3
	Land registration fees	34	222	256	3,373 12 0	153	920 8 0	103
	Total	1,873	6,533	8,406	1,87,148 11 0	6,743	1,19,183 4 9	1,663
	Total for 1891-92	1,274	5,104	6,378	1,79,159 0 0	4,558	83,859 0 0	1,820
Darbhanga	Road cess	3,055	6,077	9,132	83,004 2 0	6,656	48,308 3 4	2,476
	Zamindari dâk cess	193	716	909	1,950 14 7	655	1,410 9 2	254
	Embankment cess	384	1,961	2,345	6,325 12 6	1,643	3,573 4 6	702
	Miscellaneous	666	858	1,524	46,406 0 9	1,062	18,022 5 11¼	462
	Revaluation	......	1,103	1,103	3,91,994 0 0	550	1,645 12 0	553
	Total	4,298	10,715	15,013	5,29,680 13 10	10,566	73,560 2 11¼	4,447
	Total for 1891-92	2,679	9,716	12,395	1,60,692 6 0	8,097	99,350 0 0	4,298
Saran	Road cess	1,119	4,141	5,260	1,48,970 0 0	3,307	83,050 0 0	1,953
	Zamindari dâk cess	348	278	626	3,804 0 0	381	1,091 0 0	245
	Government estates	110	86	196	2,563 0 0	137	1,525 0 0	59
	Embankment cess	......	1,217	1,217	13,888 0 0	266	2,090 0 0	951
	Miscellaneous	968	1,001	1,969	1,41,358 0 0	1,406	31,543 0 0	563
	Water-rate	446	......	446	1,149 0 0	445	124 0 0	1
	Takavi	689	1,130	1,819	57,995 0 0	865	25,038 0 0	954
	Total	3,680	7,853	11,533	3,69,727 0 0	6,807	1,44,461 0 0	4,726
	Total for 1891-92	4,992	3,174	8,166	2,25,575 0 0	4,586	64,765 0 0	3,080
Champaran	Road cess / Court of Wards / Miscellaneous	588	1,850	2,438	57,025 0 0	1,748	27,073 0 0	690
	Total	588	1,850	2,438	57,025 0 0	1,748	27,073 0 0	690
	Total for 1891-92	878	2,045	2,923	54,587 0 0	2,332	38,169 0 0	591
	GRAND TOTAL	16,231	44,146	60,377	17,81,226 3 4	42,118	6,87,494 3 1¼	18,259
	GRAND TOTAL, 1891-92*	18,120	36,310	54,436	13,77,093 0 0	38,135	6,41,941 0 0	16,395

* This total does not agree with the grand total for 1891-92 given by the Commissioner.

The total number of certificates issued increased from 36,505 to 44,146. It was only in Muzaffarpur and Gaya that the disposals kept pace with the institutions. The bulk of these certificates were issued for the recovery of cesses under Act IX of 1880, and the Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that the issue of certificates for recovery of rent in Wards' and Government estates was sparingly resorted to.

19. The disposals exceeded the institutions in all districts except Gaya.

Partitions.

Sir Antony MacDonnell trusts that the orders recently issued by the Board, under Sir Charles Elliott's instructions, will cause partitions to be carried on in a systematic

manner, and that care will be taken that these proceedings are not allowed to be abused, as they hitherto have been, for the purpose of bringing about illegal and improper enhancements of rent.

Working of the Tenancy Act.

20. Under this head the Commissioner notices that 889 notices were given by landlords under section 87 of the Act of their intention to treat holdings as abandoned; 116 of these were in Darbhanga and 667 in Champaran, against 6 in the former and none in the latter during the previous year. This is by no means a satisfactory feature of the year's report, for the voluntary desertion of their holdings by tenants indicates either that they had no substantial interest in their lands, or that they were so heavily embarrassed that they found it necessary to go away by stealth. This "absconding" of tenants, which is one of the well-known results of scarcity in North Bihar, should be closely watched by the local officers.

Excise, Stamps, and Income-tax.

21. The excise revenue increased by Rs. 1,43,266, that from stamps by Rs. 17,899, and the demand for income-tax by Rs. 11,827. The following table gives the excise statistics of the year:—

District.	Country Spirits.				Ganja and Bhang.				Opium.				Tari.		
	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross gallons.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Total receipts.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
[illegible] ...	119	2,71,895	9,28,179	3,73,054	64	20,991	484	1,19,193	30	606	45½	16,549	2,965	1,35,542	1,35,542
[illegible] ...	168	3,10,675	1,242,710	3,45,017	79	23,018	279	48,838	51	253	19½	7,068	2,771	1,35,413	1,35,413
…bad ...	109	1,63,294	763,805	1,78,843	104	33,002	400	1,08,716	27	436	7	2,956	583	27,651	27,651
…ffarpur ...	95	95,507	320,144	1,05,706	50	11,720	108	37,397	27	398	12	4,738	1,726	92,580	92,580
…hanga ...	84	60,981	116,805	67,213	70	26,756	129	51,894	20	220	14½	5,338	1,151	75,837	75,837
[illegible] ...	103	1,75,507	782,528	1,97,586	55	15,182	239	70,140	29	185	4	1,576	1,106	52,170	52,170
…paran ...	95	1,12,280	557,638	1,18,548	70	28,664	178	73,682	11	153	2½	1,055	437	22,186	23,186

	Revenue from all sources.	Rate per head of population.
	Rs.	A. P.
Patna	6,49,215	5 10
Gaya	5,37,074	4 0
Shahabad	3,19,825	2 5
Muzaffarpur	2,42,196	1 5
Darbhanga	2,01,346	1 1
Saran	3,22,356	2 1
Champaran	2,16,220	1 10
Total of Division, 1892-93 ...	24,88,232	2 6
Total of Division for 1891-92 ...	23,41,744	2 5

The comparatively high rate of incidence per head of the population in Gaya, is noticeable, as Gaya, owing to the prevalence of the *baouli* or *metayer* rent system, is in a depressed condition. But undoubtedly Darbhanga is very wretched, and this is indicated by the inability of the people to afford any luxuries. The insignificance of the revenue from opium in the great opium-producing area is remarkable. Either the people are not opium-consumers, or they manage to secrete from the produce of their fields sufficient for their wants. The Lieutenant-Governor thinks the people of Bihar are not opium-consumers to any considerable extent. There may be some secretion of opium, but the opinion is that it cannot be considerable.

Education.

22. The following table gives the principal Educational statistics of public institutions in the Division:—

District.	Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls.	Cost. Provincial.	District Board.	Municipality.	Fees.	Other.	Total.	Cost per head of pupil.	Population of the district.	Number of boys of school-going age at 15 per cent. of male population.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.		
Patna	High	12	2,614	10,688	......	1,140	45,508	13,347	70,683	27 9 7	1,709,004	129,859
	Middle	14	864	1,059	2,560	660	3,306	1,241	8,906	10 4 11		
	Primary	1,544	34,788	1,817	13,876	2,385	64,580	252	82,910	3 6 1		
	Special	26	697	33,798	......	130	4,631	17,641	56,200	80 7 6		
	Total	1,596	38,963	47,362	16,436	4,315	1,18,105	32,481	2,18,699	5 9 9	......	......
	Total for 1891-92	1,477	35,392	35,172	13,810	3,750	85,596	31,019	1,69,347	4 12 6	......	......
Gaya	High	4	1,154	3,367	......	......	10,416	5,489	19,272	16 11 2	2,138,331	156,751
	Middle	15	834	237	3,089	318	2,235	2,337	8,216	9 13 7		
	Primary	934	20,340	1,391	5,691	1,402	31,661	18,128	58,273	2 13 10		
	Special	2	69	......	84	9	34	120	247	3 9 3		
	Total	955	22,397	4,995	8,864	1,729	44,346	26,074	86,008	3 13 5	......	......
	Total for 1891-92	1,013	23,938	5,305	13,297	1,606	53,961	21,036	95,205	3 15 7	......	......
Shahabad	High	6	1,595	1,034	......	770	24,040	3,770	29,614	18 9 1	2,063,337	148,619
	Middle	20	867	310	2,583	170	1,872	3,853	8,808	10 2 8		
	Primary	408	10,527	2,723	3,880	1,539	13,252	4,650	26,044	2 7 7		
	Special	5	427	18	42	......	4,269	7,831	12,160	28 7 7		
	Total	439	13,416	4,115	6,505	2,479	43,433	20,104	76,636	5 11 4	......	......
	Total for 1891-92	464	14,623	5,268	8,271	2,359	41,812	23,440	70,380	4 13 0	......	......
Muzaffarpur	High	5	1,266	3,329	......	50	14,693	2,598	20,670	16 5 2	2,711,445	195,806
	Middle	13	846	733	1,917	519	1,333	5,716	10,718	12 10 8		
	Primary	794	15,853	40	7,567	795	26,161	5,248	39,760	2 8 1		
	Special	2	80	......	......	......	......	1,700	1,700	21 4 0		
	Total	814	18,045	4,111	9,484	1,364	42,627	15,262	72,848	4 0 7	......	......
	Total for 1891-92	816	17,590	2,060	9,581	1,493	40,726	17,368	81,828	4 10 5	......	......
Darbhanga	High	5	908	876	......	......	7,163	8,168	16,207	16 3 9	2,801,955	204,647
	Middle	12	663	620	1,293	236	1,116	4,770	8,035	12 1 10		
	Primary	716	18,390	444	10,586	418	14,818	10,359	36,625	2 0 0		
	Special	1	54	223	......	37	......	1,288	1,548	28 10 8		
	Total	734	20,015	2,163	11,879	691	23,097	24,585	62,415	3 1 10	......	......
	Total for 1891-92	597	16,836	2,785	11,806	850	17,787	20,367	54,684	3 3 11	......	......
Saran	High	4	1,171	......	......	......	19,218	7,675	26,893	22 15 5	2,467,477	170,088
	Middle	17	1,091	270	3,648	1,249	3,130	2,659	10,956	10 0 8		
	Primary	724	18,447	1,087	7,381	759	18,920	3,844	32,011	1 11 9		
	Special	2	66	......	......	298	......	240	538	8 2 5		
	Total	747	20,775	1,357	11,029	2,306	41,268	14,438	70,398	3 6 3	......	......
	Total for 1891-92	1,306	33,521	1,740	12,711	2,319	41,292	21,178	79,240	2 5 9	......	......
Champaran	High	1	227	1,348	......	......	3,500	531	5,279	23 4 1	1,859,465	140,420
	Middle	12	740	206	1,825	211	1,507	3,963	7,712	10 6 11		
	Primary	725	16,643	144	9,215	344	16,905	11,840	38,448	2 4 11		
	Special	2	73	731	480	120	......	1,332	2,663	36 7 8		
	Total	740	17,683	2,389	11,520	675	21,912	17,606	54,102	3 0 11	......	......
	Total for 1891-92	716	16,533	6,695	17,562	1,011	22,087	17,214	64,509	3 14 5	......	......
Total of division	High	37	9,025	20,542	......	1,960	1,24,538	41,578	1,98,618	20 14 4	15,811,014	1,147,190
	Middle	103	5,904	3,525	16,915	3,363	15,079	24,479	63,361	10 11 8		
	Primary	5,845	134,898	7,655	58,196	7,642	1,86,237	54,341	3,14,071	2 5 3		
	Special	40	1,466	34,770	606	594	8,984	30,162	75,056	51 3 1		
	GRAND TOTAL	6,025	151,293	66,492	75,717	13,559	3,34,788	1,50,530	6,41,106	4 3 9	......	......
	Total for 1891-92	6,389	158,431	60,055	87,067	13,388	3,12,961	1,54,622	6,27,998	3 15 6	......	......

NOTE.—Percentages in column 14 include boys in private institutions.

The total number of public schools in the Division fell from 6,389 to 6,025 and of pupils from 158,431 to 151,293. The decrease was principally in the lower primary schools in Gaya, Shahabad, and Saran, and is attributed to the agricultural distress, the withdrawal of fixed stipends from several schools under the system of payment by results, and to the subordinate inspecting staff having rigidly enforced the new rules regarding the grant of rewards.

The percentage of boys at schools, public and private, to the total number of a school-going age, in the Division as a whole, is 15·2, while in Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, and Shahabad not one boy in every nine is at school who ought to be there. Primary education is miserably backward in these districts, and does not appear to be making any substantial progress.

The cost of education per head ranged from Rs. 27-0-7 in Patna to Rs. 16-3-9 in Darbhanga in high schools, from Rs. 12-10-8 to Rs. 9-13-7 in middle schools, and in primary schools from Rs. 2-13-10 to Re. 1-11-9. In primary schools, the average cost per pupil for the whole Division was Rs. 2-5-3, or nearly double as much as the average cost (Re. 1-6) in the Chittagong Division.

Comparing the totals for the entire Division with those for Chittagong, it appears that in the whole of the Patna Division, with a population nearly four times as large as that of Chittagong, the number of boys at school was actually smaller in the former than in the latter Division, while the expenditure from Provincial Revenues, District Boards and Municipal Funds, and the receipts from fees, were nearly double as much again as in the Chittagong Division. The remarkable disparity in the relative numbers of pupils and the cost of educating them in these two Divisions is a matter that should engage the attention of the Educational authorities. No effort should be spared to push on education in Bihar, both of the secondary and primary kind. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor has noticed with great regret how few natives of Bihar are holding judicial or executive appointments of dignity or emolument in their own Province. The number he believes is actually less now than it was some years ago. This is not as it should be, and if the backwardness of the Province in this respect is due to educational disadvantages, an effort should be made to redress the grievance.

Dispensaries.

23. The following statement gives the statistics of dispensaries:—

District.	Number of dispensaries.	Income from—					Daily average patients—		Ratio per cent. of out-door patients to total population.
		Government.	District Board.	Municipality.	Subscriptions.	Total.	In-patients.	Out-patients.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Patna	11	335	3,753	17,888	1,219	23,195	2,867	71,700	4·0
Gaya	7	611	5,677	6,582	7,336	20,206	1,671	34,047	1·1
Shahabad	8	2,101	1,900	7,183	5,555	16,739	1,184	67,431	3·3
Muzaffarpur	4	78	1,700	4,590	4,347	10,715	1,049	45,359	1·6
Darbhanga	6	118	691	4,969	12,549	18,327	1,072	86,938	3·1
Saran	10	210	5,984	7,892	9,041	23,127	952	122,569	4·9
Champaran	4	1,259	800	4,479	3,080	9,618	1,041	56,216	3·9
Total ...	50	4,712	20,505	53,583	43,127	1,21,927	9,836	484,251	21·0

Though the Division is most backward in the matter of education, it takes a high place in respect of dispensaries and medical aid. Great zamindars, such as the Maharajas of Darbhanga and Hutwa, and the Maharani of Bettiah, keep up dispensaries at their own expense, and District Boards and Municipalities are also very liberal in supporting such institutions. The total number of patients treated was 494,087, or more than three times the number of pupils at school; the total expenditure being Rs. 1,21,939, equal to nearly four times the expenditure on dispensaries in the Chittagong Division.

The Lady Dufferin Female Hospital at Darbhanga was efficiently managed, and the Dufferin Hospital at Bettiah was opened by the Lieutenant-Governor shortly after the much lamented death of the late Maharaja of Bettiah, who also made grants for four dispensaries in the interior of his estates. Dr. Miss Grace Mackinnon and her assistant, Miss Gregory, have established a private charitable dispensary in the heart of the city of Patna, and are building a hospital. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is informed that Raja Rameswar Singh has also taken steps to establish a women's hospital in his estate in the north of the Darbhanga district.

Local Self-Government Institutions—
Municipalities, District Boards, Honorary Magistrates' Benches.

24. The Gaya, Muzaffarpur, Champaran and Saran Municipalities are reported to have worked satisfactorily. A scheme for the supply of filtered water to the Arrah Municipality at an estimated cost of Rs. 4,17,786 was sanctioned by Government during the year. The general working of the Darbhanga Municipality has for some time been anything but satisfactory. The Magistrate writes: "None of the Commissioners take any

interest in its affairs. The work of revision of assessment was done in a perfunctory manner. The taxes have not been collected. The establishment is too large and does nothing, and it is impossible to imagine the chaos into which things have drifted." The matter has been taken up by Mr. Williams, the present Magistrate, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor hopes that he will insist on these abuses being remedied without delay.

Sir Antony MacDonnell is glad to observe that District Boards have on the whole worked satisfactorily and smoothly, and that the Commissioner is in a position to report that many of the members who sit in the various Committees are assiduous in the discharge of their duties, and transact public business conscientiously and well.

The Commissioner gave much attention during his tours to the work of most of the Benches in the Division, but on the whole was not favourably impressed with them. The chief fault he found was irregularity of attendance, resulting in frequent remands, causing much harassment to litigants. He recommends that appointments to the rank of Honorary Magistrates should, following the rule of other Local Self-Government institutions, be made for a term of years, and that the continuance of the honour should depend on the honest fulfilment of the duties of the office. The matter will be considered separately.

Public feeling. Social and political institutions.

25. In connection with the state of public feeling, the Commissioner writes that the relations between indigo planters and raiyats have been satisfactory; and from his previous knowledge of Bihar, Sir Antony MacDonnell attributes this improved condition of things to the influence of the Indigo Planters' Association, which has been used as much in the interests of the Government as of the industry itself.

On the general condition of public feeling in the Division, Mr. Forbes writes as follows:—

"I remarked in last year's report that the Gorakshini Sabha is in theory a humane and harmless institution, having for its object the protection of the lives of cattle. At Gaya, Shahabad, Muzaffarpur, Patna, Darbhanga, and possibly other places,—though the reports are silent on this point,—pinjrapoles have been established, in which a considerable number of neglected and starving cattle are housed and cared for. If the operations of the Society ended here, it would be entitled to our full sympathy and support. But unfortunately that is not the case. There is a tendency in some places among its promoters to promulgate its doctrines in an ostentatious and aggressive manner, with the result of exciting much ill-feeling between the Muhammadan and Hindu communities. Action of this kind is most unwise, in the interest of the society itself, and also seriously endangers the public peace. If the object of the propagandists solely be to put a stop to cow-slaughter and in no way to foster religious animosity, they have singularly failed in their intention. As might have been expected, the result, wherever feeling has run high, has been to incite the Muhammadan community to retaliate by sacrificing, at the Bakrid festival, more cows than ever. If the members of the Sabha are wise, they will in future be careful to confine their attention to purely practical measures, such as the establishment and support of pinjrapoles, and they will firmly discountenance any attempt at propagandism. It is useless to disseminate doctrines among the Hindus which they already religiously hold, and the only possible result of any agitation of the kind referred to will be to excite ill-feeling on the part of their Muhammadan fellow-countrymen.

"Unfortunately the above advice has not, until quite lately, been attended to. On the contrary, the promoters of the Sabha, especially in the Gaya and Patna districts, throughout the year under review, permitted the agitation * * * to continue unchecked. The result has been a series of riots, chiefly in Gaya, on the estates of certain landlords, whose names need not be mentioned here. The first of these riots occurred on the 16th April of the present year close to thana Masourhi in the Patna district, where a convoy of nearly 300 cattle in charge of an agent of the Commissariat Department, Dinapur, and several butchers, escorted by three constables from the Gaya reserve, were attacked on their way to the cantonment by a large and excited mob of Hindus, as they were about to cross the Poon Poon river. They managed to escape with the drove back to the thana, with the loss of one head of cattle only, which the rioters carried of, and which has not been heard of since. The District Magistrate was informed by telegram of the occurrence, and immediately despatched a Sub-Inspector of Police to enquire into the case. The Sub-Inspector, accompanied by a head-constable and a force of constables, accordingly proceeded to the spot, and made 18 arrests on the identification of the Commissariat Agent and his companions; but as he was returning with the prisoners to the Masourhi thana, the whole of the villages which had joined in the previous day's riot again turned out, and two large mobs armed with lathis, each several hundred strong, came down from different directions upon the convoy, with shouts of "Gow gohar!" severely assaulted the Sub-Inspector and one of his constables, and forcibly rescued all the 18

prisoners. It being evident that strong measures were necessary, the District Magistrate on the following day despatched the District Superintendent of Police with a body of armed police, accompanied by Mr. Assistant Magistrate Carey, with instructions to hold a judicial enquiry on the spot. On their arrival the whole of the guilty villages were found apparently deserted, the inhabitants having absconded, taking their women, children, cattle, and movables with them. All the zamindari amla, who had been present on the preceding day, had also disappeared. On a house-to-house search, however, being made, some 20 men in all were found in various hiding-places, of whom 10 were satisfactorily identified as having taken part in the second attack. These 10 were eventually convicted and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment each, which was upheld in appeal. Of the original prisoners none have yet been re-arrested.

"I have given a full narrative of this case, as it shows the turn which the agitation had taken, and the lengths to which, if unchecked, it would eventually have gone. There can be no doubt but that the ignorant Hindu masses, in endeavouring to prevent kine-slaughter, are swayed by a strong religious feeling. But there can equally be no doubt that they would, as in other matters, have had the sense to understand that they are not responsible for sins committed by others, and would under this consideration have accepted the position quietly, as they have hitherto done, had not the propagandist preachers and their supporters persistently fanned the flame, until the movement had assumed the form not merely of a threatened widespread rising of one class of Her Majesty's subjects against another, but also of open revolt against the constituted authorities.

"Following upon the outbreak at Masourhi, similar riots occurred in quick succession in several places in the Gaya district. In each case a full report of the facts were submitted to Government, with the result that bodies of additional police have been immediately quartered under section 15, Act V of 1861, for one year at the expense of the inhabitants, at Masourhi, in two places in the Gaya Sadar subdivision, in three places in the Aurangabad sub-division, and in one place in the Jahanabad subdivision.

"It is to be observed that all these outbreaks bore the same characteristics. Large crowds of Hindus, in a dangerously excited state, suddenly rising against their Muhammadan fellow-subjects in order to forcibly prevent their sacrificing or slaughtering kine for food. In none of the cases referred to were there any signs of an attempt to wound Hindu religious feeling. On the contrary, care was invariably taken that all sacrifices should be performed out of public sight, in strict privacy, this being a matter that has always been strictly insisted on by the authorities.

"All the occurrences referred to above took place shortly before the late Bakrid, the last Government notification under the Police Act, section 15, being dated the 13th June 1893, barely a fortnight before the date for the festival. Fortunately the firm action taken by Government, followed up by the warnings of the local authorities, had the effect of opening the eyes of the responsible parties to the danger of the course they were pursuing. A notorious agitator, Gopalanand Swami, who had come secretly to Gaya a few days before (on the 4th June), after being released from a $2\frac{1}{2}$ years' sentence for heading an anti kine-killing riot in Shahabad, was denounced and ordered off. The President and the Vice-President of the Gaya Gorakshini Sabha resigned office. The Sabha published a circular disclaiming propagandist principles. Finally, the Magistrate of Gaya, who throughout acted with much tact and firmness, was able to obtain the unanimous support, in the interests of order, of the leaders of both sides, Hindu and Muhammadan, and the Bakrid festival passed off without any disturbance throughout the Gaya district. It is only to be hoped that the supporters of the Sabha will continue in their present mind, and beware in future of permitting any further agitation—an agitation which, to say the least, is certainly calculated to do the cause of the Society an immense deal of harm."

The agitation connected with kine-killing has, since the date of the Commissioner's report, led to further rioting and outrage of a serious nature. The efforts of the Government have been directed towards the preservation of the peace, the punishment of offenders, the collection of accurate information in regard to the agitation, its causes, objects, methods, promoters and fomenters, and, where possible, towards the mitigation of acerbities between Hindus and Muhammadans. But Sir Antony MacDonnell has been concerned to find that a spirit has manifested itself in certain portions of Bihar, which seeks to suppress the slaughter of kine for food or sacrificial purposes altogether, and to effect this suppression by coercive measures, temporal and spiritual, of much severity. In other words there are symptoms in certain tracts of the establishment of a system of terrorism. Among the Muhammadans in these tracts, there are indications of the formation of societies for defence or attack.

Reverence for the cow, it is well known, is a deeply-rooted and immemorial sentiment with all orthodox Hindus; but the acute phase of this sentiment which now presents itself, and the intolerance of non-Hindu customs which attends it have not arisen spontaneously among the people of Bihar, who are by nature docile and industrious. They have been excited by men from without, who by a species of propagandism (which, so far as His Honour knows, is, in

such circumstances, foreign to Hindu polity) appeal to the religious fervour of the masses, while creating an organization for propagating their objects, and collecting funds which are not all expended on the maintenance of kine asylums. There is reason to believe that the exhortations of these propagandists have occasionally merged into incitements to misconduct. And it is not by Hindus alone that inflammatory appeals have been made and funds collected: in certain localities Muhammadans have also been blameworthy in this respect, and have irrited Hindus into reprisals. Thus a spirit of mutual provocation and embitterment has been excited which has had the worst effect. This agitation, if begun by strangers, has been fomented and encouraged by local residents of standing and education, some of whose names are known to the authorities, and from whom far different conduct was to be expected. The Hindus of Bihar have Sir Antony MacDonnell's sympathy in their endeavours to secure kind treatment for kine, and they may be assured of the support of Government in all legitimate efforts to restrict within the customary limits the slaughter of kine by non-Hindus, if these limits have been transgressed, and to assure that kine-slaughter shall not be effected, no matter what past practice may have been, in a way to outrage Hindu feeling. Already some progress has been made in this direction, with the cordial assistance of the leaders of the Muhammadan community. But nothing except evil can come from an attempt to coerce non-Hindus into submission to ultra-Hindu views in this matter, or from methods of agitation which are incompatible with the maintenance of law and order in the localities concerned.

The participators in riots can be punished by the Criminal Courts. The fomenters of disturbance and their dupes can be held to security for their good behaviour, though the law in this respect is somewhat defective. The public tranquillity in a tract which is in a disturbed and dangerous state may be preserved by quartering additional police in it, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor has been compelled to adopt this latter course in regard to the tract of country about Koath in the Shahabad district, in which, although several rioters on both sides were convicted and punished, the state of feeling is still so disturbed and dangerous that a fresh outbreak may at any moment occur. But His Honour is conscious of the imperfections of this procedure, which, as the law now stands, does not sufficiently discriminate between the innocent and the guilty so far as the apportionment of costs goes. In most of the great zamindaris which are controlled by proprietors of high position, loyalty and intelligence, the authorities experience small difficulty in connexion with this agitation. These zamindars throw their influence into the scale in favour of law and order, and justify the relaxation of those onerous police duties which were imposed on the proprietors of land by immemorial custom and the decennial settlement, but of which they were partially exonerated by the earlier Regulations. Some large proprietors, however, have not deserved so well, while outside the great zamindaris the subdivision of landed property in Bihar has gone very far. Proprietary rights have fallen largely into the hands of persons who, though grown rich under British rule, seem to have forgotten the duties which attached to the proprietary status under the customary law of the land. It is in these estates and in the towns that agitation is most prevalent and threatens to be least manageable. The question of local responsibility in towns must be separately considered: here His Honour will say that without the active co-operation of the smaller landlords, who form the bulk of the proprietary body in Bihar, it is difficult for the authorities to check the growth of disturbing influences; and as the law at present stands, this co-operation cannot in all cases be enforced.

There is another aspect of the question which deserves consideration. The Cow-Protection movement in some degree bases its claims upon economic grounds. I lays stress partly upon the diminution and deterioration which are alleged to be taking place in the agricultural cattle of India, as a result of the encroachment of cultivation upon the old village pastures, and partly, it is stated—though this allegation seems to be unfounded—of the heavy duty levied on salt. This seems to point to improvements in the breed, pasturage, and treatment of cattle, as promising some relief from the evils complained of, and opening up a prospect of some mitigation of the agitation. This of course must be a work of time, and it would be premature for the Government to attempt to forecast at

the present moment the precise measures which may be found necessary. Dr. Voelcker's Report on Indian Agriculture, which deals with the subject at length, is still under the consideration of the Government of India, and no final decision has been arrived at regarding the action to be taken upon it. Nevertheless the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor hopes that some form of Government action will be devised with the object of promoting the welfare of cattle in India, and if the Cow Protection societies would associate themselves with the Government in an endeavour to secure throughout the province the better treatment of cattle, the joint effort might be productive not only of material good to the country, but might lead to some means of allaying the embittered conflicts which now embroil the two main sections of the population in certain portions of Bihar.

27. Apart from the excitement connected with the kine-killing agitation, the principal subjects discussed by the educated classes were the abolition of the jury system, the election of members to the Provincial Legislative Council, and the Cadastral Survey. On the latter subject the Collector of Muzaffarpur has the following remarks, in which the Commissioner of the Division generally agrees:—

> "Although the measure is yet unpopular, especially with the zamindars, the advantages of a record of rights are now better appreciated by all classes. The spirit of opposition and consequent agitation, which existed before the introduction of the measure, has disappeared, and, as far as I have been able to ascertain, the action of the Government is now regarded as beneficial to all parties interested in the land, as likely to place the present unsettled relation of landlord and tenant on a better footing * * * *
> "the comparatively low condition of the raiyats and the peasantry in these parts is due largely to the want of an accurate record of each tenure and each raiyat's holding within an estate, and of the status of every one who has rights in the land and of the rent paid by each raiyat to the tenure-holder. That the object of the Government is simply to supply this want is now understood by the tenants and landlords alike."

The Survey and Record of Rights in Bihar has occupied much of the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor's time and attention, and he has now, with the consent of the Government of India, published a full expression of his views on the whole subject, both in its past and future aspects.

Conduct of zamindars.

28. The conduct of zamindars on the whole is reported to have been satisfactory, except in certain localities where their action in connection with the spread of the agitation on kine-killing was not such as to merit commendation.

Only the briefest mention is made of the relations between indigo planters and the raiyats, which are said to continue to be peaceable. An aggravated case of assault by some villagers on a European planter occurred in Champaran, but this is stated to have been the outcome of a personal grudge, and to have had nothing to do with indigo.

The district of Champaran suffered a great loss during the year in the death of the Maharaja Sir Herandra Kishor Singh Bahadur, of Bettiah. "He was," as Mr. Forbes remarks, "a kind and considerate master; as a landlord he was universally loved and respected by his tenantry." In this eulogium Sir Antony MacDonnell entirely concurs; for personal and public reasons he deeply regrets the Maharaja's early death.

29. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor thanks the Commissioner for his full report. The successful administration of the Patna Division is always an onerous and anxious task, to be entrusted only to one of the most energetic, able, and prudent officers of this Government, and Sir Antony MacDonnell congratulates Mr. Forbes on the way in which he has acquitted himself of the task during the year under review.

30. The remarks made on the character of the officers will be communicated to the Appointment Department. Among District Officers, Messrs. Bourdillon, Blyth, Hare, and Macpherson, among Sub-divisional Officers and Joint-Magistrates, Messrs. LeMesurier, Levinge, Cumming and Oldham, and among Deputy Magistrates and Collectors, Babu Saroda Prosad Chatterjea, Babu Jagdam Sahoy, and Maulvi Syed Majibur Rahman deserve special commendation.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 28th October, 1893.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan Oct. 28, '93	0·04	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* rice doing well. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 13 per rupee. Kalna ... ... 9 to 13 per rupee. Katwa ... ... 12½ per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 12¼ per rupee.
		Kalna ...	0·95	
		Katwa ...	0·11	
		Raniganj ...	0·02	
	2	Bankura „ 28, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Fine weather has facilitated cultivation for *rabi* sowings. Prospects of *aman* very favourable; outturn expected to be 16-annas. Water and fodder sufficient. Common rice selling at 15¼ seers per rupee at Sadar and 12½ seers at Vishnupur.
		Vishnupur ...	0·41	
	3	Birbhum „ 28, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and getting cold at night. Early paddy ripe for harvesting. Winter rice continues good, but prospects of sugarcane not favourably reported. Common rice sells from 10 to 15 seers per rupee.
		Rampur Hát ...	0·99	
	4	Midnapore „ 28, '93	0·09	Weather—fine. Cold weather setting in. Prospects of standing crops continue good and hopeful. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 per rupee. Contai ... ... 12½ per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 11 per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 11 to 12 per rupee.
	5	Hooghly „ 28, '93	0·07	Weather—seasonable: hot during day, cool at night. Harvesting of *aus* completed except in Jahanabad subdivision. *Aman* paddy doing well. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 10 per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 11 per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 12¾ per rupee.
		Serampore ...	0·65	
		Jahanabad ...	1·00	
	6	Howrah „ 28, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* paddy doing well. *Aus* harvest nearly finished. Price of common rice 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
		Ulubaria ...	0·28	
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas „ 28, '93	0·05	Weather—seasonable. Ploughing for *rabi* crops going on. Prospects of crops fair everywhere except in the Bankipur thana. Rice sells at— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 9 to 10¾ per rupee. Basirhat ... ... 9 13½ per rupee. Diamond Harbour ... ... 11 0 per rupee. Barasat ... ... 11 0 per rupee.
	8	Nadia „ 28, '93	0·56	Weather—fair and slightly cooler. Prospects of winter rice very good in Ranaghat, fair in Sadar and Meherpur, and poor in Kushtia. *Rabi* seed is being sown. Fodder and water plentiful.
		Kushtia ...	0·62	
		Meherpur ...	Nil	
		Chuadanga ...	0·07	
		Ranaghat ..	0·35	
	9	Khulna „ 28, '93	0·15	Weather—fine and cool. Prospects of *aman* good. Fodder sufficient.
		Bagerhat ...	1·58	
		Satkhira ...	Nil	
	10	Jessore „ 28, '93	0·27	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* crop doing well. Lands being prepared and sown with winter crops. No cattle-disease reported. Rivers have risen a little again. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices steady.
		Jhenida ...	0·28	
		Magura ...	Nil	
		Bangaon ...	0·05	
	11	Murshidabad „ 28, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Lands are being prepared for *rabi* crops and sowings commenced. Mulberry and *aman* paddy doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee.

Division	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong	Oct. 28, '93	4·08	Weather—alternately cloudy and hot. A storm passed on the 22nd instant. Paddy crops damaged to some extent. Lands being prepared for *rabi* crops. Prices have somewhat risen. Condition of cattle generally good. Fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	" 28, '93	6·86	Weather—cyclonish on 21st and 22nd and fine since. A cyclone of considerable intensity passed over the district on 22nd instant. In the littoral tracts of the mainland crops have suffered much from inundation. In Hatiya and Sundeep the damage is not so serious as might have been expected. In Feni, Lakhipur, Begamganj, Raipore, and Ramganj the damage has been slight. Extent of the damage in annas cannot, however, be ascertained now. Loss of cattle in churs has been rather serious. Fodder and water available. Price of rice at Noakhali 8 seers 4 chitaks and at Feni 9 seers per rupee.
	14	Tippera	" 28, '93	3·00	Weather—seasonable. There was a storm on Sunday (22nd), which did some damage to paddy and houses. Harvesting of jute going on. Prospect of *aman* good. Damage by insect reported from Kotwali and Nasirnagar thanas. Price of rice stationary.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	" 27, '93	3·98	Weather—rainy and cloudy throughout the week. Gathering of late *jum* paddy continues. Plough-paddy progressing. Lands are being ploughed for mustard. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice being sold at 9 seers per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca	" 28, '93	0·55	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of paddy commenced. Prospects of *aman* favourable. Mustard, *mug* and *kalai* being sown. Common rice selling from 7 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Madaripur	" 28, '93 ...	0·05 1·06	Weather—fine; warm during day, cool at night. Early *aman* harvest and sowing of pulse on high lands continue. Rice sells from 10 to 12 seers per rupee.
	18	Backergunge	" 28, '93	3·28	Weather—seasonable, except on the 22nd and 23rd. A severe cyclone in Bhola and Doulatkhan on the 22nd. Prospect of standing crops fair. Early *aman* has been damaged in the Bhola and Patuakhali subdivisions by the cyclone. Common rice selling from 7 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	" 28, '93	0·28	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Common rice selling at 9 to 10 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient except at Kishorganj.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	" 28, '93 ...	Nil 0·83	Weather—cool in the morning but hot during midday. Prospects of standing crops continue good all over the district. Ploughing for *rabi* going on rapidly. Price of rice both at Sadar and Thakurgaon stationary. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder and drinking water ample.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	" 28, '93	Nil 0·78 1·80	Weather—seasonable; getting cold in the mornings. Crops on all high lands good, in some places very good. In low lands there has been considerable damage; but on the whole, condition of all crops generally good. No cattle-disease. Water and fodder-supply ample. Rice selling from 9 to 11 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Nilphamari Gaibanda Kurigaon	" 28, '93	Nil 1·82 2·47 0·41	Weather—seasonable with northerly breeze. Lands are under preparation for tobacco, mustard, and other cold-weather crops. Sugarcane doing well. Prospects of *aman* favourable. Price of rice unchanged.
	23	Bogra Sherpur	" 28, '93 ...	1·85 2·60	Weather—fine with occasional showers. Prospects of *aman* excellent. Land is being cultivated for winter crops. Common rice sells at 11½ seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	" 28, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cool and fine. Prospects of *aman* continue good. Heavy rain during the week in the Sirajganj subdivision damaged *kalai*, *khesari*, and affected the sowing of mustard and hemp. Rice selling at 9½ seers per rupee at Sadar and Rs. 4 to Rs. 4-8 per maund at Sirajganj. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	" 28, '93 ...	Nil 3·89	Weather—seasonable, bright and cool. *In the hills*:—*Bara marua* being harvested in some places. *Aghani dhan*, *kalai*, *phaphur*, *toree*, and potatoes progressing favourably. *In the Terai*:—*Haimanti dhan* in ear. *Til* and *kalai* being sown. Prospects good. Prices of coarse rice :— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 }
	26	Jalpaiguri	" 28, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crop (*haimanti* rice) good. Price of common rice 11½ seers per rupee on an average. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
Bhagalpur Divn.			
27	Monghyr Oct. 28, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	Nil Nil 0·26	Weather—fair. Hot in day and cool in night. Prospects of winter rice very promising. *Rabi* sowings going on. *Kurthi*, indigo, and sugarcane doing well. Cattle-disease towards Nawadih, Sekundra, Saidpore, Donowil, Fatehpur, and Hardya. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 15 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 12½ } Jamui ... ... 13 }
28	Bhagalpur „ 28 '93 Banka ... Madhipura ...	Nil 0·95 1·40	Clear skies and cool weather. Prospects of winter rice excellent. *Rabi* is being sown. Cattle-disease prevalent. Price of common rice 15 seers 2 chitaks per rupee.
29	Purnea „ 28, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	Nil 1·52 1·20	Cold weather is approaching gradually. Prospects of *aghani* good generally. Cultivation of *rabi* progressing favourably. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease. Price of rice stationary.
30	Malda „ 28, '93	Nil	Weather—days bright and warm, nights cool. Prospects of winter rice continue favourable everywhere. *Kalai* thriving and *rabi* crops being sown. Ordinary rice sells at 13 to 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water ample.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 28, '93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	0·02 0·48 0·35 1·04 Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy. Hot in the day and cool at night. All standing crops doing well. Land being prepared for winter crops. *Rabi* seeds being sown. Fodder and water plentiful.
Patna Division.			
32	Patna „ 28, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapore ...	Nil Nil Nil 0·12	Weather—clear and cool. Prospects of rice excellent, and of *rabi* at present equally good. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 17 } per rupee. Barh ... ... 12 } Bihar ... ... 17 } Dinapore ... ... 15½ }
33	Gaya „ 28, '93 Nawada ... Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ...	Nil Nil 0·08 0·02	Weather—clear but cloudy at times; cool at night. Condition of rice crop very good. *Rabi* sowings going on everywhere. Prices unaltered. Supply of fodder and water ample.
34	Shahabad „ 28, '93 Buxar ... Sasaram ...	Nil 0·03 Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospect of winter rice good. *Rabi* being sown.
35	Darbhanga „ 28, '93 Madhubani ... Samastipur ...	Nil 0·99 0·32	Weather—fair with west wind. Rivers were in flood this week and some damage is reported to have been done to crops in the south-east of the district. Elsewhere prospects of rice crop continue favourable. *Rabi* sowings going on where possible, but land in parts too moist. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Prices remain unchanged.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 28, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	Nil 0·08 1·75	Weather—fair. Heavy floods again, specially in the Sitamarhi subdivision and in the Sadar and Katrah thanas. *Rabi* sowings will be seriously delayed. Rice promises well. No cattle-disease. Fodder sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—*concld.*			
37	Saran Oct. 28, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	Nil Nil 4·33	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops very good. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Chapra ... ... 15 12 per rupee. Siwan ... ... 15 8 per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 16 14 per rupee.
38	Champaran „ 28, '93	Nil	Weather—fine but still rather warm in the day. *Rabi* sowing retarded by the recent rain. Prospects of *aghani* good. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack „ 28, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and seasonable. *Laghu sarad* attaining maturity. *Guru sarad* growing. *Biali* being threshed. Average selling price of common rice unchanged.
40	Puri „ 26, '93	0·02	Weather—seasonable. *Sarad* thriving well. *Laghu* in ear. Miscellaneous crops doing well. General prospects good. Price of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 12 8 to 15 12 per rupee.
41	Balasore „ 28, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects generally good. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Balasore ... ... 16 to 18 per rupee. Bhadrak ... ... 18 to 20 per rupee.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh Oct. 28, '93 Giridi ...	Nil 1·22	Weather—seasonable. All crops doing well and 16-annas outturn expected. Sowings of *rabi* crops still in progress. Paddy is being harvested in places. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
43	Lohardaga „ 28, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of upland winter rice commenced. Common rice sells from 14 to 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau „ 27, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and getting colder daily. The rain has cleared away, and a bumper crop of paddy seems now assured. *Rabi* sowings are going on vigorously. Prospects of all crops excellent. Cattle-disease reported from some parts. Rice selling from 13 to 24 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply ample.
45	Singhbhum „ 28, '93	Nil	Clouds come up daily, but no rain. Nights getting quite cold. Crops continue to do well, and prospects of a good harvest are bright indeed. A few cases of cattle-disease reported from Bahragora.
46	Manbhum „ 28, '93 Gobindpur ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cool and bright. Prospects of standing crops favourable. Rice selling from 9 to 13 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 31*st October*, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS.											
			Air pressure.			Wind.		Temperature.						
			Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	29·975	29·930	—	N	199	88·2	24 & 26 Oct.	72·6	27th Oct.	87·6	74·6	81·1
		Gopalpore	29·977	29·938	+·045	NNW	230	86·7	23 to 25 „	69·1	25th „	86·3	71·0	78·7
		False Point	29·976	29·939	+·042	N	171*	85·9	24 & 25 „	70·1	27th „	85·1	72·2	78·7
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·912	29·936	+·043	Calm	39	88·2	23rd „	69·8	25th „	87·4	71·0	79·2
	Balasore	Balasore	29·941	29·944	+·043	NWly	89	86·4	22 & 24 „ to 28.	68·9	24th „	86·3	70·0	78·2
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·858	29·957	+·044	Nly	66	87·3	24 & 28 „	69·2	23rd „	86·0	70·5	78·2
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	29·965	29·932	+·032	Nly	62	84·6	25 to 28 „	70·7	24th „	84·3	72·2	78·3
		Saugor Island	29·960	29·930	+·035	Variable	230	85·2	22, 26, 27, „ & 28.	72·0	24 & 28 „	84·7	73·4	79·1
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar	29·940	29·936	+·041	NWly	96	86·3	28th „	70·7	23 & 26 „	84·7	72·1	78·4
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore	29·947	29·927	+·025	NWly	70	86·5	26th „	71·4	24th „	85·3	72·9	79·1
	Burdwan	Burdwan	?	?	?	Nly	63	86·1	28th „	71·7	23rd „	84·8	72·9	78·9
		Raniganj	29·680	29·971	+·063	NWly	42	92·7	28th „	68·9	23 & 28 „	88·7	70·3	79·5
	Bankura	Bankura	29·686	29·942	+·037	Calm	39	85·6	25 & 28 „	69·1	23rd „	84·9	70·8	77·9
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	29·928	29·944	+·033	Nly	42	85·1	27 & 28 „	72·5	23rd „	83·4	73·4	78·5
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	29·930	29·932	+·032	Calm	44	86·1	28th „	68·7	26th „	84·4	71·3	77·8
	Bogra	Bogra	29·921	29·935	+·050	Calm & NE.	41	86·2	28th „	68·2	27 & 28 „	83·9	69·1	76·6
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·907	29·928	+·035	NEly	83	85·6	27th „	70·7	23rd „	83·5	71·8	77·7
	Malda	Malda	29·722	29·955	—	NW	72	85·6	28th „	68·5	27th „	83·6	70·6	77·1
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·884	29·964	+·058	NEly	30	86·1	28th „	69·2	23rd „	84·7	70·3	77·5
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·884	29·963	+·036	NEly	34*	85·8	26 to 28 „	67·7	23rd „	84·7	69·1	77·0
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·751	29·994	+·068	N & Ely	43	86·4	26th „	65·6	22 & 28 „	84·8	67·9	76·3
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	23·095	—	+·032	Variable	80	60·6	22nd „	45·7	27 & 28 „	58·7*	46·8*	52·9*
	Sikim	Gnatong	—	—	—	SEly	75	47·9	26th „	24·6	28th „	46·1	28·5	37·3
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·867	29·902	+·002	NEly	105	89·7	24th „	70·1	22nd „	83·9	72·0	78·0
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal	29·930	29·888	+·013	Calm & NNE.	101	86·3	25 & 26 Oct.	70·9	23rd „	83·6	73·0	78·3
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29·889	29·879	+·007	NEly	148	85·5	28th „	68·8	22nd „	81·4	72·9	77·2
	Faridpur	Faridpur	29·939	29·933	+·026	Variable	54	85·0	27th „	70·9	24th „	83·4	72·3	77·8
	Dacca	Dacca	29·946	29·916	+·023	N	101	87·6	25th „	70·7	22nd „	84·7	71·8	78·3
	Tippera	Comilla	29·930	29·914	+·026	N	86	87·5	27th „	69·8	22 & 23 „	83·6	71·7	77·6
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·919	29·930	+·037	NEly	65	86·2	28th „	70·1	25 & 27 „	83·3	71·3	77·3
North Behar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·886	29·968	+·058	Calm	10	85·2	28th „	67·2	22nd „	84·1	70·2	77·1
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·843	29·959	+·061	Calm	6	85·2	22 & 26 to 28 „	68·0	22nd „	84·7	69·4	77·1
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·847	29·961	+·048	NWly	32	84·4	28th „	68·2	22nd „	83·5	70·7	77·1
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·835	29·979	—	Calm & WSW	27	84·7	24th „	68·2	26th „	83·2	69·1	76·2
	Champaran	Motihari	29·774	29·960	+·059	SSE	54	85·2	24 & 25 „	65·8	26th „	83·9	67·7	75·8
	Saran	Chapra	29·830	29·968	+·070	Variable	37	86·3	26th „	64·6	28th „	84·8	69·9	76·9
South Behar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·683	29·996	+·065	SSW	89	85·3	24 & 26 „	64·5	28th „	84·0	67·4	75·7
		Buxar	29·777	29·977	+·056	Wly	33	86·6	25th „	66·3	28th „	84·9	69·3	77·1
		Arrah	29·823	29·963	+·062	NWly	15	86·5	25 & 26 „	67·0	28th „	85·5	69·2	77·4
	Gaya	Gaya	29·641	29·978	+·058	SEly	119	86·4	25 & 26 „	66·7	22, 26, & 27 „	85·4	68·4	76·9
	Patna	Bankipore	29·834	29·972	+·048	Wly	29	84·5	25th „	68·7	22 & 26 „	83·7	70·1	76·9
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·510	29·906	+·061	NWly	29*	84·6	26 & 28 „	68·4	25 & 28 „	83·7	69·3	76·5
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	27·987	29·974	+·044	Calm	90	80·7	26th „	65·2	28th „	79·6	62·0	70·8
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·857	29·965	+·059	NWly	48	79·5	25th „	61·9	22nd „	78·5	62·7	70·6
	Palamau	Daltonganj												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	29·235	29·956	+·063	Calm	15	86·0	26 & 27 „	64·9	22nd „	84·1	67·2	75·7
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·750	30·048	+·087	NEly		85·5	27th „	66·4	24, 25, 27 & 28 „	79·2	67·0	73·1
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29·894	29·966	+·033	NEly	210	84·7	22nd „	65·9	27th „	81·9	67·5	74·7
	Cachar	Silchar	29·904	29·962	+·056	Calm		89·0	26th „	66·3	28th „	85·1	69·3	77·2

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 28th of October 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M., temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. Of week. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Since 16th October 1893. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	District.
—	78·0	76	1·4	0·23		2·27		1·64		7·81			3·45		
−2·6	75·8	80	0·3	0·05											Puri.
−0·7	78·0	83	4·6	0·11											
−1·8	76·7	73	1·1	0·06		1·68		1·41		5·58			2·34		Cuttack.
−0·1	75·9	86	1·6	Nil		0·93		1·12		5·09			1·54		Balasore.
−0·1	76·5	82	2·9	0·08	0·16	1·58	0·50	0·95	5·00	5·14	−3·14	3·29	2·65	+0·64	Midnapore.
−0·6	77·0	84	3·0	0·05	0·10	1·24	0·14	1·21	6·04	4·97	+1·07	2·42	2·34	+0·08	24-Parganas.
−0·9	77·0	87	5·4	0·58											
					0·33	0·65	0·67	0·82		3·80			1·43		Howrah.
					0·08	0·79	0·33	0·89		4·22			1·75		Hooghly.
−1·0	78·2	80	3·7	0·56		0·80		1·04		4·24			1·61		Nadia.
					0·46	1·10	1·00	1·12	4·26	4·64	−0·38	2·15	2·24	−0·09	Khulna.
−1·0	77·4	88	3·6	0·27	0·11	0·99	0·40	1·05	3·32	4·14	−0·62	0·83	1·84	−1·01	Jessore.
−0·9	76·8	82	1·4	0·04	0·27	0·76	0·50	0·90	3·84	3·82	+0·02	1·99	1·61	+0·38	Burdwan.
+0·7	75·5	82	0	0·02											
−1·7	75·4	79	2·7	Nil	0·15	0·77	0·50	0·73	3·55	3·58	−0·03	2·23	1·59	+0·64	Bankura.
					Nil	0·43	0·00	0·54	3·50	3·49	+0·01	1·76	1·50	+0·26	Birbhum.
−0·9	75·7	91	3·6	Nil		0·29		0·54		4·25			1·67		Murshidabad.
−0·2	76·0	90	5·7	0·05	0·02	0·89	0·00	1·18	3·84	4·63	+0·16	2·97	2·03	+0·94	Pabna.
−1·9	75·9	86	2·3	0·38	0·35	0·45	0·75	0·59	7·86	4·54	+3·32	4·01	1·66	+2·35	Bogra.
+0·2	77·0	86	3·1	Nil	0·45	0·55	0·67	0·76	4·88	4·41	+0·47	2·73	1·29	+1·44	Rajshahi.
—	74·8	89	1·1	Nil	Nil	0·42	0·00	0·30	4·17	2·43	+1·74	3·13	0·89	+2·24	Malda.
−0·3	74·8	86	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·34	0·00	0·38	4·10	2·70	+1·40	2·81	1·14	+1·67	Dinajpur.
+0·1	74·9	86	0·7	Nil	0·01	0·69	0·01	0·61	2·71	4·87	−2·16	1·79	1·86	−0·07	Rangpur.
0	74·2	82	3·6	Nil	Nil	1·57	0·00	0·80	2·84	5·30	−2·46	2·70	2·50	+0·20	Jalpaiguri.
															Kuch Bihar.
0	53·4	81	2·1	Nil	Nil	0·60	0·00	0·81	4·61	5·21	−0·60	3·65	1·64	+2·01	Darjeeling.
—	39·6	59	0	0·07		1·19		0·80		6·11			1·96		Gnatong.
−0·4	76·1	93	6·4	3·10	4·09	1·79	2·00	1·45	13·41	6·55	+6·86	5·69	2·33	+3·36	Chittagong.
					3·57	1·22	7·70	1·30	9·44	6·01	+3·43	5·31	1·88	+3·43	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+0·1	77·9	88	3·6	3·36	3·22	1·23	2·00	1·19		5·44			2·05		Backergunge
−0·9	77·1	91	2·6	6·86		0·99		1·08		6·38			1·83		Noakhali.
−0·7	76·5	89	2·9	0·05		0·67		1·07		4·56			1·71		Faridpur.
−1·8	76·6	86	3·3	0·67	1·12	0·89	1·75	1·13	5·73	4·36	+1·37	3·17	1·66	+1·51	Dacca.
−1·8	76·0	87	4·6	2·63	2·05	0·87	2·25	0·97		5·11			1·66		Tippera.
−1·5	75·6	89	3·9	0·28	0·36	1·10	1·00	1·10	5·44	5·64	−0·20	3·12	2·30	+0·82	Mymensingh.
−0·2	74·8	89	2·1	Nil	Nil	0·60	0·00	0·43	2·87	3·32	−0·45	2·66	1·08	+1·58	Purnea.
+0·2	77·5	83	1·6	Nil	Nil	0·47	0·00	0·41	2·94	3·31	−0·37	2·49	0·98	+1·51	Bhagalpur.
−0·9	76·8	85	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·49	0·00	0·25	6·35	2·95	+3·40	5·89	0·77	+5·12	Darbhanga.
—	75·6	86	0·9	Nil	Nil	0·45	0·00	0·34	8·14	3·30	+4·84	7·64	0·76	+6·88	Muzaffarpur
+0·2	75·0	83	1·0	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·11	8·55	3·55	+5·00	8·55	0·28	+8·27	Champaran.
−0·2	77·3	77	0·9	Nil	Nil	0·47	0·00	0·34	6·30	4·27	+2·03	5·55	0·69	+4·86	Saran
−0·9	75·6	81	0·3	Nil											
−0·6	75·0	85	1·6	Nil	Nil	0·62	[illegible]	0·59	5·43	3·26	+2·17	5·34	0·94	+4·40	Shahabad.
+0·4	75·9	86	0·7	Nil											
−1·0	74·0	81	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·41	0·00	0·49	2·57	3·00	−0·43	2·46	0·71	+1·75	Gaya.
−1·4	77·6	72	3·5	Nil	Nil	0·73	0·00	0·59	5·06	3·29	+1·77	4·33	1·00	+3·23	Patna.
					0·10	0·69	0·33	0·55	2·01	3·08	−1·07	1·71	1·05	+0·66	Monghyr.
−0·3	76·1	79	0·9	0·02	0·01	0·64	0·30	0·62	4·01	3·73	+0·28	2·43	1·30	+1·13	Sonthal Parganas.
−2·4	70·4	79	1·3	Nil	Nil	0·39	0·00	0·50		3·00			0·82		Hazaribagh.
−2·1	69·1	84	2·3	Nil	Nil	0·58	0·00	0·83	4·57	2·64	+1·93	3·24	0·95	+2·29	Lohardaga.
						0·35		0·55		2·74			0·51		Palamau.
−2·0	74·1	80	4·0	Nil	Nil	0·80	0·00	1·65	0·76	2·77	−2·01	0·76	1·18	−0·42	Singhbhum.
					Nil	0·71	0·00	0·63	3·96	3·38	+0·58	1·94	1·13	+0·81	Manbhum.
−2·5	70·3	97	5·1	1·29											
−3·2	72·1	90	4·3	Nil											
−1·9	73·2	90	5·1	3·54											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell,

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 28th of October 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall.							Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
			Sunday, 22nd.	Monday, 23rd.	Tuesday, 24th.	Wednesday, 25th.	Thursday, 26th.	Friday, 27th.	Saturday, 28th.							
Orissa ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	1	0·23	2·97	13·32	8·37	12·30	4·14
		Khurda ...										2·09		6·81		3·27
		Banpur ...					0·05					1·22		6·17		2·17
		False Point ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	1	0·11	2·80	4·61	9·87	4·01	4·29
		Gop ...										?		?		?
		Satpara ...										?		?		?
		Pipli ...										?		?		?
		Ranpur ...					0·20					?		?		?
		Kurmala ...	...	...	...	...						?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	...	...	...	...						1·72		6·00		2·56
		Banki ...					0·14					0·95		4·54		1·74
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...						2·17		5·45		2·70
		Kendrapara ...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·06	1·89	5·02	5·96	3·18	2·69
		Jajpur ...										1·66		5·32		2·02
		Dharmsala ...										?		?		?
		Salipore ...										?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Nayagarh ...										?		?		?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...										?		?		?
		Chandbali ...										?		6·04	5·75	6·64
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·14		4·62		1·74
		Soro ...										1·13	4·56	4·88	4·40	1·06
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·86		6·52		2·24
		Jellasore ...										1·62		4·39	5·47	1·12
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore ...	Baripadah ...	0·55	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	2	0·66	0·38	6·53	4·08	4·77	1·33
		Contai ...	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	1	0·24	0·47	7·67	8·14	2·65	4·82
		Tamluk ...	0·28	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·28	3·34	5·65	4·11	3·38	2·45
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	Nil	0·09	1·37	3·59	4·68	4·25	2·39
		Ghatal ...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	1·30	5·01	3·63	2·92	0·92
		Kukrahaty ...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·20	?	5·93	?	4·31	?
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	0·03	0·39	...	0·11	...	2	0·53	?	6·43	?	5·72	?
		Panskura ...	0·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·29	?	5·89	?		?
		Dantoon ...										?		?		?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·58	1	0·58	2·90	5·38	9·04	2·65	4·66
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·43	6·54	4·89	4·33	2·45
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	5·69	?	2·11	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·05	1·15	7·34	4·33	2·18	1·88
		Barrackpore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·60	7·36	3·54	2·24	1·39
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·00	6·49	4·22	2·74	2·09
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·89	4·94	4·55	1·67	2·07
		Basirhat ...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·07	0·73	4·21	4·16	1·11	1·87
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·02	...	4·20	2·32	1·87
		Mohesreka ...	0·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·72	0·27	3·31	3·37	2·20	0·97
		Uluberia ...	0·26	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·26	?	4·89	?	1·81	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	0·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·16	0·74	7·05	4·07	3·07	1·80
		Hooghly ...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·07	0·87	7·72	4·01	2·07	1·68
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·75	...	4·59	1·00	1·75
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	0·13	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	2	0·24	0·75	5·88	3·67	1·15	1·19
		Krishnagar ...	0·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·56	0·59	5·12	4·22	2·07	1·19
		Chuadanga ...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·07	0·90	4·03	4·48	0·79	1·71
		Meherpur ...										0·86	...	3·91		1·63
		Kushtia ...	0·05	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·10	0·91	2·55	4·99	1·37	2·33
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·04	5·04	4·59	2·24	1·90
		Bagerhat ...	0·99	0·24	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·23	1·00	4·44	5·22	3·20	2·80
		Khulna ...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·15	1·27	3·29	4·12	1·00	2·03
		Nakipur ...										?		?		?
		Rampal ...										?		?		?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·35	2·28	4·53	0·80	5·00
		Jessore ...	0·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·27	1·03	4·09	4·12	0·57	1·95
		Jhenidah ...	0·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·22	1·01	3·14	4·73	0·87	2·22
		Magura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·77	2·39	3·86	1·28	1·41
		Bangaon ...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·05	0·80	4·80	4·48	0·61	1·82
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	0·84	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·95	0·68	4·18	3·74	2·40	1·40
		Burdwan ...	0·01	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·04	0·85	5·16	4·05	2·04	1·89
		Katwa ...	0·05	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·07	0·86	3·06	3·97	1·88	1·77
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	Nil	0·02	0·66	2·94	3·46	1·63	1·39
		Mankur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	2·32	?	2·64	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·94	3·25	4·09	2·36	1·82
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	0·41	...	...	...	...	1	0·41	0·84	5·95	2·82	3·43	1·48
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	1	0·19	0·61	2·20	3·39	1·45	1·84
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	2·79	3·97	1·06	1·22
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·02	?	2·60	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	11·58	?	7·72	?
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	7·42	?	2·60	?
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	2·55	?	2·44	?
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	11·22	?	2·57	?
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	?	6·23	?	1·87	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·84	3·68	3·70	1·09	1·75
		Hetampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	2·86	2·95	1·87	1·03
		Rampur Hat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·25	3·97	3·81	2·32	1·72
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·21	?	1·30	?
		Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·91	?	0·69	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·39	5·15	3·86	1·25	1·05
		Berhampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·28	3·09	4·77	1·81	1·78
		Lalbagh ...	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·08	0·32	5·54	4·72	2·03	1·81
		Azimganj ...										0·26		4·64		1·61
		Jangipur ...										0·26		3·27		1·69
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·25	1·90	4·47	1·40	2·10
		Akhriganj ...	...	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·13	?	6·70	?	2·34	?
		Patkabari ...										?		?		?
North Bengal.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·83	2·38	4·84	1·86	1·94
		Sirajganj ...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·05	0·94	5·31	4·50	4·10	2·11
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·40	0·39	10·47	4·07	4·45	1·88
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	0·63	...	...	...	...	1	0·63	0·47	10·89	5·36	5·76	1·46
		Bogra ...	0·30	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	1	0·38	0·70	4·81	4·09	2·87	1·85
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·25	5·28	4·02	2·98	1·46
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·55	4·39	4·60	2·42	1·46
		Nattor ...	0·54	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·54	0·65	3·76	4·59	2·57	1·78
		Naugaon ...	...	...	0·80	...	...	...	...	1	0·80	0·44	6·50	2·36	3·40	0·61
		Lalpore ...	0·22									?		?		?
		Manda ...										?				?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 28th of October 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 22nd.	Monday, 23rd.	Tuesday, 24th.	Wednesday, 25th.	Thursday, 26th.	Friday, 27th.	Saturday, 28th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·82	6·1	4·19	4·18	1·44
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	2·18	2·65	2·08	0·33
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	5·5	?	3·64	?
		Sibganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	6·10	?	3·80	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	5·66	3·47	3·17	0·94
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	4·87	2·42	3·58	0·70
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	3·46	3·90	2·70	0·7
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·18	2·58	4·89	1·83	1·81
		Balurghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	3·92	3·45	2·76	1·46
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·13	?	2·65	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	...	0·65	...	Nil	0·05	0·67	5·52	5·07	3·03	2·91
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·07	1·74	5·20	1·24	2·56
		Pirganj ...										?		?		?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·58	0·73	4·49	0·56	1·39
		Gobindganj ...										?		?		?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·44	2·84	4·71	2·33	1·46
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·13	?	1·61	?
		Sunderganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	5·96	?	2·97	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·57	2·84	4·30	2·70	2·50
		Alipur Duar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·46	?	0·91	?
		Fallacotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·75	?	1·50	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	2·83	?	2·71	?
		Bhagatpur (Navrakatta)										?		?		?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·58	3·42	5·18	2·52	1·81
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·45	7·22	5·22	4·78	1·42
		Mekliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·71	4·33	4·08	3·98	1·66
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·54	3·49	6·30	3·83	1·65
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	2·16	13·59	10·66	4·20	3·97
		Siliguri ...	...	...	3·77	...	...	...	...	1	3·77	0·36	5·84	4·50	5·69	0·61
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·94	5·49	5·80	5·47	2·92
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	0·31	3·50	2·77	3·41	0·34
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·45	?	2·97	?
		Pedong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	3·16	0·95	...	...	...	...	...	2	4·11	2·31	9·08	7·29	5·55	2·91
		Chittagong ...	2·55	1·53	...	...	...	...	...	2	4·08	1·26	17·75	5·82	5·84	1·73
		Kutubdia ...	3·80	0·25								?		?		?
		Satkanya ...	2·61	1·95								?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...	2·70	...	...	0·40						?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	2·25	1·46	...	...	...	...	...	2	3·71	?	14·50	?	6·52	?
		Chandpur ...	2·80	3·25								?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	1·60	1·90	...	...	0·07	...	...	2	3·57	1·22	7·70	7·61	5·31	1·83
		Bundarban ...	1·75	1·68	...	...	...	...	...	2	3·43	?	10·47	?	4·32	?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	3·40	0·13	0·11	...	...	...	...	3	3·64	1·30	7·38	5·93	6·11	2·09
		Pirojpur ...	2·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2·20	1·27	5·80	5·64	4·23	2·36
		Barisal ...	2·47	0·81	...	...	...	...	...	2	3·28	1·43	...	4·50	4·36	2·21
		Gournaddi ...	2·39	0·14								?		?		?
		Bhola ...	0·42	3·34	...	...	...	...	...	2	3·76	0·90	...	5·26	4·68	1·51
		Daulatkhan ...	...	5·41	...	...	...	...	...	1	5·41	?	...	?		?
		Bauphal ...	1·19	4·06	...	...	...	...	...	2	5·25	?	10·21	?	0·78	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	2·96	3·90	...	...	...	...	...	2	6·86	1·33	16·55	6·95	10·10	2·13
		Fenny ...										0·67		5·80		1·53
		Harishpore ...	1·91	2·74								?		?		?
		Ramganj ...		3·30								?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	0·65	0·41								0·59		4·00		1·44
		Faridpur ...	...	0·03	0·02	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·05	0·72	2·03	4·62	1·26	1·95
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·71	3·56	5·06	1·45	1·75
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	0·55	0·60	0·10	...	...	...	...	3	1·25	0·86	7·88	13·25	3·18	1·98
		Dacca ...	0·48	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·55	0·77	3·87	3·97	2·85	1·22
		Narayanganj...	0·32	1·48								0·27		4·13		1·71
		Manikganj ...	0·08	0·91	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·99	0·64	3·47	4·03	2·27	1·69
		Joydebpore ...	0·02	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·15	?	5·86	?	4·42	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	1·04	0·71	...	...	...	...	...	2	1·75	1·02	5·37	5·14	2·45	2·03
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	0·95	2·05	...	...	...	...	...	2	3·00	0·85	12·58	4·31	3·70	1·33
		Chandpore ...	1·85	0·24	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·09	0·62	4·95	6·00	2·39	1·60
		Brahmanbaria	0·28	0·68	0·52	...	...	...	...	3	1·48	1·00		4·77	1·78	1·70
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	1·03	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·03	?	4·18	?	2·13	?
		Nasirnagar ...	0·45	1·10	0·05							?		?		?
		Doudkandi ...	1·55	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·61	?	5·87	?	3·77	?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...	1·00	2·50	...	...	...	...	...	2	3·50	?	6·75	?	5·60	?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...	1·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·08	0·74	2·75	5·44	2·27	1·50
		Atia (*Tangail*)	0·03	...	...	0·21	...	...	...	1	0·24	0·83	5·[illegible]3	4·16	1·65	2·30
		Mymensingh ...	0·14	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·28	1·16	6·53	5·79	5·38	2·39
		Jamalpur ...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·29	0·90	10·86	5·30	4·45	2·50
		Netrakona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·86	4·12	6·66	1·64	2·78
		Subornakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	6·55	?	3·74	-
		Durgapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·00	?	2·70	?
		Sherepore Town	0·46	...	0·55	...	...	...	...	2	1·01	?	8·10	?	2·42	?
		Dewanganj ...										?		?		?
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·47	2·36	2·98	2·27	0·98
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·44	2·25	3·36	2·25	0·96
		Purnea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·90	4·02	3·61	3·46	1·37
		Gondwara (Korah) ...										?		?		?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·02	?	2·18	?
		Forbesganj ...										?		?		?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	0·31	...	...	...	...	1	0·31	?	1·41	?	1·00	?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·30	1·95	3·88	1·95	4·37
		Bongaon (Sujabad).										?		?		?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·45	3·29	2·66	3·29	0·83
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·02	?	3·02	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·50	4·57	3·03	2·76	0·76
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·62	1·95	3·64	1·95	1·32
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	2·69	?	2·66	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·52	2·99	3·00	2·64	0·83
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·51	9·32	3·30	1·32	0·78
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·44	5·73	2·46	5·73	0·69
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Roshera ...										?		?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 28th of October 1893—*concld.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL.							Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th May 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th May to date.
			Sunday, 22nd.	Monday, 23rd.	Tuesday, 24th.	Wednesday, 25th.	Thursday, 26th.	Friday, 27th.	Saturday, 28th.							
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur ...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	7·06	2·68	7·06	0·46
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·82	11·14	3·18	11·14	1·03
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·40	6·22	4·05	4·72	0·79
		Puru ...										?		?		?
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).										?		?		?
		Siuhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·05	?	3·87	?
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	7·54	?	7·54	?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	8·40	3·40	8·40	0·34
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	8·70	3·69	8·70	0·21
		Bagaha ...										?		?		?
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	7·36	?	7·36	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj										0·06		5·04		0·19
		Siwan ...										0·81		4·24		1·01
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·25	?	4·25	?
		Chupra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·55	4·23	3·55	4·23	0·59
		Sreepore ...										?		?		?
		Annuar ...										?		?		?
		Basantpur ...										?		?		?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·69	8·47	3·38	8·47	0·99
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	5·36	2·92	5·31	0·93
		Bhabhua ...										0·54		3·12		0·82
		Sasseram ...										0·76		3·66		1·10
		Arrah ...										0·51		3·57		0·90
		Mohanea ...										?		?		?
		Khiri ...										?		?		?
		Agraon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	5·88	?	5·88	?
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·82	?	1·82	?
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Sikrowl ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·30	?	4·30	?
		Bassowan ...										?		?		?
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	5·60	?	5·60	?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·21	3·49	3·00	3·37	0·43
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·53	1·67	2·58	1·53	0·75
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·51	2·11	2·63	2·00	0·75
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·37	3·01	3·77	2·94	0·87
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	6·22	?	6·22	?
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·75	?	3·75	?
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·56	?	2·44	?
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·71	?	1·68	?
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·46	?	1·46	?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·76	6·13	3·41	5·41	1·13
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·70	11·18	3·29	9·34	1·03
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·72	1·77	3·23	1·37	1·00
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·75	1·14	3·20	1·14	1·13
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	4·30	?	4·30	?
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·22	?	2·22	?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·72	1·23	2·95	1·23	1·06
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·84	1·98	3·62	1·98	1·29
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·29	1	0·29	0·51	2·81	2·63	1·90	0·78
		Gogri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·12	?	1·12	?
		Chakai Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·10	?	1·85	?
		Chupreon ...										?		?		?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·47	3·03	3·06	3·32	0·85
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·35	3·25	3·07	2·32	0·95
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	4·15	4·59	2·78	1·68
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	0·64	4·50	4·18	1·17	1·34
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·00	3·27	4·24	1·63	1·89
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	Nil	0·03	0·77	4·94	3·33	3·15	1·09
		Belbodda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	?
		Nanihat ...										?		?		?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·69	3·79	3·22	3·24	1·33
		Hazaribagh										0·49		3·30		0·84
		Seintagurah										0·15		2·94		0·54
		Mahudi Hills										0·10		2·59		0·51
		Jhumra Hill										0·44		2·32		0·89
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	2·37	?	1·97	?
		Chatra ...										?		?		?
		Koragdeha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	2·34	?	1·61	?
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	0·30						?		?		?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·64	4·54	2·36	3·02	0·93
		Ranchi ...										0·52		2·91		1·10
		Silli ...										?		?		?
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj.)										0·35		2·74		0·51
		Balumath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	6·71	?	1·88	?
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	5·70	?	4·73	?
		Garhwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·56	?	2·85	?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·86	0·76	2·77	0·76	1·18
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·75	?		?
		Ghatsila ...										?		?		?
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	1	0·12	?		?		?
		Gailkura										?		?		?
		Kalikapur ...										?		?		?
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·67	3·10	3·18	1·98	1·15
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·75	4·81	3·57	3·85	1·11
		Raghunathpore.	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·07	?	1·87	?	1·67	?
		Barakabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	3·76	?	2·02	?
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	2·80	?	2·48	?
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	1	0·40	?	2·92	?	2·52	?
		Pandra ...	...	0·01	...	...	...	0·09	...	Nil	0·10	?	5·47	?	[illegible]	?

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 31st October* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 28TH OF OCTOBER 1893.

It will be remembered that at the end of the previous week a small but intense storm had formed in the neighbourhood of Diamond Island, and at 8 A.M. on the morning of the 21st was near the centre of the northern half of the Bay. It was then giving few indications of its existence at the meteorological stations, and none of its intensity or direction of motion. After moving in a north-westerly direction it appears to have changed gradually towards the north-east, and on the morning of Sunday, the 22nd, rushed with great rapidity towards the mouth of the Megna, the centre of the disturbance probably passing close to Noakhali. At 8 A.M. on the 22nd pressure fell more than a quarter of an inch at Chittagong, Noakhali and Barisal, the wind blowing with moderate strength from east at the first station and from north-east at the other two. The centre was then probably to the south of the line joining Chittagong and Barisal and equally distant from them, but as its rate of motion appears to have been unusually high, it must have passed over Noakali some time during the next two hours. At 11 o'clock pressure was rising at Chittagong, and the storm-wave which accompanied the depression was then reported to be passing up the river there. From Noakhali no information has been received regarding the passage of the disturbance. That hurricane winds blew over the north-east of the Bay and in East Bengal to some distance from the coast is shown by the fact that the Mutlah light-ship broke loose from her anchorage, and much damage was done to the shipping between Naraingunj and Chittagong. Wind velocity rose to 25 miles at Chittagong on Sunday, but as the storm was of small extent and soon reached the hilly ground to the east of Tippera, it was very shortlived after passing inland. Pressure rose rapidly and the rough weather as quickly moderated. So far very little appears to be known regarding the storm-wave which washed over part of the islands at the mouth of the Megna. There is, however, sufficient to show that it must have devastated the parts near the coast, causing great destruction to property and probably loss of human life.

General heavy rain fell in East Bengal on the first two days of the week, and light scattered showers in other parts of Lower Bengal and Orissa, but except near the centre of the depression weather continued fine, and the only change was in the light cloud disappearing after the rapid rise of pressure mentioned above. From the 22nd onwards till the end of the week fine clear weather with northerly winds prevailed over the province. In the south of the Bay, however, an apparently immediate result of the recovery of pressure in the north-east of the Bay was the beginning of another which caused cyclonic winds at the Burma stations. Judging from reports received from the shipping, it must have commenced near the centre of the Bay, because squally weather was experienced about longitude 88° and latitude 16° on the 24th. Its course from the start very probably was to the north-east, and it struck the coast of Burma, moving in this direction about the end of the week, at no great distance to the north of Diamond Island. Pressure changes were small everywhere, but a regular cyclonic circulation of winds prevailed over the whole Bay area. Wind velocity steadily increased at Diamond Island, till on the 27th an average of 50 miles was reported for the 24 hours preceding 8 A.M. on that date. It soon after crossed the coast and, as in the case of the one at the beginning of the week, diminished much in intensity on encountering the hilly ground near the coast. The stormy weather which accompanied its advance soon passed away.

As this disturbance did not approach the north coast of the Bay, its influence in Bengal was very slight, being shown only in the increase of cloud in the southern districts, and in a few light showers. The northerly winds increased somewhat in strength, but soon fell off as the pressure distribution became normal.

Pressure changes have been small except during the passage of the depression at the beginning of the week, when there was a large fall at stations in East Bengal and a rapid rise afterwards. In the middle of the week the small oscillations characteristic of settled weather obtained, but during the last two days, while the second depression was developing in the east of the Bay, a steady slow fall prevailed over the province. The mean pressure for the week is above the normal in all districts by about ·03 inch in East Bengal, and ·05 inch elsewhere.

Temperature.—Day temperature has generally been below and night temperature above the normal, at times by several degrees. Means are below the normal everywhere: by less than half a degree in North Bihar and North Bengal; by between half and one degree in South Bihar, South-West Bengal and East Bengal; by 1·3° in Orissa, and by more than 2° in Assam and Chota Nagpur.

Rainfall.—The only rain of importance reported during the week fell on the 21st and 22nd in East Bengal while the disturbance was crossing the south-eastern districts. The falls were heavy on both days at some stations, but especially at Noakhali, Daulatkhan, Cox's Bazar and Chittagong. The average for the whole district is 2·14 inches more than double the normal. Light showers fell in parts of Orissa, South-West Bengal, North Bengal and South Bihar, but no rain fell in North Bihar and Chota Nagpur.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 28th of October 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
			Averages for week.				Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.	Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	88·2	68·9	86·5	71·8	79·2	—1·3	0·10	1·54	—1·44	0·50	1·35	—0·85	6·27	5·98	5·28	2·33
South-West Bengal ...	92·7	68·9	85·2	72·1	78·7	—0·7	0·16	0·87	—0·71	0·04	0·98	—0·94	4·63	4·28	1·98	1·88
North Bengal	86·4	65·6	84·2	70·0	77·1	—0·4	0·12	0·58	—0·46	0·50	0·61	—0·11	4·41	4·40	2·90	1·54
East Bengal	89·7	68·8	83·4	72·1	77·8	—1·0	2·14	1·05	+1·09	1·73	1·13	+0·60	7·26	5·37	4·02	1·93
North Bihar	86·3	65·8	84·0	69·4	76·7	—0·2	Nil	0·43	—0·43	0·00	0·30	—0·30	5·32	3·44	5·08	0·78
South Bihar	86·6	64·5	84·5	69·0	76·8	—0·6	0·02	0·61	—0·59	0·05	0·58	—0·53	3·97	3·32	3·33	1·06
Chota Nagpur	86·0	61·2	80·7	64·0	72·4	—2·2	Nil	0·51	—0·51	0·00	0·64	—0·64	3·75	2·95	3·14	0·90
Assam	89·0	65·9	82·1	67·9	75·0	—2·5										

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 31st October 1893.

C. Little,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 22nd to 28th October 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
October ...	22nd ...	29·914	79·4	84·9	11·1	73·8	81·6	75·5	·804	72·7	75	0·01
,, ...	23rd ...	30·029	78·2	85·6	14·8	70·8	82·6	76·5	·832	73·7	75	...
,, ...	24th ...	29·998	78·4	85·9	15·0	70·9	81·6	75·5	·803	72·6	75	...
,, ...	25th ...	·994	79·0	86·2	14·4	71·8	81·6	74·8	·773	71·5	72	...
,, ...	26th ...	·995	78·2	84·9	13·5	71·4	79·1	71·2	·660	66·9	66	...
,, ...	27th ...	·970	78·9	85·9	14·1	71·8	82·6	76·0	·810	72·9	73	...
,, ...	28th ...	·934	79·5	85·7	12·4	73·3	82·1	74·5	·753	70·7	69	...

The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	...	...	Inches. 29·976
The mean temperature of the seven days	...	... ...	° 78·8
The extreme variation of temperature	...	... ...	15·4
The maximum temperature ...	...	... ...	86·2
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days		... ...	% 72
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 28th October 1893		... ...	Inches. 0·01

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. Gilliland,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India,
The 30th October 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 22nd to 28th October 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Temperature. Maximum.	Temperature. Range.	Temperature. Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension.	Hygrometry. Dew point.	Hygrometry. Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Oct	22nd	144·5	5·0	29·885	78·5	83·9	10·0	73·9	74·8	0·813	73·0	83	N and NNW ...	134	Nil	Partially cloudy, o, g.
"	23rd	142·7	10·4	·960	77·9	83·7	11·3	72·4	73·5	·770	71·4	81	NNW and calm...	45	"	Clear.
"	24th	147·1	10·5	·952	77·8	84·6	13·7	70·9	74·5	·813	73·0	86	NNW and calm	48	"	Chiefly clear, ⌂.
"	25th	142·7	9·8	·934	78·0	84·6	12·5	72·1	74·1	·790	72·1	83	Nly, E and calm...	44	"	Chiefly clear, ⌂.
"	26th	142·5	9·7	·926	77·5	84·6	13·5	71·1	73·8	·786	72·0	84	NNE and calm ...	33	"	Chiefly clear, ⌂.
"	27th	143·2	6·3	·899	78·0	84·8	12·5	72·3	74·6	·812	73·0	85	NNE and calm ...	27	"	Partially cloudy, ⌂.
"	28th	143·5	7·2	·866	79·2	85·6	12·4	73·2	73·7	·759	71·0	76	N, NNW and calm	56	"	Partially cloudy, o, ⌂.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·917
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·861
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	58·9
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	79·8
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	78·1
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	79·5
The extreme variation of temperature	14·7
The maximum temperature	85·6
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	12
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	83
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	78
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 28th October 1893	Nil
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	1·76
The total fall from 1st January to 28th October 1893	85·20
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	64·33

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; g, gloomy; ⌂, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 30th October 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 14th October 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 14th October 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 15th October 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	733	56,180	662	243	77,850	1,266
Jute	310	1,97,125	2,718	351	1,18,475	2,061
Firewood	124	62,800	954	99	52,230	771
Other articles	1,155	2,24,595	[3,509	1,057	2,18,445	3,133
Total ...	2,322	5,40,700	7,843	1,750	4,67,000	7,230

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 21st October 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 21st October 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 22nd October 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	416	60,452	717	181	51,050	810
Jute	265	1,35,712	2,377	415	1,50,985	2,608
Firewood	119	68,625	1,031	134	42,750	629
Other articles	616	1,35,665	2,146	1,093	2,23,090	3,508
Total ...	1,416	4,00,454	6,271	1,823	4,67,875	7,555

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 28th October 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 28th October 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 29th October 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	652	55,175	614	132	36,650	622
Jute	349	1,50,550	2,604	387	1,12,400	2,011
Firewood	128	61,000	912	118	57,050	799
Other articles	931	1,73,025	2,647	934	2,35,810	3,791
Total ...	[2,060	4,39,750	6,777	1,571	4,41,910	7,223

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th October 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	315,597	3,38,241 6 0	29,75,044 0	6,32,760 10 0	15,549 3 0	9,86,551 3 0	76,230½	109,919½	186,150½
Or per mile of railway	......	210 0 4	......	392 14 4	9 10 6	612 9 2	......	......	......
For previous 14½ weeks of half-year	4,032,881	42,08,482 1 0	3,32,20,801 30	71,41,196 2 0	2,06,463 0 0	1,15,56,141 3 0	1,083,056½	1,362,551½	2,445,608
Total for 15½ weeks ...	4,348,478	45,46,723 7 0	3,61,95,845 30	77,73,956 12 0	2,22,012 3 0	1,25,42,692 6 0	1,159,287	1,472,471½	2,631,758½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	257,968	3,28,532 7 9	23,84,438 30	5,67,049 0 5	18,336 8 2	9,13,918 0 4	75,940	93,757	169,697
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	203 15 11	......	352 1 6	11 6 2	567 7 7	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 15½ weeks of previous year	3,924,299	39,04,110 8 10	3,37,78,905 30	74,33,750 14 1	2,45,389 5 3	1,15,83,250 12 2	1,133,467	1,385,149	2,518,616

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st October 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	271,326	2,83,356 9 0	22,31,946 0	5,34,294 11 0	15,549 3 0	8,33,200 7 0	75,254	100,485	175,739
Or per mile of railway	......	175 15 1	......	331 12 1	9 10 6	517 5 8	......	......	......
For previous 15½ weeks of half-year	4,348,478	45,46,723 7 0	3,61,95,845 30	77,73,956 12 0	2,22,012 3 0	1,25,42,692 6 0	1,159,287	1,472,471½	2,631,758½
Total for 16½ weeks ...	4,619,804	48,30,080 0 0	3,84,27,791 30	83,08,251 7 0	2,37,561 6 0	1,33,75,892 13 0	1,234,541	1,572,956½	2,807,497½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	222,401	2,77,486 7 1	25,71,109 30	5,68,973 5 5	17,738 2 0	8,64,197 14 6	74,494	100,642	175,136
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	172 4 9	......	353 4 8	11 0 3	536 9 8	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 16½ weeks of previous year ...	4,146,700	41,81,596 15 11	3,63,50,015 20	80,02,724 3 6	2,63,127 7 3	1,24,47,448 10 8	1,207,961	1,485,791	2,693,752

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th October 1893, on 22¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated.)	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	20,502	4,846 1 0	8,760 0	324 11 0	37 0 0	5,207 12 0	891	105½	996½
Or per mile of railway	......	217 12 10	......	14 9 6	1 10 7	234 0 11	......	......	......
For previous 14½ weeks of half-year	*240,729	*58,956 9 0	†1,30,978 10	†4,025 9 0	‡292 0 0	63,274 2 0	12,705	1,069	13,774
Total for 15½ weeks ...	261,231	63,802 10 0	1,39,738 10	4,350 4 0	329 0 0	68,481 14 0	13,596	1,174½	14,770½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	18,955½	4,742 12 1	11,807 0	608 5 0	8 1 6	5,359 2 7	897	71	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	213 2 6	......	27 5 5	0 5 10	240 13 9	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 15½ weeks of previous year ...	286,914½	70,153 12 9	91,269 0	3,689 0 0	115 0 6	73,957 13 3	13,904	953	14,857

* Added number of passengers 17 and deducted Rs. 20 }
† Deducted maunds 1,747 and " 74 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 9th September 1893.
‡ Ditto. " 2 }

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st October 1893, on 22¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*10,082	*4,827 7 0	5,018 30	202 8 0	37 0 0	5,066 15 0	867	79	946
Or per mile of railway	......	216 15 5	......	9 1 8	1 10 7	227 11 8	......	......	......
For previous 15¼ weeks of half-year	261,231	63,802 10 0	1,39,738 10	4,350 4 0	329 0 0	68,481 14 0	13,596	1,174½	14,770½
Total for 16¼ weeks ...	280,313	68,630 1 0	1,44,757 0	4,552 12 0	366 0 0	73,548 13 0	14,463	1,253½	15,716½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	15,319	3,687 0 4	10,687 10	525 13 0	12 14 0	4,225 11 4	865	103	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	165 11 4	......	23 10 2	0 9 3	189 14 9	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 16¼ weeks of previous year .	302,233½	73,840 13 1	1,01,956 10	4,214 13 0	127 14 6	78,183 8 7	14,769	1,056	15,825

* The increase is due to the "Durga Puja" holidays.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th October 1893, on 161⅗ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*18,742	*16,019 8 0	46,627 30	6,922 6 0	38 0 0	22,979 14 0	6,505	3,504½	10,009[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	99 4 1	......	42 14 3	0 3 9	142 6 1	......	......	......
For previous 14¼ weeks of half-year	†282,541	†1,94,825 8 0	‡7,89,800 0	‡1,04,632 15 0	§513 0 0	2,99,971 7 0	87,429	38,945	126,374
Total for 15¼ weeks ...	301,283	2,10,845 0 0	8,30,427 30	1,11,555 5 0	551 0 0	3,22,951 5 0	93,934	42,449½	136,383
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	16,538½	13,374 15 3	39,105 10	7,347 6 0	63 7 6	20,785 12 9	6,527	2,443	8,970
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	82 14 0	......	45 8 4	0 6 3	128 12 7	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 15¼ weeks of previous year	257,258½	1,83,728 9 4	5,52,556 20	97,515 9 6	685 3 6	2,81,929 6 4	98,313	35,928	134,2[illegible]

* The increase is chiefly in outwards traffic from Umballa and Kalka.
† Added number of passengers 607 and deducted Rs. 73 }
‡ Deducted maunds 376 and added ,, 216 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 9th September
§ Added ,, 23 } 1893.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st October 1893, on 161⅗ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*17,698	*16,583 2 0	51,467 10	8,432 9 0	38 0 0	25,053 11 0	6,091	3,546½	9,63[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	102 11 11	......	52 4 0	0 3 9	155 3 8	......	......	......
For previous 15¼ weeks of half-year	301,283	2,10,845 0 0	8,30,427 30	1,11,555 5 0	551 0 0	3,22,951 5 0	93,934	42,449½	1,36,383
Total for 16¼ weeks ...	318,981	2,27,428 2 0	8,81,895 0	1,19,987 14 0	589 0 0	3,48,005 0 0	100,025	45,995½	146,02[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	13,756	14,127 9 0	41,063 20	7,675 12 0	53 12 9	21,857 1 9	6,580	2,703	9,28[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	87 8 6	......	47 8 11	0 5 4	135 6 9	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 16¼ weeks of previous year	271,014½	1,97,856 2 4	5,93,620 0	1,05,191 5 6	739 0 3	3,03,786 8 1	104,893	38,631	143,5[illegible]

* The increase is due to the "Durga Puja" holidays.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 14th October 1893, on 778 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	180,550	1,07,250 0 0	12,08,410 0	2,38,590 0 0	17,980 0 0	3,63,820 0 0	27,325	50,111	77,43
Or per mile of railway	232	138 0 0	1,553 0	307 0 0	*3 0 0	*448 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 14 weeks of half-year	†2,314,625	9,95,675 0 0	1,16,08,775 0	22,66,468 0 0	2,32,159 0 0	34,94,302 0 0	402,109	438,521	840,630
Total for 15 weeks ...	2,495,175	11,02,925 0 0	1,28,17,185 0	25,05,058 0 0	2,50,139 0 0	38,58,122 0 0	429,434	488,632	918,06
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	154,634	72,644 0 0	8,14,431 0	2,00,988 0 0	15,912 0 0	2,89,544 0 0	27,518	41,872	66,390
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	199	93 0 0	1,048 0	259 0 0	*2 0 0	*354 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,325,758	9,85,529 0 0	1,06,70,060 0	25,06,892 0 0	2,50,538 0 0	37,42,959 0 0	412,067	546,274	958,341

* Excluding steamer earnings.
† Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 14th October 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	31,210	13,410 0 0	55,760 0	4,230 0 0	180 0 0	17,820 0 0	3,929	1,743	5,672
Or per mile of railway	250	107 0 0	446 0	34 0 0	1 0 0	142 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 14 weeks of half-year*	448,602	1,37,419 0 0	8,01,631 0	65,831 0 0	1,803 0 0	2,05,053 0 0	52,981	27,484	80,465
Total for 15 weeks ...	479,812	1,50,829 0 0	8,57,451 0	70,061 0 0	1,983 0 0	2,22,873 0 0	56,910	29,227	86,137
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	26,058	10,013 0 0	69,017 0	5,023 0 0	297 0 0	15,333 0 0	3,614	2,058	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	208	80 0 0	552 0	40 0 0	2 0 0	122 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	453,516	1,45,676 0 0	8,04,458 0	69,498 0 0	2,492 0 0	2,17,666 0 0	55,985	32,830	88,815

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 14th October 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	19,160	9,560 0 0	53,810 0	4,600 0 0	130 0 0	14,290 0 0	2,487	1,467	3,954
Or per mile of railway	223	111 0 0	626 0	53 0 0	2 0 0	166 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 14 weeks of half-year*	244,944	77,229 0 0	4,13,427 0	29,935 0 0	2,162 0 0	1,09,326 0 0	35,277	11,820	47,097
Total for 15 weeks ...	264,104	86,789 0 0	4,67,237 0	34,535 0 0	2,292 0 0	1,23,616 0 0	37,764	13,287	51,051
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	15,324	5,397 0 0	32,798 0	3,150 0 0	81 0 0	8,628 0 0	2,750	747	3,497
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	178	63 0 0	381 0	36 0 0	1 0 0	100 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	241,331	78,214 0 0	2,93,897 0	23,192 0 0	3,222 0 0	1,04,628 0 0	38,765	10,597	49,362

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 21*st October* 1893, *on* 756 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open	72,670	30,340	232,110	(a) 28,900	7,800	67,040	16,328	13,911	30,239
Or per mile of railway	96·12	40·13	307·02	38·23	10·32	88·68	......	......	......
For previous 15½ weeks of half-year (b)	1,347,630	5,13,601	3,431,419	4,47,608	1,30,272	10,91,481	230,624	196,593	427,217
Total for 16½ weeks ...	1,420,300	5,43,941	3,663,529	4,76,508	1,38,072	11,58,521	246,952	210,504	457,456
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 755 miles open	68,816	28,248	301,539	37,172	8,546	73,966	12,726	15,291	28,017
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	91·15	37·42	399·39	49·23	11·32	97·97	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,330,446	4,98,524	4,130,738	5,28,645	1,34,407	11,61,576	220,860	241,438	462,298

a The falling off in goods traffic is due to the continuous rainfall during greater portion of the week.
b Includes audited figures up to 9th September 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 14th October 1893	13,504	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	12,478	0	0
Increase	1,026	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 14th October 1893	264	12	7
Corresponding period of 1892	244	10	9
Increase	20	1	10
Receipts from 1st July to 14th October 1893...	1,68,969	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	1,74,669	0	0
Decrease	5,700	0	0

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 1st November 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 45 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE ORISSA DIVISION FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Darjeeling, the 2nd November 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 693T.—G.

READ—

The Annual General Administration Report of the Orissa Division for 1892-93.

Read also—

Government Resolution on the General Administration Report of 1891-92.

Mr. Toynbee was in charge of the Division from the 1st to the 9th April, and again from the 28th June to the 16th November, the late Mr. Veasey from 10th April to the 27th June, and Mr. Cooke, by whom this report is submitted, for the rest of the year.

Tours and Inspections.

The Commissioners, as required by the orders of Government, spent more than four months on tour, and inspected all the district and subdivisional offices and treasuries, and the Collectors and Subdivisional Officers of the Division also were in camp for more than the prescribed period.

Weather and Crops.

3. Though the rainfall was, except in Puri, short of that of the previous year, which was itself below the average, the outturn of winter rice—the most important crop of the Division—is reported to have been far better. The Commissioner suspects that in

the reports of estimated outturn of crops, 16 annas is treated as a bumper instead of being regarded as an average crop. This is a point to which the attention of the Director of the Agricultural Department has already been directed.

Public health.

4. The public health was bad, the death-rate increased from 25·0 per mille in 1891 to 39·0 in 1892, the increase being shown in all districts. Deaths from cholera rose from 7,035 to 46,212. The increased mortality is attributed to long-continued drought, brackishness of drinking water resulting from the cyclone-wave of 1891, and to unwholesome food, but is, the Commissioner thinks, in no way caused by the influx of pilgrims. The number of recorded deaths from small pox increased from 4,926 in 1891-92 to 6,551 during 1892-93, while the number of persons vaccinated decreased from 95,994 to 43,875. The Lieutenant-Governor will await the explanation called for by the Commissioner regarding this remarkable falling off in vaccination.

Condition of the people.

5. The Collectors of the Division are of opinion that the unusually high prices of food-grains caused hardship to the poorer classes, resulting in a considerable increase of thefts and house-breaking. In Cuttack the Collector says that the landlords and mahajans between them took practically all the raiyats' crops in satisfaction of their demands; in Puri the throwing open by Government of waste land for *toila* (temporary) cultivation greatly assisted the aborigines without injuring the forests; while in part of Balasore considerable distress was felt among the poorer classes, some advances were made to cultivators for purchase of seed-grain, and small but sufficient relief works were opened by the District Board.

The Commissioner (Mr Cooke) has the following remarks regarding the condition of the people :—

"I have been frequently impressed with the tendency, everywhere observable, for Orissa to pose as a pauper Division. I personally have seen nothing to warrant this view. On the contrary, prices are lower here than elsewhere; the people are sturdy and well-nourished as compared with Bengalis; their pleas for abatements and remissions in khas mahal and wards' estates and applications for advances receive a more ready hearing than such applications receive in Bengal; they are provided with a costly system of irrigation for which they have not hitherto paid; the protective embankments of the Division are a charge on the province, and are not supported, as elsewhere, by local imposts. * * *
It is a received article of faith among the natives of Orissa that their country is miserably poor, and that they are entitled to the indulgences of the sickly child of the family. From what I have gathered from Settlement Officers I do not think their claims are made out; but by force of iteration the view of the people has become the view of the officials, and all crop returns appear to support it. There were not wanting the usual vicissitudes to crops in this Division during 1892-93. The rainfall is said to have been deficient at sowing time, both in the case of early and late rice, and in Cuttack excessive in July, resulting in floods, which did some damage. There was also the not unusual visitation of caterpillar-blight in Cuttack. The only district in which there was any failure of crops necessitating official interference was Balasore, where there was a complete failure of crops in some villages, which was effectually dealt with by Mr. Cornish, without, I believe, the expenditure of much money in relief. The matter was of so trivial a nature that the District Officer does not relate how the scarcity was met. It is worthy of note that in spite of this the two main rice crops are reported to have been more favourable in Balasore than in either of the other districts. I can only repeat that I believe that the correct conception of an average crop is not understood in Orissa, especially in the Cuttack and Puri offices."

The daily wage of a common agricultural labourer varies from 1 anna 6 pie to 3 annas a day in Balasore, 2 annas 6 pie to 3 annas in Cuttack, and was 4 annas in Puri, which, though not so low as in Bihar, is considerably less than that which prevails in most of Bengal.

Manufactures. Trade, and Commerce.

6. The principal manufacture is that of salt, which is made in the islands of the Chilka lake, under the supervision of the Salt Department. The system of direct manufacture was introduced during the year, and worked satisfactorily. There was a decline of 16 per cent. in the total value of the sea-borne trade, which is attributed partly to decreased demand from Madras ports, where most of the previous year's rice went from Puri, and partly to the opening up of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, which carried rice that would otherwise have been exported *via* Cuttack.

Civil Justice.

7. The following statement shows the work done by Munsifs:—

District.	Sub-division or chauki.	Description of Court.	Number of officers.	Number of original cases disposed of. Ordinary.	Number of original cases disposed of. Small Cause Court.	Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B. Money.	Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B. Rent.	Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B. Title.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio of witnesses detained over two days per cent. of witnesses examined.	Ratio of cases pending at end of year per cent. of cases disposed of.
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	8	9	10	11
Cuttack ...	Sadar ...	Munsif ...	1¼	78[illegible]	2,032	2,668	......	149	1,952	9	14
	Kendrapara ...	Do. ...	1	517	1,470	1,917	......	70	2,253	1	4
	Jajpur ...	Do. ...	1¼	911	1,455	2,111	......	255	2,156	16	12
Puri ...	Sadar ...	Do. ...	1	1,219	1,243	2,296	......	166	1,735	15	18
Balasore ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	1¼	771	1,308	1,848	......	231	3,197	31	12
		Total ...	6	4,2[illegible]3	7,508	10,840	......	871	11,293	16	13
		Total* for 1891-92 ...	7	3,978	9,407	12,632	......	753	†33,393	18	15

* Includes the figures for Judges and Sub-Judges.
† Shows the number of witnesses who attended.

The ratio of witnesses detained over two days to the total number examined was 31 to 100 in the Balasore Munsif's court, where, however, the number of witnesses examined was very large, against only 1 to 100 in Kendrapara.

The total number of rent-suits (which in Orissa are tried by Deputy Collectors) disposed of during the year was 3,387, or less than one per thousand of the population. Of these, 749 were contested, 339 withdrawn, and 2,239 decided *ex parte*, while 301 cases were pending at the end of the year. The number of contested cases disposed of per officer was 45. In the Cuttack and Puri districts registers of witnesses not having been kept before the beginning of the year 1893-94, it is not possible to say what percentage of witnesses were detained for more than two days. The number of contested rent-suits is remarkably small.

Criminal Justice.

8. The following statement gives statistics of the working of the Criminal Courts:—

District.	Sub-division.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average of cases disposed of per officer.	Average of witnesses examined per case disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of columns 12 to 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cuttack ...	Sadar ...	Stipendiary ...	7¼	1,890	2,463	63	7,003	7	68	653	8	261	4	1
	Jajpur ...	Ditto ...	1	563	787	68	3,182	3	71	215	3	569	6	1
	Kendrapara ...	Ditto ...	1	479	619	60	1,537	2	60	132	......	479	3	......
Puri ...	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	3¾	824	1,176	68	3,110	1	83	492	8	220	4	2
	Khurda ...	Ditto ...	2¼	594	868	67	1,635	·8	74	257	1	237	3	·3
Balasore ...	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	4	1,052	1,386	68	5,960	·03	81	378	......	263	5	......
	Bhadrak ...	Ditto ...	2	553	710	60	3,346	......	67	218	2	276	6	·9
		Total ...	21¼	5,961	8,009	66	†25,073	3	73	2,345	22	277	4	·9
		Total for 1891-92	21	4,651	6,264	60	26,040†	3	77	1,718	114	221	6	6·6
Cuttack ...	Sadar ...	Honorary ...	1¼	211	244	26	639	17	64	......	......	141	3	......
	Jajpur ...	Ditto ...	1	218	228	27	658	2	75	16	1	218	3	6
	Kendrapara ...	Ditto ...	1	106	111	42	320	5	67	5	......	106	3	......
Puri ...	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	1	735	765	91	836	1	70	85	......	735	1	......
	Khurda ...	Ditto ...	2*	76	96	45	308	......	60	13	......	38	4	......
Balasore ...	Sadar ...	Ditto ...	2	328	342	71	475	·6	33	......	......	164	1	......
	Bhadrak ...	Ditto ...	1	88	96	28	196	......	100	......	......	88	2	......
	Chandbali ...	Ditto ...	1	59	80	76	148	......	100	......	......	59	3	......
		Total ...	10¼	1,821	2,062	61	3,580	4	66	119	1	173	2	·8
		Total for 1891-92	8½	2,049	2,364	68	5,095†	2	74	128	15	248	2	11

* Includes one Special Magistrate who evidently was also engaged with other work.
† These figures show the number of witnesses who attended.

The total number of cases disposed of by Stipendiary Magistrates, the average number of cases disposed of per officer, and the ratio of cases confirmed on appeal to the total appealed, were all larger than in the previous year, while the ratio of witnesses detained more than two days was 3 per cent., the same as in the previous year. The Lieutenant-Governor regards these results as satisfactory. There was an increase of 1,042 offences reported, cognizable and non-cognizable, the increase in the former being due to the high prices that prevailed and consequent distress among the landless classes, and in the latter to fluctuations in miscellaneous cases under the different special Acts.

9. The following statement shows the attendance of Honorary Magistrates:—

District.	Number of Honorary Magistrates.	Number of times asked to attend.	Number of times actually attended.	Number of times absent—		
				With leave or notice.	Without leave or notice.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Cuttack ...	32	832	646	120	66	186
Puri ...	16	1,234	830	26	378	404
Balasore ...	21	525	421	63	41	104

It would appear from the above statement that the attendance was on the whole regular, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor notes with satisfaction "that the Commissioner thinks Honorary Magistrates gave material help in the administration of criminal justice, and are entitled to the thanks of Government, the number of cases disposed of by them being nearly one-third of those disposed of by Stipendiary Magistrates." The percentage of decisions of Honorary Magistrates confirmed on appeal was, however, less, and the ratio of witnesses detained over two days more than in the previous year.

Registration.

10. The following table gives the number of registrations:—

District.	Class of Registration office.	Number of offices.	Number of documents registered.	Average per office.
1	2	3	4	5
Cuttack	Special ...	1	2,827	2,827
	Rural ...	3	6,326	2,108
Puri	Special ...	1	2,580	2,580
	Rural ...	2	4,637	2,318
Balasore	Special ...	1	1,730	1,730
	Rural ...	2	3,454	1,727
Total ...	Special ...	3	7,137	2,379
	Rural ...	7	14,417	2,059

Land Revenue and Cesses.

11. The following statement shows the demands, collections, and balances of land revenue, road cess, and zamindari dâk cess:—

District.	Class of demand.	Class of estates.	Number of estates.	Demand. Current.	Demand. Arrear.	Collections of 1892-93. Current.	Collections of 1892-93. Arrear.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Current.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Arrear.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...ack	Land revenue	I	23	1,01,466	......	1,01,466	......	......	......	
		II	4,157	7,16,305	128	7,14,551	114	1,730	14	Rs. 24 remitted.
		III	9	39,595	2,190	37,291	1,889	1,907	254	,, 444 do.
		Total Land Revenue...	......	8,57,366	2,318	8,53,308	2,003	3,637	268	
	Road cess	Estates / Rent-free tenures	8,971 / 81	1,29,958	13,769	1,14,869	8,267	15,089	3,742	Rs. 1,760 remitted.
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	1,581	7,264	389	6,851	361	413	28	
		Total ...	......	9,94,588	16,476	9,75,028	10,631	19,139	4,038	
	Land revenue	I	3	10,255	......	10,255	......	......	......	
		II	478	2,29,938	113	2,29,936	113	2	......	
		III	7	3,46,157	17,883	3,17,563	16,914	20,022	914	Rs. 8,627 remitted.
		Total Land Revenue...	......	5,86,350	17,996	5,57,754	17,027	20,024	914	
	Road cess	Estates / Rent-free tenures	5,591 / 10	68,517	2,881	66,230	2,623	2,284*	251	Rs. 10 remitted.
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	364	4,714	104	4,690	104	24	......	* Includes Rs. 495 previously paid in advance.
		Total ...	......	6,59,581	20,981	6,28,674	19,754	22,332	1,165	
...ore	Land revenue	I	148	35,003	......	35,003	......	......	......	
		II	1,373	3,53,610	287	3,50,507	287	3,103	......	
		III	20	25,754	1,131	24,620	1,094	1,133	10	Rs. 28 remitted.
		Total Land Revenue...	......	4,14,367	1,418	4,10,130	1,381	4,236	10	
	Road cess	Estates / Rent-free tenures	12,062 /	72,669 /	7,206 /	68,330† /	6,649 /	4,330 /	540 /	† Includes Rs. 6,313 previously paid in advance. Rupees 17 remitted.
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	818	5,664	252	4,999	252	665	......	
		Total ...	......	4,92,691	8,676	4,83,459	8,282	9,231	550	
		GRAND TOTAL ...	......	21,46,860	46,333	20,87,161	38,667	50,702	5,753	Total remission, Rs. 10,910.
		Grand Total for 1891-92	......	21,78,846	1,92,724	21,23,173	72,476	54,495	1,19,827	Total remission, Rs. 7,256.

The collections in all classes of estates were well above the prescribed standards, being 100 per cent. on the demand in permanently-settled estates, 99·6 per cent. in temporarily-settled estates, and 92·2 per cent. in estates managed by Government direct. The collections in Banki, which was recently resettled, amounted to 99·6 of the new settlement demand. The total demand, current and arrear, under all heads on account of land revenue, road-cess, and zamindari dâk cess, amounted to Rs. 21,93,193. The collections amounted to Rs. 21,25,828, a result which the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor considers very satisfactory and creditable to the local officers.

Survey-Settlement.

12. The survey and settlement operations in progress throughout the Division will be separately reviewed in connection with the Annual Reports of the Directors of Survey and of Land Records.

Issue of Certificates.

13. The following statement shows the working of the Certificate Department:—

District.	Department.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Number issued during the year.	Total for disposal.	Amount of certificates.	Number disposed of during year.	Amount realized.	Number pending at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rs.		Rs.	
Cuttack	Khas Mahal	44	112	156	2,279	122	1,614	34
	Court of Wards	275	364	639	63,061	368	3,460	271
	Road cess	1,291	3,889	5,180	30,265	3,706	19,040	1,474
	Water-rate	4,502	6,964	11,466	76,726	10,603	67,634	863
	Miscellaneous	72	369	441	5,900	331	2,912	110
	Total ...	6,184	11,698	17,882	1,78,231	15,130	94,660	2,752
	Total for 1891-92 ...	9,121	11,731	20,852	1,61,825	14,788	59,680	6,064
Puri	Khas Mahal	267	2,116	2,383	40,810	1,827	33,971	556
	Road cess	286	1,651	1,937	33,347	1,685	32,250	252
	Court of Wards	......	214	214	5,142	154	3,274	60
	Miscellaneous	75	381	456	55,034	336	2,976	120
	Total ...	628	4,362	4,990	1,43,333	4,002	72,471	988
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,109	3,873	4,982	1,34,197	6,236	97,784	627
Balasore	Khas Mahal	424	1,917	2,341	21,264	2,198	22,340	143
	Water-rate	221	1,027	1,248	18,662	1,132	12,036	116
	Court of Wards	78	291	369	3,383	188	807	181
	Zamindari dâk	143	334	477	937	312	813	165
	Miscellaneous	65	138	203	3,551	109	3,446	94
	Total ...	931	3,707	4,638	47,797	3,939	39,442	699
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,903	3,740	5,643	44,417	4,502	33,588	931
	GRAND TOTAL ...	7,743	19,767	27,510	3,69,361	23,071	2,06,573	4,439
	Grand Total for 1891-92 ...	12,133	19,344	31,477	3,40,439	25,526	1,91,052	7,622

It is noticed with satisfaction that though the number of institutions has slightly increased, there was an improvement in the promptitude with which cases were disposed of, and that the number pending at the end of the year was 3,183 less than at the close of the preceding year.

Excise.

14. The following statement exhibits the consumption and income under the heads of country spirits, ganja and opium :—

Districts.	Country spirits.				Ganja and Bhang.				Opium.			
	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross gallons.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Cuttack	33	13,888	6,116	23,401	98	22,885	118	45,614	82	27,969	126	1,52,684
Puri	18	2,988	2,473	6,206	43	12,228	92	30,050	34	10,446	45	55,218
Balasore	15	2,903	2,004	6,900	22	5,027	39	12,539	72	24,714	149	1,72,296

Revenue from all sources.		Rate per head of population.
	Rs.	A. P.
Cuttack	2,61,915	2 2
Puri	1,01,863	1 8
Balasore	1,97,199	3 2
Total ...	5,60,977	2 4
Total for 1891-92 ...	5,51,459	2 2

There was an increase in the total excise revenue of the Division from Rs. 5,51,459 in 1891-92 to Rs. 5,60,977 in the year under review. The Collector of Cuttack thinks that the ganja revenue is much affected by the introduction of Gurjat ganja by consumers without licenses. This is a matter which should be separately considered in the Financial Department.

Stamp revenue and income-tax.

15. There was a net decrease of Rs. 2,413 in stamp revenue and an increase of Rs. 2,736 in the revenue from income-tax.

Payment of revenue by money-order.

16. The number of payments of revenue by money-orders increased from 10,933 to 12,977, and the amount remitted from Rs. 1,11,121 to Rs 1,35,977. The Collector of Cuttack remarks:—

"The system has one great drawback as compared with direct payment, viz., that the form of the money-order coupon or chalan is a composite one, in which land revenue and cesses remitted are required to be entered in one and the same coupon. It frequently happens that the ignorant mufassal remitters confound the headings, and enter land revenue against road and public works cesses, or dâk cess against road and public works cesses, and so on, which causes them no little inconvenience and the office much trouble in making subsequent adjustments. It is also not infrequently the case that on account of such mistakes estates are brought into the sale list. Such confusion is not possible in the case of direct payments, as a special chalan form is provided for each, *i.e.* for land revenue, road and public works cesses, and dâk cess, and credit is made in the presence of the payer himself, who can, if need be, be consulted. If issuing sub-postmasters would give more assistance to remitters in making correct entries in coupons, many of their mistakes might be avoided. Improvement in the form of coupon has been suggested by Mr. Macpherson in his Tauzi Report."

The matter will be referred to the Board of Revenue for consideration.

Education.

17. The number of pupils at State aided schools, the cost and percentage of boys at school to the total number of a school-going age, are shown in the following statement:—

District.	Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls.	Cost.						Cost per head of pupils.	Population.	Number of boys of school-going age.	Percentage of boys at school to boys of school-going age according to Director of Public Instruction's Report for 1892-93.
				Provincial.	District Board.	Municipality.	Fees.	Other.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.			
Cuttack	High	5	913	5,103	......	675	13,611	1,749	21,138	23 2 5	1,937,671	141,083	......
	Middle	35	1,834	3,215	5,047	346	4,084	6,863	19,555	19 10 8			
	Primary	2,907	45,201	1,053	14,879	1,355	76,633	19,384	1,13,342	2 8 1			
	Special	12	189	15,146	......	......	1,204	144	16,434	87 4 3			
	Total	3,049	48,136	24,557	19,926	2,374	95,532	28,140	1,70,520	3 8 8	......	......	33·8
	Total for 1891-92	4,013	62,024	25,501	23,456	2,111	1,20,845	26,353	1,98,356	3 3 2	......	......	43·3
Puri	High	1	131	2,333	......	......	2,230	8	4,571	34 14 3	944,998	71,179	......
	Middle	21	786	260	4,530	......	912	2,157	7,879	10 0 4			
	Primary	1,094	15,513	2,782	6,102	787	37,244	5,320	51,875	3 5 6			
	Special	8	35	1,392	......	......	......	......	1,392	39 13 5			
	Total	1,124	16,465	6,787	10,632	787	40,386	7,485	65,717	3 15 6	......	......	27·8
	Total for 1891-92	1,146	15,661	6,690	10,214	706	39,404	6,881	63,895	4 1 3	......	......	27·2
Balasore	High	3	330	2,728	......	......	4,885	1,481	9,094	27 8 11	994,625	72,245	......
	Middle	28	1,458	1,808	4,366	150	1,898	7,561	15,783	10 13 2			
	Primary	2,049	34,320	1,578	12,395	324	60,387	16,150	99,834	2 14 6			
	Special	9	115	1,752	668	......	13	836	3,269	28 6 9			
	Total	2,089	36,223	7,866	17,429	474	76,183	26,028	1,27,980	3 8 6	......	......	48·2
	Total for 1891-92	2,022	36,019	7,886	17,165	449	72,613	62,481	1,60,524	4 7 3	......	......	48·1
Total of Division.	High	9	1,374	10,164	......	675	20,726	3,238	34,803	25 5 3	3,877,294	284,507	......
	Middle	84	4,077	5,303	13,943	496	6,894	18,581	43,217	10 9 10			
	Primary	6,140	95,034	5,453	33,376	2,464	1,83,264	40,854	2,65,411	2 12 8			
	Special	29	339	18,290	668	......	1,217	980	21,155	62 6 5			
	Total	6,262	100,824	39,210	47,987	3,635	2,12,101	61,653	3,64,586	3 9 9	......	......	35·9
	Total for 1891-92	7,181	113,704	40,167	50,775	3,206	2,32,852	95,715	4,22,775	3 11 5	......	......	40·2

The percentage of boys at school on the total number of a school-going age in the Division as a whole is, according to these figures, 35·9; in Balasore district it is as high as 48, while in Puri it is only 27·8. Remembering that the wages of an agricultural labourer is said in the latter district to be double that prevailing in the former, that the incidence of income-tax is nearly the same, and that there is no great difference between the two districts in point of general material prosperity, it is difficult to account for the great disparity in educational progress otherwise than on the theory that it is due to differences in the degree of interest taken in the subject by the local Educational and District Officers. Looking to the Division as a whole, it appears that, in education as in material prosperity, it takes an intermediate place between Eastern Bengal on the one side and Bihar on the other, being neither so advanced as the former nor so backward as the latter. The total expenditure on education in this Division, with a population of 3,877,294 persons, Rs. 3,64,586, is more than half that in Patna Division, with a population more than four times as great.

There was a falling off of 12,880 in the number of pupils, due to the agricultural depression caused by the cyclone-wave and the prevalence of fever and cholera of an epidemic type. As noticed in other Divisions, the proportion of Muhammadans at school relatively to the total Muhammadan population was higher than that of Hindus. There were 125 special girls' schools attended by 2,933 pupils, the total number of girls at school, inclusive of those at mixed schools, being 6,099, or about one in every fifty of a school-going age.

Dispensaries and Hospitals.

18. The number of dispensaries, the amounts contributed to their support, and the number of patients attending them, are shown below:—

District.	Number of dispensaries.	Income from—					Daily average patients—		Ratio per cent. of out-door patients to total population.
		Government.	District Board.	Municipality.	Subscriptions.	Total.	In-patients.	Out-patients.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Cuttack	8	2,601	1,024	2,736	14,733	21,093	50·66	296·27	2
Puri	5	879	631	4,089	......	8,230*	19·89	88·61	1·5
Balasore	6	351	995	726	5,012	7,084	21·32	158·13	2

*Includes contributions from the Lodging-house Fund.

The number of dispensaries, the contributions to them, and the number of patients receiving medical aid, are all remarkably small, a thing which is the more to be regretted in that there is annually a great influx into the Division of pilgrims who require medical treatment. In the whole of the Puri district, through which many thousands of pilgrims pass every year, there are only five dispensaries, costing only Rs. 8,230 per annum, all of which is contributed by Municipal and District Boards and Government, while private individuals do not contribute anything whatever.

Local Self-Government.

19. The Commissioner remarks that he fears it is but too true that Local Self-Government has not taken root in Orissa. With some notable exceptions, the work is done by the executive officers of the Boards or Committees, but the faults of the local bodies are more those of omission than commission.

Mr. Cornish writes that the general working of the Board of his district has been most satisfactory; but in the Balasore Municipality the factions that disgrace the town led to public scandals in connection with municipal government during the year under review. While finding fault, however, with the displays of reckless party spirit made by either party towards their opponents, he adds that the wants of the town as regards roads, drains and conservancy were carefully attended to.

Public feeling.

20. With regard to the state of public feeling, the Commissioner makes the following remarks :—

"It may be said that the uneducated classes have no opinion on public questions unless such questions affect them personally. With the educated classes it is different. They take an interest in much the same questions that interest similar classes in Bengal and elsewhere; but, so far as I have been able to ascertain, their attitude is one of singular moderation. It is characterised by a constant faith in the justice and benevolence of the Government, and this they share with the humbler members of society."

Mr. Cooke thinks that the Uriyas not only live better, but that they spend more on religious and social ceremonies than the natives of Bengal, that the country has made rapid strides in prosperity in recent years, and hopes that with the opening up of communications and the introduction of new cereals for which the soil is suited, the Division has a bright future before it.

The settlement operations are progressing without any serious disturbance of the ordinary relations between landlord and tenant.

Conduct of Zamindars

21. The conduct of zamindars in Balasore and Cuttack is reported on the whole to be good, but in Puri the relations of landlords with their raiyats are unsatisfactory, the estates of the Raja of Puri are said to be mismanaged, the Raja of Parikud has had litigation with his raiyats, while the Mahunts of Dakhinpara math and Utterpara math are involved in debt.

22. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor thanks Mr. Cooke for his careful report and for the attention both Mr. Toynbee and Mr. Cooke have paid to the administration of the Division.

23. The remarks made on the character of officers will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE EXCISE DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—SEPARATE REVENUE—No. 627T.—F.

Darjeeling, the 31*st October* 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Report of the Commissioner of Excise for the year 1892-93, with the observations of the Board of Revenue thereon.

Administrative changes.—The appointment of Excice Commissioner in Bengal had up to the year under report been only a tenative measure, but its permanent retention was sanctioned by the Secretary of State in his despatch dated the 15th February 1892. Under the revised arrangements the Excise Commissioner, the pay of whose appointment has been reduced, is to work under the general supervision of the Board of Revenue; but at the same time, as it has been thought inadvisable altogether to dissociate Divisional Commissioners from the administration of the excise in their Divisions, orders have been given that annual and other periodical reports of importance should be submitted though them, and that they should also be consulted at the discretion of the Board on other questions of moment.

2. *The Excise Commissioner.*—Mr. Westmacott was in charge of the office of Excise Commissioner at the commencement of the year under report, but on the 8th April 1892 he went on furlough and Mr. Samuells acted in his place. On the 29th August Mr. Westmacott rejoined his appointment and held it until the 3rd March 1893, when he made over charge to Mr. Krishna Govinda Gupta. These three officers spent altogether 116 days on tour, during which they visited 35 out of the 46 districts in the province, the districts of the Patna Division, and also Bhagalpur, Monghyr and Khulna, being twice visited. No explanation is given of the smallness of the total, though it is short of the prescribed minimum by 34 days. The apparent want of system in the tours is said to be due to the change of officers, and also to the fact that the western districts, which were twice visited, are among the most important in the province from an excise point of view.

3. *Subordinate staff.*—As in the previous year, Special Excise Deputy Collectors were employed in eighteen districts, besides two as Inspectors of Excise and one as Personal Assistant to the Excise Commissioner: thus the full number sanctioned by the Secretary of State was entertained. In last year's Resolution the Excise Commissioner was requested to state more fully in future how these Special Deputy Collectors were employed, but these orders have not been carried out: from paragraph 179 of his report, however, it appears that in eleven districts these officers were out on tour for periods varying from 120 to 260 days (the highest limit being reached by Babu Prokash Chunder Roy of Patna), and in the remaining seven districts the tours occupied from 61 to 118 days. The Lieutenant-Governor observes with satisfaction that out of the twenty-two districts in which Deputy Collectors in the regular line were engaged on excise work, in only four districts was the minimum of 60 days' touring not reached or exceeded.

4. The Excise Commissioner laments the fact that owing to the comparative unpopularity of the department, the special officers appointed to it are wont to leave it just at the time when, having mastered the details of their work, they have begun to be useful, and urges the necessity of including the higher paid appointments also in the cadre of a close Excise Department.

But, as the Board point out, except in the very heaviest districts, the administration of excise, even when combined with the supervision of income-tax work, does not occupy the full time of one officer, and therefore if Mr. Gupta's scheme were adopted, it would be necessary to appoint one officer to have charge of excise work in several districts—an arrangement which would involve confusion of jurisdiction and would tend to take out of the hands of Collectors the supervision of excise in their districts—a result highly to be deprecated. Some of the difficulties pointed out by the Excise Commissioner would no doubt be mitigated if the special officers could be relieved as far as possible of magisterial duties, and on this subject the Board promise a further reference. The whole question has the continual attention of the Lieutenant-Governor, who is well aware of the merits and demerits of the present system, but as at present advised considers that the former outweigh the latter.

5. At the commencement of the year under report there were fifteen special Sub-Deputy Collectors in charge of distilleries, but owing to revision of establishment and to the abolition, since the close of the year, of the Hooghly and Manicktolla distilleries, the number has now been reduced to ten. The Special Excise Sub-Inspectors employed on the Railway succeeded in detecting some cases of opium-smuggling, but the Board are not satisfied with their work on the whole, and are of opinion that they should be placed under the orders of the Inspector-General of Police. A separate report should be submitted on the subject. From the 1st July 1892 the grade system was introduced into the Excise Ministerial establishment, which was made Provincial and divided into three branches, viz., Executive officers, Distillery officials, and Office establishment. The scheme will not come completely into force at once, but is to be carried into effect as vacancies and promotions take place.

6. *Financial results.*—In the following statement are set forth the revenue and expenditure of the Excise Department during the last five years:—

Period.	Revenue.	Charges.	Net revenue.	Percentage of charges.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1888-89	1,08,88,973	4,32,765*	1,04,56,208	3·9
1888-90	1,04,73,413	5,31,382*	99,42,049	5·07
1890-91	1,04,60,932	6,47,112*	98,13,820	6·1
1891-92	1,11,29,813	6,67,792†	1,04,62,021	6
1892-93	1,15,92,665	6,60,242	1,09,32,423	5·7
Difference of the past two years	+4,62,852	—7,550	+4,70,402	—·3

* These figures will not agree with those in the previous year's report, as they were incorrectly given there through a clerical mistake.
† Revised figures.

The final estimates for the year were as follows:—Receipts Rs. 1,09,50,000 and Disbursements Rs. 6,82,000, giving an estimated net revenue of Rs. 1,02,68,000, but the actual net revenue for the year exceeded the final estimate by Rs. 6,64,423, and was larger than in any of the four preceeding years. This result cannot but be regarded as satisfactory, for as far as can be judged no stimulus has been given to consumption, while in the case of distillery liquor, country rum, ganja and bhang, the increase in revenue has been obtained concurrently with a decrease in consumption. The charges were Rs. 7,550 less than those for 1891-92. The main decrease occurred in the expenditure on rewards and on petty construction and repairs, while on account of travelling allowance to officers there was a further increase of Rs. 8,570 on last year's figures.

7. In accordance with the orders of Government communicated to the Board in May last, a statement has been given in the report under review, comparing the actual net receipts in each Division in 1891-92, after excluding advance collections: the figures are given below. The Presidency Division takes the first place, as its figures include those of Calcutta, and the Chittagong Division is at the other end of the list. The greatest actual advance is shown by the

Patna Division, followed by that of Chota Nagpur; the decrease in the Bhagalpur and Burdwan Divisions are due to scarcity and bad crops:—

Division.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Difference + or —
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Burdwan ...	11,23,464	11,57,563	+ 34,099
Presidency ...	31,09,898	32,14,635	+ 1,04,737
Rajshahi ...	8,85,663	8,81,122	— 4,541
Dacca ...	8,16,348	8,12,196	— 4,152
Chittagong ...	2,55,767	2,68,588	+ 12,821
Patna ...	22,43,901	24,27,767	+ 1,83,866
Bhagalpur ...	12,47,985	12,09,638	— 38,347
Orissa ...	5,47,065	5,56,069	+ 9,004
Chota Nagpur ...	7,42,917	8,37,861	+ 94,944
Total ...	1,09,73,008	1,13,65,439	+ 3,92,431

8. *Revenue classified*—The fluctuations in the revenue derived from the various exciseable articles are compared in the following statement:—

Articles of Excise.	Revenue.					1892-93 compared with 1891-92.	
	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Country sprits	50,90,315	47,07,132	45,28,262	48,14,643	50,23,417	2,08,774	......
Rum	72,851	1,00,659	98,353	2,29,972	4,19,717	1,89,745	......
Imported liquors	2,21,453	2,14,090	2,31,095	2,23,644	2,07,092	......	16,552
Beer	......	16	71	174	193	19	......
Tari	7,88,901	8,26,314	8,45,586	9,57,405	9,49,698	......	7,707
Pachwai	2,15,191	2,32,682	2,72,288	3,04,168	3,34,557	30,389	......
Charas	2,755	3,535	6,594	7,568	9,097	1,529	......
Siddhi, sabzi or bhang	42,671	43,141	44,847	48,464	53,558	5,094	......
Mazum	2,093	2,067	1,910	1,962	1,984	22	......
Madak	85,753	82,825	81,467	86,343	79,659	......	6,684
Chandu	36,254	35,216	36,267	35,332	31,032	......	4,300
Sprits used for arts	119	143	466	772	1,066	294	......
Ganja	23,18,353	22,59,690	23,11,713	22,92,568	23,86,066	93,498	......
Opium	20,08,134	19,59,491	19,95,312	21,18,825	20,85,116	......	33,709
Miscellaneous	4,131	6,430	6,671	7,973	10,413	2,440	......
Total ...	1,08,88,973	1,04,73,431	1,04,60,932	1,11,29,815	1,15,92,665	5,31,804	68,952
					Net increase ...	4,62,852	

It will be seen that there has been an increase under every head excepting imported liquor, tari, madak, chandu, and opium, the largest increase occurring under country sprits, followed by rum and ganja. The fluctuations are discussed in detail under each separate head. The total increase in net revenue over that of the previous year amounted to Rs. 4,62,852, and the incidence of excise taxation on the population was 2 annas 7 pies per head as compared with 2 annas 6 pies in the previous year. In Bombay the incidence of taxation amounted in 1891-92 to 8 annas and 1 pie and in Madras to 5 annas 5 pie. The demand for the year was well realized, for out of a gross demand of Rs. 1,16,96,017, Rs. 1,15,92,665, or 99·1 per cent., were realized during the year, Rs. 9,856 were remitted as irrecoverable, and the balance at the close of the year amounted to Rs. 93,496, or only ·7 per cent. of the whole.

9. *Current settlements.*—The settlements for the current year are again satisfactory, as they promise to yield a net increase of Rs. 2,30,352 over those of 1892-93, all the Divisions contributing to the result, except Dacca, Chittagong, and Patna.

10. *Country spirit.*—No source of excise revenue is more important than this. As the term implies, country spirit constitutes the ordinary stimulant of the people prepared for the most part by native methods; its preparation employs a considerable section of the population, it demands, whether in the shape of distillery liquor or under the outstill system, the chief share of the attention of the excise authorities, and it brings in more than two-fifths of the excise revenue of the province. To this branch of excise administration more than any other are directed the efforts of Government to decrease consumption and enhance revenue. The following table shows the increase in the revenue from country spirits during the last two years under the two systems of outstills and central distilleries:—

A.

Outstill Revenue.

	Shops.		License fees.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
			Rs.	Rs.
Burdwan ...	43	42	23,342	26,435
Rajshahi ...	233	234	3,67,211	3,67,693
Dacca	......	......	1	......
Chittagong ...	62	63	34,084	36,979
Patna	572	699	10,26,069	11,24,233
Bhagalpur ...	305	329	3,94,798	3,90,804
Orissa	......	......	......	212
Chota Nagpur ...	555	564	6,04,640	6,73,998
Total ...	1,770	1,931	24,50,145	26,20,354

B.

Distillery Revenue.

Division.	Shops.		License fees.		Duty.		Distillery fees.		Total.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Burdwan	318	318	1,13,420	1,17,253	1,96,370	1,85,129	5,101	4,355	3,14,891	3,06,737
Presidency	355	368	4,18,698	4,45,129	9,63,892	9,80,651	15,656	15,916	13,98,246	14,41,716
Dacca	209	213	77,054	97,601	1,24,927	1,18,115	3,190	2,982	2,05,171	2,18,698
Patna	76	75	73,847	65,906	1,66,539	1,69,731	24,156	26,157	2,64,548	2,61,794
Bhagalpur	125	124	48,492	49,999	72,580	63,909	5,549	6,304	1,26,621	1,20,212
Orissa	51	66	18,996	19,573	16,960	15,814	843	908	36,799	36,295
Chota Nagpur	15	11	8,860	7,490	8,855	9,699	513	422	18,228	17,611
Total ...	1,149	1,175	7,59,367	8,02,951	15,50,123	15,43,048	55,008	57,064	23,64,498	24,03,063

11. The advance in the revenue from country spirits which occurred last year has been maintained during the year under report, the total increase from both sources being Rs. 2,08,774. The outstill revenue showed an increase of Rs. 1,70,209, the number of shops being 161 greater than in the previous year. The increase in the number of shops indicates an abandonment of the policy of fixing beforehand the upset prices to be demanded for them, and allowing no deviation therefrom. Experience has, it is stated, shown that an inelastic system of this kind is not conducive to any substantial decrease in consumption, while it is extremely detrimental to Government, since the only persons who benefit by shops remaining unlet are the neighbouring licensees, who obtain thereby an altogether unintended and unearned profit. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is not quite convinced of this, and views with suspicion an increase in the number of shops, unless justified by exceptional reasons of special and not of general application. No figures are supplied by the Board

to show the amount of country liquor issued from outstills, and it is therefore impossible to compare the amounts consumed year by year, but in the circumstances stated above, it is claimed that the increase of shops does not necessarily mean a corresponding increase of consumption. But the onus of proving this lay on the excise authorities, and it has not been discharged. It is satisfactory to observe that the revenue from distilleries showed an increase of Rs. 38,565, or 1·6 per cent., while the issues of distillery liquor fell from 814,432 to 736,107 gross gallons, or by 9·6 per cent. It is clear that to some extent a stronger liquor is being distilled, which is, however, it is believed, diluted before sale, and the figures quoted fully justify the recent action of Government in altering the manner of levying the distillery fee.

12. In last year's Resolution the following points were specially noted and discussed:—

(1) The restriction of still and vat capacities.
(2) The issue of liquor at fixed strength.
(3) The fixing of minimum retail prices.
(4) The rate of distillery fees.
(5) The desirability of distilling weak liquor at Government distilleries.

The first point has been disposed of by an order of Government doing away with all restrictions on vat capacity from the beginning of the current year, and allowing Collectors, with the sanction of the Excise Commissioner, to permit the use of stills of any size. There is abundant evidence to show that these restrictions were frequently evaded, and that in comparison with the trouble and harassment which they involved, the advantages they were believed to secure were quite insignificant. The expedient of fixing a minimum retail price below which distillery liquor should not be sold at the licensed shops was condemned in the Resolution last year, and has now been given up; but as regards outstills, it is reported that the system has not yet been altogether abandoned. The Lieutenant-Governor is unable to understand in what manner the Excise Commissioner expects effectually to carry out such an order in the case of outstills, and a report should be submitted on the point. In regard to the distillery fee, the question was discussed during the year whether a fee on stills, or a fee on each gross gallon of liquor distilled, or a fee on each gallon of London-proof liquor, was the most advisable. After the close of the year the Board suggested the total abolition of the fee, but in the event of that course not being adopted, they recommended the levy of a higher fee on each gallon of London-proof liquor. The Lieutenant-Governor accepted the latter suggestion, and approved of the levy of a fee of 2½ annas calculated on each gallon of London-proof spirits; at the same time, in view of the inducements to illicit manufacture arising from the high price of distillery liquor in certain specified districts, orders were passed that in those districts the present system should be maintained and a fee of 1 anna per gross gallon be levied as now. The second and the last of the questions raised above were dealt with by the issue of instructions that the distillation of strong liquor was not to be encouraged, but that the abkars were to be allowed to distil liquor to suit the taste of their customers, and District Officers have accordingly been asked by the Excise Commissioner to report what reduced strengths they would propose with a view to carrying out these orders. The Excise Commissioner does not press distillation or the issue of liquor at fixed strengths, because he says such an order would be inoperative unless supplemented by others forbidding the dilution of liquor before sale. If the only benefit anticipated from such a measure be that it will facilitate the detection of illicit liquor offered for sale under cover of a license, no doubt the game would be hardly worth the candle; but Sir Antony MacDonnell has in other Provinces found the system tend to smooth distillery administration, and neither hurtful to the people nor to the Government revenue.

13. The revenue derived from country spirits in the Burdwan Division decreased during the year from Rs. 3,38,233 to Rs. 3,33,172. The decline occurred in the districts of Burdwan, Midnapore and Hooghly, and is ascribed to the increase in the price of liquor, to the enhancement of duty, to the high rate of license fees, and to the failure of crops. The following statement compares the revenue in this Division from country liquor, tari and pachwai in the years

1887-88, when the revenue from country liquor was at its highest, and in the year under report:—

District.	1887-88.				1892-93.			
	Revenue form—			Total.	Revenue from—			Total.
	Country spirits.	Tari.	Pachwai.		Country siprit.	Tari.	Pachwai.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Burdwan	1,51,728	4,379	58,419	2,14,526	78,045	7,745	1,04,360	1,90,150
Bankura	53,620	67	10,121	63,808	23,032	73	15,139	38,244
Birbhum	20,427	1,154	62,110	83,691	15,873	1,618	95,323	1,12,814
Midnapore	75,006	1,105	2,838	78,949	59,809	4,817	5,706	70,332
Hooghly	1,51,303	22,134	1,366	1,74,803	1,23,268	30,496	2,171	1,55,935
Howrah	29,586	19,984	......	49,570	33,145	27,967	......	61,112
Total ...	4,81,670	48,823	1,34,854	6,65,347	3,33,172	72,716	2,22,699	6,28,587

	1887-88.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Country spirits	4,81,670	3,33,172	......	1,48,498
Tari	48,823	72,716	23,893	......
Pachwai	1,34,854	2,22,699	87,845	......
Total ...	6,65,347	6,28,587	......	36,760

The Excise Commissioner says that the falling off in the revenue from country spirit is no doubt due to the substitution of distillery shops for outstills during the period under consideration, the high-priced distillery liquor being beyond the means of the average consumer. As a consequence of the high prices, illicit distillation appears to have been prevalent, and it was found necessary to reintroduce outstills in certain wild tracts of Bankura and Midnapore. The statement above shows that as the revenue from spirits has declined, so has that from tari and pachwai risen; so that the ultimate loss to Government has only amounted to Rs. 36,760.

14. There was an increase of revenue in all the districts of the Presidency Division except Murshidabad. The advance was greatest in Calcutta and the 24-Parganas, and in both instances it is ascribed partially to the equalization of the duties on rum and country spirits, and so far the increase caused no actual profit to Government. Few cases of smuggling were detected, but the Collector of Nadia thinks that outstill liquor is brought into the district from Pabna and Rajshahi, and both smuggling and illicit distillation are suspected in Murshidabad, though no cases were detected. As usual, the districts of Purnea and Malda, belonging to the Bhagalpur Division, are considered along with those of the Rajshahi Division, to which geographically and ethnologically they pertain. In this tract there was a decrease in the number of outstills from 375 to 371, and the revenue declined by Rs. 6,982. In Darjeeling the falling off is said to be due to the abolition of two outstills: pachwai shops were opened in their stead, and the increase of revenue from pachwai more than compensated for the loss on country spirits. In Dacca the distillery system continued to be in force throughout the Division: the number of shops increased from 209 to 213, and the revenue from Rs. 2,05,172 to Rs. 2,18,698. All the districts of the Division show an increase, except Mymensingh, where the decrease is ascribed to the high price of food and to consumption of country rum and imported liquor in place of country spirits. It is said that rum and imported liquor are extensively sold in the Dacca district under the combined licenses which it has now been decided to separate. In the Chittagong Division the outstill system holds the field: the revenue was Rs. 2,895 greater than in the previous year: the demand for liquor throughout the Division is very small.

15. With the seven districts of the Patna Division may be classed the three districts of Monghyr, Bhagalpur and Hazaribagh. In this tract the dual system continued in force, under which there is one central distillery in each district for the supply of the town area, while the rest of the district is supplied from outstills. The revenue from outstills rose from Rs. 14,05,808 in 1891-92 to Rs. 15,12,941 in the year under report, and the number of outstills increased by 158. As explained in paragraph 10 above, the increase under the latter head is due to modifications being allowed in the upset price, and does not necessarily imply a larger consumption. The increase in revenue is

shared by all districts except Shahabad and Darbhanga. The revenue from distillery liquor, on the other hand, decreased by Rs. 10,311. The decline is generally ascribed to the high price of food and to the reduction in the duty on distillery liquor. The former cause will not bear a moment's investigation in view of the concomitant increase in the revenue derived from outstills, but the latter no doubt contributed somewhat to the decrease.

16. The Excise Commissioner gives the following statement to show that the system of central distilleries has not been a financial success in Bihar:—

	1887-88.	1892-93.	Percentage of decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	
Outstill revenue ...	15,09,399	13,65,120	9·5
Distillery revenue ...	4,99,177	3,20,395	35·8
	20,08,576	16,85,515	...

From these figures it appears that the revenue from outstills has nearly recovered the decline that occurred in 1890-91, but not so that from distilleries. The Excise Commissioner urges that distillery liquor can never successfully compete with that from outstills until some means are devised for taxing them equally (and hitherto all attempts to do this have failed), and yet distillery areas are surrounded on all sides by outstills, and outstill liquor cannot be entirely prevented from competing with that from the distilleries. Tari also joins in the struggle, and either it has become so popular, or the revenue has been so well collected during the last few years, that the income derived from it goes some considerable way to making up for the loss that has occurred since 1890-91 in the revenue from country liquor. A comparison of the receipts in the year under report and in 1887-88, the year of the highest revenue, will illustrate this:—

	1887-88.	1892-93.	Percentage of difference.
	Rs.	Rs.	
Country liquor ...	20,08,576	16,85,515	—16
Tari	4,65,397	6,26,345	+34·5
Total ...	24,73,973	23,11,860	

The Lieutenant-Governor is not satisfied that the causes of the alleged high price of distillery liquor have been thoroughly explored, and he desires to suspend his judgment till the report on the whole question promised by the Board has been received and considered.

17. The difficulty of the competition of the distilleries and outstills was encountered in the Central Provinces, and Sir Antony MacDonnell there adopted the plan of abolishing the outstills and substituting for them bonded warehouses which drew their supplies from the distillery. This plan was so successful in the district (Nimar) in which it was tried, that its extension to other districts has been decided upon. The Board of Revenue are requested to place themselves in communication with the Excise Commissioner, Central Provinces, with a view to trying the system in a selected area in Bengal.

18. All the districts of the Bhagalpur Division have been dealt with in the above remarks except the Sonthal Parganas. The distillery system only was in force in this district during the year, and the revenue decreased by Rs. 1,677. There were 49 cases of illicit distillation, and this large number is said to be due to the facilities for the malpractice afforded by the use of pachwai. In the Orissa Division there was an insignificant decrease in the revenue: the distillery system continued as hitherto, but since the commencement of the current year some outstills have been sanctioned in certain jungly parts of Cuttack. The smuggling of outstill liquor from the Gurhjats is said to be rife in all three districts of the Division. In the Chota Nagpur Division, excluding Hazaribagh, which has already been discussed, the outstill system is everywhere in force, except that in Manbhum there is one distillery. There

was an increase of revenue in all the districts of the Division, which amounted in all to Rs. 66,073.

19. The Excise Commissioner sums up the situation thus—

"The revenue from country liquor attained the highest figure in 1887-88, when it stood at 52 lakhs. In the following year it declined to a little less than 51 lakhs, and dropped further to 47 lakhs in 1889-90. The bottom was reached in 1890-91 with 45¼ lakhs."

"The largest decrease took place in Bihar, which was mainly due to the gradual decline of the distillery revenue, and to changes in excise policy connected with the measures taken to regulate the production of outstills and increase their taxation. There was likewise a heavy fall in the Burdwan Division, which was chiefly caused by the general abolition of the outstill system. In the past two years, 1891-92 and 1892-93, much of the lost ground has been regained, and the total country liquor revenue of the past year amounted to nearly 50¼ lakhs, or 1¾ lakhs less than in 1887-88, but 5 lakhs more than in 1890-91. In Bihar the revenue from outstills has made great strides towards recovery, but the distillery revenue continues to suffer from insufficient protection against smuggling and from disparity between the prices of outstill and distillery liquor. The taxation on tari, too, requires to be put on a proper footing. As regards the Burdwan Division, in view of the prevalence of illicit distillation and of the difficulty of preventing it, a change of system is required in Bankura. In this Division pachwai yields a large revenue and is capable of further development."

In all his efforts at improvement the Excise Commissioner should never lose sight of the central principle that an increase of excise revenue needs justification as not being absolutely satisfactory unless accompanied by a decreased consumption of exciseable articles.

20. *Country run.*—The following table shows the principal figures of the year for country run:—

Year.	Consumption.								Duty levied.				Remarks.
	Bengal rum.		Shahjehanpore rum.		Aska rum.		Total.		Bengal rum.	Shahjehanpore rum.	Aska rum.	Total.	
	Gross gallons.	L.P. gallons.	Gross gallons.	L.P. gallons.	Gross gallons.	L.P. gallons.	Gross gallons.	L.P. gallons.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1891-92 ...	16,755	21,379	43,544	56,879	17,184	23,283	77,483	101,541	85,516	30,001	93,141	2,08,658	Discrepancies between consumption and duty have been explained in table VI.
1892-93 ...	9,386	12,008	36,162	47,979	14,597	20,189	60,145	80,176	60,040	2,39,332	1,00,949	4,00,321	
Increase or decrease ...	−7,369	−9,371	−7,382	−8,900	−2,587	−3,094	−17,338	−21,365	−25,476	+2,09,331	+7,808	+1,91,663	

The decrease in consumption shown under each class, amounting in all to 17,388 gross gallons, is owing partly to actual decrease of consumption, the result of the increase in the rate of duty from Rs. 4 to Rs. 5 from the 1st April 1892, and partly to the large clearances made at the close of the year 1891-92, in order to avoid paying the enhanced duty. The large increase in the duty obtained from Shahjehanpore rum was due to the fact that during the greater part of the year, under the notification of Government, dated 5th April 1892, it was imported into Bengal only under bond, and paid duty to this Government on issue, instead of to the North-Western Provinces as formerly. In February 1893, however, under the orders of the Government of India, the notification was withdrawn, and the rum is now as before imported duty-paid from Shahjehanpore, but by a special arrangement the importers are paying to this Government the difference of Re. 1 per gallon London-proof in the duty chargeable on country rum in the North-Western Provinces and in this Province. In last year's Resolution the sudden increase in the consumption of country rum led to a discussion whether country rum was underselling country spirit. The Excise Commissioner made enquiries during the course of the year, the result of which were duly reported to Government, and are now embodied in his report. His ultimate conclusion is that country spirit is slightly dearer than country rum when the latter is obtained direct from the agents, but considerably cheaper when the rum is obtained from wholesale dealers. He adds that there is little ground for the apprehension that country rum is ousting country liquor from the market; the latter can probably be trusted to hold its own everywhere except in and near Calcutta, owing to the preference which native consumers show for it, but the sale of both kinds of spirit should be carefully watched.

21. During the year, the practice of issuing combined licenses in the mufassal for the sale of country spirit, country rum, and imported liquors was discontinued under the orders of Government, and licenses for the sale of imported liquors are now to be issued in the mufassal only when the existence of a real demand is established. The object of these orders was to prevent the formation or development of a taste for the cheap and deleterious liquors which are imported from Europe and manipulated in this country so as to represent various kinds of wines and spirits.

22. *Imported spirits and wines.*—There was an increase of 3 in the wholesale licenses, and a decrease of 48 in the general retail licenses, as the following statement shows:—

Years.	Licenses.						Revenue.
	Wholesale.	Retail.				Total.	
		Hotel.	Railway refreshment room.	Steamer.	General.		
							Rs.
1887-92 (average)	225	58	21	16	521	841	2,25,148
1891-92 ...	209	54	24	13	479	779	2,23,644
1892-93 ...	212	51	20	22	431	736	2,07,092

The decrease in revenue is ascribed to the extended issue of the combined licenses, which, as mentioned above, have now been prohibited in the mufassal. The scale of fees for licenses, both wholesale and retail, was revised during the year, and was in most cases considerably enhanced, but as the orders did not take effect until the 1st April 1893, the question is not discussed at length in the report.

23. *Tari.*—The number of licenses for the sale of tari during the year under report was reduced from 16,920 to 15,675, by the elimination of small and unprofitable shops. The revenue, which has shown a steady increase during the last six years, declined to a small extent (Rs. 7,707) during the year under report, but still exceeded that of any year except 1891-92. Of the tari revenue, 97 per cent. is contributed by twenty districts, lying in Bihar, Orissa, and the neighbourhood of Calcutta, while the remainder only provide 3 per cent. of the total. The Patna Division, as usual, contributed by far the largest proportion, amounting this year to 57 per cent. of the whole tari receipts of the province. All the districts of the Division, except Patna and Gaya, showed a decrease, which in the case of Saran amounted to Rs. 9,043, being ascribed to agricultural depression and to the enforcement of the system of paying fees direct into the treasury instead of through Excise officers. The Excise Commissioner discusses the tree-tax system, which is on its trial in Cuttack and Patna. The theory of the system is that every tree yielding tari should pay a tax according to a fixed rate. Mr. Gupta is not hopeful that the experiment will result in any great expansion of the tari revenue, but both he and the Board of Revenue are of opinion that it should not be abandoned, because, owing to the intimate connexion and the competition between the consumption of tari and of country spirits, the administration of the latter cannot be put on a sound basis until the former is more highly taxed and properly regulated and controlled. It is beyond controversy that in this matter Bengal is at a disadvantage as compared with Madras and Bombay in not possessing the subordinate revenue agency and the village establishment which in those provinces are available to assist the Excise officials: the complete introduction of the scheme therefore into Bengal must necessarily be costly in its inception, and hardly less so in its maintenance; but the Lieutenant-Governor agrees that the experiment, which is still in its infancy, should be given a further trial.

24. *Pachwai.*—Pachwai is a preparation from fermented rice or millet or other such grain. It is the favourite drink of the aboriginal tribes and is largely consumed in Burdwan, Birbhum, Bankura, and Murshidabad, as well as in the insolated district of Darjeeling. The number of licenses increased by 22, and the revenue by Rs. 29,043 or over 10 per cent. The increase occurred in Birbhum, Burdwan and Darjeeling, and is ascribed in the two first-named districts to the substitution of pachwai as a stimulant for the high-priced distillery liquor, and in the latter district to the opening of six new shops. Besides the above, licenses for home-brewing were granted in 1,229 instances to headmen of villages inhabited by aboriginal tribes. The Excise Commissioner and the Board are of opinion that pachwai is not sufficiently taxed, and an attempt is being made to ascertain the consumption of materials in each shop, in order that the fee may bear some proportion to the sales.

25. *Ganja.*—The ganja crop of February and March 1892, which came into the market for consumption in 1892-93, was remarkable for the poorness of its outturn. Though the estimated quantity of land under cultivation was nearly three times as great as in the previous year, the average produce per bigha was 50 per cent. less, so that the ultimate outturn was only slightly greater than in the previous year. The high prices realized by the drug in 1891-92 stimulated over-production, with the result that the raiyats were unable to cultivate their lands properly: it is observed that the average produce always falls off with increased cultivation. The number of retail licenses granted rose from 2,578 in 1891-92 to 2,672 in the year under report. The number of licenses issued, the consumption, and the revenue derived from duty during the last three years in the case of each kind of ganja are as follows:—

	Quantity consumed.				
	Chur.	Round.	Flat.	Gurhjat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
1890-91 ...	899	1,917	3,279	......	6,095
1891-92 ...	424	1,795	3,455	3	5,677
1892-93 ...	1,369	1,760	2,317	5	5,451
	Revenue from duty.				
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1890-91 ...	2,51,653	4,67,613	5,90,608	...	13,10,085(a)
1891-92 ...	1,18,685	4,38,233	6,90,747	400(b)	12,48,065
1892-93 ...	3,84,488	4,29,839	4,65,766	538	12,80,631

(a) Including Rs. 211 credited in March 1891 on account of ganja issued after the close of the year.
(b) This includes Rs. 150 realised on account of confiscated Gurhjat ganja and credited under this head.

though there has been a decrease in the gross amount of ganja consumed, it is to be noticed that there has been a large advance in the consumption of *chur* ganja, which contains a far smaller proportion of wood and other useless matter than the other kinds. At the close of the year the duty on each kind of ganja in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, including Gurhjat ganja, was raised by Re. 1, and a further adjustment of duty between the different kinds of the drug has been submitted for the approval of the Government of India. In January last Dr. Prain, the Curator of the Herbarium at the Royal Botanical Gardens, Sibpur, was deputed to make an enquiry into the cultivation and use of ganja. His report, which is full and exhaustive, was submitted after the close of the year, and is still under consideration. The appointment of the Hemp Drugs Commission since the close of the year under review has drawn further attention to the use of this drug.

26. *Sidhi, bhang or sabzi.*—The number of licenses for the sale of sidhi, bhang or sabzi, which are synonyms for the same substance prepared from the leaves of the hemp plant, rose from 271 to 288, and the revenue from Rs. 48,464 to Rs. 53,558, but the consumption actually decreased. The Excise Commissioner remarks that there can be little doubt but that duty is paid on only a small fraction of the amount of bhang that is consumed, since the wild hemp plant grows in almost every district: an attempt was made during the year to extirpate it, but under the orders of Government this has been abandoned as impracticable.

27. *Opium.*—The particulars in regard to excise opium, which is that offered for sale in these provinces, and is not to be confounded with provision opium prepared for export, are thus given in tabular form—

		Quantity sold.	Revenue.
		Mds.	Rs.
1890-91	...	1,942	19,95,312
1891-92	...	2,005	21,18,825
1892-93	...	1,934	20,85,116

28. The Superintendent Excise Revenue in Calcutta again insists that the smuggling of opium from the Bihar districts to Calcutta continues, and cites in proof of his statement the case of a railway mail service peon who was convicted for this offence. In this connection the question has arisen whether the treasury price of opium in the opium-producing tracts can be safely raised so as to lessen the great variations in price that now exist in different districts of the province, and the temptations to smuggling which they imply. Some correspondence has taken place on the subject with the Chief Commissioner of Assam and also with the Commissioner of Excise of the North-Western Provinces, and final orders have not yet been passed on the representations of the latter.

29. *Offences against the Excise and Opium Laws.*—The number of arrests for offences against the Excise laws decreased from 4,800 in 1891-92 to 4,634 in the year under report, but the percentage of convictions (84·8) is a little better. The arrest of 1,976 persons was effected by the police and 2,657 by Excise officers. There appears to have been during the last few years a falling off in the activity of the police in excise cases, and the observations of the Excise Commissioner will be communicated to the Inspector-General of Police for consideration. The number of licensees prosecuted for breach of license was considerable, amounting to 635. A large number of these prosecutions were for non-payment of fees on the due date, and such prosecutions have now been prohibited by the Board; but the Lieutenant-Governor is doubtful whether the prohibition should be absoloute, for constant and chronic failure to pay on the due date can only be cured by prosecution in the last resort. The names of the officers mentioned by the Excise Commissioner as having done good work will be noted in the proper department.

30. The Lieutenant-Governor offers his thanks to Mr. Krishna Govinda Gupta for his careful report, and to Messrs. Westmacott and Samuells for their successful administration of the department during the year, upon which he thinks that the Board may look back with satisfaction. The revenue has increased by nearly 5 lakhs of rupees, and this result has been achieved concurrently with a decrease in the consumption of distillery liquor, country rum, ganja and bhang: some vexatious restrictions have been removed, and some useful departmental reforms have been carried out; so that Sir Antony MacDonnell hopes that a distinct step in advance has been taken towards the ideal of good excise administration, which is attained when drinking is discouraged and consumption reduced by the increase of revenue to a point which is just short of taxation which would encourage smuggling and illicit manufacture.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE BHAGALPUR DIVISION FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Calcutta, the 8th November 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 2499.

READ—

The Annual General Administration Report of the Bhagalpur Division for the year 1892-93.

The Annual General Administration Report of the Bhagalpur Division for the year 1892-93 is submitted by Mr. Wace, who received charge after the close of the year. Mr. Quinn held the post of Commissioner throughout the year.

Tours and inspection.

2. Mr. Quinn spent 124 days on tour, during which he inspected all the district and sub-divisional offices and treasuries and many of the settlements in progress in the division, finding evidence of good work and of careful supervision on the part of the District Officers in every district. In Bhagalpur Mr. Wace, Mr. Coxe and Mr. Marindin were between them on tour for 115 days. The prescribed number of days for District Officer's touring for this district is 120, but Mr. Marindin was prevented from going into camp at the end of March by a meet of the Bihar Light Horse held at Bhagalpur with the object of starting volunteering in the district. In the Sonthal Parganas Mr. Carstairs was on tour for 154 days; but the important duty of making half-yearly inspections of his own office suffered. The Collectors' tours in the remaining districts of the Division were sufficient, Mr. Faulder's tour in Purnea being specially well arranged and distributed, and all the Sub-divisional Officers fully complied with the requirements of the rules on the subject.

Weather and crops.

3. The weather conditions throughout the Division approached the normal. The bhadoi harvest was generally good except in Purnea, where, however, the jute crop is said to have given a magnificent return. Owing to the early cessation of rain, the winter rice crop was not generally so good as at one time was expected, but in no district did the outturn fall much below the average. The want of moisture at the beginning of the cold weather retarded the rabi crops, but on the whole, from an agricultural point of view, the year may be regarded as favourable.

Public health.

4. The Commissioner is of opinion that the year was unfavourable to public health, though cholera diminished after the outbreak of the previous year. The mortuary returns, though admittedly inaccurate, show an increased mortality in Monghyr, Bhagalpur and the Sonthal Parganas; while in Purnea and Malda the recorded death-rate sank to about the normal level after the excessive mortality of 1891-92.

The following table shows the total annual number of deaths in each district for the last three years:—

DISTRICT.	Population by Census of 1891.	Total number of deaths.		
		1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5
Monghyr	2,036,021	54,036	59,003	67,010
Bhagalpur	2,032,696	55,801	57,899	66,927
Purnea	1,944,658	44,125	81,031	46,270
Malda	814,919	17,667	37,123	22,345
Sonthal Parganas	1,754,196	24,608	30,887	35,284
Total ...	8,582,490	196,237	265,943	237,836
Total for the calendar years ...	......	187,679	251,102	263,834

Famine relief and material condition of the people.

5. The famine relief operations which were undertaken in January 1892 in Monghyr, Bhagalpur, and Purnea continued into the year under review. They were brought to a close in Purnea towards the end of May, in Monghyr in July, and in Bhagalpur not till September. The report on these operations has been separately reviewed by Government. The effect of a period of distress on the material condition of the people is always difficult to gauge, but it would appear from the remarks of the District Officers, which the Commissioner quotes, that in this instance the strain was considerable, especially in Bhagalpur, of which Mr. Marindin writes:—

"The failure of the crops in 1891-92 caused widespread distress, especially in the Supaul sub-division, and necessitated relief measures. These measures were effective so far as preventing deaths from starvation, in giving employment and food to the labouring and destitute classes, and assistance in advances of grain and money to the cultivators. With a good September and winter harvest, the people have now returned very much to their normal condition, at least as far as outward appearances go. All of the cultivating classes have not suffered in the same degree. The larger and more well-to-do cultivators were able, by selling their surplus stock of grain, to make a profit out of the famine; and the way in which rents, current and arrear, have been paid up in the last six months of the year is really surprising. At the same time, I believe that the strain has been a very severe one, and that many of the raiyats will take some time in recovering from it, while others never will. The zamindars, most of them, postponed their collections in 1891-92, and in the latter part of this year have been collecting the entire arrears for the previous year, with 12 or 14 annas of the current year. The raiyats have had to find this, as well as to pay the mahajans, and many have felt extreme difficulty in meeting these demands, and a large number in order to do so have been compelled to sell their holdings or a portion of them. The registration offices furnish ample evidence of this.

"The number of sales of raiyats' holdings this year has amounted to 4,618. This is 1,388 in excess of the number sold last year. More than half these sales, 2,623, occurred in the Supaul sub-division, where the distress was most severe. Out of the holdings thus sold, 1,787 passed into the hands of mahajans. It must be remembered that such sales are for the most part forced, and only resorted to as a last measure, when the raiyat is unable to satisfy his creditor in any other way; and they indicate the state of indebtedness reached by a still larger class, who have not yet been compelled to part with their lands. The large landless class in North Bhagalpur have also no doubt suffered severely. The zamindars also suffered as a class. The zamindars of this district are very much in debt, especially in the north and south.

"The really progressive class seem to be the money-lenders, including in that category those who lend money in addition to some other business or profession, as well as the professional money-lender. These as a class are literally adding house to house and field to field; the larger and most successful among them buying up zamindaris, and the small ones purchasing jotes, and are thus every year tightening their grasp on the land."

In Malda the labouring classes are said to be still depressed, but in Monghyr, Purnea and the Sonthal Parganas there are indications that the people have recovered their normal condition of prosperity. Mr. Faulder writes of Purnea:—

"It is at any rate satisfactory to know that all rent-receivers, traders, cultivators, and day-labourers made up the ground lost in 1891-92, if they did not make any positive progress in their material condition."

"Labour is much dearer than in Bihar, and the Purnea labourer can afford to be notorious, both for his independence and his inefficiency."

As regards prices the Commissioner remarks:—

"Prices generally ruled high owing to depletion of stocks and brisk demand for export, and, as usual, the fall has not been at all commensurate with the improvement of agricultural outturn. Every scarcity seems to leave its trace in a slight permanent rise in food-grains.

"Prices of labour have changed but little: what slight movement there has been of late years has tended to give the lowest labourer of each class a rise in wages. That the rise has not declared itself more clearly is of course due to the system by which village labour, even when skilled, is still paid in grain. The wage of a common agricultural labourer varies from two annas a day in Monghyr to three annas in Malda and the Sonthal Parganas."

Emigration.

6. As usual, there was little permanent emigration from any of the districts of the Division, except the Sonthal Parganas. Free recruiting in this district continues to replace the registration system, and abuses continue to exist; but it is satisfactory to note that prosecutions for offences connected with emigration fell from 20 in 1891-92 to 12 in the year under review, while the percentage of convictions rose from 20 to 33, and the Commissioner remarks that, given some simple rules for tracing

the movements of emigrants and bringing the operations of recruiters more under official supervision, there is no reason why free emigration should not be the boon to the aboriginal classes which it is meant to be, and generally is. Increased powers of supervision are the more necessary, seeing that the mal-practices of some European and Eurasian recruiters, and of the agents of others, are beginning to destroy the good feeling of the Sonthals towards Europeans, and a first step in the desired direction has been taken in the recent extension of Act I (B. C.) of 1889 to the Sonthal Parganas. 1,119 coolies were recruited in the Sonthal Parganas for Government service in Chittagong. In Monghyr there was a slight increase in the number of coolies registered, but emigration from that district is still in its infancy.

Manufacture, trade and commerce.

7. Trade throughout the Division was better during the year under report than in the previous year, when it suffered from the prevailing scarcity. Monghyr and Bhagalpur showed least recovery. English piece-goods continue to supplant locally manufactured cloth, except in the Sonthal Parganas, where the aboriginal tribes still wear country cloth. In Purnea an export trade in mats has grown up owing to the opening of the railway to Kishanganj. The export of *sabai* grass from the Sonthal Parganas for use in paper manufacture still flourishes. The outturn of indigo was poor throughout the Division, but high prices partly compensated for this. The stone and slate quarries in the Dharhara hills in Monghyr continue to be worked, and in the Sonthal Parganas stone-quarrying, encouraged by the lowering of the rates of railway freight, is a large and growing industry. A trade in buffalo horns seems to be springing up in this district and that in bones is increasing.

Civil Justice.

8. The following statement shows the work done by the Civil Courts during the year:—

District.	Sub-division or chauki.	Description of Court.	Number of officers.	Number of original cases disposed of.		Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B.			Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases pending at end of year to total disposed of.
				Ordinary.	Small Cause Court.	Money.	Rent.	Title.			
1	2	3	4	5A.	5B.	6	7	8	9	10	11
Monghyr	Sadar	Munsif	3	3,060	1,430	2,011	2,356	123	2,892	16	11
	Begusarai	Do.	1½	1,530	621	1,144	820	187	2,270	31	18
	Jamui	Do.	½	550	...	288	250	12	590	28	32
Bhagalpur	Sadar	Do.	2	2,638	1,268	1,601	2,108	107	3,507	23	15
	Madhipura	Do.	1½	3,781	1,634	2,166	3,136	113	3,038	11	10
	Banka	Do.	½	576	291	499	343	25	1,553	·57	34
Purnea	Sadar	Do.	1	1,817	543	1,027	1,228	105	1,472	8	12
	Araria	Do.	1¼	3,287	459	832	2,764	150	2,468	4	9
	Kishanganj	Do.	2	3,244	914	1,842	2,121	195	3,922	7	18
	Kudba	Do.	1	1,138	831	1,258	662	49	2,021	·3	11
Malda	Sadar	Do.	2	1,897	1,298	2,216	900	79	5,015	10	12
	Nawabganj	Do.	1	1,614	762	1,417	908	51	2,985	5	12
		Total	17¼	25,132	10,051	16,391	17,596	1,196	31,733	11	13
		† Total for 1891	23¼	20,712	8,571	15,291	12,542	1,350	79,379§	11	23
Sonthal Parganas	Sadar	Munsif	6	3,753	...	2,662	671	420	Register not kept.	...	14
	Deoghar	Do.	3	2,278	...	1,168	593	517		...	10
	Godda	Do.	3	1,574	...	498	867	269		...	21
	Jamtara	Do.	2	982	...	261	391	330		...	12
	Paksur	Do.	2	821	...	423	225	173		...	3
	Rajmahal	Do.	3¼	1,277	...	699	335	243	406	11	15
		Total	19¼	10,685	...	5,711	3,082	1,892	406*	11	13
		‡ Total for 1891	18	8,707	...	4,651	2,218	1,838	Not recorded.	......	15

* In Rajmahal only.

† Includes the figures for Judges and Sub-Judges.
‡ Ditto ditto.
§ These figures show the number of witnesses who attended.

As in the preceding year, the work of the Munsifs at Jamui and Banka was very light. Madhipura shows the largest number of cases disposed of. The detention of witnesses was greatest in the Monghyr district and in the Sadar station of Bhagalpur. In Purnea, where work was heavy, witnesses were released very

promptly. The Witness Attendance Register has been opened only at Rajmahal of the Courts in the Sonthal Parganas. The proportion of cases pending at the end of the year was highest at Banka and Jamui, the two Courts where work was lightest.

The percentage of appeals in which the original order was confirmed varied from 49·09 in Monghyr to 61·1 in Purnea.

Crime and Criminal Justice.

9. The influence of settlement operations under Chapter X of the Tenancy Act on the relations between landlord and tenant is illustrated by the following remarks which are taken from the Commissioner's Report:—

"The Collector of Monghyr notes that the settlement and record of rights in the estates of Banaili and Srinagar have been attended with excellent results. Of the 700 rent suits instituted in the Sadar sub-division during the past year by the proprietors of these estates, only a small percentage were contested. There was little or no dispute about the rate of rent. The raiyats appeal to the settlement papers as their title-deeds. The Collector of Bhagalpur draws attention to an abnormal increase of 2,597 suits in the court of the Munsif of Madhipura during the past year, rent suits having nearly doubled in number, and Small Cause Court suits more than doubled. A large proportion of the former came from the Banaili-Srinagar zamindari. The settlement records have placed these zamindars in a better position than they have been of late years to press claims for arrears, and this, coupled with mufassal mismanagement on the Srinagar side, probably forced this large resort to the courts."

A large increase in cognizable crime is reported, the number of offences being 14,673 in 1892 against 12,584 in 1891. To this increase which consists chiefly of offences against property, stimulated by the prevailing scarcity and the consequent high prices, all districts except Malda contributed.

The number of rioting cases increased in Monghyr, but decreased elsewhere, while there was an increase of dacoity in all districts except Malda, the increase being serious in Purnea and the Sonthal Parganas. The amount of cognizable crime was less in all districts except Bhagalpur, where the total is swelled by activity in prosecuting breaches of special laws. The decrease elsewhere is commonly noticed in years of scarcity.

The following table illustrates the state of criminal justice in each district:—

Stipendiary Magistrates

District.	Sub-division.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number attended.	Ratio per cent. of cases confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average of cases disposed of per officer.	Average of witnesses examined per case disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Monghyr ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	5¼	1,133	1,752	49	6,978	10	72	585	59	197	6	10
	Jamui	Ditto ...	1	637	1,030	55	2,512	2	91	271	2	637	4	1
	Begusarai	Ditto ...	1	498	1,110	47	2,733	14	60	203	9	498	5	4
Bhagalpur ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	6¼	2,760	3,371	79	6,429	1	82	446	2	409	2	·4
	Banka	Ditto ...	1	466	711	63	1,840	3	......	213	6	466	4	3
	Madhipura ...	Ditto ...	1½	254	354	58	1,343	32	......	93	3	203	5	3
	Sapaul	Ditto ...	1½	505	704	63	3,007	1	83	225	2	404	6	1
Purnea ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	6	758	1,098	43	3,628	9	80	223	34	126	5	15
	Krishnaganj ...	Ditto ...	2	566	918	54	2,101	9	77	268	8	283	4	3
	Araria	Ditto ...	1	286	495	60	1,648	1	96	188	1	286	6	·5
Malda	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	4¾	927	1,294	58	5,747	3	72	418	12	195	6	3
Sonthal Parganas.	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	6	845	1,367	44	2,463	4	76	......	......	141	3	......
	Katikund ...	Ditto ...	1	264	398	74	561	5	78	......	......	264	2	......
	Deoghur	Ditto ...	3	965	1,324	54	2,882	2	84	217	5	322	3	2
	Godda	Ditto ...	3	486	816	66	2,303	......	91	130	......	162	5	......
	Jamtara	Ditto ...	2	184	342	60	674	......*	61	......	......	92	4	......
	Pakaur	Ditto ...	2	674	892	59	2,030	......*	86	194	1	337	3	·5
	Rajmahal ...	Ditto ...	2¼	700	1,129	52	2,595	9	84	136	......	280	4	......
	Total ...	Stipendiary ...	51¼	12,908	19,105	59	51,474	5	80	3,810	144	252	4	4
	Total for 1891-92	Ditto ...	47½	12,411	17,929	52	47,622†	5	78	3,953	310	263	6	8

* Register not kept.

Honorary Magistrate

MONGHYR ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	1	308	401	63	685	7	75	5	......	308	2	......
	Jamalpur	Ditto ...	1	36	49	53	52	......	......	......	......	36	1	......
	Jamui	Ditto ...	1	52	75	59	119	12	50	3	......	52	2	......
	Shaikpura ...	Ditto ...	1	195	242	70	540	6	50	34	......	195	3	......
	Begusarai	Ditto ...	1	175	330	37	666	40	60	20	3	175	4	15
BHAGALPUR ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	1	324	332	73	444	3	......	......	......	324	1	......
	Colgong	Ditto ...	1	162	172	87	48	......	......	......	......	162	*20	......
	Banka	Ditto ...	1	48	56	30	142	10	20	......	......	48	3	......
	Amarpur	Ditto ...	1	26	32	25	76	28	......	......	......	26	3	......
	Madhipura ...	Ditto ...	1	54	57	51	177	41	50	......	......	54	3	......
	Sonbursa	Ditto ...	1	18	25	48	101	......	33	......	......	18	6	......
	Sapaul	Ditto ...	1	41	66	47	101	......	44	......	......	41	2	......
	Bangaon	Ditto ...	1	24	43	49	66	36	......	......	......	24	3	......
PURNEA ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	1	53	74	34	43	23	......	......	......	53	1	......
	Krishanganj ...	Ditto ...	1	75	104	41	144	......	......	......	......	75	2	......
	Araria	Ditto ...	1	72	74	58	178	......	......	......	......	72	2	......
MALDA ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	1	103	119	29	235	23	100	1	......	103	2	......
	Nawabganj ...	Ditto ...	1	122	162	54	452	9	44	40	1	122	4	2
	Old Malda ...	Ditto ...	1	25	30	80	98	......	100	......	......	25	4	......
SONTHAL PARGANAS.	Sahibganj	Honorary ...	1	320	351	88	369	......	56	......	......	320	1	......
	Total ...	Honorary ...	20	2,233	2,794	60	4,745	13	51	103	4	112	2	4
	Total for 1891-92...	Ditto ...	20	2,492	2,972	61	6,837†	6	60	77	8	125	3	10

* Register not kept.
† These figures show the number of witnesses who attended.

The above table does not accurately exhibit the comparative amount of work done by the Magistrates of the different districts, because the number of petty cases under special laws, which give little work, varies greatly. Excluding such cases, the average number of cases disposed of per officer in each district is—

Sonthal Parganas	...	...	...	... 171·3
Monghyr	...	...	...	... 157·03
Malda	...	...	...	... 145·6
Purnea	...	...	...	... 133·8
Bhagalpur	...	...	...	... 59·4

A general and satisfactory improvement is observed in regard to the detention of witnesses in the courts of Stipendiary Magistrates, which is due not only to witnesses being more promptly examined in compliance with the orders of Government, but also to more care being taken by Magistrates in the arrangement of their files. In contrast to the excellent results attained elsewhere, the Stipendiary Magistrate of Beguserai in Monghyr detained 14 per cent. of his witnesses over two days, and at Madhipura in Bhagalpur as many as 32 per cent. of the witnesses were so detained.

Much improvement is still possible in this respect in the Courts of some Honorary Magistrates. At Madhipura 41 per cent. of the witnesses examined by the Bench were detained over two days; at Beguserai the percentage was 40, and at Bangaon 36; while at Amarpur, Malda and Purnea it was over 20. On the other hand the Honorary Benches at Monghyr, Shaikpura, Bhagalpur, and Nawabganj examined a considerable number of witnesses with much promptitude.

As regards the percentage of convictions and the percentage of decisions confirmed on appeal, the following remarks of the Commissioner are of interest:—

The percentage of convictions in each district compares thus for the two past years—

		1891.	1892.
Monghyr	...	47·4	49·8
Bhagalpur	...	63·8	73·3
Purnea	...	43·4	50·2
Malda	...	59·8	57·9
Sonthal Parganas	...	41·6	55·5

It is only in Bhagalpur that the ratio of convictions has risen markedly, and there it is probably explained by the large percentage of cases under special laws noticed above. There has been a decided rise in convictions in the Sonthal Parganas, but even now it stands at only 55·5, which is certainly low. I draw attention to these figures, because it has been alleged that the recent movement designed to quicken work without impairing it has resulted in some sacrifice of independent judgment in weak Magistrates. There is nothing in the percentage

of decisions confirmed on appeal to indicate this or undue hurry. That has been best in Bhagalpur and Purnea, and worst in Malda, where it was 72·15 of the cases decided. The figures for two years in this respect compare thus—

		1891.	1892.
Monghyr	...	79·4	78·2
Bhagalpur	...	79·9	82·6
Purnea	...	72·4	82·8
Malda	...	69·4	72·1
Sonthal Parganas	...	79·8	81·52

10. The following statement shows the attendance of Honorary Magistrates:—

District.	Number of Honorary Magistrates.	Number of times asked to attend.	Number of times actually attended.	Number of absences.		
				With leave or notice.	Without leave or notice.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Monghyr ...	61	1,368	1,205*	94	364	458
Bhagalpur ...	125	1,720	1,012†	246	505	751
Purnea ...	40	323	157	39	127	166
Malda ...	24	669	600‡	74	10	84
Sonthal Parganas	3	54	43	2	9	11

* Excess attendance 295
† Ditto 43
‡ Ditto 15

The attendance was very good in Malda, where, out of 669 requisitions, there were only 10 absences without notice—a very creditable result. In Purnea the absences after requisition were actually more numerous than the attendances. Attendance was also poor in Bhagalpur, where it is reported that the bulk of the work is done by a few energetic men. The Collector of Purnea writes that the Purnea Bench contains several Magistrates of long experience and high character, of whom he cannot make sufficient use. "The usual difficulty is felt: it is no compliment to ask them to try petty assault cases. If interesting cases are given to them, they cannot dispose of them at one sitting, and cannot afford time for two or three consecutive days' attendance. Honorary Magistrates will perhaps not be of much use to us until they are empowered to take up and dispose of cases in their own villages."

11. The following table shows the amount of fines imposed, collected, and remitted during the year under review:—

District.	Balance outstanding at commencement of the year.	Amount imposed during the year.	Total demand.	Amount collected during the year.	Amount remitted or written off during the year.	Total collected and remitted.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Monghyr ...	7,244 3 1	20,109 13 6	27,354 0 7	14,989 12 5	4,427 4 0	19,417 0 5	7,937 0 2
Bhagalpur ...	8,812 0 0	16,719 0 0	25,531 0 0	14,317 0 0	1,745 0 0	16,062 0 0	9,469 0 0
Purnea ...	8,315 4 0	9,359 7 6	17,674 11 6	8,448 10 9	2,268 13 9	10,717 8 6	6,957 3 0
Malda ...	3,243 15 3	6,528 7 9	9,772 7 0	5,888 4 3	1,067 12 3	6,956 0 6	2,816 6 6
Sonthal Parganas.	11,274 4 1	17,159 12 3	28,434 0 4	15,486 2 10	561 12 3	16,047 15 1	12,386 1 3
Divisional Total	38,889 10 5	69,876 9 0	1,08,766 3 5	59,129 14 3	10,070 10 3	69,200 8 6	39,565 10 11

In Monghyr, Bhagalpur, and the Sonthal Parganas the closing balances were larger than the opening balances. In the Government Resolution on the last Divisional Report, attention was called to the increase in outstanding fines, and the progress made towards reducing the balances cannot be considered satisfactory. Even in Purnea the balance, though it is being gradually reduced, bears an unusually large proportion to the amount imposed during the year.

12. The following table shows the results of Sessions trials in each district for the year under review:—

DISTRICT.	Number of cases committed, but pending at commencement of year.	Number committed during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number disposed of.	Number in which conviction obtained.	Number of cases in which sentence was modified or reversed by High Court.	Number of cases acquitted by Sessions Judge.	Number of cases otherwise disposed of.	Percentage of cases resulting in conviction to total cases disposed of.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Monghyr	2	38	40	35	29	...	6	...	82·85
Bhagalpur	5	42	47	44	34	2	10	...	77·27
Purnea	2	37	39	34	26	3	8	...	76·4
Malda	10	18	33	28	24	...	4	...	85·71
Sonthal Parganas	...	15	15	15	12	2	3	...	80
Total for the Division ...	19	150	174	156	125	7	31	...	80·12

The percentage of cases in which convictions were obtained was over 80 for the Division, which indicates that committals are made with discretion, and enquiries carefully conducted both by the Police and the Magistrates.

13. The following table shows the registration work of the Division:—

DISTRICT.	Class of Registration office.	Number of offices.	Number of documents registered.	Average per office.
1	2	3	4	5
Monghyr	Special	1	2,516	2,516
	Rural	7	11,302	1,615
Bhagalpur	Special	1	3,216	3,216
	Rural	6	18,415	3,069
Purnea	Special	1	3,826	3,826
	Rural	3	12,022	4,007
Malda	Ex-officio ...	1	2,584	2,584
	Rural	3	6,547	2,182
Sonthal Parganas ...	Ex-officio ...	2	2,912	1,456
	Rural	4	7,990	1,997
Total	Special	6	15,054	2,509
	Rural	23	56,276	2,447

In every district there was an increase in the number of registrations; the increase in the number of sales and mortgages registered was connected with the recent agricultural distress, as is shown by the fact that it was most marked in Purnea and the Supaul sub-division of Bhagalpur, where the distress had been greatest. The number of registrations per office was highest in Purnea; relatively to population, registration is most common in Malda and Bhagalpur.

14. Below are shown, district by district, the demand, collection and outstanding balance of revenue and cesses:—

District.	Class of demand.	Class of estates.	Number of estates.	Demand. Current.	Demand. Arrear.	Collections of 1892-93. Current.	Collections of 1892-93. Arrear.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Current.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Arrear.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Monghyr	Land Revenue	I	7,035	7,78,903	15,660	7,73,512	14,886	5,391	774	
		II	53	36,643	1,680	36,166	1,599	477	81	
		III	30	55,308	35,661	32,035	28,792	23,208	6,512	Rs. 422 remitted.
		Total Land Revenue...	7,118	8,70,854	53,001	8,41,713	45,277	29,076	7,367	
	Road cess	Estates	12,151	1,23,716	40,050	1,01,694	34,871	22,022	5,179	
		Rent-free tenures	7	201	103	112	......	89	103	
	Zamindari Dâk	Estates	2,025	3,887	991	3,609	451	278	540	
	Embankment cess	....	641	872	3,620	66	2,998	806	622	
		Total	......	9,77,654	97,765	9,47,194	83,597	52,271	13,811	
Bhagalpur	Land Revenue	I	4,502	5,64,077	13,053	5,52,694	12,311	11,383	742	
		II	18	1,504	927	931	434	573	493	
		III	65	32,959	11,284	28,166	7,766	4,793	2,869	Rs. 649 ditto.
		Total Land Revenue...	4,585	5,98,540	25,264	5,81,791	20,511	16,749	4,104	
	Road cess	Estates	6,607	1,47,875	17,418	1,36,157	13,944	11,718	3,075	Rs. 399 ditto.
		Rent-free tenures	1,958							
	Zamindari Dâk	Estates	1,148	9,239	382	8,723	382	516	-4	
		Total	......	7,55,654	43,064	7,26,671	34,837	28,983	7,179	
Purnea	Land Revenue	I	1,624	11,72,830	1,300	10,53,969	1,300	1,18,850	......	Rs. 11 ditto.
		II	48	1,701	352	1,167	238	534	114	
		III	6	3,784	2,519	1,577	2,079	1,963	410	Rs. 274 ditto.
		Total Land Revenue...	1,678	11,78,315	4,171	10,56,713	3,617	1,21,347	524	
	Road cess	Estates	2,412	1,03,704	5,298	84,213	5,253	19,491	45	
		Rent-free tenures	8,034							
	Zamindari Dâk	Estates	563	10,455	338	10,140	203	315	135	
		Total	......	12,92,474	9,807	11,51,066	9,073	1,41,153	704	
Malda	Land Revenue		579	3,98,683	4,834	3,92,190	4,834	6,493	......	
		II	21	12,511	94	11,260	94	1,251	......	
		III	20	22,056	3,685	18,231	3,442	3,806	40	Rs. 222 ditto.
		Total Land Revenue...	620	4,33,250	8,613	4,21,681	8,370	11,550	40	
	Road cess	Estates	805	29,160	3,802	26,299	3,800	2,799	1	Rs. 3 ditto.
		Rent-free tenures	545							
	Zamindari Dâk	Estates	507	7,802	3,262	6,613	2,818	845	444	Rs. [illegible] ditto.
		Total	......	4,70,152	15,677	4,54,593	14,988	15,194	485	
Sonthal Parganas.	Land Revenue	I	476	1,15,660	40	1,15,237	40	423	......	
		II	6	1,343	2	1,341	2	2	......	
		III	10	1,72,061	3,077	1,68,533	2,344	3,528	658	Rs. 75 ditto.
		Total Land Revenue...	492	2,89,064	3,119	2,85,111	2,386	3,953	658	
	Road cess	Estates	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The Cess Act is not in force in this district.
		Rent-free tenures								
	Zamindari Dâk	Estates	398	3,020	1,313	2,691	1,166	329	147	
		Total	......	2,92,084	4,432	2,87,802	3,552	4,282	805	
		GRAND TOTAL	......	38,09,894	1,70,745	35,67,326	1,46,047	2,41,883	22,984	Rs. 2,399 remitted.
		GRAND TOTAL FOR 1891-92	......	37,75,109	1,59,428	36,43,020	1,30,371	1,34,064	26,642	

The total current demand of Land Revenue was Rs. 33,70,022, and of this Rs. 31,87,009 was collected. The percentage of current collections to current demand was only 94·5 against 97·6 of the preceding year. The current and arrear collections together came to 94·46 per cent. of the total demand. The total balance of Land Revenue outstanding at the close of the year was Rs. 1,95,368. These somewhat unsatisfactory results are mainly due to the bankruptcy of the proprietor of some very large estates in Purnea, resulting in his failure to pay revenue amounting to over a lakh of rupees at the last kist of the year. The amount has since been realized. The standard of 99 per cent. on the current demand in permanently-settled estates was reached in the Sonthal Parganas and was nearly reached in Malda, but in Bhagalpur the collections amounted to only 97·98 and in Purnea to 89·86 per cent., and in these districts the realisations in temporarily-settled estates were also far below the prescribed standard.

The collections in estates held direct by Government improved in Bhagalpur, but are still very bad in Monghyr and Purnea: in the Sonthal Parganas alone, where they were as usual excellent, was the prescribed standard reached. The outstanding balance of road cess diminished in every district except Purnea, where Rs. 19,491 were outstanding on a current demand of Rs. 1,03,704: the balance in Monghyr is still considerable.

Certificates.

15. The following statement shows the result of certificate work during the year:—

District.	Department.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Number issued during year.	Total for disposal.	Amount of certificates.	Number disposed of during year.	Amount realized.	Number pending at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rs.		Rs.	
Monghyr ...	Khas Mahal	358	655	993	12,762	808	7,913	185
	Embankment	133	285	418	1,690	295	1,182	123
	Road and Public Works Cesses ...	1,863	3,745	5,608	14,507	3,600	40,977	2,006
	Court of Wards	221	5	226	9,886	223	4,306	3
	Zamindari Dâk Cess	244	44	288	995	230	727	58
	Miscellaneous	83	424	507	14,094	341	9,150	166
	Total ...	2,882	5,158	8,040	1,03,934	5,407	64,345	2,542
	Total for 1891-92 ...	2,187	3,940*	6,127	107,982	3,235	54,908	2,882
Bhagalpur ...	Road and Public Works Cess ...	523	1,183	1,706	37,846	1,413	21,406	293
	Court of Wards	891	44	935	15,446	845	10,526	90
	Khas Mahals	70	42	112	4,215	85	3,040	27
	Zamindari Dâk Cess	248	104	352	957	328	1,357	24
	Miscellaneous	73	123	196	9,049	147	4,537	49
	Total ...	1,805	1,496	3,301	67,513	2,818	40,966	483
	Total for 1891-92 ...	2,659	2,771*	5,430	148,578	3,625	65,135	1,805
Purnea ...	Khas Mahals	...	49	49	1,035	28	690	1
	Miscellaneous	6	35	41	3,298	33	11,556	8
	Zamindari Dâk Cess	66	...	66	781	66	781	...
	Road Cess and Public Works Cess...	19	331	350	24,765	336	24,930	14
	Pound	65	103	168	18,553	73	5,876	95
	Ferry	13	34	47	3,268	46	3,091	1
	Estate Maldwar	20	133	153	6,300	153	1,691	...
	" Srinagar	38	...	38	2,125	38	440	...
	" Sukhraj Rai	16	70	86	2,770	86	1,535	...
	Total ...	243	755	998	62,835	859	50,590	139
	Total for 1891-92 ...	551	1,420*	1,971	87,925	1,728	76,265	243
Malda	Khas Mahals	77	221	298	2,795	265	2,442	33
	Cesses	148	321	469	7,572	429	6,251	40
	Miscellaneous	19	35	54	9,618	45	2,696	9
	Total ...	244	577	821	19,985	739	11,389	82
	Total for 1891-92 ...	259	976*	1,235	18,733	991	10,482	244
Sonthal Parganas ...	For all departments	28	101	129	3,933	105	2,998	24
	Total for 1891-92 ...	45	60*	105	2,991	77	1,691	28
	GRAND TOTAL ...	5,202	8,087	13,289	2,58,220	10,018	1,70,278	3,271
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1891-92 ...	5,701	9,167*	14,868	366,209	9,656	208,481	5,202

* These figures show the number of certificates filed during year.

The number of certificates remaining undisposed of at the end of the year was in every district less than the number at the beginning of the year. For the whole division the number fell from 5,202 to 3,271, a result which the Lieutenant-Governor regards as satisfactory.

16. The outturn of land acquisition work is shown below—

DISTRICT.	Number of cases pending at commencement of year.	Number of cases instituted.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Number of cases disposed of.	Balance pending at end of year.	Date of oldest pending cases.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Monghyr ...	1	2	3	1	2	26th January 1893.
Bhagalpur ...	3	3	6	3	3	31st August 1892.
Purnea ...	62	24	86	37	49	1 case of 1888-89. 21 cases of 1890-91. 9 cases of 1891-92.
Malda ...	7	...	7	5	2	25th December 1891.
Sonthal Parganas.	7	2	9	5	4	7th December 1890.
Divisional Total	80	31	111	51	60	

The number of cases is small, except in Purnea, where there are some cases of long standing which should be disposed of as soon as possible.

17. The only settlement work undertaken during the year was in certain estates in the Dumka and Godda sub-divisions of the Sonthal Parganas, where two survey parties were at work.

Settlements.

18. The Excise revenue decreased from Rs. 12,51,755 to Rs. 12,17,947. The decrease is distributed over all the districts except Monghyr, and was mainly due to the prevalent scarcity. The incidence of Excise revenue was annas 2-3 per head of population. The following table shows the Excise statistics for the year:—

Excise.

DISTRICT.	COUNTRY SPIRITS.				GANJA AND BHANG.				OPIUM.			
	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross gallons.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Monghyr	135	1,57,609	68,498	1,83,460	137	40,110	253	97,546	16	1,713	9	6,229
Bhagalpur	85	99,917	140,127	1,16,038	136	50,846	248	1,11,296	47	4,885	2[illegible]	17,880
Purnea	87	94,955	68,373	94,955	149	55,544	227¼	1,09,524	83	16,708	46½	55,365
Malda	50	54,962	16,677*	54,962	60	18,878	63½	34,418	41	9,593	48	49,412
Sonthal Parganas	96	33,360	25,489	61,611	64	27,838	98	47,268	21	5,630	10	12,451

	Revenue from all sources.	Rate per head of population.
	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Monghyr	3,38,988	0 2 10
Bhagalpur	2,85,500	0 2 3
Purnea	2,69,907	0 2 3
Malda	1,58,[illegible]	0 3 1
Sonthal Parganas	1,65,109	0 1 7
Total ...	12,17,947	0 2 3

* London-proof gallons.

19. There was an improvement in the number of public schools and of pupils attending them, but the loss sustained in the preceding year has not been made good, and in Bhagalpur the figures continue to show a serious decline.

Education.

The subjoined table shows the number of schools of all classes in each district, the number of pupils and the incomes of the schools, with the sources from which the incomes are derived, and the cost per head of the pupils:—

District.	Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls.	Cost. Provincial.	District Board.	pality.	Fees.	Other.	Total.	Cost per head of pupils.	Population of district.	Number of boys of school-going age.	Percentage of boys at school to boys of school-going age according to the Director of Public Instruction's Report.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.			
Monghyr	High	5	1,129	436	1,232	950	17,373	2,868	22,859	20 4 0	2,036,021	148,060	
	Middle	14	734	310	2,677	240	1,454	2,369	7,050	9 9 8			
	Primary	923	19,936	909	8,667	2,319	34,596	51	46,542	2 5 4			
	Special	2	98	......	......	......	......	120	120	1 3 7			
	Total	944	21,897	1,655	12,576	3,509	53,423	5,408	76,571	3 7 11			15·8
	Total for 1891-92	939	21,096	4,827	14,722	2,642	49,965	7,238	79,394	3 12 2			15
Bhagalpur	High	5	1,388	1,523	......	..	18,979	7,013	25,515	19 13 2	2,032,696	150,730	
	Middle	12	707	553	3,227	664	2,718	2,546	9,708	13 11 8			
	Primary	620	12,384	1,408	7,365	234	23,459	208	32,674	2 10 2			
	Special	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......			
	Total	637	14,479	3,484	10,592	898	45,156	9,767	67,897	4 11 0			10
	Total for 1891-92	893	19,205	5,631	10,120	891	54,606	9,508	80,750	4 3 2			14
Purnea	High	2	236	2,366	......	......	4,203	876	7,415	31 8 8	1,914,658	140,024	
	Middle	12	549	......	2,328	304	1,386	2,764	6,868	12 8 1			
	Primary	629	18,693	167	8,505	231	28,943	5,763	43,609	3 6 11			
	Special	2	26	171	1,513	......	......	943	2,627	101 6 9			
	Total	645	13,504	2,704	12,346	621	34,532	10,346	60,549	4 7 8			10
	Total for 1891-92	490	10,398	2,812	9,392	592	26,439	7,149	46,575	4 8 2			8
Malda	High	2	268	1,800	......	......	3,920	3,039	8,759	32 10 11	814,919	59,987	
	Middle	23	1,733	222	4,507	838	5,370	2,211	13,148	7 9 4			
	Primary	318	9,487	525	7,611	162	13,483	1,872	23,653	2 7 10			
	Special	1	3	9	31	......	......	......	40	13 5 4			
	Total	344	11,491	2,556	12,149	1,000	22,773	7,122	45,600	3 15 5			18·3
	Total for 1891-92	354	11,167	6,515	14,722	1,127	22,716	12,540	57,620	5 2 5			18
Sonthal Parganas.	High	3	415	3,889	......	405	3,829	3,717	11,840	28 8 5	1,624,956	130,585	
	Middle	17	883	4,026	......	120	2,805	4,170	11,521	13 0 9			
	Primary	672	16,012	19,920	......	93	16,854	9,898	45,835	2 6 1			
	Special	13	119	985	......	......	......	1,917	2,902	24 6 2			
	Total	705	17,429	29,290	......	618	23,488	19,612	64,441	3 11 1			13·5
	Total for 1891-92	661	15,866	26,331	......	619	22,943	27,716	77,669	4 14 7			12
Total of division.	High	17	3,436	10,014	1,232	1,355	48,304	17,513	78,418	22 3 10	8,453,250	628,386	
	Middle	78	4,606	5,511	12,738	2,232	13,733	14,060	48,295	10 7 9			
	Primary	3,162	70,512	22,909	32,148	3,039	1,17,335	17,792	1,93,313	2 9 10			
	Special	18	246	1,165	1,544	......	......	2,980	5,689	21 2 0			
	Total	3,275	78,800	30,689*	47,633†	6,646	1,79,372	52,345	3,23,713‡	3 15 11			13
	Total for 1891-92	3,304	77,612	46,176	49,156	5,871	1,76,660	64,031	3,43,014	4 6 6			12·9

NOTE.—Percentages in column 14 include boys in private institutions.
* According to Director of Public Instruction ... 39,601
† Ditto ditto ditto ... 46,651
‡ Ditto ditto ditto ... 3,42,877

Besides the pupils shown in the above tables, 9,745 attended private institutions, but the state of primary education in the division generally is deplorably backward.

The following comments made by the Commissioner are quoted:—

It will be observed that the cost of education per head of pupil is generally higher in the Sonthal Parganas than in any other district in the Division, and it is therefore satisfactory to notice that the percentage of boys at school is higher there than in the two adjoining districts of Bhagalpur and Purnea. Malda, as most like Bengal, is most forward. The backwardness of the interior of Bhagalpur, when considered with the zeal shown in the cause of education at head-quarters by two large zamindars, has always been a puzzle to me, and I am disposed to think Government might divert some of the Provincial revenues, now spent in the Sonthal Parganas, to bring the northern tracts of this Division more forward. The District Boards do all they can with the limited funds placed at their command.

As regards the expenditure of Municipalities on education, it is noticeable that in all districts, except Monghyr, the expenditure on high and middle education is greater than the expenditure on primary education, to which, except in

Monghyr, very inadequate assistance is given. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor regrets to notice that no attention appears to have been paid to the remarks made in the Resolution on last year's Report under this head.

The total number of girls under instruction was 4,594 against 4,264 in the previous year, showing an increase of 330 girls.

The percentage of Muhammadan pupils to the school population is, as observed in some other divisions likewise, higher than the percentage of the Muhammadan male population to the whole male population of the Division. The number of aboriginal pupils rose from 5,121 to 6,254, which is even higher than the number at school in 1890-91. The following figures relating to the Sonthal Parganas are of interest:—

Sonthal Parganas.

Of 5,759 aboriginal pupils in the Sonthal Parganas, 5,575 were Sonthals, 178 Paharias, 3 Dhangars, and 3 Kols. Of 170 schools for Sonthal education, stipends were given to 108 schools from the special Damin-i-koh grant of Rs. 7,500, called the Sonthal Education Fund, of which Rs. 6,419 only could be spent. Taking the population and the children of school-going age into consideration, there was one Sonthal in every 14·7 and one Paharia in every 52·7 at school.

Dispensaries and Hospitals.

20. The following table shows the working of the dispensaries and hospitals in the division:—

District.	Number of dispensaries.	Income from—					Daily average patients—		Ratio per cent. of out-door patients to total population.
		Government.	District Board.	Municipality.	Subscriptions.	Total.	In-patients.	Out-patients.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Monghyr	4	[illegible]	2,63[illegible]	5,050	3,6[illegible]8	11,47[illegible]	86·69	249·44	1·37
Bhagalpur	7	325	1,751	2,922	5,672	10,6[illegible]0	40·[illegible]2	228·25	1·25
Purnea	5	70	1,151	3,579	1,4[illegible]7	6,2[illegible]7	24·4[illegible]	96·[illegible]3	·65
Malda	4	106	600	1,738	4,3[illegible]4	6,788	17·45	165·0[illegible]	2·75
Sonthal Parganas ...	13	1,70[illegible]	......	2,856	8,341	1[illegible],905	21·4[illegible]*	109·43	2·45

* This does not include figures for Benagoria Dispensary.

In-door patients are far more numerous in Monghyr than elsewhere. The proportion of out-door patients to the total population was greatest in Malda and least in Purnea, where it is only ·65 per cent. A dispensary, however, in the latter district, which is maintained by the Darbhanga Raj, is not included in the foregoing statement. Next to Malda came the Sonthal Parganas, which are well provided with dispensaries, there being six public and seven private institutions. The Lady Dufferin Hospital at Bhagalpur is still maintained.

Local Self-Government Institutions.

21. The interest of the members of the District and Local Boards in their work does not appear to increase. The general apathy in this respect is illustrated by the following remarks taken from the Commissioner's report which refer to the Bhagalpur district:—

The proportion of attendance at meetings was worse than in the preceding year in all the Boards, and the number of meetings adjourned for want of a quorum is lamentable. At Banka alone does the Board attempt to do its duty. Of the District Board the Collector writes—

"One or two members may be depended upon to offer good advice, but the majority take the least possible interest in what goes on, and attend as few meetings as possible. The Committees of the Board continue to do useful work, but the work which the Chairman does not do is falling into the hands of a few members. This, I believe, is a feature of county work in England also. The difference lies in this—that occasionally a Board at Home will wake up and exert itself to understand and grapple with a big question, and in the intervals of these efforts members keep themselves informed by papers of what is being done. In Bengal the record of our business in English renders this impracticable to a large majority, and they drift on, content with the honour of a seat and an occasional journey to head quarters, connected often as much with private business as with a meeting. District officers, however, though disheartened with this apathy, can at least thank Boards generally for a large measure of trust in what is done in their name, and a few public-spirited men for excellent advice and work, done often at some sacrifice of private business and convenience."

Among the municipalities, those of Monghyr, Jamalpur, Deoghur and Sahebganj are well spoken of; the latter especially is making great progress under the lead of Mr. Savi.

State of public feeling.

22. In Bhagalpur there is a certain amount of religious antagonism between the Sunni and Shiah sects of the Muhammadans and between Hindus and Muhammadans. The cattle-killing question is less prominent here than further west. The district is visited by travelling preachers from time to time of both religions, but their preaching had during the year under review produced no considerable manifestation of public feeling.

The Collector of Purnea says that there is no public feeling in his district upon subjects of a general nature.

In the Sonthal Parganas the only matter on which the Deputy Commissioner observes the existence of much feeling is the system of cooly recruiting, which continues to excite bitter feeling among the people.

The Division as a whole is very peaceful. No newspaper is published in it, though presses exist in three districts; and the Calcutta papers have a very limited circulation among the more highly educated classes only.

Conduct of zamindars.

23. The Collector of Bhagalpur bears favourable testimony to the conduct of the zamindars of the district generally. In Sapaul and Madhipura, Maharaja Harbullab Narain Singh, C.I.E., the Banaili family, Babu Ganpat Singh, Babu Janardan Singh and other zamindars, gave alms or provided funds for relief works and earned thereby the thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor. The Raja of Barwari, the Panchgachia Zamindar and Babu Rash Behari Mandal, liberally postponed their rent demands. In Monghyr the Maharaja of Gidhour and the Raja of Khaira are reported to be always ready to co-operate with the district authorities. In Purnea the late Nawab Atta Hossein of Khajra was liberal and popular. But in some zamindaries in this district there are indications that the relations between landlord and tenant are somewhat strained. In the Sonthal Parganas the Raja of Pakour, the Zamindar of Moheshpur and the Ghatwals of Bamangaon and Sarath and Mr. Maling Grant are favourably spoken of.

Conclusion.

24. The Lieutenant-Governor desires to thank Mr. Quinn for his efficient administration of the division throughout the year. The Commissioner's report on the character of officers will be communicated to the Appointment Department. Among the Collectors, Messrs. Wace, Marindin and Carstairs, and among the other officers, Messrs. Duke, Wheeler, Smith and Babu Chandra Narain Singh have merited special mention.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE TRIENNIAL REPORT OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL ON THE WORKING OF THE VACCINATION DEPARTMENT DURING THE THREE YEARS 1890-91, 1891-92, AND 1892-93.

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT—SANITATION.

Calcutta, the 7th November 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 3391-S.

READ—

The Triennial Report of the Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal on the working of the Vaccination Department during the three years 1890-91, 1891-92, and 1892-93.

This is the second triennial report on the working of the Vaccination Department in Bengal, prepared under instructions contained in the Resolution of the Government of India, Home Department, No. 28-1579-95, dated 15th July 1887. It is submitted by Surgeon-Captain H. J. Dyson, Officiating Sanitary Commissioner, Bengal, in the absence, on furlough, of the permanent incumbent, Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Gregg. The latter officer was in charge of the Department during the whole period under review, and Surgeon-Captain Dyson therefore labours under the disadvantage of having to write a report on operations which were carried on in a province of which he had no previous knowledge, and during a period when he saw nothing of the working of the Department.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor regrets that he is again compelled to notice the great unpunctuality with which this report has been submitted, for it was due to Government on the 15th June, but was not received until the 10th October. The explanation given of this delay is that, under the arrangements recently introduced, the returns had for the first time to be submitted by Civil Surgeons and other officers new to the work, and that much difficulty was experienced in obtaining the correct figures. The Lieutenant-Governor is aware that there have been exceptional difficulties in collecting the materials for the present report, but he observes that in 1891 and 1892 also the report was submitted after the due date, though not so late as in the present case. His Honour must insist on future reports being submitted without fail on the due date, and desires that the Sanitary Commissioner will forward for his information the names of those officers who were responsible for the delay under notice.

Working of the new system.

3. In the closing paragraph of last year's Resolution, some account was given of the reorganization of the Vaccination Department, which was finally sanctioned by the Government of India in Home Department letter No. 64, dated 26th March 1892. It is therefore only necessary to say that the main feature of the scheme consisted in the transfer of the executive supervision of the work of vaccination to Civil Surgeons, who were appointed *ex-officio* Superintendents of Vaccination in their respective districts. The various other changes in the subordinate and inspecting staff involved in the scheme may be gathered from the statement below, which shows the strength of the working staff in each of the past three years. It is as yet too soon to come to a definite opinion on the success of these changes, but Dr. Dyson points out as a defect in the scheme that, while Civil Surgeons are unable to inspect the remote portions of their districts, the small number of three Deputy Sanitary Commissioners is insufficient to supplement their deficiencies in this respect. It is possible that some modifications of the original proposals may, eventually be required in this direction, but it seems too early yet to make any change: the Sanitary Commissioner is requested to pay special attention to this question, and to mention it in next year's report, unless he finds it necessary to make a definite recommendation in the meantime. Apart from this question, however, the increased number of operations that have been performed during the year may be fairly ascribed, in some measure at least, to the effect of the new scheme, the success or failure of which appears to depend largely on the energy or apathy of the Civil Surgeon of the district.

4. The strength of the supervising and operating staff during each of the three years under review is exhibited in the following statement:—

Strength of the establishment.

	Year.	Inspecting staff.						Operators.				
		Number of Superintendents.	Number of Deputy Superintendents.	Number o. Inspectors.	Number of Sub-Inspectors.	Number of Head Vaccinators.	Total number of Inspecting officers.	Vaccinators. Government or paid.	Vaccinators. Licensed.	Apprentices. Government or paid.	Apprentices. Licensed.	Total number of operators.
Calcutta	1890-91	1	1	4	...	2	8	38	...	4	...	42
	1891-92	1	1	4	...	2	8	31	...	7	...	38
	1892-93	1	1	4	...	2	8	31	...	4	...	35
Provincial rural areas ...	1890-91	6	13	115	...	13	147	107	1,631	10	594	2,342
	1891-92	6	13	119	...	13	151	92	1,641	9	696	2,438
	1892-93	46 and 3 D.S.Cs.	1	51	135	9	245	89	1,754	10	864	2,717
Mufassal Municipalities and Dispensaries.	1890-91	...	...	...	...	...	...	249	5	...	...	254
	1891-92	...	...	...	...	...	...	259	3	...	...	262
	1892-93	...	...	6	...	...	6	285	2	...	...	287
Total of above ...	1890-91	7	14	119	...	15	155	394	1,636	14	594	2,638
	1891-92	7	14	123	...	15	159	382	1,644	16	696	2,738
	1892-93	47 and 3 D.S.Cs.	2	61	135	11	259	405	1,756	14	864	3,039

The increase in the number of Superintendents and Sub-Inspectors and the decrease in that of Deputy Superintendents and Head Vaccinators in 1892-93 as compared with the two previous years is due to the changes in the Department described in the last paragraph.

5. The total number of vaccinations and the average number performed by each operator during the past three years have been as follows:—

Number of vaccinations.

Total number of vaccinations performed.					Average number of operations per man.				
1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Average of 1890-93.	Average of 1887-90.	1890-91	1891-92.	1892-93.	Average of 1890-93.	Average of 1887-90.
1,833,978	1,641,088	1,836,411	1,770,492	1,790,098	695	599	603	631	719

In last year's Resolution the Lieutenant-Governor expressed his opinion that none of the reasons given for the marked falling off in the number of operations were entirely satisfactory. The figures for the year under report confirm the opinion then expressed, for neither the material condition nor the health of the people have been much better in 1892-93 than in the year previous, yet the total number of operations during 1892-93 increased by 195,323. Whatever the cause of the falling off was in 1891-92, it would have been possible to hope that the recovery in the year under report would be permanent owing to the closer interest and more effective supervision that can now be exercised by Civil Surgeons, had it not been that this influence has been exerted in a very unequal manner in different districts. The statement in paragraph 5 of the report, which gives the number of operations in each district, shows great fluctuations from year to year in the same district, and extraordinary variations between districts believed to be not dissimilar in regard to population and general characteristics. The annual average of vaccinations, for instance, during the three years 1890-93 was in Jessore 26·6 per thousand of the population, and in the next district, Backergunge, only 16·3. Saran, again, has 26·7 and Champaran 17·5, and Pabna shows 34·8 to the 27·4 of Bogra.

6. The figures referred to above are those of total vaccinations in the past three years, embracing persons of all ages; but the Officiating Sanitary Commissioner has given a useful table showing for the year 1892-93, *i.e.*, since the reorganisation of the department was carried out, the extent to which the infants under one year of age were vaccinated in each district. The total number of infants of this age in the Province estimated to be available for vaccination in 1892-93 was 2,546,670, of whom 319,584, or 125·49 per mille, were successfully vaccinated. The Darjeeling and Lohardaga districts head the list with 544·73

Degree of protection afforded.

and 528·1 successful operations respectively, out of every thousand of the available infant population. Malda follows far behind with 397·76 per mille. At the bottom of the list we find Puri, Cuttack and the Chittagong Hill Tracts, with less than 10 per mille. The Officiating Sanitary Commissioner says in regard to those districts in which a falling off in the number of operations has occurred : "Generally speaking, it is to be ascribed to neglect or indifference on the part of the supervising officers. At all events, the excuse that is very generally made of paucity of subjects, in consequence of previous activity, cannot be accepted, for * * * * with the exception of Darjeeling, the Sonthal Parganas, Dacca, Nadia, Faridpur, and Tippera, in no district did the total number of vaccinations come up to the estimated number of infants available for vaccination." A further consideration of the figures gives ground for more general deductions, for it is clear that in districts inhabited by non-Aryan people the objection to vaccination is not strong, for with the exception of Malda the whole of the first eight districts answer to this description, while the well-known hostility of the Uriyas to vaccination is demonstrated by the fact that with the exception of Balasore all the districts of this Division, which are almost entirely Hindu, are quite at the bottom of the list.

7. In regard to the number of vaccinations per mille of total population during 1892-93, Bengal is far behind the other provinces of Upper India, for while the provincial average of Bengal is 25·14 per mille, the figures for the Punjab are 39·7, for Assam 39·18, and for the Central Provinces 36·49, the North-Western Provinces lagging behind with 23·79. The provincial reports, with the exception of that from the Central Provinces, do not afford statistics for a calculation of this kind in regard to the proportion of successful vaccinations per mille of infant population; but in the Central Provinces the ratio is more than six times as high as in Bengal, being 790·25 per mille as against 125·49.

Work of the vaccinators.

8. During the three years under review each paid vaccinator performed on an average 1,302 operations a year, and each licensed vaccinator 637, as compared with 1,578 and 671 respectively during the previous triennial period. The reason for the falling off in the average work of licensed vaccinators is said to be that there are now a larger number of apprentices employed, who, not being able to work as quickly as the more experienced men, reduce the general average. This may partially explain the fact, but there must be some further cause; for an examination of the figures shows that, even if the same number of apprentices had been employed in the earlier as in the later period, the number of operations remaining the same, the average work of each operator would still have been greater in the first triennial period. Dr. Dyson suggests, with some show of reason, that the difference between the average number of operations performed by a Government vaccinator and by a licensed vaccinator is due to the fact that the former operates free of charge in new areas where there is no difficulty in getting subjects, and there is no doubt that the fee of 2 annas charged by the licensed vaccinator is strongly resented by most of those from whom it is demanded, since they consider it the insult of spoliation added to the injury of unnecessary pain.

9. During the year 1892-93 an average of 1,172 operations was performed by each paid vaccinator, which is 130 less than the triennial average. The falling off is partially explained by the fact that the seven vaccinators appointed for the Chitagong Hills Tracts, which were only brought under the control of the Sanitary Commissioner in February 1893, were unable, owing to the strong opposition they experienced, to attain to a higher average than 62 operations each. The average during the same year for each licensed vaccinator was about half, viz., 615.

10. These figures compare very unfavourably with the statistics for other provinces, for whereas in Bengal in 1892-93 the number of operations performed by each vaccinator of whatever class averaged only 632, the figures elsewhere were as follows:—Punjab 2,747, Central Provinces 1,837, North-Western Provinces 1,349, and Assam 927. Furthermore, the number of vaccinators bore the following ratio to every 100,000 of the population in each of the provinces quoted:—Assam 3·8, Bengal 3·7, Central Provinces 2·4, North-Western Provinces 1·7 and Punjab 1·4. These figures seem to show that the vaccinators in

Bengal and Assam did less work, man for man, than those in any other province, and lead to the inference that the outturn of work tends to be in inverse ratio to the relative number of operators.

Cost of vaccination.

	A.	P.
Assam	1	6½
Punjab	1	9
Central Provinces	2	0
North-Western Provinces	2	7
Bombay	3	0
Burma	4	2

11. The average cost of each successful operation during the three years amounted to 1 anna 6 pies, which apparently compares well with the cost in the other Provinces in India, as shown in the margin; but it is to be feared that the comparison is illusory, since a large number of the vaccinators in Bengal, viz., no less than 1,756 out of 3,039, are licensed vaccinators, who are paid by fees taken from the people, while 878 others were unpaid apprentices, whose operations swell the total without any cost to the State: apprentices seem to be unknown in other provinces.

Comparison between the death-rate from small-pox in each district and the proportion of protection.

12. Four diagrams are given in the report to illustrate the death-rate from small pox in each district as compared with the proportion of the population protected by vaccina tion during the last seven years. They lead to no very convincing deductions, probably because the phenomena recorded do not extend over a sufficiently long period. Puri and Cuttack, which in each year are well in the forefront of the list showing deaths from small-pox, are respectively eleventh and eighth from the bottom as regards protection: in these districts, however, all statistics are obscured by the annual concourse of pilgrims at Puri. Darjeeling, on the other hand, which is best protected, in no year shows a death-rate of more than ·13 per mille of the population. It would be advisable in future to show the proportion of protection and the number of deaths from small-pox in one and the same diagram. In the present instance, moreover, the usefulness of the diagrams is much impaired by the fact that the districts are not shown in the same order in each.

Vaccination operations in Dacca Jail.

13. The Officiating Sanitary Commissioner, as requested by Government, comments at some length on the result of certain vaccination operations in Dacca Jail. It appears that 3,465 prisoners were vaccinated, of whom 1,667 had been previously inoculated, 1,445 had been previously vaccinated, 197 had had small-pox, and 156 were unprotected. At first 2,719 operations were successful, and as an experiment 2,032 prisoners were again vaccinated, with the result that 1,303 cases took. Vaccination was also performed on 14 prisoners one month after their recovery from small-pox, with the result that six cases were successful. The Civil Surgeon of Dacca, in view of these results, suggests the necessity of frequent re-vaccination until susceptibility is stamped out. The gist of Dr. Dyson's reply is that if one attack of small-pox does not necessarily confer immunity from a second attack, it is only reasonable that it should not necessarily render impossible a subsequent successful vaccination: still less will one successful vaccination necessarily prevent a second successful vaccination. Dr. Dyson quotes instances and statistics, which show conclusively that re-vaccination at the age of puberty practically grants complete immunity from small-pox, and he draws the conclusion that even, if continuous vaccination is theoretically correct, it is neither practicable nor necessary. He finally recommends that all school children of over ten years of age, and all Government emlpoyés, should bear the mark of successful re-vaccination. The first suggestion is less practicable than the second, which is akin to one which was made by Dr. Gregg in 1890, and again by Dr. Dyson in 1893, to the effect that, under the Factories Act (XV of 1881), all persons employed in factories should bear a similar mark. The proposal was brought to the notice of the Government of India in the annual report on the working of the Factories Act, and is under the consideration of Government in the General Department.

Extent of vaccination.

14. Vaccination is now practised throughout the Province: it is compulsory in municipalities, but optional in rural areas, save in certain portions of Rangpur, Bhagalpur, the Sonthal Parganas and Tippera. The Officiating Sanitary Commissioner recommends that those sections of the Bengal Vaccination Act (V of 1880) should be introduced which, without rendering vaccination universally compulsory, make it punishable for individuals, who have been duly served with a notice, to refuse to undergo, or to allow their children to undergo, the

operation. But the Lieutenant-Governor, while he recognises that Bengal is lamentably backward in this as in other sanitary matters, and that nothing short of compulsion will bring vaccination up to what it ought to be according to European standards, hesitates to adopt a measure which, even in its modified shape, must excite opposition. Sir Antony MacDonnell is not prepared to force upon the people a general measure, the importance of which they do not yet recognise, and to which in many districts ancient prejudice renders them hostile: for the present the extension of the practice of vaccination must depend on the spread of intelligence and sanitary knowledge among the people, and the influence that can be exerted by the executive officials. It was chiefly with the object of strengthening this influence that the Department was lately reorganised and its supervision localized, and the Lieutenant-Governor prefers for the present to await the results.

Attitude of the people.

15. The attitude of the people towards vaccination is described by the Officiating Sanitary Commissioner as one of passive acceptance, but in nearly every district there are sections of the community who openly or covertly refuse to submit to it, objecting not so much to vaccination in itself, as to the use of human vaccinifers who are usually of low caste, and to the payment of vaccination fees The difficulty of realizing the fees, he says, is undermining the whole system of licensed vaccination in Bengal: it tends to make the vaccinators overcharge the unsuspecting, and leads them to operate only on those who can and will pay. On the other hand, he urges that the cost of free vaccination would be small, amounting in a district like Burdwan to some 600 or 700 rupees only, which the District Board could well afford, and as a matter of fact the District Board of Puri, in pursuance of Dr. Dyson's recommendations, have since the close of the year voted a sum of Rs. 850 for this purpose. The Lieutenant-Governor is well aware of the many claims that are made on the resources of the District Board, and is averse to local funds being unnecessarily drawn upon; but vaccination is a matter of the greatest public importance, and is one of the legitimate objects to which the District Fund may be applied, and he would therefore, speaking generally, have no objection to District Boards whose funds are in a flourishing condition making some donation for this purpose; but much will depend upon the manner in which this contribution is expended, and before the Lieutenant-Governor can express a confident opinion, he desires that the details of the suggestion should be worked out and separately submitted.

The supply of lymph.

16. Lymph was obtained during the year from the Calcutta and Darjeeling depôts. The former has been in existence since 1882; the latter was established in 1891. In last year's Resolution some account was given of the operations at the new depôt, and also of the process of preserving lymph by an admixture of lanoline. This system was successfully continued throughout the year, and lymph can now be preserved so as to remain active for long periods and under various changes of temperature. One of the main objects of the establishment of these depôts has thus been successfully achieved, but without largely increasing the number of depôts and the expenditure on them, it is impossible to attain the further object of supplying a sufficient quantity of lymph during the working season to enable arm-to-arm vaccination and its attendant evils to be entirely abandoned. To compass this object, Dr. Dyson suggests the introduction of the Punjab and Central Provinces plan of vaccination direct from the calf. Under this system a calf is first inoculated with lanoline lymph, and from this calf all the children of the village, as well as calves from neighbouring villages, are vaccinated These calves are returned to their own villages after vaccination, and when the lymph is ripe, a vaccinator proceeds to the village and vaccinates from the calves all the children as well as fresh calves from other villages. The operation causes the animals but little pain and no permanent injury, and as buffalo calves serve as well as cow calves, it is easy to avoid wounding any susceptibilities. Moreover, this system has this great advantage, that it obviates the sufferings to which arm-to-arm vaccination exposes the human vaccinifer, and removes the objections urged by some to vaccination from low caste, or possibly unhealthy, children. The introduction of the scheme has been sanctioned tentatively in twelve districts during the approaching cold weather. Since the close of the

year Dr. Dyson has been making experiments in goat and sheep vaccination, the results of which will shortly be reported.

17. The Officiating Sanitary Commissioner urges the necessity of putting a stop to unlicensed vaccination, which he says does great harm by engendering a false sense of security among the persons operated on, by creating discontent among the licensed operators, and by discrediting the whole system in consequence of the indifferent manner in which the operations are performed. The recommendation is not new, having been pressed upon Government in 1890 and again at the commencement of the present year, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is at one with his predecessors in thinking that it has yet to be shown that the evil has spread to any great extent, and that until this can be demonstrated there is no necessity to take any steps in the matter.

Prohibition of unlicensed vaccination.

18. The Lieutenant-Governor regrets to observe that the duty of inspection has been inadequately performed during the year under review. Surgeon-Captain Alcock, of the Metropolitan and Eastern Bengal Circle, visited 84 villages and inspected 1,952 operations; Surgeon-Major Waddell, of the Northern Bengal Circle, visited 233 villages and inspected 3,305 operations; while the numbers for Assistant Surgeon N. N. Gupta are 715 villages and 7,569 operations. Dr. Alcock's time is said to have been much taken up with sanitary work, while Dr. Waddell was in bad health throughout the season. The amount of inspection done by Civil Surgeons varied exceedingly from district to district, as was perhaps to be expected during the first year in which the reorganization of the Department took effect, but there can hardly be adequate excuse for the extent of the deficiency in some districts. The Civil Surgeon of the 24-Parganas made no inspections whatever, and those of Howrah, Burdwan, Nadia, Tippera, Shahabad and Palamau inspected the results of less than 500 operations. It is clear that these officers have overlooked the orders of Government that their visits of inspection to dispensaries should be utilised for the purpose of supervising vaccination operations also. On the other hand, Dr. Cobb of Dacca and Drs. Nicholson and Bovill of Patna, in spite of heavy duties in the station, managed to get through a creditable amount of vaccination inspection, and Sir Antony MacDonnell is gratified to find that in addition nine other Civil Surgeons, whose names will be duly noted, have been selected for special commendation for their efforts to promote vaccination. The inspection work done by the District Inspectors and the Sub-divisional Sub-Inspectors has in most cases been ridiculously inadequate. The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that the earnest attention of Civil Surgeons and their subordinate inspecting officers will be drawn to this matter, for he is convinced that in the absence of compulsory vaccination, which for reasons stated above he is not prepared at present to introduce, the success or failure of the operations depends to a very large extent on the personal interest taken in them by the local officers.

Inspections.

19. The Lieutenant-Governor has to thank Dr. Dyson for an interesting and suggestive report, as well as for the zeal and energy he has thrown into his work, both as Superintendent of Vaccination and Sanitary Commissioner, during his deputation to Bengal.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CONTRIBUTION MADE BY THE MAHARAJA OF DINAJPUR TOWARDS THE CONSTRUCTION OF A RESIDENCE FOR THE FEMALE DOCTOR ATTACHED TO THE WOMEN'S HOSPITAL IN THAT DISTRICT.

No. 3379Med., dated Calcutta, the 6th November 1893.

From—J. A. BOURDILLON, ESQ., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department,

To—The Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your memorandum No. 640Jct., dated 20th October 1893, forwarding for information a copy of a letter from the Magistrate of Dinajpur, reporting an act of liberality on the part of the Maharaja of Dinajpur in having defrayed the entire cost, amounting to Rs. 2,700, of the residence of the female doctor attached to the Women's Hospital in that district, and in having contributed the sum of Rs. 1,000 for the hospital building itself.

2. In reply, I am directed to request that you will be so good as to convey to the Maharaja the thanks of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor for his public spirit and liberality. The correspondence will be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 4th November, 1893.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.			
	BURDWAN DIVN.		
1	Burdwan Nov. 4, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—still hot in day, cooler at night. Prospects of *aman* rice crop continue good. Lands being prepared for *rabi* crops. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 12 to 14 per rupee. Kalna ... ... 9 to 13 per rupee. Katwa ... ... $14\frac{1}{16}$ per rupee. Raniganj ... ... $12\frac{1}{4}$ per rupee.
2	Bankura " 4, '93	Nil	Weather—generally fair. *Aman* paddy doing well. *Rabi* is being sown. Water and fodder sufficient. Common rice is selling at $15\frac{1}{4}$ seers per rupee at Sadar and 17 seers at Vishnupur.
3	Birbhum " 4, '93 Rampur Hát ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aus* paddy commenced. *Aman* looks well. Price of common rice 10 to 16 seers per rupee.
4	Midnapore " 4, '93	Nil	A little rain at Contai; none elsewhere. Weather clear and cold except in the middle of the day. Prospects of crops excellent except in a few small areas where it has been completely destroyed. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 per rupee. Contai ... ... 13 per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 13 per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 13 per rupee.
5	Hooghly " 4, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* paddy harvested. *Aman* paddy in ear, and doing well. Prospects of sugarcane good. Lands being prepared for *rabi* crop, and sowing has commenced in some places. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 12 per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 11 per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 12 per rupee.
6	Howrah " 4, '93 Ulubaria ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aus* harvest finished. *Aman* crop doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice 10 to 11 seers per rupee.
	PRESIDENCY DIVN.		
7	24-Parganas " 4, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops fair except in the Bankipur thana. Ploughing and sowing of *rabi* crops going on.
8	Nadia " 4, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—slightly cool in the morning, but hot during day. Prospects of crops fair. Water and fodder sufficient.
9	Khulna " 4, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—fine and cooler. Prospects of *aman* good. *Rabi* crops have been sown.
10	Jessore " 4, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of *aman* fair. Sowing of *rabi* crops going on. No cattle-disease. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Price of rice stationary.
11	Murshidabad " 4, '93	Nil	Weather—nights getting cool. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues, and that of indigo has commenced. Prospects of *aman* crop appear to be good. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Common rice selling at 12 seers per rupee.

Division	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong	Nov. 4, '93	0·03	Weather—seasonable. Early *aman* in ear. Prospects fair. Lands being ploughed for *rabi* crops. Prices steady. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	„ 4, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Lands are being ploughed for *rabi* crops. The average damage done to crops by the cyclone and inundation of the 22nd October is about 2 annas except in Companyganj, Hatia, and some parts of Sudharam, where the damage is estimated from 4 to 8 annas. Crops are maturing in some places. Price of rice stationary.
	14	Tippera	„ 4, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of *aman* good except in Brahmanbaria subdivision, from which extensive damage to crops by insects is reported.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	„ 3, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy during the first part of the week; foggy in the morning during the latter part; hot at noon throughout the week. Every indication of cold weather. Gathering of late *jum* paddy is nearly over and reaping of early plough-paddy has commenced here and there. Plough-paddy suffered a little from the storm of the 22nd October. Common rice sells at 8 seers per rupee. No cattle-disease reported.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca	„ 4, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy commenced. Prospects favourable. Sowing of mustard, *mug*, and *kalai* nearly finished. Common rice selling from 7 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder available with difficulty. No cattle-disease except in Narayanganj subdivision.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	„ 4, '93	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—bright and cool. On high grounds early *aman* harvest and sowing of winter crops continue. Outturn of rice on high lands fair, on low lands very poor. Rice 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder sufficient. No cattle-disease now.
	18	B.ckergunge	„ 4, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops fair. Common rice sells from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	„ 4, '93	0·81	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Common rice selling at 9 to $9\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient except in some places in the Kishorganj subdivision.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	„ 4, '93 ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cool. The prospects of the standing crops could not be better.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	„ 4, '93	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops reported to be good everywhere except in Boraigram thana. Steeping of jute going on. Condition of cattle good. Water and fodder-supply ample. Rice selling from $9\frac{1}{4}$ to 13 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Nilphamari Gaibanda Kurigaon	„ 4, '93	Nil Nil 0·05 Nil	Weather—cool. Prospects of *aman* and sugarcane good. Cultivation of *rabi* crops is proceeding. Average price of rice 10 seers per rupee.
	23	Bogra Sherpur Naukhila	„ 4, '93	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—fair. *Aman* progressing very favourably. Prospects of winter crops good. Common rice sells at $11\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	„ 4, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of *aman* good. *Khesari*, mustard, gram, hemp, and peas are being sown. Common rice selling at Rs. 4-4 to Rs. 4-10 per maund in the Sirajganj subdivision, and at $9\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee in the Pabna subdivision. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	„ 4, '93 ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable: bright and cool. *In the hills:—Aghani dhan* coming to perfection. Potatoes, *marua*, *kalai*, *toree*, peas, and *phaphur* progressing favourably. Lands being prepared for wheat and barley. *In the Terai:—Haimanti dhan* ripening. *Kalai* and *til* doing well. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 }
	26	Jalpaiguri	„ 4, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable: bright and cool. Prospects of *aman* good. Lands are being prepared for tobacco. *Bhadoi* rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. No cattle-disease. Fodder sufficient.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.				
BHAGALPUR DIVN.	27	Monghyr Nov. 4, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	Nil Nil 0·29	Weather—fair and seasonably cool. Prospects of winter rice very promising. *Rabi* sowing is being delayed in some places owing to the soil being too moist. *Kurthi*, indigo and sugarcane doing well. Cattle-disease towards Nawadih and Sikandra. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 15 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 12 to 14 } Jamui ... ... 14 }
	28	Bhagalpur " 4 '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of winter rice excellent. *Rabi* sowings going on. Common rice 15 seers 2 chitaks per rupee.
	29	Purnea " 4, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—fine, getting cold. Paddy very promising. *Kurthi* and sugarcane doing well. *Rabi* sowings progressing favourably. Fodder and water plentiful. Rice decidedly cheapening.
	30	Malda ...	...	Report not received.
	31	Sonthal Parganas " 4, '93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	Nil Nil Nil 0·03 Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Sometimes cloudy in the day. Rice and other standing crops doing well. Harvesting in progress in uplands. *Rabi* seeds still being sown. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
PATNA DIVISION.	32	Patna " 4, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapore ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—clear and getting cooler day by day. Prospects of paddy excellent and those of *rabi* equally good. Poppy sowing has commenced. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 17 } per rupee. Barh ... ... 13 } Bihar ... ... 17 } Dinapore ... ... 15½ }
	33	Gaya " 4, '93 Nawada ... Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—occasionally cloudy, but cool at night. Prospects of paddy crop good. *Rabi* sowings going on. Fodder and water-supply ample. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 14½ } per rupee. Aurangabad ... ... 14½ } Jahanabad ... ... 15 } Nawada ... ... 18 }
	34	Shahabad " 4, '93 Buxar ... Bhabua ... Sasaram ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of rice crop continue favourable. *Rabi* sowings in progress.
	35	Darbhanga " 4, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and getting cold. Prospects of winter rice continue good except in south-east of district where some damage was done by recent floods. *Rabi* sowings in progress. Planting of tobacco and *alua* finished in places. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Prices have slightly fallen.
	36	Muzaffarpur " 4, '93	Nil	Weather—fair. Rice crop doing well. *Rabi* sowings in progress. Cattle-disease prevails to some extent in some villages in the Bela outpost. Fodder and water abundant.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*				
PATNA DIVISION—*concld.*	37	Saran Nov. 4, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops very good. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Chapra ... ... 14 8 } per rupee. Siwan ... ... 15 8 } Gopalganj ... ... 16 2 }
	38	Champaran „ 4, '93	Nil	Weather—fine, but days warm. *Rabi* sowing in progress. Prospects of *aghani* good. Prices nearly stationary.
ORISSA.				
ORISSA DIVN.	39	Cuttack „ 4, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. All crops on the ground doing well. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 13 2 } per rupee. Jajpur ... ... 13 2 to 16 0 } Kendrapara ... ... 15 12 to 21 0 } Banki ... ... 15 12 }
	40	Puri „ 2, '93 Khurda ...	0·23 Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Sarad* thriving well. *Laghu* in ear and in places ripening. Miscellaneous crops doing well. General prospects good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 13 2 to 15 12 } per rupee. Khurda ... ... 11 0 to 17 1 }
	41	Balasore „ 4, '93	Nil	Cold weather seems to be setting in. Outturn of sugarcane estimated at 12 annas. Winter rice crop estimated at 14 annas in the Sadar subdivision and 12 annas in the Bhadrak subdivision. Price of coarse rice 18 to 19 seers per rupee.
CHOTA NAGPUR.				
South-West Frontier Agency.				
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN.	42	Hazaribagh Nov. 4, '93 Giridi ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops excellent. Common rice selling from 11 to 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	43	Lohardaga „ 4, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Sowing of mustard commenced. Common rice selling at 17 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
	44	Palamau „ 3, '93	Nil	Weather—slightly clouded during latter part of week. *Rabi* sowings continue. Prospects of all crops excellent. Rice selling at 12 seers 15 chitaks to 20 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply ample.
	45	Singhbhum „ 4, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy, cold at night. Crops doing well and are very satisfactory. Price of rice from 12 to 20 seers per rupee.
	46	Manbhum „ 4, '93 Gobindpur ...	Nil Nil	Weather—somewhat cloudy towards end of week. Crops are doing very well with the exception of those in the extreme *bohals* or low lands which have been somewhat damaged by the heavy rain. Prices easier. Common rice 11 to 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 7th November, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Division	Number.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*) Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL.			S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Burdwan Division.	1	Burdwan ...	13 4	13 5	12 10	...	...	...	10 0	9 6	9 0	13 4	12 12	10 8	...	...	...
	2	Bankura ...	14 8	14 8	12 8	...	...	...	9 6	10 0	9 4	13 14	12 5	11 4	..	...	...
	3	Birbhum ...	12 0	12 0	10 4	...	...	...	11 0	10 8	9 12	13 8	12 12	11 4	...	...	...
	4	Midnapore ...	11 0	11 0	11 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	9 8	15 10	12 3	10 10	...	...	...
	5	Hooghly ...	13 0	13 0	12 0	13 0	13 0	13 5	8 0	8 0	8 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
	6	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 4	8 14	8 14	11 8	11 4	11 13	...	...	...
Presidency Division.		Calcutta ...	12 4	12 0	11 1	16 7	16 6	15 3	7 2	7 1	8 0	9 8	9 8	10 14	18 2	18 4	15 5
	7	24-Parganas ...	13 4	13 4	11 4	16 0	16 0	16 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	11 8	10 12	11 0	...	...	...
	8	Nadia ...	14 3½	14 3½	11 13½	...	...	17 12¼	8 0	8 0	9 6¼	11 14	10 13	11 4¾	...	...	...
	9	Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	10 4	...	...	...
	10	Jessore ...	10 8	11 8	11 0	13 4	...	...	8 8	8 8	9 0	11 4	11 0	11 8	...	...	...
	11	Murshidabad ...	14 0	13 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	9 0	12 0	12 0	11 0	...	...	...
Chittagong Division.	12	Chittagong ...	10 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 0	9 0	10 12	10 0	11 8	...	...	...
	13	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 0	8 0	7 8	8 0 to 8 12	9 8	10 0	...	...	...
	14	Tippera ...	9 12	9 12	10 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	8 0	8 4	8 4	9 0	...	...	...
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	9 0	8 14	...	...	...
Dacca Division.	16	Dacca ...	13 0	13 0	...	16 0	16 0	...	8 0	7 0	7 8	9 0	9 12	9 0	...	...	...
	17	Faridpur ...	15 0	15 0	10 0	18 0	18 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	12 4	9 0	11 0	...	...	...
	18	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 0	8 6	8 6	10 0	...	...	...
	19	Mymensingh ...	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	6 0	8 8	8 8	7 0	...	...	...
Rajshahi Division.	20	Dinajpur ...	15 10	15 10	11 4	12 0	12 0	15 12	9 8	9 0	9 0	13 3	13 3	13 0	...	...	...
	21	Rajshahi ...	15 12	15 12	12 0	24 0	18 12	16 8	8 4	8 4	9 0	11 4	9 12	10 14	...	...	...
	22	Rangpur ...	14 0	13 8	11 8	14 0	...	...	8	7 8	8 0	11 0	10 2	11 0	...	...	...

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 10¾ seers, and Raniganj 10½ seers.
B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Contai 9 seers, Tamluk 10 seers, and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks.
E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Serampore (at Bhadreswar) 10½ seers and Jahanabad 10 seers 10 chitaks.
F At Ulubaria the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
G In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Chetla hát 11 seers 10 chitaks, Magra hát 10 seers 10 chitaks, Baduria 11 seers, Barasat 10 seers 10 chitaks.
H In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kushtia (Bahadurkhali) 10½ seers, Chuadanga 10 seers, Meherpur 11 seers, and Ranaghat 9 seers.
I In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Bagerhat 8 seers and Satkhira 10 seers 10 chitaks.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleuzine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Cha[…] Chhola, Kaba[…] or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	15 0
...	...	...	16 13	16 4	14 [illegible]
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	13 8
...	...	...	14 8	14 8	13 0
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	13 14
...	...	...	...	...	...
8 12	8 12	9 12	14 0	14 0	14 [illegible]
8 0	8 0	7 0	20 0	20 0	14 0
...	...	...	22 13	22 13	15 4
...	...	...	11 0	12 0	10 8
...	...	...	18 0	17 0	12 0
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	15 0
...	...	...	11 8	11 0	11 4
...	...	...	11 8	11 8	8 0
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	13 0	13 [illegible]	[illegible]
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	12 0
...	...	...	13 5	13 5	12 5
...	...	...	12 8	12 8	12 8
...	...	...	13 4	13 0	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	19 12	21 0	15 0
...	...	...	17 0	19 8	11 4

2198*b*

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 31st *October*, 1893.

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*) Present return.	Indian-corn Next preceding return.	Indian-corn Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus Indicus.*) Present return.	Arhar Next preceding return.	Arhar Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Firewood Next preceding return.	Firewood Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Salt Next preceding return.	Salt Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Wholesale Salt Next preceding return.	Wholesale Salt Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	Division
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	BENGAL.		
...	...	...	19 8	20 0	17 0	99 0	98 0	100 0	A 11 4	11 4	12 0	3 9 0	3 9 3	3 5 4½	Burdwan.	1	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	13 6	13 6	14 0	300 0	280 0	320 0	B 10 5	T 10-10.2	10 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Bankura.	2	
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	10 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	C 11 0	11 0	10 12	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 12 6	Birbhum.	3	
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	280 0	D 10 12	10 12	11 7	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 8 0	Midnapore.	4	
...	...	...	11 8	11 8	11 6	160 0	140 0	120 0	E 11 8	11 8	10 10	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	Hooghly.	5	
...	...	...	11 8	11 10	10 10	105 0	105 0	106 0	F 10 0	10 10	10 10⅜	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	Howrah.	6	
19 6	19 6	19 5	17 12	17 12	15 4	85 0	85 0	85 0	11 2	11 8	11 3	3 9 3	3 8 0	3 4 6	Calcutta.		Presidency Division.
16 0	16 0	18 0	20 0	19 0	17 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	G 10 8	11 0	11 0	3 9 0	3 8 0	3 5 0	24-Parganas.	7	
...	...	...	22 13½	22 13½	17 12½	128 0	128 0	...	H 9 13½	9 13½	10 10½	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Nadia.	8	
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	I 9 0	9 0	9 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	Khulna.	9	
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	15 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	J 10 0	10 0	9 2	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Jessore.	10	
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	K 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 8 0	3 7 6	3 7 0	Murshidabad.	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	80 0	80 0	110 0	L 10 0	9 8	9 8	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	Chittagong.	12	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	M 6 8	5 12	9 0	5 12 0	6 10 0	4 0 0	Noakhali.	13	
...	...	...	6 12	7 0	8 0	...	...	...	N 8 12	8 12	10 13½	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 12 0	Tippera.	14	
No. in 300	cobs. 300	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15	
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	...	120 0	140 0	120 0	O 9 4	9 4	9 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	3 10 0	Dacca.	16	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	13 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	P 10 4	10 4	10 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	Faridpur.	17	
10 0	Mug. 10 0	10 0	8 0	Musuri. 8 0	7 8	80 0	80 0	80 0	Q 9 4	9 4	10 10	4 8 0	4 4 0	3 10 0	Backergunge.	18	
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	R 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	Mymensingh.	19	
...	...	...	24 0	24 0	14 12	160 0	160 0	160 0	10 0	10 0	9 4	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Dinajpur.	20	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	20 10	20 13	16 10	240 0	240 0	240 0	S 9 9	9 9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 8	3 10 8	Rajshahi.	21	
...	...	...	11 4	11 4	10 0	50 0	50 0	80 0	T 10 0	9 9	10 0	4 0 0	4 5 0	4 0 0	Rangpur.	22	

J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jhenida 9¾ seers, Magura 9½ seers, Narail seers 10 chitaks, and Bangaon 10 seers 11 chitaks.
K In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jangipur 10½ seers and Kandi 10½ seers.
L At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
M At Fenny Hát the retail price of salt is 6½ seers per rupee.
N In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Chandpur 8 seers and Brahmanbaria 8 seers.
O In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madanganj 9¾ seers, Manikganj 8 seers, Mirkadim hát 9¾ seers, and Munshirhát 9¾ seers.
P In the Madaripur and Goalundo subdivisions the retail price of salt is 9½ seers per rupee.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 10½ seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 8 seers.
R In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jamalpur 9 seers, Kishorganj 8 seers, Netrokona 8 seers, and Kagmari 10 seers.
S In the Nator and Naogaon subdivisions the retail prices of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
T In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nilphamari 10 seers, Gaibanda 10 seers, and Kurigaon 8 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (Sorghum Vulgare). Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
BENGAL—*continued.*																
	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*															
23	Bogra ...	12 0	13 8	12 0	...	...	...	8 4	8 4	7 8	11 4	9 12	10 8	...	...	...
24	Pabna	16 8	17 4	13 8	21 0	22 8	...	6 0	6 0	6 12	12 0	10 8	12 0			...
25	Darjeeling	8 0	8 0	7 0	9 0	8 0	8 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
26	Jalpaiguri	13 0	13 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	7 8	7 8	6 0	10 0	11 0	10 0			...
BIHAR.																
	Bhagalpur Division.															
27	Monghyr ..	15 12 to 17 14	16 4	12 0 to 13 0	18 14 to 19 15	21 0	14 0 to 15 0	10 8	8 6	8 8 to 9 0	15 12	13 1	12 0	16 13	21 0	...
28	Bhagalpur ...	15 2	15 2	13 14	20 0	20 3	15 2	11 4	11 6	10 1	15 8	15 2	12 10	.	...	...
29	Purnea (Kasba)	16 0	16 0	11 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	9 0	18 0	12 0	13 0	.		...
30	Malda (English Bazar).	16 0	16 0	12 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 0	13 8	13 0	...	..	...
31	Sonthal Parganas.	13 8	12 8	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 0	14 4	14 8	10 0	...		...
	Patna Division.															
32	Patna ...	17 0 / 16 0	Red. 18 8 / White. 17* 0	15 0 / 14 0	22 0	25 0	20 0	11 0	10 8	10 0	18 0	16 8	15 0	...	24 0	26 0
33	Gaya ...	14 8	14 0	12 8	19 0	19 0	14 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	14 8	13 8	12 8	18 4	18 0	...
34	Shahabad ...	13 0	14 0	13 0	...	20 0	16 0	9 0	8 0	8 0	16 0	16 0	10 0	...	...	...
35	Darbhanga ...	15 8	15 0	11 8	18 10	19 0	15 6	12 0	12 0	11 0	16 8	16 0	15 6	...	...	...
36	Muzaffarpur ...	15 8	15 0	12 0	20 0	22 8	19 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	14 1½	13 0	12 0	...	..	...
37	Saran ...	15 0	16 0	13 0	21 0	18 0	16 8	11 8	11 0	8 0	14 8	13 0	12 12	...	...	...
38	Champaran ...	12 8	13 8	11 8	22 0	18 4	14 8	8 4	8 8	9 0	17 8	16 12	16 0	...	...	...
ORISSA.																
	Orissa Division.															
39	Cuttack ...	11 13	11 13	10 8	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	7 14	13 2	13 2	11 13	...	..	...
40	Puri ...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 1	13 0	13 0	13 2	..	.	...
41	Balasore ...	13 0	13 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	Old 16 0 / New. 18 0	16 0	18 0	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																
	Chota Nagpur Division.															
42	Hazaribagh ...	12 8	12 0	11 0	16 0	15 0	13 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	Old 10 8 to 12 0 / New 15 8	12 0	11 8	...	..	...
43	Lohardaga ...	12 0 / 8 0 to 10 0	Red. 11 0 / White. 7 0 to 9 0	10 0 / 7 8 to 9 0	16 0	12 0	10 0	12 0 to 13 0	11 0	10 0 to 12 0	14 0 to 17 0	14 0 to 16 0	14 0	...		...
44	Palamau ...	14 1	13 8	11 13	23 10	25 5	13 8	12 6	12 6	11 4	15 3	16 14	14 10	.	..	...
45	Singhbhum ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	8 0	11 0	16 0	14 0	14 0	...	..	...
46	Manbhum	14 8	13 8	11 12	...	...	...	9 8 to 10 0	9 0	8 8	12 0 to 16 0	11 0 to 12 0	12 0	...	...	...

U At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
V At Silliguri the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
W In the Jamui and Begusarai subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
X In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:— Banka 9 seers, Madhipura 8¾ seers, and Supaul 9 seers.
Y In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kishanganj 10 seers and Arraria 9 seers.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Deoghur 10½ seers, Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, and Rajmahal 9 seers.
a In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Barh 11 seers, Bihar 10 seers, and Dinapore 10 seers.
b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jahanabad 10 seers, Nawada 9 seers and Aurangabad 9¾ seers.
c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Buxar 10½ seers, Sasaram 10 seers, and Bhabhua 9 seers.

CALCUTTA

The 31st October, 1893.

…ERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	28 0	28 0	...
...	...	...	21 0	18 8	21 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	25 0	26 0	26 6
...	...	...	20 0	22 8	30 0
...	...	...	24 8	24 8	23 6
...	...	...	24 8	25 8	28 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	23 0	23 0	28 8
...	...	...	32 0	32 0	30 6
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet, (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	15 0	13 8	12 0
...	...	...	16 8	15 12	18 0
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11 0
...	...	...	16 0	14 0	13 0
14 11	14 11	14 8	22 0 to 24 2	24 2	16 0 to 17 0
...	...	...	20 0	20 3	15 2
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	13 0
...	13 0	13 0	15 0	14 8	14 0
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 4
20 0	20 0	25 0	28 0	27 0	21 0
16 4	14 8	17 0	19 0	19 0	16 0
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	16 0
16 9	19 8	15 6	22 0	19 0	15 6
...	...	...	21 0	22 8	18 0
18 0	17 0	16 0	23 0	21 0	18 0
...	...	...	22 0	21 8	15 8
...	...	...	(Kalai.) 20 5	20 5	17 1
...	...	...	17 2	17 2	...
...	...	...	(Chhola.) 13 0	13 0	12 0
			(Biri or kalai.) 17 0	17 0	13 0
...	...	...	15 8	16 0	13 0
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	11 0 to 13 0
...	...	...	20 4	21 15	11 6
...	...	...	12	12 0	12 0
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	14 12

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 31st October, 1893—(concluded).

Indian-corn or Maize (*Zea Mays*.) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus*.) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
															BENGAL—*continued*.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0	90 0	9 0	9 0	9 15	4 2 8	4 5 4	3 12 0	Bogra.	23	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*
...	...	...	22 8	22 8	17 4	200 0	200 0	200 0	U 9 12	9 12	9 12	3 13 6	3 12 0	3 10 0	Pabna.	24	
21 0	21 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	V 8 0	8 0	8 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	Darjeeling.	25	
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	11 0	160 0	200 0	200 0	9 8	9 8	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Jalpaiguri	26	
															BEHAR.		
21 0 to 23 1	22 9	23 0	23 9	22 0	15 0 to 16 0	126 0 to 148 0	126 0 to 168 0	160 0	W 9 15	10 0	10 8	3 11 0	4 4 0	3 7 0	Monghyr.	27	Bhagalpur Division.
24 8	24 0	24 0	20 3	21 7	16 6	150 0	151 8	176 12	X 10 1	10 1	10 11	3 13 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	Bhagalpur.	28	
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	13 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	Y 10 4	10 0	10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 5 0	Purnea (Kasba).	29	
25 0	20 0	...	12 0	12 0	...	160 0	160 0	120 0	9 0	8 0	10 0	...	5 0 0	3 12 0	Malda (English Bazar).	30	
20 0	21 0	22 0	23 0	23 0	13 4	130 0	120 0	200 0	Z 10 0	10 0	10 0	3 13 0	3 12 0	3 10 3	Sonthal Parganas.	31	
23 8	25 0	25	27 0	26 0	21 0	130 0	130 0	130 0	a 11 0	10 12	11 8	3 10 0	3 11 6	3 8 0	Patna.	32	Patna Division.
18 8	19 8	21 8	20 0	19 0	18 0	120 0	120 0	180 0	b 9 8	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 13 0	Gaya.	33	
20 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	17 0	140 0	140 0	160 0	c 10 8	10 8	11 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 11 0	Shahabad.	34	
20 14	21 0	25 5	22 0	24 0	17 0	176 0	176 0	176 0	d 11 0	10 0	10 4	3 5 0	3 10 0	3 13 6	Darbhanga.	35	
20 8	21 0	26 0	22 0	22 8	19 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	e 11 0	11 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 11 0	Muzaffarpur.	36	
22 12	23 8	23 0	22 8	23 8	19 0	200 0	200 0	180 0	f 10 0	10 0	10 8	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	Saran.	37	
21 8	23 8	25 8	21 4	21 4	16 8	180 0	180 0	160 0	g 10 0	10 4	10 8	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	Champaran.	38	
															ORISSA.		
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	15 12	80 0	80 0	80 0	h 10 12	10 12	11 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.	39	Orissa Division.
...	...	...	17 2	15 12	...	80 0	80 0	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 4 0	Puri.	40	
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 12	124 0	128 0	160 0	i 10 8	11 0	11 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	Balasore.	41	
															CHOTA NAGPUR.		
18 0	21 0	21 0	18 0	19 0	15 8	240 0	240 0	240 0	j 8 0	8 0	9 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	Hazaribagh.	42	Chota Nagpur Division.
20 0	22 0	20 0	Big. 13 0 Small. 20 0	Big. 12 0 Small. 21 0	Big. 10 8 Small. 15 0	160 0	140 0 to 160 0	140 0 to 160 0	9 6	9 4	9 8	4 4 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	Lohardaga.	43	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2½	8 7	9 4	...	...	...	Palamau.	44	
16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	128 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	Singbhum.	45	
23 0	20 0	21 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	k 9 2	10 0	10 10	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 10 0	Manbhum.	46	

d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Samastipur 10 seers and Madhubani 11 seers.
e In the Hajipur and Sitamarhi subdivisions the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
f In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Siwan 10½ seers and Gopalganj (Mirganj) 11 seers 6 chitaks.
g At Bettiah the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
h In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jajpur 9 seers, Kendrapara 9 seers and Banki 11 seers.
i At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
j At Giridih the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
k At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt

Number.	MARTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE COMMON.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	3 [illegible]	3 4 6	3 5 5	2 6 6	2 7 0	2 6 0	5 9 3	5 10 0	4 12 0	4 2 3	4 2 6	3 6 6
2	Sirajganj ...	[illegible] 0	3 0 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 8 0
3	Dacca ...	3 1 0	3 1 0	...	2 8 0	2 8 0	...	4 12 0	5 12 0	5 5 0	4 4 0	4 1 0	4 7 0
4	Narayanganj	[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	4 8 0
5	Chittagong	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	...	...	...	4 8 0	4 12 0	4 6 0	3 10 8	3 14 0	3 6 0
6	Patna ...	2 6 0 2 8 0	Red. 2 2 9 White. 2 6 0	2 10 6 2 12 6	1 13 0	1 9 6	2 0 0	3 10 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	2 3 6	2 7 0	2 10 [illegible]
7	Balasore ...	3 1 0	3 1 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	2 3 0	2 8 0	2 2 0
8	Puri ...	3 12 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 10 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0
9	Cuttack ...	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	5 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 6 0

CALCUTTA,
The 7th November, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND

…WAR OR CHOLUM. (…ghum *Vulgare*.)			BAJRA OR CUMBU. (*Pennisetum typhoideum*.)		
[Present return.]	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
…A.P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
…6	2 2 0	2 5 8	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...

OF 40 SEERS.

Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			Kangni or Kaku[illegible] Italian Millet. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. [illegible]
...	...	...	4 7 10	4 7 9	3 10 [illegible]
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 7 0	1 7 0	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 [illegible]
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

... the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 31*st October*, 1893.

GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE. (*Zea Mays.*)			ARHAR OR THUR, CADJAN PEA. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
13 0	2 13 0	2 8 4	2 1 0	2 1 0	1 13 0	2 4 0	2 4 0	2 5 6	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	3 9 3	3 8 0	3 4 6	Calcutta.
8 0	2 10 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6	0 6 6	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Sirajganj.
1 0	3 1 0	...	...	...	...	2 10 0	2 10 0	...	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	3 10 0	Dacca.
14 0	2 14 0	4 0 0	...	...	...	2 12 0	2 12 0	4 0 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	4 4 0	3 14 0	3 8 0	Narayanganj.
8 0	3 6 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	Chittagong.
7 0	1 7 9	1 14 6	1 11 6	1 9 6	1 9 6	1 7 9	1 8 9	1 14 6	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0	3 11 6	3 8 0	Patna.
13 0	2 13 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
5 0	2 5 0	...	...	...	...	2 5 0	2 8 0	...	...	...	...	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 4 0	Puri.
0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 4 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. — Air pressure: Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Air pressure: Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Air pressure: Variation from mean.	Wind: Prevailing direction.	Wind: Mean wind velocity.	Temperature: Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	30·020	29·975	—	N	161	87·7	29, 31 Oct. & 4th Nov.	70·6	31st Oct.	87·0	73·1	79·7
		Gopalpore	30·020	29·981	+·082	NWly	230	86·7	30th Oct.	65·1	1st Nov.	85·9	69·9	77·1
		False Point	30·017	29·980	+·080	Nly	154	85·9	29 & 31 ,,	67·5	3rd ,,	85·1	69·4	77·2
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·954	29·978	+·079	Calm	42*	87·2	29 to 31 ,, & 3rd Nov.	65·8	31st Oct.	87·0	68·7	77·9
	Balasore*	Balasore	29·984	29·988	+·079	Nly	72	86·4	30th Oct.	64·7	3 & 4 Nov.	85·4	66·6	76·0
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·899	29·998	+·079	NEly	43	87·3	30th ,, & 1st Nov.	65·2	2 & 3 ,,	86·3	66·8	76·5
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	30·017	29·984	+·071	Calm	38	85·6	29th Oct.	66·7	2 & 4 ,,	83·8	69·2	76·0
		Saugor Island	30·015	29·985	+·081	NEly & NWly	199	85·7	2nd Nov.	67·4	4th ,,	84·5	70·5	77·1
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar	29·987	29·983	+·072	Nly	72	86·3	29th Oct.	64·2	2nd ,,	85·4	68·2	76·7
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore	29·996	29·976	+·065	Nly	46	87·5	29th ,,	66·5	2 & 4 ,,	85·8	68·8	77·3
	Burdwan	Burdwan	?	?	?	NE	41	88·1	31st ,,	67·2	2nd ,,	85·2	69·6	77·4
		Raniganj	29·720	30·013	+·086	Calm	33	?	?	65·0	29th & 2 & 3 Nov.	?	67·2	?
	Bankura	Bankura	29·740	29·998	+·081	Calm	27	85·1	29 to 31 ,,	65·7	3rd ,,	84·6	67·2	75·9
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	29·974	29·991	+·060	NW	45	84·6	29 to 31 ,,	68·2	3rd ,,	83·7	70·2	77·0
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	29·979	29·975	+·062	Calm	20	86·1	29 & 31 ,,	64·8	3rd ,,	85·2	67·2	76·3
	Bogra	Bogra	29·959	29·974	+·078	Nly	28	85·7	29th ,,	63·2	1 & 3 ,,	84·5	66·1	75·3
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·956	29·976	+·066	NNE	88	85·1	29th ,,	66·7	3rd ,,	84·0	68·3	76·2
	Malda	Malda	29·963	29·997	—	NW	55	85·6	1st Nov.	64·5	1st ,,	84·4	67·0	75·7
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·921	30·002	+·075	NE	28	83·6	30 & 31 Oct.	63·3	1st ,,	85·0	66·0	75·6
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·921	30·003	+·058	NEly	38	85·8	29 to 31 ,, & 4th Nov.	62·7	1st ,,	85·2	65·1	75·1
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·785	30·031	+·088	Calm & NW.	34*	85·4	29 & 30 Oct.	61·6	31st Oct. & 1 & 2 Nov.	84·5	63·0	73·8
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	23·108	—	+·050	NEly	62*	58·1	29th ,,	42·2	4th ,,	56·3	43·3	49·8
	Sikkim	Gnatong	18·971	—	—	ESE	43*	42·9	4th Nov.	23·1	31st Oct.	40·3	24·5	32·2
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·934	29·969	+·068	NE	12	85·7	29, 31 Oct. 3, 4 Nov.	67·1	2nd Nov.	85·4	70·0	77·7
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri						Observations not received.						
	Backergunge	Barisal	29·993	29·951	+·069	Calm	41	86·8	30 & 31 Oct.	66·9	3rd ,,	85·9	70·1	78·0
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29·954	29·944	+·061	NEly		85·5	1st Nov.	63·0	1st ,,	83·5	69·3	76·5
	Faridpur	Faridpur	29·990	29·984	+·072	Variable	17*	86·0	29th Oct.	65·9	2nd ,,	84·6	70·0	77·3
	Dacca	Dacca	29·995	29·965	+·061	NEly	74	87·6	29 to 31 ,,	66·2	2nd ,,	86·8	69·4	78·1
	Tippera	Comilla	29·975	29·959	+·063	Nly	46*	87·5	4th Nov.	65·8	2nd ,,	86·3	69·2	77·8
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·964	29·975	+·069	NEly	44*	86·2	29th Oct.	65·1	3rd ,,	84·4	67·4	76·0
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·929	30·011	+·072	Calm	4	85·2	29th ,,	64·3	1st ,,	83·6	66·4	75·0
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·880	29·998	+·070	Calm	7	85·7	29th ,,	64·0	1st ,,	84·3	65·6	75·0
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·890	30·014	+·068	Calm & NW	30	83·9	29 to 31 ,,	67·2	3 & 4 ,,	83·1	68·2	75·7
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·876	30·013	—	Calm & WNW	28	83·7	31st ,,	64·3	1 & 4 ,,	85·3	65·4	73·9
	Champaran	Motihari	29·814	30·002	+·076	WSW	57	84·2	29 to 31 ,,	61·8	2 to 4 ,,	83·5	63·2	73·4
	Saran	Chapra	29·880	30·020	+·104	Variable	39	84·3	29 & 31 ,,	64·1	1st ,,	83·7	65·2	74·5
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·718	30·034	+·086	SWly	90	84·3	2nd Nov.	62·0	4th ,,	83·4	64·1	73·8
		Buxar	29·817	30·018	+·072	Calm & Sly	41	84·6	29, 30 Oct. 1 & 2 Nov.	63·9	31st Oct. & 1st Nov.	84·2	65·4	74·8
		Arrah	29·864	30·011	+·084	Variable	18	85·8	29th Oct. & 2nd Nov.	62·5	4th ,,	83·4	64·4	74·9
	Gaya	Gaya	29·686	30·026	+·081	Variable	122	85·9	30 & 31 Oct.	62·7	3rd ,,	85·0	64·3	74·7
	Patna	Bankipore	29·874	30·015	+·063	SWly	38	83·5	30 & 31 ,,	66·3	31st Oct. & 1st Nov.	82·9	66·8	74·9
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·547	30·008	+·081	NWly	12	85·1	29th ,,	63·5	2nd ,,	83·0	65·6	74·3
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	28·014	30·010	+·060	Variable	98	80·2	30th ,,	59·2	3rd ,,	78·6	60·6	69·6
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·884	30·000	+·059	Variable	71	80·0	30th ,,	60·5	29 & 31 Oct.	77·4	61·5	69·5
	Palamau	Daltonganj												
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	29·267	29·993	+·077	Calm	4?	86·4	30 & 31 ,,	61·6	1st Nov.	85·3	63·2	74·3
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·772	30·072	+·095	NE		83·6	30th ,,	62·3	3rd ,,	81·0	63·9	72·5
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29·934	30·007	+·053	NE	133*	?	?	63·9	1 & 4 ,,	?	65·0	?
	Cachar	Silchar	29·933	29·990	+·079	Calm		89·5	30th ,, & 3rd Nov.	63·4	4th ,,	87·9	67·0	[illegible]

* Mean of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period ...
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by ...
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional stations ...
district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is ...

for the week ending Saturday, the 4th of November 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. Of week. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Since 16th October 1893. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	District.
—	76·6	74	1·6	Nil	0·01	1·50	0·00	1·33	0·01	1·08	—1·07		4·95		Puri.
—0·8	73·9	79	2·3	Nil											
—1·0	76·5	83	3·3	0·05											
—1·2	75·1	73	1·3	Nil	Nil	0·76	0·00	1·11	Nil	0·48	—0·48	4·12	3·10	+1·02	Cuttack.
—0·3	73·1	86	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·73	0·00	0·86	Nil	0·39	—0·39		2·28		Balasore.
+0·2	72·5	78	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·48	0·00	0·60	Nil	0·23	—0·23	3·29	3·13	+0·16	Midnapore.
—0·6	75·3	79	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·53	0·00	0·70	Nil	0·25	—0·25	2·42	2·87	—0·45	24-Parganas.
—0·5	76·1	84	2·3	Nil											
					Nil	0·43	0·00	0·66	Nil	0·18	—0·18		1·86		Howrah.
					Nil	0·35	0·00	0·55	Nil	0·14	—0·14		2·10		Hooghly.
+0·2	75·6	77	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·27	0·00	0·43	Nil	0·11	—0·11		1·88		Nadia.
					Nil	0·42	0·00	0·64	Nil	0·23	—0·23	2·15	2·66	—0·51	Khulna.
—1·0	75·3	86	0·7	Nil	Nil	0·47	0·00	0·66	Nil	0·23	—0·23	0·83	2·31	—1·48	Jessore.
—0·3	74·6	77	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·34	0·00	0·41	Nil	0·18	—0·18	1·99	1·95	+0·04	Burdwan.
?	72·7	79	0·4	Nil											
—0·9	73·7	73	1·7	Nil	Nil	0·23	0·00	0·39	Nil	0·18	—0·18	2·23	1·82	+0·41	Bankura.
					Nil	0·20	0·00	0·22	Nil	0·07	—0·07	1·76	1·70	+0·06	Birbhum.
—0·2	73·8	86	3·1	Nil	Nil	0·20	0·00	0·26	Nil	0·06	—0·05		1·87		Murshidabad.
+0·7	73·8	88	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·20	0·00	0·50	Nil	0·11	—0·11	2·97	2·23	+0·74	Pabna.
—0·1	73·6	86	0	Nil	Nil	0·11	0·00	0·24	Nil	0·06	—0·06	4·01	1·77	+2·24	Bogra.
+1·8	74·9	83	1·7	Nil	Nil	0·16	0·00	0·29	Nil	0·06	—0·06	2·73	1·45	+1·28	Rajshahi.
—	74·0	84	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·42	0·00	0·18	Nil	0·03	—0·03	3·13	1·31	+1·82	Malda.
+1·1	72·9	80	0	Nil	Nil	0·11	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·01	—0·01	2·81	1·25	+1·56	Dinajpur.
+0·7	72·7	86	0	Nil	Nil	0·16	0·00	0.16	Nil	0·01	—0·01	1·79	2·02	—0·23	Rangpur.
+0·3	70·8	74	2·1	Nil	Nil	0·44	0·00	0·25	Nil	0·02	—0·02	2·70	2·94	—0·24	Jalpaiguri.
—1·1	60·4	74	1·9	Nil	Nil	0·15	0·00	0·21	Nil	0·06	—0·06	3·65	1·73	+1·86	Kuch Bihar.
					Nil	0·45	0·00	0·26	Nil	0·06	—0·06		2·41		Darjeeling.
—	34·1	83	0	0·43											Gnatong.
—0·2	74·5	92	5·1	0·03		1·25		0·90		0·99			3·58		Chittagong.
					Nil	1·11	0·00	0·90	Nil	0·93	—0·93	5·31	2·99	+2·32	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+1·4	77·8	82	0·9	Nil	Nil	1·11	0·00	0·92	Nil	0·92	—0·92		2·16		Backergunge.
—0·2	76·7	88	1·7	Nil	Nil	1·44	0·00	1·05	Nil	1·35	—1·35		3·27		Noakhali.
+0·9	76·3	87	0	Nil	Nil	0·35	0·00	0·59	Nil	0·20	—0·20		2·09		Faridpur.
—0·4	75·7	82*	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·59	0·00	0·70	Nil	0·36	—0·36	3·17	2·25	+0·92	Dacca.
—0·5	76·8	82	1·1	Nil	Nil	0·55	0·00	0·78	Nil	0·39	—0·39		2·21		Tippera.
—0·6	73·7	84	1·7	0·81		0·19		0·38		0·12			2·40		Mymensingh.
+0·5	71·2	89	0	Nil	Nil	0·40	0·00	0·24	Nil	0·03	—0·03	2·66	1·48	+1·18	Purnea.
+0·9	73·9	82	0·7	Nil	Nil	0·31	0·00	0·19	Nil	0·01	—0·01	2·49	1·29	+1·20	Bhagalpur.
+0·1	74·5	81	0	Nil	Nil	0·14	0·00	0·18	Nil	0·02	—0·02	5·89	0·91	+4·98	Darbhanga.
—	73·3	84	0	Nil	Nil	0·26	0·00	0·26	Nil	0·02	—0·02	7·64	1·02	+6·62	Muzaffarpur.
+1·3	71·6	86	0	Nil	Nil	0·21	0·00	0·22	Nil	0·02	—0·02	8·55	0·49	+7·06	Champaran.
0	74·8	75	0	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·00	0·13	Nil	0·00	0	5·55	0·76	+4·79	Saran.
—0·4	72·3	80	0	Nil											
—0·4	72·6	73	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·16	0·00	0·20	Nil	0·01	—0·01	5·34	1·10	+4·24	Shahabad.
+0·5	73·1	80	0	Nil											
—0·6	71·5	71	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·11	0·00	0·21	Nil	0·01	—0·01	2·46	0·82	+1·64	Gaya.
—0·9	74·0	74	0	Nil	Nil	0·14	0·00	0·20	Nil	0·01	—0·01	4·32	1·23	+3·09	Patna.
					Nil	0·26	0·00	0·22	Nil	0·00	0	1·71	1·31	+0·40	Monghyr.
+0·1	72·6	78	1·0	Nil	Nil	0·17	0·00	0·15	Nil	0·01	—0·01	2·43	1·47	+0·96	Sonthal Parganas.
—1·6	63·5	71	3·3	Nil	Nil	0·18	0·00	0·45	Nil	0·09	—0·09		1·00		Hazaribagh.
—0·5	67·6	73	3·3	Nil	Nil	0·24	0·00	0·40	Nil	0·12	—0·12	3·24	1·19	+2·05	Lohardaga.
					Nil	0·50	0·00	0·45	Nil	0·24	—0·24		1·51		Palamau.
—1·3	71·6	75	2·0	Nil	Nil	0·39	0·00	0·70	Nil	0·07	—0·07	0·76	1·57	—0·81	Singhbhum.
					Nil	0·13	0·00	0·26	Nil	0·05	—0·05	1·94	1·26	+0·68	Manbhum.
—0·9	67·6	96	1·1	Nil											
?	70·8	88	0	Nil											
0	74·1	83	4·3	Nil											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell,

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 4th of November 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 29th October.	Monday, 30th October.	Tuesday, 31st October.	Wednesday, 1st.	Thursday, 2nd.	Friday, 3rd.	Saturday, 4th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th Oct. 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th Oct. to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...										1·78		1·24		5·98
		Khurda ...										0·96		0·69		4·23
		Banpur ...										1·44		1·27		3·61
		False Point ...										1·83		1·13		6·03
		Gop ...										?		?		?
		Satpara ...										?		?		?
		Pipli ...										?		?		?
		Ranpur ...										?		?		?
		Kurmala ...										?		?		?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur										0·60		0·55		3·36
		Banki ...										0·58		0·45		2·22
		Cuttack ...										0·77		0·45		3·47
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·18	Nil	0·63	3·18	3·87
		Jajpur ...										0·46		0·34		2·46
		Dharmsala ...										?		?		?
		Salipore ...										?		?		?
		Pal Lahara ...										?		?		?
		Navagarh ...										?		?		?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...										?		?		?
		Chandbali ...										0·86		0·50		7·50
		Bhadrak ...										0·68		0·39		2·42
		Soro ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·05	4·56	0·27		2·11
		Balasore ...										1·02		0·72		3·26
		Jellasore ...										0·45		0·15		1·57
		Baripadah ...										0·40		0·29		1·75
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·84	Nil	0·54	4·77	5·06
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·61	Nil	0·18	2·65	3·05
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·38	Nil	0·14	3·38	2·77
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·04	4·25	1·01
		Kukrahaty ...										?		?		?
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·31	?
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Dantoon ...										?		?		?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·30	Nil	0·76	2·65	5·96
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·41	Nil	0·16	4·33	2·66
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·11	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·45	Nil	0·18	2·18	2·33
		Barrackpore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·34		0·18		1·73
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·36	Nil	0·13	2·74	2·45
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·33	Nil	0·11	1·67	2·39
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·55	Nil	0·22	1·11	2·41
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·41	Nil	0·12	2·52	2·28
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·45	Nil	0·25	2·20	1·42
		Uluberia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·81	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·38	Nil	0·13	3·07	2·18
		Hooghly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·24	Nil	0·11	2·07	1·98
		Jahanabad ...										0·43		0·18		2·18
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·41	Nil	0·10	1·15	1·60
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·22	Nil	0·12	2·07	1·41
		Chuadanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·28	Nil	0·08	0·79	1·99
		Meherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·05		1·88
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·24	Nil	0·12	1·37	2·57
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·41	Nil	0·13	2·24	2·31
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·55	Nil	0·42	3·20	3·35
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·30	Nil	0·14	1·00	2·33
		Nakipur ...										?		?		?
		Rampal ...										?		?		?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·49	Nil	0·34	0·80	5·49
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·65		0·20	0·57	2·60
		Jhenidah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·36	Ni	0·19	0·87	2·36
		Magura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·26	Nil	0·17	1·28	1·67
		Bangaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·60	Nil	0·25	0·61	2·42
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·94	Nil	0·28	2·40	2·34
		Burdwan ...										0·42		0·30		2·31
		Katwa ...										0·27		0·10		2·04
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19		0·05	1·63	1·58
		Mankur ...										?		?		?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·21	Nil	0·08	2·36	2·03
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·03	3·43	1·54
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·27	Nil	0·27	1·45	2·11
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·36	Nil	0·33	1·66	1·58
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·60	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·72	?
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·60	?
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·44	?
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·57	?
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·01	1·09	1·89
		Hetampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·15	1·87	1·18
		Rampur Hat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·32	Nil	0·05	2·32	2·04
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·30	?
		Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·69	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·03	1·25	1·21
		Berhampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·26	Nil	0·06	1·81	2·04
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·15	2·03	1·97
		Azimganj ...										0·28		0·04		1·89
		Jangipur ...										0·14		Nil		1·63
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·20	Nil	0·08	1·40	2·30
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	?
		Patkabari ...										?		?		?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·10	1·86	2·11
		Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·23	Nil	0·12	4·10	2·34
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil		0·24	Nil	0·13	4·45	2·12
		Nowkhilla ...										0·06		0·06		1·52
		Bogra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·05	2·87	2·00
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·98	1·46
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·22	Nil	0·06	2·42	1·09
		Naor ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·26	Nil	0·10	2·37	2·04
		Naugaon ...										0·01		0·01		0·63
		Lalpore ...										?		?		?
		Manda ...										?				?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 4th of November 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 29th October.	Monday, 30th October.	Tuesday, 31st October.	Wednesday, 1st.	Thursday, 2nd.	Friday, 3rd.	Saturday, 4th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·34	Nil	Nil	4·18	1·78
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·49	Nil	0·06	2·08	0·82
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·64	?
		Sibganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·80	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·17	0·94
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	3·58	0·71
		Raiganj ...										Nil		Nil		0·79
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·54	Nil	0·02	1·83	2·35
		Balurghat ...										Nil		Nil		1·46
		Thakurgaon ...										?		?		?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·30	Nil	0·01	3·03	2·31
		Rangpur ...										0·32		0·01		2·88
		Pirganj ...										?		?		?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	0·56	1·40
		Gobindganj ...										?		?		?
		Bakdigra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·32	1·46
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·61	?
		Sunderganj ...										?		?		?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·44	Nil	0·02	2·70	2·94
		Alipore Duar										?		?		?
		Fallacotta ...										?		?		?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·70	?
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta)										?		?		?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·03	2·52	1·88
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·45	Nil	0·14	4·73	1·87
		Mekliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03		0·03		1·68
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·03	3·83	1·69
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...										0·48		0·17		4·45
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5·69	0·61
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·31	Nil	0·05	5·47	4·23
		Kalimpong ...										0·01		0·01		0·35
		Kurseong ...										?		?		?
		Pedong ...										?		?		?
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·10	1·77	Nil	1·31	5·65	4·68
		Chittagong ...										0·72		0·67		2·45
		Kutubdia ...										?		?		?
		Satkania ...										?		?		?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenua ...										?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...										?		?		?
		Chandpur ...										?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·11	Nil	0·93	5·31	2·99
		Bundarban ...										?		?		?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·47	Nil	1·22	6·11	3·56
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·03	Nil	0·86	4·23	3·39
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·96	Nil	0·80	4·36	3·17
		Gournaddi ...										?		?		?
		Bhola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·99	Nil	0·79	4·68	2·50
		Daulatkhan ...										?		?		?
		Bauphal ...										?		?		?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·38	Nil	1·23	10·10	3·51
		Fenny ...										1·50		1·47		3·03
		Harishpore ...	...	...	0·03							?		?		?
		Ramganj ...										?		?		?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...										0·53		0·32		1·97
		Faridpur ...										0·31		0·15		2·26
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·29	Nil	0·14	1·45	2·04
	Dacca	Munshiganj ...										0·82		0·51		2·80
		Dacca ...										0·40		0·37		1·62
		Narayanganj...										0·80		0·34		2·51
		Manikganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·33	Nil	0·21	2·27	2·02
		Joydebpore ...										?		?		?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...										0·65		0·36		2·68
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...										0·52		0·49		1·85
		Chandpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·59	Nil	0·44	2·37	2·19
		Brahmanbaria										0·42		0·26		2·12
		Ramchandrapore ...										?		?		?
		Nasirnagar ...										?		?		?
		Daudkandi ...										?		?		?
		Kasba ...										?		?		?
		Laksham ...										?		?		?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...										0·25		0·17		1·75
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·24	Nil	0·14	1·65	2·54
		Mymensingh ...										0·31		0·22		2·70
		Jamalpur										0·13		0·04		2·63
		Netrakona ...										0·01		0·01		2·79
		Subornakhali										?		?		?
		Durgapore ...										?		?		?
		Sherepore Town										?		?		?
		Dewanganj ...										?		?		?
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·45	Nil	0·06	2·27	1·37
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·34	Nil	0·02	2·25	1·30
		Purnea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·40	Nil	0·01	3·46	1·77
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Barsoe ...										?		?		?
		Forbesganj ...										?		?		?
		Kaliaganj										?		?		?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·50	Nil	0·01	1·95	5·07
		Bongaon (Sujabad).										?		?		?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·29	Nil	0·01	3·29	1·12
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·02	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19		Nil		0·95
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·25	Nil	Nil	1·95	1·57
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·66	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	Nil	2·64	1·02
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·03	5·32	0·93
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	0·04	5·73	0·88
		Bahera ...										?		?		?
		Roshera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 4th of November 1893—*concld.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 29th October.	Monday, 30th October.	Tuesday, 31st October.	Wednesday, 1st.	Thursday, 2nd.	Friday, 3rd.	Saturday, 4th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
North Bihar—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·34	Nil	0·04	7·06	0·80
		Muzaffarpur										0·36		0·01		1·39
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	Nil	4·72	0·87
		Paru ...										?		?		?
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).										?		?		?
		Siuhar ...										?		?		?
		Pupri ...										?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·21	Nil	0·03	8·40	0·55
		Bettiah ...										0·20		0·01		0·41
		Bagaha ...										?		?		?
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·36	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...										Nil		Nil		0·19
		Siwan ...										0·09		Nil		1·19
		Ekma ...										?		?		?
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	Nil	4·23	1·01
		Sreepore ...										?		?		?
		Annuar ...										?		?		?
		Basantpur ...										?		?		?
South Bihar	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	Nil	8·47	1·13
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	5·31	0·74
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·26	Nil	Nil	4·06	1·08
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·24	Nil	0·01	5·60	1·34
		Arrah ...										0·16		0·01		1·06
		Mohanea ...										?		?		?
		Khiri ...										?		?		?
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·88	?
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·82	?
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Sikroul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·30	?
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·39	?
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·60	?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	Nil	3·37	[illegible]
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·01	1·53	[illegible]
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·01	2·00	[illegible]
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11		Nil		[illegible]
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·22	?
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·75	?
		Sherghati ...										?		?		?
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·68	?
		Pakri Barawan										?		?		?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	Nil	5·41	[illegible]
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	Nil	9·34	[illegible]
		Bihar ...										0·15		0·01		[illegible]
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·01	1·14	[illegible]
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·30	?
		Hilsa ...										?		?		?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·34	Nil	Nil	1·23	[illegible]
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·27	Nil	Nil	1·98	[illegible]
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	Nil	0·01	1·90	[illegible]
		Gogri ...										?		?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·12	?
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·85	?
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·39	Nil	Nil	3·52	[illegible]
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·20	Nil	Nil	2·32	[illegible]
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·78	[illegible]
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	Nil	0·02	1·17	[illegible]
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·25	Nil	0·04	1·63	[illegible]
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	3·15	[illegible]
		Belbodda ...										?		?		?
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·02	3·24	[illegible]
		Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·25	Nil	0·05	5·03	[illegible]
		Semtagurah ...										0·16		0·08		[illegible]
		Mahudi Hills										0·23		0·19		[illegible]
		Jhumra Hill										0·14		0·10		[illegible]
		Barhi ...										?		?		?
		Chatra ...										?		?		?
		Karagdeha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·61	?
		Ramgar ...										?		?		?
	Lohardaga	Lohardaga ...										0·08		Nil		[illegible]
		Ranchi ...										0·39		0·24		[illegible]
		Silli ...										?		?		?
		Palkot ...										?		?		?
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltanganj.)										0·50		0·24		[illegible]
		Balumath ...										?		?		?
		Husainabad										?		?		?
		Garhwa ...										?		?		?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·39	Nil	0·07	0·76	[illegible]
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Ghatsila ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Baharagura										?		?		[illegible]
		Gailkura ...										?		?		[illegible]
		Kalikapur ...										?		?		[illegible]
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·09	1·98	[illegible]
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·02	3·85	[illegible]
		Raghunathpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·07	[illegible]
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·02	[illegible]
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·48	[illegible]
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·52	[illegible]
		Pandra ...										?		?		[illegible]

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns [illegible] wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at le[illegible] ·1 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th November* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 4TH OF NOVEMBER 1893.

At the end of the previous week a depression in the east of the Bay was close to the Arakan coast between Diamond Island and Akyab, moving in a north-easterly direction. On the first day of the present week the area of lowest pressure was in Upper Burma, and as the disturbance had lost much of its severity in crossing the rough country near the coast it had practically ceased to affect the weather in the Bay or in Bengal except in East Bengal, where one or two light showers fell, and pressure was still below the normal. The rapid increase of pressure that had begun in the south of Arakan spread northwards, and the distribution underwent a material change. From being low in the east of the province, readings soon became highest in Assam and diminished steadily towards the south of the Bay. This arrangement continued throughout the week and was accompanied by fine settled weather, light northerly winds, and cloudless skies over the whole province. Temperature fell slowly from day to day and never differed much from the normal, being slightly above in some districts and slightly below in the others.

Within a day or two of pressure becoming lowest in the south of the Bay, unsettled conditions appeared both at the Burma stations and on the Madras coast. Wind velocity increased, and the sea was rough probably over the whole of the south of the Bay, but as pressure changes were small and irregular, there was no certainty that a storm had developed till towards the end of the week, when a low pressure area approached the South Madras coast. On the 4th November, the last day of the week, the centre of the depression was still at some distance from the coast. It passed inland near Cuddalore early on the morning of the 6th, and caused very stormy weather, especially between Madras and Cuddalore. Its influence was felt to a small extent over a wide area. The sky became overcast in Orissa, the Circars, and even in Lower Bengal, and probably over the whole Bay area, but the rough weather was confined to the south-west of the Bay.

Pressure fell slowly in Bengal on the first day of the week, but it soon recovered after the disturbance in the early part of the week broke up in Burma. Readings became very high, and the only subsequent changes were the small oscillations usual in settled weather. Means for the week are above the normal everywhere by amounts varying from ·06 inch to ·1 inch.

Temperature.—At the beginning of the week mean daily temperature was slightly above the normal in the central districts, and below in the east and west, in places by as much as 2°. After the northerly winds became prevalent a slow fall set in and comparatively cool weather was experienced over the whole province, but defect was nowhere large. Towards the end of the week temperature rose in the western districts, probably owing to the disturbing influence of the storm in the south-west of the Bay; excess, however, was rarely over 1°. The means for the large divisions are above the normal in North Bengal, East Bengal, and North Bihar, and below in other districts, the only difference of more than 1° being in Chota Nagpur.

Rainfall.—With the exception of one or two very light showers in East Bengal in the early part of the week, none has been reported.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 4th of November 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th May 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	87·7	64·7	86·1	69·2	77·7	−0·8	Nil	0·95	−0·95	0·00	1·07	−1·07	Nil	0·69	5·28	3·27
South-West Bengal ...	88·1	64·2	84·9	68·6	76·9	−0·4	Nil	0·36	−0·36	0·00	0·50	−0·50	Nil	0·17	1·98	2·24
North Bengal	86·1	61·6	84·7	66·1	75·4	+0·8	Nil	0·18	−0·18	0·00	0·21	−0·21	Nil	0·04	2·90	1·72
East Bengal	87·6	63·0	85·3	69·1	77·3	+0·1	0·09	0·70	−0·61	0·12	0·72	−0·60	Nil	0·54	4·08	2·63
North Bihar	85·7	61·8	83·9	65·7	74·8	+0·5	Nil	0·24	−0·24	0·00	0·20	−0·20	Nil	0·02	5·08	1·02
South Bihar	85·9	62·0	84·0	65·1	74·6	−0·3	Nil	0·17	−0·17	0·00	0·19	−0·19	Nil	0·01	3·33	1·23
Chota Nagpur	86·4	59·2	80·4	61·8	71·1	−1·1	Nil	0·23	−0·23	0·00	0·43	−0·43	Nil	0·10	3·14	1·13
Assam	89·5	62·3	84·5	65·3	75·0	−0·5										

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,

The 7th November 1893.

C. LITTLE,

Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract of the results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory in the month of October 1893.

	Inches.	Date.	Hour.
The mean pressure of the month	29·822		
The average pressure of October from 24 years' registers ...	29·832		
The highest pressure in the month	30·030	30th	10
The lowest pressure in the month	29·589	3rd	16
The range of pressure	0·441		
	Hours.		
The total number of hours of bright sunshine during the month	224·3		
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine ...	359·1		
	⊖		
The mean temperature of the month	80·1		
The average temperature of October from 24 years' registers	81·5		
The highest temperature in the month	90·2	3rd.	
The lowest temperature in the month	70·2	31st.	
The range of temperature during the month	20·0		
The mean daily range of temperature	11·4		
The greatest range of temperature in one day	13·7	24th.	
	Per cent.		
The mean humidity of the month	86		
The average humidity of October from 24 years' registers ...	79		
	Inches.		
The mean vapour tension of the month	0·877		
The average vapour tension of October from 9 years' registers ...	0·854		
The mean cloud proportion of the month	4·09		
The average cloud proportion of October from 16 years' registers	4·01		
The total rainfall of the month	7·34		
The total rainfall indicated by a Beckley's self-registering rain-gauge (mouth of the gauge about 52 feet above the ground)	6·98		
The average fall of October from 48 years' registers ...	5·61		
The greatest fall in 24 hours	2·12	12th.	
	Days.		
The number of rainy days in the month	11		
The average number of rainy days in October from 24 years' registers	10		
	⊖		
The mean maximum equilibrium temperature of solar radiation during the month	145·1		
The mean difference of sun and air temperatures	58·8		
The greatest sun temperature	153·3	15th.	
The greatest excess of sun over air temperature	66·7	7th.	
The mean temperature of the nocturnal radiation thermometer on woollen cloth	71·8		
The mean depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature at 4 feet above the ground	3·2		
The greatest depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature	5·4	30th.	
	Miles.		
The mean movement of the wind per day	53·6		
The greatest movement of the wind in one day	158·0	22nd.	
The greatest movement of the wind in one hour	12	16th and 22nd noon to 1 P.M.	

The number of hours with winds from each of the 8 points—

N. 145, N.E. 42, E. 55, S.E. 52, S. 41, S.W. 55, W. 69, N.W. 68, Calm 217.

The results of observations at the Alipore Observatory are not rigorously comparable with the registers of past years (at the Park Street Observatory). The barometer is about 3 feet higher at Alipore, and, other things being equal, reads therefore ·003 lower. The diurnal range of temperature is also greater at Alipore, and the mean temperature apparently about 0·8 ⊖ lower; and, finally, the thermometer which furnished the record of temperature at the Surveyor-General's Office during 20 years and upwards is found to read 0·6 higher than the Kew standard thermometer, which is the standard of reference at the present Observatory.

J. H. GILLILAND,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA;

Calcutta, the 6th November 1893.

Abstract of the Results of the Barometric and Thermometric Observations taken at 10 a.m. at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, in the month of October 1893.

		Date.
	Inches.	
The mean pressure at 10 A.M. during the month	29·888	
The mean temperature at 10 A.M. during the month	84·1°	
The highest temperature during the month	92·5	3rd.
The lowest temperature during the month	70·0	31st.
The absolute range of temperature during the month	22·5	
The mean daily range of temperature during the month ...	13·2	
The greatest range of temperature in one day during the month ...	15·2	1st.
	%	
The mean 10 A.M. humidity during the month	75	
	Inches.	
The mean 10 A.M. vapour tension during the month	8·76	
The total rainfall of the month	8·55	
The greatest fall in 24 hours	2·64	12th.
The number of rainy days in the month	9	

J. H. GILLILAND,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,

The 6th November 1893.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 29th October to 4th November 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrt.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
October ...	29th ...	29·947	78·7	85·9	14·4	71·5	82·6	75·3	·780	71·8	70	Nil.
,, ...	30th ...	30·032	78·1	85·3	14·5	70·8	82·0	74·5	·754	70·8	69	...
,, ...	31st ...	·001	77·5	84·9	14·9	70·0	82·6	74·5	·746	70·5	67	...
November ...	1st ...	·047	77·6	84·9	14·6	70·3	81·6	76·5	·846	74·2	79	...
,, ...	2nd ...	·082	75·4	84·9	19·0	65·9	82·4	75·5	·790	72·2	71	...
,, ...	3rd ...	·055	75·9	84·9	18·0	66·9	81·0	72·6	·690	68·2	65	...
,, ...	4th ...	·049	75·0	83·9	16·8	67·1	79·6	72·1	·688	68·1	68	...

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	30·030
The mean temperature of the seven days	76·9
The extreme variation of temperature	20·0
The maximum temperature	85·9
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	70
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 29th October to 4th November 1893 ...	Nil.

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

J. H. GILLILAND,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,

The 6th November 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 29th October to 4th November 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Oct.	29th	143·3	10·3	29·892	77·9	84·2	11·5	72·7	73·8	0·779	71·7	82	N by W and calm	65	Nil	Chiefly clear, ⌓.
„	30th	138·7	8·3	·965	77·1	84·2	13·3	70·9	73·3	·769	71·3	83	NNE and calm ...	20	„	Partially cloudy, ⌓.
„	31st	141·9	8·1	·953	76·5	83·7	13·5	70·2	72·1	·732	69·9	81	ENE and calm ...	23	„	Partially cloudy, ⌓.
Nov.	1st	139·0	9·8	·986	76·1	84·0	14·0	70·0	71·0	·691	68·2	78	ENE and calm ...	46	„	Morning partially cloudy; day and night clear, ⌓.
„	2nd	139·6	9·5	30·017	74·2	82·5	15·6	66·9	68·9	·637	65·8	77	N by W and calm	33	„	Chiefly clear, ⌓.
„	3rd	143·4	9·2	29·987	74·3	82·2	15·0	67·2	69·1	·643	66·1	75	WNW and calm	29	„	Chiefly cleard ⌓.
„	4th	137·5	5·8	·982	74·1	82·4	15·5	66·9	69·5	·661	66·9	79	ESE and calm ...	14	„	Partialy cloudy, o, ⌓.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·969
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·906
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	61·0
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	78·9
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	75·7
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	78·7
The extreme variation of temperature	17·3
The maximum temperature	84·2
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	8
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	79
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	74
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 29th October to 4th November 1893	Nil
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	0·37
The total fall from 1st January to 4th November 1893	85·20
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	64·70

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

⌓, dew; o, overcast.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 6th November 1893.

J. H. GILLILAND,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births: Number registered.	Births: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Cholera: Number registered.	Cholera: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox: Number registered.	Small-pox: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever: Number registered.	Fever: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa: Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury: Number registered.	Injury: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes: Number registered.	Other causes: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes: Number registered.	Total of all causes: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years: Number registered.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years: Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan ...	Burdwan	1,391,880	3,260	28·08	9	·07	5	·03	1,806	16·08	73	·60	48	·36	620	5·28	2,621	22·56	2,429	20·88	
	Bankura	1,069,668	2,683	30·09	1	·01	7	·07	1,020	11·40	26	·24	33	·36	389	4·32	1,426	16·44	1,568	17·52	
	Birbhum	797,833	2,071	31·08	3	·03	...	...	1,221	18·36	7	·09	34	·48	402	7·32	1,757	26·40	1,594	23·88	
	Midnapore	2,631,516	5,893	26·76	102	·36	21	·08	3,315	15·00	138	·60	118	·48	903	4·08	4,597	20·88	4,774	21·72	
	Hooghly including Serampore	1,076,710	2,730	30·36	44	·48	...	...	1,742	19·32	218	2·40	43	·36	521	5·76	2,568	28·56	2,107	23·40	
	Howrah	721,211	1,629	27·00	126	2·04	...	...	681	11·28	226	3·72	69	1·08	313	5·16	1,415	23·52	1,203	19·92	
Presidency ...	24-Parganas																				Return not received up to date.
	Nadia	1,644,108	6,732	49·08	32	·12	...	...	3,568	26·04	22	·12	122	·84	685	4·92	4,429	32·28	3,322	24·24	
	Jessore	1,888,827	5,184	32·88	37	·12	...	...	4,757	30·12	10	·06	124	·72	428	2·64	5,356	33·96	3,998	25·32	
	Murshidabad	1,250,946	4,930	47·28	56	·48	...	...	2,714	25·92	9	·08	95	·84	457	4·32	3,331	31·92	2,915	27·96	
	Khulna	1,177,652	2,884	29·28	22	·12	2	·01	1,763	17·88	4	·03	61	·60	513	5·16	2,365	24·00	2,386	21·24	
Rajshahi ...	Dinajpur	1,555,835	4,157	32·04	1	·007	1	·007	2,679	20·64	4	·02	100	·72	152	1·08	2,937	22·56	3,227	24·84	
	Rajshahi	1,313,336	3,161	28·80	88	·72	...	...	2,573	23·40	3	·02	89	·72	167	1·44	2,920	26·64	2,995	27·24	
	Rangpur	2,065,464	5,696	33·09	3	·01	1	·004	3,071	17·76	4	·01	47	·24	222	1·20	3,348	19·44	3,587	20·76	
	Bogra	817,494	1,969	28·80	...	...	15	·12	1,256	18·36	7	·09	62	·84	262	3·84	1,602	23·40	1,351	19·80	
	Pabna	1,362,392	3,871	34·08	42	·36	5	·03	1,977	17·40	27	·12	66	·48	171	1·44	2,288	20·04	2,284	20·04	
	Darjeeling*	223,314	Not under registration.		...	...	...	...	486	26·04	136	7·29	10	·48	151	8·04	783	42·00	502	26·88	
	Jalpaiguri																				Return not received up to date.
Dacca ...	Dacca	2,420,656	5,032	24·84	471	2·28	5	·02	2,771	13·68	176	·84	97	·48	753	3·72	4,273	21·12	2,906	14·40	
	Faridpur	1,797,320	3,716	24·72	1,860	12·36	6	·03	2,971	19·80	41	·24	97	·60	387	2·52	5,362	35·76	2,218	14·76	
	Backergunge	2,153,965	4,320	24·00	285	1·56	7	·03	2,930	16·32	38	·12	127	·60	1,002	5·52	4,389	24·36	3,898	21·60	
	Mymensingh	3,472,186	7,118	24·60	86	·24	25	·08	3,832	13·20	55	·12	119	·36	741	2·52	4,858	16·68	4,239	14·64	
Chittagong ...	Chittagong	1,290,167	3,119	28·92	7	·06	4	·03	1,941	18·00	46	·36	128	1·08	220	2·04	2,346	21·72	2,097	19·44	
	Noakhali	1,009,693	2,574	30·48	9	·09	4	·03	1,444	17·15	4	·03	77	·84	168	1·92	1,706	20·16	1,521	18·00	
	Tippera	1,782,935	3,267	21·93	11	·07	2	·01	1,985	13·32	7	·03	83	·48	304	2·04	2,392	16·08	2,183	14·64	
Patna ...	Patna	1,769,004	5,761	39·09	138	·84	3	·01	3,029	20·52	182	1·20	91	·60	1,204	8·16	4,647	31·44	5,328	36·12	
	Gaya	2,138,331	6,562	36·72	28	·12	31	·12	3,349	18·72	42	·12	151	·84	844	4·68	4,450	24·96	7,952	44·52	
	Shahabad	2,063,337	5,231	30·36	175	·96	12	·06	5,161	30·00	50	·24	132	·72	775	4·44	6,305	36·60	6,303	36·60	
	Muzaffarpur	2,711,445	8,106	35·76	25	·10	3	·01	4,488	19·80	80	·24	211	·84	962	4·20	5,769	25·44	6,086	26·88	
	Darbhanga	2,801,955	8,131	34·80	...	...	...	...	4,416	18·84	122	·48	176	·72	568	2·40	5,282	22·56	4,949	21·12	
	Saran	2,467,477	6,573	31·92	6	·02	1	·004	2,379	11·52	190	·84	164	·72	1,724	8·28	4,464	21·60	5,377	26·04	
	Champaran	1,858,465	5,101	32·88	...	...	2	·01	2,214	14·28	9	·04	143	·84	850	5·40	3,218	20·76	4,291	27·60	
Bhagalpur ...	Monghyr	2,036,021	7,508	44·16	72	·36	22	·12	3,477	20·40	29	·12	187	1·08	882	5·16	4,679	27·48	6,444	37·92	
	Bhagalpur	2,032,696	7,071	41·64	81	·36	40	·12	3,287	19·32	36	·12	97	·48	598	3·48	4,139	24·36	5,110	30·12	
	Purnea	1,944,658	3,967	24·36	5	·02	3	·01	2,403	14·76	5	·02	67	·36	84	·48	2,567	15·84	2,930	18·09	
	Malda	814,919	2,241	32·88	2	·02	...	...	1,529	22·44	...	...	41	·60	129	1·80	1,701	24·96	1,669	24·48	
	Sonthal Parganas																				Complete return not received up to date.
Orissa ...	Cuttack	1,937,671	4,278	26·40	193	1·08	60	·36	1,349	8·52	244	1·44	119	·72	766	4·68	2,771	17·16	3,163	19·56	
	Puri	944,998	2,388	30·24	93	1·08	80	·96	339	5·04	210	2·64	74	·84	808	10·20	1,664	21·12	1,571	19·92	
	Balasore	994,625	2,150	25·92	133	1·56	1	·01	764	9·12	235	2·76	74	·84	576	6·84	1,783	21·36	1,828	21·96	
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	1,164,321	3,768	38·76	2	·01	11	·10	1,837	18·84	39	·24	44	·36	318	3·24	2,242	23·04	3,323	34·20	
	Lohardaga	1,128,885	3,533	37·44	...	...	...	...	1,185	12·48	190	1·92	30	·24	689	7·32	2,094	22·20	2,902	30·84	
	Palamau	596,770	2,016	40·44	...	...	11	·12	987	19·80	6	·12	41	·72	264	5·28	1,309	26·28	1,858	37·32	
	Singhbhum	545,488	1,645	36·12	...	...	2	·03	594	12·96	16	·24	32	·60	123	2·64	767	16·80	810	17·76	
	Manbhum	1,193,328	2,663	27·72	3	·02	14	·12	1,278	12·84	33	·24	43	·36	304	3·00	1,677	16·80	2,097	21·09	
	Total ...	66,060,502	174,689	31·80	4,251	·72	406	·07	96,728	17·52	2,992	·48	3,771	·60	22,489	4·08	130,637	23·64	133,309	24·12	
Average of corresponding month of previous five years ...			Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		6,016	1·08	443	·07	99,221	18·00	3,976	·72	3,617	·60	20,027	3·60	133,309	24·12	...	...	
Difference + or —			......		−1,765	−·36	−37	Equal	−2,493	−·48	−984	−·24	+154	Equal.	+2,462	+·48	−2,663	−·48	...	...	

* *The registration of births in rural areas of the Darjeeling district was discontinued.*

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,
The 4th November 1893.

W. H. GREGG, *Surgeon-Lieut.-Col., Dip. Publ. Health, Camb.,*
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Vital Statistics of Towns in Bengal with a population of 20,000 and over during the month of September 1893.

DISTRICTS.		TOWNS.	Population under registration.	BIRTHS.		DEATHS.														Average of corresponding month of previous five years.		REMARKS.
						Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fever.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Injury.		Other causes.		Total of all causes.				
				Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan ...	1	Burdwan	34,477	83	28·80	...	...	...	...	92	31·92	24	8·28	2	·60	14	4·80	132	45·84	72	24·96	
Midnapore ...	2	Midnapore	32,264	80	29·64	3	1·08	...	...	62	23·04	16	5·88	2	·72	41	15·24	124	46·08	61	22·68	
Hooghly ...	3	Hooghly and Chinsura	33,060	97	35·16	6	2·16	...	...	44	15·96	26	9·36	1	·36	28	10·08	105	38·04	87	31·56	
	4	Serampore	35,952	89	29·64	9	3·00	...	...	39	13·00	60	19·92	4	1·32	21	6·84	193	64·32	108	36·00	
Howrah ...	5	Howrah	116,606	200	20·52	58	5·88	...	...	78	7·92	65	6·60	7	·72	34	3·48	242	24·84	144	14·76	
24-Parganas ...	6	Cossipore-Chitpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Return not received up to date.
	7	Maniktala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	8	Barnagore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	9	South Suburban ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	10	Khorda or South Barrackpore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	11	Naihati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	12	Nawabganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Nadia ...	13	Krishnagar	25,500	67	31·44	...	...	...	...	53	24·84	2	·84	2	·84	6	2·76	63	29·64	31	14·52	
	14	Santipur	30,437	104	40·92	...	...	...	...	71	27·96	2	·72	...	...	8	3·12	81	31·92	33	12·96	
Murshidabad	15	Murshidabad City ...	35,576	76	25·56	2	·60	...	...	128	43·08	6	1·92	...	...	5	1·68	141	47·52	102	34·32	
	16	Berhampore	23,515	51	25·92	3	1·44	...	...	50	25·44	1	·48	1	·48	7	3·48	62	31·56	47	23·88	
Rajshahi ...	17	Rampur Boalia ...	21,407	27	15·12	...	...	...	...	60	33·60	...	...	1	·48	3	1·68	64	35·76	61	34·08	
Pabna ...	18	Sirajganj	23,267	58	29·88	9	4·56	...	...	35	18·00	4	2·04	2	·96	3	1·44	53	27·24	30	15·36	
Dacca ...	19	Dacca	83,633	89	12·72	39	5·52	...	...	66	9·36	20	2·76	2	·24	41	5·88	168	24·00	129	18·48	
Chittagong ...	20	Chittagong	24,069	36	17·88	...	...	...	...	26	12·96	2	·96	3	1·44	4	1·92	35	17·40	25	12·36	
Patna	21	Patna City	165,192	449	32·52	46	3·24	1	·07	210	15·24	62	4·44	10	·72	140	10·08	469	33·96	338	24·48	
	22	Bihar	47,723	185	46·44	...	...	...	...	55	13·80	9	2·16	3	·72	38	9·48	105	26·40	128	32·16	
	23	Dinapore	44,419	122	32·88	6	1·56	...	...	69	18·60	5	1·32	3	·72	54	14·52	137	36·96	75	20·16	
Gaya ...	24	Gaya	80,383	232	34·56	8	1·08	...	...	178	26·52	...	...	4	·48	79	11·76	269	40·08	432	64·44	
Shahabad ...	25	Arrah	46,905	135	34·44	16	4·08	...	...	85	21·72	8	2·04	5	1·20	23	5·88	137	35·04	138	35·28	
	26	Sasaram	22,713	79	41·64	...	...	...	...	87	45·96	2	·96	1	·48	13	6·84	103	54·36	68	35·88	
Muzaffarpur	27	Muzaffarpur	49,192	161	39·24	7	1·68	...	...	78	18·96	14	3·36	3	·72	47	11·40	149	36·24	104	25·32	
	28	Hajipur	21,487	67	37·32	...	...	...	...	21	11·64	...	...	...	...	33	18·36	54	30·12	55	30·60	
Darbhanga ...	29	Darbhanga	73,561	176	28·68	...	...	...	...	93	15·12	43	6·96	2	·24	43	6·96	181	29·52	160	26·04	
Saran	30	Chapra	57,332	128	26·76	...	...	1	·12	45	9·36	12	2·40	6	1·20	37	7·68	101	21·12	167	34·92	
Champaran ...	31	Bettiah	22,780	71	37·32	...	...	...	...	23	12·00	2	·96	1	·48	16	8·40	42	22·08	58	30·48	
Monghyr ...	32	Monghyr	57,077	233	48·96	32	6·72	1	·12	116	24·36	19	3·96	4	·84	85	17·76	257	54·00	211	44·28	
Bhagalpur ...	33	Bhagalpur	69,106	239	41·40	7	1·20	1	·12	96	16·56	16	2·76	4	·60	60	10·32	184	31·92	178	30·84	
Cuttack ...	34	Cuttack	47,186	66	16·68	31	7·80	...	...	16	3·96	11	2·76	...	...	20	5·04	78	19·80	65	16·44	
Puri ...	35	Puri	28,794	46	19·08	...	...	...	...	24	9·96	34	14·16	2	·72	30	12·48	90	37·44	61	25·32	
Balasore ...	36	Balasore	20,775	43	24·72	...	...	...	...	7	3·96	7	3·96	1	·48	17	9·72	32	18·48	29	16·68	
Lohardaga ...	37	Ranchi	20,306	64	37·80	...	...	...	...	28	16·44	1	·48	...	...	10	5·88	39	23·04	37	21·84	
		Total ...	1,394,714	3,553	30·48	282	2·40	4	·02	2,095	18·09	473	3·96	76	·60	969	8·16	3,890	33·36	3,234	27·72	
		Average of the corresponding month of previous five years.	...	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		483	4·08	9	·07	1,425	12·24	366	3·12	60	·48	891	7·56	3,234	27·72	...	...	
		Difference + or — ...	...	...	...	—201	—1·68	—5	—·05	+670	+5·76	+107	+·84	+16	+·12	+69	+·60	+656	+5·64	...	...	

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,
The 4th November 1893.

W. H. GREGG, *Surgeon-Lieut.-Col., Dip. Publ. Health, Camb.,*
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Supplementary Vital Statistics of Districts and of Towns in Bengal for August 1893 received too late for publication with the figures of that month on the 29th September 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	BIRTHS. Number registered.	BIRTHS. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	DEATHS. Cholera. Number registered.	Cholera. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Small-pox. Number registered.	Small-pox. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Fever. Number registered.	Fever. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Number registered.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Injury. Number registered.	Injury. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Other causes. Number registered.	Other causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Total of all causes. Number registered.	Total of all causes. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Number registered.	Average of corresponding month of previous five years. Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Burdwan	Midnapore	2,631,516	6,966	*31·68*	246	*1·08*	27	*·12*	3,612	*16·44*	194	*·84*	140	*·60*	902	*4·08*	5,121	*23·28*	4,794	*21·84*
Presidency	24-Parganas	1,892,033	3,657	*23·16*	35	*·12*	2	*·01*	2,418	*15·48*	114	*·72*	172	*1·08*	326	*2·04*	3,007	*19·56*	2,763	*17·52*
Rajshahi	Darjeeling*	223,314	Not under registration.		1	*·04*	...	...	624	*33·48*	215	*11·52*	13	*·60*	194	*10·52*	1,047	*56·16*	614	*32·88*
	Jalpaiguri	681,352	2,227	*39·12*	9	*·12*	...	...	1,610	*28·32*	49	*·84*	29	*·48*	79	*1·32*	1,776	*31·20*	1,340	*23·52*
Patna	Shahabad	2,063,337	5,779	*33·60*	98	*·48*	9	*·04*	5,238	*30·48*	35	*·12*	138	*·72*	771	*4·44*	6,309	*36·60*	5,689	*33·00*
Orissa	Cuttack	1,937,671	5,515	*34·08*	874	*5·40*	138	*·84*	1,640	*10·08*	310	*1·80*	154	*·84*	955	*5·88*	4,071	*25·20*	4,119	*25·44*
	Total ...	9,429,223	24,144	*31·44*	1,263	*1·56*	176	*·19*	15,192	*19·32*	917	*1·08*	646	*·79*	3,227	*4·08*	21,421	*27·24*	19,319	*24·48*
	Total for the Province	70,388,083	206,133	*35·16*	3,857	*·60*	846	*·12*	115,448	*19·68*	3,496	*·48*	4,864	*·72*	26,281	*4·44*	154,792	*26·28*	135,833	*23·04*
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		13,479	*2·28*	623	*·09*	93,773	*15·96*	4,305	*·72*	4,271	*·72*	19,382	*3·24*	135,833	*23·04*	...	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−9,622	*−1·68*	+223	*+·03*	+21,675	*+3·72*	−809	*−·24*	+593	Equal	+6,899	*+1·20*	+18,959	*+3·24*	...	...
Districts.	*Towns.*																			
Midnapore	1 Midnapore	32,264	76	*28·20*	14	*5·16*	......	......	49	*18·12*	27	*9·96*	1	*·36*	17	*6·24*	108	*40·08*	57	*21·12*
24-Parganas ...	2 Cossipore-Chitpur	31,423	31	*11·76*	1	*·36*	......	......	31	*11·76*	8	*3·00*	......	......	9	*3·36*	49	*18·60*	61	*23·28*
	3 Maniktala	32,865	26	*9·48*	3	*1·08*	......	......	33	*12·00*	9	*3·24*	......	......	11	*3·96*	56	*20·40*	33	*14·04*
	4 Barnagore	34,278	46	*16·08*	2	*·60*	1	*·24*	41	*14·28*	8	*2·76*	......	......	16	*5·52*	68	*23·76*	61	*21·24*
	5 South Suburban	69,642	153	*26·28*	6	*·96*	......	......	112	*19·20*	19	*3·24*	3	*·48*	18	*3·00*	158	*27·12*	65	*11·16*
	6 Khorda or South Barrackpore.	35,647	26	*8·64*	......	......	......	......	63	*21·12*	4	*1·32*	......	......	2	*·60*	69	*23·16*	46	*15·48*
	7 Naihati	29,724	64	*25·80*	1	*·36*	......	......	42	*16·92*	5	*1·92*	1	*·36*	8	*3·12*	57	*22·92*	54	*21·72*
	8 Nawabganj	20,980	36	*20·52*	......	......	......	......	33	*20·52*	13	*7·32*	......	......	9	*5·04*	58	*33·12*	45	*25·68*
Shahabad... ...	9 Arrah	46,905	161	*41·16*	2	*·48*	......	......	136	*34·68*	13	*3·24*	7	*1·68*	33	*8·40*	191	*48·84*	118	*30·12*
	10 Sasaram	22,713	95	*50·16*	......	......	......	......	60	*31·68*	1	*·48*	2	*·96*	18	*9·48*	81	*42·72*	123	*64·92*
Cuttack	11 Cuttack	47,186	59	*15·00*	73	*18·48*	......	......	13	*3·24*	8	*1·92*	7	*1·68*	20	*5·04*	121	*30·72*	88	*22·32*
	TOTAL ...	403,617	773	*22·92*	102	*3·00*	1	*·02*	616	*18·24*	115	*3·36*	21	*·69*	161	*4·68*	1,016	*30·12*	751	*22·32*
	Total of all towns with a population of 20,000 and over.	1,649,273	3,927	*28·56*	409	*2·88*	5	*·03*	2,611	*18·96*	492	*3·48*	95	*·60*	1,068	*7·68*	4,680	*33·96*	3,759	*27·24*
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		696	*5·04*	23	*·12*	1,552	*11·28*	437	*3·12*	78	*·48*	973	*6·96*	3,759	*27·24*	......	......
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−287	*−2·16*	−18	*−·09*	+1,059	*+7·68*	+55	*+·36*	+17	*+·12*	+95	*+·72*	+921	*+6·72*	......	......

* The registration of births in rural areas of the Darjeeling district was discontinued.

OFFICE OF SANY. COMMR. FOR BENGAL,
The 4th November 1893.

W. H. GREGG, *Surgn.-Lieut.-Col., Dip. Publ. Health, Camb.,*
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th October 1893, *on* 1,610½ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*259,525	*2,86,704 6 0	19,84,072 29	5,18,076 14 0	14,945 5 0	8,19,726 9 0	74,130	93,651	[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	178 0 4	......	321 11 9	9 4 6	508 15 10	......	......	......
For previous 16½ weeks of half-year	4,619,804	48,30,080 0 0	3,84,27,791 30	83,08,251 7 0	2,37,561 6 0	1,33,75,892 13 0	1,234,541	1,572,956½	[illegible]
Total for 17½ weeks ...	4,879,329	51,16,784 6 0	4,04,11,864 10	88,26,328 5 0	2,52,506 11 0	1,41,95,619 6 0	1,308,671	1,666,607½	[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	270,357	3,17,688 6 5	22,94,654 20	5,64,848 5 11	19,042 2 6	9,01,578 14 10	74,230	91,393	[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	197 4 2	......	350 11 8	11 13 2	559 13 0	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 17½ weeks of previous year	4,417,057	44,99,285 6 4	3,86,44,670 0	85,67,572 9 5	2,82,169 9 9	1,33,49,027 9 6	1,282,200	1,577,184	[illegible]

* The decrease is chiefly in inward traffic with Foreign lines.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th October 1893, *on* 22¼ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*18,741	*4,555 7 0	6,469 10	251 1 0	30 0 0	4,836 8 0	894	74	[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	204 11 10	......	11 4 6	1 5 7	217 5 11	......	......	......
For previous 16½ weeks of half-year	280,313	68,630 1 0	1,44,757 0	4,553 12 0	366 0 0	73,548 13 0	14,463	1,253½	[illegible]
Total for 17½ weeks ...	299,054	73,185 8 0	1,51,226 10	4,803 13 0	396 0 0	78,385 5 0	15,357	1,327½	[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	21,372½	5,371 15 7	9,536 20	510 6 0	6 3 3	5,888 8 10	886	82	[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	241 7 0	......	22 15 0	0 4 6	264 10 6	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 17½ weeks of previous year ...	323,606	79,212 12 8	1,11,492 30	4,725 3 0	134 1 9	84,072 1 5	15,655	1,138	[illegible]

* The decrease is due to movement of pilgrims from Tarakessur.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th October 1893, *on* 161⅝ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*17,638	*13,747 2 0	48,106 10	7,246 11 0	40 0 0	21,033 13 0	6,163	2,910	[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	......	85 2 9	......	44 14 5	0 4 0	130 5 2	......	......	......
For previous 16½ weeks of half-year	318,981	2,27,428 2 0	8,81,895 0	1,19,987 14 0	589 0 0	3,48,005 0 0	100,025	45,995½	[illegible]
Total for 17½ weeks ...	336,619	2,41,175 4 0	9,30,001 10	1,27,234 9 0	629 0 0	3,69,038 13 0	106,188	48,905½	[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,932½	17,906 6 11	45,162 0	7,485 5 0	58 6 0	25,450 1 11	6,896	3,103	[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	......	110 15 1	......	46 6 1	0 5 9	157 10 11	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 17½ weeks of previous year	288,947	2,15,762 9 3	6,38,782 0	1,12,676 10 6	797 6 3	3,29,236 10 0	111,789	41,734	[illegible]

* The decrease is partly due to running of Special trains and partly in bookings from Umballa and Kalka.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 21st October 1893, on 778 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	174,650	86,620 0 0	9,12,490 0	2,01,080 0 0	16,670 0 0	3,04,370 0 0	28,884	41,476	70,360
Or per mile of railway	224	111 0 0	1,173 0	258 0 0	*2 0 0	*371 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 15 weeks of half-year†	2,495,175	11,03,925 0 0	1,28,17,185 0	25,05,058 0 0	2,50,139 0 0	38,58,122 0 0	429,434	488,632	918,066
Total for 16 weeks ...	2,669,825	11,89,545 0 0	1,37,29,675 0	27,06,138 0 0	2,66,809 0 0	41,62,492 0 0	458,318	530,108	988,426
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	133,345	68,164 0 0	8,20,818 0	2,13,852 0 0	17,562 0 0	2,99,578 0 0	28,700	43,068	71,768
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	172	88 0 0	1,056 0	275 0 0	*2 0 0	*365 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,459,098	10,53,693 0 0	1,14,90,878 0	27,20,744 0 0	2,68,100 0 0	40,42,537 0 0	440,767	589,342	1,030,109

* Excluding steamer earnings.
† Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 28th October 1893, on 777 miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	150,170	80,640 0 0	10,62,300 0	2,46,260 0 0	22,640 0 0	3,56,540 0 0	27,572	46,672	74,244
Or per mile of railway	193	104 0 0	1,365 0	316 0 0	†18 0 0	†438 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 16 weeks of half-year	2,669,825	11,89,545 0 0	1,37,29,765 0	27,06,138 0 0	2,66,809 0 0	41,62,492 0 0	458,318	530,108	988,426
Total for 17 weeks ...	2,819,995	12,70,185 0 0	1,47,91,975 0	29,52,398 0 0	2,96,449 0 0	45,19,032 0 0	485,890	576,780	1,062,670
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	182,387	94,954 0 0	9,89,355 0	2,27,620 0 0	25,533 0 0	3,48,107 0 0	27,775	42,603	70,378
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	233	122 0 0	1,273 0	293 0 0	†16 0 0	†431 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,641,485	11,48,647 0 0	1,24,80,233 0	29,48,364 0 0	2,93,633 0 0	43,96,644 0 0	468,542	631,945	1,100,487

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1883.
† Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 21st October 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	32,190	14,530 0 0	40,800 0	3,330 0 0	340 0 0	18,200 0 0	3,681	1,991	5,672
Or per mile of railway	258	116 0 0	326 0	27 0 0	3 0 0	146 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 15 weeks of half-year*	479,812	1,50,820 0 0	8,57,451 0	70,061 0 0	1,983 0 0	2,22,873 0 0	56,910	29,227	86,137
Total for 16 weeks ...	512,002	1,65,350 0 0	8,98,251 0	73,391 0 0	2,323 0 0	2,41,073 0 0	60,591	31,218	91,809
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	23,084	9,016 0 0	59,404 0	4,521 0 0	331 0 0	13,868 0 0	3,681	1,991	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	185	72 0 0	475 0	36 0 0	3 0 0	111 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	476,600	1,54,692 0 0	8,63,862 0	74,019 0 0	2,823 0 0	2,31,534 0 0	59,666	34,821	94,487

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 28th October 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	28,560	10,530 0 0	46,450 0	3,770 0 0	40 0 0	14,340 0 0	3,638	2,034	5,672
Or per mile of railway ...	228	84 0 0	372 0	30 0 0	1 0 0	115 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 16 weeks of half-year*	512,002	1,65,359 0 0	8,98,251 0	73,391 0 0	2,323 0 0	2,41,073 0 0	60,591	31,218	91,809
Total for 17 weeks ...	540,562	1,75,889 0 0	9,44,701 0	77,161 0 0	2,363 0 0	2,55,413 0 0	64,229	33,252	97,481
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	30,629	11,775 0 0	64,036 0	5,189 0 0	187 0 0	17,151 0 0	3,638	2,034	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	245	94 0 0	512 0	42 0 0	1 0 0	137 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	507,229	1,60,467 0 0	9,27,918 0	79,208 0 0	3,010 0 0	2,48,685 0 0	63,304	36,855	100,159

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 21st October 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	14,790	5,550 0 0	45,890 0	4,340 0 0	130 0 0	10,020 0 0	2,487	1,247	3,734
Or per mile of railway	172	65 0 0	534 0	50 0 0	2 0 0	117 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 15 weeks of half-year*	264,104	86,789 0 0	4,67,237 0	34,535 0 0	2,292 0 0	1,23,616 0 0	37,764	13,287	51,051
Total for 16 weeks ...	278,894	92,339 0 0	5,13,127 0	38,875 0 0	2,422 0 0	1,33,636 0 0	40,251	14,534	54,785
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	14,590	5,385 0 0	32,790 0	2,970 0 0	134 0 0	8,489 0 0	2,395	737	3,132
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	170	63 0 0	381 0	34 0 0	2 0 0	99 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	255,921	83,599 0 0	3,26,687 0	26,162 0 0	3,356 0 0	1,13,117 0 0	41,160	11,334	52,494

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 28th October 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	14,540	5,740 0 0	50,740 0	4,610 0 0	100 0 0	10,450 0 0	2,303	1,489	3,792
Or per mile of railway	169	67 0 0	590 0	54 0 0	1 0 0	122 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 16 weeks of half-year*	278,894	92,339 0 0	5,13,127 0	38,875 0 0	2,422 0 0	1,33,636 0 0	40,251	14,534	54,785
Total for 17 weeks ...	293,434	98,079 0 0	5,63,867 0	43,485 0 0	2,522 0 0	1,44,086 0 0	42,554	16,023	58,577
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	19,313	6,647 0 0	47,387 0	4,036 0 0	359 0 0	11,042 0 0	2,461	743	3,244
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	225	77 0 0	551 0	47 0 0	4 0 0	128 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	275,234	90,246 0 0	3,74,074 0	30,198 0 0	3,715 0 0	1,24,159 0 0	43,641	12,077	55,718

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 28th October 1893, *on* 756 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open	88,720	34,570	328,480	47,530	9,940	92,040	13,963	14,021	27,984
Or per mile of railway	117·35	45·73	434·50	62·87	13·15	121·75	......	......	......
For previous 15½ weeks of half-year (a)	1,418,370	5,45,995	3,673,257	4,74,902	1,38,242	11,59,139	250,215	207,241	457,456
Total for 16½ weeks ...	1,507,090	5,80,565	4,001,737	5,22,432	1,48,182	12,51,179	264,178	221,262	485,440
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 755 miles open	91,034	39,316	305,408	49,044	15,512	1,03,872	12,674	15,633	28,307
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	120·57	52·07	404·51	64·96	20·55	137·58	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,421,480	5,37,840	4,436,146	5,77,689	1,49,919	12,65,448	233,534	257,071	490,605

(a) Includes audited figures up to 16th September 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 21st October 1893	12,016	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	15,801	0	0
Decrease	3,785	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 21st October 1893	235	9	9
Corresponding period of 1892	309	13	1
Decrease	74	3	4
Receipts from 1st July to 21st October 1893	1,80,985	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	1,90,470	0	0
Decrease	9,485	0	0

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 28th October 1893	19,676	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	18,022	0	0
Increase	1,654	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 28th October 1893	385	12	8
Corresponding period of 1892	353	6	1
Increase	32	6	7
Receipts from 1st July to 28th October 1893	2,00,661	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	2,08,492	0	0
Decrease	7,831	0	0

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 8th November 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 46 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations under the provisions of the Indian Councils Acts, 1861 *and* 1892.

THE Council met at the Council Chamber on Saturday, the 11th November, 1893.

Present:

The HON'BLE SIR ANTONY PATRICK MACDONNELL, K.C.S.I., Offg. Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, *President.*
The HON'BLE T. T. ALLEN.
The HON'BLE H. J. S. COTTON, C.S.I.
The HON'BLE SIR JOHN LAMBERT, K.C.I.E.
The HON'BLE GONESH CHUNDER CHUNDER.
The HON'BLE D. R. LYALL, C.S.I.
The HON'BLE J. A. BOURDILLON.
The HON'BLE MAULVI ABDUL JUBBAR, KHAN BAHADUR.
The HON'BLE F. R. S. COLLIER.
The HON'BLE MAULVI SYED FAZL IMAM, KHAN BAHADUR.
The HON'BLE MAHARAJA RAVANESHWAR PROSAD SINGH BAHADUR OF GIDHOUR.
The HON'BLE SURENDRANATH BANERJEE.
The HON'BLE MAULVI SERAJUL ISLAM, KHAN BAHADUR.
The HON'BLE P. PLAYFAIR.
The HON'BLE J. G. WOMACK.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S TOUR CHARGES.

WITH reference to the question No. 1(*c*), asked on the 22nd July, 1893, by the HON'BLE W. C. BONNERJEE, regarding the cost per annum of making Darjeeling the summer head-quarters of the Bengal Government, the HON'BLE MR. BOURDILLON replied as follows :—

"I have now, in fulfilment of my promise of the 22nd July last, to reply that the annual cost since 1888-89 of making Darjeeling the summer head-quarters of the Bengal Government has been as follows:—

	Rs.
1888-89	30,158
1889-90	29,768
1890-91	29,780
1891-92	37,152
1892-93	37,792"

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE asked—

Will the Government state what further effect has been given to the recommendations of the Public Service Commission beyond what was stated by the HON'BLE MR. COTTON in his reply, given at the meeting of the Council held on the 22nd July last, (1) in connection with the appointment of natives of India to offices hitherto reserved for the Covenanted Civil Service; (2) in connection with the wider employment of natives of India in the higher grades of the Police Service?

The HON'BLE MR. COTTON replied:—

"Both questions referred to are under the consideration of Government."

NUMBER OF CERTAIN CLASSES OF PUBLIC SERVANTS.

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE asked—

Will the Government lay on the table a statement containing the following heads of information in regard to the following classes of public servants employed in the various offices in connection with the branches of administration under its control:—(1) the number of Natives of India in each office, (2) the number of Eurasians in each office, (3) the number of Europeans in each office; drawing monthly salaries as given below:—(*a*) from rupees two hundred to rupees four hundred, (*b*) from rupees four hundred to rupees eight hundred, (*c*) from rupees eight hundred to rupees one thousand, (*d*) from rupees one thousand to rupees fifteen hundred, (*e*) from rupees fifteen hundred to rupees two thousand, (*g*) from rupees two thousand to rupees three thousand, (*h*) from rupees three thousand to rupees four thousand?

The HON'BLE MR. COTTON replied:—

"The names of gazetted officers, European, Eurasian and pure Natives of India employed under the Government of Bengal, with the salary each officer receives, are given in the Bengal Quarterly Civil List, which is available to the public. To furnish similar information in regard to non-gazetted officers as well as the information contained in the Civil List in the form stated in the question would involve protracted enquiry and the entertainment of an extra establishment, the labour and cost of which the Government is not prepared to incur. But if the Hon'ble Member will restrict his enquiry to the Civil Service of India, the Provincial Civil Service and the Subordinate Civil Service in Bengal, so far as the number of Europeans, Eurasians and Natives of India is concerned, the information can be procured without much difficulty, and will be supplied."

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE said:—"I will be glad to have the information which is available."

HIS HONOUR THE PRESIDENT said:—"The information will be furnished."

HINDU RELIGIOUS ESTABLISHMENTS.

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE asked—

To ask Government whether it is not the case that Act XX of 1863 has proved a failure, and that the Trustees of Hindus Religious Establishments have brought about the extinction of some, and are grossly mismanaging the proceeds of others, and whether there is not great waste of temple funds which are controlled by Mohants all over the Province?

The HON'BLE MR. COTTON replied:—

"There is no recent official information before the Lieutenant-Governor which would justify his expressing an opinion on either portion of this question."

INCREMENTS TO OFFICERS OF THE EDUCATIONAL SERVICE.

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE asked—

Whether a circular was issued a few months ago by the Director of Public Instruction to the officers of the Education Department, stopping the increments to which they were entitled; (*b*) whether on the protest of some officers of the superior graded service the above circular was withdrawn as regards all such officers of that service, allowing them the increments to which they were entitled; (*c*) whether the same circular was kept in force as regards officers of the Subordinate Service, thus depriving them of the increments to which they were entitled, on the ground that a new scheme had been submitted to the Government of India, remodelling the Subordinate Graded Service of the Education Department; (*d*) whether the scheme regulating the salaries of both branches of the Bengal Educational Service, Superior and Subordinate, received the sanction of the Secretary of State, and whether such sanction has been withdrawn in respect of either of these branches of the service?

The HON'BLE MR. COTTON replied:—

"Some misapprehension appears to exist on the part of the Hon'ble Member in regard to this question, which makes it impossible for me to give categorical replies. The facts are, however, as follows:—The Government in sanctioning promotions from time to time in the Subordinate Educational Service has passed orders to the effect that 'the arrangements sanctioned were subject to the introduction of changes in the Subordinate Educational Service and conveyed no claims to progressive salaries.' These orders were by an oversight made applicable in certain cases to officers of the Superior Educational Service, but the mistake was at once corrected as soon as it was brought to notice unofficially by the Director of Public Instruction. On the 18th February last the following instructions were issued in reply to a letter from the Director, asking for an authoritative interpretation of the Government orders on the subject:—

'The orders were intended to convey that, when an officer is promoted to a higher grade in the Subordinate Educational Service, he enters it on the understanding that the system of increments is probably coming to an end, and that no increment will be given till this is decided: this ruling was necessary in order to prevent complications arising when the Educational Service is re-organised. It does not apply to the Superior Educational Service, as to which no such proposals for abolishing progressive salaries have been made by this Government.

'It should therefore be understood that promotions from a lower to a higher grade of the Subordinate Educational Service, either acting or permanent, will carry with them no title to progressive pay in the higher grade, but those

who now hold acting appointments, and who have already drawn increments in the grades in which they are so acting, will continue to draw any increments which they may be entitled in those grades.'

This answer is given in reply to sub-heads (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*) of the Hon'ble Member's question.

The reply to sub-head (*d*) is that the scheme for re-organising the Educational Service in Bengal, which affects both branches of the Department as at present constituted, has not yet been sanctioned by the Secretary of State."

SEPARATION OF JUDICIAL AND EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS.

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE asked—

Whether the attention of the Government has been called to the note published by Mr. R. C. Dutt of the Bengal Civil Service on the separation of judicial and executive functions in the administration of criminal justice, and whether the Government proposes to take any, if so, what, action in connection with the matter?

The HON'BLE MR. COTTON replied:—

"The attention of Government has been drawn to Mr. R. C. Dutt's note by a communication on the subject from the Secretary to the Indian Association, but the Lieutenant-Governor is not in a position at present to make any statement regarding it."

RELIEF MEASURES IN EASTERN BENGAL.

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE asked—

Will the Government state what advances under the Agricultural Loans Act have been made in the following districts:—Barisal, Faridpur, Noakhali and Tippera, and what measures of relief have been adopted in the aforesaid districts (1) by the Government, (2) by the District Boards, and, lastly, by the local zamindars?

The HON'BLE MR. COTTON replied:—

"There is no distress in the Dacca or Chittagong Divisions which calls for special measures on the part of Government, nor is there such distress anywhere except in a concentrated area, and among a limited number of people in the Bhil tracts of the Faridpur and Backergunge districts. The following sums for advances under the Agriculturists' Loans Act have been allotted to the districts enumerated in the Hon'ble Member's question—

	Rs.
Backergunge	12,500
Faridpur	23,000
Noakhali	11,100
Tippera	

Public works have been started under the District Boards in accordance with the procedure prescribed for such circumstances, but as yet few labourers have appeared on them. Relief centres have also been opened in the areas referred to. The sum of Rs. 10,000 has been placed at the disposal of the Commissioner of Dacca for expenditure on charitable relief to be granted in aid of district funds and public subscriptions should these prove insufficient. It has been reported to Government that some, not all, of the principal zamindars have been assisting their tenantry with liberality. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is satisfied that the measures taken amply meet the necessities of the case."

ANTI-KINE-KILLING AGITATION.

The HON'BLE BABU SURENDRANATH BANERJEE asked—

Whether the Government will organise conciliation committees on the model of those recently established in the North-Western Provinces in such districts

where there have been cow-killing riots or where such disturbances are apprehended, and whether Government will state what measures it proposes to take for the securing of order and the establishment of harmony between the communities in conflict with each other in the aforesaid districts?

The HON'BLE MR. COTTON replied:—

"So long ago as the 8th September last a circular was issued to local officers, requesting them to consider whether in villages where the Gaurakhshini movement had attained any considerable development, and animosity between Hindus and Muhammadans was likely to arise or had arisen, it would not be possible to constitute punchayats or conciliation committees of the leading members of the Hindu and Muhammadan communities for the purpose of promoting mutual forbearance and peaceful relations. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor regrets, however, to say that, owing to the embittered state of local feeling, his efforts in this direction have been attended with scant success. His Honour's views on the maintenance of order and the establishment of harmony between the communities in conflict with one another have already been published, and he has nothing to add to them at present. The district officers have been instructed to enforce the law with energy against the instigators and promoters of any disturbance."

BENGAL MUNICIPAL ACT, 1884, AMENDMENT BILL.

The HON'BLE MR. COTTON moved that the Hon'ble Mr. Bourdillon be appointed in the place of the HON'BLE MR. RISLEY to the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Bengal Municipal Act, III of 1884.

The Motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned *sine die*.

GORDON LEITH,

Assistant Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

CALCUTTA;
The 14th November, 1893.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF WARDS AND ATTACHED ESTATES FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT—LAND REVENUE.

Calcutta, the 13th November, 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 4614.

READ—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on Wards and Attached Estates in the Lower Provinces for the year 1892-93.

Preliminary.

The Report, which was due on the 31st August, reached Government on the 13th September, or one week later than in the preceding year. The report of the Commissioner of Chota Nagpur to the Board was again late by 21 days; that of the Commissioner of Dacca was not received by the Board till six weeks after the date on which it was due, while the statement showing the working of the Certificate Department for Dacca was not furnished by the Commissioner till the 28th August.

Certain suggestions made by Government in connection with the Report for 1891-92 for the improvement of the tables embodied in the Report and its appendices have been duly carried out in the present Report.

The number of Wards' estates under charge of the Court of Wards was 74 and of Attached estates 66, against 75 and 69 respectively in 1891-92; there was thus a decrease of one in the former and of three in the latter.

Revenue and rents due to Government and superior landlords.

2. The total demand for revenue and cesses due to Government was Rs. 49,43,634, of which Rs. 22,447 represent arrears, and Rs. 49,21,187 the current demand. The payments amounted to Rs. 21,812 of the arrear, and Rs. 48,74,022 of the current demand, being a total of Rs. 48,95,834. The percentage of current payments on current demand was 99·0 against 99·6 in the year 1891-92. There was a large increase in the balance, which amounted to Rs. 47,800 against Rs. 12,828 in the preceding year. The Basudebpur estate in Midnapore, and the Satkhira estate in Khulna, are responsible for Rs. 27,791 and Rs. 19,000 respectively, or altogether Rs. 46,791 of the total balance. Both these estates are heavily involved, but the balance due by the Satkhira estate was fully paid in after the close of the year.

3. The demands of rent and cesses due to superior landlords were—arrear Rs. 91,348, current Rs. 4,40,762, total Rs. 5,32,110. The payments amounted to Rs. 4,50,090, and Rs. 1,994 were remitted, leaving a balance at the end of the year of Rs. 80,026, which compares unfavourably with the balance for the previous year, amounting to only Rs. 44,711. So far as these balances are due to the superior landlords' refusal or neglect to accept payment owing to disputes among co-sharers they cast no reflection on the management of the estates.

Rent and cesses due to the estates.

4. The following statement shows the demands and collections of rent and cesses due to the estates for the five years ending with the year of report:—

YEAR.	DEMAND.			COLLECTIONS.			PERCENTAGE OF—		Remission.	Balances.
	Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Current collection on current demand.	Total collections on current demand.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.				
1892-93	62,03,663	92,99,637	1,55,03,330	29,04,156	61,96,739	91,00,895	66·6	97·8	3,05,695	60,96,710
1891-92	77,67,017	91,53,100	1,69,20,117	30,69,365	60,69,371	91,38,736	66·3	99·8	12,12,179	65,69,202
1890-91	79,81,432	98,29,588	1,78,11,020	......	......	96,29,083	......	98	7,57,403	74,24,535
1889-90	1,08,46,289	1,00,15,159	2,08,61,448	......	......	1,02,24,591	......	102	24,52,188	81,84,669
1888-89	1,12,89,022	1,03,44,555	2,16,33,577	......	......	97,20,349	......	94	10,79,426	1,08,42,802

The percentage of current collections on current demand was 66·6 against 66·3 in the year before. Government, in its Resolution on the Report for 1891-92, observed that the latter figure was very low and compared unfavourably with

the standard attained in Government estates managed direct in which, in 1891-92, over 90 per cent. of the current demand was collected. This percentage has been attained only in 1892-93, in four estates under the Court of Wards three of which have been under the management of the Court for a long series of years, while in the remaining estate the rents are mostly payable by farmers. The Board observe:—

The case of private estates is somewhat different from that of Government estates: when an estate comes under the charge of the Court of Wards, it is almost invariably found that the rent-roll is encumbered with large arrear balances. One of the first duties of the manager appointed by the Court is to scrutinize the balances. Those which are barred by limitation are easily swept off. But many of the old balances have been kept alive by instalment bonds executed in favour of the former proprietors. Other instalments are due on decrees of Court. A large sum consists of items depending on disputed accounts. Each of these involves minute enquiry and explanation. In fact the task of adjusting the accounts involves much time and labour. Generally speaking, the affairs of a property of considerable importance cannot be looked into, cleared up, and the new arrangements brought into thorough order for two or three years after management is undertaken by the Court, even when the late proprietor has left the estate in comparatively good order, and in most cases far more time than this is required to bring order out of the confusion which is almost invariably found to prevail. The state of transition from the management of the proprietor to that of the Court of Wards in itself gives a check to collections and causes a portion of the current demand, due after the assumption of the charge of an estate, to fall into arrear.

The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor, while agreeing generally with the above remarks, still thinks that much may be done in the direction of reducing arrear balances by careful scrutiny of them, by striking off such balances as are not recoverable by law, and balances which, though recoverable by law, the raiyats are never likely to be able to pay.

In order to prevent managers trying to secure a fanciful percentage approximating to the standard fixed by Government, the Board has issued instructions to the effect that, when a tenant makes a payment without specification of the demand for which the payment is made, it should, in the ordinary course, be credited to the arrear and not to the current demand. These instructions are approved by the Lieutenant-Governor. The total collections, current and arrear, during the year did not equal the current demand.

Rupees 54,77,772 of the total balance (Rs. 60,96,710) shown in column 11 of the above statement for the year 1892-93 accrued after the estates were taken over by the Court. Rupees 46,28,643 of the balances are reported to be good and in process of recovery.

Debts due by estates.

5. The outstanding balance of debts due at the end of the year 1891-92 was Rs. 37,05,508. At the commencement of the year of report it was reduced to Rs. 31,67,981 by the release of certain estates. At the close of the year the balance stood at Rs. 32,77,619, the increase being chiefly in the Presidency and Patna Divisions, in consequence of the Court having assumed charge of the Satkhira estate in the former and of the Paigambarpur estate in the latter Division. The debts due by the Basudebpur estate in Midnapore, and the Chandrakûmár estate in Shahabad, have increased owing to interest on debts and costs. The Lieutenant-Governor approves the Board's conclusion that, in order to extricate the former estate from its desperate financial condition, the greater part of it should be sold. There was a marked decrease of nearly 1¼ lakhs in Burdwan, due chiefly to the repayment by the Burdwan Raj of a loan taken from the Bank of Bengal.

Management charges.

6. The percentage of the total cost of management proper, calculated on the current rent and cess demand, was the same as in the preceding year, viz. 7·8.

Act X of 1892, which came into force on the 25th October 1892, authorized the levy of (1) a general management rate not exceeding 5 per cent. on the gross income calculated to cover the cost of Government establishments, in so far as they may be employed in the supervision or management of such estates, and (2) a charge for special audit of accounts and legal advice. The charges levied under executive orders, prior to the passing of Act X of 1892, consisted of (*a*) a general management rate levied for the purpose of meeting the costs for establishments, contingencies, &c., in

the Collectors', Commissioners' and Board's offices; (b) a treasury rate for defraying a proportionate share of treasury establishments; and (c) an audit rate and fees for legal advice. Government has tentatively sanctioned the proposals of the Board in regard to the new rates to be levied under Act X of 1892. There will henceforth be a consolidated general management rate which has been provisionally fixed on the basis of the proceeds of the old management and treasury rates, with the addition of a new charge for superior supervision, which latter consists of a small fraction of the salary of one member of the Board of Revenue, of the Senior Secretary to the Board of Revenue, of Commissioners and District Officers. The rate will for the present be 2½ per cent. on gross income for estates with a gross income of 5 lakhs of rupees or less, ½ per cent. for the Burdwan estate, and 1½ per cent. for the Tikari and Dighapattia estates. The professional audit rate levied under executive orders was 1½ annas per cent. for the Burdwan estate, 4¼ annas per cent. for the Tikari and Dighapattia estates, and 6 annas per cent. for all other estates with a rent and cess roll of Rs. 50,000 and upwards. The audit charge fixed under Act X of 1892 is one anna per cent. on gross income for the Burdwan estate, 4 annas per cent. for Tikari and Dighapattia, and 6 annas per cent. for other estates with an annual rent and cess demand of not less than Rs. 50,000 per annum. No change has been made in the fees charged for legal advice. As Act X of 1892 came into force during the second-half of the year 1892-93, in order to avoid complication in accounts, the old rates will be levied for the whole year, and the surplus which has accumulated for several years past to the credit of the general management rate will be set-off against the Government claim to the new rate for the second-half of the year. The new rates will come into force from the commencement of 1893-94.

Improvements.

7. The following statement shows the total amount spent on schools, dispensaries, maintenance of buildings, works of improvement, surveys and settlements during the last five years.

YEAR.	Subscriptions and donations to schools.	Subscriptions and donations to dispensaries.	Maintenance in efficient condition of estates, buildings, and other immoveable property.	Improvement of land and property for benefit of ward.	Surveys and settlements.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1892-93	64,059	36,524	2,16,870	1,57,782	97,104	5,72,339
1891-92	61,155	37,598	1,91,397	92,664	2,67,445	6,50,359
1890-91	59,241	32,255	2,13,178	58,404	1,26,523	4,89,601
1889-90	69,301	38,733	2,24,439	66,930	2,24,168	6,23,570
1888-89	58,707	38,110	1,24,698	58,167	1,38,101	4,17,783

There was an increase of Rs. 64,918 as compared with the preceding year in the expenditure on reproductive improvements. Of this amount, Rs. 42,131 represents the increase in the Patna Division alone, due to the transfer to this head, in accordance with the instructions of Government, of charges for gilandazi or village irrigation channels, which are of a recurring nature. The percentage of outlay on reproductive works to investments during the year was 56·1, or, eliminating the increase due to transfer of gilandazi charges, 41 as against 17 only in the preceding year—a result which may be regarded as satisfactory. The Lieutenant-Governor observes with pleasure that the Board have drawn the attention of the local officers to the Government orders insisting on the policy of a liberal expenditure on improvements of a reproductive character in solvent estates, and is glad to observe that, except in the Presidency, Chittagong, Dacca and Orissa Divisions, there has been some improvement in this respect during the year under report. Sir Antony MacDonnell entirely agrees with the remarks made in the Resolution on last year's report under this head.

The decrease in the expenditure on surveys and settlements is chiefly due to the completion of operations in some of the Burdwan Raj khas mahals and in various other large estates. In pursuance of the policy laid down by

Government that the Court of Wards should prepare a correct rent-roll and record of rights under the Bengal Tenancy Act, where none has been already prepared, a survey and record of rights in the Tikari Wards' Estates in Gaya has recently been ordered. Surveys and settlements on a large scale, under the supervision of the Director of Land Records, were in progress in the following estates:—Burdwan Raj, Talipabad, Dakhin Shahbazpur, Sarail Pargana (Kasimbazar estate), Kanika; while operations on a smaller scale were either conducted, or about to be undertaken, in 12 other estates.

Certificates.

8. The following statement shows the working of the certificate procedure in Wards' and Attached estates during the five years ending with 1892-93:—

YEAR.	Number pending from last year.	Number filed during the eayr.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Pending more than 6 months.	Pending less than 6 months.	Total.	Amount of demand covered by the certificates.	Total annual rent and cesses of estates.	Percentage of column 9 to column 10.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
								Rs.	Rs.	
1892-93	13,210	8,648	21,858	11,765	9,053	1,040	10,093	8,58,414	92,99,637	9·2
1891-92	13,704	13,299	27,003	17,148	8,107	1,748	9,855	4,75,663	91,53,100	5·1
1890-91	21,167	10,975	32,142	18,418	12,193	1,511	13,704	4,60,970	98,29,588	4·6
1889-90	23,018	15,397	38,415	17,628	18,546	2,241	20,787	6,32,903	1,00,15,159	6·3
1888-89	10,176	24,922	35,098	12,080	21,371	1,647	23,018	8,63,017	1,03,44,555	8·3

A revised form prescribed by Government for showing the working of the certificate procedure has been made use of for the first time. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor approves the Board's proposal to add an additional column after column 17, Appendix III, with the heading "Total amount covered by certificates struck off during the year." In this form every estate in respect of which 100 certificates or more were issued is shown separately, other estates being grouped together under the districts to which they appertain.

As might have been expected, the orders of Government restricting the certificate procedure to estates having an authoritative rent-roll, reduced the total number of certificates from 13,299 in 1891-92 to 8,648 in 1892-93. It is to be regretted, however, that the disposals show a larger proportion of decrease, being 11,765 against 17,148 during the preceding year. The discrepancy between the figures in column 8 of the statement in paragraph 26 of the report for the year 1891-92, showing the number of cases pending at the close of that year, and the grand total in column 3 of Appendix III of the report for 1892-93, should have been explained. Government has approved the Board's proposal to create a separate permanent Certificate Department in each district, to replace the existing heterogeneous establishments, and has authorized the Board to submit definite proposals.

Larger estates—Burdwan.

9. Part II of the Board's Report is devoted to estates with a rent-roll of Rs. 50,000 and upwards. The revenue and cess demand due by the Burdwan Raj Estate, amounting to Rs. 34,51,037, was fully satisfied; the collections amounted to Rs. 45,11,892 or 99·7 per cent. of the current demand for rent and cesses, thus increasing instead of reducing the amount of arrears. This result is attributed to the collections in the Kujang estate being 65·8 per cent. only of the current demand, in consequence of the distress caused among the tenants by the cyclone of November 1891 and the subsequent high floods of July 1892. In the Sujamutha portion of the Raj estates, which has recently been settled under the Tenancy Act, it is observed with satisfaction that the collections were better than in any of the other parts, being 129·6 per cent. on the current demand as against 99·7 in the Raj estates as a whole, and as against 91·1 in Sujamutha itself during the previous year. As the greater portion of the rental is realised from patni tenures, the management charges amounted to 3·4 per cent. only of the current rent and cess demand. The construction of a Raj office building at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,14,170 was undertaken during the year. A satisfactory reduction was made in the charges paid to mukhtears employed by the estate, as expenses of identifying defendants, debtors, &c., in pending cases. The Commissioner has directed that such identification should in future be made by local zamindars and village agents.

10. The whole of the demands due to Government and superior landlords by the Tikari Estate, amounting to Rs. 2,55,949 and Rs. 46,525 respectively, was paid. The collections amounted to Rs. 7,41,769, out of a current demand for rent and cesses of Rs. 7,44,714, and an arrear demand of Rs. 6,49,120. The Board agree with the Commissioner in thinking that the collections cannot be called satisfactory, as the arrears have rather increased than diminished in spite of the fact that the outturn of crops was a very fair average one. The Lieutenant-Governor concurs in this view. If the arrears increase instead of being reduced in a fair average year, there can be little prospect of their being ever realized in full, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is glad to notice that measures are being taken to strike off such of them as are bad and irrecoverable. Owing to the reorganization of the managing staff, the management charges rose from 12 per cent. to 13·4 per cent. on the current demand. Rupees 13,826 were spent on improvement other than gilandazi works, and Rs. 50,099 were invested in the purchase of landed property.

Tikari Estate.

11. In the Dighapattia estate the entire demand due to Government and superior landlords by the eldest as well as the younger ward's estates was paid, with the exception of Rs. 62, payable in small sums to some of the landlords on account of the eldest ward's estate. The collections in the latter were satisfactory, being 102·4 per cent. of the current demand, amounting to Rs. 4,93,356, against 98·8 per cent. in the previous year; but in the younger ward's estates the collections fell from 109 per cent. in 1891-92 to 98 per cent. only on the current demand in 1892-93. This is mainly due to the general failure of crops throughout the Hooghly division of the estate. In the elder ward's estate the cost of management has slightly increased being now over 15 per cent. of the current demand, a rate which the Lieutenant-Governor condemned as excessive in last year's Resolution. The Board's report shows laxity on the part of the management in realizing debts due to the younger ward's estate, and the Manager should be called upon for an explanation. The outlay on works of improvement by the eldest ward's estate amounted to Rs. 22,865 against Rs. 10,052 in the preceding year. These works consisted of the excavation of tanks, the construction of pucca ghats, re-excavation of khals, digging of wells, construction and repairs of roads, raising of low lands, construction of sluice gates, and some agricultural improvements. The estate also paid Rs. 8,284 out of a total sum of Rs. 12,552 to be paid by it for the construction of a new building for the Dighapattia school.

Dighapattia Estate.

12. The settlement of pargana Sarail, appertaining to the Kasimbazar estate in Murshidabad, was completed in October 1892. The collections were 93 per cent. on the current demand against 123 per cent. in the previous year, the falling off being attributed mainly to scarcity in pargana Sarail. It is unsatisfactory to find that the cost of management which was already high increased from 16·9 per cent. to 17·1 per cent. An Assistant Engineer on Rs. 150 a month has been appointed tentatively for two years for supervising works of improvement in the several districts in which the estate is situated, and Rs. 30,781 as against Rs. 11,341 in the previous year were spent on works of this class which mostly consisted in the excavation and re-excavation of tanks. The District Engineer has been appointed also tentatively on a monthly remuneration of Rs. 100 to supervise the construction and repairs of buildings of the estate in the Murshidabad district. The financial position of the estate is satisfactory and reflects credit on the manager.

Kasimbazar.

13. The balance of debt due by the Deo Estate stood at Rs. 7,28,667, including Rs. 2,83,591 due to Government, and Rs. 2,72,000 due to Babu Kameswar Prasad under an usufructuary mortgage deed, the terms of which are highly objectionable. Government has, since the close of the year, sanctioned a loan of Rs. 2,72,000 to enable the estate to rid itself of this debt.

Deo.

14. The Sankarpur and Maldwar estates were lately settled under the Bengal Tenancy Act. In the preceding year the collections in the former amounted to 85 per cent. on the current demand, but during the year 1892-93 they rose to over 100 per

Sankarpur and Maldwar.

cent. In the Maldwar estate the collections in 1891-92 were only 63 per cent. of the current demand, but in the year under report they improved to over 110 per cent., inclusive of a sum collected within the year, but not remitted to the treasury within the year. These estates, as remarked by the Board, show a great improvement in collections as compared with the previous year.

Estates taken in charge and released.

15. Altogether eight new estates were taken charge of during the year. This number included the Chanchra estate in Jessore, the management of which was undertaken by the Court of Wards under direction of the District Judge of Jessore under section 95 (*a*) of the Bengal Tenancy Act VIII of 1885. The estate is jointly owned by two shareholders who were of age, and the four minor sons of a third, the latter having died before the Court of Wards intervened. Each of the shareholders had separate liabilities to a considerable amount, but one of them was hopelessly involved. The only way of saving the share of the latter was by raising a loan on the entire estate, but to this the other shareholders objected. The Court of Wards, under the circumstances, withdrew from the management, upon which the District Judge appointed a common manager under section 95 of the Act. Five estates were released, of which the most considerable was the Narhan estate in Darbhanga, with a rent-roll at the time of assumption of charge by the Court of Wards of Rs. 1,44,880, and debts which, including zar-i-peshgi leases to the extent of Rs. 1,12,296, amounted to Rs. 5,31,056. The gross total amount of debts due by the estate during the 15 years it was under the Court of Wards' management was Rs. 10,15,668, the whole of which was satisfied, leaving a surplus at the date of discharge of Rs. 1,52,186. The rent-roll, when the estate was released, was Rs. 1,83,352 or Rs. 38,472 more than the initial rental. The remaining four estates were petty ones. In one case only was the original rental reduced at the date of discharge, the reduction being attributed to sales of portions of it for liquidation of debts. In all other cases there was a substantial increase in the rental and an accumulated surplus at the date of discharge.

Encumbered estates in Chota Nagpur.

16. The number of estates managed during the year under the Chota Nagpur Encumbered estates Act (VI of 1876) was 55, being 4 less than in the preceding year. The demand, collections and balances for 1892-93 are shown in the following statement:—

District.	Arrear demand.	Current demand.	Collections.	Percentage of collections on current demand.	Remissions.	Balances.	Advance collections on account of the ensuing year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Hazaribagh	52,580	95.212	88,384	92·8	17,302	42,106	6,331
Lohardaga	69,941	92,240	94,321	102·2	10,835	57,025	20
Palamau	3,026	15,160	13,324	87·8	..	4,862	......
Singhbhum	1,51,396	84,811	79,112	93·2	1,313	1,55,782	42
Manbhum	24,494	93,236	88,499	94·9	1.039	28,192	24
Total ...	3,01,437	3,80,659	3,63,640	95·2	30,489	2,87,967	6,417

17. The following statement shows the progress made in the liquidation of debts in these Estates:—

District.	Due at the commencement of the year.	Ascertained and incurred during the year.	Total.	Payments.	Reductions by compromise.	Balance due at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Hazaribagh	6,81,613	23,344	7,04,957	53,123	2	6,51,832
Lohardaga	2,49,375	8,832	2,58,207	33,212	... ..	2,24,995
Palamau	98,041	35,111	1,33,152	11,498	96	1,21,558
Singhbhum	2,02,526	6,896	2,09,422	31,857	......	1,77,565
Manbhum	2,20,965	14,688	2,35,653	17,596	......	2,18,057
Total ...	14,52,520	88,871	15,41,391	1,47,286	98	13,94,007

Want of funds due to various causes appears to have prevented the due execution of the approved scheme of liquidation in many estates. From the Commissioner's remarks quoted by the Board, there appears to be an inherent tendency in the landlords of Chota Nagpur to run into debt, and many of them contract debts even while their estates are under Government management, the result sometimes being that a proprietor whose estate has been released, freed from the original encumbrances finds himself almost immediately under the necessity of again applying for the protection of the Act. The Commissioner thinks that the operation of the Act is of doubtful utility to the community at large.

18. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor congratulates the Board of Revenue on the very efficient manner in which they discharge their duties as a Court of Wards, and on the good results which they obtain with almost unbroken uniformity. The names of those officers whom the Board have singled out for favourable mention will be reported to the Appointment Department as usual.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE BURDWAN DIVISION FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—MISCELLANEOUS No. 2560.

Calcutta, the 14th November 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Annual General Administration Report of the Burdwan Division for the year 1892-93.

Read also—

The Annual General Administration Report of the Burdwan Division for the year 1891-92, and the Resolution recorded thereon.

The Burdwan Division had the advantage of being in charge of one officer, Mr. Power, throughout the year. There were changes of officers in charge of all the districts of the division with the exception of the district of Burdwan. It is the desire of Government to avoid constant changes in divisional and district appointments, but circumstances from time to time render transfers of charge unavoidable.

Tours.

2. The Commissioner and the District Officers, with the exception of Mr. Grant, of Birbhum, who has retired from the service, and the Sub-divisional Officers were on tour in their respective jurisdictions for the period prescribed in Government Resolution No. 398T.G., dated 17th October 1891. All district offices and all treasuries, with the exception of that at Hooghly, which was under inspection by the Collector at the time of his visit, and all the sub-divisional offices were inspected by Mr. Power. All the Collectors, except one, also inspected their own offices and treasuries, and their respective sub-divisional offices and treasuries during the year. These inspections did not bring to light any serious irregularities; the offices were all found in fairly good order.

Weather and crop, health and condition of the people, and sanitation.

3. Last year the weather was most unfavourable; the rainfall was not so much remarkable for its scantiness as for its uneven distribution, resulting in the partial failure of crops in some parts of the division. The mischief was greatest in the north and centre of Bankura, in the south of Midnapore, centre of Hooghly and parts of Howrah, and it was least in Birbhum, where the outturn was 16 annas. Irrigation from canals saved much of the winter paddy on lands near them. These partial failures of crops have not told much upon the general health of the people, as indicated by the mortuary returns of the division, the death-rate being less than in the previous year in all the districts except Burdwan, where the climate has been exceptionally bad of late, but they checked to a certain extent the general advance of prosperity in most of the districts, and caused some distress in particular localities. Test relief works were opened in the affected tracts, but they failed to attract any considerable number of labourers. Temporary migration and private employment, stimulated by advances under the Land Improvement Acts, provided sufficiently for those in real need. Mr. Grierson, Collector of Howrah, gives the following glowing description of the condition of the people in his district:—

"Never, he says, in my whole Indian experience have I seen so well-to-do a class of people as that which forms the population of the district. I remarked on this in my last report. Then I had just come from the poorest district in the province to one of the richest, and the contrast was striking.

"My tours have emphasised this experience. I have not served in Eastern Bengal, but I know Central and Northern Bengal and Bihar pretty well, and in none of them have I seen the prosperity which forces itself upon the attention in Howrah.

"The reasons are equally obvious: a fertile alluvial soil and close proximity of a great city, which provides not only a ready market with high prices for the products of cultivation, but also employment at good wages for the landless members of the community. It literally reminds me of the fabled state of prosperity celebrated by Indian poets in the reign of King

Dilipa, when even the 'name of theft' was forgotten. Petty offences against property are few, and those which do occur are, as a rule, committed by impecunious foreigners who come from distant parts of the country to annex a share of those worldly goods which have been provided in such abundance. The people of the district are honest, for they have no temptation to steal. In one of the larger towns of the district I found that the people prided themselves on leaving things lying about in the streets and their shops open and unguarded."

But even in this Arcadia, "where men are so good or so cold as not to be tempted by * gold," some vanities and weaknesses assert themselves. Mr. Grierson writes that:—

"Schools are plentiful and popular, English knowledge is eagerly sought after, women never work in the fields, dresses are clean, made of good cloth, and are invariably accompanied by that symbol of respectability (what a top hat is to an Englishman)—the umbrella. Finally, material comforts are appreciated. The English '*chota hazri*' is firmly established in the meanest village. A morning ride shows each family squatted round a low table drinking tea, well seasoned with plenty of sugar. So also the 'doctor' is everywhere present. Each large village has its two rival medical halls—one allopathic and another homœopathic—with perhaps a third, whose proprietor with noble electicism practices both branches of the healing art, and gives his patient a choice of treatments. Doctors may mean disease, but they certainly do mean the presence of a body of patients sufficiently well off to support the practitioners."

In the Division generally, public health was satisfactory. Fever was less virulent in all districts, and small-pox occurred to a less extent than in the previous year in Midnapore, Burdwan, and in part of Bankura among the Sonthals who refused to accept vaccination. Cholera, attributed to defective water-supply and to pilgrims returning from gatherings, prevailed more or less in all the districts. Sanitation, it is reported, was not properly attended to either by the District Boards or the Municipalities. The negligence of some of the Municipalities in regard to sanitary precautions, especially that of Ghatal, is said to be extremely culpable.

The wage of a common agricultural labourer varied from three annas per day in Bankura to five annas in Howrah, and was generally about four annas.

Manufacture, trade, and commerce.

4. Owing to successive bad harvests during the last two years, the export of rice and paddy fell off in the districts of Burdwan, Bankura and Midnapore. There was also a decrease in the export of rice from Birbhum, but it had to a certain extent been counterbalanced by a larger export of paddy from the district. In Bankura the outturn of cocoons greatly fell off owing to the crippled means of the people brought about by successive failures of crops. But it was not so in Birbhum, where the trade in this article was brisk. Indigo industry is declining both in Burdwan and Bankura. In Midnapore the outturn was exceptionally good. Paper Mills at both Bally and Raniganj are fast supplanting the native industry in the Division. Owing to the rise in the price of European piece-goods in consequence of the fall in exchange, the manufacture of cotton cloth in the Division has increased. But the stimulus is only a temporary one, and the days of this industry are numbered.

Administrative changes.

5. Several administrative changes of greater or less importance were introduced during the year. The provisions of the Steam Boilers and Prime Movers Act were introduced in the town of Burdwan. The Barakar Iron Works, the Raniganj Paper Mills and the Pottery Works were brought under the operation of the Indian Factories Act. A uniform thanawari rate of chaukidars' pay was introduced into villages where Act VI (B.C.) of 1870 was in force. The charge of Provincial civil works was transferred to the District Board. Vaccination work was transferred to the Civil Surgeon. The collection of the zamindari dâk cess was transferred to the Collector. The provisions of Act XI of 1892 (Prevention of Cruelty to Animals) were extended to the town of Contai in Midnapore and to all Municipalities in the district of Hooghly.

Civil Justice.

6. The following table shows the work of the civil courts during the year:—

District.	Sub-division or chauki.	Description of Court.	Number of officers.	Number of original cases disposed of. — Ordinary.	Small Cause Court.	Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B. — Money.	Rent.	Title.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio of witnesses detained over two days, per cent. of witnesses examined.	Ratio of cases pending at end of year, per cent. of cases disposed of.
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	8	9	10	11
Burdwan ...	Sadar	Munsif	3	3,216	598	1,409	1,890	515	5,318	21	17
	Kalna	Do.	1¼	2,238	853	1,404	1,436	251	3,604	17	11
	Kutwa	Do.	2	3,035	648	1,277	2,004	402	7,328	13	12
	Raniganj	Do.	1½	1,823	358	1,087	796	298	3,837	25	20
	Bud-Bud	Do.	1	1,452	233	534	878	273	1,584	33	13
Bankura ...	Sadar	Munsif	1½	3,086	334	1,308	2,378	334	4,912	33	12
	Vishnupur... ...	Do.	1	1,877	211	671	1,147	270	2,167	23	23
	Kotulpur	Do.	1¼	1,337	......	509	589	239	2,284	21	35
	Khatra	Do.	1	1,625	......	574	893	158	1,977	4	28
Birbhum ...	Sadar	Munsif	1½	1,157	253	545	671	194	2,183	10	12
	Rampur Hât ...	Do. ...	1¼	2,574	742	1,238	1,098	380	3,190	15	13
	Bolpur	Do.	1½	1,560	355	637	970	297	3,171	38	25
	Dubrajpur... ...	Do.	1	944	106	366	487	197	2,027	31	21
Hooghly ...	Sadar	Munsif	2	2,814	......	1,010	1,517	287	4,248	16	18
	Serampore	Do.	3½	4,270	......	281	3,235	754	4,918	12	11
	Jahanabad... ...	Do.	2½	3,300	865	1,593	2,009	653	5,296	44	16
Howrah ...	Sadar	Munsif	2½	2,939	547	1,501	1,660	376	5,169	17	23
	Uluberia	Do.	1¼	2,059	377	864	1,335	237	3,271	48	25
	Amta	Do.	2	2,109	465	1,025	1,265	281	4,885	20	13
Midnapore ...	Sadar	Munsif	4	5,273	2,917	3,707	3,901	582	7,086	13	13
	Garhbeta	Do.	1	1,833	445	872	1,327	79	3,239	15	18
	Tamluk	Do.	3	4,305	1,339	2,077	3,149	418	6,144	18	9
	Contai	Do.	3	4,160	1,477	2,745	2,375	526	7,211	17	10
	Ghatal	Do.	2	1,761	1,161	1,541	1,156	225	3,092	6	15
	Dantun	Do.	1	1,700	428	1,314	666	148	2,073	21	16
		Total ...	46½	63,056	14,712	30,022	39,372	8,374	100,814	21	16
		*Total for 1891-92	51½	59,172	18,291	32,836	36,629	7,988	†235,917	15	22

* This total includes the figures of Judges and Sub-Judges.
† These figures show the number of witnesses who attended.

There has been an increase in ordinary, rent, and title suits. The increase in money and rent-suits may be attributed to bad harvests during the past two years, which prevented the poorer classes from meeting their obligations. The number of witnesses detained over two days was very large, being 21 per cent. of the total number examined, while in the Uluberia and Jehanabad Munsifs' Courts it was as high as 48 and 44 per cent., respectively.

Crime, Police, and Criminal Justice.

7. Cognizable crime also increased, the number of cases being 17,917 in 1891, while in the last year it rose to 20,567. Every district shows an increase, the chief reasons assigned being bad harvests and the disorganised state of the rural police. In Midnapore the Magistrate and District Superintendent of Police were satisfied that crime was being suppressed by the Police, and their exertions to prevent suppression resulted in an increase of recorded cases. In Hooghly nuisance cases swelled the list, but if they be excluded, there was a slight decrease.

There was a slight decrease in the figures for non-cognizable cases. They were 20,148 in the last year against 20,351 in the previous year. Last year there was a decided improvement as to the number of remands in criminal cases. The percentage of cases adjourned more than six times fell from 3·4 to 1·4, while over 52 per cent. of them were disposed of at the first hearing. There was also decrease in bad livelihood cases.

Notwithstanding the supposed suppression of reports on unpromising cases in Midnapore, it is stated that the police force in the Division generally conducted itself fairly well. With the paucity of officers and increase in the number of dacoity and gang robbery cases, great difficulty was experienced in complying with the Inspector-General's Circular No. 6 of February 1892, which directed that the investigation of such cases should be invariably supervised on the spot by sub-district police officer. The Commissioner has the following remarks on the chaukidars:—

"All the Magistrates are of opinion that Act VI chaukidars now give satisfaction and are regularly paid.

"With reference to chakran chaukidars, Mr. Williams considers their abolition necessary for efficient police administration. The continued prevalence of high prices is leading to the extinction of "darmashahara"*chaukidars and to the gradual substitution of Act VI men. Mr. Windsor, the present Officiating Magistrate of Burdwan, writes that 'the chakran chaukidar is, as a rule, hand-and-glove with the dacoits and burglars. He is generally badly off, and is becoming more so year by year. His predecessors and he himself have sold, leased and mortgaged the service lands and diminished the income thereof' Attempts are being made to improve their condition by not filling up appointments where there are more chaukidars in a village than the ratio of 1 to 60 houses would warrant, and dividing the lands thus vacated among those remaining.

* *i.e.*, salaried.

"The Magistrate of Bankura writes that the Regulation chaukidars in the south get a mere pittance of 8 annas or a rupee a month, and now in a time of scarcity they can hardly collect even that; the people there are said to be too poor to pay adequate salaries

"The Magistrate of Birbhum is taking steps for the gradual introduction of Act VI, but he complains of being 'harassed by constant enquiries about chakran lands,' as he has no record of the boundaries of such lands held by each chaukidar.

"There are over 5,000 Regulation and chakran chaukidars in Midnapore; their reorganization is desirable.

"Mr Duke, Magistrate of Hooghly, writes:—'Police work is now so exacting that a chaukidar who has his chakran lands to cultivate has not time to do the zamindar's mal work. Hence most chaukidars are under the thumb of the zamindar, who has no trouble, when occasion arises, in proving that the chaukidar does not perform his mal duties. Consequently, whenever there is any difference of opinion between the police and the zamindar, and the chaukidar obeys the police, the zamindar can, and I am sorry to say constantly does, revenge himself on the chaukidar by suing him for the non-performance of mal duties.

'I have left no stone unturned to support the chaukidars, but Government is no party to these suits, and, so far as I have gone, I have only been strengthened in the conviction that the sooner we can extricate ourselves from the system of two masters, the better. I therefore make it a settled policy on all possible occasions to introduce Act VI (B.C.) of 1870.'

"In contrast with the above condemnatory remarks against chakran chaukidars, it is only fair to quote what Mr. Grierson says of their work in Howrah:—'Wherever I have gone on tour, the chakran chaukidars were certainly the best. They were the best set up, the best at work, the most obedient, and the most regular in attendance at parades. They are well-to-do men, and their holdings are so valuable that they cannot afford the luxury of disobedience with dismissal as its result.

'Whatever the chakran chaukdidar's duties to the zamindar may be, I do not know; but I do know that, as a question of practical police administration, I as Magistrate get all that I want out of them.'

"It would appear that the service tenures are larger and zamindars less exacting in Howrah than in Hooghly: the chaukidars themselves are far more intelligent in the former district; in the latter they belong mainly to the semi-aboriginal classes, some of whom are described as little better than savages. From the number of appeals against dismissals by chakran chaukidars (there were 28 to me last year), it is evident that their tenures are valuable and coveted."

Of 361 persons committed for trial in Sessions Courts, 217, or nearly 60 per cent., were convicted against 232 commitments and 94 convictions, *i.e.*, 40 per cent. in 1891. The result was good in Bankura and Howrah, but not so in Burdwan.

The following statement shows the work of the criminal courts in the Division by districts:—

DISTRICT.	Subdivision.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of decisions confirmed on appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average number disposed of by each officer.	Average number of witnesses examined in each case.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to column 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Burdwan	Sadar	Stipendiary	7	1,516	2,032	63·9	4,595	2·9	58·7	269	19	216	3·0	7·0
	Raniganj	Ditto	2	694	891	68·1	2,330	3·4	62·0	283	1	347	3·3	·03
	Kutwa	Ditto	1	570	798	68·7	1,376	·7	68·0	157	4	570	2·4	2·5
	Kalna	Ditto	2	341	533	65·8	1,622	1·9	46·6	152	......	170	4·7	......
Bankura	Sadar	Ditto	4	709	1,118	68·0	3,605	8·1	79·6	284	28	177	5·0	9·8
	Vishnupur	Ditto	2	496	727	67·2	3,161	4·0	63·6	150	12	248	6·3	8·0
Birbhum	Sadar	Ditto	3*	1,117	1,619	69·3	3,565	3·4	58·1	275	6	372	3·1	2·1
	Rampur Hât	Ditto	2	439	627	64·9	1,586	4·4	38·8	171	2	219	3·6	1·1
Hooghly	Sadar	Ditto	4¼†	929	1,263	57·6	3,378	3·1	59·7	245	5	206	3·6	2·0
	Serampore	Ditto	2¼	1,324	1,725	57·8	3,335	5·0	84·1	292	7	481	2·5	2·3
	Jahanabad	Ditto	1¼	298	419	61·8	1,193	5·3	48·1	41	1	238	4·0	5·2
Howrah	Sadar	Ditto	4	2,345	3,570	75·0	5,175	1·3	83·8	467	22	586	2·2	4·7
	Ulubaria	Ditto	1	641	802	71·3	2,423	1·4	82·8	184	1	641	3·7	·5
Midnapore	Sadar	Ditto	6¼	1,783	2,515	63·6	5,699	1·2	59·7	543	4	267	3·1	·7
	Contai	Ditto	2¼	1,391	1,983	53·2	4,936	6·7	34·6	681	17	618	3·5	2·4
	Ghatal	Ditto	1	947	1,236	62·8	1,356	1·5	21·8	35	4	947	1·4	11·4
	Tamluk	Ditto	2	972	1,207	44·2	2,804	4·2	43·5	206	2	486	2·8	·9
		Total for 1892-93	49	16,511	23,071	64·1	52,142	3·5	58·7	4,413	135	337	3·1	3·2
		Total for 1891-92	41	15,542	21,606	60	75,983*	5	69	4,173	292	379	5	6·9
Burdwan	Sadar	Honorary	3¼	2,171	2,266	87·7	1,732	4·9	25	......	......	620	·7	......
	Raniganj	Ditto	3	533	562	86·2	674	·1	66·6	......	......	177	1·2	......
	Katwa	Ditto	3	387	431	59·8	743	5·9	50	1	1	129	1·9	100
	Kalna	Ditto	3	382	390	82·3	625	5·9	15·3	1	......	127	1·6	......
Bankura	Sadar	Ditto	1¼	136	198	47·4	435	11·7	100	19	2	90	3·2	10
	Vishnupur	Ditto	1	114	121	34·7	204	34·8	60	......	......	114	1·8	......
Birbhum	Sadar	Ditto	1	435	454	71·1	497	......	28·5	......	......	435	1·1	......
	Rampur Hât	Ditto	1	50	71	30·9	141	......	......	......	......	50	2·8	......
Hooghly	Sadar	Ditto	7	490	549	63·9	584	4·6	87·5	4	......	70	1·2	......
	Serampore	Ditto	9	1,012	1,064	81·7	1,574	4·4	50	3	1	112	1·5	33
	Jahanabad	Ditto	3	252	361	24·9	876	13·8	64·2	72	20	84	3·4	28
Howrah	Sadar	Ditto	3	4,247	4,458	89·2	4,018	2·5	71·4	1	......	1,415	·9	......
	Ulubaria	Ditto	¾	60	69	78·2	123	6·5	100	......	......	80	2·0	......
Midnapore	Sadar	Ditto	3	278	331	45·0	462	6·7	60	......	......	93	1·6	......
	Contai	Ditto	1	168	207	24·6	434	11·4	66·6	......	......	168	2·5	......
	Ghatal	Ditto	3	322	355	75·7	401	......	......	......	......	107	1·2	......
	Tamluk	Ditto	3	472	508	45·4	1,157	10·3	57·1	......	......	157	2·4	......
		Total for 1892-93	49¾	11,509	12,415	77·2	14,676	5·5	56·9	101	24	231	1·2	24
		Total for 1891-92	36	10,900	12,045	71	22,842*	6	61	98	19	303	2	19

* These figures show the number of witnesses who attended.
N.B.—A fraction indicates that an officer was employed for a fractional part of the year.

Taking Stipendiary Magistrates first, 49 officers disposed of 16,511 cases, the number of cases disposed by each being on an average 337. The largest amount of work was done in the Midnapore district (specially at the Sadar and Contai subdivision), and in Howrah, Burdwan, and Serampore. The average number of witnesses examined in each case was 3·1. The number of police cases disposed of was 4,413, of which 135, or 3·06 per cent., were remanded six times or more.

The number of cases disposed of by 49¾ Honorary Magistrates was 11,509, against 10,900 in 1891 by 36 officers. District Magistrates generally commend the w rk of the Benches.

8. From the statement given below it appears that the attendance of the Honorary Magistrates was on the whole fairly good, though there is still much room for further improvement. Mr. Power, agreeing in this with the Commissioner of Patna, recommends that Honorary Magistrates should be appointed in future only for a term of years, so that habitual absentees need not be re-appointed and Honorary Magistrates may be saved from the disgrace of removal, and District Magistrates from the unpleasant duty of severely criticising assistance voluntarily given:—

District.	Number of Honorary Magistrates.	Number of times asked to attend.	Number of times actually attended.	Number of Absences—		
				With leave or notice.	Without leave or notice.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Burdwan ...	153	2,969	1,574	236	1,159	1,395
Bankura ...	33	462	294	21	147	168
Birbhum ...	26	378	271*	47	52	99
Hooghly ...	108	2,697	2,009	283	405	688
Howrah ...	79	1,603	1,161	94	348	442
Midnapore ...	105	2,557	1,555	256	746	1,002
Total ...	504	10,666	6,864	937	2,857	3,794

* Less attendance of 8 days.

9. The following table shows the results of Sessions trials:—

District.	Number of cases committed, but pending at commencement of year.	Number committed during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number disposed of.	Number in which conviction obtained.	Number of cases in which sentence was modified or reversed by High Court.	Number of cases acquitted by Sessions Judge.	Number of cases otherwise disposed of.	Percentage of cases resulting in conviction to total cases disposed of.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Burdwan	2	23	25	24	12	1	11	1	50·	
Bankura	......	34	34	31	22	5	9	......	70·9	
Birbhum	4	14	18	13	9	3	3	1	69·	
Midnapore	9	51	60	53	40	......	6	7	75·4	
Hooghly	6	16	22	19	14	......	5	......	73·6	
Howrah	3	21	24	22	16	......	4	2	72·	
Total for the Division ...	24	159	183	162	113	9	38	11	69·7	
Total for the Division for 1891	......	157	157	......	89	9	68	......	......	

10. The amount of fines imposed, remitted and collected is given below :—

District.	Balance outstanding at commencement of the year.	Amount imposed during the year.	Total demand.	Amount collected during the year.	Amount remitted or written off during the year.	Total collected and remitted.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Burdwan... ...	4,143 5 2	18,763 3 6	22,906 8 8	13,868 10 9	2,952 0 0	16,820 10 9	6,085 13 11	
Bankura	2,583 11 6	10,763 5 0	13,347 0 6	8,567 8 0	1,759 1 3	10,326 9 3	3,020 7 3	
Birbhum ...	1,858 3 5	10,133 14 6	11,992 1 11	9,039 6 0	1,228 2 3	10,267 8 3	1,724 9 8	
Midnapore ...	6,935 13 5	36,212 15 0	43,148 12 5	28,488 2 2	3,110 10 0	31,598 12 2	11,550 0 3	
Hooghly	6,061 10 9	17,833 6 9	23,895 1 6	15,643 15 6	2,995 2 3	18,639 1 9	5,255 15 9	
Howrah	6,917 0 6	18,513 0 6	25,430 0 6	17,026 3 5	3,219 4 0	20,245 7 5	5,184 9 1	
Divisional total	28,499 12 3	1,12,219 13 3	1,40,719 9 6	92,633 13 10	15,264 3 9	1,07,898 1 7	32,821 7 11	
Total for 1891-92	31,607 0 0	95,412 0 0	1,27,109 0 0	86,730 0 0	13,175 0 0	89,905 0 0	27,204 0 0	

In Birbhum, Hooghly, and Howrah the balance at the end of the year was less than at the beginning.

Registration.

11. The registrations of the year under review exceeded those of 1891-92 by 25,825. The following table gives the figures for each district :—

District.	Class of Registration Office.	Number of offices	Number of documents registered.	Average per office.
1	2	3	4	5
Burdwan ...	Special	1	4,228	4,228
	Rural	12	29,901	2,492
Bankura ...	*Ex-officio* sub	1	2,631	2,631
	Rural ...	8	19,623	2,453
Birbhum ...	Special	1	2,885	2,885
	Rural	4	12,886	3,221
Hooghly ...	Special	1	2,386	2,386
	Rural ...	9	24,562	2,729
Howrah ...	Special	1	6,875	6,875
	Rural	4	11,523	2,881
Midnapore ...	Special	1	4,615	4,615
	Rural	16	56,632	3,539
Grand total for 1892-93	Special	6	23,620	3,937
	Rural	53	155,127	4,432
Grand total for 1891-92	Special	6	20,586	3,431
	Rural	50	132,336	2,647

There was an increase in the number of documents registered from 152,922 in 1891-92 to 178,747 in the year under review, which the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor agrees in thinking to be due to the normal growth in popularity of the Registration Department.

During the year a new sub-registry office was opened at Chanditalla in the district of Hooghly.

Land Revenue.

12. The demand, collection and balance of land revenue, road cess, and zamindari dâk cess in each district are shown in the following table :—

District.	Class of demand.	Class of estates.	Number of estates.	Demand.		Collections of 1892-93.		Balance on 1st April 1893.		Remarks.
				Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Burdwan	Land Revenue	I	4,816	30,33,397	68,781	29,71,807	68,771	61,590	10	
		II	203	9,257	3,964	5,181	3,750	4,046	122	Remitted Rs.
		III	39	4,261	1,135	2,627	838	1,392	153	Ditto
		Total	5,058	31,46,915	73,880	29,79,615	73,363	67,028	285	
	Road Cess	Estates	5,887	3,38,446	44,436	3,13,616	28,457 *	22,830	15,979	* Includes 6,3.., advance lection.
		Rent-free tenures	22,118	20,195	57,221	3,420	23,089	16,775	34,132	
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	699	6,561	905	7,617†	405	1,290	500	† Includes 1,799, advance lections, and 547 on acc of penalty.
		Total	......	34,10,117	1,76,442	33,04,268	1,25,316	1,07,923	50,896	
Bankura	Land Revenue	I	887	4,56,833	8,905	4,50,343	7,917	6,490	988	
		II	64	509	324	301	288	208	36	
		III	11	774	2,096	202	351	572	386	Remitted Rs.
		Total	962	4,58,116	11,325	4,50,846	8,556	7,270	1,410	
	Road Cess	Estates	1,529	74,882	12,925	66,661	9,164 ‡	8,221	3,354	Ditto
		Rent-free tenures	12,122	13,152	21,522	4,551	9,137	8,601	12,385	‡ Includes 1,099, advance lection.
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	502	4,787	544	4,386	370	401	174	
		Total	......	5,50,937	46,316	5,26,444	27,227	24,493	17,323	
Birbhum	Land Revenue	I	1,002	10,03,426	3,202	9,95,452	3,202	7,974	......	
		II	1	136	......	136	......	......	......	
		III	1	122	1	121	1	1	......	
		Total	1,004	10,03,684	3,203	9,95,709	3,203	7,975	......	
	Road Cess	Estates	1,606	1,07,576	4,164	1,03,355	4,121 §	4,221	43	§ Includes 3,073, advance lection.
		Rent-free tenures	7,517	7,172	1,873	5,519	1,654	1,653	219	
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	641	4,232	51	3,627	51	605	......	
		Total	......	11,22,664	9,291	11,08,210	9,029	14,454	262	
Hooghly	Land Revenue	I	3,667	12,98,511	7,010	12,72,898	7,010	25,613	......	
		II	64	14,795	3,920	10,405	2,384	4,390	1,536	
		III	304	33,322	4,442	29,041	3,278	4,246	751	Remitted Rs.
		Total	4,035	13,46,628	15,372	13,12,344	12,672	34,249	2,287	
	Road Cess	Estates	5,829	2,10,141	82,785	1,46,643‖	66,812	63,498	15,973	‖ Includes .,215, advance lection.
		Rent-free tenures	28,966							
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	950	6,465	1,077	6,167	784	298	277	Remitted Rs.
		Total	......	15,63,234	99,234	14,85,154	80,268	98,045	18,337	
Howrah	Land Revenue	I, II, III	Included in Hooghly.							
	Road Cess	Estates, Rent-free tenures								
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	157	5,615	2,404	4,168	755	1,446	1,320	Ditto
		Total	......	5,615	2,404	4,168	755	1,446	1,320	
Midnapore	Land Revenue	I	2,700	18,93,973	28,002	18,75,839	27,769	18,134	233	
		II	195	2,17,516	26,942	1,69,743	26,714	47,770	......	Ditto
		III	62	2,53,258	2,10,713	1,37,517	94,141	1,15,741	87,308	Ditto
		Total	2,957	23,64,747	2,65,657	21,83,099	1,48,624	1,81,645	87,541	
	Road Cess	Estates	4,312	2,82,829	73,395	2,05,337	56,203 ¶	77,086	17,113	Ditto
		Rent-free tenures	27	140	92	68	63	72	29	¶ Includes 5,587, advance lection.
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	2,012	8,055	601	7,576	305	479	296	
	Embankment cess	......	1,385	57,457	21,898	** 61,740	......	16,914	......	Remitted Rs. ** Includes collection
		Total	......	27,13,228	3,61,643	24,57,829	2,05,195	2,76,196	1,04,979	
		Grand Total of Division.	......	93,65,795	6,95,330	88,66,073	4,47,790	5,22,557	1,93,317	Total remissions 33,734.
		Grand Total for 1891-92.	......	92,10,144	8,50,360	87,56,506	4,76,176	4,45,741	3,69,910	

Though there was an improvement in the collections as compared with those of the previous year, still the realisations did not generally reach the prescribed standard, except in Birbhum. Out of a total demand of Rs. 1,00,61,125 on account of land revenue, road cess, and zamindari dâk cess, current and arrear, Rs. 93,13,863 were collected and Rs. 33,734 remitted, the balance being Rs. 7,15,874 against Rs. 8,15,651 in 1891-92.

In permanently-settled estates the percentage of total Land Revenue collections on total demand reached the prescribed standard of 99 per cent. in Birbhum and Midnapore; and in Burdwan, Bankura, and Hooghly with Howrah it was above 98 per cent.

In temporarily-settled estates the collections were far below the standard except in Birbhum where, however, the revenue from this class of estates is trifling.

In the case of Khas Mahals the realisations were also very bad.

Certificates.

13. The work of the Certificate Department is shown in the following statement:—

District.	Department.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Number issued during year.	Total for disposal.	Amount of certificates.	Number disposed of during year.	Amount realized.	Number pending at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rs.		Rs.	
Burdwan	General (arrears of revenue, pound-rate, takavi, zamindari dák, &c.)	232	1,049	1,281	32,985	671	8,774	610
	Court of Wards	1,008	314	1,322	54,660	938	5,985	384
	Cesses	14,655	2,863	17,518	1,19,598	9,331	39,457	8,187
	Total	15,895	4,226	20,121	2,07,243	10,940	54,216	9,181
	Total for 1891-92 ...	3,284	15,185	18,469	2,02,797	2,624	46,382	15,845
Bankura	General ... ... Road cess	3,180	5,567	8,747	1,09,987	2,405	32,606	6,342
	Total	3,180	5.567	8,747	1,09,987	2,405	32.606	6,342
	Total for 1891-92 ...	2,615	2,455	5,070	95,868	1,890	2[illegible],315	3,180
Birbhum	Road cess	246	920	1,166	11,512	979	8,600	187
	General	30	44	74	4,035	66	3,567	8
	Rampur Hât	12	35	47	536	47	536	......
	Total	288	999	1,287	16,083	1,092	12,703	195
	Total for 1891-92 ...	140	818	958	18,007	670	14,399	280
Hooghly*	Cess	3,568	7,154	10,722	77,481	8,608	59,481	2,114
	Drainage	87	7	94	9,840	85	7,400	9
	General (Court of Wards, pounds, &c., &c.)	777	1,012	1,789	56,461	993	4,406	796
	Total	4,432	8,173	12,605	1,43,782	9,686	71,287	2,919
	Total for 1891-92 ...	4,694	11,285	15,979	1,76,162	11,505	88,714	4,474
Midnapore	General, including arrears of rent, embankment dues, and water-rates.	2,086	8,081	10,167	1,58,675	5,848	77,600	4,319
	Cesses	1,551	2,897	4,448	1,06,149	2,143	38,012	2,305
	Court of Wards	2,149	2,213	4,362	1,32,066	1,008	20,893	3,354
	Total	5,786	13,191†	18,977	3,96,890	8,999	1,36,505	9,978
	Total for 1891-92 ...	10,229	11,343	21,572	4,70,861	15,786	2,02,039	5,786
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1892-93	29,581	32,156	61,737	8,73,985	33,122	3,07,317	28,615
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1891-92‡ ...	20,985	41,309	62,354	9,66,357	32,717	3,80,910	29,639

* The Commissioner of Burdwan has included the statement of certificate of Howrah.
† (sic).
‡ The grand total for 1891-92 includes the figures of Howrah.

The number of certificates pending from 1891-92 was 29,581; 32,156 were filed and 33,122 disposed of during the year, leaving 28,615 at the close of the year. The number instituted during the year decreased by more than 22 per cent., chiefly under head "Road and Public Works Cesses" in Burdwan and Hooghly. Certificates for water-rates in Midnapore also show a continued decrease. Owing to failure in the past to keep the records corrected up to date in the Majnamutha estates, recourse to the certificate procedure for realisation of rents has become impracticable, and arrangements have been made to sue in the Civil Courts instead.

Settlements.

14. There were no important settlements of Government estates in any of the districts of the Division. Settlements of the Pataspur temporarily-settled estate under the Bengal Tenancy Act and of the Burdwan Raj Khas Mahals were in progress during the year. The settlement of Sujamutha, except village Madakhali, was completed, and the Settlement Officer has submitted his final report to the Commissioner.

15. There are four drainage schemes in the Division, all—in the district of Hooghly, viz., Dankuni, Howrah, Rajapur and Amta. The original cost of the first project has been collected; its future maintenance charges, which have been capitalised, are under collection. Work in connection with the second and third projects has been completed, but collections have not yet commenced; the last is in the hands of the Public Works Department.

Drainage.

16. Out of Rs. 60,000 allotted to the Division for loans under the Land Improvement and Agricultural Loans Acts, only Rs. 29,340 were actually spent during the year. The reason assigned for failure to utilise the sanctioned amount was that the grant lapsed before the necessary enquiries could be completed. The Commissioner suggests either that these grants be made on a biennial or triennial estimate, or that they should lapse, not in the middle of the busiest season when enquiries are in full swing and cogency of demand greatest, but at the end of August, when work is over and the *bhadoi* crop coming in. The Commissioner's suggestion will be submitted for consideration to the Board of Revenue.

Loans.

17. There were 11 estates in the Division under the Court of Wards against 10 in the previous year. The percentage of total collections on total demands (*i.e.*, current demand and arrears) in the Burdwan Raj estates amounted to nearly 70 per cent., whilst the collections in the estates situated in the district of Midnapore were very low, varying from 21 to 61 per cent. The collections in the Burdwan Raj estates amounted to 99·7 per cent. on the current demand—a result which is satisfactory, considering the shortness of the harvests. The outstanding arrears in wards' estates in this Division are very heavy. It is bad policy to maintain on the books arrears which cannot be paid. The arrear accounts of estates should now be examined in detail, and all sums which are irrecoverable by legal process, or beyond the capacity of the raiyats to pay, should be remitted. The true policy to pursue in land management is to adjust the demand within the law, to the circumstances of each holding, and then to insist on punctual payment.

Wards' Estates.

18. The most important excise statistics are included in the following statement:—

Excise.

District.	Country spirits.				Ganja and bhang.				Opium.			
	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross gallons.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Burdwan	79	30,422	15,876	78,045	57	22,443	83½	40,321	54	16,345	55	62,138
Bankura	59	17,420	11,849	23,032	26	6,030	28	11,743	19	5,038	15½	17,862
Birbhum	28	5,897	6,353	15,873	43	12,470	40	23,730	23	7,279	22	25,601
Hooghly	100	46,[illegible]7	19,842	1,23,238	85	15,668	85	30,930	67	17,149	77	81,412
Howrah	30	15,319	4,321	33,145	44	7,164	55	15,323	28	5,770	31	31,562
Midnapore	64	28,533	15,689	59,809	88	15,789	90	33,608	143	22,157	114	1,25,964

Revenue from all sources.		Rate per head of population.
	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Burdwan	3,03,146	0 3 5
Bankura	68,171	0 1 0
Birbhum	1,64,516	0 3 3
Hooghly	2,74,985	0 4 1
Howrah	1,00,169	0 2 5
Midnapore	2,35,109	0 1 5
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1892-93	11,55,149	
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1891-92	9,65,155	

The excise revenue rose from Rs. 9,65,155 in 1891-92 to Rs. 11,55,149 in 1892-93. The incidence of excise revenue is 2 annas and 4 pies per annum per head of population.

19. The following table shows the number of schools under public management in each district, the number of pupils, the incomes, with the sources from which the incomes are derived, and the cost per head of the pupils:—

Education.

District.	Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls.	Cost. Provincial.	District Board.	Municipality.	Fees.	Other.	Total.	Cost per head of pupils.	Population.	Number of boys of school-going age.	Percentage of boys at school to total boys of school-going age according to the Director of Public Instruction's Report.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.			
...an	High	14	2,637	4,094	236	1,352	20,617	17,884	44,183	16 12	1,391,880	102,430	
	Middle	92	5,666	600	15,904	744	24,511	17,867	59,626	10 8			
	Primary	1 330	38,277	2,606	20,260	819	60,161	8,584	92,430	2 6			
	Total ...	1,436	46,580	7,300	36,400	2,915	1,05,289	44,335	1,96,239	4 3			43·9
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,483	44,917	15,937	48,121	3,346	1,04,467	47,929	2,19,700	4 14 3			42·3
...ra	High	9	1,216	3,140	336	1,110	15,382	9,027	28,995	23 13	1,069,668	76,891	
	Middle	61	3,018	1,353	7,223	348	9,137	7,726	25,787	8 8			
	Primary	1,296	33,510	2,788	15,364	789	32,822	13,181	64,944	1 14			
	Special	24	252	1,385	2	......	257	1,916	3,560	14 2			
	Total ...	1,390	37,996	8,666	22,925	2,247	57,598	31,850	1,23,286	3 3			43·4
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,419	38,113	11,029	22,791	2,166	57,565	26,346	1,19,897	3 2 4			43·6
...um	High	4	730	2,651	......	......	12,492	2,671	17,814	24 6	797,833	58,445	
	Middle	38	2,562	394	4,311	300	8,296	5,758	19,059	7 6			
	Primary	942	20,574	78	7,617	......	32,253	12,633	52,581	2 8			
	Special	4	27	143	......	......	......	......	143	5 4			
	Total ...	988	23,893	3,266	11,928	300	53,041	21,062	89,597	3 12			39·5
	Total for 1891-92 ...	921	21,741	8,674	11,564	300	49,242	20,368	85,148	3 14 7			36·7
...ly	High	30	4,652	15,512	......	1,962	68,422	22,790	1,08,686	23 5	1,076,710	79,370	
	Middle	83	5,226	3,234	12,650	1,467	23,810	20,178	61,339	11 11			
	Primary	1,511	42,451	5,306	4,844	2,682	70,118	9,591	92,541	2 2			
	Special	5	236	10,760	......	......	473	3,788	15,021	63 10			
	Total ...	1,629	52,565	34,812	17,494	6,111	1,62,823	56,347	2,77,587	5 4			63·8
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,627	18,284	34,768	39,356	5,708	1,67,296	54,725	3,02,763	16 8 11			62·1
...ah	High	18	3,601	4,723	......	1,328	41,505	10,047	57,603	15 15	721,211	54,733	
	Middle	34	2,730	1,327	5,410	672	12,035	8,361	27,805	10 2			
	Primary	773	26,284	1,878	7,882	2,668	38,295	4,756	55,479	2 1			
	Special	3	16	85	......	......	......	......	85	5 5			
	Total ...	828	32,631	8,015	13,292	4,668	91,835	23,164	1,40,972	4 5			56·9
	Total for 1891-92 ...	863	32,854	8,916	15,048	3,704	88,872	22,671	1,39,211	4 3 9			57·9
...pore	High	11	1,816	6,949	......	1,299	21,816	9,559	39,623	21 12	2,631,516	196,215	
	Middle	82	5,166	1,215	11,062	1,074	17,510	14,460	45,321	8 11			
	Primary	4,513	99,510	7,966	26,029	1,128	1,47,981	15,000	1,98,104	1 14			
	Special	6	243	2,228	550	120	63	3,442	6,403	26 5			
	Total ...	4,612	106,735	18,358	37,641	3,621	1,87,370	42,461	2,89,451	2 11			51·9
	Total for 1891-92 ...	4,309	97,948	14,902	39,354	4,110	1,74,502	44,766	2,77,630	2 8 5			48·1
	Total for the Division.												
	High	86	14,652	37,069	572	7,051	1,80,234	71,978	2,96,904	20 14	7,688,848	570,084	
	Middle	390	24,368	8,123	56,560	4,605	95,299	74,350	2,38,937	9 8			
	Primary	10,365	260,606	20,622	81,996	8,086	3,81,630	63,745	5,56,079	2 2			
	Special	42	774	14,601	552	120	793	9,146	25,212	32 9			
	GRAND TOTAL ...	10,883	300,400	80,415	1,39,680	19,862	6,57,956	2,19,219	11,17,132	3 11			51·6
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1891-92.	10,622	253,857	89,222	1,76,234	19,234	6,41,854	2,16,805	11,43,349	4 8 11			43·

There has been a marked increase both in the number of schools and pupils as compared with the previous year. The total number of schools rose from 10,622 to 10,883, and the pupils from 253,857 to 300,400. The number of girls' schools increased from 287 to 370, and the number of pupils attending them from 7,662 to 8,024; besides 9,261 girls attended boys' schools. The increase was contributed to by all districts except Bankura and Howrah.

The number of Muhammadan pupils attending the different classes of schools in the division rose from 29,664 to 30,883; the number of pupils in Bankura and Howrah decreased.

The percentage of boys at school on the total number of a school-going age is 51·6, so that more than half the entire number of boys of a school-going age are at school. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor thinks that these figures are satisfactory and creditable to the local educational and district officers.

Dispensaries and Hospitals.

20. The following table gives statistics relating to dispensaries:—

District.	Number of dispensaries.	Income from—					Daily average patients—		Ratio per cent. of outdoor patients to total population.
		Government.	District Board.	Municipality.	Subscriptions.	Total.	In-patients.	Out-patients.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Burdwan	7	1,222	1,383	6,701	18,467	27,773	67·9	862·7	4·4
Bankura	4	531	1,000	2,108	680	4,319	12·42	121·57	1·5
Birbhum	2	52	1,287	921	751	3,011	5·28	95·12	1·4
Hooghly	9	2,072	......	5,037	16,151	23,260	68·8	265·71	3·7
Howrah	3	4,926	......	4,015	10,431	19,372	81·61	143·76	3·2
Midnapore	13	1,337	873	8,969	6,891	17,980	29·74	505·99	2·5
Total ...	38	10,140	4,543	27,751	53,281	95,715	265·83	1,494·89	2·8

The ratio of the outdoor patients to the total population of the districts is very low in Bankura and Birbhum. The two Burdwan Raj dispensaries at Burdwan and Kalna and the Municipal dispensary at Burdwan are specially well spoken of. A female hospital has been established at Bankura.

Local Self-Government Institutions.

21. District Boards on the whole worked satisfactorily and attendance was fairly good, but there was lack of keen interest in the administration on the part of the members in respect of which Mr. Duke, of Hooghly, writes as follows:—

"It would be unjust and ungrateful to complain of the apathy in the members, for I found them on all occasions most willing to assist me and anxious that business should be efficiently conducted; but at the same time I think there is an underlying sense that there is very little for the members to do. The Board in fact is so poor, its wants are so much beyond its income, that there is never anything new or popular to be done, and I think that after a certain experience of this damping fact, members come to feel that, where the income has obviously to be spent on only the most necessary and peremptory requirements, there is very little room for discussion, and most things may be left in the hands of the executive."

As members of Local Boards receive no travelling allowance, those who live at a distance do not attend regularly, but such duties as are delegated to these bodies are said to be performed with fair success. Mr. Grierson, as Chairman of the Howrah Municipality, acknowledges the sympathy and support he has received from the municipal members during the year. Since its close some difference of opinion in regard to sanitary improvements has arisen, but His Honour hopes that as both parties have the interest of the town at heart, these difficulties may be overcome in a reasonable spirit. Mr. Grierson raises a larger question by his recommendation that Howrah should be amalgamated with Calcutta to ensure the advantage of skilled supervision, for which it cannot now afford to pay. Burdwan, Raniganj, Kalna, Bankura, Vishnupur, and Suri were fairly well managed. In Midnapore the town itself was neglected. Ghatal was bad as regards drainage and drinking-water. Tamluk was improving. Hooghly was managed with general success. Bansberia was so mismanaged that an official Chairman had to be appointed. Serampore, as in the previous year, suffered from having had an absentee Chairman. The administration of Utterpara was good, but party spirit ran high, necessitating the resignation of an efficient Chairman. The spirit of faction also prevailed at Bally.

Public feeling.

22. On the state of public feeling, the Commissioner makes the following remarks:—

"The amendment of the Chaukidari Act, the Municipal Act Amendment Bill, and the Jury Notification agitated the minds of such members of the public as are imbued more or less with Western ideas; of the first we no longer hear anything; withdrawal of some contestable clauses of the second and entire withdrawal of the last pacified all who took any interest in the subject. Genuine public feeling can scarcely be said to exist; even in Hooghly, supposed to be one of the most advanced districts in Bengal, it is not a flourishing plant."

Social and political institutions, and conduct of zamindars.

23. There is nothing of special comment under this head. In Burdwan the relations of zamindars and raiyats were generally satisfactory. In Hooghly and Howrah some zamindars endeavoured to raise by illegal means the rents of land benefited by the Rajapur drainage scheme. In Midnapore proprietors with one notable exception treated their tenants where crops failed with consideration.

24. The Lieutenant-Governor thanks Mr. Power for his administration of the Division, and notices with satisfaction the praise bestowed by him upon Messrs. Williams, Dutt and Grierson, among the Collectors, and on Babu Pran Kumar Das, Munshi Nundjee and Babu Jaga Bandhu Bhatacharjee, among Deputy Collectors. The report on the qualifications of officers will be communicated to the Appointment Department, intimation being given to the officers concerned in cases where seriously unfavourable remarks have been made.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE DACCA DIVISION FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—MISCELLANEOUS No. 2583.

Calcutta, the 14th November 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Annual General Administration Report of the Dacca Division for the year 1892-93.

1. The report is submitted by Mr. Luttman-Johnson, who took charge of the Division as Commissioner in November last, a month and ten days after the date on which it was due. The office of Commissioner of Dacca was held by the late Mr. C. F. Worsley from the 1st April to the 21st May 1892, by Mr. T. L. Jenkins from the 22nd May to the 21st June, by Mr. H. G. Cooke from the 22nd June to the 1st November, and by Mr. Luttman-Johnson for the remainder of the year.

Tours and inspections.

2. Of the officers who successively acted as Commissioner, Mr. Worsley spent 22 days, Mr. Cooke 35 days, and Mr. Luttman-Johnson 80 days on tour. All the district and subdivisional offices and treasuries except Tangail were inspected by Mr. Luttman-Johnson, who remarks that he found very great room for reform in several directions and departments.

The Collectors of Faridpur and Backergunge were on tour for more than the periods prescribed for their respective districts. In Dacca and Mymensingh the tours fell short of the prescribed periods, the explanations furnished being that in the former district Mr. Jenkins was disabled by fever towards the close of the year, while in the latter Mr. Palit, who was in charge for nearly two months during the best part of the boating season, only spent nine days on tour—an insufficient proportion. The use of boats permits of tours in this Division being spread over a greater portion of the year—an advantage to which most officers are fully alive. Mr. Savage in Backergunge spent some days of every month and Mr. Jenkins in Dacca some days of eleven months on tour with very useful results. The tours of sub-divisional officers were all of the prescribed length.

Weather and crops, and material condition of the people.

3. The rainfall of the year, taking the Division as a whole, was in excess of the average of the previous five years by 1·36 inches, and was fairly well distributed, in Dacca the amount received was 2·44 inches below the average. The aus crop suffered in some districts from the too sudden rise of the water, and the boro from unusual floods, but the outturn of aman rice, the most important food-crop of the Division, was fully up to the average. Prices, however, ruled high—a fact which the Commissioner attributes to the increase of the area under jute and the consequent contraction of the food-stocks. The only classes adversely affected are those with small fixed incomes and wage-earners. The agricultural population continue to be prosperous, and artizans, except weavers, command high prices for their work and are well off. The daily wage of a common cooly is reported to be 4 annas a day in Backergunge, 5 annas in Dacca, while in Mymensingh it is said to vary from 2½ to 8 annas per day.

Public health.

4. The total number of deaths registered was 251,839, against 234,157 in 1891-92, the ratio of deaths registered per mille of the population ranged from 12·38 in Mymensingh to 43·6 in Backergunge, the variations being caused for the most part by the different degrees of success attained in the registration of mortality. Mr. Savage is to be congratulated on the results in Backergunge, which indicate that considerable attention has been paid to this subject, while in Mymensingh the figures are not only worthless in themselves, but they are even worse than in the preceding year. The Commissioner is personally of opinion that the year was not unhealthy, the annual inundation having been in his opinion sufficient to cleanse the tanks and wells and replenish the water-supply, on which the health of the people chiefly depends. Fever is said to account for two-thirds of the deaths in the Division. Small-pox raged virulently in the Dacca town and district, causing 1,659 deaths.

It may be mentioned here that there is much room for improvement in the registration of births and deaths in municipal areas—a duty which was transferred to the police by the orders of December 1891, and which appears to be much neglected, especially in Mymensingh.

Trade and commerce.

5. The only novel feature in the trade and commerce of the year is that common earthenware plates and dishes from Holland are now largely sold in this Division. The Commissioner writes:—

"The trade of the port of Narayanganj has not recovered the decline of 1891-92; indeed, there has again been a small decrease—about one per cent. Though there was an increased export of jute, there was a decrease in value. Less salt was imported, prices of this article at Chittagong ruling high. Jute business at Goalundo largely increased, while in oil-seeds business was very slack there."

There was less rice exported from Backergunge than in the previous year owing, the Commissioner thinks, to the action of the raiyats in holding their stocks either with a view to obtaining higher prices or from fear of scarcity. A large business was as usual done in betelnuts and cocoanuts, the former being said to pay one-third of the rent.

Administrative changes.

6. Among administrative changes, the Commissioner mentions the following:—

"The Collector of Mymensingh has made a small but very radical change in the distribution of work among the officers attached to the Sadar station. He found that each officer did a little of everything. He found especially that where criminal judicial was combined with revenue and miscellaneous work, the former was apt to crowd out the latter. Accordingly he has set apart certain officers to do the criminal judicial work, and has confined them to this and the executive work inseparably connected therewith—police, chaukidars, arms, ammunitions. I shall watch the result of this experiment with great interest. The Collector of Dacca is making similar arrangements."

The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor desires the Commissioner to submit a special further report on the results of this experiment.

Civil justice.

7. The following statement shows the civil work of the Division during the year:—

District.	Subdivision or chauki.	Description of Court.	Number of officers.	Number of original cases disposed of.		Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B.			Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio of witnesses detained over two days per cent. of witnesses examined.	Ratio of cases pending at end of year per cent. of cases disposed of.
				Ordinary.	Small Cause Court.	Money.	Rent.	Title.			
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	8	9	10	12
Dacca	Sadar	Munsif	4	3,835	6,484	7,747	1,816	756	12,764	14	17
	Narayanganj	Do.		658	1,330	1,585	294	129	2,771	23	14
	Kaliganj	Do.		1,237	2,102	2,896	284	159	4,843	3	19
	Munshiganj	Do.	2½	3,181	6,885	7,363	2,096	607	12,564	11	16
	Manickganj	Do.	2	2,055	4,294	4,897	1,034	418	8,296	12	3
Faridpur	Sadar	Munsif	1¾	2,011	1,261	1,479	1,671	122	5,496	18	13
	Goalundo	Do.	2	2,549	1,209	2,100	1,421	237	7,300	26	18
	Madaripur	Do.	2¼	2,777	3,798	4,508	1,650	417	8,381	2	14
	Bhanga	Do.	3	5,232	3,196	4,485	3,641	302	7,898	8	15
	Chikandi	Do.	3	2,390	4,357	5,187	1,234	326	8,274	2	10
Backergunge	Sadar	Munsif	5	9,103	3,457	4,142	8,075	345	12,375	8	12
	Pirojpur	Do.	4	4,410	983	1,675	3,464	254	6,957	24	12
	Patuakhali	Do.	3¼	7,135	1,927	3,171	5,698	193	8,607	12	13
	Bhola	Do.	2	3,447	1,064	1,724	2,587	200	5,332	31	20
Mymensingh	Sadar	Munsif	1¾	3,416	1,024	3,404	803	233	5,642	8	14
	Jamalpur	Do.	1¼	1,736	1,492	2,173	790	265	3,938	6	13
	Sherpur	Do.	1	1,368	...	1,086	202	78	2,067	12	11
	Iswarganj	Do.	¾	1,405	1,107	1,845	534	243	4,738	78	20
	Netrakona	Do.	3	4,428	3,584	4,481	2,520	1,011	12,804	9	12
	Kishorganj	Do.	2¼	3,041	1,375	2,889	978	549	7,336	32	17
	Bazitpur	Do.	2	1,677	1,403	1,964	684	432	6,147	1	15
	Atia	Do.	2	2,658	1,986	3,414	921	309	6,552	14	39
	Pingna	Do.	1	784	1,607	2,102	120	169	2,942	20	19
		Total	52	70,621	55,947	76,317	42,517	7,734	164,024	15	16
		Total for 1891-92	52¼	67,291	43,305	66,595	36,385	7,696	316,909*	11	27

* Shows the number of witnesses who attended.

The number of civil suits disposed of increased from 113,654 to 131,413, or 15·6 per cent. As compared with the beginning of the year, the number of suits pending has decreased by 8,430, or 29·3 per cent. The remarkable difference in point of material prosperity and in that resort to litigation which

seems to attend prosperity, which exists between the Dacca and Patna Divisions, is illustrated by the fact that, with a population only somewhat more than half that of Patna, the Dacca Division shows six-times the number of money suits and two-and-a-half times the number of rent suits instituted in Patna. The Commissioner makes the following remarks:—

"There has been a large increase in the number of suits disposed of, 15·6 per cent., mostly in the money and moveables class, but largely also in the rent suits class; still there was only one suit to 74 of the population. Faridpur is the most litigious district, with 61 persons to a suit. There is no corresponding increase in our income from court-fee stamps, so the increase is probably in suits of small value.

In the money and moveables class there is large increase in Dacca, Faridpur, and Mymensingh, some 20 per cent., while in Backergunge there is small decrease.

The Collector of Mymensingh explains that the increase in his district is due to the scarcity which prevailed during a portion of the year, and which rendered it impossible for debtors to meet their liabilities. In rent suits, on the other hand, though there is increase in all districts, it is largest in Backergunge, due, the Collector thinks, to the prosperity of the people; no doubt rent-receivers take advantage of a good year to press their claims. The increase in rent suits in Mymensingh is stated to have occurred chiefly in the Tangail sub-division, and is attributed to the inundation of 1889-90. In title suits there is little change on the whole."

The ratio of witnesses detained over two days per cent. of the witnesses examined is very high at some munsifis, especially Iswarganj, Kishorganj, Goalundo and Narayanganj. The ratio of appeals confirmed to the total number disposed of ranges from 51·4 in Backergunge to 64·8 in Faridpur.

Crime.

8. Both cognizable and non-cognizable crime increased during the year, the total number of cases of both kinds being 36,630 in 1892, against 33,269 in 1891 and 31,036 in 1890. The increase in cognizable crime occurred chiefly in the number of burglaries and thefts committed in Dacca and Mymensingh, while there was a large decrease in the number of these offences in Faridpur and Backergunge. The latter, being exporting districts, benefited by the high prices which with the prevailing scarcity developed criminal propensities elsewhere.

It is probable, however, that other causes were also at work to bring about these results, for, as the Commissioner remarks, the increase in crime was not so great in the Kishorganj and Netrokona sub-divisions of Mymensingh, which suffered most from scarcity, as in the rest of the district: good police administration rendering successful the measures taken to control and supervise the criminal population and the degree to which petty offences are reported are factors which have an important influence on criminal statistics.

The Commissioner gives some interesting figures showing that the districts of his division compare favourably in point of turbulence with Sylhet in Assam. Taking cases of unlawful assembly and rioting together, after Sylhet comes Dacca, then Faridpur, Mymensingh and Backergunge in the order named. The number of cases, however, in which loss of life occurred is greatest in Backergunge, and it must also be borne in mind that preventive measures under section 107, Criminal Procedure Code, are far more largely resorted to in that district than elsewhere.

Police.

9. The weakness of the regular police in this Division has been recognized, and improvements are contemplated when funds become available. Some interesting remarks are made by the Commissioner and the District Officers regarding the conduct and *morale* of the force. The Commissioner writes thus from a somewhat novel standpoint:—

"The police are not and can never be a popular body. Here, in India, they are perhaps more unpopular than they are in other countries. A very distinguished native officer recently remarked to me that the police would never improve so long as people continued to offer them bribes. I am inclined to agree with him that the faults of the police are the faults of the people, and that only as the people rise to a higher level of public morality will the character of the police improve. From this point of view the lavish abuse of the police which disfigures the native press is encouraging, as showing that the people are becoming more alive to their (own) faults in connection with the police."

The following extract contains Mr. Savage's remarks on the police of Backergunge. He writes that—

"In his district, excluding the police employed on guard and other duties, only 409 persons are employed on regular police duties, or one to 5,266 of the population,

as compared with one to 3,503 in the Province of Bengal, and whatever may be said (and much may be said truthfully) against our police, it must always be borne in mind that this small force has to cope, and has with a fair measure of success coped, with crime in a district notorious for the turbulent character of its inhabitants. When we consider the numerical weakness of the force, the bad pay, the hard work, and the manifold temptations which a district (in which every thief and lathial is rich enough to command the services of a trained pleader) can throw in the way of officers and men alike, the wonder is, not that the police fail to do their duty in many instances, but that duty is to them a word with any meaning. Nevertheless, we have officers and men who are zealous in the discharge of their duties, and if they be still outnumbered by the lazy, incompetent and dishonest, as I am afraid it must be admitted they are, their number will, it is to be hoped, increase year by year with increase of pay to the men greater care in the recruiting of officers."

Rural Police.

10. There appears to be great disparity between the efficiency of the rural police in different districts. Dacca is still backward in this respect. In Faridpur and Mymensingh matters are improving, but much still remains to be done before these districts are on a level with Backergunge. The following account is taken from the Commissioner's report:—

"Mr. Savage, Magistrate of Backergunge, writes that the chaukidars in his district are now well paid and are a very useful body of men. He states that, as a rule, the chaukidar is a man of influence in his village, and can, if he will, keep his mahalla in order. His post is regarded as a very desirable one, and it is his interest to keep it by doing his duty. From the reward fund now started, the Magistrate hopes to be able to give better rewards and so increase the incentive to good work. I think Backergunge is unique in chaukidari as in some other matters. So desirable is the post of chaukidar in this district, that chaukidars, when dismissed, generally appeal to me. They often come to all the way to Dacca to plead their own cause.

I attended a parade at Pirojpur in this district a short time ago, and was astonished at the smartness and intelligence of the men. They bring their uniforms in neat bags, and put them on clean for parade. Each had a neat *chunga* containing his sanad of appointment, his registers of vital statistics, his acquittance roll, and also a copy of questions he had to answer at parade.

It is stated that in this district the chaukidars have now greatly improved in rendering assistance to station officers, and have in numerous instances averted riots which would otherwise have occurred had they not given prior intimation to the police."

It is worthy of note that under a scheme drawn out by Mr. Savage all the chaukidars in his district have been paid in full for the Bengali year 1299, while in every other district there are considerable arrears.

Criminal Justice.

11. The following statement shows the criminal work of the Division by districts:—

Stipendiary Magistrates.

District.	Subdivision.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average of cases disposed of per officer.	Average of witnesses examined per case disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to column 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Dacca ...	Sadar ...	Stipendiary ...	8½	3,531	3,857	80	6,524	5	72	350	29	428	2	8
	Munshiganj ...		2	919	1,786	67	3,360	1	85	130	4	459	4	3
	Manikganj ...		1	372	566	62	1,735	3	90	131	10	372	5	8
	Narayanganj ...		1	700	1,196	63	2,061	11	74	110	10	700	3	9
Faridpur ...	Sadar ...		4½	1,556	3,410	76	4,767	3	65	301	6	346	3	2
	Goalundo ...		1	580	734	79	1,885	6	72	172	5	580	3	3
	Madaripur ...		3	1,372	2,222	63	5,681	1	56	184	...	457	4	...
Backergunge ...	Sadar ...		6½	2,100	3,843	72	9,818	2	66	281	34	365	5	12
	Pirojpur ...		1	1,095	1,028	63	4,438	4	85	200	2	1,095	4	1
	Patuakhali		1	879	1,141	56	2,610	2	78	174	23	879	3	13
	Bhola ...		1	460	815	89	1,247	1	77	91	...	460	3	...
Mymensingh ...	Sadar ...		6½	1,918	3,081	69	8,296	6	62	387	30	295	4	8
	Netrakona ...		1	478	778	77	2,657	9	...	...	...	478	6	...
	Jamalpur ...		1	605	957	61	3,518	6	81	228	25	605	6	11
	Kishorganj ...		1	607	872	58	2,676	16	83	499	19	607	4	4
	Tangail ...		2	853	1,300	67	3,054	4	73	268	36	426	4	13
		Divisional total	41	18,027	28,186	69	64,347	4	69	3,515	233	440	4	7
		Divisional total for 1891 ...	39½	16,247	24,013	65	84,186	6	67	3,979	508	413	5	12

Honorary Magistrates.

District.	Subdivision.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average of cases disposed of per officer.	Average of witnesses examined per case disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to column 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Dacca ...	Sadar	Honorary ...	2¼	410	484	65	607	...	33	...	...	149	1	...
	Narayanganj ...		2	144	173	47	351	3	56	...	...	72	2	...
	Munshiganj ...		4	547	673	33	1,575	4	40	1	1	137	3	100
	Manikganj ...		7	379	462	30	1,467	3	45	5	...	54	4	...
Faridpur ...	Sadar		3	303	377	54	631	4	48	1	...	101	2	...
	Goalundo		1½	286	300	89	251	...	43	...	...	229	1	...
	Madaripur ...		3	594	731	41	1,819	11	37	19	2	198	3	11
Backergunge ...	Sadar		½	301	330	52	686	4	...	8	...	890	2	...
	Pirojpur			105	107	40	203	13	...	...	...		2	...
	Patuakhali ...			36	37	62	145	...	...	...	...		4	...
	Bhola			3	5	60	5	...	...	...	...		2	...
Mymensingh ...	Sadar		½	189	236	42	558	4	68	...	...	756	3	...
	Netrakona		1	399	400	47	744	16	...	...	...	399	2	...
	Kishorganj ...		2	395	410	44	1,164	24	...	1	...	198	3	...
	Tangail		1	121	164*	46	438	...	80	4	...	121	4	...
	Jamalpur		2	394	513	58	631	7	...	5	...	197	2	...
		Total ...	29¾	4,606	5,404*	40	11,215	7	48	44	3	155	2	7
		Total for 1891 ...	20¾	4,269	4,835	48	16,307†	10	61	74	10	205	4	13

* One died.
† Shows number of witnesses who attended.

Forty-one Stipendiary Magistrates disposed of 18,027 cases, being an average of 440 cases to each officer against 413 in 1891. The Sub-divisional Officer of Pirojpur in Backergunge disposed of 1,095 cases, with an average of four witnesses to each case. At Patuakhali 879 cases and at Narayanganj 700 cases were disposed of by an officer with an average at both places of three witnesses to each case. At Netrokona and Jamalpur the average number of witnesses in each case was as high as six. The percentage of witnesses detained over two days to the number examined was greatest at Kishorganj (16 per cent.) and Narayanganj (11 per cent.) The ratio of A cases remanded six times and more to the number disposed of was over 10 per cent. at Tangail, Jamalpur Backergunge (Sadar) and Patuakhali. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to acknowledge that there has been an improvement in the promptitude with which witnesses were examined and in the ratio of convictions confirmed on appeal.

The number of cases disposed of by Honorary Magistrates rose from 4,269 in 1891 to 4,606 in 1892, which was 20·3 per cent. of the total number of cases disposed of, and there can be no doubt that Honorary Magistrates render valuable assistance to the regular staff. Backergunge is still backward in making use of this agency for the trial of cases.

The Honorary Magistrates at Kishorganj, Netrokona, Pirojpur, and Madaripur detained over 10 per cent. of their witnesses for more than two days. The results on appeal are not satisfactory in view of the simple nature of the cases which Honorary Magistrates have to try. The figures are worst for Tangail, Mymensing (Sadar) and Narainganj.

12. The following table shows the attendance of Honorary Magistrates during 1892:—

Return of Attendance of Honorary Magistrates for the calendar year 1892.

District	Number of Honorary Magistrates.	Number of times asked to attend.	Number of times actually attended.	Number of times absent— With leave or notice.	Without leave or notice.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Dacca ...	115	2,318	2,145	123	50	173
Faridpur	56	1,923	1,256	117	550	667
Backergunge ...	31	407	327	79	1	80
Mymensingh ...	72	1,998	1,277	157	564	721
Total for the Division.	274	6,646	5,005	476	1,165	1,641

The number of absences without leave or notice is largest in Mymensingh and Faridpur and least in Backergunge, where the number of Honorary Magistrates is small. The Commissioner writes regarding the system as follows:—

"The whole system requires reorganisation. In the first place we cannot expect Honorary Magistrates to work unless we provide them with proper cutcherries and attendants. I have found Honorary Magistrates, who should be first served, relegated to all sorts of makeshift abodes. Then the roster system of attendance seems to me highly inconvenient. An Honorary Magistrate should sit certain days in the week or month, and should give notice a week beforehand when he is unable to attend. There should be an understudy ready to take the place of any Magistrate prevented from attending by sudden illness or other accident. It is a fact that in this Division few Benches sit more than once a week. A daily Bench, such as has been organised at many stations, is unknown. I hope soon to have daily Benches at head-quarters of districts and sub-divisions. The instructions contained in Circular No. 2843J., dated 30th May 1893, will greatly improve the organisation of Benches."

13. The statement below shows the work of the Sessions Courts district by district:—

District.	Particulars of cases. Number committed during the year.	Number disposed of.	Number in which conviction was obtained.	Number in which sentence modified or reversed by High Court.	Number of cases acquitted by Sessions Judge.	Percentage of cases resulting in conviction to total cases disposed of.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Dacca ...	59	61	38	5	22	63·3
Faridpur ...	24	32	19	......	9	59·3
Backergunge ...	78	79	49	12	30	62·0
Mymensingh ...	107	105	74	5	30	70·4
Total for the Division.	268	277	180	22	91	64·9

14. The following table shows the impositions, realizations, and collections of fines during the year:—

District.	Balance outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Amount imposed during the year.	Amount collected during the year.	Balance outstanding at the end of year.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dacca ...	10,197	27,691	24,929	10,766
Faridpur ...	10,001	29,002	25,503	10,139
Backergunge ...	5,487	25,701	19,728	8,203
Mymensingh ...	13,692	57,306	44,820	18,183
Total ...	39,377	1,39,700	1,14,980	47,291

It is noticed that the outstanding balances were larger at the close than at the beginning of the year in all districts.

Registration.

15. The number of documents registered during the year was as follows:—

District.	Class of Registration office.	Number of offices.	Number of documents registered.	Average per office.
1	2	3	4	5
Dacca	Special ...	1	5,377	5,377
	Rural	10	26,828	2,683
Faridpur	Special ...	2	7,467	3,738
	Rural ...	9	33,727	3,747
Backergunge	Special ...	1	5,740	5,740
	Rural ..	15	63,344	4,223
Mymensingh	Special ...	1	4,327	4,327
	Rural ...	13	39,928	3,071
Total for 1892-93 ...	Special ...	5	22,911	4,582
	Rural ..	47	163,827	3,486
Total for 1891-92 ...	Special ...	4	20,610	5,152
	Rural ...	44	153,409	3,487

There was an increase in the number of registrations which as in other divisions being due to the increasing popularity of the Department is normal and requires no special explanation. Backergunge heads the list with 69,084 documents registered, and Dacca is last with 32,205 registrations. The Commissioner says:—

"Though the increase in business is not so great as in the previous year, it is still highly satisfactory. The increase is distributed over all the districts. While an increase of Rs. 19,635 in receipts in 1891-92 entailed an increase of only Rs. 5,937 in expenditure, this year an increase of Rs. 5,733 in expenditure has only brought in Rs. 8,045 improved income. So, while we made a local profit of Rs. 1,20,119 in 1891-92, this year we have only made Rs. 1,22,431. In Dacca and Mymensingh increased income only about covers increased expenditure; in Backergunge there is a small decrease in receipts, while expenditure increased by Rs. 516; only in Faridpur is there really much improvement in profits, Rs. 3,268. This has not been satisfactorily explained. It is thought that there has been improvement in copying fees and in fees charged for delay in taking back documents."

Land Revenue and Cesses.

16. The following statement shows the demands, collections, remissions, and balances of land revenue and cesses, district by district, the three classes of estates distinguished against land revenue being (I) Permanently-settled estates, (II) Temporarily-settled estates, (III) Estates held direct by Government:—

District.	Class of demand.	Class of estates.	Number of estates.	Demand. Current.	Demand. Arrear.	Collections of 1892-93. Current.	Collections of 1892-93. Arrear.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Current.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Arrear.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Dacca	Land revenue	I	8,393	4,26,292	8,469	4,19,318	8,467	6,974	2	
		II	357	50,920	23,375	38,553	19,377	12,325	3,908	Remitted
		III	133	19,479	3,223	16,379	2,579	3,095	651	Ditto
		Total	......	4,96,691	35,067	4,74,250	30,423	22,394	4,631	
	Road cess	Estates	8,997	1,49,026	21,148	1,35,706	19,791	13,320	1,242	Ditto
		Rent-free tenures	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
	Zamindari dák	Estates	1,080	9,865	8,179	9,223	6,007	640	770	Ditto
		Total	......	6,55,582	64,394	6,19,181	56,221	36,354	6,643	
		Total for 1891-92	......	6,51,602	58,385	5,95,087	48,840	31,412	27,075	
Faridpur	Land revenue	I	5,628	4,31,632	6,999	4,24,988	6,137	6,644	37	Ditto
		II	172	55,360	21,199	36,736	13,929	18,624	6,245	Ditto
		III	170	85,435	5,122	79,817	3,675	5,148	1,000	Ditto
		Total	......	5,72,427	33,320	5,41,541	23,741	30,416	7,282	
	Road cess	Estates	5,830	1,13,658	37,995	90,488	32,320	23,170	4,653	Ditto
		Rent-free tenures	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
	Zamindari dák	Estates	1,351	8,357	640	7,872	479	485	161	
		Total	......	6,94,442	71,955	6,39,901	56,740	54,071	12,096	
		Total for 1891-92	......	6,93,683	1,16,693	6,34,192	94,158	58,033	21,767	
Backergunge	Land revenue	I	2,989	10,09,782	12,209	10,05,358	11,682	3,924	515	Ditto
		II	262	1,35,293	49,824	1,23,625	37,126	10,868	11,163	Ditto
		III	336	4,02,888	31,167	3,79,712	24,451	23,116	3,731	Ditto
		Total	......	15,47,463	93,200	15,08,695	73,259	37,908	15,409	
	Road cess	Estates	4,492	2,94,596	46,401	2,57,468	45,911	36,631	213	Ditto
		Rent-free tenures	546	672	311	585	275	87	36	
	Zamindari dák	Estates	1,197	17,075	76	16,887	68	103	3	Ditto
		Total	......	18,59,806	1,39,988	17,83,635	1,19,513	74,729	15,661	
		Total for 1891-92	......	18,33,257	1,76,446	17,09,359	1,40,883	1,21,631	19,239	
Mymensingh	Land revenue	I	7,254	7,68,834	3,617	7,65,781	3,598	3,053	19	
		II	206	71,871	21,739	65,479	11,663	6,392	10,076	
		III	64	16,028	9,989	8,870	6,917	7,158	3,072	
		Total	...	8,56,733	35,345	8,40,130	22,178	16,603	13,167	
	Road cess	Estates	7,765	3,38,595	26,244	3,12,380	24,535	26,023	1,476	Ditto
		Rent-free tenures	66	507	77	444	45	63	32	
	Zamindari dák	Estates	2,091	15,403	920	14,824	748	579	172	
		Total	......	12,11,238	62,586	11,67,773	47,526	43,168	14,847	
		Total for 1891-92	......	12,13,449	1,01,031	11,63,104	82,157	43,078	18,874	
		GRAND TOTAL	......	44,21,068	3,38,923	42,10,495	2,80,000	2,08,422	49,247	Total remission 11
		Grand total for 1891-92	......	43,91,991	4,52,555	41,01,749	3,75,038	2,52,154	86,255	

The total collections of land revenue amounted to Rs. 35,14,217 against Rs. 34,95,801 in the previous year, 95·7 per cent. of the total demand having been collected against a percentage of 94·4 in 1891-92. The collections in estates of class II were poor, except in Backergunge, where over 94 per cent. of the true recoverable demand was collected in all estates of this class. Owing to the assessment of new estates and new accretions in Backergunge, the revenue from estates held under direct management increased from Rs. 4,95,768 to Rs. 5,23,830, and the cost of management fell from 7·5 per cent. of the current demand to 5·5. The collections in estates leased to farmers were particularly bad in Dacca and Faridpur, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor considers the explanations offered of these unsatisfactory results altogether inadequate.

In regard to cesses, the percentage of collections on gross demand varies from 84·3 in Faridpur to 96·9 in Dacca. There has been improvement since the previous year in nearly all districts, but there is room for further improvement in Faridpur.

Certificate Procedure.

17. The statement below exhibits the certificate work of the year:—

District.	Department.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Number issued during year.	Total for disposal.	Amount of certificates.	Number disposed of during year.	Amount realized.	Number pending at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rs.		Rs.	
Dacca	All departments	1,489*	2,781	4,270	71,000	3,422	45,190	848
	Total for 1891-92 ...	661	3,049†	3,710	54,482	2,200	37,897	1,510
Faridpur	All departments	1,198*	1,421	2,619	82,821	2,157	64,123	462
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,166	2,469†	3,635	1,19,206	2,425	76,759	1,210
Backergunge	All departments	890*	2,883	3,773	1,79,827	3,051	1,42,654	722
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,120	2,791†	3,911	2,23,888	3,012	1,66,533	899
Mymensingh	All departments	1,348*	2,147	3,495	1,02,178	1,937	47,459	1,558
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,236	2,648†	3,884	1,38,235	2,536	76,718	1,348
	Total ...	4,925*	9,232	14,157	4,35,826	10,567	2,99,435	3,590
	Total for 1891-92 ...	4,183	10,957†	15,140	5,35,811	10,173	3,57,907	4,967

* These figures exclude the number of certificates received from other districts.
† These figures show the number of certificates filed during the year.

There were 14,157 of which 10,567 were disposed of, leaving 3,590 pending at the close of the year. The cases disposed of exceeded the number instituted in all the districts of the Division, except Mymensingh, where the number pending at the close of the year was very large, owing, it is said, to the fact that 1,347 cases were instituted in the last quarter of the year as compared with 817 institutions in the corresponding quarter of the preceding year.

Partition.

18. The total number of partition cases for disposal was 555, including 463 which were pending at the close of the preceding year. Of these 114 were disposed of, thus reducing the number of cases pending at the end of the year to 441. In Dacca the oldest pending case dates from January 1881, in Mymensingh from August 1883, and in Backergunge from January 1884. It is desirable that some explanation should be offered in the column of remarks to account for these long delays. The same remark applies to the statement of Land Acquisition cases.

Excise.

19. The main features of the working of the Excise Department are exhibited in the statement below—

District.	Country spirits.				Gangja and bhang.				Opium.			
	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross gallons.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Dacca ...	64	40,358	15,462	91,931	80	88,141	278	1,46,493	34	5,811	22	24,668
Faridpur ...	43	6,110	6,197	23,343	62	26,861	75	44,082	20	3,196	7	8,626
Backergunge ...	39	13,694	6,860	34,146	74	29,961	68	46,931	45	12,112	29	34,982
Mymensingh ...	67	37,439	11,150	69,278	139	1,09,894	392	1,93,227	69	19,439	35	51,449

Revenue from all sources.		Rate per head of population.
	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Dacca	2,71,349	0 1 9
Faridpur	82,924	0 0 8
Backergunge	1,10,668	0 0 10
Mymensingh	3,35,501	0 1 6
Total ...	8,10,440	0 1 3
Total for 1891-92 ...	8,18,086	0 1 3

The consumption of country spirits has increased in Faridpur and diminished in other districts, while Dacca only shows a slightly increased consumption of ganja. Mr. Savage introduced in Backergunge a system of issuing ganja to licensees only in proportion to the amount of license fees paid by them, which, while it considerably reduced the quantity of ganja sold, has brought retail selling prices to one and the same level, prevented unhealthy competition, and checked illicit sales.

The excise revenue amounted to Rs. 8,10,440 against Rs. 8,18,086 in 1891-92, the incidence of revenue being 1 anna 3 pie per head of the population.

Income Tax.

20. The average incidence of the income-tax in this division is Re. 1 to 35 persons. The incidence varies from Re. 1 to 28 persons in Dacca, to Re. 1 to 48 persons in Faridpur, where the Commissioner seems to think that the tax could be made more productive without resorting to harsh assessments.

Communications.

21. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor observes with pleasure the development of steamer communications in this division. Some of the services now maintained receive subsidies from the different District Boards, but it is hoped that they will soon be in a position to dispense with such assistance. If the companies which run these steamers are soundly managed, they should do remunerative business and confer much benefit on the people of Eastern Bengal, where the great waterways are the natural avenues of wealth.

The Commissioner's remarks about projected railways will be considered in the Public Works Department, and those on the subject of towing-paths in the Municipal Department. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Commissioner in thinking that the proper maintenance of towing-paths is a matter of much importance to the people in districts like Backergunge, where traffic is principally carried on through rivers.

Education.

22. The following table gives the main educational statistics for each district in the division exclusive of private institutions for indigenous instruction :—

District.	Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls.	Cost. Provincial.	District Board.	Muni-ipality.	Fees.	Other.	Total.	Cost per head of pupils.	Population.	Number of boys of school-going age.	Percentage of boys at school to boys of school-going age according to Director of Public In-
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Dacca	High	19	4,880	14,353	......	797	60,787	11,449	87,386	17·9	2,420,656	180,087	[illegible]
	Middle	160	8,734	7,444	10,653	855	26,545	14,649	60,146	6·8			
	Primary	1,590	39,312	2,138	17,433	......	44,157	11,564	75,292	1·9			
	Miscellaneous	5	1,098	27,203	......	......	16,359	10,686	54,248	49·4			
	Total	1,774	54,024	51,138	28,086	1,652	1.47,848	48,348	2,77,072	5·1			
	Total for 1891-92	1,930	58,008	33,891	29,508	1,871	1,58,666	37,230	2,63,175	4·5			
Faridpur	High	8	1,241	2,681	......	......	17,756	5,037	25,474	20·5	1,797,320	133,963	[illegible]
	Middle	96	5,397	3,422	7,889	128	18,094	11,822	41,355	7·6			
	Primary	1,222	29,379	2,470	12,029	313	34,037	7,748	56,597	1·9			
	Miscellaneous	8	29	80	......	......	......	......	80	2·7			
	Total	1,334	36,046	8,653	19,918	441	69,887	24,607	1,23,506	3·4			
	Total for 1891-92	1,469	35,809	8,972	19,603	656	66,652	22,782	1,18,665	3·3			
Backergunge	High	9	2,280	5,856	......	150	29,331	7,129	42,466	18·6	2,153,965	165,666	[illegible]
	Middle	86	4,616	3,822	6,302	467	15,873	13,966	40,680	8·8			
	Primary	2,905	63,873	3,413	14,336	130	86,053	58,831	1,62,763	2·5			
	Miscellaneous	18	241	214	2,679	......	4,135	832	7,860	32·6			
	Total	3,018	71,010	13,305	23,607	687	1,35,392	80,758	2,53.749	3·5			
	Total for 1891-92	2,952	71,714	12,795	35,591	1,085	1,34,359	75,243	2,59,273	3·6			
Mymensingh	High	11	2,519	5,218	......	270	29,951	10,695	46,134	18·3	3,472,186	268,292	[illegible]
	Middle	117	7,463	3,320	9,736	1,340	27,514	17,560	59,470	7·9			
	Primary	1,606	35,044	1,779	17,312	409	45,527	5,021	70,138	2			
	Miscellaneous	14	27	151	......	......	......	......	151	5·5			
	Total	1,748	45,053	10,468	27,048	2,109	1,02,992	33,276	1,75,893	3·9			
	Total for 1891-92	1,585	42,778	9,726	29,393	3,275	86,020	31,550	1,62,643	3·8			
Total of Division	High	47	10,920	28,168	......	1,217	1,37,825	34,310	2,01,460	18·4	9,844,127	748,008	
	Middle	459	26,210	18,008	34,870	2,730	88,026	57,997	2,01,631	7·6			
	Primary	7,323	1,67,608	9,800	61,110	942	2,23,557	81,339	3,76,748	2·1			
	Miscellaneous	45	1,305	27,223	2,679	......	20,494	11,943	62,339	44·6			
	Grand Total for 1892-93	7,874	2,06,133	83,564	98,650	4,889	4,69,902	1,85,589	8,42,178	4·02			
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1891-92.	7,876	2 08,309	67,384	1,14,395	6,887	4,47,776	1,66,814	8,03,256	3·8			

NOTE.—In the above statement the cost of buildings, furniture, inspection, scholarships and miscellaneous charges amounting to Rs. 1,13,745 is not included.

It will be observed that about 29·6 per cent. of the boys of school-going age were actually at school, the highest ratio being in Backergunge (42·2 per cent.) and the lowest in Mymensingh (17 per cent.) As remarked last year there is very great room for improvement in the latter district. At the close of the year there were 7,874 schools with 206,133 pupils against 7,876 schools with 208,309 pupils in 1891-92. The District Boards spend considerable sums on education, and the greater part of their contribution goes to the support of primary schools. The Dacca Municipality, though its total expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 1,86,487, contributed nothing towards primary education, and other municipalities but little. It is to be hoped that recent orders issued by Government will effect a reform in this respect.

The average cost of primary education per pupil is largest in Backergunge and least in Dacca and Faridpur.

There were 19,803 girls at school as compared with 17,961 in the previous year, and 14,507 in 1890-91. These figures indicate that female education is gaining ground.

The number of Muhammadan pupils (boys and girls) on the other hand declined from 131,530 in 1891-92 to 117,599 in 1892-93, the decrease being attributed to the high price of articles of food. The success of Muhammadan pupils in the different departmental examinations was indifferent compared with other sections of the community. While Muhammadans form 60 per cent. of the total population and 48·6 per cent. of the total number of pupils, of the successful candidates, at the lower primary scholarship examination only 22·5 per cent were Muhammadans, and the percentage in examinations of a higher order is much less.

Dispensaries.

23. The following table gives the statistics relating to dispensaries:—

DISTRICT.	Number of dispensaries.	INCOME FROM—					DAILY AVERAGE PATIENTS—		Ratio per cent. of outdoor patients to total population.
		Government.	District Board.	Municipality.	Subscriptions.	Total.	In-patients.	Out-patients.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Dacca	10	936	112	10,471	16,025	27,544	125	293	2·3
Faridpur	6	151	906	2,798	3,272	7,127	16	132	1·4
Backergunge	5	182	1,062	1,947	2,459	5,650	23	126	1·1
Mymensingh	15	812	1,557	4,590	17,608	24,567	49	420	1·9
Grand Total ...	36	2,081	3,637	19,806	39,364	64,888	213	971	1·7
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1891-92.	33	883	3,230	16,267	37,315	57,695	51	233	1·6

There are 36 Dispensaries in the Division with an average daily attendance of 971 out-patients, being 1·7 per cent. of the total population as compared with 1·6 per cent. in the year preceding. Of these 36 institutions, 13 are supported by District Boards and Municipalities, and the rest (23) by private individuals and subscriptions. The Commissioner says:—

"I am inclined to attribute our backwardness in the matter of public charitable dispensaries, partly to the fact that we are more liberally provided with private practitioners of different systems of medicine than many other parts of India."

The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor observes with pleasure the success which has attended the liberal expenditure of Srimati Bindu Bashini Chaudhurani and Srimati Jannabi Chaudhurani on the Tangail and Santosh dispensaries respectively.

Local Self-Government Institutions.

24. The Commissioner makes the following remarks regarding the District and Local Boards:—

"Most of the members of the Dacca Board continued to take considerable interest in the questions which came before them for consideration. The Faridpur Board worked satisfactorily and smoothly. The Local Boards have no funds of their own, and are rarely allowed for expenditure more than a small percentage of the amount they contribute to the District Funds. Under these circumstances, that in Dacca members take some interest in the transaction of business is very satisfactory, while the statement that in Faridpur they are a failure can hardly cause surprise. In Backergunge the members of both District and Local Boards have taken great interest in their work, and steady progress has been

the result in sanitation, communications, and education. The Mymensingh District Board is far the most helpful body Mr. Earle has ever presided over. The members take the keenest interest in the Board's affairs. The Local Boards in this district carried out their vicarious duties satisfactorily."

There are now 17 municipalities, ranging from the large and important town of Dacca with a population of 82,321, to rural areas, which in some cases hardly fulfil the conditions of section 10 of the Act. The character of the work done appears to have been fairly satisfactory. The Commissioner advocates the introduction of some form of rural municipal government.

Political.

25. Of political institutions and the press there is little to be said. The Commissioner remarks:—

"I look to the press of this country as the great social and economic reformatory agent of the future. At present it is merely in its infancy, and spends much of its time in discussing political questions of very secondary importance."

Conduct of the zamindars.

26. The conduct of zamindars in their relation to Government has been satisfactory.

In Dacca Nawab Sir Abdul Gani, Bahadur, K.C.S.I., Nawab Ahsanulla Bahadur, C.I.E., Raja Rajendro Narain Roy Bahadur of Bhowal, and Raja Sri Nath Roy of Bhagyakul, have well maintained their reputation as law-abiding zamindars. Maharaja Sir Jotindra Mohan Tagore and Babu Kali Kissen Tagore in Faridpur, Raja Sir Surendra Mohan Tagore and Babu Kali Kissen Tagore in Backergunge, are reported to manage their estates well. In Mymensingh Babu Jogendra Kishore Ray Chaudhri, the Sherpur landholders especially Babu Radha Balab Chaudry, the Tangail zamindars, Muhamed Ali Khan of Koratia, Maharaja of Durgapur, and Babu Jogat Kishore Acharjee of Muktagacha are favourably mentioned. Babu Upendra Chandra Sen of Basanda in Barisal gave a liberal donation of Rs. 2,800 for the erection of an infectious disease's ward in connection with the Barisal hospital. The Lieutenant-Governor notices with regret that Srimati Bindu Bashini Chaudhurani and Srimati Jahnavi Chaudhurani should be hostile to one another, for both are public-spirited, especially Srimati Bindu Bashini, who has founded the best hospital in the district.

Relations of landlords and tenants.

As regards the relations subsisting between landlords and their tenants, the Commissioner makes the following observations:—

"The relations between the landlords and their tenants in this Division were on the whole not unsatisfactory. In Dacca a few cases of misunderstanding between these two classes are reported to have occurred in the sub-divisions of Naraingunj and Munshiganj. Faridpur, as reported last year, suffers from the evil effects of non-resident landlords, and the Collector mentions two typical cases as instances in point—one in which the naib of a zamindar's cutcherry at Binodepur, in the Madaripur sub-division of that district, was brutally murdered by some of his tenants, and the other, in which a peon of the Munsif's Court at Bhanga, in the Sadar sub-division, was murdered in cold blood by the adherents of certain zamindars, who thereupon charged a refractory raiyat with the murder in order to get him out of the way. In Backergunge, of the combinations noticed in paragraph 164 of the last year's printed report, that at Beghadi still exists in a modified form. There was a riot during the year in which a tenant belonging to the combination was killed. The Collector thinks that the combination will probably continue till the estate comes under the Court of Wards. The other combination at Charadi has, through the judicious action of a local pleader who was put in charge of the zamindari affairs, been broken up, and the tenants are now paying their rents at the former rates. But though the combinations reported last year have subsided, others are about to spring up. The Collector states that at the first fruits of good crops and high prices, some of the zamindars are making demands for extraordinary subscriptions which, it is to be feared, will prove the forerunners of new and serious disputes. It may be hoped, however, that the experience of the past will have taught the zamindars that the tenants in combination are ordinarily stronger than the landlords, however much the latter may have right on their side, and that, in recent years at least, the landlords have never succeeded in breaking down such combinations by force. Roughly speaking, the Collector remarks, the relations are strained over one-fourth of the district, and that over the remaining three-fourths there is peace which will continue as long as the landlords are content with their present income."

"In Mymensingh the general relation between landlord and tenant is reported to be one of sullen discontent, but no exceptional manifestation of bad feeling came to light during the year. The never-ending disputes between Bindu Bashini Chaudhurani and her rival Jahnavi Chaudhurani in the sub-division of Tangail, which for years past have unsettled that sub-division, continue to exist, but have not given rise to very serious disturbance during

the year under report. There was also a series of disputes between Rahatannessa Khanam and her son Abdul Rahaman, which caused strained relations between the raiyats of the estate and the lady in question. The Magistrate is now engaged in trying to settle this unfortunate quarrel amicably."

Conclusion

27. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor desires to thank Mr. Luttman-Johnson for his full report and careful administration of the Division. Among District Officers Messrs. Savage and Earle and among Sub-divisional Officers Mr. Basanta Kumar Mullick and Babu Raj Mohun Chakravarti have been specially commended.

The confidential remarks of the Commissioner on the characters of officers will be forwarded to the Appointment Department as usual.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE GENERAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION FOR 1892-93.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—MISCELLANEOUS—No. 2582.

Calcutta, the 14th November 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Annual General Administration Report of the Chota Nagpur Division for 1892-93.

The report is submitted by Mr. Grimley, who held charge of the Division as Commissioner from the 1st April to the 30th May 1892, and from the 26th October to the end of the year. During Mr. Grimley's absence on leave, Mr. Wace officiated as Commissioner.

The Division was twice visited by the Lieutenant-Governor (Sir Charles Elliott) during the year—first in July and then again in November. Sir Charles Elliott inspected all the district offices and treasuries, and examined and discussed many important questions including the proposal to extend the Bengal Tenancy Act VIII of 1885 to the Division, the Bill to regulate the enhancement of rents and the commutation of predial services, the state of the tauzi, the re-settlement of Palamau, the status of the jagirdari tenures of that district, forest conservancy, the arrangements for the disposal of civil suits, and the large question of free emigration.

Tours.

The Commissioner's tour, of which he gives a full and interesting description, included the Political States of Kharsowan, Seraikela, Sirguja, Udaipur, Jashpur and Gangpur, which were visited by Mr. Grimley during the cold weather. All the district offices were inspected either by Mr. Grimley or Mr. Wace with results which are reported as being on the whole satisfactory, but the sub-divisions, of which there are only two, Giridih and Govindpur, were not visited. Mr. Grimley explains that, owing to the great distances which have to be traversed, it is difficult to combine a complete tour in the districts with a tour through the Political States.

The tours of District and Sub-divisional Officers were in all cases of the prescribed length and appear to have been well arranged and well distributed throughout the year. Colonel Garbett in Hazaribagh, and Mr. Bright in Palamau, are specially mentioned by the Commissioner for their excellent work on tour. The rules regarding inspections of offices were also observed with commendable punctuality.

Weather and crops.

2. The Commissioner gives a good summary of the atmospheric conditions of the year and the outturn of the various harvests. He remarks that the year was characterised by intense heat in April and May, and unusual cold in November, December and January. The rainfall was sufficient in quantity, but not always seasonable or evenly distributed. On the whole conditions were favourable, and taking the good with the bad, the average results were probably little, if anything, below the normal, except in the Manbhum district, certain localities in which suffered from a partial failure of the crops. The outturn of bhadoi ranged from 12 annas in Manbhum to 19·5 annas, nearly a bumper crop, in Hazaribagh. The winter rice crop, which at one time promised so well, was adversely affected by the insufficient rainfall in October and November, and the average for the division is estimated at about 13 annas. Owing to deficient moisture in November and December, which was followed by heavy and untimely rain in March, the rabi crops were the worst of the year, the outturn ranging from 8 annas in Manbhum to 14 annas in Hazaribagh. Fears were at one time entertained in respect of the important mahua crop, which forms one of the chief articles of food of the poorer classes for two or three months of the year, but in spite of the heavy rain of March, a fair outturn was eventually obtained.

Public health.

3. The Commissioner writes that the year was decidedly less healthy than either of the two preceding it. Cholera and small-pox were more prevalent throughout the division, and the former assumed an epidemic form in Lohardaga and Manbhum,

causing 3,379 deaths in the former and 2,952 deaths in the latter district, against 1,939 and 1,111 respectively in the previous year. In Hazaribagh the number of deaths from cholera was 2,296 against 1,180 in 1891-92, and some villages in the Hussainabad and Chainpur thanas in Palamau were also attacked with considerable severity. Mortality was also largely caused by bowel-complaints, probably of a choleraic order.

Districts.	Population according to census of 1891.	Total number of deaths reported in—			Ratio per mille in—		
		1890-91.	1891-92.	For the year 1892.	1890-91.	1891-92.	For the year 1892.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Hazaribagh	1,164,321	27,862	31,715	40,390	23·9	27·2	34·61
Lohardaga	1,128,885	18,742	26,459	42,309	18·9	27·9	37·47
Palamau	596,770	14,174	21,968	23,292			39·03
Singhbhum	545,488	8,780	9,935	10,554	12·9	14·7	19·34
Manbhum	1,193,328	24,294	26,135	30,078	20·3	21·9	25·20

4. In this Division, which supplies labour largely to other parts of Bengal and to Assam, it may be stated with almost mathematical accuracy that the number of emigrants from each district varies inversely with the material prosperity of the people in any particular year, while at the same time the standard of comfort has a tendency to rise, because labourers and cultivators grow less easily satisfied with what they can earn in their own homes, and more ready to emigrate to better their condition. In other words, the Division is so far progressive. Applying these general observations to the circumstances of the past year, it may be inferred that, in all districts except Manbhum, the year was one of advancing prosperity. Prices of food-grains generally ruled higher, but while people depending on occupations other than cultivation on fixed incomes suffered, the cultivators, especially in Lohardaga, made large profits by selling the surplus of their harvests for export to meet scarcity elsewhere. In Manbhum where, as already stated, there was a partial failure of the crops, there was no surplus to sell, and possibly some scarcity. Accordingly Hazaribagh, and to a greater degree Lohardaga, show a diminution in the stream of emigration; while in Manbhum, so far as the returns can be relied on, the number of emigrants increased from 2,787 persons in 1890-91 and 7,892 in 1891-92 to 12,296 in 1892-93, the pressure of scarcity being in this way so far relieved that the road works which were undertaken in some parganas, where the harvests were worst, attracted but few labourers. As regards Singhbhum and Palamau, it is difficult to estimate the amount of emigration, but probably it is small, and in the former district at least there are not wanting indications that the people are for the most part well off. Mr. Renny, the District Officer, who is an undoubted authority, writes as follows:—

Material condition of the people, prices of food and labour, and emigration.

"Speaking generally, the agricultural classes have stored up a full year's food-supply in their houses, and with this they will never part, no matter how high the prices offered are; while the labouring classes have plenty of work, and the price of even unskilled labour ranges high"

Again, speaking of prices, the Commissioner says—

"In Singhbhum, as stated in the last year's report, owing to the opening of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway and mining and other industries, there has been a general rise in the wages of every class of labourer except gharamis. In some cases the increase has been at the rate of 50 per cent., and in others the rate is 100 per cent. It is said that the Kols of Singhbhum are a most independent lot. They are chiefly of the agricultural class, and as their material condition is generally good, they hold out for a certain rate of wages, and will not accept a pice less. They are, however, excellent workers, and European contractors would often be too glad to pay them 10 pice or 3 annas per diem, for they are sure to get from them a full equivalent of the amount paid."

Palamau is more backward than the rest of the division, there being little export trade from it; prices ruled lower, though owing to deficient communication they varied considerably in different localities in the district. The condition of the people was on the whole satisfactory.

This seems to take awayt for the effect of the quetitions immediately preceding.

Abuses in emigration.

5. Complaints continue to be made of abuses in connection with free emigration. Colonel Evans Gordon, the Deputy Commissioner of Lohardaga, and Mr. Bedford vigorously condemn the system as being a source of cruelty, oppression and wrong. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that the most important means at present available for the prevention of abuses, namely, the inspection of coolie depôts, will be systematically practised. In Palamau the inspection of a depôt by Mr. Babonau led to the discovery of what is said to be a typical case of kidnapping. The following account of the case is taken from the Commissioner's report—

"One serious case of kidnapping occurred in Palamau in December last, in which two arkatis carried off a whole family from the village at the order, they say, of the malik of the village, who told them to take the family to the depôts and realize a debt due to the malik. On the road the husband managed to effect his escape, and the two arkatis proceeded to Daltonganj with the wife and several little children. They were safely landed in a depôt, and nothing would probably have been heard of the case, had not Mr. Babonau, when inspecting the depôt shortly after their arrival, seen signs of recent occupation, though the depôt-holder denied that there had been any coolies for some days. A search was then made, with the result that the women and children were found confined in a room in a neighbouring house. Both the accused were convicted of wrongful confinement."

Manufactures and Mines.

6. The number of tea gardens fell from 29 to 28, the area under tea from 3,646 to 3,511 acres, and the total quantity manufactured from 535,512 to 373,957lb, the average yield per acre being 112lb against 157lb in the preceding year. The Commissioner says:—

"The prospects of the tea industry in the Division are not favourable, the climate is too dry, the rainfall too uncertain, and the soil not sufficiently rich. Labour is also an annually increasing difficulty, owing to emigration, and wages have risen since the opening of the gardens, and of a tendency to rise each successive year, while the tea produced is not a very high quality. Mr. Middleton, an experienced tea planter of Lohardaga, writes—'Chota Nagpur can never compete with the other tea districts of India and Ceylon, and its cultivation will eventually have to be abandoned.'"

The manufacture of lac increased in Lohardaga, but this improvement was more than counterbalanced by the falling off in Manbhum, where the conditions of the year were unfavourable to this industry. Considerable quantities of lac are said to be grown in the Division, and especially in Palamau, for export to Gaya and other districts, where it is manufactured into shell-lac. Catechu is manufactured on a small scale in Hazaribagh and Palamau, and soapstone bowls and plates are made in Singhbhum and parts of Lohardaga. A silk filature started at Palamau has proved a failure; but large quantities of cocoons are exported chiefly to Murshidabad for manufacture into tusser silk, the value of the cocoons exported from Singhbhum alone being estimated at Rs. 5,59,240

The coal mines in the Giridih and Gobindpur sub-divisions continue to be successfully worked, while as regards the mica mines, the Commissioner says:—

"Up to the end of the last year, altogether 189 Government mines, covering 90·30 acres, have been settled. The annual revenue demand of these mines amounted to Rs. 9,616-9, out of which Rs. 9,319-9 were realized during the year. The balance Rs. 297 is being realized under the certificate procedure. The total output of all mica mines worked in Hazaribagh was 2,236 maunds against 1,789 maunds in the previous year. The demand for mica is said to be principally from the United States, but is said to be now affected by the McKinlay Tariff Bill, under which a duty of 35 per cent. is levied upon all foreign mica."

The Baraganda copper mines have been purchased by Messrs. Bird and Company, but work has not yet been resumed. A mine at Rakka belonging to the Rajdoha Mining Company, Limited, is likely to prove profitable as two valuable beds of copper are reported to have been discovered. Gold operations have not proved more successful this year than last, and no silver or tin has so far been found by prospectors.

Trade.

7. The Commissioner remarks that the chief feature in the trade of the past year was the large increase of exports from all districts of the division, but this is hardly borne out by the table of statistics showing the exports by rail from Manbhum in 1892-93 as compared with those of 1891-92. In Lohardaga statistics were collected between the 1st September 1892 and 31st March 1893 of the traffic on the road between Ranchi and Lohardaga, and the results indicate that there has been an immense expansion of the volume of trade passing over this route. In

Singhbhum the timber trade was carried on during the year on the extensive scale which was noticed in last year's Resolution. It is stated that the trade of Palamau is much hampered by want of good roads, but measures are being taken for the improvement of the communication between this district and the neighbouring district of Gaya.

Civil Justice.

8. The following table exhibits the work of the Civil Courts during the year:—

District.	Sub-division or chauki.	Description of Court.	Number of officers.	Number of original cases disposed of.		Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B.		Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases pending at end of year to total disposed of.
				Ordinary.	Small Cause Court.	Money.	Title.			
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	8	9	10
Hazaribagh	Sadar	Munsif	1	377	......	328	40	614	9	18
	Chatra	Do.	1¼	96	......	91	5	175	8	......
	Giridhi	Do.	1¼	1,052	......	1,010	42	1,368	21	16
Lohardaga	Sadar	Do.	1	584	......	506	78	857	19	21
	Lohardaga	Do.	1	192	......	156	36	493	13	16
Palamau	Daltonganj	Do.	1	356	......	335	21	556	17	14
Singhbhum	Chaibassa	Do.	1	142	......	99	43	9	......	115
Manbhum	Raghunathpur	Do.	1	820	......	553	267	1,454	27	28
	Barabazar	Do.	1	770	......	527	243	1,289	6	22
	Gobindpur	Do.	1	359	......	294	65	278	17	5
		Total	10½	4,748	......	3,899	849	7,083	17	22
		Total for 1891-92*	17	8,284	454	4,714	921	20,283†	20	24

N.B.—This statement does not include the figures for rent cases disposed of by the Deputy Collectors, &c., acting as Munsifs.
* The total for 1891-92 includes the figures for Sub-Judges.
† Shows the number of witnesses who attended.

Over 20 per cent. of the witnesses were detained over two days in the Munsifis of Giridih and Raghunathpur, and over 10 per cent. in those of Ranchi, Lohardaga, Daltonganj, and Gobindpur.

During the year the appointment of a Subordinate Judge for the district of Manbhum was sanctioned with the addition of a munsif, who is to work for eight months of the year at Purulia, and for the remaining four months at Chaibassa.

The following table shows similar statistics in regard to rent suits.

District.	Place where sits.	Number of officers.	Number of rent cases disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases pending at end of year to total disposed of.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Hazaribagh	Sadar	4½	558	1,040	Nil	5
	Giridih	2	313	442	8	5
	Chatra	1	141	183	9	16
Lohardaga	Ranchi	5¼	1,617	Witnesses not given.	......	11
	Lohardaga	1	370			11
Palamau	Sadar	1½	75	246	16	21
Singhbhum	Sadar	3	91	59	Nil	68
Manbhum	Sadar	5¼	1,543	3,087	No register kept of witnesses detained.	13
	Raghunathpur	1	472	470		10
	Barabazar	1	751	454		6
	Gobindpur	1	234	287		9
	Total	27½	6,165	......	......	11

Witness attendance registers do not appear to have been maintained in Lohardaga and Manbhum. The omission should be explained. At Daltonganj 16 per cent. of the witnesses in these suits were detained over two days. The ratio of cases pending at the close of the year to the total number disposed of is very large in the case of Singhbhum, where it is observed that three officers disposed of only 91 cases with 59 witnesses.

Crime.

9. There was an increase of 132 in the number of cognizable cases reported during the year, and a decrease of 118 in the number of non-cognizable cases, the total

number of cases of both descriptions being 11,098 in 1892 as compared with 11,084 in 1891.

Police.

10. The following remarks which are taken from the Commissioner's report will show that there is still much room for improvement in the conduct and management of the police force:—

"As a body, I cannot speak in terms of praise of the regular police force of this Division in the conduct of investigations. There are a few good officers who may be relied upon to put forth their whole strength and intelligence in the discharge of their duties; but as for the rest, they rarely manage to exhibit the possession of qualities of striking ability in important enquiries, requiring promptness, skill and delicacy in execution. In cases of murder, when the delinquent fails to confess his guilt, a clue is very seldom obtained, and the enquiry is prolonged without any tangible result, the police being incapable of overcoming the combination of village cliques formed to throw a protecting mantle over the offender. In house-breaking and dacoity their detective ability is at a low stand-point, and the jungly state of the road is invariably put forward, and accepted, as the excuse for failure to detect highway robberies. The responsibility of this state of things must in a certain degree rest with the District Superintendent, who, it is to be feared, does not take sufficient advantage of the numerous opportunities he has of educating his officers up to their duties and of infusing into them a spirit of activity, zeal and enthusiasm for their work. A judicious system of approval and commendation will do much more to train up an efficient body of men than a plan of fault-finding and punishment of petty irregularities. In fact, what is wanted is a stronger bond of sympathy between the police and those placed in authority over them. When an officer visits a police-station, something more is required than answering the series of inspection questions, and looking to the equipment of the men and the state of the buildings. A District Superintendent should spend several days at a station for the purpose of discussing with the officers concerned the details of pending enquiries, pointing out how the investigation should proceed, and mistakes committed in previous investigations. He should further make himself thoroughly acquainted with the rank-and-file of the force, for there is no greater inducement to exertion than for a man to know that he has a personality of his own which is recognized by his superior; and under this encouragement he is more likely to work with energy than if he is treated as a mere machine, to be moved about at the will and pleasure of his master."

Auxiliary Police.

11. The chaukidars, who in this division are partly under Act V (B.C.) of 1887, and partly under an old Regulation of 1817, appear from the reports received to have worked fairly well, except in Palamau. The conduct of the ghatwali police force, another adjunct to the regular police, was generally satisfactory, especially in Singhbhum, where there was not a single case of dacoity or highway robbery along the routes guarded by them. The ghatwals of Manbhum are, however, not as useful a body of men as they might be, and the Commissioner adds that there are many complex questions connected with them, and that their abolition and effacement under a system of commutation seems to be on many grounds desirable.

Criminal Justice.

12. The following table exhibits the work of the stipendiary Magistrates during the year:—

District.	Sub-division.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average of cases disposed of per officer.	Average of witnesses examined per case disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to column 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Hazaribagh ...	Sadar	Stipendiary ...	5	671	1,068	60	3,423	3	62	421	9	134	5	2
	Giridih	Ditto ...	2	738	980	60	2,129	3	57	350	2	369	3	·6
Lohardaga ...	Sadar	Ditto ...	8½	1,716	3,141	49	5,545	5	67	404	32	202	3	8
Palamau ...	Do.	Ditto ...	2	508	728	61	2,087	12	76	296	14	254	4	5
Singhbhum ...	Do.	Ditto ...	3	644	973	64	3,442	8	89	368	14	215	4	·4
Manbhum ...	Do.	Ditto ...	8	1,501	2,160	48	7,953	5	71	281	10	188	5	4
	Gobindpur ...	Ditto ...	1½	267	413	61	1,152	16	73	111	2	214	4	2
		Total ...	29½	6,045	9,472	54	24,731	6	70	2,231	83	204	4	4
		Total for 1891-92	29	6,406	9,454	54	30,130*	10	77	2,368	242	221	5	10

1* Shows the number of witnesses who attended.

The number of cases disposed of was less than in the previous year, being 6,045 against 6,406. The percentage of persons convicted remained the same, 54, and the number of witnesses detained for more than two days exceeded 10 per cent. of the number examined in only one district, Palamau. The number of A cases remanded six times and more was largest proportionately in the Sadar Courts of Lohardaga, but even there the ratio was not more than 8 per cent. of the total number of A cases disposed of. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is glad to notice the marked improvement in this respect.

13. The following table shows the work of the Honorary Magistrates:—

DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of decisions confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average of cases disposed of per officer.	Average of witnesses examined per case disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of column 12 to column 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Hazaribagh ... {	Hazaribagh ...	Honorary ...	1	387	407	74	641	......	80	......	......	387	2	......
	Giridih ...	Do. ...	1	95	121	40	238	......	40	15	......	95	3	......
Lohardaga ...	Ranchi ...	Do. ...	1¾	212	360	32	529	9	71	11	4	121	2	36
Palamau ...	Sadar ...	Do. ...	2	129	161	55	318	1	80	1	......	64	2	......
Singhbhum ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	1	239	242	95	398	2	100	......	......	239	2	......
Manbhum ... {	Do. ...	Do. ...	6	551	722	55	1,117	9	55	1	......	92	2	......
	Gobindpur ...	Do. ...	5	141	273	46	563	7	40	3	......	28	4	......
		Total ...	17¾	1,754	2,286	57	3,824	5	65	30	4	99	2	13
		Total of 1891-92	9	1,876	2,265	58	3,811	3·1	81	147	12	208	2	6

One thousand seven hundred and fifty-four cases were disposed of by 18 Honorary Magistrates or Benches, giving an average of 99 cases for each Magistrate or Bench. The ratio per cent. of persons convicted was 57 as compared with 58 in the previous year, and the number of witnesses detained for more than two days was satisfactorily small. The Benches at Hazaribagh and Giridih examined 899 witnesses without a single case of such detention. The Ranchi Magistrates disposed of 11 A cases, of which 4 were remanded six times or more, but no delays of this kind are reported elsewhere, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor has to express his satisfaction with the generally useful character of the work done.

14. The following table shows the attendance of the Honorary Magistrates:—

DISTRICT.	Number of Honorary Magistrates.	Number of times asked to attend.	Number of times actually attended.	NUMBER OF TIMES ABSENT*		
				With leave or notice.	Without leave or notice.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Hazaribagh ...	30	877	713	95	69	164
Lohardaga ...	10	258	196	48	14	62
Palamau ...	5	225	215†	6	8	14
Singhbhum ...	4	220	179	9	32	41
Manbhum ...	41	719	511‡	24	193	217

* Does not include absence made up by attendance out of turn.
† Excess attendance 4 days.
‡ Excess attendance 9 days.

The attendance appears to have been worst in Manbhum.

15. The following table shows the results in Sessions cases :—

DISTRICT.	Number of cases committed but pending at commencement of the year.	Number committed during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number disposed of.	Number in which conviction obtained.	Number of cases in which sentence was modified or reversed by High Court.	Number of cases acquitted by Sessions Judge.	Number of cases otherwise disposed of.	Percentage of cases resulting in conviction to total cases disposed of.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Hazaribagh	2	7	9	7	4	2	3	...	57
Lohardaga	5	21	26	15	8	1	7	...	53
Palamau	...	10	10	7	5	2	2	...	71
Singhbhum	1	6	7	7	5	...	2	...	71
Manbhum	4	18	22	19	15	2	4	...	79
Total ...	12	62	74	55	37	7	18	...	67

The percentage of cases resulting in conviction to the total number of cases disposed of was 67 for the Division. The percentage was over 70 in Palamau, Singhbhum and Manbhum, but in Lohardaga and Hazaribagh the figures are 53 and 57 per cent., respectively. It is evident that officers in these districts have not been sufficiently careful in making committals.

16. The fine register for the year shows that the amount of outstanding fines exceeded the balance at the beginning of the year in the districts of Singhbhum and Manbhum, while elsewhere the outstanding balance was reduced.

DISTRICT.	Balance outstanding at commencement of the year.	Amount imposed during the year.	Total demand.	Amount collected during the year.	Amount remitted or written off during the year.	Total collected and remitted.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Hazaribagh ...	5,467 13 5	7,950 0 0	13,417 13 5	7,859 8 0	1,419 6 5	9,278 14 5	4,138 15 0
Lohardaga ...	7,784 2 7	7,409 10 0	15,193 12 7	6,736 10 3	2,489 9 9	9,226 4 0	5,967 8 7
Palamau ...	708 13 6	2,467 7 0	3,176 4 6	1,891 12 0	479 5 0	2,371 1 0	805 3 6
Singhbhum ...	3,876 4 11	4,231 15 3	8,108 4 2	3,403 0 9	110 15 6	3,514 0 3	4,594 3 11
Manbhum ...	3,970 0 0	9,778 14 9	13,748 14 9	7,939 7 9	742 3 2	8,681 10 11	5,067 3 10
Total ...	21,807 2 5	31,837 15 0	53,645 1 5	27,830 6 9	5,241 7 10	33,071 14 7	20,573 2 10

17. The following table shows the registration work of the year :—

DISTRICT.	Class of Registration office.	Number of offices.	Number of documents registered.	Average per office.
1	2	3	4	5
Hazaribagh	Special ...	1	2,100	2,100
	Rural ...	2	3,109	1,554
Lohardaga	Special ...	1	3,803	3,803
	Rural ...	1	1,297	1,297
Palamau	Special ...	1	1,153	1,153
Singhbum	*Ex-officio* ...	1	452	452
Manbhum	Special ...	1	4,428	4,428
	Rural ...	4	9,099	2,274
Total ...	Special ...	5	11,936	2,387
	Rural ...	7	13,505	1,929

The increase in the number of documents registered is mainly contributed by Manbhum. The Commissioner says:—

"The principal reason of the very remarkable increase in Manbhum seems to be the high price of food-grains. Owing to the deficiency of the last year's crops in the district, almost all classes had to purchase rice or paddy crops, and in order to procure money for the purpose, the middle and the poorer classes were obliged either to sell, or to mortgage, or to lease out in perpetuity their small holdings."

The increase in Palamau is attributed to the large number of marriages celebrated during a year which was regarded as specially auspicious for this purpose, and the consequent expenditure often met by loans on the security of zarpeshgi leases.

The decrease in Singhbhum is said to be due to the fact that owing to the uncertainty of agricultural prospects, no loans were advanced on the security of land, while the failure of former enterprises discouraged the grant of mining leases.

18. The following table shows the demand, collection, remission and balances of land revenue and cesses:—

...rict.	Class of demand.	Class of estates.	Number of estates.	Demand.		Collections of 1892-93.		Balance on 1st April 1893.		Remarks.
				Current.	Arrear.	Current.	Arrear.	Current	Arrear.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	
...ibagh	Land revenue	I	68	48,032	......	48,606	......	26	......	
		II	125	61,759	70	61,759	70	......	......	
		III	171	14,634	38	14,591	30	31	......	Remitted Rs. 20.
		Total	......	1,25,025	108	1,24,956	100	57	......	
	Road cess	Estates	642	97,903	2,225	94,194	2,225	3,709	......	
		Rent-free tenures	177	386	1,210	372	1,209	14	1	
		Mines, &c.	......	1,801	7	1,781	7	20	......	
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	208	9,023	4	8,538	4	483	......	Ditto Rs. 2.
		District Total	......	2,34,138	3,554	2,29,841	3,545	4,283	1	
...rdaga	Land revenue	I	7	19,050	800	19,050	800	......	......	
		II	3	11,686	245	11,322	244	364	1	
		III	3	14,001	1,021	12,638	917	1,363	38	Ditto Rs. 66.
		Total	......	44,737	2,066	43,010	1,961	1,727	39	
	Road cess	Estates	13	94,645*	3,392	84,047	3,392	10,598	......	* Both Road Cess and Public Works cess.
		Rent-free tenures	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	† Including advance collection of Rs. 2,962.
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	1	4,548	......	7,510†	......	......	......	
		District Total	......	1,43,930	5,458	1,34,567	5,353	12,325	39	
...au	Land revenue	I	49	10,668	......	10,668	......	......	......	
		II	1	3	......	3	......	......	......	
		III	2	51,393	4,906	47,390‡	4,881	3,982	5	‡ There is also a sum of Rs. 185 realized in advance for 1893-94.
		Total	......	62,064	4,906	58,061	4,881	3,982	5	A sum of Rs. 20 has been remitted from the arrear demand, and Rs. 21 from the current demand.
	Road cess	Estates	660	37,875	3,157	32,033§	3,155	4,660	2	§ Rs. 1,182 was previously paid in advance.
		Rent-free tenures	......							
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	286	5,973	2,324	5,708‖	1,951	265	373	‖ Remitted Rs. 775.
		District Total	......	1,05,912	10,387	95,802	9,987	8,907	380	
...bhum	Land revenue	I	1	4,267	......	4,267	......	......	......	There is also a sum of Rs. 59-4 realised on account of process fees. Rupees 153 was previously paid in advance, and there is a further sum of Rs. 819 realized during the year for future year.
		II	1	668	......	668	......	......	......	
		III	2	63,562	935	62,729	93	833	......¶	
		Total	......	68,497	935	67,664	93	835	......	
	Road cess	Estates	1	9,412	......	9,402	......	10	......	
		Rent-free tenures	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	8	2,256	321	2,067	176	189	145	¶ Remitted Rs. 842.
		District Total	......	80,165	1,256	79,133	269	1,032	145	
...bhum	Land revenue	I	24	80,749	......	80,749	......	......	......	
		II	2	1,669	......	1,669	......	......	......	
		III	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
		Total	......	82,418	......	82,418	......	......	......	
	Road cess	Estates	75	84,055	29,855	49,831**	29,843	34,211*	3	* Remitted Rs. 9.
	Zamindari dâk	Estates	26	6,502	......	6,502	......	......	......	** Exclusive of Rs. 13 paid in advance.
		District Total	......	1,72,975	29,855	1,38,751	29,843	34,211	3	
		GRAND TOTAL FOR 1892-93.	......	7,37,120	50,510	6,78,094	48,997	60,758	568	Total remission Rs. 1,755.
		GRAND TOTAL FOR 1891-92.	......	6,85,722	55,051	6,37,588	54,169	48,122	869	

As regards land revenue the collections were as usual good, amounting to 98·05 of the gross demand, current and arrear. In Hazaribagh they were 99·93 per cent., and in Manbhum 100 per cent. of the gross demand. The total amount realized was Rs. 3,83,144 as against Rs. 3,81,562 in the previous year.

As regards road cess, the figures are not so satisfactory, as the outstanding balances show in some districts a considerable increase. The outstanding balance was largest in Manbhum, where it was Rs. 34,223 as compared with Rs. 29,855 in the preceding year, and the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor hopes that it will be found possible to obtain better results in future.

19. The working of the certificate departments of the various districts is shown below:—

DISTRICT.	Department.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Number issued during year.	Total for disposal.	Amount of certificates.	Number disposed of during year.	Amount realized.	Number pending at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rs.		Rs.	
Hazaribagh	All departments	216	468	684	32,802	502	17,213	182
Lohardaga	All departments	191	64	255	24,810	207	13,486	48
Palamau	All departments	112	673	785	22,602	588	19,374	197
Singhbhum	All departments	267	27	294	3,389	155	12,384	139
Manbhum	All departments	175	794	969	70,911	678	45,505	291
	GRAND TOTAL ...	961	2,026	2,987	1,54,514	2,130	1,07,962	857

The number of certificates pending at the close of the year was less than the number pending at the beginning, except in Palamau and Manbhum where the disposals did not keep pace with the number issued during the year.

Wards' and Encumbered Estates.

20. There were six Wards' estates and 54 Encumbered estates under management during the year. The collections, which owing partly to poor harvests were not as good as in the previous year, amounted in Wards' estates to Rs. 1,24,311. or Rs. 8,041 less than the current demand, and in Encumbered estates to Rs. 4,94,368 out of a current demand of Rs. 5,73,011, and a gross demand of Rs. 8,53,490. The progress made in paying off debts due by Encumbered estates is shown in the following table:—

DISTRICT.	DEMANDS (RENT AND CESSES).			Total collections (rent and cesses).	Remissions.	Balance.	Percentage of total collections on total demand.	EXPENDITURE OF YEAR.
	Arrear.	Current.	Total.					Payment of debts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Hazaribagh	52,580	95,212	1,47,792	94,715	17,302	42,106	64·8	53,123
Lohardaga	69,517	92,240	1,61,757	94,341	10,784	56,652	58·3	33,214
Palamau ...	3,026	15,160	18,186	13,324	...	4,862	73·2	11,408
Singhbhum	1,51,396	84,811	2,36,207	79,154	1,313	1,55,782	33·5	31,857
Manbhum	24,437	93,236	1,17,673	88,523	1,039	28,135	75·2	17,396

Excise.

21. The Commissioner remarks with satisfaction, which the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor shares, that while there has been a very small increase in the number of licenses the revenue has increased by about one-eleventh of the previous year's revenue,

amounting to Rs. 8,39,285, in 1892-93, as compared with Rs. 7,65,646 in 1891-92. A table is appended from which it will be seen that the bulk of the revenue is derived from country spirits.

District.	Country spirits.				Ganja and bhang.				Opium.			
	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross gallons.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Hazaribagh	133	1,54,261	5,513	1,62,638	46	7,322	42	14,211	13	1,468	7	5,344
Lohardaga	138	2,54,942	1,199,691	2,54,942	32	8,727	54	20,656	8	5,536	15	19,148
Palamau	124	1,26,286	769,943	1,26,286	23	2,445	29	5,746	5	143	3	1,724
Singhbhum	47	39,316	18,851	39,316	9	2,958	15	6,363	8	3,664	11	11,688
Manbhum	133	1,05,633	49,595	1,06,427	50	13,695	45	24,733	13	4,192	10	11,597

	Revenue from all sources.	Rate per head of population.
	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Hazaribagh	1,88,849	0 2 7
Lohardaga	3,00,087	0 4 3
Palamau	1,35,478	0 3 7
Singhbhum	65,248	0 1 10
Manbhum	1,49,923	0 1 11
	8,39,285	

22. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is glad to notice that considerable attention is paid in this Division to arboriculture. The following account is taken from the Commissioner's report:—

Arboriculture.

"In Hazaribagh 1,266 new trees, mostly poinceana, sissoo and Algerian date, were planted, and 3,716 old trees were maintained, at a total cost of Rs. 702. The nursery garden in the Road Cess office compound in this district contained 2,060 plants, viz. 1,000 sissoo, 100 mango, 300 poinceana-regia, 350 eucalyptus, 30 jaman, 200 kunar, 60 karanj, and 20 nim. In Lohardaga 748 seedlings, principally of karanj, mango, jaman, tamarind and mahua, were newly planted to fill up gaps caused by the drought in April and May 1892, and over 9,000 plants along 63 miles of roads were maintained and 6,210 new gabions were supplied for the protection of the plants. Arrangements were also made to sow seeds and rear seedlings in pots in the nursery garden in the Road Cess compound in this district, and 300 holes were dug and filled up with manure for planting trees during the ensuing season on the sides of one-and-a-half miles of road on Mr. Worsley's plan. The total expenditure on account of arboriculture in this district amounted to Rs. 1,399. In Palamau the existing roadside trees were maintained, and 300 seedlings were transplanted from the nursery at Daltonganj to the three main roads which branch out from that place at a total cost of Rs. 80. In Singhbhum nothing was done in this matter during the year. The planting of avenues along roadsides proved a failure in this district, owing to the dryness of the climate and the stony nature of the country over which the roads run, and the Committee, with their limited funds, could not afford to pay for the construction of wells along roadsides. The Deputy Commissioner says that an attempt will be made during the current year to plant trees on the system recommended by Mr. Worsley. In Manbhum Rs. 193 only were spent in entertaining establishment for watering and looking after the trees already planted, and Rs. 100 in renewing and repairing gabions. The trees planted on the sides of roads in this district are bor, peepul, jack (kantal), jaman, kusum, mahua, nim, and mango."

23. The educational results of the year continue to be encouraging. Taking public and private institutions together, there was a net increase of 95 schools and 2,394 pupils. Forty-six out 55 candidates passed the Entrance examination, though the results of the upper and lower primary scholarship examinations were not so good. The number of girls' schools declined from 124 to 116, the total number of girls attending these and boys' schools being 5,544 as compared with 5,465 in the preceding year.

Education.

The following table exhibits certain statistics regarding education in schools under public management:—

District.	Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls.	Cost. Provincial.	Cost. District Board.	Cost. Municipality.	Cost. Fees.	Cost. Other.	Cost. Total.	Cost per head of pupils.	Population of district.	Number of boys of school-going age.	Percentage of boys at school ... [illegible]
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Hazaribagh	High	2	277	3,056	......	......	4,662	1,112	8,830	31·9	......	......	......
	Middle	15	1,010	2,906	......	658	1,171	4,252	8,987	8·9	......	......	......
	Primary	464	14,134	13,489	......	147	10,199	5,416	29,251	2·0	......	......	......
	Special	3	12	152	......	......	......	......	152	12·6	......	......	......
	Total	484	15,433	19,603	......	805	16,032	10,780	47,220	3·0	......	......	[illegible]
	Total for 1891-92	459	14,562	19,968	......	717	14,927	10,220	45,832	3·1	1,164,321	85,044	[illegible]
Palamau	High	1	118	(a)1,154	......	40	1,914	1,823	4,931	41·8	......	......	......
	Middle	2	132	(b)518	......	......	144	241	903	6·8	......	......	......
	Primary	162	3,799	3,971	......	55	2,297	122	6,445	1·7	......	......	......
	Special	1	3	36	......	......	......	......	36	12·0	......	......	......
	Total	166	4,052	5,679	......	95	4,355	2,186	12,315	3·0	......	......	[illegible]
	Total for 1891-92	87	2,729	4,534	......	......	3,562	2,347	10,443	3·8	596,770	44,148	[illegible]
Lohardaga	High	1	347	2,249	......	......	4,603	......	6,852	19·7	......	......	......
	Middle	10	932	4,421	......	550	513	12,016	17,500	18·8	......	......	......
	Primary	453	10,922	12,483	......	182	7,040	12,069	31,774	2·9	......	......	......
	Special	12	147	5,760	......	......	4	1,394	7,158	48·7	......	......	......
	Total	476	12,348	24,913	......	732	12,160	25,479	63,284	5·1	1,128,885	82,760	[illegible]
	Total for 1891-92	499	12,922	24,549	......	616	10,391	21,376	56,932	4·4	......	......	[illegible]
Singhbhum	High	1	130	3,090	......	8	1,193	6	4,297	33·0	......	......	......
	Middle	11	679	2,214	......	......	421	1,190	3,825	5·6	......	......	......
	Primary	370	14,502	10,804	......	240	5,052	7,409	23,505	1·6	......	......	......
	Special	5	36	619	......	......	......	539	1,158	32·2	......	......	......
	Total	387	15,407	16,727	......	248	6,666	9,144	32,785	2·1	......	......	[illegible]
	Total for 1891-92	369	14,187	15,630	......	120	4,433	5,476	25,639	1·8	545,488	40,712	[illegible]
Manbhum	High	2	396	2,075	......	......	5,483	942	8,500	21·4	......	......	......
	Middle	22	1,072	5,750	......	541	2,455	4,093	12,839	11·9	......	......	......
	Primary	576	13,956	13,765	......	422	15,825	12,354	42,366	3·0	......	......	......
	Special	11	54	536	......	......	......	......	536	9·9	......	......	......
	Total	611	15,478	22,126	......	963	23,763	17,389	64,241	4·1	......	......	[illegible]
	Total for 1891-92	636	16,004	21,666	......	868	22,942	17,443	62,919	3·9	1,193,328	88,979	[illegible]
Total of Division	High	7	1,268	11,624	......	48	17,855	3,883	33,410	26·3	......	......	......
	Middle	60	3,825	15,809	......	1,749	4,704	21,792	44,054	11·5	......	......	......
	Primary	2,025	57,373	54,512	......	1,046	40,413	37,370	1,33,341	2·3	......	......	......
	Special	32	252	7,103	......	......	4	1,933	9,040	35·8	......	......	......
	Grand Total	2,124	62,718	89,048	......	2,843	62,976	64,978	2,19,845	3·5	......	......	[illegible]
	GRAND TOTAL FOR 1891-92.	2,041	60,442	86,347	......	2,321	56,265	56,255	2,01,785	3·3	4,628,792	341,663	[illegible]

(a) Excluding Rs. 112 for building and library.
(b) Excluding Rs. 56 for building.

The number of primary schools increased in every district, except Manbhum. The increase was greatest in Palamau which is striving to place itself on an educational equality with the rest of the division. Taking the division as a whole, the ratio of boys at school to the total number of a school-going age is a little higher than in Patna, which is the worst in all Bengal in this respect. The Municipalities do little to support education and contribute more to middle than to primary education. Under recent orders, however, it is hoped that Municipalities will in future make provision for the education of half the boys of school-going age within their limits. It has again to be noticed that the cost of educating a pupil in the middle schools in Lohardaga appears to be excessive, and this year it is even higher than last. A similar observation may be made in respect to the cost of primary education in Manbhum, which amounted to Rs. 3 per pupil.

Mr. Grimley was more than once struck while on tour with the large assortment of books which appear to be necessary in middle and primary schools. In the first class of one school 14 different books were in use, the cost of which amounted to Rs. 8 or Rs. 9, or about three times as much as the yearly fees paid

by each boy. The Director of Public Instruction will be requested to consider this point.

Dispensaries.

24. The following table gives details in regard to the dispensaries in the division, the number of which was increased by the opening of a dispensary at Giridih :—

District.	Number of dispensaries.	Income from— Government.	District Board.	Municipality.	Subscriptions.	Total.	Daily average patients. In-patients.	Out-patients.	Ratio per cent. of out-door patients to total population.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Hazaribagh	4	115	......	1,844	1,880	3,839	8·87	136·01	·9
Lohardaga	2	356	......	1,968	705	3,029	7·97	55·98	·6
Palamau	1	217	......	90	940	1,247	4·35	30·27	·5
Singhbhum	1	225	......	325	398	948	91·3	19·71	·3
Manbhum	8	459	......	2,880	3,800	7,139	26·37	141·56	1·7

Manbhum continues to be the only district which is at all well provided in this respect. The table does not include private dispensaries, such as those of the Dublin University Mission and Pachamba Scotch Mission which are open to the public. Speaking of the Lohardaga dispensary, the Commissioner says:—

"The usefulness of this institution is much hindered by the fact that the room which ought to be set apart for indoor patients is occupied as an office by the Municipal Commissioners. Here, as elsewhere, the subscriptions are sadly in arrears, and even the contribution of the municipality towards the medical officer's salary is not paid with proper regularity."

The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that immediate measures will be taken to remedy the state of things disclosed.

Liberal subscriptions in aid of the Dufferin Fund were received during the year and since its close from the following gentlemen—

	Rs.
Maharaja of Chota Nagpur	2,000
Kumar Jagat Mohan Nath Sahi	1,750
Raja Nam Narain Singh of Ramgar	5,000
Babu Sarup Narain Singh of Padma	1,500
Tekait Todal Narain Singh of Gawan	2,000
Babu Rameshar Nath Singh of Kunda	1,000

These sums will be utilised to provide zanana hospitals at Hazaribagh and Ranchi.

Local Self-Government Institutions.

25. In this Division, where Act III (B.C.) of 1885 is not in force, self-governing institutions are represented by the Municipalities and the District, Road and Education Committees. The municipalities are few and far between, and though the Commissioner's remarks are somewhat colourless, the Municipal Commissioners appear for the most part to display as much interest in their work as similar bodies elsewhere. At Ranchi, for instance, some attention was paid to water-supply and conservancy, and at Lohardaga to sanitation, while at Chaibassa the roads and wells were well maintained, collections were closely supervised, and outstanding arrears were largely cleared off. There is, moreover, a pleasant absence of the internal disputes and jealousies which sometimes occur in other places claiming to be more advanced in the art of self-government. On the Road and Education Committees the greater part of the work is done by the official members.

State of public feeling.

26. The Commissioner says—

"The only political institution of this Division is the Congress Committee at Hazaribagh with branch committees at Giridih, Ranchi and Purulia. Only one meeting, to elect delegates for the 8th Indian National Congress, was held at Hazaribagh. Ten persons were elected, but only three attended the Congress. The branch commitees have displayed no signs of activity, except the one at Purulia, which collected a few rupees for the general purposes of the movement."

As regards the agrarian problem in Lohardaga, the Commissioner writes: —

"In Lohardaga the state of feeling between landlords and tenants continues to be unsatisfactory, especially where there are Christian raiyats. 'The conversion to Christianity,' remarks the Deputy Commissioner, Colonel Gordon, 'seems to have brought about a complete change in the minds of these people, and they now seek for total emancipation from the *bet begari* system. The zamindars, finding resistance difficult, their authority and influence on the wane, and support in courts is expensive and uncertain, are giving way, and nothing but suits for commutation can now save them from altogether losing these old feudal dues from their tenants.' Notwithstanding the existence of this feeling of antagonism, there has been no open manifestation of it such as occurred a few years ago, and the attitude of both parties may be described as one of quiescent expectancy regarding the action of Government. They seem to understand that legislative action of some kind is impending, but are not particularly curious to learn the nature of it; and when the principal zamindars were invited to a conference to discuss the proposed measure, the invitation met with little response, and those who did attend were not able to throw much light on the subject."

Conduct of zamindars.

27. The Maharaja of Chota Nagpur and his brother Kumar Jagat Mohan Nath Sahai Deo are mentioned for their loyalty to Government, and the latter is an active and useful Honorary Magistrate. In Hazaribagh, Raja Ram Narain Singh of Ramgar is loyal and well-intentioned, while Tekait Todal Narain Singh of Gawan whose title of Tekait was recently conferred on him by the Viceroy, and Babus Saroda Narain Singh and Poresh Nath Singh of Serampur and Palganj are specially selected for favourable mention. In Palamau Thakurai Bhagabat Doyal Singh of Chainpur received the title of Rai Bahadur in recognition for the service which he has rendered the State in the past.

28. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor thanks Mr. Grimley for his full and interesting report and for his efficient administration of the Division. The remarks which he makes towards the close of his report regarding the necessity for the establishment of a sub-division in the south-west of the large Lohardaga district will be considered in the Judicial Department. His observations on the character of officers serving under him will be communicated to the Appointment Department as usual.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF THE CALCUTTA ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT—MISCELLANEOUS No. 4539.

Calcutta, the 1st November 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Report of the Honorary Committee for the management of the Zoological Gardens, Calcutta, for the year 1892-93.

The actual receipts of the Garden, excluding the opening balance of Rs. 4,298 and the sum of Rs. 100 realized at the end of March 1893 and credited into the Treasury on the 1st April 1893, amounted to Rs. 42,144 against Rs. 43,211 in the previous year; and the expenditure decreased from Rs. 46,548 in 1891-92 to Rs. 41,202 during the year under report, the decrease being chiefly due to a considerable reduction in the outlay on original construction. With the surplus of Rs. 942, the balance at credit of the Garden increased from Rs. 4,298 to Rs. 5,240.

2. The number of visitors who were admitted to the Garden on payment of entrance fees was 139,183 against 116,382 in the previous year. This is the highest number admitted in any year except 1883-84, the year of the Calcutta International Exhibition.

The following statement shows the number admitted each year since 1878-79:—

Comparative statement of visitors from 1878-79 *to* 1892-93.

Year.	Visitors.	Year.	Visitors.
1878-79	111,291	1885-86	108,944
1879-80	130,826	1886-87	96,099
1880-81	98,760	1887-88	108,041
1881-82	120,749	1888-89	111,573
1882-83	126,080	1889-90	109,569
1883-84	188,532	1890-91	136,410
1884-85	120,813	1891-92	116,382
		1892-93	139,183

The chief causes of this large increase in the number of visitors to the Garden are—(1) the growing popularity of the institution, and (2) the opening of a direct carriage route from the Garden to Kalighat, rendering it more easily accessible to the large number of pilgrims who daily resort to that shrine.

3. Altogether 367 additions were made to the collection, including 97 mammals, 149 birds, and 121 reptiles. The following are mentioned by the Committee as being among the more interesting animals acquired:—(1) A pair of Patagonian Cavies (*Dolichotis patagonica, Shaw*) obtained by exchange from Mr. Carl Hagenbeck of Hamburg; (2) a Brazilian Tapir (*Tapirus americanus, Gmel*) from South America, and a Baird's Tapir (*Tapirus bairdi, Gill*) from Central America, acquired by exchange; (3) the two little weavers, acquired by purchase on account of their superior beauty and rarity in Indian markets; (4) a fine collection of birds consisting of Flamingos, Saras and Kulung Cranes, and other species, obtained from Rajputana.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to learn that the popularity of the Zoological Garden with the students and teachers of the various schools and colleges of Calcutta continued undiminished. With regard to the position which the Garden takes in the education of the people, the Committee write as follows:—"Applications from heads of institutions for free admission of students were frequently received and granted. It is also a satisfactory indication of the educating influence of the Garden that authors of elementary books and primers in the vernacular seek to stimulate the faculty of observation of their juvenile readers by illustrations and anecdotes of animals exhibited here."

5. The Lieutenant-Governor notices with pleasure that the laboratory for the purpose of conducting experiments with, and testing the various alleged remedies for snake-bite which are from time to time brought to notice, and for other physiological and biological investigations, for which Babu Joy Gobind Law, a wealthy citizen of Calcutta, gave a liberal donation, already acknowledged by Government, is now nearly complete. It is expected that experiments will be undertaken in the ensuing cold season.

6. The thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor are due to the members of the Committee for their efficient management of the Garden.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Honorary Secretary to the Committee for information, and that it be published in the *Gazette*.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

IMPERIAL INSTITUTE IN LONDON.

The following papers are published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Revenue Dept.,
The 9th November 1893.

Circular No. $\frac{42}{73}$.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Revenue and Agricultural Department (Museums and Exhibitions),—under date Simla, the 3rd October 1893.

RESOLUTION.

Read the following papers:—

1. Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 9 dated 20th January 1887, and enclosures.
2. Despatch to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 8, dated 1st November 1887.
3. Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 25, dated 29th March 1888.
4. Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 60, dated 10th July 1890, and enclosures.
5. Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 13, dated 26th February 1891, and enclosures.
6. Despatch to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 52, dated 30th June 1891.
7. Circular to Local Governments and Administrations, No. $\frac{7}{21}$, dated 17th July 1891.
8. Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 63, dated 17th September 1891.
9. Circular to Local Governments and Administrations, No. $\frac{25}{21}$, dated 24th October 1891.
10. Despatch to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 10, dated 10th February 1892.
11. Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 24, dated 14th April 1892.
12. Circular to Local Governments and Administrations, No. 25, dated 24th June 1892.
13. Circular to Local Governments and Administrations, No. $\frac{30}{15}$, dated 16th July 1892.

Many enquiries having been received by the Government of India on the subject, the following explanation of the constitution and objects of the Imperial Institute is published for general information.

2. In December 1886 an organising Committee appointed by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, with Lord Herschell as President, submitted their report, copies of which were received by the Government of India and circulated to Local Governments and Administrations in February 1887.

3. Lord Herschell's Committee recommended that the Institute should comprise two sections—one for the United Kingdom, the other for the Colonies and India. They explained in the 9th and following paragraphs of their report that—

"(9) the object of the Colonial and Indian Section will be to illustrate the great commercial and industrial resources of the Colonies and India, and to spread a knowledge of their progress and social condition.

"(10) to this end provision should be made for—

(1) the display in an adequate manner of the best natural and manufactured products of the Colonies and India, and, in connection with this, the circulation of typical collections throughout the United Kingdom;

(2) a hall for the discussion of Colonial and Indian subjects, and for receptions connected with the Colonies and India;

(3) the formation of Colonial and Indian libraries, and establishing in connection therewith reading, news, and intelligence rooms;

(4) the incorporation in some form into the proposed Institute of the Royal Colonial Institute and Royal Asiatic Society if, as is hoped, it be possible to bring about such a union;

(5) the collection and diffusion of the fullest information in regard to the industrial and material condition of the Colonies, so as to enable intending emigrants to acquire all requisite knowledge. Such information might be advantageously supplemented by simple and practical instruction. An emigration office of this character should be in correspondence with the provincial towns, either through the free libraries or by other means, so that information may be readily accessible to the people. These objects would be greatly facilitated if, as may be hoped, the Government should consent to the transfer to the buildings of the Institute of the recently formed Emigration Department, which would, by a close connection with the Institute, largely increase its usefulness.

"11. Facilities might be afforded for the exhibition of works of Colonial and Indian Art.

"12. It is also considered desirable that means should be provided, not for a general exhibition, but for occasional special exhibitions of Colonial and Indian produce and manufactures. At one time a particular Colony or portion of the Empire may desire to show its progress; at another time a general comparison of particular industries may be useful. Whilst the permanent galleries would exhibit the usual commercial or industrial products of the several Colonies and India, the occasional exhibitions would stimulate and enlist the sympathies of Colonial and Indian producers, and keep up an active co-operation with the industrial classes of this country."

4. The Colonial and Indian section has since the date of the Committee's report been subdivided into sections for each Colony, and there is now a distinct section for India, which, for the purposes of this Resolution, will be referred to as "the Indian section."

The scope of the Indian section has been enlarged by the introduction of arrangements for the teaching of Oriental languages thus described in the Year Book of the Institute for 1892:—

"In 1887 it was suggested that a School of Modern Oriental Studies should be established as a branch of the Institute in imitation of the very efficient establishments of this kind which are carried on with Government resources in France, Germany, and Austria. The promulgation of this proposal led to negotiation with the authorities of University College and King's College, London, which resulted in their co-operation with the Institute in the establishment of the School. A Special Committee having been appointed to organise a system of work, it was arranged that classes for instruction in the Oriental languages required by students qualifying for examinations for the Indian Civil Service should be held at University College, while Modern Oriental languages, other than the Indian languages, should be taught at King's College, and that the Imperial Institute should undertake the general administrative and financial work. The School was officially opened in January 1890, when an inaugural address was delivered by Professor Max Müller at the Royal Institution in the presence of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales. The daughters of the late Colonel W. J. Ouseley (Bengal Army) have established and endowed in his memory three scholarships in Arabic and Persian in connection with the School, each one of the value of not less than £50 per annum."

Since 1887 subscriptions to the amount of £101,550 have been raised in this country, and constitute more than one quarter of the total subscriptions received from all sources by the Managing Committee in London. The entire sum contributed has been utilized partly for the constitution of a permanent endowment fund, which amounted in 1892 to £ 141,520, and partly for the construction of the building.

The Institute, of which the foundation stone was laid by the Queen on the 4th of July 1887, was formally opened by Her Majesty on the 10th May 1893.

5. It was originally intended that a Committee of the Indian section should be formed in India with the Viceroy as President, and in 1887 the names of members were forwarded to the Secretary of State. This scheme was, however, superseded by the constitution framed in 1890, in pursuance of the charter granted to the Institute in May 1888, under which the Institute is controlled by a governing body or general Council of not less than 120 members or governors, of whom 15 are appointed to represent India. The Indian Governors may be selected in such manner as the Governor-General in Council for the time being may direct.

6. The following rules have been prescribed for the appointment of the Indian representatives:—

Three are to be appointed annually by the Governor-General in Council; six by the Provinces, including Native States, in rotation; four by the Chambers

of Commerce in rotation, and two by Native institutions: provided that no representative can be appointed who will not be resident in England during his term of office.

The term of office commences and ends on the 23rd of July, but a fresh nomination may be made at any intervening date in the event of office being vacated by the return of a member to India or for any other reason.

The Native States and Associations to be represented each year will be selected by the Government of India after ascertaining what eligible candidates are resident in England, and after correspondence with the rulers of the Native States and with the Native institutions concerned.

Provinces and Chambers of Commerce, in the order below prescribed for the next three years, will forward to the Secretary in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture the names of proposed representatives on or before the 1st of June. In each case three names may be submitted in the order in which it is desired that the offer of a governorship for the ensuing year may be made to the nominees. If no one of the nominees accept, the Government of India will select a representative. If no communication is received before the 1st of June from any Province or Chamber of Commerce entitled to a nomination, either the offer will be made to any existing representative, or a representative will be selected by the Government of India.

The following is the rotation prescribed for the next three years:—

	1893-94.	1894-95.	1895-96.
Provincial representatives.	Madras.	Burma.	Bengal.
	Punjab.	Central Provinces.	Bombay.
	Bengal.	Assam.	North-Western Provinces and Oudh.
	Bombay.	Madras.	Burma,
	North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Punjab.	Central Provinces.
	A Native State.	A Native State.	A Native State.
Representatives of Chambers of Commerce.	Calcutta.	Northern India.	Karachi.
	Bombay.	Calcutta.	Northern India.
	Madras.	Bombay.	Calcutta.
	Rangoon.	Madras.	Bombay.

7. The Members of the Indian Section of the governing body in 1892-93 were:—

On behalf of the Government of India—

W. T. Thiselton Dyer, Esq., C.I.E., C.M.G., F.R.S.

General James T. Walker, R.E., C.B., LL.D. (late Surveyor-General of India).

George Watt, Esq., M.B., C.I.E. (Reporter on Economic Products to the Government of India).

On behalf of Provinces and Native States—

Madras—David F. Carmichael, Esq. (late Madras Civil Service).

Bengal—Philip Nolan, Esq. (Secretary to the Government of Bengal).

North-Western Provinces and Oudh—W. S. Halsey, Esq. (late Bengal Civil Service).

Punjab—Baden H. Baden-Powell, Esq., C.I.E. (late Bengal Civil Service).

Native States (Jeypur)—Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel T. H. Hendley, C.I.E. (Residency Surgeon, Jeypur).

On behalf of Indian Chambers of Commerce—

Bombay—Sir Frank Forbes Adam, C.I.E. (of Messrs. Graham & Co., Manchester).

Rangoon—James Annan Bryce, Esq. (of Messrs Wallace Brothers).

Madras—George G. Arbuthnot, Esq.

Calcutta—Sir Alexander Wilson, Kt. (of Messrs. Matheson & Co., London).

On behalf of Indian Institutions—

Poona Sarvajanik Sabha—Dadabhai Naoroji, Esq., M.P.

Bengal British Indian Association—Sir William Wilson Hunter, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.

8. Fellows of the Imperial Institute are elected under rules, of which a copy is appended to this Resolution, and which explain the conditions and privileges attached to Fellowship. Application for election as Fellow, or for any information that may be required regarding the Institute, should be made to the Secretary, Imperial Institute, South Kensington.

9. The Government of India have decided that the most effective way in which the Imperial Institute can be made to serve the interests of India is to utilise it both for the purpose of attracting attention to the various economic

products of India, especially those which are little known, and for obtaining through the agency of the governing body the trial or analysis by experts of products more or less new to commerce. The objects held in view will be more fully gathered from the following explanation embodied in the preface to the series of Commercial Hand-books which are provided to the Institute by the Department of Economic Products:—

"The Government of India have arranged to provide to the Imperial Institute for the illustration of the Economic Products of India—

(A) a descriptive catalogue or dictionary;
(B) an index collection of all products;
(C) a commercial collection of special products;
(D) a hand-book descriptive of C.

A. The descriptive catalogue has been completed, and is termed the "Dictionary of the Economic Products of India." The compilation has occupied eight years, and has been made under the editorship of Dr. G. Watt, C.I.E., Reporter on Economic Products to the Government of India. It has been confined to the collection of facts and statistics available up to the date of the publication of the work.

To each product there is assigned in the dictionary a separate number, which will be permanently maintained for purposes of reference.

B. The index collection will, when completed, comprise small samples of every economic product of India, which will bear the same numbers as those assigned to the products in the dictionary.

C. The commercial collections are on a larger scale. The number of products of which a collection is provided each year will be limited to about 20.

Each collection will comprise as complete a set of specimens of the product in its raw and manufactured state as is necessary for the fulfilment of the objects with which the commercial collections and hand-books are provided.

D. The hand-books will supply, in a separate pamphlet for each product, the information contained in the dictionary, amplified by supplementary facts and statistics, and illustrated by maps, diagrams, photographs, etc.

The objects of the commercial collections and hand-books which accompany them are—

(1) To secure, while each collection is being made for the Institute, a thorough and special investigation in India through which fresh information regarding the product concerned, not contained in the dictionary, may be obtained.
(2) To illustrate the dictionary in a manner more complete than can be effected by the index collection.
(3) In the case of products which are not generally known—
  (a) to bring them to the notice of those interested;
  (b) to indicate the extent to which and conditions under which they are procurable;
  (c) to ascertain their commercial value;
  (d) to secure, through the governing body of the Institute and commercial experts whom they may consult, such special trial or analysis of them as can be more effectually made in England than in India."

The initial cost of the collections has been met from a special grant of Rs. 10,000. An annual grant of £600 is provided for the maintenance and completion of the existing collections, and a further grant of £400 again is allowed for the salary of the official Curator. Rupees 4,000 are also contributed annually by Local Governments towards the collection of products for the Institute. The Indian Section is under the general superintendence of Sir F. Abel, Secretary to the Institute, and the collections are under the charge of Mr. J. R. Royle, C.I.E., of the India Office, who has been appointed official Curator of the Indian Courts.

10. The index collection has reached an advanced stage.

Commercial collections have, under the direction of Mr. E. Thurston, Officiating Reporter on Economic Products, been already provided for the representation of the following products:—

1. Padauk timber.
2. Ipecacuanha.
3. Podophyllum emodi.
4. Sida fibre.
5. Jute.
6. Al (Morinda) dye.
7. Resin and turpentine from Indian pines.
8. Iron, southern districts of Madras.
9. Coal.
10. Adhatoda vasica.
11. Linseed.
12. Fibres for brush making.
13. Cutch.
14. Kút (Ooplate).
15. Turpeth (Indian jalap).
16. Kaméla dye.
17. Garjan and in oils.
18. Jalap.
19. Mica.
20. Castor oil.
21. Gingelly or sesame oil.

Collections of the following are in progress—

22. "East Indian walnut timber" (Albizzia Lebbek.)
23. Silk.
24. Ground-nut.
25. Barley.
26. India-rubber.
27. Rose wood (Dalbergia latifolia).
28. Soapstone (Steatite).
29. Chaulmugra oil.
30. Salep.

Hand-books, issued under the editorship of Mr. Thurston, have accompanied the twenty-one commercial collections already sent to England, and hand-books descriptive of the collections in progress are in course of preparation. These may be purchased for a nominal price either at the Imperial Institute, at the office of the Reporter on Economic Products in Calcutta, or from the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.

11. Galleries have been provided in the Institute building, in which the index collections are arranged in such a way as to be easily studied by interested visitors, and there are also working rooms for detailed examination of the commercial collections by those connected with the trades to which they appertain.

12. Special arrangements have, since the opening of the Institute, been set on foot, under the direction of Sir Frederick Abel, with the object of facilitating the trial and analysis of commercial products by experts either at the Institute itself, where rooms and laboratories have been provided for the purpose, or in local manufactories, chemical works, and other appropriate places. Dr. Theodore Cooke, C.I.E., late Principal of the College of Science, Poona, has recently been appointed as Technical Sub-Director of the Institute and to supervise arrangements for securing the investigation of new products from India and the Colonies.

13. All correspondence in India connected with the collections supplied to the Institute is conducted by the Reporter on Economic Products, to whose office at the Indian Museum, Calcutta, all enquiries or letters on the subject should be addressed.

14. The names of Governors appointed for the Indian Section for the year 1893-94 will be published shortly in the Gazette of the Government of India.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the above be published for general information in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, and that copies be forwarded to the several Local Governments and Administrations for information and publication in the Local Gazette, and to the Chambers of Commerce noted on the margin.

Secy. to the Govt. of Madras.
" " Bombay.
" " Bengal.
" " N.-W. P. and Oudh.
" " Punjab.
Chief Commr. of the Central Provinces.
" " Burma.
" " Assam.
" " Coorg.
" " Ajmere.

Secretary for Berar to the Resident at Hyderabad.
Secy., Chamber of Commerce, Madras.
" " " Bombay.
" " " Bengal.
" " " Rangoon.
" " " Northern India.
" " " Karachi.

[True extract.]

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

APPENDIX.

ELECTION, SUBSCRIPTIONS, AND PRIVILEGES OF FELLOWS OF THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.

I.—AS TO PRIVILEGES OF FELLOWS.

EVERY Fellow elected in the manner provided by the Regulations approved under the Charter of Incorporation shall, during the continuance of his Fellowship, be entitled to attach to his name the distinctive designation "F. I. Inst."

Every Fellow upon his election shall receive a diploma or other emblem of his Fellowship.

Fellows shall be entitled to the Annual Report of the Institute and to publications issued from time to time by the Institute, subject to such arrangements as may be made by the Executive Council as to the delivery or transmission of the same.

Fellows shall have access to the Commercial and Industrial Collections on two days in the week when they are *not* open to the public, and shall on any one of those days have the privilege of introducing two visitors to the Collections.

A special Refreshment Department, including Smoking Room, will be provided for the use of Fellows, to which they will be entitled on any day to introduce two visitors.

The accommodation provided for the use of Fellows will include a Post Office and *Poste Restante*, Telegraph, Telephone, and Messenger Departments, Cloak Room and Parcels Office, and a private Lavatory.

Fellows will have the free use of the Library, the News Room and Reference Department connected therewith, the Map Room, Reading Rooms, Writing Room, and Conference Rooms, and shall be entitled to introduce one visitor on any day to these rooms. The Conference Rooms will include Special Rooms for the Australasian, the North American, and the African Colonies, for India, and for the Crown Colonies. Facilities will be afforded to Fellows at moderate charges for holding business Conferences at the Institute, involving the exclusive occupation of a room for specified periods, with or without clerical assistance.

Fellows will be entitled to admission to special conferences, addresses, discussions, or lectures under regulations to be determined upon by the Council, and will have the privilege of introducing visitors in conformity with those regulations.

The Commercial Intelligence or Information Department will be open to Fellows between the hours of 10 A.M. and 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. and 4 P.M. on Mondays to Fridays inclusive, and between 10 A.M. and noon on Saturdays.

Facilities will be afforded to Fellows to inspect or to specially examine, or to be supplied with, samples of materials and products included in the Collections, under regulations and conditions to be determined by the Council, and, if necessary, upon payment of such fees as will compensate the Institute for any loss or special outlay connected with such inspection, for which special localities and appliances will be provided.

II.—As to Proposal and Election of Fellows.

(Abstract of Regulations.)

A candidate for admission as an Ordinary Fellow must be proposed and seconded by two Fellows from personal knowledge; such proposal, which shall specify the rank, profession or occupation, and place of abode of the Candidate, must in addition be signed by two Fellows at least.

The certificate of proposal thus filled up, as soon as it has been delivered to the Secretary, shall be exhibited in a conspicuous place in one or other of the public rooms of the Institute for at least one week previous to the date of election.

Candidates proposed as Fellows shall from time to time be submitted for election at a meeting of the Executive Council in accordance with the prescribed regulations.

III.—As to Subscriptions to be paid by Fellows.

(Abstract of Regulations.)

The annual subscription to the Institute shall, subject to the provisions contained in the Regulations next following, be *Two Pounds*. From and after such date, as may be appointed by the Executive Council, an Entrance Fee may be imposed.

Any Fellow who intends to be absent from the United Kingdom during the whole time for which the annual subscription is payable shall, on his giving due notice in writing to the Secretary of such intention, pay an annual subscription of *One Pound* only during the continuance of such absence. If such Fellow returns to the United Kingdom, he may, on communicating the fact in writing to the Secretary, and on paying such sum as may be required to make up his subscription for the current year to the full amount of *Two Pounds*, be re-admitted to all the privileges of the Institute.

Any fellow who at the time of his election is resident out of the United Kingdom shall pay an annual subscription of *One Pound* only during the continuance of such residence. If such Fellow comes to the United Kingdom, he may, on communicating the fact in writing to the Secretary, avail himself, for a period not exceeding three months from the date of his arrival, of all the privileges of the Institute. If he resides within the United Kingdom beyond that period, he will be required to make up his subscription for the current year to the full amount of *Two Pounds*.

A newly-elected Fellow shall not be entitled to exercise any of the privileges of a Fellow until he has paid his first year's subscription, or entrance fee and first year's subscription, as the case may be, or as compounded as hereinafter provided.

All subscriptions, after the subscription due at election, shall be payable on the 1st January in each year.

When a candidate becomes a Fellow late in the year, the Executive Council may remit the whole or such part as they may think just of his subscription for the current year.

Any Fellow may compound for his subscription and become a Life Fellow, either as his entrance by the payment of *Twenty Pounds*, or after the payment of five or more annual subscriptions by the payment of *Fifteen Pounds*.

Note—In conformity with clause 67 of the Constitution approved by Royal Warrant, the Executive Council may from time to time repeal, alter, or add to these Rules respecting the subscriptions and privileges of Fellows.

MAINTENANCE OF THE RECORD OF RIGHTS IN BIHAR.

The 10th November 1893.—The following papers are published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. $\frac{2619}{174}$, dated Simla, the 21st October 1893.

From—The Secy. to the Govt. of India, Revenue and Agricultural Dept.,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Dept.

WITH reference to the telegraphic communication between the Government of India and Sir A. MacDonnell, ending with my telegram No. 2574, dated 18th instant, regarding the publication of His Honour's second Minute on the Bihar Survey and of the draft Bill and Rules which accompanied it, I am instructed to communicate the following remarks and explanations.

2. In the first place I am to convey to His Honour the thanks of His Excellency the Governor-General in Council for having drawn up so able and masterly a review of the situation and at the same time so convincing an exposition of the administrative necessity of maintaining, on behalf of the raiyats of Bihar, an accurate record-of-rights.

3. In view of the standing orders forbidding the publication of papers referring to memorials addressed to Her Majesty's Secretary of State in anticipation of final orders except for exigent reasons, His Excellency in Council had some hesitation in acceding to His Honour's request that the Minute should appear in the Local Gazette. In the precedent case quoted in Sir A. MacDonnell's telegram of the 17th instant, the permission of the Secretary of State had been previously obtained. In consideration, however, *firstly* of the fact that the memorial itself was practically a mere repetition of objections already publicly brought forward and discussed in connection with the Muzaffarpur Conference, and *secondly* of the importance of placing before the public at the earliest possible date a clear exposition of the issues involved with the object of checking misdirected agitation, His Excellency in Council has consented, as intimated in my telegrams of 16th and 18th instant, to the publication of the entire Minute together with the draft Bill and Rules.

4. To the general principles of the draft Bill the Government of India are able to give a provisional assent, but they must make the reservation as explained in my telegram of the 18th, that the details shall still be regarded as open to discussion. The exact method in which the cost of the initial survey and record-of-rights should be recovered, and which is dealt with in the 12th section of the Bill, is specially a question which His Excellency in Council would desire to bring under careful and independent consideration. To the policy of meeting the cost of maintaining the map and record-of-rights by a cess the Government of India have already agreed, but I am to suggest that the estimate of the actual expenditure which will be involved is not yet sufficiently precise to justify a definite conclusion that a cess of one quarter of an anna in the rupee of annual value will suffice to cover the entire cost. It would in these circumstances seem desirable to append a note to section 7 of the Bill to the effect that "so far as enquiries have gone, it is anticipated that this rate need not be exceeded," with a view of making it quite clear that the Government is not absolutely restricted to this rate.

5. The Government of India feel themselves at some disadvantage in dealing with the draft rules. Although the policy of maintaining an accurate record of rights is one which they have in recent years urged strongly upon all Local Governments and Administrations, they have not at their command the advice of any officials who have had personal experience in the working of the system; nor, even if it were otherwise, would they feel justified in offering any conclusive criticism upon a subject which required for its proper handling, not

only experience of the limits within which an accurate record and map can be successfully maintained in practice, but also an intimate knowledge of local conditions. His Excellency in Council is aware that the rules have been drafted after the most careful consideration by those officials in Bengal who are best acquainted with the circumstances of Bihar, but he considers that, in launching a system which will largely affect the financial interests and the local prejudices of the land-holding and agricultural community, no pains should be spared to take advantage of the experience which has been gained in other provinces before finally deciding upon the methods to be adopted. His Excellency is the more inclined to advise this course in view of his belief that the practices gradually developed in various Provinces are already tending to become inconveniently divergent, and that in some directions mistakes have been made which require early correction. In view of the importance of checking *in limine* any tendency to erroneous practice or to unnecessary expenditure in connection with the maintenance of the map and record of rights in all Provinces, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council desires to take the present opportunity to have this important subject examined by the light of the best experience that can be brought to bear upon it, and has come to the conclusion that a general conference should, after such communication with Local Governments and Administrations as may be necessary, be convened for this purpose. He appreciates the fact that there must be material difference between any system adopted in Bihar and that which prevails in Provinces where the patwari establishments are utilized, but is convinced nevertheless that there are many details of method in connection with which uniformity of practice may be usefully established and that the discussion of these matters by experts will lead to useful results, not only in connection with the Bihar programme, but also in respect to the improvement of system in other Provinces. He desires, however, before addressing other Local Governments, that His Honour's concurrence in this proposal should be invited. The Provinces which would be invited to send representatives would probably be the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the Punjab and the Central Provinces.

6. The proposition put forward in the 70th paragraph of Sir A. MacDonnell's Minute meets with the full concurrence of the Government of India. The map and record of rights must be maintained up to date, and the Government cannot be fettered by any restrictions which will preclude the accomplishment of this object. The utmost that can be promised is that the maintenance of the record shall be effected at the minimum cost and with the least amount of inspection compatible with the end in view. The Government of India are not prepared to pronounce an opinion how far the rules as now drafted will secure the minimum of expenditure and inspection which may be possible, but they apprehend that this is the very question upon which the discussions by a conference of experts will lead to a satisfactory conclusion. In any case, His Excellency in Council is, as at present advised, disposed to agree with His Honour that no longer period than three years should be permitted to pass without revising the record.

No. 1365T.—R., dated Darjeeling, the 28th October 1893.

From—M. Finucane, Esq., Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Revenue Dept.,
To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Dept.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. $\frac{2619}{174}$, dated the 21st October 1893, and to convey to the Government of India the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor's thanks for the reception accorded to the proposals in connexion with the Bihar Cadastral Survey made in my letter No. 1130T.R., dated the 21st September last, and its enclosures.

2. His Honour cordially accepts the proposal made in the 5th paragraph of your letter under reply that a general Conference of expert officers should be convened to consider the question of the best and most economical way of maintaining the record of rights in Bihar and generally in other provinces where such records are maintained. Sir Antony MacDonnell would beg leave to suggest that the Zamindari and Indigo-planters' Associations, who are interested in the question, might be invited to depute representatives to attend the Conference and help it with their criticisms and advice.

No. $\frac{2744}{174}$, dated Simla, the 3rd November 1893.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Dept.,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1365T.—R., dated the 28th October 1893, in which you convey Sir Antony MacDonnell's assent to the proposal made in paragraph 3 of my letter No. $\frac{2619}{174}$, of the 21st October 1893, that a general Conference of expert officers should be convened to consider the question of the best and most economical way of maintaining the record of rights in Bihar. It will be convenient that the Conference should be held at Calcutta at as early a date as may be compatible with the convenience of the Local Governments who will be invited to depute delegates.

2. There will be no objection to the Zamindari and Indigo-planters' Associations being invited to depute representatives to the formal meetings of the Conference, but it will be desirable that preliminary or informal meetings should first be held for the purpose of framing issues for discussion.

* * * * * * *

WORKS OF PUBLIC UTILITY CONSTRUCTED DURING THE YEAR 1892 FROM PRIVATE CONTRIBUTIONS.

No. 6357M.P.I.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mis. Pub. Improvements.

Dated Calcutta, the 14th November 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Statement of works of public utility constructed by private individuals in the several districts of Bengal during the year 1892, and the corresponding statement for 1891, with the Resolution thereon.

Remarks.—The cost of this particular class of works during 1892 stands at Rs. 4,41,407-1-9, of which the following is a distribution :—

	Number of works.	Cost. Rs.	A.	P.
Public buildings	9	13,391	12	3
Roads	6	5,400	0	0
Bridges	6	9,800	0	0
Embankments or bunds	4	1,286	8	0
Ghâts	6	28,300	0	0
Tanks	467	3,14,163	12	0
Wells	89	24,963	5	6
Irrigation channels	3	1,118	10	0
Petty works costing below Rs. 200 each ...		42,983	2	0
Total ...	590	4,41,407	1	9

2. These operations are as usual divided into three classes, thus—

I.—Petty works under Rs. 200 each.
II.—Works costing Rs. 200 to Rs. 500 each.
III.—Works whose cost exceeds Rs. 500 each.

and the works carried out in 1892 under these three classes as compared with the two previous years, are detailed in the following statement which shows that the operations of 1892 exceed those of 1891 by Rs. 1,76,922-1-6 and those of 1890 by Rs. 1,05,263-1-9 :—

CLASS OF WORK.	1892. Rs.	A.	P.	1891. Rs.	A.	P.	1890. Rs.	A.	P.
I.—Cost of petty works under Rs. 200 each	42,983	2	0	35,448	0	0	34,729	0	0
II.—Total expenditure of works costing from Rs. 200 to Rs. 500 each ...	1,24,584	3	6	60,072	0	3	61,822	0	0
III.—Total expenditure of works whose cost exceeds Rs. 500 each ...	2,73,839	12	3	1,68,965	0	0	2,39,593	0	0

3. The works comprising classes II and III are further distributed thus by districts:—

District.	No. of works.	Total cost. Rs.	A.	P.
Burdwan	16	6,900	0	0
Bankura	2	3,656	0	0
Birbhum	12	7,650	0	0
Midnapore	20	12,940	0	0
Hooghly	4	8,500	0	0
Howrah	2	13,000	0	0
24-Parganas	4	13,500	0	0
Khulna	2	800	0	0
Nadia	15	11,341	0	0
Jessore	5	3,551	0	0
Murshidabad	3	2,200	0	0
Dinajpur	20	10,850	0	0
Rajshahi	91	58,410	0	0
Rangpur	8	7,720	0	0
Bogra	12	9,708	0	0
Pabna	7	4,450	0	0
Darjeeling	Nil.	Nil.		
Jalpaiguri	4	5,050	0	0
Dacca	1	339	4	0
Faridpur	8	2,975	0	0
Backergunge	3	1,482	0	0
Mymensingh	27	17,132	0	0
Tippera	11	6,150	0	0
Noakhali	4	1,600	0	0
Chittagong	3	1,100	0	0
Chittagong Hill Tracts	Nil.	Nil.		
Patna	Nil.	Nil.		
Gaya	7	2,336	3	9
Shahabad	10	3,437	0	0
Darbhanga	63	54,881	0	0
Muzaffarpur	23	16,521	0	0
Saran	4	2,200	0	0
Champaran	12	10,455	0	0
Monghyr	59	19,662	0	0
Bhagalpur	77	43,685	0	0
Purnea	7	2,350	0	0
Malda	5	3,900	0	0
Sonthal Parganas	6	3,965	0	0
Cuttack	7	4,398	8	0
Balasore	17	8,654	0	0
Puri	1	1,050	0	0
Hazaribagh	2	6,975	0	0
Lohardaga	Nil.	Nil.		
Manbhum (the works carried out in this district were petty)...	...	......		
Singhbhum	5	2,700	0	0
Palamau	1	250	0	0
Total ...	590	3,98,423	15	9

4. Of the above the following may be specially noticed:—

Public buildings.—Under this head the contributions amount to Rs. 13,391-12-3, of which Rs. 6,675 represents the amount given for a hospital building at Giridih by several residents in the Hazaribagh district, the principal donors being Babu Sarada Narain Singh, who contributed Rs. 2,000, Babu Torul Narain Singh, Rs. 1,500, Babu Paresh Nath Singh, Rs. 500, and the Dhunwar Court of Ward's Estate Rs. 500; Raja Sir Soorendra Mohan Tagore, K.C.S.I., contributed Rs. 2,500 for a Zenana Hospital in the Bankura town, which was constructed at a total cost of about Rs. 4,000; Mr. Smith, Agent, Garulia Jute Mills, gave Rs. 1,200 for a school at Garulia in the Barasat subdivision; Suraj Mohini Dasi Rs. 900 for a charitable dispensary in the Navadwip town, Nadia district; Fazel Haque Rs. 500 for a mosque at Jangirpur, in the Nadia district; Babu Shama Charan Banerjee Rs. 500 for a school at Borda Normal Bazar, thana Ghatal, in the Midnapore district.

Roads.—The contributions under this head, which stand at Rs. 5,400, represent the gifts of the following gentlemen :—

(1) Rupees 2,000 from Bariz Mamood, for a road from Dugdugi to Bhawaniganj, in the Rangpur district.
(2) Rupees 1,300 from the Maharajah of Kuch Bihar, for a road from Patgram to Bhutan.
(3) Rupees 1,100 from Gagan Ghosh, for a road from Gobarchapa to Mithapur, Bogra district.
(4) Rupees 400 from Babu Biswambhar Sasmal, for metalling a portion of the kutcha road at Atilagori, Midnapore district.
(5) Rupees 200 from Tagar Mamood Kaji, for a road from Sangalsi to Darwani, in the Rangpur district.
(6) Rupees 200 from Babu Khargidar Ahir, for a road at Bairwa, Champaran district.
(7) Rupees 200 from Braja Mohun Harichandan Roy, for a kutcha road at Sadanandpur in the Balasore district.

Bridges.—A sum of Rs. 9,800 was contributed. Junavi Chaudhurani gave Rs. 4,000 for a bridge over the Gaziabari khal in the Mymensingh district; the Maharaja of Kuch Bihar Rs. 3,000 for reconstructing the bridge over the Dhabalsooty river, and for manufacturing bricks for bridges, &c., in Patgram, Jalpaiguri district; Mr. M. H. Mackenzie gave Rs. 1,000 for a bridge at Deoria in the Muzaffarpur district; Babu Ram Charitra Lal Rs. 1,000 for a bridge at Sadharutti in the Muzaffarpur district; Maulvi Sajad Ali Jolaha Rs. 500 for a bridge at Saidpur.

Embankments or bunds.—Rupees 1,286-8 were contributed under this head the largest being Rs. 486-8 given by Mr. E. Solano for an embankment at Kinjar-Mirjapur, in the Gaya district, and Rs. 400 given by Bachai Gope for an embankment 400 feet long at Satghoria in the Monghyr district.

Ghâts.—The contributions towards ghâts amount to Rs. 28,300, which is made up as follows:—

		Rs.
(1)	From Babu Kedar Nath Mukerjee } For masonry ghâts on the river bank at Bally ...	7,000
(2)	" Tarini Charan Chandal ... }	6,000
(3)	" Sreemati Monmohini Dasi of Naihati for a masonry ghât on the river bank at Naihati	9,000
(4)	" Babu Bidhu Bhusan Banerjee for a ghât on the river bank at Badhrakhali, in the Hooghly district ...	3,000
(5)	" Pundit Rakhal Das Nayaratna of Naihati for a masonry ghât on the river bank at Bhatpara, in the Barasat subdivision	2,500
(6)	" Mr. Smith, Agent, Garulia Jute Mills, for a masonry ghât on the river bank at Garulia, in the Barasat subdivision	800

Tanks.—The total contributions for tanks amount to the large sum of Rs. 3,14,163-12-0 of which the following may be classed as the more important, viz.:—Babu Harhungi Misser, Champaran district, Rs. 5,000; the wife of Chamroo Roniar, Muzaffarpur district, Rs. 5,000; Kanu Sheik, Hooghly district, Rs. 4,000; Raja Baikuntha Nath De Bahadur, Balasore district, Rs. 3,764; Babu Shama Charan Banerjee, Midnapore district, Rs. 3,300; Babu Bhuban Mohan Kundu, Nadia district, Rs. 2,500; Babu Ram Nath Pramanik, Rajshahi district, Rs. 2,000; Ashan Akandoo, Rajshahi district, Rs. 2,000; Ramdhan Mandal, Rangpur district, Rs. 2,000; Krishna Kanta Sarkar, Rangpur district, Rs. 2,000; Mussamut Girji Koomar, Darbhanga district, Rs. 2,000; Babu Jaldhar Thakur, Darbhanga district, Rs. 2,035; Babu Anroop Ojha, Champaran district, Rs. 2,000; Babu Lachmi Prasad, Monghyr district, Rs. 2,000; Pooran Singh, Bhagalpur district, Rs. 2,000; Dasruth Bhagat, Bhagalpur district, Rs. 2,000; Rajib Lochan Mandal, Sonthal Parganas district, Rs. 2,915; Jannemenjoy Nand, Cuttack district, Rs. 2,000.

Wells.—The contributions for wells, which stand at Rs. 24,963-5-6, are made up mostly of small amounts.

Irrigation channels.—Rupees 1,118-10 were contributed, of which Rs. 600 were given by the villagers in the Tippera district, and Rs. 518-10 by Mr. E. Solano, Gaya district.

RESOLUTION.—There has been a very marked improvement during 1892 as compared with the two previous years in the contributions from private sources in aid of works of public utility, which is most gratifying, and to those who have displayed their liberality and public spirit in this matter His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor tenders his acknowledgments, and in doing so His Honour desires to express a hope that the good example set by them will be followed by others who can afford to contribute towards works of usefulness for the benefit of the poorer classes.

Formal letters of acknowledgment from Government will be forwarded to those who have constructed works costing over Rs. 500. The rest will receive the usual acknowledgment from the Commissioner or the Magistrate of the Division.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution, and of the statement, be forwarded to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, and to all Commissioners of Divisions; to the Commissioner of Chota Nagpur, and to all Superintending Engineers of Public Works Circles in Bengal, for information.

Ordered also that a copy of this Resolution, and of the statement, be forwarded to the Revenue and Judicial Departments of this Government for information.

Ordered also that this Resolution and the statement be published in the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* for general information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

F. J. JOHNSTONE,

Secretary to the Governmen of Beng al.

Statement of works of public utility constructed by private individuals during the year 1892.

Division.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand total of Division.
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
[illegible]	Burdwan	Babu Hari Nath Das Muchi ...	Excavation of a tank	Nowpara, thana Purbasthali.	500 0 0		
		" Madhab Shaha	Ditto ...	Digra, thana Rayna ...	300 0 0		
		" Prasanna Khan ...	Ditto ...	Dhamas, ditto ...	400 0 0		
		" Kailas Chandra Mukherjee...	Ditto ...	Jagatpur, ditto ...	500 0 0		
		" Sitaram Barik	Ditto ...	Kuara, ditto ...	450 0 0		
		" Saroda Prosad Mukherjee ...	Ditto ...	Banamalipur, ditto ...	200 0 0		
		Asgar Shaik	Ditto ...	Kumarhati, ditto ...	500 0 0		
		Babu Tinkari Sarkar... ...	Re-excavation of a tank.	Kona Krishnapur, thana Rayna.	300 0 0		
		" Ram Narayan De ...	Ditto ...	Sipta, thana Rayna ...	300 0 0		
		Abdul Rahman	Ditto ...	Dakshin Mohanpur, thana Rayna.	1,000 0 0		
		Babu Behari Dutt	Ditto ...	Narugram, thana Rayna ...	250 0 0		
		" Paran Chandra De ...	Ditto ...	Uchalan, ditto ...	500 0 0		
		" Hem Chandra Mukherjee ...	Ditto ...	Ditto, ditto ...	500 0 0		
		" Nadiar Chand De ...	Ditto ...	Ditto, ditto ...	450 0 0		
		" Makhan Lal Basu ...	Ditto ...	Bujardighi, ditto ...	500 0 0		
		" Mongal Charn Ghose	Ditto ...	Rayna, ditto ...	250 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	150 0 0	7,050 0 0	
	Bankura	Raja Sir Sourendra Mohan Tagore, K.C.S.I., of Calcutta.	Construction of a zanana Hospital.	Bankura town ...	2,500 0 0*		
		Babu Lakshmi Narain Singh ...	Excavation of a tank	Rampur, thana Sonamukhi	1,156 0 0	3,656 0 0	
	Birbhum	Babu Madan Dai	Excavation of a tank	Singhi, thana Shakhullipur	300 0 0		
		" Behari Lal Dai... ...	Ditto ...	Batina, ditto ...	500 0 0		
		" Dukhaharan Ghose ...	Ditto ...	Nahora, outpost Illambazar.	1,000 0 0		
		" Ram Lal Roy ...	Ditto ...	Sarsa, thana Labpur ...	500 0 0		
		" Raghu Nath Mandal ...	Ditto ...	Khatipur, ditto ...	650 0 0		
		" Radna Nath Setvar ...	Ditto ...	Mrityanjoypur, thana Rampur Hât.	300 0 0		
		" Behari Mandal and Ram Charan Mandal.	Ditto ...	Rasogram, thana Rampur Hât.	500 0 0		
		" Banka Shaha	Ditto ...	Hatpurkata, outpost Danigram.	500 0 0		
		Anna Kali Devi	Ditto ...	Kumar Sanda	1,500 0 0		
		Babu Ram Lal Mandal ...	Ditto ...	Rampur	800 0 0		
		" Madhu Sudan Mandal ...	Ditto ...	Do.	800 0 0		
		" Ram Kumar Ghose ...	Re-excavation of a tank.	Nahora, outpost Illambazar.	300 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	100 0 0	7,750 0 0	
	Hooghly	Babu Hari Churn Banerjee ...	Ditto ...	Polba, thana Polba ...	500 0 0		
		" Bhogobutty Churn Kundu...	Ditto ...	Ditto, ditto ...	1,000 0 0		
		" Bidhu Bhusan Banerjee ...	Construction of a ghât on the river Hooghly.	Bhadrakhali, thana Sirampore.	3,000 0 0		
		Kanu Shaik	Excavation of a tank	Chitrasali, thana Khanakul	4,000 0 0	8,500 0 0	
	Howrah	Babu Kedar Nath Mukerjee ...	Construction of a masonry ghât.	On the bank of the river Ganges at Bally.	7,000 0 0		
		" Tarini Charan Chandal ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	6,000 0 0	13,000 0 0	
	Midnapore	Babu Jogendra Nath Mallick ...	Excavation of a tank	Moonshipatna, thana Midnapore.	800 0 0		
		" Durga Prasad Barom ...	Ditto ...	On the side of the Trunk Road at Buramula, thana Midnapore.	700 0 0		
		" Adwaita Sen	Ditto ...	On the side of a public road at Noyagram, thana Midnapore.	300 0 0		
		" Ishan Chandra Singh ...	Ditto ...	Sirsa, thana Keshpur ...	200 0 0		
		" Binanda Mokurh ...	Ditto ...	Khorikamathori, outpost Noyagram, thana Gopibullubpore.	300 0 0		
		" Shib Charan Shaw ...	Re-excavation of a tank.	Gopaldanga, outpost Satpati, thana Salboni.	400 0 0		
		" Rajkumar Dhowriah ...	Excavation of a tank	By the side of the Trunk Road at Pocktapole, thana Naraingurh.	500 0 0		
		" Ram Chand Marwari ...	Ditto ...	By the side of the Trunk Road at Bakhrabaj, thana Naraingurh.	700 0 0		
				Carried over ...	3,900 0 0	39,956 0 0	

* The hospital was constructed at a cost of about Rs. 4,000 of which Rs. 2,500 have been paid by the Raja.

DIVISION.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand tot[...] Divisio[...]
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.
				Brought forward ...	3,900 0 0	39,956 0 0	
BURDWAN —concld.	Midnapore—concld.	Babu Biswambhar Saamal ...	Metalling a portion of the kutcha road, and making a culvert thereon.	At Atilagori, thana Contai	400 0 0		
		" Krishna Mohan Samanta ...	Excavation of a tank	Dekhali, thana Khedgeree	400 0 0		
		" Anandaram Shawoo ...	Ditto ...	Motirampore, thana Pottaspore.	300 0 0		
		" Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Toopchibar, thana Pottaspore.	200 0 0		
		" Bainoo Shawoo ...	Ditto ...	Barbpani Parool, thana Egra.	240 0 0		
		Niamuddi Hazi	Ditto ...	By the side of the Tamluk Road, in village Champadali, thana Panskurah.	200 0 0		
		Babu Rama Nath Dutt ...	Ditto ...	Ajodhya, thana Chandrakona.	1,200 0 0		
		" Rama Nath Dogra ...	Ditto ...	Gopalpur, thana Chandrakona.	800 0 0		
		" Gopal Hati	Ditto ...	Chaitanpur, thana Chandrakona.	500 0 0		
		" Girish Chandra Pahari ...	Ditto ...	Khirpai, outpost Khirpai, thana Chandrakona.	1,000 0 0		
		" Shama Charan Banerjee ...	Ditto ...	Borda Nermal Bazar, thana Ghatal.	3,300 0 0		
		" Ditto ...	Construction of a school building.	Ditto ...	500 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	680 0 0		
						13,620 0 0	53,576
PRESIDENCY.	24-Parganas ...	Sreemati Monmohini Dasi of Naihati in the Barasat subdivision.	A masonry ghât in the river Hooghly.	Naihati in the subdivision Barasat.	9,000 0 0*		
		Pundit Rakhal Das Nayaratna of Naihati in the Barasat subdivision.	Ditto ...	Bhatpara in the subdivision Barasat.	2,500 0 0		
		Mr. Smith, Agent, Garulia Jute Mills in the subdivision Barrackpore.	Ditto ...	Garulia in the subdivision Barasat.	800 0 0		
		Ditto, ditto ...	Construction of a school building.	Ditto ...	1,200 0 0		
						13,500 0 0	
	Nadia ...	Fazel Haque	Pucka mosque ...	Jangirpur	500 0 0		
		Suraj Mohini Dasi	Charitable Dispensary.	Navadoip town ...	900 0 0		
		Tustu Mondul	Tank ...	Kalinagar ...	700 0 0		
		Bhuban Mohan Kundu ...	Do. ...	Bara Baliadanga ...	2,500 0 0		
		Ukil Biswas	Do. ...	Booripota	800 0 0		
		Mr. Sandel	Do. ...	Bhoborpura	1,000 0 0		
		Ahmed Ali Gayen	Do. ...	Dharam chaki... ...	391 0 0		
		Bhuban Biswas	Do. ...	Jogirgopa	300 0 0		
		Haro Chundra Malo	Do. ...	Sarupdoho	500 0 0		
		Mr. B. Pal Chowdhuri... ...	Excavation of a masonry well.	Lotudoho	450 0 0		
		Babu Girindra Narain Chatterji ...	Tank ...	Champatolla	1,500 0 0		
		" Russick Pal and others ...	Re-excavation of a tank.	Ghoshpara	400 0 0		
		" Hiralal Biswas	Ditto ...	Booripota	500 0 0		
		Izadin Biswas	Ditto ...	Karagachi	300 0 0		
		Meajan Biswas	Tank ...	Nunnagar	600 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	250 0 0		
						11,591 0 0	
	Jessore ...	Krishna Chunder Kormokar ...	Tank ...	Shamkur, police-station Manirampur.	300 0 0		
		Meher Ghazi Chowkidar ...	Do. ...	Monoharpur, police-station Manirampur.	251 0 0		
		Nistarini Dasya	Do. ...	Dantiya in Sailkopa thana	1,700 0 0		
		Hari Charan Chaki	Do. ...	Baria in ditto ...	600 0 0		
		Ram Mohon Roy	Do. ...	Dhonetala in Jhenidah thana.	700 0 0		
						3,551 0 0	
	Khulna ...	Jamir Molla	Tank ...	Hajigram in Khulna thana	300 0 0		
		Debnarain Mandal	Do. ...	Ganapati in ditto ...	500 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	200 0 0		
						1,000 0 0	
	Murshidabad...	Khudu Mollah	Tank ...	Bokhara in thana Sagurdighi.	1,000 0 0		
		Radhica Lal Roy	Well ...	Sujanipara in thana Suti ...	200 0 0		
		Nityanand Das	Tank ...	Faridpur in ditto ...	1,000 0 0		
						2,200 0 0	31,842

* Certified by the Subdivisional Officer.

Division.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand total of Division.
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Rajshahi.	Dinajpur	Madan Chandra Kabiraj of Mitrabati, police-station Kotowali.	Tank	Mitrabati	300 0 0		
		Jomiruddin Chaudari of Ghugudanga, police-station Kotowali.	Do.	Ghúgudanga	900 0 0		
		Karimulla Sarkar of Kherkati, outpost Chirirbunder, police-station Kotowali.	Do.	Kherkati	250 0 0		
		Shaher Mahamed of Shonaigaon, outpost Birol, police-station Kotowali.	Do.	Shonaigaon	500 0 0		
		Shobratee Kaporia of Korolla, outpost Birol.	Do.	Korolla	350 0 0		
		Thakurdas Das of Rajarampur, outpost Birol.	Do.	Rajarampur	300 0 0		
		Golak Mandal of Rampur, outpost Birol.	Do.	Rampur	400 0 0		
		Khair Mundal, police-station Patiram.	Do.	Shobarpur	500 0 0		
		Bakshi Mandal, police-station Patiram.	Do.	Debgram	600 0 0		
		Matija Mandal, police-station Patiram.	Do.	Chakgopal	500 0 0		
		Bhola Mandal, police-station Mohadebpur.	Do.	Fotaypur	600 0 0		
		Faju Sardar, police-station Mohadebpur.	Do.	Barakabla	300 0 0		
		Bona Mandal, police-station Mohadebpur.	Do.	Sorai	700 0 0		
		Chikon Mandal, police-station Mohadebpur.	Do.	Do.	500 0 0		
		Samiruddin Sarkar, police-station Mohadebpur.	Do.	Jounpur	400 0 0		
		Sreenath Sanyal, police-station Mohadebpur.	Do.	Bhobanipur	1,100 0 0		
		Alakmoni Dasya, police-station Mohadebpur.	Do.	Naraupur	1,000 0 0		
		Sidar Mandal, police-station Mohadebpur.	Do.	Chotakabla	550 0 0		
		Jamiruddin Sardar of Jamoir, police-station Bangsihari.	Do.	Jamoir	500 0 0		
		Ghusuru Mandal of Jalpukhoria, police-station Bangsihari.	Do.	Jalpukhuria	300 0 0		
		One work costing less than Rs. 100.	......	....	150 0 0		
						11,000 0 0	
	Rajshahi	Monshad Mollah	Tank	Pallya	400 0 0		
		Harai Pramanik	Do.	Sadipur	250 0 0		
		Sheraj Mandal	Do.	Chak Jamira	600 0 0		
		Joylal Mandal	Do.	Agla	600 0 0		
		Hari Charan Paul	Do.	Gatya	900 0 0		
		Ram Dhan Haldar	Do.	Hurbag	800 0 0		
		Esahak Maulvi	Do.	Zamira	200 0 0		
		Jinnu Mollah	Do.	Kandora	800 0 0		
		Sreenath Sarkar	Do.	Kantalbari	400 0 0		
		Juman Hazi	Do.	Zamira	350 0 0		
		Shabarulla Chaukidar	Do.	Agla	250 0 0		
		Shosi Bhusan Maitra / Rajani Kant Maitra	Do.	Panannagore	700 0 0		
		Andi Maudal	Do.	Kaloopara	300 0 0		
		Chandoni Bewa	Do.	Kadipara	700 0 0		
		Benod Mandal	Do.	Jolahar	400 0 0		
		Dinoo Mandal	Do.	Kamarpur	600 0 0		
		Panchoo Mandal	Do.	Atahar	500 0 0		
		Ram Sankar Sarkar	Do.	Salgor	800 0 0		
		Rasik Pramanik	Tank excavation	Gangora	700 0 0		
		Benod Mandal	Ditto	Behanai	400 0 0		
		Nanda Kumar Sarkar	Tank	Mamkal	800 0 0		
		Kali Das Lahiri	Tank excavation	Namkole	500 0 0		
		Jharoo Sardar	Tank	Hanurkulea	500 0 0		
		Pandub Pramanik	Tank excavation	Udpara	200 0 0		
		Bholai Shaikh	Tank	Kola Beray	850 0 0		
		Chand Sardar	Do.	Chandipur	500 0 0		
		Shoobir Pramanik	Tank excavation	Goalkandi	400 0 0		
		Tazoo Pramanik	Tank	Nalpara	500 0 0		
		Nedai Pramanik	Do.	Chaighora	500 0 0		
		Momin Maudal	Do.	Basoodevpur	700 0 0		
		Moharanee Shurnomoyee	Do.	Daulatpur	900 0 0		
		Chang Sardar	Tank excavation	Chandrapur	250 0 0		
		Ramdhan Kamar	Tank	Balsha	500 0 0		
		Balaram Sardar	Do.	Dhooroil	800 0 0		
		Parbati Sarkar	Do.	Ditto	500 0 0		
		Charan Mollah	Do.	Naraianpur	500 0 0		
		Moharanee Shurnomoyee	Do.	Kamargram	250 0 0		
		Ditto ditto	Do.	Kathalgram	500 0 0		
		Ashmat Sarkar	Do.	Ghritakanchan	800 0 0		
		Mohaboo Shaikh	Do.	Gachha	575 0 0		
		Shariatulla Sarkar	Do.	Ditto	700 0 0		
		Azgar Sonar	Do.	Ditto	800 0 0		
		Goribulla Shaikh	Do.	Ditto	350 0 0		
				Carried over	23,025 0 0		

Division.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand total of Division.
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.
		Brought forward ...	......	......	23,025 0 0	11,000 0 0	
RAJSHAHI—*contd.*	Rajshahi ...	Kelytoo Sonar	Tank ...	Moondoomala	815 0 0		
		Hashyan Mandal	Do. ...	Tatilpara	800 0 0		
		Iadab Majhi	Do. ...	Bhabanipur	600 0 0		
		Ramtaran Sarkar	Do. ...	Dhantor	1,000 0 0		
		Rajeswar Mandal	Do. ...	Talookpara	1,000 0 0		
		Atap Chowkidar	Do. ...	Paranpur	1,000 0 0		
		Kamin Mollah	Do. ...	Chandooriah	700 0 0		
		Shadar Mandal	Do. ...	Pachandor	1,200 0 0		
		Moharanee Shurnomoyee ...	Tank excavation ...	Mohadebpur	1,000 0 0		
		Poran Mandal	Ditto ...	Kail	670 0 0		
		Farang Shonar	Ditto ...	Baghoria	500 0 0		
		Shuban Sardar	Tank ...	Chak Baidyanath ...	300 0 0		
		Madhub Chandra Goswami ...	Do. ...	Lochanpur	500 0 0		
		Panoo Shaha	Do. ...	Durlabapur	700 0 0		
		Biroo Mollah	Do. ...	Kaiguri	800 0 0		
		Kanai Lal Muchi	Do. ...	Belghorria	1,000 0 0		
		Shamir Pramanik	Do. ...	Banoorbhag	500 0 0		
		Jhoomar Mollah	Do. ...	Mattiapara	300 0 0		
		Shona Ullah Sirkar	Do. ...	Kholabaria	200 0 0		
		Shah Mohamed Munshi ...	Do. ...	Lochangair	300 0 0		
		Durga Nath Talookdar ...	Do. ...	Berahatty	800 0 0		
		Girish Chandra Maitra ...	Do. ...	Kharamkuri	600 0 0		
		Dinobandhu Ghosh	Do. ...	Baushbari	600 0 0		
		Kutub Pramanik	Do. ...	Italy	500 0 0		
		Ramdas Shaha	Do. ...	Shubkaru	700 0 0		
		Jafar Mridha	Do. ...	Hoolhoolia	200 0 0		
		Bhairab Chandra Nandi ...	Do. ...	Tezpur	300 0 0		
		Bidhoo Pramanik	Do. ...	Dohad	1,400 0 0		
		Jamir Pramanik	Do. ...	Ishabpur	300 0 0		
		Mania Matia	Do. ...	Chowdighi	600 0 0		
		Mokim Shaha	Do. ...	Bilbaria	950 0 0		
		Chikan Mandal	Do. ...	Chakboroo	900 0 0		
		Ram Nath Pramanik ...	Do. ...	Bigrahapara	2,000 0 0		
		Asaf Pramanik	Do. ...	Lalpara	1,300 0 0		
		Banshi Sardar	Do. ...	Koshba	950 0 0		
		Ashan Akando	Do. ...	Khagra	2,000 0 0		
		Kashi Sardar	Do. ...	Parail	1,600 0 0		
		Ali Mandal	Do. ...	Hattor	400 0 0		
		Shani Pramanik	Do. ...	Chak Mohanpur ...	500 0 0		
		Pana Ulla Mondal	Do. ...	Garihoree	700 0 0		
		Nabin Shaha	Tank excavation ...	Shat Kair	400 0 0		
		Mokai Sarkar	Ditto ...	Khola	300 0 0		
		Ditto	Tank ...	Bhorsa	500 0 0		
		Moollaka Mandal	Do. ...	Budhoria ...	600 0 0		
		Alip Shaha	Do. ...	Surja Narayanpur ...	700 0 0		
		Shakir Khan	Do. ...	Ditto ...	600 0 0		
		Maharani Surnomoyie ...	Tank excavation ...	Karimpur	400 0 0		
		Jashin Dewan	Tank ...	Dashharai	600 0 0		
		5 works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	675 0 0		
						59,085 0 0	
	Pabna ...	Abir Pramanik	Tank ...	Naizirpur, Dulai police-station.	200 0 0		
		Jagut Durlava Mojumdar ...	Do. ...	Dibater, Pabna police-station	900 0 0		
		Kali Mohan Talapatra ...	Do. ...	Poontaria, Dulai police-station.	350 0 0		
		Gyanada Sundari Debya ...	Do. ...	Shitlai, Chatmohar police-station.	900 0 0		
		Gourchand Roy	Do. ...	Dobaria village, Chatmohar police station.	500 0 0		
		Minu Pramanik	Do. ...	Khirseegram, Raiganj outpost.	800 0 0		
		Madhu Akanda	Do. ...	Deshigram, outpost Raiganj	800 0 0		
						4,460 0 0	
	Bogra ...	Daimulla Akanda	Tank ...	Manikchapor, Thana Sherpur	1,000 0 0		
		Madhab Chandra Napit ...	Do. ...	Madain, Ditto ...	950 0 0		
		Raj Kumar Ghosh	Do. ...	Nowada, thana Panchbibi	250 0 0		
		Sridhor Das	Do. ...	Bonkhur, ditto ...	200 0 0		
		Gagan Ghosh	Road ...	Gobarchapa to Mithapur, thana Nawabganj.	1,100 0 0		
		Nasir Pramanik	Tank ...	Chandipur, thana Adamdighi.	900 0 0		
		Shorup Pramanik	Do. ...	Ditto ditto ...	900 0 0		
		Rana Pramanik	Do. ...	Ditto ditto ...	900 0 0		
		Parani Bewa	Do. ...	Jianagar ditto ...	908 0 0		
		Madhab Chandra Ball ...	Do. ...	Manikpara ditto ...	900 0 0		
		Shodu Pramanik	Do. ...	Telach, ditto ...	900 0 0		
		Asmat Pramanik	Do. ...	Belta, ditto ...	800 0 0		
						9,708 0 0	
				Carried over ...	......	84,243 0 0	

Division.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand total of division.
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Brought forward ...	......	......	......	84,243 0 0	......
	Rangpur ...	Barey Mamood Teli of Pabitrajhar, outpost Kaliganj, police-station Wahiganj.	A tank ...	Sukhanpukhur ...	220 0 0		
		Sa up Chandra Poddar of Dhap...	A masonry well ...	Radhaballabh ...	500 0 0		
		Sayep Mamood of Sankarpur, police-station Badarganj.	A tank ...	Badarganj ...	200 0 0		
		Ramdhan Mandal of Bhendabari, police-station Pirganj.	Do. ...	Bhendabari ...	2,000 0 0		
		Tagar Mamood Kaji of Chhoto Sangulsi, police-station Nilphamari.	A road ...	Sangalsi to Darwani ...	200 0 0		
		Bariz Mamood Sarkar of Goregram, police-station Nilphamari.	Do. ...	Dugdugi to Bhabaniganj ...	2,000 0 0		
		Krishna Kanta Sarkar of Bagulagari, police-station Nilphamari.	A tank ...	Bagulagari	2,000 0 0		
		Jharu Nasya of Saptana, police-station Barabari.	Do. ...	On the road from Kulaghat to Lalmoni at Saptana.	600 0 0	7,720 0 0	
	Jalpaiguri ...	His Highness the Maharaja of Kuch Bihar.	Flood repairs in filling up gaps, 24th, 25th and 26th miles, and also reconstructing bridge over Dhabalsooty river. Manufacturing bricks for making Pucca bridges just commenced.	Patgram	3,000 0 0		
			Road from Patgram to Bhutan Pd., 4 miles.	Ditto	1,300 0 0		
			Constructing a pucca well at Patgram hât.	Ditto	500 0 0		
			Constructing a Raniganj pipe well at Rajnagore.	Rajnagore	250 0 0		
		3 works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	....	209 0 0	5,259 0 0	
	Darjeeling ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		97,222 0 0
		CLASS IV(*a*).					
	Dacca ...	Rai Abhoy Charan Mitra Bahadur.	Tank ...	Rajabari	339 4 0	339 4 0	
	Faridpur ...	Babu Brindaban Saha ...	Tank ...	Chowshora	500 0 0		
		" Har Kumar Kundu ...	Do. ...	Bantipara	400 0 0		
		" Purna Chandra Roy ...	Do. ...	Kalaran	350 0 0		
		" Jagabandhu Das ...	Do. ...	Fazitpur	200 0 0		
		" Bishesvar Banerjea ...	Do. ...	Amgram	400 0 0		
		" Deno Nath Biswas ...	Do. ...	Arpara	400 0 0		
		" Ganga Charan Roy ...	Do. ...	Babantola	375 0 0		
		Teju Mish	Do. ...	Padamdi	350 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	160 0 0	3,135 0 0	
	Backergunge ...	Rasaraj Jugi	Tank ...	Pardakur	282 0 0		
		Ditto	Do. ...	Pankhali	200 0 0		
		Krishna Das Bairagi... ...	Do. ...	Kalishuri	1,000 0 0	1,482 0 0	
	Mymensingh	CLASS I (*b*).					
		Junavi Chaudhurani ...	Bridge ...	Gaziabari khal ...	4,000 0 0		
		CLASS IV (*a*).					
		Syama Sundari Debya ...	Tank ...	Bangla	1,000 0 0		
		Sidu Chand	Do. ...	Radhakona	450 0 0		
		Agi Sheikh	Do. ...	Patuli	425 0 0		
		Bocha Sheikh	Do. ...	Teligow	250 0 0		
		Adu Sarkar	Do. ...	Tekunia	500 0 0		
		Dalu Chango Sarkar ...	Do. ...	Andariapara	400 0 0		
		Sheikh Pakai Sarkar ...	Do. ...	Bado Meah	450 0 0		
		Kabe Sheikh	Do. ...	Bhabanipur	450 0 0		
		Nabu Sheikh	Do. ...	Ditto	450 0 0		
		Jabi Mandal	Do. ...	Gopalpur	400 0 0		
		Ganga Charan Karkal ...	Do. ...	Pukharia	500 0 0		
		Faizuddin Sheikh	Do. ...	Sharail	325 0 0		
		Bhola Nath Rakkhit ...	Do. ...	Barail	300 0 0		
		Kader Mollah	Do. ...	Shilashi	300 0 0		
		Abir Munshi	Do. ...	Purail	450 0 0		
		Mamdi Sheikh	Do. ...	Aramyapara	300 0 0		
		Bal Charan Napit	Do. ...	Jhaluah	300 0 0		
		Guru Govinda Saha	Do. ...	Bablapura	1,000 0 0		
			Do. ...				
				Carried over ...	12,250 0 0	4,956 4 0	......

Division.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand total of Division.
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.
		Brought forward ...	......	......	12,250 0 0	4,956 4 0	......
Dacca—*concld.*	Mymensingh	Gopi Nath Chakravarti ...	Tank ...	Netrokona	200 0 0		
		Arip Bepari	Do. ...	Sankerpur	232 0 0		
		Denabandhu Baisnab ...	Do. ..	Suabar	300 0 0		
		Maharajah Kamal Krishna Bahadur.	Do. ...	Nazirpur	1,100 0 0		
		Taramani Chandhurani ...	Do. ...	Taraganj	1,600 0 0		
		Balak Nath Jogi	Do. ...	Bandagourkhalia ...	600 0 0		
		Kando Sheikh	Do. ...	Raghunathpur ...	450 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	Do. ...	......	60 0 0		
		Class IV (*b*).					
		Nabi Bepari	Well ...	Charbholamari ..	300 0 0		
		Class V (*c*).					
		Jadab Lal Saha	Charitable dispensary.	Dusjani	200 0 0		
						17,192 0 0	
				Grand Total ...	......	......	22,148 [illegible]
Chittagong.	Chittagong ...	Gokul Chandra De	Tank	Habilashdwip	500 0 0		
		Abdul Ali	Do.	Chaga Char	200 0 0		
		Chaila Po Chaudhuri... ...	Do.	Kaikhali	400 0 0		
						1,100 0 0	
	Noakhali ...	Maharaja Bir Chandra Barman of Hill Tippera.	Tank	Rajar Bazar	600 0 0		
		Abdulali and Golbakhsh ...	Do.	Noapur	500 0 0		
		Nurbakhsh	Do.	Jalai Durganagar ...	300 0 0		
		Bakhsh Ali Patwari	Do.	Harispur	200 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	205 0 0		
						1,805 0 0	
	Tippera ...	Govinda Pal	Tank	Hunar Char	600 0 0		
		Asgar Khandakar	Do.	Alnia ...	300 0 0		
		By villagers on subscription ...	Re-excavation of a khal.	From Bakharpara to Bolakhal.	600 0 0		
		Arab	Tank	Sachar	500 0 0		
		Shafar Ali	Do.	Do.	400 0 0		
		Golak Chung	Do.	Khobrabari	400 0 0		
		Jiban Chung	Do.	Do.	500 0 0		
		Protap Chandra De	Do.	Bancharampur ...	250 0 0		
		Babu Asutosh Rai	A big tank ...	Nasirnagar	1,800 0 0		
		Ditto	Tank	Do.	360 0 0		
		Ditto	Do.	Chapoirtola	450 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	400 0 0		
						6,550 0 0	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil.		9,455 [illegible]
Patna	Patna ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil.		
	Gaya ...	E. Solano, Esq.	Embankment ...	Kinjar, Mirzapore ..	486 8 0		
		Do.	Irrigation channel...	Koil	210 0 0		
		Do.	Ditto ...	Kaler	308 10 0		
		Do.	Well	Jalalpur	214 5 6		
		Babu Sajiwan Singh	Do.	Ganhurpur	200 0 0		
		" Debi Lal	Do.	Bagahi	200 0 0		
		E. Solano, Esq.	Quarters for Civil Hospital Assistant at Arwal Charitable Dispensary.	Wasilpur	(*a*)716 12 3		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each	......	......	1,182 12 3		
						3,519 0 0	
	Shahabad ...	Babu Lachuman Prosad Mukhtar of Bagh Munsapandey, Arrah.	1 pucka well ...	Bagh Munsapandey, Arrah	375 0 0		
		" Jatish Chundra Banerji, Pleader, Arrah.	1 tank	Pakari Mahallah, Arrah ...	300 0 0		
		" Dullari Sao of Dumri ...	1 pucka well ...	Dumri	400 0 0		
		" Charitar Gosain of Dhakaich.	Do. ...	Dhaksich	300 0 0		
		Mussamat Champakali Knar of Neazipur.	Do. ...	Neazipur	262 0 0		
		Babu Deoki Kurmi of Dumari ...	Do. ...	Darsan	300 0 0		
		" Padarath Teli of Nya Bhojpur.	Do. ...	Rampur Matia ...	400 0 0		
		Carried over ..	......	......	2,337 0 0	3,519 0 0	......

(*a*) Out of the amount Rs. 328 was contributed by the District Board, Gaya.

Division.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand total of Division.
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Brought forward ...	......	......	2,337 0 0	3,519 0 0	......
	Shahabad—*concld.*	Babu Ram Saran Dubey, of Durga	2 Pucka wells ...	Hanka	200 0 0		
		Mahabir Pandey's wife, of Madhupur.	1 Tank ...	Bardiha	600 0 0		
		Babu Mahabir Prasad Rai, of Patna City.	1 Well ...	Kahar	300 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each	......	......	2,500 0 0		
						5,937 0 0	
NA— ...ud.	Darbhanga ...	Musamat Girji Koomar, of Soombha.	Tank ...	Soombha	2,000 0 0		
		Babu Sant Lal Jha, of Hirni ...	Do. ...	Hirni	1,500 0 0		
		" Sultan Gope, of Shewnagar	Do. ...	Shewnagar	1,100 0 0		
		" Bhajoo Gope, of Halumannagar.	Do. ...	Ralumannagar ...	1,000 0 0		
		" Bhikhari Gope, of Havideeh	Do. ...	Havideeh	600 0 0		
		" Ganesh Datt Singh, of Raghupur.	Do. ...	Raghupur	306 0 0		
		" Jailal Chowdhari, of Havi Bhawarah.	Do. ...	Rambadarpur	1,600 0 0		
		" Bhyao Jha, of Hurpur	Do. ...	Harpur	1,700 0 0		
		" Khedan Barai, of Kathimah	Do. ...	Kathimah	650 0 0		
		" Jeknath Singh	Do. ...	Do.	655 0 0		
		" Jhungar Nonia ...	Do. ...	Raghunathpur Bela, pargana Sotaisa.	1,200 0 0		
		" Bhei Lal Jha	Do. ...	Belari, pargana Seraisa ...	1,000 0 0		
		" Singheser Rai, of Makrampur.	Do. ...	Makrampur	700 0 0		
		" Ganesh Misir, of Sunderpur	Do. ...	Sunderpur	80[illegible] 0 0		
		" Mooshari Jha, of " ...	Do. ...	Do.	700 0 0		
		" Raja Thakur, of Saurath ...	Do. ...	Saurath	500 0 0		
		" Churaman Goala, of Dhamibibi.	Do. ...	Dhamibihi	700 0 0		
		" Bacha Jha, of Bhatsimar ...	Do. ...	Bhatsimar	700 0 0		
		" Jhumak Sundi, of Belahi ...	Do. ...	Belahi	1,000 0 0		
		" Foujdar Singh, of Mohanbarhian.	Do. ...	Mohanbarhian	500 0 0		
		" Nathu Pande, of Lachmipur	Do. ...	Lachmipur	500 0 0		
		" Shewram Tewari, of Bhithi	Do. ...	Bhitki	1,000 0 0		
		" Bhagwan Datt Sukul, of Bhithi.	Do. ...	Do.	1,000 0 0		
		" Chhata Jha, of Sariso Tola Beta.	Do. ...	Sariso Tola Beta ...	900 0 0		
		" Jhattur Jha, of Sariso ...	Do. ...	Sariso	400 0 0		
		" Nathu Pande, of Makenda...	Do. ...	Makenda	500 0 0		
		" Jhumak Sahu, of Bhour ...	Do. ...	Bhour	1,000 0 0		
		" Kanhai Singh, of Narainpur	Do. ...	Narainpur	60[illegible] 0 0		
		" Bhangi Singh, of Bhitwar...	Do. ...	Bhitwar	1,300 0 0		
		" Lal Behari Mahtha, of Pallur.	Do. ...	Pallur	385 0 0		
		" Mahanth Radhegir, of Marukia.	Do. ...	Marukia	300 0 0		
		" Moosai Sahu, of Marukia ...	Do. ...	Do.	300 0 0		
		" Mohar Gawala, of Naharupauli.	Well ...	Naharrupauli	250 0 0		
		Maulvi Nazir Miyan, of Balaut ...	Tank ...	Balaut	500 0 0		
		" Dilan Miyan, of Parsauni	Do. ...	Parsauni	1,000 0 0		
		" Sheikh Sujain, of Parsama	Do. ...	Narsama	600 0 0		
		" Sheikh Jauli, of do. ...	Do. ...	Do.	800 0 0		
		Babu Paran Misir, of Barari ..	Do. ...	Barari	400 0 0		
		" Ramlal Goala, of do. ...	Do. ...	Do.	400 0 0		
		" Chhitan Kewat, of Jafra ...	Do. ...	Jafra	600 0 0		
		" Manohar Goap, of Ijra ...	Do. ...	Ijra	1,000 0 0		
		" Harakhdhari Singh, of Bhowanipur.	Do. ...	Barhi	700 0 0		
		" Bungali Kulwar, of Barhara	Do. ...	Barhara	1,000 0 0		
		" Koona Koeri, of Bardahi ...	Do. ...	Bardahi	1,500 0 0		
		" Madhoo Mander, of Narahi Mahthour.	Do. ...	Narahimahthour ...	1,200 0 0		
		" Choa Mander, of Rajarampur	Do. ...	Rajarampur	1,100 0 0		
		" Buni Sahu, of Matahi ...	Do. ...	Perauni	1,300 0 0		
		" Bacha Das, of Matahi ...	Do. ...	Matahi	1,300 0 0		
		" Hira Mander, of Tharhi ...	Do. ...	Tharhi	1,100 0 0		
		" Mohur Mander, of Awarahia	Do. ...	Awarahia	[illegible]0 0 0		
		" Gopali Mander, of Tengrar	Do. ...	Tengrar	1,000 0 0		
		" Santokhi Gope, of Belha ...	Do. ...	Belha	700 0 0		
		" Chanerpatti Gope, of Belha	Do. ...	Do.	700 0 0		
		" Hanuman Chowdhry, of Madheypur.	Do. ...	Madheypur	1,200 0 0		
		" Bikoo Sahu, of Belaucha ...	Do. ...	Belaucha	1,000 0 0		
		" Buchun Sahu, of do. ...	Do. ...	Do.	1,000 0 0		
		" Fakira Koeri, of do. ...	Do. ...	Do.	1,000 0 0		
		Musamat Mouli, of Bheja ...	Do. ...	Bheja	1,000 0 0		
		Babu Jaldhar Thakur, of Bhit Bhagwanpur.	Do. ...	Madanpur, Kharowni ..	2,035 0 0		
		" Bharosi Jha, of Bhakhrain	Do. ...	Bitauna	900 0 0		
		" Bansi Jha, of Chuni ...	Do. ...	Chuni	700 0 0		
		" Madhu Mallah, of Dwalakh	Do. ...	Dwalakh	300 0 0		
		Girman Misrain, of Khajuri Bishunpur.	Tank ...	Khajuri Bishunpur ...	900 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each	......	......	265 0 0		
						55,146 0 0	
		Carried over ..	......	......	......	64,602 0 0	......

Division.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand total, Division.
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.
		Brought forward ...	......	......		64,602 0 0	
Patna—concld.	Saran ...	Mussamat Ram Ratti Kuer ...	1 Tank ...	Jagatpura	1,000 0 0		
		Babu Sheo Sahai Sinha ...	1 Do. ...	Barwa	600 0 0		
		" Gora Sahu Kalwar ...	1 Do. ...	Bhatwa	400 0 0		
		" Fagjear Unsadh ...	1 Well ...	Pipra	200 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each	......	......	2,335 0 0		
						4,535 0 0	
	Champaran ...	Babu Harhungi Misser ...	Pond ...	Near Seegowlee Railway Station.	5,000 0 0		
		" Keshuna Ram ...	Do. ...	Nirpore	1,000 0 0		
		" Ram Sahai	Well ...	Kawargola	380 0 0		
		Molvi Nanhak Mian ...	Do. ...	Amodai	250 0 0		
		Mussamat Jiwooni Shekhin ...	Do. ...	Khairwa	200 0 0		
		Babu Anroop Ojha ...	Pond ...	Harpore	2,000 0 0		
		" Hazari Mal ...	Well ...	Bettiah	600 0 0		
		Mahanth Kanhai Gir ...	Pond ...	Dhunkatwa	200 0 0		
		Babu Nepali Bania	Do. ...	Kehoonia	200 0 0		
		" Bahori Mallah	Well ...	Lissui	200 0 0		
		" Khargidar Ahir ...	Road ...	Bairwa	200 0 0		
		Sub-Inspector Ramdhani Sing ...	Tank ...	Bugha	325 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200...	......	......	7,530 9 9		
						17,985 9 9	
	Muzaffarpur ...	Babu Nirsoo Thakoor ...	1 Well ...	Dubha	220 0 0		
		M. H. Mackenzie, Esq. ...	1 Bridge ...	Deoria	1,000 0 0		
		Mussamat Sibiti Rajpootin ...	1 Tank ...	Phulach	600 0 0		
		Babu Kitau Thakoor ...	1 Do. ...	Bahilwara Baijnath ...	600 0 0		
		Wife of Chamroo Roniar ...	1 Do. ...	Sahebganj	5,000 0 0		
		Babu Baldeo Singh ...	1 Do. ...	Madhubani	500 0 0		
		George Robert Toomey, Esq. ...	1 Do. ...	Naruer	1,000 0 0		
		Babu Ambika Pershad ...	1 Do. ...	Dighi	301 0 0		
		Moulvi Sajad Alli Jolaha ...	1 Bridge ...	Saidpur	500 0 0		
		" Imdad Hussain ...	6 Tanks ...	Chupra Khojihat ...	200 0 0		
		Babu Tribhoom Gwala ...	1 Tank ...	Rampur Dumri ...	1,000 0 0		
		" Ram Charitra Lal ...	1 Bridge ...	Sadharutti	1,000 0 0		
		" Raghoonandan Thakur ...	1 Tank ...	Arnia	300 0 0		
		" Raghoonandan Singh ...	2 Bridges ...	Ponoura	300 0 0		
		" Ditto ...	1 Old tank ...	Do.	500 0 0		
		" Tulshi Roy	1 Tank ...	Peepra	500 0 0		
		" Bihari Raut	1 Do. ...	Bishunpur	400 0 0		
		" Bhagwat Sahai ...	1 Do. ...	Do.	300 0 0		
		" Pirtam Singh ...	1 Do. ...	Muhammedpur ...	500 0 0		
		" Roopnarain Chowdhry ...	1 Do. ...	Bhitha	400 0 0		
		" Dukharan Gwala ...	1 Do. ...	Gora	700 0 0		
		" Phaku Missir ...	1 Do. ...	Jampur	500 0 0		
		L. I. Crowdy, Esq., Manager of Indigo Factory.	1 Do. ...	Belsand	200 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each	......	......	13,328 0 0		
						29,849 0 0	
							1,16,971 [illegible]
		CLASS II(a).					
Bhagalpur.	Monghyr ...	Bachai Gope	Embankment 400 feet long.	Satghoria	400 0 0		
		CLASS IV(a).					
		Nakkhu Lal	1 Tank ...	Rajgoora	1,200 0 0		
		Kally Babhun	Do. ...	Sirsowni	400 0 0		
		Kanai Mandur Gope	Do. ...	Utasira	1,000 0 0		
		Bechhu Sao	Do. ...	Gopalpur	500 0 0		
		Babu Lachmi Prasad ...	Do. ...	Bahadurpur	2,000 0 0		
		Maulvi Tafazul Hossein Khan ...	Do. ...	Sheikpura	500 0 0		
		CLASS IV(b).					
		Shaik Jeetu	1 Pucka well ...	Sandalpur	300 0 0		
		Gajadhur Shaw	Ditto ...	Kalianpur	200 0 0		
		Maharaja Durbhanga ...	Ditto ...	Kharakpur	200 0 0		
		Dhano Mahton	Ditto ...	Ichura	250 0 0		
		Meghu Nagore	Ditto ...	Bishenpur	250 0 0		
		Gurdoyal Singh	Ditto ...	Burhea	300 0 0		
		Budri Das	Ditto ...	Do.	200 0 0		
		Bolaki Teli	Ditto ...	Bodhitala	200 0 0		
		Bhuttoo Singh	Ditto ...	Burhea	200 0 0		
		Durga Lall	Ditto ...	Pirtappur	200 0 0		
		Guru Charn Das	Ditto ...	Joyatpur	200 0 0		
		Gajadhur Lal	Ditto ...	Shahadpur	200 0 0		
		Balashow Teli	Ditto ...	Lodgbane	300 0 0		
		Jhakir Babhan	Ditto ...	Shahadpur	200 0 0		
		Jugmohan Singh	Ditto ...	Chak Isoof	300 0 0		
		Jabur Lal	Ditto ...	Serampur	300 0 0		
		Sahzad Hossein	Ditto ...	Pipra Latif	250 0 0		
		Gouri Gope	Ditto ...	Tehaidi	300 0 0		
		DewansoTeli	Ditto ...	Tegra	300 0 0		
		Karu Singh	Ditto ...	Barowni	200 0 0		
		Golap Singh Babhun	Ditto ...	Babhungaon	300 0 0		
		Biro Gope	Ditto ...	Barowni	250 0 0		
		Gonesh Shaw	Ditto ...	Phulberia	300 0 0		
		Carried over ...	......	......	11,700 0 0	......	......

Division.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand total of Division.
					Rs. A. P.	R. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Brought forward ...	......	......	11,700 0 0	......	......
		Rabi Roy	Pucka, well ...	Simuria	200 0 0		
		Rupan Sato	Ditto ...	Bathali	300 0 0		
		Bhattoo Teli	Ditto ...	Nunga	200 0 0		
		Tulsi Teli	Ditto ...	Mahaua	200 0 0		
		Ram Pershad Chowdhry ...	Ditto ...	Nayatala Rahimpur ...	800 0 0		
		Badhoo Singh	Ditto ...	Kataimala	300 0 0		
		Shib Sahay Misser	Ditto ...	Sadipur	312 0 0		
		Nanha Mahton	Ditto ...	Khanjbapur	200 0 0		
		Haloomau Sonar	Ditto ...	Barisipur	200 0 0		
		Dhukhran Chowdhry ...	Ditto ...	Gorabapur	200 0 0		
		Guhan Singh	Ditto ...	Dadhori	200 0 0		
		Raja Ram Narain Singh ...	Ditto ...	Khaira	450 0 0		
		Joypati Lal	Ditto ...	Diachabi	200 0 0		
		Babu Tarini Pershad	Ditto ...	Mara	450 0 0		
		Pakhur Singh	Ditto ...	Dadhori	200 0 0		
	Monghyr ...	Fateh Mahummad Khan ...	2 Pucka wells ...	Bellapur Sunda ...	400 0 0		
		Maharaja Ramessur Prosad Singh	1 Pucka well ...	Rampur	300 0 0		
		Mir Ismail Saheb	Ditto ...	Hoomadeh	600 0 0		
		Khagpat Singh	Ditto ...	Sarer	200 0 0		
		Kiso Das	Ditto ...	Badholi	200 0 0		
		Mohant Mouiram	Ditto ...	Begusarai	200 0 0		
		Thakur Pershad	Ditto ...	Kaithama	200 0 0		
		Bhairo Burhi	Ditto ...	Chilmil	200 0 0		
		Shib Dayal Gir	Ditto ...	Haibatpur	200 0 0		
		Medoo Mahton Gowala ...	Ditto ...	Huri Singh	500 0 0		
		Bansi Das Gossain	Ditto ...	Ditto	500 0 0		
		Chanchal Shao Halwai ...	Ditto ...	Rajwara	200 0 0		
		Behari Sahu	Ditto ...	Bishenpur	200 0 0		
		Benarasi Lal	Ditto ...	Hamirpur	200 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each	......	......	4,250 0 0		
						23,912 0 0	
		CLASS IV(a).					
		Mussamat Srimati Sumintra Pandani.	1 Tank ...	Simbhuganj	1,300 0 0		
		Rang Lal Khawas	Do. ...	Domaria	550 0 0		
		Shaik Nabi Bakhsh	Do. ...	Katahara	300 0 0		
		Bhoragi Chowdhry	Do. ...	Ditto	200 0 0		
		Kari Chowdhry	Do. ...	Ditto	250 0 0		
		Babu Tejendra Narain Singh ...	Do. ...	Kharail	1,300 0 0		
		Bikoo and Pir Baksh ...	Do. ...	Sisowni	376 0 0		
		Kanhai Mandar	Do. ...	Dubiabi	500 0 0		
		Kori Mandar	Do. ...	Pipra Hari	700 0 0		
		Ramdyal Das	Do. ...	Bela Begamganj ...	700 0 0		
		Hitu Sahu Teli	Do. ...	Ditto	200 0 0		
		Dukha Chowdhry	Do. ...	Tola Bela	324 0 0		
		Nathur Gope	Do. ...	Maujaha	325 0 0		
		Jhumak Mukhia	Do. ...	Ditto	330 0 0		
		Hallu Mukhia	Do. ...	Ditto	300 0 0		
		Girdhari Chowdhry	Do. ...	Ditto	250 0 0		
		Tea Lal Chowdhry	Do. ...	Phoomaha	900 0 0		
		Bholo Chowdhry	Do. ...	Ditto	600 0 0		
		Birbal Beldar	Do. ...	Karibo	900 0 0		
		Hirman Gowala	Do. ...	Belakhara	600 0 0		
		Mohunt Tekan Das	Do. ...	Kariho	800 0 0		
		Khantar Khawas	Do. ...	Ditto	700 0 0		
		Bhaya Ram Das	Do. ...	Poorain	300 0 0		
		Achhai Lal Chowdhry ...	Do. ...	Sohagpur	275 0 0		
		Bhikhan Jha	Do. ...	Solahani	555 0 0		
	Bhagalpur ...	Modi Mandar	Do. ...	Mahooa	500 0 0		
		Bandhi Kumhar	Do. ...	Ditto	350 0 0		
		Sanath Pandey	Do. ...	Bhelahi	700 0 0		
		Pooran Singh	Do. ...	Daparkha Tola, Bishanpar	2,000 0 0		
		Bachi Koeri	Do. ...	Banama	300 0 0		
		Ramdhan Koeri	Do. ...	Bathnaba	500 0 0		
		Rami Gowala	Do. ...	Dharahara	400 0 0		
		Behari Mandar	Do. ...	Baltherba	400 0 0		
		Syam Gope	Do. ...	Hurpur	1,000 0 0		
		Laloo Koeri	Do. ...	Bela Simar	500 0 0		
		Karam Sahu	Do. ...	Faltherba	300 0 0		
		Hur Lal Mander	Do. ...	Nirmali	500 0 0		
		Jawahir Kumhar	Do. ...	Simri	400 0 0		
		Maharaja of Darbhanga ...	Do. ...	Dagmara	1,800 0 0		
		Ditto ditto ...	Do. ...	Phaptiahi	1,800 0 0		
		Dasrath Bhagat	Do. ...	Partabganj	2,000 0 0		
		Jhouti Mander	Do. ...	Chowraha	250 0 0		
		Mussamat Hiria	Do. ...	Chowdharani	300 0 0		
		Nanoo Jha	Do. ...	Arraha	250 0 0		
		Rama Nath Misser	Do. ...	Baloos	400 0 0		
		Pabau Kaut	Do. ...	Permananapur ...	300 0 0		
		Achambhit Jha	Do. ...	Harpur Chakla ...	300 0 0		
		Bans Jha	Do. ...	Hasanpur	400 0 0		
		Bisu Mandel	Do. ...	Bhimnagar	600 0 0		
		Bhagwan Datt Jha	Do. ...	Kataya	500 0 0		
		Bhagwan Chowdhry	Do. ...	Ditto	500 0 0		
		Jhumak Mander	Do. ...	Parbaha	600 0 0		
		Ram Anugraha Chowdhry ...	Do. ...	Chikla Bardrau ...	500 0 0		
		Carried over ...	......	......	31,885 0 0	......	

Division.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand total of Division.
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Brought forward ...	......	......	31,885 0 0	......	......
		CLASS IV(a)—*contd.*					
	Bhagalpur	Satan Mander	Tank	Sukhesan	500 0 0		
		Narain Mander	Do.	Lawkhi	400 0 0		
		Moosahroo Mander	Do.	Moorajpur	600 0 0		
		Prichrata Narain Singh	Do.	Pachgachia	600 0 0		
		Bacha Babu	Do.	Ditto	600 0 0		
		Gopal Chowdhry	Do.	Bijalpur	600 0 0		
		Raja Padmanand Singh	Do.	Nawhatta	700 0 0		
		Janki Sahoo	Do.	Auriaramoti	400 0 0		
		Jhingoo Jha	Do.	Ditto	300 0 0		
		Somman Sahoo	Do.	Asai	400 0 0		
		Nena Rai	Do.	Ackarh	400 0 0		
		Lalji Rai	Do.	Ditto	300 0 0		
		Gobind Rai	Do.	Ditto	400 0 0		
		Bacha Jha	Do.	Bara	400 0 0		
		Chaitoo Singh	Do.	Maina	1,000 0 0		
		Lal Behari Singh	Do.	Koombharatola-Chanbara	400 0 0		
		Lalji Jha	Do.	Busona	600 0 0		
		Tobishee Chowdhry	Do.	Moorli	500 0 0		
		Lalikant Jha	Do.	Bongaon	400 0 0		
		Sanath Mander	Do.	Kasimpur	400 0 0		
		Jhumli Mander	Do.	Ditto	600 0 0		
		CLASS IV(b).					
		Bhirgoo Saran Misser	Well	Paraldih	500 0 0		
		Gobardhan Das	Do.	Muhammadpur	300 0 0		
		Gunpat Singh	Do.	Balaha	350 0 0		
BHAGALPUR.		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each	......	....	930 0 0	44,615 0 0	
		CLASS IV(a).					
	Purnea	Kanahi Mandal	Tank	Bishunpur-Thamaganj	550 0 0		
		Jhumak Chowdhry	Do.	Purandaha-Dhamdaha	500 0 0		
		CLASS IV(b).					
		Chikoo Mistry Kamar	Pucca well	Mirganj-Dhamdaha	250 0 0		
		Mussamat Soodhi Gowalin	Ditto	Gobindpur-Dhamdaha	200 0 0		
		Rabi Chowdhry Bamhan	Ditto	Dhamdaha-Nayatola	300 0 0		
		Mussamat Rungpati Gowalin	Ditto	Maldwar-Araria	200 0 0		
		CLASS V(c).					
		Maharaja of Darbhanga	Dispensary	Burhara	100 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each	......	....	105 0 0	2,455 0 0	
		CLASS IV(a).					
	Malda	Haro Kumar Chuckerbutty	One tank	Nachan	700 0 0		
		Maharani Shurnomoyee	Do.	Behala	500 0 0		
		Niranu Mandal	Do.	Nasserabad	1,500 0 0		
		Sabjat Mandal	Do.	Darvespur	700 0 0		
		Ram Lochun Mandal	Do.	Barhuil	500 0 0	3,900 0 0	
		CLASS IV(a).					
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajib Lochan Mandal	One tank	Asanboni	2,915 0 0		
		Bara Kumar Bhaya and Harihar Singh, Ghatwal.	Repair to an old bandh.	Rangataur	200 0 0		
		Lokenath Chowdhry	New tank	Assensole	200 0 0		
		Niloo Raut	New bandh	Gidhanda	200 0 0		
		Durga Mahton	Repair to a tank	Sadananddih	250 0 0		
		CLASS IV(b).					
		Kali Prasad Patranaikh	New pucka well	Koshmaba	200 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each	......	....	2,337 0 0	6,302 0 0	81,184 0 0
ORISSA.	Balasore	Baidi Prodhan of Misamonda	One tank	Dibakarpur, police-station Jellasore.	640 0 0		
		Chandramoni Bewa of Asti	Do.	Bara Moisuri, police-station Baliapal.	400 0 0		
		Sahebram Naik of Kharidpipal	Do.	Putina, police-station Baliapal.	250 0 0		
		Raja Baikuntha Nath De Bahadur of Balasore.	Redigging a tank	Suelpur, police-station Balasore.	3,764 0 0		
		Damodar Das of Talpada	Two tanks	Talpada, police-station Balasore.	200 0 0		
		Madan Patter of Sabaji Patna	One tank	Funria, police-station Balasore.	200 0 0		
		Anda Mahapatter of Mitnani	Do.	Mogoosguria, police-station Balasore.	350 0 0		
					5,804 0 0		
		Carried over ...	......	......			

Division.	District.	Name of individual by whom constructed.	Description of work.	Place where constructed.	Cost.	Total of district.	Grand total of division.
					Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
		Brought forward ...	......	......	5,804 0 0	......	......
	Balasore ...	Kanhu Panigrahi of Dalong ...	One tank ...	Dalong, police-station Soroh.	600 0 0		
		Musammat Sulochana Dei of Subharanpur.	Do. ...	Nowpur, police-station Soroh.	200 0 0		
		Latiffar Raheman of Isufpur ...	Do. ...	Kuans, police-station Bhadrak.	400 0 0		
		Broja Mohun Harichandan Roy of Sadanandpur.	One cutcha road ...	Sadanandpur, police-station Bhadrak.	200 0 0		
		Padma Bewa of Mokhulpur ...	One tank ...	Raupuri, police-station Basudebpur.	200 0 0		
		Boidi Satpati of Gourunipukhuri.	Do. ...	Bhojiaria, police-station Chandbali.	2[illegible]0 0 0		
		Arjoon Das of Alili ...	Do. ...	Alili, police-station Chandbali.	200 0 0		
		Bipro Das of Madhupari ...	Do. ...	Madhupari, police-station Chandbali.	[illegible]00 0 0		
		Upendra Santia Koosum ...	Do. ...	Koosoom, police-station Chandbali.	250 0 0		
		Mooti Sootar of Gurnipokhoria ...	Do. ...	Gurnipokhoria, police-station Chandbali.	2[illegible]0 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	1,5[illegible]5 0 0	10,169 0 0	
...SSA	Cuttack ...	Jannemenjoy Nand of mauza Protaprudrapur, zila Puri.	One large tank ...	Mauza Ultpurnaskur, outpost Gobindpur, thana Jagatsinhpur.	2,000 0 0		
		Kujang Ward's Estate ...	One tank ...	Mauza Dhamapara ...			
		Ditto ...	Do. ...	" Khursua ...			
		Ditto ...	Do. ...	" Kanaj ...	800 0 0		
		Ditto ...	Do. ...	" Jadupur			
		Ditto ...	Do. ...	" Bidagaon ...			
		Ditto ...	Do. ...	" Balesuan ...			
		Ratan Maharatha ...	Do. ...	" Gharimal ...	300 0 0		
		Kanika Ward's Estate ...	Do. ...	" Kurindi ...	488 8 0		
		Ditto ...	Do. ...	" Barg d danda ...			
		Ditto ...	One pucca well ...	" Rajnagar ...	250 0 0		
		Rani of Killah Balarampur ...	One tank ...	" Ghazni ...	200 0 0		
		Bhagbat Hari Das ...	Do. ...	" Mohasura ...	300 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	1,21[illegible] 0 0	5,609 8 0	
	Puri ...	Baisnab Behara ...	One tank ...	Tumburaput, Baupur thana	1,050 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	231 8 0	1,281 8 0	17,060 0 0
	Hazaribagh ...	Poti Sah ...	A well ...	Mauza Nagri, police-station Dumri.	300 0 0		
		Babu Sarada Narain Singh ...			2,000 0 0		
		" Torul Narain Singh ...			1,500 0 0		
		" Paresh Nath Singh ...			600 0 0		
		" Dhunwar, Court of Ward's Estate.			500 0 0		
		Mr. Christien of Tisri ...			200 0 0		
		Basso Singh ...			100 0 0		
		Thakurdial Roy and Tulsi Roy ...			150 0 0		
		Gulab Pande ...			250 0 0		
		Harlal Panda ...			200 0 0		
		Rayaz Ali ...			100 0 0		
		Raja of Jamtara ...			150 0 0		
		Harnath Singh ...			100 0 0		
		Peary Mohan Basu ...	Pucca hospital building.	Giridih, thana Giridih ...	100 0 0		
		Mr. W. Rattray ...			200 0 0		
		Tekaet of Leda ...			60 0 0		
		Tekaet of Naudiha ...			50 0 0		
		Khaja Wahid Jan ...			100 0 0		
		Tekaet of Katharbari ...			50 0 0		
		Tekaet of Kishgo ...			50 0 0		
		Mit Narain Geer ...			50 0 0		
		Hazari Mall ...			50 0 0		
		Thakur Jado Charan Singh ...			100 0 0		
		Tillo Roy ...			75 0 0		
...TA ...GPUR		Udit Narain Singh ...			50 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.			1,571 4 0	8,546 4 0	
	Lohardaga ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil.		
	Palamau ...	Sekh Iltaf Hussain, Ticcadar of Bakoria.	Pucca well ...	Bakoria Lateyahar, police-station.	250 0 0	250 0 0	
	Singhbhum ...	Nathu Ram Marwari, at present residing at Chakradharpur.	A well ...	Chakradharpur ...	500 0 0		
		Ram Pal of Purulia ...	A tank ...	Kaliam ...	400 0 0		
		Baidya Nath Maity of Maratakora.	Do. ...	Maratakora ...	500 0 0		
		Dinar Mahato of Jirapara ...	Do. ...	Jirapara ...	800 0 0		
		Kartick Loha of Kuldiha ...	Do. ...	Durku ...	500 0 0		
		Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	91 0 0	2,791 0 0	
	Manbhum ...	3 Works costing less than Rs. 200 each.	......	......	361 0 0	361 0 0	11,948 4 0

SUMMARY.

				Rs.	A.	P.
Total of Burdwan Division	...	...	...	53,576	0	0
" of Presidency "	...	...	...	31,842	0	0
" of Rajshahi "	...	...	...	97,[illegible]22	0	0
" of Dacca "	...	...	...	22,148	4	0
" of Chittagong "	...	...	...	9,455	0	0
" of Patna "	...	...	...	1,16,971	9	9
" of Bhagalpur "	...	...	...	81,184	0	0
" of Orissa "	...	...	...	17,960	0	0
" of Chota Nagpur "	...	...	...	11,948	4	0
		Total	...	4,41,407	1	9

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 11*th November*, 1893.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.			
BURDWAN DIVN.			
1	Burdwan Nov. 11, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	0·18 Nil 0·05 0·02	Weather—cool and cloudy. *Aman* rice continues good. *Rabi* crops being sown. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 14 Kalna ... ... 9 to 13 Katwa ... ... 14½ Raniganj ... ... 12¼ per rupee.
2	Baukura „ 11, '93	0·18	Weather—generally cloudy. Prospects of standing crops fair. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice (new) selling at 17½ seers per rupee at Sadar and 17 seers at Vishnupur.
3	Birbhum „ 11, '93 Rampur Hât ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy in the beginning of the week, but latterly clear. Harvesting of *aus* paddy going on and *aman* rice doing well. Fields being prepared for sowing of *rabi* crops. Price of common rice stationary.
4	Midnapore „ 11, '93	0·05	Weather—cloudy at night and occasional breaks of sunshine during day. Prospects of crops good. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 Contai ... ... 13 Tamluk ... ... 13 Ghatal ... ... 11 to 13 per rupee.
5	Hooghly „ 11, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	0·06 0·01 Nil	Weather—cloudy; nights getting colder. *Aman* paddy doing well. *Rabi* crops being sown. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 13 Serampore ... ... 10 to 14 Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 14½ per rupee.
6	Howrah „ 11, '93 Ulubaria ...	Nil 0·02	Weather—cloudy. Winter rice and sugarcane doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice 10 to 11 seers per rupee.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.			
7	24-Parganas „ 11, '93	0·03	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops fair except in the Bankipur thana. Ploughing and sowing of *rabi* crops going on. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 9 to 11 7 Barasat ... ... 11 0 Basirhat ... ... 9 13½ Diamond Harbour ... ... 11 0 per rupee.
8	Nadia „ 11, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	0·26 0·30 0·36 0·31 Nil	Weather—slightly cool. Prospects of *aman* crop fair. Sowing of winter crops going on. Water and fodder sufficient.
9	Khulna „ 11, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	0·12 Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy and cool. Prospects of *aman* excellent. *Rabi* crops coming on. Date-trees being stripped for tapping.
10	Jessore „ 11, '93 Jhenida ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	0·04 0·29 0·8 0·04	Weather—cloudy. Prospects of *aman* rice continue fair. Lands are still being ploughed for *rabi* crops, and where sown the plants look promising. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices steady.
11	Murshidabad „ 11, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable but cloudy at times. Prospects of *aman* crop good. Sowing of *kalai* over. Sugarcane doing well. Fodder and water sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 13 seers per rupee.

Division	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
Chittagong Divn.	12	Chittagong	Nov. 11, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy at times, but getting pleasant. Prospects of standing crops fair. Ploughing for cold-weather crops continues. Prices have slightly risen. Condition of cattle generally good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	" 11, '93	0·05	Weather—cloudy and warm. Harvesting of late *aus* paddy completed. *Aman* thriving well. No cattle-disease except in Lakmipur. Fodder and water available. Price of rice ranges from 9 to 10 seers per rupee.
	14	Tippera	" 11, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of crops good in the Sadar subdivision, but not so in the Brahmanbaria subdivision where insects are causing much damage. Outturn of 8 to 10 annas is expected in the Chandpur subdivision.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	" 10, '93	Nil	Weather—foggy in the morning, indicating cold weather. Reaping of early plough-paddy going on. Late plough-paddy progressing. Condition of cattle generally good. Common rice selling at 8 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
Dacca Divn.	16	Dacca	" 11, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy commenced. Prospects favourable. Sowing of mustard, *mug*, and *kalai* nearly finished. Common rice selling from 7 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	" 11, '93	0·09 0·18 Nil	Weather—fine. *Aman* being cut. In Goalundo subdivision a grub has done some damage to standing rice. Price of rice 10 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder generally sufficient.
	18	Backergunge	" 11, '93	Nil	Weather—hot. Sky clear and cloudy at intervals. Prospects of standing crops fair. Common rice sells from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh	" 11, '93	0·23	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. An insect pest has made its appearance in the Netrakona subdivision and done some damage to the *aman* crop. Common rice selling from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good except at Badla in the Netrakona subdivision. Supply of fodder sufficient except in some places in the Kishorganj subdivision.
Rajshahi Divn.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	" 11, '93 ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cool. Prospects of standing crops very good. Mustard, pulses and winter vegetables are being sown.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	" 11, '93	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable: getting cooler every day. Prospects of standing crops good everywhere; in places very good. Sufficiency of fodder and water-supply. No cattle-disease. Price of rice varies from 10 to 13 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Nilphamari Gaibanda Kurigaon	" 11, '93	Nil Nil Nil Nil	No rainfall. Weather fairly cool in subdivisions, rather warm in head-quarters for time of year. Crops are reported fair. Tobacco is being transplanted. No cattle-disease.
	23	Bogra	" 11, '93	Nil	Weather—fine. Prospects of *aman* very good. Lands are being ploughed for *rabi*. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	" 11, '93	0·24	Weather—cool and pleasant. State of standing crops fair. Price of common rice at Sirajganj Rs. 4-4 to Rs. 4-8 per maund and at Sadar 10 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	" 11, '93 ...	0·17 Nil	Weather—bright and cool. *In the hills:—Aghani dhan, marua,* and *kalai* ripening. *Toree, phaphur,* wheat, barley and potatoes progressing favourably. *In the Terai:—Kalai, til,* and *haimanti dhan* doing well. Potatoes, mustard and tobacco being sown. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 }
	26	Jalpaiguri	" 11, '93	Nil	Weather—days hot, nights cool. Prospects of *haimanti* paddy good. Cultivation of tobacco and other cold-weather crops going on. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease.

BIHAR.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
	Bhagalpur Divn.		
27	Monghyr Nov. 11, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—fair and seasonably cool; cloudy from 7th to 9th with drizzling rain. Prospects of standing crops good. *Rabi* sowings commenced. Indigo, sugarcane and *kurthi* doing well. Cattle-disease towards Nawadih and Sikandra. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 15 Begusarai ... ... 12 to 14 } per rupee. Jamui 14
28	Bhagalpur " 11, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ..	0·03 Nil 0·05 Nil	Weather—cloudy in the beginning of the week; latterly fine and clear with light north-west wind. Prospects of winter rice splendid everywhere. *Rabi* sowings nearly completed Sugarcane promises well. Price of common rice 15 seers 2 chitaks per rupee.
29	Purnea " 11, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	0·02 Nil Nil	Weather—overcast with east wind at first, now seasonable. Prospects of *aghani* and *kurthi* very good. *Rabi* sowings progressing favourably. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices tending to cheapen.
30	Malda " 11, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cooler. Harvesting of winter rice begun in some places; outturn expected to be 16 annas. *Kalai* pulse in flower. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Ordinary rice sells at 11 to 21 seers per rupee. Supply of fodder and water sufficient.
31	Sonthal Parganas " 11, '93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara .. Pakur ... Rajmahal ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy with an occasional slight drizzle. Prospects of crops excellent. Reaping of paddy continues. *Rabi* seeds still being sown. Fodder and water sufficient.
	Patna Division.		
32	Patna " 11, '93 Barh ... Bihar ... Dinapore ...	0·07 Nil 0·06 0·11	Weather—cloudy with slight showers on two days during the week. Paddy crop is coming to maturity with full outturn. Sowing of *rabi* and poppy still going on. Prospects continue good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 19 Barh ... ... 13 Bihar ... ... 17 } per rupee. Dinapore 15½
33	Gaya " 11, '93 Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ... Nawada ...	0·03 0·05 0·12 0·03	Weather—fair in the beginning and cloudy at the end of the week, cool at night. Prospects of paddy favourable. *Rabi* sowings in progress. Poppy sowings commenced. Prices stationary. Water and fodder-supply ample.
34	Shahabad " 11, '93 Buxar ... Sasaram ...	0·23 0·40 0·43	Weather—since the rain it has cleared up completely and is now quite settled. State and prospects of crops favourable. No damage done by the light rain of the week.
35	Darbhanga " 11, '93	0·04	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of rice crop continue favourable. *Rabi* sowings in progress. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices stationary.
36	Muzaffarpur " 11, '93 Hajipur ... Sitamarhi ...	0·16 0·02 0·12	Weather—fair but cloudy on two days. Prospects of rice crop continue good. *Rabi* sowings still going on. Opium sowings retarded to same extent. A few cases of *dakaha* (cattle-disease) reported from Bela and Majorganj outposts in Sitamarhi subdivision. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
PATNA DIVISION—*concld.* 37	Saran Nov. 11, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	·38 0·38 0·10	Weather—cloudy for several days, getting gradually cooler in the day time. State and prospects of crops good. *Rabi* cultivation rapidly progressing. Any more rain may be injurious now. Poppy sowings begun, but unusually late owing to recent rain. Water and fodder plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Chapra ... ... 16 0 per rupee. Siwan ... ... 19 0 per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 16 14 per rupee.
38	Champaran „ 11, '93	0·06	Weather—hot during day and cool at night. *Aghani* in good condition. *Rabi* sowings going on. Prices nearly stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVN. 39	Cuttack „ 11, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects good. *Sarad* harvest commenced. Price of common rice unchanged. Supply of fodder sufficient.
40	Puri ...	...	Report not received.
41	Balasore „ 11, '93	0·04	Weather—seasonable. Crops doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of rice about 19 seers per rupee.
CHOTA NAGPUR. *South-West Frontier Agency.*			
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN. 42	Hazaribagh Nov. 11, '93 Giridi ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Rabi* sowings in progress. Paddy being harvested with good results generally. Common rice 10 to 17 seers per rupee. Fodder and water abundant.
43	Lohardaga „ 11, '93	0·12	Weather—cloudy. Harvesting of winter rice and sowing of mustard continue. Common rice selling at 17 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
44	Palamau „ 10, '93	0·25	Weather—cloudy and unsettled. Cutting of *katka dhan* nearly completed in some parts with a full outturn. *Rabi* sowings slightly retarded by the cloudy weather; what has been already sown has germinated freely. Prospects excellent. A little cattle-disease reported. Rice selling from 14 to 20 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
45	Singhbhum „ 11, '93	0·11	Weather—cloudy throughout the week with light drizzle. All crops in excellent condition. Harvesting of paddy going on with 16 annas average outturn. Price of rice stationary.
46	Manbhum „ 11, '93 Gobindpur ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy with occasional sunshine. High land crops very good. Low lands somewhat damaged by late rain. Prices of common rice ranging between 14 and 18 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 14th November, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STOCKS OF RICE IN AND AROUND CALCUTTA.

Names of Marts.	Stock in hand as compiled on—												
	1st week of Nov. 1892.	1st week of Dec. 1892.	1st week of Jan. 1893.	1st week of Feb. 1893.	1st week of March 1893.	1st week of April 1893.	1st week of May 1893.	1st week of June 1893.	1st week of July 1893.	1st week of August 1893.	1st week of Sept. 1893.	1st week of Oct. 1893.	1st week of Nov. 1893.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Baliaghata	4,30,000	3,16,000	3,34,000	4,05,000	6,13,000	9,04,000	13,32,000	11,73,000	10,31,000	8,86,000	8,67,000	7,10,500	4,83,000
Ultadanga	57,300	57,800	63,200	78,700	99,500	1,06,500	1,15,000	1,17,500	1,19,700	1,09,400	65,000	61,300	53,300
Chitpur, Golabaree, Kumartooly, Hatkhola, and Cuipi Ghat.	5,64,800	5,40,700	5,64,700	7,01,900	6,54,500	6,46,600	6,43,000	6,66,000	6,65,300	6,64,900	6,84,500	7,06,700	6,25,600
Pathuriaghatta, Posta, and Jorabagan.	2,500	3,000	3,000	8,000	3,500	3,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	2,000
Tollygunge, Chetla, Kidderpore, and Munshiganj.	51,100	40,600	87,900	1,14,200	1,46,400	1,56,700	1,55,300	1,70,200	1,53,300	1,31,800	1,21,900	1,17,800	1,06,000
21 Minor bazars (estimated) ...	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000
Other retail shops, 3,129 in number (estimated).	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000
Baidyabati, Nowabganj, Bhadreshwar, and Chandernagore.	31,125	40,037	63,961	69,800	76,380	6,662	5,319	42,677	28,275	43,300	26,750	10,844	17,344
Total ...	16,35,825	14,87,137	16,08,761	18,67,600	20,89,280	23,13,462	27,42,619	26,61,777	24,90,575	23,27,400	22,57,650	20,99,944	17,77,244
On Railway premises on both sides of the river.	9,774 (on 3rd Nov. 1892.)	24,557 (on 3rd Dec. 1892.)	35,589 (on 3rd Jan. 1893.)	32,791 (on 3rd Feb. 1893.)	22,643 (on 3rd March 1893.)	23,773 (on 3rd April 1893.)	10,934 (on 3rd May 1893.)	11,512 (on 3rd June 1893.)	8,865 (on 3rd July 1893.)	12,897 (on 3rd August 1893.)	18,819 (on 3rd Sept. 1893.)	25,127 (on 3rd Oct. 1893.)	8,583 (on 3rd Nov. 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Port Commissioners' returns.	13,606 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1892.)	38,882 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	47,638 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	40,930 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)	41,298 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	25,720 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	21,378 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)	19,601 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	13,314 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)	56,451 (1st to 3rd August 1893.)	23,091 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1893.)	30,729 (1st to 3rd Oct. 1893.)	32,866 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Canal returns	15,777 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1892.)	16,296 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	1,30,459 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	1,20,600 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)	1,99,575 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	76,791 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	34,169 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)	7,615 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	14,625 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)	19,787 (1st to 3rd August 1893.)	31,941 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1893.)	34,228 (1st to 3rd Oct. 1893.)	13,581 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1893.)
Grand total of Stocks ...	16,74,982	15,66,872	18,22,447	20,61,921	23,52,796	24,39,746	28,09,100	27,00,505	25,27,379	24,16,535	23,31,501	21,64,901	18,32,274
Probable stock available for exportation by sea.	6¼ lakhs	5 lakhs	7¾ lakhs	10 lakhs	13 lakhs	13¾ lakhs	17¼ lakhs	16¼ lakhs	14¾ lakhs	13½ lakhs	12¾ lakhs	11 lakhs	7¾ lakhs

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT,
The 11th November, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative stations.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure. Highest, 8 A.M., barometer reading.	Lowest, 8 A.M., barometer reading.	Mean, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, Lat. 45°.	Variation from normal mean.	Wind. Mean direction at 8 A.M.	Mean velocity in miles daily.	Temperature. Highest of month.	Lowest of month.	Mean daily maximum temperature.	Mean daily minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.	Variation from normal mean.	Humidity. Mean, 8 A.M.	Variation from normal mean.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	30·029	29·733	29·868	29·823	—	N5°W	198	93·7	70·6	88·9	77·3	83·2	—	78	
		Gopalpur	30·033	29·726	29·870	29·831	—·016	N22°W	206	92·2	67·1	87·8	73·9	80·9	–1·1	84	
		False Point	30·028	29·726	29·872	29·835	—·016	N34°W	184	93·5	69·1	87·5	75·2	81·4	+0·3	84	
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·963	29·670	29·805	29·828	—·017	N53°W	42	93·2	65·8	89·3*	74·5	81·9*	–0·4	77	
	Balasore	Balasore	29·988	29·675	29·835	29·838	—·016	N4°W	75	92·4	66·8	87·6	73·5	80·6	+0·4	80	
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·898	29·593	29·756	29·853	—·011	N13°E	48	93·3	66·2	88·5	73·6	81·1	+0·8	82	
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	30·016	29·703	29·874	29·841	—·015	N16°W	53	90·1	76·2	86·4	74·9	80·7	+0·1	84	
		Saugor Island	30·020	29·704	29·865	29·834	—·016	N27°W	217	90·2	71·0	87·0	76·7	81·8	+0·3	87	
	Howrah	......															
	Hooghly	......															
	Nadia	Krishnagar	29·990	29·670	29·847	29·843	—·008	N63°E	89	91·8	69·2	87·5	74·8	81·1	+0·4	81	
	Khulna	......															
	Jessore	Jessore	29·998	29·686	29·862	29·842	—·019	N11°W	61	92·5	70·4	87·9	75·6	81·7	–0·2	88	
	Burdwan	Burdwan	?	?	?	?	?	N18°E	63	‡ 91·1†	70·2	87·4	75·1	81·3	–0·4†	83	
		Raniganj	29·719	29·410	29·575	29·864	+·002	N5°W	41	?	65·0	?	73·0	?	?	85	
	Bankura	Bankura	29·735	29·405	29·586	29·839	—·019	N18°E	49	92·1	66·7	87·4	73·7	80·6	–0·4	83	
	Birbhum	......															
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	29·968	29·649	29·833	29·849	—·019	N73°E	49	90·6	69·7	86·5	75·9*	81·2*	0	91	
North Bengal.	Pabna	Serajganj	29·976	29·657	29·851	29·847	—·017	E	39	91·1	68·2	87·2	74·1	80·7	+0·7	91	
	Bogra	Bogra	29·952	29·643	29·829	29·843	?	N55°E	43	90·2	68·2	86·6	72·8	79·7	–0·4	87	
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia	29·956	29·649	29·825	29·840	—·009	N41°E	84	90·1	67·7	86·5	74·4	80·5	+0·9	81	
	Malda	Malda	29·959	29·637	29·818	29·830	—	N11°E	62	91·6	66·0	86·7	73·6	80·2	—	87	
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·917	29·598	29·787	29·865	+·002	N16°E	29	91·6	66·2	87·1	73·8	80·5	0	86	
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·918	29·587	29·785	29·865	—·014	N89°E	33	91·3	64·7	87·0	73·2	80·1	+0·7	88	
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·782	29·446	29·645	29·885	+·003	N61°E	37	90·9	61·6	86·9	71·3	79·1	+1·0	85	
	Kuch Bihár	......															
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	23·138	22·938	23·050	—	—·003	N65°E	76	68·6	42·7*	61·6	49·8*	55·9	+1·0	85	
	Sikkim	Gnatong	19·043	18·821	18·913	—	—	S63°E	67	52·9	23·1	47·7	32·4*	40·0*	—	74	
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·692	29·659	29·817	29·832	—·015	N84°E	89	90·7	70·1	85·8	73·8	79·9	–0·2	91	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri	Observations not received.														
	Backergunge	Barisal	29·993	29·686	29·864	29·822	—·021	N27°E	57	90·8	70·9	87·2	75·1	81·2	+1·0	88	
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29·978	29·667	29·836	29·826	—·013	N86°E	93	89·5	68·8	84·9	74·5	79·7	–0·3	92	
	Faridpur	Faridpur	29·990	29·637	29·861	29·835	—·017	N43°E	39	89·5	70·9	86·0	75·8	80·9	+0·8	88	
	Dacca	Dacca	29·997*	29·751*	29·904*	29·874*	+·006	N15°E	87	90·6*	70·2*	87·1*	74·5*	80·8*	–0·9	87*	
	Tippera	Comilla	29·992	29·668	29·862	29·846	—·006	N76°E	65	91·3	69·8	86·9	74·1	80·5	–0·5	88	
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·964	29·650	29·838	29·840	—·008	N68°E	64	90·2	68·6	85·9	74·0	79·9	–0·6	91	
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·920	29·587	29·778	29·858	—·009	S6°W	14	91·4	65·3	86·9	73·8	80·3	+2·7	90	
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·874	29·542	29·731	29·846	—·009	S56°E	18	91·7	65·0	87·5	72·5	80·0	+0·9	85	
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·880	29·543	29·734	29·856	—·022	N9°W	61	91·0	68·2	86·0	73·8	79·9	–0·1	85	
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·862	29·534	29·722	29·855	—	S72°E	54	90·7	65·3	85·8	72·3	79·1	—	86	
	Champaran	Motihari	29·801	29·466	29·662	29·846	—·028	S27°E	73	91·2	63·8	86·1	70·8	78·4	+0·7	85	
	Saran	Chapra	29·854	29·536	29·714	29·850	?	S11°W	73	92·8	65·6	87·5	72·3	79·9	+0·8	78	
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·713	29·389	29·558	29·867	—·008	S20°W	136	91·8	62·5	87·1	70·2	78·7	+0·5	80	
		Buxar	29·803	29·485	29·655	29·852	—·017	S73°W	75	93·0	63·9	87·8	72·0	79·9	+0·3	80	
		Arrah	29·848	29·522	29·702	29·846	—·010	N51°W	50	93·4	64·0	88·5	72·1	80·3	+1·4	84	
	Gaya	Gaya	29·666	29·348	29·521	29·854	—·012	S36°E	125	93·4	64·7	88·6	72·0	80·3	+0·1	82	
	Patna	Bankipore	29·864	29·539	29·717	29·854	—·020	S27°W	70	91·5	66·3	86·6	72·9	79·8	–0·7	76	
	Monghyr	......															
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·545	29·229	29·404	29·856	—·002	N7°W	?	90·6	66·4	86·6	72·5	79·6	+0·7	80	
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	28·015	27·735	27·882	29·853	—·019	N14°W	147	86·7	59·7	82·1	65·7	73·9	–1·1	78	
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·889	27·620	27·754	29·845	—·022	N56°W	106	85·3	60·5	80·9	66·1	73·5	–0·8	80	
	Palamau	Daltanganj	29·265	28·965	29·112	29·812	—	N75°W	31	90·3	57·0	86·7	68·0	77·4	—	79	
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	29·275	28·973	29·124	29·858	—·006	E	11	92·4	61·5	88·0	70·9	79·5	+0·4	83	
	Manbhum	......															
Assam	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·789	29·389	29·623	29·916	+·002	S83°E	39*	92·1	63·8	84·4	71·2	77·8	–0·3	96	
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29·932	29·596	29·797	29·897	—·017	N63°E	117	91·2*	65·9	85·2*	71·7	78·5*	–0·7*	93	
	Cachar	Silchar	29·947	29·663	29·814	29·870	—·001	N63°E	8	95·6	66·3	88·3	72·7	80·5	–0·2	91	

* Mean of 29 days. *Mean of 24 days. † Mean of 25 days. ‡ Mean of 24 days.

ngal for the month of October 1893

Cloud: Variation from normal mean, 8 A.M.	Rainfall.	District Observations — Rainfall — Of month: Mean of district.	Of month: Normal mean.	Of month: Variation from mean.	Of month: Number of rainy days.	Of month: Normal mean number of rainy days.	Since 16th October 1893: Mean of district.	Since 16th October 1893: Normal mean.	Since 16th October 1893: Variation.	Since 16th October 1893: Mean number of rainy days.	Since 16th October 1893: Normal mean number of rainy days.	DISTRICT.
— — +0·3	13·32 7·03 4·61	9·12	8·18	+0·94	8·75	8·15	7·64	3·63	+4·01	5·25	3·35	Puri.
−0·8	5·47	5·47	5·63	−0·16	6·40	6·09	4·13	2·55	+1·58	3·40	2·74	Cuttack.
—	5·08	4·86	5·25	−0·39	6·00	5·88	4·07	1·71	+2·36	3·50	2·19	Balasore.
—	3·77	5·48	5·29	+0·19	5·75	5·15	3·76	2·32	+1·44	3·00	1·76	Midnapore.
−1·0 +1·8	7·34 5·38	6·04	5·15	+0·89	7·43	6·18	2·42	2·18	+0·24	2·71	2·12	24-Parganas.
		5·27	3·89	+1·38	8·00	5·74	2·36	1·39	+0·97	3·00	1·72	Howrah.
		7·22	4·23	+2·99	10·00	5·21	2·82	1·56	+1·26	4·67	1·74	Hooghly.
—	5·12	4·78	4·21	+0·57	7·40	5·04	1·22	1·54	−0·32	3·00	1·76	Nadia.
		4·26	4·72	−0·46	6·00	5·65	2·15	1·97	+0·18	3·33	2·07	Khulna.
−0·8	4·99	3·52	4·24	−0·72	6·80	5·35	0·83	1·80	−0·97	2·20	1·96	Jessore.
−0·3 —	5·16 2·94	3·84	3·83	+0·01	6·50	4·45	1·99	1·55	+0·44	4·00	1·53	Burdwan.
—	3·25	3·55	3·46	+0·09	6·75	5·01	2·23	1·34	+0·89	4·75	1·55	Bankura.
		3·50	3·47	+0·03	5·33	4·24	1·76	1·29	+0·47	3·33	1·21	Birbhum.
+0·2	3·09	4·25	4·22	+0·03	6·33	4·94	1·83	1·31	+0·52	3·17	1·27	Murshidabad.
—	5·31	3·85	4·59	−0·74	7·00	5·20	2·98	1·83	+1·15	3·50	1·98	Pabna.
—	4·81	7·86	4·40	+3·46	7·75	4·69	4·02	1·54	+2·48	4·50	1·14	Bogra.
—	4·56	4·88	3·73	+1·15	8·00	4·62	2·73	1·14	+1·59	3·33	1·27	Rajshahi.
—	6·15	4·17	3·69	+0·48	5·00	3·89	3·13	1·15	[illegible]	3·00	0·83	Malda.
—	3·38	4·10	3·55	+0·55	5·40	3·68	2·81	0·83	+1·98	3·60	0·74	Dinajpur.
—	1·74	2·71	4·89	−2·18	5·25	3·77	1·79	1·61	+0·18	3·00	1·13	Rangpur.
—	2·89	2·84	5·60	−2·76	4·00	4·80	2·70	2·75	−0·05	3·60	1·35	Jalpaiguri.
		4·62	6·05	−1·43	3·75	5·96	3·65	2·28	+1·37	2·25	1·52	Kuch Bihar.
−1·1	5·49	7·11	6·05	+1·06	5·25	5·96	4·69	2·28	+2·41	3·00	1·58	Darjeeling.
—	8·13											Sikkim.
+1·5	15·55	13·48	6·66	+6·82	11·00	6·75	5·76	2·49	+3·27	5·00	2·53	Chittagong.
		9·44	7·01	+2·43	14·00	8·25	5·31	2·08	+3·23	6·00	2·70	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
—	8·58	7·05	5·55	+1·50	9·00	6·61	5·28	1·88	+3·40	6·00	2·21	Backergunge.
—	16·55		6·37		13·00	7·01		1·79		6·00	2·28	Noakhali.
—	2·03	3·21	4·44	−1·23	5·67	5·54	1·53	1·65	−0·12	3·00	2·03	Faridpur.
+0·2	4·81*	5·50	4·45	+1·05	7·75	5·40	2·95	1·70	+1·25	3·75	1·88	Dacca.
—	11·70	6·52	5·11	+1·41	8·50	6·01	3·58	1·61	+1·97	3·75	1·89	Tippera.
—	7·14	5·88	5·41	+0·47	7·80	5·45	3·56	1·90	+1·66	4·60	1·95	Mymensingh.
−0·5	4·02	2·87	3·62	−0·75	3·67	3·20	2·66	1·33	+1·33	3·00	0·88	Purnea.
—	4·57	2·94	3·47	−0·53	3·75	3·43	2·49	1·17	+1·32	3·25	0·89	Bhagalpur.
−1·0	9·32	6·01	2·92	+3·09	5·00	2·77	5·90	0·97	+4·93	4·67	0·72	Darbhanga.
—	11·82	8·53	3·40	+5·13	3·67	2·88	8·03	0·88	+7·15	3·33	0·77	Muzaffarpur.
—	8·40	8·55	3·54	+5·01	5·00	2·17	8·55	0·30	+8·25	5·00	0·38	Champaran.
—	4·23	6·30	4·21	+2·09	3·67	2·78	6·30	0·68	+5·62	3·67	0·67	Saran.
— — —	5·36 8·47 3·60	5·43	3·20	+2·13	3·80	2·88	5·34	1·02	+4·32	3·60	1·12	Shahabad.
−0·6	1·07	2·80	2·83	−0·03	4·25	2·86	2·69	0·67	+2·02	3·50	0·94	Gaya.
−0·1	6·13	5·06	3·25	+1·81	4·50	3·18	4·32	1·10	+3·22	3·75	1·06	Patna.
		2·01	3·10	−1·09	3·33	3·32	1·70	1·09	+0·61	3·00	0·98	Monghyr.
—	4·50	4·01	3·75	+0·26	6·00	4·25	2·43	1·17	+1·26	3·67	1·11	Sonthal Parganas.
+0·1	6·18	5·47	2·97	+2·50	5·40	4·19	3·56	0·63	+2·93	3·40	1·07	Hazaribagh.
—	4·91	4·57	2·68	+1·89	6·00	4·70	3·24	0·86	+2·38	4·00	1·64	Lohardaga.
—	2·94	2·94	2·81	+0·13	4·00	3·20	2·09	0·77	+1·32	3·00	1·10	Palamau.
—	0·76	0·76	2·95	−2·19	2·00	4·00	0·76	1·26	−0·50	2·00	1·25	Singhbhum.
		3·96	3·34	+0·62	6·50	4·03	2·92	1·00	+1·92	3·00	1·24	Manbhum.
−1·6	5·07											Sibsagar.
+1·8	2·89											Goalpara.
+1·3	11·43											Cachar.

Table of Rainfall recorded at stati[ons]

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·08	...	0·50	...	0·03	...	0·39	1·37	1·28	3·98	0·12
		Khurda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·62	0·02	0·15	0·11	0·18	0·50	0·2	0·41	1·66	2·15	0·46
		Banpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·44	0·42	...	0·11	0·52	0·07	0·05	1·80	4·02	2·40	0·10
		False Point ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	0·37	...	...	0·07	0·07	1·76	1·67	0·28	0·19
		Gop ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·40	1·45	1·00	1·50	0·13
		Satpara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	0·30	...	...	0·80	0·66	1·03	3·33	1·20	0·56
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	...	0·55	0·51	1·40	5·21	0·09
		Ranpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·61	0·26	...	0·28	...	0·39	0·53	0·58	4·15	1·24	0·21
		Karmala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·63	...	...	...	0·30	0·03	0·50	2·05	2·98	0·03
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·10	...	...	...	0·10	1·03	...	0·55	1·28	...	...
		Banki ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	0·05	0·33	0·16	...	0·46	0·58	3·27	1·85	0·08
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	0·08	0·04	0·94	1·23	1·93	0·05
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·57	0·12	1·03	0·12	1·86	0·76	0·44	0·06
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·51	0·41	0·25	0·72	2·70	0·02	0·48
		Dharmsala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·75	1·90	1·40	0·22
		Salipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	0·16	...	1·25	1·59	1·99	0·12	...
		Pal Lahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	...	...	...	0·40	...
		Nayagarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·16	2·90	...
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	0·52	0·44	0·81	1·83	1·30	0·46
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·14	...	0·17	...	2·25	1·10	...	...
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·76	...	0·23	...	...	...	2·60	1·25	1·45	0·45
		Soro ...	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	0·12	...	...	...	0·60	0·81	2·84	...	...	...
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	0·02	...	...	0·06	...	0·92	2·20	1·10	0·14
		Jelasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	0·15	...	...	0·94	1·14	0·24	...	...
		Baripada ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	0·53	0·83	3·08	0·90	...
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	...	1·72	0·67	0·06	...	0·16	0·06	1·16	1·91	0·74	0·11
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·80	1·10	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	1·64	0·72	...
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·88	0·34	0·05
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	0·31	...	0·24	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	4·05	0·42
		Kukrahaty ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·28	0·28	...	...	0·65	0·78	...	0·02	0·24	0·39	0·72	1·16	0·18
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·58	...	...	...	0·21	...	1·09	...	0·21	2·24	0·71	0·26
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·87	1·34	0·22
		Danton ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·42	0·08	0·49	3·07	0·25	0·64
		Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·07	...	0·02	0·50	...	0·12	...	0·02	...	0·29	0·83	0·85	...
	24-Parganas...	Diamond Harbour.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·40	...	0·46	...	0·22	...	0·13	...	...	0·52	2·49	1·30	0·02
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·87	2·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·11	...	...
		Alipore (Observatory.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·88	0·49	...	0·79	0·75	2·12	0·02	0·11	...	...	1·22	0·86	0·05
		Barrackpore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·39	0·35	3·05	0·12	0·27	...	...	0·43	0·51	0·25	...	0·87	...
		Dum Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·80	0·84	...	0·11	0·22	...	...	0·78	...	...	0·31	0·71	...
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·75	0·95	...	...	0·20	1·18	...	0·19	...	0·75	...	0·51	...
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·81	...	1·04	1·25	...	...	...	...	...	1·94	...
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·79	0·85	...	0·88	1·64	0·11	0·44	...	...	...	0·97	1·20	0·35
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·71	0·25	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·53	0·86	...
		Ulubaria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	2·00	0·29	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·85	0·03	0·90	0·60	...
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·44	0·65	2·51	0·18	...	...	0·03	0·04	0·13	0·77	0·56	0·67	0·42
		Hooghly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·42	0·90	0·08	...	0·51	0·06	2·53	0·43	0·24	0·28	0·54	0·29
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·39	2·15	...	...	...	0·19	0·03	...	...	1·67	0·65	...
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·63	0·75	...	...	...	0·32	2·14	0·89	...	...	0·35	0·45	...
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·47	1·11	0·79	...	...	0·42	0·28	...	...	...	0·31	1·20	...
		Chuadanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	2·25	...	...	...	0·10	0·19	0·50	...	0·26	0·38	0·08
		Meherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·95	0·18	2·70	0·30	...	...	0·05	1·45	...	...	0·05	0·65	...
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	0·12	...	...	...	0·80	0·03	...	...	0·07	0·30	0·18
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	...	1·49	...	0·78	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	1·54	...
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·24	...	...	...	0·62	1·00	...
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·75	...	...	...	0·56	0·80	...	0·18	...	...	0·42	0·43	...
		Nakipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	0·36	0·29	...	0·35	0·23
		Rampal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	...	0·20	...	1·30	0·41	0·10	...	0·44
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	0·04	...	...	0·57	0·[illegible]2	0·65	...	...	0·55	0·25	...
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·56	0·56	0·28	...	...	1·65	0·37	1·20	...	...	0·21	0·09	...
		Jhenidah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·82	0·82	0·11	...	...	0·18	0·34	...	...	...	0·11	0·48	0·02
		Magura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·53	...	0·15	0·10	...	...	0·04	0·20	0·09	...	0·45	0·83	...
		Bangaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	0·94	0·70	...	...	...	2·32	0·12	...	...	0·14	0·44	...
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·02	...	...	0·16	0·75	0·25	...	0·40	0·45	0·60	...
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	2·23	0·77	0·03	...	...	...	0·05	...	0·76	0·51	0·27	0·07
		Katwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·19	0·44	...	...	...	0·49	...	0·06	0·02	0·27	1·31	0·01
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	1·23	0·01	0·22	0·13	0·43	...
		Mankur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·28	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·13	0·91	...	...
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·41	0·01	...	0·01	0·01	0·41	0·04	...	0·10	1·20	0·57	0·14
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·65	0·25	...	...	...	...	1·53	0·09	0·54	1·30	0·77	...
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	0·31	0·42	0·22	...
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·81	...	0·32	...	...	0·98	0·35	[illegible]
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	...	...	0·68	0·15	0·66	0·91	0·29	...	1·40
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·90	...	...	...	...	1·96	...	1·[illegible]2	2·85	1·65	...
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·09	...	...	0·19	1·20	2·02	...	0·32	0·95	0·99	0·29	0·37
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	1·26	0·55	...
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·90	6·75	...	0·29	1·08	0·48	0·12
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·83	...	...	...	...	2·11	0·42	...	0·62	0·73	0·42	...
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	0·08	...	1·52	...	...	0·83	...	...	0·78	0·03	0·09
		Hetampur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·93	...	0·02	...	...	0·04	...	0·14	0·92	0·26	0·34
		Rampur Hât ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	0·21	0·06	...	1·31	...	...	0·50	0·2[illegible]	...
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	0·49	0·12	...
		Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·57	...	...	0·65	...	0·28	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	0·49	1·56	...	...	0·32	0·35	0·92	...	...	0·12	0·03	0·21
		Berhampore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	0·29	...	...	...	0·42	0·37	...	0·11	...	0·72	1·29
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·29	0·30	...	0·06	...	1·50	0·90	0·50	0·30	0·30	0·20	0·71
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	...	...	...	...	...	3·70	...	0·12	...	0·40	0·06
		Jangipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	0·17	0·03	1·27	0·10
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	...	...	0·60	0·2[illegible]
		Akriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	...	...	...	...	4·00	...	0·14	0·56	0·34	0·57	...
		Patkabari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	...	...	...	1·10	0·20	0·40	...	...	0·50	...
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	...	...	—	...	...	...	0·12	0·17	0·06	...	...	0·17	...	...	...	0·20	0·38	0·06
		Serajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·31	0·27	...	0·17	0·01	0·42	...	0·06	...	0·60	...
	Bogra ...	Sherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	4·50	...	...	...	0·90	0·50	...	1·30	...	0·30	0·05
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·37	...	...	...	...	1·16	...	1·49	...	0·08	0·10
		Bogra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	0·92	1·02	0·45	...	...	0·39	...	...	0·60	...	0·32	0·07
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·88	0·17	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	0·15	...	0·38	...
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·66	0·04	...	...	...	1·17	0·02	0·16	1·34	0·28	0·39	0·13
		Nator ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	0·02	1·01	...	...	...	0·05	0·15	...	0·22	0·22	0·31	0·84
		Naugaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·05	1·55	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	0·30	...	0·29
		Lalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·54	0·47	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	0·34	0·60	0·48	...
		Manda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	1·18	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·44	0·24	0·41	0·11	0·22

Bengal in October 1893.

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th October 1893 to 31st October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to 31st October.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
...	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	...	9	8·55	13·32	8·81	5·02	12·30	4·54	Puri ...	Puri ...	ORISSA.
...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	11	8·30	7·65	6·89	2·12	5·86	2·96	Khurda.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	7·55	10·88	6·31	4·02	8·37	2·59	Banpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	6	8·20	4·61	10·70	1·76	4·01	4·41	False Point.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	5·10	?	1·50	4·20	?	*Gop.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	7·98	?	3·38	6·16	?	*Satpara.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	8·50	?	5·21	7·25	?	*Pipli*		
...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	10	?	8·45	?	4·15	6·38	?	Ranpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	6·52	?	2·98	5·56	?	Kurmala.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	7·22	4·06	6·80	1·28	1·83	2·80	Jagatsingpur.	Cuttack.	
...	...	...	...	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	9	6·75	7·75	4·41	3·27	6·42	2·02	Banki.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	6·85	5·04	5·63	1·93	4·69	2·79	Cuttack.		
0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6·61	5·02	6·26	1·86	3·18	3·08	Kendrapara.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6·00	5·69	5·07	2·70	4·52	2·07	Jajpur.		
1·82	0·20	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	6·47	?	1·90	6·47	?	*Dharmsala.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	4·27	?	1·59	2·71	?	*Salipur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1·06	?	0·42	0·82	?	Pal Lahera.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?		?		6·26	?	Nayagarh.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	5·82	?	1·83	4·65	?	Akhyapada ...	Balasore.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	6·82	3·76	6·46	2·25	3·35	2·14	Chandbali.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5·55	6·74	4·61	2·60	5·75	1·92	Bhadrak.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		5·24		5·50			1·88	Soro.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	6·75	4·56	6·41	2·20	4·40	2·47	Balasore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5·29	2·69	4·56	1·14	1·38	0·91	Jellasore.		
0·55	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	7	5·64	6·53	3·93	3·08	5·47	0·95	Baripada.		
0·18	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	10	6·65	7·67	8·36	1·91	4·77	4·59	Contai ...	Midnapore ...	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
0·28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·00	5·65	4·46	1·80	2·65	2·29	Tamluk.		
...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	3	5·25	3·19	4·78	2·88	3·38	1·89	Midnapore.		
0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4·71	5·01	3·57	4·05	4·25	0·51	Ghatal.		
...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	?	5·93	?	1·28	2·92	?	*Kukrahaty.*		
...	...	0·03	0·30	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	11	?	6·43	?	2·24	4·31	?	*Garhbeta.*		
0·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	5·89	?	3·87	5·72	?	Panskura.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	5·55	?	3·07	4·45	?	Dantoon.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	0·58	...	...	...	7	8·40	5·38	9·66	2·07	2·65	4·36	Saugor Island	24-Pergunnas.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6·15	6·54	5·13	2·49	4·33	4·21	Diamond Harbour.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	5·69	?	2·71	2·11	?	*Canning Town.*		
0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5·30	7·34	4·42	2·12	2·18	1·96	Alipore (Jail).		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	5·35	7·36	3·56	3·05	2·24	1·34	Barrackpore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5·60	6·49	4·37	1·80	2·74	1·72	Dum-Dum.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5·75	4·94	4·51	1·18	1·67	1·89	Barasat.		
...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	6·10	4·21	4·41	1·25	1·11	1·81	Basirhat.		
0·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	6·35	7·23	4·34	1·64	2·73	1·88	Howrah ...	Howrah.	
0·26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	5·13	3·31	3·44	0·86	2·20	0·90	Mohesreka		
0·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	4·89	?	2·09	1·81	?	*Ulubaria.*		
0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	5·95	7·05	4·19	2·51	3·07	1·64	Serampore ...	Hooghly	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	5·05	7·72	4·09	2·53	2·07	1·33	Hooghly.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4·63	6·88	4·49	2·15	3·32	1·70	Jahanabad.		
0·13	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	10	4·80	5·88	3·78	2·14	1·15	1·42	Ranaghat ...	Nadia.	
0·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5·30	5·12	4·19	1·20	2·07	0·98	Krishnagar.		
0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4·95	4·03	4·39	2·25	0·79	1·65	Chuadanga.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·65	6·33	3·64	2·70	0·70	1·45	Meherpur.		
0·05	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5·50	2·55	4·29	0·80	1·37	2·20	Kushtia.		
0·99	0·24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5·90	5·04	4·70	1·54	2·24	1·72	Satkhira	Khulna.	
0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5·05	4·44	5·25	1·24	3·20	2·34	Bagerhat.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6·00	3·29	4·20	0·80	1·00	1·86	Khulna.		
0·30	0·11	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	2·63	?	0·90	1·87	?	*Nakipur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	3·07	?	1·30	1·43	?	*Rampal.*		
0·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5·32	2·28	3·62	0·65	0·80	1·80	Narail	Jessore.	
0·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5·85	4·19	4·38	1·65	0·57	2·12	Jessore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5·53	3·14	4·83	0·82	0·87	1·89	Jhenidah		
...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·89	2·39	3·81	0·83	1·28	1·38	Magura.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	5·15	4·80	4·55	2·32	0·61	1·82	Bangaon		
0·84	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	4·45	4·18	3·92	0·84	2·40	1·32	Kalna ..	Burdwan.	
0·01	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·25	5·16	3·95	2·23	2·04	1·87	Burdwan.		
0·05	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5·10	3·06	4·04	1·33	1·88	1·78	Katwa.		
...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	5	4·00	2·91	3·41	1·21	1·63	1·22	Raniganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	2·32	?	1·13	2·04	?	*Mankur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5·50	3·25	4·15	1·20	2·36	1·74	Bankura	Bankura.	
...	...	0·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	4·73	5·95	2·71	1·53	3·43	1·14	Vishnupur.		
...	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·73	2·20	3·27	0·09	1·45	1·35	Maliara.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5·09	2·79	3·71	0·98	1·66	1·13	Khatra.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	4·62	?	1·40	2·60	?	*Indas.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	11·58	?	2·85	7·72	?	*Kotalpur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	?	7·42	?	2·02	2·60	?	*Onda.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	2·55	?	1·26	2·44	?	*Gangajalghati.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	11·22	?	6·75	2·57	?	*Raipur.*		
...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	6·23	?	2·11	1·87	?	*Sonamukhi.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4·55	3·68	3·67	1·52	1·09	1·66	Suri ..	Birbhum.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3·87	2·86	2·87	0·93	1·87	0·70	Hetampur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·29	3·97	3·88	1·31	2·32	1·52	Rampur Hát.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	1·91	?	0·69	1·30	?	*Bolpore.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	1·01	?	0·65	0·69	?	*Morari.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	4·67	5·15	3·93	1·56	1·25	1·04	Kandi ...	Murshidabad.	
...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	5·41	3·09	4·48	0·91	1·81	1·36	Berhampore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	5·46	5·54	4·53	1·50	2·08	1·14	Lalbagh.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5·24	6·44	4·71	3·70	1·24	1·26	Azimganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4·29	3·39	3·30	1·63	3·18	1·46	Jangipur.		
...	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4·59	1·90	4·37	0·60	1·40	1·02	Laigola.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	?	6·70	?	4·00	2·34	?	*Akhriganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	4·20	?	1·59	1·00	?	*Patkabari.*		
0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5·35	2·38	4·80	1·22	1·86	1·74	Pabna ..	Pabna ...	NORTH BENGAL.
0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5·05	5·31	4·38	1·82	4·10	1·91	Sirajganj.		
0·30	...	0·63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	4·79	10·47	4·18	4·50	4·45	1·64	Sherpur ...	Bogra.	
...	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·79	10·89	5·12	3·97	5·76	1·76	Nowkhilla.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	4·70	4·81	3·98	1·05	2·87	1·59	Bogra.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·50	5·28	4·31	2·38	2·98	1·18	Panchbibi.		
0·54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	5·30	4·39	4·44	1·34	2·42	1·37	Boalia ..	Rajshahi.	
0·22	...	0·80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	9·05	3·76	4·46	1·01	2·37	1·02	Nator		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	3·50	6·50	2·29	1·55	3·40	0·44	*Naugaon.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	2·84	?	0·54	1·13	?	*Lalpur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	3·31	?	1·18	1·38	?	*Manda.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Station[s]

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
NORTH BENGAL —*concld.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·65	0·11	0·05	...	...	0·15	0·01	...	0·02	0·08	0·88	1·08
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·44	0·34
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·91	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	0·11	0·41	0·65
		Sibganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·59	...	...	0·08	...	0·65	...	...	0·08	0·10	1·26	1·12
	Dinajpur ...	Mahadebpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·84	0·65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	...	0·96	0·31
		Churamon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·29	...	...	...	...	0·53	0·65
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·76	...	...	...	...	0·60	0·10	0·90
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·29	...	...	0·46	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·45	0·16
		Baloorghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	0·52	...	0·41	...	0·28	0·43	0·25	...
		Thakurgaon...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·56	0·28
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gaebanda*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	1·20	0·16	0·23	...	...	0·45	...	0·30	0·06	0·20	...
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·26	...	0·24	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·64	0·16
		Peergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	1·62	...	1·58	0·50	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·13	1·42
		Kurigaon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·03
		Gobindganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	1·54	...	...	0·11	...	1·10	...	0·40	...	...	0·17
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·36	0·14
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	...	0·82	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·35	...
		Sundergunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·80	...	1·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·63	2·27
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	2·08	0·15
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	...	...	...	0·91	...
		Falacotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·20
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·81	0·23
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakutta).	...	...	...	1·77	...	...	...	3·01	...	0·62	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·59	0·30
	Kuch Bihar ...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	0·87	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	2·17	...
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	0·65	1·30	0·22	...	...	...	...	...	4·10	0·05
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·58	0·11
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·86	0·06
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	1·68	...	...	...	0·55	0·40	4·45	0·11	0·18	0·25	1·77	...	...	...	4·08	0·02
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·64	0·16
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·24	3·19
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·15	1·48
		Mungpoo ...																			
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	0·26	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·60	0·03
	British Bhutan	Pedong ...	0·02	...	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	0·01	0·03	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	0·97	1·60
	Sikkim ...	Gnatong ...	0·05	...	...	0·09	0·03	...	0·02	...	...	0·08	0·03	0·02	...	...	...	...	0·27	1·77	3·80
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	1·96	0·25	...	1·07	0·02	...	...	...	...	0·20	0·03	...	...	...	0·06	0·33	...	...
		Chittagong ...	...	...	0·18	4·27	4·03	0·14	0·62	...	...	2·08	0·09	0·10	0·20	...	...	0·53	0·42	...	...
		Kutubdia ...	...	0·50	0·48	...	0·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·48	0·17	...	...
		Satkanya ...	...	1·86	1·71	1·08	2·30	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kodala ...																			
		Fenoa ...	...	...	0·12	0·18	1·36	0·20	2·49												
		Mirsarai ...	...	...	...	2·35	1·30	0·90	0·10	0·08	0·05	0·47	0·97	1·76	...	...	...	1·23	1·49	...	...
		Chandpur ...	...	0·48	1·15	1·35	1·85	0·82	0·70	...	...	...	0·16	0·35	0·08	...	...	0·03			
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	0·10	0·66	1·00	0·21	0·83	0·32	0·09	...	0·21	0·71	...	...	...	...	0·38	0·08	0·27	...
		Bandarban ...	...	0·36	2·25	0·25	0·97	0·12	0·72	0·37	0·03	0·11	0·94	...	...	...	0·04	0·45	...	0·47	...
		Demagiri ...																			
	Backergunge...	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	0·84	...	1·62	0·54	0·11	...
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	0·87	0·50	...	...	...	0·33	0·36	1·34	...
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	...	0·99	...	0·05	...	...	...	1·89	0·12	0·68	...	...	0·54	0·54	0·20	0·46
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	...	2·05	...	0·92	...	0·05	0·21	0·26	0·88	0·11	...	...	0·14	0·12	0·08	0·19
		Bhola ...	...	...	...	0·12	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	0·18	0·53	...	...
		Doulatkhan ...	...	...	...	0·42	...	0·23	0·10	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	0·50	...	0·16	0·50	0·11	...
		Bauphal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	0·58	...	0·66	...	0·83	1·40	0·11	...
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	2·34	0·26	0·04	1·18	0·18	...	...	0·27	0·03	2·15	...	...	1·72	1·08	0·08	...
		Fenny ...	...	...	1·05	2·52	...	0·75	0·10	...	...	0·40	0·65	0·42	0·15	...	...	0·44	0·30	0·42	...
		Harishpur ...	...	...	0·05	1·03	2·22	1·33	0·24	0·05	...	1·45	3·11	1·31	...	0·28	...	1·21	0·78	1·10	...
		Ramganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·45	2·63	0·34	0·11	...	...	0·20	0·18	0·18	...	...	1·74	0·14	0·41	...
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	...	1·03	...	...	0·57	...	0·51	...	0·51	...
		Faridpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·66	...	0·45	0·08	0·62	...
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·83	0·70	0·10	...	0·03	0·45	...	...	0·18	0·12	1·15	...
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·17	0·06	0·17	...	1·40	0·40	...	1·90	0·60	1·00	...	0·12	...
		Dacca ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·80	...	1·28	...	...	...
		Narainganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·37	0·11	0·07	0·12	...	0·12	0·09	2·44	...	2·37	0·31	0·09	...
		Manikganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·37	...	...	0·02	...	0·37	0·41	0·03	...	0·75	0·42	...	...
		Joydebpur ...	...	...	...	0·45	...	...	...	...	0·14	...	...	0·12	0·60	0·15	...	2·55	0·01	...	...
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·81	0·13	...	...	0·72	...	...	1·26	...	...	0·70	...	...	...
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·62	0·82	...	...	0·12	3·02	...	0·01	0·61	...	3·70	0·05	...	...
		Chandpur ...	...	...	0·38	...	...	0·74	0·14	...	...	...	0·52	...	0·11	0·27	...	0·43	0·27	...	...
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	0·22	0·65	...	0·36	...	...	0·06	1·01	...	...	...	1·01	...
		Ramchandrapur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nasirnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·55	...	0·45	...	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	...
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	0·25	...	...	0·80	...	...	0·50	...	1·50	0·16	...	...
		Kasba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	...	0·30	...	...	0·28	0·35	...	...	...	...	...
		Laksham ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	1·00	...	...	...	1·00	0·50	...	...
	Mymensingh	Kishoreganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	0·28	...	0·19	...	0·51	...
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·48	...	...	0·11	...	0·10	0·79	...	...	0·08	...	0·27	0·01
		Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·15	...	0·25	0·25	0·01	...	...	0·07	...	1·18	0·03	0·50	...
		Jamalpur ...	0·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5·90	0·16	...	...	...	...	...	0·80	...	...	...
		Netrokona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·46	...	1·92	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·29	...	0·73	...
		Subarnakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·46	0·40	0·45	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	1·41	...	...	...
		Durgapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	1·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	...	0·12	...
		Sherpur Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·67	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	...	...
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4·48	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·12
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·70	0·30
		Purnea ...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	0·81	0·35
		Goondwara (Korah).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	0·39
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·84	...	...	...	...	0·19	0·63	0·47
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	0·51	...
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·60	...
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·26	0·33	0·29
		Bongaon (Sylabad).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·36	0·40
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·81	0·27	2·21
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	0·82
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·27	...	...	...	1·49	0·05	...	...	...	0·10	0·50	0·51
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	0·72	...
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	0·07	0·88	0·11

Bengal in October 1893—*continued.*

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th October to 31st October 1893.	Average rainfall since 16th October to 31st October.	Station.	District.	Meteorological Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·35	6·15	4·38	2·12	4·18	1·64	Malda	Malda	NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·43	2·18	3·00	1·30	2·08	0·66	Chanchal.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	5·58	?	2·47	3·64	?	*Gajol.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	6·10	?	1·59	3·80	?	*Sibganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·50	5·06	3·03	1·84	3·17	0·79	Mahadebpur	Dinajpur.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·45	4·87	2·42	2·40	3·58	0·55	Churamon.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3·79	3·46	3·78	1·10	2·70	0·48	Raiganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3·20	2·58	5·13	1·17	1·83	1·91	Dinajpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3·44	3·92	3·40	1·82	2·76	0·79	Balughat.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	4·13	?	1·56	2·65	?	*Thakurgaon.*		
...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	9	4·37	5·52	5·12	1·33	3·63	1·64	Bhawaniganj. (*Gaibanda*).	Rangpur.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3·95	1·74	5·32	0·64	1·24	2·64	Rangpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	—	6·59	?	1·62	2·75	?	Pirganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3·20	0·73	4·41	0·41	0·56	1·00	Kurigram.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	5·74	?	1·63	2·91	?	Gobindganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·54	2·84	4·69	1·82	2·32	1·17	Baxdogra. (*Nilphamari.*)		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	3·13	?	1·26	1·61	?	*Ulipur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	5·96	?	2·27	2·97	?	Sunderganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4·80	2·84	5·60	2·08	2·70	2·75	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	1·46	?	0·91	0·91	?	*Alipore Duar.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1·75	?	1·29	1·50	?	*Falacotta.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	2·83	?	1·81	2·71	?	*Debiganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	0·85	?	3·01	1·26	?	*Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta).*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	5·00	3·42	5·14	2·17	2·52	1·60	Dinhatta	Kuch Bihar.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4·21	7·22	5·43	4·10	4·78	1·68	Kuch Bihar.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4·45	4·33	3·97	3·58	3·98	1·48	Mickliganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4·82	3·49	6·30	2·86	3·33	1·47	Matabhanga.		
...	...	3·77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	8·95	13·59	10·21	4·45	4·20	4·09	Buxa	Darjeeling.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5·50	5·81	4·34	3·77	5·69	0·57	Siliguri.		
...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	5·25	5·49	6·96	3·19	5·47	4·14	Darjeeling.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4·13	3·53	2·67	1·48	3·41	9·32	Kalimpong.		
											?		?			?	Mungpoo.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	4·45	?	1·60	2·97	?	Kurseong.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	4·01	?	1·60	3·82	?	Pedong	British Bhutan.	
0·22	0·01	...	...	...	...	0·04	0·41	...	...	5		8·13		3·80	7·36		Gnatong	Sikkim.	
3·16	0·95	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	9	6·85	9·18	7·72	3·16	5·65	3·24	Cox's Bazar	Chittagong	EAST BENGAL.
2·55	1·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	13	6·65	17·78	5·60	4·27	5·87	1·73	Chittagong.		
3·80	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	7·45	?	3·80	5·72	?	*Kutubdia.*		
3·61	1·95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	12·26	?	2·61	5·06	?	*Satkania.*		
2·70	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...		?					?	Kodala.		
2·25	1·46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?					?	Fenoa.		
2·80	3·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	?	14·60	?	2·35	6·52	?	Mirsarai.		
1·60	1·90	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...		?					?	Chandpur.		
1·75	1·98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	8·25	9·44	7·01	1·90	5·31	2·08	Rangamati	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	?	10·47	?	2·25	4·32	?	*Bandarban*		
3·40	0·13	0·11															Demagiri.		
2·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	7·33	7·38	5·99	3·40	6·11	1·89	Patuakhali	Backergunge.	
2·47	0·81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6·30	5·80	5·75	2·20	4·23	2·04	Pirojpur.		
2·30	0·40	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	5·90	9·82	4·98	2·47	6·09	1·93	Barisal.		
0·42	3·34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	?	8·76	?	2·65	3·68	?	*Gournaddi.*		
...	5·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6·92	5·19	5·49	3·34	4·68	1·66	Bhola.		
1·19	4·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	?	8·27	?	5·41	6·95	?	*Doulatkhan.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	?	10·21	?	4·06	8·78	?	*Bauphal.*		
2·96	3·90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	6·95	16·55	6·86	3·90	10·10	2·00	Noakhali	Noakhali.	
1·91	2·74										7·07		5·88			1·57	Fenny.		
0·13	3·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	14	?	19·51	?	3·11	8·47	?	*Harishpur.*		
0·65	0·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	?	10·53	?	3·39	6·35	?	*Ramganj.*		
—	9·03	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	5·90	4·03	4·18	1·03	1·88	1·35	Madaripur	Faridpur.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	5·30	2·03	4·30	0·66	1·26	1·83	Faridpur.		
0·55	0·60	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	5·42	3·56	4·83	1·15	1·45	1·76	Goalundo.		
0·48	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	5·67	7·88	5·46	1·90	3·18	1·96	Munshiganj	Dacca.	
0·38	0·48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6·20	3·87	3·95	1·28	2·85	1·11	Dacca.		
0·08	0·91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	5·00	6·79	4·45	2·43	3·48	2·17	Narainganj.		
0·02	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4·72	3·47	3·95	0·91	2·27	1·56	Manikganj.		
1·94	0·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	5·86	?	2·55	4·42	?	*Joydebpur.*		
0·95	2·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	6·05	5·37	5·30	1·26	2·45	2·20	Agartola	Hill Tippera.	
1·83	0·26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	5·72	12·58	4·23	3·70	7·30	1·17	Comilla	Tippera.	
0·28	0·68	0·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	6·58	4·95	6·14	1·83	2·79	1·44	Chandpur.		
—	1·63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5·70	3·19	4·76	0·68	1·78	1·61	Brahmanbaria		
0·45	1·10	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	4·18	?	1·05	2·12	?	*Ramchandrapur.*		
1·55	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	5·60	?	1·55	3·25	?	*Nasirnagar.*		
...	4·60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	5·87	?	1·55	3·77	?	*Daudkandi.*		
1·00	2·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	2·23	?	0·60	0·80	?	*Kasba.*		
1·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	6·75	?	2·50	5·60	?	*Laksham.*		
0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·41	7	6·40	4·16	5·30	1·41	3·68	1·38	Kishoreganj.	Mymensingh.	
0·14	0·14	...	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	4·90	3·13	4·97	0·79	1·65	1·89	Atia (*Tangail*).		
0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·81	10	5·50	7·14	5·60	1·86	6·30	2·16	Mymensingh.		
—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	4·80	10·86	5·03	5·90	4·45	1·86	Jamalpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5·63	4·12	6·06	1·92	1·64	2·19	Netrokona.		
0·46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	6·55	?	1·46	3·74	?	*Subornakhali.*		
...	...	0·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	4·00	?	1·50	2·70	?	*Durgapur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	8·10	?	4·67	3·43	?	*Sherepur Town.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	8·65	?	2·60	4·05	?	*Dewanganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3·32	2·35	4·36	1·52	2·27	1·15	Kishanganj	Purnea	NORTH BIHAR.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2·79	2·25	3·58	1·20	2·25	1·21	Araria.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3·50	4·02	5·97	2·39	3·46	1·62	Purnea.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	2·30	?	1·50	2·30	?	*Gondwara (Korah).*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	3·02	?	1·36	2·18	?	*Barsoe.*		
...	...	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	2·79	?	1·64	2·79	?	*Forbesganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	1·41	?	0·60	1·31	?	*Kaliaganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3·81	1·95	4·31	1·40	1·95	1·38	Madhipura	Bhagalpur.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1·02	?	0·40	1·02	?	Bangaon. (Syfabad).		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2·79	3·29	2·88	2·21	3·29	1·00	Supaul.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	3·02	?	1·95	3·02	?	*Protabganj*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3·15	4·57	3·20	1·65	2·76	0·88	Bhagalpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3·95	1·95	3·48	0·95	1·95	1·41	Banka.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	2·69	?	1·60	2·66	?	*Colgong.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Stati

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
NORTH BIHAR —concld.	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·35	...	1·20	0·48	0·64
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·72	1·21	5·44
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	0·17	0·63	3·86
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rosera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Muzaffarpur	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	1·85	5·39
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·54	0·34	9·27
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	0·20	0·68	0·70	3·06
		Mahua (Chitwara).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	...	0·72	2·80	0·35
		Siuhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	0·30	5·30	1·44
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·39	0·30	1·10	6·23
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·27	0·15	1·35	4·31
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	0·61	1·05	5·00
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	0·21	0·82	5·38
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·63	...	0·90	4·2[illegible]
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·26	0·39	1·21	4·95
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·43	1·07	0·41	1·30
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·16	0·78	0·32	1·98
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·60	1·50	1·30	0·40
		Annaur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	1·44
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3·40	1·33	0·47	2·18
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	1·80	2·00	0·13	1·38
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	1·14	1·83	0·18	0·91
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·20	2·25	...	1·15
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·37	0·86	0·57	1·78	0·05
		Mohaniah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	2·15	...	2·10	...
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·30	1·70	0·30	2·60
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·85	0·58	2·35	2·10
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·86	0·62	0·34	...
		Kooth ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sikroul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·00	1·20	0·60	0·50
		Bassawan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·53	2·98	0·12	0·74
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·40	2·04	...	2·05
	Gaya ...	Aurungabad...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·14	2·56	0·05	0·60
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	0·90	0·96	0·16	0·38
		Nawada ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	1·04	0·81	0·17	...
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·76	0·79	0·19	1·12
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·59	0·47	2·12	3·04
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·34	0·23	0·22	2·26
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·12	...	1·20	0·25	0·80
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·38	...	1·65	1·00	0·58	0·10	...
		Pakri Barawan.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·28	1·18	...	...
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·72	0·73	1·06	0·91	2·08
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·84	1·99	1·19	0·26	5·78
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·33	0·76	0·23	0·05
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·70	0·30	0·14
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	0·24	2·90
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·06	1·15	0·15	0·75	0·17
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·75	...	0·48
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·03	0·41	0·34	0·20
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	...	...	0·83	...	...	0·09	1·18	...	0·08
		Gogri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·15	...	...	...	...	...
		Sheikpura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·12	...
		Chaha Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	...	...	...	0·15	...	0·10	0·16	0·77	0·02	0·20
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	0·70	0·40
	Southal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	0·31	0·63	0·27
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	0·31	...	...	...	0·37	...	0·09	...	0·92	1·05	...
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·99	...	...	0·38	...	...	...	...	0·48	...	2·04	0·09
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	0·02	...	1·55	0·02	1·55	0·15	...	0·34	0·36	0·20	...
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·27	...	...	...	0·59	0·78	...	...	0·42	0·34	0·06	0·33
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	1·65	...	...	0·07	...	0·02	...	0·85	1·63	0·20	...
		Belbadda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·74	0·84
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	*Nanihat* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	...	...	0·45	...	1·29	0·61	...	0·53
		Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·66	0·02	0·35	0·12	0·94	2·79	0·37	0·05
		Semtagurah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·04	...	...	1·34	3·25	0·34	...	...
		Mahudi Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·68	...	...	0·62	2·04	0·32	0·39	0·47
		Jhoomrah Hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·10	...	...	1·10	1·80	...	0·30	0·60
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·15	1·57	0·25	...
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	2·08	0·96	1·76	...	0·36
		Karagdeha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·63	0·59	0·37	...	0·11
		Ramghar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	0·90	4·10	...	...
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·19	0·15	...	...	1·18	...	2·09	0·37	0·28
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·13	...	0·80	2·00	0·41	...
		Silli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·55	...	...
		Palket ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·70	0·30	3·00	...	...	...	...	0·62	0·15	0·31
		Sirguja ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·73	0·80	0·21	0·43	0·28	1·00	...
		Jashpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	1·95	...	...	...	0·45	0·25	1·06	1·43	0·36
		Gangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	...	...	...	0·31	...	0·50	0·55	0·22	0·45
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltonganj).	...	...	...	...	0·01*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·84	0·48	0·61	0·04	0·26
		Balumath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	4·78	0·32	0·65	0·30	0·58
		Husainabad...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·97	1·56	1·27	...	1·20
		Garwah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·71	1·15	1·27	0·38	0·43
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·26	0·06	0·02
		Chakradharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·17	...	...	1·20	...	...	0·18	...	0·14	...	...
		Ghatsila ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	1·95	0·70	...
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·60	0·10	0·60	...
		Gailkura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·60	...	...	...	...	1·42	1·14	0·61	1·21
	Manbhum ...	Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·98	...	...
		Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	0·55	0·39	...	...	...	...	0·09	0·41
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·22	0·13	...	0·31	0·39	1·10	0·76	0·63	...
		Raghunathpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	0·06	0·30	...	...
		Barrabhum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·36	...	0·38	...	0·35	1·25	0·15	0·02
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	...	0·59	0·11	0·09	1·70
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·31	1·00	0·05	0·16
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·72	...	1·63	1·47	0·46	0·14
	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	Keonjhur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·08	...	0·28	...	...	0·70	0·32	0·19	0·52	0·65	0·73
		Anundpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...
		Talcher ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·21	0·06	0·05	0·38	...	0·10	1·41	1·70	0·35	...
		Narsingpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·00	1·35	...	...	0·45	0·12	0·23	2·10	0·54	0·05	...
		Angul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	0·58	1·72	0·94	0·61	...
		Dhenkanal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·32	...	0·03	0·13	0·43	2·82	...	0·8[illegible]
		Bispara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	2·00	0·90	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kunjabangar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·24	0·73	0·[illegible]
		Baramba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·12	...	...	0·59	0·16	0·15	1·00	...	1·30	...
	North Lushai	Fort Angul ...	...	1·12	0·28	0·69	0·08	0·71	1·39	0·64	...	...	0·09	...	0·08	0·16	...	0·02	...	...	...

Bengal in October 1893—*concluded.*

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th October to 31st October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to 31st October.	Station.	District.	Meteorological Division.
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2·58	2·99	3·16	1·20	2·64	0·80	Tajpur ...	Darbhanga.	North Bihar—*concluded.*
[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3·00	9·32	2·99	5·44	9·32	0·83	Darbhanga.		
[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2·74	5·73	2·62	3·86	5·73	0·75	Madhubani.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Bakera.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Rossera.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2·42	9·06	2·74	5·39	9·06	0·64	Sitamarhi ...	Muzaffarpur.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2·95	10·31	3·47	9·23	10·31	1·27	Muzaffarpur.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3·26	6·22	3·98	3·06	4·72	0·72	Hajipur.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Para.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	4·05	?	2·80	3·87	?	*Mahua (Chitwara.)*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	7·54	?	5·30	7·54	?	*Shiuhar.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Pupri.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2·39	8·40	3·49	6·23	8·40	0·37	Motihari ...	Champaran.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1·95	8·70	3·58	4·31	8·70	0·23	Bettiah.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	6·87	?	5·09	6·87	?	*Bagaha.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	7·36	?	5·38	7·36	?	*Burhurwa.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2·58	5·86	5·01	4·33	5·86	0·12	Gopalganj ...	Saran.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2·85	8·81	4·02	4·95	8·81	1·07	Siwan.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	4·25	?	1·43	4·25	?	Ekma.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2·90	4·23	3·60	1·92	4·23	0·84	Chapra.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	5·80	?	2·60	5·80	?	Sreepore.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	2·94	?	1·50	2·94	?	Annaur.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	Basantpur.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·00	8·47	3·35	3·49	8·47	1·11	Buxar ...	Shahabad ...	South Bihar.
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2·75	5·36	2·89	2·00	5·31	0·93	Dehri.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2·95	4·10	3·28	1·83	4·06	1·03	Bhabhua.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2·90	5·60	3·68	2·25	5·60	1·19	Sasaram.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·70	3·63	3·28	1·78	3·26	0·86	Arrah.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	5·25	?	2·15	4·25	?	*Mohaniah.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	6·90	?	2·60	6·90	?	*Khiri.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	5·88	?	2·35	5·88	?	*Ageaon.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1·82	?	0·86	1·82	?	*Ramagar.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Koath.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	4·30	?	2·00	4·30	?	*Sikroul.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	6·39	?	2·98	6·39	?	*Bassawan.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	5·60	?	2·05	5·60	?	*Monaharpur.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2·68	3·49	2·75	2·56	3·37	0·43	Aurungabad ...	Gaya.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2·75	2·57	2·36	0·96	2·43	0·84	Gaya.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2·85	2·11	2·67	1·02	2·00	0·75	Nawada.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·24	3·01	3·35	1·12	2·94	0·67	Jahanabad.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	6·22	?	3·04	6·12	?	*Arwal.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	3·75	?	2·96	3·75	?	*Daudnagar.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	3·46	?	1·20	2·34	?	*Sherghati.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	3·71	?	1·65	1·68	?	*Rajauli.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	1·46	?	1·18	1·46	?	*Pakri Barawan.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3·05	6·13	3·33	2·68	5·41	1·09	Patna ...	Patna.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3·30	11·18	3·26	5·78	9·34	1·03	Dinapore.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·40	1·77	3·22	0·76	1·37	1·14	Bihar.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2·95	1·14	3·18	0·70	1·14	1·13	Barh.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	4·30	?	2·90	4·30	?	*Bickram.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	3·22	?	1·15	2·22	?	*Hilsa.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3·35	1·23	3·17	0·75	1·23	1·24	Begusarai ...	Monghyr.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·25	1·98	3·52	1·03	1·98	1·25	Monghyr.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·29	...	...	...	4	3·35	2·81	2·61	1·18	1·90	0·79	Jamui.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Gogri.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	1·12	?	1·12	1·12	?	*Sheikpura.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	3·10	?	1·00	1·85	?	*Chahai Bamda.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1·26	?	0·70	1·26	?	Chupreon.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3·37	3·39	3·31	1·61	3·52	1·11	Rajmahal ...	Sonthal Parganas.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3·78	3·25	3·07	1·05	2·32	0·98	Godda.		
	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5·14	4·15	4·31	2·04	2·78	0·98	Pakour.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4·89	4·50	4·08	1·55	1·17	1·34	Naya Dumka.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4·40	3·27	4·33	0·78	1·63	1·75	Deoghur.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3·94	4·94	3·22	1·65	3·15	0·83	Jamtara.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	2	?	2·58	?	1·74	2·58	?	*Belbadda.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	Nil	?	*Nanihat.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3·90	3·79	3·16	1·29	3·24	1·02	Pacnamba (*Giridih*). ...	Hazaribagh ...	Chota Nagpur.
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4·50	6·18	3·26	2·79	5·03	0·86	Hazaribagh.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4·67	5·97	2·96	3·25	3·59	0·32	Semtagurah.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3·50	5·52	2·55	5·04	3·22	0·27	Mahudi Hills.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4·40	5·90	2·93	2·10	2·70	0·69	Jhoomrah Hills.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	2·37	?	1·57	1·97	?	*Barhi.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	5·30	?	2·08	3·08	?	*Chatra.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	2·34	?	0·62	1·61	?	*Karagdeha.*		
	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	5·70	?	4·10	5·30	?	*Kamghar.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4·86	4·54	2·37	2·09	3·02	0·83	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4·35	4·59	2·98	2·00	3·46	0·88	Ranchi.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Silli.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	?	6·60	?	3·60	1·60	?	Palkot.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6		4·45		1·73	1·71		Sirguja.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7		5·84		1·95	3·12		Jashpur.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6		2·17	?	0·55	1·70		Gangpur.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3·20	2·94	2·81	0·96	2·09	0·77	Palamau (Daltonganj).	Palamau.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	6·71	?	4·78	1·88	?	*Balumat.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	5·70	?	1·90	4·73	?	*Husainabad.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	3·56	?	1·27	2·85	?	*Garwah.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4·60	0·76	2·95	0·38	0·76	1·26	Chaibassa ...	Singhbhum.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	1·75	?	1·20	0·20	?	*Chakradharpur.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	*Ghatsila.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	4	?	3·07	?	1·95	3·07	?	*Baharagura.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	1·90	?	0·60	1·30	?	Gailkura.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	7·75	?	2·67	7·75	?	Kalikapur.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3·84	3·10	3·09	1·00	1·98	0·97	Purulia ...	Manbhum.	
	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	4·21	4·81	3·58	1·30	3·85	1·03	Gobindpur.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	1·87	?	0·63	1·67	?	*Raghunathpur.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	3·76	?	1·36	2·02	?	*Barrabhum.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	2·80	?	1·70	2·48	?	*Jhalda.*		
	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	7	?	2·92	?	1·00	2·52	?	*Chas.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	6	?	3·47	?	1·63	4·34	?	*Pandra.*		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8		3·23	?	0·70	2·21		Keonjhur ...	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				?				Anandapur.		
	...	...	...	...	0·12	0·07	...	...	...	...	6	?	4·17	?	1·70	3·32		Talcher.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	?	6·14	?	2·10	2·99		Narsingpur.		
	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	6	?	4·02	?	1·72	3·33		Angul.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	5	?	4·49	?	2·82	4·01		Dhenkanal.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	?	4·10		2·00	0·80		Bispara.		
																		Kunjabongar.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	7	?	6·96	?	2·24	4·03		Baramba.		
[illegible]	1·09	2·29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	?	10·70	?	2·29	5·46		Fort Angul ...	North Lushai.	

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1893.

The weather during October has been unusually disturbed. Two moderate or feeble barometric depressions have been formed. The first advanced over the South-East Bengal, and the second over the west of the Bay and the Madras Presidency. A severe barometric depression or cyclonic storm also formed to the west of the Bay and advanced through the Central Provinces into Oudh. A very small but severe cyclone also formed in the south-east of the Bay and advanced up the Bay first in a north-westerly and finally in a north-easterly or east north-easterly direction, striking the land to the south of Barisal and pasing over Noakhali. Lastly, a small cyclonic storm formed in the centre of the Bay and advanced north-eastwards into Burma. Hence with these five storms weather in Bengal has been unusually disturbed, and rainfall has been much heavier than usual, the falls being in excess in all districts, and the excess being large in North Bihar, East Bengal, and Chota Nagpur.

During the first week of the month fine settled weather prevailed generally over the Bay and over Bengal, except over parts of the eastern districts when weather was showery. The rainfall over the eastern districts was caused by the formation of a very shallow barometric depression in Burma, which advanced northwards over the east of the Bay into Lower Bengal, where it filled up on the 4th or 5th. The rainfall continued in the south-eastern districts of Bengal for several days, and then gradually extended westwards to the western districts, and on the 7th the falls were fairly general in South-West Bengal. From the morning of the 8th, however, an area of comparatively low pressure was developed in the west of the Bay off the Madras coast, which continued to develop slowly from the 9th to the 12th, and which advanced partly over the south of the Peninsula on the 13th, causing the commencement of the Madras rains. In connection with this low pressure area winds became easterly over Bengal, and with the moist winds which were blowing over the province, numerous rain showers continued to be reported in all districts except Bihar throughout the second week of the month. The depression continued to exist over the Madras Presidency on the 14th and 15th, but on the 16th a fresh barometric depression of considerable intensity was formed off the east coast of the Peninsula with a centre probably to the east of Masulipatam and Coconada. This was decidedly more influential than the former one, and it at first commenced to advance in a north-westerly and afterwards in a northerly direction, the centre being near Raipur on the 17th and on the 18th close to Lucknow. From the 17th to the 18th it had therefore advanced over about 400 miles, or at the rate of 17 miles an hour. On the 19th the storm had passed into the Himalayas, and was probably close to Ranikhet, but it was evidently breaking up, and on the 20th it had ceased to exist. It as usual brought up with it a heavy wave of monsoon winds, and this spread over the whole of North-Eastern India, and gave moderately heavy rain to Bengal, the falls from the 16th to the 21st being particularly heavy. Indeed, many of the stations in North Bihar reported from 5 to 10 inches of rain on the 19th, while in the Darjeeling Hills the average fall was from 3 to 4 inches.

Before this last storm had finally broken up and long before its effects had ceased, another storm was in process of formation. Its history probably dates from the 17th or 18th, and it dispersed about the 23rd, so that its life was short. The following is a description of the storm taken principally from the Bengal Weekly Meteorological Report:—

On the 17th and 18th conditions in the south-east of the Bay again became unsettled, but there was no definite disturbance till the 19th, when stormy weather developed rather rapidly to the west of Diamond Island. A depression of no great extent but of much greater depth than the previous storm and of very considerable intensity near the centre moved rather rapidly into the centre of the northern half of the Bay on the 19th to the 20th. Though a diffused low pressure area was then shown by the observations taken at the coast stations, there was no sign of stormy weather except at Diamond Island up till the 20th, and the depth of the depression and the character of the resulting storm could not be estimated.

On the 21st it had moved north north-westwards or north-westwards, and was near the centre of the northern half of the Bay. It was then giving few indications of its existence at the meteorological stations, and none of its intensity or direction of motion. After moving in a north-westerly direction it appears to have changed gradually towards the north-east, and on the morning of Sunday, the 22nd, rushed with great rapidity towards the mouth of the Megna, the centre of the disturbance probably passing close to Noakhali. At 8 A.M. on the 22nd pressure fell more than a quarter of an inch at Chittagong, Noakhali, and Barisal, the wind blowing with moderate strength from east at the first station and from north-east at the other two. The centre was then probably to the south of the line joining Chittagong and Barisal and equally distant from them; but as its rate of motion appears to have been unusually high, it must have passed over Noakhali some time during the next two hours. At 11 o'clock pressure was rising at Chittagong, and the storm-wave which accompanied the depression was then reported to be passing up the river there. From Noakhali no information has been received regarding the passage of the disturbance. That hurricane winds blew over the north-east of the Bay and in East Bengal to some distance

from the coast is shown by the fact that the Mutlah light-ship broke loose from her anchorage, and much damage was done to the shipping between Naraingunj and Chittagong. Wind velocity rose to 25 miles at Chittagong on Sunday; but as the storm was of small extent and soon reached the hilly ground to the east of Tippera, it was very shortlived after passing inland. Pressure rose rapidly, and the rough weather quickly moderated. So far very little appears to be known regarding the storm-wave which washed over part of the islands at the mouth of the Megna. There is, however, sufficient to show that it must have devastated the parts near the coast, causing great destruction to property and probably loss of human life.

General heavy rain fell in East Bengal on the 22nd and 23rd, and light scattered showers in other parts of Lower Bengal and Orissa, but except near the centre of the depression weather continued fine, and the only change was in the light cloud disappearing after the rapid rise of pressure mentioned above. From the 22nd onwards till the 28th fine clear weather with northerly winds prevailed over the province. In the south of the Bay, however, an apparently immediate result of the recovery of pressure in the north-east of the Bay was the beginning of another storm which caused cyclonic winds at the Burma stations. Judging from reports received from the shipping, it must have commenced near the centre of the Bay, because squally weather was experienced about longitude 88° and latitude 16° on the 24th. Its course from its formation very probably was to the north-east, and it struck the coast of Burma, moving in this direction between the 28th and 29th at no great distance to the north of Diamond Island. Pressure changes were small everywhere, but a regular cyclonic circulation of winds prevailed over the whole Bay area. Wind velocity steadily increased at Diamond Island, till on the 27th an average of 50 miles was reported for the 24 hours preceding 8 A.M. on that date. It soon after crossed the coast, and as in the case of the previous storm diminished much in intensity on encountering the hilly ground near the coast. The stormy weather which accompanied its advance soon passed away.

As this disturbannce did not approach the north coast of the Bay, its influence in Bengal was very slight, being shown only in the increase of cloud in the southern districts, and in a few light showers. The northerly winds increased somewhat in strength, but soon fell off as the pressure distribution became normal. During the latter portion of the month therefore weather was usually fine over almost the whole of Bengal.

Pressure.—For the first week the average pressure was below the normal, the defect varying from 0·05 inch in Orissa and Chota Nagpur to nearly 0·1 inch in the east of the province. In the second week the defect was a little smaller and ranged from 0·04 inch in the east of the province to 0·06 inch in the western districts. In the third week pressure was in defect in Orissa and Chota Nagpur due to the effect of the depression passing to the west of these divisions, but elsewhere it had become in excess by small amounts, and in the last week of the month pressure was in excess over the whole province, the excess ranging from very small amounts only in South-East Bengal to about 0·05 inch and 0·06 inch in parts of Bihar.

Hence the variations from the normal for the whole month have been small, and at only a few stations equal as much as 0·02 inch. At practically all stations the average pressure for the month has been below the normal, the usual defect averaging about 0·01 inch.

Temperature was in excess during the first week by less than half a degree, but in the second week the excess had increased to 1·2°. In the third week owing to the heavy rain which had commenced temperature became below the normal in almost all districts, but the defect was only about a third of a degree, but in the last week the defects had increased considerably, and temperature was about half a degree low in North Bihar and North Bengal, between half degree and one degree in defect in South Bihar, South-West and East Bengal, and in defect by 1·3° in Orissa, and by more than 2° in Chota Nagpur.

The mean temperature for the month has only varied from the normal by a few tenths of a degree at the majority of stations, and in almost all cases slight excess amounts have been registered. Slight defects on the other hand have been registered at the extreme eastern stations, and at some in Central Bengal and Chota Nagpur and at Darbhanga and Patna. In almost all cases, however, the variation of the average mean temperature for the month from the normal has been less than 1°.

In the case of the day or maximum temperatures they have been lower than usual by about a degree, but on the other hand the night or minimum temperatures have been in excess by a larger amount, frequently equalling about 2°, so that the mean daily temperature has also been above the normal.

Rainfall.—The falls over the province have averaged from about four to seven inches, having been smallest in South Bihar and Chota Nagpur and largest in East Bengal and Orissa. In North Bihar, which has received more than five-and-a-half inches, there has been an excess fall of more than two inches, and in East Bengal with a fall of more than seven inches, there has been an excess of 1·7 inches. In Chota Nagpur with an average fall of 4·37 inches, the excess has equalled 1·40 inches, but in the other meteorological divisions the excess amounts have been comparatively small, but all divisions show a distinct excess above the ordinary fall for October.

The number of rainy days has also been in decidedly large excess of the normal in all the seven meteorological divisions.

The following table gives a comparison between the actual monthly and total rainfall and the normal rainfall of the province up to the end of October in the same form as has

been employed in the previous monthly abstracts of the present year. The figures represent the ratio of the rainfall of each month of the present year to the normal rainfall expressed as a percentage. The table thus gives a condensed summary of the rainfall data of the year for each meteorological division. The first ten columns give the percentage amount of rainfall received in each month, and the last column the percentage rainfall of the whole period from the 1st of January to the end of October:—

Meteorological Divisions.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	Actual rainfall of first ten months of 1893 expressed as a percentage of the normal fall for the period.
Orissa	422	309	238	89	607	99	67	84	186	102	148
South-West Bengal ...	120	464	160	115	225	183	94	64	123	108	130
North Bengal ...	104	377	145	213	96	100	166	90	100	105	116
East Bengal ...	80	291	123	149	207	134	103	100	85	131	124
North Bihar ...	170	357	134	208	84	100	151	85	143	158	125
South Bihar ...	115	602	188	255	171	156	122	74	132	122	125
Chota Nagpur ...	155	585	226	151	212	185	121	72	170	147	141

It will be seen the excess amounts for October range from 2 per cent. in Orissa and 5 per cent. in North Bengal to 47 per cent. in Chota Nagpur and 58 per cent. in North Bihar, and, taking all the seven meteorological divisions to have an equal value in the calculation, the rainfall in October for the whole province has been 25 per cent. larger than usual.

It will also be seen from the above table that the falls for the whole of the year up to the end of October have been in excess in all divisions by amounts ranging from 16 per cent. in North Bengal to 41 per cent. in Chota Nagpur and 48 per cent. in Orissa. Again, considering all the divisions of equal value, the rainfall for the year over the whole of the province has been 30 per cent. in excess of the normal fall.

The following table gives full data for the comparison of the actual and normal rainfal of the month of October in all districts of the province. The figures are obtained in the manner explained in previous monthly summaries. The first column gives the average district rainfall as determined from the rainfall observations of the past 15 years. The second column gives the actual district rainfall as determined from the actual weighted rainfall of the month at the reporting stations in the district. The third column expresses the ratio of the actual district rainfall to the normal as a percentage, and the fourth the same information in a slightly different form:—

Percentage Table for October 1893.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for October.	Actual district rainfall for October 1893.	Percentage of actual to normal rainfall.	Percentage excess (+), defect (−).
Orissa ...	Puri	7·42	11·60	156	+ 56
	Cuttack	5·69	5·16	91	− 9
	Balasore	5·36	5·31	99	− 1
South-West Bengal	Midnapore	5·26	4·60	87	− 13
	24-Parganas	4·46	5·84	131	+ 31
	Howrah	3·65	4·88	134	+ 34
	Hooghly	4·07	7·23	178	+ 78
	Burdwan	4·16	4·18	100	0
	Bankura	3·77	3·74	99	− 1
	Birbhum	3·41	3·77	111	+ 11
	Nadia	4·17	4·76	114	+ 14
	Khulna	4·52	4·26	94	− 6
	Jessore	4·45	3·69	83	− 17
	Murshidabad	4·37	4·40	101	+ 1
East Bengal ...	Chittagong	6·60	14·91	226	+126
	Backergunge	5·62	7·45	133	+ 33
	Noakhali	7·37			
	Faridpur	4·24	3·18	75	− 25
	Dacca	4·61	5·04	109	+ 9
	Tippera	5·26	7·93	151	+ 51
	Mymensingh	5·32	6·30	118	+ 18

Percentage Table for October 1893—concld.

Division.	District.	Normal district rainfall for October.	Actual district rainfall for October 1893.	Percentage of actual to normal rainfall.	Percentage excess (+), defect (—).
North Bengal	Pabna	4·43	3·85	87	— 13
	Bogra	4·34	7·05	162	+ 62
	Rajshahi	4·53	4·[illegible]9	90	— 10
	Malda	3·62	4·17	115	+ 15
	Dinajpur	3·44	4·10	119	+ 19
	Rangpur	4·46	2·47	55	— 45
	Kuch Bihar	4·99	4·62	93	— 7
	Jalpaiguri	5·60	2·84	51	— 49
	Darjeeling	6·96	5·49	79	— 21
North Bihar	Purnea	3·43	2·99	87	— 13
	Bhagalpur	3·50	2·94	84	— 16
	Darbhanga	2·72	6·35	2[illegible]3	+133
	Muzaffarpur	3·03	8·80	290	+190
	Champaran	3·46	8·57	248	+148
	Saran	3·74	6·16	165	+ 65
South Bihar	Shahabad	3·19	5·13	161	+ 61
	Gaya	2·58	2·74	106	+ 6
	Patna	2·97	3·69	124	+ 24
	Monghyr	3·13	2·16	69	— 31
	Sonthal Parganas	3·62	4·01	111	+ 11
Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh	3·26	5·53	170	+ 70
	Lohardaga	2·68	4·54	169	+ 69
	Palamau	2·81	2·94	105	+ 5
	Singhbhum	2·94	0·76	26	— 74
	Manbhum	3·68	3·44	93	— 7

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the month of October 1893 :—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.							
	Highest observed during month.	Lowest observed during month.	Averages for month.			Average mean of month above or below normal mean of month.	Of month.			Rainy days.			Since 16th Oct. 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in month.	Normal average number in month.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	93·7	65·8	88·2	74·9	81·6	—0·2	6·26	6·16	+0·10	6·80	6·76	+0·04	4·97	2·50
South-West Bengal	95·2	65·0	87·8	74·8	81·4	+0·3	4·70	4·33	+0·37	6·89	5·22	+1·67	2·06	1·70
North Bengal	91·6	61·6	86·9	73·3	80·1	+0·5	4·59	4·38	+0·21	5·84	4·30	+1·54	3·00	1·42
East Bengal	91·3	68·6	86·3	74·5	80·4	—0·1	7·13	5·43	+1·70	8·72	6·07	+2·65	4·02	1·83
North Bihar	92·8	63·8	86·6	72·6	79·6	+1·0	5·55	3·52	+2·03	4·06	2·94	+1·12	5·32	0·91
South Bihar	93·4	62·5	87·5	72·0	79·8	+0·4	4·03	3·30	+0·73	4·55	3·36	+1·19	3·38	1·02
Chota Nagpur	92·4*	59·7	83·7	67·6	75·6	—0·5	4·37	2·97	+1·40	5·27	4·29	+1·07	3·00	0·81
Assam	95·6	63·8	86·0	71·9	78·9	— 0·4								

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 14*th November* 1893.

A. PEDLER,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	AIR PRESSURE. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M. reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	WIND. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	TEMPERATURE. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	30.019	29.974	—	NE	178	86.7	5th Nov.	71.1	11th Nov.	82.1	72.1	77.1
		Gopalpore	30.022	29.983	+.050	NNW	257	84.7	5th „	70.1	5, 7 „	80.6	70.7	75.6
		False Point	30.029	29.992	+.059	NEly	192	84.9	5th „	67.0	6th „	81.5	71.2	76.3
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29.963	29.988	+.057	NNE	63	85.3	5th „	68.3	11th „	82.1	70.7	76.4
	Balasore	Balasore	30.006	30.010	+.068	ENE	82	84.4	5th „	64.7	11th „	80.7	68.0	74.4
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29.931	30.031	+.079	N	58	84.3	5th „	65.2	6th „	80.4	67.6	74.1
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	30.045	30.012	+.072	NNE	38	86.6	5th „	66.7	11th „	80.1	69.1	74.6
		Saugor Island	30.040	30.010	+.074	NE, NNE	195	83.2	9th „	67.9	11th „	80.6	69.8	75.2
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar	30.018	30.015	+.082	NWly	70	83.8	5, 6 „	65.7	7th „	79.8	68.1	74.0
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore	30.034	30.015	+.079	Calm & NE	40	85.1	5th „	67.0	11th „	81.5	69.2	75.3
	Burdwan	Burdwan	?	?	?	NNE,	42	84.1	5th „	67.2	6, 8 „	79.6	68.8	74.2
		Raniganj	29.748	30.044	+.091	NW	34	?	?	65.0	11th „	?	66.9	?
	Bankura	Bankura	29.766	30.026	+.088	Calm	36	85.1	5th „	95.7	11th „	81.5	68.1	74.8
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	30.004	30.021	+.070	NW	50	84.6	5th „	68.2	6, 11 „	80.1	69.2	74.7
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	30.011	30.008	+.070	Calm	21	84.7	5th „	63.8	7th „	80.3	67.0	73.6
	Bogra	Bogra	29.999	30.014	+.117	NE	37	85.2	5th „	64.7	5th „	80.7	66.0	73.4
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29.986	30.007	+.077	NNE	96	85.1	5th „	65.2	11th „	80.6	67.2	73.9
	Malda	Malda	29.990	30.024	—	NW	71	85.1	5th „	64.5	11th „	80.3	66.4	73.4
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29.944	30.026	+.089	NE	32	84.6	5th „	64.8	11th „	80.4	66.0	73.2
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29.945	30.026	+.075	NEly	45	84.8	5th „	61.7	11th „	80.4	64.5	72.5
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29.802	30.049	+.103	Nly	28	84.4	5th „	59.6	10, 11 „	81.0	62.2	71.6
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	23.119	—	+.069	NE	85	58.1	11th „	41.2	6, 7 „	56.2*	43.2	49.7*
	Sikkim	Gnatong	19.011	—	—	SE	51	45.9	6th „	21.6	10, 11 „	45.3	26.2	34.8
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29.957	29.993	+.068	NE	51	86.7	5, 10 „	69.1	7, 8 „	84.9	70.7	77.8
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal	30.021	29.979	+.070	Calm	49	85.8	6th Nov.	68.7	7, 11 „	83.7	70.4	77.1
	Noakhali	Noakhali	29.992	29.982	+.069	NNE	114	85.5	5th „	68.8	5, 7, 8 „	82.5	69.9	76.3
	Faridpur	Faridpur	30.020	30.015	+.084	Calm	17	84.5	5th „	66.9	6, 7 „	78.9	68.7	73.8
	Dacca	Dacca	30.025	29.993	+.067	NW	68	87.6	5th „	66.7	7th „	82.0	69.3	75.7
	Tippera	Comilla	30.000	29.985	+.067	N	29	86.9	5th „	67.8	8th „	83.3	70.0	76.7
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29.986	29.998	+.068	Calm	46	84.2	5th „	65.6	7th „	80.4	67.7	73.1
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29.949	30.032	+.079	Calm	8	82.2	5 to 7 „	64.3	10th „	79.7	66.0	72.8
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29.968	30.025	+.071	Calm	9	84.7	5th „	63.5	10, 11 „	81.0	65.1	73.0
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29.915	30.041	+.071	NW	49	83.9	5, 6 „	65.2	7th „	80.4	66.8	73.6
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29.912	30.050	—	WNW	53	82.7	5, 6 „	63.3	6, 10, 11 „	79.7	64.7	72.2
	Champaran	Motihari	29.846	30.036	+.087	Wly	74	83.7	5th „	58.9	7th „	80.4	61.5	71.0
	Saran	Chapra	29.915	30.056	+.116	Variable	59	84.8	6th „	63.6	9th „	80.6	65.5†	72.3†
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29.765	30.082	+.115	SSW	98	83.8	6th „	61.5	6th „	80.7	63.6	72.2
		Buxar	29.853	30.056	+.085	Variable	41	84.1	5 to 7 „	62.9	6, 9 „	80.4	65.0	72.7
		Arrah	29.895	30.043	+.098	Variable	20	85.3	5th „	63.0	7, 10, 11 „	81.3	64.7	73.0
	Gaya	Gaya	29.719	30.061	+.094	Wly	130	85.4	6th „	62.2	10th „	81.6	65.0	73.3
	Patna	Bankipore	29.904	30.045	+.070	NEly & Wly	45	84.0	5th „	63.8	10, 11 „	80.6	66.3	73.5
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29.573	30.037	+.088	NWly	33†	84.6	5th „	63.5	11th „	80.4	65.5	73.0
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	28.635	30.045	+.067	NE	113	79.2	11th „	59.2	9, 10 „	75.5	60.8	68.2
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27.897	30.025	+.059	Calm & Nly	114	78.0	11th „	60.0	7, 9 „	74.4	61.1	67.8
	Palamau	Daltonganj	29.294	30.000	—	NEly	44	82.4	5, 6 „	62.0	7th „	77.9	64.3	71.1
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	29.285	30.016	+.074	Calm	3	83.5	5th „	63.4	11th „	79.9	66.2	73.1
	Manbhum													
Assam.	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29.797	30.099	+.103	Ely		80.6	5th „	61.8	5, 7 „	78.1	63.5	70.8
	Goalpara	Dhubri	29.955	30.028	+.067	NE, ENE	146	83.1	11th „	63.4	5th „	78.3*	65.5	72.1*
	Cachar	Silchar	29.955	30.013	+.080	Calm		89.5	5th „	63.3	7th „	84.0	68.8	76.4

* Means for six days. | † Means for five days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period

The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 10

rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional stations

district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 11th of November 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M., temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. Of week. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Since 16th October 1893. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	District.
–	74·0	81	8·3	0·14	0·40	0·58	1·00	0·92	0·40	1·66	–1·26		5·87		Puri.
–1·7	72·9	88	6·3	3·93											
+0·3	75·6	84	8·7	0·73											
–1·4	74·7	71	8·6	Nil		0·23		0·61		0·71			3·71		Cuttack.
–0·4	71·8	90	4·7	0·07		0·35		0·48		0·74			2·76		Balasore.
+0·1	72·2	82	5·9	0·09	0·03	0·08	0·00	0·17	0·03	0·31	–0·28	3·32	3·30	+0·02	Midnapore.
–0·5	72·9	82	6·3	0·03	0·02	0·17	0·00	0·31	0·02	0·42	–0·40	2·44	3·18	–0·74	24-Parganas.
–1·4	73·2	89	8·7	0·04											
					0·02	0·15	0·00	0·23	0·02	0·33	–0·31	2·38	2·09	+0·29	Howrah.
					0·03	0·07	0·00	0·16	0·03	0·21	–0·18	2·85	2·26	+0·59	Hooghly.
–0·8	72·3	85	7·6	0·26	0·25	0·23	1·00	0·20	0·25	0·34	–0·09	1·47	2·08	–0·61	Nadia.
					0·04	0·19	0·33	0·34	0·04	0·42	–0·38	2·19	3·00	–0·81	Khulna.
–0·9	73·4	91	7·3	0·04	0·12	0·08	0·20	0·20	0·12	0·31	–0·19	0·95	2·51	–1·56	Jessore.
–1·4	71·6	82	8·7	0·18	0·06	0·09	0·25	0·12	0·06	0·27	–0·21	2·05	2·07	–0·02	Burdwan.
–	70·6	88	3·9	0·02											
–0·4	70·8	82	8·0	0·18	0·06	0·07	0·25	0·15	0·06	0·25	–0·19	2·29	1·97	+0·32	Bankura.
					Nil	0·11	0·00	0·30	Nil	0·18	–0·18	1·76	2·00	–0·24	Birbhum.
–1·1	70·4	94	8·6	Nil	Nil	0·17	0·00	0·26	Nil	0·23	–0·23	1·83	2·13	–0·30	Murshidabad.
+0·1	70·5	94	8·6	0·16	0·20	0·18	0·50	0·28	0·20	0·29	–0·09	3·17	2·51	+0·66	Pabna.
0	70·8	88	4·4	Nil	Nil	0·25	0·00	0·16	Nil	0·31	–0·31	4·01	1·93	+2·08	Bogra.
+2·0	71·9	87	6·9	Nil	Nil	0·12	0·00	0·26	Nil	0·18	–0·18	2·73	1·71	+1·02	Rajshahi.
–	70·7	87	4·4	Nil	Nil	0·18	0·00	0·17	Nil	0·21	–0·21	3·13	1·48	+1·65	Malda.
+0·8	69·9	87	5·0	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·09	Nil	0·05	–0·05	2·81	1·34	+1·47	Dinajpur.
+0·4	69·7	87	3·1	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0.06	Nil	0·09	–0·09	1·79	2·08	–0·29	Rangpur.
–0·5	68·9	80	5·0	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·10	–0·10	2·70	2·99	–0·29	Jalpaiguri.
+0·4*	48·9	73	6·6	10·17	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·06	–0·06	3·65	1·79	+1·86	Kuch Bihar.
–	35·4	88	3·1	0·86	0·05	0·02	0·25	0·05	0·05	0·08	–0·03	4·74	2·46	+2·28	Darjeeling. Gnatong.
+1·6	74·0	92	8·0	Nil	Nil	0·45	0·00	0·60	Nil	1·44	–1·44	5·76	4·18	+1·58	Chittagong.
					Nil	0·77	0·00	0·70	Nil	1·70	–1·70	5·31	3·69	+1·62	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+1·2	75·8	87	6·9	Nil	Nil	0·26	0·00	0·41	Nil	1·18	–1·18	5·28	2·57	+2·71	Backergunge.
+0·7	74·7	91	2·7	0·05	0·02	0·68	0·00	0·43	0·02	2·03	–2·01		3·70		Noakhali.
–0·6	71·7	93	6·3	0·09	0·14	0·13	0·33	0·19	0·14	0·33	–0·19	1·67	2·28	–0·61	Faridpur.
–1·4	72·7	89	7·7	0·06	0·06	0·10	0·25	0·15	0·06	0·46	–0·40	3·00	2·40	+0·60	Dacca.
+1·1	74·1	90	5·7	0·02	Nil	0·17	0·00	0·35	Nil	0·56	–0·56	3·58	2·56	+1·02	Tippera.
–0·2	71·2	90	6·6	0·23	0·16	0·12	0·00	0·17	0·16	0·24	–0·08	3·72	2·66	+1·06	Mymensingh.
+0·4	68·7	94	2·9	0·02	0·01	0·04	0·00	0·07	0·01	0·07	–0·06	2·67	1·55	+1·12	Purnea.
+1·3	71·7	86	6·1	0·3	0·02	0·07	0·00	0·08	0·02	0·08	–0·06	2·51	1·37	+1·14	Bhagalpur.
0	69·7	88	4·0	0·04	0·06	0·02	0·00	0·05	0·06	0·04	+0·02	5·95	0·96	+4·99	Darbhanga.
–	69·2	90	4·1	0·16	0·07	0·04	0·33	0·09	0·07	0·06	+0·01	7·71	1·11	+6·60	Muzaffarpur.
+1·0	67·8	88	2·9	0·06	0·05	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·05	0·02	+0·03	8·60	0·49	+8·11	Champaran.
+1·0*	70·7	83	5·4	0·38	0·29	0·03	1·00	0·08	0·29	0·03	+0·26	5·84	0·84	+5·00	Saran.
–0·4	71·5	86	3·0	0·77											
–0·2	69·5	81	5·0	0·42	0·44	0·10	1·40	0·06	0·44	0·11	+0·33	5·78	1·16	+4·62	Shahabad.
+1·1	69·4	85	4·3	0·23											
–0·3	69·9	83	5·0	0·03	0·04	0·14	0·25	0·09	0·04	0·15	–0·11	2·50	0·91	+1·59	Gaya.
–0·1	71·2	79	6·9	0·07	0·06	0·09	0·25	0·05	0·06	0·10	–0·04	4·38	1·28	+3·10	Patna.
					Nil	0·10	0·00	0·12	Nil	0·10	–0·10	1·71	1·43	+0·28	Monghyr.
+1·1	70·1	81	4·9	Nil	Nil	0·12	0·00	0·18	Nil	0·13	–0·13	2·43	1·65	+1·18	Sonthal Parganas.
–1·5	65·7	80	9·0	0·07		0·12		0·28		0·21			1·28		Hazaribagh.
–0·3	65·1	82	6·0	0·12	0·14	0·04	0·00	0·18	0·14	0·16	–0·02	3·36	1·37	+1·99	Lohardaga.
–	69·9	79	8·7	0·25		0·11		0·25		0·35			1·26		Palamau.
–0·3	69·0	86	9·0	0·11	0·11	0·18	0·00	0·50	0·11	0·25	–0·14	0·87	2·07	–2·80	Singhbhum.
					Nil	0·10	0·00	0·19	Nil	0·15	–0·15	1·94	1·45	+0·49	Manbhum.
–1·0	69·0	99	3·4	0·14											
–1·3†	69·1	89	6·0	Nil											
+0·3	72·1	91	9·0	0·08											

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical verage of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 11th of November 1893

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 5th.	Monday, 6th.	Tuesday, 7th.	Wednesday, 8th.	Thursday, 9th.	Friday, 10th.	Saturday, 11th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rain-fall since 1st of month.	Average total rain-fall from 1st of month.	Total rain-fall since 16th Oct. 1893.
ORISSA	Puri	Puri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·53	Nil	1·77	12·30
		Khurda	...	...	0·10	...	0·15	...	...	2	0·25	0·43	0·25	1·12	6·11
		Banpur	...	...	...	...	0·60	...	...	1	0·60	0·47	0·60	1·74	8·97
		False Point	...	0·73	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·73	0·87	0·73	2·60	4·79
		Gop										?		?	
		Satpara	...	...	0·36	0·46	0·55					?		?	
		Pipli										?		?	
		Raspur	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	1	0·12	?	0·12	?	6·50
		Kurmala	...	...	0·17	...	0·65	...	...			?		?	
	Cuttack	Jagatsingpur	...	0·10								0·23		0·80	
		Banki	...	...	0·05	...	0·01	...	...	Nil	0·06	0·21	0·06	0·66	6·48
		Cuttack										0·34		0·83	
		Kendrapara	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·12	0·19	0·12	0·82	5·30
		Jajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·45	4·52
		Dharmsala										?		?	
		Salipore										?		?	
		Pal Lahara										?		?	
		Nayagarh										?		?	
	Balasore	*Akhyapada*										?		?	
		Chandbali										0·77		1·27	
		Bhadrak	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·20	0·56	0·20	0·95	5·95
		Soro										0·38		0·65	
		Balasore	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·04	0·22	0·04	0·94	4·44
		Jellasore										0·10		0·25	
		Baripadah										0·05		0·34	
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore	Contai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·68	4·77
		Tamluk	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·27	2·65
		Midnapore	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·05	0·08	0·05	0·22	3·43
		Ghatal	...	0·04	...	...	...	0·03	...	Nil	0·07	0·04	0·07	0·06	4·33
		Kukrahaty	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·98
		Garhbeta	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	1	0·20	?	0·20	?	4·51
		Panskura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72
		Dantoon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45
	24-Parganas	Saugor Island	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·04	0·21	0·04	0·97	2·69
		Diamond Harbour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·20	Nil	0·36	4·33
		Canning Town	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·05	?	0·50	?	2·01
		Alipore (Observatory)	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	0·13	0·03	0·31	2·21
		Barrackpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	Nil	0·05	0·30	0·05	0·48	2·29
		Dum-Dum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·19	2·74
		Barasat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·27	1·67
		Basirhat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·32	1·11
	Howrah	Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	Nil	0·30	2·52
		Mohesreka	...	0·03	...	...	...	0·01	...	Nil	0·04	0·13	0·04	0·38	2·24
		Ulubaria	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	?	0·02	?	1·83
	Hooghly	Serampore	...	...	...	...	0·01	0·02	...	Nil	0·03	0·07	0·03	0·20	3·10
		Hooghly	...	0·03	...	...	...	0·03	...	Nil	0·06	0·11	0·06	0·22	2·13
		Jahanabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·21	3·32
	Nadia	Ranaghat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·28	Nil	0·47	1·15
		Krishnagar	...	0·21	0·04	...	...	0·01	...	1	0·26	0·21	0·26	0·33	2·33
		Chuadanga	...	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·31	0·36	0·31	0·44	1·10
		Meherpur	...	0·30	0·06	...	...	...	...	1	0·36	0·09	0·36	0·14	1·06
		Kushtia	...	0·20	0·10	...	...	...	...	2	0·30	0·19	0·30	0·31	1·67
	Khulna	Satkhira	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·23	Nil	0·36	2·24
		Bagerhat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·51	3·20
		Khulna	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·12	0·26	0·12	0·40	1·12
		Nakipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87
		Rampal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·43
	Jessore	Narail	...	0·08	...	...	...	0·04	...	Nil	0·12	0·06	0·12	0·40	0·92
		Jessore	...	0·02	...	...	...	0·02	...	Nil	0·04	0·07	0·04	0·27	0·61
		Jhenidah	...	0·28	...	...	0·01	0·03	...	1	0·32	0·15	0·32	0·34	1·19
		Magura	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·08	0·10	0·08	0·27	1·36
		Bangaon	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·04	0·03	0·04	0·28	0·65
	Burdwan	Kalna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·35	2·40
		Burdwan	...	0·14	0·04	...	...	...	...	1	0·18	0·05	0·18	0·35	2·22
		Katwa	...	0·04	0·01	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·05	0·18	0·05	0·28	1·23
		Raniganj	...	0·01	...	0·01	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	0·08	0·02	0·13	1·65
		Mankur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·04
	Bankura	Bankura	...	0·16	...	0·02	...	...	...	1	0·18	0·13	0·18	0·21	2·56
		Vishnupur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·03	3·43
		Maliara	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·07	0·29	1·52
		Khatra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·46	1·66
		Indas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·80
		Kotalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·72
		Onda	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·19	?	0·19	?	2·70
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·44
		Raipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·57
		Sonamukhi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87
	Birbhum	Suri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·11	1·09
		Hetampore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·14	1·87
		Rampur Hat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·18	2·33
		Bolpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·30
		Murari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·69
	Murshidabad	Kandi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·32	Nil	0·35	1·25
		Berhampore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	0·25	1·81
		Lalbagh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·31	2·08
		Azimganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·19	1·24
		Jangipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	3·18
		Lalgola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·20	1·40
		Akhriganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34
		Patkabari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·09
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna	Pabna	...	0·16	0·08	...	...	...	...	1	0·24	0·12	0·24	0·22	2·10
		Sirajganj	...	0·07	0·09	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·16	0·23	0·16	0·35	4·26
	Bogra	Sherepore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·41	Nil	0·54	4·45
		Nowkhilla	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·41	Nil	0·47	5·76
		Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·22	2·87
		Panchbibi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	2·98
	Rajshahi	Boalia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·20	2·42
		Nattor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·21	Nil	0·31	2·37
		Naugaon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·01	3·40
		Lalpore	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·07	?	0·07	?	1·20
		Manda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·38

...atement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 11th of November 1893—contd.

...eorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 5th.	Monday, 6th.	Tuesday, 7th.	Wednesday, 8th.	Thursday, 9th.	Friday, 10th.	Saturday, 11th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
...th Ben-gal—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·16	4·18	1·94
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	0·25	2·08	1·01
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·64	?
		Silganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·80	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	3·17	1·03
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·01	3·58	0·71
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	2·70	0·85
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·08	1·83	2·41
		Balurghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·76	1·46
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·65	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·07	3·03	2·37
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·10	1·24	2·97
		Pirganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·75	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·15	0·56	1·55
		Gobindganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·91	?
		Baguagra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	2·32	1·48
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·61	?
		Sunderganj ...										?	Nil	?	2·97	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·10	2·70	3·02
		Alipore Duar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·91	?
		Fallacotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·50	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·26	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·03	2·52	1·88
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·14	4·78	1·87
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·03	3·98	1·68
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·03	3·33	1·69
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·20	4·20	4·48
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5·69	0·61
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·12	...	1	0·17	0·03	0·17	0·08	5·64	4·26
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·04	0·01	3·45	0·35
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·97	?
		Pedong ...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·09	...	Nil	0·12	?	0·12	?	3·94	?
... Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·50	Nil	1·81	5·65	5·18
		Chittagong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·39	Nil	1·03	5·87	2·84
		Kutubdia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Satkanya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·06	?
		Kodala ...										?		?		?
		Fenoa ...										?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	0·05	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·19	?	0·19	?	6·71	?
		Chandpur ...										?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·77	Nil	1·70	5·31	3·76
		Bundarban ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·32	?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·21	Nil	1·43	6·11	3·77
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·23	Nil	1·08	4·23	3·61
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	1·07	6·09	3·44
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·68	?
		Bhola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·33	Nil	1·12	4·68	2·83
		Daulatkhan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·95	?
		Bauphal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	8·78	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·31	0·05	1·54	10·15	3·82
		Fenny ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·05	Nil	2·32		4·08
		Harishpore ...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	?	0·02	?	8·40	?
		Ramganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·35	?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·36	1·88	2·01
		Faridpur ...	...	0·05	0·02	...	...	...	0·02	Nil	0·09	0·18	0·09	0·33	1·35	2·44
		Goalundo ...	...	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·18	0·17	0·18	0·31	1·63	2·21
	Dacca ..	Munshiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	Nil	0·02	0·10	0·02	0·61	3·20	2·90
		Dacca ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·48	2·85	1·73
		Narayanganj...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	0·34	3·54	2·51
		Manikganj ...	...	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·01	1	0·14	0·17	0·14	0·38	2·41	2·19
		Joydebpore ...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	?	0·03	?	4·45	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·23	Nil	0·59	2·45	2·91
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·20	Nil	0·69	3·70	2·95
		Chandpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·50	2·79	2·35
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	0·45	1·78	2·31
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·12	?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·25	?
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·77	?
		Kasba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·80	?
		Laksham ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·60	?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·08	0·19	0·08	0·36	3·76	1·94
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	...	1	0·23	0·06	0·23	0·20	1·88	2·09
		Mymensingh ...	...	0·07	0·16	...	...	...	...	1	0·23	0·16	0·23	0·38	6·62	2·86
		Jamalpur										0·18		0·22		2·81
		Netrakona ...	...	...	0·27	...	...	...	...	1	0·27	Nil	0·27	0·01	1·91	2·79
		Sabornakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·74	?
		Durgapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·70	?
		Sherepore Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·43	?
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·05	?
... Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·08	2·27	1·39
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·05	2·25	1·33
		Purnea ...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	Nil	0·02	0·06	Nil	0·07	3·48	1·83
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·33	?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·18	?
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·79	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·31	?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	Nil	0·05	0·03	0·05	0·04	2·00	5·10
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·02	?
		Supaul ...	...	...		...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·01	3·29	1·12
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·02	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	0·01	0·02	...	...	Nil	0·03	0·21	0·03	0·21	2·79	1·16
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	1·95	1·63
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·66	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	Nil	0·04	0·04	0·04	0·04	2·68	1·06
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	...	0·01	0·03	...	Nil	0·04	0·01	0·04	0·04	2·36	0·93
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	2·73	0·88
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Koshera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 11th of November 1893—con

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 5th.	Monday, 6th.	Tuesday, 7th.	Wednesday, 8th.	Thursday, 9th.	Friday, 10th.	Saturday, 11th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded*.	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	1	0·12	Nil	0·12	0·04	9·18	
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	Nil	0·06	0·05	0·06	0·06	10·37	
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	Nil	0·02	0·06	0·02	0·06	4·74	
		Paru ...										?		?		
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).										?		?		
		Sinhar ...	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	1	0·15	?	0·15	?	7·69	
		Pupri ...										?				
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	0·03	8·46	
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·06	0·01	8·74	
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	1	0·15	?	0·15	?	7·62	
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	Nil	0·07	?	0·07		7·43	
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	1	0·10	0·03	0·10	0·03	5·96	
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	0·38	...	...	...	1	0·38	0·04	0·38	0·04	9·19	
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·25	
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	0·38	...	...	1	0·38	0·03	0·38	0·03	4·61	
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·80	
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	1	0·30	?	0·30	?	3·24	
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	1·05	...	...	1	1·05	?	1·05	?	...	
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	0·02	0·38	0·02	...	1	0·42	0·06	0·42	0·06	8·89	
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	0·06	0·11	...	...	1	0·17	Nil	0·17	0·01	5·48	
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	0·02	0·60	...	...	1	0·62	0·33	0·62	0·33	4·08	
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	0·43	...	...	1	0·43	0·04	0·43	0·05	6·03	
		Arrah ...	...	...	0·10	0·18	0·30	...	...	3	0·58	0·05	0·58	0·06	3·84	
		Mohanea ...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	1	0·30	?	0·30	?	4·55	
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	1	0·55	?	0·55	?	7·45	
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	Nil	0·10	?	0·10	?	5·98	
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·82	
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	...	1	0·40	?	0·40	?		
		Sikroul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·30	
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	0·11	0·22	...	...	2	2·33	?	0·33	?	6·72	
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	...	1	0·55		0·55	?	6·15	
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	Nil	0·06	0·12	0·06	0·12	3·43	
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	Nil	0·03	0·21	0·03	0·22	2·46	
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	Nil	0·03	0·08	0·03	0·09	2·03	
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	Nil	0·05	0·14	0·05	0·14	2·39	
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·22	
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	0·03	0·01	...	...	Nil	0·04	?	0·04	?	3·79	
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·08	
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·46	
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	0·02	0·05	...	...	Nil	0·07	0·05	0·07	0·05	5·48	
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	1	0·11	0·05	0·11	0·05	9·45	
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	Nil	0·06	0·13	0·06	0·14	1·43	
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·15	1·14	
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·30	
		Hilsa ...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	1	0·10	?	0·10	?	2·32	
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·21	Nil	0·21	1·23	
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	1·98	
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·04	1·90	
		Gogri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·12	
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·85	
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	Nil	0·06	?	0·06	?	1·32	
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·11	3·32	
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	2·32	
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	2·78	
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·18	1·17	
		Deoghur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·13	1·63	
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·28	Nil	0·30	3·15	
		Belbodda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil		2·53	
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·17	3·34	
		Hazaribagh	...	...	...	0·03	0·04	...	...	Nil	0·07	0·16	0·07	0·21	5·10	
		Semtaguran										0·09		0·17		
		Mahudi Hills										0·16		0·35		
		Jhumra Hill										0·01		0·21		
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·97	
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	Nil	0·05	?	0·05	?	3·13	
		Karagdeha ...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	Nil	0·03	?	0·03	?	1·64	
		Ramgar ...										?		?		
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	0·09	0·07	...	...	Nil	0·16	0·02	0·16	0·02	3·18	
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	0·07	0·03	0·02	...	Nil	0·12	0·06	0·12	0·30	3·58	
		Silli ...										?				
		Palkot ...				0·10						?		?		
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...										0·11		0·35		
		Balumath ...	...	...	...	...	0·11					?		?		
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	0·20					?		?		
		Garhwa	...	...	...	0·09	0·25					?		?		
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa	...	...	...	0·06	...	0·05	...	Nil	0·11	0·15	0·11	0·25	0·87	
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·04	?	0·04	?	0·24	
		Ghatsila	...									?		?		
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	0·19					?		?	1·00	
		Gailsura ...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	1	0·20	?	0·20	?		
		Kalikapur ...										?		?		
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·17	1·98	
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·14	5·85	
		Raghunathpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·67	
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·02	
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·48	
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·32	
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·34	

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th November* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 11TH OF NOVEMBER 1893.

AT the close of the previous week fine settled weather obtained over the whole of Bengal, while in the south of the Bay conditions were decidedly disturbed. The disturbance over this area had been becoming more pronounced, and it also probably extended over a large area, for on the last day of the week cloud proportion was increasing in Orissa and Lower Bengal. On the 5th, or the first day of the week under review, a brisk fall of pressure occurred in the south-west of the Bay, and a very distinct barometric depression was formed, the centre of which was lying off the South Madras Coast. Conditions having thus become more seriously disturbed over the Bay, weather in Bengal also became a little more unsettled, and the sky clouded over rapidly at the southern stations. From the 5th to the 6th the small storm advanced in a westerly or north-westerly direction and struck the Madras coast a little to the south of Madras shortly before 8 A.M. on the 6th. The barometric depression at the centre was considerable, and the storm, though small, was accompanied by a severe gale of wind, very high sea and heavy rain, and at 8 A.M. the wind velocity registered at Madras equalled no less than 68 miles an hour. The small storm apparently broke up as a separate storm on striking the coast, but the disturbed conditions due to its disintegration steadily and rather rapidly spread northwards. A moderate wave of humid monsoon winds advanced along the west coast of the Bay and gave heavily clouded skies with rain at first in Orissa and over the southern parts of Bengal from the 6th to the 8th and 9th, and then as the moist winds again advanced northwards over the province, rainfall extended to Chota Nagpur and Bihar, the rain being reported over the last district, principally on the 9th instant. As the wave of humid winds advanced up the west coast of the Bay, it did not penetrate to any great extent over either East or North Bengal, which districts therefore received very little rain. This advance of humid winds was only temporary and was soon overcome by the superior force of the winds from Upper India, and at the close of the week it was again being driven back towards the Bay by the dry north-westerly and northerly current from Northern India. Thus on the 11th, or the last day of the week, the rainfall over the province had ceased. Skies had also become cloudless in Bihar and North Bengal, while light cloud prevailed over the remainder of the Province except in Orissa, where the sky was still heavily clouded, and hence north-east monsoon conditions were again rapidly setting in over the Province.

Conditions in Bengal therefore during a large part of the week have been very abnormal, and for the greater part of the time the sky was heavily clouded, the air was unusually damp, the day temperatures were comparatively low and the night temperatures high, and rain was received in most districts on one or two days.

Pressure at the commencement of the week was largely in excess of the normal, the excess usually ranging from 0·1 inch to 0·13 inch. On the 5th a further slight increase of pressure took place, which was continued on the 6th in the southern districts, though a fall began over the northern half of the Province. From the 7th to the 9th inclusive pressure fell tolerably steadily in connection with the advance of the disturbed conditions over Bengal, but on the 9th pressure was still in excess by amounts ranging from about 0·02 inch in the eastern districts to nearly a tenth of an inch in the west of Bihar. On the 10th and 11th pressure was rising, and hence the mean pressure for the week has been in excess of the normal in all districts, the usual excess equalling about 0·07 inch to 0·11 inch, the excess being largest over parts of Bihar. In Assam the mean excess has equalled 0·08 inch.

Temperature.—For the week slight excess mean temperatures have been registered in East and North Bengal and in Bihar, while slight defects have been registered in Orissa, South-West Bengal and Chota Nagpur. In no case, however, does the variation from the normal equal as much as a degree. For the whole Province the average mean temperature has been almost absolutely normal. In Assam the average mean temperature for the week has been 0·7° below the normal.

Rainfall.—The falls during the week have been small. The average amounts in Orissa and in North and South Bihar have only equalled from 0·1 inch to 0·15 inch, those in South-West and East Bengal and Chota Nagpur have been a little more than a twentieth of an inch, while in North Bengal rainfall has been almost absent. In all divisions except Bihar the falls have been below the normal, but in this division a slight excess has been registered.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 11th of November 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th Oct. 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	86·7	64·7	81·4	70·5	76·0	−0·8	0·14	0·37	−0·23	0·47	3·20	−2·73	0·14	0·97	5·43	3·64
South-West Bengal ...	86·6*	65·0*	80·5*	68·7*	74·6*	−0·8*	0·06	0·13	−0·07	0·20	3·00	−2·80	0·06	0·30	2·04	2·37
North Bengal	85·2	59·6	80·5	65·6	73·1	+0·6	0·02	0·10	−0·08	0·04	0·56	−0·52	0·02	0·14	2·92	1·82
East Bengal	87·6	65·6	82·2	69·5	75·9	+0·3	0·05	0·24	−0·19	0·20	3·48	−3·28	0·05	0·78	4·13	2·87
North Bihar	84·8	58·9	80·3	64·9	72·5	+0·7	0·13	0·04	+0·09	0·22	0·11	+0·11	0·13	0·06	5·21	1·06
South Bihar	85·4	61·5	80·8	65·0	72·9	+0·2	0·12	0·11	+0·01	0·41	0·68	−0·27	0·12	0·12	3·45	1·24
Chota Nagpur	83·5*	59·2*	76·6*	62·7*	69·7*	−0·7*	0·07	0·10	−0·03	0·22	2·27	−2·05	0·07	0·20	3·21	1·23
Assam	89·5	61·8	80·1	65·9	73·1	−0·7										

* Daltonganj and Raniganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 14th November 1893.

C. LITTLE,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 5th to 11th November 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
November ...	5th ...	30·080	77·4	84·9	15·1	69·8	80·4	71·6	·658	66·8	63	...
" ...	6th ...	·106	73·9	78·9	10·0	68·9	74·4	69·6	·660	66·9	78	0·05
" ...	7th ...	·072	75·6	82·7	14·3	68·4	78·1	70·1	·630	65·6	65	...
" ...	8th ...	·058	75·8	81·7	11·9	69·8	79·6	72·6	·708	68·9	70	...
" ...	9th ...	·053	74·4	77·9	7·0	70·9	74·8	72·1	·753	70·7	87	...
" ...	10th ...	·063	74·9	79·9	10·1	69·8	74·4	69·6	·660	66·9	78	...
" ...	11th ...	·062	75·2	83·4	16·5	66·9	79·8	72·6	·705	68·8	69	...

				Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	...	...	...	30·071
				°
The mean temperature of the seven days	...	...	...	75·3
The extreme variation of temperature	...	...	...	18·0
The maximum temperature ...	...	...	...	84·9
				%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days		...	...	73
				Inch.
The total fall of rain from 5th to 11th November 1893		...	...	0·05

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 13th November 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 5th to 11th November 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Temperature. Maximum.	Temperature. Range.	Temperature. Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension.	Hygrometry. Dew point.	Hygrometry. Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Nov.	5th	142·8	1·8	29·959	74·8	82·2	12·8	69·4	71·1	0·710	69·0	82	ENE and calm ...	32	0·01	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, d, ⏏.
„	6th	101·7	Nil	30·023	73·1	76·7	8·2	68·5	69·5	·675	67·5	83	NNE and calm ...	37	0·02	Cloudy, o, g, d.
„	7th	141·5	5·8	·000	74·6	80·9	12·5	68·4	70·5	·693	68·3	82	NNE and calm ...	54	Nil	Partially cloudy, o, g, ⏏.
„	8th	137·0	2·8	29·982	75·2	80·1	10·0	70·1	71·9	·739	70·2	85	N by E, NNW and calm.	47	„	Chiefly cloudy, o, ⏏.
„	9th	109·8	Nil	·979	74·3	76·8	6·0	70·8	71·9	·750	70·6	89	N by W, N and calm.	44	„	Cloudy, o, g.
„	10th	109·3	„	·998	73·5	77·7	7·8	69·9	70·[illegible]	·708	68·9	86	N, NNE and calm	45	Not measurable.	Cloudy o, g, d.
„	11th	132·3	6·4	30·018	74·1	81·8	15·0	66·8	69·9	·676	67·6	80	NNE and calm ...	33	Nil	Partially cloudy, ⏏.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·994
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·935
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	16·8
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	77·9
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	74·2
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	77·1
The extreme variation of temperature	15·4
The maximum temperature	82·2
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	9
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	84
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	74
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 5th to 11th November 1893	0·03
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	0·39
The total fall from 1st January to 11th November 1893	85·23
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	65·09

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast ; g, gloomy ; d, drizzling rain ; ⏏, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 13th November 1893.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 4th November 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 4th November 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 5th November 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	452	36,190	462	82	28,826	450
Jute	349	1,69,300	2,920	336	1,15,140	1,937
Firewood	140	99,125	1,488	104	54,375	851
Other articles	927	1,97,110	3,032	910	1,92,880	2,880
Total ...	1,868	5,01,725	7,902	1,432	3,91,220	6,118

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 11th November 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 11th November 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 12th November 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	296	31,082	330	99	29,625	469
Jute	296	1,47,385	2,514	529	2,04,400	3,596
Firewood	127	71,175	1,056	119	59,300	877
Other articles	985	2,11,705	3,238	1,141	2,10,760	3,184
Total ...	1,704	4,61,347	7,138	1,888	5,03,885	8,126

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Statement of Goods Traffic in Staples carried during the four weeks ending 23rd September 1893, as compared with the same period of 1892.

Staples.	1892.		1893.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
Cotton, raw	25,275	20,205	16,581	14,718	...	...	8,694	5,487
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European	9,883	7,644	8,946	7,637	...	...	937	7
2.—Indian	19,757	11,215	28,382	15,585	8,625	4,370	...	...
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European	1,20,007	1,34,170	1,23,035	1,27,464	3,028	...	...	6,706
2.—Indian	15,066	13,066	12,710	8,379	...	...	2,356	4,687
Drugs and chemicals—								
1.—Intoxicating other than opium	326	157	638	621	312	464	...	...
2.—Non-intoxicating	9,956	8,501	9,241	8,070	...	...	715	431
Dyes and tans—								
1.—Indigo	4,351	1,324	9,006	2,920	4,655	1,596	...	...
2.—Myrabolams	4,819	1,509	5,378	1,750	559	151	...	...
3.—Aniline dyes	142	119	191	184	49	74	...	...
4.—Cutch	2,022	861	1,615	658	...	...	407	203
5.—Paints and colours	7,121	2,745	4,911	1,663	...	...	2,210	1,082
6.—Others	1,977	1,644	490	265	...	...	1,487	1,379
Grains—								
1.—Wheat	3,43,326	1,21,428	2,16,627	88,910	...	...	1,26,699	32,518
2.—Rice	3,76,391	57,232	5,09,002	83,582	1,32,611	26,350	...	...
3.—Jawar and bajra	5,860	1,438	7,920	1,295	2,060	...	...	143
4.—Gram	1,55,390	65,834	1,17,320	46,045	...	...	38,070	19,789
5.—Indigo seed	36,140	11,434	15,249	6,599	...	...	20,891	4,835
6.—Seeds other than oil-seeds	33,341	10,830	33,287	12,055	...	1,225	54	...
7.—Others	3,69,066	1,10,256	4,11,796	1,10,810	42,730	554	...	...
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle	14,823	6,873	11,992	5,865	...	...	2,831	1,008
2.—Skins of sheep, &c.	16,284	8,150	10,334	3,504	...	...	5,950	4,646
Horns	2,009	1,083	1,242	1,004	...	...	767	79
Jute—								
1.—Raw	28,099	6,888	51,535	15,569	23,436	8,681	...	...
2.—Gunny bags and cloth	72,464	37,771	58,449	30,673	...	...	14,015	7,098
Lac—								
1.—Stick	20,345	7,173	19,863	7,476	...	303	482	...
2.—Shell-lac	17,537	13,333	15,018	10,774	...	...	2,519	2,559
Leather—								
1.—Unmanufactured	1,526	2,830	2,407	4,199	971	1,369	...	...
2.—Manufactured	6,757	7,638	4,923	5,328	...	...	1,834	2,310
Liquors—								
1.—Beer	6,312	3,639	7,466	4,098	1,154	459	...	...
2.—Wines	2,873	3,620	1,695	2,649	...	...	1,178	971
3.—Spirits	1,775	2,738	1,713	2,091	...	...	62	647
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought	6,883	8,531	8,324	9,925	1,441	1,394	...	...
2.—Brass, unwrought	4,458	2,423	4,907	4,223	449	1,800	...	...
3.—Brass and copper, wrought	15,929	7,421	14,804	7,261	...	...	1,125	160
4.—Iron	2,16,863	84,745	1,93,459	85,476	...	731	23,404	...
5.—Tin	4,319	3,950	3,996	3,684	...	...	323	266
6.—Others	10,609	7,353	10,315	7,451	...	98	294	...
Oils—								
1.—Castor	3,672	1,047	2,929	906	...	...	743	141
2.—Kerosine	1,03,914	49,655	1,07,434	50,200	3,520	545	...	...
3.—Others	15,707	9,476	11,149	4,227	...	...	4,558	5,249
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed	1,82,700	59,919	1,95,378	60,897	12,678	978	...	...
2.—Rape and mustard	1,09,681	29,820	1,35,875	34,660	26,194	4,840	...	...
3.—Til or jinjili	1,921	537	2,823	760	902	223	...	...
4.—Castor	62,096	16,696	72,764	14,551	10,668	...	...	2,145
5.—Poppy	28,404	8,435	49,429	14,244	21,025	5,809	...	...
6.—Others	13,555	3,545	22,599	5,983	9,044	2,438	...	...
Opium	3,191	5,421	401	620	...	...	2,790	4,801
Paper and pasteboard	7,835	4,758	13,363	7,863	5,528	3,105	...	...
Provisions—								
1.—Ghee	26,064	17,650	27,378	19,960	1,314	2,310	...	...
2.—Dried fruits and nuts	26,746	16,225	12,161	8,890	...	...	14,585	7,335
3.—Cocoanuts	13,874	4,364	8,636	3,601	...	...	5,238	763
4.—Turmeric	6,633	3,571	8,083	5,910	1,450	2,339	...	...
5.—Others	71,550	30,176	53,886	23,148	...	...	17,664	7,028
Salt	4,42,678	85,258	4,37,595	69,128	...	...	5,083	16,130
Saltpetre, &c.—								
1.—Saltpetre	43,392	19,201	25,883	10,896	...	...	17,509	8,305
2.—Borax	1,491	949	1,347	665	...	...	144	284
3.—Other saline substances	20,795	5,012	25,025	7,433	4,230	2,421	...	...
Silk, raw—								
1.—Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.—Indian	1,444	1,126	1,015	450	...	...	429	676
Silk piece-goods—								
1.—Foreign	25	70	12	35	...	...	13	35
2.—Indian	279	394	398	419	119	25	...	...
Spices—								
1.—Pepper	2,614	3,204	2,675	2,288	61	...	...	916
2.—Other	8,631	4,056	7,600	6,111	...	2,055	1,031	...
Sugar—								
1.—Drained	20,416	10,110	21,515	11,919	1,099	1,809	...	...
2.—Undrained	1,19,769	19,112	1,48,472	29,896	28,703	10,784	...	...
Stone and lime	3,29,432	36,784	3,50,865	49,572	21,433	12,788	...	...
Tea—								
1.—Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.—Indian	1,877	1,851	3,702	3,790	1,825	1,939	...	...
Timber, &c.—								
1.—Timber	48,085	10,151	40,948	12,804	1,863	2,653	...	...
2.—Firewood	13,730	493	9,969	875	...	382	3,761	...
Tobacco	28,334	11,504	29,959	12,832	1,625	1,328	...	...
Umbrellas	456	392	214	163	...	...	242	229
Wool—								
1.—Raw	793	566	560	554	...	...	233	12
2.—Piece-goods—								
a.—European	685	1,340	730	1,728	45	388	...	...
b.—Indian	2,728	3,038	2,661	4,081	...	1,043	67	...
3.—Shawls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All other articles of merchandise	3,19,880	1,42,735	3,23,613	1,43,184	3,733	449	...	...
Total	40,75,158	14,16,403	41,22,903	13,75,703	47,745	...	...	40,790
Military stores	19,158	34,285	16,350	31,611	...	...	2,808	2,674
Coal—								
1.—For public	36,50,102	5,10,768	39,95,639	5,91,549	3,45,537	80,781	...	...
2.— „ Railway	5,40,921	60,245	6,43,040	78,673	1,02,119	18,428	...	...
Railway Materials—								
1.—For construction and revenue	8,89,397	40,746	9,92,418	32,200	1,03,021	...	...	8,546
Live-stock	...	8,715	...	7,996	...	...	...	719
Total	91,74,736	20,71,252	97,70,350	21,17,732	5,95,614	46,480	...	...

T. Simpson, *Assistant Auditor.*

Traffic Audit Office, Goods Division, Jamalpur, *the 7th November* 1893.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 4th November 1893, *on* 1,610½ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*260,636	*3,21,041 0 0	25,97,338 20	6,44,090 4 0	15,450 3 0	9,80,581 7 0	75,551	102,967	178,5[illegible]
Or per mile of railway ...	......	199 5 6	......	399 14 11	9 9 6	608 13 11	......	......	......
For previous 17½ weeks of half-year ...	4,892,209	51,40,805 6 0	4,04,56,937 10	88,34,595 5 6	2,56,292 11 0	1,42,31,693 6 0	1,310,405½	1,668,368½	2,978,7[illegible]
Total for 18½ weeks ...	5,152,845	54,61,846 6 0	4,30,54,275 30	94,78,685 9 0	2,71,742 14 0	1,52,12,274 13 0	1,385,956½	1,771,335½	3,157,2[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	326,408	3,81,090 6 5	26,39,111 20	6,05,573 14 5	18,181 4 9	10,04,845 9 7	78,189	95,760	173,9[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	236 10 1	......	376 0 3	11 4 7	623 14 11	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 18½ weeks of previous year ...	4,744,192½	48,84,771 5 10	4,15,92,204 30	91,72,078 3 0	2,94,822 8 3	1,43,51,672 1 1	1,360,389	1,672,944	3,0[illegible]

* The coaching traffic shows a decrease as compared with the corresponding period of 1892, during which period there was an eclipse of the moon and the fair at Sonepur.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 4th November 1893, *on* 22¼ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	18,624	4,756 10 0	9,193 0	350 5 0	18 0 0	5,124 15 0	871	75	94[illegible]
Or per mile of railway ...	......	213 12 6	......	15 11 11	0 12 11	230 5 4	......	......	......
For previous 17½ weeks of half-year ...	*297,792	72,698 8 6*	1,51,220 10†	4,775 13 0†	392 0 0‡	77,866 5 0	15,357	1,327½	16,6[illegible]
Total for 18½ weeks ...	316,416	77,455 2 0	1,60,413 10	5,126 2 0	410 0 0	82,991 4 0	16,228	1,402½	17,6[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	19,787	5,164 9 3	9,172 0	444 8 0	6 4 0	5,615 5 3	886	82	9[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	......	232 1 10	......	19 15 8	0 4 6	252 6 0	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 18½ weeks of previous year ...	343,393	84,377 5 11	1,20,664 30	5,169 11 0	228 4 0§	89,775 4 11	16,541	1,220	17,76[illegible]

* Deducted number of passengers 1,262 and Rs. 487 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the weeks ended 16th and 2[illegible] September 1893.
† Deducted maunds 6 and " 28
‡ Ditto " 4
§ Added Rs. 87-14-3 on account of supplemental return for 30th September 1892.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 4th November 1893, *on* 161⅝ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	A17,132	A16,311 4 0	53,525 20	9,079 4 0	45 0 0	25,435 8 0	6,582	3,004	9,5[illegible]
Or per mile of railway ...	......	101 1 0	......	56 4 1	0 4 5	157 9 6	......	......	......
For previous 17½ weeks of half-year ...	a337,224	a2,41,141 4 0	b10,13,487 10	b1,29,207 9 0	c638 0 0	3,70,986 13 0	106,188	48,905½	155,[illegible]
Total for 18½ weeks ...	354,356	2,57,452 8 0	10,73,012 30	1,38,286 13 0	683 0 0	3,96,422 5 0	112,770	51,909½	164,[illegible]
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	20,781½	18,447 4 1	52,397 20	10,713 15 0	88 0 3	29,249 3 4	6,957	2,455	9,4[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	114 4 9	......	66 6 1	0 8 9	181 3 7	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 18½ weeks of previous year ...	309,920*	2,34,431 7 5*	6,91,865 10†	1,24,257 9 6†	1,911 6 0‡	3,60,600 6 11	118,746	44,189	162,[illegible]

A The decrease is due to figures for the corresponding period of 1892 having included traffic on account of eclipse and running of a special train.
a Added number of passengers 605 and deducted Rs. 34 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the weeks ended 16th and [illegible] September 1893.
b Do. maunds 83,486 and added " 1,973
c Added " 9
* Added number of passengers 191½ and Rs. 221 10 1 } on account of supplemental return for 30th September 1892.
† Do. maunds 685-30 and " 867 0 0
‡ Do. " 1,025 15 6

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 4th November 1893, on 778 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	MDS. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	162,370	86,310 0 0	9,79,610 0	2,24,970 0 0	18,290 0 0	3,29,570 0 0	27,000	47,957	74,957
Or per mile of railway	209	111 0 0	1,259 0	289 0 0	†2 0 0	†402 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 17 weeks of half-year*	2,819,995	12,70,185 0 0	1,47,91,975 0	29,52,398 0 0	2,96,449 0 0	45,19,032 0 0	485,890	576,780	1,062,670
Total for 13 weeks ...	2,982,365	13,56,495 0 0	1,57,71,585 0	31,77,368 0 0	3,14,739 0 0	48,48,602 0 0	512,890	624,737	1,137,627
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	229,259	*a* 1,08,491 0 0	7,92,659 0	2,09,886 0 0	22,317 0 0	3,40,694 0 0	27,151	44,059	71,210
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	295	140 0 0	1,020 0	270 0 0	†2 0 0	†412 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,870,744	12,57,138 0 0	1,32,72,892 0	31,58,250 0 0	3,15,950 0 0	47,31,338 0 0	495,693	676,004	1,171,697

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1883.
† Excluding steamer earnings.
a Increase is due to moon eclipse.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 4th November 1893, on 125 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	MDS. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	31,320	10,350 0 0	45,760 0	3,910 0 0	300 0 0	14,560 0 0	3.655	2,017	5,672
Or per mile of railway ...	251	83 0 0	366 0	31 0 0	2 0 0	116 0 0	...	...	......
For previous 17 weeks of half-year*	540,562	1,75,889 0 0	9,44,701 0	77,161 0 0	2,363 0 0	2,55,413 0 0	64,229	33,252	97,481
Total for 18 weeks ...	571,882	1,86,239 0 0	9,90,461 0	81,071 0 0	2,663 0 0	2,69,973 0 0	67,884	35,269	103,153
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	42,510	14,067 0 0	56,424 0	4,310 0 0	261 0 0	18,638 0 0	3,655	2,017	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	340	113 0 0	451 0	34 0 0	2 0 0	149 0 0	...	...	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year	549,739	1,80,534 0 0	9,84,342 0	83,518 0 0	3,271 0 0	2,67,323 0 0	66,959	38,872	105,831

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 4th November 1893, on 86 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	MDS. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,520	6,810 0 0	56,060 0	5,120 0 0	290 0 0	12,220 0 0	2,487	1,657	4,144
Or per mile of railway	204	79 0 0	652 0	60 0 0	3 0 0	142 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 17 weeks of half-year*	293,434	98,079 0 0	5,63,867 0	43,485 0 0	2,522 0 0	1,44,086 0 0	42,554	16,023	58,577
Total for 18 weeks ...	310,954	1,04,889 0 0	6,19,927 0	48,605 0 0	2,812 0 0	1,56,306 0 0	45,041	17,680	62,721
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	19,610	6,028 0 0	38,863 0	4,273 0 0	308 0 0	10,609 0 0	2,572	753	3,325
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	228	70 0 0	452 0	50 0 0	3 0 0	123 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	294,844	96,274 0 0	4,12,937 0	34,471 0 0	4,023 0 0	1,34,768 0 0	46,213	12,830	59,043

* Audited up to week ending 2nd September 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 4th November 1893, *on* 756 *miles open.*

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open	89,160	(*a*)35,440	3,16,190	41,920	9,830	87,190	13,672	14,499	28,171
Or per mile of railway	117·94	46·88	418·24	55·45	13·00	115·33	...	...	......
For previous 17¼ weeks of half-year (*b*)	1,507,247	5,81,217	40,59,246	5,21,715	1,47,998	12,50,930	263,041	223,671	486,712
Total for 18¼ weeks ...	1,596,407	6,16,657	43,75,436	5,63,635	1,57,828	13,38,120	276,713	238,170	514,883
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 755 miles open	193,178	96,773	1,89,464	27,970	10,140	1,34,883	18,450	17,348	35,798
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	255·86	128·17	250·95	37·05	13·43	178·65	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,614,658	6,34,613	46,25,610	6,05,659	1,60,059	14,00,331	251,984	274,419	526,403

(*a*) Decrease in coaching traffic is due to fairs having been held at Ajodhya and Sonepore in the corresponding week of last year.
(*b*) Includes audited figures up to 23rd September 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 4th November 1893	16,357	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	16,330	0	0
Increase	27	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 4th November 1893	320	11	7
Corresponding period of 1892	320	3	4
Increase	0	8	3
Receipts from 1st July to 21st October 1893	2,17,018	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	2,24,823	0	0
Decrease	7,805	0	0

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 15th November 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 47 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, BENGAL, FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT—EDUCATION—No. 2659.

Calcutta, the 21st November 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Report on Public Instruction in Bengal for the year 1892-93.
Read also the Resolution of Government on the Report for the year 1891-92.

Preliminary.

THE Report on Public Instruction in Bengal for the year 1892-93 is submitted by Dr. C. A. Martin, who received charge on the 27th December 1892 on the retirement of Mr. C. H. Tawney, C.I.E., Officiating Director of Public Instruction. Under the standing orders of Government the present year's Report should be one of a general and summary character, but the Director explains that owing to a call for special information made by Government in the Resolution on last year's Report, he has been obliged in some respects to depart from the standing orders.

Number under instruction.

2. There has been an increase in the numbers of pupils under instruction, viz., from 1,392,371 to 1,400,067 in public institutions, and a decrease from 139,594 to 134,989 in private or indigenous institutions. On the whole, the number of pupils has

increased from 1,531,965 to 1,535,056. At the same time the aggregate number of public institutions has decreased from 53,956 to 53,131, and private or indigenous institutions from 13,868 to 13,473. Among the schools classed as "Public Institutions" which adopt departmental standards, the number supported or aided by public funds has decreased from 43,972 to 41,697, and the number of unaided schools has risen from 9,984 to 11,434. The number of pupils receiving University and secondary education has increased from 202,510 to 207,192, while the number in primary schools, upper and lower taken together, has slightly fallen, viz., from 1,123,560 to 1,123,225, the upper primary having gained almost as many pupils as the lower primary have lost. The figures for lower primary schools for five years are given below:—

Year.	Schools.	Pupils.
1888-89	44,854	982,126
1889-90	44,146	960,914
1890-91	43,998	942,244
1891-92	44 920	987,948
1892-93	43,829	983,271

The population of Bengal, excluding Kuch Bihar, Hill Tippera, and the Tributary States of Chota Nagpur, of which the schools are not included in the Educational returns, is 73,043,697, of whom 36,412,749 are males and 36,630,948 females. This gives, at the conventional rate of 15 per cent., 5,461,912 male children and 5,494,642 female children of a school-going age. Of the scholars on the Educational returns 1,431,528 are boys and 103,528 girls. Hence of all boys of a school-going age, 26·2, and of all girls of a school-going age, 1·9 per cent. are at school. The percentages in the previous year were 26·2 and 1·7, respectively. While it thus appears that one boy in every four throughout these Provinces is receiving instruction of some kind in schools, public or private, the table given in paragraph 12 of the Director's report shows great differences in the degrees of educational progress attained in the various districts and divisions. According to the figures given in that table, Hooghly shows 63·8 of the boys of a school-going age as actually at school against 42·6 in the 24-Parganas; Balasore shows 48·2 per cent. as against 27·8 per cent. in Puri, while Cuttack shows 33·8 per cent. of its boys at school in 1892-93 against 43·3 in the preceding year. Patna gives 31·9 per cent. against half that ratio (15·8) in the neighbouring district of Gaya and 11·1 in Shahabad. Assuming the correctness of the figures, the great disparity in educational progress between the different districts and divisions might be accounted for by differences in material comfort or in the habits of the people, or in the varying degrees of interest in the subject and of energy displayed by the local educational and district officers. The point is one which may with advantage be considered in future Reports. When the cause is ascertained the remedy can be applied.

The following statement taken from the Commissioners' divisional Reports shows the percentage of boys at school to the total number of boys of school-going age in each division of the Lower Provinces:—

Division.	Percentage of boys at school to total number of boys of school-going age.
Burdwan	51·6
Chittagong	45·2
Orissa	35·9
Presidency	30·1
Dacca	29·6
Chota Nagpur	16·7
Patna	15·2
Rajshahi	14·5
Bhagalpur	13

3. The net Government expenditure for the year was less than the sanctioned estimates by Rs. 2,791. In the years 1890-91 and 1891-92 there was an excess of expenditure over receipts to the extent of Rs. 55,115 and Rs. 33,679, respectively. The total expenditure on education in Bengal, including all disbursements from public and private sources, such as the fees and contributions paid to the University and in all public schools and colleges, amounted to

Financial results.

Rs. 96,45,408, as compared with Rs. 93.52,000 in the preceding year, an increase of Rs. 2,93,408. The expenditure from Provincial revenues decreased from Rs. 24,96,000 to Rs. 23,87,906, or by Rs. 1,08,094. Expenditure from all public sources, including District and Municipal Funds, decreased from Rs. 36,29,000 to Rs. 34,66,457, or by Rs. 1,62,543, while expenditure from private sources rose from Rs. 57,23.000 to Rs. 61,79,000, or by more than four-and-a-half lakhs. This is a satisfactory feature in the year's retrospect. Collegiate education cost less by Rs. 11,265, secondary education cost more by Rs. 1,19,810, primary education by Rs. 35,853, and female education by Rs. 1,10,086, of which the share from private sources came to Rs. 1,06,000. Under primary education District Funds contributed Rs. 45,000 less, which, however, was due to the fact that uncashed cheques, though issued, were not included in the accounts of the year. Under female education they contributed Rs. 2,000 more than in the preceding year. Municipal funds contributed under the two heads Rs. 8,000 more than in the preceding year. The expenditure by Municipalities on secondary is still more than 50 per cent. in excess of that on primary education, which means that children who cannot pay for education are refused it in order that those children who can pay may receive it gratuitously. This is not as it should be, and the authorities should see to it that the remedy is applied on all suitable occasions.

Controlling agencies.

4. Mr. Tawney, as Officiating Director of Public Instruction, made a tour extending over 17 days in the month of August 1892, during which he visited the districts of Patna, Muzaffarpur, Bhagalpur, Monghyr and Hooghly, and inspected colleges and schools, and held conferences with District Officers. Dr. Martin made a tour of 40 days during the months of January, February and March 1893, and visited the Sibpur, Hooghly and Midnapore Colleges, as well as the Reformatory school at Hazaribagh and training schools. The time spent on inspections by the inspecting staff of the Province, throughout the year, is exhibited in the following statement and compared with last year:—

	1891-92.		1892-93.	
	Number of officers.	Average number of days.	Number of officers.	Average number of days.
Inspectors	5	157	5	168
Assistant and Joint-Inspectors ...	9	143	9	131
European Inspectors ...	2	65	2	67
Deputy Inspectors	44	169	44	161
Sub-Inspectors	193	208	198	219

Rai Radhika Prasana Mookerjea Bahadoor spent 152 days on tour and visited 251 schools, Babu Dinanath Sen, Officiating Inspector of Schools, Eastern Circle, spent 158 days and visited 194 schools, Mr. Bellett, Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Circle, 176 days and visited 193 schools, and Mr. Stack 64 days out of 182 days during which he was in charge of the Bihar Circle. These officers did specially good work in their circles. Babu Beni Madhav De did not spend the prescribed period on tour; he inspected only 115 schools, and did not distribute his tours judiciously. Maulvi Abdul Karim should be called upon to explain his neglect to visit the important Musalman district of Chittagong. Babu Brajendra Kumar Guha's excuse for falling so much short of the prescribed touring period is inadequate and unsatisfactory. The periods spent on tour by the Deputy Inspectors have fallen short of the prescribed limit—150 days—in two instances only. It is gratifying to find that the work of all the Deputy Inspectors, so far as touring is concerned, has been satisfactory. The Sub-Inspectors have *on an average* exceeded the prescribed number of days (200) to be spent on tour in all the Divisions. Dr. Martin explains the reasons of their shortcomings in the case of officers who have not been on tour for the

full period prescribed. The Lieutenant-Governor approves the action taken by the Director in reducing, from class VI on Rs. 100 to class VII on Rs. 75 for one year, Babu Brajaballab Maitra, Sub-Inspector of Burdwan, who had been severely censured year after year, without any real effect, for want of activity. Other Sub-Inspectors who have fallen short of the standard work without sufficient excuse, such as Babu Sarada Prasad Ghose and Babu Anada Prasad Chatterji of Malda, Babu Hara Mohan Ray and Babu Bal Krishna Das of Gaya, should be warned and severely censured. On the other hand, the good work done by the Sub-Inspectors as a body, and especially by Babus Sures Chandra Sarkar and Siva Sankar Lal, is noticed with satisfaction. Last year 921 chief gurus and inspecting pandits paid 280,916 visits to schools: average 305. This year 750 of them paid 248,008 visits: average 331. Chief gurus have their own patshallas to look after, and cannot therefore devote much time to the inspection of those in their neighbourhood. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor agrees with Dr. Martin that this system should be wholly discontinued, and inspecting pandits should be substituted for chief gurus.

5. *District Boards.*—The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor is glad to notice that the District Boards generally took an important share in the work of education, in the preparation of educational estimates, conducting of lower primary examinations, in discussing and deciding on suggestions from the Circle Inspector and the Director, in framing rules for expansion of primary education and in other ways, and that where formerly much friction and mismanagement were reported there is now co-operation and efficiency. In the Presidency Circle the District Boards have worked in harmony with the Education Department and given due consideration to the opinions of the officers of the Department as coming from experts. The District Boards in the Burdwan Division have made a considerable advance in knowledge and experience and in capacity for work. The appointment of the Deputy Inspectors as *ex-officio* members of the District Boards has given general satisfaction, and, owing to their being also on the Educational Sub-Committees, friction has nearly entirely ceased. The District Boards of Burdwan, Bankura, Hooghly and Howrah, as well as those of Gaya, Shahabad, Saran and Champaran, were late in sending in their annual reports. The Chairmen of the Boards in question will again be reminded through the Commissioners of their responsibilities for such matters of routine business. In the Rajshahi Division the relations between the Boards and the Department have been cordial: from the Dacca and Patna Divisions no case of friction is reported. There was no friction worth noticing in the Chittagong Division. The District Boards of Bhagalpur and Chittagong took special measures to encourage education of a secular kind among the Mussalman community. From Orissa a complaint comes that some of the Local Boards of Cuttack, instead of remitting money invariably through the post-office, make payments sometimes in cash, and "much being left to the Local Board's office, delays in payment are the consequence." This practice should be put a stop to.

University education.

6. The number of colleges stands at 34, the same as last year, divided into Government 11, Municipal 1, Aided 7, and Unaided 15. The students on the lists are returned as 5,443 instead of 5,225 as last year—a variation of no significance. The Aided colleges have, taken together, gained 70 students. The Government colleges show a decrease of 133 students. The Midnapore College had 39 instead of 46 youths under instruction. The Unaided institutions have attracted 288 more than last year. The variations in the number of successful candidates at the University examinations during the last five years are shown in the following statement:—

	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.
Entrance	1,153	2,156	1,710	1,643	2,915
Percentage of success ...	24	50	43	40	67
First Arts	629	996	693	1,011	830
Percentage of success ...	27	36	36	44	37
Bachelors of Arts ...	366	339	231	280	301
Percentage of success ...	34	40	29	24	25
Bachelors of Law ...	187	254	128	48	148
Percentage of success ...	52	70	63	27	47
Masters of Arts ...	62	57	46	54	...
Percentage of success ...	59	45	36	46	...

7. A comparison of the tables shows that out of 3,766 youths reading on the 31st December 1892 for the F. A. Examination, so many as 2,216 attended the examination: the proportion was lowest in aided colleges. The percentage of successful candidates decreased from 44 to 37. In Government colleges the percentage was 44, in aided colleges 36, and in unaided colleges 36. The most successful unaided mafassal college was the Jagannath College, Dacca, which sent up 172 candidates, of whom 61 passed. Among the candidates for the B. A. degree, the percentage of success increased from 24 to 25. Comparing the groups of colleges, the ratio of success appears to be as follows:—

	A Course.	B Course.	Total percentage.
Government ...	29	54	34
Aided ...	19	45	23
Unaided ...	18	28	20
Total ...	21	42	25

Of the 118 candidates for Mastership of Arts 54 passed as compared with 46 out of 128 last year.

The suggestion made by Government in paragraph 7 of the Resolution on last year's Education Report, that the University authorities should make efforts to secure uniformity of standard by continuity in the examining body, was referred to the Syndicate by the Director of Public Instruction. That body have replied that they are very sensible of the importance of attaining and of preserving uniformity in the standard of examination, but they think that the present system secures this as far as is practically possible, while at the same time it enables the Syndicate to exercise a control in the matter which it is desirable they should retain.

8. The total expenditure upon collegiate education has decreased from Rs. 7,07,104 to Rs. 6,95,839, or by Rs. 11,265; the expenditure from Provincial revenues has fallen from Rs. 2,92,686 to Rs. 2,79,570; and the receipts from endowments and other sources from Rs. 1,38,835 to Rs. 1,36,159. The charge on Provincial revenues is nearly 40 per cent. of the total expenditure and amounts to more than the Provincial Government outlay on primary education. During the year the cost of each student to Government has decreased in Government Colleges from Rs. 147-13 to Rs. 145-11. The cost per annum of collegiate instruction generally has decreased from Rs. 126-11-6 to Rs. 124-0-11 per head. The cost of the whole number of collegiate students for the past five years may be exhibited as follows:—

	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Average cost of each student in a college in Bengal	124	138	129	127	124
The Government share thereof ...	50	55	52	52	50

The B or Science Course.

9. The number of candidates who took up the A or Literature Course has risen this year from 967 to 987, while that of the students of the B or Science Course increased from 182 to 220. The increase in the former case has been two per cent.; in the latter about 21; thus showing the growing popularity of the B Course. On the other hand the percentage of success is 21 in the A Course and 42 in the B Course.

Secondary Education.

10. The main statistics relating to secondary schools for the last five years are contained in the following statement:—

Year.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils.	Public funds.	Private funds.	Total.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1888-89 ...	2,313	200,124	6,01,539	19,34,506	26,36,045
1889-90 ...	2,366	201,452	6,08,294	20,11,672	26,19,966
1890-91 ...	2,393	199,105	6,11,046	20,62,859	26,73,905
1891-92 ...	2,285	194,178	5,94,846	20,87,904	26,82,750
1892-93 ...	2,326	198,270	5,90,493	20,92,642	26,83,135

Secondary schools of all classes taken together have advanced from 2,285 in 1891-92 to 2,326 in 1892-93, or by 1·8 per cent., and their pupils from 194,178 to 198,270, or by 2·1 per cent. There has been a decrease of one school in High English Schools, but a gain of 1,158 pupils. Middle English schools have increased by 25 and their pupils by 887, while Middle Vernacular schools have increased by 17 and their pupils by 2,047. In the preceding year the expenditure on 2,285 schools was Rs. 26,82,750, of which Rs. 5,94,846 were contributed from public funds, and Rs. 20,87,904 were raised from private sources. This year Rs. 5,90,493 were raised from public funds, or a decrease of Rs. 4,353, and Rs. 20,92,642 from private funds, or an increase of Rs. 4,738. The increase in the number of schools without a corresponding increase in the expenditure from public funds is no doubt a subject of congratulation, and the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that the economy exercised in the distribution of grants-in-aid by the Education Department, as well as the District Boards, has had an entirely wholesome effect. At the University Entrance Examination, 2,915 boys passed out of 4,365 candidates against 1,626 boys out of 4,046 candidates in 1892. The number of candidates increased from 4,046 to 4,365, or by 8 per cent. only; the number passed has risen from 1,626 to 2,915, or by 80 per cent. The percentage of successful candidates from schools was 25 in 1889, rose to 50 in the next year, fell off to 40 in the two following years, and has now reached 67. Judging from general results, and from the fact that many schools known to be inefficient obtained a fair measure of success, Dr. Martin has reason for thinking that the last examination was a particularly easy one, and this is said to be the general belief everywhere. The relative position of the different classes of schools remains the same as before, institutions under public management standing at the top, with 81 per cent. of their candidates passed, the Aided schools next with 66 per cent., and the Unaided schools last, with 59 per cent.

Middle class schools.

11. The results of the Middle English and Middle Vernacular Scholarship examinations are better than those of the preceding year. The percentage of success has risen from 52 to 63. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that the result of the Middle Vernacular Scholarship examination is more satisfactory than that of the preceding year, the percentage of success having increased from 50 to 57. His Honour sees much reason in the Director's views expressed in the last part of paragraph 59 of the Report that the vernacular schools of the Dacca Division are being stifled owing to the scholarships being awarded in that division on the aggregate marks obtained, so that students even with a smattering of English get a great advantage over the vernacular candidates, and will be prepared to consider the question when proposals are submitted in a definite form.

Drawing.

12. In accordance with the orders contained in paragraph 11 of the Resolution on the Education Report for the year 1891-92, the Director of Public Instruction has inserted in paragraph 60 of his Report a table showing the progress made in drawing in those Entrance schools in which drawing-masters have been appointed. Out of 13 pupils from nine schools who took up drawing, only two passed, both of whom came from the Hare School, while one candidate passed from the Bogra zilla school which is not provided with a drawing-master. The results are disappointing. The Lieutenant-Governor, however, accepts the Director's view that the giving of due importance to the subject by taking the marks gained in it into account in the award of junior scholarships will in time give it a value which will force it into notice.

Physical training.

13. Almost every high school under the department is supplied with a gymnastic teacher, one teacher sometimes working in a group of schools, two or three months at a time in each school of the group. Many high English schools under private management have followed the example of the zilla schools according to their resources. The middle and primary schools mostly satisfy themselves with indigenous games which, though not costly in their apparatus, are none the less useful in promoting muscular development. The Boards of Nadia and Midnapore are making commendable efforts to introduce physical training in middle and primary schools, and other Boards might follow their example

with advantage. It is noticed with satisfaction that Mr. Growse at Faridpur, Mr. Greer at Tippera, Mr. Oldham, the Commissioner of Chittagong, and the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioners of Chota Nagpur organised inter-school cricket and football matches which they encouraged by their presence, and the Lieutenant-Governor agrees that kindly sympathy like this will do much to popularise games among the pupils. The Society for the higher training of young men, for which a grant of Rs. 100 a month was sanctioned during the year, has given prominence to the question of physical training, but nothing practical has yet been done.

Discipline and moral training.

14. The Lieutenant-Governor observes with pleasure that the Director reports there has been a perceptible change for the better in the *morale* of school-boys, and that serious breaches of discipline and offences against morality were in most divisions very rare (paragraph 61), but His Honour at the same time notices that some very disgraceful cases of breach of discipline and of disrespect towards teachers and other constituted authorities occurred in Noakhali and Backergunge. Many high English schools possess debating clubs, in which students meet for self-improvement, under the presidency of one or other of the teachers. If properly controlled such clubs serve an useful purpose.

Boarding-houses.

15. The importance of boarding-houses as a powerful factor in promoting school discipline has not been lost sight of. Most Government institutions have attached boarding-houses, in which the pupils live under the charge of one or more of the resident teachers. Schools under private management follow the example of Government schools, whenever their means allow and the exigencies of the localities require such establishments.

Primary education.

16. The fluctuations in the number of the boys receiving primary education during the last five years are shown in the following statement :—

	Upper Primary.		Lower Primary.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
1888-89	3,077	115,485	44,854	982,126
1889-90	3,337	124,568	44,145	960,865
1890-91	3,537	128,537	43,997	942,211
1891-92	3,661	135,371	44,918	987,948
1892-93	3,697	139,726	43,828	983,204

There was a steady advance in the numbers of upper primary schools and pupils, while there was a loss of 1,090 lower primary schools and of 4744 pupils. The fluctuations in the numerical statistics of lower primary schools originated, as explained by Dr. Martin, from different causes, viz., the state of the public health, the price of food-grains, floods or drought—in fact all the agricultural circumstances of the year; but, allowing for these considerations, it is still unsatisfactory to find that there has been little or no progress in primary education during the past five years. In a country in which only one boy in every four of a school-going age is learning to read and write and the other three are absolutely illiterate, the statistics of primary education ought not to show merely a few more one year and a few less the next, but they should show increases in all years. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor agrees in the opinion that the loss in primary education during the year points to a decline in efficiency and activity of the inspecting staff, and thinks that, if more money were spent throughout the Province in this branch of education as pointed out in the Resolution on last year's Report, the result would be increased numbers at school. Sir Antony MacDonnell entirely concurs in the remarks made in paragraphs 10 and 15 of the Resolution on last year's Report on this subject.

The expenditure incurred from the primary allotment by the Department and by District Boards on account of schools for native boys and girls, and of

the subsidiary inspecting agency, is compared for the last two years in the following table:—

	From Provincial revenues.		From District funds.		Total.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Stipendiary schools	97,766	1,06,741	1,77,910	1,64,003	2,75,676	2,70,744
Non-stipendiary schools ...	32,075	30,474	2,91,170	2,62,557	3,23,245	2,93,031
Schools abolished before the close of the year	3,897	2,857	7,569	8,900	11,376	11,757
Chief gurus and inspecting pandits	12,263	14,187	78,474	78,265	90,737	92,452
Examination charges ...	1,036	1,147	12,203	11,680	13,239	12,827
Scholarships and prizes ..	7,376	9,652	26,068	27,762	33,444	37,414
Grants for buildings and furniture	7,006	7,006	1,011	1,787	8,017	9,331
Other payments	8,333	8,715	23,361	21,609	31,694	30,324
Total ...	1,69,662	1,81,317	6,17,766	5,76,563	7,87,428	7,57,880
Allotment	1,78,798	1,87,372	6,23,300	6,22,351	8,02,098	8,09,723
Savings	9,136	6,055	5,534	45,788	14,670	51,843

The expenditure from Provincial revenues upon stipendiary schools has increased from Rs. 97,766 to Rs. 1,06,741, while that upon non-stipendiary schools has diminished from Rs. 32,075 to Rs. 30,474. The total district fund expenditure was Rs. 5,76,563 against Rs. 6,17,766, and the savings out of the allotted grants amounted to Rs. 45,788 against Rs. 5,534 for the preceding year. Regarding this large saving the Director explains that the figures of expenditure for the year 1892-93 do not include *uncashed cheques*, and these in many districts came to large amounts.

The direct expenditure on primary schools, including the charges for those abolished during the year, was Rs. 5,75,532, or 76 per cent. of the total against Rs. 6,10,297, or 78·5 per cent. in the preceding year. This means that comparatively larger sums were expended during the year under report on such indirect heads as chief gurus, scholarships, prizes, buildings, furniture, &c.

The number of stipendiary schools aided from the primary fund has remained much the same as in the previous year, viz., 6,252 against 6,244, while that of non-stipendiary schools has declined from 34,490 to 31,890, owing partly, as stated above, to the introduction of a minimum allowance for rewards.

The municipal contribution to primary schools for boys and girls was raised from Rs. 24,984 o Rs.32,916. This is satisfactory as indicating that Municipalities are becoming more alive to the importance of providing for the education of the poor. Dr. Martin says that there is a diversity of practice with regard to the administration of these grants; in some Municipalities they are made over to the department for expenditure; in others they are distributed by the Commissioners themselves without ctonsulting the Department. The Lieutenant-Governor concurs with the Direcor of Public Instruction in thinking that the former practice should be enforced: for unlessthis is done, much of the money will be frittered away, or left unspent.

The views of Government as to the financial responsibility of Municipalities in regard to primary education were defined during the year. The principle adopted was that Municipalities should provide for the primary education of at least half the boys of a school-going age within their areas. It was calculated that this would cost them on an average about 3·2 per cent. of their ordinary income, and it was decided that those municipalities which were unable to set aside so large a proportion of their funds during the current year should receive assistance from Government. In future it is hoped that all municipalities will make arrangements to comply with the wishes of Government in this respect. The result of this policy when carried out will be a considerable increase in the funds set apart for primary schools, and a corresponding increase in the number of schools and of pupils attending them. The Chairmen of municipalities have been recommended to take measures for opening the required number of schools from the 1st April 1894.

When due provision has been made for the required number of primary schools, but not before, any further sum which a municipality is desirous of expending on secondary education can be so devoted.

17. The following table exhibits by divisions the apportionment of the primary allotments between upper and lower primary schools, and the direct expenditure upon them:—

Primary schools.

Divisions.	Allotment.	Expenditure.		Number of schools.		Number of pupils.		Cost per school.		Cost per pupil.	
		Upper.	Lower.	Upper.	Lower.	Upper.	Lower.	Upper.	Lower.	Upper.	Lower.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Presidency	85,574	19,929	58,714	410	3,882	16,071	109,739	48·6	15·1	19·8	8·5
Calcutta	9,172	877	6,908	13	182	717	8,565	67	37·9	19·5	12·9
Burdwan	1,16,036	31,105	60,157	725	7,960	26,785	200,101	42·8	7·56	18·57	4·81
Rajshahi	77,673	21,921	44,703	421	2,224	14,687	55,457	52	28·1	24·5	12·8
Dacca	86,351	23,822	44,390	590	4,063	20,730	96,209	40·2	10·9	18·3	7·3
Chittagong ...	70,915	17,681	30,476	423	4,627	17,169	101,328	41·7	6·6	16·4	4·8
Patna	85,216	16,441	48,475	177	4,982	8,816	108,087	92·9	9·7	29·8	7·1
Bhagalpur	66,144	13,478	33,994	187	1,874	8,011	43,064	72	18·1	26·9	12·6
Chota Nagpur ...	61,818	7,228	44,240	94	1,023	4,240	45,616	76·2	27·2	27·3	15·5
Orissa	49,948	11,756	25,238	244	3,302	6,683	53,439	48·1	7·6	28·1	7·5
Orissa Tributary Mahals.	2,800	60	1,569	1	134	18	1,672	60	12·5	53·3	15
Total ...	7,21,647	1,64,308	3,98,864	3,285	34,852	123,927	823,907	50	11·4	21·2	7·7

The ratio of expenditure on the two classes of institutions, upper and lower primary, varies from district to district, the rule being that as the payment-by-result system is more largely introduced in the districts of a division, the cost of upper primaries increases proportionately.

In paragraph 74 of his Report the Director has given a table showing the number of pupils in each district in the different stages of primary instruction, and comparing their relative positions with reference to the progress made in this respect.

The table has been recast in conformity with the wishes of Government as expressed in paragraph 17 of the Resolution on the last Annual Report. There are now two standards of comparison—one based on the stages of progress attained, and the other on the number of pupils in the different stages of primary instruction put together. The former may be called the merit-mark system, determined as before by assigning five marks to each pupil in the upper primary or the highest stage, three marks for each pupil in the lower primary stage, and one mark for each pupil who reads printed books. These marks roughly represent the years a pupil of average intelligence takes to reach the different stages. The second test compares the progress of the different districts by ascertaining the ratio of the number of pupils in the primary stages to the total population of school-going age. To this second test allusion has been made in a few remarks entered at the foot of the statement, but no attempt is made to explain the extraordinary difference between the percentages between different districts of the same division and between different divisions. Why is it that 47 per cent. of the boys of a school-going age are undergoing primary education in the Burdwan Division and only 24 per cent. in Dacca, and why again is it that 26 per cent. of the boys of the Patna district are at primary schools and only 7·8 per cent. of them in Shahabad?

Primary scholarships.

18. The standard of the results of the Upper Primary Scholarship examination for boys, *i.e.*, candidates from upper primary schools, including private students as given in the table in paragraph 80 of the report, shows the result more favourable than in the preceding year. Out of 2,460 schools which sent up pupils to this examination, 1,694, or 68·8 per cent., were successful, against 1,493 out of 2,381, or 62·7 per cent., in the year before. The results of the corresponding Lower Primary Scholarship examination show that the number of competing schools increased from 10,001 to 10,597, but that of successful schools declined from 7,244 to 6,923, or from 72·4 to 65·3. The percentage has gone down in almost all the Divisions, and the cause of this decline should be more carefully looked into by the Inspectors and their subordinates.

Mr. Stack, Inspector of Schools, Bihar Circle, writes:—

"Another very important consideration arises here connected with the variation of the maximum limit of rewards that can be earned by gurus in different districts. In Patna, Muzaffarpur, and some others this has been fixed at Rs. 40, whereas elsewhere in the Division it exceeds that limit. It has been found that there are gurus within the area restricted to the forty-rupee maximum who could earn this maximum fully, or very nearly by successful results obtained at *situ and examinations by the A and B standards* only, and who therefore are averse to the additional trouble and expense involved in attending distant examinations at lower primary centres, where no further reward is to be gained. Hence this circumstance

operates adversely in some cases to the attainment of a high standard of results, and the question of the maximum is worthy, therefore, of further consideration by District Boards, who might in consultation arrive at a suitable scale of maximum reward, which would constitute an *inter-Board maximum for the Division.*"

The Lieutenant-Governor thinks this proposal may be adopted—at all events as a provisional arrangement, especially as measures are being taken to hold the lower primary examinations in the districts of each division with the same set of questions.

Dr. Martin writes—

"It would seem that in some districts non-stipendiary upper primary schools are not admitted to the reward examination beyond the standards A and B, the two lowest in a primary school. This does not seem equitable, and it sets a premium on poor work by holding out no encouragement for anything higher. Thus in the 24-Parganas, upper primary schools have declined, owing, as the Deputy Inspector says, to the wholesale withdrawal of fixed stipends from them, and to the rule that they must not earn rewards by any standards higher than A and B. There are four well-defined stages of progress in a fully organised primary school, viz., the A and the B standards, the lower primary scholarship standard, and the upper primary standard; and it is highly desirable that each standard should have an adequate value set upon it. If payment is made for the two lowest stages only, few gurus will attempt to raise their schools to a higher level, when the chief incentive for higher work is gone."

The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Director that in the case of upper primaries the question of fixing a maximum should be restricted to the A and B standards only, and that every guru of a non-stipendiary upper primary school, who passes pupils by the higher standards, should be rewarded with additional grants. The adoption of this principle will, His Honour trusts, have the effect of raising the tone of these pathsalas.

Special Instruction.

19. Under the head of Special Instruction are included training schools for teachers and all institutions for professional, technical and industrial education. The number of training schools for masters, mistresses and gurus advanced from 205 to 267 and their pupils from 1,943 to 2,382, and it is satisfactory to notice that this advance was chiefly in the Patna, Bhagalpur, and Dacca Divisions, in which primary education is very backward. The expenditure from Provincial revenues increased from Rs. 83,198 to Rs. 84,597, or by Rs. 1,399, while the total expenditure decreased from Rs. 1,16,703 to Rs. 1,13,380. The expenditure from Provincial revenues in the Government training schools for masters increased from Rs. 67,485 to Rs. 70,591. This is to a great extent due to the employment of drawing-masters and the opening, for the first time during the year, of drawing classes with the necessary apparatus in these institutions.

The results of the Vernacular Mastership examination for pupils of first and second grade training schools and for private candidates show 444 as having successfully passed out of 621 candidates, but are somewhat less favourable than last year: only 110 men have been granted first grade certificates after the three years' course and may be regarded as having cost Rs. 65,211 or Rs. 593 each. From the figures supplied, it appears that in 1,012 middle vernacular schools for boys and girls there were only 895 head-masters (this results from one man having under the Circle system to look after two or three schools in some instances) and 1,872 other teachers. It is satisfactory to observe that of the former no less than 700 were holders of Vernacular Mastership Examination Certificates, and no less than 1,330 of the latter might be regarded as having certificates of competency, while the rest were remnants of the old class teachers or local men employed on low pay. Of 3,550 head-gurus in upper primary schools, 2,629 may be regarded as having ample qualifications, and of 1,298 junior gurus, 602, together with a proportion of 569 others, may also be held to be competent. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Director that there is no difficulty in finding locally all the teachers who are needed for schools of this class.

In paragraph 19 of the Resolution on the report for the year 1891-92, directions were given to "have the whole system of these (training) schools carefully reviewed by the Inspectors." After quoting the opinions expressed by Mr. Prothero, Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Circle, Babu Dinanath Sen, Officiating Inspector of Schools, Eastern Circle, and Rai Radhika Prasanna Mookerjea, Bahadur, Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle, Dr. Martin observes:—

"I think the training schools in Calcutta and Dacca might be converted into *training colleges* somewhat upon the lines suggested by Babu Dina Nath Sen, and I believe this could be done without increasing expenditure. The school at Hooghly, in spite of its apparent popularity, might be gradually reduced from its present status, and in a few years it might be abandoned

altogether, its teaching staff being absorbed into the establishments of zilla schools. The schools at Rangpur, Patna, Ranchi, and Cuttack might remain somewhat as they are for some years to come. In these outlying places there is still a need of schools of the kind for the training of teachers who may be employed either as head pandits of middle class schools or as inspecting pandits to help to supervise the work done in the upper and lower primary schools. As regards the school at Chittagong a difficulty arises. On the one hand it might be regarded as a necessity from its being situated in such an outlying district; on the other the Assistant Inspector of Chittagong in referring to its loss of numbers (from 67 to 51) remarks: This is due not to the unpopularity of the school, but to its unusual success at the final examinations during the last two years, when it turned out more pandits than the Division had need of. The supply having exceeded the demand, there was a dead-lock in appointments producing a discouraging effect.' The opinion of the Commissioner of the Division is summed up in the following words:—'A training school in this Division, except in the Hill Tracts, is now an anachronism.'"

An expression of Sir Alfred Croft's opinion in the matter will be awaited.

The scheme of attaching guru classes to certain middle schools in each district is said to have worked with varying success in the different circles and divisions. Altogether 1,171 gurus are reported to have received some kind of education in middle class schools at a cost of Rs. 6,473. Of these, only 91 were subsequently able to pass any departmental examinations, so that for each pass obtained (a Middle Vernacular pass being the highest) about Rs. 70 were paid by Government. Dr. Martin does not approve this system. He considers that the question is one upon which the special opinion of each experienced inspecting officer of the Department should be obtained. The Lieutenant-Governor would be glad to be furnished with a special report on the subject.

20. The "Other schools of special instruction," including all institutions and departments teaching Law, Medicine, Engineering, the Calcutta School of Art, industrial schools and other schools of a special character, are shown in the following statement:—

				EXPENDITURE.						AVERAGE ANNUAL COST OF EDUCATING EACH PUPIL.	
				FROM PUBLIC FUNDS.			FROM PRIVATE FUNDS.				
	Number of Institutions.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1893.	Average monthly roll, &c.	From Provincial Revenues.	From District Funds.	From Municipal Funds.	From fees and fines.	From other sources.	Total.	Cost to Public Funds.	Total cost.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
I. Law—											
Government Law Schools	6	57	71	—469	......	......	7,162	479	7,172	......	101 2 0
Municipal ditto ...	1	4	4	......	......	......	251	......	251	......	62 13 0
Unaided ditto ...	7	427	419	......	......	......	19,394	525	19,919	......	47 8 7
Total Law Schools ...	14	488	494	—469	......	......	26,807	1,004	27,342	......	55 5 6
II. Medicine—											
Medical College, Calcutta	1	281	338	1,74,608	......	......	16,758	......	1,91,366	516 9 5	566 2 9
Government Medical Schools.	4	746	769	91,461	......	......	18,029	1,612	1,11,102	118 14 11	144 7 7
Unaided ditto ...	5	518	575	......	......	......	11,559	2,106	13,665	......	23 11 10
Total Medical Schools ...	10	1,545	1,682	2,66,069	......	......	46,346	3,718	3,16,133	158 2 11	187 15 2
III. Engineering—											
Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	1	278	228	52,150	......	......	10,592	......	62,742	228 11 7	275 2 11
Government Survey Schools.	3	475	472	6,828	......	......	7,732	......	14,560	14 7 5	30 13 6
Unaided ditto ...	1	11	10	......	......	......	52	32	84	......	8 6 4
Total Engineering Schools	5	764	710	58,978	......	......	18,376	32	77,386	83 1 0	108 15 10
IV. Art and Industry—											
Government School of Art.	1	198	197	25,171	......	......	4,751	......	29,922	127 12 4	151 14 2
Government Industrial School.	3	29	32	2,056	......	......	......	1,421	3,477	64 4 0	108 10 6
Board ditto ...	6	196	171	1,205	7,596	......	585	2,343	11,729	51 7 5	68 9 5
Aided ditto ...	7	294	334	1,542	650	390	950	3,700	7,232	7 11 8	21 10 5
Unaided ditto ...	5	198	188	......	......	......	......	16,790	16,790	......	89 4 11
Total Art Schools ...	22	915	922	29,974	8,246	390	6,286	24,254	69,150	41 14 0	75 0 0
V. Other Schools of Special Instruction—											
Government School ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Municipal " ...	1	21	20	......	......	298	......	......	298	......	14 14 4
Aided " ...	7	264	245	643	86	157	426	3,516	4,828	3 9 10	19 11 3
Unaided " ...	5	162	149	......	......	......	215	411	626	......	4 3 2
Total ...	13	447	414	643	86	455	641	3,927	5,752	2 13 9	13 14 8

The following table exhibits the fluctuations in the numbers of the students reading for the chief professions:—

YEAR.	Law.	Medicine.	Engineering.	Arts and Industry.	Other special schools.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1888-89	935	999	518	651	172	3,275
1889-90	912	1,016	652	795	611	3,986
1890-91	1,025	1,184	703	753	550	4,215
1891-92	563	1,290	661	853	559	3,926
1892-93	488	1,545	764	915	447	4,159

The decrease in the number of Law students continues. One reason is the recent changes in the regulations for the B.L. and Pleadership examinations, and another is that students have begun to see that the native Bar is already crowded. The increase in the number of medical pupils is attributable to the opening of a new school in the Dacca Division. One of the Homœopathic schools in Calcutta, which was returned last year, has not been returned this year. The total expenditure of the Medical College was Rs. 1,91,366 against Rs. 2,05,206 in the preceding year, of which Rs. 16,758 against Rs. 12,140 were raised from fees, and the rest paid by Government. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor notes with much satisfaction the increase in the number of students of the "Engineering" and "Arts and Industry" classes which Sir Antony MacDonnell like Sir Charles Elliott desires heartily to encourage. So great is the demand for trained apprentices in the Sibpur College now-a-days, that it is sometimes unavoidable to issue certificates before the complete course has been gone through. The Principal writes—

"As a consequence of my inability to supply fully qualified men for vacant appointments, I have been compelled to recommend partially trained men * * * As many as 39 partial certificates have been issued (during the year under report) to apprentices who accepted employment before the completion of their full course. This shows that the demand for the class of labour is greater than our present supply, and I hope that the attainments of the partially trained men will be found to be up to the standard of the appointments they have been recommended for."

The number of students admitted to the Engineer class was 41 against 28, and that to the apprentice class was 66 against 33. The total admission during the year was 107 against 61 in the preceding year. At the B.E. and L.E. Examinations held in July 1892, 14 candidates competed, of whom 6 or 43 per cent. passed, against 5 in the preceding year. The number of candidates in the F.E Examination was 14, of whom 11 or 79 per cent. were successful against 4 in the year efore.

The proposal to establish an artizan class is under consideration, but no arrangements can be made unless more accommodation is provided in the College. The European students of the College are encouraged to join the Volunteer corps. The College corps was amalgamated during the year with that of the East Indian Railway and formed into an Engineer Company. A class for photography has recently been opened. The total expenditure of the College, exclusive of the workshop, was Rs. 62,742, of which Rs. 10,592 were raised from fees and the rest paid by Government. Of the 43 pupils in the Cuttack Survey School on the 31st March 1893, 23 only were natives of Orissa. The decrease in the number of Uriya students is attributed to the lack of efficient practical training, for want of which even passed students, it is said, are found to be almost useless when they are first taken into Government service, so that, in times when there is a normal demand (for passed students), difficulty is experienced in obtaining employment. The Lieutenant-Governor does not accept this explanation. The difficulties in connection with practical training are no greater in Cuttack than in the Dacca Survey School, where the number of pupils rose from 268 to 318, and where the demand for passed students exceeds the supply. In Orissa, which was recently brought under survey, there ought to be no want of demand for surveyors. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor thinks that the Directors of Survey and of Land Records might with advantage visit this and other survey schools and offer such suggestions as may be necessary to increase their efficiency. The School of Art, in which the artistic and decorative industries

of Bengal are concentrated, more than maintained its position by attracting 198 pupils against 181 in the preceding year. The school was removed to the new premises in Chowringhee during the year. Seven students of the school were employed during the year as teachers of drawing, and three as draftsmen, in the Indian and Geological Museums. Arrangements were also made with the Office of the Survey of India for a number of specially trained students to be admitted annually as probationers in the drawing office, the pay commencing at Rs. 20 and rising to Rs 120 a month. The total expenditure on the institution was Rs. 29,922, of which the Government share was Rs. 25,171 against Rs. 27,352 in the previous year. The Government School at Ranchi made some progress in blacksmith's and carpenter's work during the year. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 3,276, of which Rs. 1,882 (against Rs. 1,555 in the preceding year) were paid by Government.

The Bihar Industrial School was opened during the year. The total capital of this school is Rs. 2,50,411, of which Rs. 2,39,900 is invested in Government securities and Rs. 10,511 deposited in the Bank of Bengal. The monthly establishment charges amount to Rs. 182, and the total cost came to Rs. 16,011, the chief portion of which was devoted to the erection of a building. The institution had 32 pupils on the rolls, divided into two departments—the apprentice with 20 pupils and the artizan with 12. Twenty-five of the pupils received stipends varying from Rs. 7 to Rs. 3 a month. The course of instruction includes arithmetic, algebra, Euclid, drawing and carpentry. The management is vested in a Committee with the Commissioner of the Patna Division as President. A new industrial school was opened during the year at Pabna, the Comilla artizan school was brought on to the books of the department, and a new technical school was opened at Noakhali.

The Lieutenant-Governor has read with pleasure Dr. Martin's conclusion that District Boards and other local Educational authorities are becoming alive to the importance of technical education, and that year after year not only has there been an advance in the number of such schools, but a steady endeavour to place the existing ones on a better footing. Sir Antony MacDonnell hopes that this is only the beginning of a great movement. Higher education has now taken such firm root in Bengal that it has ceased to require from Government the same fostering care as formerly. The educational authorities should now pay special attention to the preparation of the youth of the country for new industrial and scientific pursuits and to the fostering of primary education among the poorer classes.

21. At the beginning of the official year, Mr. Slater, Principal of the Sibpur College, was authorised to visit the outlying industrial schools in order to introduce some uniformity of system into their course of instruction, so as to prepare them gradually for affiliation. Mr. Slater inspected the following institutions:—

(1) Bihar Industrial School (2 visits).
(2) Calcutta ditto ditto.
(3) Giridhi ditto.
(4) Ranchi ditto.
(5) Patna Survey School (2 visits).
(6) Dacca ditto.
(7) Rangpur Technical School.
(8) Mymensingh Technical School.
(9) Hazaribagh Reformatory.

He sums up his conclusions as follows:—

"In the present state of their finances they (these mufassal schools) can never rise above the standard of what I may call primary industrial schools, if they have to purchase machinery at market prices. Their funds are sufficient to enable them to employ a fairly competent head-master (generally an ex-apprentice of this College), and equip a carpenter's and blacksmith's shop. As feeders to a Central Technical College, such schools are invaluable from an industrial point of view; as separate institutions, with no further means of training their more advanced students, they must fail. The experiment has been tried unsuccessfully before, and I am convinced the recently established schools will meet with the same fate unless they are affiliated to an institution that can give a more advanced and complete training. This problem, therefore, of the training of students on a technical basis is a pressing one, if the present movement is to be successful. All my advice to the management of these schools has been based on the understanding that Government desired to place the Sibpur College on such a

footing as to enable it to receive and complete the training of these students from the primary schools. The only other suggestion I could have offered was that the movement should be suppressed as it was certain to fail. The schools I have visited have most readily accepted the suggestion as the only one on which their schools could progress, and I am now hampered with the prospect of these schools asking us to admit their students, and our being obliged to refuse on the ground of inadequate accommodation. My proposal for the proper encouragement of technical education in Bengal is a very simple one, and, if carried out on the lines I advocate, has the additional advantage of being cheap. All I ask for is (I) the affiliation to the Sibpur College of such primary industrial schools as desire this affiliation; (II) the necessary equipment and accommodation in the College to enable me to receive these students. At present the accommodation both in the College and workshops is inadequate for our present requirements, and sufficient accommodation could not be provided under a cost of about three lakhs of rupees. This cost is prohibitive in the present financial position of Government, so I propose to utilise the existing workshops solely for instructive purposes. Their area is sufficient for every purpose I require, and their only cost to the State would be their adaptation to their new requirements. * * * If the shops are given over for educational purposes, a new era in technical education will open out in Bengal."

If it lay with Sir Antony MacDonnell to decide whether the Sibpur Workshops should remain under the control of the Public Works Department or be transferred to the Educational Department, he would have no hesitation in deciding in favour of the transfer. Under the Public Works Department the Workshops serve no substantial purpose, while they compete with private enterprise. Under the Educational Department they would form a necessary and most valuable adjunct to a broad scheme of technical instruction for the Province.

The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to notice that some of the District Boards have created scholarships for the encouragement of industrial studies.

Female education.

22. The progress of female education, in its main statistical aspects, is exhibited in the following table:—

Class of Schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1893.	Average number on the rolls monthly.	Average daily attendance.	Expenditure. From public funds. Provincial Revenue.	District Funds.	Municipal Funds.	From private funds. Fees.	Other sources.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Managed by Government.	2	240	218	182	21,326	......	129	2,807	311	2,,564
Do. by District or Municipal Boards.	6	256	248	166	364	......	1,431	16	35	1,846
Aided by Government or by District or Municipal Boards.	2,440	49,707	45,615	34,689	74,270	29,236	8,971	24,720	1,70,665	3,07,853
Unaided	373	6,376	5,818	4,601	......	......	......	3,188	14,285	17,473
Total ...	2,821	56,579	51,899	39,638	95,960	29,236	10,522	30,731	1,85,296	3,51,735
						1,35,708		2,16,027		
1888-89	2,302	47,888				1,21,108		1,88,915		
1889-90	2,153	45,690				1,20,171		2,06,788		
1890-91	2,238	46,143				1,26,520		2,24,567		
1891-92	2,706	54,199				1,31,093		2,23,976		

There was a material advance in female education. The number of girls' schools increased from 2,706 to 2,821, and their pupils from 54,199 to 56,579. The number of girls in boys' schools also increased from 32,749 to 34,200. The net gain of schools was therefore 115, and of pupils 3,831. The only Government schools are the school department of the Bethune College and the Eden Female School in Dacca. It is satisfactory to see that, though the number of girls increased, the total expenditure decreased by Rs. 3,334. The cost of the schools under all the different heads except "Other sources" shows an increase which is in keeping with the increase in the number of schools and of pupils. The *Bethune School* passed two girls at the last Entrance examination, but the number of girls sent up has not been mentioned; the Dacca Female School sent up two, of whom one passed. Mrs. Wheeler, the Inspectress of Schools, furnished examination returns of 5,537 pupils; the number of schools examined by her was 104, of which 46 are in Calcutta. In Calcutta there were 150 primary girls' schools with 5,872 pupils against 162 schools with

5516 pupils in the preceding year. Arrangements have recently been made and rules framed under which the grants to schools in and near Calcutta will be revised, so as to bring them to some extent into proportion with the actual work done. The special standards for girls' scholarships that were originally decided for Calcutta and its neighbourhood could not be largely extended to the mufassal for want of funds. It is a matter for congratulation to read that, in the last examination under these standards, out of 276 examinees, 236 passed against 175 out of 292 in the preceding year.

Education of Europeans.

23. Though the total number of schools remained unchanged, there was an increase of 346 scholars attending European schools in Bengal during the year, and, with the exception of a slight falling off in 1886, the number has steadily increased since 1883, as the following figures will show:—

YEAR.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.
Number of schools	5,578	5,955	6,389	6,098	6,391	6,541	6,682	6,710	6,829	7,098	7,444

The Government Boarding School at Kurseong had 86 students instead of 90; the Government expenditure has been reduced by Rs. 1,900. The average cost per scholar (Rs. 152) was less than that of the preceding year, (Rs. 180). The 27 schools under Roman Catholic management afforded education to 3,968, and the 14 Church of England schools to 1,750 children, out of 7,444 above mentioned, the remainder belonging to other denominations. The total cost of European education was Rs. 10,84,680, of which Government paid Rs. 1,70,798. Government sanctioned during the year Mr. Bamford's proposals, (1) that all the aided schools in Bengal should receive grants dependent upon the average attendance of scholars instead of upon examination results, and (2) that frequent supervision by the Inspector should supersede the annual examination. These changes will give the Inspector freedom to employ the best methods for investigating the character of the teacher's work, and enable him to spend a much greater portion of his time actually in the schools, thus affording him increased opportunity for giving help and supervision where it is needed. The number of candidates from European schools for the University Entrance examination increased from 106 to 154, and the number of successful candidates from 52 to 126. The percentage of successful candidates rose from 49·1 to 81·8. The number of schools upon the special list of those in receipt of fixed annual grants is the same (five) as in previous year. All these schools were examined during the year on the collective system (*i.e.*, the classes as a whole were tested instead of each individual scholar), and were all found to be doing good work.

Muhammadan education.

24. The total number of Muhammadan pupils decreased from 448,847 to 447,485, or by 1,362, and the percentage from 29·2 to 29·1. In public institutions the Muhammadan pupils increased by 4,430. A large increase, viz. by 3,094 Muhammadan pupils, took place in the upper primary schools. The private institutions sustained a loss of 5,792 Muhammadan pupils. In advanced private schools there was a loss of 1,793 Muhammadan pupils, while in the elementary schools there was a gain of 2,753. In other schools not coming up to departmental standards, there was a loss of 56 pupils. The actual expenditure of the Mohsin Fund exceeded the estimates which amounted to Rs. 66,654 by Rs. 777. The number of Muhammadan candidates successful at the University examination for the last five years is shown as follows:—

	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.
Entrance	54	125	110	85	172
First Arts	21	57	16	47	35
Bachelors of Arts	18	21	12	14	23
Masters of Arts	1	3	2	2	

The number of passes gained by Muhammadan candidates was greater in 1892-93 than in the preceding year at all the examinations except the First Examination in Arts. The percentages also of Muhammadans among successful candidates advanced except in the case of the First Arts Examination. The Lieutenant-Governor considers that, though these results show some

slight improvement, they are disappointing when the proportion which the Muhammadan element bears to the total population is considered. The ratio per cent. of Muhammadan boys at schools, of all kinds to the total number of Muhammadan boys of a school-going age is 25, against 29 per cent. in the case of Hindus. Of boys receiving secondary education, 81 per cent. are Hindus and only 14 per cent. Muhammadans, while of students receiving collegiate education, 90 per cent. are Hindus and only 5 per cent. Muhammadans.

In the general results of the central examination of the Madrassas 169 out of 313 passed this year, as compared with 224 out of 270 last year. The total number of candidates increased by 43, but the total number of passes diminished by 55. Three of the seven Madrassas are maintained from Provincial revenues; the rest from the Mohsin Fund. The 1,722 pupils at the seven Madrassas cost Government Rs. 25,231, and the total expenditure on their account was Rs. 59,933. Physical training is receiving attention both in the Calcutta and the Nawab of Murshidabad's Madrassas. On the subject of the comparative backwardness of Muhammadans in education, especially of the higher kind, the Director remarks:—

"One of the most depressing influences which have had the effect of discouraging the advance of education among the Muhammadan community arises from the fact that so little has hitherto been done towards giving employment to Musalman gentlemen in the Department of Public Instruction. This is a matter which I have recently brought to the notice of Government in a separate report, so I need not do more than allude to it here. Another matter upon which I wish to make a passing remark is the constitution of the District Boards, upon which in the majority of cases Muhammadans are not represented in such proportions as their numbers would seem to demand. This is a difficulty for which seemingly a remedy might easily be found. The Muhammadan Assistant Inspector for Patna and Bhagalpur Divisions, pointing to the fact that some of the Boards in Bihar 'have no Muhammadan members at all, and some perhaps only one or two,' goes on to say:—'The result has been just what could be anticipated with such imperfect and one-sided representation, so that even in some cases the presence of a European Magistrate-Chairman with all his powers and endeavours cannot do anything to help the cause of Muhammadans and check the growing tendency to retard it.'"

This matter will be separately considered.

Education of aborigines and indigenous education.

25. The aboriginal population of Bengal includes the Sonthals and Kols, Dhangars, Uraons, Pathaliks, Paharis, Indo-Tibetans, Indo-Chinese, Indo-Burmese, besides the tribes on the Assam, Chittagong and Tippera frontiers. The number of pupils of these aboriginal races under tuition increased from 29,657 to 31,712 or by 2,055. The Christians advanced by 964 and the non-Christians by 1,091. The divisions in which the aborigines chiefly live are Burdwan, Bhagalpur and Chota Nagpur. In the first of these there were 3,426, in Bhagalpur 6,231, and in Chota Nagpur 17,579, of whom 4,424 are Christians and 22,812 are non-Christians. The five missions in Chota Nagpur maintained 136 schools as compared with 146 in 1891-92, and the pupils attending them decreased from 4,194 to 3,920 or by 274. The total expenditure on these schools increased from Rs. 33,933 to Rs. 42,063, while the Government expenditure decreased from Rs. 9,435 to Rs. 9,282. The aboriginal pupils gained 133 more passes at the Entrance and other examinations than in the previous year.

Indigenous education.

26. The figures for the last five years under this head are as follows:—

	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
Schools ...	11,709	13,867	13,387	13,868	13,473
Pupils ...	117,284	139,603	132,057	139,594	134,989

The total number of institutions decreased by 395 and the pupils attending them by 4,605. The largest decrease was in the Chittagong Hill Tracts, and is attributed by Mr. Oldham to the fact that foreigners are imported to supervise education. The suggestion of the Commissioner that he should be given the powers of Director in this district should be separately submitted.

The advanced schools for teaching Arabic or Persian decreased by 77 and their pupils by 1,933, while the Sanskrit tols increased by 102, but their pupils diminished by 202. Certain rules were published by Government during the year for the award of Government stipends in the indigenous tols of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, and nine Associations have been empowered to conduct the examination, the same sets of question papers being supplied to each by the Principal of the

Sanskrit College. Under the orders of Government Mahamahopadhyaya Mahesa Chandra Nyayaratna, C.I.E., visited Sanskrit tols in the Cuttack, Puri and Balasore districts. His visit to Orissa proved a success and evoked much enthusiasm in the cause of Sanskrit teaching in that province. Under his auspices three Associations have been established for the promotion of the study of Sanskrit.

The Central Text-Book Committee.

27. The duty of selecting school-books has, since the year 1875, been entrusted to the Central Text-Book Committee, which now consists of 17 members, with Babu Bhudeb Mukherji, C.I.E., as President, and the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle, as *ex-officio* member and Secretary. The Committee received for examination during the year 301 books on different subjects: of these 157 were approved for various purposes, 142 were rejected, and the consideration of two books had to be postponed. Besides the Central Text-Book Committee sitting at Calcutta, there are Branch Committees for Bihar and Orissa. A list of text-books and another of prize books in Hindi and Urdu were approved by the Bihar Text-Book Committee and published for the first time. The Orissa Committee consists of 16 members, of whom only four belong to the Education Department, but it does not appear that its members did any very useful work during the year.

Conclusion.

28. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor desires to thank Dr. C. A. Martin for his efficient administration while in charge of the Department, and cordially agrees in the high eulogium already bestowed by Government on Mr. Tawney for his conspicious services in the cause of education in Bengal.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR THE PRESIDENCY DIVISION FOR 1892-93.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—MISCELLANEOUS No. 2658.

Calcutta, the 21st November 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Annual General Administration Report for the Presidency Division for 1892-93.

Read also—

The Annual General Administration Report for the Presidency Division for 1891-92, and Government Resolution thereon.

Except for the last few weeks of the year, Mr. Beames was in charge of the Division. The report is submitted by Mr. Westmacott, who assumed charge on the 4th March 1893.

Tours.

2. The Commissioner's tour was far short of the prescribed length, and covered only 68 days, to which Mr. Beames contributed 48 and Mr. Westmacott, during the short time he was in charge 20 days. The tour of the Collector of Murshidabad fell short by 13 days; Mr. Kennedy explains that his tour was curtailed by stormy weather in February, and by the necessity for remaining at head-quarters during March to complete the half-yearly inspections; but the Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Commissioner that his explanation is not sufficient: all other district officers found it possible to comply with the orders. All Sub-divisional Officers completed the full period of tour, except the Sub-divisional Officer of Magura, where Mr. Lees was on tour for only 22 days between the 1st April and the 12th December; he then made over charge to Babu Bepin Behari Mookerjee, who was on tour only for 53 days during the remainder of the year. The inspections of the district offices and treasuries, which were punctually made, disclosed no serious irregularities in any district except Nadia, where defects were noticed in the arrangement of the records, and in the dilatory disposal of applications respecting spoiled stamps in the Certificate Department. In the same district the registers of loans under the Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loan Acts were found to be in great disorder, and in consequence a muharrir, who it appears had dishonest reasons for not keeping proper accounts, has been dismissed. The Lieutenant-Governor will be glad to be informed of the name of the Deputy Collector in charge who failed to exercise efficient supervision. The district officers inspected all the sub-divisional offices and treasuries in their respective districts twice during the year in accordance with existing orders.

Weather and crops.

3. The rainfall of the year was greater than that of the previous year in all districts except Nadia, where it was approximately the same. The largest fall, 93·44 inches, was recorded at Canning Town in the 24-Parganas, and the smallest, 34·31 inches, at Akhriganj in Murshidabad. The uneven character of the rainfall affected the outturn of the harvests, which varied considerably not only in different districts, but in different parts of the same district. There were good aus crops in Nadia and Jessore, and a bumper aman crop in the *bagri* tracts of Murshidabad, while in the Jangipur sub-division the crop failed. The *aman* or winter rice was generally below the average, and in parts of Jessore and Khulna it was much below the average. The rabi crops were damaged by excessive rain.

Public Health.

4. The following figures show the total reported mortality in each district for the last three years:—

DISTRICT.	1892.	1891.	1890.	Deaths per mille.		
				1892.	1891.	1890.
24-Parganas ...	48,058	45,785	36,900	25·40	24·19	22·05
Nadia ...	58,686	71,582	32,676	35·69	43·53	19·73
Jessore ...	79,707	76,820	59,531	42·19	40·67	30·69
Murshidabad ...	40,678	40,599	26,438	32·51	32·45	21·55
Khulna ...	37,286	30,713	33,509	31·66	26·07	31·02
Total ...	264,415	265,499	189,054	33·66	33·80	24·9

These statistics, defective as they are, would seem to indicate that public health was on the whole better than in the previous year. The mortality from malarial fever and cholera still seems to be great, and will probably continue so as long as the water-supply, sanitation, and the drainage of the country are not improved. Some steps have been taken towards improving the water-supply in the districts of the 24-Parganas, Jessore, and Khulna.

Material condition of the people.

5. In regard to the material condition of the people, the following remarks are taken from the Commissioner's report:—

"There was no improvement in the condition of the people during the year. It would seem rather to have somewhat deteriorated. The high prices of food-grains which prevailed during the last three years pressed hardly on the landless classes and all persons with small fixed incomes. The agricultural classes did not feel the pinch so much, inasmuch as they had the benefit of better prices for such crops as they harvested. The case was, however, different with the labouring classes, who had no increase in their wages. The condition of the poorer middle classes (*bhodra lok*) was also bad. Their incomes being limited, they found difficulty in maintaining their social position. According to the custom of the country, they spend more than they can afford on marriages and other social ceremonies, and to meet these charges they generally have recourse to the money-lender, with the inevitable result that they ultimately lose such rent-free lands as they may possess. This is evident from the large increase in the number of sales of immovable property, mortgage deeds and bonds for money registered during the year."

The following extract relating to Murshidabad is also of interest:—

"In Murshidabad the condition of the people is said to have been generally good, owing in great measure to the trade in silk. The large number of silk filatures causes a steady demand for labour, and both landless labourers and cultivators make large profits by rearing silkworms. Mr. Kennedy thinks that what distinctly injures the lower classes in some parts of the district is the amount given in charity by rich zamindars, which must materially injure the spring of industry by reducing the need of work. There are in this district always a lot of beggars from other distiets, especially Muhammadans."

In the Diamond Harbour sub-division of the 24-Parganas, there was some distress during the rainy season, and relief was given by the District Board and also by private individuals and charitable institutions. Loans under the Agriculturists Loan's Act were granted to a number of raiyats in this sub-division, and in a few villages in thana Kumarkhali in Nadia, to enable them to tide over any temporary difficulties which they may have experienced.

Emigration.

6. There is no emigration properly so called from any of the districts of this division. There is a large annual influx of labourers from Jessore and Nadia to the Sundurbans and neighbouring districts during the harvest season, but owing to the poor harvests many this year were unable to obtain employment.

Prices.

7. The price of rice, which is the staple food in all the districts of the Division, was higher in the 24-Parganas and Jessore, but lower in Murshidabad, Khulna, and Nadia than in 1891-92. A steady rise is taking place in the price of food-grains in Jessore and Khulna, which the Commissioner attributes to the action of railways and Commerce in bringing about uniformity of prices and to the continued fall in the value of the rupee. As regards the wages of labour, both superior and common, they were almost the same as in the past two years. The Commissioner adds that wages are in a manner fixed by custom in different districts and localities, and the fluctuations in the prices of food-grains have so far had little effect upon them.

Manufactures and Mines.

8. The chief manufactures of this Division are—cotton twist and yarn, gunny-bags, cloth-paper, ice, shell-lac and lac-dye, indigo, silk, sugar, and molasses. The manufacture of cotton twist, gunny-bags, cloth-paper, ice, shell-lac, and lac-dye is confined to the district of the 24-Parganas, in which 49 mills, presses, and factories were at work at the end of the year, against 46 in the previous year. Besides the mills and factories, there are several jute screws, soorkee, and flour mills, and castor-oil presses in the suburbs of Calcutta, and 16 oil mills at Swarupganj in Nadia, but no statistics of their outturn have been furnished. The year was a favourable one for jute and cotton mills.

Indigo is manufactured in the districts of Nadia, Jessore, and Murshidabad. The season was unfavourable, and in all districts the outturn was less than in the preceding year. In Nadia the outturn was only one-third of what it was the year before, and in Jessore nine factories were closed. Though prices were considerably higher, the total value of the indigo produced in the three

districts was only Rs. 12,90,527 in 1892-93, against Rs. 21,69,000 in 1891-92, in which year the value of the produce in Nadia alone was Rs. 12,67,980 against Rs. 5,44.790 in 1892-93. The season was nearly, but not quite, as bad as that of 1890-91.

Silk is manufactured in the districts of the 24-Parganas and Murshidabad; and while the former showed a decrease in the value of the outturn as compared with the previous year, in the latter the outturn showed a satisfactory increase both in the amount and value. There was a considerable increase in the number of silk cloths manufactured at Mirzapur in Jangipur.

Sugar is manufactured on an important scale in Jessore and Khulna, and molasses in Nadia, Murshidabad and Khulna. These industries give promise of expansion.

Trade and Commerce.

9. The volume of trade on the eleven main road routes of the 24-Parganas, the trade of Nadia, and that of the Nadia rivers, appear to have declined. The trade of Jessore is said to be on the increase. The Bengal Central Railway aided by the steamer service has greatly facilitated communication with Calcutta, where the products of the district find a good market. There was a marked increase in the export traffic of Murshidabad, due to a large increase in the exports of rice and of gram and pulses in consequence of high prices elsewhere. In Khulna both the export and import traffic showed improvement.

Civil Justice.

10. The following table shows the work of the Civil Courts during the year:—

District.	Subdivision or chauki.	Description of Court.	Number of officers.	Number of original cases disposed of: Ordinary.	Number of original cases disposed of: Small Cause Court.	Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B: Money.	Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B: Rent.	Details of cases in columns 5A and 5B: Title.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days per cent. of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases pending at end of year per cent. of cases disposed of.
1	2	3	4	5A	5B	6	7	8	9	10	11
24-Parganas ...	Sadar	Munsif	3	4,636	1,304	2,662	2,748	530	6,733	8	14
	Barasat	Do.	2	3,407	1,374	2,145	2,270	366	6,399	12	10
	Baripur	Do.	2	3,484	1,603	2,134	2,696	257	5,853	7	14
	Basirhat	Do.	2½	3,042	1,925	2,661	1,839	467	8,500	21	13
	Diamond Harbour	Do.	3½	5,971	1,017	1,840	4,711	437	8,565	16	10
	Sealdah	Do.	2	2,959	......	1,826	889	244	4,219	14	20
Nadia	Sadar	Munsif	2	1,647	2,310	2,547	1,282	128	6,315	6	8
	Chuadanga ...	Do.	1	1,475	1,621	2,331	702	63	3,038	9	7
	Meherpur	Do.	1	925	1,356	1,813	440	28	2,054	......	2
	Ranaghat	Do.	1½	1,722	1,404	1,780	1,186	160	3,130	17	8
	Kushtea	Do.	2½	3,255	3,854	4,626	2,114	369	10,921	8	5
Jessore	Sadar	Munsif	3	7,157	......	357	6,465	335	6,301	19	7
	Narail	Do.	3½	3,995	1,870	2,549	2,932	384	6,595	8	14
	Magura	Do.	2½	3,843	1,971	2,333	3,177	304	7,509	7	10
	Jhenidah	Do.	2	2,465	1,470	2,002	1,734	199	4,542	1	10
	Bangaon	Do.	1	1,967	1,537	1,865	1,570	89	3,755	2	5
Murshidabad ...	Sadar	Munsif	1½	1,293	1,116	1,446	849	114	3,562	20	15
	Azimganj	Do.	1	1,016	775	1,302	439	50	2,595	9	6
	Jangipur	Do.	1½	2,580	2,094	2,609	1,917	148	4,830	23	10
	Kandi	Do.	2	2,553	1,059	1,525	1,653	434	5,223	11	10
	Lalbag	Do.	1	1,640	809	1,264	1,131	54	2,353	9	9
Khulna	Sadar	Munsif	2	2,928	552	752	2,497	231	4,384	11	9
	Bagerhat	Do.	2½	3,264	1,360	2,027	2,322	275	4,615	29	12
	Satkhira	Do.	3	4,118	1,607	2,163	3,002	470	6,891	21	6
			40½	71,362	33,988	48,559	50,655	6,136	129,200	13	10
		* Total for 1891-92 ...	61½	66,587	38,474	50,673	47,917	6,316	273,940†	12	11

* Includes the figures for Judges and Sub-Judges.

† Shows the number of witnesses who attended.

The number of civil suits disposed of by the Munsifs increased from 81,756 in 1891 to 105,350 in 1892. The proportion of witnesses detained over two days to the total number examined was greatest in Bagerhat in the Khulna district, where the ratio was 29 per cent. The ratio exceeded 20 per cent. in Satkhira, Jangipur, and Backergunge. The proportion of cases pending at the end of the year to the number of cases disposed of was highest in Sealdah.

The Commissioner remarks that suits for money or moveables and rent suits increased in all the districts, the increase being attributed to decrease in the general prosperity of the people occasioned by the partial failure of crops, and consequent difficulty in recovering debts and realizing rents.

Crime, Police, and Criminal Justice.

11. The number of cognizable offences reported in this Division during the year was 15,859 as compared with 15,099 during the previous year, showing an increase of 760 cases. The number of non-cognizable cases was 16,847 against 16,574 in the year before, showing an increase of 273 cases. All districts except Nadia and Khulna contributed to the increase in the number of cognizable cases which was chiefly made up of offences against property, with the addition in the 24-Parganas of offences under the Act for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. The increase in offences against property is ascribed mainly to the high prices of food and the pressure felt by the labouring classes. The following extract is taken from the Commissioner's report:—

"The Magistrate of Jessore reports that as regards his district, the past year was conspicuous for an epidemic of crimes against property in the form of burglaries and dacoities. The district abounds in professional and systematic thieves, who form gangs under known leaders. They belong to various castes and classes, such as Kayasths, Mochees, Bediyas, and Mussalmans. It is stated that the outbreak of crime was most marked in the Sadar subdivision, and to a less degree in the Bangaon subdivision, where there had been a succession of poor harvests, and where the criminal classes are numerous. Special detective officers were deputed to take the dacoity cases in hand, and a fair degree of success is said to have been obtained in bringing the offenders to justice. It is observed that detection is rendered more difficult by the existence of receivers of stolen property, who are to be found in the more respectable classes of society, such as Kayasths, and whom it is very difficult to catch. Systematic efforts were made to check the recurrence of burglaries by binding down bad characters under section 110 of the Criminal Procedure Code and holding the enquiries on the spot. The villagers, it is stated, came forward with alacrity to give their evidence, and the result was that burglaries almost ceased in some of the worst localities. Dacoities could also be stopped at once, if the villagers could only be induced to pursue the robbers with a hue-and-cry, rousing every village through which they pass to take up the pursuit."

Non-cognizable cases increased in all districts except Jessore and Murshidabad.

Police.

12. The conduct of the police in this Division is said to have been on the whole satisfactory. Mr. Brajendra Nath De, however, the Magistrate of Khulna, observes:—

"The conduct of the police was on the whole fair; but I cannot speak favourably of the intelligence or ability of the officers. Only 1 of the 3 Inspectors is a man with detective ability. The Sub-Inspectors are as a class not men of ability, and only a few of them can be thoroughly depended upon. There are only 1 or 2 out of the whole body of 21 that can be promoted to the rank of Inspector. The men who have risen from the rank of head-constable can only rarely be thoroughly depended upon, and many of them appear to be thoroughly worked out and effete before they rise to be Sub-Inspectors. Two outsiders were tried during the year—one a B.A., and the other a man who came from the Inspector-General's office and Mr. Ballard's office with good testimonials, but they have not by any means turned out to be successes. It is scarcely necessary after what I have said about Sub-Inspectors that I should say anything about head-constables. As a class they are apathetic and stupid."

The Commissioner considers that on the whole chaukidars worked well in all districts except Khulna, where they are said to be indolent and apathetic. Many chaukidars are still very poorly paid and in consequence have to work as day-labourers. Their wages however, are paid more punctually than before, except in Nadia, where the state of things in this respect is described as very bad, and an indication, the Commissioner remarks, of the want of a strong and vigorous Magistrate in that district.

Criminal Justice.

13. The following statement shows the work of the criminal courts in the Division by districts:—

Stipendiary.

District.	Subdivision.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average number of cases disposed of per officer.	Average of witnesses examined per case disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of columns 12 to 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
24-Parganas	Sadar	Stipendiary	6½	4,322	4,986	78	8,831	6	14	3,000	3	691	2	·1
	Sealdah	Ditto	1	5,045	5,665	92	2,716	·8	11	4,946	3	5,045	·5	·06
	Dum-Dum	Ditto	1	168	258	48	372	5	......	70	1	168	2	1
	Barrackpore	Ditto	2	296	481	56	1,129	......	18	162	2	148	4	1
	Barasat	Ditto	2	415	574	63	1,174	22	4	169	......	207	3	......
	Basirhat	Ditto	2	396	669	69	1,715	·9	16	173	4	198	4	2
	Diamond Harbour	Ditto	2	958	1,306	59	2,622	5	14	444	9	479	3	2
Nadia	Sadar	Stipendiary	4½	1,674	1,514	68	2,888	6	76	224	7	238	3	3
	Kushtia	Ditto	2	763	1,044	74	2,595	1	74	251	2	381	3	·8
	Meherpur	Ditto	1½	382	564	62	1,131	2	79	111	......	218	3	......
	Chundanga	Ditto	½	87	141	56	306	......	70	30	......	348	3	......
	Ranaghat	Ditto	1	451	665	78	1,255	·2	75	148	......	451	3	......
Jessore	Sadar	Stipendiary	5½	914	1,304	59	6,246	1	69	237	4	174	7	2
	Bangaon	Ditto	1½	519	764	57	1,951	1	65	173	7	415	4	4
	Magura	Ditto	1	402	689	52	2,119	11	87	101	15	402	5	15
	Jhenidah	Ditto	1	258	605	46	1,662	2	65	77	......	258	6	......
	Narail	Ditto	1	353	680	60	1,904	......	60	190	......	353	5	......
Murshidabad	Sadar	Stipendiary	6	848	1,164	58	3,603	7	83	439	40	141	4	11
	Lalbag	Ditto	½	274	347	68	1,601	2	75	......	......	548	6	......
	Jangipur	Ditto	1	553	661	71	1,407	10	59	195	2	553	3	1
	Kandi	Ditto	1	392	553	65	1,700	10	45	206	......	392	4	......
Khulna	Sadar	Stipendiary	4	728	1,098	52	3,601	3	60	193	3	182	5	1
	Bagerhat	Ditto	1	394	861	54	2,617	5	73	192	14	394	7	7
	Satkhira	Ditto	2	565	916	62	2,672	·1	68	261	......	282	5	......
		Total	50¾	20,557	27,509	71	57,817	4	52	11,992	125	405	3	1
		Total for 1891-92	55½	21,737	29,943	70	80,146*	4	69	12,620	387	393	3	3

* Shows the number of witnesses who attended.

Honorary.

District.	Subdivision.	Class of officers.	Number of officers.	Cases disposed of.	Persons disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of persons convicted to disposed of.	Number of witnesses examined.	Ratio per cent. of witnesses detained over two days to total number examined.	Ratio per cent. of cases confirmed in appeal to total appealed.	Number of A cases disposed of.	Number remanded six times and more.	Average of cases disposed of per officer.	Average of witnesses examined per case disposed of.	Ratio per cent. of columns 12 to 11.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
24-Parganas	Sadar	Honorary	3	978	1,079	73	1,754	11	23	79	8	326	2	10
	Sealdah, Baranagore	Ditto	3	1,679	1,837	78	1,320	1	23	......	......	560	1	......
	Dum-Dum	Ditto	1	123	215	52	133	......	......	......	......	123	1	......
	Barrackpore, Garulia	Ditto	3	520	659	65	1,042	......	30	......	......	173	2	......
	Barasat, Naihati, Gobardanga	Ditto	3	200	212	66	452	6	......	......	......	67	2	......
	Basirhat	Ditto	1¾	139	217	33	584	3	20	......	......	79	4	......
	Diamond Harbour	Ditto	2	148	227	29	276	7	66	......	......	74	2	......
	Joynagar	Ditto	1	42	45	77	11	......	......	......	......	42	·3	......
	Rajpur	Ditto	1	542	553	86	544	......	......	......	......	542	1	......
	Baruipur	Ditto	1	71	71	97	87	......	......	......	......	71	1	......
Nadia	Sadar	Honorary	2	533	572	80	722	4	35	6	......	266	1	......
	Kushtia	Ditto	¾	310	460	66	1,326	2	72	76	......	413	4	......
	Meherpur	Ditto	1	43	71	49	170	......	100	10	1	43	4	10
	Chuadanga	Ditto	½	53	55	70	69	27	100	......	......	106	1	......
	Ranaghat	Ditto	3	213	255	62	432	·4	44	2	......	71	2	......
	Navadwipa	Ditto	1	235	235	86	20	......	......	......	......	235	·08	......
	Kumarkhali	Ditto	¼	141	141	96	143	......	......	......	......	564	1	......
	Santipur	Ditto	2	529	564	68	652	......	50	......	......	264	1	......
	Chakdaha	Ditto	1	132	157	63	210	1	40	......	......	132	2	......
	Birnagar	Ditto	1	34	34	94	35	......	......	......	......	34	1	......
Jessore	Sadar	Honorary	2	272	280	85	337	......	75	......	......	136	1	......
	Bangaon	Ditto	1	45	57	53	56	......	......	......	......	45	1	......
	Meherpur	Ditto	1	48	61	90	61	......	......	......	......	48	1	......
	Magura	Ditto	1	32	38	34	115	......	100	......	......	32	4	......
	Jhenida	Ditto	2	29	50	30	110	......	100	......	......	14	4	......
	Kotchandpur	Ditto	1	54	54	87	67	6	......	......	......	54	1	......
	Narail	Ditto	3	70	98	43	168	......	66	......	......	23	2	......
Murshidabad	Sadar	Honorary	2	531	551	67	580	16	93	2	......	265	1	......
	Lalbag	Ditto	1	55	63	79	146	33	100	......	......	55	3	......
	Jangipur	Ditto	1	91	99	52	271	5	......	......	......	91	3	......
	Kandi	Ditto	1	90	114	42	200	37	100	......	......	90	2	......
Khulna	Sadar	Honorary	1½	91	97	33	204	......	100	......	......	52	2	......
	Bagerhat	Ditto	1	151	172	49	323	12	100	7	......	151	2	......
	Satkhira	Ditto	2	193	278	27	239	19	......	......	......	96	1	......
		Total	53	8,417	9,671	68	13,058	5	45	182	9	159	2	1
		Total for 1891-92	40¾	7,115	8,400	71	13,921	4	49	144	6	143	2	1

The average number of cases disposed of by each stipendiary officer was 405, and this number was considerably exceeded in the Sealdah Court of the 24-Parganas, the figures for which must, however, include a large number of petty offences, the number of cases being almost twice as great as the number of witnesses examined. Criminal work appears to be lightest at Barrackpore and at the sadar station of the Murshidabad district. The number of witnesses detained over two days exceeded 10 per cent. of the total number examined at Magura, while at Barasat the ratio was as high as 22 per cent. There was considerable improvement in the promptitude with which A cases were disposed of, the percentage of such cases remanded six times and more being slightly above 1 for the whole division. At Magura, however, the percentage was 15, and at the sadar station of Murshidabad 11, the Commissioner's observation that remands are sometimes granted too readily and for trivial causes being probably applicable to the Magistrates at these places. The number of witnesses to each case was highest in Jessore and Khulna. The figures showing the proportion of cases confirmed on appeal to the total appealed are very low in the 24-Parganas. At several centres 100 per cent. of the decisions appealed against were confirmed, while at others, and especially in the 24-Parganas, the percentages are extremely low. Of 108 cases appealed against, the Magistrates' decisions were confirmed in only 12 in one instance, in only one out of 30 in another instance, and in 7 out of 67 in a third. The figures showing number of decisions confirmed appear to have been compiled on a somewhat different principle to that adopted elsewhere, and do not include appeals rejected after hearing.

Honorary Magistrates disposed of 8,417 cases during the year as compared with 7,115 in the year before. At several centres, where a considerable amount of work was done, no witnesses were detained over two days, but at Lalbag and Kandi in Murshidabad over 30 per cent. of the witnesses examined were so detained, at Chuadanga the percentage was 27, and at Satkhira, Murshidabad (sadar), Bagerhat and 24-Parganas (sadar) it was over 10.

Attendance of Honorary Magistrates.

14. The following table shows the attendance of Honorary Magistrates:—

District.	Number of Honorary Magistrates.	Number of times asked to attend.	Number of times actually attended.	Number of times absent		
				With leave or notice.	Without leave or notice.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
24-Parganas ...	133	2,607	1,755*	413	443	856
Nadia ...	104	1,693	1,794	74	825	899
Jessore ...	96	1,045	633	172	240	412
Murshidabad ...	81	1,155	711	192	252	444
Khulna ...	35	788	569	144	75	219
Total ...	449	8,288	5,462	995	1,835	2,830

* Four days, excess attendance.

The Commissioner makes the following remarks:—

"The great difficulty in giving more extended powers and more important cases to Benches of Honorary Magistrates is the irregularity in attendance, and consequent difficulty in getting the same Bench together a second time to try an adjourned case. It is for this reason, and not from any want of capacity, that the Benches seldom get beyond the trial of petty cases which can be disposed of at one sitting."

Sessions.

15. The following table shows the result of sessions trials :—

District.	Number of cases pending at commencement of the year.	Number continued during the year.	Total for disposal.	Number disposed of.	Number in which convictions obtained.	Number in which sentence modified &c.	Number acquitted by Sessions Judges.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
24-Parganas	35	68	103	96	68	3	23*
Nadia	3	44	47	44	30	......	14
Jessore	13	63	76	52	29	6	14†
Murshidabad	2	35	37	34	22	2	12
Khulna	5	43	48	45	35	9	10

* Five cases otherwise disposed of.
† Three ditto ditto.

Fines.

16. The amount of fines imposed, remitted and collected is given below :—

District.	Balance outstanding at commencement of the year.	Amount imposed during the year.	Total demand.	Amount collected during the year.	Amount remitted or written off during the year.	Total collected and remitted.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
24-Parganas ...	19,151 0 11	62,302 13 7	81,453 14 6	56,882 12 2	10,758 4 6	67,641 0 8	13,812 13 10
Nadia	3,175 4 9	19,166 8 3	22,341 13 0	15,619 3 2	5,032 3 3	20,651 6 5	1,690 6 7
Jessore	3,278 11 0	14,738 9 6	18,017 4 6	12,054 7 0	4,038 3 0	16,092 10 0	1,924 10 6
Murshidabad ...	2,988 2 9	10,145 9 0	13,133 11 9	10,002 11 9	1,337 14 0	11,340 9 9	1,793 2 0
Khulna	3,311 11 9	8,491 6 3	11,803 3 0	8,605 15 3	2,294 8 6	10,898 7 9	904 11 3
Total ...	31,904 15 2	1,14,844 14 7	1,46,749 14 9	1,03,163 1 4	23,461 1 3	1,26,624 2 7	20,125 12 2

Registration.

17. The following table shows the working of registration offices in this Division during the year :—

District.	Class of Registration office.	Number of offices.	Number of documents registered.	Average per office.
1	2	3	4	5
24-Parganas ...	Special	1	4,187	4,187
	Rural	17	68,833	4,049
Nadia ...	Special	1	3,015	3,015
	Rural	10	19,226	1,923
Jessore ...	Special	1	6,477	6,477
	Rural	18	76,443	4,247
Murshidabad ...	Special	1	1,540	1,540
	Rural	5	9,775	1,955
Khulna ...	Special	1	7,254	7,254
	Rural	11	32,808	2,982
Total ...	Special	5	22,473	4,495
	Rural	61	207,085	3,395
Total for 1891-92 ...	Special	5	21,116	4,223
	Rural	61	180,397	2,957

The increase in the number of registrations which occurred chiefly under the heads of sales, mortgages, and bonds is common to all the districts, and is attributed partly to the fact that circumstances compelled many among the lower classes of people to sell or mortgage their petty holdings, and partly, it is said, to the increasing popularity of the registration system.

18. The demand, collection, and balance of Land Revenue, Road cess, and Zamindari Dâk cess in each district are shown in the following table, the three classes of estates against Land Revenue being—

Land revenue.

I.—Permanently-settled estates.
II.—Temporarily-settled estates.
III.—Estates held direct by Government.

District.	Class of demand.	Class of estates.	Number of estates.	Demand. Current.	Demand. Arrear.	Collections of 1892-93. Current.	Collections of 1892-93. Arrear.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Current.	Balance on 1st April 1893. Arrear.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
24-Parganas...	Land revenue ...	I	1,591	12,76,965	4,131	12,58,400	4,131	12,565	......	
		II	156	79,177	3,390	71,282	3,095	7,872	120	Rs. 198 remitted.
		III	45	2,58,245	40,721	2,16,208	18,736	39,916	19,394	,, 4,712 do.
			1,792	16,08,387	48,242	15,45,890	25,962	68,353	19,514	
	Road cess ...	Estates	2,551	2,12,022	24,403	1,85,670	24,162	26,352	238	,, 3 do.
		Rent-free tenures ...	11,229	22,141	12,819	14,607	9,758	7,534	2,927	,, 134 do.*
		Hâts and fairs ...	221	2,525	......	1,910	......	594	......	,, 21 do.
	Zamindari dâk ...	Estates	1,616	6,607	1,078	6,482	894	125	184	
		Total ...	......	18,51,682	86,542	17,54,559	60,776	94,958	22,863	
Nadia ...	Land revenue ...	I	2,196	8,15,252	1,727	8,13,590	1,727	1,662	......	
		II	230	66,865	4,108	64,654	2,857	2,211	414	,, 837 do.
		III	39	15,928	2,170	14,017	1,649	1,911	342	,, 179 do.
			2,465	8,98,045	8,005	8,92,261	6,233	5,784	756	
	Road cess ...	Estates	2,893	1,16,143	6,615	1,10,533	6,604	5,579	11	,, 29 do.
		Rent-free tenures ...	7,079	11,529	934	10,204	864	1,319	68	,, 6 do.
	Zamindari dâk ...	......	722	9,098	102	7,780	86	1,860	1	,, 73 do.
		Total ...	......	10,35,415	15,654	10,20,780	13,787	14,542	836	
Jessore ...	Land revenue ...	I	2,421	8,50,227	5,618	8,46,287	5,565	3,940	53	
		II	89	3,777	1,819	2,682	1,677	1,011	57	,, 169 do.
		III	73	4,739	799	4,147	651	592	93	,, 55 do.
			2,583	8,58,743	8,236	8,53,116	7,893	5,543	203	
	Road cess ...	Estates	3,205	1,57,235	38,000	1,25,509*	30,207	29,312	7,791	,, 2 do.
		Rent-free tenures ...	12,025	23,247	19,328	10,740*	16,281	9,185	1,970	,, 1,077 do.
	Zamindari dâk ...	......	1,102	8,008	904	7,206	880	802	24	
		Total ...	......	10,47,233	66,468	9,96,571	55,261	44,842	9,988	
Murshidabad	Land revenue ...	I	2,312	10,11,465	3,706	10,06,738	3,706	4,727	......	
		II	76	27,048	4,307	25,459	4,367	1,589	......	
		III	61	29,974	12,117	20,051	6,922	9,923	3,835	,, 1,359 do.
			2,449	10,68,487	20,190	10,52,248	14,995	16,239	3,835	
	Road cess ...	Estates	2,953	1,21,959	9,985	1,13,798	8,065	8,164	1,92[illegible]	
		Rent-free tenures ...	8,860	11,324	19,235	3,186	6,349	8,138	12,846	
	Zamindari dâk ...	......	956	5,693	509	5,569	271	124	238	
		Total ...	......	12,07,463	49,919	11,74,146	29,680	32,665	18,879	
Khulna ...	Land revenue ...	I	761	4,94,896	2,705	4,82,685	2,705	12,211	......	
		II	174	1,32,944	14,129	1,21,"29	14,129	11,915	......	
		III	32	16,364	1,233	12,424	1,224	3,854	9	,, 86 do.
			967	6,44,204	18,067	6,16,138	18,058	27,980	9	
	Road cess ...	Estates	995	1,29,618	15,365	1,17,690	14,534	11,928	769	,, 62 do.
		Rent-free tenures ...	6,236	9,485	8,463	5,254	5,590	4,231	2,869	,, 4 do.
	Zamindari dâk ...	......	843	8,344	28	8,258	26	86	2	
		Total ...	......	7,91,651	41,923	7,47,340	38,208	44,225	3,649	
		GRAND TOTAL ...	......	59,33,444	2,60,506	56,94,048	1,97,712	2,31,232	56,215	Total remission Rs. 9,007.
		Grand total of 1891-92	......	58,48,678	2,98,941	56,55,632	2,17,467	1,93,046	66,008	Total remission Rs. 15,452.

* Excluding an advance collection of Rs. 5,736.

In regard to Land Revenue, the percentage of collections to demand, both arrear and current, in estates of classes I and II was nearly the same as in the previous year, that is to say, collections in permanently-settled estates were good, while those in temporarily settled estates did not reach the prescribed standard. In the case of estates held direct by Government, the Commissioner describes the results as decidedly bad, and the Lieutenant-Governor agrees with him, the percentage of total collections on total demand being only 78·4. The collections in this class were worst in the districts of the 24-Parganas, Khulna, and Murshidabad, and though the results may be partly due in the 24-Parganas to special causes connected with the Government estates of Port Canning, and in the other two districts to the impoverished condition of the raiyats, the Lieutenant-Governor entirely agrees with the Commissioner that there is great

room for improvement in the management of this class of estates, an improvement which could be effected if the Deputy Collectors nominally in charge did not leave so much to their subordinates, and if Collectors and the Commissioner in their tours were careful to examine the khas tahsil offices and to scrutinise the accounts.

In the case of cesses the collection of current demands shows some improvement, while the collection of arrears has fallen off. The revaluations of Nadia and Murshidabad were completed during the year, the increase in Nadia being Rs. 5,27,164 in the amount of valuation, and Rs. 32,157 in the annual cess demand, and in Murshidabad Rs. 2,63,785 in the amount of valuation and Rs. 16,980 in the annual demand.

Certificates.

19. The following statement shows the number of certificates issued during the year, and how they were disposed of.

DISTRICT.	Department.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Number issued during year.	Total for disposal.	Amount of certificates.	Number disposed of during year.	Amount realized.	Number pending at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
					Rs.		Rs.	
24-Parganas	All kinds under section 5, Act VII (B.C.) of 1880	3	5	8	1,439	8	1,439	......
	To realize khas mahal demand ...	220	434	654	17,666	515	14,952	139
	Embankment	1	18	19	595	11	188	8
	Road Cess	2,218	2,376	4,594	49,974	3,222	43,272	1,372
	Wards'	812	245	1,057	52,501	527	25,400	530
	Miscellaneous	61	136	197	16,597	149	13,323	48
	Total ...	3,315	3,214	6,529	1,38,772	4,432	98,574	2,097
	Total for 1891-92 ..	3,302	4,829	8,131	1,29,822	4,816	68,73?	3,315
Nadia	General Department	300	477	777	48,689	649	30,219	128
	Road Cess "	336	806	1,142	37,405	1,029	22,049	113
	Total ...	636	1,283	1,919	85,494	1,678	52,268	241
	Total for 1891-92 ...	406	2,297	2,703	96,865	2,067	36,892	636
Jessore	All branches	6,338	3,423	9,761	1,18,484	8,137	65,146	1,624
	Total for 1891-92 ...	5,245	6,836	12,081	1,32,483	5,743	58,408	6,338
Murshidabad	Under section 5, Act VII	4	17	21	1,783	19	1,333	2
	Khas Mahal	154	163	317	5,116	247	1,962	70
	Road Cess, cess fine and other cesses	548	658	1,206	20,327	741	9,324	465
	Miscellaneous including Wards' ...	124	167	291	9,899	143	1,581	148
	Total ...	830	1,005	1,835	37,125	1,150	14,200	685
	Total for 1891-92 ...	1,204	1,234	2,438	57,542	1,564	33,188	874
Khulna	Arrear of rent due to Government under section 7	9	126	135	17,343	124	16,994	11
	Road Cess	1,194	1,886	3,080	15,473	1,591	11,232	1,489
	Wards'	208	300	508	21,623	311	16,670	197
	Other sorts	143	176	319	2,965	271	1,950	48
	Total ...	1,554	2,488	4,042	57,404	2,297	46,846	1,745
	Total for 1891-92 ...	882	3,023	3,905	90,635	2,351	62,896	1,554
	GRAND TOTAL ...	12,673	11,413	24,086	4,37,279	17,694	2,77,034	6,392
	Grand total for 1891-92 ...	11,039	18,219*	29,258	5,06,747	16,541	2,60,116	12,717

* Shows the number of certificates filed during year.

The number of cases pending at the close of the year was smaller than the number pending at its beginning in all districts except Khulna, where it rose from 1,554 to 1,745. The results were especially good in Jessore, where 8,137 cases were disposed of during the year, the number of pending cases being reduced from 6,338 to 1,624.

Land acquisition.

20. The following table indicates that the files of land acquisition cases were reduced in the 24-Parganas, Nadia and Murshidabad, while the number of cases pending in Jessore and Khulna increased. The number of pending cases is still large in the 24-Parganas.

District.	Number of cases pending at commencement of year.	Number of cases instituted.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Number of cases disposed of.	Balance pending at end of year.	Date of oldest pending cases.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
24-Parganas ...	95	38	133	45	81*	September 1889	* Seven cases abandoned.
Nadia	5	...	5	5†	...	......	† In one case the declaration was cancelled during the year.
Jessore	2	3	5	1	4	3rd March 1892.	
Murshidabad ...	8	1	9	5	4	4th and 8th August 1891.	
Khulna	7	5	12	1	11	2nd November 1888 ...	Column 5. The case was withdrawn.
Total ...	117	47	164	57	100		

21. Of the estates under the management of the Court of Wards during the year, the most important are those of the minor Barada Prosad Chaudhuri of Bhawanipur in the 24-Parganas, and of the minor Ashutosh Nath Roy of Kasimbazar in Murshidabad. The management of the former estate has undergone great improvement in the hands of the present Manager, and is now on a satisfactory footing. Though the outstanding balance is still heavy, there was some improvement in collections, which amounted to Rs. 1,72,876 out of a total demand of Rs. 4,46,268, the balance after deducting remissions being Rs. 2,19,283. Rs. 18,400 were sanctioned for works of improvement, such as clearing jungle, construction of roads, excavation and re-excavation of tanks and reclamation of land in the Sundarbans tracts, about 700.

Wards Estates.

The Kasimbazar estate is the most important in the Division. The collections were not satisfactory, amounting to Rs. 3,22,239 out of a total demand of Rs. 5,97,184. The Manager of the estate attributes the short collections mainly to scarcity in pargana Sarail. The Survey and Settlement under Chapter X of the Tenancy Act of that pargana were completed and resulted in an increase of Rs. 57,000 in the previous rental. The estate contributed during the year Rs. 6,150 towards the maintenance of schools and patshalas, and Rs. 5,866 to charitable dispensaries, and spent Rs. 30,341 for works of improvement and Rs. 306 on agricultural improvements and experiments.

Excise.

22. The more important excise statistics are included in the following table:—

District.	Country spirits.				Ganja and Bhang.				Opium.			
	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross gallons.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.	Number of shops.	License fees.	Gross maunds.	Total receipts.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Ms.	Rs.		Rs.	Ms.	Rs.
24-Parganas	90	56,775	21,455	1,45,247	148	36,007	234	81,197	105	20,171	104	1,06,531
Nadia	45	20,292	7,114	44,320	61	17,219	46	27,416	49	10,486	31	36,382
Jessore	33	12,267	4,496	28,178	66	18,567	52	30,882	49	10,381	24	30,446
Murshidabad	34	14,610	5,081	31,708	46	18,961	65	33,386	32	13,161	51	55,595
Khulna	29	11,601	4,624	26,370	51	13,822	44	24,126	38	6,313	20	23,650

Revenue from all sources.	Rs.	Rate per head of population.	Rs. A. P.
24-Parganas	4,18,610	24-Parganas	0 3 6
Nadia	1,16,547	Nadia	0 1 1
Jessore	90,370	Jessore	0 0 9
Murshidabad	1,56,561	Murshidabad	0 2 0
Khulna	75,773	Khulna	0 1 0
Total ...	8,58,361	Total ...	0 1 11
Total for 1891-92	8,41,426	Total for 1891-92	0 1 6

The consumption of exciseable articles is largest in the 24-Parganas; but all the districts contributed to the increase of revenue except Murshidabad, where consumption diminished owing to the high retail price of country spirits which has had the effect of making the poorer people take to tari or pachwai.

Education.

23. The following table gives statistics of schools under public management:—

District.	Class of schools.	Number of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls.	Cost. Provincial.	District Board.	Municipality.	Fees.	Other.	Total.	Cost per head of pupils.	Population.	Number of boys of school-going age.	Percentage of boys on rolls to boys of school-going age according to Director of Public Instruction's Report.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.			
24-Parganas	High	32	5,047	18,727	......	......	56,700	19,694	91,121	18 0 10	......	......	......
	Middle	114	7,523	8,165	9,577	2,092	28,383	19,026	67,243	8 15 0	......	......	......
	Primary	1,604	54,911	18,235	21,671	3,965	73,257	27,084	1,44,812	2 10 2	......	......	......
	Special	19	250	3,462	......	120	763	10,503	14,848	59 6 3	......	......	......
	Total	1,769	67,731	48,589	31,248	6,177	1,59,103	72,907	3,18,024	4 11 0	1,892,033	148,392	42·6
	Total for 1891-92	1,893	68,688	46,240	30,898	6,519	1,60,421	75,293	3,19,371	4 10 5			43·1
Nadia	High	15	2,903	11,989	......	......	40,357	1,661	54,007	18 9 7	......	......	......
	Middle	71	5,261	2,870	9,853	1,011	23,326	11,635	48,695	9 4 1	......	......	......
	Primary	743	20,713	4,406	10,473	955	22,220	18,700	56,754	2 11 10	......	......	......
	Special	8	123	2,447	......	......	......	4,904	7,351	59 12 2	......	......	......
	Total	837	29,000	21,712	20,326	1,966	85,903	36,900	1,66,807	5 12 0	1,644,108	120,322	21·9
	Total for 1891-92	758	24,181	21,658	21,340	2,026	82,729	41,402	1,69,664	6 12 8			18·3
Jessore	High	11	1,891	7,032	......	30	21,001	6,236	34,299	18 2 2	......	......	......
	Middle	78	4,576	1,213	10,890	165	16,930	11,072	40,270	8 12 9	......	......	......
	Primary	997	27,527	1,568	14,083	272	35,053	7,078	57,994	2 1 9	......	......	......
	Special	26	267	977	......	......	......	......	977	3 10 2	......	......	......
	Total	1,107	34,100	10,730	24,973	467	72,984	24,386	1,33,540	3 14 7	1,888,827	141,200	22·4
	Total for 1891-92	982	29,002	11,191	25,505	380	60,687	24,560	1,31,263	4 8 5			19·3
Murshidabad	High	12	2,180	14,715	240	100	16,118	20,922	52,095	23 14 4	......	......	......
	Middle	39	3,020	1,204	4,357	1,243	6,967	8,600	22,371	7 6 6	......	......	......
	Primary	608	17,308	1,062	11,329	1,611	21,888	3,990	39,880	2 4 10	......	......	......
	Special	6	120	13,449	......	390	......	129	13,968	108 4 5	......	......	......
	Total	665	22,637	30,430	15,926	3,344	44,973	33,641	1,28,314	5 10 8	1,250,946	90,849	24·3
	Total for 1891-92	656	21,482	31,294	14,685	3,191	39,575	35,020	1,23,765	5 12 2			23
Khulna	High	8	1,323	3,620	......	......	15,326	4,467	23,413	17 11 1	......	......	......
	Middle	71	4,169	1,347	9,129	120	14,253	11,728	36,577	8 12 1	......	......	......
	Primary	1,300	32,015	2,429	12,268	391	43,622	36,062	94,772	2 15 0	......	......	......
	Special	24	148	1,111	......	......	......	......	1,111	7 6 11	......	......	......
	Total	1,403	37,655	8,507	21,397	511	73,201	52,257	1,55,873	4 2 3	1,177,652	92,697	38·5
	Total for 1891-92	1,386	36,543	7,865	22,276	576	75,664	28,216	1,34,597	3 10 11			37·8
Total of Division	High	78	13,344	56,083	240	130	1,49,502	48,980	2,54,935	19 1 8	......	......	......
	Middle	368	24,549	14,799	43,806	4,631	89,859	62,061	2,15,156	8 12 2	......	......	......
	Primary	5,252	1,52,474	27,640	69,824	7,194	1,96,040	93,514	3,94,212	2 9 4	......	......	......
	Special	83	756	21,566	......	510	763	15,536	38,315	50 10 10	......	......	......
	Grand Total	5,781	1,91,123	1,20,028	1,13,870	12,465	4,36,164	2,20,091	9,02,618	4 11 7	7,853,566	593,448	26·1
	Grand total for 1891-92	5,675	1,80,636	1,18,248	1,14,713	12,632	4,28,076	2,04,691	8,78,660	4 13 9			25·6

The number of schools under public management increased from 5,675 to 5,781, and the number of pupils from 180,636 to 191,123. The increase occurred chiefly in the number of middle English, lower primary, and female schools, the proportion of boys at school to boys of school-going age was greatest in the 24-Parganas (42·6) and Khulna (38·5) and least in Nadia (21·9). In municipalities the tendency to spend too large a proportion on secondary education is even more noticeable, but this subject has been so fully dealt with in recent orders that no further remarks are required here.

The Muhammadans, who form 49·37 per cent. of the total population, contributed only 28·5 per cent. of the total number of pupils, though the year showed improvement in this respect.

The total number of girls at school increased from 11,284 to 13,120, an indication that female education is making progress in this Division.

The number of Sanskrit tols in the Division increased from 59 with 558 pupils in the previous year to 72 with 749 pupils in the year under review. It

is stated by the Commissioner that the increase, which is chiefly in Nadia, is apparently due not so much to a desire among the Hindus for the revival of their ancient literature as to the encouragement held out by Government in the shape of stipends to the pandits.

Dispensaries.

24. The following table gives statistics concerning the dispensaries in the Division:—

DISTRICT.	Number of dispensaries.	INCOME FROM—					DAILY AVERAGE PATIENT—		Ratio per cent. of outdoor patients to total population.
		Government.	District Board.	Municipality.	Subscription.	Total.	In-patients.	Out-patients.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
24-Parganas	20	2,043	770	10,962	29,160	42,934	79·03	685·72	4·4
Nadia	8	660	200	7,376	85	8,321	16·00	210·35	1·6
Jessore	6	500	2,190	2,834	837	6,361	6·98	130·21	0·98
Murshidabad	7	78	......	6,323	10,762	17,163	52·77	340·38	3·8
Khulna	5	1,810	385	1,756	1,392	5,343	4·6	125·30	1·4

The total number of dispensaries during the year increased from 43 to 46. The ratio of the outdoor patients to the total population appears to be very low in Jessore, Khulna, and Nadia.

Local self-government.

25. The third general election of members of the District and Local Boards was held during the year. The District Officers, with the exception of the Magistrate-Collector of Murshidabad, report more or less favourably regarding the interest evinced by the members of District Boards in their work. In Murshidabad the members are reported to be apathetic. The Commissioner states that he has formed no definite conclusions in regard to the efficiency of District Boards as administrating bodies; while his impressions are unfavourable, he suspends judgment until he has seen more of their work.

As regards Municipalities the Commissioner writes:—

"Party-feeling still exists in most of the municipalities in this Division, which, coupled with improper favouritism and fear of unpopularity, plays a large part in all municipal arrangements. None of the municipalities in the district of Nadia are free from party factions, and Krishnagar may be said to have been convulsed thereby during the year under report. The same state of affairs obtains in Maheshpur in the district of Jessore, and in Satkhira in Khulna, which comes to light in connection with the management of their affairs."

Bad management appears to have reached a climax in Santipur, the state of which is described as scandalous and discreditable to the district administration, an officer of Government having been in charge as Chairman. The Lieutenant-Governor notices with pleasure the good work which is being done by Babu Umesh Chandra Ghose, the present Chairman of the Jessore Municipality, who is said to devote much of his time to his voluntary duties. The Khulna Municipality sustained a great loss in the death of the late Chairman, Dr. K. D. Ghose, who is reported to have shown both energy and judgment in his conduct of affairs.

Political institutions and public feeling.

26. There are not in any of the districts of this Division, regularly organized public associations, social or political, in which members are enrolled under definite rules and required to pay subscriptions. The Commissioner writes:—

"Public feeling has been, as usual, confined to a small minority, consisting of the educated class and chiefly of pleaders. The masses of the people do not concern themselves with the discussion of Government measures. What is called public feeling as regards the districts on matters of general interest, usually follows the lead of Calcutta. The only subjects which evoked strong excitement among the vociferous classes were the Chaukidari Amendment Bill, the Bengal Municipal Bill, and the Jury Notification. The Land Acquisition Amendment Bill was also criticised unfavourably. Among minor measures, the efforts made by promoters of the Association for the Higher Training of Young Men were not looked upon with favour. The rules regarding the appointment of Sub-Inspectors of Police by competitive examination met with general approbation, as being likely to lead to the appointment of a better class of men in the Police. The transfer of a portion of the Barrackpore and Dum-Dum sub-divisions, lying outside cantonments, to Barasat, evoked some local feeling."

Conduct of zamindars.

27. Of the zamindars of the Division, the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad, and the Maharani Surnomoyee of Kasimbazar, distinguished themselves as usual by their munificence. Among others Babu Girija Prasanno Mookerjee of Gobardanga in the 24-Parganas, Raja Pramatho Bhusan Roy of Naldanga in Jessore, and Rao Jogendra Narayan Roy of Lalgola in Murshidabad, maintained their reputation for public spirit and benevolence.

Conclusion.

28. The Lieutenant-Governor has to thank Messrs. Beames and Westmacott for their administration of the Division, and the latter for his full and careful Report. The remarks on character of officers will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

M. FINUCANE,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL CORPORATION FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT—MUNICIPAL.

Calcutta, the 20th November 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 3631M.

READ—

The Administration Report of the Calcutta Municipal Corporation for the year 1892-93.

Read again—

The Report for 1891-92 and the Resolution recorded by Government thereupon.

In the Resolution on the Administration of Calcutta by the Municipal Commissioners during 1891-92 the Lieutenant-Governor pointed out that for three years in succession the report had been submitted some time after the due date, and he regrets to find that he must make the same complaint again, since the report, which was due on the 1st August, did not reach Government till the 8th September. It does not contain the introductory chapter, which was an important feature of the last report, and was commended in the Resolution upon it as a useful innovation. But, on the other hand, there is a further improvement in the form of the report, and its structure has been concisely explained in an introductory paragraph which is an important contribution to its value, while a useful preliminary chapter indicates the leading features of the year's administration besides containing a *précis* of a paper read by the Hon'ble Mr. Cotton, C.S.I., at the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography held in London in August 1891. Altogether, the Lieutenant-Governor congratulates the Commissioners on the improvements visible in the form and the manner of their report.

2. During the year under review two officers filled the post of Chairman, for Mr. Lee was on privilege leave for three months during 1892 and went on furlough on the 25th March 1893: Mr. Ritchie filled his place on each occasion, and has submitted the present report. The Commissioners suffered an irreparable loss during the year in the sudden deaths of Sir Henry Harrison, whose name will always remain inseparably connected with Municipal Administration in Calcutta, and of Pandit Prannath Saraswati, a Commissioner whose services to the Corporation were many and conspicuous. Since the close of the year death has removed from among them Nawab Abdul Latif, C.I.E., and Mr. John Cowie, for many years Secretary to the Commissioners: these are losses which would be felt heavily by any public body.

3. In the matter of the number of meetings Government has never had any cause to complain of the Corporation of Calcutta. The Commissioners are assiduous in their attendance at meetings, and thus furnish an excellent example to all municipal bodies. There are 75 Commissioners, of whom 50 are elected and 25 nominated, and the executive administration of the details of Municipal business is entrusted in the first instance to a General Committee of eighteen, in addition to seven Standing Committees, as well as to such special committees or sub-committees as necessity may call into existence. In the year under review there were 27 general meetings of the Commissioners, 59 meetings of the General Committee, 84 meetings of other Standing Committees, and 61 meetings of special committees and sub-committees, making 231 in all. These figures, though a good deal below those for 1891-92 (260), imply a great amount of consultation over the many important subjects which transpired during the year.

Attendance of Commissioners.

Thirty Commissioners as against twenty-two in 1891-92 attended more than 50 meetings, and four, viz., Maulvi Badruddin Haider (122), Babu Nolin Behari Sarcar (111), J. Ghosal, Esq. (111), and Babu Pashupati Nath Bose (110), were present on more than 100 occasions. Among the elected Commissioners, the percentage of attendance was 60·5, and the nominated Commissioners as a whole attended 46·5 times out of every 100 for which they were summoned. The general percentage of attendance was 57·2, marked improvement on 1891-92, when it was 47.

4. At these meetings much of the matter under discussion was necessarily of merely ephemeral importance, but besides the numerous projects examined in detail by the Standing and Special Committees, several subjects of more permanent interest were also considered, such as the memorial to Sir Henry Harrison, the contribution to the Calcutta Public Library, the regulation and supervision of *kalisthans*, the further adoption of incinerators, the proposal to establish a municipal market in the Northern Division, the request of Government that a larger sum should be expended on primary education, and the possibility of doing more to provide for the medical needs of the population in the south of the city. Most of these questions have already been disposed of, and the Lieutenant-Governor does not desire to say anything in this place, except as regards three of them. The regulation of the *kalisthans* is a matter which calls for early disposal, and His Honour, while approving the desire of the Commissioners to deal thoroughly with the subject, trusts that the measures adopted will be prompt as well as thorough. On the other hand, the withdrawal of the annual grant of Rs. 8,000 hitherto made to the Calcutta Public Library is, in Sir Antony MacDonnell's opinion, an ill-advised economy. The maintenance of such an institution befits the good name and the intelligence of the Corporation. It may be that there was in the withdrawal no positive breach of contract, but it undoubtedly involved the abandonment of pledges formally given to the Committee of the Library and fulfilled for some years, while, apart from that, the refusal to assist in maintaining a public free library deprives the rate-payers of Calcutta of a privilege which is enjoyed by many townships elsewhere which are not for a moment to be compared in wealth or importance with this great city. The plea in justification of this policy is the same as that advanced for failing to make any adequate provision for the relief of the sick, viz., want of funds. Sir Antony MacDonnell has already stated elsewhere that he admits the present force of this argument, but he would be glad to learn that the Corporation are disposed to reconsider both these matters.

Proceedings at meetings.

5. Large as the income of the Calcutta Municipality is, the Commissioners have for many years been accustomed to borrow largely for purposes of proper and useful expenditure, and the prices which their stocks command in the market and the facility with which a loan is floated indicate the confidence of the public in the solvency of the Corporation. On the 1st April 1892 the loan liability of the Commissioners was as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Unpaid balance of 6 per cent. debenture loans ...	8,500	0	0
5 per cent. debenture loans	1,44,01,900	0	0
4½ ditto ditto	30,48,300	0	0
	1,74,58,700	0	0
Balance of consolidated loans from Government ...	55,80,467	13	9
Loan without interest from Port Commissioners ...	2,00,000	0	0
	2,32,39,167	13	9

No new loans were raised during the year under review, but the Commissioners were able to pay off Rs. 3,500 from the 6 per cent. debenture loans and Rs. 2,29,557-4-4 out of the consolidated loans from Government, so that on the 31st March 1893 their loan liability had been decreased by Rs. 2,33,057-4-4, and stood as follows:—

Loans.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Balance of 6 per cent. debenture loans	5,000	0	0
5 per cent. debenture loans	1,44,01,900	0	0
4½ ditto ditto	30,48,300	0	0
	1,74,55,200	0	0
Balance of consolidated loans from Government ...	53,50,910	9	5
Loan from Port Commissioners	2,00,000	0	0
	2,30,06,110	9	5

To meet these liabilities the Commissioners held at the end of the year a sum of Rs. 8,13,601-14-9 in their reserve funds. As the borrowing power of the Commissioners, based upon the annual valuation, was during the year Rs. 3,20,68,090, it is apparent that they are still far from borrowing up to the full extent sanctioned by law.

Income and Expenditure.

6. The ordinary income of the Municipality, excluding the receipts from loans, which are necessarily occasional and should only be raised for special purposes, is derived from four main sources, viz., the general rate, the sewage rate, the water-rate, and the lighting rate. Certain miscellaneous receipts added to these brought the gross income of the Municipality in 1892-93 up to Rs. 43,00,431, against Rs. 42,25,054 in 1891-92. As the expenditure in 1892-93 was Rs. 43,63,638 as against Rs. 42,64,261 the outgoings in the latter year exceeded the receipts by Rs. 63,207 as against a similar excess of Rs. 39,207 in 1891-92. The principal items of receipts and expenditure in each year are compared below:—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
Receipts.		
General rate at 9½ per cent.	16,07,146	16,14,107
Sewage rate at 2 per cent.	3,38,240	3,39,651
Water-rate at 6 per cent.	9,30,751	10,18,672
Lighting rate at 2 per cent.	3,38,436	3,39,560
Taxes on professions, &c.	5,25,113	5,36,614
Municipal Market receipts	1,22,478	1,27,221
Receipts from sale of water	86,805	98,347
Conservancy receipts	65,740	65,565
Expenditure.		
Interest on general loans	4,47,192	4,54,351
Contributions for repayment of loans ...	1,86,629	2,02,807
General establishment	3,88,022	4,03,580
General office expenditure	1,07,697	97,543
Road Department	4,34,383	4,35,580
Gowkhana	2,06,044	2,06,869
Conservancy	1,65,360	1,59,805
Bustee-cleaning	1,07,235	1,07,817
Sewage-rate charges...	2,79,976	2,67,404
Water-rate charges	10,84,278	11,11,942
Lighting-rate charges	3,65,147	3,78,336

As requested in the Resolution on the report for 1891-92, the principal variations from year to year and those between the actuals and the estimate have been explained in detail in the report.

Financial position.

7. The sum of the rates now realized is equivalent to a consolidated rate of 19½ per cent. on the annual value of house property in Calcutta. Efforts were made during the debates on the budget of 1893-94 to raise this consolidated rate to 20 per cent., but the majority of the Commissioners were opposed to the increase, and it was not carried out. But in the Lieutenant-Governor's opinion this additional half per cent. of taxation, which is estimated to bring in an extra Rs. 87,000 per annum, cannot much longer be postponed, and he is glad to observe that the Commissioners in their report (paragraph 33) express a similar opinion. The fact seems to be that the Corporation of Calcutta, although it has not yet borrowed up to the limit allowed by law, has of late years borrowed more than is prudent, for the figures given by the Chairman show that the expenditure on interest and sinking funds has increased more rapidly than the income from ordinary sources to meet it. The constant revaluations and reassessments which are being carried on in different parts of Calcutta will speedily produce equilibrium, provided that no further expenditure on interest and sinking fund is necessitated by raising fresh loans; and it is therefore clearly the policy of the Commissioners to abstain from all borrowing operations, except for purposes of unavoidable urgency, until the gradual improvement of their income places them beyond the reach of difficulty.

Expenditure on Suburban Improvement.

8. It was one of the conditions made when the Suburban area was added to the town proper by Act II (B.C.) of 1888, that three lakhs of rupees out of the receipts from three of the great revenue funds should be devoted annually to the improvement of the

added area. What objects were to be considered as improvements and what payments were to be debited to the statutory contribution of three lakhs have for some time been doubtful questions. But in the year under report the opinion of counsel was taken, and it is hoped that the Commissioners will soon be in a position to make up their accounts. The amount which they should have expended between the 1st April 1889, and the 31st March 1893 was 12 lakhs, but as a matter of fact the expenditure has been only Rs. 10,51,102, and the rate-payers of the Suburan area have therefore a claim against the Corporation for the immediate expenditure of nearly a lakh and a half of rupees on improving the area in question. Moreover, the Lieutenant-Governor observes that Rs. 3,38,296 of the expenditure already incurred has been met, not from revenue as the law provides, but from capital. Now that the question is in a fair way to be decided, the Lieutenant-Governor has no doubt that the Commissioners will adjust their accounts and in future comply year by year with the requirements of the law.

9. The arrangements for the collection of the rates remain the same as in 1891-92. An officer styled the Collector collects in the first instance the amounts due from rate-payers in the town proper, while those falling due in the area added by Act II (B.C.) of 1888 are collected by the Joint-Collector. Chapter VI of the Act lays down in the clearest terms the manner in which these rates shall be collected. The consolidated rate is payable quarterly in advance on the 1st day of April, July, October, and January, and as soon as it is due the law makes it incumbent upon the Commissioners to present to each person liable to pay it a bill for the sum payable. If this bill is not paid within seven days of presentation, the Commissioners may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand, and if within seven days from the receipt of this notice the amount is not paid, the Commissioners may recover the same with all costs by distress and sale of the defaulter's moveable property. These short and simple provisions if vigorously used would enable the Corporation to collect their rates with ease within each quarter, but the practice in vogue, with the sanction of the Commissioners, is to abstain from issuing the notices of demand until after the close of the quarter to which they refer. The consequence is that a considerable proportion of the demand is three months in arrears, the Commissioners thus voluntarily submitting for the greater part of the year to forego the use of large sums which are realizable, but which they will not realize. This subject was noticed in the Resolution on last year's report, and Sir Charles Elliott expressed the hope that the Commissioners would take steps to remedy the defect then pointed out. The Lieutenant-Governor is disappointed to find that this advice has not been followed, and that although as before some improvement was visible in the last quarter of the year, no effort has been made to place the collection of rates upon a proper footing. "The prompt realization of public dues," as was remarked in 1892, "is absolutely essential to, and a distinctive feature of, vigorous municipal administration," and until the present injurious system of unnecessary indulgence is abandoned, His Honour cannot consider the administration of the Municipal Commissioners in this respect as efficient.

Collection of dues.

10. The faultiness in the system of collection is reflected in the details of its working, as might be expected. Out of a gross demand of the consolidated rate amounting to Rs. 36,38,959, only Rs. 31,03,096 were realized by the Collector and Joint-Collector, giving a joint percentage of collection of 85·2. The principal figures for each officer separately are given below:—

Officer.	Demand.	Collected.	Remitted and cancelled.	Transferred to assessor for further enquiry.	Transferred to warrant officer.	Total.	Balance.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Collector	29,97,982	25,77,173	44,152	37,505	2,72,975	29,31,806	66,176
Joint-Collector ...	6,40,977	5,25,923	21,323	15,374	63,119	6,25,738	15,238

These statistics show that the Collector realized 85·9 per cent. of the collections entrusted to him, and the Joint-Collector 82 per cent. The percentages for the Collector were 83·94 in 1890 91 and 86·40 in 1891-92, and for the

Joint-Collector 73·86 in the former and 76·66 in the latter year. The report further points out that the percentage of collections on realizable bills in 1892-93 was 89·17 in the case of the Collector and 87·01 in that of the Joint Collector. There certainly is some improvement, but it is obvious that if the simple and summary procedure provided by the Act were carried out, the percentage of collections would rise higher still.

11. The animadversions passed upon the Warrant Officer's Department in 1892, both in the Chairman's note and in the Government Resolution, aided no doubt by the efforts of the Sub-Committee who considered the working of the Department, seems to have had a salutary effect, for the Warrant Officer succeeded during 1892-93 in disposing of 63·7 per cent. of the rate bills sent to him as against 52·1 per cent. in 1891-92, while his success with miscellaneous bills was still greater, since he collected 75·6 per cent. of them in place of a percentage of 38·7, and the sum in his hands for collection at the end of the year was Rs. 1,42,992, compared with Rs. 2,52,966 when the year commenced. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Commissioners that, though these results are more satisfactory than before, there is still much room for improvement.

12. Besides the receipts from rates detailed above, the Corporation draws a large income from taxes and license fees, which are collected by what is known as the License and Registration Department. The figures for the main heads during the last two years are given below:—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
(i) Tax on trades and professions ...	3,31,716	3,42,319
(ii) Do. on carriages and animals ...	1,42,144	1,42,510
(iii) Registration of carts and hackeries ...	71,837	71,750
(iv) Fees for removal of trade refuse ...	61,849	62,045
(v) Registration of bullock and cow-sheds	10	43
(vi) Ditto of hackney carriages and palkies	21,256	17,837
(vii) Miscellaneous receipts	446	475
Total ...	6,29,258	6,36,479

License and Registration Department.

Owing to changes in the staff of the Department and the introduction of new men, the collections in certain parts of the town fell off a good deal, otherwise the increase under this head would have been greater. Under section 90 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, no person is allowed to exercise any of the specified trades, professions or callings, without a license for the year, under pain of a fine on conviction by a Magistrate. The Chairman reports that the obligation is generally neglected, but that it is not thought advisable to enforce the law to the letter. There may be special reasons for this leniency, one of which doubtless is that the procedure for enforcing payment involves prosecution before a Magistrate, but as it is clear from the report that the fees are recovered with difficulty, the Lieutenant-Governor cannot but think that the Commissioners would do well to enforce the law vigorously after due notice of their intention to do so has been given. There would doubtless be complaints of hardship at first, but the habit of punctual payment once established would probably continue to the great benefit of the licensees as well as the Commissioners. No comparison can be made between the number of registrations and the amount of fees levied under the Hackney Carriage Act during 1892-93 and those of the previous year owing to changes made in the date of registration, but there seems reason to think that the hackney carriage service is improving, and it is reported that the Commissioners have framed a set of bye-laws for the regulation of these vehicles.

13. As noted in paragraph 7 above, reassessment is continually going on in some part or other of the Calcutta Municipality, and so great and general is the advance in the value of house property that revision almost invariably leads to an enhancement of the assessment; in fact almost the whole of such decreased assessments as took place were due to the premises having been absorbed in the Harrison Road. Twenty out of the twenty-five wards of the town have now been revalued, and the result has been an increase in valuation of Rs. 22,93,652, subject, however, to the result of 2,561 objections, which were still pending

at the end of 1892-93. Assuming that all these are rejected, the valuation of the town on the 1st April 1893 would amount to Rs. 1,91,58,568: the confirmed valuation, *i.e.*, that arrived at after the disposal of objections, was on the same date Rs. 1,87,35,968, the valuation on the same date in 1879 having been Rs. 1,29,85,156. The large number of objections still for hearing is a serious matter, since a new valuation cannot take effect until all objections that may be taken to it have been decided. Owing to the absence on leave for more than two months of the Vice-Chairman, whose duty it is to hear these objections, only 1,166 were disposed of during the year and 2,961 are still pending. The Lieutenant-Governor regrets that arrangements were not made for carrying on this work in the absence of the Vice-Chairman, and it is hoped that the outturn of work in the current year will be larger.

Revaluation and assessment.

14. The Surveyor's Department, which prepares plans, estimates and draft declarations in connection with all projects in the town, was exceptionally busy during the year under report, and the services of the staff are warmly acknowledged by the Commissioners. The Lieutenant-Governor recognises that the demarcation into suitable lots of the surplus lands near the Harrison Road must have been an arduous and responsible undertaking. In the Lighting and Market Departments also activity was displayed. The expenditure on lighting amounted to Rs. 3,94,725; and as this exceeded the receipts from the lighting rate, the deficiency had to be made good by a grant of Rs. 54,715 to meet the deficit. The Municipal Market, on the other hand, yielded a net profit of more than a lakh of rupees. The large expenditure on printing was unfavourably criticised in the Resolution on last year's report, and the Commissioners appear to have endeavoured to introduce some reforms: the balance sheet propounded by the Commissioners is not intelligible to the Lieutenant-Governor, but it is clear that the result has been unsatisfactory, and that the Corporation has been ill-served by its employés in this department, which should be subjected to further investigation. The expenditure was Rs. 28,992 as against Rs. 22,520 in 1891-92.

Minor Departments.

15. The Corporation appeared as plaintiff during the year in an unprecedented number of civil suits, viz. 89, the highest number previously having been 28 in 1891-92. It is explained that this increase was "mostly owing to the number of defaulters who removed their goods to their zanana apartments in order to evade seizure, and who by this expedient compelled the officers of the Municipality to file suits under section 149 of the Act."

Litigation.

16. As defendant the Commissioners appeared only seven times. The most important case was a reference to the Civil Court by the Land Acquisition Deputy Collector. On this case the Commissioners write as follows:—

Re 54, Clive Street.—This property was acquired, under the Land Acquisition Act, for the purposes of the new Harrison Road. The compensation tendered by the Government Collector under Act X was Rs. 2,27,925. The claimants (Babus Damodar Das Burmon, Aghorenath Chatterjee and Kailas Chandra Dass) demanded Rs. 21,24,640 *plus* Rs. 50,000 which has been claimed by Baboo Damodar Das Burmon alone, on the ground that his property, No. 55, Clive Street, has been injuriously affected by the acquisition.

The claimants appealed against the decision of the Collector under Act X, to the District Judge of the 24-Parganas, who, with two Assessors, after hearing the case for 40 days, found that the offer of the Land Acquisition Collector was too low, and fixed the amount of compensation at Rs. 6,57,039, exclusive of 15 per cent. statutory allowance for No. 54, Clive Street, and Rs. 15,000 for No. 55, Clive Street. Under section 19 of the Land Acquisition Act, Babu Radhikaprosad Mookerjee was appointed Assessor on behalf of Government and Mr. J. C. MacGregor on behalf of the claimants. The amount of compensation for Nos. 54 and 55, Clive Street, was estimated by the former in his award at Rs. 4,75,000, and by the latter at Rs. 12,44,687.

Babu Aghorenath Chatterjee has appealed to the High Court from the Judge's decision, and a cross appeal has been filed by the Corporation.

17. In two previous Resolutions the Lieutenant-Governor has conveyed to the Commissioners his opinion that their yearly provision of Rs. 2,950 for primary education is quite inadequate to the necessities of the case, and in a separate communication he has suggested that Rs. 10,000 would be a suitable annual allotment. But the Commissioners have displayed a disinclination to adopt the suggestion.

Education.

In the year just passed, owing to a delay in passing the school bills for payment, they expended only Rs. 392 out of the total grant, and in the report under review the subject has been very briefly treated. In these circumstances the Lieutenant-Governor must now consider whether he ought not to adopt the alternative course laid before the Commissioners in the Resolution of last year, and withdraw the Government grant for the primary education of boys in Calcutta from the 1st of April 1894.

Basti improvement.

18. The improvement or removal of the numerous *bastis* which abound in Calcutta, and are a standing menace to the health of its inhabitants, has long occupied the attention of the Commissioners, and sections 251 and 270 of the Act deal particularly with this subject. From a sanitary point of view the removal of these centres of disease is a distinct advantage, but there is more than one aspect of this question, and the remarks of the Commissioners on the subject are so apposite that they are reproduced in full:—

The sections of the Municipal Act, which enable the Commissioners to cause improvements to be made in *bastis* at the expense of the owners, fall into two categories.

By the first category, the Commissioners may call upon the owners to prepare plans showing certain improvements and to carry out those improvements, and till such requisitions are complied with, the Commissioners may refuse to sanction the building or rebuilding of any huts. These provisions are, as a matter of fact, rarely resorted to.

The second or more drastic category of *basti* sections provides in cases where the *basti* is so unhealthy that speedy measures are required—

(*a*) That the Commissioners in meeting may cause a *basti* to be inspected and reported on by two medical officers.

(*b*) That the medical officers shall prepare a standard plan and a schedule of the changes required to be made to bring the *basti* into conformity with the standard plan, coming under the following heads:—

(1) Removal of huts.
(2) Construction of roads and drains.
(3) Filling up of tanks and low lands.
(4) Other works necessary to remove or abate the insanitary condition of the *basti*.

(*c*) That the Commissioners in meeting may, on requisition of the owners, carry out the changes shown in the schedule.

(*d*) That in default of the owners, the Commissioners may cause the works to be carried out and recover cost from the owners, including the compensation paid to owners of huts.

The above provisions are to be read subject to the following important provisos, viz., that no standard plan shall show more than one-fifth of the area of the improved *basti* as roads, or more than one-half as open lands not to be built upon; that if in the case of any one plot a greater portion is taken than the proportion allowed above, the owner of that plot shall be entitled to compensation. This compensation is to be paid by the persons who benefit thereby, and if no such persons can be found, then by the Corporation.

The roads shown in the standard plan remain private streets (unless the Commissioners and owners otherwise agree), but are open for the use of the tenants and for scavenging purposes.

In applying these provisions, the Commissioners make no attempt to recover the cost of construction from the owners when they carry out works in default of the owners. If such attempts were made, they would find themselves opposed at every turn in their schemes of *basti* improvement by the *basti* owners, and the work of *basti* improvement would be brought to a standstill. It is exceptional for the owners to bear any part of the cost of construction, and the Commissioners are well content if they can get the land required for roads free of cost from the owners. *Basti* schemes resolve themselves into this :—That the *basti* property is improved at the expense of the Commissioners, the owners merely giving up to the use of the public the land required for the roads.

19. During the last ten years nearly $8\frac{3}{4}$ lakhs of rupees have been expended on *basti* improvement, the material advantage of which, setting aside the benefit to the public from a sanitary point of view, rests with the owners of the property. The Lieutenant-Governor finds it difficult to completely share the contentment which the Commissioners seem to feel with the existing state of affairs, since it appears to him that the present procedure differs from that embodied in Act II of 1888. It is a procedure which, to a very great extent, favours the owners of *bastis* at the expense of the general body of rate-payers. The law provides the Commissioners with ample powers to recover the cost of improvements from the owners benefitted, and although in certain cases which present special features, the Commissioners may reasonably abate something of their rights, the Lieutenant-Governor considers that they

owe it to the tax-payers not to abandon their legal rights altogether. The law should be enforced, no doubt with consideration and in a reasonable and proper spirit, but the law is not enforced at all if no recoveries are ever made from the owners of *bastis* which have been improved by the Commissioners. It is conceivable that difficulties may be experienced in giving effect to the law, but it is better that they should be met and overcome rather than that the law should be ignored.

20. The Harrison and Lansdowne Roads were completed during the year: these are fine works, which have greatly improved the city. The net cost of the Harrison Road is expected to be twenty lakhs of rupees, and it has been lighted with electricity at an additional cost of Rs. 93,383. The accounts for the Lansdowne Road are not yet closed, but the cost so far has been Rs. 2,40,205. In the suburbs Rs. 2,73,385 have been spent out of the statutory three lakhs referred to above, of which Rs. 44,005 were paid for the incinerator at Gobragatcha, and Rs. 61,429 on the extension of Lansdowne Row.

21. A very important branch of the municipal administration of Calcutta is the department of the Engineer to the Corporation, comprising the great heads of water-works, drainage, and roads, besides the maintenance of the sewers, of the Municipal Workshops and the Municipal Railway. The Commissioners are committed to the extension and development of their water-supply and drainage system, to which, especially to the former, is to be attributed the very marked improvement which has taken place in the general health of Calcutta during the past twenty years. Of the importance of these schemes the Commissioners are fully conscious, and improvements have been vigorously carried on during the year under report. Two new settling tanks have been constructed at Pulta to hold 48 million gallons, thus bringing up the settling tank capacity to 105 million gallons, or five times the present daily filtered supply of the town, which has been more than 20 million gallons, giving a consumption per head of 37·32 gallons in the town proper and 17·58 gallons in the added area. During the same period 18 miles of distribution pipes have been laid down, making the total 285·73 miles, and the number of premises supplied 22,831. In addition to the town supply, Barrackpore was provided with an average of 128,118 gallons per diem throughout the year. Unfiltered water is also supplied for bathing, for flushing drains and sewers, and for street watering: the amount passed through the 71 miles of pipes during the year was 4,320,879 gallons. The capital expenditure on the water-works of Calcutta up to the end of 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 64,25,832, and the total daily supply was 24,166,996 gallons; whereas in the year 1876, when the old series of works were completed, the capital expenditure amounted to Rs. 71,59,986 for a total daily supply of 7,162,819 gallons only. The capital cost per gallon up to 1876 had therefore been 15·9 annas, while in 1893 it had been reduced to 10·8 annas. The estimated cost of works sanctioned in detail and in progress amounts to Rs. 16,28,519, of which Rs. 12,60,502 have already been expended, but the Commissioners have in the present year's budget made provision for further important and useful works estimated to cost 2¾ lakhs. The Government attaches the greatest importance to the plentiful supply of good water to the town, and in course of time to the added area, and has nothing but commendation to bestow upon prudent farseeing efforts in this direction.

Engineer's Department.

Water-supply.

22. With the laudable object of extending the benefits of pure water to areas outside the limits of the Municipality, the Commissioners during the year agreed to supply the Maniktollah Municipality with filtered water up to a maximum of 10 gallons a head at a cost of 4 annas per 1,000 gallons, and, moreover, at the request of Government, they allowed their Municipal Engineer, Mr. Kimber, to undertake the preparation of a scheme and estimate for supplying with filtered water the riparian municipalities on the left bank of the Hooghly from Barrackpore downwards: the consent of the Corporation was conditional on compliance with two stipulations, which are reasonable enough, viz., that the municipalities concerned should pay all the cost of the surveys, &c., and that no portion of the water required for the Calcutta Municipality should be diverted for the benefit of any outside municipality. The scheme is necessarily a large one, and has not yet been completed.

Drainage.

23. The drainage system of the town proper has been virtually completed for some time, but improvements are constantly carried out as occasion offers or necessity arises. A large flushing reservoir, holding 300,000 gallons, was constructed during the year near the Bhawanipur Pumping Station, and provision has been made in the Loans Budget for 1893-94 for a large extension of the flushing system. Much remains to be done also in the added area, where there are 200 miles of open drains which can be adapted and used for surface drainage. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to observe that this subject is receiving the careful attention of the Commissioners, and that a great advance may be expected in this direction during the current year.

24. The inspection of premises and house connections seems to have been carried on with activity, and Sir Antony MacDonnell hopes that there will be no reduction in the strength of this and other conservancy establishments for the sake of petty savings. The roads in Calcutta now measure upwards of 319 miles in extent, and the cost of their up-keep during 1892-93 was Rs. 4,35,580. The Lieutenant-Governor learns with regret that the Commissioners have effected a reduction of Rs. 75,000 in the provision under this head for 1893-94, since he fears that the result will only be a still larger expenditure in 1894-95.

25. Not less important than the services of the Engineer are those of the Health Officer, and the Commissioners are to be congratulated on possessing in Dr. Simpson an adviser of high attainments in sanitary science. He has submitted for the current year a full and interesting report, of which it is impossible to reproduce more than a very brief abstract.

Vital statistics.

26. In the matter of vital statistics, a distinct advance in the accuracy of registration is visible. As has frequently been observed, the vital statistics of the Municipality cannot fairly be compared with those of other areas, since the large proportion of adults in Calcutta in the prime of life, especially males, necessarily gives a special character to the population. But, comparing one year with another, the reported birth-rate was higher in 1892 than in any previous year since the amalgamation of town and suburbs. The figures are given in the margin, and the sudden inversion in 1890 of the relative positions of Calcutta and the Suburbs is significant of the introduction of better registration. The death-rate of the combined area was lower in 1892 than it has been since 1889, when it is certain that some deaths were omitted in the Suburbs as that area had been but recently added to Calcutta; but, under the arrangements now in existence, it is almost impossible for a death to escape registration, since the difficulties in the way of clandestine disposal of a corpse are almost insurmountable. Dr. Simpson is justified therefore in accepting as correct the figures now given which are quoted in the margin, and in using them to illustrate in forcible terms the effect of introducing a good water-supply. The death-rate varies greatly in different wards, and the figures given in Dr. Simpson's fourth paragraph have a terrible significance; they show that the added area of Burtollah has a mortality of 44·1 per mille, and that of Sukea's street one of 42·3: the same areas maintain the same evil predominance for fever and cholera. Dr. Simpson says: "The whole added area bordering on the Circular Canal is lowlying, crowded with people, has a large number of filthy tanks, and is very unclean. The people also are more residential; they die here, whereas in many other wards they go home to die." The attention of the Commissioners should be focussed on this locality during the current year.

Year.	Births per mille.		
	Calcutta.	Suburbs.	Total.
1889 ...	18·7	16·1	18·
1890 ...	17·	18·4	17·4
1891 ...	17·6	19·6	18·3
1892 ...	17·4	21·2	18·6

Year.	Deaths per mille.		
	Calcutta.	Suburbs.	Total.
1889 ...	25	36·6	28·7
1890 ...	26·5	37·1	29·8
1891 ...	27·9	39·4	31·5
1892 ...	27·1	34·8	29·6

27. The Health Officer urges again the desirability of a low level outfall sewer to discharge the sewage of Calcutta into the Salt Lakes, but the Commissioners have rightly decided that the cost of such an undertaking is at the present moment prohibitive. It is noted further that the extension of the water-

supply to the suburbs has had the effect of water-logging the soil, a defect which will not be remedied till the drainage of that area has been placed on a satisfactory basis. When that has been done and proper arrangements have been concluded for the destruction of refuse by burning, the benefits which the Suburbs will have derived from the amalgamation will be great indeed.

28. The general cholera mortality of 1892 was less by nearly one-third than in 1891—a result largely due to the comparative immunity of the Suburbs, and this again is distinctly attributable to a definite cause. It appears that for many years the cholera death-rate in the Suburbs and in Howrah rose and fell together with a very close correspondence. Up till 1891 the sanitary condition of the two areas was very similar, since neither of them enjoyed any system of drainage, and both relied for their water-supply on sources frequently polluted. The average death-rate in Howrah previous to 1892 was 435 to 1,271 in the Suburbs. At the end of 1891 the filtered water-supply was extended to the Suburbs, and the number of cholera deaths fell at once in 1892 to 762, while those in Howrah rose in the same year to 771 : had the previous ratio been preserved, the number in the Suburbs would have been over 2,000. The argument is clearly and forcibly stated; but the Lieutenant-Governor, although he admits its probability, is unable to accept it as conclusive at present, since it is based upon the observations of one year only. Howrah is about to be provided with a supply of filtered water, and if similar phenomena be observed to follow the operation in that area, Dr. Simpson's argument will be fully confirmed.

Cholera mortality.

29. The very important question of Building Regulations is brought prominently forward by the Health Officer in his report, and is discussed in that of the Commissioners. This subject was treated very fully in Dr. Simpson's report for the year 1889, and he insisted strongly on the fact that the law and bye-laws at present in force are quite insufficient to secure the preservation of proper sanitary rules as regards the building of streets, houses or huts. Government, in the Resolution on the report for 1889-90, fully endorsed his view of the vital importance of the question, and commended to the attention of the Commissioners the remedies proposed by him in detail, and the suggestion that a strong Committee formed of engineers, medical men and others should be appointed to thoroughly investigate and report on the whole subject. The Lieutenant-Governor is disappointed to learn that no action has been taken on the suggestion thus commended to the Commissioners, and in his report for the year just past, Dr. Simpson again comments in forcible terms on the continuous and growing evils of the present state of affairs and the urgent necessity of undertaking a reform of such vital importance. He writes:

Building Regulations.

"The deterioration in health conditions of certain localities during the past few years is very marked, and nothing can stop this deterioration while the present law remains in force. When a house can be built anywhere without reference to efficient ventilation, proper drainage or surroundings, when it may be built in any lane or passage irrespective of the width of that lane or passage, and when it may be built in such a manner as to permit it to obstruct the light and ventilation of the neighbouring houses so long as it is four feet away from them, no long time is necessary to create plague spots in different parts of the town. Such a process is going on continuously now, and while that process is allowed to continue, the money spent on the new Harrison Road and on the lanes which are constructed through bustees will have but a poor return, because the destruction of insanitary areas which is effected by new roads and lanes can never even keep pace with the progressive creation of areas much worse in type."

On this question the Commissioners are divided into two parties. The Health Officer is supported by a minority of the more advanced among them, including the Officiating Chairman, but is opposed by a large majority of the Corporation, who believe that the present law and bye-laws sufficiently meet the wants of the case, and that no further legislation is required. The arguments on both sides are well stated as follows:—

A very large majority of the Commissioners consider that, under the present law, there is ample power to regulate erection of proper buildings. A set of bye-laws was passed some years ago after careful consideration, but experience having shown their inapplicability to certain cases, the Commissioners have recently appointed a Committee to revise them, and they believe that, if proper bye-laws are framed, much of the complaint made in the Health Officer's report is likely to disappear.

The cautious way in which the bye-laws have been worked has gone far to reconcile public feeling to them, and any hasty attempt at legislation must be deprecated by the bulk of the Commissioners as much in the interests of sanitary reform as out of deference for public opinion. The Commissioners are as eager for sanitary improvement as their Health Officer, but they are fettered by considerations which the Health Officer need not recognize. They have to take a practical view of the situation. They have to reconcile the interests of sanitation with the state of public opinion, and they feel from their past experience that they must proceed cautiously, and that a Building Act which would be resented by public opinion would not only prove a great hardship to the people, but would be practically inoperative.

The Commissioners in this connection would recall the words of Sir Ashley Eden in the Resolution on the Administration Report for 1876. Referring to the remarks of their former Health Officer, Dr. Payne, he wrote—"Mr. Eden is persuaded that to make sanitation efficient in Calcutta, the people of the city must be led, and not driven, into co-operation with the Sanitary Department. Dr. Payne should bear in mind that one case in which native society is induced by conviction to adopt a sanitary theory is worth hundreds of cases in which they are pressed into submitting to reforms of the benefits of which they are not satisfied. The Sanitary Officer must remember that the principles and theories which to him seem so obvious and so indisputable have not even yet received practical acceptation in many countries in a much more advanced condition of social progress than India. In some of the finest cities in civilized Europe, with every appliance and convenience for sanitary improvement available, there are streets, lanes, and houses whose description, if faithfully given, would throw into the shade the vivid pictures of the filth of Calcutta so graphically drawn by Dr. Payne."

The general question involved is one on which the most opposite opinions have been entertained among the Commissioners. Opinion is divided into two schools on much the same lines as it is divided on the same subject in London and other towns in Europe. The one School—whose views are represented above, and they form the large majority of the Municipal Commissioners—holds that whatever land is required to be taken up for roads should be acquired at public cost, and that to require the owner to give up land and prevent him from making the profit out of it which he otherwise could make amounts to unjustifiable confiscation. They point out that town property has been continually changing hands without any such disabilities attaching to the possession either existent or in prospect, that the ownership of town land is in many cases in the hands of very petty and numerous shareholders, and that it is impossible for them to enter into mutual arrangements that shall be equitable to all to give up lands for roadway. In short, it is contended that any attempt to get broad streets made in new localities otherwise than at the public cost would be spoliation.

The opposite school, on the other hand—which comprises a small minority of the Commissioners, including the Officiating Chairman—contend that the municipal income must for ever be inadequate to the burthen which the other party would impose upon it; that inasmuch as the value of a town property is enormously enhanced by the construction of a street with necessary drainage provision, it is not equitable that the rate-payer should bear the whole cost; that if no restrictions have hitherto been imposed and property has changed hands free from such restrictions, this result has been due to carelessness, and that, in view of the dangers to the public health from the present system which the Health Officer has pointed out, a change in that system is imperatively called for. It is pointed out that the value of land is increasing annually in Calcutta, largely owing to Municipal improvements, and that the longer the question is deferred, the more difficult of solution it will become. It is admitted that no legislation should be passed without the most careful preliminary inquiry so as to prevent injustice to individuals, but it is strongly urged, on the other hand, that on the general principle that property has its duties as well as its rights, and that, in the case of property in an overcrowded city, interference is necessary for the common weal, the State should place such restrictions upon building, even at the cost of diminishing the value of town property to its immediate possessor, as may be essential for the public health.

Sir Antony MacDonnell has great sympathy with Sir Ashley Eden's view as quoted above, but still there are occasions when it is necessary to anticipate rather than to follow public opinion, and among them is surely the occasion when inaction is injurious to the community at large. The Lieutenant-Governor will be glad to see a draft of the new bye-laws referred to above at an early date; and eventually, if in the opinion of a considerable section of the Commissioners these bye-laws are still insufficient, he will be prepared to consider any representations that may be made to him on the subject. His Honour believes that the public mind in Bengal is awakening to the benefits of sanitary improvement: and he notices with special pleasure the passage in this report in which the Commissioners assert that their eagerness for sanitary improvement is as great as that of their Health Officer. His Honour trusts that nothing will prevent them from giving full effect to these good intentions.

30. Sir Antony MacDonnell has perused with much interest the report reviewed in the preceding paragraphs: it records the execution of much useful work, especially in the direction of sanitation and of structural improvements, such as the extension of drainage and water-supply and the improvement of *bastis*, and for their share in carrying out these measures, the thanks

of the Lieutenant-Governor are due to the executive officers of the Corporation, the Engineer and the Health Officer. The Commissioners themselves have, as a whole, displayed a care and attention to their duties which is very meritorious, and has in some cases risen to the level of devotion. The year, though not actually one of straitened resources, was yet clouded by the shadow of impending pecuniary difficulties, and the policy of the Commissioners has doubtless on some occasions been guided by this circumstance which has induced them to shrink from expenditure on objects which have strong claims upon them. In executive matters the Lieutenant-Governor perceives an occasional want of vigour, especially in the collection of rates, the enforcement of the law in regard to license fees, and the recovery of expenses from the owners of *bastis.* But these defects admit of remedy; and on suitable opportunities they will no doubt be remedied. Leaving them out of consideration, Sir Antony MacDonnell very cordially acknowledges the services the Corporation have rendered to the city, and thanks them for the careful control which they have exercised over the various Departments of the municipal administration. Finally, His Honour desires to recognize the industry and tact displayed by Messrs. Lee and Ritchie in discharging the duties of an appointment which requires the display of these valuable qualities in a marked degree.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

FINANCIAL RESOLUTION.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—FINANCE.

Calcutta, the 21st November 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 5032F.

The Lieutenant-Governor is now in a position to review the actual financial results of the year 1891-92, the revised estimates for the year 1892-93, and the budget estimates for 1893-94. The Accountant-General's memorandum on the accounts of the first year has been received, and though his final report on the accounts for 1892-93 has not yet been submitted, his appropriation report for the year affords sufficient materials for framing an approximate estimate of the financial position of the Province at the close of the year. The figures of the revenue and expenditure of the first five months of the current year have been received from the Accountant-General, and these are sufficient to form the basis for a review of the budget estimates for 1893-94.

PART I.

ACCOUNTS OF 1891-92.

2. The approximate actuals adopted in the Financial Resolution No. 5191F. of the 27th December 1892 assumed that the year 1891-92 had opened with a credit balance of Rs. 24,72,774, and had closed with a balance of Rs. 23,85,016, that the total amount available for expenditure during the year was Rs. 6,02,72,887, and that of this sum Rs. 5,78,87,871 had been spent. The final result was less favourable than this estimate by Rs. 31,585. The amount actually available for expenditure was Rs. 6,02,74,758, and the amount actually expended, Rs. 5,79,21,327, leaving a closing balance of Rs. 23,53,431. The actuals furnished by the Accountant-General in his memorandum on the accounts of the year are compared in the following table with the approximate actuals adopted in the Financial Resolution quoted above:—

Receipts.		Heads.	Expenditure.	
Figures adopted in December 1892.	Actuals.		Figures adopted in December 1892.	Actuals.
1	2	3	4	5
Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
3,34,20,307	3,34,19,595	Principal heads of revenue	65,85,347	65,86,522
1,18,163	1,18,163	Interest	1,01,241	1,01,133
......	......	Post Office and Telegraph	4,498	4,498
41,61,493	41,60,710	Civil Departments ...	2,34,80,985	2,34,90,843
11,20,438	11,20,371	Miscellaneous ...	32,29,186	32,30,627
......	......	Construction of Railways	7,750	7,750
1,60,39,548	1,60,39,547	Railways ...	1,42,41,897	1,42,64,062
25,38,336	25,38,336	Irrigation and Navigation	53,31,626	53,31,627
4,01,828	4,05,262	Buildings and Roads ...	40,26,500	40,25,424
......	......	Contributions ...	8,78,841	8,78,841
5,78,00,113	5,78,01,984	Total ...	5,78,87,871	5,79,21,327
24,72,774	24,72,774	Opening balance ...	......	......
......	......	Closing balance ...	23,85,016	23,53,431
6,02,72,887	6,02,74,758	Grand Total ...	6,02,72,887	6,02,74,758
		Provincial deficit (–).	(—)87,758	(—)1,19,343

3. There was an increase of Rs. 1,871 in Receipts, principally under Ferry Tolls, against an advance of Rs. 33,456 in Expenditure. The fluctuations in expenditure were chiefly under Stamps (Rs. 1,062), Police (Rs. 8,535), Minor Departments (Rs. 1,264), and State Railways—Working Expenses (Rs. 22,164). The increase under State Railways was due to an adjustment of Rs. 22,164 made under the orders of the Government of India on account of the working expenses of the Tirhut State Railway (old account).

4. The transactions under Provincial loans and advances, which are not included in the cash account of the year 1891-92, were as follows:—

HEADS.	Balance outstanding on 1st April 1891.	Repayments.	Outgoings.	Balance outstanding on 31st March 1892.
1	2	3	4	5
CLASS I.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Advances to cultivators—				
Loans under the Land Improvement Act XIX of 1883.	1,98,850	95,158	94,624	1,98,316
Advances to cultivators under Act XIII of 1884.	3,70,508	1,35,599	49,317	2,84,226
Famine advances	10,409	10,409	......	......
Total ...	5,79,767	2,41,166	1,43,941	4,82,542
CLASS II.				
Advances under Special laws—				
Embankment and drainage advances—				
Zamindari embankment advances ...	77,517	96,355	55,699	36,861
Drainage advances—				
Ampta drainage	52	......	......	52
Howrah "	3,07,893	215	1,07,393	4,15,071
Nadia "	290	290	......	......
Rajapur "	8,79,982	......	20,876	9,00,858
Dankonee "	19,428	21,824	8,392	5,996
Protapkhally "	12	......	......	12
Total ...	12,85,174	1,18,684	1,92,360	13,58,850
CLASS III.				
Loans to landholders	62,294	2,40,627	5,69,543	3,91,210
CLASS IV.				
Loans to mufassal municipalities ...	1,63,403	6,332	38,339	1,95,410
" to District and other Local Funds ...	1,05,000	18,839	1,56,196	2,42,357
" to the Chittagong Port Fund ..	63,455	......	63,771	1,27,226
Total ...	3,31,858	25,171	2,58,306	5,64,993
GRAND TOTAL ...	22,59,093	6,25,648	11,64,150	27,97,595

PART II.

REVISED ESTIMATE OF 1892-93.

5. The financial year which expired on the 31st March 1893, was the first of the quinquennial period for which a new contract has been made with the Government of India. A revised estimate, based on the actuals of eight

months, was submitted to the Government of India with letter No. 628F., dated the 31st January 1893. An amended statement was submitted on the 9th March 1893. Although the accounts of the year have not yet been finally closed, and are still open to adjustments, there are sufficient materials to frame an approximate estimate of the financial position of the province at the close of the year. The following statement shows the revised estimate as submitted to the Government of India, the estimate as passed by that Government, and the estimate now adopted by the Government of Bengal:—

RECEIPTS.	Estimate submitted to the Government of India.	Estimate passed by the Government of India.	Estimate now adopted.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Opening balance ...	23,53,000	23,53,000	21,53,000
Principal heads of Revenue—			
I.—Land Revenue { Proper ...	1,00,05,000	1,00,05,000	99,89,000
I.—Land Revenue { Adjustments	−13,26,000	−13,26,000	−13,36,000
III.—Salt ...	90,000	90,000	84,000
IV.—Stamps ...	1,16,25,000	1,16,63,000	1,16,59,000
V.—Excise ...	28,52,000	28,52,000	28,99,000
VI.—Provincial Rates ...	45,40,000	45,40,000	46,16,000
VII.—Customs ...	50,000	50,000	59,000
VIII.—Assessed taxes ...	21,75,000	21,55,000	21,14,000
IX.—Forests ...	4,00,000	3,75,000	3,72,000
X.—Registration ...	7,05,000	7,05,000	7,17,000
Total ...	3,11,1[illegible],000	3,11,[illegible]9,000	3,11,55,000
XII.—Interest ...	1,32,000	1,32,000	1,42,000
XIII.—Post Office ...	......	......	2,000
Receipts by Civil Department—			
XVI.—Law and Justice { Courts of Law	8,70,000	8,70,000	8,68,000
XVI.—Law and Justice { Jails ...	9,20,000	9,20,000	9,19,000
XVII.—Police ...	2,26,000	2,26,000	2,42,000
XVIII.—Marine ...	9,05,000	9,05,000	9,20,000
XIX.—Education ...	5,70,000	5,70,000	5,66,000
XX.—Medical ...	1,50,000	1,50,000	1,70,000
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments.	1,89,000	1,89,000	1,90,000
Total ...	38,30,000	38,30,000	38,75,000
Miscellaneous—			
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation.	72,000	72,000	78,000
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing ..	1,15,000	1,15,000	1,15,000
XXV.—Miscellaneous ...	8,03,000	8,23,000	8,29,000
Total ...	9,90,000	10,10,000	10,22,000
Railways—			
XXVI.—State Railways—(net receipts)	33,00,000	32,12,000	31,06,000
Irrigation—			
XXIX.—Major works (direct receipts) ...	16,35,000	16,50,000	18,88,000
XXX.—Minor works and navigation—			
By Public Works Department	7,85,000	7,85,000	7,54,000
„ Civil Department ...	1,18,000	1,18,000	1,25,000
Total ...	25,38,000	25,53,000	27,67,000
Buildings and roads—			
XXXII.—Civil works—			
By Public Works Department	2,10,000	2,10,000	1,68,000
„ Civil Department ...	2,26,000	2,26,000	2,30,000
Total ...	4,36,000	4,3[illegible],000	3,98,000
Contributions ...	......	......	......
Total ...	4,23,42,000	4,22,82,000	4,24,02,000
GRAND TOTAL ...	4,46,95,000	4,46,35,000	4,48,15,000

EXPENDITURE.	Estimate submitted to the Government of India.	Estimate passed by the Government of India.	Estimate now adopted.
5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Direct demand on the Revenues—			
1. Refunds and drawbacks ...	1,53,000	1,53,000	1,74,000
2. Assignments and compensations ...	1,80,000	1,80,000	1,84,000
3. Land Revenue ...	33,88,000	33,88,000	33,76,000
5. Salt ...	1,25,000	1,25,000	1,24,000
6. Stamps ...	4,37,000	4,37,000	4,47,000
7. Excise ...	1,67,000	1,67,000	1,64,000
8. Provincial Rates ...	4,40,000	4,40,000	4,34,000
9. Customs ...	5,30,000	5,30,000	5,40,000
10. Assessed Taxes ...	92,000	92,000	92,000
11. Forests ...	2,23,000	2,23,000	1,91,000
12. Registration ...	3,57,000	3,57,000	3,63,000
Total ...	60,92,000	60,92,000	60,89,000
13. Interest or ordinary debt ...	1,20,000	1,20,000	1,24,000
Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint—			
15. Post Office ...	4,000	4,000	7,000
Salaries and expenses of Civil Department—			
18. General Administration ...	16,25,000	16,25,000	16,37,000
19. Law and Justice { Courts of Law ...	85,35,000	85,3[illegible],000	85,2[illegible],000
19. Law and Justice { Jails ...	20,90,000	20,90,000	21,19,000
20. Police ...	57,84,000	57,84,000	58,47,000
21. Marine ...	8,61,000	8,61,000	9,44,000
22. Education ...	25,30,000	25,30,000	25,37,000
24. Medical ...	15,80,000	16,09,000	16,13,000
25. Political ...	37,000	37,000	18,000
26. Scientific and other Minor Departments.	3,25,000	3,25,000	3,41,000
Total ...	2,33,67,000	2,33,87,000	2,35,79,000
Miscellaneous—			
29. Superannuation, &c. ...	16,90,000	18,90,000	17,03,000
30. Stationery and Printing ...	12,48,000	12,08,000	13,56,000
32. Miscellaneous ...	1,98,000	1,98,000	2,12,000
Total ...	31,36,000	31,96,000	32,71,000
Famine Relief and Insurance—			
33. Famine relief ...	8,000	8,000	1,000
Railways (Revenue account)—			
40. Subsidized Companies—Land, &c. ...	26,000	26,000	25,000
Irrigation—			
42. Major Works—			
Working expenses ...	14,00,000	14,00,000	13,95,000
Interest on debt ...	24,26,000	24,26,000	24,23,000
43. Minor works and Navigation—			
By Public Works Department ...	15,51,000	15,46,000	13,94,000
„ Civil Department ...	4,000	4,000	5,000
Total ...	53,81,000	53,76,000	52,17,000
Buildings and Roads—			
45. Civil Works—			
By Public Works Department ...	28,44,000	27,65,000	27,24,000
„ Civil Department ...	1,70,000	1,70,000	1,8[illegible],000
Total ...	30,14,000	29,35,000	29,05,000
Contributions ...	12,50,000	12,50,000	13,50,000
Total ...	4,23,93,000	4,23,89,000	4,25,68,000
Closing balance ...	23,02,000	22,46,000	22,47,000
GRAND TOTAL ...	4,46,95,000	4,46,35,000	4,48,15,000
Provincial deficit (−) ...	(−)51,000	(−)1,07,000	(−)1,06,000

RECEIPTS.

6. *Land Revenue.*—The revised estimate of total Land Revenue receipts for 1892-93 was placed at Rs. 3,85,50,000, but the actual collections only reached a total of Rs 3,84,96,000. The 12 per cent. on collections from Government estates amounted to Rs. 4,74,000, and the total Provincial share of Land Revenue for the year was therefore one-fourth of (Rs. 3,84,96,000—Rs. 4,74,000) + 4,74,000, or Rs. 99,80,000. This amount has been adopted as the revised estimate of the Provincial share of Land Revenue (proper) for 1892-93. The adjustments between the Imperial and Provincial revenues will probably result in a net deduction of Rs. 13,36,000, as shown below:—

	Estimate passed by the Government of India.	Revised estimate now adopted.
Fixed contribution to Imperial under the new Contract	—14,39,000	—14,39,000
Grant for the Hidgelee Tidal Canal ...	+49,000	+38,000
Ditto honorarium to Mr. Kilby for salt scales	+38,000	+38,000
Grant for the transfer of Imperial buildings to local agencies	+45,000	+45,000
Interest on the capital expenditure on Hidgelee Tidal Canal advanced from Imperial	—19,000	—18,000
Total ...	—13,26,000	—13,36,000

7. The Government of India, in the Public Works Department letter No. 33A.C.W., dated the 25th January 1893, directed that, before the close of each financial year, a statement of the claims against the Imperial Government, including the usual percentage charges for establishment and tools and plant on the grants for Imperial works and repairs made over to local bodies, should be submitted to the Finance and Commerce Department of the Government of India, in order that the necessary adjustment of accounts might be made through the head of Land Revenue. The required statement for 1892-93 was submitted to the Government of India with a request for an assignment of Rs. 47,690, but the Finance and Commerce Department has since decided that the final adjustment between Imperial and Provincial should be made with reference to the actual expenditure incurred by the local bodies during the year, and not on the grants provided in the estimates. The Public Works Department has accordingly been asked to call upon the local bodies concerned to submit, after the close of every year, a progress report showing the actual amount spent during the year on each Imperial work made over to them, and the further amounts that are likely to be required for their completion. As the year 1892-93 has already closed, the Public Works Department has been asked to supply the Financial Department with a statement showing the actual expenditure on Imperial works incurred by the local bodies during the year, so that an application may be made for final adjustment. Pending the receipt of this information, Rs. 45,000, the amount passed by the Government of India in the revised estimate, is adopted in this Resolution.

8. *Salt.*—The original estimate under this head was Rs. 1,30,000; but looking to the falling off under "Rents of Warehouses," the revised estimate was placed at Rs. 90,000. The actual realizations, however, amounted to Rs. 84,000 only against Rs. 1,10,854 in 1891-92. The decrease was due to the quantity bonded during the year being less, and to a general reduction in the stock kept at the golahs, in consequence of the consumption during the year being greater than the importation. Moreover, owing to the exceedingly low rate of freight, salt laden ships after discharge could not obtain export cargo, and it paid the owners better to sell salt direct from the ships instead of discharging and storing it.

9. *Excise*—The receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 1,15,95,000, against Rs. 1,14,10,000, the revised estimate passed by the Government of India. One-fourth of this sum or Rs. 28,99,000 have been taken as the share of the Local Government. The receipts of the year show an increase of 4 per cent. over those of the previous year, and are larger than the revenue of any of the preceding four years.

10. *Provincial Rates.*—The revised estimate under this head was placed at Rs. 45,40,000 against Rs. 45,24,517, the actuals of 1891-92. The percentage of arrear collections of both Road and Public Works Cesses on arrear demand was 80·9, that of current collection on current demand 84·9, and that of total collection on current demand 102·2. The year therefore closed with a smaller arrear balance than that with which it opened. The total collections under the head amounted to Rs. 46,16,000.

11. *Assessed Taxes.*—The original estimate for 1892-93 was Rs. 43,00,000 against Rs. 43,07,928, the actuals of 1891-92. Looking to the steady growth of revenue under this head, and also to the increased collections in the first eight months of the year as compared with those of the same period in the preceding year, the estimate was raised to Rs. 43,50,000 in the Financial Resolution dated 27th December 1892. The same figure was adopted by the Local Government in the budget report; but the Government of India, in view of the falling off in receipts in the later part of the year, reduced the estimate to Rs. 43,10,000. The actuals amounted to Rs. 42,28,000. The Provincial share of one-half has accordingly been taken at Rs. 21,14,000. The net revenue shows a decrease of 1·8 per cent. against an increase of 1·5 per cent. in the preceding year: the decrease is in the collection of the arrear demand.

12. *Registration.*—The Provincial share of the receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 7,17,000 as compared with Rs. 7,05,000 the revised estimate passed by the Government of India, and Rs. 6,67,156, the actuals of 1891-92. The increase is attributable partly to the influence of the season and partly to the growing confidence of the public in registration concurrently with the general advancement in education and in a knowledge of the law.

13. *Interest.*—The actuals amounted to Rs. 1,42,000 against Rs. 1,32,000, the revised estimate, as shown below:—

	Revised estimate passed by India.	Revised estimate now adopted.
	Rs.	Rs.
Class I.—Interest on advances to cultivators	20,000	26,000
„ II.—Interest on advances under special loans	5,000	4,000
„ III.—Interest on loans to landholders and other notabilities	18,000	18,000
„ IV.—Interest on loans to municipal and other public corporations	27,000	29,000
Interest on Government securities	13,000	13,000
Miscellaneous	49,000	52,000
Total ...	1,32,000	1,42,000

14. *Police.*—The receipts of the Police Department are compared below with the revised estimate passed by the Government of India:—

	Revised estimate passed by India.	Approximate actuals.
	Rs.	Rs.
(1) Police paid for by Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds ...	6,000	6,000
(2) Police paid for by Public Departments, Companies and private persons ...	23,000	25,000
(3) Presidency Police	93,000	1,02,000
(4) Recoveries on account of village police	2,000	3,000
(5) Fees, fines, and forfeitures ...	32,000	34,000
(6) Superannuation receipts	......	1,000
(7) Miscellaneous	70,000	71,000
Total ...	2,26,000	2,42,000

The fluctuation was chiefly in the receipts derived from the Presidency Police. The increase under (2) was due to larger recoveries in Patna for police supplied to private persons.

15. *Marine.*—The receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 9,20,000 as compared with Rs. 9,05,000, the revised estimate passed by the Government of India. The increase was chiefly under pilotage receipts, which amounted to Rs. 8,41,000, against Rs. 8,30,000, the revised estimate of the year.

16. *Medical.*—The revised estimate under this head, passed by the Government of India, was Rs. 1,50,000, but the actual receipts amounted to Rs. 1,70,000. The increase was under "Hospital receipts," and was due partly to the orders of Government enhancing the rate of payment from the Hospital Port Dues Fund on account of seamen sent to hospital, and partly to larger receipts from paying patients.

17. *Railways.*—Under the terms of the new contract with the Government of India, the Nalhati and the Tirhut State Railways have been made Imperial, while the net receipts of the entire Eastern Bengal Railway system are divided equally between the Imperial and the Provincial Revenues. The actual net receipts in 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 62,13,000 against Rs. 64,25,000, the revised estimate passed by the Government of India. The provincial share will now amount to Rs. 31,06,000, as shown below:—

	Revised estimate passed by the Government of India.	Preliminary actuals.
	Rs.	Rs.
Receipts	1,18,00,000	1,18,30,000
Working expenses	53,75,000	56,17,000
Net receipts ...	64,25,000	62,13,000
Provincial share ...	32,12,000	31,06,000

18. *Irrigation—Major Works.*—The total receipts in 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 18,88,000 against Rs. 16,50,000, the revised estimate passed by the Government of India. The increase was mainly due to the recovery of old outstandings and of current demands on account of the Sone Canals.

19. *Civil Works.*—The original estimate of receipts from departments in charge of the Public Works Department was Rs. 2,30,000, and was reduced to Rs. 2,10,000 in the revised estimate. The actual receipts, however, amounted only to Rs. 1,63,000. The high estimate was based on the expectation that the Government share of the profits from the Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway would be realized during the year, but the adjustment could not be made as the case tried by the High Court, on which the payment depended, was not decided until after the expiration of the year.

Expenditure.

20. *Stamps.*—The cost of "Stamp paper supplied from Central Stores" in 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 2,90,000 against Rs. 2,82,000 passed by the Government of India as the revised estimate of the year. The Provincial share of the total charges of the Stamp Department amounted to Rs. 4,47,000 or Rs. 10,000 more than the figure adopted in the revised estimate.

21. *General Administration.*—There was larger expenditure under "Commissioners" than had been provided for in the revised estimate, and the total actual charges now amount to Rs. 16,37,000 against Rs. 16,25,000, the revised estimate passed by the Government of India.

22. *Jails.*—The total charges under this head amounted to Rs. 21,19,000 as compared with Rs. 20,90,000, the revised estimate passed by the Government of India. The increase was chiefly on account of rations, clothing and bedding, and other supplies due to the increase in jail population and the high price of food-grains.

23. *Police.*—The revised estimate under this head was Rs. 57,84,000, but the total expenditure amounted to Rs. 58,47,000. The excess was under "Superintendence" (Rs. 4,000), "District Executive Force" (Rs. 39,000), "Special Police" (Rs. 17,000), and "Village Police" (Rs. 3,000). The increase under "District Executive Force" was chiefly under Supplies and Services and Contingencies, the expenditure on which accounts was unusually high in the last two months of the year.

24. *Marine.*—The total charges under this head amounted to Rs. 9,44,000 against Rs. 8,61,000, the revised estimate submitted to the Government of India. This estimate included a provision of only Rs. 25,000 to meet a part of the cost of the new pilot vessel to replace the *Coleroon*, which is under construction at the Government dockyard at Bombay. The actual payment, however, on this account was Rs. 99,307. The charges for "Purchase of marine stores and coal for the building, repairs and outfit of vessels" also exceeded the revised estimate by Rs. 15,000.

25. *Medical.*—There was an increase of expenditure under "Hospitals and Dispensaries," and the total charges of the department amounted to Rs. 16,13,000 against Rs. 16,00,000, the revised estimate passed by the Government of India. There was, however, a corresponding increase in receipts.

26. *Political.*—The original estimate under this head, amounting to Rs. 29,000, was raised to Rs. 37,000 in the revised estimate. The actual charges, however, amounted to Rs. 18,000 only. The decrease was mainly under the head "Durbar presents and allowances to Vakeels, &c."

27. *Stationery and Printing.*—The original budget estimate under this head, amounting to Rs. 9,90,000, was raised by the Local Government to Rs. 12,48,000, and by the Government of India to Rs. 13,08,000 on information furnished by the Superintendent of Stationery, to meet a large increase of expenditure under "Stationery supplied from Central Stores." The actual charges under the sub-head, however, exceeded the revised estimate by Rs. 47,000. The increase is attributed to the large supplies furnished to the Survey and Settlement Department in connection with the settlement operations now in progress. The total charges under the head amounted to Rs. 13,56,000.

28. *Miscellaneous.*—There was an increase of expenditure under "Donations for charitable purposes" and under "Miscellaneous and Unforeseen charges" owing in the latter case to the adjustment of the excess charges on account of the telegraph lines from Rampur Hat to Dumka and from Chittagong to Demagri. The total "Miscellaneous" expenditure amounted to Rs. 2,12,000, whereas the revised estimate passed by the Government of India stood at Rs. 1,98,000.

29. *Irrigation—Minor Works.*—The charges in 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 13,94,000 against Rs. 15,46,000 passed by the Government of India as the revised estimate of the year. The saving is partly due to excess provision having originally been made for establishment and also to the amount provided for in the estimate for original works not being fully worked up to.

30. *Civil Works.*—The expenditure of the Public Works Department amounted to Rs. 27,24,000 falling but little short of Rs. 27,65,000, the revised estimate for the year. The saving is due to short outlay on the Collector's residence at Darbhanga and the Registration building at Dacca, and to a sum of Rs. 17,000 not having been appropriated during the year.

31. *Contributions.*—The estimate of Rs. 12,50,000 has been increased by one lakh, that being the sum which Government has decided to contribute towards the heavy expenditure incurred by the Darbhanga District Board on relief works and other famine charges during 1891-92 and 1892-93.

32. *Closing balance.*—According to the revised estimate now adopted, the closing balance of the past year will have been Rs. 22,47,000 against Rs. 23,02,000 estimated by this Government, and Rs. 22,46,000 anticipated by the Government of India when passing the estimates for the current year.

PART III.

BUDGET ESTIMATE 1893-94.

33. The Lieutenant-Governor has already in separate Resolutions reviewed the estimates of receipts and charges for the current year under each head of account: later information, however, has led to a modification of these in some respects. The following table shows the estimates as submitted to the Government of India, the figures as passed by that Government, and the estimates which the Lieutenant-Governor has finally resolved to adopt. The figures now adopted do not include under the several service heads any provision for "Exchange Compensation Allowance" the payment of which has recently been sanctioned by the Secretary of State to European and Eurasian

servants of Government not domiciled in India. The Government of India has already decided that the allowances will be charged to the same head as pay, and will be Imperial or Provincial to the same extent as pay is Imperial or Provincial, and that no adjustment will be made between Imperial and Provincial funds to cover the Provincial share of the expenditure. The Accountant-General, who was asked to report on the effect of these orders on the Provincial revenues of Bengal, stated that, owing to doubt regarding the number and pay of officers who would be adjudged entitled to the allowance, an estimate could only be framed by the light of the actual charges recorded in the accounts. He has, however, promised to submit, later on in the year, a report on the subject based upon the experience gained from the first few months' operation of the scheme. Pending the receipt of this report, a lump provision of a lakh and a quarter has been made under "Miscellaneous;" but when the estimates shall have been prepared by the Accountant-General, the necessary adjustments will be made under the different service heads:—

RECEIPTS.	Estimate submitted to the Government of India.	Estimate passed by the Government of India.	Estimate now adopted.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Opening balance	23,02,000	22,46,000	22,47,000
Principal heads of Revenue—			
I.—Land Revenue { Proper ...	99,88,000	99,88,000	99,88,000
I.—Land Revenue { Adjustments	—13,50,000	—13,50,000	—13,33,000
III.—Salt	90,000	90,000	75,000
IV.—Stamps	1,17,75,000	1,17,75,000	1,20,00,000
V.—Excise	28,75,000	28,75,000	29,75,000
VI.—Provincial rates	45,61,000	45,61,000	46,15,000
VII.—Customs	56,000	56,000	56,000
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	22,00,000	21,65,000	21,15,000
IX.—Forests	3,87,000	3,87,000	3,87,000
X.—Registration	7,10,000	7,10,000	7,35,000
Total ...	3,12,92,000	3,12,57,000	3,16,13,000
XII.—Interest	1,82,000	1,82,000	1,65,000
Receipts by Civil Department—			
XVI.—Law and Justice { Courts of Law	8,76,000	8,76,000	9,00,000
XVI.—Law and Justice { Jails ...	2,59,000	2,59,000	2,59,000
XVII.—Police	2,19,000	2,19,000	2,19,000
XVIII.—Marine	9,12,000	9,12,000	9,12,000
XIX.—Education	5,71,000	5,71,000	5,71,000
XX.—Medical	1,51,000	1,51,000	1,75,000
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments.	1,62,000	1,62,000	1,62,000
Total ...	38,50,000	38,50,000	38,98,000
Miscellaneous—			
XXII.—Receipts in aid of superannuation.	56,000	56,000	75,000
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing ...	1,07,000	1,07,000	1,20,000
XXV.—Miscellaneous	7,96,000	7,96,000	8,29,000
Total ...	9,59,000	9,59,000	10,24,000
Railways—			
XXVI.—State Railways (net receipts)	33,50,000	32,60,000	32,00,000
Irrigation—			
XXIX.—Major Works (direct receipts)	14,50,000	14,50,000	15,00,000
XXX.—Minor Works and Navigation— By Public Works Department	8,15,000	8,15,000	8,15,000
,, Civil Department ...	1,17,000	1,17,000	1,17,000
Total ...	23,82,000	23,82,000	24,32,000
Buildings and Roads—			
XXXII.—Civil works— By Public Works Department	1,70,000	1,70,000	2,55,000
,, Civil Department	2,30,000	2,30,000	2,30,000
Total ...	4,00,000	4,00,000	4,85,000
Contributions	......	......	......
Total ...	4,24,15,000	4,22,30,000	4,28,17,000
GRAND TOTAL ...	4,47,17,000	4,44,76,000	4,50,64,000

EXPENDITURE.	Estimate submitted to the Government of India.	Estimate passed by the Government of India.	Estimate now adopted.
5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Direct demand on the Revenues—			
1. Refunds and drawbacks	1,53,000	1,53,000	1,53,00
2. Assignments and compensations ...	1,61,000	1,61,000	1,61,00
3. Land Revenue	34,23,000	34,19,000	34,23,00
5. Salt	41,000	41,000	41,00
6. Stamps	4,61,000	4,61,000	4,61,00
7. Excise	1,79,000	1,79,000	1,79,00
8. Provincial rates	3,86,000	3,86,000	4,15,00
9. Customs	5,52,000	5,52,000	5,58,00
10. Assessed taxes	96,000	96,000	94,00
11. Forests	2,41,000	2,41,000	2,39,00
12. Registration	3,67,000	3,67,000	3,67,00
Total ...	60,60,000	60,56,000	60,91,00
13. Interest on ordinary debt	1,38,000	1,38,000	1,38,00
Post Office, Telegraph and Mint— 15. Post Offices	3,000	3,000	5,00
Salaries and expenses of Civil Department			
18. General Administration ...	15,92,000	15,92,000	16,40,00
19. Law and Justice { Courts of Law ...	85,28,000	85,28,000	85,28,00
19. Law and Justice { Jails	21,79,000	21,79,000	21,72,00
20. Police	56,84,000	56,59,000	56,81,00
21. Marine	10,47,000	10,37,000	9,73,00
22. Education	25,73,000	25,73,000	25,66,00
24. Medical	15,89,000	15,85,000	16,20,00
25. Political	29,000	29,000	29,00
26. Scientific and other Minor Departments.	3,64,000	3,64,000	4,49,00
Total ...	2,34,85,000	2,35,46,000	2,36,58,00
Miscellaneous—			
29. Superannuation, &c.	17,50,000	17,50,000	17,65,00
30. Stationery and Printing	13,05,000	13,05,000	13,80,00
32. Miscellaneous	2,29,000	2,29,000	3,62,00
Total ...	32,84,000	32,84,000	35,07,00
Railways (Revenue account)—			
40. Subsidized Companies—Land, &c....	1,000	1,000	3,00
41. Miscellaneous Railway expenditure	......	......	1,00
Total ...	1,000	1,000	4,00
Irrigation—			
42. Major Works— Working expenses	13,98,000	13,98,000	13,98,00
Interest on debt	24,40,000	24,48,000	24,44,00
43. Minor Works and Navigation— By Public Works Department ...	15,58,000	15,58,000	15,57,00
,, Civil Department	4,000	4,000	4,00
Total ...	54,09,000	54,08,000	54,03,00
Buildings and Roads—			
45. Civil Works— By Public Works Department ...	27,43,000	27,43,000	26,49,00
,, Civil Department	1,93,000	2,25,000	2,25,00
Total ...	29,36,000	29,68,000	28,74,00
Contributions	11,50,000	10,00,000	12,00,00
Total ...	4,24,66,000	4,24,04,000	4,28,89,00
Closing balance	22,51,000	20,72,000	21,75,00
GRAND TOTAL ...	4,47,17,000	4,44,76,000	4,50,64,00
Provincial deficit (—)	(—)51,000	(—)1,74,000	(—)72,0

RECEIPTS.

34. *Land Revenue.*—The total collections in 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 3,84,96,000, and the estimate for 1893-94 has been placed by the Government of India at Rs. 3,84,33,000. The average receipts during the past five years have been Rs. 3,84,50,000. The collections in the first five months of the current year amounted to Rs. 71,11,000 against Rs. 74,38,000 obtained in the corresponding period of last year. This decrease is probably due to the floods which have affected the prosperity of the raiyats, and caused payments to be temporarily withheld; but there is no reason to believe that the estimate for the current year will not be reached, and it will accordingly be retained. The provincial share will thus remain Rs. 99,88,000. The adjustments between Imperial and Provincial show the following results:—

	Rs.
1888-89	3,73,73,000
1889-90	3,88,82,000
1890-91	3,88,19,000
1891-92	3,86,80,000
1892-93	3,84,96,000
Total for five years ...	19,22,50,000
Average per year ...	3,84,50,000

	Estimate of the Government of India.	Estimate now adopted.
	Rs.	Rs.
Lump contribution under the new contract	(—)14,39,000	(—)14,39,000
Grant for the Hidgellee Tidal Canal	+1,00,000	+1,00,000
Grant on account of Imperial buildings placed under Local officers ...	+10,000	+36,000
Interest on advances for the Hidgellee Tidal Canal	(—)21,000	(—)21,000
Contribution to Provident Fund for employés of the Tirhut State Railway for July 1890 to March 1892	......	(—)9,000
Total ...	(—)13,50,000	(—)13,33,000

The last item is still under discussion. The Government of India while passing orders on the budgets for 1893-94 allowed the following adjustment on account of the transfer of Imperial Civil and Military Works to the management of local agency:—

	Rs.	Rs.
Annual grant for maintenance	8,341	
Percentage charges for establishment and tools and plant on above	2,044	
		10,385
In round numbers ...	......	10,000

The construction, maintenance and repairs of several other Imperial buildings have since been entrusted to local bodies. The Imperial Public Works estimates will be reduced by the amount of the grants provided for these works, but a credit for an additional sum of Rs. 26,000 will be provisionally taken under this head, that being the aggregate of the amounts made over to the local funds and to the Provincial Public Works budget on account of these works.

35. *Salt.*—The rent of warehouses shows a falling off of Rs. 6,365 during the first five months, amounting to Rs. 18,194, as compared with Rs. 24,559 during the corresponding period of last year. The total receipts in 1892-93 were Rs. 84,000, and the Lieutenant-Governor thinks that it will not be safe to place the estimate for the current year at a higher figure than Rs. 75,000 instead of Rs. 90,000, the original estimate for the year.

36. *Stamps.*—The total revenue from stamps has been estimated at Rs. 1,57,00,000, being Rs. 1,55,000 more than the latest revised estimate of last year, which amounted to Rs. 1,55,45,000. The Comptroller-General's latest statement shows that the receipts during the first five months of the current year have exceeded those of the corresponding period of last year by Rs. 3,64,000. In view of these figures the estimate is raised to Rs. 1,60,00,000, of which the Provincial share will be Rs. 1,20,00,000. The question of lowering the fees

levied for the issue of processes is now under consideration, but as the matter is not yet ripe for final settlement, no reduction in the estimate has been made on this account.

37. *Excise.*—The estimate of total revenue under this head as passed by the Government of India amounts to Rs. 1,15,00,000. The Comptroller-General's statements show that the actuals in 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 1,15,95,000, and the receipts of the first five months of the current year exceed those of the same five months of last year by Rs. 2,98,000. The results of the recent settlements of shops for the sale of country spirits just received from the Board of Revenue show a net increase of Rs. 2,41,923 in the demand for the current year, though the number of licenses settled is less than that of the past year by 98. The number of unsettled shops is still large, but the Excise Commissioner has taken steps to hasten the settlement of them. In view of the increased revenue already collected, the Lieutenant-Governor thinks that the estimate can safely be raised to Rs. 1,19,00,000. The Provincial share will thus amount to Rs. 29,75,000.

38. *Provincial Rates.*—The following statement compares the receipts under this head for three years :—

HEADS.	Actuals, 1891-92.	Latest revised estimate, 1892-93.	Sanctioned estimate, 1893-94.	Estimate now proposed.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(1) Public Works Cess ...	40,79,753	41,95,000	41,50,000	41,50,000
(2) General management of Wards' Estates.	80,409	77,000	80,000	1,25,000
(3) Proportionate cost of collecting Road Cess.	3,64,355	3,44,000	3,31,000	3,40,000
Total ...	45,24,517	46,16,000	45,61,000	46,15,000

The current demand of the Public Works Cess for 1892-93 was Rs. 40,94,343, and the actual collections were Rs. 41,95,000. It is by no means certain that the receipts during the current year will be as high as in the previous year. The arrear balance is now much smaller than in 1892-93, and the floods, which have affected the prosperity of the raiyats, may affect the collections. On the other hand some increase is anticipated on account of revaluations, which have been completed and been given effect to from 1st April 1893. Taking all the circumstances into consideration, the Lieutenant-Governor would retain the estimate originally adopted. The estimate under (3) appears to be low compared with the actuals of 1891-92 and the latest figure for 1892-93. Since the budget was passed, the Board of Revenue have increased the estimate of total cost of collecting the cess by Rs. 12,555 in consequence of the revaluations now in progress. The estimate will be raised by two-thirds of this amount, representing the proportionate cost of collecting road cess or to Rs. 3,40,000. The rules under the Management of Private Estates Act of 1892, which are under the consideration of Government, propose to raise the estimate of receipts from the Management Rate from Rs. 80,000 to Rs. 1,40,000, but as, the rules have not yet been finally passed, the full increase cannot be provided for during the current year. The estimate will be raised to Rs. 1,25,000. The total estimate under Provincial Rates will therefore stand at Rs. 46,15,000.

39. *Customs.*—The estimate under this head amounts to Rs. 56,000 against Rs. 50,000, the latest revised estimate for 1892-93. The collections in the first five months of the current year amounted to Rs. 21,974 against Rs. 19,469 obtained in the corresponding period of last year. The estimate will be retained.

40. *Assessed Taxes.*—The revenue under this head showed a progressive increase from 1888-89 to 1891-92, and the estimate for 1893-94, which was based on the revised estimate for 1892-93, was placed at Rs. 43,30,000. The actuals for 1892-93 aggregated only Rs. 42,28,000 against the revised estimate

of Rs. 43,10,000 and showed a considerable falling off, attributable to larger collections of arrears in the year 1891-92. The decrease having occurred in the closing months of 1892-93 was not foreseen and provided for in the revised estimate for that year. The collections during the first five months of the current year again show a decrease of Rs. 30,000 mainly in Calcutta, as compared with those of the corresponding period of last year. It would perhaps be premature to assume that the collections in the current year will be less than those realised in 1892-93; but looking to all the circumstances, it would not be safe to adhere to the estimate passed in March last, which will therefore be reduced by one lakh, viz. to Rs. 42,30,000. The Provincial share will stand at Rs. 21,15,000.

41. *Registration.*—The estimate under this head amounts to Rs. 14,20,000 against Rs. 14,34,000, the latest revised estimate for 1892-93. The actuals in the first five months of the current year show an increase of about Rs. 33,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year. The estimate will be raised to Rs. 14,70,000. The Provincial share will stand at Rs. 7,35,000.

42. *Interest.*—The original estimate of the Local Government under this head for 1893-94, based on an anticipation of a net outgoing of Rs. 12,61,000 from the treasury as loans on Provincial account was Rs. 1,82,000, and it was passed by the Government of India. That Government have, however, made a lump deduction of Rs. 7,50,000 from the estimate of net outgoings proposed by this Government. This deduction will necessarily reduce the Provincial receipts from Interest by nearly Rs. 17,000. The estimate will therefore be altered from Rs. 1,82,000 to Rs. 1,65,000.

43. *Law and Justice—Courts of Law.*—The total receipts under this head in the first five months of the current year show an increase of Rs. 34,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year. The latest revised estimate for 1892-93 amounts to Rs. 8,68,000. The estimate for the current year will be raised from Rs. 8,76,000 to Rs. 9,00,000.

44. *Marine.*—The receipts during the first five months of the current year amount to Rs. 3,23,756 against Rs. 3,32,114 obtained in the corresponding period of last year, showing a decrease of Rs. 8,358. The decrease is under the Calcutta Pilotage receipts. The aggregate receipts in 1892-93 were Rs. 9,20,000, and the estimate for the current year amounting to Rs. 9,12,000 will be retained.

45. *Medical.*—The Government of India placed the revised estimates under this head for 1892-93 at Rs. 1,50,000, and the estimate for the current year at Rs. 1,51,000. The latest revised estimate for 1892-93 now stands at Rs. 1,70,000. The receipts in the first five months of the current year show an increase of Rs. 3,170 over those of the corresponding period of last year. The estimate will be raised to Rs. 1,75,000.

46. *Scientific and other Minor Departments.*—The total of receipts under this head in 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 1,90,000. This includes a special credit of Rs. 25,000, the amount contributed by Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit for the construction of a veterinary hospital, and the estimate for the current year was placed at Rs. 1,62,000. The receipts from "Cinchona Plantations" that is from the sale of cinchona and quinine amounted to Rs. 1,18,000 in 1892-93, and in the first five months of the current year show an increase of Rs. 8,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year: some quinine has also been bought from Messrs. Kilburn and Company lately at a cost of Rs. 15,762, and this will be available for sale to the public. The estimate under this sub-head, which is Rs. 1,09,000, may be raised to Rs. 1,25,000. But looking to the falling off of emigration fees from Rs. 21,000 in the first five months of last year to Rs. 11,000 in the corresponding five months of the current year, it will not be safe to disturb the original total estimate, which will be retained.

47. *Superannuation.*—The revised estimate of Provincial receipts under this head for 1892-93 now stands at Rs. 78,000. The receipts during the first five months of the current year very nearly correspond with those obtained in the same period of last year. The estimate will be raised from Rs. 56,000 to Rs. 75,000.

48. *Stationery and Printing.*—The total Provincial receipts in the first five months of the current year show an increase of about Rs. 8,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year. The latest revised estimate for 1892-93

now stands at Rs. 1,15,000. The estimate for the current year will be raised from Rs. 1,07,000 to Rs. 1,20,000.

49. *Miscellaneous.*—The latest revised estimate of receipts under this head for 1892-93 now stands at Rs. 8,29,000. The average receipts in each of the past five years amounted to Rs. 8,15,000. The actuals during the first five months of the current year show an increase of Rs. 29,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year. The estimate for the current year will be raised from Rs. 7,96,000 to Rs. 8,29,000, the latest revised estimate for 1892-93.

	Rs.
1888-89	8,35,000
1889-90	8,03,000
1890-91	7,70,000
1891-92	8,36,000
1892-93	8,29,000
Total ...	40,73,000
Average per year ...	8,15,000

50. *Railways.*—The gross earnings of the Eastern Bengal State Railway System from the 1st April to the 23rd September 1893 amounted to Rs. 52,91,000 against Rs. 51,66,000 obtained from the 1st April to the 24th September 1892, showing an increase of Rs. 1,25,000. The estimate of the Government of India will be retained.

51. *Irrigation Major Works.*—The Government of India placed the revised estimate, 1892-93, under this head at Rs. 16,50,000, and the estimate for the current year at Rs. 14,50,000. The returns of the Examiner of Public Works Accounts show that the receipts in the first four months of the current year were Rs. 1,39,000 less than those of the corresponding period of past year. The latest revised estimate for 1892-93 now stands at Rs. 18,88,000, and the average actuals of the past five years amounted to Rs. 15,51,000. In view of the fluctuating character of these receipts depending to some extent on the rainfall, which has this year been generally plentiful, it will not be safe to anticipate that the average of the last five years will be attained; but looking to the large collections of the last two years, the Lieutenant-Governor would place the estimate at Rs. 15,00,000.

	Rs.
1888-89	13,94,000
1889-90	15,21,000
1890-91	13,47,000
1891-92	16,03,000
1892-93	18,88,000
Total of five years ...	77,53,000
Average per year ...	15,51,000

52. *Irrigation Minor Works.*—The latest revised estimate for 1892-93 amounts to Rs. 7,54,000, and the estimate for the current year is Rs. 8,15,000. The receipts in the first four months of the current year show an improvement of Rs. 18,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year. The average actual receipts of the past five years were Rs. 8,15,000. The estimate will be retained.

53. *Civil Works in charge of the Public Works Department.*—The revised estimate for 1892-93, as passed by the Government of India, was Rs. 2,10,000, and the estimate for 1893-94 is Rs. 1,70,000. The revised estimate for last year included a sum of Rs. 80,000, being the Government share of the profits payable by the Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway Company for two years, while the estimate for the current year includes Rs. 40,000 on this account, being the amount for one year. As already stated in paragraph 19 above, no payment was made by the Railway Company in 1892-93, but in 1893-94 a sum of Rs. 95,250 has been paid up to date on account of—

		Rs.
The year ending 30th June 1890	...	33,142
Ditto 1891	...	26,771
Ditto 1892	...	35,337
Total	...	95,250

If payment for the year ending 30th June 1893 is also made during the year, the total receipts from the Company may amount to, more or less, Rs. 1,25,000 against Rs. 40,000 provided in the estimate. The estimate may be raised to Rs. 2,55,000.

EXPENDITURE.

54. *Land Revenue.*—Since the budget was passed placing the estimate under this head at Rs. 34,19,000, an additional establishment has been sanctioned at an estimated cost of Rs. 4,000 for the office of the Deputy Commissioner of the Sonthal Parganas, and the estimate must therefore be raised to Rs. 34,23,000.

55. *Provincial Rates.*—The estimate under this head amounts to Rs. 3,86,000 against Rs. 4,34,000, the actuals of 1892-93. As stated in paragraph 37 above, an additional grant of Rs. 12,555 has been sanctioned at the instance of the Board of Revenue on account of revaluations in progress, but as the total receipts from the cess will, it is anticipated, be less than in 1892-93, a provision of Rs. 4,15,000 for the cost of collecting the cess, &c., may be sufficient for the current year.

56. *Customs.*—An extra establishment for the steam-launch *Ivy* of the Customs Preventive Department has been sanctioned at an additional cost of Rs. 3,400, and some provision must be made for additional preventive establishment costing Rs. 550 per month, which will be required if the Kidderpur Docks are largely used. It will be sufficient if the estimate be raised from Rs. 5,52,000 to Rs. 5,58,000.

57. *Assessed Taxes.*—The total expenditure for the collection of Income-Tax was originally estimated at Rs. 1,93,000, including Rs. 2,400 for house allowance to the Collector of Income-tax, Calcutta. The Government of India have sanctioned the grant of an allowance at the rate of Rs. 100 per mensem, which order will effect a saving of Rs. 1,200 on this account. On the recommendation of the Board of Revenue, a further reduction of Rs. 4,270 has been made in the income-tax establishment. The total saving may therefore be Rs. 5,470, and the total grant may be placed at Rs. 1,88,000. The Provincial share will stand at Rs. 94,000.

58. *Forests.*—The total grant of the Forest Department as passed by the Government of India amounts to Rs. 4,82,000, but a reduction of Rs. 2,500 has been made by the Revenue and Agricultural Department of the Government of India in the Imperial share of the grant for the reorganisation of the Forest Subordinate staff, to provide for the purchase of tramway plant required by the Forest Department in the Andamans, and for the construction of a gymnasium at the Forest School. A similar reduction will be made in the Provincial share. The total grant will then stand at Rs. 4,77,000 and the Provincial share at Rs. 2,39,000.

59. *Post Office.*—The estimate under this head for the current year will be raised from Rs. 3,000 to Rs. 5,000, since the actuals in the first five months of the current year amounted to Rs. 3,447 against Rs. 2,558 in the corresponding period of last year.

60. *General Administration.*—The estimate under this head will be raised by Rs. 4,000 for the purchase of an elephant for the Commissioner of Orissa, and for expenditure on the additional establishment and contingencies of the Legislative Department recently sanctioned in consequence of the expansion of the Legislative Council under the New Councils Act. In view of the actuals of 1892-93, amounting to Rs. 16,37,000, and those of the first five months of the current year, showing an increase of Rs. 6,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year, the estimate for 1893-94 will be placed at Rs. 16,40,000.

61. *Jails.*—The estimate under this head will be reduced by Rs. 6,860, which has been made over to the Public Works Department for strengthening and executing repairs to the barracks in the Rajshahi Central Jail, and for the conversion of No. 4 Yard of the Alipore Jail into a workshop. The grant will stand at Rs. 21,72,000.

62. *Police.*—The Government of India have raised the estimate of this Government by Rs. 75,000 for Lushai charges. This will again be raised by Rs. 4,000 to meet the cost of the additional police force sanctioned for the Patuakhali Municipality, of arrears of rent due to the East Indian Railway Company for accommodation of the State Railway Police, and of the charges for police guards employed at the Secretariat Building in Calcutta: the last charge has hitherto been borne by the Public Works Department, but will now be adjusted in the Civil Department. Additional grants have also been made for five additional Police Inspectors to be employed in the Patna Division at a total cost of Rs. 4,000, and for the employment of 250 constables with a proportion of superior officers for eight months: adding a sum of Rs. 600 for accoutrements, the total extra cost under this head will hardly be less than Rs. 16,000. A sum of Rs. 2,000, being the moiety of cost of a police van for Calcutta, has also been sanctioned. The estimate must therefore be raised by Rs. 22,000 or to Rs. 56,81,000 in all.

63. *Marine.*—The estimate passed by the Government of India, amounting to Rs. 10,37,000, includes a provision of Rs. 1,50,000 for the balance of the cost of constructing a pilot vessel to replace the *Coleroon.* The charges in 1892-93 on this account amounted to Rs. 99,307 against Rs. 25,000, provided in the revised estimate of the year: a reduction of Rs. 74,000 will therefore be made on this account this year. On the other side an increased provision of Rs. 10,000 will be made for payment of compensation to Captain Petley. The estimate will thus stand at Rs. 9,73,000.

64. *Education.*—The estimate under this head, amounting to Rs. 25,73,000, has been reduced by Rs. 14,000 on account of the following charges which have been eliminated:—

(*a*) A grant of Rs. 7,000 to the District Board of Malda for the construction of the new zilla school building, of which Rs. 5,000 have been met from the Public Works Department budget, and only Rs. 2,000 remain to be provided from the Education budget.

(*b*) A donation of Rs. 1,500 towards the construction of a building for St. Mary's House of Charity.

(*c*) A grant of Rs. 2,500 to the Public Works Department for furniture of the new Art School.

(*d*) A grant of Rs. 3,019 for the construction of two additional rooms in the Taki Government School building.

(*e*) A grant of Rs. 5,123 for the construction of two additional rooms in the zillah school building at Rangpur.

Against these reductions an additional grant of Rs. 6,270 has been made for the employment of a clerk on Rs. 15 per mensem, for each Deputy Inspector of Schools in thirty-eight Board districts with effect from the 1st April 1893. A further provision of Rs. 820 has been sanctioned under the head "Grant for the encouragement of useful publications" to provide for the salary of two clerks employed under Babu Sarat Chunder Dass for the completion of the Tibetian Dictionary. The total grant now stands at Rs. 25,66,000.

65. *Medical.*—The estimate of the Government of India has been raised by Rs. 10,000 to provide for additional remuneration which it is proposed to pay to Civil Surgeons' clerks for doing vaccination duty, for the payment of municipal taxes on the Campbell Medical School which have been raised from Rs. 1,287 to Rs. 4,191, for increased supernumerary pay of Civil Hospital Assistants for nine months, and for other petty increases in the Vaccination Department recently sanctioned by Government. The charges under Hospitals and Dispensaries durng the first five months of the current year show an increase of Rs. 26,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year. Taking all these circumstances into consideration, the total grant for the year will be placed at Rs. 16,20,000 against Rs. 16,13,000, the latest revised estimate for 1892-93.

66. *Scientific and other Minor Departments.*—The estimate under this head has been raised by Rs. 30,000 to provide for the following charges recently sanctioned:—

(*a*) Publication of a revised edition of Mr. Risley's Ethnographic Glossary, including Mr. Risley's deputation allowance.

(*b*) Grant to the Indian Museum for Mr. Mukerji's archæological enquiries in Orissa.

(*c*) Purchase of quinine from Messrs. Kilburn and Company.

A provision of Rs. 50,000 must also be made under this head for the payment of the first instalment to Messrs. Kilburn and Company of the purchase money of the Nimbong Cinchona Plantation. A further grant of Rs. 5,000 is also necessary for effecting certain urgent improvements in the Royal Botanic Gardens, Calcutta. The total estimate will be raised to Rs. 4,49,000.

67. *Superannuation.*—The estimate under this head amounts to Rs. 17,50,000. The actual charges in past years amounted to—

	Rs.	Increase.	
1888-89	13,70,000	......	
1889-90	14,36,000	66,000	
1890-91	15,13,000	77,000	
1891-92	16,00,000	87,000	
1892-93	17,03,000	1,03,000	
			3,33,000

The increase in the last four years amounted to Rs. 3,33,000, or an average of Rs. 83,000 a year. The actuals in the first five months of the current year show an increase of Rs. 25,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year. In view of these figures, it will not be safe to place the estimate for the current year at a lower figure then Rs. 17,65,000.

68. *Stationery and Printing.*—The expenditure under this head is estimated at Rs 13,05,000 against Rs. 13,56,000, the amount expended in 1892-93. The actuals of the first five months of the current year show an increase of Rs. 15,000 over those of the corresponding period of last year. The estimate will be raised to Rs. 13,80,000.

69. *Miscellaneous.*—The estimate of Rs. 2,29,000 under this head has been raised to Rs. 2,32,000 to provide for a donation of Rs. 1,500 towards the construction of a building for St. Mary's House of Charity, and for the maintenance of the telegraph line between Rampur Hât and Dumka. Applications for grants-in-aid from some of the charitable societies are under consideration, and it has been proposed to make a lump provision of Rs. 1,25,000 for Exchange Compensation Allowance under this head. The total estimate will be placed at Rs. 3,62,000.

70. *Subsidized Railways.*—An additional grant of Rs. 1,563-3 has been sanctioned for land charges in connection with the Duars Railway. The total grant now stands at Rs. 2,843-3 or Rs. 3,000 in round numbers.

71. *Miscellaneous Railway Expenditure.*—A grant of Rs. 1,206-10 has been sanctioned to the Public Works Department to adjust the charges already incurred by the Manager of the Eastern Bengal State Railway for establishment employed on marking out the land for the Sultanpore-Bogra Railway. This amount will be entered in the budget.

72. *Irrigation Major works.*—The estimate of Interest on debt as last revised by the Public Works Department amounts to Rs. 24,44,000 against Rs. 24,48,000 passed by the Government of India. The revised figure has been adopted.

73. *Irrigation Minor Works.*—The estimate under this head as passed by the Government of India amounts to Rs. 15,58,000. A sum of Rs. 1,023 has been made over to the District Board of Burdwan for the construction of culverts on the Grand Trunk Road, and a further sum of Rs. 66-4 to the Road Account, Sonthal Parganas, for reporting gauge readings. The total grant now stands at Rs. 15,57,000, in round numbers.

74. *Civil Works by Public Works Department.*—The grant under this head was originally fixed at Rs. 27,43,000. It now stands at Rs. 25,53,840 in consequence of the following additions and deductions :—

	Rs.	Rs.
As originally fixed		27,43,000
Additions—		
For percentage charges for establishment, tools and plant on Imperial works transferred to the management of local officers	6,377	
For two additional rooms in the Taki Government School building	3,019	
By sale proceeds of the old police buildings at Jalpaiguri	6,930	
For furniture for the new Art School ...	2,500	
For two additional rooms to the zilla school building at Rangpur	5,123	
For the completion of a new Court-house at Siliguri	3,000	
For strengthening and executing repairs to the barracks of the Rajshahi Central Jail ...	4,322	
For the conversion of No. 4 yard of the Alipore Jail into a workshop	2,538	
		33,809

Deductions—

	Rs.	Rs.
Grant to the Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling, for a new road at Siliguri	620	
Grant for the maintenance of telegraph line between Rampur Hât and Dumka ...	1,335	
Grant for Police guards employed in keeping watch and ward at Writers' Buildings ...	1,632	
Grants to the Bankipore and Howrah Municipalities for the repairs of roads	2,002	
Grants to the several District Funds for Public Works	1,74,857	
Grants to the District Road Accounts for ditto	16,523	
Grants to the District Road Funds for ditto	26,000	
		2,22,969
Net deduction ...		1,89,160
Grand Total		25,53,840

An additional grant of Rs. 95,000 will be made to the Public Works Department to enable them to undertake the repair of the Darjeeling Hill cart road, and the Teesta Valley road which have been damaged by rain and floods (Rs. 50,000), to carry out repairs urgently required for the Eden Sanitarium Darjeeling (Rs. 30,000), and for the construction of buildings at the Alipur sub-division in the Jalpaiguri district (Rs. 15,000). The total grant will now stand at Rs. 26,49,000.

75. *Civil Works in charge of Civil Officers.*—The difference, Rs. 32,000, between the estimates of the Local Government and the Government of India represents the special provision for the construction of mule bridges over the Tuichang, Phyrang, and Sailang rivers in the South Lushai Hills. The estimate will be retained.

76. *Contributions.*—The sanctioned grants to the various Incorporated Local Funds already amount to Rs. 11,76,746, thus—

	Rs.	Rs.
To the District Funds—		
Annual grant to establish equilibrium between receipts and charges transferred from Provincial account	4,45,035	
Annual grant for the maintenance of certain Provincial roads	2,29,720	
Annual grant for the maintenance of Imperial Civil Works	7,542	
Annual grant for the maintenance of Provincial Civil Works	1,27,926	
Annual grant for allowance to Engineers ...	10,200	
Ditto to the Malda District Board for establishment	600	
Annual grant to the Malda District Board for maintenance of embankments	637	
Annual grant to the Cuttack District Board for repairs of road	862	
Special grant to the Burdwan District Board for arrears of contribution	24,843	
Special grant to the Howrah District Board for arrears of contribution	9,699	
Special grant for Imperial Works in 1893-94 ...	21,403	
Ditto for Provincial Civil Works in 1893-94	1,79,344	
		10,57,811
To the District Road Funds—		
As shown in the Incorporated Local Funds Budget for 1892-93	36,403	
Less amount to be provided by the Board of Revenue from the grant for the management of estates	2,500	
		33,903

To the District Road Accounts—		
As shown in the Incorporated Local Funds Budget	87,032	
Less grant to the Chittagong Hill Tracts to be met from the Public Works budget ...	2,000	
		85,032
Total ...		11,76,746

The Lieutenant-Governor has acceded to an application from the District Board of Bhagalpur to be reimbursed Rs. 21,881, being the expenditure incurred by that body on relief works during the scarcity in 1891-92 in excess of the budget provision, and has agreed to make available Rs. 10,000 for expenditure by the Commissioner of Dacca on Famine Relief in that Division during the current year. The total grant will now therefore be placed at Rs. 12,09,000.

77. *Closing balance.*—According to the estimates passed by the Government of India, it was expected that the year would close with a credit balance of Rs. 20,72,000. According to the estimate now adopted, the closing balance will be Rs. 21,75,000 against an opening balance of the year amounting to Rs. 22,47,000. The balance will thus be reduced by Rs. 72,000, and this represents the excess of expenditure over receipts of the year. The total estimate of expenditure now adopted exceeds, however, the total estimate of the Government of India by a net sum of about 4¾ lakhs, which includes 1¼ lakhs for Exchange Compensation Allowance, ½ lakh for grants-in-aid of Famine Relief and other expenditure of District Boards, 1 lakh for urgent public works, ½ lakh as part of the purchase money of the Nimbong Cinchona Plantation, ¾ lakh for increase under Stationery and Printing, and ½ lakh for revaluation of cesses in progress.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 18th *November*, 1893.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.					
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan	Nov. 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of *aman* rice continue good. *Rabi* crops are being sown. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... 10 to 14; Kalna ... 9 to 13; Katwa ... 15; Raniganj ... 13½ } per rupee.
		Kalna	...	Nil	
		Katwa	...	Nil	
		Raniganj	...	Nil	
	2	Bankura	" 18, '93	Nil	Weather—generally fair and seasonable. All standing crops doing well. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Coarse rice (new) selling at Sadar 18 seers per rupee and at Vishnupur 17 seers.
	3	Birbhum	" 18, '93	Nil	Weather—rather warmer by day than is seasonable. *Aus* crop being harvested; outturn very good. Winter rice crop promises very well. Price of rice as low as 16 seers per rupee in some places.
		Rampur Hât	...	Nil	
	4	Midnapore	" 18, '93	Nil	Weather—fair; a little cloudy at night. Prospects of crops good. Water and fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... 12; Tamluk ... 12 } per rupee.
	5	Hooghly	" 18, '93	Nil	Weather—cool and seasonable. *Aman* doing well. *Rabi* cultivation progressing. Fodder and water sufficient.
		Serampore	...	·02	
		Jahanabad	...	Nil	
	6	Howrah	" 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* paddy and sugarcane doing well. Condition of cattle good Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice 10 to 11 seers per rupee.
		Ulubaria	...	Nil	
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas	" 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* has commenced. On the whole the crop is a fair one. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Sadar ... 9¾ to 11 8; Barasat ... 11 0; Diamond Harbour ... 12 0; Basirhat ... 9 13½ } per rupee.
	8	Nadia	" 18, '93	Nil	Weather—hot during day and cool at night and morning. Sowing of *rabi* crops going on. Prospects of *aman* crop fair. Water and fodder sufficient.
		Kushtia	...	Nil	
		Meherpur	...	Nil	
		Chuadanga	...	Nil	
		Ranaghat	...	Nil	
	9	Khulna	" 18, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and cooler. Prospects of *aman* good. *Chattana dhan* being reaped. *Rabi* crops being sown.
		Bagerhat	...	Nil	
		Satkhira	...	Nil	
	10	Jessore	" 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of *aman* and other winter crops fair. Sowing of *rabi* going on. Prices generally steady. Fodder and water sufficient.
		Jhenida	...	Nil	
		Magura	...	Nil	
		Narail	...	0·04	
		Bangaon	...	Nil	
	11	Murshidabad	" 18, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cooler. Prospects of *aman* favourable. Sowing of *rabi* crops and indigo continues. Present state of *kalai* does not seem to be good. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 13 seers per rupee.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*				
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong Nov. 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Early *aman* ripening. *Rabi* crops are being sown. Prices stationary. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—chilly in the morning, but warm in the day and cloudy. *Rabi* crops are being sown. State of standing crops good, except in Ramganj, where plants are being damaged by a disease called *ubra*. No cattle-disease worth speaking of. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice varies from 10 to 12 seers per rupee.
	14	Tippera „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Insects are doing much damage to standing crops in north of district; elsewhere *aman* promises well. Cattle still dying for want of fodder.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts. „ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—foggy in the morning, hot during daytime. Plough-paddy forming ears in all places with fair prospect. Condition of cotton not good. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice sells at 8 seers 14 chitaks per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy commenced; prospects favourable. Sowing of mustard, *mug* and *kalai* nearly finished. Common rice selling at from 7 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur „ 18, '93 Goalundo ... Madaripur ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Condition of standing crops unchanged. Early *aman* being harvested and *rabi* crops still being sown. Common rice sells from 10 seers per rupee at Madaripur to 13 seers per rupee at Goalundo. No cattle-disease, and fodder available.
	18	Backergunge „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy at night and occasional breaks of sunshine during day. Prospects of crops fair. Prices of common rice vary from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Water sufficient, but fodder not quite so in the Sadar subdivision.
	19	Mymensingh „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Common rice selling at from 8 to 11 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient, except in some places in Kishorganj subdivision.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur „ 18, '93 Thakurgaon ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cool. Prospects of standing crops continue to be as good as possible. Mustard, potatoes and pulses of all kinds are growing well. Prices of rice stationary. Condition of cattle good. Drinking water and supply of fodder plentiful.
	21	Rajshahi „ 18, '93 Nator ... Naugaon ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable, but somewhat cloudy. Prospects good everywhere. Water and fodder-supply ample. No cattle-disease. Price of rice varies from 9 to 13 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and cool. No reports from the subdivisions. Rainfall nil. Sadar crop report good. Common rice 9 to 12 seers per rupee.
	23	Bogra „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and cool. Prospects of *aman* excellent. Land is being ploughed for winter crops. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops continue good. *Khesari*, peas, mustard and linseed are being sown. Common rice selling at Rs. 4 to Rs. 4-4 per maund in the Sirajganj and 10½ seers per rupee in the Sadar subdivision. Water-supply and fodder sufficient.
	25	Darjeeling „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—cool and bright. *In the hills:—Aghani dhan, marua,* and *kalai* are ripening. Potatoes, *toree, phaphur*, wheat, and barley are progressing. *In the Terai:—Kalai, til,* and *haimanti* paddy doing well. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 }
	26	Jalpaiguri „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable: days bright. Prospects of standing crops continue favourable. Price of common rice stationary. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.					
BHAGALPUR DIVN.	27	Monghyr	Nov. 18, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and getting cool. Winter rice is ripening; prospects favourable. *Kurthi*, indigo, and sugarcane doing well. *Rabi* and poppy are being sown. The plants which have germinated are growing well. Small-pox among cattle towards Sikundra, Lakhiserai, and Nawadih. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 14; Begusarai ... ... 16; Jamui ... ... 14 } per rupee.
		Begusarai	...	Nil	
		Jamui	...	Nil	
	28	Bhagalpur	,, 18, '93	Nil	Cold weather has now set in with its usual features. Wheat and other *rabi* crops are being sown. *Kharif* harvest has commenced; prospects very favourable. A bumper crop nearly everywhere. Cattle-disease is rife.
		Banka	...	Nil	
		Madhipura	...	Nil	
		Supaul	...	Nil	
	29	Purnea	,, 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable: cold. Prospects of *aghani* excellent. Harvest beginning. *Rabi* sowing finished favourably. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
		Kishanganj	...	Nil	
		Araria	...	Nil	
	30	Malda	,, 18, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and cool. Winter rice is ripe in most places, and the harvesting has commenced; the outturn is expected to be 16 annas. *Kalai* thriving and flowering. Price of ordinary rice varies from 12 to 21 seers per rupee. Fodder and water for cattle enough.
	31	Sonthal Parganas	,, 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable with bright sunshine. State and prospects of standing crops continue good. Oilseeds doing well. Fodder and water ample.
		Deoghur	...	Nil	
		Godda	...	Nil	
		Jamtara	...	Nil	
		Pakur	...	Nil	
		Rajmahal	...	Nil	
PATNA DIVISION.	32	Patna	,, 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Paddy being harvested. *Rabi* crops being sown, and those sown earlier germinating well. Tobacco and *rahar* doing well. About 8 annas of the poppy sowings completed; prospects favourable. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 19; Barh ... ... 13¼; Bihar ... ... 17; Dinapore ... ... 15½ } per rupee.
		Bihar	...	Nil	
		Dinapore	...	Nil	
		Barh	...	Nil	
	33	Gaya	,, 18, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and growing cooler at night. Prospects of paddy good. Harvesting of *kartika* paddy commenced. Sowings of *rabi* and poppy going on. Prices stationary. Fodder and water for cattle ample.
		Aurangabad	...	Nil	
		Nawada	...	Nil	
		Jahanabad	...	Nil	
	34	Shahabad	,, 18, '93	Nil	Prospects of paddy crop favourable. Sugarcane poor. About half the poppy sowings completed, and the slight rain that fell last week was beneficial.
		Buxar	...	0·02	
		Bhabhua	...	Nil	
		Sasaram	...	Nil	
	35	Darbhanga	,, 18, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cool. Rice crop being harvested in places. *Rabi* sowings rapidly progressing. Poppy cultivation going on, but unusually late owing to recent rain. Fodder for cattle sufficient. Prices remain stationary.
	36	Muzaffarpur	,, 18, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and cold. Prospects of rice crop unaltered. *Rabi* sowings still continue, and those already sown have germinated and are promising well. Tobacco in good condition. Opium sowing retarded. Fodder and water sufficient. A few cases of cattle-disease reported from Bela and Bairagnia outposts in Sitamarhi subdivision.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—concld.			
37	Saran Nov. 18, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops good. *Rabi* sowings still going on; early sowings germinating well. Poppy prospects good; late rain beneficial; germination excellent. Water and fodder plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Chapra ... ... 15 0 Siwan ... ... 19 0 } per rupee. Gopalganj 17 2
38	Champaran „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—cool and fine, good for *rabi* cultivation. *Rabi* sowings in progress. *Aghani* in good condition. Prices slightly falling. Water sufficient, but fodder in places getting scarce as usual at this season, when it is the practice to send cattle to the jungles to graze.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects good. *Sarad* harvest commenced. *Rabi* crops doing well. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 13 13 Jajpur ... ... 13 2 to 15 12 Kendrapara ... ... 12 0 to 21 0 } per rupee. Banki ... ... 15 0 to 12 0
40	Puri „ 16, '93 Khurda ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy. *Sarad* thriving well and is in ears. *Laghu* ripening and in places being cut. Sugarcane being crushed. Miscellaneous crops doing well. General prospects good. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 12 7 to 17 1 Khurda ... ... 11 0 to 17 11 } per rupee.
41	Balasore „ 18, '93	0·03	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Rice is being harvested. *Biri* (pulse), *mung* and mustard are being sown. Fodder and drinking water sufficient. Price of rice 19 seers per rupee.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh Nov. 18, '93 Giridi ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Rabi* crops doing well. Paddy being harvested with good results generally. Poppy sowings nearly completed. Poppy has germinated satisfactorily all round. Common rice 11 to 20 seers per rupee. Fodder and water abundant.
43	Lohardaga „ 18, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Sowing of mustard finished. Common rice selling at 18 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
44	Palamau „ 17, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Rabi* sowings vigorously in hand. Winter rice being harvested in parts of the district. Prospects excellent. No cattle-disease. Water and fodder sufficient. Prices have a tendency to fall.
45	Singhbhum „ 18,' 93	Nil	Weather—clear, bright and cold. Crops doing well. Paddy being harvested with satisfactory outturn. Price of rice stationary.
46	Manbhum „ 18, '93 Gobindpur ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Mornings cold and pleasant. Prospects of crops good. New rice being brought to the Purulia market. Prices easier.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 21st November, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	DISTRICTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			JOWAR OR CHOLUM. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	BENGAL.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
	Burdwan Division.															
1	Burdwan	13 4	13 4	11 8	...	...	...	9 12	10 0	9 0	12 12	13 4	11 4	...	...	...
2	Bankura	15 4	14 8	12 0	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	10 0	17 8	13 14	11 4		...	...
3	Birbhum	10 8	12 0	10 4	...	...	...	10 8	11 0	10 4	13 8	13 8	13 0	...	...	...
4	Midnapore	11 0	11 0	11 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 12	15 10	15 10	10 0	...	...	...
5	Hooghly ...	12 0	13 0	12 0	12 0	13 0	13 0	9 0	8 0	8 0	10 8	10 0	9 8	...	...	...
6	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 4	8 14	11 8	11 8	11 13	...	...	...
	Presidency Division.															
	Calcutta	12 9	12 4	11 0	16 3	16 7	15 1	7 4	7 2	8 0	9 12	9 8	10 8	18 4	18 2	15 5
7	24-Parganas ...	13 4	13 4	11 4	16 0	16 0	16 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	11 8	11 8	11 4	...	...	...
8	Nadia	15 3½	14 3½	11 13½	...	...	...	7 9	8 0	9 0	12 1	11 14	11 2	...	...	...
9	Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 8	10 0	9 0	10 8	...	...	...
10	Jessore	8 0	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	8 0	8 8	9 0	10 0	11 4	12 0	...	...	...
11	Murshidabad ...	14 0	14 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	9 8	8 8	13 0	12 0	11 0	...	...	...
	Chittagong Division.															
12	Chittagong ...	11 0	10 0	9 4	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	8 8	11 13	10 12	11 4	...	...	...
13	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	10 0	9 0 to 10 4	8 0 to 8 12	12 0	...	...	...
14	Tippera ...	9 12	9 12	10 0	...	...	...	8 0	7 8	8 0	8 8	8 4	10 6½	...	...	...
15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 14	8 0	8 14	...	...	...
	Dacca Division.															
16	Dacca ...	13 0	13 0	...	16 0	16 0	...	7 8	8 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	10 0	...	...	...
17	Faridpur ...	14 8	15 0	11 0	...	18 0	...	9 0	8 0	8 0	11 8	12 4	11 0	...	...	...
18	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 0	8 6	8 6	10 8	...	...	...
19	Mymensingh ...	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	7 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	8 8	10 0	...	...	...
	Rajshahi Division.															
20	Dinajpur ...	15 10	15 10	11 4	...	12 0	15 12	9 8	9 8	9 0	13 3	13 3	13 0	...	...	...
21	Rajshahi ...	15 12	15 12	13 8	18 12	24 0	15 12	10 8	8 4	9 0	11 4	11 4	12 0	...	...	...
22	Rangpur	13 5	14 0	11 8	...	...	...	8 0	8 8	8 0	10 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 10¾ seers, and Raniganj 10½ seers.
B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Contai 9 seers, Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks, Tamluk not reported.
E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Serampore (Bhadreswar) 9¼ seers and Jahanabad 10 seers.
F In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Chetia hát 10¾ seers, Baduria 11 seers Barasat 10 seers and Magra hát 10 seers 5 chitaks.
G In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kushtiá (Bahadurkhali) 10½ seers, Chuadanga 10 seers, Meherpur 11 seers, and Ranaghat 9 seers.
H In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bagerhat 8 seers and Satkhira 10 seers 10 chitaks.
I In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jhenida 9¾ seers, Magura 9½ seers, Narail 9 seers 10 chitaks.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last yaer.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S C	S. Ch.
...	...	...	21 0	20 0	14 8
...	...	...	16 0	16 13	13 4
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	13 8
...	...	...	14 8	14 8	13 0
...	...	...	13 8	14 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
8 12	8 12	6 8	14 0	14 0	14 0
8 0	8 0	7 0	20 0	20 0	14 0
...	...	...	22 13	22 13	14 14
...	...	...	12 0	11 0	10 8
...	...	...	13 0	18 0	12 0
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	15 0
...	...	...	11 8	11 8	11 6
...	...	...	11 8	11 8	8 0
...	...	...	11 4	11 0	11 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	...
...	...	...	10 8	13 0	12 0
...	...	...	14 8	13 5	12 5
...	...	...	12 8	12 8	12 8
...	...	...	14 12	13 4	12 0
...	...	...	21 0	19 12	15 0
...	...	...	16 0	17 0	11 4

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th November, 1893.

Indian-corn or Maize (*Zea Mays.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea (*Cajanus Indicus.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	Division
															BENGAL.		
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
...	...	...	18 12	19 8	16 0	90 0	99 0	100 0	A 10 0	11 4	11 4	3 11 6	3 9 0	3 5 4	Burdwan.	1	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	13 6	13 6	14 0	300 0	300 0	320 0	B 10 2	10 5	10 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	3 10 0	Bankura.	2	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	12 0	14 0	10 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	C 11 0	11 0	10 12	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 12 6	Birbhum.	3	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	280 0	D 10 12	10 12	11 7	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 8 0	Midnapore.	4	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	12 0	11 8	11 8	140 0	160 0	120 0	E 11 9	11 8	10 8	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	Hooghly.	5	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	11 8	11 8	11 10	105 0	105 0	106 0	10 0	10 0	10 10⅔	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Howrah.	6	Burdwan Division.
19 5	19 6	17 15	17 12	17 12	15 4	85 0	85 0	85 0	10 13	11 2	11 0	3 10 6	3 9 [illegible]	3 5 6	Calcutta.		Presidency Division.
17 0	16 0	18 0	20 0	20 0	17 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	F 10 8	10 8	11 0	3 10 0	3 9 0	3 5 0	24-Parganas.	7	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	22 13½	22 13½	17 12½	128 0	128 0	...	G 9 2½	9 13½	10 10½	3 14 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Nadia.	8	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	10 8	11 0	9 0	160 0	160 0	140 0	H 9 0	9 0	10 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	Khulna.	9	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	15 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	I 10 0	10 0	9 2	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Jessore.	10	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	20 0	18 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	J 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	Murshidabad.	11	Presidency Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	80 0	80 0	110 0	K 10 0	10 0	9 8	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	Chittagong.	12	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	L 6 8	6 8	9 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	4 0 0	Noakhali.	13	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	6 14	6 12	8 0	...	...	...	M 7 12	8 12	10 13½	5 2 0	4 8 0	3 12 0	Tippera.	14	Chittagong Division.
No. in cobs. 300	300	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	...	140 0	120 0	120 0	N 8 0	9 4	9 0	4 8 0	4 5 0	3 10 0	Dacca.	16	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	...	13 0	...	...	...	...	O 9 0	10 4	10 0	4 6 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	Faridpur.	17	Dacca Division.
10 10	Mug. 10 0	11 2	8 6	Musari. 8 0	7 8	80 0	80 0	80 0	P 9 0	9 4	10 10	4 4 0	4 8 0	3 10 0	Backergunge.	18	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	Q 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	Mymensingh.	19	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	25 0	24 0	13 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	10 0	10 0	9 4	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Dinajpur.	20	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	20 12	20 10	16 14	240 0	240 0	240 0	R 9 9	9 9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 8	3 10 8	Rajshahi.	21	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	10 0	11 4	10 0	52 0	50 0	80 0	S 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	Rangpur.	22	Rajshahi Division.

J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kandi 10 seers, Jangipur not reported.
K At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
L At Fenny Hát the retail price of salt is 6½ seers per rupee.
M In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Brahmanbaria 7 seers and Chandpur 8 seers.
N In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madanganj not reported, Manikganj 9 seers 13 chitaks Mirkadim 10 seers 10 chitaks, Munshirhát 10 seers 10 chitaks.
O In the Madaripur and Goalundo subdivisions the retail price of salt is 9¼ seers per rupee.
P In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 9 seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 8 seers.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jamalpur 9 seers 7 chitaks, Kishorganj 8 seers, Netrokona 8 seers, and Kagmari 10 seers.
R In the Nator and Naogaon subdivisions the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
S In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Gaibanda 10 seers, Kurigaon 8 seers and Nilphamari 10 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE I

Number.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (Sorghum Vulgare). Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
	BENGAL—*continued.*	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
	[RAJSHAHI DIVISION—*concld.*]															
23	Bogra ...	13 8	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	7 8	8 4	7 8	12 0	11 4	10 8	...	...	...
24	Pabna	16 14	16 8	13 8	21 0	21 0	...	6 0	6 0	6 12	12 0	12 0	12 12	...	...	...
25	Darjeeling	8 0	8 0	7 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	5 8	5 0	5 0	11 8	11 0	10 0	...	...	...
26	Jalpaiguri	13 0	13 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	8 0	7 8	6 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
	BIHAR.															
	[BHAGALPUR DIVISION.]															
27	Monghyr ...	15 3 to 17 13	15 12 to 17 14	12 0 to 13 0	18 14 to 19 15	18 14 to 19 15	14 0 to 15 0	10 8	10 8	8 8 to 9 0	14 11	15 12	11 8	15 12 to 16 13	16 13	...
28	Bhagalpur ...	15 2	15 2	13 14	20 3	20 0	12 10	10 12	11 4	10 1	15 2	15 8	12 10	...	...	...
29	Purnea (Kasba)	16 0	16 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 0	16 0	18 0	14 0	...	...	...
30	Malda (English Bazar).	16 0	16 0	13 0	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	...	...	...
31	Sonthal Parganas.	13 8	13 8	10 8	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 8	14 8	14 4	14 8	...	...	...
	[PATNA DIVISION.]															
32	Patna ...	17 0 / 16 0	Red. 17 0 / White. 16 0	15 0 / 14 0	24 0	22 0	19 0	11 0	11 0	10 8	19 0	18 0	14 8	...	...	28 0
33	Gaya ...	15 0	14 8	12 8	19 0	19 0	14 0	9 8	9 8	9 0	14 4	14 8	11 0	17 8	18 4	...
34	Shahabad ...	...	13 0	13 0	...	...	16 0	...	9 0	8 0	...	16 0	11 0	...	...	...
35	Darbhanga ...	14 0	15 8	12 11	13 0	18 10	17 10	13 0	12 0	11 0	15 0	16 8	15 14	...	...	...
36	Muzaffarpur ...	13 0	15 8	12 0	20 0	20 0	18 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	12 8	14 1⅜	16 0	...	...	...
37	Saran ...	14 8	15 0	13 10	19 0	21 0	16 0	11 12	11 8	9 0	15 0	14 8	13 4	...	...	...
38	Champaran ...	12 12	12 8	11 8	22 2	22 0	14 8	0	8 4	9 0	16 12	17 8	15 8	...	...	...
	ORISSA.															
	[ORISSA DIVISION.]															
39	Cuttack ...	11 13	11 13	10 8	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	9 13	13 13	13 2	11 13	...	...	...
40	Puri ...	9 3	10 8	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 1	14 7	13 0	13 2	...	...	...
41	Balasore ...	14 0	13 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	18 4	Old 16 0 / New. 18 0	14 0	...	...	...
	CHOTA NAGPUR.															
	[CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.]															
42	Hazaribagh ...	White. 12 0 to 12 12 / Red. 14 0	12 8	11 8	16 0	16 0	11 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Old 13 4 / New 17 0 to 18 0	Old 10 8 to 12 0 / New 15 8	13 0	...	...	...
43	Lohardaga (Ranchi.)	11 0 / 8 0 to 9 0	Red. 12 0 / White. 8 0 to 10 0	11 0 / 8 0 to 10 0	16 0	16 0	...	Old 13 0 / New 16 0	12 0 to 13 0	10 0 to 11 8	22 0	14 0 to 17 0	13 0 to 16 0	...	...	...
44	Palamau ...	13 8	14 1	10 11	25 9	23 10	12 6	14 10	12 6	10 11	18 9	15 3	12 6	...	...	...
45	Singhbhum ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	11 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	...	...	...
46	Manbhum ...	14 0	14 8	11 12	...	...	...	9 8	9 8 to 10 0	8	16 0 to 18 0	12 0 to 16 0	13 0	...	...	...

* Present return not received.

T At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
U At Silliguri the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
V In the Alipur subdivision the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
W In the subdivision the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Begusarai 10 seers and Jamui 10 seers.
X In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Banka 9 seers, Madhipura 8¾ seers, and Supaul 9 seers.
Y In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kisnanganj 10 seers and Arraria 9 seers.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Deoghur 10½ seers, Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, and Rajmahal 9 seers.
a In the Barh subdivision the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.

CALCUTTA

The 21st November, 1893.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

BAJRA OR CUMBU. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			MARUA OR RAGI. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	28 0	28 0	...
...	16 0	17 8	21 0	21 0	23 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	24 0	25 0	27 8
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	30 0
...	...	...	22 0	24 8	23 0
...	...	...	24 8	24	27 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	23 0 to 24 8	23 0	27 0
...	...	...	35 0	32 0	35 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet, (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	13 8	15 0	12 0
...	...	...	16 0	16 8	14 0
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 0
...	...	...	14 0	16 0	13 0
14 11	14 11	14 8	22 0 to 25 3	22 0 to 24 2	16 0 to 17 0
...	...	...	20 3	20 0	15 12
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	18 0
13 0	...	13 0	15 0	15 0	14 0
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 8
20 0	20 0	25 0	28 0	28 0	18 0
15 0	16 4	17 0	19 0	19 0	17 0
...	...	...	...	20 0	16 0
17 0	16 9	16 8	19 8	22 0	17 10
...	...	...	22 0	21 0	18 0
18 0	18 0	16 0	23 12	23 0	19 [illegible]
...	...	...	22 0	22 0	15 4
...	...	...	20 5	(Kalai.) 20 5	17 [illegible]
...	...	...	17 2	17 2	...
...	...	...	13 0 / 17 8	(Chhola.) 13 0 (Biri.) 17 0	12 [illegible] / 13 [illegible]
...	...	...	15 0 to 16 0	15 8	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	12 0 to 13 0	12 0	10 [illegible]
...	...	...	20 4	20 4	10 [illegible]
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 [illegible]
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	14 12

23926

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the **15th** *November*, **1893—(concluded).**

Indian-corn or Maize (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			Firewood.			Salt.			Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt.			Districts.	Number.	
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
															BENGAL—*continued.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0	90 0	8 7	9 0	9 15	4 8 0	4 2 8	3 12 0	Bogra.	23	Rajshahi Division—*concld.*
...	...	...	22 8	22 8	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	[T] 9 12	9 12	9 12	4 0 0	3 13 6	3 10 0	Pabna.	24	
21 0	21 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	[U] 8 0	8 0	8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	Darjeeling.	25	
...	...	...	9 0	10 0	11 0	200 0	160 0	200 0	[V] 8 0	9 8	10 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Jalpaiguri.	26	
															BIHAR.		
21 0 to 25 3	21 0 to 23 1	24 0	21 0 to 25 3	23 9	15 0	126 0	126 0 to 148 0	160 0	[W] 10 8	9 15	10 8	3 11 6	3 11 0	3 7 0	Monghyr.	27	Bhagalpur Division.
24 0	24 8	25 4	20 3	20 3	16 6	151 8	150 0	176 0	[X] 10 1	10 1	10 11	4 0 0	3 13 0	3 12 0	Bhagalpur.	28	
...	...	...	16 0	20 0	12 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	[Y] 9 4	10 4	10 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 10 2	Purnea (Kasba).	29	
20 0	25 0	...	12 8	12 0	...	160 0	160 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	10 0	...	...	3 12 0	Malda (English Bazar).	30	
20 0	20 0	23 0	23 0	23 0	13 4	120 0	130 0	200 0	[Z] 10 0	10 0	10 8	3 14 0	3 13 0	3 10 0	Sonthal Parganas.	31	
25 0	23 8	25 0	27 0	27 0	19 0	130 0	130 0	130 0	[a] 11 0	11 0	11 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.	32	Patna Division.
19 8	18 8	22 0	19 8	20 0	18 0	120 0	120 0	200 0	[b] 9 12	9 8	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 13 0	Gaya.	33	
...	20 0	20 0	...	20 0	18 0	...	140 0	160 0	...	10 8	11 0	...	3 13 0	3 11 0	Shahabad.	34	
20 0	20 14	26 6	21 0	22 0	17 10	176 0	176 0	176 0	[c] 10 0	11 0	10 8	3 10 0	3 5 0	3 13 0	Darbhanga.	35	
21 8	20 8	25 0	22 0	22 0	18 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	[d] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Muzaffarpur.	36	
22 12	22 12	23 0	22 12	22 8	19 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	[e] 9 12	10 0	10 8	3 15 0	3 14 0	3 12 0	Saran.	37	
21 4	21 8	25 8	21 8	21 4	16 8	180 0	180 0	160 0	[f] 10 4	10 0	10 12	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 11 0	Champaran.	38	
															ORISSA.		
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	15 1	80 0	80 0	80 0	[g] 10 12	10 12	10 12	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.	39	Orissa Division.
...	...	...	17	17 2	...	80 0	80 0	...	11 2	12 0	11 13	3 8 0	3 4 0	3 6 0	Puri.	40	
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 12	130 0	124 0	160 0	[h] 10 0	10 8	11 0	4 0 [illegible]	3 12 0	3 10 0	Balasore.	41	
															CHOTA NAGPUR.		
[illegible] to 19 8	[illegible]	[illegible]2	18 0 Big. 13 0 Small.	18 0 Big. 13 0 Small.	15 8 Big. 10 8 Small.	240 0	240 0	240 0	[i] 8 0	8 0	9 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	Hazaribagh.	42	Chota Nagpur Division.
20 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	15 0	160 0	160 0	140 0 to 160 0	9 0	9 6	9 8	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 1 0	Lohardaga. (Ranchi).	43	
23 10	...	7	2[illegible] 0	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 2½	8 7	...	...	...	Palamau.	44	
16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	Singhbhum.	45	
32 0	28 0	20 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	[j] 9 2	9 2	10 10	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	Manbhum.	46	

b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jahanabad 10 seers, Aurangabad 9½ seers and Nawada 9 seers.
c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madhubani 11 seers and Samastipur 10 seers.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Hajipur 10½ seers and Sitamarhi 10¾ seers.
e In the Siwan sub-division the retail price of salt is 10 seers 6 chitaks per rupee.
f At Bettiah the retail price of salt is 9½ seers per rupee.
g In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jajpur 9 seers, Kendrapara 9 seers and Banki 11 seers.
h At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
i At Giridih the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
j At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT *(wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt*

Number.	MARTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE COMMON.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	3 2 9	3 3 9	3 6 0	2 7 6	2 6 6	2 7 0	5 8 0	5 9 3	4 12 0	4 0 6	4 2 3	3 8 0
2	Sirajganj ...	2 13 0	2 12 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	5 8 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
3	Dacca ...	3 2 0	3 1 0	...	2 8 0	2 8 0	...	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 0 0
4	Narayanganj*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	4 0 0	...	4 0 0	3 12 0
5	Chittagong	3 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	...	...	...	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 5 8	3 10 8	3 8 0
6	Patna ...	2 6 0 2 8 0	Red. 2 6 0 White. 2 8 0	2 10 6 2 13 6	1 10 6	1 13 0	2 1 6	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 12 6	2 1 6	2 3 6	2 12 6
7	Balasore ...	2 14 0	3 1 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	2 3 0	2 3 0	2 12 0
8	Puri ...	4 7 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 10 0	1 0	3 0 0	3 0 0
9	Cuttack ...	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	4 0 0	2 14 0	3 0 0	3 6 0

* Present return not received

CALCUTTA,
The 21*st November*, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND

Jowar or Cholum. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)			Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
2 2 0	2 2 6	2 5 9	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

2394*a*

OF 40 SEERS.

Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			Kanoni or Kakun, Italian Millet. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
...	...	...	4 7 0	7 10	6 0 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
1 7 0	1 7 0	...	2 0 0	2 0	1 9 6
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

23945

in the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 15th November, 1893.

GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE. (*Zea Mays.*)			ARHAR OR THUR, CADJAN PEA. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 12 6	2 13 0	2 10 0	2 1 3	2 1 0	2 0 0	2 3 6	2 4 0	2 6 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 6 0	3 10 6	3 9 3	3 5 6	Calcutta.
2 8 0	2 8 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 6 6	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Sirajganj.
3 0 0	3 1 0	...	...	...	...	2 10 0	2 10 0	...	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	4 8 0	4 5 0	3 10 0	Dacca.
...	2 14 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	2 12 0	3 12 0	...	0 6 0	0 8 0	...	4 4 0	3 8 0	Narayanganj.
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	Chittagong.
1 7 0	1 7 0	2 3 6	1 9 6	1 11 6	1 9 6	1 7 9	1 7 9	2 1 6	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.
2 11 0	2 13 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 5 0	2 5 0	...	...	...	...	2 5 0	2 5 0	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	...	3 8 0	3 4 0	3 6 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 2 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 10 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	Air pressure: Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Air pressure: Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Air pressure: Variation from mean.	Wind: Prevailing direction.	Wind: Mean wind velocity.	Temperature: Highest.	Temperature: Date.	Temperature: Lowest.	Temperature: Date.	Temperature: Mean maximum temperature.	Temperature: Mean minimum temperature.	Temperature: Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	30·043	29·998	—	NEly	123	86·2	15th Nov.	66·6	18th Nov.	83·0	70·1	76·6
		Gopalpore ...	30·044	30·005	+·044	NNW	226	83·7	15th ,,	66·1	18th ,,	80·6	69·7	75·2
		False Point ...	30·052	30·015	+·055	N	147	83·4	14th ,,	61·5	18th ,,	81·8	67·3	74·5
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·986	30·011	+·052	Calm	41	85·3	16, 17 ,,	68·3	18th ,,	84·0	68·7	76·4
	Balasore	Balasore ...	30·020	30·024	+·053	N	64	83·4	12, 16 ,,	59·6	17, 18 ,,	81·8	64·9	73·4
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·939	30·039	+·060	Nly	46	84·3	12 & 13 ,,	60·2	16th ,,	82·6	64·3	73·5
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	30·054	30·021	+·056	NEly	41	82·2	13th ,,	63·2	16, 17 ,,	80·4	65·5	73·0
		Saugor Island	30·048	30·018	+·061	NEly	185	82·2	12 & 13 ,,	63·9	17th ,,	80·7	67·5	74·1
	Howrah ... ... Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	30·028	30·023	+·060	WNW & NNW.	64	83·3	12th ,,	66·4	16th ,,	82·2	63·9	73·1
	Khulna ... ... Jessore	Jessore ...	30·034	30·015	+·056	NNW	42	84·1	12 & 13 ,,	63·5	18th ,,	83·0	65·7	74·4
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	?	?	?	N	41	83·1	12 & 13 ,,	61·7	16th ,,	82·0	65·2	73·6
		Raniganj ...	29·760	30·058	+·072	NW	33	?	?	57·5	16th ,,	?	61·2	?
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·776	30·038	+·060	Calm	140	84·1	13th ,,	60·0	17th ,,	82·6	64·4	73·5
	Birbhum ... ... Murshidabad	Berhampore...	30·006	30·023	+·046	NWly	35	82·6	12th ,,	63·2	16th ,,	80·9	64·9	73·0
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	30·069	30·006	+·048	Calm	16	83·7	12th ,,	60·3	18th ,,	83·9	62·4	72·7
	Bogra ...	Bogra	29·999?	30·014?	?	NE	36	83·2	12, 15 & 16. ,,	60·2	14, 17 & 18. ,,	82·5	61·0	71·8
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·989	30·010	+·056	NNE	100	82·1	15th ,,	60·7	13th ,,	81·1	62·5	71·8
	Malda	Malda ...	29·995	30·030	—	NW	68	82·6	17th ,,	59·0	13th ,,	82·0	60·7	71·3
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·948	30·029	+·068	NW & NE	29	83·1	13 & 14 ,,	60·3	18th ,,	82·5	62·1	72·3
	Rangpur ...	Rangpur ...	29·945	30·026	+·054	NE	26	83·3	12th ,,	59·1	18th ,,	82·5	61·0	71·8
	Jalpaiguri ... ... Kuch Bihar	Jalpaiguri	29·803	30·051	?	NNE	29	82·4	12, 14, & 15. ,,	59·6	12 & 18 ,,	82·0	61·1	71·5
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	23·094	—	+·035	NEly	59	55·1	12 & 14 ,,	40·7	16th ,,	54·3	41·6	47·9
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	18·972	—	—	ESE	54	42·9	13th ,,	21·7	17th ,,	39·6	25·4	32·5
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·958	29·994	+·054	NEly	56	86·2	13th ,,	63·1	16th ,,	83·4	67·1	75·3
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	30·027	29·986	+·062	Calm	40	84·3	12 & 13 Nov.	64·9	16th ,,	82·9	67·2	75·0
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	29·987	29·978	+·050	NEly	62	83·5	12th ,,	65·9	13 & 14 ,,	81·9	67·8	74·9
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	30·019	30·014	+·063	Calm	19	82·5	12th ,,	64·0	13, 17 ,,	81·4	65·9	73·7
	Dacca	Dacca ...	30·025	29·993	+·047	NWly	62	84·6	12 & 13 ,,	63·8	18th ,,	83·9	65·7	74·8
	Tippera	Comilla ...	30·006	29·991	+·054	Calm	25	85·4	12th ,,	62·9	15th ,,	84·0	64·5	74·2
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·989	30·001	+·051	NEly	31	82·7	12 & 13 ,,	60·6	17th ,,	82·1	63·0	72·5
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·952	30·036	+·058	Calm	3	82·2	12th ,,	59·3	13, 14 & 18. ,,	81·1	60·6	70·9
	Bhagalpur ...	Bhagalpur ...	29·914	30·033	+·053	Calm	6	82·8	12th ,,	56·0	13th ,,	81·7	57·7	69·7
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·907	30·034	+·037?	WSW	40	80·9	12 to 16 ,,	59·7	18th ,,	80·7	61·4	71·0
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·906	30·046	—	Calm & WSW.	35	80·7	12th ,,	57·3	16 to 18 ,,	79·6	59·0	69·3
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	29·838	30·030	+·050	Calm & SE.	72	81·2	12 to 15 ,,	53·9	17th ,,	80·6	55·8	68·2
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·914	30·056	?	SWly	50	81·3	12th ,,	56·6	16, 17 ,,	80·4	58·9	69·7
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Debri ...	29·753	30·072	+·070	SW	96	81·8	13th ,,	55·0	16th ,,	80·8	57·6	69·2
		Buxar ...	29·840	30·054	+·048	SWly	51	82·1	12th ,,	54·9	17th ,,	81·5	57·8	69·6
		Arrah ...	29·894	30·044	+·063	NWly	21	82·8	12, 16 ,,	54·8	16th ,,	82·0	56·5	69·3
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·705	30·050	+·050	SEly	124	83·9	12 & 13 ,,	56·8	17th ,,	82·9	60·0	71·5
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·903	30·046	+·042	SW	60	81·0	12th ,,	56·8	18th ,,	79·9*	58·8*	69·4*
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka...	29·575	30·042	+·065	NWly	53	83·1	12th ,,	57·5	16th ,,	81·0	59·6	70·3
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh ...	28·636	30·047	+·044	Wly & Calm.	116	79·2	12 & 13 ,,	52·7	17th ,,	78·1	55·8	66·9
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·911	30·042	+·050	Calm	100	79·0	13th ,,	53·0	17th ,,	76·4	57·3	66·9
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...	29·338	30·050	–	SW	29	81·4	12 to 15 ,,	51·9	16, 17 ,,	80·3	56·3	68·3
	Singhbhum ... Manbhum	Chaibassa	29·300	30·036	+·066	Calm	2	82·7	18th ,,	57·0	18th ,,	81·5	61·6	71·5

* Means for six days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 01
rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 18th of November 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. Of week. Mean for district.	Of week. Normal mean.	Of week. Average number of rainy days.	Of week. Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Since 1st of month. Normal mean.	Since 1st of month. Variation.	Since 16th October 1893. Mean for district.	Since 16th October 1893. Normal mean.	Since 16th October 1893. Variation.	DISTRICT.
–	73·6	78	4·4	Nil	0·02	0·22	0·00	0·33	0·42	1·88	−1·46	6·83	6·09	+0·74	Puri.
−0·2	73·4	88	2·0	1·70											
+0·9	73·6	84	4·4	Nil											
+1·2	74·1	72	4·7	Nil	0·02	0·07	0·00	0·31	0·08	0·78	−0·70	4·20	3·78	+0·42	Cuttack.
+1·0	69·7	88	2·3	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·28	0·04	0·80	−0·76	4·21	2·82	+1·39	Balasore.
+1·2	70·2	74	2·7	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·03	0·31	−0·28	3·32	3·30	+0·02	Midnapore.
+0·1	71·1	76	2·6	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·23	0·02	0·44	−0·42	2·44	3·20	−0·76	24-Parganas.
−0·2	72·0	86	5·0	Nil											
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·02	0·33	−0·31	2·38	2·09	+0·29	Howrah.
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·03	0·21	−0·18	2·85	2·26	+0·59	Hooghly.
+0·3	70·6	75	2·4	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·25	0·34	−0·09	1·47	2·08	−0·61	Nadia.
+0·8	71·4	82	2·6	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·29	0·04	0·45	−0·41	2·19	3·03	−0·84	Khulna.
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·12	0·31	−0·19	0·95	2·51	−1·56	Jessore.
+0·4	70·1	72	2·3	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·06	0·27	−0·21	2·05	2·07	−0·02	Burdwan.
?	68·0	76	0·6	Nil											
+0·4	68·5	73	2·7	Nil	Nil	0·14	0·00	0·25	0·06	0·39	−0·33	2·29	2·11	+0·18	Bankura.
−0·1	67·8	84	2·7	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·18	−0·18	1·76	2·00	−0·24	Birbhum.
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·23	−0·23	1·83	2·13	−0·30	Murshidabad.
+0·5	69·4	87	1·1	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·20	0·29	−0·09	3·17	2·51	+0·66	Pabna.
−0·3	69·3	82	0·7	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·31	−0·31	4·31	1·93	+2·08	Bogra.
+1·5	70·3	77	1·3	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·00	0·12	Nil	0·23	−0·23	2·73	1·76	+0·97	Rajshahi.
–	68·9	78	0·0	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·21	−0·21	3·13	1·48	+1·65	Malda.
+0·9	69·6	82	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·12	Nil	0·09	−0·09	2·81	1·38	+1·43	Dinajpur.
+0·9	68·2	90	0·1	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0,00	Nil	0·09	−0·09	1·79	2·08	−0·29	Rangpur.
+0·7	68·7	80	2·9	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·10	−0·10	2·70	2·99	−0·29	Jalpaiguri.
					Nil	0·03	0·00	0·18	Nil	0·09	−0·09	3·65	1·82	+1·83	Kuch Bihar.
+0·1	47·3	83	3·4	Nil	0·30	0·19	0·75	0·42	0·35	0·27	+0·8	5·04	2·65	+2·37	Darjeeling.
–	32·6	88	2·4	0·33											Gnatong.
+0·7	72·1	90	2·7	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·00	0·25	Nil	1·54	−1·54	5·76	4·28	+1·48	Chittagong.
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	1·70	−1·70	5·31	3·69	+1·62	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+1·7	73·1	84	1·9	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·14	Nil	1·21	−1·21	5·28	2·60	+2·68	Backergunge.
+1·0	72·2	91	1·7	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·22	0·02	2·04	−2·02		3·71		Noakhali.
+0·7	70·5	87	1·7	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·25	0·14	0·34	−0·20	1·67	2·29	−0·62	Faridpur.
−0·1	70·9	83	3·0	Nil	Nil	0·17	0·00	0·35	0·06	0·63	−0·57	3·00	2·57	+0·43	Dacca.
+0·3	71·1	88	2·7	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·31	Nil	0·59	−0·59	3·58	2·59	+0·99	Tippera.
?	68·9	90	2·0	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·00	0·24	0·16	0·31	−0·15	3·72	2·73	+0·99	Mymensingh.
+0·3	64·8	89	0·3	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·01	0·07	−0·06	2·67	1·55	+1·12	Purnea.
−0·2	67·8	73	0·7	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·02	0·08	−0·06	2·51	1·37	+1·14	Bhagalpur.
−0·4	65·9	82	0·6	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·06	0·04	+0·02	5·95	0·96	+4·99	Darbhanga.
–	65·5	82	1·7	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·07	0·06	+0·01	7·71	1·11	+6·60	Muzaffarpur
0	65·1	82	0·9	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·05	0·02	+0·03	8·60	0·49	+8·11	Champaran.
−0·7	67·8	77	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·08	0·29	0·04	+0·25	5·84	0·85	+4·99	Saran.
−0·9	68·2	85	0·3	Nil											
−0·9	65·9	76	1·1	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·07	0·38	0·12	+0·26	5·78	1·17	+4·61	Shahabad.
−0·3	64·7	79	0·4	Nil											
+0·6*	66·0	76	3·1	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·04	0·15	−0·11	2·50	0·91	+1·59	Gaya.
?	66·9	72	1·0	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·06	0·10	−0·04	4·38	1·28	+3·10	Patna.
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·10	−0·10	1·71	1·43	+0·28	Monghyr.
+0·3	68·0	70	0·1	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·13	−0·13	2·43	1·65	+0·78	Sonthal Parganas.
−0·3	65·1	64	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·15	0·01	0·27	−0·26	3·57	1·34	+2·23	Hazaribagh.
+0·8	64·7	64	1·7	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·09	0·14	0·19	−0·05	3·36	1·40	+1·96	Lohardaga.
–	68·0	76	0·5	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·25	0·35	−0·10	2·34	1·26	+1·08	Palamau.
+0·2	66·9	65	3·6	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·11	0·25	−0·14	0·87	2·07	−1·20	Singhbhum.
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·15	−0·15	1·94	1·45	+0·49	Manbhum.

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater
The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of
for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the
which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 18th of November 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 12th.	Monday, 13th.	Tuesday, 14th.	Wednesday, 15th.	Thursday, 16th.	Friday, 17th.	Saturday, 18th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th Oct. 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th Oct. to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	1·83	7·30	6·51
		Khurda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·25	1·21	6·11	4·75
		Banpur ...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·06	0·50	0·66	2·24	9·03	4·58
		False Point ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·22	0·78	2·22	4·79	7·12
		Gop ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·20	?
		Satpara ...	0·11	0·33	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·44	?	1·81	?	7·97	?
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·25	?
		Ranpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·13	?	6·50	?
		Kurmala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·87	?	6·43	?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·15	0·80	1·98	3·62
		Banki ...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	0·33	0·09	0·99	6·51	2·86
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·83	4·69	3·85
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·12	0·82	3·30	4·06
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·46	4·52	2·60
		Dharmsala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·47	?
		Salipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Pal Lahara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·82	?
		Nayagarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·26	?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·65	?
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	1·30	3·35	8·30
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·20	0·97	5·95	3·00
		Soro ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·72	4·36	2·56
		Balasore ...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·04	0·94	4·47	3·48
		Jellasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·14	0·25	1·52	1·67
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.		Baripadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·24	Nil	0·58	5·47	2·04
	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·68	4·77	5·80
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·28	2·65	3·16
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·22	3·43	2·85
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·06	4·33	1·02
		Kukrahaty ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·92	?
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·20	?	4·51	?
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Dantoon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45	?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·04	0·98	2·69	6·11
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·37	4·33	3·0[illegible]
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·50	?	2·61	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·31	2·21	[illegible]
		Barrackpore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·05	0·40	2·29	[illegible]
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·21	2·74	[illegible]
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·29	1·67	[illegible]
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·36	1·11	[illegible]
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·30	2·52	[illegible]
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·38	2·24	[illegible]
		Ulubaria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·02	?	1·83	[illegible]
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·03	0·21	3·10	[illegible]
		Hooghly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·22	2·13	[illegible]
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·21	3·32	[illegible]
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·47	1·15	[illegible]
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·26	0·33	2·33	[illegible]
		Chuadanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·31	0·44	1·10	[illegible]
		Meherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·36	0·14	1·06	[illegible]
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·30	0·32	1·67	[illegible]
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·39	2·24	[illegible]
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·53	3·20	[illegible]
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·12	0·43	1·12	[illegible]
		Nakipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	[illegible]
		Rampal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·43	[illegible]
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·12	0·41	0·92	[illegible]
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·27	0·61	[illegible]
		Jhenidah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·32	0·34	1·19	[illegible]
		Magura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·08	0·28	1·36	[illegible]
		Bangaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·28	0. 65	[illegible]
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·35	2·40	[illegible]
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·18	0·35	2·22	[illegible]
		Katwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·28	1·23	[illegible]
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·13	1·65	[illegible]
		Mankur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·04	[illegible]
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·18	0·21	2·56	[illegible]
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·21	Nil	0·24	3·43	[illegible]
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·07	0·36	1·52	[illegible]
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·29	Nil	0·75	1·66	[illegible]
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·60	[illegible]
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·72	[illegible]
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·19	?	2·79	[illegible]
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·44	[illegible]
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·57	[illegible]
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	[illegible]
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·11	1·09	[illegible]
		Hetampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·14	1·87	[illegible]
		Rampur Hat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·18	2·32	[illegible]
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·30	[illegible]
		Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·69	[illegible]
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·35	1·25	[illegible]
		Berhampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·25	1·81	[illegible]
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·31	2·08	[illegible]
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·19	1·24	[illegible]
		Jangipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·08	13·18	[illegible]
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·20	1·40	[illegible]
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·32	[illegible]
		Patkabari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·00	[illegible]
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·24	0·22	2·10	[illegible]
		Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·16	0·35	4·26	[illegible]
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·54	4·45	[illegible]
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·47	5·76	[illegible]
		Bogra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·22	2·87	[illegible]
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·01	2·98	[illegible]
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·20	2·42	[illegible]
		Na or ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·31	2·37	[illegible]
		Naugaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·15	3·40	[illegible]
		Lalpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·07	?	1·20	[illegible]
		Manda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·33	[illegible]

[S]tatement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 18th of November 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 12th.	Monday, 13th.	Tuesday, 14th.	Wednesday, 15th.	Thursday, 16th.	Friday, 17th.	Saturday, 18th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
[No]rth Ben[g]al—concld.	Malda	Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·15	4·18	1·94
		Chanchal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·25	2·08	1·01
		Gajol	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·64	?
		Silganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·80	?
	Dinajpur	Mohadebpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·08	3·17	1·02
		Churaman	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·13	3·58	0·83
		Raiganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·06	2·70	0·65
		Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·08	1·83	2·41
		Balurghat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·09	2·76	1·55
		Thakurgaon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·65	?
	Rangpur	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	3·03	2·37
		Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·10	1·24	2·97
		Pirganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·75	?
		Kurigaon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·15	0·56	1·55
		Gobindganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·91	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·02	2·33	1·48
		Ulipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·61	?
		Sunderganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·97	?
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·10	2·70	3·02
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·91	?
		Fallacotta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·50	?
		Debiganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Bhagatpur (Naorakatta)	...	...	...	...	0·65	...	...	1	0·65	?	0·65	?	1·91	?
	Kuch Bihar	Dinhatta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·07	2·52	1·92
		Kuch Bihar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·17	4·78	1·90
		Mickliganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·04	3·98	1·69
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·06	3·33	1·72
	Darjeeling	Buxa	...	0·20	...	0·39	0·62	...	...	3	1·21	0·18	1·21	0·38	5·41	4·66
		Siliguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·32	Nil	0·32	5·69	0·95
		Darjeeling	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·17	0·13	5·64	4·31
		Kalimpong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·20	0·04	0·21	3·45	0·55
		Kurseong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·97	?
		Peoong	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	Nil	0·07	?	0·19	?	4·01	?
[Eas]t Bengal	Chittagong	Cox's Bazar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	1·92	5·65	5·29
		Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	1·15	5·87	2·93
		Kutubdia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Satkanya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·06	?
		Kodala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Fenoa										?	Nil	?		?
		Mirsarai										?	Nil	?		?
		Chandpur										?	0·19	?	6·71	?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·70	5·31	3·76
		Bundarban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·32	?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·43	6·11	3·77
		Pirojpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	1·10	4·23	3·63
		Barisal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	1·08	6·06	3·45
		Gournaddi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·68	?
		Bhola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	1·21	4·08	2·92
		Daulatkhan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·95	?
		Bauphal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	8·78	?
	Noakhali	Noakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·05	1·55	10·15	3·83
		Fenny	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·52		4·08
		Harishpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·02	?	8·49	?
		Ramganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·35	?
	Faridpur	Madaripur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·37	1·88	2·02
		Faridpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·09	0·34	1·35	2·45
		Goalundo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·18	0·31	1·63	2·21
	Dacca	Munshiganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·61	3·20	2·90
		Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·48	2·85	1·73
		Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·66	0·06	1·09	3·54	3·17
		Manikganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·14	0·38	2·41	2·19
		Joydebpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·03	?	4·45	?
	Hill Tippera	Agartola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·69	2·45	3·01
	Tippera	Comilla	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·71	3·70	2·97
		Chandpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·50	2·79	2·25
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·45	1·78	2·31
		Ramchandrapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·12	?
		Nasirnagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·25	?
		Daudkandi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·77	?
		Kasba	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·80	?
		Laksham	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·60	?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·08	0·38	3·76	1·96
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·23	0·21	1·88	2·61
		Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·23	0·38	6·62	2·86
		Jamalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil		0·22	4·45	2·81
		Netrakona	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·33	0·27	0·34	1·91	3·12
		Subornakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·74	?
		Durgapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·70	?
		Sherepore Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·43	?
		Dewanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·05	?
[Nor]th Bihar	Purnea	Kishanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·08	2·27	1·39
		Araria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	2·25	1·33
		Purnea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	3·48	1·83
		Gondwara (Korah)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·30	?
		Barsoe	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·18	?
		Forbesganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·79	?
		Kaliaganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·31	?
	Bhagalpur	Madhipura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	N	0·05	0·04	2·00	5·10
		Bongaon (Syfabad)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Ni	?	1·02	?
		Supaul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·01	3·29	1·12
		Protabganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·02	?
		Bhagalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·21	2·79	1·16
		Banka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·07	1·95	1·64
		Colgong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·66	?
	Darbhanga	Tajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·04	2·68	1·0
		Darbhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·04	1·36	0·93
		Madhubani	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	5·73	0·88
		Bahera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Roshera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 18th of November 1893—*con*[*cluded*].

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall.							Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Avera[ge] rain[fall] from [illegible] Octo[ber] to da[te]
			Sunday, 12th.	Monday, 13th.	Tuesday, 14th.	Wednesday, 15th.	Thursday, 16th.	Friday, 17th.	Saturday, 18th.							
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·12	0·04	9·18	
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·06	10·37	
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·06	4·74	
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·87	
		Sinhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·15	?	7·09	
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·03	8·46	
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·01	8·74	
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·15	?	7·62	
		Burharwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·07		7·43	
	Saran ...	Gopalganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·19	0·03	5·96	
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·38	0·04	9·19	
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·25	
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·38	0·03	4·61	
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·80	
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·30	?	3·24	
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·05	?	...	
[S]OUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·42	0·06	8·89	
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·17	0·05	5·48	
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·33	4·68	
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·43	0·05	6·93	
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·28	0·06	3·54	
		Mohanea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·30	?	4·55	
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·55	?	7·45	
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·10	?	5·98	
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·82	
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·40	?		
		Sikroul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·[illegible]0	?	4·60	
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·33	?	6·72	
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil		0·55	?	6·15	
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·12	3·43	
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·22	2·46	
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·09	2·03	
		Jahanabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·14	3·89	
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·22	
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·04	?	3·79	
		Sherghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·68	
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·46	
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·05	5·48	
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·11	0·05	9·45	
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·14	1·43	
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·15	1·14	
		Bickram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·30	
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·10	?	2·32	
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·21	1·23	
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	1·58	
		Jamui	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	1·90	
		Gogri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·12	
		Chakai Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·85	
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·03	?	1·32	
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·11	3·52	
		Godda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	2·32	
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	2·73	
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·18	1·17	
		Deoghur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·13	1·63	
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·30	3·15	
		Belbodda ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·58	
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·17	3·24	
		Hazaribagh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·21	5·10	
		Semtaxura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·25	3·39	
		Mahudi Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·35	3·22	
		Jhumra Hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·23	Nil	0·34	2·70	
		Barhi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·97	
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·45	?	3·13	
		Karagdeha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·03	?	1·64	
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·30	
	Lohardaga	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·16	0·07	3·18	
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·12	0·39	3·58	
		Silli	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?				
		Palkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·10	?	1·70	
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·25	0·35	2·34	
		Balumath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·11	?	1·90	
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·20	?	4·93	
		Garhwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·52	?	3·37	
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·11	0·25	0·87	
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·04	?	0·24	
		Ghatsila	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·19	?	3·28	
		Gailsura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·20	?	1·50	
		Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·70	
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·17	1·98	
		Gobindpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·14	3·85	
		Raghunathpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·67	
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·02	
		Jhalda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·48	
		Chas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·52	
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·34	

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns [are] wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at l[east] 0·1 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the* 21*st November* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 18TH OF NOVEMBER 1893.

DURING the previous week conditions had been disturbed in Bengal, due primarily to a small storm which had occurred off the South Madras coast. After the storm had broken up a wave of humid winds had advanced northwards along the west coast of the Bay, and had spread over Bengal, giving heavily-clouded skies and light rain. This advance of humid winds was, however, only temporary, and at the close of the week a dry northerly and north-westerly wind current was driving back the moist winds, and weather was again rapidly becoming of ordinary north-east monsoon condition. On the 12th, or the first day of the week under review, light northerly winds were blowing over the whole province, pressure was increasing slowly, and had become in excess of the normal by amounts usually ranging from about 0·06 inch to 0·08 inch. Temperature and humidity, on the other hand, were falling in almost all districts, the decrease in humidity being large at the western stations. The sky was lightly clouded in all districts except Orissa, where it was still heavily clouded, and rainfall had entirely ceased over the province except in Orissa and in the Darjeeling Hills, where a few local falls were reported, the heaviest being 0·25 inch at Gnatong. On the 13th again pressure was rising slowly, while temperature and humidity were falling. Winds on the whole were rather less steady than on the previous day, and the sky had become cloudless except over parts of South Bengal and Orissa. One or two local showers were also reported in Orissa and in the hills. On the 14th the increase of pressure had ceased, and a slow to moderate fall was reported. Winds had become variable in direction in Bihar, but elsewhere they were northerly, while a decided increase had occurred in humidity and cloud proportion, and a smaller increase in the temperature. Rainfall, however, had to a great extent ceased. On the 15th pressure was increasing, and had become above the normal by about 0·04 inch to 0·07 inch, while the mean temperature was usually in slight excess. Winds generally varied from north-westerly to north-easterly, and rainfall was absent except for some local showers in the hills. On the 16th these conditions continued practically unaltered, except that the mean temperature was becoming slightly below the normal over the west of the province. On the 17th a fall of pressure equalling about 0·05 inch had occurred, but the mean temperature had again become in slight excess over the greater part of the province. On the 18th pressure continued to fall by about 0·08 inch to 0·05 inch, and the distribution of pressure had become almost normal, the variations from normal pressure being generally less than 0·02 inch, though they were still in slight excess. The mean temperature also continued in slight excess over the greater part of the province, though at the extreme western stations very small defects were registered. For the second half of the week, except for two or three local showers in the hills, the whole province continued rainless, and light northerly winds with practically cloudless skies prevailed generally over the province.

Pressure.—For the greater part of the week pressure, as previously shown, was above the normal. Hence the mean for the week has been in decided excess, the amount of excess usually varying from 0·05 inch to 0·07 inch.

Temperature.—The mean temperature for the week in Bihar and Chota Nagpur has been almost normal, but in the remaining divisions an excess of about half a degree has been registered. For the whole province the mean for the week has been 0·3° in excess.

The actual temperatures registered during the week and their variations from the usual temperature for the present season are most clearly seen in the table below, where the average maximum, minimum and mean temperatures for the week at nine typical stations in different districts of the province are compared with the normal values for the same period. It will be seen that in eight out of the nine stations the day temperatures have been rather lower than usual, while in seven out of nine the night or minimum temperatures have been in excess:—

Table showing the excess or defect of the actual mean temperature from the normal for the week ending 18th November 1893.

	Normal mean maximum temperature for the week ending 18th November.	Actual mean maximum temperature for the week ending 18th November 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean minimum temperature for the week ending 18th November.	Actual mean minimum temperature for the week ending 18th November 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean daily temperature for the week ending 18th November.	Actual mean daily temperature for the week ending 18th November 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.
Cuttack	85·6	84·0	−1·6	64·7	68·7	+4·0	75·2	76·4	+1·2
Calcutta	81·7	80·4	−1·3	64·1	65·5	+1·4	72·9	73·0	+0·1
Dacca	84·4	83·9	−0·5	65·4	65·7	+0·3	74·9	74·8	−0·1
Burdwan	83·2	82·0	−1·2	63·2	65·2	+2·0	73·2	73·6	+0·4
Patna	82·4	79·9	−2·5	59·0	58·8	−0·2	70·7	69·4	−1·3
Gaya	83·4	82·9	−0·5	58·3	60·0	+1·7	70·9	71·5	+0·6
Purnea	82·6	81·1	−1·5	58·6	60·6	+2·0	70·6	70·9	+0·3
Hazaribagh	77·4	78·1	+0·7	57·2	55·8	−1·4	67·3	66·9	−0·4
Darjeeling	54·4	54·3	−0·1	41·1	41·6	+0·5	47·8	47·9	+0·1

Rainfall.—Except for a few unimportant showers at some stations in Orissa and in the Darjeeling Hills, the whole province has been rainless throughout the week.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 18th of November 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 1st Oct. 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	86·2	59·6	82·2	68·1	75·2	+0·7	0·01	0·10	−0·09	0·00	0·30	−0·30	0·15	1·07	5·43	3·74
South-West Bengal ...	84·3*	57·5*	81·7*	64·7*	73·5*	+0·4*	Nil	0·02	−0·02	0·00	0·20	−0·20	0·06	0·32	2·04	2·30
North Bengal	83·7	59·0	82·2	61·5	71·9	+0·7	Nil	0·02	−0·02	0·00	0·14	−0·14	0·02	0·16	2·92	1·84
East Bengal	86·2	60·6	82·8	65·9	74·3	+0·7	Nil	0·06	−0·06	0·00	0·25	−0·25	0·05	0·84	4·13	2·93
North Bihar	82·8	53·9	80·7	58·9	69·8	−0·2	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0	0·13	0·06	5·21	1·06
South Bihar	83·9	54·8	81·4	58·4	69·9	−0·5?	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0	0·12	0·12	3·45	1·34
Chota Nagpur	82·7*	51·0*	78·7*	58·2*	68·4*	+0·2*	Nil	0·03	−0·03	0·00	0·13	−0·13	0·07	0·23	3·21	1·26

* Raniganj and Daltonganj not included.

Meteorological Office, Bengal,
The 21st November 1893.

A. Pedler,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 12th to 18th November 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
November ...	12th ...	30·071	75·9	83·9	16·0	67·9	79·6	72·6	·708	68·9	70	...
" ...	13th ...	·080	74·4	80·9	13·0	67·9	79·6	67·6	·516	59·8	51	...
" ...	14th ...	·067	74·4	79·9	11·0	68·9	75·6	67·6	·570	62·7	64	...
" ...	15th ...	·084	72·9	81·9	18·0	63·9	78·6	69·6	·604	64·3	61	...
" ...	16th ...	·096	72·2	81·5	18·6	62·9	79·2	65·6	·450	56·0	46	...
" ...	17th ...	·053	72·7	82·4	19·5	62·9	77·1	69·6	·624	65·3	67	...
" ...	18th ...	·010	73·3	81·9	17·2	64·7	77·1	68·6	·586	63·4	63	...

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	30·066
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	73·7
The extreme variation of temperature	21·0
The maximum temperature	83·9
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	60
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 12th to 18th November 1893	Nil

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

C. Little,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Meteorological Office, India,
The 20th November 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 12th to 18th November 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Temperature. Maximum.	Temperature. Range.	Temperature. Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension.	Hygrometry. Dew point.	Hygrometry. Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches	
Nov.	12th	135·5	8·3	30·010	74·0	82·2	15·0	67·2	70·2	0·691	68·2	83	ENE, NNE and calm.	53	Nil	Partially cloudy, △.
"	13th	136·5	4·4	·007	72·9	79·7	12·4	67·3	67·7	·610	64·6	76	NNE, NNW and calm.	51	"	Chiefly cloudy, o, g, △.
"	14th	123·0	0·9	29·981	72·6	78·9	9·2	69·7	67·0	·589	63·6	74	NNW and calm ...	33	"	Day chiefly cloudy, night clear, o, g.
"	15th	133·8	9·3	30·014	71·8	81·1	17·2	63·9	67·6	·623	65·2	81	NNW and calm ...	35	"	Chiefly clear, △.
"	16th	136·5	9·4	·034	71·0	79·7	16·7	63·0	64·9	·535	60·8	72	N and calm ...	41	"	Clear, △.
"	17th	134·0	9·6	29·986	70·8	79·9	16·8	63·1	66·2	·584	63·3	78	NNW and calm ...	41	"	Clear, △.
"	18th	136·0	9·8	·951	71·2	80·5	16·3	64·2	66·6	·598	63·8	78	N and calm ...	41	"	Clear, △.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·998
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·976
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	51·7
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	77·1
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	72·0
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	75·3
The extreme variation of temperature	19·2
The maximum temperature	82·2
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	8
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	77
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	72
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 12th to 18th November 1893	Nil
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	0·05
The total fall from 1st January to 18th November 1893	85·23
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	65·14

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast ; g, gloomy ; △, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 20th November 1893.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major Works for the month of September 1893, *as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.*

CANALS.	TOLLAGE, 1893-94.		TOLLAGE, 1892-93.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
Orissa Circle.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Taldanda Canal System	2,132 10 11	9,325 13 8	422 2 0	4,961 8 9
Kendrapara ditto	6,661 0 6	40,790 12 5	6,772 1 9	26,142 8 6
High Level, Range I	1,294 2 3	7,756 6 6	1,628 7 6	5,929 7 0
Ditto, " II	210 10 9	1,570 1 3	250 8 6	950 0 6
Ditto. " III	151 4 6	1,048 4 0	151 15 6	553 10 6
Jajpur Canal ...	26 4 6	164 1 4	11 8 3	79 11 9
Total Orissa Circle ...	10,476 1 5	60,655 7 2	9,236 11 6	38,616 15 0
South-Western Circle.				
Midnapore Canal ...	6,641 6 9	47,518 6 6	9,564 2 6	62,309 14 6
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	4,034 8 0	32,660 1 0	4,201 4 6	29,713 0 9
Total South-Western Circle	10,675 14 9	80,178 7 6	13,765 7 0	92,022 15 3
Sone Circle.				
Patna Canal System ...	1,183 9 0	11,994 9 6	954 2 0	12,277 14 6
Arrah ditto ...	1,030 3 9	11,360 1 6	1,159 0 3	10,457 5 0
Buxar ditto ...	401 11 9	3,733 11 0	482 8 6	5,729 8 3
Total Sone Circle ...	2,615 8 6	27,088 6 0	2,595 10 9	28,464 11 9
GRAND TOTAL ...	23,767 8 8	1,67,922 4 8	25,597 13 3	1,59,104 10 0

Government Transport Service.

CANAL.	TOLLAGE, 1893-94.						TOLLAGE, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.
Orissa Circle.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.
High Level ...	1,222	1,028	1,172 0 5	13,488	3,823	13,465 9 1	1,176	622	943 15 4	4,775	3,113	5,330 0 11
Total Orissa Circle	1,222	1,028	1,172 0 5	13,488	3,823	13,465 9 1	1,176	622	943 15 4	4,775	3,113	5,330 0 11

Total Navigation Receipts.

CANALS.	EARNINGS, 1893-94.		EARNINGS, 1892-93.	
	During the month.	To end of the month.	During the month.	To end of the month.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Orissa Canals ...	11,648 1 10	74,121 0 3	10,180 10 10	43,946 15 11
Midnapore Canal ...	6,641 6 9	47,518 6 6	9,564 2 6	62,309 14 6
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	4,034 8 0	32,660 1 0	4,201 4 6	29,713 0 9
Sone Canals ...	2,615 8 6	27,088 6 0	2,595 10 9	28,464 11 9
Total ...	24,939 9 1	1,81,387 13 9	26,541 12 7	1,64,434 10 11

CALCUTTA,
The 20th November 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Minor Works and Navigation for the month of September 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals.	Tollage, 1893-94.						Tollage, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Calcutta and Eastern Canals	24,774	14	6	1,20,828	13	6	23,131	7	0	1,18,942	0	3
Tolly's Nala ...	6,700	14	6	35,993	3	0	6,966	4	3	36,556	8	3
Total ...	31,475	13	0	1,56,822	0	6	30,097	11	3	1,55,498	8	6
Orissa Coast Canal ...	6,204	11	0	54,245	0	0	3,433	12	9	24,622	11	6
Nadia Rivers ...	26,528	14	0	1,08,030	13	10	28,052	13	0	97,169	12	9
Grand Total ...	64,209	6	0	3,19,097	14	4	61,584	5	0	2,77,291	0	9

CALCUTTA,
The 20th November 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 18th November 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 18th November 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 19th November 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	305	39,727	438	99	22,825	361
Jute	300	1,62,250	2.776	532	2 25, 50	3,852
Firewood	108	63,700	972	143	66,650	1,0'5
Other articles	892	1,99,895	3,136	1,131	2,56,775	3,866
Total ...	1,600	4,65,572	7,322	1,905	5,71,400	9,094

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 11th November 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*243,496	*3,19,135 13 0	24,79,897 0	6,19,210 2 0	16,215 10 0	9,54,561 9 0	76,657	104,992	181,649
Or per mile of railway	......	198 2 7	......	384 7 9	10 1 1	592 11 5	......	......	......
For previous 18¼ weeks of half-year	5,160,802	54,75,874 6 0	4,33,67,757 30	94,87,012 9 0	2,72,872 14 0	1,52,35,759 13 0	1,385,956½	1,771,335½	3,157,291½
Total for 19¼ weeks ...	5,404,298	57,95,010 3 0	4,58,47,654 30	1,01,06,222 11 0	2,89,088 8 0	1,61,90,321 6 0	1,462,613½	1,876,327½	3,338,940½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	296,449½	3,66,567 11 9	25,57,682 10	6,12,403 5 0	18,504 7 5	9,97,475 8 2	75,835	97,424	173,259
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	227 9 10	......	380 4 1	11 7 10	619 5 9	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 19¼ weeks of previous year	5,040,642	52,51,339 1 7	4,41,49,887 0	97,84,481 8 0	3,13,326 15 8	1,53,49,147 9 3	1,436,224	1,770,368	3,206,592

* The decrease in coaching is due to figures for the corresponding period of 1892 having included return traffic on account of eclipse of the moon and Sonepur fair.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 11th November 1893, on 22¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	§17,388	§4,177 11 0	11,057 20	444 7 0	13 0 0	4,635 2 0	900	68	968
Or per mile of railway	......	187 12 2	......	19 15 7	0 9 4	208 5 1	......	......	......
For previous 18¼ weeks of half-year	*315,415	*77,078 2 6	†1,61,003 10	†5,231 2 0	‡407 0 0	82,716 4 0	16,228	1,402½	17,630½
Total for 19¼ weeks ...	332,803	81,255 13 0	1,72,060 30	5,675 9 0	420 0 0	87,351 6 0	17,128	1,470½	18,598½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	20,789	5,149 13 3	9,904 10	566 14 0	13 9 0	5,730 4 3	878	90	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ..	......	231 7 3	......	25 7 8	0 9 9	257 8 8	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 19¼ weeks of previous year ...	364,182	89,527 3 2	1,30,659 0	5,736 9 0	241 13 0	95,505 9 2	17,419	1,310	18,729

* Deducted number of passengers 1,001 and Rs. 377 }
† Added maunds 590 and " 105 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 30th
‡ Deducted " 3 } September 1893.
§ The decrease is chiefly at Sheoraphuli and Tarkeswar.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 11th November 1893, on 161⅝ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	15,125	17,253 10 0	50,787 10	9,034 12 0	43 0 0	26,331 6 0	6,813	2,939	9,752
Or per mile of railway	......	106 14 5	......	55 15 8	0 4 3	163 2 4	......	......	......
For previous 18¼ weeks of half-year	*354,764	*2,58,237 8 0	†10,59,701 30	†1,38,651 13 0	‡695 0 0	3,97,584 5 0	112,770	51,909½	164,679½
Total for 19¼ weeks ...	369,889	2,75,491 2 0	11,10,489 0	1,47,686 9 0	738 0 0	4,23,915 11 0	119,583	54,848½	174,431½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	19,171	17,404 3 6	1,28,170 30	8,638 4 0	72 13 9	26,115 5 3	6,293	2,735	9,028
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	107 13 4	......	53 8 4	0 7 2	161 12 11	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 19¼ weeks of previous year	329,091	2,51,835 10 11	8,20,036 0	1,32,895 13 6	1,984 3 9	3,86,715 12 2	125,039	46,924	171,963

* Added number of passengers 408 and Rs. 783 }
† Deducted maunds 7,311 and added " 365 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 30th Septem-
‡ Added " 12 } ber 1893.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 11*th November* 1893, *on* 778 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	156,250	79,970 0 0	8,95,890 0	2,19,900 0 0	16,230 0 0	3,16,100 0 0	27,762	44,497	72,259
Or per mile of railway	201	103 0 0	1,152 0	283 0 0	†1 0 0	†387 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 18 weeks of half-year*	2,973,705	13,51,970 0 0	1,58,40,414 0	31,80,204 0 0	3,16,218 0 0	48,48,392 0 0	511,839	627,382	1,139,221
Total for 19 weeks ...	3,129,955	14,31,940 0 0	1,67,36,304 0	34,00,104 0 0	3,32,448 0 0	51,64,492 0 0	539,601	671,879	1,211,480
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	187,846	*a* 90,453 0 0	8,34,064 0	2,18,733 0 0	20,868 0 0	3,30,054 0 0	28,000	45,540	73,540
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	242	116 0 0	1,073 0	282 0 0	†1 0 0	†390 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	3,058,590	13,47,591 0 0	1,41,06,956 0	33,76,983 0 0	3,36,818 0 0	50,61,392 0 0	523,693	721,544	1,245,237

* Audited up to week ending 16th September 1883.
† Excluding steamer earnings.
a Increase is due to moon eclipse.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 11*th November* 1893, *on* 125 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	32,130	10,780 0 0	49,140 0	3,560 0 0	80 0 0	14,720 0 0	3,655	2,017	5,672
Or per mile of railway	257	86 0 0	393 0	31 0 0	1 0 0	118 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 18 weeks of half-year*	568,014	1,84,093 0 0	9,97,154 0	81,907 0 0	2,771 0 0	2,68,771 0 0	67,607	35,546	103,153
Total for 19 weeks ...	600,144	1,94,873 0 0	10,46,294 0	85,767 0 0	2,851 0 0	2,83,491 0 0	71,262	37,563	108,825
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	37,967	13,009 0 0	73,005 0	4,947 0 0	148 0 0	18,104 0 0	3,869	2,039	5,908
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	304	104 0 0	584 0	40 0 0	1 0 0	145 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	587,706	1,93,543 0 0	10,57,347 0	88,465 0 0	3,419 0 0	2,85,427 0 0	70,828	40,911	111,739

* Audited up to week ending 16th September 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 11*th November* 1893, *on* 86 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
tal traffic for the week ...	18,180	6,900 0 0	40,590 0	4,130 0 0	130 0 0	11,220 0 0	2,487	1,833	4,320
per mile of railway	211	80 0 0	472 0	49 0 0	1 0 0	130 0 0	...	...	...
r previous 18 weeks of half-year*	310,208	1,04,869 0 0	6,16,959 0	46,747 0 0	2,799 0 0	1,54,415 0 0	45,546	18,274	†63,820
Total for 19 weeks ...	328,388	1,11,769 0 0	6,57,549 0	50,937 0 0	2,929 0 0	1,65,635 0 0	48,033	20,107	68,140
Comparison.									
tal for corresponding week of previous year	18,529	5,861 0 0	42,833 0	4,188 0 0	90 0 0	10,148 0 0	2,487	1,186	3,673
r mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	215	68 0 0	498 0	49 0 0	1 0 0	118 0 0	...	...	...
tal to corresponding date of previous year	313,366	1,02,135 0 0	4,55,770 0	38,659 0 0	4,122 0 0	1,44,916 0 0	48,700	14,016	62,716

* Audited up to week ending 16th September 1893.
† Ditto ditto 21st October 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 11th November 1893	17,068	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	14,017	0	0
Increase	3,051	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 11th November 1893	334	10	8
Corresponding period of 1892	274	13	6
Increase	59	13	2
Receipts from 1st July to 11th November 1893	2,34,086	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	2,38,840	0	0
Decrease	4,754	0	0

Printed and published by Edwin Morris Lewis at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 22nd November 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 48 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE SALT MARKET FOR THE SECOND QUARTER OF 1893-94.

No. 987B., dated Calcutta, the 25th November 1893.

From—T. INGLIS, ESQ., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, L.P.,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department.

SALT.
—
HON'BLE D. R. LYALL, C.S.I.

I AM directed by the Board of Revenue to submit the following report on the state of the salt market for the second quarter of 1893-94, comprising the months of July, August, and September 1893.

2. The quantity of salt of every description cleared during the quarter under report amounted to 24,44,590 maunds, against 24,33,242 maunds in the previous quarter, and 26,38,321 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year; and the net amount of duty levied thereon was Rs. 57,21,769, against Rs. 56,96,847 in the previous quarter, and Rs. 61,91,983 in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. In all cases fractions are omitted.

3. The quantity of excise salt removed from the golas in Orissa during the quarter under review, and the quantity which remained in store at the close of the quarter, are shown in table I:—

TABLE I.

	Cuttack.	Puri.	Balasore.
	Mds. s.	Mds. s.	Mds. s.
Balance at close of the last quarter ...	...	32,741 0	243 0
Manufactured or added during the quarter ...	...	8 0	......
Total ...	...	32,749 0	243 0
Sales during the quarter	...	15,385 0	71 0
Wastage	...	198 0	......
Total ...	...	15,583 0	71 0
Balance at close of the quarter	...	17,166 0	172 0

4. The total sale of excise salt during the quarter under review amounted to 15,456 maunds, against 2,596 maunds in the previous quarter, and 27,734 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. The total amount of excise salt on which duty was paid during the quarter was 15,467 maunds.

5. The subjoined table shows in detail the importations into the port of Calcutta and the total clearances of sea-imported salt during the quarter under review compared with the figures of the corresponding quarters of the previous two years:—

TABLE II.

Group.	Port.	1891-92. Second quarter. Imported.	1891-92. Second quarter. Cleared.	1892-93. Second quarter. Imported.	1892-93. Second quarter. Cleared.	1893-94. Second quarter. Imported.	1893-94. Second quarter. Cleared.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
I ...	United Kingdom ...	13,34,647	15,99,146	15,12,412	14,87,107	17,23,135	16,30,879
II ...	Hamburg	6,29,528	4,01,189	4,65,007	4,61,816	87,792	1,45,912
II ...	Austria	......	......	......	......	13,397	2,847
III ...	Fougies	......	......	......	11,806	......	......
IV ...	Linga	45,700	2,416	......	2,442	77,070	......
IV ...	Kishim	......	18,872	......	......	......	......
IV ...	Muscat	47,793	33,640	1,27,213	41,770	50,007	64,345
IV ...	Hanjam	......	76,382	......	4,887	......	13,640
IV ...	Salif	46,300	8,400	91,658	66,264	......	33,666
IV ...	Jedda	......	......	38,111	......	49,000	46,460
IV ...	Rewayah	......	......	1,08,889	......	1,02,356	1,33,105
IV ...	Aden	2,98,219	2,08,009	1,71,772	2,38,960	1,36,111	1,31,419
IV ...	Ceylon	......	7,450	......	......	......	......
V ...	Madras	......	......	......	......	2,100	2,100
V ...	Tuticorin	2,138	2,138	......	13,462	......	......
V ...	Coconada	......	......	......	......	10,000	10,000
VI ...	Bombay	2,74,267	1,76,594	70,132	1,52,502	50,218	1,46,539
	Total ...	26,78,592	26,24,266	25,84,594	24,81,016	23,01,186	23,63,912

6. Table III shows the quantity of sea-imported salt remaining in the warehouses at the close of the quarter as compared with the results of the previous four quarters:—

TABLE III.

Where stored.	Second quarter of 1892-93.	Third quarter of 1892-93.	Fourth quarter of 1892-93.	First quarter of 1893-94.	Second quarter of 1893-94.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sulkea Government golas	8,13,492	8,40,647	6,12,084	7,47,749	6,42,996
Chittagong ditto do.	1,03,167	1,56,714	1,16,380	1,91,642	36,893
Ditto private do.	......	......	......	......	......
Narainganj ditto do.	......	......	......	......	......
Total ...	9,16,659	9,97,361	7,28,464	8,40,391	6,79,889

7. The despatches of salt from Calcutta by water and the three railways passing the several salt-pass stations into the interior of the country both east and west of the river Hooghly, as well as the despatches by steamers and

flats during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarters of the previous two years, are shown in the table below:—

TABLE IV.

PERIOD.	BY WATER.					BY RAIL.			BY STEAMERS AND FLATS.	
	Viâ Balikhal.	*Viâ* Sankrail.	*Viâ* Gewakhally.	*Viâ* Kidderpore.	*Viâ* Balliaghata.	*Viâ* Ruthtollah Ghat.	By the East Indian Railway.	By the Eastern Bengal and South-Eastern Railways or *viâ* Chitpur.	Quantity despatched to the interior (excluding Orissa).	Quantity despatched to Orissa.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Second quarter of 1891-92...	3,56,164	1,84,752	54,229	1,18,489	4,67,135	1,538	7,63,048	2,98,477	2,38,585	56,710
Ditto of 1892-93...	3,50,563	1,55,052	70,145	1,01,622	4,10,719	244	7,42,457	3,44,197	2,65,611	67,827
Ditto of 1893-94...	3,12,010	1,35,624	55,248	64,353	3,18,417	388	6,50,912	2,95,938	3,20,415	64,630

8. The quantity of salt despatched by the East Indian Railway to stations beyond Buxar during the quarter under review amounted to 1,438 maunds as noted in the margin, against 1,032 maunds 30 seers in the previous quarter, and 4,131 maunds 10 seers in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

	Mds.	s.
July	688	20
August	374	30
September ...	374	30
	1,438	0

9. The quantity of saltpetre salt removed from the refineries on payment of duty amounted to 4,311 maunds, against 9,349 maunds in the previous quarter.

10. The shipments of Liverpool salt for the port of Calcutta according to published market reports were as follows:—

	Tons.
July	21,280
August	18,490
September	18,670
Total ...	58,440

It is reported that 14,765 tons of Hamburg salt were shipped for Calcutta during the quarter under review.

11. Table V shows the average wholesale price per 100 maunds of Liverpool and other descriptions of salt during each fortnight of the quarter:—

TABLE V.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.	Fortnight ending 15th July 1893.	Fortnight ending 31st July 1893.	Fortnight ending 15th August 1893.	Fortnight ending 31st August 1893.	Fortnight ending 15th September 1893.	Fortnight ending 30th September 1893.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Liverpool	66 12 3	71 15 0	73 12 11	71 10 7	70 4 7	72 6 9
Hamburg karkach	62 14 7	64 4 10	68 12 0	65 11 1	64 14 9	......
Muscat ditto	53 0 0	......	......	56 9 4	54 6 5	53 0 0
Jedda ditto	54 8 0	......	55 2 0	57 9 1	62 1 5	67 4 0
Bombay ditto	45 15 2	45 6 11	46 0 0	49 0 0	62 11 0	69 5 4
Rock ditto	90 0 0	......	......	85 0 0	......	88 0 0

12. The following table shows the quantity of sea-imported salt admitted into bond and cleared from bond and shipboard at Chittagong and Narainganj during the quarter under review and the corresponding quarter of 1892-93:—

TABLE VI.

PORT.	Description of Salt.	ADMITTED INTO BOND.		CLEARED.	
		Second quarter of 1892-93.	Second quarter of 1893-94.	Second quarter of 1892-93.	Second quarter of 1893-94.
		MDS. S.	MDS. S.	MDS. S. C.	MDS. S. C.
Chittagong ...	Liverpool	97,105 0	......	47,580 0 0	39,453 33 0
	Hamburg	......	......	......	4,470 0 0
	Madras	......	......	0 31 8	1 5 8
	Ceylon	......	......	0 1 8	......
	Burma	......	......	0 11 0	......
Narainganj	Liverpool	......	......	76,725 0 0	21,285 0 0
	Total ...	97,105 0	......	1,24,306 4 0	65,209 37 8

No transactions in sea-imported salt have been reported for the quarter from the ports of Cuttack, Puri, and Balasore.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 25th November, 1893.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.					
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan	Nov. 25, '93	Nil	Weather—hot for the time of year and somewhat cloudy. Prospects of standing crops good. *Rabi* cultivation progressing. Fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 10 to 14 } Kalna ... ... 9 to 13 } Katwa ... ... 15 } per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 15 }
		Kalna	...	Nil	
		Katwa	...	Nil	
		Raniganj	...	Nil	
	2	Bankura	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—occasionally cloudy. Harvesting of *aus* crop almost finished. *Aman* crop doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice (new) selling at 18 seers per rupee at Sadar and 17 seers at Vishnupur.
	3	Birbhum	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy in the morning. Rather warm for the time of year. Sowing of spring crops commenced. Winter rice continues good. New rice coming into the market, and prices a little lower in some places.
		Rampur Hât	...	Nil	
	4	Midnapore	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—getting warmer. Prospects of crops very good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 } Contai ... ... 14 } Tamluk ... ... 12 to 13 } per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 11 to 13 }
	5	Hooghly	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—rather warm for the time of year, but seasonable on the whole. *Aman* doing well everywhere; harvest commenced in Jahanabad. *Rabi* cultivation progressing. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 13 } Serampore ... ... 10 to 14 } per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 14 }
		Serampore	...	Nil	
		Jahanabad	...	Nil	
	6	Howrah	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—rather warm and occasionally cloudy. *Aman* paddy being harvested. Sugarcane doing well. *Rabi* crops being sown. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice 10 to 11½ seers per rupee.
		Ulubaria	...	Nil	
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* briskly going on. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. Sugarcane doing well. Prospects of crops fair on the whole. Rice sells at— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 9¼ to 12 0 } Basirhat ... ... 10 10½ } Barasat ... ... 11 0 } per rupee. Diamond Harbour ... ... 13 3 }
	8	Nadia	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—cooler. Prospects of *aman* rice fair. Sowing of *rabi* finished. Prices have slightly fallen. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease.
		Kushtia	...	Nil	
		Meherpur	...	Nil	
		Chuadanga	...	Nil	
		Ranaghat	...	Nil	
	9	Khulna	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and unusually warm for the time of year. Prospects of *aman* good. Reaping begun in places. *Chottan* paddy being reaped. *Rabi* crops being sown.
		Bagerhat	...	Nil	
		Satkhira	...	Nil	
	10	Jessore	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Sowing of winter crops going on. Prospects of *aman* and other winter crops fair. *Chhotan aman* is being harvested. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
		Jhenida	...	Nil	
		Magura	...	Nil	
		Narail	...	Nil	
		Bangaon	...	Nil	
	11	Murshidabad	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and getting cool. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues and that of indigo nearly finished. State of *aman* crop appears to be good. Fodder and water sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong	Nov. 25, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of paddy crop good. Winter crops are being sown and transplanted. Prices have slightly fallen. Water and fodder sufficient.
	13	Noakhali	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable; getting cold. *Rabi* crops being sown. Standing crops doing well. Slight damage to paddy by insects reported from three outposts. No cattle-disease. Water and fodder sufficient. Price of common rice varies from 11 to 13 seers per rupee.
	14	Tippera	" 25, '93	0·06	Weather—seasonable: temperature cool with brisk north wind. *Aman* crop being reaped; prospects good except in north of district, where insects are doing damage; total crop probably full ten annas. Fodder-supply improving.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	" 24, '93	Nil	Weather—hot at noon, and a little cold from the latter part of night till 8 A.M. with fogs. Condition of late plough-paddy favourable. No cattle-disease reported. Common rice selling at 10 seers per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy going on. Prospects favourable. Sowing of pulses in low lands still going on. Common rice selling at from 7 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	.. 25, '93	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—rather warmer than usual. State of crops unchanged. Early *aman* being harvested and *rabi* crops being sown. Price of common rice the same as last week. No cattle-disease. Fodder plentiful.
	18	Backergunge	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—mild and bright. State and prospects of crops fair. Common rice sells from 8 to 11 seers per rupee. Water sufficient. Fodder insufficient in outposts Agarpur and Rajapur.
	19	Mymensingh	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of *aman* paddy going on. Common rice selling at from 8 to 11 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient, except in some places in the Kishorganj subdivision.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	" 25, '93 ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cool and pleasant. Condition of standing crops good. Winter crops are still being sown in some places. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water ample. Prices of rice both at Sadar and Thakurgaon stationary.
	21	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	" 25, '93	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy and getting cooler every day. Ploughing for and sowing of *rabi* crops going on smoothly. Harvesting of *ropa* paddy going on. Prospects of standing crops good everywhere. Water and fodder-supply ample. Rice selling from 10 to 17 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur Kurigaon Gaibanda Nilphamari	" 25, '93	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—fair and cool. Harvesting of *aman* commenced. Sugarcane being cut. Cultivation for *rabi* crops still going on. Prospects of standing crops good. Price of rice 9 to 13 seers per rupee.
	23	Bogra	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and cool. *Aman* is being cut; outturn estimated at 18 annas. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—cool and pleasant. Prospects of standing crops continue good. *Aman* is being harvested. Price of common rice in the Sirajganj subdivision is Rs. 4-4 per maund and in the Sadar subdivision 10½ seers per rupee.
	25	Darjeeling Siliguri	" 25, '93 ...	0·05 Nil	Weather—seasonable. *In the hills:—Aghani dhan, marua,* and *kalai* are being harvested. *Toree, phaphur,* and potatoes ripening. Wheat and barley progressing well. *In the Terai:*—Paddy ripening and other standing crops doing well. Sowing of mustard finished. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 8 to 9 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 11 to 13 }
	26	Jalpaiguri	" 25, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Haimanti* paddy promises well. Cultivation of tobacco commenced. Price of rice stationary. Supply of water and fodder sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.				
Bhagalpur Divn. 27	Monghyr	Nov. 25, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and seasonably cool. Winter rice is ripening. Prospects favourable. *Rabi* sowings continue. *Kurthi*, sugarcane and indigo doing well. Cattle-disease in some places. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:—
	Jamui	...	Nil	Sadar ... ... 13 to 20 Srs. per rupee.
	Begusarai	...	Nil	Begusarai ... ... 12 to 16 Srs. per rupee. Jamui ... ... 14 Srs. per rupee.
28	Bhagalpur	„ 25, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy and warm. State and prospects of crops very good. Price of common rice 16 seers 6 chittaks per rupee.
	Banka	...	Nil	
	Madhipura	...	Nil	
	Supaul	...	Nil	
29	Purnea	„ 25, '93	Nil	Weather—cold. Harvesting of *aghani* paddy going on everywhere in the district. Prospects excellent. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices stationary.
	Kishanganj	...	Nil	
	Araria	...	Nil	
30	Malda	„ 25, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and cool. Winter rice being harvested; an average crop is expected. *Kalai* pulse in flower. Sowing of *rabi* crops finished. Ordinary rice sells at 12 to 21 seers per rupee. No want of fodder or drinking water.
31	Sonthal Parganas	„ 25, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy and somewhat warm. Harvesting of paddy, *kurthi*, *til* and *kalai* going on. A good outturn of paddy expected. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	Deoghur	...	Nil	
	Godda	...	Nil	
	Jamtara	...	Nil	
	Pakur	...	Nil	
	Rajmahal	...	Nil	
Patna Division. 32	Patna	„ 25, '93	Nil	Weather—cool for the season. Paddy harvest has commenced. *Rabi* sowings nearly completed. New common rice is in market and being sold at—
	Dinapore	...	0·5	Sadar ... ... 19 Srs. per rupee. Dinapore ... ... 15½ Srs. per rupee.
33	Gaya	„ 25, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy and seasonable. Harvesting of paddy crop and sowing of *rabi* and poppy crops going on. Prices of food crops stationary. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient.
	Nawada	...	0·02	
	Aurangabad	...	0·04	
	Jahanabad	...	Nil	
34	Shahabad	„ 25, '93	0·07	After several cloudy days the west wind has set in and the weather is now fine and settled. Prospects of both paddy and *rabi* crops excellent. Prices steady.
	Buxar	...	0·36	
	Sasaram	...	0·70	
	Bhabhua		0·80	
35	Darbhanga	„ 25, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cool. Harvesting of rice in progress. *Rabi* sowings being vigorously pushed on. Poppy cultivation going on, but unusually late owing to excessive moisture. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices remain steady.
36	Muzaffarpur	„ 25, '93	0·05	Weather—cloudy for two days, but now fair and cold. Harvesting of rice crop commenced. *Rabi* sowings in progress. Poppy sowings going on. Standing crops doing well. Tobacco in good condition. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease.
	Hajipur	...	Nil	
	Sitamarhi	...	0·40	

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
PATNA DIVISION—*concld.*			
37	Saran Nov. 25, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	0·06 Nil Nil	Weather—fair and cloudy at times, wind changeable. Paddy being harvested; fair outturn expected. *Rabi* crops promise to be good. Poppy prospects excellent. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 16 } Siwan ... ... 19 } per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 17 }
38	Champaran „ 25, '93	0·04	Weather—seasonable. Reaping of *aghani* has commenced. *Rabi* sowings in progress. Prices slightly falling. Slight scarcity of fodder.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVN.			
39	Cuttack „ 25, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy and warm. All crops on the ground doing well. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 14 7 } Jajpur ... ... 13 2 to 15 12 } Kendrapara ... ... 11 12 to 21 0 } per rupee. Banki ... ... 15 12 }
40	Puri „ 23, '93 Khurda ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Sarad* rice thriving well and is in ear. *Laghu* rice is ripening and in places being cut. Miscellaneous crops doing well. General prospects good. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 13 0 to 21 0 } Khurda ... ... { old 14 7 } pe rupee. { new 17 1 }
41	Balasore „ 25, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Winter rice being harvested. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN.			
42	Hazaribagh Nov. 25, '93 Giridi ...	Nil Nil	Weather—fair and cloudy alternately. Paddy harvesting nearly completed. Poppy sowings going on. *Rabi* crops doing well. Prospects generally good.
43	Lohardaga „ 25, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Common rice selling at 18 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau ...	...	Report not received.
45	Singhbhum „ 25,' 93	Nil	Weather—cloudy and warm. Harvesting of paddy continues. Condition of crops on ground satisfactory. Price of rice stationary. Cattle-disease ex ists in some of the villages in the Chakardharpur thana.
46	Manbhum „ 25, '93 Gobindpur ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cloudy with occasional sunshine. Harvesting of rice has commenced; probable outturn twelve annas. New rice selling from 14 to 17 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 28th November, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS.											
			Air Pressure.			Wind.		Temperature.						
			Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	30·038	29·993	—	Calm & NNE.	75	84·7	24 & 25 Nov.	67·6	20th Nov.	83·5	70·0	76·8
		Gopalpore	30·039	30·000	+·027	NNW	199	83·7	25th "	68·1	19 & 20 "	83·7	67·0	74·?
		False Point	30·044	30·007	+·033	N	123	83·9	25th "	63·5	20th "	82·2	65·7	74·0
	Cuttack	Cuttack	29·976	30·001	+·027	Calm	27	87·7	25th "	66·3	21st "	85·8	68·2	77·0
	Balasore	Balasore	30·006	30·010	+·024	NEly	57	85·4	24th "	60·6	20th "	83·8	63·8	73·8
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·925	30·026	+·031	N & NE	26	87·3	23rd "	60·2	19th "	84·9	64·2	74·6
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	30·045	30·012	+·029	Calm	24	82·2	22, 23 & 25. "	62·7	20 & 21 "	81·6	64·4	73·0
		Saugor Island	30·038	30·008	+·036	NEly	165	82·2	24 & 25 "	64·4	21st "	80·9	66·3	73·6
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar	30·019	30·016	+·035	Variable	53	83·7	21st "	61·4	20th "	82·4	63·4	72·9
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore	30·029	30·010	+·037	Calm	28	83·6	21 & 22 "	61·5	20th "	82·5	63·4	72·9
	Burdwan	Burdwan	29·971	30·020	+·025	Variable	29	83·9	22nd "	63·2	19th "	82·5	65·3	73·9
		Raniganj	29·743	30·040	+·039	Variable	23	?	?	58·9	19th "	?	63·7	?
	Bankura	Bankura	29·761	30·022	+·036	Calm	26	85·1	22nd "	60·0	19th "	83·3	63·8	73·6
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	30·000	30·017	+·022	Nly	29	82·1	22nd "	64·2	19th "	80·2	65·3	72·8
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	30·007	30·004	+·029	Calm	14	82·5	22nd "	59·8	23 & 25 "	81·5	61·3	71·5
	Bogra	Bogra	29·993	30·008	+·056?	NE	25	83·2	21st "	57·2	24 & 25 "	81·7	60·4	71·1
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	29·984	30·005	+·032	Nly & Calm.	83	81·6	20th "	61·2	19th "	80·3	63·2	71·8
	Malda	Malda	29·990	30·025	—	NW	46	82·4	21st "	60·2	19th "	80·8	61·8	71·3
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·946	30·027	+·040	NE	35	82·1	22nd "	59·8	23rd "	81·1	61·8	71·5
	Rangpur	Rangpur	29·946	30·027	+·030	ESE	38	81·2	22nd "	59·3	24th "	80·4	60·5	70·5
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·795	30·043	+·040	Variable	53	81·4	21 & 22 "	58·6	24th "	80·2	60·5	70·4
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	23·071	—	+·015	NE	71	54·4	20th "	39·6	22nd "	52·0	40·4	46·3
	Sikkim	Gnatong	18·938	—	—	Variable	55	40·3	23rd "	21·1	22nd "	36·0	23·7	29·9
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	29·965	30·003	+·047	NE	60	83·2	24th "	63·1	24th "	82·5	65·2	73·9
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal	30·032	29·991	+·051	Calm	36	83·8	22nd Nov.	63·9	20 & 25 "	82·9	64·9	73·9
	Noakhali	Noakhali*	29·991	29·982	+·038	NNE	57	82·5	20 & 24 "	63·0	25th "	81·8	65·5	73·6
	Faridpur	Faridpur	30·017	30·012	+·045	Calm	17	81·5	21 to 23 "	58·0	29th "	80·6	62·9	71·8
	Dacca	Dacca	30·037	29·994	+·031	Variable	57	84·6	21st "	63·8	25th "	83·6	65·0	74·3
	Tippera	Comilla	30·017	30·002	+·047	NEly & Calm.	28	84·4	22nd "	60·9	25th "	83·1	63·3	73·2
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	29·991	30·004	+·036	Variable	38	81·6	22nd "	60·2	19th "	80·7	62·8	71·8
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	29·944	30·028	+·024	Calm	7	80·2	20, 22, 23 & 25. "	59·3	19th "	79·6	62·6	71·1
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·903	30·021	+·023	Calm	6	82·3	22nd "	56·0	19th "	81·2	61·7	71·?
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·908	30·034	+·012	WNW	32	80·3	24 & 25 "	60·4	19th "	79·3	63·7	71·4
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·809	30·038	—	Variable	33	79·7	25th "	57·3	19th "	78·3	61·9	70·1
	Champaran	Motihari	29·837	30·028	+·026	Variable	61	80·2	25th "	54·9	19th "	79·1	58·0	68·6
	Saran	Chapra	29·903	30·044	+·052	NWly	42	81·2	25th "	58·1	19th "	78·8	62·8	70·8
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·736	30·056	+·030	Variable	88*	81·7	25th "	57·8	19th "	80·1	62·2	71·1
		Buxar	29·846	30·050	+·022	Variable	47	81·6	24th "	59·9	19th "	79·1	62·6	70·9
		Arrah	29·884	30·034	+·030	Nly	22	82·1	25th "	57·2	19th "	80·0	62·5	71·3
	Gaya	Gaya	29·695	30·039	+·014	Ely	126	83·2	24th "	56·8	20th "	81·7	63·4	72·6
	Patna	Bankipore	29·836	30·039	+·006	Variable	43	80·8	25th "	57·3	19th "	78·6	64·1	71·3
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·562	30·033	+·042	NWly	40	81·6	21, 22 & 25. "	58·0	19th "	80·8	62·7	71·8
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	28·017	30·026	+·013	Ely	57	78·7	24th "	55·8	19th "	77·6	59·8	68·6
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·896	30·020	+·023	Ely & Calm	52*	78·7	24th "	56·5	19th "	77·0	59·7	68·4
	Palamau	Daltonganj	29·331	30·040?	–	NWly	27	82·4	24 & 25 "	54·0	19th "	80·5	62·3	71·4
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	29·282	30·013	+·055	Calm	1	85·2	25th "	59·0	19th "	83·7	63·3	73·5
	Manbhum													

* Means for six days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by of rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 25th of November 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					OF WEEK.				RAINFALL.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th October 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	DISTRICT.
—	74·2	83	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·41	0·00	0·47	0·42	2·29	—1·87	6·83	6·50	+0·33	Puri.
+1·1	71·6	88	0	Nil											
+1·5	73·3	87	2·6	Nil											
+2·6	73·4	77	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·43	0·00	0·43	0·08	1·21	—1·13	4·20	4·21	—0·01	Cuttack.
+3·5	68·7	91	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·14	0·00	0·33	0·04	0·94	—0·90	4·21	2·96	+1·25	Balasore.
+4·1	70·9	77	1·1	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·23	0·03	0·34	—0·31	3·33	3·33	—0·01	Midnapore.
+1·7	70·0	82	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·23	0·02	0·46	—0·44	2·44	3·22	—0·78	24-Parganas.
+1·0	71·4	91	1·9	Nil											
					Nil	0·02	0·00	0·29	0·02	0·35	—0·33	2·38	2·11	+0·27	Howrah.
					Nil	0·01	0·00	0·19	0·03	0·22	—0·19	2·85	2·27	+0·58	Hooghly.
+1·0	70·9	79	3·9	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·14	0·25	0·35	—0·10	1·47	2·09	—0·62	Nadia.
					Nil	0·10	0·00	0·31	0·04	0·55	—0·51	2·19	3·13	—0·94	Khulna.
+0·8	70·2	89	1·7	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·27	0·12	0·35	—0·23	0·95	2·55	—1·60	Jessore.
+2·4	70·4	79	3·7	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·06	0·27	—0·21	2·05	2·07	—0·02	Burdwan.
?	68·4	83	2·6	Nil											
+1·3	70·2	76	3·3	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·24	0·06	0·45	—0·39	2·23	2·17	+0·12	Bankura.
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·14	Nil	0·18	—0·18	1·76	2·00	—0·24	Birbhum.
+1·6	68·0	90	4·9	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·23	—0·23	1·83	2·13	—0·30	Murshidabad.
+1·0	69·4	91	0	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·08	0·20	0·30	—0·10	3·17	2·52	+0·65	Pabna.
+0·6	70·1	82	0	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·31	—0·31	4·01	1·93	+2·08	Bogra.
+3·6	70·6	81	2·6	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·03	Nil	0·24	—0·24	2·73	1·77	+0·96	Rajshahi.
—	68·3	86	0·6	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·21	—0·21	3·13	1·48	+1·65	Malda.
+2·2	68·5	84	0·9	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·11	—0·11	2·81	1·40	+1·41	Dinajpur.
+1·7	66·8	86	0	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·09	—0·09	1·79	2·08	—0·29	Rangpur.
+1·7	67·6	80	2·7	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·10	—0·16	2·70	2·99	—0·29	Jalpaiguri.
					0·17	Nil	0·50	0·00	0·17	0·09	+0·08	3·82	1·82	+2·00	Kuch Bihar.
—0·7	45·7	84	4·6	0·05	0·01	0·03	0·00	0·05	0·36	0·30	+0·06	5·05	2·68	+2·37	Darjeeling.
—	31·7	78	1·6	0·16											Gnatong.
+1·1	69·9	93	4·9	0·02	0·38	0·61	0·50	0·45	0·38	2·15	—1·77	6·14	4·89	+1·25	Chittagong.
					Nil	0·44	0·00	0·40	Nil	2·14	—2·14	5·31	4·13	+1·18	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+2·4	73·0	84	0	Nil	Nil	0·29	0·00	0·41	Nil	1·50	—1·50	5·28	2·89	+2·39	Backergunge.
+2·0	72·2	91	0·9	Nil	0·10	0·55	0·50	0·49	0·12	2·50			4·29		Noakhali.
+0·8	72·2	86	1·1	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·00	0·25	0·09	0·44	—0·35	1·67	2·39	—0·72	Faridpur.
+1·1	71·4	82	0	Nil	Nil	0·15	0·09	0·33	0·06	0·78	—0·72	3·00	2·73	+0·28	Dacca.
+1·9	72·6	83	0·6	0·20	0·02	0·11	0·00	0·33	0·02	0·70	—0·68	3·60	2·70	+0·90	Tippera.
—0·4	68·3	89	1·7	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·11	0·16	0·33	—0·17	3·72	2·75	+0·97	Mymensingh.
+2·6	65·9	93	0·9	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·01	0·07	—0·06	2·67	1·55	+1·12	Purnea.
+3·7	69·3	86	2·6	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·04	0·02	0·09	—0·07	2·51	1·38	+1·13	Bhagalpur.
+1·9	66·6	90	2·1	0·03	0·08	0·01	0·33	0·03	0·14	0·05	+0·09	6·03	0·97	+5·06	Darbhanga.
—	66·6	90	2·3	0·05	0·13	0·02	0·33	0·13	0·20	0·08	+0·12	7·84	1·13	+6·71	Muzaffarpur
+1·8	65·4	88	2·6	0·04	0·02	0·01	0·00	0·08	0·07	0·03	+0·04	8·62	0·50	+8·12	Champaran.
+2·6	68·0	86	6·3	0·06	0·02	0·04	0·00	0·06	0·31	0·08	+0·23	5·86	0·89	+4·97	Saran.
+4·0	68·8	87	5·6	0·39											
+2·6	67·9	83	6·1	0·33	0·47	0·05	1·00	0·13	0·85	0·17	+0·68	6·25	1·22	+5·03	Shahabad.
+3·4	67·0	89	6·1	0·07											
+3·9	67·7	84	5·6	0·06	0·03	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·07	0·15	—0·08	2·53	0·91	+1·62	Gaya.
+3·2	69·1	80	5·7	0·03	0·02	0·01	0·00	0·09	0·08	0·11	—0·03	4·40	1·29	+3·11	Patna.
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·10	—0·10	1·71	1·43	+0·28	Monghyr.
+2·9	69·2	79	2·4	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	0·13	—0·13	2·43	1·65	+0·78	Sonthal Parganas.
+3·2	65·6	80	5·7	0·02	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·08	0·01	0·28	—0·27	3·57	1·35	+2·22	Hazaribagh.
+4·3	65·9	79	3·1	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·00	0·29	0·14	0·26	—0·12	3·36	1·47	+1·89	Lohardaga.
—	68·9	83	5·6	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·25	0·35	—0·10	2·34	1·26	+1·08	Palamau.
+4·5	68·6	84	3·3	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·11	0·25	—0·14	0·87	2·07	—1·20	Singhbhum.
					Nil	0·01	0·00	0·20	Nil	0·16	—0·16	1·94	1·46	+0·48	Manbhum.

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 25th of November 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 19th.	Monday, 20th.	Tuesday, 21st.	Wednesday, 22nd.	Thursday, 23rd.	Friday, 24th.	Saturday, 25th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th Oct. 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th Oct. to date.
ORISSA	Puri	Puri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·24	Nil	2·07	7·30	6·75
		Khurda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·22	0·25	1·43	6·11	4·97
		Banpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·93	0·66	3·17	9·03	5·51
		False Point	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·25	0·78	2·47	4·79	7·37
		Gop	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·20	?
		Satpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·81	?	7·97	?
		Pipli	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·25	?
		Ranpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·12	?	6·50	?
		Kurmala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·87	?	6·43	?
	Cuttack	Jagatsingpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·39	0·15	1·19	1·98	4·00
		Banki	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	1·13	0·09	2·12	6·51	3·99
		Cuttack	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·95	4·69	3·97
		Kondrapara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·24	0·12	1·06	3·30	4·30
		Jajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·26	Nil	0·72	4·52	2·86
		Dharmsala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·47	?
		Salipore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Pal Lahara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·82	?
		Nayagarh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·26	?
	Balasore	*Akhyapada*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·65	?
		Chandbali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·33	Nil	1·62	3·35	8·63
		Bhadrak	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·26	1·05	5·95	3·08
		Soro	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·78	4·36	2·62
		Balasore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·04	0·98	4·47	3·33
		Jellasore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·14	0·35	1·52	1·77
		Baripadah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·26	Nil	0·84	5·47	2·39
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore	Contai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·70	4·77	5·82
		Tamluk	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·34	2·65	3·12
		Midnapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·05	0·24	3·43	2·87
		Ghatal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·06	4·32	1·02
		Kukrahaty	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·92	?
		Garhbeta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·29	?	4·51	?
		Panskura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Dantoon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45	?
	24-Parganas	Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·04	1·02	2·69	6·22
		Diamond Harbour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·40	4·33	3·10
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·50	?	2·61	?
		Alipore (Observatory)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·03	0·32	2·21	2·47
		Barrackpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·05	0·50	2·29	2·05
		Dum-Dum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·23	2·74	2·55
		Barasat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·31	1·67	2·59
		Basirhat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·40	1·11	2·00
	Howrah	Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·32	2·52	2·48
		Mohesreka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·04	0·41	2·24	1·58
		Ulubaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·02	?	1·83	?
	Hooghly	Serampore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·03	0·22	3·10	2·27
		Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·06	0·24	2·13	2·03
		Jahanabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·31	3·32	2·21
	Nadia	Ranaghat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·47	1·15	1·89
		Krishnagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·26	0·33	2·33	1·62
		Chuadanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·31	0·45	1·10	2·36
		Meherpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·36	0·15	1·06	1·92
		Kushtia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·30	0·36	1·67	2·81
	Khulna	Satkhira	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·45	2·24	2·63
		Bagerhat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·70	3·20	3·63
		Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·12	0·50	1·12	2·69
		Nakipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	?
		Rampal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·43	?
	Jessore	Narail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·12	0·46	0·92	5·61
		Jessore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·04	0·33	0·61	2·73
		Jhenidah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·32	0·36	1·19	2·75
		Magura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·08	0·32	1·36	1·82
		Bangaon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·04	0·32	0·65	2·40
	Burdwan	Kalna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·35	2·40	2·41
		Burdwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·18	0·36	2·22	2·37
		Katwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·28	1·93	2·21
		Raniganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·13	1·05	1·66
		Mankur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·04	?
	Bankura	Bankura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·18	0·31	2·56	2·16
		Vishnupur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·34	3·43	1·85
		Maliara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·36	1·52	2·20
		Khatra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·90	1·66	2·15
		Indas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·69	?
		Kotalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·72	?
		Onda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·19	?	2·79	?
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·44	?
		Raipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·57	?
		Sonamukhi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	?
	Birbhum	Suri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·11	1·00	1·99
		Hetampore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·14	1·87	1·27
		Rampur Hat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·18	2·38	2·17
		Bolpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·30	?
		Murari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·69	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·35	1·25	1·53
		Berhampore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·25	1·81	2·23
		Lalbagh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·31	2·08	2·13
		Azimganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·19	1·24	2·04
		Jangipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·08	3·18	1·91
		Lalgola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·20	1·40	2·42
		Akhriganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	?
		Patkabari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·00	?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna	Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·24	0·23	2·10	2·24
		Sirajganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·16	0·34	4·26	2·58
	Bogra	Sherepore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·54	4·45	2·53
		Nowkhilla	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·47	5·76	1·93
		Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·22	2·87	2·17
		Panchbibi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·01	2·98	1·47
	Rajshahi	Boalia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·20	2·42	1·82
		Nator	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·31	2·57	2·25
		Naugaon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·17	3·40	0·78
		Lalpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·07	?	1·90	?
		Manda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·38	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 25th of November 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 19th.	Monday, 20th.	Tuesday, 21st.	Wednesday, 22nd.	Thursday, 23rd.	Friday, 24th.	Saturday, 25th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
NORTH BENGAL—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·16	4·18	1·98
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·25	2·08	1·01
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·64	?
		Sibganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·80	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·08	3·17	1·02
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·17	3·58	0·87
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·06	2·70	0·85
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·08	1·83	2·41
		Balurghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·12	2·76	1·53
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·65	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	3·03	2·37
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·10	1·24	2·97
		Pirganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·75	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·16	0·56	1·56
		Gobindganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·91	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·02	2·32	1·48
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·61	?
		Sunderganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·97	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·10	2·70	3·02
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·91	?
		Fallacotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	1	0·10	?	0·11	?	1·61	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Bhagatpur (*Nagrakatta*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·25	1	0·25	?	0·90	?	2·16	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	1	0·45	Nil	0·45	0·07	2·97	1·02
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·17	4·78	1·90
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	3·98	1·89
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	1	0·23	Nil	0·23	0·06	3·56	1·72
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	1·21	0·48	5·41	4·76
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·32	5·69	0·93
		Darjeeling ...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·05	0·03	0·22	0·16	5·69	4·34
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·21	3·45	0·55
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	1	0·15	?	0·15	?	3·13	?
		Pedong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·19	?	4·01	?
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	0·01	0·75	...	...	...	...	1	0·76	0·60	0·76	2·61	6·41	5·98
		Chittagong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·52	Nil	1·07	5·87	3·45
		Kutubdia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Satkanya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·06	?
		Kodala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Fenoa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Mirsarai ...	...	...	0·61	...	...	...	...	1	0·61	?	0·80	?	7·32	?
		Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	2·14	5·31	4·20
		Bundarban ...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	?	0·03	?	4·35	?
	Backergunge	Patnakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·30	Nil	1·73	6·11	4·07
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	1·26	4·23	3·79
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·25	Nil	1·33	6·09	3·70
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·68	?
		Bhola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·44	Nil	1·65	4·68	3·36
		Daulatkhan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·95	?
		Bauphal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	8·78	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·29	0·05	1·84	10·15	4·12
		Fenny ...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	1	0·20	0·80	0·20	3·32		4·88
		Harishpore ...	0·69	...	0·24	...	...	...	...	2	0·93	?	0·95	?	9·42	?
		Ramganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·35	?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·53	4·88	2·18
		Faridpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·09	0·43	1·35	2·54
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·18	0·35	1·63	2·25
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·23	0·02	0·84	3·20	3·13
		Dacca ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·55	2·85	1·80
		Narayanganj...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·29	0·06	1·29	3·54	3·46
		Manikganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·14	0·41	2·41	2·22
		Joydebpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·03	?	4·45	
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·77	2·45	3·00
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·06	0·19	0·06	0·90	3·76	2·26
		Chandpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·58	2·79	2·33
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·55	1·78	2·41
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·12	?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·25	?
		Dandkandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·77	?
		Kasba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·80	?
		Laksham ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·60	?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·08	0·40	3·76	1·98
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·23	0·24	1·88	2·64
		Mymensingh...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·23	0·39	6·52	2·87
		Jamalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·22	4·45	2·81
		Netrakona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·27	0·36	1·91	3·14
		Subornakkally	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·74	?
		Durgapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·70	?
		Sherepore Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·43	?
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·05	?
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·08	2·27	1·39
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	2·25	1·33
		Purnea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	3·48	1·83
		Gondwara (*Korah*) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·30	?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·18	?
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·79	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·31	?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·05	0·05	2·00	5·11
		Bongaon (*Syfabad*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·02	?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·02	3·29	1·13
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·02	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·21	2·79	1·16
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	1·95	1·64
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·68	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·10	0·04	2·74	1·06
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	0·03	0·07	0·06	2·29	0·95
		Madhubani ...	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	1	0·15	0·02	0·15	0·06	5·88	0·94
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Koshera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 25th of November 1893—*concld.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 19th.	Monday, 20th.	Tuesday, 21st.	Wednesday, 22nd.	Thursday, 23rd.	Friday, 24th.	Saturday, 25th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
NORTH BIHAR —*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	1	0·44	0·01	0·52	0·05	9·58	0·81
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·06	0·08	10·37	1·46
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·02	0·08	4·74	0·95
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·87	?
		Siuhar ...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·05	?	0·20	?	7·74	?
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·04	0·01	0·10	0·04	8·50	0·56
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·04	0·02	8·74	0·42
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·15	?	7·02	
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	1	0·19	?	0·26	?	7·62	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·19	0·08	5·96	0·31
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·38	0·08	9·19	1·18
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·25	?
		Chapra ...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·06	0·03	0·44	0·06	4·67	1·07
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·80	?
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·30	?	5·24	?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	1·05	?		?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	0·34	0·02	...	...	...	1	0·36	0·04	0·78	0·10	9·25	[illegible]
		Dehri ...	...	...	0·07	0·32	...	...	...	1	0·39	0·05	0·56	0·10	6·87	[illegible]
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	0·50	0·30	...	...	...	2	0·80	0·06	1·42	0·39	5·48	[illegible]
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	0·70	...	...	...	1	0·79	0·07	1·13	0·12	6·73	[illegible]
		Arrah ...	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·08	0·03	0·36	0·09	3·62	[illegible]
		Mohanea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·30		4·55	?
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·55	?	7·45	?
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·10	?	5·98	?
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·82	?
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·40	?		?
		Sikrol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·10	?	4·60	?
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·33	?	6·72	?
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil		0·55	?	6·15	?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·10	0·12	3·47	[illegible]
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	Nil	0·06	0·04	0·09	0·23	2·53	[illegible]
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·05	0·09	2·05	[illegible]
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·14	2·99	[illegible]
		Arwal ...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	?	0·02	?	6·24	?
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	0·03	0·19	...	...	...	1	0·22	?	0·26	?	4·01	?
		Sherghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	?
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·68	?
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·46	?
	Patna ...	Patna	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·03	0·02	0·10	0·07	5·51	[illegible]
		Dinapore ...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·05	0·01	0·16	0·06	9·50	[illegible]
		Behar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·14	1·43	[illegible]
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·16	1·14	[illegible]
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·30	?
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·10	?	2·32	?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·21	1·23	1·63
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	1·98	1·63
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	1·90	0·99
		Goori ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·12	?
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	...	0·01	...	...	...	Nil	0·01	?	0·01	?	1·86	?
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·06	?	1·33	?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·11	3·52	[illegible]
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	2·32	[illegible]
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·05	2·78	[illegible]
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·18	1·17	[illegible]
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·13	1·63	[illegible]
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·30	3·15	[illegible]
		Belbodda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·58	?
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·17	3·24	[illegible]
		Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·09	0·21	5·12	[illegible]
		Semtaguran	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·25	3·59	[illegible]
		Mahudi Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·33	3·22	[illegible]
		Jhumra Hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·36	2·70	[illegible]
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·97	?
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·05	?	3·13	?
		Karagdeha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·03	?	1·64	?
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·30	?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·16	0·15	3·18	[illegible]
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·12	0·36	3·58	[illegible]
		Silli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Palkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	Nil	0·03	?	0·13	?	1·73	?
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·25	0·35	2·34	[illegible]
		Balumath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·11	?	1·99	?
		Husainabad	...	...	...	0·21	...	...	...	1	0·21	?	0·41	?	5·14	?
		Garhwa ...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	Nil	0·07	?	0·59	?	3·44	?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·11	0·25	0·87	[illegible]
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·04	?	0·24	?
		Ghatsila ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?		?		?
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·19	?	3·26	?
		Gailkura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·20	?	1·50	?
		Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·70	?
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·19	1·98	1·41
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·15	3·85	1·34
		Raghunathpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·67	?
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·02	?
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·48	?
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·53	?
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·34	?

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th November* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 25TH OF NOVEMBER 1893.

At the close of the previous week conditions were of ordinary monsoon character over Bengal. In the Arabian Sea, however, a small cyclonic storm had formed, which was advancing northwards. On the other hand, in the Bay conditions were normal, and only light monsoon weather prevailed in the south of the Bay and fine weather over the remainder. On the 19th, or the first day of the present week, conditions remained practically unchanged in Bengal, pressure having risen slowly at nearly all stations; while, on the other hand, temperature was usually falling, and both pressure and temperature were usually in slight excess. The small but rather severe storm in the Arabian Sea continued to advance northwards towards the Runn of Cutch. In the Bay of Bengal, also, winds at the eastern stations began to strengthen, and disturbed and unsettled weather, or perhaps even a small storm, was formed in the south-east of the Bay on this day. On the 20th the barometric changes over Bengal were exceedingly small, the fall of temperature had practically ceased, while humidity was increasing at many stations, and the sky was also clouding over to a certain extent. The storm from the Arabian Sea had struck the Kathiwar coast near Verawal, and was giving very unsettled weather with rain over a large part of North-Western India. In the Bay of Bengal, also, the small storm or disturbed weather commenced to move in a westerly direction from the south-east of the Bay, and hence conditions over a large area were very disturbed. On the 21st the conditions in Bengal began to show the effect of the disturbances, the barometric changes were decidedly irregular, temperature was increasing rather rapidly, while humidity was also decidedly high at the majority of stations. The disturbed conditions and rainfall due to the storm from the Arabian Sea had spread over Central India and the North-Western Provinces, and the rainfall had even reached the Bihar stations, where rather numerous showers were reported, while a few light showers also fell in East Bengal. The disturbance in the Bay apparently continued its westerly movement across the south of the Bay. On the 22nd the increase of pressure continued over a large part of Bengal, while temperature was still rising at the southern and eastern stations, though a fall had set in at the western and northern stations. Wind directions had become decidedly irregular, humidity was very high in all districts, while the sky was considerably clouded over a large part of the province. Showers also were again reported in Bihar and Chota Nagpur. In the south of the Bay the small storm was approaching the South Madras coast. On the 23rd a slight to moderate fall of pressure had occurred, while temperature and humidity were beginning to decrease at the majority of stations. Winds were also again becoming more northerly, and conditions were much more settled, so that practically no rain was reported on this day. In the south of the Bay the storm had approached quite close to the coast, but it was of small size and not very intense, though it gave north-easterly gales and very heavy rain along the South Madras coast. On the 24th, again, the barometric changes over Bengal were small, and the pressure distribution was nearly normal, winds were usually north-westerly and northerly, while temperature and humidity had again increased at many stations, and the sky was also moderately clouded over a large part of the province. The small storm from the Bay had passed westward across the south of the peninsula, and had entered the Arabian Sea, so that conditions in the Bay began to improve. On the 25th a decidedly rapid increase of pressure had occurred over Bengal, and pressure had become in considerable excess. Temperature was also above the normal at almost all stations by amounts increasing towards the west of the province, where the excess in the mean temperature was about 6° to 7°. Winds also were rather more variable than they had been, and a few rain showers were reported in North Bengal. In the south of the Bay the disturbed weather, due to the small storm, had to a great extent disappeared.

It will be thus seen that weather conditions generally during the week have been very decidedly disturbed by the existence of the two storms, one from the Arabian Sea and one in the Bay of Bengal. Hence, as is usual during disturbed weather, temperature and humidity have been decidedly high in Bengal, the sky has been also much more clouded than usual during the north-east monsoon months, and light showers have fallen in many districts. At the close of the week, however, the disturbed conditions due to the two storms were very rapidly passing away.

Pressure.—The mean pressure for the week has been in excess of the normal in all districts, the usual excess equalling about 0·03" to 0·05". The excess has usually been smallest at the extreme western stations.

Temperature.—Has been very decidedly above the normal throughout the week. The average excess for the whole province has equalled no less than 2·7°, and it has been largest in the western districts, where in Chota Nagpur it has been as much as 4°.

The actual temperatures registered during the week, and their variations from the usual temperature for the present season, are most clearly seen in the table below, where the average maximum, minimum, and mean temperatures for the week at nine typical stations in different districts of the province are compared with the normal values for the same period.

The main excess, it will be seen, has occurred in the night or minimum temperatures, which at such stations as Patna, Gaya, and Purnea have been about 7° higher than usual:—

Table showing the excess or defect of the actual mean temperature from the normal for the week ending 25th November 1893.

	Normal mean maximum temperature for the week ending 25th November.	Actual mean maximum temperature for the week ending 25th November 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean minimum temperature for the week ending 25th November.	Actual mean minimum temperature for the week ending 25th November 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean daily temperature for the week ending 25th November.	Actual mean daily temperature for the week ending 25th November 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.
Cuttack	84·7	85·8	+1·1	64·1	68·2	+4·1	74·4	77·0	+2·6
Calcutta	80·4	81·6	+1·2	62·3	64·4	+2·2	71·3	73·0	+1·7
Dacca	82·9	83·6	+0·7	63·4	65·0	+1·6	73·1	74·3	+1·2
Burdwan	81·7	82·5	+0·8	61·4	65·3	+3·9	71·6	73·9	+2·3
Patna	79·5	78·6	—0·9	56·8	64·1	+7·3	68·2	71·3	+3·1
Gaya	80·9	81·7	+0·8	56·3	63·4	+7·1	68·7	72·6	+3·9
Purnea	80·8	79·6	—1·2	56·3	62·6	+6·3	68·5	71·1	+2·6
Hazaribagh	75·5	77·6	+2·1	55·4	59·8	+4·4	65·5	68·6	+3·1
Darjeeling	53·5	52·0	—1·5	40·3	40·4	+0·1	47·0	46·3	—0·7

Rainfall.—The division receiving the largest fall has been South Bihar, which has averaged 0·11 inch. Smaller falls averaging only a few hundredths of an inch have also occurred in North Bihar and in East and North Bengal. The falls, however, have been of little practical importance.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 25th of November 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
			Averages for week.				Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th Oct. 1893.	
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.	Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	87·7	60·6	83·6	65·9	75·3	+2·2	Nil	0·31	—0·31	0·00	0·40	—0·40	0·15	1·58	5·43	4·05
South-West Bengal ...	87·2*	58·9*	82·3*	64·4*	73·4*	+1·7*	Nil	0·03	—0·03	0·00	0·10	—0·10	0·06	0·35	2·04	2·43
North Bengal	83·2	58·6	80·9	61·4	71·2	+1·8	0·03	0·01	+0·02	0·08	0·05	+0·03	0·05	0·17	2·98	1·85
East Bengal	84·6	58·0	82·2	64·2	73·2	+1·3	0·04	0·21	—0·17	0·08	0·31	—0·23	0·09	1·05	4·17	3·14
North Bihar	82·3	54·9	79·4	61·8	70·6	+2·5	0·04	0·01	+0·03	0·11	0·05	+0·06	0·17	0·07	5·25	1·07
South Bihar	83·2	56·8	80·1	62·9	71·5	+3·3	0·11	0·01	+0·10	0·23	0·05	+0·18	0·23	0·13	3·56	1·35
Chota Nagpur	85·2*	55·8*	79·4*	60·9*	70·2*	+4·0*	Nil	0·02	—0·02	0·00	0·10	—0·10	0·07	0·25	3·21	1·23

* Raniganj and Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 28th November 1893.

A. PEDLER,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 19th to 25th November 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Nov.	19th	137·9	8·5	29·958	71·0	80·9	17·7	63·2	66·4	0·589	63·6	79	NNE and calm ...	31	Nil	Partially cloudy, △.
,,	20th	134·0	9·5	·978	71·2	81·0	18·5	62·5	65·1	·576	63·0	77	Variable and calm	10	,,	Clear, △.
,,	21st	133·3	9·4	·967	71·9	82·1	19·4	62·7	67·2	·605	64·4	79	WNW and calm...	21	,,	Clear, △.
,,	22nd	134·2	8·8	30·006	73·1	82·0	16·6	65·4	68·6	·640	66·0	80	Variable and calm	8	,,	Chiefly clear, △.
,,	23rd	134·7	8·2	·001	73·1	81·9	16·6	65·3	69·2	·664	67·0	82	NNW and calm...	21	,,	Partially cloudy, o, △, ≡.
,,	24th	135·0	9·0	29·992	73·4	82·1	15·7	66·4	69·3	·660	66·9	81	NNW and calm ...	28	,,	Partially cloudy, △, ≡.
,,	25th	134·3	8·0	30·056	73·2	82·4	16·9	65·5	68·7	·643	66·1	79	N and calm ...	22	,,	Partially cloudy, △.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	29·994
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	29·996
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	61·4
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	76·5
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	72·4
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	72·5
The extreme variation of temperature	19·9
The maximum temperature	82·4
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	5
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	80
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	71
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 19th to 25th November 1893	Nil
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	0·01
The total fall from 1st January to 25th November 1893	85·23
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	65·15

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; △, dew; ≡, fog.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 27th November 1893.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 19th to 25th November 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature. Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	Rainfall, past 24 hours.
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
November ...	19th ...	30·040	72·2	81·9	19·5	62·4	76·6	68·6	·593	63·8	64	Nil
" ...	20th ...	·048	73·2	83·4	20·5	62·9	78·6	68·6	·566	62·5	57	"
" ...	21st ...	·032	73·3	83·7	20·8	62·9	78·1	70·6	·649	66·4	68	"
" ...	22nd ...	·076	75·2	83·9	17·5	66·4	80·1	69·6	·584	63·4	57	"
" ...	23rd ...	·065	75·4	83·9	17·0	66·9	77·6	69·6	·617	65·0	65	"
" ...	24th ...	·055	74·7	82·9	16·5	66·4	78·6	70·6	·643	66·1	66	"
" ...	25th ...	·117	74·7	83·4	17·5	65·9	78·6	70·6	·643	66·1	66	"

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	30·062
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	74·1
The extreme variation of temperature	21·5
The maximum temperature	83·9
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	63
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 19th to 25th November 1893	Nil

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

C. LITTLE,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,

The 27th November 1893.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 25th November 1893, *as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.*

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 25th November 1893. Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Week ending Saturday, the 26th November 1892. Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	281	34,250	438	248	28,890	469
Jute	268	1,31,925	2,167	410	1,97,800	3,398
Firewood	183	90,140	1,389	146	79,150	1,164
Other articles	1,118	2,21,115	3,660	1,138	2,57,350	4,212
Total ...	1,850	4,77,430	7,654	1,942	5,63,190	9,243

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

IRRIGATION OPERATIONS FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR 1893-94.

Areas leased for irrigation up to end of September 1893.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilised.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	Details of areas leased. Long-term leases.	Five years, kharif.	Annual leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Sugar-cane.	Bhadoi.	Hot-weather.	Total.	GRAND TOTAL.	Rainfall, 1893-94. During month.	Rainfall, 1893-94. Up to end of month.	Rainfall, 1892-93. During month.	Rainfall, 1892-93. Up to end of month.	REMARKS.
			C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	
ORISSA	Cuttack	Taldanda, 1st reach	1,342	159	} 52	6,226	7,970	......	5,978	......	113	......	......	......	113	6,091	11·05	69·15	9·70	43·60	
		Ditto, 2nd "	566	87													{ 14·75	76·75	8·37	41·16	
		Machgaon	766	56	30	3,884	27,361	......	4,067	1,694	......	10	......	......	1,704	5,771	{ 12·89	68·64	8·25	35·25	
		Kendrapara	1,067	687	607	45,304	48,774	......	27,334	......	1,807	25	......	......	1,832	29,166	20·05	84·40	7·75	32·70	
		Gobri	372·82	42	30·23	1,766	2,610	......	769	......	40	......	......	......	40	809	16·59	76·23	7·77	33·19	
		Do. Extension	648	56·33	20·97	1,209	3,574	......	775	......	9	......	......	......	9	784	No gauge.				
		Pattamundi	885	203	140·60	7,616	12,429	......	2,400	......	11	......	......	......	11	2,411	8·55	64·46	3·39	3·39	
		High Level, Range I	608	286·66	166·81	10,618	21,394	......	1,747	......	23	1	......	......	24	1,771	14·29	61·36	12·64	48·30	
		Ditto, do. II	727·16	......	......	2,039	2,264	......	1,820	......	52	......	......	......	52	1,872	......	......	......	......	
		Jaipur Canal	700	13·66	13·66	1,311	791	......	1,381	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,381	......	......	......	......	
	Balasore	High Level, Range III	727·16	130·27	111·60	15,376	29,500	......	16,471	......	......	181	......	......	181	16,652	13·16	52·58	15·73	48·82	
		Total	......	......	......	95,379	156,667	......	62,742	1,694	2,055	217	......	......	3,966	66,708	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	......	155,200	1,712	2,568	258	......	......	4,538	159,738	......	......	......	......	
SOUTH-WESTERN.	Midnapore	Midnapore	1,411	440	258	67,193	79,249	......	74,096	......	......	......	......	......	......	74,096	12·93	62·17	6·52	30·34	21 days discharging.
		Panchkura	522	21	1	1,388	7,040	......	6,858	......	657	......	......	......	657	7,515	16·34	39·26	6·67	29·61	8 days discharging.
	Howrah	Tidal Reaches, Ranges I & II	......	......	......	461	835	......	839	......	......	......	......	......	......	839	......	......	......	......	
		Total	......	......	......	69,042	87,124	......	81,793	......	657	......	......	......	657	82,450	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	......	85,014	......	......	......	......	......	......	85,014	......	......	......	......	
SONE	Shahabad	Western Main	4,342	2,000	137	18,956	18,037	14,622	......	5,806	......	......	......	469	6,269	20,891	} 10·24	38·16	2·72	39·52	
		Buxar	1,226	571	461	64,754	60,882	55,670	......	14,444	......	......	20	1,926	16,390	72,060					
		Arrah	2,000	1,223	519	134,485	99,991	113,340	......	16,145	......	......	......	10,178	26,323	139,663	10·60	43·20	4·58	34·02	
	Patna and Gaya.	Eastern Main	} 1,468	777	516	{ 2,648	2,326	2,098	......	577	......	......	......	38	615	2,713	} 7·69	50·50	2·99	47·39	
		Patna				{ 70,971	60,686	56,970	......	13,815	......	......	57	1,767	15,639	72,609					
		Total	......	......	......	291,814	241,922	242,700	......	50,781	......	......	77	14,378	65,236	307,936	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	199,996	......	64,990	......	......	181	11,616	76,787	276,783	......	......	......	......	
		Grand Total	......	......	......	456,235	485,713	242,700	144,535	52,475	2,712	217	77	14,378	69,859	457,094	......	......	......	......	
		Grand Total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	199,996	240,214	66,702	2,568	258	181	11,616	81,325	521,535	......	......	......	......	

CALCUTTA,
The 27th November 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low-water in the Rivers Ganges, Bhagirathi, Jalangi, and Brahmaputra, for the month of October 1893.

Date.	River Ganges. Mirzapur. Height over zero. (Distance: From Allahabad ... 96 miles)	Mirzapur. Height over mean sea-level.	Benares. Height over zero. (From Allahabad ... 134 miles)	Benares. Height over mean sea-level. (From Mirzapur ... 48 miles)	Buxar. Height over zero. (From Benares 90 miles)	Buxar. Height over mean sea-level.	Dinapore. Height over zero. (From Benares 177 miles)	Dinapore. Height over mean sea-level. (From Buxar ... 87 miles)
1st	23·75	229·97	20·50	217·20	20·42	189·47	26·60	160·83
2nd	21·58	227·80	19·75	216·55	19·33	188·38	24·90	159·13
3rd	20·42	226·64	18·00	214·80	18·00	187·05	24·10	158·33
4th	19·25	225·47	17·50	214·30	16·92	185·97	23·45	157·68
5th	18·42	224·64	16·50	213·30	16·00	185·05	22·80	157·03
6th	17·42	223·64	15·67	212·47	15·25	184·30	22·10	156·33
7th	16·33	222·55	15·00	211·80	14·50	183·55	21·50	155·73
8th	16·33	222·55	14·42	211·22	13·83	182·88	20·80	155·03
9th	15·67	221·89	13·75	210·55	13·42	182·47	20·30	154·53
10th	15·25	221·47	13·42	210·22	12·92	181·97	19·75	153·98
11th	14·75	220·97	13·00	209·80	12·42	181·47	19·20	153·43
12th	14·25	220·47	12·67	209·47	12·00	181·05	18·18	152·41
13th	14·00	220·22	12·33	209·13	11·75	180·80	18·30	152·53
14th	13·58	219·80	11·83	208·63	11·42	180·47	17·85	152·08
15th	13·42	219·64	11·25	208·05	11·08	180·13	17·50	151·73
16th	13·17	219·39	11·25	208·05	11·08	180·13	17·30	151·53
17th	13·17	219·39	11·25	208·05	11·25	180·30	17·50	151·73
18th	13·67	219·89	11·50	208·30	11·50	180·55	17·90	152·13
19th	15·42	221·64	13·50	210·30	13·00	182·05	19·20	153·43
20th	15·83	222·05	14·50	211·30	15·00	184·05	21·90	156·13
21st	14·92	221·14	14·00	210·80	16·00	185·05	23·60	157·83
22nd	15·42	221·64	13·83	210·63	15·75	184·80	24·90	159·13
23rd	17·58	223·80	15·33	212·13	15·50	184·55	25·10	159·33
24th	19·58	225·80	17·50	214·30	16·00	185·05	24·80	159·03
25th	20·33	226·55	17·50	214·30	17·08	186·13	24·70	158·93
26th	20·00	226·22	18·42	215·22	17·50	186·55	24·50	158·73
27th	19·33	225·55	18·00	214·80	17·33	186·38	24·30	158·53
28th	18·00	224·22	17·00	213·80	16·83	185·88	23·90	158·13
29th	16·33	222·55	15·00	211·80	15·92	184·97	23·30	157·53
30th	14·75	220·97	14·00	210·80	14·75	183·80	22·60	156·83
31st	13·67	219·89	12·00	208·80	13·50	182·55	21·90	156·13

Date.	Monghyr. Height over zero. (From Benares 287 miles)	Monghyr. Height over mean sea-level. (From Dinapore 110 miles)	Sahibganj. Height over zero. (From Benares 381 miles)	Sahibganj. Height over mean sea-level. (From Monghyr 94 miles)	Rampur Boalia. Height over zero. (From Benares 471 miles)	Rampur Boalia. Height over mean sea-level. (From Sahibganj ... 90 miles)	Goalundo. Height over zero. (From Benares 591 miles)	Goalundo. Height over mean sea-level. (From Rampur Boalia ... 120 miles)
1st	21·25	123·10	23·00	91·00	22·75	64·75	19·92	28·86
2nd	20·00	121·85	22·08	90·08	22·33	64·33	19·75	28·69
3rd	18·50	120·35	21·08	89·08	21·83	63·83	19·58	28·52
4th	17·50	119·35	20·08	88·08	20·83	62·83	19·33	28·27
5th	16·83	118·68	19·25	87·25	20·00	62·00	19·00	27·94
6th	16·17	118·02	18·42	86·42	19·25	61·25	18·50	27·44
7th	15·92	117·77	17·67	85·67	18·67	60·67	18·00	26·94
8th	15·25	117·10	17·17	85·17	18·17	60·17	17·50	26·44
9th	14·67	116·52	16·58	84·58	17·33	59·33	16·92	25·86
10th	14·25	116·10	16·08	84·08	16·42	58·42	16·50	25·44
11th	13·75	115·60	15·67	83·67	15·83	57·83	16·00	24·94
12th	13·33	115·18	15·25	83·25	15·33	57·33	15·50	24·44
13th	12·92	114·77	14·83	82·83	15·00	57·00	15·17	24·11
14th	12·58	114·43	14·50	82·50	14·79	56·79	14·92	23·86
15th	12·17	114·02	14·08	82·08	14·50	56·50	14·67	23·61
16th	11·92	113·77	13·50	81·50	14·08	56·08	14·42	23·36
17th	11·75	113·60	12·58	80·58	13·75	55·75	14·25	23·19
18th	11·50	113·35	12·00	80·00	13·50	55·50	14·00	22·94
19th	11·33	113·18	12·33	80·33	13·25	55·25	13·58	22·52
20th	11·08	112·93	13·67	81·67	13·08	55·08	13·33	22·27
21st	11·00	112·85	15·67	83·67	13·08	55·08	13·33	22·27
22nd	10·75	112·60	17·42	85·42	13·67	55·67	13·58	22·52
23rd	10·92	112·77	18·25	86·25	16·00	58·00	14·33	23·27
24th	15·50	117·35	18·50	86·50	17·67	59·67	15·17	24·11
25th	15·25	117·10	18·17	86·17	17·33	59·33	15·67	24·61
26th	18·00	119·85	18·50	86·50	17·33	59·33	15·67	24·61
27th	17·58	119·43	18·17	86·17	17·25	59·25	15·75	24·69
28th	17·08	118·93	17·83	85·83	17·08	59·08	15·75	24·69
29th	16·42	118·27	17·42	85·42	16·83	58·83	15·75	24·69
30th	15·92	117·77	17·00	85·00	16·37	58·37	15·58	24·52
31st	15·50	117·35	16·42	84·42	15·92	57·92	15·25	24·19

Date.	River Bhagirathi. Berhampore. Height over zero.	Berhampore. Height over mean sea-level.	River Jalangi. Sarupganj. Height over zero.	Sarupganj. Height over mean sea-level.	River Brahmaputra. Gowhatty. Height over zero.	Gowhatty. Height over mean sea-level.
1st	27·29	61·03	27·21	31·51	19·70	168·46
2nd	27·17	60·91	27·08	31·38	19·70	168·46
3rd	26·71	60·45	27·00	31·30	19·70	168·46
4th	26·12	59·86	26·75	31·05	17·10	165·86
5th	25·37	59·11	26·58	30·88	16·90	165·66
6th	24·42	58·16	26·25	30·55	16·60	165·36
7th	23·42	57·16	25·92	30·22	15·10	163·86
8th	22·50	56·24	25·50	29·80	14·90	163·66
9th	21·29	55·03	25·00	29·30	14·10	162·86
10th	20·67	54·41	24·50	28·80	12·80	161·56
11th	20·00	53·74	23·83	28·13	12·80	161·56
12th	19·33	53·07	23·00	27·30	12·60	161·36
13th	18·96	52·70	22·58	26·88	12·80	161·56
14th	18·37	52·11	21·75	26·05	13·10	161·86
15th	17·92	51·66	21·25	25·55	13·10	161·86
16th	17·58	51·32	21·17	25·47	12·40	161·16
17th	17·25	50·99	19·58	23·88	11·50	160·26
18th	17·00	50·74	18·75	23·05	11·50	160·26
19th	17·00	50·74	18·58	22·88	10·60	159·36
20th	16·83	50·57	18·50	22·80	10·60	159·36
21st	16·58	50·32	18·25	22·55	10·40	159·16
22nd	18·67	52·41	18·17	22·47	10·50	159·26
23rd	19·83	53·57	19·17	23·47	11·10	159·86
24th	20·67	54·41	19·83	24·13	13·50	162·26
25th	20·79	54·53	20·42	24·72	14·50	163·26
26th	20·87	54·61	20·50	24·80	14·50	163·26
27th	20·71	54·45	20·50	24·80	13·70	162·46
28th	20·50	54·24	20·50	24·80	13·60	162·36
29th	20·17	53·91	20·08	24·38	13·50	162·26
30th	19·83	53·57	20·00	24·30	11·50	160·26
31st	19·42	53·16	20·00	24·30	10·40	159·16

CALCUTTA,
The 27th November 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th November 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	273,744	3,49,552 1 0	25,00,598 0	6,15,784 1 0	15,594 14 0	9,80,931 0 0	78,187	93,767	171,954
Or per mile of railway	......	217 0 9	......	382 5 8	9 10 11	609 1 4	......	......	......
For previous 19½ weeks of half-year	5,405,932	58,03,142 3 0	4,56,40,223 39	1,00,99,677 11 0	2,90,017 8 0	1,61,92,837 6 0	1,462,613½	1,876,327½	3,338,940¾
Total for 20½ weeks ...	5,679,676	61,52,694 4 0	4,81,40,821 39	1,07,15,461 12 0	3,05,612 6 0	1,71,73,768 6 0	1,540,800¼	1,970,094½	3,510,894¾
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	261,493	3,48,579 0 9	26,12,917 20	6,59,220 4 1	21,354 2 9	10,29,153 7 7	78,363	102,553	180,916
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	216 7 1	......	409 5 2	13 4 2	639 0 5	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 20½ weeks of previous year	5,302,135	55,99,918 2 4	4,67,62,804 20	1,04,43,701 12 1	3,34,681 2 5	1,63,78,301 0 10	1,514,587	1,872,921	3,387,508

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th November 1893, on 22¾ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	19,328	4,674 0 0	8,925 20	405 14 0	13 0 0	5,092 14 0	914	54	968
Or per mile of railway	......	210 1 1	......	18 3 11	0 9 4	228 14 4	......	......	......
For previous 19½ weeks of half-year	*333,836	*81,397 13 0	†1,72,733 30	†5,694 9 0	‡387 0 0	87,479 6 0	17,128	1,470½	18,598½
Total for 20½ weeks ...	353,154	86,071 13 0	1,81,659 10	6,100 7 0	400 0 0	92,572 4 0	18,042	1,524½	19,566½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	19,369½	4,790 10 5	11,219 10	558 1 0	18 15 6	5,367 10 11	858	110	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	215 4 11	......	25 1 4	0 13 8	241 3 11	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 20½ weeks of previous year ...	383,551½	94,317 13 7	1,41,878 10	6,294 10 0	260 12 6	1,00,873 4 1	18,277	1,420	19,697

* Added number of passengers 1,023 and Rs. 142 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 7th October 1893.
† Do, maunds 673 and " 19 }
‡ Deducted " 33 }

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th November 1893, on 161⅝ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*18,693	*20,491 5 0	68,450 30	10,160 6 0	40 0 0	30,691 11 0	5,933	3,228	9,161
Or per mile of railway	......	126 15 4	......	62 15 3	0 4 0	190 2 7	......	......	......
For previous 19½ weeks of half-year	†374,422	†2,77,433 2 0	‡11,10,701 0	‡1,47,527 9 0	§742 0 0	4,25,702 11 0	119,583	54,848½	174,431½
Total for 20½ weeks ...	393,115	2,97,924 7 0	11,79,151 30	1,57,687 15 0	782 0 0	4,56,394 6 0	125,516	58,076½	183,592½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,355	17,478 12 7	47,106 30	11,189 9 0	95 3 6	28,763 9 1	6,645	3,380	10,025
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	108 4 9	......	69 5 3	0 9 5	178 3 5	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 20½ weeks of previous year	346,446	2,69,314 7 6	8,67,142 30	1,44,085 6 6	2,079 7 3	4,15,479 5 3	131,684	50,304	181,988

* The increase chiefly occurred at Kalka and is apparently due to return of His Excellency the Viceroy's suite from Simla.
* Added number of passengers 4,533 and Rs. 1,942 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 7th October 1893.
† Do. maunds 212 and deducted " 159 }
‡ Do. " 4 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 18th November 1893, on 778 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	180,450	97,440 0 0	8,15,080 0	1,70,180 0 0	14,860 0 0	2,82,480 0 0	28,032	39,658	67,690
Or per mile of railway	232	125 0 0	1,048 0	219 0 0	†1 0 0	†345 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 19 weeks of half-year*	3,129,364	14,32,920 0 0	1,66,68,153 0	33,71,043 0 0	3,30,567 0 0	51,34,530 0 0	538,922	676,006	1,214,928
Total for 20 weeks ...	3,309,814	15,30,360 0 0	1,74,83,233 0	35,41,223 0 0	3,45,427 0 0	54,17,010 0 0	566,954	715,664	1,282,618
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	152,849	77,014 0 0	7,79,876 0	2,15,966 0 0	20,513 0 0	3,13,493 0 0	26,946	46,696	73,642
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	197	99 0 0	1,004 0	278 0 0	†1 0 0	†378 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	3,211,439	14,24,605 0 0	1,48,86,832 0	35,92,949 0 0	3,57,331 0 0	53,74,885 0 0	550,639	768,240	1,318,879

* Audited up to week ending 30th September 1893.
† Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 18th November 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	28,370	11,070 0 0	41,920 0	3,200 0 0	120 0 0	14,390 0 0	3,678	1,994	5,672
Or per mile of railway	227	88 0 0	335 0	26 0 0	1 0 0	115 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 19 weeks of half-year*	590,408	1,95,374 0 0	10,66,183 0	87,071 0 0	2,901 0 0	2,85,346 0 0	70,523	38,302	108,825
Total for 20 weeks ...	618,778	2,06,444 0 0	11,08,103 0	90,271 0 0	3,021 0 0	2,99,736 0 0	74,201	40,296	114,497
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	27,565	11,283 0 0	58,106 0	4,908 0 0	188 0 0	16,379 0 0	3,678	1,994	5,672
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	221	90 0 0	465 0	39 0 0	2 0 0	131 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	615,271	2,04,826 0 0	11,15,453 0	93,373 0 0	3,607 0 0	3,01,806 0 0	74,506	42,905	117,411

* Audited up to week ending 30th September 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 18th November 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	20,180	7,700 0 0	55,000 0	5,090 0 0	120 0 0	12,910 0 0	2,481	1,861	4,342
Or per mile of railway	235	90 0 0	640 0	59 0 0	1 0 0	150 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 19 weeks of half-year*	327,197	1,12,567 0 0	6,48,133 0	51,029 0 0	3,281 0 0	1,66,877 0 0	48,033	20,107	68,140
Total for 20 weeks ...	347,377	1,20,267 0 0	7,03,133 0	56,119 0 0	3,401 0 0	1,79,787 0 0	50,514	21,968	72,482
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,777	5,766 0 0	35,040 0	3,542 0 0	114 0 0	9,422 0 0	2,527	1,182	3,709
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	207	67 0 0	407 0	41 0 0	2 0 0	110 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	331,143	1,07,961 0 0	4,90,810 0	42,201 0 0	4,236 0 0	1,54,338 0 0	51,227	15,198	66,425

* Audited up to week ending 30th September 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 11th November 1893, on 756 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	MDS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open	77,810	(a)30,830	3,09,640	44,720	10,070	85,620	13,964	14,761	28,725
Or per mile of railway	102·92	40·78	409·58	59·15	13·32	113·25	......	......	......
For previous 18½ weeks of half-year (b)	1,595,288	6,16,330	43,70,508	5,63,914	1,57,600	13,37,844	284,128	235,493	519,621
Total for 19½ weeks ...	1,673,098	6,47,160	46,80,148	6,08,634	1,67,670	14,23,464	298,092	250,254	548,346
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 755 miles open	138,632	58,314	3,52,594	48,853	17,469	1,24,636	14,438	14,172	28,610
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	183·62	77·24	467·01	64·70	23·14	165·08	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,753,290	6,92,927	49,78,204	6,54,512	1,77,528	15,24,967	266,422	288,591	555,013

(a) Decrease in coaching traffic is due to fairs having been held at Ajodhya and Sonepore in the corresponding week of last year.
(b) Includes audited figures up to 30th September 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 18th November 1893, on 756 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES UN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	MDS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	91,950	39,310	2,91,020	40,920	11,450	91,680	15,075	13,791	28,866
Or per mile of railway	121·63	52·00	384·95	54·13	15·14	121·27	......	......	......
For previous 19½ weeks of half-year (a)	1,678,189	6,52,207	46,90,976	6,07,734	1,68,540	14,28,481	295,520	253,020	548,540
Total for 20½ weeks	1,770,139	6,91,517	49,81,996	6,48,654	1,79,990	15,20,161	310,595	266,811	577,406
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	88,042	36,603	2,93,175	50,334	11,633	98,570	12,871	17,650	30,521
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	116·61	48·48	388·31	66·67	15·41	130·56	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,841,332	7,29,530	52,71,379	7,04,846	1,89,161	16,23,537	279,293	306,241	585,534

(a) Includes audited figures up to 7th October 1893.

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 29th November 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 49 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

CONTENTS.

THE CANAL REVENUE REPORTS FOR 1892-93.

No. 1284*I.A.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Accounts.

Dated Calcutta, the 28th November 1893.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

The Canal Revenue Reports for 1892-93, and the Chief Engineer's note on the same.

THERE are in Bengal four canal systems which are classed as Major Works. Three of these systems were mainly intended for irrigation, whilst the fourth, the Hijili Tidal Canal, is a purely navigation canal. The Sone and Midnapore Canals are practically complete; the Hijili Canal is also finished, except two works, remodelling the Kalinagar lock and the pipe across the Russulpur river, which are still under consideration. As regards the Orissa Canals, the extension of the distributary system and the completion of the drainage and protective works in connection with them are still in progress. It is expected that by the 1st of July 1894, the new distributaries will be in a state admitting of their being used for irrigation, and that by the close of that year they will be practically finished. The minor works of which Capital and Revenue accounts are kept by the Calcutta and Eastern Canals, the Orissa Coast Canal and the Saran Canals are finished works. There are other minor works for which Revenue accounts only or no separate Capital or Revenue accounts are kept.

2. The total length of canals in Bengal is 916 miles, of which 495¼ miles are for irrigation and navigation, 242¾ miles are for irrigation only, and 178 miles are navigation channels from which there is no irrigation. There are in addition 2,431¼ miles of irrigating distributary channels. The area at present irrigable is 1,492,484 acres, of which 666,490 acres were irrigated during the year. The canals were during the year used by 219,946 boats carrying cargo valued at Rs. 13,69,79,995.

3. The canals of which Capital and Revenue accounts are kept have cost Rs. 7,41,72,616 to construct. Of this sum Rs. 6,07,93,546* has been provided from loan funds, Rs. 1,05,12,677 from Provincial revenues, and Rs. 8,66,000 contributed by the Government of India from the Famine Relief and Insurance Fund.

The outlay on each canal chargeable to Capital account during the last two years and up to date is shown in the table following:—

WORKS.	DURING 1891-92.			DURING 1892-93.			TO END OF 1892-93.		
	Direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total.	Direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total.	Direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Major Irrigation Works.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Orissa Canals	3,88,740	8,042	3,96,782	3,63,215	8,604	3,71,819	2,49,69,881	5,62,834	2,55,32,715
Midnapore Canal ...	14,469	......	14,469	......	......	......	82,58,711	1,84,133	84,42,844
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	2,34,918	6,900	2,40,826	38,319	357	38,676	22,71,024	56,865	23,27,889
Sone Canals	2,04,098	5,191	2,09,289	56,252	2,580	58,832	2,57,88,346	9,13,131	2,67,01,477
Total ...	8,42,225	20,141	8,62,366	4,57,786	11,541	4,69,327	6,12,87,962	17,16,963	6,30,04,925
Minor Works and Navigation.									
Tirhut Project	......	......	......	......	......	......	5,31,425	74,650	6,06,075
Damuda Project ...	(—)1,200	......	(—)1,200	(—)1,200	......	(—)1,200	1,46,341	16,239	1,62,580
Calcutta and Eastern Canals.	(—)10,329	2	(—)10,327	72,923	1,356	74,279	52,95,466	62,383	53,57,849
Orissa Coast Canal ...	3,940	(—)65	3,875	2,460	22	2,482	42,41,459	1,02,975	43,44,434
Saran Canals	......	......	......	......	......	......	6,69,570	27,183	6,96,753
Total ...	(—)7,589	(—)63	(—)7,652	74,183	1,378	75,561	1,08,84,261	2,83,430	1,11,67,691
GRAND TOTAL ...	8,34,636	20,078	8,54,714	5,31,969	12,919	5,44,888	7,21,72,223	20,00,333	7,41,72,616

* Exclusive of indirect charges amounting to Rs. 20,00,393.

4. The receipts from and working expenses of the four canal systems classed as Major Works are given in the statement following:—

WORKS.	Receipts, less refunds of revenue.	WORKING EXPENSES.			Net revenue.
		Direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Orissa Canals	4,97,375	4,75,224	30,283	5,05,507	(—)8,132
Midnapore Canal	2,80,001	1,86,401	9,149	1,95,550	(+)84,451
Hijili Tidal Canal	53,390	31,704	1,385	33,089	(+)20,301
Sone Canals	10,52,581	6,97,691	53,556	7,51,247	(+)3,01,334
Total ...	18,83,347	13,91,020	94,373	14,85,393	3,97,954

The net revenue for the year, after providing for all charges, direct and indirect, but excluding interest, has been Rs. 3,97,954 against Rs. 1,60,673 for the year preceding. The interest charges payable from Provincial revenues amounted to Rs. 24,42,363.

The net revenue is the highest yet earned, that most nearly approaching being the year 1885-86, when it amounted to Rs. 3,75,981. With the exception of that year the revenue has never previously exceeded the amount realized in 1891-92, *viz.*, Rs. 1,60,673.

5. The areas irrigated during the past five years are shown in the table below :—

Year.	Orissa Canals.				Midnapore Canal.				Sone Canals.				Total.			
	Kharif.	Rabi.	Perennial.	Total.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Perennial.	Total.	Kharif, including five-year and long-term leases.	Rabi.	Perennial and hot weather.	Total.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Perennial.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1888-89	156,319	2,779	194	159,292	66,408	3,369	...	*69,777	281,492	69,817	4,690	355,999	504,219	75,965	4,794	584,978
1889-90	180,568	5,897	162	186,627	68,370	440	...	*68,810	279,942	20,336	5,004	305,282	528,880	26,673	5,166	560,719
1890-91	175,829	4,250	220	180,299	82,002	...	...	*82,002	255,980	20,632	4,402	281,014	513,811	24,882	4,622	543,315
1891-92	173,453	3,943	289	177,685	83,905	68	...	*83,973	296,219	177,308	1,196	474,723	553,577	181,319	1,485	736,381
1892-93	158,025	2,594	333	160,952	91,217	...	...	*91,217	274,839	126,195	9,727	410,761	524,081	128,789	10,060	662,930

* Exclusive of lands surreptitiously irrigated for which leases were granted in subsequent years.

Owing to the more favourable character of the season the area irrigated was less than in the year preceding, but it is still greatly in excess of the average. The decrease was wholly in season or yearly leases, the area under long leases having been 489,512 acres in 1891-92, and 519,666 acres in 1892-93. The main decrease has been in *rabi* irrigation from the Sone Canals. Water is only in extensive demand for that crop when the rains fail altogether, which seldom happens. The demand for water for rice irrigation is, however, rapidly, more especially in Bihar, becoming independent of the character of the season, the increased yield of the crops where water can be supplied, whenever required, more than compensating for the charges levied. As a consequence of the lesser area under irrigation, the water-rates due on crops irrigated during the year, fell from 13,77,864 to 11,95,358.

6. Allusion was made in last year's resolution to changes which had been made in the administrative arrangements for collections. During the year under review the collections from the Sone and Orissa Canals were managed by a Deputy Collector in charge of a Revenue Division working directly under the Superintending Engineer, and this plan has been introduced as regards the Midnapore Canal collections from the 1st of April 1893. The following table, which extends from 1885-86, shows that the improvement in the collections which was last year noticed has been more than maintained:—

Year.	Balance at beginning of year.	Balance at end of year.	Remissions, including cancelled demand statements and extraordinary remissions.	Irrecoverable items.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1885-86 ...	8,84,289	5,33,175	1,41,162	41,229
1886-87 ...	5,33,175	3,69,789	57,375	22,612
1887-88 ...	3,69,789	5,59,883	32,356	19,796
1888-89 ...	5,59,883	5,79,987	42,666	14,074
1889-90 ...	5,79,987	5,09,188	80,282	20,592
1890-91 ...	5,09,188	4,72,113	48,674	16,476
1891-92 ...	4,72,113	4,04,120	38,421	12,126
1892-93 ...	4,04,120	2,26,174	61,576	11,168

As regards the Orissa Canals, the Superintending Engineer observes:

"Babu Jagdam Sahai, the Deputy Collector in charge of the Revenue Division, deserves the greatest credit for the immense improvement in the collections; this has, to my knowledge, only been effected by detailed and constant personal attention."

Both the Commissioner of Patna and the Superintending Engineer state that they consider the result of the collections very creditable to the Deputy Collector, Babu Saroda Prosaud Chatterjee, and the staff working under him. The remissions during the year have been swollen by Rs. 9,107, which was embezzled by tahsildars in the Sone Circle and has this year been finally written off, and by Rs. 38,851 remitted by the Deputy Revenue Superintendent of the Orissa Canals, partly in accordance with rule and partly under circumstances which were, when reported, unfavourably noticed by Government. Apart from these items the sums remitted and written off as irrecoverable compare favourably with previous years, except in the case of remissions by the Executive Engineers of the Sone Canals, which indicate a slight deterioration in the accuracy of the assessments.

7. The collections under the head "Navigation" were Rs. 30,193 less than in the year preceding, but otherwise considerably in excess of an average year. Particulars showing the collections from each Canal will be found in the table following:—

YEAR.		Orissa Canals.	Midnapore Canal.	Hijili Tidal Canal.	Sone Canals.	Total.	Miles open.	Tollage per mile.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1887-88	...	66,628	1,26,574	40,406	50,984	2,84,592	490	580·7
1888-89	...	69,830	1,46.760	53,910	52,162	3,22,662	496½	649·9
1889-90	...	78,032	1,45,356	40,338	51,189	31,4.922	496½	634·3
1890-91	...	1,06,961	1,10,830	27,145	56,593	3,01,529	496½	607·3
1891-92	...	1,20,761	1,32,572	36,348	57.339	3,47,020	524¼	662·2
1892-93	...	1,00,503	1,14,141	52,180	49.996	3,16,827	524¼	604·3

8. Turning to the canal systems separately it was last year noticed that financially a decided improvement had been made as regards the return from the Orissa Canals. In the preceding five years the average deficit had exeeded two lakhs of rupees yearly. In 1891-92 the excess of working expenses above revenue was Rs. 52,164, whilst in 1892-93 the deficit has been reduced to Rs. 8,132. This improvement has been obtained in spite of increased working expenses caused by repairs to damages caused to the canals by the extraordinary flood in the river Mahanadi of July 1892, and by the cyclone of October of the same year. The working expenses amounted to Rs. 5,05,507, which is greatly in excess of the expenditure of the previous year, Rs. 4,23,086, and of the average of the five years preceding, Rs. 4,70,505. As already noticed, the arrear balance has been reduced from Rs. 2,33,704 on the 1st of April 1892, to Rs. 89,816 on the 1st of April 1893. This improvement was mainly effected by arranging that certificate cases should be more promptly disposed of. The number of cases pending at the commencement of the year was 4,723, which, with 7,991 instituted during its currency, gives a total of 12,714. Of these 11,183 were disposed of by being fully satisfied and 552 cancelled. Of the cancelled certificates 70 only were filed during the year; the remainder were old cases of which even the records were difficult to trace. The balance remaining at the close of the year was 979 only. Babu Jagdam Sahai remarks:

"I think it worth stating here that although these numerous old cases were disposed of during the year, there was not a single instance in which any defaulter was sent to jail or his immovable property sold."

The certificate office was inspected both by the Collector of Cuttack and the Commissioner of Orissa, the latter, Mr. Toynbee, remarking:

"On the whole I am much pleased with the Deputy Collector's work. He has done wonders since he joined, and I see on all sides ample evidence of order, method, and business capacity."

The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that, now the outstanding balances have mostly been collected, there will be a marked diminution in the number of certificate cases. Progress has been made more especially in the Brahmini-Byturni Division in executing new leases from which non-irrigable lands and lands requiring irrigation occasionally only have been excluded; but until all the old leases in which these areas are determined by an annual enquiry, fall in, there will remain the fluctuating demand which entails so much annoyance to the cultivator and labour to the staff. The Lieutenant-Governor notices with pleasure that there was practically no unauthorized irrigation, and that a good beginning has been made in the way of a more systematic regulation and distribution of the water-supply of the canals. The heavy working expenses, which were mainly due to breaches caused by a flood in the river Mahanadi, equal to the highest on record, were unavoidable, and it is noticed that the opportunity has been taken to raise the canal flood banks where necessary.

9. The chief feature in the year's working of the Midnapore Canal was the excessive demand for water in the latter part of the season. The average discharge of the Cossye river during October was 700 cubic feet per second only, and on the 23rd of that month it fell to 138 cubic feet per second. The area irrigated, 91,217 acres, was in excess of any year since 1883-84. The Superintending Engineer states that, except a few acres on high lands, which it was impossible to reach, the whole of the leased area received from two to four waterings during the season. The outturn on most distributaries was magnificent, whilst the unirrigated crops to the south and west of Midnapore almost entirely failed. The result of these good crops and high prices was that the number of certificates filed for the recovery of water-rates fell from 3,428 in 1891-92 to 1,223 in 1892-93, and the balance pending at the close of the year from 449 to 356. The balance of unrealized arrears due at the close of the year was, considering the demand high, Rs. 48,567, though it compares favourably with that due at the commencement of the year, Rs. 58,972. It has since been materially reduced. The net revenue was Rs. 84,451 in 1892-93, against Rs. 18,371 in 1891-92, chiefly owing to the working expenses having fallen from Rs. 2,66,326 to Rs. 1,95,550. The diminution in the working expenses was chiefly due to the thorough repairs carried out in 1891-92, when there was a long closure, but some part of it is attributable to the close supervision exercised by the Executive Engineer.

10. The Hijili Tidal Canal is in the same condition as last year, no steps having been taken towards constructing the pipe across the Russulpur river or the new lock at Kalinagar, the two works included in the remodelling scheme which are yet incomplete. It is probable that an extra supply channel will be substituted for the pipe, and the possibility of making alterations in the existing lock at Kalinagar in place of building a new one is now under investigation. The further deterioration of the crossing of the Russulpur river appears to have been arrested by the Balliaghai drain, which is now regularly used as a navigation canal. The net revenue was Rs. 20,301 against a deficit of Rs. 13,768 in 1891-92, an improvement due to the canal not having been closed during the year, there being consequently an increase in the revenue and a decrease in the working expenses.

11. The net revenue of the Sone Canals was Rs. 3,01,334 in 1892-93 against Rs. 2,08,234 in 1891-92, a result due to the collections on account of the rabi irrigation of the previous year. The area irrigated was 410,761 acres in the year under review against 474,723 acres in that previous, and the net revenue calculated on earnings was Rs. 1,48,422 against Rs. 3,78,516 in the year preceding. There is still a steady increase in the area under long lease, as will be apparent from the statement following, which shows the area under long and short leases during each of the last five years:—

	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
Long leases ...	200,102	224,268	223,556	234,791	271,966
Short leases ...	155,807	81,014	57,458	239,932	138,795
Total ...	355,909	305,282	281,014	474,723	410,761

The main reason of the increase in the working expenses from Rs. 6,97,840 in 1891-92 to Rs. 7,51,247 in 1892-93 was the silt clearance of the lower reaches of the Arrah Canal, which is only carried out once in five or six years, but there were other contributing causes amongst them, being the payment during the year of the fees due to headmen on the large area irrigated during the previous year. There has been a satisfactory decrease in the number of certificate cases from 3,178 in 1891-92 to 2,903 in 1892-93. There were 153 cases pending at the close of the year, of which all but eight had been disposed of by the 1st of September. The Commissioner of Patna remarks that—

"This is very satisfactory, as out of a total demand of Rs. 10,62,176 for the year, coercive measures had to be adopted for the realization of only Rs. 34,272."

Last year the Lieutenant-Governor expressed some dissatisfaction with the late date on which the demand statements, more especially for the rabi crops, reached the Deputy Collector. It is exceedingly unsatisfactory to learn that in 1892-93, so far from there being any improvement, the demand statements were forwarded to that officer at a later period of the year, though the area irrigated was much less. In 1891-92 about one-third of the rabi demand statements were forwarded for collection before the close of the year. In 1892-93 this proportion had fallen to one-eighth. It has already been remarked that the remissions on account of inaccurate assessments were slightly in excess of those granted in 1891-92, and altogether His Honour can come to no other conclusion than that the Divisional Engineers failed to exercise that care and energy which is indispensable if accurate demand statements are to be supplied to the collecting officers at the earliest possible date. The falling off is inconsiderable, but it is necessary that remedial measures should at once be taken, it being borne in mind that though promptitude is highly desirable, accuracy is of even more importance. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to see that Mr. Buckley is able to report an improvement in the arrangements for distributing water and also in the state of the village channels.

12. The yearly increase in the area under long lease for the Sone Canals has already been noticed, as also the fact that the demand for water in the rice season is rapidly becoming independent of the rainfall. The Superintending Engineer gives the following table based for the year 1892-93 on 87 experiments, from which it appears that the yield of irrigated land cultivated with rice shows a tendency to produce heavier crops the greater the number of years it is continuously irrigated:—

Weight of grain from "good" rice crops irrigated with canal water.

	1892-93.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1889-90.
	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.
Sone Circle average ...	37 4	36 14	32 2	31 19

Mr. Buckley makes the following remarks:—

"It is rather remarkable that the average results of "good" rice crops show a steady improvement year by year, and this appears to suggest that one result of irrigation with the silty waters of the Sone, instead of the clear water from ahars and from rainfall, is to improve the soil and thus produce superior crops. It would be straining these figures too far to say that they prove this proposition, but they are certainly evidence in that direction. The fact that silt is valuable to the fields needs no proof; the magnificent crops which have been produced in Egypt for 6,000 years or more, with no deterioration of the soil, have established that fact. It is known that irrigation from the Sone Canals insures the rice crop in bad years from failure; it did so in 1888-89: it is known that the irrigation with canal water of a field not previously watered by the canals increases the outturn. If it is also true that continuous irrigation for a series of years produces a further increase of crop by improvement of the soil to even half the extent which the above table indicates, the value to the landowner and raiyat of canal irrigation is very vastly in excess of the water-rate paid by the latter. It was asserted at the time of the Sone Canals Commission in 1887-88 that not only was the crop produced by the aid of canal water inferior, but that the longer the land was irrigated, the worse the crop became. The facts which have been collected from these crop experiments are strong evidence that these statements were false, and stronger evidence is found in the fact that the time has already come when the canals in a period of even ordinary demand are not able to satisfy the demands of the people for rice irrigation."

13. The table following gives the financial results for the year of the canals classed as minor works :—

Particulars.	Minor Works and Navigation.											
	Saran Canals.		Calcutta and Eastern Canals.		Orissa Coast Canal.		Nadia Rivers.		Eden Canal.		Madhuban Canal.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Receipts.												
Water-rates ...	15,785	1,492	......	......	......	......	......	......	9,430	30,310	......	......
Navigation ...	......	......	5,15,125	4,64,716	60,051	55,832	1,92,718	1,65,380	......	......	......	......
Miscellaneous ...	46	34	10,218	15,528	2,072	9,149	247	158	728	803	92	163
Total ...	15,831	1,526	5,25,343	4,80,244	62,123	64,981	1,92,965	1,65,538	10,158	31,113	92	163
Less—Refunds of revenue ...	......	......	124	130	66	47	228	18	39	70	......	......
Total receipts ...	15,831	1,526	5,25,219	4,80,114	62,057	64,934	1,92,737	1,65,520	10,119	31,043	92	163
Working Expenses.												
Direct charges.												
I.—Maintenance and repairs—												
Works (extensions and improvements) ...	......	......	36,289	(—)28,498	......	......	......	......	4	(—)48	......	......
Repairs ...	9,021	9,517	1,72,457	1,65,223	48,598	45,490	62,704	68,763	18,023	26,478	7,300	7,093
Establishment, including direction and accounts).	3,710	3,772	65,757	49,754	17,100	17,266	22,704	29,299	6,541	10,078	3,003	2,813
Tools and plant ...	(—)193	213	12,541	13,207	3,464	6,663	1,330	1,644	495	652	203	126
Suspense account ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	(—)3,015	1,066	......	......	......	......
Total ...	12,538	13,502	2,87,044	1,99,686	69,162	69,419	83,723	1,00,772	25,663	37,160	10,506	10,032
II.—Revenue management—												
Irrigation establishment...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Navigation ditto ...	......	......	41,359	39,935	6,134	6,856	23,134	22,282	......	......	......	......
Total ...	......	......	41,359	39,935	6,134	6,856	23,134	22,282	......	......	......	......
Total direct charges ...	12,538	13,502	3,28,403	2,39,621	75,296	76,275	1,06,857	1,23,054	25,663	37,160	10,506	10,032
Indirect charges.												
Leave and pension allowances ...	519	528	14,996	12,556	3,253	3,377	6,417	7,221	......	......	......	......
Total indirect charges ...	519	528	14,996	12,556	3,253	3,377	6,417	7,221	......	......	......	......
Total working expenses ...	13,057	14,030	3,43,399	2,52,177	78,549	79,652	1,13,274	1,30,275	25,663	37,160	10,506	10,032
Net revenue ...	2,774	(—)12,504	1,81,820	2,27,937	(—)16,492	(—)14,718	79,463	35,245	(—)15,544	6,117	(—)10,414	(—)9,869

14. The irrigation canals classed as minor works are the Saran, Eden, and Madhuban Canals.

The Saran Canals have never been satisfactory, and orders to close them were issued in the latter part of the year 1890. In March 1891 an agreement was entered into with the proprietors of the Sadowa and Moniara Indigo Concerns, under which they were kept open for the year 1891-92 on the basis of the proprietors paying a sum equal to their working expenses, omitting establishment charges. This agreement, slightly modified, was continued during 1892-93. There have been difficulties connected with the agreement, and it will not improbably be necessary to close the canals on the 1st of April 1894.

The Eden Canal was constructed for the purpose of supplying the districts of Hooghly and Burdwan with wholesome water for drinking and domestic purposes. The water-supply of the town of Burdwan is derived from it. The canal has frequently in years of scarcity been used for the purpose of saving crops, comparatively small sums being received by private agreement as water-rates. The Government of India in 1875 absolutely refused to permit the canal to be carried out as an irrigation work unless arrangements were made to recover an adequate return in the way of water-rates.

It was not found possible to devise any scheme under which a sufficient return could be obtained, and the project as an irrigation work was therefore dropped.

In April 1882 an estimate amounting to Rs. 8,38,533 was sanctioned for constructing the canal with reference to its utility as a work for supplying water to the silted-up river channels in the districts named. In order to secure to Government power to prevent the channels being obstructed, they were declared under section 8 of Act III (B.C.) of 1876, but the regularity of the proceedings is contested by some of the landholders interested. As regards the

masonry works, from which only a supply of water can be obtained and the artificial canal, there is no doubt as to the proprietary rights of Government. During 1892-93 the demand for water was pressing. Where canal-water could not be supplied, the rice crops failed wholly or in part, and 71,333 acres were irrigated on agreements being executed in a form prepared by the Solicitor to Government. The Lieutenant-Governor has had many petitions to extend and improve this canal, but there are grave practical difficulties mostly connected with the rights of the owners of the channels through which only water can be supplied, and moreover the discharge of the main canal is insufficient to irrigate more than the area to which water was supplied in the year under review. The landholders who have proprietary interests in the river channels have lately shown a disposition to meet Government in a conciliatory spirit, and it is hoped that an arrangement may be effected under which water will be made available for irrigation under regular rules, and some return obtained for the public money expended.

The Madhuban Canal is a small irrigation work in the Champaran district on the borders of Nepal from which 6400 acres were irrigated in 1892-93. There are no distributaries and it is improbable that it will be worthwhile to construct any.

15. The remaining minor works are canals for navigation, viz., the Calcutta and Eastern Canals, the Orissa Coast Canal, and the Nadia Rivers.

The report of the Committee on the Calcutta and Eastern Canals referred to in last year's resolution was not finally disposed of until the 1st of July 1893, when the system of measurement was altered, so as to make it more nearly correspond with the actual weight of cargo carried. At the same time the rate of tolls which have always been exceedingly moderate were adjusted so that the revenue will not suffer. The proposal to impose toll on loaded boats returning from Calcutta has been dropped, as it was found that the revenue derived would be small and it would entail stopping and examining all boats, only a fractional part of which carry cargo on the homeward journey. The toll levied was 0·68 per cent. on the value of the cargo carried. The net revenue for the year was Rs. 2,27,937 against Rs. 1,81,820 in the preceding year, or 4·2 per cent. on the capital expenditure. The increased profit was wholly due to a decrease in the working expenses, the gross revenue owing to slackness of trade being less than in 1891-92. These canals are in active competition with the Eastern and Central Bengal State Railways, which provide an alternative route from nearly all the places served. Of late years there has been a tendency for jute and other valuable goods to be sent by railway, but there are at present indications of a desire to return to the canals, a class of cargo boats more suitable for navigation having been constructed. The continued reduction in the number of missing tickets, the number of which has fallen from 3,086 in 1883-84 to 169 in 1892-93, may be taken as a sign of careful administration.

16. The orders of the Lieutenant-Governor as to the inspection of offices were only issued in January last, and the scale laid down has not in all cases been fully worked up to. His Honour expects that during the current year all divisional offices and subdivisional and toll offices, to the extent laid down, will be inspected by Superintending Engineers, and that Executive Engineers will not fail to inspect every office subordinate to them. The record of tours is satisfactory, the requirements of Government, except in one instance for which there were special reasons, having been fully met.

17. The Lieutenant-Governor considers that the Superintending Engineer's reports and the Chief Engineer's note thereon show that the Officers and Subordinates of the department have done good work during the year. In some respects there have been shortcomings of which notice has been taken in this Resolution, but in the main there has been a distinct advance both as regards assessments and collections, more especially the latter. His Honour notes the commendation bestowed by the Chief Engineer on the Engineers and Subordinates of the Orissa Circle, more especially on Mr. C. A. White, Executive Engineer, and also on Rai Bama Charan Paramanic Bahadur, Honorary Assistant Engineer, Eden Canal. To Babu Saroda Prosad Chatterjee, Deputy Collector Revenue Division, Sone Canals, the Lieutenant-Governor's thanks are due for the success of the arrangements by which the collections in the three districts of Patna, Gaya and Shahabad have been concentrated in one office.

The encomiums pronounced by the Commissioner of Orissa and the Superintending Engineer on the work of Babu Jagdam Sahai, Deputy Collector, Revenue Division, Orissa Canals, are in His Honour's opinion well deserved, as that officer has brought order out of something like chaos, and with a minimum of coercive measures, recovered arrears which had been left outstanding for years. Finally the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor desires to specially thank the Chief Engineer, Mr. Odling, for the ability and zeal he has brought to bear on his important duties throughout the year.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution and of the Chief Engineer's note and its accompaniments be submitted to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette*. Also that it be circulated to other Governments, and to all Departments and Officers of this Government as usual.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

G. C. MACONCHY,

Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Government of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

REVENUE REPORT.

Note by C. W. ODLING, ESQ., M.E., M. INST. C.E., *Chief Engineer, on the Canal Revenue Reports of Bengal for the year* 1892-93.

DURING the year 1892-93, the Capital expenditure on Irrigation Works, for which Capital Accounts are kept, amounted to Rs. 5,31,969 for direct and Rs. 12,919 for indirect charges:—

	Direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Capital expenditure not charged against Revenue	4,57,786	11,541	4,69,327
Minor Works and Navigation ...	74,183	1,378	75,561
Total ...	5,31,969	12,919	5,44,888

2. The total Capital outlay at the end of the year 1892-93, including indirect charges, was as follows:—

	Direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Major Irrigation Works—			
Productive Public Works ...	6,12,87,962	17,16,963	6,30,04,925
Minor Works and Navigation—			
Protective grants—Imperial ...	8,66,000	...	8,66,000
Ordinary revenue { Imperial and Provincial. }	1,00,18,261	2,83,430	1,03,01,691
Total ...	7,21,72,223	20,00,393	7,41,72,616

3. Divided under the different projects the above outlay is shown in the following statement :—

Works.	During 1892-93.			To end of 1892-93.		
	Direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total.	Direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Major Irrigation Works—						
Orissa Canals ...	3,63,215	8,604	3,71,819	2,49,69,881	5,62,834	2,55,32,715
Midnapore Canal ...	...	...	...	82,58,711	1,84,133	84,42,844
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	38,319	357	38,676	22,71,024	56,865	23,27,889
Sone Canals ...	56,252	2,580	58,832	2,57,88,346	9,13,131	2,67,01,477
Total ...	4,57,786	11,541	4,69,327	6,12,87,962	17,16,963	6,30,04,925
Minor Works and Navigation—						
Tirhut project ...	...	...	...	5,31,425	74,650	6,06,075
Damodar project ...	(—) 1,200	...	(—) 1,200	1,46,341	16,239	1,62,580
Calcutta and Eastern Canals	72,923	1,356	74,279	52,95,466	62,383	53,57,849
Orissa Coast Canal ...	2,460	22	2,482	42,41,459	1,02,975	43,44,434
Saran Canals ...	...	...	...	6,69,570	27,183	6,96,753
Total ...	74,183	1,378	75,561	1,08,84,261	2,83,430	1,11,67,691
GRAND TOTAL ...	5,31,969	12,919	5,44,888	7,21,72,223	20,00,393	7,41,72,616

REVENUE.

4. The total receipts, working expenses, and charges for interest for the year 1892-93 and four previous years in respect of the works which are classed as Major Irrigation Works are shown in the statement below :—

Particulars.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Receipts from all sources (less refunds of revenue)	13,81,179	15,04,474	13,39,141	15,98,608	18,83,347
Working expenses (direct and indirect charges)	14,87,295	14,22,368	14,32,136	14,37,935	14,85,393
Net revenue ...	(—) 1,06,116	82,106	(—) 92,995	1,60,673	3,97,954
Charges for interest	23,39,849	23,65,030	23,87,119	24,16,363	24,42,363
Deficit	24,45,965	22,82,924	24,80,114	22,55,690	20,44,409
Rate per cent. on Capital outlay ...	4·04	3·74	4·02	3·61	3·24

INTEREST.

5. The total amount of interest payable to the Imperial Treasury on account of Major Irrigation Works for the year 1892-93 is Rs. 24,23,353.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

6. The financial results to the end of the year 1892-93 of both Major Irrigation Works and Minor Works and Navigation, of which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept, are shown in the statement below:—

		Major Irrigation Works.		Minor Works and Navigation.
		Rs.		Rs.
Direct revenue	...	2,15,11,013		2,29,34,806
Working expenses (direct charges)	...	2,12,50,075		95,37,644
Results on direct charges only ...	Profit	2,60,938	Profit	1,33,97,162
Indirect charges debitable to revenue	...	11,82,199		2,74,919
Results on both direct and indirect charges	Loss	(—)9,21,261	Profit	1,31,22,243
Charges for interest on Capital ...	...	4,36,74,802		Not calculated.
Net results, including interest to end of 1892-93	Loss	4,45,96,063		......

7. The financial results to the close of the year 1892-93 of Minor Works and Navigation, of which only Revenue Accounts are kept, are as follows:—

		Rs.
Direct revenue	...	85,66,770
Working expenses (direct charges)	...	46,65,248
Results on direct charges only	Profit	39,01,522
Indirect charges debitable to revenue ...	...	2,47,203
Results on both direct and indirect charges ...	Profit	36,54,319

8. The receipts from, and expenditure on, Irrigation, Navigation, and Agricultural Works during the year 1892-93, as compared with those of the year 1891-92, are shown below:—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
RECEIPTS.	Rs.	Rs.
XXIX—Major Irrigation Works—Direct Receipts—Provincial	16,02,710	18,87,670
XXX—Minor Works and Navigation—Irrigation and Navigation Works—Provincial	8,06,512	7,43,565
Total ...	24,09,222	26,31,235
EXPENDITURE.*		
42—Major Irrigation Works, Working Expenses—(Direct and indirect charges) Provincial ...	14,42,037	14,89,716
43—Minor Works and Navigation—Irrigation and Navigation Works—(Direct and indirect charges) Provincial ...	5,84,905	5,23,591
Total ...	20,26,942	20,13,307
NET REVENUE FROM IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION WORKS	3,82,280	6,17,928
49—Irrigation—Capital expenditure not charged against Revenue	8,62,366	4,69,327
43—Minor Works and Navigation—Agricultural Works—		
RECEIPTS.		
Provincial—		
Collections by P. W. D.	11,406	10,762
Ditto by Civil officers	1,17,692	1,24,735
Total ...	1,29,098	1,35,497

* Inclusive of refunds of revenue.

		1891-92	1892-93.
		Rs.	Rs.
EXPENDITURE.			
Provincial	...	7,58,278	7,81,750
Contributions	...	6,927	42,531
Total	...	7,65,205	8,24,281

AREAS IRRIGATED.

9. The areas irrigated by the Major Irrigation Works, during the year 1892-93, and the four previous years, are shown in the following statement:—

Year.	ORISSA CANALS.				MIDNAPORE CANAL.				SONE CANALS.				TOTAL.			
	Kharif.	Rabi.	Perennial.	Total.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Perennial.	Total.	Kharif, including five-year and long-term leases.	Rabi.	Perennial and hot weather.	Total.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Perennial.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1888-89	156,319	2,779	194	159,292	66,408	3,369	...	*69,777	281,402	69,817	4,690	355,909	504,219	75,965	4,794	584,978
1889-90	180,568	5,897	162	186,627	68,370	440	...	*68,810	279,942	20,336	5,004	305,282	528,880	26,673	5,166	560,719
1890-91	175,829	4,250	220	180,299	82,002	...	...	*82,002	255,980	20,632	4,402	281,014	513,811	24,882	4,622	543,315
1891-92	173,453	3,943	289	177,685	83,905	68	...	*83,973	296,219	177,308	1,196	474,723	553,577	181,319	1,485	736,381
1892-93	158,025	2,594	333	160,952	91,217	...	...	*91,217	274,839	126,195	9,727	410,761	524,081	128,789	10,060	662,930

* Exclusive of lands surreptitiously irrigated for which leases were granted in subsequent years.

The year's working and its financial results will now be dealt with separately for each of the canal systems of the province, as in previous years.

GENERAL.

In all statements showing totals of receipts or expenditure, the figures are those of the Examiner of Accounts. In dealing with details the figures of the Commissioner or of the Superintending Engineer have been taken.

ORISSA CANALS.

10. The Capital, Interest, and Revenue Accounts of these canals are given below:—

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

I.—CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	Outlay during 1892-93.	Outlay to end of 1892-93.
1	2	3
DIRECT CHARGES.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Works	3,16,566	1,80,92,197
II.—Establishment	61,011	45,25,554
III.—Tools and plant	3,184	20,23,915
IV.—Suspense accounts	(—)17,477	1,46,314
Loss by exchange	...	2,68,070
Total ...	3,63,284	2,50,56,050
V.—*Less*—Receipts on Capital account	69	86,169
Net total Direct Charges ...	3,63,215	2,49,69,881
INDIRECT CHARGES.		
Capitalization of abatement of land revenue	62	33,130
Leave and pension allowances	8,542	5,29,704
Total Indirect Charges ...	8,604	5,62,834

The principal works charged to Capital account which were in progress during the year were:—The extension of the Taldunda Canal from 28 to 52 miles, the remodelling of the existing Taldunda Canal from Biribatty to Tarpore, the extension of the Byturni right embankment from 7th to 20th miles, and the Burra Khursooa left embankment, a large syphon under No. 4 distributary, and a self acting sluice and other works in connection with the Bhimiai Had drainage. The Daib embankment was completed, and most of the refuge mounds on Sunkaresahi island finished. The works in connection with the Sukendapat drainage scheme were also continued, and good progress was made with the distributaries, several of which were finished during the year.

2.—INTEREST ACCOUNT.

INTEREST ACCOUNT.

	Rs.
Interest charges to end of 1891-92	1,66,70,158
Ditto for 1892-93	9,91,531
Total ...	1,76,61,689

3.—REVENUE ACCOUNT—(Actuals).

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

PARTICULARS.	EXPENDITURE— During 1891-92.	EXPENDITURE— During 1892-93.	PARTICULARS.	RECEIPTS— During 1891-92.	RECEIPTS— During 1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
DIRECT CHARGES.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
I.—Works, maintenance, and repairs ...	3,22,436	3,79,311	Water-rates ...	2,17,256	3,52,369
II.—Revenue management ...	73,580	95,913	Navigation ...	1,35,902	1,18,757
			Miscellaneous ...	17,843	26,532
Total Direct Charges ...	3,96,016	4,75,224	Total ...	3,71,001	4,97,658
			Less—Refunds of revenue.	79	283
			Net total receipts	3,70,922	4,97,375
INDIRECT CHARGES ...	27,070	30,283	Deficit ...	52,164	8,132
Total Working Expenses	4,23,086	5,05,507	Total ...	4,23,086	5,05,507

NOTE.—The details by heads of expenditure for the year 1892-93 and nine preceding years will be found in the table given in paragraph 12 following:—

The net result compared with previous years is very satisfactory. Omitting indirect charges, the receipts have exceeded the expenditure by Rs. 22,151; including them the deficit is only Rs. 8,132. This result is due to the recoveries of arrears of past years on account of water-rates and miscellaneous revenue. The receipts under these two heads are the highest on record.

The increased expenditure was mainly due to repairs to the damages caused to the canals by the flood of July 1892. Of the excess of Rs. 22,333 under the head Revenue establishment, Rs. 14,201 are arrears of headmen's fees, paid during the year. Under the new arrangements these fees will no longer be allowed.

EARNINGS.

11. The following statement shows the earnings, by which is meant the revenue due on the irrigation of the year, whether or no the demand statements

were prepared before the 1st of April or not as opposed to collections and actual outlay, for the years 1891-92 and 1892-93:—

		1891-92.	1892-93.
Earnings.		Rs.	Rs.
Irrigation	...	2,66,587	2,40,200
Navigation	...	1,35,902	1,18,757
Miscellaneous	...	17,843	26,532
Total	...	4,20,332	3,85,489
Deduct refunds	...	79	283
Net earnings	...	4,20,253	3,85,206
Outlay	...	4,23,086	5,05,507
Net deficit	...	2,833	1,20,301

As regards irrigation the assessed revenue shows a decrease of Rs. 26,387 compared with that of the previous year, which is entirely due to the falling off of 16,733 acres in the leased area consequent on the favourable rainfall. The actual collections during the year amounted to Rs. 3,52,369, and was Rs. 1,12,169 in excess of the assessed revenue of the year. This is altogether due to the collection of arrear balance, a result of a new system of management, and a more efficient establishment.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

12. The revenue receipts and working expenses for the last ten years are tabulated below:—

PARTICULARS.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RECEIPTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Water-rates ...	1,11,856	51,245	1,06,842	96,976	1,37,869	1,51,365	1,99,844	2,09,806	2,17,256	3,52,369
Navigation ...	1,10,152	79,802	84,012	67,048	71,004	77,908	88,632	1,21,498	1,35,902	1,18,757
Miscellaneous ...	15,860	12,538	16,496	15,587	14,171	14,242	15,747	13,708	17,843	26,532
Total ...	2,37,868	1,43,585	2,07,350	1,79,611	2,23,044	2,43,515	3,04,223	3,45,012	3,71,001	4,97,658
Less—Refunds of revenue ...	68	78	6	92	365	221	99	76	79	283
Total receipts ...	2,37,800	1,43,507	2,07,344	1,79,519	2,22,679	2,43,294	3,04,124	3,44,936	3,70,922	4,97,375
WORKING EXPENSES.										
Direct Charges.										
I.—Works, maintenance and repairs—										
Works (extensions and improvements) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,001	9,123
Repairs ...	1,89,617	2,03,137	2,22,690	3,52,761	3,10,980	2,36,694	2,31,068	2,22,638	1,70,637	2,30,300
Establishment, including direction and accounts ...	43,600	50,958	51,199	81,117	98,153	70,201	1,09,434	1,32,859	1,19,775	1,20,391
Tools and plant ...	11,292	15,167	19,159	15,486	16,391	21,156	19,723	13,951	27,023	19,437
Profit and loss ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,225	...	...
Direct expenditure in England ...	427	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	2,44,936	2,69,262	2,93,048	4,49,364	4,25,524	3,28,051	3,60,224	3,70,673	3,22,436	3,79,311
II.—Revenue management—										
Irrigation establishment ...	33,432	33,999	34,304	37,005	40,300	43,161	55,502	52,591	57,074	78,996
Navigation ditto ...	14,681	12,398	15,219	15,471	15,125	15,734	15,871	16,119	16,506	16,917
Total ...	48,113	46,397	49,523	52,476	55,425	58,895	71,373	68,710	73,580	95,913
Total Direct Charges ...	2,93,049	3,15,659	3,42,571	5,01,840	4,80,949	3,86,946	4,31,597	4,39,383	3,96,016	4,75,224
Indirect Charges.										
Capitalized abatement of land revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Leave and pension allowances ...	12,840	13,629	14,101	18,703	21,501	18,073	25,313	28,220	27,070	30,283
Total Indirect Charges ...	12,840	13,629	14,101	18,703	21,501	18,073	25,313	28,220	27,070	30,283
Total Working Expenses ...	3,05,889	3,29,288	3,56,672	5,20,543	5,02,450	4,05,019	4,56,910	4,67,603	4,23,086	5,05,507
Net revenue ...	(—)68,089	(—)1,85,781	(—)1,49,328	(—)3,41,024	(—)2,79,771	(—)1,61,725	(—)1,52,786	(—)1,22,667	(—)52,164	(—) 8,132

The very large increase in the total receipts for the year under review is the most striking feature presented by the figures above. The arrear balances, however, have now been mostly collected, and the revenue will in future largely depend on the rainfall and on irrigation on the new distributaries becoming general, a result which will only slowly take place.

13. The lengths of the canals and distributaries in operation at the close of the year 1892-93 compared with 1891-92, are given in the following table:— LENGTHS OF CANALS AND DISTRIBUTARIES.

NAME OF CANALS.	1891-92. Navigable canals.	Canals for irrigation only.	Distributaries and village channels.	Area protected from flood.	Area under command.	Area provided with distributaries.	Area irrigated.	Percentage of area irrigated to area provided with distributaries.	1892-93. Navigable canals.	Canals for irrigation only.	Distributaries and village channels.	Area protected from flood.	Area under command.	Area provided with distributaries.	Area irrigated.	Percentage of area irrigated to area provided with distributaries.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Mahanadi Series.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
aldundah	51¾	...	76½	75,278	75,278	21,850	41,906	54·90	51¾	...	93½	75,278	75,278	23,510	36,591	45·99
achgong	4	28	149¾	97,057	97,057	54,480			4	28	165½	97,057	97,057	56,057		
endrapara	39	...	363½	129,421	101,110	95,120	74,180	53·34	39	...	365¾	129,421	101,110	25,620	67,728	45·93
obri with extension	24	...	15¼	27,251	53,230	6,118			24	...	19¾	27,251	53,290	8,676		
attamoondee	...	47	98¾	65,600	51,250	37,829			...	47	106	65,600	51,250	43,159		
endrapara Extension ...	15	...	...	8,960	7,000	...			15	...	...	8,960	7,000	...		
igh Level Canal, Range I ...	33	...	131¼	80,128	48,815	48,815	22,423	45·93	33	...	131¼	80,128	48,815	48,815	21,225	43·48
Total Mahanadi Series ...	166¾	75	834¼	483,695	433,800	264,212	138,509	52·42	166¾	75	880¾	483,695	433,800	275,837	125,544	45·51
Brahmini-Byturni Series.																
igh Level Canal, Range II ...	12½	...	...	...	10,600	...	2,513	...	12½	...	...	...	10,600	...	2,329	...
Do. do., do. III ...	19	...	49½	...	57,500	44,047	36,211	82·21	19	...	49½	...	57,500	44,047	32,201	73·11
ipur Canal	6½	...	6½	...	70,000	600	452	75·33	6½	...	10¾	10,000	70,000	1,200	878	73·17
tal Brahmini-Byturni Series	38	...	56	...	137,500	44,647	39,176	87·74	38	...	60¼	10,000	137,500	45,247	35,408	78·25
Total Orissa Canals ...	204¾	75	890¼	483,695	571,300	308,859	177,685	57·53	204¾	75	941	493,695	571,300	321,084	160,952	50·12

No change was made in the lengths of canals during the year. The completion of fifty miles of distributaries during the year resulted in an increase of 12,225 acres to the area irrigable. The total area protected from floods was increased by 10,000 acres, owing to the extension of the Byturni right embankment from 6½ to 10 miles, and the completion of 10 miles of the Burra Khursooah left embankment.

14. In the following statement is shown the average rainfall at thirteen stations situated within the canal irrigated area, for the kharif and rabi seasons of the last five years:— RAINFALL.

		AVERAGE OF THIRTEEN STATIONS.				
		1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1		2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Kharif season ...	July ...	8·91	13·10	12·59	10·34	11·99
	August ...	21·61	13·11	7·58	16·98	8·08
	September ...	8·36	5·30	14·40	19·45	10·71
	October ...	1·11	9·16	8·63	1·17	5·66
	Total ...	39·99	40·67	43·20	47·94	36·44
Rabi season ...	November ...	2·88	11·24	1·94	6·77	0·85
	December ...	......	0·15	0·05	......	......
	January ...	0·06	0·06	......	......	2·00
	February ...	0·81	0·02	0·99	0·20	1·89
	Total ...	3·75	11·47	2·98	6·97	4·74
	Whole year ...	49·07	67·95	63·17	61·03	56·43

The total rainfall of the year was below the average, and in the kharif season there was a marked deficiency everywhere. The rains set in earlier than usual, and the amount which fell in June and July was plentiful, but it was

scanty in August and September, and this led to the renewal of some of the lapsed leases. After the 13th October the rainfall was seasonable, and there was no further demand for canal water. It is in this month that new leases are generally entered into, so that the rainfall was on the whole favourable to the unirrigated crops.

The average rainfall of the year at ten stations in the Central Provinces, which are drained by the Mahanadi, was 62·43 inches, against 56·14 inches in 1891-22.

FLOODS.

15. The flood in the Mahanadi river was the highest recorded during the last 50 years. There were high floods also in the Brahmini and Beropa. The highest recorded readings of the principal rivers for the year and up to date are given in the following statement:—

NAME OF RIVER.	Locality.	1891-92.		1892-93.		HIGHEST RECORDED.	
		Date.	Reading.	Date.	Reading.	Date.	Reading.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Mahanadi	Naraj above weir	30th July 1891 ...	87·90	26th July 1892 ...	92·10	26th July 1892 ...	92·10
	Do. below weir	30th " " ...	87·90	12th " " ...	92·10	26th " " ...	92·10
	Jobra above weir	30th " " ...	71·75	12th " " ...	75·95	25th " " ...	75·95
	Do. below weir	30th " " ...	70·10	12th " " ...	74·00	25th " " ...	74·00
Brahmini	Janapur above weir	15th September 1891	66·00	13th " " ...	65·40	18th " 1881 ...	68·75
	Ditto below weir	15th " " ...	65·90	13th " " ...	66·20	18th " " ...	68·00
Byturni	Akhoapada above weir... ...	14th August 1891 ...	62·70	11th June " ...	61·60	16th " " ...	66·60
	Ditto below weir... ...	14th " " ...	59·20	11th " " ...	55·50	16th " " ...	63·79
Salindi	Randia	4th " " ...	56·88	3rd Sept. " ...	51·20	12th Sept. 1887 ...	59·78
Katjuri	Belevue	30th July " ...	78·80	25th July " ...	83·30	25th July 1892 ...	83·30
Beropa	Jagatpur above weir	30th " " ...	67·60	25th " " ...	70·40	4th " 1872 ...	71·10
	Ditto below weir	30th " " ...	64·20	25th " " ...	70·40	4th " " ...	70·60

IRRIGATION.

16. The areas of each crop irrigated during the last ten years with the yearly rainfall are shown in the following statement:—

YEAR.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Perennial.	Total.	Rainfall.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.
1883-84 ...	47,035	1,381	344	48,760	57·21
1884-85 ...	54,181	2,994	197	57,372	50·40
1885-86 ...	70,563	1,605	171	72,339	52·59
1886-87 ...	75,115	2,440	154	77,709	60·07
1887-88 ...	108,867	502	137	109,506	47·84
1888-89 ...	156,319	2,779	194	159,292	49·07
1889-90 ...	180,568	5,897	162	186,627	67·95
1890-91 ...	175,829	4,250	220	180,299	63·17
1891-92 ...	173,453	3,943	289	177,685	61·03
1892-93 ...	158,025	2,594	333	160,952	56·43

The whole of these areas was assessed.

17. The nature of the assessment of the crops irrigated during the year, as compared with the figures of the two preceding years, is shown in the statement below:—

ASSESSMENT OF CROPS.

Crop.		Rate per acre.	1890-91.		1891-92.		1892-93.	
			Area.	Amount.	Area.	Amount.	Area.	Amount.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs. A. P.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Kharif ...	Flow ...	1 8 0	(a) 168,227	2,52,173	(b) 168,655	2,56,314	(c) 155,727	2,33,448
	Lift ...	1 0 0	(a) 5,596	5,596	(b) 4,787	4,790	(c) 2,197	2,197
Perennial crops ...	Flow ..	6 0 0	121	712	141	843	125	748
	Lift ..	4 0 0	88	351	148	594	208	834
Rabi ...	Flow	0 8 0 to 2 0 0	3,634	3,888	3,259	3,435	2,291	2,408
	Lift ...	0 5 0 to 1 8 0	615	474	632	513	303	263
Unauthorised irrigation	Kharif	..	2,006	6,080	11	20	101	302
	Rabi	...	12	36	52	78	...	...
Total ...		...	180,299	2,69,310	177,685	2,66,587	160,952	2,40,200

(a) 173,577 acres 5-year lease, and 246 acres annual lease.
(b) 170,816 acres 5-year lease, and 2,626 acres annual lease.
(c) 156,458 acres 5-year lease, and 1,466 acres annual lease.

The area of unauthorized irrigation assessed was 101 acres, against 63 acres in 1891-92. There was a decrease of kharif irrigation on all the canals, except the Jajpur, the total amounting to 15,428 acres. Under rabi there was a large decrease on the Kendrapara Canal owing to the closure of some of the distributaries.

Of the commanded area 29·64 per cent., and of the area provided with distributaries 52·75 per cent., were under lease at the end of the year. These percentages are less than those of last year, owing partly to the area provided with distributaries having been increased by 12,225 acres, and partly to the decrease of the leased area.

The Superintending Engineer summarizes the general character of the irrigation season as follows:—

"There was early and seasonable rain in June, and on account of the heavy rainfall in July, there was no demand for canal water; but from the middle of August to the end of October demand was constant. The season was of an ordinary character, and at no time was the demand such as to put the canals to any severe test."

As before remarked, there was no rain towards the end of October, and generally the season was not favourable to any extensive increase in the irrigated area.

18. The duty obtained on each of the principal canals, and calculated from the gross discharge at the canal heads is given in the following table for the year under review and two preceding years:—

DUTY OF WATER.

Particulars.		Kendrapara Canal system.	Taldunda Canal system.	High Level Canal, Range I.	High Level Canal, Range II.	High Level Canal, Range III.
1		2	3	4	5	6
1892-93	Kharif ... Acres	65,724	36,327	20,950	2,285	32,194
	Duty on gross supply	**64·93**	**114·97**	**60·51**	**119·76**	**98·95**
	Rabi ... Acres	2,004	264	275	44	7
	Duty on gross supply	**5·80**	**13·03**	**1·82**	**74·58**	**0·74**
1891-92	Kharif ... Acres	70,683	41,570	22,394	2,451	36,189
	Duty on gross supply	**80·05**	**103·99**	**84·75**	**24·95**	**117·69**
	Rabi ... Acres	3,494	336	29	62	22
	Duty on gross supply	**7·60**	**3·50**	**0·14**	**2·88**	**1·02**
1890-91	Kharif ... Acres	71,403	41,247	21,893	2,473	39,033
	Duty on gross supply	**66·42**	**102·22**	**66·07**	**37·61**	**107·81**
	Rabi ... Acres	3,567	559	91	30	3
	Duty on gross supply	**9·46**	**13·31**	**1·79**	**2·11**	**0·43**

The rabi irrigation is so small that it is not worthwhile considering the duty in that season.

The results regarding the duty of water for the kharif season are shown in the following statement:—

	Kendrapara Canal system.	Taldunda Canal system.	High Level Canal— Range I.	Range II.	Range III.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Area of kharif irrigation ... Acres.	65,724	36,327	20,950	2,285	32,194
Average gross discharge at head of canal ... C. ft.	1,012·25	307·25	346·25	19·08	325·35
Average gross discharge at head of canal utilized ,,	956·68	269·25	268·15	14·48	318·60
Duty of quantity entering canal	64·93	114·97	60·51	119·76	98·95
Ditto utilized	68·70	134·92	78·13	157·80	101·05

The duty on the gross discharge was highest on the High Level Canal, Range II, and least on Range I, while that on the discharge utilized was highest also on Range II, and lowest on the Kendrapara Canal.

The duty obtained during the kharif season was higher on the Taldunda Canal System and High Level Canal, Range II, than in 1891-92. On all the other canals is has decreased.

The Officiating Superintending Engineer, Mr. Horn, who was previously Executive Engineer in charge of the Brahmini-Byturni Division, makes the following observations:—

"It seems to me that this system of deducing an average duty for the season has little practical value. For example, it is only necessary to point out that an average duty of 80·05 was obtained on the Kendrapara canal system in 1891-92, whereas the duty during October of that year was only 56. The high average duty is only explicable when it is remembered that the canal was practically closed during August and September on account of exceptional rainfall. Throughout the whole of October the strain on the canal was great, and every drop of water that could be admitted at Jagatpur was utilized."

The most important matter is the duty which can be obtained over a short lease not exceeding 15 days. In 1891-92 the duty in October was 56 acres per cubic foot per second only, but improvements in the distributaries and outlets have been and are being made which will give the Subdivisional Canal Officer more control over the supply. It is expected that even at the time of maximum demand a duty of 70 acres per cubic foot per second will ultimately be obtained.

CROP EXPERIMENT.

19. To test the outturn of crops, 267 experiments were made during the year—144 of them were on lands irrigated by canal water, and 123 on unirrigated lands. The results obtained are tabulated below:—

Name of division.		Number of experiments.	Outturn per acre from irrigated land. Rice ⅔rds of paddy.	Straw.	Number of experiments.	Outturn per acre from unirrigated land. Rice ⅔rds of paddy.	Straw.	Value of outturn from irrigated land. Rice 17 seers 3 chs. per rupee.	Straw at 9 maunds per rupee.	Value of outturn from unirrigated land. Rice 17 seers 3 chs. per rupee.	Straw at 9 maunds per rupee.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
			Mds.	Mds.		Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Mahanadi		39	501·34	787·00	27	239·33	341·00	1,166·75	87·44	556·98	37·88
Brahmini-Byturni		54	536·25	1,191·01	45	395·88	780·05	1,248·00	132·34	921·09	86·67
Acquapada-Jajpur		51	780·93	1,479·95	51	562·49	1,011·10	1,817·43	164·43	1,308·86	112·34
Total ...		144	1,818·52	3,457·96	123	1,187·70	2,132·15	4,232·18	384·21	2,786·93	236·89
Average of all experiments per acre		...	12·63	24·01	...	9·66	17·33	29·40	2·67	22·66	1·92
Average of five years ending with 1891-92	1891-92		10·07	19·26	...	8·10	13·70	16·60	2·14	12·15	1·52
	1890-91		13·84	22·19	...	10·04	16·12	20·76	2·51	15·05	1·79
	1889-90		14·01	23·00	...	9·28	14·40	21·01	2·56	13·71	1·60
	1888-89		10·82	20·12	...	7·35	14·02	16·23	2·24	11·03	1·56
	1887-88		8·22	16·84	...	6·25	12·00	12·25	1·07	9·31	1·19

N.B.—In this statement the outturn is shown in rice by taking ⅔rds of unhusked paddy. The previous year's outturn paddy has been converted into rice by taking ⅔rds, and the quantities thus found are entered above.

ASSESSMENTS, COLLECTIONS, AND BALANCES.

20. The balances outstanding at the commencement of the year under review were as follows:—

		Rs.
Water-rates ...	... ...	2,33,704
Miscellaneous Revenue	... ...	267
	Total ...	2,33,971

as against the balances outstanding on 1st April 1893, which were—

		Rs.
Water-rates ...	... ...	89,816
Miscellaneous Revenue	... ...	...
	Total ...	89,816

The table below shows the balances, assessments, and recoveries of water-rates for the last five years:—

YEAR.	Amount outstanding at commencement of year.	Amount falling due during the year.	Total for recovery.	Cash realizations.	Remitted or written off.	Balance at the end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1888-89 ...	92,109	1,96,765	2,88,874	1,51,365	22,912	1,14,597
1889-90 ...	1,14,597	2,87,277	4,01,874	1,99,844	25,268	1,76,762
1890-91 ...	1,76,762	2,69,650	4,46,412	2,09,806	38,242	1,98,364
1891-92 ...	1,98,364	2,82,880	4,81,244	2,17,256	30,284	2,33,704
1892-93 ...	2,33,704	2,61,023	4,94,727	3,52,368	52,543	89,816

The results disclosed by these figures cannot be regarded as otherwise than satisfactory. The outstanding balance, which at the end of 1891-92 was the highest on record, has been reduced at the end of the year under review, to a comparatively small amount. This improvement is very largely due to the new system of Revenue management under the supervision of the Superintending Engineer which was introduced during the year. The offices of the Revenue Superintendent and Deputy Revenue Superintendent of Canals were abolished, and a Revenue Division was formed on the 1st April 1892. The Special Deputy Collector, who was placed in charge, took up the task of collecting arrears with great assiduity. The Superintending Engineer writes as follows on the working of the Revenue Division:—

"The Deputy Collector deserves the greatest credit for the immense improvement in collections; this has to my knowledge only been effected by detailed and constant personal attention."

ARREARS.

21. The progress of the year in realizing arrears and current demand is shown in the following table:—

Year in which irrigation occurred.	DEMANDS.			Collected or remitted.	Balance on 31st March 1893.
	Arrears on 31st March 1892.	Demands for 1892-93.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1889-90 and previous years.	28,732	14,471	43,203	42,779	424
1890-91 ...	81,940	53	81,993	66,734	15,259
1891-92 ...	1,23,032	89,418	2,12,450	1,90,404	22,046
1892-93 ...	...	1,57,081	1,57,081	1,04,994	52,087
Total ...	2,33,704	2,61,023	4,94,727	4,04,911	89,816

The amount realised by the Collectors on water-rates and miscellaneous revenue was Rs. 3,73,244, against Rs. 2,28,451 so collected in 1891-92.

CERTIFICATES.

22. In the following table is shown (approximately) the amount of certificate work done in each district:—

	CUTTACK.				BALASORE.				TOTAL.			
	1891-92.		1892-93.		1891-92.		1892-93.		1891-92.		1892-93.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Cases for disposal—												
1. Cases pending at the close of the preceding year ...	7,560	23,599	4,502	20,090	1,484	3,900	221	1,029	9,044	27,499	4,723	21,119
2. Cases instituted during the year	7,694	24,049	6,964	56,634	949	4,470	1,027	14,633	8,643	28,519	7,991	71,267
Total ...	15,254	47,648	11,466	76,724	2,433	8,370	1,248	15,662	17,687	56,018	12,714	92,386
Cases disposed of—												
1. By being struck off owing to the demand having been remitted	1,299	2,464	528	2,937	76	142	24	275	1,375	2,607	552	3,212
2. By being wholly satisfied ...	9,573	25,094	10,075	67,634	2,136	7,198	1,108	12,042	11,709	32,292	11,183	79,676
Total ...	10,872	27,558	10,603	70,571	2,212	7,341	1,132	12,317	13,084	34,899	11,735	82,888
Balance outstanding at the close of the year	4,382	20,090	863	6,153	221	1,029	116	3,345	4,603	21,119	979	9,498

These figures show another satisfactory result of the establishment of a Revenue Division. Of 12,714 cases, of which 4,723 were pending from the preceding year, 11,735 were disposed of, and of this number 11,122 cases were dealt with by the Special Deputy Collector. That his task was no light one is evidenced by the following remark of the Superintending Engineer. "Most of the pending cases from last year were of a difficult nature, some of them referring to as far back as 1885-86." The balance of cases left pending at the close of the year was only 979.

The large number of cases struck off was due partly to the erroneous assessment of high and unirrigable lands, and partly to irrecoverable demands. There were scarcely any complaints regarding the measures adopted to realize the arrears, one only reaching head-quarters, and this on investigation was found not to have emanated from the person whose signature it bore. The Commissioner who inspected the Deputy Collector's office recorded a note expressing his approval of the manner in which Babu Jagdam Sahai had carried on the work generally, and more especially the certificate cases.

COMPLAINTS.

23. The following table shows the number of objections against assessment filed and disposed of during the year:—

DIVISION.	(I)—ORDINARY REMISSION.				(II to IV)—OTHER COMPLAINTS.				Total complaints received during the year excluding those pending from previous year.	Pending.
	Received during the year and pending from previous year.	Disposed of.		Pending.	Received during the year and pending from last year.	Disposed of.		Pending.		
		Remission allowed.	Remission refused.			Remission allowed.	Remission refused.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1.—Water-rates—										
Land not irrigated	1,008	883	71	54	...	...	...	...	920	54
Do. damaged	432	376	31	25	...	...	...	...	379	25
Erroneous assessment	221	116	49	56	...	...	...	...	113	56
Regulators not allowed in drainage cuts	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Jagir lands	125	90	19	16	...	...	...	...	105	16
Double assessment	9	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	...
Appeals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,799	1,477	171	151	...	...	...	...	1,527	151
2.—Miscellaneous	309	238	48	23	...	...	...	...	217	23
3.—Mutations and other complaints	...	...		...	2,094	1,582	232	280	1,028	280
Total for 1892-93 ...	2,108	1,715	219	174	2,094	1,582	232	280	3,372	454
Total for 1891-92 ...	2,597	1,863	370	364	2,604	1,949	189	466	3,780	830

REMISSIONS.

24. The amounts remitted and written off as irrecoverable during the year on account of water-rates aggregated Rs. 52,541 as compared with Rs. 30,485 written off under the same heads in 1891-92. The details are given below:—

Revision of Assessment.

		Rs.
(a) Unirrigated crops	... ...	17,641
(b) Damaged „	... ...	7,421
(c) Chaukidar's jagir	... ...	5,048
Total	...	30,110

Remissions.

(a) Waste land	... ...	1,444
(b) Land occupied by canals	... ...	175
(c) Twice assessed	... ...	244
(d) Barred by limitation	... ...	2,664
(e) Excess recovery refunded	... ...	990
(f) Change of rates	... ...	5,642
(g) Erroneous assessments	... ...	491
(h) On account of death of defaulters	...	631
(i) Absconding of defaulters	... ...	266
(j) Lease cancelled	... ...	825
(k) Cyclone damages	... ...	3,296
Total	...	16,668

Written off.

Irrecoverable demands	... ...	7,532
Total	...	54,310
Deduct remissions under miscellaneous revenue	...	1,769
Net remission	...	52,541

Of the above amount Rs. 38,851 were remitted by Mr. Roberts, the late Deputy Revenue Superintendent of Canals before he made over charge of his office. The matter was brought to the notice of Government, and orders taking exception in some respects to the course adopted were passed.

The large amount of remission under the head unirrigated crops is somewhat misleading. Under the old revenue system it was the custom to include the whole area of the village jamabandi in the lease and demand statement, and afterwards to remit such portion of it as was found to be unirrigable. This system has now been abolished, and under the new rules a large portion of the area remitted would not have been entered either in the lease or demand statement. The same remarks apply to the remission under damaged crops, as the lowlands which do not derive benefit from canal water would find no place in the new leases.

The amounts remitted by the Special Deputy Collector with the Superintending Engineer's sanction aggregated Rs. 13,654, which was largely due to damage caused by the cyclone of October 1892.

The undernoted table shows the distribution of the remission year by year, and under each canal:—

YEAR.	Kendrapara Canal system.	Taldunda Canal system.	High Level Canal, Range I.	High Level Canal, Range II, including Jajpur Canal.	High Level Canal, Range III.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1886-87 ...	324 8 6	199 9 2	17 6 7	8 3 6	..	549 11 8
1887-88 ...	1,853 9 11	95 7 11	927 0 4	...	42 15 4	2,919 1 6
1888-89 ...	2,313 7 4	1,290 2 10	1,245 15 1	115 1 11	140 6 11	5,136 2 1
1889-90 ...	2,511 6 2	1,026 15 9	444 12 3	2 7 11	344 14 2	4,330 8 3
1890-91 ...	2,995 15 5	4,124 8 0	1,599 9 0	2 3 1	742 3 4	9,464 6 10
1891-92 ...	14,187 10 9	11,032 10 6	2,932 6 10	69 9 4	1,104 3 4	29,326 8 9
1892-93 ...	69 12 6	660 11 9	...	...	86 7 5	817 1 8
Total ...	24,286 6 6	18,430 1 11	7,167 2 1	197 9 9	2,461 2 6	52,542 6 9

REVENUE ESTABLISHMENT.

25. The cost of the revenue establishment for the last five years is given in the following statement:—

	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Establishment under Deputy Collector.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Permanent establishment, including travelling allowance	21,448	22,116	21,848	22,014	31,086
Temporary establishment	9,941	19,112	17,451	17,504	16,020
Contingencies	2,889	4,482	2,928	3,458	4,098
Headmen's fees	1,680	2,244	2,803	6,591	20,040
Establishment under Executive Engineer.					
Permanent and temporary establishment ...	3,052	3,398	3,417	3,447	5,930
Water-regulation establishment	4,151	4,150	4,144	4,127	3,274
Total ...	43,161	55,502	52,591	57,141	80,448
Collections of water-rates and miscellaneous revenue by the Canal Revenue Department	1,60,328	2,09,823	2,19,692	2,28,451	3,73,244
Percentage ...	26·9	26·4	23·9	25·0	21·0

The increased cost of establishment was, as previously remarked, mainly owing to the payment of arrears of headmen's fees due on irrigation in former years. There has, however, been some increase in the cost of establishment owing to the introduction of a new system which has in increased efficiency more than repaid the extra expenditure.

NAVIGATION.

26. The tollage receipts of each of the canal systems for the last five years are shown below:—

YEAR.	TALDUNDAH CANAL SYSTEM.		KENDRAPARA CANAL SYSTEM.		HIGH LEVEL CANAL, RANGE I.		HIGH LEVEL CANAL, RANGE II.		HIGH LEVEL CANAL, RANGE III.		JAJPUR CANAL.		TOTAL.	
	Number of miles open.	Tollage receipts.	Number of miles open.	Tollage receipts.	Number of miles open.	Tollage receipts.	Number of miles open.	Tollage receipts.	Number of miles open.	Tollage receipts.	Number of miles open.	Tollage receipts.	Number of miles open.	Tollage receipts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
1888-89	31	4,310	75	53,786	33	6,642	12½	3,392	19	1,601	6½	99	177	69,830
1889-90	31	4,42 6	75	60,245	33	8,386	12½	3,433	19	1,386	6½	163	177	78,039
1890-91	31	2,148	75	86,907	33	12,229	12½	3,185	19	2,174	6½	318	177	1,06,961
1891-92	55¾	4,357	78	98,462	33	12,854	12½	3,027	19	1,775	6½	286	204¾	1,20,761
1892-93	55¾	6,534	78	73,300	33	15,278	12½	3,165	19	1,761	6½	275	204¾	1,00,503

The decrease in the total tollage receipts is due chiefly to the diminished exports from False Point caused by the high price of grain in the local market. The up traffic in salt largely increased, while the down traffic was only half that of the previous year.

TRAFFIC.

The following table details the traffic (excluding the transport service) of all the canals in Orissa for the last ten years:—

	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Number of miles open ... No.	164½	164½	170¼	170¼	170¼	177	177	177	204¾	204¾
Toll collections ... ... Rs.	61,[illegible]	52,784	64,093	58,664	66,628	69,830	78,039	1,06,961	1,20,761	1,00,503
Rate of toll per mile ... „	37[illegible]	320·8	375·9	344·1	390·7	394·5	440·9	604·3	589·8	490·8
Number of boats plying cargo and passenger ... No.	15,507	18,768	20,662	14,311	12,084	11,475	11,937	12,995	12,946	13,325
Tonnage of cargo and passenger boats ... ... Tons.	145,685	157,017	180,142	128,398	175,996	153,674	186,019¾	250,243	206,001¾	239,583
Estimated value of cargo, including rafts ... ... Rs.	47,59,655	44,80,105	46,32,733	41,81,650	50,32,093	47,40,957	48,08,255	85,21,551	95,49,756	84,09,723

27. During the year the cost of working the transport service amounted to Rs. 17,297 and the actual receipts were Rs. 18,891. The service therefore, which has hitherto always worked at a loss, worked at a profit of Rs. 1,594. The working charges under miscellaneous include Rs. 5,417 as tollage debited to the account by book adjustment. If this amount be excluded, the profit would amount to Rs. 7,011 against Rs. 2,521 in 1891-92.

TRANSPORT SERVICE.

28. The miscellaneous receipts for the last five years are shown in the following statement:—

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

DETAILS.		1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1		2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sale of water		41	243	222	56	158
Plantations		1,450	728	1,035	917	1,960
Other canal produce		895	568	845	936	1,123
Rent of buildings		4,855	4,781	3,067	6,332	4,749
Miscellaneous	Rent of lands ...	5,857	7,659	6,793	8,232	9,291
	„ fisheries ...	877	920	1,039	1,104	972
	Cost of process ...	68	63	6	...	7,420
	Sales of old materials	31	65	100	96	3
	Other items ...	168	116	601	170	856
Total ...		14,242	15,143	13,708	17,843	26,532

29. The charges for works, and maintenance and repairs during the year were Rs. 2,39,483 against Rs. 1,75,467 in the previous year distributed as in the following statement:—

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS.

	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Extensions and improvements	11,081	8,679	9,123
Head-works	74,407	48,154	53,456
Main canals	90,592	82,741	1,23,060
Distributaries	21,992	15,324	30,033
Drainage and protective works	12,676	10,389	11,997
Cost of working transport service	11,478	10,180	11,814
Total ...	2,22,226	1,75,467	2,39,483

The amount under extensions and improvements includes a sum of Rs. 8,172 expended during the year in remodelling the Byturni weir shutters on the Sone pattern.

HEAD-WORKS.

30. The cost of maintenance of the weirs was Rs. 42,666 out of the total Rs. 55,125 spent on head-works. Details are given below:—

NAME OF WEIR.	Length.	EXPENDITURE.			RATE PER RUNNING FOOT.		
		1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Feet	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Naraj	3,833	4,728	3,194	4,031	1·23	0·83	1·05
Mahanadi ...	6,349	33,340	19,484	15,136	5·25	3·07	2·38
Beropa	1,980	7,616	8,433	9,546	3·85	4·27	4·77
Brahmini... ...	4,000	4,302	2,721	2,985	1·08	0·69	0·74
Pattia	783	4,194	2,538	3,224	5·36	3·39	4·11
Byturni	1,026	3,792	1,244	4,604	3·70	1·21	4·48
Burra	526	4,450	1,067	3,140	8·46	2·02	5·97
Total of all weirs...	18,497	62,422	38,681	42,666	3·37	2·09	2·30

The cause of the excess in the expenditure on head-works is summarised as follows by the Superintending Engineer:—

"*Naraj weir.*—Extra expenditure incurred on repairs to shutters and damage caused by flood.

Mahanadi weir.—Expenditure less on ordinary repairs, and only a small portion of flood damage was charged during the year.

Beropa.—Extensive repairs were done to the tail apron of the right shore sluice, and also to the weir.

Brahmini.—Expenditure normal.

Pattia.—Additional packing below the line of cribs was required.

Byturni.—The apron was scoured in five places during the high flood, which were repaired with gabions filled with rubble.

Burra.—A large sum was expended in repairing the shutters."

MAIN AND BRANCH CANALS.

31. The expenditure on each canal for the last three years is shown below:—

CANALS.	1890-91.			1891-92.			1892-93.		
	Miles.	Cost.	Per mile.	Miles.	Cost.	Per mile.	Miles.	Cost.	Per mile.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	No.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	Rs.
Kendrapara	39	30,723	787	39	24,459	627	39	40,132	1,029
Ditto extension ...	15	1,835	122	15	2,442	163	15	7,639	509
Gobri	15	8,448	563	15	10,286	685	15	7,747	516
Do. extension	6	14,406	2,401	9	7,516	835	9	5,008	556
Pattamundi	47	9,972	212	47	4,367	93	47	8,526	181
Taldundah	27	6,471	239	51½	7,587	146	51½	14,051	271
Machgong	32	5,495	172	32	6,671	208	32	11,163	349
High Level, Range I ...	33	12,017	364	33	9,160	277	33	8,914	270
Ditto, do. II ...	12½	3,757	300	12½	4,071	326	12½	6,836	547
Ditto, do. III ...	19	5,589	294	19	4,907	258	19	6,870	362
Jajpur Canal	6¼	1,033	158	6¼	1,275	196	6¼	1,932	297
Total ...	252	99,746	395	279¾	82,741	295	279¾	1,18,818	425

The expenditure was in almost every case in excess of that of the previous year. The causes, fully described by the Superintending Engineer, were briefly as follows. On the Kendrapara, Pattamundi, Taldunda and Machgong canals, the damages caused by the great Mahanadi flood of July 1892 and by the cyclone of that year were considerable and necessitated a heavy outlay in repairs. A portion of the Kendrapara canal bank had to be raised to bring it above high flood level, and extra expense was incurred in revetting the inner banks of that canal and in silt-clearance from a sluice channel. The renewal of the Beribatty lock-gates on the Taldundah Canal and the dredging of silt, the result of breaches, were also costly works.

On the High Level Canal a very high flood in the Pattia caused much damage, and the repairing of this and the increased cost of masonry works explain the increased maintenance charges.

DISTRIBUTARIES.

32. The average mileage rate for the maintenance of distributaries was Rs. 39·06 as compared with Rs. 20·94 in the previous year:—

	1890-91.			1891-92.			1892-93.		
	Miles.	Cost.	Per mile.	Miles.	Cost.	Per mile.	Miles.	Cost.	Per mile.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
DISTRIBUTARIES.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	Rs.
Kendrapara Canal System	357	9,975	22·34	357	6,574	18·41	357	14,426	40·49
Taldundah Canal	71¼	1.953	27·31	71¼	1.166	16·30	71¼	3,784	52·98
Machgong Canal	122¾	4,084	33·41	122¾	2,753	22·52	122¾	6,034	41·17
High Level Canal, Range I	131½	3,961	30·18	131½	2,663	20·29	131½	2,945	22·43
Ditto, do. II	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Ditto, do. III	49¾	2,019	4·80	49¾	2,168	43·80	49¾	2,164	43·71
Pattamundi Canal	......	......	......	......	......	... ..	37¼	680	18·25
Total ...	731¼	21,992	30·06	731¼	15,324	20·94	768½	30,033	39·06

The lengths of distributaries in the above are those which have been brought on the revenue account, and consequently differ from the lengths given in paragraph 13 which include all so far advanced as to be fit for use, whether the capital account is still open or not.

The increased cost of distributaries was due to the expenditure on repairs to flood damage and to the thorough repairs of the beds of the distributaries which were levelled, cleaned from silt, and supplied with datum blocks, and the outlets provided with shutters.

DRAINAGE AND PROTECTIVE WORKS.

33. The most important works under this head were raising the Kendrapara canal and flood embankments, and the repairs to the embankments on the High Level Canal. The total expenditure on drainage and protective works was Rs. 14,525 against Rs. 10,389 in 1891-92.

DREDGING AND SILT-CLEARING.

34. The cost of silt-clearing and dredging during the year 1892-93 is given in the following table:—

	Silt-clearing.			Dredging.		
	Quantity.	Cost.	Rate per 1,000 c. ft.	Quantity.	Cost.	Rate per 1,000 c. feet.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	C. feet.	Rs.	Rs.	C. feet.	Rs.	Rs.
Kendrapara Canal ...	173,850	7,568	4·22	630,817*	4,286	6·79
„ Extension ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pattamundi Canal	104,270	209	2·00	...	...	...
Gobri Canal	153,427	338	2·20	...	...	...
„ Extension	202,294	638	3·15	157,831	1,008	6·89
High Level Canal, Range I ...	787,806	2,034	2·58	...	...	...
Taldundah Canal	556,448	1,964	3·53	622,984	2,959	4·75
Machgong Canal	84,581	158	1·87	...	...	...
High Level Canal, Range II ...	356,249	891	2·50	...	...	...
Jajpur Canal	...	...	...	...	...	...
High Level Canal, Range III ...	497,783	1,244	2·50	...	...	...
Total	4,536,708	15,044	3·31	1,411,632	8,333	6·90

* Inclusive of 257,626 cubic feet hand dredged during the rains.

Compared with the previous year the rate for silt clearing was slightly higher on the Gobri Extension and High Level Canals, and less on all the other canals.

TELEGRAPH OFFICES.

35. Three combined post and telegraph offices were opened during the year at Jagatpur, Kendupatna and Aquapada, this department giving a guarantee for three years of a gross receipt of Rs. 400 from each office and undertaking

to make good by a charge against the canal revenue any difference between that sum and the actual receipts.

A statement is subjoined showing the working of each of the Telegraph offices :—

Name of Telegraph office.	Service telegrams.		Private. telegrams.		Total.		Number of telegrams received.		Date of opening of the office.
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Service.	Private.	
						Rs. A. P.			
Jagatpore ...	88	...	79	...	167	149 6 0	99	40	1st July 1892.
Kendupatna ...	...	...	...	...	420	440 13 0	283		Ditto.
Aquapada ...	52	...	120	...	172	188 15 0	58	57	3rd July 1892.

The Superintending Engineer remarks :—

"The receipts from the Kendupatna Telegraph office exceeded the amount guaranteed by Government. This office it is reported is now being largely used by the merchants and other private parties, and the total receipts from April to August 1893 amounted to Rs. 206. Additional accommodation for the office has been asked for, which is under consideration, and traffic in the other two offices is reported to have increased since April 1893."

PLANTATIONS. 36. The following table shows the state of the plantations for the last two years:—

Year.	Trees over 12 feet.	Saplings from 4 to 12 feet.	Seedlings below 4 feet.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
	No.	No.	No.	No.
1891-92 ...	66,307	34,469	23,244	124,020
1892-93 ...	78,976	31,018	32,462	142,456

MIDNAPORE CANAL.

CAPITAL ACCOUNT. 37. The Capital, Interest, and Revenue Accounts of this Canal are given below:—

1.—CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

Heads of Account.	Outlay during 1892-93.	Outlay to the end of 1892-93.
1	2	3
	Rs.	Rs.
Direct charges	...	82,90,269
Less—Receipts on Capital Account	...	31,558
Total direct charges ...	...	82,58,711
Indirect charges	...	1,84,133

This canal is no longer classed as a productive work, and all capital expenditure is now, in accordance with the orders of the Government of India, charged to the head 43—Minor Works and Navigation, and provided from Provincial funds. There was no expenditure under this head during the year under review.

2.—INTEREST ACCOUNT.

INTEREST ACCOUNT.

		Rs.
Interest charges to end of 1891-92	... ...	64,09,199
Ditto for 1892-93	... ...	3,30,348
Total	...	67,39,547

3.—REVENUE ACCOUNT (Actuals).

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Particulars.	Expenditure. During 1891-92.	Expenditure. During 1892-93.	Particulars.	Receipts. During 1891-92.	Receipts. During 1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Direct charges.					
I.—Maintenance and repairs ...	2,28,301	1,55,732	Water-rates ...	1,32,981	1,49,057
			Navigation ...	1,32,572	1,14,141
II.—Revenue management ...	29,023	30,669	Miscellaneous ...	19,147	16,979
			Total ...	2,84,700	2,80,177
Total direct charges ...	2,57,324	1,86,401			
Indirect charges ...	9,002	9,149	*Less*—Refunds of revenue	3	176
Total working expenses	2,66,326	1,95,550	Total receipts ...	2,84,697	2,80,001
Net revenue ...	18,371	84,451			
Total ...	2,84,697	2,80,001			

Note.—The details by heads of expenditure for the year 1892-93 and nine preceding years will be found in the table given in paragraph 39 following.

EARNINGS.

38. The net result, calculated on the earnings as opposed to collections, and actual outlay for the year 1892-93 and the preceding year is shown below:—

Earnings.	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
Irrigation	1,29,245	1,40,000
Navigation	1,32,572	1,14,141
Miscellaneous ...	19,147	16,979
Total ...	2,80,964	2,71,120
Deduct refunds of revenue	3	176
Net earnings ...	2,80,961	2,70,944
Outlay	2,66,326	1,95,550
Net profit	14,635	75,394

Financial results.

39. The receipts on Revenue Account and Working Expenses of the Midnapore Canal during the last ten years are shown below :—

Particulars.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RECEIPTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Water-rates	1,31,000	1,16,807	1,08,709	1,08,834	90,837	91,016	1,16,424	1,15,438	1,32,981	1,49,057
Navigation	1,20,580	1,28,747	1,37,578	1,09,693	1,26,574	1,49,480	1,48,164	1,12,754	1,32,572	1,14,141
Miscellaneous	12,996	12,401	16,197	15,658	16,967	11,299	13,016	9,004	19,147	16,979
Total ...	2,64,576	2,57,955	2,62,484	2,34,185	2,34,378	2,51,795	2,77,604	2,37,196	2,84,700	2,80,177
Less—Refunds of revenue	44	112	...	211	453	285	181	205	3	176
Total receipts ...	2,64,532	2,57,843	2,62,484	2,33,974	2,33,925	2,51,510	2,77,423	2,36,991	2,84,697	2,80,001
WORKING EXPENSES.										
DIRECT CHARGES.										
I.—Works, maintenance, and repairs.										
Works (extensions and improvements)	...	...	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,736
Repairs (including compensation)	1,27,658	1,34,036	1,24,774	1,37,752	1,31,181	1,06,391	1,13,507	1,05,038	1,41,262	87,430
Establishment, including direction and accounts	29,342	30,822	28,651	31,677	46,467	36,111	29,753	30,562	35,278	34,681
Tools and plant	31,229	26,591	25,952	25,003	31,409	24,335	27,612	23,929	51,761	29,885
Total ...	1,88,229	1,91,419	1,79,460	1,94,432	2,09,057	1,66,585	1,70,872	1,68,529	2,28,301	1,55,732
II.—Revenue management.										
Irrigation establishment	19,862	24,004	22,790	24,154	22,797	25,927	21,903	22,809	21,273	23,011
Navigation ditto ...	7,511	7,609	7,610	7,575	7,759	7,550	7,719	7,711	7,750	7,658
Total ...	27,373	31,613	30,400	31,729	30,556	33,477	29,622	30,520	29,023	30,669
Total direct charges ...	2,15,602	2,23,062	2,09,860	2,26,161	2,39,613	2,00,062	2,00,494	1,99,049	2,57,324	1,86,401
Indirect charges	7,940	8,741	8,267	8,877	10,783	9,742	8,312	9,811	9,002	9,149
Total working expenses ...	2,23,542	2,31,803	2,18,127	2,35,038	2,50,396	2,09,804	2,08,806	2,08,860	2,66,326	1,95,550
Net revenue ...	40,990	26,040	44,357	(—) 1,064	(—) 16,471	41,706	68,617	28,131	18,371	84,451

Lengths of canals and distributaries.

40. No alteration was made in the length of the canal open for navigation during the year, which was 72 miles, nor were any additions made to the areas protected or commanded. The following table gives particulars of the canals and distributaries and the areas protected, commanded, irrigable, and assessed :—

Name of Canal.	1891-92.								1892-93.							
	Navigable canals.	Canals for irrigation only.	Distributaries and village channels.	Area protected from floods.	Area under command.	Area provided with distributaries.	Area irrigated.	Percentage of area irrigated to area provided with distributaries.	Navigable canals.	Canals for irrigation only.	Distributaries and village channels.	Area protected from floods.	Area under command.	Area provided with distributaries.	Area irrigated.	Percentage of area irrigated to area provided with [illegible]
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
Under Midnapore weir	44	...	286	294,400	180,000 (for all three)	100,000	77,631	77·6	44	...	286	294,400	180,000 (for all three)	100,000	82,642	82·[illegible]
Under Panchkurah weir ...	12	...	35	112,640		23,000	5,956	25·9	12	...	35	112,640		23,000	7,690	33·[illegible]
Tidal reaches, Ranges I and II ...	16	...	18	30,080		2,000	376	18·8	16	...	18	30,080		2,000	885	44·[illegible]
Total Midnapore Canals ...	72	...	330	437,120	180,000	125,000	83,973	67·2	72	...	330*	437,120	180,000	125,000	91,217	73·[illegible]

* The length of distributaries during the year was the same as that of last year, *viz.*, 283·19 miles.

41. The area commanded by distributary channels and the number of outlets in use in the Division are shown below:— OUTLETS.

PORTION OF CANAL.	Total length of channel.	Area commanded.	NUMBER OF TEMPORARY OUTLETS.		NUMBER OF PERMANENT OUTLETS.	
			1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Miles.	Acres.				
Under Midnapore weir ...	229·94	100,000	1,260	1,294	55	55
Do. Panchkurah weir ...	35·25	23,000	202	202	10	10
Do. Tidal Reaches, Ranges I and II ...	18·00	2,000	6	6	11	11
Total ...	283·19	125,000	1,468	1,502	76	76

42. The rainfall during the year and during the four previous years at four stations which lie within the area irrigated by the canal is shown in the statement below:— RAINFALL.

STATIONS.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Average of former years.	
						No. of years.	Average rainfall.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.		Inches.
Midnapore ...	68·00	48·71	57·64	55·08	44·44	24	55·72
Panchkurah ...	59·47	51·78	55·84	41·60	39·95	24	54·91
Luchmapore ...	60·93	45·61	59·30	57·48	47·13	8	56·95
Mowah ...	60·14	31·80	49·93	53·07	33·60	8	51·91
Average ...	62·13	44·48	55·68	51·81	41·28	......	54·87

The total rainfall was considerably below the average, and its distribution was very much the same as last year. The following table shows the amounts which fell during the kharif season:—

	Midnapore.	Panchkurah.	Luchmapore.	Mowah.	Average, 1892-93.	Average, 1891-92.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
July ...	6·71	8·72	9·78	5·17	7·60	9·48
August ...	5·02	4·98	5·94	4·27	5·05	18·30
September ...	6·52	6·67	7·76	5·10	6·51	11·02
October ...	2·52	3·39	4·04	4·03	3·50	1·17
Total, kharif season, 1892-93.	20·77	23·76	27·52	18·57	22·66	39·97
Do. 1891-92 ...	42·51	30·07	44·84	42·50	39·97	......

43. The floods in the Cossye and Silye rivers were not abnormally high and did no damage. The highest gauge-readings of the river Cossye at Midnapore and Panchkurah above and below weir, and those of the river FLOODS.

Rupnarain at Dainan and Kantapukhur, are shown in the statement below, the readings being the height in feet above mean sea level :—

River.	Locality.	1891-92.		1892-93.		HIGHEST RECORDED.	
		Date.	Reading.	Date.	Reading.	Date.	Reading.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Cossye	Midnapore above weir	14th August 1891 ...	87·80	17th June 1892 ...	86·10	1868 ...	92·30
	Ditto below weir	Ditto ...	80·00	Ditto ...	79·00	Do. ...	91·55
	Panchkurah above weir	Ditto ...	33·50	19th July 1892 ...	32·10	10th October 1876 ...	35·00
	Ditto below weir	Ditto ...	31·90	Ditto ...	31·60	Ditto ...	34·30
Rupnarain	Dainan	19th August 1891 ...	14·20	9th September 1892 ...	15·40	26th August 1885 ...	17·35
	Kantapukhur	Ditto ...	13·80	Ditto ...	15·20	Ditto ...	16·80

The greatest discharge of the Cossye during the year was 38,778 cubic feet per second on the 17th June 1892. After July the discharge diminished rapidly. The minimum discharge occurred on the 1st February 1893, when only 21 cubic feet per second was registered.

IRRIGATION.

44. The area of each crop irrigated during 1891-92 and the nine previous years exclusive of unleased areas compared with the yearly rainfall is shown below:—

YEAR.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Perennial.	Total.	Rainfall.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Acres.	Acres.		Acres.	Inches
1883-84 ..	97,919	...	...	97,919	47·99 *
1884-85 ...	69,294	1,835	...	69,294	53·01 *
1885-86 ...	68,769		...	70,604	81·28 *
1886-87 ...	69,762	...	...	69,762	53·05
1887-88 ..	64,702	1,162	...	65,864	22·08 †
1888-89 ...	66,408	3,369	...	69,777	62·13 †
1889-90 ...	68,370	440	...	68,810	44·47 †
1890-91 ...	82,002	...	...	82,002	55·68 †
1891-92 ...	83,905	68	...	83,973	51·81 †
1892-93 ...	91,217	...	...	91,217	41·28 †

* Mean of observations of two stations—Midnapore and Panchkurah.
† Average of four stations throughout the irrigated areas under the Midnapore and Panchkurah weirs.

The area irrigated during the year was 91,217 acres, as compared with 83,973 acres of the previous year, thus showing an increase of 7,244 acres. The Superintending Engineer gives the following extracts from the Executive Engineer's report :—

"Owing to the almost total failure in the rains from August to October, the demand for canal irrigation during these months was very great. The only way it was possible to meet this demand was to supply the distributaries in rotation, and even then in the long distributaries, irrigation would be only carried out from half their lengths at one time. When the demand on the upper half of a distributary had been fairly met, all the outlets were taken out and the water forced down to the lower half. This was the only way in which anything like a fair distribution of the available supply could be effected. The removal of outlets produced some discontent among the lessees, who in one or two instances proceeded to cut the distributary banks. They were, however, caught in the act and handed over to the police and punished."

This is not a satisfactory system of management, but until masonry outlets are provided, at any rate in the upper halves of distributaries, it appears unavoidable.

The Executive Engineer states:—

"The discharge of the Cossye river went down on the 23rd October to 138 cubic feet per second, while the average discharge of the whole month was about 700 cubic feet per second. It was at this time that the greatest demand for irrigation arose; 90,000 acres were under lease, and every man wanted his fields to be irrigated at once. Excepting a few acres on high lands, which it was impossible to get at, the whole of the leased area received from two to four waterings during the season. The outturn was on most distributaries magnificent. Indeed, the cultivators state that they have not reaped such an excellent harvest for a very long time."

Unirrigated crops in this district to the south and west of Midnapore almost entirely failed.

LEASES.

45. The areas under lease at the beginning of the year, the progress of leasing during the year, and the leases which remained in force after its close, are given in the following table. The figures do not include assessments for illicit irrigation for which leases were executed after 31st March 1892:—

PARTICULARS.	KHARIF.			Sugarcane and other perennial irrigation.	Rabi.	Total.
	Long leases.	Annual leases.	Surreptitious irrigation.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Leases in force at the end of 1891-92	83,905	68	...	...	...	83,973
" which expired at the end of 1891-92 ...	17,133	68	...	...	...	17,201
" in force at the beginning of 1892-93 ...	66,772	...	...	...	...	66,772
" executed during 1892-93	24,342	83	20	...	...	24,445
" in force during the year 1892-93 ...	91,114	83	20	...	...	91,217
" which expired at the end of 1892-93 ...	35.297	83	20	...	...	35,400
" current on the 1st April 1893	55.817	...	...	...	...	55,817
" renewed after 1st April 1893 owing to excessive and untimely rainfall of 1893-94	7,968	...	...	...	...	7,968

DUTY OF WATER.

46. The duty obtained from the gross discharge during the past three years is detailed in the following statement:—

PARTICULARS.			Under Midnapore weir.	Under Panch-kurah weir.
1			2	3
1890-91	Kharif ...	Acres	76,645	4,981
		Duty on gross supply ...	**160**	**89**
1891-92	Kharif ...	Acres ...	77,631	5,898
		Duty on gross supply ...	**172**	**64**
1892-93	Kharif ...	Acres	82,642	7,690
		Duty on gross supply ...	**138**	**54**

The duty is still high, though owing to the scanty rainfall it is below that obtained in the preceding year.

CROP EXPERIMENTS.

47. No experiments on outturn of crops were carried out during the year.

ASSESSMENTS COLLECTIONS, AND BALANCES.

48. The balances, assessments, and recoveries of water-rates on the Midnapore Canal during the last five years are shown in the following statement:—

YEAR.	Amount outstanding at commencement of year.	Amount falling due during the year.	Total for recovery.	Cash realization.	Remitted or written off.	Balance at the end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1888-89 ...	56,493	1,23,337	1,79,830	91,016	4,041	84,773
1889-90 ...	84,773	1,17,202	2,01,975	1,16,424	34,907	50,644
1890-91 ...	50,644	1,30,595	1,81,239	1,15,438	834	64,967
1891-92 ...	64,967	1,29,822	1,94,789	1,32,981	2,836	58,972
1892-93 ...	58,972	1,39,990	1,98,962	1,49,057	1,338	48,567

The figures in the above statement have been furnished by the Special Deputy Collector in charge of the new Revenue Division formed during the year under the orders of the Superintending Engineer, and agree with those given in the Examiner's memorandum. They show an improvement in all items. The assessments of the year are Rs. 10,168 and the realizations Rs. 16,076 in excess of the figures of the previous year, while the remissions are Rs. 1,498 less than in 1891-92, and the balance for recovery has decreased by Rs. 10,415. This balance, however, was much in excess of what it should have been with so small a demand. Since the close of the year it has been greatly reduced. The failure of rainfall leading to a large demand for water is the cause of the increase in assessments.

ARREARS.

49. In the following table, arrear and current dues are distinguished, the sums composing the demand being distributed by the years in which they were earned, and the proportions of each year's earnings, recovered or remitted, are separately shown:—

YEAR.	Amount previously due and unrealised.	Amount falling due within the year.	Total amount due to end of the year.	ADJUSTMENT OF THE YEAR. Cash recoveries.	Remission authorised.	Written off as being irrecoverable.	Total.	Balance unrealised at end of the month of March 1893.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1888-89 ...	625 5 3 −266 7 6	...	358 13 9	80 1 6	8 0 3	...	88 1 9	270 12 0
1889-90 ...	0 7 9 −231 12 6	43 6 0	275 9 9	263 11 6	11 10 6	...	275 6 0	0 3 9
1890-91 ...	4,441 13 3 +34 11 6	832 5 0	5,308 14 3	4,020 4 6	586 15 3	...	4,607 3 9	701 10 6
1891-92 ...	53,994 10 9	2,245 8 9	56,150 3 6	51,501 11 6	731 5 9	...	52,233 1 3	3,917 2 3
1892-93 ...	...	1,36,868 13 9	1,36,868 13 9	93,191 9 9	...	...	93,191 9 9	43,677 4 0
Total ...	58,972 5 6	1,39,990 1 6	1,98,962 7 0	1,49,057 6 9	1,337 15 9	...	1,50,395 6 6	48,567 0 6

These figures show that the total amount collected or otherwise adjusted during the year was 75·5 per cent. of the amount due for water-rates, against a percentage of 69·8 last year.

REMISSIONS.

50. The remissions granted during the year were as follows:—

	Rs.
By Collector under rule 27	1,135
Remissions granted by officers disposing of certificate objections...	241
Ditto by Government, *vide* letter No. 4391.A., dated the 2nd April 1892	223
Total ...	1,599

Of this sum, Rs. 261 are for miscellaneous revenue. Deducting this amount from the total remissions, there remains a balance of Rs. 1,338, which is the figure shown in the foregoing statements.

CERTIFICATES.

51. The following statement gives particulars of the number of certificates issued and disposed of during the year:—

PARTICULARS.	MIDNAPORE. 1891-92. No.	Amount.	1892-93. No.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5
Cases for disposal.		Rs.		Rs.
1. Cases pending at the close of the preceding year ...	1,958	6,085	449	3,572
2. Cases instituted during the year	3,428	17,765	1,223	9,080
Total ...	5,386	23,850	1,672	12,652
Cases disposed of.				
1. By being struck off, owing to the demand having been remitted.	1,422	6,239	153	1,384
2. By being wholly satisfied	3,515	14,039	1,163	9,306
Total ...	4,937	20,278	1,316	10,690
Balance outstanding at the close of the year ...	449	3,572	356	1,962

The decreases which occurred in the number of cases instituted and the balance outstanding at the end of the year are satisfactory.

Out of the total number of 1,672 certificates for disposal, 142 were for surreptitious irrigation, and 1,530 for satisfaction of demands under kabuliyats. Of the 153 cases struck off, 142 were on account of illicit irrigation and 11 for satisfaction of demands under kabuliyats. The percentage of disposals is 78·1, against 91·66 in the preceding year. Out of 356 cases pending on the 31st March 1893, only 25 remained pending on the 14th August 1893.

COMPLAINTS.

52. The following table shows the number of complaints filed during the last two years, and how they have been disposed of:—

YEAR.	Class of complaints.	RECEIVED.			DISPOSED OF.			BALANCE PENDING AT END OF THE YEAR.		
		Balance pending from previous year.	Received during the year.	Total.	Allowed.	Refused.	Total.	Received during previous years.	Received during the year.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1891-92 ...	Ordinary remission	103	474	577	112	407	519	...	...	58
	Other complaints	67	152	219	26	156	182	...	...	37
	Total ...	170	626	796	138	563	701	...	...	95
1892-93 ...	Ordinary remission	58	182	240	60	152	212	...	...	28
	Other complaints	37	159	196	45	110	155	...	...	41
	Total ...	95	341	436	105	262	367	...	...	69

The number of cases received during the year was only 341 compared with 626 of 1891-92. Of the total number of 436 cases, of which 95 were complaints pending on the 1st April 1892, 367 were disposed of during the year, and of this number 28·6 per cent. were established and 71·4 per cent. rejected.

REVENUE ESTABLISHMENT.

53. The following statement compares the cost of the revenue establishment during the last five years:—

ESTABLISHMENT UNDER THE COLLECTOR.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Permanent establishment, including travelling allowances ...	20,474	18,984	19,757	17,947	20,263
Temporary establishment ...	660	604	649	682	441
Contingencies	1,459	1,253	1,260	1,154	1.014
Headman's fees	2,135	49	60	335	375
Total ...	24,728	20,890	21,726	20,118	22,093

In addition to the amounts specified in the foregoing table, the following sums were paid by the Executive Engineer for water regulation:—

	Water-regulation.	
	Permanent.	Temporary.
	Rs.	Rs.
1888-89	546	653
1889-90	480	533
1890-91	488	595
1891-92	473	682
1892-93	419	500

The cost of collection was 14·07 per cent. on the amount realised, against 15·1 per cent. in 1891-92.

NAVIGATION.

54. The total tollage receipts of the year were Rs. 1,14,141, against Rs. 1,32,572 in 1891-92. The Superintending Engineer makes the following comments on this decrease:—

"The total tollage receipts of the year were Rs. 1,14,141, against Rs. 1,32,572 of the year before. The revenue from tolls on private boats was slightly less as compared with that of the last year, but the total number of passengers was far in excess, viz. 205,804, against 163,836 for 1891-92. The tolls realised from the Calcutta Steam Navigation Company show a decrease of Rs. 12,114 and that from country boats Rs. 6,317. The falling off in the collections of the year is solely due to the failure of the rice crop in parts of the Midnapore district. There was hardly any export of rice or paddy from the south and south-west of Midnapore from October to January. While the receipts from rice and paddy fell, those from other items of import, such as metal, oil-seeds, salt and miscellaneous goods, show an increase over the previous year."

There was a decrease of 14,514 tons of rice and 2,485 tons of paddy carried on the Midnapore Canal as compared with that carried in the previous year.

TRAFFIC.

The usual particulars regarding the traffic carried in vessels, including those of the Calcutta Steam Navigation Company for the last ten years are given below:—

DESCRIPTION.		1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91	1891-92.	1892-93.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Miles open	No.	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
Toll collections ...	Rs.	1,08,931	1,19,797	1,25,331	1,01,054	1,08,469	1,25,332	1,16,469	89,556	(a)1,32,572	(a)1,14,141
Rate of toll per mile	"	2,055	2,269	2,364	1,906	2,046	2,305	2,196	1,689	1,724	1,605
Number of boats, including empty boats	No.	52,069	47,653	42,240	45,799	49,628	54,214	52,060	45,054	42,328	40,438
Tonnage of boats ...	Tons	382,979	412,379	372,608	387,440	469,866	470,806	462,418	417,803	411,892	4,10,003
Passengers carried ...	No.	170,745	111,257	122,094	208,582	160,567	167,259	176,226	187,700	163,836	(b)205,804
Estimated value of cargo, including rafts	Rs.	1,79,53,406	1,57,52,997	1,27,22,175	97,25,587	1,18,44,844	1,31,70,269	1,45,12,449	1,48,33,391	1,26,65,724	1,26,04,294

(a) Inclusive of tolls (Rs. 41,180 and 29,066) paid by the Calcutta Steam Navigation Company.
(b) Inclusive of passengers (92,257) carried by the Calcutta Steam Navigation Company's steamers.

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

55. The table below shows the miscellaneous receipts for the last five years:—

DETAILS.		1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1		2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sale of water		...	...	...	...	10
Plantations		...	35	52	40	34
Other canal produce ...		4	299	37	5	1
Rent of buildings ...		727	738	721	711	740
Miscellaneous	Rent of lands	7,182	7,984	6,079	8,758	8,586
	" of fisheries	1,084	812	736	4,447	1,162
	Cost of process	1,113	2,400	1,009	2,516	1,280
	Other items ...	1,189	748	370	2,670	5,166
Total ...		11,299	13,016	9,004	19,147	16,979

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS.

56. The following figures show the actual cost of maintenance and repairs during the last three years distributed by subheads:—

	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Head works, including buildings ...	11,610	8,373	9,965
Main canal and branches ...	77,323	1,18,241	59,802
Distributaries	11,851	10,365	12,612
Drainage and protective works ...	1,151	1,239	2,090
Working steamers	3,103	3,044	2,961
Total ...	1,05,038	1,41,262	87,430

57. The expenditure on the Midnapore and Panchkurah head works during the year was Rs. 7,619 and Rs. 2,346, respectively, against Rs. 4,582 and Rs. 3,700 in last year. On weirs the expenditure was at the rate of Rs. 2·08 per foot run at Midnapore, and Rs. 0·46 at Panchkurah, against Rs. 0·30 and Rs. 1·84, respectively, last year. — HEAD WORKS AND WEIRS.

58. The outlay on repairs to the main canal, including that on head works, on working steamers, and on drainage works, was Rs. 74,818 against Rs. 1,30,897 in the previous year. This large decrease in the expenditure on general repairs was mainly owing to the thorough repairs carried out in the preceding year when there was a long closure, but is also partly attributable to close supervision. The expenditure on tools and plant was Rs. 29,885 as compared with Rs. 51,761 of the previous year. — MAIN CANAL.

59. On distributaries the expenditure on repairs was Rs. 12,612, or Rs. 44 per mile, against Rs. 10,365, or Rs. 36 per mile, in the previous year. The increase was caused by the bringing into use again of one or two distributaries which had practically been abandoned. — DISTRIBUTARIES.

60. The mileage rates for the last ten years, both for main canals and distributaries, are shown in the following table:—

YEAR.	MAIN CANAL AND HEAD WORKS, &c.			DISTRIBUTARIES.		
	Length of canal open.	Total cost of work.	Rate per mile.	Length of distributary channels.	Total cost of work.	Rate per mile.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.
1883-84 ...	48	1,06,425	2,216	277	21,195	76
1884-85 ...	48	1,15,171	2,399	277	18,865	68
1885-86 ...	48	1,10,350	2,299	277	14,424	52
1886-87 ...	48	1,20,135	2,503	283	17,617	63
1887-88 ...	48	1,10,494	2,301	283	20,687	74
1888-89 ...	48	83,675	1,743	283	22,464	79
1889-90 ...	48	93,738	1,953	283	19,769	69
1890-91 ...	48	93,187	1,941	283	11,851	41
1891-92 ...	48	1,30,897	2,727	283	10,365	36
1892-93 ...	48	74,818	1,558	283	12,612	44

61. The quantity of silt dredged during the year was 3,825,213 cubic feet, at an average rate of Rs. 5·9 per 1,000 cubic feet, whereas the quantity during the previous year was 4,030,769 cubic feet, and the rate Rs. 4·76. The falling off was due to the dredgers' being laid up for repairs for considerable periods. — DREDGING AND SILT CLEARING.

The work done by the steam dredgers during the year under review and the cost of working them is shown below:—

NAME OF DREDGER.	Quantity of earth dredged.	Actual cost of lifting.	COST OF REMOVING—		Total.	Lifting rate per 1,000 cubic feet.	Removing rate per 1,000 cubic feet.	Total rate per 1,000 cubic feet
			Steam hopper-barges.	Ordinary hopper-barges.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	C. ft.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Hector dredger ...	828,709	4,018	2,015	...	6,033	4·8	2·4	7·2
Ajax ditto	694,420	3,008	1,509	...	4,517	4·3	2·1	6·5
Atlas ditto	1,530,900	4,894	2,454	...	7,348	3·1	1·6	4·7
Combination ditto	247,324	1,795	...	...	1,795	7·2	...	7·2
Marchants ditto	13,000	57	...	...	57	4·3	...	4·3
Cadmus steam excavator ...	510,860	2,388	...	...	2,388	4·6	...	4·6
S. L. *Cricket*	...	451	...	...	451	..	...	...
Total for 1892-93	3,825,213	16,611	5,978	...	22,589	4·3	1·5	5·9
Total for 1891-92	4,030,769	13,943	5,276	...	19,219	3·45	1·3	4·76

PLANTATIONS.

62. The state of the plantations for the last two years is shown in the following statement:—

YEAR.	Trees upwards of 12 feet high.	Saplings between 4 and 12 feet.	Seedlings below 4 feet.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
	No.	No.	No.	No.
1891-92 ...	10,082	10,351	2,452	22,885
1892-93 ...	10,296	10,216	2,346	22,858

GENERAL RESULTS.

63. The results of the year may be considered on the whole satisfactory. There was a slight falling off in the receipts due to the diminished exports, but there was also a decrease in the cost of maintenance, and the result is a net profit of Rs. 84,451 against Rs. 18,371 of the previous year. The unusually scanty rainfall in September and October which was noticed in 1891-92 was even more pronounced during the year under review and led to a similarly excessive demand for water for kharif irrigation. It is satisfactory to note that 98 per cent. of the leased area was thoroughly irrigated, notwithstanding the difficulties experienced in meeting the heavy demands, and that bumper crops resulted.

HIJILI TIDAL CANAL.

64. The capital, interest and revenue accounts of this canal are given below:—

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

1.—CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	Outlay during 1892-93.	Outlay to end of 1892-93.
1	2	3
DIRECT CHARGES.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Works	33,820	15,92,236
II.—Establishment	2,547	5,35,919
III.—Tools and plant	1,952	1,21,004
IV.—Suspense accounts	......	......
Loss by exchange	......	22,790
Total ...	38,319	22,71,949
V.—*Less*—Receipts on capital account	......	925
Net total—direct charges ...	38,319	22,71,024
INDIRECT CHARGES.		
Capitalization of abatement of land revenue	......	11,210
Leave and pension allowances	357	45,655
Total—indirect charges ...	357	56,865

The works in connection with the remodelling scheme for this canal have been practically completed, with the exception of the new lock at Kalinagar and the arrangements for the supply of Range II. It is expected that a definite decision as to the manner in which these works should be carried out will shortly be arrived at.

INTEREST ACCOUNT.

2.—INTEREST ACCOUNT.

		Rs.
Interest charges to end of 1891-92 ...	...	15,65,055
Ditto for 1892-93 ...	...	90,075
Total	...	16,55,130

3.—REVENUE ACCOUNT (Actuals).

REVENUE ACCOUNT

PARTICULARS.	EXPENDITURE— During 1891-92.	EXPENDITURE— During 1892-93.	PARTICULARS.	RECEIPTS— During 1891-92.	RECEIPTS— During 1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
DIRECT CHARGES.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
			Water-rates ...	...	...
I.—Works, maintenance and repairs ...	45,714	27,372	Navigation ...	36,348	52,180
II.—Revenue management ...	2,955	4,332	Miscellaneous ...	567	1,282
Total Direct Charges ...	48,669	31,704	Total ...	36,915	53,462
Indirect charges ...	2,014	1,385	*Less*—Refunds of revenue ...	...	72
Total working expenses	50,683	33,089			
Net revenue ...	—13,768	20,301	Net Total receipts...	36,915	53,390
Total ...	36,915	53,390			

NOTE.—The details by heads of expenditure for the year 1892-93 and nine preceding years will be found in the table given in paragraph 65 following.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

65. The following statement shows the receipts on revenue account and working expenses for the last ten years:—

PARTICULARS.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RECEIPTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Navigation	62,317	41,382	52,143	51,904	40,406	53,921	40,338	27,145	36,348	52,180
Miscellaneous	1,273	2,125	312	2,500	1,452	1,249	1,614	899	567	1,282
Total ...	63,590	43,507	52,455	54,404	41,858	55,170	41,952	28,044	36,915	53,462
Less—Refunds of revenue ...	...	...	...	910	...	73	...	...	...	72
Total Receipts ...	63,590	43,507	52,455	53,494	41,858	55,097	41,952	28,044	36,915	53,390
WORKING EXPENSES.										
DIRECT CHARGES.										
I.—Works, maintenance, and repairs.										
Works	...	...	...	...	...	1,718	...	...	...	...
Repairs	32,934	26,802	34,099	11,988	47,928	50,920	16,713	27,012	32,588	16,447
Establishment, including direction and accounts	7,588	6,178	7,843	2,756	11,855	16,572	4,157	8,636	11,433	5,562
Tools and plant	2,784	292	3,524	4,155	2,105	2,868	1,806	13,487	1,693	5,363
Total ...	43,306	33,332	45,466	18,899	61,888	72,078	22,676	49,135	45,714	27,372
II.—Revenue management.										
Navigation establishment ...	3,215	3,554	3,143	3,026	3,007	3,195	3,039	2,833	2,955	4,332
Total Direct Charges ...	46,581	36,886	48,609	21,925	64,895	75,273	25,715	51,968	48,669	31,704
INDIRECT CHARGES	1,512	1,362	1,538	810	2,081	2,767	1,007	1,606	2,014	1,385
Total working expenses ...	48,093	38,248	50,147	22,735	66,976	78,040	26,722	53,574	50,683	33,089
Net revenue ...	15,497	5,259	2,308	30,756	(—)25,118	(—)22,943	15,230	(—)25,530	(—)13,768	20,301

The cost of maintenance was Rs. 33,089 against Rs. 50,683 of the previous year. The high cost of maintaining this canal has been chiefly owing to the heavy influx of silt. In 1892-93 owing to the improved feeding arrangements by means of supply channels there was no closure for purposes of silt clearance. It will, however, probably be necessary to close the canal in the cold weather of the current year.

RAINFALL.

66. The rainfall at Contai station was 52·71 inches against 49·97 inches in 1891-92.

FLOODS.

67. There were no very highfloods in any of the rivers crossed by the Hijili Tidal Canal during the year. The highest gauge readings of the rivers Hooghly, Haldi, and Russulpore are shown in the following statement:—

NAME OF RIVER.	Locality.	1891-92.		1892-93.		HIGHEST RECORD.		REMARKS.
		Date.	Reading.	Date.	Reading.	Date.	Reading.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Hooghly ...	Gewankhali ...	19th Sept. 1891	115·90	9th Sept. 1892	116·40	Cyclonic storm of 1874.	123·23	
Haldi ...	Etamugra ...	Ditto	116·40	Ditto	117·20	* Not known ...	120·23	* Recorded on plan without date (Mr. Vertannes's).
Russulpore ...	Kalinagar ...	18th Sept. 1891	114·70	Ditto	115·30	26th August 1888	118·50	

NAVIGATION.

68. The usual particulars regarding the traffic on the Hijili Tidal Canal carried in vessels during the last ten years are given in the following statement. The figures include those relating to the steamers belonging to the Calcutta Steam Navigation Company:—

PARTICULARS.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Miles open ... ... No.	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Toll collections ... Rs.	62,317	41,382	52,143	(a)51,904	(a)4[illegible],406	(a)53,910	(a)40,341	(a)27,145	(a)3[illegible],348	(a)52,180
Rate of toll per mile ,,	2,148	1,427	1,798	1,734	1,338	1,790	1,390	821	1,128	1,607
Number of boats, including empty boats No.	22,728	17,680	19,316	17,542	13,503	16,481	15,785	10,215	15,332	16,084
Tonnage of boats ... Tons.	196,764	145,424	163,535	149,747	134,903	105,635	124,605	[illegible]	133,[illegible]	16[illegible],239
Passengers carried ... No.	...	...	...	8,569	11,951	34,032	(b)30,222	(b)22,420	(b)27,32[illegible]	(b)42,488
Estimated value of cargo, including rafts ... Rs.	36,42,029	30,06,852	32,74,961	31,48,826	26,13,351	33,01,123	27,29,720	20,78,972	34,07,725	52,56,550

(a) Inclusive of tolls, Rs. 1,603, Rs. 1,532, Rs. 4,593, Rs. 5,523, Rs. 3,146, Rs. 3,634 and Rs. 5,568 paid by the Calcutta Steam Navigation Company.
(b) Inclusive of passengers, 23,243, 17,554, 21,209, and 31,792, carried by the Company's steamers.

The toll-collections for the year, though still below the figures of 1883-84 and of 1888-89, indicate a decided increase of traffic. The receipts would probably have been much larger if there had not been an indifferent rice crop in Hijili. The introduction of the revised toll tarif will probably give a stimulus to the use of the canal route and still further augment the receipts.

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

69. The miscellaneous receipts for the last five years are shown below:—

1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,249	1,614	899	567	1,282

The increase in the miscellaneous receipts during the year, amounting to Rs. 715, was due to the completion of the remodelling works and to the increased rents realized during the year.

DREDGING.

70. The amount of silt dredged from the Terapakia and Etamugra lock entrances, and the cost of removal is shown in the statement below:—

NAME OF DREDGER, HOPPER BARGES AND MUD PUNTS.	Cubic feet dredged	Actual cost of lifting.	COST OF REMOVING.				Lifting rate per 1,000 cubic feet.	Removing rate per 1,000 cubic feet.	Total rate per 1,000 cubic feet.	REMARKS.
			By hopper barges.	By mud punts.	Total.	Total cost of lifting and removing.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Dredger "Marchant" and 4 mud punts ...	40,000	195	...	100	100 0 0	295 0 0	4 14 0	2 8 0	7 6 0	

71. The state of the plantations for the last two years is shown in the following statement:— PLANTATIONS.

YEAR.	Trees over 12 feet in height.	Saplings between 4 and 12 feet.	Seedlings under 4 feet.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
	No.	No.	No.	No.
1891-92 ...	2,000	3,116	1,041	6,157
1892-93 ...	2,217	2,934	1,077	6,228

SONE CANALS.

72. The Capital, Interest and Revenue Accounts of these canals are given below:— CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

I.—CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	Outlay during 1892-93.	Outlay to end of 1892-93.
1	2	3
DIRECT CHARGES.	Rs	Rs.
I.—Works	81,312	1,86,69,549
II.—Establishment	18,425	51,85,464
III.—Tools and plant	5,762	21,32,977
IV.—Suspense accounts	(—) 47,088	1,22,561
Loss by exchange	......	52,240
Total ...	58,411	2,61,62,791
V.—*Less*—Receipts on capital account	2,159	3,74,445
Net total direct charges	56,252	2,57,88,346
INDIRECT CHARGES.		
Capitalization of abatement of land revenue	......	37,911
Leave and pension allowances	2,580	8,75,220
Total indirect charges	2,580	9,13,131

The original Capital estimate of the Sone Canals was closed on the 30th March 1891, and works chargeable to capital which remained to be finished are being carried out under the rules laid down in Chapter XV of the Public Works Department Code. The present sanction is for Rs. 7,22,013, out of which Rs. 4,39,485 had been expended up to the close of the year. The outlay charged to Capital during the year compared with that of 1891-92 is shown in the following statement:—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
I.—Works—	Rs.	Rs.
(1) Head-works ...	2,035	4,696
(2) Main canal and branches ...	31,337	15,944
(3) Distributaries ...	79,312	49,311
(4) Drainage and protective works ...	57,728	11,361
Total works ...	1,70,412	81,312
II.—Establishment	37,083	18,425
III.—Tools and plant	(—) 1,352	5,762
IV.—Suspense accounts	(—) 1,715	(—) 47,088
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,04,428	58,411
V.—*Less*—Receipts on capital account ...	330	2,159
Net total	2,04,098	56,252

The works which were executed during the year were:—planting trees at Dehri, the construction of permanent outlets on many distributaries, masonry crossings to carry village channels under district and other roads, the Kunjee drainage cut in the Buxar Division, several other smaller drainage projects, the construction of a quay wall at Nokha on the Buxar Canal, and several other works of less importance.

INTEREST ACCOUNT.

2.—INTEREST ACCOUNT.

		Rs.
Interest charges to end of 1891-92	... ...	1,65,88,027
Ditto for 1892-93	... ...	10,30,409
Total	...	1,76,18,436

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

3.—REVENUE ACCOUNT (ACTUALS.)

Particulars.	Expenditure— During 1891-92.	Expenditure— During 1892-93.	Particulars.	Receipts— During 1891-92.	Receipts— During 1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Direct Charges.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs	Rs.
I.—Works, maintenance and repairs	4,81,683	5,23,961	Water-rates ...	8,11,750	9,68,070
II.—Revenue management ...	1,66,377	1,73,730	Navigation ...	66,517	59,089
			Miscellaneous ...	31,827	29,214
			Total ...	9,10,094	10,56,373
Total Direct Charges	6,48,060	6,97,691	*Less*—Refunds of revenue.	4,020	3,792
Indirect Charges ...	49,780	53,556			
Total Working Expenses.	6,97,840	7,51,247			
Profit	2,08,234	3,01,334			
Total ...	9,06,074	10,52,581	Total Receipts ...	9,06,074	10,52,581

NOTE.—The details by heads of expenditure for the year 1892-93 and nine preceding years will be found in the table given in paragraph 74 following.

EARNINGS.

73. The earnings as opposed to collections and the actual outlay were as follows:—

		1891-92.	1892-93.
		Rs.	Rs.
Earnings—			
Irrigation	...	9,82,032	8,15,158
Navigation	...	66,517	59,089
Miscellaneous	...	31,827	29,214
Total	...	10,80,376	9,03,461
Deduct refunds of revenue		4,020	3,792
Net earnings	...	10,76,356	8,99,669
Outlay	...	6,97,840	7,51,247
Profit	...	3,78,516	1,48,422

The net earnings include the actual realisations of navigation and miscellaneous revenue, together with the revenue assessed on the irrigation of the year, after deducting refunds. The demand statements for the *rabi* season were mostly despatched after the close of the financial year, but the sums due under them are nevertheless included under earnings, which shows the amount due on account of the irrigation of the year.

The collection of outstanding arrears has helped to swell the receipts. The arrear balance is now small.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

74. The receipts on revenue account and working expenses of the canals for the year 1892-93 and the nine preceding years are shown in the statement below :—

	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RECEIPTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Water-rates	4,84,209	7,70,359	9,78,323	8,26,461	5,19,586	7,59,556	8,16,394	6,44,718	8,11,750	9,68,070
Navigation	85,193	51,761	46,243	54,254	55,904	57,329	57,759	65,629	66,517	59,089
Miscellaneous	34,405	40,354	38,080	37,714	28,459	26,504	23,342	26,128	31,827	29,214
Total ...	6,03,807	8,62,474	10,62,646	9,18,429	6,03,949	8,43,889	8,97,495	7,36,475	9,10,094	10,56,373
Less—Refunds of revenue	5,429	7,455	10,657	15,737	15,331	12,611	16,520	7,305	4,020	3,792
Total Receipts ...	5,98,378	8,55,019	10,51,989	9,02,692	5,88,618	8,31,278	8,80,975	7,29,170	9,06,074	10,52,581
WORKING EXPENSES.										
DIRECT CHARGES.										
I.—Works, maintenance and repairs.										
Works (extensions and improvements) ...	...	...	...	...	5,532	10,426	4,712	3,263	3,813	6,541
Repairs, including compensation ...	2,76,335	3,44,838	2,83,315	3,08,765	3,08,448	3,28,182	2,92,992	2,72,831	2,59,832	2,60,379
Establishment, including direction and accounts	63,477	79,300	65,163	71,066	2,10,227	1,97,677	1,82,667	1,88,895	1,89,196	2,08,810
Tools and plant	34,983	26,175	32,451	27,698	28,221	33,920	33,460	28,527	28,843	28,031
Total ...	3,74,795	4,50,313	3,80,929	4,07,529	5,52,428	5,70,205	5,13,831	4,93,516	4,81,683	5,23,961
II.—Revenue management.										
Irrigation establishment	1,14,005	1,29,308	1,46,028	1,43,660	1,35,243	1,58,249	1,52,823	1,45,528	1,52,113	1,59,300
Navigation ditto ...	20,248	16,885	14,756	14,535	14,308	14,165	14,305	14,242	14,264	14,430
Total ...	1,34,253	1,46,193	1,60,784	1,58,195	1,49,551	1,72,414	1,67,128	1,59,770	1,66,377	1,73,730
Total—direct charges ...	5,09,048	5,96,506	5,41,713	5,65,724	7,01,979	7,42,619	6,80,959	6,53,286	6,48,060	6,97,691
INDIRECT CHARGES.										
Capitalization of abatement of land revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Leave and pension allowances	27,682	31,569	31,632	32,097	50,369	51,813	48,971	48,813	49,780	53,556
Total—indirect charges...	27,682	31,569	31,632	32,097	50,369	51,813	48,971	48,813	49,780	53,556
Total—working expenses	5,36,730	6,28,075	5,73,345	5,97,821	7,52,348	7,94,432	7,29,930	7,02,099	6,97,840	7,51,247
Net revenue ...	61,648	2,26,944	4,78,644	3,04,871	(—)1,63,730	36,846	1,51,045	27,071	2,08,234	3,01,334

Compared with 1891-92 the receipts (less refunds) have increased from Rs. 9,06,074 to Rs. 10,52,581, that is, by Rs. 1,46,507, and the working expenses (direct charges) from Rs. 6,48,060 to Rs. 6,97,691, or by Rs. 49,631. Including indirect charges the net revenue has increased from Rs. 2,08,234 to Rs. 3,01,334. The increase in the working expenses was due mainly to heavy silt clearances in the lower reaches of the Arrah Canal costing over Rs. 18,000 only required every fifth or sixth year, and to increased charges for engineering and revenue establishments amounting to Rs. 19,614 and Rs. 7,187 respectively. The works carried out under the head extensions and improvements were of a minor character, chiefly alterations to bridges. The Eastern Main Canal was closed from the 28th March to the 5th May 1892, and the Western Main Canal from the 6th to the 16th May, for silt clearance, and the lower portion of the Arrah Canal was closed for six weeks for the silt clearance already alluded to.

LENGTHS OF CANALS AND DISTRIBUTARIES.

75. The following table shows the lengths of canals and distributaries in operation, and the areas commanded, provided with distributaries, and irrigated, at the close of the last two years:—

NAME OF CANAL.	1891-92.								1892-93.							
	Navigable canals.	Canals for irrigation only.	Distributaries and village channels.	Area protected from flood.	Area under command.	Area provided with distributaries.	Area irrigated.	Percentage of area irrigated to area provided with distributaries.	Navigable canals.	Canals for irrigation only.	Distributaries.	Area protected from flood.	Area under command.	Area provided with distributaries.	Area irrigated.	Percentage of area irrigated to area provided with distributaries.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	
Eastern Sone Division. { Eastern Main	7½	...	9	...	15,462	15,462	2,969	19	7½	...	9	...	15,462	15,462	3,319	21
{ Patna	79	...	341¼	...	390,693	379,737	91,121	24	79	...	341¼	...	390,693	379,737	76,342	20
	86½	...	350¼	...	406,155	395,199	94,090	23	86½	...	350¼	...	406,155	395,199	79,661	20
Arrah Division. { Arrah	65¼	...	208	...	229,433	229,433	72,679	31	65¼	...	208	...	229,433	229,433	74,558	33
{ Dumraon Branch ...	...	40¼	149	...	209,817	209,817	55,330	26	...	40¼	149	...	209,817	209,817	53,596	25
{ Behea Branch	...	31	112	...	179,104	179,104	53,114	29	...	31	112	...	179,104	179,104	52,155	29
	65¼	71¼	469	...	618,354	618,354	18,123	29	65¼	71¼	469	...	618,354	618,354	180,309	29
Dehri Workshops Division—Western Main	9	...	-	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Buxar Division. { Western Main ...	12¼	...	45¾	...	89,480	89,480	} 62,556	30	12¼	...	45¾	...	89,480	89,480	} 35,277	[illegible]
{ Gurra Chowbey Branch	...	38	56	...	173,440	114,522			...	38	56	...	173,440	114,522		
{ Buxar	45½	...	181¼	...	233,600	209,569	} 136,954	39	45½	...	181¼	...	233,600	209,569	} 115,514	[illegible]
{ Chowsa Branch ...	...	39¼	105	...	212,480	133,384			...	39¼	105¾	...	212,480	133,728		
	57¾	77¼	388	..	709,000	546,955	199,510	36	57¾	77¼	388¾	...	709,000	547,299	150,791	[illegible]
SONE CANALS ...	218¼	148¾	1,207¼	...	1,733,509	1,560,508	474,723	30	218¼	148¾	1,208	...	1,733,509	1,560,852	410,761	[illegible]

The Government village channels which in 1891-92 were classed as village channels, have since the close of that year been classed as distributaries. The total length of distributaries was only increased by three quarters of a mile during the year, and the canals are now fully provided with them.

VILLAGE CHANNELS AND OUTLETS.

76. The length of village channels made by villagers up to the end of 1892-93 and the number of outlets in use during the year are shown below :—

DIVISION.	Total length of village channels completed up to end of 1892-93.	Total number of temporary and permanent outlets in use during 1892-93.	Number of permanent outlets.
1	2	3	4
	Miles.	No.	No.
Eastern Sone	381½	1,511	786
Arrah	833½	2,255	1,373
Buxar	659	1,458	589
Total, 1892-93 ...	1,874	5,224	2,748
Total, 1891-92 ...	1,987	5,943	2,356

The decrease in the length of channels in the Buxar Division is due to the fact that an unusually large number of channels was made during 1891-92 to irrigate the rabi crop of that year, when there was an extraordinary demand for water. These channels have now disappeared. Although there has been a reduction of 719 in the total number of outlets in consequence of the reduced rabi area of the year, which led to the removal of many temporary outlets, it is satisfactory to note that the number of permanent outlets has risen from 2,356 to 2,748.

RAINFALL.

77. The rainfall during the last five years registered at 22 stations on, or in the neighbourhood of, the Sone Canals is shown below:—

		Average of 22 Stations.				
		1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1		2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches	Inches.
Kharif season	August ...	18·49	12·01	14·47	9·11	15·47
	September...	7·35	5·90	6·58	4·09	4·27
	October ...	0·18	0·79	0·99	1·17	0·33
	Total ...	26·02	18·70	22·04	14·37	20·07
Rabi season ...	November ..	0·46	0·48	......	......	0·03
	December ...	......	......	0·01	......	......
	January ...	1·22	......	1·69	0·13	0·61
	February ..	1·30	0·01	0·39	1·03	2·07
	Total ...	2·98	0·49	2·09	1·16	2·71
	Whole year ...	47·34	39·27	52·86	29·12	38·36

The average rainfall for twenty years is 40·48 inches.

FLOODS.

78. There was no high flood in the Sone during the year, and the figures below show the highest level the water rose to, compared with the previous year and with the highest recorded flood. The R. L. of the crest of the weir is 334·00:—

RIVER SONE.

Locality.	1892-93—22nd July 1892.		1891-92—9th August 1891.		Highest known, 1876-77—7th July 1876.	
	Above weir.	Below weir.	Above weir	Below weir.	Above weir.	Below weir.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	R. L.	R. L.	R. L.	R. L.	R. L.	R. L.
Dehri ...	339·00	336·00	335·70	333·30	342·10	341·00
Baroon ...	341·10	338·60	337·50	335·40	343·50	342·70

The head sluices of the Western Main Canal were closed from 8 P.M. on the 22nd of July to 8 A.M. on the 23rd July to exclude silt from the canals. The head sluices of the Eastern Main Canal were similarly closed from 8 P.M. on the 22nd to 10 A.M. on the 23rd of July.

The highest flood readings recorded in this circle for the river Ganges in 1892-93 were as under:—

RIVER GANGES.

Locality.	Date.	Reading.	Highest known since 1875.	
			Date.	Reading.
1	2	3	4	5
		R. L.		R. L.
Buxar	9th September 1892 ...	197·38	6th August 1875 ...	200·71
Deegah	2nd ditto ...	165·95	14th August 1879 ...	169·20
Hajipur, confluence of rivers Ganges and Gandak ...	1st ditto ...	164·10	1st ditto ...	166·20

IRRIGATION.

79. The irrigation for ten years together with the rainfall over 16 stations actually situated on the canal irrigated area is shown below:—

Year.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Perennial. hot weather.	Total.	Rainfall.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.
1883-84 ...	215,790	117,960	16,864	350,614	32·91
1884-85 ...	246,740	100,239	23,682	370,661	31·37
1885-86 ...	217,072	87,936	27,562	332,570	44·52
1886-87 ...	177,510	60,639	30,055	268,204	58·84
1887-88 ...	220,428	69,945	25,007	315,380	40·18
1888-89 ...	238,895	100,142	16,872	355,909	45·43
1889-90 ...	230,741	55,613	18,928	305,282	49·65
1890-91 ...	211,726	51,318	17,970	281,014	52·23
1891-92 ...	248,819	210,907	14,997	474,723	26·82
1892-93 ...	274,839	126,195	9,727*	410,761	37·69

* Hot weather crop.

The copious rainfall that occurred during the rabi season accounts for the marked decrease in the area of rabi irrigation, compared with that of the previous year, when the rainfall was very scanty. The Superintending Engineer remarks:—

"It is indeed rather surprising that the rabi area was so great as it was, and the fact seems rather to show that the cultivators, who had been compelled by the bad season of 1891-92 to take canal water, had so far acknowledged its benefits that they took it again even in a rabi season of such abundant rainfall as that of the year under review."

The new rules under the Irrigation Act (Notification No. 42 of the 10th February 1891) which had been introduced in 1891-92 were fully in force during the year under review. Under these new rules irrigation is treated mainly by "seasons" and the rates are "season" rates, whereas the old rules treated irrigation more by crops. Under the new rules the area irrigated in any year is the sum of the areas irrigated in the three "seasons." This may lead in some cases to an apparent exaggeration of the area of a crop irrigated. For instance, if a sugarcane crop is irrigated in each of the three seasons—it is frequently irrigated in two—the total area shown under the new system as

irrigated during the year would be treble of the actual area of the crop. Although at first sight this may be held to be objectionable, it is actually correct, if it be allowed that the total area irrigated during the year is the sum of the areas irrigated in the three seasons. Under the old rules the rate for sugarcane under "annual" leases covered the irrigation of the crop in the kharif and rabi seasons, and if it was irrigated in the hot weather a separate lease was taken out. The total irrigated area of the year was found by adding the "hot weather" irrigation to other items (see appendix XIII for instance), this process really resulting in giving a total which included twice over those fields of sugarcane included in "five-year" and "sugarcane" leases which were also irrigated in the hot weather. In this, as in other respects, the old system was faulty.

On account of the change of rules and because one of the old crop rates (that for sugarcane) survived into part of 1891-92, a comparison of the areas irrigated in the two years cannot be made accurately.

80. The following statement gives the areas of each crop irrigated under annual and five-year leases up to 1891-92, and under season and long-term (seven and three-year) leases in 1892-93 under the new rules:—

Crop.		1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		Acres.
Kharif ...	Five-year leases ...	154,825	174,780	189,227	200,716	Long-term leases	235,637
	Annual leases ...	69,628	41,917	22,499	48,103	Season leases	39,202
	Total ...	224,453	216,697	211,726	248,819		274,839
Rabi ...	Five-year leases ...	27,408	31,128	20,761	20,274	Long-term leases	36,329
	Annual leases ...	69,817	20,336	20,632	177,308	Season leases	89,866
	Total ...	97,225	51,464	41,393	197,582		126,195
Sugarcane	Five-year leases ...	17,869	18,360	13,568	13,801	*	
	Annual leases ...	4,600	5,004	4,402	1,196	*	
	Total ...	22,469	23,364	17,970	14,997	...	
Hot-weather ...	...	11,762	13,757	9,925	13,325	Season leases	9,727
Grand Total	...	355,909	305,282	281,014	474,723		410,761
Total five-year leases	...	200,102	224,268	223,556	234,791	Total long-term leases	271,966
" annual leases	...	155,807	81,014	57,458	239,932	" season leases	138,795

* Under the new rules for the Sone Canals there are no separate leases for sugarcane. They are included in each season lease as explained above.

The total irrigation of the year 1892-93 may be stated in this way:—

		Acres.
Area irrigated under long-term leases ...	... ...	271,966
" " " season leases ...	... ...	129,356
" " by sale by volume ...	... ...	5,732
" " without permit ...	... ...	3,707
Total	...	410,761

DISTRIBUTION BY DIVISIONS.

The following statement shows the areas irrigated in 1892-93 in divisions and in subdivisions :—

		Acres.	Acres.
Eastern Sone Division—			
Daudnagar subdivision	... ...	42,029	
Bikram ditto	... ...	37,632	
			79,661
Arrah Division—			
Nasriganj subdivision	... ...	37,367	
Koath ditto	... ...	53,596	
Ramnaggar ditto	... ...	52,155	
Agaon ditto	... ...	37,191	
			180,309
Buxar Division—			
Sikroul subdivision	... ...	72,915	
Jamrore ditto	... ...	53,404	
Basawan ditto	... ...	24,472	
			150,791
Total	... ...		410,761

The year 1891-92 was the last in which any five-year leases were granted under the old rules. The new rules passed (in notification No. 42 of the 10th February 1892) by the Lieutenant-Governor under the Irrigation Act made marked changes in the system of leasing; under rule 71 the new schedule of long-term leases (schedule No. I) came into force on the 1st April 1892, and it is under this schedule that seven and three-year leases, which will in time entirely supersede the old five-year leases, have been introduced. It may perhaps be explained here that the seven-year leases are at the same rate of two rupees an acre (or Re. 1-4 a bigha) which obtained under the five-year leases, but that the three-year leases are rated at Rs. 2-8 an acre (or Re. 1-9 a bigha). In the year under review five-year leases for 44,553 acres lapsed, as they had run their course, and seven and three-year leases for a total area aggregating 65,066 acres were executed. The following statement shows by divisions the main facts with reference to these leases :—

Division.	Leases which lapsed on 31st March 1892.	Five-year leases in force on 1st April 1892.	Leases entered into during 1892-93.		Total area under long-term leases in 1892-93.
			Seven-year leases.	Three-year leases.	
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Eastern Sone	10,235	42,756	18,794	686	62,236
Arrah	21,057	89,490	21,920	4,975	116,385
Buxar	13,261	58,652	13,880	4,811	77,343
Total ...	44,553	190,898	54,594	10,472	255,964

81. The areas actually irrigated in each division since the year 1888-89 are shown by crops in the following statement :—

Year.	Eastern Sone Division.						Arrah Division.					
	Five-year leases.	Annual leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Sugarcane.	Hot-weather.	Total.	Five-year leases.	Annual leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Sugarcane.	Hot-weather.	Total.
	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.
1888-89	37,117	21,750	7,720	404	4	66,995	101,489	25,025	27,244	2,566	9,025	165,349
1889-90	40,917	15,602	3,227	295	...	60,041	108,057	12,411	11,854	3,201	10,215	145,738
1890-91	46,116	12,177	2,505	504	...	61,302	108,999	8,637	11,786	2,819	7,566	139,807
1891-92	53,263	23,385	17,237	205	...	94,090	109,204	17,331	43,361	850	10,377	181,123

Year.	Buxar Division.						Total for all Divisions.					
	Five-year leases.	Annual leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Sugarcane.	Hot-weather.	Total.	Five-year leases.	Annual leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Sugarcane.	Hot-weather.	Total.
	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Ac[illegible]
1888-89	61,496	22,863	34,853	1,630	2,733	123,565	200,102	69,628	69,817	4,600	11,762	355,[illegible]
1889-90	75,294	13,904	5,255	1,508	3,542	99,503	224,268	41,917	20,336	5,004	15,757	305,[illegible]
1890-91	68,441	1,685	6,341	1,079	2,359	79,905	223,556	22,499	20,632	4,402	9,925	281,[illegible]
1891-92	72,324	7,387	116,710	141	2,948	199,510	234,791	48,103	177,308	1,196	13,325	474,[illegible]

Year.	Eastern Sone Division.					Arrah Division.				
	Long-term leases.	Season leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Hot-weather.	Total.	Long-term leases.	Season leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Hot-weather.	Total.
	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.
1892-93	64,801	7,873	6,987	...	79,661	124,814	14,835	35,996	4,664	180,309

Year.	Buxar Division.					Total for all Divisions.				
	Long-term leases.	Season leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Hot-weather.	Total.	Long-term leases.	Season leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Hot-weather.	Total.
	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.
1892-93	82,351	16,494	46,883	5,063	150,791	271,966	39,202	89,866	9,727	410,76[illegible]

The area measured during 1892-93 was 111·87 per cent. of the area for which permits were issued. The proportion of flow to lift irrigation was as 24·6 to 1.

DUTY OF WATER.

82. The average gross discharge is the average supply entering at the head of the canal or series of canals named: the discharge utilised is the discharge at the head less the quantity gauged as escaping from recognised escapes. These duties show a decided improvement over those of the previous year in the kharif season, but the rabi duties are far lower than those of 1891-92, as is shown by the following table:—

Kharif.

	1892-93.		1891-92.		1890-91.	
	Acres.	Duty.	Acres.	Duty.	Acres.	Duty.
Eastern Main Canal Series ...	68,284	56·43	75,037	57·59	56,600	55·22
Arrah Canal System ...	122,471	70·46	119,304	61·25	112,584	86·87
Buxar Canal System ...	84,084	74·87	69,465	55·13	60,512	79·20
Western Main Canal Series ...	206,555	71·52	188,779	57·94	173,096	83·66
Sone Canals ...	274,839	67·06	263,816	57·84	229,696	74·24

Rabi.

	Acres.	Duty.	Acres.	Duty.	Acres.	Duty.
Eastern Main Canal Series ...	11,377	45·51	20,851	48·60	6,735	20·72
Arrah Canal System ...	53,174	76·73	60,115	70·39	30,492	57·75
Buxar Canal System ...	61,644	96·77	131,613	130·82	22,136	55·48
Western Main Canal Series ...	114,818	86·33	191,728	103·02	52,628	56·77
Sone Canals ...	126,195	79·87	212,579	92·83	59,363	47·41

In the case of the Sone Canals, the most important duty is that obtained at the period of maximum demand, as the area leased in the kharif season is restricted to that which it may reasonably be expected can be irrigated at that time.

In the year under review the rainfall in October (Subsidiary Form IVE*a*) was very deficient, and there was a large demand for water. During the ten days ending on the 19th October, when the demand was greatest, the average supply required for the irrigation on the Western Main Canal Series was 3,939 cubic feet per second for 193,118 acres of kharif (exclusive of sugarcane), which is equivalent to a duty of 49 acres per c. ft. per second to the lease of ten days. On the Eastern Main Canal Series the corresponding figure was 42 acres only.

CROP EXPERIMENTS.

83. *Crop experiments.*—The following tables show the results of the experiments made during the year to determine the yield of rice crops, wheat irrigated from the canals during the year 1892-93:—

TABLE I.

Result of experiments on "good" rice crops irrigated with canal water for the year 1892-93.

Division.	Number of experiments.	Average yield per acre weighed dry.				Remarks.
		Grain.		Straw.		
		Maunds.	Seers.	Maunds.	Seers.	
Arrah	13	32	38	68	27	
Buxar	14	30	22	68	0	
Eastern Sone	40	42	33	111	2	
Sone Circle average ...	87	37	4	88	1	

N.B.—A good crop means a crop decidedly above the average crop in the village in which it was taken.

TABLE II.

Result of experiments on "good" rabi crops irrigated with canal water for the year 1892-93.

Division.	Staple.	Irrigated with canal water.				
		Number of experiments made.	Average yield per acre.			
			Grain.		Straw.	
			Maunds.	Seers.	Maunds.	Seers.
Eastern Sone ..	Wheat ...	16	24	28	49	4
Arrah	" ...	57	16	38	27	7
Buxar	" ...	34	14	6	22	13
Sone Circle average ...	...	107	17	8	28	36

The Superintending Engineer makes the following interesting comments upon the effects on the land of continued irrigation with Sone water:—

"It is rather remarkable that the average results of "good" rice crops show a steady improvement year by year, thus:—

Weight of grain from "good" rice crops irrigated with canal water.

	1892-93.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1889-90.
	Mds. srs.	Mds. srs.	Mds. srs.	Mds. srs.
Sone Circle average ...	37 4	36 14	32 2	31 19

and this appears to suggest that one result of irrigation with the silty waters of the Sone, instead of the clear water from ahrahs and from rainfall, is to improve the soil and thus produce superior crops. It would be straining these figures too far to say that they prove this proposition, but they are certainly evidence in that direction. The fact that silt is valuable to the fields needs no proof; the magnificent crops which have been produced in Egypt for 6,000 years or more, with no deterioration of the soil, have established that fact. It is

known that irrigation from the Sone Canals insures the rice crop in bad years from failure; it did so in 1888-89: it is known that the irrigation with canal water of a field, not previously watered by the canals increases the outturn. If it is also true that continuous irrigation for a series of years produces a further increase of crop by improvement of the soil to even half the extent which the above table indicates, the value to the landowner and raiyat of canal irrigation is very vastly in excess of the water paid by the latter. It was asserted at the time of the Sone Canals Commission in 1887-88 that not only was the crop produced by the aid of canal water inferior, but that the longer the land was irrigated, the worse the crop became. The facts which have been collected from these crop experiments are strong evidence that these statements were false, and stronger evidence is found in the fact that the time has already come when the canals in a period of even ordinary demand are not able to satisfy the demands of the people for rice irrigation."

DEMANDS, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES.

84. The demands, collections, and balances of water-rates for the last five years are shown below:—

YEAR.	Amount outstanding at commencement of year.	Amount falling due for recovery during the year.	Total for recovery.	Cash realization.	Remitted or written off.	Balance at the end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs
1888-89 ...	4,11,281	7,53,217	11,64,498	7,59,556	24,329	3,80,613
1889-90 ...	3,80,613	7,52,788	11,33,401	8,16,394	35,225	2,81,782
1890-91 ...	2,81,782	6,29,124	9,10,906	6,44,718	21,460	2,44,728
1891-92 ...	2,44,728	6,93,685	9,38,413	8,11,750	15,220	1,11,443
1892-93 ...	1,11,443	9,50,733	10,62,176	9,59,472	14,914	87,790

The Examiner gives the "assessments of the year" as Rs. 8,91,632, but the above statement shows the "amount falling due during the year" as Rs. 9,50,733, which is arrived at in this way:—

	Rs.	Rs.
Examiner's "assessments of the year" ...	...	8,91,632
Add—The assessments of the rabi of 1891-92 which were "received" in that year but legally due in 1892-93	87,567	63,208
Deduct—The assessments of the rabi of 1892-93 which were "received" in that year but legally due in 1893-94	24,359	
		9,54,840
Deduct—Certain excess recoveries which are treated as "amounts falling due during the year" (see paragraph 21 of Deputy Collector's revenue report)		4,107
Amount falling due during the year		9,50,733

The Examiner gives the outstanding balance at the end of the year as Rs. 1,12,149 instead of Rs. 87,790 as shown above. The Superintending Engineer offers the following explanation of the difference:—

"The demand statements for the rabi crop ought to be submitted to the Deputy Collector on the 15th March, but it is hardly possible to do this; some are submitted before and some after the last day of March. The Deputy Collector includes in his account of "assessments received during the year" all demand statements which reach him between 1st April and 31st March inclusive, and the Examiner's "balance outstanding" is based on those assessments. It is the fact, however, that the money due on the rabi assessments is not legally due until the 1st April, so the amount included in rabi "assessments received during the year" is not "outstanding at the end of the year," although it may be "outstanding on the 1st April" of the next year. The Examiner's figure exaggerates the true outstandings. If all the money legally due on the 1st April were collected on that day, the Examiner's figure, which is really based on the accounts for March, would still show a balance due, although such balance would not exist. At the end of March 1893, the rabi "assessments received during the year" by the Deputy Collector amounted to Rs. 24,359, so that the true "outstanding at the end of the year was (1,12,149—24,359) Rs. 87,790."

The amounts assessed during the last three years as unauthorised use of water and as wastage of water are shown below :—

	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
For unauthorised use of water ...	913	2,734	13,861	14,549
For wastage of water ...	224	256	314	105

ARREARS.

85. In the following statement the Deputy Collector shows the extent to which the arrears as well as current demand have been worked off:—

	Demand of 1892-93 consisting of	Collected or remitted in 1892-93.	Percentage of demand adjusted.	Unadjusted balance at close of year.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Arrears previous to 1890-91	11,626	11,626	...	...
Arrears of 1890-91	4,481	4,207	93·8	274
" of 1891-92	95,337	88,258	92·5	7,079
Total arrears outstanding on 1st April 1892 ...	1,11,444	1,04,091	93·4	7,353
Current demand for 1892-93	9,50,732	8,70,295	91·5	80,437
Total ...	10,62,176	9,74,386	91·7	87,790

There is on the whole a reduction on the outstanding balance of Rs. 1,23,653, but the rabi assessments which formerly became due on the 31st March, and are now due on the 1st April, no longer form a part of the balance.

COLLECTIONS.

86. The following statement gives the collections in each district :—

District.	Demand.			Adjustments.				Balance on 31st March 1893.	Percentage, column 8 on column 4.
	Arrears on 31st March 1892.	Current demand for 1892-93.	Total.	Collection.	Remission made by canal officers.	Written off as irrecoverable.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Shahabad	56,678	7,72,654	8,29,332	7,71,169	1,837	1,443	7,74,449	54,883	93·3
Patna	29,154	74,280	1,03,434	74,778	8,476	1,583	84,837	18,597	82·0
Gaya	25,611	1,03,798	1,29,410	1,13,525	965	610	1,15,100	14,310	88·9
Total ...	1,11,443	9,50,732	10,62,176	9,59,472	11,278	3,636	9,74,386	87,790	91·7

The collections during the year were everywhere satisfactory and show improvement over those of the preceding year. The heavy balance of Rs. 6,95,306 in 1884-85 was reduced to Rs. 87,790 at the close of the year under review. This result is very creditable to the Deputy Collector and his staff.

Besides the collections of Rs. 9,66,712 shown above, a further sum of Rs. 7,239 was credited to water-rate accounts as below:—

	Rs.
Surplus or excess recoveries	4,107
Process fees in certificate cases	2,945
Miscellaneous	187
Total ...	7,239

REMISSIONS.

87. The sums remitted during the year under review and the preceding year according to the figures given by the Examiner of Accounts are:—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
By Canal officers ...	2,555	2,171
By Civil " ...	12,665	8,252
	15,220	10,423

According to the figures supplied by the Superintending Engineer the remissions are—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
Written off by Civil officers as irrecoverable ...	11,510	12,743
Remissions granted by Executive Engineers ...	3,304	4,620
Extraordinary remissions by Superintending Engineer ...	1,248	...
Remitted on revised and cancelled khatianies ...	1,365	1,921
	17,427	19,284

Leaving out the extraordinary items amounting to Rs. 9,107, which were misappropriated by tahsildars in past years in the Patna district under the old system of collections which is not real remission, and Rs. 2,449 treated as refunds of revenue and charged to working expenses, there remains Rs. 5,807, which is the actual remission during the year. This amount consists of Rs. 2,172 granted by the Canal officers to correct wrong and unfair assessments, and Rs. 3,635 remitted by the Revenue officers owing to death or absconding of rate-payers, or owing to their being too poor to pay. Compared with 1890-91 and 1891-92, when the amounts remitted were Rs. 21,460 and Rs. 15,221, the result is apparently favorable, but is really so only in the case of sums written off as irrecoverable by civil officers. The remissions by Executive Engineers were in excess of those granted during the previous year, and besides demand statements aggregating Rs. 1,921 were cancelled as against Rs. 1,365 in 1891-92. This unsatisfactory result is probably not unconnected with the delay in submitting demand statements, which it is claimed were held back with the view of ensuring greater accuracy. The Superintending-Engineer is taking steps to bring about an improvement in this respect.

The ordinary remissions by the Executive Engineers are classified in the following table:—

Class.	Causes.	Eastern Sone Division.	Arrah Division.	Buxar Division.	Total, 1892-93.	Total 1891-92.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
a	Charged by mistake for land cultivated by others	...	...	...	...	23
b	Excess measurement or errors in calculation	557	189	194	940	417
c	Lift charged as flow	25	38	156	219	61
d	Irrigation not denied, but remitted as not chargeable under the Act ...	59	4	170	233	797
e	Land not having been irrigated at all	733	162	110	1,005	691
f	Injury to crop due to insufficient supply	193	69	...	262	694
g	Land thrown temporarily out of cultivation	...	1	69	70	...
h	(Applicable to long leases only) Failure of crop originally sown, rule 82	27	382	1,162	1,571	306
i	Land appropriated for other purposes than cultivation	...	16	...	16	42
j	Double assessment, as when land assessed on a season lease is subsequently included in a long lease in the same year	189	88	27	304	363
	Total ...	1,783	949	1,888	4,620	3,304

The increase in the amount remitted is not satisfactory, as evincing less careful preparation of the demand statement. The increase under head *h* is

mainly due to rule 82, having been held by some Executive Engineers to justify remissions in cases to which it was scarcely intended to apply. The matter is now under consideration.

The remissions implying errors in assessments were for the last five years as follows:—

1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
18,813	11,284	6,555	3,304	4,620

The percentage on the gross demand of remissions by canal officers is as follows:—

	Percentage of remissions to gross demand.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.
Eastern Sone Division ...	0·68	0·73
Arrah " ...	0·31	0·24
Buxar " ...	0·22	0·41

REVENUE ESTABLISHMENT.

88. The expenditure on the revenue establishments employed during the year under review and the four previous years is shown below:—

PARTICULARS.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Establishment under Collector.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Permanent establishment, including travelling allowances.	29,427	30,589	31,253	40,997	58,538
2. Temporary establishment ..	1,011	710	687	4,752	3,070
3. Contingencies ...	2,878	2,522	2,398	2,784	2,663
4. Fees to tahsildars or establishment employed in lieu thereof.	28,362	28,603	24,499	16,868	2,580*
Fees to patwaris, Rule 40	4,128	3,763	3,988	2,205	1,152
Establishment under Executive Engineer.					
Permanent and temporary establishment, including travelling allowances.	48,717	51,635	48,105	50,228	52,187
Contingencies	3,338	3,695	3,500	5,443	4,768
Water-regulation establishment ...	2,270	2,299	2,235	2,286	2,310
Headmen's fees	38,118	29,007	28,861	26,550	32,032
Total ...	1,58,249	1,52,823	1,45,528	1,52,113	1,59,300
Collections of water-rates and miscellaneous revenue by the Canal Revenue Department.	7,63,376	8,19,762	6,47,839	8,15,858	9,71,202
Percentage	20·7	18·6	22·3	18·66	16·4

* Lumberdar's fees and contractor's percentage.

The increased expenditure is due to the large rabi irrigation of the previous year and to the heavy collections of that under review. A large part of the expense of the rabi assessments of 1891-92 is shown in the accounts of 1892-93, the headmen's fees being wholly calculated on the assessments of the previous year. The result of substituting fixed establishments for tahsildars paid by fees has been an increase in cost of from Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 3,000 a year, accompanied, however, by a very considerable increase in the efficiency of the staff. Columns 3 and 4 of the table are not altogether satisfactory, as the establishment is also employed on matters connected with areas measured and assessed in previous years. They are, however, useful for purposes of comparison.

89. The cost per acre of assessments, including permanent and temporary establishments and headmen's fees, is given in the statement below:— ASSESSMENTS.

Division.	Areas measured and assessed during 1892-93.	Cost of permanent and temporary establishment.		Area which concerns headmen's fees.	Headmen's fees earned.		Total cost of assessments per acre.	
		Total.	Per acre assessed.		Total.	Per acre assessed.	1892-93.	1891-92.
	Acres.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Eastern Sone	34,340	10,955	0 5 1	77,096	5,741	0 1 2	0 6 3	0 4 3
Arrah ...	82,390	20,157	0 3 11	1,71,880	11,386	0 1 1	0 5 0	0 4 3
Buxar ...	87,131	17,586	0 3 3	1,45,783	9,412	0 1 0	0 4 3	0 2 7
Total ...	203,861	48,698	0 3 9	3,94,759	26,539	0 1 1	0 4 10	0 3 6

90. The number of complaints, such as objections to assessments actually made, or petitions alleging damage from the canals, and their disposal is shown in the following statement:— COMPLAINTS.

Division.	(I)—Ordinary remission.				(II to V)—Other complaints.			Total complaints received during year, excluding those pending from previous year.	Pending.
	Received during the year and pending from previous year.	Disposed of.		Pending.	Received during the year and pending from last year.	Disposed of.	Pending.		
		Remission allowed.	Remission refused.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Eastern Sone ...	857	210	620	27	16	16	...	719	27
Arrah	2,848	1,133	1,495	220	160	155	5	2,770	225
Buxar	4,032	1,128	2,594	330	79	66	13	3,994	343
Total, 1892-93 ...	7,737	2,471	4,760	577	255	237	18	7,483	595
Total, 1891-92 ...	4,725	1,274	2,974	477	243	191	52	4,855	529
Total, 1890-91 ...	3,703	1,598	1,996	109	194	190	4	3,121	113

The Superintending Engineer writes:—

"There is an increase in the number of complaints in the Arrah Division from 2,333 in 1891-92 to 2,770 in 1892-93, mainly due to the partial failure of the hot weather supply: in the Buxar Division the increase is from 737 to 3,944; in the Eastern Sone Division there is a decrease from 1,785 to 719; the increases are largely under the heads "(*b*) excess measurements" and "(*e*) land charge not having been irrigated." The cause assigned for the increase in the Buxar Division is that in the heavy rabi season of 1891-92 there was no time to check the rabi khasrahs before the khationees had been despatched, and afterwards mistakes were found to have occurred. Out of 7,417 complaints dealt with during the year, one-third were held to be good and two-thirds were refused. The number of cases in which the petitioners were not satisfied with, or at any rate did not accept, the orders of the canal officers in the 7,417 cases dealt with, was 33 only; in these cases an appeal was made to the

Collector of the district. Out of 45 such cases about 25 per cent. were allowed by the Collectors to be good and 75 per cent. of the appeals were rejected" The following table shows the figures in the different Divisions :—

Division.	Number of appeals.		Appeals allowed.	Appeals discharged.	Pending.
	Pending from last year.	Instituted during the year.			
1	2	3	4	5	6
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Eastern Sone ...	2	6	1	5	2
Arrah ...	10	23	10	23	...
Buxar ...	...	4	...	4	...
Total ...	12	33	11	32	2

Applications.—The following statement gives the number of applications disposed of during the year, the detail being given in Appendix XIII :—

Division.	Received during the year and pending from last year.	Granted.	Refused.	Pending at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5
	No.	No.	No.	No.
Eastern Sone ...	1,281	602	552	127
Arrah ...	2,425	565	1,557	303
Buxar ...	1,082	409	469	204
Total, 1892-93	4,788	1,576	2,578	634
Total, 1891-92	5,025	1,867	2,412	746
Total 1890-91	4,335	2,312	1,557	466

APPEALS.

91. There were, including 12 pending from the previous year, 45 appeals to the Collectors of districts against Executive Engineers' decisions. Of these 11 were allowed, 32 discharged, and two had not been decided at the close of the year.

Nine cases were decided by Engineers vested with magisterial powers under the Bengal Irrigation Act. Twenty-five persons accused of offences under the Act were convicted, and twenty-five discharged. The amount of fines imposed was Rs. 357, and the number of days' imprisonment thirty-eight.

CERTIFICATES.

92. The Special Deputy Collector in charge of the collections still continues to deal with the certificates required in realising water-rates.

The amount of certificate work done in each district during the year under review, as compared with that of the previous year, is shown in the following statement:—

	Shahabad.				Patna.				Gaya.				Total.			
	1891-92.		1892-93.		1891-92.		1892-93.		1891-92.		1892-93.		1891-92.		1892-93.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Cases for disposal—		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1. Cases pending at the close of the preceding year.	245	6,202	156	2,028	1,312	16,325	67	6,888	29	2,757	11	277	1,586	25,284	234	9,193
2. Cases instituted during the year ...	3,152	27,853	2,423	20,101	8	2,152	287	3,067	18	1,171	193	1,911	3,178	31,176	2,903	25,079
Total ...	3,397	34,055	2,579	22,129	1,320	18,477	354	9,955	47	3,928	204	2,188	4,764	56,460	3,137	34,272
Cases disposed of—																
1. By being struck off owing to the demand having been remitted and cancelled.	208	2,490	86	1,238	55	9,925	70	4,602	17	3,467	8	152	280	15,882	164	5,992
2. By being wholly satisfied ...	3,033	29,537	2,395	19,227	1,198	1,664	247	3,601	19	184	178	1,925	4,250	31,385	2,820	24,753
Total ...	3,241	32,027	2,481	20,465	1,253	11,589	317	8,203	36	3,651	186	2,077	4,530	47,267	2,984	30,745
Balance outstanding at the close of the year.	156	2,028	98	1,664	67	6,888	37	1,752	11	277	18	111	234	9,193	153	3,527

The number for disposal was 3,137, inclusive of the outstanding balance from last year, covering a sum of Rs. 34,272 as compared with Rs. 4,764 and Rs. 56,460 in the previous year. The demand adjusted was Rs. 30,745 as against Rs. 47,267, the remissions being Rs. 5,992 compared with Rs. 15,882. The outstanding balance was reduced from Rs. 9,193 to Rs. 3,527, and the number of cases pending at the close of the year shows a satisfactory decrease of 81 cases.

The following are the Deputy Collector's remarks:—

"In Shahabad, where the arrears were generally at a normal level, there was a decrease in the number of cases. In Patna and Gaya, there was necessity for larger institutions, with a view to the adjustment of very old arrears outstanding since the year 1883-84. It may be here observed that in Patna the institutions were not above the average; on the contrary, less. Here in 1891-92 the institutions were almost nil, as in this year all the good and realizable arrears were got in, leaving only the bad debts to be dealt with in the year under report. All the 153 cases left pending at the close of the year have since been disposed of, with only eight exceptions.

Resistance to process.—Two cases of resistance to processes were prosecuted before the Criminal Court, and in both these conviction was obtained."

93. The following statements show the receipts from navigation for the last five years:— NAVIGATION.

NAVIGATION RECEIPTS.

Year.	Eastern Main Series.			Western Main Series.			Total.	Total tollage only.
	Number of miles open.	Tollage receipts.	Transport service receipts.	Number of miles open.	Tollage receipts.	Transport service receipts.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	No.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1888-89	86¼	24,876	60*	132¼	27,286	5,607*	57,829	54,162
1889-90	86¼	25,189	...	132¼	26,000	6,570*	57,759	51,189
1890-91	86¼	28,465	...	132¼	28,128	9,036*	65,629	56,593
1891-92	86¼	25,602	...	132¼	31,737	9,178*	66,517	57,339
1892-93	86¼	20,832	...	132¼	29,164	9,093*	59,089	49,996

* There is no longer any Government transport service. These receipts are on account of hire of steamers, boats and sundries.

TOLLAGE.

TOLLAGE (ASSESSED).

YEAR.	Patna Canal system, Eastern Main Canal series.	Arrah Canal system.	Buxar Canal system.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1888-89	25,165	18,121	8,826	52,412
1889-90	24,271	18,565	7,479	50,315
1890-91	28,526	18,180	9,998	56,704
1891-92	25,455	21,048	10,789	57,292
1892-93	20,963	18,196	10,869	50,028

TRAFFIC.

COMPARISON OF TRAFFIC.

	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Number of miles open ... No.	218½	218½	218½	218½	218½
Toll collections ... Rs.	52,412	50,315	56,704	57,292	50,028
Collections per mile ... "	240	230	259	262	229
Boats, including empties ... No.	8,096	8,058	8,644	8,645	6,710
Tonnage of boats ... Tons.	106,788	104,390	114,996	129,147	97,841
Estimated value of cargo, including rafts ... Rs.	58,04,029	49,36,564	65,25,714	70,06,595	57,32,365

The decrease in all items was caused by the rather poor outturn of crops in all but the irrigated parts of the district, the result of the scanty rainfall of the previous year.

TRANSPORT SERVICE.

94. The transport service was worked by Messrs. Hodges and Radford under the contract which had been renewed for two years from 1st December 1892. The charges, Rs. 600 per month for steamer hire, and Rs. 500 for compounded tolls, are the same as in past years. The ordinary repairs of the steamers which belong to Government are executed by the lessees.

The extent of the traffic in connection with the steamers is shown below:—

PARTICULARS.	Arrah Canal.	Buxar Canal.	Patna Canal.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
Passengers carried { Up ... No.	11,665	8,295	4,192	24,152
Passengers carried { Down "	11,217	8,027	4,225	23,469
Cargo carried { Up ... Tons.	399	251	971	1,621
Cargo carried { Down ... "	918	465	773	2,156

On the Arrah and Buxar Canal the steamers make two, trips each way in every week. On the Patna Canal, which is the longer route the steamer makes

only one trip each way in a week. For the hire of the steamers Rs. 7,220 was realized during the year.

There are in addition to the steamers four cargo boats, the property of Government, for the hire of which Rs. 1,710 was received during the year, besides which Rs. 163 was recovered by way of fees for the use of the accommodation boats and mud punts.

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

95. The following table shows the details of the miscellaneous receipts for the last five years :—

PARTICULARS.		1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1		2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sale of water		387	514	393	1,056	805
Plantations		383	279	355	995	862
Other canal produce		1,816	1,542	1,815	742	967
Water-power		835	769	1,158	1,049	1,138
Rent of buildings		8,247	8,313	8,164	8,397	8,807
Fines		224	28	40	5	362
Miscellaneous	Rent of lands ...	7,995	6,939	8,114	9,920	9,241
	Fisheries ...	734	597	431	489	523
	Cost of process ...	3,739	3,244	2,937	3,769	2,955
	Sale of old materials	102	17	121	82	35
	Other items ...	2,042	1,100	2,610	5,323	3,529
Total ...		26,504	23,342	26,128	31,827	29,214

MAINTENANCE CHARGES.

96. The expenditure on works and maintenance will now be briefly reviewed.

EXTENSIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

The principal works executed under "extensions and improvements," on which Rs. 6,541 were spent, have already been described in paragraph 74.

REPAIRS.

97. The expenditure on maintenance and repairs by main sub-heads for the last three years is shown below :—

PARTICULARS.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Head works ...	20,353	20,922	22,374
Main canal, including branches	1,78,593	1,75,837	2,00,130*
Distributaries	67,616	58,248	55,918
Drainage and protective works...	6,101	3,622	2,157
Cost of working transport service	...	1,155	...
Compensation	168	28	...
Total ...	2,72,831	2,59,832	2,80,579

* Includes Rs. 600 for the Arrah-Dehri Telegraph line, and Rs. 4,491 on account of a theft money in the Revenue Division and of money embezzled in the Patna district.

REPAIRS TO HEAD WORKS.

98. The figures below give the cost of repairs to head works during the last three years :—

	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Weir on Sone River ...	11,151	11,617	14,058
Other works ...	8,743	8,773	7,577
Total ...	19,894	20,390	21,635

The increased cost of maintenance of the Sone weir is due to extra dredging which had to be done in the Sone river during the year.

MAINTENANCE OF MAIN CANALS AND DISTRIBUTARIES.

99. Details of the expenditure on maintenance and repairs on the main canals and distributaries in each division during the last three years are given in the following statement:—

	Arrah Division.			Buxar Division.			Eastern Sone Division.			Total.		
	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Western Main Canal ...	44,777	47,077	45,304	16,167	12,002	11,303	...	...	...	60,944	59,079	56,607
Eastern ditto ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29,398	32,423	28,059	29,398	32,423	28,050
Canals*	26,550	23,344	43,208	15,896	13,822	13,861	26,166	28,713	30,852	68,612	65,879	87,921
Branch Canals	12,540	10,798	13,805	7,514	9,367	9,989	...	...	...	20,054	20,165	23,794
Distributaries	33,706	24,943	24,668	17,747	16,927	15,587	16,161	16,377	15,663	67,614	58,247	55,908
Drainage and protective works	4,332	1,841	1,099	...	140	102	1,76 8	1,605	956	6,100	3,586	2,157
Total ...	1,21,905	1,08,003	1,28,084	57,324	52,258	50,842	73,493	79,118	75,530	2,52,722	2,39,379	2,54,456

* Includes cost of maintaining the Telegraph line from Arrah to Dehri.

An increase of Rs. 15,077 has taken place in the total expenditure during the year, as compared with 1891-92.

The lower portion of the Arrah Canal was closed during the year for six weeks, a longer period than usual. Advantage was taken of the long closure to carry out a good deal of work in repairs and silt clearance, and this was the main cause of the increase under those heads. The increase in the Buxar Division was mainly due to heavy repairs to bridges on the Main Western and Gurra Chowbey Branch Canal. In the Western Main Canal the decrease was the result of the efforts to effect economy in working the dredgers.

SILT-CLEARING AND DREDGING.

100. The following table shows the quantity of silt dredged from the Eastern and Western Main and Buxar Canals, and the rate at which the work was done during the last three years:—

CANALS.	1890-91.			1891-92.			1892-93.		
	Quantity dredged.	Cost, including removal over spoil bank, or discharge into river.	Rate per 1,000 cubic feet.	Quantity dredged.	Cost, including removal over spoil bank, or discharge into river.	Rate per 1,000 cubic feet.	Quantity dredged.	Cost, including removal over spoil bank, or discharge into river.	Rate per 1,000 cubic feet.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	C. ft.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	C. ft.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	C. ft.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Eastern Main and Patna ...	2,235,724	11,747	5 4 0	1,706,541	10,905	6 6 2	1,842,959	10,783	5 13 6
Western Main (1—9 miles) ...	7,833,182	45,498	5 12 11	6,749,057	43,040	6 6 0	6,725,424	40,368	6 0 0
Buxar Canal	720,117	2,970	4 1 11	187,000	1,123	6 0 0	...	...	...
River Sone	1,502,555	2,148	1 6 10	1,921,530	3,990	2 1 2	3,376,392	7,309	2 2 7
Head Lock	66,224	281	4 3 10	64,124	313	4 14 1	1,23,939	506	4 1 3
Total ...	12,357,802	62,644	5 1 1	10,628,252	59,371	5 9 3	12,068,714	58,966	4 8 4

In addition to the above, the following dredging work was done in the Arrah and Buxar Divisions during the year:—

Arrah Division.—Fouracres' dredgers were employed in this Division in dredging silt: 630,457 cubic feet were dredged in the Nasriganj subdivision at a cost of Rs. 2,893, and 135,440 were dredged in the Ageaon subdivision at a cost of Rs. 890.

Buxar Division.—In this Division a Fouracres' dredger was at work for 567 hours in the 13th mile of the Main Western Canal, where it excavated 213,448 cubic feet of silt at a cost of Rs. 964. The same dredger also works at lock No. 1 of the Buxar Canal, where 6,930 cubic feet of silt were excavated at a cost of Rs. 68.

The rates shown in the above table include the cost of lifting the silt into barges and of carrying it either over the spoil banks or into the river. The rates necessarily vary much under the latter head owing to different heights of spoil bank and of different lengths of lead to the river.

The cost of lifting the silt on to the barges or dredging proper was as shown below:—

	1890-91.			1891-92.			1892-93.		
	Quantity dredged.	Cost of dredging.	Rate per 1,000 cubic feet.	Quantity dredged.	Cost of dredging.	Rate per 1,000 cubic feet.	Quantity dredged.	Cost of dredging.	Rate per 1,000 cubic feet.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	C. ft.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	C. ft.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	C. ft.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Eastern Main and Patna ...	2,235,724	3,674	1 10 8	1,706,541	3,186	1 13 10	1,842,959	2,605	1 6 7
Western Main	7,833,182	15,276	1 15 2	6,749,057	12,734	1 14 2	6,725,424	12,483	1 13 8
Buxar	720,117	1,385	1 14 9	187,000	374	2 0 0	...	...	...
River Sone	1,502,555	1,928	1 4 6	1,921,530	3,571	1 13 7	3,376,392	6,727	1 15 10
Head Lock	66,224	208	3 2 3	64,124	177	2 12 1	123,939	346	3 5 5
Total ...	12,357,802	22,471	1 13 1	10,628,252	20,042	1 14 2	12,068,714	22,161	2 2 4

Taking the Eastern Main and Patna Canal together, the cost of "lifting" the silt was only Rs. 1-6-7 per 1,000 cubic feet as compared with Rs. 1-13-10 in 1891-92 and Rs. 1-10-3 in 1890-91. A considerable reduction. The cost for "labour" is also less than in 1891-92. The cost for "discharging" was Rs. 4-6-11 per 1,000 cubic feet against Rs. 4-8-4 in the previous year. The total cost per 1,000 cubic feet of removing the silt was Rs. 5-13-6 as compared with Rs. 6-6-2 in 1891-92.

101. The statement below compares the expenditure on repairs to dredgers during the year under review with that of the two previous years:—

	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
12 Fouracres' dredgers	6,857	7,004	6,752
2 Bruce's ditto	436	750	546
2 English ditto	3,552	3,170	3,081
Mud punts ...	4,790	3,009	3,076
Total ...	15,635	13,933	13,455

102. The cost of lifting the silt on to barges, for each class of dredger used, including interest on capital cost and expenditure on repairs, is compared by Superintending Engineer as follows:—

	Average cost in 1892-93 of lifting per 1,000 cubic feet.	Interest on capital cost per 1,000 cubic feet lifted.	Cost of repairs per 1,000 cubic feet lifted.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Fouracres' dredgers ...	1 14 1	0 8 7	0 13 7	3 4 3
Bruce's dredger ...	1 11 2	0 12 4	0 5 1	2 12 7
English ladder dredgers	2 1 4	1 6 8	0 14 5	4 6 5

These figures do not include the charges for interest and repairs of mud punts amounting to 14 annas and 11 pies for each class of dredger. The results show that the Bruce's dredgers are the most economical.

103. The quantity of silt cleared by hand from main canals in the Eastern Sone Division and the cost, compared with the figures for the two previous years, is shown below:—

	1890-91.			1891-92.			1892-93.		
	Quantity cleared by hand.	Cost.	Rate.	Quantity cleared by hand.	Cost.	Rate.	Quantity cleared by hand.	Cost.	Rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	C. feet.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	C. feet.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	C. feet.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Eastern Main and Patna Canals...	4,282,127	19,021	4 7 0	6,283,004	24,798	3 15 2	5,836,101	23,430	4 0 2

The Western Main Canal was closed during the year from 6th May to 16th May, and 986,104 cubic feet of silt were excavated by hand.

WEED CLEARING.

104. The following figures give the cost of weed-clearing for the last five years:—

DIVISION.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Eastern Sone ...	217	9	396	277	366
Arrah ...	1,053	715	1,299	2,470	466
Dehri Workshops ...	899	911	1,350	1,060	1,435
Buxar ...	869	726	1,505	2,206	1,583
Total ...	3,038	2,361	4,550	6,013	3,850

The decrease in the cost of weed-clearing was mainly due to the long closure of the lower reaches of the Arrah Canal.

MILLAGE RATES OF REPAIRS OF CANALS AND DISTRIBUTARIES.

105. The cost per mile of repairs to main canals and distributaries for the last three years are shown below:—

CANAL.	Division.	1890-91.		1891-92.		1892-93.	
		Number of miles.	Cost per mile.	Number of miles.	Cost per mile.	Number of miles.	Cost per mile.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
Eastern Main Canal ...	Eastern Sone ...	7¼	4,054	7¼	4,472	7¼	3,870
Western ditto ...	Dehri Workshop ...	9	6,266	9	6,194	9	5,641
	Buxar	12½	364	12½	267	12½	467
Buxar Canal ...	Do.	45¼	351	45¼	305	45¼	306
Patna do. ...	Eastern Sone	79	323	79	361	79	388
Arrah do. ...	Arrah	65½	283	65½	350	65½	653
Doomraon Branch ...	Do.	40¼	163	40¼	144	40¼	145
Behea ditto ...	Do.	31	193	31	162	31	256
Chowsa ditto ...	Buxar	39½	117	39½	166	39½	150
Gurrah Chowbey Branch	Do.	38	76	38	74	38	107
Distributaries ...	Arrah	467¾	72	469	53	469	53
	Buxar	370¼	48	373¼	45	388¾	40
	Eastern Sone	358	45	350¼	47	350¼	45

The charge for establishment not specially shown under the head "Revenue establishment" was Rs. 2,08,810 in 1892-93, against Rs 1,89,196 in 1891-92. This increase was not unforeseen. In last year's note it was shown that the cost of establishment debitable to revenue was largely dependent on the expenditure on capital construction and on provincial roads and buildings, works for which a percentage charge is made.

PLANTATIONS.

106. Below is a statement showing the number of trees, classified according to size, in the plantations in each division:—

DIVISION.	1891-92.				1892-93.				Increase.
	Trees over 12 feet in height.	Saplings between 4 and 12 feet.	Seedlings under 4 feet.	Total.	Trees over 12 feet in height.	Saplings between 4 and 12 feet.	Seedlings under 4 feet.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Eastern Sone	81,317	29,422	57,704	168,443	94,864	34,576	51,642	181,082	12,639
Arrah	50,755	27,738	39,900	118,393	53,935	37,842	33,611	125,389	6,996
Dehri Workshop	6,658	46,089	5,564	58,311	8,343	45,340	12,544	66,227	7,916
Buxar	20,149	8,185	14,798	43,132	19,671	10,448	14,682	44,801	1,669
Total ...	158,879	111,434	117,966	388,279	176,814	128,206	112,479	417,499	29,220

It is satisfactory to notice that there has been an increase in the number of trees in all the divisions. The least progress was made in the Buxar Division.

The receipts and expenditure of the year were as under:—

Division.	Receipts.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
Eastern Sone ...	345	680
Arrah ...	220	2,165
Dehri Workshop ...	201	882
Buxar ...	86	2,344
Total ...	852	6,071

The Superintending Engineer remarks:—"The expenditure in the Buxar Division is the largest, and the result the least satisfactory. The special attention of the Executive Engineer has already been drawn to the matter. He explains that the decrease in the number of trees is partly due to the fact that trees were formerly planted too near together and had to be thinned out: he also has some doubts as to the correctness of the former account of the trees, and doubts if there were as many as reported: storms, too, are said to have destroyed some trees. The Buxar Canal is at present conspicuously the least wooded of all the main canals."

CALCUTTA AND EASTERN CANALS.

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

107. The Capital and Revenue Accounts of these canals are given below:—

1.—CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

Heads of Account.	Outlay during 1892-93.	Outlay to end of 1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
Direct charges	72,923	53,49,933
Less—Receipts on capital account	...	54,467
Total direct charges ...	72,923	52,95,466
Indirect charges	1,356	62 383

The only works chargeable to Capital Account which were carried out during the year were—(*a*) improving two bad bends in the Jangulia river, which on account of silt deposits had become very difficult to navigate, (*b*) the construction of tow-paths with rustic bridges in No. 5 subdivision, (*c*) the construction of a toll-house at Chetla at the entrance of the boat canal. Rupees 16,800 was spent in the construction at the Calcutta Workshops, Sibpur, of six mud barges for use in the Division.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

2.—REVENUE ACCOUNT—(Actuals).

	Expenditure—			Receipts—	
	During 1891-92.	During 1892-93.		During 1891-92.	During 1892-93.
Direct charges.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
I.—Works, Maintenance and repairs	2,87,044	1,99,686	Navigation ...	5,15,125	4,64,716
			Miscellaneous ...	10,218	15,528
II.—Revenue Management ...	41,359	39,935	Total ..	5,25,343	4,80,244
			Less—Refunds of revenue.	124	130
Total direct charges	3,28,403	2,39,621			
Indirect charges ...	14,996	12,556			
Total working expenses ...	3,43,399	2,52,177			
Profit ...	1,81,820	2,27,937			
Total ...	5,25,219	4,80,114	Net total receipts...	5,25,219	4 80,114

NOTE.—The details by heads of expenditure for the year 1892-93 and nine preceding years will be found in the table given in paragraph 108 following.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

108. The receipts on Revenue Account and working expenses for the last ten years are shown in the following statement:—

	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RECEIPTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Navigation	5,51,713	5,20,495	5,01,141	4,77,199	5,74,766	5,69,920	4,88,309	5,19,263	5,15,125	4,64,716
Miscellaneous	12,388	49,231	(—)21,657	6,455	5,168	5,224	7,312	5,883	10,218	15,528
Total ...	5,64,101	5,69,726	4,79,484	4,83,654	5,79,934	5,75,144	4,95,621	5,25,146	5,25,343	4,80,244
Less—Refunds of revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	19	78	61	124	130
Net total receipts ...	5,64,101	5,69,726	4,79,484	4,83,654	5,79,934	5,75,125	4,95,543	5,25,085	5,25,219	4,80,114
WORKING EXPENSES.										
Direct charges.										
Works (extensions and improvements)	27,897	78,575	32,277	5,692	1,478	4,573	1,244	36,676	36,289	(—)28,498
Maintenance and repairs ...	1,02,316	99,262	67,042	1,02,480	1,04,527	1,63,656	1,65,315	1,49,872	1,72,457	1,65,223
Establishment	81,478	93,013	67,584	66,969	88,168	84,665	86,899	1,02,384	1,07,116	89,689
Tools and plant	8,933	7,342	18,944	8,347	18,139	29,054	13,510	20,691	12,541	13,207
Total direct charges ...	2,20,624	2,78,192	1,86,747	1,82,888	2,12,312	2,81,948	2,66,968	3,09,623	3,28,403	2,39,621
Indirect charges.										
Capitalization or abatement of land revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Leave and pension allowances	11,407	13,022	9,462	9,376	12,344	11,853	12,165	14,334	14,996	12,556
Total indirect charges ...	11,407	13,022	9,462	9,376	12,344	11,853	12,165	14,334	14,996	12,556
Total working expenses ...	2,32,031	2,91,214	1,96,209	1,92,264	2,24,656	2,93,801	2,79,133	3,23,957	3,43,399	2,52,177
Net revenue ...	3,32,070	2,78,512	2,83,275	2,91,390	3,55,278	2,81,324	2,16,410	2,01,128	1,81,820	2,27,937

The profits in the working of the canals were Rs. 2,27,937, or 4·2 per cent. on the capital outlay. Results for ten years are given below:—

YEAR.	CAPITAL OUTLAY (DIRECT AND INDIRECT)—		RECEIPTS AND WORKING EXPENSES.			Percentage of net revenue to capital outlay to end of year.
	During the year.	To end of the year.	Gross revenue.	Charges (direct or indirect).	Net revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1883-84	1,55,534	52,51,534	5,64,101	2,32,031	3,32,070	6·3
1884-85	9,013	52,60,547	(*a*) 5,69,726	2,91,214	2,78,512	5·2
1885-86	(—)42,566	52,17,981	(*b*) 4,79,484	1,96,209	2,83,275	5·4
1886-87	5,293	52,23,274	4,83,654	1,92,264	2,91,390	5·5
1887-88	15,842	52,39,116	5,79,934	2,24,656	3,55,278	6·7
1888-89	49,369	52,88,485	5,75,125	2,93,801	2,81,324	5·3
1889-90	(—)281	52,88,204	4,95,543	2,79,133	2,16,410	4·1
1890-91	5,693	52,93,897	5,25,085	3,23,957	2,01,128	3·8
1891-92	(—)10,327	52,83,570	5,25,219	3,43,399	1,81,820	3·4
1892-93	74,279	53,57,849	4,80,114	2,52,177	2,27,937	4·2

(*a*) Is Rs. 35,185 larger than it should be by reason of error of account.
(*b*) Is Rs. 35,185 smaller than ditto ditto ditto.

It will be seen from these figures that the increase in the net revenue derived from the canals during the year was due not to an increase in the receipts which were Rs. 45,105 less than in the previous year, but to a marked reduction in the working expenses of Rs. 91,222 compared with the figures of 1891-92. The large decrease in the net receipts was due almost entirely to the general depression of trade and falling off of exports from Calcutta during the year. As this depression has been very keenly felt by both Railway Companies and shippers, it is not necessary to enter into its details, and to trace its causes is beyond the scope of this note. The other causes that contributed to the falling off in the receipts were the transfer of the carriage of coal by the Oriental Gas Company from the canals to the Eastern Bengal State Railway, the Company having constructed a branch line from their premises to Sealdah; the withdrawal of a large amount of the jute traffic from the canals, owing to it being shipped from Chittagong instead of from Calcutta; the realisation in 1891-92 of a sum of Rs. 2,800 for arrears of rent for godowns

which swelled the receipts of that year compared to those of 1892-93; and the successful competition of the Eastern Bengal State Railway with the canals in a few minor instances.

LENGTHS OF CANALS.

109. The lengths of canals open for navigation during the year, including the steamer route, was the same as that of the preceding year 1891-92, viz., 713 miles as detailed below:—

		Miles.
Calcutta and new canals		10
Tolly's Nala with 20 miles of Kaorapookhar khal		37
Total Calcutta Canals ...		47
Eastern Canals { Inner boat route	189	
Eastern Canals { Outer ditto	127	
		316
Steamer route		350
Total Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...		713

NAVIGATION.

110. The navigation receipts during the last two years by the Collector and Supervisor of the canals and by the Executive Engineer are shown in the following statement:—

CANALS.	Number of boats and rafts.	Collections by Collector and Supervisor.						Collections by Executive Engineer.	Grand Total, gross revenue.
		Tolls from boats and rafts.	Demurrage.	Ferry tolls.	Tolls from steamers and flats.	Rents of buildings, lands, and other miscellaneous receipts.	Total.	Rents of buildings, lands, and other miscellaneous receipts.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Calcutta and Eastern ...	80,414	3,54,752	6,233	4,945	4,955	5,606	3,76,491	} 11,295	4,80,244
Tolly's Nala ...	62,174	90,027	979	1,070	...	382	92,458		
Total 1892-93 ...	142,588	4,44,779	7,212	6,015	4,955	5,988	4,68,949	11,295	4,80,244
Total 1891-92 ...	149,748	4,96,980	6,747	5,090	5,455	7,986	5,22,258	3,085	5,25,343

The chief source of revenue from these canals is the tolls from boats and rafts. They amounted to Rs. 4,44,779 during the year against Rs. 4,96,980 of 1891-92, showing a decrease of Rs. 52,201.

The recent construction by some of the leading Steamer Companies of large cargo flats for canal navigation appears to indicate an approaching development in a new direction of the boat traffic which will probably swell the toll receipts in the future.

BOATS.

111. The particulars regarding the boats which used the canals during the last two years are given below:—

CANAL.	YEAR.	Number and Class of Boats.					
		Up to 100 maunds.	Between 100 and 1,000 maunds.	Between 1,000 and 2,500 maunds.	Between 2,500 and 5,000 maunds.	Over 5,000 maunds.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Calcutta and Eastern Canals.	1892-93	36,389	20,658	17,389	52,11	716	80,363
Tolly's Nala	1892-93	15,716	16,425	4,310	42	...	36,493
Total ...	1892-93	52,105	37,083	21,699	52,53	716	116,856
Calcutta and Eastern Canals.	1891-92	36,117	24,552	20,178	2,802	98	83,747
Tolly's Nala	1891-92	17.331	19,160	6,104	73	...	42,608
Total ...	1891-92	53,448	43,652	26,282	2,875	98	126,355

There was a general decrease in all classes of boats up to 2,500 maunds and an increase in those above it. The decrease is mainly due to the falling off in the rice traffic, while the increase in the number of larger boats is attributed to the preference given them by the mahajans who find them more economical than small ones.

The number of small boats and dinghies, which entering Tolly's Nala from Kourapukhar, pay toll at Russa, was 25,607 against 23,244 in 1891-92. They are not classified.

TRAFFIC.

The following table gives the tonnage of boats by canal measurement and the estimated weight and value of the cargoes for the Calcutta Canals and Tolly's Nala compared with the corresponding figures for 1891-92:—

	Number of boats.	Tonnage of boats by canal measurement.	Weight of cargo carried.	Value of cargo carried.	Tollage including demurrage.	Percentage of toll on value of cargo.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	No.	Tons.	Tons.	Rs.	Rs.	
1892-93 ... Calcutta Canals	80,363	1,686,150	603,906	5,27,61,674	3,65,898	
1892-93 ... Tolly's Nala ...	62,100	574,606	193,552	1,39,99,716	90,704	
Total ...	142,463	2,260,756	797,458	6,67,61,390	4,56,002	0·68
1891-92 .. Calcutta Canals	83.747	1,872,508	639,822	5,57,69,888	3,96,613	
1891-92 .. Tolly's Nala ...	65,852	692,744	212,011	1,56,91,127	1,12,240	
Total ...	149,599	2,565,252	851,833	7,14,61,015	5,08,853	0·71

The dulness in the rice trade in Calcutta during the year is probably the principal cause of the decrease in all items of traffic.

MISSING TICKETS.

112. The continued reduction in the number of missing tickets is shown by the figures below, and shows that the toll system is steadily improving.

YEAR.	No.	YEAR.	No.
1883-84	3,086	1888-89	329
1884-85	1,404	1889-90	238
1885-86	653	1890-91	212
1886-87	542	1891-92	210
1887-88	677	1892-93	169

REVENUE ESTABLISHMENT.

113. The cost of the revenue establishment employed on toll collections for the last five years is shown below:—

PARTICULARS.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Salary and commission of Supervisor ...	12,972	11,053	11,475	11,863	10.529
Salary of Canal Inspector	4,034	3,900	5.172	5,016	5,013
Supervisor's office establishment ...	5,183	5,142	5.155	5,424	6,076
Canal police	2,060	2.050	2,061	2,049	2,059
Supervisor's steam-launch establishment ...	944	735	98	...	...
Inspector's and chalan boat establishment ...	1,112	1,138	1,049	1,036	696
Dhappa water-boat establishment ...	180	173	168	168	166
Dafadar	...	...	271	480	828
Travelling allowance	11	39	22	71	71
Contingencies	1,401	1,627	1,261	3,125	2,106
Toll-collecting establishment	9,787*	10,424*	11,478*	12,127*	12,391
Total cost of establishment ...	37,684	36,281	38,210	41,359	39,935

* Includes salary of darogas, clerks, cashiers, kootnavises, koyals, toll peons, and dinghies with crew.

These figures show a decrease in the total cost of establishment Rs. 1,424 compared with those of the previous year.

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

114. The miscellaneous receipts during the year were Rs. 15,528 against Rs. 10,218 in 1891-92, showing an increase of Rs. 5,310. This was mainly due to the crediting under this head of the sale proceeds of certain canal surplus lands, and also of the security deposit of the Pachete Trading Company, who failed to supply stone metal in accordance with the terms of their contract.

EXTENSIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

115. Under this head Rs. 1,502 was spent during the year, of which Rs. 256 was on the construction of a latrine in the compound of the Chitpur Lock and Rs. 1,246 on the iron girder bridge over Tolly's Nala at Kalighat which had been completed during the previous year. The recovery of Rs. 30,000, contributed by the Calcutta Municipality towards this work, converts the total expenditure under this head into a credit balance of Rs. 28,498.

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS.

116. The cost of maintenance of the canal by sub-heads as compared with that of the previous year is given below:—

CANALS.	Locks.	Masonry bridge.	Roads.	Buildings.	Plantations.	Dredging.	Channel and banks.	Towpath.	Rustic bridges.	Steam-launches.	Miscellaneous.	Drainage.	TOTAL
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Calcutta Canals, 1892-93 ...	2,546	3,820	16,191	1,571	403	10,935	6,247	942	509	4,949	10,939	...	59,047
Ditto, 1891-92 ...	12,039	4,116	16,264	2,194	513	16,869	367	1,114	369	3 703	14,963	1,297	73,808
Tolly's Nala, 1892-93 ..	...	4,179	231	1,167	...	...	1,159	389	217	...	88	...	7,430
Ditto, 1891-92 ...	...	4,712	218	621	...	...	1,620	375	179	...	226	...	7,951
Steamer route, 1892-93 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,094	...	2,094
Ditto, 1891-92 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,920	...	1,920
Eastern Canals, 1892-93 ..	...	...	...	1,850	919	8,657	44,373	16,072	19,873	...	4,912	...	96,656
Ditto, 1891-92 ...	...	...	...	2,779	736	7,249	37,986	15,754	20,072	...	4,202	...	88,778
Total, 1892-93 ...	2,546	7,999	16,422	4,588	1,322	19,592	51,779	17,403	20,590	4,949	18,033	...	1,65,223
Total, 1891-92 ...	12,039	8,828	16,482	5,594	1,249	24,118	39,973	17,243	20,620	3,703	21,311	1,297	1,72,457

The expenditure of the year shows a decrease of Rs. 7,234 compared with that of 1891-92. The causes of the increase and decrease under the several sub-heads may be briefly noticed. The decrease of Rs. 9,493 under the head 'Locks' was because the canal locks needed no extensive repairs during the year. Under the head 'buildings' the decrease is nearly Rs. 1,000, due to the fact that extensive repairs to certain buildings in 1891-92 were not needed in 1892-93.

Under the head 'dredging' the decrease is Rs. 4,526, very little dredging was done during the year, and the expenditure would have been still less than it was, but for the fact that an arrear of Rs. 16,000 for silt clearance in Bhangor and Assassooni khals done in 1891-92 was paid in 1892-93.

Under "channel and banks" the increase was Rs. 11,806, due to a variety of petty works being required. Under the head 'miscellaneous' a new latrine constructed in 1891-92 at a cost of Rs. 3,845 swelled the accounts of that year, and as no such works were found necessary during the year under review, the decrease amounted to Rs. 3,390.

DREDGING AND SILT CLEARANCE.

117. The quantity of silt dredged, the expenditure incurred, and the rate per 1,000 cubic feet during the year, including the cost of delivering the mud are shown below:—

	Quantity dredged.	Cost.	Rate per 1,000 cubic feet.
1	2	3	4
	C. feet.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Steam dredger *Victoria* ...	1,384,875	8,282	5 15 0
Fouracres' dredger ...	556,680	4,690	8 6 1
Marchant's dredger ...	273,900	2,719	9 14 9
Hydraulic dredger *Clinker* ...	756,600	6,133	7 14 11

Omitting the cost of delivering the mud, the rates of dredging proper, exclusive of the cost of repairs and of interest on original cost, were per 1,000 cubic feet—

	Rs. A. P.
Steam dredger *Victoria*	4 0 7
Fouracres' dredger	3 1 0
Marchant's dredger	0 12 1
Hydraulic dredger *Clinker*	2 11 0

PLANTATIONS.

118. The state of the plantations for the last two years is shown below:—

YEAR.	Trees over 12 feet.	Saplings from 4 to 12 feet.	Seedlings below 4 feet.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
	No.	No.	No.	No.
1891-92 ...	2,307	1,381	1,308	4,996
1892-93 ...	2,304	1,627	1,773	5,104

The cost incurred during the year was Rs. 1,322 against Rs. 1,249 in 1891-92.

FLOODS.

119. *Floods.*—There were no high floods during the year in any of the rivers crossed by the Calcutta and Eastern Canals. The highest gauge readings of the river Hooghly at Chitpur, Salt-Water Lake at Dhappa, and river Ichamati at Titulia are shown in the following statement:—

River.	Locality.	1892-93.		1891-92.		HIGHEST KNOWN.	
		Date.	Height, R. L.	Date.	Height, R. L.	Date.	Height R. L.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Hooghly	Chitpur	9th September 1892 ...	17·48	21st August 1891 ...	17·07	(a) 31st August 1890 ...	18·40
Salt-water lake or lake-channel ...	Dhappa	Ditto ...	7·98	20th ditto ...	7·73	(b) 9th September 1892	7·98
Ichamati (Bulli Bhil) ...	Titulia (river gauge) ...	Ditto ...	8·50	22nd ditto ...	8·00	(c) 19th September 1885	16·43
Ditto ...	Do. (bhil gauge) ...	2nd November 1892 ...	6·30	27th September 1891 ...	6·75	(c) 8th September 1889...	14·15

(a) Highest since 1883. | (b) Highest since 1882.
(c) Highest since 1885.

ORISSA COAST CANAL.

120. The Capital and Revenue Accounts of this canal are given below :—

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

1.—CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	Outlay during 1892-93.	Outlay to end of 1892-93.
1	2	3
	Rs.	Rs.
Direct charges	2,460	42,44,752
Less—Receipts on capital account	...	3,293
Total direct charges ...	2,460	42,41,459
Indirect charges	22	1,02,975

The canal was open throughout its entire length of 97½ miles. The only work which remained to be completed during the year was the Panchpally dock on Range IVA. Fair progress had been made on it before the year closed. The measures to be adopted, in view of the changes in the Subarnarekha river, to secure an easy communication between the Jamcunda and Bhograi locks are under consideration.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

2.—REVENUE ACCOUNT—(Actuals).

PARTICULARS.	EXPENDITURE—		PARTICULARS.	RECEIPTS—	
	During 1891-92.	During 1892-93.		During 1891-92.	During 1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
DIRECT CHARGES.			Water-rates ...	...	...
I.—Maintenance and repairs ...	69,162	69,419	Navigation ...	60,051	55,832
			Miscellaneous ...	2,072	9,149
II.—Revenue management ...	6,134	6,856	Total ...	62,123	64,981
Total direct charges ...	75,296	76,275			
Indirect charges ...	3,253	3,377	*Less*—Refunds of revenue ...	66	47
Total working expenses	78,549	79,652			
Net revenue ...	(—)16,492	(—)14,718			
Total ...	62,057	64,934	Net total receipts	62,057	64,934

NOTE.—The details by heads of expenditure for the year 1892-93 and seven preceding years will be found in the table given in paragraph 121 following.

There was an improvement in the total receipts of Rs. 2,877 over the figures of the previous year, but the working expenses still exceeded the receipts by Rs. 14,718. The tolls, however, realised in March and amounting to Rs. 9,663 show what the canal can do, and there is reason to consider the prospect more hopeful, and that the stimulus to traffic afforded by the recent reductions in the through tolls will result in an increase in the receipts.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

121. The receipts on Revenue account and working expenses of the canal for the last eight years are shown in the following statement:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
RECEIPTS.								
Water-rates ...	1	(—) 1	......	......	61	......	......	...
Navigation ...	13,663	28,587	52,828	65,047	63,724	64,220	60,051	55,832
Miscellaneous ...	54	902	1,026	1,381	1,563	1,410	2,072	9,149
Total ...	13,718	29,488	53,854	66,428	65,348	65,630	62,123	64,981
Less—Refunds of revenue ...	......	......	17	254	15	44	66	47
Net total receipts ...	13,718	29,488	53,837	66,174	65,333	65,586	62,057	64,934
WORKING EXPENSES.								
DIRECT CHARGES.								
I.—Maintenance and Repairs.								
Repairs ...	23,155	43,969	53,277	42,606	50,528	42,312	48,598	45,490
Establishment, including direction and accounts ...	5,326	10,120	14,289	11,377	926	15,452	17,100	17,266
Tools and plant ...	791	3,432	8,743	14,462	10,513	9,794	3,464	6,663
Total ...	29,272	57,521	76,309	68,445	61,967	67,558	69,162	69,419
II.—Revenue Management.								
Navigation establishment ...	609	2,183	4,559	6,123	6,044	6,208	6,134	6,856
Total direct charges ...	29,881	59,704	80,868	74,568	68,011	73,760	75,296	76,275
INDIRECT CHARGES.								
Capitalized abatement of land revenue ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	...
Leave and pension allowances ...	831	1,722	2,639	2,450	975	3,032	3,253	3,377
Total indirect charges...	831	1,722	2,639	2,450	975	3,032	3,253	3,377
Total working expenses	30,712	61,426	83,507	77,018	68,986	76,798	78,549	79,652
Net revenue ...	(—) 16,994	(—) 31,938	(—) 29,670	(—) 10,844	(—) 3,653	(—) 11,212	(—)16,492	(—)14,718

The total direct charges were Rs. 979 higher than those of last year, though the cost of repairs was Rs. 3,108 lower. The excess charges were chiefly under Tools and Plant, and were caused by repairs which were necessary to the steamer "*Falcon*" and to dredgers, punts, barges and other floating plant.

On works alone the cost of maintenance was at the rate of Rs. 466 per mile against Rs. 498 of the preceding year. The constant work that is required at the Sabarnarekha crossing to keep the river channels navigable swells to no inconsiderable degree the yearly maintenance charges.

NAVIGATION.

122. As compared with 1891-92 an increase of traffic on all ranges except range III took place, and a large number of Bengali boats from and beyond Ghatal came for the time on to Range V.

The tollage receipts on each range of the canal for the last five years are shown below:—

RANGES.	Miles of canal open.	TOLLAGE RECEIPTS.				
		1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Range III	36	45,575	37,743	37,731	38,231	30,238
Do. IVA	17	4,110	3,654	4,121	3,067	5,579
Do. IVB	6½	5,729	8,468	7,748	7,441	7,467
Do. V	38	9,596	13,859	14,620	11,312	12,548
Total ...	97½*	65,010	63,724	64,220	60,051	55,832

* Exclusive of 4½ miles of river crossings.

TRAFFIC.

123. The traffic on the canal during the year 1892-93, compared with that of the previous year, is shown in the following statement:—

	Number of boats.		Tonnage of boats.		Value of cargo, including rafts.		Tolls.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	No.	No.	Tons.	Tons.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Orissa Coast Canal	12,543	12,185	110,687	100,807	22,27,281	23,78,905	60,051	55,832

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

124. The miscellaneous receipts during the last five years are shown below:—

1888-89.	1888-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,381	1,563	1,410	2,072	9,149

DREDGING AND SILT CLEARANCE.

125. Two dredgers, the *Comus* and the *Marchant*, were at work during the year in excavating silt at Bhaitghar lock and at certain points along Range V, where the crossing of thousands of cattle had caused the accumulation of bars of silt. The quantity dredged, and the cost and rate per 1,000 cubic feet, for the last two years are shown in the following table:—

YEAR.	Names of dredgers.	Quantity dredged.	COST OF—			RATE PER 1,000 C.FT.		
			Lifting by dredger.	Removing by mud-punts.	Total.	Lifting.	Removing.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
						Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1891-92 ...	*Comus* with 10 mud-punts.	395,950	2,138	1,406	3,544	5 6 5	3 8 0	8 14 5
1892-93	*Comus* with 10 mud-punts.	180,275	824	845	1,669	4 9 0	4 11 0	9 4 0
	Marchant with 10 mud-punts.	483,500	2,195	1,692	3,887	4 8 6	3 8 0	8 0 6
	Total ...	663,775	3,019	2,537	5,556	4 8 9	3 13 0	8 5 9

PLANTATIONS.

126. The state of the plantations for the last two years is shown in the following statement:—

YEAR.	Trees over 12 feet in height.	Saplings between 4 and 12 feet.	Seedlings under 4 feet.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
	No.	No.	No.	No.
1891-92 ...	495	1 110	2,357	3,962
1892-93 ...	633	1,227	2,692	4,552

FLOODS.

127. There were no heavy floods in any of the rivers crossed by the Orissa Coast Canal and no appreciable damage done. The highest gauge-readings of the rivers are shown in the following statement:—

NAME OF RIVER.	Locality.	1892-93.		1891-92.		HIGHEST RECORDED READING.		REMARKS.
		Date.	Reading.	Date.	Reading.	Date.	Reading.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Subarnarekha	Bhograi ...	19th July 1892	113·30	14th August 1891 ...	116·00	Date of record not obtainable from records.	121·	Height recorded on plans of maximum flood, but dates not given.
Panchpara ...	Panchpara ...	9th September "	112·20	14th " " ...	112·80	Ditto ...	118·60	
Burrabullong...	Nulcool ...	9th " "	113·50	24th September 1891	114·70	Ditto ...	118·00	
Mutia ...	Charbattia ...	11th June "	111·50	23rd " " "	110·30	Ditto ...	116·5	

SARAN CANALS.

128. The Capital and Revenue Accounts of these canals are given below:—

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

1.—CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	Outlay during 1892-93.	Outlay to end of 1892-93.
1	2	3
	Rs.	Rs.
Direct charges	...	6,70,068
Less—Receipts on Capital Account ...	...	498
Total direct charges ...	...	6,69,570
Indirect charges	...	27,183

The Capital Account has been closed.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

2.—REVENUE ACCOUNT—(Actuals).

PARTICULARS.	EXPENDITURE— During 1891-92.	EXPENDITURE— During 1892-93.	PARTICULARS.	RECEIPTS— During 1891-92.	RECEIPTS— During 1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
DIRECT CHARGES.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
			Water-rates ...	15,785	1,492
Maintenance and repairs.	12,538	13,502	Navigation ...	...	...
			Miscellaneous ...	46	34
			Total ...	15,831	1,526
INDIRECT CHARGES.	519	528	*Less*—Refunds of revenue.	...	...
Total working expenses	13,057	14,030			
Net revenue ...	2,774	(—)12,504			
Total ...	15,831	1,526	Net total receipts	15,831	1,526

NOTE.—The details by heads of expenditure for the year 1892-93 and nine preceding years will be found in the table given in paragraph 129 following.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

129. The receipts on Revenue Account and working expenses of the Saran Canals for the last ten years are shown in the following statement:—

	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
RECEIPTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Water-rates	22,057	8,397	39,737	11,072	21,070	20,415	22,990	36,823	15,785	1,492
Navigation	13	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous	971	943	1,406	1,355	(—) 405	399	123	160	46	34
Total ...	23,041	9,341	41,143	12,427	20,665	20,814	23,113	36,983	15,831	1,526
Less—Refunds of revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Net total receipts ...	23,041	9,341	41,143	12,427	20,665	20,814	23,113	36,983	15,831	1,526
WORKING EXPENSES *Direct charges.*										
Maintenance and repairs	20,659	19,983	18,014	23,481	18,601	23,976	24,900	26,454	9,021	9,517
Establishment	4,751	4,506	4,144	5,400	9,119	10,248	12,422	10,560	3,710	3,772
Tools and plant	(—) 2,009	371	593	(—) 978	400	673	991	389	(—) 193	213
Total direct charges ...	23,401	24,950	22,751	27,903	28,120	34,897	38,313	37,403	12,538	13,502
Indirect charges.										
Capitalization of abatement of land revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Leave and pension allowances ...	665	643	580	756	1,277	1,435	1,739	1,478	519	528
Total indirect charges ...	665	643	580	756	1,277	1,435	1,739	1,478	519	528
Total working expenses ...	24,066	25,593	23,331	28,659	29,397	36,332	40,052	38,881	13,057	14,030
Net revenue ...	(—) 1,025	(—) 16,252	17,812	(—) 16,232	(—) 8,732	(—) 15,518	(—) 16,939	(—) 1,898	2,774	(—) 12,504

LENGTH OF CANALS OPEN AND AREAS COMMANDED AND IRRIGATED.

130. The lengths of canal and distributaries in operation at the close of the year 1892-93, compared with 1891-92, are given in the following table:—

NAME OF CANAL.	1891-92.								1892-93.							
	Navigable canals.	Canals for irrigation only.	Distributaries and village channels.	Area protected from flood.	Area under command.	Area provided with distributaries.	Area irrigated.	Percentage of area irrigated to area provided with distributaries.	Navigable canals.	Canals for irrigation only.	Distributaries and village channels.	Area protected from flood.	Area under command.	Area provided with distributaries.	Area irrigated.	Percentage of area irrigated to area provided with distributaries.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Saran Canals.		Miles.			Acres.		Acres.			Miles.			Acres.		Acres.	
Main canal or head cut		6·34								6·34						
Branch Canals.																
I.—Daha feeder ...		3·34	...	...	64,000		3,500	...	...	3·34	...	...	64,000	...	5,965	...
II.—Gandaki ...		1·57								1·57						
III.—Dhanni ...		1·00								1·00						
IV.—Gangri ...		6·57								6·57						
In addition to the above, the following are maintained:—																
I.—Thakraha Sota ...		1·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	...	...	...	...	...	...
II.—Roopan Chap Sota		27·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27·00	...	...	...	...	...	...

There was no alteration in the lengths of the cuts and channels constructed and maintained by the Manager of the Moniara Estate, which aggregate about 33 miles. No distributaries or village channels are maintained by Government. There are nine permanent dams and regulators in the branch canals, and twenty-five temporary bunds were constructed during the year to regulate the supply of water.

RAINFALL.

131. The average rainfall on the area under command is shown by seasons in the table below for the last four years:—

	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Kharif season*	19·47	24·60	11·52	27·52
Rabi	1·20	1·43	0·61	2·33
Year	45·09	58·63	35·05	48·82

* August, September and October.

The total rainfall was slightly in excess of the normal, but in October there was no rainfall, and there was in consequence a large demand for water for rice irrigation.

FLOODS.

132. A very high flood occurred in the river Gandak in August 1892. The height reached at Sisua was only 0·83 below the maximum recorded. No damage to the canals resulted.

IRRIGATION.

133. The areas irrigated as obtained from the Canal Manager's reports during the past ten years, together with the rainfall, are given in the table below:—

YEAR.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Perennial.	Total.	Rainfall.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.
1882-83 ..	Not known		...	1,747	40·89
1883-84 ...	Not known		...	21,122	26·32
1884-85 ...	1,917	5,306	...	7,223	35·42
1885-86 ...	888	3,677	...	4,565	39·27
1886-87 ...	566	1,580	...	2,146	60·96
1887-88 ...	1,699	2,519	...	4,218	39·63
1888-89 ...	3,897	3,316	...	7,213	42·39
1889-90 ...	2,684	1,531	...	4,215	45·09
1890-91 ...	990	1,236	...	2,226	58·63
1891-92 ...	3,425	2,540	...	5,965	35·05
1892-93 ...	1,338	2,222	...	3,560	48·82

DUTY OF WATER.

134. The duty of water cannot be calculated, as there is no regular irrigation, and the canals are drainage as well as irrigation channels.

The agreement with the proprietors of Moniara and Sadowa under which the canals were worked in 1891-92 was subsequently revised, and a new agreement between the Secretary of State and the proprietors was entered into. This agreement cancelled the previous one, and its terms consequently embraced both the years 1891-92 and 1892-93. Under it the lessees are to pay Government the actual cost of maintaining the canals, excluding the cost of establishment up to a limit of Rs. 22,000 for the two years, less the net amounts realized from irrigation and the sale of water, &c., outside the limits of their dehats. Government on the other hand undertakes to maintain the canals in good order, but to limit the expenditure on maintenance for the two years to Rs. 22,000 excluding the cost of establishment. It is, however, very doubtful whether this agreement will ever form a permanent basis for the administration of the Saran canals. The Manager of the Sadowa Estate has shown no desire for the extension of the agreement, and it is more than probable that Government will eventually be compelled to close the canals.

ASSESSMENTS, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES.

135. The following comparative statement shows the balances, assessments, and recoveries of water-rates for the last thirteen years:—

YEAR.	Amount outstanding at commencement of year.	Amount falling due during the year.	Total for recovery.	Cash realization.	Remitted or written off.	Balance at the end of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1880-81	...	9,750 0 0	9,750 0 0	10,080 6 9	...	330 6 9
1881-82	330 6 9	23,000 0 0	22,669 9 3	5,874 12 0	...	16,794 13 3
1882-83	16,794 13 3	21,750 0 0	38,544 13 3	16,506 0 6	...	22,038 12 9
1883-84	22,038 12 9	21,750 0 0	43,788 12 9	22,959 10 3	...	20,829 2 6
1884-85	20,829 2 6	21,750 0 0	42,579 2 6	8,976 11 3	...	33,602 7 3
1885-86	33,602 7 3	21,750 0 0	55,352 7 3	39,718 9 3	2,770 13 4	12,863 0 8
1886-87	12,863 0 8	21,750 0 0	34,613 0 8	11,072 10 5	...	23,540 6 3
1887-88	23,540 6 3	21,850 0 0	45,390 6 3	21,069 9 0	...	24,320 13 3
1888-89	24,320 13 3	21,850 0 0	46,170 13 3	20,415 0 0	...	25,755 13 3
1889-90	25,755 13 3	21,850 0 0	47,605 13 3	22,990 0 3	1,250 0 0	23,365 13 0
1890-91	23,365 13 0	¦21,850 0 0	45,215 13 0	37,036 2 9	...	8,179 10 3
1891-92	8,179 10 3	11,000 0 0	19,179 10 3	15,785 8 4	231 4 6	3,162 13 5
1892-93	3,162 13 5	11,000 0 0	14,162 13 5	1,491 11 4	...	12,671 2 1

The outstanding balance shows an increase from Rs. 3,163 to Rs. 12,671 at the end of the year under review.

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS.

136. The following table shows the expenditure on maintenance during the past four years:—

	Miles.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Repairs to head cut and river protective works	6·34	10,026	7,445	4,304	1,341
Repairs to Daha feeder ...	3·34	909	1,290	357	544
„ to Gandaki feeder ...	1·57	1,118	1,735	221	1,550
„ to Dhanai feeder ...	1·00	722	592	65	411
„ to Gangri feeder ...	6·57	768	2,777	129	565
„ to dams and channels for irrigation purposes	...	11,357	12,615	3,945	5,106
Total ...	...	24,900	26,454	9,021	9,517
Establishment	...	12,422	10,560	3,710	3,772
Tools and plant (actual) ...	...	991	389	(—)193	213
GRAND TOTAL ...	...	38,313	37,403	12,538	13,502

The cost of maintaining the head works was much less during the year than in 1891-92. The reason of this is that there was no time for clearing silt from the head cut on account of the early demand for water, and consequently there was no expenditure under this head.

DREDGING AND SILT CLEARANCE.

137. There are no dredgers on the canals, and the silt is removed by hand only.

The following statement shows the total quantity of silt removed from the canals and the cost during the year as compared with the two previous years:—

	1890-91.		1891-92.		1892-93.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	C. ft.	Rs.	C. ft.	Rs.	C. ft.	Rs.
Head cut or main canal...	342,745	1,740	44,465	244	18,201	100
Feeders or branch canals	1,339,675	4,080	24,755	95	445,891	1,567
Thakaraha Sota mouth ...	549,781	2,077	594,957	1,785	383,159	1,149
Total ...	2,232,201	7,897	664,177	2,124	847,258	2,816

PLANTATIONS.

138. The state of the plantations for the last two years is shown below:—

YEAR.	Trees over 12 feet.	Saplings between 4 and 12 feet.	Seedlings under 4 feet.	TOTAL.
1	2	3	4	5
	No.	No.	No.	No.
1891-92	2,642	2,979	3,993	9,614
1892-93	4,939	6,973	6,983	18,895

These figures show that the number of trees has increased from 9,614 to 18,895. The expenditure has decreased from Rs. 57 to Rs. 45.

NADIA RIVERS.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

139. The approximate length of the channels comprising the Nadia rivers' system is 477 miles. No capital account of expenditure is kept. The revenue account for the last two years is given below:—

PARTICULARS.	EXPENDITURE. During 1891-92.	EXPENDITURE. During 1892-93.	PARTICULARS.	RECEIPTS. During 1891-92.	RECEIPTS. During 1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
DIRECT CHARGES.			Navigation ...	1,92,718	1,65,380
I.—Maintenance and repairs ...	83,723	1,00,772	Miscellaneous ...	247	158
II.—Revenue management ...	23,134	22,282	Total ...	1,92,965	1,65,538
Total direct charges ...	1,06,857	1,23,054	*Less*—Refunds of revenue ...	228	18
Indirect charges ...	6,417	7,221			
Total working expenses ...	1,13,274	1,30,275			
Profit ...	79,463	35,245			
Total ...	1,92,737	1,65,520	Net total receipts	1,92,737	1,65,520

NOTE.—The details by heads of expenditure for the year 1892-93 and nine preceding years will be found in the table given in paragraph 140 following.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

140. The receipts on revenue account and working expenses for the last ten years are shown below:—

	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
RECEIPTS.										
Navigation	2,00,908	1,94,981	1,83,382	2,02,707	1,98,318	1,91,791	1,85,983	2,00,508	1,92,718	1,65,380
Miscellaneous	1,926	476	399	543	357	97	60	136	247	158
Total ...	2,02,834	1,95,457	1,83,781	2,03,250	1,98,675	1,91,888	1,86,043	2,00,644	1,92,965	1,65,538
Less—Refunds of revenue ...	...	...	...	...		...	220	162	228	18
Total receipts ...	2,02,834	1,95,457	1,83,781	2,03,250	1,98,675	1,91,888	1,85,823	2,00,482	1,92,737	1,65,520
WORKING EXPENSES.										
Direct Charges.										
Works (extensions and improvements)	1,031	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maintenance and repairs ...	82,513	60,790	43,084	29,061	48,201	88,933	47,843	52,482	62,704	68,763
Establishment	40,336	34,766	31,563	29,293	41,925	43,395	38,537	45,410	45,838	51,581
Tools and plant	(—)1,502	1,749	1,759	1,409	3,593	2,380	2,250	2,476	1,340	1,644
Suspense accounts	2,897	(—)1,559	1,262	450	(—) 1,697	(—) 14	(—) 1,036	3,169	(—)3,015	1,066
Total direct charges ...	1,25,275	95,776	77,668	60,213	92,022	1,34,694	87,594	1,03,537	1,06,857	1,23,054
Indirect Charges.										
Leave and pension allowances	5,647	4,867	4,419	4,101	5,870	6,075	5,395	6,357	6,417	7,221
Total indirect charges ...	5,647	4,867	4,419	4,101	5,870	6,075	5,395	6,357	6,417	7,221
Total working expenses ...	1,30,922	1,00,643	82,087	64,314	97,892	1,40,769	92,989	1,09,894	1,13,274	1,30,275
Net revenue ...	71,912	94,814	1,01,694	1,38,936	1,00,783	51,119	92,834	90,588	79,463	35,245

There was a heavy fall in the total receipts during the year as compared with 1891-92, the decrease amounting to Rs. 27,217. This was almost entirely due to the abnormally depressed condition of trade during the year, though the bad state of the head of the Mathabhanga river which closed early in the year may have contributed in some measure towards making the net revenue the smallest on record.

RAINFALL AND FLOODS.

141. No rainfall register is kept up for these rivers. The flood of 1892 was higher than that of the previous year, but still much below the highest recorded level.

The gauge readings at Gheria and Berhampore for the last four years are given below:—

		GHERIA.		BERHAMPORE.
1889	...	34·00	...	30′4½″
1890	...	34·70	...	30′11¾″
1891	...	29·30	...	26′7″
1892	...	31·55	...	29′1¼″

A statement showing the highest gauge readings of the Nadia rivers is given below as compared with those of the previous year:—

River.	Locality.	1892-93.		1891-92.		Highest known.	
		Date.	Reading.	Date.	Reading.	Date.	Reading.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bhagirathi ...	Berhampore	11th Sept. 1892	62·87	29th Aug. 1891	60·33	14th Aug. 1890	64·71
Jalangi ...	Sarupganj	15th „ „	31·71	25th „ „	29·38	28th „ „	34·88
Mathabhanga ...	Hanskhali	23rd „ „	34·22	30th „ „	31·85	3rd Sept. „	39·93

NAVIGATION.

142. The number of boats of each class and toll collections by the Collectors are shown below:—

NAME OF RIVER.	NUMBER AND CLASS OF BOATS.						COLLECTIONS BY TOLL COLLECTORS.					
	Up to 100 maunds.	Between 100 and 1,000 maunds.	Between 1,000 and 2,500 maunds.	Between 2,500 and 5,000 maunds.	Over 5,000 maunds.	Total.	Tolls from boats.	Tolls from rafts.	Tolls from steamers and flats.	Total tolls.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total collections.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bhagirathi	6,429	3,355	845	207	5	10,841	27,947	312	2,858	31,117	} 158	1,65,538
Ditto and Bhyrub-Jalangi	12,873	17,642	1,754	61	1	32,331	94,607	443	14,252	1,00,302		
Mathabhanga and Ichamati	4,730	5,492	526	35	...	10,783	24,874	63	24	24,961		
Total, 1892-93 ...	42,032	26,489	3,125	303	6	53,955	1,47,428	818	17,134	1,65,380	158	1,65,538
Total, 1891-92 ...	25,197	29,273	4,231	445	7	59,143	1,71,222	1,598	19,898	1,92,718	247	1,92,965

TRAFFIC.

143. The following statement shows the number of boats, tonnage, weight, and value of cargo and toll collections:—

NAME OF RIVER.	Number of boats, inclusive of steamers, flats and rafts.	Tonnage of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Toll collection.	Percentage of toll on value of cargo.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	No.	Tons.	Tons.	Rs.	Rs.	
Bhagirathi	10,987	161,353	73,045	51,44,253	31,117	...
Ditto and Bhyrub-Janlangi...	32,948	501,824	193,663	2,66,11,567	1,09,302	...
Mathabhanga and Ichamati ...	10,855	120,312	39,586	38,37,074	24,961	...
Total, 1892-93 ...	54,790	783,489	306,294	3,55,92,894	1,65,380	0·46
Total, 1891-92 ...	60,167	804,623	352,744	3,76,05,221	1,92,718	0·53

REVENUE ESTABLISHMENT.

144. The cost of the revenue establishment for the last five years is shown below:—

	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Salary and commission of Collectors	12,671	11,943	13,224	13,210	12,391
Accounts and office establishment	9,397	8,986	9,223	8,942	8,879
Travelling allowance ...	463	390	711	530	601
Contingencies	475	441	472	452	411
Total ...	23,006	21,760	23,630	23,134	22,282

The decrease results from the smaller commission earned by toll-collectors and darogas owing to diminished revenue.

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS.

145. The charges for maintenance and repairs for the last three years are detailed below:—

PARTICULARS.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Re-opening lower entrance channel, Bhagirathi river	1,422	1,290	...
Inspection shed, upper entrance... ...	...	496	...
Training works in river Bhagirathi ...	31,438	40,413	46,518
" " Bhyrub ...	2,313	2,593	3,174
" " Jalangi ...	1,695	1,960	3,287
" " Mathabhanga ...	1,641	1,415	3,062
Sounding Nadia Rivers	5,921	6,015	6,161
Maintaining and working divisional boats ...	2,862	3,102	2,698
Petty and other charges	5,190	5,420	3,863
Total ...	52,482	62,704	68,763

The total expenditure for the year was very heavy, being Rs. 6,059 in excess of that of 1891-92, and Rs. 16,281 higher than the figures of 1890-91. This was caused by the large outlay on training works in the several rivers, more especially in the Bhagirathi, which was necessary in order to prevent the entire closure of the navigable channels.

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

146. The miscellaneous receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 158, against Rs. 247 in the previous year.

DREDGING AND SILT CLEARANCE.

147. There was no expenditure under this head during the year.

PLANTATIONS.

148. The only plantations kept up are on the berms of the embankments. A number of young trees of different kinds were planted during the year. The number now existing is 17,864 against 17,004 of last year.

EDEN CANAL.

LENGTH OF CANAL.

149. No capital or revenue account of this canal is maintained. Its total length inclusive of that of the excavated channels is 26½ miles, as detailed below:—

Jujuty sluice channels	... ...	2 miles.
Eden Canal proper	... ...	19¾ "
Kana Damodar junction cut	... ...	2½ "
Saraswati junction cut	... ...	2¼ "
Total	...	26½ "

Besides the above length the natural channels of the Kana Nadi, Kana Damodar, and North and South Saraswati are included in the system.

The rainfall during the year was 50·89 against 46·70 in 1891-92. During the kharif season it was scanty and the demand for water was very great; from December 1892 to middle of February it was almost nil.

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

150. The receipts and expenditure for the last two years are given below:—

RECEIPTS.	1891-92.	1892-93.	EXPENDITURE.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Water-rates ..	9,430	30,310	Works	4	(—)48
Miscellaneous ...	728	803	Maintenance and repairs	18,623	26,478
			Establishment ...	6,541	10,078
Total ...	10,158	31,113	Tools and plant . .	495	652
Less—Refunds of revenue	39	70	Total expenditure ...	25,663	37,160
Net total receipts ...	10,119	31,043	Balance, deficit ...	15,544	6,117

There was a very satisfactory increase in the receipts from water-rates amounting to Rs. 20,880 over the figures of 1891-92. Referring to the very high maintenance charges for the year the Superintending Engineer writes:—

"The actual excess in the cost of work in maintenance was Rs. 7,863, due chiefly to causes having their origin in more extended use of the canal for irrigation purposes, such as silt clearance, repairs of floors, sluices, &c. Another cause was the extensive weed and jungle clearance of the natural channels to improve the drinking water-supply."

The sand dam across the Damodar at Jujuti to keep up the cold weather supply of the canal was constructed as usual.

IRRIGATION.

151. The irrigation operations during the year were very satisfactory. The total area irrigated was 71,333 acres of which 38,024 acres were in the Burdwan and 33,309 acres in the Hooghly district. The corresponding figures for last year were only 12,145 acres in Burdwan and 562 acres in Hooghly. The areas irrigated during the last four years were as below:—

Nature of leases.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Annual ...	9,693	1,330	1,478	6,534
Long leases ...	...	...	12,707	47,848
Unauthorized ...	...	...	...	16,951
Total ...	9,693	1,330	14,185	71,333

The total demand for the year was Rs. 67,411, of which Rs. 30,706 were actually collected and Rs. 54 remitted, leaving an unrealised balance of Rs. 36,650, a large portion of which it is known will not be collected, as irrigation was effected under private agreements and not under the Irrigation Act. Owing to the proprietary rights possessed by the zamindars in the old river channels which are utilized as canals, there is considerable difficulty in framing any irrigation rules.

The outturn of crops on the irrigated area was exceedingly good, whereas on the unirrigated lands it was very poor.

REVENUE ESTABLISHMENT.

152. The cost of establishment employed on irrigation during the year was Rs. 1,536 against Rs. 966 in 1891-92, the increase being due to the larger area under irrigation.

MADHUBAN CANAL.

EXPENDITURE.

153. The expenditure on works and maintenance of this canal during the last four years are given below:—

PARTICULARS.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Works ...	2,957	6,236	...	...
Maintenance ...	3,257	2,011	7,300	7,093
Establishment ...	3,100	3,293	3,003	2,813
Tools and plant ...	23	287	203	126
Total ...	9,337	11,827	10,506	10,032

The Teur weir was again damaged during the floods of 1892, a large portion of the east revetment having been carried away, with a resulting erosion that at first threatened to outflank the weir.

During a portion of the year, a qualified sub-overseer was especially deputed to reside in the vicinity of the canal and to examine carefully by actual observations its capabilities as regards the areas irrigable. His presence stimulated irrigation, which is usually resorted to in a very half-hearted manner, although no charge is made for water. The development of irrigation from this canal by the construction of distributaries is now under consideration.

No revenue is derived from the canal.

The miscellaneous receipts were Rs. 163 against Rs. 92 in 1891-92.

IRRIGATION. The areas irrigated during the last three years are shown below:—

Nature of crop.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3	4
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Kharif	...	2,539	4,895
Rabi	2	495	150
Poppy	852	552	734
Other crops ...	...	...	640
Total ...	854	3,586	6,400

GENERAL RESULTS.

NET REVENUE. 154. The net results of the year 1892-93, compared with those of the previous year, are shown below:—

PARTICULARS.	Receipts from all sources.	Working expenses, including refunds of revenue. (Direct and indirect charges.)	Profit or loss.
1	2	3	4
MAJOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1891-92	16,02,710	14,42,037	+1,60,673
1892-93	18,87,670	14,89,716	+3,97,954
MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.			
For which Capital and Revenue accounts are kept.			
1891-92	6,03,297	4,35,195	+1,68,102
1892-93	5,46,751	3,46,036	+2,00,715
For which only Revenue accounts are kept.			
1891-92	1,92,965	1,13,502	+79,463
1892-93	1,65,538	1,30,293	+35,245
For which neither Capital nor Revenue accounts are kept.			
1891-92	10,250	36,208	−25,958
1892-93	31,276	47,262	−15,986
Total { 1891-92 ...	24,09,222	20,26,942	+3,82,280
Total { 1892-93 ...	26,31,235	20,13,307	+6,17,928

The actual receipts exceeded the figures of the revised Budget estimates by Rs. 2,07,235, while the expenses were Rs. 1,06,720 more than the budgetted amount.

EARNINGS.

155. Compared with 1891-92 the net result of the Major Irrigation Works reckoned on earnings, that is, on assessed revenue instead of on actual receipts, was:—

	Earnings.	Working expenses.	Profit or loss.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1891-92 ...	18,14,485	14,37,935	+ 3,76,550
1892-93 ...	16,09,209	14,85,393	+ 1,23,816

The expenditure was only slightly above the average.

The revenue from Minor Works and Navigation is derived mainly from tollage receipts.

ARREARS.

156. The following summary shows the progress in the recovery of water-rates during the year:—

CANALS.	Outstanding on 1st April 1892.	Demand of 1892-93.	Collected or adjusted.	Outstanding on 1st April 1893.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Orissa Canals	2,33,704	2,61,023	4,04,911	89,816
Midnapore Canal	58,972	1,39,990	1,50,395	48,567
Sone Canals	1,11,444	9,50,732	9,74,386	87,790
Total ...	4,04,120	13,51,745	15,29,692	2,26,173

VALUE OF CROPS.

157. The approximate value of crops irrigated by Major Irrigation Works during the last two years is shown below:—

CANALS.	1891-92.		1892-93.	
	Area irrigated.	Value of crops.	Area irrigated.	Value of crops.
1	2	3	4	5
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Orissa Canals	177,685	47,87,546	160,952	42,12,253
Midnapore Canal	83,973	20,99,325	91,217	22,80,425
Sone Canals	474,723	1,44,85,957	410,761	1,58,91,273
Total ...	736,381	2,13,72,828	662,930	2,23,83,951

The averags value per acre of the various crops irrigated has increased from Rs. 29·0 to Rs. 33·7.

TOURS AND INSPECTIONS.

158. Two tables are attached as appendices to this note, (I)—showing the number of days spent on tour by each officer of the Irrigation Department, (II) the dates of inspections of the divisional and subdivisional offices by each of the Superintending and Executive Engineers during the year 1892-93.

159. The date fixed for the submission of revenue reports to the office of the Chief Engineer is the 5th September. The dates when the different reports were received are shown below :—

		In 1892.	In 1893.
Orissa Circle ...	Commissioner's report ...	27th September.	13th October.
	Superintending Engineer's report	23rd ditto.	5th September.
South-Western Circle ...	Commissioner's report ...	24th ditto.	21st ditto
	Superintending Engineer's report	17th ditto.	6th ditto
Sone Circle ...	Commissioner's report ...	26th ditto.	7th ditto
	Superintending Engineer's report	15th ditto.	7th ditto

All the reports were practically punctual, excepting that of the Commissioner of Orissa, which was not received until the 13th October 1893. The delay was in the office of the Superintending Engineer, who received the report early in July.

160. Last year I remarked that I thought the results of the year's working, which showed a net profit on major and minor works of Rs. 3,82,280, against Rs. 1,42,628 in 1890-91, would be considered satisfactory. This year the net revenue has reached Rs. 6,17,928. In major works only the profit has been Rs. 3,97,954, against Rs. 1,60,673 in 1891-92. If, however, earnings are considered in place of collections, the revenue during 1891-92 was, owing to the failure of the autumn rains in that year, the greater, viz., Rs. 3,76,550, against Rs. 1,20,685 in the year under review. The net revenue is largely dependent on the sum expended on repairs, and by minimizing these, it would be possible to show returns more favourable than the real facts of the case warranted. In 1892-93 the working expenses were Rs. 13,635 only less than in 1891-92, there having been extra expenditure on major works, whilst a smaller sum sufficed to keep the minor works in good order.

161. There is still more, especially in Orissa, great pressure on the staff, the system on which the canals are managed has in that circle been entirely changed during the last two years, and credit is due to the Engineers and subordinates for the energy with which they have endeavoured to meet the altered circumstances. Mr. C. A. White, Executive Engineer in charge of the Kendupatna sub-division, deserves special praise for bringing nearly all the existing irrigation under lease on the conditions approved by Sir Charles Elliott in April 1892. The irrigation from the Eden Canal was very extensive, and Rai Bama Charan Paramanic Bahadur, Honorary Assistant Engineer, had a difficult task in making the most of the water-supply available and in distributing it equitably, in both respect he succeeded. In the body of this note the good work of Babu Saroda Prosad Chatterjee, Deputy Collector, Revenue Division, Sone Canals, and Babu Jagdam Sahai, Deputy Collector, Revenue Division, Orissa Canals, has been frequently alluded to, and they both, I think, deserve the thanks of Government.

C. W. ODLING,
Chief Engineer.

The 25th November 1893.

APPENDIX I.

Statement showing the number of days spent on duty by Superintending, Executive, and Assistant Engineers and Upper Subordinates of the Irrigation Branch of the Public Works Department during the year 1892-93.

Name.	Circle or Division.	Number of days— On duty.	On tour.	Remarks.
Superintending Engineers.				
Lieut.-Col. A. D. McArthur...	South-Western ...	356	87	On privilege leave for 9 days.
Mr. D. B. Horn	Ditto ...	9	...	
" W. Connan	Orissa	365	154	
" W. A. Inglis ...	Sone	365	190	
Executive Engineers.				
Mr. J. P. Scotland ...	Cossye	365	226	
" T. M. L. Thompson ...	Northern Drainage and Embankment.	365	183	
" C. E. Livesay ...	Nadia Rivers ...	365	236	
" D. B. Horn	Brahmini-Byturni ...	365	134	
" G. A. G. Shawe ...	Puri, Mahanadi and Superintending Engineer's Office.	92	29	Returned from furlough and joined Division on the 30th December 1892.
" T. Butler	Mahanadi ...	273	102	On privilege leave for 92 days.
" J. R. Swinden ...	Puri	173	64	On 2 years' furlough from 15th October 1892.
" M. H. Arnott ...	Aquapada-Jajpur and Brahmini-Byturni.	365	253	
Rai Bahadur Prosunno Coomar Daneary.	Puri	28	...	Returned from furlough and joined Division on the 4th March 1893.
Mr. C. A. White... ...	Kendupatna ...	365	248	
" H. Barlow	Jagatsingpore ...	340	258	On 25 days' privilege leave.
" J. S. L. Long ..	Gandak, Puri, and Kendupatna.	212	87	Joined Division 3rd September 1892.
" M. J. J. P. Norman ...	Buxar	365	169	
" O. C. Lees	Gandak ...	274	104	On 91 days' privilege leave.
" A. S. Thomson ...	Eastern Sone ...	273	110	On 92 days' privilege leave.
" L. R. Fraser... ...	Dehri Workshops ...	365	68	The greater part of the work of this Division is at head-quarters.
" R. E. Carter ...	Arrah	340	156	Transferred to the Orissa Circle from the 6th March 1893.
	Brahmini-Byturni ...	14	...	Joined Division on the 18th March 1893.
" A. E. Silk ...	Arrah	6	2	Transferred to Eastern Sone.
	Eastern Sone ...	122	35	Joined Division on 11th April 1892. Transferred to the Roads and Buildings Branch from 18th August 1892.
" C. H. DeMello ...	Arrah	25	7	Transferred to Buxar Division.
	Buxar	330	179	Took 10 days' joining time.
" H. H. Green ...	Gandak ...	101	44	Transferred from the Roads and Buildings Branch and joined Division on 28th April 1892. Took charge of the division on 7th May 1892. Made over charge on the 6th August 1892.
	Ditto ...	237	149	Took charge of Siwan sub-division on 7th August 1892.
" A. Hayes	Balasore ...	359	160	On leave for 6 days.
" T. B. Clowes ...	Ditto ...	314	195	On leave for 7 days. Proceeded on 9 months' furlough from 22nd February 1893.
Assistant Engineers.				
Mr. A. H. C. MacCarthy ...	Arrah ...	6	...	Transferred to the South-Western Circle.
	South Western ...	172	88	Joined Superintending Engineer's office from 15th July 1892. Leave on private affairs for 6 months from 3rd January 1893.
" W. S. Bremner ...	Cossye ...	365	170	
Rai Bahadur Bama Charn Pramanic.	Northern Drainage and Embankment.	365	236	
Mr. J. W. Fox	Circular and Eastern Canals.	364	187	On leave for one day.
" P. G. Jacobs ...	Eastern Sone ...	297	181	Transferred to the South-Western Circle.
	Balasore ...	63	31	Joined Division on 7th February 1893.
" J. C. Hewitt ...	Buxar	292	156	
	Eastern Sone ...	73	45	
" F. A. A. Cowley ...	Arrah	365	278	
Rai Sahib Beni Madhab Mittra	Do. ...	340	252	On leave for 25 days.
Mr. E. A. Smith ...	Dehri Workshops ...	50	...	Joined Superintending Engineer's office in the latter part of December 1892. Joined workshops on 8th January 1893.
	Arrah	32	21	Joined Division on 28th February 1893.

APPENDIX I—*continued.*

Name.	Circle or Division.	Number of days— On duty.	Number of days— On tour.	Remarks.
Assistant Engineers—concld.				
Mr. G. L. Searight ...	Buxar	59	27	Returned from 18 months' special leave and joined Division on 1st February 1893.
„ J. Zorab	Do.	73	46	Transferred from the Roads and Buildings Branch, and joined Division from 16th November 1892. Was employed in charge of a section from 16th November 1892 to 17th January 1893.
„ J. S. L. Long ...	Gandak ...	102	13	On leave for 40 days. Transferred to the Orissa Circle.
Rai Sahib Kally Pada Sen ...	Aquapada ...	273	134	On 92 days' privilege leave.
Rai Sahib Annada Prosad Sircar	Ditto ...	365	208	
Mr. O. S. Smith	Brahmini-Byturni ...	341	182	Transferred from the Roads and Buildings Branch. Joined Division on 18th May 1892.
„ H. G. Gearing ...	Mahanadi ...	365	39	Most of the works are within 5 miles of head-quarters.
Sub-Engineers.				
Babu Jodunath Bose ...	Cossye ...	365	123	
Rai Sahib Gopal Chunder Daw	Northern Drainage and Embankment.	365	242	
Babu Rakhal Dass Roy ...	Circular and Eastern Canals.	273	74	Returned from employment under the District Board of Khulna, and joined the Division on the 2nd July 1892.
Mr. J. Bradshaw ...	Balasore ...	360	207	On leave for 5 days.
„ I. J. Atkinson ...	Ditto ...	357	39	On leave for 8 days. Principal works lie at head-quarters being in charge of workshops.
Rai Sahib Satcowry Chatterjee	Eastern Sone ...	285	12	On privilege leave for 80 days. Principal works lie at head-quarters.
Mr. S. Street	Arrah	305	191	On privilege leave for 60 days.
„ J. C. Coxe	Puri ...	365	307	
Rai Sahib Prosunno Coomar Pal.	Aquapada-Jajpur ...	365	229	
Supervisors.				
Babu Jogendra Lall Chatterjee.	Northern Drainage and Embankment.	199	128	Returned from famine duty in Madras and joined the Division on the 20th September 1892.
„ Rakhal Dass Chatterjee	Nadia Rivers ...	365	113	
„ Lokenath Mitter ...	Ditto ...	365	216	
Mr. C. M. S. Rooke ...	Ditto ...	365	...	Employed as Toll-collector, Jangipur.
Babu Dukhina Runjan Mookerjee.	Circular and Eastern Canals.	190	85	Returned from famine duty in Madras and joined Division on the 23rd September 1892.
„ Ashutosh Mitter ...	Ditto ...	358	235	On leave for seven days.
Mr. W. W. H. Leslie ...	Gandak ...	365	139	
Babu Rudra Prosonno Singh	Do. ...	365	112	
„ Troylokho Nath Sircar	Do. ...	176	14	On privilege leave for 81 days.
„ Gopal Chander Mukherjee.	Do. ...	174	12	
„ Chundra Bhusan Dutt	Eastern Sone ...	76	2	On privilege leave for 90 days'
	Gandak ...	14	2	Principal works lie at head-quarters.
	Dehri Workshops	289	216	On privilege leave for 60 days and 2 days' joining time.
„ Kanti Chundra Banerjee.	Arrah ...	60	40	
	Eastern Sone ...	286	78	On leave for 19 days, including joining time on two occasions. Principal works lie at head-quarters.
Mr. H. E. Willimson ...	Dehri Workshops ...	365	42	Principal works lie at head-quarters.
Babu Gopal Chunder Ghose	Ditto ...	365	80	Ditto ditto.
„ Durga Charan Chakerbutty.	Eastern Sone ...	363	226	Two days' joining time.
„ Kenaram Bose ...	Ditto ...	365	185	
„ Mohendro Nath Sircar	Buxar ...	365	235	
„ Pran Kissen Sen ...	Mahanadi ...	365	257	
Mr. C. A. Marchant ...	Ditto ...	201	11	Transferred from the Calcutta Canals and joined Division 28th October 1892.
Overseers.				
Babu Romanath Sircar ...	Cossye ...	365	254	
„ Kirtybas Myti ...	Do. ...	365	84	Worked principally at head-quarters.
Mr. P. Madge	Do. ...	14	...	Transfered to Madras from 15th April 1892.

APPENDIX I—*concluded.*

Name.	Circle or Division.	Number of days— On duty.	On tour.	Remarks.
Overseers—concld.				
Babu Mohini Mohan Lahiri	Northern Drainage and Embankment.	144	73	On leave for 14 days. Appointed to the Department, and joined the Division on the 24th November 1892.
" Akhoy Krishna Bose ...	Nadia Rivers ...	164	122	Was on Madras famine duty from 1st April 1892 to 22nd September 1892. Was on transit form 23rd September to 1st October 1892.
" Rajendra Nath Mukherjee.	Ditto ...	365	129	
Mr. A. E. Hefferman ...	Balasore ...	320	135	On privilege leave for 45 days.
Babu Suresh Chunder Ganguli.	Ditto ...	353	152	On leave for 12 days.
" Rajendro Lall Sircar ...	Arrah ...	359	324	
" Kherode Chunder Mukherjee.	Dehri Workshops ...	10	...	Transferred from the Roads and Buildings Branch and joined the Division on the 22nd March 1893.
" Surendra Nath Barat...	Brahmini-Byturni ...	307	272	On leave for 31 days. Transferred from the Arrah Division, and joined 26th April 1892.
" Hurry Churn Mukerjea.	Mahanadi ...	296	240	On leave for 69 days.
" Banku Behari Mukerjea.	Puri ...	365	166	
" Bhoosun Chunder Banerjea.	Do. ...	296	...	Transferred from the Gandak Division, and joined on the 19th June 1892. Work at head-quarters.
" Krisna Dhone Banerjea	Aquapada-Jajpur ...	359	165	
" Bankim Krishna Ghose	Brahmini-Byturni ...	365	335	
" Troyluckonath Muzumdar.	Ditto ...	296	288	Appointed to Department on 15th June 1892, and joined Division on 21st June 1892.
" Soshi Bhushan Muzumdar.	Mahanadi ...	348	271	
" Hira Lall Sen ...	Puri and Mahanadi	365	122	
" Upendranath Mukerjea...	Aquapada-Jajpur ...	132	26	Appointed to the Department on 16th November 1892, and joined Division 20th November 1892.
Calcutta Canals.				
Supervisors.				
Mr. W. R. Cooksey ...	......	365	...	Daily inspections of few hours only.
" P. O. Wight ...	Toll Inspector, Dhappa.	137	...	Joined Division on 15th November 1892.
Babu J. N. Gupta ...	Canal Inspector, Tolly's Nala.	365	...	Daily inspections of few hours only.
Sone Canals.				
Revenue Division.				
Babu Soroda Prosad Chatterjee.	Deputy Collector ...	273	93	On privilege leave for 92 days.
" Siva Sanker Singh ...	Ditto ...	355	243	On leave for 10 days.
" Madho Lall ...	Sub-Deputy Collector	297	172	Joined Division on 8th June 1892.
" Probhat Chundra Mukerjee.	Ditto ...	64	34	
Orissa Canals.				
Rai Bahadur Jugdum Sahai...	Deputy Collector ...	341	146	
Babu Gopal Bullub Mitter ...	Sub-Deputy Collector	325	178	

APPENDIX II.

Statements showing the dates of inspections of the Divisional and Subdivisional and Toll Offices by the Superintending and Executive Engineers, Orissa, South-Western and Sone Circles during the year 1892-93.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

By whom inspected.	Divisions.					Subdivisions and Toll Offices.											
						Mahanadi Division.				Brahmini-Byturni Division.				Acquapada-Jajpur Division.			
	Mahanadi.	Brahmini-Byturni.	Puri.	Acquapada-Jajpur.	Canal Revenue.	Name of Sub-division.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll office.	Date of inspection.	Name of Sub-division.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll office.	Date of inspection.	Name of Sub-division.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll office.	Date of inspection.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Superintending Engineer.	25th January 1893.	9th February 1893.	Not inspected.	13th and 14th March 1893.	Not inspected.	No. 2, Cuttack	30th and 31st January 1893.	......	......	No. 12, Kendupatna.	28th February 1893.	......	......	No. 2, Acquapada.	15th March 1893.	......	......
						No. 3, Jagat Singpur.	16th February 1893.	......	......	No. 3, Kendrapara.	1st March 1893	......	......	No. 3, Jajpur	22nd March 1893.	......	......
						No. 4, Munijanga.	14th February 1893.	......	......	......	......	......	......	No. 4, Jenapur	Not inspected	......	......
Executive Engineers.	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Information not available.			......	......	......	......	......	......	......

South-Western Circle.

By whom inspected.	Divisions.					Subdivisions and Toll Offices.																			
						Cossye Division.				Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.				Circular and Eastern Canals Division.				Balasore Division.				Nadia Rivers Division.			
	Cossye. Date of inspection.	Northern Drainage and Embankment. Date of inspection.	Circular and Eastern Canals. Date of inspection.	Nadia Rivers. Date of inspection.	Balasore. Date of inspection.	Name of sub-division.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll Office.	Date of inspection.	Name of sub-division.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll Office.	Date of inspection.	Name of sub-division.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll Office.	Date of inspection.	Name of sub-division.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll Office.	Date of inspection.	Name of sub-division.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll Office.	Date of inspection.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Superintending Engineer.	21st June 1892.	29th March 1893.	21st March 1893.	18th March 1893.	26th February 1893.	No. 5 subdivision, Panchkurah. (a)	......	...	...	...	...			Supervisor's office. (b)	...	...	...	...	...	......	......	......	......	No. 5, Sarupganj Toll Office. No. 3 subdivision, Jangipur Toll Office. No. 5 subdivisions Hanskhali Toll Office. (c)	14th Aug. 1892. 10th Aug. 1892.
Executive Engineer.						No. 1, Midnapore.	In charge of Executive Engineer.	Ulubarja.	12th June 1892. 10th Aug. 1892. 23rd March 1893.	No. 1, Calcutta.	In charge of Executive Engineer.	No toll offices in this Division.		No. 1, Calcutta.	In charge of Executive Engineer.	Kidderpore.	Daily.	No. 1, Balasore.	In charge of Executive Engineer.	*Hijili Tidal Canal.* Gnankhally Etamugra. Teropakia.	9th March 1893 by Mr. P. G. Jacob, Assistant Engineer.	No. 1, Berhampore.	In charge of Executive Engineer.	Sarupganj.	Not inspected.
						No. 2, Midnapore.	In charge of Executive Engineer.	Sansberia	17th May 1892.	No. 2, Soorjeepore.	5th February 1893.			No. 2, Calcutta.	Not inspected.	Dhappa		No. 2, Balasore.	Not inspected.	Kalinagar ...	15th March 1893, by Mr. P. G. Jacob, Assistant Engineer.	No. 2, Berhampore.	Not inspected.		
						No. 3, Midnapore.	Subdivisional Officer works in head office.	Dainan	5th July 1892.	No. 3, Seljberia.	Not inspected.			No. 3, Bhangore.	Ditto	Chitpur		No. 3, Balasore.	Ditto	*Orissa Coast Canal.* Baitgur. Mossgnon ... Panhabari ...	24th Feb. 1893. 25th Feb. 1893, by Mr. P. G. Jacob, Assistant Engineer.	No. 3, Berhampore.	Ditto	Hanskhali.	23th January 1893.
						No. 4, Lutchmapur.	16th Sept. 1892. 17th October 1892.	Panskurah.	5th July 1892.	No. 4, Edilpore.	6th March 1893.			No. 4, Khulna.	Ditto	Russah		No. 4, Contai.	Ditto	Bhograi ... Jamcunda ... Panchpali ... Panchpara... Nulcool ...	Not inspected.	No. 4, Mirgunge.	Ditto		
						No. 5, Panskurah.	26th March 1892. 5th July 1892.	Balichak	19th Aug. 1892.	...	...			No. 5, Pirojpur.	Ditto	Panspotta.		No. 5, Etamugra.	Ditto	Chargachie Kansbans ... Charbatha...		No. 5, Kishnagur.	Ditto	Jangipur.	Not inspected.
						No. 6, Golaghat.	29th July 1892.	Kristonagur.	27th June 1892. 31st Aug. 1892. 23rd Nov. 1892.	...	...			...	...			...	...	*Baliaghye Drainage project.* Surpai ...	......	No. 6, Katwa.	26th Aug. 1892.		

(a) Inspected by Examiner in August 1892.
(b) Recently inspected by Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal.
(c) Inspected by Examiner in April 1892.

SONE CIRCLE.

By whom inspected.	Divisions.						Subdivisions and Toll Offices.																	
							Arrah Division.				Buxar Division.				Eastern Sone Division.				Dehri Workshops Division.				Gandak Division.	
	Arrah. Date of inspection.	Buxar. Date of inspection.	Eastern Sone. Date of inspection.	Dehri Workshops. Date of inspection.	Gandak. Date of inspection.	Sone Canals Revenue Division. Date of inspection.	Name of subdivision.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll office.	Date of inspection.	Name of subdivision.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll office.	Date of inspection.	Name of subdivision.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll office.	Date of inspection.	Name of subdivision.	Date of inspection.	Name of Toll office.	Date of inspection.	Name of subdivision.	Date of inspection.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Superintending Engineer.	5th to 7th January 1893.	22nd, 23rd, 24th August 1892.	29th and 30th July 1892.	24th and 25th November 1892.	25th and 26th October 1892.	...	Ramnagar.	17th and 18th October 1892.	...	...	Monohurpur.	25th and 26th August 1892.	...	...	Daudnagar.	20th and 21st February 1893.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Siwan	17th March 1893.
							Agiaon	3rd December 1892.	...	...	Basawan.	12th and 13th November 1892.	...	...	Bikram	26th February 1893.								
							Nasriganj.	15th December 1892.	...	...	Sikroul	11th January 1893.												
Executive Engineers.	...	...	...	...	...	...	Koath	13th and 14th October 1892.	Nasriganj.	27th November 1892.	Ditto	3rd and 4th March 1893.	Bedadi	9th September 1892 and 24th February 1893.	Ditto	16th February 1893.	Khagole	18th January 1893.	Grand Trunk Road.	31st December 1892.	...	...	Motihari	16th August 1892.
							Agiaon	5th and 6th November 1892.	Arrah	10th April 1892 and 9th August 1892 and 7th March 1893.	Basawan.	16th, 17th and 18th March 1893.	Nokha	16th April 1892 and 27th February 1893.	Daudnagar.	20th and 21st March 1893.	Arrah	27th August 1892, 2nd December 1892, and 31st March 1893.	...	...	...	...	Darbhanga.	31st August 1892.
							Nasriganj.	24th November 1892.	...	...	Jamrore	10th, 11th and 12th March 1893.												
							Ramnagar.	23rd, 24th and 29th January 1893.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Daudnagar.	20th February 1893.						

STATISTICAL TABLES.

IA.

STATEMENT OF CANALS IN THE PROVINCE OF BENGAL DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.

Particulars.	Orissa Canals.			Midnapore Canal.	Hidgellee Tidal Canal.	Sone Canals.			Saran Canals.	Calcutta and Eastern Canals.	Orissa Coast Canal.
	Mahanadi Series.	Brahmini-Byturni Series.	Total.			Eastern Main Canal Series.	Western Main Canal Series.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Source of supply of water ...	River Mahanadi.	Rivers Brahmini and Byturni.		River Cossye.	Rivers Rupnarain and Russalpur.	River Sone.			River Gandak	River Hooghly and Sundarbund creeks.	Rivers Russalpur, Subarnarekha, Panchpara, Burrabolong and Metai.
Minimum discharge of river—cubic feet per second ... Kharif ...	Not taken	Not taken	......	700	Tidal canal for navigation only.	5,257, October 22nd, 1883			5,082, March 26th, 1884	Tidal canal for navigation only.	Tidal canal for navigation only.
Rabi ...	Ditto	Ditto	......	200		1,868, February 16th, 1884					
Hot weather	Ditto	Ditto	......	100		447, May 27th, 1879					
Maximum discharge of canal—cubic feet per second ...	3,902	2,156·	6,058·	...		1,613	4,342	5,955	1,084		
Average annual rainfall ... Inches	55·66	55·17	55·41	56·93		41·73	39·91	40·48	41·71		
Gross area commanded ... Acres	433,800	137,500	571,300	180,000		408,155	1,327,354	1,733,509*	64,000		
Culturable ditto ... "	439,951	137,500	577,451	173,160		317,307	1,036,995	1,354,302	50,000		
Area irrigable by complete project ... "	439,951	137,500	577,451	125,000		309,040	707,360	1,016,400	50,000		
Area irrigable at present ... "	275,837	45,247	321,084	125,000		309,040	707,360	1,016,400	30,000		
Sanctioned estimate—			(a)	(b)	(c)			(d)		(e)	(f)
Direct charges ... Rs.		3,13,96,220	3,13,96,220	83,73,091	25,41,849	2,78,88,697		2,78,88,697	6,63,521	...	43,46,873
Indirect do. ... "		9,19,625	9,19,625	1,84,215	67,620	13,99,607		13,99,607	33,111	...	1,28,068
Interest during construction ... "		1,21,54,723	1,21,54,723	54,17,730	2,17,460	29,67,227		29,67,227	...	...	...
		4,44,70,568	4,44,70,568	1,39,75,036	28,26,929	3,22,55,531		3,22,55,531	6,96,632	...	44,74,941

Expenditure to end of 1892-93—													
Direct charges ...	Rs.	2,49,69,881		2,49,69,881	82,58,711	22,71,024	2,57,88,346		2,57,88,346	6,69,570		52,95,466	42,41,459
Indirect do. ...	"	5,62,834		5,62,834	1,84,133	56,865	9,13,131		9,13,131	27,183		62,383	1,02,975
Interest during construction ...	"	1,76,61,689		1,76,61,689	67,39,547	16,55,130	1,76,18,436		1,76,18,436	...		...	...
Total expenditure ...	"	4,31,94,404		4,31,94,404	1,51,82,391	39,83,019	4,43,19,913		4,43,19,913	6,96,753		53,57,849	43,44,434
Works as now sanctioned—													
Main canals, irrigation	Miles	138$\frac{3}{4}$	31$\frac{1}{2}$	170$\frac{1}{4}$	53	29	86$\frac{1}{4}$	132$\frac{1}{4}$	218$\frac{1}{3}$		6$\frac{1}{3}$	47	102
Branch do. do. ...	"	110$\frac{3}{4}$	6$\frac{1}{3}$	117$\frac{1}{4}$	19	Nil	Nil	148$\frac{3}{4}$	148$\frac{3}{4}$		12$\frac{1}{2}$	Nil	Nil
Distributaries ...	"	1,763	384	2,14	304·89	Nil	350$\frac{1}{4}$	857$\frac{3}{4}$	1,208	Nil		Nil	Nil
Of above—													
Navigable channels ...	Miles	202$\frac{1}{2}$	38	240$\frac{1}{3}$	72	29	86$\frac{1}{4}$	132$\frac{1}{4}$	218$\frac{1}{3}$	Nil		47	102
Works completed at end of 1892-93—													
Main canals, irrigation	Miles	138$\frac{3}{4}$	31$\frac{1}{2}$	170$\frac{1}{4}$	53	29	86$\frac{1}{4}$	132$\frac{1}{4}$	218$\frac{1}{3}$		6$\frac{1}{3}$	47	102
Branch do. do. ...	"	103	6$\frac{1}{3}$	109$\frac{1}{2}$	19	Nil	Nil	148$\frac{3}{4}$	148$\frac{3}{4}$		12$\frac{1}{2}$	Nil	Nil
Distributaries ...	"	880$\frac{3}{4}$	59$\frac{1}{4}$	940$\frac{1}{2}$	283·19	Nil	350$\frac{1}{4}$	857$\frac{3}{4}$	1,208	Nil		Nil	Nil
Of above—													
Navigable channels ...	Miles	166$\frac{3}{4}$	38	204$\frac{3}{4}$	72	29	86$\frac{1}{4}$	132$\frac{1}{4}$	218$\frac{1}{3}$	Nil		47	102

* The area (5,000 acres) commanded by the Sasaram distributary has been added.

(a) Rupees 19,58,356 sanctioned for direct outlay on the Orissa Project from 1st April 1890 to date of closing of construction estimate on 31st March 1895—*vide* Government of India, Public Works Department, letter No. 2951., dated 8th December 1892. From 1890-91 to 1892-93 Rs. 10,83,551 have been expended out of this amount.

(b) and (c) The estimates for the Midnapore and Hidgellee Tidal canals, respectively, having been withdrawn and closed, the figures shown are the totals of the old and fresh sanctions.

(d) Sanction to the construction estimate for the Sone Project expired on 31st March 1891. The expenditure from 1st April 1891 is chargeable against the schedule of works amounting to Rs. 7,05,707 for direct outlay and Rs. 16,306 for indirect outlay sanctioned in Government of India, Public Works Department letter, No. 6I., dated 6th January 1893.

(e) There is no general sanctioned estimate for this project.

(f) Includes Rs. 8,05,090 expended from Famine Relief funds.

IB.

CAPITAL ACCOUNT OF IRRIGATION WORKS IN BENGAL FOR AND TO END OF 1892-93.

Irrigation Works.		Direct charges (net expenditure).						Indirect charges, exclusive of interest.	Total capital, excluding interest.	Simple interest.
		Works.	Establishment.	Tools and plant.	Suspense accounts.	Loss by exchange.	Total.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Major Irrigation Works.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Orissa project ...	To end of previous year	1,77,31,111	44,51,243	19,92,451	1,63,791	2,68,070	2,46,06,666	5,54,230	2,51,60,896	1,66,70,158
	During 1892-93 ...	3,16,497	61,011	3,184	—17,477	......	3,63,215	8,604	3,71,819	9,91,531
Midnapore canal	To end of previous year	53,40,639	19,17,880	9,05,392	......	94,800	82,58,711	1,84,133	84,42,844	64,09,199
	During 1892-93 ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	3,30,348
Tidal canal ...	To end of previous year	15,58,406	5,33,372	1,18,137	......	22,790	22,32,705	56,508	22,89,213	15,65,055
	During 1892-93 ...	33,820	2,547	1,952	......	......	38,319	357	38,676	90,075
Sone canal ...	To end of previous year	1,83,82,302	51,34,328	19,93,575	1,69,649	52,240	2,57,32,094	9,10,551	2,66,42,645	1,65,88,027
	During 1892-93 ...	79,153	18,425	5,762	—47,088	......	56,252	2,580	58,832	10,30,409
Total ...	To end of previous year	4,30,12,458	1,20,36,823	50,09,555	3,33,440	4,37,900	6,08,30,176	17,05,422	6,25,35,598	4,12,32,439
	During 1892-93 ...	4,29,470	81,983	10,898	—64,565	......	4,57,786	11,541	4,69,327	24,42,363
Minor Works and Navigation.										
Tirhut project ...	To end of previous year	90,685	4,33,943	6,797	......	......	5,31,425	74,650	6,06,075	......
	During 1892-93 ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Damoodar " ...	To end of previous year	47,877	94,864	4,800	......	......	1,47,541	16,239	1,63,780	......
	During 1892-93 ...	—1,200	......	......	......	......	—1,200	......	—1,200	......
Saran " ...	To end of previous year	4,79,448	1,64,170	25,952	......	......	6,69,570	27,183	6,96,753	......
	During 1892-93 ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Orissa Coast canal	To end of previous year	32,69,581	7,30,117	2,02,469	36,832	......	42,38,999	1,02,953	43,41,952	......
	During 1892-93 ...	694	159	580	1,027	......	2,460	22	2,482	......
Calcutta and Eastern canals.	To end of previous year	44,74,200	3,84,988	3,51,663	11,692	......	52,22,543	61,027	52,83,570	......
	During 1892-93 ...	42,089	9,681	16,800	4,353	......	72,923	1,356	74,279	......
Total ...	To end of previous year	83,61,791	18,08,082	5,91,681	48,524	......	1,08,10,078	2,82,052	1,10,92,130	......
	During 1892-93 ...	41,583	9,840	17,380	5,380	......	74,183	1,378	75,561	......
Grand Total ...	To end of previous year	5,13,74,249	1,38,44,905	56,01,236	3,81,964	4,37,900	7,16,40,254	19,87,474	7,36,27,728	4,12,32,439
	During 1892-93 ...	4,71,053	91,823	28,278	—59,185	......	5,31,969	12,919	5,44,888	24,42,363

Receipts on capital account deducted from the following heads.

		Works.	Establishment.	Tools.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Orissa project ...	To end of previous year ...	44,520	13,300	28,280	86,100
	During 1892-93	69	...	...	69
Midnapore canal ...	To end of previous year ...	12,668	7,300	11,590	31,558
	During 1892-93	...	...	...	...
Tidal canal ...	To end of previous year ...	10	...	915	925
	During 1892-93	...	...	...	...
Sone canal ...	To end of previous year ...	2,05,935	32,711	1,33,640	3,72,286
	During 1892-93	2,159	...	...	2,159
Tirhut project ...	To end of previous year ...	45	74	39	158
	During 1892-93	...	...	...	...
Damoodar project...	To end of previous year ...	42,749	...	2,300	45,049
	During 1892-93	1,200	...	...	1,200
Saran " ...	To end of previous year ...	498	...	...	498
	During 1892-93	...	...	...	...
Orissa Coast Canal	To end of previous year ...	3,028	260	5	3,293
	During 1892-93	...	...	...	...
Calcutta and Eastern canals.	To end of previous year ...	54,467	...	...	54,467
	During 1892-93	...	...	...	...

I

STATEMENT SHOWING THE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF IRRIGATION

Realisations under main heads of

Irrigation Works.	Revenue (actual receipts).										Revenue	
	Irrigation.										Establish	
	Water-rates directly paid.	Share of land revenue.	Total.	Navigation.	Plantations and lands.	Water-powers.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Refund of revenue.	Gross receipts less refunds.	Direction.	Execution.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
MAJOR WORKS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Orissa project	3,53,369	...	3,52,369	1,18,757	1,960	...	24,572	4,97,658	283	4,97,375	5,987	54,208
Midnapore canal	1,49,057	...	1,49,057	1,14,141	34	...	16,945	2,80,177	176	2,80,001	2,279	15,062
Tidal canal	...	...	......	52,180	31	...	1,251	53,462	72	53,390	411	2,370
Sone project	9,68,070	...	9,68,070	59,089	852	1,138	27,224	10,56,393	3,792	10,52,581	7,178	97,227
Total Major Irrigation Works.	14,69,496	...	14,69,493	3,44,167	2,877	1,138	69,992	18,87,670	4,323	18,83,347	15,855	1,68,867
MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.												
Works for which capital and revenue accounts are kept.												
Saran project	1,493	...	1,492	...	19	...	15	1,526	...	1,526	238	1,048
Orissa Coast canal ...	...	...	...	55,832	...	...	9,149	64,981	47	64,934	1,137	7,496
Calcutta and Eastern canals.	...	...	...	4,64,716	...	...	15,528	4,80,244	130	4,80,114	3,418	21,459
Total ...	1,492	...	1,492	5,20,548	19	...	24,692	5,46,751	177	5,46,574	4,793	30,00[illegible]
Works for which only revenue accounts are kept.												
Nadia rivers	...	...	...	1,65,380	...	...	158	1,65,538	18	1,65,520	1,719	12,931
Works for which neither capital nor revenue accounts are kept.												
Eden canal	30,310	...	30,310	...	...	...	803	31,113	70	31,043	...	...
Total Minor Works and Navigation.	31,802	...	31,802	6,85,[illegible]28	19	...	25,653	7,43,402	265	7,43,137	6,512	43,534
GRAND TOTAL ...	15,01,298	...	15,01,298	10,30,095	2,896	1,138	95,645	26,31 072	4,588	26,26,484	22,367	2,12,401

(a) Irrigation Revenue officers specially

(b) Temporary establishment, including establishment for measuring lands and preparing demand

NOTE.—The charges for direction and executive establishment have equally

C.

WORKS IN BENGAL FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH 1893.

Revenue and working expenses.

WORKING EXPENSES.															
MANAGEMENT.			MAINTENANCE OF WORKS.												
ment.			Establishment.												
Navigation.	Civil officers (a).	Total.	Direction.	Execution.	Medical.	Total.	Works.	Repairs.	Sundries.	Tools and plant.	Plantations.	Total.	Indirect charges.	Grand total working expenses.	Net revenue.
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	7	28	29
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
16,917	78,996	1,56,108	5,987	54,209	...	60,196	9,123	2,30,138	...	19,437	222	3,19,116	30,283	5,05,507	—8,132
7,658	23,011	48,010	2,279	15,061	...	17,340	3,736	87,022	...	29,885	408	1,38,321	9,149	1,95,550	84,451
4,332	...	7,113	411	2,370	...	2,781	...	16,036	...	5,363	411	24,591	1,385	33,089	20,391
14,430	1,59,300	2,78,135	7,178	97,227	...	1,04,405	6,541	2,74,509	...	28,031	6,070	4,19,556	53,556	7,51,247	3,01,334
43,337	2,61,307	4,89,366	15,855	1,68,867	...	1,84,722	19,400	6,07,705	...	82,716	7,111	9,01,654	94,373	14,85,323	3,97,954
...	...	1,886	238	1,648	...	1,886	...	9,472	...	213	45	11,616	528	14,030	—12,504
6,856	...	15,489	1,137	7,496	...	8,633	...	45,490	...	6,663	...	60,786	3,377	79,032	—14,718
39,935	...	64,812	3,418	21,459	...	24,877	—28,498	1,63,901	...	13,207	1,322	1,74,809	12,556	2,52,177	2,27,937
46,791	...	82,187	4,793	30,603	...	35,396	(—)28,498	2,18,863	...	20,083	1,367	2,47,211	16,461	3,45,859	2,00,715
22,282	...	36,932	1,719	12,930	...	14,649	...	68,763	1,066	1,644	...	86,122	7,221	1,30,275	35,245
...	(b)	...	...	10,073	...	10,078	(—)48	26,478	...	652	...	37,160	...	37,160	(—)6,117
69,073	...	1,19,119	6,512	53,611	...	60,123	—28,546	3,14,104	1,066	22,379	1,367	3,70,493	23,682	5,13,294	2,29,843
1,12,410	2,61,307	6,08,485	22,367	2,22,478	...	2,44,845	—9,146	9,21,809	1,066	1,05,095	8,478	12,72,147	1,18,055	19,98,687	6,27,797

employed in collection of revenue.
statements was entertained during the year at a total cost of Rs. 1,536 against Rs. 966 in 1891-92.
(approximately) apportioned under the heads "Revenue management" and "Maintenance."

IIC.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF IRRIGATION WORKS IN BENGAL FOR 1892-93, BASED ON ACTUAL RECEIPTS.

Principal results of operations for the year ended 31st March 1893.

Irrigation works.	Direct and indirect outlay to end of 1892-93.	Gross receipts, direct and indirect, from all sources, (less refunds).	Working expenses, direct and indirect.	Net revenue (excluding charges for interest).	Percentage of net revenue on capital outlay to end of the year.	Interest at 4 per cent. on direct capital outlay at commencement of year and at 2 per cent. on outlay during the year.	Surplus revenue after paying interest on direct capital outlay.		Excess charge including interest on direct capital outlay.	
							Amount.	Percentage on total sum at charge.	Amount.	Percentage on total sum at charge.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
MAJOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In operation.										
Tidal canal ...	23,27,889	53,390	33,089	20,301	·87	90,075	...	...	69,774	·3
In progress.										
Orissa project	2,55,32,715	4,97,375	5,05,507	—8,132	—·03	9,91,531	...	...	9,99,663	3·91
Midnapore canal ...	84,42,844	2,80,001	1,95,550	84,451	1·00	3,30,348	...	...	2,45,897	2·91
Sone project	2,67,01,477	10,52,531	7,51,247	3,01,334	1·13	10,30,409	...	...	7,29,075	2·73
Total ...	6,30,04,925	18,83,347	14,85,393	3,97,954	·63	24,42,363	...	...	20,44,409	3·24
MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.										
In operation.										
Saran project	6,96,753	1,526	14,030	—12,504	—1·79	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta and Eastern canals	53,57,849	4,80,114	2,52,177	2,27,937	4·25	...	...	...	...	...
Nadia rivers ...	...	1,65,520	1,30,275	35,245	...	...	...	...	...	...
In progress.										
Orissa Coast canal ...	43,44,434	64,934	79,652	—14,718	—·34	...	...	...	...	...
Abandoned or held in abeyance.										
Tirhut project	6,06,075	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Damadoor project ...	1,62,580	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,11,67,691	7,12,094	4,76,134	2,35,960	2·11	...	...	...	...	...

IIIC.

DEMANDS AND REALIZATIONS DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.

IRRIGATION WORKS.	Balance of demand unrealized at commencement of year.	Demands of the year.	Total.	Deduct remissions not including cash refunds.	Net total.	Deduct amount unrealized at close of the year.	Actual receipts of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Major Irrigation Works.							
Orissa project	2,33,704	4,06,312	6,40,016	52,541	5,87,475	89,817	4,97,658
Midnapore canal ...	58,972	2,71,110	3,30,082	1,338	3,28,744	48,567	2,80,177
Tidal canal	...	53,462	53,462	...	53,462	...	53,462
Sone project	1,11,444	10,47,633	11,59,077	14,914	11,44,163	87,790	10,56,373
Total ...	4,04,120	17,78,517	21,82,637	68,793	21,13,844	2,26,174	18,87,670
Minor Works and Navigation.							
Saran project	3,163	11,034	14,197	...	14,197	12,671	1,526
Orissa Coast canal ...	...	64,981	64,981	...	64,981	...	64,981
Calcutta and Eastern canals	...	4,80,244	4,80,244	...	4,80,244	...	4,80,244
Nadia rivers	...	1,65,538	1,65,538	...	1,65,538	...	1,65,538
Total ...	3,163	7,21,797	7,24,960	...	7,24,960	12,671	7,12,289
GRAND TOTAL ...	4,07,283	25,00,314	29,07,597	68,793	28,38,804	2,38,845	25,99,959

NOTE.—Refunds of revenue have not been deducted from actual receipts of the year.

IV

STATEMENT SHOWING THE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF IRRIGATION WORKS IN

Principal results of operations for

Irrigation Works.	Capital outlay (direct and indirect) to end of the year.	REVENUE ASSESSED				
		Direct assessed				
		Occupier's rate (water-rates).	Owner's rate.	Plantations.	Water-power	Navigation.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
MAJOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Orissa Project	2,55,32,715	2,40,200	......	1,960	......	1,18,757
Midnapore Canal	84,42,844	1,40,000	......	34	......	1,14,141
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	23,27,869	......	......	31	......	52,180
Sone Project	2,67,01,477	8,15,158	......	852	1,138	59,089
Total Major Irrigation Works ...	6,30,04,925	11,95,358	......	2,877	1,138	3,44,167
MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.						
Works for which Capital and Revenue accounts are kept.						
Saran Project	6,96,753	11,000	......	19	......	......
Orissa Coast Canal ...	43,44,434	......	......	......	......	55,832
Calcutta and Eastern Canals ...	53,57,849	......	......	......	......	4,64,716
Total ...	1,03,99,036	11,000	......	19	......	5,20,548
Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue accounts are kept.						
Eden Canal	......	65,652	......	......	......	......
Works for which only Revenue accounts are kept.						
Nadia Rivers	......	......	... ..	......	......	1,65,380
Total Minor Works and Navigation.	1,03,99,036	76,652	......	19	.. ...	6,85,928

N.B.—The assessed revenue means the revenue assessed on the irrigation of the year independently of whether the demand statements were

C.

BENGAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 1892-93, BASED ON ASSESSMENTS OF THE YEAR.

the year ended 31*st March* 1893.

DURING THE YEAR.								
REVENUE.								
Miscellaneous.	Total.	Refunds of revenue.	Gross assessed revenue,—less refunds.	Indirect revenue—Land revenue due to operations of canals.	Grand total.	Working expenses, direct and indirect.	Net assessed revenue of the year.	Percentage on capital outlay to end of the year.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
24,572	3,85,489	283	3,85,206	......	3,85,206	5,05,507	(—)1,20,301	·47 deficit.
16,945	2,71,120	176	2,70,944	......	2,70,944	1,95,550	(+)75,394	·89 profit.
1,251	53,462	72	53,390	......	53,390	33,089	(+)20,301	·87 profit.
27,224	9,03,461	3,792	8,99,669	......	8,99,669	7,51,247	(+)1,48,422	·55 profit.
69,992	16,13,532	4,323	16,09,209	......	16,09,209	14,85,393	(+)1,23,816	·19 profit.
15	11,034	.....	11,034	......	11,034	14,030	(—)2,996	·43 deficit.
9,149	64,981	47	64,934	......	64,934	79,652	(—)14,718	·33 deficit.
15,528	4,80,244	130	4,80,114	......	4,80,114	2,52,177	(+)2,27,937	4·25 profit.
24,692	5,56,259	177	5,56,082	...	5,56,082	3,45,859	(+)2,10,223	2·02 profit.
803	66,455	70	66,385	......	66,385	37,160	29,225	......
158	1,65,538	18	1,65,520	......	1,65,520	1,30,275	35,245	......
25,653	7,88,252	265	7,87,987	......	7,87,987	5,13,294	2,74,693	......

completed within the financial year or not. The actual amount of the demand statements issued during the year is given in column 3 of table IIIC.

ID.

STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC ON CANALS IN BENGAL DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.

Particulars.	Orissa Canals.	Midnapore Canal.	Higili Tidal Canal.	Sone Canals.	Calcutta and Eastern Canals.	Orissa Coast Canal.	Total.	Nadia Rivers.	Grand Tota[l]
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Length of canal open for navigation ... ... Miles	204¾	72	29	218½	(a)47	(b)102	673¼	477	1,1[illegible]
Receipts.									
Tollage—Private boats ... Rs.	92,258	1,11,489	51,888	33,163	4,56,602	54,824	8,00,224	1,64,562	9,64,78[illegible]
" Government boats ... "	5,417	...	...	9,095	...	...	14,512	...	14,51[illegible]
" Rafts ... "	2,828	2,652	292	7,738	344	1,008	14,862	818	15,68[illegible]
Carrying operations or transport services. Government boats. "	18,891	...	...	9,093	...	...	27,984	...	27,98[illegible]
Fines and sundries .. ... "	...	3,392	...	...	7,770	...	11,162	...	11,1[illegible]
Total—receipts ... "	1,19,394	1,17,533	52,180	59,089	4,64,716	55,832	8,68,744	1,65,380	10,34,12[illegible]
Maintenance charges, including special navigation establishment ... ... "	20,758	13,888	33,161	42,653	2,52,307	79,699	4,42,466	1,30,293	5,72,75[illegible]
Net revenue of year ... "	98,636	1,03,645	19,019	16,436	2,12,409	(—)23,867	4,26,278	35,087	4,61,36[illegible]
Total number of boats plying cargo ... ... No.	10,458	(a)14,963	(a)10,130	3,882	(a)86,333	(a)5,631	131,397	(a)24,994	156,391
Ditto ditto passenger "	2,867	14,691	1,581	443	10,957	2,122	32,661	20,231	52,892
Ditto ditto empty boats "	8,278	...	...	2,385	...	...	10,663	...	10,663
Total ...	21,603	29,654	11,711	6,710	97,290	7,753	174,721	45,225	219,946
Total registered tonnage of boats by canal measurement, cargo ... ... Tons.	161,106	253,302	131,276	75,147	1,752,258	60,451	2,433,540	643,702	3,077,242
Ditto ditto passenger "	78,477	96,138	14,597	11,523	21,297	23,380	245,412	28,662	274,074
Ditto ditto empty boats "	57,526¼	60,563	22,366	11,171	487,201	16,976	655,803¼	111,125	766,928
Total ...	297,109¼	410,003	168,239	97,841	2,260,756	1,00,807	3,334,755¼	783,489	4,118,244
Ton-mileage—Up ... "	5,162,872	2,864,778	1,230,663	2,551,279	3,260,958	1,499,494	16,570,044	Nil	...
Down ... "	5,060,576	4,351,080	1,833,139	3,019,920	17,020,047	1,720,254	33,005,016		...
Total ...	10,223,448	7,215,858	3,063,802	5,571,199	20,281,005	3,219,748	49,575,060	...	...
Estimated value of cargoes—Up ... Rs.	34,60,365	60,25,233	23,91,545	18,77,807	91,98,672	11,82,195	2,41,35,817	1,58,75,636	4,00,11,453
Down ... "	49,18,863	64,55,193	28,44,274	36,30,553	5,75,62,718	11,72,485	7,65,84,086	1,97,17,258	9,63,01,344
Total ... "	83,79,228	1,24,80,426	52,35,819	55,08,360	6,67,61,390	23,54,680	10,07,19,703	3,55,92,894	13,63,12,797
Number of passengers—Total No.	116,957⅓	205,804	42,488	48,943½	68,738	60,435	543,366	69,302	612,668
Rafts, feet×feet×feet—Up ... c. ft.	121,116	5,173	10,656	1,111	6,346	5,398	149,800	3,860	153,66[illegible]
" " " Down "	588,664	2,12,938	14,637	2,470,287	40,015	37,611	3,364,152	134,681	3,498,83[illegible]
Total ... "	709,780	218,111	25,293	2,471,398	46,361	43,009	3,513,952	138,541	3,652,49[illegible]
Estimated value of rafts—Total ... Rs.	90,500	1,28,778	20,731	2,24,005	74,824	24,225	5,58,063	1,09,135	6,67,198
Tollage on boats per ton per mile ... Pies.	1·83	2·9	3·2	1·45	4·3	3·2	...	Nil.	...
Tollage on rafts per 100 cubic feet ... Rs.	0·04	1·21	1·15	annas 5·01	·74	2·34	...	·59	...

(a). This length is that of the Calcutta and new canals and Tolly's Nala, with 20 miles of Kaorapukur khal. The Eastern Canals are 516 miles in length, of which the inner boat route is 189 miles, and the outer boat route 127 miles: the steamer route is 350 miles. Total length is 713 miles.
(b). Includes 4½ miles of river crossings.

IID.

DESCRIPTION AND QUANTITIES OF GOODS, &c., CARRIED ON CANALS IN BENGAL DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.

Description of Goods, &c.	Orissa Canals.						Midnapore Canal.						Hijili Tidal Canal.						Sone Canals.					
	Total.				Private.		Total.				Private.		Total.				Private.		Total.				Private.	
	Quantity—Tons.			Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity—Tons.			Value.	Quantity.	Value	Quantity—Tons.			Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity—Tons.			Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Boat Traffic.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Rs.	Tons.	Rs.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Rs.	Tons.	Rs.	Up.	Down.	Total	Rs.	Tons.	Rs.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Rs.	Tons.	Rs.
Cotton, raw and manufactured.	1,412	80	1,402	4,04,854	1,402	4,04,854	1,267	91	1,358	25,86,150	1,358	25,86,150	429	...	429	2,87,500	429	2,87,500	460	48	508	6,26,915	508	6,26,915
Woollen goods, raw and manufactured.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	127	133	61,609	133	61,609
Dyes and tans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	810	810	2,50,214	810	2,50,214	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rice or wheat ...	11,833	28,860	40,693	38,47,941	40,693	38,47,941	227	23,163	23,390	17,49,864	23,390	17,49,864	42	36,132	36,174	24,57,264	36,174	24,57,264	884	5,486	6,370	4,29,332	6,370	4,29,332
Other food-grains ...	6,319¼	2,753	9,072¼	4,28,335	9,072¼	4,28,335	7,958	18,261	26,219	14,92,927	26,219	15,92,927	...	77	77	5,500	77	5,500	1,669	5,297	6,966	5,63,163	6,966	5,63,103
Hides and skins ...	52	1,098	1,050	2,91,360	1,150	2,91,360	1	184	185	1,01,619	185	1,01,619	...	70	70	27,300	70	27,300	...	256	256	58,677	256	58,677
Liquors ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	27	13,550	27	13,550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Metals ...	108	13¼	121¼	23,320	121¼	23,320	543	194	737	4,43,757	737	4,43,757	41	18	59	6,197	59	6,197	106	26	132	3,41,394	132	3,41,394
Oils ...	3,734¼	31¼	3,766¼	4,08,547	3,766¼	4,08,547	2,455	...	2,455	2,58,140	2,455	2,58,140	1,787	...	1,787	1,97,458	1,787	1,97,478	26	...	26	4,594	26	4,594
Oil-seeds ...	633	1,462¼	2,100¼	3,59,054	2,100¼	3,59,054	1,559	4,188	5,747	6,38,779	5,747	6,38,779	52	38	90	10,900	90	10,900	54	9,818	9,872	10,64,309	9,872	10,64,309
Provisions ...	4¼	10	14	2,690	14¼	2,690	1,070	1,569	2,639	2,13,513	2,639	2,13,513	210	127	337	20,752	337	20,752	6	7	13	1,180	13	1,180
Salt ...	1,297¼	1,376½	2,673¾	2,54,053	2,673¾	2,54,053	11,383	628	12,011	10,33,458	12,011	10,83,458	4,910	...	4,910	5,33,832	4,910	5,33,832	4,082	...	4,082	3,97,083	4,082	3,97,083
Spices ...	6,504	34	6,535	12,43,490	6,538	12,43,480	785	14	799	1,72,237	799	1,72,237	2	...	2	825	2	825	31	57	88	12,302	88	12,302
Sugar ...	102	1,381	1,483	2,03,488	1,483	2,63,488	1,174	2,555	3,729	4,47,376	3,729	4,47,376	1,003	...	1,003	1,07,754	1,003	1,07,754	4	704	708	83,892	708	83,892
Tobacco ...	1	20	21	1,310	21	1,310	784	30	814	2,04,941	814	2,04,911	3,697	...	3,697	9,47,252	3,697	9,47,252	999	101	1,100	85,867	1,100	85,867
Building materials ...	843	1,589	2,432	38,446	2,432	3,846	468	4,100	4,568	18,684	4,568	18,684	645	83	728	7,398	728	7,398	512	3,262	3,774	22,178	2,367	13,409
Miscellaneous ...	1,745¼	8,514¼	10,259½	7,81,307	10,259½	7,81,307	3,485	4,410	7,895	10,91,846	7,895	10,91,846	679	6,819	7,498	4,23,561	7,498	4,23,561	3,644	8,396	12,040	15,45,035	11,871	15,43,730
Timber ... C. ft.	...	3,397	3,397	52,843	3,397	52,843																		
Timber ... Tons	66	1,302¾	1,368¾		1,368¾		80	...	80	7,777	80	7,777	132	16	148	5,050	148	5,050	167	44	211	8,796	25	691
Fire-wood ...	339½	496	835½	4,065	835½	4,065	63	300	363	2,137	363	2,137	2	71	73	519	73	519	4	2	6	151	6	151
Bamboos ...	2	142	144	355	144	355	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	88	89	1,292	89	1,292	755	28	783	17,355	783	17,355
Coal and Coke ...	47	47	94	2,510	94	2,510	2,022	10	2,032	14,399	2,032	14,399	1,043	...	1,043	8,691	1,043	8,691	340	172	512	8,068	455	7,173
Jute ...	...	33	241½	21,270	241½	21,270	27	1,042	1,069	1,29,079	1,069	1,29,079	1	1,784	1,785	1,86,774	1,785	1,86,774	...	...	...	...	...	...
Treasure ...	...	1	1	10,000	1	19,000	...	21	21	16,09,979	21	16,09,979	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1,76,500	1	1,76,500
Total boat traffic ... Tons ...	35,052½	49,449¾	84,502	83,79,228	84,502	83,79,228	35,378	61,570	96,948	1,24,80,426	96,948	1,24,80,426	14,676	45,323	59,999	52,35,819	59,969	52,35,819	13,749	33,832	47,581	55,08,360	45,762	54,89,176
Total boat traffic ... C.ft. ...	...	3,397	3,397		3,397																			
Raft Traffic.																								
Timber in logs ... C. ft.	96,060	181,963	278,023	64,816	2,78,023	64,816	2,931	32,066	34,997	32,292	34,997	32,292	7,481	13,912	21,393	20,143	21,393	20,143	15	16	31	1,136	31	1,136
Squared timber ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	120	936	120	936
Sleepers, broad gauge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	796	796	8,347	796	8,347
Sleepers, metre gauge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	46	350	46	350
Scantlings ...	1,308	...	1,308	5	1,308	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	720	720	4,910	720	4,310
Poles ...	...	30	30	7	30	7	18	143,944	143,962	88,251	143,962	88,281	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,444	7,444	52,353	7,444	52,353
Fire-wood ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,777	1,777	9,850	1,777	9,850
Bamboos ... C. ft.	1,148	219,821	220,969	25,672	2,20,969	25,672	2,224	36,928	39,152	3,205	39,152	3,205	3,175	795	3,900	588	3,900	588	...	11,003	11,003	1,46,123	11,003	1,46,123
Bamboos ... No.	22,600	186,850	209,450		2,09,450																			
Reeds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total raft traffic ... C. ft. ...	88,516	401,814	500,330	90,500	500,330	90,500	5,173	212,938	218,111	1,23,778	218,111	1,23,778	10,656	14,637	25,293	20,731	25,293	2,731	15	21,922	21,937	2,24,005	21,937	2,24,005
Total raft traffic ... No. ...	22,600	186,850	209,450		209,450																			
Grand Total Tons	35,052½	49,449¾	84,502	84,69,728	84,502	84,69,728	35,378	61,570	96,948	1,26,04,204	96,948	1,26,04,204	14,676	45,323	59,999	52,56,330	59,969	52,56,550	13,764	55,754	69,518	57,32,365	67,699	57,13,181
Grand Total C. ft.	98,516	405,211	503,727		503,727		5,173	212,938	218,111		218,111		10,656	14,637	25,293		25,293		...	...	...		...	
Grand Total No. ...	22,600	186,850	209,450		209,450		...	...	...		...		...	...	...		...		...	...	...		...	

IID—*concluded.*

DESCRIPTION AND QUANTITIES OF GOODS, &c., CARRIED ON CANALS IN BENGAL DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.

ORISSA COAST CANAL.

Description.	Total. Quantity—Tons.			Total. Value.	Private. Quantity.	Private. Value.
	26	27	28	29	30	31
Boat Traffic.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Rs.	Tons.	Rs.
Cotton, raw and manufactured	201	4	205	2,03,950	205	2,03,950
Woollen goods, raw and manufactured.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dyes and tans	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rice	254	17,651	17,905	9,66,458	17,905	9,66,458
Other food-grains	166	...	166	18,220	166	18,220
Hides and skins	...	62	62	8,000	62	8,000
Liquors	...	...	...	...	...	...
Metals	44	...	44	20,840	44	20,840
Oils	3,139	1	3,140	3,10,236	3,140	3,10,236
Oilseeds	...	108	108	11,435	108	11,435
Provision	125	109	234	9,520	234	9,520
Salt	2,162	7	2,169	2,20,185	2,169	2,20,185
Spices	5	2	7	1,150	7	1,150
Sugar	308	5	313	37,235	313	37,235
Tobacco	583	...	583	99,195	583	99,195
Building materials	242	195	437	6,139	437	6,139
Miscellaneous goods	1,056	643	1,699	2,83,166	1,699	2,83,166
Timber	10	157	167	8,570	167	8,570
Firewood	198	49	247	858	247	858
Bamboos	4	2	6	45	6	45
Coal and coke	656	9	665	7,425	665	7,425
Jute	...	464	464	42,053	464	42,053
Treasure	...	1	1	1,00,000	1	1,00,000
Total—boat traffic ...	9,153	19,469	28,622	23,54,680	28,622	23,54,680
Raft Traffic.						
Timber in logs C. ft.	1,193	20,986	22,179	22,511	22,179	22,511
Square timber ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sleepers, broad gauge "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. metre gauge "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scantlings ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poles ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Firewood ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bamboos ... ... "	4,205	16,625	20,830	1,714	20,830	1,714
Reeds ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total—raft traffic ...	5,398	37,611	43,009	24,225	43,009	24,225
Grand Total ... { Tons C. ft.	9,153 5,398	19,469 37,611	28,622 43,009	23,78,905	28,622 43,009	23,78,905

CALCUTTA AND EASTERN CANALS.

Description.	Total. Quantity—Tons.			Total. Value.	Private. Quantity.	Private. Value.
	32	33	34	35	36	37
Boat Traffic.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Rs.	Tons.	Rs.
Cotton, raw and manufactured	2	472	474	2,45,220	474	2,45,220
Woollen goods, raw and manufactured.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dyes and tans	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rice	17	230,330	230,348	2,53,95,867	230,348	2,53,95,867
Other food-grains	187	4,013	4,200	3,08,700	4,200	3,08,700
Hides and skins	...	191	190	47,070	190	47,070
Liquors	...	...	...	...	...	...
Metals	385	552	937	1,58,630	937	1,58,630
Oils	15,869	4,665	20,534	28,59,190	20,534	28,59,190
Oilseeds	224	8,726	8,950	10,17,219	8,950	10,17,290
Provision	1,792	12,607	14,399	15,42,508	14,399	15,42,508
Salt	65,237	16,466	81,703	77,36,632	81,703	77,36,632
Spices	22	10,097	10,119	22,33,340	10,119	22,33,340
Sugar	19	662	681	1,68,900	681	1,68,900
Tobacco	187	1,319	1,506	2,88,039	1,506	2,88,039
Building materials	1,328	89,080	90,408	9,57,756	90,408	9,57,756
Miscellaneous goods	3,851	62,618	66,469	61,41,477	66,469	61,41,477
Timber	...	...	...	...	...	...
Firewood	18	109,581	109,599	7,86,276	109,599	7,86,276
Bamboos	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coal and coke	20,654	18,076	38,730	2,81,364	38,730	2,81,364
Jute	38	118,173	118,211	1,65,93,202	118,211	1,65,93,202
Treasure	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total—boat traffic ...	109,830	687,628	797,458	6,67,61,390	797,458	6,67,61,390
Raft Traffic.						
Timber in logs C. ft.	6,346	22,719	29,065	72,662	29,065	72,662
Square timber ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sleepers, broad gauge "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. metre gauge "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scantlings ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poles ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Firewood ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bamboos ... ... "	...	17,296	17,296	2,162	17,296	2,162
Reeds ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total—raft traffic ...	6,346	40,015	46,361	74,824	46,361	74,824
Grand Total ... { Tons C. ft.	109,830 6,346	687,628 40,015	797,458 46,361	6,68,36,214	797,458 46,361	6,68,36,214

NADIA RIVERS.

Description.	Total. Quantity—Tons.			Total. Value.	Private. Quantity.	Private. Value.
	38	39	40	41	42	43
Boat Traffic.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Rs.	Tons.	Rs.
Cotton, raw and manufactured	2	64	66	10,122	66	10,122
Woollen goods, raw and manufactured.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dyes and tans	1	48	49	1,480	49	1,480
Rice	5,317	14,502	19,819	15,65,471	19,879	15,65,471
Other food-grains	4,072	35,454	39,526	24,20,968	39,526	24,20,968
Hides and skins	...	...	...	...	...	...
Liquors	...	...	...	1,050	...	1,050
Metals	2,300	357	2,657	6,95,189	2,657	6,95,189
Oils	8,543	9	8,552	9,81,077	8,552	9,81,077
Oilseeds	781	24,569	25,350	29,27,523	25,350	29,27,523
Provision	2,485	2,945	5,430	3,21,718	5,430	3,21,718
Salt	30,622	...	30,622	27,52,304	30,622	27,52,304
Spices	15	343	358	69,451	338	69,451
Sugar	11	951	962	1,10,549	962	1,10,549
Tobacco	401	5,132	5,533	8,87,540	5,533	8,87,540
Building materials	2,553	777	3,330	37,621	3,330	37,621
Miscellaneous goods	39,970	67,093	107,063	1,71,51,016	107,063	1,71,51,016
Timber	48	25	73	8,737	73	8,737
Firewood	127	461	588	2,925	588	2,925
Bamboos	6	...	6	45	6	45
Coal and coke	8,910	317	9,227	1,18,544	9,227	1,18,544
Jute	6	47,017	47,023	55,29,564	47,023	55,29,564
Treasure	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total—boat traffic ...	106,170	200,124	306,294	3,55,92,894	306,294	3,55,92,894
Raft Traffic.						
Timber in logs C. ft.	645	14,155	14,800	31,175	14,800	31,175
Square timber ... ... "	3,072	40,255	43,327	70,403	43,327	70,403
Sleepers, broad gauge "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. metre gauge "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scantlings ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poles ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Firewood ... ... "	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bamboos ... ... "	143	80,115	80,258	7,515	80,258	7,515
Reeds ... ... "	...	156	156	42	156	42
Total—raft traffic ...	3,860	134,681	138,541	1,09,135	138,541	1,09,135
Grand Total ... { Tons C. ft.	106,170 3,860	200,124 134,681	306,294 138,541	3,57,02,029	306,294 138,541	3,57,02,029

IE.

SATEMENT OF AREAS IRRIGATED BY IRRIGATION WORKS IN BENGAL DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.

Name of Canal.	Areas irrigated in acres.							Average discharge, cubic feet per second.				Areas irrigated per cubic foot per second.			
						Double-cropped.		At head.		Utilised.		Discharge at head.		Utilised.	
	Kharif.	Rabi.	Total.	Flow.	Lift.	Area irrigated.	Percentage of total area.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Kharif.	Rabi.	Kharif.	Rabi.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Kendrapara Canal and its branches	65,724	2,004	67,728	66,208	1,520	...	...	1,012·25	345·25	956·68	206·90	64·93	5·80	68·70	9·68
Taldundah ditto ditto ...	36,327	264	36,591	35,915	676	...	...	307·25	20·25	269·25	16·75	114·97	13·03	134·92	13·76
High Level Canal, Range I... ...	20,950	275	21,225	20,920	305	...	...	346·25	150·95	268·15	...	60·51	1·82	78·13	...
Total Mahanadi Series ...	123,001	2,543	125,544	123,043	2,501	...	...	1,665·75	516·45	1,494·08	223·65	73·84	4·92	82·53	11·37
High Level Canal, Range II ...	2,285	44	2,329	2,307	22	...	...	19·08	0·59	14·48	0·59	119·76	74·58	157·80	74·58
Ditto ditto III ...	32,194	7	32,201	32,016	185	...	...	325·25	9·39	318·60	9·39	98·95	0·74	101·05	0·74
Jajpur Canal	878	...	878	878	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Brahmini-Byturni Series ...	35,357	51	35,408	35,201	207	...	...	344·43	9·98	333·08	9·98	102·65	5·11	106·15	5·11
Total Orissa Canals ...	158,358	2,594	160,952	158,244	2,708	...	...	2,010·18	526·43	1,827·16	233·63	78·78	4·93	86·67	11·10
Under Midnapore weir	82,642	...	82,642	82,642	...	...	...	834	111	597	...	99·09	...	138·42	...
Under Panchkoorah weir	7,690	..	7,690	7,638	52	...	...	153	3	141	...	50·26	...	54·53	...
	885	...	885	877	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Midnapore Canal ...	91,217	...	91,217	91,157	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Main Series	72,674	6,987	79,661	77,477	2,184	...	...	1,210	430	1,056	250	56·43	26·46	61·63	45·
Western ditto	238,494	92,606	331,100	317,094	14,006	...	...	2,888	2,064	2,473	1,330	71·22	55·63	83·52	86·33
Total Sone Canals ...	311,168	99,503	410,761	394,571	16,190	...	...	4,098	2,494	3,529	1,580	67·06	50·60	77·85	79·87
Saran Canals	1,338	2,222	3,560	...	...	...	...	251	323	Not recorded.		5·33	6·87	...	...

IIE.

STATEMENT SHOWING INCIDENCE OF WORKING EXPENSES AND ASSESSED WATER-RATES ON CANALS IN BENGAL DURING 1892-93.

Name of Canal.	Average discharge of the year at canal head in cubic feet per second.	Water-rates assessed in 1892-93.					Gross assessed revenue from all sources.	Working expenses, direct and indirect.	Acres irrigated during the year.	Working expenses.			Occupier's rates (water-rates).		Total water-rates, direct and indirect.	
		Occupier's rates (water-rates).	Owner's.	Total direct.	Indirect.	Total of direct and indirect.				Per cent. on gross revenue.	Per acre irrigated.	Per cubic foot per second of discharge.	Per acre irrigated.	Per cubic foot per second of discharge at canal head.	Per acre irrigated.	Per cubic foot per second of discharge.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Major Irrigation Works.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.							
Orissa project	1,001·35	2,40,200	...	2,40,200	...	2,40,200	3,85,206	5,05,507	160,952	131·07	3·14	505·28	...	...	1·49	239·96
Midnapore canal	431·23	1,40,000	...	1,40,000	...	1,40,000	2,70,944	1,95,550	91,217	14·9	24·2	...	...	...	...	...
Hijili Tidal canal	...	...	...	...	...	...	53,390	33,089	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sone project	2,515	8,15,158	...	8,15,158	...	8,15,158	8,99,669	7,51,247	410,761	83·50	1·82	298·70	1·98	324·11	1·98	324·11
Total ...	...	11,95,358	...	11,95,358	...	11,95,358	16,09,209	14,85,393	662,930	92·30	2·1	...	...	...	...	...
Minor Works and Navigation.																
Saran project	309	11,000	...	11,000	...	11,000	11,034	14,030	3,560	127·15	3·94	45·40	*	*	*	*
Orissa Coast canal	...	...	...	...	...	...	64,934	79,652	...	122·60	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta and Eastern canals...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,80,114	2,52,177	...	52·52	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nadia rivers	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,65,520	1,30,275	...	78·70	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	11,000	...	11,000	...	11,000	7,21,602	4,76,134	...	65·98	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Cannot be filled in, as the payment is partly for water supplied for the manufacture of indigo.

Note A.—In this table the water-rates shown as assessed during the year are the amounts for which occupiers have rendered themselves liable in return for canal water supplied during the year, and include some demands which were not legally recoverable, and others of which the assessment papers were not completed till after the close of the year.

Note B.—Refunds of revenue have been deducted from "Gross assessed revenue from all sources."

IIIE.

STATEMENT OF QUANTITY AND VALUE OF CROPS IRRIGATED IN BENGAL DURING THE YEAR 1892-93.

Description.		Orissa Canals.		Midnapore Canal.		Sone Canals.		Saran Canals.		Total.	
		Area irrigated.	Estimated value.	Area irrigated.	Estimated value.	Area irrigated.	Estimated value.	Area irrigated.	Estimated value.	Area irrigated.	Estimated value.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Gardens and orchards ...		78	15,600	...	...	31	1,344	...	...	109	16,944
Sugarcane ...		333	1,33,200	...	...	38,674	6,57,458	...	...	39,007	7,90,658
Cereals ...	Wheat ...	1	30	...	...	36,755	17,15,128	...	...	36,756	17,15,158
	Barley ...	...	..	...	...	17,445	5,74,382	...	...	17,445	574,382
	Rice ...	158,929	39,73,225	91,197	22,79,925	258,245	1,13,98,787	1,239	53,277	509,610	1,77,05,214
	Maize ...	...	...	...	...	1,693	19,752	...	...	1,693	19,752
	Juar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Cheena ...	2	24	...	...	172	1,290	...	...	174	1,314
	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	2,493	91,651	1,951	39,020	4,444	1,30,671
	Zeera ...	...	...	...	...	5,185	2,07,400	...	...	5,185	2,07,400
Pulse ...	Gram ...	...	...	...	...	8,512	2,71,675	...	...	8,512	2,71,675
	Peas ...	..	...	...	...	5,360	71,467	...	..	5,360	71,467
	Miscellaneous	659	10,544	...	...	10,857	5,15,955	...	...	11,516	5,26,499
Fodder crops...	Grass, lucerne	...	...	...	...	64	1,536	...	...	64	1,536
Fibres ...	Cotton, &c ...	696	69,600	...	...	...	...	...	...	696	69,600
Dyes ...	Indigo, &c....	223	8,920	...	...	26	1,040	185	7,400	434	17,360
Drugs ..	Opium, &c....	...	...	...	...	1,475	52,905	55	9,075	1,530	61,980
	Tobacco, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.
Oilseeds ...	Mustard ...	...	...	...	...	133	3,579	...	...	133	3,579
	Linseed, &c.	...	...	...	..	225	3,500	...	...	225	3,500
Miscellaneous ...	...	31	1,110	...	...	13,689	2,95,470	...	...	13,720	2,96,580
Total ...		160,952	42,12,253	91,197	22,79,925	401,034	1,58,84,319	3,430	1,08,772	656,613	2,24,85,269
Hot weather irrigation ...		...	...	...	...	9,727	6,954	130	1,950	9,857	8,904
Land surreptitiously irrigated		...	...	20	500	...	...	...	...	20	500
Grand Total ...		160,952	42,12,253	91,217	22,80,425	410,761	1,58,91,273	3,560	1,10,722	666,490	2,24,94,673

IVE.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF IRRIGATION AND RAINFALL FOR THE YEARS 1892-93 AND 1891-92 IN BENGAL.

Works supplying irrigation.	Civil districts.	Total area in acres.	Cultivated area in acres.	Areas irrigated in acres.						Rainfall.	
				1892-93.			1891-92.				
				Kharif inclusive of sugarcane.	Rabi inclusive of hot-weather.	Year.	Kharif inclusive of sugarcane.	Rabi inclusive of hot-weather.	Year.	1892-93.	1891-92.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
										Inches.	Inches.
Orissa Canals ...	Cuttack	...	...	126,164	2,587	128,751	137,553	3,921	141,474	54·90	60 60
	Balasore	...	...	32,194	7	32,201	36,189	22	36,211	64·09	63·38
	Total Orissa Canals ...	...	...	**158,358**	**2,594**	**160,952**	**173,742**	**3,943**	**177,685**	**59·50**	**61·99**
Midnapore Canal	Midnapore	...	...	90,332	...	90,332	83,529	68	83,597	44·44	55·08
	Hooghly	...	...	885	...	885	376	...	376	...	...
	Total Midnapore Canal ..	...	...	**91,217**	...	**91,217**	**83,905**	**68**	**83,973**	...	...
Sone Canals ...	Shahabad	2,806,400	2,192,500	206,555	124,545	331,100	188,779	191,854	380,633	36·44	26·28
	Patna	1,329,920	1,039,000	31,879	5,753	37,632	41,096	6,827	47,923	44·35	36·00
	Gaya	3,015,680	2,356,000	36,405	5,624	42,029	33,941	12,226	46,167	36·98	28·49
	Total Sone Canals ...	**7,152,000**	**5,587,500**	**274,839**	**135,922**	**410,761**	**263,816**	**210,907**	**474,723**	...	...
Saran Canals ...	Saran	1,680,000	1,312,500	1,338	2,222	3,560	3 425	2,540	5,965	...	35·05
	Grand Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

No. IF.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE WATER-RATES PER ACRE IN FORCE ON CANALS IN BENGAL DURING 1892-93.

Canals.	Description of leases and crops.	Occupier's rates per acre.	
		Flow irrigation.	Lift irrigation.
1	2	3	4
	ORISSA CIRCLE.		
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Orissa Canals ...	I.—For the whole irrigable or rice cultivated area of any village, if application is made for a lease of five years ...	1 8 0	1 0 0
	For the rice crop.		
	II.—For any fractional area of a village or for other term	3 0 0	2 0 0
	For cold-weather crops.		
	III.—Dalwa rice	1 8 0	1 0 0
	IV.—For cotton, tobacco, huldi, ginger, wheat, vegetable, indigo and all garden produce grown in villages the rice-lands of which are leased under rate I	1 0 0	0 10 0
	V.—For the above produce when grown in villages the rice-lands of which are not leased under rate I ...	2 0 0	1 8 0
	VI.—For linseed, oil-seeds, dâl and all pulses grown in villages the rice-lands of which are leased under rate I ..	0 8 0	0 5 0
	VII.—For the above produce when grown in villages the rice-lands of which are not leased under rate I ..	1 0 0	0 10 0
	For perennial crops.		
	VIII.—For sugarcane	6 0 0	4 0 0
	IX.—The charge for filling tanks is Re. 1 per 10,000 cubic feet of water used	......	......
	SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.		
	For the rice crop.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Midnapore Canal	I.—Under five-year leases	1 8 0	1 0 0
	II.—Under annual leases	2 8 0	1 10 0
	For winter crops.		
	III.—In exceptional cases when water is available	1 8 0 (flow and lift)	
	IV.—The charge for the unauthorised use of canal water is Rs. 5 per acre per annum or such less sum as is fixed by the Collector	......	......

CANALS.	Description of leases and crops.	OCCUPIER'S RATES PER ACRE.	
		Flow irrigation.	Lift irrigation.
1	2	3	4

SONE CIRCLE.

The following schedule is in force with reference to long leases taken in, and previous to the year 1891-92:—

Five-years Leases.

CLASS.	Nature of crop.	IRRIGATION PER—		
		Cottah.	Bigha.	Acre
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	For all crops ...	0 1 0	1 4 0	2 0 0

The following schedules are in force with reference to all leases taken during 1892-93 :—

SCHEDULE No. I.

Leases for a term of years.

FOR WATER SUPPLIED BETWEEN THE 25TH OF JUNE OF ONE YEAR AND THE 25TH MARCH OF THE NEXT.	FLOW OR LIFT.		
	Rate per acre.	Rate per bigah.	Rate per tenth of a bigah.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
For leases for seven years—all crops ...	2 0 0	1 4 0	0 2 0
" for three years " ...	2 8 0	1 9 0	0 2 6

SCHEDULE No. II.

Season Leases (Kharif).

NAME OF CROP.	Date of supply.	FLOW OR LIFT.		
		Rate per acre.	Rate per bigah.	Rate per tenth of a bigah.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Rice and sugarcane for kharif season only	25th June to 25th October.	3 0 0	0 14 0	0 3 0
Bhadoi, serba rice or any other crops ...	25th June to 15th October.	2 8 0	1 9 0	0 2 6

Schedule No. III.

Season Leases (Rabi).

Time of supply.	Locality.	Flow.			Lift.		
		Per acre.	Per bigah.	Per tenth of a bigah.	Per acre.	Per bigah.	Per tenth of a bigah.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
15th October to 25th March.	Water supplied for all crops including sugarcane from distributaries open for kharif irrigation.	2 0 0	1 4 0	0 2 0	1 8 0	0 15 0	0 1 6
25th October to 25th March.	Water supplied for all crops including sugarcane from distributaries or parts of distributaries from which rabi irrigation only is allowed.	1 8 0	0 15 0	0 1 6	1 0 0	0 10 0	0 1 0

Schedule No. IV.

Season Leases (Hot weather).

	Flow or Lift.		
	Per acre.	Per bigah.	Per tenth of a bigah.
	Rs. A. P	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
For water supplied between the 25th March and the 25th June, or at the option of the applicant, between the 25th of February and the 25th of May, for all crops.	4 0 0	2 8 0	0 4 0

In the case of charges under schedules I to IV, any smaller area than one-tenth of a bigah will be charged as one tenth. The bigah contains 27,225 square feet.

Schedule No. V.

For water supplied by volume in the kharif season.

For water supplied between the 1st of September and the 31st October, four rupees for a calculated discharge of one cubic foot per second for twelve hours. For less than a cubic foot per second or less than twelve hours, a proportionate charge shall be made, but a fraction of less than one-sixteenth shall be charged as one-sixteenth.

Schedule No. VI.

For water supplied by volume to fill aharas

For water supplied between the 1st of November and the 25th of March, one rupee for a calculated discharge of one cubic foot per second for twelve hours. For less than a cubic foot per second or less then twelve hours, a proportionate charge shall be made, but a fraction of less than one-sixteenth shall be charged as one-sixteenth.

List of Officers in charge of Irrigation Circles and Divisions during the year 1892-93.

Circle or Division.	Name of Officer.	Period of charge.
SECRETARIAT.		
Joint-Secretary, Irrigation Department.	Mr. C. W. Odling ...	From 1st April 1892 to 16th January 1893.
Secretary, Irrigation Department.	Ditto ...	„ 17th January to 31st March 1893.
Under-Secretary, Irrigation Department.	„ G. C. Maconchy ...	„ 1st April 1892 to 31st March 1893.

Circle or Division.	Name of Officer.	Period of charge.
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEERS IN CHARGE OF CIRCLES.		
South-Western Circle ...	Lieutenant-Colonel A. D. McArthur, R.E.	From 1st April 1892 to 22nd March 1893 [on privilege leave from 23rd March 1893].
Ditto ...	Mr. D. B. Horn ...	" 23rd to 31st March 1893. Officiating.
Orissa Circle	" W. Connan ...	" 1st April 1892 to 31st March 1893.
Sone Circle	" W. A. Inglis ...	" 1st April 1892 to 31st March 1893.
EXECUTIVE ENGINEERS IN CHARGE OF CIRCLES.		
South-Western Circle.		
Nadia Rivers Division ...	Mr. C. E. Livesay ...	From 1st April 1892 to 31st March 1893.
Cossye Division ...	" J. P. Scotland ...	Ditto ditto.
Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.	" T. M. L. Thompson ...	Ditto ditto.
Circular and Eastern Canals Division.	" G. J. R. Leeson ...	" 1st April 1892 to 15th March 1893.
Ditto ...	" J. W. Fox, Honorary Assistant Engineer.	" 16th to 31st March 1893.
Balasore Division ...	" A. Hayes ...	" 1st April 1892 to 31st March 1893.
Orissa Circle.		
Acquapada-Jajpur Division ...	Rai Sahib Kally Pada Sen ...	From 1st April to 30th May 1892.
Ditto ditto ...	Mr. M. H. Arnott ...	" 31st May 1892 to 31st March 1893.
Brahmini-Byturni Division ...	" D. B. Horn ...	" 1st April 1892 to 17th March 1893.
Ditto ditto ...	" R. E. Carter ...	" 18th March to 31st March 1893.
Puri Division ...	" J. R. Swinden ...	" 1st April to 20th September 1892.
Ditto ...	" J. S. L. Long ...	" 21st September 1892 to 25th January 1893
Ditto ...	" G. A. G. Shawe ...	" 26th January 1893 to 6th March 1893.
Ditto ...	Rai Bahadur Prossono Coomar Daniari.	" 7th March to 31st March 1893.
Mahanadi Division ...	Mr. T. Butler	" 1st March to 14th April 1892 [on privilege leave for 3 months from 15th April 1892].
Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	" 15th July 1892 to 15th March 1893.
Ditto ditto ...	" H. Barlow ..	" 15th April to 14th July 1892.
Ditto ditto ...	" G. A. G. Shawe ...	" 16th March to 31st March 1893.
Sone Circle.		
Arrah Division	Mr. R. E. Carter ...	From 1st April 1892 to 27th February 1893.
Ditto	" C. H. DeMello ...	" 28th February to 31st March 1893.
Buxar Division	" M. J. J. P. Norman ...	" 1st April 1892 to 31st March 1893.
Eastern Sone Division ...	" A. S. Thomson ...	" 1st April to 2nd May 1892 (on privilege leave for 3 months from 3rd May 1892.)
Ditto ...	Ditto ...	" 3rd August 1892 to 31st March 1893.
Ditto ...	" A. E. Silk ...	" 3rd May to 2nd August 1892.
Gandak Division ...	" O. C. Lees ...	" 1st April 1892 to 31st March 1893.
Dehri Workshop Division ...	" L. R. Fraser ...	Ditto ditto.
CANAL REVENUE OFFICERS.		
Deputy Collector, Revenue Division, Sone Canals.	Babu Saroda Prosad Chatterjee.	From 1st April 1892 to 31st March 1893 (on privilege leave from 17th June 1892 to 16th September 1892).
Ditto ...	Babu Siva Sanker Singh ...	" 17th June 1892 to 16th September 1892. Officiating.
Deputy Revenue Superintendent, Orissa.	Mr. S. C. Roberts ...	" 1st to 24th April 1892.
Deputy Collector, Revenue Division, Orissa Canals.	Babu Jugdum Sahai ...	" 25th April 1892 to 31st March 1893.
Deputy Revenue Superintendent, Midnapore.	Mr. Koylash Chunder Ghose	" 1st April 1892 to 31st March 1893.
Supervisor, Calcutta Canals	" W. R. Cooksey ...	Ditto ditto.

RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT FROM THE BOARD OF REVENUE ON THE ROAD AND PUBLIC WORKS CESS OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1892-93.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—ROAD AND PUBLIC WORKS CESS.

Calcutta, the 5th December 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 5301R.P.

READ—

The Report of the Board of Revenue on the Road and Public Works cess operations for the year 1892-93.

The Road and Public Works cesses were levied at maximum rates during the year under review in all the districts in which Bengal Act IX of 1880 is in force, except in Backergunge, where, as in preceding years, the Public Works cess continued to be levied at the full rate, and the Road cess at half of the maximum rate. In reviewing the reports for 1890-91 and 1891-92, it was observed that the reasons which led to the reduction of the rate in Backergunge in 1877-78 had spent their force, and that the opposition of the District Board to increase the rate was no longer justifiable. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to notice that the District Board have decided to levy road cess at three-fourths of the maximum rate in 1893-94. This is a step in the right direction, but the local authorities should not rest content until the full rate has been imposed, or the inability of the district to pay it has been satisfactorily demonstrated.

2. The following statement exhibits the main results of the working of the Cess Act during the past two years:—

		1892-93.		1891-92.
1 Current demand	Rs.	80,91,015	Rs.	79 67,933
2 Arrear demand (a)	„	16,58,357	„	19,44,615
3 Gross demand	„	97,49,372	„	99,12,548
4 Advance collections made in previous year ...	„	2,49,067	„	2,29,276
5 Net demand	„	95,00,305	„	96,83,272
6 Total collections	„	82,76,738	„	80,61,032
7 Remissions	„	13,368	„	25,453
8 Net balance (a)	„	14,86,471	„	18,35,454
9 Percentage of total collections on current demand...		102·2		101·1
10 Percentage of current collections on current demand		84·9		83·3
11 Number of revenue-paying estates assessed ...		212,670		255,655
12 Number of revenue-free estates and rent-free tenures assessed		188,593		196,955
13 Number of tenures assessed		1,264,601		1,211,264
14 Number of recorded shareholders in estates ...		1,302,506		1,597,918
15 Number of recorded shareholders in tenures ...		2,326,776		2,222,256
16 Current demand of land revenue	Rs.	3,83,72,332	Rs.	3,78,53,979
17 Present gross rental	„	14,94,80,155	„	14,78,83,221
18 Gross rental at first assessment	„	13,11,68,432		

3. The figures for 1891-92 under the following heads, as given in the report under review, do not correspond with those given in the report for that year:—

(11)—Number of revenue-paying estates assessed.
(12)—Number of revenue-free estates and rent-free tenures assessed.
(13)—Number of tenures assessed.
(14)—Number of recorded shareholders in estates.
(15)—Number of recorded shareholders in tenures.

The differences are due to rent-free tenures being shown separately in accordance with the orders of the Government, to the effect of revaluations, to the opening of separate accounts, to the creation of new estates by partition, to transfers of estates from one district to another, to the mutation of names of shareholders, and to the correction of errors.

(a) Excluding advance collections made in the current year on account of future years.

4. The arrear demand given above, as brought forward from 1891-92, is less than the net closing balance shown in the report of that year by Rs. 1,77,097, and the alteration in the figures is attributed to the adjustment of the accounts of rent-free tenures in Burdwan and in other districts, to the revaluations of rent-free holdings with retrospective effect, to the correction and adjustment of accounts, and to the revision of assessments. The total collections show an increase of Rs. 2,15,706 as compared with the figures of the preceding year. The percentage of arrear collections on arrear demand, and that of current collections on current demand, were 80·9 and 84·9 respectively, against 70·6 and 83·3 in 1891-92. The balance unrealised at the close of the year was smaller by Rs. 1,71,886 than that with which it opened. The remissions were reduced from Rs. 25,453 in 1891-92 to Rs. 13,368 during the year under review, but these figures do not include a sum of Rs. 1,90,310 written off with the sanction of the Board on account of the cesses of certain rent-free holdings in Burdwan. The general results of the year's work show an improvement over those of the preceding year, and are satisfactory as a whole, notwithstanding that in several districts, owing to the partial failure of crops, the collections fell off somewhat and that in this as in other years the fifteen days' grace allowed to assessees under section 45 of the Act affected collections.

5. The percentage of current collections on current demand fell short of 90 per cent., the accepted standard, in twenty-four districts against twenty-five in the year before that under review:—

	Percentage of current collections on current demand.	
	1892-93.	1891-92.
Manbhum	59·2	64·7
Hooghly	68·8	69·1
Champaran	69·6	75·7
Saran	70·7	66·2
Midnapore	72·0	76·9
Muzaffarpur	77·1	70·5
Patna	77·2	76·1
Jessore	77·9	74·6
Faridpur	78·8	74·2
Gaya	80·2	74·7
Bankura	80·6	79·7
Purnea	81·1	93·4
Monghyr	81·5	72·7
Rajshahi	82·0	82·6
24-Parganas	85·1	85·3
Darbhanga	86·2	85·4
Bakergunge	87·1	84·0
Murshidabad	87·3	88·4
Palamau	87·3	......
Cuttack	87·8	91·5
Khulna	88·1	86·5
Burdwan	88·6	83·6
Lohardaga	88·8	93·5
Pabna	89·2	86·3

In all these districts, except Purnea, Cuttack, and Lohardaga, there was a failure to collect 90 per cent. in 1891-92 also, and the realisations in Manbhum, Hooghly, Champaran, Midnapore, and Murshidabad, during the year under review, were even worse than those of the preceding year. The short collections in Manbhum are explained by the Deputy Commissioner to be due to the unwillingness of the people of the district to pay the cesses until the certificate procedure is put in force. The Board rightly observe that the reason assigned is insufficient, because cess-payers would not voluntarily submit, without some good cause, to the extra payments which the issue of process involves, and the Lieutenant-Governor is not prepared to accept the explanation as satisfactory. The percentage of collections in this district has declined from 89·8 in 1889-90 to 59·2 in the year under review, and His Honour requests that energetic measures may now be taken to put matters on a proper footing.

The poor results in Hooghly are ascribed to a falling off in voluntary payments owing to the partial failure of crops during the past two years, and to the

difficulty of realising cesses from rent-free holdings, of which there are some 30,000 recorded in the district. The non-payment of cesses by some of the principal landholders of the district is said to have affected the collections in Champaran. The short collections in Midnapore are attributed to failure of crops and to the fact that coercive measures could not be taken until after December, in consequence of the whole office establishment having been engaged up to that time in correcting the mistakes of previous years and adjusting accounts. The involved circumstances of certain zamindars, the difficulty in tracing out the owners of rent-free holdings, and the fifteen days' grace allowed for payments, are said to have interfered with the collection of the demand in Murshidabad. No explanation is given of the short collections in Purnea, Rajshahi, the 24-Parganas, and Lohardaga. The bad result in Cuttack is said to have been due to the prevalence of high prices during the greater part of the year, and to the inability of the Collector's office to issue certificates in time. The latter in its turn is attributed to the issue of a larger number of certificates owing to the collections having been taken out of the hands of kanungos, and to the inadequacy of the amount provided in the budget on account of court-fees. It is stated that an application was made for an additional grant, but that no orders were received during the year. The Board observe that the high prices were due less to bad harvests in Orissa than to short harvests in Madras and Bengal, and that the high prices of produce with a fair crop should have facilitated collections; while as regards the delay in the issue of certificates, they consider that the Collector would have acted wisely if he had exceeded the grant in anticipation of sanction. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Board in thinking that the reasons put forward in explanation of short collections in this district are inadequate. In the remaining districts given in the list above, the collections, though far from satisfactory, show an improvement as compared with the previous year.

6. In eight, as compared with thirteen, districts in the year 1891-92, the percentage of collection of the arrear demand was below 80 per cent.—

	Percentage of arrear collections on arrear demand.	
	1892-93.	1891-92.
Murshidabad	49·3	43·0
Burdwan	50·7	14·2
Bankura	53·1	51·3
Cuttack	60·0	80·5
Gaya	68·5	58·5
Shahabad	71·8	72·8
Midnapore	76·5	87·4
Darbhanga	76·9	80·2

In all these districts, with the exception of Shahabad, the current demand also was indifferently collected, the receipts being below 90 per cent. It is, however, satisfactory to notice that in the first three districts the collections, which were very low in 1891-92, show some improvement, although they are not yet up to the standard. In Cuttack and Darbhanga the percentage of collections was far below that of the preceding year, and in the former the causes which interfered with current collections are said to have affected the arrear collections as well. The bad result in Darbhanga is ascribed to the scarcity from which the district suffered in the first two quarters of the year, and to the people having been engaged in celebrating marriages in the fourth-quarter. The last is an excuse which does not commend itself to the Lieutenant-Governor, as the condition is more or less constant, and it seems likely that after the bad harvests in the earlier part of the year its effect must have been less rather than greater than usual.

7. Arrears to the extent of Rs. 6,618 have become barred by limitation. They occurred in five districts, Burdwan heading the list with Rs. 3,672. These figures are exclusive of the sum of Rs. 1,90,310 referred to in paragraph 4, which was written off as barred by limitation or otherwise irrecoverable. Moreover demands are said to have become barred in two other districts, viz., Midnapore and Hooghly, but the particulars have not been furnished.

8. The gross collections, *i.e.*, the sum of both current and arrear collections, exceeded 90 per cent. of the gross demand in the seventeen districts given below as compared with eleven in 1891-92, and seven in 1890-91:—

	1892-93.		1891-92.	
	Percentage of current collections on current demand.	Percentage of arrear collections on arrear demand.	Percentage of current collections on current demand.	Percentage of arrear collections on arrear demand.
Darjeeling	99·8	100	99·8	100
Singhbhum	99·8	...	100	...
Jalpaiguri	99·5	100	94·4	100
Noakhali	97·6	99·3	89·9	91·5
Puri	97·3	91·0	96·1	69·6
Hazaribagh	96·1	99·9	97·2	100
Bogra	94·8	100	94·0	100
Birbhum	94·7	95·6	94·8	97·1
Nadia	94·3	98·9	93·9	99·3
Balasore	93·8	92·2	92·2	73·6
Rangpur	93·4	96·3	92·7	95·2
Dinajpur	92·3	99·5	84·1	99·5
Tippera	92·1	97·1	86·8	94·0
Mymensingh	92·0	93·4	92·5	95·6
Chittagong	91·1	95·9	91·8	94·4
Dacca	90·5	93·5	86·1	92·3
Malda	90·2	99·9	86·6	99·6

The results are satisfactory and creditable to the officers concerned, and the success of the local officers in Singhbhum, where there was no arrear demand and 99·8 per cent. was collected of the current demand, serves to accentuate the failure in the neighbouring district of Manbhum noticed in paragraph 5.

9. The certificate procedure under the Public Demands Recovery Act is in some parts of the province largely employed for the realisation of cesses, and the following statement compares the working of this procedure during the past two years:—

	1892-93.	1891-92.
Certificates pending from the previous year ...	49,718	30,494
Filed during the year	77,794	84,984
Total for disposal	127,512	115,478
Cancelled on objection	1,118	912
Struck off	7,341	1,631
Fully discharged	79,728	63,211
Pending at the close of the year	39,325	49,724
Sales effected	1,045	791
Sales set aside	30	17

The number of certificates filed was as usual smallest in the Chota Nagpur Division (553) and largest in the Patna, Burdwan and Presidency Divisions, where they amounted respectively to 25,053, 18,100 and 8,575. Taking districts singly, the largest number was instituted in Hooghly (7,154), Darbhanga (6,077); Gaya (4,543), Bankura (4,463), and Saran (4,141). In Midnapore the number of certificates filed was 350 in excess of that of the previous year, but owing to the delay in issuing the notices of demand the number disposed of was small, so that the unrealized balance at the close of the year rose from Rs. 72,347 in 1891-92 to Rs. 94,300 in the year under review. It is stated that this balance has been reduced by Rs. 25,000 since the close of the year, and now that the accounts have been put in order, the Lieutenant-Governor trusts that active measures will be taken to realise the arrears. His Honour is glad to observe that although the number of cases for disposal was larger than in 1891-92, the number disposed of was also greater, so that the number of certificate cases pending at the close of the year was in the whole province 10,399 less than in the preceding year.

10. Complete revaluations of the districts of Murshidabad, Nadia, Pabna, and Balasore were brought to a close during the year and resulted in each case in an increase on the existing valuation; and partial valuations and revaluations were concluded in the districts of the 24-Parganas, Jessore, Dinajpur, Bogra, Darjeeling, Jalpaiguri, Faridpur, Backergunge, Chittagong, Noakhali, Monghyr, Balasore, and Manbhum. Statement VII attached to the Board's

report shows that valuation or revaluation work is in progress in eighteen districts. In two of these, viz. Mymensingh and Noakhali, the valuation operations have been completed, but no completion report has been received. The Lieutenant-Governor desires that in future a column may be added to Statement VII showing the date of the commencement of proceedings in each district.

11. Statement VI, appended to the Report, compares the gross rental for 1892-93, calculated from the returns under the Cess Act, with the gross rental ascertained in the same manner when road cess was first assessed. The gross rental at first assessment compares as follows with the gross rental in 1891-92 and in 1892-93:—

			Rs.
Gross rental at first assessment	...	...	13,11,68,432
Ditto in 1891-92	...	...	14,78,83,221
Ditto in 1892-93	...	...	14,94,80,155

As in the preceding year, there was a decrease of gross rental in eight districts compared with the gross rental at first assessment: in seven of them the decrease is due either to transfer of areas from these districts to others, or to diluvion. Backergunge, the remaining district, which last year showed an increase on the original valuation, now shows a decrease owing to a reduction in the valuation of the Dakhin Shabazpur estate under section 37 of the Cess Act. Tippera shows an increase of Rs. 1,22,364 as against a decrease of Rs. 1,00,615 in 1891-92. This result is attributed to the effect of valuations and revaluations.

12. The names of the Deputy Collectors whose work is favourably noticed by the Board will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

13. The Lieutenant-Governor's acknowledgments are due to the Board for their careful and efficient administration of the Department, and for the complete report now submitted.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 2nd December, 1893.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan Dec. 2, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cold and occasionally cloudy. Winter rice is being harvested. Sowing of *rabi* crops nearly finished. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 12 to 15 per rupee. Kalna ... ... 9 to 13 per rupee. Katwa ... ... 15 per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 15 per rupee.
	2	Bankura " 2, '93	Nil	Weather—generally fair. Harvesting of *haimanti* rice has begun all over the district. *Rabi* crops thriving. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice selling at 18 seers per rupee at Sadar and 17 seers at Vishnupur.
	3	Birbhum " 2, '93 Rampur Hât ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable but occasionally cloudy. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Spring crops are being sown. Common rice sells at from 16 to 19 seers per rupee.
	4	Midnapore " 2, '93	Nil	Weather—mornings and evenings cool, days warm. Prospects of crops continue good. Paddy being harvested. Fodder and water abundant. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 15 per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 13 per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 14 to 16 per rupee.
	5	Hooghly " 2, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* going on; outturn satisfactory. *Rabi* sowing in progress. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 13 per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 14 per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 14 per rupee.
	6	Howrah " 2, '93 Ulubaria ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Reaping of winter rice continues. Spring crops and sugarcane doing well. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 10 seers per rupee at Sadar, 11 to 13 seers at Ulubaria.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas " 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* is being harvested. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 13 per rupee. Basirhat ... ... 10 10½ per rupee. Barasat ... ... 11 0 per rupee. Diamond Harbour ... ... 13 8 per rupee.
	8	Nadia " 2, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cool. Prospects of *aman* fair. *Rabi* cultivation finished. Prices have slightly fallen. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease.
	9	Khulna " 2, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of *aman* good. Sowing of *rabi* nearly complete. Harvesting of early paddy going on. Common rice selling at from 9 to 13 seers per rupee. Water and fodder sufficient.
	10	Jessore " 2, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *chottan aman* going on. Sowing of winter crops nearly finished. Prospects fair. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices slightly lower owing to the appearance of new rice in the market.
	11	Murshidabad " 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues, that of indigo finished. Harvesting of early *aman* has commenced. State of *kalai* does not appear to be good. Fodder sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 13 seers per rupee.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*				
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	12	Chittagong Dec. 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Early *aman* being harvested. Sowing and transplanting of *rabi* crops continue. Prospects good. Prices steady. Fodder and water sufficient.
	13	Noakhali „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Occasionally cloudy. State of standing crops good, but to a little extent damaged by insects in some thanas. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease. Prices of common rice :— Sr. c. Noakhali ... 12 6; Fenny ... 12 0 } per rupee.
	14	Tippera „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* being reaped. Prospects not bad; 10 annas crop expected. Damages are being done by insects in one of the thanas of the Sadar subdivision. Fodder much improved.
	15	Chittagong Hill Tracts. Nov. 30, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonably cold. Late plough-paddy about to ripen. Vegetables selling in the bazar. Condition of cattle generally good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Rangamati ... 10; Banderban ... 8½; Manicksury ... 12 } per rupee.
DACCA DIVN.	16	Dacca Dec. 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy going on. Prospects favourable. Sowing of pulses in low lands still going on. Common rice selling at from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	17	Faridpur .. 2, '93 Goalundo ... Madaripur ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* paddy being harvested. *Rabi* crops being sown. State of sugarcane and *kalai* fair. Cattle get fodder sufficiently, and no cattle-disease. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... 11; Goalundo ... 13; Madaripur ... 10 } per rupee.
	18	Backergunge „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. State of crops fair. Outturn of winter rice expected to be 13½ annas. Ordinary rice sells at from 8 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	19	Mymensingh „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of *aman* paddy going on. Common rice selling at from 8 to 11 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient, except in some places in the Kishorganj subdivision.
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	20	Dinajpur „ 2, '93 Thakurgaon ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cool and pleasant. New rice is being reaped and the price has slightly fallen. Winter crops all doing well. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water ample.
	21	Rajshahi „ 2, '93 Nator ... Naugaon ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—getting cold; seasonable. Nothing new to report in respect of the crops. There will be an excellent rice crop. Cultivation of *rabi* progressing favourably. Fodder and water-supply ample. No cattle-disease. Price of rice varies from 10 to 16 seers per rupee.
	22	Rangpur „ 2, '93 Kurigaon ... Gaibanda ... Nilphamari ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—fine and cool. *Aman* harvest proceeding; the outturn will be from 18 to 20 annas. Tobacco has been transplanted and is thriving. Mustard doing well. Price of rice unchanged.
	23	Bogra „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Sowing of *rabi* almost finished. Harvesting of *aman* in full swing. Sugarcane thriving. Common rice selling at 16 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Pabna „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—cool and pleasant. Prospects of standing crops continue good. *Aman* is being harvested. Price of common rice 11 seers per rupee at Sadar, stationary at Sirajganj.
	25	Darjeeling „ 2, '93 Siliguri ...	0·16 0·33	Weather—bright and cool. *In the hills :—Haimanti dhan, marua, kalai* and potatoes are being harvested. *Toree* and *phaphur* flowering. Wheat and barley progressing well. *In the Terai :—Haimanti dhan* harvested. Mustard, *kalai, til,* potatoes, tobacco and sugarcane doing well. Prices of coarse rice :— Srs. Hills ... 8 to 11; Terai ... 11 to 13 } per rupee.
	26	Jalpaiguri „ 2, '93	0·39	Weather—cold. Prospects of standing crops good everywhere. Harvesting of *haimanti* paddy commenced. Ploughing and sowing of *rabi* crops commenced. Price of rice stationary. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. No cattle-disease reported.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
BHAGALPUR DIVN.			
27	Monghyr Dec. 2, '93 Jamui ... Begusarai ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonably cold in the night and early in the morning. Winter rice being harvested. Prospects favourable. *Rabi* sowings finished. Standing crops doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. New rice is coming to market. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 20 } per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 13 to 18 } per rupee. Jamui ... ... 19½ } per rupee.
28	Bhagalpur „ 2 '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ..	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—warmer than last week with skies often clouded. The *kharif* harvest is in full swing. As far as can now be seen, the outturn will be above the average. *Rabi* crops are all doing remarkably well, mustard being in flower. Price of common rice 15 seers 2 chitaks per rupee.
29	Purnea „ 2 '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cold and seasonable. Rice harvest in progress; outturn good. *Rabi* doing well. Fodder and water-supply plentiful. Prices stationary.
30	Malda „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and getting cooler. Harvesting of winter paddy continues with good result. *Kalai*, wheat, and other *rabi* crops growing well. Price of common rice 11 to 25 seers per rupee. Fodder and water ample.
31	Sonthal Parganas „ 2, '93 Deoghur ... Godda ... Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ..	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—bright and cold. Harvesting of *aghani* paddy, *kurthi*, *kalai*, *til* and *surguja* still continues. Prospects of standing crops excellent. Fodder and water sufficient.
PATNA DIVISION.			
32	Patna „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—clear and getting cooler day by day. Harvesting of paddy in progress. *Rabi* and poppy sowings almost completed. Prospects favourable. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 19 } per rupee. Barh ... ... 15 } per rupee. Bihar ... ... 21 } per rupee. Dinapore ... ... 15½ } per rupee.
33	Gaya „ 2, '93 Nawada .. Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of paddy going on. Sowing of poppy and *rabi* almost complete. Weeding of poppy in progress. Prices of food-grains falling. Fodder and water for cattle ample.
34	Shahabad „ 2, '93 Buxar .. Sasaram ... Bhabhua	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of all crops, including poppy, excellent. Prices steady.
35	Darbhanga „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—west winds prevailing, but days are still hot. Harvesting of paddy in progress. *Rabi* sowings being vigorously pushed on and the plants are coming on well. Poppy cultivation progressing favourably. Prices falling. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient.
36	Muzaffarpur „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Standing crops doing well. *Rabi* sowings nearly finished. Harvesting of paddy going on. One case of *dukha* (cattle-disease) reported from Sarsand outpost and also two deaths of cattle from small-pox. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*			
Patna Division—concld.			
37	Saran Dec. 2, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—has at last become seasonably clear and cool. Paddy being generally cut, and a good outturn expected. *Rabi* crops looking well and also sugar-cane. Poppy flourishing. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 15 8 } Siwan ... ... 19 0 } per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 17 2 }
38	Champaran „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Reaping of *aghani* in progress. *Rabi* sowings going on. Prices slightly falling. Slight scarcity of fodder.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *laghu sarad* still continues. *Guru sarad* maturing. Prospects good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 14 7 } Jajpur ... ... 11 12 to 16 0 } Kendrapara ... ... 15 0 to 21 0 } per rupee. Banki ... ... 18 0 }
40	Puri Nov. 30, '93 Khurda ...	0·06 Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Sarad* rice doing well and in places beginning to ripen. *Laghu* rice being reaped. Miscellaneous crops doing well. General prospects good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 15 12 to 21 0 } Khurda ... ... 14 7 to 17 1 } per rupee.
41	Balasore Dec. 2, '93	Nil	Weather—normal. Harvest of winter rice continues. Price of coarse rice :— Srs. Balasore ... ... 19 } Bhadrak ... ... 18 } per rupee.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh Dec. 2, '93 Giridi ...	Nil Nil	Weather—clear and cold. Harvesting of paddy nearly over; bumper crop. *Rabi* doing well. Poppy is being weeded and very promising. Common rice selling at from 14 to 20 seers per rupee.
43	Lohardaga „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cold. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Common rice selling at 18 seers per rupee. Fodder and water plentiful.
44	Palamau „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of paddy well in hand. *Rabi* sowing in full swing. A little cattle-disease in the Daltonganj thana. Prices stationary.
45	Singhbhum „ 2, '93	Nil	Weather—clear and cold. Condition of the crops good. Paddy is being harvested with full average outturn. Price of rice 16 to 20 seers per rupee.
46	Manbhum „ 2, '93 Gobindpur ...	Nil Nil	Weather—bright and cold. Prospects of crops very good. Harvesting of winter rice in full swing. Price of rice 14 to 20 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 5th December, 1893.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*RETAIL*) OF FOOD-GRAINS, FIREWOOD AND SALT IN THE HEAD-QUARTERS STATION BAZARS OF THE DISTRICTS OF BENGAL DURING THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 8TH NOVEMBER 1893.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	Division	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum, (*Sorghum Vulgare.*) Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
		BENGAL.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
1	Burdwan Division.	Burdwan	14 14	13 4	11 12	...	...	...	11 12	9 12	9 3	14 1	12 12	11 10	...	...	...
2		Bankura	15 4	15 4	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	9 6	10 4	17 4	17 8	12 14		...	...
3		Birbhum ...	10 8	10 8	10 4	...	...	...	12 0	10 8	10 4	16 8	13 8	13 0	...	...	...
4		Midnapore ...	11 0	11 0	11 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 12	16 0	15 10	12 8	...	...	...
5		Hooghly ...	14 0	12 0	12 0	14 0	12 0	13 0	8 8	9 0	8 0	10 12	10 8	9 0	...	...	...
6		Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	8 14	11 8	11 8	11 7	...	...	...
	Presidency Division.	Calcutta	12 10	12 9	11 0	15 6	16 3	14 0	7 5	7 4	8 0	9 14	9 12	10 0	19 1	18 4	17 0
7		24-Parganas ...	13 4	13 4	11 8	16 0	16 0	15 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	12 8	11 8	11 4	...	...	...
8		Nadia	15 3½	15 3½	12 8	...	...	...	8 0	7 9	9 0	12 8½	12 1	11 6	...	...	...
9		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0	8 0	9 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	...	...	...
10		Jessore ...	8 0	8 0	10 8	...	...	...	8 8	8 0	8 8	12 3	10 0	12 0	...	...	...
11		Murshidabad ...	14 0	14 0	12 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	13 0	12 0	...	...	...
12	Chittagong Division.	Chittagong ...	11 0	11 0	9 4	...	...	...	8 14	8 8	8 10	12 4	11 13	13 0	...	...	...
13		Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	7 0	10 0	11 0 to 12 0	9 0 to 10 4	13 0	...	...	...
14		Tippera ...	9 12	9 12	10 6	...	...	...	8 4	8 0	8 8	10 0	8 8	10 13½	...	...	...
15		Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 14	8 14	8 14	...	...	...
16	Dacca Division.	Dacca ...	12 0	13 0	...	...	16 0	...	8 8	7 8	8 8	9 8	9 0	14 0	...	...	...
17		Faridpur ...	16 0	14 8	11 0	18 0	...	...	7 0	9 0	8 0	10 0	11 8	12 0	...	...	...
18		Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 0	8 4	Old 9 0 New coarse) 11 7	8 6	12 0	...	...	...
19		Mymensingh ...	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	8 0	7 0	10 0	9 0	8 0	12 0	...	...	...
20	Rajshahi Division.	Dinajpur ...	14 6	15 10	11 4	12 8	...	15 12	9 8	9 8	9 0	13 3	13 3	13 0	...	...	...
21		Rajshahi ...	16 8	15 12	12 12	24 0	18 12	15 12	9 0	10 8	9 0	12 0	11 4	11 4	...	...	...
22		Rangpur	14 0	13 5	11 5	14 0	...	...	8 4	8 0	8 0	11 8	10 0	11 0	...	...	...

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 10¾ seers, and Raniganj 10½ seers.
B At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 10 seers per rupee.
C At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Contai 10 seers, Tamluk 10 seers, and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks.
E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Serampore (Bhadreswar) 10 seers and Jahanabad 10 seers.
F At Ulubaria the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
G In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Chotla Hât, 10 seers 10⅝ chitaks, Baduria 11 seers, Barasat 10 seers, and Magra Hát 10 seers.
H In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kushtia (Bahadurkhali) 10½ seers, Chuadanga 10 seers, Meherpur 10 seers, and Ranaghat 10 seers.
I In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Bagerhat 8 seers and Satkhira 9 seers 2 chitaks.
J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jhenida 9¾ seers, Magura 9½ seers, Narail 9 seers 10 chitaks, and Bongaon 10 seers 11 chitaks.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

2550

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chan… Chhola, Kada… or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum…*)	
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	20 0	21 0
...	...	...	16 0	16 0
...	...	...	18 0	18 0
...	...	...	14 8	14 8
...	...	...	16 0	13 8
...	...	...	...	...
9 0	8 12	4 12	14 10	14 0
8 0	8 0	7 0	20 0	20 0
...	...	...	22 13½	22 13
...	...	...	12 0	12 0
...	...	...	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	19 0	19 0
...	...	...	11 0	11 8
...	...	...	12 0	11 8
...	...	...	11 4	11 4
...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	14 0	13 0
...	...	...	10 8	10 8
...	...	...	13 6	14 8
...	...	...	12 8	12 8
...	...	...	13 0	14 12
...	...	...	21 0	21 0
...	...	...	17 0	16 0

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 30th November, 1893.

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*) Present return.	Indian-corn Next preceding return.	Indian-corn Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus Indicus.*) Present return.	Arhar Next preceding return.	Arhar Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Firewood Next preceding return.	Firewood Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Salt Next preceding return.	Salt Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Wholesale Salt Next preceding return.	Wholesale Salt Corresponding return of last year.	District.	Number.	
															BENGAL.		
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
...	...	...	18 8	18 12	20 0	90 0	90 0	100 0	A 10 0	10 0	11 4	3 11 9	3 11 6	3 5 4	Burdwan.	1	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	16 0	13 6	13 14	320 0	300 0	320 0	B 10 2	10 2	11 0	13 14 0	3 15 0	3 10 0	Bankura.	2	
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	10 8	160 0	160 0	200 0	C 11 0	11 0	10 12	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 12 6	Birbhum.	3	
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	17 8	200 0	200 0	280 0	D 10 12	10 12	11 7	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 8 0	Midnapore.	4	
...	...	...	10 8	12 0	11 8	120 0	140 0	120 0	E 12 12	11 9	10 8	3 4 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Hooghly.	5	
...	...	...	12 0	11 8	11 10	105 0	105 0	106 0	F 10 0	10 0	10 10⅜	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Howrah.	6	
19 1	19 5	19 0	18 0	17 12	15 4	85 0	85 0	85 0	10 13	10 13	11 0	3 11 0	3 10 6	3 6 0	Calcutta.		Presidency Division.
16 0	17 0	18 0	20 0	20 0	17 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	G 10 8	10 8	11 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 5 0	24-Parganas.	7	
...	...	...	16 5½	22 13½	17 12¼	128 0	128 0	128 0	H 9 0	9 2½	10 10½	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 8 0	Nadia.	8	
...	...	...	11 8	10 8	9 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	I 9 0	9 0	10 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	Khulna.	9	
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	15 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	J 9 2	10 0	9 14	4 2 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Jessore.	10	
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	K 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	Murshidabad.	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	80 0	80 0	110 0	L 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 13 0	Chittagong.	12	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	M 8 0	6 8	9 0	4 10 0	5 12 0	4 0 0	Noakhali.	13	
...	...	...	6 12	6 14	8 0	...	...	...	N 8 0	7 12	10 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	4 0 0	Tippera.	14	
No. in cobs. 300	300	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 8 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	15	
...	...	...	19 0	15 0	...	140 0	140 0	120 0	O 8 0	8 0	10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 10 0	Dacca.	16	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	120 0	...	...	P 9 4	9 0	10 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	3 14 0	Faridpur.	17	
10 0	Mug. 10 10	10 0	8 0	Musuri. 8 6	8 0	80 0	80 0	80 0	Q 9 0	9 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 4 0	3 10 0	Backergunge.	18	
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	R 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	Mymensingh.	19	
...	...	...	21 0	25 0	13 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	10 0	9 4	4 4 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Dinajpur.	20	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	21 0	20 12	16 14	240 0	240 0	240 0	S 9 9	9 9	9 9	3 10 8	3 10 8	3 10 8	Rajshahi.	21	
...	...	...	11 0	10 0	10 0	52 0	52 0	80 0	T 7 0	10 0	10 0	5 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	Rangpur.	22	

K In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kandi 10 seers and Jangipur 10¼ seers.
L At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 9¼ seers per rupee.
M At Fenny Hát the retail price of salt is 6½ seers per rupee.
N In the Brahmanbaria and Chandpur subdivisions the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
O In the marts in the interior of the district the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madanganj 8 seers 14 chitaks, Manikganj 9 seers, Mirkadim Hát 8 seers 14 chitaks, and Munshirhát 8 seers 14 chitaks.
P In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madaripur 9¼ seers and Goalundo 10 seers.
Q In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 8 seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 8 seers.
R In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jamalpur 8 seers, Kishorganj 8 seers, Netrakona 8 seers, and Kagmari 10 seers.
S In the Nator and Naogaon subdivisions the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
T In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Gaibanda 10 seers, Kurigaon 8 seers, and Nilphamari 10 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters

	Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN														
			WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			JOWAR OR CHOLUM. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)		
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL—*continued.*																	
			S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
RAJSHAHI DIVISION—*concld.*	23	Bogra ...	15 0	13 8	10 14	...	...	...	7 14	7 8	7 8	15 12	12 0	15 0	...	...	...
	24	Pabna	15 12	16 14	13 4	21 0	21 0	...	6 0	6 0	6 12	12 12	12 0	13 4		...	...
	25	Darjeeling	8 0	8 0	7 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	5 8	5 8	5 0	12 0	11 8	10 0	...	...	...
	26	Jalpaiguri	13 0	13 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	11 0	10 0	10 8	..	...	...
BIHAR.																	
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.	27	Monghyr ...	16 4 to 18 14	15 3 to 17 13	12 0 to 13 0	18 0	18 14 to 19 15	14 0 to 15 0	10 8	10 8	8 8 to 9 0	16 13	14 11	11 8	16 4	15 12 to 16 13	...
	28	Bhagalpur ...	16 6	15 2	13 14	20 3	20 3	12 10	10 1	10 12	9 7	New 18 15	15 2	13 4	.	...	...
	29	Purnea (Kasba)	18 0	16 0	10 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	12 8	18 0	16 0	15 0	...	...	...
	30	Malda (English Bazar).	16 0	16 0	13 0	...	...	...	10 0	...	10 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	...	...	...
	31	Sonthal Parganas.	12 8	13 8	11 0	...	...	...	11 8	11 0	9 0	18 0	14 8	15 0	...	...	...
PATNA DIVISION.	32	Patna ...	18 0 17 0	Red. 17 0 White. 16 0	15 0 14 0	24 0	24 0	21 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	19 0	19 0	16 0	...	...	...
	33	Gaya ...	15 0	15 0	12 8	19 8	19 0	17 0	9 12	9 8	9 0	16 0	14 4	14 8	19 8	17 8	20 4
	34	Shahabad ...	13 0	13 0	14 0	21 0	20 0	16 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	16 0	16 0	12 0	...	...	...
	35	Darbhanga ...	14 4	14 0	12 10	16 8	13 0	12 1	13 0	13 0	11 0	17 8	15 0	15 6	...	...	...
	36	Muzaffarpur ...	13 0	13 0	12 0	20 0	20 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	12 8	12 8	16 0	...	...	...
	37	Saran ...	14 0	14 8	13 8	18 8	19 0	16 8	12 0	11 12	9 8	15 8	15 0	13 12	...	...	...
	38	Champaran ...	13 0	12 12	10 12	No sale.	22 2	14 4	8 8	8 0	9 0	19 0	16 12	16 0	...	...	...
ORISSA.																	
ORISSA DIVISION.	39	Cuttack ...	13 2	11 13	10 8	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 8	14 7	13 13	13 2	...	...	...
	40	Puri ...	10 8	9 3	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 1	15 12	14 7	13 2	...	...	...
	41	Balasore ...	14 0	14 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	19 0	18 4	15 0	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																	
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.	42	Hazaribagh ...	12 0 to 13 0	12 0 to 12 12	12 0	16 0	16 0	11 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Old 12 8 New 17 0	13 4 17 0 to 18 0	13 0	...	...	...
	43	Lohardaga (Ranchi.)	10 0 to 11 0 8 0 to 9 0	Red. 11 0 White. 8 0 to 9 0	12 0 8 0 to 10 0	15 0	16 0	9 0	13 0 to 14 0	13 0 to 16 0	10 0 to 12 0	18 0 to 20 0	22 0	15 0 to 16 0	...	...	...
	44	Palamau ...	12 6	13 8	10 11	...	25 9	13 8	10 11	14 10	...	14 10	18 9	15 12	...	...	...
	45	Singhbhum ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	12 0	10 0	11 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	..	...	...
	46	Manbhum ...	13 4	14 0	11 12	16 0	...	...	9 0 to 10 0	9 8	8 8	16 8 to 19 8	16 0 to 18 0	14 0 to 15 0	...	...	...

U At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
V At Silliguri the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
W At Alipur the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
X In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Begusarai 9½ seers and Jamui 10 seers.
Y In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Banka 9 seers, Madhipura 8¾ seers, and Supaul 9 seers.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kishanganj 10 seers and Arraria 9 seers.
a In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Deoghur 10½ seers, Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, and Rajmahal 9 seers.
b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Barh 10 seers 10 chitaks, Bihar 9½ seers.

CALCUTTA,
The 5th December, 1893.

…ERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

…ajra or Cumbu. (…ennisetum typhoideum.)			Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	28 0	28 0	...
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	22 8
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	28 8	24 0	27 0
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	30 0
...	...	...	22 0	22 0	21 0
...	...	...	No sale.	24 8	27
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	26 0	23 to 24 8	27 0
...	...	...	40 0	35 0	35 0
...	...	...	...	...	31 8
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

Kanoni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalai or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	13 2	13 8	12
...	...	...	17 4	16 0	14
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11
...	...	...	13 0	14 0	13
15 0	14 11	14 0	24 0 to 25 0	22 0 to 23 3	16 0 to 17 0
...	...	...	20 3	20 3	15 1[illegible]
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	13 0
13 0	13 0	13 0	15 0	15 0	13
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13
20 0	20 0	25 0	30 0	28 0	18 0
15 4	15 0	17 0	19 0	19 0	17 0
...	...	...	21 0	20 0	16 0
...	17 0	17 0	24 0	19 8	17 0
...	...	...	20 0	22 0	18 0
18 0	18 0	16 0	23 14	23 12	19 0
...	...	...	24 0	22 0	16 0
			Biri or Kalai.		
...	...	...	19 1	20 5	17 12
...	...	...	18 6	17 2	...
			(Chhola.)		
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	12 0
			Biri or Kalai.		
			17 8	17 8	13 0
...	...	...	16 0	15 0 to 16 0	13 0
...	...	...	13 0 to 14 0	12 0 to 13 0	11 0 to 13 0
...	...	...	16 14	20 4	11 8
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0
...	...	...	16 0 to 17 0	16 0	...

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 30th November, 1893—(concluded).

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*) Present return.	Indian-corn Next preceding return.	Indian-corn Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*) Present return.	Arhar Next preceding return.	Arhar Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Firewood Next preceding return.	Firewood Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Salt Next preceding return.	Salt Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Wholesale Salt Next preceding return.	Wholesale Salt Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	Division
															BENGAL—*continued.*		
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0	90 0	8 10	8 7	9 15	4 5 3	4 8 0	3 12 0	Bogra.	23	Rajshahi Division—concld.
...	...	...	22 8	22 8	15 12	200 0	200 0	200 0	[U] 9 12	9 12	9 12	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	Pabna.	24	Rajshahi Division—concld.
20 8	21 0	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	[V] 8 0	8 0	8 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	Darjeeling.	25	Rajshahi Division—concld.
...	...	...	9 0	9 0	10 0	160 0	200 0	200 0	[W] 8 0	8 0	10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 12 0	Jalpaiguri.	26	Rajshahi Division—concld.
															BIHAR.		
21 0 to 24 0	21 0 to 25 3	23 0	21 0 to 23 1	21 0 to 25 3	15 0	126 0 to 168 0	126 0	160 0	[X] 10 0	10 8	10 8	3 13 0	3 11 6	3 7 0	Monghyr.	27	Bhagalpur Division.
26 8	24 0	27 12	20 3	20 3	15 12	151 8	151 8	176 0	[Y] 10 0	10 1	10 11	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	Bhagalpur.	28	Bhagalpur Division.
...	...	...	20 0	16 0	13 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	[Z] 9 0	9 4	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 2	Purnea (Kasba).	29	Bhagalpur Division.
20 0	20 0	...	12 0	12 8	...	160 0	160 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	10 0	...	...	3 12 0	Malda (English Bazar).	30	Bhagalpur Division.
20 0	20 0	24 0	22 8	23 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	200 0	[a] 10 0	10 0	10 8	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 10 3	Sonthal Parganas.	31	Bhagalpur Division.
27 0	25 0	27 0	27 0	27 0	21 0	130 0	130 0	130 0	[b] 11 0	11 0	11 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.	32	Patna Division.
19 0	19 8	25 0	19 8	19 8	19 0	120 0	120 0	200 0	[c] 9 12	9 12	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 13 0	Gaya.	33	Patna Division.
21 0	20 0	23 0	20 0	20 0	17 0	160 0	120 0	160 0	[cl] 10 0	10 0	11 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	Shahabad.	34	Patna Division.
24 0	20 0	27 0	23 0	21 0	17 0	176 0	176 0	176 0	[d] 11 0	10 0	10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 14 6	Darbhanga.	35	Patna Division.
20 0	21 8	26 0	20 0	22 0	18 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	[e] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Muzaffarpur.	36	Patna Division.
23 8	22 12	23 4	23 0	22 12	18 8	200 0	200 0	200 0	[f] 9 12	9 12	10 4	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 12 0	Saran.	37	Patna Division.
22 8	21 4	26 8	22 8	21 8	16 4	180 0	180 0	160 0	[g] 10 4	10 4	10 8	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	Champaran.	38	Patna Division.
															ORISSA.		
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	16 7	80 0	80 0	80 0	[h] 10 12	10 12	10 12	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 5 0	Cuttack.	39	Orissa Division.
...	...	...	17 2	17 2	...	80 0	80 0	...	11 2	11 2	11 13	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 6 0	Puri.	40	Orissa Division.
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 12	130 0	130 0	160 0	[i] 11 0	10 0	11 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	Balasore.	41	Orissa Division.
															CHOTA NAGPUR.		
18 0	18 0 to 19 8	22 8	18 0	18 0	16 6	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	Hazaribagh.	42	Chota Nagpur Division.
20 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	Small. 20 0; Big. 13 0	Small. 15 0; Big. 12 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	9 8	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 1 0	Lohardaga. (Ranchi).	43	Chota Nagpur Division.
18 9	23 10	27 0	...	20 0	...	...	...	...	8 9	8 8	9 7	...	...	...	Palamau.	44	Chota Nagpur Division.
...	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	Singhbhum.	45	Chota Nagpur Division.
34 0	32 0	24 0	18 0	16 0	18 0	...	...	...	[j] 9 2	9 2	10 10	3 14 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	Manbhum.	46	Chota Nagpur Division.

c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nawada 9 seers, Aurangabad 9¾ seers, and Jahanabad 10 seers.
cl In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Buxar 10½ seers, Sasaram 10 seers, and Bhabhua 9½ seers.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madhubani 11 seers and Samastipur 10 seers.
e In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Hajipur 10½ seers and Sitamarhi 11 seers.
f In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Siwan 10 seers 6 chitaks and Gopalganj (Mirganj) 11 seers 6 chitaks.
g At Bettiah the retail price of salt is 9½ seers per rupee.
h In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jajpur 9 seers, Kendrapara 9 seers, and Banki 11 seers.
i At Bhadrk the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
j At Gobindpur at the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (wholesale) of Food-grains, Firewood, and

Number.	MARTS.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice common.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
1	Calcutta ...	3 2 6	3 2 9	3 6 0	2 9 6	2 7 6	2 12 0	5 7 6	5 8 0	5 0 0	4 0 3	4 0 6	3 12 [cut off]
2	Sirajganj ...	2 8 0	2 13 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	5 12 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 [cut off]
3	Dacca ...	3 4 0	3 2 0	...	...	2 8 0	...	4 8 0	5 0 0	4 10 0	4 0 0	4 4 0	2 11 [cut off]
4	Narayanganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 10 0	4 14 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 6 [cut off]
5	Chittagong	3 4 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	...	...	...	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 6 0	3 2 8	3 5 8	3 0 [cut off]
6	Patna ...	2 3 6 2 6 0	Red. 2 6 0 White. 2 8 0	2 10 0 2 13 6	1 10 6	1 10 6	1 14 6	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 3	2 1 6	2 1 6	2 8 [cut off]
7	Balasore ...	2 14 0	2 14 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	2 1 6	2 3 0	2 10 [cut off]
8	Puri ...	3 12 0	4 7 0	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 10 0	2 8 0	2 12 0	3 0 [cut off]
9	Cuttack ...	3 0 0	3 6 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	2 12 0	2 14 0	3 0 [cut off]

CALCUTTA,
The 5th December, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND

JOWAR OR CHOLUM. (*Sorghum Vulgare.*)			BAJRA OR CUMBU. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
2 1 6	2 2 0	2 3 0	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

OF 40 SEERS.

Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R.
...	...	...	4 6 6	4 7 0	8
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	
1 7 0	1 7 0	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	1
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	

in the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 30*th November*, 1893.

Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			Firewood.			Salt.			Marts.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 11 9	2 12 6	2 13 0	2 1 9	2 1 3	1 14 0	2 3 6	2 3 6	2 6 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	3 11 0	3 10 6	3 6 0	Calcutta.
2 8 0	2 8 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 6 6	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Sirajganj.
2 12 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	...	2 2 0	2 10 0	...	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 10 0	Dacca.
2 4 0	2 10 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	2 4 0	2 14 0	3 6 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	4 8 0	3 12 0	3 7 0	Narayanganj.
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 13 0	Chittagong.
1 5 0	1 7 0	2 3 6	1 7 9	1 9 6	1 7 6	1 7 9	1 7 9	1 14 6	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.
2 11 0	2 11 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	3 12 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 2 0	2 5 0	...	...	...	...	2 5 0	2 5 0	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	...	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 6 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 2 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 7 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 5 0	Cuttack.

Published for general information.

M. FINUCANE,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	30·075	30·038	—	N	189?	84·7	27th Nov.	63·6	29th Nov.	82·9	66·8	74·9
		Gopalpore ...	30·077	30·038	+·032	NNW	195	84·2	26th ,,	66·1	1st Dec.	82·3	66·4	74·4
		False Point ...	30·078	30·041	+·035	N	141	83·4	26th ,,	58·0	28 & 29 Nov.	81·5	61·6	71·6
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	29·015	30·041	+·034	Calm	71	87·2	26th ,,	60·3	29th ,,	84·0	64·2	74·1
	Balasore	Balasore ...	30·044	30·049	+·030	Nly	66	84·4	26th ,,	55·5	29th ,,	81·3	58·7	70·1
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·962	30·064	+·037	Nly	36	85·3	26th ,,	57·2	29th Nov. & 2nd Dec.	82·2	59·1	70·7
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	30·074	30·042	+·027	NW	38	82·2	26th ,,	58·2	2nd ,,	78·9	60·1	69·5
		Saugor Island	30·070	30·039	+·033	Nly	185	82·2	26th ,,	59·4	2nd ,,	79·7	63·7	71·7
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	30·050	30·048	+·057	NWly	55	82·7	26th ,,	55·5	30th Nov.	80·2	59·0	69·6
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	30·062	30·043	+·038	NWly	32	82·6	26th ,,	57·5	2nd Dec.	80·0	60·1	70·1
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	30·009	30·060	+·033	N	40	83·1	26th ,,	57·6	30th Nov.	80·6	60·2	70·4
		Raniganj ...	29·777	30·079	+·042	NWly	36	83·5	26th ,,	52·8	1st Dec.	?	56·5	?
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·795	30·060	+·041	NWly	47	83·7	26th ,,	54·8	1st ,,	80·5	57·8	69·2
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore...	30·032	30·051	+·022	NWly	34	81·6	26th ,,	59·7	1st ,,	79·4	61·5	70·5
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	30·032	30·030	+·027	Calm	16	81·1	26th ,,	55·2	2nd ,,	80·0	58·7	69·4
	Bogra	Bogra ...	30·023	30·039	+·058	NEly	30	81·3	26th ,,	53·2	2nd ,,	79·9	56·9	68·5
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	30·013	30·033	+·028	Calm & N	82	80·1	26th ,,	56·1	1st ,,	78·9	58·6	68·8
	Malda	Malda ...	30·018	30·053	—	NWly	52	80·3	26th ,,	53·9	1st ,,	78·9	57·3	68·1
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	29·974	30·056	+·042	NEly	32	81·1	26th ,,	57·4	2nd ,,	79·2	58·4	68·8
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	29·978	30·061	+·028	Ely	21	80·4	26th ,,	55·2	1st ,,	78·9	57·9	68·4
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·827	30·077	+·048	Nly	28	79·9	26 & 29 ,,	58·6	28 & 29 Nov.	78·6	49·1	57·2
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	23·069	—	+·014	NEly	82	53·0	28th ,,	38·3	1st Dec.	50·3	39·8	45·1
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	18·939	—	—	SEly	48	42·3	26th ,,	19·6	29th Nov.	37·0	23·0	30·0
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	29·998	30·036	+·047	Nly	54	81·2	26th ,,	60·1	1 & 2 Dec.	80·1	61·7	71·0
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	30·056	30·015	+·042	Calm	37	81·3	26th Nov.	58·5	2nd ,,	79·9	60·7	70·3
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	30·021	30·012	+·035	NEly	61	80·5	26th ,,	57·0	2nd ,,	79·8	60·1	70·0
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	30·050	30·045	+·045	Calm	13	80·5	26th ,,	58·5	2nd ,,	78·1	61·4	69·8
	Dacca	Dacca ...	30·056	30·024	+·030	Nly	58	82·6	26th ,,	58·3	2nd ,,	81·1	62·4	71·8
	Tippera	Comilla ...	30·044	30·029	+·041	Calm	27	81·6	26th ,,	57·0	2nd ,,	81·0	59·8	70·4
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	30·020	30·033	+·034	Calm & NE.	33	79·9	26th ,,	57·0	2nd ,,	78·7	59·4	69·1
North Behar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	29·980	30·065	+·033	Calm & SE.	10	79·2	26, 27 & 29. ,,	54·3	1st ,,	77·8	57·7	67·8
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur ...	29·934	30·055	+·021	Calm	8	80·8	26th ,,	49·0	1st ,,	78·9	54·1	66·5
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	29·934	30·062	+·008	SWly	40	79·3	28th ,,	56·4	30th Nov.	77·4	58·7	68·1
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·934	30·075	—	WSW	35	78·7	26 to 29 ,,	52·3	1st Dec. 30th Nov.	76·9	55·9	66·4
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·867	30·070	+·026	Calm & Wly	40	79·7	28th ,,	49·9	30th ,,	77·6	53·1	65·4
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·934	30·077	+·052	SWly	57	80·3	26th ,,	50·1	1st Dec.	77·6	54·6	66·1
South Behar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·759	30·082	+·024	SWly	114	81·3	26th ,,	51·2	2nd ,,	78·1	55·2	66·7
		Buxar ...	29·875	30·079	+·018	Wly	65	80·6	26th ,,	49·4	1st ,,	77·9	54·3	66·1
		Arrah ...	29·912	30·065	+·029	NWly	60	81·4	26th ,,	47·8	1st ,,	78·7	52·2	65·5
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·738	30·086	+·026	Variable	142	82·8	26th ,,	50·8	2nd ,,	80·0	55·0	67·5
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·928	30·073	+·006	Wly	79	79·9	26th ,,	51·2	1st ,,	77·4	54·7	66·1
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka...	29·598	30·066	+·033	WNW	54	81·1	26th ,,	50·6	1st ,,	78·4	55·2	66·8
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh ...	28·040	30·071	+·015	Wly	160	77·2	26th ,,	50·2	30th Nov.	74·0	51·8	62·9
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·916	30·061	+·023	NWly	120	77·0	26th ,,	49·8	1st Dec.	73·2	53·2	63·3
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...												
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	29·320	30·063	+·047	Calm	7	84·5	26th ,,	53·7	2nd ,,	81·4	56·4	68·9
	Manbhum													

* Means for 6 days. | † Mean of 5 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 10 *rainfall* the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 2nd of December 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. Of week. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Since 16th October 1893. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	DISTRICT.
—	71·4	74	0·0	00·6	Nil	0·31	0·00	0·29	Nil	0·18	—0·18	6·83	0·81	+0·02	Puri.
+2·5	70·1	86	0·0	Nil											
+1·2	69·7	80	1·3	Nil											
+1·5	69·1	71	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·12	0·00	0·15	Nil	0·08	—0·08	4·20	4·33	—0·13	Cuttack.
+1·4	65·2	84	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·00	0·15	Nil	0·01	—0·01	4·21	3·05	+1·16	Balasore.
+1·6	66·5	64	0·9	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·04	Nil	Nil	0	3·32	3·35	—0·03	Midnapore.
—0·2	65·9	79	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·06	Nil	Nil	0	2·44	3·24	—0·80	24-Parganas.
+0·8	68·5	83	1·1	Nil											
					Nil	0·06	0·00	0·06	Nil	Nil	0	2·38	2·17	+0·21	Howrah.
					Nil	0·03	0·00	0·09	Nil	Nil	0	2·85	2·30	+0·55	Hooghly.
—0·4	66·6	79	1·3	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·05	Nil	Nil	0	1·47	2·11	—0·64	Nadia.
—0·2	67·0	83	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·07	Nil	0·01	—0·01	2·19	3·15	—0·96	Khulna.
					Nil	0·02	0·00	0·07	Nil	0·01	—0·01	0·95	2·57	—1·62	Jessore.
+0·6	65·3	69	0·7	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·02	—0·02	2·05	2·10	—0·05	Burdwan.
?	63·1	69	0·0	Nil											
—0·9	63·6	69	1·1	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·06	Nil	0·02	—0·02	2·29	2·21	+0·08	Bankura.
					Nil	0·01	0·00	0·04	Nil	Nil	0	1·76	2·01	—0·25	Birbhum.
+0·9	64·2	86	1·1	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·02	Nil	Nil	0	1·83	2·14	—0·31	Murshidabad.
+0·5	65·2	93	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·08	Nil	Nil	0	3·17	2·54	+0·63	Pabna.
—1·2	65·3	86	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·08	Nil	Nil	0	4·01	1·96	+2·05	Bogra.
+1·4	68·3	81	0·1	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	Nil	0	2·73	1·77	+0·96	Rajshahi.
—	64·7	85	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·06	Nil	Nil	0	3·13	1·50	+1·63	Malda.
+1·4	64·3	88	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·08	Nil	Nil	0	2·81	1·42	+1·39	Dinajpur.
+1·1	63·8	91	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·05	Nil	Nil	0	1·79	2·09	—0·30	Rangpur.
+1·0	65·2	86	2·3	0·32	0·39	0·02	2·00	0·10	0·39	Nil	+0·39	3·00	3·01	—0·08	Jalpaiguri.
—0·7	44·4	80	6·6	0·16	0·52	0·04	0·75	0·15	0·52	Nil	+0·52	4·34	1·86	+2·48	Kuch Bihar.
—	31·2	83	2·2	0·54	0·52	0·03	1·00	0·10	0·52	Nil	+0·52	5·57	2·71	+2·86	Darjeeling. Gnatong.
—1·0	66·8	93	2·1	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0·18	Nil	0·03	—0·03	6·14	4·97	+1·17	Chittagong.
					Nil	0·04	0·00	0·10	Nil	0·03	—0·03	5·31	4·17	+1·14	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
—0·3	69·2	82	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·07	Nil	0·01	—0·01	5·28	2·91	+2·37	Backergunge.
—0·3	68·3	90	1·7	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·16	Nil	0·01	—0·01	—	4·32		Noakhali.
+0·5	67·6	85	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·09	Nil	0·01	—0·01	1·67	2·42	—0·75	Faridpur.
0	67·4	88	2·1	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·05	Nil	Nil	0	3·00	2·74	+0·26	Dacca.
+0·3	68·1	86	0·9	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·09	Nil	0·01	—0·01	3·60	2·74	+0·86	Tippera.
+0·5	65·7	90	2·1	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·08	Nil	Nil	0	3·72	2·77	+0·95	Mymensingh.
+1·2	61·8	93	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·12	Nil	Nil	0	2·67	1·58	+1·09	Purnea.
+0·8	62·6	77	0·9	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·00	0·15	Nil	Nil	0	2·51	1·43	+1·08	Bhagalpur.
0	62·0	86	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·08	Nil	Nil	0	6·03	1·00	+5·03	Darbhanga.
—	61·6	87	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·11	Nil	Nil	0	7·84	1·16	+6·68	Muzaffarpur
+0·3	60·7	86	0·0	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·03	Nil	Nil	0	8·62	0·50	+8·12	Champaran.
+0·1	62·7	77	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·00	0·18	Nil	Nil	0	5·86	0·99	+4·87	Saran.
+2·3	64·7	79	0·0	Nil											
+0·1	63·6	71	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·11	0·00	0·18	Nil	Nil	0	6·25	1·33	+4·92	Shahabad.
—0·6	60·5	79	0·0	Nil											
+1·6	63·2	66	1·4	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·00	0·28	Nil	Nil	0	2·53	1·01	+1·52	Gaya.
0	62·4	72	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·00	0·19	Nil	Nil	0	4·40	1·38	+3·02	Patna.
					Nil	0·08	0·00	0·23	Nil	Nil	0	1·71	1·51	+0·20	Monghyr.
+0·1	63·1	74	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·10	Nil	Nil	0	2·43	1·68	+0·75	Sonthal Parganas.
—0·3	60·3	64	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·11	0·00	0·29	Nil	Nil	0	3·57	1·46	+2·11	Hazaribagh.
+0·8	61·5	61	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·21	0·00	0·34	Nil	0·01	—0·01	3·36	1·68	+1·68	Lohardaga.
					Nil	0·15	0·00	0·25	Nil	Nil	0	2·34	1·41	+0·93	Palamau.
+1·6	62·7	75	0·6	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·09	Nil	Nil	0	0·87	2·07	—1·20	Singhbhum.
					Nil	0·03	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·01	—0·01	1·94	1·48	+0·46	Manbhum.

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 2nd of December 18

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 26th Nov.	Monday, 27th Nov.	Tuesday, 28th Nov.	Wednesday, 29th Nov.	Thursday, 30th Nov.	Friday, 1st	Saturday, 2nd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th Oct. 1893.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·32	Nil	0·38	7·30
		Khurda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·22	Nil	0·15	6·11
		Banpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·22	Nil	0·04	9·03
		False Point ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·29	Nil	0·15	4·79
		Gop ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·20
		Satpara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·97
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·25
		Nayagarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·50
		Raspur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·43
		Kurmala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·98
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·21	Nil	0·17	6·51
		Banki ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	Nil	4·69
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·21	Nil	0·12	3·30
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	4·52
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·04	6·47
		Dharmsala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71
		Salipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·82
		Pal Lahara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·28
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·65
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	3·35
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·01	5·95
		Soro ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	Nil	4·36
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·06	4·47
		Jellasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	Nil	1·52
		Baripadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	Nil	5·47
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	4·77
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·65
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·43
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	Nil	4·32
		Kukrahaty ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·92
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·51
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72
		Dantoon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·01	2·69
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·01	4·33
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·61
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	2·21
		Barrackpore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	2·29
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·74
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	1·67
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	1·11
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	2·52
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	Nil	2·24
		Ulubaria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·83
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	3·10
		Hooghly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	2·13
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	3·32
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	1·15
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	2·33
		Chuadanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	1·10
		Meherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·06
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	1·67
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	2·24
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	3·20
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·01	1·12
		Nakipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87
		Rampal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·43
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·92
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	0·61
		Jhenidah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·03	1·19
		Magura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	1·36
		Bangaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·65
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	2·40
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·22
		Katwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	1·23
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	1·65
		Mankur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·04
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	Nil	2·56
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	3·43
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·52
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	1·66
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·00
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·72
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·79
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·44
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·37
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	1·09
		Hetampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·87
		Rampur Hat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	2·33
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·30
		Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·60
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·25
		Berhampore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·81
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·08
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	1·24
		Jangipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	3·18
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	1·40
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34
		Patkabari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·00
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	2·10
		Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	4·26
	Bogra ...	Sherepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	4·45
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	Nil	5·76
		Bogra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	Nil	2·87
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	2·98
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·42
		Nattor ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·57
		Naugaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·40
		Lalpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·20
		Manda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·38

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 2nd of December 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Sunday, 26th Nov.	Monday, 27th Nov.	Tuesday, 28th Nov.	Wednesday, 29th Nov.	Thursday, 30th Nov.	Friday, 1st.	Saturday, 2nd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
			RAINFALL.													
NORTH BENGAL—*contd.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	4·18	1·95
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	2·08	1·03
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·64	?
		Silganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·80	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	3·17	1·03
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	3·58	0·89
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	Nil	2·70	0·89
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	1·83	2·44
		Balurghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·76	1·55
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·65	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	Nil	3·03	2·42
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·24	2·97
		Pirganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·75	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·56	1·56
		Gobindganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·91	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·32	1·48
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·61	?
		Sunderganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·97	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	0·18	0·21	...	...	2	0·39	0·02	Nil	Nil	3·09	3·04
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	...	0·45	...	...	1	0·45	?	Nil	?	1·36	?
		Fallacotta ...	...	...	0·45	...	...	...	...	1	0·45	?	Nil	?	2·06	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta)	...	...	...	0·26	1·07	...	...	2	1·33	?	Nil	?	3·43	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	0·37	...	...	1	0·37	0·01	Nil	Nil	3·34	1·93
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	0·26	...	...	1	0·26	0·03	Nil	Nil	5·04	1·93
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	Nil	3·98	1·75
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	1·45	...	...	1	1·45	0·04	Nil	Nil	5·01	1·76
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	0·04	0·26	...	...	1	0·30	0·04	Nil	Nil	5·71	4·89
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	0·33	...	...	1	0·33	Nil	Nil	Nil	8·02	0·94
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	0·06	0·10	...	...	1	0·16	0·06	Nil	Nil	5·85	4·40
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	...	1·30	...	...	1	1·30	0·03	Nil	Nil	4·75	0·58
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	...	0·09	...	...	Nil	0·09	?	Nil	?	3·21	?
		Pedong ...	...	...	...	...	1·07	0·03	...	1	1·10	?	0·03	?	5·11	?
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·05	6·41	6·13
		Chittagong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·01	5·87	3·47
		Kutubdia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Satkanya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·06	?
		Kodala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Fenoa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Mirsarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·32	?
		Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·03	5·31	4·24
		Bundarban ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·35	?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	6·11	4·09
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·01	4·23	3·81
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·01	6·09	3·72
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·68	?
		Bhola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	4·68	3·36
		Daulatkhan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·95	?
		Bauphal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	8·78	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	10·15	4·14
		Fenny ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	Nil		4·99
		Harishpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	9·42	?
		Ramganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·35	?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·02	4·83	2·21
		Faridpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	1·35	2·57
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	1·63	2·27
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	3·20	3·15
		Dacca ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	2·85	1·81
		Narayanganj...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·54	3·46
		Manikganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	2·41	2·25
		Joydebpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·02	2·45	3·17
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·02	3·76	2·32
		Chandpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·79	2·33
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·01	1·78	2·44
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·12	?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·25	?
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·77	?
		Kasba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·80	?
		Laksham ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·60	?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	3·76	2·09
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	1·88	2·67
		Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	6·62	2·89
		Jamalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	4·45	2·83
		Netrakona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·91	3·14
		Subornakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·74	?
		Durgapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·70	?
		Sherepore Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·43	?
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·65	?
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	Nil	2·27	1·43
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	2·25	1·35
		Purnea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	3·48	1·85
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·30	?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·18	?
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·79	?
		Kaliaganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·31	?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	Nil	2·00	5·13
		Bongaon (Syfobad).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·02	?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	3·29	1·16
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·02	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	Nil	2·79	1·25
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	Nil	1·95	1·70
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·68	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	Nil	2·74	1·11
		Darbhanga* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	Nil	5·39	0·99
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	5·88	0·91
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Roshera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 2nd of December 1893—*concld.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 26th Nov.	Monday, 27th Nov.	Tuesday, 28th Nov.	Wednesday, 29th Nov.	Thursday, 30th Nov.	Friday, 1st.	Saturday, 2nd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur ...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	9·58	0·81
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	10·37	1·40
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	Nil	4·74	1·41
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·87	?
		Siuhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·74	?
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	8·50	0·18
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	8·74	0·42
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·02	?
		Harharwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil		7·62	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	5·96	0·30
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	Nil	9·19	1·22
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·25	?
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·23	Nil	Nil	4·67	1·39
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·89	?
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·24	?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	Nil	9·25	1·30
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	Nil	5·87	1·18
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	Nil	5·48	1·60
		Sasaram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	Nil	6·73	1·27
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	Nil	3·63	1·23
		Mohanea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·55	?
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·45	?
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·98	?
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·82	?
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Sikrowl ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·69	?
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·72	?
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·15	?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	Nil	3·47	0·72
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	Nil	2·33	1·17
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	Nil	2·55	1·16
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	Nil	2·99	1·25
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·24	?
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·01	?
		Sherghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·54	?
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·08	?
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·46	?
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	Nil	5·51	1·30
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	Nil	9·50	1·30
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	Nil	1·43	1·28
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	Nil	1·14	1·23
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil		4·30	?
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·32	?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	Nil	1·23	1·74
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	Nil	1·98	1·09
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	Nil	1·90	1·06
		Jogri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·12	?
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·86	?
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·32	?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	3·52	1·26
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	Nil	2·32	1·25
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	2·74	1·28
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	1·17	1·09
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	Nil	1·63	1·29
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	Nil	3·15	1·40
		Belbodda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·58	?
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (Giridih).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·01	3·24	1·65
		Hazaribagh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	Nil	5·12	1·33
		Sumtaguran	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	Nil	Nil	3·59	1·05
		Mahudi Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	Nil	3·23	1·01
		Jhumra Hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	Nil	2·70	1·43
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·97	?
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·13	?
		Karsgdeha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·64	?
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·30	?
	Lohardaga	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·35	Nil	Nil	3·18	1·47
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·01	3·58	1·59
		Silli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?				?
		Palkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·73	?
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	Nil	2·34	[illegible]
		Kalumath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil		1·09	[illegible]
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·14	
		Garhwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·44	
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·87	[illegible]
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·24	[illegible]
		Ghatsila	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·26	
	Manbhum ...	Gailaura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·50	
		Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·70	
		Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	Nil	1·98	[illegible]
		Gobindpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·01	3·85	[illegible]
		Raghunathpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·67	
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·08	
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·48	
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·52	
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·34	

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 5th December* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 2ND OF DECEMBER 1893.

THE meteorological changes during the week have been small and unimportant, and fine settled weather has prevailed in most districts during this period. During the previous week conditions in Bengal had been distinctly disturbed from the existence of two storms, the first of which had passed over North-Western India from the Arabian Sea, and the second which passed from the Bay of Bengal across the south of the Peninsula. At the close of that week the unsettled conditions were rapidly passing away, and fine north-east monsoon weather was establishing itself over the province. At the beginning of the present week therefore pressure was comparatively high over the province, though on the 26th it had fallen by small amounts; a fairly steady north-westerly and northerly wind current had established itself, and conditions were fairly normal, except that temperature was in excess, the excess being small at the eastern stations and increasing towards the west of the province where the mean temperature was 4° and 5° above the normal at many stations. On the 26th, however, both temperature and humidity had fallen by small amounts. On the 27th the changes were very similar to those on the 26th, and pressure had fallen slowly, while humidity was lower, and a rather rapid fall of temperature had occurred. On the 28th the barometric changes over north-eastern India were irregular, humidity had decidedly increased, while temperature had fallen. On the 29th a rather rapid fall of pressure had occurred, and pressure became in defect by amounts varying up to 0·06″ at the north-western stations. Temperature and humidity changes were decidedly irregular, and a rapid increase of cloud had taken place in and near the hills, and a few rain showers were reported in the Jalpaiguri and Darjeeling districts. On the 30th a rapid increase of pressure had occurred, the rise being largest in and near the hills, and the distribution of pressure had become distinctly irregular. The large changes on the 29th and 30th pointed clearly to the existence of disturbed conditions, particularly in and near the hills, and on the 30th moderate general rain was reported in the Jalpaiguri, Kuch Bihar and Darjeeling districts. Humidity increased considerably on the 30th, but temperature had generally fallen. A further rapid increase of pressure took place on the 1st December, and pressure became in excess by about a tenth of an inch, and the distribution over the province was more regular. Hence conditions improved in North Bengal, and weather became fine again over the whole province, while temperature also rapidly decreased and became generally below the normal. On the 2nd pressure had begun to fall, but it was still in excess. Temperature changes were also small, and at the majority of stations the mean temperature was nearly normal. Light northerly winds also prevailed over the whole province. Thus weather has been of north-east monsoon character throughout the week except in parts of North Bengal, where unsettled conditions prevailed on the 29th and 30th.

Pressure.—The mean pressure for the week has been in excess of the normal by from about 0·02″ to 0·04″. This excess has been fairly equally distributed in all districts.

Temperature.—The mean temperature of the whole province for the week has again been in excess by about half a degree. The largest excess has been registered in Orissa, where it equals 1·7°.

The actual temperatures registered during the week and their variations from the usual temperature for the present season are most clearly seen in the table below, where the average maximum, minimum and mean temperatures for the week at nine typical stations in different districts of the province are compared with the normal values for the same period. The variations from the normal it will be seen have been small.

Table showing the excess or defect of the actual mean temperature from the normal for the week ending Saturday, the 2nd of December 1893.

	Normal mean maximum temperature for the week ending 2nd December.	Actual mean maximum temperature for the week ending 2nd December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean minimum temperature for the week ending 2nd December.	Actual mean minimum temperature for the week ending 2nd December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean daily temperature for the week ending 2nd December.	Actual mean daily temperature for the week ending 2nd December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.
Cuttack	83·8	84·0	+0·2	61·5	64·2	+2·7	72·7	74·1	+1·4
Calcutta	70·0	78·9	−0·1	60·3	60·1	−0·2	69·7	69·5	−0·2
Dacca	82·1	81·1	−1·0	61·6	62·4	+0·8	71·9	71·8	−0·1
Burdwan	80·6	80·6	0	59·4	60·2	+0·8	70·0	70·4	+0·4
Patna	77·4	77·4	0	54·7	54·7	0	66·1	66·1	0
Gaya	78·3	80·0	+1·7	53·5	55·0	+1·5	65·9	67·5	+1·6
Purnea	79·0	77·8	−1·2	54·2	57·7	+3·5	64·6	67·8	+1·2
Hazaribagh	73·5	74·0	+0·5	53·5	51·8	−1·7	63·5	62·9	−0·6
Darjeeling	52·4	50·3	−2·1	39·1	39·8	+0·7	45·8	45·1	−0·7

Rainfall.—The average rainfall in the Kuch Bihar and Darjeeling districts has equalled 0·52 inch, and in the Jalpaiguri district 0·39 inch. Elsewhere the whole province has been practically rainless.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 2nd of December 1893:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.						RAINFALL.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th Oct, 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	87·2	55·5	82·4	63·5	73·0	+1·7	Nil	0·16	−0·16	0·00	0·18	−0·18	Nil	0·08	5·43	4·21
South-West Bengal ...	85·5	52·8	80·4	59·8	70·1	+0·3	Nil	0·02	−0·02	0·00	0·05	−0·05	Nil	0·01	2·04	2·44
North Bengal	81·3	53·2	79·2	56·7	67·9	+0·7	0·10	0·02	+0·08	0·20	0·08	+0·12	Nil	Nil	3·05	1·87
East Bengal	82·6	57·0	79·8	60·8	70·3	0	Nil	0·03	−0·03	0·00	0·09	−0·09	Nil	0·01	4·17	3·17
North Bihar	80·8	49·0	77·7	55·7	66·7	+0·5	Nil	0·04	−0·04	0·03	0·11	−0·11	Nil	Nil	5·25	1·11
South Bihar	82·8	47·8	78·4	54·4	66·5	+0·6	Nil	0·08	−0·08	0·00	0·19	−0·19	Nil	Nil	3·56	1·43
Chota Nagpur	84·5	49·8	76·2	53·8	65·0	+0·3	Nil	0·11	−0·11	0·00	0·20	−0·20	Nil	Nil	3·21	1·30

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 5th December 1893.

A. PEDLER,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 26th November to 2nd December 1893.

MONTH.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	TEMPERATURE.						HYGROMETRY.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
November ...	26th ...	30·096	72·9	80·9	16·0	64·9	76·6	67·1	·538	61·0	59	Nil
,, ...	27th ...	·074	69·9	79·9	20·0	59·9	74·6	66·4	·539	61·0	62	,,
,, ...	28th ...	·086	71·4	80·9	19·0	61·9	74·6	68·6	·620	65·1	72	,,
,, ...	29th ...	·042	70·4	80·9	21·0	59·9	75·1	66·6	·540	61·2	62	,,
,, ...	30th ...	·060	69·9	79·9	20·0	59·9	74·6	64·6	·476	57·6	56	,,
December ...	1st ...	·144	68·7	78·9	20·5	58·4	74·0	65·6	·519	60·0	61	,,
,, ...	2nd ...	·100	68·4	78·9	21·0	57·9	72·0	64·6	·512	59·7	65	,,

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	30·086
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	70·2
The extreme variation of temperature	23·0
The maximum temperature	80·9
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	62
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 26th November to 2nd December 1893 ...	Nil

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 4th December 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 26th November to 2nd December 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Nov.	26th	135·5	9·3	30·026	71·3	79·7	15·2	64·5	64·9	0·531	60·6	71	NNW and calm ...	58	Nil	Day clear, night partially cloudy, ⌂.
"	27th	134·0	9·3	·015	68·9	78·2	18·0	60·2	63·5	·517	59·8	74	NNW and calm...	34	"	Chiefly clear, ⌂.
"	28th	136·5	8·0	·009	69·4	78·2	16·0	62·2	64·7	·550	61·6	78	NNW and calm ...	40	"	Chiefly clear, ⌂.
"	29th	131·8	8·6	29·968	68·2	78·2	18·9	59·3	62·7	·499	58·8	74	NNW, WNW and calm.	29	"	Clear, ⌂.
"	30th	131·5	9·4	30·009	67·3	78·2	19·5	58·7	62·1	·490	58·4	75	NNW and calm ...	14	"	Clear, ⌂.
Dec.	1st	133·2	8·0	·079	67·5	77·7	20·5	57·2	61·5	·468	57·0	70	ENE and calm ...	31	"	Chiefly clear ⌂.
"	2nd	129·5	9·3	·048	66·3	76·5	18·5	58·0	61·8	·493	58·5	76	WNW and calm	16	"	Chiefly clear, ⌂.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	30·002
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	30·007
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	61·9
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	75·9
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	68·4
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	71·1
The extreme variation of temperature	22·5
The maximum temperature	79·7
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	10
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	74
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	71
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 26th November to 2nd December 1893 ...	Nil
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	0·01
The total fall from 1st January to 2nd December 1893	85·23
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	65·16

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

⌂, dew.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 4th December 1893.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Vital Statistics of the Districts of Bengal for the month of October 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births.		Deaths.														Average of corresponding month of previous five years.		Remarks.
					Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fever.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Injury.		Other causes.		Total of all causes.				
			Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Burdwan	Burdwan	1,391,889	4,577	*39·36*	32	*·24*	6	*·04*	2,905	*24·96*	61	*·48*	27	*·12*	866	*7·44*	3,905	*33·60*	2,558	*21·96*	
	Bankura	1,069,648	3,406	*38·16*	53	*·48*	6	*·06*	1,588	*17·76*	46	*·48*	22	*·12*	489	*5·90*	2,204	*24·72*	1,482	*16·56*	
	Birbhum	797,833	2,531	*38·04*	4	*·06*	2	*·02*	1,332	*20·76*	7	*·09*	15	*·12*	515	*7·68*	1,925	*28·92*	1,711	*25·68*	
	Midnapore																				*Return not received up to date*
	Hooghly including Serampore	1,076,710	3,838	*42·96*	189	*2·04*	...	...	2,969	*33·00*	338	*3·72*	44	*·48*	772	*8·52*	4,312	*48·00*	2,391	*26·64*	
	Howrah	721,211	2,394	*39·72*	101	*1·68*	1	*·01*	1,142	*18·96*	235	*4·80*	62	*·96*	437	*7·20*	2,038	*33·84*	1,391	*23·04*	
Presidency	24-Parganas																				*Ditto ditto.*
	Nadia	1,644,108	9,189	*66·96*	906	*6·60*	...	...	6,838	*49·80*	33	*·24*	113	*·72*	901	*7·20*	8,881	*64·80*	4,202	*30·60*	
	Jessore																				*Ditto ditto.*
	Murshidabad	1,250,946	6,107	*58·56*	634	*5·76*	...	...	4,761	*45·60*	23	*·12*	56	*·48*	555	*5·28*	6,001	*57·48*	3,120	*29·88*	
	Khulna																				*Ditto ditto.*
Rajshahi	Dinajpur	1,555,835	6,945	*53·52*	29	*·12*	...	...	4,992	*38·40*	14	*·09*	73	*·48*	345	*2·64*	5,453	*42·00*	4,036	*31·08*	
	Rajshahi	1,313,336	5,986	*54·60*	515	*4·68*	...	...	4,746	*43·32*	23	*·01*	72	*·60*	423	*3·84*	5,779	*52·80*	3,612	*33·00*	
	Rangpur	2,065,464	8,804	*51·12*	18	*·09*	...	...	5,186	*30·12*	1	*·004*	30	*·12*	409	*2·28*	5,644	*32·76*	4,250	*24·60*	
	Bogra	817,424	2,985	*43·80*	256	*3·72*	7	*·08*	1,815	*26·64*	6	*·08*	51	*·72*	340	*4·92*	2,475	*36·24*	1,605	*23·52*	
	Pabna	1,362,392	7,110	*62·52*	1,994	*17·52*	5	*·03*	4,405	*38·76*	52	*·36*	48	*·36*	296	*2·52*	6,800	*59·88*	2,896	*25·44*	
	Darjeeling	223,314	434	*23·28*	...	...	...	...	691	*37·08*	98	*5·16*	9	*·48*	165	*8·76*	963	*51·72*	498	*26·76*	
	Jalpaiguri	681,302	3,186	*56·04*	5	*·08*	...	...	1,929	*33·72*	51	*·84*	23	*·36*	86	*1·44*	2,085	*36·72*	1,678	*29·52*	
Dacca	Dacca	2,420,656	10,642	*52·68*	4,217	*20·88*	4	*·01*	4,617	*22·80*	340	*1·68*	84	*·36*	1,475	*7·20*	10,737	*53·16*	3,672	*18·12*	
	Faridpur	1,797,320	8,002	*53·28*	3,546	*23·64*	6	*·03*	5,304	*35·40*	55	*·36*	72	*·48*	781	*4·80*	9,764	*65·16*	3,050	*20·28*	
	Backergunge	2,153,965	8,946	*49·80*	982	*5·40*	11	*·06*	4,534	*25·20*	71	*·36*	110	*·60*	1,034	*10·68*	7,644	*42·48*	4,085	*26·04*	
	Mymensingh	3,472,186	11,439	*39·48*	2,223	*7·68*	33	*·10*	6,458	*22·20*	124	*·36*	77	*·24*	1,315	*4·44*	10,233	*35·28*	4,949	*17·04*	
Chittagong	Chittagong	1,290,167	4,157	*38·64*	16	*·12*	2	*·01*	2,313	*21·48*	43	*·36*	112	*·96*	251	*2·28*	2,737	*25·44*	2,075	*19·20*	
	Noakhali	1,009,693	3,901	*46·32*	383	*4·44*	7	*·07*	2,063	*24·48*	40	*·36*	93	*1·08*	301	*3·48*	2,884	*34·20*	1,700	*20·16*	
	Tippera	1,782,935	4,641	*31·20*	576	*3·84*	...	...	2,555	*17·16*	50	*·24*	76	*·48*	453	*3·00*	3,710	*24·96*	2,301	*15·48*	
Patna	Patna	1,769,004	8,253	*53·92*	246	*1·56*	3	*·01*	4,724	*32·04*	264	*1·68*	93	*·60*	1,580	*10·68*	6,910	*46·80*	4,338	*30·72*	
	Gaya	2,138,331	9,779	*54·72*	145	*·72*	15	*·08*	5,618	*31·44*	33	*·12*	141	*·72*	1,132	*6·24*	7,084	*39·72*	6,865	*38·52*	
	Shahabad	2,063,337	6,959	*40·44*	535	*3·00*	3	*·01*	7,439	*43·20*	43	*·24*	133	*·72*	1,102	*6·36*	9,252	*53·76*	6,717	*39·00*	
	Muzaffarpur	2,711,445	14,600	*64·56*	77	*·24*	1	*·003*	9,293	*41·04*	87	*·36*	203	*·84*	1,627	*7·20*	11,288	*49·92*	6,423	*28·44*	
	Darbhanga	2,861,955	14,658	*62·76*	34	*·12*	...	...	7,894	*33·72*	138	*·48*	162	*·60*	1,089	*4·56*	9,315	*39·84*	5,006	*21·36*	
	Saran	2,467,477	9,088	*44·16*	59	*·24*	...	...	3,948	*19·20*	252	*1·20*	122	*·48*	2,987	*14·52*	7,368	*35·76*	4,811	*23·28*	
	Champaran	1,859,465	9,336	*60·24*	...	...	3	*·01*	4,344	*27·96*	10	*·06*	99	*·60*	1,593	*10·29*	6,049	*39·00*	3,725	*24·09*	
Bhagalpur	Monghyr	2,036,021	10,736	*63·24*	278	*1·56*	16	*·08*	6,024	*35·40*	47	*·24*	163	*·96*	1,178	*6·84*	7,712	*45·36*	6,571	*38·64*	
	Bhagalpur	2,034,696	10,427	*61·44*	232	*1·32*	19	*·10*	5,644	*33·24*	43	*·24*	83	*·48*	871	*5·04*	6,902	*40·68*	5,368	*31·68*	
	Purnea	1,944,658	8,402	*51·96*	11	*·06*	7	*·03*	5,325	*32·88*	5	*·02*	43	*·24*	129	*·72*	5,520	*33·96*	3,745	*23·04*	
	Malda	814,919	4,773	*70·20*	476	*6·96*	...	...	3,567	*52·44*	11	*·12*	28	*·36*	289	*4·20*	4,371	*64·32*	2,575	*37·80*	
	Sonthal Parganas	1,754,196	6,123	*41·88*	227	*1·44*	10	*·06*	2,763	*18·84*	10	*·06*	29	*·12*	257	*1·68*	3,285	*22·44*	2,287	*15·60*	
Orissa	Cuttack	1,937,671	7,510	*46·44*	254	*1·56*	59	*·36*	2,430	*15·00*	362	*2·16*	163	*·96*	1,214	*7·41*	4,482	*27·72*	3,189	*19·68*	
	Puri	944,998	3,755	*47·64*	77	*·96*	66	*·72*	748	*9·48*	257	*3·24*	70	*·84*	1,107	*14·04*	2,325	*29·52*	1,532	*19·44*	
	Balasore	894,625	3,478	*41·88*	207	*2·40*	...	...	1,098	*13·20*	284	*3·36*	55	*·60*	848	*10·20*	2,498	*30·00*	1,878	*22·56*	
Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh	1,164,321	4,554	*46·92*	6	*·06*	15	*·12*	2,272	*23·40*	42	*·36*	34	*·24*	461	*4·68*	2,839	*29·16*	2,831	*29·16*	
	Lohardaga	1,128,885	4,794	*50·88*	...	...	3	*·02*	1,432	*15·12*	124	*1·20*	51	*·48*	881	*9·36*	2,491	*26·40*	2,153	*22·80*	
	Palamau	596,770	2,740	*55·08*	25	*·48*	16	*·24*	1,412	*28·32*	8	*·12*	34	*·60*	341	*6·84*	1,836	*36·84*	1,818	*36·48*	
	Singhbhum	545,488	1,820	*39·96*	23	*·48*	...	...	620	*13·56*	28	*·60*	25	*·48*	157	*3·36*	853	*18·72*	732	*16·08*	
	Manbhum	1,193,328	3,060	*30·72*	32	*·24*	15	*·12*	1,448	*14·52*	43	*·36*	23	*·12*	324	*3·24*	1,887	*18·96*	1,698	*17·04*	
	Total	62,758,055	264,165	*50·40*	19,593	*3·72*	341	*·06*	151,223	*28·80*	3,882	*·72*	3,036	*·48*	32,368	*6·12*	210,433	*40·20*	132,548	*25·20*	
Average of corresponding month of previous five years			Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		4,573	*·84*	246	*·30*	102,288	*19·44*	3,540	*·60*	2,338	*·36*	19,363	*3·60*	132,348	*25·20*	...	...	
Difference + or —			......		+15,020	*+2·88*	+95	*+·03*	+48,935	*+9·36*	+342	*+·12*	+698	*+·12*	+13,005	*+2·52*	+78,085	[illegible]	...	...	

Vital Statistics of Towns in Bengal with a population of 20,000 and over during the month of October 1893.

DISTRICTS.		TOWNS.	Population under registration.	BIRTHS.		DEATHS.														AVERAGE OF CORRESPONDING MONTH OF PREVIOUS FIVE YEARS.		REMARKS.
						CHOLERA.		SMALL-POX.		FEVER.		DYSENTERY AND DIARRHOEA.		INJURY.		OTHER CAUSES.		TOTAL OF ALL CAUSES.				
				Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	23
Burdwan ...	1	Burdwan	34,477	70	24·36	1	·24	...	...	97	33·72	8	2·76	1	·24	18	6·24	125	43·44	79	27·48	
Midnapore ...	2	Midnapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*Return not received up to date.*
Hooghly ...	3	Hooghly and Chinsura	33,060	104	37·68	55	19·92	...	...	70	25·32	41	14·88	2	·72	27	9·72	195	70·68	111	40·20	
	4	Serampore	35,952	105	35·04	34	11·28	...	...	143	47·64	69	22·92	...	...	29	9·60	275	91·68	137	45·72	
Howrah ...	5	Howrah	116,606	202	20·76	35	3·60	1	·09	98	10·08	59	6·00	6	·60	59	6·00	258	26·52	198	20·28	
24-Parganas...	6	Cossipore-Chitpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*Ditto ditto.*
	7	Maniktala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	8	Barnagore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	9	South Suburban ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	10	Khorda or South Barrackpore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	11	Naihati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	12	Nawabganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Nadia ...	13	Krishnagar	25,500	66	30·96	5	2·28	...	...	77	36·12	2	·84	3	1·32	5	2·28	92	43·20	34	15·96	
	14	Santipur	30,437	96	37·80	...	...	...	...	118	46·44	...		1	·36	5	1·92	124	48·84	30	11·76	
Murshidabad	15	Murshidabad City ...	35,576	58	19·56	32	10·68	...	...	162	54·60	6	1·92	1	·24	5	1·68	206	69·48	100	33·72	
	16	Berhampore	23,515	53	27·09	76	38·76	...	...	62	31·56	7	3·48	...	...	7	3·48	152	77·52	65	33·12	
Rajshahi ...	17	Rampur Boalia ...	21,407	63	38·64	2	1·08	...	...	52	29·04	...	...	...	...	3	1·68	57	31·92	68	38·04	
Pabna ...	18	Sirajganj	23,267	66	33·96	103	53·04	...	...	54	27·84	1	·48	1	·48	2	·96	161	82·92	45	23·16	
Dacca ...	19	Dacca	83,633	213	30·48	285	40·80	...	...	117	61·68	31	4·44	6	·84	62	8·88	501	71·88	144	20·64	
Chittagong ...	20	Chittagong	24,069	34	16·92	5	2·40	...	...	34	16·92	3	1·44	1	·48	7	3·48	50	24·84	29	14·40	
Patna	21	Patna City	165,192	542	39·36	103	7·44	...	...	284	20·52	84	6·00	6	·36	167	12·12	641	46·68	304	22·08	
	22	Bihar	47,723	231	58·08	...	...	...	...	67	16·80	11	2·76	5	1·20	23	5·76	106	26·64	101	25·80	
	23	Dinapore	44,419	157	42·36	...	...	...	...	95	25·56	21	5·61	...	...	46	12·36	162	43·68	59	15·84	
Gaya ...	24	Gaya	80,383	214	31·52	64	9·48	...	...	374	55·80	...	...	3	·36	67	9·96	508	75·72	334	49·80	
Shahabad ...	25	Arrah	46,905	134	34·20	22	5·52	...	...	118	30·12	4	·96	4	·96	31	7·92	179	45·72	98	24·96	
	26	Sasaram	22,713	77	40·68	...	...	...	...	68	35·88	...	...	1	·48	14	7·32	83	43·80	46	24·24	
Muzaffarpur	27	Muzaffarpur	49,192	171	41·64	17	4·08	...	...	141	34·32	14	3·36	2	·48	32	7·80	206	50·16	100	24·36	
	28	Hajipur	21,487	81	45·12	1	·48	...	...	48	26·76	3	1·56	3	1·56	24	13·32	79	44·04	55	30·60	
Darbhanga ...	29	Darbhanga	73,561	234	38·16	...	...	...	...	178	28·92	42	6·84	7	1·08	52	8·40	279	45·48	178	28·92	
Saran ...	30	Chapra	57,352	171	35·76	27	5·64	...	...	43	8·88	24	4·92	2	·36	50	10·44	146	30·48	113	23·64	
Champaran ...	31	Bettiah	22,780	67	35·28	...	...	...	...	33	17·28	...	...	2	·96	12	6·24	47	24·72	67	35·28	
Monghyr ...	32	Monghyr	57,077	214	44·88	45	9·36	1	·12	132	27·72	29	6·00	2	·36	84	17·64	293	61·56	183	38·40	
Bhagalpur ...	33	Bhagalpur	69,106	247	42·84	53	9·12	...	...	137	23·76	22	3·72	...	...	77	13·32	289	50·28	157	27·24	
Cuttack ...	34	Cuttack	47,186	114	28·92	19	4·80	...	...	42	10·68	9	2·28	...	...	38	9·60	108	27·36	71	18·00	
Puri ...	35	Puri	28,794	34	14·16	2	·72	...	...	15	6·24	14	5·76	3	1·20	58	24·12	92	38·28	101	42·00	
Balasore ...	36	Balasore	20,775	38	21·84	...	...	...	...	10	5·76	1	·48	2	1·08	11	6·24	24	13·80	33	20·16	
Lohardaga ...	37	Ranchi	20,306	60	35·40	...	...	...	...	31	18·24	...	...	...	...	9	5·28	40	23·52	30	17·64	
		Total ...	1,362,450	3,922	34·44	986	8·64	2	·01	2,900	25·44	505	4·44	64	·48	1,024	9·00	5,481	48·24	3,074	27·00	
		Average of the corresponding month of previous five years.	...	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		360	3·12	11	·09	1,455	12·72	392	3·36	53	·36	803	6·96	3,074	27·00	...	...	
		Difference + or — ...	...	...	...	+626	+5·52	—9	—·08	+1,445	+12·72	+113	+1·08	+11	+·12	+221	+2·04	+2,407	+21·24	...	...	

OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BENGAL,
The 2nd December 1893.

W. H. GREGG, *Surgeon-Lieut.-Col., Dip. Publ. Health, Camb.,*
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

Supplementary Vital Statistics of Districts and of Towns in Bengal for September 1893 received too late for publication with the figures of that month on the 4th November 1893.

Divisions.	Districts.	Population under registration.	Births.		Deaths.														Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	
			Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fever.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Injury.		Other causes.		Total of all causes.			
					Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.	Number registered.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Presidency	24-Parganas	1,892,033	4,008	*25·32*	28	*·12*	4	*·02*	2,398	*15·12*	114	*·72*	137	*·72*	400	*2·52*	3,071	*19·44*	2,946	*18·60*
Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri	681,332	2,068	*36·36*	2	*·02*	...	...	1,189	*20·88*	42	*·72*	12	*·12*	77	*1·32*	1,322	*23·28*	1,336	*23·52*
Bhagalpur	Sonthal Parganas	1,754,196	5,169	*35·28*	4	*·02*	29	*·19*	2,214	*15·12*	13	*·08*	43	*·24*	259	*1·68*	2,533	*17·40*	2,639	*17·88*
	Total ...	4,327,581	11,245	*31·08*	34	*·08*	24	*·06*	5,801	*16·08*	169	*·36*	182	*·48*	736	*2·04*	6,946	*19·20*	6,912	*19·08*
	Total for the Province	70,388,083	185,934	*31·68*	4,285	*·72*	430	*·07*	102,529	*17·40*	3,161	*·48*	3,953	*·60*	23,225	*3·84*	137,583	*23·40*	140,212	*23·88*
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Not available, as birth registration in rural areas was only introduced from 1892.		6,258	*·96*	450	*·07*	104,924	*17·88*	4,137	*·60*	3,799	*·69*	20,644	*3·48*	140,212	*23·88*	...	...
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−1,973	*−·24*	−20	Equal	−2,395	*−·48*	−976	*−·12*	+154	Equal	+2,581	*+·36*	−2,629	*−·48*	...	...
Districts.	*Towns.*																			
Presidency ...	1 Cossipore-Chitpur	31,423	48	*18·24*	2	*·72*	......	......	24	*9·12*	11	*4·20*	......	......	5	*1·80*	42	*15·96*	65	*24·72*
	2 Maniktala	32,865	29	*10·56*	1	*·36*	......	......	27	*9·84*	2	*·72*	......	......	3	*1·08*	33	*12·00*	39	*16·56*
	3 Barnagore	34,278	58	*20·28*	......	......	......	......	4	*1·32*	......	......	......	......	......	...	4	*1·32*	88	*30·72*
	4 South Suburban	69,642	131	*22·56*	1	*·12*	1	*·12*	26	*4·44*	11	*1·80*	1	*·12*	17	*2·88*	57	*9·72*	74	*12·72*
	5 Khorda or South Barrackpore.	35,647	21	*6·96*	1	*·24*	......	......	53	*17·76*	6	*1·92*	2	*·60*	3	*·96*	65	*21·84*	50	*16·80*
	6 Naihati	29,724	72	*29·04*	......	......	......	......	64	*25·80*	10	*3·96*	......	......	1	*·36*	75	*30·24*	49	*19·68*
	7 Nawabganj or North Barrackpore.	20,980	41	*23·40*	2	*1·08*	......	......	53	*30·24*	21	*12·00*	......	......	11	*6·24*	87	*49·68*	52	*29·64*
	Total ...	254,559	400	*18·84*	7	*·24*	1	*·03*	251	*11·76*	61	*2·76*	3	*·12*	40	*1·80*	363	*17·04*	417	*19·56*
	Total of all towns with a population of 20,000 and over.	1,649,273	3,953	*28·68*	289	*2·04*	5	*·03*	2,346	*17·04*	534	*3·84*	79	*·48*	1,000	*7·20*	4,233	*30·84*	3,651	*26·52*
	Average of corresponding month of previous five years.	......	Complete average figures of past five years are not available.		523	*3·72*	9	*·06*	1,677	*12·12*	417	*3·00*	68	*·48*	955	*6·84*	3,631	*26·52*	......	......
	Difference + or −	......	......	......	−236	*−1·68*	−4	*−·03*	+669	*+4·92*	+117	*+·84*	+11	Equal	+45	*+·36*	+602	*+4·32*	......	......

OFFICE OF SANY. COMMR. FOR BENGAL,
The 2nd December 1893.

W. H. GREGG, *Surgn.-Lieut.-Col., Dip. Publ. Health, Camb.,*
Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 2nd December 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 2nd December 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 3rd December 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	291	24,125	310	498	42,865	644
Jute	284	1,44,500	2,396	410	2,05,050	2,498
Firewood	136	76,800	1,117	116	57, 25	854
Other articles	1,009	1,96,825	3,391	996	2,32,050	3,675
Total ...	1,720	4,42,250	7,214	1,990	5,37,690	8,671

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th November 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*314,940	*3,49,963 5 0	24,23,144 30	6,37,793 13 0	15,554 12 0	10,03,311 14 0	77,178	101,932	179,110
Or per mile of railway	......	217 4 10	......	396 0 4	9 10 6	622 15 8	......	......	......
For previous 20½ weeks of half-year	5,673,594	61,70,373 4 0	4,81,66,038 30	1,07,16,740 12 0	3,06,778 6 0	1,71,93,892 6 0	1,540,800¼	1,970,094½	3,510,894¾
Total for 21½ weeks ...	5,988,534	65,20,336 9 0	5,05,89,183 20	1,13,54,534 9 0	3,22,333 2 0	1,81,97,204 4 0	1,617,978¼	2,072,026½	3,690,004¾
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	263,645½	3,30,712 14 1	28,39,534 20	7,09,780 10 8	18,967 10 9	10,59,461 3 6	74,997	108,415	183,412
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	205 5 7	......	440 11 6	11 12 5	657 13 6	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 21½ weeks of previous year	5,565,780½	59,30,631 0 5	4,96,02,339 0	1,11,53,482 6 9	3,53,648 13 2	1,74,37,762 4 4	1,589,584	1,981,336	3,570,920

* The increase is due to running of troop extra trains, Sonepur fair, bathing festival and "Rash Poornima."

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th November 1893, on 22¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*22,313	*5,585 1 0	13,305 0	553 10 0	11 0 0	6,149 11 0	916	52	968
Or per mile of railway	......	251 0 3	......	24 14 1	0 7 11	276 6 3	......	......	......
For previous 20½ weeks of half-year	†351,400	†85,798 13 0	‡1,83,912 10	‡6,161 7 0	§367 0 0	92,327 4 0	18,042	1,524¼	19,566¼
Total for 21½ weeks ...	373,723	91,383 14 0	1,97,217 10	6,715 1 0	378 0 0	98,476 15 0	18,958	1,576¼	20,534¼
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	19,451	4,854 13 0	10,203 20	543 13 0	13 1 0	5,411 11 0	883	101	984
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ..	......	218 3 1	......	24 7 1	0 9 5	243 3 7	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 21½ weeks of previous year ...	403,002½	99,172 10 7	1,52,171 30	6,838 7 0	273 13 6	1,06,284 15 1	19,160	1,521	20,681

* The increase is due to "Rash Poornima" and bathing festival.
† Deducted number of passengers 1,745 and Rs. 273 }
‡ Added maunds 2,253 and " 61 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 14th October
Deducted " 33 } 1893.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 25th November 1893, on 161¾ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*19,209	*14,960 7 0	64,853 30	9,710 3 0	50 0 0	24,720 10 0	5,703	3,339	9,042
Or per mile of railway	......	92 11 1	......	60 2 7	0 4 11	153 2 7	......	.....	......
For previous 20¼ weeks of half-year	†403,952	†3,01,907 7 0	‡12,32,637 30	‡1,59,314 15 0	§817 0 0	4,62,039 6 0	125,516	58,076½	183,592½
Total for 21¼ weeks ...	423,161	3,16,867 14 0	12,97,491 20	1,69,025 2 0	867 0 0	4,86,760 0 0	131,219	61,415½	192,634½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	15,483	11,885 5 1	45,531 20	7,894 10 0	54 15 0	19,834 14 1	5,583	3,046	8,629
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	73 10 3	......	48 14 7	0 5 5	122 14 3	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 21¾ weeks of previous year	361,929	2,81,199 12 7	9,12,674 10	1,51,980 0 6	2,134 6 3	4,35,314 3 4	137,267	53,350	190,617

* The increase is due to "Rash Poornima" and bathing festival.
† Added number of passengers 10,837 and Rs. 3,983 }
‡ Do. maunds 53,486 and .. 1,627 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 14h October 1893.
§ Do. .. 35 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 25th November 1893, on 778 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	197,610	1,05,490 0 0	8,43,780 0	1,82,180 0 0	27,790 0 0	3,15,460 0 0	28,194	35,900	64,094
Or per mile of railway	254	136 0 0	1,085 0	234 0 0	†13 0 0	†383 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 20 weeks of half-year*	3,309,814	‡15,30,360 0 0	1,74,83,233 0	35,41,223 0 0	3,45,427 0 0	54,17,010 0 0	566,954	715,664	1,282,618
Total for 21 weeks ...	3,507,454	16,35,850 0 0	1,83,27,013 0	37,23,403 0 0	3,73,217 0 0	57,32,470 0 0	595,148	751,564	1,346,712
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	162,522	84,121 0 0	9,92,064 0	2,31,396 0 0	35,641 0 0	3,51,158 0 0	27,462	45,431	72,893
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	209	108 0 0	1,277 0	298 0 0	†15 0 0	†421 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	3,373,961	15,08,726 0 0	1,58,78,896 0	38,24,345 0 0	3,92,972 0 0	57,26,043 0 0	578,101	813,671	1,391,772

* Audited up to week ending 30th September 1893.
† Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 25th November 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	39,180	13,800 0 0	41,870 0	2,610 0 0	140 0 0	16,550 0 0	3,678	1,994	5,672
Or per mile of railway	313	110 0 0	335 0	21 0 0	1 0 0	132 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 20 weeks of half-year*	618,778	2,06,444 0 0	11,08,103 0	90,271 0 0	3,021 0 0	2,99,736 0 0	74,201	40,296	114,497
Total for 21 weeks ...	657,958	2,20,244 0 0	11,49,973 0	92,881 0 0	3,161 0 0	3,16,286 0 0	77,879	42,290	120,169
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	29,127	11,602 0 0	61,181 0	5,311 0 0	149 0 0	17,062 0 0	3,755	2,125	5,880
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	233	93 0 0	489 0	42 0 0	1 0 0	136 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	644,398	2,16,428 0 0	11,76,634 0	98,684 0 0	3,756 0 0	3,18,868 0 0	78,261	45,030	123,291

* Audited up to week ending 30th September 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 25th November 1893, *on* 86 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	20,120	7,500 0 0	44,870 0	4,200 0 0	120 0 0	11,910 0 0	2,487	1,241	3,728
Or per mile of railway	234	88 0 0	522 0	49 0 0	1 0 0	138 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 20 weeks of half-year*	347,377	1,20,267 0 0	7,03,133 0	56,119 0 0	3,401 0 0	1,79,787 0 0	50,514	21,968	72,482
Total for 21 weeks ...	367,497	1,27,857 0 0	7,48,003 0	60,319 0 0	3,521 0 0	1,91,697 0 0	53,001	23,209	76,210
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	19,551	6,540 0 0	31,239 0	2,883 0 0	393 0 0	9,816 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	228	76 0 0	363 0	33 0 0	5 0 0	114 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	350,724	1,14,441 0 0	5,22,049 0	45,084 0 0	4,629 0 0	1,64,154 0 0	53,714	15,935	69,649

* Audited up to week ending 30th September 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(Includes the Tirhut State Railway.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 25th November 1893, *on* 756 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	171,369	(a)74,610	2,07,890	36,550	13,980	1,25,140	15,461	14,199	29,660
Or per mile of railway	226·67	98·69	274·99	48·35	18·49	165·53	......	......	......
For previous 20½ weeks of half-year (b)	1,771,805	6,95,246	49,85,026	6,47,188	1,81,018	15,23,452	307,581	272,150	579,731
Total for 21½ weeks ...	1,943,165	7,69,856	51,92,916	6,83,738	1,94,998	16,48,592	323,042	286,349	609,391
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	84,450	37,066	3,41,660	48,314	11,074	96,454	12,512	17,006	29,518
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	111·85	49·09	452·53	63·99	14·67	127·75	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,925,782	7,66,596	56,13,039	7,53,160	2,00,235	17,19,991	291,805	323,247	615,052

(a) Increase in coaching traffic is due to fairs held at Sonepore and Ajodhya.
(b) Includes audited figures up to 14th October 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 18th November 1893	13,028	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	12,773	0	0
Increase	255	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 18th November 1893	255	7	3
Corresponding period of 1892	250	7	3
Increase	5	0	0
Receipts from 1st July to 18th November 1893	2,47,114	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	2,51,613	0	0
Decrease	4,499	0	0

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 25th November 1893	14,028	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	10,665	0	0
Increase	3,363	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 25th November 1893	275	0	11
Corresponding period of 1892	209	2	0
Increase	65	14	11
Receipts from 1st July to 25th November 1893	2,61,142	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	2,62,279	0	0
Decrease	1,137	0	0

Printed and published by Edwin Morris Lewis at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 6th December 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 50 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

CONTENTS.

REPORT OF THE WINTER RICE CROP, 1893.

THE following is published for general information.

REVENUE DEPT.,
The 11th December, 1893.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Final report on the winter rice crop of Bengal, 1893.

1. *Character of the Season.*—The character of the season up to the middle of September last was described in the summary of the district returns given in the preliminary forecast issued on the 4th October 1893. Up to that time the season, although characterized by excessive rainfall, proved favourable on the whole to the winter rice crop, except in certain limited areas, where the crop could not be sown or transplanted on account of excessive accumulation of water or was damaged by floods. Since the middle of September, the distribution of rainfall has been exceedingly favourable to the winter rice crop, and prospects have generally improved. From 26 out of the 46 districts a better outturn of

the crop is now reported than was reported in the preliminary forecasts. Fourteen District officers have maintained and only six* have reduced their preliminary estimates. In three out of the six last mentioned districts namely Darbhanga, Muzaffarpur and Champaran, the crop appears to have been damaged by the recurrence of flood in October.

* Darbhanga. Champaran. Hazaribagh. | Muzaffarpur. Cuttack. Singhbhum.

2. *Area cultivated.*—The district estimates of area cultivated with winter rice in the current and the last year, as reported in the preliminary forecasts, remain unaltered with a few minor exceptions. The total area in Bengal cultivated with winter rice this year appears from the district returns appended hereto to be 30,570,388 acres, against 29,881,460 acres estimated to have been cropped last year (or 30,172,678 acres as returned for the year 1892 in this Department's note, dated the 15th November 1892.

3. *Character of the crop.*—It will be seen on reference to the district returns that 21 out of the 46 districts have reported a full average (16 annas) or more than a full average crop, 16 have reported the crop to vary from 12 to 16 annas, and 9 from 9 to 12 annas. No district, as a whole, returns less than a 9-anna crop, although there are a few subdivisions where the crop has been estimated at 8 annas or less in consequence of the injury caused by excessive rainfall and floods. Thirty-one out of the 46 districts have reported this year's crop to be better than last year's; two have reported the crop to be equal to that of the last year, and only 13 have reported worse crops. This year's crop may, therefore, be taken to be better than the crop of 1892. For Bengal as a whole the winter rice crop of 1892 was estimated in the final report on that crop at about 14 annas; the crop of 1893 may be estimated at fully 16 annas, or about 2 annas in excess of the last year's crop.

4. *Gross outturn.*—The outturn in cwts has been obtained in rough fashion for the whole province by multiplying the total area cultivated by 15 maunds, or 1,230 lbs., which has been assumed to be the average yield of clean rice to the acre in the case of the winter rice crop. An attempt was made to obtain from district officers estimates in cwt. of the outturn of the crop, based on such rates of yield as they might think proper to adopt whether with reference to the estimates made in this office letter No. 291T., dated 14th June 1892 (addressed to the Government of Bengal) or to other reliable sources of information. On the whole, however, it has been thought best in the present note to omit the district figures. It is not clear whether in forming their estimates, district officers have taken into account the yield of winter rice only or also the yield of the early rice crop, and the figures representing yield of rice must be further elucidated before particular estimates for each district are substituted for the rough estimate for these provinces hitherto adopted.

B. C. BASU,

Asst. to Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

W. C. MACPHERSON,

Offg. Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

CALCUTTA,

The 6th December 1893.

Final Report on the Winter Rice Crop of Bengal, 1893.

District and Sub-division.	Acreage.							Outturn in Cwt.				Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) outturn in			Remarks by the District Officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) area in Column 3.	Column 4.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year (1892)?	Estimated yield of current year, *i.e.*, of area in col. 2.	Yield of area in column 2 at full standard rate.	Yield of previous year, *i.e.*, of area in column 3.	Normal.	Column 10.	Column 11.	Column 12.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Burdwan.																
Sadar ...	424,300	256,000	424,300	......	......	16	7	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Owing to good and favourable rains the outturn of winter rice is good this year.	
Kalna ...	128,000	128,000	128,000	......	......	16	11	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
Katwa ...	140,800	123,500	140,800	......	......	16	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
Raniganj ...	225,200	168,900	225,200	......	......	16	8	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
District Total...	918,300	676,400	918,300	+35·76	......	16	9	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
Bankura.																
Sadar ...	364,800	363,500	364,800	......	......	16	9	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Revised figure for column 3 for the Vishnupur subdivision has been furnished by the Subdivisional Officer, and may be accepted as approximate.	
Vishnupur ...	185,000	148,000	185,600	......	......	16	6	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
District Total	549,800	511,500	550,400	+7·48	−·11	16	8	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		

District and Sub-division.	Acreage. Of current year's crop.	Acreage. Of previous year's crop.	Acreage. Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) area in Column 3.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) area in Column 4.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year (1892)?	Outturn in Cwt. Estimated yield of current year, *i.e.*, of area in col. 2.	Outturn in Cwt. Yield of area in column 2 at full standard rate.	Outturn in Cwt. Yield of previous year, *i.e.*, of area in column 3.	Outturn in Cwt. Normal.	Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) outturn in Column 10.	Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) outturn in Column 11.	Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) outturn in Column 12.	Remarks by the District Officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Birbhum.																
Sadar ...	176,000	176,000	176,000	......	......	18	16	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The prospects continue very favourable, and the state of the crop is good. There appears nothing for the present to change the estimate previously made.	
Rampur Hat ...	103,000	103,000	103,000	......	......	18	16	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
District Total...	279,000	279,000	279,000	......	......	18	16	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
Midnapore.																
Sadar ...	612,100	539,400	809,900	......	......	16	8	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The reasons stated in the preliminary forecasts stand good for the better outturn.	
Tamluk ...	203,100	236,800	264,300	......	......	14	10	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
Contai ...	325,340	338,250	416,000	......	......	14	8	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
Ghatal ...	119,960	101,750	131,800	......	......	14	8	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
District Total...	1,260,500	1,216,200	1,622,000	+4·30	−22·28	15	8	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		

Hooghly.															
Sadar	141,440	53,040	141,440	......	......	20	10	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	(*a*) As was reported in the first forecast, the prospect is more favourable on account of seasonable rainfall. (*b*) The number of annas for this district is taken as 14, for though the average for the subdivisions is only 13 annas, when worked out with reference to area it comes to about 14.
Serampur ...	80,384	65,987	100,460	......	......	(*a*)12	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Jahanabad ...	79,533	60,000	83,840	......	......	14	10	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Howrah ...	35,390	44,260	60,800	......	......	12	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Uluberia ...	61,200	74,000	108,800	......	......	8	8	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
District Total...	397,947	298,287	495,360	+33·41	−19·66	(*b*)14	10½	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
24-Parganas.															
Sadar	231,100	363,800	382,000	......	......	14	13	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The figures in columns 2, 3 and 4 are little more than mere guesses by the Subdivisional Officers, and are quite unreliable.
Baraset ...	103,400	119,400	147,200	......	......	14	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Basirhat ...	203,800	213,100	213,100	......	......	16	13	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Diamond Harbour.	246,100	285,400	285,400	......	......	12	16	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
District Total...	784,400	921,700	1,027,700	−14·89	−23·68	14	13½	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	

District and sub-division.	Average. Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) area in Column 3.	Column 4.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year (1892)?	Outturn in Cwt. Estimated yield of current year, *i.e.*, of area in col. 2.	Yield of area in column 2 at full standard rate.	Yeild of previous year, *i.e.*, of area in column 3.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) outturn in Column 10.	Column 11.	Column 12.	Remarks by the District Officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Khulna.																
Sadar	210,000	192,000	228,600	......	......	18	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	In the Sadar subdivision, as there was heavy rain in due time, the outturn is better than what had been expected. Owing to timely rains the prospect in the Satkhira subdivision is somewhat better than last year, but as the *bil* lands could not be brought under cultivation, the outturn is below average. In some places of the Bagerhat sub-division there was a bumper crop and in some places an average one owing to sufficient rains, but as in some low places the crop was utterly destroyed, the outturn may be little below the average.	The Collector raises the average of current year's crop from 432,900 (as given in the preliminary forecast of winter rice crop, 1893) to 600,000 on the ground that it is unlikely that one-third of the area usually under winter rice has been left waste this year.
Satkhira ...	200,000	192,600	232,400	......	......	14	10	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
Bagerhat ...	190,000	192,000	214,100	......	......	15	14	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
District Total ...	600,000	576,000	675,100	+4·16	11·12	16	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		

Nadia.															
Sadar	34,000	42,000	65,200	......	......	10	7	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	At Sadar and Ranaghat subdivisions the outturn of crop is better this year than that of the preceding year, at Meherpur it is equal, while at Kushtea it is worse. The Subdivisional Officer of Kushtea, since the submission of the preliminary forecast in which outturn was estimated at 3 annas, has ascertained by local enquiry that the outturn would not be less than 5 annas this year, and accordingly reported this latter figure in his final report of winter crops. He further reports that excessive and continued rainfall just after the transplantation hampered the growth and development of the young plants, and affected the outturn to a certain extent.
Kushtia ...	21,000	25,000	28,000	......	......	5	10	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Meherpur ...	18,000	20,000	24,400	......	......	8	8	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Ranaghat ...	10,000	10,000	12,800	......	......	16	8	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
District Total...	83,000	105,000	130,400	−17·00	−36·34	9	8¼	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Jessore.															
Sadar ...	160,000	160,000	166,400	......	......	8	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The outturn for Magura and Narail, as now estimated, differs from that reported in the preliminary forecast. The
Jhenida ...	64,000	64,000	64,000	......	......	6	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Magura ...	65,000	89,600	89,600	......	......	10	18	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Narail ...	128,000	128,000	128,000	......	......	12	16	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Bangaon ...	58,000	60,000	130,000	......	......	10	6		......	......	......	......	......	......	

District and Sub-division.	Acreage.					Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year (1892)?	Outturn in Cwt.				Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (–) outturn in			Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (–) area in Column 3.	Column 4.			Estimated yield of current year, *i.e.*, of area in column 2.	Yield of area in column 2 at full standard rate.	Yield of previous year, *i.e.*, of area in column 3.	Normal.	Column 10.	Column 11.	Column 12.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
															present estimates are more accurate. The area brought under the crop in the Bangaon sub-division is much less than last year's normal, owing to a large portion of the lands, specially in thana Mohespur, having been submerged under rain water in the sowing season. In all the sub-divisions except Bangaon, the outturn will be below normal and last year's owing to excessive rainfall. In Bangaon the crop planted on high lands has suffered less from the rains; hence the outturn will be better than that of the last year, in which the crop suffered from short rain.	
District Total...	475,000	501,600	578,000	–5·30	–17·82	9	13	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		

Murshidabad.															
Sadar ...	82,250	82,048	82,048	......	......	16	10	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The crops this year will be most excellent. Only in some low lying places excessive rainfall has prevented sowing or transplanting.
Kandi ...	189,919	188,000	189,910	......	......	18	10	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Jangipur ...	42,320	40,320	40,320	......	......	16	6	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
District Total...	314,480	310,368	312,278	+1·32	+·61	17	9	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Dinajpur.															
Sadar ...	1,090,400	1,090,400	1,090,400	......	......	20	20	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The increase in the outturn is due to the proper distribution of rain.
Thakurgaon ...	218,100	218,100	218,100	......	......	20	16	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
District Total...	1,308,500	1,308,500	1,308,500	......	......	20	18	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Rajshahi.															
Sadar ...	199,300	199,870	190,334	......	......	18	18	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The decrease in the outturn of this year's crop as well as in the area sown this year as compared with the last is due to the heavy downpour at the time of cultivation which stood in the way of agricultural operations and killed the plants that were germinating.
Nator ...	189,717	249,760	240,333	......	......	12	14	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Naugaon	223,525	224,970	224,333	......	......	18	20	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
District Total...	612,542	674,600	673,000	−9·19	−8·98	16	18½	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Rangpur.															
Sadar ...	365,100	365,100	365,100	......	......	18	16	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The winter rice crop this year is excellent.
Kurigram ..	230,000	234,500	234,500	......	......	18	10	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Gaibanda ...	281,600	281,600	281,600	......	......	18	15	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Nilphamari ...	105,000	104,400	92,800	......	......	18	14	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
District Total...	987,700	985,600	974,000	+·21	+1·40	18	13¾	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	

District and sub-division.	Average.					Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year (1892)?	Outturn in Cwt.				Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) outturn in				Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) area in Column 3.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) area in Col 4.			Estimated yield of current year, *i.e.*, of acre in column 2.	Yield of area in column 2 at full standard rate.	Yield of previous year, *i.e.* of area in column 3.	Normal.	Column 10.	Column 11.	Column 12.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Bogra.																
Whole district	290,000	290,000	280,000	......	+3·57	18	15	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	In the central and western portions of the district the aman crop is better than what has been for several years. In the eastern part the outturn will not be good, but taking the district as a whole, I estimate the outturn at fully 18 annas.	
Pabna.																
Sadar ...	408,000	384,000	225,250	......	......	16	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Very high price of rice induced cultivators to sow more paddy this year. Rainfall and flood have both been favourable to the crop. The outturn for Sirajganj should be 18 annas, and not 16 annas as previously shown The outturn at Sadar	
Sirajganj ...	216,200	209,200	183,700	......	......	18	14	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		

															would be somewhat better, but for damage done by insect pests.	
District Total...	624,200	593,200	408,900	+5·22	+52·65	17	13									
Darjeeling.																
Sadar, including Kalimpong.	11,500	11,500	10,200			14	13								In the Sadar, including Kalimpong, better outturn is expected owing to seasonable rainfall.	
Kurseong ...	......	......	......			...	......								No winter rice crop grows in Kurseong.	
Siliguri ...	57,600	57,000	57,600			16	16								Owing to seasonable rainfall, the normal area was sown in Siliguri.	
District Total	69,100	68,500	67,800	+·87	+1·91	15½	15									
Jalpaiguri.																
Sadar	324,[illegible]	316,800	*a* 329,500			15	13									
Alipore	193,700	128,000	250,200			16	13								The better outturn in the Alipur sub-division is due to favourable rains.	The normal area in the Sadar subdivision has been changed from 319,500 to 329,500 acres in consequence of fresh enquiry by mufassal agents.
District Total	518,100	444,800	579,700	+16·45	−10·62	15½	13									
Dacca.																
Sadar	243,100	270,100	270,100			12	14								Owing to heavy rains and high floods, the outturn was less than in last year.	
Manickganj ...	176,900	202,200	202,200			12	16									
Munshiganj ...	62,000	64,000	51,200			12	14									
Narainganj ...	68,000	67,200	70,400			11	12									
District Total	550,000	603,500	593,900	−8·86	−7·39	12	14									

District and Sub-Division.	Acreage.					Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year (1892)?	Outturn in Cwt.							Remarks by the District Officer on this year's crop.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) area in				Estimated yield of current year, i.e., of acre in column 2.	Yield of area in column 2 at full standard rate.	Yield of previous year, i.e., of area in column 3.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) outturn in				
				Column 3.	Column 4.							Column 10.	Column 11.	Column 12.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Faridpur.						Ans.	Ans.								Since the submission of the preliminary forecast, the prospects have somewhat improved owing to favourable weather. In fact where there are plants the ears have filled very well. A little damage has been done by *baishapoka*, chiefly in Goalundo sub-division.	
Sadar	216,700	240,000	289,000			11	14									
Madaripur ...	320,000	320,000	320,000			6¼	12									
Goalundo ...	137,000	137,000	137,000			10	16									
District Total...	673,700	697,000	746,000	−3·34	−9·69	9	14									
Backergunge.															Current year's average outturn shown in the preliminary forecast is on special enquiry found much below the actuals. The correct outturn is shown in this forecast.	The excessive rainfall early in the season did not prevent the normal area from being sown, but excessive rainfall and floods destroyed the crops over some 64,000 acres (viz., 51,200 acres of Sadar
Sadar	256,000	256,000	256,000			14	14									
Patuakhali ...	224,000	224,000	224,000			16	16									
Pirojpur ...	236,800	236,800	236,800			12	16									
Bhola	160,000	160,000	160,000			12	12									

																and 12,800 acres of Pirojpur) after they were sown.
District Total...	876,800	876,800	876,800	......	......	13¾	14½									
Mymensingh.																
Sadar	207,360	207,360	282,240	......	......	12	14								The decrease in outturn in Sadar, Netrokona and Kishoreganj sub-divisions as compared with last year is due to high floods and heavy rains. The outturn in these and Jamalpur sub-division is better than what was reported in the prelimi nary forecast. In Tangail the crop was damaged by high winds and rapid rise of water.	
Netrokona ...	150,000	200,000	200,000	......	......	12	14									
Kishoreganj ...	108,000	112,000	115,200	......	......	12	14									
Jamalpur ...	191,500	263,200	304,000	......	......	16	16									
Tangail ...	205,000	205,000	205,000	......	......	14	16									
District Total	861,860	987,560	1,106,440	−12·72	−22·10	13½	15									
Tippera.																
Sadar	383,300	383,300	383,300	......	......	12	16								There is a slight difference between the figures of this and the preliminary forecast about the outturn of crop, and therefore no remarks necessary.	
Brahmanbaria	240,000	236,000	229,700	......	......	8	16									
Chandpur ...	185,600	185,600	192,000	......	......	11	17									
District Total	808,900	804,900	805,000	+·49	+·48	10½	16½								The crop has suffered very much from the high flood. Luckily the rains ceased early and the water rapidly subsided, so prospects have improved.	
Noakhali.																
Sadar	400,000	400,000	426,200	......	......	12	16	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The outturn in the Sadar sub-division would have been an average one, but the cyclone of the 22nd October 1893 damaged the crop to the extent of 4 annas.	
Fenny	137,900	138,200	137,900	......	......	14	16	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	In the Fenny sub-division the people would have got almost a bumper crop but for the cyclone of 22nd October 1893.	
District Total	537,900	538,200	564,100	−·05	−4·64	12½	16									

District and sub-division.	Acreage.					Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year (1892)?	Outturn in Cwt.				Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) outturn in			Remarks by the District Officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (−) area in				Estimated yield of current year, *i.e.*, of acre in col. 2.	Yield of area in column 2 at full standard rate.	Yield of previous year, *i.e.*, of area in column 3.	Normal.	Column 10.	Column 11.	Column 12.		
				Column 3.	Column 4.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Chittagong.						Ans.	Ans.									
Sadar	244,40	244,400	244,400	......	......	16	14								The difference is due to the improvement which has since taken place in the state of the crops on high lands.	
Cox's Bazar ...	352,246	352,246	352,246	......	......	18	16									
District Total	596,646	596,646	596,646	......	......	17	15									
Chittagong Hill Tracts.																
Sadar	3,220	3,520	5,120	......	......	10¼	11								Unseasonable weather accounts for the smallness of the outturn.	
Bohmong's circle.	1,920	1,920	2,560	......	......	10½	10									
District Total	5,140	5,440	7,680	−5·51	−33·07	10¼	10¼									

Patna.															
Sadar ...	100,000	100,000	267,500	......	......	14½	12¾	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	In the Sadar sub-division seasonable rain, after the submission of the preliminary estimate, improved the conditions of the crop. Hence the increase. The rainfall in the Barh sub-division was both ample and timely, resulting in increased outturn, which has done much to make up the deficiency of the bhadoi crops. The rainfall in the Bihar sub-division was favourable throughout. Since the submission of the preliminary forecast, the rainfall in the Dinapur sub-division has been adequate, and in consequence the outturn was increased by two annas.
Barh ...	75,500	73,600				16	10								
Bihar ...	225,300	225,280				16	14								
Dinapore ...	32,000	32,000				16	14								
District Total	442,400	440,480	267,500	+·43	+65·38	15½	12								
Gaya.															
Sadar ...	530,000	496,000	406,000	......	......	18	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The cultivation of more than normal area in every sub-division, and the estimated produce being above average, are due to favourable and sufficient rainfall throughout the season. The estimated outturn in Aurangabad, 16 annas, and in Nawadah, 17 annas, as shown in the preliminary report, have been raised to 18 annas in this report by the Sub-divisional Officers after further consideration.
Nawada ...	370,000	360,800	366,700	......	......	18	15								
Jahanabad ...	210,000	298,000	208,000	......	......	18	14								
Aurangabad ...	218,000	179,200	215,000	......	......	18	14								
District Total	1,298,000	1,244,000	1,285,700	+4·34	+·95	18	18								

District and subdivision.	Acreage.					Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas re presented outturn last year (1892)?	Outturn in Cwt.				Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) outturn in			Remarks by the District Officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) area in Column 3.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) area in Column 4.			Estimated yield of current year, *i.e.*, of area in column 2.	Yield of a rea in column 2 at full standard rate.	Yield of previous year, *i.e.*, of area in column 3.	Normal.	Column 10.	Column 11.	Column 12.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Sahahabad.																
Arrah ...	160,600	222,800	373,200	......	......	13	8	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	In Arrah the decrease is due to excessive rainfall which partially damaged the crop. The greater portion of culturable land remained under water owing to the overflow of the rivers, and hence could not be cultivated and sown in time. The figure in column 4 is the normal and not the maximum area capable of being cultivated with winter rice. In Buxar the timely rainfall did much good to the crop this year. In Sasaram the heavy rain in October affected partially the winter rice, which was otherwise good, and in consequence of the excessively wet character of the season, the standing crop was damaged.	If the figures reported for the current year are correct, the area entered against Arrah subdivision in column 4 appears to be impossible. The Collector's attention was drawn to this figure in the remarks on the preliminary forecast. The figures entered against Sasaram are equally open to comment.
Buxar ...	128,600	126,618	196,618	......	......	12	8									
Sasaram ...	393,800	240,672	242,530	......	......	15	11									
Bhabua ...	227,700	200,000	312,320	......	......	15	8									

															In Bhabua rainfall being sufficient and timely, the crop is according to expectations.
District Total	850,700	790,090	1,054,677	+7·67	−19·33	14	9								
Darbhanga.															
Sadar ...	250,000	375,040	375,040	......	......	8	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The abnormal rainfall in October followed by another flood reduced the outturn to 10 annas on an average.
Samastipur ...	124,000	125,760	125,760	......	......	8	8	......							
Madhubani ...	608,415	608,415	651,685	......	......	12	13	......							
District Total	982,415	1,109,215	1,152,485	−11·43	−14·75	10	12								
Muzaffarpur.															
Sadar ...	272,000	323,100	272,000	......	......	8	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The reduction in the outturn shown in column 7 as compared with figures given in the preliminary forecast is due to recurrence of flood in the Sitamarhi sub-division after submission of the preliminary forecast. The unusually heavy rains and high floods damaged the crops to a considerable extent, and hence the smaller outturn this year as compared with the previous year.
Hajipur ...	130,000	75,900	130,000	......	......	14	12								
Sitamarhi ...	320,000	320,000	320,000	......	......	10	14								
District Total	722,000	719,000	729,000	+·41	......	10	12½								

DISTRICT AND SUB-DIVISION.	ACREAGE.					Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year (1892)?	OUTTURN IN CWT.							Remarks by the District Officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) area in				Estimated yield of current year, *i.e.*, of acre in column 2.	Yield of area in column 2 at full standard rate.	Yield of previous year, *i.e.*, of area in column 3.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) outturn in				
				Column 3.	Column 4.							Column 10.	Column 11.	Column 12.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Saran.						Ans.	Ans.									
Sadar	138,000	138,800	144,600	......	......	18	13									
Siwan	180,000	170,000	170,000	......	......	18	12									
Gopalganj ...	115,200	115,200	117,600	......	......	16	14									
District Total	433,000	424,000	431,600	+2·12	+·32	17½	13									
Champaran.																
Sadar	229,000	229,000	229,000	......	......	15	10									
Bettiah ...	448,000	448,000	448,000	......	......	16	10									
District Total	677,000	677,000	677,000	......	......	15¾	10									
Monghyr.																
Sadar	279,000	279,000	279,000	......	......	16	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	This year's rainfall was very favourable for the cultivation of rice. More lands than usual seem to have been sown with paddy, owing to the damage of bhadoi crops. This year outturn is less than the average outturn owing to excessive rains and consequent floods.	
Jamui	378,200	342,400	364,300	......	......	16	12									
Begusarai ...	14,700	14,700	14,700	......	......	10	10									
District Total	6,71,900	6,36,100	658,000	+5·47	−2·11	15¾	11½									

Bhagalpur.															
Sadar	250,000	250,000	250,000	......	......	18	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The rainfall this year, though heavy at times, was regular and opportune throughout the district for the winter rice crop. The Sub-divisional Officer of Madhipura has raised his estimate of outturn from 16 to 18 annas: 14 annas was at first estimated for the Supaul sub-division in consequence of the crop in some 60 villages having been reported as swamped by the heavy Kusi floods, but the Sub-divisional Officer has since ascertained by personal enquiry that the damage was not so great as was at first apprehended. He estimates the outturn at 16 annas all round.
Banka	527,400	527,400	527,000	......	......	16	16								
Madhipura ...	252,000	252,000	252,000	......	......	18	14								
Supaul ...	268,800	268,800	268,800	......	......	16	12								
District Total	1,298,200	1,298,200	1,298,200	......	......	17	14								
Purnea.															
Sadar (*a*) ...	282,000	282,000	290,000	Nil.	−2·75	14	14								(*a*) This year's crop was somewhat below the average on account of the damage caused by the floods in the low lands.
Kishanganj (*b*)	242,900	265,000	352,000	−8·34	−3·99	16	16								(*b*) In the preliminary forecast the outturn was put at 14 annas, but the seasonable heavy rain at the end of September and at the beginning of October caused the plants to thrive well and to fill in the ears with grains. There was some injury to the crop from inundation, but this was confined only to tracts bordering the rivers. This partial loss was made up by the better outturn of this crop on high lands, which were immensely benefited by their timely rainfall, and hence the outturn has been estimated at 16 annas (average).
Arraria (*c*) ...	320,000	320,000	320,000	Nil.	Nil.	16	16								

District and sub-division.	Acreage.					Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year (1892)?	Outturn in Cwt.				Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) outturn in			Remarks by the District Officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) area in Column 3.	Column 4.			Estimated yield of current year, *i.e.*, of acre in column 2.	Yield of area in column 2 at full standard rate.	Yield of previous year, *i.e.*, of area in column 3.	Normal.	Column 10.	Column 11.	Column 12.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
District Total	844,900	867,000	962,000	—2·54	—12·17	15¼	15								(c) There was a sufficient and timely rainfall this year. The outturn would have been greater even than an average 16-anna crop, had it not been for the loss caused in riparian tracts by floods from the Pans.	
Malda.																
Whole district	277,564	254,173	275,218	+9·20	+·86	16	14								The rainfall was all along favourable, and the outturn has been 16 annas, as previously estimated.	
Sonthal Parganas.																
Dumka ...	181,800	181,800	181,800			18	14								On the whole, the outturn will be more than estimated in the first forecast owing to favourable and seasonable rainfall.	
Deoghar ...	61,120	66,560	69,120			16	14									
Godda ...	73,000	71,000	74,300			18	12									
Jamtara ...	64,000	60,000	64,000			20	14									
Pakour ...	262,400	229,260	262,400			20	14									
Rajmahal ...	243,000	240,000	243,840			16	8									
District Total	895,320	848,620	895,460	+5·26	—·23	18	12¼									

Cuttack.															
Sadar	339,455	244,200	389,428	......	......	12	12	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Heavy and excessive rainfall at the ploughing and sowing season caused a large part of the area usually devoted to winter rice to be kept unsown, and the high flood of September caused still further damage. Hence the difference in the estimated outturn between this and the preliminary forecast.
Jajpur	250,000	288,000	288,000			9	13								
Kendrapara ...	300,000	318,700	327,680			10	11								
Banki ...	23,000	23,000	23,040			12	12								
District Total	912,455	873,900	1,028,148	+4·41	−11·25	11	12								
Balasore.															
Sadar ...	357,200	386,700	409,600	......	......	15	11	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The increase in outturn at the sadar sub-division is due to good rains.
Bhadrak ...	300,800	300,800	300,800			12	13								
District Total	658,000	687,500	710,400	−4·29	−7·37	13½	12								
Angul and Khondmals.															
Angul	59,600	59,600	59,600			10	12								In Angul some loss was caused by irregular rainfall and injury by insects.
Khondmals ...	60,000	64,000	64,000			16	16								
District Total	119,600	123,600	123,600	−3·23	−3·23	13	14								
Puri.															
Sadar	220,000	320,000	324,840	......	......	12	9								The yield is more than what was shown in the preliminary forecast because of subsequent, favourable and timely rainfall.
Khurda ...	161,100	161,100	161,100	......	......	16	14								
District Total...	481,100	481,100	484,940	......	−·79	13½	11								
Hazaribagh.															
Sadar	665,986	665,986	665,986	......	......	14	14½	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The decrease in the outturn (from the preliminary estimate of 16 annas) is due to excessive and incessant rains.
Giridih ...	448,640	448,640	448,640	......	......	14	15½								
District Total...	1,114,626	1,114,626	1,114,626	......	......	14	15								
Lohardaga.															
Whole district	1,491,500	1,491,500	1,491,500	......	......	14	14								No noticeable change in the outturn of this year as compared with that of the last year.

District and sub-division.	Acreage.					Taking 16 annas to present the average outturn per area, how many annas will presented this year outturn (1893)?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year (1892)?	Outturn in Cwt.				Percentage by which column 9 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) outturn in			Remarks by the district officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Of current year's crop.	Of previous year's crop.	Normal.	Percentage by which column 2 exceeds (+) or falls short of (—) area in Column 3.	Column 5.			Estimated yield of current year, *i.e.*, of area in column 2.	Yield of area in column 2 at full standard rate.	Yield of previous year, *i.e.*, of area in column 3.	Normal.	Column 10.	Column 11.	Column 12.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Palamau.																
Whole district	261,000	256,000	320,000	+1·95	—18·44	20	16								The figures in columns 2 and 3 are supplied by the police, but are plainly wrong. As a matter of fact the normal area or rather more has been sown and planted with dhan this year, and on both high and low lands a full crop has been obtained.	
Manbhum.																
Sadar	354,296	354,296	354,296	......	......	12	9	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	The September rains were injurious to the rice crop which was consequently attacked by blight.	
Gobindpur ...	114,204	114,204	114,204	......	......	10	8									
District Total...	468,500	468,500	468,500	......	......	11½	8½									

Singbhum.															
Whole district	638,693	*220,555	693,702	+212·25	−·72	14	10							This increase in area cultivated is no doubt due to the favorable rainfall this year. The increase of outturn this year is said to be due to the seasonable rainfall.	This figure is very improbable. Last year the area sown was estimated at 478,136 acres, which was a little short of the normal area as then estimated. The Deputy Commissioner has furnished no explanation of the discrepancy. (a) As estimated by this Department. The arithmetical results are 14 annas for last year and 14·77 for the current year.
Total for all Bengal ...	30,370,388	29,881,460	32,322,260	+2·30	−5·42	(a)14	(a)16	3,35,728,368	3,35,728,368	2,87,142,155	3,54,967,077	......	+16·92	−5·42		

Statement of Rainfall from May to 18th November 1893.

Division.	District.	May. Normal average.	May. Actual rainfall.	June. Normal average.	June. Actual rainfall.	July. Normal average.	July. Actual rainfall.	August. Normal average.	August. Actual rainfall.	September. Normal average.	September. Actual rainfall.	October. Normal average.	October. Actual rainfall.	Up to 18th November 1893. Normal average.	Up to 18th November 1893. Actual rainfall.
BURDWAN ...	Burdwan	5.01	16.35	9.23	13.90	11.80	12.73	12.36	5.40	7.87	10.92	4.16	4.18	0.27	0.06
	Bankura	4.03	13.37	9.56	19.88	13.12	10.46	13.78	9.61	8.53	12.15	3.77	3.74	0.39	0.06
	Birbhum	3.40	7.58	9.10	18.16	12.85	15.09	13.67	6.47	9.16	11.42	3.41	3.77	0.18	Nil.
	Midnapur	5.05	13.92	9.59	18.93	13.76	8.13	13.25	8.55	8.85	14.70	5.26	4.60	0.31	0.03
	Hooghly	5.34	12.93	9.75	18.95	12.71	10.08	14.21	7.68	8.43	13.39	4.07	7.23	0.21	0.03
	Howrah	5.81	14.36	9.45	21.76	13.13	9.09	14.18	6.01	8.64	14.38	3.65	4.88	0.33	0.02
PRESIDENCY ...	24-Parganahs	5.79	13.67	9.83	20.95	12.97	10.87	13.72	8.13	9.62	9.57	4.46	5.84	0.44	0.02
	Khulna	6.61	14.15	12.44	20.04	13.45	13.51	12.48	12.67	9.33	11.47	4.52	4.26	0.45	0.04
	Nadia	6.35	10.82	9.62	20.95	10.48	11.48	12.19	7.33	8.52	10.25	4.17	4.76	0.34	0.25
	Jessore	7.01	13.73	12.10	15.66	10.55	8.15	11.54	8.15	8.43	10.18	4.45	3.69	0.31	0.12
	Murshidabad	5.21	7.76	9.05	21.07	11.00	13.65	11.79	9.33	9.77	9.40	4.37	4.40	0.23	Nil.
RAJSHAHI ...	Dinajpur	6.45	7.91	13.25	16.57	12.14	19.05	11.87	9.80	11.17	15.18	3.44	4.10	0.09	Nil.
	Rajshahi	6.79	11.41	10.26	18.05	11.82	11.44	11.48	10.23	11.26	8.70	4.53	4.69	0.23	Nil.
	Rangpur	11.24	5.68	21.49	20.32	13.90	26.50	12.35	11.79	13.00	14.62	4.46	2.47	0.09	Nil.
	Bogra	7.91	12.73	13.11	16.10	13.69	14.23	11.81	12.61	10.70	9.80	4.34	7.05	0.31	Nil.
	Pabna	7.11	16.14	11.32	17.97	10.83	17.08	11.95	11.60	10.27	8.49	4.43	3.85	0.29	0.20
	Darjeeling	8.58	3.31	24.02	27.32	30.07	25.06	25.45	26.98	17.66	30.87	6.96	4.19	0.27	0.35
	Jalpaiguri	11.96	5.88	20.12	15.33	25.66	38.36	24.94	26.77	23.93	24.95	5.60	2.84	0.10	Nil.
DACCA	Dacca	8.70	13.52	12.91	16.94	13.84	9.61	12.38	12.18	10.05	7.92	4.61	5.04	0.63	0.06
	Faridpur	8.80	16.25	12.61	20.93	12.49	9.18	12.08	10.62	8.68	6.91	4.24	3.18	0.34	0.14
	Backergunge	7.80	20.30	18.66	25.40	18.78	16.07	16.14	11.85	11.36	13.30	5.62	7.45	1.21	Nil.
	Mymensingh	9.94	13.54	17.42	21.05	13.55	25.12	14.07	18.68	12.94	9.90	5.32	6.30	0.31	0.16
CHITTAGONG ...	Tippera	10.21	17.72	17.21	18.75	15.27	17.39	16.37	16.33	11.58	18.76	5.26	7.93	0.59	Nil.
	Noakhali	10.05	15.24	24.18	32.44	21.82	24.10	23.49	25.11	16.26	10.83	7.37	......	2.04	0.02
	Chittagong	6.54	29.01	26.32	47.84	28.52	17.98	23.48	23.04	14.07	10.06	6.60	14.91	1.54	Nil.
	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	......	......		......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1.70	Nil.
PATNA	Patna	2.18	2.64	5.95	11.85	12.13	13.28	10.58	7.86	7.20	7.89	2.97	3.69	0.10	0.06
	Gaya	1.74	2.80	5.52	7.83	11.83	14.59	11.71	6.93	6.90	9.51	2.58	2.74	0.15	0.04
	Shahabad	1.30	2.59	5.30	7.07	11.97	14.61	11.40	8.51	7.29	13.24	3.19	5.13	0.12	0.38
	Darbhanga	2.68	3.67	8.60	5.87	11.60	15.86	10.71	10.54	9.25	10.94	2.72	6.35	0.04	0.06
	Muzaffarpur	2.51	2.06	7.68	7.76	11.26	15.80	10.11	8.92	8.27	8.81	3.03	8.89	0.06	0.07
	Saran	1.92	2.60	6.39	6.24	11.41	11.90	10.21	8.79	7.68	9.60	3.74	6.16	0.04	0.29
	Champaran	2.60	2.00	8.31	8.86	12.13	25.81	12.18	10.17	9.05	17.27	3.46	8.57	0.02	0.05

BHAGALPUR ...	Monghyr	2·34	2·72	6·38	10·55	11·89	13·77	11·21	10·10	7·75	12·34	3·13	2·16	0·10	Nil.
	Bhagalpur	3·19	3·74	8·42	8·79	11·26	17·04	11·55	7·40	8·87	16·79	3·50	2·94	0·08	0·02
	Purnea	5·50	1·49	12·98	14·83	15·47	27·33	14·63	13·16	15·53	20·21	3·43	2·99	6·07	0·01
	Malda	4·50	5·99	10·60	12·66	11·50	15·46	12·03	7·87	10·52	15·75	3·62	4·17	0·21	Nil.
	Sonthal Parganas	3·75	8·01	8·50	15·29	12·97	15·13	12·79	10·06	8·06	11·01	3·62	4·01	0·13	Nil.
ORISSA	Cuttack	3·95	32·08	9·12	7·42	12·20	7·41	12·20	6·85	9·53	16·88	5·69	5·16	0·78	0·08
	Balasore	4·95	24·76	8·25	11·58	12·20	8·01	11·77	10·08	11·28	18·83	5·36	5·31	0·80	0·04
	Angul and Khondmals ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
	Puri	2·76	17·57	7·98	3·56	10·65	6·85	11·46	13·39	9·98	19·25	7·42	11·60	1·88	0·42
CHOTTA NAGPUR ...	Hazaribagh	2·38	6·71	7·90	16·46	13·40	18·83	13·07	9·36	8·10	15·05	3·26	5·53	0·27	6·01
	Lohardaga	2·85	1·93	8·44	10·45	12·94	7·91	14·76	10·42	9·44	15·05	2·08	4·54	0·19	0·14
	Palamau	1·41	0·30	6·04	10·63	12·56	13·24	11·56	8·41	7·84	......	2·81	2·34	0·35	0·25
	Manbhum	3·25	8·11	8·42	20·58	11·33	14·70	12·87	10·33	7·68	13·60	3·68	3·44	0·15	Nil.
	Singbhum	4·17	9·38	8·01	14·65	14·27	8·90	13·83	10·06	8·38	9·92	2·94	0·76	0·25	0·11

LIBERALITY OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF HILL TIPPERA AND CERTAIN OTHER NATIVE GENTLEMEN IN RELIEVING DISTRESS CAUSED BY THE INUNDATIONS OF AUGUST 1893, IN TIPPERA AND NOAKHALI.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT, AGRICULTURE.

Calcutta, the 7th December 1893.

RESOLUTION—No. 5013.

READ—

A letter No. 727G., dated the 20th November 1893, from the Commissioner of the Chittagong Division.

The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to record his recognition of the liberality displayed by His Highness the Maharaja of Hill Tippera and other native gentlemen in the promotion of measures to alleviate the distress which occurred in the districts of Tippera and Noakhali owing to the inundations of August 1893.

2. His Highness the Maharaja of Hill Tippera placed sums aggregating Rs. 6,000 at the disposal of the Collectors of these districts for the relief of his distressed tenants. Rai Abhoy Churn Mitra Bahadur, the contractor for the South Lushai Hills, who has property in Tippera, contributed Rs. 400 for relief operations in the two districts. Maharaja Durga Churn Laha, C.I.E., of Calcutta, and Mr. Arthur Caspersz, Receiver, Joynagar estate, Noakhali, each gave a donation of Rs. 200 to the Collector of Noakhali to be spent in relieving sufferers.

3. Nawab Khaja Ahsanulla Bahadur, C.I.E., of Dacca, and Maharajkumar Benoy Krishna Deb of Sobhabazar, Calcutta, dealt directly with their distressed tenants. The former distributed Rs. 5,000 in gratuitous relief and gave Rs. 5,000 in loans to such of his tenants as required them. The exact amount spent by the latter on these objects has not been ascertained, but the Commissioner reports that his liberality was on a similar scale.

4. In Noakhali M. Yakub Ali Choudhuri and his brothers, Zamindars of Raipur, and Babu Chandra Kumar Roy of Dalalbazar, distributed 10 maunds of rice daily for a period of over a month.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Commissioner of Chittagong for information and for communication to the noblemen and gentlemen referred to.

Ordered also that this Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette.*

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. E. BUCKLAND,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 9th December, 1893.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan Dec. 9, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* continues. *Rabi* crops doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... 11 to 15½; Kalna ... 10 to 15; Katwa ... 15; Raniganj ... 16 } per rupee.
	2	Birbhum " 9, '93 Rampur Hât ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Winter rice is being gathered in. *Rabi* crops look promising. Prices of common rice range from 16 to 20 seers per rupee.
	3	Bankura " 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonably cold. Harvesting of *aman* continues vigorously all over the district. *Rabi* sown over increased area and in first-rate condition. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice (new) :— Srs. Sadar ... 18¼; Vishnupur ... 17 } per rupee.
	4	Midnapore " 9, '93	Nil	Weather—cool in the morning, warm for this time of the year. Winter rice is being reaped in several places. Prospects continue good. *Rabi* sowings nearly completed. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... 15; Contai ... 14 to 19; Tamluk ... 13; Ghatal ... 15 to 16 } per rupee.
	5	Hooghly " 9, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* is being harvested; outturn satisfactory. *Rabi* sown; prospects good. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... 12 to 13; Serampore ... 10 to 14; Jahanabad ... 11 to 14 } per rupee.
	6	Howrah " 9, '93 Ulubaria ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Paddy harvest progressing; in the south about 6 annas have already been cut; in the rest of the district about 2 annas. *Rabi* crops and sugarcane doing well. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Prices of rice from 10 to 13 seers per rupee according to locality.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas " 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable; getting colder day by day. Harvesting of *aman* going on. *Rabi* sowings nearly completed. Cattle in good condition. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. C. Sadar ... 10 to 13 0; Barasat ... 11 0; Basirhat ... 10 10½; Diamond Harbour ... 13 8 } per rupee.
	8	Nadia " 9, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cool. Prospects of *aman* good. *Rabi* cultivation over. Prices are gradually falling. Fodder and water sufficient. There is no cattle-disease.
	9	Murshidabad " 9, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cooler. Harvesting of *aman* continues. *Rabi* crops are still being sown. Prospect of *kalai* does not seem to be favourable. In Jangipur insects are doing some injury to the crop. Fodder and water are sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 13 seers per rupee.
	10	Jessore " 9, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *chottan aman* still going on. Rain wanted for *rabi* crops. Prospects fair. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of rice is falling gradually.
	11	Khulna " 9, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. The cultivation for the winter crops is going on with the harvesting of *aman*. Common rice sells from 9½ to 12 seers 14 chitaks per rupee. Water and water sufficient.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*				
Rajshahi Divn.	12	Rajshahi Dec. 9, '93 Nator ... Naugaon ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—getting cold; seasonable. Nothing new to report in respect of the crops. There will be an excellent rice crop, and the cultivation of the *rabi* is progressing under favourable surroundings. Fodder and water-supply ample. No cattle-disease. Price of rice varies from 10 to 16 seers per rupee.
	13	Dinajpur „ 9, '93 Thakurgaon ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cold and pleasant. Winter rice is being harvested. The crop is expected to be a bumper one. Prices are falling at Sadar, but stationary at Thakurgaon. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder and water ample.
	14	Jalpaiguri „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—cool and bright. Harvesting of *haimanti* paddy going on. Potato and tobacco doing well. Prices of comon rice steady. Fodder and water sufficient. No cattle-disease reported.
	15	Darjeeling „ 9, '93 Siliguri ...	Nil Nil	Weather—bright and cool. *In the hills*:—*Haimanti* rice, potatoes, *marua*, and *kalai* are being harvested. *Toree* and *phaphur* coming to perfection. Wheat and barley progressing favourably. *In the Terai*:—Winter rice being cut; other crops doing well. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 7 to 11 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 12 to 13 }
	16	Rangpur „ 9, '93 Gaibanda ... Kurigaon ... Nilphamari ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cool with north-easterly wind. Harvesting of *aman* continues. *Rabi* crops doing well. Prospects good. Prices of rice 9 to 14 seers per rupee.
	17	Bogra „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and cold. Cutting of paddy still going on. Winter crops doing well. Price of rice stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
	18	Pabna „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—cool and pleasant. *Aman* is still being harvested. Prospects of *rabi* crops continue good. Price of common rice ranges from Rs. 3-8 to Rs. 4 per maund in the Sirajganj subdivision and 10 seers per rupee in the Sadar subdivision. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
Dacca Divn.	19	Dacca „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy going on. Prospects favourable. Sowing of pulses in low lands still going on. Common rice rice selling at from 8 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	20	Mymensingh „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of *aman* paddy going on. Common rice selling from 8 to 11 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient except in some places in the Kishorganj subdivision.
	21	Faridpur „ 9, '93 Goalundo ... Madaripur ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* paddy being reaped. State of standing crops continues to be the same. Sowings of *rabi* crops continue. No cattle-disease. Fodder available. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 } Goalundo ... ... 13 } per rupee. Madaripur ... ... 10½ }
	22	Backergunge „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops fair. Common rice sells from 9 to 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
Chittagong Divn.	23	Chittagong „ 9, '93	0·07	Weather—unsettled, being often cloudy. Cultivation and sowing of *rabi* crops continue. Early paddy being harvested. *Aman* in ear. Damage from insects apprehended. Prices have slightly fallen. Water and fodder sufficient.
	24	Noakhali „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Rabi* crops being sown. Reaping of *aman* commenced. It is being damaged by insects in all the thanas of the district. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of rice stationary.
	25	Tippera „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* is being harvested. It has been previously reported as likely to give a 10-anna outturn.
	26	Chittagong Hill Tracts. „ 8, '93	Nil	Weather—cloudy with little drizzling on the 4th, and seasonable during the remaining part of the week. Late plough-paddy commences to ripen in some places. A small quantity of vegetables are available in the bazar at high price. Condition of cattle good. Common rice sells at 9 seers per rupee.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.				
PATNA DIVISION.	27	Patna Dec. 9, '93	Nil	Weather—cool and clear. Rice harvest in full progress. *Rabi* and poppy sowings completed, and are germinating well. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 21 Barh ... ... 16 Bihar ... ... 21 Dinapore ... ... 15¼ } per rupee.
	28	Gaya " 9, '93 Nawada ... Aurangabad ... Jahanabad ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cold and clear. Harvesting of paddy going on. *Rabi* sowings nearly completed. Weeding of poppy in progress. New rice brought to market, sells at 17 seers per rupee. Fodder and water for cattle ample.
	29	Shahabad " 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of paddy in progress. Prospects of *rabi* and poppy good. Prices steady.
	30	Saran " 9, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. All crop prospects good, including opium. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices stationary. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 15 8 Siwan ... ... 19 0 Gopalganj ... ... 17 2 } per rupee.
	31	Champaran " 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Reaping of *aghani* in progress. *Rabi* sowings approaching completion. Poppy seeds are germenating freely and the seedlings are healthy. Prices slightly falling.
	32	Muzaffarpur " 9, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and seasonable. Rice harvesting continues. *Rabi* and poppy already sown doing well. Further sowings in progress. Sufficient moisture in the soil for poppy sowings. Cattle-disease prevails to some extent in the Bela outpost in the Sitamarhi subdivision, and death of one head of cattle reported from Majorganj. Fodder and water plentiful.
	33	Darbhanga " 9, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cooler. Rice harvest still going on. *Rabi* sowings in progress, and the plants are doing well. Poppy sowings nearly finished. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of common rice varies from 17 to 19 seers per rupee.
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.	34	Monghyr " 9, '93	...	Report not received.
	35	Bhagalpur " 9, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—bright and cold. Winter rice is being rapidly got in; results fully up to expectation. *Rabi* crops are all on the ground and promise very well, especially mustard and linseed. Price of common rice 15 seers 2 chitaks per rupee.
	36	Purnea " 9, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cold and clear. Harvesting of *aghani* going on. Mustard in flower. Outturn of *kurthi* good. Pressing of sugarcane has commenced. No cattle-disease. Water and fodder sufficient.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*				
BHAGALPUR DIVN.—*concld.*	37	Malda Dec. 9, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cooler. Harvesting of winter paddy in full swing. *Kalai* pulse in flower. *Rabi* crops thriving well. Ordinary rice sells from 11 to 17 seers per rupee. Fodder and water ample.
	38	Sonthal Parganas „ 9, '93 Deoghur .. Godda .. Jamtara ... Pakur ... Rajmahal ..	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cool and dry. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of winter rice in progress. New rice selling at from 14 to 19 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
ORISSA.				
ORISSA DIVN.	39	Cuttack „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Laghu* and *guru sarad* being harvested. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 17 0 Jajpur ... ... 11 12 to 15 12 Kendrapara ... ... 12 0 to 21 0 Banki ... ... 18 0 per rupee.
	40	Puri „ 7, '93 Khurda ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Laghu* rice is being reaped. *Sarad* rice is ripening and in places being cut. Sugarcane is being crushed. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Cattle-disease reported. A large number of cattle died during last week in Khurda from mouth disease. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... (old) 14 7, (new) 23 10 Khurda ... ... (old) 14 7, (new) 17 1 per rupee.
	41	Balasore „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—normal. Harvest of winter rice continues. Prices of coarse rice :— Srs. Balasore ... ... 19 Bhadrak ... ... 18 per rupee.
CHOTA NAGPUR.				
South-West Frontier Agency.				
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVN.	42	Hazaribagh Dec. 9, '93 Giridi ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable; cold. Paddy, sugarcane, and *surguja* are being harvested. *Rabi* crops are being sown. Prospects excellent. Estimated quantity of land sown with poppy 11,800 bighas; about 15 annas of the sowings completed; prospects very good.
	43	Lohardaga „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Common rice selling at 18 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	44	Palamau „ 8, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of paddy nearly finished. *Rabi* sowings in progress. Prospects of crops on the ground excellent. A little cattle-disease in thana Patan. Fodder sufficient. Rice selling from 20 to 24 seers per rupee.
	45	Singhbhum „ 9, '93	Nil	Weather—clear, cold and seasonable. All crops are doing well; harvesting of paddy continues. Price of rice stationary. Fodder sufficient.
	46	Manbhum „ 9, '93 Gobindpur ...	Nil Nil	Weather—bright and cold. Prospects very good. Harvesting of rice in full swing. Rice selling from 16 to 20 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 12th December, 1893.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STOCKS OF RICE IN AND AROUND CALCUTTA.

Stock in hand as compiled on—

Names of Marts.	1st week of Dec. 1892.	1st week of Jan. 1893.	1st week of Feb. 1893.	1st week of March 1893.	1st week of April 1893.	1st week of May 1893.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Balliaghata	3,16,000	2,34,000	4,05,000	6,19,000	9,04,000	13,32,000
Ultadanga	57,800	65,200	78,700	99,500	1,06,500	1,15,000
Chitpur, Golabaree, Kumartooly, Hatkhola, and Culpi Ghat.	5,40,700	5,64,700	7,01,900	6,54,500	6,46,600	6,43,000
Pathuriaghatta, Posta, and Jorabagan.	2,000	3,000	8,000	3,500	3,000	2,000
Tollygunge, Chetla, Kidderpore, and Munshiganj.	40,600	87,900	1,14,200	1,46,400	1,56,700	1,55,300
31 Minor bazars (estimated) ...	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000
Other retail shops, 3,129 in number (estimated).	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000
Baidyabati, Nowabganj, Bhadreshwar, and Chandernagore.	40,037	63,961	69,800	76,380	6,662	5,319
Total ...	14,87,137	16,08,761	18,67,600	20,89,280	23,13,462	27,42,619
On Railway premises on both sides of the river.	24,557 (on 3rd Dec. 1892.)	35,589 (on 3rd Jan. 1893.)	32,791 (on 3rd Feb. 1893.)	22,643 (on 3rd March 1893.)	23,773 (on 3rd April 1893.)	10,934 (on 3rd May 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Port Commissioners' returns.	38,882 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	47,638 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	40,930 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)	41,298 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	25,720 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	21,378 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Canal returns	16,296 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1892.)	1,30,459 (3rd to 5th Jan. 1893.)	1,20,600 (1st to 3rd Feb. 1893.)	1,99,575 (1st to 3rd March 1893.)	76,791 (1st to 3rd April 1893.)	34,169 (1st to 3rd May 1893.)
Grand total of Stocks ...	15,66,872	18,22,447	20,61,921	23,52,796	24,39,746	28,09,100
Probable stock available for exportation by sea.	5 lakhs	7½ akhs	10 lakhs	13 lakhs	13¾ lakhs	17¼ lakhs

Names of Marts.	1st week of June 1893.	1st week of July 1893.	1st week of August 1893.	1st week of Sept. 1893.	1st week of Oct. 1893.	1st week of Nov 1893.	1st week of Dec. 1893.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Balliaghata	11,73,000	10,31,000	8,86,000	8,67,000	7,10,500	4,83,000	4,11,000
Ultadanga	1,17,500	1,19,700	1,09,400	65,000	61,300	53,300	43,400
Chitpur, Golabaree, Kumartooly, Hatkhola, and Culpi Ghat.	6,66,000	6,65,3[illegible]	6,64,900	6,84,500	7,06,700	6,25,600	4,77,000
Pathuriaghatta, Posta, and Jorabagan.	2,500	3,000	2,000	2,500	3,000	2,000	1,500
Tollygunge, Chetla, Kidderpore, and Munshiganj.	1,70,200	1,53,300	1,31,800	1,2[illegible],900	1,17,600	1,06,000	97,600
31 Minor bazars (estimated) ...	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000	2,40,000
Other retail shops, 3,129 in number (estimated).	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000
Baidyabati, Nowabganj, Bhadreshwar, and Chandernagore.	42,577	28,275	43,300	26,750	10,844	17,344	19,256
Total ...	26,61,777	24,90,575	23,27,400	22,57,650	20,99,944	17,77,244	15,41,756
On Railway premises on both sides of the river.	11,512 (on 3rd June 1893.)	8,865 (on 3rd July 1893.)	12,897 (on 3rd August 1893.)	18,819 (on 3rd Sept. 1893.)	25,127 (on 3rd Oct. 1893.)	8,583 (on 3rd Nov. 1893.)	19,280 (on 3rd Dec. 1893).
On boats unloaded ... By Port Commissioners' returns.	19,601 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	13,314 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)	56,451 (1st to 3rd August 1893.)	23,091 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1893.)	30,729 (1st to 3rd Oct. 1893.)	32,866 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1893.)	35,114 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1893.)
On boats unloaded ... By Canal returns	7,615 (1st to 3rd June 1893.)	14,025 (1st to 3rd July 1893.)	19,787 (1st to 3rd August 1893.)	31,941 (1st to 3rd Sept. 1893.)	34,228 (1st to 3rd Oct. 1893.)	13,581 (1st to 3rd Nov. 1893.)	11,339 (1st to 3rd Dec. 1893.)
Grand total of Stocks ...	27,00,505	25,27,379	24,16,535	23,31,501	21,64,901	18,32,274	16,07,489
Probable stock available for exportation by sea.	16½ lakhs	14¾ lakhs	13¼ lakhs	12¾ lakhs	11 lakhs	7½ lakhs	5¼ lakhs.

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT,
The 11th December, 1893.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Provinc[e]

Meteorological Division	District	Representative stations	Station Observations — Air Pressure: Highest, 8 A.M., barometer reading	Lowest, 8 A.M., barometer reading	Mean, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, Lat. 45°	Variation from normal mean	Wind: Mean direction at 8 A.M.	Mean velocity in miles daily	Temperature: Highest of month	Lowest of month	Mean daily maximum temperature	Mean daily minimum temperature	Mean daily temperature	Variation from normal mean	Humidity: Mean, 8 A.M.
Orissa	Puri	Puri	30·093	29·993	30·039	29·994	—	N22°E	145	87·7	63·6	83·5	70·2	76·9	—	79
		Gopalpur	30·090	29·998	30·041	30·002	+·045	N21°W	224	86·2	63·1	82·1	68·7?	75·4?	+0·3?	87
		False Point	30·094	30·007	30·045	30·008	+·051	N2°E	151	84·9	58·0	82·3	67·0	74·6	+0·7	83
	Cuttack	Cuttack	30·029	29·941	29·980	30·005	+·048	N27°E	42	87·7	59·8	84·4	68·2	76·3	+0·6	73
	Balasore	Balasore	30·068	29·977	30·013	30·017	+·048	N1°W	68	85·4	55·5	82·5	64·4	73·5	+1·0	88
South-West Bengal	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·981	29·832	29·933	30·033	+·056	N17°E	42	87·3	57·2	83·0	64·6	73·8	+1·6	76
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	30·103	30·001	30·049	30·016	+·051	N17°E	35	86·6	53·7	86·8	65·6	73·2	0	80
		Saugor Island	30·090	30·001	30·044	30·014	+·056	N27°E	184	85·7	60·9	81·1	67·5	74·3	0	87
	Howrah	......														
	Hooghly	......														
	Nadia	Krishnagar	30·086	29·975	30·022	30·019	+·057	N15°W	61	85·8	55·5	81·8	64·5	73·1	+0·2	79
	Khulna	......														
	Jessore	Jessore	30·078	29·979	30·033	30·014	+·056	N8°W	38	86·0	58·5	82·3	65·3	73·9	0	86
	Burdwan	Burdwan	—	—	—	—	—	N10°E	38	84·6	57·6	81·7	65·8	73·8	+0·4	76
		Raniganj	29·806	29·711	29·751	30·048	+·065	N47°W	31	—	50·0	—	63·3	—	—	79
	Bankura	Bankura	29·821	29·735	29·760	30·031	+·063	N40°W	36	85·1	57·1	82·5	64·5	73·5	—0·2	75
	Birbhum	......														
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	30·061	29·930	30·004	30·022	+·043	N10°W	37	84·6	60·2	80·7	66·1	73·4	+0·5	88
North Bengal	Pabna	Serajganj	30·066	29·948	30·010	30·007	+·047	N	17	85·2	57·8	81·8	63·2	72·5	+0·7	91
	Bogra	Bogra	30·058	29·958	29·976	30·013	+·085	N41°E	31	85·2	57·2	81·8	62·0	71·9	—0·3	85
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia	30·041	29·944	29·987	30·003	+·052	N11°E	89	85·1	57·1	80·8	63·9	72·4	+2·3	82
	Malda	Malda	30·047	29·950	29·994	30·028	—	N41°W	55	85·6	54·8	81·2	62·6	71·9	—	84
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	29·995	29·890	29·948	30·030	+·063	N45°E	32	85·1	57·8	81·6	63·8	72·2	+1·4	84
	Rangpur	Rangpur	30·000	29·900	29·948	30·029	+·049	N60°E	24	85·8	57·6	81·3	61·7	71·6	+1·0	88
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·856	29·762	29·804	30·052	+·075	N22°E	26	84·4	58·6	81·2	61·1‡	71·2‡	+0·8	80
	Kuch Bihár	......														
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	23·167	22·995	23·092	—	+·036	N47°E	76†	58·1	38·6	53·7‡	41·7	47·7‡	—0·2	81
	Sikkim	Gnatong	19·052	18·877	18·969*	—	—	S75°E	49‡	45·9	19·6	30·3‡	24·9‡	32·1‡	—	84
East Bengal	Chittagong	Chittagong	30·015	29·914	29·964	30·001	+·057	N30°E	55	86·7	61·1	83·3	66·9	75·1	+0·6	82
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri					Observations not received.									
	Backergunge	Barisal	30·087	29·973	30·028	29·987	+·060	N8°E	41	85·8	60·0	83·0	66·6	74·8	+1·5	84
	Noakhali	Noakhali	30·040	29·938	29·992	29·982	+·052	N34°E	84	85·5	60·0	81·9	66·6	74·3	+0·8	90
	Faridpur	Faridpur	30·082	29·969	30·021	30·016	+·063	N6°E	17	85·5	58·0	80·6	65·5	73·0	+0·8	88
	Dacca	Dacca	30·089	29·977	30·027	29·995	+·047	N8°E	62	87·6	62·3	83·3	66·3	74·8	—0·1	85
	Tippera	Comilla	30·077	29·950	30·011	29·996	+·056	N4°E	28	87·4	59·4	83·4	65·2	74·3	+0·7	86
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	30·036	29·928	29·991	30·004	+·051	N42°E	38	84·2	59·6	81·1	64·0	72·6	—0·4	89
North Bihar	Purnea	Purnea	30·004	29·912	29·952	30·036	+·052	Calm	6	85·2	56·3	80·3	62·6	71·5	+1·1	93
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·965	29·883	29·909	30·027	+·046	W	7	84·7	53·0	81·4	61·0	71·2	+1·6	81
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·972	29·856	29·912	30·038	+·039	N68°W	41	83·9	56·4	80·3	63·6	71·9	+0·5	86
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·964	29·854	29·907	30·046	—	W	40	82·7	52·3	79·4	61·3	70·4	—	87
	Champaran	Motihari	29·901	29·784	29·841	30·032	+·053	S77°W	63	83·7	49·9	80·2	58·1	69·2	+0·9	86
	Saran	Chapra	29·968	29·848	29·911	30·032	+·080	N80°W	52	84·8	52·6	80·2	61·3	70·7	+0·7	80
South Bihar	Shahabad	Dehri	29·813	29·673	29·749	30·038	+·066	S20°W	19	84·3	54·4	80·7	60·8	70·8	+1·4	84
		Buxar	29·913	29·793	29·850	30·053	+·049	S86°W	48	84·6	49·9	80·6	61·2	70·9	+0·5	78
		Arrah	29·948	29·836	29·891	30·041	+·060	N46°W	29	85·8	49·0	81·5	60·2	70·9	+1·1	83
	Gaya	Gaya	29·758	29·669	29·710	30·053	+·052	S20°W	130	85·4	54·8	82·2	61·9	72·1	+1·4	77
	Patna	Bankipore	29·963	29·849	29·902	30·045	+·035	S80°W	53	84·0	51·4	79·9	62·3	71·1	+0·5	76
	Monghyr	......														
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·637	29·531	29·573	30·039	+·062	N37°W	42	84·6	54·9	80·5	61·7	71·1	+1·1	76
Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	28·083	27·981	28·030	30·042	+·071	N1°W	119	79·2	50·2	76·7	58·0	67·4	+1·5	73
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·964	27·860	27·934	30·067	+·075	N34°W	103	79·0	51·4	78·3	60·8	69·6	+3·7	73
	Palamau	Daltonganj	29·404	29·237	29·316	30·025	—	N87°W	37	83·4	48·0	80·1	59·7	69·9	—	79
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	29·353	29·253	29·292	30·025	+·060	Calm	3	85·2	55·0	82·2	62·5	72·3	+1·5	82
	Manbhum	......														
Assam	Sibsagar	Sibsagar	29·854	29·738	29·797	30·101	+·075	N87°E	32	81·1	52·7	77·0	60·0	68·5	—0·6	99
	Goalpara	Dhubri	30·004	29·902	29·956	30·034	+·039	N56°E	145	83·1	59·9	78·5§	64·2	71·0§	§+0·4?	90
	Cachar	Silchar	30·004	29·911	29·962	30·021	+·060	S60°E	2	89·5	59·9	84·8	65·2	75·0	+0·8	87

* Mean of 27 days. † Mean of 28 days. ‡ Mean of 29 days. § Mean of 26 days.

Bengal for the month of November 1893.

Cloud. Mean cloud amount, 8 A. M.	Cloud. Variation from normal mean, 8 A. M.	Rainfall.	District Observations. Rainfall. Of month. Mean of district.	Of month. Normal mean.	Of month. Variation from mean.	Of month. Number of rainy days.	Of month. Normal mean number of rainy days.	Since 16th October 1893. Mean of district.	Since 16th October 1893. Normal mean.	Since 16th October 1893. Variation.	Since 16th October 1893. Mean number of rainy days.	Since 16th October 1893. Normal mean number of rainy days.	DISTRICT.
3·4 2·5 4·4	— — +1·9	0·20 5·63 0·78	0·42	2·34	—1·92	1·00	2·83	8·06	5·97	+2·09	6·25	6·18	Puri.
3·5	+0·6	Nil	0·07	1·15	—1·08	0·40	2·14	4·20	3·70	+0·50	3·80	4·88	Cuttack.
1·9	—	0·07	0·07	0·89	—0·82	0·33	1·65	4·14	2·60	+1·54	3·83	3·84	Balasore.
2·7	—	0·09	0·03	0·34	—0·31	0·00	0·90	3·79	2·66	+1·13	3·00	2·66	Midnapore.
2·5 4·3	—0·1 +1·1	0·63 0·04	0·02	0·40	—0·38	0·00	1·13	2·44	2·58	—0·14	2·71	3·25	24-Parganas.
			0·02	0·40	—0·38	0·00	0·94	2·38	1·79	+0·59	3·00	2·66	Howrah.
			0·03	0·23	—0·20	0·00	0·81	2·85	1·79	+1·06	4·67	2·55	Hooghly.
3·8	—	0·26	0·25	0·32	—0·07	0·80	0·74	1·47	1·86	—0·39	3·80	2·50	Nadia.
			0·04	0·49	—0·45	0·33	1·17	2·19	2·46	—0·27	3·66	3·24	Khulna.
2·9	+0·2	0·04	0·12	0·31	—0·19	0·20	1·00	0·95	2·11	—1·16	2·40	2·96	Jessore.
3·6 1·6	+1·1 —	0·18 0·02	0·06	0·29	—0·23	0·25	0·66	2·05	1·84	+0·21	4·25	2·19	Burdwan.
3·6	—	0·18	0·06	0·47	—0·41	0·25	0·99	2·29	1·81	+0·48	5·00	2·54	Bankura.
			Nil	0·13	—0·13	0·00	0·81	1·76	1·42	+0·34	3·33	2·02	Birbhum.
4·5	+2·3	Nil	Nil	0·24	—0·24	0·00	0·59	1·83	1·55	+0·28	3·17	1·86	Murshidabad.
2·3	—	0·16	0·20	0·27	—0·07	0·50	0·83	3·18	2·10	+1·08	4·00	2·81	Pabna.
1·2	—	Nil	Nil	0·35	—0·35	0·00	0·59	4·02	1·89	+2·13	4·50	1·73	Bogra.
2·9	—	Nil	Nil	0·19	—0·19	0·00	0·52	2·73	1·33	+1·40	5·33	1·79	Rajshahi.
1·3	—	Nil	Nil	0·19	—0·19	0·00	0·36	3·13	1·34	+1·79	3·00	1·19	Malda.
1·4	—	Nil	Nil	0·12	—0·12	0·00	0·34	2·81	1·01	+1·80	3·60	1·08	Dinajpur.
0·8	—	Nil	Nil	0·10	—0·10	0·00	0·19	1·79	1·71	+0·08	3·00	1·32	Rangpur.
3·2	—	0·32	0·39	0·10	+0·29	2·00	0·15	3·09	2·85	+0·24	5·00	1·50	Jalpaiguri.
			0·69	0·07	+0·62	1·25	0·34	4·34	2·35	+1·99	3·50	1·84	Kuch Bihar.
5·0 2·2 4·8	+1·9 — +1·5	0·38 1·85 0·02	0·89	0·30	+0·59	2·00	0·37	5·58	2·58	+3·00	5·00	2·25	Darjeeling. Sikkim.
			0·38	2·14	—1·76	0·50	2·03	6·14	4·63	+1·51	5·50	4·56	Chittagong.
2·3	—	Nil	Nil	1·95	—1·95	0·00	1·85	5·31	4·03	+1·28	6·00	4·55	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
1·9	—	0·05	Nil	1·42	—1·42	0·00	1·43	5·28	3·30	+1·98	6·00	3·64	Backergunge.
2·2	—	0·09	0·13	2·52	—2·39	0·50	1·22	8·48	4·31	+4·17	6·50	4·20	Noakhali.
3·0	+0·9	0·06	0·09	0·39	—0·30	0·31	0·98	1·62	2·04	—0·42	3·31	3·01	Faridpur.
2·5	—	0·22	0·05	0·77	—0·72	0·25	1·37	3·00	2·47	+0·53	4·00	3·25	Dacca.
3·1	—	0·24	0·02	0·73	—0·71	0·00	1·54	3·60	2·34	+1·26	3·75	3·43	Tippera.
0·9	0	0·02	0·16	0·31	—0·15	0·60	0·76	3·72	2·21	+1·51	5·20	2·71	Mymensingh.
2·5	—	0·03	0·01	0·06	—0·05	0·00	0·21	2·67	1·39	+1·28	3·00	1·00	Purnea.
1·6	+0·8	0·07	0·02	0·12	—0·10	0·25	0·28	2·51	1·29	+1·22	3·50	1·17	Bhagalpur.
1·9	—	0·21	0·11	0·06	+0·05	0·33	0·17	6·01	0·85	+5·16	5·00	0·89	Darbhanga.
1·5	—	0·10	0·20	0·08	+0·12	0·67	0·32	8·23	0·96	+7·27	4·00	1·09	Muzaffarpur.
3·1	—	0·44	0·07	0·02	+0·05	0·00	0·14	8·62	0·32	+8·30	5·00	0·52	Champaran.
2·1	—	0·56	0·31	0·18	+0·13	1·00	0·30	6·61	0·86	+5·75	4·67	1·06	Saran.
2·9 2·5 3·7	— — +1·9	0·78 0·30 0·09	0·85	0·25	+0·60	2·20	0·45	6·19	1·27	+4·92	5·80	1·57	Shahabad.
3·2	+1·7	0·10	0·07	0·24	—0·17	0·00	0·46	2·76	0·91	+1·85	3·50	1·40	Gaya.
			0·08	0·19	—0·11	0·25	0·35	4·40	1·29	+3·11	4·00	1·41	Patna.
1·8	—	Nil	Nil	0·17	—0·17	0·00	0·38	1·70	1·26	+0·44	3·00	1·36	Monghyr.
4·4	+2·0	0·09	Nil	0·16	—0·16	0·00	0·52	2·43	1·33	+1·10	3·67	1·63	Sonthal Parganas.
3·3	—	0·12	0·02	0·35	—0·33	0·00	0·93	3·58	0·98	+2·60	3·40	2·00	Hazaribagh.
4·3	—	0·25	0·14	0·45	—0·31	0·00	1·01	3·38	1·21	+2·07	4·00	2·65	Lohardaga.
4·2	—	0·11	0·25	0·45	—0·20	2·00	0·75	2·34	1·22	+1·12	5·00	1·85	Palamau.
			0·11	0·24	—0·13	0·01	1·00	0·87	1·50	—0·63	2·01	2·95	Singhbhum.
			Nil	0·18	—0·18	0·00	0·70	2·92	1·18	+1·74	3·00	1·94	Manbhum.
2·3	—2·2	0·40											Sibsagar.
2·4	+1·3	0·31											Goalpara.
6·3	+2·5	0·26											Cachar.

Table of Rainfall recorded at stations

Meteorological division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Khurda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Banpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·60	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		False Point ...	0·05	...	...	...	...	0·73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gop ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Satpara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·36	0·46	0·55	...	...	0·11	0·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nayagarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ranpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Karmala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·17	...	0·65	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Banki ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	0·01	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dharmsala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Salipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pal Lahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Soro ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jellasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Baripada ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kukrahaty ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dantoon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	24-Parganas...	Diamond Harbour.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Alipore (Observatory.)	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barrackpore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ulubaria ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·01	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hooghly ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jahánabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·21	0·04	...	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chuadanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Meherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·29	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nakipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rampal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jhenidah ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·28	...	...	0·01	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Magura ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bangaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Katwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·01	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mankur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hetampur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rampur Hât	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Berhampore...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jangipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Patkabari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·16	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bogra ...	Sherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bogra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nator ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Naugaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Lalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Manda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Bengal in November 1893.

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th October 1893 to 30th November 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to 30th November.	Station.	District.	Meteorological division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	2·95	Nil	2·30	Nil	7·30	6·84	Puri ...	Puri ...	ORISSA.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2·50	0·25	1·64	0·15	6·11	4·60	Khurda.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3·00	0·66	3·00	0·60	9·03	5·68	Banpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2·85	0·78	2·24	0·73	4·79	6·65	False Point.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	4·20	?	*Gop.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	?	1·81	?	0·55	7·97	?	*Satpara.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	7·25	?	*Pipli*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil		?	Nayagarh.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·12	?	0·12	6·50	?	Ranpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	0·87	?	0·65	6·43	?	Kurmala.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·89	0·15	1·16	0·10	1·98	3·96	Jagatsingpur	Cuttack.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	2·86	0·09	2·00	0·05	6·51	4·02	Banki.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	2·00	Nil	1·13	Nil	4·69	3·92	Cuttack.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·95	0·12	0·86	0·12	3·30	3·94	Kendrapara.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	2·00	Nil	0·68	Nil	4·52	2·75	Jajpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	6·47	?	*Dharmsala.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·71	?	*Salipur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	0·82	?	Pal Lahera.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	4·65	?	Akhyapada ...	Balasore.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	2·00	Nil	1·52	Nil	3·35	3·66	Chandbali.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·80	0·20	0·98	0·20	5·95	2·90	Bhadrak.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·76	Nil	0·75	Nil	4·36	2·63	Soro.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·70	0·07	0·91	0·04	4·47	3·38	Balasore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·06	0·14	0·42	0·14	1·52	1·34	Jellasore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·55	Nil	0·98	Nil	5·47	1·93	Baripada.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·20	Nil	0·66	Nil	4·77	5·25	Contai ...	Midnapore ...	SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·80	Nil	0·35	Nil	2·65	2·64	Tamluk.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·90	0·05	0·23	0·05	3·43	2·12	Midnapore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·71	0·07	0·12	0·04	4·32	0·60	Ghatal.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·92	?	*Kukrahaty.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·20	?	0·20	4·51	?	*Garhbeta.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	5·72	?	Panskura.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	4·45	?	Dantoon.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·55	0·04	0·65	0·04	2·69	5·01	Saugor Island.	24-Parganas.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·30	Nil	0·38	Nil	4·33	2·59	Diamond Harbour.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·50	?	0·50	2·61	?	*Canning Town.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·95	0·03	0·33	0·03	2·21	2·29	Alipore (Observatory.)		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·10	0·05	0·50	0·05	2·29	1·84	Barrackpore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·00	Nil	0·24	Nil	2·74	1·96	Dum-Dum.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·00	Nil	0·31	Nil	1·67	2·20	Barasat.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·00	Nil	0·38	Nil	1·11	2·19	Basirhat.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·00	Nil	0·33	Nil	2·52	2·21	Howrah ...	Howrah.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·87	0·04	0·48	0·03	2·24	1·38	Mohesreka		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·02	?	0·02	1·83	?	*Ulubaria.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·00	0·03	0·21	0·02	3·10	1·87	Serampore ...	Hooghly.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·80	0·06	0·23	0·03	2·13	1·56	Hooghly.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·63	Nil	0·25	Nil	3·32	1·95	Jahanabad.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·80	Nil	0·38	Nil	1·15	1·80	Rangahat ...	Nadia.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·70	0·26	0·34	0·21	2·33	1·32	Krishnagar.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·60	0·31	0·47	0·31	1·10	2·12	Chuadanga.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·75	0·36	0·14	0·30	1·06	1·59	Meherpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·85	0·30	0·26	0·20	1·67	2·46	Kushtia.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·20	Nil	0·38	Nil	2·24	2·10	Satkhira ...	Khulna.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·21	Nil	0·64	Nil	3·20	2·98	Bagerhat.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·11	0·12	0·41	0·12	1·12	2·30	Khulna.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·87	?	*Nakipur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·43	?	*Rampal.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·89	0·12	0·40	0·08	0·92	2·20	Narail ...	Jessore.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·05	0·04	0·32	0·02	0·61	2·44	Jessore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·11	0·32	0·30	0·28	1·19	2·19	Jhenidah		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·05	0·08	0·22	0·08	1·36	1·60	Magura.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·85	0·04	0·30	0·04	0·65	2·12	Bangaon		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·75	Nil	0·39	Nil	2·40	1·71	Kalna ...	Burdwan.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·75	0·18	0·31	0·14	2·22	2·18	Burdwan.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·55	0·05	0·25	0·04	1·93	2·03	Katwa.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·60	0·02	0·20	0·01	1·65	1·42	Raniganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·04	?	*Mankur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·75	0·18	0·25	0·16	2·54	1·99	Bankura ...	Bankura.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·73	Nil	0·37	Nil	3·43	1·51	Vishnupur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·89	0·07	0·36	0·07	1·52	1·71	Maliara.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·60	Nil	0·90	Nil	1·66	2·03	Khatra.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·60	?	*Indas.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	7·72	?	*Kotalpur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·19	?	0·19	2·79	?	*Onda.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·44	?	*Gangajalghati.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·57	?	*Raipur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·87	?	*Sonamukhi.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·80	Nil	0·12	Nil	1·09	1·78	Suri ...	Birbhum.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·93	Nil	0·12	Nil	1·87	0·82	Hetampur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·71	Nil	0·16	Nil	2·32	1·68	Rampur Hât.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·30	?	*Bolpore.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	0·69	?	*Morari.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·73	Nil	0·32	Nil	1·25	1·36	Kandi ...	Murshidabad.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·50	Nil	0·25	Nil	1·81	1·61	Berhampore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·77	Nil	0·34	Nil	2·08	1·48	Lalbagh.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·50	Nil	0·19	Nil	1·24	1·45	Azimganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·50	Nil	0·10	Nil	3·18	1·56	Jangipur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·59	Nil	0·21	Nil	1·40	1·83	Lalgola.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·34	?	*Akhriganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·00	?	*Patkabari.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·85	0·24	0·15	0·16	2·10	1·89	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	NORTH BENGAL.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·80	0·16	0·38	0·09	4·26	2·29	Sirajganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·86	Nil	0·57	Nil	4·45	2·21	Sherpur ...	Bogra.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·64	Nil	0·53	Nil	5·76	2·29	Nowkhilla.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·50	Nil	0·27	Nil	2·87	1·86	Bogra.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·36	Nil	0·02	Nil	2·98	1·20	Panchbibi.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·45	Nil	0·14	Nil	2·42	1·51	Boalia ...	Rajshahi.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·55	Nil	0·26	Nil	2·37	1·88	Nator		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·57	Nil	0·17	Nil	3·40	0·61	*Naugaon.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·07	?	0·07	1·29	?	*Lalpur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·38	?	*Manda.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Stati

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
NORTH BENGAL—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sibganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dinajpur ...	Mahadebpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Churamon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Baloorghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Thakurgaon...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gaebanda*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Peergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kurignon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gobindganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sunderganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Falacotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·65	...	...	...
	Kuch Bihar ...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	0·30	0·62	...	...	...
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mungpoo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	British Bhutan	Pedong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·09	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...
	Sikkim ...	Gnatong ...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·39	0·47	...	0·25	...	0·05	0·07	...	0·02	...	0·04
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chittagong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kutubdia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Satkanya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kodala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Fenoa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mirsarai ...	...	...	...	...	00·5	0·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bandarban ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03
		Demagri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Backergunge...	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bhola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Doulatkhan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bauphal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Fenny ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Harishpur ...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09
		Ramganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Faridpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·02	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dacca ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Narainganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Manikganj	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Joydebpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tippera	Agartola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ramchandrapur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nasirnagar...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kasba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Laksham ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mymensingh..	Kishoreganj	...	...	...	...	...	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jamalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Netrokona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Subarnakhali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Durgapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sherpur Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Purnea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gondwara (Korah).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bongaon (*Syfabad*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·01	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Bengal in November 1893—*continued.*

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th October to 31st October 1893.	Average rainfall since 16th October to 31st October.	Station.	District.	Meteorological Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·35	Nil	0·16	Nil	4·18	1·80	Malda ..	Malda ..	NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·36	Nil	0·21	Nil	2·08	0·87	Chanchal.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	3·64	?	*Gajol.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	3·80	?	*Sibganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·50	Nil	0·10	Nil	3·17	0·89	Mahadebpur ..	Dinajpur.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·27	Nil	0·18	Nil	3·58	0·73	Churamon.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·36	Nil	0·09	Nil	2·70	0·51	Raiganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·30	Nil	0·09	Nil	1·83	2·00	Dinajpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·29	Nil	0·12	Nil	2·76	0·91	Balughat.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·65	?	*Thakurgaon.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·32	Nil	0·11	Nil	3·63	1·75	Bhawaniganj. (*Gaibanda*).	Rangpur.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·10	Nil	1·24	2·74	Rangpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·75	?	Pirganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·53	1·15	Kurigram.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·91	?	Gobindganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·20	Nil	0·02	Nil	2·32	1·19	Bazdogra. (*Nilphamari.*)		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·61	?	*Ulipur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·97	?	Sunderganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·18	0·21	2	0·15	0·39	0·10	0·21	3·09	2·85	Jalpaiguri ..	Jalpaiguri.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	1	?	0·45	?	0·45	1·38	?	*Alipore Duar.*		
...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	0·45	...	...	2	?	0·56	?	0·45	2·06	?	*Falacotta.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·71	?	*Debiganj.*		
...	...	...	...	0·25	...	...	...	0·26	1·07	4	?	2·23	?	1·07	3·49	?	*Bhagatpur* (*Nagrakatta*).		
...	...	...	...	0·45	...	...	...	...	0·37	2	0·36	0·82	0·06	0·45	3·34	1·66	Dinhatta ..	Kuch Bihar.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·26	1	0·37	0·26	0·07	0·26	5·04	1·75	Kuch Bihar.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·07	Nil	3·98	1·55	Mekliganj.		
...	...	...	...	0·23	...	...	...	...	1·45	2	0·36	1·68	0·08	1·45	5·01	1·55	Matabhanga.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	0·26	4	1·00	1·51	0·47	0·62	5·71	4·56	Buxa ..	Darjeeling.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·33	1	0·57	0·33	0·32	0·33	6·02	0·89	Siliguri.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	0·10	2	0·40	0·38	0·13	0·12	5·85	4·28	Darjeeling.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·39	1	0·71	1·34	0·25	1·39	4·75	0·57	Kalimpong.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·01	...	Nil	?	0·04	?	0·03		?	Mungpoo.		
...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	0·09	1	?	0·24	?	0·15	3·21	?	Kurseong.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·07	1	?	1·26	?	1·07	5·08	?	Pedong ...	British Bhutan	
[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·23	0·20	6	?	1·92	?	0·47	9·28	?	Gnatong ...	Sikkim.	
[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2·15	0·76	2·68	0·75	6·41	5·92	Cox's Bazar ..	Chittagong ...	EAST BENGAL.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·90	Nil	1·59	Nil	5·87	3·32	Chittagong.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	5·72	?	*Kutubdia.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?		?	Nil	5·06	?	*Satkania.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	Kodala.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	Fenoa.		
[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	Mitsarai.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		?		?			?	Chandpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·85	Nil	1·95	Nil	5·31	4·03	Rangamati ...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·03	?	0·03	4·35	?	*Bandarban* ...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·08	?	0·08	4·39	?	Demagiri.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·28	Nil	1·66	Nil	6·11	3·55	Patuakhali ...	Backergunge.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·45	Nil	1·21	Nil	4·23	3·25	Pirojpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·45	Nil	1·25	Nil	6·09	3·18	Barisal.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	3·68	?	*Gournaddi.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·54	Nil	1·56	Nil	4·68	3·22	Bhola.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	6·95	?	*Doulatkhan.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	8·78	?	*Bauphal.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·55	0·05	1·82	0·05	10·15	3·82	Noakhali ..	Noakhali.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2·28	0·20	3·22	0·20	6·81	4·79	Fenny.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	0·95	?	0·69	9·42	?	*Harishpur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	6·35	?	*Ramganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·85	Nil	0·44	Nil	1·88	1·79	Madaripur ..	Faridpur.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·10	0·05	0·35	0·05	1·35	2·23	Faridpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·00	0·18	0·33	0·18	1·63	2·09	Goalundo.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·63	0·02	0·84	0·02	3·20	2·80	Munshiganj ...	Dacca.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·15	Nil	0·50	Nil	2·85	1·61	Dacca.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·71	0·06	1·28	0·06	3·54	3·45	Narainganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1·00	0·14	0·46	0·13	2·41	2·02	Manikganj.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·03	?	0·03	4·45	?	*Joydebpur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·55	Nil	0·84	Nil	2·45	3·04	Agartola ..	Hill Tippera.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·89	0·06	0·94	0·06	7·36	2·11	Comilla ..	Tippera.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·67	Nil	0·56	Nil	2·79	2·00	Chandpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·05	Nil	0·57	Nil	1·78	2·18	Brahmanbaria.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·12	?	*Ramchandrapur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	3·25	?	*Nasirnagar.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	3·77	?	*Daudkandi.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	0·80	?	*Kasba.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	5·60	?	*Laksham.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·00	0·08	0·41	0·08	3·76	1·79	Kishoreganj.	Mymensingh.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·70	0·23	0·25	0·23	1·88	2·14	Atia (*Tangail*).		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·80	0·23	0·39	0·16	6·62	2·46	Mymensingh.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·60	Nil	0·23	Nil	4·45	2·09	Jamalpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·71	0·27	0·37	0·27	1·91	2·56	Netrokona.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	3·74	?	*Subrnakhali.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·70	?	*Durgapur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	3·43	?	*Sherepur Town.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	4·05	?	*Dewanganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·26	Nil	0·05	Nil	2·27	1·2[illegible]	Kishanganj ...	Purnea ...	NORTH BEHAR.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·05	Nil	2·25	1·2[illegible]	Araria.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·20	0·02	0·08	0·02	3·45	1·70	Purnea.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·50	?	*Goudwara* (*Korah*).		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·18	?	*Barsoe.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·79	?	*Forbesganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·31	?	*Kaliaganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·25	0·05	0·06	0·05	2·00	1·44	Madhipura ...	Bhagalpur.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·02	?	Bangaon. (*Sylabad*).		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·04	Nil	3·20	1·05	Supaul.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	3·02	?	*Pratabganj.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·30	0·03	0·27	0·02	2·79	1·15	Bhagalpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·40	Nil	0·13	Nil	1·95	1·54	Banka.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·66	?	*Colgong.*		

Table of Rainfall recorded at Station[s]

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
NORTH BIHAR—*concld.*	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·01	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rosera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Muzaffarpur	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Paru	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mahua (Chitwara).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Siuhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Annaur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·38	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mohaniah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sikroul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bassawan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	0·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Gaya ...	Aurungabad...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Nawada ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pakri Barawan.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gogri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sheikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sonthal Parganas.	Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Belbadda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	*Nanihat* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Semtagurah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Mahudi Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jhoomrah Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Karagdeha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ramghar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·07	0·03	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Silli ...	...		...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Palket ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sirguja ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·60	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jashpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	0·01	...	0·09	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	0·23	...	...	...	0·13	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Palamau ...	Palamau (Daltonganj).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Balumath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Husainabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Garwah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·09	0·25	...	0·18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·06	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chakradharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Ghatsila ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gailkura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Manbhum ...	Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Raghunathpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Barrabhum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	Keonjhur ...	...	...	...	...	...	0·05	0·01	0·02	0·08	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Anundpur ...																			
		Talcher ...																			
		Narsingpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Angul ...																			
		Dhenkanal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Bispara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·50	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Kunjabangar																			
		Baramba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	North Lushai	Fort Angul ...																			

in Bengal in November 1893—*concluded.*

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	Number of rainy days.	Average number of rainy days.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total rainfall from 16th November to 30th November 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th November to 30th November.	Station.	District.	Meteorological Division.
0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·25	0·10	0·39	0·06	2·74	0·89	Tajpur ...	Darbhanga.	NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*
0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·15	0·07	0·06	0·03	9·39	0·89	Darbhanga.		
0·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·11	0·15	0·03	0·15	5·88	0·73	Madhubani.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil		?	*Bahera.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil		?	*Rosera.*		
0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·11	0·54	0·01	0·47	9·58	0·65	Sitamarhi ...	Muzaffarpur.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·42	0·06	0·09	0·06	10·37	1·36	Muzaffarpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·42	0·02	0·14	0·02	4·74	0·86	Hajipur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil		?	*Paru.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	3·87	?	*Mahua* (*Chitwara.*)		
0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·20	?	0·15	7·74	?	*Shiuhar.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil		?	*Pupri.*		
0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·17	0·10	0·02	0·06	8·50	0·39	Motihari ...	Champaran.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·11	0·04	0·01	0·04	8·74	0·24	Bettiah.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·15	?	0·15	7·02	?	*Bagaha.*		
0·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·26	?	0·19	7·63	?	*Burhurwa.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·33	0·10	0·13	0·10	5·96	0·25	Gopalganj ...	Saran.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·45	0·38	0·11	0·38	9·19	1·18	Siwan.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	4·25	?	Ekma.		
0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·40	0·44	0·29	0·38	4·67	1·13	Chapra.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	5·80	?	Sreepore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·30	?	0·30	3·24	?	Annaur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	1·05	?	1·05		?	Basantpur.		
0·34	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·35	0·78	0·17	0·38	9·25	1·28	Buxar ...	Shahabad ...	SOUTH BIHAR.
0·07	0·32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·57	0·56	0·25	0·32	5·87	1·18	Dehri.		
0·50	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	0·41	1·42	0·49	0·60	5·48	1·52	Bhabhua.		
...	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·55	1·13	0·21	0·70	6·73	1·40	Sasaram.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·40	0·36	0·15	0·18	3·62	1·01	Arrah.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·39	?	0·39	4·55	?	*Mohaniah.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·55	?	0·55	7·45	?	*Khiri.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·10	?	0·10	5·98	?	*Ageaon.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·82	?	*Ramagar.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·40	?	0·40		?	*Koath.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·30	?	0·30	4·60	?	*Sikroul.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	0·33	?	0·22	6·72	?	*Bassawan.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·55	?	0·55	6·15	?	*Monaharpur.*		
...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·47	0·10	0·24	0·06	3·47	0·67	Aurungabad ...	Gaya.	
...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·60	0·09	0·27	0·06	2·52	1·11	Gaya.		
...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·40	0·05	0·19	0·03	2·05	0·94	Nawada.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·35	0·05	0·25	0·05	2·99	0·92	Jahanabad.		
0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·02	?	0·02	6·24	?	*Arwal.*		
0·03	0·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·26	?	0·19	4·01	?	*Daudnagar.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·34	?	*Sherghati.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·68	?	*Rajauli.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·46	?	*Pakri Barawan.*		
0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·35	0·10	0·15	0·05	5·51	1·24	Patna	Patna.	
0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·30	0·16	0·14	0·11	9·50	1·17	Dinapore.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·35	0·06	0·24	0·06	1·43	1·38	Bihar.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·40	Nil	0·23	Nil	1·14	1·36	Barh.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	4·39	?	*Bickram.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·10	?	0·10	2·32	?	*Hilsa.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·40	Nil	0·29	Nil	1·23	1·53	Begusarai ...	Monghyr.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·30	Nil	0·14	Nil	1·98	1·30	Monghyr.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·46	Nil	0·09	Nil	1·90	0·08	Jamui.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	Nil	?	*Gogri.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·12	?	*Sheikpura.*		
...	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·01	?	0·01	1·86	?	*Chahai Bamda.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·06	?	0·06	1·32	?	Chupreon.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·37	Nil	0·13	Nil	3·52	1·24	Rajmahal ...	Sonthal Perganas.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·44	Nil	0·10	Nil	2·32	1·08	Godda.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·50	Nil	0·08	Nil	2·78	1·06	Pakour.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·42	Nil	0·18	Nil	1·17	1·52	Naya Dumka.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·55	Nil	0·16	Nil	1·63	1·91	Deoghur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·81	Nil	0·29	Nil	3·15	1·12	Jamtara.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·58	?	*Belbadda.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	Nil	?	*Nanihat.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·75	Nil	0·22	Nil	3·24	1·24	Pachamba ... (*Giridih*).	Hazaribagh ...	CHOTA NAGPUR.
...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·75	0·09	0·26	0·04	5·12	1·12	Hazaribagh.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·17	Nil	0·32	Nil	3·69	0·64	Samtagurah.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·00	Nil	0·46	Nil	3·22	0·73	Mahudi Hills.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·00	Nil	0·48	Nil	2·70	1·17	Jhoomrah Hills		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·97	?	*Barhi.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·05	?	0·05	3·18	?	*Chatra.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·03	?	0·03	1·64	?	*Karagdeha.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	5·30	?	*Ramghar.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·17	0·16	0·50	0·09	3·18	1·33	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·85	0·12	0·40	0·07	3·58	1·28	Ranchi.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				?		?			?	*Silli.*		
...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·13	?	0·10	1·73	?	Palkot.		
...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	?	1·02	?	0·60	2·73	?	Sirguja.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·14	?	0·09	3·26	?	Jashpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	0·33	?	0·23	2·09	?	Gangpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0·75	0·25	0·45	0·13	2·34	1·22	Palamau (Daltonganj).	Palamau.	
...	0·21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·11	?	0·11	1·99	?	*Balumat.*		
...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	0·41	?	0·21	5·14	?	*Husainabad.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	0·59	?	0·35	3·44	?	*Garwah.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	1·00	0·11	0·24	0·06	0·87	1·50	Chaibassa ...	Singhbhum.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·04	?	0·04	0·24	?	*Chakradharpur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?		?			?	*Ghatsila.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·19	?	0·19	3·26	?	*Baharagura.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·20	?	0·20	1·50	?	Gailkura.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	7·75	?	Kalikapur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·90	Nil	0·21	Nil	1·94	1·18	Purulia ...	Manbhum.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·50	Nil	0·15	Nil	3·85	1·18	Gobindpur.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	1·67	?	*Raghunathpur.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·02	?	*Barrabhum.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·48	?	*Jhalda.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·53	?	*Chas.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	4·34	?	*Pandra.*		
...	...	...	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	0·19	?	0·08	2·40	?	Keonjhur ...	Orissa Tributary Mahals.	
																	Anandapur.		
																	Talcher.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	2·99	?	Narsingpur.		
																	Angul.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	4·01	?	Dhenkanal.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	?	0·70	?	0·50	1·50	?	Bispara.		
																	Kunjabongar.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	?	0·12	?	0·12	4·15	?	Baramba.		
																	Fort Angul ...	North Lushai.	

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL, AND OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN ASSAM, FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1893.

THE principal features which have characterised the meteorology of November have been:—

1. Pressure has been in excess of the normal in each week of the month, and the mean excess has varied from 0·04 " to 0·07 "

2. Temperature was nearly normal for the first ten days, and then became rather excessive, and for the period from about the 18th to the 25th the mean temperature was about 3° higher than usual. This excess, however, quickly decreased towards the end of the month, and the average excess for the whole of November equalled about a degree.

3. Humidity and cloud proportion were decidedly higher than usual for the greater part of the month, and the mean monthly amounts were in moderate excess.

4. Rainfall was almost absent for the greater part of the month, though a few unimportant showers fell during certain periods of disturbance. The total falls for the month in most districts have not averaged more than a tenth of one inch, and the highest only a fifth of an inch in South Bihar. Hence rainfall has been less than the normal amount, except in Bihar, where very small excess falls have been registered.

5. The weather during the month has been far less settled than usual, owing to the existence of several storms which formed over the sea area. One cyclonic storm formed in the south of the Bay and struck the Madras Coast to the south of Madras on the 6th, when the disturbed conditions due to the breaking up of the storm, advanced northwards over Bengal. A severe cyclonic storm from the Arabian Sea struck the coast of Kathiawar near Veraval on the 20th, and the disturbed conditions from this spread over the whole of Northern India, Bihar, &c. Another small cyclonic storm formed in the south of the Bay and crossed the south of the Peninsula on the 24th. Lastly, slightly disturbed conditions existed in the hills to the north of Bengal towards the close of the month. All of these disturbances affected the weather in Bengal, and hence conditions in Bengal were unusually disturbed during November.

The meterology of November in Bengal calls for little detailed review. For the first few days weather was of fine settled character in Bengal, though in the south of the Bay a feeble storm had commenced to form. This advanced slowly towards the Madras Coast, and on the 4th was at some little distance from it, and was still probably only of little importance. On the 5th a brisk fall of pressure occurred in the south-west of the Bay, and a very distinct barometric depression was formed, the centre of which was lying off the South Madras Coast. Conditions having thus become more seriously disturbed over the Bay, weather in Bengal also became a little more unsettled, and the sky clouded over rapidly at the southern stations From the 5th to the 6th the small storm advanced in a westerly or north-westerly direction, and struck the Madras Coast a little to the south of Madras, probably close to the Seven Pagodas, shortly before 8 A.M. on the 6th. The barometric depression at the centre was considerable, and the storm, though small, was accompanied by a severe gale of wind, very high sea and heavy rain. The depression apparently broke up as a separate storm on striking the coast, but the disturbed conditions due to its disintegration steadily and rather rapidly spread northwards. A moderate wave of humid monsoon winds advanced along the west coast of the Bay, and gave heavily clouded skies with rain at first in Orissa and over the southern parts of Bengal from the 6th to the 8th and 9th; and then as the moist winds again advanced northwards over the province, rainfall extended to Chota Nagpur and Bihar, the rain being reported over the last district, principally on the 9th instant. As the wave of humid winds advanced up the west coast of the Bay, it did not penetrate to any great extent over either East or North Bengal, which districts therefore received very little rain. This advance of humid winds was only temporary and was soon overcome by the superior force of the winds from Upper India, and it was soon driven back towards the Bay by the dry north-westerly and northerly current from Northern India, and on the 11th the rainfall over the province had practically ceased.

Conditions in Bengal therefore from about the 6th to the 11th, were very abnormal, and for the greater part of the time the sky was heavily clouded, the air was unusually damp, the day temperatures were comparatively low, and the night temperatures high, and rain was received in most districts on one or two days.

For the period from the 11th to the 18th weather was generally fine and of ordinary north-east monsoon character, and only a few showers occurred in Orissa and in the hills to the north of Bengal. The humid winds brought up by the storm in the Bay had completely retreated from Bengal, though temperature, humidity, and cloud proportion were still somewhat higher than usual. At this time weather conditions in Bengal again became disturbed, the disturbance being due to the formation and of advance of two storms. The first storm formed in the Arabian Sea, probably about the 17th, and rapidly increased in intensity. It moved in a northerly and north-easterly of direction, and struck the Kathiawar coast near Veraval on the 20th. The disturbed conditions and rainfall due to this storm spread in an easterly direction over Central India and the North-Western Provinces, and reached Bihar, and on the 21st and 22nd moderate showers were reported over this area, while more or less disturbed and cloudy weather prevailed over a large part of Bengal. The disturbed conditions at this time were increased by the existence of a storm in the south of the Bay, which formed on the 19th or 20th and advanced slowly in a westerly direction, crossing the south of the Peninsula on the 24th.

It will be thus seen that weather conditions generally during the period from the 18th to the 25th were very decidedly disturbed by the existence of the two storms. Hence, as is

usual during disturbed weather, temperature and humidity were decidedly high in Bengal; the sky was also much more clouded than usual during the north-east monsoon months, and light showers fell in many districts. From about the 25th instant, however, the disturbed conditions due to the two storms were very rapidly passing away, and from the 25th to the close of the month fine settled weather of ordinary north-east monsoon conditions obtained.

Pressure.—At the commencement of the month was above the normal by about 0·06" to 0·1". In the second week the excess had increased to 0·07" to 0·11", but it then diminished and equalled about 0·05" for the next fortnight, and at the close of the month it had still further decreased and equalled about 0·02" to 0·04". For the whole month the mean excess has usually ranged between 0·04" and 0·07", and the smallest excess pressures have been shown in Orissa and parts of Bihar, while the largest excess pressures have been registered in the extreme east and extreme west of the province, where Sibsagar on the one hand and Ranchi on the other have registered an excess of 0·075".

Temperature was almost normal up to about the 18th, but from the 18th to the 25th it was in excess by about 3°, and from the 25th to the end of the month by about half a degree. For the whole month the average excess in the mean temperature has equalled 1°.

This excess has, however, been almost entirely confined to the night or minimum temperatures, which for the month have been from about 1° to 3° in excess. On the other hand, at the great majority of stations the average day or maximum temperatures for the month have been slightly below the normal, the defect usually equalling about a degree.

Rainfall.—The largest average divisional fall has only equalled 0·22 inch in South Bihar. In Orissa, North Bengal and North Bihar the falls have averaged from a fifth to a tenth of an inch, and in the remaining divisions the falls for the month have been less than a tenth of an inch. The only division receiving a fall in excess of the usual amount for November has been Bihar, and in this division the Shahabad district has received the largest amount of 0·85 inch. In the remaining districts a fall of 0·89 inch is reported in Darjeeling, one of 0·69 inch in Kuch Bihar, and one of 0·42 inch in Puri.

The following table gives in a condensed form the rainfall information for each of the seven large meteorological divisions of Bengal for the present year up to the close of November. The numbers there given as in the case of the former months of the year are the actual average rainfalls in each division expressed as a percentage of the normal fall for the period, and the last column also gives the total rainfall up to the close of November expressed in the same way. The rainfall for the year, it will be seen, has been rather largely in excess of the normal in all divisions.

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	Actual rainfall of first eleven months of 1893 expressed as a percentage of the normal fall for the period.
Orissa	422	309	238	89	607	99	67	84	186	102	12	144
South-West Bengal ...	120	464	160	115	225	183	94	64	123	108	18	129
North Bengal ...	104	377	145	213	96	100	166	90	100	105	82	116
East Bengal ...	80	291	123	149	207	134	103	100	85	131	8	122
North Bihar ...	170	357	134	208	84	100	151	85	143	158	133	125
South Bihar ...	115	602	188	255	171	156	122	74	132	122	110	125
Chota Nagpur ...	155	585	226	151	212	185	121	72	170	147	21	140

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the month of November 1893:—

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISIONS.	TEMPERATURE.						RAINFALL.							
	Highest observed during month.	Lowest observed during month.	Averages for month.			Average mean of month above or below normal mean of month.	Of month.			Rainy days.			Since 16th Oct. 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in month.	Normal average number in month.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	87·7	55·5	82·9	67·7	75·3	+0·6	0·16	1·36	−1·20	0·53	2·12	−1·59	5·13	3·86
South-West Bengal	87·3	55·5	81·7	64·9	73·6	+0·3	0·06	0·33	−0·27	0·17	0·88	−0·71	2·12	2·03
North Bengal	85·8	54·8	81·4	62·5	72·0	+1·0	0·14	0·17	−0·03	0·53	0·41	+0·12	3·14	1·59
East Bengal	87·6	58·0	82·4	65·9	74·1	+0·6	0·09	1·07	−0·98	0·28	1·35	−1·07	4·11	2·90
North Bihar	84·8	40·9	80·3	61·3	70·8	+1·0	0·12	0·09	+0·03	0·39	0·25	+0·14	5·44	1·00
South Bihar	85·8	49·0	80·9	61·4	71·2	+1·0	0·22	0·20	+0·02	0·55	0·43	+0·12	3·60	1·22
Chota Nagpur	85·2*	50·2*	79·1*	60·4*	69·8*	+2·2*	0·07	0·34	−0·27	0·27	0·90	−0·63	3·07	1·15
Assam	89·5	52·7	80·1	63·1	71·5	−0·1								

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 12th December 1893.

A. PEDLER,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

2612 SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, DECEMBER 13, 1893.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri ...	30·094?	30·049?	—	N	223	83·2	8th Dec.	62·1	9th Dec.	82·3	64·0	73·2
		Gopalpore ...	30·098	30·060	+·059	NNW	257	81·7	3, 4, 6 & 8th ,,	59·6	9th ,,	81·2	62·1	71·7
		False Point ...	30·100	30·063	+·061	N	182	80·4	6th ,,	52·5	9th ,,	79·5	58·6	69·1
	Cuttack	Cuttack ...	30·037	30·062	+·062	Calm	42	83·3	7th ,,	58·3	9th ,,	82·4	60·6	71·5
	Balasore	Balasore ...	30·072	30·077	+·066	NWly	77	81·3	6th ,,	55·5	8 & 9th ,,	79·9	57·2	68·6
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore ...	29·991	30·093	+·077	N	46	80·3	5, 6 & 9th ,,	54·2	8th ,,	79·8	57·6	68·8
	24-Parganas	Calcutta ...	30·107	30·075	+·066	NEly & calm.	27	77·7	4—7th ,,	55·7	8th ,,	77·3	59·4	68·4
		Saugor Island	30·096	30·066	+·065	NNE	223	78·7	5th ,,	57·9	8th ,,	77·7	61·0	69·3
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar ...	30·083	30·081	+·078	NWly	56	80·7	5th ,,	51·3	8th ,,	79·1	57·4	68·3
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore ...	30·095	30·076	+·077	NEly	45	81·6	5th ,,	53·5	9th ,,	79·9	57·6	68·8
	Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	30·042	30·093	+·078	N	52	80·1	5th ,,	56·6	8th ,,	78·8	58·9	68·9
		Raniganj ...	29·898	30·111	+·076	NWly	37	?	? ,,	53·6	8 & 9th ,,	?	56·1	?
	Bankura	Bankura ...	29·821	30·088	+·070	Calm	40	80·1	5th ,,	54·3	8th ,,	79·1	57·4	68·2
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore ...	30·075	30·094	+·075	N	38	78·9	5th ,,	54·4	9th ,,	77·6	58·3	68·0
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj ...	30·077	30·075	+·081	Calm	33	80·1	7th ,,	50·6	8th ,,	79·3	57·2	68·3
	Bogra ...	Bogra	30·060	30·077	+·107	NE	25	79·8	4th ,,	48·0	9th ,,	78·7	53·7	66·2
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	30·062	30·085	+·090	NNE	95	79·6	5th ,,	49·6	8th ,,	77·5	53·6	65·5
	Malda	Malda ...	30·078	30·114	—	NW	57	78·3	5th ,,	48·2	7th ,,	77·2	52·7	65·0
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur ...	30·027	30·111	+·103	NE	79	79·1	5th ,,	49·4	9th ,,	77·7	53·9	65·9
	Rangpur	Rangpur ...	30·031	30·115	+·088	Variable	78	77·8	5th ,,	48·4	9th ,,	76·8	52·3	64·6
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·877	30·132	+·108	NEly	51	77·9	6th ,,	46·6	7th ,,	76·6	50·2	63·5
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling ...	23·106	—	+·065	SEly	79	52·4	3rd ,,	33·4	9th ,,	49·9	35·6	42·8
	Sikkim	Gnatong ...	18·915	—	—	Variable	79	30·4	3rd ,,	14·6	8th ,,	36·1	17·7	26·9
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong ...	30·026?	30·063?	+·082?	NE	60	80·7	9th ,,	60·1	9th ,,	[illegible]	62·9	70·3?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri ...	Observations not received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal ...	30·080?	30·045?	+·065?	Calm	52	80·3	9th Dec.	54·0	8th ,,	8·2	60·6	69·4
	Noakhali	Noakhali ...	30·050	30·041	+·066	NE	53	80·7	8th ,,	57·4	9th ,,	79·2	62·2	70·7
	Faridpur	Faridpur ...	30·072	30·067	+·073	Calm	10?	77·5	4th ,,	55·0	9th ,,	74·1	59·3	66·7
	Dacca	Dacca ...	30·093	30·061	+·077	NNE	86	82·1	4th ,,	55·3	7th ,,	80·8	59·8	70·3
	Tippera	Comilla ...	30·079	30·064	+·079	Calm	34	81·4	3 & 7th ,,	56·5	9th ,,	80·0	59·5	69·8
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	30·066	30·079	+·088	ENE	60	79·2	7th ,,	51·6	7th ,,	78·0	56·3	67·2
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea ...	30·033	30·119	+·095	NEly	25	77·2	4 & 5th ,,	47·3	9th ,,	75·9	52·4	64·3
	Bhagalpur ...	Bhagalpur ...	29·991	30·112	+·087	Calm	17?	77·8	3 & 5th ,,	47·5	8th ,,	76·9	53·1	65·0
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga ...	30·004	30·134	+·086	Calm	18?	78·3	7th ,,	52·7	9th ,,	77·2	53·9	66·5
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·997	30·138	—	ESE	18	76·7	4—7 ,,	50·3	8 & 9th ,,	76·0	53·4	64·7
	Champaran	Motihari ...	29·929	30·125	+·095	WSW	37	78·7	7th ,,	47·9	8 & 9 ,,	77·5	51·2	64·3
	Saran	Chapra ...	29·993	30·135	+·127?	Variable	26	78·3	5th ,,	51·6	8th ,,	76·9	54·3	65·6
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri ...	29·814	30·149	+·093	SW	94	78·1	5 & 7th ,,	53·4	3rd ,,	77·3	55·1	66·2
		Buxar ...	29·930	30·136	+·086	SWly	41	79·6	6th ,,	54·4	8th ,,	77·7	55·6	66·7
		Arrah ...	29·974	30·128	+·107	Nly	28	78·8	7th ,,	50·9	8th ,,	77·7	53·0	65·4
	Gaya	Gaya ...	29·780	30·130	+·072	?	132	78·5	5 & 6th ,,	52·6	9th ,,	78·1	53·7	66·0
	Patna	Bankipore ...	29·983	30·128	+·075	Variable	30	77·4	5 & 6th ,,	51·4	8th ,,	76·2	56·8	66·5
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas ...	Naya Dumka ...	29·632	30·109	+·083	NNW	50	78·6	6th ,,	50·1	8 h ,,	77·2	54·6	65·9
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh ...	28·077	30·113	+·062	Calm	113	73·7	6th ,,	51·4	9th ,,	73·1	52·6	63·9
	Lohardaga	Ranchi ...	27·947	30·103	+·068	Calm	108	73·2	9th ,,	53·2	7th ,,	72·3	54·2	63·2
	Palamau	Daltonganj ...	29·413	30·139	—	Variable	21	77·4	6th ,,	40·5	8th ,,	76·7	50·6	63·7
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	29·352	30·098	+·075	Calm	6	80·3	6th ,,	52·3	8th ,,	79·2	54·8	67·0
	Manbhum													

* Means for 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period

The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 10

rainfall the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station

district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 9th of December 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					Of week.				Rainfall.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th October 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	District.
—	67·5	75	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·26	0·00	0.30	Nil	0·44	—0·44	6·83	7·07	—0·24	Puri.
+0·5	67·4	78	0·1	Nil											
+0·8	66·9	80	2·0	Nil											
+1·1	66·5	70	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·21	0·00	0·26	Nil	0·29	—0·29	4·20	4·54	—0·34	Cuttack.
+2·4	63·3	84	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·00	0·12	Nil	0·10	—0·10	4·21	3·14	+1·07	Balasore.
+1·7	64·3	72	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·13	0·00	0·12	Nil	0·13	—0·13	3·32	3·48	—0·16	Midnapore.
+0·5	64·1	85	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·16	0·00	0·17	Nil	0·16	—0·16	2·44	3·40	—0·96	24-Parganas.
+0·3	65·5	91	2·4	Nil											
					Nil	0·16	0·00	0·17	Nil	0·16	—0·16	2·38	2·33	+0·05	Howrah.
					Nil	0·12	0·00	0·12	Nil	0·12	—0·12	2·85	2·42	+0·43	Hooghly.
+1·8	63·8	83	2·1	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0·08	Nil	0·08	—0·08	1·47	2·19	—0·72	Nadia.
					Nil	0·24	0·00	0·17	Nil	0·25	—0·25	2·19	3·39	—1·20	Khulna.
+0·1	64·5	86	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·15	0·00	0·09	Nil	0·16	—0·16	0·95	2·72	—1·77	Jessore.
+0·6	63·7	78	2·9	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·00	0·10	Nil	0·11	—0·11	2·05	2·19	—0·14	Burdwan.
?	61·8	87	0·0	Nil											
+1·8	62·9	76	0·9	Nil	Nil	0·12	0·00	0·15	Nil	0·14	—0·14	2·29	2·33	—0·04	Bankura.
					Nil	0·09	0·00	0·14	Nil	0·09	—0·09	1·76	2·10	—0·34	Birbhum.
+0·6	60·8	91	1·6	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·00	0·12	Nil	0·10	—0·10	1·83	2·24	—0·41	Murshidabad.
+2·0	63·5	91	1·3	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·00	0·13	Nil	0·07	—0·07	3·17	2·61	+0·56	Pabna.
—0·1	60·9	85	1·0	Nil	0·05	0·09	0·25	0·12	0·05	0·09	—0·04	4·06	2·05	+2·01	Bogra.
+0·6	62·2	85	0·7	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·00	0·11	Nil	0·10	—0·10	2·73	1·[illegible]	+0·86	Rajshahi.
—	59·5	82	0	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·03	Nil	0·06	—0·06	3·14	1·56	+1·57	Malda.
+0·8	61·1	73	0	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·00	0·08	Nil	0·09	—0·09	2·81	1·51	+1·30	Dinajpur.
—0·6	59·5	84	0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·03	Nil	0·02	—0·02	1·79	2·11	—0·32	Rangpur.
—1·4	57·7	75	1·1	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·39	Nil	+0·39	3·09	3·01	+0·08	Jalpaiguri.
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	0·32	Nil	+0·32	4·34	1·86	+2·48	Kuch Bihar.
—2·0	41·4	58	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·04	0·52	0·02	+0·50	5·57	2·73	+2·84	Darjeeling.
—	26·8	?	2·3	Nil											Gnatong.
+0·2?	67·7	94	3·4	0·12	0·04	0·40	0·00	0·40	0·04	0·43	—0·39	6·18	5·37	+0·81	Chittagong.
					Nil	0·44	0·00	0·40	Nil	0·47	—0·47	5·31	4·61	+0·70	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+1·7	68·2	83	2·9	Nil	0·02	0·33	0·09	0·24	0·03	0·34	—0·31	5·30	3·24	+2·06	Backergunge.
+3·5	66·9	92	2·4	Nil	Nil	0·71	0·00	0·30	0·01	0·72	—0·71		5·03		Noakhali.
+0·2	66·5	85	1·1	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·00	0·12	0·01	0·10	—0·09	1·67	2·51	—0·84	Faridpur.
+0·6	64·8	84	2·4	Nil	Nil	0·17	0·00	0·23	Nil	0·17	—0·17	3·00	2·91	+0·09	Dacca.
+2·3	65·8	90	3·4	Nil	Nil	0·30	0·00	0·27	0·01	0·31	—0·30	3·60	3·04	+0·56	Tippera.
+0·8	62·1	82	0·7	Nil	0·04	0·10	0·50	0·16	0·04	0·10	—0·06	3·72	2·87	+0·85	Mymensingh.
—0·5	56·9	90	0	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·03	Nil	0·01	—0·01	2·67	1·59	+1·08	Purnea.
+1·7	60·6	79	0	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·03	Nil	0·01	—0·01	2·51	1·44	+1·07	Bhagalpur.
+0·5	59·4	86	0	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	Nil	0	6·03	1·00	+5·03	Darbhanga.
—	60·2	92	0	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	Nil	0	7·84	1·16	+6·68	Muzaffarpur.
+2·0	58·8	69	0	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·03	Nil	0·01	—0·01	8·62	0·51	+8·11	Champaran.
+3·5	62·3	83	0·6	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	Nil	0	5·86	0·99	+4·87	Saran.
?	63·6	77	0·0	Nil											
+3·4	64·5	76	5·6	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	Nil	0	6·25	1·33	+4·92	Shahabad.
+2·7	60·5	87	0·4	Nil											
+1·6	60·7	73	0	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	Nil	0	2·53	1·01	+1·52	Gaya.
+2·2	63·3	77	0	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	Nil	0	4·40	1·38	+3·02	Patna.
					Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	Nil	0	1·71	1·51	+0·20	Monghyr.
+1·8	60·6	79	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·00	0·10	Nil	0·05	—0·05	2·43	1·73	+0·70	Sonthal Parganas.
+1·2	65·3	72	0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·02	—0·02	3·57	1·48	+2·09	Hazaribagh.
+2·9	59·7	72	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·07	0·01	0·03	—0·02	3·36	1·70	+1·66	Lohardaga.
—	59·5	83	0	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·00	0·00	Nil	Nil	0	2·34	1·41	+0·93	Palamau.
+1·9	61·0	75	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·00	0·20	Nil	0·10	—0·10	0·87	2·17	—1·30	Singhbhum.
					Nil	0·06	0·00	0·10	0·01	0·07	—0·06	1·94	1·54	+0·40	Manbhum.

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater. The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 9th of December 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 3rd. Nov.	Monday, 4th.	Tuesday, 5th.	Wednesday, 6th.	Thursday, 7th.	Friday, 8th.	Saturday, 9th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th Oct. 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th Oct. to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri	Puri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·2[illegible]	Nil	0·67	7·30	[illegible]
		Khurda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·29	6·11	[illegible]
		Banpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·15	9·03	[illegible]
		False Point ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·59	Nil	0·65	4·79	[illegible]
		Gop ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·20	?
		Satpara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·97	?
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·25	?
		Nayagarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·50	?
		Ranpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·43	[illegible]
		Kurmala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·08	?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·33	6·51	[illegible]
		Banki ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·14	4·69	[illegible]
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·21	3·30	[illegible]
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·30	Nil	0·36	4·52	[illegible]
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·38	Nil	0·42	6·47	[illegible]
		Dharmsala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Salipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·82	?
		Pal Lahara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·26	?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·65	?
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·31	Nil	0·31	3·35	[illegible]
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·10	5·95	[illegible]
		Soro ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	4·36	[illegible]
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·20	4·47	[illegible]
		Jellasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·52	[illegible]
		Baripadah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5·47	[illegible]
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	0·19	4·77	[illegible]
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·12	2·65	[illegible]
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	3·43	[illegible]
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·13	4·32	[illegible]
		Kukrahaty ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·92	?
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·51	?
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Dantoon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45	?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	0·20	2·69	[illegible]
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·13	4·33	[illegible]
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·61	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·20	Nil	0·20	2·21	[illegible]
		Barrackpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·13	2·29	[illegible]
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·15	2·74	[illegible]
		Barasat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·14	1·67	[illegible]
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	Nil	0·18	1·11	[illegible]
	Howrah ...	Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·15	2·52	[illegible]
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·17	2·24	[illegible]
		Ulubaria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·83	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·13	3·10	[illegible]
		Hooghly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·17	2·13	[illegible]
		Jahanabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	3·32	[illegible]
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·14	1·15	[illegible]
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	2·33	[illegible]
		Chuadanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·09	1·10	[illegible]
		Meherpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·09	1·06	[illegible]
		Kushtia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	1·67	[illegible]
	Khulna	Satkhira	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·30	Nil	0·31	2·24	[illegible]
		Bagerhat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	Nil	0·19	3·20	[illegible]
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·23	Nil	0·24	1·12	[illegible]
		Nakipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	?
		Rampal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·43	?
	Jessore ...	Narail	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	Nil	0·18	0·92	[illegible]
		Jessore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·14	0·61	[illegible]
		Jhenidah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·14	1·19	[illegible]
		Magura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·11	1·36	[illegible]
		Bangaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·23	Nil	0·23	0·65	[illegible]
	Burdwan ...	Kalna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	Nil	0·18	2·40	[illegible]
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	2·22	[illegible]
		Katwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·06	1·93	[illegible]
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·12	1·65	[illegible]
		Mankur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·04	?
	Bankura.	Bankura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·09	2·56	[illegible]
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·12	3·45	[illegible]
		Maliara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·09	1·52	[illegible]
		Khatra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·23	1·66	[illegible]
		Indas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·60	?
		Kotalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·72	?
		Onda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·79	?
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·44	?
		Raipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·57	?
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·06	1·09	[illegible]
		Hetampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	1·87	[illegible]
		Rampur Hat...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·13	2·32	[illegible]
		Bolpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·30	[illegible]
		Murari	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·69	[illegible]
	Murshidabad	Kandi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·12	1·25	[illegible]
		Berhampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	1·81	[illegible]
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·14	2·08	[illegible]
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	1·24	[illegible]
		Jangipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	3·18	[illegible]
		Lalgola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	1·40	[illegible]
		Akhriganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	[illegible]
		Patkabari	...	0·35	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·35	?	0·35	?	1·35	[illegible]
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	2·10	[illegible]
		Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	4·26	[illegible]
	Bogra ..	Sherepore	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·20	0·11	0·20	0·11	4·65	[illegible]
		Nowkhilla	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	5·76	[illegible]
		Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	2·87	[illegible]
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·11	2·98	[illegible]
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	2·42	[illegible]
		Nattor ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·09	2·37	[illegible]
		Naugaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·14	3·40	[illegible]
		Lalpore ...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·10	?	0·10	?	1·30	[illegible]
		Manda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·33	[illegible]

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 9th of December 1893—*contd.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 3rd.	Monday, 4th.	Tuesday, 5th.	Wednesday, 6th.	Thursday, 7th.	Friday, 8th.	Saturday, 9th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
NORTH BENGAL—*concld.*	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·11	4·18	2·05
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·08	1·03
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·64	?
		Sitganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·80	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·10	3·17	1·13
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	3·38	0·96
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	2·70	0·94
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·03	1·83	2·47
		Balurghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·22	Nil	0·22	2·76	1·77
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·65	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	3·03	2·47
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	1·24	2·99
		Pirganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·75	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·56	1·56
		Gobindganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·31	?
		Bagdogra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	2·32	1·49
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·61	?
		Sunderganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·97	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·09	3·04
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·36	?
		Fallacotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·06	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·49	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·34	1·93
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5·04	1·93
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·98	1·75
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5·01	1·76
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	5·71	4·83
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	6·02	0·93
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	5·85	4·45
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	4·75	0·58
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·21	?
		Pedong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·03	?	5·11	?
EAST BENGAL	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	0·24	6·41	6·32
		Chittagong ...	...	0·01	0·03	...	...	0·03	...	Nil	0·07	0·61	0·07	0·02	5·94	4·08
		Kutubdia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Satkanya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·06	?
		Kodala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Fenoa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Mirsarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·32	?
		Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·44	Nil	0·47	5·31	4·68
		Bundarban ...	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	1	0·04	?	0·04	?	4·39	?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·41	Nil	0·43	6·11	4·50
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·22	Nil	0·23	4·23	4·03
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·27	Nil	0·28	6·09	3·99
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·68	?
		Bhola ...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·07	0·42	0·07	0·42	4·75	3·78
		Daulatkhan ...	...	0·16	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·16	?	0·16	?	7·11	?
		Bauphal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	8·78	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·53	Nil	0·53	10·15	4·67
		Fenny ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·89	Nil	0·89		5·88
		Harishpore ...	...	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·09	?	0·09	?	9·51	?
		Ramganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·35	?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·15	4·88	2·34
		Faridpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	1·35	2·65
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	1·63	2·34
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·26	Nil	0·26	3·20	3·41
		Dacca ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·09	2·85	1·90
		Narayanganj...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·26	Nil	0·26	3·54	3·72
		Manikganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	2·41	2·34
		Joydebpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·32	Nil	0·34	2·45	3·49
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·37	Nil	0·39	3·76	2·69
		Chandpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·31	Nil	0·31	2·79	2·64
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	0·20	1·78	2·63
		Ramchandra-pore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·12	?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·25	?
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·77	?
		Kasba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·80	?
		Laksham ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·60	?
	Mymensingh..	Kishorganj ...	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	0·04	0·10	0·04	0·19	3·80	2·10
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	0·17	...	...	...	...	...	1	0·17	0·07	0·17	0·07	2·05	2·74
		Mymensingh...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	6·62	2·94
		Jamalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·10	4·45	2·93
		Netrakona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·17	1·91	3·31
		Subornakhaliy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·74	?
		Durgapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·70	?
		Sherepore Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·43	?
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·05	?
NORTH BIHAR	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	2·27	1·44
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·25	1·35
		Purnea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	3·48	1·86
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·30	?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·18	?
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·79	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·31	?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·00	5·13
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·02	?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·29	1·16
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·02	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	2·79	1·27
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	1·95	1·71
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·03	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	2·74	1·12
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·39	0·99
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5·88	0·91
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Roshera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 9th of December 1893—*concld*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 3rd.	Monday, 4th.	Tuesday, 5th.	Wednesday, 6th.	Thursday, 7th.	Friday, 8th.	Saturday, 9th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	9·58	0·81
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	10·37	1·49
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	4·74	1·01
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·87	?
		Siuhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·74	?
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	8·50	[illegible]
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	8·74	[illegible]
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·02	?
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·62	?
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5·96	[illegible]
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	9·19	[illegible]
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·25	?
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	4·67	[illegible]
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·80	?
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·24	?
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	9·25	[illegible]
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5·87	[illegible]
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5·48	[illegible]
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	6·73	[illegible]
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·62	[illegible]
		Mohanea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·55	?
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·45	?
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·98	?
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·83	?
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Sikrosl ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·60	?
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·72	?
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·15	?
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·47	[illegible]
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·52	[illegible]
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·05	[illegible]
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·99	[illegible]
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·24	?
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·01	?
		Sherghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	?
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·68	?
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·46	?
	Patna ...	Patna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5·51	[illegible]
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	9·50	[illegible]
		Behar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·43	[illegible]
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·14	[illegible]
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·30	?
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·32	?
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·23	[illegible]
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·98	[illegible]
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1·90	[illegible]
		Goori ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·12	?
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·86	?
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·32	?
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·04	3·52	1·40
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	2·32	[illegible]
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	2·78	[illegible]
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·08	1·17	1·76
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	1·63	2·31
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·05	3·15	1·48
		Belbodda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·58	?
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	?
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·03	3·24	1·65
		Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	5·12	1·35
		Semtagurah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·01	3·59	1·06
		Mahudi Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·04	3·22	1·05
		Jhumra Hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·70	1·43
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·07	?
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·13	?
		Karapdaha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·64	?
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·30	?
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	3·18	[illegible]
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·05	3·58	[illegible]
		Silli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Palkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·73	?
		Tamar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?	?
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2·34	[illegible]
		Balumath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·90	?
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·14	?
		Garhwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·44	?
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·10	0·87	[illegible]
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·24	?
	Manbhum ...	*Ghatsila*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·36	[illegible]
		Gailkura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·50	[illegible]
		Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·70	[illegible]
		Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	1·98	[illegible]
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·05	3·85	[illegible]
		Raghunathpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·67	[illegible]
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·03	[illegible]
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·48	[illegible]
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·52	[illegible]
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·34	[illegible]

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting, the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 0·1 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the* 12*th December* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY, THE 9TH OF DECEMBER 1893.

THE changes during the week have been very small, and have been of a character to intensify the north-east monsoon conditions obtaining over Bengal. At the commencement of the week pressure and temperature were in excess of the normal by small to moderate amounts, and a rather light northerly wind current was reported in all districts. Pressure fell slowly on the 3rd on the first day of the week under review, and this fall continued on the 4th, but a rather brisk increase set in on the 5th, which continued on the 6th, but was succeeded on the 7th by a moderate fall, though on the 8th and 9th pressure was again increasing moderately. The effect of these changes was to make pressure in excess at the close of the week by about 0·11″ to 0·12″, and as the excess pressure in the south of the Bay was much smaller than this, baric gradients had become decidedly favourable for a strong north-east monsoon, and thus at the close of the week a moderately strong northerly wind current was blowing in all districts. Temperature also has been falling decidedly for the greater part of the week, and from being in excess at the commencement by nearly 2°, at its close the mean temperature had become in defect at all except the extreme south-eastern stations and at the western stations in Bihar, Chota Nagpur and Orissa. In the districts named moderate excess temperatures were still registered at the end of the week, but elsewhere the mean temperature was in defect by amounts ranging up to about 3° in North-East Bengal. In most districts also fine settled weather with nearly cloudless skies has prevailed for almost the whole week, but somewhat cloudy weather was reported in East and North Bengal on two or three days, and a few local showers, but of no practical importance, fell in these districts on the 4th and 5th. Fine settled and dry weather with rather low temperature and humidity therefore prevailed generally for the greater part of the week.

Pressure has been above the normal for the greater part of the week, and the average has shown an excess of about 0·06″ to 0·1″, the excess being largest at the northern stations and smallest in Orissa.

Temperature.—The mean temperature was in excess at the beginning and in defect of the normal at the close of the week. For the whole of the period an excess of 1·3° has been registered, the excess having been largest in South Bihar and Chota Nagpur, where it has equalled about 2°.

The actual temperatures registered during the week and their variations from the usual temperature for the present season are most clearly seen in the table below, where the average maximum, minimum and mean temperatures for the week at nine typical stations in different districts of the province are compared with the normal values for the same period. The variations it will be seen have been largest in the night or minimum temperatures, which have been rather considerably above the normal.

Table showing the excess or defect of the actual mean temperature from the normal for the week ending Saturday, the 9th of December 1893.

	Normal mean maximum temperature for the week ending 9th December.	Actual mean maximum temperature for the week ending 9th December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean minimum temperature for the week ending 9th December.	Actual mean minimum temperature for the week ending 9th December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean daily temperature for the week ending 9th December.	Actual mean daily temperature for the week ending 9th December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.
Cuttack	82·5	82·4	−0·1	58·4	60·6	+2·2	70·5	71·5	+1·0
Calcutta	77·2	77·3	+0·1	58·6	59·4	+0·8	67·9	68·4	+0·5
Dacca	80·2	80·8	+0·6	59·4	59·8	+0·4	60·8	70·3	+0·5
Burdwan	78·8	78·8	0	57·8	58·9	+1·1	68·3	68·9	+0·6
Patna	76·0	76·2	+0·2	52·7	56·8	+4·1	64·4	66·5	+2·1
Gaya	77·1	78·1	+1·0	51·5	53·7	+2·2	64·3	66·0	+1·7
Purnea	78·1	75·9	−2·2	51·3	52·4	+1·1	64·7	64·3	−0·4
Hazaribagh	72·1	73·1	+1·0	51·3	52·6	+1·3	61·7	62·9	+1·2
Darjeeling	51·2	49·9	−1·3	38·3	35·6	−2·7	44·8	42·6	−2·2

Rainfall.—Except for a few unimportant local showers in East and North Bengal, the whole province has been rainless during the week.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 9th of December 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th Oct. 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	83·3	52·5	81·1	60·5	70·8	+1·2	Nil	0·18	−0·18	0·00	0·22	−0·22	Nil	0·26	5·43	4·39
South-West Bengal ...	81·6*	51·3	78·7*	58·2	68·6*	+0·9*	Nil	0·13	−0·13	0·00	0·14	−0·14	Nil	0·14	2·04	2·37
North Bengal	80·1	46·6	77·7	53·4	65·6	+0·2?	0·01	0·06	−0·05	0·04	0·06	−0·02	0·01	0·06	3·06	1·93
East Bengal	82·1	51·6	78·1?	59·7	69·0?	+1·0?	0·01	0·27	−0·26	0·04	0·25	−0·21	0·01	0·27	4·18	3·44
North Bihar	78·7	47·3	76·7	53·4	65·1	+1·4	Nil	Nil	0	0·00	0·00	0	Nil	Nil	5·25	1·11
South Bihar	79·6	50·1	77·4	54·8	66·1	+2·3	Nil	0·01	−0·01	0·00	0·03	−0·03	Nil	0·01	3·56	1·44
Chota Nagpur	80·3†	49·5†	74·8†	53·9†	64·4†	+2·0†	Nil	0·03	−0·03	0·00	0·06	−0·06	Nil	0·03	3·21	1·49

* Raniganj not included.
† Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 12th December 1893.

A. PEDLER,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Abstract of the results of Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory in the month of November 1893.

	Inches.	Date.	Hour.
The mean pressure of the month	29·995		
The average pressure of November from 24 years' registers ...	29·970		
The highest pressure in the month	30·116	25th.	10
The lowest pressure in the month	29·885	18th.	16
The range of pressure	0·231		
	Hours.		
The total number of hours of bright sunshine during the month	208·8		
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine ...	330·8		
	⊖		
The mean temperature of the month	72·5		
The average temperature of November from 24 years' registers	74·8		
The highest temperature in the month	84·0	1st.	
The lowest temperature in the month	58·7	30th.	
The range of temperature during the month	25·3		
The mean daily range of temperature	14·8		
The greatest range of temperature in one day	19·5	30th.	
	Per cent.		
The mean humidity of the month	79		
The average humidity of November from 24 years' registers ...	72		
	Inches.		
The mean vapour tension of the month	0·627		
The average vapour tension of November from 9 years' registers	0·616		
The mean cloud proportion of the month	2·90		
The average cloud proportion of November from 16 years' registers	2·54		
The total rainfall of the month	0·03		
The total rainfall indicated by a Beckley's self-registering rain-gauge (mouth of the gauge about 52 feet above the ground)	0·02		
The average fall of November from 48 years' registers ...	0·65		
The greatest fall in 24 hours	0·03	6th.	
	Days.		
The number of rainy days in the month	1		
The average number of rainy days in November from 24 years' registers	2		
	⊖		
The mean maximum equilibrium temperature of solar radiation during the month	132·7		
The mean difference of sun and air temperatures	52·3		
The greatest sun temperature	143·4	3rd.	
The greatest excess of sun over air temperature	61·2	3rd.	
The mean temperature of the nocturnal radiation thermometer on woollen cloth	60·0		
The mean depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature at 4 feet above the ground	5·7		
The greatest depression of the nocturnal radiation thermometer below the minimum air temperature	8·3	30th.	
	Miles.		
The mean movement of the wind per day	34·1		
The greatest movement of the wind in one day	57·0	13th.	
The greatest movement of the wind in one hour	10·0	26th, 1 to 2 P.M. and 2 to 3 P.M.	

The number of hours with winds from each of the 8 points—

N. 219, N.E. 72, E. 14, S.E. 6, S. 1, S.W. 2, W. 20, N.W. 66, Calm 320.

The results of observations at the Alipore Observatory are not rigorously comparable with the registers of past years (at the Park Street Observatory). The barometer is about 3 feet higher at Alipore, and, other things being equal, reads therefore ·003 lower. The diurnal range of temperature is also greater at Alipore, and the mean temperature apparently about 1·6° lower; and, finally, the thermometer which furnished the record of temperature at the Surveyor-General's Office during 20 years and upwards is found to read 0·6 higher than the Kew standard thermometer, which is the standard of reference at the present Observatory.

C. LITTLE,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA;
Calcutta, the 11th December 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 3rd to 9th December 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Temperature. Maximum.	Temperature. Range.	Temperature. Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension.	Hygrometry. Dew point.	Hygrometry. Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Dec.	3rd	135·5	7·9	30·020	67·9	77·7	18·5	59·2	63·0	0·513	59·6	77	NNE and calm ...	23	Nil	Partially cloudy, △.
„	4th	130·8	8·1	·018	68·8	77·7	17·5	60·2	64·8	·563	62·3	81	ENE and calm ...	16	„	Partially cloudy, △.
„	5th	124·5	5·4	·063	69·3	77·7	13·7	64·0	66·3	·607	64·4	85	ENE and calm ...	25	„	Partially cloudy, o, △, ≡.
„	6th	127·1	8·8	·076	69·5	77·9	16·5	61·4	64·8	·554	61·8	78	NNE and calm ...	45	„	Chiefly clear, △.
„	7th	129·0	9·4	·039	66·8	76·9	17·7	59·2	61·0	·462	56·7	72	NNE and calm ...	45	„	Clear, △.
„	8th	128·8	9·2	·116	65·2	76·9	21·1	55·8	58·8	·416	53·8	69	NNE and calm ...	23	„	Clear, △.
„	9th	129·1	9·3	·109	65·5	76·4	20·2	56·2	59·9	·443	55·6	70	NNW and calm	39	„	Clear, △.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	30·063
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	30·020
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	58·1
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	75·4
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	67·6
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	69·4
The extreme variation of temperature	22·1
The maximum temperature	77·9
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	6
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	76
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	71
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 3rd to 9th December 1893	Nil
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	0·03
The total fall from 1st January to 9th December 1893	85·23
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	65·19

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

o, overcast; △, dew; ≡, fog.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 11th December 1893.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

Abstract of the Results of the Barometric and Thermometric Observations taken at 10 a.m. at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, in the month of November 1893.

		Date.
	Inches.	
The mean pressure at 10 A.M. during the month	30·066	
The mean temperature at 10 A.M. during the month	77·9°	
The highest temperature during the month	84·9	1—3.
The lowest temperature during the month	59·9	27, 29 and 30th.
The absolute range of temperature during the month	25·0	
The mean daily range of temperature during the month ...	16·4	
The greatest range of temperature in one day during the month ...	21·0	29th.
	%	
The mean 10 A.M. humidity during the month	66	
	Inch.	
The mean 10 A.M. vapour tension during the month	·628	
The total rainfall of the month	0·05	
The greatest fall in 24 hours	0·05	6th.
The number of rainy days in the month	Nil*	

* The definition of a rainy day is that when the rainfall measured is ·1" or upwards.

C. LITTLE,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,

The 11*th December* 1893.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 3rd to 9th December 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
December ...	3rd ...	30·080	68·7	78·9	20·5	58·4	73·6	64·6	·489	58·3	59	Nil
,, ...	4th ...	·084	70·2	79·9	19·5	60·4	73·6	65·6	·524	60·3	63	,,
,, ...	5th ...	·140	71·4	78·9	15·0	63·9	69·8	68·1	·668	67·2	92	,,
,, ...	6th ...	·142	70·9	78·9	16·0	62·9	74·1	66·6	·554	61·8	66	,,
,, ...	7th ...	·090	68·1	78·3	20·4	57·9	72·1	62·7	·445	55·7	56	,,
,, ...	8th ...	·134	67·4	78·9	23·0	55·9	72·6	61·7	·405	53·1	51	,,
,, ...	9th ...	·150	66·4	76·9	21·0	55·9	71·1	62·7	·459	56·6	60	,,

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	30·117
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	69·0
The extreme variation of temperature	24·0
The maximum temperature	79·9
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	64
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 3rd to 9th December 1893	Nil

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

C. LITTLE,

For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,

The 11*th December* 1893.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Irrigation Operations for the official year 1893-94.

Areas leased for irrigation up to end of October 1893.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	Estimated full discharge.	Average discharge in month.	Discharge utilised.	Approximate area of land irrigated during the year up to the end of the month.	Approximate area of land under irrigation up to the same date last year.	Details of areas leased. Long terms leases.	Five years, kharif.	Annual leases. Kharif.	Rabi.	Sugar-cane.	Bhadoi.	Hot-weather.	Total.	Grand Total.	Rainfall, 1893-94. During month.	Rainfall, 1893-94. Up to end of month.	Rainfall, 1892-93. During month.	Rainfall, 1892-93. Up to end of month.	Remarks.
			C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	
Orissa ...	Cuttack ...	Taldanda, 1st reach ...	1,342	186	54	6,390	8,956	......	6,375	......	113	......	......	......	113	6,488	3·90	73·05	5·25	48·85	
		Ditto, 2nd " ...	566	114													5·65	82·40	7·25	48·41	
		Machgaon	766	60	51	5,150	27,494	......	5,131	850	......	10	......	......	860	5,991	5·00	73·04	6·67	41·92	
		Kendrapara	1,067	812	681	45,304	48,903	......	27,763	......	1,807	25	......	......	1,832	29,595	2·45	86·85	5·00	37·70	
		Gobri	372·82	44	31	1,991	2,610	......	769	......	40	......	......	......	40	809	4·54	86·77	6·29	45·48	
		Do. Extension	648	68	30	1,359	3,574	......	775	......	9	......	......	......	9	784	No gauge.				
		Pattamundi	885	301	234	9,302	12,627	......	2,400	......	11	......	......	......	11	2,411	4·90	69·34	7·02	10·32	
		High Level, Range I ...	608	330·80	174·13	11,198	21,679	......	3,345	......	23	1	......	......	24	3,369	6·89	68·25	2·52	50·82	
		Ditto, do. II ...	727·16	34·42	34·42	2,084	2,270	......	2,036	......	52	......	......	......	52	2,088	......	......	......	......	
		Jajpur Canal	700	9·63	9·62	1,311	791	......	1,416	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,416	......	......	......	......	
	Balasore ...	High Level, Range III ...	727·16	118·55	118·55	15,899	29,790	......	16,471	......	......	181	......	......	181	16,652	5·82	58·40	2·34	51·16	
		Total ...	......	......	......	100,248	158,694	......	66,481	850	2,055	217	......	......	3,122	69,603	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	156,825	2,923	2,594	258	......	......	5,775	162,600	......	......	......	......	
South-Western.	Midnapore ...	Midnapore	1,411	532	305	72,988	81,440	......	74,260	......	......	......	......	......	......	74,260	3·77	65·94	2·52	32·86	29 days discharging.
		Panchkura	522	48	24	2,002	7,266	......	6,908	......	5,508	......	......	......	5,508	12,416	5·89	65·25	3·39	33·00	12 days discharging.
	Howrah ...	Tidal Reaches, Ranges I & II	......	......	......	461	835	......	893	......	......	......	......	......	......	893	......	......	......	......	
		Total ...	......	......	......	75,451	89,550	......	82,061	......	5,508	......	......	......	5,508	87,569	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	86,266	13	......	......	......	......	13	86,279	......	......	......	......	
Sone ...	Shahabad ...	Western Main	4,342	2,299	143	19,077	18,931	15,530	......	5,140	......	......	......	469	5,609	21,139	8·47	46·63	0·08	39·60	
		Buxar	1,226	563	511	64,817	67,139	56,300	......	13,965	4	......	20	1,926	15,915	72,215					
		Arrah	2,000	1,464	1,204	138,031	110,399	120,936	......	12,335	......	......	......	10,178	22,513	143,440	3·17	46·37	0·35	34·37	
	Patna and Gaya.	Eastern Main	1,466	1,068	868	2,648	2,266	2,098	......	577	......	......	......	38	615	2,713	6·22	56·72	......	47·39	
		Patna				71,002	61,148	59,018	......	11,860	......	......	37	1,767	13,684	72,702					
		Total ...	......	......	......	295,575	259,974	253,882	......	43,877	4	......	77	14,378	58,336	312,218	......	......	......	......	
		Total of the corresponding period of last year ...	......	......	......	......	......	207,638	......	58,442	7,000	......	187	8,767	74,486	282,124	......	......	......	......	
		Grand total ...	......	......	......	471,274	508,218	253,882	148,542	44,727	7,567	217	77	14,378	66,966	469,390	......	......	......	......	
		Grand total of the corresponding period of last year	......	......	......	......	......	207,638	243,091	61,378	9,684	258	187	8,767	80,274	531,003	......	......	......	......	

Calcutta,
The 11th December 1893.

G. C. Maconchy,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 9th December 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 9th December 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 10th December 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	447	38,625	488	969	62,320	811
Jute	245	1,27,675	2,153	433	2,21,250	3,619
Firewood	131	73,475	1,139	104	48,600	713
Other articles	1,035	4,59,750	3,626	1,016	2,30,670	3,558
Total ...	1,858	4,59,750	7,406	2,522	5,62,840	8,701

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Statement of Goods Traffic in Staples carried during the five weeks ending 28th October 1893, as compared with the same period of 1892.

Staples.	1892.		1893.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.	Weight.	Freight.
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
Cotton, raw ...	33,684	29,732	30,226	25,614	...	...	3,458	4,118
Cotton twist and yarn—								
1.—European ...	10,641	10,988	12,430	11,061	1,789	73	...	...
2.—Indian ...	21,353	12,056	31,695	18,058	10,342	6,002	...	...
Cotton piece-goods—								
1.—European ...	2,02,101	2,39,893	2,05,167	2,29,333	3,066	...	...	10,560
2.—Indian ...	23,877	19,423	26,993	19,788	3,116	365	...	...
Drugs and chemicals—								
1.—Intoxicating other than opium ...	1,030	280	713	155	...	...	317	125
2.—Non-intoxicating ...	10,908	11,735	11,588	8,932	680	...	...	2,803
Dyes and tans—								
1.—Indigo ...	4,737	10,607	4,228	8,236	...	...	509	2,371
2.—Myrabolams ...	7,781	2,970	6,855	2,372	...	...	926	598
3.—Aniline dyes ...	352	301	259	203	...	...	93	98
4.—Cutch ...	2,402	970	2,853	1,256	451	286	...	...
5.—Paints and colours ...	12,630	4,396	12,356	3,234	...	...	274	1,162
6.—Others ...	5,861	941	1,316	1,114	...	173	4,545	...
Grains—								
1.—Wheat ...	3,56,868	1,07,015	3,57,909	1,43,260	1,041	36,245	...	...
2.—Rice ...	4,80,615	79,697	5,81,005	1,01,973	1,00,390	22,276	...	...
3.—Jawar and bajra ...	6,026	1,142	4,182	640	...	...	1,844	502
4.—Gram ...	2,07,371	89,443	2,47,954	1,07,610	40,583	18,167	...	...
5.—Indigo seed ...	23,061	6,395	25,870	6,570	2,809	175	...	...
6.—Seeds other than oil-seeds...	49,649	15,388	43,057	15,818	...	430	6,592	...
7.—Others ...	6,03,107	1,73,660	5,32,175	1,36,137	...	...	70,932	37,523
Hides and skins—								
1.—Hides of cattle ...	22,494	11,327	22,977	10,439	483	...	...	888
2.—Skins of sheep, &c. ...	21,422	10,762	12,801	4,954	...	...	8,621	5,808
Horns ...	2,761	1,535	1,964	1,475	...	...	797	60
Jute—								
1.—Raw ...	61,543	8,081	1,56,078	32,711	94,535	24,630	...	...
2.—Gunny bags and cloth ...	83,644	44,686	79,859	41,394	...	...	3,785	3,292
Lac—								
1.—Stick ...	18,099	6,791	17,823	6,163	...	...	276	628
2.—Shell-lac ...	17,832	14,618	23,391	14,356	5,559	...	...	262
Leather—								
1.—Unmanufactured ...	2,533	5,370	2,489	5,028	...	...	44	342
2.—Manufactured ...	7,194	8,651	8,130	9,201	936	550	...	...
Liquors—								
1.—Beer ...	10,059	5,427	11,852	6,142	1,793	715	...	...
2.—Wines ...	3,514	4,750	2,596	3,534	...	...	918	1,216
3.—Spirits ...	2,000	2,326	1,571	1,750	...	...	429	576
Metals—								
1.—Copper, unwrought ...	3,148	3,775	8,579	9,708	5,431	5,933	...	...
2.—Brass, unwrought ...	3,130	1,989	4,068	2,175	938	186	...	...
3.—Brass and copper, wrought ...	20,514	11,117	21,659	11,474	1,145	357	...	...
4.—Iron ...	2,76,320	1,01,871	1,66,241	70,883	...	...	1,10,079	30,988
5.—Tin ...	5,228	3,941	6,104	5,312	876	1,371	...	...
6.—Others ...	10,656	6,881	12,323	8,728	1,667	1,847	...	...
Oils—								
1.—Castor ...	4,729	1,387	4,301	1,486	...	99	428	...
2.—Kerosine ...	1,11,440	58,718	1,62,227	77,412	50,787	18,694	...	...
3.—Others ...	13,141	5,715	11,980	5,970	...	255	1,161	...
Oil-seeds—								
1.—Linseed ...	1,93,332	59,050	3,27,146	1,06,365	1,33,814	47,315	...	...
2.—Rape and mustard ...	1,56,755	38,730	1,64,659	47,811	7,904	9,081	...	...
3.—Til or jinjili ...	16,947	4,063	4,141	1,030	...	...	12,806	3,033
4.—Castor ...	80,805	20,727	75,428	14,742	...	...	5,377	5,985
5.—Poppy ...	17,490	4,561	38,438	11,633	20,948	7,072	...	...
6.—Others ...	9,651	2,214	15,238	3,263	5,587	1,049	...	...
Opium ...	775	1,350	215	123	...	...	560	1,227
Paper and pasteboard ...	10,180	7,044	11,552	6,882	1,372	...	...	162
Provisions—								
1.—Ghee ...	35,866	22,910	45,064	34,470	9,198	11,560	...	...
2.—Dried fruits and nuts ...	23,886	20,360	24,971	23,698	1,085	3,338	...	...
3.—Cocoanuts ...	39,976	3,657	12,495	4,261	...	604	27,481	...
4.—Turmeric ...	7,908	6,141	12,607	9,344	4,699	3,203	...	...
5.—Others ...	1,08,314	46,441	1,38,624	56,783	30,310	10,342	...	...
Salt ...	6,39,688	1,17,606	5,45,209	1,16,887	...	...	94,479	719
Saltpetre, &c.—								
1.—Saltpetre ...	64,402	25,903	37,430	15,850	...	...	26,972	10,053
2.—Borax ...	1,718	1,199	422	171	...	...	1,296	1,028
3.—Other saline substances ...	27,269	7,545	33,990	10,813	6,721	3,268	...	...
Silk, raw—								
1.—Foreign ...	20	47	...	...	...	...	20	47
2.—Indian ...	1,723	1,036	1,591	839	...	...	132	197
Silk piece-goods—								
1.—Foreign ...	6	11	23	85	17	74	...	...
2.—Indian ...	507	747	695	997	188	250	...	...
Spices—								
1.—Pepper ...	1,778	1,914	6,065	3,662	4,287	1,748	...	...
2.—Other ...	10,646	6,125	11,790	7,367	1,144	1,242	...	...
Sugar—								
1.—Drained ...	20,079	9,023	31,051	17,743	10,972	8,720	...	...
2.—Undrained ...	1,84,585	41,049	1,54,972	42,514	...	1,465	29,613	...
Stone and lime ...	2,70,728	40,325	3,64,546	51,708	93,818	11,383	...	...
Tea—								
1.—Foreign ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.—Indian ...	5,007	5,675	3,949	4,044	...	...	1,058	1,631
Timber, &c.—								
1.—Timber ...	60,880	12,443	50,700	19,001	...	6,558	10,180	...
2.—Firewood ...	19,436	1,004	29,930	5,037	10,494	4,033	...	...
Tobacco ...	36,727	18,005	51,960	21,065	15,233	3,060	...	...
Umbrellas ...	226	289	228	114	2	...	...	175
Wool—								
1.—Raw ...	1,922	1,392	443	512	...	...	1,480	880
2.—Piece-goods—								
a.—European ...	2,873	3,215	2,474	5,092	...	1,877	399	...
b.—Indian ...	5,490	5,770	5,689	7,141	199	1,371	...	...
3.—Shawls ...	11	26	...	...	...	...	11	26
All other articles of merchandise ...	4,17,533	1,41,196	5,38,123	1,86,806	1,20,590	45,610	...	...
Total ...	52,40,595	18,15,543	56,19,702	20,09,512	3,79,107	1,93,969	...	...
Military stores ...	15,901	26,778	21,479	38,005	5,578	11,227	...	...
Coal—								
1.—For public ...	43,98,329	6,34,432	49,32,742	7,23,291	5,34,413	88,859	...	...
2.— ,, Railway ...	7,19,715	81,930	7,52,031	86,100	32,316	4,170	...	...
Railway Materials—								
1.—For construction and revenue ...	13,05,146	59,685	18,63,663	60,750	5,58,517	1,065	...	...
Live-stock ...	...	14,760	...	19,714	...	4,954	...	...
Total ...	1,16,79,686	26,33,128	1,31,89,617	29,37,372	15,09,931	3,04,244	...	...

T. Simpson, *Assistant Auditor.*

Traffic Audit Office, Goods Division, Jamalpur, *the 7th December* 1893.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 2nd December 1893, *on* 1,610½ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	*284,607	*3,39,367 8 0	25,44,044 20	6,64,306 13 0	16,617 2 0	10,19,601 7 0	79,130	104,324	183,454
Or per mile of railway	......	210 11 7	......	412 7 9	9 15 1	633 2 5	......	......	......
For previous 21⅐ weeks of half-year	5,980,784	65,23,769 9 0	5,05,31,392 20	1,13,63,613 9 0	3,22,553 2 0	1,82,09,936 4 0	1,617,978½	2,072,026½	3,690,004¾
Total for 22⅐ weeks ...	6,265,481	68,63,137 1 0	5,30,75,437 0	1,20,27,920 6 0	3,38,570 4 0	1,92,29,627 11 0	1,697,108½	2,176,350½	3,873,458¾
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	261,107	3,05,795 14 5	24,98,899 20	6,79,237 13 5	19,203 5 0	10,04,237 0 10	75,045	105,354	180,399
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	189 14 0	......	421 12 1	11 14 10	623 8 11	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 22¾ weeks of previous year	5,826,887½	62,36,426 14 10	5,21,01,238 20	1,18,32,720 4 2	3,72,853 2 2	1,84,41,999 5 2	1,664,629	2,086,690	3,751,319

* The increase is partly due to running of troop extra and special trains and partly to visitors for Sonepur fair.

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 2nd December 1893, *on* 22½ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	19,464	4,885 5 0	14,860 30	525 8 0	11 0 0	5,421 13 0	912	56	968
Or per mile of railway	......	219 9 0	......	23 9 11	0 7 11	243 10 10	......	......	......
For previous 21⅐ weeks of half-year	*374,016	*91,277 14 0	†1,97,235 10	†6,714 1 0	‡353 0 0	98,344 15 0	18,958	1,576½	20,534½
Total for 22⅐ weeks ...	393,480	96,163 3 0	2,12,096 0	7,239 9 0	364 0 0	1,03,766 12 0	19,870	1,632½	21,502½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	19,010	4,802 11 3	10,991 30	469 9 0	12 0 0	5,284 4 3	889	79	968
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	......	215 13 8	......	21 1 8	0 8 7	237 7 11	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 22¾ weeks of previous year ...	422,012½	1,03,975 5 10	1,63,163 20	7,308 0 0	285 13 6	1,11,569 3 4	20,049	1,600	21,649

* Added number of passengers 294 and deducted Rs. 106 }
† Do. maunds 18 and deducted " 1 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 21st
‡ Deducted " 25 } October 1893.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 2nd *December* 1893, *on* 161⅝ *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	16,899	12,102 8 0	76,600 0	10,525 0 0	53 0 0	22,680 8 0	5,581	3,475	9,056
Or per mile of railway	......	74 15 0	......	65 4 4	0 5 2	140 9 3	......	......	......
For previous 21⅐ weeks of half-year	*422,684	*3,15,501 14 0	†13,32,995 20	†1,70,514 2 0	‡881 0 0	4,86,897 0 0	131,219	61,415½	192,634½
Total for 22⅐ weeks ...	439,583	3,27,604 6 0	14,09,595 20	1,81,049 2 0	933 0 0	5,09,586 8 0	136,800	64,890½	201,690½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	15,448	11,465 12 11	47,570 10	11,432 4 2	45 14 3	22,943 15 4	5,337	3,020	8,357
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	71 0 8	......	70 13 4	0 4 6	142 2 6	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 22¾ weeks of previous year	377,377	2,92,665 9 6	9,60,244 20	1,63,413 4 8	2,180 4 6	4,58,258 2 8	142,604	56,370	198,974

* Deducted number of passengers 477 and Rs. 1,386 }
† Added maunds 35,504 and " 1,489 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the week ended 21st October 1893.
‡ Do. " 14 }

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(INCLUDING N. B., DACCA, K.-D., AND ASSAM-BIHAR SECTIONS.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 2nd December 1893, on 778 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	183,130	93,890 0 0	‡9,93,470 0	1,67,880 0 0	13,060 0 0	2,74,830 0 0	28,171	34,248	62,42[illegible]
Or per mile of railway	235	121 0 0	1,273 0	216 0 0	†1 0 0	†338 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 21 weeks of half-year*	3,538,406	16,33,534 0 0	1,82,79,076 0	37,11,835 0 0	3,76,355 0 0	57,21,724 0 0	593,303	749,646	1,342,949
Total for 22 weeks ...	3,721,536	17,27,424 0 0	1,92,69,546 0	38,79,715 0 0	3,89,415 0 0	59,96,554 0 0	621,477	783,894	1,405,371
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	175,880	80,030 0 0	7,34,770 0	1,72,007 0 0	17,225 0 0	2,69,332 0 0	26,550	36,953	63,503
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	226	103 0 0	946 0	221 0 0	†1 0 0	†325 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	3,549,841	15,88,756 0 0	1,66,13,666 0	39,96,442 0 0	4,10,197 0 0	59,95,395 0 0	604,651	850,624	1,455,275

* Audited up to week ending 7th October 1893.
† Excluding steamer earnings.
‡ Increase in weight and decrease in amount due to coal traffic from Beliaghata to Bracebridge Hall.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 2nd December 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train Miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	36,230	13,080 0 0	33,210 0	2,270 0 0	190 0 0	15,540 0 0	3,678	2,037	5,715
Or per mile of railway	290	105 0 0	282 0	18 0 0	1 0 0	124 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 21 weeks of half-year*	655,797	2,20,645 0 0	11,66,517 0	93,427 0 0	3,168 0 0	3,17,240 0 0	77,951	42,218	120,169
Total for 22 weeks ...	692,027	2,33,725 0 0	12,01,727 0	95,697 0 0	3,358 0 0	3,32,780 0 0	81,629	44,255	125,884
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	29,607	11,166 0 0	46,431 0	3,638 0 0	264 0 0	15,068 0 0	3,680	1,996	5,676
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	237	89 0 0	371 0	29 0 0	2 0 0	120 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	674,005	2,27,594 0 0	12,23,065 0	1,02,323 0 0	4,020 0 0	3,33,936 0 0	81,941	47,026	128,967

* Audited up to week ending 7th October 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 2nd December 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	21,070	7,240 0 0	43,680 0	4,160 0 0	110 0 0	11,510 0 0	2,487	1,101	3,588
Or per mile of railway	245	84 0 0	508 0	49 0 0	1 0 0	134 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 21 weeks of half-year*	366,735	1,28,094 0 0	7,41,938 0	60,022 0 0	3,505 0 0	1,91,621 0 0	53,136	23,064	76,20[illegible]
Total for 22 weeks ...	387,805	1,35,334 0 0	7,85,618 0	64,182 0 0	3,615 0 0	2,03,131 0 0	55,623	24,165	79,78[illegible]
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	20,435	6,542 0 0	23,855 0	2,472 0 0	75 0 0	9,089 0 0	2,467	737	3,2[illegible]
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	238	76 0 0	277 0	29 0 0	1 0 0	106 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	371,159	1,20,983 0 0	5,45,904 0	47,556 0 0	4,704 0 0	1,73,243 0 0	56,201	16,673	72,87[illegible]

* Audited up to week ending 7th October 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ending 2nd December 1893, *on* 756 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the period on 756 miles open	106,350	(a) 46,260	2,95,670	47,970	10,330	1,04,560	15,402	13,453	28,855
Or per mile of railway	140'67	61'19	391'10	63'45	13'67	138'31	......	......	......
For previous 21½ weeks of half-year (b)	1,943,892	7,71,575	51,86,561	6,85,226	1,92,989	16,49,790	323,308	284,269	607,577
Total for 22½ weeks ...	2,050,242	8,17,835	54,82,231	7,33,196	2,03,319	17,54,350	338,710	297,722	636,432
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding period of previous year on 755 miles open	83,363	32,636	3,43,312	46,490	10,666	89,792	13,909	16,575	30,484
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	110'41	43'23	454'72	61'57	14'13	118'93	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,009,145	7,99,232	59,56,351	7,99,650	2,10,901	18,09,783	305,714	339,822	645,536

(a) Increase in coaching traffic is due to fairs held at Sonepore and Ajodhya.
(b) Includes dited figures up to 21st October 1893.

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 13th December 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 51 of 1893

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

NOTE ON THE EARLY COTTON CROP IN BENGAL, 1893.

THE following is published for general information.

REVENUE DEPT.,
The 14*th December*, 1893.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Note on the Early Cotton Crop in Bengal, 1893.

1. *Explanatory.*—There are, generally speaking, two cotton crops in Bengal, namely, the early crop, believed to be the more important of the two, which is sown during the monsoon rains and harvested during the cold weather, and the late crop which is sown at the close of the rainy season and harvested in the hot weather. This report is prepared in accordance with the orders of Government prescribing the issue of two annual forecasts—one dealing with the early crop, and the other with the late crop. The report on the late cotton crop of this year will be issued in the beginning of February next.

The cultivation of cotton has ceased to be important in Bengal, except in the Chittagong Hill Tracts and in a few districts of Bihar, Chota Nagpur, and Orissa. The Chittagong Hill Tracts is the only district which now grows cotton for export; the produce of the other districts is locally consumed.

2. *Area sown.*—The total area sown in early cotton this year appears from the returns annexed hereto to be 226,437 acres against 231,780 acres estimated to have been sown last year. In some districts the area sown this year is reported to be less than last year's area on account of excessive rainfall at the sowing time, but on the whole there does not appear to have been any marked decrease in the area sown this year.

3. *Character of the crop.*—The excessive rainfall which characterised the last rainy season is reported to have more or less injured the cotton crop in most districts; and in some places the crop was further damaged by floods. Taking all the cotton-growing districts together, the outturn of the early crop may be estimated at 10⅔ annas or two-thirds of an average crop. The crop is reported to be extremely poor in the Chittagong Hill Tracts, which is, as already remarked, the only cotton-exporting district in Bengal.

B. C. BASU,

Assistant to Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

COUNTERSIGNED.

W. C. MACPHERSON,

Offg. Director of the Dept. of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

CALCUTTA,

The 8th December 1893.

Forecast of the early cotton crop of Bengal, 1893.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	Approximate normal area under cotton in acres.	Approximate area sown last year in acres.	Estimated area sown this year in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
					Annas.	Annas.		
Burdwan ...	Bankura ...	2,000	1,650	1,440	8	7	Owing to rainfall during the sowing time the cultivation of this crop is not very favourable, and it is expected that the outturn will be much below the normal.	In the preliminary bhadoi crop's forecast for 1893, the area under early cotton was shown as 2,000 acres.
	Birbhum ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	16	18	....	No return was called for from this district. The figures shown here have been taken from the preliminary bhadoi forecast for 1893.
	Midnapore ...	7,000	7,000	5,100	9	7	The decrease in the area and outturn is due to the unusually heavy rainfall during the year.	In the preliminary bhadoi crop's forecast for 1893 the area under early cotton this year was shown as 7,200 acres.
Rajshahi ...	Jalpaiguri ...	450	240	275	14	12	Owing to moderate rain in sowing time an increased area was sown. Heavy rainfall at the growing time injured the growth of the plant; hence this year's outturn will be worse than that of the last year.	It is not apparent why the area sown in early cotton this year should be short of the normal.
Chittagong ...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	17,000	17,000	17,000	7¼	4	Excessive rain did much damage to cotton crop; hence the low forecast. The acreage under cotton crop is shown in Table AI of the agricultural statistics for 1891-92 as 12,500, but 17,000 acres as returned under jum crops in Table AI of 1892-93 represent, according to the process of cultivation followed by hillmen here, the area actually under cotton.	The figures in columns 3, 4 and 5 have been changed in consequence of the Assistant Commissioner's remarks to 17,000 acres.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	Approximate normal area under cotton in acres.	Approximate area sown last year in acres.	Estimated area sown this year in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
Patna	Patna	13,072	9,880	6,938	Annas. 11½	Annas. 6	In the Sadar sub-division there is a decrease in the area sown which was due to excessive rainfall, but the area, though smaller, will give a better yield as the crop is doing well. There is a decrease both in area sown and the estimated outturn in the Barh sub-division, which is due to excessive rain at the ploughing and sowing season. It also injured the seeds sown. In the Dinapore sub-division, owing to heavy rainfall throughout the season, the seeds did not germinate properly; hence there is a decrease in outturn.	Hitherto the area under cotton cultivation in this district used to be estimated at 3,400 acres (*vide* Table A1-3 of 1891-92, and Report on cotton crops in Bengal for year ending June 1892.) In the preliminary bhadoi crops forecast for 1893, the area sown in cotton during the last rainy season was shown as 2,363 acres. The Collector now estimates the normal area under *early* cotton crop (*i.e.* exclusive of late cotton, if any) at 13,072 acres, and the area sown this year at 6,938 acres. It is necessary to reconcile such discrepant estimates. Out of the estimated average under cotton this year, 6,700 acres appear to be in the Barh sub-division alones the area; the Sadar and Dinapur sub-divisions are insignificant.
	Gaya	100	100	100	16	18	The cultivation of cotton is only nominal, any slight change in the cultivated area or estimated outturn is therefore almost imperceptible.	The estimates of area under cotton appear to be very doubtful.
	Darbhanga ...	12,914	12,914	12,914	14	10	The excessive rain in August and September has affected the outturn.	The rainfall during August was almost equal to the normal, but in September and October it was considerably in excess of the normal fall.

	Muzaffarpur ...	9,000	9,000	9,000	16	5	The decrease in the outturn of this year is due to the excessive rains and high floods that have caused a great damage to this crop throughout the district.	Much of the loss is believed to have been due to floods, for the distribution of rainfall was very much like what it was in the neighbouring district of Saran, where a full average crop is expected.
	Saran ...	40,000	40,000	40,000	13	16	Better outturn this year is due to favourable rainfall.	The present estimate of area sown in cotton agrees with the estimates given in Table A of Agricultural Statistics for 1891-92 and in the Report on cotton crop for year ending 30th June 1892; but it differs very widely from the estimate given in the preliminary bhadoi forecast for 1893, while it is put at 11,700 acres.
	Champaran ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	14	10	Incessant rains and floods are the causes of decrease in the outturn.	
Bhagalpur ...	Monghyr ... ... Bhagalpur... ...	10,7-0? 14,000	10,520 14,000	10,700 14,000	15½ 15	8? } 16 }	......	No return was called for from these two districts. The figures shown here have been taken from the preliminary bhadoi forecast for 1893, with the exception of the estimate of normal area in Monghyr, which has been taken at the same figure as the area sown this year. The estimate of outturn in Monghyr seems rather low.
	Sonthal Parganas	12,590	12,150	12,590	12	13	The increase in the area sown this year is due to the favourable rain that fell.	The present estimate of area sown with early cotton this year differs slightly from the estimate (11,0?6 acres) given in the preliminary bhadoi forecast of 1893, but it differs greatly from the estimate of area (both early and late) sown in 1891-92, which is given as 1,857 acres only in the Report of cotton crop for that year.
Orissa	Cuttack	3,060	2,140	1,914	11	10	Owing to unusual heavy rain and consequent floods at the sowing time, the area under this year's cotton crop is below the normal. The low outturn is also due to the same cause and to the high floods and untimely rainfall.	The area sown in cotton during the last bhadoi season was given in the preliminary bhadoi forecast as 3,3?3 acres against 1,914 acres now shown.
	Balasore	983	983	910	11	1?	The decrease in area is due to excessive rain at the time of sowing, and the increase in outturn, as compared with that of last year, is in consequence of good rains.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	Approximate normal area under cotton in acres.	Approximate area sown last year in acres.	Estimated area sown this year in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas represented outturn last year.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn per acre, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
	Puri	14,460	12,493	9,960	Annas. 6	Annas. 12	Owing to abundant rainfall in May, the area under cotton decreased, but the outturn is expected to be good owing to the season being favourable.	In the preliminary bhadoi crops forecast for 1893, the area sown in cotton during the last *bhadoi* season was shown as 8,500 acres
	Angul and Khand Mals.	5,000 ?	5,000 ?	5,000	7	16	....	No return was called for from this district. The figures shown have been taken from the preliminary bhadoi forecast of 1893, with the exception of the figures in columns 3 and 4, which have been assumed to be equal to the area sown this year.
Chota Nagpur ...	Hazaribagh ...	7,471	7,471	7,471	10½	12	....	The return for Hazaribagh has not been received. The figures shown here have been reproduced from the preliminary bhadoi crops forecast.
	Lohardaga ...	11,000	11,000	11,000	14	12	This is not a cotton-producing district. What is produced is barely sufficient to meet the consumption of the people of the district.	In the report of cotton for year ending June 1892, the area under cotton in this district was estimated at 61,175 acres. This includes both early and late cotton, but the area under the latter is believed to be insignificant as compared with the acreage under the early crop. The present estimate agrees, however, with the estimate of area sown in cotton in the last bhadoi season as shown in the preliminary bhadoi forecast for 1893.
	Palamau	10,000	5,827	5,827	13	11	Owing to excessive rainfall the outturn is worse than last year.	In the preliminary bhadoi forecast for 1893, the area sown in cotton

							in the last bhadoi season was shown as 7,927 acres. It is not stated why the area sown this year should be below the normal. Is it due to excessive rainfall at sowing time or to the usual misconception about the terms 'normal area,' which are wrongly taken to be the maximum area capable of being sown in a particular crop?
Manbhum... ...	40,000	40,000	40,000	6	7	The heavy rains were injurious to cotton. At the Sadar the outturn is estimated at 8 annas on an average, and in the Gobindpur sub-division at 6 annas.	
Singhbhum ...	23,000	10,413	10,413	13	11	The area sown this year is equal to that of last year, but the little decrease in outturn of this year is due to the excessive rainfall.	In the preliminary bhadoi forecast of 1893, the area sown in cotton in the last bhadoi season was given as 9,731 acres. It is not explained why this year's area should be so short of the normal. *Vide* remarks under Palamau.
Total for the cotton-growing districts above entered.	255,800	231,780	226,437	11½	10½		

FINAL REPORT ON THE BHADOI CROPS, 1893.

THE following is published for general information.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
The 19th December, 1893.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DEPARTMENT OF LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Final Report on the Bhadoi crops, 1893.

Character of the season.—The yield of the *bhadoi* or *aus* crops is, generally speaking, determined by the rainfall of the period from April to September, and especially by the rainfall from the middle of May onwards. The earlier months of the present year, namely, from January to April, were unusually wet, and although the frequent and abundant showers which fell during this period were favourable on the whole to the preliminary operations of cultivation, they prevented much of the low-lying areas from being brought under cultivation. During May and June, when the sowing and weeding operations were in progress, the weather was unfavourable. Except in a few districts of North Bengal and North Bihar: the rainfall during these months was exceedingly heavy, and the growth of the young crops was checked in consequence; while in some parts the crops in low-lying lands suffered from accumulation of water. In July, again, the rainfall was above the normal, except in Orissa and South-West Bengal. During August the rainfall was generally short of the normal, but September was marked again by exceedingly heavy rainfall, except in some of the Eastern districts. Excessive rain was, therefore, a marked characteristic of the last monsoon season, and the mischief thereby caused to the *bhadoi* crops was aggravated by floods in many districts of Eastern Bengal and in parts of Darbhanga, Muzaffarpur, Champaran and Cuttack.

2. *Area sown.*—The total area cropped with *bhadoi* crops this year appears from the appended returns to have been 15,650,099 acres against 15,963,824 acres estimated to have been sown last year. Out of the total area cropped this year, *bhadoi* paddy occupied about 7,300,000 acres or about 46 per cent., and maize and millets nearly three million acres or about 20 per cent. Taking the Provinces as a whole, the total area sown with *bhadoi* crops this year does not seem to have been much below that of last year. The localities where the area sown was returned as considerably short of that sown last year were shown in a statement appended to the first forecast of the *bhadoi* crops issued on the 24th September last.

3. *Estimated outturn of the crops.*—The *bhadoi* food crops, including paddy, maize and millets, have been more or less damaged by excessive rainfall in almost every district in Bengal, and in some districts in East Bengal, and parts of Cuttack and North Bihar, by floods also. It will appear from the appended returns that only a few districts* or sub-divisions have reported a full or more than a full crop. A statement is annexed to this report showing the sub-divisions in which the food crops have suffered to the extent of eight annas and upwards. The outturn of the *bhadoi* food-crops in these Provinces may be estimated at about $\frac{11}{16}$ths of an average or 16 annas outturn, at which it was estimated in the first forecast, dated the 24th September 1893. The estimates of outturn now returned for several sub-divisions are found to vary from those stated in their preliminary forecasts, but the variations, though large in case of a few sub-divisions, do not appreciably affect the preliminary estimate of outturn for Bengal as a whole. The *bhadoi* crops of this year have been much poorer than those of the last year, which were estimated at fully 16 annas.

* Bankura, Birbhum, Sadar (Hooghly), Basirhat (24-Parganas), Ranaghat (Nadia), Dinajpur, Kurigram and Gaibanda (Rangpur), Jamalpur (Mymensingh), Gopalganj (Saran), Madhepura (Bhagalpur), Purnea, Malda, and Khurda (Puri).

B. C. BASU,
Assistant to Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 7th December 1893.

W. C. MACPHERSON,
Offg. Director of the Dept. of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.

APPENDIX I.

Final Report on the Bhadoi crops, 1893.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Burdwan ...	Sadar	794,880	635,500	Bhadoi paddy	84,480	73,768	84,480	8	14	Owing to seasonable rains, the outturn of bhadoi crop was fairly good this year.	
				Ditto pulse	2,420	1,620	2,000		12		
				Jute	670	372	450		10		
				Hemp	630	430	450		10		
				Til (gingelly)	758	610	500		12		
	Total ...	794,880	635,500	All bhadoi crops ...	88,958	76,800	87,880	8	12		
	Kalna	276,480	224,000	Bhadoi paddy	64,000	64,000	64,000	12	12	Excessive rains before harvest injured the crops.	
				Jute	10,000	10,000	10,000	16	8	10,000 acres were actually sown in jute in this sub-division.	
				Indigo	4,000	4,000	4,000	16	8		
	Total ...	276,480	224,000	All bhadoi crops ...	78,000	78,000	78,000	15	9½		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Burdwan—*concld*	Katwa	225,280	169,600	Bhadoi paddy	20,480	20,480	20,480	12	14	The seasonable rain during the sowing season improved the prospect of bhadoi crops this year; but the rainfall was rather too heavy for a good outturn.	
				Ditto pulse	40	40	40				
				Jute	320	320	320				
				Hemp	160	160	160				
				Indigo	160	160	160				
				Til (gingelly)	40	40	40				
	Total ...	225,280	169,600	All bhadoi crops ...	21,200	21,200	21,200	12	14		
	Raniganj ...	429,440	254,700	Bhadoi paddy	2,500	1,000	2,500	6	12	The rainfall having commenced in time, increased area over that cultivated last year could be sown. The estimate as now framed is below the average, which is due to excessive rainfall.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	3,000	3,000	3,000	10	12		
				Bhadoi pulse	5,000	4,320	4,920	10	12		
				Jute	200	160	180	12	12		
				Cotton	200	144	170	12	12		
				Hemp	2,000	1,500	1,800	12	10		
				Til (gingelly)	5,000	3,600	4,800	10	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	1,300	676	1,000	10	12		
	Total ...	429,440	254,700	All bhadoi crops ...	19,200	14,400	18,370	10	12		
	Whole district...	1,726,080	1,283,800	Bhadoi paddy	171,460	159,248	171,460	9½	13		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	3,000	3,000	3,000	10	12		
				Bhadoi pulse	7,460	5,980	6,960	10	12¾		
				Jute	11,190	10,852	10,950	12	11		
				Cotton	200	144	170	12	12		
				Hemp	2,790	2,090	2,410	10¾	11½		

				Indigo	4,160	4,160	4,160	14	11
				Til (gingelly)	5,798	4,230	5,310	10	12½
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	1,300	676	1,900	10	12
	District Total ...	1,726,080	1,283,800	All bhadoi crops ...	207,358	190,400	205,450	11	12
Bankur ...	Sadar	1,229,440	428,800	Bhadoi paddy	24,300	23,000	24,300		
				Indian-corn (maize)...	200	200	200		
				Jute	700	700	700	10	16
				Cotton	1,000	1,000	1,000		
				Indigo	2,600	2,600	2,600		
				Til (gingelly)	600	600	600		
	Total ...	1,229,440	428,800	All bhadoi crops ...	29,400	28,100	29,400	10	16
	Vishunpur ...	448,000	214,000	Bhadoi paddy	20,000	20,000	20,000		
				Indian-corn (maize)....	100	100	100		
				Bhadoi pulse	5,000	5,000	5,000		
				Jute	300	300	300		
				Cotton	1,000	1,000	1,000	7	16
				Hemp	500	500	500		
				Indigo	300	300	300		
				Til (gingelly)	200	200	200		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	100	100	100		
	Total ...	448,000	214,000	All bhadoi crops ...	27,500	27,500	27,500	7	16
	Whole district...	1,677,440	642,800	Bhadoi paddy	44,300	43,000	44,300		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	300	300	300		
				Bhadoi pulse	5,000	5,000	5,000		
				Jute	1,000	1,000	1,000		
				Cotton	2,000	2,000	2,000	8½	16
				Hemp	500	500	500		
				Indigo	2,900	2,900	2,900		
				Til (gingelly)	800	800	800		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	100	100	100		
	District Total ...	1,677,440	642,800	All bhadoi crops ...	56,900	55,000	56,900	8½	16

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Birbhum ...	Sadar	709,120	290,000	Bhadoi paddy	95,000	95,000	104,500	16	18	The rainfall throughout the agricultural period was favourable for the high land crops. The early paddy crop which is now ripe and in places harvested may be considered safe.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	1,200	1,200	1,300				
				Cotton	600	600	600				
				Hemp	900	900	900				
				Til (gingelly)	900	900	1,200				
	Total ...	709,120	290,000	All bhadoi crops ...	98,600	98,600	108,500	16	18		
	Rampur Hat ...	412,160	169,000	Bhadoi paddy	55,000	55,000	60,500*	16	18		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	800	800	900*				
				Cotton	400	400	400				
				Hemp	600	600	600				
				Til (gingelly)	600	600	800*				
	Total ...	412,160	169,000	All bhadoi crops ...	57,400	57,400	63,200	16	18		
	Whole district...	1,121,280	459,000	Bhadoi paddy	150,000	150,000	165,000	16	18		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	2,000	2,000	2,200				
				Cotton	1,000	1,000	1,000				
				Hemp	1,500	1,500	1,500				
				Til (gingelly)	1,500	1,500	2,000				
	District Total ...	1,121,280	459,000	All bhadoi crops ...	156,000	156,000	171,700	16	18		

Midnapore ...	Sadar	2,081,280	1,229,100	Bhadoi paddy ...	266,200	65,400	78,400	8	12	The outturn of bhadoi paddy has been better than it was estimated in the preliminary forecast, but the other crops were overestimated.
				Indian-corn (maize)...		32,000	24,000	16	12	
				Bhadoi pulse ...		3,100	4,000	9	10	
				Jute		4,900	4,900	10	10	
				Cotton		4,200	4,200	7	9	
				Hemp		1,100	2,300	9	10	
				Indigo		34,600	34,600	6	6	
				(Til (gingelly)... ...		21,400	21,400	12	10	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)		9,200	7,300	12	12	
	Total ...	2,081,280	1,229,100	All bhadoi crops ...	266,200	175,900	178,000	9	10	
	Tamluk ...	373,100	279,600	Bhadoi paddy ...	6,200	6,200	4,200	13	10	The figure 400 shown in the preliminary forecast was a mistake. The correct figure is now shown.
				Bhadoi pulse	1,400	1,400	1,400			
				Jute	3,600	3,400	3,400			
				Cotton	1,200	1,200	1,000			
				Hemp	2,500	2,500	2,500			
				Indigo	100	100	100*			
				Til (gingelly)	700	700	700			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	1,600	1,600	1,600			
	Total ...	373,100	279,600	All bhadoi crops ...	17,300	17,100	14,900	13	10	
	Contai ...	563,840	456,300	Bhadoi paddy	34,500	7,300	7,200	7	7	
				Bhadoi pulse		3,800	2,500	11	6	
				Jute		6,700	2,700	15	8	
				Cotton		3,900	2,000	8	4	
				Hemp		5,700	2,500	14	8	
				Til (gingelly)		3,000	1,500	11	6	
		563,840	456,300	All bhadoi crops ...	34,500	30,400	18,400	11	6¼	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
Midnapore—*concld.*	Ghatal ...	234,240	146,500	Bhadoi paddy	14,100	14,100	14,100	Annas. 10	Annas. 14		
				Jute	100	......	100	......	12		
				Indigo	600	600	600	16	12		
	Total ...	234,240	146,500	All bhadoi crops ...	14,800	14,700	14,800	13	12		
	Whole district ...	3,252,480	2,111,500	Bhadoi paddy ...	332,800	93,000	100,808	10	11		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		32,000	24,000	16	12	The explanation given in the preliminary forecast holds good.	
				Bhadoi pulse		8,300	7,900	11	9		
				Jute		15,000	11,100	12	11		
				Cotton		9,300	7,200	9	8		
				Hemp		9,300	7,300	12	10		
				Indigo		35,300	35,300	12	10		
				Til (gingelly)		25,100	23,600	12	9		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		10,800	8,800	12	12		
	District Total ...	3,252,480	2,111,500	All bhadoi crops ...	332,800	238,100	226,000	11	10		

Hooghly ...	Sadar	282,880	176,800	Bhadoi paddy ... Jute	21,360 14,000	18,000 14,000	21,360 14,000	8 12	16 12	Rainfall was sufficient and timely. Therefore the outturn expected has been realized
	Total ...	282,880	176,800	All bhadoi crops ...	35,300	32,000	35,360	10	14	
	Serampore ...	219,520	160,000	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Miscellaneous* (not included in the above).	17,823 1,270 267	11,747 960 160	13,283 1,070 167	12 16 16	10 8 8	* Sunn-hemp.
	Total ...	219,520	160,000	All bhadoi crops ...	19,360	12,867	14,520	15	9	
	Jahanabad ...	280,320	167,680	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Millets ... ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Cotton ... ... Hemp ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	55,680	13,345 1,550 ...... 1,541 230 1,450 ...... 620 1,830	10,136 ...... 2,066 900 33 500 3 800	10 10 10 10 10 10 ...... 10 10	10 ...... 10 10 10 10 10 10	
	Total ...	280,320	167,68	All bhadoi crops ..	55,680	20,566	16,671	10	10	
	Howrah	109,440	69,760	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Indian-corn (maize) ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Hemp ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	11,520	1,046 50 330 4,864 350 1,181 922	991 100 250 2,378 350 300 2,238	12	10	
	Total ...	109,440	69,760	All bhadoi crops ...	11,520	8,743	6,667	12	10	
	Ulubaria ...	193,920	8,000	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute	12,000 4,000	4,500 1,900	4,500 1,700	10	8	
	Total ...	193,920	128,000	All bhadoi crops ...	16,000	6,400	6,200	10	8	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crops.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16-annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16-annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Hooghly—*concld.*	Whole district...	1,086,080	700,240	Bhadoi paddy ...	137,920	48,638	50,270	11	10		
				Millets		1,550	......				
				Indian-corn (maize)...		50	100				
				Bhadoi pulse		330	2,316				
				Jute		23,265	20,048				
				Cotton		230	33				
				Hemp		1,800	850				
				Indigo		......	3				
				Til (gingelly)		1,801	1,100				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		2,912	4,638				
	District Total...	1,086,080	702,240	All bhadoi crops ...	137,920	80,576	79,358	11	10		
24-Parganas	Sadar	690,506	462,700	Bhadoi paddy ...	34,000	4,300*	28,000	14	6		* This figure is very improbable. No explanation has been offered by the Collector why it should be so low as compared with the normal and this year's areas.
				Jute	4,400	6,400	6,800				
				Hemp	3,500	1,700	2,000				
	Total ...	690,506	462,700	All bhadoi crops ...	41,900	12,400	36,800	14	6		
	Barasat ...	313,600	189,400	Bhadoi paddy ...	42,800	36,200	33,500	12	12	The decrease in the outturn is due to excessive rainfall.	
				Jute	25,300	15,300	15,600	12	8		
	Total ...	313,600	189,400	All bhadoi crops ...	68,100	51,500	49,100	12	10		

	Basirhat ...	339,200	281,600	Bhadoi paddy ...	28,700	28,600	25,700	12	16	
				Jute	17,400	17,500	17,400	16	8	
	Total ...	339.200	281,600	All bhadoi crops ...	46,100	46,100	43,100	14	12	
	Diamond Harbour.	328,320	289,900	Bhadoi paddy	3,200	3,200	300	14	4	
				Jute	1,300	1,600	1,300	16	4	
	Total ...	328,320	289,900	All bhadoi crops ...	4,500	4,800	1,600	15	4	
	Whole district...	1,671,626	1,223,600	Bhadoi paddy	108,700	72,300	87,500	12	10	
				Jute	48,400	40,800	41,100	13	8	
				Hemp	3,500	1,700	2,000	14	6	
	District Total ...	1,671,626	1,223,600	All bhadoi crops ...	160,600	114,800	130,600	13¼	8	
Khulna ...	Sadar	1,006,336	293,400	Bhadoi paddy ...	9,300	5,400	5,500	12	10	Excessive rains have damaged the crops to some extent.
				Jute	7,700	6,500	6,500			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	1,300	1,200	1,300			
	Total ...	1,006,336	293,400	All bhadoi crops ...	18,300	13,100	13,300	12	10	
	Satkhira ...	814,643·2	299,500	Bhadoi paddy	17,100	6,500	13,000	14	12	Constant heavy rains have damaged the crops to some extent.
				Do. pulse	3,200	2,000	3,200			
				Jute	8,400	6,500	8,400			
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	1,000	1,000			
	Total ...	814,643·2	299,500	All bhadoi crops ...	29,700	16,000	25,600	14	12	
	Bagerhat ...	965,523·2	277,100	Bhadoi paddy	30,000	30,000	30,000	14	2	Excessive rains have damaged the crops particularly paddy and jute.
				Jute	6,400	6,400	6,400	14	4	
				Til (gingelly) ...	3,200	3,200	3,200	14	12	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	1,800	1,800	1,800	......	14	
	Total ...	965,523·2	277,100	All bhadoi crops ...	41,400	41,400	41,400	14	11	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
District.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Khulna—*concld.*	Whole district...	3,103,942·4 including 317,440 acres of land on account of area of boundary khals and rivers of Sunderbans in this district.	870,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	56,400	41,900	48,500	14	8	All the crops have been more or less damaged by the heavy and excessive rains.	
				Bhadoi pulse	3,200	2,000	3,200	14	12		
				Jute	22,500	19,400	21,300	14	9		
				Til (gingelly.) ...	4,200	4,200	4,200	14	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	3,100	3,000	3,100	14	12		
	District Total ...	3,103,942·4	870,000	All bhadoi crops ...	89,400	70,500	80,300	14	11		
Nadia ...	Sadar	497,920	362,825	Bhadoi paddy ...	69,300	69,300	69,300	16	12		
				Millets	36	36	36	10	10		
				Jute	5,000	2,940	3,191	11	9		
				Indigo	9,200	9,200	9,200	6	6		
				Til (gingelly)	1,200	1,200	1,016	8	9		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	100	100	100	14	10		
	Total ...	497,920	362,825	All bhadoi crops ...	84,836	82,776	82,848	11	9		

Kushtea ...	382,080	278,416	Bhadoi paddy	45,500	45,500	40,000	12	8	
			Jute	22,000	23,000	22,000	12	8	
			Indigo	16,500	16,500	16,500	8	2	
			Til (gingelly)	3,000	3,000	3 000	12	5	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	300	300	300	12	12	
Total ...	382,080	278,416	All bhadoi crops ...	87,300	88,300	81,800	11	8	
Meherpur ...	634,880	462,625	Bhadoi paddy ...	120,600	120,600	95,000	14	8	The excessive rains and flood affected the crops in a large tract of land, hence the difference between the outturn shown in this report and that reported in the preliminary forecast against bhadoi paddy, indigo and miscellaneous crops.
			Indian-corn (maize) ...	1,000	1,000	......	11	......	
			Jute	3,000	3,060	3,570	12	8	
			Hemp	1,100	1,100	550	11	8	
			Indigo	20,300	20,300	16,500	6	4	
			Til (gingelly)	1,200	1,200	990	11	8	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	33,000	33,000	26,000	11	8	
Total ...	634,880	462,625	All bhadoi crops ...	180,200	18[illegible],260	142,610	11	7	
Ranaghat ...	273,280	199,134	Bhadoi paddy ...	25,200	25,200	25,200	16	16	
			Jute	17,000	17,900	17,900	16	12	
			Indigo	6,100	6,100	6,100	8	8	
			Til (gingelly)	3,800	3,800	3,820	14	16	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above,)	26,000	26,000	26,000	14	14	
Total ...	273,280	199,134	All bhadoi crops ...	78,100	79,000	79,020	14	13	
Whole district...	1,788,160	1,303,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	260,600	260,600	229,500	16	11	
			Millets	36	36	36	10	10	
			Indian-corn (maize)...	1,000	1,000	......	11	......	
			Jute	47,000	46,900	46,661	13	9	
			Hemp	1,100	1,100	550	11	8	
			Indigo	52,100	52,100	48,300	7	5	
			Til (gingelly) ...	9,200	9,200	8,826	12	10	The abnormal rainfall during ploughing and sowing season affected the area under bhadoi crops, and the outturn of jute, indigo and paddy. The rains and cloudy weather at the manufacturing season affected the outturn of indigo to a large extent.
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	59,400	59,400	52,400	14	11	
District Total...	1,788,160	1,303,000	All bhadoi crops ...	430,436	430,336	386,273	12	9	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Jessore ...	Sadar ...	568,960	304,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	135,200	133,600	129,000	18	12	The decrease in area sown with bhadoi paddy, jute, til and miscellaneous crops as compared with normal and last year's is due to heavy rainfall at the sowing season. The decrease in outturn is due to injury caused to the crops by heavy and incessant rains. The increase in the normal area under bhadoi paddy is due to the fact that the area previously grown with indigo, which has ceased to be cultivated, is now brought under cultivation of this crop.	
				Jute	800	800	600	16	6		
				Indigo	......	1,600	......	16	......		
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	1,000	800	6	6		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	800	800	600	16	8		
	Total ...	568,960	304,000	All bhadoi crops ...	137,800	137,800	131,000	16	8		
	Magura ...	272,000	171,520	Bhadoi paddy ...	39,384	38,706	38,000	18	12	The area and outturn are less than those of the previous year owing to excessive rainfall in May and June.	
				Jute	3,840	4,480	2,840	16	8		
				Hemp	50	50	40	16	8		
				Indigo	2,056	2,094	2,056	6	3		
				Til (gingelly)	600	600	400	4	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	150	150	150	16	12		
	Total ...	272,000	171,520	All bhadoi crops ...	46,080	46,080	43,486	13	10		

Jhenida ...	304,000	204,800	Bhadoi paddy ...	16,000	16,000	16,000	20	8	On account of constant rains the outturn of crops has fallen much below the average and last year's.
			Jute	10,000	10,000	10,000	16	8	
			Indigo	12,026	12,026	12,026	10	6	
			Til (gingelly)	500	500	500	6	5	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	500	500	500	14	12	
Total ...	304,000	204,800	All bhadoi crops ...	39,026	39,026	39,026	13	8	
Narail ...	311,680	187,520	Bhadoi paddy ...	17,920	17,920	17,920	18	6	The decrease in area under jute is due to increase in the area under til, the cultivation of the latter crop having been facilitated by favourable rainfall at the sowing season. The fall in the outturn of bhadoi paddy and jute is due to injury done to the crops by incessant rains and early rising of the rivers.
			Jute	19,200	19,200	8,200	16	6	
			Til (gingelly)	9,600	9,600	20,600	10	10	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	9,600	9,600	9,600	10	8	
Total ...	311,680	187,520	All bhadoi crops ...	56,320	56,320	56,320	14	8	
Bangaon ...	415,360	248,960	Bhadoi paddy	106,000	130,000	80,000	16	12	The figures shown in columns 6 and 7 against indigo differ from those given in the final forecast of 1892, owing to revision based on minute and careful enquiry.
			Bhadoi pulse	8,654	8,000	6,000	12	8	
			Jute	8,320	7,680	7,800	16	4	
			Indigo	(a)3,717	(a)3,444	2,800	8	4	The area sown this year with bhadoi paddy, bhadoi pulse and indigo are below normal and last year's owing to excessive rain at the sowing season. The slight increase in the area under jute over last year's calls for no explanation, but the decrease as compared with normal is attributed to heavy rains. The area under til is larger than in the preceding year, but below normal. The increase may be attributed to the season being more favourable to the sowing of this crop. The decrease in the area under miscellaneous crops as compared with normal may be attributed to the heavy rainfall of the year. The fall in the outturns of bhadoi paddy, bhadoi pulse, jute, and indigo is attributed to excessive and incessant rain which destroyed the young plants or stunted their growth. The slight increases in the outturns of til and miscellaneous crops call for no comments.
			Til (gingelly)	4,326	2,000	4,000	6	8	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	8,000	5,000	5,000	6	8	
Total ...	415,360	248,960	All bhadoi crops ...	139,017	156,124	105,600	11	8	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Jessore—*concld.*	Whole district...	1,872,000	1, 116,800	Bhadoi paddy	314,504	336,226	280,920	18	10		
				Bhadoi pulse	8,654	8,000	6,000	12	8		
				Jute	43,160	42,160	29,440	16	7		
				Hemp	50	50	40	16	8		
				Indigo	17,799	19,164	16,882	10	4		
				Til (gingelly)	16,026	13,700	26,300	6	8		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	19,050	16,050	15,850	12	10		
	District Total...	1,872,000	1,116,800	All bhadoi crops ...	418,243	435,350	375,432	13	8		
Murshidabad	Sadar	586,240	395,136	Bhadoi paddy ...	160,640	160,640	164,402	16	12		
				Indian-corn (maize)...	330	320	345				
				Bhadoi pulse	1,280	1,280	1,230				
				Jute	13,760	13,760	13,250				
				Cotton	320	320	210				
				Indigo	30,400	30,400	30,810				
				Til (gingelly	6,720	6,720	6,280				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	3,520	3,520	1,840				
	Total ...	586,240	359,136	All bhadoi crops ...	216,960	216,960	218,367	16	12		

	Jangipur ...	380,160	310,617	Bhadoi paddy	73,600	73,600	72,450	16	14	
				Millets	......	......	1,920		12	
				Jute	16,000	16,000	16,000		16	
				Indigo	25,600	25,600	25,600		8	
				Til (gingelly)	3,200	3,200	3,200		12	
	Total ...	380,160	310,617	All bhadoi crops ...	118,400	118,400	119,170	16	13	
	Kandi	405,760	279,795	Bhadoi paddy	19,815	18,565	19,815	16	14	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	10	10	10		8	
				Bhadoi pulse	2,323	2,323	2,120		10	
				Jute	791	791	650		12	
				Cotton	5	5	5		12	
				Hemp	782	782	675		12	
				Indigo	3,200	3,200	3,200		12	
				Til (gingelly)	50	50	50		16	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	443	443	400		12	
	Total ...	405,760	279,795	All bhadoi crops ...	27,419	26,169	26,925	16	12	
	Whole district...	1,372,160	985,548	Bhadoi paddy	254,055	252,805	256,667	16	12¼	The increase in area under cultivation is attributable to the favourable rains during the sowing time, where as the decrease in outturn of the bhadoi crops is due to excessive rainfall and early rise of the river.
				Millets	......	......	1,920			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	330	330	355			
				Bhadoi pulse	3,003	3,003	3,350			
				Jute	30,551	30,551	29,900			
				Cotton	325	325	215			
				Hemp	782	782	675			
				Indigo	59,200	59,200	59,610			
				Til (gingelly)	9,970	9,970	9,530			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	3,963	3,963	2,240			
	District Total ...	1,372,160	985,548	All bhadoi crops ...	362,779	361,529	364,462	16	12¼	
Dinajpur ...	Sadar	2,080,000	1,377,600	Bhadoi paddy	101,100	101,100	101,100	18	20	
				Jute	78,600	78,600	78,600	18	14	
	Total ...	2,080,000	1,377,600	All bhadoi crops ...	179,700	179,700	179,700	18	17	
	Thakurgaon ...	554,880	367,400	Bhadoi paddy	26,900	26,900	26,900	18	18	
				Jute	20,900	20,900	20,900	18	18	
	Total ...	554,880	367,400	All bhadoi crops ...	47,800	47,800	47,800	18	18	
	Whole district...	2,634,880	1,745,000	Bhadoi paddy	128,000	128,000	128,000	18	19	
				Jute	99,500	99,500	99,500	18	16	
	District Total ...	2,634,880	1,745,000	All bhadoi crops ...	227,500	227,500	227,500	18	17½	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Rajshahi ...	Sadar	631,152·4	386,700	Bhadoi paddy	35,568	35,568	35,060	16	15	Damage was caused to the crops by the rains of June and July	
				Jute	35,384	35,734	35,321	16	15¾		
				Indigo	9,000	9,000	9,000	10	14		
				Til (gingelly)	700	700	600	14	14		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	8	8	8	14	14		
	Total ...	631,152·4	386,700	All bhadoi crops ...	80,660	81,610	79,989	14	14½		
	Nator	522,880	402,100	Bhadoi paddy	35,166	30,000	35,166	14	12	The excessive rainfall at the time of cultivation as also at the time when the plants were coming out damaged the outturn.	
				Jute	34,781	35,133	34,781	14	12		
				Til (gingelly)	754	774	754	16	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	300	300	300	12	14		
	Total ...	522,880	402,100	All bhadoi crops ...	71,001	66,207	71,001	14	12½		
	Nowgong ...	385,920	297,100	Bhadoi paddy	34,766	34,700	34,000	18	14	The decrease in area is due to excessive rainfall.	
				Jute	34,335	34,600	30,000	18	10		
				Hemp	1,900	1,200	1,100	12	16		
				Til (gingelly)	170	200	200	16	4		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	5,200	5,200	3,000	16	16		
	Total ...	385,920	297,100	All bhadoi crops ...	76,371	75,900	68,300	14	12		

	Whole district...	1,539,952·4	1,085,900	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Hemp ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	105,500 104,500 1,900 9,000 1,624 5,508	106,268 105,467 1,200 9,000 1,674 5,508	104,226 100,102 1,100 9,000 1,524 3,308	16 16 12 10 13½ 13	13½ 12½ 16 14 10 14½
	District Total ...	1,539,952·4	1,085,900	All bhadoi crops ...	228,032	223,117	219,290	14	13
Rangpur ...	Sadar	730,240	486,800	Bhadoi paddy	30,100	30,100	30,200	15	15
				Millets ... ... Indian-corn (maize)... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ...	5,500 100 7,600 67,200 5,700 1,900	.... 7,600 76,300 5,700 1,900	5,500 100 7,600 80,900 4,600 2,000	.... 4 12 3 2	12 16 16 18 16 12
	Total ...	730,240	486,800	All bhadoi crops ...	118,100	121,600	130,900	12	15
	Nilphamari ...	414,720	275,800	Bhadoi paddy	64,000	72,000	73,600	14	16
				Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Hemp ... ... Indigo	5,100 80,000 2,000	5,127 81,000 25 2,163	5,200 75,300 2,000	10 14 10 8	10 18 16
	Total ...	414,720	275,800	All bhadoi crops ...	151,100	160,315	156,100	12	14½
	Kurigram ...	599,680	468,900	Bhadoi paddy	117,300	117,300	117,300	12	16
				Jute	87,900	87,800	87,900	11	18
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	94,600	94,600	94,600	16	12
	Total ...	599,680	468,900	All bhadoi crops ...	299,800	299,800	299,800	13	15½

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Rangpur—*concld.*	Gaibanda ...	486,400	371,200	Bhadoi paddy	64,000	64,000	64,000	14	16		
				Jute	51,200	51,200	51,200	15	18		
	Total ...	486,400	371,200	All bhadoi crops ...	115,200	115,200	115,200	14½	17		
	Whole district...	2,231,040	1,602,700	Bhadoi paddy	275,400	283,400	285,100	13¾	16	The price of winter rice was high last year. People naturally turned their attention to food-crops, but unseasonable weather interfered with their growth. The outturn was better, however, than at first feared.	The outturn of Jute was estimated in the Final Jute Report at 13 annas. It is now estimated at 18 annas.
										The unequal distribution of rain did little harm to the hardy thakri pulse.	
										Jute, being a profitable crop, is gaining steadily in area year by year. But for the lands being water-logged the crop would have been still more plentiful.	
				Millets	5,500	......	5,500	......	12	Very little indigo is grown in the district.	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	100	......	100	......	16		
				Bhadoi pulse	12,700	12,727	12,800	7	13	The excessive rains did not harm the *til* crop so badly as was feared at first.	
				Jute	286,300	296,400	295,300	13	18		
				Indigo	7,700	7,863	6,600	5¼	16		
				Til (gingelly)	1,900	1,900	2,000	2	12	There is an increase in area under this year's bhadoi crops owing to a large quantity of lands having been utilized in sowing bhadoi paddy owing to the high price of rice during the previous year.	
				Miscelloneous (not included in the above).	94,600	94,600	94,600	16	12		

	District Total ...	2,231,040	1,602,700	All bhadoi crops ...	684,206	696,890	702,003	13	15¼	The crop would have been a bumper one this year had there not been heavy rain during the weeding season. The outturn of this year has been estimated to be 15¼ annas, which is better than that of the last year, during which the crop was injured by excessive rainfall at harvesting time and by floods in July and August.
Bogra ...	Whole district...	929,000	421,000	Bhadoi paddy	140,000	175,000	175,000	15	10	The decrease in the outturn estimated is due to the damage done to the crops by excessive rain.
				Jute	76,000	75,000	75,000	18	12	
	District Total ...	929,000	421,000	All bhadoi crops ...	216,000	250,000	250,000	16	10½	
Pabna ...	Sadar ...	564,480	423,000	Bhadoi paddy... ...	64,000	64,000	58,500	12	10	
				Jute	80,880	80,820	90,922	16	10	
				Hemp	8,820	8,820	8,820	14	......	
				Indigo	100	100	133	8	4	
				Til (gingelly)	46,180	46,180	55,000	14	10	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	8,820	8,820	8,820	10	10	
	Total ...	564,480	423,000	All bhadoi crops ...	208,800	208,740	222,195	12	9	
	Sirajganj ...	612,480	459,500	Bhadoi paddy... ...	61,200	61,200	65,600	12	10	
				Bhadoi pulse	20,400	20,400	18,400	8	8	
				Jute	100,000	106,250	106,250	17	14	
				Hemp	23,100	23,100	20,100	16	......	
				Til (gingelly)	30,100	30,100	30,100	10	9	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	16,900	16,900	14,900	10	9	
	Total ...	612,480	459,500	All bhadoi crops ...	251,700	257,950	254,750	12	10	
	Whole district...	1,176,960	882,500	Bhadoi paddy... ...	125,200	125,200	123,500	12	10	High prices induced the cultivators to sow more land; outturn was affected by rainfall.
				Bhadoi pulse	20,400	20,400	18,400	8	8	
				Jute	180,880	187,070	197,172	16	12	
				Hemp	31,920	31,920	28,920	15	......	
				Indigo	100	100	133	8	4	
				Til (gingelly)	76,280	76,280	85,100	12	9	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	25,720	25,720	23,720	10	9	Both the area and outturn of miscellaneous crops was affected by rainfall.
	District Total ...	1,176,960	882,500	All bhadoi crops ...	460,500	466,690	476,945	12	9	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Darjeeling ...	Sadar, including Kalimpong.	464,640	61,400	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Millets ... ... Indian-corn (maize)... Miscellaneous (not included in the above.	2,900 7,700 17,600 4,400	2,900 7,700 17,600 4,400	3,200 5,300 22,100 4,900	12 12 12 12	14 14 14 14	The increase in area is due to ordinary fluctuations in the cultivation. Owing to sufficient and seasonable rainfall the outturn is expected to be better this year.	
	Total ...	464,640	61,400	All bhadoi crops ...	32,600	32,600	35,500	12	14		
	Kurseong ...	118,400	12,800	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Indian-cor (maize)... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	1 6 6	1 6 6	1 6 6	14 14 13	14 14 13		
	Total ...	118,400	12,800	All bhadoi crops ...	13	13	13	13	13		
	Siliguri	161,920	115,200	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Indian-corn (maize)... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	29,400 100 13,800 75 25	29,200 100 13,800 75 25	29,300 100 13,800 75 25	14 16 12 16 12	15 16 16 10 12	The increase in the area for bhadoi paddy is due to ordinary fluctuation in cultivation. Rainfall being sufficient and well distributed, the outturn has been better, but the outturn of *til* will be less as the rains were excessive at the time of sowing.	
	Total ...	161,920	115,200	All bhadoi crops ...	43,400	43,200	43,300	14	13		

	Whole district...	744,960	189,400	Bhadoi paddy	32,301	38,161	32,501	13	14	
				Millets	7,700	7,700	5,300	12	14	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	17,706	17,706	22,206	14	15	
				Jute	13,800	13,800	13,800	12	16	
				Til (gingelly	75	75	75	16	10	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	4,431	4,431	4,931	12	13	
	District Total ...	744,960	189,400	All bhadoi crops ...	76,013	75,813	78,813	13	13½	
Jalpaiguri ...	Sadar	1,072,150	557,500	Bhadoi paddy ...	113,000	113,995	117,650	14	14	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	2,000	1,000	1,000		10	
				Bhadoi pulse	500	500	500	8	8	
				Jute	77,300	83,205	76,150		16	
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	......	1,000	......	12	
	Total ...	1,072,150	557,500	All bhadoi crops ...	193,800	198,700	196,300	12	12	
	Alipur	823,731	408,900	Bhadoi paddy ...	73,700	58,700	53,700	12	14	
				Jute	18,700	13,200	12,200		16	
				Cotton	200	200	200	8	12	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	200	200	200		12	
	Total ...	823,731	408,900	All bhadoi crop ...	92,800	72,300	86,300	11	13	
	Whole district...	1,895,881	966,400	Bhadoi paddy ...	186,700	172,695	191,350	13	14	The increase in outturn is due to good distribution of rains.
				Indian-corn (maize)	2,000	1.000	1,000		10	
				Bhadoi pulse	500	500	500		8	
				Jute	96,000	96,405	88,350		16	
				Cotton	200	200	200	8	12	
				Til (gingelly)	1,400	......	1,000		12	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above,)	200	200	200		12	
	District Total ...	1,895,881	966400	All bhadoi crops ...	286,600	271,000	282,600	12	12	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Dacca ...	Sadar	810,240	405,100	Bhadoi paddy ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly)	62,900 151,300 12,800	62,900 126,100 12,800	62,900 138,700 12,800	10 14 8	6 10 7		
	Total ...	810,240	405,100	All bhadoi crops ...	227,000	201,800	214,400	10¾	7¾		
	Munshiganj ...	256,640	128,000	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	22,000 15,000 27,000	17,000 14,000 20,200	15,000 14,000 21,200	12 10 12	10 9 10		
	Total ...	256,640	128,000	All bhadoi crops ...	64,000	51,200	50,200	11¼	9¾		

	Narsinganj ...	410,240	230,400	Bhadoi paddy... ...	73,400	67,200	68,000	7	7	
				Bhadoi pulse	1,000	500	500	7	8	
				Jute	40,000	43,200	44,000	16	12	
				Til (gingelly) ...	800	300	300	7	7	
	Total ...	410,240	230,400	All bhadoi crops ...	115,200	111,200	112,800	9½	8¾	
	Manickganj ...	312,960	234,200	Bhadoi paddy	16,600	16,600	16,600	8	8	
				Millets	400	400	400	10	14	
				Jute	13,000	10,000	12,000	13	8	
				Til (gingelly)	1,200	1,200	1,200	10	10	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	20,500	12,800	16,000	10	12	
	Total ...	312,960	234,200	All bhadoi crop ...	51,700	41,000	46,200	10½	10¾	
	Whole district...	1,790,080	997,700	Bhadoi paddy ...	174,900	163,700	162,500	9½	7¾	Owing to high floods, aus in low lands has to some extent been damaged.
				Millets	400	400	400	10	14	
				Bhadoi pulse	1,000	500	500	7	8	Owing to constant rain and high floods, the outturn of jute was less than last year.
				Jute	219,300	193,300	208,700	13½	9¾	
				Til (gingelly)	14,800	14,300	14,300	8½	8	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	47,500	33,000	37,200	11	11	
	District Total ...	1,790,080	997,700	All bhadoi crops ...	457,900	405,200	423,600	10	9¾	
Faridpur ...	Sadar	550,400	385,300	Bhadoi paddy ...	134,800	100,000	101,100	12	6	
				Jute	25,000	25,000	20,000	15	5	
				Hemp	300	300	100	14	5	
				Til (gingelly)	4,000	4,000	500	10	4	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	500	500	300	14	4	
	Total ...	550,400	385,300	All bhadoi crops ...	164,600	129,800	122,000	13½	5	
	Goalundo ...	273,920	205,400	Bhadoi paddy	112,400	90,880	84,300	14	8	The outturn of jute was worse than as it was expected at first (12 annas).
				Millets	100	100	100	14	6	
				Jute	20,000	20,000	20,000	15	6	
				Indigo	1,000	820	1,000	14	5	
				Til (gingelly)	600	600	600	10	5	
	Total ...	273,920	205,400	All bhadoi crops ...	134,100	112,400	106,000	14	7	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Faridpur—*concld.*	Madaripur ...	626,560	416,800	Bhadoi paddy	96,000	41,600	64,000	16	6		
				Jute	40,000	40,000	40,000	16	8		
				Til (gingelly)	10,000	9,600	10,000	12	12		
	Total ...	626,560	416,800	All bhadoi crops ...	146,000	91,200	114,000	15	8		
	Whole district...	1,450,880	1,007,500	Bhadoi paddy ...	343,200	232,480	249,400	14	6		
				Millets	100	100	100	14	6		
				Jute	85,000	85,000	80,000	15	7		
				Hemp	300	300	100	14	5		
				Indigo	1,000	820	1,000	14	5		
				Til (gingelly)	14,600	14,200	11,100	10	8		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	500	500	300	14	4		
	District Total ...	1,450,880	1,007,500	All bhadoi crops ...	444,700	333,400	342,000	14	6		
Backergunge	Sadar	711,040	446,700	Bhadoi paddy	100,700	82,800	82,800	14	2		
				Jute	6,200	6,200	6,200	14	10		
	Total ...	711,040	446,700	All bhadoi crops ...	106,900	89,000	89,000	14	6		

	Patuakhali ...	787,840	320,200	Bhadoi paddy	29,400	29,400	29,400	16	8	
	Total ...	787,840	320,200	All bhadoi crops ...	29,400	29,400	29,400	16	8	
	Pirojpur ...	442,880	320,200	Bhadoi paddy	57,600	57,600	57,600	14	8	
	Total ...	442,880	320,200	All bhadoi crops ...	57,600	57,600	57,600	14	8	
	Bhola	393,600	256,100	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute	95,800 200	95,800 200	95,800 200	14 10	4 6	
	Total ...	393,600	256,100	All bhadoi crops ...	96,000	96,000	96,000	12	5	
	Whole district...	2,335,360	1,343,200	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute	283,500 6,400	265,600 6,400	265,600 6,400	14½ 12	5½ 8	The heavy and very frequent rainfall and the unusual rise of waters have affected the crops very seriously, and hence the bad outturn. Current year's average outturn shown in the preliminary forecast against Bhola sub-division is on special enquiry found to be below the actual correct outturn is shown in this return.
	District Total ...	2,335,360	1,343,200	All bhadoi crops ...	289,900	272,000	272,000	13½	6½	
Mymensingh	Sadar ...	1,183,360	696,960	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Pulse ... ... Hemp ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	73,000 86,400 3,800 57,600 1,400 2,800	73,000 86,400 3,800 57,600 1,400 2,800	73,000 86,400 3,800 57,600 1,400 2,800	13	10 8	Heavy rains and floods damaged and retarded the growth of bhadoi crops.
	Total ...	1,183,360	696,960	All bhadoi crops ...	225,000	225,000	225,000	13	9	
	Tangail ...	666,248	533,023	Bhadoi paddy and til (gingelly). Jute	123,023 204,977	123,023 205,000	123,023 199,767	16 16	13 13	The heavy rains and rapid rise of waters have done some damage to the crops.
	Total ...	666,248	533,023	All bhadoi crops ...	328,000	328,023	322,790	16	13	
	Netrokona ...	908,960	324,500	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	75,000 25,000 250 29,300	75,000 20,000 200 29,300	75,000 20,000 200 29,300	8 14 16 16	8 16 16 16	High flood has caused serious damage to the bhadoi paddy crop during the harvesting time.
	Total ...	908,960	324,500	All bhadoi crops ...	129,550	124,500	124,500	13¾	14	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each bhadoi crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's bhadoi crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's bhadoi crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Mymensingh—*concld.*	Kishoreganj ...	476,160	224,000	Bhadoi paddy	64,000	57,600	57,600	10	10	Owing to the incessant heavy rain in May last, the area cultivated this year has been smaller than the normal area; but the area brought under jute cultivation this year is greater than that of last year. This is owing to the high prices of jute in early part of last year. In the preliminary forecast the expected outturn was shown 8 annas, but the actual outturn proved to be 10 annas, as the rains did not do so much damage as was apprehended.	
				Jute	57,600	44,800	45,000	12	10		
	Total ...	476,160	224,000	All bhadoi crops ...	121,600	102,400	102,600	11	10		
	Jamalpur ...	817,752	627,200	Bhadoi paddy		25,000	25,000			This year's outturn is much better than last year's owing to the seasonable and sufficient rainfall. It had been estimated at 17 annas, but the harvest came to 16 annas, as a small portion was lost for the excessive rainfall at the time of reaping.	
				Millets		100	100				
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		25	25				
				Bhadoi pulse		1,280	1,280				
				Jute	60,700	24,000	28,000	8	16		
				Cotton		25	25				
				Hemp		100	100				
				Til (gingelly)		1,280	1,280				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)		4,000	4,000				
	Total ...	817,752	627,200	All bhadoi crops ...	60,700	55,810	59,810	8	16		

	Whole district...	4,052,480	2,405,683	Bhadoi paddy	864,850	353,023	353,023	12	12	
				Millets		100	100			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		25	25			
				Bhadoi pulse		58,880	58,880			
				Jute		380,200	379,167			
				Cotton		25	25			
				Hemp		1,500	1,500			
				Til (gingelly)		5,280	5,280			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		36,100	36,100			
	District Total ...	4,052,480	2,405,683		864,850	835,733	834,700	12	12	
Tippera ...	Sadar	730,880	547,800	Bhadoi paddy	109,700	113,197	113,197	12	9	
				Millets		14	14	12		
				Bhadoi pulse		330	330	12		
				Jute		20,555	20,555	15		
				Hemp		25	25	12		
				Til (gingelly)		4,246	4,246	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		433	433	12		
	Total ...	730,880	547,800	All bhadoi crops ...	109,700	138,800	138,810	12½	9	
	Chandpur ...	371,200	265,600	Bhadoi paddy	138,400	40,960	40,960	16	4	
				Jute		64,000	64,000	17	12	
				Til (gingelly)[1]... ...		9,600	9,600	20	8	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		16,040	16,040	16	10	
	Total ...	371,200	265,600	All bhadoi crops ...	138,400	130,600	130,600	17½	8½	
	Brahmanbaria	492,160	353,900	Bhadoi paddy	88,500	87,000	87,000	16	8	
				Jute		145,445	145,445	16	10	
				Hemp		500	400	16	8	
				Til (gingelly)		955	850	16	4	
	Total ...	492,160	353,900	All bhadoi crops ...	88,500	233,900	233,695	16	7½	
	Whole district...	1,594,240	1,167,300	Bhadoi paddy	336,600	241,157	241,157	14½	7	Unusual high flood and continuous rainfall have damaged the crop this year.
				Millets		14	14	12	9	
				Bhadoi pulse		330	330	12	9	
				Jute		233,000	230,000	16	10½	
				Hemp		525	425	14	8½	
				Til (gingelly)		14,801	14,696	16	7	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		16,473	16,473	14	9½	
	District Total ...	1,594,240	1,167,300	All bhadoi crops ...	336,600	503,300	503,095	14	8½	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn.	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Noakhali ...	Sadar	830,720	640,000	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly)	152,300 2,600 9,500 1,500	152,300 2,600 9,500 1,500	(a)133,300 2,600 9,500 1,300	15 11 11 11	(b)7 6 8 6	(a) Owing to heavy rainfall at the time of sowing about ⅛th of the area sown last year with aus paddy and gingelly remained uncultivated. (b) Owing to inundation when the plants were in flower the outturn is expected to be shorter this year than that of the last year.	
	Total ...	830,720	640,000	All bhadoi crops ...	165,900	165,900	146,700	12	7		
	Fenny	219,520	178,800	Bhadoi paddy	54,300	54,400	54,300	16	9	Owing to excessive rainfall this year's outturn has been estimated to be much less than that of the previous year.	
	Total ...	219,520	178,800	All bhadoi crops ...	54,300	54,400	54,300	16	9		
	Whole district...	1,050,240	818,800	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Jute ... ... Til (gingelly)	206,600 2,600 9,500 1,500	206,700 2,600 9,600 1,500	187,600 2,600 9,500 1,300	15¼ 11 11 11	7½ 6 8 6		
	District Total ...	1,050,240	818,800	All bhadoi crops ...	220,200	220,300	201,000	13½	7½		

Chittagong...	Sadar	1,043,200	391,200	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Indian-corn (maize)... Cotton ... ... Hemp ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	80,600 30 40 15,420 800 810	65,563 20 22 13,215 780 800	65,563 20 22 13,215 780 800	18 16 14 14 16 16	9 16 14 14 16 16	
	Total ...	1,043,200	391,200	All bhadoi crops ...	97,700	80,400	80,400	15½	14	
	Cox's Bazar ...	599,680	404,015	Bhadoi paddy	11,616	11,616	11,616	16	9	
	Total ...	599,680	404,015	All bhadoi crops ...	11,616	11,616	11,616	16	9	
	Whole district	1,642,880	795,215	Bhadoi paddy .. ... Indian-corn (maize) .. Cotton ... ... Hemp ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	99,216 30 40 15,420 800 810	77,179 20 22 13,215 780 800	77,179 20 22 13,215 780 800	18 16 14 14 16 16	9 16 14 14 16 16	The excessive rainfall in the month of June last, did great damage to the crops.
	District Total ...	1,642,880	795,215	All bhadoi crops ...	109,316	92,016	92,016	16	14	
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Whole districts	3,468,160	Area under jum about 34,400 Area under plough about 10,200	Bhadoi paddy (plough) Jum paddy ... ... Indian-corn (maize)... Cotton ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	3,800 ...... 32,000	1,700 ...... 17,000	1,000 ...... 17,000	9 9½ 7 7½ 6 5½	12 7 ...... 4 4 4	As the rain set in earlier than in previous year with occasional heavy showers causing flood and destruction of seeds, many jum cut could not be burnt. Aus paddy in many places could not be grown. Jum crops, especially cotton, suffered much from excessive rain. Hence the decreases in area and outturn. Revised figures are given in columns 6, 7, 8 and 9.
	District Total ...	3,468,160	44,000	All bhadoi crops ...	35,800	18,700	18,000	7½	5	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Patna ...	Sadar	394,880	290,780	Millets	7,000	5,833	6,833	13½	9	The outturn this year is worse than last year on account of the floods. The less area sown is also due to the same reason and to early heavy rains.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	25,000	22,000	17,333				
				Bhadoi pulse	300	266	266				
				Cotton	200	167	133				
				Hemp	200	67	77				
				Indigo	100	......	17				
				Til (gingelly)	200	100	70				
	Total ...	394,880	290,780	All bhadoi crops ...	33,000	28,433	24,229	13½	9		
	Barh	336,640	259,200	Bhadoi paddy	2,150	2,025	1,525	14	7	The excessive rain at the time of ploughing and sowing followed by floods when the crops were maturing proved injurious.	
				Millets	10,400	9,600	8,500				
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	22,500	21,200	15,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	1,025	975	865				
				Jute	800	700	700				
				Cotton	2,260	2,050	2,050				
				Hemp	600	400	380				
				Til (gingelly	1,290	1,200	1,080				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	3,775	3,450	2,520				
	Total ...	336,640	259,200	All bhadoi crops ...	44,800	41,600	32,620	14	7		
	Bihar	507,520	368,000	Bhadoi paddy	5,000	3,000	4,000	16	16	The excessive rainfall of the year damaged the bhadoi crops, or the outturn would have been better.	
				Millets	70,160	70,160	60,000	16	12		
				Indian-corn (maize.)...	48,000	48,000	45,000	16	8		
				Hemp	1,000	1,000	1,000	16	8		
	Total ...	507,520	368,000	All bhadoi crops ...	124,160	122,160	110,000	16	11		

	Dinapore ...	91,520	75,520	Bhadoi paddy	3,520	3,520	3,520	14	6	On account of the excessive rainfall the area sown is less than last years'; also inundations later on caused great injury to the crops; hence the outturn is worse than last year's.
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	7,680	7,680	5,120			
				Jute	80	80	80			
				Cotton	80	80	80			
				Hemp	80	80	80			
				Til (singelly)	80	80	80			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	7,680	7,680	5,120			
	Total ...	91,520	75,520	All bhadoi crops ...	19,200	19,200	14,080	14	6	
	Whole district ...	1,330,560	993,500	Bhadoi paddy	10,670	8,545	9,045	14	8½	
				Millets	87,560	85,503	74,833			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	103,180	98,880	82,453			
				Bhadoi pulse	1,325	1,241	1,131			
				Jute	880	780	780			
				Cotton	2,540	2,297	2,263			
				Hemp	1,880	1,547	1,537			
				Indigo	100	......	17			
				Til (singelly)	1,570	1,380	1,230			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	11,455	11,130	7,640			
	District Total ...	1,330,560	993,500	All bhadoi crops ...	221,160	211,333	180,929	14	8½	
Gaya ...	Sadar ...	1,219,260	917,900	Bhadoi paddy	4,500	4,500	4,500	16	15	The bhadoi crops were much damaged by excessive rain especially at the harvesting time.
				Millets	58,900	58,900	58,200		7½	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	26,900	26,900	26,900		6	
				Bhadoi pulse	1,200	1,200	1,200		6	
	Total ...	1,219,200	917,900	All bhadoi crops ...	91,500	91,500	91,500	16	8½	
	Jahanabad ...	387,840	321,900	Bhadoi paddy	8,200	8,200	8,200	16	15	
				Millets	12,800	12,800	12,800		7	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	8,300	8,300	8,300		5	
				Bhadoi pulse	2,600	2,600	2,600		5	
				Cotton	100	100	100		16	
	Total ...	387,840	321,900	All bhadoi crops ...	32,000	32,000	32,000	16	8	
	Aurangabad ...	797,440	478,100	Bhadoi paddy	1,900	2,200	2,700	19	10	
				Millets	8,200	10,400	10,000		10	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	8,200	10,500	10,200		10	
				Bhadoi pulse	1,500	1,700	1,800		10	
				Indigo	100	200	200		10	
				Til (singelly) ...	500	600	500		10	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	3,300	4,400	4,500		10	
	Total ...	797,440	478,100	All bhadoi crops ...	23,700	30,000	29,900	19	10	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Gaya—*concld.*	Nawada ...	611,200	489,600	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Millets ... ... Indian-corn (maize) ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Til (gingelly)	5,200 32,000 19,700 9,700 1,200	5,100 26,900 19,500 9,600 1,200	5,200 32,000 19,700 9,700 1,200	14	12		
	Total ...	611,200	489,600	All bhadoi crops ...	67,800	62,300	67,800	14	12		
	Whole district...	3,015,680	2,207,500	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Millets ... ... Indian-corn (maize)... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Cotton ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	19,800 111,900 63,100 15,000 100 100 1,700 3,300	20,000 109,000 65,200 15,100 100 200 1,800 4,400	20,600 113,700 65,100 15,300 100 200 1,700 4,500	16¼ 16¼ 16¼ 16¼ 15 19 16¼ 19	14 9 7 7 16 11 11 11	The crops were generally damaged by excessive rain. More than normal area at Aurangabad and normal area elsewhere was sown on account of good rain at the time. As the bhadoi crops were nearly ripe at the time of submission of preliminary forecast, no changes were actually to be made in this report from those of the former ones. The normal area is understood to have been sown everywhere on account of good rain at the time. The crops, with the exception of paddy, have been greatly damaged by too continuous rain in June and July. The areas in column 3 have been corrected according to the Census Report of 1891.	
	District Total ...	3,015,680	2,207,500	All bhadoi crops ...	215,000	215,800	221,200	16¼	8½		

Shahabad ...	Sadar ...	585,600	487,400	Bhadoi paddy	27,520	47,500	47,500	12	8	Excessive rainfall after sowing time damaged the crop.	The figures returned by Collector in column 7 against Sadar and Bhabua were so improbable that they have been discarded, and the estimates for this year reproduced in that column.
				Millets	25,640	15,500	15,500				
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	17,870	14,700	14,700				
				Bhadoi pulse	100	7,200	7,200				
				Til (gingelly)	......	2,600	2,600				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	9,950	8,800	8,800				
	Total ...	585,600	478,400	All bhadoi crops ...	81,080	96,300	96,300	12	8		
	Buxar	419,840	217,881	Bhadoi paddy	3,700	3,700	3,800	16	16	Timely rainfall did much good to the crop.	
				Millets	3,045	3,045	3,500	12	14		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	13,000	13,000	12,500				
				Bhadoi pulse	2,000	2,000	2,100				
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	1,000	900				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	9,376	9,376	10,000				
	Total ...	419,840	217,881	All bhadoi crops ...	32,121	32,121	32,800	12	14		
	Bhabua ...	832,640	624,640	Bhadoi paddy ...	78,080	5,580	5,580	12	4	Overabundance of rain after sowing time and overflow of the Durgaoti and the Karamnassa damaged the bhadoi crop.	
				Millets		6,687	6,687				
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		2,484	2,484				
				Bhadoi pulse		2,340	2,340				
				Jute		31	31				
				Cotton		31	31				
				Hemp		671	671				
				Til ...		762	762				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		25,031	25,031				
	Total ...	832,640	624,640	All bhadoi crops ...	78,080	43,617	43,617	12	4		
	Sasaram ...	955,520	382,540	Bhadoi paddy	101,855	27,174	17,950	12	8	Excessive rainfall at sowing and the harvesting time proved unfavourable to the bhadoi crops of this year.	
				Millets		12,985	100				
				Indian-corn (maize.)		20,190	6,100				
				Bhadoi pulse		6,380	4,250				
				Jute		483	3,150				
				Cotton		178	850				
				Indigo		300	3,100				
				Til (gingelly)		658	2,300				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		33,5[illegible]3	11,150				
	Total ...	955,520	382,540	All bhadoi crops ...	101,855	101,855	48,950	12	8		
	Whole district	2,793,600	1,712,461	Bhadoi paddy	293,136	83,954	74,830	11½	8		
				Millets		38,217	25,787				
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		50,383	35,784				
				Bhadoi pulse		17,920	15,890				
				Jute		514	3,181				
				Cotton		209	881				
				Hemp		671	671				
				Indigo		300	3,100				
				Til (gingelly)		5,015	6,562				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		76,710	54,981				
	District Total ...	2,793,600	1,712,461	All bhadoi crops ...	293,136	273,893	221,667	11½	8		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of the this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Darbhanga	Sadar	782,080	594,560	Bhadoi paddy	26,112	26,112	26,112	16	4	Favourable and timely rainfall during the sowing season helped the raiyats to cultivate bhadoi crops as in ordinary years, but the late excessive rainfall followed by unprecedented flood caused severe damage to the bhadoi crops of almost the whole Sadar Sub-division. The average outturn is roughly estimated at 4 annas.	
				Millets	73,894	73,894	73,894				
				Indian-corn (maize)...	31,770	31,770	31,770				
				Bhadoi pulse	9,344	9,344	9,344				
				Jute	320	320	320				
				Cotton	1,280	1,280	1,280				
				Indigo	23,360	23,360	23,360				
				Til (gingelly)	320	320	320				
	Total ...	782,080	594,560	All bhadoi crops ...	1,66,440	1,66,400	1,66,400	16	4		
	Samastipur ...	488,960	391,040	Bhadoi paddy	5,000	5,000	5,000	16	10	The low outturn is due to heavy rains and floods this year.	
				Millets	99,038	108,040	100,000		10		
				Indian-corn (maize)...	100,000	100,000	102,000		10		
				Bhadoi pulse	2,000	2,000	2,000		10		
				Cotton	9,000	9,000	9,000		10		
				Indigo	64,000	55,000	60,000		14		
				Til (gingelly)	10	......	3		10		
	Total ...	488,960	391,040	All bhadoi crops ...	279,040	279,040	278,003	16	10¼		

	Madhubani ...	863,360	834,455	Bhadoi paddy	198,400	29,935	36,000	16	16	
				Millets		65,311	70,500		10	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		6,006	7,000		16	
				Bhadoi pulse		10,635	5,500		8	
				Cotton		2,634	2,634		10	
				Hemp		2,078	2,000		16	
				Indigo		6,200	6,200		16	
				Til (gingelly)		305	......		......	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		15,915	15,000		8	
	Total ...	863,360	834,455	All bhadoi crops ...	198,400	139,079	144,834	16	12	
	Whole district ...	2,134,400	1,820,055	Bhadoi paddy	643,840	61,047	67,112	16	8¼	
				Millets		247,215	244,394			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...		138,456	140,770			
				Bhadoi pulse		21,379	16,844			
				Jute		320	320			
				Cotton		2,914	12,914			
				Hemp		12,078	2,000			
				Indigo		84,560	89,560			
				Til (gingelly)		625	323			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		15,915	15,000			
	District Total ...	2,134,400	1,820,055	All bhadoi crops ...	643,840	584,519	589,237	16	8¼	
Muzaffarpur	Sadar ...	779,520	614,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	40,000	50,000	40,000	16	5	The decrease in the area sown this year, as compared with the figures in column 7, is due to the fact that in the last year's forecast the area was very disproportionate. The figures have now been revised and should be taken as approximately correct. The material falling in the estimated outturn of this year is due to damages caused by the continued rains and unprecedented high floods throughout the district.
				Millets	2,000	2,060	2,000			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	30,000	35,000	30,000			
				Bhadoi pulse	4,000	4,000	4,000			
				Cotton	2,000	200	2,000			
				Hemp	......	3,000	......			
				Indigo	75,000	75,000	75,000			
				Til (gingelly)	500	8,000	500			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	16,500	10,000	16,500			
	Total ...	779,520	614,000	All bhadoi crops ...	170,000	187,200	170,000	16	5	
	Hajipur ...	493,440	338,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	50,000	42,200	50,000	17	6¾	
				Millets	2,500	......	2,500			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	40,000	51,600	40,000			
				Bhadoi pulse ...	2,000	2,500	2,000			
				Cotton	2,000	1,600	2,000			
				Hemp	......	1,600	......			
				Indigo	49,000	48,800	49,000			
				Til (gingelly	1,500	1,600	1,500			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	50,000	30,400	50,000			
	Total ...	493,440	338,000	All bhadoi crops ...	197,000	180,300	197,000	17	6¾	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Muzaffarpur —*concld.*	Sitamarhi ...	648,960	493,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	30,000	30,600	30,000	17	6¼		
				Millets	2,500	......	2,500				
				Indian-corn (maize)...	40,000	66,200	40,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	6,000	6,400	6,000				
				Cotton	5,000	8,200	5,000				
				Hemp	......	3,200	......				
				Indigo	13,000	13,400	13,000				
				Til (gingelly)	3,000	3,200	3,000				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	73,500	42,000	73,500				
	Total ...	648,960	493,000	All bhadoi crops ...	173,000	173,200	173,600	17	6¼		
	Whole district...	1,921,920	1,445,000	Bhadoi paddy	120,000	122,800	120,000	17	6		
				Millets	7,000	2,000	7,000				
				Indian-corn (maize)...	110,000	152,800	110,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	12,000	12,900	12,000				
				Cotton	9,000	10,000	9,000				
				Hemp	......	7,800	......				
				Indigo	137,000	137,200	137,000				
				Til (gingelly)	5,000	12,800	5,000				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	140,000	82,400	140,000				
	District Total ...	1,921,920	1,445,000	All bhadoi crops ...	540,000	540,700	540,000	17	6		

Saran ...	Sadar ...	638,720	561,500	Bhadoi paddy ...	7,400	7,400	7,400	14	13	
				Millets	93,000	93,000	93,000			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	77,700	77,700	77,700			
				Bhadoi pulse	4,600	4,600	4,600			
				Hemp	1,200	1,200	1,200			
				Indigo	20,000	20,000	20,000			
				Tin (gingelly	700	700	700			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	1,600	1,600	1,600			
	Total ...	638,720	561,500	All bhadoi crops ...	206,200	206,200	206,200	14	13	
	Siwan	545,925	450,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	10,900	8,000	10,900	15	13	The omission of estimates of area under jute and cotton last year have been supplied by inserting the same figures as are given for this year.
				Millets	78,200	96,000	78,200			
				Indian-corn (maize)	90,000	75,800	90,000			
				Bhadoi pulse	5,000	5,000	5,000			
				Jute (*patua*)	1,100	1,100	1,100			
				Cotton	3,500	3,500	3,500			
				Hemp	2,000	1,600	2,000			
				Indigo	12,000	12,000	12,000			
				Til (gingelly)	800	800	800			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	1,700	700	1,700			
	Total ...	545,925	450,000	All bhadoi crops ...	205,200	204,500	205,200	15	13	
	Gopalgunge ...	493,440	371,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	21,800	21,800	21,800	14	16	
				Millets	12,200	12,200	12,200			
				Indian-corn (maize)...	85,800	85,800	85,800			
				Bhadoi pulse	11,500	11,500	11,500			
				Jute (*patua*)	6,200	6,200	6,200			
				Cotton	8,200	8,200	8,200			
				Hemp	5,900	5,600	5,900			
				Indigo	19,000	19,000	19,000			
				Til (gingelly)	5,600	5,900	5,600			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	34,600	34,600	34,600			
	Total ...	493,440	371,000	All bhadoi crops ...	210,800	210,800	210,800	14	16	
	Whole district...	1,678,085	1,382,500	Bhadoi paddy ...	40,100	37,200	40,100	14½	14	
				Millets	183,400	201,200	183,400			
				Indian-corn (maize)...	253,500	239,300	253,500			
				Bhadoi pulse	21,100	21,100	21,100			
				Jute (*patua*)	7,300	7,300	7,300			
				Cotton	11,700	11,700	11,700			
				Hemp	9,100	8,400	9,100			
				Indigo	51,000	51,000	51,000			
				Til (gingelly)	7,100	7,400	7,100			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above)	37,900	36,900	37,900			
	District Total ...	1,678,085	1,382,500	All bhadoi crops ...	622,200	621,500	622,200	14½	14	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Champaran	Sadar	971,520	654,000	Bhadoi paddy ... Indian-corn (maize) Bhadoi pulse ... ... Cotton ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	240,900 105,000 3,500 700 39,000 2,000 26,200	240,900 105,000 3,500 700 30,000 2,000 26,200	240,900 105,000 3,500 700 39,000 2,000 26,200	14	10		
	Total ...	971,520	654,000	All bhadoi crops ...	426,300	426,300	436,300	14	10		
	Bettiah	1,288,320	768,000	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Indian-corn (maize) ... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Cotton ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not intended in the above.)	192,100 64,000 500 300 15,000 1,000 3,800	192,100 64,000 500 300 15,000 1,000 3,800	192,100 64,000 500 300 15,000 1,000 3,800	14	10		
	Total ...	1,288,320	768,000	All bhadoi crops ...	276,700	276,700	276,700	14	10		

	Whole district	2,259,840	1,422,000	Bhodai paddy ... ... Indian-corn (maize) Bhadoi pulse ... ... Cotton ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	442,000 169,000 4,000 1,000 54,000 3,000 30,000	442,000 169,000 4,000 1,000 54,000 3,000 30,000	442,000 169,000 4,000 1,000 54,000 3,000 30,000	14	10	
	District Total ...	2,259,840	1,422,000	All bhadoi crops ...	703,000	703,000	703,000	14	10	
Monghyr ...	Sadar	997,760	698,200	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Indian-corn (maize)... Indigo ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	80,000 230,000 400 9,600	80,000 230,000 400 9,600	80,000 230,000 4000 9,600	16	10	Crops destroyed on account of excessive rain and consequent flood.
	Total ...	997,760	698,200	All bhadoi crops ...	320,000	320,000	320,000	16	10	
	Jamui	1,019,520	515,300	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Millets ... ... Indian-corn (maize)... Bhadoi pulse ... ... Cotton ... ... Hemp ... ... Indigo ... ... Til (gingelly) ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	90,000	10,720 23,782 38,900 8,418 220 Nil 150 750 3,060	7,600 10,050 21,700 500 400 200 150 800 500	12	8	This year more than half the area could not be sown owing to the continued, unusual and excessive rain. Those sown and germinated were also much damaged by continued rain. The outturn is estimated to be 8 annas on the whole, as the *sathi* paddy was much improved by timely rain.
	Total ...	1,019,520	515,300	All bhadoi crops ...	90,000	86,000	41,900	12	8	
	Begusarai ...	492,160	369,300	Bhadoi paddy ... ... Millets ... ... Indian-corn (maize) ... Cotton ... ... Hemp ... ... Indigo ... ... Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	20,600 41,200 144,200 10,300 10,300 61,800 41,200	20,600 41,200 144,200 10,300 10,300 61,800 41,200	20,600 41,200 144,200 10,300 10,300 61,800 41,200	18	8	Crops destroyed on account of excessive rain and subsequent flood.
	Total ...	492,160	369,300	All bhadoi crops ...	329,600	329,600	329,600	18	8	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Champaran	Sadar	971,520	654,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	240,900	240,900	240,900	14	10		
				Indian-corn (maize)	105,000	105,000	105,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	3,500	3,500	3,500				
				Cotton	700	700	700				
				Indigo	39,000	39,000	39,000				
				Til (gingelly)	2,000	2,000	2,000				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	26,200	26,200	26,200				
	Total ...	971,520	654,000	All bhadoi crops ...	426,300	426,300	436,300	14	10		
	Bettiah	1,288,320	768,000	Bhadoi paddy	192,100	192,100	192,100	14	10		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	64,000	64,000	64,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	500	500	500				
				Cotton	300	300	300				
				Indigo	15,000	15,000	15,000				
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	1,000	1,000				
				Miscellaneous (not intended in the above.)	3,800	3,800	3,800				
	Total ...	1,288,320	768,000	All bhadoi crops ...	276,700	276,700	276,700	14	10		

	Whole district	2,259,840	1,422,000	Bhodai paddy	442,000	442,000	442,000	14	10	
				Indian-corn (maize)	169,000	169,000	169,000			
				Bhadoi pulse	4,000	4,000	4,000			
				Cotton	1,000	1,000	1,000			
				Indigo	54,000	54,000	54,000			
				Til (gingelly)	3,000	3,000	3,000			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	30,000	30,000	30,000			
	District Total ...	2,259,840	1,422,000	All bhadoi crops ...	703,000	703,000	703,000	14	10	
Monghyr ...	Sadar	997,760	698,200	Bhadoi paddy	80,000	80,000	80,000	16	10	Crops destroyed on account of excessive rain and consequent flood.
				Indian-corn (maize)...	230,000	230,000	230,000			
				Indigo	400	400	4000			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	9,600	9,600	9,600			
	Total ...	997,760	698,200	All bhadoi crops ...	320,000	320,000	320,000	16	10	
	Jamui	1,019,520	515,300	Bhadoi paddy	90,000	10,720	7,600	12	8	This year more than half the area could not be sown owing to the continued, unusual and excessive rain. Those sown and germinated were also much damaged by continued rain. The outturn is estimated to be 8 annas on the whole, as the *sathi* paddy was much improved by timely rain.
				Millets		23,782	10,050			
				Indian-corn (maize)...		38,900	21,700			
				Bhadoi pulse		8,418	500			
				Cotton		220	400			
				Hemp		Nil	200			
				Indigo		150	150			
				Til (gingelly)		750	800			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)		3,060	500			
	Total ...	1,019,520	515,300	All bhadoi crops ...	90,000	86,000	41,900	12	8	
	Begusarai ...	492,160	369,300	Bhadoi paddy	20,600	20,600	20,600	18	8	Crops destroyed on account of excessive rain and subsequent flood.
				Millets	41,200	41,200	41,200			
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	144,200	144,200	144,200			
				Cotton	10,300	10,300	10,300			
				Hemp	10,300	10,300	10,300			
				Indigo	61,800	61,800	61,800			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	41,200	41,2[illegible]	41,200			
	Total ...	492,160	369,300	All bhadoi crops ...	329,600	329,600	329,600	18	8	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Number of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Monghyr—*concld.*	Whole district...	2,509,440	1,582,800	Bhadoi paddy ...	739,600	111,320	108,200	15½	9		
				Millets		64,982	51,250				
				Indian-corn (maize)...		413,100	395,900				
				Bhadoi pulse		8,418	500				
				Cotton		10,520	10,700				
				Hemp		10,300	10,500				
				Indigo		62,330	62,350				
				Til (gingelly)		750	800				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)		53,860	51,300				
	District Total ...	2,509,440	1,582,800	All bhadoi crops ...	730,600	735,600	691,500	15½	9		
Bhagalpur ...	Sadar ...	599,040	464,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	128,000	128,000	128,000	14	16	The quantity and distribution of rainfall were favourable to most of the crops grown in this season, and accordingly the normal area was brought under cultivation, except in Supaul, where the area under millets was reduced owing to excessive rain which also damaged the Indian-corn already sown in the Sadar and Banka sub-divisions.	
				Millets	4,500	4,500	4,500	14	12		
				Indian-corn (maize)...	129,300	120,300	120,300	14	8		
				Bhadoi pulse	100	100	100	14	15		
				Jute	500	500	500	14	15		
				Indigo	9,000	9,000	9,000	14	14		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	500	500	500	14	16		
	Total ...	599,040	464,000	All bhadoi crops ...	271,900	271,900	271,900	14	12		

Banka ...	758,400	588,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	30,200	30,200	30,200	16	16	There is no reason to alter the estimates of outturn generally. But the Subdivisional Officer, Banka, has reduced the estimate under indigo. The plant in *dearas* was injured by too abundant rainfall. The Subdivisional Officer, Supaul, has also modified his estimates for paddy and millets, the former having been injured by heavy floods, and the outturn of the latter having proved better than was anticipated. The modifications are too slight to materially affect the original estimates for the whole district.
			Indian-corn (maize)...	113,300	113,300	113,300	14	6	
			Bhadoi pulse ...	40,400	40,400	40,400	16	16	
			Jute	13,400	13,400	13,400	16	16	
			Cotton	10,800	10,800	10,800	16	16	
			Hemp	13,400	13,400	13,400	16	16	
			Indigo	1,500	1,500	1,500	12	12	
			Til (gingelly) ...	600	600	600	16	16	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	18,900	18,900	18,900	20	14	
Total ...	758,400	588,000	All bhadoi crops ...	242,500	242,500	242,500	16	11	
Madhipura ...	581,760	451,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	84,000	84,000	84,000	18	18	
			Indigo	1,500	1,500	1,500	13	16	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	28,000	28,000	28,000	16	12	
Total ...	581,760	451,000	All bhadoi crops ...	113,500	113,500	113,500	16	16¼	
Supaul ...	766,720	594,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	74,800	74,200	74,500	17	16	
			Millets	76,200	76,200	70,000	14	9	
			Jute	5,700	5,700	5,700	16	16	
			Cotton	3,200	3,200	3,200	14	16	
			Indigo	1,000	1,000	1,000	14	14	
			Til (gingelly) ...	3,200	3,200	3,000	16	16	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	6,400	6,400	6,400	16	16	
Total ...	766,720	594,000	All bhadoi crops ...	170,500	169,900	163,800	16	13	
Whole district...	2,705,920	2,097,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	317,000	316,400	316,700	16	16¼	
			Millets	80,700	80,700	74,500	14	8¼	
			Indian-corn (maize)...	242,600	242,600	242,600	14	7	
			Bhadoi pulse ...	40,500	40,500	40,500	15	16	
			Jute	19,600	19,600	19,600	15	16	
			Cotton	14,000	14,000	14,000	15	16	
			Hemp	13,400	13,400	13,400	16	16	
			Indigo	13,000	13,000	13,000	13	14	
			Til (gingelly) ...	3,800	3,800	3,600	16	16	
District Total ...			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	53,800	53,800	53,800	17	13	
	2,705,920	2,097,000	All bhadoi crops ...	798,400	797,800	791,700	15	13	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
District.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Purnea ...	Sadar	1,646,080	790,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	280,000	280,000	290,000	16	15	There was excessive rainfall and consequent floods during the bhadoi season, which damaged the crops. The outturn, however, was fair. The area under cultivation was larger than last year.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	3,500	4,000	4,500	16	13		
				Bhadoi pulse	2,500	2,000	2,500	16	16		
				Jute	5,000	5,000	6,000	16	14		
				Indigo	37,000	37,000	38,000	16	12		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	20,000	20,000	20,000	16	16		
	Total ...	1,646,080	790,000	All bhadoi crops ...	348,000	348,000	361,000	16	14½		
	Kishanganj ...	857,600	530,000	Bhadoi paddy... ...	109,400	101,200	101,200	18	18	After the plants came up, there was too much sunshine which caused some injuries to them. The excessive rain in June 1893, which caused too much accumulation of water in the field, interfered with the thriving of the stems which became much shorter and thinner than in the past year. This contributed to reduce the outturn as compared with that of last year.	
				Jute	34,000	33,000	33,000	18	14		
	Total ...	857,600	530,000	All bhadoi crops ...	143,400	134,200	134,200	18	17		
	Arari	668,160	410,000	Bhadoi paddy	160,000	160,000	160,000	16	16	The rainfall was plentiful and well distributed. The yield would but for the flood of the Panar have been still greater.	
				Jute	8,000	8,000	8,000	16	16		

				Indigo	100	100	100	16	10	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	500	500	500	16	16	
	Total ...	668,160	410,000	All bhadoi crops ...	168,600	168,600	168,600	16	16	
	Whole District...	3,171,840	1,730,000	Bhadoi paddy	540,400	541,200	551,200	16½	16	The crops on the low lands were to some extent damaged by the excessive rainfall during the ploughing and sowing season. This was, however, more than made up by the bumper outturn on the high lands. The area under cultivation was also larger than in the last year.
				Indian-corn (maize)...	3,500	4,000	4,500	16	13	
				Bhadoi pulse	2,500	2,000	2,500	16	16	
				Jute	47,000	46,000	47,000	16½	15	
				Indigo	37,100	37,100	38,100	16	12	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	20,500	20,500	20,500	16	16	
	District Total ...	3,171,840	1,730,000	All bhadoi crops ...	660,000	650,800	663,800	16	15¼	
Malda ...	Whole district...	1,216,640	811,500	Bhadoi paddy	100,000	100,000	150,000	16	16	The rainfall being sufficient and well distributed, the outturn of bhadoi paddy has been 16 annas, but the rainfall was rather excessive and injurious to jute, indigo, Indian-corn and other crops.
				Millets	5,000	5,000	5,000	14	12	
				Indian-corn (maize)...	25,000	25,000	25,000	16	10	
				Jute	40,000	50,000	31,000	15	12	
				Indigo	7,000	7,000	8,000	16	14	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	96,000	90,000	96,000	16	12	
	District Total ...	1,216,640	811,500	All bhadoi crops ...	273,000	277,000	315,000	16	13	
Sonthal Parganas.	Dumka ...	914,560	422,237	Indian-corn (maize)...	68,553	68,553	68,553	16	4	
				Bhadoi pulse	51,114	51,114	51,114	16	8	
				Cotton	5,830	5,830	5,830	16	8	
				Indigo	2,003	2,003	2,003	16	8	
				Til (gingelly)	1,500	1,500	1,500	16	12	
	Total ...	914,560	422,237	All bhadoi crops ...	129,000	129,000	129,000	16	8	
	Deoghar ...	610,560	165,126	Bhadoi paddy	1,600	1,600	1,600	4	16	Excessive rain has caused considerable damage.
				Indian-corn	8,000	8,000	8,000	20	4	
				Bhadoi pulse	1,600	1,000	1,600	18	16	
				Til (gingelly)	800	800	800	16	12	
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	13,600	13,600	13,600	18	8	
	Total ...	610,560	165,120	All bhadoi crops ...	25,600	25,600	25,600	18	11	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn.	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Sonthal Parganas—*concld.*	Godda	618,880	432,900	Bhadoi paddy	11,200	10,300	6,900	12	14	The figures given in columns 6 and 7 are revised figures obtained by local enquiry by the Sub-divisional Officer. The decrease in the area sown this year is due to the excessive rain, which has also affected the outturn.	
				Millets	10,100	7,200	4,300	10	6		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	14,900	14,300	9,800	10	2		
				Bhadoi pulse	1,400	1,300	700	10	5		
				Jute	300	300	200	10	4		
				Cotton	200	200	100	10	8		
				Til (gingelly	300	300	200	10	5		
	Total ...	618,800	432,900	All bhadoi crops ...	38,400	33,900	22,200	10	6		
	Rajmahal ...	473,600	355,200	Bhadoi paddy	3,500	3,500	3,600	16	12	Excessive and untimely rain has damaged the bhadoi crops, even what were sown, and a good deal of land could not at all be sown.	
				Millets	18,000	18,000	10,000	16	12		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	35,200	35,200	30,000	16	4		
				Bhadoi pulse	5,140	5,140	3,000	16	4		
				Cotton	96	96	96	16	4		

			Hemp	109	109	100	16	6	
			Indigo	3,200	3,200	3,200	8	6	
			Til (gingelly)	520	580	484	8	6	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	5,150	5,150	4,500	16	4	
Total ...	473,600	355,200	All bhadoi crops ...	70,915	70,975	54,980	16	7	
Jamtara ...	445,440	124,800	Bhadoi paddy ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	16	14	Incessant and excessive rain throughout the year and during the time of harvest has greatly affected the outturn of this year's bhadoi crops.
			Indian-corn (maize) ...	10,000	10,000	10,000	16	6	
			Bhadoi pulse	5,000	5,000	5,000	16	8	
			Cotton	5,000	5,000	5,000	16	16	
			Hemp	300	300	300	16	10	
			Indigo	500	500	500	16	16	
			Til (gingelly)	3,000	3,000	3,000	16	10	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	7,200	7,200	7,200	16	8	
Total ...	445,440	124,800	All bhadoi crops ...	32,000	32,000	32,000	16	12	
Pakour	437,120	327,040	Bhadoi paddy	47,360	61,440	57,600	18	4	Owing to heavy and incessant rain this year, the area under cultivation has been diminished, and there has been almost a failure of Indian-corn in consequence of which the outturn is expected to be much below the average.
			Millets	1,280	1,280	1,280	18	4	
			Indian-corn (maize) ...	58,880	44,800	38,400	18	4	
			Til (gingilly)	1,280	1,280	1,280	18	4	
Total ...	437,120	327,040	All bhadoi crops ...	108,800	108,800	98,560	18	4	
Whole district...	3,500,160	1,827,260	Bhadoi paddy	64,640	77,840	70,700	11	12	The area shown in columns 5 and 7 do not tally with those given in last year's forecast of bhadoi crops, owing to the revised figures being furnished by the Sub-divisional Officer of Godda. The decrease in the area sown this year, and that in the outturn is due to the excessive, incessant and untimely rainfall.
			Millets	29,380	26,480	15,380	14	7	
			Indian-corn (maize)...	195,531	180,853	164,753	16	4	
			Bhadoi pulse	64,254	64,154	61,414	15	7	
			Jute	300	300	200	10	4	
			Cotton	11,126	11,126	11,126	14	7	
			Hemp	400	400	400	16	7	
			Indigo	5,703	5,703	5,703	12	9	
			Til (gingelly)	7,400	7,400	7,264	14	6	
			Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	25,950	25,950	25,300	16	6	
District Total ...	3,500,160	1,827,260	All bhadoi crops ...	404,715	400,275	362,340	14	7	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District Officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Cuttack ...	Sadar	633,960	393,128	Bhadoi paddy	70,092	70,092	69,616	12	10	The principal cause of the decrease in area was the unusually heavy rain and flood in May, by which a greater portion of the cultivated area was flooded and the early sowings in many places were destroyed.	
				Bhadoi pulse	3,200	2,780	3,290				
				Jute	1,100	1,926	1,050				
				Cotton	4,240	1,333	1,653				
				Hemp	500	250	311				
				Indigo	180	180	260				
				Til (gingelly)	540	757	697				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	12,800	12,772	12,800				
	Total ...	633,960	393,128	All bhadoi crops ...	92,652	90,090	89,677	12	10		
	Jajpur	706,560	320,700	Bhadoi paddy	25,381	25,381	25,250	11	8½	The estimated outturn as given in the preliminary forecast has been decreased by the flood in September, which affected the crops when attaining maturity.	
				Bhadoi pulse	1,325	1,325	1,300				
				Jute	1,980	1,970	1,912				
				Cotton	960	830	900				
				Til (gingelly)	500	500	480				
				Milscellaneous (not included in the above).	2,554	2,684	2,610				
	Total ...	706,560	320,700	All bhadoi crops ...	32,700	32,690	32,452	11	8½		

	Kendrapara ...	911,360	410,240	Bhadoi paddy ...	64,640	53,810	53,200	11	9	
				Bhadoi pulse	3,260	3,260	1,000			
				Jute	1,920	1,920	1,760			
				Cotton	1,200	1,130	800			
				Til (gingelly)	560	560	400			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	2,680	2,680	2,680			
	Total ...	911,360	410,240	All bhadoi crops ...	74,260	63,360	59,840	11	9	
	Banki	75,030	37,200	Bhadoi paddy	6,400	2,200	6,400	8	12	
				Cotton	50	50	50	8	16	
	Total ...	75,030	37,200	All bhadoi crops ...	6,450	2,250	6,450	8	14	
	Whole district...	2,325,910	1,161,268	Bhadoi paddy	166,513	151,483	154,466	10	10	
				Bhadoi pulse	7,785	7,365	5,590			
				Jute	5,000	5,816	4,722			
				Cotton	6,450	3,343	3,403			
				Hemp	500	250	711			
				Indigo	180	180	260			
				Til (gingelly)	1,600	1,817	1,177			
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	18,034	18,136	18,090			
	District Tota ...	2,325,910	1,161,268	All bhadoi crops ...	206,062	188,390	188,419	10	10	
Balasore ...	Sadar	741,120	448,000	Bhadoi paddy ...	25,600	25,500	(c)23,900	10	(b)12	(a) The increase in outturn (from 10 annas in the preliminary forecast) is due to rains in due time.
				Jute	2,280	1,880	(c)1,320	12	(a)12	(b) The decrease in outturn (from 12¼, 14 and 12¾ annas in the preliminary forecast) is due to heavy rains.
				Cotton	323	323	(c)260	11	(b)13	(c) The decrease in area is due to heavy rains at the time of cultivation.
				Til (gingelly)	2,171	2,171	(c)1,610	13	(b)12	
		741,120	448,000	All bhadoi crops ...	30,374	29,974	27,090	11½	12 3/12	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District officer.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Balasore—*concld.*	Bhadrak ...	581,284	339,100	Bhadoi paddy ...	64,000	64,000	64,000	14	14		
				Jute	1,280	1,280	1,280	16	16		
				Cotton	650	650	650	12	12		
				Til (gingelly)	19	19	19	14	14		
		581,284	339,100	All bhadoi crops ...	65,949	65,949	65,949	14½	15		
	Whole district.	1,322,404	837,100	Bhadoi paddy	89,600	89,600	87,900	12	13½		
				Jute	3,500	3,160	2,600	14	13		
				Cotton	973	973	910	11¼	14		
				Til (gingelly)	2,190	2,190	1,629	12¾	12½		
	District Total ...	1,322,404	837,100	All bhadoi crops ...	96,323	95,923	93,039	13	13		
Angul and Khondmals.	Angul ...	585,900	128,500	Bhadoi paddy	5,000	5,600	5,000	7	4	The loss of bhadoi paddy bhadoi pulse, til and miscellaneous crops was caused by irregular rain both at the showing and flowering season.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ..	3,000	2,000	3,000		12		
				Bhadoi pulse	2,000	......	2,000		10		
				Jute	1,000	......	1,000		16		
				Cotton	5,000	......	5,000		16		
				Til (gingelly)	3,000	......	3,000		8		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	1,000	5,800	1,000		...		
	Total ...	585,900	128,500	All bhadoi crops ...	20,000	12,800	20,000	7	12		

	Khondmals ...	512,000	217,500	Bhadoi paddy ...	9,000	9,000	8,500	16	16		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	5,000	5,000	5,000	12	16		
				Bhadoi pulse	4,000	4,000	4,000	16	16		
				Jute	100	100	100	16	16		
				Til (gingelly)	16,000	16,000	16,000	16	16		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	8,200	8,200	8,200	12	16		
	Total ...	512,000	217,800	All bhadoi crops ...	42,300	42,300	41,800	15½	16		
	Whole district ...	1,097,900	346,300	Bhadoi paddy	14,000	14,000	13,500	12	12		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	8,000	7,000	8,000		16		
				Bhadoi pulse	6,000	4,000	6,000		16		
				Jute	1,100	100	1,100		16		
				Cotton	5,000	......	5,000		16		
				Til (gingelly)	19,000	16,000	19,000		16		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	9,200	14,000	9,200		16 8		
	District Total ...	1,097,900	346,300	All bhadoi crops ...	62,300	55,100	61,800	12	14		
Puri	Sadar ...	979,200	460,800	Bhadoi paddy ...	29,400	29,400	27,500	7	8	Last year the outturn was small in consequence of deficient rainfall and damage done by floods. This year the excessive rainfall in May retarded sowing and also affected the area. The reason of increase in columns 4 and 6 is that some new land has been brought under cultivation. Last year the rainfall was deficient. This year it was favourable.	It is not understood why bhadoi paddy and millets should yield such poor outturn in the Sadar sub-division, although the season is said to have been favourable.
				Millets (mandia or ragi).	17,900	17,900	17,900	6	9		
	Total ...	979,200	460,800		47,300	47,300	45,400	6½	8½		
	Khurda ...	633,729	267,300	Bhadoi paddy ...	56,700	56,200	56,400	6	16		
				Millets, (mandia or ragi).	22,400	22,400	11,200				
				Cotton	11,200	11,200	8,500				
	Total ...	633,729	267,300	All bhadoi crops ...	90,300	89,800	76,100	6	16		
	Whole district...	1,612,929	728,100	Bhadoi paddy ...	86,100	85,600	83,900	6½	12		
				Millets	40,300	40,300	29,100	6	12		
				Cotton	11,200	11,200	8,500	6	16		
	District Total ...	1,612,929	728,100	All bhadoi crops ...	137,600	137,100	121,500	6½	13		
Hazaribagh	Sadar	2,928,000	1,639,300	Bhadoi paddy	37,337	37,337	37,337	19	10	The decrease in the outturn is due to the seeds not properly germinating and thriving under excessive and continual rains all along.	
				Millets	62,640	62,640	62,640		4		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	143,644	143,644	143,644		2		
				Bhadoi pulse	97,409	97,409	97,409		4		
				Jute	17	17	17		8		
				Cotton	4,231	4,231	4,231		10		
				Hemp	2,867	2,867	2,[illegible]37		6		
				Til (gingelly)	12,531	12,531	12,531		6		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	51,403	51,403	51,403		6		
	Total ...	2,928,000	1,639,300	All bhadoi crops ...	412,079	412,079	412,079	19	9½		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Estimated area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Hazaribagh —*concld.*	Giridih	1,565,440	819,200	Bhadoi paddy	5,960	5,960	5,960	18¼	14		
				Millets	58,560	58,560	42,480		8		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	83,520	83,520	73,520		5		
				Bhadoi pulse	33,880	33,880	33,880		8		
				Cotton	3,240	3,240	3,240		12		
				Hemp	......	1,960	......		......		
				Til (gingelly)	5,840	5,840	5,840		8		
	Total ...	1,565,440	819,200	All bhadoi crops ...	191,000	192,960	164,920	18¼	9½		
	Whole district...	4,493,440	2,478,500	Bhadoi paddy	43,297	43,297	43,297	18¼	12	The decrease in the outturn is due to excessive and incessant rains which caused the plants not to germinate and thrive well.	
				Millets	121,200	121,200	105,120		6		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	227,164	227,164	217,164		3		
				Bhadoi pulse	131,289	131,289	131,289		6		
				Jute	17	17	17		8		
				Cotton	7,471	7,471	7,471		11		
				Hemp	2,867	4,827	2,867		6		
				Til (gingelly)	18,371	18,371	18,371		7		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	51,403	51,403	51,403		6		
	District Total ...	4,493,440	2,478,500	All bhadoi crops ...	603,079	605,039	576,999	18¾	7½		
Lohardaga ...	Whole district...	4,568,960	2,888,300	Bhadoi paddy	842,900	842,900	842,900	14	12	Owing to the unusual rainfall there is a failure of outturn. The area cultivated remains the same as last year.	
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	8,000	8,000	8,000				
				Bhadoi pulse	89,000	89,000	89,000				
				Cotton	11,000	11,000	11,000				
				Til (gingelly)	1,000	1,000	1,000				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	226,500	226,500	226,500				
	District Total ...	4,568,960	2,888,300	All bhadoi crops ...	1,178,400	1,178,400	1,178,400	14	12		

Palamau ...	Whole district...	3,139,200	768,000	Bhadoi paddy	40,000	40,000	22,684	16	13	The shortness of makai and other crops is due to the continuous rainfall, which, however, suited the paddy and the til.	
				Millets	2,000	2,000	729		5		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	93,000	93,000	27,911		4		
				Bhadoi pulse	29,000	29,000	9,961		5		
				Jute	5,000	5,000	2,098		7		
				Cotton	10,000	10,000	7,927		6		
				Til (gingelly)	19,000	19,000	11,812		16		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	58,000	58,000	34,199		6		
	District Total ...	3,139,200	768,000	All bhadoi crops ...	256,000	256,000	117,321	16	8		
Manbhum ...	Sadar	2,140,160	784,194	Bhadoi paddy	3,000	3,000	3,000	10	12	All the crops suffered more or less owing to heavy rains this year.	
				Millets	16,500	16,500	16,500	16	6		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	16,000	16,000	16,000	16	4		
				Bhadoi pulse	18,352	18,352	18,352	10	8		
				Jute	26,500	26,500	26,500	...	...		
				Cotton	31,970	31,970	31,970	6	8		
				Indigo	2,750	2,750	2,750	12	8		
				Til (gingelly)	1,500	1,500	1,500	12	8		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	53,541	53,541	53,541	12	10		
	Total ...	2,140,160	784,194	All bhadoi crops ...	170,113	170,113	170,113	13	8		
	Gobindpur ...	513,920	171,306	Bhadoi paddy	1,000	1,000	1,000	16	6	I consider the figures supplied from this sub-division are too low.	
				Millets	5,500	5,500	5,500	16	2		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	6,000	6,000	6,000	16	2		
				Bhadoi pulse	4,000	4,000	4,000	16	2		
				Cotton	8,030	8,030	8,030	16	6		
				Til (gingelly)	500	500	500	16	2		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).	31,120	31,120	31,120	16	4		
	Total ...	513,920	171,306	All bhadoi crops ...	56,150	56,150	56,150	16	3½		
	Whole district...	2,654,080	955,500	Bhadoi paddy	4,000	4,000	4,000	10	9	......	There must be some mistake about jute. It cannot be that such a large area as 26,500 acres is cropped with jute in Manbhum. Is true jute meant or *kudrum*?
				Millets	22,000	22,000	22,000	16	4		
				Indian-corn (maize) ...	22,000	22,000	22,000	16	3		
				Bhadoi pulse	22,352	22,352	22,332	10	5		
				Jute	26,500	26,500	26,500	...	...		
				Cotton	40,000	40,000	40,000	6	2		
				Indigo	2,750	2,750	2,750	12	8		
				Til (gingelly)	2,600	2,600	2,600	12	5		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	84,661	84,661	84,661	12	7		
	District Total ...	2,654,080	955,500	All bhadoi crops ...	226,263	226,263	226,263	13	5½		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Total area of sub-division in acres.	Total area estimated to be under cultivation in acres.	Name of crop.	Approximate normal area under each *bhadoi* crop in acres.	Approximate area under each of the last year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Estimate area under each of this year's *bhadoi* crops in acres.	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas represented outturn last year?	Taking 16 annas to represent the average outturn, how many annas will represent this year's outturn?	Remarks by the District officers.	Remarks by the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal.
								Annas.	Annas.		
Singhbhum	Whole district...	2,454,720	1,182,073	Bhadoi paddy	62,332	65,227	65,332	12	13	The increase is due to seasonable rainfall.	
				Millets	1,300	1,300	1,300				
				Indian-corn (maize)...	11,765	11,741	11,759				
				Bhadoi pulse	10,689	10,686	10,687				
				Cotton	9,731	7,299	9,731				
				Til (gingelly)	18,742	18,743	18,743				
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above.)	25,480	68,678	68,680				
	District Total ...	2,454,720	1,182,073	All bhadoi crops ...	139,739	183,074	185,232	12	13		
	Whole Bengal ...	99,115,869·8	55,424,163	Bhadoi paddy ...	16,310 364	7,292,733	7,316,119	14½	11½		
				Millets		1,057,117	967,063	15	9½		
				Indian-corn (maize)		2,205,888	2,037,500	15½	9		
				Bhadoi pulse ...		631,554	594,794	15	10		
				Jute		2,173,377	2,140,907	14½	13½		
				Cotton		178,398	178,391	15	11		
				Hemp		117,164	102,271	15	13		
				Indigo		645,959	648,928	14½	10		
				Til (gingelly) ...		324,467	328,712	13	9½		
				Miscellaneous (not included in the above).		1,337,176	1,335,414	14½	10½		
				All bhadoi crops ...	16,310,364	15,963,824	15,630,499	14½ (a)	11	(a) Taken to be 16 annas in Final note on Bhadoi Crops, 1892.	

APPENDIX II.

Statement showing sub-divisions and districts in which bhadoi food-crops of 1893 are estimated at 8 annas or less.

DISTRICT.	Sub-division.	Estimate of outturn in annas.	REMARKS.
Midnapore	Contai	7	The loss is due to excessive rain fall.
Hooghly ...	Uluberia	8	Ditto ditto.
24-Parganas ...	Diamond Harbour ...	4	The loss is due to excessive rainfall. The *bhadoi* food crops in the Diamond Harbour sub-division occupy a small area (about 3,000 acres), and are unimportant.
	Sadar	6	
Khulna	Bagirhat	2	The loss is due to excessive rains.
Nadia	Kushtea	8	Ditto ditto.
	Meherpur	8	
Jessore	Jhenida	8	
	Narail	6	The loss is due to excessive rains, and early rise of the rivers.
Dacca	Sadar	6	Excessive rain and high floods damaged the crops.
	Naraingani	7	
	Manickganj	8	
Faridpur	Sadar	6	The loss is due to high floods. The crops were destroyed on about one-half the area. Much of the area could not also be sown owing to accumulation of water in the *beels*.
	Goalundo	8	
	Madaripur	5	
Backergunge ...	Sadar	2	The loss is due to heavy and continuous rainfall and unusual floods.
	Patuakhali	8	
	Pirojpur	8	
	Bho.a	4	
Mymensingh ...	Netrokona	8	Ditto ditto.
Tippera	Bramhanbaria ...	8	Ditto ditto.
	Chandpur	6	
Noakhali	Sadar	7	Ditto ditto.
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	......	7	The loss is due to abnormally heavy rainfall. The area cropped is very small.
Patna	Barh	7	Ditto ditto.
	Dinapur...	6	
Gaya	Sadar	7	Ditto ditto.
	Jahanabad	8½	
Shahabad	Sasaram	5½	The loss is due to excessive rainfall. In Bhabua the crops were further damaged by the overflowing of the *Durgaoti* and *Karmanassa*.
	Sadar	8	
	Bhabua	4	
Darbhanga... ...	Sadar	4	The damage is due to heavy floods.
Muzaffarpur ...	Sadar	5	Ditto ditto.
	Hazipur...	7	....
	Sitamarhi	6½	....
Monghyr	Jamui	8	The damage is due to excessive rainfall.
	Beguserai	8	
Sonthal Parganas	Sadar	6	Ditto ditto.
	Godda	7	
	Rajmahal	7	
	Jamtara...	7	
	Pakaur	4	
	Deoghur	7	
Angul	......	7½	The loss is due to irregular rainfall.
Hazaribagh ...	Sadar	3½	The loss is due to excessive rainfall.
	Giridih	7	
Palamau	......	8	Ditto ditto.
Manbhum	Sadar	6½	Ditto ditto.
	Govindpur	2½	

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE INDIAN MUSEUM ON THE ECONOMIC AND ART SECTION OF THE MUSEUM.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Calcutta, the 18th December, 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 5216.

READ—

The Report of the Trustees of the Indian Museum on the Economic and Art Section of the Indian Museum for the year 1892-93.

The Report of the Officer in charge of the Economic and Art Section of the Indian Museum with the remarks of the Trustees was received on the 7th December 1893.

The most important work in the Economic and Art Section of the Museum during the year was the arrangement of the specimens in the Sudder Street extension. In August 1892 the arrangement of the Art Court was complete. On the 1st September 1892 the Court was opened to the general public. The Ethnological Court was subsequently opened to the public on the 1st January 1893. Both these Courts are reported to be very popular with the visitors to the Museum.

2. During the year under report some specimens of Art manufactures from the extinct Shillong Museum were incorporated with the Museum Collections. Other additions worthy of note were:—in the Ethnological Court (i) a very interesting collection of specimens illustrating the Sonthals and Oraons by Mr. J. Cleghorn, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, and (ii) a series of excellent photographs of the Andamanese taken by Mr. V. Portman, Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair; and in the Art Court (i) a collection of the silver jewellery worn by the peasantry of the Simla Hills, (ii) some cotton fabrics from Bengal, and (iii) mats from Tanjore and Tinnivelly.

3. The collection of both specimens and information was actively carried on, and a number of useful handbooks on individual products were compiled by Mr. Thurston, Officer in charge of the Economic and Art Section, assisted in the case of "Coal" by Dr. W. King, the Director of the Geological Survey, and in the case of "Mica" by Mr. T. H. Holland of the same Department.

4. Certain changes occurred during the year among the Trustees nominated by the Lieutenant-Governor. Mr. C. E. Buckland, Secretary to Government, proceeded to England on three months' leave, Mr. W. Maude, Officiating Secretary, acting as a Trustee during his absence. On the 3rd May 1892 Mr. W. C. Macpherson was appointed to officiate as Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, Bengal, *vice* Mr. M. Finucane, and took the latter's seat at the Trustees' Board. On the 31st May 1892 the Lieutenant-Governor re-appointed Mr. A. Simson to the seat vacated by Mr. J. D. Maxwell on his departure for Europe.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor has heard with great regret of the death of Mr. J. Wood-Mason, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, on the 10th May 1893 on his journey homewards for the benefit of his health. The memoir of Mr. Wood-Mason's career and researches, quoted by the Trustees in their annual report, is a record of excellent service rendered to the Indian Museum and to the cause of Science.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. E. BUCKLAND,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

RESOLUTION ON THE LEPER ASYLUM COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT, MEDICAL.

Calcutta, the 18th December 1893.

RESOLUTION—No. 403/Med.

READ—

Bengal Government Resolutions (Medical), dated the 29th July 1890 and the 16th September 1890.

The Report of the Leper Asylum Committee, dated 13th March 1893.

The Calcutta Leper Asylum, which in one form or another has been in existence since the year 1811, has since 1840 been established in its present site in Amherst Street. But, while the benefits which the institution has conferred upon a section of the population universally pitied have been continually acknowledged, certain disadvantages of the present site have from time to time been pointed out. In 1889 public interest in the local asylum was stimulated in Calcutta, and when His Royal Highness the late Prince Albert Victor visited Bengal in the winter of the same year, a general desire was felt that as a permanent memorial of his visit a new Leper Asylum should be erected to replace the old institution.

2. In these circumstances the Lieutenant-Governor decided to appoint, for the consideration of the whole question, a Committee which should be thoroughly representative, and accordingly, after nominations had been obtained from the principal bodies concerned, a Committee consisting of the following gentlemen was appointed by the second of the Resolutions quoted in the preamble:—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Prinsep (President), Messrs. J. Lambert, C.I.E., H. Lee, W. M. Osmond, W. J. Simmons, Drs. Gregg and Simpson, Nawab Abdul Latif Bahadur, C.I.E., Babus Isser Chunder Mitter, Surendra Nath Banerjea, and Amrita Nath Mitter, with Mr. P. McGuire as Secretary. The name of Mr. W. Banks Gwyther was subsequently added. All these gentlemen have signed the report with the exception of Dr. Simpson and Mr. W. M. Osmond, whose places, owing to their absence from India, have been taken by Dr. R. Sen and Dr. A. L. Sandel.

3. The duties of the Committee were laid down in the Resolution of the 29th July 1890 in the following terms:—

"The most obvious topics for the consideration of the Committee appear to be the locality for a new asylum, the number of inmates for whom accommodation should be provided (on the assumption that no more stringent provision is made for compulsory detention than is contained in the Bill already circulated by the Government of India), the provision of funds for its maintenance and superintendence, the constitution of a governing body, and the regulation of the conditions under which patients are to be admitted, retained, and discharged. But this enumeration is not intended to be exhaustive, and Sir Steuart Bayley will be glad to receive the advice of the Committee on any other points which may appear to them likely to promote the successful establishment and management of this most important institution."

4. The report which has now been submitted is the outcome of these orders. The deliberations of the Committee have extended over a period of two-and-a-half years; but it is explained that they have been much protracted, partly by the uncertainty which was felt as to the intentions of the Government of India in regard to the compulsory seclusion of lepers, and partly by the delay which has occurred in the publication of the report of the Leprosy Commission, the appearance of which it was thought advisable to await, but which after all has been published some time subsequent to the submission of the report under review.

5. The first point with which the report deals is the locality of the proposed new Asylum. The recommendation of the Committee is that the existing site and buildings should be sold, and that, with the proceeds of this sale and the subscriptions collected by the Prince Albert Victor Memorial Committee, a house and grounds then available in Manicktollah should be purchased and improved by the alteration of existing and the erection of additional buildings. As regards the number of inmates for whom accommodation should be provided, the finding of the Committee is that at

present 200 may be regarded as a maximum, of whom twelve men and the same number of women would be non-Asiatics, and the remainder natives of India in the proportion of three males to one female. On the subject of funds, the report deals fully with the proposed arrangements for selling the present site and preparing the new one; but the Committee have been unable to make any recommendation as to the source from which the funds for maintenance are to be supplied, nor have they attempted to propound any rules for the admission, retention, and discharge of lepers. On the other hand, their recommendation is clear and definite that the Leper Asylum should be a Government institution managed by a Committee to be appointed by Government, upon which all persons or bodies contributing towards the foundation or maintenance of the Asylum should be suitably represented. To all these recommendations the Lieutenant-Governor has given his careful attention, and is pleased to pass the following orders upon them.

6. As regards the question of site, although the Manicktollah premises, which the Lieutenant-Governor has personally inspected, possess many advantages, Sir Charles Elliott is unable to accept the recommendations of the Committee in respect of them. He considers it to be of the first importance that a Leper Asylum should be provided with a complete and sound system of drainage. It is notorious that this condition is not fulfilled by the site in Manicktollah; and although it might be possible to remedy the defect, this operation would add considerably to the cost of the scheme. Moreover, the Lieutenant-Governor is advised that if the Asylum is located outside the limits of the Calcutta Municipality, there would be legal obstacles to the contribution of funds by the Commissioners, who, in His Honour's opinion, should liberally support the institution. Many representations have been made to Government against the retention of the Asylum in its present situation, and these have received careful attention, but in no instance has any other suitable site been indicated. The Officiating Lieutenant-Governor, Sir A. P. MacDonnell, also made enquiry into the question, but failed to discover any such locality, and was constrained to decide that the Asylum shall remain where it is, and that the efforts of those interested in the welfare of its inmates must be directed, not to its removal, but to its improvement. With this conclusion Sir Charles Elliott agrees.

7. In these circumstances it is manifest that the funds which were anticipated from the advantageous sale of the old site will not now be available; but the Committee of the Prince Albert Victor Memorial Fund have, through their Secretaries, intimated their willingness to fall in with the scheme now propounded, and to place at the disposal of Government the funds which they have collected, on certain conditions, one of which is that the Asylum should be named after His Royal Highness the late Prince Albert Victor. To this stipulation the Lieutenant-Governor gladly assents, and the Secretaries to the Fund have been asked to take the necessary steps to transfer the amount collected to the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments. With the sum so provided it is in the first place proposed to acquire a plot of land adjoining the present Asylum, and there to erect suitable buildings for the female patients; and secondly, to remodel and extend the existing wards so as to provide additional space for male patients and separate accommodation for non-Asiatics. The area thus enlarged will provide room for about 120 Hindu and Muhammadan male patients, 50 female patients and 25 or 30 European or Eurasian patients of both sexes.

8. At present the cost of the institution averages Rs. 9,929 a year for 87 patients, and the cost of each patient is thus about Rs. 114 per annum. This expenditure is met by the interest on certain special Trust Funds (Rs. 820) by a Government contribution for medicines (Rs. 125), and by a subsidy from the Calcutta Corporation of Rs. 2,400, the deficiency (about Rs. 7,000) being made up from the funds of the District Charitable Society. The Lieutenant-Governor is now prepared to relieve the District Charitable Society of this charge, and to make a contribution of Rs. 8,000 per annum from Goverment Funds. The available balance of the sum collected by the Prince Albert Victor Memorial Fund amounts to Rs. 27,000, and it is possible that a portion of the sum of Rs. 13,000 which has been promised but not paid in, may be

realised. From this source the cost of the land to be acquired and part of the cost of new buildings will be met, the remainder being defrayed by Government. As the number of lepers increases, it may be hoped that the endowment of the Asylum will be enriched by the donations of the benevolent and by an increased contribution from the Calcutta Corporation.

9. The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the recommendation of the Committee that the institution should be under Government management, and he has decided that the governing body shall consist of a Committee of seven, of whom four shall be *ex-officio* members, viz., the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals (President), the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Medical Department, the Chairman of the Corporation of Calcutta, and the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta; two of the remaining three places will be filled up on the nomination of the Committees of the District Charitable Society and the Prince Albert Victor Memorial Fund, the seventh member being appointed directly by the Lieutenant-Governor. The executive charge will, as recommended, remain with the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta. Steps have already been taken for the acquisition of the land required; and it will be the duty of this Committee, whose appointment is separately notified, to take over the charge of the Asylum as soon as possible, to arrange for the alteration and construction of the buildings as already described, and to revise thoroughly the rules for the admission, maintenance, and discharge of the lepers, and the general conduct of the institution. The ground on which the Asylum stands and the existing buildings are the property of the District Charitable Society, who, since they will now be relieved of the support of the Asylum, have agreed to transfer them in due form to the Committee of the new institution. The Trust Funds which will be transferred by the District Charitable Society under proper legal safeguards, and the sum to be made available by the Permanent Memorial Committee, together with any sums that may hereafter be contributed, will be held by the Accountant-General as Treasurer of Charitable Endowments under Act VI of 1890.

10. In conclusion, the Lieutenant-Governor desires to express his acknowledgments to the gentlemen who formed the Leper Asylum Committee, and to say that the many other points of detail in their report, which have not been dealt with in the foregoing Resolution, will receive due consideration at the hands of the Committee of the enlarged Leper Asylum.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

"RESOLUTION REVIEWING THE REPORTS ON THE WORKING OF DISTRICT BOARDS IN BENGAL DURING THE YEAR 1892-93."

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT—LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

Calcutta, the 18th September, 1892.

RESOLUTION No. 3636L.S.-G..

READ—

The Reports from the several Commissioners of Divisions on the working of District Boards in Bengal during the year 1892-93.

Read again—

The Resolution reviewing the Divisional Reports on the working of District Boards in Bengal during 1891-92.

The Lieutenant-Governor has in previous years been obliged to notice the late submission of Divisional reports, but in 1892 an improvement was visible, and only one was received after the due date. His Honour regrets to observe that this improvement has not been maintained, for out of the eight Divisional reports for 1892-93 five only were received on or about the prescribed date, while the last to arrive, viz. that from Dacca, was one month and eleven days late. It is explained that the delay is caused by the submission of incomplete or late reports by some district officers. Commissioners of Divisions are again requested to take timely steps to secure the punctual submission of these reports.

2. The number of District Boards remained unchanged during the year, but the number of Local Boards was reduced from 106 to 104 owing to the abolition of the Chuadanga sub-division in the Nadia district, and the Lalbag sub-division in the Murshidabad district. This number has, since the close of the year, been further reduced to 102 in consequence of the abolition of the Barrackpore and Dum-Dum sub-divisions in the district of the 24-Parganas. As compared with the previous year, the area controlled by District Boards and the population of that area exhibit a decrease, which is understood to be due to the exclusion of certain tracts from the jurisdiction of District Boards and their inclusion within municipal limits, and also to the substitution for the old figures of those furnished by the latest census returns. Similar variations are noticeable in the area and population subject to the authority of the various Local Boards, and are attributable to the same cause.

3. *Constitution of District Boards.*—The number of members of District Boards amounted to 793, being three greater than in the previous year. Of this number, 170 held their seats *ex-officio*, 314 were nominated by Government, and 309 were elected by the Local Boards: 247 of them were officials and 546 non-officials. The European or Eurasian members numbered 192, and the natives of the country 601. The variations in the composition of the Boards since the previous year are too slight to call for any remarks. In every instance the Magistrate of the district was re-appointed Chairman under section 24 of the Act on the expiry of his term of office.

4. The Boards held altogether 624 meetings, giving an average of 16·4 meetings for each Board, as compared with 512, or an average of 13·4 in the previous year. The District Board of Dinajpur heads the list with 24 meetings; Jalpaiguri comes next with 23 meetings, while the District Boards of Bogra, Gaya, Cuttack, Puri, Mymensingh and Rangpur held 20 or more meetings each. But these figures include adjourned meetings and those that have proved abortive from the want of a quorum. The total number of such meetings amounted to 114, of which 8 occurred in Jessore, 7 each in Champaran

and Jalpaiguri, and 6 each in Dinajpur, Murshidabad, Backergunge, and Bhagalpur, while in Cuttack they reached the large number of 19. In the last-named district only two meetings were successfully convened at the first attempt, ten being adjourned and nine in effectual for want of a quorum. On this subject the Chairman (Mr. Stevenson) writes—

"Members did not always attend regularly, which necessitated adjourned meetings as above shown; some, I fear, contracting the habit of not attending the first summons in the expectation that there could not be a quorum, and thus bringing about that very result. Several of the town members evinced interest in the proceedings. As a rule the mufassal members fail to attend unless some subject comes up for discussion affecting their part of the district directly. This is not perhaps altogether to be wondered at."

The Commissioner of the Division (Mr. Cooke), however, attributes the poor attendance of members to the persistent failure of the Chairman to preside up till 15th November, since which date he has done so under protest. The Lieutenant-Governor fully endorses the observations of the Commissioner on Mr. Stevenson's view of his duties, which His Honour considers incorrect. The smallest number of meetings was held by the District Boards of Bankura, the 24-Parganas, Patna, Saran and Monghyr (12 meetings each). The falling off in the 24-Parganas is said to be due to the delay which occurred in reconstituting the Board after the general elections held in September 1892. In the case of the other District Boards mentioned no explanation has been offered.

5. The average attendance at each meeting of a District Board was 9·43, or 45·3 per cent. of the members, as compared with 9·61, or 46·4 per cent., in the previous year. The attendance was best in Tippera, Chittagong, Noakhali, and Backergunge, and worst in Cuttack, Bhagalpur, and Dinajpur, where it was below one-third of the actual strength of the Boards. The attendance of non-officials was on the whole fair, except in Jalpaiguri, Malda, and Champaran; that of the official members was bad in Purnea, Puri, Cuttack, Bhagalpur, Khulna, and Darbhanga. The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that in these districts such unsatisfactory results will not be allowed to recur, whether they are due to the apathy of the members themselves, or to the nomination of gentlemen who have not the leisure to attend.

6. *Constitution of Local Boards.*—The 104 Local Boards had a total strength, including the Chairmen, of 1,230 members, of which 152 were officials and 1,078 non-officials. Of the total number, 45 sat as *ex-officio* members, 720 were nominated by Government, and 465 were elected. The preponderance of nominated members is due to the privilege of election not having been extended to several Local Boards. Europeans or Eurasians held 104 and natives of India 1,126 seats on the Boards.

7. The Local Boards held 1,048 meetings, or 87 more than in 1891-92. Of this number, 197, or 18·7 per cent., were adjourned or proved abortive from the absence of a quorum. Only 26 Local Boards held more than 12 meetings during the year. The highest number (19) was attained by the Local Board of the Sadar sub-division in Backergunge; Bangaon and Birbhum come next with 18 meetings each. The Local Boards that met least often were those noted in the margin. Looking at the figures for the province as a whole, there has been a slight improvement in the attendance of members, the average number present at each meeting being 5·24, or 44·4 per cent., of the members, against 5·16, or 44·1 per cent., in the previous year. Taking the classes separately, the attendance of official members at the Local Boards, as in the case of District Boards, shows a falling off which is much to be regretted.

Puri ...	2	Vishnupur ...	4
Basirhat ...	3	Midnapore ...	4
Barrackpore	3	Khurda ...	4

8. *Elections.*—During the year under review were held the third general elections of members of those District and Local Boards which had been formed soon after the passing of Act III (B.C.) of 1885. The elections as a rule excited little or no interest, except in a few localities, such as Burdwan, Hooghly, Kisnaghar, Rampur Boalia and some thanas of the Dacca district: in a large number of the mufassal thanas so little store was set by the right of election that the proceedings ended in failure. Considering that in many districts this is the third occasion on which a general election has been held, the results show clearly how indifferent the masses still are to what is sometimes described as a dearly prized privilege.

9. *Occupations of members of District and Local Boards.*—In the subjoined table the members of the several District and Local Boards are classified according to their professions and occupations :—

Name of Division.		Government servants.		Zamindars, talukdars, and zamindars' servants.		Pleaders and mukhtears.		Planters.		Missionaries.		Government pensioners.		Other occupations.	
		No.	Ratio per cent.	No.	Ratio per cent.	No.	Ratio per cent.	No.	Ratio per cent.	No.	Ratio per cent.	No.	Ratio per cent.	No.	Ratio per cent.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Burdwan Division ...	District Boards ...	32	29	28	25·4	34	30·9	4	3·6	2	1·8	3	2·7	7	6·3
	Local Boards ...	31	12·9	104	43·3	69	28·8	......	......	......	...	4	1·6	31	12·9
Presidency Division ...	District Boards ...	30	27·7	30	27·7	23	21·2	8	7·4	3	2·7	3	2·7	11	10·1
	Local Boards ...	21	8·6	103	42·2	61	25	5	2	2	·8	1	·4	51	20·9
Rajshahi Division ...	District Boards ...	36	31·8	33	29·2	23	20·3	7	6·1	......	......	1	·8	13	11·5
	Local Boards ...	10	10·6	50	53·2	18	19·1	1	1	......	......	1	1	14	14·8
Dacca Division ...	District Boards ...	31	29·8	25	24·0	40	38·5	......	......	......	......	3	2·9	5	4·8
	Local Boards ...	25	12·9	67	34·3	84	43·1	......	......	......	......	1	·5	18	9·2
Chittagong Division ...	District Boards ...	18	35·3	16	31·4	12	23·5	4	7·8	......	......	......	......	1	1·9
	Local Boards ...	5	18·5	13	48·2	8	29·6	......	......	......	......	......	......	1	3·7
Patna Division ...	District Boards ...	55	33·7	51	31·2	25	15·3	30	18·4	......	......	......	......	2	1·2
	Local Boards ...	31	13·9	115	51·5	38	17·1	29	13	......	......	......	......	10	4
Bhagalpur Division ...	District Boards ...	20	21·27	38	40·42	18	19·14	11	11·7	1	1·06	3	3·19	3	3·19
	Local Boards ...	10	7·69	64	49·23	26	20	13	10	1	·76	1	·76	15	11·53
Orissa Division ...	District Boards ...	21	42	11	22	10	20	......	......	2	4	4	8	2	4
	Local Boards ...	19	24·3	28	35·9	21	26·9	......	......	1	1·2	4	5·1	5	6·4
Grand Total ...	District Boards ...	243	30·6	232	29·2	185	23·3	64	8·4	8	1	17	2·1	44	5·5
	Local Boards ...	152	12·3	544	44·2	325	26·4	48	3·9	4	·3	12	·9	145	11·7

These figures call for little comment. It is but right and proper that the landholding interests should be largely represented on both District and Local Boards. The percentage of representatives of the legal professions has risen, as compared with the figures for 1891-92, from 22·6 to 23·3 in District Boards, and from 23·8 to 26·4 in Local Boards. The Lieutenant-Governor is inclined to concur with the opinion of the Presidency Commissioner that this result is not entirely satisfactory. No doubt very useful and energetic members are frequently drawn from among gentlemen of this class; but inasmuch as local knowledge of the wants of the interior of the district is essential to the successful administration of the District and Local Board funds, and as these gentlemen, owing to the exigencies of their profession, necessarily reside at head-quarters, their predominance on the Boards is not altogether a matter for congratulation. The Commissioner of Chittagong states that on the several District Boards of his Division the Muhammadans are not sufficiently represented. The Commissioner of Dacca remarks that the bulk of the people are unrepresented unless it may be assumed that their interests are protected by the official members of the Boards.

10. *Powers of Local Boards.*—In paragraph 11 of the Resolution on Local Self-Government for 1891-92, the Lieutenant-Governor recorded his views as to the measure of power which should be accorded to Local Boards and as to the principles on which such delegation should be based, and he invited all District Boards to review the subject in the light of the remarks then recorded. This has been done in most cases, but the powers delegated to Local Boards underwent but little change in consequence. The management of ferries and primary education was made over to the Local Boards of Hooghly, and of pounds and ferries to the Local Boards of Howrah. The Tippera District Board, moreover, with the sanction of Government, have granted, to the Local Boards in that district with effect from 1st April 1893, certain modified powers in regard to primary education, pounds, ferries, public works and roads. The Local Boards in Midnapore, owing to their inefficient administration, have been relieved of the duty of constructing and repairing village roads: this change apparently leaves them with no duty beyond that of managing the pounds, which is hardly enough to justify their existence. Admitting that great discretion must be used in the delegation of authority to Local Boards, the Lieutenant-Governor desires to point out that too great a curtailment of their powers must necessarily defeat its own object by depriving the Boards of all interest in their work. In other districts the Local Boards continued to perform such duties as have been made over to them, including the repair of village roads, the administration of pounds, ferries and primary education, the supervision of dispensaries and the disbursement of grants for sanitary purposes. As to the manner in which these powers have

been exercised by the Local Boards concerned, the Commissioner of Burdwan remarks that all the Local Boards in Burdwan are said to have displayed some interest in educational matters, and paid attention to the maintenance of village roads. The Local Boards in the district of Birbhum are said to have administered with fair zeal the grants for village roads and primary education.

11. The Chairman of the District Board of Nadia states that some of the Local Boards worked with regularity, while complaints were made against others of dilatoriness in the despatch of business. The management of secondary education by the Local Boards in the Jessore district has not been satisfactory, and the question whether the District Board should take it into their own hands is under consideration. Mr. Fiddian, the Chairman of the Board, writes:—

"The administration by Local Boards has given only a moderate degree of success. They have not been so successful as might have been expected from their local knowledge in dealing with pounds, and their attitude towards the managers of middle schools has not evinced sufficient tact."

This only corroborates the opinion of the Lieutenant-Governor as expressed in paragraph 11 of last year's Resolution:—"Whatever may be said of primary education, the Lieutenant-Governor feels no doubt that Local Boards should have no concern with secondary education." His Honour hopes that, having found out by experience the justice of these remarks, the District Board will hesitate no longer to act upon them. The Chairman of the Khulna District Board (Mr. B. Dé) remarks that as a body each Local Board takes much interest in the condition of the roads and bridges under its supervision, but that they are unable to do much real good for want of comprehensive knowledge of the areas under their jurisdiction. He adds that the quality of their work depends a great deal on the kind of Chairman they have. The Chairman of the Murshidabad District Board writes:—

"The Local Boards, both under official and non-official Chairmen, really do very little work indeed. I cannot find that a single member anywhere helps the Chairman in checking the work done on village roads, and the Chairmen themselves do far too little in this matter. Things are left too much altogether to sub-overseers and contractors."

In Mr. Westmacott's opinion Local Boards do not appear to have been of much use anywhere, thus fulfilling his anticipations on the subject.

12. The Chairman of the Rajshahi District Board (Mr. Price) reports that the Local Boards have exercised the powers delegated to them in a very intelligent and satisfactory manner, and that they take considerable interest in their work. Mr. Harris writes from Rangpur that the duties entrusted to the Local Boards were satisfactorily discharged on the whole. The Chairman of the Pabna District Board (Kumar Gopendra Krishna) complains of the delay that the system of Local Boards entails in the disposal of business, on the ground that all points not coming within the scope of the powers delegated to them require to be referred to the District Board for final orders. From this remark and from the context of the Commissioner's report it appears clear that the distribution of duties between the District and Local Boards in Pabna should be scrutinised afresh.

13. From Dacca it is reported that the Local Boards of that district exercised the powers entrusted to them fairly well. Mr. Growse, the Chairman of the Faridpur District Board, complains that, even in the simple duty of distributing the funds allotted for the repairs of roads, the Local Boards have sometimes displayed a want of proper discretion, and in the matter of pounds and ferries their administration cannot be pronounced successful: he therefore cannot recommend any extension of their powers. Mr. Savage, who has long been Chairman of the Backergunge District Board, remarks that the various Local Boards have exercised carefully and satisfactorily the powers delegated to them. Mr. Earle, the Chairman of the District Board, Mymensingh, states that the administration of the Local Boards was generally successful, but in the matter of primary education they do not appear to have shown sufficient interest.

14. Five out of the twenty-one Local Boards in the Patna Division, viz. Bihar, Aurangabad, Buxar, Muzaffarpur, Hajipur, and also all the Local Boards of Saran, failed to utilise the full amount of the allotment made for village roads. The expenditure under Sanitation and Medical Relief was, however, generally satisfactory. In Gaya there was an apparent failure to work up to the allotment, but this, it is stated, has been explained satisfactorily. With regard to

the powers which are or should be given to Local Boards, and the manner in which they exercise them, Mr. Hare, of Muzaffarpur, says:—

The question of giving more powers to Local Boards is now under the consideration of the District Board. It may be possible to make over to them a larger number of roads and more funds to administer. This is the direction in which probably most can be done.

In Gaya, where the Local Boards enjoyed some extended powers, Mr. Macpherson writes:—

They continued to administer the grants for village roads and to control the working of cattle-pounds and ferries. With regard to dispensaries, they are practically only consultative bodies, merely preparing estimates and forwarding recommendations for the District Board, and disbursing most of the expenditure on bills passed by the latter.

15. Mr. Faulder, the Chairman of the Purnea District Board, remarks that the members of the Sadar Local Board rendered much help with their supervision in the repair of roads and bridges. The Chairman of the District Board of Balasore (Mr. Cornish) states that the Local Boards exercised their powers satisfactorily, and increased regularity of inspection and supervision by the Sadar Local Board has been specially noticed. The members of the Cuttack Local Board are said to have taken a lively interest, those of the Kendrapara Local Board a fair interest, and those of Jajpur but little interest, in the proceedings. The Commissioner Mr. Cooke remarks:—

It may be noted that the day is far distant in Orissa when the Local Boards will contend for increased powers. This cannot be expected in the infancy of the institution in a backward division. It is satisfactory to note that these bodies are working fairly on the whole.

16. In perusing the above-quoted remarks, it must be borne in mind that the views taken by local officers of the work of the Boards vary very much according to the standard by which they judge them. As compared with a country where local self-government is an indigenous institution, the total sum of the year's work may not seem great, nor the manner of its execution altogether and universally successful, but compared with the work of other years, which is a fairer standard to adopt, and having regard to the progress made since the introduction of the system, the Lieutenant-Governor is of opinion that the past 12 months have been marked by fair progress.

17. *Union Committees.*—No Union Committees have yet been formed under the Local Self-Government Act; but in accordance with the wishes of the Government of India, the question of forming a few village unions experimentally in selected rural areas in the more advanced districts is under the consideration of this Government.

18. *Financial results.*—The following statement shows the principal items in the income and expenditure of District Boards during the two years 1891-92 and 1892-93:—

INCOME.

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue	33,829	66,249
VI.—Provincial rates	35,10,235	36,27,676
XII.—Interest	453	666
XVII.—Police (including pounds)	4,72,187	4,57,159
XIX.—Education	37,803	62,761
XX.—Medical	10,006	17,095
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	3,123	3,631
XXV.—Miscellaneous	1,55,633	1,61,812
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation	410	286
XXXII.—Civil Works (including ferries) ...	4,18,759	4,44,518
Contributions	8,01,509	11,63,815
Debt	7,69,377	11,88,137
Total ...	62,13,324	71,93,805

EXPENDITURE.

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
1.—Refunds	93	403
18.—Administration	2,82,895	2,98,983
20.—Police (pounds)	33,874	35,235
22.—Education	11,05,375	10,54,477
24.—Medical	76,323	96,420
26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	8,016	8,579
29.—Superannuation allowances and pensions ...	3,459	3,530
30.—Stationery and printing	48,527	50,022
32.—Miscellaneous	40,890	55,390
33.—Famine relief	12,675	2,86,713
43.—Minor works and navigation ...	13,181	12,302
45.—Civil works	40,43,238	42,88,747
Contributions	5,130	12,370
Debt	6,12,636	8,12,821
Interest on debt...	5,345	7,758
Total ...	62,91,657	70,23,750

Credit balance.—The year 1891-92 closed with a credit balance of Rs. 15,93,162. At the close of the year 1892-93, this balance was increased to Rs. 17,63,217.

INCOME.

19. *Land Revenue* (*Rs.* 66,249).—The receipts under this head advanced from Rs. 33,829 to Rs. 66,249. The increase is chiefly due to the fact that certain collections which during previous years were credited to "miscellaneous" in the Dacca and Rajshahi Divisions were treated as land revenue in the year under report. The revenue derived from canal tolls in Chittagong also increased from Rs. 12,444 to Rs. 13,741, and fees, fines and forfeitures from Rs. 544 to Rs. 8,984.

20 *Provincial rates* (*Rs.* 36,27,676).—The whole amount shown under this head represents the receipts of the road cess in each district which is credited to the District Board after deducting the cost of collection and revaluation. Compared with the figures for the previous year, the income derived from this source showed an increase from Rs. 35,10,235 to Rs. 36,27,676, which is attributed to the successful realisation of arrears, to the effect of revaluation, and to collections made in advance. The largest increase during the year was in Muzaffarpur and Gaya—from Rs. 1,77,036 and Rs. 2,14,036 in 1891-92 to Rs. 2,16,192 and Rs. 2,39,315 in 1892-93 respectively.

21. *Pounds* (*Rs.* 4,57,159).—The receipts from pounds show a decrease of Rs. 15,028 as compared with the collections of 1891-92, although there is an increase of Rs. 13,384 over those of 1890-91. The decrease is variously attributed in different districts to the poor harvests of the year, to the effect of floods, to the exercise of a stricter supervision over the profits of farmers to the practice of insisting on the payment of rents in advance, to cattle disease and other causes. In Burdwan the number of pounds had been allowed to grow unduly large, having been 251 in 1891-92, and a reduction of 64 in their number was so successful that the receipts increased. One pound inspector was entertained throughout the year in each of the districts of Burdwan and Birbhum, and three in Midnapore for some months. They are reported to have done good work in expediting collections and making satisfactory settlements, but their services were dispensed with under Government order No. 42L.S-G., dated 1st December 1892. The Lieutenant-Governor takes this opportunity to point out that it was not intended by that circular that District Boards should be debarred from employing paid Inspectors for the inspection of their pounds, and any District Board may entertain a paid official for the purpose. The services of the pound inspector appointed by the Champaran District Board during the preceding year were dispensed with from January last, as no marked improvement had resulted in the working of the pounds, and his duties are now being peformed by the Sub-Inspectors of Schools in addition to their ordinary work. A paid inspector of pounds and ferries was appointed by the Shahabad District Board during the second half

of the year under review. In Gaya the sub-overseer under each Local Board is entrusted with the duty of inspecting pounds.

22. In sanctioning the continuance of the system of farming cattle-pounds in Bengal, in deference to the confident opinion expressed by Sir Charles Elliott that on the whole that was the system most suitable to Bengal, the Government of India gave expression to the hope that the Local Government would be able to make such arrangements for inspection as would prevent abuses and ensure the proper exercise of the powers of control given by law. Accordingly, Sir Charles Elliott commended to the notice of Commissioners of Divisions the following measures which, if thoroughly carried out, would in his opinion exercise a most important effect upon the administration of pounds, whether farmed or managed direct:—

(*a*) the regular and systematic inspection of pounds by officers of Government and of the District Boards;

(*b*) the grant of leases for a longer period than one year to persons of known position and solvency residing in the neighbourhood of the pound;

(*c*) an alteration of the form of agreement, so as to define better the District Boards' power of control; and lastly

(*d*) the introduction of such registers and forms of receipt as would enable a proper check to be kept over the pound-keepers without making unduly close enquiry into the amount of the farmer's profits when the pounds are let in farm.

Sir Charles Elliott was accordingly pleased to direct that pounds should in future be inspected by District Officers and their Assistants and Deputies, as well as by Chairmen of Local Boards, Vice-Chairmen of District and Local Boards, and Sub-Inspectors of Schools, besides the Inspectors employed by the District Boards. The form of the pound keeper's agreement has also been altered, and revised registers and forms of receipts have been prescribed for general use. If the officers named above carry out with care the examination of the books and registers now prescribed, the Lieutenant-Governor is confident that the check will be sufficient to prevent all abuses, and that the District Boards will be supplied with adequate and timely information as to the administration of their pounds.

23. A statement is annexed (Appendix A) giving the number of pounds and their income and expenditure under the several District Boards during the past three years. It shows that the total income from pounds during each of these three years exceeded the estimate of Rs. 4,20,153 on which the Provincial allotment to District Boards was based, thus justifying the often repeated assertion of Government that with judicious management the Boards have in pounds a fertile source of revenue.

24. *Education (Rs. 62,761).*—The receipts under this head increased from Rs. 37,803 to Rs. 62,761. To this increase all the District Boards contribute, except those of Rajshahi, Jalpaiguri, Backergunge, Saran, Cuttack and Puri, in which districts there was a decrease. Compared with the previous year, the receipts in the Dacca Division show a considerable increase, which is due to a contribution of Rs. 11,000 made by Babu Jogendra Kishore Rai Choudry of Ramgopalpur in Mymensingh towards the cost of establishing a technical school at the district Head-quarters. In Pabna, Rangpur, Tippera and Purnea also the receipts have been swelled by private subscription. Elsewhere the increase appears to be mainly due to the refund by Government of contribution paid on account of the pensions of teachers.

25. *Medical.*—(Rs. 17,095). Compared with the previous year, the total income under this head shows an increase which occurred chiefly in the Bogra district of the Rajshahi Division. A sum of Rs. 5,178 for constructing five dispensary buildings in the interior of the district was placed at the disposal of the District Board of Bogra by the Reception Committee formed for commemorating the visit of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in August 1892.

26. *Scientific and other Minor Departments.*—(Rs. 3,631). The income under this head was Rs. 3,631, against Rs. 3,123 in 1891-92. The receipts are reported from four districts only, viz. the 24-Parganas, Pabna, Dacca, and Saran, and were on account of conservancy arrangements made at various fairs in those districts.

The realization of the small amount of Rs. 6 in the Pabna district has not been explained.

27. *Miscellaneous.*—(Rs. 1,61,812). The income under this head, amounted to Rs. 1,61,812, against Rs. 1,56,633. It includes the proceeds of the sale of old stores, the receipts from serais and staging bungalows and other miscellaneous receipts, notably fines and forfeitures, many of which were awarded in connection with revaluation proceedings. The increase is noticeable under all the heads except "Staging bungalow and Serai fees," in which there is a decrease of Rs. 1,089.

28. *Civil works.*—(Rs. 4,44,518). Of the several items which make up the total under this head, receipts from ferries alone call for notice. Compared with the previous year, there was a falling off of Rs. 7,247. The decrease occurred in fifteen districts, viz. Burdwan, Howrah, 24-Parganas, Murshidabad, Rajshahi, Rangpur, Jalpaiguri, Dacca, Noakhali, Shahabad, Champaran, Malda, Cuttack, Balasore and Puri. The decrease in Burdwan is said to be due to lower prices having been realized at auction for the leases owing to the shallowness of the Bhagirathi river and to the opening of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, which affected the receipts of the ferry over the Damudar river. The falling off in the 24-Parganas (Rs. 2,447) is due partly to the total of the year 1891-92 having been swelled by large collections of arrear rents, and partly to the resettlement of certain ferries at reduced rents owing to the original lessees having defaulted. The falling off in Murshidabad (Rs. 837) is ascribed to the ferries having been plied for two months only instead of four on account of scanty rainfall. In Jalpaiguri it is due to the adjustment of outstanding balances of deposits received from the ferry farmers in 1891-92, and in Dacca (Rs. 3,882) to the fact that in 1891-92 the gross receipts of the steam ferry at Narainganj were credited to the District Fund without deducting the expenditure incurred on account of establishment, &c. The falling off in Noakhali (Rs. 1,593) is attributed to the shifting of the steamer station, and in Champaran to the resettlement of two of the ferries in the district having resulted in a loss of income. In Balasore the decrease of Rs. 789 is ascribed to the pilgrims preferring the steamer journey to that by land. In Cuttack (Rs. 2,783) it is partly due to the contribution for municipal ferries not being paid in time to be credited during the year, and partly to the inability of certain lessees to pay their dues. The falling off in the remaining six districts is unimportant.

29. In paragraph 24 of the Government Resolution on the working of District Boards for the year 1891-92, it was suggested that the leases executed by ferry farmers should provide for the payment of a quarter's rent in advance as well as the deposit of an equal amount as security, and that the ferries should be leased out for a longer period than one year to persons of known solvency. The Commissioner of the Presidency Division states that these suggestions have as a rule been carried out in the 24-Parganas, and the Commissioner of Patna reports similarly of the districts in his Division. No mention is made of the matter in the reports from other districts, but the Lieutenant-Governor trusts that both in regard to pounds and ferries these suggestions have not been overlooked.

30. *Contributions* (*Rs.* 11,63,815).—The contributions made to District Boards from the provincial revenues principally to maintain equilibrium between the receipts and expenditure of those bodies amounted to Rs. 11,54,584, against Rs. 8,01,198 in 1891-92. The increase is mainly due to the grants made by Government during the year, as explained in paragraph 50 below, for the maintenance of Government buildings and roads transferred to the care of District Boards, as well as for original works executed by the Boards on behalf of Government. In Chittagong there is an item of receipt of Rs. 4,370, made up of contributions from the Khas Mahal Improvement Fund, from the Sitakhund Lodging house Fund and from the District Fund to defray the cost of excavating a tank at Sitakhund for the supply of good drinking-water for the annual gathering of pilgrims.

31. *Loans.*—The sum of Rs. 30,000 shown against the Dinajpur District Board is part of the loan of Rs. 2,00,000 obtained from Government in 1890 to enable the Board to construct permanent bridges on the more important roads of the district. The loan was to be advanced by Government in five instalments of Rs. 40,000 each, but the District Board drew only Rs. 30,000 during the year under review. The sum of Rs. 2,80,000 shown against Darbhanga represents the amount of advances made by Government during the year to the District Board for carrying on relief works in the district. The amount was in the first instance granted as a loan at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., but since the close of the year Government has decided that of the whole amount Rs. 1,00,000 is to be

granted to the Board absolutely as a contribution from Provincial revenues towards the expenditure on famine relief, and only the remaining sum of Rs 1,80,000 is to be treated as a loan to be repaid by the District Board in due course.

32. *Deposits and Advances.*—The sums deposited by farmers of pounds and ferries as security for payment of revenue and the advances given by the Boards for the execution of works to be recovered by subsequent adjustment advanced from Rs. 6,39,377 to Rs. 8,78,137. The increase is marked in the Patna and Bhagalpur Divisions. In the former Division it is principally due to the adjustment of advances made in 1891-92 and 1892-93 on account of famine relief works, and in the latter Division to the recoveries of such advances, and to deposits made in Malda by farmers of pounds and ferries.

Expenditure.

33. *Administration.*—The cost of general administration has increased from Rs. 2,82,895 to Rs. 2,98,983. The various reasons assigned for the increase are the creation of new posts, the grant of annual increments to employés, the payment of increased charges for establishment in offices of account, control and audit, the expenses incurred in elections and increased charges on account of travelling allowance. In no Division or district does the fluctuation deserve special notice.

34. *Pension and Provident Fund Rules.*—With the exception of Bhagalpur, all the District Boards in Bengal have now adopted the model rules for the management of a Provident Fund for the benefit of those of their employés whose whole service has been under them. The Lieutenant-Governor trusts that in consideration of the admitted advantages of the Provident Fund system, both as regards efficiency and economy, the District Board of Bhagalpur will soon see its way to accepting it. Twenty-nine out of the thirty-eight District Boards have framed pension rules for those of their employés who have been transferred from pensionable service under Government or under the late Road Cess Committee: it is hoped that the remaining nine District Boards, viz., Bankura, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Faridpur, Tippera, Chittagong, Bhagalpur, Purnea, and Malda, will at no distant time follow the example of the majority.

35. *Pounds.*—The expenditure on account of cattle pounds shows an increase of Rs. 1,361. The increase is considerable nowhere except in Rajshahi and Dinajpur, where it was caused by the employment of Inspectors of Pounds during the year. The new statement prescribed by Government and which appears as Appendix A shows that out of 3,389 pounds in the province only 208 are now managed direct. It also shows that the average profit on each farmed pound was nearly Rs. 124, while that on each pound managed direct amounted only to Rs. 49, owing greatly to the fact that while the expenditure on a farmed pound averaged only Rs. 5, that on pounds managed direct reached the high figure of Rs. 90. As a matter of fact the system of direct management now survives only in Bihar and Orissa

36. *Education.*—The expenditure on education during the year under report amounted to Rs. 10,54,477 against Rs. 11,05,375 in the year 1891-92, showing a decrease of Rs. 50,898. This decrease occurred in all the districts, except fourteen, viz., 24-Parganas, Murshidabad, Faridpur, Mymensingh, Tippera, Noakhali, Chittagong, Patna, Darbhanga, Balasore, Rangpur, Purnea, Puri and Pabna. The figures in the margin taken from Form No. III, prescribed by the Government of India and appended to the Divisional Reports, show how much was spent in 1891-92 and in the year under review by District Boards on each main head of expenditure. The fluctuations under almost every head are so large as to raise a doubt whether the figures have been compiled on the same system in both years, and the Lieutenant-Governor considers it useless to comment upon them. He is the less inclined to do so, because he caused to be prepared during the year statistics which will be found as Appendix B in a form which, it was hoped, would set forth more clearly the amount really expended under each head, and would also bring the figures supplied by the local officers into accord with those furnished by the Director of Public Instruction in his annual report. The second of these expectations has not been realised, and on this subject separate orders will be issued. The value of the new form will not be fully appreciated till the figures for the current

	1891-92. Rs.	1892-93. Rs.
Inspection	2,50,575	2,31,694
Special schools	13,442	23,031
High "	......	1,100
Middle "	80,319	74,555
Primary "	3,78.241	3,26,110
Grants-in-aid	2,97,610	3 17,029
Scholarships	19,433	36,967
Miscellaneous	65,494	45,802
Refunds	261	289
Total ...	11,05.375	10.54,477

year come to be reviewed and compared with those of the year just past, but even as it is, the new table yields the following figures, which, in the opinion of His Honour, afford a more accurate view of the educational expenditure of the District Boards than the authorized forms hitherto in use. The main heads of expenditure are detailed in the margin, and they show that out of the total expenditure, 46·6 per cent. was spent on primary schools, 23·8 per cent. on middle schools, and 22·6 per cent. on Inspection. In the Lieutenant-Governor's opinion too large a proportion of the funds of the District Board is devoted to other than primary education: in the Resolution on the administration of municipalities in 1891-92 and in other places Sir Charles Elliott has inculcated the principle that until full provision has been made for primary education, no part of a Local Fund should be diverted to the support of education of a higher kind, which is beyond the needs of the majority of tax-payers, and which may well be paid for by those who desire it. To these principles he again wishes to draw attention, and desires that they may not be lost sight of when District Boards prepare and Commissioners of Divisions scrutinise the budget estimates of District Boards for 1894-95.

	Rs.	Rs.
Inspection		2,31,011
Training and Special Schools—		
Charges	17,427	
Grants-in-aid	2,781	
Scholarships	1,546	21,754
High Schools—		
Charges	1,100	
Grants-in-aid	2,135	
Scholarships	65	3,300
Middle Schools—		
Charges	50,907	
Grants-in-aid	1,82,959	
Scholarships	9,534	2,43,400
Primary Schools—		
Charges	60,521	
Grants-in-aid	4,02,607	
Scholarships	12,745	4,75,873
Buildings and furniture		6,488
Contingent charges		38,704
Refunds		288
Total ...		10,20,818

37. Descending to district details, the table below shows the proportion of its ordinary income which each District Board spent during 1892-93 on education generally and on primary education in particular :—

Districts.	Ordinary income in 1892-93.	Expenditure on—		Percentage on ordinary income of expenditure on—	
		Primary education.	All education.	Primary education.	All education.
1	2	3	4		6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Burdwan	2,43,925	23,529	46,763	9·6	19·1
Bankura	91,141	18,086	30,115	19·8	33·04
Birbhum	90,718	9,436	18,941	10·4	20·8
Midnapore	2,01,644	28,362	58,171	14·06	28·8
Hooghly	1,81,281	16,800	37,708	9·2	20·8
Howrah	58,924	7,882	18,508	13·3	31·5
24-Parganas	2,49,188	21,889	43,237	8·7	17·3
Khulna	95,566	12,332	27,468	12·9	28·7
Nadia	97,722	10,473	29,667	10·7	30·3
Jessore	1,32,000	14,083	34,946	10·6	26·4
Murshidabad	91,477	11,323	21,913	12·3	23·9
Dinajpur	1,38,009	10,976	26,667	7·9	19·3
Rajshahi	1,13,644	10,837	22,410	9·5	19·7
Rangpur	1,91,959	17,725	45,336	9·2	23·6
Bogra	67,526	4,117	13,739	6·09	20·3
Pabna	1,04,754	12,996	28,077	12·4	26·8
Jalpaiguri	1,93,862	3,503	10,141	1·8	5·2
Dacca	2,02,987	17,433	41,308	8·5	20·3
Faridpur	1,26,287	12,029	30,078	9·5	23·8
Backerganj	1,65,203	21,041	37,800	12·7	22·8
Mymensingh	2,76,203	23,726	49,632	8·5	17·9
Tippera	1,77,926	24,733	42,210	13·9	23·7
Noakhali	1,64,519	12,735	26,508	7·7	16·1
Chittagong	1,59,736	9 260	23,116	5·7	14·4
Patna	2,23,163	17,546	25,394	7·8	11·3
Gaya	3,02,070	12,277	20,533	4·06	6·7
Shahabad	2,07,516	9 003	15,439	4·3	7·4
Darbhanga	2,38,849	14,719	18,755	6·1	7·9
Muzaffarpur	2,51,850	11,472	17,626	4·5	6·9
Saran	2,10,055	12 549	20,358	5·9	9·6
Champaran	1,04,271	11,464	17,645	10·9	16·9
Monghyr	2,07,737	9,925	20,999	4·7	10·1
Bhagalpur	2,01,987	8,263	18,712	4·09	9·2
Purnea	1,45,430	9,290	21,072	6·3	14·5
Malda	59,780	6,978	14,870	11·7	24·8
Cuttack	1,05,465	14,879	33,915	14·1	32·1
Balasore	66,885	12,395	27,901	18·5	41·7
Puri	55,178	6,102	16,709	11·05	30·2
Total ...	59,96,437	5,12,168	10,54,477	8·5	17·5

The object of this statement is apparent from paragraphs 31-33 of the Resolution on the Report for 1891-92. Sir Charles Elliott there expressed the hope that those District Boards which contributed to education less than 10 per cent. of their ordinary income, would raise their grants and increase the number of schools maintained or aided by them, as he looked on it as one of the primary duties of a District Board to afford the opportunity of obtaining elementary education to every boy residing within its jurisdiction, and it was desired that a more liberal expenditure should be sanctioned for this purpose during the current year. His Honour is mortified to notice that so far from this being the case, the average expenditure on education incurrred by the District Boards during the year was 17·5 per cent. of their ordinary income against 20·5 in 1891-92, and that on primary education 8·5 per cent. against 9·9. The highest place in respect of educational expenditure as a whole is taken by the District Boards of Balasore, Bankura, Cuttack, Howrah, Nadia and Puri, all of which devoted 30 per cent. or more of their income to this purpose, while fourteen others show an expenditure 20 per cent. or more. On the other hand, in all the districts of the Patna Division, the expenditure was below the general average, and in five, viz., Gaya, Shahabad, Darbhanga, Muzaffarpur, and Saran, it was below 10 per cent. of their income. In Bhagalpur it was 9·2 per cent. and in Jalpaiguri it was only 5·2 per cent. In last year's Resolution the Lieutenant-Governor drew attention to the low expenditure in the first four of the districts just named, and he is dissatisfied to find that the percentage of expenditure, far from having increased, is now in each case less than that in the previous year. The explanations given are not adequate, and the Lieutenant-Governor trusts that he may not have occasion to utter a similar admonition again.

38. Comparing expenditure on education generally with that on primary education, the District Boards of Tippera, with 13·9 per cent. out of 23·7 and of Champaran with 10·9 per cent. out of 16·9, deserve special commendation, as do those of Bankura, Murshidabad, and Backergunge. On the other hand, the principles stated in paragraph 36 have been ignored by twenty-five District Boards, all of which have devoted less than half their educational expenditure to primary education, the most flagrant cases being Nadia, Bogra and Jalpaiguri.

39. *Special Schools.*—The Backergunge District Board continues to support a technical school at Barisal, which is said to serve a very useful purpose as a survey school. A site has been acquired for the technical school which Babu Jogendra Kishore Chaudhuri of Ramgopalpur has founded at Nasirabad, the head-quarters of the Mymensingh district, and a commodious building has been erected. The Bihar Industrial School was opened at Bankipore on the 25th November 1892: the endowment consists of the surplus balance from the Prince of Wales' Reception Fund collected in 1876, which, with interest, amounted to Rs. 2,50,410 at the close of the year. The number of boys at present under instruction is 53, viz. 28 apprentices and 25 in the artisan class. All the boys except six hold scholarships from the various District Boards or receive an allowance from the endowment fund of the school. There are five special schools under the Rangpur District Board, namely, one technical school, two madrassas and two Sanskrit tols. A technical school in which surveying, drawing, mensuration, and carpenter and blacksmith's work are taught was started at Pabna by private subscriptions, and made over to the District Board during the year. The cost of the school building, furniture and tools was over Rs. 16,000. Besides the technical school, the Pabna District Board paid Rs. 10 a month to a Sanskrit *tol* at Salgorea during the year. A new class has been opened in the Comilla Elliott Artizan School since August 1892 for teaching smith's work: one passed carpenter pupil of this school is said to have set up a workshop in his native village. The Maharaja of Hill Tippera has given a donation of Rs. 1,700 towards this institution, and Maharaj Kumar Binay Krishna of Sobhabazar in Calcutta has promised a yearly grant of Rs. 500 for five years. The scheme for starting a technical school at Noakhali received the sanction of Government in September last, but the school could not be opened till the latter end of March for want of a competent head-master. A technical school was opened in the town of Burdwan on the 11th April 1893; it is maintained by the Burdwan Board, but the local municipality

contributes Rs. 20 a month. The Mysadal Raja's Technical School under the management of the Midnapore District Board is now supported by subscriptions and grants from the District Board and Government. In Bankura the number of Sanskrit tols increased from 30 to 42, and the number of pupils from 287 to 335, but the number of Arabic or Persian schools decreased from 8 to 5, and the number of pupils from 141 to 59. In Hooghly there were 70 Sanskrit tols with 346 pupils, and 36 Arabic and Persian schools with 507 pupils, besides 34 elementary schools with 230 pupils. In Howrah there were 12 Muhammadan schools teaching the Koran with 168 pupils. There were also 9 tols attended by 49 young men. In Burdwan 9 maktabs were started during the year, teaching Persian and Urdu in addition to Bengali. The District Boards of Howrah, Midnapore, Balasore, and Cuttack granted scholarships to students in the Sibpur Engineering College or in other similar institutions.

40. *Female Medical Education.*—Scholarships to female medical students were granted by the District Boards of Burdwan, the 24-Parganas, Backergunge, Mymensingh, Patna, Saran and Puri. In Bankura, Faridpur, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Rajshahi, Pabna and Dinajpur scholarships were available, but no candidates came forward. Some progress was made during the year in the direction of providing medical attendance for women in addition to that mentioned above.

41. *Medical.*—The total outlay under this head amounted to Rs. 96,420, being Rs. 20,097 more than in the previous year. The excess is chiefly in the expenditure on "Hospitals and Dispensaries," but all the sub-heads show an increase except "General Medical Establishment." The increase is satisfactory so far as it goes, but the percentage on the total expenditure even now amounts only to 1·6 on the ordinary income for the year, and this appears to the Lieutenant-Governor far too low in a province many of the districts of which are notorious for the insalubrity of their climate. In the healthier districts no doubt there is less necessity for any large expenditure, but there can be no question that the District Boards of Hooghly and Murshidabad, who have spent nothing during the year on medical relief, have failed to realize the importance of this branch of their duties. The District Boards of Nadia, Dacca, Khulna, Malda, Jalpaiguri, Midnapore, Howrah, Rajshahi and Darbhanga, whose expenditure amounted to less than Rs. 1,000 each, are in a scarcely better position. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that prompt measures will be taken in these districts to carry out the very obvious duty of bringing medical relief within reach of the inhabitants of non-urban areas. Even among those District Boards who are shown to have spent something on the medical requirements of their districts, there appears to be a tendency to make over their grants bodily to municipalities, and thus avoid the responsibility and trouble of seeing the money properly disbursed. The medical expenditure of the District Board of Bankura, for instance, as of Nadia, is represented solely by grants to municipal institutions, and no provision is made for the inhabitants of the district. In Birbhum, out of a total expenditure of Rs. 2,444, Rs. 1,441 were expended in this way. The Lieutenant-Governor admits that, in so far as inhabitants of the interior of districts make use of municipal dispensaries and hospitals, it is equitable for District Boards to make some contribution towards the support of these institutions, but it should always be borne in mind that the District Fund is intended primarily for expenditure in the district outside municipal areas. From an examination of Form III, which exhibits the expenditure of the various District Boards during the year under report, it will be seen that more than half of the total medical expenditure of the year was incurred in the two Divisions of Patna and Chittagong, which, it may be noted, are by no means the most unhealthy in the province. Of all the districts Tippera heads the list with an expenditure of Rs. 9,636: besides contributing to the Dufferin Fund and to the municipal institutions at Comilla and Brahmanbaria, the Board maintained eleven dispensaries. The number of patients in these dispensaries shows a most satisfactory increase from 41,004 in 1891-92 to 54,042 in the year under report. The zenana hospital, called after Nawab Sahiba Faizunissa Begum, who gave the site and Rs. 10,000 for it, is still under construction. The Patna district comes next with an expenditure of Rs. 9,404, or nearly double that of the previous year. The increase is due chiefly to the establishment of six new dispensaries. In Gaya the expenditure of Rs. 8,832 was slightly less than

in the previous year. Of this sum Rs. 3,578 went to the Gaya Pilgrim Hospital, and the remainder (except for an item of Rs. 105 for vaccination) to dispensaries. In Chittagong Rs. 6,612, or more than double the outlay of the previous year, were spent under this head. The Board employs a lady doctor, paying her Rs. 100 a month, and with the help of local subscriptions maintains five dispensaries, which are reported to be working well and to be appreciated by the people. The District Boards of Shahabad and Saran each devoted more than Rs. 5,000 to their medical requirements; in the latter district Rs. 4,179 represents the cost of maintenance of four mufassal dispensaries. The District Board of Bogra have decided to open five additional dispensaries in the interior of the district, the money for the buildings having been subscribed on the occasion of the visit of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor to the district in August 1892. In Faridpur a new dispensary has been opened at Bhanga, and the District Board has expressed its willingness to come forward with aid in any case where it can be shown that the people want a dispensary and will contribute to it, but the Lieutenant-Governor is of opinion that unless some steps are taken to bring the advantages of this offer forcibly home to the people, the poor and ignorant for whose benefit charitable dispensaries exist will not avail themselves of it. In all these districts the work during the year has been satisfactory, and the Lieutenant-Governor trusts that the progress made will encourage the Boards of other districts to follow their good example.

42. The Tippera District Board contributed Rs. 50 a month to the pay of a lady doctor, and the Chittagong District Board continued, as in the previous year, to make a grant for the same purpose. Trained midwives were engaged by the District Boards of Saran and Shahabad. In Birbhum an attempt was made, but without success, to obtain the services of a lady doctor, and the Midnapore Board have resolved to devote a monthly sum to the same purpose. Srimati Kailash Basini Dasi, who has received a medical education at the cost of the Rangpur District Board, commenced during the year, according to her agreement, to practise in the district. The District Board of Gaya expended Rs. 557 during the year in the training of midwives at the Gaya Pilgrim Hospital. As no lying-in patients, however, resort to it, the Board has had for the present to abandon the scheme as one for training midwives, but since the 1st of January 1893 it has kept on the nurses as an establishment for the female ward of the hospital. An opportunity of training in midwifery is expected to be obtained when the Dufferin Female Hospital is established.

43. *Sanitation.*—Particulars of the sanitary works undertaken by District Boards during the year are given in Appendix IV. The total expenditure of the year amounts to Rs. 1,31,915 as against Rs. 56,119 in 1891-92: details are given in the margin.

	1891-92. Rs.	1892-93. Rs.
Improvement of water-supply ...	37,278	97,402
Ditto of village sites ...	1,176	635
Conservancy of towns and villages ...	2	......
Sanitation at fairs, &c.	6,497	8,066
Other expenditure on sanitary objects	11,166	25,812
Total ...	56,119	1,31,915

The advance is respectable, but the amount is still comparatively insignificant, representing only 2·7 per cent. of the ordinary income of District Boards during the year, and it is subject to the important qualification that Rs. 52,500, or more than one-third of the whole amount, were expended in the Monghyr and Bhagalpur districts in digging new and cleaning out old tanks as measures of famine relief, and not primarily for any sanitary purpose. It is also disappointing to find that the greatest diversity exists in the action of the different District Boards in this matter. Bogra spent absolutely nothing, and the expenditure in Howrah, Khulna, Pabna, Backergunge, Chittagong and Malda has been less than Rs. 500. The Divisional expenditure, excluding that on tanks in Bhagalpur and Monghyr, is detailed in the margin.

	Rs.
Burdwan	8,421
Presidency	10,649
Rajshahi	11,135
Dacca	20,753
Chittagong	3,926
Patna	18,523
Bhagalpur	55,83
Orissa	2,672

It is clear that most District Boards are not yet alive to their duties in respect of sanitation, which is a matter of vital importance to the people. In this regard Bengal is far behind other provinces of the Empire, while the need for sanitary reform is greater in these provinces than in most others. In the Resolution on the Sanitary Commissioner's Report for 1892 the Officiating Lieutenant-Governor dwelt upon the importance of a pure water-supply, and Sir Charles Elliott, though he does not go so far as to desire to

increase taxation generally for the purpose, would view gladly the inception by local bodies of moderate and well-considered efforts to improve water-supply, drainage and the conservancy of rural areas. His Honour hopes that during the current year a suitable proportion of the income of District Boards may be devoted to these objects.

44. Among districts the expenditure incurred in the improvement of water-supply was largest in that of Bhagalpur, amounting to Rs. 45,037. Of this amount, Rs. 35,915 were expended in the excavation of tanks in the Supul sub-division during the late scarcity, and Rs. 8,852 in the re-excavation of 14 tanks in the Madhipur sub-division. The districts of Murshidabad, Bogra, Tippera, Gaya, Darbhanga and Balasore also shew no expenditure under the head of water-supply. The District Boards of the Dacca Division, except that of Dacca district, appear to have realised that small sums spent at random throughout a district are wasted and lead to nothing, but that the result is very different if the same amounts are devoted to furthering some recognized scheme. Mr. Savage, Chairman of the Backergunge District Board, says that in his opinion one tank reserved for the supply of drinking-water is required in every village in the district, and the Board has voted Rs. 10,000 for expenditure during 1893-94 in commencing to carry out the scheme. The Chairman of the District Board of Mymensingh reports that, in view of the heavy cost of excavating tanks and of constructing masonry wells, it is proposed to consider the introduction of ring wells or tube wells. The Chairman of the District Board of Faridpur states that the tanks excavated or re-excavated in that district are more or less a failure on account of the sandy nature of the soil, and a general scheme for sinking wells is therefore under the consideration of the Board. In the Chittagong Division the District Board of Noakhali have devised a scheme for reserving tanks for drinking purposes, and hope to induce the owners of centrally situated tanks to make them over to the management and control of the Board. The Chairman of the District Board of Rajshahi raises an old objection to the digging of wells, viz., that they will not be used by all castes and sects alike. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Commissioner of the Division that the difficulty does not seem to be of much importance. The Commissioner of Patna writes:—

> "On the whole I consider that sufficient attention has not been paid in the different districts during the year under review to the important matter of taking over and maintaining roadside wells under section 76 of the Act along the most important thoroughfares. This is undoubtedly one of the most efficacious as well as the most simple and cheapest means of preventing the spread of contagion among, and especially by, wayfarers passing through and coming from unhealthy localities, and is particularly applicable to routes frequented by pilgrims. I am issuing a circular on the subject to the different District Boards, which I trust will meet with attention."

Efforts in this direction have the Lieutenant-Governor's full approval, since the matter is one not only of local, but, along pilgrim routes, of Imperial importance.

45. Towards the improvement of village sites and the conservancy of villages only Rs. 635 were spent, the greater part of which was in Shahabad. Doubtless the District Boards rightly consider that save in very exceptional cases expenditure on this work should be defrayed by the villagers themselves.

46. *Sanitation at fairs.*—The Birbhum Board undertook the sanitary arrangements at the Joydeb, Kenduli, and Bakreswar fairs The District Board of Dacca provides for sanitary and conservancy arrangements at the Kartick Baroni and Nagalbund fairs, and recovers the cost from the zamindars on whose lands the fairs are held. The District Board of Saran spent Rs. 3,871 on sanitary arrangements at the different fairs held in that district, of which Rs. 3,314 were expended on the arrangements for the Sonepur fair. Sanitary precautions were adopted by the District Board of Shahabad at the Barahpore fair at a cost of Rs. 66. In Patna a sum of Rs. 25 was spent by the Sadar Local Board for sanitation at the Phulwari fair. It is explained that the local zamindars in this district are accustomed to make their own arrangements for the sanitation of fairs held on their property.

47. *Stationery and Printing.*—There was an increase of expenditure under this head, amounting to Rs. 1,495. The increase was largest in the Patna Division, particularly in the districts of Muzaffarpur and Saran. The charges under this head in the Patna Division are always very high, and the attention

of the Commissioner is invited to the matter in order that steps may be taken, if necessary, to curtail in the coming year any undue expenditure in this direction.

48. *Miscellaneous.*—Miscellaneous charges rose from Rs. 40,890 to Rs. 55,390. The increase is partly due to the larger expenditure on serais and dâk bungalows. Miscellaneous refunds also rose from Rs. 4,261 in 1891-92 to Rs. 8,921. Contributions towards the Provident Fund amounted to Rs. 1,193, and were made by the District Boards of Rajshahi, Jalpaiguri, Dacca, Faridpur, Backergunge, Noakhali, Monghyr, Purnea, and Malda only. In two districts rewards were paid for the destruction of wild animals and snakes.

49. *Famine Relief.*—The largest sum expended under this head was that spent by the District Board of Darbhanga, amounting to Rs. 2,69,816. The relief works in that district were commenced in March 1892, when the distress became apparent, and were closed in the following July. They consisted of raising and repairing old village tracks, about 582 miles in length, and the excavation and reclamation of sixty-seven tanks. No new roads were undertaken in connection with the relief works, as the distress did not continue long enough to render this necessary, but eight large projects for new roads were prepared in case of emergency. The large excess of expenditure over the funds at the disposal of the Board has been met by a contribution of one lakh of rupees from the Provincial revenues and a loan of Rs. 1,80,000. In Muzaffarpur the expenditure under this head aggregated Rs. 77,854, but it has been charged to the respective service heads, and thus absorbed in the ordinary expenditure of the year. The work consisted in raising and re-aligning twenty-two roads and in reclaiming and re-excavating sixteen tanks. The District Boards of Monghyr and Bhagalpur spent Rs. 1,595 and Rs. 6,609, respectively, on gratuitous relief. In addition to this the Monghyr Board spent Rs. 8,000 and the Bhagalpur Board Rs. 77,752 on other relief works. These amounts have been shown under the head of Civil Works, the labourers not having been paid in excess of normal rates. The amount shown against Purnea, viz. Rs. 3,413, represents the excess of the cost of relief works over normal rates. In Dinajpur Rs. 20,192 were provided for affording relief to landless labourers and petty jotedars, out of which Rs. 17,841 were spent in improving roads by piece-work, and were accounted for under the head of repairs to roads. Besides these, some expenditure on relief works was incurred by the District Boards of Bogra, Gya, 24-Parganas, Jalpaiguri, Saran, Balasore, Cuttack, and Puri.

50. *Civil works.*—A very important innovation was introduced during the year under review. In consequence of the duplication of work and establishments caused by the maintenance side by side of Executive and District Engineers in certain districts, Sir Charles Elliott suggested to the Government of India that the whole of the work placed under the Executive Engineers of the Burdwan, Dacca, and Chittagong Public Works Divisions, as well as some of that under the Executive Engineer of the Darjeeling Division, might be entrusted to the District Engineers in those districts without any detriment to the efficiency of the work, and with considerable advantage as regards economy. The proposal having met with the approval of the Government of India, the maintenance and repairs of all provincial works, consisting mainly of buildings, in the districts named in the margin, which were under the Executive Engineers of the abovementioned Divisions, and also of the Imperial buildings, viz., post-offices and telegraph offices, were made over to the District Boards, and placed in charge of their District Engineers, the necessary funds for their upkeep being transferred to the Boards at the same time. As, however, it appeared desirable to introduce the scheme for a short period only in the first instance in order to test its working, the grants for the maintenance of the works in question, aggregating Rs. 1,35,468 per annum, were made for a period of four years, commencing from 1892-93. In consideration also of the fact that these transfers would throw increased work and responsibility

Burdwan.	Tippera.	Khulna.
Bankura.	Noakhali.	24-Parganas.
Birbhum.	Chittagong.	Jalpaiguri.
Hugli.	Purnea.	Rangpur.
Howrah.	Bhagalpur.	Dinajpur.
Dacca.	Malda.	Bogra.
Faridpur.	Monghyr.	Pabna.
Backergunge.	Jessore.	Rajshahi.
Mymensingh.		

on the District Engineers, a further annual grant of Rs. 10,200 was made to District Boards to meet the cost of the special allowances to be given to their District Engineers.

51. The statement below compares the expenditure under the head "Civil works" for the past two years—

YEAR.	Ferry establishment, contingencies and refunds.	Original works.	Repairs.	Establishment and contingencies.	Tools and plant.	Water-supply and water-works.	Drainage works.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1891-92	38,458	12,85,516	20,85,897	5,64,463	26,171	34,147	8,556	40,43,238
1892-93	43,691	1,407,845	20,90,233	5,92,197	31,259	1,03,839	10,783	42,88,747

The total expenditure shows an increase of Rs. 2,45,509, to which all the heads in the table contribute, the largest increase being under the head "Water-supply and water-works," due in great part to the expenditure of Rs. 45,037 in Bhagalpur on tanks as noticed above. The expenditure under head "Original works" was largest in Mymensingh, where it amounted to Rs. 1,24,360. A considerable portion of this sum represents expenditure of funds made over to the Board for the construction of Imperial and Provincial works under the system described above; but besides this, five important bridges and several new roads were constructed. In Patna the expenditure on original works amounted to Rs. 1,22,953. A girder bridge over the Punpun river, estimated to cost more than a lakh of rupees, was more than half completed, and Rs. 39,217 were spent on the improvement of the Fatua-Hilsa Road. The expenditure on original works in Muzaffarpur is shown to be Rs. 1,04,680, but of this Rs. 66,790 was of the nature of famine relief. The same cause, it is to be presumed, accounts for the large total in the Darbhanga district, though the fact is not definitely stated in the Commissioner's report. In Gaya the timber bridge over the Khuri river in the Nawada subdivision was completed at a cost of Rs. 53,587. In Burdwan Rs. 12,000 were spent during the year on the Victoria Bridge over the Khori river, which was nearly completed. The office buildings of the Dinajpur District Board, costing Rs. 13,115, were completed before the close of the year. There is a decrease of Rs. 70,290 in the total expenditurn on communications, the figures being as in the margin. The adequate maintenance of the roads is a matter to which the attention of every District Board should always be given, since it was for this purpose that the cess was first imposed, and in no other way can the interests of the general tax-payers be better served. Under the head of repairs the largest expenditure was in the 24-Parganas, owing to the special repairs which had to be executed to the Diamond Harbour Road out of funds advanced by Government. Burdwan comes next with an expenditure of more than a lakh and-a-half of rupees. In the thirteen other districts named in the margin, the expenditure on the repairs of roads exceeded half a lakh of rupees. Under the head of establishment by far the largest expenditure was incurred in the Patna Division. It is more than double that of any other Division, and is the natural result of the expenditure on civil works being more than twice that of any other Division.

	1891-92.	1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
Original works ...	12,13,966	12,01,433
Repairs ...	20,35,003	19,77,246
	32,48,969	31,78,679

Midnapore.	Bhagalpur.
Darbhanga.	Chittagong.
Purnea.	Monghyr.
Gaya.	Shahabad.
Hooghly.	Patna.
Saran.	Jessore.
Dinajpur.	

52. *Village Roads.*—The statement in the margin shows the outlay on village roads in each Division during the past two years, and the length of roads maintained—

	Expenditure. 1891-92.	Expenditure. 1892-93.
	Rs.	Rs.
Burdwan Division	35,245	27,632
Presidency "	57,127	44,764
Rajshahi "	20,250	24,859
Dacca "	79,498	62,327
Chittagong "	53,843	37,364
Patna "	61,472	77,070
Bhagalpur "	43,445	49,339
Orissa "	24,973	16,984
Total ...	3,66,853	3,40,339

The expenditure was highest in the Patna Division, viz., Rs. 77,070, which is said to represent about 8·76 per cent. of the expenditure incurred on original and repair works on the main roads in the Division. In Saran, where the expenditure in previous years was very high, the list of village roads was carefully revised with the result that the expenditure was reduced. The Lieutenant-Governor has read with pleasure that the misunderstanding which occurred during 1891-92 between the members of the District Board of Darbhanga and some of the indigo-planters of the district was removed during the year, and that the Board received great help from these gentlemen in the supervision and maintenance of the village roads in the vicinity of their respective factories. In Saran, Malda, and Monghyr also a certain number of village roads were repaired through the agency of the resident indigo-planters and other private gentlemen. It is satisfactory to note that in the Feni subdivision (Noakhali) Rs. 756 were paid as a local contribution for the roads by the villagers interested, and the land in all instances was given free of cost, and that similarly certain villagers in the Hugli district supplemented by contributions the Board's grant for the erection of a bridge. As in the previous year, the total expenditure on village roads varied enormously in different districts, from Rs. 18,910 in Saran to Rs. 478 in Jalpaiguri. The Commissioner of the Presidency Division remarks that he grudges every pice spent on village roads. This is hardly in consonance with the Lieutenant-Governor's remarks in last year's Resolution, in which he said—"Under any circumstances an allotment of Rs. 2,500 seems insufficient for so large a district (Nadia), and the Lieutenant-Governor trusts that the District Board will take steps to see that this important branch of their duties is more carefully looked after in future." No doubt village roads are useful chiefly as feeders to the main roads, but no district is so well provided with the latter as to be able to dispense entirely with the former, and in many districts of the province, notably in Bihar, many of the so-called village roads differ little in importance from those which are accepted as the main arteries of communication of the district.

53. *Water communications.*—Expenditure under this head occurs for the most part in the eastern districts. The Telkupi *khal* in Pabna was kept navigable during the year at a cost of Rs. 443. In Backergunge Rs. 149 were expended during the year in clearing jungle from the banks of the Bokhainagar river, and of the *khal* from Berer Done to Bighai river in order to make tow-paths. In Mymensingh three *khals* in the Kishoreganj subdivision were improved and cleared of weeds and plants, with the double object of improving communications and of supplying good drinking-water to the people of the villages on their banks. Seventy-two important navigable channels in the Noakhali district have been taken over by the District Board. The Daudpur *khal* is being deepened, and a big bend near its mouth straightened. The channel from Gangapur to the Megna river is also being improved, and, when completed, will greatly facilitate boat communication. The side excavations of the road from Noakhali to Feni have been converted into navigable channels, and greatly extended in many parts; the re-excavation of the Gokarna *khal* in Tippera was also carried out during the year. The Commissioner of Dacca writes—"I am surprised that so little is done under this head in the three southern districts, where water must always be the chief means of communication." The Lieutenant-Governor concurs that in all districts where this is the case and where expenditure on roads is comparatively small, a larger outlay in improving navigable channels is in every way advisable.

54. *Steam communications.*—The District Board of Dacca still maintains a steam-ferry between Narainganj and Munshiganj, which is of great benefit to the public. In Backergunge the Board subsidized the steam service between Barisal and Khulna to the extent of Rs. 6,000, and that between Barisal and Patuakhali to the extent of Rs. 1,200 per annum. The Malda District Board contributed to the cost of the steam service between English Bazar and Rampur Boalia, the total amount paid during the year being Rs. 1,282. The District Board of Noakhali continued to pay Rs. 200 a month to the Bengal Central Flotilla Company for their steamer service from Barisal to Noakhali. The service between Sandwip and the mainland was not maintained regularly, and steamers which used to ply twice a week before ran once a week only during the winter season. In Tippera a grant of Rs. 300 was made by the District Board

to a Steamer Company for working a launch between Daudkandi and Shatnal, which commenced running from the 15th November 1892 and continued until the close of the year. One of this company's steamers now plies daily between Daudkandi and Naraingunj, thus establishing through communication for passengers and goods between Daudkandi and Goalundo. Another steamer plied daily between Hajiganj and Chandpur throughout the year, and received a monthly subsidy of Rs. 250. Owing to the irregular working of this steamer, the Board determined to withdraw its grant from the 1st April 1893 until the arrangements became satisfactory. Negotiations are being carried on by the District Boards of Backergunge, Faridpur, Mymensingh and Noakhali for the further development of steam communications in those districts.

55. *Miscellaneous Public Improvements.*—In Faridpur a sum of Rs. 792 was spent under this head for collecting statistics of the traffic for the extension of the Eastern Bengal Railway from Panchooria to Govindapur and for some enamelled mile-posts for some of the important roads in the district. Some attention is reported to have been paid in almost all districts to arboriculture, and some money spent in planting and maintaining trees along the sides of roads. In Gaya the expenditure amounted to Rs. 6,330, of which Rs. 2,574 represents the cost of iron fences for young trees. In Saran no new trees were planted, but the cost of fencing and maintaining those already existing came to Rs. 4,157. In Champaran Rs. 322 was spent principally in planting 22,525 *tar* tree seeds along the sides of several district roads to demarcate the boundaries.

56. *Railway feeder roads.* – A feeder road, one mile in length, connecting the Galsi Railway Station, in the Burdwan district, with the 87th mile of the Grand Trunk Road, was under construction. The earthwork was completed during the year at a cost of Rs. 2,495, and arrangements are being made for metalling. The plan and estimate for the construction of the three miles of road from the Debipur Railway Station to village Debipur, at the expense of a local zamindar, Babu Kali Das Singha, have been prepared, but the work could not be commenced until the lands required for the purpose had been acquired. In Dacca the railway feeder road from Kudda (Kasimpur) to Simulia, which was undertaken in 1891-92, was in progress during the year under report, but was not completed, as the necessary land had not yet been taken up. Steps have been taken to secure the land and complete the work in the current year. Great improvements were also carried out to the railway feeder roads from Tangi to Kaliganj, Rajendrapur to Mirzapur, and Rajendrapur to Kapasia in the same district. In Mymensingh the earthwork and pipe culverts of the two important feeder roads from Balipara to Nandail (15 miles) and Mymensingh to Porabaria (17 miles) were completed during the year. The work in the first 6 miles of another feeder road from Gaffargaon to Guptabrindaban (20 miles in length) was taken up during the year and some progress made. A mile of the feeder road from Mymensingh to Ishwarganj was metalled, and a feeder road from Kalibazar to Bailore ($4\frac{1}{2}$ miles) was surveyed during the year.

57. *Tramways.*—The record of work for the year is not large. The schemes for the construction of tramways from Burdwan to Katwa in the Burdwan district and from Lakisarai to Gaya in the Patna Division have fallen through. The proposal to construct a railway from Howrah to Bankura and the Howrah-Sheakhala and Howrah-Amta project are hanging fire. In Birbhum a proposal is under contemplation to open a tramway from Suri to Syinthia or to Ahmadpur, while in the 24-Parganas the question of constructing a light tramway from Barasat to Basirhat is still under the consideration of the Board. In Nadia the Board are still considering the question of constructing a steam tramway from Ranaghat to Krishnagar *viâ* Santipur, the total cost of which has been estimated at Rs. 6,52,720, excluding the cost of establishing and working the ferry on the Churni. The Commissioner of the Division does not think it a line likely to pay, or one which is much required except for the convenience of the inhabitants of the head-quarters station of Krishnagar.

58. *Public Works Establishment.*—The statement below compares the percentage of the cost of establishment on the total expenditure on public works in each district during the two years 1891-92 and 1892-93:—

District.	1891-92.			1892-93.		
	Total outlay on Civil Works (column 85 of Statement III).	Establishment and contingencies appertaining to Public Works (column 80 of Statement III).	Percentage of cost of establishment.	Total outlay on Civil Works (column 85 of Statement III).	Establishment and contingencies appertaining to Public Works (column 80 of Statement III).	Percentage of cost of establishment.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Burdwan ...	1,90,461	15,084	7·9	2,12,488	18,261	8·5
Bankura ...	48,326	9,259	19·1	50,408	9,260	18·3
Birbhum ...	50,291	8,243	16·3	54,691	8,466	15·2
Midnapore ...	1,49,772	16,908	11·2	1,29,101	16,536	12·4
Hooghly ...	1,18,519	16,454	13·8	1,22,960	17,454	14·1
Howrah ...	32,260	5,061	15 6	32,949	5,133	15·5
24-Parganas ...	1,97,649	20,654	10·9	2,12,031	17,810	8·4
Khulna ...	61,868	9,788	15·8	68,712	8,976	13
Nadia ...	46,187	11,071	23·9	59,645	13,284	22·2
Jessore ...	1,05,893	17,223	16·2	1,09,261	18,248	16·6
Murshidabad ...	61,176	11,245	18·3	63,677	12,350	19·3
Dinajpur ...	1,33,449	14,886	11·1	1,37,072	14,463	11·8
Rajshahi ...	60,606	12,831	21·1	74,575	13,765	18·4
Rangpur ...	1,21,665	17,332	14·2	1,28,920	18,171	14·2
Bogra ...	26 599	3,729	14·0	43,695	6,681	15·2
Pabna ...	51,090	8,285	16·2	52,397	8,185	15·8
Jalpaiguri ...	1,16,098	11,510	9·9	1,32,685	13,216	11·2
Dacca ...	72,789	9,607	13·1	1,33,368	10,858	8·1
Faridpur ...	43,811	8,102	18·7	87,098	9,337	10·7
Backergunge ...	1,01,909	12,816	12·5	98,228	13,684	13·9
Mymensingh ...	2,02,589	20,583	10·1	2,05,14	21,281	10·3
Tippera ...	1,21,838	12,747	10·4	64,510	11,956	18·5
Noakhali ...	82,342	11,291	13·7	1,18,287	10,872	9·1
Chittagong ...	2,24,482	16,150	7·1	1,16,283	20,591	17·7
Patna ...	1,89,547	24,095	12·7	2,13,826	25,966	13·1
Gaya ...	2,22,881	31,920	14·3	2,00,032	31,082	15·5
Shahabad ...	1,57,285	20,528	13·0	1,42,447	21,988	15·6
Darbhanga ...	1,57,463	32,157	20·4	2,22,981	32,112	14·5
Muzaffarpur ...	1,58,556	23,540	14·8	1,79,982	26,022	14·4
Saran ...	1,03,485	25,022	24·1	1,21,911	25,653	21·0
Champaran ...	78,105	15,488	19·7	78,045	15,285	19·5
Monghyr ...	1,27,181	20,530	16·1	1,16,216	20,902	17·9
Bhagalpur ...	1,25,252	23,398	18·6	2,11,059	25,552	12·1
Purnea ...	1,19,403	18,135	15·1	1,29,577	19,658	15·9
Malda ...	31,283	7,137	22·8	33,022	7,221	21·8
Cuttack ...	71,012	10,450	14·7	49,297	10,498	21·2
Balasore ...	34,571	5,080	14·5	49,076	5,025	10·2
Puri ...	45,705	6,164	13·4	33,091	6,397	19·3
Total ...	40,43,238	5,64,463	13·9	42,88,747	5,92,197	14·9

In four districts, viz., Cuttack, Malda, Nadia, and Saran, the percentage exceeded the limit prescribed in the second proviso of section 33 of the Act. In Malda and Saran the excess is said to be due to the fact that the expenditure on Public Works fell short of the budget allotment, and in Cuttack to the non-payment of the bills of contractors that fell due during the year: no explanation is given of the excess in Nadia. In Saran, Nadia, and Malda this provision of the law was similarly neglected in the year 1891-92: the Lieutenant-Governor trusts that early steps will be taken in these districts to curtail the expenditure under this head. It was highest in Nadia (22·2), and lowest in Dacca (8·1). As compared with the previous year, there was an increase in the cost of the establishment in 28 out of 38 districts, viz., Burdwan, Bankura, Birbhum, Hooghly, Howrah, Nadia, Jessore, Murshidabad, Rajshahi, Rangpur, Bogra, Jalpaiguri, Dacca, Faridpur, Backergunge, Mymensingh, Chittagong, Patna, Gaya, Shahabad, Muzaffarpur, Saran, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Purnea, Malda, Cuttack, and Puri. In the remaining 10 districts, viz., Midnapore, 24-Parganas, Khulna, Dinajpur, Pabna, Tippera, Noakhali, Darbhanga, Champaran, and Balasore, there was a decrease, but in most instances it was little more than nominal. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with

the Commissioner of the Presidency Division that "expenditure on salaries is a matter in regard to which local bodies require very strict control."

59. *Drainage.*—In Murshidabad Rs. 484 were spent in clearing and repairing two drainage channels aggregating 8½ miles in length. In Noakhali the expenditure on drainage works during the year was Rs. 3,756. The deepening and improving of two important drainage channels —the Duadpur *khal* and the drain from Gangapur to the Megna river—were begun but not completed. The drains by the sides of Begumganj-Lukhipur and some other roads were improved, and the obstructions to the passage of water removed. The Rangpur drain was maintained at a cost of Rs. 2,026 during the year; and a sum of Rs. 506 was spent in cutting a channel at Kurigram by the side of the railway. The Dinajpur District Board spent Rs. 2,502 in the improvement of drains during the year. In the district of Jalpaiguri Rs. 1,585 were expended in carrying out a drainage project at Alipur civil station. This amount was received as a contribution from the Duars Improvement Fund, which is at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioner of the district. The total expenditure under the head amounted only to Rs. 10,783. There is no doubt that very much remains to be done in this direction in many parts of the province, and it is to be hoped that the Bill now before the Bengal Legislative Council will turn the attention of District Boards to the necessity of drainage schemes and will facilitate the execution of them as soon as it passes into law.

60. *General remarks.*—The Lieutenant-Governor will conclude this review by reproducing the observations recorded by Commissioners of Divisions in their reports on the working of District and Local Boards during the year.

The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division (Mr. Power) writes:—

It seems that, while individual members render great assistance to the executive, District and Local Boards, as bodies, have not yet advanced beyond the initial stage of their existence, in which they figure as potential means of educating the public into a desire for local self-government; their poverty precludes them from exercising any very deep influence on the administration. Such needful things as can be done with the funds at their command are now done with their concurrence. The same things would formerly have been done by the executive authorities acting on less formally expressed incentive: there is no room for much difference of opinion. In the Annual General Administration Report I quoted, with approval, Mr. Duke's remarks on this subject. They will bear repetition, and are reproduced here:—

"It would be unjust and ungrateful to complain of apathy in the members, for I found them on all occasions most willing to assist me, and anxious that business should be efficiently conducted, but at the same time I think there is an underlying sense that there is very little for the members to do. The Board, in fact, is so poor, its wants are so much beyond its income, that there is never anything new or popular to be done; and I think that after a certain experience of this damping fact, members come to feel that, where the income has obviously to be spent on only the most necessary and peremptory requirements, there is very little room for discussion, and most things may be left in the hands of the executive."

The Commissioner of the Presidency Division (Mr. Westmacott) remarks:—

The District Boards have on the whole worked well as deliberative bodies. The Local Boards have a restricted scope for their activity, and have not displayed much energy. I agree with the remarks made by Mr. Beames in last year's report that, if local self-government means administration of the affairs of a locality by the principal residents thereof, elected by the rate-payers and watched by them, then we can hardly be said to have got local self-government at all yet. The principal and certainly the most active members of these Boards are for the most part pleaders who are not natives of the district, and are no better able to judge of local requirements than the Magistrates and Deputy Magistrates. Until the leading residents of a place come forward to take seats on the Board, the movement can only be said to have substituted one class of government by outsiders for another. When I took charge of the division in March last, I had had nothing to do with its administration for eighteen months, and I hesitate to give a decided opinion on the working of District Boards from what I have seen in less than five months. It appears to me, however, that, comparing the enormous funds now at the disposal of the Boards with the pittances placed at the disposal of Magistrates in the old Ferry Fund days, the roads and bridges not only do not show corresponding improvement, but are worse than they used to be.

The Commissioner of the Rajshahi Division (Mr. Nolan) observes as follows:—

I am of opinion that the work of the District Boards showed signs of improvement during the year. Its quality depends greatly on the efficiency of the District Magistrate, who is the Chairman. In Pabna the system is less successful than elsewhere, because, by delegating almost all power to Local Boards, the advantage of the Chairman's direction has been lost. I think it a mistake that Subdivisional Magistrates, whose official tours enable them to

know the country, are not appointed members of the Local Boards. For the direction of primary education it seems to me that the Boards do not form an efficient agency. They are, I think, in this respect inferior to the Education Committees they superseded, the members of which were specially selected for their interest in the department.

The Commissioner of Dacca (Mr. Luttman-Johnson) states:—

In my Annual General Administration Report I have made the following remarks:—

"Most of the members of the Dacca Board continued to take considerable interest in the questions which came before them for consideration. The Faridpur Board worked satisfactorily and smoothly. The Local Boards have no funds of their own, and are rarely allowed for expenditure more than a small percentage of the amount they contribute to the District Funds. Under these circumstances, that in Dacca members take some interest in the transaction of business is very satisfactory, while the statement that in Faridpur they are a failure can hardly cause surprise. In Backergunge the members of both District and Local Boards have taken great interest in their work, and steady progress has been the result in Sanitation, Communications, and Education. The Mymensingh District Board is far the most helpful body Mr. Earle has ever presided over. The members take the keenest interest in the Board's affairs. The Local Boards in this district carried out their vicarious duties satisfactorily."

The Commissioner of Chittagong (Mr. Oldham) says:—

The Board have not to assess revenue, and the methods of collecting it which they follow have been fully tried and are administered by officers trained to work like this on a large scale. Free as they are from these two difficult branches of public duty, the Boards have worked judiciously and efficiently, and have been careful as well as effective disbursers of the funds which they administer.

The Commissioner of the Patna Division (Mr. Forbes) records his opinion in the following words:—

The general working of the District Boards during the year continued to be satisfactory and harmonious. I noticed in my last report the unquestionable value of the District Boards as consultative bodies, and the useful part also occasionally taken in certain executive matters by the various sub-committees. Many of the members who sit on these committees take a decided interest in their duties and transact well and conscientiously a considerable amount of public business. The Local Boards with official Chairmen are again reported to have worked better than those with non-official Chairmen.

The Commissioner of Bhagalpur (Mr. Quinn) makes the following observations:—

The work of the Boards generally throughout the Division has, I think, been carried on with a very fair degree of efficiency during the past year, though the proportion of members who take a practical interest in the administration of the funds and the execution of the works is still small. The members generally, however, deserve credit for the support which they have given to the executive. The standing committees have done good service, and individual members, notably General Murray, Vice-Chairman of the Monghyr Board, and Rai Surja Narain Singh Bahadur, Vice-Chairman of the Bhagalpur Board, have rendered efficient aid to the Chairman, and have relieved him of much of the work of general management and control. As regards Local Boards, the work is for the most part left in the hands of the Chairman, and the members as a rule give little assistance, with the exception of the European planters, who render good service in superintending the repairs of village roads. In the matter of primary education, the Local Boards take little real interest, and I have always thought it a mistake to entrust them with the administration of the grant for this purpose.

The Officiating Commissioner of Orissa (Mr. Cooke) has not recorded any opinion, but has forwarded the following extracts from the reports of the District Officers:—

Mr. Cornish, the Chairman of the Balasore District Board, writes—"The general working of the Board has been most satisfactory. The attendance is as good as can be expected, considering that all the members are busy men, and some live at a considerable distance from the sadar and sub-divisional head-quarters. The various sub-committees discharged most useful functions in preparing materials for the consideration of the general meetings. There has been no friction or obstruction of any kind. Party spirit, which rages outside, never enters our committee room. Both Local Boards worked most loyally, though, as usual, the Bhadrak Board did little more than register the decisions of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman."

Mr. Walsh, the Chairman of the Puri District Board, makes the following remarks:—"I must note the same general want of interest on the part of the members as was noted in last year's report. The present Vice-Chairman, Babu Harish Chandra Ghose, who is a local pleader, takes considerable interest in the work and devotes as much time as he can spare to it, but this general interest is not felt by the other members, as is shown by the small percentage of attendance at the meetings which has been noticed above, and the entire absence of any undertaking or resolution brought forward by the members other than the Chairman. The duties of the Local Boards of Puri and Khurda have been almost nominal, but on account of the redistribution of work that has been already alluded to, they will have more to occupy them during the current year. There has been an absence of friction or obstruction of any

sort, and the meetings have passed off amicably. I cannot say that the greater part of the members show any interest in the power bestowed on them of local self-government."

61. The Lieutenant-Governor has nothing fresh to say regarding the results of the administration of local affairs by District Boards. The machinery has worked smoothly for the most part. Progress has been made in the extension of medical relief, though little or nothing is being done to touch, by drainage schemes, the seats of malarial fever. Sanitation is neglected: this, however, is a matter in respect of which only very slow and gradual improvement should be desired. The advancement of primary education still demands careful attention. There is scope for further improvement in the expenditure on communications. Better results might be obtained in most districts with a more judicious distribution of the available funds. In the Patna Division, for instance, the general tendency is to spend too much on communications, and to neglect education, while in the Burdwan, Presidency, Dacca, Rajshahi and Orissa Divisions, a reduction in the expenditure on higher education and a greater liberality in providing for medical requirements is undoubtedly necessary. In those districts in which the ordinary means of communication is by boat, far more benefit will accrue by improving the waterways than from heavy outlay on banked and bridged roads. The Lieutenant-Governor does not wish to imply that money is spent where it is not required, but when funds are limited, it is necessary to consider not only whether expenditure on a particular object is in itself beneficial, but also whether there is not some other work calling more urgently for execution. No great achievement has marked the east twelve months and no new policy has been inaugurated, but His Honour is gratified to think that the year has been one of that uneventful progress which leads to the goal of order and good government.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORM No. I(a).

Statement showing the Constitution of the District Boards in Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1893.

Serial number.	Name of District Board.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	Number of Members. Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Natives.	Number of meetings held.	Number of meetings proved abortive for want of a quorum or adjourned.	Average attendance at each meeting. Official's.	Non-officials.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14(a)	14(b)	15	16	17
	BURDWAN DIVISION.																
1	Burdwan	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	2,669	1,322,108	4	6	9	19	6	13	4	15	18	......	4·2	6·1	10·3
2	Bankura	Ditto ...	2,621	1,019,273	4	4	7	15	5	10	3	12	12	2	3·1	4·4	7·5
3	Birbhum	Ditto ...	1,756	790,332	4	3	6	13	4	9	3	10	18	3	2·61	3·55	6·16
4	Midnapore ...	Ditto ...	5,082	2,631,516	5	8	12	25	7	18	6	19	14	......	3·64	10·36	14
5	Hooghly	Ditto ...	1,191	953,415	6	8	13	27	7	20	2	25	14	1	3·6	8·3	11·9
	Howrah	Ditto ...	465	587,905	3	3	5	11	4	7	2	9	13	......	2·9	3·9	6·8
	Total ...	...	13,784	7,304,569	26	32	52	110	33	77	20	90	89	6	3·34	6·1	9·44
	PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																
1	24-Parganas ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,983	1,537,562	5	8	12	25	7	18	1	24	12	...	3·64	9·36	13
2	Khulna ...	Ditto ...	2,077	1,177,652	4	5	8	17	4	13	1	16	15	...	1·80	6·66	8·46
3	Nadia ...	Ditto ...	2,794	1,644,108	6	5	10	21	6	15	3	18	13	1	2·61	8·30	10·91
4	Jessore ...	Ditto ...	2,925	1,888,827	7	6	12	25	8	17	6	19	16	8	5·12	5·25	10·37
5	Murshidabad ...	Ditto ...	2,098	1,250,946	5	5	10	20	5	15	8	12	18	6	3·	4·	7·
	Total ...	...	11,877	7,499,095	27	29	52	108	30	78	19	89	74	15	3·23	6·71	9·94
	RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																
1	Dinajpur	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	4,113	1,543,631	5	17	...	22	8	14	3	19	24	6	2·39	4·55	6·9
2	Rajshahi	Ditto ...	2,330	1,313,336	4	7	10	21	6	15	6	15	13	...	2·15	8·15	10·3
3	Rangpur	Ditto ...	3,478	2,051,154	3	8	10	21	4	17	1	20	20	3	2·17	8·88	11·0
4	Bogra	Ditto ...	1,449	806,924	3	13	...	16	5	11	2	14	22	1	2·8	6·85	9·6
5	Pabna	Ditto ...	1,839	1,322,639	4	4	8	16	4	12	2	14	19	2	2·47	5·7	8·1
6	Jalpaiguri ...	Ditto ...	2,881	681,352	6	11	...	17	9	8	7	10	23	7	4·33	1·17	6·1
	Total ...	......	16,090	7,719,036	25	60	28	113	36	77	21	92	121	19	2·72	5·88	8·6
	DACCA DIVISION.																
1	Dacca	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	2,790	2,320,620	6	9	14	29	10	19	3	26	16	4	4·0	7·9	11·9
2	Faridpur	Ditto ...	2,267	1,772,774	4	9	12	25	9	16	1	24	15	1	4·4	4·6	12·6
3	Backergunge ...	Ditto ...	3,632	2,117,312	4	9	12	25	7	18	4	21	19	6	3·3	11·1	14·4
4	Mymensingh ...	Ditto ...	6,267	3,378,395	3	10	12	25	5	20	3	22	20	5	2·2	8·9	11·1
	Total ...	......	14,956	9,589,101	17	37	50	104	31	73	11	93	70	16	3·5	8·9	12·4
	CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																
1	Tippera	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	2,491	1,782,935	4	6	9	19	5	14	4	15	16	2	2·7	9·8	12·5
2	Noakhali	Ditto ...	1,645	1,009,794	6	7	...	13	6	7	...	13	18	1	4·44	3·72	8·16
3	Chittagong ...	Ditto ...	2,505	1,290,167	7	12	...	19	7	12	7	12	13	......	4·15	6·85	11·
	Total ...	......	6,641	4,082,896	17	25	9	51	18	33	11	40	47	3	3·76	6·79	10·55
	PATNA DIVISION.																
1	Patna	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	2,045	1,496,970	6	7	12	25	11	14	4	21	12	1	5·2	7·1	12·3
2	Gaya	Ditto ...	4,699	2,036,565	2	9	10	21	7	14	4	17	21	4	2·8	6·8	9·6
3	Shahabad	Ditto ...	4,403	1,937,138	5	8	12	25	10	15	8	17	13	1	2·07	8·08	10·15
4	Darbhanga ...	Ditto ...	3,331	2,700,116	6	7	12	25	6	19	15	10	14	2	1·7	7	8·7
5	Muzaffarpur ...	Ditto ...	2,982	2,020,205	1	9	9	19	7	12	11	8	15	2	3·4	4·3	7·7
6	Saran	Ditto ...	2,610	2,378,943	8	23	...	31	12	19	18	13	12	1	5·3	9·0	14·3
7	Champaran ...	Ditto ...	3,515	1,823,577	5	12	...	17	5	12	11	6	19	7	2·63	3·84	6·47
	Total ...	......	23,585	14,993,514	33	75	55	163	58	105	71	92	106	18	3·2	6·58	9·78
	BHAGALPUR DIVISION.																
1	Monghyr	Act III (B.C.) of 1885	3,922	1,951,536	5	8	12	25	7	18	8	17	12	...	2·4	8·4	10·8
2	Bhagalpur ...	Ditto ...	4,218	1,958,445	3	13	15	31	5	26	4	27	18	6	1·7	7·9	9·6
3	Purnea	Ditto ...	4,870	1,921,637	2	11	12	25	4	21	9	16	14	3	1·43	7·28	8·71
4	Malda	Ditto ...	1,898	794,839	3	10	...	13	4	9	5	8	18	5	2·67	2·16	4·83
	Total ...	......	14,908	6,626,457	13	42	39	94	20	74	26	68	62	14	2·05	6·43	8·48
	ORISSA DIVISION.																
1	Cuttack	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	3,618	1,860,846	6	5	10	21	9	12	5	16	21	19	1·7	4·5	6·2
2	Balasore	Ditto ...	2,060	973,850	3	5	8	16	7	9	5	11	14	...	3·29	4·79	8·08
3	Puri	Ditto ...	2,476	916,204	3	4	6	13	5	8	3	10	20	4	1·6	3	4·6
	Total ...	......	8,154	3,750,900	12	14	24	50	21	29	13	37	55	23	2·20	4·09	6·29
	GRAND TOTAL ...	......	109,095	61,565,608	170	314	309	793	247	546	192	601	624	114	3	6·43	9·43

Form No. I(b).

Statement showing the constitution of the Local Boards in Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1893.

Serial number.	Name of Local Board.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	Number of Members. *Ex-officio.*	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Natives.	Number of meetings held.	Number of meetings proved abortive for want of a quorum or adjourned.	Average attendance at each meeting. Officials.	Non-officials.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14(a)	14(b)	15	16	17
	Burdwan Division.																
	Burdwan.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,230	585,391	...	6	9	15	3	12	...	15	9	......	1·3	6·7	8
2	Katwa	Ditto ...	347	218,384	...	6	6	9	1	8	...	9	8	1	......	3·5	8·5
3	Kalna	Ditto ...	428	221,832	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	10	3	......	3·7	3·7
4	Raniganj	Ditto ...	664	236,501	...	6	4	10	1	9	2	8	11	2	·45	3·8	4·25
	Bankura.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,921	673,614	...	5	7	12	...	12	..	12	15	5	......	4·6	4·6
2	Vishnupur ...	Ditto ...	700	345,659	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	4	......	...	4·6	4·6
	Birbhum.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,087	462,748	..	6	5	11	1	10	...	11	18	3	·47	2·73	3·2
2	Rampur Hat ...	Ditto ...	669	327,604	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	13	3	......	4·3	4·3
	Midnapore.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	3,206	1,265,778	3	9	24	36	7	29	4	32	4	2	1	5·25	6·25
2	Tamluk	Ditto ...	620	492,428	1	5	12	18	2	16	...	18	6	1	·5	7·33	7·83
3	Ghatal	Ditto ...	317	327,902	...	6	12	18	4	14	...	18	11	......	1·4	4·2	5·6
4	Contai	Ditto ...	849	545,408		4	14	21	4	17	1	20	11	3	1	5·6	6·6
	Hooghly.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	428	270,271	1	6	8	15	2	13	...	15	11	1	1	7·8	8·8
2	Serampore ...	Ditto ...	328	324,363	2	6	8	16	2	14	1	15	9	1	·6	6·8	7·4
3	Jahanabad	Ditto ...	435	358,781	2	2	6	10	2	8	...	10	10	1	1	4·9	5·9
	Howrah.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	303	354,915	...	3	6	9	2	7	...	9	9	......	·66	3·81	4·47
2	Uluberia	Ditto ...	162	232,290	...	5	7	12	1	11	...	12	6	1	·9	4·8	5·7
	Total ...	......	13,784	7,304,559	12	81	146	239	32	207	8	231	165	27	·60	4·98	5·57
	Presidency Division.																
	24-Parganas.																
1	Alipore	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	802	531,502	...	6	9	15	3	12	...	15	8	1	2·05	5·78	7·8
2	Diamond Harbour	Ditto ...	417	422,883	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	7	...	......	7·0	7·0
3	Barasat	Ditto ...	370	212,328	...	3	6	9	2	7	...	9	10	...	1·	4·36	5·36
4	Basirhat	Ditto ...	329	314,319	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	3	...	......	6·6	6·6
5	Barrackpore ...	Ditto ...	21	13,839	1	3	3	7	3	4	1	6	3	...	3·	2·0	5·0
6	Dum-Dum ...	Ditto ...	44	32,472	1	2	4	7	2	5	1	6	8	...	1·	3·8	4·8
	Khulna.																
1	Khulna	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	696	379,251	1	3	8	12	1	11	...	12	7	...	2·30	5·30	7·60
2	Bagerhat	Ditto ...	679	340,359	...	5	7	12	1	11	...	12	6	...	·83	5·83	6·66
3	Satkhira	Ditto ...	702	437,842	...	5	10	15	...	15	...	15	5	...	......	6·80	6·80
	Nadia.																
1	Krishnagar ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	758	383,540	...	4	8	12	2	10	2	10	15	4	·53	4·47	5·00
2	Meherpur ...	Ditto ...	1,069	582,738	...	4	8	12	...	12	1	11	11	7	......	4·20	4·20
3	Kushtia	Ditto ...	558	519,437	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	10	3	...	4·20	4·20
4	Ranaghat ...	Ditto ...	421	241,235	1	3	6	10	1	9	...	10	11	2	......	4·	4·00
	Jessore.																
1	Jessore	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	889	594,835	...	9	9	18	2	16	1	17	16	3	2·6	3·4	6·
2	Bangaon	Ditto ...	619	311,973	...	6	10	16	2	14	...	16	18	3	......	5·5	5·5
3	Jhenidah	Ditto ...	475	330,204	...	3	6	9	1	8	1	8	11	...	·18	3·17	3·35
4	Narail	Ditto ...	487	303,281	...	4	5	9	..	9	...	9	9	...	......	4·5	4·5
5	Magura	Ditto ...	425	348,537	...	3	6	9	...	9	1	8	13	1	......	4·	4·
	Murshidabad.																
1	Berhampore ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	974	454,919	...	10	5	15	...	15	2	13	9	3	......	5·3	5·3
2	Kandi	Ditto ...	530	449,424	...	5	9	14	1	13	...	14	12	4	1·	4·16	5·16
3	Jangipur	Ditto ...	594	346,603	...	4	9	13	...	13	1	12	9	1	.. ..	10·6	10·6
	Total ...	......	11,890	7,601,310	4	92	148	244	21	223	11	233	201	32	·69	4·90	5·68

Serial number.	Name of Local Board.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	Number of Members. Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Natives.	Number of meetings held.	Number of meetings proved abortive for want of a quorum or adjourned.	Average attendance at each meeting. Officials.	Non-officials.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14(a)	14(b)	15	16	17
	RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																
	Rajshahi.																
1	Boalia	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	909	571,573	...	5	10	15	1	14	1	14	5	3	·12	4·28	4·5
2	Nator	Ditto ...	818	441,511	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	6	...	......	4·8	4·8
3	Naugoan	Ditto ...	603	298,247	1	3	6	10	3	7	...	10	6	...	1·83	3	4·83
	Rangpur.																
1	Rangpur	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,133	632,068	1	11	...	12	1	11	...	12	11	3	·63	3·37	4·00
2	Gaibanda	Ditto ...	760	463,611	1	6	...	7	1	6	...	7	7	...	·71	2·57	3·28
3	Kurigram	Ditto ...	93[illegible]	607,711	1	6	...	7	1	6	...	7	9	3	·66	3·00	3·66
4	Nilphamari ...	Ditto ...	648	447,764	1	6	...	7	1	6	...	7	15	3	·60	2·66	3·26
	Pabna.																
1	Pabna	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	882	584,002	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	15	3	·3	10·4	10·7
2	Sirajganj	Ditto ...	957	738,637	...	4	8	12	2	10	1	11	16	3	1·23	4·53	5·76
	Total ...	...	7,647	4,687,124	5	49	40	94	10	84	2	92	90	18	·67	4·30	4·97
	DACCA DIVISION.																
	Dacca.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,261	735,557	...	6	6	12	...	12	...	12	7	...	......	6·1	6·1
2	Naraingunj ...	Ditto ...	640	541,942	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	8	...	......	5·3	5·3
3	Munshiganj ...	Ditto ...	401	599,596	...	5	10	15	1	14	...	15	5	...	......	8·8	8·8
4	Manikganj ...	Ditto ...	488	443,525	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	6	...	......	5·5	5·3
	Faridpur.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	860	655,648	1	4	7	12	4	8	...	12	12	1	1·2	4·2	5·5
2	Goalundo	Ditto ...	428	350,451	...	3	6	9	...	9	...	9	7	2	......	5·1	5·1
3	Madaripur	Ditto ...	979	766,675	...	4	8	12	1	11	...	12	15	2	·4	5·4	5·8
	Backergunge.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,101	859,655	...	6	12	18	2	16	1	17	19	5	·6	7·3	7·9
2	Pirojpur	Ditto ...	689	607,357	1	5	10	16	4	12	...	16	11	1	1·3	7·3	8·6
3	Patuakhali ...	Ditto ...	1,227	491,850	...	10	...	10	3	7	...	10	7	...	2·3	3·1	5·4
4	Bhola	Ditto ...	615	258,450	...	10	...	10	4	6	1	9	6	...	1·3	4	5·2
	Mymensingh.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,849	836,542	1	4	10	15	2	13	1	14	14	2	·6	5·1	5·7
2	Tangail	Ditto ...	1,041	841,502	...	4	8	12	1	11	...	12	12	...	·6	4·9	5·5
3	Kishoreganj ...	Ditto ...	744	503,215	...	5	10	15	1	14	...	15	12	1	·7	6·2	6·9
4	Jamalpur	Ditto ...	1,244	553,610	...	7	1	8	1	7	1	7	13	5	·8	4	4·8
5	Netrokona ...	Ditto ...	1,389	643,526	...	5	8	13	1	12	1	12	12	1	1	6	7
	Total ...	...	14,956	9,589,101	3	84	108	195	25	170	5	190	166	20	·6	5·5	6·1
	CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																
1	Comilla (Tippera).	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,142	821,285	...	12	...	12	...	12	...	12	6	...	......	7	7
2	Brahmanbaria ...	Ditto ...	769	590,097	...	9	...	9	2	7	...	9	6	...	1·5	3·6	5·1
3	Chandpur	Ditto ...	580	371,553	...	6	...	6	3	3	...	6	9	1	1·4	2·6	4
	Total ...	...	2,491	1,782,935	...	27	...	27	5	22	...	27	21	1	·9	4·4	5·3
	PATNA DIVISION.																
	Patna.																
1	Patna	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	598	417,287	...	4	8	12	...	12	...	12	9	1	......	4·7	4·7
2	Dinapore	Ditto ...	138	122,841	...	3	6	9	...	9	1	8	8	...	·6	4·8	5·4
3	Barh	Ditto ...	524	395,893	...	8	1	9	1	8	...	9	13	5	......	2·8	2·8
4	Bihar	Ditto ...	785	560,949	...	3	8	11	1	10	...	11	9	1	·5	4·3	4·8
	Gaya.																
1	Gaya	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,897½	740,527	1	8	...	9	1	8	1	8	11	1	......	3·63	3·63
2	Nawadah	Ditto ...	955	439,565	...	7	...	7	1	6	...	7	10	...	·4	3·5	3·9
3	Jahanabad ...	Ditto ...	606	393,817	...	7	...	7	2	5	1	6	12	2	1·5	1·58	3·08
4	Aurangabad ...	Ditto ...	1,241	462,656	...	7	...	7	1	6	...	7	8	3	1·00	2·00	3·00
	Shahabad.																
1	Arrah	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	998	687,550	1	19	...	20	1	19	3	17	14	6	......	5·9	5·9
2	Buxar	Ditto ...	624	434,259	2	13	...	15	3	12	2	13	15	7	·2	4	4·2
3	Bhabhua	Ditto ...	1,027	334,686	...	9	...	9	1	8	...	9	11	4	1·36	3·09	4·45
4	Sasaram	Ditto ...	1,754	510,643	...	21	...	21	2	19	1	20	6	3	·33	4·5	4·8

Serial number.	Name of Local Board.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	Number of Members.								Number of meetings held.	Number of meetings proved abortive for want of quorum or adjourned.	Average attendance at each meeting.		
					Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Natives.			Officials.	Non-official.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14(a)	14(b)	15	16	17
	PATNA DIVISION.—concld.																
	Darbhanga.																
1	Darbhanga ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,221	964,347	...	10	...	10	...	10	4	6	14	2	......	3·78	3·78
2	Madhubani ...	Ditto ...	1,347	997,115	2	8	...	10	3	7	4	6	9	3	1·88	3·12	5
3	Samastipur ...	Ditto ...	763	738,624	...	9	...	9	1	8	5	4	10	...	·7	4·3	5
	Muzaffarpur.																
1	Muzaffarpur ...	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,213	1,023,678	...	8	...	8	3	5	3	5	7	4	·6	1·7	2·3
2	Hajipur	Ditto ...	760	680,060	1	8	...	9	2	7	7	2	7	3	·9	2	2·9
3	Sitamarhi	Ditto ...	1,009	916,428	1	8	...	9	2	7	3	6	6	...	1·7	3·1	4·8
	Saran.																
1	Chapra	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	990	961,284	2	14	...	16	2	14	10	6	8	2	1·1	4·4	5·5
2	Siwan	Ditto ...	849	783,029	1	8	...	9	2	7	5	4	13	3	1·3	2·7	4·0
3	Gopalganj	Ditto ...	771	634,630	2	5	...	7	2	5	2	5	8	...	1·3	2·5	3·8
	Total ...	......	20,070	13,169,937	13	187	23	224	31	192	52	171	208	50	·73	3·45	4·18
	BHAGALPUR DIVISION.																
	Monghyr.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,560	788,741	...	12	...	12	...	12	3	9	10	2	......	4·4	4·4
2	Begusarai	Ditto ...	769	618,197	...	13	...	13	1	12	6	7	14	3	1	4	5
3	Jamui	Ditto ...	1,593	544,598	1	12	...	13	2	11	...	13	12	5	1·6	3	4·6
	Bhagalpur.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	926	478,028	...	13	...	13	...	13	...	13	16	4	......	4·3	4·3
2	Banka	Ditto ...	1,185	423,350	...	13	...	13	1	12	...	13	12	1	1	5·	6
3	Madhipura ...	Ditto ...	909	412,497	...	13	...	13	1	12	2	11	12	7	·9	2·5	3·4
4	Supaul	Ditto ...	1,198	644,570	...	15	...	15	2	13	1	14	16	5	1·8	2·7	4·5
	Purnea.																
1	Sadar	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	2,522	846,639	...	12	...	12	...	12	5	7	13	7	......	4·5	4·5
2	Kishanganj ...	Ditto ...	1,304	642,573	...	13	...	13	1	12	...	13	10	3	·8	4·	4·8
3	Araria	Ditto ...	1,944	432,425	...	13	...	13	2	11	...	13	11	...	1·54	5·54	7·08
	Total ...	......	13,010	5,831,618	1	129	...	130	10	120	17	113	126	37	·86	3·99	4·85
	ORISSA DIVISION.																
	Cuttack.																
1	Cuttack	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,519	934,805	3	12	...	15		11	2	13	16	6	1	5·5	6·
2	Kendrapara ...	Ditto ...	1,000	412,123	1	12	...	13	3	10	3	10	13	...	1·6	5·2	6·8
3	Jajpur... ...	Ditto ...	1,099	513,918	1	12	...	13	3	10	...	13	12	2	1·4	4·2	5·6
	Balasore.																
1	Balasore	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,152	526,068	1	11	...	12	1	11	2	10	11	...	·9	4·9	5·8
2	Bhadrak	Ditto ...	908	447,782	...	11	...	11	2	9	1	10	13	4	1·2	4	5·2
	Puri.																
1	Puri	Act III (B.C.) of 1885.	1,527	584,781	1	7	...	8	3	5	...	8	2	...	1·5	3	4·5
2	Khurda	Ditto ...	943	331,423	...	6	...	6	2	4	1	5	4	...	1	2·2	3·2
	Total ...	......	8,148	3,750,900	7	71	...	78	18	60	9	69	71	12	1·2	4·1	5·3
	GRAND TOTAL ...	.....	92,065	53,717,494	45	720	465	1,230	152	1,078	104	1,126	1,048	197	·77	4·46	5·24

Statement showing the income of the District Boar

Serial number of District Board.	Name of District Board.	Closing balance of last year.	I.—LAND REVENUE.					VI.—PROVINCIAL RATES.					XII.—INTEREST.			XIII.—POST OFFICE.			XV…
			Revenue due to canals.	Sale proceeds of trees, grass, &c.	Cost of collecting road-cess arrears recovered.	Fees, fines and forfeitures.	Total.	Local rate.	Patwari cess.	Village service fund.	Interest on arrears of road cess.	Total.	On education securities.	On dispensary securities.	Total.	Mail cart receipts.	District post (collections).	Total.	Receipts under Cattle-trespass
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
	BURDWAN DIVISION.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Burdwan	35,078	...	...	...	...	...	1,14,025	...	...	3,325	1,18,350	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Bankura	18,397	...	...	...	...	...	34,405	...	...	819	35,224	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Birbhum	20,396	...	...	...	...	...	50,198	...	...	153	50,351	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Midnapore	49,052	...	18	...	...	18	1,22,364	...	...	1,529	1,23,893	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Hooghly	43,191	...	...	...	...	...	73,482	...	...	2,113	75,595	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Howrah	13,567	...	...	...	...	...	42,858	...	...	...	42,858	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,80,581	...	18	...	...	18	4,38,232	...	...	7,939	4,46,171	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																		
1	24-Parganas	1,07,341	...	719	...	...	719	1,09,864	...	...	...	1,09,864	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Khulna	20,584	...	11	...	...	11	61,362	...	...	...	61,362	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Nadia	15,578	...	...	...	...	...	58,021	...	...	...	58,021	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Jessore	28,436	...	...	...	...	...	81,416	...	...	...	81,416	...	12	12	...	...	...	
5	Murshidabad	12,972	...	...	...	...	...	62,944	...	...	...	62,944	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,84,911	...	730	...	...	730	3,73,607	...	...	...	3,73,607	...	12	12	...	...	...	
	RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																		
1	Dinajpur	44,542	...	29	490	593	1,112	91,146	...	...	248	91,394	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Rajshahi	17,317	...	95	737	...	832	67,001	...	...	483	67,484	4	...	4	...	...	...	
3	Rangpur	29,083	...	223	...	...	223	1,22,917	...	...	555	1,23,472	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Bogra	58,963	...	33	...	...	34	43,004	...	...	...	43,004	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Pabna	22,496	...	22	2,384	5,963	8,369	42,962	...	...	170	43,132	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Jalpaiguri	4,564	...	...	...	...	...	53,905	...	...	146	54,051	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,76,905	...	402	3,611	6,556	10,569	4,20,935	...	...	1,602	4,22,537	4	...	4	...	...	...	
	DACCA DIVISION.																		
1	Dacca	45,146	...	76	2,890	...	2,966	70,206	...	...	375	70,581	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Faridpur	34,385	...	...	2,988	...	2,988	51,519	...	...	1,117	52,636	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Backergunge	45,842	...	...	3,848	...	3,848	91,303	...	...	593	91,896	...	40	40	...	...	...	
4	Mymensingh	27,348	...	32	1,995	...	2,027	1,65,067	...	...	677	1,65,744	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,52,721	...	108	11,721	...	11,829	3,78,095	...	...	2,762	3,80,857	...	40	40	...	...	...	
	CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																		
1	Tippera	17,034	...	1,582	1,289	847	3,718	1,03,280	...	...	1,128	1,04,408	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Noakhali	95,899	...	15	855	111	981	76,204	...	...	...	76,204	...	160	160	...	...	...	
3	Chittagong	46,252	13,741	452	4,307	457	18,957	77,521	...	...	442	77,963	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,59,185	13,741	2,049	6,451	1,415	23,656	2,57,005	...	...	1,570	2,58,575	...	160	160	...	...	...	
	PATNA DIVISION.																		
1	Patna	1,23,048	...	1,023	...	...	1,023	1,75,881	...	...	3,594	1,79,475	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Gaya	96,778	...	391	6,396	1,013	7,800	2,31,421	...	...	7,894	2,39,315	...	40	40	...	...	...	
3	Shahabad	1,24,751	...	240	...	...	240	1,70,701	...	...	1,313	1,72,014	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Darbhanga	34,135	...	...	...	...	...	1,77,198	...	...	2,413	1,79,611	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Muzaffarpur	38,088	...	728	1,009	...	1,737	2,12,680	...	...	3,512	2,16,192	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Saran	77,886	...	29	...	...	29	1,63,607	...	...	4,686	1,68,293	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Champaran	29,159	...	...	...	...	...	79,325	...	...	610	79,935	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	5,14,845	...	2,411	7,405	1,013	10,829	12,10,813	...	...	24,022	12,34,835	...	40	40	...	...	...	
	BHAGALPUR DIVISION.																		
1	Monghyr	20,413	...	320	5,099	...	5,419	1,45,302	...	...	1,248	1,46,550	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Bhagalpur	48,709	...	1,213	167	...	1,380	1,28,157	...	...	666	1,28,823	...	199	199	...	...	...	
3	Purnea	36,605	...	548	492	...	1,040	87,321	...	...	359	87,680	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Malda	31,158	...	609	...	...	609	26,525	...	...	32	26,557	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	1,36,885	...	2,690	5,758	...	8,448	3,87,305	...	...	2,305	3,89,610	...	199	199	...	...	...	
	ORISSA DIVISION.																		
1	Cuttack	42,111	...	170	...	...	170	54,200	...	...	1,487	55,687	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	Balasore	36,713	...	...	...	...	...	33,660	...	...	613	34,273	...	211	211	...	...	...	
3	Puri	8,305	...	...	...	...	...	31,210	...	...	314	31,524	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	87,129	...	170	...	...	170	1,19,070	...	...	2,414	1,21,484	...	211	211	...	...	...	
	GRAND TOTAL ...	15,93,162	13,741	8,578	34,946	8,984	66,492	35,85,062	...	...	42,614	36,27,676	4	662	666	...	...	...	

XIX.—EDUCATION. School fees. High schools.	Middle schools.	Primary schools.	Total.	Contributions.	Miscellaneous. Sale proceeds of books.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Total.	XX.—MEDICAL. Hospital and dispensary receipts.	Medicines sold by Civil Surgeons.	Income from Endowments.	Income from Contributions.	Miscellaneous. Sanitary fees and fines.	Other receipts.	Total.	Total.
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	1,362	...	1,362	73	...	172	172	1,607	...	...	...	240	...	...	...	240
...	782	...	782	149	...	183	183	1,114	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	910	...	910	31	...	121	121	1,062	...	...	9	165	...	15	15	189
...	1,857	...	1,857	756	...	1,565	1,565	4,178	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,622	...	1,622	269	...	257	257	2,148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,068	...	1,068	...	...	21	21	1,089	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	7,601	...	7,601	1,278	...	2,319	2,319	11,198	...	...	9	405	...	15	15	429
...	530	...	530	66	...	766	766	1,362	...	...	...	564	...	...	...	564
...	340	...	340	108	...	346	346	794	...	...	...	41	...	...	...	41
...	806	...	806	198	...	90	90	1,094	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	322	...	322	91	...	116	116	529	...	2	18	869	...	26	26	915
...	...	...	...	...	...	91	91	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,998	...	1,998	463	...	1,409	1,409	3,870	...	2	18	1,474	...	26	26	1,520
...	676	...	676	799	...	596	596	2,071	...	...	...	123	...	...	...	123
...	126	...	126	5	...	3	3	134	...	...	...	446	...	...	...	446
...	905	...	1,279	1,592	...	192	192	3,063	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,474	...	1,474	...	...	585	585	2,059	...	...	...	5,279	...	...	...	5,279
...	124	...	124	0	...	233	233	3,117	...	...	...	1,152	...	74	74	1,226
...	130	...	130	293	...	41	41	374	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	3,435	...	3,809	5,359	...	1,650	1,650	10,818	...	...	...	7,000	...	74	74	7,074
...	...	...	...	...	...	73	73	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	797	...	797	180	...	108	108	1,085	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,150	...	1,364	...	...	520	520	1,884	...	...	...	301	...	...	...	301
...	1,100	141	1,336	11,065	15	539	554	12,955	...	...	...	785	...	6	6	791
...	3,047	141	3,497	11,245	15	1,240	1,255	15,907	...	...	...	1,086	...	6	6	1,092
...	374	...	4,753	564	...	187	187	5,504	...	...	...	1,195	...	78	78	1,273
...	815	...	815	60	...	586	586	1,461	...	2	...	667	...	...	...	669
...	1,152	...	1,152	...	...	707	707	1,859	...	...	...	160	...	...	...	160
...	2,341	...	6,720	624	...	1,480	1,480	8,824	...	2	...	2,022	...	78	78	2,102
...	845	...	845	...	...	30	30	875	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	606	...	606	114	...	488	488	1,208	...	...	...	1,618	...	18	18	1,636
...	581	...	581	360	...	...	...	941	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	167	...	167	...	...	10	10	177	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	310	...	310	...	...	69	69	379	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	751	...	751	65	...	99	99	915	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	389	...	389	252	...	88	83	729	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	3,649	...	3,649	791	...	784	784	5,224	...	...	...	1,618	...	18	18	1,636
...	580	...	580	440	...	662	662	1,691	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	519	...	519	275	...	296	296	1,081	...	...	...	1,900	...	1	1	1,901
...	335	...	335	920	...	95	95	1,350	...	...	...	373	...	...	...	373
...	793	...	793	...	...	60	60	853	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2,227	...	2,227	1,635	...	1,113	1,113	4,975	...	...	...	2,273	...	1	1	2,274
...	408	40	448	380	...	60	60	888	...	...	...	225	...	2	2	227
...	38	...	38	600	...	153	153	791	...	...	...	741	...	...	...	741
...	174	...	174	...	...	2	2	176	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	620	40	660	980	...	215	215	1,855	...	...	...	966	...	2	2	968
...	24,918	181	30,161	22,375	15	10,210	10,225	62,761	...	4	27	16,344	...	220	220	17,095

XXI.—SCIENTIFIC AND OTHER MINOR DEPARTMENTS.									XXII.—RECEIPTS IN AID OF SUPERANNUATION AND COMPASSIONATE ALLOWANCES.	XXV.—MISCELLANEOUS.						XXVI.—RAILWAYS.	XXX.—IRRIGATION, MINOR WORKS AND NAVIGATION.
Botanical and other public garden receipts.	Veterinary receipts.	Receipts on account of experimental cultivation.	Public Exhibitions and Fairs.				Miscellaneous.	Total.	Contribution for pensions and gratuities.	Sale of old stores and materials.	Rents.			Miscellaneous, including fees, fines, and forfeitures, &c.	Total.	Gross receipts.	Local canal receipts.
			Horse fairs.	Cattle fairs.	Other exhibitions or fairs.	Total.					Staging bungalow fees.	Serai fees.	Total.				
39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	654	...	654	12,356	13,061	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	40	...	40	5,236	5,281	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	414	...	414	989	1,403	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	70	...	70	8,055	8,176	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,940	9,940	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	417	417	...	...
...	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**107**	**1,178**	**...**	**1,178**	**36,993**	**38,278**	**...**	**...**
...	...	...	...	...	1,259	1,259	...	1,259	...	53	...	...	...	7,823	7,876	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	24	...	24	3,275	3,315	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	171	...	171	6,370	6,541	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	22	...	22	11,079	11,118	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,628	4,028	...	...
...	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**1,259**	**1,259**	**...**	**1,259**	**...**	**86**	**217**	**...**	**217**	**33,175**	**33,478**	**...**	**...**
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	...	...	...	29	84	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	256	...	256	1	286	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	436	...	436	1,590	2,067	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116	13	...	13	833	962	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	46	269	...	269	...	315	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,310	...	1,310	505	1,815	...	...
...	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**6**	**6**	**...**	**287**	**2,284**	**...**	**2,284**	**2,958**	**5,529**	**...**	**...**
...	...	...	...	...	1,012	1,012	...	1,012	...	40	...	...	...	3,898	3,938	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	1,484	1,509	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	259	...	259	1,285	1,544	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	699	...	...	...	516	1,215	...	...
...	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**1,012**	**1,012**	**...**	**1,012**	**...**	**764**	**259**	**...**	**259**	**7,183**	**8,206**	**...**	**...**
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	432	12	...	12	...	444	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,940	79	...	79	377	2,396	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	93	...	93	...	101	...	...
...	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**2,380**	**184**	**...**	**184**	**377**	**2,941**	**...**	**...**
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	130	1,733	355	2,088	4,708	6,926	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	579	470	...	470	698	1,657	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,303	314	93	407	4,215	7,925	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	453	...	453	17,131	17,584	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92	662	...	662	4,820	5,574	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1,354	1,354	...	1,354	...	15	490	39	529	17,469	18,013	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	243	321	...	321	1,850	2,414	...	...
...	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**1,354**	**1,354**	**...**	**1,354**	**...**	**4,362**	**4,443**	**487**	**4,930**	**50,801**	**60,093**	**...**	**...**
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	...	...	...	89	128	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	299	194	...	194	2,979	3,472	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	522	...	522	1,096	1,618	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	821	821	...	...
...	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**338**	**716**	**...**	**716**	**4,985**	**6,039**	**...**	**...**
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	142	31	...	31	2,331	2,504	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	93	...	93	2,831	2,924	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	23	1,767	1,820	...	...
...	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**142**	**147**	**...**	**147**	**6,969**	**7,248**	**...**	**...**
...	**...**	**...**	**...**	**...**	**3,625**	**3,625**	**6**	**3,631**	**...**	**8,406**	**9,426**	**487**	**9,913**	**1,45,431**	**1,61,812**	**...**	**...**

2720b

No. II.

Bengal during the year ending 31*st March* 1893.

Total ... services.	XXXII.—CIVIL WORKS. In charge of Civil Officers. Rent of buildings and lands.	Sale of nazul buildings and lands.	Sale of buildings and other property (other than nazul).	Sale of stores and materials.	Miscellaneous.	Contribution.	Total.	In charge of Public Works Officers.	Total.	CONTRIBUTION. From Provincial to Local.	From other Boards.	Total.	DEBT. Loans.	Deposits and advances.	Total.	Total income excluding opening balance.	Total income including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation per head of population.	Incidence of income (excluding balance) per head of population.	REMARKS.
57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	A. P.	A. P.	
9,918	...	...	...	...	1	329	10,248	...	10,248	87,446	1,331	88,777	...	31,862	31,862	2,77,118	3,12,196	1 4	3 4	
2,832	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,832	...	2,832	44,957	...	44,957	...	2,190	2,190	93,831	1,11,728	0 6	1 5	
1,061	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,061	...	1,061	28,909	...	28,909	...	4,831	4,831	95,549	1,15,945	1 0	1 11	
19,361	...	...	...	...	29	...	19,390	...	19,390	36,817	...	36,817	...	30,573	30,573	2,32,217	2,82,169	0 9	1 4	
5,605	27	...	...	...	...	2,967	8,599	...	8,599	76,275	...	76,275	...	16,813	16,813	1,98,094	2,41,285	1 2	3 3	
4,692	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,692	...	4,692	6,863	...	6,863	...	4,917	4,917	63,841	77,408	1 2	1 8	
43,469	27	...	...	...	30	3,296	46,822	...	46,822	2,81,267	1,331	2,82,598	...	91,186	91,186	9,60,150	11,40,731	0 11	2 1	
18,303	731	...	...	...	...	5,248	24,282	...	24,282	96,214	...	96,214	...	11,727	11,727	2,60,915	3,68,256	1 2	2 8	
3,966	305	...	...	12	...	100	4,383	...	4,383	20,079	...	20,079	...	15,280	15,280	1,10,846	1,31,410	0 10	1 6	
2,878	...	...	...	...	...	300	3,178	...	3,178	1,178	...	1,178	...	8,432	8,432	1,06,154	1,21,732	0 5	1 0	
7,101	35	...	...	...	275	13	7,424	...	7,424	8,899	...	8,899	...	15,592	15,592	1,47,592	1,76,048	0 8	1 3	
7,760	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,760	...	7,760	882	200	1,082	...	1,211	1,211	92,888	1,05,860	0 10	1 2	
40,008	1,071	...	...	12	275	5,661	47,027	...	47,027	1,27,252	200	1,27,452	...	52,242	52,242	7,18,395	9,03,300	0 9	1 6	
4,839	...	...	...	...	104	...	4,943	...	4,943	16,923	7,700	24,623	30,000	33,570	63,570	2,09,279	2,53,821	0 11	2 2	
10,527	68	...	...	...	59	250	10,904	...	10,904	21,427	...	21,427	...	11,479	11,479	1,25,123	1,42,449	0 10	1 6	
28,260	295	...	...	...	371	550	29,476	...	29,476	21,075	...	21,075	...	25,302	25,302	2,17,261	2,46,344	0 11	1 8	
1,468	...	...	...	...	12	...	1,480	...	1,480	2,495	...	2,495	...	6,541	6,541	74,067	1,32,970	0 10	1 5	
10,127	...	...	...	...	62	459	10,648	...	10,648	25,172	...	25,172	...	7,827	7,827	1,12,581	1,35,077	0 6	1 4	
26,938	300	...	...	...	133	3,900	31,271	...	31,271	96,987	...	96,987	...	19,345	19,345	2,13,207	2,17,771	1 3	5 0	
82,159	663	...	...	...	741	5,159	88,722	...	88,722	1,84,079	7,700	1,91,779	30,000	1,04,064	1,34,064	9,51,518	11,28,423	0 10	1 11	
20,729	409	...	...	...	54	28,923	50,115	...	50,115	67,160	...	67,160	...	29,078	29,078	2,32,065	2,77,211	0 6	1 7	
2,984	...	...	...	...	...	50	3,034	...	3,034	56,540	...	56,840	...	12,477	12,477	1,38,764	1,73,149	0 5	1 3	
7,533	96	...	39	...	2,249	250	10,167	...	10,167	41,592	...	41,592	...	14,111	14,111	1,79,314	2,25,156	0 8	1 4	
15,765	28	...	...	...	251	1,140	17,184	...	17,184	40,329	...	40,329	...	35,586	35,586	3,11,789	3,39,137	0 9	1 5	
47,011	533	...	39	...	2,554	30,363	80,500	...	80,500	2,05,921	...	2,05,921	...	91,252	91,252	8,61,932	10,14,653	0 7	1 5	
5,924	2,452	...	...	...	7	...	8,383	...	8,383	41,651	...	41,651	...	4,047	4,047	1,81,973	1,99,007	0 11	1 7	
10,263	209	...	...	...	...	756	11,228	...	11,228	63,898	...	63,898	...	18,189	18,189	1,82,708	2,78,607	1 2	2 10	
12,043	1,074	...	...	...	...	2,435	15,552	...	15,552	38,830	...	38,830	...	53,432	53,432	2,13,168	2,59,420	0 11	2 7	
28,230	3,735	...	...	...	7	3,191	35,163	...	35,163	1,44,379		1,44,379	...	75,668	75,668	5,77,849	7,37,034	1 0	2 5	
22,548	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,548	...	22,548	7,008	...	7,008	...	22,390	22,390	2,45,553	3,68,601	1 10	2 7	
1,366	149	...	24	...	...	...	1,539	...	1,539	38,049	...	38,049	...	32,340	32,340	3,34,410	4,31,188	1 10	2 7	
4,823	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,823	...	4,823	15,132	...	15,132	...	11,826	11,826	2,19,343	3,44,098	1 4	1 9	
24,170	...	...	...	...	5	...	24,175	...	24,175	8,512	...	8,512	2,80,000	94,333	3,74,333	6,13,182	6,47,317	1 0	3 7	
11,320	86	...	...	...	...	146	11,552	...	11,552	11,933	...	11,933	...	93,505	93,505	3,45,355	3,83,448	1 4	2 1	
11,758	730	...	...	...	12	...	12,500	...	12,500	4,687	...	4,687	...	35,285	35,285	2,45,340	3,23,926	1 1	1 7	
5,839	...	...	...	...	...	400	6,239	...	6,239	1,026	...	1,026	...	15,435	15,435	1,19,706	1,39,865	0 8	1 0	
81,824	965	...	24	...	17	546	83,376	...	83,376	86,347	...	86,347	2,80,000	3,05,114	5,85,114	21,22,888	26,37,733	1 3	2 3	
23,933	87	...	...	...	2,331	55	26,406	...	26,406	15,639	...	15,639	...	13,667	13,667	2,21,404	2,41,817	1 2	1 9	
2,612	...	...	...	...	......	12,881	15,493	...	15,493	29,493	...	29,493	...	95,157	95,157	2,97,144	3,45,853	1 1	2 5	
...	...	...	...	...	......	...	......	...	...	6,319	...	6,319	...	33,005	33,005	1,78,435	2,15,040	0 8	1 5	
5,441	...	...	...	...	......	...	5,441	...	5,441	6,314	...	6,314	...	10,437	10,437	70,217	1,01,375	0 7	1 4	
31,986	87	...	...	...	2,331	12,936	47,340	...	47,340	57,765	..	57,765	...	1,52,266	1,52,266	7,67,200	9,04,085	0 11	1 10	
6,736	1,006	...	...	...	...	...	7,742	...	7,742	31,080	...	31,080	...	243	243	1,05,708	1,47,81	0 6	0 11	
5,126	654	...	...	...	...	...	5,780	...	5,780	18,958	...	18,958	...	3,603	3,603	70,488	1,07,901	0 7	1 2	
1,868	178	...	...	...	...	...	2,046	...	2,046	17,536	...	17,536	...	2,479	2,499	57,677	65,982	0 6	1 0	
13,730	1,838	...	...	...	...	...	15,568	...	15,568	67,574	.	67,574	...	6,345	6,345	2,34,873	3,21,002	0 6	1 0	
3,68,417	8,919	...	63	12	5,955	61,152	4,44,518	...	4,44,518	11,54,584	9,231	11,63,815	3,10,000	8,78,137	11,88,137	71,93,805	87,86,967	0 10	1 9	

FORM

Statement showing the Expenditure of the District Boards i

Serial number.	Name of District Board.	Closing balance of last year.	Total income during the year.	1.—REFUNDS AND DRAWBACKS. Local rate refunds.	15.—POST OFFICE. District post establishments.	15.—POST OFFICE. Mail cart service.	15.—POST OFFICE. Total.	18.—ADMINISTRATION. General establishments of Local Funds. Office establishment.	Office contingencies.	Payment of establishments for offices of Accounts, Control and Audit.	Total.	26.—POLICE. Cattle-pound charges. Establishments.	Contingencies.	Refunds of cattle-pound collections.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Burdwan Division.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Burdwan ...	35,978	2,77,118	......	...	...	...	5,811	1,283	2,693	9,887	540	165	3	
2	Bankura ...	18,397	93,331	......	...	...	...	2,415	482	773	3,670	...	11	6	
3	Birbhum ...	20,336	95,549	......	...	...	...	3,354	343	1,084	4,781	350	150	27	
4	Midnapore ...	40,952	2,32,217	......	...	...	...	6,449	1,300	2,864	10,613	751	125	30	
5	Hooghly ...	43,191	1,98,094	...	...	...	...	8,067	1,029	1,588	7,184	...	4	...	
6	Howrah ...	13,567	63,841	...	...	...	...	3,512	577	774	4,863	...	43	...	
	Total ...	1,80,581	9,60,150	......	...		...	25,208	6,014	9,776	40,098	1,651	498	66	
	Presidency Division.														
1	24-Parganas ...	1,07,341	2,60,915	......	...	...	...	4,336	843	2,529	7,738	...	51	7	
2	Khulna ...	20,504	1,10,846	......	...	...	...	3,088	890	1,344	5,351	...	43	...	
3	Nadia ...	15,578	1,06,154	......	...	...	...	3,633	1,746	3,372	8,751	...	951	24	
4	Jessore ...	28,456	1,47,502	......	...	...	...	5,281	2,109	2,062	9,452	52	624	15	
5	Murshidabad ...	12,972	92,888	......	...	...	...	3,411	749	1,432	5,592	38	248	10	
	Total ...	1,84,911	7,18,395	......	...			19,699	6,406	10,789	36,894	90	1,917	56	
	Rajshahi Division.														
1	Dinajpur ...	44,542	2,09,279	......	...	...	...	2,037	465	2,609	5,111	1,037	43	...	
2	Rajshahi ...	17,317	1,21,?23	......	...	...	...	2,949	568	1,658	5,175	1,116	54	...	
3	Rangpur ...	29,683	2,17,261	......	...	...	...	7,298	2,050	3,110	12,458	...	...	...	
4	Bogra ...	58,903	74,067	......	...	...	...	1,372	377	960	2,709	...	...	...	
5	Pabna ...	22,496	1,12,581	......	...	...	...	3,665	529	1,628	5,822	1,141	125	...	
6	Jalpaiguri ...	4,564	2,?3,207	......	...	...	...	2,380	602	1,379	4,361	...	2	...	
	Total ...	1,78,905	9,51,518	......	...		...	19,701	4,591	11,344	35,636	3,294	224	...	
	Dacca Division.														
1	Dacca	45,146	2,32,065	......	...	...	...	5,229	1,667	1,838	8,725	226	72	......	
2	Faridpur	34,385	1,38,764	...	...	...	...	3,278	960	1,275	5,513	572	570	13	
3	Backergunge ...	45,842	1,79,314	......	...	...	...	4,668	948	1,973	7,589	......	......	......	
4	Mymensingh ...	27,348	3,11,789	......	...	...	...	6,613	1,595	3,909	12,117	66	430	......	
	Total ...	1,52,721	8,61,932	......	...	...	...	19,779	5,170	8,995	33,944	864	1,072	13	
	Chittagong Division.														
1	Tippera	17,034	1,81,973	240	...	...	...	2,829	578	1,710	5,117	855	206	...	
2	Noakhali	95,899	1,82,708	......	...	...	...	2,796	310	1,584	4,690	338	13	117	
3	Chittagong ...	46,252	2,13,168	......	...	...	...	2,662	2,145	2,992	7,799	284	30	...	
	Total ...	1,59,185	5,77,849	240	...	...	...	8,287	3,033	6,286	17,606	1,477	249	117	
	Patna Division.														
1	Patna	1,23,048	2,45,553	......	...	...	...	11,887	1,038	4,039	16,964	12	1,794	...	
2	Gaya	96,778	3,31,419	......	...	...	...	10,271	1,398	3,870	15,539	12	1,188	50	
3	Shahabad	1,24,751	2,19,342	......	...	...	...	7,396	2,523	3,342	13,261	151	13	8	
4	Darbhanga ...	34,135	6,13,182	......	...	...	...	9,509	903	3,826	14,238	171	3	...	
5	Muzaffarpur ...	37,088	8,45,355	......	...	...	...	6,342	818	3,035	10,295	...	18	15	
6	Saran	77,886	2,45,340	163	...	...	...	10,259	1,423	3,964	15,646	2,212	1,745	...	
7	Champaran ...	26,159	1,19,704	......	...	...	...	3,102	452	2,021	5,575	6,178	2,231	18	
	Total ...	5,14,845	31,22,988	163	...	...	...	58,866	8,645	24,097	91,578	8,737	6,992	91	
	Bhagalpur Division.														
1	Monghyr	20,413	2,2?,4?4	......	...	...	...	4,934	1,265	2,624	8,823	53	1,649	41	
2	Bhagalpur ...	4?,709	2,97,144	......	...	...	...	3,813	1,384	2,588	7,785	148	94	21	
3	Purnea	36,6?5	1,78,435	......	...	...	...	4,161	1,400	2,345	7,906	...	...	...	
4	Malda	31,158	70,217	...	...	...	...	2,542	679	930	4,151	...	...		
	Total ...	1,36,885	7,67,200		...	...		15,450	4,728	8,487	28,665	201	1,743	62	
	Orissa Division.														
1	Cuttack	42,111	1,05,798	......	......	......	......	3,082	1,174	2,367	6,623	3,547	1,378	......	
2	Balasore	36,713	79,488	......	......	......	......	2,519	925	731	4,175	616	240	......	
3	Puri	8,305	57,677	......	......	......	......	2,026	268	570	2,864	24	7	......	
	Total ...	87,129	2,33,873	......	......	......	......	7,627	2,367	3,668	13,662	4,187	1,634	......	
	Grand Total ...	15,93,162	71,93,865	403	...	...	...	1,74,617	40,924	83,442	2,98,983	20,501	14,329	405	

23.—EDUCATION.											24.—MEDICAL.									
Inspection.	Maintenance and management.					Grants-in-aid.	Scholarships.	Miscellaneous.	Refunds.	Total.	General medical establishment.	Hospitals and dispensaries.			Sanitation and vaccination.			Medical schools.		
	Training and special schools.	High schools.	Middle schools.	Primary schools.	Total.							Ordinary expenditure.	Female medical treatment.	Total.	Vaccination establishment and charges.	Sanitation charges.	Total.	Grants-in-aid.	Scholarships.	Total.
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	30(a)	30(b)	31	32	33	34	34(a)	34(b)
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
6,771	...	...	3,344	20,422	23,766	13,515	608	...	103	46,763	...	1,563	84	1,647	...	...	...	...	80	80
4,391	...	...	2,432	15,921	18,353	6,093	728	550	...	30,115	...	1,000	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,348	...	...	1,629	7,948	9,577	3,728	481	813	...	18,941	...	1,441	...	1,441	...	1,003	1,003	...	...	...
11,282	550	...	4,967	32,404	37,921	8,914	...	4	...	58,171	...	798	...	798	...	25	25	...	...	...
6,976	...	...	3,361	14,816	18,179	11,431	694	427	...	37,708	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,510	...	...	1,645	9,035	10,680	4,845	512	54	...	18,598	...	450	...	450	...	...	...	...	...	...
36,272	550	...	17,380	1,00,546	1,18,476	50,574	3,023	1,848	103	2,10,296	...	5,252	84	5,336	...	1,028	1,028	...	80	80
9,015	...	...	1,412	...	1,412	30,794	354	1,662	...	43,237	...	1,134	...	1,134	...	...	...	...	80	80
3,742	...	...	1,044	12,332	13,376	8,874	688	788	...	27,468	...	515	...	515	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,948	...	...	1,905	11,581	13,486	9,418	363	452	...	29,667	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
6,618	...	...	1,322	15,306	16,628	10,401	439	1,254	6	34,946	...	2,238	...	2,238	...	...	...	...	...	...
3,634	...	...	...	...	...	4,865	451	12,963	...	21,913	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28,957	...	...	5,683	39,219	44,902	63,952	2,295	17,119	6	1,57,231	...	3,987	...	3,987	...	...	...	...	80	80
5,445	126	...	3,040	...	3,166	14,396	333	327	...	26,667	...	1,036	...	1,036	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,085	...	...	346	10,837	11,183	4,674	617	851	...	22,410	59	714	...	714	...	116	116	...	...	...
9,715	3,833	...	2,768	...	6,601	27,838	540	642	...	45,336	...	1,040	...	1,040	...	...	...	...	...	...
3,234	285	...	2,850	...	3,135	6,463	738	169	...	13,739	...	2,137	...	2,137	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,611	416	...	341	...	757	6,977	14,477	255	...	28,077	1,553	1,228	...	1,228	...	...	...	...	...	...
3,117	...	...	1,169	...	1,169	2,251	364	4,240	...	10,141	...	765	...	765	...	...	...	...	...	...
34,207	4,660	...	10,514	10,837	26,011	62,599	17,069	6,484	...	1,46,370	1,612	6,929	...	6,920	...	116	116	...	...	...
10,316	...	...	......	......	......	28,086	761	2,145	...	41,308	...	172	...	172	...	......	...	...	...	...
7,263	...	...	1,971	13,060	15,031	7,199	344	241	...	30,078	...	1,135	...	1,135	...	......	...	...	...	...
9,816	2,890	...	2,108	16,034	21,032	6,295	512	145	...	37,8[illegible]0	...	2,844	...	2,844	...	......	...	...	...	...
9,759	8,721	...	2,268	18,333	29,322	8,988	1,378	185	...	49,632	...	15	3,103	3,118	...	......	...	...	130	130
37,154	11,611	...	6,347	47,427	65,385	50,568	2,995	2,716	...	1,58,818	...	4,166	3,103	7,269	...	......	...	...	130	130
6,924	2,510	...	987	24,733	28,230	4,628	1,236	982	180	42,210	...	9,186	450	9,636	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,741	708	...	1,963	13,407	16,108	2,530	938	1,221	...	24,508	...	2,824	215	3,039	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,586	...	...	2,219	10,159	12,378	4,862	290	...	...	23,116	...	6,544	68	6,612	...	...	...	...	...	...
18,251	3,218	...	5,169	48,389	56,716	12,020	2,464	2,203	180	91,834	...	18,554	733	19,287	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,812	...	...	3,434	15,031	18,465	...	1,115	...	...	25,394	...	6,622	...	6,622	...	2,603	2,603	...	179	179
6,707	...	...	2,335	...	2,335	19,428	656	1,407	...	20,533	1,797	6,373	557	6,930	105	...	105	...	...	...
4,221	56	...	2,059	5,754	8,709	729	1,079	641	...	15,409	...	4,670	...	4,670	...	948	948	...	...	...
4,355	...	...	1,147	11,837	12,984	292	364	760	...	18,755	...	882	...	882	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,3[illegible]1	...	...	1,039	9,087	10,126	11,179	561	424	...	17,6[illegible]6	...	1,859	...	1,859	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,574	...	...	3,519	...	3,519	10,106	831	328	...	20,358	100	4,179	406	4,585	...	716	716	...	121	121
3,334	480	...	1,857	10,062	12,349	609	522	781	...	17,645	...	2,687	...	2,687	...	...	...	...	...	...
35,334	536	...	16,292	51,771	68,59[illegible]	42,343	5,128	4,346	...	1,35,750	1,897	27,272	963	28,235	105	4,267	4,372	...	300	300
5,492	...	1,100	2,885	9,925	13,910	954	606	43	...	20,999	...	2,630	...	2,630	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,736	...	...	2,944	8,263	11,207	1,068	301	400	...	18,712	...	4,040	...	4,040	...	...	...	...	...	...
5,975	2,456	...	1,452	9,290	13,198	1,281	366	222	...	21,072	...	1,546	2	1,548	...	22	22	...	...	...
2,109	...	...	1,448	...	1,448	10,670	416	227	...	14,870	...	600	...	600	...	...	...	...	...	...
19,312	2,456	1,100	8,729	27,478	39,763	13,973	1,715	892	...	75,653	...	8,816	2	8,818	...	22	22		...	...
9,188	...	...	2,214	318	2,532	20,824	1,215	156	...	33,915	...	1,425	...	1,425	...	659	659	...	100	100
8,473	...	...	473	......	433	17,326	382	1,287	...	27,901	...	1,674	...	1,674	...	170	170	...		...
4,546	...	...	1,854	125	1,979	2,850	583	6,751	...	16,709	...	1,317	...	1,317	...	1,586	1,586	...	...	...
22,207	...	...	4,501	443	4,944	41,000	2,180	8,194	...	78,525	...	4,416	...	4,416	...	2,415	2,415	...	100	100
2,31,604	24,031	1,100	74,555	3,26,110	4,24,726	3,17,029	36,867	43,802	289	10,54,477	3,509	79,385	4,885	84,268	105	7,848	7,953	...	690	[illegible]90

24.—MEDICAL—concld			26.—SCIENTIFIC AND OTHER MINOR DEPARTMENTS.										29.—SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES AND PENSIONS.		30.—STATIONERY AND PRINTING.				
				Public Exhibitions and Fairs.															
Lunatic asylums.	Refunds.	Total.	Experimental cultivation.	Horse fairs.	Cattle fairs.	Other exhibitions or fairs.	Total.	Veterinary charges.	Bull and stallion charges.	Botanical and other public gardens.	Provincial statistics.	Total.	Pension and Provident Fund contributions.	Gratuities.	Stationery purchased in the country.	Other stationery.	Printing.	Lithography.	Total.
35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	1,727	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	370	...	790	...	[illegible]
...	...	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	122	...	515	...	[illegible]
...	...	2,444	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	328	214	50	[illegible]
...	...	823	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	606	...	1,158	...	[illegible]
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	342	...	543	...	[illegible]
...	...	450	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	196	...	133	...	577	...	[illegible]
...	...	6,444	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	196	...	1,573	328	3,797	50	[illegible]
...	...	1,214	...	...	...	1,990	1,990	...	...	...	...	1,990	2,821	...	492	...	1,229	...	[illegible]
...	...	515	...	...	...	750	750	...	...	...	...	750	...	...	518	...	113	...	[illegible]
...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	124	...	401	...	...	...	[illegible]
...	...	2,238	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	519	...	997	...	[illegible]
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	304	...	847	...	[illegible]
...	...	4,067	...	...	...	2,740	2,740	...	...	...	...	2,740	2,945	...	2,234	...	3,186	...	[illegible]
...	...	1,036	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	301	...	389	...	[illegible]
...	...	889	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	350	...	317	213	[illegible]
...	...	1,040	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	...	18	567	...	1,449	...	[illegible]
...	...	2,137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	...	495	...	[illegible]
...	...	2,781	...	...	...	500	500	...	370	...	...	870	...	...	321	...	391	...	[illegible]
...	...	765	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	459	...	196	...	[illegible]
...	...	8,648	59	...	...	500	500	...	370	...	...	929	...	18	2,094	...	3,247	213	[illegible]
...	...	172	......	...	...	799	799	......	......	...	...	799	......	......	799	...	555	...	[illegible]
...	...	1,135	......	...	...	......	......	......	......	...	...	......	......	......	812	...	286	...	[illegible]
...	...	2,844	......	...	...	......	......	......	......	...	...	......	......	......	432	...	525	...	[illegible]
...	...	3,248	......	...	...	...	......	......	......	...	...	......	......	......	389	...	682	...	1,071
...	...	7,399	......	...	...	799	799	......	......	...	...	799	......	......	2,432	...	2,048	...	[illegible]
...	...	9,636	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	477	200	...	[illegible]
...	...	3,039	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	382	...	[illegible]
...	...	6,612	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	...	1,128	318	...	...	[illegible]
...	...	19,287	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	...	1,428	795	582	...	[illegible]
...	...	9,404	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	670	...	1,075	...	[illegible]
...	...	8,832	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	940	...	2,776	35	[illegible]
...	...	5,618	...	...	...	...	...	...	240	...	...	240	...	215	934	...	2,989	...	[illegible]
...	...	882	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	942	...	1,280	...	[illegible]
...	...	1,859	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,297	904	932	...	[illegible]
...	...	5,522	...	958	...	2,913	3,871	...	...	...	...	3,871	...	...	1,182	...	2,570	...	[illegible]
...	...	2,687	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	194	...	811	...	[illegible]
...	...	34,804	...	958	...	2,913	3,871	...	240	...	...	4,111	...	215	6,118	904	12,453	38	[illegible]
...	...	2,630	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	229	...	691	...	[illegible]
...	...	4,040	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	371	...	825	25	[illegible]
...	...	1,570	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	448	...	994	...	[illegible]
...	...	600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	248	...	283	...	[illegible]
...	...	8,840	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,296	...	2,793	25	[illegible]
...	...	2,184	......	...	...	......	......	......	......	...	...	......	123	......	318	...	1,215	...	[illegible]
...	...	1,844	......	...	...	......	......	......	......	...	...	......	......	......	86	...	338	...	[illegible]
...	...	2,903	......	...	...	......	......	......	......	...	...	......	......	......	164	272	...	...	[illegible]
...	...	6,931	......	...	...	......	......	......	......	...	...	......	123	......	568	272	1,553	...	[illegible]
...	...	96,420	59	958	...	6,952	7,910	......	610	...	...	8,579	3,297	283	17,738	2,209	29,659	326	[illegible]

	32.—MISCELLANEOUS.							33.—FAMINE RELIEF.			38.—RAILWAYS.	41.—RAILWAYS.	43.—MINOR WORKS, & NAVIGATION.	48.—RAILWAYS.	45.—CIVIL WORKS. In charge of Civil Officers.		
Donations for charitable purposes.	Rewards for the destruction of dogs, wild animals and snakes.	Petty Establishment. Staging bungalows and serai—Establishment and charges.	Petty Establishment. Other petty establishment and charges.	Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges.	Miscellaneous refunds.	Provident Fund contributions.	Total.	Charitable relief.	Public works.	Miscellaneous.	Working expenses.	Miscellaneous railway expenditure.	Local canal charges.	Capital expenditure.	Ferry establishment and contingencies.	Refunds.	Total.
55	56	57	58	59	60	60(a)	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	5	995	...	464	21	...	1,485	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	105	...	105
...	...	1,047	...	665	77	...	1,789	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	274	...	274
...	...	809	...	335	...	...	1,144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
...	5	...	...	139	134	...	278	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,374	...	4,374
...	...	...	...	9,423	3	...	9,426	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64	3	67
...	...	40	...	589	336	...	965	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,951	...	1,951
...	10	2,891	...	11,615	571	...	15,087	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,773	3	6,776
...	...	...	...	2,088	12	...	2,100	622	...	20	...	...	18	...	1,133	...	1,133
...	...	192	253	283	...	...	728	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,076	...	1,076
...	...	216	26	4	...	...	246	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	30
...	...	745	...	...	...	...	745	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68	...	68
...	...	...	...	...	55	...	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	22
...	...	1,153	279	2,375	67	...	3,874	622	...	20	...	...	18	...	2,329	...	2,329
...	...	...	...	488	...	...	488	...	2,036	315	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	612	...	340	...	88	1,040	...	...	...	...	...	2,400	...	378	...	378
...	...	246	91	387	...	...	674	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,707	...	1,707
...	...	...	...	131	122	...	253	...	...	411	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	278	...	388	...	...	666	...	...	...	...	...	3,410	...	639	...	639
...	...	650	...	...	...	69	719	...	350	...	...	...	...	...	2,148	...	2,148
[illegible]	...	1,786	91	1,684	122	157	3,840	...	2,336	726	...	...	5,810	...	4,872	...	4,872
[illegible]	...	......	...	542	...	89	631	......	......	...	......	......	......	......	3,455	......	3,455
[illegible]	...	......	...	499	...	230	729	......	......	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
[illegible]	...	522	89	......	60	138	809	......	......	...	......	......	......	......	10,395	......	10,395
[illegible]	...	......	...	59	...	...	60	......	......	...	......	......	......	......	3,240	117	3,357
[illegible]	...	522	89	1,100	60	457	2,229	......	......	...	......	......	......	......	17,090	117	17,207
[illegible]	...	...	...	138	...	...	138	...	...	...	...	...	3,617	...	...	...	...
[illegible]	...	84	...	167	...	78	329	...	...	...	...	...	2,400	...	355	...	355
[illegible]	...	...	...	574	...	...	574	...	...	...	...	...	257	...	744	...	744
[illegible]	...	84	...	829	...	78	1,041	...	...	...	...	...	6,474	...	1,099	...	1,099
[illegible]	...	2,238	2,273	825	...	...	5,670	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
[illegible]	...	1,032	...	...	...	...	1,032	...	...	338	...	...	...	...	201	...	201
[illegible]	...	360	...	328	7,856	...	8,544	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	218	1,053	1,271
[illegible]	...	2,401	...	...	...	...	2,401	...	2,69,816	...	...	...	...	...	2,329	...	2,329
[illegible]	...	1,618	...	463	...	...	2,081	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	260	...	260
[illegible]	...	1,934	...	3,632	94	...	5,660	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	418	...	418
[illegible]	...	414	...	...	...	...	414	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
[illegible]	...	9,997	2,273	5,248	7,950	...	25,802	77	2,69,816	338	...	...	...	...	3,426	1,053	4,479
[illegible]	...	...	...	419	31	262	712	1,595	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,318	2,318
[illegible]	...	260	...	8	...	...	268	6,609	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,482	...	2,482
[illegible]	...	540	...	30	7	182	759	...	3,413	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
[illegible]	...	...	...	99	3	57	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4
[illegible]	...	800	...	556	41	501	1,898	8,204	3,413	...	...	...	...	...	2,482	2,317	4,799
[illegible]	...	1,015	...	...	45	...	1,060	330	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
[illegible]	...	426	...	...	17	...	443	...	535	......	......	......	......	......	2,028	......	2,028
[illegible]	...	68	...	...	48	...	116	146	150	......	......	......	......	......	2	......	2
[illegible]	...	1,509	...	...	110	...	1,619	476	685	......	......	......	......	......	2,030	......	2,030
[illegible]	10	18,742	2,752	23,457	8,921	1,193	55,390	9,379	2,76,250	1,084	......	......	12,302	......	40,101	3,490	43,593

In charge of Public Works officers.													
Original Works.				Repairs.									
Civil buildings.	Communications.	Miscellaneous public improvements.	Total.	Civil buildings.	Communications.	Miscellaneous public improvements.	Total.	Establishment and contingencies appertaining to public works.	Tools and plant.	Water-supply and water-works.	Drainage works.	Total.	Total.
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
3,577	25,675	...	29,252	6,611	1,52,882	...	1,59,493	18,261	556	4,821	...	2,12,383	2,12,48[illegible]
...	8,153	...	8,153	877	31,107	...	31,984	9,260	317	420	...	50,134	50,40[illegible]
5,848	8,055	...	13,903	749	30,873	...	31,632	8,466	55	630	...	54,686	54,69[illegible]
...	15,670	...	15,670	...	91,238	...	91,238	16,536	385	898	...	1,24,727	1,29,10[illegible]
...	10,555	...	10,555	13,547	78,588	...	92,135	17,454	2,000	749	...	1,12,893	1,22,9[illegible]
5,900	11,389	200	17,489	...	8,376	...	8,376	5,133	...	...	...	30,998	32,9[illegible]
15,325	79,407	200	95,022	21,794	3,93,064	...	4,14,858	75,110	3,313	7,518	...	5,95,821	6,02,5[illegible]
1,764	10,344	...	12,108	56	1,80,372	...	1,80,428	17,810	401	151	...	2,10,898	2,12,0[illegible]
...	24,5[illegible]	...	24,553	354	32,696	...	33,050	8,976	803	254	...	67,63[illegible]	68,71[illegible]
...	2,916	...	2,916	...	40,350	...	40,350	13,284	59	3,006	...	59,615	59,6[illegible]
370	15,15[illegible]	...	15,527	7,958	61,707	...	69,665	18,248	505	5,248	...	1,09,193	1,09,2[illegible]
...	3,54[illegible]	19	3,566	...	47,097	...	47,097	12,350	158	...	484	63,655	63,6[illegible]
2,134	56,517	19	58,670	8,368	3,62,222	...	3,70,590	70,668	1,926	8,659	484	5,10,997	5,15,3[illegible]
10,488	48,192	...	58,680	2,548	55,873	139	58,560	14,463	1,034	1,832	2,503	1,37,072	1,37,[illegible]
7,315	14,026	...	21,3[illegible]	3,679	34,163	...	37,842	13,765	690	161	404	74,197	74,[illegible]
11,032	54,440	...	65,472	3,825	36,014	...	39,839	18,171	1,164	35	2,532	1,27,213	1,28,[illegible]
2,138	4,706	...	6,844	1,113	28,276	...	29,389	6,681	699	82	...	43,695	43,[illegible]
6,316	12,720	281	19,317	4,962	17,807	411	23,180	8,185	637	439	...	51,758	52,[illegible]
369	67,630	7,765	75,764	7,502	32,905	...	40,407	13,216	1,150	...	...	1,30,537	1,32,[illegible]
37,658	2,01,708	8,046	2,47,412	23,629	2,05,038	550	2,29,217	74,481	5,374	2,549	5,439	5,64,472	5,69,[illegible]
36,625	33,059	...	69,684	16,912	31,682	400	48,994	10,858	62	315	...	1,29,913	1,3[illegible]
19,132	23,007	567	42,706	3,896	24,479	225	28,600	9,337	191	6,264	...	87,[illegible]	[illegible]
4,413	35,295	...	39,708	4,769	28,709	1	33,479	13,084	465	497	...	87,833	[illegible]
13,465	1,10,006	889	1,24,360	5,212	37,572	......	42,784	21,281	453	12,879	...	2,01,757	2,06,14[illegible]
73,635	2,01,367	1,456	2,76,458	30,789	1,22,442	626	1,53,857	55,160	1,201	19,955	...	5,06,631	[illegible]
8,536	25,821	...	34,357	1,382	16,638	...	18,020	11,956	177	...	...	64,510	64,[illegible]
23,292	27,709	...	51,001	3,337	48,780	...	52,117	10,872	1[illegible]6	58	3,756	1,17,932	1,18,[illegible]
3,349	12,040	...	15,389	5,906	73,054	...	78,960	20,591	479	120	...	1,15,539	1,16,[illegible]
35,177	65,570	...	1,00,747	10,625	1,38,472	...	1,49,097	43,419	792	170	3,756	2,97,981	2,98,[illegible]
...	1,22,953	...	1,22,953	...	62,816	...	62,816	25,966	2,091	...	...	2,13,826	2,13,6[illegible]
537	82,958	...	83,495	699	81,775	...	82,474	31,082	873	1,907	...	1,99,831	2,00,0[illegible]
...	49,937	...	49,937	53	66,780	...	66,833	21,988	2,418	...	...	1,41,176	1,42,4[illegible]
...	95,417	...	95,417	...	91,041	...	91,041	32,112	2,082	...	...	2,20,652	2,2[illegible]
...	1,02,687	1,993	1,04,680	435	40,481	183	41,099	26,022	1,353	6,568	...	1,79,722	1,79,9[illegible]
30	19,305	...	19,335	1,287	74,865	...	76,152	25,653	353	...	...	1,21,493	1,21,[illegible]
3,634	34,337	461	38,432	227	21,806	...	22,033	15,285	895	1,400	...	78,045	78,[illegible]
4,201	5,07,594	2,454	5,14,249	2,701	4,39,564	183	4,42,448	1,78,108	10,065	9,875	..	11,54,745	11,59,[illegible]
1,864	7,856	1,029	10,749	5,430	67,036	...	72,466	20,902	1,140	7,542	1,104	1,15,903	1,16,[illegible]
10,5[illegible]2	34,837	7,435	52,774	6,289	72,857	1,227	80,373	25,552	4,841	45,037	...	2,08,577	2,11,[illegible]
2,277	12,142	8	14,427	1,764	88,832	1,682	92,278	19,658	1,644	1,570	...	1,29,577	1,29,[illegible]
...	198	...	198	3,171	20,298	1,282	24,751	7,221	800	48	...	33,018	33,[illegible]
14,643	55,033	8,472	78,148	16,654	2,49,023	4,191	2,69,868	73,333	8,425	54,197	1,104	4,85,075	4,89,[illegible]
2,192	4,413	...	6,605	144	29,777	1,228	31,149	10,496	131	916	...	49,297	49,[illegible]
......	23,546	200	23,746	...	18,277	...	18,277	5,025	...	...	...	47,048	49,[illegible]
600	6,188	...	6,788	505	19,367	...	19,872	6,397	32	...	...	33,089	33,[illegible]
2,792	34,147	200	37,139	649	67,421	1,228	69,298	21,918	163	916	...	1,29,434	1,31,[illegible]
1,85,565	12,01,433	20,847	14,07,845	1,15,209	19,77,248	6,778	20,99,233	5,92,197	31,289	1,03,839	10,783	42,45,156	42,88,[illegible]

No. III.

Bengal during the year ending the 31*st March* 1893.

CONTRIBUTIONS.			DEBT.			INTEREST ON DEBT.				BALANCE.			Remarks.
To Provincial.	To other Boards.	Total.	Payments of loans.	Deposits and advances.	Total.	On account of last year.	On account of current year.	Total.	Total expenditure.	Deposits.	Actual balance.	Total.	
86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	...	...	...	23,916	23,916	...	...	...	2,98,134	16,502	−2,440	14,062	
179	...	179	...	2,942	2,942	...	...	...	90,757	1,476	19,495	20,971	
...	...	...	...	3,322	3,322	...	...	...	86,392	4,286	24,267	20,553	
...	...	...	...	25,394	25,394	...	...	...	2,27,110	24,025	31,034	55,059	
...	...	...	...	8,936	8,936	...	...	...	1,87,103	8,915	45,267	54,182	
...	...	...	...	4,123	4,123	...	...	...	62,897	1,399	13,112	14,511	
179	...	179	...	68,633	68,633	...	...	...	9,52,393	56,603	1,31,735	1,88,338	
...	...	...	...	17,377	17,377	...	...	...	2,90,947	16,415	60,894	77,309	
...	...	...	...	11,103	11,103	...	...	...	1,15,801	6,829	9,280	16,109	
...	...	...	...	8,416	8,416	...	...	...	1,08,325	6,027	7,380	13,407	
...	...	...	...	13,433	13,433	...	...	...	1,72,232	3,756	......	3,756	
...	...	...	...	4,003	4,003	...	...	...	96,687	......	9,173	9,173	
...	...	...	...	54,332	54,332	...	...	...	7,83,552	33,027	86,727	1,19,754	
...	...	...	...	30,089	30,089	498	3,600	4,098	2,08,682	20,687	24,452	45,139	
...	...	...	...	14,557	14,557	...	...	...	1,23,096	4,739	14,605	19,344	
...	7,700	7,700	...	19,754	19,754	...	...	...	2,17,985	12,704	15,655	28,359	
...	...	...	...	7,710	7,710	...	...	...	71,245	3,454	58,271	61,725	
...	...	...	...	4,788	4,788	...	...	...	1,00,789	8,273	26,015	34,288	
...	4,000	4,000	5,000	17,047	22,047	...	639	639	1,76,314	...	41,457	41,457	
...	11,700	11,700	5,000	93,945	98,945	498	4,239	4,737	8,98,111	49,857	1,80,455	2,30,312	
......	......	......	......	21,200	21,200	......	......	......	2,07,855	8,778	60,578	69,356	
......	......	......	......	8,188	8,188	......	......	......	1,34,904	......	38,155	38,155	
......	......	......	......	13,848	13,848	......	......	......	1,62,075	10,134	52,947	63,081	
......	......		......	34,489	34,489	......	......	......	3,06,257	24,386	8,494	32,880	
......	......	......	......	77,725	77,725	...	......	......	8,11,181	43,298	1,60,174	2,03,472	
...	...	...	...	5,726	5,726	...	...	...	1,33,132	2,567	63,308	65,875	
...	...	...	...	13,188	13,188	...	...	...	1,69,591	12,411	96,605	1,09,016	
...	...	...	...	46,550	46,550	...	...	...	2,02,984	4,901	51,535	56,436	
...	...	...	...	65,464	65,464	...	...	...	5,05,707	19,879	2,11,448	2,31,327	
...	...	...	15,025	19,389	34,414	...	3,021	3,021	3,12,244	21,067	35,290	56,357	
...	...	...	...	30,007	30,007	...	...	...	2,81,326	19,451	1,30,411	1,49,862	
...	...	...	...	14,040	14,040	...	...	...	2,03,899	4,836	1,35,358	1,40,194	
...	...	...	...	96,527	96,527	...	...	...	6,28,056	4,584	14,677	19,261	
...	...	...	...	72,093	72,093	...	...	...	2,87,122	4,864	91,457	96,321	
...	...	...	11,279	34,175	45,454	...	...	...	2,26,322	6,450	90,454	96,904	
...	...	...	...	19,443	19,443	...	...	...	1,35,241	2,696	3,928	6,624	
...	...	...	26,304	2,85,674	3,11,978	...	3,021	3,021	20,72,210	63,948	5,01,575	5,65,523	
163	...	...	...	10,627	10,627	...	...	...	1,64,265	2,659	74,893	77,552	
269	...	163	...	83,062	83,062	...	...	...	3,33,122	10,066	2,665	12,731	
59	...	269	...	24,871	24,871	...	...	...	1,00,879	12,537	11,624	24,161	
	...	59	...	10,926	10,926	...	...	...	64,318	5,349	31,708	37,057	
491	......	491	...	1,29,426	1,29,426	...	...	...	7,53,584	30,611	1,20,890	1,51,501	
...	......	......	......	34	34	......	......	......	1,00,019	2,022	45,778	47,800	
...	......	......	......	3,779	3,770	......	......	......	89,033	2,217	15,951	18,168	
...	......	......	......	2,514	2,514	......	......	......	58,960	1,080	5,942	7,022	
...	......	......	......	6,318	6,318	......	......	......	2,48,012	5,319	67,671	72,990	
670	11,700	12,370	31,304	7,81,517	8,12,821	498	7,260	7,758	70,23,750	3,02,542	14,60,675	17,63,217	

FORM

Statement showing the details of the works undertaken for the improvement of sanitation

District Board.	Improvement of water-supply. — New tanks dug. — Number of works.	New tanks dug. — Cost.	New wells sunk. — Number of works.	New wells sunk. — Cost.	Existing sources of supply repaired or otherwise improved. — Number and description of works.	Existing sources of supply repaired or otherwise improved. — Cost.	Watchmen employed to guard sources of drinking water-supply. — Sources and number of men employed.	Watchmen employed … — Cost.	Total expenditure.	Improvement of … including vege… — Village site improvements, i.e., laying out streets, drains, &c. — Number of villages.	Village site improvements … — Cost.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
BURDWAN DIVISION.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Burdwan	...	......	1	500 0 0	1. Re-excavating a tank at Benachite.	300 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
			1	104 0 0	2. Re-excavating a tank at Jamgram.	200 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
				604 0 0	3. Re-excavating a tank at Sowadiha.	200 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
					4. Re-excavating a tank at Moharpur.	300 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
					5. Re-excavating a tank at Kakoha.	200 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
					6. Re-excavating a tank at Panaghur.	200 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
					7. Re-excavating a tank at Kazladi.	200 0 0	......	...	......	......	......
					8. Re-excavating a tank at Belcate.	550 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
					9. Re-excavating a tank at Arjana.	600 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
					10. Re-excavating a tank at Dharmatola.	450 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
					11. Re-excavating a tank at Moyna.	200 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
					12. Re-excavating a tank at Bejurdiha.	250 0 0	......	......	......	......	......
						3,650 0 0	......	......	4,254 0 0	......	......
Bankura	...	......	1	243 0 0	......	......	......	......	243 0 0	......	......
			8	420 0 0	......	......	......	......	420 0 0	......	......
				663 0 0	......	......	......	......	663 0 0	......	......
Birbhum	...	......	2	630 0 0	......	......	......	......	630 0 0	......	......
Midnapore	...	......	7	737 0 0	4	161 0 0	......	......	898 0 0	......	......
Hooghly	...	......	...	......	1	748 0 0	......	......	748 0 0	......	......
Howrah	...	......	...	......	1	200 0 0	......	......	200 0 0	......	......
TOTAL ...	...	......	20	2,634 0 0	18	4,759 0 0	......	......	7,393 0 0	......	......
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.											
24-Parganas ...	...	55 0 0	...	......	1 Improving a tank at Chaital.	96 0 0	......	......	151 0 0	......	......
Khulna	...	......	1	46 2 6	1 Jail tank at Bagerhat.	208 0 0	......	......	254 2 6	......	......
Nadia	...	......	8	2,277 13 0	2	728 8 6	......	......	3,006 5 6	......	......
Jessore	6	5,248 0 0	...	......	......	......	......	......	5,248 0 0	......	......
Murshidabad ...	...	......	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total ...	6	5,303 0 0	9	2,324 15 6	4	1,032 8 6	......	......	8,659 8 0	......	......

No. IV.

in the districts of Bengal during the year ending 31st March 1893.

VILLAGE SITES, &c., REMOVAL OF RANK TATION.			CONSERVANCY OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES.				SANITARY ARRANGEMENT AT FAIRS AND FESTIVALS.		OTHER OBJECTS CALCULATED TO PROMOTE THE SAFETY, HEALTH, COMFORT, AND CONVENIENCE OF RURAL POPULATION.			
Removal of prickly pear and rank vegetation.				Scavenging establishments.								
Number of villages.	Cost.	Total expenditure.	Names of towns and villages conserved.	Number of men and of carts.	Cost.	Arrangements made for the supervision of these establishments.	Names of places conserved.	Cost.	Particulars.	Cost.	GRAND TOTAL.	REMARKS.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	4,254 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	663 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Joydeb Kondali and Bakuswar.	1,003 0 0	......	......	1,633 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Hatuagan ...	25 0 0	......	......	923 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	748 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	200 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,028 0 0	......	......	8,421 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Sagar Mela ... Harowa ...	1,726 0 0 264 0 0 1,990 0 0	......	......	2,141 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	254 2 6	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	3,006 5 6	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	5,248 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,990 0 0	......	......	10,649 8 0	

District Board.	Improvement of water-supply.									Improvement of ... including ... vege...	
	New tanks dug.		New wells sunk.		Existing sources of supply repaired or otherwise improved.		Watchmen employed to guard sources of drinking water-supply.			Village site improvements, *i.e.*, laying out streets, drains, &c.	
	Number of works.	Cost.	Number of works.	Cost.	Number and description of works.	Cost.	Sources and number of men employed.	Cost.	Total expenditure.	Number of villages.	Cost.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Rajshahi Division.											
Dinajpur	...	......	5	*1,374 0 0	2 wells ...	203 0 0					
					2 tanks ...	96 0 0	......	......	1,673 0 0	......	......
Rajshahi	...	......	...	......	1 tank ...	161 0 0	......	......	161 0 0	... ..	......
Rangpur	...	......	4	35 0 0	......	......	......	......	35 0 0	......	......
Pabna	...	......	8	434 0 0	1 tank ...	5 0 0	......	......	439 0 0	......	......
Jalpaiguri	...	......	42	2,495 0 0	......	......	......	......	2,495 0 0	......	......
Total ...	...	......	59	4,338 0 0	6	465 0 0	......	......	4,803 0 0	......	......
Dacca Division.											
Dacca	...	......	1	247 12 9	1 Improvement of a tank at Munshiganj.	67 2 7	......	......	314 15 4	......	......
Faridpur	17	4,275 5 5	...	......	7	1,988 15 0	......	......	6,264 4 5	......	......
Backergunge ...	1	496 8 3	...	......	......	......	......	......	496 8 3	......	......
Mymensingh ...	7	520 0 0	28	604 0 0	69	1,755 0 0	......	......	2,879 0 0	......	......
Total ...	25	5,291 13 8	29	851 12 9	77	3,811 1 7	......	......	9,954 12 0	......	......
Chittagong Division.											
Tippera	...	......	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Noakhali	...	......	...	......	1 Clearing a reserved tank at Sandwip.	50 0 0	......	......	50 0 0	......	......
Chittagong ...	...	......	1	120 0 0	......	......	......	......	120 0 0	......	......
Total ...		......	1	120 0 0	1	50 0 0	......	......	170 0 0	...	......
Patna Division.											
Patna	...	......	5	1,520 1 0	4	1,038 9 5	......	......	2,558 10 5	......	......
Gaya	...	......	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Shahabad	...	......	...	......	1 tank 2 wells.	406 0 0	......	......	406 0 0	......	......
Muzaffarpur ...	...	......	...	......	25 tanks cleaned out and enlarged.	6,269 0 0	......	......	6,269 0 0	......	......
					257 wells cleaned and lime put into them, and one re-excavated.	245 0 0	......	......	245 0 0	......	......
					1 well repaired and provided with platform, &c.	54 0 0	......	......	54 0 0	......	......
Darbhanga ...	...	......	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Saran	...	......	...	......	1 well ...	40 0 0	......	......	40 0 0	......	......
Champaran ...	...	......	...	......	6(*b*)	1,400 0 0	......	......	1,400 0 0	......	......
Total ...	...	......	5	1,520 1 0	297	9,452 9 5	......	......	10,972 10 5	......	......

VILLAGE SITES, &C., REMOVAL OF RANK [VEGE]TATION.			CONSERVANCY OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES.				SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS AT FAIRS AND FESTIVALS.		OTHER OBJECTS CALCULATED TO PROMOTE THE SAFETY, HEALTH, COMFORT, AND CONVENIENCE OF RURAL POPULATION.			
Removal of prickly pear and rank vegetation.				Scavenging establishment.								
Number of villages.	Cost.	Total expenditure.	Names of towns and villages conserved.	Number of men and of carts.	Cost.	Arrangements made for the supervision of these establishments.	Names of places conserved.	Cost.	Particulars.	Cost.	Grand total.	REMARKS.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1	139 0 0	139 0 0	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,812 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Khefoor ...	116 0 0	(1) Clearing mouth of the Narod river drain.	312 0 0		
									(2) Drainage...	82 0 0		
									(3) Clearing jungle.	10 0 0		
									(4) Pay of compounder sent out on cholera duty.	59 0 0	740 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Drainage work at Rangpur and Kurigram.	2,532 0 0	2,567 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	439 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Drainage at Alipore.	1,585 0 0		
									Channel at Chakchoka.	1,497 0 0	5,577 0 0	
1	139 0 0	139 0 0	......	......	......	......	......	116 0 0	......	6,077 0 0	11,135 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1 Kartic Baroni Fair.	750 10 7	......	......		
							2 Nangalbund Fair.	48 1 1	......	......	1,113 11 0	
								798 11 8				
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Contribution to Raj Rajeswari water-works at Nasirabad.	......	6,284 4 5	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		......	496 8 3	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		10,000 0 0	12,879 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	798 11 8	......	10,000 0 0	20,753 7 8	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Deepening and improving khals and drains.	3,756 0 0	3,806 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	120 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	3,756 0 0	3,926 0 0	
1	19 11 0	19 11 0	......	......	......	......	Phulwari ...	25 0 0	......	2,603 5 5	5,206 10 10	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
12	476 0 0	476 0 0	......	......	......	......	Barahpur ...	66 0 0	......	......	948 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......		

District Board.	Improvement of water-supply.									Improvement of village bank vege	
	New tanks dug.		New wells sunk.		Existing sources of supply repaired or otherwise improved.		Watchmen employed to guard sources of drinking water-supply.			Village site improvements, i.e., laying out streets, drains, &c.	
	Number of works.	Cost.	Number of works.	Cost.	Number and description of works.	Cost.	Sources and number of men employed.	Cost.	Total expenditure.	Number of villages.	Cost.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bhagalpur Division.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Monghyr	3	3,985 0 0	18	3,394 0 0	13 wells ...	163 0 0	......	......	7,542 0 0	......	......
Bhagalpur	15	1,054 0 0	2	219 0 0	Re-excavation of 14 tanks as follows:—						
		904 0 0									
		1,748 0 0									
		2,672 0 0			1 tank	1,050 0 0	......	......	45,037 0 0	......	......
		1,667 0 0			1 "	2,526 0 0					
		1,670 0 0			1 "	1,744 0 0					
		1,058 0 0			1 "	1,209 0 0					
		1,473 0 0			1 "	288 0 0					
		3,855 0 0			1 "	331 0 0					
		1,748 0 0			1 "	469 0 0					
		2,844 0 0			1 "	529 0 0					
		3,432 0 0			6 tanks	706 0 0					
		2,685 0 0			12 wells	51 0 0					
		3,320 0 0				8,903 0 0					
		6,185 0 0									
		35,915 0 0									
Purnea	...	......	...	......	24	1,570 0 0	......	......	1,570 0 0	......	......
Malda	...	......	...	......	2 wells	48 0 0	......	......	48 0 0	......	......
Total ...	18	39,900 0 0	20	3,613 0 0	65	10,684 0 0	......	......	54,197 0 0	......	......
Orissa Division.											
Cuttack	3	286 0 0	24	374 0 0	3	256 0 0	......	......	916 0 0	......	......
Balasore	...	......	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Puri	...	......	...	......	6 Tanks	336 0 0	......	......	336 0 0	......	......
Total ...	3	286 0 0	24	374 0 0	9	592 0 0	......	......	1,252 0 0	......	......
Grand Total ...	52	56,780 13 8	167	15,774 13 3	477	30,846 3 6	......	......	97,401 14 5	......	......

SITES &C., INCLUDING REMOVAL OF ...TATION.			CONSERVANCY OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES.				SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS AT FAIRS AND FESTIVALS.		OTHER OBJECTS CALCULATED TO PROMOTE THE SAFETY, HEALTH, COMFORT, AND CONVENIENCE OF RURAL POPULATION.			
Removal of prickly pear and rank vegetation.				Scavenging establishments.								
Number of villages.	Cost.	Total expenditure.	Names of towns and villages conserved.	Number of men and of carts.	Cost.	Arrangements made for the supervision of these establishments.	Names of places conserved.	Cost.	Particulars.	Cost.	Grand total.	REMARKS.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	7,542 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	Civil Hospital Assistants on cholera duty with medicine.	22 0 0	55,039 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	(1) Subsidy paid to steamer service.	1,282 0 0	2,852 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	(2) Clearing snags from rivers.	334 0 0	382 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,638 0 0	55,835 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	916 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	170 0 0	Contribution to Jaganath Road Fund.	1,250 0 0	1,756 0 0	
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	170 0 0	......	1,250 0 0	2,672 0 0	
14	634 11 0	634 11 0	......	......	......	......	......	8,065 11 8	......	25,812 5 5	1,31,914 10 6	

APPENDIX A.

Statement showing the number, income and expenditure of pounds in the several districts in Bengal during the past three years.

District.	Year.	Number of pounds. Farmed.	Managed direct.	Total.	Income. Farmed.	Managed direct.	Total.	Expenditure. Farmed.	Managed direct.	Total.	Surplus. Farmed.	Managed direct.	Total.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Burdwan Division.														
Burdwan	1890-91	214	...	214	8,332	...	8,332	65	...	65	8,267	...	8,267	
	1891-92	251	...	251	12,490	...	12,490	124	...	124	12,366	...	12,366	
	1892-93	187	...	187	13,073	...	13,073	708	...	708	12,365	...	12,365	
Bankura	1890-91	29	...	29	1,388	...	1,388	6	...	6	1,382	...	1,382	
	1891-92	30	...	30	1,509	...	1,509	15	...	15	1,494	...	1,494	
	1892-93	30	...	30	1,510	...	1,510	16	...	16	1,494	...	1,494	
Birbhum	1890-91	68	...	68	6,939	...	6,939	692	...	692	6,247	...	6,247	
	1891-92	69	...	69	7,249	...	7,249	448	...	448	6,801	...	6,801	
	1892-93	69	...	69	7,403	...	7,403	527	...	527	6,876	...	6,876	
Midnapore	1890-91	86	...	86	10,006	...	10,006	607	...	607	9,399	...	9,399	
	1891-92	130	...	130	10,233	...	10,233	641	...	641	9,592	...	9,592	
	1892-93	114	...	114	9,171	...	9,171	915	...	915	8,256	...	8,256	
Hooghly	1890-91	74	...	74	8,292	...	8,292	...	...	...	8,292	...	8,292	
	1891-92	75	...	75	7,073	...	7,073	101	...	101	6,972	...	6,972	
	1892-93	78	...	78	8,724	...	8,724	4	...	4	8,720	...	8,720	
Howrah	1890-91	29	...	29	2,969	...	2,969	247	...	247	2,722	...	2,722	
	1891-92	33	...	33	2,969	...	2,969	657	...	657	2,312	...	2,312	
	1892-93	37	...	37	2,609	...	2,609	43	...	43	2,566	...	2,566	
Divisional Total	1890-91	500	...	500	37,926	...	37,926	1,617	...	1,617	36,309	...	36,309	
	1891-92	588	...	588	41,523	...	41,523	1,986	...	1,986	39,537	...	39,537	
	1892-93	515	...	515	42,490	...	42,490	2,213	...	2,213	40,277	...	40,277	
Presidency Division.														
24-Parganas	1890-91	92	...	92	7,448	......	7,448	157	6	163	7,291	—6	7,285	
	1891-92	95	...	95	8,228	75	8,303	153	......	153	8,075	75	8,150	
	1892-93	100	...	100	5,714	......	5,714	57	......	57	5,657	......	5,657	
Khulna	1890-91	61	...	61	4,262	......	4,262	40	......	40	4,222	......	4,222	
	1891-92	61	...	61	3,979	......	3,979	67	......	67	3,912	......	3,912	
	1892-93	61	...	61	5,255	......	5,255	43	......	43	5,212	......	5,212	
Nadia	1890-91	164	...	164	28,259	......	28,259	614	......	614	27,645	......	27,645	
	1891-92	166	...	165	29,299	......	29,299	703	......	703	28,596	......	28,596	
	1892-93	170	...	170	26,227	......	26,227	1,275	......	1,275	24,952	......	24,952	
Jessore	1890-91	125	...	125	22,773	......	22,773	310	......	310	22,463	......	22,463	
	1891-92	138	...	138	21,073	......	21,073	297	......	297	20,776	......	20,776	
	1892-93	140	...	140	21,619	68	21,687	640	51	691	20,979	17	20,996	
Murshidabad	1890-91	75	...	75	10,306	......	10,306	367	......	367	9,939	......	9,939	
	1891-92	75	...	75	14,623	......	14,623	163	......	163	14,460	......	14,460	
	1892-93	75	...	75	15,172	......	15,172	296	......	296	14,876	......	14,876	
Divisional Total	1890-91	517	...	517	73,048	......	73,048	1,488	6	1,494	71,560	—6	71,554	
	1891-92	535	...	535	77,202	75	77,277	1,383	......	1,383	75,819	75	75,894	
	1892-93	546	...	546	73,987	68	74,055	2,311	51	2,362	71,676	17	71,693	
Rajshahi Division.														
Dinajpur	1890-91	95	...	95	19,141	......	19,141	346	......	346	18,795	......	18,795	
	1891-92	103	...	103	24,892	......	24,892	346	......	346	24,546	......	24,546	
	1892-93	110	...	110	21,359	......	21,359	1,080	......	1,080	20,279	......	20,279	
Rajshahi	1890-91	70	...	70	9,622	......	9,622	253	...	253	9,369	......	9,369	
	1891-92	75	...	75	10,080	......	10,080	720	......	720	9,360	......	9,360	
	1892-93	84	...	84	12,127	......	12,127	1,170	......	1,170	10,957	......	10,957	
Rangpur	1890-91	136	...	136	13,046	......	13,046	32	......	32	13,014	......	13,014	
	1891-92	143	1	144	14,428	105	14,533	3	60	63	14,425	45	14,470	
	1892-93	153	...	153	12,583	......	12,583	......	......	......	12,583	......	12,583	
Bogra	1890-91	62	...	62	10,015	3	10,018	......	......	......	10,015	3	10,018	
	1891-92	64	4	68	10,087	221	10,308	......	66	66	10,087	155	10,242	
	1892-93	66	...	66	11,253	......	11,253	......	......	......	11,253	......	11,253	
Pabna	1890-91	107	...	107	14,339	......	14,339	1,102	......	1,102	13,237	......	13,237	
	1891-92	105	5	110	11,336	142	11,478	1,216	......	1,216	10,120	142	10,262	
	1892-93	106	5	111	12,082	33	12,115	1,266	......	1,266	10,816	33	10,849	
Jalpaiguri	1890-91	47	...	47	5,660	......	5,660	364	......	364	5,296	......	5,296	
	1891-92	52	...	52	12,386	......	12,386	380	......	380	12,006	......	12,006	
	1892-93	57	...	57	9,364	......	9,364	2	......	2	9,362	......	9,362	
Divisional Total	1890-91	517	...	517	71,823	3	71,826	2,097	......	2,097	69,726	3	69,729	
	1891-92	542	10	552	83,209	468	83,677	2,665	126	2,791	80,544	342	80,886	
	1892-93	576	5	581	78,768	33	78,801	3,518	......	3,518	75,250	33	75,283	
Dacca Division.														
Dacca	1890-91	141	...	141	9,971	......	9,971	744	......	744	9,227	......	9,227	
	1891-92	165	...	165	7,934	......	7,934	786	......	786	7,148	......	7,148	
	1892-93	173	...	173	7,142	......	7,142	298	......	298	6,844	......	6,844	
Faridpur	1890-91	111	...	111	9,708	......	9,708	386	......	386	9,322	......	9,322	
	1891-92	118	...	118	8,596	......	8,596	1,022	......	1,022	7,574	......	7,574	
	1892-93	121	...	121	8,195	......	8,195	1,155	......	1,155	7,040	......	7,040	
Backergunge	1890-91	84	...	84	12,814	......	12,814	......	......	......	12,814	......	12,814	
	1891-92	80	...	80	15,546	......	15,546	......	......	......	15,546	......	15,546	
	1892-93	83	...	83	13,931	......	13,931	......	......	......	13,931	......	13,931	
Mymensingh	1890-91	199	...	199	42,096	......	42,096	400	......	400	41,696	......	41,696	
	1891-92	218	...	218	39,274	......	39,274	593	......	593	38,681	......	38,681	
	1892-93	240	...	240	35,958	......	35,958	496	......	496	35,462	......	35,462	
Divisional Total	1890-91	535	...	535	74,589	......	74,589	1,530	......	1,530	73,059	......	73,059	
	1891-92	581	...	581	71,350	......	71,350	2,401	......	2,401	68,949	......	68,949	
	1892-93	617	...	617	65,226	......	65,226	1,949	......	1,949	63,277	......	63,277	

MANAGED BY BOARDS.									GRANTS-IN-AID.				
22								23	24				
schools, boys'.				Primary schools, girls'.			Grand total, primary schools.	Grand total.	Training and special schools.				
Lower.													
Stipendiary.	Paid by rewards.	Mixed.	Total.	Upper.	Lower.	Total			Training schools for teachers.	Guru-training classes.	Industrial schools.	Other schools.	Total.
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
								1,910					
963	8,805	232	10,000	143	1,107	1,250	15,919	17,398	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	688	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,313	......	......	......	550	550
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,496	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,645	......	......	......	......	......
963	8,805	232	10,000	143	1,107	1,250	15,919	25,450	......	......	......	550	550
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	816	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,044	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	900	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,322	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	4,082	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,601	......	......	......	......	......
......	6,976	466	7,442	38	189	227	10,837	11,052	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,770	......	......	......	750	750
486	1,992	69	2,547	......	169	169	4,117	5,724	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	633	......	120	......	120	249
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	496	......	......	......	......	......
486	8,968	535	9,989	38	358	396	14,954	22,365	......	129	......	870	999
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	978	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	3,542	......	......	......	......	......
202	......	......	202	......	......	......	700	11,689	......	......	......	......	......
202	......	......	202	......	......	......	700	16,209	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	3,497	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,093	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	944	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	5,534	......	......	......	......	......
......	10,820	......	10,820	......	506	506	13,714	17,150	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,335	......	......	......	84	84
1,615	1,952	......	3,567	......	11	11	5,754	8,769	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,147	......	......	......	......	......
597	5,462	266	6,325	......	827	827	9,087	9,816	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	3,519	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,216	480	......	......	......	480
2,212	18,234	266	20,712	......	1,344	1,344	28,555	43,952	480	......	......	84	564
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,956	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,159	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	2,560	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	656	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	8,331	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	268	1,881	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	395	450	118	100	......	668
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	125	1,806	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	393	4,032	450	118	100	......	668
3,863	36,007	1,033	40,903	181	2,869	2,990	60,521	1,20,955	930		100	1,504	2,781

High schools.					Middle schools.							Primary schools, boys'.							
					English.		Vernacular.		Total.			Upper.				Lower.			
General charges.	Prizes and rewards and library.	Charges for contingencies.	Charges for abolished schools.	Total.	For boys.	For girls.	For boys.	For girls.	For boys.	For girls.	Grand total.	Stipendiary.	Paid by rewards.	Mixed.	Total.	Stipendiary.	Paid by rewards.	Mixed.	Total.
38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
236	...	...	...	236	10,674	...	3,636	...	14,310	...	14,310	7,821	......	...	7,821	1,429	10,828	...	12,257
336	...	...	...	336	3,127	...	2,630	...	5,757	...	5,757	......	......	...	......	......	......	...	......
...	...	...	...	...	2,343	...	1,280	...	3,623	...	3,623	663	1,577	170	2,410	432	4,343	515	5,290
...	...	...	...	...	5,808	...	2,941	...	8,749	...	8,749	7,754	43	...	7,797	2,685	16,919	...	19,604
...	...	...	...	...	8,547	...	2,776	...	11,323	...	11,323	4,193	......	...	4,193	582	1,031	...	1,613
...	...	...	...	...	3,762	...	1,080	...	4,842	...	4,842	2,234	271	...	2,505	678	3,980	...	4,658
572	...	...	...	572	34,261	...	14,343	...	48,604		48,604	22,665	1,891	170	24,726	5,806	37,101	515	43,422
...	...	...	...	...	4,186	...	4,719	...	8,905	...	8,905	132	3,681	...	3,813	......	17,602	...	17,602
...	...	...	...	...	4,138	...	4,736	...	8,874	...	8,874	3,901	......	...	3,901	1,155	6,529	...	7,684
...	...	...	465	465	7,043	...	1,910	...	8,953	...	8,953	2,213	302	...	2,515	1,060	5,949	...	7,009
...	...	...	...	...	4,781	...	5,220	...	10,001	...	10,001	5,319	......	...	5,319	548	8,081	...	8,629
240	570	...	156	966	3,264	...	1,341	...	4,605	...	4,605	2,181	......	...	2,181	860	7,505	589	8,954
240	570	...	621	1,431	23,410	...	17,926	...	41,336	...	41,336	13,746	3,983	...	17,729	3,623	45,666	589	49,878
...	...	...	...	...	1,686	...	1,734	...	3,420	...	3,420	......	......	3,435	3,435	40	......	7,386	7,426
...	...	...	...	...	3,214	...	1,460	...	4,674	...	4,674	......	......	...	......	......	......	...	......
...	...	...	...	...	3,319	...	4,413	...	7,732	...	7,732	958	964	3,300	5,222	2,937	6,305	2,973	12,215
...	...	...	...	...	1,098	...	966	...	2,064	...	2,064	......	......	...	......	......	......	...	......
...	...	...	...	...	4,382	...	2,388	...	6,770	...	6,770	......	......	5,704	5,704	......	6,345	...	6,345
...	...	...	...	...	728	...	1,523	...	2,251	...	2,251	439	34	896	1,369	596	924	582	2,102
...	...	...	...	...	14,427	...	12,484	...	26,911	...	26,911	1,397	998	13,335	15,730	3,573	13,574	10,891	28,038
...	...	...	...	...	6,454	...	4,199	...	10,653	...	10,653	2,859	2,392	...	5,251	267	9,966	...	10,233
...	...	...	...	...	4,795	...	2,116	...	6,911	...	6,911	4,057	869	...	4,926	680	4,679	...	5,359
...	...	...	...	...	4,391	...	1,718	...	6,109	...	6,109	862	144	2,894	3,900	333	7,440	1,197	8,970
...	...	...	...	...	7,254	...	1,734	...	8,988	...	8,988	6,180	387	...	6,567	1,223	6,825	...	8,048
...	...	...	...	...	22,894	...	9,767	...	32,661	...	32,661	13,958	3,792	2,894	20,644	2,503	28,910	1,197	32,610
...	...	...	...	...	2,563	...	1,998	...	4,561	...	4,561	6,023	6,631	...	12,654	1,361	6,631	...	7,992
...	...	...	...	...	1,247	...	1,203	...	2,450	...	2,450	3,678	848	...	4,526	946	7,028	...	7,974
...	...	...	...	...	2,157	...	2,196	...	4,353	...	4,353	2,087	837	...	2,924	937	5,012	...	5,949
...	...	...	...	...	5,967	...	5,397	...	11,364	...	11,364	11,788	8,316	...	20,104	3,244	18,671	...	21,915
...	...	...	...	...	1,341	...	180	...	1,521	...	1,521	......	......	2,786	2,786	......	3,925	1,386	5,311
...	...	...	...	...	729	...	......	...	729	...	729	......	......	...	......	......	......	...	......
...	...	...	...	...	292	...	......	...	292	...	292	......	......	...	......	......	......	...	......
...	...	...	...	...	1,179	...	......	...	1,179	...	1,179	1,284	......	...	1,284	......	10,267	...	10,267
...	...	...	...	...	765	...	180	...	945	...	945	1,832	......	...	1,832	440	5,881	...	6,330
...	...	...	...	...	669	...	......	...	669	...	669	......	......	1,918	1,918	......	6,743	530	7,273
...	...	...	...	...	4,915	...	360	...	5,275	...	5,275	3,116	......	4,704	7,820	440	26,816	1,916	29,181
132	...	...	...	132	654	...	168	...	822	...	822	1,386	......	...	1,386	2,758	3,398	...	6,156
...	...	...	...	...	1,068	...	......	...	1,068	...	1,068	......	60	1,857	1,917	......	3,858	1,358	5,216
...	...	...	...	...	1,125	...	156	...	1,281	...	1,281	473	157	841	1,471	814	4,837	2,143	7,794
...	...	...	...	...	1,377	...	1,682	...	3,059	...	3,059	363	195	3,142	3,700	120	2,014	608	3,342
132	...	...	...	132	4,224	...	2,006	...	6,230	...	6,230	2,222	412	5,840	8,474	3,692	14,707	4,109	22,508
...	...	...	...	...	2,942	...	650	...	3,592	...	3,592	4,465	......	...	4,465	141	11,072	...	11,213
...	...	...	...	...	2,120	...	2,017	...	4,137	...	4,137	4,450	......	...	4,450	373	6,830	...	7,203
...	...	...	...	...	1,419	...	1,430	...	2,849	...	2,849	1,636	......	...	1,636	66	3,736	67	3,869
...	...	...	...	...	6,481	...	4,097	...	10,578	...	10,578	10,551	......	...	10,551	580	21,638	67	22,589
944	570	...	621	2,135	1,16,579	...	66,380	...	1,82,959	...	1,82,959	79,443	19,392	26,943	1,25,778	23,470	2,07,983	19,284	2,40,837

District.	Year.	Number of pounds.			Income.			Expenditure.			Surplus.			Remarks.
		Farmed.	Managed direct.	Total.	Farmed.	Managed direct.	Total.	Farmed.	Managed direct.	Total.	Farmed.	Managed direct.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
CHITTAGONG DIVISSON.					Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Tippera	1890-91 ...	106	...	106	8,735	......	8,735	1,555	......	1,555	7,180	......	7,180	
	1891-92 ...	114	...	114	9,200	......	9,200	1,403	......	1,403	7,797	......	7,797	
	1892-93 ...	123	...	123	12,484	......	12,484	1,061	......	1,061	11,423	......	11,423	
Noakhali	1890-91 ...	70	...	70	8,971	......	8,971	563	......	563	8,408	......	8,408	
	1891-92 ...	75	...	75	9,204	......	9,204	729	......	729	8,475	......	8,475	
	1892-93 ...	80	...	80	7,522	......	7,522	468	......	468	7,054	......	7,054	
Chittagong	1890-91 ...	70	...	70	5,238	......	5,238	262	......	262	4,976	......	4,976	
	1891-92 ...	74	...	74	4,739	......	4,739	300	......	300	4,439	......	4,439	
	1892-93 ...	80	...	80	6,314	......	6,314	314	......	314	6,000	......	6,000	
Divisional Total ...	1890-91 ...	246	...	246	22,944	......	22,944	2,380	......	2,380	20,564	......	20,564	
	1891-92 ...	263	...	263	23,143	......	23,143	2,432	......	2,432	20,711	......	20,711	
	1892-93 ...	283	...	283	26,320	...	26,320	1,843	......	1,843	24,477	......	24,477	
PATNA DIVISION.														
Patna	1890-91 ...	31	...	31	3,980	......	3,980	10	......	10	3,970	......	3,970	
	1891-92 ...	32	...	32	4,285	......	4,285	410	......	410	3,875	......	3,875	
	1892-93 ...	31	...	31	5,308	......	5,308	1,806	......	1,806	3,502	......	3,502	
Gaya	1890-91 ...	60	...	60	9,885	10	9,895	388	1	389	9,497	9	9,506	
	1891-92 ...	62	...	62	10,629	228	10,857	2,617	......	2,617	8,012	228	8,240	
	1892-93 ...	66	...	66	10,582	244	10,826	1,238	12	1,250	9,344	232	9,576	
Shahabad	1890-91 ...	26	6	32	5,116	156	5,272	......	106	106	5,116	50	5,166	
	1891-92 ...	25	7	32	4,334	640	4,974	......	470	470	4,334	170	4,504	
	1892-93 ...	25	8	33	5,504	340	5,844	......	172	172	5,504	168	5,672	
Darbhanga	1890-91 ...	78	1	79	5,309	26	5,335	......	31	31	5,309	—5	5,304	
	1891-92 ...	81	...	81	5,316	......	5,316	......	......	......	5,316	......	5,316	
	1892-93 ...	82	3	85	5,855	38	5,893	......	174	174	5,855	—136	5,719	
Muzaffarpur	1890-91 ...	156	...	156	4,234	......	4,234	880	......	880	3,354	......	3,354	
	1891-92 ...	157	...	157	5,124	......	5,124	186	......	186	4,938	......	4,938	
	1892-93 ...	157	...	157	4,483	......	4,483	33	......	33	4,450	......	4,450	
Saran	1890-91 ...	...	35	35	......	4,102	4,102	......	3,669	3,669	......	433	433	
	1891-92 ...	...	35	35	......	4,363	4,363	......	3,843	3,843	......	520	520	
	1892-93 ...	...	35	35	......	4,264	4,264	......	3,958	3,958	......	306	306	
Champaran	1890-91 ...	...	77	77	......	18,236	18,236	......	7,700	7,700	......	10,536	10,536	
	1891-92 ...	...	79	79	......	16,902	16,902	......	8,294	8,294	......	8,608	8,608	
	1892-93 ...	...	80	80	......	13,928	13,928	......	8,427	8,427	......	5,501	5,501	
Divisional Total ...	1890-91 ...	351	119	470	28,524	22,530	51,054	1,278	11,507	12,785	27,246	11,023	38,269	
	1891-92 ...	357	121	478	29,688	22,133	51,821	3,213	12,607	15,820	26,475	9,526	36,001	
	1892-93 ...	361	126	487	31,732	18,814	50,546	3,077	12,743	15,820	28,655	6,071	34,726	
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.														
Monghyr	1890-91 ...	36	..	36	11,429	...	11,429	93	......	93	11,336	......	11,336	
	1891-92 ...	33	2	35	13,096	420	13,516	......	19	19	13,096	401	13,497	
	1892-93 ...	33	5	38	11,222	641	11,863	1,649	53	1,702	9,573	588	10,161	
Bhagalpur	1890-91 ...	70	1	71	18,414	497	18,911	556	278	834	17,858	219	18,077	
	1891-92 ...	72	...	72	17,101	154	17,255	88	37	125	17,013	117	17,130	
	1892-93 ...	72	1	73	17,564	378	17,942	94	148	242	17,470	230	17,700	
Purnea	1890-91 ...	80	...	80	39,195	......	39,195	48	......	48	39,147	......	39,147	
	1891-92 ...	80	...	80	41,886	......	41,886	239	......	239	41,647	......	41,647	
	1892-93 ...	88	...	88	42,853	......	42,853	......	......	......	42,853	......	42,853	
Malda	1890-91 ...	38	...	38	12,859	......	12,859	......	......	......	12,859	......	12,859	
	1891-92 ...	41	...	41	16,327	......	16,327	5	......	5	16,322	......	16,322	
	1892-93 ...	43	..	43	17,400	......	17,400	......	......	......	17,400	......	17,400	
Divisional Total ...	1890-91 ...	224	1	225	81,897	497	82,394	697	278	975	81,200	219	81,419	
	1891-92 ...	226	2	228	88,410	574	88,984	332	56	388	88,078	518	88,596	
	1892-93 ...	236	6	242	89,039	1,019	90,058	1,743	201	1,944	87,296	818	88,114	
ORISSA DIVISION.														
Cuttack	1890-91 ...	...	50	50	......	5,166	5,166	......	3,980	3,980	......	1,186	1,186	
	1891-92 ...	...	48	48	......	7,628	7,628	......	4,960	4,960	......	2,668	2,668	
	1892-93 ...	...	53	53	......	7,167	7,167	......	4,925	4,925	......	2,242	2,242	
Balasore	1890-91 ...	7	38	45	408	3,758	4,256	20	1,751	1,771	478	2,007	2,485	
	1891-92 ...	21	24	45	788	2,024	3,812	40	1,516	1,556	748	1,508	2,256	
	1892-93 ...	25	18	43	1,347	1,859	3,206	......	865	865	1,347	994	2,341	
Puri	1890-91 ...	13	3	16	1,230	233	1,463	......	99	99	1,230	134	1,364	
	1891-92 ...	17	3	20	1,688	313	2,001	......	136	136	1,688	177	1,865	
	1892-93 ...	22	...	22	2,029	48	2,077	......	31	31	2,029	17	2,046	
Divisional Total ...	1890-91 ...	20	91	111	1,728	9,157	10,885	20	5,830	5,850	1,708	3,327	5,035	
	1891-92 ...	38	75	113	2,476	10,965	13,441	40	6,612	6,652	2,436	4,353	6,789	
	1892-93 ...	47	71	118	3,376	9,074	12,450	......	5,821	5,821	3,376	3,253	6,629	
GRAND TOTAL ...	1890-91 ...	2,916	211	3,121	3,92,479	32,187	4,24,666	11,107	17,621	28,728	3,81,372	14,566	3,95,938	
	1891-92 ...	3,130	208	3,338	4,17,001	34,215	4,51,216	14,452	19,401	33,853	4,02,349	14,814	4,17,363	
	1892-93 ...	3,181	208	3,389	4,10,938	29,008	4,39,946	16,654	18,816	35,470	3,94,284	10,192	4,04,476	

APPEN

Statement showing details of educational expenditure (vide *Form No. II*

MAINTAINED

District.	18	19					20					21						19	Pri		
		Training and special schools.					High schools.					Middle schools.							Upper.		
												English.		Vernacular.		Total.					
	Inspection.	Training schools for teachers.	Guru-training classes.	Industrial schools.	Other schools.	Total.	General charges.	Prizes and rewards and library.	Charges for contingencies.	Charges for abolished schools.	Total.	For boys.	For girls.	For boys.	For girls.	For boys.	For girls.	Grand total.	Stipendiary.	Paid by rewards.	Mixed.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
BURDWAN DIVISION.							Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.									Rs.	
Burdwan	6,647	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,910	...	1,910	...	1,910	...	...	...
Bankura	4,787	......	......	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,477	...	1,477	...	1,477	3,958	27	684
Birbhum	4,342	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	688	...	688	...	688	...	...	...
Midnapore	10,845	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	2,013	...	2,313	...	2,313	...	...	...
Hooghly	7,259	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,496	...	...	...	1,496	...	1,496	...	...	...
Howrah	2,510	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,071	...	574	...	1,645	...	1,645	...	...	...
Divisional Total ...	86,390	......	......	...	2	2	...		...	...	...	2,867	...	6,662	...	9,529	...	9,529	3,958	27	684
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																					
24-Parganas ...	9,015	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	816	...	816	...	816	...	...	...
Khulna ...	3,742	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,044	...	1,044	...	1,044	...	...	...
Nadia ...	5,947	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	900	...	900	...	900	...	...	...
Jessore ...	6,618	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,322	...	1,322	...	1,322	...	...	...
Murshidabad ...	3,592	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	......	...	...	...
Total ...	28,914	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,082	...	4,082	...	4,082	...	...	...
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																					
Dinajpur ...	8,445	......	126	...	...	126	...	...	...	...	...	281	...	1,284	...	1,565	...	1,565	...	...	...
Rajshahi ...	5,085	...	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	215	...	215	...	215	...	1,156	2,012
Rangpur ...	9,715	......	......	1,099	...	1,099	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,671	...	1,671	...	1,671	...	...	...
Bogra ...	3,204	......	280	...	...	280	...	...	...	...	...	136	...	1,190	...	1,326	...	1,326	110	856	435
Pabna ...	5,569	......	......	416	...	416	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	217	...	217	...	217	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri ...	2,097	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	265	...	231	...	496	...	496	...	...	...
Total ...	34,115	......	406	1,515	...	1,921	...	...	...	...	...	682	...	4,808	...	5,490	...	5,490	110	2,012	2,447
DACCA DIVISION.																					
Dacca	10,316	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	......	...	...	...
Faridpur	5,914	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	978	...	978	...	978	...	...	...
Backergunge ...	9,593	......	......	2,679	...	2,679	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	863	...	863	...	863	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	9,759	......	......	8,721	...	8,721	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,268	...	2,268	...	2,268	498	...	...
Total ...	35,582	...	......	11,400	...	11,400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,109	...	4,109	...	4,109	498	...	...
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																					
Tippera	6,924	......	......	2,510	...	2,510	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	987	...	987	...	987	...	...	...
Noakhali	6,053	......	......	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,088	...	1,088	...	1,088	...	...	...
Chittagong... ...	5,779	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	944	...	944	...	944	...	...	...
Total ...	18,756	......	......	2,515	...	2,515	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,019	...	3,019	...	3,019	...	...	...
PATNA DIVISION.																					
Patna	5,811	......	......	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,416	...	3,416	...	3,416	2,388	...	...
Gaya	6,707	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,335	...	2,335	...	2,335	...	...	...
Shahabad	4,221	......	56	...	...	56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,959	...	2,959	...	2,959	2,019	157	...
Darbhanga ...	4,355	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,147	...	1,147	...	1,147	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur ...	5,331	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	729	...	729	...	729	1,579	28	328
Saran	5,574	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,519	...	3,519	...	3,519	...	...	...
Champaran ...	3,334	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	602	...	614	...	1,216	...	1,216	...	...	...
Total ...	35,333	......	56	20	...	76	...	...	...	...	...	602	...	14,719	...	15,321	...	15,321	5,986	185	328
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.																					
Monghyr	5,492	......	......	...	...	...	1,100	...	...	...	1,100	...	...	1,856	...	1,856	...	1,856	...	...	...
Bhagalpur ...	5,774	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,159	...	...	...	2,159	...	2,159	...	...	...
Purnea	5,931	626	......	887	...	1,513	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,047	...	1,047	...	1,047	...	...	...
Malda	2,168	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	656	...	656	...	656	...	...	...
Total ...	19,365	626	......	887	...	1,513	1,100	...		...	1,100	2,159	...	3,559	...	5,718	...	5,718	...	...	...
ORISSA DIVISION.																					
Cuttack	9,499	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	564	...	999	...	1,563	...	1,563	268	...	...
Balasore	8,473	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	395	...	395	...	395	...	...	...
Puri	4,584	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,681	...	1,681	...	1,681	125	...	...
Total ...	22,556	......	......	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	564	...	3,075	...	3,639	...	3,639	393	...	...
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,31,011	626	462	16,337	2	17,427	1,100	...	...	...	1,100	6,874	...	44,033	...	50,907	...	50,907	10,945	2,224	3,459

B.

incurred by the District Boards in Bengal during the year 1892-93.

Primary schools, girls'.					25					26			27	28	
					Scholarships held in—					Miscellaneous.					Remarks.
					Institutions.										
Upper.	Lower.	Total.	Grand total, primary schools.	Grand total.	Primary.	Secondary.	Special.	Collegiate.	Total.	Buildings and furniture.	Contingent charges.	Total.	Refunds.	Grand total.	
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
......	344	344	20,422	34,964	608	......	......	......	608	......	1,093	1,093	102	45,328	
......	...	......	......	6,093	728	......	......	......	728	117	433	550	......	29,556	
38	210	248	7,948	11,571	481	......	......	......	481	273	540	813	...	17,895	
228	733	961	28,362	37,061	348	458	23	......	829	14	3,904	3,918	......	55,566	
204	168	372	6,178	17,501	694	......	......	......	694	110	204	314	......	27,264	
230	489	719	7,882	12,724	......	304	208	......	512	220	987	1,207	......	18,598	
700	1,944	2,644	70,702	1,19,518	2,859	762	231	......	3,852	734	7,161	7,895	102	1,94,207	
......	474	474	21,889	30,794	161	193	80	......	434	265	1,397	1,662	......	42,721	
96	650	746	12,331	21,205	308	380	......	......	688	430	358	788	......	27,467	
......	1,065	1,065	10,589	20,007	......	363	......	......	363	180	1,264	1,444	......	28,661	
......	1,358	1,358	15,306	25,307	98	341	......	......	439	......	1,255	1,255	6	34,947	
......	188	188	11,323	16,832	70	381	......	......	451	735	243	978	......	21,913	
96	3,735	3,831	71,438	1,14,205	637	1,658	80	......	2,375	1,610	4,517	6,127	6	1,55,709	
......	115	115	10,976	14,396	199	134	......	......	333	150	177	327	......	25,192	
......	......	......	...	4,674	156	461	......	......	617	49	735	775	......	22,203	
......	288	288	17,725	26,207	838	304	......	......	642	184	1,987	2,171	......	41,505	
......	......	......	......	2,064	716	......	......	......	716	50	247	297	......	12,004	
......	947	947	12,996	20,015	24	284	......	65	373	87	1,506	1,593	......	28,183	
......	82	82	3,503	5,754	309	......	56	......	365	199	939	1,138	......	9,850	
......	1,432	1,432	45,200	73,110	1,742	1,183	56	65	3,046	710	5,591	6,101	......	1,38,937	
490	1,459	1,949	17,433	28,086	321	440	......	......	761	400	1,745	2,145	......	41,308	
164	1,580	1,744	12,029	18,940	......	344	......	......	344	230	3,109	3,339	......	29,515	
......	898	898	13,768	19,877	158	256	243	......	657	502	1,863	2,455	......	36,124	
81	2,617	2,698	17,313	26,301	1,195	......	183	......	1,378	......	505	505	......	49,632	
735	6,554	7,289	60,543	93,204	1,674	1,040	426	......	3,140	1,222	7,222	8,444	......	1,56,579	
38	4,049	4,087	24,733	29,294	906	......	360	......	1,266	67	968	1,035	180	42,196	
......	235	235	12,735	15,185	472	316	120	......	908	783	1,983	2,766	......	26,605	
294	93	387	9,260	13,613	93	190	......	......	283	535	1,180	1,715	......	22,334	
332	4,377	4,709	46,728	58,092	1,471	506	480	......	2,457	1,385	4,131	5,516	180	90,135	
......	......	......	......	......	1,116	......	......	......	1,116	......	1,316	1,316	......	25,393	
......	212	212	8,300	9,914	274	355	27	......	656	......	921	921	......	20,533	
......	......	......	......	729	868	209	1	......	1,078	......	642	642	......	15,439	
......	286	286	11,837	12,129	141	223	......	......	384	......	760	760	......	18,755	
......	......	......	......	1,179	139	452	......	......	561	25	404	429	......	17,316	
......	990	990	9,161	10,106	275	528	28	......	831	53	275	328	......	20,358	
......	24	24	9,215	10,304	213	309	......	......	522	250	1,290	1,540	......	16,916	
......	1,521	1,521	38,522	44,361	2,996	2,076	56	......	5,128	328	5,608	5,936	......	1,34,710	
......	2,223	2,223	9,765	10,719	153	446	......	......	599	......	203	203	......	19,969	
......	232	232	7,365	8,433	128	174	......	......	302	......	1,349	1,349	......	18,017	
......	25	25	9,290	10,571	173	223	......	......	396	......	266	266	......	19,724	
60	509	569	7,611	10,670	155	214	47	......	416	......	227	227	......	14,137	
60	2,989	3,049	34,031	49,393	609	1,057	47	......	1,713	......	2,045	2,045	......	71,847	
48	1,130	1,178	16,858	20,448	565	526	124	......	1,215	301	243	544	......	33,537	
...	867	867	12,520	17,325	136	199	46	......	381	15	1,273	1,288	......	27,862	
60	412	472	5,977	8,826	56	527	......	......	583	183	913	1,096	......	16,895	
108	2,409	2,517	35,353	46,599	757	1,252	170	......	2,179	499	2,429	2,928	......	78,294	
2,031	24,961	26,992	4,02,607	5,90,482	12,745	9,534	1,546	65	23,890	6,488	38,704	45,192	288	10,20,818	

APPOINTMENT OF A COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER THE QUESTIONS OF RECRUITMEMT, TRAINING, POSITION, PAY AND PROSPECTS OF CIVIL HOSPITAL ASSISTANTS IN BENGAL.

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT—MEDICAL.

Calcutta, the 19th December 1893.

RESOLUTION—No. 4046Med.

Read the following correspondence—

Letter to the Government of India, Home Department, No. 314T.—M., dated 23rd October 1891.

Letter from the Government of India, Home Department, No. 191, dated 26th March 1892.

Letter to the Government of India, Home Department, No. 619T.—M., dated 20th September 1892.

Letter from the Government of India, No. 5—229Med., of the 10th May 1893.

Letter to the Government of India, Home Department, No. 322T.—M., of the 30th June 1893.

Read also—

Letters from the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Nos. 71D., dated 22nd May 1893, and 110D., dated 6th June 1893.

Several questions of importance referring to the recruitment, training, position, pay and prospects of the Subordinate Medical Service in Bengal have lately been under the consideration of Government, and in the Lieutenant-Governor's opinion the time has come for a decision to be passed upon them.

2. In the first place, considerable difficulties have been experienced in making adequate arrangements for medico-legal work at the head-quarters of subdivisions. It was considered by this Government that the difficulty might be met by the creation of a grade of Sub-Assistant Surgeons, composed of officers possessing higher professional qualifications than Civil Hospital Assistants, while inferior in this respect to Assistant Surgeons. This proposal did not, however, commend itself to the Supreme Government, who have suggested the formation of a senior grade of Civil Hospital Assistants, to be filled by the best qualified of the men already in the service; but it has been represented to the Lieutenant-Governor that the chief need of the Civil Hospital Assistant class in Bengal is not so much the formation of a higher grade as the improvement of the pay and prospects of the lower grades, in order to attract better material into the service, and to enable Government to insist on higher qualifications in the candidates for employment as Civil Hospital Assistants. In this connection it has been stated that Government, in spite of its liberality in the matter of vernacular medical education, does not succeed in enlisting the best of the students in its service when they have passed out of the schools. In the second place, it has been urged that inequalities exist in the conditions of the vernacular medical schools in these provinces at Calcutta, Patna, Dacca, and Cuttack as regards not only the quality of the education afforded, but also the cost, the equipment, and the establishment in these institutions. Thirdly, it seems doubtful whether efficient arrangements are made at all the schools for the attendance of female students, so as to provide for their separation from the male students when coming to or leaving the schools, and when receiving instruction in the lecture rooms and dissecting halls.

3. All these are questions which demand the careful attention of the most experienced officers available, and the Lieutenant-Governor has decided to appoint for this purpose a Committee consisting of the officers named in the margin, upon whose mature judgment and intimate acquaintance with the requirements of Bengal he can confidently rely.

1. Surgeon-Colonel R. Harvey, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, President.
2. Sir A. W. Croft, C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction.
3. Surgeon-Major G. Bomford, Principal of the Medical College, Calcutta.

4. It will be the duty of the Committee to consider in the first place the present position of the Civil Hospital Assistant class, and to report whether the conditions under which they serve are such as to attract a sufficiently good type of students and to keep them contented: if reform is found to be advisable, they will state what direction it should take. They should consider whether better pay and improved prospects should not be made contingent upon the introduction of a higher standard of attainments, and these enquiries will lead the Committee to the second part of their labours, viz., an examination of the existing system of vernacular medical education. In the course of this investigation special attention should be given to the condition and the requirements of the different schools in the province, including the proposal to abolish that at Cuttack, and the possibility of introducing some approach to equality in the cost of each, and some uniformity in the equipment and the teaching staff. Connected with this point is the suggestion that some change should be effected in the duties or the emoluments of the Superintendent of the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta, who, it has been said, at present holds too many appointments to be able to devote adequate attention to all of them. Enquiry should be made into the conditions under which students are admitted into the schools, the extent to which, they are assisted by public funds during the period of tuition, the extent to which, after obtaining their certificates, they enter Government service, and the reasons which militate against their entering it, including among them the comparative attractions of other fields of employment open to them. The opportunity should also be taken of considering whether the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals should not be associated to some extent with the Director of Public Instruction in the superintendence of medical education both in the college and the schools. Lastly, the Committee should draw up detailed recommendations for the training of female medical students, who may possibly at no distant date form an important element in the student class. Some materials for a conclusion on each of these questions will be found in the papers quoted above, but the Committee are empowered to make such further enquiries as they may think proper either personally or by letter in Calcutta or elsewhere. Finally, the Lieutenant-Governor hopes that they will commence their labours as soon as possible, and submit their report in time to allow him to give it full consideration and to introduce any reforms that may be required from the commencement of the next financial year.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, to the Director of Public Instruction, and to the Principal of the Medical College, for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. A. BOURDILLON,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 16*th December*, 1893.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan Dec. 16, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* going on. *Rabi* coming on well. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 12 to 15¼ Kalna ... ... 10 to 15 Katwa ... ... 16 Raniganj ... ... 16 per rupee.
	2	Birbhum " 16, '93 Rampur Hát ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice nearly over; outturn excellent. *Rabi* crops doing well. Price of common rice 15 to 20 seers per rupee.
	3	Bankura " 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonably cold. Harvesting of *aman* still continues. *Rabi* crops doing well. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice (new) selling at— Srs. Sadar ... ... 18½ Vishnupur ... ... 17¼ per rupee.
	4	Midnapore " 16, '93	Nil	Weather—beginning to get cold. Winter rice is being reaped and threshed. *Rabi* is being sown in parts. Prospects continue good. Fodder and water abundant. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 16 Contai ... ... 19 Ghatal ... ... 15 to 16 per rupee.
	5	Hooghly " 16, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* is being harvested; outturn quite satisfactory. *Rabi* sowings in progress. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 11 to 12 Serampore ... ... 10 to 14 Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 14 per rupee.
	6	Howrah " 16, '93 Uluberia ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Sugarcane and spring crops doing well. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 10 to 13 seers per rupee according to locality.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas " 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* continues. Sowing of *rabi* nearly over. No cattle-disease reported. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Rice sells at— Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 to 13 8 Barasat ... ... 11 8 Basirhat ... ... 10 10¾ Diamond Harbour ... ... 13 8 per rupee.
	8	Nadia " 16, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cool. Harvesting of *aman* going on. Prospects of *rabi* crops good. Price of common rice has slightly fallen. Fodder and water sufficient.
	9	Murshidabad " 16, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cold. Sowing of *rabi* crops finished. Harvesting of *aman* paddy continues. Fodder and water sufficient for cattle. Common rice sells at 13 seers per rupee.
	10	Jessore " 16, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* is being harvested; outturn moderate. Winter crops doing well. Condition of cattle, fodder and water-supply good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Jessore ... ... 13 0 Jhenida ... ... 10 2 Magura ... ... 11 4 Narail ... ... 11 7 Bangaon ... ... 13 5 per rupee.
	11	Khulna " 16, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* is being cut everywhere with results varying from 14 to 20 annas. Price of common rice about 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

	No.	District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*					
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	12	Rajshahi Nator Naugaon	Dec. 16, '93	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good everywhere except in Boraigram thana, where the outturn up to date is reported to be 6 annas only. There is a sufficiency of fodder and water-supply. No cattle-disease. Price of rice stationary.
	13	Dinajpur Thakurgaon	„ 16, '93 ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cold. Winter rice is being harvested. Potatoes are coming out and doing well. Prospects all good. Prices gradually falling.
	14	Jalpaiguri	„ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—cool and bright. Harvesting of *haimanti* paddy continues; outturn expected to be 18 annas. Common rice sells at 12 seers per rupee. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water-supply ample.
	15	Darjeeling Siliguri	„ 16, '93 ...	0·02 Nil	Weather—bright and cool. There was a slight snowfall on the 15th instant. *In the hills:—Aghani dhan, marua, kalai,* are being harvested. *Phaphur* and potatoes ripening. Wheat, barley and *toree* progressing favourably. *In the Terai:*—Winter rice being harvested. Prospects of other crops good. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 8 to 11 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 12 to 14 }
	16	Rangpur Gaibanda Kurigaon Nilphamari	„ 16, '93	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—fine and cool. *Aman* is being harvested; outturn estimated to be 18 annas. *Rabi* crops doing well; prospects continue good. Price of rice stationary.
	17	Bogra	„ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and cool. *Aman* is now mostly cut; the outturn for the whole district is about 18 annas. Prospects of winter crops good. Fodder and water sufficient.
	18	Pabna	„ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and cool. *Aman* paddy is being harvested. Price of common rice in the Sirajganj subdivision Rs. 3-4 per maund and 11 seers per rupee in the Sadar subdivision. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
DACCA DIVN.	19	Dacca	„ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy going on. Prospects fair. Mustard, *mung*, and *kalai* doing well. Common rice selling from 8 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	20	Mymensingh	„ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of *aman* paddy going on. Common rice selling from 8 to 12 seers per rupee. Condition of cattle good. Supply of fodder sufficient except in some places in the Kishorganj subdivision.
	21	Faridpur Goalundo Madaripur	„ 16, '93	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* harvest nearly completed in Goalundo and Sadar, but still continues in Madaripur. *Maskalai* and *mung* being gathered in the north. Cultivation of other *rabi* crops still going on. Common rice sells from 11 seers per rupee at Madaripur to 13 seers at Goalundo. No cattle-disease and no want of fodder.
	22	Backergunge	„ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops good. Common new rice sells from 11 to 13 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	23	Chittagong	„ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable, though occasionally cloudy. Reaping of early paddy nearly over. *Aman* ripening and is being harvested in places; fair outturn expected. Sowing and transplantation of winter crops continue. Prices steady. Fodder and water sufficient.
	24	Noakhali	„ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* continues. *Rabi* crops have been damaged by insects in some places in the district. Condition of cattle good. Water and fodder sufficient. Prices of rice:— Srs. Noakhali ... ... 12 } per rupee. Fenny ... ... 14 }
	25	Tippera	„ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* is still being harvested: probable outturn has been stated in previous reports as 10 annas.
	26	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	„ 15, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Late plough-paddy being reaped in some places. Condition of cattle good. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Rangamati ... ... 9½ } Manicksury ... ... 12 } per rupee. Banderban ... ... 11 }

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
PATNA DIVISION.			
27	Patna Dec. 16, '93	Nil	Weather—cold and clear. Harvesting of paddy continues. Weeding of *rabi* and poppy in progress. Mustard and peas flowering in some places. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 21 Barh ... ... (old) 15½ (new) 19¼ per rupee. Bihar 21
28	Gaya " 16, '93 Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ... Nawada ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cold and clear. Harvesting of paddy going on. *Rabi* sowings completed. Weeding of poppy in progress. Prices of food-grains stationary. Fodder and water-supply ample.
29	Shahabad " 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Rice is being harvested. Prospects of poppy and *rabi* continue favourable.
30	Saran " 16, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Crop prospects very good. Poppy favourable. Fodder and water plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Chapra ... ... 16 Siwan ... ... 19 per rupee. Gopalganj 19
31	Champaran " 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Rice harvesting continues. *Rabi* sowings nearly finished except in the area affected by flood. Poppy already sown doing well. Prices stationary.
32	Muzaffarpur " 16, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and seasonable. Harvesting of paddy continues. *Rabi* and poppy still being sown in some places. Those already sown are promising well. Sufficient moisture in the soil for poppy sowings. Fodder and water sufficient.
33	Darbhanga " 16, '93	Nil	Weather—cool with west winds. Harvesting of rice continues. *Rabi* sowings completed and the plants coming on well. Poppy seeds reported to have germinated extremely well, and prospects of all standing crops very favourable. Fodder and water for cattle sufficient. Prices remain stationary.
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.			
34	Monghyr " 16, '93 Jamui ... Beguserai ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cold. Paddy is being harvested; new rice is coming to the market. *Rabi* sowing has been completed; prospects favourable. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice:— Srs. Sadar ... ... 16 to 20 Jamui ... ... (new) 19½ per rupee. Beguserai ... ... (new) 19
35	Bhagalpur " 16, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Supaul ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. All crops doing well. Fodder plentiful. Common rice sells at 17 seers 10 chitaks per rupee.
36	Purnea " 16, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—very cold. Harvesting of *aghani* still going on. *Kurthi* has been gathered already; outturn above 16 annas. Sugarcane pressing has just commenced. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—concld.			
Bhagalpur Divn.—concld.			
37	Malda Dec. 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of winter paddy going on. *Kalai* coming into maturity. Prospects of *rabi* crops continue good. Ordinary rice sells from 11 to 23 seers 10 chitaks per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
38	Sonthal Parganas „ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—cool and dry. Harvesting of paddy continues. Standing crops doing well. *Rabi* crops being sown in parts. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of new rice (common) 15 to 20 seers per rupee.
	Deoghur ...	Nil	
	Godda ...	Nil	
	Jamtara ...	Nil	
	Pakur ...	Nil	
	Rajmahal ..	Nil	
ORISSA			
Orissa Divn.			
39	Cuttack „ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Laghu* and *guru sarad* being harvested. *Mung* doing well and bearing pods. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 17 0 Jajpur ... ... 13 2 to 18 6 Kendrapara ... ... 13 0 to 21 0 Banki ... ... 21 0 } per rupee.
40	Puri „ 14, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Laghu* is being reaped. *Sarad* is ripening and in places being cut. Sugarcane is being crushed. Miscellaneous crops doing well. Cattle-disease reported. Prices of common rice:— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 15 12 to 23 10 Khurda ... ... 14 7 to 17 1 } per rupee.
	Khurda ...	Nil	
41	Balasore „ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. The outturn of winter rice is estimated at 15 annas in the Sadar and 12 annas in the Bhadrak subdivision. *Birhi* and *mung* 15 annas in Sadar and 14 annas in Bhadrak. Mustard 15 annas in Sadar and 8 annas in Bhadrak.
CHOTA NAGPUR.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
Chota Nagpur Divn.			
42	Hazaribagh Dec. 16, '93	Nil	Weather—cold. Paddy nearly harvested. *Kurthi* and sugarcane being harvested. Prospects excellent. Common rice 15 to 20 seers per rupee. Poppy has germinated satisfactorily all round; irrigation and weeding progressing.
	Giridi ...	Nil	
43	Lohardaga „ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—cold. Harvesting of winter rice nearly finished. Common rice selling at 18 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
44	Palamau „ 15, '93	Nil	Weather—cold and clear. Prospects of crops excellent. *Rabi* sowings are being pushed vigorously. Harvesting of paddy nearly finished. Cutting of sugarcane in hand. Cattle-disease in parts. Prices stationary. Fodder sufficient.
45	Singhbhum „ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—clear and very cold. Winter rice is being harvested; a full 16-anna crop expected. A slight outbreak of cattle-disease reported from Asonboni outpost, Dalbhum pargana.
46	Manbhum „ 16, '93	Nil	Weather—bright and cold. Prospects very good. Harvesting of rice crop in full swing. Rice selling from 15 to 20 seers per rupee. Fodder and water very sufficient.
	Gobindpur ...	Nil	

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 19th December, 1893.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (*Sorghum Vulgare.*). Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL.		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
BURDWAN DIVISION.																
1	Burdwan	14 14	14 14	11 12	...	...	...	12 0	11 12	Old 9 0 New 10 8	15 0	14 1	Old 11 1 New 12 0		...	-
2	Birbhum ...	10 8	10 8	10 4	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	11 0	16 8	16 8	15 0		...	...
3	Bankura ...	15 4	15 4	11 7	...	...	...	10 8	10 0	10 0	18 2	17 4	13 0	...	...	...
4	Midnapore ...	11 0	11 0	11 4	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	9 4	16 4	16 0	12 12	...	...	-
5	Hooghly ...	14 0	14 0	11 0	14 0	14 0	11 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	10 12	10 12	10 0		...	-
6	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 0	9 8	8 14	13 4	11 8	11 13	...	...	...
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.																
7	24-Parganas ...	13 8	13 4	11 0	17 0	16 0	16 0	8 0	7 0	8 0	12 8	12 8	11 4	16 0	...	...
	Calcutta	12 10	12 10	11 0	15 0	15 6	14 0	7 5	7 5	8 0	9 14	9 14	10 0	18 13	19 1	17 0
8	Nadia	16 14	15 3½	13 5	20 0	...	...	8 0	8 0	9 2	12 7	12 8½	11 3	..	...	...
9	Murshidabad ...	14 0	14 0	13 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 0	14 0	13 0	12 0			-
10	Jessore ..	10 8	8 0	10 0	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	8 8	13 0	12 3	12 0	..	...	-
11	Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 0	10 8	11 2	11 0	13 0	...	...	-
RAJSHAHI DIVISION.																
12	Rajshahi ...	16 8	16 8	12 12	23 8	24 0	19 8	8 4	9 0	9 0	12 13	12 0	12 12	..	...	-
13	Dinajpur ...	14 6	14 6	11 4	11 0	12 8	15 12	9 8	9 8	8 0	15 8	13 3	14 8			-
14	Jalpaiguri .	13 0	13 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	12 0	11 0	12 0	..	...	-
15	Darjeeling .	8 0	8 0	7 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	5 8	5 8	5 0	13 0	12 0	11 0	...	...	-
16	Rangpur	14 6	14 0	11 0	14 0	14 0	...	9 0	8 4	8 0	11 4	11 8	9 8			-
17	Bogra ...	13 8	15 0	10 8	...	...	...	8 4	7 14	9 0	15 0	15 12	15 0	...	...	-
18	Pabna	17 4	15 12	13 8	22 8	21 0	...	6 0	6 0	6 10	13 2	12 12	12 8	..		-
DACCA DIVISION.																
19	Dacca	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	8 8	9 8	9 8	13 0	...	...	-
20	Mymensingh .	9 8	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	9 8	8 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	11 8	...	...	-
21	Faridpur ...	16 0	16 0	10 0	18 0	18 0	11 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	10 4	10 0	12 0	...	...	-
22	Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 4	Old 8 0 New 12 4	Old 9 0 New 11 8	Old 9 0 New 11 7	13 0	..	..	-

A In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kalna 10 seers, Katwa 10¾ seers, and Raniganj 10 seers.
B At Rampur Hát the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
C At Vishnupur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
D In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Contai 9 seers, Tamluk 10 seers, and Ghatal 10 seers 7 chitaks.
E In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Serampore (Bhadreswar) 10 seers and Jahanabad 10 seers.
F At Ulubaria the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.
G In the mufassal marts the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Chetla 11 seers 7 chitaks, Baduria 11 seers, Barasat 10 seers, and Magra Hát 9 seers.
H In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kushtia (Bahadurkhali) 10½ seers, Ranaghat 10 seers.
I In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Kandi 10½ seers and Jangipur not reported.
J In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are:—Jhenida 9¾ seers, Magura 9½ seers, Narail 9½ seers, and Bangaon 10 seers 11 chitaks.

…EERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana Chhola, Kadala or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	15 12
...	...	...	18 0	18 0	13 8
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	14 [illegible]
...	...	...	14 8	14 8	12 12
...	...	...	15 12	16 0	11 8
...	...	...	...	...	...
8 0	8 0	7 0	20 0	20 0	16 [illegible]
9 0	9 0	9 8	14 8	14 10	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	22 0	22 13½	16 [illegible]
...	...	...	20 0	19 0	16 [illegible]
...	...	...	12 8	13 0	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	12 4	12 0	11 [illegible]
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	15 [illegible]
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	12 [illegible]
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	12 0	11 0	10 [illegible]
...	...	...	18 8	17 0	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	13 8	13 2	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	17 0	17 4	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	14 0	14 0	...
...	...	...	12 8	12 8	[illegible]
...	...	...	10 8	10 8	11 [illegible]
...	...	...	13 4	13 6	12 [illegible]

Head-quarters Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th December, 1893.

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*) Present return.	Indian-corn Next preceding return.	Indian-corn Corresponding return of last year.	Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus Indicus.*) Present return.	Arhar Next preceding return.	Arhar Corresponding return of last year.	Firewood. Present return.	Firewood Next preceding return.	Firewood Corresponding return of last year.	Salt. Present return.	Salt Next preceding return.	Salt Corresponding return of last year.	Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt. Present return.	Wholesale Salt Next preceding return.	Wholesale Salt Corresponding return of last year.	Districts.	Number.	Division
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	BENGAL.		
...	...	...	18 8	18 8	12 0	90 0	90 0	100 0	A 10 0	10 0	12 0	3 11 9	3 11 9	3 5 4	Burdwan.	1	Burdwan Division.
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	11 0	160 0	160 0	200 0	B 11 0	11 0	10 12	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 12 6	Birbhum.	2	
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	12 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	C 10 0	10 2	11 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 10 0	Bankura.	3	
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	17 8	200 0	200 0	240 0	D 10 12	10 12	11 7	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 8 0	Midnapore.	4	
...	...	...	10 8	10 8	11 8	120 0	120 0	160 0	E 12 12	12 12	11 12	3 4 0	3 4 0	3 6 0	Hooghly.	5	
...	...	...	12 10	12 0	11 10	105 0	105 0	106 0	F 10 0	10 0	10 10⅜	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Howrah.	6	
16 0	16 0	18 0	20 0	20 0	17 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	G 10 8	10 8	11 0	3 9 6	3 10 0	3 4 6	24-Parganas.	7	Presidency Division.
20 0	19 1	19 0	18 4	18 0	12 4	85 0	85 0	85 0	10 13	10 13	9 8	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 4 0	Calcutta.		
...	...	...	16 5¼	16 5½	17 12¼	128 0	128 0	120 0	H 9 12	9 0	10 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	Nadia.	8	
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	17 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	I 10 8	10 8	10 8	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	Murshidabad.	9	
...	...	...	16 0	20 0	15 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	J 10 0	9 2	9 14	4 0 0	4 2 0	3 10 0	Jessore.	10	
...	...	...	10 0	11 8	10 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	K 10 0	9 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	Khulna.	11	
...	...	...	20 14	21 0	18 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	L 9 0	9 9	9 9	4 0 0	3 10 8	3 10 8	Rajshahi.	12	Rajshahi Division.
...	...	...	20 0	21 0	13 8	160 0	160 0	160 0	10 0	9 0	9 4	4 0 0	4 4 0	3 12 0	Dinajpur.	13	
...	...	...	9 0	9 0	10 0	160 0	160 0	200 0	M 9 0	8 0	10 0	4 4 0	4 8 0	3 12 0	Jalpaiguri.	14	
20 0	20 8	16 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	N 8 0	8 0	8 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	Darjeeling.	15	
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	9 8	60 0	52 0	80 0	O 9 0	7 0	9 12	4 12 0	5 8 0	4 4 0	Rangpur.	16	
...	...	...	...	...	...	90 0	90 0	90 0	8 1	8 10	9 12	4 6 8	4 5 3	3 12 0	Bogra.	17	
...	...	...	21 0	22 8	17 8	200 0	200 0	200 0	P 9 12	9 12	9 12	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	Pabna.	18	
...	...	...	19 0	19 0	...	140 0	140 0	120 0	Q 8 0	8 0	10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 10 0	Dacca.	19	Dacca Division.
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	13 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	R 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	Mymensingh.	20	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S 8 0	9 4	10 0	4 7 0	4 6 0	3 14 0	Faridpur.	21	
10 0	Mug. 10 0	10 4	8 0	Musuri. 8 0	7 8	80 0	80 0	85 0	T 9 0	9 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	Backergunge.	22	

K In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Satkhira 9 seers and Bagerhat 8 seers.
L In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nator 9 seers and Naugaon 8¾ seers.
M In the Alipore subdivision the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
N At Silliguri the retail price of salt is 9 seers per rupee.
O In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Gaibanda 10 seers, Kurigaon 7 seers, and Nilphamari 9 seers.
P At Sirajganj the retail price of salt is 10¼ seers per rupee.
Q In the mufassal marts the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madanganj not reported, Manikganj 9 seers, Mirkadim Hát 9 seers 6 chitaks, and Munshirhát 9 seers 6 chitaks.
R In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jamalpur 8 seers, Kishorganj 8 seers, Netrakona 8 seers, 10 chitaks, and Kagmari 10 seers.
S In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Goalundo 10 seers and Madaripur 9¼ seers.
T In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Pirojpur 8 seers, Patuakhali 9 seers, and Bhola 8 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT (retail) of Food-grains, Firewood, and Salt in the Head-quarters

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN

Number.	DISTRICTS.	Wheat. Present return.	Wheat. Next preceding return.	Wheat. Corresponding return of last year.	Barley. Present return.	Barley. Next preceding return.	Barley. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, best sort. Present return.	Rice, best sort. Next preceding return.	Rice, best sort. Corresponding return of last year.	Rice, common. Present return.	Rice, common. Next preceding return.	Rice, common. Corresponding return of last year.	Jowar or Cholum (Sorghum Vulgare). Present return.	Jowar or Cholum. Next preceding return.	Jowar or Cholum. Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL—*continued.*		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.																
23	Chittagong ...	11 0	11 0	9 4	...	...	...	8 14	8 14	9 0	12 4	12 4	13 0	...	...	...
24	Noakhali (Kalitara hát).	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	10 0	13 0	11 0 to 12 0	13 0	...	...	...
25	Tippera ...	10 0	9 12	10 0	...	...	...	9 0	8 4	10 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	...	...	...
26	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 4	8 14	8 14	...	...	...
BIHAR.																
PATNA DIVISION.																
27	Patna ...	18 0 / 17 0	Red. 18 0 / White. 17 0	15 0 / 14 0	24 0	24 0	21 8	11 0	11 0	10 8	21 0	19 0	16 0	...	...	...
28	Gaya ...	15 0	15 0	12 8	20 0	19 8	18 0	10 8	9 12	9 0	17 8	16 0	14 0	20 0	19 8	20 4
29	Shahabad* ...		13 0	15 0		21 0	16 0		9 0	8 0		16 0	15 0	...	...	...
30	Saran ...	15 0	14 0	13 12	18 12	18 8	20 0	12 0	12 0	10 7	16 0	15 8	13 10	...	...	...
31	Champaran ...	13 4	13 0	11 0	...	...	...	8 4	8 8	9 0	19 0	19 0	15 8	...	...	...
32	Muzaffarpur ...	13 8	13 0	12 0	18 0	20 0	18 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	15 0	12 8	15 0	...	...	...
33	Darbhanga ...	14 13	14 4	13 3	17 9	16 8	11 8	10 0	13 0	11 0	17 8	17 8	14 0	...	...	...
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.																
34	Monghyr ...	16 0 to 18 0	16 4 to 18 14	12 0 to 13 0	19 0	18 0	14 0 to 15 0	12 8	10 8	8 0 to 0	17 0	16 13	11 4 to 12 4	18 0	16 4	...
35	Bhagalpur ...	16 6	16 6	13 14	20 3	20 3	12 10	10 11	10 1	Old 8 13 / New 12 10	New 17 8	18 15	14 8 Old 12 10	...	...	...
36	Purnea (Kasba)	16 0	18 0	10 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	13 0	16 0	18 0	14 0	...	...	...
37	Malda (English Bazar).	17 0	16 0	13 0	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	8 8	15 0	15 0	13 8	...	...	...
38	Sonthal Parganas.	12 8	12 8	11 8	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	8 0	17 0	18 0	14 8	...	...	...
ORISSA.																
ORISSA DIVISION.																
39	Cuttack ...	13 2	13 2	11 13	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 8	15 12	14 7	13 2	...	...	...
40	Puri ...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	7 14	15 12	15 12	15 12	...	...	...
41	Balasore ...	14 0	14 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	19 0	19 0	15 0	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPUR.																
CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.																
42	Hazaribagh ...	12 0	12 0 to 13 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	11 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	16 8 to 17 0	New 17 0 / Old 12 8	13 8	...	...	...
43	Lohardaga ...	11 0 / 8 0 to 9 0	Red. 10 0 to 11 0 / White. 8 0 to 9 0	12 0 / 8 0 to 12 0	17 0	15 0	9 0	13 0	New 13 0 to 14 0	11 0 to 13 0	16 0 to 18 0	18 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 16 0	...	...	...
44	Palamau ...	14 0	12 6	11 4	23 10	...	...	New 15 3	10 11	11 4	16 5	14 10	15 12	...	...	...
45	Singhbhum ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	11 0	16 0	16 0	13 0	...	...	...
46	Manbhum ...	13 4	13 4	11 8	12 0	16 0	...	12 0	10 0	8 8	16 8 & 17 0	16 8 & 19 8	13 0 & 14 0	...	...	...

* Present return not received.

U At Cox's Bazar the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
V At Fenny Hát the retail price of salt is $6\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee.
W In the Brahmanbaria and Chandpur subdivisions the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
X In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Barh $10\frac{5}{8}$ seers, Bihar $10\frac{1}{2}$ seers, and Dinapur $9\frac{1}{2}$ seers.
Y In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Nawada 8 seers, Jahanabad 10 seers, and Aurangabad $9\frac{3}{4}$ seers.
Z In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Siwan 10 seers 6 chitaks and Gopalganj (Mirganj) 11 seers 6 chitaks.
a At Bettiah the retail price of salt is $9\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee.
b In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Hajipur $10\frac{1}{2}$ seers and Sitamarhi 11 seers.

CALCUTTA,
The 19*th December*, 1893.

SEERS OF 80 TOLAHS.

Bajra or Cumbu. (*Pennisetum typhoideum.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*) Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	28 0	...
...	...	...	22	21 0	25 0
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	22 0	22 0	22 8
...	...	...	24 8	...	27 0
...	...	...	19 0	20 0	30 0
...	...	...	27 8	28 8	28 0
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	24 8 to 25 0	26 0	27 0
	...	...	35 0	40 0	33 0
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...

Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet. (*Setaria italica.*)			Gram, Chana, Chhola, Kadalay or Sunaga. (*Cicer arietinum.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	10 [illegible]
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	8 [illegible]
...	...	...	11 4	11 4	8 [illegible]
...	...	...	...	...	...
20 0	20 0	23 0	30 0	30 0	20 [illegible]
15 4	15 4	17 0	19 0	19 0	16 [illegible]
...	...	...		21 0	15 [illegible]
18 0	18 0	16 0	24 0	23 14	19 [illegible]
...	...	...	22 8	24 0	16 [illegible]
...	...	...	21 0	20 0	15 [illegible]
13 3	...	13 3	24 3	24 0	17 [illegible]
9 0	15 0	14 0	25 0	24 0 to 25 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	20 3	20 3	[illegible]
...	...	...	20 0	20 0	[illegible]
13 0	13 0	13 0	16 0	15 0	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	19 11	Kalai. 19 1	19 [illegible]
...	...	...	18 6	18 6	–
...	...	...	(Chhola.) 13 0 Biri or Kalai. 17 8	13 0 17 8	12 [illegible] 13 [illegible]
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 [illegible]
...	...	...	14 0	13 0 to 14 0	[illegible]
...	...	...	20 4	16 14	11 [illegible]
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 [illegible]
...	...	...	16 0	16 0 & 17 0	[illegible]

Station Bazars of the Districts of Bengal on the 15th December, 1893—(concluded).

Indian-corn or Maize. (*Zea Mays.*)			Arhar or Thur, Cadjan Pea. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			Firewood.			Salt.			Wholesale prices per maund of 40 seers. Salt.			Districts.	Number.	
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
															BENGAL—*continued.*		
...	...	...	...	...	...	80 0	80 0	110 0	[U] 10 0	10 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 9 0	Chittagong.	23	Chittagong Division.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[V] 8 0	8 0	9 0	4 12 0	4 10 0	4 0 0	Noakhali. (Kalitara hát).	24	
...	...	...	7 0	6 12	8 0	...	...	...	[W] 9 0	8 0	10 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	Tippera.	25	
No. in 300	cobs. 300	...	...	...	...	240 0	240 0	320 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	4 8 0	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	26	
															BIHAR.		
27 0	27 0	25 0	27 0	27 0	20 8	130 0	130 0	130 0	[X] 11 0	11 0	11 8	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.	27	Patna Division.
20 8	19 0	23 0	20 0	19 8	19 0	120 0	120 0	200 0	[Y] 10 0	9 12	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 13 0	Gaya.	28	
	21 0	22 0		20 0	16 0	160 0	160 0	160 0		10 0	11 0		4 0 0	3 10 0	Shahabad.	29	
23 8	23 8	23 4	22 8	23 0	18 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	[Z] 10 0	9 12	10 8	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 11 3	Saran.	30	
22 8	22 8	26 8	22 8	22 8	16 4	180 0	180 0	160 0	[a] 10 8	10 4	10 8	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	Champaran.	31	
21 0	20 0	25 0	21 0	20 0	17 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	[b] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	Muzaffarpur.	32	
24 3	24 0	27 8	23 0	23 0	17 9	176 0	176 0	176 0	[c] 11 0	11 0	10 6	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 14 0	Darbhanga.	33	
22 0	21 0 to 24 0	23 0	21 0	21 0 to 23 1	15 0	120 0	126 0 to 168 0	160 0	[d] 9 8	10 0	10 8	4 2 0	3 13 0	3 7 0	Monghyr.	34	Bhagalpur Division.
25 0	26 8	27 14	20 3	20 3	16 6	151 8	151 8	164 0	[e] 10 1	10 0	10 11	3 15 6	4 0 0	3 12 0	Bhagalpur.	35	
...	...	...	16 0	20 0	16 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	[f] 9 0	9 0	10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 2	Purnea (Kasba).	36	
...	20 0	26 0	13 0	12 0	11 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	[g] 9 0	9 0	10 0	...	...	3 12 0	Malda (English Bazar).	37	
21 0	20 0	24 0	22 8	22 8	11 8	120 0	120 0	200 0	[h] 10 0	10 0	10 8	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 10 3	Sonthal Parganas.	38	
															ORISSA.		
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	16 7	80 0	80 0	80 0	[i] 10 12	10 12	10 12	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 5 0	Cuttack.	39	Orissa Division.
...	...	...	17 2	17 2	...	80 0	80 0	...	10 8	11 2	12 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 0 0	Puri.	40	
...	...	...	10 0	10 0	10 12	130 0	130 0	160 0	[j] 11 0	11 0	11 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Balasore.	41	
															CHOTA NAGPUR.		
19 0 to 20 0	18 0	22 0	17 6	18 0	16 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	9 8	8 0	9 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	Hazaribagh.	42	Chota Nagpur Division.
20 0	20 0	21 0	Small. 18 8	Small. 20 0; Big. 13 0	Small. 15 0; Big. 11 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	9 8	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 1 0	Lohardaga.	43	
23 10	18 9	28 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11½	8 9	9 4½	...	...	...	Palamau.	44	
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	12 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	Singhbhum.	45	
...	34 0	24 0	17 0	18 0	18 0	...	...	...	[k] 9 2	9 2	10 10	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 10 0	Manbhum.	46	

c In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Madhubani 11 seers and Samastipur 10 seers.
d In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Begusarai 9½ seers and Jamui 10 seers.
e In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Banka 10 seers, Madhipura 8¾ seers, and Supaul 9 seers.
f In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Kishanganj 10 seers and Arraria 9 seers.
g At Rahanpur the retail price of salt is 10½ seers per rupee.
h In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Deoghur 10½ seers, Godda 9 seers, Jamtara 9 seers, Pakur 10½ seers, and Rajmahal 10 seers.
i In the subdivisions the retail prices of salt per rupee are :—Jajpur 9 seers, Kendrapara 9 seers, and Banki 11 seers.
j At Bhadrak the retail price of salt is 8 seers per rupee.
k At Gobindpur the retail price of salt is 11 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

PRICES-CURRENT (*wholesale*) *of Food-grains, Firewood, and Sa*

Number.	MARTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE COMMON.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A.
1	Calcutta ...	3 2 0	3 2 6	3 6 0	2 10 6	2 9 6	2 12 0	5 7 0	5 7 6	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 3	3 12
2	Sirajganj ...	2 8 0	2 8 0	3 6 0	...	...	...	6 2 0	5 12 0	5 6 0	3 4 0	4 0 0	3 6
3	Dacca ...	3 4 0	3 4 0	...	...	...	...	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 1
4	Narayanganj*	...	...	...	...	...	...		4 10 0	3 0 0		3 8 0	2 12
5	Chittagong	3 4 0	3 4 0	4 2 0	...	...	...	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 6 0	3 2 8	3 2 8	3 0
6	Patna ...	Red. 2 3 6 White. 2 6 0	Red. 2 3 6 White. 2 6 0	Red. 2 10 6 White. 2 13 6	1 10 6	1 10 6	1 13 9	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 13 0	1 14 6	2 1 6	2 8
7	Balasore ...	2 14 0	2 14 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	2 1 6	2 1 6	2 10
8	Puri ...	3 12 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	2 8 0	2 8 0	2 8
9	Cuttack ...	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 12 0	2 8 0	2 12 0	3 0

* Present return not received.

CALCUTTA,

The 19*th December*, 1893.

PRICES PER MAUND

[J]owar or Cholum. ([S]orghum Vulgare.)			Bajra or Cumbu. (Pennisetum typhoideum.)		
[Pr]esent return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
[R.] A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
[illegible] 0	2 1 6	2 3 0	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

OF 40 SEERS.

Marua or Ragi. (*Eleusine Corocana.*)			Kangni or Kakt[illegible] Italian Millet. (*Setaria italica.*)		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
...	...	...	4 6 0	4 6 6	4 [illegible]
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1 7 0	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 [illegible]
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

in the undermentioned Marts of Bengal on the 15th December, 1893.

GRAM, CHANA, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA. (*Cicer Arietinum.*)			INDIAN-CORN OR MAIZE. (*Zea Mays.*)			ARHAR OR THUR, CADJAN PEA. (*Cajanus indicus.*)			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			MARTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	
2 12 0	2 11 9	2 13 0	2 0 0	2 1 9	1 13 0	2 3 0	2 3 6	3 0 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	4 0 0	Calcutta.
2 8 0	2 8 0	3 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 6 6	3 11 0	3 12 0	3 8 0	Sirajganj.
2 12 0	2 12 0	...	...	...	...	2 2 0	2 2 0	...	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	3 10 0	Dacca.
	2 4 0	3 8 0	...	...	...		2 4 0	3 4 0		0 6 0	0 8 0		4 8 0	3 8 0	Narayanganj.
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 5 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 9 0	Chittagong.
1 5 0	1 5 0	2 0 0	1 7 9	1 7 9	1 9 9	1 7 9	1 7 9	1 15 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	Patna.
2 11 0	2 11 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	...	...	...	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	Balasore.
2 2 0	2 2 0	...	...	...	...	2 5 0	2 5 0	...	0 8 0	0 8 0	...	3 12 0	3 8 0	3 0 0	Puri.
2 0 0	(Kalai.) 2 0 0	2 2 0	...	...	...	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 7 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 5 0	Cuttack.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	STATION OBSERVATIONS. Air Pressure. Mean barometric height, 8 A.M., reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Temperature. Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	30·118	30·073	—	N	171	81·6	10th Dec.	58·6	12, 13 Dec.	80·0	60·4	70·2
		Gopalpore	30·121	30·083	+·070	NNW	247	80·7	10th ,,	54·6	13th ,,	78·8	57·1	68·0
		False Point	30·125	30·089	+·074	NNW	140	78·9	10th ,,	52·0	12th ,,	77·2	55·9	66·5
	Cuttack	Cuttack	30·063	30·090	+·076	Calm	31	82·3	10th ,,	53·9	12th ,,	80·2	56·2	68·2
	Balasore	Balasore	30·089	30·095	+·070	NNW	71†	79·3	10th ,,	50·5	11, 13 to 15th ,,	77·7	51·8	64·8
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	30·007	30·111	+·081	Nly	38	80·3	16th ,,	50·2	13th ,,	78·0	52·6	65·3
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	30·122	30·090	+·071	Calm	24	76·2	10th ,,	51·7	13th ,,	74·7	53·1	63·9
		Saugor Island	30·116	30·086	+·072	NNE	206	76·7	10th ,,	51·7	13th ,,	74·6	56·0	65·4
	Howrah													
	Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar	30·093	30·092	+·077	WNW	51	76·5	16th ,,	50·0	13th ,,	75·5	51·3	63·4
	Khulna													
	Jessore	Jessore	30·101	30·082	+·072	NNW	38	76·6	10th ,,	51·5	13th ,,	75·5	52·6	64·1
	Burdwan	Burdwan	30·053	30·105	+·073	NW	29	76·9	16th ,,	52·7	13th ,,	76·0	54·1	65·1
		Raniganj	29·817	30·126	+·075	NW	35	78·0	16th ,,	50·2	13th ,,	76·0	51·6	63·8
	Bankura	Bankura	29·829	30·100	+·073	W	49	79·1	16th ,,	50·8	11, 13th ,,	76·6	52·1	64·4
	Birbhum													
	Murshidabad	Berhampore	30·076	30·095	+·072	NW	32	75·1	16th ,,	53·3	13th ,,	74·2	54·7	64·5
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	30·077	30·075	+·070	Calm	15	75·4	12th ,,	49·9	12th ,,	71·8	51·4	61·6
	Bogra	Bogra	30·071	30·088	+·112	NE & Calm.	29	75·3	10—13 & 16 ,,	48·2	10, 11th ,,	75·1	49·2	62·2
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia.	30·067	30·090	+·091	N	100	76·6	14th ,,	48·1	11th ,,	74·5	51·0	62·8
	Malda	Malda*	30·072	30·109	—	NW	48	75·5	14th ,,	47·5	11th ,,	74·6	48·3	61·5
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	30·016	30·101	+·089	NE	32	75·6	13th ,,	47·5	12th ,,	74·6	48·7	61·7
	Rangpur	Rangpur	30·022	30·108	+·071	NEly	19	74·8	16th ,,	46·4	11th ,,	74·0	48·2	61·1
	Jalpaiguri	Jalpaiguri	29·861	30·117	+·079	Nly	26	74·9	10th ,,	48·1	11th ,,	73·8	49·0	61·4
	Kuch Bihar													
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	23·044	—	+·021	Variable	64	54·8	12th ,,	31·4	15th ,,	47·6	34·1	40·9
	Sikkim	Gnatong	18·911	—	—	NEly	80	42·9	12th ,,	13·1	16th ,,	38·9	19·2	29·3
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	30·023	30·063	+·066	NNE	60	78·7	10th ,,	54·1	12th ,,	76·6	56·0	66·3
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri						Observations not received.						
	Backergunge	Barisal	30·032*	30·060*	+·063*	Calm	34	78·8	10th Dec.	53·0	12, 13 & 16 ,,	75·0	53·4	64·7
	Noakhali	Noakhali	30·050	30·042	+·054	NEly	64	78·1	10th ,,	51·0	12th ,,	76·0	52·7	64·4
	Faridpur	Faridpur	30·085	30·081	+·074	Calm	26	73·5	10 to 16 ,,	51·5	11th ,,	73·5	53·2	63·4
	Dacca	Dacca	30·092	30·061	+·064	Nly	63	79·1	10th ,,	53·3	11th ,,	77·3	54·7	66·0
	Tippera	Comilla	30·079	30·064	+·067	Calm	23	79·4	10th ,,	50·6	11th ,,	77·0	51·9	64·5
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	30·064	30·078	+·074	Nly	35	75·7	10th ,,	50·1	12th ,,	74·2	51·7	63·3
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	30·014	30·102	+·074	Wly	20	73·2	10 to 14 & 16 ,,	47·3	11 to 13 ,,	73·1	48·7	60·9
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·974	30·096	+·066	Calm	2	75·3	12, 16 ,,	47·5	12th ,,	74·6	48·9	61·7
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·975	30·105	+·054	SWly	35	74·3	10th ,,	51·9	12th ,,	73·5	53·4	63·5
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·972	30·115	—	Variable	30	73·7	10, 11 ,,	49·3	12th ,,	72·6	51·4	62·1
	Champaran	Motihari	29·903	30·101	+·067	Wly	75	74·2	10, 13 ,,	45·9	11th ,,	73·7	48·3	61·0
	Saran	Chapra	29·973	30·118	+·109	SWly	52	75·2	10th ,,	49·6	13th ,,	74·1	51·4	62·8
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·803	30·132	+·082	SW	126	77·3	16th ,,	50·4	11th ,,	75·3	52·1	63·7
		Buxar	29·905	30·115	+·062	WSW	56	76·6	10th ,,	47·4	13, 14 ,,	75·1	50·1	62·6
		Arrah	29·954	30·110	+·087	W	30	75·9	10th ,,	47·5	13th ,,	74·9	49·6	62·3
	Gaya	Gaya	29·771	30·125	+·069	Sly	140	76·7	10th ,,	48·5	13th ,,	75·6	50·2	63·0
	Patna	Bankipore	29·965	30·112	+·058	W	61	74·2	10th ,,	49·1	12, 13 ,,	73·4	51·4	62·4
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·630	30·115	+·077	Calm	46	75·8	16th ,,	48·1	11, 13 ,,	74·3	49·5	61·9
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	28·058	30·113	+·044	NWly	152	76·2	16th ,,	45·3	12th ,,	71·3	47·7	59·5
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·937	30·103	+·059	Calm	126	74·5	16th ,,	45·3	12th ,,	70·5	48·4	59·5
	Palamau	Daltonganj	29·303	30·075	—	SW	31	77·2	16th ,,	42·5	12th ,,	74·9	44·3	59·6
	Singhbhum	Chaibassa	29·358	30·115	+·083	Calm	3	80·3	16th ,,	47·8	13th ,,	78·1	49·5	63·8
	Manbhum													

* Means for 6 days. | † Means for 5 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period

The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 10

rainfal the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station

district, *i.e.* from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 16th of December 1893.

					DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS.										
					Of week.				Rainfall.						
									Since 1st of month.			Since 16th October 1893.			
Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	District.
—	64·1	76	0	Nil	Nil	0·33	0·00	0·33	Nil	0·77	—0·77	6·83	7·40	—0·57	Puri.
—3·5	61·7	77	0	Nil											
—1·0	61·6	81	1·9	Nil											
—2·3	62·1	68	0·3		Nil	0·16	0·00	0·30	Nil	0·45	—0·45	4·20	4·70	—0·50	Cuttack.
—1·9	57·6	85	0	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·00	0·16	Nil	0·19	—0·19	4·21	3·23	+0·98	Balasore.
—2·2	59·8	65	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0·20	Nil	0·21	—0·21	3·32	3·56	—0·24	Midnapore.
—3·0	59·0	84	0	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0·16	Nil	0·24	—0·24	2·44	3·48	—1·04	24-Parganas.
—2·7	60·9	91	0·6	Nil											
					Nil	0·08	0·00	0·23	Nil	0·24	—0·24	2·38	2·41	—0·03	Howrah.
					Nil	0·07	0·00	0·16	Nil	0·19	—0·19	2·85	2·49	+0·36	Hooghly.
—3·6	59·2	80	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·03	Nil	0·09	—0·09	1·47	2·20	—0·73	Nadia.
					Nil	0·05	0·00	0·12	Nil	0·30	—0·30	2·19	3·44	—1·25	Khulna.
—3·3	59·6	85	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·04	Nil	0·19	—0·19	0·95	2·75	—1·80	Jessore.
—2·4	59·3	71	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·13	—0·13	2·05	2·21	—0·16	Burdwan.
—2·7	56·1	80	0	Nil											
—3·6	57·4	73	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·16	—0·16	2·29	2·35	—0·06	Bankura.
					Nil	0·02	0·00	0·14	Nil	0·11	—0·11	1·76	2·12	—0·35	Birbhum.
—2·1	56·7	89	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·07	Nil	0·12	—0·12	1·83	2·26	—0·43	Murshidabad.
—4·1	58·0	89	0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·08	Nil	0·09	—0·09	3·17	2·63	+0·54	Pabna.
—4·0	58·6	83	0	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·13	0·05	0·13	—0·08	4·06	2·09	+1·97	Bogra.
—1·6	59·7	81	0	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·11	—0·11	2·73	1·88	+0·85	Rajshahi.
—	55·7	85	0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·10	Nil	0·08	—0·08	3·13	1·58	+1·55	Malda.
—2·6	55·4	87	0	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·00	0·10	Nil	0·14	—0·14	2·81	1·56	+1·25	Dinajpur.
—2·9	54·9	91	0	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·00	0·15	Nil	0·12	—0·12	1·79	2·21	—0·42	Rangpur.
—3·	55·8	84	0·9	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·10	0·39	0·06	+0·33	3·09	3·67	+0·02	Jalpaiguri.
0					Nil	0·11	0·00	0·26	0·52	0·11	+0·41	4·34	1·97	+2·37	Kuch Bihar.
—2·6	39·7	73*	2·0	0·32	0·61	0·09	0·00	0·29	0·53	0·11	+0·42	5·58	2·82	+2·76	Darjeeling.
—	25·6	84	2·3	0·15											Gnatong.
—2·5	61·2	91	1·6	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·00	0·15	0·04	0·52	—0·48	6·18	5·46	+0·72	Chittagong.
					Nil	0·06	0·00	0·10	Nil	0·53	—0·53	5·31	4·67	+0·44	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
—2·6	61·5	86	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·16	0·03	0·40	—0·37	5·30	3·30	+2·00	Backergunge.
—3·3	60·8	89	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·15	0·01	0·78	—0·77		5·09		Noakhali.
—2·4	59·5	89	0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·07	0·01	0·12	—0·11	1·67	2·53	—0·86	Faridpur.
—2·6	59·3	85	0	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·08	Nil	0·20	—0·20	3·00	2·94	+0·06	Dacca.
—2·4	61·1	87	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·15	0·01	0·35	—0·34	3·60	3·08	+0·52	Tippera.
—2·5	57·4	93	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·07	0·04	0·13	—0·09	3·72	2·90	+0·82	Mymensingh.
—2·7	52·7	91	0	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·00	0·19	Nil	0·10	—0·10	2·67	1·68	+0·99	Purnea.
—1·4	56·9	80	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·13	Nil	0·05	—0·05	2·51	1·48	+1·03	Bhagalpur.
—1·6	56·7	90	0·4	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·14	Nil	0·04	—0·04	6·03	1·04	+4·99	Darbhanga.
—	55·6	92	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·14	Nil	0·04	—0·04	7·84	1·20	+6·64	Muzaffarpur
—1·5	55·1	93	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0·16	Nil	0·09	—0·09	8·62	0·59	+8·03	Champaran.
—0·4	57·7	82	1·9	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·00	0·20	Nil	0·07	—0·07	5·86	1·06	+4·80	Saran.
?	58·1	80	0	Nil											
—0·6	58·9	68	1·1	Nil	Nil	0·18	0·00	0·21	Nil	0·18	—0·18	6·25	1·51	+4·74	Shahabad.
—0·4	54·9	80	1·0	Nil											
—0·7	57·4	70	2·7	Nil	Nil	0·12	0·00	0·11	Nil	0·12	—0·12	2·53	1·13	+1·40	Gaya.
—1·1	58·3	72	1·3	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0·14	Nil	0·08	—0·08	4·40	1·46	+2·94	Patna.
					Nil	0·03	0·00	0·07	Nil	0·03	—0·03	1·71	1·54	+0·17	Monghyr.
—2·0	54·6	80	0	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·04	Nil	0·06	—0·06	2·43	1·74	+0·69	Sonthal Parganas.
—1·7	55·3	62	0	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·00	0·11	Nil	0·12	—0·12	3·57	1·58	+1·99	Hazaribagh.
—1·5	57·1	63	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·11	0·00	0·13	0·01	0·14	—0·13	3·36	1·81	+1·55	Lohardaga.
—	56·3	77	0·0	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·10	Nil	0·04	—0·04	2·34	1·45	+0·89	Palamau.
—1·4	55·1	76	0·9	Nil	Nil	0·11	0·00	0·25	Nil	0·21	—0·21	0·87	2·28	—1·41	Singhbhum.
					Nil	0·05	0·00	0·15	0·01	0·12	—0·11	1·94	1·59	+0·35	Manbhum.

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater
The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of
for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the
which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 16th of December 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall.							Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th Oct. 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th Oct. to date.
			Sunday, 10th.	Monday, 11th.	Tuesday, 12th.	Wednesday, 13th.	Thursday, 14th.	Friday, 15th.	Saturday, 16th.							
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·36	Nil	1·03	7·30	[illegible]
		Khurda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	0·48	6·11	[illegible]
		Banpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·55	Nil	0·70	9·03	[illegible]
		False Point ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·22	Nil	0·87	4·79	[illegible]
		Gop ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·20	[illegible]
		Satpara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·97	[illegible]
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·25	[illegible]
		Nayagarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·50	[illegible]
		Raspur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·43	[illegible]
		Kurmala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·08	[illegible]
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·47	6·51	[illegible]
		Banki ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·28	4·60	[illegible]
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·34	3·30	[illegible]
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·51	4·32	[illegible]
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·25	Nil	0·67	6·47	[illegible]
		Dharmsala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	[illegible]
		Salipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·82	[illegible]
		Pal Lahara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·26	[illegible]
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·65	[illegible]
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	Nil	0·49	3·35	[illegible]
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·20	5·95	[illegible]
		Soro ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	4·36	[illegible]
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·34	4·47	[illegible]
		Jellasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·03	1·52	[illegible]
		Baripadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	5·47	[illegible]
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·33	4·77	[illegible]
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·23	2·65	[illegible]
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·09	3·43	[illegible]
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·18	4·33	[illegible]
		Kukrahaty ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·92	[illegible]
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·51	[illegible]
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	[illegible]
		Dantoon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45	[illegible]
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·31	2·69	[illegible]
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·23	4·33	[illegible]
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·61	[illegible]
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·27	2·21	[illegible]
		Barrackpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·24	2·29	[illegible]
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·22	2·74	[illegible]
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·22	1·67	[illegible]
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·21	1·11	[illegible]
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·25	2·52	[illegible]
		Mohesreka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·22	2·24	[illegible]
		Ulubaria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·83	[illegible]
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·23	3·10	[illegible]
		Hooghly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·21	2·13	[illegible]
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·12	3·32	[illegible]
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·15	1·15	[illegible]
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·02	2·33	[illegible]
		Chuadanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·09	1·10	[illegible]
		Meherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·10	1·06	[illegible]
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·08	1·67	[illegible]
	Khulna	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·34	2·24	[illegible]
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·26	3·20	[illegible]
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·28	1·12	[illegible]
		Nakipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	[illegible]
		Rampal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·44	[illegible]
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·19	0·92	[illegible]
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·16	0·61	[illegible]
		Jhenidah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·15	1·19	[illegible]
		Magura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·22	1·56	[illegible]
		Bangaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·25	0·65	[illegible]
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·18	2·40	[illegible]
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·15	2·22	[illegible]
		Katwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·06	1·93	[illegible]
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·13	1·65	[illegible]
		Mankur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·04	[illegible]
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·13	2·56	[illegible]
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·13	3·43	[illegible]
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·09	1·52	[illegible]
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·26	1·66	[illegible]
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·60	[illegible]
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·72	[illegible]
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·79	[illegible]
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·44	[illegible]
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·57	[illegible]
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	[illegible]
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·08	1·09	[illegible]
		Hetampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·11	1·87	[illegible]
		Rampur Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·15	2·38	[illegible]
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·39	[illegible]
		Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·69	[illegible]
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·14	1·25	[illegible]
		Berhampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·12	1·81	[illegible]
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·15	2·08	[illegible]
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·09	1·24	[illegible]
		Jangipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·09	3·18	[illegible]
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·09	1·40	[illegible]
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	[illegible]
		Patkabari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·35	?	1·35	[illegible]
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·09	2·10	[illegible]
		Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·08	4·26	[illegible]
	Bogra ...	Sherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·20	0·14	4·65	[illegible]
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·11	5·76	[illegible]
		Bogra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·07	2·87	[illegible]
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·19	2·98	[illegible]
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·09	2·43	[illegible]
		Nattor ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·10	2·37	[illegible]
		Naugaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·14	3·40	[illegible]
		Lalpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·10	?	1·30	[illegible]
		Manda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·39	[illegible]

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 16th of December 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 10th.	Monday, 11th.	Tuesday, 12th.	Wednesday, 13th.	Thursday, 14th.	Friday, 15th.	Saturday, 16th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th Oct. to date.
North Bengal—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·12	4·18	2·07
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·03	2·08	1·06
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·64	?
		Sibganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·80	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·14	3·17	1·17
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·14	3·58	1·03
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·13	2·70	1·02
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·07	1·83	2·51
		Balurghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·22	2·76	1·77
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·65	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·10	3·03	2·52
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·07	1·24	3·04
		Pirganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·75	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·13	0·56	1·89
		Gobindganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·91	?
		Sagargra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·18	Nil	0·19	2·33	1·67
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·61	?
		Sunderganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·97	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	3·09	3·10
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·36	?
		Falliacotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·06	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·49	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	3·34	2·01
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·09	5·04	2·02
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·16	3·98	1·91
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·10	5·01	1·86
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	Nil	0·03	0·13	0·03	0·15	5·74	4·95
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	6·02	0·78
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·02	Nil	0·02	0·11	0·02	0·16	5·87	4·56
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	4·75	0·65
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·12	1	0·12	?	0·12	?	3·33	?
		Pedong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·04	Nil	0·04	?	0·07	?	5·15	?
East Bengal	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·35	6·41	6·43
		Chittagong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·07	0·68	5·34	4·14
		Kutubdia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Satkanya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·06	?
		Kodala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Fenoa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Mirsarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·32	?
		Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·53	5·31	4·74
		Bundarban ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·04	?	4·39	?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·50	6·11	4·57
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·29	4·23	4·09
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·33	6·09	4·04
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·68	?
		Bhola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·07	0·42	4·75	3·84
		Daulatkhan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·16	?	7·11	?
		Bauphal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	8·78	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·60	10·15	4·72
		Fenny ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·95		5·94
		Harishpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·09	?	9·51	?
		Ramganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·35	?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·16	4·89	2·35
		Faridpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·11	1·35	2·08
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·08	1·63	2·35
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·30	3·20	3·45
		Dacca ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·16	2·85	1·97
		Narayanganj...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·26	3·54	3·72
		Manikganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·10	2·41	2·35
		Joydebpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·38	2·45	3·53
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·46	3·76	2·76
		Chandpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·34	2·79	2·67
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·23	1·78	2·06
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·12	?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·25	?
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·77	?
		Kasba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·80	?
		Laksham ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·60	?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·04	0·13	3·80	2·15
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·17	0·08	2·05	2·75
		Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·10	6·62	2·99
		Jamalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·17	4·45	3·00
		Netrakona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·17	1·31	3·31
		Subornakhality	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·74	?
		Durgapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·70	?
		Sherepore Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·43	?
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·05	?
North Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·09	2·27	1·52
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	2·25	1·41
		Purnea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·13	3·48	1·98
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·30	
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·18	?
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·79	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·31	?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	2·00	5·15
		Bongaon (Sufabad).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·02	?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	3·29	1·21
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·02	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·05	2·77	1·30
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·05	1·95	1·75
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·65	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·04	2·74	1·15
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	5·39	1·07
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·03	5·88	0·94
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Roshera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 16th of December 1893—*concld.*

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	RAINFALL. Sunday, 10th.	Monday, 11th.	Tuesday, 12th.	Wednesday, 13th.	Thursday, 14th.	Friday, 15th.	Saturday, 16th.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
NORTH BIHAR—*concluded.*	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·03	9·58	[illegible]
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·04	10·37	[illegible]
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·04	4·74	[illegible]
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·87	[illegible]
		Sinhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·74	[illegible]
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·06	8·50	[illegible]
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·11	8·74	[illegible]
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·02	[illegible]
		Rarhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·62	[illegible]
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	5·96	[illegible]
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	9·19	[illegible]
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·25	[illegible]
		Chapra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·09	4·67	[illegible]
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·80	[illegible]
		Annuar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·24	[illegible]
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	9·25	[illegible]
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·38	Nil	0·38	5·87	[illegible]
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·15	Nil	0·15	5·48	[illegible]
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·17	6·73	[illegible]
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·11	3·02	[illegible]
		Mohanea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·55	[illegible]
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·45	[illegible]
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·98	[illegible]
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·82	[illegible]
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Sikroul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·60	[illegible]
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·73	[illegible]
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	.	Nil	?	6·15	[illegible]
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·16	3·47	[illegible]
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·12	2·52	[illegible]
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	2·65	[illegible]
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·12	2·99	[illegible]
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·24	[illegible]
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·01	[illegible]
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	[illegible]
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·68	[illegible]
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·46	[illegible]
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	5·51	[illegible]
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·08	9·50	[illegible]
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·06	1·43	[illegible]
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·09	1·14	[illegible]
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·30	[illegible]
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·32	[illegible]
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·04	1·23	[illegible]
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·04	1·98	[illegible]
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·02	1·90	[illegible]
		Gogri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·12	[illegible]
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·86	[illegible]
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·32	[illegible]
	Sonthal Parganas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·04	3·33	[illegible]
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·08	2·33	[illegible]
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·06	2·78	[illegible]
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·09	1·17	[illegible]
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·03	1·63	[illegible]
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·08	3·15	[illegible]
		Belbodda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·58	[illegible]
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	[illegible]
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba (*Giridih*).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·06	3·24	[illegible]
		Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·14	5·12	[illegible]
		Semtaguraa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·17	Nil	0·18	3·59	[illegible]
		Mahudi Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·14	3·22	[illegible]
		Jhumra Hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·07	2·70	[illegible]
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·97	[illegible]
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·13	[illegible]
		Karagdeha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·64	[illegible]
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·30	[illegible]
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·16	3·18	[illegible]
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·12	3·58	[illegible]
		Silli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Palkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·73	[illegible]
		Tamar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?	[illegible]
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·04	2·34	[illegible]
		Balumath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·99	[illegible]
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·14	[illegible]
		Garhwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·44	[illegible]
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·21	0·87	[illegible]
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·24	[illegible]
		Ghatsila ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·26	[illegible]
		Gailkura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·50	[illegible]
		Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·70	[illegible]
	Manbhum ...	Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·12	1·98	[illegible]
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·11	3·85	[illegible]
		Raghunathpore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·67	[illegible]
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·03	[illegible]
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·48	[illegible]
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·53	[illegible]
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·34	[illegible]

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least ·10 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 19th December* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY THE 16TH OF DECEMBER 1893.

THE meteorological conditions during the week again call for no detailed review, for fine settled weather of ordinary north-east monsoon character has prevailed throughout the period. At the commencement of the week pressure was unusually high, being above the normal in most districts by from 0·08″ to 0·1″. The excess pressure in the south of the Bay was only equal to about 0·06″, so that the differences of pressure were somewhat larger than usual, and hence the north-east monsoon current blowing was rather strong. Temperature also on the 10th, or the first day of the week, was in small to moderate defect in all except the extreme western districts and in Orissa, where slight excess temperatures were still registered. On the 11th the barometric changes were extremely small, while temperature had fallen, and had become in defect at all stations, the defect in the mean temperature ranging up to about 5° at some of the north-eastern stations. On the 12th, 13th, 14th, and 15th the changes both of temperature and pressure were small and unimportant, though on the whole temperature was increasing slowly, and on the 16th, or the last day of the week, while pressure was still in excess by about 0·08″ to 0·1″, the mean temperature had become slightly above the normal over a large part of the western half of the province, while only small defects, generally between 1° and 2°, were registered over the remainder. At the same time the excess pressure in the south of the Bay only equalled about 0·03″, so that again baric gradients were decidedly steep—considerable steeper than usual, and hence a fairly strong northerly wind current was blowing over Bengal and over the whole Bay. Throughout the whole week, therefore, fine weather with almost cloudless skies has prevailed, and there has been absolutely no rainfall except for a few light showers in the Darjeeling district, which were reported on the 16th.

Pressure.—The mean pressure for the week has hence been in very considerable excess in all districts, the usual excess varying from 0·09″ to 0·07″, and this excess has generally been largest in the north-eastern districts and smallest at the southern stations. The excess, however, seems to have been comparatively small in the upper strata of the atmosphere, where Darjeeling reports an excess of only 0·02″.

Temperature.—The mean temperature of the whole province for the week has been below the normal by 2·1°, and the defect has been largest in South-West and North Bengal, where it has averaged about 3°.

The actual temperatures registered during the week and their variations from the usual temperature for the present season are most clearly seen in the table below, where the average maximum, minimum and mean temperatures for the week at nine typical stations in different districts of the province are compared with the normal values for the same period. The variations it will be seen have been large in both the night and day temperatures, which have been considerably below the normal, the usual defect at the nine stations averaging 1·8° in the case of the day, or maximum temperature, and 2·4° in the minimum, or night temperature.

Table showing the excess or defect of the actual mean temperature from the normal for the week ending Saturday, the 16th of December 1893.

	Normal mean maximum temperature for the week ending 16th December.	Actual mean maximum temperature for the week ending 16th December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean minimum temperature for the week ending 16th December.	Actual mean minimum temperature for the week ending 16th December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean daily temperature for the week ending 16th December.	Actual mean daily temperature for the week ending 16th December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.
Cuttack	82·1	80·2	—1·9	58·9	56·2	—2·7	70·5	68·2	—2·3
Calcutta	76·8	74·7	—2·1	57·0	53·1	—3·9	66·9	63·9	—3·0
Dacca	79·0	77·3	—1·7	58·2	54·7	—3·5	68·6	66·0	—2·6
Burdwan	78·2	76·0	—2·2	56·7	54·1	—2·6	67·4	65·1	—2·3
Patna	74·7	73·4	—1·3	52·2	51·4	—0·8	63·5	62·4	—1·1
Gaya	76·1	75·6	—0·5	51·1	50·2	—0·9	63·6	63·0	—0·6
Purnea	76·8	73·1	—3·7	50·3	48·7	—1·6	63·6	60·9	—2·7
Hazaribagh	71·7	71·3	—0·4	50·7	47·7	—3·0	61·2	59·5	—1·7
Darjeeling	49·9	47·6	—2·3	37·0	34·1	—2·9	43·5	40·9	—2·6

Rainfall.—Except for two or three light showers in the Darjeeling district, which were reported on the 16th, the whole province has been rainless throughout the week.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 16th of December 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th Oct. 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	82·3	50·5	78·8	56·3	67·5	−2·2	Nil	0·18	−0·18	0·00	0·26	−0·26	Nil	0·44	5·43	4·57
South-West Bengal ...	80·3	50·0	75·7	53·1	64·4	−2·9	Nil	0·04	−0·04	0·00	0·10	−0·10	Nil	0·18	2·04	2·61
North Bengal	76·6	46·4	73·9	49·4	61·8	−3·1	Nil	0·06	−0·06	0·00	0·13	−0·13	0·01	0·12	3·06	1·90
East Bengal	79·4	50·1	75·9	53·4	64·7	−2·5	Nil	0·04	−0·04	0·00	0·11	−0·11	0·01	0·31	4·18	3·48
North Bihar	75·3	45·9	73·7	50·4	62·0	−1·5	Nil	0·06	−0·06	0·00	0·16	−0·16	Nil	0·06	5·25	1·17
South Bihar	77·3	47·4	74·8	50·5	62·7	−1·0	Nil	0·08	−0·08	0·00	0·12	−0·12	Nil	0·09	3·56	1·52
Chota Nagpur	80·3*	45·3*	73·3*	48·5*	60·9*	−1·5*	Nil	0·09	−0·09	0·00	0·13	−0·13	Nil	0·12	3·21	1·51

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 19*th December* 1893.

A. PEDLER,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 10th to 16th December 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
December ...	10th ...	30·142	64·7	74·9	20·5	54·4	71·1	60·7	·393	52·3	52	Nil
" ...	11th ...	·145	64·2	74·9	21·4	53·5	69·6	59·7	·381	51·4	53	"
" ...	12th ...	·138	63·2	74·9	22·0	52·9	68·1	60·7	·433	54·9	63	"
" ...	13th ...	·139	64·2	75·9	23·4	52·5	69·6	60·7	·413	53·5	57	"
" ...	14th ...	·112	64·4	75·9	23·0	52·9	69·6	61·7	·445	55·7	61	"
" ...	15th ...	·142	64·9	76·9	24·0	52·9	69·1	62·2	·469	57·1	65	"
" ...	16th ...	·175	65·7	76·9	22·5	54·4	70·4	62·2	·451	56·1	60	"

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	30·142
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	64·6
The extreme variation of temperature	24·4
The maximum temperature	76·9
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	59
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 10th to 16th December 1893	Nil

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 18*th December* 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 10th to 16th December 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature. Mean.	Temperature. Maximum.	Temperature. Range.	Temperature. Minimum.	Hygrometry. Mean wet bulb.	Hygrometry. Vapour tension.	Hygrometry. Dew point.	Hygrometry. Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Miles recorded.	Rain.	Weather.
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Dec.	10th	126·7	9·0	30·086	64·0	73·7	19·1	54·6	58·3	0·412	53·6	71	NNW and calm ...	57	Nil	Clear, △.
"	11th	128·0	9·2	·075	62·8	73·7	20·3	53·4	56·6	·378	51·2	69	N and calm ...	45	"	Clear, △.
"	12th	127·9	9·1	·080	62·6	74·0	20·9	53·1	57·1	·398	52·6	72	NNW and calm ...	22	"	Clear, △.
"	13th	123·8	8·5	·064	62·4	74·6	23·1	51·5	57·3	·411	53·5	74	NNW and calm ...	10	"	Clear, △, ≡.
"	14th	125·5	8·9	·046	62·7	74·7	21·9	52·8	58·0	·422	54·2	76	NNW and calm ...	10	"	Chiefly clear, △.
"	15th	126·1	9·0	·082	62·9	75·5	22·8	52·7	58·5	·437	55·2	78	NNW and calm ...	9	"	Clear, △, ≡.
"	16th	123·5	8·9	·125	63·6	75·7	22·7	53·0	59·1	·445	55·7	77	N and calm ...	27	"	Chiefly clear, △, ≡.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	30·080
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	30·028
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	62·6
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	75·1
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	63·0
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	67·8
The extreme variation of temperature	24·2
The maximum temperature	75·7
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	10
	lbs.
The highest pressure of wind on one square foot	?
	%
The mean relative humidity	74
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	71
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 10th to 16th December 1893	Nil
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	0·04
The total fall from 1st January to 16th December 1893	85·23
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	65·23

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

△, dew; ≡, fog.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 18th December 1893.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Major Works for the month of October 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals.	Tollage, 1893-94. During the month.	Tollage, 1893-94. To end of the month.	Tollage, 1892-93. During the month.	Tollage, 1892-93. To end of the month.
Orissa Circle.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Taldanda Canal System	429 8 6	9,755 6 2	332 11 6	5,294 4 3
Kendrapara ditto	7,591 6 0	48,382 2 5	6,760 4 1	32,902 12 7
High Level, Range I	1,225 13 9	8,982 4 3	1,454 11 9	7,384 2 9
Ditto, „ II	275 12 7	1,845 13 10	269 4 3	1,219 4 9
Ditto „ III	160 12 0	1,209 0 0	150 6 3	704 0 9
Jajpur Canal ...	36 4 3	200 5 7	25 8 9	105 4 6
Total Orissa Circle ...	9,719 9 1	70,375 0 3	8,992 14 7	47,609 13 7
South-Western Circle.				
Midnapore Canal ..	10,094 15 3	57,613 5 9	7,695 10 3	70,005 8 9
Hijili Tidal Canal ..	4,593 4 6	37,253 5 6	3,060 2 6	32,773 3 3
Total South-Western Circle	14,688 3 9	94,866 11 3	10,755 12 9	1,02,778 12 0
Sone Circle.				
Patna Canal System ...	1,019 5 0	13,013 14 6	1,243 7 6	13,521 6 0
Arrah ditto ...	910 8 10	12,270 10 4	805 7 6	11,262 12 6
Buxar ditto ...	421 13 2	4,155 8 2	654 15 9	6,384 8 0
Total Sone Circle ...	2,351 11 0	29,440 1 0	2,703 14 9	31,168 10 6
Grand Total ...	26,759 7 10	1,94,681 12 6	22,452 10 1	1,81,557 4 1

Government Transport Service.

Canal.	Tollage, 1893-94. During the month. Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	To end of the month. Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	Tollage, 1892-93. During the month. Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.	To end of the month. Passengers.	Goods.	Total receipts.
Orissa Circle.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.	No.	Mds.	Rs. A. P.
High Level ...	1,858	329	1,902 8 0	15,346	4,152	15,368 1 1	2,260	717	1,887 9 4	7,035	3,830	7,217 10 3
Total Orissa Circle	1,858	329	1,902 8 0	15,346	4,152	15,363 1 1	2,260	717	1,887 9 4	7,035	3,830	7,217 10 3

Total Navigation Receipts.

Canals.	Earnings, 1893-94. During the month.	Earnings, 1893-94. To end of the month.	Earnings, 1892-93. During the month.	Earnings, 1892-93. To end of the month.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Orissa Canals ...	11,622 1 1	85,743 1 4	10,880 7 11	54,827 7 10
Midnapore Canal ...	10,094 15 3	57,613 5 9	7,695 10 3	70,005 8 9
Hijili Tidal Canal ...	4,593 4 6	37,253 5 6	3,060 2 6	32,773 3 3
Sone Canals ...	2,351 11 0	29,440 1 0	2,703 14 9	31,168 10 6
Total ...	28,661 15 10	2,10,049 13 7	24,340 3 5	1,88,774 14 4

CALCUTTA,
The 19th December 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Abstract statement showing Tollage on Canals in Bengal classed as Minor Works and Navigation for the month of October 1893, as compared with that of the corresponding month of the previous year.

Canals.	Tollage, 1893-94.						Tollage, 1892-93.					
	During the month.			To end of the month.			During the month.			To end of the month.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Calcutta and Eastern Canals	33,475	11	9	1,54,304	9	3	30,895	10	6	1,49,837	10	9
Tolly's Nala ...	6,915	0	9	42,908	3	9	6,664	0	0	43,220	8	3
Total ...	40,390	12	6	1,97,212	13	0	37,559	10	6	1,93,058	3	0
Orissa Coast Canal ...	8,101	9	9	62,346	9	9	4,309	5	3	28,932	0	9
Nadia Rivers ..	18,844	7	0	1,26,875	4	10	15,949	12	0	1,13,119	8	9
Grand Total ..	67,336	13	3	3,86,434	11	7	57,818	11	9	3,35,109	12	6

CALCUTTA,
The 19th December 1893.

G. C. MACONCHY,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th December 1893, on 1,610½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	270,061	3,10,924 15 0	27,27,325 0	6,89,925 6 0	16,545 2 0	10,17,395 7 0	76,816	110,088	186,904
Or per mile of railway	......	193 1 0	......	428 6 3	10 4 4	631 11 7	......	......	......
For previous 22½ weeks of half-year ...	6,266,474	69,07,867 1 0	5,31,78,919 0	1,20,47,902 6 0	3,41,875 4 0	1,92,97,644 11 0	1,700,196½	2,172,222½	3,872,419
Total for 23½ weeks ...	6,536,535	72,18,792 0 0	5,59,06,244 0	1,27,37,827 12 0	3,58,420 6 0	2,03,15,040 2 0	1,777,012½	2,282,310½	4,059,323
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	282,075	2,95,873 7 3	28,63,677 30	6,94,827 4 7	81,465 13 6	10,72,166 9 4	75,747	108,874	184,621
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	183 11 5	......	431 7 0	50 9 4	665 11 9	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 23½ weeks of previous year	6,078,962½	65,32,300 6 1	5,40,64,916 10	1,25,27,547 8 9	4,54,317 15 8	1,95,14,165 14 6	1,740,376	2,195,564	3,935,940

TARKESSUR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th December 1893, on 22½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	17,181	4,430 12 0	12,125 20	479 8 0	8 0 0	4,918 4 0	901	121	1,022
Or per mile of railway	......	199 2 2	......	21 8 10	0 5 9	221 0 9	......	......	......
For previous 22½ weeks of half-year	*394,880	*96,592 3 0	†2,12,777 6	†7,280 9 0	‡351 0 0	1,04,223 12 0	19,870	1,632½	21,502½
Total for 23½ weeks ...	412,061	1,01,022 15 6	2,24,902 20	7,760 1 0	359 0 0	1,09,142 0 0	20,771	1,753½	22,524½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	17,054	4,197 4 4	12,341 10	612 9 0	13 12 6	4,823 9 10	862	160	1,022
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	188 10 3	......	27 8 6	0 9 11	216 12 8	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 23½ weeks of previous year ...	430,066½	1,08,172 16 2	1,75,504 30	7,920 9 0	299 10 0	1,16,392 13 2	20,911	1,760	22,671

* Added number of passengers 1,400 and Rs. 429 }
† Do. maunds 681 and „ 41 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the weeks ended 28th
‡ Deducted „ 13 } October and 4th November 1893.

DELHI-UMBALLA-KALKA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 9th December 1893, on 161½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	15,113	10,663 5 0	80,376 30	10,526 15 6	49 0 0	21,239 4 6	5,524	3,575	9,099
Or per mile of railway	......	66 1 1	......	65 3 7	0 4 10	131 9 6	......	......	......
For previous 22½ weeks of half-year	*440,351	*3,30,454 6 0	†14,30,607 20	†1,83,715 2 0	‡965 0 0	5,15,134 8 0	136,800	64,890½	201,690½
Total for 23½ weeks ...	455,464	3,41,117 11 0	15,10,984 10	1,94,242 1 0	1,014 0 0	5,36,373 12 0	142,324	68,465½	210,789½
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	14,765	10,306 7 11	56,610 0	9,435 11 0	21 14 9	19,764 1 8	5,427	2,929	8,356
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	......	63 13 8	......	58 7 5	0 2 2	122 7 3	......	......	......
Total for corresponding 23½ weeks of previous year	392,142	3,02,972 1 5	10,16,854 20	1,72,847 15 8	2,202 3 3	4,78,022 4 4	148,031	59,299	207,330

* Added number of passengers 708 and Rs. 2,850 }
† Do. maunds 21,012 and „ 2,666 } on account of difference between the approximate and audited figures for the weeks ended 28th October
‡ Do. „ 32 } and 4th November 1893.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(Including N. B., Dacca, K.-D., and Assam-Bihar Sections.)

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 9th December 1893, on 778 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	198,900	91,220 0 0	7,43,820 0	1,48,440 0 0	15,880 0 0	2,55,540 0 0	28,358	31,477	59,835
Or per mile of railway ...	256	117 0 0	956 0	191 0 0	†3 0 0	†311 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 22 weeks of half-year*	3,734,678	17,21,195 0 0	19,168,051 0	38,68,470 0 0	3,95,714 0 0	59,85,379 0 0	622,224	779,209	1,401,433
Total for 23 weeks ...	3,933,578	18,12,415 0 0	19,911,871 0	40,16,910 0 0	4,11,594 0 0	62,40,919 0 0	650,582	810,686	1,461,268
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	193,690	84,888 0 0	589,918 0	1,25,659 0 0	10,991 0 0	2,21,538 0 0	31,763	26,000	57,763
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	249	109 0 0	748 0	162 0 0	†2 0 0	†273 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	3,743,531	16,73,644 0 0	17,194,584 0	41,22,101 0 0	4,21,188 0 0	62,16,933 0 0	636,414	876,624	1,513,038

* Audited up to week ending 14th October 1893.
† Excluding steamer earnings.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 9th December 1893, on 125 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	37,180	12,930 0 0	28,890 0	2,410 0 0	310 0 0	15,650 0 0	3,844	1,828	5,672
Or per mile of railway	297	103 0 0	231 0	19 0 0	3 0 0	125 0 0	......	......	......
For previous 22 weeks of half-year*	692,567	2,33,470 0 0	12,06,935 0	95,829 0 0	3,383 0 0	3,32,682 0 0	81,405	44,479	125,884
Total for 23 weeks ...	729,747	2,46,400 0 0	12,35,825 0	98,239 0 0	3,693 0 0	3,48,332 0 0	85,249	46,307	131,556
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	35,976	10,962 0 0	40,206 0	3,649 0 0	140 0 0	14,751 0 0	3,844	1,836	5,680
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year ...	288	88 0 0	394 0	29 0 0	1 0 0	118 0 0	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	709,981	2,38,556 0 0	12,72,271 0	1,05,971 0 0	4,160 0 0	3,48,687 0 0	85,785	48,862	134,647

* Audited up to week ending 14th October 1893.

DACCA STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 9th December 1893, on 86 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated).	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	Mds. s.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	22,320	7,030 0 0	32,290 0	3,130 0 0	70 0 0	10,230 0 0	2,487	737	3,224
Or per mile of railway	260	82 0 0	375 0	36 0 0	1 0 0	119 0 0	...	...	...
For previous 22 weeks of half-year*	389,591	1,33,992 0 0	7,75,422 0	63,890 0 0	3,579 0 0	2,01,461 0 0	55,623	24,165	79,788
Total for 23 weeks ...	411,911	1,41,022 0 0	8,07,712 0	67,020 0 0	3,649 0 0	2,11,691 0 0	58,110	24,902	83,012
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year	22,116	7,392 0 0	22,844 0	2,347 0 0	107 0 0	9,846 0 0	2,547	737	3,284
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	257	86 0 0	266 0	27 0 0	1 0 0	114 0 0	...	...	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	393,275	1,28,375 0 0	5,63,748 0	49,903 0 0	4,811 0 0	1,83,089 0 0	58,748	17,409	76,157

* Audited up to week ending 14th October 1893.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 9th December 1893, *on* 756 *miles open.*

	Coaching Traffic.		Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	Traffic Train-miles run.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open	89,780	38,730	2,76,280	44,940	8,990	92,660	14,939	13,768	28,707
Or per mile of railway	118·76	51·23	365·45	59·45	11·89	122·57	......	......	......
For previous 22½ weeks of half-year (a)	2,051,661	8,19,749	54,23,348	7,34,300	2,02,163	17,56,212	338,740	298,421	637,161
Total for 23½ weeks ...	2,141,441	8,58,479	56,99,628	7,79,240	2,11,153	18,48,872	353,679	312,189	665,868
Comparison.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 755 miles open	85,739	38,530	3,55,725	47,083	10,313	95,926	12,329	16,323	28,652
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	113·56	51·03	471·16	62·36	13·66	127·05	......	......	......
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,094,884	8,37,763	63,12,076	8,46,733	2,21,214	19,05,709	318,043	356,145	674,18[illegible]

(a) Includes audited figures up to 4th November 1893.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 2nd December 1893	12,152	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	10,592	0	0
Increase	1,560	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 2nd December 1893	238	4	5
Corresponding period of 1892	207	10	11
Increase	30	9	6
Receipts from 1st July to 2nd December 1893	2,73,294	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	2,72,871	0	0
Increase	423	0	0

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Approximate earnings for the week ending 9th December 1893	11,962	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	12,335	0	0
Decrease	373	0	0
Receipts per mile for the week ending 9th December 1893	234	8	9
Corresponding period of 1892	241	14	1
Decrease	7	5	4
Receipts from 1st July to 9th December 1893	2,85,256	0	0
Corresponding period of 1892	2,85,206	0	0
Increase	50	0	0

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 20th December 1893.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 52 of 1893.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1893.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette *may receive the* Supplement *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

CONTENTS.

RESOLUTION ON THE ANNUAL AGRICULTURAL REPORT FOR 1892-93.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT—AGRICULTURE.

Calcutta, the 26th December 1893.

RESOLUTION No. 5309Agri.

Read—

Letter No. 977A., dated the 14th September 1893, from the Board of Revenue, submitting the Annual Agricultural Report of the Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture for the year ending 31st March 1893.

This is the first separate report on Agriculture which Government has received, and the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to record his satisfaction with the care and completeness with which the report has been drawn up. The first chapter contains a brief account of the harvests of the year, together with a list of the Agricultural Statistics which, under existing orders, the Director furnishes to Government. The Director's estimate of the outturn of the various harvests is on the whole favourable, and the Lieutenant-Governor fully accepts the view that, except in a few districts, the production of food-grains during the year was not less than the average. The statistics furnished comprise periodical forecasts and reports relating to the different crops and were submitted with commendable punctuality during the year, together with certain annual statements, of which the most important form the set of statistics known as the "Agricultural Statistics" for 1891-92. The latter were received

long after the date on which they were due; but it is known that their compilation entails considerable labour. Similar statistics for 1892-93 are now overdue, and have not yet reached Government.

Emigration to Burma.

2. The number of emigrants from Bihar to Burma increased from 77 in 1891-92 to 313 during the year under report; nearly all of them were from the neighbourhood of Arrah. Mr. Macpherson quotes some interesting remarks on the subject by Mr. J. L. Mackay, C.I.E., from which the following extract is taken:—

"Several men of the first batches of emigrants have been back to their homes for their families and friends, thus doing recruiter's work in its most satisfactory form.

"It has been found by experience that Biharis are not suited to compete successfully with the Madrassi coolies employed in factories, &c., in Rangoon and the towns, but they do better as agriculturists. The men who returned to their friends are all of this latter class, and they speak well of the country and their prospects when questioned.

"The requirements and conditions of the journey and voyage are becoming much better known, and the emigrants now show scarcely any of the fear and hesitation that appeared at first, though there are still occasional desertions at the last moment before sailing."

Tree-planting.

3. No tree-planting operations on a large scale were carried on during the year. The Board of Revenue suggest that the cultivation of pear, apple and other fruit trees should be tried experimentally on the large plateau called the "Main Pat" in Sirguja, or other elevated tracts in the Tributary States of Chota Nagpur, but such experiments must be left to private enterprise, unless as suggested the Chiefs will take an interest in the matter.

In this connection, it may be remarked that a report written in 1883 by the late Mr. Worsley, regarding the system of planting trees along the sides of roads followed by him when he was in charge of the district of Muzaffarpur was, with some additions, circulated to all Commissioners of Divisions during the year, with an expression of the Lieutenant-Governor's opinion that Mr. Worsley's system might be adopted with advantage by all District Officers and District Boards in Bengal. Under this system young trees are raised in nurseries from seed sown in pots, and when five or six feet high they are planted out at the commencement of the rainy season along the sides of roads. A list of trees was drawn up whose planting was recommended where the soil is suitable, care being taken not to plant large and small fruit-bearing and timber trees indiscriminately together.

Pebrine.

4. In connection with the enquiry into the diseases of silkworms on which Mr. Nitya Gopal Mukherji has been employed since 1886, the Lieutenant-Governor recognizes the useful work done by that officer in promoting the distribution and use of healthy seed. The rearing stations of Kalimpong, Pokhuria and Khulna were kept up during the year, and new stations were opened at Babukhali in Jessore and Kagachira in Malda. The growing popularity among native rearers of seed selected on the system adopted by Mr. Mukherji is an encouraging proof of the progress which has been made. His Honour has also read with interest the account contained in the Director's Report of the experiments recently conducted at Alipore by Messrs. J. A. Anderson and R. A. Lyall. These gentlemen are to be congratulated on the success with which they obtained healthy seed by the simple device of subjecting the worms to healthy conditions of life, including constant and sufficient food. Their success, indeed, has been such as to suggest a doubt in regard to the existence in India of the diseases known as pebrine and muscardine, which, being due to specific causes, cannot, it is said, be eradicated by merely providing the worms with good food and fresh air. This surmise, however, which can only be regarded as tentative, is at variance with the view hitherto accepted; and in order to set all doubts at rest, Mr. Mukherji has been requested to take steps to bring the matter to a practical issue. The experiments will be undertaken as soon as the necessary appliances are available, and their result is awaited by Government with interest.

Agricultural experiments.

5. A large part of the report is taken up with an account of the agricultural experiments conducted in these Provinces during the year. The Lieutenant-Governor, while admitting the interesting nature of those experiments, concurs in the remark made by the

Board that their history is not of great general value on account of the absence of sufficient information as to the soils experimented on.

Burdwan experimental farm.

6. At the Burdwan farm experiments were conducted by the Director's Assistant, Mr. Nagendra Nath Banerji, with sugarcane, fodder-grasses, jute, paddy, maize, potatoes, wheat, barley, gram and oats. They showed, among other things, that a mixture of bonemeal and saltpetre proves a profitable manure for the winter paddy crop. The best plot on the farm yielded 55½ maunds of grain, and 61 maunds 35 seers of straw per acre, a result obtained by the application of 3 maunds of bonemeal and 30 seers of saltpetre, costing Rs. 9-6 per acre. After deducting the cost of manure and of cultivation, the nett profit per acre in the plot amounted to Rs. 99-10-3.

The gross expenditure of the farm during the year was Rs. 1,864-5-9, against Rs. 1,565-14-4 of the preceding year, the increase being due to the addition of new land to the farm. The actual cost of cultivation was Rs. 1,193-6, while the income was Rs. 1,167-7 as against Rs. 1,162-3 in the previous year.

Dumraon, Bhojpur and Sibpur Farms.

7. The crops under experiment in the Dumraon Farm were winter paddy, sugarcane and wheat; in the Bhojpur Farm potatoes, and in the Sibpur Farm jute, *aus* paddy, fodder grasses, wheat, oats, barley, potatoes, sugarcane, cotton, tobacco, and cabbage. One of the results brought out by the experiments was to confirm the experience of previous years that a plough which inverts the soil gives a larger outturn of wheat and paddy than the country plough which breaks the soil, but does not invert it. It is reported that a plot on which a plough of the former description had been used gave 2 maunds 10 seers of wheat, and a nett profit of Rs. 6-6 over and above the outturn and nett profit of a plot on which the country plough had been used.

The total expenditure at Dumraon and Bhojpur on the experimental farms and Economic Museum amounted to Rs. 1,856-5-11, the actual cost of cultivation being only Rs. 483-8.

Experimental cultivation of tobacco.

8. The cultivation of tobacco was undertaken for the first time in the Sibpur Farm. Three country varieties, viz. (1) Rangpur, (2) Matihar, (3) Hingli, and the American variety known as *Havana* were planted on one-third of an acre of land, and it is reported that they gave a good outturn. The leaves were cured in the shade, and Government will be glad to be informed of the further progress of the experiment, when the opinion of an expert has been obtained on the results achieved.

The total actual cost of cultivation in the Sibpur Farm amounted to Rs. 1,522-8-1, while the income was Rs. 1,225-5-6.

Bones as a manure.

9. The manufacture of bonemeal was continued during the year at the Jalpaiguri and Darjeeling Jails, and was also introduced into the Saran Jail. The bone-crushing operations at the Jalpaiguri Jail were transferred in July 1892 to the exclusive supervision of the Jail Department. The total outturn of bonemeal in the Jalpaiguri Jail amounted to 77 maunds 25 seers, which were sold chiefly to European tea planters, for Rs. 110-8. Two hundred maunds of bonemeal were manufactured at the Saran Jail, and sold to an European indigo planter at Re. 1-8 per maund, the cost of manufacture being a little under Re. 1. The Director gives in his 40th paragraph an interesting summary of the results of the action taken by his Department since 1890 in the utilization of bones for manure. It is to be regretted that native cultivators have not hitherto appreciated the advantages of bonemeal manure to a greater extent.

Veterinary Institution.

10. The Bengal Veterinary Institution, located at Belgachia on the Belgachia-Dum-Dum road, about five miles from Government House, is now practically ready. The Institution owes its origin mainly to the munificence of Babu Sheo Baksh Bogla of Calcutta, who contributed Rs. 30,000 and 3¼ bighas of land, and of Sir Dinshaw Manukji Petit of Bombay, who gave a further donation of Rs. 25,000. The total cost of the buildings will be Rs. 82,799 according to the estimate, and the balance required will be provided from Provincial revenues. The Institu-

tion, which has been constructed on plans approved by the Committee of Management and the Inspector-General of the Civil Veterinary Department, includes a lecture-room, museum, pharmacy, library, reading-room, four horse wards and four cattle wards, *post-mortem* room, forge and stables for isolated cases, besides offices for the Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent, and a residence for the latter. Veterinary Captain W. D. Gunn was appointed during the year to be Superintendent of the Civil Veterinary Department, Bengal, and of the Bengal Veterinary Institution, and all District Boards were informed that he would be available for consultation by them and other local authorities on any matters connected with horse and cattle-breeding, or diseases of horses and cattle. In connection with the Veterinary School to be attached to the Institution 30 stipends of Rs. 5 each to be held by pupils are to be offered, besides a scholarship of Rs 10 a month founded by Dr. Kenneth McLeod, late of Calcutta. Mr. E. Burke, Veterinary Overseer, Civil Veterinary Department, has been appointed on Veterinary Colonel Hallen's nomination to be Assistant Superintendent. Rules for the admission of students and animals to the Institution have been drawn up and are now under the consideration of Government. Full clinical and other facilities for the instruction of veterinary students will be afforded, and while designed specially for Bengal, the Institution is open to students from all parts of India.

11. The Director has appended to his present Report Veterinary Captain Gunn's account of the work which he has done since his appointment as Superintendent of the Civil Veterinary Department, Bengal, on the 31st May 1892. The Lieutenant-Governor admits that at the commencement of a new undertaking too much must not be expected, but for the future he looks to the Superintendent to suggest and carry out a systematic scheme for the collection of information on subjects within the scope of the Veterinary Department. It is desirable that Veterinary Captain Gunn should acquire experience of the conditions of animal life in this Province, and devote as much of his time as he can spare from his duties in connection with the Bengal Veterinary Institution to thorough investigation in the districts with the object of acquiring and placing on record a stock of useful information which may eventuate hereafter in practical measures being undertaken to the great advantage of the country. Instructions have recently been received from the Government of India for the supply by Provincial Veterinary Officers to the Assistant to the Inspector-General, Civil Veterinary Department, of information regarding animal diseases and cattle breeds in India. In connection with the latter subject, the Superintendent's Report shows that he has suggested to the District Boards which he has visited the importation of Burman bulls as a means of improving the breed of cattle in their districts. It is stated that the District Boards of Mymensingh and Tippera have indented for two Burman bulls. The attention of the Superintendent should be drawn to the results reported in paragraph 52 of the Director's Report, which were obtained by the use of the Hissar, English and Bachour bulls for the purpose of breeding; and he should compare them with the results obtained by the use of Burman bulls.

Cattle-breeding.

12. It was at one time proposed that experiments on mule-breeding should be conducted by the Political Agent of Sikkim at the cost of the State, but the proposal was abandoned on the ground that the finances of the State did not justify such expenditure. Since this decision was come to, a circular calling attention to the importance of the subject, and suggesting certain action, has been received from the Government of India; and the Lieutenant-Governor awaits a report from the Director. Veterinary Captain Gunn is mistaken in thinking that any indent has been made by this Government for donkeys for use in Kalimpong and Sikkim.

Mule-breeding.

13. The Superintendent is wrong in supposing that there is only one cattle fair of any importance in the Province, as he will doubtless discover for himself when he has been longer in the Province. With reference to his remarks on the Sonepur fair, it may be stated that there are difficulties in the way of effecting the improvements he suggests, as the land on which the fair is held is not under the control

Horse and Cattle fairs.

of the District Board, but belongs to private landowners. The local officers will, however, do all they can to improve the arrangements. The Lieutenant-Governor will bring to the notice of the Government of India the remarks made by Veterinary Captain Gunn in connection with the Kalimpong mêla.

Cattle disease.

14. Cattle disease was present in other parts of the province as well as in Darjeeling, though no virulent outbreaks were reported, except from Kalimpong. Veterinary Captain Gunn visited the latter place thrice during the progress of the disease, and his action appears to have been energetic and useful; his services at such times will no doubt be more frequently applied for in the future when the benefits of his presence and advice become better known.

Officers.

15. The thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor are due to Mr. Macpherson for his efficient supervision of the Department during the year under report. The remarks of the Director regarding his three Assistants, Mr. Nitya Gopal Mukerji, Mr. Bhupal Chandra Basu, and Mr. Nagendra Nath Banerji, all of whom, especially Mr. Basu, rendered good service, will be communicated to the Appointment Department.

ORDER.—Ordered that this Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*. Ordered also that a copy of the Resolution be submitted to the Government of India, in the Revenue and Agricultural Department, for information, and that a copy be forwarded to the Board of Revenue for information and guidance.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. E. BUCKLAND,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of Bengal, as reported to Government, during the week ending the 23rd December, 1893.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL.				
BURDWAN DIVN.	1	Burdwan Dec. 23, '93 Kalna ... Katwa ... Raniganj ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* continues. *Rabi* doing well. Water and fodder sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Burdwan ... ... 13 to 15½ per rupee. Kalna ... ... 10 to 15 per rupee. Katwa ... ... 16 per rupee. Raniganj ... ... 16 per rupee.
	2	Birbhum „ 23, '93 Rampur Hát ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Spring crops look well. Price of common rice stationary at 15 to 20 seers per rupee.
	3	Bankura „ 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonably cold. Harvesting of *aman* all but completed. *Rabi* excellent. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice selling at— Srs. Sadar ... ... 17 per rupee. Vishnupur ... ... 17½ per rupee.
	4	Midnapore „ 23, '93	Nil	Weather—cold always with some clouds, but no appearance of rain. Reaping of rice crop is almost finished. Sowing of *rabi* crops over; prospects good. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 16 per rupee. Contai ... ... 15 to 21 per rupee. Tamluk ... ... 11 to 16 per rupee. Ghatal ... ... 15 to 16 per rupee.
	5	Hooghly „ 23, '93 Serampore ... Jahanabad ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* progressing briskly. Prospects of *rabi* good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Prices of common rice :— Srs. Sadar ... ... 12 to 13 per rupee. Serampore ... ... 10 to 14 per rupee. Jahanabad ... ... 11 to 14 per rupee.
	6	Howrah „ 23, '93 Ulubaria ...	Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Sugarcane and spring crops doing well. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 10 to 14 seers per rupee.
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	7	24-Parganas ...	...	Report not received.
	8	Nadia „ 23, '93 Kushtia ... Meherpur ... Chuadanga ... Ranaghat ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cool. Harvesting of *aman* going on. Prospects of *rabi* crops good. Price of common rice slightly fallen. Fodder and water sufficient.
	9	Murshidabad „ 23, '93	Nil	Weather—getting cold. Harvesting of *aman* paddy still going on. Sowing of *rabi* crops finished. Prospects of crops good. Fodder sufficient. Common rice sells at 13 seers per rupee.
	10	Jessore „ 23, '93 Jhenida ... Magura ... Narail ... Bangaon ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* still going on; outturn short. Prospects of winter crops fair. No cattle-disease reported. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of rice stationary.
	11	Khulna „ 23, '93 Bagerhat ... Satkhira ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* is vigorously going on. Prospects of winter crops good. Common rice selling at about 12 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BENGAL—*concld.*				
RAJSHAHI DIVN.	12	Rajshahi Dec. 23, '93 Nator ... Naugaon ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable and cold. Crops are in a very satisfactory condition. Fodder and water-supply ample. No cattle-disease. Rice selling from 12 to 18 seers per rupee.
	13	Dinajpur " 23, '93 Thakurgaon ...	Nil Nil	Weather—cold. Rice is being harvested; the crop has been a bumper one. Potatoes coming out. Condition of cattle good. Fodder and drinking water ample.
	14	Jalpaiguri " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and cool. *Haimanti* paddy is still being harvested. Potato doing well. Common rice sells from 13 to 14 seers per rupee. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
	15	Darjeeling " 23, '93 Siliguri ...	Nil Nil	Weather—bright and cool. *In the hills:—Marua, phaphur* and *aghani* rice being harvested. *Toree* and barley progressing favourably. Prospects good. *In the Terai:*—Harvesting of winter rice in full swing. Other crops doing well. Mustard in flower. Prices of coarse rice:— Srs. Hills ... ... 8 to 12 } per rupee. Terai ... ... 12 to 13 }
	16	Rangpur " 23, '93 Gaibanda ... Kurigaon ... Nilphamari ...	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—fine and cool. Prospects of crops continue good. Harvesting of *aman* and sowing of *rabi* crops nearly finished. Fodder sufficient. Price of rice stationary.
	17	Bogra " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Rabi* crops doing well. Cutting of *aman* almost finished. Rice selling at 15 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	18	Pabna " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* paddy is being harvested. Price of common rice in the Sirajganj subdivision Rs. 3-4 per maund and 11 seers per rupee in the Sadar subdivision. Fodder and water-supply sufficient.
DACCA DIVN.	19	Dacca " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of *aman* paddy going on. Prospects fair. Mustard, *mug* and *kalai* doing well. Common rice selling from 8 to 11 seers per rupee. Fodder available. No cattle-disease.
	20	Mymensingh " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of standing crops good. Harvesting of *aman* paddy going on. Common rice is selling from 8 to 12 seers per rupee. Supply of fodder sufficient.
	21	Faridpur " 23, '93 Goalundo ... Madaripur ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* harvest finished except in the south. *Rabi* crops doing well. Common rice sells from 11 to 13 seers per rupee. No cattle-disease. Fodder plentiful.
	22	Backergunge " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of crops fair. Common new rice sells from 11 to 13 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	23	Chittagong " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable, though sometimes cloudy. *Aman* being harvested. Sowing and transplantation of cold-weather crops continue. Prospects fair. Prices steady. Water and fodder sufficient.
	24	Noakhali " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. State and prospects of standing crops good. No cattle-disease. Fodder and water sufficient. Price of common rice going down.
	25	Tippera " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aman* being reaped; full 10-anna outturn expected. Prospects of *boro* paddy good. No cattle-disease. Fodder deficient in north of district. Rice selling from 10 to 12seers per rupee.
	26	Chittagong Hill Tracts. " 22, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of late plough-paddy going on. Vegetables selling in the bazar. Condition of cattle generally good. Common rice sells at 9½ seers per rupee.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR.			
PATNA DIVISION.			
27	Patna Dec. 23, '93	Nil	Weather—clear and cold. Harvesting of paddy continues. Prospects of *rabi* and poppy so far favourable. Prices of common rice:— Sadar ... ... 21 Srs. per rupee. Bihar ... ... 21 Srs. per rupee.
28	Gaya " 23, '93 Jahanabad ... Aurangabad ... Nawada ..	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—cold and clear. Harvesting of paddy and pressing of sugarcane going on. Prospects of *rabi* good. Fodder and water-supply for cattle sufficient. Prices of food-grains stationary.
29	Shahabad " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects favourable. Harvesting of winter rice continues.
30	Saran " 23, '93 Siwan ... Gopalganj ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. Prospects of all crops, including poppy, good. Sugarcane pressing going on. Water and fodder plentiful. Prices of common rice:— Chapra ... ... 16 Srs. per rupee. Siwan ... ... 19 Srs. per rupee. Gopalganj ... ... 19 Srs. per rupee.
31	Champaran " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—fine and seasonable. Harvesting of paddy in progress. *Rabi* sowings going on in the area affected by floods. Poppy doing well both at Sadar and Bettiah. Prospects favourable. Fodder and water sufficient for cattle. Prices stationary.
32	Muzaffarpur " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—cold and fair. Standing crops promising well. Sowing of *rabi* completed. Harvesting of paddy continues in places. New rice coming into the market. Cattle disease to some extent reported from Bela outpost in Sitamarhi subdivision. Fodder and water sufficient.
33	Darbhanga " 23, '93	Nil	Weather—fair and seasonable. Harvesting of rice nearly finished. Prospects of *rabi*, *rahar* and tobacco continue favourable. Poppy doing well. There is a sufficiency of fodder and water-supply. Ordinary rice sells from 16 to 17 seers per rupee.
BHAGALPUR DIVISION.			
34	Monghyr " 23, '93 Begusarai ... Jamui ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—very cold. *Rabi* sowings nearly completed. Winter rice is being harvested; outturn estimated to be about 16 annas. All standing crops doing well. Prospects of indigo good. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices of common rice (new):— Sadar ... ... 15 to 20 Srs. per rupee. Begusarai ... ... 20 Srs. per rupee. Jamui ... ... 19½ Srs. per rupee.
35	Bhagalpur " 23, '93 Banka ... Madhipura ... Sipaul ..	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Weather—normal. The *kharif* has now been harvested; results above the average all round. *Rabi* crops are thriving; but rain would benefit the young wheat and barley. Prices falling. Common rice 18 seers 15 chittacks per rupee.
36	Purnea " 23, '93 Kishanganj ... Araria ...	Nil Nil Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Aghani* being cut and threshed. Pressing of sugarcane going on. *Rabi* crops promise well. No cattle disease. Fodder and water sufficient. New rice is selling at 15 seers per rupee.

Division	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sadar Station in inches.	Character of the weather and state and prospects of the crops.
BIHAR—*concld.*				
Bhagalpur Divn.—*concld.*	37	Malda Dec. 23, '93	Nil	Weather—cold and clear. Harvesting of winter rice still going on. *Kalai* coming to maturity. Prospects of *rabi* crops favourable. Common rice sells from 13 to 21 seers per rupee. Fodder and water ample.
	38	Sonthal Parganas „ 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of paddy continues. Standing crops doing well. Price of common rice (new) 15 to 20 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
		Deoghur ...	Nil	
		Godda ...	Nil	
		Jamtara ...	Nil	
		Pakur ...	Nil	
		Rajmahal ...	Nil	
ORISSA.				
Orissa Divn.	39	Cuttack „ 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. *Sarad* harvest in progress. *Mug* doing well. Prices of common rice :— Srs. c. Srs. c. Sadar ... ... 10 8 to 16 0 Jajpur ... ... 13 2 to 18 6 Kendrapara ... ... 15 0 to 21 0 Banki ... ... 21 0 } per rupee.
	40	Puri ...	...	Report not received.
	41	Balasore „ 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice continues. Prices stationary. Fodder and water sufficient.
CHOTA NAGPUR.				
South-West Frontier Agency.				
Chota Nagpur Divn.	42	Hazaribagh Dec. 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of paddy completed; outturn excellent everywhere. Sowing of poppy practically completed, and the crop is very promising. Fodder and water sufficient. Common rice selling from 14 to 20 seers per rupee.
		Giridi ...	Nil	
	43	Lohardaga „ 23, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice finished. Common rice selling at 18 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
	44	Palamau „ 22, '93	Nil	Weather—seasonable. Paddy harvesting nearly at an end. *Rabi* sowing finished. *Arhar* and mustard promising. Sugarcane pressing commenced. Prices stationary. Fodder sufficient.
	45	Singhbhum „ 23, '93	Nil	Weather—clear and cold. Harvesting of paddy continues with full outturn. *Rahar* pulse also being harvested with 16 annas outturn. Cotton 8 to 10 annas outturn. Price of rice from 16 to 24 seers per rupee.
	46	Manbhum „ 23, '93	Nil	Weather—bright and cold. Prospects of crops very good. Harvesting of rice nearly finished. Rice selling from 15 to 20 seers per rupee. Fodder and water sufficient.
		Gobindpur ...	Nil	

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA; REVENUE DEPT.,
The 26th December, 1893.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Report of the Province of Bengal

Meteorological Division.	District.	Representative station.	Station Observations.											
			Air Pressure.			Wind.		Temperature.						
			Mean barometric height 8 A.M. reduced to 32°.	Mean reduced to sea-level and constant gravity, lat. 45°.	Variation from mean.	Prevailing direction.	Mean wind velocity.	Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.	Mean maximum temperature.	Mean minimum temperature.	Mean daily temperature.
Orissa.	Puri	Puri	30·110	30·015	—	N	113	79·6	18th & 20th Dec.	59·6	18, 19, 22 & 23 Dec.	78·9	60·4	69·5
		Gopalpore	30·107	30·069	+·024	NNW	237	79·7	17th "	57·1	18th "	78·4	58·5	68·9
		False Point	30·114	30·078	+·032	NNW	151	77·4	17 & 21 "	54·0	19th "	76·4	55·0	65·7
	Cuttack	Cuttack	30·051	30·078	+·031	Calm	31*	81·8	17th "	55·9	18 & 19 "	79·9	56·8	68·3
	Balasore	Balasore	30·080	30·085	+·028	Nly	73	79·3	17th "	51·5	18 & 19 "	77·3	52·8	65·0
South-West Bengal.	Midnapore	Midnapore	29·998	30·103	+·038	N	42	78·3	17 & 23 "	52·2	18 to 20 "	77·0	53·2	65·1
	24-Parganas	Calcutta	30·113	30·081	+·028	Nly	24	76·2	23rd "	53·2	17 & 19 "	74·7	54·3	64·5
		Saugor Island	30·107	30·077	+·032	NEly	213	76·2	17 & 23 "	53·8	17th "	74·8	55·6	65·2
	Howrah, Hooghly													
	Nadia	Krishnagar	30·069	30·088	+·041	NNW	53	77·1	22nd "	50·1	18th "	75·9	52·5	64·4
	Khulna, Jessore	Jessore	30·093	30·074	+·033	Calm & NNW	36	77·6	22 & 23 "	52·0	20th "	76·1	53·7?	64·9
	Burdwan	Burdwan	30·042	30·093	+·030	Calm	35	76·7	23rd "	53·4	18th "	75·7	55·0	65·5
		Raniganj	29·814	30·121	+·049	NNW	32	76·4	17th "	50·9	19th "	74·6	52·2	63·4
	Bankura	Bankura	29·815	30·086	+·031	Calm	35	77·3	17th "	50·8	18th "	75·7	52·4	64·1
	Birbhum, Murshidabad	Berhampore	30·076	30·095	+·036	NWly	36	75·6	21st "	53·5	18th "	74·5	54·9	64·7
North Bengal.	Pabna	Sirajganj	30·076	30·074	+·035	Calm	17	77·3	23rd "	48·9	18th "	75·8	51·5	63·7
	Bogra	Bogra	30·062	30·079	+·063	NE	30	76·9	22nd "	49·2	17 & 19 "	75·5	51·0	63·3
	Rajshahi	Rampur Boalia	30·063	30·086	+·050	N	102	76·3	23rd "	49·1	18th "	74·7	50·2	62·5
	Malda	Malda	30·065	30·102	—	NW	61	75·9	22nd "	49·2	22nd "	74·7	50·0*	62·3*
	Dinajpur	Dinajpur	30·024	30·110	+·056	NE	35	76·1	22 & 23 "	48·5	23rd "	75·0	50·1	62·6
	Rangpur	Rangpur	30·024	30·109	+·039	ENE	22	75·6	23rd "	46·1	23rd "	74·4	48·8	61·6
	Jalpaiguri, Kuch Bihar	Jalpaiguri*	29·867	30·123	+·056	N	31	75·4	22 & 23 "	48·1	17th "	74·5	49·1	61·8
	Darjeeling	Darjeeling	23·009	—	+·048	E	68	55·4	23rd "	35·7	20th "	50·8	37·8	44·3
	Sikkim	Gnatong	18·915	—	—	SE	75	46·4	22nd "	18·1	17th "	41·2	22·1	31·7
East Bengal.	Chittagong	Chittagong	30·024	30·062	+·033	NEly	*57	77·7	21st "	54·1	17th "	78·2	56·3	67·3
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Demagiri	No observations received.											
	Backergunge	Barisal	30·095	30·054	+·042	Calm	37	78·3	22 & 23 Dec.	52·5	19th "	75·9	54·7	65·8
	Noakhali	Noakhali												
	Faridpur	Faridpur	30·083	30·079	+·039	Calm	22	74·0	22nd "	52·5	19th "	73·5	53·8	63·7
	Dacca	Dacca	30·093	30·062	+·029	N & NNE	78	81·1	22nd "	53·3	17th "	78·7	55·0	66·9
	Tippera	Comilla	30·079	30·064	+·035	Calm	28	79·4	21 to 23 "	51·6	17th "	78·5	53·2	65·9
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	30·068	30·083	+·046	ENE	36	76·3	23rd "	49·1	18th "	75·3	52·0	63·7
North Bihar.	Purnea	Purnea	30·014	30·103	+·039	Calm	15	74·2	22nd "	48·3	18, 21 & 23 "	72·9	49·0	61·0
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur	29·976	30·099	+·032	Calm	3	75·3	17 to 22 & 23 "	47·0	18th "	74·4	48·4	61·5
	Darbhanga	Darbhanga	29·985	30·116	+·036	Variable	27	74·6	23rd "	51·9	18th "	73·3	52·5	62·9
	Muzaffarpur	Muzaffarpur	29·981	30·125	—	Calm	22	73·7	22 & 23 "	48·3	18th "	72·4	50·0	61·2
	Champaran	Motihari	29·912	30·110	+·046	SE	52	75·2	23rd "	43·9	21st "	73·3	45·9	59·7
	Saran	Chapra	29·979	30·125	+·074	Calm	31	74·3	17th "	48·7	19th "	73·1	49·7	61·4
South Bihar.	Shahabad	Dehri	29·811	30·130	+·051	SW	73	75·3	17 & 20 "	50·6	17th "	74·1	51·5	62·8
		Buxar	29·912	30·123	+·035	SWly	43	75·6	17th "	48·4	18th "	73·5	50·3	61·9
		Arrah	29·961	30·117	+·068	NW	27	75·1	17th "	47·7	22nd "	73·8	48·3	61·2
	Gaya	Gaya	29·773	30·127	+·039	SEly	140	75·5	17, 22 & 23 "	49·1	17th "	75·3	50·8	63·0
	Patna	Bankipore	29·968	30·116	+·023	Variable	36	73·7	23rd "	48·4	18th "	72·5	51·4	62·0
	Monghyr													
	Sonthal Parganas	Naya Dumka	29·635	30·119	+·045	NNW	51	75·5	17th "	48·1	18th "	74·0	50·4	62·2
Chota Nagpur.	Hazaribagh	Hazaribagh	28·053	30·104	+·014	Variable	89	72·4	23rd "	46·2	18th "	70·7	48·6	59·6
	Lohardaga	Ranchi	27·929	30·099	+·025	Calm	74	71·0	17th "	46·6	18th "	69·8	49·2	59·5
	Palamau	Daltonganj*	29·423	30·157	—	NW	27	74·9	20th "	44·0	18th "	73·7	45·2	59·4
	Singhbhum, Manbhum	Chaibassa	29·350	30·106	+·049	Calm	13	78·8	17th "	49·2	18th "	76·4	50·0	63·2

* Means of 6 days.

Explanation.—Summary.—The normal means of air pressure and temperature are the arithmetical average or means of the reading during the same period
The *humidity* of the atmosphere is expressed at percentage, saturated air being presented by 100. A clear sky is denoted by 0 and an overcast sky by 10
rainfal the normal mean are the numerical means or average of the rainfall in that district determined from the returns sent in by the subdivisional station
district, i.e., from total rainfall at the subdivisional stations in the district sending in returns divided by the number of stations. A rainy day is one of

for the week ending Saturday, the 23rd of December 1893.

Variation from normal mean.	Mean 8 A.M. temperature.	Average humidity at 8 A.M.	Average cloud amount at 8 A.M.	Rainfall of week at observing station.	DISTRICT OBSERVATIONS. Of week. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Average number of rainy days.	Normal number of rainy days.	Rainfall. Since 1st of month. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	Since 16th October 1893. Mean for district.	Normal mean.	Variation.	District.
—	63·9	72	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·18	0·00	0·17	Nil	0·95	−0·95	6·83	7·58	−0·75	Puri.
−1·1	61·9	81	0·3	Nil											
−0·2	62·7	82	3·9	Nil											
−1·1	62·1	72	0·9	Nil	Nil	0·13	0·00	0·11	Nil	0·58	−0·58	4·20	4·83	−0·63	Cuttack.
+1·2	58·0	86	0	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0·09	Nil	0·27	−0·27	4·21	3·31	+0·90	Balasore.
−0·6	60·4	71	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0·08	Nil	0·29	−0·29	3·32	3·64	−0·32	Midnapore.
−0·5	59·5	81	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·14	Nil	0·30	−0·30	2·44	3·54	−1·10	24-Parganas.
−1·1	60·3	91	3·4	Nil											
					Nil	0·07	0·00	0·09	Nil	0·31	−0·31	2·38	2·48	−0·10	Howrah.
					Nil	0·07	0·00	0·11	Nil	0·26	−0·26	2·85	2·56	+0·29	Hooghly.
−0·8	59·6	82	1·0	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·08	Nil	0·13	−0·13	1·47	2·24	−0·77	Nadia.
					Nil	0·03	0·00	0·09	Nil	0·33	−0·33	2·19	3·47	−1·28	Khulna.
−0·5	59·0	88	0	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·00	0·13	Nil	0·24	−0·24	0·95	2·80	−1·85	Jessore.
−0·2	58·8	75	0	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·00	0·08	Nil	0·18	−0·18	2·05	2·26	−0·21	Burdwan.
−1·6	57·7	79	0	Nil											
−1·2	57·4	79			Nil	0·12	0·00	0·15	Nil	0·28	−0·28	2·29	2·47	−0·18	Bankura.
					Nil	0·02	0·00	0·07	Nil	0·13	−0·13	1·76	2·14	−0·38	Birbhum.
−0·1	57·6	93	0·3	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·09	Nil	0·15	−0·15	1·83	2·29	−0·46	Murshidabad.
−0·6	58·0	92	0	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·10	−0·10	3·17	2·64	+0·53	Pabna.
−1·9	57·7	84	0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·07	0·05	0·15	−0·10	4·06	2·11	+1·95	Bogra.
−0·3	58·6	84	0	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·00	0·06	Nil	0·12	−0·12	2·73	1·89	+0·84	Rajshahi.
—	57·0	86	0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·09	Nil	0·10	−0·10	3·13	1·60	+1·53	Malda.
−0·3	57·2	83	0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·08	Nil	0·16	−0·16	2·81	1·58	+1·23	Dinajpur.
−0·9	55·6	88	0	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·09	Nil	0·15	−0·15	1·79	2·24	−0·45	Rangpur.
−1·0	55·2	83	0·7	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·05	0·39	0·10	+0·29	3·00	3·11	−0·08	Jalpaiguri.
					Nil	0·05	0·00	0·12	0·52	0·16	+0·36	4·34	2·02	+2·32	Kuch Bihar.
+2·6	47·4	51	0	Nil	Nil	0·14	0·00	0·28	0·53	0·25	+0·28	5·58	2·96	+2·62	Darjeeling.
—	33·0	85	0	Nil											Gnatong.
+0·4	61·4	91	2·3	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·00	0·08	0·04	0·57	−0·53	6·18	5·51	+0·67	Chittagong.
					Nil	0·03	0·00	0·15	Nil	0·56	−0·56	5·31	4·70	+0·61	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
+1·2	61·8	88	0	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·09	0·03	0·43	−0·40	5·30	3·33	+1·97	Backergunge.
					Nil	0·04	0·00	0·10	0·01	0·82	−0·81		5·13		Noakhali.
−0·8	59·5	91	0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·09	0·01	0·14	−0·13	1·67	2·55	−0·88	Faridpur.
+0·1	60·0	84	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·12	Nil	0·23	−0·23	3·00	2·97	+0·03	Dacca.
+0·6	62·4	82	0·6	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·10	0·01	0·38	−0·37	3·00	3·11	+0·49	Tippera.
−0·1	56·9	90	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·05	0·04	0·15	−0·11	3·72	2·92	+0·80	Mymensingh.
−0·2	51·9	92	0	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·12	−0·12	2·67	1·70	+0·97	Purnea.
+0·1	55·6	89	0	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·06	Nil	0·08	−0·08	2·51	1·51	+1·00	Bhagalpur.
+0·1	55·7	90	0	Nil	Nil	0·03	0·00	0·07	Nil	0·07	−0·07	6·03	1·07	+4·96	Darbhanga.
—	55·0	94	0	Nil	Nil	0·05	0·00	0·10	Nil	0·09	−0·09	7·84	1·25	+6·59	Muzaffarpur.
−0·1	53·5	93	0	Nil	Nil	0·08	0·00	0·11	Nil	0·17	−0·17	8·62	0·67	+7·95	Champaran.
−0·2	56·1	86	0	Nil	Nil	0·07	0·00	0·12	Nil	0·14	−0·14	5·86	1·13	+4·73	Saran.
?	58·1	86	0	Nil											Shahabad.
+0·7	58·2	77	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·09	0·00	0·11	Nil	0·27	−0·27	6·25	1·60	+4·65	
+0·4	54·5	88	0	Nil											
+0·8	55·3	78	1·1	Nil	Nil	0·06	0·00	0·08	Nil	0·18	−0·18	2·53	1·19	+1·34	Gaya.
+0·3	56·3	83	0	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·12	−0·12	4·40	1·50	+2·90	Patna.
					Nil	0·04	0·00	0·05	Nil	0·07	−0·07	1·71	1·58	+0·13	Monghyr.
−0·1	55·1	82	0	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·00	0·10	Nil	0·10	−0·01	2·43	1·78	+0·65	Sonthal Parganas.
−0·1	56·3	75	0	Nil	Nil	0·14	0·00	0·15	Nil	0·26	−0·26	3·57	1·72	+1·85	Hazaribagh.
+0·3	56·5	73	0·1	Nil	Nil	0·25	0·00	0·18	0·01	0·39	−0·38	3·36	2·06	+1·30	Lohardaga.
—	56·0	77	0	Nil	Nil	0·12	0·00	0·25	Nil	0·16	−0·16	2·34	1·57	+0·77	Palamau.
−0·5	54·7	82	0·7	Nil	Nil	0·16	0·00	0·20	Nil	0·37	−0·37	0·87	2·44	−1·57	Singhbhum.
					Nil	0·08	0·00	0·10	0·01	0·20	−0·19	1·94	1·67	+0·27	Manbhum.

for the last ten years. The variations are *negative* when the mean for the week is less than the corresponding normal mean, and *positive* when greater
The numbers denoting cloud amount represents the part of the sky covered the whole sky being denoted by 10. Under the head District observations of
for the period in question during the past ten years. The means of the district are the numerical average of the rainfall returned received in the
which at least a tenth of an inch fell.

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 23rd of December 1893.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 17th.	Monday, 18th.	Tuesday, 19th.	Wednesday, 20th.	Thursday, 21st.	Friday, 22nd.	Saturday, 23rd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th Oct. 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th Oct. to date.
ORISSA ...	Puri ...	Puri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	1·08	7·30	[illegible]
		Khurda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·64	6·11	[illegible]
		Banpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·42	Nil	1·12	9·03	[illegible]
		False Point ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·96	4·79	[illegible]
		Gop ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·20	?
		Satpara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·97	?
		Pipli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·25	?
		Nayagarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·50	?
		Ranpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·43	?
		Kurmala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·08	?
	Cuttack ...	Jagatsingpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·51	6·51	4·55
		Banki ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·38	Nil	0·66	4·69	4·79
		Cuttack ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·44	3·30	4·50
		Kendrapara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·56	4·52	4·80
		Jajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·73	6·47	3·92
		Dharmsala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Salipore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·82	?
		Pal Lahara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·26	?
	Balasore ...	*Akhyapada* ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·65	?
		Chandbali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·58	3·35	9·25
		Bhadrak ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·26	5·95	3·2
		Soro ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·13	4·36	2·83
		Balasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·42	4·47	4·04
		Jellasore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·11	1·52	1·33
		Baripadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·15	5·47	2·59
SOUTH-WEST BENGAL.	Midnapore ...	Contai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·41	4·77	6·25
		Tamluk ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·28	2·65	3·40
		Midnapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·17	3·43	3·04
		Ghatal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·28	4·33	1·36
		Kukrahaty ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·92	?
		Garhbeta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·51	?
		Panskura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Dantoon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45	?
	24-Parganas ...	Saugor Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·37	2·69	6·09
		Diamond Harbour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·27	4·33	3·40
		Canning Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·61	?
		Alipore (Observatory) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·35	2·21	2·85
		Barrackpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·30	2·29	2·37
		Dum-Dum ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·30	2·74	2·85
		Barasat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·31	1·67	2·30
		Basirhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·24	1·11	2·36
	Howrah ...	Howrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·31	2·52	2·30
		Mohesrekha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·29	2·24	1·98
		Uluberia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·83	?
	Hooghly ...	Serampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·30	3·10	2·39
		Hooghly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·29	3·13	2·37
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·20	3·32	2·48
	Nadia ...	Ranaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·21	1·15	2·22
		Krishnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·08	2·33	1·71
		Chuadanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·14	1·10	2·22
		Meherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·13	1·06	2·6
		Kushtia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·10	1·67	2·2
	Khulna ...	Satkhira ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·07	2·24	3·9
		Bagerhat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·27	3·20	3·9
		Khulna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·33	1·12	3·78
		Nakipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	?
		Rampal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·43	?
	Jessore ...	Narail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·25	0·92	5·66
		Jessore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·21	0·61	2·97
		Jhenidah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·18	1·19	2·94
		Magura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·05	1·36	3·08
		Bangaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·31	0·65	2·59
	Burdwan ...	Kalna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·23	2·40	2·67
		Burdwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·21	2·22	2·3
		Katwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·10	1·93	2·2
		Raniganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·19	1·65	1·9
		Mankur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·04	?
	Bankura ...	Bankura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·22	2·50	2·46
		Vishnupur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·11	Nil	0·24	3·43	2·11
		Maliara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·21	1·52	2·41
		Khatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·42	1·66	2·57
		Indas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·60	?
		Kotalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·72	?
		Onda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·79	?
		Gangajalghati	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·44	?
		Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·57	?
		Sonamukhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·87	?
	Birbhum ...	Suri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·12	1·09	2·11
		Hetampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·11	1·87	1·38
		Rampur Hat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·18	2·32	2·36
		Bolpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·30	?
		Murari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·60	?
	Murshidabad	Kandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·19	1·25	1·71
		Berhampore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·16	1·81	2·39
		Lalbagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·15	2·08	2·28
		Azimganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·11	1·24	2·16
		Jangipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·12	3·18	2·06
		Lalgola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·11	1·40	2·54
		Akhriganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	?
		Patkabari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·35	?	1·35	?
NORTH BENGAL.	Pabna ...	Pabna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·10	2·10	2·33
		Sirajganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·10	4·26	2·70
	Bogra ...	Sherpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·20	0·18	4·65	2·73
		Nowkhilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·12	5·76	2·09
		Bogra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·07	2·87	2·30
		Panchbibi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·20	2·98	1·68
	Rajshahi ...	Boalia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·10	2·42	1·92
		Nator ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·10	2·37	2·35
		Naugaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·17	3·40	0·95
		Lalpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·10	?	1·30	?
		Manda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·38	?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 23rd of December 1893—contd.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall. Sunday, 17th.	Monday, 18th.	Tuesday, 19th.	Wednesday, 20th.	Thursday, 21st.	Friday, 22nd.	Saturday, 23rd.	Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th Oct. to date.
North Bengal—concld.	Malda ...	Malda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·14	4·18	2·09
		Chanchal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·04	2·08	1·07
		Gajol ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·64	?
		Silganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·80	?
	Dinajpur ...	Mohadebpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·17	3·17	1·20
		Churaman ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·16	3·58	1·05
		Raiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·17	2·70	1·06
		Dinajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·08	1·83	2·32
		Balurghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·24	2·76	1·79
		Thakurgaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·65	?
	Rangpur ...	Bhawaniganj (*Gyabanda*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·14	3·03	2·56
		Rangpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·08	1·24	3·05
		Pirganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·75	?
		Kurigaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·17	0·56	1·93
		Gobindganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·91	?
		Bakshigra (*Nilphamari*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·21	2·33	1·89
		Ulipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·61	?
		Sunderganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·97	?
	Jalpaiguri ...	Jalpaiguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·10	3·09	3·14
		Alipore Duar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·36	?
		Fallacotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·06	?
		Debiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·71	?
		Bhagatpur (Nagrakatta)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·40	?
	Kuch Bihar...	Dinhatta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·14	Nil	0·22	3·34	2·15
		Kuch Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·11	5·34	2·64
		Mickliganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·19	3·98	1·94
		Mathabhanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·13	5·01	1·89
	Darjeeling ...	Buxa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	0·03	0·34	5·74	5·14
		Siliguri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·10	6·02	1·03
		Darjeeling ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	0·02	0·26	5·87	4·66
		Kalimpong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·23	Nil	0·30	4·75	0·88
		Kurseong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·12	?	3·33	?
		Pedong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·07	?	5·15	?
East Bengal.	Chittagong ...	Cox's Bazar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·43	6·41	6·51
		Chittagong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·07	0·70	5·94	4·16
		Kutubdia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·72	?
		Satkanya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·06	?
		Kodala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Fenoa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·38	?
		Mirsarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Chandpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	Rangamati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·56	5·31	4·77
		Bundarban ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·04	?	4·39	?
	Backergunge	Patuakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·53	6·11	4·60
		Pirojpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·31	4·23	4·11
		Barisal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·35	6·09	4·06
		Gournaddi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·68	?
		Bhola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	0·07	0·52	4·75	3·88
		Daulatkhan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·16	?	7·11	?
		Bauphal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	8·78	?
	Noakhali ...	Noakhali ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·62	10·15	4·74
		Fenny ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	1·00		5·99
		Harishpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	0·09	?	9·51	?
		Ramganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·35	?
	Faridpur ...	Madaripur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·18	4·88	2·37
		Faridpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·14	1·35	2·71
		Goalundo ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·10	1·63	2·37
	Dacca ...	Munshiganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·34	3·20	3·40
		Dacca ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·19	2·85	2·00
		Narayanganj...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·28	3·54	3·74
		Manikganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·12	2·41	2·37
		Joydebpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·45	?
	Hill Tippera...	Agartola ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·40	2·45	3·55
	Tippera ...	Comilla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·47	3·76	2·77
		Chandpore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·40	2·79	2·73
		Brahmanbaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·26	1·78	2·69
		Ramchandrapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·12	?
		Nasirnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·25	?
		Daudkandi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·77	?
		Kasba ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·80	?
		Laksham ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·60	?
	Mymensingh	Kishorganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	0·04	0·15	3·80	2·15
		Atia (*Tangail*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	0·17	0·09	2·05	2·76
		Mymensingh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·12	6·62	3·01
		Jamalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·20	4·45	3·03
		Netrakona ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0·17	1·91	3·31
		Subornakhaliy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·74	?
		Durgapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·70	?
		Sherepore Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·43	?
		Dewanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·05	?
North Bihar	Purnea ...	Kishanganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·01	Nil	0·10	2·27	1·53
		Araria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·08	2·25	1·43
		Purnea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·15	3·48	2·00
		Gondwara (Korah) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·30	?
		Barsoe ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·18	?
		Forbesganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·79	?
		Kaliaganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·31	?
	Bhagalpur ...	Madhipura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·05	2·00	5·18
		Bongaon (Syfabad).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·02	?
		Supaul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·09	3·29	1·25
		Protabganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·02	?
		Bhagalpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·08	2·79	1·33
		Banka ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·08	1·95	1·78
		Colgong ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·66	?
	Darbhanga ...	Tajpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·07	2·74	1·18
		Darbhanga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·12	5·39	1·11
		Madhubani ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·06	5·88	0·97
		Bahera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?
		Roshera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		?

Statement of Rainfall in Bengal for the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), the 23rd of December 1893—concl.

Meteorological Division.	District.	Station.	Rainfall.							Total number of rainy days.	Rainfall of week.	Average rainfall of week.	Total rainfall since 1st of month.	Average total rainfall from 1st of month.	Total rainfall since 16th October 1893.	Average rainfall from 16th October to date.
			Sunday, 17th.	Monday, 18th.	Tuesday, 19th.	Wednesday, 20th.	Thursday, 21st.	Friday, 22nd.	Saturday, 23rd.							
NORTH BIHAR—concluded.	Muzaffarpur...	Sitamarhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·08	9·58	[illegible]
		Muzaffarpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·08	10·37	[illegible]
		Hajipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·09	4·74	[illegible]
		Paru ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Mahuwa (Chitwarra).	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·87	[illegible]
		Sinhar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·74	[illegible]
		Pupri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
	Champaran ...	Motihari ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·13	8·50	[illegible]
		Bettiah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·08	Nil	0·19	8·74	[illegible]
		Bagaha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·02	[illegible]
		Burhurwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·62	[illegible]
	Saran ...	Gopalganj ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·17	5·96	[illegible]
		Siwan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·11	9·19	[illegible]
		Ekma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·25	[illegible]
		Chupra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·14	4·07	[illegible]
		Sreepore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·80	[illegible]
		Annour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·24	[illegible]
		Basantpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
SOUTH BIHAR	Shahabad ...	Buxar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·13	9·25	[illegible]
		Dehri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·19	Nil	0·57	5·87	[illegible]
		Bhabhua ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·22	5·48	[illegible]
		Sasaram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·24	6·73	[illegible]
		Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·17	3·62	[illegible]
		Mohanea ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·55	[illegible]
		Khiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·45	[illegible]
		Ageaon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·98	[illegible]
		Ramagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·82	[illegible]
		Koath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Sikroul ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·60	[illegible]
		Bassowan ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·72	[illegible]
		Monaharpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·15	[illegible]
	Gaya ...	Aurangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·25	3·47	[illegible]
		Gaya ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·17	2·52	[illegible]
		Nawadah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·07	Nil	0·13	2·05	[illegible]
		Jahanabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·16	2·90	[illegible]
		Arwal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	6·24	[illegible]
		Daudnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·01	[illegible]
		Sherghati ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·34	[illegible]
		Rajauli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·68	[illegible]
		Pakri Barawan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·46	[illegible]
	Patna ...	Patna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·12	5·51	[illegible]
		Dinapore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·12	9·50	[illegible]
		Bihar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·10	1·43	[illegible]
		Barh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·11	1·14	[illegible]
		Bickram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·30	[illegible]
		Hilsa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·32	[illegible]
	Monghyr ...	Begusarai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·07	1·23	[illegible]
		Monghyr ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·07	1·98	[illegible]
		Jamui ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·05	Nil	0·07	1·90	[illegible]
		Goori ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Shaikpura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·12	[illegible]
		Chahai Bamda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·86	[illegible]
		Chupreon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·32	[illegible]
	Sonthal Pargannas.	Rajmahal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·03	Nil	0·06	3·53	[illegible]
		Godda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·10	2·32	[illegible]
		Pakour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·02	Nil	0·08	2·78	[illegible]
		Naya Dumka	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·13	1·17	[illegible]
		Deoghur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·04	Nil	0·07	1·63	[illegible]
		Jamtara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·09	Nil	0·17	3·15	[illegible]
		Belbodda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·58	[illegible]
		Nanihat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	Nil	[illegible]
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Hazaribagh ...	Pachamba *(Giridih).*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·12	3·24	[illegible]
		Hazaribagh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·24	5·12	[illegible]
		Semtagurao ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·31	2·59	[illegible]
		Mahudi Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·30	3·32	[illegible]
		Jhumra Hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·24	Nil	0·31	2·70	[illegible]
		Barhi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·97	[illegible]
		Chatra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·13	[illegible]
		Karsgdeha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·64	[illegible]
		Ramgar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·30	[illegible]
	Lohardaga ...	Lohardaga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·36	Nil	0·52	3·18	[illegible]
		Ranchi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·13	Nil	0·25	3·58	[illegible]
		Silli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Palkot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·73	[illegible]
		Tamar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	?	[illegible]
	Palamau ...	Palamau ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·12	Nil	0·16	2·34	[illegible]
		Salumath ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·99	[illegible]
		Husainabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	5·14	[illegible]
		Garhwa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·44	[illegible]
	Singhbhum ...	Chaibassa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·16	Nil	0·37	0·87	[illegible]
		Chakardharpur.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	0·24	[illegible]
		Ghatsila ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?		[illegible]
		Baharagura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	3·26	[illegible]
	Manbhum ...	Gailkura ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·50	[illegible]
		Kalikapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	7·70	[illegible]
		Purulia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·10	Nil	0·22	1·98	[illegible]
		Gobindpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	0·06	Nil	0·17	3·85	[illegible]
		Raghunathpore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	1·67	[illegible]
		Barahabhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·02	[illegible]
		Jhalda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·48	[illegible]
		Chas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	2·52	[illegible]
		Pandra ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil	Nil	?	Nil	?	4·34	[illegible]

Explanation.—... indicates that no rain has fallen. If the return for any day has not been received, the corresponding space is left blank. If any of the returns are wanting the corresponding spaces in the total rainfall columns are left blank. With reference to the column of rainy days, the definition of a rainy day is when at least 1·0 inch of rain has fallen.

CALCUTTA, *the 26th December* 1893.

SUMMARY OF THE METEOROLOGICAL AND RAINFALL OBSERVATIONS TAKEN IN BENGAL FOR THE WEEK ENDING 8 A.M., SATURDAY THE 23RD OF DECEMBER 1893.

THE meteorology of the week under review has again been of little importance, and calls for no detailed review, for conditions have been of fine settled north-east monsoon character throughout the period. On the 17th of December, or the first day of the week, pressure was decidedly high, and was above the normal by amounts ranging from 0·04 inch at the southern and south-eastern stations to 0·06 inch and 0·07 inch in the north and west of the province. The differences of pressure were hence a little larger than usual, and the northerly winds which were blowing were fairly strong. The mean temperature was in defect of the normal at almost all stations in the province, the usual defect equalling from 1° to 2°. Skies were almost cloudless throughout the province, and no rain was reported. The changes of temperature and pressure from day to day during the week have been small, and their general effect has been to make temperature somewhat higher and pressure somewhat lower than at its commencement. Indeed, on the 22nd and 23rd, the mean temperature had become in slight excess of the normal, while on the 23rd pressure was almost normal over the province. Throughout the whole week, however, a steady northerly wind current has been blowing, skies have been almost cloudless, and no rain has been reported from any station in the province.

Pressure.—The mean pressure for the week has hence been in small excess, and this excess has been largest at the northern and western stations, and smallest at the southern and south-eastern stations. Thus excess pressures of about 0·05 inch and 0·06 inch have been registered at many stations in North Bengal and at some in Bihar, while at Calcutta the excess has equalled 0·028 inch, at Gopalpur 0·024 inch, and at Chittagong 0·033 inch. The general excess for the whole province has equalled about 0·04 inch.

Temperature—Was in small defect for all except the last few days of the week, when slight excess amounts were recorded. The variation of the mean temperature of the week from the normal has therefore been small, and for the whole province the average defect only equals about a fifth of a degree, while the main defect has been confined to South-West and North Bengal, where the defect has been more than half a degree. On the other hand, slight excess average temperatures for the week have been recorded in South Bihar and East Bengal.

The actual temperatures registered during the week and their variations from the usual temperature for the present season are most clearly seen in the table below, where the average maximum, minimum and mean temperatures for the week at nine typical stations in different districts of the province are compared with the normal values for the same period. The variations it will be seen have been small in both the night and day temperatures.

Table showing the excess or defect of the actual mean temperature from the normal for the week ending Saturday, the 23rd of December 1893.

	Normal mean maximum temperature for the week ending 23rd December.	Actual mean maximum temperature for the week ending 23rd December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean minimum temperature for the week ending 23rd December.	Actual mean minimum temperature for the week ending 23rd December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.	Normal mean daily temperature for the week ending 23rd December.	Actual mean daily temperature for the week ending 23rd December 1893.	Variation of actual mean from the normal.
Cuttack	81·6	79·9	−1·7	57·2	56·8	−0·4	69·4	68·3	−1·1
Calcutta	75·1	74·7	−0·4	54·9	54·3	−0·6	65·0	64·5	−0·5
Dacca	77·6	78·7	+1·1	56·0	55·0	−1·0	66·8	66·9	+0·1
Burdwan	76·8	75·7	−1·1	54·5	55·0	+0·5	65·7	65·5	−0·2
Patna	72·9	72·5	−0·4	49·7	51·4	+1·7	61·3	62·0	+0·7
Gaya	74·3	75·2	+0·9	50·2	50·8	+0·6	62·3	63·0	+0·7
Purnea	74·9	72·9	−2·0	47·8	49·0	+1·2	61·4	61·0	−0·4
Hazaribagh	70·3	70·7	+0·4	49·0	48·6	−0·4	59·7	59·6	−0·1
Darjeeling	47·9	50·8	+2·9	35·8	37·8	+2·0	41·9	44·5	+2·6

Rain fall.—The whole province has been rainless throughout the week.

The following table gives the summary of the temperature and rainfall data of each of the seven meteorological divisions of the province for the week ending Saturday, the 23rd of December 1893:—

Meteorological Divisions.	Temperature.						Rainfall.									
	Highest observed during week.	Lowest observed during week.	Averages for week.			Average mean of week above or below normal mean of week.	Of week.			Rainy days.			Since 1st of month.		Since 16th Oct. 1893.	
			Of highest of each day.	Of lowest of each day.	Of mean for each day.		Average.	Normal average.	Variation.	Average number in week.	Normal average number in week.	Variation.	Average.	Normal average.	Average.	Normal average.
Orissa	81·8	51·5	78·2	56·6	67·4	—0·3	Nil	0·12	—0·12	0·00	0·12	—0·12	Nil	0·56	5·43	4·69
South-West Bengal ...	78·3	50·1	75·4	53·8	64·6	—0·7	Nil	0·06	—0·06	0·00	0·10	—0·10	Nil	0·24	2·04	2·07
North Bengal	77·3	46·1	74·9	50·1	62·5	—0·8	Nil	0·03	—0·03	0·00	0·08	—0·08	0·01	0·15	3·06	2·02
East Bengal	81·1	49·1	76·8	54·2	65·6	+0·2	Nil	0·03	—0·03	0·00	0·09	—0·09	0·01	0·34	4·18	3·51
North Bihar	75·3	43·9	73·2	49·3	61·3	—0·1	Nil	0·04	—0·04	0·00	0·08	—0·08	Nil	0·10	5·25	1·21
South Bihar	75·6	47·7	73·9	50·5	62·2	+0·4	Nil	0·05	—0·05	0·00	0·09	—0·09	Nil	0·14	3·56	1·57
Chota Nagpur	78·8*	46·2*	72·3*	49·3*	60·5*	—0·1*	Nil	0·15	—0·15	0·00	0·16	—0·16	Nil	0·27	3·21	1·66

* Daltonganj not included.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, BENGAL,
The 26th December 1893.

A. PEDLER,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Barometrical and Thermometrical Observations taken at the Meteorological Office, Chowringhee, from 17th to 23rd December 1893.

Month.	Date.	Pressure at 10 A.M. corrected and reduced to 32° Faht.	Temperature.						Hygrometry.			Rainfall, past 24 hours.
			Daily mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Dry bulb at 10 A.M.	Wet bulb at 10 A.M.	Vapour tension at 10 A.M.	Dew point at 10 A.M.	Humidity at 10 A.M.	
1893.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°	Inches.	°	%	Inches.
December ...	17th ...	30·185	64·9	74·9	20·0	54·9	68·6	60·7	·427	54·6	61	Nil
" ...	18th ...	·118	63·6	74·3	21·4	52·9	68·6	59·7	·396	52·4	56	"
" ...	19th ...	·132	64·0	74·9	21·8	53·1	67·1	61·7	·479	57·8	70	"
" ...	20th ...	·141	65·0	75·5	21·1	54·4	69·6	62·7	·478	57·7	66	"
" ...	21st ...	·134	66·2	76·9	21·4	55·5	70·1	62·7	·470	57·2	64	"
" ...	22nd ...	·164	67·3	77·7	20·8	56·9	71·6	63·6	·483	58·0	62	"
" ...	23rd ...	·119	65·6	76·4	21·7	54·7	69·6	61·7	·445	55·7	61	"

	Inches.
The mean 10 A.M. pressure of the seven days	30·142
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	65·2
The extreme variation of temperature	24·8
The maximum temperature	77·7
	%
The mean 10 A.M. relative humidity of the seven days	63
	Inch.
The total fall of rain from 17th to 23rd December 1893	Nil

The daily mean temperatures are the crude means of maximum and minimum temperatures.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, INDIA,
The 25th December 1893.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Alipore Observatory from 17th to 23rd December 1893.

Month.	Date.	Maximum in sun.	Number of hours of bright sunshine.	Mean pressure barometer at 32° Faht.	Temperature.				Hygrometry.				Wind.		Rain.	Weather.
					Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
		°		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inches	°	%			Inches.	
Dec.	17th	127·3	9·0	30·085	63·5	74·4	21·1	53·3	58·2	0·419	54·0	73	NNW and calm ...	50	Nil	Clear, ⌓.
"	18th	122·3	8·9	·057	62·8	72·8	19·3	53·5	57·6	·409	53·4	73	NNE and calm ...	31	"	Chiefly clear, ⌓.
"	19th	125·7	7·3	·068	62·5	73·6	20·3	53·3	57·7	·418	54·0	75	NNW and calm ...	12	"	Day clear, night partially cloudy, ⌓, ≡.
"	20th	133·5	7·6	·061	63·7	74·5	20·0	54·5	58·7	·432	54·8	75	NNE and calm ...	17	"	Day clear, night partially cloudy, ⌓.
"	21st	132·7	8·3	·051	64·5	75·5	20·9	54·6	59·4	·443	55·6	75	NNE and calm ...	27	"	Chiefly clear, ⌓, ≡.
"	22nd	126·5	8·7	·070	65·8	76·0	20·1	55·9	60·4	·457	56·4	73	NNE and calm ...	20	"	Chiefly clear, ⌓.
"	23rd	128·0	9·1	·032	63·9	75·1	20·6	54·5	59·2	·443	55·6	74	NNW and calm ...	22	"	Clear, ⌓, ≡.

	Inches.
The mean pressure of the seven days	30·061
The average pressure of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	30·035
	Hours.
The total number of hours of bright sunshine	58·9
The maximum possible number of hours of sunshine	74·9
	°
The mean temperature of the seven days	63·8
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	67·4
The extreme variation of temperature	22·7
The maximum temperature	76·0
	Miles.
The highest velocity of the wind in one hour	7
	%
The mean relative humidity	74
The average relative humidity of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	71
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 17th to 23rd December 1893	Nil
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	Nil
The total fall from 1st January to 23rd December 1893	85·23
The average fall of the corresponding period for 24 years, Surveyor-General's Office	65·23

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from the traces of the Barograph and Thermograph and from observations made at 6h, 10h, 16h, and 22h.

The maximum and minimum temperatures are obtained from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, formerly at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from Tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modifications of August's formula.

The directions and the movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

⌓, dew; ≡, fog.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, GOVT. OF INDIA;
Calcutta, the 25th December 1893.

C. LITTLE,
For Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of India.

CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending Saturday, the 16th December 1893, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of Cargo.	Week ending Saturday, the 16th December 1893.			Week ending Saturday, the 17th December 1892.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
	No.	Mds.	Rs.	No.	Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy	783	42,045	498	1,539	1,19,300	1,733
Jute	217	1,18,460	1,914	430	2,37,975	4,127
Firewood	121	81,345	1,236	81	48,175	715
Other articles	848	1,98,890	3,155	905	2,24,200	3,599
Total ...	1,969	4,40,740	6,803	2,955	6,29,650	10,174

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

Abstract of principal commodities carried over the Eastern Bengal State Railway during the month of September 1893, *as compared with the same month of the previous year.*

Staples.	1893. Up.	1893. Down.	1892. Up.	1892. Down.	Total. 1893.	Total. 1892.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Coal and Coke carried for the Public and Foreign Railways.	2,744	25,279	2,981	2,335	31,542*a*	9,723*a*	21,819	......
Cotton, raw ...	1	41	5	190	42	195	......	153
Cotton, manufactured—								
Twist and yarn, European ...	540	30						
Ditto, Indian ...	195	183	3,211	57	6,140	3,268	2,872	......
Piece-goods, European ...	5,099	50						
Ditto, Indian ...	31	12						
Drugs and Chemicals—								
Intoxicating, other than opium ...	5	6						
Non-intoxicating—			......	......	40	......	40	......
Cinchona bark ...	......	......						
Others ...	19	10						
Dyes and Tans ...								......
Indigo ...	2	......						
Myrabolams ...	......	......						
Cutch ...	13	......	......	......	145	......	145	......
Turmeric ...	3	121						
Aniline dyes ...	1	......						
Others ...	2	3						
Grain and pulse—								
Wheat ...	33	4						
Rice in the husk ...	2,473	5,580						
Rice not in the husk ...	12,489	2,491	3,005	1,030	......	......	......	......
Jawar and bajra ...	......	......	......	......	24,808	7,225	17,583	......
Gram and pulse ...	1,018	450	1,822	1,368	......	......	......	......
Others ...	259	11						
Hides and skins—								
Hides of cattle—								
Dressed or tanned ...	......	......						
Raw ...	18	653						
Skins of sheep, &c.—			11	608	717	619	98	......
Dressed or tanned ...	......	......						
Raw ...	1	45						
Horns ...	2	9	......	......	11	......	11	......
Jute—								
Raw ...	342	52,419	72	65,280	52,761	65,352	......	12,591
Gunny bags and cloth ...	272	8,341	152	1,095	8,613	1,247	7,366	......
Lac—								
Stick ...	......	1	......	......	5	......	5	......
Shell ...	4	......						
Leather, manufactured ...	22	1	......	......	23	......	23	......
Liquors—								
Beer ...	48	......						
Spirits ...	......	......	......	......	103	......	103	......
Wines ...	55	......						
Metals—								
Copper, unwrought ...	1	......						
Brass, do. ...	18	1						
Copper, wrought ...	9	......	821	74	1,145	895	250	......
Brass, do. ...	160	53						
Iron ...	646	181						
Others ...	74	22						
Oils—								
Kerosine ...	7,745	14	5,279	24	......	......	......	......
Castor ...	19	8			8,234	5,615	2,619	......
Cocoanut ...	87	......	......	......				
Others ...	273	88	269	43	......	......	......	......
Oilseeds—								
Linseed ...	......	156						
Rape and mustard ...	191	646						
Til or jinjili ...	......	......						
Poppy ...	2	......	317	720	1,089	1,037	52	......
Earth-nuts... ...	......	......						
Castor ...	......	......						
Others ...	20	74						
Opium ...	3	......	......	......	3	......	3	......
Paper and pasteboard ...	52	2	......	......	54	......	54	......
Provisions—								
Ghee ...	52	4						
Dried fruits and nuts ...	16	......	494	213	1,189	707	482	......
Others ...	805	312						
Railway plant and rolling-stock carried for the Public and Foreign Railways—								
Locomotives, engines and tenders and parts thereof.	......	......						
Carriages and trucks and parts thereof ...	......	......						
Materials—			......	......	1,621*b*	10,089*b*	......	8,468
Steel rails and fish-plates, sleepers and keys of steel and cast-iron.	16	......						
Other sorts ...	......	14						
Salt ...	4,314	41	3,807	21	4,355	3,828	527	......
Saltpetre, &c.—								
Saltpetre ...	4	......	......	......	4	......	4	......
Other saline substances ...	......	......						
Silk, raw—								
Foreign ...	......	......	......	......	18	......	18	......
Indian ...	......	18						

(*a*) Includes 5,519 tons and 4,407 tons of locomotive coal during 1893 and 1892, respectively, carried for Revenue, for which no "Up" and "Down" registers maintained.

(*b*) Railway plant and rolling-stock 1,621 tons and 10,089 tons during the years 1893 and 1892, respectively, for which no "Up" and "Down" registers maintained.

STAPLES.	1893.		1892.		Total.		Increase.	Decrease.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	1893.	1892.		
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Silk piece-goods—								
Foreign ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Indian ...	......	......						
Spices—								
Betel-nuts ...	304	243	77	295	1,391	372	1,019	......
Pepper ...	38	......						
Ginger ...	......	76						
Chillies ...	453	61						
Cardamoms ...	......	12						
Others ...	107	97						
Stone and lime ...	271	317	......	......	588	......	588	......
Sugar—								
Refined or crystalized, including sugar-candy.	3[illegible]1	31	759	488	1,013	1,247	......	234
Unrefined, viz., mollasses and jaggery or gur, and other saccharine produce.	432	209						
Tea—								
Foreign ...	......	......	1	4,385	4,918	4,386	532	......
Indian ...	2	4,916						
Timber ...	46	34	133	147	82	280	......	198
Tobacco—								
Unmanufactured ...	47	1,657	52	2,108	1,722	2,160	......	438
Manufactured—								
Cigars ...	......	......						
Other sorts ...	2	16						
Wool, raw ...	1	4	......	......	5	......	5	......
Wool, manufactured—								
Piece-goods, European ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Ditto, Indian ...	......	......						
Shawls ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
All other articles of merchandise ...	4,111	708	5,246	1,272	4,819	6,518	......	1,699
Total ...	46,353	1,93,737	28,514	81,753	1,57,200	1,24,763	56,218	23,781

H. STUART,
Examiner of Accounts.

CALCUTTA, *the 20th December* 1893.

Statement of principal commodities carried on the Eastern Bengal State Railway during the month of September 1893.

INCREASES.

	Tons.
Coal and coke ...	21,819

Due to large despatches of coal for the public to Shamnagar, Kamkinara, Damookdia-ghat, Goalundo, Kooshtea, Jalpaiguri and stations on the Bengal Central Railway.

	Tons.
Cotton, manufactured ...	2,872

Due to despatches from Calcutta for the poojah sales. Shamnagar shows a small increase in despatches of bales of cotton-yarn.

	Tons.
Grain and pulses ...	17,583

The increase is chiefly in despatches from Armenian-ghat, Chitpur, Ruthtolla and stations on the Northern section to the eastern districts. The crops in these districts suffered from flood.

	Tons.
Gunny-bags and cloth ...	7,866

Jalpaiguri shows increases under this head.

	Tons.
Oils ...	2,610

Partly due to prohibition of carriage by boat of kerosine-oil within certain limits of the port of Calcutta and partly to extension of bulk oil traffic.

DECREASES.

	Tons.
Jute, raw ...	12,591

Atrai, Kooshtea, Pangsa and Goalundo show large decreases under this head.

	Tons.
Railway plant and rolling-stock ...	8,168

Due to completion of works on the Barsoe-Kissengunge branch and the C. B. S. Railway.

P. D. BARCLAY,
Traffic Superintendent.

The 19th December 1893.

BENGAL CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Abstract of principal commodities carried over the Bengal Central Railway during the month of September 1893, as compared with the same month of the previous year.

STAPLES.	1893.		1892.		TOTAL.		Increase.	Decrease.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	1893.	1892.		
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons. (a)	Tons. (a)	Tons.	Tons.
Coal and Coke carried for the Public and Foreign Railways.	2,422	......	968	......	2,422	968	1,454	......
Cotton, raw	2	1	......	1	3	1	2	......
Cotton, manufactured—								
Twist and yarn, European	42	......						
Ditto, Indian	131	......						
Piece-goods, European	492	......	471	......	745	471	274	......
Ditto, Indian	80	......						
Drugs and Chemicals—								
Intoxicating other than Opium	......	......						
Non-intoxicating—			......	......	2	......	2	......
Cinchona Bark	......	......						
Others	1	1						
Dyes and Tans—								
Indigo	......	......						
Myrabolams	......	......						
Cutch	1	......						
Turmeric	......	20	......	......	21	......	21	......
Aniline Dyes	......	......						
Others	......	......						
Grain and pulse—								
Wheat	2	8						
Rice in the husk	218	30						
Do., not in the husk	2,365	31	34	396				
Jawar and Bajra	......	......			2,830	641	2,189	......
Gram and pulse	22	2						
Others	149	8	111	100				
Hides and skins—								
Hides of cattle—								
Dressed or tanned	......	......						
Raw	......	35	......	......	35	33	2	......
Skins of sheep, &c.—								
Dressed or tanned	......	......	......	33	......	......	......	......
Raw	......	......						
Horns	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Jute—								
Raw	4	2,240	......	4,836	2,244	4,836	......	2,592
Gunny bags and cloth	30	11	16	2	41	18	23	......
Lac—								
Stick	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Shell	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Leather, manufactured	1	......	......	......	1	......		
Liquors—								
Beer	......	......						
Spirits	......	......	......	......	2	......		
Wines	2	......						
Metals—								
Copper, unwrought	......	......						
Brass, ditto.	5	......						
Copper, wrought	......	......	[illegible]	18	157	[illegible]		
Brass, ditto.	8	5						
Iron	112	9						
Others	6	12						
Oils—								
Kerosh[illegible]	127	......	153	......				
Castor	......	......	......	......	224	[illegible]		
Cocoa[illegible]	3	......	......	......				
Oth[illegible]	94	......	81	......				
Oil[illegible]								
[illegible]	......	7						
[illegible] mustard	22	......						
[illegible]ngelly	......	......	37	39	63	76		
[illegible]	......	......						
[illegible]th-nuts	......	......						
Castor	......	......						
Others	31	3						
[illegible]pium	......	......	......	......	2	......		
[illegible]aper and pasteboard	1	1	......	......				
[illegible]rovisions—								
Ghee	2	......	41	47	201	88	1[illegible]	
Dried fruits and nuts	......	19						
Others	95	85						
Railway Plant and rolling-stock carried for the Public and Foreign Railways—								
Locomotives, engines and tenders and parts thereof—								
Carriages and trucks and parts thereof ...	......	......			(b)	(b)		
Materials—								
Steel rails and fish-plates sleepers and keys of steel and cast iron.	......	......	......	......	68	79	......	11
Other sorts	......	......						
Salt	208	......	325	......	208	325	......	117
Saltpetre, &c.—								
Saltpetre	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Other saline substances	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......

(a) Includes 712 tons of locomotive coal during 1893, carried for Revenue, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

(b) Railway plant and rolling-stock 68 tons and 79 tons for the years 1893 and 1892, respectively, for which no "Up" and "Down" register maintained.

STAPLES.	1893.		1892.		TOTAL.		Increase.	Decrease.
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	1893.	1892.		
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Silk, raw—								
Foreign	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Indian	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Silk piece-goods—								
Foreign	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Indian	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Spices—								
Betel-nuts	12	248						
Pepper	......	......						
Ginger	......	......						
Chillies	118	8	......	426	396	426	......	30
Cardamoms	......	......						
Others	10	6						
Stone and lime	86	......	......	......	86	......	86	......
Sugar—								
Refined or crystalized, including sugar-candy.	6	40						
Unrefined, viz., mollasses and jaggery or gur, and other saccharine produce.	4	181	20	430	231	450	......	
Tea—								
Foreign	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Indian	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Timber	13	3	......	......	16	......	16	......
Tobacco—								
Unmanufactured	100	56						
Manufactured—			40	43	169	83	86	......
Cigars	......	......						
Other sorts	13	......						
Wool, raw	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Wool, manufactured—								
Piece-goods, European	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Ditto, Indian	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Shawls	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
All other articles of merchandise	395	159	664	265	554	929	......	375
Total ...	7,435	3,218	3,111	6,636	10,721	9,826	4,275	3,378

H. STUART,
Examiner of Accounts.

CALCUTTA, *the 22nd December* 1893.

Statement of principal commodities carried over the Bengal Central Railway during the month of September 1893.

INCREASES.

	Tons.
Coal and Coke	1,454
Chiefly due to an increase in the despatches to Jhikargacha.	
Grain and pulse	2,189
Due to demand in the Khulna and Jessore dis- ...ns in these districts suffered	

DECREASES.

	Tons.
Jute, raw	2,592
The Madaripur district jute has been of bad quality this season.	

P. D. BARCLAY,
...tendent.

The 14th December 1893.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

(INCLUDES THE TIRHUT STATE RAILWAY.)

Approximate return of traffic for the week ending 16th December 1893, *on* 756 *miles open.*

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Other earnings (estimated), including steam-boat.	Total earnings.	TRAFFIC TRAIN-MILES RUN.		
	Number of passengers.	Receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
Total traffic for the week on 756 miles open	88,590	39,450	2,71,620	42,000	9,570	91,020	15,311	13,089	1,400
Or per mile of railway ...	117·18	52·18	359·29	55·56	12·66	120·40	......	...	...
For previous 23½ weeks of half-year (a)	2,138,904	8,59,078	5,701,076	7,82,139	2,10,329	18,51,546	353,714	312,699	666,
Total for 24½ weeks ...	2,227,494	8,98,528	5,972,696	8,24,139	2,19,899	19,42,566	369,025	325,788	694
COMPARISON.									
Total for corresponding week of previous year on 756 miles open	78,656	34,092	3,39,501	42,851	14,860	91,713	13,301	15,701	29,0
Per mile of corresponding week of previous year	104·18	45·03	449·41	56·76	19·68	121·47	......	......	...
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,173,540	8,71,764	6,651,377	8,89,584	2,36,074	19,97,422	331,344	371,846	703,190

(a) Includes audited figures up to 11th November 1893.

Printed and published by EDWIN MORRIS LEWIS at the Printing Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, 27th December 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 159.

[First Publication.]

CHINA—PE CHILI STRAIT—MIAU TAU ISLANDS.

Dangerous sunken rock eastward of Toki Tau.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 262 of 1893) of the existence of a dangerous sunken rock, named *Tsen leang shu*, about 30 yards in extent, with about 12 feet on it at low water, lying in the fairway among Miau tau islands, with the centre of Sha mo tau in line with Siau chu shan summit, bearing S. 11° E., and Toki tau peak (613 feet) N. 63° W., distant 3 miles.

Close around Tsen leang shu there are depths of 8 fathoms, rocky ground, and beyond, 12 to 14 fathoms over hard mud; the state of the sea and a breaking tide rip prevented the least water on it being obtained. The fisherman on Toki tau state that it is a small pinnacle rock, with not more than 12 feet on it at low water, and from appearances this statement is considered trustworthy.

Approximate position, lat. 38° 9′ N., long. 120° 50′ E.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 3*rd July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 160.

[First Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH ISLAND—CHETWADE ISLANDS.

Sunken rocks westward of Kakaho islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 273 of 1893) of the existence of a cluster of sunken rocks (*Hinemoa rocks*), extending about 130 yards in a north and south direction, with a breadth of 33 yards, lying with the north-west extreme of Kakaho island, bearing N.E. ¾ E., distant 8¼ cables, and the east extreme of Jag rocks N. by W. ½ W. On the north end of the cluster there is a depth of 9 feet (with 17 fathoms close northward), and on the south end 2 feet at low water.

Approximate position, lat. 40° 54′ S., long. 174° 4′ 50″ E.

(*Variation* 15° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 3*rd July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 161.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, NORTH COAST.

Sunken reefs, W.-N. Westward of "Diamant Punt."

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth: India, No. 14, dated 1st June 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. *Batavia* reports the existence of the following two coral reefs W.-N.-W. of "*Diamant Punt*"—

1. A coral patch (*Karang Minja*), about 55 yards long in a N.-N.-W. and S.-S.-E. direction, with 6 to 9 fathoms on in at low-water spring tides and 20 fathoms close around, lies with "*Diamant Punt*," bearing S. 70° E., and the trees of *Pidada* S. 5° W.

Approximate position, lat. 5° 18′ 2″ N., long. 97° 23′ 5″ E.

2. A coral patch (*Karang Tenga*) with a least depth of 3 fathoms at low water spring-tides, lies with *Diamant Punt*, bearing S. 77° E. and the trees of *Pidada* S. 15° W.

Approximate position lat. 5° 17′ 2″ N., long. 97° 24′ 4″ E.

Under favourable circumstances the position of these reefs is indicated by ripples and a discoloration of the water.

Bearings true.

Note.—The fishermen of the locality say that there are still three sunken reefs close to *Karang Tenga*. The examination is therefore continued.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlaudsch-Oost-Indie, blad 1, 1867; Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881: Noordkust Sumatra, Batoe Poetih tot Diamant Punt, 1889, and Noordoostkust Sumatra, Diamant Punt tot hoek Tamiang, 1889.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 3rd *July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 162.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—HOOGHLY RIVER.

Intermediate Light-vessel.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 138, dated the 6th June, issued by this office it is notified that the Intermediate light-vessel will be replaced in position on the 6th instant.

From the above date the Lower Gaspar station will burn her regulation blue light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 4*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 153.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, EAST—MADRAS COAST.

Alteration in period of flash of Armeghon light.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 30, dated 7th June 1893), issued by the Acting Presidency Port Officer, Madras, is republished for general information:—

On and after the 1st January 1894, the light, which is white and revolving, showing a single bright flash every 20 seconds, will show instead a single bright flash every 45 seconds.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 20*th June* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 154.

[Second Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—North Island, west coast.

Kaipara harbour entrance—Lower Black beacon on North head not standing.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 249 of 1893) that the lower Black beacon on the slope of North head, eastward of the light-house, Kaipara harbour entrance, has been carried away by the encroachment of the sea; and that as the sea is still causing the hill side to fall away, no definite time can be given for its re-erection.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Calcutta, *the 26th June 1893.* *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 155.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA.

Singapore old strait—Sarangong harbour—Spit southward of Pulo Ubin.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 253) that a mud spit, with less than 2 fathoms water on it, extends in a south-east direction from the south extreme of Pulo Ubin, north side of Sarangong harbour. From the outer end of the spit the largest (south-west) of the Batu Puteh rocks bears S. E. by E. ½ E., distant about 6 cables.

Approximate position, lat. 1° 24′ N., long. 103° 57′ 55″ E.

Note.—It is also stated that Sarangong harbour and approaches have shoaled considerably.

(*Variation 2° Easterly in 1893.*)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Calcutta, *the 26th June 1893.* *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 156.

[Second Publication.

CHINA SEA—Gulf of Siam, east shore.

Chong Samit.—Dangerous sunken rock in fairway.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 256 of 1893) of the existence of a dangerous sunken rock lying in the fairway of Chong Samit, east shore of the gulf of Siam. This rock, composed of stone and coral boulders, circular in shape, and about 70 yards in extent, is stated to lie with the north point of Koh Samit, bearing N.E. ½ E., and Lem Ya N.N.W. ⅝ W., distant about one mile.

Approximate position: lat. 12° 34′ N., long. 101° 24½′ E.

(*Variation 4° Easterly in 1893.*)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R. I. M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Calcutta, *the 26th June 1893.* *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 157.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—Bombay coast.

Certain buoys removed for the south-west monsoon.

The Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari, through the Officiating Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice that the undermentioned buoys on the coast between Alibag and Vingorla have been removed for the south-west monsoon on the dates noted against them:—

Alibag buoy	...	on the 24th May 1893.
Bankot (inner and outer) buoys	...	" 20th "
Ambulgad reef buoy ...	...	" 21st "
Chaldea Rock buoy ...	...	" 19th "
Malwan (outer) Rock buoy ...	...	" 16th "
" harbour buoys	...	" 27th "
Johnstone Castle buoy ...	...	" 31st "

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 26th June* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 158.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Brisbane river.

Tide signals at Pile light-house.

The Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 19 of 1893) that on and after Wednesday, 17th May, the original Code of Tide Signals at the Pile Light-house, as contained in the Local Harbour Regulations, will be restored, replacing the one now in use there.

The depth shown by the original code is the tidal rise added to 14 feet, and that depth now exists between the Bay and the Powder Magazine. From the latter point upwards the available depth is 5 feet 6 inches less than the above.

It is anticipated that by the end of June navigation will be completely restored, and that there will be a depth of 14 feet of water available, in addition to the tidal rise, as far as the Town Reach.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 26th June* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 148.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—Philippine island—Lamon bay.

Reef north-east of Palupari islet.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 242 of 1893) that information has been received through the Board of Trade of the existence of a coral reef (*Penshaw reef*) on which the British barque *Penshaw* was wrecked in February 1893, lying on the eastern shore of Lamon bay, with Palupari islet, bearing S.W. ½ S., distant 3 miles.

Approximate position, lat. 14° 14′ N., long. 122° 2′ E.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 19th June* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 149.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—MERGUI ARCHIPELAGO.

Pak Chan river entrance—Depth in channel, &c.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 243 of 1893) that in the entrance channel of Pak Chan river the depth eastward of Round island is only about 3 fathoms at low water; also that Goh Phi buoy was not in position, and that the light on Goh Phi islet (*fixed white*) is only occasionally shown.

Approximate position of Goh Phi light, lat. 9° 58′ N., long. 98° 35′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 19*th June* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 150.

[Third Publication.]

MALACCA STRAIT, MALAY COAST—JUNKSEYLON, EAST COAST.

Shoal in fairway—Puket harbour.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 244 of 1893) that a shoal, with 2½ fathoms water on it, lies in the fairway of Puket or Tongka harbour, with the east extreme of Goh Tapanjai, bearing S.S.E., distant 3½ cables.

(*Variation* 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 19*th June* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 151.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—COROMANDEL COAST.

Date of exhibition of new Madras light postponed.

IN continuation of Notice to Mariners (No. 33, dated 14th February last), issued by this office, the Presidency Port Officer, Madras, has given further notice, that the date of exhibition of the new Madras light has been postponed from the 1st July 1893 *until further notice.*

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 19*th June* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 152.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—BOMBAY COAST.

Certain buoys removed from their positions for the monsoon.

THE Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the undermentioned buoys on the coast of North Kanara have been removed from their positions for the south-west monsoon on the dates noted against them :—

Murdeshwar buoy	... ...	on the 11th June 1893.
Bhalkal ,,	... ...	,, 19th ,, ,,

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 19*th June* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 163.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—HOOGHLY RIVER.

Intermediate light-vessel replaced in position.

As notified in Notice to Mariners issued by this office, No. 162, dated the 4th instant, the Intermediate light-vessel was duly replaced in position on the 6th idem.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 6th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 164.

[First Publication.]

SOUTH AFRICA—WEST COAST—CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

Dassen Island light.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 410, dated 18th April 1893), issued by the Assistant Commissioner, Cape of Good Hope, South Africa, is republished for general information:—

It is hereby notified that, in accordance with Notices to Mariners, dated respectively the 30th July 1891 and 9th March 1893, a Double Flashing Half Minute White Light of the First Order was exhibited from the new light-house on Dassen Island on the 15th April 1893, and will continue to be shown hereafter. The duration of the Flashes and Eclipses is approximately as follows:—

Flash	... ...	3 seconds.
Eclipse	... ...	4 „
Flash	... ...	3 „
Eclipse	... ...	20 „
	Total ...	30 seconds = ½ minute.

The light has an elevation of 155 feet above high-water level, ordinary spring tides, and is visible in clear weather at a distance of 18½ nautical miles from the light-house.

Dassen Island lies about 4¾ miles off the south-west coast of Cape Colony, in latitude 33° 26′ south and longitude 18° 5¼ east, and it is distant from Cape Town about 33 nautical miles.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 10th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 165.

[First Publication.]

INDIAN OCEAN—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Sunken rock reported westward of Ayer Karaba Kechil.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 277 of 1893) of the reported existence of a sunken rock lying off the west coast of Sumatra, with Ayer Karaba Kechil bearing E. by S. ½ S., distant 5½ miles.

Approximate position, lat. 1° 35′ 35″ S., long. 100° 28′ 5″ E.

(*Variation*, 2° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 166.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—SOUTH COAST—SPENCER GULF.

Alteration in buoyage—Eastern shoal.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 281 of 1893) that the buoy previously marking the western edge of Eastern shoal, Spencer gulf, has been withdrawn; and that a *spherical* buoy, painted red and white in horizontal stripes, and surmounted by a red globe, has been placed on the south end of the shoal, in 22 feet at low-water spring tides, with mount Young, bearing N. 73° W., distant about 12¾ miles, and mount Laura, N. 47° W.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 11′ S., long. 137° 44′ E.

(*Variation*, 5° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 167.

[First Publication.]

TASMANIA—SOUTH-EAST COAST—PORT HOBART, SULLIVAN'S COVE.

Battery point light altered in position.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 284 of 1893) that on 1st May 1893 the *fixed red* light, previously shown from Battery point, south side of entrance to Sullivan's cove, would be shifted inwards to the outer end of the extension of the new wharf on the same side of the cove.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 159.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA—PE CHILI STRAIT—MIAU TAU ISLANDS.

Dangerous sunken rock eastward of Toki Tau.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 262 of 1893) of the existence of a dangerous sunken rock, named *Tsen leang shu*, about 30 yards in extent, with about 12 feet on it at low water, lying in the fairway among Miau tau islands, with the centre of Sha mo tau in line with Siau chu shan summit, bearing S. 11° E., and Toki tau peak (613 feet) N. 63° W., distant 3 miles.

Close around Tsen leang shu there are depths of 8 fathoms, rocky ground, and beyond, 12 to 14 fathoms over hard mud; the state of the sea and a breaking tide rip prevented the least water on it being obtained. The fisherman on Toki tau state that it is a small pinnacle rock, with not more than 12 feet on it at low water, and from appearances this statement is considered trustworthy.

Approximate position, lat. 38° 9′ N., long. 120° 50′ E.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 3rd July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 160.

[Second Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH ISLAND—CHETWADE ISLANDS.

Sunken rocks westward of Kakaho islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 273 of 1893) of the existence of a cluster of sunken rocks (*Hinemoa rocks*), extending about 130 yards in a north and south direction, with a breadth of 33 yards, lying with the north-west extreme of Kakaho island, bearing N.E. ¾ E., distant 8¼ cables, and the east extreme of Jag rocks N. by W. ½ W. On the north end of the cluster there is a depth of 9 feet (with 17 fathoms close northward), and on the south end 2 feet at low water.

Approximate position, lat. 40° 54′ S., long. 174° 4′ 50″ E.

(*Variation* 15° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 3rd July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 161.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, NORTH COAST.

Sunken reefs, W.-N. Westward of "Diamant Punt."

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth: India, No. 14, dated 1st June 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. *Batavia* reports the existence of the following two coral reefs W.-N.-W. of "*Diamant Punt*"—

1. A coral patch (*Karang Minja*), about 55 yards long in a N.-N.-W. and S.-S.-E. direction, with 6 to 9 fathoms on in at low-water spring tides and 20 fathoms close around, lies with "*Diamant Punt*," bearing S. 70° E., and the trees of *Pidada* S. 5° W.

Approximate position, lat. 5° 18′ 2″ N., long. 97° 23′ 5″ E.

2. A coral patch (*Karang Tenga*) with a least depth of 3 fathoms at low water spring-tides, lies with *Diamant Punt*, bearing S. 77° E. and the trees of *Pidada* S. 15° W.

Approximate position lat. 5° 17′ 2″ N., long. 97° 24′ 4″ E.

Under favourable circumstances the position of these reefs is indicated by ripples and a discoloration of the water.

Bearings true.

Note.—The fishermen of the locality say that there are still three sunken reefs close to *Karang Tenga*. The examination is therefore continued.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch-Oost-Indie, blad 1, 1867; Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881: Noordkust Sumatra, Batoe Poetih tot Diamant Punt, 1889, and Noordoostkust Sumatra, Diamant Punt tot hoek Tamiang, 1889.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 3rd July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 162.

[Second Publication.

BAY OF BENGAL—HOOGHLY RIVER.

Intermediate Light-vessel.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 138, dated the 6th June, issued by this office it is notified that the Intermediate light-vessel will be replaced in position on the 6th instant.

From the above date the Lower Gaspar station will burn her regulation blue light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
CALCUTTA, *the 4th July* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 153.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, EAST—MADRAS COAST.

Alteration in period of flash of Armeghon light.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 30, dated 7th June 1893), issued by the Acting Presidency Port Officer, Madras, is republished for general information :—

On and after the 1st January 1894, the light, which is white and revolving, showing a single bright flash every 20 seconds, will show instead a single bright flash every 45 seconds.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
CALCUTTA, *the 20th June* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 154.

[Third Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—NORTH ISLAND, WEST COAST.

Kaipara harbour entrance—Lower Black beacon on North head not standing.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 249 of 1893) that the lower Black beacon on the slope of North head, eastward of the light-house, Kaipara harbour entrance, has been carried away by the encroachment of the sea; and that as the sea is still causing the hill side to fall away, no definite time can be given for its re-erection.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
CALCUTTA, *the 26th June* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 155.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA.

Singapore old strait—Sarangong harbour—Spit southward of Pulo Ubin.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 253) that a mud spit, with less than 2 fathoms water on it, extends in a south-east direction from the south extreme of Pulo Ubin, north side of Sarangong harbour. From the outer end of the spit the largest (south-west) of the Batu Puteh rocks bears S. E. by E. ½ E., distant about 6 cables.

Approximate position, lat. 1° 24′ N., long. 103° 57′ 55″ E.

NOTE.—It is also stated that Sarangong harbour and approaches have shoaled considerably.

(*Variation* 2° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
CALCUTTA, *the 26th June* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 156.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—GULF OF SIAM, EAST SHORE.

Chong Samit.—Dangerous sunken rock in fairway.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 256 of 1893) of the existence of a dangerous sunken rock lying in the fairway of Chong Samit, east shore of the gulf of Siam. This rock, composed of stone and coral boulders, circular in shape, and about 70 yards in extent, is stated to lie with the north point of Koh Samit, bearing N.E. ½ E., and Lem Ya N.N.W. ⅝ W., distant about one mile.

Approximate position: lat. 12° 34′ N., long. 101° 24½′ E.

(*Variation* 4° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R. I. M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 26*th June* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 157.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—BOMBAY COAST.

Certain buoys removed for the south-west monsoon.

THE Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari, through the Officiating Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice that the undermentioned buoys on the coast between Alibag and Vingorla have been removed for the south-west monsoon on the dates noted against them:—

Alibag buoy	on the 24th May 1893.
Bankot (inner and outer) buoys ...	„ 20th „
Ambulgad reef buoy	„ 21st „
Chaldea Rock buoy	„ 19th „
Malwan (outer) Rock buoy	„ 16th „
„ harbour buoys ...	„ 27th „
Johnstone Castle buoy	„ 31st „

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 26*th June* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 158.

[Third Publiction.]

AUSTRALIA—BRISBANE RIVER.

Tide signals at Pile light-house.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 19 of 1893) that on and after Wednesday, 17th May, the original Code of Tide Signals at the Pile Light-house, as contained in the Local Harbour Regulations, will be restored, replacing the one now in use there.

The depth shown by the original code is the tidal rise added to 14 feet, and that depth now exists between the Bay and the Powder Magazine. From the latter point upwards the available depth is 5 feet 6 inches less than the above.

It is anticipated that by the end of June navigation will be completely restored, and that there will be a depth of 14 feet of water available, in addition to the tidal rise, as far as the Town Reach.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 26*th June* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 163.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—HOOGHLY RIVER.

Intermediate light-vessel replaced in position.

As notified in Notice to Mariners issued by this office, No. 162, dated the 4th instant, the Intermediate light-vessel was duly replaced in position on the 6th idem.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 6th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 164.

[Second Publication.]

SOUTH AFRICA—WEST COAST—CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

Dassen Island light.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 410, dated 18th April 1893), issued by the Assistant Commissioner, Cape of Good Hope, South Africa, is republished for general information:—

It is hereby notified that, in accordance with Notices to Mariners, dated respectively the 30th July 1891 and 9th March 1893, a Double Flashing Half Minute White Light of the First Order was exhibited from the new light-house on Dassen Island on the 15th April 1893, and will continue to be shown hereafter. The duration of the Flashes and Eclipses is approximately as follows:—

Flash	3 seconds.
Eclipse	4 „
Flash	3 „
Eclipse	20 „
Total ...	30 seconds = ½ minute.

The light has an elevation of 155 feet above high-water level, ordinary spring tides, and is visible in clear weather at a distance of 18½ nautical miles from the light-house.

Dassen Island lies about 4⅝ miles off the south-west coast of Cape Colony, in latitude 33° 26′ south and longitude 18° 5¼ east, and it is distant from Cape Town about 33 nautical miles.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 10th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 165.

[Second Publication.]

INDIAN OCEAN—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Sunken rock reported westward of Ayer Karaba Kechil.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 277 of 1893) of the reported existence of a sunken rock lying off the west coast of Sumatra, with Ayer Karaba Kechil bearing E. by S. ¼ S., distant 5½ miles.

Approximate position, lat. 1° 35′ 35″ S., long. 100° 28′ 5″ E.

(Variation, 2° Easterly in 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 10th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 166.

[Second Publication.

AUSTRALIA—SOUTH COAST—SPENCER GULF.

Alteration in buoyage—Eastern shoal.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 281 of 1893) that the buoy previously marking the western edge of Eastern shoal, Spencer gulf, has been withdrawn; and that a *spherical* buoy, painted red and white in horizontal stripes, and surmounted by a red globe, has been placed on the south end of the shoal, in 22 feet at low-water spring tides, with mount Young, bearing N. 78° W., distant about 12¾ miles, and mount Laura, N. 47° W.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 11′ S., long. 137° 44′ E.

(Variation, 5° Easterly in 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 10th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 167.

[Second Publication.]

TASMANIA—SOUTH-EAST COAST—PORT HOBART, SULLIVAN'S COVE.

Battery point light altered in position.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 284 of 1893) that on 1st May 1893 the *fixed red* light, previously shown from Battery point, south side of entrance to Sullivan's cove, would be shifted inwards to the outer end of the extension of the new wharf on the same side of the cove.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 10th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 159.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA—PE CHILI STRAIT—MIAU TAU ISLANDS.

Dangerous sunken rock eastward of Toki Tau.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 262 of 1893) of the existence of a dangerous sunken rock, named *Teen leang shu*, about 30 yards in extent, with about 12 feet on it at low water, lying in the fairway among Miau tau islands, with the centre of Sha mo tau in line with Siau chu shan summit, bearing S. 11° E., and Toki tau peak (612 feet) N. 63° W., distant 3 miles.

Close around Tsen leang shu there are depths of 8 fathoms, rocky ground, and beyond, 12 to 14 fathoms over hard mud; the state of the sea and a breaking tide rip prevented the least water on it being obtained. The fisherman on Toki tau state that it is a small pinnacle rock, with not more than 12 feet on it at low water, and from appearances this statement is considered trustworthy.

Approximate position, lat. 38° 9′ N., long. 120° 50′ E.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 3rd *July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 160.

[Third Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH ISLAND—CHETWADE ISLANDS.

Sunken rocks westward of Kakaho islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 273 of 1893) of the existence of a cluster of sunken rocks (*Hinemoa rocks*), extending about 130 yards in a north and south direction, with a breadth of 33 yards, lying with the north-west extreme of Kakaho island, bearing N.E. ¾ E., distant 8¼ cables, and the east extreme of Jag rocks N. by W. ½ W. On the north end of the cluster there is a depth of 9 feet (with 17 fathoms close northward), and on the south end 2 feet at low water.

Approximate position, lat. 40° 54′ S., long. 174° 4′ 50″ E.

(*Variation* 15° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 3rd *July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 161.

[Third Publiction.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, NORTH COAST.

Sunken reefs, W.-N. Westward of "Diamant Punt."

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth: India, No. 14, dated 1st June 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. *Batavia* reports the existence of the following two coral reefs W.-N.-W. of "*Diamant Punt*"—

1. A coral patch (*Karang Minja*), about 55 yards long in a N.-N.-W. and S.-S.-E. direction, with 6 to 9 fathoms on in at low-water spring tides and 20 fathoms close around, lies with "*Diamant Punt*," bearing S. 70° E., and the trees of *Pidada* S. 5° W.

Approximate position, lat. 5° 18′ 2″ N., long. 97° 23′ 5″ E.

2. A coral patch (*Karang Tenga*) with a least depth of 3 fathoms at low water spring-tides, lies with *Diamant Punt*, bearing S. 77° E. and the trees of *Pidada* S. 15° W.

Approximate position lat. 5° 17′ 2″ N., long. 97° 24′ 4″ E.

Under favourable circumstances the position of these reefs is indicated by ripples and a discoloration of the water.

Bearings true.

Note.—The fishermen of the locality say that there are still three sunken reefs close to *Karang Tenga*. The examination is therefore continued.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch-Oost-Indie, blad 1, 1867; Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881; Noordkust Sumatra, Batoe Poetih tot Diamant Punt, 1889, and Noordoostkust Sumatra, Diamant Punt tot hoek Tamiang, 1889.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 3rd *July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 162.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—HOOGHLY RIVER.

Intermediate Light-vessel.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 138, dated the 6th June, issued by this office it is notified that the Intermediate light-vessel will be replaced in position on the 6th instant.

From the above date the Lower Gaspar station will burn her regulation blue light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 4th July* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 168.

[First Publication.]

INDIA, SOUTH—CEYLON, EAST COAST.

Erection of a beacon and obelisks—Kalkuda bay.

THE following Notice to Mariners, dated 22nd June 1893, issued by the Colonial Government of Ceylon is republished for general information :—

A white dome-shaped beacon, with ball on top, visible about 12 miles, has been erected at the extreme end of Vendeloos Point.

Also two masonry guide obelisks, elevation 60 feet, the inner red, and the outer white, which in line W. by N. clear the 8 feet patch of rock lying S. ¾ E., 1 mile from the above white beacon.

Also two masonry guide obelisks, elevation 45 feet, the inner red, and the outer white, visible about 12 miles, are established at N.-W. corner of the bay, about ¼ mile eastward of the rest-house, and in line lead to the anchorage, where a red buoy is moored about ½ mile from the shore.

All previous notices are hereby cancelled and withdrawn.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 17th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 169.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—NATOENA ISLANDS.

Sunken rock off south-east coast of North Natoena island.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 15, dated Batavia, 8th June 1893, is republished for general information :—

The Commander of the U. S. S. *Marion* reports that the American ship *Robert L. Belknap* was wrecked on an uncharted rock to the southward and eastward of *North Natoena* island, *China Sea.*

The rock is a pinnacle rock, with 17 feet of water on it.

The ship was aground forward and had 6 fathoms of water amidships and under her stern.

The rock lies on the following approximate bearings :—

Setokong island (summit ?)	... ...	N. 9° W.
Semione island (summit ?)	... ...	S. 70° 30′ W.

Also, that breakers extend about 3 miles seaward from the south-east shore of *North Natoena* island.

Bearings true.

(*See Notice to Mariners No.* 16/337, *Washington*, 1893.)

(*Note.*—It seems possible, that this is the reef named "*Batoe Penoeh.*"

(See Notice to Mariners No. 20, Batavia, 1892.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad II, 1867, and Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad II, 1886.

British North Borneo.—Sunken reef off Usakan island.

Information has been received of the existence of a shoal, about 3 cables in length, with a depth of 4 fathoms, except in one place where pinnacle rock exists with 11 feet of water at lowwater springtides, lying with

Usakan island bearing ... ... S. 25° W., distant 3½ miles
and *Nob* island ... ... N. 6° E.

Approx. position, lat. 6° 26′ 30″ N., long. 116° 17′ 45″ E.

Bearings magnetic.

(*See Str. Settl. Gov. Gazette No.* 22, 1893.)

British Nort Borneo.—Mallawalleé channel.

Sandy island beacon disappeared.

Information has been received that the beacon on *Sandy* island, south-east entrance to *Mallawalleé* channel, has disappeared.

Approx. position of site, lat. 6° 49′ 30″ N., long. 117° 37′ E.

(*See Notice to Mariners No.* 198, *London*, 1893.)

Strait Settlements.—Singapore—Submarine mining grounds.

From 26th May 1893, and until further notice, submarine mining grounds will be set apart, for the Royal Engineers, for training purposes.

1. On the South-West coast of *Blakang Mati* island, bounded as follows:—

On the North-West by a line from *Rimau-point* extending 1,000 yards to the South-West and there marked by a red spherical steel buoy. On the South-West by a line drawn from the abovementioned buoy to another red spherical steel buoy 2,000 yards due South of *Rimau-point*. On the South-East by a line drawn from the lastmentioned buoy North-East to *Blakang Mati* island. On the North-East by a portion of *Blakang Mati* island.

2. A rectangular area extending about 200 yards to the Eastward of the black beacon on the Northern extremity of *Buran Darat* coral reefs and 300 yards to the Northward of the reefs.

Pilots and Masters of vessels are warned not to anchor in these spaces and that dummy mines and floating obstructions may be met when navigating therein.

(*See Str. Settl. Gov. Gazette No.* 22, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867, Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Riouw en Linga Archipel, blad I, 1891.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 17th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 170.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT.

Existence of a sunken reef.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 16, dated Batavia, 8th June last, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. B. M. *Rattler* reports the existence of a narrow coral shoal, with a least depth of 2 fathoms lying in *Malacca* strait, with *Tanjong-Kling*, flagstaff bearing N. 20°E., distant 0·5 mile.

Approx. position, lat. 2° 12′ 25″ N., long. 102° 10′ E.

As it is evident that a dangerous shoal spot may exist north-westward of this reef, ships should avoid to pass *Tanjong-Kling* at a distance less than 1 mile.

(*See Notice to Mariners No.* 216, *London*, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, Blad I, 1867: Oostkust Sumatra, van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimoneilanden, 1884, and Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, Blad I, 1893.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 17*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 171.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depths of water found in the river channels.

THE Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depths of water have been found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 13th July and reduced to zero :—

	Ft.	In.
Track No. 1	11	0
Do. „ 2	8	6
Do. „ 3	23	0
Do. „ 4	24	0
Do. „ 5	17	6

N.B.—As the sands on the upper bar (Track II) appear to be changing position, and further alteration may be expected during the rains and freshets, great care should be taken.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 24*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 172.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT—BENGKALIS ISLAND.

Temporary beacon north-westward of Djati point.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 17, dated Batavia, 19th June 1893, is republished for general information :—

The Commander of H. N. M. Surveying vessel *Melvill van Carnbee* reports to have erected for the use of the survey a temporary beacon in a position with *Djati* point, N.-W. extreme of *Bengkalis* island, S. 45° 5 E., distant 9,611 yards.

The beacon, placed in 3 fathoms at low water, is surmounted by a black truncated cone and a flag, being red and white horizontal stripes (36 feet above the sea).

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Oostkust Sumatra van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimon-eilanden.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 24*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 173.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, EAST COAST.

Discontinuace of the lights at Serdang and Padang (Bandar-Chalipa).

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 18, dated Batavia, 19th June 1893, is republished for general information :—

Notice is hereby given that on 1st July 1893 the lights at *Serdang* and *Padang* (*Bandar-Chalipa*), *Sumatra* East coast, will be discontinued.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881; Oostkust Sumatra, blad II, 1892, and Oostkust Sumatra, van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimon-eilanden 1884.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 24th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 174.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Torres strait—inner route.

Reported dangers—Princess Charlotte bay.

The Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 20 of 1893) of the existence of two dangers in the following positions, viz.—

A reef about ¼ mile in extent with a depth of 3 fathoms on it.
Bay Hill in line with Bathurst Head, bearing ... ... E. ½ S.
And d reef bearing ... ... N.E.

A reef of small extent, with two pinnacles, on which there is 3½ fathoms at low-water, lying about W. ½ N. 3½ miles from the beacon on d reef.

The first-named danger lies on the recommended night course, off Princess Charlotte bay, and the latter one on or near to the usual day course. Mariners are therefore cautioned to exercise great care in that vicinity.

Chart affected, No. 2352.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 24th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 175.

[First Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—Hongkong approach.

Sunken rocks westward of Wag lan islet.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 304 of 1893) of the existence of a sunken rock, with 4 fathoms on it at low water, lying in the fairway between Wag lan and Sun kong islets, on the western side of the approach to Hongkong from the south-east, with the northern extreme of North Wag lan bearing N. 57° E., and the southern extreme of South Wag lan S. 71° E., distant 4 cables.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 11′ N., long. 114° 17′ 50″ E.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 24th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 176.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—Natuna island.

Reefs and wrecks near Pulo Laut.

Notice to Mariners No. 306 of 1893 issued by the British Admiralty is republished:—

The following information concerning certain reefs and wrecks near Pulo Laut, or North Natuna island, has been received from H.M.S. *Archer*, dated 3rd May 1893:—

1. Reefs which usually break at half tide, and which dry in places at low water spring tides, fringe the south-east coast of Pulo Laut for a distance of about 4 miles. The soundings for about one mile south-east of the outer edge of the reefs are 8 to 13 fathoms over uneven ground, thence depths of 18 to 20 fathoms, sand and coral bottom, were obtained till nearing Batu Penuh.

2. The wreck of the Swedish barque *Doris* lies on the abovementioned reef in about one foot at low water, with the east extreme of Sto Kong islet bearing N. ⅛ E., and the south-east extreme of Pulo Laut W. by N., distant about 3¼ miles. Approximate position, lat. 4° 41′ N., long. 108° 2′ E.

3. Batu Penuh, shown with 5¾ fathoms water on it, is an extensive shoal, composed of coral and white sand. A depth of 3¾ fathoms (at about low water) were obtained with the south-east extreme of Pulo Laut bearing W.N.W., distant 8¾ miles. Approximate position lat. 4° 38½′ N., long. 108° 6½′ E. Belknap rock, on which the American ship, *Robert L. Belknap*, was wrecked, forms a part of the abovementioned shoal. (*See* Notice to Mariners, No. 230 of 1893.)

4. The cylinders of a steamer with two piston rods on Gloria shoal uncover at low water, and resemble a rock awash.

Approximate position, lat. 4° 36′ N., long. 107° 59′ E.

CAUTION.—The waters surrounding this group are most imperfectly known.

(*Variation* 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 24*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 163.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—HOOGHLY RIVER.

Intermediate light-vessel replaced in position.

As notified in Notice to Mariners issued by this office, No. 162, dated the 4th instant, the Intermediate light-vessel was duly replaced in position on the 6th idem.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 6*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 164.

[Third Publication.]

SOUTH AFRICA—WEST COAST—CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

Dassen Island light.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 410, dated 18th April 1893), issued by the Assistant Commissioner, Cape of Good Hope, South Africa, is republished for general information:—

It is hereby notified that, in accordance with Notices to Mariners, dated respectively the 30th July 1891 and 9th March 1893, a Double Flashing Half Minute White Light of the First Order was exhibited from the new light-house on Dassen Island on the 15th April 1893, and will continue to be shown hereafter. The duration of the Flashes and Eclipses is approximately as follows:—

Flash	3 seconds.
Eclipse	4 "
Flash	3 "
Eclipse	20 "
Total ...	30 seconds = ½ minute.

The light has an elevation of 155 feet above high-water level, ordinary spring tides, and is visible in clear weather at a distance of 18½ nautical miles from the light-house.

Dassen Island lies about 4¾ miles off the south-west coast of Cape Colony, in latitude 33° 26′ south and longitude 18° 5¼ east, and it is distant from Cape Town about 33 nautical miles.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 165.

[Third Publication.]

INDIAN OCEAN—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Sunken rock reported westward of Ayer Karaba Kechil.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 277 of 1893) of the reported existence of a sunken rock lying off the west coast of Sumatra, with Ayer Karaba Kechil bearing E. by S. ¼ S., distant 5¼ miles.

Approximate position, lat. 1° 35′ 35″ S., long. 100° 28′ 5″ E.

(*Variation*, 2° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th July* 1893.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 166.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—SOUTH COAST—SPENCER GULF.

Alteration in buoyage—Eastern shoal.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 281 of 1893) that the buoy previously marking the western edge of Eastern shoal, Spencer gulf, has been withdrawn; and that a *spherical* buoy, painted red and white in horizontal stripes, and surmounted by a red globe, has been placed on the south end of the shoal, in 22 feet at low-water spring tides, with mount Young, bearing N. 73° W., distant about 12¾ miles, and mount Laura, N. 47° W.

Approximate position, lat. 33° 11′ S., long. 137° 44′ E.

(*Variation*, 5° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th July* 1893.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 167.

[Third Publication.]

TASMANIA—SOUTH-EAST COAST—PORT HOBART, SULLIVAN'S COVE.

Battery point light altered in position.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 284 of 1893) that on 1st May 1893 the *fixed red* light, previously shown from Battery point, south side of entrance to Sullivan's cove, would be shifted inwards to the outer end of the extension of the new wharf on the same side of the cove.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th July* 1893.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 177.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SINGAPORE OLD STRAIT.

Spit southward of Pulo Ubin, Serangong harbour.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 19, dated Batavia, the 4th July 1893, is republished for general information:—

Information has been received from H. M. S. *Pallas* that a mud spit, with less than 2 fathoms water on it, extends in a south-east direction from the south extreme of *Pulo Ubin*, northside of *Serangong* harbour. From the outer end of the spit, the largest (south-west) of the *Batu Puleh* rocks bears S. E. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E., distant about 6 cables.

Approximate position, lat. 1° 24′ N., long. 103° 57′ 55″ E.

Note.—It is also stated that *Serangong* harbour and approaches have shoaled considerably.

(*Variation 2° Easterly.*)

(Notice to Mariners, No. 253, London, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Riouw en Linga Archipel, blad I, 1891.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 178.

[First Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—PUTOY GROUP—HONGKONG APPROACH.

Double flashing light and fog guns on Wag lan islet.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 108, dated 1st May 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice, that on 9th May 1893, a light was exhibited from the light-house recently erected on Wag lan islet, Putoy group, western side of approach to Hongkong by the Tathong channel:—

Wag lan islet light is a *double flashing white* light (dioptric of the first order), showing flashes at intervals of *half a minute.* It is elevated 225 feet above the sea, and should be visible in clear weather, where not obscured by the land, from a distance of about 21 miles.

For the present the light will only show with about one-third of its maximum intensity towards the land, between the bearings of N. by E., through east, and S.E. by S.

The light-house, situated on the summit of the islet, is 52 feet high, constructed of iron, and cylindrical in shape. The lower half is painted white, the upper half red, the lantern and keepers' dwellings white.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 11$\frac{1}{4}$′ N., long. 114° 18$\frac{1}{4}$′ E.

Also, that from the establishment of Wag lan islet light, the keepers, on hearing a bell, horn, steam whistle, or other sound indicating the proximity of a vessel, will fire two guns with an interval of *fifteen seconds* between them, and if the vessel's fog signal—showing that she is under way—continues to be heard, the guns are repeated after an interval of *twelve minutes*.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 179.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, NORTH-EAST ENTRANCE.

Sand bank west of Warrior reefs, and non-existence of Mangrove island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 308 of 1893) of the existence of a sand-bank (*Reid sandbank*), awash at low water neap tides, lying westward of Warrior reefs, in approximately lat. 9° 38′ 10″ S., long. 142° 51′ 20″ E.

(2) *Missionary passage—Non-existence of Mangrove island.*

Also, that Mangrove island, charted as lying on the west side of Missionary passage, in approximately lat. 9° 15′ S., long. 143° 5½′ E., does not exist; but that an extensive reef, with large coral heads, fringes the north and west sides of the passage, from about 2 miles westward of the above position to the Dry rocks at its north-east entrance.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I. M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 180.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—CLAREMONT ISLES, INNER ROUTE.

Rocky shoal reported westward of Hannah island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 310 of 1890) of the existence of a rocky shoal (*Sullivan shoal*), with about 3 fathoms on it at low water, lying westward of the "Course recommended" through Claremont isles, with the north-west extreme of Hannah island (No. 2), bearing E. by S. ½ S., distant about 2 miles.

Approximate position: lat. 13° 50′ 40″ S., long. 143° 40′ 10″ E.

(*Variation* 5° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 181.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—BORNEO, NORTH-WEST COAST.

Rocky shoal north-west of Usukan island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 311 of 1893) of the existence of a rocky shoal (*Mayne rock*), about 3 cables in length, with 11 feet on it at low water spring tides, lying in the track of vessels navigating the north-west coast of Borneo with the west end of Usukan island bearing S. 25° E., distant 3½ miles.

Approximate position, lat. 6° 26′ 30″ N., long. 116° 17′ 45″ E.

(*Variation* 2° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 182.

[First Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—South island, north coast.

Nelson approach—Bar buoy altered in position.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 321 of 1893) that the bar buoy in the approach to Nelson has been moved about half a cable south of its previous position, and now lies with approximately Magazine bearing N.E. by E. ½ E., distant 5$\frac{2}{10}$ cables, and Arrow rock S.E. Vessels entering the haven should leave this buoy on the starboard hand.

(*Variation* 15° *Easterly in* 1893.)

NORTH ISLAND—South coast.

Port Nicholson.

(2) *Lambton harbour—Dredging operations.*

Also, dated 3rd May 1893, that dredging is being carried on near Queen's wharf, Lambton harbour, also southward and eastward of it. Vessels are warned to keep clear of the dredge, also of any anchors, &c., laid down for dredging purposes.

NORTH ISLAND—West coast.

(3) *Waikato river—Leading beacons re-erected.*

Also, with reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 401 of 1891, that the leading beacons on the north bank of Waikato river have been re-erected. These beacons, 21 feet high and painted white, kept in line bearing N.E. by E. ½ E. lead across the bar, in about 18 feet at high water spring tides.

Approximate position, 37° 24′ S., long. 174° 47′ E.

(*Variation* 14° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 168.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, SOUTH—Ceylon, east coast.

Erection of a beacon and obelisks—Kalkuda bay.

The following Notice to Mariners, dated 22nd June 1893, issued by the Colonial Government of Ceylon is republished for general information :—

A white dome-shaped beacon, with ball on top, visible about 12 miles, has been erected at the extreme end of Vendeloos Point.

Also two masonry guide obelisks, elevation 60 feet, the inner red, and the outer white, which in line W. by N. clear the 8 feet patch of rock lying S. ¾ E., 1 mile from the above white beacon.

Also two masonry guide obelisks, elevation 45 feet, the inner red, and the outer white, visible about 12 miles, are established at N.-W. corner of the bay, about ¼ mile eastward of the rest-house, and in line lead to the anchorage, where a red buoy is moored about ½ mile from the shore.

All previous notices are hereby cancelled and withdrawn.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 17*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 169.

[Second Publication.

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—NATOENA ISLANDS.

Sunken rock off south-east coast of North Natoena island.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 15, dated Batavia, 8th June 1893, is republished for general information :—

The Commander of the U. S. S. *Marion* reports that the American ship *Robert L. Belknap* was wrecked on an uncharted rock to the southward and eastward of *North Natoena* island, *China Sea.*

The rock is a pinnacle rock, with 17 feet of water on it.

The ship was aground forward and had 6 fathoms of water amidships and under her stern.

The rock lies on the following approximate bearings :—

Setokong island (summit ?) ... ... N. 9° W.
Semione island (summit ?) ... ... S. 70° 30′ W.

Also, that breakers extend about 3 miles seaward from the south-east shore of *North Natoena* island.

Bearings true.

(*See Notice to Mariners No.* 16/337, *Washington*, 1893.)

(*Note.*—It seems possible, that this is the reef named "*Batoe Penoeh.*"

(See Notice to Mariners No. 20, Batavia, 1892.)

This notice affects the charts : Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad II, 1867, and Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad II, 1886.

British North Borneo.—Sunken reef off Usakan island.

Information has been received of the existence of a shoal, about 3 cables in length, with a depth of 4 fathoms, except in one place where pinnacle rock exists with 11 feet of water at lowwater springtides, lying with

Usakan island bearing ... ... S. 25° W., distant 3½ miles
and *Nob* island ... ... N. 6° E.

Approx. position, lat. 6° 26′ 30″ N., long. 116° 17′ 45″ E.

Bearings magnetic.

(*See Str. Settl. Gov. Gazette No.* 22, 1893.)

British Nort Borneo.—Mallawalleé channel.

Sandy island beacon disappeared.

Information has been received that the beacon on *Sandy* island, south-east entrance to *Mallawalleé* channel, has disappeared.

Approx. position of site, lat. 6° 49′ 30″ N., long. 117° 37′ E.

(*See Notice to Mariners No.* 198, *London*, 1893.)

Strait Settlements.—Singapore—Submarine mining grounds.

From 26th May 1893, and until further notice, submarine mining grounds will be set apart, for the Royal Engineers, for training purposes.

1. On the South-West coast of *Blakang Mati* island, bounded as follows :—

On the North-West by a line from *Rimau-point* extending 1,000 yards to the South-West and there marked by a red spherical steel buoy. On the South-West by a line drawn from the abovementioned buoy to another red spherical steel buoy 2,000 yards due South of *Rimau-point.* On the South-East by a line drawn from the lastmentioned buoy North-East to *Blakang Mati* island. On the North-East by a portion of *Blakang Mati* island.

2. A rectangular area extending about 200 yards to the Eastward of the black beacon on the Northern extremity of *Buran Darat* coral reefs and 300 yards to the Northward of the reefs.

Pilots and Masters of vessels are warned not to anchor in these spaces and that dummy mines and floating obstructions may be met when navigating therein.

(*See Str. Settl. Gov. Gazette No.* 22, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts : Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867, Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Riouw en Linga Archipel, blad I, 1891.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 17*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 170.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT.

Existence of a sunken reef.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 16, dated Batavia, 8th June last, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. B. M. *Rattler* reports the existence of a narrow coral shoal, with a least depth of 2 fathoms lying in *Malacca* strait, with *Tanjong-Kling*, flagstaff bearing N. 20°E., distant 0·5 mile.

Approx. position, lat. 2° 12′ 25″ N., long. 102° 10′ E.

As it is evident that a dangerous shoal spot may exist north-westward of this reef, ships should avoid to pass *Tanjong-Kling* at a distance less than 1 mile.

(*See Notice to Mariners No.* 216, *London*, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, Blad I, 1867: Oostkust Sumatra, van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimoneilanden, 1884, and Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, Blad I, 1893.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
CALCUTTA, *the* 17*th July* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 171.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depths of water found in the river channels.

THE Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depths of water have been found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 13th July and reduced to zero:—

				Ft.	In.
Track No. 1	...	...	...	11	0
Do. " 2	...	...	...	8	6
Do. " 3	...	...	...	23	0
Do. " 4	...	...	...	24	0
Do. " 5	...	...	...	17	6

N.B.—As the sands on the upper bar (Track II) appear to be changing position, and further alteration may be expected during the rains and freshets, great care should be taken.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
CALCUTTA, *the* 24*th July* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 172.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT—BENGKALIS ISLAND.

Temporary beacon north-westward of Djati point

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 17, dated Batavia, 19th June 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. Surveying vessel *Melvill van Carnbee* reports to have erected for the use of the survey a temporary beacon in a position with *Djati* point, N.-W. extreme of *Bengkalis* island, S. 45° 5 E., distant 9,611 yards.

The beacon, placed in 3 fathoms at low water, is surmounted by a black truncated cone and a flag, being red and white horizontal stripes (36 feet above the sea).

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Oostkust Sumatra van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimon-eilanden.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
CALCUTTA, *the* 24*th July* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 173.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, EAST COAST.

Discontinuace of the lights at Serdang and Padang (Bandar-Chalipa).

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 18, dated Batavia, 19th June 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is hereby given that on 1st July 1893 the lights at *Serdang* and *Padang* (*Bandar-Chalipa*), *Sumatra* East coast, will be discontinued.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881; Oostkust Sumatra, blad II, 1892, and Oostkust Sumatra, van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimon-eilanden 1884.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 24th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 174.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT—INNER ROUTE.

Reported dangers—Princess Charlotte bay.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 20 of 1893) of the existence of two dangers in the following positions, viz.—

A reef about ¼ mile in extent with a depth of 3 fathoms on it.
Bay Hill in line with Bathurst Head, bearing ... ... E. ½ S.
And d reef bearing ... ... N.E.

A reef of small extent, with two pinnacles, on which there is 3½ fathoms at low-water, lying about W. ¼ N. 3½ miles from the beacon on d reef.

The first-named danger lies on the recommended night course, off Princess Charlotte bay, and the latter one on or near to the usual day course. Mariners are therefore cautioned to exercise great care in that vicinity.

Chart affected, No. 2352.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 24th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 175.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—HONGKONG APPROACH.

Sunken rocks westward of Wag lan islet.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 304 of 1893) of the existence of a sunken rock, with 4 fathoms on it at low water, lying in the fairway between Wag lan and Sun kong islets, on the western side of the approach to Hongkong from the south-east, with the northern extreme of North Wag lan bearing N. 57° E., and the southern extreme of South Wag lan S. 71° E., distant 4 cables.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 11′ N., long. 114° 17′ 50″ E.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 24th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 176.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—NATUNA ISLAND.

Reefs and wrecks near Pulo Laut.

NOTICE to Mariners No. 306 of 1893 issued by the British Admiralty is republished:—

The following information concerning certain reefs and wrecks near Pulo Laut, or North Natuna island, has been received from H.M.S. *Archer*, dated 3rd May 1893:—

1. Reefs which usually break at half tide, and which dry in places at low water spring tides, fringe the south-east coast of Pulo Laut for a distance of about 4 miles. The soundings for about one mile south-east of the outer edge of the reefs are 8 to 13 fathoms over uneven ground, thence depths of 18 to 20 fathoms, sand and coral bottom, were obtained till nearing Batu Penuh.

2. The wreck of the Swedish barque *Doris* lies on the abovementioned reef in about one foot at low water, with the east extreme of Sto Kong islet bearing N. ½ E., and the south-east extreme of Pulo Laut W. by N., distant about 3¼ miles. Approximate position, lat. 4° 41′ N., long. 108° 2′ E.

3. Batu Penuh, shown with 5¾ fathoms water on it, is an extensive shoal, composed of coral and white sand. A depth of 3¾ fathoms (at about low water) were obtained with the south-east extreme of Pulo Laut bearing W.N.W., distant 8¾ miles. Approximate position lat. 4° 38½′ N., long. 108° 6½′ E. Belknap rock, on which the American ship, *Robert L. Belknap*, was wrecked, forms a part of the abovementioned shoal. (*See* Notice to Mariners, No. 230 of 1893.)

4. The cylinders of a steamer with two piston rods on Gloria shoal uncover at low water, and resemble a rock awash.

Approximate position, lat. 4° 36′ N., long. 107° 59′ E.

CAUTION.—The waters surrounding this group are most imperfectly known.

(*Variation 3° Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 24th July* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 183.

[First Publication.]

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS—SINGAPORE.

Time-balls on Fort Canning and Pulau Brani.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Master Attendant, Straits Settlements, dated 8th July 1893, is published for general information:—

Time-balls on Fort Canning and Pulau Brani are dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 P.M. Observatory mean-time. They are hoisted five minutes before 1 o'clock.

The Observatory at Fort Fullerton, from which the balls are dropped by electricity, is in—

Lat. ... ... 1° 17′ 13″ ·7 N.
Long. ... ... 103° 51′ 15″ ·7 E.
Ditto in time 6h. 55m. 25·05 sec.

When the ball drops at 1 P.M., local mean time, the corresponding Greenwich mean time is 6h. 4m. 34·95 sec. A.M.

Should the electricity fail, through lightning or other causes, to drop either or both of the balls, the ball that does not act will be kept up for about 5 minutes after 1 o'clock; it will then be dropped by hand and the time must not be depended on.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 184.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depths of water found in certain river channels.

THE Vice-Chairman of the Port Commissioners at Chittagong has given notice, that the following depths of water have been found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 2nd August and reduced to zero:—

Tracks No. 1	... ...	11 feet.
" " 2	... ...	9 "
" " 3	... ...	23 "
" " 4	... ...	24 "
" " 5	... ...	17 " 6 inches.

NOTE.—As Track No. 2 is again deepening and the sand is still moving, caution is still necessary.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 185.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SŒMBAWA ISLAND—NORTH COAST.

Regarding the reef lining the entrance to Bima bay.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 20, dated Batavia, the 11th July 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of the Dutch steamer *Zwaan* reports that the reef lining the eastern shore of the entrance to *Bima* bay north-eastward of *Lampasapee* point extends 2½ cables from the shore.

The outer end of the reef lies on the following bearings:—

Mount *Vader Smit* ... ... W. N. W. ⅝ W.
Batoe Poetih point ... ... N. N. E. ¾ E.
Lampasapee point ... ... S. S. W. ⅞ W., distant 6·6 cables.
Bearings true.

This notice affects the charts: Eilanden en vaarwaters beoosten Java, blad I, 1892;—Kleine Soenda eilanden en aangrenzende vaarwaters, blad II, 1892, and Plannen van ankerplaatsen Kleine Soenda eilanden, blad II, 1893.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 7th August* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 177.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SINGAPORE, OLD STRAIT.

Spit southward of Pulo Ubin, Serangong harbour.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 19, dated Batavia, the 4th July 1893, is republished for general information:—

Information has been received from H. M. S. *Pallas* that a mud spit, with less than 2 fathoms water on it, extends in a south-east direction from the south extreme of *Pulo Ubin*, northside of *Serangong* harbour. From the outer end of the spit, the largest (south-west) of the *Batu Puleh* rocks bears S. E. by E. ½ E., distant about 6 cables.

Approximate position, lat. 1° 24′ N., long. 103° 57′ 55″ E.

Note.—It is also stated that *Serangong* harbour and approaches have shoaled considerably.

(*Variation* 2° *Easterly.*)

(Notice to Mariners, No. 263, London, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Riouw en Linga Archipel, blad I, 1891.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 31st July* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 178.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—PUTOY GROUP—HONGKONG APPROACH.

Double flashing light and fog guns on Wag lan islet.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 108, dated 1st May 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice, that on 9th May 1893, a light was exhibited from the light-house recently erected on Wag lan islet, Putoy group, western side of approach to Hongkong by the Tathong channel:—

Wag lan islet light is a *double flashing white* light (dioptric of the first order), showing flashes at intervals of *half a minute*. It is elevated 225 feet above the sea, and should be visible in clear weather, where not obscured by the land, from a distance of about 21 miles.

For the present the light will only show with about one-third of its maximum intensity towards the land, between the bearings of N. by E., through east, and S.E. by S.

The light-house, situated on the summit of the islet, is 52 feet high, constructed of iron, and cylindrical in shape. The lower half is painted white, the upper half red, the lantern and keepers' dwellings white.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 11¼′ N., long. 114° 18½′ E.

Also, that from the establishment of Wag lan islet light, the keepers, on hearing a bell, horn, steam whistle, or other sound indicating the proximity of a vessel, will fire two guns with an interval of *fifteen seconds* between them, and if the vessel's fog signal—showing that she is under way—continues to be heard, the guns are repeated after an interval of *twelve minutes*.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 179.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, NORTH-EAST ENTRANCE.

Sand bank west of Warrior reefs, and non-existence of Mangrove island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 308 of 1893) of the existence of a sand-bank (*Reid sandbank*), awash at low water neap tides, lying westward of Warrior reefs, in approximately lat. 9° 38′ 10″ S., long. 142° 51′ 20″ E.

(2) *Missionary passage—Non-existence of Mangrove island.*

Also, that Mangrove island, charted as lying on the west side of Missionary passage, in approximately lat. 9° 15′ S., long. 143° 5½′ E., does not exist; but that an extensive reef, with large coral heads, fringes the north and west sides of the passage, from about 2 miles westward of the above position to the Dry rocks at its north-east entrance.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I. M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 180.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—CLAREMONT ISLES, INNER ROUTE.

Rocky shoal reported westward of Hannah island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 310 of 1890) of the existence of a rocky shoal (*Sullivan shoal*), with about 3 fathoms on it at low water, lying westward of the "Course recommended" through Claremont isles, with the north-west extreme of Hannah island (No. 2), bearing E. by S. ½ S., distant about 2 miles.

Approximate position: lat. 13° 50′ 40″ S., long. 143° 40′ 10″ E.

(*Variation* 5° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 181.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—BORNEO, NORTH-WEST COAST.

Rocky shoal north-west of Usukan island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 311 of 1893) of the existence of a rocky shoal (*Mayne rock*), about 3 cables in length, with 11 feet on it at low water spring tides, lying in the track of vessels navigating the north-west coast of Borneo with the west end of Usukan island bearing S. 25° E., distant 3½ miles.

Approximate position, lat. 6° 26′ 30″ N., long. 116° 17′ 45″ E.

(*Variation* 2° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 182.

[Second Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—South island, north coast.

Nelson approach—Bar buoy altered in position.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 321 of 1893) that the bar buoy in the approach to Nelson has been moved about half a cable south of its previous position, and now lies with approximately Magazine bearing N.E. by E. ½ E., distant 5 3/10 cables, and Arrow rock S.E. Vessels entering the haven should leave this buoy on the starboard hand.

(*Variation* 15° *Easterly in* 1893.)

NORTH ISLAND—South coast.

Port Nicholson.

(2) *Lambton harbour—Dredging operations.*

Also, dated 3rd May 1893, that dredging is being carried on near Queen's wharf, Lambton harbour, also southward and eastward of it. Vessels are warned to keep clear of the dredge, also of any anchors, &c., laid down for dredging purposes.

NORTH ISLAND—West coast.

(3) *Waikato river—Leading beacons re-erected.*

Also, with reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 401 of 1891, that the leading beacons on the north bank of Waikato river have been re-erected. These beacons, 21 feet high and painted white, kept in line bearing N.E. by E. ½ E. lead across the bar, in about 18 feet at high water spring tides.

Approximate position, 37° 24′ S., long. 174° 47′ E.

(*Variation* 14° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the* 31*st July* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 168.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, SOUTH—Ceylon, east coast.

Erection of a beacon and obelisks—Kalkuda bay.

The following Notice to Mariners, dated 22nd June 1893, issued by the Colonial Government of Ceylon is republished for general information :—

A white dome-shaped beacon, with ball on top, visible about 12 miles, has been erected at the extreme end of Vendeloos Point.

Also two masonry guide obelisks, elevation 60 feet, the inner red, and the outer white, which in line W. by N. clear the 8 feet patch of rock lying S. ¾ E., 1 mile from the above white beacon.

Also two masonry guide obelisks, elevation 45 feet, the inner red, and the outer white, visible about 12 miles, are established at N.-W. corner of the bay, about ¼ mile eastward of the rest-house, and in line lead to the anchorage, where a red buoy is moored about ½ mile from the shore.

All previous notices are hereby cancelled and withdrawn.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. Butler,
Calcutta, *the* 17*th July* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 169.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—Natoena islands.

Sunken rock off south-east coast of North Natoena island.

The following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 15, dated Batavia, 8th June 1893, is republished for general information :—

The Commander of the U. S. S. *Marion* reports that the American ship *Robert L. Belknap* was wrecked on an uncharted rock to the southward and eastward of *North Natoena* island, *China Sea.*

The rock is a pinnacle rock, with 17 feet of water on it.

The ship was aground forward and had 6 fathoms of water amidships and under her stern.

The rock lies on the following approximate bearings :—

Setokong island (summit ?) ... ... N. 9° W.
Semione island (summit ?) ... ... S. 70° 30′ W.

Also, that breakers extend about 3 miles seaward from the south-east shore of *North Natoena* island.

Bearings true.

(*See Notice to Mariners No.* 16/337, *Washington*, 1893.)

(*Note.*—It seems possible, that this is the reef named "*Batoe Penoeh.*"

(See Notice to Mariners No. 20, Batavia, 1892.)

This notice affects the charts : Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad II, 1867, and Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad II, 1886.

British North Borneo.—Sunken reef off Usakan island.

Information has been received of the existence of a shoal, about 3 cables in length, with a depth of 4 fathoms, except in one place where pinnacle rock exists with 11 feet of water at lowwater springtides, lying with

Usakan island bearing ... ... S. 25° W., distant 3½ miles
and *Nob* island ... ... N. 6° E.

Approx. position, lat. 6° 26′ 30″ N., long. 116° 17′ 45″ E.

Bearings magnetic.

(*See Str. Settl. Gov. Gazette No.* 22, 1893.)

British Nort Borneo.—Mallawalleé channel.

Sandy island beacon disappeared.

Information has been received that the beacon on *Sandy* island, south-east entrance to *Mallawalleé* channel, has disappeared.

Approx. position of site, lat. 6° 49′ 30″ N., long. 117° 37′ E.

(*See Notice to Mariners No.* 198, *London*, 1893.)

Strait Settlements.—Singapore—Submarine mining grounds.

From 26th May 1893, and until further notice, submarine mining grounds will be set apart, for the Royal Engineers, for training purposes.

1. On the South-West coast of *Blakang Mati* island, bounded as follows :—

On the North-West by a line from *Rimau-point* extending 1,000 yards to the South-West and there marked by a red spherical steel buoy. On the South-West by a line drawn from the abovementioned buoy to another red spherical steel buoy 2,000 yards due South of *Rimau-point*. On the South-East by a line drawn from the lastmentioned buoy North-East to *Blakang Mati* island. On the North-East by a portion of *Blakang Mati* island.

2. A rectangular area extending about 200 yards to the Eastward of the black beacon on the Northern extremity of *Buran Darat* coral reefs and 300 yards to the Northward of the reefs.

Pilots and Masters of vessels are warned not to anchor in these spaces and that dummy mines and floating obstructions may be met when navigating therein.

(*See Str. Settl. Gov. Gazette No.* 22, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts : Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867, Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Riouw en Linga Archipel, blad I, 1891.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 17*th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 170.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT.

Existence of a sunken reef.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth, India, No. 16, dated Batavia, 8th June last, is republished for general information :—

The Commander of H. B. M. *Rattler* reports the existence of a narrow coral shoal, with a least depth of 2 fathoms lying in *Malacca* strait, with *Tanjong-Kling*, flagstaff bearing N. 20°E., distant 0·5 mile.

Approx. position, lat. 2° 12′ 25″ N., long. 102° 10′ E.

As it is evident that a dangerous shoal spot may exist north-westward of this reef, ships should avoid to pass *Tanjong-Kling* at a distance less than 1 mile.

(*See Notice to Mariners No.* 216, *London*, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, Blad I, 1867: Oostkust Sumatra, van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimoneilanden, 1884, and Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, Blad I, 1893.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
CALCUTTA, *the* 17*th July* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 171.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depths of water found in the river channels.

THE Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depths of water have been found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 13th July and reduced to zero:—

	Ft.	In.
Track No. 1	11	0
Do. „ 2	8	6
Do. „ 3	23	0
Do. „ 4	24	0
Do. „ 5	17	6

N.B.—As the sands on the upper bar (Track II) appear to be changing position, and further alteration may be expected during the rains and freshets, great care should be taken.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
CALCUTTA, *the* 24*th July* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 172.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT—BENGKALIS ISLAND.

Temporary beacon north-westward of Djati point

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 17, dated Batavia, 19th June 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. Surveying vessel *Melvill van Carnbee* reports to have erected for the use of the survey a temporary beacon in a position with *Djati* point, N.-W. extreme of *Bengkalis* island, S. 45° 5 E., distant 9,611 yards.

The beacon, placed in 3 fathoms at low water, is surmounted by a black truncated cone and a flag, being red and white horizontal stripes (36 feet above the sea).

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Oostkust Sumatra van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimon-eilanden.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
CALCUTTA, *the* 24*th July* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 173.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, EAST COAST.

Discontinuace of the lights at Serdang and Padang (Bandar-Chalipa).

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 18, dated Batavia, 19th June 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is hereby given that on 1st July 1893 the lights at *Serdang* and *Padang* (*Bandar-Chalipa*), *Sumatra* East coast, will be discontinued.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881; Oostkust Sumatra, blad II, 1892, and Oostkust Sumatra, van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimon-eilanden 1884.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 24th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 174.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT—INNER ROUTE.

Reported dangers—Princess Charlotte bay.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 20 of 1893) of the existence of two dangers in the following positions, viz.—

A reef about ¼ mile in extent with a depth of 3 fathoms on it.
Bay Hill in line with Bathurst Head, bearing ... ... E. ½ S.
And d reef bearing ... ... N.E.

A reef of small extent, with two pinnacles, on which there is 3½ fathoms at low-water, lying about W. ½ N. 3½ miles from the beacon on d reef.

The first-named danger lies on the recommended night course, off Princess Charlotte bay, and the latter one on or near to the usual day course. Mariners are therefore cautioned to exercise great care in that vicinity.

Chart affected, No. 2352.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 24th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 175.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—HONGKONG APPROACH.

Sunken rocks westward of Wag lan islet.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 304 of 1893) of the existence of a sunken rock, with 4 fathoms on it at low water, lying in the fairway between Wag lan and Sun kong islets, on the western side of the approach to Hongkong from the south-east, with the northern extreme of North Wag lan bearing N. 57° E., and the southern extreme of South Wag lan S. 71° E., distant 4 cables.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 11′ N., long. 114° 17′ 50″ E.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 24th July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 176.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—NATUNA ISLAND.

Reefs and wrecks near Pulo Laut.

NOTICE to Mariners No. 306 of 1893 issued by the British Admiralty is republished:—

The following information concerning certain reefs and wrecks near Pulo Laut, or North Natuna island, has been received from H.M.S. *Archer*, dated 3rd May 1893:—

1. Reefs which usually break at half tide, and which dry in places at low water spring tides, fringe the south-east coast of Pulo Laut for a distance of about 4 miles. The soundings for about one mile south-east of the outer edge of the reefs are 8 to 13 fathoms over uneven ground, thence depths of 18 to 20 fathoms, sand and coral bottom, were obtained till nearing Batu Penuh.

2. The wreck of the Swedish barque *Doris* lies on the abovementioned reef in about one foot at low water, with the east extreme of Sto Kong islet bearing N. ⅛ E., and the south-east extreme of Pulo Laut W. by N., distant about 3¼ miles. Approximate position, lat. 4° 41′ N., long. 108° 2′ E.

3. Batu Penuh, shown with 5¾ fathoms water on it, is an extensive shoal, composed of coral and white sand. A depth of 3¾ fathoms (at about low water) were obtained with the south-east extreme of Pulo Laut bearing W.N.W., distant 8¾ miles. Approximate position lat. 4° 38½′ N., long. 108° 6½′ E. Belknap rock, on which the American ship, *Robert L. Belknap*, was wrecked, forms a part of the abovementioned shoal. (*See* Notice to Mariners, No. 230 of 1893.)

4. The cylinders of a steamer with two piston rods on Gloria shoal uncover at low water, and resemble a rock awash.

Approximate position, lat. 4° 36′ N., long. 107° 59′ E.

CAUTION.—The waters surrounding this group are most imperfectly known.

(*Variation* 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

T. BUTLER,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 24th July* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 186.

[First Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

Red light end of Manora breakwater carried away.

THE Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Officiating Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the *Red* light at the end of Manora breakwater has been carried away, and that due intimation will be given when replaced.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 187.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Regarding South Patch shoal buoy.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 118, dated 22nd May 1893, the British Admiralty has given notice (No. 333 of 1893) that a note has been placed on the Admiralty charts that "the buoys marking South Patches are liable to be washed away."

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 188.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, NORTH COAST—TORRES STRAIT.

Shoal in north-west approach.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 334 of 1893) that information has been received through the Board of Trade, that the British steam-vessel *Merrie England* is reported to have struck on a shoal patch lying in the approach to Torres strait from the north-west, in approximately lat. 9° 52′ S., long. 140° 58′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 189.

[First Publication.]

INDIA, WEST COAST—COCHIN RIVER ENTRANCE.

Uniform system of buoyage to be adopted.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 335 of 1893) that on 17th May 1893 the Bar and Spit buoys, Cochin river entrance, were withdrawn, and that on their being replaced in position on 15th September 1893, they will be painted in accordance with the proposed International System of Buoyage, that is, Starboard hand buoys entering from seaward to be *red*; Port hand buoys *black*.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 190.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—JERVIS BAY.

Rocky patch off Plantation point.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 336 of 1893) that information has been received from H. M. S. *Orlando*, dated 20th May 1893, of the existence of a rocky patch of small extent, with 19 feet on it at low water spring tides, lying on the west shore of Jervis bay, with Plantation point bearing W.S.W., distant 5 cables.

Approximate position: lat. 35° 4′ 30″ S., long. 150° 44′ E.

(*Variation* 9° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 191.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PESCADORES ISLANDS.

Rock awash north-west of Triangle island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 342 of 1893) of the existence of a rock (*Salvage rock*) nearly awash at low water spring tides, lying with the north-west extreme of Triangle island, bearing S.E., distant 5 cables.

Approximate position: lat. 23° 38½′ N., long. 119° 30¼′ E.

(*Variation nil in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 192.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—BRISBANE RIVER BAR.

Tidal signals—Pile light-house.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 115, dated 15th May last, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 345 of 1893) that on 17th May 1893 the original Code of Tidal Signals, as contained in the Local Harbour Regulations, would replace that previously in use at Pile light-house, Brisbane river bar.

The depth shown by this Code is the tidal rise added to 14 feet, and that depth now exists between the river entrance and the Magazine. From the last-named point upwards the available depth is 5½ feet less than that above given; but it was anticipated that at the end of June 1893 navigation would be completely restored, and that there would be a depth of 14 feet at low water spring tides as far as Town reach.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 193.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—GULF OF SIAM.

Menam Chau Fya or Bangkok river—Entrance blocked.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 346 of 1893) that telegraphic information has been received through the Board of Trade, dated Bangkok, 3rd July, that ships have been sunk across the entrance of Menam Chau Fya or Bangkok river abreast the light-vessel, leaving an available channel from her to a breadth of about 250 yards eastward, or to about the position of East Junk rock.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 194.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PESCADORES ISLANDS.

Reef extending south-east of Yih Pan island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 348 of 1893) that information has been received from H.M.S. *Plover*, dated 6th May 1893, that a reef of rocks awash at low water extends in a S.S.E. direction, 1½ cables from the south-east extreme of Yih Pan island.

Approximate position of outer extreme, lat. 23° 23′ 20″ N., long. 119° 20′ 10″ E.

(*Variation nil in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 195.

[First Publication.]

RED SEA, WESTERN SHORE—SOUTH MASSAWA CHANNEL.

Shoals eastward of Shab Muhammed.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 354 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned shoals, composed of sand and coral, and each about 2 miles in extent, in an east and west direction, with a breadth of one mile, lying eastward of Shab Muhammed, South Massawa channel, and therefore out of the main channel:—

1. The north-western shoal, with about 16 feet water on it, lies in approximately lat. 15° 11′ 30″ N., long. 40° 53′ 30″ E.
2. The south-eastern shoal, with about 18 feet water on it, lies in approximately lat. 15° 5′ N., long. 41° 1′ 35″ E.

NOTE.—It is probable that less water than above stated may exist on these shoals.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 183.

[Second Publication.]

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS—SINGAPORE.

Time-balls on Fort Canning and Pulau Brani.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Master Attendant, Straits Settlements, dated 8th July 1893, is published for general information:—

Time-balls on Fort Canning and Pulau Brani are dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 P.M. Observatory mean-time. They are hoisted five minutes before 1 o'clock.

The Observatory at Fort Fullerton, from which the balls are dropped by electricity, is in—

Lat.	1° 17′ 13″·7 N.
Long.	103° 51′ 15″·7 E.

Ditto in time 6h. 55m. 25·05 sec.

When the ball drops at 1 P.M., local mean time, the corresponding Greenwich mean time is 6h. 4m. 34·95 sec. A.M.

Should the electricity fail, through lightning or other causes, to drop either or both of the balls, the ball that does not act will be kept up for about 5 minutes after 1 o'clock ; it will then be dropped by hand and the time must not be depended on.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 184.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depths of water found in certain river channels.

THE Vice-Chairman of the Port Commissioners at Chittagong has given notice, that the following depths of water have been found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 2nd August and reduced to zero :—

Tracks No. 1	...	...	... 11 feet.
" " 2	...	...	... 9 "
" " 3	...	...	... 23 "
" " 4	...	...	... 24 "
" " 5	...	...	... 17 " 6 inches.

NOTE.—As Track No. 2 is again deepening and the sand is still moving, caution is still necessary.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 185.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SOEMBAWA ISLAND—NORTH COAST.

Regarding the reef lining the entrance to Bima bay.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 20, dated Batavia, the 11th July 1893, is republished for general information :—

The Commander of the Dutch steamer *Zwaan* reports that the reef lining the eastern shore of the entrance to *Bima* bay north-eastward of *Lampasapee* point extends 2¼ cables from the shore.

The outer end of the reef lies on the following bearings :—

Mount *Vader Smit*	...	... W. N. W. ¾ W.
Batoe Poetih point	...	... N. N. E. ¾ E.
Lampasapee point	...	... S. S. W. ⅞ W., distant 6·6 cables.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the charts : Eilanden en vaarwaters beoosten Java, blad I, 1892 ;—Kleine Soenda eilanden en aangrenzende vaarwaters, blad II, 1892, and Plannen van ankerplaatsen Kleine Soenda eilanden, blad II, 1893.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 177.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SINGAPORE OLD STRAIT.

Spit southward of Pulo Ubin, Serangong harbour.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 19, dated Batavia, the 4th July 1893, is republished for general information :—

Information has been received from H. M. S. *Pallas* that a mud spit, with less than 2 fathoms water on it, extends in a south-east direction from the south extreme of *Pulo*

Ubin, northside of *Serangong* harbour. From the outer end of the spit, the largest (south-west) of the *Batu Puleh* rocks bears S. E. by E. ½ E., distant about 6 cables.

Approximate position, lat. 1° 24′ N., long. 103° 57′ 55″ E.

Note.—It is also stated that *Serangong* harbour and approaches have shoaled considerably.

(*Variation* 2° *Easterly.*)

(Notice to Mariners, No. 253, London, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Riouw en Linga Archipel, blad I, 1891.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 178.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—PUTOY GROUP—HONGKONG APPROACH.

Double flashing light and fog guns on Wag lan islet.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 108, dated 1st May 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice, that on 9th May 1893, a light was exhibited from the light-house recently erected on Wag lan islet, Putoy group, western side of approach to Hongkong by the Tathong channel:—

Wag lan islet light is a *double flashing white* light (dioptric of the first order), showing flashes at intervals of *half a minute*. It is elevated 225 feet above the sea, and should be visible in clear weather, where not obscured by the land, from a distance of about 21 miles.

For the present the light will only show with about one-third of its maximum intensity towards the land, between the bearings of N. by E., through east, and S.E. by S.

The light-house, situated on the summit of the islet, is 52 feet high, constructed of iron, and cylindrical in shape. The lower half is painted white, the upper half red, the lantern and keepers' dwellings white.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 11¼′ N., long. 114° 18¼′ E.

Also, that from the establishment of Wag lan islet light, the keepers, on hearing a bell, horn, steam whistle, or other sound indicating the proximity of a vessel, will fire two guns with an interval of *fifteen seconds* between them, and if the vessel's fog signal—showing that she is under way—continues to be heard, the guns are repeated after an interval of *twelve minutes*.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 179.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, NORTH-EAST ENTRANCE.

Sand bank west of Warrior reefs, and non-existence of Mangrove island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 308 of 1893) of the existence of a sand-bank (*Reid sandbank*), awash at low water neap tides, lying westward of Warrior reefs, in approximately lat. 9° 38′ 10″ S., long. 142° 51′ 20″ E.

(2) *Missionary passage—Non-existence of Mangrove island.*

Also, that Mangrove island, charted as lying on the west side of Missionary passage, in approximately lat. 9° 15′ S., long. 143° 5½′ E., does not exist; but that an extensive reef, with large coral heads, fringes the north and west sides of the passage, from about 2 miles westward of the above position to the Dry rocks at its north-east entrance.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I. M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 180.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—Claremont isles, inner route.

Rocky shoal reported westward of Hannah island.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 310 of 1890) of the existence of a rocky shoal (*Sullivan shoal*), with about 3 fathoms on it at low water, lying westward of the "Course recommended" through Claremont isles, with the north-west extreme of Hannah island (No. 2), bearing E. by S. ½ S., distant about 2 miles.

Approximate position: lat. 13° 50′ 40″ S., long. 143° 40′ 10″ E.

(*Variation* 5° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 181.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—Borneo, north-west coast.

Rocky shoal north-west of Usukan island.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 311 of 1893) of the existence of a rocky shoal (*Mayne rock*), about 3 cables in length, with 11 feet on it at low water spring tides, lying in the track of vessels navigating the north-west coast of Borneo with the west end of Usukan island bearing S. 25° E., distant 3½ miles.

Approximate position, lat. 6° 26′ 30″ N., long. 116° 17′ 45″ E.

(*Variation* 2° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 182.

[Third Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—South island, north coast.

Nelson approach—Bar buoy altered in position.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 321 of 1893) that the bar buoy in the approach to Nelson has been moved about half a cable south of its previous position, and now lies with approximately Magazine bearing N.E. by E. ½ E., distant 5 $\frac{3}{10}$ cables, and Arrow rock S.E. Vessels entering the haven should leave this buoy on the starboard hand.

(*Variation* 15° *Easterly in* 1893.)

NORTH ISLAND—South coast.

Port Nicholson.

(2) *Lambton harbour—Dredging operations.*

Also, dated 3rd May 1893, that dredging is being carried on near Queen's wharf, Lambton harbour, also southward and eastward of it. Vessels are warned to keep clear of the dredge, also of any anchors, &c., laid down for dredging purposes.

NORTH ISLAND—West coast.

(3) *Waikato river—Leading beacons re-erected.*

Also, with reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 401 of 1891, that the leading beacons on the north bank of Waikato river have been re-erected. These beacons, 21 feet high and painted white, kept in line bearing N.E. by E. ½ E. lead across the bar, in about 18 feet at high water spring tides.

Approximate position, 37° 24′ S., long. 174° 47′ E.

(*Variation* 14° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 31*st July* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 196.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—SINGAPORE.

Notice of practice with submarine mines.

THE following Notice to Mariners, No. 360 of 1893, received from the British Admiralty, is republished for general information :—

Information has been received through the Board of Trade that until further notice practice with submarine mines will take place within the undermentioned areas at Singapore :—

1. The mine field on the south-west coast of Blakang Mati island is bounded as follows.—On the north-west by a line from Tanjong Rimau extending 5 cables to the south-west, and there maked by a *spherical* red buoy; thence by a line drawn to a similar buoy placed one mile south of that point; and thence by a line extending in a north-east direction to the coast of Blakang Mati island.

2. A rectangular area extending about one cable eastward of the black beacon on Buran Durat reef (eastward of Blakang Mati island), and above 1½ cables northward of the reef.

NOTE.—Mariners are warned not to anchor or navigate within the above mentioned spaces, as obstructions may be met with.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Offg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 21*st August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 186.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

Red light end of Manora breakwater carried away.

THE Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Officiating Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the *Red* light at the end of Manora breakwater has been carried away, and that due intimation will be given when replaced.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 187.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Regarding South Patch shoal buoy.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 118, dated 22nd May 1893, the British Admiralty has given notice (No. 333 of 1893) that a note has been placed on the Admiralty charts that "the buoys marking South Patches are liable to be washed away."

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 188.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, NORTH COAST—TORRES STRAIT.

Shoal in north-west approach.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 334 of 1893) that information has been received through the Board of Trade, that the British steam-vessel *Merrie England* is reported to have struck on a shoal patch lying in the approach to Torres strait from the north-west, in approximately lat. 9° 52′ S., long. 140° 58′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 189.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, WEST COAST—COCHIN RIVER ENTRANCE.

Uniform system of buoyage to be adopted.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 335 of 1893) that on 17th May 1893 the Bar and Spit buoys, Cochin river entrance, were withdrawn, and that on their being replaced in position on 15th September 1893, they will be painted in accordance with the proposed International System of Buoyage, that is, Starboard hand buoys entering from seaward to be *red*; Port hand buoys *black*.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 190.

[Second Publication.

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—JERVIS BAY.

Rocky patch off Plantation point.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 336 of 1893) that information has been received from H. M. S. *Orlando*, dated 20th May 1893, of the existence of a rocky patch of small extent, with 19 feet on it at low water spring tides, lying on the west shore of Jervis bay, with Plantation point bearing W.S.W., distant 5 cables.

Approximate position: lat. 35° 4′ 30″ S., long. 150° 44′ E.

(*Variation 9° Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 191.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PESCADORES ISLANDS.

Rock awash north-west of Triangle island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 342 of 1893) of the existence of a rock (*Salvage rock*) nearly awash at low water spring tides, lying with the north-west extreme of Triangle island, bearing S.E., distant 5 cables.

Approximate position: lat. 23° 38½′ N., long. 119° 30¼′ E.

(*Variation nil in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 192.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—BRISBANE RIVER BAR.

Tidal signals—Pile light-house.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 115, dated 15th May last, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 345 of 1893) that on 17th May 1893 the original Code of Tidal Signals, as contained in the Local Harbour Regulations, would replace that previously in use at Pile light-house, Brisbane river bar.

The depth shown by this Code is the tidal rise added to 14 feet, and that depth now exists between the river entrance and the Magazine. From the last-named point upwards the available depth is 5½ feet less than that above given; but it was anticipated that at the end of June 1893 navigation would be completely restored, and that there would be a depth of 14 feet at low water spring tides as far as Town reach.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 193.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—GULF OF SIAM.

Menam Chau Fya or Bangkok river—Entrance blocked.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 346 of 1893) that telegraphic information has been received through the Board of Trade, dated Bangkok, 3rd July, that ships have been sunk across the entrance of Menam Chau Fya or Bangkok river abreast the light-vessel, leaving an available channel from her to a breadth of about 250 yards eastward, or to about the position of East Junk rock.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 194.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PESCADORES ISLANDS.

Reef extending south-east of Yih Pan island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 348 of 1893) that information has been received from H.M.S. *Plover*, dated 6th May 1893, that a reef of rocks awash at low water extends in a S.S E. direction, 1½ cables from the south-east extreme of Yih Pan island.

Approximate position of outer extreme, lat. 23° 23′ 20″ N., long. 119° 20′ 10″ E.

(*Variation nil in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 195.

[Second Publication.]

RED SEA, WESTERN SHORE—SOUTH MASSAWA CHANNEL.

Shoals eastward of Shab Muhammed.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 354 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned shoals, composed of sand and coral, and each about 2 miles in extent, in an east and west direction, with a breadth of one mile, lying eastward of Shab Muhammed, South Massawa channel, and therefore out of the main channel:—

1. The north-western shoal, with about 16 feet water on it, lies in approximately lat. 15° 11′ 30″ N., long. 40° 53′ 30″ E.
2. The south-eastern shoal, with about 18 feet water on it, lies in approximately lat. 15° 5′ N., long. 41° 1′ 35″ E.

NOTE.—It is probable that less water than above stated may exist on these shoals.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 183.

[Third Publication.]

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS—SINGAPORE.

Time-balls on Fort Canning and Pulau Brani.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Master Attendant, Straits Settlements, dated 8th July 1893, is published for general information:—

Time-balls on Fort Canning and Pulau Brani are dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 P.M. Observatory mean-time. They are hoisted five minutes before 1 o'clock.

The Observatory at Fort Fullerton, from which the balls are dropped by electricity, is in—

Lat. ... ... 1° 17′ 13″ ·7 N.
Long. ... ... 103° 51′ 15″ ·7 E.
Ditto in time 6h. 55m. 25·05 sec.

When the ball drops at 1 P.M., local mean time, the corresponding Greenwich mean time is 6h. 4m. 34·95 sec. A.M.

Should the electricity fail, through lightning or other causes, to drop either or both of the balls, the ball that does not act will be kept up for about 5 minutes after 1 o'clock; it will then be dropped by hand and the time must not be depended on.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 7*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 184.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depths of water found in certain river channels.

THE Vice-Chairman of the Port Commissioners at Chittagong has given notice, that the following depths of water have been found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 2nd August and reduced to zero:—

Tracks No. 1 ... ... 11 feet.
" " 2 ... ... 9 "
" " 3 ... ... 23 "
" " 4 ... ... 24 "
" " 5 ... ... 17 " 6 inches.

NOTE.—As Track No. 2 is again deepening and the sand is still moving, caution is still necessary.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 7*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 185.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SŒMBAWA ISLAND—NORTH COAST.

Regarding the reef lining the entrance to Bima bay.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 20, dated Batavia, the 11th July 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of the Dutch steamer *Zwaan* reports that the reef lining the eastern shore of the entrance to *Bima* bay north-eastward of *Lampasapee* point extends $2\frac{1}{4}$ cables from the shore.

The outer end of the reef lies on the following bearings:—

Mount *Vader Smit*	...	... W. N. W. $\frac{5}{8}$ W.
Batoe Poetih point	...	... N. N. E. $\frac{3}{4}$ E.
Lampasapee point	...	... S. S. W. $\frac{7}{8}$ W., distant 6·6 cables.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the charts: Eilanden en vaarwaters beoosten Java, blad I, 1892;—Kleine Soenda eilanden en aangrenzende vaarwaters, blad II, 1892, and Plannen van ankerplaatsen Kleine Soenda eilanden, blad II, 1893.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th August* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 197.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depths of water in certain river channels.

THE Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depths of water were found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 16th August and reduced to zero:—

Track No. 1	...	... 9 feet	close to outer buoys.
Do. „ 2	...	... 10 „	a little above upper black buoy.
Do. „ 3	...	... 23 „	ditto lower ditto.
Do. „ 4	...	... 25 „	
Do. „ 5	...	... 17 „	

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 23rd August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 198.

[First Publication.]

JAPAN—KIUSIU.

Rocky shoals in approach to Nagasaki.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 373 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned rocky shoals lying in the approach to Nagasaki:—

1. A shoal, with 7 fathoms water on it, and 11 to 12 fathoms close around, lies with Kageno light-house bearing S. 45° E., and Iwo Sima light-house S. 46° W., distant, 8½ cables.
   Approximate position, lat. 32° 44′ 30″ N., long. 129° 46′ 30″ E.
2. A shoal, with 6¼ fathoms water on it, lies with the south extreme of Ogami point bearing N. 26° E., and Kageno light-house S. 72° W., distant 8¼ cables.

The depths given are at low water spring tides.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 26th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 199.

[First Publication.]

SUMATRA, NORTH COAST—JUMBU AYER OR DIAMOND POINT.

Shoals to the westward.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 374 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned coral shoals lying westward of Jambu Ayer or Diamond Point :—

1. A shoal (*Karang Minja*), about 55 yards in extent, with 6 to 9 fathoms water on it, and 20 fathoms close around, lies with Jambu Ayer bearing S. 73° E., and the trees at Pidada S. 2° W.

Approximate position on Admiralty charts lat. 5° 18′ N., long. 97° 23′ 45″ E.

2. A shoal (*Karang Tenga*), with 3 fathoms water on it, lies with Jambu Ayer bearing S. 80° E., and the trees at Pidada S. 12° W.

Under favourable conditions, these shoals are indicated by ripples and discoloured water.

NOTE.—The local fishermen state that there are three other shoals near Karang Tenga, for which further search will be made.

The depths given are at low water spring tides.

(*Variation* 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 26th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 200.

[First Publication.]

CHINA—SOUTH-EAST COAST—HONGKONG APPROACH.

Rocky patches and sunken rock, Tytam peninsula and Wag lan islet.

NOTICE to Mariners No. 376 of 1893 issued by the British Admiralty is republished for general information :—

A survey recently carried out by Lieutenant Combe, under the orders of Captain W. U. Moore, H.M. Surveying ship *Penguin*, shows the existence of the two undermentioned patches lying southward of Tytam peninsula, in the approach to Honkong by the East Lamma channel, and about 4 cables south-west of the outer part of the measured mile line :—

a. A rocky patch, with 6 fathoms water on it, lies with the east extreme of Tytam peninsula bearing N.N.E. (N. 22½° E.), distant 10½ cables, and Castle rock E. by S. ½ S. (S. 73°E.)

Approximate position, lat. 22° 11′ N., long. 114° 13′ E.

b. A rocky patch, with 6 fathoms water on it, lies 1½ cables S.S.E. (S22½° E.) from the abovementioned patch (*a*).

(2) *Sunken rock and rocky patch west and south-west of Wag lan islet.*

Also with reference to Notice to Mariners No. 304 of 1893, on the existence of a rock with 4 fathoms water on it, lying in the fairway between Wag lan and Sun kong islets, on the western side of the approach to Hongkong from the south-east :—That a depth of 3 fathoms exists about 150 yards southward of the position previously given, with the north extreme of North Wag lan bearing N.E. ½ E. (N. 50½° E.), and the south extreme of South Wag lan E. ¾ S. (S. 81½° E.), distant 3½ cables.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 10′ 55″ N., long. 114° 17′ 50″ E.

Also that a rocky patch, with 6 fathoms water on it, lies 2 cables S.E. by S. (S. 34° E.) from the abovementioned sunken rock, and with the south extreme of South Wag lan bearing N.E. by E. ½ E. (N. 62° E.).

The depths given are at low water spring tides.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 26th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 196.

[Second Publication.

CHINA SEA—SINGAPORE.

Notice of practice with submarine mines.

THE following Notice to Mariners, No. 360 of 1893, received from the British Admiralty, is republished for general information :—

Information has been received through the Board of Trade that until further notice practice with submarine mines will take place within the undermentioned areas at Singapore :—

1. The mine field on the south-west coast of Blakang Mati island is bounded as follows.—On the north-west by a line from Tanjong Rimau extending 5 cables to the south-west, and there maked by a *spherical* red buoy ; thence by a line drawn to a similar buoy placed one mile south of that point ; and thence by a line extending in a north-east direction to the coast of Blakang Mati island.

2. A rectangular area extending about one cable eastward of the black beacon on Buran Durat reef (eastward of Blakang Mati island), and above 1½ cables northward of the reef.

NOTE.—Mariners are warned not to anchor or navigate within the above mentioned spaces, as obstructions may be met with.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Offg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the* 21*st August* 1893. *Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 186.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

Red light end of Manora breakwater carried away.

THE Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Officiating Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the *Red* light at the end of Manora breakwater has been carried away, and that due intimation will be given when replaced.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 187.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Regarding South Patch shoal buoy.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 118, dated 22nd May 1893, the British Admiralty has given notice (No. 333 of 1893) that a note has been placed on the Admiralty charts that "the buoys marking South Patches are liable to be washed away."

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 188.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, NORTH COAST—TORRES STRAIT.

Shoal in north-west approach.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 334 of 1893) that information has been received through the Board of Trade, that the British steam-vessel *Merrie England* is reported to have struck on a shoal patch lying in the approach to Torres strait from the north-west, in approximately lat. 9° 52′ S., long. 140° 58′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th August* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 189.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, WEST COAST—COCHIN RIVER ENTRANCE.

Uniform system of buoyage to be adopted.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 335 of 1893) that on 17th May 1893 the Bar and Spit buoys, Cochin river entrance, were withdrawn, and that on their being replaced in position on 15th September 1893, they will be painted in accordance with the proposed International System of Buoyage, that is, Starboard hand buoys entering from seaward to be *red*; Port hand buoys *black*.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 190.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—JERVIS BAY.

Rocky patch off Plantation point.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 336 of 1893) that information has been received from H. M. S. *Orlando*, dated 20th May 1893, of the existence of a rocky patch of small extent, with 19 feet on it at low water spring tides, lying on the west shore of Jervis bay, with Plantation point bearing W.S.W., distant 5 cables.

Approximate position : lat. 35° 4′ 30″ S., long. 150° 44′ E.

(*Variation* 9° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 191.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PESCADORES ISLANDS.

Rock awash north-west of Triangle island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 342 of 1893) of the existence of a rock (*Salvage rock*) nearly awash at low water spring tides, lying with the north-west extreme of Triangle island, bearing S.E., distant 5 cables.

Approximate position : lat. 23° 38¼′ N., long. 119° 30¼′ E.

(*Variation nil in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 192.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—BRISBANE RIVER BAR.

Tidal signals—Pile light-house.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 115, dated 15th May last, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 345 of 1893) that on 17th May 1893 the original Code of Tidal Signals, as contained in the Local Harbour Regulations, would replace that previously in use at Pile light-house, Brisbane river bar.

The depth shown by this Code is the tidal rise added to 14 feet, and that depth now exists between the river entrance and the Magazine. From the last-named point upwards the available depth is 5½ feet less than that above given ; but it was anticipated that at the end of June 1893 navigation would be completely restored, and that there would be a depth of 14 feet at low water spring tides as far as Town reach.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 193.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—Gulf of Siam.

Menam Chau Fya or Bangkok river—Entrance blocked.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 346 of 1893) that telegraphic information has been received through the Board of Trade, dated Bangkok, 3rd July, that ships have been sunk across the entrance of Menam Chau Fya or Bangkok river abreast the light-vessel, leaving an available channel from her to a breadth of about 250 yards eastward, or to about the position of East Junk rock.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 14*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 194.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—Pescadores islands.

Reef extending south-east of Yih Pan island.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 348 of 1893) that information has been received from H.M.S. *Plover*, dated 6th May 1893, that a reef of rocks awash at low water extends in a S.S.E. direction, 1½ cables from the south-east extreme of Yih Pan island.

Approximate position of outer extreme, lat. 23° 23′ 20″ N., long. 119° 20′ 10″ E.

(*Variation nil in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 14*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 195.

[Third Publication.]

RED SEA, western shore—South Massawa channel.

Shoals eastward of Shab Muhammed.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 354 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned shoals, composed of sand and coral, and each about 2 miles in extent, in an east and west direction, with a breadth of one mile, lying eastward of Shab Muhammed, South Massawa channel, and therefore out of the main channel:—

1. The north-western shoal, with about 16 feet water on it, lies in approximately lat. 15° 11′ 30″ N., long. 40° 53′ 30″ E.
2. The south-eastern shoal, with about 18 feet water on it, lies in approximately lat. 15° 5′ N., long. 41° 1′ 35″ E.

Note.—It is probable that less water than above stated may exist on these shoals.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta *the* 14*th August* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 201.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—BELITOENG ISLAND, WEST COAST.

Approaches to Tandjoeng Pandan road—Beacons erected and newly discovered dangers.

THE following notice to mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the naval forces in Neth. India, No. 21, dated the 31st July 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is given that 5 new wooden beacons have been erected for marking the channel to *Tjeroetjoep* river, *Tandjoeng Pandan* road, West coast *Belitoeng*; two of these beacons are painted black and the others are painted white.

Before *Kalmoa* there are now 7 black and 8 white beacons, and the channel beyond *Kalmoa* is marked by 3 white beacons.

Also that the Dutch steamer *Cheribon* has found the following two shoals:—

1. A coral reef, with 4 fathoms water on it, near the black buoy, on the following bearings:—

Eastern extreme of *Kelmanbang* island	... ...	S. 26° W.
Oeloe Boeloh	... ...	S. 2° 30′ W.
Kalmoa ...	... ...	S. 56° 30′ E.

2. A coral reef, with 3 fathoms water on it, lies with shoal n°. 1, bearing S. 26° W., distant about 330 yards.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad II, 1867; Westkust Borneo, blad II, 1885; Gaspar straten 1880; Java Zee en aangr. vaarw. blad I, 1892 and Westkust Belitoeng, Reede Tandjoeng Pandan en vaarwaters naar de reede, 1890.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 202.

[First Publication.]

JAPAN—YEZO ISLAND.

Cape Soya.—Alteration in the period of exhibition of light, and sounding of fog bell.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 391 of 1893) that in future cape Soya light and fog bell will be exhibited and sounded from 1st March to 31st December inclusive. During January and February the light will not be shown nor the bell sounded.

Approximate position, lat. 45° 31′ N., long. 141° 54′ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 4th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 197.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depths of water in certain river channels.

THE Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depths of water were found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 16th August and reduced to zero :—

Track No. 1	 9	feet close to outer buoys.
Do. „ 2	 10	„ a little above upper black buoy.
Do. „ 3	 23	„ ditto lower ditto.
Do. „ 4	 25	„
Do. „ 5	 17	„

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 23rd August* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 198.

[Second Publication.]

JAPAN—KIUSIU.

Rocky shoals in approach to Nagasaki.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 373 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned rocky shoals lying in the approach to Nagasaki :—

1. A shoal, with 7 fathoms water on it, and 11 to 12 fathoms close around, lies with Kageno light-house bearing S. 45° E., and Iwo Sima light-house S. 46° W., distant, 8½ cables.

   Approximate position, lat. 32° 44′ 30″ N., long. 129° 46′ 30″ E.

2. A shoal, with 6¼ fathoms water on it, lies with the south extreme of Ogami point bearing N. 26° E., and Kageno light-house S. 72° W., distant 8¼ cables.

The depths given are at low water spring tides.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 26th August* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 199.

[Second Publication.]

SUMATRA, NORTH COAST—JUMBU AYER OR DIAMOND POINT.

Shoals to the westward.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 374 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned coral shoals lying westward of Jambu Ayer or Diamond Point :—

1. A shoal (*Karang Minja*), about 55 yards in extent, with 6 to 9 fathoms water on it, and 20 fathoms close around, lies with Jambu Ayer bearing S. 73° E., and the trees at Pidada S. 2° W.

   Approximate position on Admiralty charts lat. 5° 18′ N., long. 97° 23′ 45″ E.

2. A shoal (*Karang Tenga*), with 3 fathoms water on it, lies with Jambu Ayer bearing S. 80° E., and the trees at Pidada S. 12° W.

Under favourable conditions, these shoals are indicated by ripples and discoloured water.

NOTE.—The local fishermen state that there are three other shoals near Karang Tenga, for which further search will be made.

The depths given are at low water spring tides.

(*Variation* 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 26th August* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 200.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA—SOUTH-EAST COAST—HONGKONG APPROACH.

Rocky patches and sunken rock, Tytam peninsula and Wag lan islet.

NOTICE to Mariners No. 376 of 1893 issued by the British Admiralty is republished for general information :—

A survey recently carried out by Lieutenant Combe, under the orders of Captain W. U. Moore, H.M. Surveying ship *Penguin*, shows the existence of the two undermentioned patches lying southward of Tytam peninsula, in the approach to Honkong by the East Lamma channel, and about 4 cables south-west of the outer part of the measured mile line :—

a. A rocky patch, with 6 fathoms water on it, lies with the east extreme of Tytam peninsula bearing N.N.E. (N. 22½° E.), distant 10½ cables, and Castle rock E. by S. ½ S. (S. 73°E.)

Approximate position, lat. 22° 11′ N., long. 114° 13′ E.

b. A rocky patch, with 6 fathoms water on it, lies 1½ cables S.S.E. (S22½° E.) from the abovementioned patch (*a*).

(2) *Sunken rock and rocky patch west and south-west of Wag lan islet.*

Also with reference to Notice to Mariners No. 304 of 1893, on the existence of a rock with 4 fathoms water on it, lying in the fairway between Wag lan and Sun kong islets, on the western side of the approach to Hongkong from the south-east:—That a depth of 3 fathoms exists about 150 yards southward of the position previously given, with the north extreme of North Wag lan bearing N.E. ⅓ E. (N. 50⅓° E.), and the south extreme of South Wag lan E. ¾ S. (S. 81⅓° E.), distant 3½ cables.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 10′ 55″ N., long. 114° 17′ 50″ E.

Also that a rocky patch, with 6 fathoms water on it, lies 2 cables S.E. by S. (S. 34° E.) from the abovementioned sunken rock, and with the south extreme of South Wag lan bearing N.E. by E. ½ E. (N. 62° E.).

The depths given are at low water spring tides.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 26*th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 196.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—SINGAPORE.

Notice of practice with submarine mines.

THE following Notice to Mariners, No. 360 of 1893, received from the British Admiralty, is republished for general information :—

Information has been received through the Board of Trade that until further notice practice with submarine mines will take place within the undermentioned areas at Singapore :—

1. The mine field on the south-west coast of Blakang Mati island is bounded as follows.—On the north-west by a line from Tanjong Rimau extending 5 cables to the south-west, and there maked by a *spherical* red buoy ; thence by a line drawn to a similar buoy placed one mile south of that point ; and thence by a line extending in a north-east direction to the coast of Blakang Mati island.

2. A rectangular area extending about one cable eastward of the black beacon on Buran Durat reef (eastward of Blakang Mati island), and above 1⅔ cables northward of the reef.

NOTE.—Mariners are warned not to anchor or navigate within the above mentioned spaces, as obstructions may be met with.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Offg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Offg. Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 21*st August* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1893.

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE PORT COMMISSIONERS' ACCOUNTS FOR 1892-93.

No. 234L A.

FROM

THE AUDITORS OF THE ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA,

To

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

Dated Calcutta, the 11th August 1893.

GENTLEMEN,

WE have the honour to report that the cash and store accounts maintained in your office for the year ending 31st March 1893 have been audited under our supervision and by our direction, and to certify that they have been found correct.

We append statements (1) of receipts and expenditure during the year under audit, and (2) of assets and liabilities on the 31st March 1893, as obtained from your books.

We have the honour to be,

GENTLEMEN,

Your most obedient servants,

O. T. BARROW,
Accountant-General.

G. C. ROY,
Examiner of Local Accounts

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure for the year 1892-93.

Particulars.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Receipts distributed.			
Receipts from hopper barges	17,501	8	0
Earnings of steam-tug *Hetty*	4,185	9	0
Receipts wholly credited to the several Parts.			
Jetty charges for loading and unloading vessels	8,13,677	2	3
Receipts from tea-warehouse	1,07,295	1	3
Ditto petroleum wharf	1,97,110	11	2
Interest on securities	35,151	0	0
Sale of condemned stores	7,654	11	4
Percentage realized on repairs done to Hooghly Bridge	2,594	7	3
Miscellaneous	10,172	10	10
Receipts from Inland Vessels' Wharves	4,04,877	15	0
Ditto Seebpore chur land	53,847	12	0
Ditto Strand Bank lands	1,67,547	5	3
Ditto Mooring-hire	3,25,424	1	0
Ditto Harbour Masters' earnings	1,72,731	6	0
Ditto wreck and anchor	1,545	1	3
Ditto Moyapore magazine	10,664	9	3
Ditto licensing cargo and passenger boats	32,013	14	0
Government subsidy for collecting Pilotage dues	2,800	0	0
Government contribution for River Police	537	13	1
Contribution from Revenue for repayment of loan	1,48,034	15	5
Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1881	27,652	10	2
Trustees of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1881	27,730	13	1
Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1883	51,292	11	10
Trustees of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1883	50,904	9	0
Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1886	65,345	8	8
Trustees of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1886	65,679	9	4
Contribution from Revenue for new works	8,094	6	3
Sale of surplus land	436	0	8
Depreciation Fund Account of Port approaches	50,000	0	0
Block of Port	55,110	0	0
Ditto Approaches	98,040	0	0
Chandney and steps for Telkul Ghât	2,000	0	0
Stock	4,13,236	13	5
Invoice of imported goods	51,522	4	5
Receipts from tramway	2,60,721	11	3
Earnings of anchor vessels	2,500	7	3
Contribution from other Parts	5,30,000	0	0
Sale of charts and tide-tables	316	14	0
Loan from Government	29,17,310	9	9
Receipts from Port Dues	91,376	4	0
Ditto Docks (Imports and Exports)	33,815	11	7
Ditto Docks dues	167	0	0
Ditto Graving Dock	65,019	8	6
Railway Earnings	1,351	2	0
Special Toll (Imports and Exports)	2,07,740	11	0
	75,92,732	15	6
Balance on 1st April 1892	9,16,266	5	5
Total	85,08,999	4	11

Particulars.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Charges distributed.			
Control establishment	1,17,071	13	11
Dredger expenses	43,480	9	5
Interest and Sinking Fund on loans	7,95,204	8	0
Engineering establishment	8,152	13	8
Municipal taxes and repairs to officers' quarters	3,080	13	11
Ditto ditto Dockyard	15,746	9	3
Establishment of Traffic Department	11,948	7	6
Maintenance and working expenses of tug-steamer *Hetty*	3,197	7	5
Charges wholly distributed to several Parts.			
Establishment	7,47,288	15	3
Working expenses	5,96,621	13	11
Municipal taxes	65,546	10	0
Repairs to jetties, wharves and buildings	1,57,587	5	5
Repairs to tools and plant	19,653	1	7
Contribution to other Parts	5,30,000	0	0
Seebpore chur land	6,011	6	11
Insurance	6,802	2	7
Rent of Strand Bank lands payable to Government	37,292	0	0
River Police establishment	28,294	2	7
Moordafarash ditto	1,497	4	6
Depreciation account	1,13,204	6	3
Repairs to boats and vessels	37,078	15	8
Pensions and gratuities	15,224	8	5
Repayment of loans	1,48,034	15	5
Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1881	211	15	2
Trustees of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1881	27,652	10	2
Investment of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1881	27,518	13	11
Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1883	1,0 2	4	5
Trustees of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1883	51,292	11	10
Investment of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1883	49,902	4	7
Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1886	252	1	6
Trustees of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1886	65,345	8	8
Investment of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1886	65,427	7	10
Works under construction	1,67,332	2	2
Stock	4,34,991	10	3
Invoice of imported goods	39,114	8	1
Dock works	23,88,992	11	9
Port Approaches—Block transferred by Government to Commissioners	98,040	0	0
Chandney and steps of Telkul Ghât	12,708	0	8
Bathing Ghât at Ramkristopore	1,001	8	0
	69,38,807	6	7
Balance on 31st March 1893	15,70,191	14	4
Total	85,08,999	4	11

Assets.

Particulars.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Investment for Jetty Insurance Fund—			
5½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1886 for Rs. 50,000	49,998	11	5
Contribution for stock	60,000	0	0
Collector	55,983	6	1
Temporary loan advanced to Part V...	1,60,000	0	0
Miscellaneous advances	200	0	0
Block	2,03,68,118	3	4
Works under construction ...	2,84,958	11	4
Stock	1,79,522	2	8
Invoice of Imported Goods ...	1,461	6	6
Investment for Port Reserve Fund ...	3,64,250	0	0
Rs. 4 per cent. Government loan of 1865 for ... 2,50,000; 4 per cent. Government loan of 1842-43 for 1,00,000 — 3,50,000			
Investment for Jetty Reserve Fund 5½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1886 for Rs 1,00,000 ...	99,214	8	2
Investment for Depreciation Fund Account of Port. (5½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1886 for Rs. 1,98,200)	1,99,994	14	4
Investment for Depreciation Fund Account of Port Approaches. (4 per cent. Government loan of 1842-43 for Rs. 50,000)	49,261	10	0
Investment of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1881	2,66,221	11	6
Rs. 4 per cent. Government loan of 1842-43 for 1,500; 4½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1881 for ... 1,53,500; 4½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1883 for ... 71,500; 5½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1886 for ... 33,300 — 2,59,800			
Cash in hand of Trustees ...	3[illegible]6	4	1
Investment of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1883	4,12,882	14	3
Carried over ...	2,25,52,424	7	8

Assets.

Particulars.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Brought forward ...	2,25,52,424	7	8
Rs. 4 per cent. Government loan of 1842-43 for 20,000; 4½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1881 for 70,500; 4½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1883 ... 2,36,500; 5½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1886 ... 75,100 — 4,02,100			
Cash in hand of Trustees ...	16,840	15	3
Investment of Sinking Fund of debenture loan of 1886	3,93,427	5	2
Rs. 4 per cent. Government loan of 1865 for ... 500; 4 per cent. Government loan of 1842-43 for 3,000; 4½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1881 for ... 1,25,000; 4½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1883 for ... 1,34,000; 5½ per cent. Port Trust debenture loan of 1886 ... 1,11,100 — 3,76,600			
Cash in hand of Trustees	115	11	3
Discount on 5½ per cent. 30 lac debenture loan of 1886	92,281	5	8
Suspense account	8,354	13	2
Dock works (capital account) ...	2,78,65,911	13	4
Discount on Dock loan	2,20,451	4	11
Government Savings Bank ...	6,420	0	0
Government Promissory Notes of depositors	1,06,800	0	0
Investment in Government securities of funds of bathing ghât to memory of Chuttoo Lall	15,892	10	0
4 per cent. Government loan of 1865 for Rs. 15,000.			
Balance on 31st March 1893 ...	15,02,480	14	2
Total ...	5,27,81,401	4	7

Liabilities.

Particulars.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Jetty Insurance Fund	50,012	7	2
Bills recoverable	55,983	6	1
Accident Fund	414	12	10
Deposit account	40,258	14	11
Loan from Government	3,26,09,325	2	5
Do. from ditto for Port ...	17,65,000	0	0
Carried over ...	3,45,20,994	11	5

Liabilities.

Particulars.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Brought forward ...	3,45,20,994	11	5
4½ per cent. 10 lakhs debenture loan of 1881	10,00,000	0	0
4½ per cent. 20 lakhs debenture loan of 1883	20,00,000	0	0
5½ per cent. 30 lakhs debenture loan of 1886	30,00,000	0	0
Carried over ...	4,05,20,994	11	5

LIABILITIES.

Particulars.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Brought forward ...	4,05,20,994	11	5
Contribution from Revenue for repayment of loan	21,78,753	12	3
Sinking Fund on debenture loan of 1881	2,66,547	15	7
Sinking Fund on debenture loan of 1883	4,29,723	13	6
Sinking Fund on debenture loan of 1886	3,93,543	0	5
Contribution from Revenue for new works	55,19,523	13	2
Contribution from Government for road north of Ahiritollah ghât ...	74,584	0	0
Contribution from Revenue for renewal of block	92,824	14	3
Contribution from Revenue for stock	60,000	0	0
Premiums on debenture loan of 1881 ...	62,687	8	0
Ditto on ditto of 1883 ...	36,387	8	0
Sale of surplus lands	4,09,802	11	1
Do. of a right-of-way across the tramway at Baug Bazar ...	10,500	0	0
Temporary loan received ...	1,60,000	0	0
Port Reserve Fund	3,64,250	0	0
Carried over ...	5,05,80,123	11	8

LIABILITIES.

Particulars.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Brought forward ..	5,05,80,123	11	8
Depreciation Fund account of Port approaches.	2,50,000	0	0
Jetty Reserve Fund	99,300	0	0
Dock Contingent Fund	4,00,000	0	0
Landing-stage at Prinsep's Ghât transferred by Government under the Commissioners	10,000	0	0
Port approaches blocks ditto ...	6,21,163	0	0
Marine deposit	1,15,751	8	6
Bathing ghât to memory of Chuttoo Lall	19,308	15	11
Deposit in Government Savings Bank Ditto of ditto Promissory	6,420	0	0
Notes of Contractors and others ...	1,06,800	0	0
Interest on deposits in Government Saving Bank...	0	12	7
Interest on Government securities of contractors and others	1,788	11	7
Establishment for preparation of Bengal Office Statistical Returns ...	478	10	8
Income-tax	10	11	7
Net revenue	5,70,255	2	1
Total ...	5,27,81,401	4	7

Examined and found correct.

N. J. JEBB, *Accountant.* G. C. ROY, *Examiner of Local Accounts in Bengal.* J. H. APJOHN, *Vice-Chairman of the Port Commissioners.*

Published in accordance with the provisions of section 76 of Act III of 1890.

By order of the Commissioners,

R. A. DONNITHORNE,

Secretary.

AUDITORS' REPORT ON HOOGHLY BRIDGE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 1893.

No. 248L.A. / 27C.

FROM

THE AUDITORS OF THE ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE HOOGHLY BRIDGE,

To

THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE HOOGHLY BRIDGE, CALCUTTA.

Dated Calcutta, the 11th August 1893.

GENTLEMEN,

WE have the honour to report that the accounts of the Hooghly Bridge for the year ending 31st March 1893 have been audited under our supervision and by our direction, and to certify that they have been found correct.

We append statements (1) income and expenditure during the year under audit, and (2) of assets and liabilities on the 31st March 1893, as obtained from your books.

We have the honour to be,

GENTLEMEN,

Your most obedient servants,

O. T. BARROW,
Accountant-General.

G. C. ROY,
Examiner of Local Accounts.

APPENDIX I.

Statement of Income and Expenditure of Hooghly Bridge for the year ending 31st March 1893.

INCOME.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Revenue—			
Receipts from railway traffic	1,23,678 1 6		
Rent of Hooghly Bridge approach land on the Howrah side	1,453 0 0		
Earnings of Bridge steamer *Helvetia*	25 0 0		
Proportion of earnings of steam-tug *Hetty*	12,656 11 0		
Interest on Government securities	24,404 0 0		
Receipts from ferry steamer *Buckland*	16 4 3		
Sales	315 1 6		
Miscellaneous	51 0 0	1,62,499 2 3	
			1,62,499 2 3
Total ...	......	......	1,62,499 2 3
EXPENDITURE.			
Revenue—			
Proportion of salaries—Control	13,007 15 9		
Ditto of interest and Sinking Fund on Trust loan ...	......		
Rs. A. P.			
Sinking fund 3,401 2 5			
Interest 7,454 9 7			
	10,855 12 0		
Proportion of municipal taxes and repairs to officers' quarters	513 7 8		
Ditto of municipal taxes and repairs to Dockyard ...	5,248 13 9		
Ditto of establishment of steam-tug *Hetty* ...	9,592 5 4		
Salaries of establishment	32,825 9 0		
Working expenses	23,432 0 5		
Repairs	46,928 0 5		
Establishment of *Buckland*	16,487 14 9		
Municipal taxes of quarters for Hooghly Bridge Police...	184 0 0		
		1,59,075 15 1	
			1,59,075 15 1
Revenue loss on 31st March 1892	......	......	235 14 6
			1,59,311 13 7
Cash Balance on 31st March 1893	......	11,001 10 6	
Less—			
Uninvested balance of Reserve fund	1,028 13 4		
Ditto of Reserve section	651 14 3		
Ditto of Pontoon renewal fund ...	6,133 10 3		
		7,814 5 10	
			3,187 4 8
Total ...	......	......	1,62,499 2 3

HOOGHLY BRIDGE COMMISSIONERS.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities of Hooghly Bridge on 31st March 1893.

ASSETS.		Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Block of Hooghly Bridge			25,19,121 3 6
Investment for Bridge Reserve Fund.	4 per cent. Government loan of 1865 for ...	5,44,300	
	4 per cent. ditto loan of 1854-55 ...	35,600	5,94,536 3 1
	4 per cent. ditto loan of 1842-43 ...	30,200	
		6,10,100	
Reserve Section			1,08,761 1 9
Investment for Pontoon Renewal Fund			48,246 0 0
Municipal Debenture of Calcutta Municipality			2,00,000 0 0
Temporary Loan advanced to Calcutta Municipality			2,00,000 0 0
Trust account (cash balance)			11,001 10 6
Total ...			36,81,666 2 10
LIABILITIES.			
Contribution from Revenue for repayment of loan			22,41,800 0 0
Ditto ditto for new works			3,70,008 3 6
Ditto of Port for tug-steamer *Hetty*			40,313 0 0
Reserve Fund			7,71,978 0 5
Pontoon Renewal Fund			54,379 10 3
Deposit of Municipal debenture			2,00,000 0 0
Revenue account			3,187 4 8
Total ...			36,81,666 2 10

Examined and found correct.

N. J. JEBB, *Accountant.* — G. C. ROY, *Examiner of Local Accounts in Bengal.* — J. H. APJOHN, *Vice-Chairman.*

Published in accordance with the provisions of section 26, Act IX of 1871, and section 76 of Act III of 1890.

By order of the Commissioners,

R. A. DONNITHORNE,
Secretary.

(547—1)

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 203.

[First Publication.]

SINGAPORE—SALAT SINKI.

Western approach to Singapore new harbour.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Government of the Straits Settlements, No. 401, dated the 15th August 1893, is republished for general information :—

On the 1st December 1893 the light-ship *Ajax* on the Ajax Shoal will be removed. It will be replaced by a red buoy with a bell on it.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 204.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, INNER ROUTE.

Danger off No. 2, Claremont island.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 21 of 1893) that the danger reported in May last to exist off No. 2, Claremont island, and notified in Notice No. 18 from this Department, has been found and examined by Captain Heming, of H.M.S. *Paluma*, who reports as follows :—

"The danger is small in extent, and has 13 feet over it at low-water springs. It lies with the north extreme of Hannah islet (No. 2, Claremont), bearing E. by S. ½ S., distant 2 miles."

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 205.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Brisbane river.

Dredged channels.

The Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 22 of 1893) that a net depth of 15 feet now exists throughout the river between the town and the Outer Bar, and on the latter the minimum depth is 14 feet at low-water springs.

As the cuttings are only 100 feet wide, masters of vessels are cautioned to exercise great care, and to avoid as far as possible meeting another vessel in the cuttings, and to slow down to a low rate of speed at such distance from dredges and attendant plant as will ensure their passing without causing any damage.

The magnetic bearings of the line of lights and beacons at Eagle Farm Flats and at the Inner Bar are now—

N. 25° E. and N. 23° 30′ E., respectively.

The list giving the magnetic bearings of the different lines of leading beacons is to be corrected accordingly.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 206.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Burnett bar.

Directions to enter.

The Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 23 of 1893) that the lights and beacons to lead in over the bar, lead across with a minimum depth at low water of 4½ feet. The tidal signals exhibited give the depth of water across the bar on this lead.

In addition to the abovementioned original lead, which is continued, the south channel has been marked and lighted, carrying a depth of 6½ feet at low water. These marks are as follows:—

An obelisk beacon—white with red top—placed on outer beach 240 feet S. 61° E. from light-house. Two triangular white beacons with vertical black stripe in centre placed on the sands off the North Head.

Directions to enter.—Bring the obelisk and light-house in line, bearing N. 61° W. and steer in, passing a red buoy on the starboard hand, until the triangular beacons, bearing about N.-W. ½ N. are in line, keep the latter in line, passing a black buoy on the port hand, until the beacons of the "Bar Lead," bearing S.-W. by W. ½ W. are in line, when they are to be kept so, and a vessel will proceed as usual.

By night a red light is shown from the obelisk beacon, which is to be kept in line with the main light at the light-house until the lights on the triangular beacons, the nearer of which is a red light, are in line. The latter will then be kept in line until the white lights of the Bar Lead are in line, when a vessel will proceed as usual.

By using this channel two feet more water will be carried than in the old straight lead over the bar, but mariners are cautioned that the leads take a vessel close to the outer beach, and that great care must be exercised to avoid getting to the westward of the second lead.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 207.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—Doworra island—Moluccas.

The sunken rock to the south-eastward.

The following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 23, dated the 15th August 1893, is republished for general information, in continuation of No. 188, dated the 14th idem, issued by this office:—

The Commander of the Dutch steamer *Zeemeeuw* reports that the charted sunken rock south-eastward of *Doworra* (*Ganeh*) island, westward of the south extreme of *Halmahera*, is at present a little isle.

Approximate position lat. 0° 54′ 5″ S., long. 128° 10′ 5″ E.

This notice affects the chart. Moluksche Archipel, blad I, 1889.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 208.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Temporary alteration in character of Bodjo light, Siberoet strait.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 24, dated the 15th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is given that the *double flashing white* light of the first order on *Bodjo* island, *Siberoet* strait, is disordered by an earth-quake. A temporary *fixed white* light has been exhibited. It will be feebly visible in clear weather from a distance of 16 miles.

The light will be repaired in about a month.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad I, 1867; Westkust Sumatra. Ajerbangies tot Padang, 1878, and Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 209.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—BALITOENG ISLAND, WEST COAST.

Approaches to Tandjoeng Pandan road—Coral head near Tandjoeng Pandan road.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 25, dated the 17th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of the Dutch steamer *Gier* reports the existence of a coral head with a least depth of 2 fathoms at low water, and 7 to 8 close around, lying near *Tandjoeng Pandan* road on the following bearings:

Kalmoa	S. 49° E.
Oeloe Boeloh	S. 10° W.
Western extreme of *Kelmanbang*	S. 38° W.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad II, 1867; Westkust Borneo, blad II, 1885; Gaspar straten, 1880; Java zee en aangr. vaarw. blad I, 1892; and Westkust Belitoeng, Reede Tandjoeng Pandan en vaarwater naar de reede, 1890.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 210.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—PRINCESS CHARLOTTE BAY, INNER ROUTE.

Reefs reported south-west and west of Dhu (D) reef.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 393 of 1893) of the existence of the following two sunken reefs in Princess Charlotte bay:—

Positions must be considered very approximate, and care should be exercised in passing the localities:—

1. A reef about a quarter of a mile in extent, with a depth of 3 fathoms on it, lies with Dhu (*d*) reef beacon, bearing N.E. (N. 45° E.), distant about 7 miles; and Bay hill, about E. ½ S. (S. 84½° E.).

Approximate position, lat. 14° 11′ 40″ S., long. 143° 54′ 40″ E.

2. A reef of small extent, with two pinnacles on which there are depths of 3½ fathoms at low water, lies with Dhu (*d*) reef beacon, bearing E. ¼ S. (S. 87¼° E.), distant 3½ miles; and Sea (*c*) reef beacon about N.E. ½ E. (N. 50½° E.).

Approximate position, lat. 14° 6′ 50″ S., long. 143° 56′ 30″ E.

Note.—As reef No. 1 lies close to the "course recommended by night" on Admiralty Chart, No. 2922, that course has been expunged from the chart.

(*Variation* 5° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 211.

[First Publication.]

JAPAN SEA, west shore—Port Lazaref.

Sunken rocks southward of Desfossés Point.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 394 of 1893) of the existence of sunken rocks, on which the Russian vessel-of-war *Vityaz* recently struck, lying in the channe between Desfossés Point and Zavalishin island, entrance to port Lazaref.

These rocks, with depths of 11 and 13 feet on them, are situated on a shoal, with depths of 4 to 5½ fathoms on it, about a cable in extent east and west, and a quarter of a cable north and south. From the 11 feet rock Desfossés Point bears N. by W ⅞ W (N. 21¼° W.), distant 7½ cables; and north point of Kuprianof island E. by S. (S. 78¾° E.). The 13 feet rock lies nearly half a cable E. by S. (S. 78¾° E.) from the 11 feet rock.

Approximate position, lat. 39° 16¼′ N., long. 127° 37′ E.

Amended position of Khalezof (Mouchez) island.

Also, from H.M.S. *Porpoise*, that Khalezof (Mouchez) island is situated in lat. 39° 0′ 40″ N., long. 128° 5′ 40″ E.

(*Variation* 5° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 212.

[First Publication.]

MALACCA STRAIT—Aroa islands.

Amended height of North Rock.

The following notice to Mariners (No. 399 of 1893) is republished for general information:—

Information has been received from Captain H. S. Blackburne, P. & O. steam-vessel *Bombay*, that North rock, Aroa islands, is 10 feet high, and not 60 as marked on the Admiralty charts.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 55½′ N., long. 100° 34¾′ E.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 201.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—Belitoeng island, west coast.

Approaches to Tandjoeng Pandan road—Beacons erected and newly discovered dangers.

The following notice to mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the naval forces in Neth. India, No. 21, dated the 31st July 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is given that 5 new wooden beacons have been erected for marking the channel to *Tjeroetjoep* river, *Tandjoeng Pandan* road, West coast *Belitoeng;* two of these beacons are painted black and the others are painted white.

Before *Kalmoa* there are now 7 black and 8 white beacons, and the channel beyond *Kalmoa* is marked by 3 white beacons.

Also that the Dutch steamer *Cheribon* has found the following two shoals:—

1. A coral reef, with 4 fathoms water on it, near the black buoy, on the following bearings:—

Eastern extreme of *Kelmanbang* island	... ...	S. 26° W.
Oeloe Boeloh	... ...	S. 2° 30′ W.
Kalmoa	... ...	S. 56° 30′ E.

2. A coral reef, with 3 fathoms water on it, lies with shoal n°. 1, bearing S. 26° W., distant about 330 yards.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad II, 1867; Westkust Borneo, blad II, 1885; Gaspar straten 1880; Java Zee en aangr. vaarw. blad 1, 1892 and Westkust Belitoeng, Reede Tandjoeng Pandan en vaarwaters naar de reede, 1890.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the 28th August* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 202.

[Second Publication.]

JAPAN—Yezo Island.

Cape Soya.—Alteration in the period of exhibition of light, and sounding of fog bell.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 391 of 1893) that in future cape Soya light and fog bell will be exhibited and sounded from 1st March to 31st December inclusive. During January and February the light will not be shown nor the bell sounded.

Approximate position, lat. 45° 31′ N., long. 141° 54′ E.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the 4th September* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 197.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—Chittagong coast.

Depths of water in certain river channels.

The Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depths of water were found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 16th August and reduced to zero:—

Track No. 1	... ...	9 feet	close to outer buoys.
Do. „ 2	... ...	10 „	a little above upper black buoy.
Do. „ 3	... ...	23 „	ditto lower ditto.
Do. „ 4	... ...	25 „	
Do. „ 5	... ...	17 „	

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the 23rd August* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 198.

[Third Publication.]

JAPAN—KIUSIU.

Rocky shoals in approach to Nagasaki.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 373 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned rocky shoals lying in the approach to Nagasaki:—

1. A shoal, with 7 fathoms water on it, and 11 to 12 fathoms close around, lies with Kageno light-house bearing S. 45° E., and Iwo Sima light-house S. 46° W., distant, 8½ cables.

Approximate position, lat. 32° 44′ 30″ N., long. 129° 46′ 30″ E.

2. A shoal, with 6¼ fathoms water on it, lies with the south extreme of Ogami point bearing N. 26° E., and Kageno light-house S. 72° W., distant 8¼ cables.

The depths given are at low water spring tides.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 26th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 199.

[Third Publication.]

SUMATRA, north coast—Jumbu Ayer or Diamond Point.

Shoals to the westward.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 374 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned coral shoals lying westward of Jambu Ayer or Diamond Point:—

1. A shoal (*Karang Minja*), about 55 yards in extent, with 6 to 9 fathoms water on it, and 20 fathoms close around, lies with Jambu Ayer bearing S. 73° E., and the trees at Pidada S. 2° W.

Approximate position on Admiralty charts lat. 5° 18′ N., long. 97° 23′ 45″ E.

2. A shoal (*Karang Tenga*), with 3 fathoms water on it, lies with Jambu Ayer bearing S. 80° E., and the trees at Pidada S. 12° W.

Under favourable conditions, these shoals are indicated by ripples and discoloured water.

Note.—The local fishermen state that there are three other shoals near Karang Tenga, for which further search will be made.

The depths given are at low water spring tides.

(*Variation* 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 26th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 200.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA—South-east coast—Hongkong approach.

Rocky patches and sunken rock, Tytam peninsula and Wag lan islet.

Notice to Mariners No. 376 of 1893 issued by the British Admiralty is republished for general information:—

A survey recently carried out by Lieutenant Combe, under the orders of Captain W. U. Moore, H.M. Surveying ship *Penguin*, shows the existence of the two undermentioned patches lying southward of Tytam peninsula, in the approach to Honkong by the East Lamma channel, and about 4 cables south-west of the outer part of the measured mile line:—

a. A rocky patch, with 6 fathoms water on it, lies with the east extreme of Tytam peninsula bearing N.N.E. (N. 22½° E.), distant 10½ cables, and Castle rock E. by S. ½ S. (S. 73°E.)

Approximate position, lat. 22° 11′ N., long. 114° 13′ E.

b. A rocky patch, with 6 fathoms water on it, lies 1½ cables S.S.E. (S22½° E.) from the abovementioned patch (*a*).

(2) *Sunken rock and rocky patch west and south-west of Wag lan islet.*

Also with reference to Notice to Mariners No. 304 of 1893, on the existence of a rock with 4 fathoms water on it, lying in the fairway between Wag lan and Sun kong islets, on the western side of the approach to Hongkong from the south-east:—That a depth of 3 fathoms exists about 150 yards southward of the position previously given, with the north extreme of North Wag lan bearing N.E. ½ E. (N. 50½° E.), and the south extreme of South Wag lan E. ¾ S. (S. 81½° E.), distant 3½ cables.

Approximate position, lat. 22° 10′ 55″ N., long. 114° 17′ 50″ E.

Also that a rocky patch, with 6 fathoms water on it, lies 2 cables S.E. by S. (S. 34° E.) from the abovementioned sunken rock, and with the south extreme of South Wag lan bearing N.E. by E. ½ E. (N. 62° E.).

The depths given are at low water spring tides.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 26th August* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 213.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—FORMOSA STRAIT.

Pescadores islands, Sunken rock northward of Triangle island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 402 of 1893) that the following information relating to the existence of a rock, on which H. M. S. *Mercury* recently touched, situated northward of Triangle island, Pescadores islands, is the result of an examination of the locality by H. M. S. *Plover*:—

A rock, with a depth of 9 feet on it at low water, lies with Tortoise rock, bearing N. $\frac{7}{8}$ W. (N. 10° W.), distant $1\frac{1}{3}$ miles; and Niu point E. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. (S. $84\frac{1}{2}$° E.). Shoal ground, with depths of 2 to 5 fathoms on it, extends generally a quarter of a mile from the rock in all directions; and a patch of $4\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms lies N. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. (N. 5° E.) $3\frac{1}{2}$ cables from it.

Approximate position, 9 feet rock, lat. 23° 38′ 40″ N., long. 119° 30′ 40″ E.

(*Variation* $\frac{1}{2}$° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 15*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 214.

[First Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN—LOW ARCHIPELAGO—SOCIETY ISLANDS AND AUSTRAL ISLANDS.

Uniform system of beaconage.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 410 of 1893) that the following uniform system of beaconage has been adopted for the Paumotu or Low Archipelago, the Society islands, and the Tubuai or Austral islands, including Rapa (Oparo) island:—

Entering from seaward, starboard-hand beacons are painted *red* and surmounted by conical topmarks; and port-hand beacons are painted *black* and surmounted by cylindrical topmarks.

The above system has been carried out in Papieté harbour, Taunoa harbour, and Taunoa pass, and will probably be completed elsewhere by the end of 1893.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 15*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 215.

[First Publication.]

CHINA—South-east coast—Hongkong approach.

Sunken rock—Waglan islet.

The following *Erratum* issued by the British Admiralty is republished for general information:—

In Notice to Mariners, No. 376 (1) of 1893, paragraph *b*, *for* S.S.E. (S. 22½° E.) *read* S.S.W. (S. 22½° W.).

See also Notice to Mariners, No. 200, dated 26th August last, issued by this office.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 15th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 203.

[Second Publication.]

SINGAPORE—Salat Sinki.

Western approach to Singapore new harbour.

The following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Government of the Straits Settlements, No. 401, dated the 15th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

On the 1st December 1893 the light-ship *Ajax* on the Ajax Shoal will be removed. It will be replaced by a red buoy with a bell on it.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 204.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Torres strait, inner route.

Danger off No. 2, Claremont island.

The Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 21 of 1893) that the danger reported in May last to exist off No. 2, Claremont island, and notified in Notice No. 18 from this Department, has been found and examined by Captain Heming, of H.M.S. *Paluma*, who reports as follows:—

"The danger is small in extent, and has 13 feet over it at low-water springs. It lies with the north extreme of Hannah islet (No. 2, Claremont), bearing E. by S. ½ S., distant 2 miles."

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 205.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Brisbane river.

Dredged channels.

The Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 22 of 1893) that a net depth of 15 feet now exists throughout the river between the town and the Outer Bar, and on the latter the minimum depth is 14 feet at low-water springs.

As the cuttings are only 100 feet wide, masters of vessels are cautioned to exercise great care, and to avoid as far as possible meeting another vessel in the cuttings, and to slow down to a low rate of speed at such distance from dredges and attendant plant as will ensure their passing without causing any damage.

The magnetic bearings of the line of lights and beacons at Eagle Farm Flats and at the Inner Bar are now—

N. 25° E. and N. 23° 30′ E., respectively.

The list giving the magnetic bearings of the different lines of leading beacons is to be corrected accordingly.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 206.

[Second Publication.

AUSTRALIA—BURNETT BAR.

Directions to enter.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 23 of 1893) that the lights and beacons to lead in over the bar, lead across with a minimum depth at low water of 4½ feet. The tidal signals exhibited give the depth of water across thebar on t his lead.

In addition to the abovementioned original lead, which is continued, the south channel has been marked and lighted, carrying a depth of 6½ feet at low water. These marks are as follows:—

An obelisk beacon—white with red top—placed on outer beach 240 feet S. 61° E. from light-house. Two triangular white beacons with vertical black stripe in centre placed on the sands off the North Head.

Directions to enter.—Bring the obelisk and light-house in line, bearing N. 61° W. and steer in, passing a red buoy on the starboard hand, until the triangular beacons, bearing about N.-W. ½ N. are in line, keep the latter in line, passing a black buoy on the port hand, until the beacons of the "Bar Lead," bearing S.-W. by W. ½ W. are in line, when they are to be kept so, and a vessel will proceed as usual.

By night a red light is shown from the obelisk beacon, which is to be kept in line with the main light at the light-house until the lights on the triangular beacons, the nearer of which is a red light, are in line. The latter will then be kept in line until the white lights of the Bar Lead are in line, when a vessel will proceed as usual.

By using this channel two feet more water will be carried than in the old straight lead over the bar, but mariners are cautioned that the leads take a vessel close to the outer beach, and that great care must be exercised to avoid getting to the westward of the second lead.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 207.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—DOWORRA ISLAND—MOLUCCAS.

The sunken rock to the south-eastward.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 23, dated the 15th August 1893, is republished for general information, in continuation of No. 188, dated the 14th idem, issued by this office:—

The Commander of the Dutch steamer *Zeemeeuw* reports that the charted sunken rock south-eastward of *Doworra* (*Ganeh*) island, westward of the south extreme of *Halmahera*, is at present a little isle.

Approximate position lat. 0° 54′ 5″ S., long. 128° 10′ 5″ E.

This notice affects the chart. Molluksche Archipel, blad I, 1889.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 208.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Temporary alteration in character of Bodjo light, Siberoet strait.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 24, dated the 15th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is given that the *double flashing white* light of the first order on *Bodjo* island, *Siberoet* strait, is disordered by an earth-quake. A temporary *fixed white* light has been exhibited. It will be feebly visible in clear weather from a distance of 16 miles.

The light will be repaired in about a month.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad I, 1867; Westkust Sumatra. Ajerbangies tot Padang, 1878, and Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 209.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—BALITOENG ISLAND, WEST COAST.

Approaches to Tandjoeng Pandan road—Coral head near Tandjoeng Pandan road.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 25, dated the 17th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of the Dutch steamer *Gier* reports the existence of a coral head with a least depth of 2 fathoms at low water, and 7 to 8 close around, lying near *Tandjoeng Pandan* road on the following bearings:

Kalmoa	...	...	...	S. 49° E.
Oeloe Boeloh	...	...	...	S. 10° W.
Western extreme of *Kelmanbang*	...	...	...	S. 38° W.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad II, 1867; Westkust Borneo, blad II, 1885; Gaspar straten, 1880; Java zee en aangr. vaarw. blad I, 1892; and Westkust Belitoeng, Reede Tandjoeng Pandan en vaarwater naar de reede, 1890.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 210.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—PRINCESS CHARLOTTE BAY, INNER ROUTE.

Reefs reported south-west and west of Dhu (D) reef.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 393 of 1893) of the existence of the following two sunken reefs in Princess Charlotte bay:—

Positions must be considered very approximate, and care should be exercised in passing the localities:—

1. A reef about a quarter of a mile in extent, with a depth of 3 fathoms on it, lies with Dhu (*d*) reef beacon, bearing N.E. (N. 45° E.), distant about 7 miles; and Bay hill, about E. ½ S. (S. 84½° E.).

Approximate position, lat. 14° 11′ 40″ S., long. 143° 54′ 40″ E.

2. A reef of small extent, with two pinnacles on which there are depths of 3½ fathoms at low water, lies with Dhu (*d*) reef beacon, bearing E. ¼ S. (S. 87¼° E.), distant 3½ miles; and Sea (*c*) reef beacon about N.E. ½ E. (N. 50½° E.).

Approximate position, lat. 14° 6′ 50″ S., long. 143° 56′ 30″ E.

Note.—As reef No. 1 lies close to the "course recommended by night" on Admiralty Chart, No. 2922, that course has been expunged from the chart.

(*Variation* 5° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 211.

[Second Publication.]

JAPAN SEA, WEST SHORE—PORT LAZAREF.

Sunken rocks southward of Desfossés Point.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 394 of 1893) of the existence of sunken rocks, on which the Russian vessel-of-war *Vityaz* recently struck, lying in the channel between Desfossés Point and Zavalishin island, entrance to port Lazaref.

These rocks, with depths of 11 and 13 feet on them, are situated on a shoal, with depths of 4 to 5½ fathoms on it, about a cable in extent east and west, and a quarter of a cable north and south. From the 11 feet rock Desfossés Point bears N. by W ⅞ W (N. 21¼° W.), distant 7½ cables; and north point of Kuprianof island E. by S. (S. 78¾° E.). The 13 feet rock lies nearly half a cable E. by S. (S. 78¾° E.) from the 11 feet rock.

Approximate position, lat. 39° 16¼′ N., long. 127° 37′ E.

Amended position of Khalezof (Mouchez) island.

Also, from H.M.S. *Porpoise*, that Khalezof (Mouchez) island is situated in lat. 39° 0′ 40″ N., long. 128° 5′ 40″ E.

(*Variation* 5° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 212.

[Second Publication.]

MALACCA STRAIT—AROA ISLANDS.

Amended height of North Rock.

THE following notice to Mariners (No. 399 of 1893) is republished for general information:—

Information has been received from Captain H. S. Blackburne, P. & O. steam-vessel *Bombay*, that North rock, Aroa islands, is 10 feet high, and not 60 as marked on the Admiralty charts.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 55⅓′ N., long. 100° 34¾′ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 201.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—BELITOENG ISLAND, WEST COAST.

Approaches to Tandjoeng Pandan road—Beacons erected and newly discovered dangers.

THE following notice to mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the naval forces in Neth. India, No. 21, dated the 31st July 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is given that 5 new wooden beacons have been erected for marking the channel to *Tjeroetjoep* river, *Tandjoeng Pandan* road, West coast *Belitoeng*; two of these beacons are painted black and the others are painted white.

Before *Kalmoa* there are now 7 black and 8 white beacons, and the channel beyond *Kalmoa* is marked by 3 white beacons.

Also that the Dutch steamer *Cheribon* has found the following two shoals:—

1. A coral reef, with 4 fathoms water on it, near the black buoy, on the following bearings:—

Eastern extreme of *Kelmanbang* island	S. 26° W.
Oeloe Boeloh	S. 2° 30′ W.
Kalmoa	S. 56° 30′ E.

2. A coral reef, with 3 fathoms water on it, lies with shoal n°. 1, bearing S. 26° W., distant about 330 yards.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad II, 1867; Westkust Borneo, blad II, 1885; Gaspar straten 1880; Java Zee en aangr. vaarw. blad I, 1892 and Westkust Belitoeng, Reede Tandjoeng Pandan en vaarwaters naar de reede, 1890.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th August* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 202.

[Third Publication.]

JAPAN—YEZO ISLAND.

Cape Soya.—Alteration in the period of exhibition of light, and sounding of fog bell.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 391 of 1893) that in future cape Soya light and fog bell will be exhibited and sounded from 1st March to 31st December inclusive. During January and February the light will not be shown nor the bell sounded.

Approximate position, lat. 45° 31′ N., long. 141° 54′ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 4th September* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 216.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, INNER ROUTE.

Beacon on Y (Wye) Reef.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 24 of 1893) that the black beacon on Y (Wye) Reef, off Cape Direction, has been reported to have fallen. It will be replaced as soon as practicable, when notice thereof will be given.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 217.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—BANKA STRAIT.

Light on West-Nangka island.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth. India, No. 26, dated the 21st August 1893, is republished for general information:—

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 13, Batavia, 1892, notice is given that on 16th August 1893 a light has been exhibited from a light-house recently erected on *West-Nangka* island, *Bangka* strait.

This light is a *flashing white* light of the second order, showing a flash of 3 *seconds'* duration with an interval of 27 *seconds* between the flashes. It is elevated 215 feet above high water, and will be visible from a distance of 20 miles.

The light-house, 115 feet high, consists of an iron tower, dodecagonal. The keeper's dwelling, constructed of stone, is painted white.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 23′ 20″ S., long. 105° 44′ 30″ E.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch, Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Bangka, 1879; Java zee en aangr. vaarw. blad I, 1892; and Straat Bangka, blad II, 1866.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 218.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—STRAIT OF MANGKASAR.

Balabalangan or Little Paternoster islands—Newly discovered dangers.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth. India, No. 27, dated the 29th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. Surveying vessel *Banda* reports the existence of the following shoals off the *Little Paternoster* islands :—

1. A bank, 4 miles long in a N. and S. direction with depths of 4 and 5 fathoms on it. The shoalest part found lies near its southern edge in approximately lat. 2° 8′ S., long. 117° 1′ E.

2. A ridge of reefs, awash at low water, commences 2 miles southward of the abovementioned bank.

3. Many spots, with 6 to 7 fathoms water, lie eastward of the abovementioned shoals. The shoalest spot found (5 fathoms) lies with *Amboengi* rock (*Karang Tiga*), bearing S. S. E., distant about 1 mile.

Bearing true.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad II, 1867, and Straat Mangkasar, blad II, 1890.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 219.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—ORISSA COAST.

Reddie Head flat buoy adrift.

A TELEGRAPHIC communication has been received from the Port Officer, False Point, that Reddie Head flat buoy has gone adrift, and will be replaced as soon as possible.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 26th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 213.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—FORMOSA STRAIT.

Pescadores islands, Sunken rock northward of Triangle island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 402 of 1893) that the following information relating to the existence of a rock, on which H. M. S. *Mercury* recently touched, situated northward of Triangle island, Pescadores islands, is the result of an examination of the locality by H. M. S. *Plover* :—

A rock, with a depth of 9 feet on it at low water, lies with Tortoise rock. bearing N. ⅞ W. (N. 10° W.), distant 1½ miles; and Niu point E. ½ S. (S. 84½° E.). Shoal ground, with depths of 2 to 5 fathoms on it, extends generally a quarter of a mile from the rock in all directions; and a patch of 4½ fathoms lies N. ½ E. (N. 5° E.) 3½ cables from it.

Approximate position, 9 feet rock, lat. 23° 38′ 40″ N., long. 119° 30′ 40″ E.

(*Variation* ½° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 15th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 214.

[Second Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN—LOW ARCHIPELAGO—SOCIETY ISLANDS AND AUSTRAL ISLANDS.

Uniform system of beaconage.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 410 of 1893) that the following uniform system of beaconage has been adopted for the Paumotu or Low Archipelago, the Society islands, and the Tubuai or Austral islands, including Rapa (Oparo) island:—

Entering from seaward, starboard-hand beacons are painted *red* and surmounted by conical topmarks; and port-hand beacons are painted *black* and surmounted by cylindrical topmarks.

The above system has been carried out in Papieté harbour, Taunoa harbour, and Taunoa pass, and will probably be completed elsewhere by the end of 1893.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 15*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 215.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA—SOUTH-EAST COAST—HONGKONG APPROACH.

Sunken rock—Waglan islet.

THE following *Erratum* issued by the British Admiralty is republished for general information:—

In Notice to Mariners, No. 376 (1) of 1893, paragraph *b*, *for* S.S.E. (S. 22½° E.) *read* S.S.W. (S. 22½° W.).

See also Notice to Mariners, No. 200, dated 26th August last, issued by this office.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 15*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 203.

[Third Publication.]

SINGAPORE—SALAT SINKI.

Western approach to Singapore new harbour.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Government of the Straits Settlements, No. 401, dated the 15th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

On the 1st December 1893 the light-ship *Ajax* on the Ajax Shoal will be removed. It will be replaced by a red buoy with a bell on it.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 204.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, INNER ROUTE.

Danger off No. 2, Claremont island.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 21 of 1893) that the danger reported in May last to exist off No. 2, Claremont island, and notified in Notice No. 18 from this Department, has been found and examined by Captain Heming, of H.M.S. *Paluma*, who reports as follows:—

"The danger is small in extent, and has 13 feet over it at low-water springs. It lies with the north extreme of Hannah islet (No. 2, Claremont), bearing E. by S. ½ S., distant 2 miles."

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the* 11*th September* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 205.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Brisbane river.

Dredged channels.

The Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 22 of 1893) that a net depth of 15 feet now exists throughout the river between the town and the Outer Bar, and on the latter the minimum depth is 14 feet at low-water springs.

As the cuttings are only 100 feet wide, masters of vessels are cautioned to exercise great care, and to avoid as far as possible meeting another vessel in the cuttings, and to slow down to a low rate of speed at such distance from dredges and attendant plant as will ensure their passing without causing any damage.

The magnetic bearings of the line of lights and beacons at Eagle Farm Flats and at the Inner Bar are now—

N. 25° E. and N. 23° 30′ E., respectively.

The list giving the magnetic bearings of the different lines of leading beacons is to be corrected accordingly.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the* 11*th September* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 206.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Burnett bar.

Directions to enter.

The Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 26 of 1893) that the lights and beacons to lead in over the bar, lead across with a minimum depth at low water of 4½ feet. The tidal signals exhibited give the depth of water across thebar on this lead.

In addition to the abovementioned original lead, which is continued, the south channel has been marked and lighted, carrying a depth of 6½ feet at low water. These marks are as follows:—

An obelisk beacon—white with red top—placed on outer beach 240 feet S. 61° E. from light-house. Two triangular white beacons with vertical black stripe in centre placed on the sands off the North Head.

Directions to enter.—Bring the obelisk and light-house in line, bearing N. 61° W. and steer in, passing a red buoy on the starboard hand, until the triangular beacons, bearing about N.-W. ½ N. are in line, keep the latter in line, passing a black buoy on the port hand, until the beacons of the "Bar Lead," bearing S.-W. by W. ½ W. are in line, when they are to be kept so, and a vessel will proceed as usual.

By night a red light is shown from the obelisk beacon, which is to be kept in line with the main light at the light-house until the lights on the triangular beacons, the nearer of which is a red light, are in line. The latter will then be kept in line until the white lights of the Bar Lead are in line, when a vessel will proceed as usual.

By using this channel two feet more water will be carried than in the old straight lead over the bar, but mariners are cautioned that the leads take a vessel close to the outer beach, and that great care must be exercised to avoid getting to the westward of the second lead.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the* 11*th September* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 207.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—DOWORRA ISLAND—MOLUCCAS.

The sunken rock to the south-eastward.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 23, dated the 15th August 1893, is republished for general information, in continuation of No. 188, dated the 14th idem, issued by this office:—

The Commander of the Dutch steamer *Zeemeeuw* reports that the charted sunken rock south-eastward of *Doworra* (*Ganeh*) island, westward of the south extreme of *Halmahera*, is at present a little isle.

Approximate position lat. 0° 54′ 5″ S., long. 128° 10′ 5″ E.

This notice affects the chart. Moluksche Archipel, blad I, 1889.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 208.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Temporary alteration in character of Bodjo light, Siberoet strait.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 24, dated the 15th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is given that the *double flashing white* light of the first order on *Bodjo* island, *Siberoet* strait, is disordered by an earth-quake. A temporary *fixed white* light has been exhibited. It will be feebly visible in clear weather from a distance of 16 miles.

The light will be repaired in about a month.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad I, 1867; Westkust Sumatra. Ajerbangies tot Padang, 1878, and Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 209.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—BALITOENG ISLAND, WEST COAST.

Approaches to Tandjoeng Pandan road—Coral head near Tandjoeng Pandan road.

THE following Notice to Mariners issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth. India, No. 25, dated the 17th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of the Dutch steamer *Gier* reports the existence of a coral head with a least depth of 2 fathoms at low water, and 7 to 8 close around, lying near *Tandjoeng Pandan* road on the following bearings:

Kalmoa	... ...	S. 49° E.
Oeloe Boeloh	... ...	S. 10° W.
Western extreme of *Kelmanbang*	... ...	S. 38° W.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad II, 1867; Westkust Borneo, blad II, 1885; Gaspar straten, 1880; Java zee en aangr. vaarw. blad I, 1892; and Westkust Belitoeng, Reede Tandjoeng Pandan en vaarwater naar de reede, 1890.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 210.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—PRINCESS CHARLOTTE BAY, INNER ROUTE.

Reefs reported south-west and west of Dhu (D) reef.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 393 of 1893) of the existence of the following two sunken reefs in Princess Charlotte bay:—

Positions must be considered very approximate, and care should be exercised in passing the localities:—

1. A reef about a quarter of a mile in extent, with a depth of 3 fathoms on it, lies with Dhu (*d*) reef beacon, bearing N.E. (N. 45° E.), distant about 7 miles; and Bay hill, about E. ¼ S. (S. 84½° E.).

Approximate position, lat. 14° 11′ 40″ S., long. 143° 54′ 40″ E.

2. A reef of small extent, with two pinnacles on which there are depths of 3½ fathoms at low water, lies with Dhu (*d*) reef beacon, bearing E. ¼ S. (S. 87¼° E.), distant 3½ miles; and Sea (*c*) reef beacon about N.E. ½ E. (N. 50½° E.).

Approximate position, lat. 14° 6′ 50″ S., long. 143° 56′ 30″ E.

Note.—As reef No. 1 lies close to the "course recommended by night" on Admiralty Chart, No. 2922, that course has been expunged from the chart.

(*Variation* 5° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 211.

[Third Publication.]

JAPAN SEA, WEST SHORE—PORT LAZAREF.

Sunken rocks southward of Desfossés Point.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 394 of 1893) of the existence of sunken rocks, on which the Russian vessel-of-war *Vityaz* recently struck, lying in the channel between Desfossés Point and Zavalishin island, entrance to port Lazaref.

These rocks, with depths of 11 and 13 feet on them, are situated on a shoal, with depths of 4 to 5½ fathoms on it, about a cable in extent east and west, and a quarter of a cable north and south. From the 11 feet rock Desfossés Point bears N. by W ⅞ W (N. 21¼° W.), distant 7½ cables; and north point of Kuprianof island E. by S. (S. 78¾° E.). The 13 feet rock lies nearly half a cable E. by S. (S. 78¾° E.) from the 11 feet rock.

Approximate position, lat. 39° 16¼′ N., long. 127° 37′ E.

Amended position of Khalezof (Mouchez) island.

Also, from H.M.S. *Porpoise*, that Khalezof (Mouchez) island is situated in lat. 39° 0′ 40″ N., long. 128° 5′ 40″ E.

(*Variation* 5° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 212.

[Third Publication.]

MALACCA STRAIT—AROA ISLANDS.

Amended height of North Rock.

THE following notice to Mariners (No. 399 of 1893) is republished for general information:—

Information has been received from Captain H. S. Blackburne, P. & O. steam-vessel *Bombay*, that North rock, Aroa islands, is 10 feet high, and not 60 as marked on the Admiralty charts.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 55½′ N., long. 100° 34¾′ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th September* 1893.

Scale of charges for Towing Vessels at the Port of Chittagong.

Registered tonnage of vessels.	1st March to 31st August.		1st September to 28th February.*		Remarks.
	Ballast ships in and loaded outwards.	Loaded inwards and outwards.	Ballast ships in and loaded outwards.	Loaded inwards and outwards.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	On no account whatever will steam be raised for tows under Rs. 100. Country craft up to 150 tons will be towed at above rates provided vessel is under steam, otherwise Rs. 100 will be charged. When more than one country craft is towed at the same time, the rate will be levied on the total tonnage towed.
Country craft under 100 tons ...	50	65	33	43	
Ditto of 100 to 150 tons...	80	105	53	70	
Ditto over 150 to 200 ,, ..	110	145	73	98	
Ditto over 200 to 250 ,, ...	140	175	93	117	
Ditto over 250 to 300 ,, ...	180	225	120	150	
All other vessels under 500 ,, ...	260	336	173	224	
500 to 550 tons ...	270	359	180	239	
Over 550 to 600 ,, ...	288	391	192	261	
,, 600 to 650 ,, ...	306	407	204	271	
,, 650 to 700 ,, ...	324	432	216	288	
,, 700 to 750 ,, ...	342	455	228	303	
,, 750 to 800 ,, ...	360	480	240	320	
,, 800 to 850 ,, ...	396	528	264	352	
,, 850 to 900 ,, ...	432	576	288	384	
,, 900 to 950 ,, ...	468	624	312	416	
,, 950 to 1,000 ,, ...	504	672	336	448	
,, 1,000 to 1,050 ,, ...	529	704	353	469	
,, 1,050 to 1,100 ,, ...	547	727	365	485	
,, 1,100 to 1,150 ,, ...	563	731	375	501	
,, 1,150 to 1,200 ,, ...	581	773	387	515	
,, 1,200 to 1,250 ,, ...	598	797	399	531	
,, 1,250 to 1,300 ,, ...	615	819	410	546	
,, 1,300 to 1,350 ,, ...	633	842	422	561	
,, 1,350 to 1,400 ,, ...	650	866	433	577	
,, 1,400 to 1,450 ,, ...	667	888	445	592	
,, 1,450 to 1,500 ,, ...	684	912	456	608	
For every ton exceeding 1,500 tons the charge is 6 annas at all times.			The charge is 4 annas at all times.		

* In leap years, *for* "28th February" *read* "29th February."

1. Vessels taking steam one way to pay two-third loaded inward and outward rates.
2. No reduction made for vessels towed between Chittagong and sea.
3. On two or more vessels applying for steam at the same time, preference will be given to that first cleared at the Custom House, provided she be ready to sail.
4. A demurrage fine of Rs. 50 will be charged for every time steam is raised and not availed of by vessel making the application.
5. In the event of a vessel getting aground whilst being towed, a special agreement shall be made by the Captain of the Tug Services.
6. Should the service of the tug be required to shift a ship from one mooring to another, there shall be an extra charge made of Rs. 100.

For any further particulars apply personally to the Vice-Chairman, Port Commissioners, Chittagong.

N.B.—Masters of vessels are hereby informed that the Port Commissioners of Chittagong have acquired a powerful twin-screw salvage tug for towing and assisting vessels trading to this port. This step was unavoidable, as the private tug only came and remained during the busy shipping season, after which the port was left without a tug. Consequently vessels were put to great inconvenience; ships were delayed and often had to pay exorbitant rates for towage by mail steamers, and even the latter were not always available. Shipmasters have on many occasions urged on the Port authorities the necessity of a powerful boat being stationed here for assisting vessels. The Commissioners at considerable expense have now supplied the steam-tug *Gekko*, which is fit to render any assistance, and trust it may meet with support.

(622—1)

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 220.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—SINGAPORE.

Time Signals on Fort Canning and Pulo Brani.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 418 of 1893) that Time Signals have been established on Fort Canning, north-westward of Singapore road, and on Pulo Brani, Singapore New harbour :—

Each signal consists of a ball which is hoisted as preparatory at 0h. 55m. 0s. P.M., and dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1h, 0m. 0s. Singapore Observatory mean time, equivalent to 18h. 4m. 34·95s. Greenwich mean time.

Should either signal fail, the ball that has not fallen will be dropped by hand at about 5 minutes past 1h., but this signal cannot be relied on for time.

Position : Observatory, Fort Fullerton, lat. 1° 17′ 13·5″ N., long. 103° 51′ 15·7″ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 221.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Permanent light re-exhibited—Siberoet Strait—Bodjo island.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Netherlands India, No. 28, dated Batavia, 5th September 1893, is republished for general information, with reference to No. 208 of the 11th idem, issued by this Office :—

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 24, Batavia, 1893, notice is given that the permanent light on *Bodjo* island, *Siberoet* strait, has been re-exhibited on the 1st September 1893.

The light is a *double flashing white* light of the first order, showing *two flashes every half minute*, as follows :—flash 3½ *seconds*, eclipse 4 *seconds*, flash 3½ *seconds*, eclipse 19 *seconds*.

On the exhibition of the permanent light, the temporary light has been discontinued.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867 : Westkust Sumatra, Ajerbangies tot Padang, 1878, and Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 216.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, INNER ROUTE.

Beacon on Y (Wye) Reef.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 24 of 1893) that the black beacon on Y (Wye) Reef, off Cape Direction, has been reported to have fallen. It will be replaced as soon as practicable, when notice thereof will be given.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 217.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—BANKA STRAIT.

Light on West-Nangka island.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth. India, No. 26, dated the 21st August 1893, is republished for general information:—

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 13, Batavia, 1892, notice is given that on 16th August 1893 a light has been exhibited from a light-house recently erected on *West-Nangka* island, *Bangka* strait.

This light is a *flashing white* light of the second order, showing a flash of 3 *seconds'* duration with an interval of 27 *seconds* between the flashes. It is elevated 215 feet above high water, and will be visible from a distance of 20 miles.

The light-house, 115 feet high, consists of an iron tower, dodecagonal. The keeper's dwelling, constructed of stone, is painted white.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 23′ 20″ S., long. 105° 44′ 30″ E.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch, Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Bangka, 1879; Java zee en aangr. vaarw. blad I, 1892; and Straat Bangka, blad II, 1863.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 218.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—STRAIT OF MANGKASAR.

Balabalangan or Little Paternoster islands—Newly discovered dangers.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth. India, No. 27, dated the 29th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. Surveying vessel *Banda* reports the existence of the following shoals off the *Little Paternoster* islands:—

1. A bank, 4 miles long in a N. and S. direction with depths of 4 and 5 fathoms on it. The shoalest part found lies near its southern edge in approximately lat. 2° 8′ S., long. 117° 1′ E.

2. A ridge of reefs, awash at low water, commences 2 miles southward of the abovementioned bank.

3. Many spots, with 6 to 7 fathoms water, lie eastward of the abovementioned shoals. The shoalest spot found (5 fathoms) lies with *Amboengi* rock (*Karang Tiga*), bearing S. S. E., distant about 1 mile.

Bearing true.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad II, 1867, and Straat Mangkasar, blad II, 1890.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 219.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—ORISSA COAST.

Reddie Head flat buoy adrift.

A TELEGRAPHIC communication has been received from the Port Officer, False Point, that Reddie Head flat buoy has gone adrift, and will be replaced as soon as possible.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 26th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 213.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—FORMOSA STRAIT.

Pescadores islands, Sunken rock northward of Triangle island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 402 of 1893) that the following information relating to the existence of a rock, on which H. M. S. *Mercury* recently touched, situated northward of Triangle island, Pescadores islands, is the result of an examination of the locality by H. M. S. *Plover* :—

A rock, with a depth of 9 feet on it at low water, lies with Tortoise rock. bearing N. $\frac{7}{8}$ W. (N. 10° W.), distant $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles; and Niu point E. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. (S. $84\frac{1}{2}$° E.). Shoal ground, with depths of 2 to 5 fathoms on it, extends generally a quarter of a mile from the rock in all directions; and a patch of $4\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms lies N. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. (N. 5° E.) $3\frac{1}{2}$ cables from it.

Approximate position, 9 feet rock, lat. 23° 38′ 40″ N., long. 119° 30′ 40″ E.

(*Variation* $\frac{1}{2}$° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 15th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 214.

[Third Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN—LOW ARCHIPELAGO—SOCIETY ISLANDS AND AUSTRAL ISLANDS.

Uniform system of beaconage.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 410 of 1893) that the following uniform system of beaconage has been adopted for the Paumotu or Low Archipelago, the Society islands, and the Tubuai or Austral islands, including Rapa (Oparo) island :—

Entering from seaward, starboard-hand beacons are painted *red* and surmounted by conical topmarks; and port-hand beacons are painted *black* and surmounted by cylindrical topmarks.

The above system has been carried out in Papieté harbour, Taunoa harbour, and Taunoa pass, and will probably be completed elsewhere by the end of 1893.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 15th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 215.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA—SOUTH-EAST COAST—HONGKONG APPROACH.

Sunken rock—Waglan islet.

THE following *Erratum* issued by the British Admiralty is republished for general information :—

In Notice to Mariners, No. 376 (1) of 1893, paragraph *b*, *for* S.S.E. (S. $22\frac{1}{2}$° E.) *read* S.S.W. (S. $22\frac{1}{2}$° W.).

See also Notice to Mariners, No. 200, *dated 26th August last, issued by this office.*

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 15th September* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 222.

[First Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—Cook strait, Western entrance.

Erection of a light-house on Stephen's island.

The following Notice to Mariners (No. 35, dated 18th August 1893), issued by the Colonial Government of New Zealand, is published for general information:—

Notice is hereby given that about the month of January 1894 a light will be exhibited from a light-house now being constructed at the northern end of Stephen's island, western entrance to Cook strait.

The light will be a first-order group flashing white light, showing two flashes in quick succession every half-minute, and will be elevated about 600 feet above the level of the sea.

Further particulars, together with the date of lighting, will be given in a future notice.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 3*rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 223.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—Orissa coast.

Reddie Head flat buoy in position.

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 219, dated the 26th ultimo, issued by this office, a further telegraphic communication has been received from the Port Officer, False Point, that Reddie Head flat buoy is now in position in 13 feet reduced.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 3*rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 224.

[First Publication.]

INDIAN OCEAN—SEYCHELLES GROUP.

Dennis island light—Temporary discontinuance.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 442 of 1893) that in order to effect certain repairs to Dennis island light-house, the light will be discontinued from 25th September to about the 20th December of this year.

Approximate position, lat. 3° 48′ S., long. 55° 40′ E.

Note.—Vessels should not approach Dennis island nearer than 10 miles during the night, on account of the surrounding reefs, and the uncertain set of the currents, which are generally of considerable strength.

Further notice will be given when this light is re-exhibited.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 225.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

The floating light-vessel "Krishna" removed for repairs, and the "Colombo" placed in position.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice that the floating light-vessel *Krishna* will be brought up to town for repairs, and the floating light vessel *Colombo* placed in position, on or about the first week of December next as the *Krishna* station light-vessel, until the 20th idem.

The vessel will be painted *red* with *Krishna* in *white* letters on her side.

The range of visibility of the *Colombo* light is eight miles.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 226.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depth of water in the river channels.

THE Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depth of water was found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 30th September and reduced to zero :—

No. 1 Track	...	...	...	10 feet.
„ 2 do.	...	...	...	9 „ 6 inches.
„ 3 do.	...	...	...	15 „
„ 4 do.	...	...	...	20 „
„ 5 do.	...	...	...	16 „ 6 inches.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 220.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—SINGAPORE.

Time Signals on Fort Canning and Pulo Brani.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 418 of 1893) that Time Signals have been established on Fort Canning, north-westward of Singapore road, and on Pulo Brani, Singapore New harbour :—

Each signal consists of a ball which is hoisted as preparatory at 0h. 55m. 0s. P.M., and dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1h, 0m. 0s. Singapore Observatory mean time, equivalent to 18h. 4m. 34·95s. Greenwich mean time.

Should either signal fail, the ball that has not fallen will be dropped by hand at about 5 minutes past 1h., but this signal cannot be relied on for time.

Position : Observatory, Fort Fullerton, lat. 1° 17′ 13·5″ N., long. 103° 51′ 15·7″ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 221.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Permanent light re-exhibited—Siberoet Strait—Bodjo island.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Netherlands India, No. 28, dated Batavia, 5th September 1893, is republished for general information, with reference to No. 208 of the 11th idem, issued by this Office :—

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 24, Batavia, 1893, notice is given that the permanent light on *Bodjo* island, *Siberoet* strait, has been re-exhibited on the 1st September 1893.

The light is a *double flashing white* light of the first order, showing *two flashes every half minute*, as follows :—flash 3½ *seconds*, eclipse 4 *seconds*, flash 3½ *seconds*, eclipse 19 *seconds*.

On the exhibition of the permanent light, the temporary light has been discontinued.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867: Westkust Sumatra, Ajerbangies tot Padang, 1878, and Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 216.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, INNER ROUTE.

Beacon on Y (Wye) Reef.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 24 of 1893) that the black beacon on Y (Wye) Reef, off Cape Direction, has been reported to have fallen. It will be replaced as soon as practicable, when notice thereof will be given.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 217.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—BANKA STRAIT.

Light on West-Nangka island.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth. India, No. 26, dated the 21st August 1893, is republished for general information :—

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 13, Batavia, 1892, notice is given that on 16th August 1893 a light has been exhibited from a light-house recently erected on *West-Nangka* island, *Bangka* strait.

This light is a *flashing white* light of the second order, showing a flash of 3 *seconds'* duration with an interval of 27 *seconds* between the flashes. It is elevated 215 feet above high water, and will be visible from a distance of 20 miles.

The light-house, 115 feet high, consists of an iron tower, dodecagonal. The keeper's dwelling, constructed of stone, is painted white.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 23′ 20″ S., long. 105° 44′ 30″ E.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch, Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867; Bangka, 1879; Java zee en aangr. vaarw. blad I, 1892; and Straat Bangka, blad II, 1866.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 25th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 218.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—Strait of Mangkasar.

Balabalangan or Little Paternoster islands—Newly discovered dangers.

The following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth. India, No. 27, dated the 29th August 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. Surveying vessel *Banda* reports the existence of the following shoals off the *Little Paternoster* islands:—

1. A bank, 4 miles long in a N. and S. direction with depths of 4 and 5 fathoms on it. The shoalest part found lies near its southern edge in approximately lat. 2° 8′ S., long. 117° 1′ E.

2. A ridge of reefs, awash at low water, commences 2 miles southward of the abovementioned bank.

3. Many spots, with 6 to 7 fathoms water, lie eastward of the abovementioned shoals. The shoalest spot found (5 fathoms) lies with *Amboengi* rock (*Karang Tiga*), bearing S. S. E., distant about 1 mile.

Bearing true.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad II, 1867, and Straat Mangkasar, blad II, 1890.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 25th September* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 219.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—Orissa coast.

Reddie Head flat buoy adrift.

A telegraphic communication has been received from the Port Officer, False Point, that Reddie Head flat buoy has gone adrift, and will be replaced as soon as possible.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 26th September* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 227.

[First Publication.]

AFRICA, NORTH-EAST COAST—GULF OF ADEN.

Aden light-vessel removed for repairs.

THE Port Officer, Aden, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice that on the 15th of November 1893 the light-vessel moored off Ras Morbat, Aden harbour, will be removed for repairs, and will be replaced by a temporary light-vessel exhibiting a *fixed white* light at an elevation of 34 feet above the sea, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 8 miles.

The vessel will be painted red, and will show a red ball at the mast-head.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 228.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—BANKA STRAIT.

Flashing light on West Nangka.

WITH reference to notice to mariners, No. 395 of 1892, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 450 of 1893), that a light is now exhibited from a light-house erected on West Nangka, east side of Banka strait:—

West Nangka light is a *flashing white* light, showing one long flash *every thirty seconds*, elevated 196 feet above the sea, and should be visible in clear weather, except where obscured by the other Nangka islands, from a distance of 20 miles.

The light-house is a twelve-sided iron tower, painted white, and 87 feet high. It is situated on a hill on the western side of the island, and is surrounded by a white enclosure.

Approximate position on chart No. 2597, lat. 2° 22′ 50″ S., long. 105° 45′ 35″ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 229.

[First Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC—SOLOMON ISLANDS—GUADALCANAR—NORTH-WEST COAST.

Shoals in Coughlan harbour approach.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No 453 of 1893) of the existence of the undermentioned shoals lying in the approach to Coughlan harbour from the north-west:—

(*a*) A coral shoal, about 200 yards long in a north-east and south-west direction, and 80 yards broad, with 5 fathoms water on it, lies with the west extreme of Guadalcanar island, bearing S. 11° W., distant 5 miles, and Levalea islet, N. 73° W.

Approximate position, lat. 9° 14′ 30″ S., long. 159°35′ E.

(*b*) Three patches, with estimated depths of 6 fathoms on them, were seen about 4 cables north-west of Sow and Pig reefs, and lying parallel with them. The note on the plan of Coughlan harbour has therefore been altered from "estimated depth about 10 fathoms" to "about 6 fathoms."

PAVUVU (RUSSELL) ISLANDS.

Shoal southward of Allacou islet.

Also, of the existence of a shoal, about 100 yards in length north-west and south-east and 50 yards in breadth, with an estimated depth of 5 fathoms over it, lying with the west extreme of Allacou islet, bearing N. 7° E., distant 1½ miles.

Approximate position, lat. 9° 9′ 45″ S., long. 159° 2′ 30″ E.

(*Variation* 8° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 230.

[First Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC—SOLOMON ISLANDS.

Shoals southward of Gizo islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 455 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned shoals lying southward of Gizo island, and in the approach to Gizo island anchorage:—

(1) A shoal coral ridge, about one mile long north-east and south-west, and on the middle part of which the sea broke (there being a moderate swell at the time), the estimated depth being about 3 fathoms, lies with the south-west extreme of Gizo island, bearing N. 42° W., distant 5 miles.

Approximate position, lat. 8° 11′ S., long. 156° 48′ E.

(2) A coral shoal, extending about 4 cables in a north-east and south-west direction, plainly visible, with an estimated depth of 6 fathoms on it, lies with the south-west extreme of Gizo island bearing N. 36° W., distant 3 miles.

(*Variation* 8° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 231.

[First Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—NAM KWAN HARBOUR APPROACH.

Shoal southward of Ping fong island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 458 of 1893) of the existence of a shoal lying southward of Ping fong island, in the approach to Nam Kwan harbour from the eastward.

This shoal, on which the British S.S. *Woosung* struck in July last, with probably 12 to 14 feet on it at low water, lies with the west extreme of Ping fong island bearing about N. 3° E., distant 1¼ miles.

Position to be considered doubtful, lat. 27° 8′ 10″ N., long. 120° 30′ 30″ E.

A red buoy was moored southward of the shoal in July, but this should not be relied on.

(*Variation* 1° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 232.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, east coast—Claremont isles, inner route.

Amended particulars of Sullivan shoal.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 180, dated 31st July last, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 459 of 1893) of the following amended particulars of Sullivan shoal received from Lieutenant and Commander T. H. Heming, H. M. Surveying vessel *Paluma*, dated 16th July 1893:—

Sullivan shoal, rocky, of small extent, with 12 feet on it at low water spring tides, lies westward of the "Course recommended" through Claremont isles, with the north extreme of Hannah island, bearing E. by S. ½ S. (S. 73° E), distant 1$\frac{8}{10}$ miles, or about 5 cables E. ½ N. from the position previously assigned it.

Approximate position, lat. 13° 50′ 40″ S., long. 143° 40′ 40″ E.

(*Variation* 4° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 233.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Torres strait, inner route.

Beacons on e *and* b *reefs.*

The Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 25 of 1893) that the black beacon on e reef off Cook Harbour is down. The black beacon on b reef near the Hope islands became dilapidated last year, and, as advised in sailing directions for 1893, has not been renewed.

These beacons will not be replaced; the channel recommended and used since the establishment of the Archer Point leading lights passing to the westward of c and d reefs, which carry black beacons.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 234.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Port Adelaide river, north arm.

Beacons on Torrens island.

The Secretary, Marine Board, port Adelaide, has given notice (No. 7 of 1893) that two beacons, painted green, with V-shaped heads, have been placed on the south end of Torrens island, which, in line, mark the direction in which the telegraph cable is laid from the mainland to the island.

To avoid doing damage to the telegraph cable with their anchors or chains, Masters of vessels bringing up in the North Arm are directed not to anchor within 50 (fifty) fathoms of the said line.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 235.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—PORTS ADELAIDE, AUGUSTA, AND PIRIE.

Particulars of result of Tidal Observations.

THE Secretary, Marine Board, Port Adelaide, has given notice, dated 7th September 1893, that the following particulars show the result of the Tidal Observations at ports Adelaide, Augusta, and Pirie during the month of August 1893:—

PORT ADELAIDE.

	Date.	Hour.	Ft.	In.
Highest Tide at High Water ...	29th August 1893...	5-15 P.M....	29	0
Lowest „ „ ...	7th „ „ ...	7-0 P.M....	23	3
Highest Water at Low Water ...	24th „ „ ...	8-30 A.M. ..	24	4
Lowest „ „ ...	11th „ „ ...	11-15 P.M....	19	8

Of the 58 Observations at High Water during the month :—

3 between 23 and 24 feet.	13 between 27 and 28 feet.
5 „ 24 „ 25 „	9 „ 28 „ 29 „
9 „ 25 „ 26 „	1 „ 29 „ 30 „
18 „ 26 „ 27 „	

* PORT AUGUSTA.

	Date.	Hour.	Ft.	In.
Highest Tide at High Water ...	29th August 1893 ...	9-40 P.M....	31	9
Lowest „ „ ...	20th „ „ ...	11-0 P.M....	24	6
Highest Water at Low Water ...	25th „ „ ...	1-30 P.M....	23	9
Lowest „ „ ...	28th „ „ ...	3-32 A.M....	18	7

Of the 32 Observations at High Water during the month :—

1 between 24 and 25 feet.	10 between 28 and 29 feet.
4 „ 25 „ 26 „	3 „ 29 „ 30 „
3 „ 26 „ 27 „	2 „ 30 „ 31 „
8 „ 27 „ 28 „	1 „ 31 „ 32 „

* Tide Gauge broken. No tides recorded from the 1st to 15th, inclusive.

PORT PIRIE.

	Date.	Hour.	Ft.	In.
Highest Tide at High Water ...	29th August 1893...	8-45 P.M....	23	6
Lowest „ „ ...	20th „ „ ...	11-0 P.M....	17	0
Highest Water at Low Water ...	23rd „ „ ...	3-10 P.M....	18	4
Lowest „ „ ...	12th „ „ ...	3-20 A.M....	12	1

Of the 55 Observations at High Water during the month:—

5 between 17 and 18 feet.	14 between 21 and 22 feet.
6 „ 18 „ 19 „	1 „ 22 „ 23 „
14 „ 19 „ 20 „	1 „ 23 „ 24 „
14 „ 20 „ 21 „	

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 236.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—HOOGHLY RIVER.

Long Sand light placed in position.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 138, dated 6th June last, issued by this office, it is notified that the Long Sand light will be placed on the station on the 17th instant

in the following position:—Upper and Lower Gasper lights in line – U. M. buoy on Saugor. The L. S. buoy will be moved N.N.W. ½ mile as a station buoy.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 16th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 222.

[Second Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—COOK STRAIT, WESTERN ENTRANCE.

Erection of a light-house on Stephen's island.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 35, dated 18th August 1893), issued by the Colonial Government of New Zealand, is published for general information:—

Notice is hereby given that about the month of January 1894 a light will be exhibited from a light-house now being constructed at the northern end of Stephen's island, western entrance to Cook strait.

The light will be a first-order group flashing white light, showing two flashes in quick succession every half-minute, and will be elevated about 600 feet above the level of the sea.

Further particulars, together with the date of lighting, will be given in a future notice.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 3rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 223.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—ORISSA COAST.

Reddie Head flat buoy in position.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 219, dated the 26th ultimo, issued by this office, a further telegraphic communication has been received from the Port Officer, False Point, that Reddie Head flat buoy is now in position in 13 feet reduced.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 3rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 224.

[Second Publication.]

INDIAN OCEAN—SEYCHELLES GROUP.

Dennis island light—Temporary discontinuance.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 442 of 1893) that in order to effect certain repairs to Dennis island light-house, the light will be discontinued from 25th September to about the 20th December of this year.

Approximate position, lat. 3° 48′ S., long. 55° 40′ E.

Note.—Vessels should not approach Dennis island nearer than 10 miles during the night, on account of the surrounding reefs, and the uncertain set of the currents, which are generally of considerable strength.

Further notice will be given when this light is re-exhibited.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 225.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

The floating light-vessel "Krishna" removed for repairs, and the "Colombo" placed in position.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice that the floating light-vessel *Krishna* will be brought up to town for repairs, and the floating light vessel *Colombo* placed in position, on or about the first week of December next as the *Krishna* station light-vessel, until the 20th idem.

The vessel will be painted *red* with *Krishna* in *white* letters on her side.

The range of visibility of the *Colombo* light is eight miles.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 7th October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 226.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depth of water in the river channels.

THE Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depth of water was found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 30th September and reduced to zero :—

No. 1 Track	...	...	...	10 feet.
„ 2 do.	...	...	...	9 „ 6 inches.
„ 3 do.	...	...	...	15 „
„ 4 do.	...	...	...	20 „
„ 5 do.	...	...	...	16 „ 6 inches.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 7th October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 220.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—SINGAPORE.

Time Signals on Fort Canning and Pulo Brani.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 418 of 1893) that Time Signals have been established on Fort Canning, north-westward of Singapore road, and on Pulo Brani, Singapore New harbour :—

Each signal consists of a ball which is hoisted as preparatory at 0h. 55m. 0s. P.M., and dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1h, 0m. 0s. Singapore Observatory mean time, equivalent to 18h. 4m. 34·95s. Greenwich mean time.

Should either signal fail, the ball that has not fallen will be dropped by hand at about 5 minutes past 1h., but this signal cannot be relied on for time.

Position : Observatory, Fort Fullerton, lat. 1° 17′ 13·5″ N., long. 103° 51′ 15·7″ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 2nd October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 221.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA, WEST COAST.

Permanent light re-exhibited—Siberoet Strait.—Bodjo island.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Netherlands India, No. 28, dated Batavia, 5th September 1893, is republished for general information, with reference to No. 208 of the 11th idem, issued by this Office :—

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 24, Batavia, 1893, notice is given that the permanent light on *Bodjo* island, *Siberoet* strait, has been re-exhibited on the 1st September 1893.

The light is a *double flashing white* light of the first order, showing *two flashes every half minute*, as follows :—flash 3½ *seconds*, eclipse 4 *seconds*, flash 3½ *seconds*, eclipse 19 *seconds*.

On the exhibition of the permanent light, the temporary light has been discontinued.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867: Westkust Sumatra, Ajerbangies tot Padang, 1878, and Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra, 1881.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd October* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 227.

[Second Publication.]

AFRICA, NORTH-EAST COAST—GULF OF ADEN.

Aden light-vessel removed for repairs.

THE Port Officer, Aden, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice that on the 15th of November 1893 the light-vessel moored off Ras Morbat, Aden harbour, will be removed for repairs, and will be replaced by a temporary light-vessel exhibiting a *fixed white* light at an elevation of 34 feet above the sea, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 8 miles.

The vessel will be painted red, and will show a red ball at the mast-head.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 228.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—BANKA STRAIT.

Flashing light on West Nangka.

WITH reference to notice to mariners, No. 395 of 1892, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 450 of 1893), that a light is now exhibited from a light-house erected on West Nangka, east side of Banka strait:—

West Nangka light is a *flashing white* light, showing one long flash *every thirty seconds*, elevated 196 feet above the sea, and should be visible in clear weather, except where obscured by the other Nangka islands, from a distance of 20 miles.

The light-house is a twelve-sided iron tower, painted white, and 87 feet high. It is situated on a hill on the western side of the island, and is surrounded by a white enclosure.

Approximate position on chart No. 2597, lat. 2° 22′ 50″ S., long. 105° 45′ 35″ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 229.

[Second Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC—SOLOMON ISLANDS—GUADALCANAR—NORTH-WEST COAST.

Shoals in Coughlan harbour approach.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No 453 of 1893) of the existence of the undermentioned shoals lying in the approach to Coughlan harbour from the north-west :—

(*a*) A coral shoal, about 200 yards long in a north-east and south-west direction, and 80 yards broad, with 5 fathoms water on it, lies with the west extreme of Guadalcanar island, bearing S. 11° W., distant 5 miles, and Levalea islet, N. 73° W.

Approximate position, lat. 9° 14′ 30″ S., long. 159°35′ E.

(*b*) Three patches, with estimated depths of 6 fathoms on them, were seen about 4 cables north-west of Sow and Pig reefs, and lying parallel with them. The note on the plan of Coughlan harbour has therefore been altered from "estimated depth about 10 fathoms" to "about 6 fathoms."

PAVUVU (RUSSELL) ISLANDS.

Shoal southward of Allacou islet.

Also, of the existence of a shoal, about 100 yards in length north-west and south-east and 50 yards in breadth, with an estimated depth of 5 fathoms over it, lying with the west extreme of Allacou islet, bearing N. 7° E., distant 1½ miles.

Approximate position, lat. 9° 9′ 45″ S., long. 159° 2′ 30″ E.

(*Variation* 8° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 230.

[Second Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC—SOLOMON ISLANDS.

Shoals southward of Gizo islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 455 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned shoals lying southward of Gizo island, and in the approach to Gizo island anchorage :—

(1) A shoal coral ridge, about one mile long north-east and south-west, and on the middle part of which the sea broke (there being a moderate swell at the time), the estimated depth being about 3 fathoms, lies with the south-west extreme of Gizo island, bearing N. 42° W., distant 5 miles.

Approximate position, lat. 8° 11′ S., long. 156° 48′ E.

(2) A coral shoal, extending about 4 cables in a north-east and south-west direction, plainly visible, with an estimated depth of 6 fathoms on it, lies with the south-west extreme of Gizo island bearing N. 36° W., distant 3 miles.

(*Variation* 8° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 231.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—NAM KWAN HARBOUR APPROACH.

Shoal southward of Ping fong island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 458 of 1893) of the existence of a shoal lying southward of Ping fong island, in the approach to Nam Kwan harbour from the eastward.

This shoal, on which the British S.S. *Woosung* struck in July last, with probably 12 to 14 feet on it at low water, lies with the west extreme of Ping fong island bearing about N. 3° E., distant 1¼ miles.

Position to be considered doubtful, lat. 27° 8′ 10″ N., long. 120° 30′ 30″ E.

A red buoy was moored southward of the shoal in July, but this should not be relied on.

(*Variation* 1° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 232.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—CLAREMONT ISLES, INNER ROUTE.

Amended particulars of Sullivan shoal.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners No. 180, dated 31st July last, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 459 of 1893) of the following amended particulars of Sullivan shoal received from Lieutenant and Commander T. H. Heming, H. M. Surveying vessel *Paluma*, dated 16th July 1893:—

Sullivan shoal, rocky, of small extent, with 12 feet on it at low water spring tides, lies westward of the "Course recommended" through Claremont isles, with the north extreme of Hannah island, bearing E. by S. ½ S. (S. 73° E), distant $1\frac{8}{10}$ miles, or about 5 cables E. ½ N. from the position previously assigned it.

Approximate position, lat. 13° 50′ 40″ S., long. 143° 40′ 40″ E.

(*Variation* 4° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 233.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, INNER ROUTE.

Beacons on e and b reefs.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 25 of 1893) that the black beacon on e reef off Cook Harbour is down. The black beacon on b reef near the Hope islands became dilapidated last year, and, as advised in sailing directions for 1893, has not been renewed.

These beacons will not be replaced; the channel recommended and used since the establishment of the Archer Point leading lights passing to the westward of c and d reefs, which carry black beacons.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 234.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—PORT ADELAIDE RIVER, NORTH ARM.

Beacons on Torrens island.

THE Secretary, Marine Board, port Adelaide, has given notice (No. 7 of 1893) that two beacons, painted green, with V-shaped heads, have been placed on the south end of Torrens island, which, in line, mark the direction in which the telegraph cable is laid from the mainland to the island.

To avoid doing damage to the telegraph cable with their anchors or chains, Masters of vessels bringing up in the North Arm are directed not to anchor within 50 (fifty) fathoms of the said line.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 235.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—PORTS ADELAIDE, AUGUSTA, AND PIRIE.

Particulars of result of Tidal Observations.

THE Secretary, Marine Board, Port Adelaide, has given notice, dated 7th September 1893, that the following particulars show the result of the Tidal Observations at ports Adelaide, Augusta, and Pirie during the month of August 1893:—

PORT ADELAIDE.

	Date.	Hour.	Ft.	In.
Highest Tide at High Water ...	29th August 1893...	5-15 P.M....	29	0
Lowest " " ...	7th " " ...	7-0 P.M....	23	3
Highest Water at Low Water ...	24th " " ...	8-30 A.M. ..	24	4
Lowest " " ...	11th " " ...	11-15 P.M....	19	8

Of the 58 Observations at High Water during the month:—

3 between 23 and 24 feet.	13 between 27 and 28 feet.
5 " 24 " 25 "	9 " 28 " 29 "
9 " 25 " 26 "	1 " 29 " 30 "
18 " 26 " 27 "	

* PORT AUGUSTA.

	Date.	Hour.	Ft.	In.
Highest Tide at High Water ...	29th August 1893 ...	9-40 P.M....	31	9
Lowest " " ...	20th " " ...	11-0 P.M....	24	6
Highest Water at Low Water ...	25th " " ...	1-30 P.M....	23	9
Lowest " " ...	28th " " ...	3-32 A.M....	18	7

Of the 32 Observations at High Water during the month:—

1 between 24 and 25 feet.	10 between 28 and 29 feet.
4 " 25 " 26 "	3 " 29 " 30 "
3 " 26 " 27 "	2 " 30 " 31 "
8 " 27 " 28 "	1 " 31 " 32 "

* Tide Gauge broken. No tides recorded from the 1st to 15th, inclusive.

PORT PIRIE.

	Date.	Hour.	Ft.	In.
Highest Tide at High Water ...	29th August 1893 ...	8-45 P.M....	23	6
Lowest " " ...	20th " " ...	11-0 P.M....	17	0
Highest Water at Low Water ...	23rd " " ...	3-10 P.M....	18	4
Lowest " " ...	12th " " ...	3-20 A.M....	12	1

Of the 55 Observations at High Water during the month:—

5 between 17 and 18 feet.	14 between 21 and 22 feet.
6 " 18 " 19 "	1 " 22 " 23 "
14 " 19 " 20 "	1 " 23 " 24 "
14 " 20 " 21 "	

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 236.

[Second Publication.

BAY OF BENGAL—HOOGHLY RIVER.

Long Sand light placed in position

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 138, dated 6th June last, issued by this office, it is notified that the Long Sand light will be placed on the station on the 17th instant in the following position:—Upper and Lower Gasper lights in line—U. M. buoy on Saugor. The L. S. buoy will be moved N.N.W. ½ mile as a station buoy.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 16th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 222.

[Third Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—Cook strait, Western entrance.

Erection of a light-house on Stephen's island.

The following Notice to Mariners (No. 35, dated 18th August 1893), issued by the Colonial Government of New Zealand, is published for general information:—

Notice is hereby given that about the month of January 1894 a light will be exhibited from a light-house now being constructed at the northern end of Stephen's island, western entrance to Cook strait.

The light will be a first-order group flashing white light, showing two flashes in quick succession every half-minute, and will be elevated about 600 feet above the level of the sea.

Further particulars, together with the date of lighting, will be given in a future notice.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 3rd *October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 223.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—Orissa coast.

Reddie Head flat buoy in position.

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 219, dated the 26th ultimo, issued by this office, a further telegraphic communication has been received from the Port Officer, False Point, that Reddie Head flat buoy is now in position in 13 feet reduced.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 3rd *October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 224.

[Third Publication.]

INDIAN OCEAN—Seychelles group.

Dennis island light—Temporary discontinuance.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 442 of 1893) that in order to effect certain repairs to Dennis island light-house, the light will be discontinued from 25th September to about the 20th December of this year.

Approximate position, lat. 3° 48′ S., long. 55° 40′ E.

Note.—Vessels should not approach Dennis island nearer than 10 miles during the night, on account of the surrounding reefs, and the uncertain set of the currents, which are generally of considerable strength.

Further notice will be given when this light is re-exhibited.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 7*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 225.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

The floating light-vessel "Krishna" removed for repairs, and the "Colombo" placed in position.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice that the floating light-vessel *Krishna* will be brought up to town for repairs, and the floating light vessel *Colombo* placed in position, on or about the first week of December next as the *Krishna* station light-vessel, until the 20th idem.

The vessel will be painted *red* with *Krishna* in *white* letters on her side.

The range of visibility of the *Colombo* light is eight miles.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 226.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—CHITTAGONG COAST.

Depth of water in the river channels.

THE Port Officer, Chittagong, has given notice that the following depth of water was found in the river channels by soundings taken on the 30th September and reduced to zero :—

No. 1 Track	...	...	...	10 feet.
„ 2 do.	...	...	...	9 „ 6 inches.
„ 3 do.	...	...	...	15 „
„ 4 do.	...	...	...	20 „
„ 5 do.	...	...	...	16 „ 6 inches.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 7th October* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 237.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

A light vessel off the south-east corner of the Baragua flats.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice, that it is intended on or about April 1894 to place a light-vessel off the south-east corner of the Baragua flats, in six fathoms water, in lat. 15° 29′ 15″ N., long. 95° 11′ 30″ E.

The vessel will be painted *red* with the word *Baragua* in white letters on her sides.

The light will be a *revolving* one of 10,000 candle power, showing a *red* and *white* flash alternately every 45 seconds, each flash being of five seconds duration and will be visible all round the horizon at a distance of about 10 miles.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 23rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 238.

[First Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

"Entrance Channel and Southern Port Limit Buoy."

THE Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the red conical buoy marking the Entrance Channel, starboard side of this port, has been moved a distance about 1,900 feet S. by E. (magnetic) of its former position, and now bears from the extreme end of Manora breakwater, east (magnetic), distance about 1,900 feet, in a depth of 21 feet, low water, ordinary spring tides.

This buoy will be known in future as "the Entrance Channel and Southern Port Limit buoy."

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 23rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 239.

[First Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

Temporary red light at end of Manora breakwater.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 186, dated 14th August 1893, issued by this office, the Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that a temporary red light from the end of Manora breakwater was exhibited from the 17th October.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr*., R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 23rd October* 1893 *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 240.

[First Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—NORTH ISLAND—KAIPARA HARBOUR.

Otamatea channel—Banks extending.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 465 of 1893) that the 3-fathom bank in Otamatea channel, lying 2 miles S.-W. by W. ½ W. (S. 62° W.) from Oewa mound, is shoaling, and extending both north and south. Middle bank is also extending; and an oval-shaped bank, with 3½ fathoms on it at low water, is forming about 4 cables southward of the red buoy on the outer end of middle bank.

(*Variation* 14° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr*., R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 23rd October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 241.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—MADRAS COAST—CORINGA OR COCONADA BAY.

Godavari point buoy altered in character.

THE British Admiralty has given notice, No. 467 of 1893, that on 12th September 1893 the following alteration would be made in the character of Godavari point buoy, south side of entrance to Coringa or Coconada bay :—

Godavari point buoy is a *pillar* buoy, painted black. Approximate position, lat. 16° 57¼′ N., long. 82° 22¾′ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr*., R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 23rd October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 242.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—BILLITON ISLAND—CHERUCHUP (TIERUTIUP) BAY.

Shoal in approach to Tanjong Pandan.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 468 of 1893) of the existence of a coral shoal, with 3 fathoms water on it, lying in the approach to Tanjong Pandan, with Kalmoa beacon, bearing S. 59° E., distance $2\frac{7}{10}$ miles, and close eastward of the black buoy on the north side of the channel.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 43′ 20″ S., long. 107° 34′ 50″ E.

(*Variation* 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr*., R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 23rd October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 243.

[First Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—BOMBAY COAST.

Certain buoys put down for the season.

THE Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, Bombay, has given notice, that the buoys between Alibag and Vingorla, as noted below, were put down for the fair season on the dates noted against each :—

Alibag buoy	... ...	26th September 1893.
Bankot, inner and outer buoys	... ...	3rd October "
Anjanvel buoy	... ...	12th " "
Ambulgad reef buoy	... ...	2nd " "
Malwan harbour buoys	... .	24th September "
Johnstone castle buoy	... ...	23rd " "
Malwan outer buoys	... ...	26th " "

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 24th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 227.

[Third Publication.]

AFRICA, NORTH-EAST COAST—GULF OF ADEN.

Aden light-vessel removed for repairs.

THE Port Officer, Aden, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice that on the 15th of November 1893 the light-vessel moored off Ras Morbat, Aden harbour, will be removed for repairs, and will be replaced by a temporary light-vessel exhibiting a *fixed white* light at an elevation of 34 feet above the sea, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 8 miles.

The vessel will be painted red, and will show a red ball at the mast-head.

By direction of the Government of Bengal,

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 10th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 228.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—BANKA STRAIT.

Flashing light on West Nangka.

WITH reference to notice to mariners, No. 395 of 1892, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 450 of 1893), that a light is now exhibited from a light-house erected on West Nangka, east side of Banka strait :—

West Nangka light is a *flashing white* light, showing one long flash *every thirty seconds*, elevated 196 feet above the sea, and should be visible in clear weather, except where obscured by the other Nangka islands, from a distance of 20 miles.

The light-house is a twelve-sided iron tower, painted white, and 87 feet high. It is situated on a hill on the western side of the island, and is surrounded by a white enclosure.

Approximate position on chart No. 2597, lat. 2° 22′ 50″ S., long. 105° 45′ 35″ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 229.

[Third Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC—SOLOMON ISLANDS—GUADALCANAR—NORTH-WEST COAST.

Shoals in Coughlan harbour approach.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No 453 of 1893) of the existence of the undermentioned shoals lying in the approach to Coughlan harbour from the north-west:—

(*a*) A coral shoal, about 200 yards long in a north-east and south-west direction, and 80 yards broad, with 5 fathoms water on it, lies with the west extreme of Guadalcanar island, bearing S. 11° W., distant 5 miles, and Levalea islet, N. 73° W.

Approximate position, lat. 9° 14′ 30″ S., long. 159°35′ E.

(*b*) Three patches, with estimated depths of 6 fathoms on them, were seen about 4 cables north-west of Sow and Pig reefs, and lying parallel with them. The note on the plan of Coughlan harbour has therefore been altered from "estimated depth about 10 fathoms" to "about 6 fathoms."

PAVUVU (RUSSELL) ISLANDS.

Shoal southward of Allacou isle'.

Also, of the existence of a shoal, about 100 yards in length north-west and south-east and 50 yards in breadth, with an estimated depth of 5 fathoms over it, lying with the west extreme of Allacou islet, bearing N. 7° E., distant 1½ miles.

Approximate position, lat. 9° 9′ 45″ S., long. 159° 2′ 30″ E.

(*Variation* 8° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 230.

[Third Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC—SOLOMON ISLANDS.

Shoals southward of Gizo islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 455 of 1893) of the existence of the two undermentioned shoals lying southward of Gizo island, and in the approach to Gizo island anchorage:—

(1) A shoal coral ridge, about one mile long north-east and south-west, and on the middle part of which the sea broke (there being a moderate swell at the time), the estimated depth being about 3 fathoms, lies with the south-west extreme of Gizo island, bearing N. 42° W., distant 5 miles.

Approximate position, lat. 8° 11′ S., long. 156° 48′ E.

(2) A coral shoal, extending about 4 cables in a north-east and south-west direction, plainly visible, with an estimated depth of 6 fathoms on it, lies with the south-west extreme of Gizo island bearing N. 36° W., distant 3 miles.

(*Variation* 8° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 231.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—NAM KWAN HARBOUR APPROACH.

Shoal southward of Ping fong island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 458 of 1893) of the existence of a shoal lying southward of Ping fong island, in the approach to Nam Kwan harbour from the eastward.

This shoal, on which the British S.S. *Woosung* struck in July last, with probably 12 to 14 feet on it at low water, lies with the west extreme of Ping fong island bearing about N. 3° E., distant 1¼ miles.

Position to be considered doubtful, lat. 27° 8′ 10″ N., long. 120° 30′ 30″ E.

A red buoy was moored southward of the shoal in July, but this should not be relied on.

(*Variation* 1° *Westerly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA *the* 14*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 232.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—CLAREMONT ISLES, INNER ROUTE.

Amended particulars of Sullivan shoal.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners No. 180, dated 31st July last, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 459 of 1893) of the following amended particulars of Sullivan shoal received from Lieutenant and Commander T. H. Heming, H. M. Surveying vessel *Paluma*, dated 16th July 1893:—

Sullivan shoal, rocky, of small extent, with 12 feet on it at low water spring tides, lies westward of the "Course recommended" through Claremont isles, with the north extreme of Hannah island, bearing E. by S. ½ S. (S. 73° E), distant 1$\frac{8}{10}$ miles, or about 5 cables E. ½ N. from the position previously assigned it.

Approximate position, lat. 13° 50′ 40″ S., long. 143° 40′ 40″ E.

(*Variation 4° Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 233.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, INNER ROUTE.

Beacons on e and b reefs.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 25 of 1893) that the black beacon on e reef off Cook Harbour is down. The black beacon on b reef near the Hope islands became dilapidated last year, and, as advised in sailing directions for 1893, has not been renewed.

These beacons will not be replaced; the channel recommended and used since the establishment of the Archer Point leading lights passing to the westward of c and d reefs, which carry black beacons.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 234.

[Third Publication.]

CUSTRALIA—PORT ADELAIDE RIVER, NORTH ARM.

Beacons on Torrens island.

THE Secretary, Marine Board, port Adelaide, has given notice (No. 7 of 1893) that two beacons, painted green, with V-shaped heads, have been placed on the south end of Torrens island, which, in line, mark the direction in which the telegraph cable is laid from the mainland to the island.

To avoid doing damage to the telegraph cable with their anchors or chains, Masters of vessels bringing up in the North Arm are directed not to anchor within 50 (fifty) fathoms of the said line.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 235.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—PORTS ADELAIDE, AUGUSTA, AND PIRIE.

Particulars of result of Tidal Observations.

THE Secretary, Marine Board, Port Adelaide, has given notice, dated 7th September 1893, that the following particulars show the result of the Tidal Observations at ports Adelaide, Augusta, and Pirie during the month of August 1893:—

PORT ADELAIDE.

	Date.	Hour.	Ft.	In.
Highest Tide at High Water ...	29th August 1893...	5-15 P.M....	29	0
Lowest " " ...	7th " " ...	7-0 P.M....	23	3
Highest Water at Low Water ...	24th " " ...	8-30 A.M. ...	24	4
Lowest " " ...	11th " " ...	11-15 P.M....	19	8

Of the 58 Observations at High Water during the month :—

3 between 23 and 24 feet.	13 between 27 and 28 feet.
5 " 24 " 25 "	9 " 28 " 29 "
9 " 25 " 26 "	1 " 29 " 30 "
18 " 26 " 27 "	

* PORT AUGUSTA.

	Date.	Hour.	Ft.	In.
Highest Tide at High Water ...	29th August 1893 ...	9-40 P.M....	31	9
Lowest " " ...	20th " " ...	11-0 P.M....	24	6
Highest Water at Low Water ...	25th " " ...	1-30 P.M....	23	9
Lowest " " ...	28th " " ...	3-32 A.M....	18	7

Of the 32 Observations at High Water during the month :—

1 between 24 and 25 feet.	10 between 28 and 29 feet.
4 " 25 " 26 "	3 " 29 " 30 "
3 " 26 " 27 "	2 " 30 " 31 "
8 " 27 " 28 "	1 " 31 " 32 "

* Tide Gauge broken. No tides recorded from the 1st to 15th, inclusive.

PORT PIRIE.

	Date.	Hour.	Ft.	In.
Highest Tide at High Water ...	29th August 1893 ...	8-45 P.M....	23	6
Lowest " " ...	20th " " ...	11-0 P.M....	17	0
Highest Water at Low Water ...	23rd " " ...	3-10 P.M....	18	4
Lowest " " ...	12th " " ...	3-20 A.M....	12	1

Of the 55 Observations at High Water during the month :—

5 between 17 and 18 feet.	14 between 21 and 22 feet.
6 " 18 " 19 "	1 " 22 " 23 "
14 " 19 " 20 "	1 " 23 " 24 "
14 " 20 " 21 "	

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 14th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 236.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—HOOGHLY RIVER.

Long Sand light placed in position.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 138, dated 6th June last, issued by this office, it is notified that the Long Sand light will be placed on the station on the 17th instant in the following position:—Upper and Lower Gasper lights in line—U. M. buoy on Saugor. The L. S. buoy will be moved N.N.W. ½ mile as a station buoy.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Actg. Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 16th October* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 244.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Regarding the shifting of the Western Lump buoy, Rangoon river.

THE Deputy Conservator of the Port, Rangoon, has given notice, that the Western Lump buoy has been removed and relaid about 600 feet E.N.E. of its former position, in 21 feet reduced. This covers all encroachments, and the Spit channel is now perfectly safe.

The least water between the Centre Spit and Western Lump buoys is 16 feet reduced, and between the Western Lump and Upper Spit buoys is 18 feet reduced, and it deepens immediately outside.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 245.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

F. L. V. Colombo, entrance to Rangoon river, brought up to town for repairs.

The Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice, that the F. L. V. *Colombo* stationed off the *Spit*, below Elephant point, will be brought up to town, on 1st November 1893, for repairs; and a schooner-rigged vessel, painted red, with "Spit" in white letters on her sides, will be moored in her place.

There will be no alteration in the light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 246.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—BURNETT RIVER BAR.

Tidal signals and depth, South channel.

THE Port Master, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 26 of 1893) that, on and after the 15th October next, the code of tidal signals in use at all other Queensland Ports (Brisbane excepted) will be that used at the Burnett Heads.

Notice is also given that the South channel across the Burnett bar has shoaled one foot, the depth at low water being now 5½ instead of 6½ feet as notified in Notice No. 23 of the 7th August last. The tide signals give the depth of water on the old bar.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 247.

[First Publication.]

SUMATRA, WEST COAST—SIBERUT STRAIT.

Pulo Bojo—Permanent light re-exhibited.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners No. 208, dated 11th September 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given notice (No. 477 of 1893) that the defects having been made good, Pulo Bojo permanent light (*group flashing white*), northern side of Siberut strait, is re-exhibited.

Approximate position: lat. 0° 39′ S., long 98° 31½′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 248.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—SINGAPORE STRAIT—SALAT SINKI.

Ajax shoal light vessel—Intended withdrawal.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 481 of 1893) that on 1st December 1893, Ajax shoal light vessel will be withdrawn from her station on the north side of Salat Sinki, and will be replaced by a red *bell* buoy.

Approximate position: lat. 1° 14′ N., long. 103° 40½′ E.

NOTE.—It is proposed to erect a light-house on Sultan shoal (about one mile north-west of Ajax shoal); should the proposal be adopted, due notice will be given.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 249.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PESCADORES ISLANDS.

Extension of N. W. Outlier.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 482 of 1893) that H.M.S. *Plover* has reported N.W. Outlier to be of greater extent than heretofore charted, a patch of 3¾ fathoms existing about 2½ cables N.E. from the 5 fathoms already shown on the charts, and a depth of 4½ fathoms in the position of that 5 fathoms.

Approximate position of the 4½ fathoms: lat. 23° 45′ 30″ N., long. 119° 31′ 40″ E.

(*Variation ½° Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 250.

[First Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN—New Guinea.

Reef north-west of Emerald reef.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 483 of 1893) of the existence of a coral reef, about 3 cables in extent, with an estimated depth of about one fathom on it, lying north-west of Emerald reef, in approximately lat. 10° 34′ 45″ S., long. 151° 30′ 30″E. A sounding of 14 fathoms was obtained about 2½ cables south-west of the reef.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 251.

[First Publication.]

CHINA —Yellow sea.

Pe Chili strait—Kwan Tung peninsula.

Double flashing light on Liau Ti Shan promontory.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 184, dated 15th October 1892, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 493 of 1893) that on 7th August 1893 the permanent light was exhibited from a light-house recently erected on the south-west slope of Liau ti Shan (Lao t'ieh Shan) promontory, south coast of Kwan Tung peninsula:—

Liau ti Shan light is a *double flashing white* light, showing flashes at intervals of *half a minute*, and visible between the bearings (approximate) of S. 8° E., through east and north, and N. 73° W., except where obscured by outlying islands. It is elevated 315 feet above the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 25 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric of the first order.

The light-house, 52 feet high, constructed of iron and cylindrical in shape, is, with the dwellings and boundary wall, coloured white.

Approximate position: lat. 38° 43′ 15″ N., long. 121° 8′ 15″ E.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 252.

[First Publication.]

JAPAN—Kiusiu.

Amakusa islands—Hachiman Seto.

Sunken rock north-west of Mato Sima.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 495 of 1893) of the existence of a sunken rock, locally known as *Osone*, with 2 fathoms on it at low water, lying on the east side of Hachiman Seto, with the north rock of Mato Sima bearing S. 42° E., distant about 3 cables.

Approximate position: lat. 32° 17′ 5″ N., long. 130° 10′ 45″ E.

Note—The strong tides near this rock, which was plainly seen, prevented a detailed examination being made, but the depths close around were under 10 fathoms, increasing gradually.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 253.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—MINDORO STRAIT APPROACH.

Non-existence of Flying Cloud rock.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 496 of 1893) that a depth of 2,870 fathoms, over mud, was obtained in the reported position of Flying Cloud rock, charted as lying in approximately lat. 13° 28′ N., long. 119° 33′ E., in the approach to Mindoro str[illegible] from the north-west; also that soundings of about the same depth were obtained in the locality around that position.

Consequent on this examination, Flying Cloud rock has been removed from the Admiralty charts.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 254.

[First Publication.]

INDIA, SOUTH—CEYLON, SOUTH-EAST COAST.

Sunken rock reported north-east of Little Basses.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 499 of 1893) that the British S.S. *Capella* (drawing about 22¼ feet water) touched slightly on a sunken rock or other obstruction, lying with Little Basses light-house, bearing about S. 52° W., distant 3 miles.

Position, to be considered doubtful, lat. 6° 26½′ N., long. 81° 46¼′ E.

The above information requires verification; but as the neighbourhood of the Basses is rocky, and has only been partially examined, and currents are often strong and variable in direction, it is advisable to steer a course to pass well outside them. A note to this effect has been placed on chart No. 813.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 255.

[First Publication.]

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—LUZON ISLAND, MANILA BAY.

Sangley point—Extinction of light.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 506 of 1893) that the light on Sangley point in port Kavite, Manila bay, is discontinued.

Approximate position, lat. 14° 30′ N., long. 120° 54′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 256.

[First Publication.]

AFRICA, NORTH-EAST COAST—GULF OF ADEN.

Aden—Intended temporary removal of light-vessel.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 508 of 1893) that on or about the 15th November the light-vessel moored off Ras Marbut, Aden harbour, will be removed for repairs, and will be replaced by a temporary light-vessel exhibiting a *fixed white* light at an elevation of 34 feet above the sea, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 8 miles.

The vessel will be painted red and will carry a red ball at the masthead.

Approximate position, lat. 12° 47¼′ N., long. 44° 58½′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 257.

[First Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST,—CANTON RIVER—MACAO FORT PASSAGE.

Bird's Nest rocks buoy.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 509 of 1893) that a *conical* red buoy, 7½ feet in diameter, has been moored in 13 feet at low water spring tides off the south-western end of the Bird's Nest rocks, in the Macao fort passage of the Canton river.

Approximate position, lat. 23° 5′ 38″ N., long. 113° 16′ 2″ E.

YANG TSE KIANG—SOUTHERN APPROACH.

Barren islands.—Reported breakers.

ALSO that Captain R. E. Harris of the Chinese S.S. *Yungching* reports having seen heavy breakers, bearing about S. by E. ½ E., and distant one mile from the largest of the Barren islands.

Approximate position, lat. 30° 43′ 15″ N., long. 123° 8′ 45″ E.

(*Variation* 2° 40′ *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 258.

[First Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—BOMBAY COAST.

Certain buoys placed in position.

THE Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the following buoys were placed in position on the dates specified against them:—

Murdeshwar buoy	...	...	...	16th October 1893.
Bhotkol buoy	...	...	...	12th „ „

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 3rd November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 259.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—Light-vessel "Colombo" *brought up to town for repairs.*

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the P. L. V. *Colombo*, stationed off the Spit below Elephant point, was brought up to town on 1st November for repairs; and a schooner rigged vessel painted *red*, with "*Spit*" in *white* letters on her sides, will be moored in her place.

There will be no alteration in the light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 6th November* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 237.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

A light vessel off the south-east corner of the Baragua flats.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice, that it is intended on or about April 1894 to place a light-vessel off the south-east corner of the Baragua flats, in six fathoms water, in lat. 15° 29′ 15″ N., long. 95° 11′ 30″ E.

The vessel will be painted *red* with the word *Baragua* in white letters on her sides.

The light will be a *revolving* one of 10,000 candle power, showing a *red* and *white* flash alternately every 45 seconds, each flash being of five seconds duration and will be visible all round the horizon at a distance of about 10 miles.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 23rd October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 238.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

"*Entrance Channel and Southern Port Limit Buoy.*"

THE Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the red conical buoy marking the Entrance Channel, starboard side of this port, has been moved a distance about 1,900 feet S. by E. (magnetic) of its former position, and now bears from the extreme end of Manora breakwater, east (magnetic), distance about 1,900 feet, in a depth of 21 feet, low water, ordinary spring tides.

This buoy will be known in future as "the Entrance Channel and Southern Port Limit buoy."

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 23rd October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 239.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

Temporary red light at end of Manora breakwater.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 186, dated 14th August 1893, issued by this office, the Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that a temporary red light from the end of Manora breakwater was exhibited rom the 17th October.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 23rd October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 240.

[Second Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—North island—Kaipara Harbour.

Otamatea channel—Banks extending.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 465 of 1893) that the 3-fathom bank in Otamatea channel, lying 2 miles S.-W. by W. ½ W. (S. 62° W.) from Oewa mound, is shoaling, and extending both north and south. Middle bank is also extending; and an oval-shaped bank, with 3½ fathoms on it at low water, is forming about 4 cables southward of the red buoy on the outer end of middle bank.

(*Variation* 14° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the* 23*rd October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 241.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—Madras coast—Coringa or Coconada bay.

Godavari point buoy altered in character.

The British Admiralty has given notice, No. 467 of 1893, that on 12th September 1893 the following alteration would be made in the character of Godavari point buoy, south side of entrance to Coringa or Coconada bay :—

Godavari point buoy is a *pillar* buoy, painted black. Approximate position, lat. 16° 57¼′ N., long. 82° 22¾′ E.

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the* 23*rd October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 242

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—Billiton island—Cheruchup (Tierutiup) bay.

Shoal in approach to Tanjong Pandan.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 468 of 1893) of the existence of a coral shoal, with 3 fathoms water on it, lying in the approach to Tanjong Pandan, with Kalmoa beacon, bearing S. 59° E., distance $2\frac{7}{10}$ miles, and close eastward of the black buoy on the north side of the channel.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 43′ 20″ S., long. 107° 34′ 50″ E.

(*Variation* 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. Hooper, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the* 23*rd October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 243.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, west—Bombay coast.

Certain buoys put down for the season.

The Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, Bombay, has given notice, that the buoys between Alibag and Vingorla, as noted below, were put down for the fair season on the dates noted against each :—

Alibag buoy	26th September 1893.
Bankot, inner and outer buoys	3rd October ,,
Anjanvel buoy	12th ,, ,,
Ambulgad reef buoy	2nd ,, ,,
Malwan harbour buoys	24th September ,,
Johnstone castle buoy	23rd ,, ,,
Malwan outer buoys	26th ,, ,,

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Calcutta, *the* 24*th October* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 260.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—CELEBES SEA.

Talauer islands—Sunken reef southward of Karakelang island.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No. 29, dated Batavia, the 2nd October 1893, is republished for general information :—

The Commander of the Dutch Government steamer *Zeeduif* reports the existence of a sunken reef, with about 2 fathoms water on it, to the southward of *Karakelang* island, *Talauer* islands, lying on the following bearings :—

S. E.	extreme of	*Kaboeroean* islet	...	... S. 29° E.
W.	„	„ *Kaboeroean* „	...	... S. 13·5° E.
S. E.	„	„ *Salibaboe* „	...	... S. 12° W.
S. E	„	„ *South Saha* „	...	... S. 41° W.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the chart : Oostkust Celebes, blad I, 1893.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 10th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 261.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—STRAIT OF MANGKASAR—

CELEBES, SOUTH-WEST COAST.

Exhibition of light on Dajang-Dajangan islet.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No. 30, dated Batavia, the 4th October 1893, is republished for general information :—

Notice is given that on one of the last days of October 1893, a beacon light of the fifth order will be exhibited on *Dajang-Dajangan* islet, south-west coast of *Celebes*.

Further particulars will be published in due course.

This notice affects the charts : Zuid-Westkust Celebes, 1880, and Straat Mangkasar, blad II, 1883.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 10th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 262.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT.

Temporary beacons in the fairway to Brouwer strait.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No. 31, dated 12th October 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. Surveying vessel *Melvill van Carnbee* reports to have erected for the use of the survey the two undermentioned temporary beacons in the fairway to *Brouwer* strait:—

(a) In lat. 1° 52′ 40·5″ S., long. 101° 56′ 6″ E. in 4½ fathoms at low water, a beacon surmounted by a white truncated cone and a red flag, 27 feet above the sea.

(b) In lat. 1° 46′ 17″ S., long. 101° 57′ 34″ E., in 3½ fathoms at low water, a beacon surmounted by a white truncated cone and a flag, being blue and white in horizontal stripes, 45 feet above the sea.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Oostkust Sumatra, van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimon eilanden.

MALACCA—SINGAPORE.

Time signals on fort Canning and Pulo Brani.

NOTICE is given that time signals have been established on fort *Canning*, north-westward of *Singapore* road, and on *Pulo Brani, Singapore* "*New harbour.*"

Each signal consists of a ball, which is hoisted as preparatory at 0h. 55m. 0. s. p. m. and dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1h. 0m. 0s., *Singapore Observatory* mean time, equivalent to 18h. 4m. 34·95s. *Greenwich* mean time.

Should either signal fail, the ball that has not fallen will be dropped by hand at about 5 minutes past 1h., but this signal cannot be relied on for time.

Position, *Observatory*, fort *Fullerton*, lat. 1° 17′ 13·5″ N., long. 103° 51′ 15·7″ E.

(Notice to Mariners, No. 418, London, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Riouw en Linga Archipel, blad I, 1891.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 10th November* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 263.

[First Publication.]

INDIAN OCEAN—SEYCHELLE ISLANDS.

Rock in Chevalier bay—Praslin island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 514 of 1893) of the existence of a rock off Miller's point, west extreme of Chevalier bay.

The rock is of small extent, about 3 feet above high water, and lies with Miller's point bearing S.-W. ¾ W., distant 1¼ cables.

Approximate position, lat. 4° 17′ 10″ S., long. 55° 40′ 45″ E.

(*Variation, 4° Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 10th November* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS - No. 264.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—BILLITON ISLAND—CHERUCHUP TIERUTIUP BAY.

Shoal in approach to Tanjong Pandan.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 242, dated the 23rd October 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 516 of 1893) of the existence of a coral head with a least depth of 2 fathoms lying in the approach to Tanjong

Padan, with Kalmoa beacon, bearing S. 52° E., distant 2¾ miles, and the western extreme of Kelmanbang, S. 35° W.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 43′ 10″ S., long. 107° 35′ 10″ E.

(*Variation, 3° Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 265.

[First Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

A permanent red light at extreme end of the Manora breakwater.

IN continuation of Notice to Mariners, No. 239, dated the 23rd October last, the Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given further notice, that a permanent red light has now been fixed for use at the extreme end of the Manora breakwater.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H, STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 244.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Regarding the shifting of the Western Lump buoy, Rangoon river.

THE Deputy Conservator of the Port, Rangoon, has given notice, that the Western Lump buoy has been removed and relaid about 600 feet E.N.E. of its former position, in 21 feet reduced. This covers all encroachments, and the Spit channel is now perfectly safe.

The least water between the Centre Spit and Western Lump buoys is 16 feet reduced, and between the Western Lump and Upper Spit buoys is 18 feet reduced, and it deepens immediately outside.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 245.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

F. L. V. Colombo, entrance to Rangoon river, brought up to town for repairs.

The Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice, that the F. L. V. *Colombo* stationed off the *Spit*, below Elephant point, will be brought up to town, on 1st November 1893, for repairs; and a schooner-rigged vessel, painted red, with "Spit" in white letters on her sides, will be moored in her place.

There will be no alteration in the light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 246.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—BURNETT RIVER BAR.

Tidal signals and depth, South channel.

THE Port Master, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 26 of 1893) that, on and after the 15th October next, the code of tidal signals in use at all other Queensland Ports (Brisbane excepted) will be that used at the Burnett Heads.

Notice is also given that the South channel across the Burnett bar has shoaled one foot, the depth at low water being now 5½ instead of 6½ feet as notified in Notice No. 23 of the 7th August last. The tide signals give the depth of water on the old bar.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 247.

[Second Publication.]

SUMATRA, WEST COAST—SIBERUT STRAIT.

Pulo Bojo—Permanent light re-exhibited.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners No. 208, dated 11th September 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given notice (No. 477 of 1893) that the defects having been made good, Pulo Bojo permanent light (*group flashing white*), northern side of Siberut strait, is re-exhibited.

Approximate position: lat. 0° 39′ S., long 98° 31½′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 248.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—SINGAPORE STRAIT—SALAT SINKI.

Ajax shoal light vessel—Intended withdrawal.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 481 of 1893) that on 1st December 1893, Ajax shoal light vessel will be withdrawn from her station on the north side of Salat Sinki, and will be replaced by a red *bell* buoy.

Approximate position: lat. 1° 14′ N., long. 103° 40¾′ E.

NOTE.—It is proposed to erect a light-house on Sultan shoal (about one mile north-west of Ajax shoal); should the proposal be adopted, due notice will be given.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 249.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PESCADORES ISLANDS.

Extension of N. W. Outlier.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 482 of 1893) that H.M.S. *Plover* has reported N.W. Outlier to be of greater extent than heretofore charted, a patch of 3¾ fathoms existing about 2½ cables N.E. from the 5 fathoms already shown on the charts, and a depth of 4½ fathoms in the position of that 5 fathoms.

Approximate position of the 4½ fathoms: lat. 23° 45′ 30″ N., long. 119° 31′ 40″ E.

(*Variation ½° Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 250.

[Second Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN—New Guinea.

Reef north-west of Emerald reef.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 483 of 1893) of the existence of a coral reef, about 3 cables in extent, with an estimated depth of about one fathom on it, lying north-west of Emerald reef, in approximately lat. 10° 34′ 45″ S., long. 151° 30′ 30″E. A sounding of 14 fathoms was obtained about 2½ cables south-west of the reef.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 251.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA —Yellow sea.

Pe Chili strait—Kwan Tung peninsula.

Double flashing light on Liau Ti Shan promontory.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 184, dated 15th October 1892, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 493 of 1893) that on 7th August 1893 the permanent light was exhibited from a light-house recently erected on the south-west slope of Liau ti Shan (Lao t'ieh Shan) promontory, south coast of Kwan Tung peninsula :—

Liau ti Shan light is a *double flashing white* light, showing flashes at intervals of *half a minute*, and visible between the bearings (approximate) of S. 8° E., through east and north, and N. 73° W., except where obscured by outlying islands. It is elevated 315 feet above the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 25 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric of the first order.

The light-house, 52 feet high, constructed of iron and cylindrical in shape, is, with the dwellings and boundary wall, coloured white.

Approximate position : lat. 38° 43′ 15″ N., long. 121° 8′ 15″ E.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 252.

[Second Publication.]

JAPAN—Kiusiu.

Amakusa islands—Hachiman Seto.

Sunken rock north-west of Mato Sima.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 495 of 1893) of the existence of a sunken rock, locally known as *Osone*, with 2 fathoms on it at low water, lying on the east side of Hachiman Seto, with the north rock of Mato Sima bearing S. 42° E., distant about 3 cables.

Approximate position : lat. 32° 17′ 5″ N., long. 130° 10′ 45″ E.

Note—The strong tides near this rock, which was plainly seen, prevented a detailed examination being made, but the depths close around were under 10 fathoms, increasing gradually.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 253.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—MINDORO STRAIT APPROACH.

Non-existence of Flying Cloud rock.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 496 of 1893) that a depth of 2,870 fathoms, over mud, was obtained in the reported position of Flying Cloud rock, charted as lying in approximately lat. 13° 28′ N., long. 119° 33′ E., in the approach to Mindoro strait from the north-west; also that soundings of about the same depth were obtained in the locality around that position.

Consequent on this examination, Flying Cloud rock has been removed from the Admiralty charts.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 254.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, SOUTH—CEYLON, SOUTH-EAST COAST.

Sunken rock reported north-east of Little Basses.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 499 of 1893) that the British S.S. *Capella* (drawing about 22¼ feet water) touched slightly on a sunken rock or other obstruction, lying with Little Basses light-house, bearing about S. 52° W., distant 3 miles.

Position, to be considered doubtful, lat. 6° 26½′ N., long. 81° 46¼′ E.

The above information requires verification; but as the neighbourhood of the Basses is rocky, and has only been partially examined, and currents are often strong and variable in direction, it is advisable to steer a course to pass well outside them. A note to this effect has been placed on chart No. 813.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 255.

[Second Publication.]

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—LUZON ISLAND, MANILA BAY.

Sangley point—Extinction of light.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 506 of 1893) that the light on Sangley point in port Kavite, Manila bay, is discontinued.

Approximate position, lat. 14° 30′ N., long. 120° 54′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 256.

[Second Publication.]

AFRICA, NORTH-EAST COAST—GULF OF ADEN.

Aden—Intended temporary removal of light-vessel.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 508 of 1893) that on or about the 15th November the light-vessel moored off Ras Marbut, Aden harbour, will be removed for repairs, and will be replaced by a temporary light-vessel exhibiting a *fixed white* light at an elevation of 34 feet above the sea, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 8 miles.

The vessel will be painted red and will carry a red ball at the masthead.

Approximate position, lat. 12° 47½′ N., long. 44° 58½′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 257.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST,—CANTON RIVER—MACAO FORT PASSAGE.

Bird's Nest rocks buoy.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 509 of 1893) that a *conical* red buoy, 7½ feet in diameter, has been moored in 13 feet at low water spring tides off the south-western end of the Bird's Nest rocks, in the Macao fort passage of the Canton river.

Approximate position, lat. 23° 5′ 38″ N., long. 113° 16′ 2″ E.

YANG TSE KIANG—SOUTHERN APPROACH.

Barren islands.—Reported breakers.

ALSO that Captain R. E. Harris of the Chinese S.S. *Yungching* reports having seen heavy breakers, bearing about S. by E. ½ E., and distant one mile from the largest of the Barren islands.

Approximate position, lat. 30° 43′ 15″ N., long. 123° 8′ 45″ E.

(*Variation* 2° 40′ *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 31*st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 258.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—BOMBAY COAST.

Certain buoys placed in position.

THE Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the following buoys were placed in position on the dates specified against them:—

Murdeshwar buoy ... ... 16th October 1893.
Bhotkol buoy ... ... 12th " "

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 3rd November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 259.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—Light-vessel "Colombo" *brought up to town for repairs.*

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the P. L. V. *Colombo*, stationed off the Spit below Elephant point, was brought up to town on 1st November for repairs; and a schooner rigged vessel painted *red*, with "*Spit*" in *white* letters on her sides, will be moored in her place.

There will be no alteration in the light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 6th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 237.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

A light vessel off the south-east corner of the Baragua flats.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice, that it is intended on or about April 1894 to place a light-vessel off the south-east corner of the Baragua flats, in six fathoms water, in lat. 15° 29′ 15″ N., long. 95° 11′ 30″ E.

The vessel will be painted *red* with the word *Baragua* in white letters on her sides.

The light will be a *revolving* one of 10,000 candle power, showing a *red* and *white* flash alternately every 45 seconds, each flash being of five seconds duration and will be visible all round the horizon at a distance of about 10 miles.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 23rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 238.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

"Entrance Channel and Southern Port Limit Buoy."

THE Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the red conical buoy marking the Entrance Channel, starboard side of this port, has been moved a distance about 1,900 feet S. by E. (magnetic) of its former position, and now bears from the extreme end of Manora breakwater, east (magnetic), distance about 1,900 feet, in a depth of 21 feet, low water, ordinary spring tides.

This buoy will be known in future as "the Entrance Channel and Southern Port Limit buoy."

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 23*rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 239.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

Temporary red light at end of Manora breakwater.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 186, dated 14th August 1893, issued by this office, the Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that a temporary red light from the end of Manora breakwater was exhibited from the 17th October.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 23*rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 240.

[Third Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—NORTH ISLAND—KAIPARA HARBOUR.

Otamatea channel—Banks extending.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 465 of 1893) that the 3-fathom bank in Otamatea channel, lying 2 miles S.-W. by W. ½ W. (S. 62° W.) from Oewa mound, is shoaling, and extending both north and south. Middle bank is also extending; and an oval-shaped bank, with 3½ fathoms on it at low water, is forming about 4 cables southward of the red buoy on the outer end of middle bank.

(*Variation* 14° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 23*rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 241.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—MADRAS COAST—CORINGA OR COCONADA BAY.

Godavari point buoy altered in character.

THE British Admiralty has given notice, No. 467 of 1893, that on 12th September 1893 the following alteration would be made in the character of Godavari point buoy, south side of entrance to Coringa or Coconada bay :—

Godavari point buoy is a *pillar* buoy, painted black. Approximate position, lat. 16° 57¼′ N., long. 82° 22¾′ E.

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 23*rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 242

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—BILLITON ISLAND—CHERUCHUP (TIERUTIUP) BAY.

Shoal in approach to Tanjong Pandan.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 468 of 1893) of the existence of a coral shoal, with 3 fathoms water on it, lying in the approach to Tanjong Pandan, with Kalmoa beacon, bearing S. 59° E., distance $2\frac{7}{10}$ miles, and close eastward of the black buoy on the north side of the channel.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 43′ 20″ S., long. 107° 34′ 50″ E.

(*Variation* 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

H. B. HOOPER, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Acting Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 23*rd October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 243.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—BOMBAY COAST.

Certain buoys put down for the season.

THE Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, Bombay, has given notice, that the buoys between Alibag and Vingorla, as noted below, were put down for the fair season on the dates noted against each :—

Alibag buoy	26th September 1893.
Bankot, inner and outer buoys	3rd October ,,
Anjanvel buoy	12th ,, ,,
Ambulgad reef buoy	2nd ,, ,,
Malwan harbour buoys	24th September ,,
Johnstone castle buoy	23rd ,, ,,
Malwan outer buoys	26th ,, ,,

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 24*th October* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 266.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—A sunken cargo boat at the entrance.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that a cargo boat, No. 260, with mast standing and half full of water, is reported drifting at the entrance of the Rangoon river, and was last seen about 5 miles distant from the Pilot brig.

Shipmasters are warned accordingly.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 17th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 267.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—FITZROY RIVER.

Partial obstruction to fairway.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 27 of 1893) that the wreck of the steam-vessel *Woonoona* lies nearly at right angles to and with her stern almost touching the line of leading lights and beacons, No. 3 Cutting (Second Flats), Fitzroy river.

The obstruction will be marked in accordance with the Regulations, *i.e.*, from sunset to sunrise, by 2 bright lights placed horizontally 6 to 12 feet apart, and between sunrise and sunset by 2 black balls similarly placed.

Masters of vessels are cautioned to use every precaution in passing.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 17th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 268.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—STRAIT OF MAKASSAR.

Shoals northwestward of Balabalágan or Little Paternoster islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 519 of 1893) of the existence of the following shoals near the north-west end of Balabalágan or Little Paternoster islands:—

1. A shoal, with depths of 4 to 5 fathoms on it, and 4 miles in length north and south, has the least water near its southern edge, situated approximately in lat. 2° 8′ S., long. 117° 1′ E.

2. A ridge of reef, awash at low water, commences 2 miles southward of the above shoal.

3. Many shoal spots, with depths of 6 to 7 fathoms on them, are situated eastward of 1 and 2. The least water found, 3 fathoms, lies with Ambungie (Karang Tiga), bearing S.S.E. ½ E. (S. 25¼° E.), distant about one mile, or approximately in lat. 2° 3½′ S., long. 117° 16′ E.

(Variation 3° Easterly in 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 17th November* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 269.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA WEST COAST.

Buoys on Poeloe Raja roads.

THE following notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No. 32, dated the 23rd October 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is given that two black buoys have been moored on Poeloe Raja roads in 5 fathoms water, westward of the most Northern and Southern reefs.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867, Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra 1893. Westkust Sumatra, Roesa tot Melaboe 1889 en Plannen van Ankerplaatsen, Westkust Sumatra, blad III, 1892.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 20th November* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 260.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—CELEBES SEA.

Talauer islands—Sunken reef southward of Karakelang island.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No. 29, dated Batavia, the 2nd October 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of the Dutch Government steamer *Zeeduif* reports the existence of a sunken reef, with about 2 fathoms water on it, to the southward of *Karakelang* island, *Talauer* islands, lying on the following bearings:—

S. E. extreme of *Kaboeroean* islet	...	... S. 29° E.
W. " " *Kaboeroean* "	...	... S. 13·5° E.
S. E. " " *Salibaboe* "	...	... S. 12° W.
S. E " " *South Saha* "	...	... S. 41° W.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the chart: Oostkust Celebes, blad I, 1893.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 10th November* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 261.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—STRAIT OF MANGKASAR—CELEBES, SOUTH-WEST COAST.

Exhibition of light on Dajang-Dajangan islet.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No. 30, dated Batavia, the 4th October 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is given that on one of the last days of October 1893, a beacon light of the fifth order will be exhibited on *Dajang-Dajangan* islet, south-west coast of *Celebes.*

Further particulars will be published in due course.

This notice affects the charts: Zuid-Westkust Celebes, 1880, and Straat Mangkasar, blad II, 1883.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 262.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT.

Temporary beacons in the fairway to Brouwer strait.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No. 31, dated 12th October 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. Surveying vessel *Melvill van Carnbee* reports to have erected for the use of the survey the two undermentioned temporary beacons in the fairway to *Brouwer* strait:—

(*a*) In lat. 1° 52′ 40·5″ S., long. 101° 56′ 6″ E. in 4½ fathoms at low water, a beacon surmounted by a white truncated cone and a red flag, 27 feet above the sea.

(*b*) In lat. 1° 46′ 17″ S., long. 101° 57′ 34″ E., in 3½ fathoms at low water, a beacon surmounted by a white truncated cone and a flag, being blue and white in horizontal stripes, 45 feet above the sea.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Oostkust Sumatra, van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimon eilanden.

MALACCA—SINGAPORE.

Time signals on fort Canning and Pulo Brani.

NOTICE is given that time signals have been established on fort *Canning*, north-westward of *Singapore* road, and on *Pulo Brani, Singapore* "*New harbour.*"

Each signal consists of a ball, which is hoisted as preparatory at 0h. 55m. o. s. p. m. and dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1h. 0m. 0s., *Singapore Observatory* mean time, equivalent to 18h. 4m. 34·95s. *Greenwich* mean time.

Should either signal fail, the ball that has not fallen will be dropped by hand at about 5 minutes past 1h., but this signal cannot be relied on for time.

Position, *Observatory*, fort *Fullerton*, lat. 1° 17′ 13·5″ N., long. 103° 51′ 15·7″ E.

(Notice to Mariners, No. 418, London, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Riouw en Linga Archipel, blad I, 1891.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 263.

[Second Publication.]

INDIAN OCEAN—SEYCHELLE ISLANDS.

Rock in Chevalier bay—Praslin island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 514 of 1893) of the existence of a rock off Miller's point, west extreme of Chevalier bay.

The rock is of small extent, about 3 feet above high water, and lies with Miller's point bearing S.-W. ¾ W., distant 1¼ cables.

Approximate position, lat. 4° 17′ 10″ S., long. 55° 40′ 45″ E.

(*Variation*, 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 264.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—BILLITON ISLAND—CHERUCHUP TIERUTIUP BAY.

Shoal in approach to Tanjong Pandan.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 242, dated the 23rd October 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 516 of 1893) of the existence of a coral head with a least depth of 2 fathoms lying in the approach to Tanjong Padan, with Kalmoa beacon, bearing S. 52° E., distant 2¾ miles, and the western extreme of Kelmanbang, S. 35° W.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 43′ 10″ S., long. 107° 35′ 10″ E.

(*Variation, 3° Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 265.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—SINDH COAST.

A permanent red light at extreme end of the Manora breakwater.

IN continuation of Notice to Mariners, No. 239, dated the 23rd October last, the Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given further notice, that a permanent red light has now been fixed for use at the extreme end of the Manora breakwater.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H, STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 11*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 244.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Regarding the shifting of the Western Lump buoy, Rangoon river.

THE Deputy Conservator of the Port, Rangoon, has given notice, that the Western Lump buoy has been removed and relaid about 600 feet E.N.E. of its former position, in 21 feet reduced. This covers all encroachments, and the Spit channel is now perfectly safe.

The least water between the Centre Spit and Western Lump buoys is 16 feet reduced, and between the Western Lump and Upper Spit buoys is 18 feet reduced, and it deepens immediately outside.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 245.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

F. L. V. Colombo, entrance to Rangoon river, brought up to town for repairs.

The Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice, that the F. L. V. *Colombo* stationed off the *Spit*, below Elephant point, will be brought up to town, on 1st November 1893, for repairs; and a schooner-rigged vessel, painted red, with "Spit" in white letters on her sides, will be moored in her place.

There will be no alteration in the light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 246.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—BURNETT RIVER BAR.

Tidal signals and depth, South channel.

THE Port Master, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 26 of 1893) that, on and after the 15th October next, the code of tidal signals in use at all other Queensland Ports (Brisbane excepted) will be that used at the Burnett Heads.

Notice is also given that the South channel across the Burnett bar has shoaled one foot, the depth at low water being now 5½ instead of 6½ feet as notified in Notice No. 23 of the 7th August last. The tide signals give the depth of water on the old bar.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 247.

[Third Publication.]

SUMATRA, WEST COAST—SIBERUT STRAIT.

Pulo Bojo—Permanent light re-exhibited.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners No. 208, dated 11th September 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given notice (No. 477 of 1893) that the defects having been made good, Pulo Bojo permanent light (*group flashing white*), northern side of Siberut strait, is re-exhibited.

Approximate position: lat. 0° 39′ S., long 98° 31¼′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 248.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—SINGAPORE STRAIT—SALAT SINKI.

Ajax shoal light vessel—Intended withdrawal.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 481 of 1893) that on 1st December 1893, Ajax shoal light vessel will be withdrawn from her station on the north side of Salat Sinki, and will be replaced by a red *bell* buoy.

Approximate position: lat. 1° 14′ N., long. 103° 40¾′ E.

NOTE.—It is proposed to erect a light-house on Sultan shoal (about one mile north-west of Ajax shoal); should the proposal be adopted, due notice will be given.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 249.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PESCADORES ISLANDS.

Extension of N. W. Outlier.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 482 of 1893) that H.M.S. *Plover* has reported N.W. Outlier to be of greater extent than heretofore charted, a patch of 3¾ fathoms existing about 2½ cables N.E. from the 5 fathoms already shown on the charts, and a depth of 4½ fathoms in the position of that 5 fathoms.

Approximate position of the 4½ fathoms: lat. 23° 45′ 30″ N., long. 119° 31′ 40″ E.

(*Variation* ½° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 28*th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 250.

[Third Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN—New Guinea.

Reef north-west of Emerald reef.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 483 of 1893) of the existence of a coral reef, about 3 cables in extent, with an estimated depth of about one fathom on it, lying north-west of Emerald reef, in approximately lat. 10° 34′ 45″ S., long. 151° 30′ 30″E. A sounding of 14 fathoms was obtained about 2½ cables south-west of the reef.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 251.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA —Yellow sea.

Pe Chili strait—Kwan Tung peninsula.

Double flashing light on Liau Ti Shan promontory.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 184, dated 15th October 1892, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 493 of 1893) that on 7th August 1893 the permanent light was exhibited from a light-house recently erected on the south-west slope of Liau ti Shan (Lao t'ieh Shan) promontory, south coast of Kwan Tung peninsula:—

Liau ti Shan light is a *double flashing white* light, showing flashes at intervals of *half a minute*, and visible between the bearings (approximate) of S. 8° E., through east and north, and N. 73° W., except where obscured by outlying islands. It is elevated 315 feet above the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 25 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric of the first order.

The light-house, 52 feet high, constructed of iron and cylindrical in shape, is, with the dwellings and boundary wall, coloured white.

Approximate position: lat. 38° 43′ 15″ N., long. 121° 8′ 15″ E.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 252.

[Third Publication.]

JAPAN—Kiusiu.

Amakusa islands—Hachimas Seto.

Sunken rock north-west of Mato Sima.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 495 of 1893) of the existence of a sunken rock, locally known as *Osone*, with 2 fathoms on it at low water, lying on the east side of Hachiman Seto, with the north rock of Mato Sima bearing S. 42° E., distant about 3 cables.

Approximate position: lat. 32° 17′ 5″ N., long. 130° 10′ 45″ E.

Note—The strong tides near this rock, which was plainly seen, prevented a detailed examination being made, but the depths close around were under 10 fathoms, increasing gradually.

(*Variation* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 28th October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 253.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—MINDORO STRAIT APPROACH.

Non-existence of Flying Cloud rock.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 496 of 1893) that a depth of 2,870 fathoms, over mud, was obtained in the reported position of Flying Cloud rock, charted as lying in approximately lat. 13° 28′ N., long. 119° 33′ E., in the approach to Mindoro strait from the north-west; also that soundings of about the same depth were obtained in the locality around that position.

Consequent on this examination, Flying Cloud rock has been removed from the Admiralty charts.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 31st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 254.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, SOUTH—CEYLON, SOUTH-EAST COAST.

Sunken rock reported north-east of Little Basses.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 499 of 1893) that the British S.S. *Capella* (drawing about 22½ feet water) touched slightly on a sunken rock or other obstruction, lying with Little Basses light-house, bearing about S. 52° W., distant 3 miles.

Position, to be considered doubtful, lat. 6° 26½′ N., long. 81° 46¼′ E.

The above information requires verification; but as the neighbourhood of the Basses is rocky, and has only been partially examined, and currents are often strong and variable in direction, it is advisable to steer a course to pass well outside them. A note to this effect has been placed on chart No. 813.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 31st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 255.

[Third Publication.]

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—LUZON ISLAND, MANILA BAY.

Sangley point—Extinction of light.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 506 of 1893) that the light on Sangley point in port Kavite, Manila bay, is discontinued.

Approximate position, lat. 14° 30′ N., long. 120° 54′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 31st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 256.

[Third Publication.]

AFRICA, NORTH-EAST COAST—GULF OF ADEN.

Aden—Intended temporary removal of light-vessel.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 508 of 1893) that on or about the 15th November the light-vessel moored off Ras Marbut, Aden harbour, will be removed for repairs, and will be replaced by a temporary light-vessel exhibiting a *fixed white* light at an elevation of 34 feet above the sea, and visible in clear weather from a distance of 8 miles.

The vessel will be painted red and will carry a red ball at the masthead.

Approximate position, lat. 12° 47¼′ N., long. 44° 58½′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 31st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 257.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA, East coast,—Canton river—Macao fort passage.

Bird's Nest rocks buoy.

The British Admiralty has given notice (No. 509 of 1893) that a *conical* red buoy, 7½ feet in diameter, has been moored in 13 feet at low water spring tides off the south-western end of the Bird's Nest rocks, in the Macao fort passage of the Canton river.

Approximate position, lat. 23° 5′ 38″ N., long. 113° 16′ 2″ E.

Yang Tse Kiang—Southern approach.

Barren islands.—Reported breakers.

Also that Captain R. E. Harris of the Chinese S.S. *Yungching* reports having seen heavy breakers, bearing about S. by E. ½ E., and distant one mile from the largest of the Barren islands.

Approximate position, lat. 30° 43′ 15″ N., long. 123° 8′ 45″ E.

(*Variation 2° 40′ Westerly in 1893.*)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 31st October* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 258.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, west—Bombay coast.

Certain buoys placed in position.

The Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium, and Abkari, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the following buoys were placed in position on the dates specified against them:—

Murdeshwar buoy	16th October 1893.
Bhotkol buoy	12th " "

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 3rd November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 259.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—Burma coast.

Rangoon river—Light-vessel "Colombo" *brought up to town for repairs.*

The Port Officer, Rangoon, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that the P. L. V. *Colombo*, stationed off the Spit below Elephant point, was brought up to town on 1st November for repairs; and a schooner rigged vessel painted *red*, with "*Spit*" in *white* letters on her sides, will be moored in her place.

There will be no alteration in the light.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 6th November* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 270.

[First Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—COOK STRAIT.

Position of double flashing light on Stephen's island.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 222, dated 3rd October 1893, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given notice (No. 529 of 1893) that the approximate position of Stephen's island light-house is lat. 40° 40′ S., long. 174° $1\frac{1}{2}$′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 271.

[First Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—FOVEAUX STRAIT.

Amended position of shoal north-east of Dog island.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 97, dated the 6th June 1892, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 530 of 1893) that the rocky shoal with 17 feet on it at low water, in the approach to Awarua or Bluff harbour from the south-eastward, lies with Dog island light-house, bearing S.W. $\frac{5}{8}$ S. (S. 38° W.), distant nine cables; and Bluff summit W. $\frac{5}{8}$ N. (N. 83° W.).

Approximate position, lat. 46° 39′ 0″ S., long. 168° 27′ 0″ E.

(*Variation* 16° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 272.

[First Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—TURNABOUT ISLAND.

Rocky bank to the westward of Turnabout island reported.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 537 of 1893) that H.M.S. *Caroline* has examined a recently reported rocky bank westward of Turnabout island :—

Hai tan bank is 5 cables long in a north-east and south-west direction, 3 cables broad, and has depths of 6 to 10 fathoms on it. From its centre Turnabout light-house bears about E. ½ S. (S. 86° E.), distant $2\frac{2}{10}$ miles.

At low water there is a very heavy tide rip and the water is much discoloured over the patch.

Approximate position, lat. 25° 26′ 20″ N., long. 119° 53′ 45″ E.

(*Variation* 1° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 25*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 273.

[First Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN—ROTUMAH ISLAND.

Shoals westward of Chilinha point and south-westward of Atana islands.

NOTICE to Mariners, No. 538 of 1893, issued by the British Admiralty, is republished. The following information has been received from H.M.S. *Rapid* :—

1. A shoal, with a depth of 9 feet on it, circular in shape and about a cable in diameter, lies about three-quarters of a mile westward of Chilinha point, the west extreme of Rotumah.

   Position, to be considered doubtful, lat. 12° 29′ 30″ S., long. 176° 59′ 30″ E.

2. A shoal is reported to extend about 4 miles south-westward from the Atana islands, westward of Rotumah; with a rock, on which the sea does not break, situated on the shoal about 2 miles from the islands. The distance to which the shoal extends from the islands is not known, and it may be found to be further than 4 miles.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 25*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 274.

[First Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—HONG-KONG APPROACH.

Putoy group—Amended position of Wag lan light-house.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 378, dated 31st July 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 548 of 1893) that, on certain copies of Admiralty charts, Wag lan light-house has been placed on the northern islet instead of on the summit of the southern Wag lan islet. Its approximate position on chart No. 1180 is lat. 22° 11′ 0″ N., long. 114° 18′ 12″ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 25*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 275.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon River—Date of removal of F. L. V. "Krishna," to town for repairs, postponed.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice, that it has been decided to postpone bringing the F. L. V. *Krishna* to town for repairs; the notice to mariners, No. 225, dated the 7th October 1893, issued by this office, is therefore cancelled.

A further notice will be issued before the vessel is removed.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 276.

[First Publication.]

INDIA, EAST—MADRAS COAST.

Calingapatam—Alteration in character and colour of light.

THE Acting Presidency Port Officer of Madras has given notice, that it is intended to substitute a 4th order dioptric white *occulting* light on the 1st May 1894 for the red dioptric port light now in use at Calingapatam. The new light will be exhibited from the column on which the present apparatus is placed; it will be visible over the anchorage, and from 14 miles seaward in clear weather from N. 56° E, through West to S. 36° W. magnetic.

2. The eclipse will occur every half minute.

3. Further particulars respecting the duration of the eclipse will be notified hereafter.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 277.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—PORT ADELAIDE RIVER.

Alteration in the position of No. 12 and Red light beacons.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 8 of 1893), issued by the Secretary, Marine Board, Port Adelaide, is republished for general information:—

Masters and pilots of vessels navigating the port river are hereby informed that No. 12 light beacon has been moved 400 feet in a S.-W. direction from its previous position and placed on the edge of the channel.

The Red light beacon has been moved 200 feet southward, on a line drawn from No. 11 to the Ocean Steamers' mooring buoy.

The Red light in line with No. 12 leads through the centre of the outer cutting as heretofore.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 27th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 266.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—A sunken cargo boat at the entrance.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that a cargo boat, No. 260, with mast standing and half full of water, is reported drifting at the entrance of the Rangoon river, and was last seen about 5 miles distant from the Pilot brig.

Shipmasters are warned accordingly.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 17th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 267.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—FITZROY RIVER.

Partial obstruction to fairway.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 27 of 1893) that the wreck of the steam-vessel *Woonoona* lies nearly at right angles to and with her stern almost touching the line of leading lights and beacons, No. 3 Cutting (Second Flats), Fitzroy river.

The obstruction will be marked in accordance with the Regulations, *i.e.*, from sunset to sunrise, by 2 bright lights placed horizontally 6 to 12 feet apart, and between sunrise and sunset by 2 black balls similarly placed.

Masters of vessels are cautioned to use every precaution in passing.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 17th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 268.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—STRAIT OF MAKASSAR.

Shoals northwestward of Balabalágan or Little Paternoster islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 519 of 1893) of the existence of the following shoals near the north-west end of Balabalágan or Little Paternoster islands:—

1. A shoal, with depths of 4 to 5 fathoms on it, and 4 miles in length north and south, has the least water near its southern edge, situated approximately in lat. 2° 8′ S., long. 117° 1′ E.

2. A ridge of reef, awash at low water, commences 2 miles southward of the above shoal.

3. Many shoal spots, with depths of 6 to 7 fathoms on them, are situated eastward of 1 and 2. The least water found, 3 fathoms, lies with Ambungie (Karang Tiga), bearing S.S.E. ¼ E. (S. 25¼° E.), distant about one mile, or approximately in lat. 2° 3½′ S., long. 117° 16′ E.

(*Variation 3° Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 17th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 269.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA WEST COAST.

Buoys on Poeloe Raja roads.

THE following notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No. 32, dated the 23rd October 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is given that two black buoys have been moored on Poeloe Raja roads in 5 fathoms water, westward of the most Northern and Southern reefs.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867, Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra 1893. Westkust Sumatra, Roesa tot Melaboe 1889 en Plannen van Ankerplaatsen, Westkust Sumatra, blad III, 1892.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr*., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 20th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 260.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—CELEBES SEA.

Talauer islands—Sunken reef southward of Karakelang island.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No. 29, dated Batavia, the 2nd October 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of the Dutch Government steamer *Zeeduif* reports the existence of a sunken reef, with about 2 fathoms water on it, to the southward of *Karakelang* island, *Talauer* islands, lying on the following bearings:—

S. E. extreme of *Kaboeroean* islet	... ...	S. 29° E.
W. „ „ *Kaboeroean* „	... ...	S. 13·5° E.
S. E. „ „ *Salibaboe* „	... ...	S. 12° W.
S. E „ „ *South Saha* „	... ...	S. 41° W.

Bearings true.

This notice affects the chart: Oostkust Celebes, blad I, 1893.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr*., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 10th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 261.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—STRAIT OF MANGKASAR—

CELEBES, SOUTH-WEST COAST.

Exhibition of light on Dajang-Dajangan islet.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No. 30, dated Batavia, the 4th October 1893, is republished for general information:—

Notice is given that on one of the last days of October 1893, a beacon light of the fifth order will be exhibited on *Dajang-Dajangan* islet, south-west coast of *Celebes.*

Further particulars will be published in due course.

This notice affects the charts: Zuid-Westkust Celebes, 1880, and Straat Mangkasar, blad II, 1883.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr*., R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 10th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 262.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—MALACCA STRAIT.

Temporary beacons in the fairway to Brouwer strait.

THE following Notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval Forces in Neth: India, No 31, dated 12th October 1893, is republished for general information:—

The Commander of H. N. M. Surveying vessel *Melvill van Carnbee* reports to have erected for the use of the survey the two undermentioned temporary beacons in the fairway to *Brouwer* strait:—

(a) In lat. 1° 52′ 40·5″ S., long. 101° 56′ 6″ E. in 4½ fathoms at low water, a beacon surmounted by a white truncated cone and a red flag, 27 feet above the sea.

(b) In lat. 1° 46′ 17″ S., long. 101° 57′ 34″ E., in 3½ fathoms at low water, a beacon surmounted by a white truncated cone and a flag, being blue and white in horizontal stripes, 45 feet above the sea.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Oostkust Sumatra, van de Boenja-banken tot de Karimon eilanden.

MALACCA—SINGAPORE.

Time signals on fort Canning and Pulo Brani.

NOTICE is given that time signals have been established on fort *Canning*, north-westward of *Singapore* road, and on *Pulo Brani, Singapore "New harbour."*

Each signal consists of a ball, which is hoisted as preparatory at 0h. 55m. o. s. p. m. and dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1h. 0m. 0s., *Singapore Observatory* mean time, equivalent to 18h. 4m. 34·95s. *Greenwich* mean time.

Should either signal fail, the ball that has not fallen will be dropped by hand at about 5 minutes past 1h., but this signal cannot be relied on for time.

Position, *Observatory*, fort *Fullerton*, lat. 1° 17′ 13·5″ N., long. 103° 51′ 15·7″ E.

(Notice to Mariners, No. 418, London, 1893.)

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indie, blad I, 1867; Zuidelijk gedeelte Chineesche Zee, blad I, 1893, and Riouw en Linga Archipel, blad I, 1891.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 263.

[Third Publication.]

INDIAN OCEAN—SEYCHELLE ISLANDS.

Rock in Chevalier bay—Praslin island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 514 of 1893) of the existence of a rock off Miller's point, west extreme of Chevalier bay.

The rock is of small extent, about 3 feet above high water, and lies with Miller's point bearing S.-W. ¾ W., distant 1¼ cables.

Approximate position, lat. 4° 17′ 10″ S., long. 55° 40′ 45″ E.

(*Variation*, 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 10*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 264.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—BILLITON ISLAND—CHERUCHUP TIERUTIUP BAY.

Shoal in approach to Tanjong Pandan.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 242, dated the 23rd October 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 516 of 1893) of the

existence of a coral head with a least depth of 2 fathoms lying in the approach to Tanjong Padan, with Kalmoa beacon, bearing S. 52° E., distant 2¾ miles, and the western extreme of Kelmanbang, S. 35° W.

Approximate position, lat. 2° 43′ 10″ S., long. 107° 35′ 10″ E.

(*Variation*, 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 10*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 265.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, WEST—Sindh coast.

A permanent red light at extreme end of the Manora breakwater.

In continuation of Notice to Mariners, No. 239, dated the 23rd October last, the Port Officer, Kurrachee, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given further notice, that a permanent red light has now been fixed for use at the extreme end of the Manora breakwater.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H, Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the* 11*th November* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 278.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—Torres strait, inner route.

Shoal south of Cockburn reef.

The Port Master, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 28 of 1893) of the existence of a shoal to the southward of Cockburn reef—inner route to Torres strait.

The shoal, which is a quarter of a mile in extent, lies $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles to the northward of the recommended track, and the least depth of water on it is 17 feet at low-water springs.

From the shoal, North Cockburn island bears ...	... N. 3° E.
Summit of Sir Charles Hardy North island ...	... N. 79° E.
Summit of East island, Home group ...	... S. 14° W.
North extreme of Sunday island ...	... S. 79° W.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 279.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—Burma coast.

Rangoon—Time signal established.

The following Notice to Mariners (No. 549 of 1893), issued by the British Admiralty, is republished for general information:—

The Port Commissioners of Rangoon have given notice that on 1st October 1893 a time signal would be established on the tower of the Mayo Sailor's Home, Rangoon.

The signal consists of a ball, which is hoisted close up as preparatory every day, except Sunday, at 11h. 55m. 0s., and dropped at noon, Rangoon mean time, equivalent to 17h. 35m. 20s. Greenwich mean time.

Should the signal fail, the ball will be dropped again at 1h. 0m. 0s. Rangoon mean time.

Approximate position, Sailors' Home tower, lat. 16° 46′ N., long. 96° 10′ E.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 280.

[First Publication.]

JAPAN—YEZO, WEST COAST.

Rock reported between Taruri and Yagisiri.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 557 of 1893) of the existence of a narrow rock about 1½ cables in length, with depths of 7 to 10 feet on it, lying between the islands Taruri and Yagisiri.

Mariners are warned that vessels should not attempt to pass between these islands until the passage has been surveyed and shown to be practicable.

Approximate position, lat. 44° 25½′ N., long. 141° 19′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 281.

[First Publication.]

CHINA, SOUTH—SULU SEA.

Reef reported between Laparan and Deoto Bato.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 558 of 1893) that the Master of the steamer *Doris* reports that in passing recently between Laparan and Deoto Bato, he observed a coral reef apparently extending from one island to the other and about 1½ miles across. Soundings of 4¼ to 5 fathoms were obtained by the *Doris* on the reef, midway between the islands.

Mariners are warned that the locality is absolutely unsurveyed, as indicated by its delineation on the charts.

Approximate position, centre of reef, lat. 5° 54′ N., long. 120° 4′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 282.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Rock reported between Bohul and Kamiguin islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 559 of 1893) that the Master of the steamer *Buckingham* reports that at 3h. 45m. A.M., 16th July 1893, when passing between Bohul and Kamiguin islands, the vessels (drawing 12½ feet aft) touched and immediately passed over some obstacle, apparently a rock, situated approximately in lat. 9° 30½′ N., long. 124° 28½′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 270.

[Second Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—COOK STRAIT.

Position of double flashing light on Stephen's island.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 222, dated 3rd October 1893, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given notice (No. 529 of 1893) that the approximate position of Stephen's island light-house is lat. 40° 40′ S., long. 174° 1¼′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 25th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 271.

[Second Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—FOVEAUX STRAIT.

Amended position of shoal north-east of Dog island.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 97, dated the 6th June 1892, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 530 of 1893) that the rocky shoal with 17 feet on it at low water, in the approach to Awarua or Bluff harbour from the south-eastward, lies with Dog island light-house, bearing S.W. ⅝ S. (S. 38° W.), distant nine cables; and Bluff summit W. ⅝ N. (N. 83° W.).

Approximate position, lat. 46° 39′ 0″ S., long. 168° 27′ 0″ E.

(*Variation* 16° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 25*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 272.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—TURNABOUT ISLAND.

Rocky bank to the westward of Turnabout island reported.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 537 of 1893) that H.M.S. *Caroline* has examined a recently reported rocky bank westward of Turnabout island:—

Hai tan bank is 5 cables long in a north-east and south-west direction, 3 cables broad, and has depths of 6 to 10 fathoms on it. From its centre Turnabout light-house bears about E. ⅓ S. (S. 86° E.), distant $2\frac{2}{10}$ miles.

At low water there is a very heavy tide rip and the water is much discoloured over the patch.

Approximate position, lat. 25° 26′ 20″ N., long. 119° 53′ 45″ E.

(*Variation* 1° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 25*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 273.

[Second Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN—ROTUMAH ISLAND.

Shoals westward of Chilinha point and south-westward of Atana islands.

NOTICE to Mariners, No. 538 of 1893, issued by the British Admiralty, is republished. The following information has been received from H.M.S. *Rapid*:—

1. A shoal, with a depth of 9 feet on it, circular in shape and about a cable in diameter, lies about three-quarters of a mile westward of Chilinha point, the west extreme of Rotumah.

   Position, to be considered doubtful, lat. 12° 29′ 30″ S., long. 176° 59′ 30″ E.

2. A shoal is reported to extend about 4 miles south-westward from the Atana islands, westward of Rotumah; with a rock, on which the sea does not break, situated on the shoal about 2 miles from the islands. The distance to which the shoal extends from the islands is not known, and it may be found to be further than 4 miles.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 25*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 274.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—HONG-KONG APPROACH.

Putoy group—Amended position of Wag lan light-house.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 378, dated 31st July 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 548 of 1893) that, on certain copies of Admiralty charts, Wag lan light-house has been placed on the northern islet instead of on the summit of the southern Wag lan islet. Its approximate position on chart No. 1180 is lat. 22° 11′ 0″ N., long. 114° 18′ 12″ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 25*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 275.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon River—Date of removal of F. L. V. "Krishna," to town for repairs, postponed.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice, that it has been decided to postpone bringing the F. L. V. *Krishna* to town for repairs; the notice to mariners, No. 225, dated the 7th October 1893, issued by this office, is therefore cancelled.

A further notice will be issued before the vessel is removed.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 25*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 276.

[Second Publication.]

INDIA, EAST—MADRAS COAST.

Calingapatam—Alteration in character and colour of light.

THE Acting Presidency Port Officer of Madras has given notice, that it is intended to substitute a 4th order dioptric white *occulting* light on the 1st May 1894 for the red dioptric port light now in use at Calingapatam. The new light will be exhibited from the column on which the present apparatus is placed; it will be visible over the anchorage, and from 14 miles seaward in clear weather from N. 56° E, through West to S. 36° W. magnetic.

2. The eclipse will occur every half minute.

3. Further particulars respecting the duration of the eclipse will be notified hereafter.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 25*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 277.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—PORT ADELAIDE RIVER.

Alteration in the position of No. 12 and Red light beacons.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 8 of 1893), issued by the Secretary, Marine Board, Port Adelaide, is republished for general information:—

Masters and pilots of vessels navigating the port river are hereby informed that No. 12 light beacon has been moved 400 feet in a S.-W. direction from its previous position and placed on the edge of the channel.

The Red light beacon has been moved 200 feet southward, on a line drawn from No. 11 to the Ocean Steamers' mooring buoy.

The Red light in line with No. 12 leads through the centre of the outer cutting as heretofore.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 27th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 266.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon river—A sunken cargo boat at the entrance.

THE Port Officer, Rangoon, through the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, has given notice, that a cargo boat, No. 260, with mast standing and half full of water, is reported drifting at the entrance of the Rangoon river, and was last seen about 5 miles distant from he Pilot brig.

Shipmasters are warned accordingly.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 17th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 267.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—FITZROY RIVER.

Partial obstruction to fairway.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 27 of 1893) that the wreck of the steam-vessel *Woonoona* lies nearly at right angles to and with her stern almost touching the line of leading lights and beacons, No. 3 Cutting (Second Flats), Fitzroy river.

The obstruction will be marked in accordance with the Regulations, *i.e.*, from sunset to sunrise, by 2 bright lights placed horizontally 6 to 12 feet apart, and between sunrise and sunset by 2 black balls similarly placed.

Masters of vessels are cautioned to use every precaution in passing.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 17th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 268.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—STRAIT OF MAKASSAR.

Shoals northwestward of Balabalágan or Little Paternoster islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 519 of 1893) of the existence of the following shoals near the north-west end of Balabalágan or Little Paternoster islands:—

1. A shoal, with depths of 4 to 5 fathoms on it, and 4 miles in length north and south, has the least water near its southern edge, situated approximately in lat. 2° 8′ S., long. 117° 1′ E.

2. A ridge of reef, awash at low water, commences 2 miles southward of the above shoal.

3. Many shoal spots, with depths of 6 to 7 fathoms on them, are situated eastward of 1 and 2. The least water found, 3 fathoms, lies with Ambungie (Karang Tiga), bearing S.S.E. ½ E. (S. 25¼° E.), distant about one mile, or approximately in lat. 2° 3½′ S., long. 117° 16′ E

(*Variation* 3° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 17*th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 269.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—SUMATRA WEST COAST.

Buoys on Poeloe Raja roads.

THE following notice to Mariners, issued by the Vice-Admiral commanding the Naval Forces in Neth : India, No. 32, dated the 23rd October 1893, is republished for general information :—

Notice is given that two black buoys have been moored on Poeloe Raja roads in 5 fathoms water, westward of the most Northern and Southern reefs.

This notice affects the charts: Nederlandsch Oost-Indië, blad I, 1867, Noordelijk gedeelte Sumatra 1893. Westkust Sumatra, Roesa tot Melaboe 1889 en Plannen van Ankerplaatsen, Westkust Sumatra, blad III, 1892.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 20*th November* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 283.

[First Publication.]

KOREA, SOUTH-WEST COAST—LYNE SOUND.

Rock south-eastward of Maju island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 564 of 1893) of the existence of a rock about three-quarters of a cable long north-west and south-east, and one-quarter of a cable broad, with a depth of 6 feet on it at low water springs, lying in the northern part of Lyne sound, with Needle hill bearing S.E. ¾ S. (S. 36°E.), distant 9¼ miles; and south extreme of Carles island, S.W. by W. ¾ W. (S. 64° W.); or approximately in lat. 34° 36′ 15″ N., long. 126° 12′ 45″ E.

(*Variation, 4° Westerly in 1893.*)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 9th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 284.

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—INNER ROUTE.

Hope islands—Beacons discontinued on B and E reefs.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 565 of 1893) that the black beacon on Bee (B) reef, and the black beacon on E reef, northward of Hope islands, southern approach to Cooktown, have both fallen down and will not be replaced.

Approximate position of beacon on Bee reef, lat. 15° 39′ S., long. 145° 26′ E.
Approximate position of beacon on E reef, lat. 15° 29′ S., long. 145° 24½′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 9th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 286.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Mindanao—Shoal in Illana bay.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 572 of 1893) of the existence of a shoal a cable in length north and south, and a quarter of a cable broad, with a least depth of 6 feet on it and general depths of 3 to 10 fathoms, sand and rock bottom, situated in the northern part of Illana bay :—

From the least depth, lying in the centre of the shoal, Kalibon point bears N. by E. ½ E. (N. 13° E.), distant 8 miles; and Point Semaruga, E. by N. ⅛ N. (N. 77° E.).

Approximate position on chart No. 2578, lat. 7° 40′ N., long. 123° 30′ E.

(*Variation 1° Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 9th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 287.

SINGAPORE—SALAT SINKI.

The lightship on Ajax shoal to remain in her place.

THE Government of the Straits Settlements having given further notice that arrangements have been made for keeping the lightship on the Ajax shoal in her place for the present, Notice to Mariners No. 203 dated 11th September last, issued by this office, is cancelled.

She may be removed later, when she will be replaced by a temporary light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 278.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, INNER ROUTE.

Shoal south of Cockburn reef.

THE Port Master, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 28 of 1893) of the existence of a shoal to the southward of Cockburn reef—inner route to Torres strait.

The shoal, which is a quarter of a mile in extent, lies 1¼ miles to the northward of the recommended track, and the least depth of water on it is 17 feet at low-water springs.

From the shoal, North Cockburn island bears ... ... N. 3° E.
Summit of Sir Charles Hardy North island ... ... N. 79° E.
Summit of East island, Home group ... ... S. 14° W.
North extreme of Sunday island ... ... S. 79° W.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 279.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon—Time signal established.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 549 of 1893), issued by the British Admiralty, is republished for general information :—

The Port Commissioners of Rangoon have given notice that on 1st October 1893 a time signal would be established on the tower of the Mayo Sailor's Home, Rangoon.

The signal consists of a ball, which is hoisted close up as preparatory every day, except Sunday, at 11h. 55m. 0s., and dropped at noon, Rangoon mean time, equivalent to 17h. 35m. 20s. Greenwich mean time.

Should the signal fail, the ball will be dropped again at 1h. 0m. 0s. Rangoon mean time.

Approximate position, Sailors' Home tower, lat. 16° 46′ N., long. 96° 10′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 280.

[Second Publication.]

JAPAN—YEZO, WEST COAST.

Rock reported between Taruri and Yagisiri.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 557 of 1893) of the existence of a narrow rock about $1\frac{1}{2}$ cables in length, with depths of 7 to 10 feet on it, lying between the islands Taruri and Yagisiri.

Mariners are warned that vessels should not attempt to pass between these islands until the passage has been surveyed and shown to be practicable.

Approximate position, lat. 44° $25\frac{1}{2}$′ N., long. 141° 19′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 281.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA, SOUTH—SULU SEA.

Reef reported between Laparan and Deoto Bato.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 558 of 1893) that the Master of the steamer *Doris* reports that in passing recently between Laparan and Deoto Bato, he observed a coral reef apparently extending from one island to the other and about $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles across. Soundings of $4\frac{1}{4}$ to 5 fathoms were obtained by the *Doris* on the reef, midway between the islands.

Mariners are warned that the locality is absolutely unsurveyed, as indicated by its delineation on the charts.

Approximate position, centre of reef, lat. 5° 54′ N., long. 120° 4′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 282.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Rock reported between Bohul and Kamiguin islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 559 of 1893) that the Master of the steamer *Buckingham* reports that at 3h. 45m. A.M., 16th July 1893, when passing between Bohul and Kamiguin islands, the vessels (drawing $12\frac{1}{2}$ feet aft) touched and immediately passed over some obstacle, apparently a rock, situated approximately in lat. 9° $30\frac{1}{4}$′ N., long. 124° $28\frac{1}{2}$′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 270.

[Third Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—COOK STRAIT.

Position of double flashing light on Stephen's island.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 222, dated 3rd October 1893, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given notice (No. 529 of 1893) that the approximate position of Stephen's island light-house is lat. 40° 40′ S., long. 174° 1¼′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 25th November* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 271.

[Third Publication.]

NEW ZEALAND—FOVEAUX STRAIT.

Amended position of shoal north-east of Dog island.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 97, dated the 6th June 1892, issued by this Office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 530 of 1893) that the rocky shoal with 17 feet on it at low water, in the approach to Awarua or Bluff harbour from the south-eastward, lies with Dog island light-house, bearing S.W. ⅝ S. (S. 38° W.), distant nine cables; and Bluff summit W. ⅝ N. (N. 83° W.).

Approximate position, lat. 46° 39′ 0″ S., long. 168° 27′ 0″ E.

(*Variation* 16° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 25th November* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 272.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—TURNABOUT ISLAND.

Rocky bank to the westward of Turnabout island reported.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 537 of 1893) that H.M.S. *Caroline* has examined a recently reported rocky bank westward of Turnabout island:—

Hai tan bank is 5 cables long in a north-east and south-west direction, 3 cables broad, and has depths of 6 to 10 fathoms on it. From its centre Turnabout light-house bears about E. ½ S. (S. 86° E.), distant $2\frac{2}{10}$ miles.

At low water there is a very heavy tide rip and the water is much discoloured over the patch.

Approximate position, lat. 25° 26′ 20″ N., long. 119° 53′ 45″ E.

(*Variation* 1° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
CALCUTTA, *the 25th November* 1893. *Under-Secretary, Marine Department.*

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 273.

[Third Publication.]

SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN—ROTUMAH ISLAND.

Shoals westward of Chilinha point and south-westward of Atana islands.

NOTICE to Mariners, No. 538 of 1893, issued by the British Admiralty, is republished. The following information has been received from H.M.S. *Rapid*:—

1. A shoal, with a depth of 9 feet on it, circular in shape and about a cable in diameter, lies about three-quarters of a mile westward of Chilinha point, the west extreme of Rotumah.

Position, to be considered doubtful, lat. 12° 29′ 30″ S., long. 176° 59′ 30″ E.

2. A shoal is reported to extend about 4 miles south-westward from the Atana islands, westward of Rotumah; with a rock, on which the sea does not break, situated on the shoal about 2 miles from the islands. The distance to which the shoal extends from the islands is not known, and it may be found to be further than 4 miles.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 25th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 274.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA, East coast—Hong-Kong approach.

Putoy group—Amended position of Wag lan light-house.

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 378, dated 31st July 1893, issued by this office, the British Admiralty has given further notice (No. 548 of 1893) that, on certain copies of Admiralty charts, Wag lan light-house has been placed on the northern islet instead of on the summit of the southern Wag lan islet. Its approximate position on chart No. 1180 is lat. 22° 11′ 0″ N., long. 114° 18′ 12″ E.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 25th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 275.

[Third Publication.

BAY OF BENGAL—Burma coast.

Rangoon River—Date of removal of F. L. V. "Krishna," to town for repairs, postponed.

The Port Officer, Rangoon, has given notice, that it has been decided to postpone bringing the F. L. V. *Krishna* to town for repairs; the notice to mariners, No. 225, dated the 7th October 1893, issued by this office, is therefore cancelled.

A further notice will be issued before the vessel is removed.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 25th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 276.

[Third Publication.]

INDIA, East—Madras coast.

Calingapatam—Alteration in character and colour of light.

The Acting Presidency Port Officer of Madras has given notice, that it is intended to substitute a 4th order dioptric white *occulting* light on the 1st May 1894 for the red dioptric port light now in use at Calingapatam. The new light will be exhibited from the column on which the present apparatus is placed; it will be visible over the anchorage, and from 14 miles seaward in clear weather from N. 56° E, through West to S. 36° W. magnetic.

2. The eclipse will occur every half minute.

3. Further particulars respecting the duration of the eclipse will be notified hereafter.

B. P. Creagh, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. Stephen,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

Calcutta, *the 25th November* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 277.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—PORT ADELAIDE RIVER.

Alteration in the position of No. 12 and Red light beacons.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 8 of 1893), issued by the Secretary, Marine Board, Port Adelaide, is republished for general information:—

Masters and pilots of vessels navigating the port river are hereby informed that No. 12 light beacon has been moved 400 feet in a S.-W. direction from its previous position and placed on the edge of the channel.

The Red light beacon has been moved 200 feet southward, on a line drawn from No. 11 to the Ocean Steamers' mooring buoy.

The Red light in line with No. 12 leads through the centre of the outer cutting as heretofore.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 27*th November* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 285.

[First Publication.]

CHINA SEA—FORMOSA.

Tamsui—Intended alterations in bar signals.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 571 of 1893) that the following signals will be substituted for those now shown to indicate the depth on the bar at Tamsui, north coast of Formosa:—

Depth of water on bar.	North yardarm.	South yardarm.
10 feet	●	
11 "	●	●
12 "	● ●	
13 "	● ●	●
14 "		● ●
15 "	● ●	● ●

Half feet will be shown by a ball half-way out on the north yardarm.
Rising tide will be shown by a ball at the masthead.
The symbols will be painted white and hoisted at the Custom-house flagstaff.
Flag Signals by the International Code will be answered at the Custom-house flagstaff.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 9th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 288.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—CELEBES SEA.

Talaner islands—Sunken reef southward of Karakelong island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 575 of 1893) of the existence of a sunken reef, with a depth of about 2 fathoms on it, situated southward of Karakelang island, with the south-east extreme of South Saba island, bearing S.-W. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. (S. 40° W.), distant $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles, and south-east extreme of Kaburuan island S.S.E. $\frac{3}{4}$ E. (S. 30° E).

Approximate position, lat. 3° 58′ N., long. 126° $44\frac{3}{4}$′ E.

(*Variation*, 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 16*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 289.

[First Publication.]

PACIFIC OCEAN—CAROLINE ISLANDS.

Helene shoal—Foul ground to the westward.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 587 of 1893) that information has been received from the Master of the steamer *Angers* that at 2h. 30m. p.m., 16th September 1893, in lat. 5° 33′ N., long. 149° 3′ E., or westward of the reported position of Helene shoal, the vessel passed over a narrow patch of shoal water, with apparently depths of 5 to 6 fathoms on it; no soundings were taken, but the bottom was distinctly visible. This shoal is probably connected with Helene shoal, as green water was observed from the *Angers* stretching far to the eastward of the above position.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 16*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 290.

[First Publication.]

CHINA—SOUTH-EAST COAST—HONG-KONG APPROACH.

Gap rock light apparatus damaged and exhibition of temporary light.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 589 of 1893) that a recent typhoon has damaged the light apparatus in Gap rock light-house, and that a temporary light has been exhibited from the light-house; but mariners are warned that this light cannot be implicitly relied on.

Approximate position, lat. 21° 48′ 50″ N., long. 113° 56′ 20″ E.

Further notice will be given when the permanent light is re-exhibited.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 16*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 291.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—ORISSA COAST.

Outer Spit buoy removed for repairs.

A TELEGRAPHIC communication has been received from the Port Officer, False Point, that Outer Spit buoy has been removed for repairs, and fifth class conical buoy laid in its place.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 16*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 292.

[First Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—STRAIT OF MANGKASAR—CELEBES, SOUTH-WEST COAST.

Date of exhibition of light on Dajang-Dajangan islet.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners (No. 261, dated 10th ultimo), issued by this office, the following further notice (No. 34, dated 20th November 1893), issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth.-India is republished for general information:—

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 30, Batavia, 1893, notice is given that the beacon light on *Dajang-Dajangan* islet has been exhibited on the 16th November last.

The light, shown from a framework iron support, is a *fixed white* light of the fifth order. It is elevated 63·3 feet above high water, and should be visible from a distance of 14 miles in all directions, except where obscured by *Tanna-Kéké* islet. It will, however, be visible over the lower parts of this islet.

The light-house 67·7 feet above high water, and the stone watch-house with red roof are painted white.

Approximate position, lat. 5° 23′ 38″ S., long. 119° 10′ 26″ E.

This notice affects the charts: Zuid-Westkust Celebes, 1880, and Straat Mangkasar, blad II, 1883.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 16*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 293.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Shoal water near the Krishna light-vessel.

CAUTION.—The Master of the S.S. *Vita* reports that at 6·07 A.M. of the 14th December 1893, he struck 3 fathoms (or 11 feet reduced L. W. S.) S 42° W., distant 6′ from the Krishna light-vessel.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 19*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 283.

[Second Publication.]

KOREA, SOUTH-WEST COAST—LYNE SOUND.

Rock south-eastward of Maju island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 564 of 1893) of the existence of a rock, about three-quarters of a cable long north-west and south-east, and one-quarter of a cable broad, with a depth of 6 feet on it at low water springs, lying in the northern part of Lyne sound, with Needle hill bearing S.E. ¾ S. (S. 36°E.), distant 9¼ miles; and south extreme of Carles island, S.W. by W. ¾ W. (S. 64° W.); or approximately in lat. 34° 36′ 15″ N., long. 126° 12′ 45° E.

(*Variation*, 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 9*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 284.

[Second Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—INNER ROUTE.

Hope islands—Beacons discontinued on B and E reefs.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 565 of 1893) that the black beacon on Bee (B) reef, and the black beacon on E reef, northward of Hope islands, southern approach to Cooktown, have both fallen down and will not be replaced.

Approximate position of beacon on Bee reef, lat. 15° 39′ S., long. 145° 26′ E.

Approximate position of beacon on E reef, lat. 15° 29′ S., long. 145° 24½′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 9th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 286.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Mindanao—Shoal in Illana bay.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 572 of 1893) of the existence of a shoal a cable in length north and south, and a quarter of a cable broad, with a least depth of 6 feet on it and general depths of 3 to 10 fathoms, sand and rock bottom, situated in the northern part of Illana bay :—

From the least depth, lying in the centre of the shoal, Kalibon point bears N. by E. ½ E. (N. 13° E.), distant 8 miles ; and Point Semaruga, E. by N. ⅛ N. (N. 77° E.).

Approximate position on chart No. 2578, lat. 7° 40′ N., long. 123° 30′ E.

(*Variation* 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 9th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 287.

[Second Publication.]

SINGAPORE—SALAT SINKI.

The lightship on Ajax shoal to remain in her place.

THE Government of the Straits Settlements having given further notice that arrangements have been made for keeping the lightship on the Ajax shoal in her place for the present, Notice to Mariners No. 203 dated 11th September last, issued by this office, is cancelled.

She may be removed later, when she will be replaced by a temporary light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 278.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—TORRES STRAIT, INNER ROUTE.

Shoal south of Cockburn reef.

THE Port Master, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 28 of 1893) of the existence of a shoal to the southward of Cockburn reef—inner route to Torres strait.

The shoal, which is a quarter of a mile in extent, lies $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles to the northward of the recommended track, and the least depth of water on it is 17 feet at low-water springs.

From the shoal, North Cockburn island bears ...	...	N. 3° E.
Summit of Sir Charles Hardy North island ...	...	N. 79° E.
Summit of East island, Home group ...	...	S. 14° W.
North extreme of Sunday island ...	...	S. 79° W.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 279.

[Third Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Rangoon—Time signal established.

THE following Notice to Mariners (No. 549 of 1893), issued by the British Admiralty, is republished for general information :—

The Port Commissioners of Rangoon have given notice that on 1st October 1893 a time signal would be established on the tower of the Mayo Sailor's Home, Rangoon.

The signal consists of a ball, which is hoisted close up as preparatory every day, except Sunday, at 11h. 55m. 0s., and dropped at noon, Rangoon mean time, equivalent to 17h. 35m. 20s. Greenwich mean time.

Should the signal fail, the ball will be dropped again at 1h. 0m. 0s. Rangoon mean time.

Approximate position, Sailors' Home tower, lat. 16° 46′ N., long. 96° 10′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 280.

[Third Publication.]

JAPAN—YEZO, WEST COAST.

Rock reported between Taruri and Yagisiri.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 557 of 1893) of the existence of a narrow rock about $1\frac{1}{2}$ cables in length, with depths of 7 to 10 feet on it, lying between the islands Taruri and Yagisiri.

Mariners are warned that vessels should not attempt to pass between these islands until the passage has been surveyed and shown to be practicable.

Approximate position, lat. 44° $25\frac{1}{2}$′ N., long. 141° 19′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 281.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA, SOUTH—SULU SEA.

Reef reported between Laparan and Deoto Bato.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 558 of 1893) that the Master of the steamer *Doris* reports that in passing recently between Laparan and Deoto Bato, he observed a coral reef apparently extending from one island to the other and about $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles across. Soundings of $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 fathoms were obtained by the *Doris* on the reef, midway between the islands.

Mariners are warned that the locality is absolutely unsurveyed, as indicated by its delineation on the charts.

Approximate position, centre of reef, lat. 5° 54′ N., long. 120° 4′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 282.

[Third Publication.]

CHINA SEA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Rock reported between Bohul and Kamiguin islands.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 559 of 1893) that the Master of the steamer *Buckingham* reports that at 3h. 45m. A.M., 16th July 1893, when passing between Bohul and Kamiguin islands, the vessels (drawing 12½ feet aft) touched and immediately passed over some obstacle, apparently a rock, situated approximately in lat. 9° 30¼′ N., long. 124° 28½′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 2nd December* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1893.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL,—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 294

[First Publication.]

CHINA, EAST COAST—GULF OF PE CHILI.

Bank reported eastward of Shah Lui Tien.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 592 of 1893) that the Master of the Chinese steamer *Peiping* reports the existence of a bank, about 3 miles long in an E.N.E. and W.S.W. direction and about 1¼ miles broad, on which he has repeatedly obtained soundings of 7 to 9 fathoms at low water, hard mud bottom, situated with Sha lui tien, bearing west, distant about 14 miles.

Approximate position, centre of bank, latitude 38° 57′ N., logitude 118° 51′ E.

(*Variation, 3° Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 22*nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL,—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 295.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—COROMANDEL COAST.

Shoals eastward of Kottapattam.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 595 of 1893) of the following information relating to the existence of shoals eastward of Kottapatam, received from Commander C. F. Oldham, R.N., in charge of the Marine Survey of British India:—

1. A shoal, about 2¼ miles long, N.N.E. and S.S.W., and one mile wide, with a least depth of 1¾ fathoms on it, lies N.E. by E. (N. 56° E.), distant 4 miles from Kottapatam obelisk and 2 miles off shore. Patches, with depths of 3 to 5 fathoms on them, extend from this shoal to the shoalest part of Mutapolli bank.

Approximate position, 1¾ fathoms, lat. 15° 27¼′ N., long. 80° 13¾′ E.

2. A shoal, a quarter of a mile in extent, with a depth of 5 fathoms on it, lies 13½ miles from the coast, or in lat. 15° 29¾′ N., long. 80° 26¾′ E.

(*Variation, 2° Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 22*nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL,—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 296.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—BURNETT RIVER.

Alteration in leading marks and depth of water.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 29 of 1893) that the leading marks for No. 1 Cutting, Burnett river, have been altered, and the lead, which is now 60 feet to the eastward, and parallel to the old lead, shows the centre of the new 120 feet Cutting. Least depth of water on this lead 7 feet at low-water springs.

The least depth of water between Rubyanna and the Bundaberg wharves is now 6 feet at low-water springs.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 22*nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL,—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 297.

[First Publication.]

AUSTRALIA—WIDE BAY BAR.

Beacons—North channel.

THE Portmaster, Brisbane, has given notice (No. 30 of 1893) that Masters of Vessels using the North Channel over Wide Bay Bar must keep the beacons open twice their own width to the northward.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 22*nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL,—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 298.

[First Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Placing of a light-vessel off the Barragua flats deferred.

WITH reference to notice to Mariners, No. 237, dated the 23rd October 1893, issued by this office, the Port Officer, Rangoon, has given further notice, that the placing of a light-vessel off the Burragua flats, gulf of Martaban, has been deferred for 18 months.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 22*nd December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 285.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA SEA—FORMOSA.

Tamsui—Intended alterations in bar signals.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 571 of 1893) that the following signals will be substituted for those now shown to indicate the depth on the bar at Tamsui, north coast of Formosa :—

Depth of water on bar.	North yardarm.	South yardarm.
10 feet	●	
11 ,, ...	●	●
12 ,, ...	● ●	
13 ,, ...	● ●	●
14 ,, ...		● ●
15 ,, ...	● ●	● ●

Half feet will be shown by a ball half-way out on the north yardarm.
Rising tide will be shown by a ball at the masthead.
The symbols will be painted white and hoisted at the Custom-house flagstaff.
Flag Signals by the International Code will be answered at the Custom-house flagstaff.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 9*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 288.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—CELEBES SEA.

Talaner islands—Sunken reef southward of Karakelong island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 575 of 1893) of the existence of a sunken reef, with a depth of about 2 fathoms on it, situated southward of Karakelang island, with the south-east extreme of South Saha island, bearing S.-W. ½ S. (S. 40° W.), distant 2¼ miles, and south-east extreme of Kaburuan island S.S.E. ¾ E. (S. 30° E).

Approximate position, lat. 3° 58′ N., long. 126° 44¾′ E.

(*Variation*, 1° *Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 16*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 289.

[Second Publication.]

PACIFIC OCEAN—CAROLINE ISLANDS.

Helene shoal—Foul ground to the westward.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 587 of 1893) that information has been received from the Master of the steamer *Angers* that at 2h. 30m. p.m., 16th September 1893, in lat. 5° 33′ N., long. 149° 3′ E., or westward of the reported position of Helene shoal, the vessel passed over a narrow patch of shoal water, with apparently depths of 5 to 6 fathoms on it; no soundings were taken, but the bottom was distinctly visible. This shoal is probably connected with Helene shoal, as green water was observed from the *Angers* stretching far to the eastward of the above position.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 16th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 290.

[Second Publication.]

CHINA—SOUTH-EAST COAST—HONG-KONG APPROACH.

Gap rock light apparatus damaged and exhibition of temporary light.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 589 of 1893) that a recent typhoon has damaged the light apparatus in Gap rock light-house, and that a temporary light has been exhibited from the light-house; but mariners are warned that this light cannot be implicitly relied on.

Approximate position, lat. 21° 48′ 50″ N., long. 113° 56′ 20″ E.

Further notice will be given when the permanent light is re-exhibited.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 16th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 291.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—ORISSA COAST.

Outer Spit buoy removed for repairs.

A TELEGRAPHIC communication has been received from the Port Officer, False Point that Outer Spit buoy has been removed for repairs, and fifth class conical buoy laid in it place.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 16th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 292.

[Second Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—STRAIT OF MANGKASAR—CELEBES, SOUTH-WEST COAST.

Date of exhibition of light on Dajang-Dajangan islet.

WITH reference to Notice to Mariners (No. 261, dated 10th ultimo), issued by this office, the following further notice (No. 34, dated 20th November 1893), issued by the Vice-Admiral Commanding the Naval forces in Neth.-India is republished for general information:—

With reference to Notice to Mariners, No. 30, Batavia, 1893, notice is given that the beacon light on *Dajang-Dajangan* islet has been exhibited on the 16th November last.

The light, shown from a framework iron support, is a *fixed white* light of the fifth order. It is elevated 63·3 feet above high water, and should be visible from a distance of 14 miles in all directions, except where obscured by *Tanna-Kéké* islet. It will, however, be visible over the lower parts of this islet.

The light-house 67·7 feet above high water, and the stone watch-house with red roof are painted white.

Approximate position, lat. 5° 23′ 38″ S., long. 119° 10′ 26″ E.

This notice affects the charts: Zuid-Westkust Celebes, 1880, and Straat Mangkasar, blad II, 1883.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 16*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 293.

[Second Publication.]

BAY OF BENGAL—BURMA COAST.

Shoal water near the Krishna light-vessel.

CAUTION.—The Master of the S.S. *Vita* reports that at 6·07 A.M. of the 14th December 1893, he struck 3 fathoms (or 11 feet reduced L. W. S.) S 42° W., distant 6′ from the Krishna light-vessel.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 19*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 283.

[Third Publication.]

KOREA, SOUTH-WEST COAST—LYNE SOUND.

Rock south-eastward of Maju island.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 564 of 1893) of the existence of a rock, about three-quarters of a cable long north-west and south-east, and one-quarter of a cable broad, with a depth of 6 feet on it at low water springs, lying in the northern part of Lyne sound, with Needle hill bearing S.E. ¾ S. (S. 36°E.), distant 9¼ miles; and south extreme of Carles island, S.W. by W. ¾ W. (S. 64° W.); or approximately in lat. 34° 36′ 15″ N., long. 126° 12′ 45″ E.

(*Variation,* 4° *Westerly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 9*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 284.

[Third Publication.]

AUSTRALIA, EAST COAST—INNER ROUTE.

Hope islands—Beacons discontinued on B and E reefs.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 565 of 1893) that the black beacon on Bee (B) reef, and the black beacon on E reef, northward of Hope islands, southern approach to Cooktown, have both fallen down and will not be replaced.

Approximate position of beacon on Bee reef, lat. 15° 39′ S., long. 145° 26′ E.

Approximate position of beacon on E reef, lat. 15° 29′ S., long. 145° 24½′ E.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the* 9*th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 286.

[Third Publication.]

EASTERN ARCHIPELAGO—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Mindanao—Shoal in Illana bay.

THE British Admiralty has given notice (No. 572 of 1893) of the existence of a shoal a cable in length north and south, and a quarter of a cable broad, with a least depth of 6 feet on it and general depths of 3 to 10 fathoms, sand and rock bottom, situated in the northern part of Illana bay :—

From the least depth, lying in the centre of the shoal, Kalibon point bears N. by E. ¼ E. (N. 13° E.), distant 8 miles; and Point Semaruga, E. by N. ⅛ N. (N. 77° E.).

Approximate position on chart No. 2578, lat. 7° 40′ N., long. 123° 30′ E.

(*Variation 1° Easterly in* 1893.)

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 9th December* 1893.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS—No. 287.

[Third Publication.]

SINGAPORE—SALAT SINKI.

The lightship on Ajax shoal to remain in her place.

THE Government of the Straits Settlements having given further notice that arrangements have been made for keeping the lightship on the Ajax shoal in her place for the present, Notice to Mariners No. 203 dated 11th September last, issued by this office, is cancelled.

She may be removed later, when she will be replaced by a temporary light.

B. P. CREAGH, *Comdr.*, R.I.M.,
Port Officer of Calcutta.

Published for general information.

K. H. STEPHEN,
Under-Secretary, Marine Department.

CALCUTTA, *the 11th December* 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1893.

Abstract account of Receipts and Expenditure of the Calcutta Port Fund for the year 1892-93.

PARTICULARS	Actuals for 1892-93. Rs.	A.	P.	PARTICULARS	Actuals for 1892-93. Rs.	A.	P.
Receipts from mooring hire	3,25,424	1	0	Proportion of salaries, control	52,031	15	1
Ditto Harbour Master's earnings	1,72,731	6	0	Ditto expenses of dredger	17,392	3	9
Ditto wreck and anchors recovered	4,045	8	6	Ditto interest and sinking fund on loans ...	1,47,100	10	6
Ditto Moyapore Magazine	10,664	9	3	Ditto Municipal taxes and repairs to officers' quarters.	3,383	3	10
Ditto sale of condemned stores	4,265	2	3	Proportion of Municipal taxes and repairs on Dockyard.	5,248	13	9
Ditto earnings of licenses of cargo and passenger boats.	32,013	14	0	Proportion of expenses of *Hetty*	3,197	7	5
Receipts from interest on Government securities ...	26,901	0	0	River Police establishment	28,294	2	7
Ditto port dues	91,376	4	0	Moordafarash establishment	1,497	4	6
Ditto Government subsidy for collecting pilotage.	2,800	0	0	Depreciation account	1,05,110	0	0
Proportion of receipts for towing vessels by Hopper Barges.	7,000	9	8	Repairs to boats, vessels, &c.	1,00,496	14	0
Proportion of receipts of tug steamer *Hetty* ...	4,185	9	0	Working expenses	1,48,460	9	9
Earnings of fire-engine *Hooghly*	325	0	0	Salaries	3,73,218	6	9
Government contribution for River Police	537	13	1	Do. establishment for licensing boats	10,361	10	0
Miscellaneous receipts	514	11	9	Pensions and gratuities	15,224	8	5
Sale of charts and tide tables	316	14	0	Hospital port dues paid over to Government ...	67,785	12	0
Hospital Port Dues	67,785	12	0				
Total ...	7,50,888	2	6	Total ...	10,78,803	10	4

Statement of Ways and Means.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Receipts	7,50,888	2	6
Expenditure	10,78,803	10	4
Deficit on 31st March 1893	3,27,915	7	10

The above deficit has been met from contribution from Port Trust revenue realized under Act III (B.C.) of 1890

Verified.

O. T. BARROW, Acct.-Genl., Bengal.   G. C. ROY, Exmr. of Local Accounts in Bengal.   N. J. JEBB, Accountant.   J. H. APJOHN, Vice-Chairman.

Port Commr.s' Office, Calcutta, the 17th July 1893.

No. $\frac{\text{L.A.271}}{\text{C}-20}$, dated Calcutta, the 16th August 1893.

From—O. T. BARROW, Esq., Accountant-General, Bengal,

To—The Secretary to the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta.

I HAVE the honour to return herewith duly attested the abstract account of Receipts and Expenditure of the Calcutta Port Fund for the year 1892-93 received with your letter No. 1614, dated 5th August 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1893.

Schedules of Estates under Charge of the Administrator-General of Bengal.

PREPARED FROM 1ST JULY TO 31ST DECEMBER 1892, UNDER SECTION 44 OF ACT II OF 1874.

INDEX.

SCHEDULE A of all Administrations whereof the final balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such balances and the persons to whom paid, prepared from 1st July to 31st December 1892, under section 44 of Act II of 1874.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Date of Payment.	Payments. Government Securities. In Sa. Rs.	Payments. Government Securities. In Co's. Rs.	Payments. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Payments. Cash. Rs.	A.	P.	Parties to whom paid.
Adams, Miss G. W.	18 Feb. 1891 ...	17 Nov. 1892 ...	0	8,000	......	92	2	8	Transferred to the estate of Miss G. W. Adams, life interest account of James Benjamine Kuller Bouchez, for payment of the income to Mr. J. B. K. Bouchez, for life, subject to payment for masses to be made by him, being the balance representing capital of this account, as per account closed 10th November 1892.
Beckett, Mrs. E.	......	12 Sep. 1892 ...	0	1,000	......	129	6	6	Paid and delivered to Mr. W. H. Lowman, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 8th September 1892, payable to Mrs. Eliza Matilda Lowman, as daughter and residuary legatee under the will of the deceased, delivered and paid to him as the executor and universal legatee under the will of his wife, the said Mrs. Eliza Matilda Lowman, deceased, as per separate release executed by him.
Brown, J. S.	3 Dec. 1889 ...	16 Nov. 1892 ...	0	......	......	747	6	2	Cash paid W. J. Simmons, by his constituted attorney, A. E. Harris, Esq., being the balance of the rateable proportion of the balance of this estate as per account closed 5th December 1891, payable on his legacy of Rs. 2,500 left under the will of the deceased after retaining 5 per cent. for payment to Summaroo Bebee, widow of Hussan Buksh Khansamah, deceased, paid to him as one of the legatees under the will of the deceased.
Cercley, J. D.—Share account of R. Cercley, one of the children of the deceased.	Taken charge 6 Sep. 1884 ...	21 Sep. 1892 ...	0	200	......	103	1	7	Paid and delivered to Mr. P. R. Cercley, being the balance of this account closed 16th September 1892, paid to him as one of the children of the deceased.
Coombes, Lieut. and Quarter-Master J. W.	14 Dec. 1891 ...	12 July 1892 ...	0	......	225*	......			Transferred to the estate of Mrs. S. T. Coombes, being the one-third share of Mrs. S. T. Coombes, widow of the deceased, and delivered to the India Office for delivery to Miss Mary Margaret Coombes, as daughter and one of the next-of-kin of the deceased, being her two-third share of the balance of this estate as per account closed 12th July 1892.
Coombes, Mrs. S. T.	18 Jan. 1892 ...	12 July 1892 ...	0	......	125*	......			Transmitted and delivered to the India Office for delivery to Miss Mary Margaret Coombes, the administratrix of this estate, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 12th July 1892.

Coombs, H. A.	27 Aug. 1891 ...	9 Nov. 1892 ...	0	......	......	1,062 5 9	Paid into the Bank of Bengal for remittance through the India Office for payment to Mrs. Eyetee Coombs, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 1st November 1892, payable to her as administratrix of the deceased's estate in England.
Cossins, W. H.	27 July 1891 ...	23 Sep. 1892 ..	0	......	......	2,409 4 10	Paid into the Bank of Bengal for remittance through the India Office, for payment to R. B. Cossins, Esq., being the balance of this estate as per account closed 17th September 1892, payable to him as the father and sole next-of-kin of the deceased.
Cowan, Mrs. S. M.	14 Nov. 1891 ...	11, 16 & 19 Aug. 1892.	0	......	......	358 12 7	Paid Mr. Chester Dix and Mr. G. C. Frankum, the two children and next-of-kin of the deceased, their two respective one-third shares, and transferred from this estate to the credit of the estate of Mrs. S. M. Cowan, legacy account of George Franklin Walton, grandson and next-of-kin of the deceased, being the one-third share of the balance of the residue of this estate as per account closed 9th August 1892.
Cowan, Mrs. S. M.—Legacy account of Jane Jupe.	......	2 Aug. 1892 ...	0	......	......	502 13 11	Paid into the Bank of Bengal, for remittance through the India Office, for payment to Mrs. Jane Green, being the balance of this account closed 30th July 1892, payable to her as one of the legatees under the will of the deceased.
Cookson, H. C.	......	21 Sep., 21 Oct., & 16 Nov. 1892.	0	......	......	12,598 7 6	Paid into the Bank of Bengal, for remittance through the India Office, for payment to Christopher Cookson, Esq., Miss Ethel Mary Cookson, Mr. Harvy Euistace Cookson, and paid Mr. Sidney Robert Cookson through the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, and Mr. G. M. Cookson, through the Bank of Bengal, being their respective one-fifth shares of the balance of this estate as per account closed 13th September 1892, payable to them as brothers and sisters and next-of-kin of the deceased as per separate release executed by them.
Da Brew, L.	10 March 1876...	12 Sep. 1892 ...	0	......	......	243 2 1	Paid Alfred E. Harris, being the balance of two-thirds share of Miss C. L. Da Brew, now Mrs. Neal, daughter of the deceased, of the balance of this estate as per account closed 24th August 1892, payable to her as per release executed by her jointly with A. E. Harris, dated the 6th September 1892, and her letter of authority, dated 6th September 1892.
De Latrieta, D. C.	31 May 1878 ...	10 Nov. 1892 ...	0	11,700	......	350 11 10	Delivered and paid to Mr. J. A. Charriol, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 3rd November 1892, delivered and paid to him as administrator to the estate of Don Pascal Sagasta De Hardazy Latrieta, residuary legatee under the will of the deceased.
Dunlop, C. B.	......	23 Nov. 1892 ...	0	......	......	23,695 3 1	Paid to the Bank of Bengal, for remittance through the India Office, for payment to A. B. Dunlop, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 23rd November 1892, paid to him as administrator of the deceased's estate in England.

* Sundry shares.

A

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Date of Payment.	Payments. Government Securities. In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Parties to whom paid.
Davies, C. E.	......	22 July, 30 Aug., 22 Oct., and 3 Nov. 1892.	0	......	......	[illegible] 12 6	Paid E. A. Smylie being one-fifth share of her late mother Agnes Charlotte Swiney, as sister of the deceased, and remitted by Currency Notes, postage stamps, post card, and copper to W. Rochford Davies (Motihari) his one-fifth share, to C. H. S. Davies (Bhagalpur) the one-fifth share of his late father, T. H. Davies, brother of the deceased, and to W. T. Hollway, Jamalpur Factory, the one-half share of his late mother, Mrs. H. Hollway, formerly Davis' one-fifth share, of the balance of this estate as a predeceased sister of the deceased, as per account closed 11th June 1892, paid to first three as administrator and administratrix of the estate and brother of the deceased, and the last one as one of the two surviving children of the late Mrs. H. Hollway, formerly Davies.
Fairey, W.	......	21 Sept. 1892 ...	0	......	......	2,442 14 8	Paid to the Bank of Bengal, for remittance through the India Office, for payment to Mr. A. Fairey, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 17th September 1892, payable to her as the widow and residuary legatee under the will of the deceased.
Fincham, Mrs. M....	18 June 1891 ...	19 July 1892 ...	0	......	15⅓* shares	302 14 0	Transmitted and remitted to and through the India Office the shares and cash for delivery and payment to Miss Mary Renny, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 15th July 1892, delivered and paid to her as administratrix of the deceased's estate in England.
Farrer, Colonel A....	... ..	14 Dec. 1892 ...	0	......	100†	650 7 0	Delivered and paid to Mrs. Annieyeld Bombay, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 3rd December 1892, transferred and paid to her as widow and sole legatee under the will of the deceased.
Gibb, Colonel J. S.	17 Feb. 1877 ...	5th Dec. 1892...	0	......	......	905 12 11	Paid Mr. Chambers Gibb and James Gibb by their attorneys, Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co., being the balance of this estate as per account closed 24th November 1892, payable to them as the sons and only next-of-kin of the deceased, as per separate release executed by them.

Green, Mrs. A. M.	14 Feb. 1877 ...	15 Sept. 1892 ...	0	11,800	......	273	7	11	Paid and delivered to Comptrollor-General of Accounts, being the balance of this estate payable to Government as unclaimed under section 62 of Act II of 1874.
Greenway, F. E.—Share account of Mrs. Rose Ann Grieve.	......	25 Nov. 1892 ...	0	......	......	302	12	0	Paid Mrs. Rose Ann Grieve, being her one-fourth share of the further assets of this estate as per account closed 21st March 1887, and paid to her as one of the children of the deceased.
Halden, H.	Jan. 1880 ...	5 Dec. 1892 ...	0	7,000	......	24	10	7	Delivered and paid to Messrs. Hilda Dallas, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 30th November 1892, payable to her as daughter and universal legatee under the will of the deceased as per separate release executed by her.
Hart, Mrs. A. M.	......	26 Oct. 1892 ...	0	......	......	2,955	0	0	Paid to the Bank of Bengal, for remittance through the India Office, for payment to Mrs. A. M. Bury and Mrs. M. S. Armstrong, being the balance of the further assets of this estate payable to them as the executrix of the deceased.
Howard, C. O. S.	17 Sept. 1891 ...	16 Nov. 1892 ...	0	......	......	10,052	9	6	Paid to the Bank of Bengal, for remittance through the India Office, for payment to William Howard (brother and next-of-kin of the deceased) his one-half share, and to the Revd. Teolio Gay, the four-eighth share of Mr. G. C. Gay, F. T. Gay, G. A. Gay, and L. A. Gay, children of late Mrs. Harris Isabella Gay, predeceased sister of the deceased of the balance of this estate as per account closed 9th November 1892.
Henry, F. C.	......	23 Aug. 1892 ...	0	......	......	3,513	15	4	Paid to the Bank of Bengal, for remittance through the India Office, for payment to Frederick Henry, being the balance of this account, as per account closed 23rd August 1892, and paid to him as the father and sole next-of-kin of the deceased.
Kemp, F. B.	......	22, 28 & 29 Nov. 1892.	0	......	......	31,084	8	6	Paid to the Bank of Bengal, for remittance through the India Office, for payment to Mr. Frederick Revd. Scott Kemp and Mrs. Esther Francis MacLaughton, and paid Charles Kemp and F. E. Kemp through the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, being the four respective one-fourth shares of the balance of this estate, as per account closed 18th November 1892, paid to them as children and residuary legatees under the Will of the deceased, as per separate release executed by them.
Lackersteen, G. F.	31 Oct. 1892 ...	26 July 1892 ...	0	......	......	1,346	5	11	Transferred to the estates of G. F. Lackersteen, share account of Norbert Lawrence Lackersteen and G. F. Lackersteen, share account of Mrs. Elfrida Wollaston, the balance of Norbert Lawrence Lackersteen's one-nineth of one-seventh share, and Mrs. Elfrida Wollaston's one-fourth of one-seventh share, respectively, of the balance of this account as per account closed 13th February 1890, payable to them as children of the deceased's brother and sister, namely, W. R. Lackersteen and Mrs. Lorenza Hilaria Wollaston, deceased.

* Bank of Bengal. | † Holta Tea Company, Limited.

A

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Date of Payment.	Payments.						Parties to whom paid.
			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			
			In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	
Largharne, Major M.	3 March 1892...	23 Sept. 1892 ...	0	......	......	7,328	0	3	Paid to the Bank of Bengal for remittance through the India Office for payment to the Secretary of State for India in Council, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 19th September 1892, to be held at his Lordship's disposal in accordance with the provisions of the regimental debts.
Lidiard, R.—Account of legacy for T. W. Lidiard, Junior.	18 Feb. 1863 ...	22 July 1892 ...	0	300	......	221	9	1	Delivered and paid T. W. Lidiard, through Ram Comul Chatterjee, being the further balance of his legacy account closed 20th June 1892.
Lidiard, R.—Share account of T. W. Lidiard, Junior.	......	Ditto ...	0	300	......	221	9	1	Delivered and paid T. W. Liliard, through Ram Comul Chatterjee, being the further balance of his one-fifth share of the residuary funds of the estate payable to him as a grand nephew of the deceased, as per account closed 20th June 1892.
Marshall, Mrs. C.—Formerly Daly, legacy account of William Francis Pudintian Murray, and father and mother of the deceased.	18 June 1864 ...	19 Sept. & 29 Nov. 1892.	0	4,200	......	10,470	0	7	Paid Patrick McGuire, Administrator to the estate of Francis Brito, deceased, and Administrator to the estates of James Murray and of Elizabeth Murray, deceased, being the amount of legacy left by the deceased to her sister, Francis Murray, afterwards Mrs. F. Brito, and to her father and mother, James and Elizabeth Murray, with accumulations of interest, and transferred the Government Promissory Notes and cash to the estates Mrs. C. Marshall, legacy account of William Murray, brother of the deceased, and Mrs. C. Marshall legacy account of Pudintian Murray, sister of the deceased, being their respective two-fourth shares of the balance of this account as per account closed 17th September 1892.
Mead, C. C.,—Share account of the three minor brothers and sister of the deceased.	12 July 1888 ...	28and 29 Dec. 1892.	0	......	......	1,240	1	2	Paid to the Bank of Bengal for remittance to the India Office, for payment to P. J. Mead, one of the brothers and next-of-kin of the deceased, his one-third share, and two-thirds shares of the balance of this account transferred to estate C. C. Mead, share account of two minor brother and sister of the deceased, namely Alfred Hugh Mead and Dorother Mead, as per account closed 28th December 1892.

Mell, A. N.—Legacy account of the two children of the deceased.	6 July 1880 ...	28 Oct. 1892 ...	0	3,400	......	104	10	9	Delivered and paid to Miss R. M. L. Mell, daughter of the deceased, as per separate release executed by her this day, her one-half share of the balance of this account and paid F. O. N. Mell, son of the deceased, by his constituted attorney, Mrs. R. Kallonas, being his share of the further assets of this account as per account closed 27th October 1892.
Morton, D. J.—Account of life interest for Mathein.	1 Aug. 1870 ...	13 July 1892 ...	0	6,500	......	1,632	0	0	Delivered and paid to Thomas Henry Morton and James Archer Morton by their constituted attorney, R. Rutter, being the balance of this account closed 29th June 1892, payable to them as the plaintiffs in terms of the decree of Court, dated 28th March 1892, in suit T. H. Morton and another *versus* the Administrator-General, &c.
Morton, D. J.—Legacy account of the children.	......	13 July 1892 ...	0	55,100	......	73	6	1	Delivered and paid to Thomas Henry Morton and James Archer Morton by their constituted attorney, R. Rutter, being the balance of this account closed 29th June 1892, payable to them as the plaintiffs in terms of the decree of Court, dated 28th March 1892, in suit T. H. Morton and another *versus* the Administrator-General, &c.
Patterson, W. C.	......	21 Sept. 1892 ...	0	......	......	1,074	9	3	Paid into the Bank of Bengal for remittance through the India Office to Mr. W. Patterson, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 17th September 1892, and payable to him as the father and the sole next-of-kin of the deceased.
Paul Ruttna	28 July 1856 ...	8 July 1892 ...	0	......	......	12,070	12	11	Paid Mrs. Catherine Paul by her attorney, Charles Paul, being one-fourth shar, and Mrs. Rose Marcus, the three-fourth share of the balance of this estate as per account closed 20th June 1892, payable to first one as the widow of late Robert Francis Paul, son of the deceased, and the last one as daughter of the deceased in terms of the decree of Court, dated 20th May 1891, in cause Warnakula Henderick and others *versus* Delayet Diana and others.
Paul Ruttna—Account of house No. 8, Dhookoorie Bagan, and No. 55, Neemoo Khansamah's Lane.	......	8 July 1892 ...	0	......	......	897	2	10	Paid Mrs. Catherine Paul by her attorney, Charles Paul, and Mrs. Rose Marcus, being the balance of their respective one-half share of the balance of this account closed 20th June 1892, payable to them as the widow of the late Robert Francis Paul, son of the deceased, and the daughter of the deceased, respectively, in terms of the decree of court dated 20th May 1891, in cause Warnakula Hendrick, and others *versus* Delayet Diana and others.
Powell, C. St. A.	......	29 Nov. 1892 ...	0	......	Ordy. shares. 20*	4,119	1	7	Paid and delivered to Mr. John Powell by his attorney, Mr. F. St. Aubin King, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 26th November 1892, delivered, and paid to him as the father and next-of-kin of the deceased, as per separate release executed by him this day.

* Dooars Tea Company, Limited.

A

Estates.	Date of Administration.	Date of Payment.	Payments.						Parties to whom paid.
			Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.			
			In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.		Rs.	A.	P.	
Riley, Lieut.-Genl., S. D.—Legacy account of Edwin Thomas Madge.	5 July 1857 ...	22 Nov. 1892 ...	0	......	......	5,399	6	2	Paid Mr. Edwin Thomas Madge, through Messrs. Turner, Morrison and Company, being the balance of this account closed 16th November 1892, representing his one-nineteenth share of the balance of the legacy account of Mrs. Mary Ann Madge and her children and grand-children, closed 9th March 1880, paid to him as one of the grand-children of the said Mrs. M. A. Madge, sister of the deceased, as per separate release executed by him this day.
Roberts, George W.—Share account of George Patrick Roberts, son of the deceased.	10 Dec. 1887 ...	29 Nov. 1892 ...	0	......	......	1,696	10	8	Paid Mr. G. P. Roberts, being the balance of this account closed 25th November 1892, paid to him as one of the children and next-of-kin of the deceased, as per separate release executed him by this day.
J. C. Sarkies	......	7 and 30 July 1892.	0	......	......	6,275	0	6	Paid Messrs. Thomas Malcolm and T. M. Thaddeus, being the balance of Mrs. Repsima Bagram's one-seventh share and paid Mr. St. George Stephen, trustee to Mrs. Mary Stephen's Trust, being the balance of her one-seventh share of the residue of this estate, as one of the children and residuary legatees under the will of the deceased, as per account closed 17th November 1891.
Schorn, J. C.—Share account of James Arnold Schorn, son of the late Mr. E. S. Schorn.	17 Aug. 1875 ...	17 Sept. 1892 ...	0	900	......	1,214	15	3	Paid and delivered to Mr. James Arnold Schorn, being the balance of this account, closed 14th September 1892. Delivered and paid to him as one of the children of the late Mr. Edwin Sherman Schorn and legatee under the will of the deceased, as per separate release executed by him this day.
Scott, Mrs. Agnes	......	17 Aug. 1892 ...	0	......	......	318	1	4	Transferred to the share account of Arthur Scott, son of the deceased, and to estate Thomas Scott, as one of the children of the deceased, their two respective one-fifth shares of the balance of this estate as per account closed 11th August 1892.

Scott, Thomas	......	23 Aug. 1892 ...	0	......	......	154 4 4	Paid into the Bank of Bengal, for remittance through the India Office to Mr. Walter Hesketh Scott, being the balance of further assets of this estate arising from the share of the deceased in the estate of his mother, Mrs. Agnes Scott, as per account closed 18th August 1892, payable to him as the son and administrator of the deceased in England.
Scott, Lieut. J. E.—Share account of Mrs. Agnes Jane Dudley (widow) and Mrs. Ellen DeTroy, daughters of the deceased.	12 Dec. 1885 ...	30 July 1892 ...	0	......	......	839 12 5	Remitted by proportion of a set of bills drawn by the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China on the Union Bank of Australia, Limited, in favour of Messrs. Slatter and Son, being the two moieties of the balance of this account, closed 30th August 1892, payable to Mrs. Jane Dudley and Mrs. Ellen DeTroy as two children and next-of-kin of the deceased.
Sherman, George James—Share account of the children of the deceased.	21 Nov. 1883 ...	12 Nov. 1892 ...	0	......	......	109 4 4	Paid Mrs. Lilian Winifred Robinson, being the one-fifth share of five-tenths of the balance of this account closed 9th November 1892, together with one-fifth share of income paid to her as one of the children and next-of-kin of the deceased.
Spears, Thomas—Legacy account of the children of late John Spears.	11 Nov. 1868 ...	5 Aug. 1892 ...	0	......	......	266 3 1	Remitted by post-office order to Mr. Cyril Walter Spears (Rangoon), being the moiety of his one-half share of the capital funds of this account, closed 22nd June 1892, including, his one-half share of interest, up to 22nd June 1892, payable to him as one of the children of late John Spears, son of the deceased.
Sutherland Patrick—Share account of Mary Harriet Sutherland, predeceased sister of the deceased.	23 Mar 1865 ...	14, 16, 18, 19, and 25 Nov. 1892.	0	......	......	318 10 3	Paid Miss Mary Sutherland, Miss Emily Jane Sutherland, paid into the Bank of Bengal for remittance through the India Office to Mrs. Eleanor Sarah Barrett, remitted by Bank of Bengal draft to Mrs. K. L. Graham (Bankipore), paid Mrs. A. B. Sutherland by her attorney, Mr. H. J. Place, and paid James Sutherland, being their six respective one-sixth shares of the balance of this account closed 10th November 1892, paid to them as children of late Mary Harriet Sutherland, predeceased sister of the deceased.
Sylva, Mrs. Elizabeth—Legacy account of the children of Mrs. Georgiana Mendes.	22 July 1881 ...	16 Dec. 1892 ...	0	......	......	21 4 10	Paid Mr. George Earnest Mendes, being the one-sixth of one-eighth of one-fourth share of the balance of the rents and sale-proceeds of house No. 6, Grant's Lane, paid to him as one of the children of late Mrs. Georgiana Mendes in terms of the will of the deceased as per account closed 10th August 1882.
Thompson, H. D.	......	6 Sept. and 2 Nov. 1892.	0	......	......	11,542 2 0	Paid into the Bank of Bengal for remittance through India Office for payment to Mrs. Mary Catherine Brown, and paid Mrs. J. A. Thompson, through Bank of Bengal, and Mr. Andrew Charles Guy Thompson, through National Bank of India, Limited, being their respective one-third share of the balance of this estate as per account closed 3rd September 1892; paid to them as brothers, sister and next-of-kin of the deceased, as per separate release executed by them.

A

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Date of Payment.	Payments. Government Securities. In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Parties to whom paid.
Twentyman, W. H.—Legacy account of Mrs. Jane Hunt.	......	20, 21, 26, and 28 July and 24 Oct. 1892.	0	......	......	1,546 6 2	Transferred to estate W. H. Twentyman, share account of H. P. Twentyman, being the late Hy. Phillip Twentyman's one-fifth share as one of the children of the deceased, and paid Mrs. Clarinda Maria Mary Twentyman, being the late William John Twentyman's one-fifth share as one of the children of the deceased, paid to her as the executrix and residuary legatee under the will of the said W. John Twentyman, deceased, and paid into the Bank of Bengal for remittance through the India Office for payment to Mrs. Mary Ann Libby, her one-fifth share, paid to her as one of the five children and residuary legatees under the will of the deceased, and paid Mr. Henry Unjent Snell and Mrs. Clarinda Maria Mary Twentyman, being the late Charles Horatio Twentyman's one-fifth share as one of the children of the deceased, paid to him Mr. Henry Unjent Snell as the surviving executor, and to her Mrs. Clarinda Maria Mary Twentyman as derivative executrix of the other executor of the will of Mr. C. H. Twentyman, deceased, and remitted by post-office order, post-card and copper to Mr. G. O. Twentyman (Yarraville P. O, Melbourne), one of the children and residuary legatee under the will of the deceased his one-fifth share of the balance of this account closed 14th July 1892, the legacy of Mrs. Jane Hunt having lapsed by her death in the lifetime of the testator.
Wallis, Reverend A. W.—Share account of Mary G. Mitchell, grandchild of the deceased.	24 Nov. 1870 ...	30 Nov. 1892 ...	0	......	......	1,173 15 1	Paid into the Bank of Bengal for remittance through the India Office for payment to Miss. G. E. Mary Mitchell, being the balance of this account closed 14th May 1892, including refund of income-tax payable to her as grandchild of the deceased.
Walsh, Thomas	1 June 1880 ...	23 N[illegible]v. 1892 ...	0	......	......	475 12 0	Paid into the Bank of Bengal for remittance through India Office for payment to Mrs. S. J. Walsh, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 18th November 1892, payable to her as administratrix of the deceased's estate in England.

White, Jas.—Legacy account of Miss G. M. White, one of the grandchildren of the deceased.	22 Feb. 1878 ...	22 Nov. 1892 ...	0	4,100	......	55 11 7	Delivered and paid to Miss G. M. White, being the balance of this account, closed 18th November 1892, delivered and paid to her as one of the grandchildren and legatees under the will of the deceased, as per separate release executed by her this day.
Williams, Mr. M. F.	12 Feb. 1890 ...	9 and 14 July 1892.	0	......	......	1,783 10 6	Transferred to the share account of Miss Rose Williams and Miss Violet Williams, the daughters of the deceased, and remitted by post-office order, postage stamp, post-card and copper to Lieutenant J. P. C. Hennessey (Barielly), the son and residuary legatee under the will of the deceased, their respective one-third share of the balance of this estate as per account closed 25th June 1892.
Sumbhoo Chunder Banerjee ...	3 Sept. 1859 ...	19 Aug.. 1892 ...	0	2,5000	......	......	Transferred from this estate to the account of family Deb Shava to provide the Deb Shava under decree of court, dated 20th July 1880, as per account closed 24th April 1889.
Sumbhoo Chunder Banerjee, account of Hary Podo Chatterjee.	......	19 Sept. 1892 ...	0	8,100	......	1,163 4 3	Delivered and paid to H. P. Chatterjee, being the balance of this account closed 30th August 1892, paid to him as one of the grand-children of the deceased in terms of the decree of court, dated 20th July 1880, in cause Rajendro Chunder Chatterjee *versus* L. P. D. Broughton, and the other causes as per separate released executed by him this day.
Sutto Prosunno Banerjee	10 Mar. 1886 ...	2 July 1892 ...	0	1,47,800	......	595 7 7	Delivered and paid to Sutto Santi Banerjee, being the balance of this estate as per account closed 23rd February 1892 and 15th June 1892, paid to him as son of administrator *de bonis non* to this estate, as per separate release executed by him this day.

F. COLLIS SANDES, *Offg. Administrator-General of Bengal.*

SCHEDULE B of all sums of Moneys, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator-General on account of Estates, not being HINDU or MUHAMMADAN, remaining under his charge, together with the Payments made thereout, and the Balances prepared up to the 31st December 1892, under Section 44 of Act II of 1874.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892.					Receipts up to 30th December 1892.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892.				Balance on 31st December 1892.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
A																							
Adams, Henry ...	6 Dec. 42	0	101600	...	536 2 5	0 0 0	0	2800	...	3215 8 10	0	104400	...	3751 11 3	0	0	...	3291 8 10	0	104400	...	460 2 5	0 0 0
——, General Sir J. W.	Under power of attorney.	0	300	...	96 8 11	0 0 0	0	3800	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	102 13 11	0	0	...	0 7 4	0	300	...	102 6 7	0 0 0
——, Miss Grace W. ...	18 Feb. 91	0	8400	...	54 9 3	0 0 0	0	8000	...	4718 8 5	0	12200	...	4773 1 8	0	1220	...	4759 9 6	0	0	...	13 8 3	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of James Benjamine Kuller Bouchez ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	268 10 11	0	8000	...	268 10 11	0	0	...	5 9 8	0	8000	...	263 1 3	0 0 0
Agabeg, Aviet ...	19 June 39	0	0	...	4 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 7 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 7 8	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Harriet ...	Taken charge 25 Mar. 80	0	0	...	78 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	78 14 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	78 14 3	0 0 0
——, Lazar (sugar merchant) ...	11 June 39	0	0	...	10 6 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 6 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 6 8	0 0 0
Aganoor, Mrs. Nana John, *alias* Nancy,—legacy account of Miss M. Joseph, sister of the deceased ...	11 Dec. 78	0	0	...	68 8 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	68 8 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	68 8 10	0 0 0
Ahern, Mrs. Hanorine Mary,—share account of Brian Edward O'Conor, grandson of the deceased ...	15 Feb. 88	0	1800	...	222 12 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 14 0	0	1800	...	260 10 1	0	0	...	2 0 3	0	1800	...	258 9 10	0 0 0
——, share account of Ellen (or Aileen) Mary O'Conor, grand-daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	1000	...	183 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	204 13 0	0	0	...	1 1 11	0	1000	...	203 11 1	0 0 0
——, share account of Catherine (or Kathleen) Mariam O'Conor, grand-daughter of the deceased	......	0	1800	...	296 9 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 14 0	0	1800	...	334 7 7	0	0	...	2 0 3	0	1800	...	332 7 4	0 0 0

Alexander, Charles Ashynden,—legacy account of Charles Allen ...	11 Nov. 78	0	3400	26*	290 0 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	71 8 8	0	3400	26*	361 9 7	0	0	...	339 13 8	0	3400	26*	21 11 11	0 0 0
———, Lieut. Boyd William John ...	27 June 92	0	10000	...	6965 2 11	0 0 0	0	7100	...	19958 13 6	0	17100	...	26924 0 5	0	17100	...	26924 0 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Allan, Robert Townsend ..	13 Mar. 77	0	0	...	2000 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2000 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2000 0 0	0 0 0
Allen, Mrs. Ann ...	......	0	0	...	6 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 13 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 13 10	0 0 0
Allsopp, Miss Frances,—share account of Emma Jane, Catherine, Sarah and Clara Allsopp, sisters of the deceased ...	21 June 77	0	900	...	9 0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 15 0	0	900	...	27 15 8	0	0	...	18 15 0	0	900	...	9 0 8	0 0 0
———, William,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	22 Feb. 61	0	6500	...	21 0 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	136 12 4	0	6500	...	157 12 8	0	0	...	136 12 4	0	6500	...	21 0 4	0 0 0
Anderson, Mrs. Blanche,—share account of Mrs. K. Graham, now Mrs. Johnson, daughter of the deceased ...	25 Aug. 80	0	5200	...	166 2 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	79 6 8	0	5200	...	245 8 11	0	0	...	102 5 1	0	5200	...	143 3 10	0 0 0
———, share account of Miss A. D. Anderson, daughter of the deceased	......	0	5200	...	251 7 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	99 6 8	0	5200	...	350 14 5	0	0	...	5 4 4	0	5200	...	345 10 1	0 0 0
———, George ...	18 Nov. 78	0	3300	...	79 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	68 14 8	0	3300	...	148 10 10	0	0	...	2 11 4	0	3300	...	145 15 6	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Maria Jane ...	Taken charge 24 Jan. 89	0	0	...	105 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	105 13 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	105 13 7	0 0 0
———, James ...	30 April 91	0	1800	...	264 1 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	300 1 2	0	0	...	3 12 7	0	1800	...	296 4 7	0 0 0
Andrew, David,—share account of A. S. Andrew, daughter of the deceased	2 Dec. 52	0	800	...	86 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	800	...	86 13 4	0	0	...	15 15 0	0	800	...	70 14 4	0 0 0
Aratoon, Mackertich Simeon	16 June 79	0	0	...	142 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	142 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	142 8 0	0 0 0
Arrakiel, Johannes Gregory	29 June 68	0	200	...	102 12 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	106 15 7	0	0	...	0 2 8	0	200	...	106 12 11	0 0 0
———, account of Domingo Swarris for life-interest ..	Ditto ...	0	900	...	0 1 4	0 0 0	0	900	...	12 13 8	0	1800	...	12 15 0	0	900	...	12 13 8	0	900	...	0 1 4	0 0 0
———, account of house No. 24-1, now No. 29, Chitpore Road ...	......	0	500	...	246 15 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	160 8 4	0	500	...	407 7 10	0	0	...	42 4 8	0	500	...	365 3 2	0 0 0
Arrakil, Mrs. Begoom Oachick,—share account of house No. 7, Armenian Street ...	6 April 35	0	100	...	122 2 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	124 3 11	0	0	...	0 2 5	0	100	...	124 1 6	0 0 0
———, share account of house No. 8, Armenian Street ...	......	0	900	...	239 3 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 15 0	0	900	...	258 2 1	0	0	...	2 5 11	0	900	...	255 12 2	0 0 0
———, share account of house No. 9,* Armenian Street ...	......	0	0	...	72 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	72 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	72 0 0	0 0 0
———, share account of house No. 42, Garden Reach ...	......	0	0	...	70 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 8 0	0 0 0

* Bengal Tea Company, Limited, shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
A																							
Arakil, Mrs. Begoom Cachick,—share account of house No. 1, Lucas' Lane ...	......	0	0	...	28 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 8 0	0 0 0
Ashworth, Edward Thomas	11 Dec. 85	0	0	...	7 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 13 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 13 10	0 0 0
Athanass, John ...	24 Sept. 35	0	2500	...	392 8 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 9 8	0	2500	...	445 2 7	0	0	...	3 12 10	0	2500	...	441 5 9	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Elizabeth,—account of legacy to widows and orphans ...	16 Dec. 48	0	2500	...	21 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	2500	...	41 1 9	0	0	...	1 8 4	0	2500	...	39 9 5	0 0 0
Athanass, Manuel,—legacy account of the mother of the deceased ...	31 Jan. 49	0	20400	...	317 10 10	0 0 0	0	2600	...	382 4 0	0	23000	...	699 14 10	0	2000	...	676 2 7	0	21000	...	23 12 3	0 0 0
Atkinson, Mrs. Mary Ellen	16 July 49	0	0	...	69 4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	69 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	69 4 0	0 0 0
———, share account of of A. E. J. Atkinson, son of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	700	...	58 14 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	700	...	73 10 3	0	0	...	32 2 1	0	700	...	41 8 *2	0 0 0
Augustin, Charles Francis ...	15 May 79	0	5100	...	6 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	718 15 6	0	5100	...	725 6 5	0	0	...	1206 1 10	0	5100	...	0 0 0	480 11 5
———, account of legacy for masses ...	Ditto ...	0	1000	...	17 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	38 14 9	0	0	...	38 14 9	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
B																							
Babajohn, Massey, *alias* Martyrus,—account of the rents of house No. 109 and godowns, Nos. 110 and 119, Old China Bazar Street ...	1 Nov. 14	0	200	...	1135 5 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	1520 0 0	0	200	...	2655 5 6	0	0	...	1587 7 10	0	200	...	1067 13 8	0 0 0
———, account of legacy to the institution at New Naukchewan ...	Ditto ...	0	9300	...	0 0 0	19 5 2	0	700	...	875 13 9	0	10000	...	856 8 7	0	0	...	748 1 5	0	10000	...	108 7 2	0 0 0

——, account of legacy to the prisoners of the Court of Requests and the poor Armenians ...	Ditto ...	0	95200	...	1903 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	2313 13 9	0	95200	...	4217 12 7	0	0	...	2702 15 7	0	95200	...	1514 13 0	0 0 0
——, account of the legacy to the poor Armenians ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	644 15 9	0	0	...	644 15 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	644 15 9	0 0 0
——, account of legacy to the prisoners of the Court of Requests ...	......	0	10100	...	303 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2136 15 4	0	10100	...	2340 8 4	0	0	...	2153 14 1	0	10100	...	186 10 3	0 0 0
Baber, E. C. ...	9 Jan. 91	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 14 8	0	0	...	2 14 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 14 8	0 0 0
Babonau, Edward Augustus	13 Dec. 83	0	0	...	226 1 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	226 1 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	226 1 6	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of Mrs. Mary Ann Johnson ...	......	0	10600	...	391 1 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	223 0 8	0	10600	...	614 2 4	0	0	...	212 0 0	0	10600	...	402 2 4	0 0 0
Bacon, Mrs. Harriett ...	12 Nov. 91	0	0	...	433 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	433 12 0	0	0	...	180 9 1	0	0	...	253 2 11	0 0 0
Baddiley, James ...	6 Jan. 43	0	21500	...	150 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	270 0 0	0	21500	...	420 12 4	0	0	...	417 13 4	0	21500	...	2 15 0	0 0 0
Bagnall, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	3 Sept. 68	0	0	...	22 4 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 4 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 4 11	0 0 0
Baker, Henry Frederick,—account of Miss C. Baker, the only daughter and next-of-kin of the deceased ...	26 Nov. 84	0	50600	...	281 2 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	982 0 0	0	50600	...	1263 2 6	0	0	...	834 7 10	0	50600	...	428 10 8	0 0 0
——, Mr. Matilda ...	1 Dec. 91	0	1100	...	0 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 0 0	0	1100	...	22 3 0	0	0	...	0 13 8	0	1100	...	21 5 4	0 0 0
Ballantine, Lewis John ...	7 Feb. 83	0	0	...	337 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	337 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	337 1 4	0 0 0
Ballin, Mrs. Anna Maria,—account of house No. 36, Emambaug Lane ...	3 Aug. 63	0	500	...	30 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	30 7 8	0	0	...	72 2 11	0	500	...	0 0 0	41 11 3
——, account of house No. 34, Theatre Road ...	......	0	0	...	127 8 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	127 8 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	127 8 6	0 0 0
Banerjea, Revd. Dr. Krishna Mohan,—account of house No. 5, Grand Trunk Road, Howrah ...	5 June 85	0	0	...	2 15 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 15 4	0	0	...	7 5 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	4 8 1
——, account of house No. 6, now No. 9, Grand Trunk Road, Howrah ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	55 1 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	112 1 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	167 2 9
——, account of house No. 7, now No. 10, Grand Trunk Road, Howrah ...	......	0	0	...	890 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	775 0 0	0	0	...	1665 12 8	0	0	...	1000 12 3	0	0	...	665 0 5	0 0 0
——, account of house No. 7, Chowringhee Lane ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	56 11 0	0	0	...	1440 0 0	0	0	...	1383 5 0	0	0	...	1480 9 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	97 4 0
——, legacy account of Kally Mohan Banerjee, deceased, brother of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	0 8 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 8 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 8 4	0 0 0
Band, Alexander Charles ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	275 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	275 0 0
Baptist, A.,—account of Rosa Hart ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 2 0	0	0	...	8 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 2 0	0 0 0
Barjon, Francois Adolphe ...	23 June 74	0	2700	...	110 6 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	56 4 8	0	2700	...	166 10 11	0	0	...	2 3 6	0	2700	...	164 7 5	0 0 0

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
B																							
Barjon, Francis Adolphe,—account of legacy for the poor people of Dacca ...	......	0	6500	...	423 10 5	0 0 0	0	500	...	120 0 0	0	7000	...	543 10 5	0	0	...	545 8 9	0	7000	...	0 0 0	1 14 4
———, Louisa,—share account of Mrs. C. Miller, wife of George Miller ...	17 Nov. 76	0	7000	...	350 1 9	0 0 0	0	500	...	133 6 2	0	7500	...	483 7 11	0	500	...	8 1 6	0	7000	...	475 6 5	0 0 0
Barlow, Francis Jasper,—account of house No. 3, Taltollah Lane ...	5 Aug. 76	0	1300	...	64 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	177 12 4	0	1300	...	241 14 1	0	0	...	297 2 10	0	1300	...	0 0 0	55 4 9
———, account of house No. 9, Gooreamah's Lane	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	15 9 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	15 9 3
———, life-interest account of Mrs. A. Rozario ...	......	0	10300	...	537 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	120 11 8	0	10300	...	658 4 11	0	0	...	200 9 11	0	10300	...	457 11 0	0 0 0
Barnes, Charles Harrington ...	7 Aug. 70	0	2400	...	109 15 6	0 0 0	0	600	...	46 7 3	0	3000	...	155 6 9	0	600	...	1 13 5	0	2400	...	154 9 4	0 0 0
———, Major Edward Robert Bigsby ...	Taken charge. 25 July 88	0	0	10*	0 0 0	40 9 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	10*	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	10*	0 0 0	40 9 10
Barney, Dr. Richard William ...	14 Feb. 88	0	0	...	2 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 11 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 11 4	0 0 0
Barns, John Wedger ...	6 Feb. 91	0	0	...	0 1 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Barretto, Bartholomew ...	31 May 78	0	1800	...	8 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 5 8	0	1800	...	46 3 3	0	0	...	1 7 3	0	1800	...	44 12 0	0 0 0
———, Joseph ...	......	0	8600	...	51 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	150 7 0	0	8600	...	201 13 9	0	0	...	13 8 0	0	8600	...	188 5 9	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Rozalia ...	1 Oct. 33	0	400	...	159 8 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	167 15 4	0	0	...	0 9 9	0	400	...	167 5 7	0 0 0
Barrow, Francis ...	17 Mar. 87	0	5000	...	1488 2 6	0 0 0	0	5000	...	5823 2 11	0	10000	...	7311 5 5	0	0	...	6998 5 4	0	10000	...	313 0 1	0 0 0
Barsick, Arathoon,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	15 Dec. 86	0	200	...	70 1 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	74 5 1	0	0	...	0 3 7	0	200	...	74 1 5	0 0 0
Bartlett, J. E. ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 10 8	0	0	...	1 10 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 10 8	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Ann ...	30 June 82	0	0	...	241 7 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	241 7 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	241 7 1	0 0 0
Baxter, Mrs. Eliza, *alias* Burnett ...	2 April 81	0	4800	...	762 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	1513 6 8	0	4800	...	2275 12 6	0	0	...	1962 7 8	0	4800	...	313 4 10	0 0 0
———, Robert ...	22 April 82	0	3800	...	49 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	79 15 4	0	3800	...	129 3 8	0	0	...	77 0 2	0	3800	...	52 3 6	0 0 0
Bayes, Alfred William ...	11 Dec. 88	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 13 4	0 0 0

Beanland, David Henry ...	4 May 63	0	4700	...	520 1 9	0 0 0	0	500	...	108 14 4	0	5200	...	629 0 1	0	0	...	544 14 9	0	5200	...	81 1 4	0 0 0
Becher, Major Robert ...	Power from executor.	0	800	...	302 1 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	...	318 14 9	0	0	...	1 3 6	0	800	...	317 11 3	0 0 0
——, Major Robert, Act 2 of 1874 ...	27 July 81	0	5500	...	73 11 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	71 3 4	0	5500	...	144 15 3	0	0	...	2 10 10	0	5500	...	142 4 5	0 0 0
——, William ...	21 May 74	0	0	...	0 0 0	262 4 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	262 4 2
Beck, Henry,—account of life-interest for Mrs. A. C. Beck, widow of the deceased ...	13 April 89	0	1500	...	0 0 0	96 11 11	0	1400	...	1622 9 6	0	2900	...	1525 13 7	0	1500	...	1516 2 8	0	1400	...	9 10 11	0 0 0
Beckett, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	5 July 92	0	1000	...	0 0 0	16 10 1	0	0	...	300 0 0	0	1000	...	283 5 11	0	1000	...	283 5 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Beeby, George Osmond ...	21 Feb. 90	0	28100	...	718 14 10	0 0 0	0	19500	...	22830 8 8	0	47600	...	23609 7 6	0	500	...	22864 8 10	0	47100	...	744 14 8	0 0 0
Begbie, Mrs. Eleanor Mary,—share account of five minor children of the deceased ...	26 Aug. 89	0	4000	...	202 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	84 2 8	0	4000	...	287 2 5	0	0	...	84 2 8	0	4000	...	202 15 9	0 0 0
Bell, William ...	19 July 88	0	0	...	46 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	1124 15 0	0	0	...	1171 8 6	0	0	...	1133 14 1	0	0	...	37 10 6	0 0 0
——, G. J. ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	12†	1472 11 6	0	0	12†	1472 11 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	12†	1472 11 6	0 0 0
Beneditti, Mrs. Mary ...	3 Aug. 82	0	900	...	405 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 15 0	0	900	...	424 14 0	0	0	...	0 11 10	0	900	...	424 2 2	0 0 0
Benjamine, Mrs. Jane,—legacy account of sicca Rs. 5,700 to St. G. Benjamine ...	19 June 37	0	900	...	380 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 15 0	0	900	...	399 12 4	0	0	...	1 5 11	0	900	...	398 6 5	0 0 0
Bentley, Mrs Anne,—life-interest account of Miss E. C. Emmer (new account)	15 July 51	0	0	...	6 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 14 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 14 0	0 0 0
——, John ...	31 Mar. 34	0	300	...	177 8 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	183 13 11	0	0	...	0 7 4	0	300	...	183 6 7	0 0 0
——, Robert Alexander,—legacy to the apprenticing society ...	18 Feb. 53	0	0	...	6 4 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 2	0 0 0
Bernard, Charles (new account) ...	12 Jan. 51	0	0	...	24 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 9 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 9 6	0 0 0
Best, John Rycroft,—share account of O. H. Best, one of the children of the deceased ...	21 Nov. 65	0	0	...	29 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 13 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 13 8	0 0 0
Biddle, share account of F. J. Biddle, one of the children of the deceased...	7 Mar. 84	0	2300	...	6 10 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 0 0	0	2300	...	52 10 0	0	0	...	30 10 0	0	2300	...	22 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of C. W. Biddle, one of the children of the deceased ...	......	0	2300	...	6 10 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 0 0	0	2300	...	52 10 0	0	0	...	30 10 0	0	2300	...	22 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of L. A. Biddle, one of the children of the deceased ...	......	0	2300	...	6 10 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 0 0	0	2300	...	52 10 0	0	0	...	30 10 0	0	2300	...	22 0 0	0 0 0
Birch, Mrs. Frances Jane,—legacy account of the late Mrs. A. M. E. Hatch, daughter of the deceased ...	18 Mar. 68	0	100	...	70 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	72 10 9	0	0	...	0 1 10	0	100	...	72 8 11	0 0 0

* Sylhet Tea Company, Limited, shares. | † Bengal Coal Company, Limited, shares.

B.

ESTATES	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892.					Receipts up to 30th December 1892.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892.				Balance on 31st December 1892.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
B																							
Bird, Shearman ...	3 Dec. 91	0	15000	...	0 0 0	300 4 11	0	0	...	1353 0 4	0	15000	...	1052 11 5	0	1000	...	1586 1 10	0	14000	...	0 0 0	533 6 5
Black, James, life interest account of Miss Harriette Black ...	20 Jan. 91	0	7300	...	27 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	146 0 0	0	7300	...	173 9 5	0	0	...	146 0 0	0	7300	...	27 9 5	0 0 0
Blackwell, Mrs. Henrietta Bridget ...	7 Feb. 87	0	0	...	6 4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 0	0 0 0
Blazey, Mrs. Louisa Susan,—share account of A. M. S. Blazey, daughter of the deceased ...	5 July 84	0	3000	...	80 1 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 2 0	0	3000	...	143 3 1	0	0	...	60 0 0	0	3000	...	83 3 1	0 0 0
Blundell, William ...	20 Dec. 62	0	0	...	37 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 13 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 13 11	0 0 0
Blyth, Miss Sophia Florence ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	101*	15 0 0	0	0	101*	15 0 0	0	0	...	587 7 6	0	0	101*	0 0 0	572 7 6
Boezalt, Francis,—legacy account of Miss L. E. Boezalt, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	2000	...	38 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	2000	...	58 4 6	0	0	...	40 14 1	0	2000	...	17 6 5	0 0 0
Bond, Master Pilot George ...	16 Aug. 42	0	0	...	80 8 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 8 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 8 9	0 0 0
Boothby, Lieutenant James William Alexander ...	Taken charge 22 Dec. 78	0	200	...	144 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	148 7 10	0	0	...	0 2 8	0	200	...	148 5 2	0 0 0
Bowers, Mrs. Joanna,—legacy account of the Roman Catholic Church of Nostia Senora deDores at Boitakhanah ...	8 July 62	0	600	...	0 0 0	14 9 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	14 9 3
Boyce, Captain Edwin (Mariner) ...	18 Dec. 78	0	0	...	42 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	720 0 0	0	0	...	762 2 5	0	0	...	713 9 6	0	0	...	48 8 11	0 0 0
Boyd, George David,—legacy account of G. D. Boyd, son of R. G. Boyd, son of the deceased ...	13 Mar. 77	0	0	...	3 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 4 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 4 6	0 0 0

——, legacy account of R. G. Boyd, son of R. G. Boyd, son of the deceased ...	......	0	1000	...	304 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	325 8 1	0	0	...	1 1 11	0	1000	...	324 6 2	0 0 0
——, Captain John (Mariner) ...	14 Sept. 72	0	0	...	46 11 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 11 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 11 6	0 0 0
Boyle, Andrew,—separate account of Miss A. E. Boyle, daughter of the deceased ...	5 April 64	0	14000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	280 0 0	0	14000	...	280 0 0	0	0	...	280 0 0	0	14000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Miss F. L. Boyle, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	13900	...	216 15 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	108 0 0	0	13900	...	324 15 6	0	0	...	266 7 7	0	13900	...	58 7 11	0 0 0
Bradbury, Samuel Watson ...	3 Feb. 60	0	0	...	80 2 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 2 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 2 3	0 0 0
Brae, Edward Pyffe ...	5 July 56	0	0	...	19 11 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 11 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 11 7	0 0 0
Brenan, Dr. John L. ...	21 Feb. 27	0	100	...	55 12 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 0 0	0	100	...	57 12 9	0	0	...	0 2 5	0	100	...	57 10 4	0 0 0
Brereton, Surgeon-Major Samuel Marie,—share account of William Brereton, half-brother of the deceased ...	18 Dec. 80	0	0	...	355 14 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	355 14 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	355 14 2	0 0 0
——, share account of John Brereton, brother of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	355 14 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	355 14 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	355 14 2	0 0 0
——, share account of Mrs. C. A. Beattie, sister of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	355 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	355 14 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	355 14 3	0 0 0
Brien, Sub-Conductor Maurice ...	Taken charge 10 April 66	0	600	...	30 11 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	42 11 11	0	0	...	35 0 1	0	600	...	7 11 10	0 0 0
Bristow, Henry Woolcott,—share account of the brothers of the deceased ...	10 Feb. 74	0	0	...	14 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 0	0 0 0
——, William,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	19 May 70	0	0	...	9 12 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 12 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 12 6	0 0 0
Broad, William ...	13 Jan. 83	0	0	...	83 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 14 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 14 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Miss G. K. Broad, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	21600	...	12 1 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	412 0 0	0	21600	...	424 1 1	0	0	...	431 14 1	0	21600	...	0 0 0	7 13 0
Broadhead, J. T. ...	21 Jan. 92	0	2600	...	509 8 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	2810 4 9	0	2600	...	3310 13 0	0	2600	...	1702 10 6	0	0	...	1608 2 6	0 0 0
Brooke, William Augustus,—trust of Muhammadan woman ...	5 Aug. 32	0	11500	...	386 13 10	0 0 0	0	500	...	226 9 0	0	12000	...	613 6 10	0	500	...	17 3 8	0	11500	...	596 3 2	0 0 0
Brown, John ...	26 April 78	0	100	...	91 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 0 0	0	100	...	93 13 4	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	93 12 0	0 0 0
——, Thomas James ...	21 May 80	0	0	...	423 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	423 6 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	423 6 9	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Miss E. M. Brown, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	21900	...	0 0 0	1407 11 6	0	0	...	2432 9 6	0	21900	...	1024 14 0	0	1900	...	931 5 0	0	20000	...	93 9 0	0 0 0
——, John Smithson ...	3 Dec. 89	0	0	...	1318 11 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 6 8	0	0	...	1329 2 5	0	0	...	747 6 2	0	0	...	581 12 3	0 0 0

* Sundry shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To credit. Rs. A. P.	To debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
B																							
Browne, Captain the Hon'ble Edward Miles David—share account of the children of the late Hon'ble E. Browne, sister of the deceased ...	27 June 79	0	500	...	201 10 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	211 10 11	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	500	...	211 1 11	0 0 0
——, share account of the son of the late Hon'ble M. St. Quintin, sister of the deceased ...	......	0	500	...	201 10 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	211 10 11	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	500	...	211 1 11	0 0 0
Bruggen, Mrs. Emma Terher ...	31 Dec. 71	0	0	...	44 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 14 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 14 4	0 0 0
Bryant, Barnes Robert ...	22 July 91	0	2500	...	159 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	2500	...	209 14 8	0	0	...	51 2 7	0	2500	...	158 12 0	0 0 0
Buchan, John ...	2 Sept. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	532 13 0	0	0	...	532 13 0	0	0	...	441 8 8	0	0	...	91 4 4	0 0 0
Burgess, Thomas Chloff ...	Taken charge 18 April 71	0	300	...	85 3 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 0 0	0	300	...	91 3 8	0	0	...	0 3 11	0	300	...	90 15 9	0 0 0
——, William Thomas	13 April 83	0	0	6*	1 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	6*	1 12 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	6*	1 12 2	0 0 0
Bush, Lieutenant G. H. ...	5 Dec. 91	0	900	...	0 0 0	48 4 0	0	0	...	974 3 10	0	900	...	925 15 10	0	900	...	925 15 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Buswell, Mrs. Anne ...	19 Nov. 88	0	3800	...	451 6 1	0 0 0	0	500	...	64 0 0	0	4300	...	515 6 1	0	0	...	539 9 7	0	4300	...	0 0 0	24 3 6
——, Sergeant Frederick ...	4 Jan. 89	0	1600	...	176 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 0 0	0	1600	...	208 15 9	0	0	...	1 5 1	0	1600	...	207 10 8	0 0 0
Byrn, Mrs. Mary ...	27 Feb. 74	0	200	...	83 11 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 0 0	0	200	...	87 11 5	0	0	...	0 2 8	0	200	...	87 8 9	0 0 0
Byrne, Lieutenant-Colonel John ...	27 June 81	0	3000	...	319 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 0 0	0	3000	...	379 15 0	0	0	...	2 7 5	0	3000	...	377 7 7	0 0 0
C																							
Cain, Augustus ...	Taken charge 9 April 69	0	0	...	23 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	23 2 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	23 2 9	0 0 0
Caird, Thomas Devon,—account of the executors ...	11 May 88	0	0	24†	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1440 0 0	0	0	24†	1440 0 0	0	0	...	1440 0 0	0	0	24†	0 0 0	0 0 0

Camell, Miss Repsima,—share account of the children of the late Mrs. Catherine Galstaun, sister of the deceased ...	16 Mar. 88	0	1300	...	178 14 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 5 8	0	1300	...	206 4 5	0	0	...	1 7 4	0	1300	...	204 13 1	0 0 0
Campbell, Major-General William Charles,—account of life-interest for Narlee Begum ...	7 July 66	0	10800	...	243 1 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 4 0	0	10800	...	270 5 6	0	0	...	204 12 8	0	10800	...	65 8 10	0 0 0
Campbell, William Francis	13 Mar. 75	0	100	...	99 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	102 0 4	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	101 15 0	0 0 0
———, Colonel Wellesley,—account of Collin John Campbell, executor of the deceased ...	20 Nov. 86	0	0	...	7 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 3 0	0 0 0
Cape, Henry ...	Taken charge 6 Feb. 71	0	0	...	53 15 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 15 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 15 6	0 0 0
Cargill, John Charles,—share account of the late Mrs. A. Cargill, mother of the deceased ...	18 June 76	0	400	...	83 7 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	91 13 9	0	0	...	0 7 2	0	400	...	91 6 7	0 0 0
———, share account of H. E. Cargill, brother of the deceased ...	......	0	400	...	69 15 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	78 6 2	0	0	...	0 7 2	0	400	...	77 15 0	0 0 0
Carson, H. ..	24 Nov. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	5427 0 3	0	0	...	5427 0 3	0	0	...	402 9 8	0	0	...	5024 6 7	0 0 0
Carnegie, Robert George ...	13 Dec. 87	0	1000	5‡	587 5 0	0 0 0	0	1300	...	920 15 8	0	2300	5‡	1508 4 8	0	0	...	1413 7 2	0	2300	5‡	94 13 6	0 0 0
Carpenter, Lieutenant Thomas William ...	10 April 73	0	0	...	24 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 9 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 9 5	0 0 0
Carrapiet, Mrs. Anna Johannes Joseph Ter,—share account of house No. 37, Ezra Street, in the Will, No. 40, Doomtollah Street	4 Mar. 43	0	0	...	708 6 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	330 0 0	0	0	...	1038 6 3	0	0	...	211 6 3	0	0	...	827 0 0	0 0 0
———, share account of house No. 38, Ezra Street, in the Will, No. 42, Doomtollah Street ...	......	0	0	...	956 3 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	480 0 0	0	0	...	1436 3 3	0	0	...	371 4 9	0	0	...	1064 14 6	0 0 0
———, share account of house No. 39, Ezra Street, in the Will, No. 41, Doomtollah Street ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	365 5 3	0	0	...	300 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 9 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	90 15 0
———, share account of house No. 53, Ezra Street, in the Will, No. 60, Doomtollah Street ...	......	0	17600	...	481 8 7	0 0 0	0	700	...	320 0 0	0	18300	...	801 8 7	0	0	...	772 3 6	0	18300	...	29 5 1	0 0 0
Carter, Thomas Emerson ...	1 Oct. 72	0	200	...	25 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	29 9 2	0	0	...	0 2 8	0	200	...	29 6 6	0 0 0
Cartner, Thomas,—legacy account of Mrs. E. Dyer, daughter of the deceased	19 Nov. 61	0	10700	...	296 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	224 4 8	0	10700	...	520 13 11	0	0	...	213 5 3	0	10700	...	307 8 8	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Mrs. Fanny Worcester, daughter of the deceased	......	0	10700	...	227 7 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	224 4 8	0	10700	...	451 11 9	0	0	...	213 5 3	0	10700	...	238 6 6	0 0 0

* Bengal Coal Company, Limited, shares. | † Oriental Jute Manufacturing Comdany, Limited, shares. | ‡ Moran Tea Company, Limited shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
C																							
Cartner, Thomas,—legacy account of Miss Alice Cartner, now Mrs. Boyd, daughter of the deceased	......	0	10700	...	237 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	206 4 8	0	10700	...	443 10 8	0	0	...	212 5 1	0	10700	...	231 5 7	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Miss F. Cartner, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	11700	...	290 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	208 6 0	0	11700	...	498 6 1	0	0	...	131 3 2	0	11700	...	267 2 11	0 0 0
——legacy account of Miss E. Cartner, now Mrs. Wise, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	10800	...	232 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	208 8 0	0	10800	...	440 11 10	0	0	...	214 5 1	0	10800	...	226 6 9	0 0 0
Catchick, Catchick Arratoon ...	18 Dec. 74	0	9700	...	617 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	164 1 8	0	9700	...	781 11 9	0	0	...	6 6 10	0	9700	...	775 4 11	0 0 0
Cator, Adrian Campbell ...	1891.	0	0	...	0 0 0	19 7 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	19 7 9
Cave, Mrs. Winifred ...	14 June 84	0	6900	...	264 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	144 10 8	0	6900	...	409 4 9	0	0	...	5 12 7	0	6900	...	403 8 2	0 0 0
Cawley, Catherine (a lunatic)	......	0	22800	...	349 1 3	0 0 0	0	600	...	869 10 0	0	23400	...	1218 11 3	0	0	...	1390 0 10	0	23400	...	0 0 0	171 5 7
Cercley, J. D.,—share account of Robert Cercley, one of the children of the deceased ...	Taken charge 6 Sept. 84	0	200	...	99 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	103 14 6	0	200	...	103 11 2	0	0	...	0 3 4	0 0 0
Chalmer, William Andrew...	9 May 7[illegible]	0	2700	...	232 14 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	56 13 0	0	2700	...	289 11 11	0	0	...	2 3 6	0	2700	...	287 8 5	0 0 0
Chalmers, Lieutenant Robert Allan ...	18 Aug. 88	0	0	...	3 5 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 5 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 5 8	0 0 0
Chapman, John ...	9 July 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	506 8 3	0	0	...	506 8 3	0	0	...	25 2 4	0	0	...	481 5 11	0 0 0
——, E. G. ...	18 Jan. 73	0	0	...	54 12 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 12 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 12 3	0 0 0
Chill, George Constable,—life-interest account of Mussamut Bhagbari ...	20 Dec. 70	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 12 4	0	0	...	6 12 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 12 4	0 0 0
Chinneaux, Jean Piere (new account) ...	12 June 51	0	1000	...	366 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	387 12 0	0	0	...	0 8 4	0	1000	...	387 3 8	0 0 0
Christien, Evenor,—legacy account of Mrs. A. D. Carr and children ...	13 Aug. 86	0	14700	...	36 13 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	294 0 0	0	14700	...	330 13 9	0	0	...	294 0 0	0	14700	...	36 13 9	0 0 0

———— ————, legacy account of the children of Frederick Christien ...	......	0	4900	...	93 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	103 1 8	0	4900	...	196 10 10	0	0	...	98 0 0	0	4900	...	98 10 10	0 0 0
Christian, John ...	4 Feb. 84	0	800	...	0 0 0	76 5 2	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 6	0	800	...	0 0 0	60 2 4
Christie, Henry,—legacy account of Miss A. C. Christie, only daughter of the deceased ...	5 Mar. 58	0	3400	...	151 9 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	43 0 4	0	3400	...	194 10 2	0	0	...	2 3 10	0	3400	...	192 6 4	0 0 0
Chuckerbutty, Dr. S. C. G.,—legacy account of Arthur G. Chuckerbutty, son of the deceased ...	17 Dec. 74	0	27000	...	921 13 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	2083 8 6	0	27000	...	3005 5 8	0	1500	...	3387 14 0	0	25500	...	0 0 0	382 9 2
——— ———, legacy account of Miss Martha G. Chuckerbutty, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	35200	...	476 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	692 0 0	0	35200	...	1168 1 4	0	0	...	310 12 5	0	35200	...	857 4 11	0 0 0
Clarke, Henry Hooper,—share account of two of the children of the deceased ...	5 April 77	0	200	...	45 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 3 4	0	200	...	46 1 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	200	...	46 1 2	0 0 0
———, Samuel Henry ...	Taken charge 21 Aug. 74	0	300	...	78 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	85 4 1	0	0	...	0 3 11	0	300	...	85 0 2	0 0 0
———, Henry Robert ...	5 Dec. 73	0	0	...	76 6 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	76 6 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	76 6 2	0 0 0
Clawering, Conductor Cary Calden Augustin ...	30 July 92	0	0	...	867 4 5	0 0 0	0	500	...	233 11 6	0	500	...	1100 15 11	0	0	...	754 7 3	0	500	...	346 8 8	0 0 0
Cochrane, James Church,—share account of C. Little, J. M. C. Little, and E. C. Little, nieces of the deceased ...	1 May 71	0	400	...	153 11 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	162 2 1	0	0	...	0 7 2	0	400	...	161 10 11	0 0 0
Cockburn, James ...	4 Sept. 83	0	0	...	25 7 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 7 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 7 10	0 0 0
Coddington, Colonel Fitzherbert ...	25 June 89	0	0	...	181 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	181 9 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	181 9 9	0 0 0
——— ———, share account of Eustace Coddington, son of the deceased ...	......	0	7500	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	7500	...	106 4 0	0	15000	...	106 4 0	0	7500	..	98 7 0	0	7500	...	7 13 0	0 0 0
Cohen, Solamoon Shumacon Dwek,—life-interest account of S. S. Cohen, daughter of the deceased	1 May 74	0	1100	...	5 7 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	323 2 4	0	1100	...	328 9 5	0	0	...	58 10 0	0	1100	...	269 15 5	0 0 0
Collaco, Mr. C. ...	18 July 92	0	1500	...	597 9 3	0 0 0	0	1000	...	2737 11 3	0	2500	...	3335 4 6	0	1500	...	3189 5 2	0	1000	...	145 15 4	0 0 0
———, Johnquin St. Ann ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2989 1 0	0	0	...	2989 1 0	0	0	...	2776 12 10	0	0	...	212 4 2	0 0 0
Colledge, Mrs. Nina Ida ...	10 April 88	0	2500	...	116 4 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 9 8	0	2500	...	168 14 1	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	2500	...	166 12 9	0 0 0
Collier, Harman Felix ..	21 Jan. 80	0	100	...	82 15 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	85 1 2	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	84 15 10	0 0 0
———, share account of Edwin Collier, half-brother of the deceased ...	......	0	400	...	157 7 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	165 14 6	0	0	...	0 7 2	0	400	...	165 7 4	0 0 0
Collins, Mrs. Ritta,—account of sundry legatees ...	10 Jan. 79	0	0	...	0 0 0	1 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	1 8 0
——— ——— ———life-interest account of Thomas Collins ...	......	0	9100	...	66 0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	197 12 8	0	9400	...	263 13 4	0	0	...	190 8 7	0	9400	...	73 4 9	0 0 0

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To credit. Rs. A. P.	To debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 30th June 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
C																							
Colvill, Lieutenant George Albert ...	9 Sept. 76	0	0	...	32 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 0 0	0 0 0
Comeley, Harbert ...	5 July 92	0	500	...	183 2 6	0 0 0	0	3000	...	5009 15 0	0	3500	...	5193 1 6	0	0	...	5237 8 7	0	3500	...	0 0 0	44 7 1
Condon, Henry Burgoyne,—share account of four nephews and nieces of the deceased ...	13 Aug. 80	0	800	...	315 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	800	...	316 11 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	800	...	316 11 3	0 0 0
Cones, Mrs. Mary,—share account of M. E. and A. M. Bellamy, grandchildren of the deceased ...	7 July 79	0	0	...	465 12 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	465 12 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	465 12 1	0 0 0
Conti, George Antoni ..	15 April 86	0	600	...	274 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	286 13 10	0	0	...	0 7 11	0	600	...	286 5 11	0 0 0
Cook, William ...	Taken charge. 23 Aug. 77	0	600	...	397 14 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	410 8 9	0	0	...	0 7 11	0	600	...	410 0 10	0 0 0
Cooke, George Cæsar,—account of G. V., F. M., and E. Cooke, three of the children of the deceased ...	15 Sept. 75	0	100	...	132 6 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	134 8 3	0	0	...	0 1 10	0	100	...	134 6 5	0 0 0
Cookson, Hugh Cecil ...	8 April 92	0	11500	10*	0 0 0	99 4 10	0	0	...	13275 10 5	0	11500	10*	13176 5 7	0	11500	10*	13176 5 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Coombs, Henry Augustus ...	27 Aug. 91	0	0	35†	306 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	839 15 0	0	0	35†	1146 8 0	0	0	35†	1146 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Coombes, Lieutenant and Quartermaster J. W. ...	14 Dec. 91	0	0	225‡	1710 7 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1775 13 0	0	0	225‡	3486 4 0	0	0	225‡	3486 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Sarah Theresa	18 Jan. 92	0	0	50§	0 0 0	112 1 9	0	0	75§	245 6 3	0	0	125§	133 4 6	0	0	125§	133 4 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Cooper, John ...	12 Dec. 37	0	1000	...	212 2 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	233 3 2	0	0	...	1 8 4	0	1000	...	231 10 10	0 0 0
Corcoran, Captain Isaac James,—legacy account of Miss T. Moran ...	24 Sept. 78	0	500	...	244 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	255 5 0	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	500	...	254 12 0	0 0 0
Cornelius, Charles, Junior,—legacy account of Patrick Joseph Lackersteen, grandson of the deceased ...	17 July 63	0	0	...	199 2 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	199 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	199 2 0	0 0 0

Cossins, W. H. ...	27 July 91	0	2500	...	354 1 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	2648 12 5	0	2500	...	3002 14 4	0	2500	...	2947 13 10	0	0	...	55 0 6	0 0 0
Cornelius, George Edward...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1304 6 10	0	0	...	1304 6 10	0	0	...	591 9 0	0	0	...	712 13 10	0 0 0
Cottom, Richard, share account of B. and T. R. Cottom, two of the children of the deceased ...	21 Nov. 76	0	500	...	0 0 0	22 2 4	0	0	...	0 11 8	0	500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 7 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	30 13 8
Courjon, Farge Archille ...	17 Dec. 85	0	0	...	24 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 15 0	0 0 0
Cosby, Lieutenant S. G. C.	23 Oct. 91	0	500	...	24 5 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	34 5 8	0	0	...	0 6 2	0	500	...	33 15 6	0 0 0
Courtenay, Francis Poljambe,—account of Miss L. B. Courtenay, the executrix and universal legatee under the will of the deceased ..	23 Sept. 73	0	0	119‡	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	5340 0 0	0	0	119‡	5340 0 0	0	0	...	5340 0 0	0	0	119‡	0 0 0	0 0 0
Coventry, Lieut.-Col. Charles	20 Dec. 79	0	0	...	60 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 0 0	0 0 0
———, life-interest account of Mrs. L. C. Santasilia, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	12900	...	8 1 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	258 0 0	0	12900	...	266 1 6	0	0	...	258 0 0	0	12900	...	8 1 6	0 0 0
Cowan, Mrs. S. M. ...	14 Nov. 91	0	0	...	384 4 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	384 4 10	0	0	...	384 4 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, legacy account of George Franklin Walton	......	0	900	...	37 10 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	137 9 7	0	900	...	175 4 1	0	0	...	0 8 10	0	900	...	174 11 3	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Harold Lancelot Frankum ...	......	0	900	...	37 10 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 0 0	0	900	...	55 10 6	0	0	...	0 8 10	0	900	...	55 1 8	0 6 0
———, legacy account of William Chester Dix ...	......	0	900	...	37 10 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 0 0	0	900	...	55 10 6	0	0	...	0 8 10	0	900	...	55 1 8	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Jane Jupe ...	......	0	500	...	19 8 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	544 1 1	0	500	...	563 9 7	0	500	...	563 9 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Cox, William (new account)	21 June 51	0	0	...	11 4 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 4 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 4 3	0 0 0
Crahley, Robert Godhib,—account of house No. 10, Chitpore Road ...	25 April 56	0	0	...	54 14 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 14 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 14 11	0 0 0
Crisp, Ralph ...	Taken charge 30 Jan. 80	0	100	...	34 0 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	36 1 10	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	36 0 6	0 0 0
Crookshank, Col. Arthur Chichester William ...	6 July 89	0	0	6‡	225 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	6‡	225 9 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	6‡	225 9 5	0 0 0
Crow, John Antonius ...	Taken charge 18 Mar. 88	0	500	....	44 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	55 6 8	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	500	...	55 0 1	0 0 0
———, M. ...	Power of Attorney.	0	100	...	66 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	68 15 7	0	0	...	0 2 5	0	100	...	68 13 2	0 0 0
Crowe, William Henry ...	30 June 86	0	4000	...	398 10 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	64 2 8	0	4000	...	462 13 7	0	0	...	2 7 5	0	4000	...	460 6 2	0 0 0
Cruise, Francis John ...	23 Jan. 80	0	1100	...	279 6 6	0 0 0	0	1100	...	15 11 5	0	2200	...	295 1 11	0	1100	...	0 9 6	0	1100	...	294 8 5	0 0 0
Crump, Joseph ...	27 May 71	0	18600	...	451 0 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	372 0 0	0	18600	...	823 0 11	0	0	...	362 6 4	0	18600	...	460 10 7	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Margaret Elizabeth,—legacy account of H. D. R. Sherman ...	24 Nov. 83	0	0	...	172 14 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 14 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 14 11	0 0 0
Cumming, Alexander ...	16 Jan. 88	0	800	...	101 1 5	0 0 9	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	..	117 14 9	0	0	...	0 10 6	0	800	...	117 4 3	0 0 0
Cunningham, Miss Amelia...	12 Mar. 91	0	4100	...	190 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	84 1 4	0	4100	...	275 0 2	0	0	...	3 6 2	0	4100	...	271 10 0	0 0 0
Currie, Thomas ...	15 May 81	0	900	...	96 5 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 15 0	0	900	...	116 4 11	0	0	...	0 11 10	0	900	...	114 9 1	0 0 0

* Simla, Municipal Debentures. | † Burkhola, Tea Company, Limited, shares. | ‡ Sundry shares. | § Bank of Upper India shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. Co.Rs.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Cash. To credit. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Cash. To debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. Co.Rs.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Total. Government Securities. Co.Rs.	Total. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Total. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 30th June 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Payments from 1st July to 30th June 1892. Government Securities. Co.Rs.	Payments from 1st July to 30th June 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Payments from 1st July to 30th June 1892. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. Co.Rs.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
C																							
Curtis, James Falconer,—share account of G. M. Curtis, daughter of the deceased ...	5 Aug. 81	0	6200	...	33 8 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	130 7 4	0	6200	...	163 15 5	0	0	...	130 7 4	0	6200	...	33 8 1	0 0 0
——, share account of S. M. Curtis, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	6200	...	33 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	130 7 4	0	6200	...	163 15 4	0	0	...	130 7 4	0	6200	...	33 8 0	0 0 0
Coxhead, T. E. ...	16 Sept. 90	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 4 8	0	0	...	7 4 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 4 8	0 0 0
D																							
Dacosta, John Simon ...	7 Jan. 89	0	0	...	14 1 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 1 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 1 11	0 0 0
——, share account of Miss S. L. F. Dacosta ...	......	0	0	...	113 5 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	480 0 0	0	0	...	593 5 0	0	0	...	531 10 8	0	0	...	61 10 4	0 0 0
——, account of life-interest of Miss S. L. F. Dacosta ...	......	0	73000	...	239 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	232 0 0	0	73000	...	471 14 1	0	0	...	1218 10 3	0	73000	...	0 0 0	746 12 2
——, life-interest account of Mrs. S. V. Dacosta, now Mrs. Lafargue ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	155 12 11	0	0	...	1380 0 0	0	0	...	1224 3 1	0	0	...	954 10 6	0	0	...	269 8 7	0 0 0
DaBrew, Louis ...	10 Mar. 76	0	2500	...	361 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	2690 3 8	0	2500	...	3052 1 7	0	2500	...	243 13 11	0	0	...	2808 3 8	0 0 0
DeAbrew, Joas (new account)	......	0	600	...	257 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	270 9 3	0	0	...	0 5 2	0	600	...	270 4 1	0 0 0
DeCosta, Mrs. Mary Anne	Taken charge 23 July 74	0	400	...	93 15 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	102 5 10	0	0	...	0 5 3	0	400	...	102 0 7	0 0 0
DeCruz, Charles,—life-interest account of James Ellison, Junior ...	11 April 88	0	15200	...	76 10 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	304 0 0	0	15200	...	380 10 8	0	0	...	304 0 0	0	15200	...	76 10 8	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Miss M. Ellison ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 9 8	0	0	...	2 9 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 9 8	0 0 0
Delan, Peter ...	......	0	0	...	81 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	81 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	81 13 4	0 0 0
D'Silva, John Crispin ...	8 Jan. 79	0	0	...	28 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 12 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 12 2	0 0 0

deSilva, Claudia Iguacia ...	31 May 78	0	100	...	29 14 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 0 8	0	100	...	32 15 3	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	32 13 11	0 0 0
DeSilva, Domingo ...	15 July 48	0	3700	...	513 0 8	0 0 0	0	500	...	87 13 0	0	4200	...	600 14 4	0	0	...	537 2 6	0	4200	...	63 11 10	0 0 0
———, Manuel ...	24 June 45	0	1300	...	268 10 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 5 8	0	1300	...	296 0 5	0	0	...	2 15 8	0	1300	...	293 0 9	0 0 0
DeSouza, Count,—account of the executrix Countess Maria Louisa D'Souza ...	19 Feb. 81	0	0	...	3216 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	13176 6 0	0	0	...	16393 5 3	0	0	...	14174 9 3	0	0	...	2218 12 0	0 0 0
deWet, Mrs. Paultrie Henrietta ...	10 Mar. 80	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 10	0	0	...	6 4 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 10	0 0 0
Dalgleish, Andrew ...	19 Dec. 88	0	0	...	7 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 13 0	0 0 0
Dalton, Lieut.-Colonel Denis Harman,—account of the trustees of the marriage settlement of Mary Charlotte Thunder ...	11 Nov. 39	0	0	...	9 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 11 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 11 0	0 0 0
Daly, Sergeant John,—share account of the children ...	8 Mar. 65	0	200	...	105 6 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	109 9 9	0	0	...	0 3 7	0	200	...	109 6 2	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Briget,—share account of Mrs. Mary Anne Smith ...	31 May 74	0	2500	...	367 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 9 8	0	2500	...	420 8 4	0	0	...	2 12 10	0	2500	...	417 11 6	0 0 0
——, James Brien,—share account of Miss M. J. Christian Daly, daughter of the deceased ...	28 April 76	0	16100	...	210 4 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	322 0 0	0	16100	...	532 4 9	0	0	...	322 0 0	0	16100	...	210 4 9	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Briget,—share account of Mrs. C. J. Donovan ...	31 May 74	0	800	...	129 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	...	146 1 8	0	0	...	0 14 4	0	800	...	145 3 4	0 0 0
Danniell, Lieutenant Charles Astell ...	28 April 76	0	200	...	164 10 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	168 13 10	0	0	...	0 2 8	0	200	...	168 11 2	0 0 0
Davey, Nicholas Thomas ...	29 May 71	0	100	...	104 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	106 4 8	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	106 3 4	0 0 0
Davidson, Ensign John Tierney ...	31 Aug. 68	0	400	...	109 4 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	117 11 7	0	0	...	0 5 3	0	400	...	117 6 4	0 0 0
———, J. E.,—share account of L. Davidson, only child of the deceased ...	Taken charge 30 April 76	0	300	...	62 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	68 9 8	0	0	...	0 5 5	0	300	...	68 4 3	0 0 0
Davies, Charles Edmond ...	11 Mar. 92	0	0	...	6671 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 12 4	0	0	...	6680 9 11	0	0	...	4606 12 6	0	0	...	2073 13 5	0 0 0
Davis, Miss Mary (new account) ...	1 Sept. 53	0	1500	...	127 11 1	0 0 0	0	500	...	28 2 10	0	2000	...	155 13 11	0	500	...	0 11 3	0	1500	...	155 2 8	0 0 0
Davison, George,—share account of the three children of the deceased ...	12 Jan. 83	0	1200	...	76 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 4 0	0	1200	...	101 4 0	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	77 4 0	0 0 0
DeDomball, Mrs. S. Mary Durup ...	13 Dec. 78	0	0	...	29 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 6 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 6 0	0 0 0
———, Michael Durup	......	0	100	...	91 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	93 15 7	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	93 14 3	0 0 0
Deakins, Surgeon-Major C. W. S. ...	22 April 90	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 14 4	0	0	...	4 14 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 14 4	0 0 0
Dear, Hershell ...	14 Nov. 87	0	1281300	29*	4457 5 7	0 0 0	0	26000	...	54496 0 3	0	1307300	29*	58953 5 10	0	1000	...	55481 9 7	0	1306300	29*	3471 12 3	0 0 0
Delamain, Captain John William ...	......	0	100	...	64 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	66 12 0	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	66 10 8	0 0 0
DeLatrieta, Don Caledonia...	31 May 78	0	11700	...	386 11 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	179 10 8	0	11700	...	566 6 2	0	11700	...	379 13 7	0	0	...	186 8 7	0 0 0
DeMello, Gabriel ...	......	0	0	...	127 3 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	127 8 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	127 3 3	0 0 0

* Monghyr Recreation Company shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892.					Receipts up to 30th December 1892.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892.				Balance on 31st December 1892.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
D																							
Demetrides, Mrs. Ellen ...	Taken charge 26 June 78	0	300	...	95 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	101 5 0	0	0	...	0 3 11	0	300	...	101 1 1	0 0 0
Dennis, Lieutenant Adolphus Lambert ...	23 Feb. 77	0	300	...	270 12 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	277 1 1	0	0	...	0 3 11	0	300	...	276 13 2	0 0 0
Denton, Miss Mary Hollier, —life-interest of Bibee Peanah ...	29 May 41	0	5600	...	557 7 6	0 0 0	0	0	500	55 13 4	0	6100	...	613 4 10	0	0	...	544 0 2	0	6100	...	69 4 8	0 0 0
Deverell, Henry George ...	27 Nov. 84	0	0	...	7 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 4 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 4 8	0 0 0
Dickens, Sarah Emmaline	Taken charge 19 Nov. 84	0	0	...	11 8 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 8 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 8 3	0 0 0
Dickie, James ...	20 Aug. 87	0	0	...	167 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	167 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	167 10 4	0 0 0
Dixon, William,—legacy account of James Hume Keys .	1 June 75	0	0	...	19 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 11 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 11 0	0 0 0
Dodsworth, Henry Thomas	30 May 65	0	400	...	74 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	82 9 1	0	0	...	0 5 3	0	400	...	82 3 10	0 0 0
———, Miss Mary ...	8 Feb. 73	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 14 4	0	0	...	4 14 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 14 4	0 0 0
———, Lieutenant-Col. W. F. ...	4 Oct. 90	0	12900	...	428 0 0	0 0 0	0	500	...	360 12 8	0	13400	...	788 12 8	0	0	...	552 15 1	0	13400	...	235 13 7	0 0 0
Donohoe, William ...	4 Feb. 70	0	0	...	21 4 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 4 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 4 2	0 0 0
Dowdeswell, Thomas ...	1889	0	0	...	0 0 0	19 10 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	19 10 11
Douglas, John Christie ...	11 June 88	0	0	...	18 11 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 11 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 11 6	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Amelia Macdonald ...	8 Feb. 89	0	500	...	31 11 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	42 3 9	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	500	...	41 13 2	0 0 0
———, Miss Flora Macdonald ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	5 6 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 6 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 6 8	0 0 0
Dow, John Duncan ...	1 Feb. 71	0	0	...	163 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	163 2 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	163 2 1	0 0 0
Drew, Thomas ...	24 Aug. 81	0	13800	...	268 14 3	0 0 0	0	1500	...	265 11 0	0	15300	...	534 9 3	0	1500	...	11 1 1	0	13800	...	523 8 2	0 0 0
Driver, Sergeant George ...	......	0	0	...	1 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 12 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 12 4	0 0 0
Duke, Charles John Asheton ...	22 Aug. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	16200	...	19471 6 10	0	16200	...	19471 6 10	0	0	...	17896 13 4	0	16200	...	1574 9 6	0 0 0
Dunlop, C. B. ...	22 Feb. 92	0	0	...	172 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	1*	25482 6 6	0	0	1*	25654 13 11	0	0	1*	25557 12 1	0	0	...	97 1 10	0 0 0
Dunn, Thomas ...	30 June 68	0	0	...	6 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 9 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 9 0	0 0 0

Dunne, Richard ...	9 Sept. 68	0	2500	...	379 14 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 9 8	0	2500	...	402 7 10	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	2500	...	401 10 6	0 0 0
——, Michael Patrick,—account of zamindari at Shumshabad ...	18 Feb. 80	0	0	...	0 0 0	2 14 0	0	0	...	2999 12 0	0	0	...	2996 14 0	0	0	...	45 3 7	0	0	...	2951 10 5	0 0 0
——, Simon ...	22 May 84	0	0	...	6 0 0	689 2 7	0	0	...	1749 11 0	0	0	...	1060 8 5	0	0	...	1036 0 0	0	0	...	24 8 5	0 0 0
——, Mrs. S. ...	28 Nov. 91	0	0	...	30 8 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	359 13 0	0	0	...	390 5 6	0	0	...	185 0 0	0	0	...	205 5 6	0 0 0
E																							
Eaton, W. ...	Taken charge 16 Dec. 74	0	0	...	17 4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 4 0	0 0 0
Erens, Dr. M. F. J. ...	Taken charge 17 Nov. 79	0	0	...	81 10 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 10 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	81 10 11	0 0 0
Eckford, Ensign R., of 10th N. I. ...	5 Aug. 75	0	200	...	123 11 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	127 14 11	0	0	...	0 2 8	0	200	...	127 12 3	0 0 0
——, Major John,—share account of A. B. Eckford, son of the deceased ...	7 Jan. 82	0	10600	294†	89 5 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	143 0 8	0	10600	294†	232 6 5	0	0	...	207 8 3	0	10600	294†	24 14 2	0 0 0
——, share account of Mrs. E. G. Eckford, widow of the deceased ...	......	0	0	147†	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	147†	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	147†	0 0 0	0 0 0
Eden, Hon'ble Sir Ashley, K.C.S.I. ...	9 Feb. 88	0	0	48‡	289 13 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	48‡	289 13 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	48‡	289 13 3	0 0 0
Edmond, Revd. James ...	8 June 76	0	600	...	278 15 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	291 9 7	0	0	...	0 7 11	0	600	...	291 1 8	0 0 0
——, James Morrison ...	22 Mar. 84	0	0	...	11 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 12 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 12 4	0 0 0
Egerton, William Henry ...	23 Nov. 89	0	0	...	75 12 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	75 12 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	75 12 1	0 0 0
Ellerker, Mrs. Dorothing ...	1 July 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	4500	...	20095 7 6	0	4500	...	20095 7 6	0	0	...	19413 11 8	0	4500	...	681 11 10	0 0 0
Ellis, Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur ...	6 Sept. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	499 15 0	0	0	...	499 15 0	0	0	...	499 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Edward Smith ...	12 Sept. 84	0	19500	...	415 6 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	378 0 0	0	19500	...	793 6 10	0	0	...	16 12 3	0	19500	...	776 10 7	0 0 0
——, Robert ...	13 Sept. 88	0	0	...	4 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 6 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 6 0	0 0 0
Elizabeth, Mrs. Grace ...	27 Mar. 37	0	37500	...	1172 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	698 0 0	0	37500	...	1870 11 0	0	0	...	53 1 3	0	37500	...	1817 9 9	0 0 0
Ephraim, Arton Joseph ...	21 Jan. 78	0	0	...	19 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 14 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 14 8	0 0 0
——, account life-interest for Shaik Khodabux and his wife	......	0	1800	...	300 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 14 0	0	1800	...	338 1 11	0	0	...	2 0 4	0	1800	...	336 1 7	0 0 0
——, account of the poor and needy members of the Armenian Church of Calcutta ...	......	0	1500	...	133 6 4	0 0 0	0	1000	...	23 2 0	0	2500	...	156 8 4	0	1000	...	1 4 9	0	1500	...	165 3 7	0 0 0
Etridge, G. A. ...	23 Mar. 91	0	0	...	2 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 0 0	0	0	...	2 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Henry William Etridge, brother of the deceased ..	......	0	0	...	475 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	457 12 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	457 12 2	0 0 0
Etty, Elizabeth Leal ...	9 June 74	1000	0	...	0 0 0	428 6 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	1000	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	1000	0	...	0 0 0	428 6 1
Ezekiel, Sally Solomon ..	12 Sept. 67	0	400	...	225 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	233 6 8	0	0	...	0 5 3	0	400	...	233 1 5	0 0 0
——, Judah *...	18 April 84	0	10700	...	4309 4 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	4319 0 0	0	10700	...	8628 4 1	0	0	...	7573 5 3	0	10700	...	1054 14 10	0 0 0

* Calcutta Swimming Bath Debenture, shares. | † Dheeradoon Tea Company shares. | ‡ Sallm Tea Company, Limited, shares.

B.

ESTATES	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892.					Receipts up to 30th December 1892.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892.				Balance on 31st December 1892.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
F																							
Fagan, Christopher Weston,—share account of Mrs. H. E. Fagan ...	23 Jan. 57	0	73000	...	876 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	620 0 0	0	73000	...	1496 12 2	0	0	...	1412 14 10	0	73000	...	83 13 4	0 0 0
——, share account of Miss Margaret A. Fagan	......	0	49700	...	240 9 4	0 0 0	0	1000	...	567 2 0	0	50700	...	807 11 4	0	1000	...	963 9 5	0	49700	...	0 0 0	155 14 1
——, share account of Miss Eleanor Fagan ...	......	0	49700	...	51 13 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	502 0 0	0	49700	...	553 13 6	0	0	...	966 6 10	0	49700	...	0 0 0	412 9 4
——, share account of Christopher W. Fagan ...	......	0	0	...	21 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 11 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 11 2	0 0 0
——, James Norman ...	Taken charge 6 June 79	0	0	...	165 5 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	165 5 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	165 5 9	0 0 0
Fairey, William ...	26 Aug. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2713 0 0	0	0	...	2713 0 0	0	0	...	2713 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Fairweather, Jane,—account of life-interest for Mrs. Eliza Jane Fairweather ...	9 May 58	0	20500	...	119 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	..	290 0 0	0	20500	...	409 1 10	0	0	...	403 4 5	0	20500	...	5 13 5	0 0 0
——, George Augustus	17 Dec. 84	0	0	...	12 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0 0 0
Falcon, R. ...	Taken charge 10 Aug. 67	0	0	...	11 13 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 13 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 13 2	0 0 0
Falkner, George ...	4 June 81	0	0	...	81 0 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	81 0 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	81 0 9	0 0 0
Fallon, Miss M D. ...	16 Sept. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	576 4 6	0	0	...	576 4 6	0	0	...	475 0 9	0	0	...	101 3 9	0 0 0
——, Samuel William ...	22 Aug. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	16500	...	841 0 6	0	16500	...	841 0 6	0	0	...	979 3 10	0	16500	...	0 0 0	138 3 4
Farrer, Colonel A. ..	16 Sept. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	100*	1100 0 0	0	0	100*	1100 0 0	0	0	100*	1001 9 11	0	0	...	98 6 1	0 0 0
Faucus, John ...	......	0	0	...	11 7 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 7 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 7 9	0 0 0
Fedden, Francis ...	21 Sept. 88	0	0	...	4 11 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 11 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 11 5	0 0 0
Fegredo, Joseph ...	9 Mar. 68	0	0	...	26 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 4 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 4 4	0 0 0
Fellowes, George Player Butler,—share account of F. B. Fellowes ...	30 June 87	0	0	...	4 1 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 1 0	0 0 0
Fenn, Samuel ...	24 Nov. 68	0	11500	...	0 0 0	13 13 10	0	0	...	229 4 0	0	11500	...	215 6 2	0	0	...	9 1 5	0	11500	...	206 4 9	0 0 0
Fenwick, Horace B,—share account of the three children of the deceased ...	13 May 87	0	700	...	61 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	15 2 4	0	700	...	76 11 10	0	0	...	0 12 7	0	700	...	75 15 3	0 0 0

Ferrao, Mrs. Rosalia Abrew ...	15 April 32	0	500	...	236 7 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	246 7 9	0	0	...	0 12 2	0	500	...	245 11 7	0 0 0
Ferris, John,—legacy account of George John Ferris and Catherine Hannah Ferris ...	30 Sept. 76	0	0	...	5 5 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 5 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 5 0	0 0 0
Field, George Wadding ...	5 Dec. 81	0	12200	..	0 0 0	278 4 1	0	0	...	256 11 4	0	12200	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	223 5 10	0	12200	...	0 0 0	244 14 7
Fincham, Mrs. Margaret ...	18 June 91	0	0	15½†	240 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	348 12 0	0	0	15½†	589 8 0	0	0	15½†	589 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Finney, Robert,—legacy account of Miss A. J. C. S. Janson, grand-daughter of the deceased ...	6 April 86	0	4600	...	175 0 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	86 12 8	0	4600	...	261 13 6	0	0	...	4 9 7	0	4600	...	257 3 11	0 0 0
———, Miss Catherine Amelia ...	11 June 85	0	0	...	3 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 0 0	0 0 0
Firth, Henry Alexander,—share account of Miss M. Firth ...	Taken charge 10 Mar. 73	0	0	...	267 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	167 3 10	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	0	...	267 3 10	0 0 0
Fisher, James,—share account of Joseph Fisher ...	25 Nov. 69	0	500	...	139 8 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 6 8	0	500	...	149 14 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	149 5 9	0 0 0
FitzGerald, Edmond,—share account of Miss Catherine Mary and Joana FitzGerald, daughters of the deceased ...	7 Feb. 71	0	300	...	167 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	174 0 0	0	0	...	0 5 5	0	300	...	173 10 7	0 0 0
Fitz Patrick, Miss Anne,—life-interest account of Miss Fanny Jane Pearson ...	3 May 86	0	15000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	300 0 0	0	15000	...	300 0 0	0	0	...	300 0 0	0	15000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Forbes, John Hinton,—share account of Henry William and Mary Forbes, nephew and niece of the deceased ..	30 May 84	0	0	...	78 3 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	78 3 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	78 3 8	0 0 0
———, Oswald Eric Stewart ...	2 Aug. 81	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0
———, Frederick Sims ...	24 Mar. 91	0	0	...	0 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 15 0	0 0 0
———, share account of Aiteen Agnes Forbes, only child of the deceased ...	......	0	3100	...	81 15 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 0 0	0	3100	...	143 15 4	0	0	...	59 7 0	0	3100	...	84 8 4	0 0 0
Forrest, James ..	27 Aug. 85	0	0	...	4 0 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 0 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 0 2	0 0 0
Forster, Mrs. N.,—account of the repairs of the monument ...	19 June 83	0	0	...	5 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 11 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 11 8	0 0 0
Forsyth, W. E. H.,—account of Mrs. E. C. Forsyth, the widow and universal legatee under the will of the deceased ...	10 Mar. 81	0	0	...	4 5 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 5 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 5 4	0 0 0
Francis, Antonio Louis ...	18 Nov. 78	0	25400	...	13 8 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	508 0 0	0	25400	..	521 8 9	0	0	...	417 14 6	0	25400	...	103 10 3	0 0 0
———, Harry ...	1 July 87	0	1100	...	285 4 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	23 2 4	0	1100	...	308 7 1	0	0	...	0 14 8	0	1100	...	307 8 5	0 0 0
———, Conductor R. ..	24 Aug. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	487 10 7	0	0	..	487 10 7	0	0	...	36 3 6	0	0	...	451 7 1	0 0 0

* Holta Tea Company shares. † Bank of Bengal shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
F																							
Franklin, John Edward William ...	12 Nov. 73	0	1900	...	504 7 3	0 0 0	0	1400	...	43 14 4	0	3300	...	548 5 7	0	900	...	529 10 10	0	2400	...	18 10 9	0 0 0
Fraser, Simon John Ross,—share account of Simon John Coulter Fraser ...	14 Dec. 75	0	2200	...	65 7 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 4 8	0	2200	...	111 12 3	0	0	...	44 0 0	0	2200	...	67 12 3	0 0 0
———, share account of James Sherris Fraser ...	Ditto ...	0	2200	...	65 7 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 4 8	0	2200	...	111 12 3	0	0	...	44 0 0	0	2200	...	67 12 3	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Elizabeth,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	9 Sept. 80	0	0	...	2 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 6 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 6 4	0 0 0
———, share account of Lizzie Fraser ...	......	0	700	...	115 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	700	...	130 9 8	0	0	...	0 12 7	0	700	...	129 13 1	0 0 0
Freeander, Robert Vear ...	23 Nov. 69	0	0	...	7 8 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	7 8 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 8 1	0 0 0
Fulton, Mrs. Lydia,—account for the repairs of monument ...	9 Nov. 48	0	5700	...	437 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	114 0 0	0	5700	...	551 6 11	0	0	...	9 10 8	0	5700	...	541 12 3	0 0 0
G																							
Gabriel, Gabriel Ezra ...	12 Feb. 86	0	0	...	16 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 5	0 0 0
Gaisford, Dr. M.,—life-interest account of Major Gilbert Gaisford ...	17 June 89	0	20000	...	781 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	20000	...	781 11 8	0	0	...	754 2 8	0	20000	...	27 9 0	0 0 0
Gallagher, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	10 Aug. 70	0	0	...	58 3 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	58 3 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	58 3 9	0 0 0
Galstaun, Mackertich Johannes,—share account of the four children of the deceased ...	30 June 86	0	0	...	418 12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	418 12 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	418 12 5	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Ketty ...	5 June 88	0	7300	...	37 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	153 1 4	0	7300	...	190 4 4	0	0	...	6 1 2	0	7300	...	184 3 2	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Catherine ...	......	0	1300	...	142 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 5 8	0	1300	...	170 3 7	0	0	...	1 1 3	0	1300	...	169 2 4	0 0 0
Gardner, Seth,—share account of Christopher Gardner, son of the deceased ...	10 May 72	0	0	...	105 8 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	105 8 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	105 8 3	0 0 0

———, share account of Jessie Frederick Gardner, daughter of the deceased	......	0	0	...	105 8 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	105 8 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	105 8 3	0 0 0
———, share account of Charles Henry Francis Gardner, son of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	211 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	211 0 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	211 0 6	0 0 0
———, share account of Esther Mary Graham Gardner, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	211 0 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	211 0 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	211 0 7	0 0 0
———, Captain Thomas Shungsby ...	1 June 91	0	89500	8*	1544 0 4	0 0 0	0	500	...	276 14 9	0	91000	8*	1820 15 1	0	0	...	2083 7 11	0	91000	8*	0 0 0	262 8 10
Garrett, Robert Birch,—share account of Mrs. H. E. Garrett ...	8 Sept. 58	0	37700	...	429 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	512 0 0	0	37700	...	941 3 11	0	0	...	747 13 8	0	37700	...	193 6 3	0 0 0
Gasper, Malcolm Peter ...	20 June 91	0	41800	100†	345 8 3	0 0 0	0	800	...	2154 2 9	0	42100	100†	2499 11 0	0	0	...	1896 12 10	0	42100	100†	602 14 2	0 0 0
Gawen, Rev. James,—share account of Emily Gawen, only child of the deceased	14 Aug. 76	0	0	...	12 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 13 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 13 8	0 0 0
Gelhard, Ludwig ..	24 Aug. 85	0	2400	...	424 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 8 0	0	2400	...	475 5 11	0	0	...	1 15 11	0	2400	...	473 6 0	0 0 0
George, Mrs. Rose Elizabeth ...	6 Feb. 83	0	7900	...	47 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	166 3 8	0	7900	...	213 9 6	0	0	...	152 2 4	0	7900	...	61 7 2	0 0 0
———, James Stullie Henry	3 Sept. 87	0	0	...	4 11 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 11 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 11 6	0 0 0
Gibb, Colonel J. Shaw ...	17 Feb. 77	0	3900	...	0 0 0	370 14 9	0	0	...	4216 4 2	0	3900	...	3846 5 5	0	3900	...	1957 2 6	0	0	...	1888 2 11	0 0 0
——, Sergeant William ..	18 Jan. 75	0	0	...	19 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 11 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 11 2	0 0 0
Gibbon, Mrs. Mary ...	20 April 90	0	0	...	236 13 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	236 13 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	236 13 5	0 0 0
Gibbons, John Alexander ...	10 June 90	0	0	...	150 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	607 14 0	0	0	...	757 14 0	0	0	...	595 14 0	0	0	...	162 0 0	0 0 0
———, life-interest account of Miss Blanche Stewart, niece of the deceased ...	....	0	0	4300‡	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	4300‡	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	4300‡	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, life-interest account of Miss Mary Gibbons, sister of the deceased ...	......	0	0	537§	49 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	537§	49 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	537§	49 15 0	0 0 0
Gibson, Sub-Conductor James,—share account of the four children ...	24 Feb. 69	0	2300	...	283 8 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 7 2	0	2300	...	292 0 1	0	0	...	1 7 4	0	2300	...	290 8 9	0 0 0
Gilbanks, Jonathan Cremtor	11 Sept. 88	0	0	...	9 9 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 9 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 9 4	0 0 0
Gilchrist, Mrs. Caroline Rose Harriet, share account of Miss E. L. R. Gilchrist ..	13 Jan. 85	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 12 4	0	0	...	1 12 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 12 4	0 0 0
•———, share account of Miss A. M. Gilchrist ...	......	0	1700	...	216 6 10	0 0 0	0	0		0 0 0	0	1700	...	252 3 2	0	0	...	135 13 6	0	1700	...	116 5 8	0 0 0
Gillham, George H. ...	Taken charge 14 April 90	0	0	...	17 15 11	0 0 0	0	0		35 12 4	0	0	...	17 15 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 15 11	0 0 0
Gillman, John ...	17 Nov. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	105000	15‡	0 0 0	0	105000	15‡	8258 11 6	0	0	...	5898 14 10	0	105000	15‡	2839 12 8	0 0 0
Gœbbels, Carl Joseph ...	6 April 79	0	2000	...	175 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	8293 11 6	0	2000	...	217 10 7	0	0	...	1 10 6	0	2000	...	216 0 1	0 0 0
Gomes, Domingo, Pensioner	16 Dec. 74	0	0	...	7 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 1 4	0	0	...	7 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 10 4	0 0 0

33

* Reliance Gold Syndicate Company, Limited, shares. | † Amicable Insurance Office shares. | ‡ Sundry shares. | § Jaboka Tea Company, Limited, shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Cash. To credit. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Cash. To debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Total. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Total. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Total. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
G																							
Goode, Mrs. Henrietta,—legacy account of Alice Maitland ...	10 Mar. 60	0	5600	...	328 15 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	117 13 4	0	5600	...	446 12 8	0	0	...	7 4 5	0	5600	...	439 8 3	0 0 0
———, Charles Bowelsworth	14 Sept. 68	0	5300	...	214 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	111 0 0	0	5300	...	325 6 0	0	0	...	5 6 9	0	5300	...	319 15 3	0 0 0
Gordon, Edward ...	21 Mar. 71	0	1400	...	500 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 7 4	0	1400	...	512 2 6	0	0	...	1 6 11	0	1400	...	510 11 7	0 0 0
———, John ...	28 Jan. 76	0	0	...	8 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 0 0	0 0 0
———, share account of William Spencer, Charles William Webster, B. Mary Barbara, Martha Helen and Eva Florence Gordon, children of the deceased, pre-deceased brother William Gordon ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	27 10 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 10 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 10 6	0 0 0
Gorman, Miss Emily ...	27 June 88	0	800	...	94 1 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	...	110 14 9	0	0	...	0 10 7	0	800	...	110 4 2	0 0 0
———, Miss Lucy ...	Ditto ...	0	800	...	91 13 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	...	108 11 3	0	0	...	0 10 7	0	800	...	108 0 8	0 0 0
Gostling, Robert,—share account of Walter John Gostling, son of the deceased ...	17 Sept. 77	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 3 8	0	0	...	3 3 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 3 8	0 0 0
Gould, Charles ...	13 May 91	0	0	...	17 8 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 8 6	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	0	...	16 8 6	0 0 0
Goutiere, Antonio Fortune ...	6 Mar. 57	0	1100	...	83 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	23 2 4	0	1100	...	106 12 5	0	0	...	0 14 8	0	1100	...	105 13 9	0 0 0
Grace, George,—legacy account of Maggie Grace, daughter of the deceased	7 Jan. 78	0	0	...	5 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 4 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 4 6	0 0 0
Graham, Lieutenant-Colonel Charles ...	22 Dec. 84	0	9800	...	6 8 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	195 11 0	0	9800	...	202 3 5	0	0	...	7 11 11	0	9800	...	194 7 6	0 0 0
Grant, Charles ...	......	0	0	...	92 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	92 2 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	92 2 1	0 0 0
Gray, Dr. H. A. C. ...	......	0	0	...	2 8 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 8 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 8 5	0 0 0
Gregg, J. A. ...	2 April 89	0	3300	...	0 0 0	48 2 8	0	0	...	657 10 8	0	3300	...	609 8 0	0	0	...	11 13 6	0	3300	...	597 10 6	0 0 0
Green, Mrs. Anna Maria ...	14 Feb. 77	0	11800	...	290 1 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	183 4 0	0	11800	...	473 5 0	0	0	11800	462 1 0	0	0	...	11 4 0	0 0 0
———, Colonel J. H. ...	5 Aug. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	15700	...	17371 5 6	0	15700	...	17371 5 6	0	0	...	17219 2 0	0	15700	...	152 3 6	0 0 0

Greenberg, Mrs. Hannah ...	26 June 90	0	6900	...	60 15 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	139 9 0	0	6900	...	200 8 6	0	0	...	5 11 11	0	6900	...	194 12 7	0 0 0
Greene, Captain J. C. ...	10 May 80	0	0	...	7 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 0 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 0 6	0 0 0
Greenaway, Captain Sidney George Cumberland,—share account of L. M. and M. C. Greenaway ...	9 Jan. 83	0	7300	...	163 4 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	153 9 8	0	7300	...	316 13 11	0	0	...	146 0 0	0	7300	...	170 13 11	0 0 0
Greenway, William Farquherson,—share account of Mrs. H. M. Taylor, sister of the deceased ...	29 July 63	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Ann Eliza (new account) ...	12 July 86	0	900	...	347 0 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 15 0	0	900	...	365 15 3	0	0	...	0 7 8	0	900	...	365 7 7	0 0 0
——, Francis Edward,—share account of Mrs. E. G. Templeton, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	302 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	302 12 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	302 12 0	0 0 0
——, share account of J. A. Greenway, son of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	302 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	302 12 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	302 12 0	0 0 0
——, share account of A. A. A. Greenway, son of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	302 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	302 12 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	302 12 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Mrs. Rose Ann Grieve ...	......	0	0	...	302 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	302 12 0	0	0	...	302 12 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Gregor, W. ...	Taken charge 6 Oct. 73	0	0	...	20 14 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 14 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 14 2	0 0 0
Greenway, Samuel Richard	6 July 81	0	0	...	3 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 12 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 12 2	0 0 0
——, share account of Mrs. H. M. Taylor, sister of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 11 4	0	0	...	2 11 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 11 4	0 0 0
——, share account of George Foley Greenway, brother of the deceased ...	... ..	0	0	...	2 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 11 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 11 4	0 0 0
Grose, Mrs. E. ...	25 Mar. 92	0	1000	...	0 0 0	87 15 4	0	0	...	807 5 3	0	1000	...	719 5 11	0	0	...	519 2 0	0	1000	...	200 3 11	0 0 0
Guy, A. B. ...	16 Mar. 88	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 11 8	0	0	...	0 11 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 11 8	0 0 0
H																							
Haldon, Henry ...	Jan. 80	0	7000	...	223 8 4	0 0 0	0	6500	...	92 9 8	0	13500	...	316 2 0	0	13500	...	179 11 7	0	0	...	136 6 5	0 0 0
Hall, Godfrey ...	17 Dec. 82	0	0	...	59 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	59 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	59 0 0	0 0 0
Halliday, Dr. Alexander,—trust for Miss Jane Smith, new account ...	3 Jan. 55	0	15900	...	0 0 0	715 9 11	0	500	...	1712 5 10	0	16400	...	996 11 11	0	1300	...	964 4 7	0	15100	..	32 7 4	0 0 0
———, trust for Miss Mary Smith, now Mrs. Dixon, new account ...	......	0	10600	...	159 10 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	223 0 8	0	10600	...	382 11 4	0	0	...	5 10 10	0	10600	...	377 0 6	0 0 0
Hamilton, Hon'ble Mrs. Marcellina,—legacy account of Mrs. M. H. Cleave and children ...	3 Dec. 73	0	7100	...	254 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 6 4	0	7100	...	283 6 9	0	0	...	135 4 5	0	7100	...	148 2 4	0 0 0

B.

ESTATES	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
H																							
Hamilton, Hon'ble Mrs. Marcellina—, legacy account of Roman Catholic Church of Calcutta ...	......	0	2000	...	139 8 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 1 4	0	2000	...	181 9 6	0	0	...	81 0 8	0	2000	...	100 8 10	0 0 0
———, Captain Joseph ...	17 Dec. 72	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0
Hammond, Henry,—share account of Harry Hammond, son of the deceased ...	14 Sept. 69	0	0	...	4 1 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 1 0	0 0 0
Hanson, G.—share account of Miss J. L. Hanson ...	10 May 89	0	8500	...	16 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	178 13 8	0	8500	..	195 11 7	0	0	...	171 13 8	0	8500	...	66 13 11	0 0 0
Hampton, Charles James ...	17 April 79	0	0	...	0 0 0	3 8 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	3 8 3
Haram, Mrs. Elizabeth, share account of Robert Haram ...	7 Oct. 71	0	2500	...	272 15 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 9 8	0	2500	...	315 9 4	0	0	...	3 3 10	0	2500	...	312 5 6	0 0 0
Hardcastle, Captain Edmond Junius ...	29 July 59	0	100	...	59 8 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	61 10 1	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	61 8 9	0 0 0
Hardinge, Alfred George,—share account of the four children of the deceased ...	10 Feb. 74	0	0	...	3 14 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 14 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 14 6	0 0 0
Hardy, Mrs. Maria Frances	26 May 88	0	0	...	2 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 15 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 15 1	0 0 0
Harlow, William ...	20 Sept. 77	0	900	...	340 1 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 15 0	0	900	...	359 0 0	0	0	...	0 11 11	0	900	...	358 4 1	0 0 0
———, Andrew ...	8 April 80	0	0	...	156 0 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	256 0 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	156 0 10	0 0 0
Harmston, John Thomas ...	26 Nov. 70	0	0	...	241 2 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	241 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	241 2 0	0 0 0
———, ———, life-interest account of Mr. Edward Harmston ...	......	0	16200	...	96 7 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	324 0 0	0	16200	...	420 7 2	0	0	...	326 0 0	0	16200	...	94 7 2	0 0 0
———, ———, legacy account of William Money ...	......	0	0	...	3 7 0	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 7 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 7 0	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Edward Harmston Money ...	... ..	0	3300	...	42 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	69 7 0	0	3300	...	112 0 0	0	0	...	66 0 0	0	3300	...	46 0 0	0 0 0

Harris, Henry Alfred,—share account of Helen Harris, daughter of the deceased ...	2 April 78	0	800	...	169 15 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	...	186 13 3	0	0	...	0 14 4	0	800	...	185 14 11	0 0 0
——, Alfred Parsick,—share account of M. E. R. Harris, son of the deceased ...	......	0	3900	...	80 2 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	82 1 0	0	3900	...	162 3 2	0	0	...	78 0 0	0	3900	...	84 3 2	0 0 0
Harrison, Joseph ...	8 Sept. 83	0	4200	...	225 4 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	74 6 0	0	4200	...	299 10 7	0	0	...	2 14 5	0	4200	...	296 12 2	0 0 0
Hart, Anna Maria ...	26 Sept. 90	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	3000 0 0	0	0	...	3000 0 0	0	0	...	3000 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Alexander,—share account of George Hart, new account ...	28 April 59	0	100	...	140 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	142 11 9	0	0	...	0 0 10	0	100	...	142 10 11	0 0 0
——, John ...	5 June 71	0	7500	...	144 7 0	0 0 0	0	5000	...	15051 0 2	0	12500	...	15195 7 2	0	7700	...	17138 4 3	0	4800	...	0 0 0	1942 13 1
Hartigan, John ...	......	0	0	...	20 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 14 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 14 0	0 0 0
——, Henry ...	5 June 88	0	6900	5*	321 2 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	499 8 0	0	6900	5*	820 10 8	0	0	...	492 0 6	0	6900	5*	328 10 2	0 0 0
Harvey, James, Robert ...	4 July 84	0	0	...	13 2 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 2 0	0 0 0
——, account of H. M. Harvey and William S. G. Harvey, children of the late J. F. W. Harvey ...	......	0	2000	...	47 5 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 1 4	0	2000	...	89 6 10	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	49 6 10	0 0 0
Hawkins, William ...	19 May 70	0	0	...	26 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 15 0	0 0 0
Hawks, Lieutenant John Shafter ...	24 June 45	0	9700	...	0 0 0	23 3 2	0	0	...	193 1 0	0	9700	...	169 13 10	0	0	...	13 10 0	0	9700	...	156 3 10	0 0 0
Hay, William ...	Taken charge 16 July 76	0	300	...	242 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	248 12 5	0	0	...	0 3 11	0	300	...	248 8 6	0 0 0
Hayton, John Lazenby, new account ...	28 Oct. 53	0	13900	...	27 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	278 0 0	0	13900	...	305 14 0	0	0	...	225 2 10	0	13900	...	80 11 2	0 0 0
——, R. ...	30 April 88	0	33700	...	0 0 0	78 6 9	0	8000	...	10819 15 7	0	41700	...	10741 8 10	0	0	...	9785 4 6	0	41700	...	956 4 4	0 0 0
Haywood, Conductor W. ...	27 Aug. 78	0	600	...	228 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	241 8 0	0	0	...	0 7 11	0	600	...	241 0 1	0 0 0
Heap, Thomas ...	12 Sept. 73	0	0	...	4 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 0	0 0 0
Heely, Wilford Lucas,—legacy account of Miss Sibel Heely, daughter of the deceased ...	12 Jan. 79	0	15100	...	77 15 2	0 0 0	0	1400	...	250 6 0	0	16500	...	328 5 2	0	1400	...	14 0 6	0	15100	...	314 4 8	0 0 0
Henderson, Veterinary Surgeon Charles ...	27 June 76	0	1000	...	466 8 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	487 9 7	0	0	...	0 13 3	0	1000	...	486 12 4	0 0 0
——, P. ...	6 Aug. 88	0	0	...	6 0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 0 8	0 0 0
Henessy, Mrs. Isabella,—account for repairs of monument ...	1 July 82	0	0	...	2 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 11 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 11 4	0 0 0
Henvey, F. C. ...	28 May 92	0	3400	...	0 0 0	86 11 8	0	0	...	3767 13 5	0	3400	...	3681 1 9	0	3400	...	3681 1 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Herd, Miss Mary Ann Elizabeth,—share account of five children of Mr. E. T. Swinhoe ...	15 April 70	0	700	...	346 7 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	700	...	361 3 5	0	0	...	0 12 7	0	700	...	360 6 10	0 0 0
Hesselmeyer, Revd. Charles Henry ...	16 Mar. 73	0	34000	...	575 13 8	0 0 0	0	4000	...	642 8 0	0	38000	...	1218 5 8	0	4000	...	691 0 10	0	34000	...	527 4 10	0 0 0
Heyne, Curl ...	Taken charge 5 May 75	0	0	...	82 8 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	82 8 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	82 8 1	0 0 0

* Bank of Bengal.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S. R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31th December 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
H.																							
Heysham, Henry ..	22 May 85	0	0	...	8 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 14 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 14 8	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Isabella Anne Heysham, daughter of the deceased	......	0	7000	...	36 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	147 4 8	0	7000	...	184 0 10	0	0	...	141 0 0	0	7000	...	43 0 10	0 0 0
Higgins, Joseph ...	2 Feb. 68	0	12000	...	555 11 10	0 0 0	0	600	...	192 14 8	0	12600	...	784 10 6	0	0	...	642 1 6	0	12600	..	106 9 0	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Amelia,—share account of John James Higgins ...	13 Oct. 62	0	100	...	74 6 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	76 7 9	0	0	...	0 1 10	0	100	...	76 5 11	0 0 0
——, share account of George Arthur Higgins ...	......	0	100	...	74 6 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	76 7 9	0	0	...	0 1 10	0	100	...	76 5 11	0 0 0
——, Robert,—share account of George Robert Bolton Higgins ...	5 June 79	0	2100	...	149 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 3 0	0	2100	...	193 5 1	0	0	...	2 5 8	0	2100	...	190 15 5	0 0 0
——, George,—share account of Miss Letitia Higgins ...	1 Jan. 55	0	36900	...	296 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	738 0 0	0	36900	...	1034 4 8	0	0	...	738 0 0	0	36900	...	296 4 8	0 0 0
Hill, General Percy ...	27 Jan. 81	0	0	4*	0 0 0	32 3 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	4*	0 0 0	0	0	...	94 12 0	0	0	4*	0 0 0	126 15 6
Hildyard, R. C. F. ...	17 Nov. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	...	1377 14 6	0	1000	...	1377 14 6	0	0	...	1273 1 5	0	1000	...	104 13 1	0 0 0
Hindhaugh, Thomas Sopwith ...	24 April 74	0	0	...	25 4 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 4 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 4 5	0 0 0
Hindmarsh, Thomas ...	19 Nov. 89	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	43000	...	5850 0 0	0	43000	...	5850 0 0	0	0	...	957 1 0	0	430 0	...	4892 15 0	0 0 0
Hirons, Mrs. Sarah ...	19 April 92	0	2000	...	86 2 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	189 15 7	0	2000	...	276 1 7	0	0	...	3 14 10	0	2000	...	272 2 9	0 0 0
Hoadley, William ...	Taken charge. 19 May 74	0	100	...	114 11 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	116 12 9	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	116 11 5	0 0 0
Hodgkinson, William,—share account of A. Hodgkinson, son of the deceased ...	26 Aug. 89	0	600	...	45 5 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	57 15 9	0	0	...	0 10 9	0	600	...	57 5 0	0 0 0
Holmberg, Nels Pettre ...	4 Jan. 90	0	1000	...	197 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	218 14 6	0	0	...	0 13 3	0	1000	...	218 1 3	0 0 0

Hollingberry, Mrs. Helen,—life-interest account of Miss H. M. Hollingberry, daughter and legatee under the will of the deceased. ...	7 June 80	0	3000	...	12 1 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 2 0	0	3000	...	65 3 5	0	0	...	59 7 0	0	3000	...	5 12 5	0 0 0
Homfray, Francis Sutherland ..	29 Aug. 89	0	600	...	0 0 0	224 2 5	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	232 0 5
Hood, Major-General Charles ...	30 April 74	0	400	...	101 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 10 4	0	4000	...	185 0 4	0	0	...	3 5 3	0	4000	...	181 11 1	0 0 0
Honigberger, Mrs. Jane ...	......	0	0	...	195 1 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	195 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	195 1 0	0 0 0
Hookey, Thomas ...	6 Aug. 70	0	600	...	494 7 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	507 1 1	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	600	...	506 9 1	0 0 0
Hornbey, William Malcolm Leach ...	23 Aug. 79	0	0	...	16 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	*0	0	...	16 8 0	0 0 0
Hottinger, Apothecary Frederick,—account of sundry legatees ...	30 June 60	0	0	...	25 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 2 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 2 5	0 0 0
Howard, C. O. S. ...	17 Sept. 91	0	9800	...	0 0 0	461 8 3	0	0	...	10742 10 10	0	9800	...	10281 2 7	0	9800	...	10122 6 2	0	0	...	158 12 5	0 0 0
Husdon, Charles ...	......	0	0	...	77 10 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	77 10 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	77 10 10	0 0 0
Hughes, John,—share account of Harriet Stephen Hughes ...	6 Feb. 84	0	0	...	20 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 11 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 11 0	0 0 0
———, share account of Mary Ann Hughes ...	......	0	0	...	26 10 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 10 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	26 10 3	0 0 0
———, Charles ...	......	0	0	...	13 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 6 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 6 0	0 0 0
———, William Henry ...	27 July 91	0	2000	...	132 3 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	172 3 1	0	0	...	1 10 8	0	2000	...	170 8 5	0 0 0
Hunt, Surgeon-Major James,—legacy account of the children of the deceased...	4 May 58	0	1200	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 4 0	0	1200	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 5 6	0	1200	...	0 0 0	76 10 6
Holyoake, E. H. ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 4 8	0	0	...	2 4 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 4 8	0 0 0
Hunter, Charles Marby,—legacy account of Miss A. M. Hunter ..	6 Jan. 79	0	6600	...	0 0 0	12 2 8	0	0	...	138 14 0	0	6600	...	126 11 4	0	0	...	132 0 0	0	6600	...	0 0 0	5 4 8
———, Lieutenant John,—legacy account of widow and six children ...	9 Jan. 65	0	1900	...	484 8 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	39 15 8	0	1900	...	524 8 2	0	0	...	2 2 1	0	1900	...	522 6 1	0 0 0
———, Captain A. B. ...	7 Feb. 80	0	12600	...	0 0 0	7 7 7	0	2300	...	206 8 11	0	14900	...	199 1 4	0	2300	...	9 1 11	0	12600	...	189 15 5	0 0 0
Hurt, Francis John ...	22 Mar. 90	0	1600	20†	710 5 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	29974 13 2	0	1600	20†	30685 2 2	0	0	20†	30078 14 8	0	1600	...	606 3 6	0 0 0
I																							
Im Thurn, Dr. Albert ..	7 April 84	0	0	...	135 8 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	135 8 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	135 8 2	0 0 0
Ingels, Henry Vaughan,—share account of E. E. V. Ingels, and M. A. V. Ingels ...	31 Jan. 83	0	0	...	521 0 2	0 0 0	0	500	...	10 10 0	0	500	...	531 10 2	0	0	...	525 9 0	0	500	...	6 1 2	0 0 0
Inglis, John,—life-interest account for widow and children ...	1 Dec. 68	0	112400	...	0 0 0	47 4 0	0	0	...	2248 0 0	0	112400	...	2200 12 0	0	0	...	2229 2 10	0	112400	...	0 0 0	28 6 10

* Darjeeling Tea Company shares. | † Long View Tea Company, Limited.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
I																							
Inglis, Miss Mary Anne,—life-interest account of Miss Jane Inglis ...	16 July 75	0	2000	...	41 7 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 1 4	0	2000	...	83 9 3	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	43 9 3	0 0 0
Innes, Lieutenant-General Peter ...	1 Sept. 71	0	0	...	121 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	121 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	121 3 11	0 0 0
J																							
Jackson, Lieutenant Philip Hayes,—share account of Erice Sutherland Jackson	18 May 75	0	0	...	4 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 2 4	0	0	...	10 2 4	0	0	...	4 0 0	0	0	...	6 2 4	0 0 0
———, Henry ...	2 May 65	0	0	30*	57 4 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	30*	57 4 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	30*	57 4 10	0 0 0
———, Dr. William ...	9 Mar. 51	0	0	...	30 14 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 14 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 14 7	0 0 0
———, George, new account	21 June 51	0	1300	...	328 14 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 5 8	0	1300	...	356 4 2	0	0	...	0 10 10	0	1300	...	355 9 4	0 0 0
———, William Henry,—share account of the next-of-kin of the deceased ...	2 Oct. 80	0	1000	...	480 2 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	501 2 8	0	0	...	1 1 11	0	1000	...	500 0 9	0 0 0
———, Dr. Isaac ...	15 April 65	0	0	...	5 7 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 7 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 7 10	0 0 0
James, Henry,—share account of Charles Henry James ...	7 Nov. 75	0	1100	...	80 11 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	23 2 4	0	1100	...	103 14 1	0	0	...	22 0 0	0	1100	...	81 14 1	0 0 0
Jebens,—Carl August ...	20 June 87	0	5800	...	0 0 0	228 3 4	0	0	...	122 15 8	0	5800	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 3 4	0	5800	...	0 0 0	135 7 0
Jeffcott, Sir William ...	23 Aug. 79	0	48000	79†	591 4 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	2737 8 0	0	48000	79†	3328 12 10	0	0	...	2737 8 0	0	48000	79†	591 4 10	0 0 0
Jenkins, Miss Mariam ...	26 Dec. 80	0	1100	...	193 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	23 2 4	0	1100	...	216 14 0	0	0	...	0 14 7	0	1100	...	215 15 5	0 0 0
Johannes, Francis, Senior ...	29 July 85	0	0	...	39 1 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	39 1 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	39 1 7	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Miss Mabel Alice Cranenburg, god-daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	100	...	22 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	24 9 4	0	0	...	0 1 10	0	100	...	24 7 6	0 0 0
———, account of house No. 20, Chandney Choke 2nd Lane ...	......	0	2500	...	5 14 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 9 8	0	2500	...	58 8 1	0	0	...	52 9 8	0	2500	...	5 14 5	0 0 0

——, account of house No. 20-1, Chandney Choke 2nd Lane ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	102 13 0	0	0	...	121 6 6	0	0	...	18 9 6	0	0	...	45 5 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, account of annuity of Mrs. Susan Frances Coser ...	......	0	1300	...	8 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 5 8	0	1300	...	36 1 8	0	0	...	25 7 4	0	1300	...	10 10 4	26 11 10
——, account of annuity of Mrs. Susan Lawrence...	......	0	1300	...	8 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 5 8	0	1300	...	36 1 8	0	0	...	25 7 4	0	1300	...	10 10 4	0 0 0
——, senior, residuary account ...	......	0	9300	...	32 6 11	0 0 0	0	1300	...	136 14 6	0	10600	...	169 5 5	0	1300	...	164 3 2	0	9300	...	5 2 3	0 0 0
——*, account of sundry legatees ...	......	0	0	...	6 2 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 2 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 2 2	0 0 0
John, Mrs. Sophia,—share account of Miss Sophia John, grand-daughter of the deceased ...	10 Jan. 77	0	0	...	2 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 3 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 3 10	0 0 0
Johnson, Veterinary Surgeon William,—account of life interest of Thomas Johnson ...	10 May 71	0	12600	...	271 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 13 0	0	12600	...	284 10 10	0	0	...	237 15 8	0	12600	...	46 11 2	0 0 0
——, Henry ...	23 Sept. 70	0	500	...	146 2 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	156 10 10	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	500	...	156 4 3	0 0 0
——, James Nathaniel,—share account of Charles James Johnson ...	17 May 78	0	500	...	23 14 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	34 6 10	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	500	...	33 13 10	0 0 0
——, share account of Charlotte Ellen Johnson	......	0	500	...	23 14 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	34 6 10	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	500	...	33 13 10	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Sarah Rose	7 Mar. 92	0	1400	4†	109 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	106 0 0	4†	1400	...	215 13 8	0	0	...	2 0 7	0	1400	4†	213 13 1	0 0 0
——, Owen Dwell ...	21 July 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	503 14 0	0	0	...	503 14 0	0	0	...	498 0 6	0	0	...	5 13 6	0 0 0
Johnstone, James Thomas Robert,—share account of seven children ...	Taken charge 29 Aug. 78	0	0	...	184 7 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	184 7 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	184 7 4	0 0 0
——, Thomas,—share account of the children ...	6 Jan. 88	0	800	...	2 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	...	18 15 5	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	2 15 5	0 0 0
——, James,—share account of Miss Jessie Yeaman McGill Jarvie Johnstone ..	24 Mar. 84	0	500	...	33 15 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	44 7 6	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	34 7 6	0 0 0
——, share account of Miss Eliza Johnstone ...	......	0	500	...	33 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	44 7 7	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	34 7 7	0 0 0
Jones, William,—share account of Bhuttoo ...	29 Aug. 65	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Begum ...	......	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Anna Maria,—share account of the children ...	13 May 72	0	1400	...	274 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 7 4	0	1400	...	303 11 3	0	0	...	1 9 2	0	1400	...	302 2 1	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Catherine Esther,—legacy account of Miss L. C. P. Jones, daughter of the deceased	12 Feb. 76	0	0	...	8 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 0 8	0 0 0
——, William Henry ...	29 Dec. 80	0	147900	...	0 0 0	2038 15 3	0	0	...	4730 0 0	0	147900	...	2691 0 9	0	0	...	3197 0 11	0	147900	...	0 0 0	506 0 2

* Sundry shares. | † Bank of Bengal shares.

B.

ESTATES	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
J																							
Jones, Alfred Robert ...	4 Mar. 84	0	60300	...	1801 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	3005 10 0	0	60300	...	4806 13 10	0	0	...	2642 1 6	0	60300	...	2164 12 4	0 0 0
——, Charles Butler ...	30 Jan. 90	0	0	...	70 1 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 1 6	0	0	...	70 1 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Alice,—share account of Alice Jones ...	22 Mar. 89	0	1900	...	189 11 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	38 0 0	0	1900	...	236 11 1	0	0	...	2 2 1	0	1900	...	234 9 0	0 0 0
——, Charles Butler,—separate account of Miss Violet Jones, the only child of the deceased ...	30 Jan. 90	0	1000	...	32 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 7 4	0	1000	...	53 10 4	0	0	...	1 1 0	0	1000	...	52 9 4	0 0 0
K																							
Kain, Michael ...	29 Feb. 76	0	800	...	441 15 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	...	458 12 8	0	0	...	0 10 8	0	800	...	458 2 0	0 0 0
Kaloos, Arratoon ...	17 Dec. 60	0	0	...	24 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 3 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 3 6	0 0 0
——, account of the sundry legatees under the will of the deceased ...	......	0	10000	...	443 7 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	200 0 0	0	10000	...	643 7 9	0	0	...	200 0 0	0	10000	...	443 7 9	0 0 0
——, share account of the children of the late Hannojee Jacob ...	......	0	0	...	24 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 3 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 3 5	0 0 0
——, share account of the Wardens of Armenian Church of St. Nazareth in Calcutta ...	......	0	10400	...	0 0 0	8 4 0	0	0	...	208 0 0	0	10400	...	199 12 0	0	0	...	218 2 2	0	10400	...	0 0 0	18 6 2
Kay, John Reed,—share account of Alexander Kay...	17 June 88	0	0	...	262 10 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	262 10 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	262 10 11	0 0 0
Kellie, Andrew Wanchope ...	15 Feb. 92	0	0	...	32 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 13 0	0	0	...	32 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Kelly, Lieutenant-Colonel John ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 9 4	0	0	...	4 9 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 9 4	0 0 0
Kelso, Archibald William ...	21 Dec. 65	0	7800	...	349 0 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	153 9 8	0	7800	...	502 9 10	0	0	...	6 1 5	0	7800	...	496 8 5	0 0 0
Kemble, John Henry ...	3 Dec. 63	0	0	...	27 7 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 7 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 7 0	0 0 0
Kemp, Francis Baring ...	19 April 92	0	60500	15*	170276 12 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	81600 1 6	0	60500	15*	251876 14 4	0	60500	15*	251806 14 4	0	0	...	70 0 0	0 0 0

Kempson, Lieutenant Benjamine May ...	11 Mar. 92	0	0	...	551 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	1454 3 10	0	0	...	2005 11 3	0	0	...	2005 11 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Kenny, Thomas Irvin ...	25 April 65	0	200	...	78 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	82 3 10	0	0	...	0 2 8	0	200	...	82 1 2	0 0 0
Kernot, Dr. Charles Noyce	22 Nov. 89	0	400	65†	716 1 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	43771 3 1	0	400	65†	44487 4 9	0	0	...	39282 7 9	0	400	65†	5204 13 0	0 0 0
Kerr, George Lindsay,—share account of Norman Lindsay Kerr, son of the deceased ...	31 Dec. 76	0	1700	...	25 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 4 8	0	1700	...	61 6 6	0	0	...	151 14 6	0	1700	...	0 0 0	90 8 0
——, share account of Myra Gertrude Kerr, daughter of the deceased ...	......	0	2500	...	218 5 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 7 0	0	2500	...	271 12 6	0	0	...	152 12 10	0	2500	...	118 15 8	0 0 0
Kerwick, J. Michael ...	25 Feb. 79	0	0	...	151 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	151 4 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	151 4 6	0 0 0
Kingshott, Henry, share account of Ellen Robinson, one of the children of the late Mrs. Emily Robinson, sister of the deceased ...	28 Oct. 87	0	0	...	348 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 8 4	0	0	...	348 11 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	348 11 1	0 0 0
Kirby, George Daniel Benker ...	2 July 38	0	0	...	50 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 6 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 6 11	0 0 0
Kitchener, Daniel (sometimes called David) ...	19 Feb. 85	0	0	...	18 12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 12 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 12 5	0 0 0
Knight, William Blake,—share account of Miss Mary Knight ...	25 April 88	0	1000	...	48 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	69 2 0	0	0	...	1 1 11	0	1000	...	68 0 1	0 0 0
——, share account of Miss Lucy Knight ...	......	0	1000	...	159 6 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	180 6 11	0	0	...	1 1 11	0	1000	...	179 5 0	0 0 0
Knox, Assistant Surgeon James ...	8 April 74	0	0	...	36 14 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 14 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 14 6	0 0 0
Kutz., Mrs. R. ...	18 Aug. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1800	...	3341 3 6	0	1800	...	3341 3 6	0	0	...	3239 14 1	0	1800	...	101 5 5	0 0 0
L																							
LaChapell, Bernard,—legacy account of Simon Nicholas LaChapell ...	7 Feb. 79	0	0	...	5 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 14 8	0	0	...	8 12 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 12 0	0 0 0
Lackersteen, George Francis	31 Oct. 77	0	0	...	1681 0 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1681 0 10	0	0	..	1673 3 10	0	0	...	7 13 0	0 0 0
———, share account of Norbert Lawrence Lackersteen ..	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	409 0 5	0	0	...	409 0 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	409 0 5	0 0 0
———, share account of Mrs. Elfrida Wollastone	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	800	...	953 5 6	0	800	...	953 5 6	0	0	...	*864 15 3	0	800	...	88 6 3	0 0 0
———, Edward Thomas	29 Mar. 76	0	0	...	380 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	380 2 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	380 2 9	0 0 0
Laffrey, Benjamine James Rogers ...	9 Jan. 80	0	0	...	195 9 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	195 9 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	195 9 7	0 0 0
Laing, William,—share account of Miss Isabella Laing ...	11 Mar. 59	0	0	...	5 6 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 6 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 6 8	0 0 0
——, Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Ernest ...	27 Nov. 72	0	100	...	78 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	80 4 1	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	80 2 9	0 0 0
Landers, John ...	4 Feb. 79	0	0	...	77 7 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	77 7 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	77 7 10	0 0 0

* Bank of Bengal. | † Majgram Tea Company, shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To credit. Rs. A. P.	To debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 30th June 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
L																							
Landeshut, Wolff,—share account of M. H. Landeshut and C. E. Landeshut children of the deceased...	18 Aug. 76	0	300	...	57 0 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	63 5 9	0	0	...	0 5 5	0	300	...	63 0 4	0 0 0
Lang, Alexander Smith ...	7 Dec. 76	0	0	...	9 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 13 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 13 7	0 0 0
Langharne, Major Montague	3 Mar. 92	0	10200	...	116 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	11027 0 4	0	10200	...	11143 14 8	0	10200	...	11143 14 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Laughton, Edmund Mainwaring ...	10 Dec. 69	0	0	...	12 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 9 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 9 2	0 0 0
Lawler, Oswald B. S. ...	9 Feb. 88	0	0	...	25 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 6 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 6 4	0 0 0
Laycock, Francis ...	18 Dec. 88	0	0	65*	126 3 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	150 0 0	0	0	65*	276 3 4	0	0	...	149 15 11	0	0	65*	126 3 5	0 0 0
L'Estrange, Thomas Fitz Stephen,—share account of the five children ..	16 Dec. 80	0	0	...	7 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 12 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 12 0	0 0 0
———, share account of Anna L'Estrange ..	......	0	1700	...	176 0 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	210 0 4	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	176 0 4	0 0 0
———, share account of Samuel William L'Estrange ...	......	0	1700	...	176 0 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	210 0 4	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	176 0 4	0 0 0
———, share account of Walton Oldham L'Estrange ...	......	0	1700	...	176 0 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	210 0 4	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	176 0 4	0 0 0
———, share account of Theodosia L'Estrange ...	......	0	1700	...	176 0 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	210 0 4	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	176 0 4	0 0 0
Lecolier, Mortimer ...	15 Mar. 79	0	700	...	327 3 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	700	...	341 15 0	0	0	...	0 9 4	0	700	...	341 5 8	0 0 0
Leggatt, Edward ..	28 Feb. 69	0	0	...	0 0 0	132 12 3	0	0	...	55 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	265 11 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	343 7·11
———, share account of the children of the late John Leggatt ...	......	0	1700	...	0 0 0	21 5 10	0	0	...	35 4 0	0	1700	...	13 14 2	0	0	...	1 13 1	0	1700	...	12 1 1	0 0 0
Lebedy, Mrs. Angelisa George ..	17 Mar 42	0	7000	...	0 0 0	368 7 1	0	700	...	547 2 0	0	7700	...	178 11 11	0	700	...	430 7 9	0	7000	...	0 0 0	251 11 10
Levi, Mrs. Shinnee David Solomon,—account of the residue ...	18 Mar. 71	0	3900	...	366 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	344 4 0	0	3900	...	710 4 5	0	0	...	660 15 9	0	3900	...	103 4 8	0 0 0

——, legacy account of Michael Rohamin Enee ..	......	0	0	...	26 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 10 4	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Ezekiel Rohamin Enee ...	......	0	0	...	26 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 10 4	0 0 0
Lewis, Gabriel,—legacy account of William David Lewis ...	19 Mar. 70	0	0	...	2 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 6 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 6 4	0 0 0
——, George Anthony ...	4 April 82	0	500	...	134 11 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	145 3 10	0	0	...	0 6 8	0	500	...	144 13 2	0 0 0
——, Charles William ...	......	0	0	...	19 4 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 4 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 4 3	0 0 0
Lidiard, Richard, account of life-interest for Lucinda May Lidiard ...	18 Feb. 63	0	13500	...	0 0 0	34 10 0	0	0	...	270 0 0	0	13500	...	235 6 0	0	0	...	270 0 0	0	13500	...	0 0 0	34 10 0
——, account of legacy for Thomas William Lidiard, Junior ...	......	0	300	...	227 12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 5 0	0	300	...	228 1 5	0	300	...	228 1 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Thomas William Lidiard, Junior ...	......	0	300	...	227 12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 5 0	0	300	...	228 1 5	0	300	...	228 1 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, account of life-interest for M. Sarson ..	......	0	0	...	3 15 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 15 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 15 4	0 0 0
Limrick, Mrs. Margaret,—share account of Joseph Rowden Henderson and his daughters ..	10 Aug. 41	0	200	...	29 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	34 3 1	0	0	...	0 4 10	0	200	...	33 14 3	0 0 0
——, share account of Pauline O'Brien ...	......	0	200	...	29 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	34 3 1	0	0	...	0 4 10	0	200	...	33 14 3	0 0 0
——, share account of the representative of Matilda Mackenzie ...	......	0	100	...	35 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	37 12 8	0	0	...	0 2 5	0	100	...	37 10 3	0 0 0
——, share account of the representative of Kenneth Mackenzie ..	......	0	100	...	35 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	37 12 8	0	0	...	0 2 5	0	100	...	37 10 3	0 0 0
——, Revd. Paul,—share account of Joseph Rowden Henderson and his daughters ..	11 Dec. 45	0	800	...	257 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	...	274 4 1	0	0	...	0 3 6	0	800	...	273 0 7	0 0 0
——, share account of Pauline O'Brien ...	......	0	700	...	320 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	700	...	335 9 11	0	0	...	1 1 0	0	700	...	334 8 11	0 0 0
——, share account of the representative of Matilda Mackenzie ...	......	0	2200	...	116 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 4 8	0	2200	...	162 9 2	0	0	...	3 5 6	0	2200	...	159 3 8	0 0 0
——, share account of the representative of Kenneth Mackenzie ..	......	0	2200	...	116 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	45 12 4	0	2200	...	162 0 10	0	0	...	3 5 6	0	2200	...	158 11 4	0 0 0
Lindsay, John ...	9 May 91	0	0	...	0 1 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0 0 0
Lindstedt, Edward ...	15 April 85	0	0	...	8 0 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 0 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 0 4	0 0 0
Linton, Charles Delmar ...	25 Mar. 90	0	17000	...	0 0 0	122 4 10	0	6900	...	457 2 11	0	23000	...	334 14 1	0	6000	...	1940 2 10	0	17000	...	0 0 0	†605 4 9
——, legacy account of Master Harry Herbert Linton Francis ...	......	0	3500	...	66 1 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	3500	...	86 1 3	0	0	...	86 1 3	0	3500	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, John ..	26 Feb. 92	0	2500	...	0 0 0	146 5 0	0	0	...	2199 6 6	0	2500	...	2063 1 6	0	2000	...	462 5 4	0	500	...	1590 12 2	0 0 0

† Sundry shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892.					Receipts up to 30th December 1892.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892.				Balance on 31st December 1892.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		S. R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
L																							
Linton, John,—share account of Kenneth MacDonald Linton, Jessie Irene Linton and Maud Elizabeth Linton, minor children of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	450 0 0	0	0	...	450 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	450 0 0	0 0 0
Littlefield, John,—share account of John Robert Bowden ...	30 Aug. 74	0	1600	...	353 15 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 10 8	0	1600	...	387 10 1	0	0	...	1 12 8	0	1600	...	385 13 5	0 0 0
Llewellyn, Dr. Charles, new account ...	29 Nov. 49	0	0	...	40 3 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 3 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 3 3	0 0 0
Logman, Mrs. Mary,—legacy account of the charities under the will of the deceased ...	2 May 68	0	10200	...	443 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	204 0 0	0	10200	...	647 3 5	0	0	...	12 7 0	0	10200	...	634 12 5	0 0 0
Longden, General Sir Henry Errington ...	21 April 90	0	0	...	50 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0 0 0
Lovell, Mrs. Christiana ...	16 Jan. 89	0	0	...	7 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 6 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 6 4	0 0 0
Low, Peter,—share account of James Scott Low ...	12 Sept. 83	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Helen Doig Low ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Lowman, Miss Elizabeth ...	14 Aug. 85	0	0	...	1 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 3 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 3 6	0 0 0
———, Miss Elizabeth,—share account of the son of the late Daniel Planter, half-brother of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	209 6 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	209 6 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	209 6 1	0 0 0
Lowson, Robert ...	25 Nov. 82	0	0	...	120 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	120 2 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	120 2 1	0 0 0
———, share account of Robert John Brown ...	......	0	0	...	283 1 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	283 1 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	283 1 7	0 0 0

———, share account of Ann Watson, James Webb, and Peter Watson ...	......	0	0	...	291 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	291 13 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	291 13 8	0 0 0
Lyall, John Matheson ...	24 Mar. 81	0	2500	5*	514 15 0	0 0 0	0	500	...	52 9 8	0	3000	5*	567 8 8	0	0	...	530 3 5	0	3000	5*	37 5 3	0 0 0
Lyons, Dr. T. ...	7 Jan. 88	0	0	...	1 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 14 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 14 0	0 0 0
———, Apothecary Alexander ...	1 Feb. 90	0	0	1†	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	1†	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	1†	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, share account of Christiana Winifred Lyons	......	0	1700	...	27 6 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	35 12 4	0	1700	...	63 3 2	0	0	...	67 13 10	0	1700	...	0 0 0	4 10 0
Lysner, John Robert ...	1 Feb. 89	0	0	...	10 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 13 0	0 0 0
M																							
McCarthy, Mrs. Isabella Jane ...	16 Aug. 88	0	0	...	29 1 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 1 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 1 11	0 0 0
McCluskey, John ...	4 Dec. 85	0	0	...	5 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 13 4	0 0 0
McErlane, Corpal James ...	12 April 88	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
McGill, Dr. Edward ...	13 Aug. 70	0	0	5‡	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	5‡	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	5‡	0 0 0	0 0 0
McLaren, James—, share account of Jessie McLaren	27 Sept. 88	0	0	...	230 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	230 14 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	230 14 8	0 0 0
McLean, Captain Duncan (Mariner) ...	13 Nov. 75	0	0	...	10 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0 0 0
McLeod, Sir Donald ...	April 75	0	1700	...	436 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 12 4	0	1700	...	448 12 2	0	0	...	0 6 9	0	1700	...	448 5 5	0 0 0
McNiven, Dr. Peter Campbell ...	2 July 88	0	0	...	33 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 15 0	0 0 0
———, share account of Mrs. Lilly McRury ...	......	0	0	...	85 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	85 9 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	85 9 9	0 0 0
McPherson, William,—account of life-interest of Mrs. C. E. McPherson, now Mrs. Rollo ...	26 April 67	0	0	...	53 2 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	6600	...	53 2 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 2 3	0 0 0
Macalpine, Robert Murdo,—share account of Miss Alice Maud Macalpine ...	24 Jan. 81	0	6600	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	138 14 0	0	6600	...	138 14 0	0	0	...	138 14 0	0	6600	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, share account of Master Rodrick Murdo Macalpine ...	......	0	6600	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	138 14 0	0	15200	...	138 14 0	0	0	...	138 14 0	0	6600	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mace, Frederick,—account of the trustees of the marriage settlement of Mrs. C. Blick new account ...	4 Sept. 52	0	15200	...	133 14 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	190 0 0	0	0	...	323 14 9	0	0	...	300 10 9	0	15200	...	23 4 0	0 0 0
Macdonald, Samuel Pendleton ...	19 Mar. 88	0	0	...	85 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	700	...	85 15 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	85 15 3	0 0 0
Mackay, Kenneth ...	3 Feb. 62	0	700	...	194 10 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	0	...	209 6 5	0	0	...	0 9 3	0	700	...	208 13 2	0 0 0
———, David ...	8 Sept. 82	0	0	...	51 12 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	51 12 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	51 12 3	0 0 0
MacLeod, Alexander Donald,—share account of Charles Bryan and Isabella Hodgson, now Mrs. Isabella Gaun, children of the late Christiana Hodgson ...	25 Mar. 65	0	4300	...	210 4 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	89 15 4	0	4300	...	300 2 7	0	0	...	4 13 1	0	4300	...	295 6 6	0 0 0

* Corinthian Theatre Company shares. | † Bengal Uncovenanted Service Hall Association shares. | ‡ Meerut Cotton and Oil Pressing Company shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
M																							
Macaush, Mrs. Frances Christiana Sophia ...	15 April 66	0	0	...	7 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 8 0	0 0 0
Macgregor, John ...	3 Feb. 82	0	0	...	4 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 15 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 15 10	0 0 0
MacIver, Assistant Surgeon James Robertson ...	14 Jan. 70	0	0	...	75 3 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	73 3 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	75 3 8	0 0 0
Mackenzie, Charles Walter	20 Sept. 66	0	0	...	124 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	124 14 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	124 14 10	0 0 0
——, Francis William	28 Jan. 86	0	0	...	142 1 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	142 1 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	142 1 5	0 0 0
Mackertich, John Nierses ...	......	0	0	...	4 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 10 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 10 1	0 0 0
MacLeod, Miss Mary ...	21 Jan. 86	0	0	...	2 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 4	0 0 0
Macnaghten, Sir W. H. ...	8 April 43	0	1000	...	440 13 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	461 14 1	0	0	...	1 8 4	0	1000	...	460 5 9	0 0 0
Macnamara, William John	17 Nov. 86	0	5700	19*	79 9 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	118 11 0	0	5700	19*	193 4 4	0	0	...	4 11 11	0	5700	19*	193 8 [illegible]	0 0 0
Macpherson, Miss Margaret Fraser,—account pension for Miss Mary Mallet ..	30 Jan. 84	0	7800	...	312 1 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	164 2 0	0	7800	...	476 3 7	0	0	...	308 11 11	0	7800	...	167 7 8	0 0 0
Macrae, Mrs. Mary,—legacy account of Mrs. Anne Cummins ...	18 Sept. 79	0	0	...	270 10 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	270 10 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	270 10 8	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Helen Riddock ...	......	0	27500	...	316 3 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	290 0 0	0	27500	...	606 3 1	0	0	...	535 6 10	0	27500	...	70 12 3	0 0 0
Madden, Lieutenant-Colonel Travers Dodgson ...	6 May 86	0	0	...	8 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 7 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 7 5	0 0 0
Magill, Rev. Father James Aloysius ...	28 Mar. 82	0	200	...	89 6 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	93 9 9	0	0	...	0 2 8	0	200	...	93 7 1	0 0 0
Mahony, David ...	23 Jan. 92	0	0	...	328 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	328 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	328 8 0	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of Mrs. R. O'Donnell ...	......	0	1600	...	0 0 0	61 8 8	0	500	...	30 3 8	0	2100	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	30 3 8	0	1600	...	0 0 0	61 8 8
Maitland, Captain William George,—legacy account of Mr. James Maitland...	26 July 78	0	5600	...	87 3 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	117 5 0	0	5600	...	204 8 3	0	0	...	7 4 6	0	5600	...	197 3 9	0 0 0
Malchus, Nicholas Isaac ...	1 April 80	0	10000	...	414 4 9	0 0 0	0	500	...	915 6 4	0	10500	...	1329 11 1	0	0	...	1353 5 4	0	10500	...	0 0 0	23 10 3
Malins, Conductor George Joseph ...	......	1	1400	...	0 0 0	1 8 4	0	0	...	29 7 4	0	1400	...	27 15 0	0	0	...	26 15 10	0	1400	...	0 15 2	0 0 0

Manuk, Gavork,—legacy to the Armenian School at Calcutta ...	3 Aug. 31	0	32400*	...	443 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	648 0 0	0	32400	...	1091 10 1	0	0	...	674 5 9	0	32400	...	417 4 4	0 0 0
———, legacy to the Convent Aminah Perjetsch at Ispahan ...	......	0	11200	...	304 7 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	224 0 0	0	11200	...	528 7 3	0	0	...	247 13 10	0	11200	...	280 9 5	0 0 0
———, legacy to the Convent Arseh Meatson at Ararat ...	......	0	37800	...	156 13 11	0 0 0	0	800	...	760 0 0	0	38600	...	916 13 11	0	0	...	910 5 8	0	38600	...	6 8 3	0 0 0
———, legacy to the Convent for females at Ispahan ...	......	0	5300	...	201 6 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	106 0 0	0	5300	...	307 6 7	0	0	...	115 13 2	0	5300	...	191 9 5	0 0 0
———, legacy to the Convent for females at Jelusigam ...	......	0	10800	...	3 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	216 0 0	0	10800	...	219 8 0	0	0	...	19 14 9	0	10800	...	199 9 3	0 0 0
Marcos, Mrs. Mary ...	5 Feb. 86	0	6900	...	0 0 0	88 9 5	0	0	...	145 3 0	0	6900	...	56 9 7	0	0	...	137 15 11	0	6900	...	0 0 0	81 6 4
Mariner, George,—share account of the two children of the deceased ...	18 Aug. 84	0	800	...	26 7 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	42 7 7	0	0	...	0 13 9	0	800	...	41 9 10	0 0 0
———, share account of the four children of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 10 8	0	0	...	1 10 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 10 8	0 0 0
Marion, Joseph,—legacy account of Mrs. Anne Wilson and Miss Eva Marion, two daughters of the deceased ...	27 Nov. 76	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mark, Mrs. Caroline Augusta ...	17 Sept. 75	0	0	...	9 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 0 0	0 0 0
Marshall, Mrs. Caroline (formerly Daly),—account of legacy to William Francis Pudentian Murray, and father and mother of the deceased ...	18 June 64	0	13900	...	125 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	10405 11 5	0	13900	...	10531 6 7	0	13900	...	10531 6 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, Patrick ...	8 Mar. 76	0	1200	...	23 10 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 11 8	0	1200	...	48 6 3	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	1200	...	47 6 3	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Harriet Ann,—account of the house No. 3, Williams' Lane ...	3 Sept. 83	0	0	...	44 2 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 2 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 2 10	0 0 0
———, life-interest account of Mrs. C. E. DeRozario ...	Ditto ...	0	1600	...	225 11 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 11 4	0	1600	...	250 7 1	0	0	...	1 3 9	0	1600	...	249 3 4	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Mrs. Jane Mathew, daughter of Cornelius Smith ...	......	0	200	...	41 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	45 3 4	0	0	...	0 3 7	0	200	...	44 15 9	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Ida Lewis, daughter of Jack Lewis ...	......	0	200	...	3 12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	7 15 9	0	0	...	7 15 9	0	200	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Tewary Luckusur of Serampore ...	......	0	0	...	97 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	97 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	97 0 0	0 0 0

* Simla Bank Corporation shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Total. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Total. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Total. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
M																							
Marshall, Mrs. Elizabeth Sarah ...	27 Aug. 89	0	8000	...	577 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	281 1 4	0	8000	...	858 13 0	0	0	...	1512 8 7	0	8000	...	0 0 0	653 11 7
——, Mrs. Harriet Ann,—account of George Archibald DeRozario, only child of the late Mrs. C. E. DeRozario, one of the grand-children and legatees under the will of the deceased ...	3 Sept. 83	0	2600	...	0 0 0	3 3 10	0	0	...	52 0 0	0	2600	...	48 12 2	0	0	...	60 14 8	0	2600	...	0 0 0	12 2 6
——, Mrs. Caroline,—legacy account of William Murray, brother of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3500	...	1529 11 9	0	3500	...	1529 11 9	0	0	...	1495 4 10	0	3500	...	34 6 11	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Puddinton Murray, sister of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3500	...	1529 11 9	0	3500	...	1529 11 9	0	0	...	1495 4 10	0	3500	...	34 6 11	0 0 0
Marooth, Mrs. Louisa Arratoon ...	2 April 90	0	4000	...	334 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 0 0	0	4000	...	414 9 2	0	0	...	3 5 4	0	4000	...	411 3 10	0 0 0
Martin, Charles Ray ...	31 May 87	0	100	...	110 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	112 2 2	0	0	...	0 2 5	0	100	...	111 15 9	0 0 0
Martyn, Mrs. Mary ...	27 Feb. 90	0	15300	...	357 5 6	0 0 0	0	500	...	468 14 10	0	15800	...	826 4 4	0	0	...	548 5 9	0	15800	...	277 14 7	0 0 0
Matthews, Henry,—share account of the four minor children of the deceased ...	7 May 87	0	500	...	136 8 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	147 1 1	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	500	...	146 8 1	0 0 0
May, Henry,—share account of William May ...	10 July 88	0	1000	...	0 0 0	216 3 11	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	61 1 11	0	1000	...	0 0 0	256 5 2
——, share account of Henry May ...	......	0	1000	...	0 0 0	216 4 1	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	61 1 11	0	1000	...	0 0 0	256 5 4
——, share account of Miss Emma May ...	......	0	1000	...	0 0 0	134 15 5	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 1 11	0	1000	...	0 0 0	115 0 8

Meacham, Lieut.-Colonel William Maitland ...	5 Dec. 88	0	0	...	3 5 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 5 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 5 4	0 0 0
Mead, Henry ...	16 Oct. 72	0	0	...	31 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 7 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 7 8	0 0 0
——, Charles Clement,—share account of the three minor brothers and sisters of the deceased ...	12 July 88	0	1000	...	64 10 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	1187 10 11	0	1100	...	1242 5 2	0	1100	...	1242 5 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, share account of the two minor brothers and sisters of the deceased	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	827 0 9	0	0	...	827 0 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	827 0 9	0 0 0
Mees, Charles ...	29 Nov. 87	0	0	...	3 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 3 0	0	0	...	11 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 1 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Charles Mees ...	......	0	2300	...	1 12 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 0 0	0	2300	...	47 12 7	0	0	...	2 8 5	0	2300	...	45 4 2	0 0 0
——, share account of George Mees ...	29 Nov. 87	0	2200	...	0 0 0	41 5 10	0	0	...	44 0 0	0	2200	...	2 10 2	0	0	...	74 6 10	0	2200	...	0 0 0	71 12 8
——, share account of Cecil Mees ...	......	0	2200	...	0 0 0	41 5 10	0	0	...	44 0 0	0	2200	...	2 10 2	0	0	...	74 6 10	0	2200	...	0 0 0	71 12 8
Meins, Mark,—share account of three children ...	20 Jan. 79	0	1400	...	52 15 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 7 4	0	1400	...	82 6 8	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	54 6 8	0 0 0
Mell, Alfred Newton,—legacy account of the two children of the deceased ...	6 July 80	0	3400	...	130 4 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 0 4	0	3400	...	133 5 1	0	3400	...	130 4 9	0	0	...	3 0 4	0 0 0
Mellor, Walter Blessington ...	18 May 91	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Melville, William ...	5 Nov. 40	0	1600	...	163 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 10 8	0	1600	...	197 7 8	0	0	...	2 6 11	0	1600	...	195 0 9	0 0 0
———, on account of Asiatic Annuity Company	......	0	16600	...	153 1 10	0 0 0	0	500	...	286 9 0	0	17100	...	439 10 10	0	500	...	26 8 6	0	16600	...	413 2 4	0 0 0
———, on account of annuity for Sar h Waterman ..	......	0	500	...	401 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 8 4	0	500	...	402 3 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	402 3 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
———, on account of annuity for Captain E. D. Watson ..	......	0	0	...	59 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	533 3 4	0	0	...	592 3 9	0	0	...	553 3 4	0	0	...	39 0 5	0 0 0
———, Alexander Brodie, Captain, Bengal Staff Corps ..	19 Mar. 74	0	0	...	40 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 10 4	0 0 0
Menzies, Sergt. Samuel ...	3 Sept. 84	0	6500	...	194 11 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	86 4 0	0	6500	...	280 15 1	0	0	...	3 5 7	0	6500	...	277 9 6	0 0 0
Mercer, G. G. ...	13 May 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 0 8	0	0	...	1 0 8	0	0	...	1 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, account of the proceeds of the house called Caffry Hall and Bunnee Hall ...	......	0	8300	...	291 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	188 14 0	0	8300	...	480 9 4	0	0	...	463 6 3	0	8300	...	17 3 1	0 0 0
Merrett, Henry Archibald,—share account of George Arthur Merrett ...	12 Feb. 88	0	700	...	173 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	700	...	188 8 0	0	0	...	0 12 7	0	700	...	187 11 5	0 0 0
——, share account of Clement Septinnes Merrett ...	......	0	700	...	79 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	700	...	94 9 6	0	0	...	0 12 7	0	700	...	93 12 11	0 0 0
Moyer, Miss Barbara ..	......	0	0	...	83 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 4 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 4 6	0 0 0
Michael, George ..	1 Nov. 82	0	0	...	50 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 12 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 12 2	0 0 0
Middleton, Joseph Richard	11 May 65	0	18700	...	1014 0 8	0 0 0	0	1000	...	344 0 0	0	19700	...	1358 0 8	0	0	...	1082 9 9	0	19700	...	275 6 11	0 0 0

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S. R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31th December 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
M																							
Middleton, Joseph Richard, —annuity account of Miss Middleton ...	......	0	0	...	121 11 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	121 11 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	121 11 1	0 0 0
Millard, Captain William Stallard ...	21 Oct. 71	0	900	...	251 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 15 0	0	900	...	270 4 4	0	0	...	0 12 0	0	900	...	269 8 4	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of Mrs. C. Millard, widow of the deceased ...	......	0	15500	...	0 0 0	236 14 4	0	0	...	310 0 0	0	15500	...	73 1 8	0	0	...	317 6 0	0	15500	...	0 0 0	244 4 4
——, life-interest account of Miss Julia Millard, sister of the deceased ...	......	0	18500	...	572 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	18500	...	582 9 1	0	0	...	358 12 4	0	18500	...	223 12 9	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Master Thomas Millard ...	21 Oct. 71	0	61700	15*	528 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	1280 0 0	0	61700	15*	1808 2 9	0	0	...	787 9 5	0	61700	15*	1020 9 4	0 0 0
Milne, William ...	20 Jan. 88	0	0	...	3 8 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 8 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 8 4	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Joymutty Assamese ...	......	0	500	...	46 9 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	46 9 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	46 9 11	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of Mrs. Georgiana Milne mother of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	656 6 4	0 0 0	0	600	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	668 6 4	0	0	...	630 7 7	0	600	...	37 14 9	0 0 0
——, share account of Bell Milne ...	......	0	5900	...	0 0 0	51 5 2	0	0	...	121 3 8	0	5900	...	69 14 6	0	0	...	177 9 10	0	5900	...	0 0 0	107 11 4
——, share account of Jemmie Milne ...	......	0	5900	...	168 2 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	121 3 8	0	5900	...	289 6 4	0	0	...	6 9 10	0	5900	...	282 12 6	0 0 0
——, share account of Charlie Milne ...	......	0	5500	...	177 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	112 9 8	0	5500	...	289 12 1	0	0	...	6 2 8	0	5500	...	283 9 5	0 0 0
Milner, Mrs. Mary ...	22 Jan. 70	0	0	...	15 11 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	15 11 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	15 11 3	0 0 0
Minoss, Manuel Arratoon,—account of sale-proceeds of house No. 28, Gungadhur Baboo's lane, legacy account of F. E. Arratoon	28 Feb. 65	0	0	...	0 10 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0

——, legacy account of M. E. Arratoon. ...	......	0	600	...	83 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	96 0 11	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	84 0 11	0 0 0
——, legacy account of S. D. Arratoon ...	......	0	600	...	81 8 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	94 2 8	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	82 2 8	0 0 0
——, legacy account of M. A. Arratoon ...	......	0	600	...	81 8 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	94 2 8	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	82 2 8	0 0 0
——, legacy account of S. C. Arratoon ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mitchell, Miss Isabella,—share account of Georgiana Mitchell ...	14 Jan. 64	0	3500	...	155 5 [illegible]	0 0 0	0	0	...	73 2 0	0	3500	...	228 7 0	0	0	...	3 14 10	0	3500	...	224 8 2	0 0 0
Mitchoo, Manuel Elias ...	2 April 80	0	13500	...	341 5 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	270 0 0	0	13500	...	611 5 2	0	0	...	254 14 10	0	13500	...	356 6 4	0 0 0
Modie, Aflie ...	21 Feb. 71	0	0	...	36 2 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 2 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 2 2	0 0 0
Morewood, Rev. James Baker ...	21 Dec. 76	0	300	...	74 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	80 7 9	0	0	...	0 3 11	0	300	...	80 3 10	0 0 0
Moore, Mrs. Catherine Ann,—account of legacy for Mary Nora Best ...	4 Nov. 58	0	0	...	33 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 3 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 3 5	0 0 0
——; Ensign Henry Nugent ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	7 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 9 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 9 3	0 0 0
Morris, Thomas,—share account of the widow and children of John Morris ...	1 Oct. 64	0	100	...	47 6 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	49 7 10	0	0	...	0 1 10	0	100	...	49 6 0	0 0 0
Morris, Rev. David Bayne	17 Feb. 86	0	600	...	108 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	121 6 0	0	0	...	0 7 11	0	600	...	120 14 1	0 0 0
Morton, Dr. James,—account of life-interest for Mathew ...	1 Aug. 70	0	6500	...	1636 15 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 3 4	0	6500	...	1647 2 11	0	6500	...	1636 15 7	0	0	...	10 3 4	0 0 0
——, legacy account of the children ...	......	0	55100	...	78 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 9 8	0	55100	...	78 10 1	0	55100	...	78 10 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mosely, Litchfield ...	18 Feb. 92	0	11100	...	93 10 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	222 0 0	0	11100	...	315 10 7	0	0	...	15 3 11	0	11100	...	300 6 8	0 0 0
Moses, David ...	12 July 68	0	0	...	50 14 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 14 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 14 7	0 0 0
Mountjoy, Dr. John William ...	8 Dec. 81	0	0	...	347 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	347 12 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	347 12 4	0 0 0
Muller, John ...	17 July 85	0	800	...	283 3 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 13 4	0	800	...	300 0 11	0	0	...	0 10 7	0	800	...	299 6 4	0 0 0
Munro, Captain R. ...	23 Nov. 74	0	200	...	123 3 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	127 6 7	0	0	...	0 2 8	0	200	...	127 3 11	0 0 0
——, Robert ...	19 Nov. 73	0	0	...	14 12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 12 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 12 5	0 0 0
Munrowd, Alfred Hemming Heseltine ...	16 Jan. 89	0	0	...	1 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 2 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 2 4	0 0 0
Murray, Sally ...	3 Sept. 73	0	1300	...	323 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	327 5 8	0	1300	...	650 5 9	0	0	...	165 0 3	0	1300	...	485 5 6	0 0 0
——, Alexander H. G. ...	15 Dec. 85	0	0	...	251 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	251 13 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	251 13 11	0 0 0
Myers, Mrs. E. A. S. ...	15 July 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	26300	...	13251 14 0	0	26300	...	13251 14 0	0	0	...	13390 0 8	0	26300	...	0 0 0	138 2 8
——, Robert ...	1 July 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	...	2080 0 4	0	1000	...	2080 0 4	0	0	...	1807 14 0	0	1000	...	272 2 4	0 0 0
N																							
Nagle, James,—share account of Winifred and Maud Nagle, children of the deceased ...	19 June 63	0	700	...	85 11 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	99 11 11	0	0	...	0 12 7	0	700	...	98 15 4	0 0 0

* Sundry shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To credit. Rs. A. P.	To debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 30th June 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
N																							
Nairne, Mrs. Sarah Sussannah ...	19 Aug. 75	0	500	...	358 5 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	368 13 5	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	500	...	368 6 10	0 0 0
Nauzais, Theodore ...	11 Sept. 79	0	8700	...	406 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	..	103 1 0	0	8700	...	509 3 1	0	0	...	186 7 1	0	8700	...	322 12 0	0 0 0
Neal, Mrs. Margaret,—share account of Mrs. Ellen Imason, daughter of Mrs. A. Stiles, pre-deceased sister of the deceased ...	3 June 82	0	0	...	210 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	210 15 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	210 15 10	0 0 0
Negri, John ...	14 Jan. 85	0	0	...	382 9 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 14 0	0	0	..	390 7 11	0	0	...	0 1 11	0	0	...	390 6 0	0 0 0
Nesbitt, Harry Kerr ...	Taken charge 18 Feb. 79	0	0	...	34 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 13 0	0 0 0
Newitt, Samuel Joseph,—share account of Joseph Clifford Newitt, son of the deceased ...	10 Feb. 87	0	1400	...	41 10 8	0 0 0	0	0	..	29 7 4	0	1400	...	71 2 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	43 2 0	0 0 0
———, share account of Frederick Arthur Newitt, son of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	1400	...	41 10 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 7 4	0	1400	...	71 2 1	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	43 2 1	0 0 0
———, share account of Francis Howard Newitt, son of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	1400	...	258 7 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 7 4	0	1400	...	287 14 5	0	0	...	1 9 1	0	1400	...	2-6 5 4	0 0 0
———, share account of Catherine Frances Newitt, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	1400	...	98 6 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 7 4	0	1400	...	127 13 7	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	99 13 7	0 0 0
Nicholl, Peter ...	3 April 83	0	3500	...	276 12 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	58 0 0	0	3500	...	334 12 6	0	0	...	690 13 3	0	3500	...	0 0 0	356 0 9
Nicoll, James ...	12 June 51	0	2000	...	159 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 1 4	0	2000	...	201 14 0	0	0	...	1 1 2	0	2000	...	200 12 10	0 0 0
Nyx, Mrs. Caroline ...	3 Feb. 66	0	800	...	164 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	180 4 6	0	0	...	132 8 8	0	800	...	47 11 10	0 0 0
Nichollson, W. ...	17 Nov. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	52000	418*	60367 6 4	0	52000	418*	60367 6 4	0	40000	101*	47245 11 2	0	12000	317*	13121 11 2	0 0 0

O																						
Oakes, Mrs. Mary Anne,—share account of Miss Cecilia Ethel and Alfred John Oakes, children of the deceased ...	7 May 85	0	10800	...	167 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	227 4 0	0	10800	...	395 1 8	0	0	...	311 7 2	0	10800	...	83 10 6	0 0 0
Oakeshott, Jonathan ...	29 Mar. 92	0	0	...	26 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 3 0	0	0	...	12 2 0	0	0	...	14 1 0	0 0 0
O'Connor, Mrs. Sarah Elizabeth ...	20 Feb. 89	0	13600	...	2 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	252 0 0	0	13600	...	254 0 1	0	0	...	10 5 9	0	13600	...	243 10 4	0 0 0
Odenwald, Band Master Ferdinand ...	4 Jan. 91	0	5500	...	45 7 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	115 3 4	0	5500	...	160 11 1	0	0	...	5 7 11	0	5500	...	155 3 2	0 0 0
O'Donnell, John Walter ...	13 Dec. 73	0	0	...	16 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 1 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 1 9	0 0 0
———, share account of Miss Ellen Dove O'Donnell, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	4000	...	135 8 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	84 2 8	0	4000	...	219 11 4	0	0	...	84 2 8	0	4000	...	135 8 8	0 0 0
Ogilvie, James Loch,—share account of Nora Madeline Ogilvie, sister of the deceased ...	26 July 87	0	2400	...	88 13 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 8 0	0	2400	...	139 5 2	0	0	...	2 11 0	0	2400	...	136 10 2	0 0 0
———, share account of Maud Francis Ogilvie, sister of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 8 0	0	0	...	2 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 8 0	0 0 0
Osborne, Mrs. Maria,—legacy account of John George Johnstone ...	4 July 84	0	4700	...	419 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	98 14 4	0	4700	...	518 12 7	0	0	...	5 4 4	0	4700	...	513 8 3	0 0 0
Oswald, Lieutenant John Henderson ...	21 June 92	0	0	...	426 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	426 0 5	0	0	...	426 0 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
O'Toole, Thomy ...	28 April 90	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 0	0	0	...	6 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 0	0 0 0
Ouseley, Lieut.-Col. John Ralph (late in the 57th N. L.) ...	4 April 50	0	0	...	44 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 15 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 15 10	0 0 0
Overbury, Ernest William	20 Mar. 79	0	500	...	257 2 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	267 10* 10	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	500	...	267 4 3	0 0 0
Owen, Miss Catchkatoon ...	23 Jan. 86	0	0	...	123 2 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	123 2 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	123 2 8	0 0 0
———, Mackertich Sarkies ...	23 July 85	0	0	...	1661 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1661 13 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1661 13 11	0 0 0
P																							
Paliologus, Nicholas ...	8 Aug. 87	0	84500	...	0 0 0	6873 13 2	0	128000	...	130709 7 8	0	212500	...	125836 10 6	0	15000	...	123751 5 11	0	197500	...	84 4 7	0 0 0
———, William Thomas, share account of William Constance Palialogus, son of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 0 8	0	0	...	1 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 0 8	0 0 0
Parker, Captain Sir George (Bart.) ...	17 Jan. 59	0	100	...	79 12 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	..	81 14 2	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	81 12 10	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Miss E. E. M. Parker ...	Ditto ...	0	100	...	78 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	81 0 8	0	0	...	0 1 10	0	100	...	80 14 10	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Gertrude Parker ...	Ditto ...	0	100	...	78 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	81 0 8	0	0	...	0 1 10	0	100	...	80 14 10	0 0 0

* Sundry shares.

B.

ESTATES	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
P																							
Park, Robert Joseph ...	26 Aug. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	5000	...	6852 15 1	0	5000	...	6852 15 1	0	1000	...	6673 4 4	0	4000	...	179 10 9	0 0 0
Parks, Mrs. Daniah ...	12 Mar. 68	0	1300	...	292 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 5 8	0	1300	...	320 3 9	0	0	...	1 1 6	0	1300	...	319 2 3	0 0 0
Parry, Revd. John,—life-interest account of Umratie *alias* Charlotte Parry, widow of the deceased ...	16 May 77	0	0	...	54 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 11 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 11 0	0 0 0
Parsons, Henry ...	6 Dec 90	0	0	...	352 8 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	352 8 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	352 8 11	0 0 0
Patrick, Captain Francis,—legacy account of Begum Jaun ...	23 May 48	0	28100	...	285 0 5	0 0 0	0	1700	...	390 7 0	0	29800	...	675 7 5	0	1100	...	664 9 10	0	28700	...	10 13 7	0 0 0
Patterson, William Caine ...	13 June 92	0	1400	...	0 0 0	106 11 4	0	4000	...	10368 2 11	0	5400	...	10261 7 7	0	5400	...	10261 7 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Pattison, William ...	30 Nov. 87	0	5000	...	465 15 8	0 0 0	0	500	...	105 3 4	0	5500	...	571 3 0	0	0	...	538 3 9	0	5500	...	32 15 3	0 0 0
Paul, Ruttna ...	28 July 56	0	0	...	12255 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12255 14 8	0	0	...	12255 14 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, account of houses No. 8, Dhookoorie Bagan, and No. 55, Neemoo Khansamah's Lane ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	967 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 11 8	0	0	...	973 8 0	0	0	...	967 12 4	0	0	...	5 11 8	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of Rase Mareno, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	2000	...	0 0 0	20 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	20 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	2000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of the children Warnakula Tedario Appo ...	Ditto ...	0	5000	...	1100 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	5000	...	1200 0 0	0	0	...	1200 0 0	0	5000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Charitable purposes ...	Ditto ...	0	5000	...	1100 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1000 0 0	0	5000	...	2100 0 0	0	0	...	5 9 8	0	5000	...	2094 6 4	0 0 0
Paulson, William Henry,—share account of Miss Mabel Hallen Chadwick, niece of the deceased ...	1 Mar. 82	0	10100	...	57 6 5	0 0 0	0	1000	...	205 12 5	0	11100	...	263 2 10	0	1000	...	195 2 0	0	10100	...	68 0 10	0 0 0
Payne, Miss Alice Henrietta Ann ...	25 May 89	0	0	...	4 2 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 2 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 2 8	0 0 0

Name	Date				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Payter, George Reuben ...	12 June 80	0	4200	...	193 3 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	1988 4 0	0	4200	...	2181 7 8	0	0	...	59 9 8	0	4200	...	2121 14 0	0 0 0
Peard, Mrs. Anne,—life-interest account of Mrs. Ellen Eliza Cole, niece of the deceased ...	29 July 71	0	51600	...	374 8 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	1032 0 0	0	51600	...	1406 8 1	0	0	...	1032 0 0	0	51600	...	374 8 1	0 0 0
Pearle, James ...	12 June 51	0	0	...	19 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 12 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 12 8	0 0 0
Pears, James Maurice,—legacy account of the widow and children of the deceased ...	20 Dec. 84	0	4900	...	0 0 0	0 4 7	0	0	...	103 1 8	0	4900	...	102 13 1	0	0	...	93 0 0	0	4900	...	4 13 1	0 0 0
Pearson, Mrs. Eliza ...	1 Aug. 84	0	0	...	92 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	92 13 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	92 13 0	0 0 0
——, Richard C., share account of the children of the deceased ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 8	0	0	...	0 1 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 8	0 0 0
Peet, Lieut.-Colonel H. J.	Taken charge 11 June 89	0	0	...	81 11 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	81 11 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	81 11 6	0 0 0
Pell, Mrs. Mary Ann ...	Taken charge in Mar. 56	500	0	...	0 0 0	12 7 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	500	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	500	0	...	0 0 0	12 7 2
Peppe, Mr. Delia Patience Bond ...	19 Nov. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	8600	...	9713 15 7	0	8600	...	9713 15 7	0	0	...	9631 0 4	0	8600	...	79 15 3	0 0 0
Pereira, Diago ...	June 53	0	600	...	307 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	600	...	308 1 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	308 1 8	0 0 0
Perry, Frederick George,—share account of James Frederick Perry, brother of the deceased ...	5 April 71	0	2600	...	35 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 3 0	0	2600	...	89 3 5	0	0	...	2 14 7	0	2600	...	86 4 10	0 0 0
Peters, Mrs. A. M. ...	Taken charge in Nov. 71	0	400	...	214 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	222 9 5	0	0	...	0 5 3	0	400	...	222 4 2	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Catherine ...	16 Mar. 71	0	1000	...	30 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	51 12 4	0	0	...	0 13 4	0	1000	...	50 15 0	0 0 0
——, Captain Caitano Eugenio ...	14 June 53	0	12500	...	192 8 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	250 0 0	0	12500	...	442 8 6	0	0	...	250 0 0	0	12500	...	192 8 6	0 0 0
——, Herbert ...	3 Dec. 80	0	0	...	45 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	45 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	45 0 0	0 0 0
Peterson, Henry John ...	16 May 88	0	0	...	320 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	230 6 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	320 6 11	0 0 0
Pfeiffer, Emil ...	18 July 85	0	0	...	327 13 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	327 13 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	327 13 6	0 0 0
Phillips, Maurice Griffith ...	9 Aug. 84	0	0	...	73 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	73 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	73 15 0	0 0 0
Pinder, George Walter ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 2 4	0	0	...	1 2 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 2 4	0 0 0
Pinto, Francis,—legacy account of the Roman Catholic Vicar Apostolic of Western Bengal in Calcutta ...	29 June 81	0	4300	...	125 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	86 0 0	0	4300	...	211 2 4	0	0	...	164 15 4	0	4300	...	46 3 0	0 0 0
——, legacy account of J. A. Cornelius ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	100 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0 0 0
Platts, William,—share account of William Henry John Platts, son of the deceased ...	16 Dec. 85	0	17000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	340 0 0	0	17000	...	340 0 0	0	0	...	340 0 0	0	17000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of David John Platts, son of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	17000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	340 0 0	0	17000	...	340 0 0	0	0	...	340 0 0	0	17000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Harry Platts ...	Ditto ...	0	17000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	340 0 0	0	17000	...	340 0 0	0	0	...	340 0 0	0	17000	...	0 0 0	0 0 0

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Cash. To credit. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Cash. To debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Total. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Total. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Total. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
P																							
Plowden, Col. T. J. C. ...	1892.	0	500	...	65 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	75 10 4	0	0	...	1 6 1	0	500	...	74 4 3	0 0 0
Ponsonby, Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Edward Vallette ...	15 Feb. 69	0	0	4*	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	4*	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Popham, Major-General George Munro ...	4 Sept. 38	0	0	...	230 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	230 12 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	230 12 0	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Stephen Popham ...	Ditto ...	0	3700	...	366 11 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	77 13 8	0	3700	...	444 9 3	0	0	...	5 10 1	0	3700	...	438 15 2	0 0 0
Potier, Mrs. Fanny Mary Ann ...	3 Mar. 79	0	0	...	0 0 0	796 3 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	796 3 9
Poulson, John,—life-interest account of Mrs. E. A. Poulson, widow and legatee under the will of the deceased ...	......	0	3000	...	57 6 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 2 0	0	300	...	60 8 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	3000	...	60 8 2	0 0 0
Powell, Clarence St. Aubyn ...	16 April 91	0	1500	38†	0 0 0	4 7 1	0	0	...	4313 6 11	0	1500	...	4308 15 10	0	1500	38†	4290 15 10	0	0	...	18 0 0	0 0 0
Powys, Lieutenant John ...	15 Dec. 58	0	0	£600‡	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	£600‡	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	£600‡	0 0 0	0 0 0
Poynton, William ...	12 June 51	0	0	...	54 6 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 6 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 6 10	0 0 0
Prance, Hugh Courtenay ...	8 April 92	0	1000	10§	416 11 4	0 0 0	0	1500	...	1980 15 8	0	2500	10§	2397 11 0	0	0	10§	2033 5 4	0	2500	...	364 5 8	0 0 0
Pratt, Major Charles Stewart,—share account of Henry Norris Pratt Dugmore, nephew of the deceased ...	16 Dec. 89	0	7000	...	99 5 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	146 10 8	0	700	...	246 0 7	0	0	...	7 13 7	0	7000	...	238 3 0	0 0 0
Prentis, Dr. Charles,—share account of Ethel Combe and Charles Edward Combe Prentis, children of the deceased ...	12 May 87	0	1600	...	468 8 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 8 0	0	1600	...	443 0 8	0	0	...	1 12 8	0	1600	...	441 4 0	0 0 0
Prosser, John ...	12 June 51	0	0	...	155 2 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	155 2 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	155 2 3	0 0 0

R

Name	Date																					
Radcliffe, Hugh Chalmers,—legacy account of Mr. Charles Radcliffe, son of the deceased ...	7 May 85	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 8 4	0	0	...	5 8 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 8 4	0 0 0
Raikes, George Davy,—share account of Revd. Francis Walter, Henry Campbell, E. Finch, and L. G. Raikes	11 Jan. 58	0	25500	...	34 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	510 0 0	0	25500	...	544 13 10	0	0	...	510 0 0	0	25500	...	34 13 10	0 0 0
Raitt, Alexander Grant Lumsden ...	6 Dec. 76	0	500	...	352 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	363 2 5	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	500	...	362 11 10	0 0 0
Randle, Edward Samuel,—share account of Mr. James Randle, brother of the deceased ...	15 Jan. 79	0	600	...	314 8 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	326 2 3	0	0	...	0 10 9	0	600	...	325 7 6	0 0 0
Randolph, Henry ...	5 Jan. 53	0	2000	...	441 2 11	0 0 0	0	700	...	37 5 7	0	2700	...	478 8 6	0	700	...	0 14 8	0	2000	...	477 9 10	0 0 0
———, account of legatees ...	Ditto ...	0	1000	...	270 0 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 8	0	1000	...	291 0 11	0	0	...	0 8 4	0	1000	...	290 8 7	0 0 0
Read, Captain James,—share account of James Read, son of the deceased ...	9 June 70	0	500	...	358 4 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	368 12 6	0	0	...	1 9 0	0	500	...	367 3 6	0 0 0
——, share account of Thomas Read, son of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	500	...	357 4 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	367 12 7	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	500	...	367 3 7	0 0 0
Reid, Captain Hugh Atkins	27 June 50	0	5000	...	109 5 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 3 4	0	5000	...	114 8 8	0	0	...	97 5 0	0	5000	...	17 3 8	0 0 0
——, Dr. John Stephen ...	9 Aug. 86	0	600	...	313 2 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	325 2 3	0	0	...	0 10 9	0	600	...	324 7 6	0 0 0
——, share account of the four children of late Mr. R. H. Reid, brother of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	4500	...	118 4 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	94 2 8	0	4500	...	212 7 5	0	0	...	7 0 9	0	4500	...	205 6 8	0 0 0
——, W. M. ...	Ditto ...	0	1200	...	0 0 0	543 8 7	0	0	...	653 0 9	0	1200	...	109 8 2	0	600	...	0 15 0	0	600	...	108 9 2	0 0 0
Reilly, Apothecary John,—share account of the children of the deceased...	29 Aug. 70	0	500	...	129 10 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	140 2 9	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	500	...	139 9 9	0 0 0
Rennie, Archibald Hill ...	25 Feb. 76	0	500	...	472 12 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	483 4 11	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	500	...	482 14 4	0 0 0
Renton, Dr. David,—legacy account of George Thomas and Eliza Renton ...	Ditto ...	0	600	...	239 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 0	0	600	...	240 6 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	240 6 8	0 0 0
Riley, Lieutenant-General Stephen Davis,—legacy account of Mrs. Louisa Alice Turner and children,—share account of Mrs. Isabella Duntze Varrier ...	5 July 57	0	0	...	6 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 12 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 12 4	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Mrs. Louisa Alice Turner and children,—share account of Mr. Ashton Riley Duntze Turner ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	6 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 12 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 12 4	0 0 0

* Oudh Banking Corporation, Limited, shares. | † Sundry shares. | ‡ 3 per cent. annuity. | § Service Cooperative Association, Limited, shares.

B.

ESTATES	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
R																							
Riley, Lieutenant-General Stephen Davis,—legacy account of Miss Isabella Matilda Cameron ...	6 July 57	0	9100	...	19 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	191 7 8	0	9100	...	211 5 9	0	0	...	182 0 0	0	9100	...	29 5 9	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Elcia Theodora Alice Madge ...	Ditto ...	0	6800	...	72 10 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	142 9 0	0	6800	...	215 3 9	0	0	...	81 10 0	0	6800	...	133 9 9	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Riley Charles Stephen Madge ...	Ditto ...	0	4800	...	85 1 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	101 0 0	0	4800	...	186 1 5	0	0	...	77 6 1	0	4800	...	108 11 4	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Edwin Thomas Madge ...	Ditto ...	0	4800	...	184 11 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	5246 11 4	0	4800	...	5431 6 9	0	4800	...	5431 6 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Ada Pauline Jessie Madge ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Grace Blanche Madge ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	6 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 9 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 9 0	0 0 0
Ripley, Major Edward Pitches Wilson ...	31 Jan. 74	0	0	...	67 14 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	67 14 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	67 14 5	0 0 0
Roach, Mary Anne ...	Taken charge 27 May 71	0	100	...	130 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	133 0 9	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	128 15 5	0 0 0
Roberts, Mrs. Mary Frances	10 Dec. ..	0	1100	...	324 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	1122 7 10	0	1100	...	1446 15 6	0	500	...	2028 11 1	0	600	...	0 0 0	581 11 7
——, George Washington,—share account of George Partick Roberts,—share account of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	1600	...	14 5 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1737 15 8	0	1600	...	1752 4 8	0	1600	...	1752 4 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Catherine Alice Roberts, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	1200	...	21 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	45 0 5	0	0	...	61 5 6	0	1200	...	0 0 0	16 5 1

Robinson, Revd. Alexander, —share account of the six children of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	3600	...	158 4 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	72 0 0	0	3600	...	230 4 5	0	0	...	72 0 0	0	3600	...	158 4 5	0 0 0
——, Revd. John ...	......	0	0	...	189 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	189 9 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	189 9 9	0 0 0
——, share account of J. A. G. and A. A. Robinson, children of the deceased ...	......	0	100	..	101 0 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	103 2 7	0	0	...	0 1 10	0	100	...	103 0 9	0 0 0
——, Captain J. S. ...	......	0	0	...	33 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 13 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 13 7	0 0 0
Robson, Hugh ...	27 July 68	0	1700	...	311 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 12 4	0	1700	...	337 5 9	0	0	...	0 15 9	0	1700	...	336 6 0	0 0 0
Rochfort, John Steel ...	24 Sept. 82	0	1000	...	17 7 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	17 7 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	17 7 2	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Violet Mary Roberta Rochfort, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	1600	...	118 10 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 10 8	0	1600	...	120 5 7	0	0	...	30 3 4	0	1600	...	90 2 3	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Alice McLeod Rochfort, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	1600	...	118 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 10 8	0	1600	...	120 5 8	0	0	...	30 3 4	0	1600	...	90 2 4	0 0 0
Rodgers, John ...	29 Aug. 76	0	0	...	291 9 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	291 9 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	291 9 4	0 0 0
——, Robert,—account of legacy to St. Patrick's Church at Moulmein ...	26 May 66	0	1100	...	79 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 0 0	0	1100	...	101 5 10	0	0	...	1 3 9	0	1100	...	100 2 1	0 0 0
Rogers, Phillip Powys ...	2 April 91	0	0	...	7 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 3 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 3 5	0 0 0
——, Captain Thomas Eales	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 3 4	0	0	...	10 3 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 3 4	0 0 0
Ronald, Mrs. Ellen Maria ...	26 April 78	0	0	...	222 11 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	222 11 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	222 11 9	0 0 0
——, Walter ...	18 Jan. 92	0	4100	...	10 0 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	962 5 9	0	4100	...	972 5 11	0	0	...	898 7 10	0	4100	...	73 14 1	0 0 0
Rondo, Joseph ...	18 Mar. 46	0	0	...	78 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	78 15 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	78 15 1	0 0 0
——, account of sundry legatees ...	Ditto ...	0	21000	...	90 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	326 0 0	0	21000	...	416 9 0	0	0	...	24 10 4	0	21000	...	391 14 8	0 0 0
Rooke, Henry Watts ...	28 Feb. 82	0	13400	...	333 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	368 0 0	0	13400	...	601 13 8	0	0	...	290 5 10	0	13400	...	311 7 10	0 0 0
Rosamond, Edward John, —share account of Mrs. Rosamond, widow of the deceased ...	Taken charge 12 Oct. 74	0	300	...	220 6 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 5 0	0	300	...	226 11 2	0	0	...	0 5 5	0	300	...	226 5 9	0 0 0
Rose, Samuel Edward Sharphan ...	......	0	1800	...	80 12 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1800	...	80 12 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1800	...	80 12 10	0 0 0
Roy, Alexander William ...	29 Jan. 91	0	4500	...	146 15 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 0 0	0	4500	...	216 15 2	0	0	...	2 14 5	0	45 0	...	214 0 9	0 0 0
Ryan, Conductor James ..	16 Aug. 83	0	0	...	25 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 15 0	0 0 0
S																							
St. Barbe, Henry Louis ...	12 Sept. 88	0	5500	...	234 9 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	115 3 4	0	5500	...	349 12 11	0	0	...	4 9 3	0	5500	...	345 3 8	0 0 0
Sammons, F. E C. ...	15 Aug. 89	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 15 0	0	0	..	0 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 15 0	0 0 0
Samuells, Joseph ...	26 Mar. 88	0	0	...	13 5 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 5 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 5 4	0 0 0
Sanderson, William,—share account of the three children of the deceased ...	21 Dec. 72	0	1400	...	133 1 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 7 4	0	1400	...	162 9 3	0	0	...	1 9 1	0	1400	...	161 0 2	0 0 0
Sandwith, Frederick Brown...	10 Mar. 90	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 1 8	0	0	...	5 1 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 1 8	0 0 0

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S. R.	Total. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Total. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Total. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31th December 1892. Government Securities. S. R.	Balance on 31th December 1892. Government Securities. Co. Rs.	Balance on 31th December 1892. Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Balance on 31th December 1892. Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31th December 1892. Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
S																							
Sarkies, Johannes Carrapiet ...	1 June 78	0	0	...	12206 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12206 14 10	0	0	...	7992 9 9	0	0	...	4214 5 1	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Mary ...	8 Sept. 84	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	10000	...	63 9 5	0	10000	...	63 9 5	0	0	...	1709 4 4	0	10000	...	0 0 0	1645 10 11
———, Petruse Johannes ...	3 Aug. 69	0	9300	...	390 3 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	125 2 8	0	9300	...	515 5 9	0	0	...	5 13 7	0	9300	...	509 8 2	0 0 0
Saunders, Mrs. Eliza ...	16 Oct. 84	0	0	...	76 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	76 2 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	76 2 9	0 0 0
———, George ..	8 May 75	0	0	...	47 5 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	47 5 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	47 5 3	0 0 0
———, John ...	16 Oct. 84	0	0	...	1472 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1472 14 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1472 14 10	0 0 0
———, Paterson Tandy ...	29 June 70	0	0	...	56 7 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	56 7 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	56 7 7	0 0 0
Savill, William Henry,—share account of Henry Francis Savill, son of the deceased ...	3 July 76	0	0	...	6 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	6 12 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 12 4	0 0 0
Schœneman, Carl,—share account of Emily Mary and Henry Carl Schœneman, children of the deceased	12 Mar. 84	0	0	...	359 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	359 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	359 15 0	0 0 0
Schorn, Edwin Sherman,—share account of Joseph C. Schorn, widow of the deceased ...	19 May 87	0	80000	...	0 0 0	188 0 0	0	0	...	1600 0 0	0	80000	...	1412 0 0	0	0	...	1589 10 8	0	80000	...	0 0 0	177 10 8
———, legacy account of six surviving and four grandchildren ...	Ditto ...	0	74800	...	0 0 0	62 5 0	0	15000	...	1392 14 0	0	89800	...	1330 9 0	0	15000	...	497 9 5	0	74800	...	832 15 7	0 0 0
———, John Conrade,—legacy account of the Christian poor of St. James' Church ...	19 Aug. 75	0	9700	...	10 1 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	194 0 0	0	9700	...	204 1 8	0	0	...	204 1 8	0	9700	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, share account of Alexander Oxford Schorn, son of the late Mr. E. S. Schorn ...	Ditto ...	0	700	...	144 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	700	...	159 10 6	0	0	...	0 12 7	0	700	...	158 13 11	0 0 0

——, share account of Walter Glenville Schorn, son of the deceased ...	*Ditto ...	0	0	...	315 11 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	315 11 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	351 11 3	0 0 0
——, share account of James Arnold Schorn, son of the late Mr. E. S. Schorn ...	Ditto ...	0	4800	...	1 14 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	4186 7 11	0	4800	...	4188 6 1	0	4800	...	4181 14 9	0	0	...	6 7 4	0 0 0
——, share account of the children of Mrs. Hellen Maria Bridgnell, daughter of the late Mr. E. S. Schorn	Ditto ...	0	5600	...	253 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	117 13 4	0	5600	...	371 12 4	0	0	...	108 4 5	0	5600	...	263 7 11	0 0 0
Scott, Mrs. Annie widow of the J. G. Scott) ...	6 Dec. 64	0	0	...	17 10 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 10 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 10 6	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Agnes ...	16 Mar. 92	0	700	...	50 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	758 4 5	0	700	...	808 4 11	0	700	...	3[illegible]8 7 2	0	0	...	489 13 9	0 0 0
——, George Leal Tiernan, —share account of J. E., J. G. and A. C. Scott, brothers and sister of the deceased ...	......	0	3000	..	412 8 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 2 0	0	3000	...	445 10 6	0	0	...	1 11 0	0	3000	...	443 15 6	0 0 0
——, Thomas ...	16 Mar. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	159 0 8	0	0	...	159 0 8	0	0	...	159 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Lieut. James Edward	12 Dec. 85	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 4	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Agnes,—share account of Arther Scott, son of the deceased ...	16 Mar. 92	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	159 0 8	0	0	...	159 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	159 0 8	0 0 0
——, share account of Mrs. Agnes Jane Dudley. (widow) and Mrs. Ellen DeTory, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	839 12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	839 12 5	0	0	...	839 12 5	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Arther Scott, son of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	417 6 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	417 6 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	417 6 7	0 0 0
——, Major John Augustus	16 Feb. 70	0	5300	...	309 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	111 8 4	0	5300	...	421 2 1	0	0	...	7 15 0	0	5300	...	413 3 1	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Mary ...	9 Aug. 67	0	600	...	166 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	178 12 5	0	0	...	0 10 9	0	600	...	178 1 8	0 0 0
Seddon, Felix John Vaughan, —share account of the children of Mrs. E. Morgan, sister of the deceased ...	23 Jan. 65	0	600	...	166 2 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	178 12 6	0	0	...	0 10 9	0	600	...	178 1 9	0 0 0
——, share account of children of Mrs. Harriet Whatton, sister of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	600	...	166 2 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	178 12 6	0	0	...	0 10 9	0	600	...	178 1 9	0 0 0
Serres, Charles Herbert ..	12 June 51	0	1600	...	0 0 0	175 15 11	0	0	...	32 0 0	0	16000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 1 1	0	1600	...	0 0 0	145 1 0
Serrao, Anthony ...	... ..	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 14 8	0	0	...	2 14 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 14 8	0 0 0
Serville, Antonio ...	11 Sept. 80	0	0	...	403 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	403 11 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	403 11 2	0 0 0
Seth, Catchick Gregory ...	28 June 84	0	5300	...	0 0 0	920 11 7	0	0	...	2611 7 4	0	5300	...	1690 11 9	0	0	...	859 10 10	0	5300	...	831 0 11	0 0 0
Sexton, Joseph Anthony—share account of Mrs. Elizabeth J. Sexton, mother of the deceased ...	23 Jan. 85	0	500	...	351 6 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	361 14 6	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	500	...	361 5 9	0 0 0

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
S																							
Sexton, Sergeant Patrick,—share account of the widow of the deceased ...	10 Dec. 86	0	8800	...	294 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	152 10 4	0	8800	...	446 14 8	0	0	...	9 1 1	0	8800	...	437 13 7	0 0 0
Shannahan, Pensioned Sergeant Michael,—life-interest account of Mrs. Margaret Maghee, daughter of the deceased ...	15 Aug. 83	0	3000	...	356 0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 2 0	0	3000	...	419 2 8	0	0	...	176 14 10	0	3000	...	242 3 10	0 0 0
———, life-interest account of Miss Mary Shannahan (now Mrs. Dogherty), sister of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	4300	...	347 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	74 7 8	0	4300	...	422 2 0	0	0	...	3 14 9	0	4300	...	418 3 3	0 0 0
Shaw, Edward John Alexander ..	11 June 89	0	0	4*	25 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	4*	25 14 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	4*	25 14 1	0 0 0
Sherman, George James,—share account of the children of the deceased ...	21 Nov. 83	0	500	...	4 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	542 4 1	0	500	...	546 15 5	0	500	...	118 3 1	0	0	...	428 12 4	0 0 0
Shipley, John ...	22 Aug. 92	0	0	...	268 5 0	0 0 0	0	6300	...	8062 13 4	0	6300	...	8331 2 4	0	0	...	8282 8 6	0	6300	...	47 9 10	0 0 0
Short, Joseph ...	14 Mar. 71	0	200	...	138 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	142 12 5	0	0	...	0 2 8	0	200	...	142 9 9	0 0 0
Simpson, Surgeon-Major Alexander,—legacy account of Mrs. Catherine Fehrson (deceased), daughter of the deceased ...	26 Nov. 89	0	77000	...	121 2 4	0 0 0	0	2000	...	1526 4 0	0	79000	...	1647 6 4	0	2000	...	1534 12 10	0	77000	...	112 9 6	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Mrs. Emily Warrack, daughter of the deceased	Ditto ...	0	52200	...	123 1 3	0 0 0	0	2500	...	1026 13 0	0	54700	...	1149 14 3	0	2500	...	1048 15 0	0	52200	...	100 15 3	0 0 0
Simson, David ...	17 Nov. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	20†	1946 12 5	0	0	20†	1946 12 5	0	0	...	1004 1 11	0	0	20†	942 10 6	0 0 0
Skinner, Alexander ...	2 Feb. 89	0	8400	1‡	342 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	192 5 1	0	8400	1‡	535 3 4	0	0	...	159 4 4	0	8400	1‡	375 15 0	0 0 0

Slade, Captain John,—share account of the seven children of Mrs. Anne Swaffield, the pre-deceased half-sister of the deceased ...	22 Nov. 65	0	1900	...	190 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 15 8	0	1900	...	212 7 8	0	0	...	1 2 0	0	1900	...	211 5 8	0 0 0
Smart, Mrs. Charlotte Alice,—share account of Miss Blanche Alice Smart, daughter of the deceased	4 Mar 91	0	0	...	229 5 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	229 5 4	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	0	...	219 5 4	0 0 0
Smelt, Henry ...	30 July 50	0	0	...	21 3 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 3 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 3 8	0 0 0
Smith, Alfred ...	30 Nov. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2334 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	2334 8 0
——, Alexander Thomas	Date of transfer of executorship, 20 Aug. 72	0	0	...	16 11 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 11 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 11 9	0 0 0
——, Edward John,—share account of Annie Smith, daughter of the deceased	26 June 74	0	2400	...	304 5 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 8 0	0	2400	...	354 13 6	0	0	...	2 11 1	0	2400	...	352 2 5	0 0 0
——, Joseph,—share account of Thomas Smith, son of the deceased ...	5 Feb. 83	0	500	...	114 14 5	0 0 0	0	500	...	7 2 2	0	1000	...	122 0 7	0	500	...	0 5 11	0	500	...	121 10 8	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Katherine ...	9 May 87	0	0	...	5 3 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 3 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 3 4	0 0 0
——, Miss Mary Melville	9 May 83	0	11500	4†	155 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	295 15 0	0	11500	4†	451 12 10	0	0	...	11 15 10	0	11500	4†	439 13 0	0 0 0
——, Richard ..	18 April 84	0	0	...	9 3 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 3 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 3 9	0 0 0
——, Cecil Rowland,—share account of Master Cecil Hope Smith, son of the deceased ...	2 Sept. 89	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 5 0	0	0	...	0 5 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 5 0	0 0 0
——, Rowland ...	21 April 85	0	0	...	29 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 5 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 5 10	0 0 0
——, Wilton Augustus Peter ...	20 Aug. 91	0	29500	118§	423 10 3	0 0 0	0	6000	...	3039 2 7	0	35500	118§	3462 12 10	0	5000	...	3921 9 0	0	30500	118§	0 0 0	458 12 2
——, Robert ...	4 May 92	0	2000	...	224 15 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	130 6 0	0	2000	...	355 5 8	0	0	...	26 6 9	0	2000	...	328 14 11	0 0 0
——, William (Attorney's Clerk) ...	Taken charge in 1846	0	0	...	50 0 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 9	0 0 0
Smith, Mrs. Jane,—legacy account of the orphans at the Entally Convent ...	24 Sept. 64	0	6000	...	0 0 0	10 13 2	0	1500	...	79 11 0	0	7500	...	68 13 10	0	1500	...	4 7 5	0	6000	...	64 6 5	0 0 0
——, Sub-Conductor Patrick,—account of the legacy for the heirs of the late Michael Smith, father of the deceased ...	8 Nov. 54	0	500	...	182 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	192 15 1	0	0	...	0 4 2	0	500	...	192 10 11	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Sarah ...	26 June 80	0	5500	...	251 6 8	0 0 0	0	600	...	572 9 2	0	6100	...	823 15 10	0	0	...	896 10 9	0	6100	...	0 0 0	72 10 11
Snykers, Leonard,—share account of Mechitide Cardynares, daughter of Mrs. Mary Hellen Jacobs, a deceased sister of the deceased ...	10 July 78	0	0	...	55 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	55 15 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	55 15 1	0 0 0
Southward, Thomas ...	6 June 71	0	2200	...	160 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 4 8	0	2200	...	195 0 10	0	0	...	2 5 0	0	2200	...	192 11 10	0 0 0

* Rowing Club Debentures. | † Bank of Bengal. | ‡ East India Railway Company annuity. | § Sundry shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To credit. Rs. A. P.	To debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
S																							
Spain, Captain William C. (Mariner) ...	Taken charge 19 April 82	0	0	...	87 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	87 7 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	87 7 5	0 0 0
Spears, Thomas,—legacy account of Anna Spears ...	11 Nov. 68	0	27900	...	256 10 5	0 0 0	0	1500	...	467 11 0	0	29400	...	724 5 5	0	1500	...	552 11 4	0	27900	...	171 10 1	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Catherine Spears ...	Ditto ...	0	27900	...	102 0 6	0 0 0	0	1500	...	467 11 0	0	29400	...	569 11 6	0	1500	...	520 15 4	0	27900	...	48 12 2	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Isabella Spears ...	Ditto ...	0	29400	...	463 8 4	0 0 0	0	1500	...	497 11 0	0	30900	...	961 3 4	0	1500	...	454 2 3	0	29400	...	509 1 1	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Margaret Spears ...	Ditto ...	0	27900	...	438 11 6	0 0 0	0	1500	...	347 11 0	0	29400	...	786 6 6	0	1500	...	546 15 8	0	27900	...	239 6 10	0 0 0
———, legacy account of the children of late J. Spears ...	Ditto ...	0	700	...	281 2 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	295 2 10	0	0	...	279 15 1	0	700	...	15 3 9	0 0 0
Spratling, Thomas R. ...	Taken charge 12 July 82	0	0	...	342 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	342 9 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	342 9 5	0 0 0
Stacy, Mrs. Sophia Maria ...	24 Nov. 75	0	0	...	11 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 0 0	0 0 0
Staig, Mrs. Eliza Bryant ...	10 Feb. 77	0	0	...	210 10 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	210 10 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	210 10 10	0 0 0
Staunton, Robert Starling ...	24 July 83	0	0	...	150 7 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	150 7 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	150 7 3	0 0 0
Stephen, Alexander,—legacy account of Mrs. Mary Stephen, widow of the deceased ...	10 Dec. 85	0	0	...	97 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	97 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	97 0 0	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Agatha Stephen, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Elizabeth Stephen, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0
Stevens, H. ...	27 Nov. 90	0	0	...	118 6 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	118 6 6	0	0	...	118 6 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Stewart, Theodocius,—legacy account of Verner Alexander Stewart, son of the deceased ...	6 May 84	0	0	...	8 15 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 15 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 15 4	0 0 0

——, legacy account of Charles Stewart Stewart, son of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	7400	...	306 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	155 11 4	0	7400	...	462 9 4	0	0	...	148 4 8	0	7400	...	314 4 8	0 0 0
——, William Robbie ...	11 July 89	0	0	...	174 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	174 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	174 13 0	0 0 0
Stodart, John George ...	12 Dec. 73	0	0	...	73 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	73 9 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	73 9 1	0 0 0
Strachan, Mrs. Catherine ...	17 May 86	0	2000	...	82 0 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	566 15 4	0	2000	...	649 0 3	0	0	...	526 10 11	0	2000	...	122 5 4	0 0 0
Strong, Mrs. Hannah Sophia ...	7 May 74	0	0	...	0 0 0	24 13 7	0	0	...	529 2 1	0	0	...	504 4 6	0	0	...	436 5 3	0	0	...	67 15 3	0 0 0
Sturt, Napier R. ...	Taken charge 4 April 78	0	0	...	69 12 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	69 12 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	69 12 7	0 0 0
Sundry,—account of W. J. Pittar ...	......	0	0	...	1255 10 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1255 10 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1255 10 9	0 0 0
Sutherland, Henry Cobbe ...	20 June 79	0	0	...	348 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	348 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	348 3 0	0 0 0
——, Patrick,—share account of Mary Sutherland, pre-deceased sister of the deceased ...	23 Mar. 65	0	0	...	318 10 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	318 10 3	0	0	...	318 10 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of James McCowen Sutherland, pre-deceased brother of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	318 10 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	318 10 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	318 10 3	0 0 0
——, William ...	20 Nov. 76	0	0	...	255 8 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	255 8 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	255 8 2	0 0 0
Swappe, Charles ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	75 8 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	75 8 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	75 8 3	0 0 0
Sweeting, Henry Edward ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	18 9 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	18 9 8
Swiney, Captain Hugh Bladen	4 May 78	0	0	...	19 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 4 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 4 8	0 0 0
Swinly, Anna ...	8 July 51	0	0	...	287 8 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	287 8 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	287 8 7	0 0 0
Sylva, Mrs. Elizabeth ..	22 July 81	0	0	...	2144 5 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 9 0	0	0	...	2145 14 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2145 14 2	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of Robert Christian Smidt ...	Ditto ...	0	2500	...	329 10 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 9 8	0	2500	...	382 4 1	0	0	...	2 12 10	0	2500	...	379 7 3	0 0 0
——, share account of Miss Louisa Smith ...	Ditto ...	0	700	...	249 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	700	...	264 0 0	0	0	...	0 12 7	0	700	...	263 3 5	0 0 0
——, legacy account of the children of Mrs. Georgiana Mendes ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	42 9 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 9 8	0	0	...	21 4 10	0	0	...	21 4 10	0 0 0
Syme, D. ...	27 July 74	0	100	...	74 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	76 6 4	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	76 5 0	0 0 0
T																							
Talbert, John ...	5 Dec. 43	0	0	...	44 0 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 0 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 0 7	0 0 0
Taylor, James ...	Taken charge 20 July 76	0	0	...	202 1 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	202 1 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	202 1 11	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of Mrs. Maria Taylor, widow of the deceased ...	22 Mar. 75	0	0	...	90 2 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	90 2 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	90 2 7	0 0 0
——, Major-General Henry Alexander ...	20 Sept. 83	0	0	...	105 15 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	105 15 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	105 15 2	0 0 0
——, H. H. ...	5 Aug. 90	0	2000	...	56 3 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 1 4	0	2000	...	98 4 8	0	0	...	29 10 11	0	2000	...	68 9 9	0 0 0
——, Revd. J. H. ...	16 June 92	0	500	...	1672 12 10	0 0 0	0	1300	...	612 0 0	0	1800	...	2284 12 10	0	500	...	2153 8 7	0	1300	...	131 4 3	0 0 0
Temple, Mrs. Emily Jane ...	5 April 70	0	0	...	260 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	260 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	260 0 0	0 0 0

B.

ESTATES	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
T																							
Thaddeus, John,—account of Frederick George Thaddeus, minor son and universal legatee under the will of the deceased ...	4 Sept. 83	0	25800	...	101 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	516 0 0	0	25800	...	617 15 9	0	0	...	633 14 8	0	25800	...	0 0 0	15 14 11
Thomas, David,—share account of the next-of-kin of late John Thomas ...	8 Nov. 57	0	400	...	47 6 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 5 0	0	400	...	55 11 3	0	0	...	0 7 2	0	400	...	55 4 1	0 0 0
——, ——, share account of two daughters of late Henry Thomas ...	Ditto ...	0	400	...	47 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 5 0	0	400	...	55 8 0	0	0	...	0 7 2	0	400	...	55 0 10	0 0 0
——, Daniel ...	10 Aug. 71	0	0	...	7 10 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 10 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 10 2	0 0 0
——, John,—new account	......	0	1000	...	215 7 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	236 8 5	0	0	...	0 8 7	0	1000	...	235 15 10	0 0 0
Thompson, William ...	2 May 67	0	0	50*	1 12 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	599 15 0	0	0	50*	601 11 3	0	0	...	599 15 0	0	0	50*	1 12 3	0 0 0
——, Robert Leggatte	25 Aug. 80	0	600	...	161 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	174 7 8	0	0	...	0 7 11	0	600	...	173 15 9	0 0 0
——, Henry ...	4 Jan. 84	0	0	...	38 5 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	38 5 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	38 5 9	0 0 0
——, H. D. ...	8 Jan. 92	0	12200	29†	214 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	14566 8 0	0	12200	29†	14781 6 10	0	12200	29*	14781 6 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Miss Grace Bassi Campbell ...	24 Nov. 91	0	0	...	0 0 0	570 12 0	0	16100	26†	16550 11 8	0	16100	26†	15979 15 0	0	14500	26†	15917 11 3	0	1600	...	62 3 9	0 0 0
Thomson, George Nathaniel Alves ...	17 Aug. 70	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 7 0	0	0	...	3 7 0	0	0	...	3 7 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, John William ...	16 Dec. 9	0	3800	...	405 2 7	0 0 0	0	900	...	53 13 0	0	4700	...	458 15 7	0	900	...	2 3 4	0	3800	...	456 12 3	0 0 0
Thornton, Henry Alexander	24 May 84	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	539 15 0	0	0	...	539 15 0	0	0	...	539 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Tibbetts, John William,—account of the house No. 20, Kenderdine's Lane—Life-account of Mrs. J. Tibbetts, widow of the deceased ...	20 Aug. 73	0	0	...	4 12 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 12 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 12 8	0 0 0
Tighe, Lieutenant H. A. M.	19 Dec. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	235 6 10	0	0	...	235 6 10	0	0	...	3 8 6	0	0	...	231 14 4	0 0 0
Tod, Lieut.-Colonel James ...	20 June 36	0	0	...	80 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 14 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 14 8	0 0 0
Todd, R. A. ...	28 Feb. 85	0	0	...	6 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 9 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 9 0	0 0 0

Tooth, Lieut., Riding Master, T. A. ...	17 Nov. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2000	...	2814 5 0	0	2000	...	2814 5 0	0	0	...	2302 0 9	0	2000	...	512 4 3	0 0 0
Tough, Mrs. Maria (or Hobcroft),—share account of Samuel Hobcroft, husband of the deceased ...	3 Mar. 84	0	500	...	191 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	202 4 6	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	500	...	201 16 6	0 0 0
Toussaint, Edward Bernard	21 April 76	0	0	...	6 12 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 12 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 12 6	0 0 0
Treston, Edward,—account of realization of the North-Western Bank shares and dividends ..	28 Mar. 68	0	0	...	0 0 0	693 14 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	693 14 3
———, Mrs. E ...	......	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 0 0	0 0 0
Tripp, Benjamine Copel,—share account of Samuel Samner Tripp, brother of the deceased ...	18 June 60	0	200	...	99 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 3 4	0	200	...	103 4 8	0	0	...	0 3 7	0	200	...	103 1 1	0 0 0
Tucker, Quarter-master F. Lindsay ...	29 June 75	0	0	...	14 5 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 5 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 5 2	0 0 0
Tuite, Mrs. Anne,—legacy account of Rebecca Evalina Montgomery, grand-daughter of the deceased	16 May 68	0	1000	...	168 0 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	189 1 5	0	0	...	1 1 11	0	1000	...	187 15 6	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Anne Amila Montgomery, grand-daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	5100	...	160 7 11	0 0 0	0	500	...	103 6 6	0	5600	...	263 14 5	0	500	...	5 8 4	0	5100	...	258 6 1	0 0 0
———, legacy account of J. H. Montogomary, grand-daughter of the deceased	Ditto ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 9 0		0	...	1 9 0	0	0	...	1 9 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Tulloh, R. A. ...	17 Feb. 82	0	600	...	215 11 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	228 5 1	0	0	...	0 7 11	0	600	...	227 13 2	0 0 0
Turnbull, John Law ...	18 June 61	0	0	...	142 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	142 9 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2700	...	142 9 1	0 0 0
Turner, Thomas Henry ...	15 Aug. 78	0	2700	...	338 3 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	58 6 0	0	2700	...	396 9 9	0	0	...	184 15 10	0	0	10‡	211 9 11	0 0 0
Tuther, Mrs. Mary ...	18 Aug. 84	0	0	10‡	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	10‡	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Tweentyman, W. H. ...	13 Sept. 84	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 8 0	0	0	...	2 8 0	0	0	...	2 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, William Henry,—share account of Henry Phipps Twentyman	Ditto ...	0	0	...	298 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	309 4 5	0	0	...	608 2 9	0	0	...	608 2 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, H. P. ...	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	608 2 9	0	0	...	608 2 9	0	0	...	608 2 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Mrs. Jane Hunt ...	......	0	1300	...	160 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	1385 10 6	0	1300	...	1546 7 2	0	1300	...	1546 7 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
U																							
Underwood, Samuel James...	12 Dec. 78	0	0	...	1 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 9 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 9 0	0 0 0
———, share account of the children ...	Ditto ...	0	200	...	21 5 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 0 0	0	200	...	25 5 5	0	0	...	0 3 7	0	200	...	25 1 10	0 0 0
Urquhart, Mrs. Elizabeth Caroline ...	9 Jan. 70	0	1900	...	458 13 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 15 8	0	1900	...	470 13 5	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	1900	...	470 6 10	0 0 0

* Bengal Bonded Warehouse, shares. | † Sudry shares. ‡ Simla Bank, shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892.					Receipts up to 30th December 1892.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892.				Balance on 31th December 1892.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		S. R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	S. R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S. R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S. R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S. R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
V																							
Vacher, Henry ...	12 Dec. 78	0	5900	21*	509 12 11	0 0 0	0	500	...	134 2 4	0	6400	21*	643 15 3	0	0	...	545 15 11	0	6400	21*	97 15 4	0 0 0
Van Dort, Mrs. Caroline Angelica ..	1 Feb. 82	0	0	...	1711 4 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1711 4 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1711 4 9	0 0 0
Vasselion, Constantine,—share account of Charles Edward Vasselion ...	29 Aug. 66	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Alexander Vasselion ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	493 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	493 9 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	493 9 3	0 0 0
Verboon, Richard ...	13 Feb. 71	0	29500	...	618 11 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	350 0 0	0	29500	...	968 11 11	0	0	...	868 5 6	0	29500	...	100 6 5	0 0 0
——, Miss Grace ...	9 Aug. 80	0	0	...	63 1 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 1 0	0 0 0
Verlie, Jean Hurrier,—new account ..	12 June 51	0	0	...	127 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	127 14 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	127 14 10	0 0 0
Vernon, John Richardson ..	1 Mar. 79	0	3700	1†	524 2 9	0 0 0	0	500	...	66 9 8	0	4200	1†	590 12 5	0	0	...	534 12 3	0	4200	1†	56 0 2	0 0 0
Virtue, Mrs. Harrietta ..	6 April 76	0	0	...	300 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	300 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	300 0 0	0 0 0
——, account of sale proceeds of bungalow at Cawnpore ...	Ditto ...	0	1500	...	168 4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 9 0	0	1500	...	199 13 0	0	0	...	0 12 6	0	1500	...	199 0 6	0 0 0
——, share account of Mrs. A. R. Isith, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	200	...	27 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 0 0	0	200	...	31 13 10	0	0	...	0 3 7	0	200	...	31 10 3	0 0 0
VonLintzgy, Dr. Charles Frederick,—legacy account of Mrs. F. E. Grecy ...	13 Feb. 77	0	3500	...	32 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	2920 0 0	0	3500	...	2952 15 9	0	0	...	2848 1 8	0	3500	...	104 14 1	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Mrs. Emily Forbes ...	Ditto ...	0	16200	...	60 1 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	2749 0 0	0	16200	...	2809 1 1	0	0	...	2729 14 0	0	16200	...	79 3 0	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Francis Charles Durup de Dombal ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	10 6 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 6 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 6 8	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Gervase Michel Durup de Dombal ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	10 6 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 6 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 6 8	0 0 0

Name	Date																				
———, legacy account of Gerland Felix Durup de Dombal ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	290 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	290 11 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	290 11 2	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Cecil Durup de Dombal ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	282 10 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	283 10 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	282 10 10	0 0 0
———, life-interest account of George Duncan VonLintzgy ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	9 2 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 2 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 2 8	0 0 0
Von Siller, Mrs. M. L. ...	......	0	0	38‡	0 0 0	12 3 6	0	0	...	855 0 0	0	0	38‡	842 12 6	0	0	...	854 12 10	0	0	38‡	0 0 0	12 0 4
Vrignon, Francis,—trust account ...	15 July 57	0	0	...	25 7 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 7 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 7 11	0 0 0
———, John ...	4 Jan. 93	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	315600	...	0 0 0	0	315600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5143 4 2	0	315600	...	0 0 0	5143 4 2
W																					
Waddington, R. ...	2 Sept. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	25200	...	29569 0 0	0	25200	...	29569 0 0	0	0	...	29501 15 3	0	25200	...	67 0 9	0 0 0
Wade, James,—new account ...	15 July 61	0	0	...	201 13 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	201 13 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	201 13 6	0 0 0
Wagentrieber, William John Henry,—share account of Mrs. E. White, one of the sisters of the deceased ...	16 June 81	0	3500	...	163 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	73 2 0	0	3500	...	236 7 10	0	0	...	3 14 10	0	3500	...	232 9 0	0 0 0
Walker, Hony William, Esq. ...	24 Sept. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	151 13 0	0	0	...	151 13 0	0	0	...	32 13 5	0	0	...	118 15 7	0 0 0
Wallace, Major-General John Duncan Campbell ...	26 May 81	0	0	...	247 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	247 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	247 0 0	0 0 0
Wallis, Rev. Arthur William,—share account of Mary Gertrude Mitchell, grand-child of the deceased ...	24 Nov.	0	0	...	1174 15 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 11 8	0	0	...	1175 11 1	0	0	...	1175 11 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Walsh, Riding-Master D. ...	28 Oct. 73	0	0	...	11 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 12 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 12 8	0 0 0
———, Surgeon John Edward ...	1 June 80	0	0	...	51 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	51 14 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	51 14 0	0 0 0
———, John ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	3 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	433 15 0	0	0	...	437 10 8	0	0	...	434 1 2	0	0	...	3 9 6	0 0 0
———, Thomas ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	516 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	516 1 10	0	0	...	516 1 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Walters, Captain Thomas (Mariner) ...	16 Dec. 82	0	66800	...	43 9 0	0 0 0	0	6200	...	1274 3 0	0	73000	...	1317 12 0	0	5000	...	812 12 1	0	67500	...	504 15 11	0 0 0
———, William ...	Taken charge 12 Feb. 70	0	100	...	122 11 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	124 12 9	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	124 11 5	0 0 0
Warnekey, A. C., *alias* Renter ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	5 8 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 8 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 8 3	0 0 0
Warren, Rev. Charles ...	2 Sept. 82	0	0	...	19 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 1 4	0 0 0
———, share account of Lionel Herbert and Frederick Charles Warren, children of the deceased ..	Ditto ...	0	1100	...	65 3 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	23 2 4	0	1100	...	88 6 0	0	0	...	22 0 0	0	1100	...	66 6 0	0 0 0

* Sundry shares. | † Debrugurh Club share. | ‡ Bank of Bengal shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co. Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
W																							
Warren, Dr. William Henry,—share account of Eva Warren, niece of the deceased ...	2 Feb. 82	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 2 4	0	0	...	1 2 4	0	0	...	1 2 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, J. H.—share account of the two minor children of the late F. W. Warren, brother of the deceased ...	8 May 90	0	2800	...	114 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 0 0	0	2800	...	146 12 2	0	0	...	54 10 6	0	2800	...	92 1 8	0 0 0
Warter, Colonel Henry De-Grey ...	26 July 89	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	9241 12 9	0	0	...	9241 12 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9241 12 9	0 0 0
Watson, Dr. James ...	1 July 64	0	0	...	191 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	191 11 2	0	0	...	191 11 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	191 11 2	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of Mrs. Nancy Brinnon ...	8 June 88	0	0	...	45 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	45 0 0	0	0	...	45 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Watt, Alexander ...	Taken charge 23 Sept. 82	0	0	...	54 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 3 11	0 0 0
Webb, William Kempson ...	3 May 88	0	0	...	2 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Walter Webb, one of the sons of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	800	...	41 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 11 8	0	800	...	58 1 6	0	0	...	0 14 4	0	800	...	57 3 2	0 0 0
Welch, James,—life-interest to Louisa Margaret Onslow ...	8 Aug. 61	0	40500	...	797 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	450 0 0	0	40500	...	1247 13 0	0	0	...	789 13 2	0	40500	...	457 15 10	0 0 0
Wemyss, Sir John,—life-interest account of Sir David Wemyss, Bart. ...	26 Nov. 78	0	19500	...	81 15 11	0 0 0	0	10000	...	301 4 0	0	29500	...	383 3 11	0	10000	...	320 2 1	0	19500	...	63 1 10	0 0 0
Weskin, Mrs. Mary ...	9 April 89	0	2700	...	115 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 0 0	0	2700	...	169 15 10	0	0	...	2 3 6	0	2700	...	167 12 4	0 0 0
Westlake, Sidney St. John ...	17 Nov. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3000	...	5281 2 7	0	3000	...	5281 2 7	0	0	...	3484 13 11	0	3000	...	1796 4 8	0 0 0

Weston, Bazar Sergeant Joseph ...	Taken charge. 29 July 78	0	100	...	60 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 8	0	100	...	62 10 9	0	0	...	0 1 4	0	100	...	62 9 5	0 0 0
White, James,—life-interest account of the mother of the deceased's daughter, Miss Mary Anne Josephine White ...	22 Feb. 78	0	2200	...	41 3 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 4 8	0	2200	...	87 7 10	0	0	...	46 4 8	0	2200	...	41 3 2	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Miss Gwendolyn Mabel White ..	Ditto ...	0	4100	...	80 3 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	86 4 4	0	4100	...	166 8 0	0	4100	...	166 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Whiteside, Captain Frederick James Stranger ...	21 Nov. 74	0	0	...	16 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0 0 0
Wiese, Frederick William Ferdinand ...	16 Nov. 88	0	0	...	112 15 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	112 15 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	112 15 4	0 0 0
——, legacy account of the servants ...	Ditto ...	0	2400	...	268 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 8 0	0	2400	...	318 14 0	0	0	...	2 11 0	0	2400	...	316 3 0	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Caroline ...	26 Feb. 92	0	500	...	230 5 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	240 5 1	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	500	...	239 14 6	0 0 0
Wight, Robert Stuart,—life-interest account of Mrs. R. Wight, mother of the deceased ...	5 May 73	0	21000	...	140 13 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	380 0 0	0	21000	...	520 13 5	0	0	...	417 12 3	0	21000	...	103 1 3	0 0 0
Wijmer, Band Master John ...	13 April 80	0	0	...	19 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 13 0	0 0 0
Wilcox, Richard ...	8 July 51	0	0	...	186 15 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	186 15 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	186 15 5	0 0 0
Wilkinson, William ...	Taken charge 5 Feb. 73	0	0	...	17 8 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 8 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 8 11	0 0 0
——, Edward,—legacy account of Mrs. Eliza Wilkinson widow of the deceased ...	18 Aug. 73	0	0	...	0 0 0	7263 0 8	0	0	...	8199 15 0	0	0	...	936 14 4	0	0	...	2803 2 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	1866 4 2
Williams, Thomas Scournfield—account for the next-of-kin of the deceased ...	26 May 56	0	8000	...	283 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	167 13 0	0	8000	...	451 0 0	0	0	...	9 15 6	0	8000	...	441 0 6	0 0 0
——, J. A.,—account of house No. 6, Giree Baboo's Lane ...	9 April 83	0	0	...	184 6 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	360 0 0	0	0	...	554 6 10	0	0	...	367 12 9	0	0	...	176 10 1	0 0 0
——, Mrs. M. F. ...	12 Feb. 90	0	0	...	1836 11 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1836 11 1	0	0	...	1836 11 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, share account of Miss Rase Williams, one of the daughters of the deceased ..	Ditto ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	500	...	604 8 10	0	500	...	604 8 10	0	0	...	540 15 6	0	500	...	63 9 4	0 0 0
——, share account of Miss Violet Williams, one of the daughters of the deceased ..	Ditto ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	500	...	604 8 10	0	500	...	604 8 10	0	0	...	540 15 6	0	500	...	63 9 4	0 0 0
——, J. W. ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 0 8	0	0	...	1 0 8	0	0	...	1 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Williamson, Robert Alexander ...	16 Aug. 89	0	10900	82*	341 2 3	0 0 0	0	6000	...	7842 3 9	0	16900	82*	8183 6 0	0	0	...	7462 4 4	0	16900	82*	721 1 8	0 0 0

* Rajmahal Stone Company, Limited, shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892.					Receipts up to 30th December 1892.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892.				Balance on 31st December 1892.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To credit.	To debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
W																							
Williamson, Robert Alexander,—share account of Mr. M. N. Williamson, widow of the deceased ...	16 Aug. 89	0	4100	...	50 6 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	82 0 0	0	4100	...	132 6 10	0	0	...	54 1 1	0	4100	...	78 5 9	0 0 0
———, share account of Miss M. G. Williamson, daughter of the deceased ..	Ditto ...	0	3200	...	55 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	64 0 0	0	3200	...	119 1 9	0	0	...	3 2 1	0	3200	...	115 15 8	0 0 0
———, share account of David James Williamson, son of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	3200	...	55 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	64 0 0	0	3200	...	119 1 9	0	0	...	3 2 1	0	3200	...	115 15 8	0 0 0
———, share account of Alexander J. N. Williamson, son of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	3200	...	55 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	64 0 0	0	3200	...	119 1 9	0	0	...	3 2 1	0	3200	...	115 15 8	0 0 0
Willson, Thomas Hill ...	27 July 76	0	0	...	49 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	49 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	49 3 0	0 0 0
———, William Galbraith,—life-interest account of Mrs. S. J. Johnston, sister of the deceased ...	18 Feb. 67	0	10200	12*	203 6 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	474 0 0	0	10200	12*	677 6 8	0	0	...	474 0 0	0	10200	12*	203 6 8	0 0 0
Wilmans, P. B. ...	5 Sept. 74	0	5000	...	266 10 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	105 3 4	0	5000	...	371 13 6	0	0	...	4 2 8	0	5000	...	367 10 10	0 0 0
Wilson, Horace Hayman,—share account of Robert Tait ..	20 Nov. 57	0	0	38*	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	855 0 0	0	0	38*	855 0 0	0	0	...	855 0 0	0	0	38*	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, account of Eliza Hannah Wilson ...	Ditto ...	0	0	22*	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	495 0 0	0	0	22*	495 0 0	0	0	...	495 0 0	0	0	22*	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, account of Robert Augustus Faulder ...	Ditto ...	0	0	22*	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	495 0 0	0	0	22*	495 0 0	0	0	...	495 0 0	0	0	22*	0 0 0	0 0 0

——, account of Martha Wilson ...	Ditto ...	0	0	22*	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	495 0 0	0	0	22*	495 0 0	0	0	...	495 0 0	0	0	22*	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, account of Fanny Paterson Wilson ...	Ditto ...	0	0	22*	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	495 0 0	0	0	22*	495 0 0	0	0	...	495 0 0	0	0	22*	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Jane,—share account of Mrs. Smith, daughter of the deceased ...	16 Mar. 59	0	2000	...	195 7 1	0 0 0	0	1000	...	35 5 5	0	3000	...	230 12 6	0	1000	...	1 13 9	0	2000	...	228 14 9	0 0 0
——, Henry ...	8 July 89	0	13800	270†	1390 7 4	0 0 0	0	3700	...	11638 13 6	0	17500	270†	13029 4 10	0	10800	...	13009 1 9	0	6700	270†	20 3 1	0 0 0
——, Frederick,—life-interest account of Charles Wilson subject to the annuities of Sangaram Raimatta ...	24 Sept. 89	0	484000	...	694 11 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	9434 0 0	0	484000	...	10128 11 3	0	0	...	9588 3 10	0	484000	...	540 7 5	0 0 0
——, Anna Maria ...	10 Dec. 91	0	0	...	30 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Wilson, Charles Michael ...	6 Jan. 70	0	42600	...	206 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	852 0 0	0	42600	...	1058 15 0	0	0	...	833 7 6	0	42600	...	225 7 6	0 0 0
Wimberley, Lieutenant Edwin Belfour (realty account) ...	28 Sept. 64	0	400	...	138 9 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	147 0 7	0	0	...	0 5 3	0	400	...	146 11 4	0 0 0
Wise, Thomas Allan McPherson ...	6 Mar. 67	0	0	...	19 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 11 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 11 2	0 0 0
Wood, W. Henry ...	5 Aug. 76	0	0	...	28 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0 0 0
——, Hough ...	9 April 72	0	0	...	20 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 15 0	0 0 0
——, G. H.,—legacy account of George Henry Wood, son of the deceased ...	13 Jan. 84	0	300	...	142 4 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 3 4	0	300	...	148 7 5	0	0	...	0 5 5	0	300	...	148 2 0	0 0 0
——, W. C.,—share account of the children ...	10 Nov. 71	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 7 4	0	0	...	1 7 4	0	0	...	1 7 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Woodcock, Lieut.-Colonel Edward Humphrey ...	27 April 74	0	0	...	12 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0 0 0
Worters, Miss Eliza Matilda ...	28 April 74	0	0	...	54 7 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 7 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 7 0	0 0 0
Wortley, R. A. ...	25 April 91	0	0	...	26 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 0 0	0	0	...	26 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of Miss Ellen Margaret Wortley, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	82000	...	1040 15 1	0 0 0	0	1200	...	2302 10 0	0	83200	...	3352 9 1	0	0	...	3133 12 7	0	83200	...	218 12 6	0 0 0
Wright, Dr. George Vint ...	14 Dec. 70	0	500	...	226 7 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	236 15 11	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	500	...	236 9 4	0 0 0
——, David ...	Ditto ...	0	500	...	225 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	500	...	236 7 7	0	0	...	0 6 7	0	500	...	236 1 0	0 0 0
Wrixon, R. B. ...	......	0	0	...	44 7 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 7 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 7 6	0 0 0
Wyatt, Alexander,—gift for the children of the deceased ...	11 July 50	0	400	...	221 9 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 8	0	400	...	230 0 4	0	0	...	0 7 2	0	400	...	229 9 2	0 0 0
Wyne, L. P. ...	28 Aug. 84	0	600	...	482 12 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 10 0	0	600	...	495 6 6	0	0	...	0 7 11	0	600	...	494 14 7	0 0 0
Wynne, H. LePoer,—share account of Miss Anne Elizabeth H. LePoer Wynne, daughter of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	33000	...	263 7 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	598 0 0	0	33000	...	861 7 11	0	0	...	656 8 5	0	33000	...	204 15 6	0 0 0

* Bank of Bengal shares. | † East Hope Town Tea Estate Company shares.

B.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892.					Receipts up to 30th December 1892.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 30th June 1892.				Balance on 31st December 1892.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To credit.	To debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co.Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Y																							
Yates, Dr. William Henry...	2 Aug. 76	0	0	...	79 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	79 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	79 10 4	0 0 0
York, Surgeon B. ...	......	0	0	...	7 11 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 11 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 11 3	0 0 0
Young, Mr. Margent Agnes ...	31 Mar. 92	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2500	...	3884 10 5	0	2500	...	3884 10 5	0	500	...	3915 12 3	0	2000	...	0 0 0	31 1 10
Younghusband, C. E. S. ...	8 May 79	0	0	...	7 13 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 13 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 13 6	0 0 0
Z.																							
Zeigler, Leonard,—legacy account of John DeMiess and Godfred DeMiess ...	Ditto ...	0	6000	...	235 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	125 11 8	0	6000	...	361 2 7	0	0	...	6 11 7	0	6000	...	354 7 0	0 0 0
Zorab, Mackertick Manuk	13 April 83	0	0	...	381 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	381 13 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	381 13 10	0 0 0

F. COLLIS SANDES, *Offg. Administrator-General of Bengal.*

SCHEDULE C of all sums of Moneys, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator-General on account of HINDU or MUHAMMADAN Estates, remaining under his charge, together with the Payments made thereout, and the Balances prepared up to the 31st December 1892, under Section 32 of Act II of 1874.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892.					Receipts up to 30th December 1892.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892.				Balance on 31st December 1892.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
A																							
Assaram Burmono,—new account ...	20 May 50	0	3600	...	304 14 2	0 0 0	0	1200	...	153 12 0	0	4800	...	458 10 2	0	1200	...	22 12 11	0	3600	...	435 13 3	0 0 0
Aushruff Mistry, Shaik ...	5 Aug. 55	0	0	...	5 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 14 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 14 4	0 0 0
B																							
Badam Coomaree Dossee, Sreemutty ...	5 Sept. 88	0	186300	...	699 13 9	0 0 0	0	3200	...	3002 0 0	0	189500	...	3701 13 9	0	0	...	3555 4 4	0	189500	...	146 9 5	0 0 0
Bibee Fyzun ...	12 June 80	4100	5100	...	96 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	189 7 5	4100	5100	...	285 11 11	0	0	...	8 12 11	4100	5100	...	276 15 0	0 0 0
—— Hannah ...	27 May 50	0	0	...	5 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 6 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 6 0	0 0 0
—— Radha ...	22 Jan. 38	0	0	...	7 0 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 0 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 0 7	0 0 0
—— Sophia ...	3 Mar. 36	0	0	...	70 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 7 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 7 5	0 0 0
Buttokristo Doss ...	28 June 78	0	500	...	0 0 0	314 8 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	48 13 7	0	500	...	0 0 0	353 5 7
C																							
Cassey Nath Mullick ...	4 Mar. 79	0	81600	...	0 0 0	306 8 9	0	3100	...	20065 7 6	0	84700	...	19758 14 9	0	15300	...	19562 2 11	0	69400	...	196 11 10	0 0 0
D																							
Degamber Doss ...	22 Dec. 88	0	69100	1*	46 14 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	7621 13 3	0	69100	1*	7668 11 8	0	4500	...	7932 1 6	0	64600	1*	0 0 0	263 5 10
Dhone Monee Bye ...	19 Feb. 68	0	0	...	6 1 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 1 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 1 6	0 0 0
Dunber Sing, Lallah ...	15 April 48	0	0	...	14 14 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 14 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 14 6	0 0 0
Dwraka Nath Dutt ...	29 June 83	0	3000	...	58 10 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	228 0 0	0	3000	...	286 10 10	0	0	...	89 10 9	0	3000	...	197 0 1	0 0 0

* India General Steam Navigation Company, Limited, shares.

C.

ESTATES	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
F																							
Faradoo Kadder Prince Mahomed Hazabar Ally Mirza Mahomed ...	10 Jan. 87	0	0	...	11994 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	11544 14 0	0	0	...	23539 8 1	0	0	...	23504 11 10	0	0	...	34 12 3	0 0 0
Fonindra Bhushun Chatterjee	3 Nov. 84	0	5900	...	0 0 0	16 1 4	0	12000	...	17351 10 8	0	17900	...	17335 9 4	0	0	...	17225 7 4	0	17900	...	110 2 0	0 0 0
Furrook Nessa Begum ...	......	0	0	...	33 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 11 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 11 0	0 0 0
Futhullah Esoof Suba ...	20 Oct. 43	0	0	...	17 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 14 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 14 3	0 0 0
G																							
Golap Raur ...	8 Aug. 83	0	1000	...	359 4 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 8 4	0	1000	...	369 13 3	0	0	...	1 4 2	0	1000	...	368 9 1	0 0 0
Grish Chunder Dutt ...	17 Jan. 87	0	4000	...	83 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	94 5 8	0	4000	...	177 8 1	0	0	...	111 1 7	0	4000	...	66 6 6	0 0 0
Gunnumutty *alias* Harriet Paul ...	6 May 87	0	34000	...	129 11 5	0 0 0	0	700	...	680 0 0	0	34700	...	809 11 5	0	0	...	807 4 5	0	34700	...	2 7 0	0 0 0
H																							
Hajee Mahomed Ally ...	29 June 78	0	0	...	66 4 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	66 4 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	66 4 3	0 0 0
Heera Lall Singha ...	21 Feb. 87	0	1000	...	281 7 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 0 8	0	1000	...	302 8 0	0	0	...	0 13 2	0	1000	...	301 10 10	0 0 0
I																							
Illahee Khanum, mother of the child of Dr. A. Murray	29 April 67	0	1300	...	309 9 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 5 8	0	1300	...	306 15 6	0	0	...	2 1 1	0	1300	...	334 14 5	0 0 0
Issur Chunder Mookerjee	Taken charge 1887	0	0	...	6 6 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 6 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 6 7	0 0 0
J																							
Judoo Nath Mitter ...	22 Feb. 76	0	41500	...	130 1 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	5538 14 8	0	44500	...	5669 0 2	0	2500	...	3850 5 10	0	42000	...	1818 10 4	0 0 0
———, life interest account of Sreemutty Kaminee Dassee and her children	......	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	800	...	908 9 6	0	800	...	908 9 6	0	0	...	854 7 4	0	800	...	54 2 2	0 0 0
Juggomoney Dassee, Sreemutty ...	6 Sept. 88	0	0	...	0 0 0	480 3 6	0	0	...	418 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	743 2 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	774 7 4

Jummawooddin, His Highness, Prince ...	With will annexed. 28 Sept. 44	0	0	...	5 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 11 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 11 8	0 0 0
K																							
Kader Bux, Syed ...	14 Feb. 45	0	0	...	17 1 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 1 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 1 8	0 0 0
Kannylall Seal ...	24 Nov. 86	0	0	...	37 7 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 7 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	37 7 11	0 0 0
Kadar Nursing Rana, General Bahadur ...	......	0	2600	...	342 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	423 15 0	0	2600	...	766 3 4	0	0	...	866 0 8	0	260	...	0 0 0	99 13 4
Khetter Mohun Sen ...	22 Dec. 76	0	0	...	28 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0 0 0
Khetter Mohun Doss ...	14 Feb. 8	0	20600	...	124 6 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	510 0 0	0	20600	...	634 6 10	0	0	...	484 1 3	0	20600	...	150 5 7	0 0 0
Kissore Bewah ...	10 April 83	0	2100	...	0 0 0	53 5 3	0	0	...	44 3 0	0	2100	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 3 1	0	2100	...	0 0 0	41 5 10
Kristomoney Boistobee ...	With will annexed. 15 May 58	0	0	...	21 1 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 1 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 1 3	0 0 0
Kristo Beharinee Dossee Sreemutty ...	15 July 78	0	0	...	12 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0 0 0
Kamul Persaud Banniah ...	10 Oct. 45	0	0	...	30 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 3 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 3 6	0 0 0
Koonjo Beharee Bose ...	10 May 79	0	0	...	144 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	144 4 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	144 4 4	0 0 0
Koylaush Chunder Shaha ...	15 Dec. 82	0	4600	14*	297 6 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	161 0 2	0	4600	14*	458 6 3	0	0	...	4 10 4	0	4600	14*	453 11 11	0 0 0
L																							
Lall Chand Mitter ...	15 Dec. 74	0	0	...	31 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 15 0	0 0 0
——, account allowance for Juggodomba Dossee, Kristo Kolyanee Dossee, Koosum Coomary Dossee, Shama Soondery Dossee, and Upendranee Dossee	Ditto ...	0	18700	...	332 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	338 0 0	0	18700	...	670 10 4	0	0	...	360 15 1	0	18700	...	309 11 3	0 0 0
M																							
Mirza Ahmed Begg ...	15 Sept. 84	0	336400	225†	0 0 0	1518 11 5	0	0	...	51182 12 5	-0	336400	225†	49664 1 0	0	18000	...	51602 13 2	0	318400	225†	0 0 0	1938 12 2
Mirza Manar Ally Begg	Taken charge 15 Dec. 81	0	2500	...	479 7 2	0 0 0	0	500	...	52 9 8	0	3000	...	532 0 10	0	0	...	525 2 2	0	3000	...	6 14 8	0 0 0
Mohendro Chunder Dutt ...	7 July 88	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 2 0	0	0	...	3 2 0	0	0	...	3 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Monomotho Nauth Dey,—legacy account of Butto Behary Banerjee ...	1 Aug. 82	0	800	...	12 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	800	...	12 11 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	800	...	12 11 4	0 0 0
———, legacy account Bisso Nauth Khansamah	......	0	0	...	164 6 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	164 6 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	164 6 7	0 0 0
Monohur Chunder Roy ...	2 July 88	0	57000	5‡	1079 4 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	21115 7 8	0	57000	5‡	22194 12 5	0	0	...	22254 6 7	0	45000	5‡	0 0 0	59 10 2
Musrattara Begum ...	22 July 87	0	3700	...	136 3 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	77 13 8	0	3700	...	214 1 6	0	0	...	3 1 0	0	3700	...	211 0 6	0 0 0
Mynooddeen Shahibzadah Mahomed ...	25 Jan. 88	0	2000	...	55 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	1855 0 0	0	20 0	...	1910 3 6	0	0	...	2083 5 7	0	2000	...	0 0 0	173 2 1
N																							
Nowab Zuffer Jung Bahadoor	16 May 67	0	0	...	95 14 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	95 14 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	95 14 9	0 0 0
Nilcomul Roy ...	19 Mar. 99	0	8500	...	289 15 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	178 13 8	0	8500	...	468 12 10	0	0	...	159 3 11	0	8500	...	309 6 11	0 0 0

* Howrah Docking Company shares. | † Sundry shares. | ‡ Co-operative Pharmacy shares.

C.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892.					Receipts up to 30th December 1892.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892.				Balance on 31th December 1892.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	S.R.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
N																							
Nittyanund Mullick ...	10 Jan. 82	0	85000	...	1067 11 3	0 0 0	0	2200	...	7469 13 6	0	87200	...	8537 8 9	0	0	...	8151 7 0	0	87200	...	386 1 9	0 0 0
———, in account, maintenance for the widow Sreematty Shookoomary Dossee and her children ...	Ditto ...	0	464000	...	0 0 0	86 3 0	0	0	...	6480 0 0	0	464000	...	6393 13 0	0	0	...	10863 2 5	0	464000	...	0 0 0	4469 5 5
———, maintenance account of Sreemutty Brojomoye Dossee, elder widow of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	130000	...	2036 10 4	0 0 0	0	4000	...	2680 0 0	0	134000	...	4716 10 4	0	0	...	4466 7 6	0	134000	...	250 2 10	0 0 0
Nobin Chunder Paul ...	1 July 69	0	0	...	4 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 11 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 11 0	0 0 0
Nobokissore Dhur ...	13 Dec. 67	0	0	...	5 2 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 2 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 2 6	0 0 0
Nobocoomar Sett ...	20 Sept. 83	0	10000	...	586 13 9	0 0 0	0	500	...	1027 13 0	0	10500	...	1614 10 9	0	0	...	1318 0 0	0	10500	...	296 10 9	0 0 0
O																							
Obhoy Churn Sen ...	6 Nov. 72	0	0	...	88 5 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	88 5 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	88 5 0	0 0 0
———, life-interest account of Sreemutty Kaminey Dossee, one of the daughters of the deceased ...	Ditto ...	0	700	...	81 4 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 11 8	0	700	...	95 15 9	0	0	...	0 12 7	0	700	...	95 3 2	0 0 0
P																							
Peetamber Doss ...	1 Mar. 87	0	4800	...	0 0 0	782 7 4	0	800	...	1458 2 8	0	5600	...	675 11 4	0	1300	...	863 5 11	0	4300	...	0 0 0	187 10 7
Pura Soondery Dossee, Sreemutty ...	28 May 89	0	0	...	0 0 0	1956 1 1	0	0	...	523 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	250 4 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	1683 5 11
Punnalall Seal ...	21 July 84	0	3400	...	0 0 0	18429 11 4	0	0	...	91363 13 3	0	3400	...	75943 3 1	0	1000	...	85372 5 4	0	2400	...	0 0 0	9429 2 3
R																							
Radha Benode Ghose ...	22 Jan. 86	0	15600	...	368 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	300 0 0	0	15600	...	668 12 4	0	0	...	134 6 6	0	15600	...	534 6 10	0 0 0
Radhamadhub Bannerjee ...	3 July 60	0	0	...	26 10 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 10 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 10 7	0 0 0

———, account of rents of Baraset property ...	Ditto ...	0	10300	...	2863 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	12460 4 5	0	10300	...	15323 11 2	0	10300	...	14582 10 10	0	0	...	741 0 4	0 0 0
———, account of rents of land at Garden Reach left for the purpose of making road ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	60 12 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 12 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 12 1	0 0 0
Radhakissen and Sreekissen	7 Sept. 86	0	724100	...	934 13 5	0 0 0	0	4000	...	34399 0 4	0	728100	...	35333 13 9	0	15000	...	36627 10 11	0	713100	...	0 0 0	1293 13 2
Rajkissen Mitter ...	22 Nov. 62	0	4100	...	296 15 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	86 4 4	0	4100	...	383 3 6	0	0	...	64 5 2	0	4100	...	318 14 4	0 0 0
Rajrajessary Dossee ...	Taken charge 28 July 67	0	0	...	101 2 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	101 2 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	101 2 5	0 0 0
Rajubally Khansamah ...	30 July 45	0	0	...	42 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 15 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 15 9	0 0 0
———, Moulvi ...	12 April 89	0	0	...	1 0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 0 8	0 0 0
Ramkally Mookerjee ...	1 April 90	0	27100	...	407 5 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	1054 15 10	0	27100	...	1462 4 11	0	600	...	1479 6 6	0	26500	...	0 0 0	17 1 7
Ramlall Dutt ...	6 Feb. 78	0	15000	...	219 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	300 0 0	0	15000	...	519 4 6	0	0	...	298 11 7	0	15000	...	220 8 11	0 0 0
Rooplall Dey ...	......	0	0	...	6 4 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 0	0 0 0
Rungunmoney Dossee, Sreemutty ...	8 May 79	0	64200	...	417 15 9	0 0 0	0	1500	...	2762 6 0	0	65700	...	3180 5 9	0	1500	...	3306 14 0	0	64200	...	0 0 0	126 8 3
S																							
Sagore Dutt ...	29 Nov. 86	0	4400	...	515 14 6	0 0 0	0	500	...	88 0 0	0	4900	...	603 14 6	0	0	...	535 15 6	0	4900	...	67 15 0	0 0 0
———, account of residuary estate ...	Ditto ...	0	41700	...	1732 10 11	0 0 0	0	41200	...	41489 9 11	0	28900	...	43222 4 10	0	52400	...	41652 3 6	0	30500	...	1570 1 4	0 0 0
———, account of Debsava and charities ...	Ditto ...	0	81000	...	835 8 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	820 0 0	0	81000	...	1655 8 8	0	0	...	1657 9 3	0	81000	...	0 0 0	2 0 7
———, account of life-interest for Sreemutty Khettermoney Dossee ...	Ditto ...	0	4900	...	25 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	103 1 8	0	4900	...	128 4 8	0	0	...	95 7 10	0	4900	...	32 12 10	0 0 0
———, account of life-interest for Atta bearer ...	Ditto ...	0	2600	...	28 7 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	45 11 4	0	2600	...	83 2 8	0	0	...	50 14 8	0	2600	...	32 4 0	0 0 0
———, account of life-interest for Mrs. Annie Quantin ...	Ditto ...	0	16200	...	250 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	160 0 0	0	16200	...	410 14 3	0	0	...	8 15 6	0	16200	...	401 14 9	0 0 0
———, account of maintenance for three infant and one infant daughter of Dwark Nath Dutt ...	Ditto ...	0	18300	...	600 0 10	0 0 0	0	500	...	356 0 0	0	18800	...	956 0 10	0	0	...	737 15 1	0	18800	...	218 1 9	0 0 0
———, account of re-building of Thacoorbarry, &c., at Chinsura ...	Ditto ...	0	7200	...	431 11 6	0 0 0	0	500	...	144 0 0	0	7700	...	575 11 6	0	0	...	535 8 11	0	7700	...	40 2 7	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Jotendra Nath Dutt ...	Ditto ...	0	1500	...	247 7 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 9 0	0	1500	...	279 0 3	0	0	...	1 10 11	0	1500	...	277 5 4	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Surendra Nath Dutt ...	Ditto ...	0	1500	...	245 7 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 9 0	0	1500	...	277 0 3	0	0	...	1 10 11	0	1500	...	275 5 4	0 0 0
———, legacy account of Opendra Nath Dutt ...	Ditto ...	0	1500	...	247 7 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 9 0	0	1500	...	279 0 3	0	0	...	1 10 11	0	1500	...	277 5 4	0 0 0
———, account of marriage expenses of Surboshona Dossee ...	Ditto ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	0	...	2 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 1 4	0 0 0
Shooshee Chunder Dutt, Rai Bahadur, legacy account of Shooresh Chunder Dutt ...	26 Jan. 86	0	20000	...	0 0 0	113 8 0	0	0	...	400 0 0	0	20000	...	286 3 0	0	0	...	382 6 8	0	20000	...	0 0 0	95 14 8

C.

ESTATES.	Date of administration.	Balance on 1st July 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Receipts up to 30th December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Total. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities	Cash. Rs. A. P.	Balance on 31st December 1892. Government Securities. S.R.	Co.Rs.	Bank or other stock, as well as bonds or other securities, not being Government securities	Cash. To Credit. Rs. A. P.	Cash. To Debit. Rs. A. P.
S																							
Shooshee Chunder Dutt, Rai Bahadur, account of Shooresh Chunder Dutt ...	26 Jan. 86	0	12000	...	440 7 7	0 0 0	0	600	...	240 0 0	0	12600	...	680 7 7	0	0	...	645 15 10	0	12600	...	34 7 9	0 0 0
Shoosharmoye Dossee, Sreemutty ...	16 Sept. 74	0	88100	...	83 3 7	0 0 0	0	2000	...	1691 1 0	0	90100	...	1774 4 7	0	1300	...	1469 11 8	0	88800	...	304 8 11	0 0 0
Singhee Churn Dutt—account of the sons and residuary legatees of the deceased ...	16 Jan. 86	0	112000	3*	196 2 0	0 0 0	0	19000	...	16846 3 6	0	131000	3*	17042 5 6	0	17000	...	19240 15 6	0	114000	3*	0 0 0	2198 19 0
———, account of the house No. 32, Mullick Street, and 23, Darpanarain Tagore's Street, dedicated for Debshava ...	Ditto ...	0	12500	...	522 6 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	448 8 6	0	12500	...	1970 14 8	0	0	...	1624 4 4	0	12500	...	346 10 4	0 0 0
———, account of marriage expenses of three sons of the deceased	Ditto ...	0	21600	...	27 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	432 0 0	0	21600	...	459 3 5	0	0	...	24 7 4	0	21600	...	343 12 1	0 0 0
———, account of legacy to Hurry Bhoktee Prodayeni Shova at Behala ...	Ditto ...	0	1400	...	4 8 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	32 8 8	0	0	...	51 9 1	0	1400	...	0 0 0	19 0 5
———, legacy account of Gopessur Dutt under the Will of Modhushudun Dutt ...	Ditto ...	0	700	...	35 8 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	49 8 10	0	0	...	0 12 7	0	700	...	48 12 3	0 0 0
———, life-interest account of Sreemutty Golap Money Dossee ...	Ditto ...	0	5000	...	0 0 0	39 5 3	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	5000	...	6 10 9	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	5000	...	0 0 0	39 5 3
———, account of Gopessur Dutt's house No. 29, 29-1, Armenian Street ...	Ditto ...	0	4500	...	138 2 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	364 2 8	0	4500	...	502 5 6	0	0	...	50 4 0	0	4500	...	452 1 6	0 0 0

Name	Date											
Soodamoney Dossee, Sreemutty ...	27 May 74	0 500* ...	165 13 9	0 0 0	0 0 ...	10 8 4	0 500 ...	176 6 1	0 0 ...	0 6 7	0 500 ...	175 15 6	0 0 0
Soorjee, Coomar Mookerjee	7 June 84	0 0 ...	0 0 0	125 2 10	0 0 ...	0 0 0	0 0 ...	126 2 10	0 0 ...	0 0 0	0 0 ...	0 0 0	125 2 10
Sreekissen Ghose—account limited life-estate of Sreemutty Bemola Dossee ...	25 Feb. 63	0 116000 ...	9271 10 4	0 0 0	0 2000 ...	1144 4 0	0 118000 ...	10415 14 4	0 2000 ...	9293 10 7	0 116000 ...	1122 3 9	0 0 0
Sumbhoo Chunder Banerjee	3 Sept. 59	0 25000 ...	2791 3 1	0 0 0	0 0 ...	11 5 6	0 25000 ...	2802 8 7	0 25000 ...	2702 8 7	0 0 ...	100 0 0	0 0 0
——, account of Hurrypudo Chatterjee ...	Ditto ...	0 9100 ...	0 0 0	2760 5 4	0 0 ...	4124 1 3	0 9100 ...	1363 11 11	0 9100 ...	1354 4 3	0 0 ...	9 7 8	0 0 0
——, account of Sreemutty Bidhoomookhy Dabee and Hurrypudo Chatterjee ...	Ditto ...	0 3600 ...	531 3 6	0 0 0	0 500 ...	85 12 0	0 4100 ...	616 15 6	0 0 ...	542 13 6	0 4100 ...	74 2 0	0 0 0
——, account of Rajen Chunder Chatterjee ...	......	0 0 ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 900 ...	934 12 5	0 900 ...	934 12 5	0 0 ...	953 12 3	0 900 ...	0 0 0	18 15 10
——, account of Debshava ...	......	0 0 ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2500 ...	743 7 10	0 25000 ...	743 7 10	0 0 ...	746 7 10	0 25000 ...	0 0 0	3 0 0
Sunneeloll Agurwalla, life-interest account of widow Toolsee Bibee ..	23 Feb. 79	0 7800 ...	26 8 7	0 0 0	0 0 ...	164 2 0	0 7800 ...	190 10 7	0 0 ...	154 13 5	0 7800 ...	35 13 2	0 0 0
——, life-interest account of Lutchee Bibee ...	Ditto ...	0 2600 ...	109 14 0	0 0 0	0 0 ...	54 11 4	0 2600 ...	164 9 4	0 0 ...	2 14 8	0 2600 ...	161 10 8	0 0 0
——, account of maintenance of the family ..	Ditto ...	0 46500 ...	274 5 7	0 0 0	0 0 ...	930 0 0	0 46500 ...	1204 5 7	0 0 ...	928 10 11	0 46500 ...	275 10 8	0 0 0
——, legacy account of Thacoor Parisnath ...	Ditto ...	0 1000 ...	424 6 7	0 0 0	0 0 ...	20 0 0	0 1000 ...	444 6 9	0 0 ...	1 1 11	0 1000 ...	443 4 8	0 0 0
Sutto Prosonno Bannerjee ...	10 Mar. 86	0 147800 ...	11839 6 9	0 0 0	0 0 ...	0 0 0	0 147800 ...	11839 6 9	0 147800 ...	11739 6 9	0 0 ...	100 0 0	0 0 0
Syud Ali, also called Julees Ood Dowlah Bahadur ...	23 June 78	0 20600 ...	6 14 10	0 0 0	0 20000 ...	274 8 0	0 40600 ...	281 6 10	0 20000 ...	281 3 8	0 20600 ...	0 3 2	0 0 0
T													
Takoor Doss, Babu—share account of Dhunnoololl ..	20 Aug. 65	0 24500 ...	0 0 0	3 9 6	0 0 ...	490 0 0	0 24500 ...	486 6 6	0 0 ...	30 6 9	0 24500 ...	456 0 6	0 0 0
Tarakissen Bannerjee ...	11 May 51	0 200 ...	167 12 6	0 0 0	0 0 ...	4 3 4	0 200 ...	171 15 10	0 0 ...	0 1 8	0 200 ...	171 14 2	0 0 0

* Bank of Bengal shares.

F. COLLIS-SANDES, *Offg. Administrator-General of Bengal.*

SCHEDULE D of Balances in the hands of the Administrator-General on the 31st December 1892, set apart to meet the admitted claims of Creditors against the Estates therein mentioned.

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
A.			
Abbey, Bazar Sergeant H.	73	4	10
Abbott, W. H.	108	1	7
Abercrombie, Captain John	195	8	2
Aikman, Lieutenant C. R.	106	1	2
Akerman, Lieutenant H.	79	1	9
Alcock, Captain R. P.	903	5	8
Alexander, Lieutenant D. C.	1,026	0	4
———, Ensign G. W.	51	2	6
———, Ensign W. F.	39	5	6
———, Lieutenant George	54	7	0
———, C. A.	7	0	0
———, H. W.	18	3	0
———, C. W. W.	250	7	10
———, Lieutenant B. W. J.	2,274	0	9
Allan, R. T.	487	14	7
———, R. W.	96	5	2
Allfrey, Lieutenant E.	37	7	11
Allnutt, G. K.	17	6	0
Amies, Riding Master W. E. H.	5	2	6
Anderson, Alexander	199	5	9
———, Major J.	13	2	0
———, Lieutenant J. W. S.	282	7	9
———, Lieutenant R. W.	36	10	0
———, Thomas	70	6	10
———, Sergeant Joseph	16	15	0
———, Lieutenant E. A.	40	8	9
———, J.	92	10	7
Anderton, Lieutenant H. C.	35	3	4
Andlan, Captain the Baron F. V.	30	6	0
Andrew, D.	32	0	0
Andrews, T.	1	8	0
Angelo, H. A.	16	8	6
———, Lieutenant F. C. C.	105	0	0
Anthony, D.	92	3	3
Apperly, Captain H., of Horse Artillery ...	295	13	0
Archer, H.	18	7	4
Armstrong, Captain F.	92	14	10
———, Sub-Conductor J. W.	63	8	0
Ashburner, Lieutenant B.	26	8	0

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
A.			
Ashe, Lieutenant St. George	172	0	10
Atkin, Lieutenant J. B. W.	2	2	2
Atkinson, C. W.	104	8	3
———, G. H.	4	0	0
———, Dr. R. J.	26	5	10
Auld, James	26	13	1
Austen, Captain G. P.	59	8	7
B.			
Baber, E. C.	231	4	0
———, H.	42	15	6
Babington, J. H.	29	8	0
Bacon, Overseer Sergeant T.	19	9	8
Bagshaw, Lieutenant F. J. S.	10	8	0
Bailey, J.	77	1	0
Baillie, Captain G.	61	0	0
Baird, Ensign G. W.	43	6	9
Baker, Brevet-Captain F.	27	10	3
———, Lieutenant R. A.	140	14	9
Balderston, Captain A.	106	0	1
———, Major G. V.	43	1	6
Baldry, Private J.	35	8	0
Balk, Captain R.	8	13	3
Ballard, W. J.	9	9	10
Banks, Major. J. S.	53	0	0
Barber, Dr. J.	131	15	3
———, Henry	13	1	6
Barclay, Lieutenant F. M.	1	13	0
Barker, Captain W. B.	20	0	0
Barlow, Captain G. R. P.	135	8	3
Barnard, A. C.	2	15	3
Barnes, C. H.	97	2	11
Barr, H. J.	101	14	4
Barry, Captain H.	161	13	6
Bartlett, Assistant Apothecary J. J. ...	2	9	5
Barwell, Lieutenant E. W.	387	11	6
Bason, Mrs. C.	15	7	0
Bathurst, John	88	5	0

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
B.			
Battye, Lieutenant Q.	23	0	0
Bayldon, Major R.	168	13	10
Bayley, Lieutenant J. M.	75	7	10
Baylis, Captain H. J.	231	13	9
Beake, E. L.	23	0	0
Bean, Captain C. J.	964	14	0
Beatson, Captain W. S.	217	3	5
———, J. W.	1	6	0
Bebee, Hosseinee	4	12	0
———, Sarah Russell	5	7	0
Becher, Lieutenant R. A.	16	6	3
Beck, Henry	33	8	0
Beddy, J. F.	142	15	6
Bell, M.	32	8	0
———, C.	59	10	0
———, R. A.	77	15	3
———, Lieutenant C.	78	1	11
———, J. D.	22	8	0
Bent, Lieutenant-Colonel H.	166	10	0
Bennertz, T. H.	88	12	7
Bennett, Captain J. S.	16	0	0
Bentley, Mrs. F.	55	0	0
Benton, W.	100	6	6
Benthal, Captain C. E.	140	7	3
Berkeley, L.	0	13	11
———, Hospital Steward J. D.	4	3	6
Best, J. R.	9	3	0
———, Major H. W.	65	3	0
Biggs, Veterinary Surgeon G.	189	0	0
Bignell, Captain W. E. P.	19	8	10
Billings, H. W.	3	4	11
Birch, Lieutenant-Colonel F. W.	222	9	0
———, Major H. H.	141	11	9
Bird, S.	150	0	0
Bishop, Lieutenant St. G. M.	39	6	10
———, W. H.	6	7	9
Bizzett, Dr. W. W.	3	0	0
Black, Captain William	32	3	6
———, Dr. J. H.	214	12	0

Blackburne, Lieutenant T. G.	125	4	0
Blackwood, Lieutenant-Colonel A.	39	5	0
Blair, Lieutenant-Colonel C. D.	139	11	6
——, G. D.	32	0	0
Blake, Lieutenant G. C.	131	8	7
——, W.	10	0	0
Bland, Reverend R. J.	13	0	8
Blochmann, H.	1	8	0
Blockman, H. O.	74	1	4
Bloomfield, Lieutenant C. B.	50	0	11
Blowers, Captain G. F.	36	4	0
Boate, Dr. H. C.	24	12	0
Boileau, Lieutenant F. D.	44	13	11
——, Major H. C.	374	3	8
——, S.	305	1	10
Bolshaw, F. G.	7	0	0
Bolton, Lieutenant-Colonel W. M. S. ...	0	10	3
——, Surgeon-Major R. H.	14	14	3
Bonzon, L. D.	12	2	6
Bonnaud, W.	184	0	0
Bordieu, Mrs. H.	40	15	0
Boulnois, Lieutenant A.	45	15	6
Bourchier, Lieutenant P.	2	13	0
Bourke, J. B.	50	3	2
Bourne, Lieutenant J. H.	358	1	0
Bovell, W. C.	0	2	9
Birly, Lieutenant H. M.	333	9	0
Bowie, Lieutenant A. B.	15	9	2
Bowring, Captain G. G.	29	0	11
Box, Captain T.	296	0	0
Boyce, Lieutenant H. A.	4	0	0
Boyd, Lieutenant F. B.	217	4	8
——, E. A.	6	11	5
——, P.	4	6	3
Boyle, Reverend W.	432	10	1
Boys, Captain W. J. E.	30	15	5
Braide, Ensign W.	9	8	0
Bresford, Captain M.	107	0	3
Brierley, R.	17	3	5
Brierly, Sergeant John	7	0	0
Briggs, C. H.	13	0	0
Bright, G. W.	1,640	0	0
——, Lieutenant A.	83	6	0
Broadbent, Major C. D.	69	11	0
Brodie, Lieutenant F. W.	108	0	9
Broome, Major-General A.	14	11	0
Brown, Lieutenant John	57	4	2
——, Lieutenant J. H.	13	0	0
——, W. J.	15	10	0
——, Dr. A.	302	2	10
——, Dr. R.	550	11	7

Brown, Mrs. C.	3,969	12	3
——, Sergeant-Major F. B.	98	11	2
——, J. (late of Cawnpore)	31	13	4
——, T.	18	2	11
——, A. O.	93	10	6
Browne, Colonel B.	150	10	4
——, J. F.	82	5	3
——, Lieutenant G. D.	7	4	8
——, Lieutenant C. H.	3,740	0	0
Brownlow, Colonel F. C. J.	3,219	6	8
Bruce, Lieutenant-Colonel L.	456	11	4
Bruere, Major C. F.	1,210	5	0
——, Lieutenant J. R. J.	167	5	5
Brunton, W. C.	23	10	8
Bruggen, Mrs. E. F.	11	8	3
Bryce, Lieutenant J. H.	93	11	1
Buckner, J.	67	7	4
Buller, Lieutenant J. E.	77	5	6
Bullock, E.	12	4	0
Bunbury, Captain H. F.	352	15	6
Burgess, Lieutenant F. J	100	11	0
——, Sergeant H.	92	0	0
——, W. T.	25	15	6
——, T. C.	3	0	0
Burke, J.	18	0	0
Burlton, Lieutenant P. H. C. ...	50	0	0
——, Captain F. M. H.	488	13	1
Burn, D.	4	8	0
Burnett, Captain C. J. F.	1,036	5	4
Burney, Major-General G.	278	2	6
Burnside, J. F.	459	9	8
Burt, Captain J.	2	2	4
Burton, Captain and Brevet-Major C. E. ...	58	6	0
——, W. W.	5	0	0
Burland, T.	928	10	3
Bush, G. H.	246	2	2
Bushby, G. A.	60	1	2
——, Captain G.	13	12	1
Bussell, Captain G. W. H.	28	7	9
Butcher, G. H. B.	46	14	5
Butler, Captain C. J.	155	3	9
——, P. M.	51	7	10
Butterworth, J.	17	5	3
Buyers, Reverend W.	504	2	0
Byng, Captain E. D.	30	0	0
——, Captain the Hon'ble R. B. P. ...	84	12	0
Byrne, F. J.	565	6	5
C.			
Callwell, Captain F. N.	11	7	6
Caldecot, Captain C.	19	9	6

Caley, Major-General H. F.	79	7	9
Cameron, F. M.	38	12	8
Campbell, Major A.	184	8	11
——, Major R. C. W.	11	5	5
——, N. H. A.	4	12	8
——, A. E.	8	11	9
——, J. A. B.	45	13	2
——, J. F.	366	7	0
——, J. H. D. B.	13	12	0
——, Colonel J. M.	82	1	5
——, S. A.	81	6	3
Cannon, Captain F. W.	83	8	10
Cape, Lieutenant J.	62	12	6
Carleton, Pensioned Sergeant T.	42	10	6
Carpenter, Lieutenant T. W.	355	14	3
Carpentor, C. W.	212	7	1
Carroll, Lieutenant C. M.	243	3	6
——, Apothecary G. E.	32	7	8
Carshore, Reverend J. J.	1,415	9	2
Carter, Lieutenant H.	31	6	6
——, T. E.	5,760	15	8
Carthew, Captain J. F.	448	8	0
——, Captain C. A.	282	3	9
Carty, J.	2,054	0	8
Carry, Lieutenant S.	11	13	7
Caspers, Mrs. L. L.	128	4	5
Cassuis, W. H.	140	14	6
Cave, Mrs. W.	48	8	0
Caulfield, Captain H. M.	427	11	9
——, Major J. P.	225	15	2
——, Mrs. E. A.	465	12	9
Cauntor, Lieutenant J. E.	18	15	0
Chalmers, Lieutenant W. A.	90	9	5
Chamberlain, Lieutenant-Colonel C. F. F. ...	124	10	6
Chase, Captain D. A.	313	6	5
Chattelier, Sub-Assistant Surgeon J. ...	36	9	6
Chavasse, Dr. W. B.	29	11	3
Cheyne, Surgeon G. M.	198	14	0
Chisholm, J. S.	121	14	6
——, Lieutenant L. H.	22	0	0
Christian, G. J.	37	10	7
Christie, Brevet-Major E.	694	13	11
——, R.	85	6	2
Clark, E. N.	15	0	0
——, H. S.	48	0	0
——, Private W.	16	7	6
Clarke, Mrs. J.	11	4	0
——, P.	2	0	0
——, H. R.	103	9	6
——, Veterinary Surgeon A. E.	32	15	4
Claxton, W.	51	10	9

D.

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
C.			
Cleghorn, J.	41	3	0
Clements, A.	36	9	10
Clifford, W.	89	0	8
Coast, Captain M. W. L.	4,047	8	0
Cock, H.	199	10	8
Cockburn, James	176	7	8
Cocker, Apothecary E. R.	0	11	5
Cockerell, H. E.	25	8	0
Cole, C.	14	0	0
Collett, G. S.	99	0	4
Colyear, Lieutenant-Colonel T. D.	155	10	6
———, A.	87	4	0
Cookson, H. C.	44	11	6
Comming, William	140	3	5
Comyn, Captain P. J.	171	8	9
Comton, Captain D.	135	5	3
Congdon, W. H.	10	0	0
Connell, O.	66	11	0
Connolly, Lieutenant C.	49	8	0
———, Brevet-Captain E. B.	1,835	12	5
Conti, G. A.	25	0	0
Conway, J.	7	8	0
Cooke, Captain E. S.	31	7	0
Cookesley, Captain J. F....	130	14	2
Comley, H.	103	10	3
Coombs, H. W.	209	14	4
Cooper, Lieutenant-Colonel J. C.	2,006	3	0
———, T. T.	17	4	2
Copeland, Lieutenant J. E.	70	4	6
Corbitt, Lieutenant E.	124	0	0
Corfield, Captain H. R.	46	1	7
Corser, E.	18	4	0
Coupland, W.	76	7	9
Cowley, Major C. W.	217	8	1
———, Captain P.	47	8	11
Cowsell, T.	469	8	9
Cox, Captain G. H.	24	11	11
Coyde, T.	222	1	3
Craddock, Dr. W.	561	11	6

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
C.			
Crahley, R. G.	1	7	0
Craig, A.	129	8	0
Craigie, Lieutenant A. W.	51	12	0
———, Lieutenant-Colonel F. J.	7	1	0
———, Dr. G.	146	7	5
Crawford, W. E.	90	1	8
Creigh, P.	280	7	11
Creighton, Lieutenant R.	31	10	5
Crichton, C.	110	15	0
Crofton, Captain E. W. H.	11	14	0
Crohan, Captain F. W.	97	9	8
Crolly, Lieutenant P. R.	62	12	3
Crompton, Lieutenant C. A.	9	9	1
Crosbie, Assistant Surgeon P. M.	1	1	6
Cruickshank, G. B.	12	7	5
Cumberlege, Major J.	417	6	0
Cunliffe, C. W.	301	5	0
———, Lieutenant F. J.	706	4	7
Cunningham, Captain J. D.	4,339	10	0
Currie, Captain J. A.	68	6	11
———, Assistant Surgeon J. A.	99	14	0
D.			
DaCosta, Captain L. G.	51	14	0
DeBrandy, Monsieur C.	3,053	6	0
DeCourcey, Mrs. M.	17	10	4
DeCruze, Dr. F. F.	134	0	0
DeGama, J. X.	0	9	1
DeMello, Mrs. A. M.	2	0	0
D'Momet, Lieutenant T.	89	7	10
DeRozario, P.	1	12	0
D'Russett, C. W.	116	8	0
DeSouza, Mrs. B.	6	0	0
Dalston, Major G.	234	12	7
Daniel, M. E.	321	4	4
Daniell, Captain J. H.	175	5	7
———, Lieutenant C. A.	140	14	5
Danvers, Ensign R. W....	45	8	8

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
D.			
Darby, Assistant Surgeon E.	111	0	0
Darling, Lieutenant P.	224	4	9
Darrah, M. Z.	694	8	5
Davidson, Ensign J. T.	33	2	5
———, T. R.	43	9	11
———, George	26	8	0
———, Lieutenant-Colonel T. R.... ...	34	4	0
Davis, Captain C. F.	48	0	0
Dawkins, Captain C. D....	276	6	7
Dawson, Veterinary Surgeon C. J.... ...	35	14	1
———, Surgeon-Major L. R.	18	2	11
Day, Ensign H. W.	5	13	11
Deane, W.	121	0	0
Deensford, Captain W. G.	12	15	6
Delamain, Captain J. W.	4	6	4
Delany, Mrs. M.	76	1	0
Denny, R. H.	170	0	0
Depratz, F.	330	2	3
Dick, J.	429	13	7
Dickens, P. D.	35	4	0
Dillon, P.	300	1	8
———, Sergeant J.	9	0	0
Don, Captain W. G.	468	0	0
Doorga Churn Dhur	90	9	6
Doorgapersad Mookerjee...	7	6	11
Dorin, Captain H. A.	44	9	4
———, Lieutenant J. A.	26	8	0
Douglas, Major A. B.	80	5	6
Down, Ensign R. W.	173	4	2
Dowson, Captain R., of 5th Native Infantry ...	130	1	2
Drew, Thomas	3	0	0
Drews, Assistant Overseer E. V.	21	5	3
Driver, Sergeant G.	6	0	0
Dublin, C.	11	15	0
Duff, W. C.	10	10	0
Dundas, Major G. A.	17	2	6
Drummond, Captain W. L. P.	67	13	10
Dukes, Dr. F. F.	2	8	6
Dunbar, Mrs. C. A.	64	3	2

Name	£	s.	d.
Duncan, Captain J. J. L.	32	13	0
———, Mrs. M. A.	9	1	0
———, R. R.	25	11	0
Duthoit, Assistant Surgeon T. J.	40	0	0
Dutton, B. C.	27	12	3
Dyson, C. L.	128	5	0
E.			
Eales, Captain E. D. O. ...	13	0	0
Eames, Staff Assistant Surgeon W. L. ...	331	8	7
Earle, Hospital Steward C.	9	1	0
Eaton, J.	29	13	0
———, Lieutenant G. W.	2	0	6
Eaves, H.	37	5	6
Eborall, W. H.	229	12	3
Eccles, Lieutenant J. W.	25	7	10
Eckford, Major John	2	7	0
Eden, Lieutenant F. G.	506	8	6
Edmonds, G. T.	300	0	0
Edwards, Lieutenant H. J.	259	3	0
Egerton, W. H.	34	14	0
Ekins, Lieutenant G. E., of 9th E. B. Fusiliers...	18	0	0
Elliot, Lieutenant G.	42	4	6
———, Lieutenant G. D.	16	0	0
———, Lieutenant E. H. H.	81	5	3
———, H. A.	62	6	0
Ellis, J. C.	438	5	6
———, Lieutenant-Colonel A.	12	8	0
Erskine, Lieutenant J. F.	6	8	0
———, J. M.	1,378	13	8
Espinasse, Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. ...	10	0	0
Evans, Captain H. J.	110	4	11
Evatt, Lieutenant-Colonel M. F.	30	1	7
F.			
Fagan, Captain J.	20	12	9
———, Captain R. C. H. B.	1,059	10	5
Fairhurst, Reverend P.	100	0	0
Fairweather, G. A.	16	0	0
Faithful, Major-General H.	1,063	11	0
Farley, G. F.	6	4	0
Farquhar, A.	58	0	0
Farquharson, Lieutenant F. E.	174	12	9
Farrelly, Assistant Apothecary B.	7	5	0
Farrington, Captain J. J.	472	10	1
Fawcett, M.	9	3	3
Fell, R.	52	3	6
———, J. W. A.	96	0	0
Fenwicks, H. B.	8	0	0
Fergusson, J. T.	232	4	6
———, S.	38	9	0
Ferrier, W.	121	6	6
Ferris, Captain J. H.	238	5	6
———, Lieutenant-Colonel R. J. D. ...	86	3	3
Field, W. H.	98	8	0
Fielding, A.	72	8	0
Finch, A.	252	13	2
———, F.	100	0	0
Fennis, Lieutenant-Colonel John	200	12	5
Fink, H. R.	194	6	7
Finney, Major W. F.	58	8	0
Fisher, Ensign H. G., of 60th Native Infantry...	17	0	6
———, Captain J.	2,086	7	0
———, Brevet and Lieutenant-Colonel S. ...	210	14	0
———, Captain W. P.	220	5	1
———, Lieutenant-Colonel H. S. V. ...	242	4	0
———, H. J.	127	8	11
FitzGerald, J.	83	5	4
———, Lieutenant J. H.	15	0	0
———, T.	69	0	0
———, Lieutenant R. G.	13	0	0
———, Lieutenant T. O.	49	0	0
Fletcher, H. D.	3	0	0
Fogarty, Surgeon G. T. C.	18	13	11
Folkard, D. M.	40	0	0
Forbes, Assistant Surgeon C.	166	13	4
———, F. C.	1	12	0
———, Lieutenant O. E. S.	108	14	11
———, Lieutenant H. H.	76	5	5
Ford, C. W.	185	9	10
———, W.	4	1	9
Forder, W. B.	62	6	3
Fortescue, Major F. R. N.	633	8	4
Fox, W. H.	152	15	9
Frankland, Lieutenant T.	130	1	3
Fraser, J. J.	223	0	0
———, Captain E. W.	26	6	11
———, Lieutenant S. C.	0	13	0
———, Major the Hon'ble W. M. ...	81	3	0
French, J. G.	17	3	3
Forster, Major C. H.	31	1	1
Frushard, Lieutenant-Colonel J.	331	12	3
Fullerton, Assistant Surgeon J.	30	0	0
Fulton, Lieutenant S. M.	36	15	6
Furnell, Lieutenant W. H.	305	0	0
G.			
Gair, Lieutenant D.	45	12	2
Galland, B. H.	108	0	0
Gallichan, J.	10	0	0
Galloway, Dr. W. W.	2	0	0
Galstaun, M. J	38	8	5
Gammell, Lieutenant-Colonel A.	1	0	10
Garbett, Lieutenant-Colonel H.	172	3	3
Gardner, Lieutenant H. F.	187	13	6
———, Captain T. S.	148	14	5
Garnault, Captain H. W.	4	4	0
Garstin, Brevet-Major W. T.	91	7	7
———, H. E.	119	6	11
Gavins, T.	6	7	9
Gee, Assistant Surgeon A. J.	84	14	6
Gelherd, L.	239	7	7
Gennys, Lieutenant R. H.	310	11	8
George, Mrs. E. Pratt	74	13	6
Gepp, Lieutenant T. S.	13	0	6
Gerrard, Miss M. A.	111	12	2
———, W. R.	221	15	9
Gibbings, Captain A.	51	8	0
Gibbon, Captain W. M....	168	15	6
Gilbanks, J. C.	57	0	1
Gilbert, Major E. K. O....	350	6	1
Giles, C.	27	12	6
Gilbertson, F. W. G.	8	0	9
Gillet, Captain A.	949	9	0
Gilmore, H.	35	11	3
Gilmour, D.	41	7	0
Gladstone, Lieutenant C. A.	1,602	0	10
Glennie, Dr. W. R.	170	5	9
Goad, Lieutenant C. R.	8	15	10
Godard, W.	12	0	0
Godfrey, Mrs. E.	12	0	0
Goldie, Brevet-Major B. W.	1,074	2	10
Goldsmith, Veterinary Surgeon E. W. ...	127	3	2
Goldsworthy, Lieutenant F. T.	317	2	0
———, Lieutenant T.	631	6	3
Gomes, Mrs. M.	27	9	0
Goode, Mrs. H.	385	12	9
Gordon, A.	40	2	0
———, Ensign A.	75	9	8
———, E.	132	2	0
———, John	4	2	3
———, Captain R. K.	192	8	4
———, Lieutenant H. T.	17	6	0

D.

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
G.			
Gordon, Dr. W. G.	8	2	2
Gorton, James	58	12	4
Goss, Dr. W. F.	0	10	0
Gother, Lieutenant W.	55	14	3
Gough, Veterinary Surgeon W. R.	12	7	3
———, Lieutenant-Colonel T.	1,602	6	3
Gouldsbury, J. M. E.	200	5	3
Graham, Lieutenant J.	6	8	0
———, R. B.	96	1	7
———, Captain W.	228	15	10
———, W. L.	146	15	10
Granger, H.	109	3	0
Grant, Lieutenant A. P.	25	0	0
———, Lieutenant R. J.	399	0	0
———, W. C.	121	4	3
Graves, Captain W. P.	160	2	7
Gray, Major J. C. C.	470	9	7
———, Surgeon H. A. C.	45	15	1
Greaves, W.	162	3	10
Green, Lieutenant G. W.	37	6	3
Greenbarg, Mrs. Hannah	3	4	0
Greenhill, N. A. C.	4	0	0
Greer, Captain James Samuel	0	10	2
Gregg, Lieutenant H. J.	10	0	0
Greig, Dr. A.	17	11	10
Grenon, Captain F. J.	11	1	9
Grey, Lieutenant C. W.	51	4	3
Griffith, Dr. S. M.	22	15	9
———, Lieutenant-Colonel J. C.	1	10	0
Grinter, C. E.	423	3	3
Grissell, Major C.	111	12	0
Grœme, Captain P. St. George	924	2	4
Grome, Cattle Sergeant C. F.	205	0	2
Grose, H.	17	3	7
Gubbins, Lieutenant M. N.	131	7	11
Guise, Captain H. J.	20	0	0
Gunning, Lieutenant R.	35	15	1
———, Conductor D.	23	7	8
Gustavinski, Lieutenant L. T. K.	128	10	9

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
H.			
Hailes, Captain H. W.	54	10	3
Hair, W. F.	1,000	0	0
Hale, Captain E. D.	305	14	2
Halfhide, R. S.	40	0	0
Halford, Lieutenant-Colonel W. H.	38	15	1
Halkett, Lieutenant R. D. C.	200	0	0
———, Lieutenant C. J. L.	8	0	0
Hall, W. J.	10	8	0
———, S.	142	0	9
———, R. W.	99	10	6
Halloram, Sergeant M.	7	10	11
Halpin, Dr. J. N.	47	8	0
———, H.	42	6	1
Halsey, F.	125	12	8
Hamilton, Lieutenant F. W. A.	495	5	8
———, J.	346	13	6
———, Hon'ble Mrs. M. A.	2	0	0
———, W. H.	5	3	6
———, Lieutenant R. A.	84	12	7
———, J. K.	158	3	1
———, Captain G. F.	460	8	7
———, Captain W. R.	24	12	0
———, Lieutenant W. R. P.	133	6	0
Hampton, J. P.	571	4	9
Handscombe, Brigadier-General J. H.	50	0	0
Handyside, Lieutenant C.	231	8	3
Hanley, Robert	172	9	4
Harcourt, Lieutenant H.	105	5	10
Hardinge, Captain G. N.	79	10	0
Hardy, T.	150	0	5
———, Lieutenant T. F.	14	0	3
———, W.	194	3	0
———, Lieutenant E.	10	0	0
Harkness, Mrs. C. V.	24	4	3
Harlow, A.	151	15	0
Harper, Sergeant T. H.	115	7	0
Harrington, Lieutenant-Colonel F. D.	6	3	1
Harris, A. P.	9	0	0
———, G. A.	12	8	0

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
H.			
Harris, Major A.	7	9	5
Harrison, Lieutenant W. L. S.	76	2	1
———, Captain A.	58	0	0
Hart, John	5	0	0
Harbey, R.	84	5	0
Hastings, Captain the Hon'ble E. P. R. H.	215	5	0
Hatch, Lieutenant R. C.	409	12	4
Hathorn, H. C. V.	6	4	0
Hatton, Captain	30	9	0
Hawes, Captain B.	0	11	0
———, Lieutenant G. H.	21	10	11
Hawker, Lieutenant W. C.	6	3	2
Hawkins, Captain F. D.	65	6	0
———, Major H. L.	18	9	11
———, J. H.	45	11	3
Hay, Captain J.	37	5	8
———, J. D.	11	0	0
———, Lieutenant R.	2,121	10	8
———, Sergeant A. L.	21	11	5
Haynes, Captain H. S. F.	59	13	6
Hayton, J. L.	14	12	6
Heaford, T. E.	40	8	0
Heald, T.	16	12	10
Heather, Mrs. E.	16	0	0
Heffernan, R.	35	0	0
Heinze, P. L.	3	0	0
Hely, Veterinary Surgeon F. A.	167	14	10
Henderson, Lieutenant D. H.	278	3	8
———, E.	3	8	0
Henegan, Lieutenant-Colonel R. G. F.	36	5	5
Henry, Dr. W.	44	12	7
Hernandez, L.	4,496	6	6
Hervey, Sub-Lieutenant A. H. G. J.	40	2	5
Hewet, H. A.	38	5	8
Heysham, H.	5	15	9
Hickey, Captain C. E.	289	15	10
———, Captain W. A. G.	865	9	6
Hickie, M.	541	10	0
Hicks, Captain G. W. S.	259	11	11

Name	£	s.	d.
Hildebrand, Lieutenant E. H.	110	13	2
Hill, Conductor W.	11	9	10
——, Lieutenant-Colonel R. B.	22	1	1
Hilliard, Lieutenant T. H.	22	7	9
Hindmarsh, Captain J.	47	4	3
Hodgetts, T. H.	42	2	0
Hodgson, Captain B. P.	11	0	0
——, J.	714	6	0
Holcombe, Lieutenant W. A.	25	5	6
Holford, Lieutenant H.	103	7	3
Holl, A.	11	8	0
Hollings, Captain G. E.	9	0	0
Holm, H.	20	5	0
Holman, T. T.	3	15	0
Holmes, Major J. G.	67	10	1
——, J. O.	14	8	3
Hone, A.	5	12	10
Hood, Captain F. H.	41	10	0
Hook, Lieutenant F. A.	6	6	0
Horn, J.	69	0	0
Horst, J. V.	640	3	9
Hotham, Lieutenant G. F.	61	3	2
Hotson, Lieutenant R. M.	124	13	5
Hourigan, Gunner D.	67	11	8
Houston, Lieutenant A. C.	2	10	6
Hovenden, Lieutenant-Colonel J. St. John	23	3	2
Howard, Lieutenant-Colonel E. W. E.	5	4	8
Howe, T. S. C.	120	2	5
——, W. A.	68	6	11
Howell, Captain W. R. H. J.	112	1	6
Hayes, A. A.	110	3	5
Hughes, E.	24	4	3
——, Captain E. J.	499	15	10
——, C.	11	0	0
Hughesdon, J.	44	2	6
Hull, Major L. N.	967	4	4
Humfrays, Captain A.	296	4	4
Humphrys, Lieutenant M. A.	16	5	0
Hungerford, Lieutenant-Colonel T. J. W.	14	0	0
Hunt, G.	99	2	11
——, T. W.	311	7	6
Hunter, C. M.	65	0	9
——, Lieutenant J.	284	1	10
——, Lieutenant T. H.	152	3	7
Hutcheson, C.	0	12	5
Hutchings, Lieutenant G.	8	15	9
Hutchinson, Lieutenant B. M.	100	4	8
——, J. C.	16	13	0
I.			
Imlach, A.	14	8	0

Name	£	s.	d.
Ingleby, Lieutenant R. M.	546	9	5
Inglis, J. M.	12	2	0
Ingram, C. G.	72	10	6
Innerarity, H.	60	10	6
Ireland, Captain W. F.	21	4	0
Irwin, Lieutenant T. S.	78	12	0
J.			
Jackson, Mrs. C.	24	0	0
——, Lieutenant S. H.	40	3	0
——, S.	11	4	11
——, Dr. N.	6	4	0
——, W. H.	243	6	0
James, Edward	91	8	7
——, Dr. W. H.	538	2	0
Jenkin, John	356	7	6
Jenkins, Lieutenant R. E. A.	47	10	6
Jellicoe, Major A. H., of 55th Native Infantry	53	0	7
Jerdon, A. L. W.	368	12	6
Jervois, Lieutenant J. P.	36	0	5
Jeune, Lieutenant F. A.	95	11	6
Johnson, Captain E.	65	12	0
——, Sergeant W.	9	8	0
Johnston, G.	85	10	8
——, Lieutenant G. B.	45	7	3
——, Surgeon C. M.	24	1	7
Jones, Key-Sergeant J.	6	14	0
——, J. M.	106	13	3
——, W. H. W.	6	7	0
——, A.	71	8	0
——, Lieutenant F. P.	537	2	9
——, G. M.	2,311	12	3
——, R. C.	7	8	0
Jorden, Captain C.	59	1	0
Juggomoney Dassee, Sreemutty	107	1	0
K.			
Kai Khoosroo Hormesjee	7	0	7
Keating, A. S.	7,524	5	0
Keaveny, M.	169	4	5
Keelan, Thomas	3	0	0
Keighley, Captain C. H.	127	14	7
Keiller, Major D. C.	24	4	9
Kellner, H.	8	0	7
——, C. G.	148	6	10
Kelly, W.	14	0	3
——, Lieutenant-Colonel John	1,119	2	6
Kelly, J. H.	19	9	3
——, G. L. A.	421	12	0

Name	£	s.	d.
Kelso, Captain J. A.	434	13	0
Kemble, J. H.	83	14	0
Kemp, H. C.	13	4	0
Kempson, Lieutenant B. M.	585	13	4
Kenny, T. J.	1,664	4	4
Kennedy, J. G.	59	0	0
——, Lieutenant E. S.	21	12	0
Keough, J. H.	98	8	1
Kerr, Lieutenant K. M. E.	18	8	6
King, C.	3	0	0
——, T.	2	8	0
——, Colonel H.	19	0	0
Kingshott, Henry	5	4	0
Kirk, Mrs. C. L.	893	11	8
Kirner, J.	40	13	3
Klotz, H.	18	12	0
Knight, W. B.	7	11	9
Knowles, Assistant Surgeon B.	3	0	0
Knox, Lieutenant R. T.	1,040	11	7
——, Assistant Surgeon J.	76	13	0
Knyvett, Captain F. A. C.	30	2	8
L.			
L'Estrange, Lieutenant H. V.	74	4	0
——, T. F.	4	5	4
Lackersteen, C. R.	1,879	10	11
——, G. F.	3,326	6	4
Lamb, Dr. M. B.	59	2	0
Lambert, Lieutenant J.	1,089	15	11
——, Lieutenant P. C.	34	0	0
Lamouroux, D. F.	985	5	2
Landeshut, W.	197	1	3
Lane, C.	2	0	0
Longbarance, Major M.	99	8	0
Larmour, R. T.	203	4	1
Latter, Captain T.	272	7	11
Laughton, Colonel J.	2,322	1	2
——, E. M.	58	4	4
Law, W.	32	11	0
——, W. C.	112	8	8
Lawler, O. B. S.	28	7	10
Lawrell, Captain H. J.	52	5	6
Lawson, C.	686	15	8
Leadbeater, Major W. E. B.	815	5	1
Leeson, Brevet-Major J.	857	10	3
Lefebur, V.	161	1	10
Legett, W. R.	15	2	0
Lemon, Veterinary Surgeon J. H.	23	2	0
Leslie, Lieutenant Sir N. R.	12	13	11
Lester, Lieutenant H. S.	70	14	1

D.

ESTATES.		Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
L.				
Leven, R. M.		36	5	3
Lever, G. M.		260	2	11
Lewin, G. F. J.		83	0	0
Lewis, Lieutenant E. D. F.		250	0	0
———, T. F.		18	8	3
———, J. H. T.		1	12	3
Lewsey, W. R.		2	11	1
———, James C.		1	9	6
Liddy, M. H.		75	8	0
Lillingston, Lieutenant W. S.		83	6	8
Lindesay, Lieutenant T. E.		2	3	0
Lindsay, C.		18	5	9
———, Captain A.		237	14	10
Lindstedt, E.		3,209	12	10
Loch, Captain J.		13	1	3
———, Captain R. G.		2	0	0
Lochner, F. H.		1	2	4
Locke, H. H.		1,429	14	2
Lomer, Captain O.		82	5	8
Loose, B. E.		71	12	2
Loveday, Captain B. M.		194	8	7
Lowe, G. F.		106	15	8
Lucas, H. A.		46	0	9
Ludwig, P.		10	4	11
Luken, Lieutenant J. H. H.		125	0	6
Lundy, Brigade-Surgeon E. L.		18	0	0
Lyall, R.		123	12	6
Lynch, Dr. W. E.		603	6	2
M.				
Maitland, Captain W. G.		3	6	0
McAlevy, Staff Assistant Surgeon R. P. ...		9	9	8
McBarnett, Captain G. G.		1,515	0	0
McCallon, A.		51	0	3
McCausland, Lieutenant J. K.		26	15	11
McCreery, Dr. James		60	0	0
McDonald, Captain A. R.		2,189	8	0

ESTATES.		Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
M.				
McDonald, Dr. J. B.		106	7	0
———, S. P.		251	0	0
McDonnell, Lieutenant F. J.		597	10	11
McDowell, Lieutenant C. T. M.		232	11	7
McFarquhar, A. H.		4	0	0
McGiveron, J. D.		109	2	3
McGrath, Surgeon J.		5	12	10
McGregor, Brevet-Captain A. N. M. ...		178	9	1
———, Lieutenant E. O. H.		276	0	0
———, Lieutenant F. A. R. M.		5	5	4
McIntosh, D.		90	0	0
McKechine, Ensign W. B.		13	7	0
McKenley, Captain H. C.		791	3	9
McKenzie, G. H.		158	4	1
———, J.		2	0	0
———, Lieutenant N. K. J.		151	4	0
McLean, Assistant Surgeon A.		94	11	0
———, Captain A. M. L.		938	1	8
McLaughlin, G.		667	14	6
McLeod, Dr. B. W.		370	5	0
———, Captain D. J.		198	9	4
———, G. G.		2	10	0
McLenan, James		50	1	9
McMaster, Brigadier-General A. C.		254	4	0
McMullen, Lieutenant T. S.		348	2	5
———, Major C. N.		173	15	6
McMurray, J. W.		14	8	0
McNally, Lieutenant J.		38	14	6
McNaughton, D.		30	4	11
McPherson, Ensign A. G.		12	1	9
Macansh, Mrs. F. C. S.		172	14	11
Macarthur, J.		1,961	5	0
Macdonald, D. F.		24	8	0
———, Major H.		3	4	0
Macdonell, Colonel A. A.		116	6	7
Macfarlane, W.		56	15	3
Machell, T.		21	12	0
Macintire, Dr. J.		78	2	8
MacIver, Assistant Surgeon J. R.		26	0	0

ESTATES.		Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
M.				
Mackay, Colonel N. McInnes		3	0	0
Mackenzie, H.		147	13	6
———, Henry		40	14	0
Mackeson, Lieutenant-Colonel F.		12	0	0
Mackie, J.		32	3	7
Maclean, Captain W. G.		139	4	5
Macnair, Lieutenant C. H. R.		93	15	11
Maconachie, H. D. M.		240	4	1
Macpherson, Captain G. E.		25	9	1
Macsween, Lieutenant H. D.		115	8	0
Maddock, R.		22	13	0
Magnay, Lieutenant C.		167	9	6
Magrath, C. F.		31	12	0
Mahon, M.		38	14	6
Maidman, Captain G. E. J.		98	5	3
Mainwaring, Cornet C.		14	0	3
———, Captain J. J.		160	8	9
———, Captain N. W.		25	3	1
Maitland, Overseer C.		120	1	2
Maling, Lieutenant-Colonel C. S.		208	6	2
Mallock, Lieutenant R. J.		245	4	6
Malet, Captain C. F.		114	14	10
Mandelli, Louis		18	13	3
Manson, Captain G. W.		539	8	4
———, W. B.		15	2	6
Manuk, J. M.		1,723	6	4
———, M. T.		60	6	8
———, Z. M.		68	12	6
Manderson, Major W.		18	15	0
Mapleton, Lieutenant F. M. M.		57	4	0
Marcus, J. P.		31	14	9
———, J. P., Junior		120	4	0
Marion, Joseph		9	1	4
Marley, Captain C. H.		464	5	9
Marsh, C.		25	8	4
Marshall, Ensign H. W.		145	0	0
———, C. A.		116	8	0
———, H. P.		3	0	0
———, Apothecary W.		5	12	11

Marshall, W.	24	0	0
———, Mrs. E. S.	1,375	10	7
Martin, Cornet L.	40	12	11
———, W.	8	3	5
Martindell, G. H.	39	1	0
Masson, Dr. J. M.	80	0	0
Mathews, Apothecary J.	654	3	4
———, M.	130	2	6
———, Reverend J. C.	62	15	6
Mathison, A.	47	13	0
Maurice, Lieutenant R. B.	307	3	8
Maxwell, Brevet-Colonel W. G.	84	5	0
May, Assistant Surgeon W. G.	662	15	6
Meacham, Major W. M.	37	7	6
Mears, E. J.	41	4	2
Mee, Ensign J. E.	144	3	9
Meek, J. S.	3	0	0
Meer Mahomed Ally Khan (His Highness)	3,481	6	1
Meighan, Conductor John	138	7	0
Meiklejohn, H. C.	96	11	11
Mellish, Captain D. G. A. F. H.	381	10	11
Mellor, Mrs. E.	150	0	0
———, W. B.	71	14	1
Melvin, Captain A.	8	11	5
Melvill, P.	7	2	0
Melville, Captain A. B.	229	2	1
Mendes, F. P.	236	5	0
Mercer, Lieutenant E. S.	102	8	0
Merewether, Brevet-Captain A.	50	0	0
Metcalfe, Captain H.	6	9	11
Mitchell, Lieutenant M. T. B.	1	0	0
Middleton, R. B.	98	12	8
———, John	1,667	13	2
Miles, Assistant Surgeon R. D.	2	5	4
Mill, Captain and Brevet-Major J.	2	8	3
Millard, Captain W. S.	214	1	3
Millett, Lieutenant C. G.	20	8	0
Milner, Lieutenant A. J.	39	7	0
Mitchell, Sergeant H.	177	12	11
Moline, Staff Surgeon J. P.	31	4	0
Monemotho Nath Dey	252	5	5
Money, Captain J.	81	2	8
Monohur Chunder Roy	38	6	9
Monro, H.	22	9	11
Monrowde, A. H. H.	635	2	0
Montgomery, Lieutenant-Colonel G. J.	105	0	0
Moodie, A.	3	0	0
Moore, E. P.	16	13	0
———, Assistant Surgeon T.	7	14	0
———, Mrs. C. M. O.	2	8	0
———, Ensign H. N.	302	6	0

Moore, Lieutenant G. V.	72	3	10
———, T. W.	41	14	6
Moorehead, Hospital Apprentice H. J.	30	11	5
Morgan, Assistant Surgeon R. B.	7	11	11
Morland, Captain G. W.	20	8	0
Morphy, Major M.	49	13	6
Morris, Brevet-Captain A. B.	90	15	9
———, Lieutenant W. L. G., of 56th N. I.	8	14	0
———, Reverend D. B.	109	12	0
———, T.	24	0	0
Morrison, Ensign C. M.	308	8	0
———, G.	39	4	9
Morewood, Reverend J. B.	154	14	0
Mosenthall, Lieutenant A.	12	12	0
Mosley, Brevet-Captain W. B.	102	4	6
Mosse, Lieutenant-Colonel P. A.	30	0	0
Mowatt, Lieutenant-Colonel J. L.	2	1	0
Mudge, H. F.	8	15	1
Munro, D. E.	23	4	0
———, Major R.	22	14	0
———, Quarter-Master D.	8	0	4
———, A. M.	48	12	0
Murphy, Ensign J.	124	0	10
Murray, Lieutenant J. M.	69	8	0
———, Lieutenant A. W.	5	5	0
———, Sergeant J.	8	0	11
Mutt, O. H.	769	3	6
N.			
Napier, Mrs. J. C.	8	0	0
Napleton, Lieutenant-Colonel T. E. A.	389	15	5
Narain Chund Set	186	5	1
Nash, Major S.	1,668	8	11
Naylor, C. T. M.	19	8	0
Nelson, Captain J. S.	250	12	4
———, Captain and Local Major G. G.	140	0	4
Nesbitt, H. K.	90	0	0
Neuville, J. T.	80	4	1
Nevin, H.	118	2	3
Newham, F.	195	4	0
Nicholas, Lieutenant-Colonel R.	31	6	9
Nicholls, G.	32	13	0
———, Private T.	65	9	7
Nicholetts, Captain and Brevet-Major W. H.	1,786	0	10
Nicholson, Lieutenant-Colonel J.	102	1	3
———, Reverend A. D.	50	6	6
Noad, Dr. H. J.	11	13	0
Norman, Reverend R. A. H.	15	15	9
Norton, George	1,429	0	9
———, John	302	13	0

O.			
Oakes, Mrs. M. A.	16	9	6
O'Brien, J. L.	102	10	7
O'Connell, Major M. J.	21	0	0
O'Dowda, Lieutenant R. C.	55	8	0
O'Grady, P.	1	4	0
O'Farrell, W.	23	8	0
O'Neill, E. J.	85	1	6
Odell, Captain W.	50	0	0
Offerman, Assistant Apothecary J.	2	6	3
Oliver, A.	10	15	3
———, Captain E. D.	33	0	0
Oman, C. E. E.	173	0	6
Orman, Major C. E.	53	12	3
Orton, Dr. F.	16	1	9
Ossulston, Lieutenant Lord	54	0	0
O'Toole, Thomy	1,402	1	1
Oswald, Lieutenant A. J. T. E. D.	147	3	6
———, Lieutenant J. H.	181	6	11
Oultram, T.	75	3	2
Ouseley, R. O.	231	4	7
———, Lieutenant-Colonel J. R.	240	8	7
Ovenger, H. A.	13	0	1
Ovens, Ensign E. L.	127	2	10
Ovenstone, Captain D.	56	14	5
Owen, C. B.	584	0	0
———, C. T.	14	6	7
———, Major L.	69	9	5
Ozilia, P.	10	0	0
P.			
Page, Lieutenant E. D.	177	2	0
Palmer, G.	49	2	5
———, Sergeant E. W.	53	13	7
———, W. S.	31	13	9
———, Lieutenant E.	106	13	1
Park, G. F. W. J.	7	9	5
Parfitt, F. H.	102	14	0
Parkinson, Lieutenant A. S.	11	4	10
Parlby, Captain B. S. B.	94	1	3
Parritt, W.	118	0	2
Parry, Lieutenant-Colonel S.	2	0	2
Parsons, Henry	6	6	0
———, R. F.	62	7	4
Partridge, Lieutenant J. C.	745	11	3
Paterson, Major F. S.	395	4	6
———, V. B.	19	0	0
Paton, Dr. A.	6	0	0
Pattenson, T. F.	168	0	0

D.

ESTATES.		Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
P.				
Patterson, J. J.		58	10	0
Patterson, W. C.		155	4	0
Paul, Lieutenant W.		6	7	0
Payne, E. W.		278	14	4
———, J. S.		32	0	0
Payter, J. W.		16	0	0
Pearse, J M.		20	0	0
Pearson, R. C.		15	0	0
Peel, Lieutenant J., of 37th N. I.		28	0	0
Pegler, W. T.		51	14	1
Pemberton, Dr. J. M.		73	2	5
Pennel, S. P.		4	12	9
Perkins, Lieutenant H. G.		58	8	0
Perry, Ensign C. H.		79	4	6
———, Lieutenant E. W.		46	12	0
Peskett, Surgeon-Major W.		41	1	8
Peter, Lieutenant J. J.		14	6	9
Petrie, Lieutenant M.		106	15	1
Pettet, Captain F.		64	5	0
Pfeiffer, E.		6	0	0
Phaire, Lieutenant-Colonel W.		156	8	4
Phillimore, Captain W. F.		103	2	9
Phillipps, Ensign E. A. L.		541	15	7
Phillips, Dr. J.		48	8	0
———, Captain J. G.		716	7	0
———, M. G.		25	6	1
Pickard, Lieutenant W.		9	8	9
Pierson, Captain W. S.		218	0	9
Pilkington, Captain J. F.		37	8	0
———, J. W.		14	8	0
Pinto, F.		1	8	0
Pitt, Lieutenant R. H.		97	15	6
———, Lieutenant S.		22	8	3
Playfair, Lieutenant H. A.		56	10	6
Plowden, A. U. C.		2,159	1	8
———, Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. C. ...		38	6	1
Plum, Captain E. C. (Mariner)		40	3	6
Plunkett, Captain J.		31	8	0
Polden, Dr. R. J.		148	10	8

ESTATES.		Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
P.				
Ponsonby, Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. V. ...		221	14	3
Poole, D. J.		44	14	8
———, G. H. M.		381	1	11
———, C. A.		45	0	0
Pope, Sergeant J.		22	0	0
Potter, W. J.		1,052	15	7
Powell, C. St. A.		24	12	0
———, Lieutenant T. E.		19	8	0
———, W. R.		128	14	5
Powys, Lieutenant J.		9	14	0
Prance, H. C.		37	0	0
Pratt, J. N.		131	7	11
Presgrave, Captain D. K.		198	10	6
Price, R. R.		713	4	2
Priestley, Major A. G.		752	11	0
Pringle, Ensign G. S.		15	5	0
Pritchard, Lieutenant N. G.		74	14	6
Proctor, Lieutenant A.		121	3	6
Pronje, J. L.		14	5	7
Prosser, J.		21	0	0
Prudhoe, J.		103	11	0
Pryse, Reverend W.		55	0	0
Q.				
Quarry, William		30	8	0
Quin, Lieutenant-Colonel T.		147	15	6
Quinn, Lieutenant-Colonel H. E.		35	8	7
Quinlan, Dr. P.		5	9	0
R.				
Raikes, G. D.		40	0	0
———, R. C.		7	13	7
Raleigh, Lieutenant W. F. K.		58	4	1
Ramsay, Lieutenant D.		19	8	0
Randolph, H.		88	1	8
Rattray, R. H.		76	5	0
Rawlins, Lieutenant-Colonel J.		110	12	9
———, Captain A. J. C.		36	13	0
Reddie, J.		531	8	8

ESTATES.		Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
R.				
Reid, Lieutenant D. T.		222	2	9
———, Captain C. A.		257	14	1
Reilly, Honorary Lieutenant F. T.		16	12	4
Remmington, Lieutenant J. C.		36	15	0
———, Lieutenant-Colonel F. F. ...		143	13	2
Renny, Colonel R.		11	12	9
Repton, Ensign H. T.		27	1	0
———, Captain W. W.		94	11	9
Revley, Lieutenant M. H.		2	8	0
Rewcastle, J. R.		8	6	0
Reynolds, Captain C. S.		18	3	9
———, Captain H. C.		191	11	11
Rich, Brigadier-General R.		68	10	0
Richardson, R.		109	7	0
Richmond, Mrs. M.		125	0	0
———, Lieutenant G. M.		38	12	3
———, Apothecary J.		18	12	3
Ricks, Band-Master F.		40	0	0
Ridge, E.		9	11	0
Ringwood, C. H.		565	7	8
Ripley, Lieutenant F. T.		16	4	0
Ritchie, Ensign T. J.		2	4	3
Rix, Sergeant R.		4	11	0
Robb, Gordon		3	0	10
Roberts, C. E.		28	6	3
———, J. B.		55	5	8
Robertson, Lieutenant G., of 37th N. I. ...		72	10	10
Robinson, J.		48	0	0
Rogers, Captain T. E.		10	0	0
———, Lieutenant G.		20	0	6
———, Conductor G. J.		102	0	9
———, Major B.		20	0	0
Rolland, Dr. P.		205	15	0
Rooke, H. W.		275	14	9
Roop Lall Dey		53	8	0
Roper, H.		19	8	0
Roquet, V.		31	11	2
Rose, James		352	6	9
Ross, Lieutenant-Colonel D.		9	12	0

Name	Rs.	a.	p.
Ross, Captain D.	96	3	6
——, A. B., personalty account	498	9	8
Rossetto, D.	1,358	14	8
Rowland, W.	27	10	0
Russell, A. M.	65	7	0
——, Captain J. C. M.	21	1	11
——, J.	26	12	0
Ruth, W.	10	0	0
Rutledge, Major F.	16	9	9
Ryves, Captain W. C. L.	327	0	7
——, Brigadier-General W. H.	415	9	0
S.			
Sache, J. E.	50	2	3
Sagore Dutt	640	11	7
Sale, Lieutenant H. P.	380	4	0
Salkeld, Lieutenant P.	418	0	0
Salmon, Captain M. M.	250	0	9
——, W. T.	275	8	0
Salter, C. H.	7	12	0
Samson, Captain C. L.	23	5	3
Sanders, Lieutenant-Colonel T.	165	12	4
Sanderson, W.	400	0	0
Sandford, E. M.	92	7	5
Sandham, Captain G. H.	118	9	6
Sanford, Major C. A.	49	13	7
Sarkies, P. J.	58	6	0
Saunders, Major G. N.	24	7	5
——, Captain R. P.	3	13	1
Savigny, A.	86	13	6
Scanlan, P. H.	103	14	11
Scorgie, George	33	3	4
Scott, Ensign M. A.	829	4	0
——, J.	65	0	5
——, C. W.	190	5	4
——, Captain T. P. O.	3	0	0
——, J.	0	10	2
——, Mrs. A.	6	5	9
Searles, G.	5	8	3
Seaton, Lieutenant H.	7	0	0
——, Major H. C.	1	12	0
Seear, J.	10	8	0
Serres, Lieutenant E. D....	24	8	2
Seth, C. G.	31	5	0
Sewell, Captain A. H. C.	37	10	6
——, Lieutenant H. T.	94	7	1
Sharkey, Conductor P.	0	6	1
Sharpe, Lieutenant E.	180	8	5
——, Captain J. E.	12	13	4
Shaw, Lieutenant A.	29	6	0
Shaw, W.	37	10	9
Shebbeare, Major R. H....	773	2	6
Shepherd, C. M.	33	0	0
Sherard, Lieutenant C. E.	22	14	0
Sherd, E. A.	21	1	1
Sheriff, Lieutenant D. F.	119	12	0
Sherman, George James	49	14	0
Sherrington, T.	175	10	4
Shipley, John	132	3	6
Short, Lieutenant-Colonel W. D. A. R. ...	12	0	3
——, J.	78	1	0
——, T. H. H.	56	12	7
Showers, Captain H. E....	4	1	7
Siddons, Captain W. Y....	1,441	14	3
——, Major G. R.	23	3	0
Sim, Lieutenant H. G.	27	1	6
Simons, A. M.	58	3	7
Simpson, G. E.	205	15	9
——, Lieutenant J. R.	161	12	3
Sinaes, W. DeMonte	20	8	0
Sinclair, Lieutenant H.	42	8	0
Slade, E.	19	15	0
Slater, Mrs. H. L.	27	10	0
Sleigh, Assistant Apothecary A.	16	1	2
Small, A.	35	13	2
Smalley, F. J. R.	228	5	0
Smallwood, P. T.	192	10	4
Smalpage, Lieutenant F. J.	616	7	4
Smart, Mrs. C. A.	43	4	0
——, Captain J. R.	7	12	0
Smith, Captain B. H.	53	8	9
——, J.	10	0	0
——, Lieutenant B. C.	75	5	5
——, C. B.	25	8	0
——, H. J.	111	9	9
——, Captain J. H.	48	10	2
——, Captain R. M.	123	6	8
——, Captain S.	2	0	0
——, Ensign W. J.	461	7	5
——, P. K.	31	0	0
——, G. M. G.	493	12	1
——, Captain J. W.	8	0	0
——, Captain B. N.	698	12	0
——, Quarter-Master J.	1,214	10	0
——, D. D. D. S.	6	0	0
——, W. H.	390	14	0
Smyth, C. C.	555	10	8
Snell, A. C.	8	15	0
Solly, Lieutenant W. H.	13	3	10
Somerville, Captain M. R.	8	14	0
Sparke, Major J. G.	64	9	6
Spencer, Brevet-Major R.	415	13	11
——, Quarter-Master P.	5	12	0
Spens, Lieutenant T. J. H.	94	12	6
Sperling, Captain T. V. H.	13	0	0
Spilsbury, Dr. G. G.	9	12	0
Sprot, Lieutenant G. H....	237	12	2
Stainforth, Lieutenant R.	52	14	6
Staples, Captain J.	160	4	5
Stedman, G. G.	8	10	0
Stephens, J.	80	15	4
Sterling, R. S.	8	4	6
——, Captain W. C.	172	14	0
Stevenson, Colonel J. F. J.	22	0	0
Stewart, Captain W. F.	38	1	8
——, Surgeon-Major H.	133	10	0
——, Surgeon J. L.	29	9	0
Still, C.	6	0	0
St. George, R. J.	0	1	0
——, Lieutenant Sir R. D.	132	3	6
St. John, Lieutenant the Hon'ble S. M. ...	432	4	7
——, Captain M. K.	62	7	9
St. Quintin, Lieutenant C. R.	4	5	0
Stodart, J. G.	36	8	0
Stokes, Dr. J. M.	51	11	4
——, Lieutenant S. W.	187	10	5
Stout, C. B.	20	0	3
Stowell, C. S.	20	1	3
Stratford, Captain R.	127	10	0
Straton, Captain Edward	18	12	0
Streatfeild, Lieutenant H. P.	165	11	3
Strickland, Lieutenant T. H. F.	18	8	0
Stroyan, Stuart	6	14	0
Stuart, Dr. A. M.	171	7	9
——, W. S.	32	0	0
Sturt, R. R.	1,889	15	1
Sullivan, Lieutenant J. E. H.	108	3	2
——, M. M.	17	5	11
Sutherland, Captain and Brevet-Major A. G. C.	57	7	1
——, H. C.	50	2	4
Sutton, Lieutenant G. F. D.	1	8	0
——, W. P.	2	12	0
Sweetland, W. H. M.	5	8	10
Swetenham, Major G.	26	8	3
——, J. R.	419	1	6
Swinden, W. W.	10	10	6
Swiney, Captain H. B.	110	8	11
Swinley, Captain S. A.	4	0	0
Swinton, Captain S. C. A.	87	8	0
Sydenham, J.	550	12	4
Symons, Assistant Surgeon J. S. C.... ...	58	5	1
——, K. E.	27	0	8

D.

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
T.			
Tabernacle, H. W.	31	8	0
Tabor, Captain S. J.	489	0	6
Tait, Sergeant W. R.	74	3	8
Tallan, Lieutenant W.	175	7	4
Tandy, Lieutenant F. L.	7	2	0
Tapely, Lieutenant R.	117	7	6
Tarrakissen Bannerjee	33	1	0
Tatham, R.	38	7	0
Tatlock, Assistant Surgeon W.	11	14	5
Taylor, Captain J. H. G.	10	4	0
——, Mrs. M. M., *alias* Dhermainville ...	28	9	11
——, Lieutenant R. T.	726	13	2
——, W.	7	8	0
——, Dr. H. M.	58	10	6
——, Lieutenant T. R.	0	10	0
——, J.	140	9	10
——, James	11	0	0
——, L.	35	9	6
——, John	173	2	1
——, Revd. J. H.	81	12	0
Tedford, Mrs. H.	37	0	0
Templeton, J.	5	8	3
——, D.	35	7	3
Terry, J. W.	29	13	9
Thackwell, Lieutenant O. D.	164	7	8
——, Captain F. J. R.	4	0	0
Thaine, W.	51	2	0
Theobald, Lieutenant G.	43	8	9
Thomas, J.	5	0	0
——, Lieutenant W. H.	3	0	0
——, J. S.	15	6	6
——, Lieutenant-Colonel J. N.	595	4	5
——, H. L.	17	3	9
——, Lieutenant-Colonel E.	62	4	0
Thompson, Captain R.	718	0	0
——, Captain F. J.	212	2	11
——, Ensign W.	275	14	2
——, J. H.	5	12	2
——, W.	27	9	4

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
T.			
Thomson, H. D.	324	4	0
——, Sir J., K.C.B.	14	0	0
——, Lieutenant-Colonel G.	181	9	10
——, Captain M. A. F.	230	9	0
——, Captain J.	214	11	3
——, G. N. A.	3,934	1	0
——, R. L.	22	8	0
Thornhill, Captain A.	11	14	2
——, J. B.	4	0	0
Thornton, H. A.	32	1	0
Thorp, Lieutenant G. F.	176	2	8
Tidcombe, Lieutenant T.	26	13	0
Tierney, Assistant Surgeon J. F.	8	11	0
Till, G.	2	8	0
Tissendie, J.	1,172	2	6
Todd, R. A.	11	2	0
Tomkyns, Surgeon-Major A. P.	9	1	0
Tonge, Mrs. M.	138	6	6
Toulmin, E.	10	0	0
——, Lieutenant T. H.	4	1	0
Toussaint, E. B.	35	7	6
Tracy, C. L.	71	10	6
Tranter, Sub-Assistant Surgeon G.	672	3	0
Travers, Lieutenant R.	18	10	0
Trevanion, Lieutenant J. F.	5	5	9
Trist, Captain R. F. W.	4	6	0
Tritton, Major W. M.	281	0	6
——, Lieutenant E. S.	7	12	9
Trood, C.	639	9	10
Troup, Major W. A.	63	8	0
Trower, Captain C. F.	3,306	14	11
Tulloh, Captain R. H.	12	0	2
——, R. H.	11	4	0
Turnbull, J. L., dividend account	3,153	13	0
Turner, Mrs. A.	28	0	0
——, Lieutenant F. M.	250	15	8
——, Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain G. F. W. ...	136	7	10
——, Captain J.	81	2	6
——, T. H.	5	9	6

ESTATES.	Balance on the 31st December 1892. Rs.	A.	P.
T.			
Turner, W.	57	9	1
——, Lieutenant W.	0	0	1
Tuther, Mrs. Mary	585	0	2
Twentyman, H. P.	26	14	0
Twycross, Lieutenant W. S.	190	10	4
Tydd, A. G.	12	0	0
Tytler, Lieutenant R. C. S. C.	499	2	0
U.			
Unkles, R. N.	9	4	0
Urquhart, A. S.	34	6	7
——, Major C. F.	11	4	0
V.			
Valentine, Major E.	22	8	0
Vanhomrigh, Captain H. D.	122	15	10
Vassal, Lieutenant R. L. S.	2	13	8
Vaughan, Captain the Hon'ble	18	14	0
Veal, Dr. W.	205	4	0
Vincent, Major G. F. F.	160	1	6
Vivian, Lieutenant R.	70	4	0
——, Captain J. H.	561	11	4
Volkers, G. H.	46	6	9
VonLintzgy, Dr. W. J.	7	8	6
W.			
Waddy, Captain W. P.	7	6	5
Wadham, T. C.	7	2	0
Walker, Captain S. C.	9	10	0
Wall, Major R. H.	22	15	6
Wallace, Lieutenant F.	86	8	5
——, Sergeant William	24	2	5
Wallis, Reverend A. W.	34	13	0
Walpole, Captain H.	17	4	2
Walsh, O.	1	0	0
——, Assistant Surgeon D. J.	1	4	0
——, Riding Master D.	108	3	4
Walters, Thomas	88	0	0
Ward, T. C. B.	306	13	5

Name			
Ward, S.	87	8	0
Warde, Lieutenant-Colonel S. G.	31	6	6
Warne, Captain G. F.	28	1	3
Warner, Captain and Brevet-Major W. K. ...	16	6	0
———, T.	7	4	8
Warrand, R. H. M.	41	6	6
Warren, Lieutenant C. H. L.	208	1	3
———, Lieutenant D. C.	24	13	11
———, Reverend C.	93	8	0
———, J. H.	51	0	0
Warter, Colonel H. deG.	301	4	2
Waterfield, Major J.	44	0	0
Waterworth, C. A.	34	4	0
Watkins, Dr. J.	253	14	10
———, H.	146	10	0
Watson, Lieutenant-Colonel W. C.	10	0	0
———, Lieutenant P. A.	219	14	2
Waudby, Lieutenant W. R.	18	0	6
Wealins, J.	6	0	3
Weare, Lieutenant H. O.	440	7	6
Webb, G.	13	1	0
———, J.	0	5	9
Wemyss, Sir John	563	10	1
West, J.	8	0	0
———, Mrs. E. M.	8	2	9
Weston, Bazar Sergeant J.	176	0	9
Westropp, G. D.	459	2	3
———, A. H.	43	1	0
Wetherall, Captain F. Y.	64	6	0
Whelan, Lieutenant E.	94	13	2
Whish, Lieutenant E. S.	7	15	0
Whitaker, Dr. J. H.	105	14	4
White, C. P.	47	4	5
White, Captain E. J.	73	1	0
———, Captain W. C.	3	2	2
———, Assistant Surgeon J. H.	0	0	9
———, P. W.	127	7	11
———, Surgeon-Major J.	40	1	9
———, Quarter-Master C.	11	4	6
———, James	105	12	3
Whiteside, Captain F. J. S.	136	7	9
Wight, R. S.	259	1	0
Wilkinson, C. J.	421	13	6
Williams, Lieutenant-Colonel S.	280	12	9
———, H.	16	12	0
———, J. W.	455	7	11
———, Mrs. M. F.	216	11	0
Williamson, Major F. A.	75	7	0
———, Brigadier Geo.	806	10	11
———, Lieutenant H. S.	44	12	0
Willis, G.	14	12	6
Willoughby, Lieutenant G. D.	18	2	0
Willson, T. H.	76	0	0
Wilsey, Conductor E.	13	5	4
Wilson, Mrs. J.	4,819	3	0
———, Private J.	52	7	11
———, Assistant Surgeon J.	3	15	4
———, J.	10	11	3
———, T. N.	285	13	0
———, Captain J. E. D.	381	0	3
———, Captain D. M.	48	14	0
———, Surgeon C. C. W.	443	12	7
———, H.	741	3	7
Wimberley, Lieutenant E. B.	376	11	0
Winnlett, Lieutenant A. W.	17	6	2
Wishart, W.	149	6	3
Woollen, Lieutenant J. G.	380	6	1
Wood, G. H.	95	14	0
———, H. G. C.	713	14	0
———, W. Clayton	241	8	1
———, W. Caractacus	57	1	10
———, Oswald	459	15	2
Woodcock, Lieutenant H. T.	80	11	9
———, Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. ...	405	11	11
Woodford, Dr. C. T. O.	194	11	0
Woodhouse, Captain C. R.	1,652	2	10
Wortley, R. A.	18	13	0
Wray, Assistant Surgeon C. W.	119	9	11
Wrench, Captain A.	62	1	3
Wright, Major A. B.	7	5	11
Wrottesly, H. E.	399	14	0
Wylly, Captain F. A.	1,516	6	
Wyndham, Colonel P.	227	4	
Y.			
Yates, T.	560	15	3
———, Surgeon W. H.	312	10	1
Yeatman, C. E.	8	2	1
Yerbury, J. B.	60	0	0
York, Sergeant R.	40	0	0
Young, Lieutenant J. M.	5	12	0
Younge, Mrs. C.	25	0	11
Younghusband, Lieutenant G. D. A.	13	9	8
———, C. E. S.	28	0	0
Z.			
Zorab, M. M.	29	13	11

E. E.

Calcutta, *the* 31*st December* 1892.

(511—1)

F. COLLIS-SANDES, *Offg. Administrator-General of Bengal.*

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1893.

FIRST QUARTER.

BENGAL LIBRARY CATALOGUE OF BOOKS

FOR THE

First Quarter ending the 31st March 1893.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						UNI-LINGUAL
						ASSAMESE
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
238	Asamíyá Bháshár Lará Shikshá. An Alphabetical Primer for Assamese children.	Assamese.	Pánindra Náth Gagai.	Language	Printed and published at 6, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Nibáran Chandra Ghosh.
239	Asamíyá Byákaran Chandriká. An Assamese Grammar.	ditto ...	Jay Chandra Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál & Co.
						BENGALI
	ART.					
1303	Adarsha Kansárter Gat. Model Concert Tunes.	Bengali	Sharat Kumár Sen.	Art ...	Printed and published at 163, Musjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Harilál Sen.
	BIOGRAPHY.					
1304	Kabir. Tánhár Samkshipta Jívaní O Upadesháavali. Kavira. His Life and Teachings.	ditto ...	Jogendra Náth Sarkár.	Biography	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. C. Datta.
1305	Linkan Charita. The life of Lincoln.	ditto ...	Kálí Sankar Sukul.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 6, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Nibáran Chandra Ghosh.
1306	Ashoka Charita. An account of the Great King Asoka.	ditto ...	Krishna Bihárí Sen.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 29, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhiri and Mitra, and published by Messrs. S. K. Láhiri and Co.
1307	Acháryya Keshab Chandra. Babu Keshab Chandra Sen, the Minister. Madhya Vivarana. Vol. II. Part I.	ditto ...	Members of the Apostolic Darbar of the New Dispensation.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 20 Patuátolá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jagabandhu Ghosh.
1308	Andru Fulárer Jívan Charit. The Biography of Andrew Fuller.	ditto ...	Chandra Mohan Christian.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Revd. J. W. Thomas.
	DRAMA.					
1309	Hamlet	ditto ...	Lalit Mohan Adhikári.	Drama ...	Printed and published at 196, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendra Lál Pátra, and published by H. Bágchi.
1310	Bishád. Sorrow ...	ditto ...	Girish Chandra Ghosh.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Mahendralál Pátra, and published by Matíndra Náth Mukharji.
1311	Kálápáni. The Blue Waters.	ditto ...	Amritalál Basu.	ditto ...	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, and published at 2, Mallik's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by U. Chandra Basu and Co., and published by Amritalál Basu.

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS.									
BOOKS.									
1893. Jan. 26th	Pages. 28	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	Rs. A. P.	Pánindra Náth Gagai, North Lakhimpur, Assam.	....	239
1892. Dec. 20th	41	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Jay Chandra Chakravartí.	....	239
BOOKS.									
Feb. 25th	93	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Sharat Kumár Sen, 89, Ahiritolá Street, Calcutta.	Teaching music without a master.	1303
Jan. 22nd	60	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Jogendra Náth Sarkár, 217, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Kabir was the greatest reformer of the fourteenth century, and he struck a severe blow on idolatry, blind adherence to the Shastras, and to the *guru*. The *donhás* given here are mostly from his celebrated work the Bijaka.	1304
" 2nd	208	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Kálí Sankar Sukul, 11, Patuatolá Street, Calcutta.	An account of Abraham Lincoln, the President of the United States. He came to supreme power at a time when the United States were on the eve of a Civil War. He succeeded in bringing the Civil War to an end, and in abolishing slavery. The secret of his sucess, the author says, was his faith in God, and his belief in Providence.	1305
Nov. 8th	123	8vo ...	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	......	An appreciative account of the Great Buddhist King Asoka of the Maurya dynasty. To this work has been added in the form of an appendix, a drama on the subject of the blinding of Kunála, one of the most touching incidents in the history of the family of Asoka.	1306
Jan. 22nd	190	......	1st...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	Brahmo Mission Office, 20, Patuatola Lane, Calcutta.	Contains the history of his breach with the Adi Brahmo Samáj, of the establishment of the Indian Brahmo Samáj, and of his preaching in various parts of India.	1307
Dec. 3rd	90	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	Andrew Fuller was one of the great projectors of the scheme of foreign missions. It was by his endeavours that the Baptist Missionaries were first sent out to India.	1308
" 31st	194	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	Lalit Mohan Adhikárí, Pabna.	A Bengali translation of Shakespeare's Hamlet.	1309
Feb. 15th	130	12mo dy	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Matíndra Náth Mukharji, 18, Bánstolá Lane, Calcutta.	Noticed	1310
Jan. 8th	60	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	......	A farce designed to ridicule the sea-voyage movement. The play-wright has used very strong language to many of the leaders of the movement. He wants the public to believe that these are fussy fellows, who run after every new agitation, and are utterly devoid of sincerity of purpose.	1311

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	DRAMA—*concld.*					
1312	Ban Bír. (A name) ...	Bengali	Ráj Krishna Ráy.	Drama ...	Printed at 38, and published at 20, Shibnárâyan Dás's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddheshvar Pán, and published by Rajani Ranjan Ráy.
1313	Nader Chandar. (A name.)	ditto ...	Pramathanáth Dás.	ditto ...	Printed at 68, Balarám De's Street, and published at 18, Krishna Sinha's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Nafar Chandra Sarkár and published by the author.
1314	Pujár Rosnái. The Illumination of the Durgá Pujá.	ditto ...	Ditto ...	ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...
1315	Rishya Shringa. (A name.)	ditto ...	Raj Krishna Ráya.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 38, Shibnáráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddheshvar Pán and published by Rajani Ranjan Ráy.
1316	Brishasena Samhár. The slaughter of Brishasena.	ditto ...	Panchánan Kánjilál.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Dán Press, Jessore.	Printed and published by Kshetragopál Sinha.
1317	Manipur. (A name) ...	ditto ...	Jagach Chhandra Dás Gupta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Chandra Sekhar Press, Chittagong.	Printed by Jagach Chandra Dás, and published by Tárak Chandra Dás Gupta.
1318	Er Upáy Ki? What is the remedy of this?	ditto ...	Mír Moshar Ruf Hosain.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Tangail.	Printed and published by Sádhu Sarkár.
1319	Shrírám Navamí. The Birth-day of Rám.	ditto ...	Kunjavihárí Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by U. C. Bose and Co.
	FICTION.					
1320	Lílá. (A name) ...	ditto ...	Nagendranáth Gupta.	Fiction ...	Printed at 38, Shibnáráyan Dás's Lane, and published at 23, Vidyáságar's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddheshvar Pán, and published by Suresh Chandra Samájpati.
1321	Apúrba Svapna. Wonderful Dream.	ditto ...	Haridás Basák	ditto ...	Printed at 64-2-1, Grey Street, and published at 6-4, Mániktalá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Girish Chandra Ghosh, and published by the author.
1322	Unmádiní. The mad Girl. Part II.	ditto ...	Pashupati Mitra.	ditto ...	Printed at 153, Cornwallis Street, and published at 60, Hari Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Mukharji, and published by the author.
1323	Sádhan-tatwa. The principles of Religious exercises. Part I.	ditto ...	Durgádás Láhiri.	ditto ...	Printed at 23, Jugal Kishor Dás's Lane, and published at 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Dámodar Bhattácháryya, and published by Kálidás Láhiri.
1324	Svarna-latá. (A name)	ditto ...	Chunílál Mitra.	ditto ...	Printed at 133, and published at 127, Masjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jogendranáth Chakravartí, and published by Háldár and Co.
1325	Barabau bá Sudhábriksha. The eldest daughter-in-law or the Tree of Nectar.	ditto ...	Satya Charan Mitra.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, and published at 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by Bose and Co.
1326	Sádhan-tattva. The truth of Religious exercises.	ditto ...	Durgádás Láhiri.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by N. N. Chakravartí, and published by Kálidás Láhiri.

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	*REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1892. Dec. 3rd	124	12mo dy	1st...	1,050	Printed	Rs. A. P. 0 10 0	Rájkrishna Ráy 20, Shibnáráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	The story of Banabír the usurper of Chittor, who killed all the members of the royal family with his own hands, but could not kill young Udaya, who was saved by his nurse sacrificing her own son for his sake.	1312
,, 20th	12	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Pramathanáth Dás, 18, Krishna Sinha's Lane, Calcutta.	A Christmas pantomime.	1313
,, 18th	12	12mo dy	1st...	200	ditto ...	0 2 0	Ditto ...	A worthless work.	1314
Dec. 31st	24	12mo dy	1st...	1,050	ditto ...	0 4 0	Rájkrishna Ráy, 20, Shibnáráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Based on the story of Rishyashringa, as given in the Rámáyana.	1315
Mar. 2nd	70	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Panchánan Kánjilál, Navapara, Jessore.	The story of the fall of Brisha Sen, the son of Karna, as given in the Mahábhárat, in a fight with Arjuna, the bravest of the Pándava warriors.	1316
Dec. 31st	123	8vo dy	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 10 0	Jagach Chandra Dás Gupta.	Based on the story of Babhrubáhana the Prince of Manipur, the son of Arjuna, as given in the Mahábhárata.	1317
Jan. 30th	70	12mo dy	2nd...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	Mir Masháraff Hosain.	An infatuated lover of a prostitute, finds his wife in the company of a male friend and becomes furiously angry, but discovers at last that the male person is no other than her sister in male attire who had come there to teach him a lesson.	1318
Dec. 24th	56	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	Based on the story of Dasharath's killing the son of the blind sage, and of the birth of Ráma, as given in the Rámáyana.	1319
Nov. 15th	243	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Suresh Chandra Samájpati.	The story of a poor and helpless, but at the same time a lovely Hindu widow in all her sufferings, both mental and bodily. It is a realistic work of some merit and paints the present condition of Hindu society in great detail.	1320
Jan. 31st	45	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Haridás Basák, 6-4, Maniktalá Street, Calcutta.	The fulfilment of a prophecy ...	1321
,, 28th	82	12mo dy	1st...	900	ditto ...	...	Pashupati Mitra, 60, Hari Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	The first part of the book was noticed. In this part the different members of the joint family come together again and live in peace.	1322
Feb. 2nd	106	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Durgádás Láhiri, 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	Short stories written with the object of imparting knowledge of religion and morality to the Hindus.	1323
Nov. 25th	258	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	Háldár and Co.	The steward of a zamindar on his death-bed enjoins him not to employ his son in the zamindari. This injunction the zamindar neglects and employs the steward's son in his zamindari, who gives him evil advice and leads him to numerous crimes, and thus brings misery on various families. Ultimately, however, they are all compelled to leave their home and roam all over India as fakirs. They all meet in the Vindya Mountains and are reconciled to one another.	1324
,, 29th	139	12mo dy	Revised.	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Satya Charan Mitra, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	A revised edition	1325
Oct. 26th	106	12mo dy	2nd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Durgádás Láhiri, 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	Short stories for illustrating great religious truths.	1326

Number.	Title (to be translated, into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						BENGALI
	FICTION—*concld.*					
1327	Másik-Upanyása. Monthly novel. Part I.	Bengali	Dámodar Mukharji.	Fiction ...	Printed and published at 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by N. N. Chakravartí, and published by Durgádás Láhiri.
1328	Ditto ditto. Part II.	ditto...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1329	Ananda Math. The blissful Hermitage.	ditto...	Bankim Chandra Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 5, Pratáp Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadunáth Sil, and published by Umá Charan Banerji.
1330	Bimalá. (A name) ...	ditto...	Bechárám Bose	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Sámya Press, 6 College Square, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Nibáran Chandra Ghosh.
1331	Krishna Kánter Will. Krishna Kánta's Testament.	ditto...	Bankim Chandra Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 5, Pratáp Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadunáth Sil, and published by Umácharan Banerji.
1332	Upanyás Málá. A Garland of Tales.	ditto...	Satya Charan Mitra.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 17, Srináth Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Amritalál Ghosh.
1333	Shaibyá. (A name) ...	ditto...	Sharat Chandra Dhar.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 23, Madan Mitra's Lane, Calcutta	Printed by Gopál Chandra Ghosh, and published by Pulin Vihárí Dhar.
1334	Kankávati. (A name)...	ditto ...	T. N. Mukharji	ditto ...	Printed and published at 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kebalrám Chatterji.
	HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY).					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1335	Pratham Shikshá Inglander Itihás. History of England for beginners.	ditto ...	Gopál Chandra Chatterji.	History...	Printed and published at 196, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Mahendralál Pátra.
1336	Purávrittasár. Manual of Ancient History. Part I.	ditto ...	Bhudeb Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Budhodaya Press, Hooghly.	Printed and published by Kāshintāh Bhattácháryya.
1337	Bhúgol Prabesha. An introduction to Geography.	ditto ...	Mohiní Mohan Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál and Co.
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1338	Shikshápath. The Way to instruction.	ditto ...	Gopál Chandra Chakravartí.	Language	Printed and published at the Sirajganj Aryya Press.	Printed by T. C. Bisvás, and published by Gopál Chandra Chakravartí.
1339	Chárngáthá Prakáshiká. A key to Chárugáthá.	ditto ...	Nakul Chandra Náth.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Básanti Press, Mymensingh.	Printed and published by Jáláluddin Ahmad.
1340	Bodhodaya Bodhini. A key to Bodhodaya.	ditto ...	Pramathanáth Majumdár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Saidábad, Berhampore.	Printed by Bishvambhar Dás, and published by Nitái Chandra Dás Ghosh.
1341	Barna Páthа. An Alphabetical Primer. Part I.	ditto ...	Kálí Prasanna Ghosh.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed by Wahed Baksh, and published by Hara Kumár Basu.
1342	Pratham Shikshá, An Alphabetical Primer.	ditto ...	Rájendra Kumár Guha.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Wahed Baksh, and published by Surendra Kumár Guha.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Oct. 29th	60	12mo dy	1st ...	3,000	Printed	0 4 0	Durgá Dás Láhiri, 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	The story of a successful tradesman of Santipur in Bengal, persecuting his chaste and handsome wife in order to please a kept woman.	1327
1893. Jan. 10th	60	12mo ...	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	This woman deserts the trader and joins a party of dissolute characters.	1328
1892. Nov. 21st	228	12mo dy	5th ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	Bankim Chandra Chatterji, 5, Pratáp Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	A revised edition	1329
„ 15th	87	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Becharám Bose, Jalpaiguri.	Intended as a present on the the Brahmo Anniversary day. The story is one of love and adventures of Bimalá and her husband who devote their life in doing good to others.	1330
„ 30th	196	12mo dy	4th ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	Bankim Chandra Chatterji.	....	1331
Dec. 18th	90	8vo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Satya Charan Mitra, 43-1, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Short tales written in an engaging style, with the object of showing different phases of love.	1332
„ 19th	38	16mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Pulin Bihárí Dhar, 23, Madan Mitra's Lane, Calcutta.	A well-known Pauranic story.	1333
1892. Nov. 14th	301	16mo R. S.	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	T. N. Mukharji, 12, Patuatola Lane, Calcutta.	A story of love in which has been engrafted the Bengali nursery tale of Kankávati. The work is intended for the young who are sure to appreciate it very heartily.	1334
Jan. 10th	108	16mo D. F. C.	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Gopál Chandra Chatterji.	A school-book	1335
...	155	12mo dy	11th	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Bhudeb Mukharji, Chinsura.	....	1336
Dec. 16th	45	12mo dy	4th ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	M. M. Basu, Malda.	An improved edition ...	1337
Feb. 7th	14	12mo ...	1st ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	An Alphabetical Primer ...	1338
Jan. 28th	10	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	....	1339
„ 26th	22	8vo dy	1st ...	500	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	....	1340
„ 25th	48	12mo dy	1st ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	....	1341
Feb. 10th	24	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	......	....	1342

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	LANGUAGE—contd.					
1343	Padya Laharí Bodhiní. A Key to Padya Lahari.	Bengali	Mati Lál Chakravartí.	Language	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed by Wahed Baksh, and published by Jogesh Chandra Chakravartí.
1344	Hitopadesh Bodhiní. A Key to Hitopadesha.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Wahed Baksh, and published by Jogendra Mohan Datta.
1345	Aryya Shikshá Bodhiní. A Key to Aryya Shikshá.	ditto ...	Pandit Baikuntha Chandra Náth.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Syamantak Press, Dacca.	Printed by Gopínáth Basák, and published by Jánakináth Náth.
1346	Shikshá Sopán Prabodhiní. A Key to Shikshá Sopán.	ditto ...	Rajani Kánta Sarkár.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Gopínáth Basák, and published by Rajani Kánta Sarkár.
1347	Saral Varna Shikshá. Easy Alphabetical Instruction.	ditto ...	Bijaya Chandra Ghosh.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Gopínáth Basák, and published by Bijaya Chandra Ghosh.
1348	Aryya Shikshá Viveka. A key to the Aryya Shikshá.	ditto ...	Rámeshvar Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goábágán Street, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Táriní Charan Ash, and published by Pánde Brothers.
1349	Sávitrí Charita. An account of Sávitri.	ditto ...	Matilál Datta	ditto ...	Printed and published at 4, Hemchandra Kar's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by P. C. Ráy.
1350	Kusumánjali Darpan. The Mirror of Kavitá Kusumánjali.	ditto ...	Bámá Charan Datta.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed and published by Pulin Chandra Ráya.
1351	Shishu Shikshá. Infant instructor. Part I.	ditto ...	Madan Mohan Tarkálankár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 64-2-1, Grey Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Girish Chandra Ghosh, and published by Surendranáth Banerji.
1352	Ditto ditto. Part II.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1353	Sáhitya Prasanga Dídhiti. A key to Sáhitya Prasanga.	ditto ...	Akshay Kumár Vidyávinod.	ditto ...	Printed at 203-2, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by P. C. Shábá, and published by B. Banerji & Co.
1354	Sachitra Barnaparichaya. The Alphabet with illustrations.	ditto ...	Rámánanda Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 211, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kártik Chandra Datta, and published by B. Banerji & Co.
1355	Bodhodayaprakásh. A key to Bodhodaya.	ditto ...	Harilál Sáhá	ditto ...	Printed and published at 29, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhiri and Mitra, and published by Harilál Sáhá.
1356	Padyalaharívivriti. A key to Padyalaharí.	ditto ...	Balarám Chandra Kar.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Dacca Girish Press.	Printed and published by Wahed Baks.
1357	Suníti Sandarbha-Bodhiní. A key to Suníti Sandarbha.	ditto ...	Matilál Chakravarti.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Oriental Press, Dacca.	Printed by Rám Chandra Banik, and published by Jogesh Chandra Chakravartí.
1358	Bodhodayaprakásh. A key to Bodhodaya.	ditto ...	Rup Chandra Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Syamantaka Press, Dacca.	Printed by Rup Chandra Chakravartí, and published by Gopínáth Basák.
1359	Bodhodaya Byakhya. A key to Bodhodaya.	ditto ...	Rám Chandra Chakravartí	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bakulbágán 1st Lane, Bhawanipur.	Printed and published by Hárán Chandra Basu.
1360	Bháshá Shikshá. Training in language.	ditto ...	Jugal Chandra Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by L. M. Dás.
1361	Ratnasára. Substance of jewels. Part I.	ditto ...	Kámákhyá Charan Ghosh.	ditto	Printed and published at 17, Shrináth Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Amritalál Ghosh.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy-right, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 10th	190	12mo dy	3rd ...	1,000	Printed	0 12 0	......	....	1343
" 1st	76	12mo dy	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	....	1344
" 20th	120	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	......	....	1345
" 15th	24	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	....	1346
" 15th	12	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	....	1347
Jan. 25th	240	12mo dy	1st...	1,250	ditto ...	0 12 0	Rámeshvar Banerji, Calcutta.	A key	1348
Feb. 6th	105	12mo dy	Revised.	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Matilál Datta, Párbaticharan Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Based on the story of Sávitrí, as given in the Banaparba of the Mahábhárata.	1349
Dec. 19th	128	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Pulin Chandra Ráy, 4, Hemchandra Kar's Lane, Calcutta.	A key	1350
" 21st	36	12mo dy	57th	4,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	S. N. Banerji and Brothers, 54-2-1, Grey Street, Calcutta.	A school book	1351
" 18th	24	12mo dy	89th	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Surendra Náth Banerji, 54-2—Grey Street, Calcutta.	ditto	1352
" 25th	228	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Akshay Charan Pál, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	A key	1353
Jan. 10th	60	16mo D. F. C.	3rd...	5,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	The Author, 28—1, Jhámárpukur Lane, Calcutta.	A school book	1354
Nov. 28th	64	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	A key	1355
Dec. 26th	158	12mo...	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	......	ditto	1356
" 15th	132	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	......	ditto	1357
Jan. 2nd	70	12mo dy	2nd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	......	ditto	1358
Dec. 8th	41	12mo rl	1st...	1,400	ditto ...	0 2 0	Rám Chandra Chakravartí, Malda.	ditto	1359
Jan. 20th	213	12mo dy	4th...	3,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Jugal Chandra Ráy, Munshiganj.	An improved edition ...	1360
" 1st	96	12mo dy	7th...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Kámákhyá Charan Ghosh, Lál Bihárí Thákur's Lane, Calcutta.	ditto	1361

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the First

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	LANGUAGE—*contd.*					
1362	Bengali Selections. Approved by the Syndicate of the Calcutta University for the Entrance Examination, 1895.	Bengali	Bankim Chandra Chatterji.	Language	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at Government Place, Calcutta.	Printed by J. W. Thomas, and published by Thacker Spink & Co.
1363	Pada Bodha Vyákarana. A Bengali Grammar.	ditto ...	Rámchandra Vidyáratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 56, Amherst Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashibhúshan Bhattácháryya, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1364	Shishu Barna Shikshá. An Alphabetical Primer for infants.	ditto ...	Rám Gopál Pandit.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 17, Srínáth Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Amritalál Ghosh, and published by B. K. Dás and Co.
1365	Bodhodaya Bodhiní. A key to Bodhodaya	ditto ...	Táriní Kánta Dás.	ditto ...	Printed at 17, Srínáth Das's Lane, and published at Farashganj.	Printed by Amritalál Ghosh, and published by Táriní Kánta Dás.
1366	Kavitá Kaumudí Bodhiní. A key to Kavita Kaumudí.	ditto ...	Rámacharan Pál.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Dacca Girish Press.	Printed and published by Munshi Wahed Bux.
1367	Sahajabodh Vyákarana. An easy Grammar.	ditto ...	Prasanna Kumár Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Ashutosh Press, Dacca.	Printed by Lachman Basák, and published by Upendra Lál Basu.
1368	Barna Shikshá. An Alphatical Primer.	ditto ...	Prasanna Kumár Sen.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Sinha Press, Kumilla.	Printed and published by Gopál Chandra Dás.
1369	Nava Barna Parichaya. A new Alphabetical Primer.	ditto ...	Rahim Uddin Sarkár.	ditto ...	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Bagura.	Printed by Sánnyál and Co., and published by the author.
1370	Barna Shikshá. Knowledge of letters.	ditto ...	Banamáli Ráy	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Sirajganj Aryya Press.	Printed by Táriní Charan Bisvás and published by Banamáli Ráy.
1371	Nítihár. Necklace of morals.	ditto ...	Rajani Kánta Gupta.	ditto ...	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sánnyál and Co., and published by Gurudás Chatterji.
1372	Shishu Mahábhárata. Mahábhárata for Boys	ditto ...	Tinkari Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadunáth Sil, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1373	Bodhodaya Dípiká. A key to Bodhodaya.	ditto ...	Viláyat Uddin.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Ashutosh Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Lachhman Basák.
1374	Kavitá Kaumudí Bodhiní. A key to Kavitá Kaumudí.	ditto ...	Atul Chandra Chakravartí.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Lachhman Basák, and published by Jogesh Chandra Chakravartí.
1375	Aryapátha Bodhiní. A key to Aryapáth.	ditto ...	Baikuntha Chandra Náth.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Lachhman Basák, and published by Kunjavihári Náth.
1376	Bodhodaya Bodhiká. A key to Bodhodaya.	ditto ...	Súryya Kumár Datta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 163, Masjidbari Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Harilál Sen, and published by the author.
1377	Bodhodaya Bodhiká. A key to Bodhodaya.	ditto ...	Sharat Kumár Sen.	ditto ...	Printed at 163, Musjidbari Street, and published at 112, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Harilál Sen, and published by the author.
1378	Kavitá Kusumánjali Dvitíya Bhágar Artha Pustak. A key to Kavitá Kusumánjali. Part II.	ditto ...	Sharat Chandra Dás.	ditto ...	Printed at 33, Ratan Sarkár's Garden Street, and published at 112, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Haridás Ghosh, and published by S. K. De.
1379	Sachitra Pratham Shikshá. The illustrated First Reading Book.	ditto ...	Nibáran Chandra Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 3 and 4, G. M. Mukharji's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Umesh Charan Nág, and published by Basanta Kumár Ráy Chaudhuri.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Jan. 17th	136	8vo dy	1st...	2,500	Printed	......	......	....	1362
Dec. 29th	46	12mo ...	4th ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Pandit Rám Chandra Vidyáratna, Nawabgunj.	A revised edition	1363
Jan. 16th	17	12mo dy	Revised.	2,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	Rám Gopál Pandit, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	ditto	1364
" 6th	56	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Táriní Kánta Dás, Farashganj.	ditto	1365
Jan. 17th	66	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	A Key	1366
" 12th	42	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	A Bengali grammar in the old fashion.	1367
" 15th	24	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	......	An Alphabetical Primer ...	1368
" 18th	34	12mo dy	1st ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Rahim Uddin Sarkár, Bagura.	An Alphabetical Primer ...	1369
Mar. 7th	8	12mo...	4th...	3,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	......	ditto ...	1370
Jan. 5th	44	12mo dy	8th...	5,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Rajaní Kánta Gupta, Akhil Mistri's Lane, Calcutta.	A Moral Text Book ...	1371
Dec. 31st	115	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Tinkari Banerji, Gondalpara.	ditto ...	1372
Jan. 12th	41	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	A Key	1373
" 27th	48	12mo dy	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	ditto	1374
" 27th	120	12mo	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	......	ditto	1375
" 30th	83	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Súryya Kumár Datta, 163, Musjidbári Street, Calcutta.	ditto	1376
Feb. 16th	70	12mo rl	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Sharat Kumár Sen, 89, Ahiritola Street, Calcutta.	A Key	1377
Nov. 12th	95	12mo dy	2nd	2,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Shántirám De, 32, Ratan Sarkár's Garden Street, Calcutta.	ditto	1378
Jan. 17th	64	12mo dy	1st...	1,600	ditto ...	0 1 0	Nibáran Chandra Banerji, 14, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	An Alphabetical Primer ...	1379

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						BENGALI
	LANGUAGE—*continued.*					
1380	Byákarana Manjúshá. A Bengali Grammar.	Bengali	Umesh Chandra Gupta.	Language	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Mymensingh.	Printed by Sánnyál and Co., and published by Shrínáth Bhattácháryya.
1381	Kathá Laharí. Waves of stories.	ditto ...	Chandrodaya Vidyávinod.	ditto ...	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, and published at 58, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál and Co.
1382	Arya Páth. The Aryan Reader.	ditto ...	Bíreshvar Pánde.	ditto ...	Printed at 56, Amherst Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street.	Printed by S. B. Bhattácharya, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository, Calcutta.
1383	Sachitra Barna Parichaya. Illustrated Alphabetical Primer. Part II.	ditto ...	Rámánanda Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. C. Datta.
1384	Bángálá Vyákaran O Rachaná-paddhati. The Bengali Grammar and Composition.	ditto ...	Krishna Kishor Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 44, Amherst Street, and published at 148, Báránasí Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bihárilál Banerji, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1385	Saral Vyákarana. Easy Grammar.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1386	Sushikshá. Good Education.	ditto ...	Rádhágovinda Gánguli.	ditto ...	Printed at 44, Amherst Street, and published at 97, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bihárilál Banerji, and published by the New Popular Library.
1387	Hitapátha. A Beneficial Reader.	ditto ...	Bipin Bihárí Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 2, Goábágán Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Táriní Charan Ash, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.
1388	Kavitámálá viveka. A key to Kavitámálá. Part II.	ditto ...	Rámeshvar Banerji.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Táriní Charan Ash, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1389	Kavitápáth Bistrita Vyákhyá. A key to Kavitá Páth.	ditto ...	Rádhágovinda Gánguli.	ditto ...	Printed at 44, Amherst Street, and published at 54-2, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bihárilál Banerji, and published by Amulyaratan Kundu Brothers.
	MEDICINE.					
1390	Jananendriya—Chikitsá. The Treatment of the diseases of the genital organs.	ditto ...	Jogendranáth Ráy and Manmatha Náth Sen Gupta.	Medicine E.	Printed at 80, Muktárám Babu's Street, and published at 144, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Ráy, and published by Maitra Brothers.
1391	Homiopathik Chikitsá Parichaya. An Introduction to the Homœopathic system of medicine.	ditto ...	Dr. Haridás Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Serampore.	Printed by Siddheshvar Bhattácháryya, and published by Haridás Chakravartí.
1392	Sadrisha Chikitsá Parichaya. An Introduction to Similia Similibus Curantur system of medicine.	ditto ...	Bihárilál Ghosh.	ditto ...	Printed at 39, Simla Street, and published at 131 Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendranáth De, and published by Ghosh and Co.
1393	Abyartha Mushti Yoga. The unfailing remedies for various diseases.	ditto ...	Jagadbandhu Sen Gupta.	ditto N ...	Printed and published at 133, Musjidbari Street, Calcutta.	Printed by J. N Chakravartí, and published by Prasád Kumár Mukharji.
1394	Bisuchiká Chikitsá Sára. The substance of the treatment of cholera.	ditto...	Sáradáprasád Chakravartí.	ditto E ...	Printed at 21, Bowbazar Street, and published at 12, Lal Bazar.	Printed by G. P. Ráy and Co. and published by Berigny and Co.
1395	Oláuthá Chikitsá. The treatment of cholera.	ditto...	Pyári Shankar Dás Gupta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bagura Ráy Press.	Printed and published by Devendra Náth Ghosh.
1396	Dhátri Vidyá. The science and practice of Midwifery.	ditto...	Kshirodá Prasád Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 155, Balarám De's Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Hem Chandra Har.
1397	Kanyá Ebam Putrotpádiká Shaktir Mánavechchhádhínatá. Controlling Sex in Generation.	ditto...	Ramánáth Mitra.	ditto ...	Printed at the Kohinur Press, and published at 196, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendralál Pátra, and published by Nandalál Dás.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Nov. 24th	204	8vo crown.	11th	3,000	Printed	0 10 0	Shrínáth Bhattácháryya, Mymensingh.	An improved edition ..	1380
,, 24th	68	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Chandrodaya Vidyávinod.	The stories have been taken from the *Kathá Sarit Ságara.*	1381
Dec. 15th	130	12mo...	6th...	3,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Bíreshvar Pánde, 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	A school book revised and improved.	1382
Nov. 25th	64	16mo dy	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	R. M. Chatterji, 27, Jhámápukur Lane.	An Alphabetical Primer ...	1383
,, 30th	292	12mo...	9th...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Haricharan Banerji, Kalna, Burdwan.	An approved school book revised and enlarged.	1384
Dec. 14th	56	12mo dy	13th	3,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	1385
,, 15th	60	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Rádhágovinda Gánguli, Sankar Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	A mixed reader in prose and poetry, designed to be a moral text-book.	1386
,, 15th	116	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Bipin Bihárí Ráy.	Designed to be a moral reader in prose.	1387
,, 12th	103	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Rámeshvar Banerji.	A key	1388
,, 20th	78	12mo F.C.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Rádhágovinda Gánguli, Sankar Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Ditto	1389
,, 24th	152	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Jogendranáth Ráy, &c., &c., Burdwan.	....	1390
Feb. 26th	347	12mo...	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	Haridás Chakravartí, Serampore.	An improved edition ...	1391
Jan. 1st	20	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Ghosh & Co., 131, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	An easy introduction to Homœopathic System of Medicine.	1392
Nov. 21st	164	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Prasád Kumár Mukharji, 13, Jorábágán Street, Calcutta.	One great merit of these prescriptions is that the drugs are easily procurable in India.	1393
Nov. 20th	76	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Sáradáprasád Chakravartí, 12 Lal Bazar, Calcutta.	Homœopathic treatment of cholera.	1394
Jan. 11th	16	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	According to the Homœopathic system of medicine.	1395
Dec. 21st	848	8vo dy	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Kshirodáprasád Chatterji, L.M.S. 152, Balarám De's Street, Calcutta.	A revised and improved edition.	1396
Feb. 20th	172	16mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Ramánáth Mitra, 263, Upper Chitpur Road.	The translation of Samuel H. Terry's work entitled Controlling Sex in Generation. The physical law influencing sex in the embryo of man and brute, and its direction to produce male or female offspring at will, with an appendix of corroborative proof.	1397

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
1398	Mrinmayí. The Earth	Bengali	Govinda Mohan Ráy Vidyávinod Báridhi.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 5, Simla Street, and published at Kánkiná (Rangpur).	Printed by Gopál Chandra Ghoshál, and published by the author.
1399	Pramatta Premik Háfejer Ukti. The Sayings of Hafez, an infatuated lover.	ditto ...	Mashíyatullá	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bogra Chaudhuri Press.	Printed and published by Binod Bihárí Banerji.
1400	Lupta Ratnoddhár. The Recovery of Lost Gems.	ditto ...	Pyárí Chánd Mitra.	ditto ...	Printed at 39 Rámmohan Datta's Lane and published at 63, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by B. M. Basu, and published by Jogesh Chandra Banerji.
1401	Svásthyáchára. Customs conducive to health.	ditto ...	Mahesha Chandra Bháduri.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Tangail Ahamadi Press.	Printed by Sádhu Sarkár, and published by the author.
1402	Bhárjiyá Gymnastic Cláb, Virginia Gymnastic Club.	ditto ...	Amulyadhan Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Sábitri Press Hooghly.	Printed and published by Haridás Pál.
1403	Mesmerisam O Spirichuálisam. Mesmerism and Spiritualism.	ditto ...	Surendra Náth Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 5, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bhujendra Bhúshan Banerji.
1404	Haridás (Sádhu) Haridá's the Mendicant.	ditto ...	Rangalál Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 34-1, Kalutola Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kebal Rám Chatterji.
1405	Gíti Pushpánjali. A handful of the Flowers of Song.	ditto ...	Lalit Mohan Mandal.	ditto ...	Printed at 100/1 Machua Bazar Road, and published at Harrison Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Bishvanáth Nandi, and published by Durgá Charan Ráy.
1406	Pulis O Lokrakshá. Police and Protection.	ditto ...	Rámákshaya Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, and published at 101, Táltola Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by Rámákshaya Chatterji.
1407	Tírtha Darshana. A Visit to places of Pilgrimage.	ditto ...	Baradá Prasád Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 71, Pathuriagháta Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kálíprasanna Basu, and published by Hari Charan Basu.
1408	Tírtha Mukur. The Mirror of Holy Places.	ditto ...	Ishvara Chandra Sharmá Bágchi.	ditto ...	Printed at 3-4, Gaur Mohan Mukharji's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Umá Charan Nág, and published by the author.
1409	Ananda Laharí. Waves of Delight.	ditto ...	Durgá Charan Mazumdár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bogra Ráy Press.	Printed and published by Durgá Charan Mazumdár.
1410	Dainik Abháva. Daily wants.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed and published at 65-2, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by G. C. Chakravartí, and published by the Granthakár Samiti.
1411	Girisha-Granthávalí. Complete works by Babu Girish Chandra Ghosha. Part II.	ditto ...	Girish Chandra Ghosh.	ditto ...	Printed at 101, Musjidbári Street, and published at 13, Bosepárá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Kar, and published by Atul Krishna Ghosh.
1412	Kansa-Rájár Bad Farmás. Curious orders made by Rájá Kansa.	ditto ...	Mákhan Lál Datta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 39, Simla Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendranáth De, and published by Mákhan Lál Datta.
1413	Bíramálá. The Accounts of Great Heroes. Part III.	ditto ...	Jajneshvar Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 189, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Umácharan Chakravartí, and published by Aghor Náth Banerji.
1414	Brihat Samhitá. An Astronomical Work. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Panchánan Tarkaratna.	ditto ...	Printed and published 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kebalrám Chatterji.

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy right, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
May 28th	156	12mo dy	2nd...	500	Printed	1 0 0	Govinda Mohan Ráy Vidyávinod Báridhi.	This edition contains some additional information on Hindu Astronomy and ancient Geography drawn from Vedic Literature.	1398
July 6th	36	12mo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	......	Bengali translation of the sayings of Háfez.	1399
Dec. 30th	71½	8vo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto...	3 0 0	Chuni Lál Mitra and brothers, 5, Jadunáth Sinha's Lane, Calcutta.	Complete works of the late Babu Pyárí Chánd Mitra, who wrote his works under the *nom de plume* of Tek Chánd Thákur.	1400
Jan. 30th	40	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Mahesha Chandra Bháduri Nandir Betka, Tangail.	Gives instruction for the preservation of health at different seasons of the year, and under different circumstances in life.	1401
Mar. 29th	6	12mo dy	Nil...	100	ditto...	Nil.	Virginia Gymnastic Club, Hooghly Emám Bazar.	The Club mourns the death of Babu Govinda Lál Chaudhuri, one of its patrons.	1402
Jan. 1st	36	12mo dy	1st...	200	ditto ...	0 4 0	Surendra Mohan Chatterji, Barasat, 24-Parganas.	Gives the process of mesmerising any person.	1403
Dec. 30th	165	12mo dy	3rd...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	N. C. Bose 34-1 Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	An enlarged edition of the account of a *jogi*, whom Ranjit Sing, the king of the Panjab, kept forty days buried under the earth, in order to test the truth of his possessing occult powers.	1404
„ 27th	21	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Lalit Mohan Mandal, Bewali, 24-Parganas.	A collection of songs on religious and devotional subjects.	1405
„ 22nd	162	......	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Rámákshaya Chatterji, 101, Táltalá Lane, Calcutta.	Reprinted from the *Nabyabhárat*. The work gives the history of the Police work in Bengal from the early years of English rule and makes some practical suggestions for the better administration of the department.	1406
Nov. 10th	128	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	HaricharanBasu, 71, Páthuriaghátá Street, Calcutta.	Contains descriptions of the following places of pilgrimage in Southern India, viz., Bangalore, Mysore Seringapatam, Tirupati, Bellore, Birinchipore, Palicotta, Tiruvilvam, Arukadu, Sholingan, Tirutane Kalahasti and Náráyanavanam.	1407
Jan. 27th	73	16mo cr	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Ishvar Chandra Bágchi.	An account of the various places of pilgrimage of the Hindus with their *pauranic* legends, in regard to sacredness or sanctity.	1408
„ 11th	16	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ..	0 2 0	......	A collection of Songs, mostly on religious subjects.	1409
„ 27th	205	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	M. N. Datta, 65-2, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	A Dictionary of daily wants.	1410
Feb. 1st	453	8vo rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	4 0 0	Atul Krishna Ghosh, 13, Bosepárá Lane, Calcutta.	The works of the play-wright Babu Girish Chandra Ghosh are well known.	1411
Nov. 29th	34	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Mákhan Lál Datta, Shergar Harisabhá.	Some riddles for solution.	1412
Jan. 1st	64	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto...	0 6 0	Jajneshvar Banerji, 1-1, Srínáth Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Gives the story of Ráma ...	1413
Dec. 25th	201	12mo rl	1st...	1,200	ditto ...	1 0 0	N. C. Bose, 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	A Bengali translation of Baráha Mihira's celebrated Astronomical work.	1414

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	MISCELLANEOUS—*concld.*					
1415	Paríkshá Dán Shikshá. How to pass an Examination?	Bengali	Domandás Chandra.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 2, Goábágán Street, and published at 10, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Táriní Charan Ash, and published by the School Book Depository.
1416	Prem Shakti Sangíta. Songs on the influence of Love.	ditto ...	Tinkari Smriti-ratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 72, Kálíprasád Datta's Street, and published at 98-1, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Láhá Brothers.
1417	Vishva Kosha. The Universal Encyclopedia. Vol. IV. No. 5.	ditto ...	Nagendra Náth Basu.	ditto ...	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane and published at 14, Telipárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by U. C. Basu & Co., and published by Nagendra Náth Basu.
1418	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. Nos. 6 to 8 (together.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1419	Gítaratnávalí. A Collection of the Gems of Songs. Part III.	ditto ...	Chiranjíva Sharmá.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 2, Goábágán Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Táriní Charan Ash.
1420	Alekhya. A Picture ...	ditto ...	Sitánáth Nandi	ditto ...	Printed and published at 3-4, G. M. Mukharji's Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Umesh Chandra Nág.
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
1421	Jamidárí O Mahájaní. Zamindari and Mahajani Accounts.	ditto ...	Baradá Kánta Guha.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26 Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sányál & Co.
	POETRY.					
1422	Bishád Svapan. A melancholy Dream.	ditto ...	Annadáprasád Dás.	Poetry ...	Printed at 11, Kalutolá Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by K. P. Datta, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.
1423	Paush Náráyaní Snán. Bathing in the months of December and January.	ditto ...	Binod Bihárí Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bogra Chaudhuri Press.	Printed and published by Binod Bihárí Banerji.
1424	Bhakti. Devotion ...	ditto ...	Shashadhar Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Mymensingh, Basanti Press.	Printed and published by Jálál Uddin Ahmed.
1425	Mahesha-Máhátmya. The greatness of Mahámahopádhyáya Mahesha Chandra Nyáyaratna, C.I.E.	ditto ...	Gosáin Dás Sarkár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 24, Girish Vidyáratna's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashibhúshan Bhattácháryya, and published by the author.
1426	Tatiní. The River ...	ditto ...	Mrs. Pramilá Nág.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 196, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Mahendra Lál Pátra.
1427	Jogánkur. The sprouts of Yoga. Part I.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed at 39, Simlá Street, and published at Andul.	Printed by Máhendranáth De, and published by Surendra Charan De.

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOK—continued.									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Jan. 28th	106	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	Domandás Chandra.	Practical hints for passing Examinations.	1415
Nov. 16th	96	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Tinkari Smritiratna, Shibpur.	Love songs not of a very delicate nature.	1416
Dec. 20th	32	4mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	From *Káshmíra* to *Kíta* ...	1417
Jan. 18th	96	4mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	From *Kíta* to *Kumuda* ...	1418
Dec. 10th	116	16mo df	1st...	700	ditto .	0 4 0	Chiranjív Sharmá.	There are altogether 151 songs on religious and devotional subjects.	1419
" 14th	172	16mo rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	Sítánáth Nandi, 3-2, G. M. Mukharji's Street, Calcutta.	Miscellaneous essays on a variety of subjects in beautiful Bengali and delightful style.	1420
Jan. 24th	81	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Baradá Kánta Guha, Mymensingh.	A school-book	1421
Dec. 19th	42	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 3 0	A. P. Dás, Howrah.	The author was reading the Rámáyan and he fell in a dream. The visions of Sítá, Sanjuktá, Krishna-Kumári, Vishnupriyá, Padminí and Sávitrí came before him, told the story of their woe and vanished away.	1422
Dec. 19th	19	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	Bathing at Mahásthán on the Karatoyá in the district of Bagura, on the new moon in the month of Paus, is regarded as very meritorious. Parashurám is said to have quarrelled with Shiva, and to have resolved to erect a place as holy as Benares on the Karatoyá.	1423
Feb. 20th	6	12mo rl	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 1 0	......	On devotion to parents ...	1424
Jan. 24th	12	12mo dy	1st...	100	ditto ...	Nil	Gosáin Dás Sarkár, Ilsobá Mandalái, Hooghly.	A eulogy of the Mahámahopádhyáya, in which the suavity of his manners, sweetness of his conversation, magnanimity of his heart, his learning, his fame, and his good deeds are very deservedly extolled.	1425
Feb. 15th	155	16mo D. C.	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	Pramilá Nág, 4, Theatre Road, Calcutta.	Short pieces on a variety of subjects mostly on love, the delicate touches of which are sure to make the work appreciated.	1426
Nov. 16th	54	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Surendra Charan Mitra, Andul.	The story of Keshab and his yearnings for spiritual excellence. He leaves the world, but the entreaties of his mother bring him home again and he marries. But he renounces the world again and becomes a *Sannyási*.	1427

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the First

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	POETRY—*concld.*					
1428	Dípti. Brilliancy ...	Bengali	Jogendranáth Sarkár.	Poetry ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kártik Chandra Datta.
1429	Kavitá Kusum. Flower of Poetry.	ditto ...	Anukul Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Kandi.	Printed and published by Shaikh Ijyat Achár.
1430	Akásh Kusum Kávya. A Poem on the Airy Flower.	ditto ...	Navín Chandra Dás.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 29, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhiri and Mitra, and published by S. K. Láhiri and Co.
1431	Bhábuker Bályakál. The youth of a Thinker.	ditto ...	Devendranáth Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 39, Simla Street, and published at 8-1, Darpanáráyan Tagore's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by M. N. De, and published by D. N. Chatterji.
1432	Yuga Pujá. Worship at Different Periods of World's Progress.	ditto ...	Bijay Chandra Mazumdár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kártik Chandra Datta.
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1433	Bálaka Kavitá. Infant Verses.	ditto ...	Prasanna Kumár Ráy.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed and published by K. C. Datta.
1434	Upadesa Málá. A Garland of Advice.	ditto ...	Shrísh Govinda Sen.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by L. M. Dás.
1435	Shishutosh. The Delight of Boys.	ditto ...	Chandrakánta Vidyáratna.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Chandra Sekhar Press, Chittagong.	Printed and published by Jagat Chandra Dás.
1436	Prítihár. The Necklace of Love.	ditto ...	Hema Chandra Ghosh.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál and Co.
1437	Hitábalí. A collection of Good Advice.	ditto ...	Prasanna Chandra Guha.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	RELIGION.					
1438	Shrí Rúpa Goshvámír Shikshátatwa. The Substance of the Teachings of Rúpa Goshvámí.	ditto ...	......	Religion H.	Printed at 61, Ahiritolá Street, and published at Malda.	Printed by Haridás De, and published by Háradhan Dás.
1439	Hátpattaner Tiká O Prárthanár Shabda Artha Tiká. Commentaries on two well-known Vaishnava treatises by Narottama Dás.	ditto ...	Hásyabadan Gosvámí.	ditto ...	Printed at 5, Siddheshvar Chandra's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Giripore, 24-Parganas.	Printed by Kishorímohan Chakravarti and published by Pyárí Mohan Dás.
1440	Satyanáráyan. The name of a Popular Deity.	ditto ...	Rámlál Dhar	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Jessor Dan Press.	Printed by Kshetra Gopál Sinha and published by Rámlál Dhar.
1441	Brahma Sangíta. The Brahmo Songs.	ditto ...	Adináth Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kártik Chandra Datta.
1442	Brahma Sádhan. The Attainment of Brahma.	ditto ...	Kálínáth Datta	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by L. M. Dás.

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—continued.

8 Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	9 Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	10 Size.	11 First, second, or other edition.	12 Number of copies of which the edition consists.	13 Printed or litho-graphed.	14 Price at which the book is sold to the public.	15 Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	16 Remarks.	17 Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Jan. 20th	48	16mo D. C.	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 2 0	Jogendra Náth Sarkár, 217, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Short pieces on a variety of subjects.	1428
Mar. 6th	72	16mo...	1st...	200	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	Short pieces on a variety of subjects written by the Author when a boy.	1429
Feb. 10th	55	8vo. dy	2nd	1,000	ditto ...	......	......	A revised edition	1430
Nov. 20th	48	12mo dy	1st .	1,000	ditto ...	Nil.	Devendra Náth Chatterji, 8-1, Darpanáráyan Tagore's Street, Calcutta.	Simple verses in easy and flowing language embodying the happiness and misery, hopes and aspirations of youth.	1431
Jan. 15th	52	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	The Author ...	Gives in short, sweet, and beautiful poetical pieces the development of transcendental ideas in the human mind. The writer begins with savages and ends with the most advanced nations. He begins with the worship of spirits of the departed worthies, and ends with that of Brahma of the Brahmoes. The non-dual system and the system of worshiping the infinite he brings in just before the conception of Brahma.	1432
„ 20th	34	12mo dy	6th...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	The Author, Noakhali.	A poetical reader revised and improved.	1433
„ 5th	67	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Shrísh Govinda Sen.	A poetical reader	1434
1892. Dec. 30th	32	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Chandra Kánta Vidyáratna.	A poetical reader for boys ...	1435
Jan. 14th	46	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Hemchandra Ghosh, Mymensingh.	A poetical reader in which much valuable instruction has been given in the form of dialogues between mother and child. The love of the mother falls like a necklace on the neck of the child.	1436
Dec. 2nd	60	12 mo dy	4th...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Prasanna Chandra Guha, Kumilla.	A revised edition	1437
„ 25th	22	12mo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Hárádhan Dás, Malda.	The other name of the book is *Mírá Báir Karchá*, or the Diary of Mírá Bái, who was so deep in her devotion to Hari that even Rúpa Gosvámí had to take lessons from her.	1438
Nov. 25th	36	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Hásyavadan Gosvámí, Vishnupur.	The title explains the object of the work.	1439
„ 15th	17	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Rámlál Dhar, Jessore.	The writer follows the story as given in the Rebá Khanda of the Skanda-purána.	1440
Jan. 11th	668	16mo d f	6th...	2,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	Sádháran Brahmo Samáj, 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Contains 899 Brahmo songs ...	1441
„ 12th	124	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Kálináth Datta.	Contains several interesting articles on high religious subjects.	1442

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	RELIGION—*contd.*					
1443	Shrímad Bhágavat. One of the Puránas. Skandha IX. (T.)	Bengali	Bhuban Chandra Basák.	Religion H.	Printed and published at Dum-Dum.	Printed by Benimádhab Basák, and published by Bhuban Chandra Basák.
1444	Márkandeya Purána. One of the Puránas. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Panchánan Tarkaratna, and translated by Bírasinha Shástrí and Dhiránanda Kávyanidhi.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 34/1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kebalrám Chatterji.
1445	Jyotikaná. The particle of ray.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed and published at 6, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed by Nibáran Chandra Ghosh, and published by Navadvípa Chandra Dás.
1446	Keshava Chandra ...	ditto ...	Gaur Govinda Ráy.	ditto B...	Printed and published at 20, Patuatolá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jagabandhu Ghosh.
1447	Amiya Nimái Charita. The Nectarous account of Chaitanya, Part I.	ditto ...	Shishir Kumár Ghosh.	ditto H...	Printed and published at 2, Ananda Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Keshablál Ráy.
1448	Chaitanya Tattvabodhiká. The principles of Chaitanya's Religion.	ditto ...	Hárádhan Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 21, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta, and published at Nadia.	Printed by G. P. Ráy & Co., and published by Rev. Henry Williams' Memorial Committee.
1449	Banshi Shikshá. Instructions to Banshidás.	ditto ...	Premdás Misra.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 61, Ahíritolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Haridás De, and published by Jogendra Náth De.
1450	Ruter Upákhyán. The story of Ruth.	ditto ...	Nepál Chandra Visvás.	ditto ... C.	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 23, Chowringhi, Calcutta.	Printed by J. W. Thomas, and published by Christian Literary Society.
1451	Ister Ránir Upákhyán. The story of Queen Esther.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto. ditto.
1452	Prabhu Jíshu Khrister Jívan Charitra. The Life of Jesus Christ.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto. ditto.
1453	Manushya Janma Durlabha Janma. The preciousness of human life.	ditto ...	C. N. Banerji	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by J. W Thomas, and published by C. T. B. Society.
1454	Khrista Dharmártha Prántyáginí Perpetuár Vrittánta. Perpetua the Christian Martyr.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto. ditto.
1455	Jívan tarí. The Life Boat.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto. ditto.
1456	Khrishtiya Gitánanda. Delightful Christian Songs.	ditto ...	Fakir Rájan Fakir.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 1, Dihi Serampore Road.	Printed and published by A. C. Mukharji.
1457	Prabhu Jishu Khrister Jívan Charit. An account of Christ's life.	ditto ..	Rev. A. Jewson.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by J. W. Thomas.
1458	Satik Bhávabádí Grantha. The Prophets, annotated in Bengali. (T.)	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 23, Chauringhi Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by Calcutta Tract and Book Society.

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 15th	69	8vo dy	1st...	300	Printed	0 6 0	......	A Bengali translation ...	1443
Jan. 28th	202	8vo sr	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	N. C. Bose, 34/1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	ditto	1444
Feb. 2nd	22	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 1 0	Shrímatí Lílábatí Mitra, 6, College Street, Calcutta.	Short essays in simple Bengali on high topics of religion and morality, such as the efficacy of prayer, real marriage, self examination, &c.	1445
" 7th	28	12mo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 2 0	Brahmo Mission Office, 20, Patuatolá Lane, Calcutta.	Gives a clear, lucid and brief account of the religious tenets of the great leaders of the Brahmo Somaj, namely, Rájá Rámmohan Ráy, Babu Devendra Náth Tagore, and Babu Keshab Chandra Sen. Keshab Chandra united in a harmonious whole, the catholicity of Rámmohan and the particularity of Devendra Náth.	1446
Dec. 1st	...	8vo dy	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	1 8 0	Matilál Ghosh, 2, Ananda Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	An account of Chaitanya's life from his early childhood to the time of the conversion of Jagái and Mádhái. The materials have been collected from many ancient works, but chiefly from that by Balarám Dás, a disciple of Narottam Dás. The author thinks that he is the same person as Balarám Dás. Balarám seems to have utilized much of the diary by Murári Gupta, one of the first disciples of Chaitanya. That diary is now lost.	1447
Jan. 4th	77	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	This is a prize essay in memory of the late Rev. Henry Williams. The work treats of the life and preachings of Chaitanya, and ends with a declaration that christianity is the only true religion.	1448
Jan. 5th	243	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Jogendranáth De, 61, Ahiritolá Street, Calcutta.	The flute of Krishna was born as Banshibadan Chatta of Kulia in 1494 A.D. as an associate of Chaitanya. After his death he was born as Rám Chandra, the founder of village Bágnápárá.	1449
1892. Nov. 11th	4	4to dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	......	......	A well-known Biblical story beautifully illustrated.	1450
" 11th	4	4to dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	......	......	....	1451
Oct. 19th	4	4to dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	......	......	....	1452
Nov. 9th	4	16mo dc	1st...	15,000	ditto ...	......	......	Man has been created for the glorification of God, and the man who does not follow this principle is a bad man.	1453
" 9th	4	16mo dc	1st...	15,000	ditto ...	......	......	The story of the martyrdom of Perpetua in the second century A.D.	1454
" 9th	4	16mo dc	1st...	15,000	ditto ...	......	......	Jesus is the life-boat, and any one can save his life by taking shelter with him.	1455
Jan. 23rd	94	32mo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Fakir Rájan Fakir, Hatibágán, Entally.	A collection of Christian songs in Bengali.	1456
" 4th	26	8vo rl	1st...	2,200	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	The first thirteen lessons from the birth of Christ to the Sermon on the mount.	1457
" 7th	96	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	......	Twelve minor prophets Hosea to Malachi.	1458

1	2	3	4	5	6	
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	RELIGION—concld.					
1459	Prânrakshârthe Palâyan Kara. Escape for thy life.	Bengali	C. N. Banerji	Religion C.	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 23, Chauringhi Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the Calcutta Tract and Book Society.
1460	Jisur' Prem. The love of Jesus.	ditto ...	Miss Saker ...	ditto ...	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by J. W. Thomas.
1461	Shánti. Peace. ...	ditto ...	Rev. C. N. Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 23, Chowringhi Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev J. W Thomas, and published by the Calcutta Tract and Book Society.
1462	Tomár Pratikriti. Your Likeness.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1463	Akarmanya Kúp. The Useless Well.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1464	Bibeka. Conscience ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1465	Khristíya Jubati Samiti. The Association of Christian ladies.	ditto ...	Rev. G. H. Parson.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 33, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by J. W. Thomas, and published by the editor.
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL)					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1466	Sulabh Shishu Dhárápát. Easy arithmetical tables for infants.	ditto ...	Ramgopál Pandit.	Science (mathematical.)	Printed and published at 17, Srináth Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Amritalál Ghosh, and published by B. K. Dás and Co.
1467	Shubhankarí Shikshá. A treatise on indigenous arithmetic.	ditto ...	Matilál Datta	ditto ...	Printed at 39, Simla Street, and published at 39, Jeliatolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendranáth De, and published by Matilál Datta.
1468	Shaubhankarí Samádhán. Solutions of sums worked out under the system of Shubhankar.	ditto ...	Mahima Chandra Sen.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Syamantaka Press, Dacca.	Printed by Gopináth Basák, and published by Kálíprasanna Ghosál.
1469	Pátiganit. Arithmetic	ditto ...	Tárini Kánta Mazumdár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. C. Datta.
1470	Páthshálá Parimiti. Mensuration for schools.	ditto ...	Hariprasanna Maitra.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 102, Radha Bazar, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sharatchandra Basák and Co.
1471	Sahaja Parimiti. Easy mensuration.	ditto ...	Baradá Kánta Guha.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál and Co.
1472	Jyámiti Prabesha. An Introduction to Geometry, Book I.	ditto ...	Shrínáth Bhattácháryya.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1473	Páthshálá Shubhankari. Indigenous Arithmetic for Primary Schools.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Mymensingh.	Printed by Sánnyál and Co., and published by Bhárat Chandra Sarkár
1474	Anka Shikshá. Introduction to Arithmetic.	ditto ...	Mathurá Náth Guha.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kártik Chandra Datta, and published by Mathuránáth Guha.
1475	Pátiganit. Arithmetic	ditto ...	Prasanna Kumár Sarvádhikárí.	ditto ...	Printed at 203-2, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street.	Printed by P. C. Sháhá, and published by B. Banerji & Co.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	Remarks.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.						Rs. A. P.			
1892.	Page.								
Nov. 5th	4	16mo D. C	1st...	1,600	Printed	......	......	Just as Lot was warned by angels to escape with life from Sodom and Gomorrah, so every man is being warned to escape from sin to Jesus Christ for eternal life.	1459
" 9th	4	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	......	......	The love which Jesus bears to men is so deep that he takes the punishment of their sins on himself.	1460
Jan. 26th	4	16mo D. C.	1st...	20,000	ditto ...	Nil	......	Faith in Jesus alone can give men peace.	1461
" 26th	4	ditto ...	1st...	20,000	ditto ...	Nil	......	God keeps portraits of men at every stage of their existence.	1462
" 27th	4	ditto ...	1st...	20,000	ditto ...	Nil	......	Men should not depend on their own merits for salvation, for that is like a useless well. They should go to see the merits of Jesus.	1463
" 27th	4	ditto ...	1st...	20,000	ditto ...	Nil	......	Conscience fills sinners with fear.	1464
Feb. 15th	16	8vo dy	1st...	150	ditto ..	......	......	The list of daily Scripture reading.	1465
Jan. 16th	51	12mo...	2nd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	Rámgopál Pandit, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	A school book	1466
Nov. 20th	116	12mo dy	5th...	3,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Matilál Datta, 39, Jeliatolá Street, Calcutta.	ditto	1467
Dec. 20th	104	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	....	1468
Jan. 9th	568	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 7 0	Táriní Kánta Mazumdár, 210-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	A school book	1469
" 12th	84	12mo...	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Hariprasanna Maitra, Silchar.	ditto	1470
" 7th	43	12mo dy	1st ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Baradákánta Guha, Mymensingh.	ditto	1471
" 20th	138	16mo D. C.	8th ...	3,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Shrínáth Bhattácháryya.	ditto	1472
Jan. 19th	68	16mody	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Shrínáth Bhattácháryya, Mymensingh.	ditto	1473
" 7th	217	12mo dy	5th ...	2,125	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	ditto	1474
Dec. 28th	570	12mo dy	...	10,000	ditto ...	1 6 0	Baradá Charan Banerji, 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	ditto	1475

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL)—*concld.*					
1476	Saníti Dhárápát. Arithmetical tables with morals.	Bengali	Kálí Prasanna Mitra.	Science (mathematical.)	Printed at 72, Kálíprasád Datta's Street, and published at Jhikira.	Printed by Láhá Brothers, and published by the author.
1477	Shikshá Sopán Dhárápát. Arithmetical tables, step by step.	ditto ...	Láhá Brothers	ditto ...	Printed at 72, Kálíprasád Datta's Street, and published at 98-1, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Láhá Brothers.
1478	Shubhankarí Saral Dhárápát. Indigenous Arithmetic and easy mathematical tables.	ditto ...	Kálidás Banerji	ditto ...	Printed at published at Uttarpara Union Press.	Printed by Nrityalál Ghosh, and published Kálidás Banerji.
1479	Parimiti. Mensuration	ditto ...	Benimádhab De.	ditto ...	Printed at 4, Sitárám Ghosh's Lane, and published at 65, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by M. M. Basu, and published by M. M. Mazumdár.
1480	Dhárápát Sambalita Maukhik Anka. Mathematical tables and Oral Arithmetic.	ditto ...	Prasanna Chandra Guha.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál and Co.
	SCIENCE, (NATURAL AND OTHER).					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1481	Prakriti Parichaya. An Introduction to Nature.	ditto ...	Girish Chandra Basu.	Science (Natural and other.)	Printed and published at 196, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Mahendralál Pátra.
1482	Svásthyarakshár Prabeshikár Prashnottar. (Shavdártha saha) A Catechism with meanings of words in the work entitled Preservation of health.	ditto ...	Shrináth Bhattácharyya.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Básanti press, Mymensingh.	Printed and published by Jáláluddin Ahmed.
1483	Svásthyarakshár Praveshikár Prashnottar. A Catechism of preservation of health.	ditto ...	Jánakináth Náth.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Syamantaka, press, Dacca.	Printed by Gopí Náth Banerji, and published by the Ripon Library, Dacca.
1484	Svásthyarakshá Prabeshikár Saral Prashnottara. A Catechism of Svásthyarakshá.	ditto ...	Ishvar Chandra Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Oriental Press, Dacca.	Printed by Rám Chandra Banik, and published by Jogesh Chandra Chakravartí.
1485	Svásthyarakshá Prabeshikár Shavdártha Sambalita Prashnottar. A key to Svásthyarakshá.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed by Wahed Baksh, and published by R. C. Pál.
1486	Svásthya-rakshar Prabeshiká. An introduction to Svásthyarakshá.	ditto ...	Rádhiká Prasanna Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 146, Báránashi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
	TRAVELS AND VOYAGES.					
1487	Prabásír Patra. Letters written when away from home.	ditto ...	Navín Chandra Sen.	Travels and voyages.	Printed at 38, Shivnáráyan Dás's Lane, and published at 23, Vidyáságar's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddhesvar Pán, and published by Suresh Chandra Samájpati.
1488	Aktárlani haite Kutab paryanta. From Ochterlony to Kutab.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed and published at 8/4, G. M. Mukharji's Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Umesh Chandra Nág.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	5	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1892.	Page.					Rs. A. P.			
Jan. 24th	32	12mo rl	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 2 0	Kálíprasanna Mitra, Jhikira.	A mathematical work with a few verses on morals.	1476
„ 23rd	40	12mo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ..	0 1 6	Láhá Brothers, Ahiritolá Street, Calcutta.	A school book	1477
„ 8th	24	8vo dy	1st...	5,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	Nrisinharám Mukharji, Uttarpara.	....	1478
Dec. 1st	...	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Beni Mádhab Do.	A school book	1479
„ 2nd	56	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Prasanna Chandra Guha.	ditto	1480
Feb. 2nd	70	16mo sr	2nd...	3,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Girish Chandra Bose, Bangabásí College, Calcutta.	An improved edition ...	1481
1893									
Feb. 1st	39	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	......	....	1482
„ 25th	41	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	....	1483
Jan. 10th	55	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	......	A key	1484
......	36	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	Ditto	1485
Dec. 30th	44	12mo dy	13th	5,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Panchánan Mukharji, 59, Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.	A revised and improved edition.	1486
Nov. 23rd	118	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Suresh Chandra Samájpati, 23, Vidyáságar's Street, Calcutta.	Babu Navín Chandra goes on his travels on privilege leave, and writes letters to his wife from various places. These are a charming reading, there are rapid but interesting sketches of various places in the North-Western Provinces and Bombay.	1487
Dec. 8th	209	16mo rl	„ ...	500	Printed	1 0 0	Kálí Prasanna Dás, 3-4 G. M. Mukharji's Street, Calcutta.	A traveller's guide-book giving notes on the remarkable places in Buxar, Allahabad, Agra, Fatehpore Sikri, Brindában, Mathurá, Delhi, Lucknow, and Chunár.	1488

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						ENGLISH
	ART.					
2842	A Catechism on the Rudiments of Music.	English	I. Littlepage	Art ...	Printed and published at Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thacker, Spink & Co.
	BIOGRAPHY.					
2843	A Biographical Sketch of the Rev. K. M. Banerji, LL.D., C.I.E.	ditto ...	Rám Chandra Ghosh.	Biography	Printed and published at 6, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed by Nibáran Chandra Ghosh, and published by the Author.
	DRAMA.					
2844	Robinson Crusoe ...	ditto ...	Lieut. F. J. Fraser.	Drama ...	Printed at 20, British Indian Street, Calcutta, and published at Meerut.	Printed by Traill & Co. and published by the Author.
	FICTION.					
2845	The Calcutta Annual ...	ditto ...	James Arnold Schorn.	Fiction ...	Printed and published at 102, Rádhábazar, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Basák, and published by James Schorn.
2846	Folklore in Bengal. No. 1. Fortune.	ditto ...	Mahesh Chandra Datta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Ratan Sarkár's Garden Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Haridás Ghosh.
	HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY).					
2847	Raja Sukhmoy Roy Bahadur's Family.	ditto ...	B. De ...	History	Printed and published at 13, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by H. C. Gánguli & Co.
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
2848	Child's History of India	ditto ...	H. Datta ...	ditto ...	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at 58, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by S. C. Addi.
2849	Child's History of Bengal.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
2850	General Sketch of Bengal	ditto ...	Súryya Kumár Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 21, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by G. P. Ráy & Co.
2851	A Sketch and Catechism of the History of India.	ditto ...	Hem Chandra Sur.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 102, Rádhábazar, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandry Vishvás, and published by Vishvás & Sons.
2852	Synopsis of the History of England.	ditto ...	G. C. De ...	ditto ...	Printed at 221, Cornwallis Street, and published at 129, Muktárám Babu's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Priyanáth Datta, and published by Pyári Mohan Dás.

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—**continued.**

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Jan. 9th	39	12mo rl	1st...	250	Printed	1 0 0	Miss Littlepage	By a teacher of pianoforte music. The object of the work is to enable the rudiments of music being easily understood by very young pupils, and endeavour has been made throughout to frame questions and answers in the simplest language possible.	2842
„ 30th	98	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 10 0	Rám Chandra Ghosh, 84, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	A biography of Rev. K. M. Banerji, LL.D., C.I.E., Missionary, Scholar and Patriot, who stood as a medium of communication for half-a century between the Pandits of India and the Orientalists of Europe, and devoted the later years of his life in the work of the regeneration of India, and did much service as a Municipal Commissioner of Calcutta and as President of the Indian Association.	2843
„ 26th	28	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Lieut. F. J. Fraser, Meerut.	A new and original version of an old story in three acts.	2844
1892. Dec. 19th	16	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	£. s. d. 0 0 3	James Schorn, 160, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	There are two stories in this work. One is that of Turkish tyranny in Albania and the scenes of the other are laid in Cornwall, England.	2845
1893. Jan. 15th	12	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	Rs. A. P. 0 2 0	Mahesh Chandra Datta, 8, Dewan's Lane, Calcutta.	This is the first of a series of folk-tales which the author promises to issue in small instalments.	2846
Feb. 12th	14	8vo dy	1st...	150	ditto ...	......	......	Contains much interesting information about a distinguished Ráj family of Calcutta. The founder of the family was Lakshmí Kánta Dhar, who paid nine lakhs of rupees to Government during the first Marhatta War.	2847
„ 1st	111	12mo dy	8th...	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	H. Datta, 38-6, Sakea's Street, Calcutta.	A school book	2848
1892. Dec. 22nd	81	16mo D. F.	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ..	ditto	2849
„ 30th	79	12mo dy	2nd	1,100	ditto ...	0 6 0	Súryya Kumár Chatterji, 13, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	ditto	2850
„ 1st	160	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Hem Chandra Sur, B.L., 7, Gopí Mohan Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	A help to students... ...	2851
„ 4th	52	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Pyárí Mohan Dás, 129, Muktárám Babu's Street, Calcutta.	ditto	2852

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						ENGLISH
	HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY)—*concld.*					
2853	A Brief Sketch of English History.	English	M. Dunn, M. A.	History	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, and published at 47, Mahájanitolá Lane, Allahabad.	Printed by N. C. Pál and published by B. P. Capoor.
2854	A Brief Survey of English History.	ditto ...	Tárini Dás Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goábágán Street, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Tárini Charan Ash, and published by Pánde Brothers.
2855	Catechism of English History.	ditto ...	Rámdayál Mazumdár.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, and published at 58, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by S. C. Addi.
2856	Improved Modern Geography for Junior Pupils.	ditto ...	Binod Bihárí Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goábágán Street, and published at 10, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Táriní Charan Ash, and published by B. C. Chatterji.
2857	A Guide to Class-book of Geography.	ditto ...	Tulsidás Mukherji and S. B. Basu.	ditto ...	Printed at 42, Nawabdi Ostágar's Lane, and published at 58, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Vishva Náth Dás, and published by S. C. Addi.
2858	The Map of Asia ...	ditto ...	Devendra Náth Dhar.	ditto ...	Lithographed and published at 33, Jeliatolá Street, Calcutta.	Lithographed and published by Rájendra Náth Dhar.
2859	A Brief Analysis of the History of India	ditto ...	P. Chatterji	ditto ...	Printed and published at Serampore.	Printed and published by Siddheshvar Bhattáchárya.
2860	An Elementary History of India.	ditto ...	Brindában Dhar.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Ashutosh Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Krishna Hari Basák.
2861	An Elementary History of Bengal.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto.
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
2862	A Course of Reading. (R).	ditto ...	Compiled by Rev. Lál Bihári De.	Language	Printed and published at 1, Dehi Serampore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by B. L. Sinha, and published by Kedár Náth Bose, B.A.
2863	The Indian Reader. (R).	ditto ...	D. N. Basu ...	ditto ...	Printed and published at 29, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhiri and Mitra, and published by S. K. Láhiri & Co.
2864	Vidyáságar Reader. Part I. (R).	ditto ...	Avinásh Chandra Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 3-4, Gaur Mohan Mukharji's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashi Mohan Kundu, and published by the School-book Depository.
2865	Ditto ditto. Part II. (R).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kártik Chandra Datta, and published by the School-book Depository.
2866	Burke's Regicide Peace. (R).	ditto ...	Edited by Upendra Náth Maitra.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 29, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhiri and Mitra, and published by S. K. Láhiri & Co.
2867	An English Grammar for Beginners.	ditto ...	Sáradá Charan Mitra, M. A.	ditto ...	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at 66, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by A. K. Chatterji and Brothers.

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Dec. 19th	186	12mo	1st ...	1,000	Printed	0 8 0	B. P. Capoor, 47, Mahajanitolá Lane, Allahabad.	A help to students.	2853
1893. Jan. 22nd	165	12mo dy.	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Tárini Dás Banerji, Calcutta.	ditto ...	2854
Feb. 9th	189	8vo dy.	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Ramdayál Mazumdár, M.A., Old Baitakkháná Bazar Road, Calcutta.	ditto ...	2855
Jan. 23rd	29	12mo	1st ...	500	ditto ...	0 3 0	Binod Bihárí Mukharji, Calcutta.	A school book	2856
Feb. 26th	136	12mo dy.	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Tulsidás Mukharji and S. B. Sen, 27, Guru Prasád Chaudhuri's Lane, Calcutta.	ditto ...	2857
1892. July 15th	...	3' 10½"	1st ...	250	Lithographed.	3 12 0	Devendra Náth Dhar, 33, Jeliatolá Street, Calcutta.	......	2858
1893. Feb. 27th	76	12mo	1st ...	1,000	Printed	0 10 0	P. Chatterji, Chátrá.	A help to students ...	2859
" 18th	67	16mo	6th...	2,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	A school book ...	2860
" 18th	41	16mo	3rd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	ditto ...	2861
1892. Dec. 24th	310	16mo crown.	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Kedár Náth Bose, B.A. 28-2, Akhil Mistri's Lane, Calcutta.	A mixed reader in prose and verse.	2862
1893. Jan. 11th	219	8vo crown.	2nd...	2,000	ditto ...	...	......	A mixed reader in prose and verse with notes on words and phrases and parsing.	2863
" 23rd	84	8vo crown.	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Avinásh Chandra Banerji, 10, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	A mixed reader in prose and verse.	2864
" 12th	112	16mo s. rl.	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	ditto ditto ...	2865
Feb. 11th	262	16mo crown.	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	...	Upendra Náth Maitra.	With notes ...	2866
1892. Nov. 24th	98	12mo dy.	3rd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Sáradá Charan Mitra, Grey Street, Calcutta.	A school book ...	2867

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						ENGLISH
	LANGUAGE—*concld.*					
2868	Notes on the Metropolitan Reader.	English	Tulsidás Mukharji.	Language	Printed at 42, Nawabdi Ostágar's Lane, and published at 220, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bishva Náth Dás, and published by Jyotish Chandra Samájpati.
2869	A Commentary on Trevelyan's Selections from Macaulay.	ditto ...	N. N. Ghosh	ditto ...	Printed and published at 132, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by J. Larkins, and published by S. K. Láhiri & Co.
2870	A Complete Note on Hales' Longer English Poems. Part I.	ditto ...	M. M. Pánde	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Nawabdi Ostágar's Lane, and published at 20, Krishna Sinha's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Banerji, and published by M. M. Pánde.
2871	Notes on Hales' English Longer Poems. Part II.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed at 24, Beadon Street, E.C., and published at 20, Krishna Sinha's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Nanda Mohan Banerji, and Company, and published by M. M. Pánde.
2872	Notes on Blackie's Self-Culture.	ditto ...	N. K. Mazumdár, M. A.	ditto ...	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at 66, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by A. K. Chatterji, and Brothers.
2873	Notes on Trevelyan's Selections from Macaulay.	ditto ...	M. Mukharji and H. Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the People's Press, Calcutta.	Printed by R. C. Bhattácháryya, and published by Surendra Náth Mukharji.
2874	Notes on the Selections from Johnson, Byron, Dryden, Scott, Cowper Pope, and Coleridge.	ditto ...	Suresh Chandra Dev.	ditto ...	Printed at 203-2, Cornwallis Street, and published at 78-1, Musjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Prem Chánd Sáhá, and published by Suresh Chandra Dev.
2875	Middle English Reader. (R).	ditto ...	Compiled by Panchánan Mukharji, and I. C. Ghose.	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
2876	Select Readings from Juvenile Liturature. Part I. (R).	ditto ...	Compiled by Trigunâ Charan Sen.	ditto ...	Printed at 33, Musalmanpara Lane, and published 18, Simla Street, Calcutta.	Printed by L. M. Dás, and published by S. C. Basu.
2877	Ditto ditto Part II. (R).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed at 211, Cornwallis Street, and published at 18, Simla Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kártik Chandra Datta, and published by S. C. Basu.
2878	Studies in English Prose and Poetry. (R)	ditto ...	Compiled by Bholánáth Pál.	ditto ...	Printed at 203-2, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by P. C. Sáhá, and published by B. Banerji and Company.
2879	Readings from Modern English Literature (R).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
2880	Hints on English Composition and Essay-writing.	ditto ...	M. Dunn, M.A.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, and published at 47, Mahájanitolá Lane, Allahabad.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by B. P. Capoor.
2881	Notes on Ingram's Elizabeth Barrett Browning.	ditto ...	B. S. C. ...	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, and published at 70, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by R. Ráy.
2882	First Lessons ...	ditto ...	Rajani Kánta Gánguli.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Daw Press, Jessore.	Printed by Kshetra Gopál Sinha, and published by Bipin Bihári Daw.
	LAW.					
2883	A Compendium of the Full Bench Rulings of the High Courts in India.	ditto ..	Umesh Chandra Ghosh.	Law ...	Printed and published at the Subhakari Press, Jessore.	Printed and published by Dina Náth Chakravartí.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	Remarks.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 20th	93	12mo dy.	1st ...	1,000	Printed	0 8 0	Tulsidás Mukharji, 27, Guru Prasád Chaudhuri's Lane, Calcutta.	A key	2868
1892. Nov. 14th	97	...	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	N. N. Ghosh ...	ditto	2869
Nov. 1st	102	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	M. M. Pánde, 20, Krishna Sinha's Lane, Calcutta.	ditto	2870
" 10th	54	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	ditto ...	ditto	2871
" 2nd	229	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 2 0	N. K. Mazumdár, M.A., Rajshahi.	ditto	2872
" 25th	102	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Surendra Náth Mukharji.	ditto	2873
Dec., 20th	210	12mo dy	1st ...	500	ditto ...	1 4 0	Suresh Chandra Dev, 78-1, Musjidbári Street, Calcutta.	ditto	2874
" 30th	144	16mo ...	3rd ...	8,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Panchánan Mukharji and I. C. Ghosh.	A school book ...	2875
1893. Jan., 1st	144	16mo rl	New	2,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	T. C. Sen, Senhati.	ditto	2876
Jan., 10th	192	16mo s. rl.	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	ditto ...	ditto	2877
1892. Dec. 30th	155	12mo dy	2nd ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Bholánáth Pál, 45, Simla Street, Calcutta.	ditto	2878
" 26th	296	12mo dy	2nd ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 2 0	ditto ...	ditto	2879
1893. Jan. 28th	82	8vo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	M. Dunn, M.A., Lahore.	A help to students... ...	2880
" 28th	35	8vo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	B. S. C., late Professor, Patna College.	A key	2881
1892. Nov. 30th	30	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Rajani Kánta Gánguli, Jessore.	An alphabetical primer.	2882
Jan. 1st	319	8vo rl	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	......	Umesh Chandra Ghosh, Senior Pleader, Jessore.	As published in Indian Law Reports. The cases come up to the year 1890.	2883

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the First

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						ENGLISH
	Law—*concluded.*					
2884	The Hindu Law of Succession. Vol. I.	English	Tárá Prasanna Banerji, M.A., B.L.	Law ...	Printed at the New Town Press, Bhawanipur, and published at 5, Council House Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kedár Náth Mitra, and published by the Calcutta Central Press, Company, Limited.
2885	A Selection of Indian Leading Cases. Vol. I.	ditto ...	Bámápada Mukharji, M.A., B.L.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 18, New China Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Mukharji & Co.
2886	Record of Criminal Cases as between Europeans and Natives for the last sixty years.	ditto ...	Rám Gopál Sánnyál.	ditto ..	Printed at 33, Niyogipukur East Lane, and published at 23, Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Jasodá Nandan Datta, and published by Ram Gopál Sánnyál.
2887	A Help for the Departmental Examinations.	ditto ...	S. D. Roy ...	ditto ..	Printed and published at 196, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendra Lál Pátra, and published by H. N. Bágchi.
2888	A Chaukídari Manual	ditto ...	G. Toynbee, B.C.S.	ditto ...	Printed at Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, and published at 5 and 6, Government Place, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thacker, Spink & Co.
2889	The Great Kidnapping Case.	ditto ...	P. C. Sen ...	ditto ...	Printed at 33, New Chinabazar, Calcutta, and published at Serampore.	Printed by D. C. Dás & Co., and published by J. M. Sen & Co.
	Medicine.					
2890	Hindu Anatomy, Physiology, Therapeutics, History of Medicine and Practice of Physic.	ditto ...	Kaviraj Rasik-lál Gupta.	Medicine, N.	Printed at 6, College Square, and published at 58, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	Printed by N. C. Ghosh, and published by S. C. Addi.
2891	Charak Samhitá. A work on Hindu Medicine by Charak. Part IV. (T).	ditto ...	Translated by Avinásh Chandra Kaviratna.	ditto ..	Printed at 33, New China Bazar, and published at 200, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by D. C. Dás, and published by Avinásh Chandra Kaviratna.
2892	Instructions regarding surgical dressing and cases.	ditto ...	E. A. Birch...	Medicine, E.	Printed and published at 21, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by G. P. Roy & Co.
	Miscellaneous.					
2893	Statistical Tables of Protestant Missions in India, Burma and Ceylon.	ditto ...	Rev. J. W. Thomas.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rev. J. W. Thomas.
2894	Statistical Tables of 1890.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
2895	Practical Hints for making Leavened Bread.	ditto ..	E. B. Watson	ditto ..	Printed and published at 20, British Indian Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Traill & Co.
2896	Notes on the Marriage Systems of the people of Assam.	ditto...	Hem Chandra Barua.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. C. Datta.
2897	The East and the West	ditto...	Jogendra Chandra Ghosh.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Secular Press, Bhawanipur.	Printed and published by Kálí Prasanna Kávyavishárad.
2898	Technical Education in Europe. A possibility for Bengal.	ditto...	Revd. Alex. Tomory.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 29, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhiri and Mitra, and published by the Chaitanya Library.

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 1st	204	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	4 0 0	Tárá Prasanna Banerji, M. A., B. L.	Refers to the property of male and female owners with charts, tables of heirs and copious notes of cases, supplemented by appendices, containing acts and leading cases bearing upon the subject.	2884
Jan. 25th	785	8vo rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	10 0 0	Bámápada Mukharji, 39, South Chakrabere Road, Bhawanipur.	Containing reports of cases decided by the superior Courts in India and by Her Majesty's Privy Council.	2885
Feb. 14th	176	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	Rám Gopál Sányál, 23, Doctor's Lane, Calcutta.	The title explains the object of the work.	2886
1892. Dec. 30th	260	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	S. D. Roy, Magistrate, Sealdah Police Court.	For the covenanted, police, and other executive services under the Government of Bengal.	2887
1893. Jan. 18th	71	16mo...	2nd...	600	ditto ...	1 0 0	G. Toynbee, B. C. S.	The work has been prepared to meet what is believed to be a want much felt by district and other Magistrates, District Superintendents of Police and their subordinates.	2888
" 12th	36	8vo dy	New	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	J. M. Sen & Co.	The Queen *versus* Hirá Lál Sil tried in 1872.	2889
1892. Dec. 28th	209	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	Kavirâj Rasik Lál Gupta, 103, College Street, Calcutta.	An attempt to compile in a handy volume all that is good in the whole range of Hindu medical science.	2890
Nov. 21st	32	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	20 0 0 for the complete work.	Avinásh Chandra Kaviratna.	With notes ...	2891
" 15th	18	8vo crown.	1st...	......	ditto ...	......	K. A. Birch, Principal, Medical College, Calcutta.	Instructions regarding surgical dressings and cases.	2892
" 2nd	83	8vo rl	1st...	1,050	ditto ...	2 0 0	......	Statistical tables, 1890 ...	2893
" 18th	18	8vo dy	...	200	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	An examination of some of the returns.	2894
1893. Feb. 17th	[illegible]	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	E. B. Watson, Jubbulpore.	At home, in the jungles, or the colonies' without the use of hops, brewers' yeast, toddy or baking powders.	2895
1892. Nov. 29th	56	12mo dy	1st...	1,100	ditto ...	0 4 0	Hem Chandra Baruá, Gauhati, Assam.	The Author has confined himself to the principal formulas gone through at the nuptials both of Hindus and of the aboriginal tribes inhabiting Assam.	2896
......	22	8vo dy	1st...	100	ditto ...	......	Jogendra Chandra Ghosh.	Read before the meeting of the Indian Positivists held in Calcutta on the Positivist *Mahálayá* or festival of all the dead. The writer thinks that Eastern ethics has run off into mendicancy and suicide; Western ethics into competition and depopulation.	2897
1893. Jan. 10th	24	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	......	The writer defines what technical education means, and the condition of that education in European countries. He says that the attitude of Bengal on the subject is one of complete indifference and Government should introduce it in that country. It would then bring about *not Utopia* certainly, but a new state of things with enhanced material prosperity with new spheres of activity opening for the people.	2898

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						ENGLISH
	MISCELLANEOUS—*concld.*					
2899	Hints on Office Business	English	Nagendra Náth Sarkár.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the New Town Press, Bhawanipur.	Printed and published by Kedár Náth Mitra.
2900	Unofficial Supplement to the Papers published by authority on the Merits of Trial by Jury in Bengal.	ditto...	......	ditto ...	Printed at 1, Akrur Datta's Lane, and published at the Office of the Reis and Rayyet.	Printed by Matilál Ghosh, and published by the Reis and Rayyet Office.
2901	A Book of Proverbs and Quotations.	ditto...	B. B. Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 52, Wellington Street, Calcutta	Printed by Revd. J. W. Thomas, and published by S. C. Addi.
	PHILOSOPHY.					
2902	Bibliotheca Indica. New Series No. 825. Aniruddha's commentary and the original parts of Vedántin Mahadeva's Commentary on the Sámkhya Sútras. Fasc. III. (T).	ditto...	Translated by Dr. Richard Garbe.	Philosophy.	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 57, Park Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Revd. J. W. Thomas, and published by the Asiatic Society.
	POETRY.					
2903	Rhyming Legends of Ind.	ditto...	H. Kirkwood Gracey.	Poetry ...	Printed and published at Thacker, Spink and Co.'s Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thacker Spink and Co.
	RELIGION.					
2904	The Mahábhárata. Part 79. (T).	ditto ...	Translated by Pratáp Chandra Ráya, C.I.E.	Religion, H.	Printed and published at 1, Raja Gurudás's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kálidás Sen, and published by Pratáp Chandra Ráya, C.I.E.
2905	Ditto ditto. Part 80. (T).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed and published by Kálidás Sen.
2906	The Fundamental Principles of Islam.	ditto ...	Lutf-ul Khabir	Religion, M.	Printed and published at Comilla.	Printed and published by Gopál Chandra Dás.
2907	The Rámáyana. Vol. VI. Part 25. (T).	ditto ...	Translated by Manmatha Náth Datta, M.A.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 65-2, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Girish Chandra Chakravartí, and published by M. N. Datta.
2908	Ditto. Vol. VI. Part 26. (T).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
2909	Ditto Vol. VI. Part 27. (T).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
2910	The Wealth of India. Vol. I. Part 2. (T).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
2911	The "Great Commission" according to Isaiah. A Centenary Sermon.	ditto ...	Revd. W. R. James.	Religion, C.	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Revd. J. W. Thomas.
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
2912	Algebra. Vol. I ...	ditto ...	Sáradá Ranjan Ráya, M.A.	Science (Mathematical).	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Sánnyál & Co., and published by Kedár Náth Basu.
2913	Exercises in Euclid with Solutions. Part IA.	ditto ...	Chuni Lál Sil.	ditto ...	Printed at 93, Mániktalá Street, and published at 8, Krishna Simha's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Mohini Mohan Har, and published by K. Nán.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1892. Dec. 1st	Page. 276	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	Rs. A. P. 2 8 0	Nogendra Náth Sarkár, 60, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	The writer has utilised the exceptional facilities which he possesses as Head Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, to place in the hands of candidates of different state examinations a set of instructions on drafting, docketing, &c., that will be really helpful.	2899
Feb. 11th	34	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	......	Quotes the opinions of various high officers of State in favour of the Jury System.	2900
Dec. 13th	60	12mo dy	1st...	6,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	The writer has tried to make the collection of proverbs, the educative value of which is undeniable, as useful and instructive as possible.	2901
„ 30th	154	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	......	The introduction is the most important part of the work. In this the learned doctor has proved that Buddha followed the method adopted by Kapila in his Sámkhya or enumerative philosophy in fixing every idea by numbers, such as four noble truths, the three *Ratnas*, the noble eight-fold path, &c. He considers the tradition that Kapila preceded Buddha to be a correct one.	2902
„ 27th	154	12mo rl	1st...	250	ditto ...	3 8 0	H. Kirkwood Gracey.	......	2903
1893. Jan. 1st	72	8vo dy	1st...	3,500	ditto ...	......	Pratáp Chandra Raya, C.I.E.	Goes on with the *Mokshadharmaparbádhyáya* of the *Shántiparba*.	2904
Feb. 15th	72	8vo dy	1st...	3,500	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	2905
1892. Dec. 1st	48	8vo rl	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	Designed to be a pocket-book on Islam dealing with all the principal duties enjoined in elaborate works in Arabic and Persian.	2906
„ 10th	48	8vo ..	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	16 0 0	M. N. Datta, 65-1, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Goes on with the sixth book ...	2907
1893. Jan. 2nd	48	8vo ...	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	16 0 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	2908
Feb. 8th	48	8vo ...	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	16 0 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	2909
Jan. 20th	48	8vo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	6 [illegible] 0 per annum.	ditto ..	Translation of Shrímadbhágavata and Vishnupurána.	2910
„ 4th	16	16mo crown.	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	......	Read at the Centenary Meeting of the Baptist Mission in India.	2911
1892. Dec. 14th	383	8vo dy	3rd	2,000	ditto ...	1 12 0	Sáradá Ranjan Ráya, M.A., Shib Náráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Designed for Entrance Class students.	2912
Oct. 4th	95	12mo dy	2nd	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	K. Nán, 8, Krishna Sinha's Lane, Calcutta.	ditto ditto ...	2913

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						ENGLISH
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL)—*concld.*					
2914	The Elements of Plane Trigonometry.	English	Rám Chandra Mazumdár.	Science (Mathematical).	Printed and published at 300, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by W. J. Pinheiro, and published by K. N. Datta.
	SCIENCE (NATURAL AND OTHER).					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
2915	A Catechism of the Introductory Primer.	ditto ...	G. C. BOSE, M.A.	Science (Natural and other).	Printed at 29, Beadon Street, and published at 64, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhiri and Mitra, and published by S. K. Láhiri & Co.
						HINDI
	DRAMA.					
1248	Khyál Puranmalká. A Drama describing the fate of Purán Mal the Prince of Jeypore.	Hindi	Ganesh Parsád Sarmá.	Drama ...	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 148, Hukápati, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by Ganesh Prasád Sharmá.
1249	Khyál Dánádal Bhanjan Padmaniká. The Love of Dáná Dalabhanjan and Padmini.	ditto ...	Jhálirám Nirmal.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 60, Cross Street, Calcutta.	Printed by B. B. Ráy Chaudhuri, and published by Ganpat Jotgi.
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
1250	Sulabh Páth. A Hindi Primer.	ditto ...	Lálá Shiva Shankar Lál.	Language	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta, and published at Chaibássá.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by Lálá Shiva Shankar Lál.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
1251	Harish Chandra Kalá. The complete works of Harish Chandra. Vol. VI. Part 33.	ditto ...	Edited by Rámdín Sinha.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Khargavilás Press, Bankipur.	Printed and published by Sáheb Prasád Sinha.
1252	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. Part 34.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1253	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. Part 35.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1254	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. Part 36.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ditto. ...	ditto ditto ...
1255	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. Part 37.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1256	Uddisa Tantra. A Tantric Work (T).	ditto ...	Translated by Gokuldás.	ditto ...	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 35, Rajá's Kátrá, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by Gokul Dás.
1257	Hedáyetnámá Khánepuri. Rules for filling in Survey columns.	ditto ...	E. G. Colvin, C.S.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Bettiah.	Printed and published by Bál Kishor Pánde.
1258	Ráha Tarakki. The Way of Improvement. No. 1.	ditto ...	Jagannáth Prasád Gupta.	ditto ...	Lithographed and published at Nasipur, Murshidábad.	Lithographed and published by Rasik Chandra Dás.
1259	Bhajan Syánuráq. A Collection of *Bhajan* and other Songs.	ditto ...	Kamaleshvar Dyál.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 60, Cross Street, Calcutta.	Printed by B. B. Ráy Chaudhuri, and published by Kamaleshvar Dyál.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	Remarks.	Number.
BOOKS.—concluded.									
1893.						Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 1st	334	16mo D. C.	New	2,000	Printed	2 0 0	Rám Chandra Mazumdár, Garpár Road Calcutta.	For F. A. and B. A. Students...	2914
„ 20th	108	12mo dy	2nd	1,000	ditto ...	......	G. C. Bose ...	A help to students ...	2915
BOOKS.									
1892. Dec. 31st	78	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Ganesh Parsád Sharmá, 148, Hukápati, Calcutta.	Puran Mal's further fell in love in a dream, and in spite of the remonstrances of his wife and children, went out in search of the girl seen in the dream. He married her and became infatuated. He ordered his son, Puran Mal to be killed Puran was, however, saved by Gorakhnáth.	1248
Nov. 28th	35	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Ganpat Jotgi, Bhiwani, Punjab.	An ordinary story of love and adventure.	1249
Dec. 30th	31	12mo dy	11th	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Lálá Shiva Shankar Lál, Cháibássá.	An easy Alphabetical Primer in Hindi.	1250
1893.									
Mar. 8th	44	8vo rl	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	Rámdín Sinha, Ballia.	Contains the works entitled *Satipratápa* and *Yugalánguriya*.	1251
„ 9th	43	8vo rl	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	ditto ..	Contains *Indirá* and *Kálachakra*	1252
„ 10th	40	8vo rl	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Contains the *Charitáshtaka* ...	1253
„ 11th	40	8vo rl	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	The same work is continued ...	1254
„ 12th	40	8vo rl	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Contains the *Senarája Gana* ...	1255
1892. Dec. 28th	22	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Gokul Dás, 35, Rájá's Kátrá, Calcutta.	A Hindi translation of one of the most important Tantric works.	1256
1893. Feb. 13th	26	4 to rl	1st...	600	ditto ...	......	E. G. Colvin, C.S., Collector of Survey, Bettiah.	The title explains the object of the work.	1257
Feb. 11th	11	4 to	1st...	150	Lithographed	......	......	Contains much useful instruction in grammar, translation, and morality.	1258
Dec. 15th	76	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Kamaleshvar Dyál, Daripát, Shahabád.	A collection of songs ...	1259

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the First

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						HINDI
	POETRY.					
1260	Lávani Ishk Naubáhár. Verses on Love and Spring. Part I.	Hindi	Gusáin Kavitagir.	Poetry ...	Printed at the Bhárat Mitra Press, 60, Cross Street, Calcutta, and published at Bhiváni, Chhoti Haveli, Punjab.	Printed by B. B. Ráy Chaudhuri, and published by Lálá Bhikálál.
	RELIGION.					
1261	Mahábhárat. The Mahábhárata, Part 19 (T).	ditto ...	Translated by Amrita Lál Sharmá and others.	Religion H.	Printed at 34-1, Kalutolá Street, and published at 1, Chinabazar Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kebalrám Chatterji, and published by Sharat Chandra Som.
1262	Ditto ditto. Part 20 (T).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...
1263	Ditto ditto. Part 21 (T).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...
1264	Ditto ditto. Part 22 (T.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...
1265	Bibliotheca Indica. New Series, No. 824. Tulsi-Satsai. Seven hundred verses by Tulsidás. Fasc. IV. (R)	ditto ...	Edited by Pandit Bihári Lál Chaube.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 57, Park Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the Asiatic Society of Bengal.
1266	Amúlya Ratna. The priceless Gem.	ditto ...	Atma Svarúp Shástri.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Khargavilás Press, Bankipur.	Printed and published by Sáheb Prasád Sinha.
1267	Bairágya Sandipini Noha Prakáshiká. A Commentary on Tulsidás's Bairágya Sandípiní.	ditto ..	Bandan Páthak.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Khagavilás Press, Bankipur.	Printed and published by Sáheb Prasád Sinha.
1268	Deví Stuti Shatak. Hundred verses in honour of the goddess Durgá.	ditto ...	Mahávír Prasád Dvivedí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 60, Cross Street, Calcutta.	Printed by B. B. Ráy Chaudhuri, and published by Mahávír Prasád.
1269	Bálakon ki Gítpustak. A Hymn book for children.	ditto ...	Rev. R. Kilgur, B.D.	Religion C.	Printed and published at Lochnagar, Darjeeling.	Printed and published by David Isaac.
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1270	Yuklid ke Samatal Jyámiti tattva. Euclid's Elements of Plain Geometry. Part II.	ditto ...	Mahávír Sharan.	Science (Mathematical).	Printed and published at the Khargavilás Press, at Bankipur.	Printed and published by Sáheb Prasád Sinha.
1271	Hisáb Sikhne ki Pahali Kitáb. Arithmetical Tables. Part I.	ditto ...	Pandit Baij-Náth Pánde.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 60, Cross Street, Calcutta.	Printed by B. B. Ráy Chaudhuri, and published by the author.
1272	ditto ditto. Part II.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ..	ditto ditto ...
						MUSALMANI-
	FICTION.					
722	Alef Láyelá. The Thousand and One Nights. (T).	Musalmani-Bengali.	Raoshan Ali.	Fiction. ...	Printed and published at 323, Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Kunja Vihári Sarkár, and published by Báneshvar Ghosh.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—concluded.									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Dec. 1st	40	8vo rl	1st...	500	Lithographed.	0 8 0	Lálá Bhikálál, Chhoti Haveli Punjab.	A number of *Bhajan* and love songs.	1260
" 1st	120	8vo s rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Sharat Chandra Som, 1, China-bazar Lane, Calcutta.	*Udjoga parba* is concluded in this part.	1261
" 15th	112	8vo s rl	1st ..	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	Goes on with the *Bhíshma parba*	1262
1893. Jan. 1st	112	8vo s rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	*Bhíshmaparba* is continued ...	1263
" 28th	126	8vo s rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	It is concluded	1264
1892. Dec. 28th	104	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	......	Seven hundred verses with double meaning, by Tulsidás in honour of Rámá.	1265
1893. Feb. 24th	36	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	Rám Chandra Sinha, Patna.	The duties of *Vaishnavas* and *Shaivas*.	1266
Feb. 25th	50	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	Rámdin Sinha, Patna.	An old work by Tulsi Dás on the Spirit of renunciation of the world. The work is in three chapters and is accompanied by the commentary entitled *Suchaprakáshiká* by Bandan Páthak, the commentator of the Mánasa Rámáyana.	1267
1892. Dec. 10th	35	16mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	Mahávír Prasád Dvivedí, Head Telegraph Inspector, I. M. Railway, Jhansi.	A hymn to Durgá ...	1268
1893. Feb. 16th	46	16mo	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	Foreign Mission Committee, Church of Scotland, Edinburgh.	Hindi Hymn book for children in the Sunday Schools of the Church of Scotland Missions, in the Eastern Himalayas.	1269
" 20th	148	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	Rámdin Sinha, Patna.	A School book	1270
1892. Dec. 27th	10	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Pandit Baijnáth Pánde, Balia, N. W. P.	ditto	1271
" 30th	11	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	ditto	1272
BENGALI BOOKS.									
1892. Nov. 28th	596	4to rl	2nd...	1,000	Printed.	4 0 0	......	....	722

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS *for the First*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						MUSALMANI-
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
723	Pirer Chhejrá Námá. Accounts of *Pirs.*	Musalmani-Bengali.	Syed Asok Ali.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Bogra Ray Press.	Printed and published by Syed Asok Ali.
	RELIGION.					
724	Bostánal Masáyel. A Garden of Questions and Answers on the Muhammadan Religion.	ditto ...	Maulvi Abdul Hámid.	Religion M.	Printed and published at the Chandra Shekhar Press, Chittagong.	Printed and published by Jagat Chandra Dás.
						SANSKRIT
	DRAMA.					
1311	Rámávadánam. The Prowess of Ráma.	Sanskrit.	Nritya Gopál Ráya Kaviratna.	Drama ...	Printed at 100-1, Machua bazar Road, and published at 2, Kártik Bose's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Vishva Náth Nandi, and published by Atul Náth Chatterji.
	LANGUAGE.					
1312	Shabdakalpa Druma The Tree of Words that fulfils all Desires. Vol. IV. Nos. 9 and 10 (together).	ditto ...	......	Language	Printed and publshed at 71, Páthuriághátá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kálí Prasanna Basu, and published by Rai Baradá Prasád Basu Báhádur.
1313	Ditto. ditto. Vol. IV. Nos. 11 and 12 (together).	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1314	Shikshá. Instruction. Part I.	ditto ...	Tárá Kumár Kaviratna.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 119, Old Baitakkhána Bazar Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by J. N. Banerji and Son.
1315	Ditto. ditto. Part II.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1316	Pravandhakalápam. A Sanskrit Reader.	ditto ...	Avinásh Chandra Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 24 Girish Vidyáratna's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Shashi Bhúshan Bhattácháryya.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
1317	Brihat Samhitá. An Astrological Work. (R)	Sanskrit	Edited by Panchánan Tarkaratna.	Miscellaneous	Printed and published at 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kevalrám Chatterji.
1318	Kavi Karpatiká. A Thesaurus of Words for Poets.	ditto...	Shankar Kavi	ditto ...	Printed and published at Darbhanga.	Printed by Bimalá Charan Chakravartí, and published by the Mithilá Publishing Company.
	RELIGION.					
1319	Shrí Súkta. A Vaidik Hymn in honour of the Goddess Shrí. (R)	ditto ...	......	Religion H.	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 15, Hánspukur Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by R. N. Pál and published by Lakshman Prasád Sukul.
1320	Brahman Sarvasvam. The religious duties of Brahmans. (R)	ditto ...	Edited by Tejash Chandra Vidyánanda.	ditto ...	Printed at 1, Nimu Gosáin's Lane, and published at 1, Garánhátá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mákhan Lál Ghosh, and published by Ganesh Chandra Ghosh.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BENGALI-BOOKS.—concluded.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Mar. 14th	16	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	... ..	Succession list of *Pirs* ...	723
1892. Dec. 30th	44	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Abdul Hámid, Ránganiya, Chittagong.	A religion of Muhammadan ...	724
BOOKS.									
1892. Nov. 18th	66	8vo dy	1st...	1,000		1 0 0	Nritya Gopál Rayá Kavirat-na, Hátibágán, Calcutta.	A drama describing the deeds of valour performed by Ramá.	1311
" 28th	64	4to rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	Ráy Baradá Prasád Basu Báhádur, 71, Páthuriághátá Street, Cal-cutta.	From *Vatsapattanam* to *Vácho-yukti patuh.*	1312
" 28th	64	4to rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	ditto ...	From *Váchya* to *Vid Varáh* ...	1313
1893. Jan. 23rd	42	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Tárá Kumár Kaviratna.	A School book	1314
" 23rd	52	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	1315
1892. Dec. 5th	84	12mo dy	1st..	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	A. C. Chakra-vartí, Dibru-garh, Assam.	Ditto ditto ...	1316
Dec. 1st	238	12mo rl.	1st...	1,200	ditto ...	1 8 0	Náráyan Chan-dra Bose, 12, Mirzapur Street, Cal-cutta.	A popular edition of Varáha Mihira's celebrated work on Astrology, the *Vrihat Samhitá*	1317
" 29th	19	8vo dy.	1st ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	......	How to become a poet, or rather versifier in Sanskrit without genius. The writer puts to-gether compound words of various length to commence various Sanskrit metres with.	1318
" 30th	20	12mo rl.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Lakshman Pra-sád Sukul, 15, Hánspukur Lane, Calcutta.	With Pátanjali's commentary on the first 16 and Mahákavin-dra's notes on 25 *richas* of the *Súkta.*	1319
" 18th	256	8vo ..	2nd...	1,500	ditto ...	2 0 0	......	Haláyudha composed this im-portant work at the Court of Lakshman Sena, the last Hindu King of Bengal.	1320

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						SANSKRIT
	RELIGION—*concld.*					
1321	Akshep Samádhánam. Interpretation of difficult passages.	Sanskrit	Ananda Chandra Vidyábhúshan.	Religion H.	Printed and published at the Báugálá Press, Dacca.	Printed by Shashi Mohan Datta, and published by the author.
1322	Guru Gítá Stotram. Hymn to *Guru* or the Spiritual Guide. (R).	ditto ...	Edited by Bhuban Chandra Basák.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Dum-Dum.	Printed by Beni Mádhav Basák, and published by Bhuban Chandra Basák.
						URDU
	MEDICINE.					
324	Záhár Mohrá. A Treatise on the remedies used in curing Snake-bites.	Urdu	Bhup Náráyan Sinha.	Medicine (N)	Lithographed and published at Darbhanga.	Lithographed and published by Shítal Prasád.
	RELIGION.					
325	Urdu Tract ...	ditto ...	Munshi Enáetullá.	Religion C.	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 31, Mirzapur 2nd Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by Munshi Enáetullá.
						URIYA
	HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY).					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
821	Samkshipta Bhárat Itihás. A Brief History of India.	Uriya	Sitánáth Ráy	History	Printed and published at the Cuttack Printing Co's. Press.	Printed and published by the Cuttack Printing Company.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
822	Sangítárnav. The Ocean of songs.	ditto ...	Parshurám Suár and others.	Miscellaneous.	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
823	Sangít Kusum. A Collection of Songs.	ditto ...	Sadáshiv Mishra.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	dttto ditto ...
	POETRY.					
824	Rangávatár O Mahásati. On the Sports of Krishna.	ditto ...	Govinda Rath	Poetry ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto
825	Prem Kalpalatá. The Creeper of Love.	ditto ...	Sadánanda Dás	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Victoria Press, Cuttack.	Printed and published by Sundar Dás.
	RELIGION.					
826	Khudurukuni Oshár Málasri. A number of songs in Málashri Rága in honour of Osha.	ditto ...	Biku Ráy ...	Religion (H)	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
827	Ahalyá Stava. A Hymn in praise of Ráma by Ahalyá.	ditto ...	Gangádhar Meher.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
828	Brahma Jnán Gítá. On the knowledge of Brahma.	ditto ...	Sadáshiv Pándá.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—concluded.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Jan. 16th	85	12mo ...	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 8 0	......	A solution of doubts and difficulties in Raghunandana's works on lunar days and on Hindu marriage.	1321
Feb. 15th	14	8vo dy.	2nd...	300	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	A *tantrik* work of some value ...	1322
BOOKS.									
1893.									
Jan. 4th	22	8vo rl.	1st...	233	Litho-graphed.	......	......	....	324
1892.									
Nov. 22nd	16	8vo. dy.	1st...	100	Printed	......	......	....	325
BOOKS.									
Feb. 10th	248	12mo dy	4th...	2,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	The Author ...	Revised edition	821
" 16th	46	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	Contains a large number of songs on a variety of subjects.	822
Jan. 24th	12	16mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	ditto ...	Of a similar character but a much shorter work than the above.	823
1892. Dec. 14th	13	16mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	ditto ...	Krishna was ill and Nárada gave out that his cure depended on waters being poured on his head by a chaste woman. Rádhá was the woman proved to be chaste as her water cured Krishna.	824
1893. Jan. 4th	31	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	......	Loves of Krishna with the milk maids of Brindában, and his sports at Mathurá.	825
" 30th	5	16mo F. C.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	Oshá is a goddess peculiar to Orissa.	826
" 4th	12	16mo F. C.	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	The story of the deliverance of Ahalyá from the effects of her curse by Rama is well-known.	827
1892. Dec. 24th	19	16mo F. C.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto ...	In imitation of the Bhagavat Gítá. The interlocutors are Krishna and Arjuna, and the subject, the knowledge of *Atma*.	828

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the First

BI-LINGUAL

I.—BENGALI AND

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
	LANGUAGE. *The following works are designed for educational purposes.*					
743	A comprehensive Key to Middle English Reader.	Bengali and English	Tulsidás Mukharji and Kiran Chandra Banerji.	Language	Printed at 44, Nawabdi Ostágars' Lane, and published at 54-2, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Vishva Náth Dás, and published by Amulya Ratna Kundu Brothers.
744	A Pronouncing English Spelling Book.	ditto ...	Mahendra Chandra Chaudhuri.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Syamantak Press, Dacca.	Printed by Pratáp Chandra De, and published by the author.
745	The Child's Companion	ditto ...	Bhuban Mohan Datta.	ditto ...	Printed at 203-2, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by P. C. Sáhá, published by B. Banerji & Co.
746	Child's Word book ...	ditto ...	Binod Bihárí Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, and published at 58, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sánnyál & Co., and published by S. C Addi.
747	A Key to P. C. Sarkár's Second Book of Reading.	ditto ...	Rám Chandra Bhattáchâryya.	ditto ...	Printed at 187, Bowbazar Street, and published at the Presidency Library, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Umá Charan Chrkravartí, and published by Durgá Charan Ráya.
748	Rudiments of Bengali Grammar in English.	ditto ...	K. P. Banerji	dttto ...	Printed at the Kohinur Press, 196, Bowbazar Street, and published at 63, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendra Lál Pátra, and published by J. C. Banerji.
749	English Composition ...	ditto ...	Wahed Baksh	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Munshi Wahed Baksh.
750	Middle class English Composition.	ditto ...	Brindában Dhar.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Ashutosh Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Krishna Hari Basák.
751	A Junior text-book of Translation.	ditto...	Beni Mádhav Gánguli, and Bishveshvar Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the new Town Press, Bhawanipur.	Printed by Kedár Náth Mitra, and published by S. C. Addi.
752	A complete key to P. C. Sarkár's First Book of Reading.	ditto...	Tárá Prasanna Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 39, Simla Street, and published at 21, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendra Náth De, and published by the Girish Library.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
753	Samartha Kosha. A Bengali and English Dictionary with Pauranic Biographical Dictionary. Part 49.	ditto...	A. K. Mitra and L. K. Basu.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane Calcutta.	Printed by H. C. Basu & Co., and published by A. K. Mitra and L. K. Basu.
754	Ditto. ditto. Part 50.	ditto...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, and published at the Sobhá bazar Rajbáti, Calcutta.	ditto ditto ...
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL.) *The following works are designed for educational purposes.*					
755	The easy lessons on Arithmetic.	ditto...	Mohan Lál De.	Science (Mathematical).	Printed at 119, Old Baitakkháná Bazar Road, and published at 54-1, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by J. N. Banerji and Son, and published by M. M. Datta.
756	Arithmetic in Bengali and English.	ditto...	Táriní Charan Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the New Town Press, Bhawanipur.	Printed and published by Kedár Náth Mitra.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS.									
ENGLISH BOOKS.									
1893. Feb. 6th	Pages. 316	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	Printed	Rs. A. P. 0 12 0	Tulsidás Mukharji 27, Guru Prasád Chaudhuri's Lane, Calcutta.	A key	743
Jan. 1st	136	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	......	A school book	744
1892. Dec. 27th	84	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Bhuban Mohan Datta, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	A help to students ...	745
1893. Jan. 5th	70	16mo D. C.	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Binod Bihárí Mukharji.	ditto	746
2nd Feb.	65	12mo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Rám Chandra Bhattácháryya, Sulkea, Howrah.	A key	747
Jan. 15th	50	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	K. P. Banerji, Jalpaiguri.	A school book	748
Feb. 5th	24	12mo	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 2 6	.. ...	A help to students ...	749
" 18th	92	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	A school book	750
Feb. 1st	166	8vo F. C.	4th...	5,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Beni Mádhab Gánguli, and Bishveshvar Chakravartí, Bhawanipur.	A help to students ...	751
Jan. 4th	35	8vo dy	2nd	3,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Girish Library, 21, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	A key	752
1892. Dec. 20th	32	4to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	......	Bengali from *Parashvadha* to *Paricharyyá*. English from *emergent* to *enceinte*. In Pauranic biography *Kalki* is continued.	753
1893. Jan. 16th	32	4to dy	10th	7,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	......	Bengali from *Parichâyaka* to *parivâhabân*. English from *enceinte* to *enfilade*. Paurânic Biography from *Kalpa* to *Kavi*.	754
" 7th	292	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Mohan Lál De	A school book	755
Feb. 1st	286	8vo crown.	2nd	2,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Táriní Charan Basu, and Kedár Náth Mitra, Bhawanipur.	ditto ditto ...	756

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						II.—BENGALI AND
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1930	Nítimálár Arthapustak. A key to Nítimálá.	Bengali and Sanskrit.	Bhúináth Vidyáratna.	Language	Printed and published at 24, Girish Vidyáratna's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashi Bhúshan Bhattácháryya, and published by Bhút Náth Vidyáratna.
1931	Praveshiká Byákaran. Introduction to Sanskrit grammar.	ditto...	Kedár Náth Vidyávinod.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Secular Press, Bhawanipur.	Printed and published by Kálí Prasanna Kávyavishárad.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
1932	Chánakya Níti. The Moral Precepts of Chánakya. (T)	ditto ...	Ishán Chandra Basu.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Adi Brahmo Samaj Press, and published at 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kálidás Chakravartí.
1933	Upabana Binoda. A Treatise on Gardening. (T)	ditto ...	Translated by Gana Náth Sen.	ditto ...	Printed at 68, Balarám De's Street, and published at 51, Guru Prasád Chaudhuri's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Nafar Chandra Sarkár, and published by Gannáth Sen.
1934	Ambashtha Dípiká. The Illuminator of the Vaidya Caste.	ditto ...	Compiled by Girijá Shankar Mazumdár.	ditto ...	Printed at the Jyotish Prakásh Press, and published at 20, Shánkáripárá, Bhawanipur.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Ghoshál, and published by Girijá Shankar Mazumdár.
	POETRY.					
1935	Svarnamayí Yashoshtakam. Eight verses in praise of Mahárani Svarnamayi.	ditto ...	Ananda Náth Kavíndra Shekhar.	Poetry ...	Printed and published at 24, Girish Vidyáratna's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Shashi Bhúshan Bhattácháryya.
1936	Kálidáser Kavitá. Verses by Kálidása. (T).	ditto ...	Compiled by Akshay Kumár De.	ditto ...	Printed at 25-3, Tárak Chatterji's Lane, and published at 113, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Tinkari Bishvás, and published by De and Sil.
1937	Udbhat Shlokmálá. A Collection *Udbhat Shlokas.* (T)	ditto ...	Mátangí Charan Gosvámí.	ditto ...	Printed at 39, Simla Street, and published at 38, Ahiritolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendra Náth De, and published by Mátangí Charan Gosvámí.
	RELIGION.					
1938	Shrí Shrí Chaitanya Charitámrita. The Nectar of the Life of Chaitanya. Part 10 (B).	ditto ...	Edited by Madan Gopál Gosvámí and others.	Religion H.	Printed and published at Kalna.	Printed and published by Shashi Bhúshan Banerji.
1939	Shrímad Deví Bhágavatam. One of the Mahápuráns. Vol. III. Part 7. (T)	ditto ...	Edited by Hari Charan Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 71, Páthuriághatá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kálí Prasanna Basu, and published by Hari Charan Basu.
1940	Nitya Tantra. One of the Tantras. Part II. (T)	ditto ...	Edited by Baradá Charan Dev.	ditto ...	Printed at 39, Simla Street, and published at Bansbaria.	Printed by Mahendra Náth De, and published by Baradá Charan Dev.
1941	Shrímad Bhagavadgítá. The Divine Lay. Parts 11, 12, and 13 (together). (T)	ditto ...	Edited by Shyám Lál Gosvámí.	ditto ...	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at the Haribhakti Pradáyiní Sabhá, Bagbazar, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by the Bagbazar Haribhakti Pradáyiní Sabhá.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	Remarks.	Number.
SANSKRIT BOOKS.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 2nd	140	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 6 6	Bhút Náth Vidyáratna, 56-23, Grey Street, Calcutta.	A key	1930
Jan. 25th	116	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Kedár Náth Vidyávinod.	....	1931
Jan. 18th	24	12mo dy	1st...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	Ishán Chandra Bose, Pinglá, Midnapore.	This is a translation of the Bengal recension of Chánakya's work on politics collected from various Shástras.	1932
1892. Dec. 10th	66	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Gana Náth Sen, 51, Guru Prasád Chaudhuri's Lane, Calcutta.	This is one of the works of that branch of the Medical Science, which is called the *Brikshá-yurveda*, or the treatment of trees. It treats of gardening. The chapter on *Chitríkarana*, which treats of of the curing of seeds is curious. It is a very interesting work.	1933
1893. Jan. 21st	48	8vo dy	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Girijá Shankar Mazumdár, 20, Shánkáripárá, Bhawanipur.	A caste publication revised and improved.	1934
1892. Nov. 24th	64	16mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Ananda Náth Kavíndra Shekhar, Kália, Jessore.	A eulogy of Mahárání Svarnamayi, C.I.E. The writer begs of her to pay the cost of publishing his Sanskrit works, which are 15 in number.	1935
" 24th	116	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Akshay Kumár De, and Nader Chánd Sil, 113, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	There are many verses which are certainly not Kálidása's, and many of the legends belong to later times.	1936
1893. Jan. 10th	22	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Mátangí Charan Gosvámí, 38, Ahiritolá Street, Calcutta.	A number of verses supposed to be written by unknown authors.	1937
1892. Dec. 27th	28	4to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Shashi Bhúshan Banerji, Kálná.	With interesting notes by men of the highest authority among the followers of Chaitanya.	1938
Nov. 24th	72	8vo rl.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Hari Charan Basu, 71, Páthuriághátá Street, Calcutta.	A Purána for the glorification of the Devi Kálí.	1939
" 22nd	178	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Baradá Charan De, Bansbaria, Hooghly.	A *tántrik* compilation of great value discoursing on the various topics interesting to the followers of the *tantrik* form of worship.	1940
Oct. 17th	96	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Bagbazar Haribhakti Pradáyiní Sabhá, Calcutta.	With the Gítábhúshan Bháshya by Baladeva Vidyábhúshan and a Bengali translation and notes by the editor.	1941

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						II.—BENGALI AND
	RELIGION—concluded.					
1942	Shrímad Bhagavadgítá. The Divine Lay. Parts 14 and 15 (together). (T)	Bengali and Sanskrit.	Edited by Shyám Lál Gosvámí.	Religion, H.	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at the Haribhakti Pradáyiní Sabhá, Bagbazar, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by the Bagbazar Haribhakti Pradáyiní Sabhá.
1943	Ditto. ditto. Parts 16-17 (together). (T)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1944	Ditto. ditto. Part 18. (T)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1945	Bashishtha Rámáyanam. The Rámáyan spoken by Bashishtha. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Kálíbar Vedántavágish.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 214, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Cháru Chandra Mitra, and published by Nandalál Pál.
1946	Brahmánda Puránam. One of the Mahápuráns. Part 16. (T)	ditto ...	Edited by Nagendra Náth Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by U. C. Basu, and published by N. N. Basu.
1947	Sánubád Karmalochanam. A Treatise on the Religious Duties of Hindus, with a translation. (T)	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed at 1, Nimu Gosáin's Lane, and published at 1, Garanhátá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mákhanlál Ghosh, and published by Ganesh Chandra Ghosh.
1948	Shástra Sár Sangraha. The Essence of the Shastras. (T)	ditto ...	Vidyáratna Company.	ditto ...	Printed at 133, Musjidbári Street, and published at 3-1, Nilmani Mitra's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by J. N. Chakravartí, and published by Vidyáratna Company.
1949	Moha Mudgara. The Destroyer of Illusions. (T)	ditto ...	Haridhan Kundu.	ditto ...	Printed at 16, Shiv Naráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Ghosh, and published by Haridhan Kundu.
1950	Mahábháratam. The Mahábhárata. No. 147. (T)	ditto ...	Translated by Shrídhar Churámani.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Serampore.	Printed by Thákurdás Ghoshál, and published by Umesh Chandra Bhattácháryya.
1951	Shrí Shrí Haribhakti Bilása. The Sports of Devotion to Hari. Part I. (T)	ditto ...	Translated by Mádhav Chandra Tarka Churámani.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Dacca.	Printed by Nanda Kishor Basák, and published by Mádhav Chandra Tarka Churámani.
						III.—ENGLISH AND
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
68	Shikshámani. The Jewel of Instruction.	English and Hindi.	Dina Náth Dev.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 35, Rájá's Kátrá, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by Raghu Náth Dás.
						IV.—ENGLISH AND
	ART.					
93	The Seven Principal Notes of the Hindus.	English and Sanskrit.	Raja Sir Saurindra Mohan Tagore, Mus. Doc.	Art ...	Printed and published at 249, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by I. C. Bose, and published by the the author.
94	Stanzas from Veni Samhára Nátaka, set to Music.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed at 249, Bowbazar Street, and published at Páthuriághátá, Calcutta.	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
SANSKRIT BOOKS—concluded.									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Oct. 30th	64	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	Bagbazar Hari-bhakti Pradáyiní Sabhá, Calcutta.	With the Gítábhúshan Bháshya by Baladeva Vidyábhúshan and a Bengali translation and notes by the editor.	1942
Nov. 29th	64	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	1943
1893. Jan. 30th	89	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ..	2 8 0 for the complete work.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	1944
Feb. 3rd	48	8vo dy	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 6 0	Nandalál Pál, 214, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	With the commentary of Anandabodhendra Bhikshu and a Bengali translation.	1945
1892. Dec. 20th	32	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	......	Contains much information about the position of the various parts of the world.	1946
Dec. 16th	32	12mo dy	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	Karmalochana is a small compilation on the subject of Hindu customs for the use of boys. It contains moral, sanitary, and hygienic directions and instructions, which are of the utmost value to a Hindu.	1947
Nov. 15th	20	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Vidyáratna and Company.	A collection of Sanskrit and Hindi verses, and passages with their Bengali translation on spiritual subjects.	1948
" 2nd	16	32mo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Haridhan Kundu, 209, Grand Trunk Road, Howrah.	A well-known work by Sankaráchåryya with a Bengali translation.	1949
Mar. 10th	80	8vo rl	1st...	100	ditto ...	0 8 0	Suresh Chandra De, Serampore.	With Nílkantha's commentary and a Bengali translation.	1950
Jan. 10th	80	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	The standard work of Chaitanyaite *smriti*. With a Bengali translation.	1951
HINDI BOOK.									
Dec. 2nd	426	8vo rl	3rd...	1,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	Dina Náth Dev, 19, Raja's Kátrá, Calcutta.	Intended to facilitate the acquirement of the English tongue.	68
SANSKRIT BOOKS.									
Dec. 15th	51	4to rl	1st...	250	ditto ...	Nil	Raja Sir Saurindra Mohan Tagore, 66, Páthuriághátá Street, Calcutta.	Composed in celebration of the Empress' birthday. Each note has a presiding deity, and the deity is invoked to bless the Empress.	93
1893. Feb. 2nd	32	8vo dy	1st...	200	ditto ...	Nil	ditto ...	Some of the best stanzas of the work have been set to music.	94

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						IV.—ENGLISH AND
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
95	Notes on Uttar Charita	English and Sanskrit.	Kálíkrishna Bhattáchár-yya.	Language	Printed at 63, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 10, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by G. C. Bose & Co., and published by the School Book Depository.
						V.—ENGLISH AND
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
19	A Translation of Child's First Grammar.	English and Urdu.	Abdul Karim	Language	Printed at the Sadiqpur Press, Patna, and published at Alumganj and Pirbahar.	Printed by Muhammad Ishaq, and published by Abdul Karim.
						VI.—HINDI AND
	MEDICINE.					
58	Chikitsánjanam. A Medical Compilation. (T.)	Hindi and Sanskrit.	Compiled by Lakshman Prasád Sukul.	Medicine, N.	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 15, Hánspukur Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by Lakshman Prasád Sukul.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
59	Gaurí Kánchaliká Tantram. A Tantric Work. (T.)	ditto...	Edited by Lakshman Prasád Sukul.	Miscellaneous.	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
60	Keralíya Prashna Ratnam. A Treatise on Astrology. (T.)	ditto...	......	ditto ...	Printed at 71, Páthuriághátá, and published at 30, Cotton Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kálí Prasanna Bose, and published by Sundarlál.
61	Bhágya Lakshmí. The Goddess of Fortune. (T.)	ditto...	Ambiká Prasád Sinha.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 75, Cotton Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by Ambiká Prasád Sinha.
						VII.—SANSKRIT AND
	RELIGION.					
5	Bibliotheca Indica. New Series. No. 826. Avadan Kalpalatá. Vol. II. Fasc. II. (R.)	Sanskrit and Tibetan.	Edited by Sharat Chandra Dás, C.I.E., and Hari Mohan Vidyábhúshan.	Religion, Buddhist.	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 57, Park Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the Asiatic Society.
						VIII.—SANSKRIT AND
	RELIGION.					
66	Sarvasár Bhágabat. The Essence of the Shrímadbhágavat.	Sanskrit and Uriya	Bhagaván Chandra Sinha.	Religion, H.	Printed and published at Cuttack.	Printed and published by Bhágvat Chandra Sinha.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.

Date of issue	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages	Size	Edition	Number of copies	Printed or lithographed	Price	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright	Remarks	Number
SANSKRIT BOOKS—concluded.									
1892.	Page.					Rs. A. P.			
Dec., 20th	76	12mo dy	1st...	600	Printed	1 0 0	Kálíkrishna Bhattácháryya, Harinábhi, 24-Parganas.	A key	95
URDU BOOK.									
1893. Jan., 12th	60	16mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	...	Abdul Karim, Teacher, Patna Collegiate School, Bankipur.	....	19
SANSKRIT BOOKS.									
1892. Dec. 31st	64	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Lakshman Prasád Sukul, 15, Hánspukur Lane, Calcutta.	Contains directions for feeling the pulse and a number of prescriptions for various diseases.	58
" 31st	94	12mo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	This is an ancient *tantra* quoted in many authentic *tantric* compilations. The work is accompanied with a Hindi translation. It contains prescriptions of medicines for various diseases and the processes for the acquisition of occult powers for killing, subduing, uprooting, &c.	59
Nov. 29th	140	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	Sundarílál, 30, Cotton Street, Calcutta.	The Kerali method of astrology and fortune-telling is by questions and answers. The work is accompanied with a commentary by the editor entitled "Sundari."	60
1893. Jan. 24th	49	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Ambiká Prasád Sinha, Monghyr.	How the Goddess of Wealth is to be propitiated, the things that are dear to her, and hymns to her.	61
TIBETAN BOOK.									
Feb. 16th	96	8vo rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	......	Sanskrit on one page and the metrical translation in Classical Tibetan on the other. It is meant to help the study of Tibetan through the medium of Sanskrit.	5
URIYA BOOK.									
Mar. 13th	13	16mo dy	3rd	2,000	ditto ...	......	The Author, Cuttack.	The substance of the Bhágavata in a few verses.	66

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						TRI-LINGUAL
						I.—BENGALI, ENGLISH, AND
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
127	Anubád Shikshá. Instruction in Translation.	Bengali, English, and Sanskrit.	Chandra Kánta Vidyáratna.	Language.	Printed and published at the Chandra Shekhar Press, Chittagong.	Printed and published by Jagat Chandra Dás.
128	Vyákaranádarsher Samkshep. An Abridgment of Vyákaranádarsha.	ditto...	Kálí Kumár Sharmá.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Uttarpárá.	Printed by Nityalál Ghosh, and published by Chandra Kumár Kaviratna.
	PHILOSOPHY.					
129	The Indian Sage. Part I. Ishá Upanishad. One of the Upanishads. (T.)	ditto...	Translated by Jadunáth Mazumdár, M.A., B.L.	Philosophy.	Printed and published at the Subhakari Press, Jessore.	Printed and published by Dinanáth Chakravartí.
						UNI-LINGUAL
						I.—ASSAMESE
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
54	Bijulí. Lightning. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 8.	Assamese.	Edited by Padmanáth Baruá.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 68, Balarám De's Street, and published at 67, Mirzápur Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Naphar Chandra Sarkár, and published by Padma Náth Baruá.
55	Jonákí. The Glow-worm. A monthly paper. Vol. IV. No. 10.	ditto ...	Edited by Lakshmí Náráyan Bezbaruá.	ditto ...	Printed at the Adi Brahma Samáj Press, and published at 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Kálidás Chakravartí, and published by Gopínáth Baruá.
56	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 11.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
						II.—BENGALI
	MEDICINE.					
3018	Chikitsá Sammilaní. The bringing together of different systems of medicine. A monthly paper. Vol. VIII. Nos. 8 and 9 (together).	Bengali	Edited by Abinásh Chandra Kaviratna.	Medicine, E. and N.	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 200, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rámnáráyan Pál, and published by Avinásh Chandra Kaviratna.
3019	Bhishak-Darpan. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 6.	ditto ...	Edited by Zahiruddin Ahmed.	ditto E....	Printed and published at 4, Sítárám Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by M. M. Basu.
3020	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 7.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ..	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS.									
SANSKRIT BOOKS.									
1892. Dec. 31st	Pages. 85	8vo dy	1st..	1,000	Printed	Rs. A. P. 0 6 0	Chandra Kánta Vidyáratna, Head Pandit, Chittagong College.	A help to students.	127
1893. Jan. 10th	176	18mo dy	2nd	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	Nrisinharám Mukharji, Uttarpárá.	A school book.	128
Feb. 15th	18	12mo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 2 6	Jadunáth Mazumdár, Pleader, Jessore.	The Ishopanishad or the Vájasaneya Samhitopanishad with a Bengali and English translation.	129
PERIODICALS.									
PERIODICALS.									
1892. Dec. 20th	23	8vo dy	1st...	650	ditto ...	0 2 0	Padma Náth Baruá, 67, Mirzápur Street.	In an article on the Assamese language, the writer thinks that Assamese is not the language of the Ahoms, and that it is derived from Sanskrit. In Bengali, the written and colloquial, languages differ greatly from each other, but in Assamese they are nearly the same. There is an article on the Jury Notification in Assam also in this number.	54
1893. Feb. 3rd	22	8vo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 2 0	Lakshmí Náráyan Bezbaruá, 18, Sovárám Basák's Lane, Calcutta.	Contains articles on the spelling and grammar of the Assamese language, and on the jury system.	55
" 25th	22	8vo ...	1st...	......	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	56
PERIODICALS.									
Jan. 18th	40	8vo dy	1st...	......	ditto ...	0 12 0	Abinásh Chandra Kaviratna, 200, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Gives a specific for blood vomiting or for Phthisis and for Pneumonia.	3018
1892. Dec. 1st	44	8vo rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	Dr. Zahiruddin Ahmed.	The usual contents. The article on the operation for fistula by the editor is worthy of note.	3019
1893. Jan. 14th	44	8vo rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	ditto ...	Contains an article on arsenic poisoning.	3020

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the First

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						II.—BENGALI
	MEDICINE—*concld.*					
3021	Homiopyáthik Chikitsak. Homœopathic Doctor. A monthly paper. Vol. IV. Nos. 4 and 5.	Bengali	Edited by Jagadísh Chandra Láhiri & Co.	Medicine, E.	Printed at 189, Bowbazar Street, and published at 101, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Umácharan Chakravartí, and published by Messrs. Láhiri & Co.
3022	Chikitsáratna. A Homœopathic Journal of Medicine. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 4.	ditto ...	Edited by Rájendra Lál Sur.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 89, Shyámbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by H. C. Ghosh, and published by S. C. Sur.
3023	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 5.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3024	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
3025	Anusandhán. The Enquiry. A fortnightly paper. Vol. VI. No. 4.	ditto ...	Edited by Mahendra Náth Ráy Bidyánidhi.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Nagendra Náth Chakravartí, and published by Durgá Dás Láhiri.
3026	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 5.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3027	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3028	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 7.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3029	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 8.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3030	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 9.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3031	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 11.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3032	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 12.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed at 23, Jugol Kishor Dás's Lane, and published at 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by D. Bhattácháryya, and published by Durgá Dás Láhiri.
3033	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 13.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3034	Bámábodhiní Patriká. A Journal for the Instruction of Women. A monthly paper. No. 326.	ditto ...	Edited by Umesh Chandra Datta.	ditto ...	Printed at 211, Cornwallis Street, and published at 9, Anthony Bágán Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by K. C. Datta, and published by Ashutosh Ghosh.
3035	Ditto ditto. No. 334.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ..	ditto ditto.
3036	Ditto ditto. No. 335.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3037	Ditto ditto. No. 336.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of propietor or copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
PERIODICALS—*contd.*									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Dec. 30th	80	8vo dy	1st...	500	Printed	3 6 0 yearly.	Messrs. Láhiri & Co., 101, College Street, Calcutta.	Contains a long metrical article on Materia Medica.	3021
Dec. 8th	12	16mo dy	1st...	200	ditto ...	0 2 0	Rájendra Lál Sur, 104, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	....	3022
1893.									
Jan. 10th	12	16mo dy	1st...	200	ditto ...	0 2 11	ditto ...	....	3023
Feb. 4th	12	16mo dy	1st...	200	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	....	3024
1892. Oct. 26th	24	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Durgá Dás Láhiri, 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	Attempts to trace the worship of Krishna in the Rig Veda.	3025
Nov. 10th	24	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	The same article is continued. There is a story of great cleverness in escaping punishment for crimes committed in open daylight.	3026
1893.									
Jan. 8th	24	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	There is an article on the present state of the Bengali language.	3027
„ 8th	24	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	The article on Bengali language is continued.	3028
„ 15th	24	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	In one of the articles the writer points out danger of using articles imported from foreign countries such as refined sugar, Swiss milk &c. The article on the Bengali language is continued.	3029
„ 15th	24	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	The article on the Bengali language is continued.	3030
Feb. 1st	24	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	The same article is continued ...	3031
„ 10th	24	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	....	3032
„ 27th	48	8vo rl	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	The article on the Bengali language is continued and a very interesting article on the author's original manuscript of Chandi by Kabikankan, one of the most popular of Bengali poets, is commenced. There is a humorous metrical piece on the subject of the attitude of the *Pioneer* and of the *Englishman* on the jury question.	3033
1892. Mar. 26th	32	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Umesh Chandra Datta, 9, Anthony Bágán Lane, Calcutta.	Articles entertaining to female readers.	3034
Nov. 26th	32	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3035
1893. Jan. 1st	32	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3036
„ 21st	32	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3037

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						II.—BENGALI
	MISCELLANEOUS—*contd.*					
3038	Bhárati o Bálak. A monthly paper. Vol. XVI. No. 8.	Bengali	Edited by Svarna Kumárí Deví.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 2, Goábágán Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Táriní Charan Ash, and published by Satísh Chandra Dás.
3039	Ditto ditto. Vol. XVI. No. 9.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goábágán Street, and published at Kasiábágán Garden House, Calcutta.	ditto ditto ...
3040	Ditto ditto. Vol. XVI. No. 10.	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3041	Janmabhúmi. The Fatherland. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 12.	ditto ...	Edited by N. C. Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kebalrám Chatterji.
3042	Ditto ditto. Vol. III. No. 1.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3043	Ditto ditto. Vol. III. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3044	Jnán Bikáshiní. A monthly paper. Vol. I No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Krishna Kumár Kávyaratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 4, Hem Chandra Kar's Lane, and published at 3, Kumártuli Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Prabhás Chandra Ráy, and published by Krishna Kumár Kávyaratna.
3045	Nabya Bhárata. New India. A monthly paper. Vol. X. No. 6.	ditto ...	Edited by Deví Prasanna Ráy Chaudhuri.	ditto ...	Printed at 17, Raghunáth Chatterji's Street, and published at 210-4, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Haripada Pál, and published by Devi Prasanna Ráy Chaudhuri.
3046	Sakhá. The Friend. A monthly paper. Vol X. No. 10.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musulmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Lalit Mohan Dás.
3047	Ditto ditto. Vol. X. No. 11.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3048	Ditto ditto. Vol. X. No. 12.	ditto ...	Edited by A. C. Sen.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3049	Ditto ditto. Vol. XI. No. 1.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3050	Sádhaná. Adaptation of means to the end. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Sudhíndra Náth Tagore.	ditto ...	Printed at the Adi Brahmo Samaj Press and published at 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Káli Dás Chakravarti.
3051	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3052	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 3.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	Remarks.	Number.
PERIODICALS—*contd.*									
	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
1892. Dec. 8th	60	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 3 0	Svarna Kumárí Deví, Kásia-bágán Garden House, Calcutta.	Contains a harrowing account of Russian prisons. Mr. P. N. Basu, discourses on the good and evil consequences of the contact with European civilization on Hindu society. There are many readable articles in this number.	3038
1893. Jan. 20th	64	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	Contains an article on the mendacity of Russian traders, another on the punitive measures adopted by Jehangir to check violent crimes.	3039
Feb. 9th	64	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	Contains articles of literary and social interest.	3040
1892. Dec. 3rd	64	8vo rl	1st...	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 9	Nírad Chandra Basu, 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	The account of the sepoy Mutiny by Durgádás Babu is continued.	4041
Jan. 7th	72	8vo rl	1st...	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 9	N. C. Basu, 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	The account of the Mutiny is continued. One of the writers strongly criticizes the method of writing keys adopted by Babu Abalákánta Sen.	3042
Feb. 2nd	64	8vo rl	1st...	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	ditto ...	The article on the Mutiny is continued. The number contains an article on Lord Clive's capture of Arcot.	3043
" 25th	36	8vo rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 2 6	Krishna Kumár Kávyaratna, 3, Kumártuli Street, Calcutta.	A new periodical containing articles of literary and historical interest.	3044
Nov. 1st	80	8vo rl	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 10 0	Deví Prasanna Ráy Chaudhuri, 210-4, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Contains an important article on the Police and Protection by a retired Deputy Magistrate.	3045
Oct. 31st	16	8vo s rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	A. C. Sen ...	Articles for the instruction and amusement of boys. This number contains an account and some illustrations of the Octopod.	3046
Nov. 30th	16	8vo s rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto ...	Articles for the amusement and instruction of boys.	3047
Dec. 31st	16	8vo s rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3048
1893. Jan. 31st	16	8vo s rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3049
1892. Nov. 29th	16	16mo crown.	1st...	750	ditto ...	0 6 0	Sudhíndra Náth Tagore, 6, Dwáraká Náth Tagore's Lane, Calcutta.	Articles of social, religious, and and literary interest.	3050
Dec. 29th	88	16mo crown.	1st...	750	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	Advocates the claims of Indian vernaculars to be the medium of imparting education to our Indian youths instead of English.	3051
1893. Jan. 27th	95	16mo crown.	1st...	750	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	One of the writers regrets that Bengali boys pass the best portion of their lives in learning a difficult foreign language. Their education is superficial and not real. They use words, which convey no meaning to their minds. This state of things should change. They should get their instruction in their mother-tongue.	3052

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
	MISCELLANEOUS—*concld.*					II—BENGALI
3053	Sádhaná. Adaptation of means to the end. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 4.	Bengali	Edited by Sudhíndra Náth Tagore.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Adi Brahmo Samaj Press 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Káli Dás Chakravartí.
3054	Sáhitya. Literature. A monthly paper. Vol. III. No. 7.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed at 17, Raghunáth Chatterji's Street, and published at 23, Vidyáságar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Haripada Pál, and published by Rájendra Náth Bhattácharya.
3055	Sebaka. The servant. A monthly paper Vol. II. Nos. 1, 2, and 3.	ditto ...	Edited by Shashi Bhúshan Datta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Syamantak Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Gopí Náth Basák.
	RELIGION.					
3056	Amáder Patriká. A monthly paper. Vol. V. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Rev. T. K. Chatterji.	Religion, C	Printed at 39, Rám Mohan Datta's Lane, Bhawanipur, and published at 22, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	Printed by B. M. Bose, and published by Rev. E. T. Sandys.
3057	Ditto ditto. Vol. V. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3058	Ditto ditto. Vol. V. No. 3.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3059	Bháratmátá. An annual paper. Vol 5. No. 3.	ditto ...	Edited by Hari Mohan Banerji.	ditto H.	Printed and published at Darbhanga.	Printed by Bimalá Charan Chakravartí, and published by Háràdhan Mukharji.
3060	Shríchaitanya Mata Bodhiní. The Expounder of the Doctrines of Chaitanya. A monthly paper. Vol. I. No. 11.	ditto ...	Edited by Sharat Chandra Tapasví and others.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Kálná.	Printed and published by Shashi Bhúshan Bandyopádhyáya.
3061	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. No. 12.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3062	Chhátra Mitra. The student's friend. A monthly paper. Vol. I. No. 4.	ditto ..	Edited by Rev. T. B. Gwyn.	ditto C.	Printed at 41 Lower Circular Road, and published at 33, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by Rev. T. B. Gwyn.
3063	Khrishtíya Bándhab and Sande Skul Patriká. The Christian Friend and Sunday School Journal. A monthly paper. Vol. XIV. No. 11.	ditto ...	Edited by M. N. Náth.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rev. J. W. Thomas.
3064	Ditto ditto. Vol. XIV. No. 12.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3065	Ditto ditto. Vol. XV. No. 1.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3066	Ditto ditto. Vol. XV. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3067	Rana Rab. The Warcry. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 5.	ditto ...	......	ditto ..	Printed at 33, Musalman párá Lane, and published at 78, Dharamtalá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Nava Kumár Majumdár and published by Major J. Kodi.

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	7
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
PERIODICALS—*contd.*									
1893.						Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 25th	83	16mo crown.	1st...	750	Printed	0 6 0	Sudhíndra Náth Tagore, 6, Dváraká Náth Tagore's Lane, Calcutta.	Explains the scheme of the Imperial Federation of the various British possessions formulated by George Parkin, who thinks that India should form no part of the Federation, but she should have more masters, *i.e.*, she should be governed not only by England, but by the whole of the Federation.	3053
1892. Oct. 29th	64	8vo	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Suresh Chandra Samájpati, 23, Vidyáságar's Street, Calcutta.	It is certain that the English do not expect any help from their Native subjects, in their struggle with Russia, for otherwise they would not have disarmed India.	3054
1893. Jan. 31st	56	8vo	1st..	333	ditto ...	0 1 0	......	An organ of the East Bengal Brahmo Samaj.	3055
1892. Dec. 26th	16	8vo D. F. C.	...	1,300	ditto ...	0 0 3	Secretary, Scripture Union, Bengal Branch, No. 10, Mission Row, Calcutta.	An organ of the Scripture Reading Society.	3056
1893. Jan. 27th	16	8vo D. F. C.	...	1,600	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3057
Feb. 24th	16	8vo D. F. C.	...	1,600	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3058
1892. Dec. 30th	51	8vo D. F. C.	2nd .	1,000	ditto...	0 8 0	......	Contains articles on abstruse and difficult points in connection with Hindu faith and Hindu worship.	3059
1893. Jan. 3rd	24	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 6 0 Yearly	Sharat Chandra Tapasví and others, Brindában, Mathurá.	An organ of the followers of Chaitanya at Brindában.	3060
" 3rd	24	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3061
" 6th	16	8vo dy	1st...	800	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	An organ of the Native Christian Community.	3062
1892. Oct. 22nd	24	8vo rl	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3063
Nov. 22nd	24	8vo rl	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3064
Dec. 24th	26	8vo rl	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3065
1893. Jan. 24th	24	8vo rl	1st ...	600	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3066
1892. Nov. 10th	4	4to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	Salvation Army, Dharamtala Street, Calcutta.	An organ of the Salvation Army.	3067

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						II.—BENGALI
	Religion—*concld.*					
3068	Rana Rab. The Warcry. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 6.	Bengali	......	Religion C.	Printed and published at 33, Musulmanpárá, Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Nava Kumár Majumdár and published by Captain Sontosham.
3069	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 7.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3070	Tattvavodhini Patriká. The Paper for explaining Truth. A monthly paper, No. 592.	ditto ...	Edited by Dvijendra Náth Tagore.	Religion, B.	Printed at the Adi Brahma Samaj Press, and published at 55, Upper Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Káli Dás Chakravartí.
3071	Ditto ditto. No. 593.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3072	Ditto ditto. No. 594.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3073	Ditto ditto. No. 595.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3074	Tránoday. The Rise of Salvation. A Weekly Paper. Vol. IV. No. 14.	ditto ...	Edited by A. C. Mukherji.	Religion, C.	Printed and published at Dehi Serampore Road, Entally.	Printed and published by B. L. Sinha.
3075	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 15.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3076	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 16.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3077	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 17.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3078	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 18.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3079	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 19.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3080	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 20.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed and published by A. C. Mukharji.
3081	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 21.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3082	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 22.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3083	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 23.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3084	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 24.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3085	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 25.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3086	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 26.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
						III.—ENGLISH
	Law.					
990	The Law Record. A Monthly Paper. Vol. I. No. 3.	English	Edited by Mahendra Náth Chatterji.	Law ...	Printed and published at 65-2, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Girish Chandra Chakravartí.
991	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by G. C. Chakravartí and published by M. N. Chatterji.
992	The Legal Companion. A Monthly Paper. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by P. C. Sen.	ditto ...	Printed at 33, New China Bazar, Calcutta, and published at Serampore.	Printed by D. C. Dás and Co., and published by J. M. Sen and Co.
	Medicine.					
993	The Homœopathic Medical Record. A Monthly Paper. Vol. I. No. 12.	ditto ...	Edited by J. C. Láhiri.	Medicine, E.	Printed at 189, Bowbazar Street, and published at 101, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Umá Charan Chakravartí, and pub- by Messrs. Láhiri and Co.
994	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 1.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	Remarks.	Number.
PERIODICALS—*concld.*									
1892.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Dec. 6th	4	4 to dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 0 3	Salvation Army, Dharamtalá Street, Calcutta.	An organ of the Salvation Army.	3068
1893. Jan. 30th	4	4 to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3069
1892. Nov. 15th	20	F. Cap.	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 6 0	Dvijendra Náth Tagore, 6, Dváraká Náth Tagore's Lane, Calcutta.	An organ of the Adi Brahmo Samáj.	3070
Dec. 15th	20	F. Cap.	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3071
1893. Jan. 13th	19	F. Cap.	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3072
Feb. 11th	17	F. Cap.	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3073
1892. Nov. 23rd	8	4 to rl	1st...	350	ditto ...	0 0 6	A. C. Mukherji, 1, Dehi Serampore Road, Entally.	An organ of the Native Christian Community.	3074
" 30th	8	4 to rl	1st...	356	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3075
Dec. 8th	8	4 to rl	1st...	356	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3076
" 15th	8	4 to rl	1st...	356	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3077
" 22nd	8	4 to rl	1st...	366	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3078
" 29th	8	4 to rl	1st...	366	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3079
1893. Jan. 11th	8	4 to rl	1st...	366	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto	3080
" 18th	8	4 to rl	1st...	366	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3081
" 25th	8	4 to rl	1st...	366	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3082
Feb. 2nd	8	4 to rl	1st...	368	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3083
" 9th	8	4 to rl	1st...	368	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3084
" 16th	8	4 to rl	1st...	368	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3085
" 23rd	8	4 to rl	1st...	368	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3086
PERIODICALS.									
1892. Dec. 27th	48	8vo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	10 0 0 per annum.	M. N. Chatterji, 7, Jay Mitra's Ghát Lane, Calcutta.	....	990
1893. Feb. 13th	50	8vo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	....	991
Jan. 20th	36	8vo rl	1s ...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	J. M. Sen and Co.	....	992
1892. Dec. 31st	48	8vo rl	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 12 0	Messrs. Láhiri and Co., 101, College Street, and 1, Old Court House Corner, Calcutta.	A review of the progress of homœopathic medicine, surgery, obstetrics and the allied sciences.	993
1893. Feb. 5th	48	8vo rl	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 12 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	994

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						III—ENGLISH.
	MEDICINE—contd.					
995	The Medical Reporter. A Monthly Paper. Vol. I. No. 9.	English	Edited by Lawrence Fernandez.	Medicine, E.	Printed and published at 35, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Lawrence Fernandez.
996	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. No. 11.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
997	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. No. 12.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
998	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 1.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
999	The Scalpel. A Monthly Paper. Vol. I. No. 2.	ditto...	Edited by C. W. Kirkpatrick.	ditto ...	Printed at 21, Bowbazar Street, and published at the Medical College, Calcutta.	Printed by G. P. Ráy, & Co.. and published by C. W. Kirkpatrick.
1000	Ditto. ditto. Vol. I. No. 3.	ditto...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
1001	Ara. A Monthly Paper. Vol. II. No. 1.	ditto...	Edited by J. D. M. Beglar.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 11, Wellesley Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Nilmani Banerji, and published by G. Pogose.
1002	The Calcutta Review. A Quarterly Journal. No. 191.	ditto...	Edited by James W. Furrell.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 12. Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thomas S. Smith.
1003	The Hindu Magazine. A Monthly Review. Vol. I. No. 2.	ditto...	Edited by Amrita Lál Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 4, Ramánáth Majumdár's Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by B. B. Mitra.
1004	The Interpreter. A Monthly Paper. Vol. I. No. 4.	ditto...	Edited by P. C. Majumdár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 20, Patuatolá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jagabandhu Ghosh.
1005	Journal of the Society for the Promotion of Indian Industry. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto...	Edited by P. N. Bose.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 29, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhiri and Mitra, and published by Messrs. S. K. Láhiri & Co.
1006	Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal. Vol. LXI. Part I. No. 3. 1892.	ditto...	Edited by C. R. Wilson.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 57, Park Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the Asiatic Society, Bengal.
1007	Ditto, ditto. Vol. LXI. Part II. No. 3.	ditto...	Edited by Dr. J. H. Tull Walsh.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1008	The Light of the East. A Monthly Paper. Vol. I. No. 3.	ditto...	Edited by S. C. Mukhopádhyáya.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by L. M. Dás.
1009	Ditto. ditto. Vol. I. No. 4.	ditto...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed and published at 79-3, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jogendra Náth Mallik.
1010	National Magazine. A Monthly Paper. Vol. VI. No. 10.	ditto...	Edited by Kálíprasanna De.	ditto ...	Printed at 132, Lower Circular Road, and published at 32, Káli Dás Sinha's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kálíprasanna De.
1011	Ditto. ditto. Vol. VI. No. 11.	ditto...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by J. Larkins and published by Káliprasanna De.
1012	Ditto. ditto. Vol. VI. No. 12.	ditto...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
PERIODICALS.—*contd.*						Rs. A. P.			
1893.	Page.								
Sept. 1st	40	4 to dy	1st...	5,000	Printed	1 0 0	Lawrence Fernandez, 35, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	A record of medicine, surgery, public health, and general intelligence.	995
1892. Nov. 1st	40	4 to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ..	1 0 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	996
Dec. 1st	44	4 to dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	997
1893. Jan. 1st	44	4 to dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	998
1892. Nov. 4th	16	4 to F. C.	1st...	500	ditto ...	3 0 0 yearly.	C. W. Kirkpatrick and others, Medical College, Calcutta.	A monthly magazine for medical students.	999
Dec. 20th	16	4to ...	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	1000
1893. Jan. 16th	48	4to rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	G. P. Pogose, 11, Wellesley Street, Calcutta.	A journal of literature and of Armenian politics and history.	1001
1892. Dec. 28th	232	......	...	300	ditto ...	......	Thomas S. Smith, City Press, Calcutta.	Contains some interesting papers on Indian antiquities.	1002
Nov. 10th	56	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Amrita Lál Ráy, 4, Ramánáth Majumdár's Street, Calcutta.	Contains a long article on Hinduism and Pantheism.	1003
„ 30th	24	......	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	The article on Hindu Apostles is very interesting as showing that religious reformers in this country have succeeded each other with but slight breaks in the chain for the last 2,500 years.	1004
„ 10th	38	8vo dy	1st...	230	ditto ...	1 8 0	......	Contains articles on the probability of reviving the silk industry of Bengal, on the glass industry of Patna, and on the coal industry of Bengal.	1005
1892. Dec. 28th	88	8vo rl	1st...	650	ditto ...	2 0 0	......	....	1006
1893. Jan. 24th	88	8vo rl	1st...	650	ditto ...	1 8 0	......	....	1007
1892. Nov. 20th	32	8vo rl	1st...	400	ditto ...	......	S. C. Mukharji, Calcutta.	A Hindu magazine devoted to Aryan philosophy and occultism.	1008
Dec. 22nd	32	8vo ...	1st...	500	ditto ...	5 0 0 yearly.	S. C. Mukharji, 11, Shikdár Bágán Street, Calcutta.	Christ and Budhha are regarded as physical incarnations of morality. Morality and immorality are like the positive and negative poles of a magnet, and Srikrishna is the neutral centre.	1009
„ 5th	38	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Kálíprasanna De.	The article on the sceptics' view of Indian Railways gives the net results of the extension of railways in India, and the writer doubts whether these are all favourable for India.	1010
„ 25th	38	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	....	1011
1893. Jan. 23rd	40	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	....	1012

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						III—ENGLISH
	MISCELLANEOUS—*concld.*					
1013	National Magazine. A Monthly Paper. Vol. VII No. 1.	English	Edited by Kálíprasanna De.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 132, Lower Circular Road, and published at 32, Káli Dás Sinha's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by J. Larkins and published by Kálíprasanna De.
1014	The Nautical Guildsman. A monthly paper. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Rev. Father Hopkins.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 12, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	Printed by T. S. Smith, and published by J. E. Anderson.
1015	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1016	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. No. 3.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditoo ...
1017	Ditto ditto. Vol. 1. No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1018	Proceedings and Journal of the Agricultural and Horticultural Society of India for October-December 1892.	ditto ...	Agricultural and Horticultural Society of India.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1019	Universal Advertiser. A monthly journal for November 1892.	ditto ...	Edited by W. S. Bessa.	ditto ...	Printed at 102, Rádhábazar, and published at 1, Old Court House Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharatchandra Basák, and published by Netra Lál De & Co.
	RELIGION.					
1020	The Evangelist. A monthly paper. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by W. G. Broackway.	Religion, C.	Printed and published at 41, Lower, Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by J. W. Thomas.
1021	Ditto ditto. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1022	Monthly Record of News and Notes. A monthly paper. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Rev. H. R. Brown.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, and published at Darjeeling.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by H. R. Brown.
1023	Ditto ditto. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1024	The India Sunday School Journal. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 12.	ditto ...	Edited by Dr. J. L. Phillips.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rev. J. W. Thomas.
1025	Ditto ditto. Vol. III. No. 1.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1026	Ditto ditto. Vol. III. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1027	Ditto ditto. Vol. III. No. 3.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
						IV.—HINDI
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
187	Brahman. A monthly paper. Vol. IX. No. 4.	Hindi	Edited by Pratáp Náráyan Mishra.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Khargavilás Press, Bankipur.	Printed and published by Sáheb Prasád Sinha.
188	Ditto ditto. Vol. IX. No. 5.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
189	Ditto ditto. Vol. IX. No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
190	Dvijapatriká. A fortnightly paper. Vol. III. No. 21.	ditto ...	Edited by Dín Dayál Sinha.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
191	Ditto ditto. Vol. III. No. 22.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto diito ...
192	Ditto ditto. Vol. III. No. 23.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 31st March 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
PERIODICALS—*concld.*									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Jan. 27th	40	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	Printed	1 0 0	Kálíprasanna De.	Contains an article on the literature of Bengal, in which the writer is not satisfied with the manner of cataloguing books in the Bengal Library Catalogue.	1013
Nov. 15th	24	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	Superior, the Seamen's Guild of the Society of St. Paul, 17, Garden Reach, Calcutta.	Articles and notes interesting to sailors and seamen.	1014
Dec. 15th	33	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	1015
1893. Jan. 20th	30	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	1016
Feb. 23rd	26	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	1017
" 10th	39	8vo dy	1st...	550	ditto ...	... ..	Agricultural and Horticultural Society of India.	....	1018
1892. Nov. 30th	26	8vo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	Netra Lál De, Gopíkrishna Pál's Lane, Calcutta.	....	1019
Dec. 29th	4	4to dy	1st...	2,400	ditto ...	......	......	....	1020
1893. Feb. 7th	4	4to dy	1st...	1,800	ditto ...	......	......	....	1021
1892. Dec. 30th	4	4to dy	1st...	150	ditto ...	......	......	....	1022
1893. Feb. 1st	4	4to dy	1st...	150	ditto ...	......	......	....	1023
1892. Nov. 18th	38	8vo dy	1st...	1,200	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	....	1024
Dec. 19th	40	8vo dy	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	....	1025
1893. Jan. 21st	44	8vo dy	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	....	1026
Feb 16th	44	12mo dy	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	....	1027
PERIODICALS.									
1893.									
Feb. 21st	16	8vo rl.	1st...	150	ditto ...	......	Pratáp Náráyan Mishra, Cawnpore.	The usual contents ...	187
" 22nd	8	8vo rl.	1st...	150	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto	188
" 23rd	17	8vo rl.	1st...	150	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto	189
" 15th	9	8vo rl.	1st...	200	ditto ...	... ..	Dindayál Sinha, Táranpur, Patna.	ditto	190
" 16th	8	8vo rl.	1st ..	200	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto	191
" 17th	16	8vo rl.	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	ditto ..	ditto	192

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						IV.—HINDI
	MISCELLANEOUS—*concld.*					
193	Dvijapatriká. A fortnightly paper. Vol. III. No. 24.	Hindi	Edited by Din Dayál Sinha.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Khargavilás Press, Bankipore.	Printed and published by Sáheb Prasád Sinha.
194	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 1.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
195	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	RELIGION.					
196	Chotá Nágpur Dút Patriká. The Chota Nagpur Messenger. A monthly paper. No. 148.	ditto ...	Edited by Pandit Bholá Náth.	Religion, C.	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, and published at the S. P. G. Mission, Ranchi.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by Pandit Bholá Náth.
197	Ditto ditto. No. 149.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
198	Ditto ditto. No. 150.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
						V.—SANSKRIT
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
109	Vidyodaya. The Dawn of Learning. A monthly paper. Vol. XXI. No. 9.	Sanskrit	Edited by Hrishí Kesha Shástrí.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the People's Press, Calcutta.	Printed by A. C. Ghosh, and published by Panchánan Tarkálankár.
110	Ditto ditto. Vol. XXI. No. 10.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
111	Ditto ditto. Vol. XXI. No. 11.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
						BI-LINGUAL
						BENGALI AND SANS
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
108	Arunodaya. The Rise of the Sun. A monthly paper. Vol. III. No. 3.	Bengali and Sanskrit.	Edited by Rasik Mohan Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at the Jyotish Prakásh Press, and published at 6, Simla Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Ghoshál and published Rasik Mohan Chatterji.
109	Ditto ditto. Vol. III. No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ..	ditto ditto ...
110	Ushá. The Dawn. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 5.	ditto ...	Edited by Satya Vrata Sámashramí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 16-1, Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendra Náth Sarkár and published by Satya Vrata Sámashramí.
						QUADRI-LINGUAL
						ENGLISH, PALI, SANSKRIT, AND
	RELIGION.					
1	Journal of the Buddhist Text Society of India. Vol. I. Part I.	English, Páli, Sanskrit, and Tibetan.	Edited by Sarat Chandra Dás, C.I.E.	......	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 25-5-1, Mott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Revd. J. W. Thomas, and published by the Buddhist Text Society.

Quarter ending 31*st March* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	Remarks.	Number.
PERIODICALS.—*concld.*									
1893.						Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 18th	10	8vo rl.	1st...	200	Printed	......	Dindayál Sinha Táranpur, Patna.	The usual contents ...	193
" 19th	9	8vo rl.	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto	194
" 20th	24	8vo rl.	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto	195
1892.									
Dec. 5th		4to dy.	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	An organ of the Christian Community of Chota Nagpur.	196
" 28th	4	4to dy.	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto	197
1893.									
Feb 7th	4	4to dy.	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto	98
PERIODICALS.									
1892.									
Nov. 25th	32	8vo dy.	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 4 0	Hrishí Kesha Shastrí, Sanskrit College, Calcutta.	Nothing deserving of notice ...	109
Dec. 2nd	32	8vo dy.	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	110
" 2nd	32	8vo dy.	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	111
PERIODICALS.									
KRIT PERIODICALS.									
1892.									
Nov. 25th	32	4to rl.	1st...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	Rasik Mohan Chatterji, 5, Simla Street, Calcutta.	....	108
1893.									
Jan. 14th	32	4to rl.	1st...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	....	109
1882.									
Nov. 14th	96	8vo dy.	1st...	250	ditto ...	1 0 0	Satya Vrata Sámashramí, 16-1, Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	A Vedic magazine ...	110
PERIODICAL.									
TIBETAN PERIODICAL.									
1893.									
Jan. 26th	100	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	5 0 0 Annually.	......	A very learned journal on Buddhism of the Maháyána School and Tibetan Lámáism. The present work contains a life of Atisha, an Indian Buddhist Monk, who introduced the reformed Buddhist faith in Tibet in the 11th century A.D.	1

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	The title of the book, and the contents of the title-page, with a translation into English of such title or contents when the same are not in the English language.	The place of printing and the place of publication.	The name or firm of the printer, and the name or firm of the publisher.	The date of issue from the press, or of publication.	The name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright, or of any portion of such copyright.	The date on which the entry was registered.
1303	Hátpattaner Tíká O Prárthanár Shabda Artha Tiká. A Commentary on Hátpattan and Notes with meanings of words in Prárthaná.	Printed at 5, Siddheshvar Chandra's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Giripur, 24-Parganas.	Printed by Kishori Mohan Chakravartí, and published by Kángál Pyárí Mohan Dás.	1892. 25th Nov. ...	Hásyabadan Gosvámí, Bishnupur.	1892. 26th Nov.
1304	Alef Láyelá. The Thousand and One Nights.	Printed and published at 323, Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Kunja Bihárí Sarkár, and published by Báneshvar Ghosh.	28th " ...	Báneshvar Ghose, 40, Garánhátá Street, Calcutta.	30th "
1305	Shikshámani. The Jewel of Instruction.	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 35, Raja's Kátrá, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by Raghu Náth Dás.	2nd Dec. ...	Dina Náth Deva, 19, Raja's Kátrá, Calcutta.	8th Dec.
1306	A Simple System of Shorthand.	Printed at 45, Dharamtolá Street, and published at the Methodt Publishing House.	Printed and published by Charles G. Conklin.	25th Oct. ...	Methodist Publishing House.	26th Oct.
1307	Brahman Sarvasvam. The Religious Duties of Brahmans.	Printed at 1, Nimu Gosáin's Lane, and published at, 1 Garanhátá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mákhan Lál Ghosh, and published by Ganesh Chandra Ghosh.	18th Dec. ...	Ganesh Chandra Ghosh, 1, Garánhátá Street, Calcutta.	19th Dec.
1308	Brief Sketch of English History.	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta, and published at 47, Mahajanitolá Lane, Allahabad.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by B. P. Capoor.	19th " ...	B. P. Capoor, 47, Mahajanitolá Lane, Allahabad.	19th "
1309	Saral Vyákaran. Easy Grammar.	Printed at 44, Amherst Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bihárí Lál Banerji, and published by the Sanskrit Press, Depository.	14th " ...	Hari Charan Banerji, Kálná, Burdwan.	19th "
1310	Bángálá Vyákaran O Rachaná Paddhati. Bengali Grammar and Composition.	ditto ...	ditto ...	30th Nov. ...	Hari Charan Basu, Kálná, Burdwan.	19th "
1311	Uddis Tantra. A Tantric Work.	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 35, Raja's Kátrá, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by Gokul Dás.	28th Dec. ...	Gokul Dás, 35, Raja's Kátrá, Calcutta.	28th "
1312	Bisha Briksha. The Poison Tree.	Printed at the Hare Press, and published at 5, Pratáp Chandra Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by Umá Charan Banerji.	28th Aug. ...	Bankim Chandra Chatterji, 5, Pratáp Chandra Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	1893. 4th Jan.
1313	Chandra Shekhar. (A Name).	ditto ...	ditto ...	1889. March ...	ditto ...	4th "
1314	Rajaní. (A Name). ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	1887. January ...	ditto ...	4th "
1315	Krishna Kánter Will. Krishna Kánta's Testament.	ditto ...	ditto ...	1892. October ...	ditto ...	4th "
1316	Kamalá Kánta. (A Name).	ditto ...	ditto ...	1891. July ...	ditto ...	4th "
1317	Ananda Math. The Blissful Retreat.	ditto ...	ditto ...	1892. August ...	ditto ...	4th "
1318	Deví Chaudhuráni. (A Name).	ditto ...	ditto ...	1891. August ...	ditto ...	4th "
1319	Sitárám. (A Name) ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	1888. January ...	ditto ...	4th "

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	The title of the book, and the contents of the title-page, with a translation into English of such title or contents when the same are not in the English language.	The place of printing and the place of publication.	The name of firm of the printer, and the name or firm of the publication.	The date of issue from the press, or of publication.	The name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright, or of any portion of such copyright.	The date on which the entry was registered.
1320	Kshudra Kshudra Upanyás. Short Stories.	Printed at the Hare Press, and published at 5, Pratáp Chandra Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by Umá Charan Banerji.	1886. April ...	Bankim Chandra Chatterji, 5, Pratáp Chandra Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	1893. 4th Jan.
1321	Loka Rahasya. A Satire on Humanity.	ditto ...	ditto ...	1888. January ...	ditto ...	4th „
1322	Krishna Charitra. The Story of Krishna's Life.	ditto ...	ditto ...	1892. August ...	ditto ...	4th „
1323	Gadya Padya. Prose and Poetry.	ditto ...	ditto ...	1884. July ...	ditto ...	4th „
1324	Bibidha Pravandha. Miscellaneous Essays. Part I.	Printed at the New Sanskrit Press, and published at 5, Pratáp Chandra Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by H. M. Mukharji & Co., and published by Umá Charan Banerji.	1897. May ...	ditto ...	4th „
1325	Ditto ditto Part II.	Printed at the Hare Press, and published at 5, Pratáp Chandra Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by Umá Charan Banerji.	1892. May ...	ditto ...	4th „
1326	Dharma Tattva. The Truth about Religion.	Printed at the Herald Printing Works, and published at 5, Pratáp Chandra Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	ditto ...	1888. May ...	ditto ...	4th Jan.
1327	Muchirám Gurer Jívan Charit. An account of the Life of Muchirám Gur.	ditto ...	ditto ...	1889. January ...	ditto ...	4th „
1328	Aryya Shikshá. A Reader for Aryan Youths.	Printed at 56, Amherst Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashi Bhúshan Bhattácháryya, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.	1892. 31st Sept. ...	Bíreshvar Pánde, 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.	4th „
1329	Aryya Páthá. The Aryan Reader.	ditto ...	ditto ...	15th Dec. ...	ditto ...	4th „
1330	Sachitra Níti Kathá Málá. A Moral Reader with Illustrations.	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.	31st Sept. ...	ditto ...	4th „
1331	Sipáhi Juddher Itihás. A History of the Sepoy War. Part III.	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.	11th May ...	Rajani Kánta Gupta, 28-2, Akhil Mistri's Lane, Calcutta.	9th „
1332	Jaydeva Charit. A Biography of Jaydeva.	Printed at 37, Mechuabazar Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Dev, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.	1889. 25th July ...	ditto ...	9th „
1333	Bhárat Prasanga. An Essay on India.	Printed at 24, Beadon Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mani Mohan Rakshit, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.	1887. 10th January	ditto ...	9th „
1334	Pravanda Manjarí. Blossoms of Essays.	Printed at 2, Goábágán Street, and published at 60, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Táriní Charan Ash, and published by Kedár Náth Bose.	1892. 12th May ...	ditto ...	9th „
1335	Bhárater Itihás. History of India (British Period).	ditto ...	ditto ...	10th February	ditto ...	9th „

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	The title of the book, and the contents of the title-page, with a translation into English of such title or contents when the same are not in the English language.	The place of printing and the place of publication.	The name or firm of the printer, and the name or firm of the publisher.	The date of issue from the press, or of publication.	The name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright, or of any portion of such copyright.	The date on which the entry was registered.
1336	Bhárater Itihás. History of India. (Hindu and Muhammadan Periods.)	Printed at 2, Goabágán Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Táriní Charan Ásh, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.	1892. 10th February	Rajani Kánta Gupta, 28-2, Akhil Mistri's Lane, Calcutta.	1893. 9th Jan.
1337	Ganit Prakásh or Dhárápát. An Elementary Arithmetic. Part I.	Printed and published at 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by B. L. Chakravartí.	1891. 5th Sept. ...	Ambiká Charan Bose, 55-7, Grey Street, Calcutta.	19th ,,
1338	Ganit Prakásh. An Elementary Arithmetic. Part II.	ditto ...	ditto ...	7th ,, ...	ditto ...	19th ,,
1339	Ditto ditto. Part III.	ditto ...	ditto ...	1892. 14th June ...	ditto ...	19th ,,
1340	Playfair's Practice of Midwifery.	Printed and published at 155, Balarám De's Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Hem Chandra Har.	21st Dec. ...	Kshirodá Prasád Chatterji, L.M.S.	20th ,,
1341	Mesmerism and Spiritualism.	Printed and published at 5, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by B. B. Banerji.	1893. 1st January	Surendra Náth Chatterji.	12th ,,
1342	Granthávali, Gadya O Padya. Collection of Works. Prose and Poetry. Part I.	Printed at 37, Mechuabázár Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Dev.	1891. 19th July ...	Rajkrishna Ráy, 20, Shiv Náráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	24th ,,
1343	Ditto ditto Part II.	ditto ...	Printed by Sharat Chandra Dev, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.	1886. 1st January	ditto ..	24th ,,
1344	Ditto ditto Part III.	Printed and published at 37, Mechuabázár Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bihárí Lál Ráy.	1892. 10th June ...	ditto ...	24th ,,
1345	Ditto ditto Part IV.	Printed at 37, Mechuábázár Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Dev, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.	1891. 5th May ...	ditto ...	24th ,,
1346	Ditto ditto Part V.	Printed and published at 37, Machhuábázár Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bihárí Lál Ráy.	1892. 16th Feb. ...	ditto ...	24th ,,
1347	Ditto ditto Part VI.	ditto ...	ditto ...	27th March...	ditto ...	24th ,,
1348	Rámáyana. The Rámáyana.	Printed at 37, Mechhuábázár street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Dev, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.	1889. 25th Dec. ...	Ráj Krishna Ráy, 20, Shib Náráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	24th ,,
1349	Mahábhárata. The Mahábhárata.	Printed and published at 37, Mechuabázár Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Dev, and published by Ráj Krishna Ráy.	1891. 14th Nov. ...	ditto ...	24th ,,
1350	Bhárata Kosha. The Indian Encyclopædia. Parts I—III.	ditto ...	ditto ...	1892. 21st July ...	ditto ...	24th ,,

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	The title of the book, and the contents of the title-page, with a translation into English of such title or contents when the same are not in the English language.	The place of printing and the place of publication.	The name or firm of the printer, and the name or firm of the publisher.	The date of issue from the press, or of publication.	The name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright, or of any portion of such copyright.	The date on which the entry was registered.
1351	Naramedha Jajna Nátak. The Human Sacrifice. A Drama.	Printed at 38, and published at 20, Shibnáráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddheshvar Pán, and published by Rajani Ranjan Ráy.	1893. 10th Jan. ...	Ráj Krishna Ráy, 20, Shibnáráyan Das's Lane, Calcutta.	1893. 24th Jan.
1352	Layalá Majnu Nátak. The Drama on Layala and Majnu.	Printed and published at 37, Mechuabázár Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bihárí Lál Ráy.	1892. 12th Dec. ...	ditto ...	24th „
1353	Kavitá Kaumudi. Part I. The moonlight of Poesy.	ditto ...	ditto ..	1891. 10th Aug. ...	ditto ...	24th „
1354	Ditto ditto Part II.	ditto ...	ditto ...	2nd Sept. ...	ditto ...	24th „
1355	Sarala Kavitá. Simple verses.	Printed and published at 38, Shibnaráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddheshvar Pán and published by Rajani Ranjan Ráy.	1892. 15th Nov. ...	ditto ...	24th „
1356	Banabíra Nátak. Banabíra. A drama.	ditto ...	ditto ...	26th „ ...	ditto ...	24th „
1357	Rishya Shringa. (A name).	ditto ...	ditto ...	31st Dec. ...	ditto ...	24th „
1358	Robinson Crusoe ...	Printed and published at 20, British Indian Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Traill and Company, and published by F. J. Fraser Lieutenant.	1893. 26th Jan. ...	F. J. Fraser, Lieutenant.	27th „
1359	Svásthya Rakshár Praveshiká. Introduction to Preservation of Health.	Printed and published at 46, Bechu Chatterjee's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by P. N. Mukharji and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.	1892. 30th Dec. ...	Panchánan Mukharji.	28th „
1360	The Map of Asia ...	Lithographed and published at 33, Jeliátolá Street, Calcutta.	Lithographed and published by Rájendra Náth Dhar.	15th July ...	Devendra Náth Dhar, 33, Jeliatolá Street, Calcutta.	8th Feb.
1361	Váshishtha Mahárámáyan. The Great Rámáyana, spoken by Vashishtha. Part I.	Printed and published at 214, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Cháru Chandra Mitra.	1893. 13th Feb. ...	Nanda Lál Pál, 214, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	4th „
1362	Sachitra Barna Parichaya. Illustrated. Alphabetical primer.	Printed at 211, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kártik Chandra Datta, and published by B. Banerji and Company.	10th Jan. ..	Rámánanda Chattopádhyáya, 28-1, Jhámápukur Lane, Calcutta.	6th „
1363	A translation of Child's First Grammar. Part I.	Printed at Sadiqpur, and published at Alamganj and Pirbahore, Patna.	Printed by Muhammad Ishaq, and published by Abdul Karim.	12th „ ...	Abdul Karim, Teacher of the Patna Collegiate School, Bankipur.	31st Jan.
1364	Sekendar Sáni. Alexander the Second.	Printed at the Bogra Ráy Press.	Printed by Binod Bihárí Banerji, and published by Anaruddin, Khandkar.	1892. 9th Nov. ...	Anaruddin Khandkar, Banbhati, Bogra.	......
1365	Barna Páth. An Alphabetical Primer.	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed by Wahed Baksh and published by Hara Kumár Basu.	1893. 25th Jan. ...	Kálíprasanna Ghosh, Armánitolá, Dacca.	......
1366	Shubhankari Aryyá. Arithmetical Formulæ in rhyme by Shubhankar.	Printed and published at the Adarsha Press, Dacca.	Printed by Káli Kumár De and published by Táriní Charan Basu Chaudhuri.	22nd Feb. ...	Táriní Charan Basu Chaudhuri, Dacca.	......
1367	A Manual of Hindu Law of succession in respect of the property of male and female owners. Vol. I.	Printed at the New Town Press, Bhawanipur.	Printed by Kedár Náth Mitra and published by the Calcutta Central Press, Co., Ld.	1st „ ...	Tárá Prasanna Banerji, Bhawanipur.	......
1368	Niyamávalí O Páthya pustaker Táliká Sambalita Moktári Paríkshár Prashnottarmálá. A Catechism for candidates for the Muktearship Examination with rules and a list of the text-books.	Ditto ...	Printed by Kedár Náth Mitra, and published by Upendra Krishna Banerji.	1892. 1st Sept. ...	Upendra Krishna Banerji, Bhawanipur.	......

The Catalogue of Books received in the Bengal Library during the First Quarter ending 31st March 1893, contains the following :—

No.	Language.	Books. Non-educational.	Books. Educational.	Total.
	Uni-linguals.			
1	Assamese	......	2	2
2	Bengali	104	82	186
3	English	35	39	74
4	Hindi	21	4	25
5	Musalmani-Bengali	3	......	3
6	Sanskrit	9	3	12
7	Urdu	2	......	2
8	Uriya	7	1	8
	Total Uni-linguals ...	181	131	312
	Bi-linguals.			
1	Bengali and English	2	12	14
2	Bengali and Sanskrit	20	2	22
3	English and Hindi	......	1	1
4	English and Sanskrit	2	1	3
5	English and Urdu	......	1	1
6	Hindi and Sanskrit	4	......	4
7	Sanskrit and Tibetan	1	......	1
8	Sanskrit and Uriya	1	......	1
	Total Bi-linguals ...	30	17	47
	Tri-linguals.			
1	Bengali, English, and Sanskrit	1	2	3
	Total Tri-linguals ...	1	2	3
	Uni-lingual Periodicals.			
1	Assamese Periodicals	3	......	3
2	Bengali ditto	69	......	69
3	English ditto	38	......	38
4	Hindi ditto	12	......	12
5	Sanskrit ditto	3	......	3
	Total Uni-lingual Periodicals ...	125	......	125
	Bi-lingual Periodicals.			
1	Bengali and Sanskrit Periodicals...	3	......	3
	Total Bi-lingual Periodicals ...	3	......	3
	Quadri-lingual Periodical.			
1	English, Páli, Sanskrit, and Tibetan Periodical ...	1	......	1
	Total Quadri-lingual Periodical ...	1	......	1
	Grand Total of Books, &c., &c. ...	341	150	491

HARAPRASAD SHASTRI,

Librarian of the Bengal Library and Keeper of the Catalogue of Books under Section XVIII, Act XXV of 1867.

Calcutta,
The 23rd May 1893.

APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1893.

SECOND QUARTER

BENGAL LIBRARY CATALOGUE OF BOOKS

FOR THE

Second Quarter ending 30th June 1893.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						UNI-LINGUAL
						ASSAMESE
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
240	Asamiyá Larár Natun Barna Shikshá. A new Alphabetical Primer for Assamese children.	Assamese.	Halirám Mohanta.	Language	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Sánnyál & Co., and published by the author.
	RELIGION.					
241	Bachanara Upari Bachan. Line Upon Line. Part II (T).	ditto ...	Jessie T. Moore.	Religion C.	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, and published at Nowgong, Assam.	Printed by Reverend J. W. Thomas, and published by the American Baptist Misson Union.
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
242	Saral Bhúmi Parimán. Easy mensuration.	ditto ...	Prabhát Chandra Sarasvatí.	Science (mathematical).	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál& Co..
243	Asamiyá Dhárápát. Arithmetical Tables in Assamese.	ditto ...	Jay Chandra Chakravartí.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
244	Asamiyá Maukhik Anka. Mental Arithmetic in Assamese.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
						BENGALI
	BIOGRAPHY.					
1489	Svargíya Krishna Chandra Malliker Jívaní. The life of the Late Krishna Chandra Mallik.	Bengali	Avinásh Chandra Chakravartí.	Biography	Printed and published at 65, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by K. D. Chakravartí, and published by the Andul Atmonnati Sabhá.
1490	Vidyáságara Charita. Life of Pandit Ishvara Chandra Vidyáságara.	ditto ...	Compiled by Náráyan Chandra Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 62, Amherst Street, and published at 25, Sukea's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Upendranáth Chakravartí, and published by the Calcutta Library.
	DRAMA.					
1491	Mithilá-Patha-Lilá. The Exploits of Ráma on his way to Mithilá.	ditto ...	Amrita Lál Pál.	Drama ...	Printed at 29, Beadon Street, Calcutta, and published at Chinsura.	Printed by Bechulál Gupta, and published by the Author.
1492	Umá milan. Union with Umá.	ditto ...	Ashutosh Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 153, Cornwallis Street, and published at 57, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Mukharji, and published by R. C. Bhattácháryya.
1493	Hajabarala. "Abracadabra."	ditto ...	Kunjavihárí Bose.	ditto ...	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, and published at 17, Tárak Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by U. C. Basu and Co., and published by Manmatha Náth Chatterji.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS.									
BOOKS.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
April 13th	18	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 1 0	The author, Baránagar.	....	240
„ 12th	190	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	......	A Christian tract ...	241
„ 10th	124	12mo dy	4th...	2,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	The author, Gauhati.	....	242
Feb. 18th	23	12mo dy	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Jay Chandra Chakravartí, Gauhati.	....	243
May 19th	130	12mo dy	6th...	3,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	....	244
BOOKS.									
April 20th	36	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	Nil.	Andul Atmonnati Sabhá, Howrah.	The life of the late Babu Krishna Chandra Mallik of Andul, who was for a long time clerk and accountant in the office of the Protector of Emigrants. He was known to be a patriotic gentleman, who did much for local improvements.	1489
„ 20th	60	6mo dy	2nd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Náráyan Chandra Vidyáratna.	Compiled from notes left by the great pandit. It is not a complete account of his life, but gives briefly a few incidents of his early life only. It has been published by his son.	1490
June 1st	24	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	Based on the story of Ráma's journey to Mithilá from Ajodhyá, in the company of Vishvámitra, as given in the first book of the Rámáyana.	1491
Mar 1th	166	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	1 4 0	Ashutosh Chatterji.	The story of Umá's birth, as daughter of the Lord of mountains, and her marriage with Mahádeva, as given in the Puránas.	1492
Feb. 20th	18	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	A comic opera ridiculing the sea voyage movement. The scenes are laid both in England and in India, and in both these places, the so called pioneers of Bengali reform are treated with ignominy.	1493

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	DRAMA—*contd.*					
1494	Ushá. The Dawn ...	Bengali	Amarendra Náth Datta.	Drama ...	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, and published at 139, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by U. C. Bose and Co., and published by the Author.
1495	Tantia Bhil. A Drama describing the deeds of Tantia Bhil.	ditto ...	Sharat Chandra Bhattácháryya.	ditto ...	Printed at 163, Musjidbari Street, and published at 108, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Kumár Sen, and published by Sharat Chandra Bhattácháryya.
1496	Amod-Pramod. (Two names.)	ditto ...	Atul Krishna Mitra.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goabágán Street, and published at 20, Fariapukur Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Táriní Charan Ash, and published by Nimái Charan Basu.
	they love their wives dearly. But Amod returning victorious after a great battle falls in love with his brother's takes poison and dies. He, too, follows her. They feel that they are united in the next world. But no,					
1497	Kamalá. (A name) ...	ditto ...	Rámlál Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the New Town Press, Bhawanipur.	Printed by Kedár Náth Mitra, and published by Rámlál Bannerji.
	to the capital of the King of Champá, during which, Anil, the Prince of Kánchi, falls in love with Kamalá, Anil is murdered in a forest by a woman whose love he rejected, and Kamalá, in despair, throws herself into heavenly flowers round its neck, which infuses life into it. Kamalá with the garland in hand, finds out the dead other, and Kamalá is married to Anil.					
	FICTION.					
1498	Nilu Khuro. Uncle Nilmani.	ditto ...	Dína Náth Sánnyál.	Fiction ...	Printed and published at 196, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by M. L. Pátra.
	in his deceptions. He always played new and strange tricks which instead of creating indignation used to it deep in the ground under a *bar* tree. A year after he fell motionless at the very spot and declared that the It was of course consecrated with great *eclat* and uncle Nilmani reaped all the benefit of the discovery.					
1499	Parinaya Káhiní. Stories of marriage and married life.	ditto ...	Bhavání Charan Ghose.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál & Co.
	the weak points in the marriage system of the Hindus. The last story points out the evil effects of girls and then on the night of the marriage picks a quarrel with the father of the bride; but he was too late. He miserable.					
1500	Basantalatá. (A name)	ditto ...	Chárú Chandra Jyotishi Bhattácháryya.	ditto ...	Printed at 72, Kálí Prasád Datta's Street, and published at 5, Srináth Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhá Brothers, and published by the author.
1501	Duláli. (A name) ...	ditto ...	Hárán Chandra Rakshit.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kebalrám Chatterji.
1502	Nílámbar Thákur. (A name.)	ditto ..	Nimái Chánd Kavichandra.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 29, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bechulál Gupta, and published by Náráyan Chandra Pál.
1503	Meri Práis. Mary Price (T)	ditto ...	Translated by Kálíprasanna Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 23, Jugal Kishor Dás' Lane, and published at 29-3, Nanda Kumár Chaudhuri's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by D. Bhattácháryya, and published by the manager of the Aryan Literary Club.
1504	Snehalatá. (A name). Part II.	ditto ...	Svarna Kumári Deví.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goabágán Street, and published at Kashiábágán Garden House.	Printed by Táriní Charan Ash, and published by Satísh Chandra Dás.
	The second part is a decided improvement on the first part which ended with the widowhood of Snehalatá. In law's and at her sister's house. It also shows the temptations that are thrown in her way, and the ease with					
1505	Másik Upanyás. The Monthly Novel. Parts III and IV together.	ditto ...	Dámodar Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 23, Jugal Kishor Dás' Lane, and published at 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Dámodar Bhattácháryya, and published by Durgadás Láhiri.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—*contd.*									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Mar. 1st	64	12mo dy	1st...	500	Printed	......	Amarendra Náth Datta, 139, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	A love piece, in which the god and goddess of Love, the Dawn, the Vesper are the principal characters. The scenes are painted with some power. Dawn is represented as a Princess, who gets married to Vesper, a prince of pure birth.	1494
Apl. 2nd	136	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	The author, 108, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Some of the valiant deeds of the late dacoit, Tantia, are well adapted for dramatic representation. The scene of his capture has been delineated with some power. An attempt has been made to cast a halo round the Bhil dacoit and to represent him as the Robin Hood of old.	1495
Mar. 20th	32	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Atul Krishna Mitra and Nimái Charan Basu.	Pramod and Amod are brothers. They live happily, and are married. Their wives are greatly attached to them, and wife Lilá, who does all in her power to dissuade him from such madness. But he is inexorable. Lalitá, his wife by the miraculous power of Lílá they remain in this world, and love each other tenderly.	1496
Mar. 1st	128	12mo rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	Rámlál Banerji, Bhawanipur.	A sensational drama largely interspersed with exquisite songs. The King of Kánchi laid siege the Princess of Champá. But their fathers would not allow their union; so each of them leaves the capital. the sea. Rati, the Goddess of Love, rescues the dead body of Kamalá from the sea, and throws a garland of body of Anil who also is revived by a touch of the garland. Then their fathers are reconciled to each	1497
May 10th	218	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Dína Náth Sányál, Jessore.	The story of a wicked man, born of a respectable family. He took a delight in deceiving others; but there was a method excite laughter. Once on a time he stole away an image of Shítalá, the Goddess of small-pox, and buried Goddess gave him to understand that she was there. The place was excavated and the image was discovered.	1498
Feb. 19th	134	12mo...	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Bhavání Charan Ghosh, Tangail.	Contains a number of well written short stories of marriage and married life. The object of the writer seems to be to point out being chosen by the father of the boy. In this instance the father forces marriage on an unwilling young man, would not allow the daughter in-law to enter into his house and this made himself and his whole family	1499
Feb. 20th	188	12mo ...	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	The author, 5, Srináth Dás' Lane, Calcutta.	A revised and improved edition of Bengali book No. 5961, noticed in the Catalogue for the first quarter of the year 1887.	1500
April 10th	106	12mo rl	1st...	10,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Hárán Chandra Rakshit, Mazilpore, 24-Parganas.	The conception of the story and the development of the plot show considerable power in the writer, but the book is full of disgusting details of the most revolting sort of crimes. The conception of the deformed creature *Tribakra*, who, owing to his deformity, was a great misanthrope and who had tender feelings only for one soul, his daughter, appears to be original, and it has been developed with art.	1501
April 24th	95	12mo dy	1st ...	500	ditto ...	......	......	The story of Nílámbar Sil, an inhabitant of Chinsura who, in the early years of British rule in Bengal, helped the Government with money. The work gives much interesting information about the Mahratta raids in Bengal, from 1742 to 1752 and about the social condition of Sonar Banias at the time.	1502
May 14th	166	8vo cr. s	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Púrna Chandra Ráy and others, Simla.	A translation of Reynolds' well-known work of the same name.	1503
Mar. 15th	182	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Svarna Kumárí Deví.	The first part of this work has been noticed as No. 9540 (Bengali books) of the Catalogue for the second-quarter of the year 1890. this book has been delineated the silent sufferings of a virtuous young widow at her father's, at her father-in- which her good name is soiled.	1504
„ 16th	100	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Durgádás Láhiri 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	The same immoral story with all its disgusting details is continued from Bengali book No. 1328 of the Catalogue for the first-quarter of the year 1893, relieved in this part by the appearance of a virtuous lady, who helps every one in his distress, without a single thought of what the early life of the man may have been.	1505

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the Second

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	FICTION—*concld.*					
1506	Dárogár Daftar. Detective Stories No. 13, Kulsam. (A name.)	Bengali	Priyanáth Mukharji.	Fiction ...	Printed at 61, Ahiritola Street, and published at Sikdárbágán, Calcutta.	Printed by Haridás De and published by Báni Náth Nandi.
1507	Ditto ditto No. 14 Asmáni Lás. A dead body dropping from Heaven.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1508	Navyabanga. New Bengal.	ditto ...	Devendra Náth Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 100-1, Machuabazar Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Vishva Náth Nandi.
	HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY.)					
1509	Sipáhi Yuddher Itihása. A History of the Sepoy War. Part II.	ditto ...	Rajani Kánta Gupta.	History (including Geography.)	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadunáth Sil, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1510	Bhárat Barsher Bibaran. A Descriptive Geography of India.	ditto ...	Shashibhúshan Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by B. L. Chakravartti.
1511	Banga rájya bhágér Bhúbrittánta. Geography of the Lieutenant-Governorship of Bengal.	ditto ...	Nilmani Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goabágán, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Tárini Charan Ash, and published by Guru Dás Chatterji.
1512	Inlander Itihása. History of England.	ditto ...	Rajani Kánta Gupta.	ditto ...	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, and published at 60, Mirzapore Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sánnyál and Co., and published by Kedár Náth Basu.
1513	Bhugol Pátha. Geography.	ditto ...	Mohini Mohan Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál and Co.
	LANGUAGE.					
1514	Prakriti Bibeka Abhidhána. An Etymological Dictionary, Part I.	ditto ...	Balarám Pál ...	Language	Printed at 2, Nawabdi Ostágar's Lane, and published at 62, Shambazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Banerji, and published by the author.
1515	Ditto ditto. Part II.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1516	Bánán Falá. Combination of Vowels and Consonants.	ditto ...	Umácharan Dás.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 221, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Priya Náth Datta, and published by the author.
1517	Barnamálá Parichaya. An introduction to the alphabet. Part II.	ditto ...	Jadunáth Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 63, Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta, and published at Kálighát.	Printed by G. C. Basu and Company, and published by Jadu Náth Mukharji.
1518	The Bengali translation of the Entrance Course, 1894.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed at 155, Balarám De's Street, and published at 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Hem Chandra Har.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—*contd.*						Rs. A. P.			
1893. Apl. 13th	Pages. 48	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 2 0	Priya Náth Mukharji 88-1, Keránibágán, East Lane Calcutta.	A story of poisoning by chloroform. There is some cleverness in this class of murders. The murderer has to pick up a dying person and to show him to a Doctor, while the real victim is murdered in a dark room by chloroform. The next day the murdered is openly buried or burnt, while the dying person is privately consigned to a grave in the house.	1506
May 18th	56	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	ditto ...	The dead body of a female was discovered in a tin box in a room on the first floor of a rich man's house, and it required very great skill in the detective officer in tracing the murder to a neighbouring *khabrail* house, where the victim had been caught in adultery by her husband.	1507
„ 1st	174	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	The Author, 34, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	The story of a young Bengali graduate who marries his sister into an inferior family to obtain money to help him in his scheme of ambition, and on his getting a good practice at the High Court bar refuses to acknowledge her as his sister. He joins the reforming party at Calcutta, but at the same time is anxious to regain his position in the caste at home, lost on account of marrying his sister into an inferior family.	1508
Apl. 27th	244	8vo dy	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	Rajani Kánta Gupta, Calcutta.	An improved edition ...	1509
Mar. 25th	222	12mo ...	20th	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Shashibhúshan Chatterji, 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	ditto ...	1510
„ 19th	90	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Nilmani Chakravartí.	A useful book on the Geography of Bengal.	1511
„ 30th	162	16mo D. C.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Rajani Kánta Gupta, Akhil Mistri's Lane, Calcutta.	From ancient times to the reign of Queen Victoria.	1512
„ 3rd	51	12mo dy	1st...	....	ditto ...	0 3 0	Mohiní Mohan Basu, Malda.	A school book	1513
May 28th	1860	8vo dy	1st ...	2,000	ditto ...	5 8 0	Balarám Pál, 62, Shambazar Street, Calcutta.	A Dictionary complete in 53,858 words.	1514
„ 28th	...	8vo dy	1st ...	2,000	ditto ...	......	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	1515
April 1st	24	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	The Author, Rangjuli Goalpara.	Includes *ksha* among the simple letters, and attempts to teach the combination of consonants with vowels, as well as consonants in the short compass of 24 pages.	1516
„ 12th	32	12mo dy	2nd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 3	The Author, Kálighát.	Deals with compound consonants only.	1517
„ 10th	88	8vo cr	1st...	524	ditto ...	1 0 0	Mánik Chandra Bishvás and Avinás Chandra Gánguli.	A Bengali translation of the pieces in English literature selected for the Entrance Examination.	1518

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	LANGUAGE.—*contd.*					
1519	Cháru Shikshá Pratham Bhágar Artha Pustak. A key to Cháru Shikshá. Part I.	Bengali	Rishi Bhúshan Chatterji.	Language	Printed and published at 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by B. L. Chakravartí.
1520	Sáhitya pustaka. Book of Literature.	ditto ...	Chandra Náth Basu, M. A.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 3-4, Gaurmohan Mukharji's road, Calcutta.	Printed by Umesh Chandra Nág, and published by Kedár Náth Basu.
1521	Chárupáth Tritíya Bhágar Sampúrna (suchárn) Byákhyá. A key to Cháru páth. Part III.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed and published at 54-2-1, Gray Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Grish Chandra Ghosh and published by Surendra Náth Banerji.
1522	Cháruníti páth. Entertaining moral lessons.	ditto ...	Káli Krishna Datta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 24, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Nandamohan Banerji & Co., and published by the Author.
1523	Saral Prathama páthá. Easy first lessons.	ditto ...	Dukari Garái	ditto ...	Printed at 68, Balarám De's Street, and published at 77, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Nafar Chandra Sarkár, and published by the Author.
1524	Charita Málá. A Biographical Reader.	ditto ...	Shambhu Chandra Vidyáratna.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 2, Nawábdi Ostágar's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Ashutosh Banerji.
1525	Bálya Shikshá. Instruction for Boys.	ditto ...	Chandra Kumár Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Oriental Press, Dacca.	Printed by Rám Chandra Banik, and published by Chandra Kumár Ráy.
1526	Sukathá. Good Words	ditto ...	Avinásh Chandra Dás.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Bankurá.	Printed by Natabar Chatterji, and published by Mukharji and Co.
1527	Naitik Pravandha. A Moral Reader.	ditto ...	Rajaní Kánta Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Arun Press, Bhawanipur.	Printed and published by Hárán Chandra Bose.
1528	Saral Nítir Artha. A Key to Saral Níti.	ditto ...	Jadu Náth Dás.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Oriental Press, Dacca.	Printed by Rám Chandra Banik, and published by Jadu Náth Dás.
1529	Shishu Shikshá Prabodhiká. A Key to Shishu Shikshá. Part III.	ditto ...	Dváraká Náth Pál.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Rám Chandra Banik, and published by Dváraká Náth Pál.
1530	Cháru Gáthá Bodhiní. A Key to Cháru Gáthá.	ditto	Satísh Chandra Chakravartí.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Rám Chandra Banik, and published by Jogesh Chandra Chakravartí.
1531	Ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed by Wahed Baksh, and published by Jogesh Chandra Chakravartí.
1532	Prathambhág Sukhapáther Arthapustak. A Key to Sukhapátha. Part I.	ditto ...	Binod Bihárí Basák.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Pabná.	Printed and published by Púrnánanda Ráy.
1533	Sukhabodha Bodhiní. A Key to Sukhabodha.	ditto ..	Jogesh Chandra Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed by Wahed Baksh, and published by Jogesh Chandra Chakravartí.
1534	Bodhodaya Bodhiní. A Key to Bodhodaya.	ditto ...	Satísh Chandra Chakravartí.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto.
1535	Tritíyabhág Padyapátha Bodhiní. A key to Padyapátha Part III.	ditto ...	Matilál Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Dacca Oriental Press.	Printed by Rámchandra Banik, and published by Joges Chandra Chakravartí.
1536	Saral Kabitár Artha. A Key to Saral Kavitá.	ditto ...	Manomohan Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Ashutosh Press, Dacca.	Printed by Lachhman Basák and published by the author.
1537	Upadesha Bodhiní. A Key to Jnánopadesha. Part III.	ditto ...	Dváraknáth Kávyatírtha.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Syamantaka Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Gopínáth Basák.
1538	Tritíya Bhága Bodhiní. A Key to Shishushikshá. Part III.	ditto ...	Kunjavihárí Náth.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Gopínáth Basák, and published by Kálíprasanna Náth.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—*contd.*									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Mar. 20th	34	12mo...	1st...	2,000	Printed	0 1 6	R. B. Chatterji 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	A key	1519
" 22nd	122	16mo cr	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Chandra Náth Basu, 5 Raghu Náth Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.	Selections of realistic and descriptive pieces from various Bengali works.	1520
" 6th	242	12mo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Surendra Náth Banerji, 54-2-1 Gray Street, Calcutta.	A key	1521
" 15th	158	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	...	......	A school book containing 31 lessons, many of which give entertaining anecdotes with the purpose of giving moral instruction by examples.	1522
" 16th	20	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	Dukari Garái, 77 Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Contains many words which are absolutely unmeaning.	1523
May 21st	101	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Shambhu Chandra Vidyáratna, 2, Nawábdi Ostágar's Lane, Calcutta.	The lives of some well known Bengalis, who distinguished themselves by their pursuit of knowledge under circumstances of great difficulty.	1524
April 25th	36	12mo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	....	1525
May 20th	62	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Avinásh Chandra Dás, Nutan Chati, Bankura.	A collection of useful lessons for boys.	1526
" 30th	92	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Rajani Kánta Chakravartí, Malda.	A moral reader designed for young students.	1527
April 28th	28	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	......	A key	1528
" 15th	50	8vo ...	6th...	4,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	ditto	1529
" 5th	34	12mo ...	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	ditto	1530
May 5th	35	12mo ...	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	ditto	1531
April 5th	26	8vo ...	1st...	......	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	ditto	1532
March 8th	48	12mo...	3rd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	ditto	1533
Feb. 24th	127	12mo...	2nd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	ditto	1534
Jan. 28th	435	12mo...	5th...	1,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	......	ditto	1535
April 1st	20	12mo ..	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	ditto	1536
March 15th	144	12mo ..	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	......	ditto	1537
" 22nd	30	12mo dy	3rd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	ditto	1538

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	LANGUAGE—*contd.*					
1539	Bodhodayer Prashnottara, O Shabdártha. A Key to, and a catechism of Bodhodaya.	Bengali	Jajneshvar Chakravartí.	Language	Printed and published at the Subhakarí Press, Jessore.	Printed by Dinanáth Chakravartí, and published by the Author.
1540	Jnána Shikshár Shabdártha. A Key to Jnána Shikshá.	ditto ...	Tírtha Chandra De.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bagura Chaudhuri Press.	Printed by Jogesh Chandra Ráya, and published by the Author.
1541	Bodhodaya Byákhyá. A Key to Bodhodaya.	ditto ...	Sachi Nandan Sarkár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bogra Roy Press.	Printed by Rám Chandra Chakravartí, and published by Sachi Nandan Sarkár.
1542	Bodhodayer Shabdártha, O Prashnottara. A Key to, and a catechism of Bodhodaya.	ditto ...	Kálidás Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Uttarpara.	Printed and published by Nityalál Ghosh.
1543	Shishu Bodh Vyákarana. A Grammar for Boys.	ditto ...	Chandra Kánta Vidyálankára.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Ashutosh Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Lachman Basák.
1544	Jnána Bikásh. The development of knowledge.	ditto ...	Kálíkamal-Chatterji.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1545	Saral Níti. Easy moral Reader.	ditto ...	Prasanna-Chandra Guha.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1546	Barna Jnána. The knowledge of Letters. Part I.	ditto ...	Nrisinharáma Mukharji.	ditto ..	Printed and published at Uttarpara.	Printed by Nityalál Ghosh, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1547	Bálaka Bodh. Knowledge of Boys.	ditto ...	Miss Arabella Buckley, Author. Babu Ishán Chandra Ghosh, translator.	ditto ...	Printed at 46 Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta, and published at London.	Printed by Jadunáth Sil, and published by Macmillan & Co.
1548	Shishu Shikshá Bángálá Vyákarana. A Bengali Grammar for boys.	ditto ...	Bíreshvar-Pánde.	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 148, Báránasí Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadunáth Sil, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1549	Shishu Bodh. Knowledge of boys. Part II.	ditto ...	Gobinda Chandra Ráya.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1550	Sáhitya Shikshá. Lessons in Literature.	ditto ...	Jogendra-Chandra-Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 14, College Square, and published at 66, College Street, Calcuttta.	Printed by Náráyan Chandra Ráy, and published by K. Banerji & Co.
1551	Shishu Shikshá Darpan. The Mirror of Shishu Shikshá.	ditto ...	Rámprasanna Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 4, Hem Chandra Kar's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Pulin Chandra Ráy.
1552	Shishu Shikshá. Infant Instructor. Part III.	ditto ..	Madanmohan Tarkálankára.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 163, Musjidbari Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sharat Kumár Sen.
1553	Chhátra Jívan. Student Life.	ditto ...	Brajanáth Visvás.	ditto ..	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál and Co.
1554	Sukumár Shikshá. Teaching of Tender children. Part I.	ditto ...	Prabodh Chandra Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Lalit Mohan Dás.
1555	Bálya Suhríd. The Young Man's Friend.	ditto .	Umápada Ráya.	ditto	Printed at 211, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by K. C. Datta, and published by B. Banerji and Co.
1556	Akhyána Málá. A collection of Anecdotes.	ditto ..	Rajaní Kánta Gupta.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goábágán Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Táriní Charan Ash, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.
1557	Prabandha Málá. A Collection of Essays.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1558	Chhátrabodher Bistrita Byákhyá. A key to Chhátrabodh.	ditto	Jogendra Náth Vidyáratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 7, Duff Street, and published at 54-1, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Adhara Chandra Házrá, and published by the Students' Library.

Quarter ending 30*th June* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, of place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—*contd.*									
1893.	Page.					Rs. A. P.			
April 15th	86	12mo dy	4th...	1,000	Printed	0 3 6	Jajneshvar Chakravartí, Jessore.	A key	1539
" 10th	19	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	ditto	1540
" 25th	53	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	......	ditto	1541
" 25th	36	12mo dy	1st...	6,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	Nrisinharám Mukharji, Uttarpara.	ditto	1542
Mar. 15th	36	12mo...	8th...	4,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	......	1543
" 15th	114	12mo...	2nd	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	Almost rewritten, with a view to suit the requirements of a school-book.	1544
April 1st	56	12mo...	2nd .	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	A school book ...	1545
" 20th	12mo dy	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 1 0	Nrisinharám Mukharji, Uttarpara.	An alphabetical primer ..	1546
Mar. 29th	96	16mo gl	1st .	3,000	ditto ..	0 3 0	Macmillan & Co., London.	Contains 17 lessons on a variety of subjects, which are likely to be useful to students when they grow up and enter the world. The lessons on money, its uses, revenue, Local Self-Government, &c., are likely to prove of great use.	1547
" 30th	60	12mo dy	1st .	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Bíreshvar Pánde, Calcutta.	A Bengali Grammar in which the Chapters on *Sandhi* do not come at the very commencement.	1548
" 30th	48	16mo dc	1st .	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	Gobinda Chandra Ráy, Calcutta.	An alphabetical primer dealing with compound letters only.	1549
" 15th	170	8vo cr	5th	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Jogendra Chandra Chatterji.	A revised and improved edition.	1550
June 6th	18	16mo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Rámprasanna Banerji, Birbhum.	A key	1551
May 25th	48	12mo dy	116th	3,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Madanmohan Tarkálankár, and Sharat Chandra Dás.	A revised edition	1552
Mar. 28th	158	16mo dc	2nd	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	The Author, Mymensingh.	ditto	1553
Apl. 10th	34	12mo dy	4th..	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Prabodh Chandra Chatterji, Noakhali.	ditto	1554
" 3rd	124	16mo dc	1st ..	1,500	ditto ...	0 8 0	The Author, 45-5, Benetolá Lane, Calcutta.	Contains both moral and object lessons.	1555
Feb. 10th	114	12mo dy	2nd...	500	ditto ...	0 5 0	Rajaní Kánta Gupta.	These anecdotes have all been collected from Indian History.	1556
" 25th	122	12mo dy	10th	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	A revised edition. A Collection of the Author's Essays.	1557
" 12th	94	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Upendra Kumár Ghosh, 40 Banamáli Sarkár's Street, Calcutta.	A key	1558

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	LANGUAGE—*concld.*					
1559	Sahaj Bálya Shikshá. Easy Training of Youth.	Bengali	Sharat Chandra Dás.	Language	Printed at 25-3, Tárak Chatterji's Street, and published at 113, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by N. C. Sil.
1560	Sachitra Barnaparichaya. An Illustrated Alphabetical Primer.	ditto ...	Rámánanda Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bachu Chatterji's Street, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by B. Banerji and Co.
1561	Shishu Bodh. Infant Instructor. Part I.	ditto ...	Govinda Chandra Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1562	Jnána Shikshá. Teaching Knowledge.	ditto ...	Kamalá Kánta Smriti Shiromani.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál and Co.
1563	Sachitra Bályabodh. An illustrated Infant Reader. Part I.	ditto ...	Krishna Chandra Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kártik Chandra Datta.
1564	Ditto ditto. Part II.	ditto ...	ditto	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1565	Harish Chandra Charita. The Life of Rájá Harish Chandra.	ditto ...	Loknáth Datta	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1566	Sáhitya Prasanga Bodhiká. A key to Sáhitya Prasanga.	ditto ...	Ashutosh Dev	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Nawábdi Ostágar's Lane, and published at 54, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Banerji, and published by Annadá Prasád Mazumdár.
1567	Padyamálártha. A key to Padyamálá. Part I.	ditto ...	Akshay Kumár Basu.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, and published at the Mano Mohan Library.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by Mano Mohan Bose.
1568	Kathámálár Arthapustak. A key to Kathámálá.	ditto ...	Surendra Náth Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 101-1, Machuabazar Street, and published at 220, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bishva Náth Nandi, and published by R. K. Set.
1569	Shishu Shikshá Dvitíya Bháger Artha. A key to Shishu Shikshá Part II.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed and published at 54-2-1, Grey Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Girish Chandra Ghosh, and published by Surendra Náth Banerji.
1570	Ditto ditto. Part III.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	LAW.					
1571	Nútan Pancháyat Gáid. Revised Panchayat Guide.	ditto ...	Rás Bihári Bisvás.	Law ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kártik Chandra Datta.
1572	Styámpa Manuyel. The Stamp Manual.	ditto ...	Baradá Dás Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 47, Sikdár Bágán Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Ghoshál, and published by Bhupendra Kumár Basu.
1573	Pancháyat O Chaukidári Gáid. The Panchayet and Chaukidár's Guide.	ditto ...	Chandi Charan Ghosh, and Gopál Chandra Mazumdár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Tangail.	Printed by Naimuddin Bishvás, and published by Umesh Chandra Mallik.
1574	Chaukidári Pancháyat Ganer Kárya Pranálí. The Chaukidar's and Panchayet Manual.	ditto ...	Girijá Kánta Bal.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the East Bengal Press, Dacca.	Printed by Krishna Dás Basák, and published by Girijá Kánta Bal.
1575	Chaukidári Pancháyat. The Chaukidar and Panchayat Guide.	ditto ..	Guru Govinda Páttádár.	ditto ...	Printed at Kumárkháli, and published at Rájbári.	Printed by Rajani Kánta Ghosh, and published by Guru Govinda Páttádár.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Mar. 6th	58	12mo dy	1st...	3,000	Printed	0 1 6	N. C. Sil, 25-3, Tárak Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.	An alphabetical Primer ...	1559
„ 20th	64	16mo dy	4th...	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Rámánanda Chatterji, M.A.	Beautifully illustrated ...	1560
„ 21st	40	16mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Govinda Chandra Ráy, 17, Bhavání Charan Dátta's Lane, Calcutta.	Alphabetical Primer ...	1561
„ 6th	64	12mo dy	3rd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Kamalá Kánta Smriti Shiromani, Bogra.	Designed to be a moral text book	1562
„ 12th	23	12mo dy	3rd...	2,050	ditto ...	0 0 6	The Author, 63, Simla Street, Calcutta.	Alphabetical Primer ...	1563
„ 12th	23	12mo dy	3rd...	2,050	ditto ...	0 1 0	......	ditto ...	1564
„ 30th	80	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Loknáth Datta, B.A., Rampur Hát.	Compiled from Sanskrit works...	1565
Apl. 20th	142	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Annadá Prasád Mazumdár, 54, College Street, Calcutta.	A key	1566
„ 30th	16	......	15th	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	Akshaya Kumár Basu, 203, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	ditto	1567
„ 25th	62	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	The Author, 87, Sukea's Street, Calcutta.	ditto	1568
May 6th	8	12mo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Surendra Náth Banerji, 54-2-1, Grey Street, Calcutta.	ditto	1569
Apl. 25th	19	12mo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto ...	ditto	1570
April 8th	88	8vo dy	11th	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	The author, Noakhali.	The Chaukidari Act of 1892, with notes, explanations, illustrations, &c.	1571
May 31st	178	8vo dy	1st...	102	ditto ...	1 0 0	Bhupendra Kumár Bose, 37, Sikdár Bágán, Calcutta.	....	1572
June 13th	108	8vo dy	1st ..	3,000	ditto...	0 8 0	Chandi Charan Ghosh, Hasra and Gopál Chandra Mazumdár, Baliánam, district Dacca.	....	1573
April 20th	63	12mo...	3rd...	3,000	ditto...	0 4 0	......	....	1574
May 10th	67	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto...	0 4 0	Guru Govinda Páttádár, B.L., Rájbári, E. B. S. Railway.	....	1575

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	LAW—*concluded.*					
1576	Adarsha Chandriká. A Registration Guide.	Bengali	Pratáp Náráyan Ráy.	Law ...	Printed and published at Burdwan.	Printed by Natabar Datta, and published by Pratáp Náráyan Ráy.
	MEDICINE.					
1577	Electro-Homiopyathi Griha Chikitsá. Electro-Homœopathic Domestic Treatment.	ditto ...	Bipin Bihárí Batabyál.	Medicine E.	Printed and published at 189, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Umácharan Chakravartí, and published by Aghor Náth Banerji.
1578	Dhátrí Sahachar. Midwifery.	ditto ..	R. G. Kar and S. C. Basu.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 2, Goá Bágán Street, Calcutta.	Printed by T. C. Ash, and published by R. G. Kar.
1579	Yálopyáthik Jvara-Chikitsá. Allopathik Treatment of Fever.	ditto ...	Rájendra Lál Sur.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 89, Sham Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by H. C. Sur, and published by S. C. Sur.
1580	Ayurvedíya Dhátrividyá Ayurvedic Midwifery.	ditto ...	Prasanna Chandra Maitra.	ditto N.	Printed at 54-2-1, Grey Street, and published at Jalpaiguri.	Printed by Girish Chandra Ghosh, and published by the author.
1581	Oláuthá Chikitsá. Treatment of Cholera.	ditto ...	Mahendra Náth Ghosh	ditto E	Printed at 4, Jaliapárá, and published at 124, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Chakravartí, and published by the author.
1582	Shvása Jantrer Rog Chikitsá. Treatment of Lung Diseases.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed at 10, Upper Chitpur Road, and published at 124, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	ditto ditto ...
1583	Aushadha-Sára Sangraha. A Hand-book of Materia Medica.	ditto ...	Rajaní Kánta Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 4, Jaliapárá, and published at 204, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Chakravartí, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.
1584	Bhaishajya Bidhán. A Clinical Materia Medica. Part I.	ditto ...	Hari Prasád Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed at 189, Bow Bazar Street, and published at 101, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Umá Charan Chakravartí, and published by Messrs. Láhiri & Co.
1585	Homiopyáthi Mate Griha Chikitsá. Domestic Treatment according to the Homœopathic system of treatment.	ditto ..	J. C. Láhiri	ditto ...	Printed at 189, Bow Bazar Street, and published at 101, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by W. C. Chakravartí, and published by Láhiri & Co.
1586	Chikitsá Tattva. Science of medicine.	ditto ...	Pratáp Chandra Mazumdár.	ditto ...	Printed at 211, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kártik Chandra Datta, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
1587	Svádhín-Jíviká. Independent Livelihood. Part 1.	ditto ...	Haridás Nandan.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 133, Musjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Printed by J. A. Chakravartí, and published by Haridás Nandan.
1588	Granthávalí. Complete Works. Part I.	ditto ...	Bihárílál Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, and published at 17, Tárak Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by U. C. Bose and Co., and published by M. N. Chatterji.
1589	Vishvakosha. Universal Encyclopedia. Vol. IV, Nos. 70, 71, 72 (together).	ditto ...	Nagendranáth Basu.	ditto ...	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, and published at 14, Telepárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by U. C. Basu and Co., and published by the editor.
1590	Mánava Jívaner Uddeshya-ki. What is the object of Human Life?	ditto ...	Nandalál Sen	ditto ...	Printed and published at 24, Girish Vidyáratna's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Shashibhúshan Bhattácháryya.

Quarter ending 30*th June* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
April 4th	23	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	Pratáp Náráyan Ráy, Jungipur, Murshidabad.	....	1576
May 3rd	118	Crown D. F.	1st...	1,000	ditto...	0 8 0	The author, 34, College Street, Calcutta.	The title explains the object of the work.	1577
April 20th	86	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto...	1 0 0	R. G. Kar, and S. C. Basu, Sham Bazar.	An elementary treatise on midwifery.	1578
Mar. 29th	18	Half, F. C.	1st ..	200	ditto...	0 4 0	Rájendra Lál Sur, 104, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	....	1579
April 3rd	190	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto...	1 8 0	The author, Jalpaiguri.	The Ayurvedic system of midwifery.	1580
" 1st	72	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto...	0 6 0	The author, 124, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	A homœopathic treatise ...	1581
" 6th	408	12mo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto...	3 0 0	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	1582
Mar. 26th	348	12mo rl	3rd...	1,000	ditto...	1 4 0	The Author, Molla Bellia, Subarnapur, P. O., Nadia.	An Allopathic treatise ...	1583
May 1st	192	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto...	1 8 0	Hari Prasád Chakravarti, Dacca.	....	1584
Mar. 5th	212	16mo fc	3rd...	2,500	ditto...	0 12 0	J. C. Láhiri, 101, College Street, Calcutta.	....	1585
" 14th	263	12mo dy	4th...	1,000	ditto...	2 4 0	The author, 203—1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	....	1586
Mar. 15th	276	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Haridás Nandan, 133, Musjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Every Bengali, who receives English education, seeks for service, and so the writer points out to him the various ways in which a decent livelihood may be independently obtained.	1587
Feb. 12th	259	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	......	Babu Bihárilál Chatterji holds a high position in the literary world of Bengal. Some of his works are very popular. This is perhaps the first attempt to bring all his works together in a few handy volumes.	1588
Mar. 28th	96	4to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	From *Kumudakhanda* to *Kullu*.	1589
April 12th	96	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	The author Baldhara, *via* Baira, post office, Dacca.	The destruction of mundane pains by the acquisition of the knowledge of self appears to be the object of human existence according to the author.	1590

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	MISCELLANEOUS—*contd.*					
1591	Prabáda Pustak. A Book of Proverbs.	Bengali	Dvárakánáth Basu.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 24, Girish Vidyáratna's Lane, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashibhúshan Bhattácháryya, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1592	Madkháo Neshá Chhutibená. Drink, the Intoxication will be Permanent.	ditto ...	Priyanáth Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed at 24, Girish Vidyáratna's Lane, and published at Shambázár Mitra-Devá-laya.	Printed by S. B. Bhattácháryya, and published by Amrita Lál Chakravartí.
1593	Práchín O Nabín Yoga. Ancient and modern systems of *Yoga*.	ditto ...	Gaurgovinda Ráya.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 20, Patuatolá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jagabandhu Ghosh.
1594	Paramánanda Laharí. The Waves of Supreme Felicity.	ditto ...	Paramánanda Sen Gupta.	ditto ...	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, and published at Mániktalá.	Printed by U. C. Basu and Co., and published by the Author.
1595	Byabasá-Shikshá. Training in Trades.	ditto ...	Shashibhúshan De.	ditto ...	Printed at 163, Musjidbári Street, and published at 344, Upper-Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Kumár Sen, and published by B. Brown and Co.
1596	Játibhed. Distinction of caste.	ditto ...	Kedárnáth Sarkár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kártik Chandra Datta.
1597	Bául Sangít. *Bául* Songs.	ditto ...	Kushái Sarkár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Syamantaka Press, Dacca.	Printed by Gopínáth Basák, and published by Kushái Sarkár.
1598	Nánávidha Gán. Songs of various kinds.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
1599	Sangíta-korak. Blossoms of Songs. Part I.	ditto ...	Pramathanáth Datta.	ditto ...	Printed at 17, Srínáth Dás' Lane, and published at Keshabpur.	Printed by Amritalál Ghosh, and published by Amarnáth Datta.
1600	Sangíta maya. A Book full of songs. Part I.	ditto ...	Prasanna Kumár Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 5, Simla Street, and published at Dacca.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Ghosál, and published by Uttamá Sundarí Deví.
1601	Gáner Bahi O Válmíki Pratibhá. A song-book and the Genius of Válmíki.	ditto ...	Ravíndranáth Tagore.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Adi Brahmo Somaj Press, 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. D. Chakravartí.
1602	Sachitra Prempatra. Illustrated Love-letters.	ditto ...	Bipin Bihárí De.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Nawábdi Ostágar's Lane, and published at 104, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Banerji, and published by the Author.
1603	Játi Bichár. The Distinction of caste.	ditto ...	Sudhárám Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, and published at Goabagan, Calcutta.	Printed by Sánnyál and Co., and published by Baidyanáth Niyogi.
1604	Dhákur Samálochanár Pratibád. A Refutation of the criticism on Dhákur.	ditto ...	Govinda Mohan Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed at 249, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta, and published at Bahadurpur, Nadia.	Printed by I. C. Bose & Co., and published by Dr. Dinabandhu Mazumdár.

Quarter ending 30*th June* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion o it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Mar. 2nd	144	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Dvárkánáth Basu, 21, Shib Náráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Contains a long alphabetical list of proverbs in Bengali, with a short essay on the character of the nation as revealed in these proverbs.	1591
„ 21st	116	12mo dy	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Priyanáth Chakravartí, 255, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	A beautiful allegory in which devoted attachment to God is symbolised under the form of wine.	1592
„ 5th	27	12mo...	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 2 0	Brahmo Mission Office, 20, Patuatolá Lane, Calcutta.	The first stage of ancient *yoga* is indifference to worldly pleasure and pain, the second stage is the habit of enquiring into the nature of things, to know what they really are. At this stage people come to know the evanescent and illusive character of the world, and then they begin to meditate on God. But the new *yoga*, first taught by Rája Rám Mohan Ráy, commences with the meditation of God, which gradually destroys the notion of *ego* and merges the man into God.	1593
Feb. 26th	52	12mo dy	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Paramánanda Sen Gupta, Mániktalá.	Songs expressive of devotion to Hari.	1594
Mar. 25th	128	8mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	Shashibhúshan De, 344, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Contains lessons in agriculture, horticulture and the manufacture of various articles.	1595
April 16th	14	D. F.	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	The Author, Rámnagar, N. B. Railway.	The distinction of caste is not to be found in nature, and in the vedas, and yet some people are defending it by quoting shástras. The writer denounces these men and their theory.	1596
Mar. 22nd	12	12mo dy	4th ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	......	The nature of *Bául* songs have often been explained.	1597
„ 22nd	12	12mo dy	4th ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	......	The first song is on the Mymensingh case of Rájá Suryya Kánta Acháryya Chaudhurí.	1598
April 8th	30	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Amarnáth Datta, Keshabpur.	Songs celebrating the early sports of Krishna at Brindában.	1599
Mar. 29th	144	12mo dy	1st ...	500	ditto ...	0 5 0	Uttamá Sundarí Deví, Dacca.	Most of the songs are on religious or esoteric subjects, to the tune made famous by Rám-Prasád in the last century. It is the wife of the poet who publishes these songs.	1600
April 20th	407	16 mo	1st ...	1,050	ditto ...	1 12 0	Ravíndranáth Tagore, Jorasanko.	The Válmíki Pratibhá is one of the best dramas in Bengali. This volume contains a very large number of songs by Babu Ravíndranáth Tagore, a rising poet and a novelist.	1601
May 10th	104	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Bipin Bihárí De, 104, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	The illustrations are poor, and the metrical letters not better.	1602
April 10th	36	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	......	The Author, Beauleah.	The writer stands against the pretensions of the Vaidya caste to *Vaishyahood*, and says the Vaidyas are a mixed caste, produced by the intermixture of various castes. Rájá Rájballabh made an attempt to raise their caste status during the last century.	1603
Apl. 14th	17	8vo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	Nil ...	Govinda Mohan Ráy Kákiná, Rangpur.	....	1604

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						BENGALI
	MISCELLANEOUS.—*contd.*					
1605	Briddha Hindur Ashá. The Hopes of an old Hindu.	Bengali	Raj Náráyan Basu.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 100-1, Machua Bazar Road, Calcutta, and published at Deoghur.	Printed by Vishvanáth Nandi, and published by Munindra Náth Bose.
1606	Atmatatva bá Janmántarabád. The Principles of Self or Metempsychosis.	ditto ...	Náráyan Chandra Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 14, College Square, and published at 71, Narsing's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Náráyan Chandra Chatterji, and Anukul Chandra Ráy.
1607	Kánana Kathá. The story of the Forest.	ditto ...	Jogíndra Náth Tarka Churámani.	ditto ...	Printed at 79-3-2-1, Cornwallis Street, and published at 32, K. N. Bose's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Jogíndranáth Mallik, and published by the Author.
1608	Atyáscharya Lipikaushal. Wonderful Tricks in writing.	ditto ...	Sharat Chandra Pál.	ditto ...	Printed at 61, Ahiritola Street, and published at 21, Golak Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Haridás De, and published by the Author.
1609	Ashá. Hope ...	ditto ...	Púrna Chandra Datta.	ditto ...	Printed at 63, Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta, and published at Chákdaha.	Printed by G. C. Bose & Co., and published by Bipin Bihári Datta.
1610	Bibidha Bishaya. Miscellaneous Topics.	ditto ...	Shashi Bhúshan Datta.	ditto ...	Printed at 72, Káli Prasád Datta's Street, and published at 98-1, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Lahá Brothers & Co.
1611	Bhagnítantra Rájya. The Republic of Sisters.	ditto ...	Prafulla Chandra Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 23, Jugal Kishor Dás' Lane, and published at 29-3, Nanda Chaudhuri's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Anukul Chandra Ráy, and published by Káli Prasanna Chatterji.
1612	Janglá báhár. Songs in mixed tunes.	ditto ...	Satísh Chandra Datta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 153, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Mukhopádhyáya, and published by the Author.
1613	Tappá-o-chutki. Love songs.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1614	Gopál-Bháar. Gopál, the Jester.	ditto ...	Háldár & Co.	ditto ...	Printed at 38, Shiv Náráyan Dás' Lane and published at 127, Musjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddhesvar Pán, and published by Háldár and Co.
1615	Hindutva. Hinduism ...	ditto ...	Chandra Náth Basu.	ditto ...	Printed at 100-1, Machuabazar Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bishva Náth Nandi, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1616	Sankshipta Zamindari O Bazar Hisáb. A Short treatise on Zamindari and Bazar accounts.	ditto ...	Rám Tárak Mukhárji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Bankura.	Printed and published by Rájárám Bhattácháryya.
1617	Sankshipta Zamindari Mahájani O Bazar Hisáb. Zamindari, Mahajani and Bazar accounts.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...
1618	Byáyáma Sopán. Step by step in Physical exercise.	ditto ...	Rám Charan Sen.	ditto ...	Printed at 49, Phear Lane, Calcutta, and published at Midnapore.	Printed and published by Hari Charan Dás.
1619	Krishi Pravesha. Introduction to Agriculture.	ditto ...	Kálímay Ghatak.	ditto ...	Printed at 56, Amherst Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashi Bhúshan Bhattácháryya, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.

Quarter ending 30*th June* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS.—continued.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Apl. 10th	41	12mo	2nd	1,000	Printed	0 2 0	The Author, Deoghar.	The first edition was noticed in No. 6880, (Bengali books) of the Catalogue for the 4th quarter of 1887. The second edition contains, in addition, a few national songs.	1605
Mar. 22nd	35	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Hem Chandra Chakravartí.	A discussion on the immortality and transmigration of souls. The author seems to uphold the theory of *Karmaphal*, i.e., in which the fruit of a man's good or evil work determines his birth in the next and subsequent existences.	1606
May 9th	50	8vo dy.	2nd	300	ditto ...	0 12 0	The Author, 32, Kásináth Bose's Lane, Calcutta.	A revised edition	1607
" 10th	16	16mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	The Author, 24, Golak Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	The various methods of writing invisible letters.	1608
Apl. 8th	22	12mo dy	1st...	100	ditto ...	......	Púrna Chandra Datta, Chákdaha.	The present condition and the future hopes of the Kánsári caste in Bengal.	1609
" 11th	100	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Láhá Brothers Gopí Krishna Pál's Lane, Calcutta.	Domestic economy, preservation of health, recreations and refreshments, &c. &c.	1610
May 20th	236	12mo rl	2nd	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	K. P. Chatterji, 27-3, Nanda Kishor Chaudhuri's Lane, Calcutta.	An enlarged and improved edition.	1611
Mar. 9th	44	24mo...	1st ...	300	ditto ...	......	Satísh Chandra Datta, 71, Musjidbári Street, Calcutta.	A collection of love-songs chiefly from the native stage.	1612
" 9th	38	24mo...	1st ...	300	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	A collection of love songs chiefly from the earlier composers.	1613
Feb. 20th	90	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Háldár & Co., 127, Musjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Gopál was the greatest wit of the age at the court of Mahárájá Krishna Chandra of Nadia. This is a collection of his witty answers to the questions put to him on various occasions.	1614
1892. Dec. 24th	405	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	Gurudás Chatterji, 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Points out the distinguishing features of Hindu religions, its non-dual theory of Pantheism, its thirty-three millions of godheads, its food regulations, its theory of the responsibility of a man for his own action, and its theory of metempsychosis.	1615
1893. Mar. 21st	96	12mo dy	10th	3,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Mukharji and Co., Bankura.	School book	1616
" 10th	108	12mo dy	10th	5,000	ditto ...	0 3 3	ditto ...	Designed for educational purposes.	1617
April 18th	67	12mo dy	1st...	5,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	The author, Midnapore.	Ditto ditto ...	1618
Mar. 19th	56	12mo ...	6th...	3,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Kálí May Ghatak.	Ditto ditto ...	1619

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	MISCELLANEOUS—*concld.*					
1620	Krishi Pranáli. A treatise on agriculture. Part III	Bengali	Bhuban Chandra Kar.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 15, Gopikrishna Pál's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Dum-Dum.	Printed by Rákhál Chandra Mitra, and published by the Author.
	POETRY.					
1621	Gáthá. Couplets ...	ditto ...	Amar Náth Datta.	Poetry ...	Printed at 17, Srináth Dás's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Keshabpur.	Printed by Amrita Lál Ghosh, and published by Durgá Dás Datta.
1622	Málá. A Garland ...	ditto ...	Kunjalál Ráy	ditto ...	Printed at 4, Hem Chandra Kar's Lane, and published at 14, Rám Kánta Bose's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Prabhás Chandra Ráy, and published by Avinásh Chandra Gánguli.
1623	Jánakí-Vilápa. Laments of Jánakí.	ditto ...	Ráj Mohan Datta.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, and published at 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by Manmohan Basu.
1624	Upadesha Kathá. Words of Instruction. Part I.	ditto ...	Rájá Shashi Shekhareshvara Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Táhirpur.	Printed and published by Baikuntha Náth Ráy.
1625	Nág-Rahasya. Mysteries of a Serpent.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed and published at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by U. C. Basu and Co., and published by Shyámá Charan Sánnyál.
1626	Sahachari Viyoga. Separation from wife.	ditto ...	Hari Charan Sarkár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 6, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed by Niváran Chandra Ghosh, and published by the author.
1627	Tápita Pranayí. A Suffering lover.	ditto ...	Bimalá Charan Ráy Chaudhuri.	ditto ...	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Shiva Nibás Nadiá.	Printed by U. C. Basu and Co., and published by Rájendra Lál Banerji.
1628	Ashru-bá-Bange Durgotsava. Tears; or Durgá-pujá in Bengal.	ditto ...	Narendra Náth Barál.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 10, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Upendra Náth Barál, and published by the author.
1629	Padya Ratnákar. Ocean of poetry.	ditto ...	Muhammad Akbar Hosein Sarkár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bogra Ráy press.	Printed and published by Muhammed Akbar Hosein Sarkár.
1630	Bálya Khelá. Child's play. Part I.	ditto ...	Muqbuláli ...	ditto ...	Printed and published at Chittagong.	Printed and published by Baradá Prasanna Sen.
1631	Adhín-darpana. The Mirror of a servant.	ditto ...	Prasanna Náth Sarmá Chaudhuri.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Táhirpur.	Printed and published by Nagendra Náth Basu.
1632	Krishakera-chhabi. Picture of a peasant's life.	ditto ...	Raja Shashi Shekhareshvara Ráy.	ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...
1633	Bisher Kaná. Particles of poison. Part I.	ditto ...	Ramani Mohan Chaudhuri.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Syamantak Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Ramani Mohan Chaudhuri.
1634	Ashrujala. Tears ...	ditto ...	Jaharlál Chaudhuri.	ditto ...	Printed at 62, Amherst Street, and published at 25, Sukea's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Upendra Náth Chakravartí, and published by the Calcutta Library.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—continued.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
April 21st	96	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	Bhuban Chandra Kar, Dum Dum.	Designed for the use of Primary Schools.	1620
„ 30th	12	12mo dy	1st...	300	ditto ...	0 1 0	Durgá Dás Datta, Keshabpur.	Short pieces on a variety of subjects.	1621
May 22nd	36	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 2 0	Kunjalál Ráy, 14, Rám Kánta Basu's Street, Calcutta.	Short poems on various subjects.	1622
„ 11th	187	16mo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	The author, 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Laments of Sítá in the lonely hermitage of Válmíki while reciting to a *Tápasi*, the events of her life, *i.e.*, the breaking of the bow by Ram; the coronation of Ram; her abduction by Rávan, her confinement in his Asoka garden, and lastly her union with Ram in the forest of Naimisha.	1623
1892. May 10th	24	12mo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 1 0	Rájá Shashi Shekhareshvara Ráy.	Short pieces on morality and other subjects, reprinted from the *Shilpa O Krishi Patriká*. The publisher says that a pirated edition of these pieces was published from East Bengal in which many of the pieces were mutilated. Hence it has become necessary to reprint them.	1624
1893. Mar. 16th	20	16mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	Nág is one of the septs of the Káyastha caste. One of this family abused the power entrusted to him under the Local Self Government Act, and the poet satirizes him as one belonging to *Nágas* or serpents, as the word Nága also means a serpent.	1625
Feb. 27th	34	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 5 0	Hari Charan Sarkár, Durgápur, Faridpur.	Laments of a bereaved husband for the loss of his wife.	1626
Mar. 1st	44	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	Laments of a lover for the loss of his beloved.	1627
„ 8th	72	12mo dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 6 0	Narendra Náth Barál, 2, Sanátan Sil's Lane, Calcutta.	Complains that the great national festival of Durgá Pujá has now degenerated into a mere formal religious observance without the spirit of devotion which led the ancestors of the Hindus to invest it with all the solemnity of a real worship.	1628
April 25th	36	8 vo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	Contains short pieces on a variety of subjects, mostly moral and religious.	1629
„ 11th	14	12mo dy	1st...	790	ditto ...	0 0 6	Miyan Muqbul Ali, Baralea Station, Patiya, Chittagong.	Short pieces on morality and various other subjects, and contains an appeal to the Musulmans to rouse themselves into activity from their present lethargy.	1630
1892. May 13th	17	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	Prasanna Náth Sarma Chaudhuri.	A short piece on the hardship of a servant's life.	1631
1893. Mar. 12th	42	12mo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 2 0	Rájá Shashi Shekhareshvara Ráy, Tahirpur.	Contains short pieces on the vicissitudes of a peasant's life, in which the miseries of a peasant are painted in glowing colours.	1632
May 1st	48	12mo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	Short pieces on one's sad experiences of the world.	1633
April 20th	24	12mo dy	1st...	200	ditto ...	Nil	......	Laments of a younger brother for the loss of his elder.	1634

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
	POETRY.—*concld.*					BENGALI
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1635	Chárn-málá. The entertaining Garland. Part II.	Bengali	Navakumár Vishvás.	Poetry ...	Printed and published at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil and published by the author.
1636	Kavitá-Laharí. Waves of Poetry.	ditto ...	Govinda Chandra Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 17, Bhaváni Charan Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadunáth Sil, and published by Tárá Prasanna Ráy.
1637	Nítigáthá. Verses on morality.	ditto ...	Jagat Chandra Sen.	ditto ...	Printed at 5~, Wellington Street, and published a 7, Duff's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Adhar Chandra Házrá, and published by S. C. Addi.
1638	Chárn-gáthá. Entertaining couplets.	ditto ...	Manomohiní Guha.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál & Co.
1639	Níti-kathá. Moral Lessons.	ditto ...	Kula Chandra De.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 7, Duff's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Adhara Chandra Házrá and published by the Bengal Book Depository.
1640	Padya-Samgraha. Poetical Selections. Part III.	ditto ...	Prasanna Chandra Guha.	ditto ...	Printed at the Adi Brahma-Samája Press, and published at 55, Upper Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kálidás Chakravartí.
1641	Níti-ratna. The gems of morals.	ditto ...	Shrimati Sushilá Sundarí Dás.	ditto ...	Printed at 249, Bowbazar Street, and published at 20-1, Gopi Mohan Basu's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by I. C. Bose & Co., and published by Ashutosh Dás.
1642	Upadesha-málá. A Garland of Instruction.	ditto ...	Shrísh Govinda Sen.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Lalit Mohan Dás.
1643	Mukul. Blossoms ...	ditto ...	Suresh Chandra Sarkár, M.A.	ditto ...	Printed at 211, Cornwallis Street and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kártik Chandra Datta and published by B. Banerji & Co.
1644	Kavitá-páthа. Poetical Lessons. Part I.	ditto ...	Mahendra Náth Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed at 56, Amherst Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashi Bhúshan Bhattácháryya, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1645	Níti-prasúna. Blossoms of Morals. Part II.	ditto ...	Nrisinharám Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Uttarpárá.	Printed by Nitya Lál Ghosh and published by B. Banerji & Co.
1646	Sítá-Haran. Abduction of Sítá.	ditto ...	Jyotíndra Chandra Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at Ráhutá.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by the author.
	RELIGION.					
1647	Sansáre Shánti. Peace in the World.	ditto ...	Rám Chandra Sen.	Religion, H.	Printed and published at Sherpur town, Mymensingh.	Printed and published by Tamezuddin Ahmed.
1648	Sár-kathá. Essential Words.	ditto ...	Ashutosh Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Sávitri Press, Hooghly.	Printed by Haridás Pál and published by Satya Krishna Mukharji.
1649	Upahára. A present ...	ditto ..	Bipin Chandra Ráy.	Religion, B.	Printed and published at Chittagong.	Printed and published by Baradá Prasanna Sen.
1650	Brihat-Sárávalí. A collection of the essence of the Purans. Vol. I. Part XVI. (R.)	ditto ...	Late Rádhá Mádhava Ghosh.	Religion, H.	Printed and published at Bankura.	Printed by Rájárám Bhattácháryya, and published by Mukharji & Co.
1651	Ditto. Ditto. Vol. I. Part XVII. (R.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1652	Ditto Ditto. Vol. I. Part XVIII. (R.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1653	Hindu-sat-karma-málá. A garland of good works of the Hindus. Part VI.	ditto ...	Manmatha Náth Smriti-ratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 39, Simla Street, Calcutta, and published at Barahanagore-Páipárá.	Printed by Mahendra Náth De, and published by the Author.

Quarter ending 30*th June* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number
BOOKS.—contd.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 28th	84	12mo dy	2nd	500	Printed	0 4 0	The author, Calcutta.	A school book	1636
Mar. 30th	136	16mo globe.	1st ...	250	ditto ...	0 6 0	Govinda Chandra Ráy, 17 Bhavání Charan Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	Ditto	1639
Feb. 15th	39	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Jagat Chandra Sen, Sobhá Bazar, Rajbari.	Ditto	1637
" 18th	31	12mo dy	2nd	3,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Manomohini Guha, Mymensingh.	Ditto	1638
" 25th	28	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	Kula Chandra De, 7, Duff's Street, Calcutta	Ditto	1639
May 2nd	109	12mo dy	2nd	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Prasanna Chandra Guha, Kumilla.	Ditto	1640
" 13th	12	12mo dy	1st ...	100	ditto ...	Nil	Ashutosh Dás, 20-1, Gopi Mohan Basu's Lane, Calcutta.	Ditto	1641
April 1st	67	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Shrish Govinda Sen, Rungpur.	Ditto	1642
" 3rd	107	16mo d. f.	1st ...	250	ditto ...	0 4 0	The Author, Midnapore.	Ditto	1643
Mar. 20th	44	12mo...	3rd	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Mahendra Náth Chakravarti.	Ditto	1644
Apl. 22nd	45	12mo dy	1st ...	250	ditto ...	0 4 0	Nrisinharám Mukherji, Uttarpárá.	Ditto	1645
" 9th	22	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	The author, Ráhutá.	Ditto	1646
Mar. 18th	17	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	......	A discussion on the point that peace or perfect happiness can in this world be obtained by merging one's individual soul into the universal soul, and that this end could only be reached by leading a good life.	1647
Apl. 18th	60	12mo dy	1st ...	......	ditto ...	0 4 0	Ashutosh Mukharji, Hooghly.	Contains a number of ethical and moral couplets and hymns dedicated to the Hindu Gods.	1648
" 8th	32	16mo dy	1st ...	500	ditto ...	Nil ...	Bipin Chandra Ráy, Chittagong.	Contains the well-known principles of the Brahmo religion, such as "Unity of the Godhead," "Dependence on his Will," "Universal brotherhood," "Absence of any mediator between God and man," &c., and hymns to the Almighty.	1649
Mar. 16th	32	8vo rl	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Mukharji & Co., Bankura town.	Goes on with an account of Krishna.	1650
Feb. 29th	32	8vo rl	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto	1651
Mar. 27th	32	8vo rl	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto	1652
Feb. 27th	135	12mo dy	1st ...	1,550	ditto ..	0 6 0	Manmatha Náth Smritiratna, Baranagore, Pálpárá.	Process of performing Hindu ceremonies and rituals.	1653

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
	RELIGION—*concld.*					BENGALI
1654	Paritrán Ishvarer Dán. Salvation, God's gift.	Bengali	Rev. H. Anderson.	Religion, C.	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road and published at 23, Chauringhi Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the C. T. and B. Society.
1655	Agun-lágiáchhe, ki kariá tánchi? How can we escape the fire?	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1656	Ishvara Amáke Dekhitechhen. God sees me.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1657	Kumirer mukh haite rakshá. Rescue from an Alligator.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1658	Bribat Manasá Mangal. Glorification of Manasá.	to...	Tinkari Bishvás.	Religion, H.	Printed and published at 323, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Kunja Vihárí Sarkár, and published by P. Ghosh.
1659	Shiva Máhátmya, bá Shiváyana. Glories of Shiva.	ditto ...	Kálíprasanna Vidyáratha.	ditto ...	Printed at 323, Upper Chitpur Road, and published at 40, Garánhátá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kunja Vihárí Sarkár, and published by Báneshvar Ghosh.
1660	Satattva Madan Mohan Kávya. A poem on the God Madan Mohan.	ditto ...	Chandra Kánta Nyáyaratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 68, Balarám De's Street, and published at 180, Upper Chitpur road, Calcutta.	Printed by Nafar Chandra Sarkár, and published by the author.
1661	Shrí Amiya Nimái Charita. Nectarous life of Chaitanya. Part II.	ditto ...	Shishir Kumár Ghosh.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Ananda Chatterji's Lane, Bagbazar Calcutta.	Printed and published by Keshavalál Ráy.
1662	Káshí-Khanda. A Purán on the sacredness of Kási. (T.)	ditto ...	Panchánan Tarkaratna.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kebalrám Chatterji.
1663	Mahábhárat. The Mahabharat, No. 19. (T.)	ditto ...	Translated by Rájkrishna Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed at 38, and published at 20, Shivnaráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddheshvar Pán, and published by Rajani Ranjan Ráy.
1664	Shrimad-Bhágabat. *Skandhas* XI and XII. (T.)	ditto ...	Translated by Bhuban Chandra Basák.	ditto ...	Printed at Dum-Dum, and published at 8, Nimtalá Ghát Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Beni Mádhav Basák and published by Bhuban Chandra Basák.
1665	Jnán o Dharmer Unnati. Advancement of Knowledge and Religion.	ditto ...	Kshitíndra Náth Tagore.	Religion, B.	Printed and published at the Adi-Brahma Samaj Press, 55, Upper Chitpur road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. D. Chakravartí.
1666	Brahma-Sádhan. Attainment of Brahma.	ditto ...	Kálináth Datta	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Lalit Mohan Dás.
1667	Darshane Mukti. Salvation by Sight.	ditto ...	Fakir Rájan Fakir.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 1, Dehi Serampore Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by A. C. Mukharji.
1668	Shrikrishner Doljátrá ebam Shiver Charak pujá. The *Dol* ceremony in honour of Shrikrishna and the *charak* ceremony in honour of Shiva.	ditto ...	A. C. Mukharji.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—contd.									
1893.	Pages.								
Mar. 9th	4	16mo dc	1st...	15,000	Printed	Nil ..	......	Jesus gives you Salvation; do not refuse it.	1654
" 10th	4	16mo dc	1st...	15,000	ditto ...	Nil ...	......	Salvation, and eternal life, can be obtained only by putting faith in Jesus.	1655
" 10th	4	16mo dc	1st...	15,000	ditto ...	Nil ...	......	Put faith in Jesus and He will save you from all troubles.	1656
" 2nd	4	16mo dc	1st...	15,000	ditto ...	Nil ...	......	If you wish to throw away the burden of sins and to keep yourself aloof from Satan, put faith in Jesus and He will give you salvation.	1657
Feb. 27th	164	12mo...	1st ..	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	A poem on the glorification and spread of the worship of Manasá the Goddess of serpents.	1658
Apl. 12th	163	12mo...	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	......	A poem on the glorification of Shiva, the greatest of the Gods, and his consort, *Gauri.*	1659
" 10th	32	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	The author, 180, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	The poem gives a mythical account of the idol Madan Mohan, which is now worshipped at Bagbazar.	1660
Mar. 22nd	352	8vo dy	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	1 12 0	Shishir Kumár Ghosh, 2, Ananda Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	......	1661
Apl. 10th	226	8vo dy	1st...	10,000	ditto ..	1 0 0	N. C. Bose, 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	A literal and elegant Bengali translation of the Sanskrit original, in which the glories of the city of Benares, sacred to the Hindus and its presiding deities, Bishveshvar, the Supreme Lord of the Universe, and his consort, are fully delineated.	1662
Mar. 28th	45	dy 4 to	1st...	1,100	ditto ...	0 2 0	Ráj Krishna Ráy.	Goes on with the *Birát Parva.*	1663
May 15th	87	8vo dy	1st...	300	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	Goes on with an account of Krishna.	1664
" 9th	121	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Kshitíndra Náth Tagore, 6, Dvarakánáth Tagore's Lane, Calcutta.	Dwells upon the theories of creation, and says that God's will is the prime cause of the universe, and also upon the immigration theory of the Aryans and how the nature worship of the Aryans gradually yielded to that of one Supreme Lord.	1665
" 25th	124	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Kálináth Datta, Calcutta.	A collection of articles on self-culture, formation of character, love, devotion, knowledge, and a comparison between the Hindu and Jewish religions, mostly reprinted from "Tattva Kaumudi" "Ashá," and "Samadarshi." The book is so called from the subjects it treats of in those articles.	1666
Mar. 27th	16	32mo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	Fakir Rájan Fakir, 1, Dehi Serampore road, Calcutta.	Salvation can be obtained by keeping constantly before the mind's eye the image of Jesus and the cross.	1667
Apl. 15th	32	32mo rl	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 1 0	A. C. Mukharji, 1, Dehi Serampore road, Calcutta.	A native Christian thinks that the Hindus are the descendants of the lost tribes of Israel; and he traces the origin of the *Dol* and *Charak* ceremonies of the Hindus to Israelite ceremonies.	1668

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	RELIGION—*concld.*					
1669	Prabhu Jishu Khrister Jívan Charita. The life of Christ. Second 13 Lessons. (T.)	Bengali	Rev. A. Jewson.	Religion, C.	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rev. J. W. Thomas.
1670	Holy Bible. (T.) ...	ditto ...	Rev. G. H. Rouse.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1671	Ascharyya Kriyá. Miracles.	ditto ...	Rev. C. N. Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road and published at 23, Chauringhi road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas and published by the C. T. and B. Society.
1672	Jishui Satya Abalamban. Jesus, the true Refuge.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1673	Lavdha Amulyadhana. Great treasure found.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1674	Karma. Works ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1675	Pátiganit Chaturthamán. Arithmetic for the fourth standard.	ditto ...	Matilál Datta	Science (Mathematical.)	Printed at 39, Simla Street, and published at 10-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendra Náth De, and published by Krishna Mohan Kundu.
1676	Nava Pátiganit. New Arithmetic. Part I.	ditto ...	Mahendra Náth Datta.	ditto ...	Printed at 8, Dixon's Lane, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by B. L. Chakravartí, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1677	Nava Shubhankari. New Shubhankar's method of calculation.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1678	Páthshálá Pátiganit. Arithmetic for Primary Schools.	ditto ...	Prasanna Chandra Sen.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musalman Párá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by L. M. Dás.
1679	Pátiganit Prathambhág O Shubhankari. Arithmetic Part I and Shubhankar's system of calculation.	ditto ...	Hari Ballabh Mandal.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26 Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál & Co.
1680	Bángálá Pátiganit. Arithmetic in Bengali.	ditto ...	Brajapati Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 56, Amherst Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashibhúshan Bhattácháryya and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1681	Sahaj Parimiti. Simple Mensuration.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1682	Brihat Dhárápát. Arithmetical Tables on a large scale.	ditto ...	Shrínáth Bhattácháryya.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sánnyál & Co.
1683	Nava Dhárápát. New Arithmetical Tables.	ditto ...	P. Ghosh ...	ditto ...	Printed and published at 28, Convent Road, Intally.	Printed by Dváraká Náth Nandan, and published by M. M. Mazumdár.
1684	Práimári Parimiti. Primary Mensuration.	ditto ...	Náráyan Ch. Bhattácháryya.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bogra Chaudhuri Press.	Printed by Muhammad Hossein, and published by the author.
1685	Saral Dhárápát O Shubhankari Praveshiká. Easy Arithmetical Tables and Introduction to Shubhankar's method of calculation.	ditto ...	Rajanikánta Sarkár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Syamantak Press, Dacca.	Printed by Gopínáth Basák, and published by Rajani Kánta Sarkár.
1686	Dhárápát. Arithmetical Tables. Part I.	ditto ...	Gopál Chandra Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bángálá Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Shashi Mohan Datta.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—contd.									
1893.	Page.					Rs. A. P.			
Apl. 17th	26	8vo ...	1st...	2,000	Printed	0 0 3	......	"A translation into standard Bengali of second thirteen lessons, from the healing of the leper to the discourse on the Bread of Life."	1669
Feb. 2nd	1084	8vo dy	8th...	3,000	ditto ...	......	......	A translation of the Holy Bible into standard Bengali.	1670
May 19th	4	16mo double crown.	1st...	20,000	ditto ...	Nil	......	The miracles prove that Jesus is the Saviour of mankind and that his religion is true.	1671
„ 10th	4	ditto ...	1st...	20,000	ditto ...	......	......	Jesus is the true refuge of mankind.	1672
„ 19th	4	ditto ...	1st...	20,000	ditto ...	......	......	A native Christian writes that by embracing Christianity he has secured salvation, and he asks others to follow him.	1673
„ 15th	4	ditto ...	1st...	20,000	ditto ...	......	......	Christianity teaches that to get rid of sins and the evils of existence, a man must lead a good life.	1674
Mar. 15th	64	Double foolscap 16mo.	1st...	1,050	ditto ...	0 2 0	Krishna Mohan Kundu, 10-1, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Intended for girls ...	1675
Feb. 12th	286	12mo ...	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Mahendra Náth Datta.	Intended for primary schools, and the lower classes of middle schools.	1676
„ 12th	156	12mo ...	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	A school book	1677
Apl. 10th	342	12mo dy	4th	3,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Prasanna Chandra Sen.	An improved edition ...	1678
Mar. 28th	174	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 7 0	The author, Pabna.	....	1679
„ 19th	144	12mo ...	3rd	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Brajapati Banerji.	A school book	1680
„ 22nd	40	12mo ...	10th	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Brajapati Banerji, Sanskrit Press Depository.	ditto ditto ...	1681
May, 24th	64	Dl. fcp. 16mo ...	3rd	3,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Shrínáth Bhattácháryya, Maimensingh.	A revised edition	1682
„ 24th	64	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	P. Ghosh, 28, Convent Road, Intally.	A school book	1683
Apl. 14th	66	8vo ...	tls...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	ditto ditto ...	1684
Mar. 11th	38	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	ditto ditto ...	1685
Mar. 2nd	36	12mo ...	7th...	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	A revised and improved edition	1686

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL)—*contd.*					
1687	Shaubhankari Aryá. Shubhankar's Formulæ of calculation.	Bengali	Táriní Charan Basu Chaudhuri.	Science (Mathematical.)	Printed and published at the Adarsa Press, Dacca.	Printed by Kálí Kumár De, and published by the author.
	SCIENCE (NATURAL AND OTHER).					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1688	Saral Padártha Vidyá. An Easy Treatise on Physics.	ditto ...	Krishna Chandra Banerji.	Science (natural and other.)	Printed and published at 211, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. C. Datta.
1689	Saral Bijnáner Prashnottar. A catechism of Saral Bijnán.	ditto ..	Satish Chandra Mukhopádhyáya.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Adarsa Press, Dacca.	Printed by Kálíkumár De, and published by K. Banerji, & Co.
1690	Sankshipta Padártha Darshaner Prashnottar. A brief catechism of Padártha Darshana.	ditto ...	Prasannakumár Chakravartí.	ditto ...	Printed at 39, Simla Street, Calcutta, and published at Khetlál, Bogra.	Printed by Mahendra Náth De, and published by the author.
1691	Sachitra Prákritik Bhugoler Prashnottar. An illustrated catechism of Physical Geography.	ditto ..	Gopál Chandra Sarkár.	ditto ..	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Shahajadpur.	Printed by Sányál and Co., and published by Lalit Mohan Gupta.
						ENGLISH
	ART.					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes—					
2916	Superior Text-hand Copy Book.	English	R. B. Chakravartí.	Art ...	Lithographed and published at 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Lithographed and published by B. L. Chakravartí.
	BIOGRAPHY.					
2917	Samuel Hardy of Santa Village, Part I, and Shankar Dás of Kálikápore.	ditto ...	N. C. Banerji	Biography	Printed at 189, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta, and published at Rishrá, Hugli.	Printed by Umá Charan Chakravartí, and published by Nibáran Chandra Banerji.
2918	A Short Memoir of Rai Bishnu Chandra Datta, Báhádur.	ditto ...	H. C. Datta...	ditto ...	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at 58, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by S. C. Addi.
	FICTION.					
2919	Through Strife to Fortune.	ditto ...	Bertie Gordon	Fiction ...	Printed and published at 5, Council House Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by the Central Press Co., Ld.
	HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY.)					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes—					
2920	Brief Outline of English History.	ditto ...	M. Prothero	History (including Geography.)	Printed at 67, Nimtalá Ghát Street, and published at 12, Shámpukur Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mukharji & Co., and published by Amrita Krishna Mallik.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy right, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—concld.									
1893.	Page.					Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 22nd	146	12mo ..	9th...	1,000	Printed	0 6 0	......	Intended for the 3rd and 4th classes of Middle schools.	1687
May 15th	178	12mo dy.	3rd	1,025	ditto ...	0 10 0	The author, 63, Simla Street, Calcutta.	A translation of Professor Balfour Stewart's Primer of Physics. A revised edition.	1688
Feb. 2nd	40	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	......	A help to students ...	1689
Mar. 14th	55	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Prasanna Kumár Chakravartí.	ditto ...	1690
Apl. 10th	60	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Gopál Chandra Sarkár, Shahajadpur.	ditto ...	1691
BOOKS.									
Mar. 14th	12	4″×10″	1st...	2,000	Lithographed.	0 2 0	R. B. Chakravartí, 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	......	2916
" 2nd	16	8vo dy	1st...	100	Printed	£. s. d. 0 0 6	N. C. Banerji, Rishrá, Hugli.	The story of the life of the author who was removed from the sub-judicial service for unsoundness of mind. Shankar Dás is a poor neighbour whose mode of life the author admires.	2917
" 27th	60	8vo crown	1st...	500	ditto ...	Rs. A. P. 1 4 0	H. C. Datta, 132, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	A short account of the life of Rai B. C. Datta, Bahadur, who was appointed substantive Deputy Post-Master General of Eastern Bengal.	2918
Apr. 12th	239	8vo crown	1st...	225	ditto ...	....	Bertie Gordon, Simla.	The adventures of Ronald Mackenzie, who, through strife and peril, attained a fortune worthy of a prince.	2919
May 1st	160	8vo crown.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Mukharji & Co., 67, Nimtalá Ghat, Calcutta.	A help to Students... ...	1920

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						ENGLISH
	HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY)—concld.					
2921	History of India for Beginners.	English	Abdul Karim, B.A.	History (including Geography.)	Printed and published at Thacker Spink & Co.'s Press, 5 and 6, Government Place, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thacker Spink & Co.
2922	Questions on Indian History.	ditto ...	S. K. Láhiri...	ditto ...	Printed and published at 119, Old Baitakkháná Bazar Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by J. N. Banerji.
2923	An Abridged Outline of the History of Bengal.	ditto ...	Yogendra Chandra Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 14, College Square, and published at 56, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Náráyan Chandra Ráy, and published K. Banerji & Co.
2924	A Guide to First Geography.	ditto ...	M. Dunn, M.A.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta, and published at 47, Maháhjanitola, Allahabad.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by B. P Kapur.
2925	A Guide to Second Geography.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
2926	Child's Easy Geography	ditto ...	Yogendra Náth Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 54-1, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadunáth Sil, and published by A. R. Kunda.
2927	An Epitome of English History.	ditto ...	Upendranáth Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at Serampore, at 56, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddheshvar Bhattácháryya, and published by Shaik Brothers & Co.
2928	The History of India for junior classes.	ditto ...	H. A. Stark, B.A.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the New Town Press, Bhawanipur.	Printed by Kedár Náth Mitra, and published by Tárá Prasanna Mitra.
2929	A Guide to the History of India.	ditto ...	S. Mukharji	ditto ...	Printed at the Syamantak Press, Dacca, and published at Calcutta.	Printed by P. C. De, and published by K. Banerji & Co.
	LANGUAGE. *The following works are designed for educational purposes.*					
2930	A First English Reader	ditto ...	D. N. Basu ...	Language	Printed at 211, Cornwallis Street, and published at 148, Báránasí Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by K. C. Datta, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
2931	Helps's Essays written in the intervals of Business. (R).	ditto ...	N. K. Mazumdár.	ditto ...	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at 66, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by A. K. Chatterji.
2932	The Moral Instructor. (R).	ditto ...	Bholá Náth Pál.	ditto ...	Printed at 203-2, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by P. C. Sháhá, and published by B. Banerji & Co.
2933	The Metropolitan Reader. (R).	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed at 62, Amherst Street, and published at 25, Sukea's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Upendra Náth Chakravartí, and published by the Calcutta Library.
2934	Hints on Letter writing	ditto ...	M. Dunn, M.A.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta, and published at 47, Mahájanitolá Lane, Allahabad.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by B. P. Kapur.
2935	Essays and letters ...	ditto ...	M. Mustaphi	ditto ...	Printed at 4, Hem Chandra Kar's Lane, and published at 63, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by P. C. Ráy, and published by Mádhab Chandra Banerji.
2936	A Guide to Rowe's Hints.	ditto ...	S. C. Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 3, Braja Dulál's Street, and published at 58, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ishvar Chandra Dás, and published by S. C. Addi.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893.—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—*contd.*									
1893.	Page.					Rs. A. P.			
Mar. 1st	135	12mo dy	2nd...	3,000	Printed	0 12 0	Abdúl Karim ...	A revised and improved edition	2921
Feb. 20th	14	12mo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 1 6	S. K. Láhiri ...	Designed to help Students ...	2922
Mar. 18th	142	16mo D. F.	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Yogendra Chandra Chatterji.	A short sketch of the well-known history of Bengal by John C. Marshman.	2923
" 23rd	30	12mo dy	2nd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	M. Dunn, M.A., Lahore.	Designed to help students preparing for the English Middle and University Entrance Examinations.	2924
" 23rd	61	12mo dy	2nd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	2925
Feb. 28th	44	16mo fc.	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Yogendra Náth Banerji.	Designed for the use of beginners.	2926
Mar. 26th	224	12mo...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Upendra Náth Mukharji, B.A., B.L., Calcutta.	Designed for candidates preparing for the Entrance Examination of 1894 and subsequent years.	2927
" 8th	71	12mo dy	2nd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	H. A. Stark, B.A., Calcutta.	An improved edition ...	2928
May 18th	122	12mo...	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	......	Designed to help students of the Entrance class.	2929
Mar. 2nd	76	16mo D. F.	2nd...	5,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	The author, 21, Shiv Náráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	A second edition ...	2930
Feb. 28th	214	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	N. K. Mazumdár, Rajshahye College.	Designed for the use of F. A. Students.	2931
1892. Dec. 25th	132	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Bholá Náth Pál, 45, Simla Street, Calcutta.	The writer says that the book has been specially prepared with reference to the orders of the Government of India regarding the use of moral text books in Government schools.	2932
1893. April 1st	65	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	Designed for the fifth and fourth classes of High English Schools.	2933
Mar. 24th	90	12mo dy	1st	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	M. Dunn, M.A., Empress Road, Lahore.	....	2934
" 1st	184	12mo dy	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 11 0	M. Mustaphi, 49, Shám Bazar Street, Calcutta.	An improved edition ...	2935
May 1st	173	12mo dy	3rd...	2,000	ditto ...	0 14 0	S. C. Mukharji, Bhawanipur.	A thoroughly revised edition ...	2936

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part o it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
	2	3	4	5	6	7
						ENGLISH
	LANGUAGE—*contd.*					
2937	Model questions with answers on the Philology of the English Tongue.	English	Rájendra Náth Sányál.	Language	Printed at 33, New China Bazar, and published at 54-1, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by D. C. Dás & Co., and published by B. M. Bose.
2938	English Idioms and Phrases.	ditto ...	H. C. Sur ...	ditto ...	Printed and published at 4, Hem Chandra Kar's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by P. C. Ráy.
2939	150 questions on the English Entrance Course for 1894.	ditto ...	Cháru Chandra Basu.	ditto ...	Printed at 29, Beadon Street, and published at 54, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhiri and Mitra, and published by S. K. Láhiri & Co.
2940	Dowden's "Shakspeare, His Mind and Art."	ditto ...	Lál Bihári Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goábágán Street, and published at 25, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by T. C. Ash, and published by Pánde Brothers.
2941	Notes on the Present Discontents.	ditto ...	Ashutosh Mitra.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 78, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by the New Britannia Press Depository.
2942	Notes on Ingram's Life of E. Barrett Browning.	ditto ...	Anukul Chandra Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 14, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Anukul Chandra Ráy.
2943	Model questions with answers of the English Entrance Course for 1894.	ditto ...	Satish Chandra Mitra.	ditto ...	Printed at 79-3, and published at 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Yogendra Náth Mallik, and published by Bose & Co.
2944	Notes on Green's Readings, Part II.	ditto ...	Dhan Ballabh Set.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by S. K. Láhiri & Co.
	LAW.					
2945	Analysis of Maines' Ancient Law.	ditto...	Narendra Náth Mitra, B.L.	Law ...	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at 34, Telipárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by the author.
2946	A Complete Analysis of Pollock's Law of Torts.	ditto...	Prasanna Kumár Ráhá.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 249, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by I. C. Bose & Co., and published by the author.
2947	A Note on the New Metropolitan Fire Brigade Bill.	ditto...	Nalin Bihári Sarkár.	ditto ...	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at 21, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by the author.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
2948	Ráj Rájeswari Waterworks.	ditto...	Mádhav Chandra Ráy.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the East Bengal Press, Dacca.	Printed by Krishna Dás Basák, and published by Mádhav Chandra Ráy, and the Nasirabád Municipality.
2949	First Steps in Commercial Life.	ditto...	John H. Ashworth.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 300, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by W. J. Pinheiro.
2950	What is True Greatness	ditto...	Rev. A. J. McLean.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rev. J. W. Thomas.
2951	Moral Influence of Physical Science.	ditto...	Mahendra Lál Sarkár.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 51, Sánkáritolá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Panchánan Sarkár.
2952	Trial by Jury. Its Origin and History.	ditto...	Sir Alex. Edward Miller, Kt., Q. C.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 29, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Láhiri and Mitra.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—*contd.*									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
May 10th	102	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 8 0	The author ...	Specially intended for the B. A. candidates for "Honours in English."	2937
June 2nd	112	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	H. C. Sur, 7, Gopi Mohan Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	A small dictionary of Phrases and idioms.	2938
April 5th	32	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Cháru Chandra Basu, Bhagalpur.	Designed for students of the Entrance Class.	2939
" 20th	20	16mo rl.	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 2 0	Lál Bihárí Chatterji.	A brief sketch of the well-known book of Dowden.	2940
Mar. 26th	75	12mo dy	3rd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Ashutosh Mitra, 78, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	A key ...	2941
" 10th	72	12mo dy	1st...	......	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	ditto ...	2942
Feb. 15th	106	12mo rl.	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 10 0	Satísh Chandra Mitra, 14, Umesh Chandra Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	A help to students ...	2943
" 25th	126	12mo dy	2nd..	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Dhan Ballabh Set, Balarám De's Street, Calcutta.	A key ...	2944
Apr. 17th	72	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto...	0 12 0	The author, 34, Telipárá Lane Calcutta.	A help to students... ...	2945
Mar. 25th	86	8vo crown.	1st...	1,000	ditto...	1 8 0	Prasanna Kumár Ráhá, 11, Sarbeshvar Sen's Lane, Calcutta.	ditto	2946
Apr. 25th	10	Foolscap.	1st...	250	ditto...	...	The author, 21, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	For circulation amongst the Municipal Commissioners of Calcutta.	2947
May 16th	48	Folio...	1st...	100	ditto...	...	......	An estimate of the probable cost of constructing the works for the supply of filtered water to the town of Mymensingh.	2948
" 9th	40	8vo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ..	0 12 0	John H. Ashworth.	Containing hints for the use of apprentices in the various commercial houses.	2949
" 7th	8	8vo dy	1st...	...	ditto...	...	......	The object of our life is to do good to others in seeking the will of God.	2950
1892. Feb. ...	34	8vo dy	1st...	300	ditto...	0 8 0	Dr. Mahendra Lál Sarkár, 51, Sánkáritolá Lane, Calcutta.	Being the substance of a lecture delivered at the Town Hall by the author, in which he says that all scientific discoveries and investigations point more and more clearly to the existence of a great First Cause.	2951
1893. Apr. 4th	27	8vo dy	1st...	50	ditto...	...	......	Being the substance of an address delivered at the annual meeting of the Chaitanya Library by Sir Alex. Edward Miller, Kt., Q. C.	2952

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						ENGLISH
	MISCELLANEOUS—*contd.*					
2953	Adam Smiths' Pay Tables.	English	Major Adam Smith.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 5, Council House Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by the Calcutta Central Press Co., Ld.
2954	Indian Pandits in the Land of Snow.	ditto...	Sarat Chandra Dás.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 54, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by S. K. Láhiri.
2955	Criticisms on Mr. Risley's Articles on Brahmans, Káyasthas and Vaidyas as published in his "Tribes and Castes of Bengal." Part I.	ditto...	Chaitanya Krishna Nág Varma.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 6, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed and published by N. C. Ghosh.
2956	The Bengal Overseer's Guide.	ditto...	Kálí Prasanna Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by B. L. Chakravartí.
2957	The Indian Patentees' Guide.	ditto...	Herbert H. French.	ditto ...	Printed at 19, Lál Bazar Street, and published at 16, Marquis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by C. J. A. Pritchard, and published by the author.
2958	The Sportsman's Manual in Kullu, Lahoul, Spiti, &c.	ditto...	Col. R. H. Tyacke.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Thacker, Spink & Co.'s Press, 5 and 6, Government Place, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thacker, Spink & Co.
2959	The Asian Pocket Book. 1892-93.	ditto...	W. H. Targett	ditto ...	Printed at the Caledonian Steam Printing Co.'s Press, and published at 4, Waterloo Street, Calcutta.	Printed by A. Acton, and published by W. H Targett.
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
2960	The Examination Passport. Part I.	ditto...	Bhavendra Náth Bose.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Nawábdi Ostágar's Lane, and published at 67, Nimu Gosáin's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Banerji, and published by N. N. Bose.
2961	A Hand book of the Entrance Test Examination Papers.	ditto ...	D. N. Sarkár	ditto ...	Printed at 14, College Square, and published at 86, Harrison Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Anukul Chandra Ráy, and published by D. N. Sarkár.
	PHILOSOPHY.					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
2962	Notes on Sully's Psychology.	ditto ..	C. R. Wilson	Philosophy.	Printed and published at 14, College Square, Calcutta.	Printed by Anukul Chandra Ráy, and published by G. C. Ráy & Co.
2963	Notes on Types of Ethical Theory. Vol. II., Part I.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed by Anukul Chandra Ráy, and published by Rákhál Chandra Dás.
2964	Ditto ditto. Vol. I., Part II.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—*contd.*									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. A.			
April 5th	34	8vo dy	15th	600	Printed	2 0 0	Major Adam Smith, Poona.	Pay Tables of the British Army in India, at 1*s.* 2¼*d.* the rupee.	2953
Mar. 11th	120	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto...	1 4 0	......	A collection of the speeches and lectures of Sri Sarat Chandra Dás, C.I.E., as to what he saw and learnt about the works of Indian Aryans in the countries beyond the Himalayas during his sojourn in Tibet. Mostly reprinted from the contemporary papers.	2954
Feb. 20th	76	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto...	...	The author, Faridpur.	The writer refutes Mr. Risley's suggestion that the Káyastha caste would naturally have been recruited more largely from the peaceful Vaishyas and Sudras than from the warlike Kshatriyas, and proves by quoting several passages from the Dharma Shástras of the Hindus that they are the descendants of Chitragupta, as well as of Rájá Chandra Sen, and are of pure Kshatriya blood.	2955
Mar. 2nd	110	8vo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto...	2 0 0	Káli Prasanna Mukharji, Hooghly.	A collection of useful practical hints on the construction and repairs of buildings and roads in Bengal.	2956
Apr. 12th	98	8vo crown.	1st...	1,000	ditto...	3 0 0	The author, 16, Marquis Street, Calcutta.	Contains all the rules, regulations and laws for the protection of inventions or registration of designs in India.	2957
Mar. 11th	128	12mo dy	1st...	750	ditto...	3 8 0	Col. R. H. Tyacke.	A useful guide to those to whom shooting in the Himalayas is a novelty.	2958
May 26th	634	...	1st...	450	ditto...	5 0 0	W. H. Targett, 4, Waterloo Street, Calcutta.	Contains a full and complete record of racing in India, Burma and Ceylon, during the past season.	2959
Apl. 15th	60	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 6 0	Bhavendra Náth Bose, 96, Muktárám Babu's Street, Calcutta.	Designed for the Entrance candidates, 1894.	2960
Mar. 3rd	104	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	D. N. Sarkár ...	....	2961
" 25th	51	12mo dy	1st...	......	ditto ...	0 6 0	G. C. Ráy & Co.	A help to students ...	2962
" 4th	90	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	2963
" 4th	80	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	2964

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
	POETRY.					ENGLISH
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
2965	The Deserted Village with Notes. (R.)	English	Edited by N. K. Mazumdár.	Poetry ...	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at 66, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by A. K. Chatterji.
	RELIGION.					
2966	The Rámáyana. Vol. VI. Part 28. (T.)	ditto ...	Translated by M. N. Datta.	Religion H.	Printed and published at 65-2, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by G. C. Chakravartí, and published by M. N. Datta.
2967	Ditto ditto. Vol. VI. Part 29. (T.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
2968	The Mahábhárata, Part 81. (T.)	ditto ...	Translated by Pratáp Chandra Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 1, Raja Gurudás's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Kálidás Sen, and published by P. C. Ráy.
2969	Ditto ditto. Part 82. (T.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
2970	The Wealth of India. Vol. I. Part III. (T.)	ditto ...	Translated by Manmatha Náth Datta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 65-2, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by G. C. Chakravartí, and published by M. N. Datta.
2971	Tales of Ind. Gleanings from Indian Classics. (T.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed and published by Girish Chandra Chakravartí.
2972	The Beginnings of Religious life.	ditto ...	Mohit Chandra Sen.	Religion B.	Printed and published at the Adarsha Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Kálí Kumár De.
2973	Solemn Warnings to thoughtless Christians.	ditto ...	S. R. H. Phillips.	Religion C.	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the author.
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL.)					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
2974	The Elements of Arithmetic.	ditto ...	Bipin Vihárí Gupta.	Science (Mathematical.)	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 196, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Sil, and published by Durgá Charan Ráy.
2975	Easy Step to Algebra ...	ditto ...	Prasanna Kumár Ghosh.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 7, Duff Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Adhar Chandra Házrá, and published by the Bengal Book Depository.
2976	A Surveyor's Handbook.	ditto ...	Baradá Dás Bose.	ditto ...	Printed at 79-3, Cornwallis Street, and published at 37, Shikdár Bágán Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Yogendra Náth Mallik, and published by Bhupendra Kumár Bose.
	SCIENCE (NATURAL AND OTHER.)					
2977	Derivation of the Avifauna of Narcondam and Barren Island.	ditto ...	David Prain	Science (Natural and other.)	Printed at 78, Amherst Street, and published at the Royal Botanical Garden.	Printed by Ambiká Charan Som, and published by Surgeon D. Prain, I. M. S.
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
	Aids to Physical Geography.	ditto ...	N. L. De, M.A., and U. L. De, M.A.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, and published at 58, Wellington Street, Calcutta.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by S. C. Addi.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—**continued.**

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place publication	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number
BOOKS—*concld.*									
1893.									
Mar. 24th	170	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 10 0	N. K. Mazumdár, Rajshahi College.	....	2965
May 8th	40	8vo ...	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	16 0 0 Complete set.	M. N. Datta, 65-2, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Goes on with the *Yuddhakánda*	2966
Apl. 24th	40	8vo ...	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	2967
Mar. 30th	72	8vo dy	1st...	3,500	ditto ...	......	Pratáp Chandra Ráy.	Goes on with the *Mokshadharma Parbádhyáya* of the Shántiparba.	2968
May 5th	72	8vo dy	1st...	3,500	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	The Shántiparba is concluded...	2969
Mar. 4th	72	8vo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	6 0 0 Yearly.	M. N. Datta, 65-2, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Up to the fifteenth Chapter of the first book of the Shrímadbhágavat, and the fourteenth section of Part I of Vishnupurán.	2970
Apl. 2nd	224	16mo...	1st ..	1,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	ditto ...	Tales of Indian classics in an English garb.	2971
Feb. 5th	27	8vo ...	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 1 0	......	Being the substance of a lecture delivered in the East Bengal Brahma Samaj.	2972
May 30th	40	16mo fc	1st...	79	ditto ...	......	......	Short pieces on a variety of subjects relating to Christianity.	2973
Feb. 28th	470	16mo D. C.	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	1 12 0	Bipin Vihárí Gupta, Shiv Náráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	A school-book	2974
„ 20th	372	12mo dy.	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	1 12 0	Prasanna Kumár Ghosh, Purulia.	ditto	2975
May 15th	34	8vo dy.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Baradá Dás Bose, 37, Shikdár Bágán Street, Calcutta.	Containing rules for finding out areas of lands, &c.	2976
April 1st	4	8vo rl.	1st...	87	ditto ...	Nil	The Author, Royal Botanical Garden.	....	2977
„ 19th	65	12mo ...	4th ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	N. L. De, Professor, General Assembly's Institution, Calcutta.	An improved edition ...	2978

HINDI

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
	Art.					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
1273	Adarsha-lipi—Devanagri Copy book.	Hindi	B. Banerji ...	Art ...	Printed and published at 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by B. L. Chakravartí.
	History (including Geography.)					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
1274	Asia. The Map of Asia	ditto ...	Devendra Náth Dhar.	History (including Geography.)	Lithographed and published at 33, Jeliatolá Street, Calcutta.	Lithographed and published by Rájendra Náth Dhar.
	Language.					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1275	Hindi-Varnaparichaya. An alphabetical primer of the Hindi language. Part I.	ditto ...	Mathuránáth Chattopádhyáya.	Language	Printed and published at the Dinapore Central Press.	Printed and published by Mathurá Náth Sinha.
1276	Shikshá-Vidyáprakásh. Manifestation of learning and knowledge. Part I.	ditto ...	Brajamohan Misser.	ditto ...	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 10, Hánspukhuria Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Naráyan Pál, and published by Vishva Náth Dube.
1277	Bháshábodh Dvitíya-bhág-ká-artha. A Key to Bháshábodh. Part II.	ditto ...	Deokilál ...	ditto ...	Printed at the Bihar Bandhu Press, Bankipur, and published at Kharakdiha.	Printed by Aklulál, and published by Deokilál.
1278	Bháshá Vyákaran Sár. The substance of the Grammar of the Hindi language.	ditto ...	Mahádeo Prasád.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Khargavilás Press, Bankipur.	Printed and published by Saheb Prasád Sinha.
1279	Shishu-manoranjan. The Delighter of the heart of children.	ditto ...	Lakshmí Náth Sharmá.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Bihar Bandhu Press, Bankipur.	Printed and published by Aklulál.
	Miscellaneous.					
1280	Gojátik i-Unnati. Improvement of the species of cow.	ditto ...	Atul Krishna Roy, M.A., M.B., A.C., M.R., A.S.E.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 60, Cross Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Krishnánanda Sharmá.
1281	Harish Chandra Kalá. Complete works of Babu Harish Chandra. Vol. VI. No. 38.	ditto ...	Edited by Rámdín Sinha.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Khargavilás Press, Bankipur.	Printed and published by Sáheb Prasád Sinha.
1282	ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 39.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1283	ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 40.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1284	ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 41.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1285	ditto ditto. Vol. VI. No. 42.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1286	Krishi-parichaya. Introduction to agriculture.	ditto ...	Girish Chandra Basu.	ditto ...	Printed at 34-1, Kalutolá Street, and published at 1, China Bazar Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kebalrám Chatterji, and published by Sharat Chandra Som.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS.									
Mar. 12th	16	3'×10'	1st ...	2,000	Lithographed.	0 2 0	B. Banerji, 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Designed for candidates for the Calcutta University Examinations.	1273
April 10th	......	3' 10½"× 3'	1st...	250	Printed	2 8 0	The Author, 33, Jeliatolá Street, Calcutta.	A wall map of Asia in Hindi ...	1274
Feb. 9th	40	12octavo	2nd..	500	ditto...	......	......	A school-book	1275
Mar. 4th	22	Dy. ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Brajamohan Misser, 10, Hánspuker Lane, Calcutta,	ditto	1276
May 15th	24	8vo dy.	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	......	Deokilál, Head Pandit, Model School, Kharakdiha.	A help to students ...	1277
„ 2nd	168	12mo dy.	2nd...	1,000	ditto ...	......	Mahádeo Parsád Mustechak, Saran.	A school-book	1278
„ 25th	48	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	Lakshmínáth Sharmá, Mahalla Pir Bahore, Bankipur.	A collection of moral stories for boys.	1279
Apl. 7th	108	12 dy.	1st...	1,000	ditto...	1 0 0	A. K. Ráy, 16, Gomes' Lane, Calcutta.	Treats of protection, rearing, and treatment of diseases, of cows, which are greatly ill-treated, and always underfed in this country.	1280
„ 27th	43	8vo rl.	1st...	200	ditto...	Nil ...	Ramdin Sing, Raipur, Balliya.	Contains the *Rámhari Rahasya*	1281
„ 28th	55	8vo rl.	1st...	200	ditto...	Nil ...	ditto ...	Contains the *Rámkaleba Rahasya*	1282
„ 29th	36	8vo rl.	1st...	300	ditto...	Nil ...	ditto ...	Contains the *Nának Vinaya* ...	1283
„ 30th	62	8vo rl.	1st...	200	ditto...	Nil ...	ditto ...	Contains the *Vairágya Sandípaní* and its commentary.	1284
May 1st	40	8vo rl.	1st...	200	ditto...	Nil ...	ditto ...	Contains the *Lál Vinod* and songs.	1285
Mar. 1st	60	16 s.r.	1st...	1,000	ditto...	0 4 0	Sharat Chandra Som, 1, China Bazar Lane, Calcutta.	An elementary work on agriculture.	1286

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						HINDI
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
1287	Samkshipta Zemídarí. A short treatise on zamindari accounts.	Hindi	Mathurá Náth Chattopádhyáya, M.A.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Dinapore Central Press.	Printed and published by Mathurá Náth Sinha.
1288	Samkshipta Mahájani. A short treatise on Mahájani accounts.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1289	ditto ditto.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	POETRY.					
1290	Jaya-prakásh-Yashaprakásh. A poem in praise of Jaya-prakásh.	ditto ...	Mahádeo Parsád.	Poetry ...	Printed and published at the Khargavilás Press, Bankipur.	Printed and published by Sáheb Parsád Sinha.
	RELIGION.					
1291	Haripadávalí. A collection of hymns and songs in praise of Hari.	ditto ...	Prahládi Rám	Religion (H.)	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, Calcutta, and published at 3, Mati Síl's Kátrá, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by Anantarám Purohita.
1292	Mahábhárat. Part XXIII. (T.)	ditto ...	Amrita Lál Sharmá and others.	ditto ...	Printed at 34-1, Kalutolá Street, and published at 1, Chinabazar Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kebal Rám Chatterji, and published by Sharat Chandra Som.
1293	ditto ditto. Part XXIV. (T.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1294	Bhajanávalí. A collection of *Bhajan* songs.	ditto ...	Edited by Rámsing Pujári.	ditto ...	Printed at 60, Cross Street, and published at 112, Cotton Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Krishnánanda Sharmá, and published by the author.
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL.)					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1295	Rakaba Nikalna. Calculation of area.	ditto ...	Baradá Dás Bose.	Science (mathematical.)	Printed at the Jyotish Prakásh Press, Calcutta, and published at 37, Sikdár Bágán Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Ghosál, and published by Bhupendra Kumár Bose, M.A.
						LEPCHA
	RELIGION.					
1	Lepchá Gít Sangraha. A Collection of Lepchá Hymns.	Lepchá	Rev. J. A. Graham.	Religion, C.	Printed and published at the Scotch Mission Press, Darjeeling.	Printed and published by D. Isaac.
						MANIPURI
	RELIGION.					
2	Abái Akhumgi Pareng. Elementary Catechism in Manipuri. (T.)	Manipuri.	Rev. W. Pettigrew.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, and published at Silchar, Assam.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the Author.
						MUSALMANI-
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
725	Guru Sankhyá. A list of preceptors.	Musalmani-Bengali.	Sayyad Ashek Ali Miyán.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Bogra Roy Press.	Printed and pulished by Sayyed Asekáli Miyán.
726	Kalir Shvashur. The father-in-law of the fourth mundane age.	ditto ...	Maulvi Nur Muhammad Sáheb.	ditto ...	Printed at 16 Ahiritolá Street, Calcutta, and published at Sundip, Noakhali.	Printed by Hari Dás De and published by the Author.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	Remarks.	Number.
BOOKS—concld.									
1893.	Page.					Rs. A. P.			
Jan. 21st	49	6 octavo.	4th...	500	Printed	Nil ...	......	For the use of the vernacular schools.	1287
1892.									
Jan. 11th	40	12 octavo.	2nd...	500	ditto...	Nil ...	......	For the use of primary schools	1288
„ 11th	42	12 octavo.	4th...	2,500	...	......	......	ditto ditto ...	1289
May 7th	80	12mo dy.	1st...	1,000	ditto...	Nil ...	Mahádeo Parsád, Mastichak, Saran.	Verses written in honour of the Honourable Dewan Rai Jaya Prakásh Lál Báhádur.	1290
1893.									
Apl. 22nd	32	dy. ...	1st...	1,000	ditto...	0 8 0	Ananta Rám Purohit, 3, Mati Sil's Kátrá, Calcutta.	Songs and hymns	1291
Mar. 1st	120	8vo s.r.	1st...	1,000	ditto...	1 0 0	Sharat Chandra Som, 1, China Bazar Lane, Calcutta.	A translation in prose, goes on with *Dron Parva*.	1292
Apl. 2nd	120	8vo s.r.	1st...	1,000	ditto...	1 0 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	1293
„ 19th	32	8 dy....	1st...	2,000	ditto...	0 1 9	The author, 112, Cotton Street, Calcutta.	Religious songs by Nának	1294
„ 15th	22	8 dy....	1st...	1,000	ditto...	0 12 0	Bhupendra Kumár Basu, 37, Sikdár Bágán Street, Calcutta.	A Surveyor's hand-book, containing rules for calculating areas, and for converting one standard of measurement into its equivalent in another.	1295
BOOK.									
1893.									
May 12th	99	8vo ...	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 3 0	Foreign Mission Committee of the Church of Scotland, Edinburgh.	....	1
BOOK.									
May 12th	20	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	......	....	2
BENGALI BOOKS.									
1893.	Pages.								
April 25th	93	12oct.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	......	Contains a list of names of the preceptors and several astrological calculations.	725
„ 3rd	20	8vo ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	The Author, Sundip, Noakhal	Describes the manners and customs of the Mussalman harem.	726

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						MUSALMANI-
	RELIGION.					
727	Maje-já Emá Máem. Miracles of Imáms.	Musalmani-Bengali.	Munshi Jainal Abedin.	Religion M.	Printed and published at the Bangla Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Shashi Mohan Datta.
						NAGA
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
2	Tanabuba Ashiba. Naga Primer. No. II.	Naga...	Mrs. E. W. Clark.	Language	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, and published at Molung, Naga Hills, Assam.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the American Baptist Mission.
						SANSKRIT
	HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY).					
1323	Bhugola-Khagola-Varnanam. The description of heaven and earth.	Sanskrit	Ishvara Chandra Vidyáságar.	History including Geography.	Printed at 62, Amherst Street, and published at 25, Sukea's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Upendra Náth Chakravartí and published by the Calcutta Library.
1324	Chandra Prabhá. Moonlight. (R.)	ditto ...	Bharat Mallik	ditto ...	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 146, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by B. L. Sen Gupta.
	LANGUAGE.					
1325	Pánditya. Learning. No. 1. (R.)	ditto ...	Vishnupada Mukharji.	Language.	Printed and published at 2, Náwábdi Ostágar's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Ashutosh Banerji.
1326	Ditto ditto. No. 2. (R.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1327	Suníti-Sangraha. A collection of moral Lessons. (R.)	ditto ...	Aghora Náth Chatterji.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1328	Suníti-Sopánam. The Stepping Stone to Morals. (R.)	ditto ...	Gadádhar Kávyatírtha.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Nawábdi Ostágar's Lane, and published at 118, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Banerji, and published by S. N. Bháttácháryya.
1329	The Calcutta University Sanskrit selections for the Entrance Examinations, 1895. (R.)	ditto ...	Mahámahopádhyáya Mahesha Chandra Nyáyaratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at Government Place, Calcutta.	Printed by J. W. Thomas, and published by Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co.
1330	Sanskrita-Sáhitya-Paríkshá Darpanam. The Mirror of Examinations in Sanskrit literature.	ditto ...	Gishpai Ráy Chaudhuri.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goábágán Street, and published at Bhawanipur, Calcutta.	Printed by Tárini Charan Ash, and published by the Author.
	LAW.					
1331	Bibliotheca Indica. No. 828. Madana Párijata. Fas. XI. (R.)	Sanskrit	Edited by Pandit Madhusúdan Smritiratna.	Law ...	Printed at 24, Grish Vidyáratna's Lane, and published at 57, Park Street, Calcutta.	Printed by S. B. Bhattácháryya, and published by the Asiatic Society, Bengal.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BENGALI BOOKS—concld.									
1893.	Page.					Rs. A. P.			
Jan. 16th	14	8vo ...	1st ...	1,000	Printed	0 1 6	......	Describes the well-known story of Ali and his fight with the King of Rome.	727
BOOK.									
Feb. 21st	44	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	......	......	....	2
BOOKS.									
April 20th	60	12mo dy	2nd Re-vised.	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Náráyan Chandra Vidyáratna, 25, Brindában Mallik's Lane, Calcutta.	A description of the earth and the heavens in Sanskrit couplets. It was written by the late Ishvarachandra Vidyáságar when a student, as a prize-essay, and has been published by his son.	1323
„ 11th	450	Royal	1st...	500	ditto ...	2 0 0	Binod Lál Sen-Gupta, 146, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	A more comprehensive work on Vaidya genealogy than *Ratna Prabhá*, noticed as Sanskrit book No. 1262 in the Catalogue for the quarter ending 30th June 1892.	1324
Feb. 15th	16	8vo dy	1st...	......	ditto ...	0 2 0	Vishnupada Mukharji, Burdwan.	This is said to be an Imperial Lexicon of the Sanskrit language. The first part contains a flaming preface and a commentary on the first verse of the Amara Kosha.	1325
April 10th	16	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	A commentary on some of the verses of the Amara Kosha.	1326
Feb. 10th	70	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Aghor Náth Chattopádhyáy, Nimta High School.	Short pieces from the *Hitopadesh*, *Kádambari*, &c.	1327
„ 18th	54	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Gadádhara Kábytírtha.	Extracts from the *Hitopadesh* and *Panchatantra*.	1328
Mar. 21st	128	12mo dy	1st...	6,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	......	....	1329
„ 15th	118	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	Gíshpati Ráy-Chaudhuri, Bhawanipur.	Examination papers on Sanskrit literature with notes by the Author.	1330
Mar. 22nd	88	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 6 0	The Asiatic Society, Bengal.	This Fasciculus completes the book and gives a preface and an index.	1331

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ber.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						SANSKRIT
	MEDICINE.					
1332	Charak-Samhitá. The Medical Treatise by Charak. Part III. (R.)	Sanskrit	Edited by Harináth Bishárad.	Medicine N.	Printed at 38, Shibnaráyan Dás's Lane, and published at 21, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddhesvara Pán, and published by Girish Chandra Mukharji.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
1333	Shrímadbhgavata-Vichára. A Disquisition on the Shrímadbhágavat.	ditto ...	Late Shiv Chandra Siddhánta.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 16-1, Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by M. N. Sarkár, and published by Shashibhúshan Chakravartí.
	PHILOSOPHY.					
1334	Bibliotheca Indica. No. 830. Tattva-Chintámani. Vol. III. Fasc. I. (R.)	ditto ...	Edited by Pandit Kámákhyánáth Tarkavágísha.	Philosophy	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 57, Park Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the Asiatic Society, Bengal.
	POETRY.					
1335	Ratna-málá. A Garland of Gems.	ditto ...	Sáradá Charan Mitra.	Poetry ...	Printed and published at 119, Old Báitakkháná Bazar Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by J. N. Bannerji & Son.
1336	Biláp-Lahirí. Waves of Lamentations.	ditto ...	Rámnáth Tarkaratna.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 100-1, Machua Bazar Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bishvanáth Nandi.
1337	Tunga Vanshánucharitam. A Poem on the Tunga Family.	ditto ...	Hari Krishna Mahápátra Sharmá.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Cuttack Printing Co.'s Press.	Printed and published by the Cuttack Printing Co.
	RELIGION.					
1338	Stotra Tarangini. The Stream of Hymns. (R.)	ditto ...	Compiled by Jubaráj Víramitroday Sinha Dev.	Religion, H.	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1339	Sám-vedi-Sandhyá-prayoga. The *Sandhyá* Ceremony for Brahmans professing the Sám-veda. (R.)	ditto ...	Edited by Jogendranáth Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sányál & Co.
1340	Bibliotheca Indica. No. 827. Sánkháyana Srauta Sútram. Vol. III. Fasc. I. (R.)	ditto ...	Edited by Dr. Alfred Hillebrandt.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 57, Park Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the Asiatic Society of Bengal.
1341	Ditto ditto. No. 829, Varáha-Puránam. Fasc. XIV. (R.)	ditto ...	Edited by Hrishí Kesha Shástrí.	ditto ...	Printed at 24, Girish Vidyáratna's Lane, and published at 57, Park Street, Calcutta.	Printed by S. B. Bhattácháryya, and published by the Asiatic Society of Bengal.
						URDU
	HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY.)					
326	Tarikh Sube Behár. History of Bihar.	Urdu	Ali Muhammad Sádh Khán Báhádur.	History (including Geography.)	Lithographed and published at Hajiganj, Patna.	Lithographed by Wahid Hussain, and published by Ali Muhammad Sádh Khán, Báhádur.
	RELIGION.					
327	Mafidus Sama-in. Benefactor of the hearers.	ditto ...	Házi Sufi Miyajan.	Religion, (M.)	Printed and published at Karatia.	Printed and published by Mir Atahar Ali.

Quarter ending 30*th June* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—concld.									
1893.	Page.								
Mar. 14th	32	Royal octavo	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	Harináth Bishárad, 61, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	This part contains the 3rd and 4th chapters and a part of the 5th chapter of Charak.	1332
Mar. 17th	16	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	Shashi Bhúshan Chakravartí, 15, Mahendra Basu's Lane, Calcutta.	A learned disquisition to show that Vedavyása was the author of the Shrimadbhágavata. The book was written by the late Pandit Shiv Chandra Siddhánta, and has been published by his grandson Shashi Bhúshan Chakravartí, who, in the commencement of the book, gives a list of the works by his grandfather, and to him ascribes the authorship of " Vásudeva-Vijayam."	1333
April 11th	96	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	......	Goes on with proof of the existence of God.	1334
Mar. 7th	64	12mo dy	2nd Re-vised.	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Sáradá Charan Mitra.	Short pieces from a variety of sources. A revised edition.	1335
April 10th	28	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	The Author, 121, Raghunath Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.	The poem is based upon the slaughter of the Asura Naraka, the son of earth, by Krishna and the lamentations of the goddess earth over her son's body on the field of battle. In its preface, it is said that the author of this work has also a just claim to the authorship of Vásudeva-Vijayam.	1336
Mar. 15th	13	16mo F. C.	1st...	100	ditto ...	......	The author ...	The genealogy of the Rája of Kotha in Orissa.	1337
Feb. 25th	27	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	Ditto ...	....	1338
May 3rd	8	12mo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	Nil	Jogendra Náth Banerji, 7, Girish Vidyáratna's Lane, Calcutta.	....	1339
Mar. 3rd	96	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	......	With the commentary of Varadattasuta Anartíya.	1340
April 17th	104	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 6 0	The Asiatic Society of Bengal, 57, Park Street, Calcutta.	This Fasciculus completes the book and gives a preface and an index.	1341
BOOKS.									
April 16th	152	4 to dy	2nd Re-vised.	500	Litho-graphed.	Nil	Ali Muhammad Sádh Khán Báhádur, Hajiganj, Patna.	An improved edition ...	326
" 8th	588	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	Printed	1 8 0	Hazi Sufi Miyájan, Kamalli.	Explanations of several passages from the Koran and Hadiz.	327

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						URIYA
	FICTION.					
829	Sítá Mái Ki Andirá. Is mother Sítá a male?	Uriya...	Kshetra Mohan Ráy.	Fiction ...	Printed and published at the Printing Company's Press, Cuttack.	Printed and published by the Printing Company, Cuttack.
	HISTORY (INCLUDING GEOGRAPHY.)					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
830	Madras Presidency Bhúgol. A manual of Geography of the Madras Presidency.	ditto ...	Bhúpati Náth Basu, B.A.	History (including Geography.)	Printed and published at the Printing Company's Press, Cuttack.	Printed and published by the Printing Company Cuttack.
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
831	Pravandha Málár Sárthak Byákhyá. A key to Pravandha Málá.	ditto ...	Rám Náráyan Lallá.	Language	Printed and published at the Victoria Press, Cuttack.	Printed and published by Rám Prasanna Mukharji.
832	Chhánda Málá Byákhyá. A key to Chhánda Málá.	ditto ...	Michhu Nand	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed and published by Michhu Nand.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
833	Gojátir Unnati. Improvement of cattle.	ditto ...	A. K. Ráy ...	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 16, Gomes' Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W Thomas, and published by A. K. Ráy.
	POETRY.					
834	Rájyábhisheka. Coronation.	ditto ...	Rám Náráyan Lallá.	Poetry ...	Printed and published at the Victoria Press, Cuttack.	Printed and published by Rám Náráyan Lallá.
835	Hátbasá. Opening of a Fair.	ditto ...	Govind Rath	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed and published by Govind Rath.
836	Arta-trán Chautisha. 34 verses on the deliverance of a distressed person.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
837	Dhaga Máliká. A garland of proverbs.	ditto ...	Báman Dvivedi.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Printing Company's Press, Cuttack.	Printed and published by the Printing Company, Cuttack.
838	Kánchí Káverí Yuddha. The battle of Kánchi-Káveri.	ditto ...	Pandit Govinda Rath.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
839	Chhánda Málá. A garland of poetry.	ditto ...	Madhu Súdan Ráo.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Victoria Press, Cuttack.	Printed and published by Abhin Náyak.
840	Banya Pushpánjali. A handful of wild flowers.	ditto ...	Ráj Náráyan Dás.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Printed and published by Ráj Náráyan Dás.
	RELIGION.					
841	Amritarasábalí. A Continuous Flow of Ambrosia.	ditto ...	Govind Rath	Religion, H	Printed and published at the Arunodaya Press, Dewan Bazar, Cuttack.	Printed and published by Govind Rath.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Mar. 13th	38	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 2 6	The author ...	A very indecent story ...	829
Apl. 25th	86	16mo f. s. c.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	The author ...	For the use of Primary schools.	830
Mar. 20th	82	12mo dy.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	A key ...	831
Apl. 24th	26	12mo dy.	1st...	2,500	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	ditto ...	832
Mar. 1st	94	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	......	......	Treats of protection of cows which are very much ill-treated in this country.	833
May 2nd	13	12mo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 2 0	The author, Cuttack.	Describes the coronation of Rám Chandra Bhunja Deva, the king of Mayurbhanja.	834
Apl. 15th	11	32mo rl.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	Describes a fair in the kingdom of Jaysinha.	835
„ 15th	13	32mo rl.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 9	......	Lamentations and prayers of a person in distress.	836
„ 10th	18	16mo f.s.p.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	The author ...	A collection of moral sayings in Uriya.	837
„ 27th	60	16mo f.s.c.	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	The author ...	A poem describing the battle of Kánchi-Káveri which was fought for a bride, Padmávati, the daughter of the king of Kánchi-Káveri, between the Prince of Orissa and the father of the bride. At last the prince came off victorious and married the girl.	838
Mar. 9th	23	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	The author, Cuttack.	A poetical primer ...	839
Mar. 15th	38	12mo dy	1st ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	Short pieces on a variety of subjects.	840
April 3rd	12	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Govind Rath, Killa, Banki Patpur.	A collection of religious songs	841

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						URIYA
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL).					
	The following work is designed for educational purposes.					
842	Utkala Pátiganita. Arithmetic in the Uriya Language, Part II.	Uriya...	Umesh Chandra Bose.	Science (Mathematical.)	Printed and published at the Printing Company's Press, Cuttack.	Printed and published by the Printing Company, Cuttack.
						BI-LINGUAL
						I.—ASSAMESE AND
	LANGUAGE.					
1	Grammatical Notes on the Assamese Language.	Assamese and English.	Edited by Rev. P. H. Moore.	Language	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, and published at Nowgong, Assam.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the American Baptist Mission Union.
						II.—BENGALI AND
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
757	Annotations on Middle English Reader. Part I.	Bengali and English.	Brindában Dhar.	Language	Printed and published at the Ashutosh Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Krishna Hari Basák.
758	Ditto Part II.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
759	Comprehensive Key to D. N. Basu's First English Reader.	ditto ...	Kálidás Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 203-2, Cornwallis Street, and published at 54-2, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by P. C. Sáhá and published by Amulya Ratan Kundu Bros.
760	Beginner's Hand book of English Grammar.	ditto ...	Párvati Charan Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Ashutosh Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Krishna Hari Basák.
761	A Key to the Indian Reader, Part I.	ditto ...	Dinesh Chandra Guha.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Munshi Wahed Baksh.
762	Mentorial Notes on the Middle English Reader.	ditto ...	P. Ghosh ...	ditto ...	Printed at 10, Sambhu Chatterji's Street, and published at 14, Shiv Náráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by R. C. Bhattácháryya, and published by the Sarasvati Library.
763	The First and Second Step to English Grammar.	ditto ...	Keshav Chandra Mitra.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Bankura.	Printed and published by Rájárám Bhattácháryya.
764	Model questions on the Middle English Reader.	ditto ...	Rájendra Náth Ghosh.	ditto ...	Printed at 63, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by G. C. Bose & Co., and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
765	First lessons in Translation.	ditto ...	Hari Krishna Adhikári.	ditto ...	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, and published at 52, Darmáhátá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sányál & Co. and published by the Ripon Depository.
766	The Private Tutor ...	ditto ...	G. C. Ráy ...	ditto ...	Printed at the Milan Press, and published at Harrison Road, Calcutta.	Printed by B. N. Ráy, and published by Púrna Chandra Datta.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
767	Samartha Kosh. A Bengali and English Dictionary with Pauránic biographical dictionary. Part 51.	ditto ...	A. K. Mitra and others.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, and published at the Sobhábazar Rájbáti.	Printed by U. C. Basu & Co., and published by A. K. Mitra and L. K. Bose.

Quarter ending 30*th June* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
BOOKS—contd.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Mar 15th	142	8vo dy	2nd...	1,000	Printed	0 12 0	The author ...	A revised edition	842
BOOKS.									
ENGLISH BOOK.									
April 17th	108	16mod y	3rd...	600	ditto ...	......	......	A revised edition of N. Brown's Assamese Grammar.	1
ENGLISH BOOKS.									
Mar. 8th	84	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	......	A Key	757
„ 16th	144	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	......	Ditto	758
May 10th	164	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Amulya Ratan Kundu Bros., 54-2, College Street, Calcutta.	Ditto	759
Mar. 8th	72	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	......	A School book	760
„ 19th	36	12mo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	Dinesh Chandra Guha, Armanitola, Dacca.	A Key	761
Mar. 20th	48	12mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	P. Ghose, 14, Shiv Náráyan Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Ditto	762
May 13th	142	12mo dy	3rd...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 0	Keshav Chandra Mitra, Kuchiakol, Bankura.	A School Book	763
April 13th	28	12mo dy	1st...	2,360	ditto ...	0 4 0	Rájendra Náth Ghosh.	A key	764
Mar. 25th	200	12mo dy	2nd...	20,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	The author, Nabadvip.	....	765
„ 20th	132	12mo dy	1st ..	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	G. C. Ráy ...	....	766
„ 18th	32	4 to dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	......	Bengali from *Paribáhita* to *Paryyanka*; English from *enfiled* to *enormity*; Pauranic biography from *Kavi* to *Kashyapa*.	767

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						III—BENGALI AND
	LANGUAGE.					
2	Hindi-Bángálá Bodhak. A Bengali-Hindi Vocabulary. Part I.	Bengali and Hindi.	Pannálál Baklival Jaina.	Language	Printed at 67, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at Sujangar.	Printed by G. C. Bose & Co., and published by the author.
						IV—BENGALI AND
	RELIGION.					
3	Hastasár vá Bauddha Maháparitrán. A handbook of the Buddhist faith or the Great Buddhistic salvation.	Bengali and Páli.	Dharmaráj Baruá.	Religion Buddhist.	Printed at 49, Phear's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Chittagong.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Chatterji, and published by the author.
4	Shikshá Sár. The Essence of Instruction. Part I.	ditto ...	Navaráj Baruá	ditto ...	Printed and published at Chittagong.	Printed and published by Baradá Prasanna Sen.
						V.—BENGALI AND
	LANGUAGE.					
	The following works are designed for educational purposes.					
1952	Vyákaran-Prakásh. A Treatise on Grammar.	Bengali and Sanskrit.	Shashi Bhúshan Bhattácháryya.	Language	Printed and published at Goábágán Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Tárini Charan Ash, and published by Shashi Bhúshan Bhattácháryya.
1953	Anukramaniká. A Grammar for beginners.	ditto ...	Jay Gopál Gosvámi.	ditto ...	Printed at 56, Amherst Street, and published at 148, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashibhúshan Bhattácháryya, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
	MEDICINE.					
1954	Satík-Sánubád Rasendra Sár-Sangraha. A work on Hindu medicine. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Sharat Chandra Dás.	Medicine (N.)	Printed and published at 153, Masjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sharat Kumár Sen.
1955	Bhaishajya Ratnávalí. A row of the Jewels of medicine. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Amrita Lál Gupta.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Nawabdi Ostágar's Lane, and published at 46, Mániktalá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Banerji, and published by Hara Lál Gupta.
1956	Arka-Prakásh. A medical work by Rávan. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Suresh Chandra Gupta.	ditto ...	Printed at Nimu Gossain's Lane, and published at 21, Garánhátá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mákhanlál Ghosh and published by Ganesh Chandra Ghosh
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
1957	Jyotish Kalpadruma. The desire-fulfilling tree of Astrology. Part 38 (T).	ditto ...	Rasik Mohan Chatterji.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 5, Simla Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Ghoshál, and published by the author.
	PHILOSOPHY.					
1958	Vedantadarshanam. The Vedanta Philosophy. No. 45 to 47. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Kálibara Vedantabágísha.	Philosophy	Printed and published at 168, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopál Ch. Vakil, and published by Mati Lal Ghosh.
1959	Vedanta Darshan. The Vedanta Philosophy. Parts XIII and XIV. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Krishna Gopál Bhakta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 15, Gopí Krishna Pál's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by R. C. Mitra.
1960	Vedanta-ratnahár. A Necklace of Vedantic Jewels. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Hari Mohan Banerji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Darbhanga.	Printed and published by Bimalá Charan Chakravartí.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number
HINDI BOOK.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
May 6th	28	8vo rl	1st ...	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	The author, Moradabad, North-Western Provinces.	....	2
PALI BOOKS.									
April 13th	342	12mo dy	1st ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	The author, Chittagong.	A Buddhist Hand-book in Pâli with Bengali translation and directions. The work is of the same nature as the *Buddhaáda-Hilla* of Ceylon.	3
„ 14th	20	12mo dy	1st ...	500	ditto ...	0 1 0	Navaráj Barná, Kharandih, Chittagong.	A smaller work of the same nature.	4
SANSKRIT BOOKS.									
Mar. 25th	143	12 pages dy.	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	Shashi Bhúshan Bhattácháryya, Faridpur.	A higher grammar of the Sanskrit language.	1952
Feb. 28th	210	12mo...	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Pandit Jay Gopál Gosvámí, Santipur.	A work on Sanskrit grammar in Bengali.	1953
May 15th	471	8mo dy	1st...	1,250	ditto ...	3 0 0	Sharat Kumár Sen, 89, Ahiritolá Street, Calcutta.	The work was written by Gopál Krishna, and gives the principles of the composition of mercurial medicines and their application.	1954
„ 16th	445	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	4 0 0	Amritalál Gupta, 46, Maniktalá Street, Calcutta.	This is a work by Govinda Dás on practice of medicine.	1955
Apr. 9th	128	8vo dy	1st...	1,500	ditto ..	1 8 0	Ganesh Chandra Ghosh.	Gives directions for the preparation of various *Arkas* or extracts and their application. It is said that Rávan, who heard it from Mahádeva, recited the whole of the book to his wife.	1956
Mar. 26th	96	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	The author, Dacca.	The usual contents ...	1957
Mar. 10th	120	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 15 0	Mati Lál Ghosh, Narsing's Lane, Calcutta.	Text, Sankará's *Bháshya* the *Bhámati* and a Bengali translation.	1958
Apl. 18th	89	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Krishna Gopál Bhakta.	Text, Chaitanyaite *Bháshya* by Baladeva Bidyábhúshan, and a running commentary on both, with a Bengali translation by Shyám Lál Gosvámí.	1959
May 17th	36	......	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	......	Well known works of Sankaráchárya.	1960

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						V.—BENGALI AND
	PHILOSOPHY—*concld.*					
1961	Taittiria Upanishad. One of the Upanishaas. (T.)	Bengali and Sanskrit.	Edited by Panchánan Bhattá-cháryya.	Philosophy	Printed at 56, Amherst Street, and published at 80-1, Muktárám Babu's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Shashi Bhúshan Bhattácháryya, and published by the Sanskrit Press Depository.
	POETRY.					
1962	Megha-Dútam. The cloud messenger. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Hrishíkesha Shástri.	Poetry ...	Printed and published at 10, Shambhu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by A. K. Ghosál, and published by the Editor.
	RELIGION.					
1963	Hindu-satkarma-málá. A book on Hindu rites. Part II.	ditto ...	Manmatha Náth Smriti-ratna.	Religion (H).	Printed at 64-4, Beadon Street, Calcutta, and published at Baranagar Pálpárá.	Printed by Shrínáth Ghosh, and published by Manmatha Náth Smritiratna.
1964	Shrí-shrí-Haribhakti Vilása. The sport of devotion to Hari. Part II. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Mádhava Chandra Tarkachúrámani.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Maheshvar Press, Dacca.	Printed by Nanda Kishor Basák, and published by Mádhava Chandra Tarkachúrámani.
1965	Ditto ditto. Part III. (T.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1966	Shrí-shrí-Gítá-mangalam. Glorification of the Gítá.	ditto ...	Edited by Krishnadhana Brahmachárí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 117, Upper Chitpur road, Calcutta.	Printed by Trailokya Náth Dattá, and published by Amrita Lál Datta.
1967	Samkshipta Aryyánusthán. A short list of the duties of the Aryans. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Heramba Náth Tattva-ratna.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 133, Masjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jogendra Náth Chakravartí, and published by S. C. Mukharji.
1968	Básistha-mahá-Rámáyanam. The great Rámáyan spoken by Vashistha. Part II. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Kálívara Vedantabágísha.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 214, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Chāru Chandra Mitra, and published by Nanda Lál Pál.
1969	Ditto ditto. Part III. (T.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1970	Brahmánda-Puránam. One of the Purans. No. 17. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Nagendra Náth Basu.	ditto ...	Printed at 6, Bhím Ghosh's Lane, and published at 14, Telipárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by W. Bose & Co., and published by Nagendra Náth Basu.
1971	Ditto ditto. No. 18. (T.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1972	Ditto ditto. No. 19. (T.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1973	Gautamiya Tantra. One of the Tantras. (T.)	ditto ...	Prabodh Chandra Pál and Brothers.	ditto ...	Printed at 39, Simla Street, and published at 14, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendra Náth De, and published by the Author.
1974	Shrímad Bhágavat. One of the Great Purans. Part I. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Krishna Gopál Bhakta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 15, Gopí Krishna Pál's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by R. C. Mitra, and published by R. N. Bhakta.
1975	Shrímad Bhagabadgítá. The Divine Lay. (T.)	ditto ...	Edited by Shashadhar Tarka Chúrámani.	ditto ...	Printed at 23, Jugal Krishor Dás' Lane, and published at 63, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Anukul Chandra Chakravartí, and published by Prasanna Kumár Shástri.
1976	Shrí-Shrí Chaitanya Charitámrita. The nectar of the life of Chaitanya. Part XI. (R.)	ditto ...	Edited by Madan Gopál Gosvámí.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Kalna.	Printed and published by Shashibhúshan Bandyopádhyáya.
1977	Ditto ditto. Part XII. (R.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1978	Ditto ditto. Part XIII. (R.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1979	Ditto ditto. Part XIV. (R.)	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1980	Hindu-Shástra. The Institutes of Hindu religion. Vol. I.	ditto ...	Satyavrata Sámashrami and others.	ditto ...	Printed at 29, Beadon Street, and published at 64, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bechu Lál Gupta, and published by Sharat K. Láhiri.

Quarter ending 30*th June* 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
SANSKRIT BOOKS—*contd.*									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Mar. 19th	58	12mo Royal.	1st...	1,000	Printed	......	Panchánan Bhattácháryya, 80-1, Muktárám Babu's Street, Calcutta.	A metaphysical explanation in Bengali is given.	1961
May 7th	197	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Hrishíkesh Shástri, Bhátpárá.	The well known work of Kálidás with a metrical Bengali translation.	1962
Mar. 15th	112	12vo dy	3rd revised.	2,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Manmatha Náth Smritiratna.	Hymns and processes of performing Hindu ceremonies.	1963
„ 6th	76	Octavo	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	Gopál Bhatta's text with a commentary. It is the standard work on the law and rituals of the followers of Chaitanya.	1964
Apl. 3rd	76	Demy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 6 0	......	ditto ditto ...	1965
Mar. 29th	190	......	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	......	Contains the text with its Bengali translation.	1966
„ 15th	156	12mo dy	2nd revised.	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Satísh Ch Mukharji, 11, Raja Navakrishna's Street, Calcutta.	A revised edition	1967
„ 24th	48	8vo dy	1st ...	1,500	ditto ...	0 6 0	Nanda Lál Pál, 244, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Válmikis text with the commentary of Ananda Bhupendra and a Bengali translation by the editor.	1968
May 2nd	48	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	1969
Mar. 12th	32	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	......	....	1970
„ 20th	32	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	......	....	1971
„ 28th	32	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	......	....	1972
Apl. 10th	136	8vo rl	1st ...	1,500	ditto ...	1 2 0	Prabodh Chandra Pál and brothers, 14, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	An interlocution between Gautam and Nárad on Krishna-worship.	1973
„ 10th	80	8vo dy	1st...	1,100	ditto ...	0 8 0	Krishna Gopál Bhakta.	Text, with the commentaries of Shrídhara, a glossary and a Bengali translation by Shyámlál Gosvámi.	1974
June 3rd	480	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	3 4 0	Bhúdhar Chatterji.	Text, Sankara's *Bháshya* with the commentaries of Shrídhara, Madhusúdan Sarasvatí and a Bengali translation by Shashadhar Tarka Churámani	1975
Mar. 19th	32	4 to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Shashibhúshan Bandyopádhyáya Kalna, Burdwan.	....	1976
June 15th	32	4 to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	ditto ...	....	1977
May 18th	32	4 to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	ditto ...	....	1978
„ 16th	32	4 to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	ditto ...	....	1979
June 1st	107	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	......	The learned Editor has secured the co-operation of many of the eminent pandits of Bengal to give the Bengali public the substance of the Hindu religion. The work will appear in five parts and this is the first. It treats of the Samhitás of the Vedas.	1980

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						V.—BENGALI AND
	RELIGION—*concld.*					
1981	Atma-tattva O-Pancha-tattva Grantha. A book on the essential nature of soul and on the five principles.	Bengali and Sanskrit.	Late Jívánanda Gosvámí.	Religion (H.)	Printed and published at Syamantak Press, Dacca.	Printed by Gopí Náth Basák, and published by Kunja Bihárí Basák.
						VI.—ENGLISH AND
	LANGUAGE.					
69	Anreji Shikshak. The English Instructor.	English and Hindi.	Bhuvaneshvar Mishra.	Language	Printed and published at 196, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by M. L. Pátra, and published by Sharat Chandra Som.
70	Hindustáni as it ought to be spoken.	ditto ...	J. Tweedie ...	ditto ...	Printed and published at Thacker, Spink & Cos. Press, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thacker, Spink & Co.
						VII.—ENGLISH AND
	LANGUAGE. *The following work is designed for educational purposes.*					
96	Notes on Uttar Charita. Part II.	English and Sanskrit.	Kálí Krishna Bhattáchár-yya.	Language	Printed at 63, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 10, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by G. C. Bose & Co., and published by the School Book Depository.
	POETRY.					
97	Shrímat Panditaráj-taranginí. The Stream of the Life of the Prince of Pandits.	ditto ...	P. V. Rámaswámi Raju.	Poetry ...	Printed at 62, Amherst Street, and published at 24, Sukea's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Upendra Náth Chakravarti, and published by the Calcutta Library.
	SCIENCE (MATHEMATICAL.)					
98	Colebrooke's Translation of the Lílávatí. (T).	ditto ...	Edited by Hárán Chandra Banerji.	Science (Mathematical).	Printed and published at Thacker, Spink & Cos. Press, 5 and 6, Government Place, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thacker, Spink & Co.
						VIII.—HINDI AND
	MEDICINE.					
62	Charyá Prakásh. Hygienic Directions according to the *Ayurveda.* (T).	Hindi and Sanskrit.	Jamunádhar Sharmá.	Medicine N.	Printed at 75, and published at 132, Cotton Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by the Author.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
63	Jyotish Bhúshan. A Treatise on Astrology.	ditto ...	Gaurí Shankar Tewári.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 3, Mati Sil's Kátrá, Calcutta.	Ditto ditto ...
						IX.—SANSKRIT AND
	RELIGION.					
67	Shrí Patitapávanásh-taka O Shrikrishna Stotra. A Hymn in Eight verses to Patitapávan (the Purifier of the Fallen), and a Hymn to Shríkrishna.	Sanskrit and Uriya.	Bhágavat Prasád Dán.	Religion, H.	Printed and published at the Arunoday Press, Cuttack.	Printed and published by Bhágavat Prasád Dán.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	1
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	Remarks.	Number.
SANSKRIT BOOKS—concld.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
May 5th	12	8vo dy	2nd...	500	Printed	......	......	The secret rites of Vaishnavism are explained.	1981
HINDI BOOKS.									
Apl. 2nd	258	12mo dy	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Sharat Chandra Som, 1, China Bazar Lane, Calcutta.	Teaching English through the medium of Hindi.	69
Mar. 15th	350	12mo dy	2nd...	1,250	ditto ...	4 8 0	J. Tweedie ...	A revised edition	70
SANSKRIT BOOK									
Mar. 2nd	91	12mo dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	1 0 0	The Author, Harinábhi, 24-Parganas.	....	96
Apl. 18th	24	4 to rl	1st...	10,000	ditto ...	Nil ...	The Author, Madras.	A brief account of the life and character of Pandit Ishvara Chandra Vidyáságara, being a portion of Sreemat Rájangala Mahodyánam which is an account of the origin and rise of British Empire in Sanskrit verse with English translation.	97
Mar. 2nd	293	8vo ...	1st...	750	ditto ...	4 0 0	Hárán Chandra Banerji.	With notes by the editor ...	98
SANSKRIT BOOKS.									
Mar. 2nd	83	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	The Author, 132, Cotton Street, Calcutta.	....	62
" 6th	26	4 to dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Gaurí Shankar Tewári, 3, Mati Sil's Kátrá, Calcutta.	....	63
URIYA BOOKS.									
Apl. 20th	10	16mo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 9	Bhágavat Prasád Dán, Dewanbazar, Cuttack.	....	67

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						IX.—SANSKRIT AND
	RELIGION—*concld.*					
68	Pásanda Dalan. The Crushing of the Unbeliever.	Sanskrit and Uriya.	Bhágvat Prasád Dán.	Religion (H.)	Printed and published at the Arunoday Press, Cuttack.	Printed and published by Bhágavat Prasád Dán.
						TRI-LINGUAL
						I.—BENGALI, ENGLISH
	LANGUAGE.					
4	Sahaj Barnamálá. Easy Alphabet. No. 1.	Bengali English and Hindi.	Jagannáth Prasád Gupta.	Language	Lithographed and published at Nasipur.	Lithographed and published by Rasik Chandra Dás.
5	Ráha Tarakki. The Way of Improvement. No. 1.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
						II.—BENGALI, ENGLISH
	LANGUAGE. *The following works are designed for educational purposes.*					
130	A complete Key to the Sanskrit Entrance Course for 1895. Part I.	Bengali, English and Sanskrit.	Shyámá Charan Kaviratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Goábágán Street, Calcutta, and published at Shibpur.	Printed by T. C. Ash, and published by S. R. Banerji.
131	Praveshiká Tarani. A complete Key to the Sanskrit Entrance Course for 1895.	ditto ...	Akshay Kumár Vidyávinod.	ditto ...	Printed at 2, Nawábdi Ostágar's Lane, and published at 70, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Banerji, and published by Bishvás and Sons.
132	Professor's Key to the Sanskrit Entrance Course for 1895. Part I.	ditto ...	Kálí Krishna Bhattácháryya.	ditto ...	Printed at 63, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 57-1, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by G. C. Bose & Co., and published by A. K. Ráy & Co.
133	Model Questions with answers on Rijupátha. Part III.	ditto ...	Gopál Chandra Vidyáratna.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by L. M. Dás.
134	Riju Darpana. A Key to Rijupátha. Part III.	ditto ...	Kálípada Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, and published at 203-2, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by Manmohan Bose.
	POETRY.					
135	Bhatti. The poem entitled Bhattikávya. (R.)	ditto ...	Edited by Navín Chandra Vidyáratna.	Poetry.	Printed at 12-1, Rám Kishen Dás's Lane, and published at 64, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Chatterji and Co., and published by Nanda Lál Chatterji.
						QUADRI-LINGUAL
						ENGLISH, HINDI,
	LANGUAGE.					
1	Lakárádarsha Vyákaran. A Grammar containing the conjugation of verbs. Part I.	English, Hindi, Persian and Sanskrit.	Shrí Krishna Saran Ráy.	Language	Printed and published at T. P. Shaw, and Co's Press, Dinapore.	Printed and published by Thákur Prasád Shaw, and Co.
						UNI-LINGUAL
						1. ASSAMESE
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
57	Bijulí. Lightning. A monthly paper, Vol. II. Nos. 9 and 10.	Assamese.	Edited by Padma Náth Baruá.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 68, Balarám De's Street, and published at 67, Mirzápur Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Nafar Chandra Sarkár, and published by Krishna Prasád Dubra.
58	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. Nos. 11 and 12.	ditto ...	Ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ...

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
URIYA BOOKS—concld.									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
April 3rd	18	12mo dy	2nd	1,000	Printed	0 1 6	Bhágavat Prasád Dán, Dewan Bazaar, Cuttack.	....	68
BOOKS									
AND HINDI BOOKS.									
Mar. 28th	7	4to	1st...	400	Litho-graphed.	0 3 0	......	....	4
„ 28th	20	4to	1st...	160	ditto ...	......	......	....	5
AND SANSKRIT BOOKS.									
Apl. 18th	48	12mo rl	1st...	3,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	Shyámá Charan Kaviratna, Shibpur.	... .	130
„ 26th	96	12mo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Akshay Kumár Vidyávinod, 70, College Street, Calcutta.	....	131
„ 17th	96	12mo dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	A. K. Ráy, 57-1, College Street, Calcutta.	....	132
„ 1st	82	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Gopál Chandra Vidyáratna, Calcutta.	....	133
Apl. 19th	866	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	Kálípada Mukharji, Professor, Free Church Institution, Calcutta.	......	134
Mar. 5th	655	12mo rl	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	2 8 0	Navín Chandra Vidyáratna, 12-1, Rámkishen Dás' Lane, Calcutta.	......	135
BOOK.									
PERSIAN AND SANSKRIT BOOK.									
May 27th	24	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	......	......	......	1
PERIODICALS.									
PERIODICALS.									
Feb. 20th	44	8vo dy	1st...	650	ditto ...	0 2 0	Padma Náth Baruá, 67, Mirzápur Street, Calcutta.	In one of the articles headed "The days of the Ahoms" the writer gives an account of the Ahoms, the last race of conquerors of the valley of Assam	57
Mar. 8th	52	8vo dy	1st...	650	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	Gives an account of the Nagas, hill-tribes inhabiting portions of the hills to the South of the Brahmaputra valley.	58

1	2	3	4	5	6	
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						UNI-LINGUAL
						1.—ASSAMESE
59	Jonáki. The Glow-worm. A monthly paper. Vol. IV, No. 12.	Assamese.	Edited by Lakshmí Náth Bez Baruá.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Adi Brahmo Samáj Press, and published at 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed by K. D. Chakravartí, and published by Gopí Náth Baruá.
	MEDICINE.					2.—BENGALI
3087	Bhishak Darpan. The Mirror of Physicians. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 8.	Bengali	Edited by Dr. Jahiruddin Ahmed.	Medicine (E).	Printed and published at 4, Sítárám Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by B. N. Ráy.
3088	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 9.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
3089	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 10.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
3090	Chikitsá Ratna. A Homœopathic Journal of medicine. A monthly paper. Vol. II, No. 7.	ditto ...	Edited by Rájendra Lál Sur.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 89, Shyámbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by H. C. Ghosh, and published by S. C. Sur.
3091	Ditto ditto, Vol. II, No. 8.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3092	Ditto ditto, Vol. II, Nos. 9 to 12 (together).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3093	Chikitsá Sammilaní. The bringing together of different systems of medicine. A monthly paper. Vol. VIII, Nos. 10 to 12, (together).	ditto ...	Edited by Avinásh Chandra Kaviratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 200, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by the Editor.
3094	Ditto ditto, Vol. IX. No. 1.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3095	Homiopyáthik Chikitsak. Homœopathic Doctor. A monthly paper. Vol. IV, Nos. 6 to 9 (together).	ditto ...	Edited by Jagadish Chandra Láhiri.	ditto ...	Printed at 189, Bowbazar Street, and published at 101, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Umá Charan Chakravartí, and published by Messrs. Lá h and Co.
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
3096	Anusandhán. The Enquiry. A fortnightly paper. Vol. VI, No. 14.	ditto ...	Edited by Durgá Dás Láhiri.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 23, Jugál Kishor Das' Lane, and published at 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Dámodar Bhattácháryya, and published by the Editor.
3097	Bámábodhiní Patriká. A Journal for the Instruction of Women. A monthly paper. No. 337.	ditto ...	Edited by Umesh Chandra Datta.	ditto ...	Printed at 211, Cornwallis Street, and published at 9, Antony Bágán Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Kártik Chandra Datta, and published by Ashutosh Ghosh.
3098	Ditto ditto, No. 338.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3099	Ditto ditto, No. 339.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3100	Ditto ditto, No. 340.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Printed at 5, Akrur Datta's Lane, and published at 9, Antony Bágán Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by K. P. Chatterji, and published by Ashutosh Ghosh.
3101	Bháratí O Bálak. A monthly paper. Vol. XVI, No. 11.	ditto ...	Edited by Svarna Kumárí Deví.	ditto ...	Printed at 38, Shibnáráyan Dás's Lane, and published at Káshiabágán, Ultadingi, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddheshvar Pán, and published by Satísh Chandra Ráy.

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
PERIODICALS.—*contd.*									
PERIODICALS.—concld.									
1893.	Page.								
Mar 31st	48	8vo dy	1st...	220	printed	0 2 0	Lakshmí Náth Bezbaruá, 18, Sobhárám Basák's Lane, Calcutta.	In an article, headed the education of the Assamese, the writer gives an account of the progress they have made in it, and praises the English Government for giving an almost gratuitous education to its native subjects.	59
PERIODICALS.									
" 1st	48	8vo rl...	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	Jahiruddin Ahmed.	An organ of the native Allopaths of Calcutta. Contains an article on opium-poisoning.	3087
Mar. 11th	48	8vo rl..	1st...	300	ditto ...	0 12 0	ditto ...	An article on Carbuncles, their treatment by the editor is worthy of note.	3088
May 6th	44	8vo rl. .	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	ditto ...	The same is continued.	3089
Mar. 4th	12	8vo F. Cap.	1st...	200	ditto ...	0 2 0	Rájendra Lál Sur, 104, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Articles on physiology ...	3090
April 3rd	12	8vo F. Cap.	1st...	00	ditto ...	0 2 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3091
May 6th	12	8vo F. Cap.	1st...	200	ditto ..	0 2 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3092
April 4th	100	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 2 0	Avinásh Chandra Kaviratna, 200, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Contains an article on catalepsy, and in another article, the writer complains that the Government has not yet taken any steps to suppress quackery in India.	3093
" 18th	38	8vo dy	1st ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	Gives specifics for various diseases	3094
May 6th	144	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 5 0	Messrs. Láhirí, & Co., 101, College Street, Calcutta.	Contains an article on the treatment of Cholera, and a long metrical article on Materia Medica.	3095
Mar. 23rd	48	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Durgá Dás Láhiri, 8, Tamer's Lane, Calcutta.	One of the writers condemns female education and the female emancipation movements.	3096
Feb. 24th	32	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Umesh Chandra Datta, 9, Antonybágán Lane, Calcutta.	Says that yawnings can cure the diseases of the chest.	3097
Mar. 20th	32	8vo rl	1st ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	Gives an account of the Vestal virgins, and also of Guru Govinda Sing, the tenth *Guru* of the followers of Nának.	3098
April 16th	32	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	Contains a poem in praise of Mahárání Svarnamayí of Kásimbázár.	3099
May 10th	32	8vo rl	1st..	1,000	ditto ..	0 4 0	ditto ...	Articles for the instruction of women.	3100
Mar. 21st	64	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Svarna Kumárí Deví, Káshiabágán, Ultadingi, Calcutta.	Articles of literary, historical, scientific and antiquarian interest.	3101

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						UNI-LINGUAL
						2.—BENGALI
	MISCELLANEOUS—*contd.*					
3102	Bhárati O Bálak. A monthly paper. Vol. XVI. No. 12.	Bengali	Edited by Svarna Kumári Devi.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 38, Shibnáráyan Dás's Lane, and published at Káshiabágán, Ultadingi, Calcutta.	Printed by Siddheshvar Pán, and published by Satish Chandra Dás.
3103	Bhárati. A monthly paper. Vol. XVII, No. 1.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3104	Janma Bhúmi. The Fatherland. A monthly paper. Vol. III, No. 3.	ditto ...	Edited by N. C. Bose.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 34-1, Kalutolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kebal Rám Chatterji.
3105	Ditto ditto Vol. III, No. 4.	ditto ..	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3106	Ditto ditto Vol. III, No. 5.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3107	Jnán Bikáshiní. A monthly paper. No. 2.	ditto ...	Edited by Krishna Kumár Kaviratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 4, Hem Chandra Kar's Lane, and published at 3, Kumártuli Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Prabhás Chandra Ráy, and published by Krishna Kumár Kávyaratna.
3108	Mihir. The Sun. A monthly Paper. Vol. II, No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Abdur Rahim.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 4, Sítárám Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by B. N. Ráy.
3109	Ditto ditto Vol. II, Nos. 2 & 3 (together).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3110	Nabya Bhárat. New India. A monthly Paper. Vol. X, Nos. 6 & 7 (together).	ditto ...	Edited by Deví Prasanna Ráy Chaudhuri.	ditto ...	Printed at 17, Raghunáth Chatterji's Street and published at 210-4, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Haripada Pál, and published by the Editor.
3111	Ditto ditto. Vol. X, No. 8.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3112	Sakhá. The Friend. A monthly paper. Vol. XI, No. 2.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Printed and published at 33, Musalmanpárá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Lalit Mohan Dás.
3113	Ditto ditto Vol. XI, No. 3.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3114	Ditto ditto Vol. XI, No. 4.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3115	Ditto ditto Vol. XI, No. 5.	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3116	Sádhaná. Adaptation of means to the end. A monthly paper. Second year No. 5.	ditto ...	Edited by Sudhíndra Náth Tagore.	ditto ...	Printed at the Adi Brahma Samáj Press, and published at 55, Upper-Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. D. Chakravartí.
3117	Ditto ditto Second year No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	1
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
PERIODICALS.—*contd.*									
PERIODICALS—*contd.*									
1893.	Page.					Rs. A. P.			
April 15th	64	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	Svarna Kumárí Deví, Káshia-bágán, Ulta-dingi, Calcutta.	Articles of literary, historical, scientific and antiquarian interest.	3102
May 1st	60	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	Gives a detailed account of the attack on Calcutta by Seraj-u-doula.	3103
Mar. 10th	64	8vo rl	1st...	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 9	N. C. Basu, 34-1, Kalu-tolá Street, Calcutta.	Gives a short description of the Imperial Court of Akbar, and the account of the Mutiny is continued.	3104
April 8th	64	8vo rl	1st...	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 9	ditto ...	Gives a vivid description of the massacre of the Black Hole, but the writer doubts the fact of the massacre and says that it is a mere creation of fancy.	3105
May 1st	64	8vo rl	1st...	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 9	ditto ..	The same writer writes upon the battle of Plassey.	3106
April 1st	36	8vo rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 2 6	Krishna Kumár Kávyaratna, 3, Kumártuli Street, Cal-cutta.	Articles of literary, historical and religious interest.	3107
Mar. 5th	40	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	Shaik Abdur Rahim.	Articles of literary and histori-cal interest.	3108
June 7th	64	8vo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3109
Feb. 23rd	88	8vo rl	1st...	1,600	ditto ...	0 11 0	Devíprasanna Ráy Chaudhuri, 210-4, Corn-wallis Street, Calcutta.	In an article, the writer warns the landlords of Bengal against the encroachment likely to be made upon their rights and privileges, by the extension of the Court of Wards Act.	3110
Mar. 2nd	56	8vo rl	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 7 0	ditto ...	The article on Police and Pro-tection is continued.	3111
Feb. 28th	16	8vo rl	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 1 6	A. C. Sen, Cal-cutta.	Articles for the amusement and instruction of boys of tender years.	3112
Mar. 31st	16	8vo rl	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3113
April 30th	16	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3114
May 31st	16	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3115
Mar. 27th	93	16mo crown.	1st...	750	ditto ...	0 6 0	Sudhíndra Náth Tagore, Jorá-sánko.	Articles of literary, antiqua-rian and scientific interest.	3116
April 27th	94	16 pages crown.	1st...	750	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	One of the writers says that the Hinduism of Orissa is the joint product of both Hindu-ism and Buddhism.	3117

UNI-LINGUAL

2.—BENGALI

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
	MISCELLANEOUS—*concld.*					
3118	Sáhitya. Literature. A monthly paper. Vol. III. No. 8.	Bengali	Edited by Suresh Chandra Samájpati.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 17, Raghu Náth Chatterji's Street, and published at 23, Vidyáságar's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Haripada Pál, and published by Rájendra Náth Bhattácháryya.
3119	Sáthi. The Companion. A monthly paper. Vol. 1. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Satísh Chandra Sen.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 17, Srináth Dás' Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Amrita Lál Ghosh.
3120	Shikshá Samálochaná. A Review of Education. A monthly paper. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Abalá Kánta Sen.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 66, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Beni Mádhava Chakravartí.
3121	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3122	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. Nos. 3 and 4 (together).	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3123	Sebak. The Servant. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 4.	ditto ...	Edited by Shashi Bhúshan Datta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Sya mantak Press, Dacca.	Printed by Gopínáth Basák, and published by the East Bengal Brahmo Samaj.
	RELIGION.					
3124	Vedavyás. A monthly paper. Vol. VIII. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Prasanna Kumár Shástrí.	Religion (H).	Printed at 23, Jugal Kishor Dás' Lane, and published at 63, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Anukul Chandra Chakravartí, and published by the Dharma-mandalí, Calcutta.
3125	Kalpa. A monthly paper. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Rákhál Chandra Sen.	ditto ...	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 3, Ramá Náth Mazumdár's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by the Theosophical Society, Calcutta.
3126	Sajjan-toshiní. The Delighter of good men. A monthly paper. Vol. IV. No. 7.	ditto ...	Edited by Kedár Náth Datta.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 133, Masjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Printed by J. N. Chakravartí, and published by Rádhiká Prasád Datta.
3127	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 8.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3128	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 9.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3129	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 10.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3130	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 11.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3131	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 12.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3132	Shri-chaitanya Mata-Bodhiní. The Expounder of the Doctrines of Chaitanya. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Sharat Chandra Tapasvi and Rádhiká Náth Bhágavatratnákar.	ditto ...	Printed and published at Kálná.	Printed and published by Jay Gopál Mukharji.
3133	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 2.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3134	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. No. 3.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3135	Ditto ditto Vol. II. No. 4	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3136	Tattva-Bodha. A monthly paper. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Guru Náth Kaviratna.	ditto ...	Printed at 61, Amherst Street, and published at 26, Baburám Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Haridás De, and published by the Editor.
3137	Tattva-Bodhiní Patriká. A monthly paper. No. 596.	ditto ...	Edited by Dvijendra Náth Tagore.	Religion (B.)	Printed and published at the Adi Brahma Samaj Press, 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. D. Chakravartí.
3138	Ditto ditto. No. 597.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3139	Ditto ditto. No. 598.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
PERIODICALS—*contd.*									
PERIODICALS—*contd.*									
1893.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.			
Feb. 23rd	60	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	Printed	0 4 0	Suresh Chandra Samájpati, 23, Vidyáságar's Street, Calcutta.	Articles on the policy of Aurangzeb and on the Bardwan Rájás are continued.	3118
May 1st	19	8vo dy crown.	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	Satísh Chandra Sen, 17, Madhu Súdan Gupta's Lane, Calcutta.	Designed for the instruction and amusement of boys of tender years.	3119
Feb. 26th	32	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	Gratis ...	Abalá Kánta Sen, 50, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	Contains scurrilous attacks on native educational officers and members of the Central Text Book Committee.	3120
Mar. 6th	34	8vo rl	1st...	2,000	ditto .	do. ...	ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	3121
„ 19th	76	8vo rl	1st ..	2,000	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	3122
Feb. 25th	24	8vo ...	1st...	333	ditto ...	0 1 0	......	Articles of social and religious interest.	3123
May 16th	16	4 to Fl.	1st...	700	ditto ...	0 5 4	The Dharma Mandali, 63, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	An organ of the Conservative School of the Hindu Revivalists.	3124
Apl. 11th	16	Dy ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	The Theosophical Society, 3, Ramá Náth Majumdár's Street, Calcutta.	Articles of religious interest only. An organ of the Theosophical Society of Calcutta.	3125
Mar. 15th	20	8vo dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 3	Rádhiká Prasád Datta, 181, Maniktalá Street, Calcutta.	Articles of religious interest only.	3126
„ 15th	20	8vo dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 3	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3127
„ 15th	22	8vo dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 3	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3128
„ 15th	20	8vo dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 3	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3129
„ 15th	20	8vo dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 3	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3130
„ 20th	23	8vo dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 3	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3131
Mar. 18th	24	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 10	Jay Gopál Mukhárji, Govinda Ghosh, Brindában, district Mathurá.	An organ of the followers of Chaitanya.	3132
Mar. 20th	24	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 10	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3133
June 12th	24	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 10	ditto ...	ditto ditto ..	3134
„ 13th	24	8vo dy	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 10	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3135
May 15th	32	8vo ...	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 6 0	The Editor, 26, Baburám Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	The object of the papers is to prove the greatness of the Hindu religion.	3136
Mar. 15th	19	De Fl	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 6 0	Dvijendra Náth Tagore, Jorásanko, Calcutta.	An organ of the Adi Brahma Samaj.	3137
Apl. 13th	18	De Fl	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3138
May 14th	19	De Fl	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ..	3139

UNI-LINGUAL

2.—BENGALI

Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	RELIGION – *concld.*					
3140	Amáder Patriká. A monthly paper. Vol. V. No. 4.	Bengali	Edited by Rev. T. K. Chatterji.	Religion (C).	Printed at 39, Rám Mohan Datta's Lane, Bhawanipur, and published at 22, Mirzapur Street, Calcutta.	Printed by B. M. Bose, and published by Rev. E. T. Sandys.
3141	Ditto ditto. Vol. V. No. 5.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3142	Ditto ditto. Vol. V. No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3143	Chhátra-Mitra. Students' friend. A monthly paper. Vol. I. No. 5.	ditto ...	Edited by Rev. F. B. Gwinn.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, and published at 33, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. J. W. Thomas, and published by the C. M. S. Boys' Boarding School, Calcutta.
3144	Ditto ditto. Vol I. No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3145	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. No. 7.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3146	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. No. 8.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3147	Khristíya Bándhava. The Christian Friend. A monthly paper. Vol. XV. No. 3.	ditto ...	Edited by M. N. Náth...	ditto ...	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rev. J. W. Thomas.
3148	Ditto ditto. Vol. XV. No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3149	Ditto ditto. Vol. XV. No. 5.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3150	Ditto ditto. Vol. XV. No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3151	Tránodaya. The Dawn of Salvation. A weekly paper. Vol. IV. No. 27.	ditto ...	Edited by A. C. Mukharji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 1, Dehi Serampore Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by A. C. Mukharji.
3152	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 28.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3153	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 29.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3154	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 30.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3155	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 31.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3156	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 32.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3157	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 33.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3158	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 34.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3159	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 35.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3160	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 36.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3161	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 37.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3162	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 38.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
3163	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 39.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

3.—ENGLISH

Number.	Title	Language	Author	Subject.	Place of printing and publication	Printer and publisher
	LAW.					
1028	The Law Record. A monthly journal of Law. Vol. I. Part V.	English	Edited by M. N. Chatterji.	Law ...	Printed and published at 65-2, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by G. C. Chakravarti.
1029	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. Part I.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1030	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. Part II.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1031	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. Part III.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
PERIODICALS—*contd.*									
PERIODICALS—contd.									
1893.	Pages.								
Mar. 27th	16	4 to fl	1st...	1,300	ditto ...	0 0 3	Secretary, Scripture Mission, Bengal, 182, Cornwallis, Square, Calcutta.	An organ of the Native Christian Community.	3140
Apl. 27th	16	Qr fl	1st...	1,300	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3141
May 26th	16	4 to fl	1st...	1,300	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	3142
Feb. 18th	16	16mo dc	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	Designed for the amusement and instruction of school boys.	3143
Mar. 23rd	16	16mo dc	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3144
Apl. 20th	16	16mo dc	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3145
May 13th	16	16mo dc	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3146
Feb. 23rd	24	8vo rl	1st...	600	Printed	0 1 6	......	An organ of the Native Christian Community.	3147
Mar. 27th	28	8vo rl	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3148
Apl. 27th	28	8vo rl	1st ...	600	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3149
May 26th	28	8vo rl	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 1 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3150
Mar. 1st	8	4 to rl	1st...	368	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3151
„ 8th	8	4 to rl	1st...	368	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3152
„ 15th	8	4 to rl	1st...	400	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3153
„ 22nd	8	4 to rl	1st...	360	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3154
„ 29th	8	4 to rl	1st...	360	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3155
April 5th	8	4 to rl	1st...	360	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3156
„ 12th	8	4 to rl	1st...	360	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3157
„ 19th	8	4 to rl	1st...	360	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3158
„ 26th	8	4 to rl	1st...	360	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3159
May 10th	8	4 to rl	1st...	360	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3160
„ 17th	8	4 to rl	1st...	360	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3161
„ 24th	8	4 to rl	1st...	360	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3162
„ 31st	8	4 to rl	1st...	368	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	3163
PERIODICALS.									
Mar. 20th	50	8vo ...	1st...	500	ditto ...	10 0 0 per annum.	M. N. Chatterji, 7, Jay Mitter's Lane, Calcutta.	....	1028
April 11th	32	8vo ...	1st...	250	ditto ...	10 0 0 per annum.	ditto ...	....	1029
„ 29th	32	8vo ...	1st...	250	ditto ...	10 0 0 per annum.	ditto ...	....	1030
May 16th	32	8vo ...	1st...	250	ditto ...	10 0 0 per annum	ditto ...	....	1031

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						3.—ENGLISH
	MISCELLANEOUS—*concld.*					
1054	The National Magazine. A monthly paper. Vol. VII. No. 2.	English	Edited by Kálí Prasanna De.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 132, Lower Circular Road, and published at 32, Kálidás Sinha's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by J. Larkins and published by Kálí Prasanna De.
1055	Ditto Ditto. Vol. VII. No. 3.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1056	Ditto Ditto. Vol. VII. No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1057	The Hindu Magazine. A monthly paper. Vol. I. No. 3.	ditto ...	Edited by Amrita Lál Ráy.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 4, Ramá Náth Mazumdár's Street, Calcutta.	Printed by S. B. Dás, and published by B. B. Mitra.
1058	Tale-Tit. A monthly paper, January 1893.	ditto ...	Edited by W. St. S. Busa.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 102, Radha Bazar, Calcutta.	Printed by Sharat Chandra Basák and Company, and published by Netro Lál De and Company, Calcutta.
1059	The Nautical Guildsman. A monthly paper. Vol. I. No. 5.	ditto ...	Edited by Father Hopkins.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 12, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thomas S. Smith.
1060	Ditto. Ditto. Vol. I. No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1061	Ditto. Ditto. Vol. I. No. 7.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
	RELIGION.					
1062	The Evangelist. A monthly paper. No. 3.	ditto ...	Edited by Rev. W. G. Brockway.	Religion C.	Printed and published at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by J. W. Thomas.
1063	Ditto. Ditto. No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1064	Ditto. Ditto. Nos. 5 and 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1065	The India Sunday School Journal. A monthly paper. Vol. III. No. 4.	ditto ...	Edited by Dr. J. L. Phillips.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1066	Ditto. Ditto. Vol. III. No. 5.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1067	Ditto. Ditto. Vol. III. No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1068	Monthly Record of News and Notes. A monthly paper. No. 3.	ditto ...	Edited by Rev. H. R. Brown.	ditto ...	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road Calcutta, and published at Darjeeling.	Printed by J. W. Thomas, and published by the Editor.
1069	Ditto. Ditto. No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
1070	Ditto Ditto. No. 5.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
						4.—HINDI
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
199	Brahman. A monthly paper. Vol. IX. No. 7.	Hindi	Edited by Pratáp Náráyan Misra.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Khargavilás Press, Bankipore.	Printed and published by Sáheb Prasád Sinha.
200	Ditto ditto. Vol. IX. No. 8.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
201	Dvijapatriká. A fortnightly Paper. Vol. IV. No. 3.	ditto ...	Edited by Din Dayál Sinha.	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
202	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
203	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 5.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
204	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...
205	Ditto ditto. Vol. IV. No. 7.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto ...

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—continued.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or litho-graphed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
PERIODICALS—concld.									
1893.	Page.					Rs. A. P.			
Mar. 27th	40	8vo rl.	1st...	1,000	Printed	1 0 0	Kálí Prasanna De.	The article on the literature of Bengal is concluded.	1054
May 5th	40	......	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	....	1055
June 5th	40	Rl. ...	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	Contains an article on "A review of the present educational policy of Government," in which the writer is not satisfied with its policy of withdrawal.	1056
Mar. 13th	42	8vo rl.	1st...	1,200	ditto ...	0 4 0	Amrita Lál Ráy	In an article on 'the Veda', the writer says that "it is the height of audacity, and betrays deplorable ignorance, to assume that the Veda is a compilation of pastoral songs."	1057
Feb. 13th	26	8vo rl.	1st...	200	ditto ...	Nil ...	Netra Lál De, Gopí Krishna Pál's, Lane, Calcutta.	A journal of trade announcements, useful information, &c.	1058
Mar. 23rd	24	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	Superior, the seamen's Guild of the society of St. Paul, 17, Garden Reach, Calcutta.	Articles and notes interesting to sailors and seamen.	1059
April 15th	26	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto	1060
May 15th	25	8vo dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto	1061
Feb. 28th	4	4to dy	1st...	1,800	ditto ...	Nil	......	......	1062
Mar. 23rd	4	4to dy	1st...	2,000	ditto ...	Nil	......	......	1063
April 29th	12	4to dy	1st...	2,500	ditto ...	Nil	......	......	1064
Mar. 20th	36	8vo dy	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	......	1065
April 19th	40	8vo dy	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	......	1066
May 19th	40	8vo do	1st...	1,500	ditto ...	0 2 0	......	......	1067
Mar. 2nd	4	4vo Fsc.	1st...	250	ditto ...	......	......	......	1068
Mar. 29th	4	4to Fsc.	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	......	......	1069
May 2nd	4	4to Fsc.	1st...	200	ditto ...	......	......	......	1070
PERIODICALS.									
1893.									
May 4th	16	8vo rl	1st...	150	ditto ...	Nil	Pratáp Náráyan Misra, Cawnpore.	The usual contents ...	199
" 6th	18	8vo rl	1st...	150	ditto ...	......	ditto ...	Articles of moral and religious interest.	200
April 26th	24	8vo rl	1st...	150	ditto ...	Nil	Din Dayál Sinha, Táranpur, Patna.	Contains lives of the eminent men of Bengal.	201
May 3rd	24	8vo rl	1st...	150	ditto ...	Nil	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	202
" 5th	24	8vo rl	1st...	150	ditto ...	Nil	ditto ...	Contains a paper on the Kings of the Sen Dynasty of Bengal.	203
" 8th	16	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	Nil	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	204
" 8th	16	8vo rl	1st...	1,000	ditto ...	Nil	ditto ...	....	205

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, name or firm of publishe
						4.—HI
	RELIGION.					
206	Chotá Nāgpur Dút Patriká. The Chota Nagpur Messenger. A monthly paper. No. 151.	Hindi...	Edited by Pandit Bholá Náth.	Religion C.	Printed at 41, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, and published at Ranchi	Printed by Rev. J. Thomas, and publis by the S. P. G. Missi Ranchi.
207	Ditto ditto. No. 152.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto
208	Ditto ditto. No. 153.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto
						5.—SANSKR
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
112	Vidyodaya. The Dawn of Learning. A monthly paper. Vol. XXII. No. 1.	Sanskrit	Edited by Hrishíkesha Shástrí.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at 10, Shambhu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta, and published at Bhátpárá, 24-Parganas.	Printed by A. C. Ghos and published b Panchánan Tarkaratna.
113	Ditto ditto. Vol. XXII. No. 3.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto aitto
114	Ditto ditto. Vol. XXII. No. 4.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto
115	Sanskrita-Chandriká. The Moon-light of Sanskrit. A monthly paper. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto ...	Edited by Jay Chandra Siddhánta-bhúshan.	ditto ...	Printed at 23, Jugal Kishor Dás's Lane, and published at 9, Báburám Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by An Chandra Chakrava and published by H dás Mitra.
						BI-LINGU
						1.—BENGALI
	MEDICINE.					
81	The Indian Homœopathic Review. A monthly paper. Vol. IV. No. 8.	Bengali and English.	Edited by Pratáp Chandra Mazumdár.	Medicine (E.)	Printed at 12-1, Rámkissen Dás's Lane, and published at 78, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Chatter Co., and published M. Bhattácháryya Co.
						2.—BENGALI AN
	MISCELLANEOUS.					
111	Ushá. The Dawn. A monthly paper. Vol. II. No. 6.	Bengali and Sanskrit.	Edited by Satya Vrata Sámashramí.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at 16-1, Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahen Náth Sarkár, and p lished by the Editor.
112	Arunodaya. The Rise of the Sun. A monthly paper. Vol. III. No. 5.	ditto ...	Edited by Rasik Mohan Chatterji.	ditto ...	Printed and published at 5, Simla Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopál Ch dra Ghosál, and p lished by the Editor.
113	Ditto ditto. Vol. III. No. 6.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto
114	Ditto ditto. Vol. III. No. 7.	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	ditto ditto

Quarter ending 30th June 1893—concluded.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy-right, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.	Number.
PERIODICALS—concld.									
Mar. 7th	4	4to dy	1st...	500	ditto ..	......	.....	An organ of the Christian Community of Chota Nagpur.	206
April 4th	4	4to dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	207
May 9th	4	4to dy	1st...	500	ditto ...	0 0 6	......	ditto ditto ...	208
PERIODICALS.									
Mágh 26th 1299 B.S.	16	8vo dy	1st...	300	Printed	0 4 0	Hrishíkesh Shástrí, Bhátpárá, 24-Parganas.	Contains Atmatattvaviveka, or a discourse on the existence of soul by Udayanácháryya with the commentary of Raghunáth.	112
Mar. 7th	32	8vo dy	1st...	300	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	113
May 7th	32	8vo dy	1st...	300	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	114
" 7th	24	8vo dy	1st...	600	ditto ...	0 2 0	Jay Chandra Siddhántabhúshan, 9, Baburám Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	For the use of Students ...	115
PERIODICALS.									
ENGLISH PERIODICALS.									
Feb. 25th	32	8vo dy	1st...	300	ditto ...	0 8 0	Pratáp Chandra Mazumdár, Calcutta.	A monthly journal of Homœopathy and Collateral sciences.	81
SANSKRIT PERIODICALS.									
Mar. 15th	96	8vo dy	1st...	250	ditto ...	1 0 0	The Editor, 16-1, Ghosh's Lane, Calcutta.	A Vedic Journal ...	111
Feb. 8th	32	4vo rl	1st	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	The Editor, 5, Simla Street, Calcutta.	The usual contents ...	112
Mar. 26th	32	4vo rl	1st...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	113
May 23rd	32	4vo rl	1st ..	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto ...	ditto ditto ...	114

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	The title of the book, and the contents of the title-page, with a translation into English of such title or contents when the same are not in the English language.	The place of printing and the place of publication.	The name or firm of the printer, and the name or firm of the publisher.	The date of issue from the press, or of publication.	The name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright, or of any portion of such copyright.	The date on which the entry was registered.
1369	Practical Hints for making Leavened Bread.	Printed and published at 20, British Indian Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Traill & Co.	1893. 17th Feb. ...	E. B. Watson, Jubulpore.	1893. 17th Feb.
1370	Hints on English Composition and Essay writing.	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh's Street, Calcutta, and published at 47, Mahajanitolá Lane, Allahabad.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by B. P. Kapoor.	...... „	B. P. Kapoor, 47. Mahajanitola Lane, Allahabad.	21st „
1371	The elements of Plane Trigonometry for F. A.	Printed at 300, Bowbazar Street, and published at 73, Garpár Road, Calcutta.	Printed by W. J. Pinheiro, and published by K. N. Datta.	....	K. N. Datta, 73, Garpár Road, Calcutta.	21st „
1372	Akhyán Málá. A Garland of Stories.	Printed at 2, Goabágán Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Tárini Charan Ash, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.	10th Feb. ...	Rajani Kánta Gupta.	6th March.
1373	Pravandha Málá. A Garland of Essays.	Ditto ...	ditto ...	25th „ ...	ditto ...	6th „
1374	Jyámiti Pravesh. Introduction to Geometry. Book I.	Printed and published at 46, Panchánantalá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Sányál & Co.	1890. 10th Mar. ...	Shrináth Bhattácháryya, 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	10th „
1375	Brihat Dhárápát. Arithmetical Tables. (Large)	Printed and published at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta.	ditto ...	1892. 18th June ...	ditto ...	10th „
1376	Vyákaran Manjushá. A Bengali Grammar.	Printed at 26, Scott's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Mymensingh.	Printed by Sányál & Co., and published by Shrináth Bhattácháryya.	1888. 5th April ...	ditto ...	10th „
1377	Mánasánka O Shubhankari. Mental Arithmetic and Shubhankar's System of Calculation.	Printed and published at 46, Panchánantalá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Sányál & Co., and published by Bhárat Chandra Sarkár.	1892. 24th Feb. ...	ditto ...	10th „
1378	Shikshá Vidyá Prakásh. The Art of Teaching.	Printed at 75, Cotton Street, and published at 10, Hánspukur Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Rám Náráyan Pál, and published by Vishva Náth Dube.	1893. 4th Mar. ...	Braja Mohan Misser, 10, Hanspukur Lane, Calcutta.	13th „
1379	Basanta Latá. The Spring Creeper.	Printed at 72, Kálí Prasád Datta's, Street, and published at 5, Shrináth Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Láhá Brothers, and published by Cháru Chandra Jyotishi Bhattácháryya.	20th Feb. ...	Cháru Chandra Jyotishi, Bhattácháryya, 5, Shrináth Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	14th „
1380	Girish Granthávalí. The Complete Works of Babu Girish Chandra Ghosh. Part II.	Printed and published at 101, Musjidbári Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopál Chandra Kar, and published by Atul Krishna Ghosh.	......	Atul Krishna Ghosh.	17th March.
1381	Hints on Letter Writing	Printed at 108, Báránasi Ghosh' Street, Calcutta and published at 47, Mahájanitolá Lane, Allahabad.	Printed by N. C. Pál, and published by B. P. Kapoor.	1893. 24th March ...	M. Dunn, M.A., Empress Road, Lahore.	28th „
1382	Mad Khão Nesá Chhutibená. Drink, the Intoxication will not pass off.	Printed at 24, Girish Vidyáratna's Lane, and published at 225, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by S. B. Bhattácháryya and published by Amrita Náth Chakravartí.	March ...	Priya Náth Chakravartí, 225, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	17th April.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	The title of the book, and the contents of the title-page, with a translation into English of such title or contents when the same are not in the English language.	The place of printing and the place of publication.	The name or firm of the printer, and the name or firm of the publisher.	The date of issue from the press, or of publication.	The name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright, or of any portion of such copyright.	The date on which the entry was registered.
				1893.		1893.
1383	Sánubád Arka Prakásh A Treatise on *Arka* or Extracts of Drugs with a Translation.	Printed at 1, Nimu Gosáin's Lane, and published at 21, Garanhátá Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mákhan Lál Ghosh, and published by Ganesh Chandra Ghosh.	9th April ...	Ganesh Chandra Ghosh, 1, Garanhátá Street, Calcutta.	19th April.
1384	Bálak Bodh. A Bengali Reader.	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 7, New China Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Náth Síl, and published by Macmillan & Co.	1st March ...	John A. Stagg, 21, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.	28th „
1385	Sipáhi Juddher Itihás. History of the Sepoy War. Part II.	Printed at 46, Bechu Chatterji's Street, and published at 201, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Jadu Nath Sil, and published by Gurudás Chatterji.	27th April ...	Rajani Kanta Gupta, 28-2, Akhil Mistri's Lane, Calcutta.	4th May.
1386	Kanya eban Putrotpádiká Shaktir Mánavechchhádhínatá. Controlling Sex in Generation.	Printed at the Kohinur Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahendra Lál Pátra, and published by Nanda Lál Dás.	20th Feb. ...	Ramá Náth Mitra, 263, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	1st „
1387	Wall Map of Asia ...	Printed and published at 33, Jeliatola Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rajendra Náth Dhar.	10th April ...	Devendra Náth Dhar, 33, Jeliátolá Street, Calcutta.	11th „
1388	Jnán O Dharmer Unnati. Advance in Knowledge and Religion.	Printed and published at the Adi Brahmo Samaj Press, 55, Upper Chitpur Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by K. D. Chakravartí.	9th May ...	Kshitíndra Náth Tagore, 6, Dváraká Náth Tagore's Lane, Calcutta.	......
1389	Byáyám Sopán. A Treatise on Gymnastics.	Printed at 49, Phear Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Hárán Chandra Dás, and published by Rám Charan Sen.	18th April ...	Rám Charan Sen	12th May.
1390	Charita Málá. A Biographical Reader.	Printed at 2, Nawabdi Ostágar's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Ashutosh Banerji.	21st May ...	Shambhu Chandra Vidyáratna, Nawábdi Ostágar's Lane, Calcutta.	23rd „
1391	Vásudev Vijayam. The Conquests of Vásudev (Krishna).	Printed at 40, Guru Prasád Chaudhuri's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by K. K. Chakravartí, and published by Devendra Náth Bhanja.	......	Pandit Rám Náth Tarkaratna.	19th „
1392	Nava Dhárápát. New Arithmetical Tables.	Printed at 28, Convent Road, Entali, and published at 63, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Dváraká Náth Nandan, and published by M. M. Mazumdár.	24th May ...	P. Ghosh, 28, Convent Road, Entali.	......
1393	Holi Vilás Natak. A drama on the *Holi* sports of Krishna.	Printed and published at the Náráyan Press, Mozufferpore.	Printed and published by Prayág Dás.	5th March...	Rájbans Sahái Matihári.	......
1394	Pancháyet o Chaukidári Gáid. The Panchayet and Chaukidars' Guide.	Printed and published at Tangail.	Printed by Naimuddin Bishvás, and published by Umesh Chandra Mallik.	13th June ..	Chandi Charan Ghosh, Hashra, and Gopál Chandra Mazumdár, Balianam, district Dacca.	......

The Catalogue of Books received in the Bengal Library during the Second Quarter ending 30th June 1893, contains the following :—

No.	Language.	Books. Non-educational.	Books. Educational.	Total.
	Uni-linguals.			
1	Assamese	1	4	5
2	Bengali	110	93	203
3	English	27	36	63
4	Hindi	11	12	23
5	Lepchá	1	......	1
6	Manipuri	1	......	1
7	Musalmani-Bengali	3	......	3
8	Nágá	......	1	1
9	Sanskrit	15	4	19
10	Urdu	2	......	2
11	Uriya	8	6	14
	Total Uni-linguals ...	179	156	335
	Bi-linguals.			
1	Assamese and English	1	......	1
2	Bengali and English	1	10	11
3	Bengali and Hindi	1	......	1
4	Bengali and Páli	2	......	2
5	Bengali and Sanskrit	28	2	30
6	English and Hindi	2	......	2
7	English and Sanskrit...	2	1	3
8	Hindi and Sanskrit	2	......	2
9	Sanskrit and Uriya	2	......	2
	Total Bi-linguals ...	41	13	54
	Tri-linguals.			
1	Bengali, English and Hindi	2	......	2
2	Bengali, English, and Sanskrit	1	5	6
	Total Tri-linguals ...	3	5	8
	Quadri-linguals.			
1	English, Hindi, Persian, and Sanskrit	1	......	1
	Total Quadri-linguals ...	1	......	1
	Uni-lingual Periodicals.			
1	Assamese Periodicals	3	......	3
2	Bengali ditto	77	......	77
3	English ditto	43	......	43
4	Hindi ditto	10	......	10
5	Sanskrit ditto	4	......	4
	Total Uni-lingual Periodicals ...	137	......	137
	Bi-lingual Periodicals.			
1	Bengali and English Periodicals	1	......	1
2	Bengali and Sanskrit Periodicals...	4	......	4
	Total Bi-lingual Periodicals ...	5	......	5
	Grand Total of Books, &c., &c. ...	366	174	540

HARAPRASAD SHASTRI,

Librarian of the Bengal Library and Keeper of the Catalogue of Books under Section XVIII, Act XXV of 1867.

Calcutta,
The 15th August 1893.